CASE NO. <u>C228755</u>

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CASE NO. (228755

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CASE NO. <u>C228 755</u>

	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
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CASE NO. <u>C288755</u>

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CASE NO. <u>C208</u> 755

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116. Photo	Willer	290 8 NO	10/11/01/08
117. "			
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124. Prone records of Sheila Quartes	80/17/08	Stil	10/17/08
125. Time Sheet of George Brass from Walmart	10/17/08	087 NO	10/17/08
126 photo	10/20/08	200	10/20/08
127 Aerial map	10/20/08	0	10/20/08
128. photo	10/20/08	NO	10/20/08
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131. Photo line up	10/20/08	T .	10/20/08
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133. (1	10/20/08	no.	10/20/08
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135. Miranda Rights Card	10/20/08		10/20/08
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STATE S EXHIBITS

CASE NO. <u>C228755</u>

	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
139- Large Color Photograph	10/21/08	No.	10/21/08
140 photograph	10/21/08	no	10/21/08
141 11	10/21/08	no Obj	10/21/08
142 11	10/21/08	no obj	10/21/08
173 photograph (Gonzales crime scene)	10/23/08	no	10/23/08
W 1/1/1 1 1 0 1	10/23/08	no.	10/23/08
\$ 145 11	10/23/08	no.	10/23/08
7 146 11	10/23/08	no,	10/23/08
147 11	10/23/08	no. Obj	10/23/08
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156 Judgment of Conviction - C109523 3 157 Judgment of Conviction - C109622	10/23	no	OCT 2 3 2109
3 157 Judgment of Conviction - C109622 E 158 Judgment of Conviction-C110585X	11	11	[1
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159- Large Color Photograph	17	Step	11
160-11	11	il	И











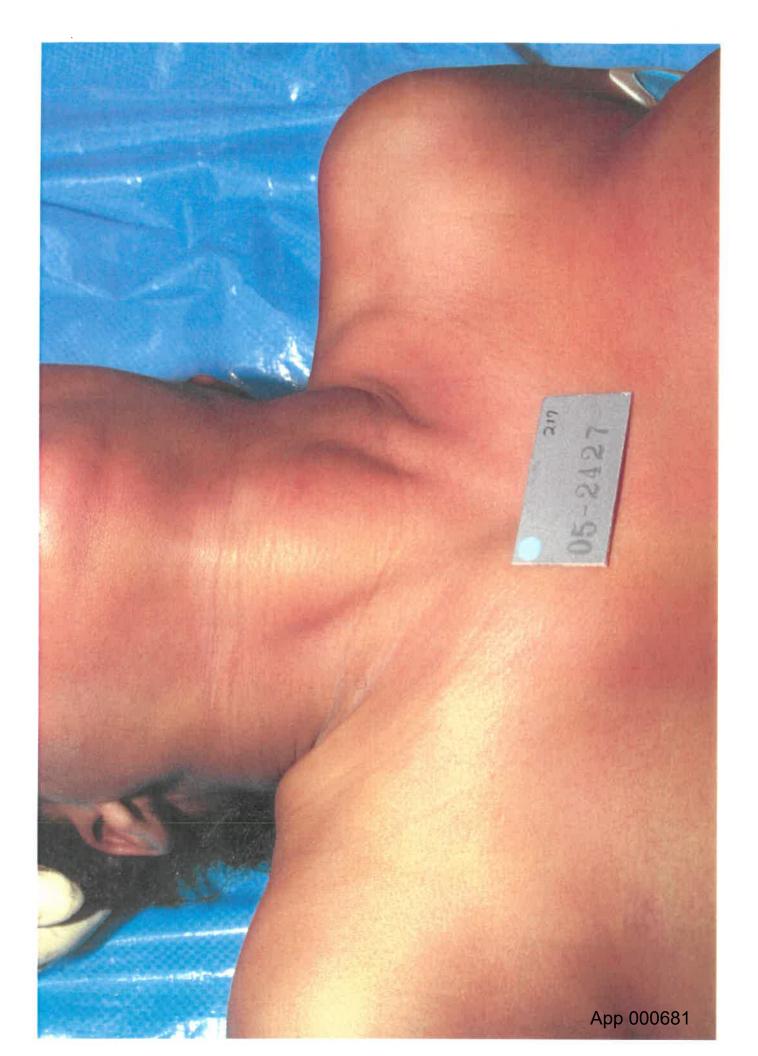




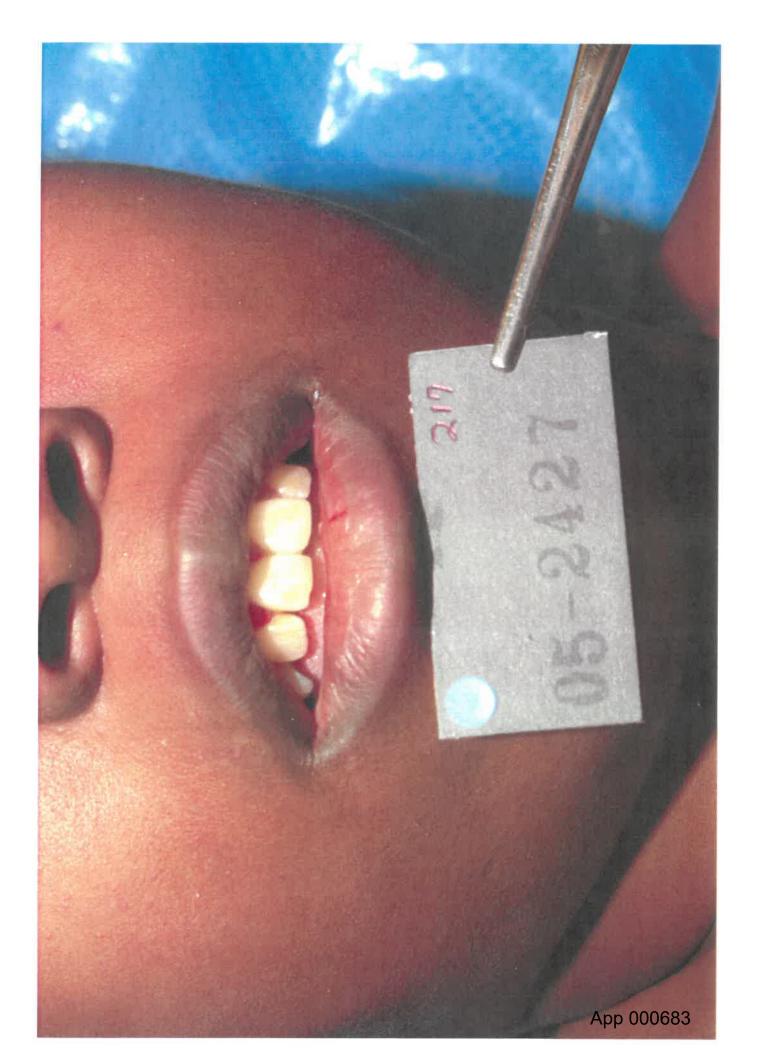




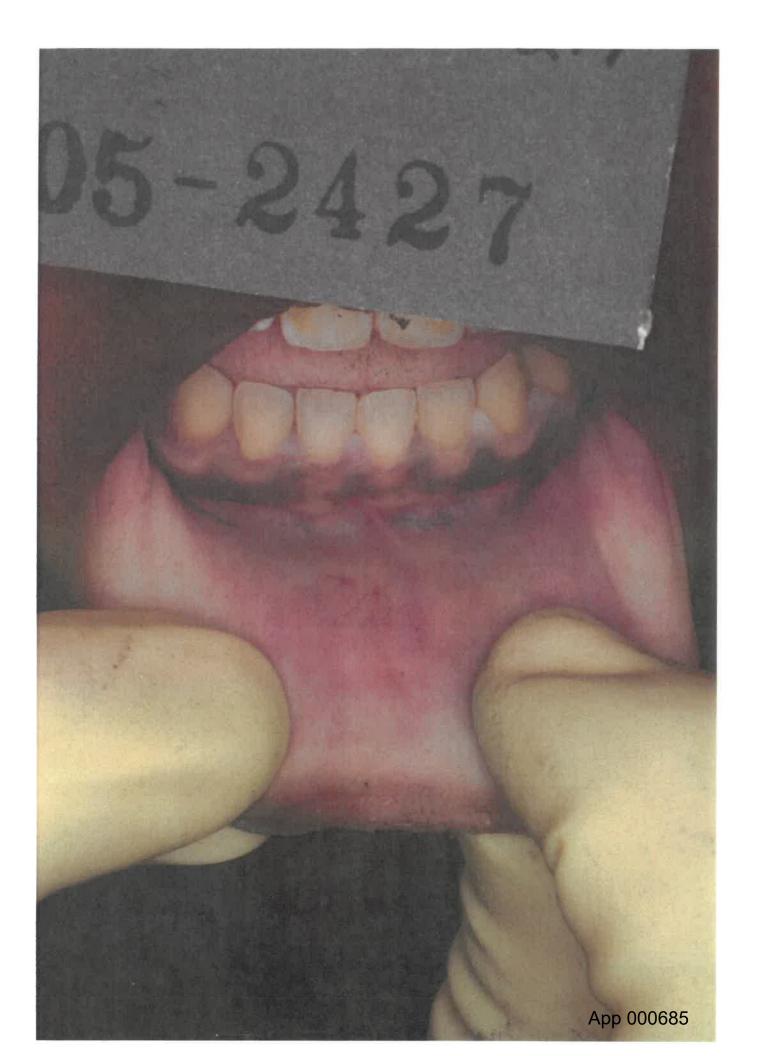










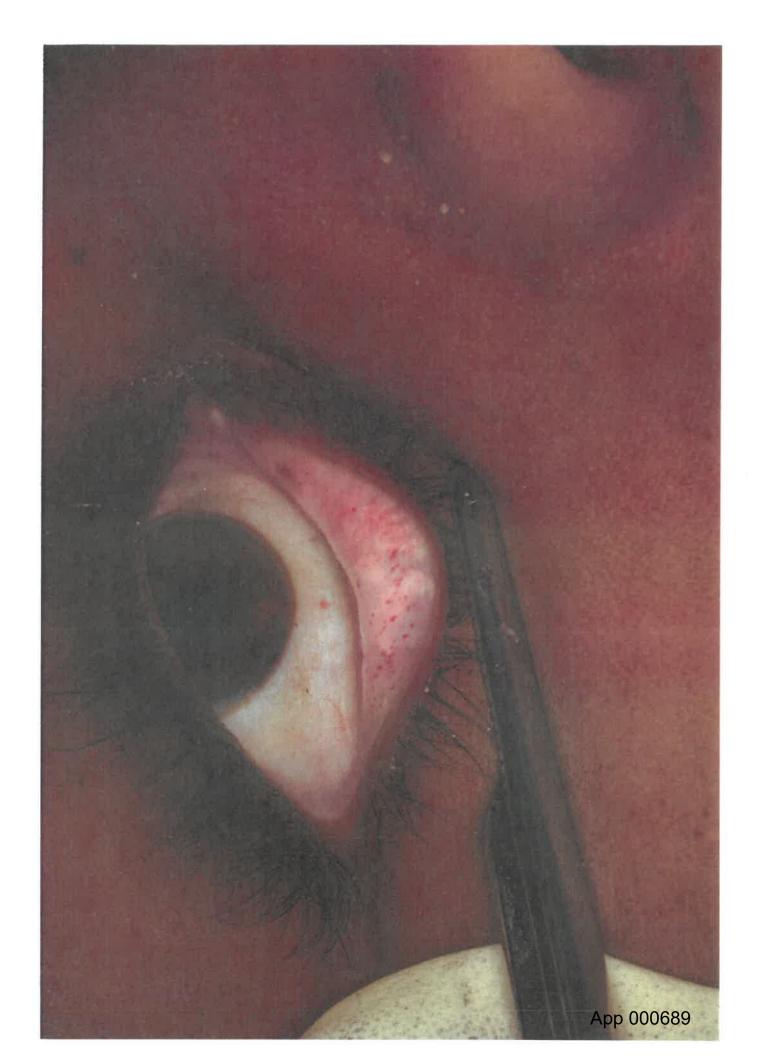






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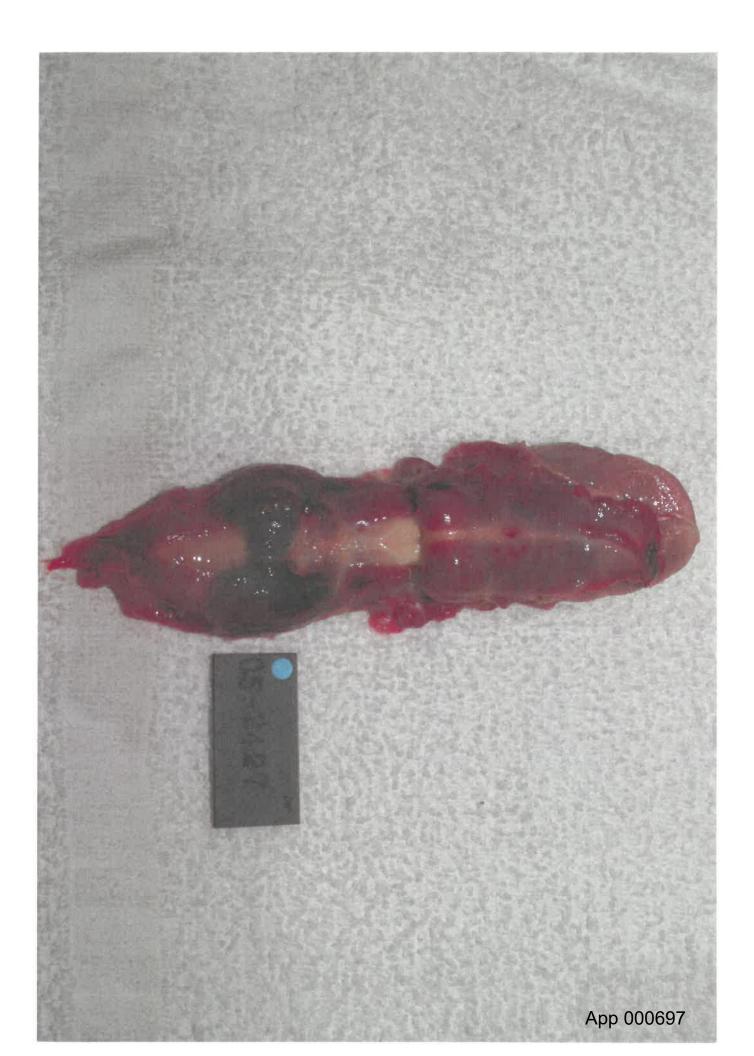




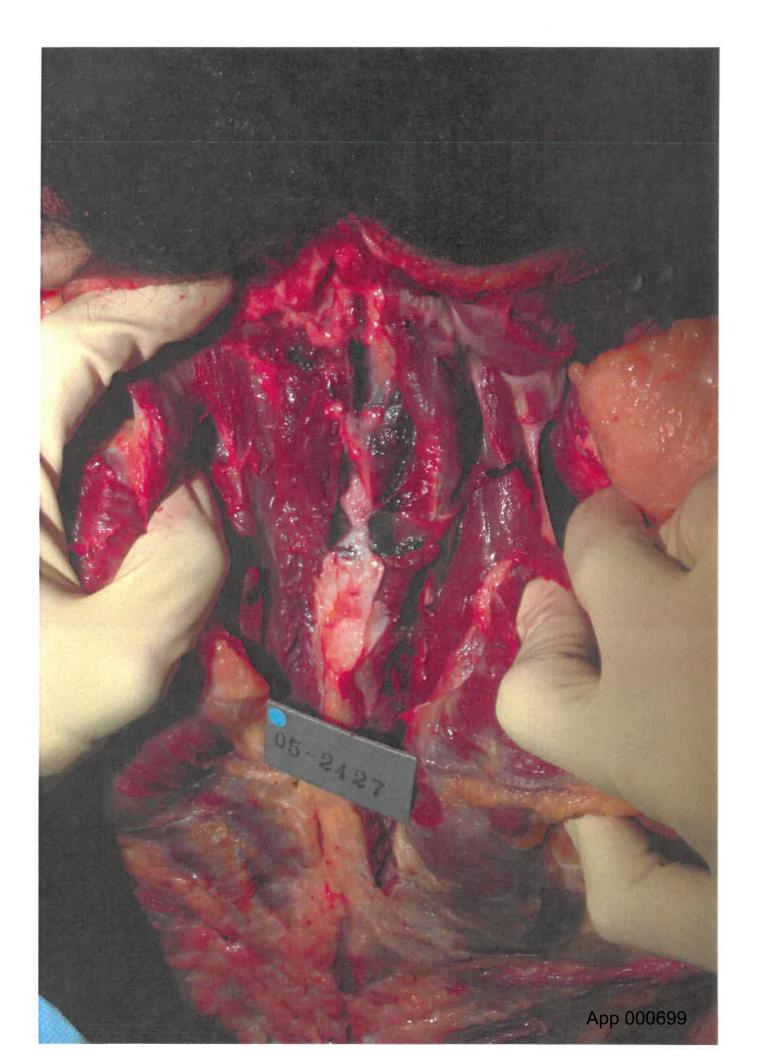


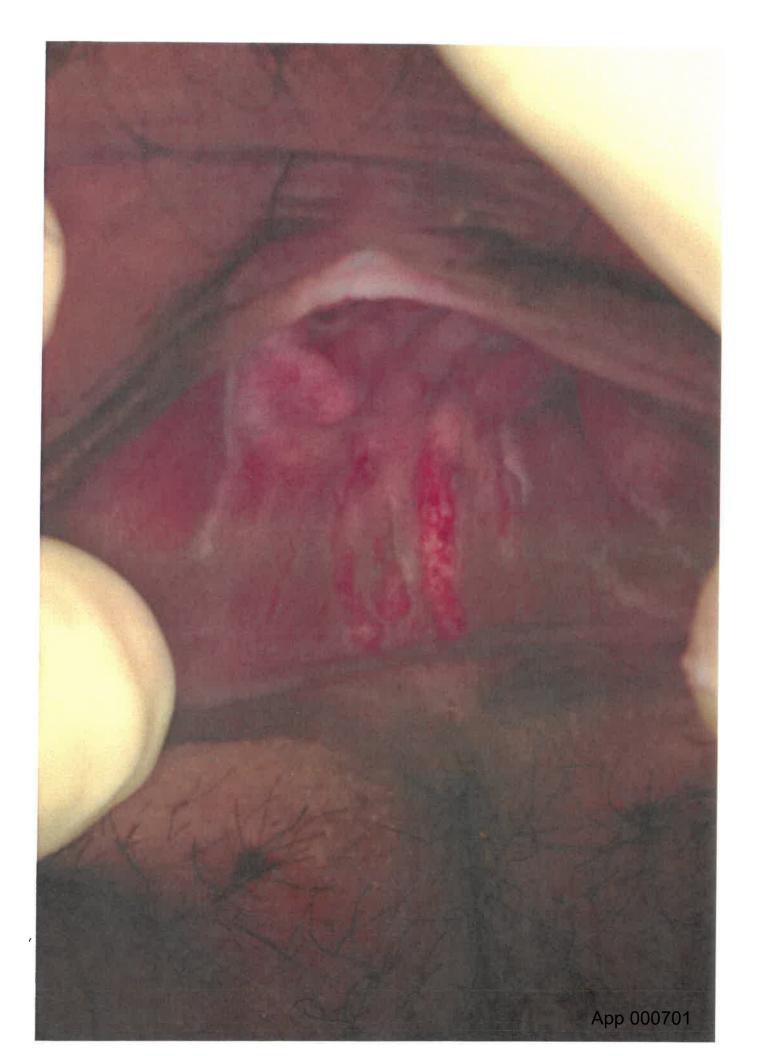
















CDUT'S EXHIBITS

CASE NO. _______ 8 755____

	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
1. Question - for witness lary Simms ATA	10/16/08		10/16/08
2 Jura Question for witness Debra Quartes	2014101		collulor
3. Surgiculation for witness vanertlewis	10/11/0/08		10/10/08
4. Luxx Question- for witness popult lewis	10/16/08		10/14/08
5 Jura Question-for witness James 1000000	10/10/00		10/14/08
Le. Surar Question- for witness James uncoard	Dho lor	/	10/16/08
7. note from victim advocate	10/10/08	/	10/16/08
8. Swor Question for lary Sinns	0/10/08		10/14/08
9. Surar Question for Charity Green At	10/17/08		10117/00
10 Liver Question for Danlong	10/17/08		10/17/08
11. Luror Question for Georgebrass	10/17/08		10/17/08
12. Juror Question for George Sherwood	10/20/08		10/20/08
	10/20/08	/	10/20/08
14 Junor Question for Kristina, Paulette	10/20/08		10/20/08
15. Juror Ruestion for Ralph Quartes	10/21/08	/	10/21/08
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NHD Report Settlement Administrator
P.O. Box 9301
Dublin, OH 43017-4201
Return Service Requested

NOTICE TO THOSE WHO PURCHASED A PROPERTY
I.D. NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE REPORT.

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RE/MAX, Century 21, or ERA Real Estate, and purchased a Property I.D. Natural Hazard Disclosure Report during the If you sold a home in California through Coldwell Banker, Prudential California Realty (in Southern California only),

specified dates, you could get a payment from a class action settlement.

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Defendants EXHIBITS

CASE NO. (208 755

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F. 'I			
G. Judgment Of Conviction-Anthony Culverson	2015/101	no OBS	Solution
H. Judgment of Conviction-Anthony Culverson	30/17/01	06) No	10117108
I. Child Detail Report-	10/20/08	OBJ	10/20/08
J- Voluntary Statement of Morman Kaith Flower	, ,		
	10/23	ng	OCT 2 3 23
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Defendant'S EXHIBITS

CASE NO. <u>C228755</u>

ANY	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
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Reported by: JoAnn Orduna, CCR No. 370

CASE NO. C228755

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

DEPT. NO. VII

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vs.

ORIGINAL OCT 22 9 00 AH '08

Reporter's Transcript

Volume 5

of Jury Trial

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

		7
1	I N D E X PAGE	
2		1
3	WITNESSES FOR THE DEFENSE:	i
4	WILLIAM KINSEY Direct Examination by Mr. Pike 6	
5		
6	WITNESSES FOR REBUTTAL	
7	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10	
8	Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16	
Ŭ	Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17	l
9	DAN LONG	İ
10	DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23	
11	Closs-Examination by Mr. Fike 23	
12	Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Mr. Patrick 62	
13	Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107	
14	EXHIBITS	
15		
16	STATE'S EXHIBIT MARKED OFFERED ADMITTED	
17	139 14 15 140-142 19 19	
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Į.	1	1	LAS VEGAS, CL COUNTY, NV, TUES, OCT 21, 2008
	1 CASE NO. C228755		
	2 DEPT. NO. VII	2	9:30 A.M.
	3		_
	4 DISTRICT COURT	3	-000-
	5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	4	PROCEEDINGS
	6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA,)	5	<u>r n u u e e u i n u s</u>
	Plaintiff,) 8 Paintiff,) Reporter's Transcript	6	THE COURT: Okay. Let's go on the record
	9 vs.) Jury Trial	7	in Case C228755, State of Nevada versus Norman Keith
ļ	10) Volume 5 NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,)	8	Flowers.
	11 aka NORMAN HAROLD } FLOWERS, III,)	9	Let the record reflect the presence
1	12 Defendant.) 13	10	of the defendant with his counsel, counsel for the
1	14	11	State, absence of the jury.
	15 BEFORE THE HON. STEWART BELL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	12	Any matters to come before the court
,	16 TUESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 2008	13	before the jury comes in? MR. PIKE: Yes, Your Honor. I submitted
	17 9:30 A.M.	15	to court a copy of the transcript or of the
	18	16	transcript of the recording of the statement of Mr.
	<pre>19 APPEARANCES: 20 For the State: Pamela Weckerly, Esq.</pre>	17	Flowers. It's not to go to the jury
	20 For the State: Pamela Weckerly, Esq. Elissa Luzaich, Esq. 21 Deputies District Attorney	18	THE COURT: All right.
		19	MR. PIKE: but it's in, pursuant to
	For the Defendant: Randall Pike, Esq. 23 Clark Patrick, Esq. Deputies Public Defender	20	the our conversation.
	24	21	THE COURT: For purposes of any argument
	25 Reported by: JoAnn Orduna, CCR No. 370	22	later, that's fine. We'll be glad to take that one
		23	instead of the other one.
		25	THE COURT: Anything else, Ms. Weckerly? MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor.
_	7 N D E V	+	4
1	<u>I N D E X</u> PAGE	1	THE COURT: Whenever they're ready, we're
2		2	ready.
3	WITNESSES FOR THE DEFENSE:	3	THE COURT: Wait a minute. He needs to
4	<u>WILLIAM KINSEY</u> Direct Examination by Mr. Pike 6	4	put on his tie.
5	on our examination by man ring	1	MS. GORD: Do you want to put him on the
1		5	113. GOND. DO YOU WAITE TO DUE IT IN OIL THE I
6	WITNESSES FOR REBUTTAL	5 6	stand or no?
6	RALPH QUARLES	1	,
7	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10	6	stand or no?
7 8	RALPH QUARLES	6	stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer.
7 8 9	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG	6 7 8	stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up.
7 8	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG	6 7 8 9	stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey?
7 8 9	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18	6 7 8 9	stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing?
7 8 9 10 11	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26	6 7 8 9 10 11	stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine.
7 8 9 10 11	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23	6 7 8 9 10 11	Stand or no? THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to
7 8 9 10 11 12	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Mr. Patrick 62 Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to ask you. And I don't think it's gonna take more
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 62 Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to ask you. And I don't think it's gonna take more than a couple of minutes.
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Mr. Patrick 62 Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107 EXHIBITS STATE'S EXHIBIT MARKED OFFERED ADMITTED 139 14 15	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to ask you. And I don't think it's gonna take more than a couple of minutes. You do what you want, but just keep yourself under control and we're good, okay.
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7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Mr. Patrick 62 Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107 EXHIBITS STATE'S EXHIBIT MARKED OFFERED ADMITTED 139 14 15	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to ask you. And I don't think it's gonna take more than a couple of minutes. You do what you want, but just keep yourself under control and we're good, okay. Anything you want to ask of me, any questions? Apparently you knew a woman named Sheila
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	RALPH QUARLES Direct Examination by Ms. Luzaich 10 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 16 Redirect Examination by Ms. Luzaich 17 DAN LONG Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly 18 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 23 Closing Argument by Ms. Luzaich 26 Closing Argument by Mr. Patrick 62 Rebuttal Argument by Ms. Weckerly 107 EXHIBITS STATE'S EXHIBIT MARKED OFFERED ADMITTED 139 14 15	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	THE COURT: That's up to the officer. Okay. Let's bring him in, let's put him up. Are you Mr. Kinsey? THE WITNESS: How are you doing? THE COURT: Okay. I'm doing fine. Apparently they've got a few questions they want to ask you. And I don't think it's gonna take more than a couple of minutes. You do what you want, but just keep yourself under control and we're good, okay. Anything you want to ask of me, any questions? Apparently you knew a woman named Sheila Quarles and they're gonna ask you a couple of
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THE WITNESS: Yeah, she came to visit me. THE COURT: She came to visit you once? Was she by herself? THE WITNESS: Yeah. THE COURT: Okay. I think they're just gonna ask you if you knew her, if you were her boyfriend, then blah, blah, blah, blah and you haven't seen her since other than that. THE COURT: Whatever. Let's go. Whereupon, the jury entered the we're yada, yada, yada? THE COURT: Whatever. Let's go. Whereupon, the jury entered the in Case No. C228755, State of Nevada versus Norman Keith Flowers. THE COURT: Whatever of the defendant, his counsel, counsel for the State. All ladies and gentlemen of the jury are back in the box. THE COURT: Whatever of the time we get to this without losing Fretty good. End of day five and we family emergency. That only happens about 25 percent of the time we get to this without losing THE WITNESS: Yeah, and then the visit you were in custod. Come to visit you? Come to visit	dy, did Sheila er boyfriend
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2 Sir, will you stand and do your best 2 A. Yes, sir. 3 to raise your right hand. 3 Q. During after you were	8
3 to raise your right hand. 3 Q. During after you were	
4 (Whereupon, William Kinsey was duly 4 when you found out about her. her	•
	death, after that
5 sworn to tell the truth, the whole 5 time, me and another inves or	an investigator
6 truth and nothing but the truth.) 6 came in and spoke with you; is th	at correct?
7 THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated. 7 A. Yes, sir.	
8 And could you please state your full name and spell 8 Q. During our conversations	s, did you try to
9 your first and last name. 9 answer all of our questions?	
10 THE WITNESS: William Jermaine Kinsey. 10 A. To the best of my abilit	:y .
11 William, W-i-l-i-a-m. Kinsey, K-i-n-s-e-y. 11 Q. Okay. And during, during	ng that
12 THE COURT: Go ahead. 12 conversation, and up to that time	that we met with
13 MR. PIKE: Thank you very much. 13 you, you hadn't met with any poli	ce officers?
14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 14 A. No, not until after you	all.
15 BY MR. PIKE: 15 Q. Okay. And some police of	officers came to
16 Q. Mr. Kinsey, you've been brought into 16 talk with you afterwards?	Titlocis came to
17 court today to testify about a Sheila Quarles. 17 A. Yeah.	in rooms came to
18 Did you know Sheila Quarles before 18 Q. They came up to talk wit	in rooms dame to
19 she passed away?	
20 A. Yes, sir. 20 A. Probably like the next F	
21 Q. And how did you know her? 21 all came. A week after you all c	h you how long
22 A. She was my girlfriend. 22 Q. All right. And you prov	h you how long Friday after you
23 Q. And you have been in custody since 23 names of individuals who you may	h you how long Friday after you ame.
24 December of 2004; is that correct? 24 tried to give us any information	th you how long Friday after you ame. Vided us with the
25 A. Yes, sir. 25 might be helpful to us in our inv	th you how long Friday after you ame. Vided us with the be helpful and
10/21/2008 06:13:02 PM Page 5 to 8 of 145 App. (th you how long Friday after you ame. Vided us with the be helpful and that you thought

	9		11
1	A. Yes.	1	actually living in the same home with her?
2	Q. And that's yes?	2	A. No.
3	A. Yes, sir.	3	Q. Was she living with your mother?
4	Q. Did you feel like you were cooperative	4	A. Yes.
5	with the police also?	5	Q. Were you living near by?
6	A. No, I didn't like them.	6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Okay.	7	Q. And did your mother come get you and tell
8	A. They said some harsh things.	8	you what happened and bring you back to the
9	Q. Okay. And during and what are you	9	apartment?
10	currently serving time for?	10	A. Yes.
11	A. Voluntary manslaughter with the use of a	11	Q. After that night when the police finished
12	deadly weapon.	12	doing what they were doing in the apartment
13	MR. PIKE: I have no further questions.	13	A. Right.
14	THE COURT: Okay. Any questions?	14	Q did they lock up the apartment and
15	MS. WECKERLY: No questions.	15	give your mom and you guys the keys?
16	THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Kinsey. You can	16	A. Yes.
17	go back with that fine officer.	17	Q. And were you aware that there had been a
18	THE COURT: Any other witnesses, Mr.	18	new stereo in the apartment?
19	Pike? Mr. Pike, any other witness?	19	A. Yes.
20	MR. PIKE: No. The defense rests at this	20	Q. Where was that stereo located?
21	time.	21	A. As you would come in the door, you could,
22	THE COURT: It's my understanding you	22	you could see it. It was like it would be sitting
23	have one or two one minute rebuttal witnesses.	23	on, she had like a 15 inch speaker, a taller one,
24	MS. LUZAICH: We do, judge. Can I just	24	and the little radio over set up there and you woul
25	make sure that they're here?	25	see that as you come in.
	10		12
1	THE COURT: Okay.	1	Q. About how big was that stereo?
2	MS. WECKERLY: Can we approach?	2	A. Well, for this, I would say like that.
3	THE COURT: Yeah.	3	Q. For the record, you're pointing to the
4	(Whereupon, an off-the-record	4	computer screen that's in front of you?
5	discussion was had at the bench.)	5	A. Yes. A little bit like that same width
6	THE COURT: Come on up, sir.	6	and it holds three singles. Like you could put
7	THE CLERK: Please remain standing and	7	three different CDs in there and you could see them
8	raise your right hand.	8	Q. I'm sorry. Just for the record, you said
9	THE COURT: Stand.	9	it was the same width, but it was taller than the
10	(Whereupon, Ralph Quarles was duly	10	computer screen
11	sworn to tell the truth, the whole	11	A. Yeah
12	truth and nothing but the truth.)	12	Q in front of you?
13	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated.	13	A. Right. A little taller.
14	Please state your full name and spell your first and	14	THE COURT: 15-to-18 inches tall and
15	last name for the record.	15	15-to-18 inches wide, is that fair?
16	THE WITNESS: Ralph Quarles. R-a-l-p-h.	16	THE WITNESS: Right, yeah.
17	Q-u-a-r-1-e-s.	17	THE COURT: All right.
18	THE CLERK: Thank you.	18	BY MS. LUZAICH:
19	THE COURT: Go ahead.	19	Q. And that held three CD areas?
20	DIRECT EXAMINATION	20	A. Yes.
21	BY MS. LUZAICH:	21	Q. And then there were also speakers with
22	Q. Mr. Quarles, was Sheila your brother	22	it?
23	or your sister?	23	A. Yes.
<u> </u>	A. Yes.	24	Q. And how big were the speakers?
24	A. 100.		we will now oil well the shearels:
24 25	Q. At the time of her death, were you	25	A. About that.

