ORIGINAL

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

In the matter of Amendments to Court Rules regarding attorney discipline, specifically, SCR 102, 103, 104, 105, 105.5, 110, 111, 113, 116, and 117.

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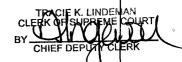
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FILED

ADKT NO.: 0506

AUG 1 0 2015



SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF BY THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS, STATE BAR OF NEVADA.

On March 16, 2015, the State Bar Board of Governors ("Board") filed a petition to amend Nevada's Supreme Court Rules regarding attorney discipline. On July 1, 2015, at the public hearing, the Supreme Court directed the Board to supplement its Petition with a survey of the demographic make-up of the members of the Northern and Southern Nevada Disciplinary Boards, along with any other information the Board felt pertinent for the Court's consideration.

I. NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN NEVADA DISCIPLINARY BOARDS.

Attached as Exhibit A is a list of the current members of the Northern and Southern Nevada Disciplinary Boards. This includes an additional 19 members added to the Southern Board at the Board of Governor's Annual Meeting. Also included is a breakdown of the demographics of the membership of the disciplinary boards based on a survey of the membership recently conducted by the State Bar, attached as Exhibit B.

The significance of any demographic imbalances should be analyzed within the context of the voluntary nature of membership on a disciplinary board.

The disciplinary board members begins only upon the submission of

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a statement of interest by a member of the Nevada Bar for consideration following a solicitation for applications sent to the Bar as a whole. The State Bar does not ask for or consider any of the demographic factors used in the recent survey. The only inquiry made is a review of the disciplinary history of each of the interested members. The recommendations are then submitted to the Board of Governors for their approval.

The survey results suggests a demographic breakdown that is consistent with the demographics of the overall Bar. 70% of the State Bar is male with an average age of 45.9 and 13.4 years of experience. 76% of the State Bar describes their practice setting as "private practice." The disciplinary boards, by comparison, are 74% male with a median age of approximately 45 years and 19 years of experience. 74% of the disciplinary board members describe their practice settings "private practice." A comparison by ethnicity was not made as such data for the overall Bar is not available.

II. ADDITIONAL ISSUES FOR THE COURT'S CONSIDERATION.

A. Incorporating the ABA Standards into Discipline Record.

Some of the significant proposed changes involve reducing the size of hearings panel from five to three members as well as reducing the number of members that must concur, from 4-1 to 3-2 (or 2-1 if the size of the panel is reduced). In addition, ADKT 0505 proposes that the Supreme Court give greater deference to factual findings while maintaining de novo review of legal conclusions and recommended sanctions.

The Court has expressed concern with the adequacy of the findings it must review to ensure imposing appropriate and consistent discipline. Specifically, the Court has directed that the Panels better delineate in the Findings and Recommendations the analysis employed under the ABA Standards for Imposing Lawyer Sanction, which the Court utilized in *In the Matter of Discipline of Glen Lerner*, 124 Nev. 1232, 197 P.3d 1067 (2008).¹

1. Disciplinary board training in ABA Standards.

The State Bar has scheduled training programs in August 2015 for all Disciplinary Board members specifically directed at applying the methodology and criteria in the ABA Standards to discipline cases. A point of emphasis will be the discussion of evidence of the offending attorney's state of mind in committing the misconduct and how aggravating and mitigating factors were weighed by the panel. In addition, the Office of Bar Counsel (OBC) has instructed all bar counsel to make specific recommendations for an appropriate sanction and to implement arguments and presentations that directly address how the ABA Standards should be used as guidance in the deliberations of the panel.

2. Rule change regarding content of panel findings.

At Annual Meeting, the Board reviewed a proposed change to Rule 39 of the Disciplinary Rules of Procedure that would set forth the application of the ABA Standards and define what should be required in Hearing Panel findings. A copy of this proposed rule change is attached as Exhibit C.

Additionally, OBC has developed a template that contains an outline of the type of information needed in the findings. This would be used by a panel chair to fashion a more appropriate findings or guide the drafting of the findings by one of the parties, if so directed by the Chair. During the training sessions,

¹In 2007, the Supreme Court previously adopted verbatim Standards 9.1 − 9.4 (Aggravating and Mitigating factors, codified as SCR 102.5.)

OBC will elicit feedback from the Disciplinary Board members and present the final rule and template to the Board for approval in September.

B. Letters of Caution.

Issues were raised during public comment concerning the frequency of the imposition of letters of caution on younger attorneys and with the long-term effect of these letters. While letters of caution are defined as a type of discipline, see SCR 102(8), significant differences exist with respect to the treatment of a letter of caution as compared to other forms of discipline. For example, SCR 102(8) provides "[a] letter of caution may not be used as an aggravating factor in any subsequent disciplinary proceeding."

Letters of caution primarily are imposed by a screening panel following investigation by bar counsel. See SCR 105(1)(a). Because no formal complaint is filed on a case that has been dismissed with the issuance of a letter of caution, the disciplinary record becomes public upon the conclusion of the screening panel proceedings. See SCR 121(2).

Letters of caution issued by a screening panel are expunged after three years pursuant to SCR 121(14). After a file has been expunged, the State Bar is obligated to respond to any inquiry about that letter of caution by stating "there is no record of such matter." *Id.* The potential effect of a letter of caution is therefore limited to the three period following issuance of such letter.

