IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA SEE Case 2:23-cv-00031-RFB-DJA Document 17 Filed 03/29/23 Page 1 of 69

84281, 84478, 85353 and Case No (857) Case Number 84886 79408, 84885, 85351 THIS IS ALSO A CONTINUED CHIPPES MOTION TO REINSTATE BY CASE OF REV. MATTHEW TRAVIS HOUSTON, CHTD [print name above] ABA Nº 04662784 2 80562, 80562-COA 84417, 84418, 84477, 84887, 86041, 86080, and 86103: MIGH DESERT STATE PRISON 3 [name of prison, jail or other detention facility] 4 1210652 [booking number at prison, jail or other detention facility] 5 22010 Cold Creek Road PO BOX 650 6 [street address or P.O. Box] 7 Indian Springs, NV 89070-0650 8 [city, state, and zip code] 9 Appearing Pro Se MULTIJURISDICTIONAL AND MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION 10 ALSO IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. 11 FOR THE DISTRICTS OF NEVADA, COLORADO, AND IOWA: 12 13 No. 2:23-ev-00031-RFB-DJA MATTHEW TRAVIS HOUSTON. 14 [print name] [Write in case number, if you have one. If you are mailing 15 this to the court with a new petition and do not have a case Petitioner, number, leave this blank for court clerk to fill in] MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE ANSWERING BRIEF (S), REQUEST FOR APPOINTMENT OF 16 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 17 MUARDEN JEREMY BEAN!) WARDEN BRIAN WILLIAMS; COUNSEL IN A HABEAS CORPUS CASE, CONTINUED RESPONSE TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, AND MOTION 18 [warden of facility in which you are incarcerated] NEVADA ATTORNEY GENERAL AARON D. FORD) FOR RECONSIDERAMON IN ALL CASES, 19 BRIAN P. CLARK-Respondent(s) SPECIFICALLY 23-09933 20 Introduction - SEE NRAP 31(b)(3)(B), NRAP 3C, AND NRAP 27E 21 Petitioner Matthew Travis Houston [print name] hereby respectfully 22 requests that the Court appoint counsel to represent him/her in this matter. 23 Habeas corpus proceedings "are of fundamental importance . . . in our constitutional scheme 24 because they directly protect our most valued rights." Brown v. Vasquez, 952 F.2d 1164, 1169 (9th Cir. 25 1991) (quoting Bounds v. Smith, 430 U.S. 817, 827 (1977)) (citations and internal quotations omitted). 26 Consequently, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(a)(2)(B), this Court has the authority to appoint counsel to 27

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assist an indigent Petitioner if the interests of justice so require. In the present case, Petitioner does not have the financial resources to retain counsel. See Application to Proceed Without Prepayment of Fees and Affidavit (In Forma Pauperis). Rule 8(c) of the Habeas Rules makes clear that district judges have the discretion to order "the appointment of counsel under [the Criminal Justice Act] at any stage of the proceeding."

In deciding whether to appoint counsel, this Court must "evaluate [1] the likelihood of success on the merits as well as [2] the ability of the petitioner to articulate his claims pro se in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved." *Weygandt v. Look*, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983); *accord Rand v. Rowland*, 113 F.3d 1520, 1525 (9th Cir. 1997). As discussed at length in one treatise, the courts generally have endorsed the appointment of counsel to represent indigent and legally unsophisticated prisoners in the following types of non-capital cases:

- (1) Cases that turn on substantial and complex procedural, legal or mixed legal and factual questions (e.g., the fair composition of grand and petit juries, the voluntariness of confessions, and the effective assistance of counsel).
- (2) Cases involving uneducated or mentally or physically impaired petitioners.
- (3) Cases likely to require the assistance of experts either in framing or in trying the claims.
- (4) Cases in which "the indigent is in no position to investigate crucial facts."
- (5) Factually complex cases, e.g., ones involving "conflicting testimony," in which the truth is more likely to "be exposed where both sides are represented by those trained in the presentation of evidence."

1 R. Hertz & J. Liebman, Federal Habeas Corpus Practice and Procedure, § 12.3 (5th ed. 2005) (internal quotations and citations omitted, numbering altered).

In addition, appointment of counsel is mandatory for indigent noncapital petitioners (a) when counsel is "'necessary for effective [use of the] discovery" procedures¹ and (b) pursuant to Habeas Rule 8(c), if the district court determines that "an evidentiary hearing is warranted."²

As set forth below, appointment of counsel is appropriate in this case.