	42	T	15
1	Q. Okay. That's like a land a half high	1	MS. AICH: Move it into evidence.
2	maybe?	2	MR. PIKE: No objection.
3	A. Right. And like this on the side.	3	THE COURT: Admitted.
4	THE COURT: Six to eight inches wide.	4	BY MS. LUZAICH:
5	THE WITNESS: Yeah.	5	Q. And showing you the exhibit, is this
6	BY MS. LUZAICH:	6	what I'm pointing to, is that the boom box you're
7	Q. Each speaker was that large?	7	talking about?
8	A. Right.	8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And were you aware that that was missing	9	Q. And would that be the kitchen counter?
10	after Sheila's death before the police arrived?	10	A. Yes.
11	A. Yes.	11	Q. Now, when you went back to the apartment
12	Q. Now, after your mother and the family	12	to move your mother out of the apartment, was that
13	left that night when the police locked up, where did	1	boom box still there?
14	your mother go?	14	A. No.
15	A. To my aunt's.	15	Q. Have you ever seen it since?
16	Q. Did she stay with you thereafter?	16	A. I haven't seen it since.
17	A. Yes.	17	MS. LUZAICH: Thank you. I have no
18	Q. In fact, does she still live with you?	18	further questions.
19	A. No.	19	THE COURT: The one that was apparently
20	Q. Did she live with you for a long time?	20	stolen on the day that your sister was killed, was
21	A. Yes.	21	it hooked up to the big speakers or was it just
22	Q. Did she ever go back to that apartment?	22	sitting on the big speakers?
23	A. Never.	23	THE WITNESS: It was just sitting there.
24	Q. Did you guys, your family move your	24	It was like a stand to it.
25	mother and the rest of the family out of the	25	THE COURT: Okay, thanks.
	14	1	16
1	apartment for her?	1	MR. PIKE: Thank you very much.
2	A. Yes. Up to my house, yes.	2	CROSS-EXAMINATION
3	Q. And did you personally participate in	3	BY MR. PIKE:
4	doing that?	4	Q. Well, let me show you. With technology
5	A. Yes.	5	you can just look at this and see that.
6	Q. Was there another stereo or radio in that	6	A. Uh-huh.
7	apartment before Sheila was killed?	7	Q. This boom box that is sitting right
8	A. Yes. It was like a little boom box.	8	there, that was yours and you'd had it for about
9	Q. Showing you what's been marked as State's	9	what, six months, a year?
10	proposed Exhibit 139 which has been shown to the	10	A. It was ours.
11	defense, do you recognize that?	11	Q. It was yours. Okay. The whole family?
	derense, do you recognize that:		
12	A. Yes.	12	A. Right.
l		12 13	
12	A. Yes.	- 1	A. Right.
12 13	A. Yes. Q. What is that?	13	A. Right.Q. And that is just a single unit that you
12 13 14	A. Yes.Q. What is that?A. The boom box, radio, before we got the	13 14	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry?
12 13 14 15	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on.	13 14 15	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would
12 13 14 15 16	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the	13 14 15 16	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah.
12 13 14 15 16 17	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described?	13 14 15 16 17	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described? A. Right.	13 14 15 16 17 18	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into pieces, it's just one solid piece?
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described? A. Right. Q. And where was that located in the house?	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into pieces, it's just one solid piece? A. Yeah.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described? A. Right. Q. And where was that located in the house? A. This one?	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into pieces, it's just one solid piece? A. Yeah. Q. Okay. Now, I'm showing you what has been
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described? A. Right. Q. And where was that located in the house? A. This one? Q. Yes?	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into pieces, it's just one solid piece? A. Yeah. Q. Okay. Now, I'm showing you what has been also admitted into evidence, this, this diagram or okay. And this looks like the front page
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A. Yes. Q. What is that? A. The boom box, radio, before we got the new one, that's all I had to play my CDs on. Q. So that's what you guys had before the one your mom bought before you just described? A. Right. Q. And where was that located in the house? A. This one? Q. Yes? A. Where it's at there.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A. Right. Q. And that is just a single unit that you can pick up and carry? A. Yeah. Is if you have batteries, it would go outside with you, yeah. Q. Okay. And it didn't come apart into pieces, it's just one solid piece? A. Yeah. Q. Okay. Now, I'm showing you what has been also admitted into evidence, this, this diagram or okay.

	······································		
	17	_	19
1	Q. And does that fairly represent the stereo	1	the apartment were Sheila Quarles was murdered on
2	that was missing at the time of your sister's death?	2	March the 24th of 2005?
3	A. That's the new one that was missing.	3	A. Yes, ma'am.
4	Q. That's the new one?	4	Q. Were you present obviously then when
5	A. Yes.	5	crime scene analysts took pictures or overall
6	Q. This indicates that it was a whole hi-fi	6	pictures of the apartment itself?
7	system. Did it have an AM/FM radio?	7	A. I was at or near, yes.
8	A. Yes.	8	Q. And you also observed the apartment from
9	Q. Okay. And so it had the tuner and the	9	your walk through?
10	three CDs. And do you recall what that box down	10	A. Yes, ma'am.
11	there was? Was that a screen that showed	11	Q. Sir, showing you what's been admitted as
12	A. I'm not sure. I just know you load the	12	State's 139 and also what's been marked as 140 to
13	CDs in there and play CDs. That's what I do. We	13	142, do you recognize those pictures as depictions
14	don't listen to the radio really.	14	of the apartment on the 24th when you were there?
15	Q. 0kay.	15	A. Yes, ma'am.
16	THE COURT: Anything else?	16	MS. WECKERLY: State moves to admit, I
17	MR. PIKE: I have nothing else. Sorry	17	think we didn't admit 140 to 142.
18	for your loss.	18	MR. PIKE: No objection.
19	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	19	THE COURT: Admitted.
20	BY MS. LUZAICH:	20	BY MS. WECKERLY:
21	Q. Did you tell the police afterwards that	21	Q. Putting on the overhead State's 139, that
22	that was missing?	22	would be a photograph of the kitchen area?
23	A. No.	23	A. Yes, ma'am.
24	Q. The boom box, that the boom box was	24	Q. And we see a boom box there?
25	missing?	25	A. Right next to the microwave, yes, ma'am.
	18		20
1	A. Oh, not the little one, but the one with	1	Q. So obviously that boom box was there when
2	the CD loader, yes.	2	Metro was there?
3	Q. Right. The big, new one you told them it	3	A. Yes, ma'am.
4	was missing?	4	Q. Because the pictures being taken. I'm
5	A. Yes. I was noticed it was missing.	5	putting on the overhead State's 140. Is that sort
6	Q. Did you ever tell the police later on	6	of a Karaoke machine sort of by the bed in the
7	that the little boom box was missing?	7	bedroom?
8	A. No.	8	A. Yes, ma'am.
9	MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.	9	Q. And I'm putting on the overhead State's
10	THE COURT: Okay. Thanks, Mr. Quarles.	10	141, and I want to direct your attention
11	Who's next?	11	specifically, there we go, to sort of the cabinet
12	MS. WECKERLY: Dan Long.	12	area. Does it look like there's an
13	THE COURT: And is this it?	14	electronic item as well in that cabinet area?
14	MS. WECKERLY: Yes.	15	A. Yes, ma'am. I believe that's a receiver.
15	(Whereupon, Detective Dan Long was	16	Q. And finally I'm putting on the overhead
16	duly sworn to tell the truth, the	17	State's 142. That's the couch in the living room?
17	whole truth and nothing but the	18	A. Yes, ma'am.
18 19	truth.) THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated.	19	Q. And it looks like there's a CD/DVD
1	Please state your full name and spell your first and	20	player?
20	riease state your full name and spell your first and	24	prayor:

22

23

24

A.

Q.

A.

there?

Yes.

And Detective Long, you were present at 25 Q. If any of these items were removed, it

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Yes, ma'am.

And that was there as well when Metro was

last name for the record.

BY MS. WECKERLY:

Q.

THE WITNESS: Dan Long. D-a-n. L-o-n-g.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

21

22

23

24

- 21 1 was sometime obviously after the police cleared the 2 scene, otherwise you wouldn't have these photos of 3 them? 4 Α. Yes, ma'am. 5 O Did Debra Quarles or any of her family members ever report to you that that boom box I 7 showed you from the kitchen in State's 139 was 8 missing? 9 A. No. 10 Q. Sometime in -- well, let me ask you this: 11 At some point in the investigation, you took Ms. Luzaich and I with yourself and Detective Sherwood 12 13 to go and see an inmate by the name of William 14 Kinsey? 15 A. Yes, ma'am. 16 And he was in prison at the time? Q. 17 Α. Yes. ma'am. 18 O Do you recall when it was that we went? 19 A. It was, I believe it was September of 20 '07. 21 Q. Okay. When you and/or Detective Sherwood 22 questioned Mr. Kinsey, was that done in a harsh and 23 aggressive manner? 24 A. No. 25 Q. Why wouldn't you do that? 22 1 A. We wanted Mr. Kinsey to talk to us. We went in there and again told him that he wasn't 3 involved in this murder, he had nothing to worry else, and we were pleading with him to give us any 7 Sheila Quarles' case. Any boyfriends, anything he
- about, we weren't gonna ask questions about anything information about anything that would help us in the 8 might know about problems with her. Anything. 9 Q. And I guess would you describe him as 10 cooperative? 11 No. He, he just, he was not gonna give 12 us a statement, was not interested in talking to us 13 and he told us. 14 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. Nothing else, 15 Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Any questions? 17 MR. PIKE: May we approach the bench, 18 Your Honor? 19 (Whereupon, an off-the-record 20 discussion was had at the bench.) 21 THE COURT: Anything else? 22 MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor. THE COURT: Thanks Detective Long. 24 Appreciate your time. State rests. 25 PIKE: Well, I have a question. 10/21/2008 06:13:02 PM

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ORT: I'm sorry. When I said
 1
    anything else --
 3
              MR. PIKE: I'm sorry.
 4
              THE COURT: You turned around and walked
 5
    back. I thought you were done. Excuse me, Mr.
    Pike.
              THE WITNESS: You got me all excited
 7
 8
    there.
 9
                   CROSS-EXAMINATION
10
    BY MR. PIKE:
11
              When I use the term harsh, that's your
    interpretation, you don't feel that you were unduly
12
13
    harsh, and that's your testimony, correct?
14
        Δ.
              That I wasn't harsh in any way, yeah.
15
        Q.
              But that's your opinion. Now, it may be
16
    the opinion of another individual that your tactics
17
    to him were harsh and so you can't interpret how he
18
    took that?
19
        A.
              There's no way he could have taken it as
20
    harsh.
21
        Q.
              Again, you don't know him, he could have
22
    taken it as harsh and you can't interpret what his
23
    feelings were?
24
              MS. WECKERLY: Objection, asked and
25
    answered.
                                                24
 1
              MR. PIKE: You may feel --
              THE COURT: He can answer again, but I
 3
    mean --
    BY MR. PIKE:
 5
        Q.
              You may feel that my cross-examination is
    harsh?
 7
              THE COURT: I don't think so.
 8
              THE WITNESS: I don't either.
 9
    BY MR. PIKE:
10
        Q.
              Okay. But somebody else might?
11
              THE COURT: Nah. I don't think so.
12
              MR. PIKE: Okay. Thank you very much.
13
              THE COURT: You're always a gentleman.
14
              MR. PIKE: That's quite a compliment.
15
    BY MR. PIKE:
16
              And you know from your experience as a
17
    detective that the sheer -- just the mirror presence
```

for the first

25

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down when he came in. I wasn't
                                     anding up.
 1
 2
             I'm asking --
3
        Α.
             We tried everything possible.
 4
             Excuse me. I asked a yes or no question.
 5
             THE COURT: What's the relevance of this?
 6
    This gentleman's been in jail since December of '04.
7
    He didn't have anything to do with this case. Who
 8
    cares what their various interpretations of their
 9
    questioning of him was?
10
             MR. PIKE: That he's giving information.
11
    He's giving important information. He gave
12
    information to us, he didn't give information to
13
    them and that, and that's explained under the
    circumstances in which the investigation occurred.
14
15
    Who was talking to him.
16
             MS. WECKERLY: Objection.
17
             THE COURT: I'm positive that they
18
    understand that point. I'm positive they do.
19
             MR. PIKE: All right. Thank you.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. Anything else?
21
             MS. WECKERLY: No.
22
             THE COURT: Thanks, detective,
23
    Appreciate it.
24
             THE WITNESS: Thank you.
25
             THE COURT: Any sur-rebuttal?
                                                26
```

1 MR. PIKE: No, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Case stands submitted? 3 MS. WECKERLY: Yes. 4 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we've already read the instructions last night. So you can pull 6 out your instructions and you're ready to go. 7 Ms. Luzaich. 8 MS. LUZAICH: Good morning, ladies and 9 gentlemen. I'd first like to thank you all for your 10 time, your attention and your patience in this case. 11 Being jurors as you've all 12 discovered at this point is a difficult job. It 13 calls for many sacrifices as well as some emotional 14 well being issues. But without people like 15 yourselves that are willing to take time out of your 16 lives and sit as jurors, our system simply couldn't 17 function. So for that we thank you. 18 The court told you yesterday while 19 reading the instruction that's this is the time set 20 for closing argument. And, you know, in all the 21 years I've been doing this, I never understood why 22 they call it closing argument. I'm not gonna stand 23 here and argue with you. I'm not gonna stand here 24 and argue with the defense. What it is really is our opportunity 25

me to explain to you how we perceive the evidence turned out because we know you've been sitting here and diligently listening for the last few days, how the evidence turned out and how it applies to the law that the court read you last night. 7 Remember please, one very important 8 instruction the court read to you is that statements 9 of counsel are not evidence. What I say up here, 10 when Ms. Weckerly stands up, what she says up here 11 is not evidence. What Mr. Pike said in opening last 12 week, not evidence. What Mr. Patrick says when he 13 gets up, not evidence. 14 The only evidence that you can 15 consider in this case is what comes from here. 16 People stood here, they raised their right hand, 17 they swore to tell the truth and they told you 18 things and they showed you things. And this is all 19 that you can consider in deciding this case. 20 But also remember another very 21 important instruction, the court told you last night 22 that you must use your common sense. Just because 23 we're in a courtroom and the judge is in a robe and 24 there are flags doesn't mean you check your common 25 sense at the door. Use your common sense. You have 28 all lived lives and have daily experiences. You don't forget about them. Use your common sense to 3 draw inferences from the evidence and the testimony that you've heard. 5 Andrew Young once commented, It is a blessing to die for a cause because you can so 7 easily die for nothing. 8 Often in cases of homicide, we are left with a question why. And many times as in this 10 particular case, we will never know. What we do 11 know is that a young 18 year old girl died in a 12 completely senseless way. She had so much going for 13 her. She did not deserve what happened to her on 14 March 24th of 2005.

15 Today the State of Nevada is going 16 to ask you for justice. Now, I'm going to apologize 17 in advance, my comments to you this morning are 18 going to be fairly lengthy. I know that you have 19 sat diligently listening and taking notes over the 20 last few days, but a lot of information was shared 21 with you over the last few days. 22 This is a very serious case and I 23 just want to make sure that we are on the same page 24 when it comes to everything. So as you're sitting

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1 you're kind of wondering when i funch coming, what

am I gonna have for lunch, please bear with me.

3 Sheila deserves this, the State of Nevada deserves 4 it.

5 In this case, you have several 6 charges to decide. The court read you the 7 instructions, and I'm not gonna read through 8 absolutely everything, I promise.

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But Instruction No. 4 tells us first, burglary, every person who by day or night enters a house or building with the intent to commit a larceny or an assault and or battery or felony such as sexual assault or burglary -- or I'm sorry, robbery, is guilty of burglary.

Now, folks, burglary is a crime of entry. The crime of burglary is technically complete when the person enters a building with some evil intent. Now the evil intent has to be the appropriate evil intent to steal, to commit a felony, to commit an assault or battery, but if he enters with that intent, it is a burglary.

22 Consent to enter is not a defense to 23 the crime of burglary as long as it is shown that 24 the entry was made with the specific intent to do 25 that bad thing; to steal, to commit an assault or

battery, to commit a felony.

2 So when on March 24th, 2005 the 3 police went to the residence and they looked at the door and they saw no sign of forced entry, does that

mean that there was no burglary? No. it does not.

6 So for example if Sheila knew her 7 attacker and let him in, what is important is what R was his intent when he entered the residence. And

9 the facts that you have before you is that he had no

10 reason to be there. He did not work in that

11 complex. Veronica Sigala told you that. He never

12 worked there. He wasn't dating Debra. Although he

13 had been dating Debra, that was over months and

14 months and months ago.

> Sheila is an 18-year-old girl. The defendant at the time was a 31-year-old man. is seeing somebody, Chicken. In fact, she had had sex with him earlier.

19 So he had no reason to be there.

20 What was his intent when he entered? To get what he

21 wanted, whether she wanted to give it or not.

22 Instruction No. 8 starts talking

23 about the murder instruction. Murder is the

unlawful killing of a human being with malice

25 aforethought. Killing with malice is murder.

25

what you have decide was Sheila killed with malice. Certainly she was.

3 Instruction No. 9 defines malice 4 aforethought for you. Now, I'm not gonna go through 5 that whole thing. It talks about a heart fatally

bent on mischief, it talks about reckless disregard

7 of consequences and social duty.

8 But what malice aforethought, it's 9 really a complex phrase for a simple concept. What 10 malice aforethought means is ill will. How can you

11 decide whether there was ill will in this case? 12 Well, Instruction No. 10 tells us

13 that malice can be expressed or implied. Expressed 14 malice is an intentional killing.

For example, I take a gun, I point it at somebody's head, I pull the trigger. will dispute that if I'm pointing a gun at somebody's head and pulling the trigger that my intent is to kill them. Expressed malice.

Was Sheila killed intentionally? 21 Well, how do we know what someone's intent is. How 22 can we prove it? We can't really crawl up inside somebody's brain so what we do is we look at the circumstances that surrounds the killing and that gives us the correct information.

So think about this case. Sheila

was strangled. We know that based upon first the

multiple petechial in the surface of her eyes,

remember Dr. Simms talked about those punctate

hemorrhages, the little dots in her eyes and on her

6 lip. They indicated to Dr. Simms that pressure was

applied to the neck. The pressure causes a build up

of blood in the veins and they burst.

There were also numerous hemorrhages 10 in Sheila's neck. In the front of her neck, in the back of her neck, in the internal structures of her 12 neck. Those hemorrhages also indicated to Dr. Simms 13 that a traumatic injury to the neck in form of significant compression. Those were the words he 15 used, significant compression.

And in fact, he opined that the pressure that was used was meant to cause injury. Remember, he also talked about multiple points of pressure. There were 12 to 15 different hemorrhages in her neck.

21 What did that mean? It meant that

22 hands were around the neck, stopped and moved,

23 rearranged, stopped and moved, stopped and moved and

24 continued.

Remember, Dr. Simms told us that it

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takes 15 to 20 seconds at least strangle someone

into unconsciousness. It then takes minutes to

3 cause them to stop breathing. Imagine putting your

hands around somebody's neck for minutes and

squeezing and rearranging and squeezing and

6 rearranging for minutes. The only thing that can be

7 intended in that situation is to end someone's life.

8 Expressed malice.

Implied malice.

First-degree murder -- or malice aforethought can also be implied. Implied malice.

It's still ill will, but you don't actually intend

12 the death.

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So for example, golden gloves champion is at a restaurant with his girlfriend and somebody's ogling his girlfriend and he gets really angry and he gets up and he walks up to the guy and wham. Two shots; one to the head, head hits floor and the guy dies. Did he intend to kill the guy?

20 So once you decide that Sheila's 21 killing was a murder, you have to decide was it 22 murder of the first degree or, or murder of the 23 second degree. Sorry about that.

24 In every case of murder in the State

of Nevada, that is the jury's decision. They have

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1 to decide is it first or is it second.

2 In the instructions last night, we

3 distinguished or the court distinguished between

murder of the first degree and murder of the second

degree in several different instructions. 5

Instruction No. 11 tells us that 7 murder of the first degree is murder which is either

8 committed in the perpetration or attempted

9 perpetration of a burglary, sexual assault or

10 robbery or perpetrated by any kind of willful

11 deliberate and premeditated act.

So if we have a killing that is

13 willful deliberate and premeditated, that's

first-degree murder. It can also be murder during a

15 perpetration of a certain felony.

16 In the realm of murder, we have --

17 I'm sorry. First degree or second degree. Anything

18 that is not first-degree murder is second-degree

19 murder. First I'm gonna talk to you about willful,

20 premeditated and deliberated murder.

21 Instruction No. 12 discusses for you

22 when a killing is willful, deliberate and

23 premeditated.

24 And Instruction No. 12 is really

long and I'm gonna break it down for you much 25

is another word for intentional.

Hands around the neck moving and squeezing, moving

and squeezing. 12 to 15 separate hemorrhages in the

neck. Obviously intentional.

5 Deliberate. He could have stopped at any time. As he sat there with his hands around 7 the neck squeezing and squeezing and squeezing and squeezing and rearranging, he could have stopped and

Premeditated. Premeditation is

did not.

11 basically the determination to kill. By the time he

12 committed the intentional killing, the act of the

13 killing, he had the determination to do so. He had

decided to do so. It wasn't just a reflexive act, 14

15 it wasn't his hands around her neck -- I'm sorry. I

16 know I keep saying this, but it is so telling the

17 fact that the hands kept squeezing for so long.

18 Now, there's a misconception about 19

premeditated and deliberated murder that people have

20 had over all the years. Most people think that if

21 you find your wife is having an affair, you decide

22 you're gonna do something about it, and you spend

23 the next six months planning, you're gonna follow

24 them somewhere, you buy a gun, you buy duct tape,

25 you do all those things and then six months later

your plan takes effect, you follow them, you go to

the hotel, you break in, you shoot them, you tie

them up, obviously that would be premeditated and 3

4 deliberate.

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However, Instruction No. 12 also

tells us that premeditation need not be for a day,

7 for an hour or even for a minute. It can be as

quick as successive thoughts of the mind.

9 So willful on purpose; deliberate,

10 he thought about it; premeditated, he made a

11 decision.

12 An easier example of premeditation 13 and deliberation -- and they're both to so closely 14 intertwined, they're almost the same, but they're 15 not. You have to decide beyond a reasonable doubt 16 that each of those elements were met. That it was 17 willful, that it was deliberate and that it was 18

premeditated.

So for example, something happens 20 every day. You're driving down the street and you're coming up to a light. The light turns 22 yellow. As you're driving, what goes through your

23 mind when you see that light turn yellow? Well,

you're thinking, how far away am I from the light.

How late am I 25 How fast am I going. Can I make it.

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for work. Am I gonna get pulled Is there a ver. police officer there. Is there somebody coming in the other direction that's gonna hit me as I go through and it's actually red.

These are all things that flip through your mind in a split second. So when you put your foot on the gas and you decide to go, you have premeditated and deliberated that you're gonna run that light.

Or if you put your foot on the brake and decide to stop, again, you have premeditated and deliberated that you're not going to run the light. It only took seconds, but it was successive thoughts of the mind.

15 With Instruction No. 12, we are 16 further told that deliberation is the process of 17 determining upon a course of action to kill as a 18 result of thought, including weighing the reasons 19 for and against the action and considering the 20 consequences. If I run the light am I gonna get a 21 ticket. Can I cause an accident. If I don't run 22 the light, no ticket, no accident, but I'm gonna be 23 late for work. Deliberation.

24 In Sheila's case, the hands 25 rearranged so many times on her neck instead of

merely removed and walked away, that is

deliberation. The State has proven beyond a

3 reasonable doubt that the act was premeditated and

deliberated.

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However, you can also decide in this case first-degree murder by means of the felony murder rule.

Instruction No. 14 tells us there are certain kinds of murder that carry with them conclusive evidence of malice aforethought.

So where a killing occurs during the perpetration of one of these felonies, you go right to first-degree murder. Burglary, sexual assault, robbery, are those felonies.

15 Now, although the State submits that 16 we have proven it by premeditation and deliberation, I still want to talk to you a little bit about 18 first-degree murder by felony murder because you're 19 also gonna decide the other counts anyway.

20 Just as an aside, when you are 21 making your decision, you have to be unanimous only 22 that it was first-degree murder. Six of you can say well, I believe it's first-degree murder because it

was premeditated and deliberated. Six of you can say I believe it's first-degree murder because it 25

was felony mul r. You just all twelve have to say I believe it was first-degree murder.

3 Sexual assault. Instruction No. 18 tells us that a person who subjects another person 5 to sexual penetration against the victim's will is quilty of sexual assault.

What is sexual assault? Basically it's penetration without consent. Now, generally in a sexual assault case, the victim will come in here and she'll sit right there and she'll swear to tell the truth and she'll tell you he put his penis in my vagina, I didn't want to do it. I told him I didn't want to do it and there's your sexual assault.

14 Well, in this particular case, 15 obviously because he then killed her, she can't come 16 in and say that. So what we do is we look to other 17 circumstances or other evidence to determine was 18 there penetration without consent.

Penetration is putting any part of a body, for example the penis, or an object, into the genital or anal opening of another; including sexual intercourse obviously.

Physical force is not a necessary ingredient. So when you think of sexual assault of forced acts, somebody holding him down and beating

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1 him up and big old fight ensuing. That is not the

> case. There need not be anything like that. just has to be without consent. That's all. 3

4 What evidence do we have that shows us that it was without consent?

6 First we heard from Dr. Simms. And 7 Dr. Simms told you when he observed the photographs Я of the vagina that he believed that a violent sexual

9 assault had occurred. He described for you the

10 tears in the lining of Sheila's vagina. The type of

11 which he only sees in forcible sex situations.

13 he's not only been a pathologist, he's not only 14 examined the vaginas of women who are no longer alive, but he had a general practice, that he did do 15 16 internal examinations, that he has seen sexual

But remember, he also told you that

17 assault victims alive, so he's seen what their 18 vaginas looked like after having being been

19 assaulted when he had told him, yeah, I didn't want

20 to do that, it was done against my will.

21 got both experience.

> He told you that based on what he saw, something was inserted into Sheila's vagina at a time that her vagina was not relaxed, and that is

what caused those lacerations in her vagina. 25

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felony murder rule.

But furthermore to show you it was not consensual, you heard about the blunt forced 2 3 trauma to her head that was contemporaneous with her death, at the same time of her death, that was contemporaneous with the sexual assault at the same time as the sexual assault. You heard about the 6 7 contusion to her abdomen, you heard about the 8 abrasion on the back of the knee. All of these 9 things that occurred at the same time.

But not only did you hear from Dr.
Simms, you heard from Linda Ebbert. Linda Ebbert
the sexual assault nurse examined her who has
examined thousands of ladies who have been the
victims of sexual assault or nonconsensual sex.

Remember how she talked to you about the human response, the human sexual response which prevents injury to the vaginal area. How if a woman is a willing participant, her vagina will lubricate, it enables the penis to slide in. How the pelvis will tilt, unknowingly the pelvis will tilt to actually accommodate the penis. None of that happened here and that is how those injuries occurred.

Now, Linda Ebbert described for you the multiple lacerations in Sheila's vagina. And

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she was even more specific. She called them
 remember, jagged cuts. Not just a rubbing of the
 skin inside the vagina, not just a rubbing or
 bruising, a cut, a jagged cut. She describes one as
 significant, very significant because it was wide

5 significant, very significant because it was wid 6 and deep. And in fact that there were multiple

7 lacerations she told you means more force was used.

8 All of what she saw she told you was consistent with

9 nonconsensual sex.

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In Sheila's case a penis was forced inside of her vagina and left evidence behind.

Now, Dr. Simms talked to you about the sexual assault being contemporaneous with her death. And how he knows that is there were hemorrhages there. Hemorrhages, the body bled and therefore she was still alive at the time of the assault.

So it's penetration of a live person's body. And because there was no swelling observed, we know that it was very close in time to her death.

her death.
Remember how he told you, Dr. Simms, that when something is inserted in the vagina and the lacerations involuntary, forcibly inserted in the vagina and it causes lacerations, they will

bleed immediately and will essentially immediately

2 begin to swell. You may not see the swelling at

3 first, but he said you will see the swelling within

4 20 to 30 minutes. And he saw no swelling yet. No

 ${f 5}$ swelling. So the penis was forced inside her vagina

to her head contemporaneous with her death, the

And again, the blunt forced trauma

6 within 20 to 30 minutes of her death.

9 contusion to her abdomen, the abrasion to the back
10 of her knees, all of those things contemporaneous
11 with her death, with the forceful insertion in her
12 vagina. So not only was she sexually assaulted, but
13 because she was sexually assaulted during the
14 perpetration of -- or she was murdered, sorry,
15 during the perpetration of the sexual assault, you

further have first-degree murder by means of the

Instruction No. 21 talks to us about robbery. And robbery is the unlawful taking of personal property from the person of another or in his or her presence against their will by means of force or fear or injury.

Now, you've heard a lot about the stereo that was stolen. The stereo that was just recently bought and placed in the house. You heard

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1 about the cell phones that was missing and never2 found, and you heard about the bank card that was3 missing and never found.

You heard about and saw pictures of the pillow cases on the bed. There were multiple pillows in the bedroom. Two of them did not have pillow cases. Pillow cases. What a way to take a large stereo out of the apartment without being noticed.

All of this we know happened after

stereo was there, Debra saw it before she left for
work. We know that while Quince was on the phone,
Quince Toney was on the phone with Sheila she heard
music on the background. So the stereo was there.
The stereo is only missing when Sheila is found
dead. Robbery.