A review of screening panel proceedings over the past eighteen months indicate 4 attorneys in practice less than five years were issued a letter of caution out of a total of 106 reported cases. All of the cases involving younger attorneys included multiple grievances and other factors that contributed to the imposition of discipline. The average years of practice for attorneys receiving a letter of

caution as a sole form of discipline from a screening panel during the period of this survey is 15.5 years. Respectfully submitted this 3rd day of August 2015. STATE BAR OF NEVADA **BOARD OF GOVERNORS** LAURENCE PETER DIGESTI, President Nevada Bar No. 88 State Bar of Nevada 3100 W. Charleston Blvd., Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89102 (702) 382-2200

EXHIBIT A

SOUTHERN NEVADA DISCIPLINARY BOARD

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Alex L. Fugazzi, Esq.

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Robert A. Goldstein, Esq.

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Harvey Gruber, Esq.

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Parish Heshmati, Esq.

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Lary G. Lamoreux, Esq.

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Richard L. Litt, Esq.

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Michael Lee, Esq.

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Jason Maier, Esq.

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Oliver Pancheri, Esq.

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Gary Pulliam, Esq.

Paul "Luke" Puschnig, Esq.

Zachary E. Redman, Esq.

Miriam Rodriguez, Esq.

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Africa A. Sanchez, Esq.

Jen J. Sarafina, Esq.

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Clark Seegmiller, Esq.

Thomas R. Sheets

Jeffrey G. Sloane, Esq.

Frank A. Toddre II, Esq.

Villani, Jacob, Esq.

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Moreen Scully, Esq. Matthew Sharp, Esq. Clark V. Vellis, Esq. Richard Williamson, Esq.

LAYMEMBERS

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Steve Boucher
Brian Duffrin
Devon Feher
George Furman
Frank Gallagher
Lisa J. Hedaria
Thomas Kelly
Rick Lund
Timothy Meade
Karen Pearl
Jodi Travis
Sam Robnett
Carolyn Vaught
John White

EXHIBIT B

SURVEY RESULTS

Responses Received:

Total Members:

Northern Board	37	55
Southern Board	57	99
Attorney Members	68	120
Lay Members	26	34
Total:	94	154

1. GENDER

		Responses	
Male		69	74%
Female		24	26%
	Total	93	100%

2. AGE

		Responses	
Under 35 years of age		4	4%
35-44 years of age		22	23%
45-54 years of age		20	21%
55-64 years of age		28	30%
65 years of age or older	,	20	21%
	Total	94	

3. RACE/ETHNICITY

	Responses	
Caucasian	81	87%
Hispanic	4	4%
Asian/Pacific Islander	4	4%
African American	1	1%
Native American	1	1%
Other	4	4%
Total	93	

4. LENGTH OF TIME LICENSED TO PRACTICE LAW

		Responses	
Under 4 years		1	1%
4-9 years		14	21%
10-19 years		18	26%
20-29 years		20	29%
30 years or longer		15	22%
	Total	67	

5. SIZE OF FIRM/ORGANIZATION

	*	Responses	
Solo		18	27%
2-4 attorneys		15	23%
5-14 attorneys		19	29%
15 attorneys or more		14	21%
	Total	- 66	

6. PRACTICE SETTING

		Responses	1
Private Practice		50	74%
Government		8	12%
Corporate/In House		6	9%
Retired		2	3%
Judiciary		1	1%
Private Trials/Arbitration/Mediation		1	1%
	Total	68	

7. FIELD OF PRACTICE

	Responses	
General Civil (defense)	21	31%
General Civil (plaintiff)	16	24%
General Practice	14	21%
Personal Injury	13	19%
Construction Litigation	8	12%
Criminal (defense)	8	12%
Family Law	7	10%
Insurance Defense	7	10%
Transactional	6	9%
Bankruptcy	5	7%
Criminal (prosecution)	4	6%
Estate Planning/Probate/Wills & Trusts	3	4%
Labor & Employment Law	3	4%
Other	14	21%

8. LOCATION OF PRACTICE

		Responses	
Clark County		41	60%
Washoe County		23	34%
Rural Counties		4	6%
Carson City		0	0%
	Total	68	

EXHIBIT C

PROPOSED CHANGE TO DISCIPLINARY RULES OF PROCEDURE

Delete Rule 39 and substitute as follows:

Rule 39. Panel Decision.

- (a) Rendering of decision. The hearing panel shall render a written decision within thirty (30) days of the conclusion of the hearing, unless post-hearing briefs are allowed by the panel or ordered by the chair pursuant to a request from either party, in which event the decision shall be rendered within sixty (60) days of the conclusion of the hearing. A decision to impose or recommend discipline as defined in SCR 102 by a five-member panel requires the concurrence of four (4) members of the panel. A decision to impose discipline by consent pursuant to SCR 113 by a three-member panel as set forth in DRP 5 requires the concurrence of two (2) members of the panel.
- (b) Contents of decision. The decision shall be signed by the panel chair and include findings of fact; conclusions of law; statement of rule violations for each count; findings of aggravating and mitigating factors as set forth in SCR 102.5; and recommended discipline including terms of probation or conditions, if applicable. The written decision is to include such analysis as is necessary to support the recommended discipline based upon the duty violated, the lawyer's mental state, the potential or actual injury caused by the lawyer's misconduct, and the applicable aggravating or mitigating factors as provided in the American Bar Association Standards for Imposing Lawyer Sanctions.
- (c) Preparation of decision. The panel chair may request proposed findings be prepared by one of the parties at the discretion of the panel chair. In the event proposed findings are to be prepared by one of the parties, a post-hearing conference shall be held, in person or by telephone, between the chair and the parties to discuss any matters reasonably necessary to assist in the preparation of the written decision in conformance with the standards set forth in this rule.
- (d) Filing and service. The decision shall be filed with bar counsel's office and served pursuant to SCR 109(1).