--- Who-among as would then be content with the counsels of patience and delay?

¹ Rule 6(a) of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts.

² Rule 8(c) of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts.

STATEMENT OF FACTS: After being kidnapped from his 2 home in Jowa, On July 14. 2021. MATTHEW TRAVIS HOUSTON (hereinafter "Petitioner-Appellant")

uas abducted from his hotel room at the Best Western located at 3041

St Rose Parkway in Henderson. Nevada, as he was not served with any sort of summons or Warrant, nor was told or read that he had any kind of rights. This false arrest prevented Petitioner-Appellant from attending his appointment the very next day at Nevada Retina Specialists, with Dr. Tyson Ward on July 15, 2021, while this continued imprisonment of his person also prevented him from attending his medical disability valing in Reno. Nevada, on August 15, 2021, with Dr. Owagleri. Both appointments of which had been scheduled by the abductors, SEDEWILKS Dianne Ferrante, and her

alleged supervisor. Rosemarie McMorris-Alexander, as was the booking of his room.

The Petitioner-Appellant's attempt at release from CCDC was intended so that he could search for, and hopefully, retrieve his service animals. However, the now-dismissed counsel, J. Wood and Benard Little, provided misinformation regarding the lack of a directly related "City Jail"

Letainer Hold. Counsel had told Petitioner-Appellant, all the while coercing his client into a patential release from custody, that he did not see a detainer hold - when, in fact, there was. This coercion of the client by his previous representation created a second double-jeopardy-

in LAB VEGAS MUNICIPAL COLIRT #1248384A + "C1237802A; with the first being by J. Wood in the EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT Z1-CR-D19840 + Z1-CR-D35713. Mr. Houston had no contactor

19 the EIGHTH EUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 21-CR-D19840 + 21-CR-055713. Mr. Houston had no cont 20.A. Goldstein. These traumatic events are a cruel and unusual pixiishment being inflicted upon an abused

21 and imprent man, who was forced into an involuntary relocation, with unnecessary hardships
22 rousing the eviction of his law office located at 435 South Linn Street #927, in I owa
23 City. Inwa (52240), \$36.5 million of property damage and the destruction of his K-9(5).

Due to crimes both civil and crimital. Not to mention the willful omissions of Rosemarie McMorris-A example and Dianne Ferronte. SEDGWILLK and the prosecutions must unlawful use of overreating tactics In their exploitation of the innocent man has put the Petitioner-Appellant into an unmanageable state of duress, homelessness, and extensive incorrectation. Also involved in the collusion against Motthew Travis Houston from his home in the State of Jawa were Desendant(s)-Respondents) not limited to Jonathan Shockley, Jason Lewis and Redenta Blacic.

1 2	Not at any time did Mr. Houston commit any sort of acts of aggressive behavior / harassment / aggnivated stalking against his accusors or anybody else, and is in fact the victim in this case. The Supreme Court of Nevada has authority to appoint counsel to prevent any further manifest injustice in this case: POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
3	NRS 34.750 Appointment of Counsel for indigents; pleading supplemental to petition;
4	response to dismiss.
5	"If the Court is satisfied that the allegation of indigency is true and the petition is not
6	dismissed summarily, the Court may appoint counsel to represent the petitioner."
7	NRS 171.188 Procedure for appointment of attorney for indigent defendant.
8	"Any defendant charged with a public offense who is an indigent may, be oral statement to the
9	District Judge, justice of peace, municipal judge or master, request the appointment of an attorney to
0	represent him."
1	NRS 178,397 Assignment of counsel.
2	"Every defendant accused of a gross misdemeanor or felony who is financially unable
3	to obtain counsel is entitled to have counsel assigned to represent him at every stage of the
4	proceedings from his initial appearance before a magistrate or the court through appeal, unless he
5	waives such appointment."
6	WHEREFORE, petitioner prays the Court will grant his motion for appointment of counsel to
7	allow him the assistance that is needed to insure that justice is served. This Court has the authority
8	pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3006/(a)(2)(B) to benefit judicial expedience and economy.
9	Dated this 19 day of March, 2023.
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21	Respectfully submitted,
22	REVIAL TUNO VELSTA
23	REV. MATTHEW TRAVIS HOUSTON, CHTD AMERICAN BOUR ASSOCIATION Member
24	ABA Nº 04662784
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carson Caty, NV 29701 Matthew Travis Houston, DOP# 1210652 22010 Cold Creek Road PLAINTIFF / FETITIONER -- In Proper Person ABA Member No. 04662784 5