Sheila got home. We know that in the morning the

Now, because the evidence demonstrates beyond a reasonable doubt that these crimes have been committed, you also have to determine who committed the crimes. I would submit to you that the State has proven beyond a reasonable doubt that it was Norman Flowers, the defendant, who

24 committed these crimes.

Now what do we know in this case?

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1 Most of what we know, most facts are not at issue in

this case. We know that Sheila Quarles, who her

3 family and friends called Pooka, was 18 years old at

the time. We know that on the date of her death on

March 24th, 2005, she came home in the morning

6 having spent the night at Quince's house. Quince

7 her girlfriend.

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We know that because one, Quince told you about how she had picked her up the night 10 before, they spent the night, she took Sheila home in the morning. We know that because Debra told you that Sheila left the night before, went to Quince's

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13 and came home in the morning at or about the time

that Debra was going to work. So we know that

15 Sheila got home around 6:30 in the morning?

16 We know that she had been ill and

17 had not been to work for a couple of days. We know

18 that both because Debra told us about that and

19 because Quince told us about that.

We know that Debra went to work and Quince went to work. We know that both Debra and Quince spoke with Sheila periodically through the day. And we know that because both Debra told us that and Quince told us that, but we know from Detective Vacarro that when he went into the home

1 and he looked at the land line, the phone that was

in the house, the caller ID showed Debra had called.

3 We know that Quince had spoken to Sheila because

4 Detective Wildman when he spoke to Quince looked at

5 her cell phone and looked at the caller ID and it

6 corroborated what Quince had said about talking to

7 Sheila periodically throughout the day.

We know that the stereo was in the apartment that morning. As I indicated, Debra saw it that morning. Quince heard it while she spoke with Sheila at either 11:00 or at 12:30.

We know that although Sheila had a relationship had with Quince, she also had a relationship with George Brass who many people have affectionately refer to as Chicken.

We know that because Debra one, told 17 us that George Brass and Sheila were very close, they were neighbors, they were very close, saw them together all the time.

20 We heard from Ameia Fuller who is 21 Sheila's cousin and very close friend that she knew 22 about Chicken from Sheila.

23 And we knew from George Brass

24 himself who came in here, sat there and told you

that he had been seeing Sheila for quite sometime. 25

In fact that ph was his buddy, his really good

friend, Ralph, Sheila's brother, and that Ralph,

Sheila's brother, was seeing George Brass's sister

at the same time.

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5 We know that they had a sexual

6 relationship, and we know that for several reasons,

7 One, like I said, George Brass sat there and told us

about that, but we also know because Christina

Paulette, remember the DNA analyst. She had

10 analyzed swabs from Sheila's vagina and found on

11 those swabs obviously a mixture of DNA, but she

12 found Sheila's DNA and she found George Brass's DNA.

13 So we know that he was telling the truth because the

scientific evidence supported it.

We know that Debra talks to Sheila around 1 o'clock, 1:15. Remember Debra described for you how she was talking to Sheila on the land line and the phone went dead. Sheila was not heard from again after that.

Now. Debra thought the phone went dead because the battery had died which very possible or because something bad happened to Sheila right then.

24 So we know also that Debra came home

25 and then 911 was called at 2:51, 10 to 3:00. So we

know that Sheila was killed between 1:00 and a

quarter to 3:00.

3 Basically Debra talks to Sheila at 4 around 1 o'clock. The next thing we know for sure,

Debra comes home, she's got bags of groceries, she

6 honks thinking Pooka's gonna come out and help her,

7 but she doesn't. Debra doesn't really think

8 anything of it at that point because Robert Lewis

looks out, sees, comes out and helps.

10 And we know that because Debra told 11 us that he came down and helped and Robert Lewis 12 also came in and he talked to us about it. He came, 13 he helped, he brought Debra into the home with her 14 bags.

And remember, when Debra came home, the door was not locked. It was closed, but it was not locked. It was Sheila practice to lock the door when she was home alone, but on this occasion, it was not locked.

Now, at that very moment in time, 20 21 Debra didn't think anything of that. It wasn't 22 until she went inside, sat her bags down, calling 23 Pooka, Pooka, no answer. Then she looks here, then

24 she looks there, she noticed the stereo's gone.

Well, she goes into the bathroom and

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it's feeling kind of steamy, the nower curtain is closed, she opens the curtain and there is Sheila

3 under water, hot water.

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Remember Debra told you the water was hot to the touch, and the faucet, the knob was turned as hot as it could go.

She is so distraught at that point she has to get help from Robert. And when you look at the pictures, you can see in the picture there's a purse on the floor, contents spilled out. Robert drags Sheila out of the tub and somebody covers her for dignity purposes.

We know that Ebony and Marquita Carr hear Debra screaming hysterically and they come running. We know that one, Debra tells us, Robert Lewis tells us, but also Marquita Carr also came in and told us about that.

Now, remember, Marquita who had been there for a little while heard nothing in the apartment earlier. Quiet. As if Sheila knew her intruder.

So we know that Sheila is murdered between 1 o'clock and about a quarter to 3:00. Why is that important? That is important because when Sheila is examined, there is DNA from two people in

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1 addition to herself, obviously; semen from two 2 people found inside her vagina because remember the

3 swabs go in and they swab the bath back of her

4 vagina. So there's semen found inside her vagina

and on her panties.

6 Now, we also all heard a lot about 7 DNA yesterday. Everybody has a unique DNA profile. 8 There are no two that are the same.

When Christina Paulette tested the swabs that were taken from Sheila's vagina and from her panties, whose DNA did she find? She found George Brass, the person who came in here, swore to tell the truth, and told you yeah, I had sex with Sheila that day. I had sex with her in the morning, and then I went to work. He didn't have to tell you that, but he did.

So she found Sheila's DNA on the swabs, she found George Brass's DNA on the swabs. And who else's DNA, the only unexplainable DNA is found on the swab and in the panties? His. The person who has no legitimate reason to be in the apartment.

23 Now, George Brass was spoken to by 24 the police. He could have said no, I'm not talking, I have nothing to say. Remember he's in custody.

But he volunta Tly spoke to the police and said,

yeah, I had sex with her and then I went to work.

George Brass who was in custody could have said

hell, no, I'm not giving you a DNA sample, but he

did. He voluntarily gave a DNA sample.

If he had not told them, yeah, I had 7 sex with her that day, if he had not given a sample,

we would be in the same place we were six months

ago, a year ago, two years ago, three years ago and

10 have no idea who the other sample was.

George Brass who has nothing to gain 12 by being cooperative and basically everything to lose because the truth, and in fact, his DNA is found in the vagina of a girl who had just been murdered.

16 He voluntarily gives a statement, 17 gives a sample and then comes in here to testify. 18 He had nothing to hide. He told us that he was at 19 the apartments that morning, he told us that he was 20 living there, but he saw Sheila that morning, he 21 went into her apartment and he had sex with her he 22 thought between 10:30, 11 o'clock and then he went 23 to work.

24 Well, coincidentally Robert Lewis came in and also told you that he saw George Brass

there that morning. He called it lunch, but he said

it was between 10:00 and 11:30 which is completely

consistent with what George Brass told you.

4 And then we know that he went to work, George Brass. We know that because one, he 6 told you that; but two, his time card. And I'm 7 sorry. I tried so hard to get that to fit there.

Remember we heard not only him, but 9 Gabe Ubando who is the Wal-Mart assistant manager 10 and, you know, kind of in charge of time cards. We

11 heard that all Wal-Mart employees have a little

12 badge, kind of like the badges that you're wearing

13 right now, that they swipe when they get there and

14 it's computer.

16 around with it, they swipe it, they're there. Then 17 when they go to lunch, they swipe out for lunch. 18 When they come back from lunch, they swipe back in. 19 And when they leave at the end of the day, they

So it's not as if they can mess

20 swipe out. It's kind of big brotherish, but that's

21 what goes on in Wal-Mart.

22 And, although I don't know if you 23 can see this right here, when you go back, you'll 24 have this with you, it shows you that on March 24th 25 of 2005, the day that Sheila was murdered, just like

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George Brass told you, he swiped n at 12:04. He told you that. Gabe Ubando told you that and showed

you that. He swiped in at 12:04 and that's at Craig

and MLK. MLK and Simmons-ish.

5 You can see on there that he swiped 6 out for lunch at 4:04, that he came back from lunch 7 at 5:03. Remember he told you he grandma lives in 8 the area and he went to grandma's to lunch every 9 day. Very close. So easy. An hour out, grandma 10 makes him lunch he comes back, and he's in in an 11 hour. And then at the end of the day he swipes out

Now Brass, George Brass mentioned to 14 us that he had left work when he got a phone call 15 about what happened to Sheila. Remember he told you 16 that his mom called and then Ralph, Sheila's 17 brother, his buddy, his best friend called and he left work a little early, but the manager knew that. 19 And then he tells you when he gets 20 back to the apartments the police are there. Well, 21 you know, you heard from the police they were there 22 till at least 9 o'clock that night. So out at 7:45,

24 George Brass had no reason to hurt Sheila. He'd been having sex with her all along.

home, police still there. It all fits.

1 His good friend Ralph, his buddy, it's his sister,

can he didn't kill his best friend's sister. In

3 fact, his bud is having sex and seeing his own

sister. George Brass had no reason whatsoever to

hurt Sheila.

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at 7:45.

6 The other part of the mixture 7 however did. She didn't want to have sex with him. 8 He was her mother's boyfriend. Do you think she 9 wants to have sex? 18 year old Sheila wants to have 10 sex with her mother's old boyfriend and he's 31? 11 George Brass obviously not 31. William Kinsey,

12 somebody else that she was involved with, obviously

13 not 31.

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She had just had sex a couple of hours ago with her own man. She didn't want to have sex with him. He is the only one that had a reason

17 to hurt her, which brings us back to the DNA. 18 Can Christina Paulette tell you with 19 a hundred percent certainty that the mixture -- and 20 I'm sorry, just to go back. Remember the Wal-Mart

21 all the way up here, Pecos right here, you've got

22 the 15 and all that terrible area to drive through,

23 no way he could have driven all the way there, had

sex with her, strangled her, grabbed the stereo, run

25 out, driven back and clocked in in less than an 1 hour.

So back to the DNA. Sorry. Can she tell you with a hundred percent certainty that the

mixture on the swabs and the panties are both George

Brass and the defendant? Well no, because it was a mixture. So a hundred percent certainty, no.

7 99.99 percent of the population is 8 excluded from having been in Sheila's vagina and in 9 Sheila Quarles's panties. 99.99 percent of the

10 population.

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11 The one that all of a sudden comes 12 back into Sheila's life almost immediately before 13 the murder is the one that is in her vagina.

Remember how Debra told you that a week or two before the murder she and her daughter Sheila were sitting outside the apartment on the power box and they ran into, or the defendant ran into them. And he was surprised to see them. Oh, you mean you live here now. Because remember, when he was dating Debra, they lived at this part of the apartment. Then after they stopped dating, they moved to a different part of the apartments. And when she's like well, yeah, we live here now, but what are you doing here. He tells her he's a

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1 Well we know that's not true because the apartment manager came in here, Veronica Sigala and told you that. He never worked there. 3

So not only is it the one who

maintenance man, he works for them.

coincidentally finds Sheila two weeks earlier, 6 Sheila whose gotten a little older and you saw is 7 beautiful, he's also the one that all of a sudden

8 comes back into Debra's life after the murder.

and brings her to the grief counselor.

9 Remember how she told you that 10 shortly thereafter she's at her job one day and he 11 comes up to her and says I heard what happened to 12 your daughter. He didn't live there, he didn't work 13 there. How's he know. I heard what happened to 14 your daughter, that's messed up, she's a good kid, 15 she didn't deserve that. He's the one who tells her 16 that she needs go to a grief counselor and tells --

Now, this is a guy -- they haven't seen each other in eight months, not dating anymore, nothing like that. This is the guy who is poking around asking questions of Debra. Have they found a suspect, do they know anything about anyone who killed your daughter.

24 Now why do you think he's doing Because he wants to know if they're on to him 25 that?

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yet. This is also the reason the you have heard 2 about the other murder.

Oh, I'm sorry. Not everybody is 4 really technical logically advanced. I work at it, but it doesn't work very well.

The other murder, you have been instructed, I can't even remember how many times about the murder of Marilee Coote. And again, I'm gonna tell you, you absolutely can't, like the judge tells, you use the fact that he killed, strangled and raped Marilee Coote to say he's a bad guy, therefore he had to have done it to Sheila, too.

13 You can't do that. Absolutely not.

But what you do is you take that evidence and you look at it to see, hum, can we use that information to figure out the identity of the killer and the rapist of Sheila? You use that information to say hum, what does it tell us about the motive of the person who rapes and kills Sheila. Now, you heard about Marilee at that address and she's found dead in her apartment with no signs of forced entry and no obvious sign of a struggle. Hum, sound familiar?

24 You heard that she was violently

sexually assaulted. That there were lacerations in

her vagina and her rectum. Sound familiar?

2 She was strangled to death as

3 evidenced by multiple hemorrhages both in her neck

and in her eyes, the petechial hemorrhages. Sound 5

familiar?

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6 You heard that her vaginal area was 7 burned, that a hot source was applied to her body, 8

maybe in an effort to hide evidence.

You heard about all of those items that were found in her washing machine and in her bathtub. In the washing machine, all those items having been washed. Remember you heard that it had been through the cycle, that there was soap on it, appeared to be in the washing machine pretty much anything that he could have touched. I mean ice cubes. Ice cube trays, sorry. Touch it, leave fingerprints behind. Touch it, leave fingerprints

16 17

behind. All sorts of items. The items in the

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19 bathtub as well.

20 You heard that although her apartment was exceptionally clean, it appeared to 21 Jeff Smink, the crime scene analyst who was out 22 there, who had been doing this for what, 20 some 23 years, it had appeared to him that the scene had 24 been wiped clean presumably in an effort to hide 25

1 evidence.

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Remember all the stuff in the

3 bathtub? Well, when they went in, excuse me, the

next day and they were swabbing for prints, remember

the bath stub was where all those items were found,

it looked as if it had been wiped clean. Cleaned 7

off to get rid of fingerprints.

The washing machine, dryer, remember that's where all the crazy stuff was found. Again,

10 look, streak marks, wiped clean.

The laundry detergent and things, who if you're cleaning your house, you know, you understand somebody cleans the tub, cleans the washing machine, who wipes clean laundry detergent unless you're trying to hide evidence.

Interestingly the one place where 17 there was nothing that was touched, that the sink, was not wiped clean. So if somebody's cleaning the whole house you're gonna clean the kitchen sink, that's probably one of the first places you clean, the kitchen area, but that is one place that there was no streaking as if nobody tried to hide any 23 evidence there. Only the places where the odd 24 things were found.

The stain on the living room carpet.

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1 Now why is that important in that case? I'll go

back. Sorry. Marilee Coote was found laying on the

floor in her apartment. And immediately under her 3

vagina is where the stain was found. Immediately 4

under because after being raped, she was strangled

and killed. That, the fact that it was right there 6

7 shows she never got up. She never moved again.

8 Now, you heard about the DNA 9 evidence in this case. Not only was the carpet

10 stain analyzed, but her vaginal and rectal swabs

11 were.

And what did Christina Paulette tell 12 you? 100 percent sure identity is presumed. 13 14 than 106 -- one in 650 billion people, it was the 15 defendant who left his semen not only in her vagina, 16 but in her rectum and on the carpet.

And you can see. And you have the ones for Sheila as well. It matches all the way down the line. So we know that the person who raped and strangled Marilee Coote is the defendant.

We know that the defendant then went through and cleaned up the apartment, hid evidence, tried to hide evidence. Wiping down all the areas that were touched when he put all the stuff in the washing machine, in the bathtub.

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Did he do it to m it look like she was not only staged the scene a little bit. Burned her vaginal area trying to get rid of the evidence. 5

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And you heard about the carpet, that there was detergent used. He actually tried to get rid of the stain. Unfortunately, for him anyway, it didn't work.

The crime scene analyst noticed it that day, smelled the floral detergent or whatever it was, but not only that, Chr tina Paulette, when she even years later went to reanalyze the stain told you about how when she did the overlay, it bubbled, foamed because of the detergent.

15 Then there's Sheila. Sheila is 16 assaulted, she is placed in a tub of hot water, hot 17 water, kind of like burning Marilee, trying to get 18 rid of the evidence. Fortunately for us what he, 19 the defendant didn't know, is that that does not get 20 rid of the evidence that's inside the vagina. The 21 one thing that points absolutely to him.

22 He staged the scene here, too, puts 23 the clothes down as if she just got in the shower 24 and was gonna relax, got undressed, got in the

shower. Maybe fell and hit her head. She has bad

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asthma. Maybe she had an asthma attack. He's staging the scene. But what he didn't realize was 3 that that makes no sense.

If Sheila was getting in the tub herself, gonna take a shower herself, her underwear are not gonna be on the outside of her jeans. She would not have done that herself. Somebody did that, Somebody, Him.

So ladies and gentlemen, over the last couple of days, you've heard a lot of evidence. You heard about Sheila, her horrible death. And it's time to hold the person accountable.

We have proven to you beyond a reasonable doubt that there's a killer in the courtroom, folks. He's sitting there right there and his name is Norman Flowers.

Thank you.

18 THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Patrick. If 19 anyone ever needs a rest room break, raise your hands. If I don't, I'll just good forward. 20

21 Go ahead, Mr. Patrick.

22 MR. PATRICK: From the words of victor 23 today, I will promise to be sincere, but I cannot 24 promise to be impartial.

Now, when we started this trial last

ple of couple of things came to Wednesday, a

light that it makes your job a lot harder than for

most jurors.

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case.

4 The first thing that I said the 5 first day of jury selection is that you were gonna hear about another murder. Wow. I mean, you didn't 7 even really know what this case is about and bam, we have another murder out there.

Whether or not you believe Norman is guilty or not guilty in the Coote case, he's not been adjudged guilty by a jury, by a court in 12 accordance with our laws. And the reason is because 13 he's not had a fair and impartial trial on the Coote

If you disregard that, and you think he's guilty in the Coote case, you're tearing down the safeguards that are guaranteed to every one of us by our society and by our constitution.

19 MS. WECKERLY: I'm gonna object, Your 20 Honor. That actually misstates the law.

THE COURT: Sustained. The law as I've given you says you first have to find by clear and convincing evidence that he has done that. And if you do, there's a limited purpose only for which you can consider the evidence and you're instructed to

1 follow that instruction.

> 2 MR. PATRICK: Thank you. Now, I guess the witnesses aren't the only ones they are harsh 4 to.

5 Okay. The judge has told you ĥ several times about the limited ways you can use the Coote case in deciding this case. And that's what you've got to do.

9 Norman has not been on trial for the 10 Coote case and as such today, and when you're done 11 deliberating this case, when you leave here at the 12 end of this trial, he will still be not guilty in 13 the Coote case.

14 For this case, this court, Randy, 15 myself, the prosecutors, the constitution and our 16 society trust this jury with deciding this case.

17 You have agreed not to find Norman 18 quilty or innocent of the case involving Ms. Coote. 19 You have given us your trust that you will only 20 decide his guilt or innocence in this case.

21 And we trust you. We must trust you 22 with that and that you will let another jury who 23 will get the full facts and the full evidence of the 24 Coote case to decide that case.

Now, the second thing you heard

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about in jury selection was a penalty phase. And you heard about the penalty phase before you even got a chance to hear any of the evidence on this case, before you had any idea of what you were going do or what was going on before you had any time or 6 reflection to determine whether Norman was guilty or 7 innocent. That's almost like the old subliminal, 8 subliminal advertisements telling that you that 9 Norman's quilt or innocence was a foregone 10 conclusion before we ever started this trial. And 11 that is simply not the case. 12 The reason why we had to tell you

about that is because that's only time we have as attorneys to talk to you about what may come at the end of the trial. We can't pick a jury for the first

part and then go pick a new jury for the second part. So we have to talk about you at the very onset of this trial, so that we know that Norman will get a fair and impartial jury. Not only to adjudge whether he's guilty or innocent, but a jury that can fairly and impartially decide individually whether what penalty they believe --

MS. WECKERLY: Objection, Your Honor.

MR. PATRICK: So as you go back and

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1 deliberate --

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THE COURT: Hold on. I think that he's 3 okay. They've been instructed they are not in this phase even to consider penalty, not to discuss it, not to do anything, but I think he has a fair right to say look, the only reason we discussed that is this and don't consider that in the concession on our part of anything about the guilt or innocence of our client.

10 So I think he hasn't gone over the 11 line so objection's overruled. Go ahead, Mr. 12 Patrick.

MR. PATRICK: Now, you heard several times from the judge this week that the only time you'll even get to the penalty phase is if you find Norman guilty of first-degree murder. All other sentences and penalties will determine solely by our judge.

So you're presented here today, as 20 you go back to deliberate right now only one thing, whether or not Norman is guilty or not guilty of the 22 murder of Sheila Quarles.

23 And when you do that, when you come back today, tomorrow, whenever you come back after 25 your full deliberations, I'm sure that you'll come to the only conclusion that you can. That Norman is not guilty.

3 Now, the judge read you the jury instructions. You have a copy of them, I'm sure you all will read them when you go back to deliberate.

And I'm not gonna bore you by going through them all 7 again. We trust that you will read them and follow

R them and use them in the manner that prescribed.

9 Over the course of the trial, you've 10 heard the judge give you the cautionary instruction 11 about the Coote case. If you find by clear and

12 convincing evidence that Norman committed that

13 crime, then and only then can you use that

14 information for very specific things. Intent, lack

15 of consent on the part of the victim, common scheme 16 or plan, motive, the absence or mistake or accident

17 in the charges before you.

Well, clear and convincing is a lower standard than beyond a reasonable doubt which is what you have to do on the Coote case.

21 Now, you weren't given all the 22 evidence -- I'm sorry. In the Quarles' case. You 23 were not given all the evidence in the Coote case.

24 You know, you did not hear from every witness the

25 State has available in the Coote case.

MS. WECKERLY: Objection, Your Honor.

There should be no reference to --

3 THE COURT: Well --

MS. WECKERLY: Evidence outside this

record.

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6 THE COURT: Well, I think they understand 7 that there hasn't been a complete trial on that case and they heard limited evidence, and let's just

9 leave it at that.

Go ahead, Mr. Patrick.

MR. PATRICK: Thank you. Now, we all

12 know how Mr. Kinsey felt.

Now, if you were not here during jury selection and if you were not here during the opening arguments, if you just came in and watched bits and pieces of this trial, you may actually thought that this trial was all about Marilee Coote.

Because the evidence you heard about Sheila Quarles was less than half of the evidence you heard over the week. And why is that? Well, it's because of the lack of evidence they have in the Sheila Quarles' case.

23 The evidence that they presented to 24 you about Quarles has not, does not prove their 25 theory beyond a reasonable doubt. Their theories of

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the Quarles' case, and they admirted through their witnesses, have changed over the years. And it simply does not prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Norman did this. So simply put, what they want to you do is to take that Coote case and use it to convict Norman on this case.

But that's not what the instructions told you you are to do with the information from Coote. That's what not what you told me you would do during jury selection. And I'm gonna trust that that's not what you're gonna do when you go back today to deliberate. You're only here to decide what happened to Sheila Quarles.

Now. Dr. Simms was the first witness 15 that testified in this trial, and he talked about the medical findings in Sheila autopsy and the medical findings in Ms. Coote's autopsy.

A couple of things that he said was that in Sheila the petechial hemorrhages in her eyes and her lip were all very small pinpoint.

He told you and showed you pictures about Marilee Coote of the petechial hemorrhages,

23 while there were some of the pinpoint ones, there were also some that were very large.

He talked about, and Ms. Luzaich

1 talked about, the person that strangled Sheila

grabbed her neck, but then had to rest and then

3 grabbed her neck again, but there was no evidence of

that in the Coote case. The person that grabbed

Marilee Coote and strangled her was strong enough to

6 do it all at one time.

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So what this will show you, what the physical evidence is showing you is that there was two separate people involved in the strangulation of Sheila Quarles and Marilee Coote. There were of different sizes, different strengths and used 12 different amounts of force.

Now, you also heard that the coroner did not collect all the evidence in this case. lot of the evidence was collected by the police before Sheila ever got to the coroner. Things like nail clippings, the vaginal swabs, the anal swabs and fingerprints.

19 Detective Vacarro told you that that 20 was routinely done by the police prior to the 21 coroner seeing her or seeing anybody.

22 You also note that semen will stay 23 in the vaginal vault for a long period of time.

Nurse Ebbert told you that they would collect up to 24

72 hours after the alleged assault. Three days. 25 So

we know that the semen will stay in that vault for at least those three days. What we don't know is 3 when the semen that was found in Sheila Quarles was

4 out in there.

5 The only other thing Dr. Simms told 6 you about and you heard from Mr. Schiro, was that 7 after sex semen will leak out of the vaginal vault and be deposited in the panties as we had here.

9 Dr. Simms talked about the bruise on 10 Sheila head and Detective Vacarro talked about this 11 mark on the wall of the tub.

Now. Detective Vacarro said it looked like blood to him, but he didn't think it was tested. And then CSA Horn and Detective Sherwood came in and said well, it didn't look like blood to us, but still wasn't tested.

Well, the thing to wonder is is

there any connection between that mark and what happened to Sheila. Whether it's blood or not, it was, it looked obviously like it was something from her head. Did she slip in the tub and hit her head? Was that part of the drowning part of her autopsy report that Dr. Simms gave you?

24 We won't know because it was never 25 tested. We don't know if it's blood like Detective

Vacarro thought, we don't know if it wasn't like

Detective Sherwood thought.

3 We heard from a Marquita Carr. Now she's related to the whole Lewis, Brass family that you heard so much about over the last week. Her

Aunt Jannie Brass is cousins, Jasmine Brass, Ebony

7 Lewis, Uncle Robert Lewis, Anthony Culverson's

related, George Brass is related, they all live in 9 that apartment complex.

10 And she, Marquita Carr was in that 11 apartment complex around noon the day that Sheila 12 died. She was present when Sheila found and she was 13 actually in the bathroom before anybody else got 14 there.

Then we heard from Debra Quarles. 15 16 Sheila's mom. And rightfully so, she's very upset 17 about this. I mean, it was her 18 year old daughter 18 that died.

19 Debra knew about Quince Toney. She thought Quince and Sheila were friends. Did not 20 21 know about their sexual relationship.

22 Debra knew George Brass, Chicken. 23 She did not know that Chicken and Sheila had a 24 sexual relationship.

Like Ms. Luzaich told App. 000600_{18 of 51 sheets}

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was friends with Ralph and Georg was related to 2 Robert Lewis. Debra knew Robert Lewis. Robert Lewis had spent the night with her the night before.

She just knew the entire Brass, Lewis family, most of which were living in that very apartment complex

that she was.

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So Debra leaves the apartment for work that morning about 6:30. When she left, Sheila was wearing a white sleeveless shirt and some white pink pajama bottoms.

There was a new stereo in the apartment. Debra comes home around 3 o'clock, give or take, 2:51, 2:45. We're not arguing what time she came home. It was around 3:00 in the afternoon. She had should groceries, beeps the horn trying to get somebody to help her with groceries. Robert comes out, helps her out with the groceries. After going through the house, they

18 19 discover Sheila in the tub. Well, between Debra and 20 Robert, they are pull her out of the tub. It's not 21 important which one does the actual lifting. They 22 just get her out of the tub. And notice the 23 stereo's gone.

24 What does Debra do next? Well, she

gets in her car and she drives at least five minutes

to her son Ralph's house. Ralph's not home. So she

said she drove another three minutes to the

7-Eleven. Finds Ralph, gets him in the car, drives

back to the apartment complex. Why?

The police come, Debra talks to the police. She tells them about Quince. She doesn't tell them about George or anybody else that she saw around that apartment complex. Why is that? Well, Debra knew the Lewis, Brass family.

Was she afraid of them? Was she suspicious of them? Did she feel the need to consult with Ralph before she talked to the police? Debra knew Norman. At one point,

14 Debra and Norman had dated.

Now Debra did not know about a sexual assault between Quince and Sheila. Debra did not know about a sexual assault between George Brass and Sheila.

19 Why would we think that if there was 20 a consensual sexual relationship between Norman and Sheila that Debra would know about it. 21 22 After Sheila's death, Norman offered

23 support and sympathy to Debra. Where was George

Brass? Where was Robert Lewis? Why weren't they

25 offering support and sympathy to Debra Quarles? 1 bra told you about a day she was sitting on a power box with Sheila and she told you

that Norman came by, waived, talked, whatever they

did, and she wanted you to believe that that power

box is immediately in front of her front door.

We heard from Detective Vacarro that

7 Debra's apartment was not on the exterior of the apartment complex. You heard from George Brass and

several others that if you were to walk out of Debra

10 Quarles' door, you were just a few feet from the

11 next apartment building where George lived

12 downstairs and Jessie Nava lived upstairs.

13 And we heard from Robert Lewis, he 14 was socializing in Debra's apartment the night 15 before, spent the night with Debra, saw Sheila the 16 next morning as Sheila was coming home.

Robert knew that Sheila was alone. Robert saw George Brass come up to the apartment and go inside. Robert saw George Brass leave the apartment.

21 Now, the police talked to Robert 22 this day. Robert refused to give the police a 23 statement.

24 Now, Detective Long comes in here

25 and he wants you to believe that Robert was

1 forthcoming, honest, cooperative for the hours or so

that they talked, and that Robert was simply scared

either by the other people who didn't want to talk to the cops, didn't want to be labeled a snitch.

Whatever. 5

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6 You saw Robert on the stand. You 7 saw George Brass on the stand. You saw Anthony Culverson on the stand. Did any of them look scared

9 to you?

10 Who would Robert be scared of? Most 11 of the people who lived around him was his family. Either the Brasses or Lewises. If Robert were so 12 13 forthcoming, honest and cooperative, why didn't he

14 tell the police about George. He knew George was in

15 the apartment that day. He knew George was in the

16 apartment alone with Sheila that day. He knew that

George and Sheila were having a relationship, but he 17 18 told the police none of this.

19 Why is that? Well, he was

protecting George. He was protecting his family. 20

21 It wasn't because he was scared that somebody might

22 label him a snitch for talking to the police.

23 The next thing Detective Long told 24 you was that George -- Robert Lewis voluntarily gave 25 them a buckle swab.

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Okay. Well, with definition of voluntarily. Detective Long knows 3 that if George -- if Robert does not give him that buckle swab, he can take him into custody, take him to jail, take him to the homicide office, make him sit there until he either gives him a buckle swab or until Detective Lewis (sic) gets a warrant to get 8 that buckle swab.

Robert Lewis knows this. Refusing the buckle swab would have made Robert Lewis look suspicious. So that's why he gave to him.

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What Robert Lewis didn't give the police was the fact was that George had been with Sheila earlier that day and he did not give up George to the police.

If he did not think George had done anything wrong, there would have been no reason to hide George from the police. Not just that day, but for three years George was hidden from the police by his family.

21 Detective Vacarro also talked a 22 little bit about the high concentration of police in 23 that area around 1001 North Pecos. When asked, he 24 said that's simply because there's more people living there. More people equals more police.

Well Detective Long got on the stand and he gave you the real reason why there's a high concentration of police in that area. Because it's a high crime and drug area. They need the police presence there.

Next, Detective Vacarro kind of told you about the apartment and how there was no visible signs as he walked through the apartment, except for in the bathroom which he characterized as a room that was much more active. Well, of course it was.

