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1	IN THE SUPREME COU	RT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA					
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4	JOSEPH ALEXANDER HENDERSON,	) NO. 52573					
5	Appellant,	) E-File					
6	vs.	) Floatronically Filed					
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	Electronically Filed Jul 30 2009 01:37 p.m.					
8		Tracie K. Lindeman					
9	Respondent.						
10	ADDELLAN	TC DEDI V DDIEF					
11	APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF						
12	(Appeal from J	Judgment of Conviction)					
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9	Respondent.	)					
10		_)					
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#### 1 IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 2 3 4 JOSEPH ALEXANDER HENDERSON, NO. 52573 5 Appellant, E-File 6 VS. 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 Respondent. 9 10 APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF 11 **ARGUMENT** 12 13 WAS HENDERSON PREJUDICED GOVERNMENT'S CONSUMPTION OF THE DNA MATERIAL 14 RESULT, HE COULD NOT RETEST THE DNA MATERIAL TO SHOW INADEQUACY OF THE GOVERNMENT'S **CONCLUSIONS** 15 CONCERNING DNA EVIDENCE. 16 The Respondent argues that the bed sheet DNA was preserved, but the breast swab was 17 consumed. It was the breast swab that was the Defense's biggest concern as it was a DNA 18 mixture, whereas the bed sheet was not. It was the breast swab that needed to be retested. Not 19 20 being able to independently retest the breast swab prejudiced Mr. Henderson's ability to 21 meaningfully confront the evidence against him. 22 Also, the Respondent argues that the Defense did not state in the record where the 23 examination of the DNA was called into question. If the Defense did not challenge Murga's 24 finding adequately, then why did the State call another witness to vouch for her conclusions? 25 26 /// 27 /// 28 ///

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## II. AFTER DENYING THE DEFENSE MOTION TO DISMISS, THE COURT FAILED TO AFFORD MR. HENDERSON ALTERNATIVE RELIEF SOUGHT BY THE DEFENSE AND THEREBY VIOLATED HIS RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS.

The Respondent argues that the Defense did not call a DNA expert to testify that the swabs could have been exculpatory. This is a senseless argument. There were no DNA samples to independently test. The Defense certainly could not perform its own extraction to prove the evidence was exculpatory. The very reason a Sanborn instruction was needed was because not enough of a DNA sample had been preserved for the Defense to independently test. Failure to provide Mr. Henderson relief from this impossible situation violated his constitutionally protected right to due process.

# III. THE COURT ERRED WHEN IT DENIED THE DEFENSE MOTION IN LIMINE AND THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD HAVE BEEN PRECLUDED FROM ARGUING AND PRESENTING EVIDENCE THAT JOSEPH HENDERSON'S IDENTITY IS ASSUMED AS A RESULT OF THE DNA TESTING.

Issue III of Appellant's Opening Brief is hereby incorporated by reference as if set forth in full in reply to Respondent's Answering Brief.

### IV. MR. HENDERSON'S RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS WAS VIOLATED WHEN THE COURT DENIED DEFENSE MOTION FOR A MISTRIAL AFTER THE TESTIMONY OF KIM MURGA.

- A. Issue IV(A) of Appellant's Opening Brief is hereby incorporated by reference as if set forth in full in reply to Respondent's Answering Brief.
- B. The Respondent argues that none of Murga's notes could have been used to impeach her. Such an assumption can not be made when the Defense did not get a chance to have an expert look at the notes in order to evaluate if there was in fact potentially impeachment material in the notes. (During trial was the first that the Defense was aware of the notes and the trial court would only grant a few minutes break for the Defense to review the notes. (App. 565)

Certainly, not time to have the notes reviewed by a Defense expert, thereby violating the spirit of discovery rules. (App. 568)

The Respondent's claim that everything in the notes was the same information as the evidence given at trial, is not accurate. There were calculations and other notations not part of the testimony or the reports of Welch or Guenther. (App. 568-9) That was the problem. The Defense could not decipher nor analyze the notes without expert assistance. (App. 568-9) When the trial court inquired, "how is this beneficial to your case, Mr. Reed, assuming that you did inquire if the witness about these notes", Defense counsel how to answer, "That's a good question. If I could ask my expert I might be able to answer that question. I can't. I don't know the answer to that question." (App. 569) The ability to mount an informed defense was compromised. Accordingly, Mr. Henderson's constitutional right to due process was violated and his conviction should be vacated.

C. Issue IV(C) of Appellant's Opening Brief is hereby incorporated by reference as if set forth in full in reply to Respondent's Answering Brief.

## V. MR. HENDERSON WAS DENIED A FAIR TRIAL WHEN THE JURY POOL WAS TAINTED BY THE FACT THAT THE DISTRICT COURT DENIED THE DEFENSE REQUEST NOT TO VOICE PEREMPTORY CHALLENGES IN OPEN COURT.

Respondent argues there was no showing of prejudice resulting from the trial court's denial of the Defense request not to voice peremptory challenges in open court. However, because the peremptory challenges were made in open court, any potential jurors that were questioned following each preempt could then tailor their answers to voir dire based on their perception(s) as to why any previously excused juror was dismissed. This affects the ability and willingness of potential juror to honestly respond to voir dire. (The practice advocated by this Court in <u>Foster</u> assures much more open and honest responses to voir dire by potential jurors.

and therefore a more fair trial for all the parties.) By allowing peremptory challenges in open court, the trial court denied Mr. Henderson a fair trial. **CONCLUSION** In light of the various errors associated with Mr. Henderson's trial, the judgment of conviction should be vacated. Respectfully submitted, PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER KEDRIC A. BASSETT, #4214 Deputy Public Defender 309 South Third Street, #226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2610 (702) 455-4685 

### CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

I hereby certify that I have read this appellate brief, and to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, it is not frivolous or interposed for any improper purpose. I further certify that this brief complies with all applicable Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, in particular NRAP 28(e), which requires every assertion in the brief regarding matters in the record to be supported by a reference to the page of the transcript or appendix where the matter relied on is to be found. I understand that I may be subject to sanctions in the event that the accompanying brief is not in conformity with the requirements of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure.

DATED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of July, 2009.

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### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I hereby certify that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on the 30th day of July, 2009. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows: CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO KEDRIC A. BASSETT STEVEN S. OWENS HOWARD S. BROOKS I further certify that I served a copy of this document by mailing a true and correct copy thereof, postage pre-paid, addressed to: JOSEPH ALEXANDER HENDERSON NDOC No. 67224 c/o Ely State Prison P.O. Box 1989 Ely, NV 89301 BYEmployee, Clark County Public Defender's Office