You heard testimony how small that bathroom was. Debra Quarles said she could reach out and touch both walls with her hands.

You heard testimony about that.

And then think about the number of 16 people that were in that room prior to the detectives and CSA coming and showing up. Debra was Robert Lewis was in there. Marquita Carr 19 was in there. Uniformed patrol officers were in there. Medical personnel were delivering aid in

21 that room. Actually surprising, that room wasn't 22 torn up a lot more than it was.

23 Now, you heard a lot of testimony 24 about the lack of disservances (phonetic) in the 25 But what does that really tell you? apartments.

Well, I think tells you one or two things. It

tells you that Sheila knew her attacker, that Sheila

3 left the door unlocked because she knew her mother

4 was coming home with groceries. So that this was a

5 crime of opportunity, a smash and grab burglary that 6 went wrong and when the burglar discovered there was

7 someone else in the house.

8 Detective talked -- Detective

9 Vacarro talked about the letter that was addressed 10 to William Kinsey found on the bed in the apartment.

11 At the time Mr. Kinsey was staying

13 from Detective Sherwood and from Mr. Kinsey himself

at the Clark County Detention Center. And you heard

14 how Sheila would write those letters and put her

15 last name -- his last name in association when hers

16 as if they were married.

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17 Detective Vacarro told you about a 18 lot of people that were in the apartment that day.

19 Debra Quarles, Jane Brass, Elizabeth Tolbers

20 (phonetic), the police, fire.

21 But at the time of the incident,

22 George Brass was not on that list. Why is that?

23 There were witnesses around that apartment complex

24 that whole day. Police talked to several of them.

25 No one was asked did you see anybody going in and

out of the apartment. No one came forth and said I 1

saw these people come in and out of that apartment.

3 No one came forward and said I had sex with Sheila

4 that day in that apartment.

5 Again, the detectives are trying to 6 pass this off to you that the people are afraid to 7 talk to the police because of who they are and what 8 they may have done in the past or because they don't 9 want to be labeled as a snitch.

Well that explanation works for the

11 police for everybody in this case except for Norman. 12 When the police came and talked to him and Detective Sherwood came to talk to him at CCDC when he was 13 14 already in there for something else, and he didn't want to talk to him, well, now it's not that because 15 16 he didn't want to talk to the police because he's 17 afraid of the police or because he didn't want to be labeled as a snitch, now all of a sudden he don't 18 19 want to talk to the police because you're hiding something, because you're guilty.

20 21 How do you rectify that? In this 22 case no one but Robert Lewis knew about George 23 Brass, Chicken, until three years later. 24 Everybody's tried to tell you this was an ongoing investigation and they were just kind of going bam, 25

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bam, bam, bam, bam, but the true s George Brass's name did not come to the police for three years.

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Detective Sherwood told you that in part of the investigation he was at, George Brass's name never even came up. Why was that? Well, he was being protected. He was being hidden.

All the police were just not asking the right people about Chicken. The police didn't know who he was or if he was a viable suspect. The police didn't even look for George Brass until the district attornies told them he needed to.

The police had a suspect and they simply stopped there. They were just interested in getting this case off of their books. Right suspect, wrong suspect, it doesn't matter.

George Brass had no idea whether or not he was a suspect in this until the police talked to him. George Brass never came forward and said I have information about this.

It took detectives contacting Ameia Fuller three years later who finally told them well, I know about this guy Chicken that was having a relationship with Sheila for two months prior to her death

Detective Long went and interviewed

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George on August 12th, 2008 was when they first

2 talked to George Brass about this case. Detective

Long recorded that interview but only part of it.

4 He told George that hey, you know what, you're not a

5 suspect. And that he hammered that home because he

6 did not read George Brass his rights. Showing

7 George, look, you're not a suspect.

8 Well, now was George Brass

9 forthcoming on this and cooperative? Well, he

10 hadn't been for three years. He would have never

11

talked to the police to this day had Ameia Fuller

12 not told them about him, but yet he had valuable 13 information about Sheila death. But still during

14 that interview, he did not tell Detective Wildman

15 about any of his friends or family that were around

16 that apartment complex that day.

17 George told you and he testified

18 that in March of '05 he was living with his mother

19 in the same apartment complex, kind of across that

20 next building and over to the right from Sheila.

21 He saw Sheila that day and he told

22 you that she was wearing blue jeans and a red shirt.

23 He told you they had sex on the living room floor.

24 He told you they got, that she got dressed after

25 they had sex and he left and he saw Robert, and he

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bert Lewis outside the apartment as saw his Uncle

he was leaving. And then he tells you he went to

3 Wal-Mart and checked in, checked out.

And the assistant manager from

5 Wal-Mart came back, came in and told you, yeah,

6 George's time card showed you on the 24th he clocked

7 in here, clocked out for lunch, clocked back in.

But then he also told you about procedures where if

9 an employee forgets to clock out, goes home, well.

10 he can call them and they can go back in and access

11 the computer, access his time and put it in for

12 them.

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13 He also told you that he knows of 14 instances in that Wal-Mart store where one employee

15 would clock in and out for the other employee. And

16 he made it very clear that if he did that and you

17 were caught that it ws grounds for immediate

18 termination. Well, like everything else, it's only

19 bad, it's only illegal if you get caught.

Chicken was at work and he received

21 phone calls from his mother and Ralph Quarles.

22 he came back to the apartment complex. He was asked

23 a few questions by the police officer, doesn't

24 remember if he was uniform or not. The officer did

25 not take his driver's license and say wait here, you

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know, the detectives may want to talk to you. And

if you all remember, Detective Long kind of went

through that whole procedure how you're at the crime

scene, goes up to someone and says I want to talk,

you know, say okay, you know, the detectives need to

ĸ talk to you, let me have your driver's license,

7 we'll get the detectives, they want to talk to you,

8 whatever, and then hand the driver's license, like

9 that.

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10 That never happened with George.

11 And that day when he talked to that officer, he

12 never said, I'm her boyfriend, I have a relationship

13 with her, we had sex today.

The other thing is that George

15 recognized his upstairs neighbor Jessie Nava. So we

16 go back to Detective Long and talking to

17 Detective -- or George Brass and he had, Detective

18 Long found out that George had sex with Sheila that

19 day. And then Detective Long did not go out and

20 follow-up with any of Brass's relatives regarding

21 what George had told him. He didn't go ask any of

22 his acquaintances, his family well, was George with

23 you that day, did you see him at the apartment

24 complex that day.

Today you heard from William Kinsey.

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He told you that about six month prior to him going to jail in 2004 that he had been dating Sheila. he told you about the letter that was found on the bed that he never received.

Something you need to think about in this case is that the only crime that was committed and reported in that apartment complex on the 24th of March 2005 was not just Sheila's death. Earlier that morning there was a burglary. There was no investigation into that burglary.

11 And we know it was a burglary 12 because Ms. Luzaich told you in her closing argument 13 the burglary is a crime of entry. Whether or not 14 you take anything, as long as you had an attempt to 15 do a felony when you walked in the door, it's a 16 burglary. So we know that this was a burglary that 17 morning.

It wasn't investigated, even though Detective Vacarro told you there was a buzz around the apartment complex about what had happened earlier that morning. The police never identified a suspect in that burglary.

23 And Detective Long told you that the 24 police didn't think that the burglary was connected to Sheila's death. He said the ties between the

burglary and the homicide would be almost impossible to find.

2 3 Detective Sherwood told you, yeah,

the police did not think the two were connected. We 4

know now they were connected. They were connected

6 by Jessie Nava. He was the early-morning burglar.

The person whose, whose apartment he broke into got

8 a clear look at him. She knew that this was the guy

9 that committed this burglary in her house that

10 morning.

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He's the guy that was seen with the stereo in Sheila's apartment. The stereo that he admitted he got from the girl downstairs. The stereo with detachable speakers. Not a boom box, not a Karaoke machine, not a DVD player, a stereo with detachable speakers.

The ties between the burglary and the homicide were almost impossible to find. The police just had to look for them. Just had to really put an effort into finding the real person

22 You heard from Natalia Sena. She lived in the apartment above where -- in the 23

building that George Brass lived in upstairs which

would have been directly across from Sheila's 25

apartment and stairs and kitty-corner from George's apartment. She lived there with Jessie, 3 she lived there with Alfonso Sanchez.

4 And on the March 24th, she came home 5 from gambling around noon. She saw Chicken, George Brass. She knew him as Chicken. And she saw Carl, 6

7 skinny guy, black guy, wearing a long sleeved 8 flannel shirt. She tried to buy weed from the guy

in the flannel shirt. She saw him looking around 10 like he was trying to check out the place, scope out

11 the place, I forget the exact words she used. He

12 looked like he was coming out of Sheila's apartment.

13 And she knew this was after 12:00 14 noon when she saw both this dark guy in the flannel shirt and George Brass. She was very sure about 15 16 that time until after she talked to the district 17 attornies. Then she started changing her story.

18 On that day, Natalia was arrested 19 for whatever they found in her apartment. She went 20 to jail for two days. When she got home, she 21 noticed a couple of things. She noticed that Jessie

22 had stolen some drugs that was hidden in a speaker 23 in their apartment and she saw Jessie with this

24 stereo. And again, Jessie told her where he got the

stereo, from the girl downstairs.

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We heard from Veronica Sigala,

assistant manager for the Palm Village Apartments. 3 She knew Jessie. She knew that Jessie had broken

4 into several apartments. She'd seen him break into

several apartments. She knew that's what he did.

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She also told you that unlike what Debra told you, that Norman was never an employee of the apartments, never worked maintenance for them.

9 We also heard from Quince Toney.

10 She told you how she had a sexual relationship with 11 Deb -- with Sheila and that that had been going on 12 for approximately several months. They would see

13 each other nearly every day during this time period. 14

Sheila would spend the night at 15 Quince's house nearly every night during this time 16 period, but Sheila did not stay with Quince the 17 three nights prior to the night before her death.

18 Three nights, three days, 72 hours.

19 As we heard, as we heard from nurse 20 Ebbert, we know that semen can stay in the vaginal vault for up to 72 hours. 21

22 Could Norman have had sex with 23 Sheila during that period? Well, of course he could. You've seen nothing this week that proves to 24 25 you any different.

that killed Sheila.

So Quince dropped eila off at home 2 around 6:00 a.m., and Quince describes pretty much 3 the same thing about George Brass did, that Sheila was wearing pajamas.

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The two of them, Sheila and Quince, talked on the phone throughout the day. Quince remembers Sheila being happy, outgoing, remembers hearing the music in the background during some of the calls. And then she gets a call from Sheila with nobody on the line. She calls back. Nobody answers. Calls back again, still nobody answers. So we heard about a lot of work this

CSA was doing in this case. CSA Fletcher came in to Sheila's apartment, he impounded some items, dusted for prints. They found latent prints on Gatorade bottles, on a Gatorade bottle. Beef and cheese package, peanut package, CD cases. The entire bathroom was printed.

Now, Sheila's body and neck, they didn't -- they never checked, never processed for prints on that. CSA Green told you that well, you know, latent prints may survive sometimes, even after being submerged in hot water. And she also testified that, that it would be very difficult but not impossible to at least check for prints on a

body and not even recover them.

You heard from Fred Boyd. He examined most of the prints from Sheila's apartment. He was given 21 print cards that had been recovered by either CSA Horn or Fletcher. None of these told you it was the quality he needed to match with exemplars. And he was given exemplars of Sheila and Norman, Quince Toney, Robert Lewis and Debra Quarles. He was not given at the time, nor has he been given since, exemplars to check from George Brass or Jessie Nava.

Ed Guenther came in and told you 13 about how he analyzed latent prints from Marilee 14 Coote's apartment. There was 69 print cards given 15 to him in that case. 36 of those were sufficient to 16 compare with exemplars, but one thing that's really 17 interesting about both the cases that all those prints, all those cards, both of those apartments, 19 who's prints were never identified? Norman's. Not one. Out of all those cards in both those apartments did anybody ever find a print belonging to Norman.

23 And in the Coote case, Mr. Guenther 24 actually had three prints that were nonidentified.

And even though these prints will be kept forever.

because it's a omicide or at least until one is

done with that case, the last time anybody looked at

those prints or tried to compare them with anything

4 was in August of 2005.

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5 So you've heard, actually you've 6 heard from a lot of fingerprint experts in this 7 case. You heard from two that did the processing,

you heard from three, four, five that did the

collections and, and went around the apartment 10 looking for prints.

And again, the thing that strikes you most about the fingerprint evidence in this case is there is none. None that points to Norman as ever being in either one of those apartments.

15 In fact, if you look at the evidence 16 that was shown to you, there is absolutely no 17 evidence in this case whatsoever that shows you 18 Norman was ever even in Sheila's apartment, let 19 alone on the 24th of March.

What do they have? Well, they have his semen in her vaginal vault. Okay. They can't tell you when that was put there, they can't tell you where it was put there, they can't tell you whether or not it was consensually put there. All they can tell you is it's there. There's nothing

else that ties Norman to Sheila's apartment.

2 In Coote's apartment, they have a 3 carpet stain, okav.

In the Quarles' case, they didn't

even bother taking the ultimate light source that 6 they have that's available to all the CSAs in Las 7 Vegas. It's a common tool. I'm sure they all know how to use it. And look, is there a carpet stain? 9 We don't know. Is there someplace else that they 10 can pinpoint that Norman was ever in that apartment 11 by his DNA evidence? Absolutely not.

So what wasn't done by the police and the CSAs in this case? Well, none of Sheila's previously worn clothing was impounded and checked. Those pink pajamas never checked. If she had underwear on under those pink pajamas, never checked. And we know what value that could have been.

If on those pajamas there was only one source of DNA, one source of semen, then we'd know when the sexual act occurred, or at least we'd know who was first and who was second. But we'll never know that.

24 The CSA was never directed to go 25 back and retest the apartment as more information

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came about the case. The police never showed photos or photo lineup around that apartment complex with 2 Norman's picture, with Jesse's picture, with

George's picture to ask the people, hey on March

24th did you see any of these people here.

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Well, we know that a lot of them probably saw Jessie because he live there. We know a lot of them probably saw George because he lived there. But why not show them Norman's picture and say did you see him.

Like Ms. Luzaich said, he was the one out of place, but they didn't show a picture and nobody identified Norman as being in that apartment complex that day.

None of George Brass's family that came up here, none of Robert Lewis's family that came up here and testified ever said I saw Norman in the apartment that day.

Natalia Sena who saw Chicken, who saw the guy in the black flannel shirt, she didn't see Norman there that day. She knew who was coming and going, she knew who was around.

23 The police did not look at the pawn 24 shops to see if anything had been pawned. You heard 25 about they don't even have to go to the pawn shops.

You heard about Metro's pawn patrol that has all the 2

information there. They don't have to go to a

3 hundred pawn shops. They've got to go to one place

4 in their own police department and say hey, we need

to see if anybody pawned something. We can give you

a name of somebody and see if they pawned anything

7 in the shops around where he shops anywhere.

8 Detective Sherwood told you, well,

9 if we had a name, we can go do that. Well guess

10 what? They have plenty of names. They had Robert

11 Lewis, they had George Brass, they had Jessie Nava

12 who has the stolen stereo from Sheila's apartment

13 two days after the attack. How many names do they

14 want to check?

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They never followed up on Sheila's stolen bank card. Was it ever used? Was it ever 16 tried to be used? Even though the account was closed, was there ever a point where somebody tried to use that card? I have no idea.

20 You heard about messages left, voice mail messages left on Sheila's phone. Quince Toney 21 22 gave the police the access number to access those 23 messages. Were those messages preserved? No. Why

24 not? Did the police ever check to see if that phone had been reactivated or tried to be reactivated?

1 No.

2 You heard a lot about the speaker wire on the floor of the living room. You would,

4 you would assume that that speaker wire was pulled

out the back of the stereo that was stolen. If it was pulled out of the back, there may have been some

7 skin cells left on that wire. Skin cells that would

8 lead to DNA. DNA that would lead to identifying the

9 person who took the stereo. Was any of that done?

10 No.

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The police recovered the one pair of Sheila jeans and panties that were actually in the bathroom. Like we said, the pajamas that at least two people say that she was wearing that morning were never recovered. We don't even know if they were ever looked for.

And again, the panties that she had worn the day before, two days before, had they not been washed could have led to very important DNA evidence to give us a time line of what happened prior to Sheila's death. Never even looked at.

Now, Ms. Ebbert told you about the importance of collecting panties for these very reasons: Biological fluids, DNA evidence. Things

that can point us in the direction of who actually

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did this to Sheila.

Now, talking about nurse Ebbert for a minute, she came in and give us some very good testimony, told you a lot about sexual assault nurse, what she does, how she does it.

The thing to remember about nurse 7 Ebbert is she never saw Sheila, she never saw 8 Marilee Coote. Whether they were dead, whether they were alive, she never saw their actual bodies. 9 10 she was given some time after the fact through photographs taken during the autopsy, okay.

We don't know -- I mean we know that the person taking those photographs was probably a fairly good photographer, but we don't know what differences in lighting or differences in shadows or anomalies in the printing process that could have come up to disguise, to make look worse, whatever, the injuries that she was describing to you because she never saw those injuries in person.

She couldn't even direct the photographer and say well, these are the angles I would like, these are the pictures I would like to make my decision. She got what they had and she had to work with that,

She also told you that similarities
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for what she saw could happen with consensual sex.

2 Maybe not as likely, maybe not all the time, but

3 it's possible. And she talked to you about the

4 injuries. What it boils down to, the injuries that

you saw and the injuries to vaginal walls and things

6 like that, come from a lack of lubrication in the

I The that, come from a rack of fublication in the

 ${f 7}$ female. They come from improper position. That's

not to say they come only from sexual assault. It's

9 quite possible to have consensual assault --

10 consensual sex if the girl's not properly lubricated

11 yet, not in the proper position.

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intercourse.

So these injuries don't just mean sexual assault. All they mean is it wasn't the right time yet. It could have been in 30 seconds, but just not at the specific point of the sexual

Nurse Ebbert talked a little bit about Sheila's injuries. She said there was several of them wide and deep, show more force and there were no anal injuries.

21 Then she talked about Marilee Coote.

22 Fewer in number, no anal injuries and she didn't use

23 the wide and deep. So again, as with the

24 strangulation, physical evidence would indicate two

25 different people. One much more lateral than the

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other one, but still two separate people.

2 A lot of this case kind of goes,

3 rests on the DNA evidence. Okay. The DNA shows

4 that at a minimum Norman had sex with Sheila and

Chicken had sex with Sheila within this three-day

6 period, 72 hours as we talked about that.

7 Who else did? Well, Ms. Paulette

8 said that this DNA mixture eliminates 99.98 percent

9 of the population. Okay. Except, you know, except

10 for Norman and Chicken. We know about them. But

11 with the mixture, all it could be said is whether or

12 not excluded. Not included as anywhere from another

13 40 to a hundred and 30 people in the Las Vegas

14 Valley. Could not be excluded.

The mixture recovered from Sheila

16 and her panties, as you heard from George Schiro,

17 contained enough information to come up with over 64

18 billion possible combinations. Wow. Okay.

19 The mixture only tells us the

minimum number of people. At least three. Because

21 of the numbers on your little tables, we know there

22 was at least, at least three. We have no idea if

23 there was more than three. No idea. Never know.

24 From the information that is in that mixture, we

25 know at least three, but we will never know the

1 maximum number

2 So there could be easily more than
3 the two male denosits. And especially if you thin

the two male deposits. And especially if you think

4 about relatives whose DNA is gonna be closer to

5 begin with. Father and son, half the DNA matches 6 just right off the bat.

So you've got to look at not only

 $oldsymbol{8}$ the DNA for what it did tell you, but even more

9 importantly what it can't tell you. It's not the10 magic bullet, it's not the end all of this whole

11 case.

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12 And we talked about this. The DNA
13 cannot tell you what Sheila had sex. She can't tell

14 you if she had sex first with Norman or first with 15 George. She, it won't -- well, it probably could

16 tell you, but we didn't do the investigation so we

17 don't know if Sheila actually had sex with George on

18 the floor of the living room, and we have absolutely

19 no idea where Sheila had sex with Norman.

20 Did the police find a carpet stain

21 in this case so they can say well, yeah, George is

22 right, they had sex on the floor. They didn't find

23 it. Hell, they didn't even look for it.

Sexual assault. That's a harsh

25 term. I mean, there is an visceral gut reaction to

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1 the words sexual assault.

But again, you've got to look at the

sevidence and what was proved beyond a reasonable

4 doubt. Sheila's clothes weren't torn. We made a

5 big deal -- well, the State made a big deal about

6 the panties over the legs of the jeans. They didn't

7 explain how that would happen, just that it was

weird. It's weird.

Does it prove sexual assault?

10 Absolutely not. They showed you the panties that

11 Ms. Paulette looked at. And there was both Norman's

12 and George's semen in it.

13 So what does that tell you? Well,

14 that tells you that after she had sex with Norman,

15 she put those panties on. After she had sex with

16 George, she put those panties on? Again, not when,

17 not where, not how. Just a simple fact that that

18 happened.

19 There were no signs of struggle in

20 the apartment. You heard that over and over and

21 over, okay.

22 The bathroom was a mess. I told you

23 why the bathroom was a mess. Does that indicate

24 sexual assault? No.

5 Christina Paulette told you that she

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had fingernail clippings from Sin a and that they used those to see if there was any foreign DNA on 3 them. She told you there was none, okay.

Why do they do that? Well, they do 5 that because if the person being attacked scratches 6 their attacker, it's gonna get their skin underneath 7 their fingernails. And there was none. So if we 8 were to think that Sheila was fighting, maybe that 9 DNA would be there.

Let's talk about the burglary and the robbery for a second. We know there were 12 unknown prints on the CD, CD cases that were in the apartment. Whose are they? Could be Jessie Nava's. They were never checked.

14 15 We talked about the speaker wire. 16 Who pulled that speaker wire out of the back of the 17 stereo? Again, we don't know. But we do know who 18 had the stereo two days later, and we do know that 19 it was a stereo with detachable speakers. It wasn't 20 a boom box. It wasn't a Karaoke machine. It wasn't 21 a DVD player. It wasn't a receiver. It was a 22 stereo with detachable speakers.

23 All those pictures they showed you 24 this morning, how many of those other components had detachable speakers? We know what stereo Jessie had

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1 in his hands.

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2 And I mean the biggest reason we're 3 here this week of course is the murder. The motive. The State does not have to prove beyond a reasonable doubt a motive. It's not part of their job, it's 6 not in the description of murder. They don't even 7 have to show you one. But you know what, wouldn't 8 that be kind of helpful? 9 What was Norman's motive? They

10 didn't show you one. If they had one, they'd certainly show it to you. As you sit here today, the death of

13 Sheila Quarles, the investigation is not finished. 14 This case several times during the last year three 15 years should have been reopened. They should have 16 started looking at it again. It needs to be 17 reopened now. The real killer of Sheila Quarles needs to be found and prosecuted.

18 19 Now, the easy part is for all of us 20 just to reconcile the fact, support their 21 conclusion, but you can't bend facts. You can't 22 mentally fill in all the huge gaps that are left in 23 this case. To do so is just like finding Norman 24 guilty just for the mere sake of convenience because

we're here, but that's not what we're supposed to

do. That's no what we can do.

2 We trust for you to fulfill the 3 promise, fulfill your oath, fulfill your duty, make 4 the correct decision in this case.

Sure, it may be a difficult decision

because Sheila has a grieving mother and she has a 7 grieving family. But what's more important? Convicting the first person that they put up on the R 9 stand or to find the real killer?

As we said before, there's another jury at some point in the future that will be charged with determining whether or not Norman's 12 13 quilty in the Coote case on its full evidence and 14 merits. Trust them and let them do their job in 15 that case like we're trusting you to do your job in 16 this case.

Now, you've heard this before, but the State has a full and complete burden of proving every element of every crime charged beyond a reasonable doubt.

Even if you think that Norman might have committed one of these crimes, that's not enough. You need to think about what the State has actually proven beyond a reasonable doubt in means of the case.

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1 Even if you believe that Norman is -- if the State has proved beyond a reasonable 3 doubt that Norman's guilty of Sheila's murder, that doesn't mean that he's guilty of the sexual assault. You have to take that and look and see if they prove 6 that beyond a reasonable doubt.

7 It also doesn't mean that he's 8 guilty of the burglary and the robbery. Same thing. 9 If you think that Norman may be 10 guilty of the sexual assault or may be guilty of the 11 burglary, that still doesn't mean he's guilty of the 12 murder.

13 These are four separate counts, four 14 separate things, four separate beyond a reasonable 15 doubt.

And look at them each separately. Deliberate on them each separately. Decide each on its own merits and what the State has proven.

19 Think. Has the State proven to you who the last person to have sex with Sheila was? 20 21 Did they prove that Norman ever had possession of 22 the stereo? Well, we know who had the stereo. It

23 wasn't Norman.

24 Did she show -- I mean, not even 25 prove beyond a reasonable doubt, did they even show

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partment complex you that Norman was ever in that

2 on March 24th?

Brass, Lewis family.

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3 In Great Expectations, Charles Dickens wrote, Take nothing on its looks. Take everything on evidence. There is no better rule.

And that's what I want you to do in this case. Look at the evidence. Throughout 8 the entire investigation, nobody identifies Norman 9 as being at the apartment complex that day. Through 10 the cross-examine by the defense, they interviewed 11 several people. Some the police did not, some of 12 the police did know about that were at the apartment 13 complex that day. A lot of them were part of the 14

Look at the evidence surrounding the homicide and the sexual partners of Sheila and they offer the following: Evidence of sexual intercourse does not equal sexual assault. Evidence of sexual intercourse does not equal burglary. Evidence of sexual intercourse does not equal robbery. And finally, evidence of sexual intercourse certainly, certainly does not equal murder.

23 Now that all the evidence has been 24 presented, there's one fact that is crystal clear. With all the people in that small area of the Palm

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Village Apartments, most of who are related to George Brass, on the day of March 24th, 2005, nobody tells you Norman was there.

So your obligation is to go back into the deliberation, break down each of the counts and determine if the State has proven each and every element contained in the amended indictment. Be detailed, be thorough.

You're the judges of the facts. Make your own decisions and do like you told me at jury selection and stick by that decision. Examine each fact and each count and know that suspicion, suspicion is not a fact in which a verdict can be reached. And it will lead you, this all lead you unemotionally and logically to only one conclusion.

Take everything on evidence and you can come to only one conclusion in this case, Norman is not guilty of sexual assault, Norman is not quilty of robbery, Norman is not guilty of burglary,

19 20 and above all, Norman is not guilty of murder.

21 THE COURT: Do you want a break? Okay.

22 Let's take a rest room break.

23 During this break, don't talk or 24 converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any

subject connected with this trial. 25

1 n't read, watch or listen to any 2 report of or commentary on the trial or any person 3 connected with this trial by any medium of information, including, without limitation, newspapers, television, internet and radio. 6

Don't form or express any opinion on any subject connected with the trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

9 Pick up with Ms. Weckerly in five 10 minutes.

Whereupon, a recess was taken.)

THE COURT: Let's go back on the record 12 13 in Case No. C228755, State of Nevada versus Norman 14 Keith Flowers.

Let the record reflect the presence of the defendant with his counsel, counsel for the State. All ladies and gentlemen of the jury are back in the box.

Ms. Weckerly.

20 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. It's still good morning. After the comments of Mr. Patrick and 21 22 after hearing a little bit of the information over 23 the last couple of days, I too feel it's important

24 to emphasize and maybe echo the emphasis that Ms.

Luzaich put on the two jury instructions that you've

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been provided by Judge Bell in this case.

The first one was highlighted by Ms. Luzaich and she explained to you in her closing argument that in evaluating the evidence in this case, in any criminal case, of course you are to apply your own common sense.

Each of you ever day makes decisions in your life, in your job, with your family and use your own common sense and intelligence as you make those decisions.

Certainly you're all capable of making all kinds of determinations in your life based on information that isn't established to some sort of metaphysical imaginary certainty. And of course you do this with logic and intelligence and your common sense which you're instructed to apply to your evaluation of the evidence in this case.

So what that instruction about common sense is telling you is that your obligation as a juror is not to blindly take in information. Your obligation as a juror is to weigh it, is to evaluate it. It's to assess it, it's to decide what importance you assign to various pieces of evidence in this case.

Another instruction that I'd like to

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highlight, and it was also high anted by Ms. Luzaich, is that statements by counsel are not

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3 evidence and you are not to speculate in this case.

Now, how does that figure into your deliberations, the idea that you're not supposed to be speculating?

7 Well, recall what Mr. Pike said in 8 opening statement. Certainly the defense has no 9 burden in this case. The defense never has any 10 burden in a criminal case. But what did he tell you 11 in opening statement. He said that you will hear 12 that people have reason to fear George Brass and his 13 family, and that George Brass never returned to that 14 apartment complex after the murder of Sheila 15 Quarles.

Was that how the evidence turned out in this case? George Brass is still friends with the Quarles family. In fact, the opposite was proven. George Brass is still friends with Ralph Fuller -- or with Ralph Quarles. He's still part of the family. That wasn't established by the defense in this case.

23 So when you're back in the 24 deliberation room, it's not your place to speculate well, maybe this could have happened or maybe that

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was the reason why this occurred. You're to decide a case based on the evidence presented and nothing 3

else. 4 Mr. Pike also referenced William Kinsey in his opening statement and he said to you 6 that William Kinsey knew about the social life of 7 Sheila Quarles. You heard from Mr. Kinsey he was in custody as of December of 2004. He had no idea what 8 was going on, he had no personal knowledge of what 10 was going on in Sheila's life at the time she was murdered.

12 You can't speculate as to why Mr. 13 Pike said that. You can't speculate that maybe 14 there's something out there that we don't know 15 about. You are to decide the case based on the 16 evidence.

Mr. Pike and Mr. Patrick told you that the evidence in this case established that Sheila Quarles was getting ready to take a bath and that she left the front door unlocked for her mother because she knew her mom would be returning home 22 from work.

23 What was the actual evidence you heard in this case? Debra Quarles testified that it 25 was her daughter's habit to lock the door.

when Debra Quarles arrives home

2 that morning, when the door is unlocked, that is

3 something unusual. Sheila Quarles, I mean no one

4 would know her better than her mother, would lock

the door. So that tells you that she knew her

6 intruder. And I'll get to more of that later, but

7 certainly you can't speculate that maybe on the 24th

day of March in 2005, contrary to the evidence you

heard which is uncontroverted from Debra Quarles,

10 that maybe something was different on that day, 11 maybe the planets were aligned in a certain way and

12 maybe something occurred which Debra Quarles didn't

13 testify to.

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14 You decide cases based on evidence 15 and evidence is testimony and of course the exhibits 16 that you have.

In my opinion, and certainly you're all the true judges of the facts in this case, there are two scientific realities of this case or two salient facts that are the most important facts in this case in terms of how to look at the evidence.

The first salient fact is the uncontroverted testimony, absolutely uncontroverted testimony by Dr. Simms that Sheila Quarles was

25 sexually assaulted within 30 minutes of her death.

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1 That is a highly important fact, absolutely

uncontradicted by the defense. That means she was

3 sexually assaulted and murdered contemporaneously

4 because there's no other time for anyone else to get

there and murder her after she experiences the

6 sexual assault.

7 How do we know this? Well, Ms. Luzaich explained to you of course that when --9 after Miss -- oops. At autopsy, Ms. Quarles had 10 vaginal lacerations that bled, showing she was 11 alive, but there was no swelling, and that the 12 swelling would be visible and noticeable within 30 13 minutes. So she died within 30 minutes of being 14 sexually assaulted. 15

The second most salient fact in this case was the time of her mother's 911 call which we know was at 2:51 p.m. in the afternoon.

Okay. What does that tell us? The 19 mother of Debra -- or Debra Quarles explained to you 20 that when she found her daughter, which would be right at about 2:51, her daughter was in a bathtub 22 of hot water. A little before 3:00 that water is

Well, what does that tell you. At 2 o'clock 23

if the murder occurred then, maybe it would be warm. 24

it certainly wouldn't be hot. Earlier than that,

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1:30, the water's not gonna be hot by 3 o'clock 2 later on in the day.

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And so what this does is makes for a very, very small, short time frame in which this murder and sexual assault could be committed. Probably about 2 o'clock, maybe past 2 o'clock, but I doubt much earlier, 2 o'clock. So Debra comes home at ten to 3:00 is the time period that we're talking about for the murder.

And I would ask you to keep in mind that time frame as you analyze the facts and the evidence in this case, because they eliminate every other possibility besides Norman Flowers as the killer.

Now, Mr. Patrick suggested to you that it was appropriate for you to disregard the information you heard about the Marilee Coote case. I have no doubt that Mr. Patrick

19 would like you to completely ignore the fact of the 20 Marilee Coote case, to completely ignore that his 21 client sexually assaulted Marilee Coote in May of 22 2005, five weeks after Sheila's murder, that his

23 client strangled Marilee Coote five weeks later 24 after murdering Sheila Quarles in 2005.

But Judge Bell has given you the

instruction that tells you why this information came

into evidence. This wasn't presented as sort of an

3 aside or something that may be you'd find

interesting in jury, in your jury deliberations. It

was evidence that you are to consider. And what you 5

do is consider it for the purpose in which that

7 instruction tells you it's offered. It is not to be

considered in a generalized sense.

So you cannot use it in the sense of well, if Mr. Flowers committed this murder in May, he must be a violent guy, therefore he's the guy responsible for the Quarles' murder in March.

13 That's an improper use of the evidence.

14 But what you can use the information 15 for is it, is does it give you information regarding the identity of Sheila Quarles's murderer. Does it 16 17 give you information regarding the intent of Sheila 18 Quarles murderer. And does it give you information 19 regarding whether Sheila Quarles consented to sex with Norman Flowers similar to gee, did Marilee

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21 Coote consent to that sex, too, with the anal tears

22 and the vaginal lacerations? Does it help you to

identify Sheila Quarles's murderer when you look at 23

what you know happened in May of 2005. 24

You know that Mr. Flowers knew

someone at both of these apartment complexes. He

knew Debra Quarles and he had a girlfriends named

3 Mawoose Ragland at the Marilee Coote complex.

You know in both of these cases

5 there was no sign of forced entry in either case.

6 Sheila certainly would have recognized him and

7 opened the door for him, Marilee Coote would have

8 recognized him from hanging out with a girlfriend,

wouldn't be afraid of him, would open the door for 10 him.

11 You know that in both of these cases

there was sorts of a minor low-grade type robbery 13 that occurred associated with the sexual assault and

14 the murder of the two victims.

15 In Marilee Coote's case, her car was 16 moved a little bit, the keys were gone and of course 17 we have the stereo and the cell phone that was taken 18 in the Sheila Quarles's case.

19 Do those similarities help you 20 identify who might be the killer in the Sheila

21 Quarles's case? Of course it does.

22 What about the fact that they're

23 both strangled? Does that give you information as

to who might be responsible, who might be the killer

25 of Sheila Quarles? Of course it does.

How about the fact that they were

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both sexually assaulted? A sexually motivated

3 murder.

Mr. Patrick says there's no motive

in this case. It is a sexually motivated murder.

How do we know this? Look what happened to the

7 victim. Sheila Quarles is violently sexually

8 assaulted. That might be a motive for the murder.

9 And what happens five weeks later, oh, wow, Marilee

10 Coote is violently sexually assaulted and then she's

strangled as well.

12 Does the fact of the crime that 13 occurred five weeks later give you information that 14 is probative, that is clear and convincing and that 15 is important and relevant in terms of your

16 determination of just who might be responsible for

17 Sheila Quarles's murder? Of course it does.

18 You're not to disregard the evidence. If you believe it was proven by clear and 19

20 convincing evidence, you're to apply it to your 21 evaluation of the evidence in the Quarles case.

22 And incidentally, this doesn't

23 rocket science. I mean, there are very obvious

24 similarities that occurred in both cases. Is that

something you think is probative or not?

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Let's talk about beorge Brass. The defense in this case is a little bit of a work in 3 progress or sort of a varying well, maybe it's George Brass who did it and oh, no, it's Jessie Nava 5 who's the one who's really responsible. Oh, wait. 6 Maybe it was the guy who was dealing weed to Miss 7 Maybe some combination of those people. Sena.

8 Let's talk about George Brass. Should the police have identified him sooner by 10 making those calls to the young ladies on Sheila 11 Quarles' cell phone records? Absolutely. That is a 12 fair valid criticism. Does it change any of the 13 information that we know about the case, about how we discovered George Brass? No. George Brass will 14 15 a sexual relationship with Sheila Quarles.

Now, defense told you in opening statement that Brass is the killer and that was alluded to a little bit by Mr. Patrick, but then it switched to Mr. Nava. But generally they said George Brass kept himself hidden for three years and his family kept him hidden, too, and everybody in that entire complex was afraid. Even Debra Quarles we'll hear. So no one, no one said that Sheila was having sex with George Brass.

Well, what happens when the police

1 finally show up on George Brass's door step? He tells them, yeah, I've had a sexual assault with 3 Sheila that's been going on a long time. He doesn't ask for a lawyer, he doesn't ask to remain silent. 5 He's sitting in custody, but when the police come 6 and ask him, he gives it up. He says I had this 7 relationship. I mean, certainly by then, he knows

9 do with it, do you think he might have been a little 10 more evasive about yes, I had sex with her and you're gonna find my DNA in her vaginal swabs as 11

she's been murdered. If he really had something to

12 well because I had sex with her that day? He

13 doesn't do any of that.

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And you saw him testify. You're the judges of his demeanor. How did he appear to you? Did he appear evasive, did he appear like he just might be the real killer or was he some guy who didn't want to be here, who clearly said I had sex with her and then I went to work.

20 You are to evaluate his demeanor and

you can certainly take that into account in the 21 22 deliberation room.

23 Now, how about the suggestion that Brasses family kept him hidden for three years. 24

It's a little more accurate to say that maybe the

police weren't asking the right people the right

questions, but certainly there's been no evidence in

3 this case whatsoever that anyone has made any

attempt to hide George Brass from the police.

5 What happened to Mr. Lewis? He was 6 cooperative with the police, he gave his own buckle 7 swab up. He certainly wasn't trying to hide

8 anything about his nephew.

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And what was the suggestion that Mr. Patrick made? That people are frightened of George

Brasses family. Just how was it then that the police learned of George Brass's existence. Well, 12

13 they learned it from Ameia Fuller. The young lady 14 who testified that she was Sheila's cousin and also,

15 you know, they were certainly friends as well. He's

16 the one that gives us George Brass's name.

17 Now, if people were so afraid of the 18 Brass family, is Ameia just braver than anybody else 19 or was it just not some big secret in a case where 20 the police are miscommunicating with people that 21 might know some information?

22 And to believe that George Brass is 23 the killer or the one responsible in this case,

24 you'd have to disregard his alibi. No one disputes

No one can say he wasn't at Wal-Mart. His 25 that.

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1 card was swiped in at 12:04. Sheila was alive

beyond that. He just cannot be the killer.

4 conspiracy theory, is it possible in this world that his card wasn't swiped on that day by himself? Is 6 it possible that maybe his supervisor is some in

If you engage in some sort of

7 twisted conspiracy with George Brass to help him get away with murder? I guess. But there's no evidence

9 in this case to suggest that.

10 And certainly when you have Brass's 11 demeanor and his willingness to cooperate with the 12 police, you can pretty much disregard that as rank 13 speculation, which you're not supposed to do in this 14 case.

And just as a side note, compare George Brass's reaction to the police with the defendant's. The police asked him, did you have a sexual assault relationship with Sheila. Brass says yes, I did. Did you have sex with her that day, the day of the murder. Brass says yes, I did. In fact,

20 21 the relationship has been going on for awhile.

22 you know Sheila and her family. I'm friends with

23 her brother, I know her mom, her mom knows my mom.

24 No attempt to hide information. Were you there on

the day of the crime, George. Yeah, I was there on 25 App. 000612_{30 of 51 sheets}

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the day of the crime and then I ent to Wal-Mart to go to work.

By contrast, what was Mr. Flowers' response to the police when they started asking him about Sheila Quarles' murder. Mr. Flowers, do you know someone by the name of Debra Quarles? No response. They show him a photo. Mr. Flowers, do you know Debra. Do you know this woman. I'm not

9 saving. 10 MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: What's the objection? 12 MR. PIKE: Edwards versus State,

13 post-Miranda silence.

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THE COURT: Well, he wasn't silent. He was cooperative with the police and he was discussing the matter with him. He just didn't say anything as to that particular question. If he exercised his right to remain silent, of course you

18 19 would have that right. Go ahead. 20 MS. WECKERLY: Mr. Flowers, do you know 21 Debra. And they show him the photo. I'm not 22 saying. Mr. Flowers, do you know someone named 23 Sheila. No, doesn't know Sheila. This woman that 24 he's supposed according to Mr. Patrick having a consensual sexual assault relationship, he doesn't

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know her real name. He only knows her nickname.

2 That's odd.

> George Brass knows her real name and he's having sex her. Quince Toney knows her real name, but all of a sudden it's Mr. Flowers who can't quite put together if he knows these people for the police, for the benefit of the investigation.

6 7 8 Why is he so evasive? And why was 9 he Mr. Helpful to Debra Quarles right after the 10 murder? Why was he so willing and so concerned to 11 talk to her about the extent of the investigation 12 and how things were going and if she was getting 13 grief counseling? Why was he willing to do that 14 with Debra, but when the police show up to get 15 information about the investigation, he can't even 16 remember if he knows Debra. I wonder why that would 17 be?

Now, certainly that type of evidence isn't like a mathematical calculation that you can make like the DNA evidence, but you can consider it and obviously should consider it in your evaluation 22 of all the evidence in this case.

23 Let's talk about Mr. Lewis. He is Debra Quarles's friend who stayed the night with her 25 and also helped pull Sheila Quarles out of the

bathtub. 1

2 And I guess the suggestion made by 3 Mr. Patrick is that well, maybe he was, maybe he was

4 the killer because we didn't check whether he pawned

anything. Or if you don't buy that, he's part of the conspiracy to hide his nephew George Brass who

7 admitted to being with Sheila Quarles on the day of

8 the murder.

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Now, Mr. Patrick reviewed with you his interpretation of George Brass or of Robert Lewis's testimony. He said that Robert Lewis saw Brass, that he pointed out to Chicken his nephew

12 13 that Sheila was alone in the apartment. And Mr.

14 Patrick also said that Robert Lewis sort of took

15 note of the comings and goings of his nephew at

16 Sheila Quarles's apartment on the day of the murder.

I trust you all took notes as to 17

18 Robert Lewis's testimony, and I would ask you to

19 rely on your own recollection of what his testimony 20

was in terms of who and what he was aware of on the 21 day of the murder and rely on that rather than Mr.

22 Patrick's characterization of what Mr. Lewis said he

23 saw with regard to his nephew.

24 And just aside from that, do you 25 really think Robert Lewis is involved in some

1 conspiracy to hide his nephew? His nephew said he

had the sexual relationship with Sheila Quarles.

3 What's to hide at this point?

4 Now, let's talk about Jessie or Jesus Nava and Ms. Sena. And sort of mid-way

through the defense's closing argument, it was

7 alluded to you that this is the killer. It's now 8 Jessie Nava. Let's forget Brass, forget Robert

9 Lewis and concentrate on Jessie Nava because he's

the killer or maybe the guy who was dealing me. 10

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Now, I have no doubt that Ms. Sena 12 who was the young lady who testified to you 13 yesterday -- or for you yesterday is doing her

14 absolute best to recall what she remembered on that 15 dav.

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But by her own admission, she was 17 doing methamphetamine 24 hours a day at that time. 18 And by her own admission that made her a little 19 paranoid. That alone should tell you that maybe 20 this young lady is not the most reliable source of 21 information as to times and who was there on the 22 24th.

And she, you know she's clearly off with her times because she testified that she heard Debra Quarles's screaming less than an hour after

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she got home. She said she got nome at noon and within an hour she hears Debra Quarles screaming about the death of her daughter.

Does that fit with our time frame what I told you at the very beginning of that 911 call being at 2:51? No.

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Ms. Sena is about two hours off at a minimum. She also says that she thought she saw George Brass there on the afternoon of the murder. That's what she said, I thought I saw him. This is someone she sees every day.

And she's someone who we know was under the, you know, was under the influence at the time she was observing all this and we also know she's someone, is someone that wasn't too accurate in terms of time.

17 So you as a jury have to decide 18 which version of events do you trust. Do you trust 19 George Brass saying I left and went to work which by 20 the way is corroborated by his work card or do you 21 trust Ms. Sena who is using methamphetamine at the 22 time who you know provided, although certainly not 23 in terms of a lie, but provided inaccurate 24 information as to time.

I would submit to you that George

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Brass is the more likely source of information. What about this mysterious man that

3 she sees, the tall guy and the flannel shirt? Well, maybe he's the real killer says Mr. Patrick. He's

the guy or this is the guy that she's trying to buy

6 weed from for her boyfriend and in her paranoid

7 admittedly meth induced state, well, I see him

8 around the apartment. Not inside Sheila's

9 apartment, not inside the doorway of Sheila's

10 apartment, but between the two doors that face each

11 other at the apartment complex.

12 And what did she say? Oh, for all I 13 know, he could have been coming out of the other 14 apartment.

15 And what do you know about Sheila 16 Quarles? Her tox screen was clean. She wasn't 17 using any drugs at the time. So this weed dealer did not have contact with her. She's home alone. 18

19 What other purpose would he have to contact her? 20 And it's interesting to me that the 21 defense is suggesting to you that you should

22 consider this person as a potential killer who has 23

no connection whatsoever to Sheila Quarles' body or

24 her apartment, but you're to speculate which you're

25 not supposed to do, that maybe somehow he's involved

1 in this.

2 Any evidence to support that? Zero.

3 None whatsoever. So you're to ignore all the 4 evidence and think oh, gosh, maybe it was this guy.

5 Let's talk about Jessie Nava and the 6 radio. Now, Mr. Patrick went to great lengths to

7 tell you that Jessie or that Ms. Sena saw Jessie

Nava with the stereo. Really?

9 Was that her testimony? Didn't they 10 show him or show Ms. Sena that picture of the stereo

11 itself and say is this what you saw with Jessie

12 Nava, is that what he was carrying? And what was

13 her response to that? I don't know. I don't know

14 what it looked like.

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15 But he must have said 20 times, I 16 mean conservatively 20 times that she saw Jessie 17 Nava with that three CD stereo. Was that the 18 evidence in this case? No. Absolutely not.

And what did you learn this morning? You learned that there was a boom box or, you know, a way to play music that was also stolen from the

22 residence after the police did the investigation.

23 And of course that makes sense, right?

24 You know that Debra Quarles was so distraught that she left that apartment and went to

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1 her son's house and never went back. That apartment

was vacant until they went back a day or two later

3 and started packing up the stuff. And what's

4 missing at that point, the boom box. Is this

something that they reported to the police? No. Is

6 that surprising? Probably not given what they've

7 been through as a family when your daughter has been

8 sexually assaulted and murdered, maybe you're not

9 thinking, gosh, I really want to report that I lost

10 my \$30 boom box in connection with this.

11 What happened is Ms. Sena gets 12 arrested on the night or the day of the murder. 13 comes back two days later and Jessie Nava says to 14 her, as she explained to you, that he took a radio

15 from the dead girl's apartment. Yeah, he took it

16 after the police were there when the Quarles were

17 all staying at the brother's house. He's not the killer.

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19 Besides that, to reiterate, use your 20 common sense. Do you think that this person who's 21 sort of the local thief, the manager sees him 20

22 times in the apartment complex, he's trespassing

23 here and there, the management's always telling him

24 to leave, do you think this is the guy that all of a sudden was like I'm gonna steal a radio and while 25

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name.

I'm here, I'm gonna commit a sexual assault and murder. Totally different than everything else, 3 totally different than what he's been known for which is trespassing and very low-grade type crimes. Is it him who's the killer or maybe it's the guy who killed somebody and strangled and sexually assaulted

someone else five weeks later. I mean, in essence for you to believe that anyone, Jessie Nava, George Brass, Robert Lewis, the guy who was dealing marijuana, for you to believe that anyone other than the defendant committed this crime, you would have to accept the following facts. You would have to believe that this stranger was invited in at Sheila's invitation because it's undisputed that there's no sign of forced entry. You would have to believe that they sexually assaulted her because you know that sexual assault occurred within 30 minutes of her death. That someone this mystery person sexually assaulted her without leaving a speck of DNA in her.

person sexually assaulted Sheila without leaving a

Is it possible the person used a

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So I guess because we know once you

take out -- in that mixture, once you take out

Sheila's DNA and once you take out George Brass's

DNA, you're left with one profile. So somehow this

1 trace of DNA.

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2 Maybe the person used a condom, 3 maybe they used an object, but you know, nurse Ebbert said that if they used an object to sexually assault, you'd see, you know, something different 6 than the injuries that we saw.

condom? Well what else would have to be true? You would have to believe that even though this person sexually assaulted Sheila Quarles and took steps to make sure that not a trace of DNA was left in her, that this phantom killer all of a sudden decided I'm gonna put her in the bathtub for no apparent reason. Because truly the only reason to put her in a tub of hot water is to destroy DNA evidence. If you haven't left any there because you used a condom or you used an object, there is absolutely no reason for her to be put in a tub of

18 19 hot water. 20 But it doesn't just stop there. 21 phantom killer according to the defense is pretty 22 much the luckiest person who's ever been in Las 23 Vegas because as luck would have it, right after 24 this phantom killer kills Sheila Quarles, Norman 25 Flowers commits a identical crime five weeks later leaving his DNA In that victim. In the exact same way, a manual strangulation, a robbery, a non-forced

entry, and a sexual assault.

And what luck for this phantom killer, right? Because now it looks like Norman Flowers did it instead of him.

7 But it doesn't just stop there. R This phantom killer gets even luckier because when the police go to talk to Norman Flowers, as luck 10 would have it and for no apparent reason, he's 11 uncooperative with the police. He's evasive, he's 12 saying he doesn't know the family. He's not even 13 sure of the fame of the woman he allegedly had the 14 consensual sexual relationship with.

MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor. Misstates the evidence. He said he had his other case when they talked with him. And the fact that there was no response, it doesn't mean that there wasn't an attempt to respond.

20 THE COURT: I'm not disagreeing with you. 21 I mean, they can -- they heard exactly what was

22 said. It was read verbatim. 23

What the lawyers say is not 24 evidence, but if there's a slight misstatement one 25 way or the other by any of these people, they don't

1 intend it, but me recollection is, you're right, Mr. Pike, my recollection is that wasn't exactly what 3 was said, but go ahead.

MS. WECKERLY: My recollection of what he said when they said, when Detective Sherwood asked him, do you know Sheila, his response was no, no response. And then he said oh, I, I knew her only by her nickname. Like this woman he's having this consensual relationship with, boy, it's just a mystery what her real name is even though I know her mother and her family, but I don't know her real

13 The reality is there's no phantom killer in this case. And it's not Robert Lewis and 15 it's not Jessie Brass and it's not Jessie Nava and 16 it's not Kudos Who. It's Norman Flowers and it's no 17 one else.

Now, Mr. Patrick kind of in my

opinion stretched the boundaries of science and certainly what was testified to by a Dr. Simms in this case, he actually suggested to you that because the strangulation marks on each of these victims wasn't identical because they didn't have

23 24 measurement equal petechial hemorrhages that somehow

25 that told you they are strangled by two different

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1 people.

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2 Does that strike you as logical? Do you think they might have had a different level of 3

fight in them? Did Dr. Simms at all suggest that gosh, this might not be done by the same one. My 7 goodness, look at this, the petechial hemorrhages aren't identical. That means that the same person couldn't have done both of these murders. It's illogical. It makes no sense.

11 Mr. Patrick said we don't know when the semen of Norman Flowers was put in Sheila 12 Quarles.

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14 Well, what did you hear from Christina Paulette? The level of semen for both 15 16 George Brass and Norman Flowers was identical from 17 this vaginal swab. You know George Brass had sex 18 with her that day. What does that tell you? Norman 19 Flowers had sex with her that day, too. The level of DNA is the same.

20 21 Besides that, you know that when she 22 came home that morning, she was wearing pajamas and 23 that her jeans and panties are the clothes that are 24 founds on the bathroom floor once she's been 25 murdered.

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I don't think it's a big assumption or a big leap in logic to suggest that maybe she changed her underwear as well as her other clothes. So when they find Norman Flowers' semen and George Brass's semen on her panties, it's because those were, that was the pair of underwear she was wearing that day. That tells you when he sexually assaulted her. The mark on the bathtub, that, that

mark that, you know, Detective Vacarro said well, it was a dark color, it looked like blood, but the crime scene analyst, Detective Sherwood and those who got a close look at it said it's not blood. It's sort of an irrelevant point in this case, but. Let's talk about the fingerprints. Mr. Patrick said that there's no fingerprints at

14 15 16 17 Marilee Coote's apartment and so that suggests that 18 he wasn't even there on the day of her murder.

19 That's interesting. Remember 20 Juanita Curry? She was the lady who was disabled 21 who sat here? She identified him in a photographic 22 lineup. She saw him trying to come in her apartment

23 as the police are upstairs trying to investigate the

24 murder of her neighbor. He was there.

And the fact that his prints aren't

in Marilee's a tment isn't a really big shock

because the whole place was wiped down.

Now, Mr. Patrick spent time saying, you know, why 5 didn't they test the carpet and find out if George Brass had sex with Sheila in the living room or in

Let's talk about the carpet stains.

the bedroom. They had a two year sexual 7

relationship. They could have found George Brass's semen on the couch, on the floor or on the bed.

10 It would tell them nothing in terms 11 of timing because you can't time DNA out of the 12 human body. It wouldn't tell them anything. There 13 was no reason to do that type of a testing.

14 Then Mr. Patrick talks about the 15 speaker wire. Why wasn't that tested for DNA. Oh, 16 yes, by all means forget the DNA that's actually in 17 the sexually assaulted victim, forget the DNA that's

18 in the sexually assaulted strangled victim five 19 weeks later. It's the speaker that's gonna break

20 the case wide open. It's not logical.

21 Mr. Schiro -- I'm gonna talk just 22 briefly about the DNA statistics. Mr. Schiro and 23 Ms. Paulette essentially agreed on the statistical

24 analysis in this case.

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And Mr. Schiro even agreed that

99.99 percent of the population can be excluded as a source of that DNA in Sheila Quarles's vagina, but

3 not Norman Flowers.

4 Now, alone, is that, that piece of information, 99.9 percent can be excluded by him? Alone is that beyond a reasonable doubt? Some people may say it is. Some may say it isn't. You follow the instruction that Judge Bell gave you and 9 make your own determination.

But you, unlike the DNA analyst, 11 aren't analyzing this case in a vacuum. They look 12 at the one piece of evidence, they make a 13 calculation about that piece of evidence and they 14 report that; 99.9 percent can be excluded, but not 15 him.

They cannot factor into that calculation that Debra Quarles knew Norman Flowers and saw him hanging out at the apartment complex two weeks before her daughter was murdered, but you can consider that.

They can't put in the calculation 22 that there was no sign of forced entry into the apartment and that Sheila Quarles would likely have known her attacker which of course she would know Norman Flowers.

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They can't put that into the calculation. They can't put into the calculation 3 that Marilee Coote was strangled and sexually assaulted and killed the exact same way five weeks 5 later when they make their calculation. But 6 certainly you can consider that and you should 7 consider that when you're deciding whether this 8 defendant is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. 9 Someone inexplicably, at least to 10 me, Mr. Patrick suggested to you well, maybe this 11 was all the result of rough sex. Maybe they 12 actually consented to it. 13 Sheila Quarles is dead, okay. 14 didn't consent to anything that happened to her that

lacerated, she didn't consent to getting strangled, she didn't consent to being thrown in a bathtub and drowned. Nothing that happened to that young lady was consensual on that day. And I don't think it's too different for Marilee Coote either. Marilee Coote had

day. She didn't consent to having her vagina

21 22 lacerations anally and on her vagina. A violent 23 sexual assault. There is no indication that she 24 consented to any of that as well. 25

And just in sort of closing, the

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State is the only party with the burden in a 1 2 criminal case, but let's be clear what that burden 3 is. It is to prove that this defendant is guilty 4 beyond a reasonable doubt. 5 Our burden is not to prove a 6

negative. It's not to prove that no one else on the planet that it's a metaphysical impossibility for anyone else to have possibly committed this murder. It is our burden to prove that he

10 did this. He did it beyond a reasonable doubt. 11 And you all know and you all live in 12 the real world. Crimes occur in the real world.

13 That's the world that you all make decisions in. 14 And the defense would ask you to 15 look at each piece of evidence and each fact you

16 know about this case in a vacuum. 17

The DNA alone isn't beyond a reasonable doubt. The fact that there wasn't a forced entry alone isn't beyond a reasonable doubt.

19 20 What about the fact that Norman

21 Flowers was hanging out and lying to Debra Quarles 22 about being a maintenance guy, maybe explaining his

23 presence at the apartment. Does that alone show

24 that he's the killer beyond a reasonable doubt? No. 25 But you don't look at each piece of

evidence separately. You're to look at it as a

totality. What does it tell you all put together?

3 Inexplicably his DNA is in the vaginal swabs of a

4 young woman who's been strangled and murdered. He's

that guy. 99 percent of the population can be

6 excluded. He's the guy that can't.

7 reasonable doubt on its own? Maybe, maybe not.

8 The other guy. The other source of the DNA in this young lady's vaginal swab, that

10 guy's got an alibi. He's at work.

11 When you couple that with the 99.9, 12 are you getting a little higher to a hundred

13 percent?

14 His DNA is in her underwear which 15 suggests that he had sex with her that day, probably 16 pulled her underwear to the side as he was sexually 17 assaulting her.

18 99.9 percent of the population can 19 be excluded. The other guy has an alibi, oh, and 20 his DNA is also in the underwear she wore that day.

21 Getting a little higher up to a hundred percent?

22 As you go through this, it's like

23 that list or that column that Christina Paulette

24 showed you of each of the points on the DNA strands.

25 At a certain point, the evidence becomes

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1 exponential.

2 What else? Well, he's a guy who 3 Sheila Quarles would open a door for. He's a guy

that wouldn't have to make a forced entry.

that guy. He's the guy that can't be excluded.

6 He's the guy that's in, that's in the swabs from her

7 underwear. The other guy has an alibi and he's

8 someone she'd open the door for.

9 And of course, what else do you 10 know? He's the guy that committed the crime, an 11 identical crime five weeks later. Marilee Coote is

12 strangled. She's sexually assaulted and property is

13 taken from her, from her apartment.

14 I mean, what are the odds of that, 15 all those facts being true? He can't be excluded, 16 the other guy has an alibi, his DNA is present in

17 his underwear and oh, wait, he committed an

18 identical crime five weeks later in the exact same

19 way. Manual strangulation, sexual assault and 20

murder.

21 What are the odds of that? In what 22 universe is any other conclusion other than him 23 being the killer at all the product of rationale

24 thought and no speculation?

Murder trials, this isn't a game.

25 Page 137 to 140 of 145

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mean, this isn't supposed to be an exercise in 2 creative possibilities, what scenario can I 3 configure with the facts.

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Verdicts and decisions are supposed to be based on evidence and rationale thought. is Norman Flowers who got Sheila Quarles to open that door.

8 It is Norman Flowers who pulled her 9 underwear to the side and sexually assaulted her 10 within 30 minutes of her death.

It is Norman Flowers who unsuccessfully tried to get her underwear back on her clothing, although be it not successfully. It's Norman Flowers who would have

14 15 known that Sheila Quarles could identify him as the 16 perpetrator of the sexual assault without question. 17 She knows who he is.

18 It is Norman Quarles (sic) who 19 strangled her, who took minutes to get her 20 unconscious and then minutes after that to kill her 21 and then ultimately she actually dies of the 22 drowning.

23 It's Norman Flowers who has a reason 24 to put her in that bathtub to try to hide his DNA.

25 It's Norman Flowers who tried to

hide his DNA five weeks later in Marilee Coote's apartments.

And it's Norman Flowers who was responsible for this crime and the crime that occurred five weeks later.

This isn't about every conceivable possibility. This is about an honest consideration of the evidence in conjunction with the law that Judge Bell read you.

10 There is no question that he is the 11 person who is responsible for this crime. The only 12 question left is whether you will hold him 13 accountable for it.

14 THE COURT: Thanks. Okay. The case goes 15 to you now, ladies and gentlemen of the jury.

You're gonna get a verdict form that of course as

17 you know there four counts. Burglary, sexual

18 assault, robbery or just up or down.

19 And the way you do it is you say to 20 yourself has the State proven beyond a reasonable 21

doubt that this defendant's guilty of burglary or

22 sexual assault or robbery.

23 In the murder category, it's slightly different. You have to at first ask 24 yourself has the State proven beyond a reasonable doubt this defendant is guilty of murder in the

first degree. If he is not, then you go and ask

yourself has the State proven he's guilty or murder

4 in the second degree. And if that's not, as with

any charge, not guilty is always the default

6 position.

7 So in the main column, you'll have 8 one box checked and one box not checked in each

9 these four. But if you do find the defendant guilty 10 of murder in the first degree, then there are three

11 possibilities in the special verdict form; whether

it was willful and deliberate, whether it was felony 12

13 murder or whether the jury didn't agree.

14 So it cold be that you could have 15 the first two checked. It could be both willful and deliberate and felony murder or just one of the two, 16 17 or it could be the third.

18 So if you find the defendant guilty 19 of murder in the first degree, you need to sort of 20 answer these three questions; what was our thinking, 21 how did we get there.

22 Okay. With that in mind, Ms. Clerk, 23 will you swear the officer to take charge of the 24 jury and draw the alternates at random.

Now, we're gonna draw two

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1 alternates. Obviously we've used the five days with

14 people. That's great. This case may or may not

3 go on. We may be done today, we may be done

tomorrow. We might go on for another couple of

days. And so the alternates are very important and

6 they -- they'll just stay and be part of the team.

7 Whoever's drawn as the alternates are not allowed to

8 talk with each other or anybody else about the case

9 because we never know at what point in time you're

10 going in as a pinch hitter. It happens all the

11 time.

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So Ms. Clerk?

13 (Whereupon, the officer was sworn to

14 take charge of the jury.)

THE COURT: Ms. Clerk, draw two 15

16 alternates at random and give us a number. Tina has 17 numbers one through 14 in the cup. She just does a

18 blind draw. What number?

19 THE CLERK: Juror No. 10, Niklos Novotny.

> THE COURT: Okay. That's one.

THE CLERK: Juror No. 13, Miadora Nelson.

Okay. You two will be the 22 THE COURT:

23 alternates. You'll kind of be together and the

24 other 12 will kind of be together. You're not

allowed to talk about the case at all App. 000618_{36 of 51 sheets} 25

all 14 will If the case goes 2 reassemble and we'll go on. And it is the case that 3 sometimes we lose one at that juncture and we put people in, but you have to kind of approach the case as though the case is still in progress and we'll just see how it plays out. 7 So Officer Moon will take you all 8 and take you where you need to go. The food is 9 already there. He'll bring in all the evidence and 10 the 12 deliberating jurors need to just tell us when 11 they've reached a verdict and we will reassemble and 12 take that verdict and we will decide what else if 13 anything we have. 14 Take all your stuff. Take your coats, take your purses, take anything you have. 16 (Whereupon, the jury left the 17 courtroom to deliberate.) 18 THE COURT: Okay. The jury has exited. 19 Anything else? 20 MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: Okay. Give your numbers to 22 Tina. 23 ATTEST: FULL, TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS. Jo ann Orduna 24 25

CCR NO. 370

1	CASE NO. C228755 DEPT. NO. VII DEPT. NO. VII			
2	DEPT. NO. VII ON OR 23 8 23 AM '08			
3	P and I			
4	DISTRICT COURT COURT			
5	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
6				
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)			
8	Plaintiff,)) Reporter's Transcript			
9) of vs.) Verdict			
10) Volume 6			
11	NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,) aka NORMAN HAROLD)			
12	FLOWERS, III,)Defendant.)			
13				
14				
15	BEFORE THE HON. STEWART BELL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE			
16	WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 2008			
17	1:37 P.M.			
18				
19	APPEARANCES:			
20	For the State: Pamela Weckerly, Esq.			
21	Elissa Luzaich, Esq. Deputies District Attorney			
22				
23	For the Defendant: Randall Pike, Esq. Clark Patrick, Esq.			
24	Deputies Public Defender			
25	Reported by: JoAnn Orduna, CCR No. 370			

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1		INDEX	PAGE
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3	Verdict		4
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		1	1	LAS VEGAS, CL COUNTY, NV, WEDS, OCT 22, 2008
	1 CASE NO. C228755		2	1:37 P.M.
2 DEPT. NO. VII				
	3 4 DISTR	ICT COURT	3	-000-
		DUNTY, NEVADA		
	6		4	PROCEEDINGS
	7 THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
	Plaintiff, 8) Reporter's Transcript	5	THE COURT. Okey, Let's so back on the
	9 vs.	Verdict	6 7	THE COURT: Okay. Let's go back on the record in Case C228755, State of Nevada versus
	10 NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,	Volume 6	8	Norman Keith Flowers.
	11 aka NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS, III,) }	9	Let the record reflect the presence
	12 <u>Defendant.</u>)	10	of Mr. Flowers with his counsel, counsel for the
	14		11	State. All ladies and gentlemen of the jury are
15 BEFORE THE HON. STEWART BELL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE		12	back in the box.	
	16 WEDNESDAY, O	CTOBER 22, 2008	13	Who would be the foreperson?
	17 1:3	7 P.M.	14	THE FOREPERSON: I am, Your Honor.
	18		15	THE COURT: Sir, have you reached a
	19 APPEARANCES:		16	verdict?
		Pamela Weckerly, Esq. Elissa Luzaich, Esq.	17	THE FOREPERSON: Yes, we have.
		Deputies District Attorney	18	THE COURT: Would you give the verdict t the marshall, please?
		Randall Pike, Esq. Clark Patrick, Esq.	20	THE COURT: Ms. Clerk.
		Deputies Public Defender	21	THE CLERK: District Court, Clark County
	25 Reported by: Johnn Ordur	na, CCR No. 370	22	Nevada. The State of Nevada, plaintiff, versus
			23	Norman Keith Flowers, defendant. Case No. C22875
			24	Department No. 7.
			25	Verdict. We the jury in the
	TNO	2		4
1	<u> I N_</u> [PAGE	1	above-entitled case find the defendant Norman Kei
2		<u></u>	2	Flowers as follows:
			3	Count I, guilty of burglary.
3 Ver	rdict	4	4	Count II, guilty of first-degree
4			5	murder. The jury special verdict. The jury
			6	unanimously finds the murder was committed during
5			7	the perpetration of a burglary, sexual assault or
5			8	robbery.
•			9	Count III, guilty of sexual assault
7				Count IV, not guilty.
,			10	Dated this 22nd day of October,
3			11	
•			12	2008. Todd Pierson, foreperson.
			13	Ladies and gentlemen of the jury,
) 			14	are those your verdicts as read so say you one, s
2			15	say you all?
3			16	THE JURY: Yes.
<u>.</u>			17	THE COURT: Either side desire to have
5 3			18	the jury polled?
7			19	MR. PIKE: Yes, Your Honor, please.
3			20	THE COURT: Ms. Clerk.
9			21	THE CLERK: Michael Murray, are those
) 			22	your verdicts as read?
			23	THE JUROR: Yes.
			1	
2 3 1			24	THE CLERK: Rita Asturi, are those your

	5		7
1	THE JUROR: Yes.	1	everything go and they can't really start that
2	THE CLERK: Zandra Bustamante, are those	2	process until A, we get to this point; and B, we
3	your verdicts as read?	3	find out what it is.
4	THE JUROR: Yes.	4	So we'll be done for today. We've
5	THE CLERK: Jeffrey Miller, are those	5	got to start tomorrow at 10:00. Ms. Luzaich, can't
6	your verdicts as read?	6	be here until 10:00, I've got a big calendar and I
7	THE JUROR: Yes, ma'am.	7	really can't start until 10:00. If I start it at
8	THE CLERK: Wyatt Wulff, are those your	8	9:30, you'd be sitting around for a half hour.
9	verdicts as read?	9	That's not fair to you.
10	THE JUROR: Yes.	10	So we'll start at 10:00, we'll have
11	THE CLERK: Vickie Nicholls, are those	11	opening statements, we'll have witnesses. We'll get
12	your verdicts as read?	12	the witnesses done tomorrow. It will be a good
13	THE JUROR: Yeah.	13	solid day.
14	THE CLERK: Todd Pierson, are those your	14	You know, if there's one witness
15	verdicts as read?	15	that can't come in until the next morning kind of
16	THE JUROR: Yes.	16	like we did before, you know, fine. The arguments
17	THE CLERK: Barbara Helton, are those	17	don't take nearly as long. Nothing takes nearly as
18	your verdicts as read?	18	long.
19	THE JUROR: Yes.	19	We should get you the case I'm
20	THE CLERK: Sharon Hammond, are those	20	thinking sort of about noon Friday and then you're
21	your verdicts as read?	21	gonna decide.
22	THE JUROR: Yes.	22	This is basically four punishments.
23	THE CLERK: Shanna Burley, are those your	23	I'll lay it out, I'll tell you how to do it. This
24	verdicts as read?	24	is kind of what Paul Harvey would call the rest of
25	THE JUROR: Yes.	25	the story, okay. The decision's been made as to
	6	 	8
1	THE CLERK: James Knox, are those your	1	what happened in March of '05. Now the issue is,
2	verdicts as read?	2	you know, who is the defendant, what is the
3	THE JUROR: Yes.	3	defendant, what else is there about him that the
4	THE CLERK: Guy Stablein, are those your	4	good, bad, the ugly that affects what the overall
5	verdicts as read?	5	fair decision should be in light of what the conduct
6	THE JUROR: Yes, ma'am.	6	was. And you'll hear, you'll hear anything that the
7	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, ladies and	7	parties have that they think bears on that and then
8	gentlemen. As you know, when I told you earlier as	8	you make your decision.
9	a result of your verdict, we're gonna have what we	9	So we're still in trial. Rules are
10	call a penalty phase of the trial.	10	still in play.
11	It's like a mini trial in and of	11	During this break, don't talk or
12	itself. It goes the same way a trial goes. We have	12	converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any
13	opening statements, we have witnesses for the State,	13	subject connected with this trial.
14	witnesses for the defense, a little bit of	14	Don't read, watch or listen to any
15	instructions and closing argument, but it's much	15	report of or commentary on the trial or any person
16	smaller in scope and much narrower.	16	connected with this trial by any medium of
17	A day and a half total start to	17	information, including, without limitation,
18	finish I'm saying. You know, I told you we'd be	18	newspapers, television, internet and radio.
19	done Thursday or Friday. If we'd had a verdict last	19	Don't form or express any opinion on
20	night, which is no reason we should or shouldn't	20	any subject connected with the trial until the case
21	have, then we'd have started today and we'd probably	l	is finally submitted to you.
22	be done towards the end of business Thursday.	22	I'm positive Mr. Kahara will at
	De dolle comande che elle of business filersuay.		a m poorerro in a namara min ac
1	Wa're donne have to etert tomorrow	23	least write an article saving what your verdict was
23	We're gonna have to start tomorrow	23	least write an article saying what your verdict was tomorrow. So that will be the Nevada section.
1	We're gonna have to start tomorrow and be done towards the end of business Friday because they have to line up witnesses and get	23 24 25	least write an article saying what your verdict was tomorrow. So that will be the Nevada section. We'll start at 10:00, we'll take all

the potential jury instructions.

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I left that in

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MR. PIKE: The court, the court overheard

arguments from both sides, determined that that door

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THE COURT: Well, it's ot so much that. It's not so much that. I'm not sure that it had. I really didn't get there.

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I mean, the idea of the door being opened is there is an area of substance about which testimony is not allowed, but if one side goes into it inadvertently or intentionally, the other side is entitled to sort of even the playing field. But that doesn't nonetheless make evidence that would be otherwise inadmissible under the rules of evidence admissible.

12 So I didn't really get to opening the door. If they had opened the door, I would have 13 14 let you put in admissible evidence.

But the truth is I would have let you put in admissible evidence through Mr. Kinsey whether Long said that or not. If Kinsey in fact had personal knowledge of any of these things that would have arguably been helpful to your client, he could have testified to that before they put on the rebuttal.

22 The point was it doesn't make 23 inadmissible evidence admissible. It just gives the 24 other side the right to sort of even the playing 25 field on an issue.

But it wasn't an opening the door issue. It was -- it still doesn't make any hearsay information he has admissible.

I would have let you ask Kinsey if Kinsey had known, but Kinsey couldn't have known any of this because he'd been in jail since five months before this incident. So that was the basis of the rule.

But let me say this: You did timely approach, you did timely make that issue. The record you have made is a fair recitation of the position that you asserted and I think the record's preserved.

14 MR. PIKE: Thank you very much.

15 THE COURT: Ms. Weckerly, anything you

16 want to say on that?

MS. WECKERLY: Well, no, just -- I mean, he's talking about two levels of hearsay at this point, that something that Sheila told Kinsey that Kinsey said to their investigator and me asking the question about Detective Long about Kinsey not providing information --

23 THE COURT: No.

24 MS. WECKERLY: -- couldn't open the door.

THE COURT: I think, I think -- I don't

g the door issue. I think what he see it as open wanted to do is how can I recall Kinsev and ask him were you aware of this.

4 But again, it's, it's two different 5 things. It's areas that you can go into and it's what evidence is admissible to prove those things 7 and this hearsay information is not admissible. regardless of what the State has proven.

Do you have anything else? MR. PIKE: Yes. In order to save some

10 11 time for tomorrow, the State is going to bring in 12 the custodian of records and to bring forth the 13 records of any violations of conduct that Mr. 14 Flowers may have at the Nevada Department of 15 Corrections.

I'd object to those as being hearsay. It's a standard objection that's made, but we have to have a judge grant it.

THE COURT: Well, the general proposition is hearsay is admissible to these things, but I understand how you and your office does your job which is very thorough, and that is we have to not only comply with today's law, we have to anticipate that there may be a change of the law and we have to protect the record, so if there's a change in the

law, we don't lose the benefit of that change for our client because we didn't anticipate it.

3 MR. PIKE: Right. And so for the record, a non --

THE COURT: Your objection --

MR. PIKE: -- confrontation clause, I'd 7 make that objection both as to the record from the Nevada Department of Corrections and the Clark County Detention Center.

10 THE COURT: And that objection will be 11 overruled. And we made our record right now and 12 then you can make that argument -- well, there's 13 gonna be an appeal regardless.

MR. PIKE: Right. And in reference to the due-process issues on the aggravators that they're looking, that the State has evidenced in their notice of intent to seek the death penalty, the allegations of a prior, priant, prior -- excuse me. It's been a rough couple of days. Prior violent felony.

THE COURT: I mean, obviously the defense is disappointed with the verdict, but I thought you 22 guys did a terrific job for your client. And

23 24 obviously the jury struggled with this case. They'd

been out for more than 24 hours.

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appreciate those MR. PIKE: Thank you. 2 kind words.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

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MR. PIKE: In reference to the prior violent felonies, they are alleging both a first degree arson and a robbery with the use of a deadly weapon.

I'd object to those in reference to due process and the narrowing requirements of Witherspoon in particular with the robbery with use of a deadly weapon.

The facts indicate that Mr. Flowers did not have the weapon, but he participated as a principal involved in that offense.

15 THE COURT: How is that not a crime of 16 violence then?

MR. PIKE: The crime is a crime of violence. His acts weren't the violent acts of 18 19 producing the weapon and demanding that.

And so as it -- the statute fails to distinguish between a major participant and then a principal under liability for purposes similar.

And I draw the analogy to in the event that the State was seeking the death penalty 24

against Mr. Flowers and there had been a shooting

and he had not been the actual shooter, then 2 they'd --

3 THE COURT: Is there a case law that 4 distinguishes those?

MR. PIKE: And I apply that analogously to the situation for the aggravators. I think that to just allow the fact that he was convicted and was a participant or principal as it ultimately happened to be, that that does not provide for a sufficient narrowing of the offenses.

THE COURT: Let me ask you this: I mean, I think that in the case of the getaway driver, at least in most instances, I think it's jurisdiction. You can't -- he is just not eligible for the death penalty. And there may be exceptions of that, but I think generally it's jurisdictional.

16 17 In the case of a prior and the issue of that prior, if it is allowable, are you not still 18 free to point out his limited participation just 19 like the State would be free to point out his major 20 21 participation?

I mean, isn't it, isn't it matter 22 that the jury can give that weight rather than being 23 jurisdictional? It comes in, it is a crime of 24

violence and yet if he's a secondary or teshiary

(phonetic) pla r, maybe you're not gonna give it

the same weight as if he'd put the gun to the baby's

head and says I'm gonna blow your kid's head off if

you don't hand over your purse.

MR. PIKE: And the court's accurately stated the current law that that is exactly what the 7 State would be able to do and then what we could do is we can argue for the --8

9 THE COURT: I understand what you're 10 saving.

11 MR. PIKE: It's not yet jurisdictional.

12 I think it should be.

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THE COURT: And you know, me, I don't have the real legal authority to say well, I think 14 the supreme court should do this or that. I have to follow the law as it is. And if I follow the law as it is, sometimes later they tell me I shouldn't have.

19 But nonetheless, I'm gonna let that 20 in. And of course you're free to point out in 21 whatever fashion you want through whatever 22 admissible evidence you have what you think is exculpatory in the sense of his total participation 23

and how should, that should be a make weight in

25 their decision, you know, tomorrow.

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1 MR. PIKE: Thank you. And finally in reference to the items that I believe they're going 3 to bring into evidence of some arrests or misdemeanors that are involved and his other bad acts, I think it's improper to bring in anything

other than, than prior violent felonies.

7 THE COURT: Well, the law says pretty much the whole record can come in, but I don't know that people place much weight on anything. But just 10 an arrest that doesn't amount to anything or misdemeanors, who cares if he has a trespass or a 11 12 DUI.

13 MR. PIKE: Thank you.

14 THE COURT: But I think they can just come it, put his rap sheet in. 15

MR, PIKE: Thank you. And the situation 16 with the, the older felonies in his record and the 17 rest of that is that, that because he is a prior 18 felon, an ex-felon, that whole aggravator almost 19 creates a status aggravator. 20

It's not articulated that way, it's 22 never put on there, but those are brought forward 23 and they become, they become in the juror's mind an 24 aggravating factor. 25

THE COURT: What does?

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MR. PIKE: The fact tha it occurred --2 well, that he has these prior felonies. 3 THE COURT: Well, I mean, I hope that it 4 doesn't in this sense: I mean, I'm going to instruct them that there's only these aggravators, 6 the specifically listed aggravators and those are 7 the only things they can consider in determining Я aggravating circumstances and those are the only 9 things that they can weigh against any of the

11 I mean, they're gonna get instructed on that

12 hopefully clearly enough that they understand and 13 all this other stuff can come into play after they

14 have determined whether they're making a decision 15 amongst four possibilities or three. Then they

mitigators that they have and they can't consider -

16 weigh everything they want.

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But I hope the instructions are gonna be clear to say you cannot do that. And I've taken what you've got, I've taken what Ms. Weckerly's got. I've kind of put a package

21 together, but if you have some even better language 22 that you think makes that clear, I mean we don't

23 have any disagreement on the law and I have to 24

presume that they're gonna follow the law.

And the law says they cannot

1 consider that until they have decided whether the aggravators outweigh the mitigators and then it comes in as a make way.

So I don't disagree with you. If you've got better language that makes it more clear than what was already put in, I'll certainly be glad to consider that because you're right.

MR. PIKE: Thank you. And it's obvious from the time that they spent deliberating the verdict that this is a thorough jury.

It seems as though that they are following the instructions to the best of their ability. So we, again we talked about trust throughout that.

The final --

THE COURT: You know, you never know what goes on in the jury room and hopefully we're never gonna be in a position to know. Hopefully the sanctity of that has some value.

20 I think not only the fact that they 21 spent time, but they did find the defendant not 22 guilty of one of these charges.

23 So they went through their mind. I mean, they have some kind of scenario of what 24

happened and what the burden of proof is. And, you 25

know, I think e fact that they found him not 1

guilty of one of the charges and guilty of other of

3 the charges indicates to me they really thought this

through and they discussed it and they, you know,

they weighed everything. I don't know that's the case. It just makes sense to me. 6

MR. PIKE: Thank you.

8 THE COURT: You know, sometimes it's all one way or all the other way. You wonder if the 9 10 baby got thrown out with the bath water, but clearly 11 that didn't happen.

MR. PIKE: Thank you. And the final

13 matter, just to preserve it for the record in case 14 this does become an issue at some time, I know that 15 then raising in other cases that I haven't finished 16 litigating it yet is the equal protection argument 17 that -- it's because of the luxury of the financing 18 that Clark County has that the death penalty is

19 sought in Clark County, Nevada as opposed to many of 20 the other counties within the state.

21 There, I believe there's been one 22 death penalty in the last five years than any other 23 county except for Clark County.

24 So there's a, there's almost a de 25 facto aggravator by having the crime committed here

1 in Clark County, Nevada.

2 The supreme court has not ruled on 3 it, and I don't expect you to create or generate this argument, but I think to preserve it --

THE COURT: Let me point out two things:

One is, I mean Clark County is the engine that drives the train. I mean, Clark County is 70 percent of the population in the state. You're 8

9 gonna have more murders, you're gonna have more 10

murders prosecuted, you're gonna have more death 11 penalties sought. And whatever percentage of those

12 actually come about, it's gonna be -- Clark County

13 is gonna dominate just because of that number. 14

Number two, while it is the case 15 that the Clark County District Attorney's Office is 16 better funded and better capable of doing those

17 things, at least I can say from my experience during

18 the eight years I was district attorney, I loaned

19 deputies from our major violators unit to people in 20 Ely, to people in Lovelock, to -- DiGiacomo is here,

21 he went up someplace, Abby went someplace, Vicky

22 Monroe and Theresa Lowry went someplace.

23 When they were incapable of doing 24 that, I gave them our deputies for free to put them 25 on an even scale.

App. 000627 6 of 10 sheets

25 And thirdly, the ense in those counties isn't nearly as well funded and capable as 2 the defense here. I mean, you have a terrific office. David does a great job. I was very impressed with the way you guys handled yourself. You obviously know the rule. You're very 7 experienced and capable. 8 And so while the State may be a little bit more capable in Clark County, the defense 10 is also equally more capable in Clark County. 11 And usually it's the case that people are sort of on equal footing that justice 12 13 will out. So I'm not sure that's going too much of 14 anywhere. 15 MR. PIKE: Thank you very much. And I 16 appreciate you letting me make the record on that. 17 THE COURT: Listen. This is a death 18 case. It may not come to that. If I had to bet my

house, I don't expect it is, but it is potentially

you want, any time you want. And you know, if we're

not inconvenienced and if you come and approach the

bench as you then want to do, if we forget it, you

know, you can come in two weeks from now and say

You can make a record of anything

1 judge, by the way I forgot to make a record on that, do you remember when we approached the bench, and as long as that's the case, we'll make a record because that's the only fair way to do it to protect everybody's rights.

MR. PIKE: And by way of appreciation, 7 the State has been -- they fulfilled their responsibility in letting me make a record and 9 approaching the bench.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. PIKE: And making sure -- and we've spent, we've spent an inordinate amount of time appropriately before and after the jury has come in making these records.

THE COURT: Well, not an inappropriate amount. I mean, you guys, I've commented before, 16 all of you have done a nice job and you've all been 17 18 professional. A lot of times you get these lawyers harping at one another instead of just doing their job and being pleasant. It makes things a lot 21 better. Obviously this is round one on this

22 23 case with this guy. I mean, there's more, a lot

more rounds to go. There's the appellate round,

there's the other trial round. I mean, this is just 25

round one.

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2 So we'll pick up tomorrow at 10:00 3 and we'll just keep doing our job and that's all we MR. PIKE: Thank you very much, Your

Honor. 7 THE COURT: Okav.

FULL. TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE ATTEST: PROCEEDINGS.

Joann Orduna JO ANN ORDUNA CCR NO. 370

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that.

2 3 THE COURT: Randy, are you ready? 4 MR. PIKE: Yes. On the bottom of page 14. I know you don't need 5 arguments on this. You heard the trial --6 THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Norman Flowers, Case C228755. 7 Absence of -- oh, Flowers is present with his counsel, Mr. Patrick, Mr. Pike; Ms. 8 Rachiele. Submitted? 9 MR. PIKE: Yes, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: Motion is denied for the same reasons that we sort of 11 outlined when we had the bad acts motion. I think your record has been 12 adequately protected, but I understand. 13 MR. PIKE: Thank you so much. 14 THE COURT: Okay. 15 [Proceeding concluded at 8:32 a.m.] 16 17 [Matter recalled at 8:42 a.m.] 18 THE COURT: Pamela, what do you got? 19 MS. WECKERLY: I have Flower --20 THE COURT: They submitted it on the record, and I denied it. 21 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. 22 THE COURT: And I denied it for all the reasons that were outlined in the --

Wednesday, November 12, 2008 - 8:32 a.m.

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stand.

in the bad acts motion we had. I don't think that it added anything to the record,

and you've made a good record with your order and that, and that's where we

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.

[Proceeding concluded at 8:42 a.m.]

ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

RENEE VINCENT, Transcriber District Court, Dept. VII

RenuVincent

(702) 671-4339

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 2009

[Proceeding commenced at 9:09 a.m.]

THE COURT: Page 3, C228755, Norman Keith Flowers.

MS. LUZAICH: Good morning, Judge.

THE COURT: This is time set for sentencing.

MR. PATRICK: Good morning, Judge. Clark Patrick, Randall Pike for Mr. Flowers

THE COURT: All right. We ready to go forward?

MR. PATRICK: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Flowers is present in custody. Mr. Flowers, pursuant to jury verdict entered October 22, 2008 on the following charges: Count 1, burglary; Count 2, murder; Count 3, sexual assault, all felonies. You are hereby adjudicated guilty of those crimes and the jury has already -- let me see, you had a penalty phase and they imposed life without the possibility of parole; is that correct?

MS. LUZAICH: That's correct.

MR. PATRICK: That's correct, Judge.

THE COURT: All right, State, wish to be heard?

MS. LUZAICH: I do, Judge. I also have a speaker in this case and I would ask her to be heard last pursuant to statute.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.

Judge, it's somewhat unfortunate that you get to sentence the Defendant without the benefit of having heard the trial, but in this particular case Sheila, the victim, was an eighteen-year old girl. She had everything in the world

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going for her. She had a job. Everybody loved her. Nobody had anything bad to say about her.

The Defendant was actually part of her life for a period of time because he dated her mother months before Sheila's death. In this particular case, he entered her apartment. He violently strangled her to death after sexually assaulting her; and again the sexual assault was an exceptionally violent sexual assault.

He also, I'm not sure if the Court is aware, has another case pending in District Court 11. This happened on March twenty something, sorry, of 2005 twenty days after he was released from prison on a parole violation. Six weeks after he raped and strangled Sheila to death, he entered an apartment and raped and strangled another lady, Marilee Coote, to death. Within hours of that, he entered another apartment in that same apartment complex and raped and strangled Rena Gonzales to death.

Her seven and nine or so --

THE DEFENDANT: You can't do that. I haven't been in trial.

CORRECTION'S OFFICER: Hey, hey, hey.

MS. LUZAICH: And he has not -- he has not yet been to trial on that case I recognize, but these are certainly things that the Court can take into consideration.

All three of these acts were obviously exceptionally violent, but what's interesting is part of the reason that he was on parole to begin with was, as a juvenile, he entered a bunch of different homes. In one particular home that he entered with the intent to steal, he ended up burning their house down. Their dog was in the bedroom. He lit a fire in the master bedroom and rather than letting the dog out one of the two three doggy doors in the house, he locked the dog in the

master bathroom, so that the dog burned to death in the fire. I mean, that's the kind of person you have here.

And that is why we are asking the Court to sentence him on the burglary and the sexual assault consecutive to the murder. I recognize that life without right now today means life without the possibility of parole. It didn't used too and in the future it might not again. No, obviously we cannot tell the jury that when they sentence, but this Court can certainly take that into consideration.

What he did in this particular case is extremely heinous, but when you look at everything that he has been convicted of and the acts that he is going to be tried for; and for the record, on one of the new cases his DNA is found in her vagina in right in front of her. In the other one it was not. I recognize that, but those two are tied together because they are both friends of the woman that he was, at that time, seeing.

So everything basically comes full circle and I would submit to the Court the Defendant is absolutely earned maximum sentences four to ten on the burglary. And I have no idea why P&P said the sexual assault's a fifteen to life while I would love that to be. It's not the case. It's actually ten to life, so I would ask you to give him the ten to life on the sexual assault consecutive to the murder; four to ten on the burglary consecutive to those counts.

THE COURT: All right. Counsel.

MR. PATRICK: Thank you, Judge.

Looking back at the trial, I think the -- the phrase exceptionally violent does not -- was -- is belied by the facts of the trial. I mean, I understand that sexual assault and homicide are inherently violent crimes, but I think the adjective exceptionally does not apply from the facts of this case. True, Ms. Quarles was

strangled and sexually assaulted, but I don't think it was exceptional as opposed to any other.

Secondly, I'd like to say that according to United State's Constitution, Mr. Flowers stands before you today innocent of any crimes involving Ms. Cootes or Ms. Gonzales. I think the Prosecutor absolutely misspoke when she already convicted him prior to any trial on those matters, so I think you need to take into consideration at this point he is completely innocent of those crimes.

Also, when the jury came back with a verdict of first degree murder in this case, they did not find it to be premeditated and deliberate. They found it under the felony-murder rule in association with the sexual assault and the burglary.

Therefore, I think it's highly appropriate that this Court sentences him concurrent on all the counts. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Mr. Flowers, is anything you wish to state?

THE DEFENDANT: I just want to say that basically that -- that I know -- know the family of the victim are going through a bad time right now and I feel bad about that and I maintain my innocence; and that's it.

THE COURT: All right, we'll here the speaker.

MS. LUZAICH: Debra Quarles.

THE COURT: She may remain back there. Just stand.

MS. LUZAICH: Can she stand where she is; is that okay or here?

THE COURT: Can you hear on the microphone from there?

COURT RECORDER: Just speak loud.

THE CLERK: She can come up.

DEBRA QUARLES

having been called as a speaker and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

THE CLERK: Please state your name. Spell it for us please.

THE SPEAKER: Debra -- Debra Quarles, D-E-B-R-A; last name, Q-U-A-R-L-E-S.

THE COURT: All right, Ms. Quarles, you may make your statement.

THE SPEAKER: Well, I'm back face to face with you once again --

THE COURT: Direct your statements please to the Court.

THE SPEAKER: -- for the most hurtful thing you could have ever done to my family and myself. It hurts me to my soul of how you came into my life with nothing but deceitfulness. I can't understand why you would do such a horrible thing like that to my baby, Pooka [phonetic]. She was so full of love, life and a big future ahead of her. She was so desperate to succeed in life. I know my baby had to put up a struggle for her life and you took it from her for no reason at all, but I hope the Court make you pay for this.

You have made me nothing, but sleepless nights, mind-filled based of what-if's, all asking God to take it back and let it be me not Pooka [phonetic] please. Pooka [phonetic] didn't deserve this neither would I have, but it would have been better had you taken me instead of her. Now all I feel is that if I'd made the mistake of meeting you and being deceived by you. This is something I never can forgive myself for being around someone who had nothing positive on his mind at all just murder.

You took not just a part of me, but more than half of me. I can't function even though I pray everyday, all day. I need medication for every moment of my life. My life is imprisoned from doing -- from you doing this to my baby, but I

know God makes all things possible. See, one day I will be able to see my baby again and it's a place I can look around and know you will never, never be. This place is called heaven where we will reconnect, but remember you will pay for what you did to my baby.

THE COURT: All right, Mr. Flowers, in addition to the \$25 administrative assessment fee, \$150 DNA analysis fee, you are ordered to submit to -- asked to determine genetic markers. Count 1, you're sentenced to a term of a hundred and twenty months Nevada Department of Corrections, minimum parole eligibility of forty-eight months. Count 2, this jury has already imposed a sentence and we'll just formalize its sentence of life without the possibility of parole; and that sentence will run consecutive to Count 1. Count 3, life without the possibility of parole with a minimum parole eligibility of -- it's a hundred and twenty months; correct?

MS. LUZAICH: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: And that sentence will run consecutive to Count 2. And you'll receive seven hundred and sixty-one days credit for time served.

MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.

[Proceeding concluded at 9:20 a.m.]

* * * * *

ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Michelle Ramsey

Court Recorder/Transcriber

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	5	DISTRIC	T COURT				
	6		NTY, NEVADA				
	7						
	8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	CASE NO. C228755				
	9	Plaintiff,	DEPT. IV				
	10	vs.					
	11						
	12	NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS aka					
	13	NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III,					
	14	Defendant.					
	15		HARDCASTLE, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE				
	16		NUARY 29, 2009				
	17		F PROCEEDINGS ICATION ON THE SENTENCE				
	18	APPEARANCES:					
	19	AFFEANANCES.					
	20	For the State:	ELISSA LUZAICH, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney				
	21	For the Defendant:	CLARK PATRICK, ESQ.				
	22	Tor the Berendant.	Deputy Special Public Defender				
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CLERK OF THE COURT	JAN 25	RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, C	OURT RECORDER				
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Ξ			-1- App. 000639				

Thursday, January 29, 2009 at 9:09 a.m.

THE COURT: C228755, Norman Keith Flowers.

MR. PATRICK: Good morning, Judge. Clark Patrick, Special Public Defenders for Mr. Flowers.

MS. LUZAICH: Good morning, Judge. Elissa Luzaich for the State.

This is on -- there is an error in the court minutes. On count 3, the court minutes reflect that he was sentenced on the sexual assault to life without the possibility of parole with parole eligibility after ten years has been served; therefore the JOC is incorrect. So, if the minutes could be corrected to reflect count 3, life with the possibility of parole with a minimum parole eligibility of 120 months.

THE COURT: That will be corrected.

MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.

THE COURT: You'll submit an amended JOC?

MS. LUZAICH: Yes.

MR. PATRICK: Thank you, Judge.

[Proceeding concluded at 9:10 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

Kristen Lunkwitz

Court Recorder/Transcriber

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

December 13, 2006 1:30 PM Grand Jury Indictment GRAND JURY INDICTMENT Relief Clerk: Sandra Anderson Reporter/Recorder: Paula Walsh Heard By: Kathy Hardcastle

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Jorgenson, Catherine

Attorney Attorney

Luzaich, Elissa

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mary Jane Burkhalter, Grand Jury Foreperson, stated to the Court that at least twelve members had concurred in the return of the true bill during deliberation, but had been excused for presentation to the Court. The State presented Grand Jury Case Number 06AGJ103X to the Court. COURT ORDERED, the indictment may be filed and is assigned Case Number C228755, Department II. Mr. Jorgenson requested warrant issued. Arguments by Ms. Luzaich regarding no bail. COURT ORDERED, BENCH WARRANT WILL ISSUE, NO BAIL. Exhibit(s) 1-2 lodged with Clerk of District Court. Matter set for initial arraignment. B.W.

12-20-06 3:00 PM INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 1 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misder	meanor	COURT MINUTES	December 20, 2006
06C228755 The State of Neva		Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
December 20, 2006	3:00 PM	All Pending Motions	ALL PENDING MOTIONS Court Clerk: Connie Gleason Relief Clerk: Lore Vanderbusse/lv Reporter/Recorder: Kiara Schmidt Heard By: Kevin Williams

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H Defendant

Nance, Aaron M. Attorney Whipple, Bret O. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- ARRAIGNMENT...BENCH WARRANT RETURN

DEFT. FLOWERS ARRAIGNED, PLED NOT GUILTY and INVOKED THE 60-DAY RULE. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial. FURTHER ORDERED, bench warrant QUASHED.

CUSTODY

02/13/07 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL (DEPT XIV)

02/20/07 1:30 PM JURY TRIAL (DEPT XIV)

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 2 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross N	Misdemeanor C	OURT MINUTES	February 05, 2007			
06C228755	The State of Nevada	a vs Norman H Flowers III				
February 05, 20	07 9:00 AM M	lotion in Limine	DEFT'S MTN IN LIMINE PRECLUDE EVID OF OTHER BAD ACTS/MTN TO CONFIRM COUNSEL/10 Court Clerk: Linda Skinner Reporter/Recorder: Maureen Schorn Heard By: Donald Mosley			
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:				
COURT CLERI	COURT CLERK:					
RECORDER:	RECORDER:					
REPORTER:						
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W.	Defendant Attorney Attorney				

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Attorney

Weckerly, Pamela C.

- Mr. Pike advised the Special Public Defender's Office is willing to take on this case. Ms. Luzaich stated Mr. Whipple had appeared, however, he has not been appointed and there is no need to do so. Defendant's family would need to pay for Mr. Whipple if they want him to represent Defendant. Ms. Luzaich advised they are trying to consolidate this case with the one in Dept. 6 wherein Mr. Pike and Mr. Patrick represent Defendant. Further, this is a 250 case and Mr. Pike and Mr. Patrick are 250 qualified. Mr. Whipple should not be appointed because Defendant can not get along with his attorneys. Following colloquy, Court directed Defendant to get along with his attorneys and that Mr.

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 3 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Pike and Mr. Patrick from the Special Public Defender's Office are APPOINTED. As they can not be ready for trial in two weeks, COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET with a status check date 60 days prior to calendar call for discovery. Mr. Pike advised they have not received the Grand Jury Transcript yet either. At request of counsel, COURT ORDERED, matter set for status check next week as to the transcript.

CUSTODY

2/13/07 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: TRANSCRIPT 9/20/07 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: DISCOVERY 11/20/07 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL (#2) 11/26/07 1:30 PM JURY TRIAL (#2)

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 4 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	February 13, 2007
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
February 13, 20	07 9:00 AM	Status Check	STATUS CHECK: TRANSCRIPT Court Clerk: Linda Skinner Reporter/Recorder: Joe D'Amato Heard By: Donald Mosley
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Nyikos, Noreen Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Patrick advised they have received the transcript and the matter needs to be set for a hearing on the Motion to Suppress. Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Pike advised they want to exclude any information coming out of the Dept. 6 case into this trial. Following additional colloquy, COURT ORDERED, matter set for hearing on Motion to Suppress. CUSTODY

3/30/07 9:00 AM DEFT'S MOTION TO SUPPRESS

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 5 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

March 30, 2007

06C228755

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

March 30, 2007

9:00 AM

Motion

DEFT'S MOTION TO SUPPRESS

Relief Clerk: Kathy

Klein

Reporter/Recorder: Joe D'Amato Heard By: Mosley, Donald

M.

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

Defendant

Attorney

Attorney

Attorney

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Schieck, David M. Special Public Defender

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- At request of counsel, COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED. **CUSTODY**

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018

Page 6 of 68

Minutes Date:

December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	April 13, 2007
06C228755 The State of Neva		ada vs Norman H Flowers	III
April 13, 2007	9:00 AM	Motion	DEFT'S MOTION TO SUPPRESS Relief Clerk: Katherine Streuber Reporter/Recorder: Joe D'Amato Heard By: Donald Mosley
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM	:
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court inquired whether it should be suppressed if there was successful prior bad acts and questioned why this case was not consolidated for trial. Ms. Luzaich advised they were under the impression that Judge Bonaventure was going to consolidate them and when the Motion to Consolidate was filed, it was denied. Mr. Pike advised the Motion to suppress was filed due to the death penalty and Deft. had invoked his right to speedy trial and requested these cases be tried separately as they are not related. Mr. Pike further advised if these cases were consolidated there would be prejudice and it would not benefit the State to have them consolidated. Ms. Luzaich noted DNA had been found and was excluded. State further noted a Clark County Detention Center informant testified that Deft. stated he had participated in the crimes. Mr. Patrick argued these cases are not similar and that is reason they were not consolidated. Argument by State. Parties advised

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 7 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Judge Bonaventure has the lower case number however, Judge Villani will be taking his case load. Court advised Judge Villani will have to make the determination of consolidation and ORDERED, motion MOOT and parties to place on calendar in front of appropriate Court. Trial date STANDS. CUSTODY

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 8 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Fe	lony/	Gross	Misd	lemeanor	

COURT MINUTES

October 04, 2007

06C228755

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

October 04, 2007

9:00 AM

Status Check

STATUS CHECK:

DISCOVERY Court

Clerk: Sandra Anderson

Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart

Bell

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Fattig, John T Attorney
Patrick, Clark W. Attorney
Pike, Randall H. Attorney
Special Public Defender Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, matter OFF CALENDAR.

PRINT DATE:

09/26/2018

Page 9 of 68

Minutes Date:

December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	October 17, 2007
06C228755	The State of Nev	rada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 17, 200	97 8:30 AM	Motion to Withdraw as Counsel	PD'S MTN TO WITHDRAW AS COUNSEL /16 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defendo	Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court advised he spoke with Mr. Pike and co-counsel in chambers. Court advised there is a potential conflict of interest in this case. It has not ripened into a conflict as yet, but it may. Court stated he believes they are good to go forward at this time and Mr. Pike may put a motion back on calendar if it becomes a legitimate conflict. COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED; trial date STANDS. CUSTODY (COC)

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 10 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misden	neanor	COURT MINUTES	November 15, 2007
06C228755	The State of Nev	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
November 15, 2007	8:30 AM	Motion to Clarify	STATE'S MTN TO CLARIFY/17 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERK:			
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H

Defendant Luzaich, Elissa Attorney Patrick, Clark W. Attorney Pike, Randall H. Attorney Special Public Defender Attorney Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court advised he is not sure if this is a request for reconsideration of the consolidation or the ruling on the Petrocelli Hearing. Ms. Weckerly advised the Petrocelli Hearing. Court inquired why they are not entitled to a Petrocelli Hearing on bad acts. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, motion GRANTED to the extent he will have a Petrocelli Hearing, however, that does not mean he will admit the bad acts. Colloquy regarding the length of the hearing. Mr. Patrick advised they have some experts they want to call for the Petrocelli Hearing and they will be requesting a continuance. Ms. Weckerly advised they can do the hearing just before trial. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED, however, the Calendar Call date will STAND to set a new trial date and set the Petrocelli Hearing; counsel to confer as to a date.

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 11 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Felony/Gross Misder	neanor	COURT MINUTES	November 20, 2007
2.4.00000000000000000000000000000000000	T		
06C228755	The State of I	Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
November 20, 2007	9:00 AM	Calendar Call	CALENDAR CALL Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Defendant Flowers III, Norman H Patrick, Clark W. **Attorney** Pike, Randall H. Attorney Special Public Defender Attorney Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Colloquy regarding a trial date and Petrocelli Hearing. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial. CUSTODY (COC)

2-15-08 9:00 AM PETROCELLI HEARING

9-11-08 8:30 AM CALENDAR CALL

9-15-08 9:30 AM JURY TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 13 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross I	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	July 07, 2008			
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III				
July 07, 2008	8:30 AM	Motion	DEFT'S MTN FOR MEDICAL TREATMENT & TRANSPORTATION Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: JOSEPH BONAVENTURE			
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:				
COURT CLER	K:					
RECORDER:						
REPORTER:						
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney				

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Pike advised the jail has approved it but has not taken Deft. down there. Ms. Weckerly submitted to the Court's discretion. Court stated he believes Deft. Flowers should be transported and ORDERED, motion GRANTED. Mr. Pike to prepare the order with a certain time limit in which Deft. is to be transported. CUSTODY (COC)

0001021 (000)

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	July 10, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
July 10, 2008	8:30 AM	Motion to Strike	DEFT'S MTN TO STRIKE NOTICE OF INTENT TOSEEK THE DEATH PENALTY Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: JOSEPH BONAVENTURE
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERI	К:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Luzaich, Elissa Pike, Randall H. Schieck, David M. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Deft. Flowers not present. Mr. Pike argued it is all circumstantial evidence and there is the potential for a wrongful conviction. Ms. Weckerly argued this is not a recognized legal basis for striking it. Further arguments by counsel. COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED. CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misder	meanor	COURT MINUTES	July 31, 2008
06C228755	The State of Ne	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
July 31, 2008	8:30 AM	Motion in Limine	DEFT'S MTN IN LIMINE TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF CRIME STOPPERS REPORT /23 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERK:			
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES			

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Attorney

Defendant

- Court advised he spoke with counsel yesterday and they requested this motion be continued to tomorrow with the other motions. COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED. CUSTODY (COC)

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018

PRESENT:

Albritton, Alicia A.

Flowers III, Norman H

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Minutes Date:

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	August 01, 2008	
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III		
August 01, 2008	8 9:15 AM	All Pending Motions	ALL PENDING MOTIONS 8-1-08 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell	
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:		
COURT CLERK:				
RECORDER:				
REPORTER:				
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney		

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- State's Opposition to Deft's Motion in Limine to Admit Evidence of Contents of Crime Stoppers Report FILED IN OPEN COURT. Kristina Paulette sworn and testified. Mr. Pike advised they have no witnesses and advised the Court has been provided the transcripts and has read the testimony; he would just like to make an offer of proof and argue. Mr. Pike argued they went and interviewed the jail snitches that testified and their statements changed at that time.

PETROCELLI HEARING...Court stated Department 11 apparently granted the bad acts and said they could come in. Ms. Luzaich advised Judge Gonzalez said the bad acts were relevant and were admitted. Court stated the State is asking to admit evidence from the Coote and Gonzales cases. Ms.

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Luzaich concurred and argued it goes to intent and absence of mistake or accident. This crime was a violent sexual assault and there was semen present which would not normally be present as the victim was actively involved in a lesbian relationship. Mr. Patrick argued there is zero probative value and argued there is no evidence Coote was drowned in the tub that was full of water. Coote was manually strangled and Gonzales was a ligature strangulation; Quarles was drowned. Mr. Patrick argued it is a de facto joinder and the joinder was previously denied. Ms. Luzaich argued, if the defense brings in consent in any way, she believes that allows the State to bring in Gonzales. Mr. Patrick argued George Dunlap is a career snitch that makes a living getting out of trouble by snitching and got ahold of Deft. Flowers' discovery while at CCDC. Further arguments by counsel. Court FINDS the Coote case is sufficiently similar in nexus and time and the DNA is 100 per cent. As to the rape and killing of Ms. Coote, there is clear and convincing evidence a crime occurred and Deft. Flowers did it. It is relevant to both intent and identity in the killing in this case and the probative value outweighs the prejudice. The similarities between Coote and Quarles WILL BE ALLOWED. However, as to the killing of Ms. Gonzales, the evidence this Deft. did it is barely clear and convincing, it has marginal relevance as to intent or identity and the prejudice outweighs the probative value. The Gonzales case will NOT be allowed.

DEFT'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF CRIME STOPPERS REPORT...Mr. Pike argued it is an anonymous third party that they cannot find. Court advised the information given to police by an anonymous call has zero inherent credibility. Colloquy. After seeing the report, COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED.

DEFT'S MOTION TO DISMISS / MOTION IN LIMINE RE DNA EVIDENCE...Ms. Luzaich advised she was never served this motion, she pulled it off the computer. Mr. Pike advised, after filing the motion, he received notice of a ruling in California that addresses the cold hit issue. Colloquy regarding procedure. COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED.

10:33 A.M.--Hearing concluded.

CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	September 08, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
September 08,	2008 8:30 AM	Motion	DEFT'S MTN FOR INDIVIDUAL & SEQUESTERED VOIR DIRE /27 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Pike advised they are moving to take the matter off calendar. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, matter OFF CALENDAR. CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	September 11, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
September 11,	2008 8:30 AM	Calendar Call	CALENDAR CALL Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Cheryl Carpenter Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Di Giacomo, Marc P. Flowers III, Norman I Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H.	Attorney H Defendant Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Attorney

Attorney

Special Public Defender

Whipple, Bret O.

- Mr. Pike advised, on August 12, the State obtained the name of another witness which they provided to the defense, however, it affects the defense's ability to be ready for trial. Further, counsel, Deft. Flowers and Judge Gonzalez met and have reached a stipulation regarding the conjoining of Deft's two cases for trial and being heard before this Court. Mr. Pike requested a continuance to Monday as all counsel have not yet signed the stipulation. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED AND RESET; matter CONTINUED to Monday for further proceedings regarding the stipulation. Court advised counsel this trial will go forward in October. Mr. Whipple advised Deft. cannot see and they have set aside monies for Deft. to have an eye exam and obtain glasses, however, CCDC has not transported him yet. Court suggested counsel speak

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with the Lieutenant at the jail or with the provider and arrange a time. CUSTODY (COC)
9-15-08 8:30 AM FURTHER PROCEEDINGS: STIPULATED CONSOLIDATION 10-9-08 8:30 AM CALENDAR CALL 10-13-08 9:30 AM JURY TRIAL

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

September 15, 2008

06C228755

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

September 15, 2008

8:30 AM

Further Proceedings

FURTHER

PROCEEDINGS: STIPULATED CONSOLIDATION Court Clerk: Tina

Hurd

Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart

Bell

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Flowers III, Norman H

Luzaich, Elissa

Patrick, Clark W.

Pike, Randall H.

Special Public Defender

Whipple, Bret O.

Attorney

Attorney

Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Pike advised they have gone over the stipulation with everyone, however, Deft. Flowers does not want conjoined trials. Mr. Pike requested to keep the trial date in this case. Ms. Luzaich advised she may file a motion to reconsider consolidation. Court advised he did not find both of the other cases were cross-admissible, only one, and advised he will not force Deft. to try them together. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, trial date STANDS. Court advised he has no objection if Deft. changes his mind as long as Ms. Luzaich is noticed and has time to prepare. Ms. Luzaich advised she

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intends to prepare as if the cases are being tried together. $\hspace{-0.5cm}$ CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	October 09, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 09, 200	08 8:30 AM	All Pending Motions	ALL PENDING MOTIONS - 10/9/08 Court Clerk: Jennifer Kimmel Reporter/Recorder: Mary Beth Cook Heard By: Sally Loehrer
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	К:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende Watson, Michael J.	Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO RECONSIDER THE RULING ON DEFT'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE EVIDENCE OF OTHER BAD ACTS...CALENDAR CALL

Regarding Deft's Motion to reconsider. COURT ORDERED, matter is CONTINUED and shall be heard before the trial starts.

Regarding the Calendar Call, Mr. Watson advised Ms. Weckerly and Mr. Kephart will be trial counsel. COURT NOTED, they are not present to advise the Court how much time is needed for Trial or the number of witnesses. COURT NOTED Deft's counsel will call six witnesses, one being from Out of State and should matter go into the penalty phase they have eight witnesses, two being from Out of State. COURT ORDERED, TRIAL DATE RESET - FIRM and shall commence at 9:30 A.M..

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CUSTODY (COC)

10/15/08 9:30 A.M. DEFT'S MOTION TO RECONSIDER THE RULING ON DEFT'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE EVIDENCE OF OTHER BAD ACTS//TRIAL BY JURY

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Felony/Gross I	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 15, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 15, 200	9:30 AM	Motion to Reconsider	DEFT'S MTN TO RECONSIDER DEFT'S MTN IN LIMINE/31 Relief Clerk: Tia Everett/ Susan Jovanovich/sj Reporter/Recorder: Joanna Orduno Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defendo Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

⁻ Matter argued and submitted. Court stated his findings and ordered, Motion DENIED. CUSTODY (C0C)

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JOURNAL ENTRIES

Felony/Gross Misde	meanor	COURT MINUTES	October 15, 2008
06C228755	The State of 1	Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 15, 2008	9:30 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Relief Clerk: Tia Everett/te Reporter/Recorder: Joana Orduna/Renee Silvaggio Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H Defendant

Luzaich, Elissa Attorney
Patrick, Clark W. Attorney
Pike, Randall H. Attorney
Special Public Defender Attorney
Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- PROSPECTIVE JURORS PRESENT:

Voir dire. Jury selected and sworn. Clerk read the Amended Indictment to the jury and stated the Defendant's plea thereto.

OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY:

Defendant advised of his right not to testify.

Court recessed for the evening.

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Felony/Gross Misd	emeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 16, 2008
06C228755	The State of 1	Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 16, 2008	9:30 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Relief Clerk: Tia Everett/te Reporter/Recorder: Joana Orduna/Renee Silvaggio Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H Defendant

Luzaich, Elissa Attorney
Patrick, Clark W. Attorney
Pike, Randall H. Attorney
Special Public Defender Attorney
Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- JURY PRESENT:

Opening statements by counsel. Testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY:

Mr. Pike informed the Court it has come to the State's attention from the victim's advocate she observed a witness speaking to a juror on a break. State provided the note from the advocate to the Court. Witness Quines Toney sworn. Upon Court's inquiry of the witness, Ms. Toney advised the Court she did not speak to the juror and her friend spoke to the juror and only asked how she became a juror. Counsel advised they were satisfied with the witnesses testimony. JURY PRESENT:

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Further testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) Court recessed for the evening.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Felony/Gross Misde	meanor	COURT MINUTES	October 17, 2008
06C228755	The State of 1	Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 17, 2008	9:30 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Relief Clerk: Tia Everett/te Reporter/Recorder: Joana Orduna/Renee Silvaggio Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H Defendant

Luzaich, Elissa Attorney
Patrick, Clark W. Attorney
Pike, Randall H. Attorney
Special Public Defender Attorney
Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- JURY PRESENT:

Further testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) Court recessed for the evening.

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Felony/Gross Misde	emeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 20, 2008
06C228755	The State of I	Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III	***
October 20, 2008	9:30 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Relief Clerk: Tia Everett/te Reporter/Recorder: Joana Orduna/Renee Silvaggio Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.

HEARD BY: COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H Defendant

Luzaich, Elissa Attorney
Patrick, Clark W. Attorney
Pike, Randall H. Attorney
Special Public Defender Attorney
Weckerly, Pamela C. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY:

Jury instructions settled.

JURY PRESENT:

Further testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheet). Jury instructed.

Court recessed for the evening.

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Felony/Gross N	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 21, 2008
06C228755	The State of New	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 21, 200	9:30 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Court Clerk: Tina Hurd/th Relief Clerk: Susan Jovanovich Reporter/Recorder: JoAnn Orduna Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defend Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- 9:25 A.M.--OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, Mr. Pike advised he submitted a clean copy of Deft. Flowers' voluntary statement that is not to go to the Jury but has been marked as a proposed exhibit. 9:29 a.m.--Jury present. Further testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) Closing arguments by counsel. 12:41 p.m.--Jury retired to deliberate.

4:45 P.M.--Court admonished the Jury and excused them for the evening, to return at 9:30 a.m. tomorrow morning.

CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misde	meanor	COURT MINUTES	October 22, 2008
06C228755	The State of N	Jevada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 22, 2008	10:00 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: JoAnn Orduna Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Flowers III, Norman H

Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defender Weckerly, Pamela C. Defendant Attorney Attorney Attorney Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- 9:30 A.M.--Jury retired to continue deliberations.

1:36 P.M.--Court reconvened with all present as before. Jury returned with VERDICTS as follow: COUNT 1 - GUILTY of BURGLARY (F); COUNT 2 - GUILTY of FIRST DEGREE MURDER (F); COUNT 3 - GUILTY of SEXUAL ASSAULT (F); COUNT 4 - NOT guilty. Jury polled at request of Mr. Pike; 12 affirmed. Court thanked the Jury. Court admonished the Jury and excused them for the day, to return at 10:00 a.m. tomorrow morning to commence the penalty phase of trial. OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, colloquy regarding jury instructions. Court advised Deft. of his right to take the stand and make an unsworn statement and the guidelines for such statement. Deft. Flowers acknowledged. Mr. Pike advised he forgot to make a record regarding Detective Long's statements

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regarding people cooperating with the investigation though he did approach the bench and make an objection. Mr. Pike made his record. Court advised counsel timely approached the bench and made a timely objection and the record is preserved. Mr. Pike advised, in order to save time tomorrow, the State is going to bring in certified copies of prison records and he would object to them as hearsay. Court advised hearsay is allowed in these type of hearings. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, OBJECTION OVERRULED. In reference to the prior violent Felonies, Mr. Pike objected to those on the basis of due process and the narrowing parameters of Witherspoon. In reference to the other arrests and Misdemeanors, Mr. Pike argued it is not appropriate to bring in anything other than violent Felonies. Court advised, under the law, the State can put in any of these. 2:00 P.M.--Court adjourned.

CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross N	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 23, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 23, 200	9:10 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Court Clerk: Tina Hurd/th Relief Clerk: Susan Jovanovich Reporter/Recorder: JoAnn Orduna - A.m. / Renee Silvaggio - P. Heard By: Bell, Stewart L.
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- 9:55 A.M.--PENALTY HEARING--OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, colloquy regarding jury instructions. Deft's Motion to Bifurcate Penalty Phase FILED IN OPEN COURT. Court advised Deft. he can be sworn and make a statement and it would still be limited, however, if he is sworn, the State may cross-examine. Deft. Flowers acknowledged. 10:03 a.m.--Jury present. Opening statements by Ms. Weckerly and Mr. Patrick. Testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) 12:02 p.m.--Jury admonished and excused for lunch, to return at 1:00 p.m. this afternoon. OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, colloquy regarding remaining witnesses. Ms. Weckerly provided the

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Court with a copy of the Redeker case. Colloquy regarding whether the Arson is a violent crime and therefore an aggravator. As to his motion regarding hearsay, Mr. Pike stated he understands hearsay is admissible but moved for a mistrial regarding hearsay that is continuing to come in. COURT ORDERED, DENIED. Court stated he would be surprised if the Supreme Court extends that to this case. Deft. Flowers has a number of violent crimes that are years old and, if Crawford is applied, it would tie the State's hands and not present an accurate picture of Deft's past. Court advised the State was able to articulate that Deft. confessed in the other cases and that would be admissible. Further colloquy. 12:11 p.m.--Court adjourned for lunch.

1:05 P.M.--OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, Ms. Weckerly advised she has not found a case on point regarding allowing victim impact testimony pertaining to a victim from another case. Colloquy. COURT ORDERED, that witness will NOT be allowed to testify, only victim impact statements as they relate to the victim in this case for which Deft. Flowers has been found guilty. 1:07 p.m.--Jury present. Further testimony and exhibits presented. Conference at the bench. Court advised how they will proceed from here. 3:45 p.m.--Court admonished the Jury and excused them for the evening, to return at 9:10 a.m. tomorrow morning. OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, colloquy regarding the Redeker case and whether Arson is a violent Felony. Court stated he believes it is situational and depends on whether the Deft. intended to hurt people. Jury Instructions settled on the record. 4:02 p.m.--Court adjourned.

CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross I	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	October 24, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
October 24, 200	9:10 AM	Jury Trial	TRIAL BY JURY Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: JoAnn Orduna Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman F Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Special Public Defend Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- 9:03 A.M.--OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, Court advised he informed Deft. of his rights to allocution yesterday. Upon Court's inquiry, Deft. Flowers advised he understands his options. 9:09 a.m.--Jury present. Further testimony and exhibits presented. (See worksheets.) Statement in allocution by Deft. Flowers. Court instructed the Jury. Closing arguments by counsel. 11:45 a.m.--Jury retired to deliberate.

12:54 P.M.—Court reconvened with all present as before. Jury returned with a VERDICT of LIFE IN NEVADA STATE PRISON WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE as to Count 2. Court thanked and excused the Jury. OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, COURT ORDERED, matter set for sentencing; Deft. Flowers to REMAIN IN CUSTODY WITHOUT BAIL pending sentencing. Court

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adjourned. CUSTODY (COC) 12-9-08 8:30 AM SENTENCING

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Felony/Gross N	Misdemeanor	COURT MINUTES	November 12, 2008
06C228755	The State of Nev	ada vs Norman H Flowers III	
November 12,	2008 8:30 AM	Motion for New Trial	DEFT'S MTN FOR NEW TRIAL /35 Court Clerk: Tina Hurd Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Stewart Bell
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	K:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Patrick, Clark W. Pike, Randall H. Rachiele, Andrea M. Special Public Defende Weckerly, Pamela C.	Attorney Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, motion DENIED for the same reasons as set forth when the bad acts motion was heard. CUSTODY (COC)

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

December 09, 2008

06C228755

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

December 09, 2008

8:30 AM

Sentencing

SENTENCING

Court Clerk: Tina

Hurd

Reporter/Recorder: Renee Vincent Heard By: Bell,

Stewart L.

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Flowers III, Norman H

Defendant

Luzaich, Elissa

Attorney

Pike, Randall H.

Attorney Attorney

Special Public Defender

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court advised P&P needs until January 13 to complete the PSI report and ORDERED, matter CONTINUED. CUSTODY (COC)

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Minutes Date:

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Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	January 13, 2009
06C228755	The State of Nev	vada vs Norman H Flowers III	
January 13, 20	9:00 AM	Sentencing	SENTENCING Court Clerk: Denise Trujillo Reporter/Recorder: Kristen Lunkwitz Heard By: Kathy Hardcastle
HEARD BY:		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLER	RK:		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:	Flowers III, Norman H Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W.	H Defendant Attorney Attorney	

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Attorney

Attorney

Attorney

Pike, Randall H.

Special Public Defender

Weckerly, Pamela C.

- COURT ADJUDGED DEFT. FLOWERS GUILTY OF CT I - BURGLARY (F); CT II - FIRST DEGREE MURDER (F) and CT III - SEXUAL ASSAULT (F). Statements by Deft. and counsel. Debra Quarles, mother of victim, sworn and testified. COURT ORDERED, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment fee, and a \$150.00 DNA Analysis fee including testing to determine genetic markers, Deft. SENTENCED as to CT I - to a MINIMUM of FORTY EIGHT (48) MONTHS and a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS in the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC); as to CT II - to LIFE IN PRISON (NDC) WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE CONSECUTIVE TO CT I; CT III - to LIFE in PRISON (NDC) WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE, with a minimum parole eligibility of 120 MONTHS to run CONSECUTIVE to CT II, with 761 DAYS CREDIT for time

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 41 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

06C228755

served. NDC

PRINT DATE: 09/26/2018 Page 42 of 68 Minutes Date: December 13, 2006

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

January 29, 2009

06C228755

The State of Nevada vs Norman H Flowers III

January 29, 2009

9:00 AM

Request

STATES REQUEST

CLARIFICATION

ON THE

SENTENCE Court Clerk: Denise

Trujillo

Reporter/Recorder: Kristen Lunkwitz Heard By: Kathy

Hardcastle

HEARD BY:

COURTROOM:

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Flowers III, Norman H

Defendant Attorney

Luzaich, Elissa Patrick, Clark W.

Attorney Attorney

Special Public Defender

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, SENTENCE CORRECTTED to reflect on CT III - Deft. is SENTENCED to LIFE WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE. Amended JOC to be prepared. CUSTODY (COC)

PRINT DATE:

09/26/2018

Page 43 of 68

Minutes Date:

December 13, 2006

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

NORMAN FLOWERS

Electronically Filed Oct 29 2018 03:06 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Appellant,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA

Respondent.

Docket No. 53159 Consolidated with 55759

Direct Appeal From A Judgment of Conviction.

Amended Judgment of Conviction, and
Order Denying Motion for New Trial
Eighth Judicial District Court
The Honorable Kathy Hardcastle, District Judge
and The Honorable Linda Bell, District Judge
District Court No. C228755

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME 3 OF 3

JoNell Thomas State Bar #4771 Special Public Defender 330 South 3rd Street Las Vegas, NV 89155 (702) 455-6265 Attorneys for FLOWERS

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    DEPT. NO. VII
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                         DISTRICT COURT
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                      CLARK COUNTY, NEVAD
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    THE STATE OF NEVADA,
               Plaintiff,
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                                 Reporter's Transcript
                                           of
9
      vs.
                                       Jury Trial
10
                                       Volume 4-A
    NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,
    aka NORMAN HAROLD
11
    FLOWERS, III,
12
               Defendant.
13
14
15
     BEFORE THE HON. STEWART BELL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
16
                   MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 2008
17
                           9:30 A.M.
18
19
   APPEARANCES:
20
      For the State:
                              Pamela Weckerly, Esq.
                              Elissa Luzaich, Esq.
21
                              Deputies District Attorney
22
      For the Defendant:
                              Randall Pike, Esq.
                              Clark Patrick, Esq.
                              Deputies Public Defender
   Reported by: JoAnn Orduna, CCR No. 370
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OLDING OF THE COURT

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COUNTY, NV, MON, OCT 17, 2008

9:30 A.M.

3 -000-

PROCEEDINGS

6 THE COURT: Okay. Let's go on the record 7 in Case C228755. Let the record reflect the presence of the defendant with his counsel, counsel 8 9 for the State, absence of the jury.

10 Anything to come before the court

11 before we start?

> MR, PIKE: Your Honor, I had given the State on Friday, I e-mailed them a list of the witnesses that we'll be calling for this afternoon.

15 I think that the State's going to be done today at 16 noon or probably right after.

17 The State has indicated that they are going to attempt to bring in the statement of 18

19 Mr. Flowers. 20 It's a brief statement in this and I think they're probably going to ask directed leading 21

22 statements to just bring out one specific item in

23 the statement. MS. WECKERLY: Do you want to read a copy 24

25 of it or?

INDEX PAGE WITNESSES FOR THE STATE:

Pamela Weckerly, Esq. Elissa Luzaich, Esq. Deputies District Attorney

Randall Pike, Esq. Clark Patrick, Esq. Deputies Public Defender

<u>JEFF \$MINK</u>
Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 10 5 12

Reported by: JoAnn Orduna, CCR No. 370

1 CASE NO. C228755

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS.

aka NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS, III,

APPEARANCES:

For the State:

For the Defendant:

Plaintiff,

Defendant

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

BEFORE THE HON. STEWART BELL, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 2008

9:30 A.M.

Reporter's Transcript

Jury Trial

Volume 4-A

2 DEPT. NO. VII

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vs.

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18	126 135		50 79	50 79
19	127 136		92 133	92 133
20				
21				
22				
23				

THE COURT: Well, is there any objection? Usually, if it's the statement of the defendant,

3 it's gonna be admissible.

MR. PIKE: Right. And I think what they're just going to attempt to bring out that, you

know, do you know her and he said Sheila who. He

goes by the nickname Pooka.

8 I was representing him at the time 9 and they went in to talk to him without discussing

10 that with me. I was representing him on the other

case. It indicates that, you know, who's your 11

attorney. Randy Pike. As I recall, it was lawyer Pike. 13

14

16

17

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19 20

21

THE COURT: And they were talking to him

about this case?

MR. PIKE: Right. I was under the --THE COURT: He was in custody?

MR. PIKE: On the other case.

THE COURT: In custody on the other case

and you were representing him?

MR. PIKE: Right. I was not informed

that they were gonna go interview him. I had no 22 23 knowledge that they were gonna go talk to him. They

didn't contact me. I don't even know if they

contacted the district attorneys to let them know he APP. 00120208 09:54:59 PM them know he 25

25

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5
1
   was going over there.
2
                  But in reference to that, I, I think
   all that they're attempting to bring out is that he
4
   said Sheila who.
5
                  Was there anything else?
6
             MS. LUZAICH: Well, essentially the, the
7 non-evas -- the evasive nature of the whole. We
   won't go anywhere near attorney where he says
9
   attorney.
10
                  They tell him in the very beginning,
11
   they read him his rights and they tell him right
12 from the get-go, we're not here to talk about your
13
   case, the case pertaining to Marilee Coote. And
14
    then halfway through five pages, six pages in,
15
   they --
16
             THE COURT: Well, my recollection is they
17
    don't have to call you if you're not gonna talk
```

18 about your case. 19

MS. LUZAICH: Correct.

20 MS. WECKERLY: Right. Because the 21 charges had not been initiated yet.

MS. LUZAICH: The charges had not yet

23 been initiated.

22

25

24 THE COURT: I understand.

MR. PIKE: I understand that, but at the

same token in going through that, and that may be the status of the law now, but I think that we need 2 3 to make a record that that isn't what it should be. THE COURT: Well, okay. You've got, 5 you're gonna -- this is gonna come in over your 6 objection and you're making your objection now and 7 your objection is that you think that if he's 8 convicted on this case, you're gonna appeal and one 9 of the issues that you're gonna raise is any 10 statement used, because you think the law should be 11 changed to the fact that if he has a counsel on any 12 case they're aware of, that that counsel should be 13 contacted even though they're talking about 14 something unrelated. That's your position? 15 MR. PIKE: Right. THE COURT: Okay. I don't think that's

16 17 the law today. The supreme court decides to change 18 it, God love 'em.

19 MR. PIKE: And it's just not really an 20 inculpatory statement. They said did you know --

21 THE COURT: Well, it doesn't matter if 22 it's seemingly inculpatory or not. A statement made

23 by the defendant can be used against him for

24 whatever reason.

25 I mean, for example when I went over to the public fenders office when I just passed

the bar, the first thing I was assigned to was an

appeal on a homicide.

5 7-Eleven, robbed it and killed the clerk. The police had gone to talk to the defendant and the 7 only thing he said to the police was I've never been

The defendant had gone into a

in that store in my life. Well, they got

fingerprints of his off of the cash register. And

10 so while that wasn't really an inculpatory

11 statement, but since he obviously had been in the

12 store, it had some probative value.

13 So again, you get probative value 14 out of a statement, it seems to be totally 15 exculpatory. I think it can come in and the jury 16 can decide what weight to give it. Okay.

MR. PIKE: Thanks.

MR. PATRICK: Judge, one more thing. 18

19 We're gonna need an interpreter this afternoon for 20 our witnesses.

21 MS. GORD: Spanish?

MR. PATRICK: Yeah, Spanish interpreter.

23 Sorry.

17

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24 MS. LUZAICH: And we do -- and based on

25 the e-mail we received from Mr. Pike Friday

afternoon, we have an objection to quite a few of

the witnesses actually.

THE COURT: Let's take that up at noon.

THE COURT: Let's get the jury in here

MS. LUZAICH: Oh.

and let's get your case done. We're gonna take 7 about an hour and a half lunch break because we're gonna settle instructions. It will take just a few 9 minutes and we can argue about what's coming in and 10 what isn't coming in and the staff still needs to 11 get at least about an hour. So we'll take about an 12 hour and a half lunch break, we'll settle all those things and whatever's in is in and whatever's out is 13

15 Is it everybody ready? 16

MS. WECKERLY: No, not anymore.

MS. LUZAICH: Can we have just a couple

18 of seconds?

out.

19 (Whereupon, the jury entered the 20 courtroom.)

21 THE COURT: Okay. Back on the record in 22 Case C228755. State of Nevada versus Norman Keith

23 Flowers. 24 Let the record the reflect the

25 presence of Mr. Flowers with his counsel counsel

App. 000506 2 of 44 sheets

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1 for the State and all ladies and
                                   entlemen of the
 jury are back in the box. Did you have a good
2
  weekend?
                 Ms. Weckerly, are you ready to go?
5
            MS. WECKERLY: Yes. Your Honor.
6
            THE COURT: Next.
```

MS. WECKERLY: We're actually, Your 8 Honor, recalling crime scene analyst Jeff Smink. We discussed that with your court and defense counsel on Friday.

11 MR. PIKE: That's right. I have no 12 objection to him being recalled and reopening 13 direct.

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14 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. And judge, 15 he'll, this -- you'll need to read the admonition 16 for this witness.

THE COURT: All right. Okay. Ladies and 18 gentlemen of the jury, I'm sure you recall this, but 19 evidence of crimes not the crime that you are here 20 to consider may be considered by you only to show 21 the identity of the person perpetrating the crime 22 before you, the knowledge, motive, absence of 23 mistake or accident in the case before you cannot be 24 used for the purpose of concluding that the

defendant is a person of bad character, has a

disposition to crime, and hence, as a result of that

2 he probably did the crime before you. 3 Come on up, Mr. Smink.

> (Whereupon, Jeffrey Smink was duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole

truth and nothing but the truth.)

THE CLERK: Thank you. Please state your name, spelling your last name for the record.

9 THE WITNESS: Jeffrey Smink. S-m-i-n-k.

10 DIRECT EXAMINATION

11 BY MS. WECKERLY:

> And, Mr. Smink, obviously you've testified in this matter before. I want to concentrate specifically on some processing you did at the crime scene on May the 4th of 2005.

15 16 Just to review, that's when you were

17 out at the scene on Russell?

> A. Yes.

19 O And that was the third floor apartment that you processed with crime scene analyst Charity 20

21 Green?

22 A. Yes.

23 Specifically on that date, do you recall what areas where you used an alternate light source in an attempt to discover potential evidence? 25

stified on Friday, the living room area and that also included the master bedroom, the south bedroom of the apartment.

4 And when you say that you processed the matter bedroom, would that be the bedspread and sheets?

7 A. Yes, the bed comforter and the sheet on the bed. 8

9 When you used the alternate light source, Q. 10 what is it reacting to or what would it fluoresce 11 with?

Biological fluids, including seminal 12 Α. 13 fluids, saliva, vaginal fluids, urine and blood.

14 When you processed the bedroom area, the 15 love seat, cushions and underneath the love seat, did you get a reaction indicating the presence of 16 17 biological fluids?

18 A. No.

19 And so to be clear, the only -- although 20 you processed those other areas, the area where you 21 got the reaction was that carpet area in front of 22 the love sheet?

23 Correct. Α.

24 Q. That we've discussed?

25 Α. Yes.

12

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you, sir. I'll pass the witness. 2

3 THE COURT: Questions?

MR. PIKE: Thank you very much. 4

CROSS-EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. PIKE:

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Q. In reference to processing a crime scene for biological fluids, using the alternate light source, is that something that could actually be used to quickly examine a body, maybe to see if there was -- well, let me just ask it more directly.

12 Is it something that you could use on a body to determine whether or not they're -- it 13 14 may warrant a sexual assault investigation?

15 In some cases, perhaps. A.

MR. PIKE: I have no further questions.

THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Smink.

18 Appreciate your time. Next.

MS. WECKERLY: Nothing else, Your Honor. 19

And the next witness is the same event, Your Honor, 20

21 and her name's Juanita Curry. 22

THE COURT: It's the same thing, ladies and gentlemen. You've pretty well got what you 23 consider evidence of the crime that's not before 24 25 you.

12 13 14

16 Q. And are there three floors? 17 Α. Yes.

18 During that time period, did you live by Q. yourself? 19

20 A. Yes. 21 Q. I'd like to talk to you specifically about May the 3rd of 2005. 22 23 Do you remember that day? 24

Α. Yes. Were you home that morning? Q.

16 That's okay. As they, the police and the 17 fire department were, were coming down the stairs,

18 did anyone ever come to your door?

19 Not -- no, not while the fireman were 20 coming downstairs, no.

21 At some point while the police or fire department were at the complex still, did anyone 22 23 come to your door?

24 Α. Yes.

25 Q. Who was that?

App. 000508 4 of 44 sheets

A.

Q.

Yes.

What did you see him do?

24

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24

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A.

Yes, it is.

MS. WECKERLY:

State moves to admit 131.

APP. 00,0,20,2008 09:54:59 PM

21 MR. PIKE: No objection 2 THE COURT: Admitted. 3 MS. WECKERLY: I'll pass the witness, 4 Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Questions? 6 MR. PATRICK: No, judge. 7 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Curry. Give 8 her a hand, officer. 9 Who's next? 10 MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, next is Dave 11 Horn. 12 THE COURT: He's gonna testify about the 13 two different --14 MS. LUZAICH: About Sheila Quarles. 15 THE COURT: Just Sheila Quarles? 16 MS. LUZAICH: The charged cap, yes. 17 (Whereupon, David Horn was duly 18 sworn to tell the truth, the whole 19 truth and nothing but the truth.) 20 THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated. 21 Please state your full name, spelling your first and 22 last name for the record. 23 THE WITNESS: David Horn. Last name 24 H-o-r-n. 25 THE COURT: Go ahead. 22 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION

2 BY MS. WECKERLY: 3 Sir, how are you employed?

4 I'm employed as a senior crime analyst with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department in ĥ the criminalistics bureau.

7 How long have you worked as a senior 8 crime scene analyst?

9 Well, as a senior crime scene analyst, 20 10 In the field overall, probably about 29. years.

11 Okay. How long have you -- has it all

12 been with Metro or somewhere else?

13 A. It's all been with Metro.

14 Okay. On March the 24th of 2005, did you

15 respond to 1001 North Pecos?

16 A. Did you say March 24th?

17 Q.

18 Α. I think it was -- let me see here. Yeah,

19 you're right. Yes, I did. 20

And did you respond by yourself or with Q.

21 other crime scene analysts?

22 There was two others from the A.

criminalistics bureau. Senior crime scene analyst 23

24 Fletcher, Sean Fletcher and supervisor Mike Perkins.

Homicide detectives respond as well?

Α. ney did. They were there.

Q. Between yourself and Ms. Fletcher, how

did you divide who did what at this crime scene?

I basically took the photographs, wrote 5 the field report, and we split the baiting processes 6 when we got to that point.

7 We've heard some testimony about the scene itself, but generally did you examine the

9 scene for any signs of a forced entry?

10 Yes, I did. Α.

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Q. And was there any sign of that?

12 No, there was no sign of forced entry.

13 It's a very small one-bedroom apartment. The front 14 door was not, there was no sign of prying or forced

15 entry on the jam of the door itself.

And then coming around to where the windows were, there was a window that, that was on the east side of the apartment would have been to her bedroom that was covered by a blanket and a headboard to that particular bed, so that wasn't a

21 possible point of entry. 22 And then there was a little 23 cluttered patio area that was on the south side of 24 the apartment and there was a window and a door in

25 that area that wasn't forced either.

1

Q. So you examined all these points of entry and found no signs of a forced entry?

3 Α. No, there was no signs of forced entry to 4 that house.

5 Q. Now, the victim in this particular case,

ĥ she was in the bathroom?

7 Α. Yes, she was.

8 Q. And you obviously observed the bathroom

9 area?

10 Α.

> Q. Any sign of disturbance in the bathroom

12 itself?

11

13 Α. There was a sign of disturbance in a 14

sense that whoever had found the young lady had 15 pulled her out of the tub. And so there was a lot

16 of water spilled all over the place as they had

17 removed her from the bathtub. And she was lying on

18 the floor and her leg was hanging inside the, over

19 the wall of the tub itself. And so other than that,

20 there was not very much disturbance because it was

21 so small.

22 Q. Aside from that, I mean anything like 23 tables broken or broken mirrors or any sign of major

24 disturbance in the bathroom?

There was no major disturbance. The only App. 000510 6 of 44 sheets 25

10/20/2008 09:54:59 PM

Page 21 to 24 of 135

other thing that was slightly unusual, and I think it was probably done by the people removing her from 2 a bathtub, there was an overturned small trash can in the bathroom itself.

Q. The bathroom area itself was pretty

6 small?

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A. Yes, it was.

> Q. Did you photograph various aspects of the

9 bathroom area?

A. Yes. There was, in a sense there was two set of photographs. There was the photographs prior 12 before the victim had been removed from the 13 apartment itself because her body blocked a lot of

14 movement in the bathroom because she was laying on 15 the floor. And then after she was moved, we found

16 some clothes that was underneath her that was

17 obscured by her body position when she was still

18 there. And then there was some photographs just 19

showing some of the room after she had been removed. Within the bathtub itself, were there any Q.

items of potential evidence that you recall?

22 There was -- because it was, the tub was A. 23 blocked with a whitewash cloth at the drain spout

24 end, we took a measurement and that faucet end of

25 the bathtub, it was like five and a half inches

depth and then at the opposite end or foot end of

2 the bathtub, there was like five inches of water

3 depth at that end.

So in the bathtub itself, there was a couple of washcloths that we took. There was a

lotion bottle floating around in it. And I think 6

there was a little yellow bandana.

8 The two washcloths were taken and 9 all the clothing items either on top of or beneath 10 the decedent as she laid on the bathroom floor was 11 also recovered also.

O When you go about processing the bathroom area or actually any crime scene in particular, is one of the things you're looking for signs of

15 potential blood evidence?

> Oh, sure. This is one of those type of homicides scenes where there was no blood shed. was just either a smothering or a drowning type of thing. There was no blood shed in the apartment at all. Because normally when you see blood, you see a lot of it.

21 22 Sir, I'm showing you what's been marked 23 as State's proposed Exhibits -- sorry. 128, 129 and

24 130.

Could you look through those three

photographs and just tell me when you're done.

2 MR. PIKE: For the record, the defense

has reviewed those prior to them being shown to the

We have no objection to them being witness.

5 admitted.

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BY MS. WECKERLY:

Q. Do you recognize those photographs?

Α.

Q. You actually took them?

Yes, I did. 10

THE COURT: They'll be admitted then.

BY MS. WECKERLY: 12

13 Sir, I'm putting on the overhead State's Q. 14 128. That's a photograph you took of the bathtub?

Yes, it is. This had been one of those photographs where the decedent was still in the bathroom or -- and it kind of showed the water in the tub, it showed the south end of the bathtub and

19 you also see part of her legs overhanging the

20 bathtub.

21 Q. That's probably a little better oriented. 22 Now, within the bathtub itself in the water area

23 there's an object that looks like it has red writing

24 on it.

Is that the lotion bottle?

28

That was a lotion bottle, yes. Α.

2 a. Up on the wall there appears to be a mark 3 of some sort that's like a dark color.

Did you examine that mark?

5 I believe I was, I looked at it overall 6 in the bathtub scene itself, yes.

7 Q. And when you examined it, did it appear 8 to be blood?

9 Α No, it did not.

10 And you've been to crime scenes I take it 11 before where you've seen blood?

12 Α. Lots of it. Lots of homicides, too.

Okay. And when you looked at that item right there or that marking on the bathtub, it did not appear to be blood to you?

Α. That's correct, ma'am.

And when you looked at the -- or when the victim was examined, there was no sign on her body that she was actively bleeding or even any evidence of external injury?

That's part of the coroner investigator exam at initial scene to look for any obvious trauma to the head, chest and back area. And if there is none, you know, we take photographs to show the presence or absence of those types of injuries.

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The other thing that was done was her hands were bagged for any potential possibility 2 of trace evidence that might have been on her hands or under her fingernails.

- In this particular case, do you recall seeing the victim's clothing in the bathroom area?
- We didn't see any initial clothing 8 because her body covered it. Because when she was 9 pulled out, the body covered, turned out a wig, a pair of pants, thongs and a couple of other small items like that that was completely obscured by her 12 body.
- 13 We didn't actually find those items 14 until she was removed from the bathroom.
- 15 Q. And when she was removed, though, you 16 would have photographed the clothing and Ms.
- 17 Fletcher would have likely impounded, right?
- 18 Α. That's correct.

5

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- 19 Q. Did you have an opportunity to observe 20 her jeans that were in the bathroom?
- 21 A. They were all wet.
- 22 Q. Okay. Any other items of clothing, you
- 23 know, related to the jeans, did you see how the
- 24 thong was positioned on the jeans?
- The thongs was like they had been peeled 25 A.

- off her body with the, intermixed with the pant 2 legs.
- 3 Q. And were the thongs also inside out and 4 backwards?
- 5 A. Yes, they were.
- 6 O. And they were out on the outside of her 7 pants?
- 8 Α. Yes.
- 9 And then the waist area and the right leg Q. one leg and the left was over the leg left? 10 was over
- 11 That's correct. Α.
- 12 Q. Sort of unusual?
- 13 Δ. Yes.
- 14 Q. The bedroom area, did you have an
- 15 opportunity to observe that room as well?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Any sign of ransacking or forced entry in
- 18 that room?

20

19 A. There was some disturbances. There was a

couple of pillow cases that was missing from the two

- 21 pillows that was on the bed. There was some food
- 22 articles, you know, like a beef and cheese food
- 23 package, some peanuts, a Gatorade bottle that was in
- the bathroom. Or excuse me. In the bedroom. There 24
- - was a key on the floor, an unplugged phone and a few 25

- things like th that was unusual. There was also
- clothes laying around, but that might have been part
- of, you know, just general clutter in a small
- 4 apartment.
- 5 Q. No sign of a major struggle taking place in that room?
- 7 A. No. There was, there was no sign of a 8 violent physical struggle throughout this small 9 apartment.
- 10 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. I'll pass the 11 witness.
- 12 MR. PIKE: Thank you very much.
- 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. PIKE:

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- 15 Q. Mr. Horn, I have a few questions about 16 the observations that you made at this location. In 17 reference to the door, when you say you saw no signs 18 of any forced entry, would I be safe to assume that 19 you were looking for breaks in the room, cracks in 20 the doors, bent hardware, door knobs or anything 21 that may have affected the door jam?
 - Not only I talk about those type of forced entries, you're look for perhaps if there was a footwear on the door. In this case there wasn't.
- 25 Sometimes prior marks on either the door jam or the
 - 32
 - door hedge. Things of that type nature. And there was no forced entry on the front door at all.
- 3 Okay. And what type of a lock was on
- that door? Was it a dead bolt that had a straight
- type of a closing or was it the type of a lock that
- was the normal type where you close a door and it
- 7 closes and then --
- 8 I don't specifically remember if it had a dead bolt or just a regular front little lock or 10 both. I don't recall.
- 11 And because there were no marks that you 12 saw that indicated there was a forced entry, then it
- had could either be consistent with any of these.
- 14 And if any of them are inconsistent, please
- 15 interrupt me and tell me that they're inconsistent.
- 16 It would be consistent with either,
- if someone had gone through that door, that the door 17 18 had been left unlocked and they just opened the door
- 19 and walked in?
 - A. That's always a possible.
 - It would be consistent with the door being left ajar or opened?
 - A.
 - It would be consistent by it being opened Q.
 - by an occupant within the apartment and allowing

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- somebody else to enter? 2 Α. Yes. 3
- Q. It is consistent with it not closing tightly and just opening to a touch or a push?
 - A.
- 6 Q. Now, going through the rest of the 7 apartment, there were also other areas of entry.

There was a, some windows: is that

9 correct?

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- 10 A. Yes
- 11 Q. And what rooms were those windows in if you can recall?
 - There was a window that was completely Α. covered by the headboard and it was covered by a blanket in the east, it was on the east wall in that southeast bedroom. There was one window.
- 17 Okay. I'm sorry. Let me stop you with that since you brought that up. And you went back 18 19 and examined that to determine if there was any 20 evidence of forced entry or any entry through that 21 window?
 - A. It wouldn't have been possible to enter through that window.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- 25 Because of the height of the headboard A.

34

- ant blanket was still in place.
- 2 O And there was nothing disturbed there
- that would indicate that?
- No. that's correct. 4 A.
- 5 Q. And then please continue?
- 6 There was a -- the only other possibility of access generally was off the patio balcony and 8 there was a wood door there that was from the
- 9 inside, it was like on the extended -- it would have
- been a little dining area if she would have used it 10
- 11 as such. And that door was locked from the inside
- 12 and it had a trash bag hanging off of it. 13
- And for me to open it, I had to 14 really exert some force to open it just to take a couple of pictures on the outside or from the inside of the apartment showing the patio area itself.
- There was also a window, couple of 18 windows around that area of the balcony area because 19 part of the balcony was covered by a fence and part 20 of it wasn't. And so all the glass in that area was closed, locked type of thing. There was no disturbance there at all.
- 22 23 But trying to come through that door
- with all the clutter in the patio with the bikes and 24 24
- the stuff that she had there, you would have 25

probably broken your neck coming through that door. It just wasn't possible either.

3 And in going through and photographing the scene, so you were concentrating on that front door.

6 Now, from that front door as you 7 were take the photographs, you would have stepped back and to the back, to your back facing that door, there was another apartment building that was right 10 behind you.

11 Α. There was a lot --

> Q. Do you recall that?

13 Δ. There was several apartment buildings 14 there. Probably about eight to twelve maybe.

> 0kay. Q.

12

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Α. In the complex.

17 And within a close proximity to that front door, there would have been three other 18 19 apartments, correct?

A. Yes. Q.

And that, that second apartment that you 22 were backing up towards, say for instance near the 23 front door that you're taking the pictures of, would 24 it be -- stop me when it's about as far from that 25 door to the other apartment that's back behind it.

1 I don't have any memory of how close the

other apartments were or anything like that. I

wasn't concentrating on that part. I really

4 couldn't answer your question as to give an estimate.

Do you recall it being a fairly close 6 Q. 7 area?

8 Oh, yes, it was. No question about that. Α. It was a very small studio apartment. It was

clutter but fairly clean otherwise.

11 MR. PIKE: Okay. I have no further 12 questions. Well, no, I won't ask that question. 13 Thank you.

14 MS. WECKERLY: Just two questions.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION 15

16 BY MS. WECKERLY:

> Q. Mr. Pike was asking you about if the scene was consistent, and he gave you a couple of different hypotheticals.

> > Do you recall that?

21 Yes. Α.

22 Q. Was it also consistent with the victim 23 knowing her intruder and letting that person in?

> Α. Yes.

You mentioned there was evidence of a Q.

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phone cord in the bedroom area

2 Was that a cell phone charger cord?

3 It was like a cordless phone type charger type of unit.

5 Okay. Was there a cell phone attached to Q.

the charger? 7 Α.

I'd have to look at the report to see. I 8 don't believe it was attached. I think it was not

9 attached.

10 Q. Your recollection is there was no cell 11 phone there?

12 Α. Yeah, I don't remember a cell phone, no.

13 MS. WECKERLY: Okay. Thank you.

14 **RECROSS-EXAMINATION**

15 BY MR. PIKE:

16 Q. Going into the cell phones, knowing that 17 there was a cell phone charger there and you took a

18 photograph of that, you would anticipate that there

19 would have been a cell phone located or associated

20 with the occupants of that residence?

21 A. Yes.

> Q. And so during the course of your

23 investigation or you're processing the scene, you

24 would be looking for any identification information

25 about that cellular phone such as a cellular phone

1 bill?

22

2 A. Yes. Normally if there's cell phones and

information associated with that, that's something

that detectives would take almost automatically,

5 yes.

7

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23

6 And those become important because you

can trace locations of phone calls from cell sites?

8 Δ.

9 a And also become important because you can

10 make a determination whether or not a cell phone is

11 subsequently reactivated by another individual that

12 may be associated with the taking or the possession

13 of that stolen phone?

14 Yes, sir, that's correct.

15 MR. PIKE: Thank you. Nothing further.

THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Horn, Appreciate

17 your time. Next.

18 MS. LUZAICH: Detective Sherwood.

19 THE COURT: One scene, both scenes?

MS. WECKERLY: The scene.

21 (Whereupon, Detective George

22 Sherwood was duly sworn to tell the

truth, the whole truth and nothing

24 but the truth.)

> THE CLERK: Please be seated. P1ease

state your ful name and spell your first and last

name for the record.

3 THE WITNESS: My name is George Sherwood.

G-e-o-r-a-e. S-h-e-r-w-o-o-d.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

6 BY MS. LUZAICH:

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Q. Thank you, sir. How are you employed?

Α. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

Q. How long have you been with Metro?

10 Α. 19 and a half years.

11 Are you currently assigned as a detective O.

12 in the bureau?

13 I am. Yes, I am a detective from Metro

14 police and today's my first day on my new job.

15 Okay. What have you been doing for the

16 last several years with Metro?

17 The last seven-and-a-half years I worked in the homicide section. And since November of 18

19 2006. I've been working Metro's cold case section.

20 As a detective in the homicide section,

21 what do you do, what were your duties?

A. My duties are to investigate several

23 crimes, one of which is murder investigations,

24 suspicious deaths, fire-related deaths, infant

25 deaths, things of that nature.

38

1 And when you went to cold case, what were Q.

your assignments there?

3 Basically the same thing other than what

we do in cold -- or what we did in cold case when I

was there is we would take a case that was unsolved

at the time and we would reexamine the evidence

7 that's available to see if there's anything that

maybe with the advances of science has progressed

9 where it would help us to solve that case.

10 I'm gonna take you back to March of 2005.

11 On March 24th specifically of 2005, were you working

12 as a detective in the homicide section?

> A. Yes, I was.

14 Q. Were you sent to 1001 Pecos, apartment

15 number 63 later in the day?

Α. Yes, I was.

> O About what type of time of day was it

18 that you got there?

19 I believe Detective Wildman -- we all got

20 the call at the same time on our paging system. I

21 believe Detective Wildman arrived there

22 approximately 3:20 in the afternoon and I was

23 probably 10, 15 minutes behind him.

24 Is it natural for the homicide detectives

25 to all go out to a scene together?

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- A. Yes, it is.
- 2 Q. What's the purpose behind that?
- 3 We feel that it's better to bring more Α. and then cut back as we don't need them then it is
- to bring less and have to try and call people
- urgently to come there.
- 7 O. When you go to a scene, is there
- 8 generally a lead detective that is assigned the case
- 9 and then who asks other people to do things?
- 10 Yes, there is.
 - Q. Is there one or two actually I should
- 12 say?

11

1

- 13 We work in partners in homicide. There's
- 14 usually a two-team partnership. At the time my
- partner was Dan Long and yet we still role other 15
- 16 members of the squad to assist us.
- 17 When you, the homicide detectives, go out
- 18 to a scene and there's two partners there, is one
- 19 generally in charge of handling the scene, the
- 20 documentation and things of that nature and the
- 21 other is in charge of interviewing witnesses and
- 22 taking the rest of the detectives to do that?
- 23 Α. That's correct, yes.
- 24 Q. What was your assignment on that day?
- 25 On that particular day I was responsible
 - for the crime scene documentation.
- 2 O Was Detective Vacarro out there also with
- 3 you as the acting supervisor?
- 4 A. Yes, he was.

5

- O. And as the acting supervisor, did he just
- 6 kind of do a little bit of everything?
- 7 Yes. He kind of makes sure that the
- 8 interviews are going properly and, you know, in a
- 9 timely manner, make sure that we have the crime
- 10 scene personnel on the scene. He's kind of if the
- 11 investigators doing interviews learn information and
- 12 they're doing another interview, they may tell him
- in between the two interviews something that he 13
- 14 feels he needs to tell me whose doing the scene. So
- 15 he's kind of the liaison between the whole squad.
- 16 Q. Okay. So when you went to the apartment
- 17 on March 24th, patrol was already there?
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 Q. And had they blocked off the scene and
- 20 caused it to be separated, so that nobody could
- 21 enter the scene other than law enforcement personal?
- 22 Α. Yes, they had.
 - And did you all get together with patrol,
- so you could find out what they already knew? 24
- 25 Yes, we did.

- men did you go into the scene, so
- that you could find out what occurred?
 - Α. Yes
- Q. When you went in, where did you go, you
 - personally?

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- 6 Α. Well, being responsible for the scene, I
- 7 initially walked into the apartment. The door faced
- 8 to the best west so obviously I entered the
- 9 apartment, kind of looked around the apartment to
- 10 see the shape and condition of the apartment. Even
- 11 though it was daytime, utilizing a flashlight to
- 12 make sure there's not things on the ground that we
- 13 don't want people stepping on or kicking. Just kind
- 14 of doing an overall view of the apartment, so I know
- 15 what we're looking at.
- 16 As you entered the apartment, were you
- 17 looking to see whether or not there was a sign of
- 18 forced entry?
- 19 Α. Yes.
- 20 Q. Did you see any sign of forced entry?
 - A. I did not.
- 22 Were you also looking as you entered the Q.
- 23 apartment to see if there was any sign of an obvious
- 24 struggle?

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- 25 I was, yes. I didn't, I didn't notice Α.

 - anything that was grossly out of place. The house was, the apartment was very cluttered. A lot of
- 3 things on a lot things; cabinets, closets, counter
- tops, but it didn't look like a violent struggle
- where things are knocked over and something of that
- 6 nature.

11

16

- 7 Q. And because there was so much stuff
- there, it would have been difficult to have a
- 9 struggle without some evidence of it; is that right?
- 10 Α.
 - Did you ultimately enter the bathroom? Q.
- 12 A. I did, yes.
- 13 Was it your understanding when you
- 14 entered that that was the scene of at least where
- 15 the deceased was located?
 - A. Yes.
- 17 Q. What did you see when you got into the
- 18 bathroom?
- 19 I saw -- it was a very narrow area. It 20
- was actually hard for one person to be in that room. 21 I saw the deceased body of Sheila Quarles laying on
- 22 the floor with like a floral print across her chest.
 - 23 I observed water in the bathtub.
 - 24 Like I said, it was a very small area.
 - 25
 - There was a little, like a stand
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23

that had things on it, and it appeared that a couple of things had fallen off.

3 Closer to the tub, in between the tub and the stand, that there again the counter tops were cluttered, a lot of things out.

And showing you what's been admitted as State's Exhibit 43, when you talk about the fact that, that the bathroom was small, is this what you mean, how many people could have stood in the bathroom at the time while the young girl was still

12 A. I guess if you really pressed it, you 13 could get a couple people in there to look. We 14 didn't want to really press it because we didn't 15 actually know what we were, what we had in front of 16 us. So we, that's basically where we stayed during 17 the initial observation period.

Q. And additionally if you had had people walking around in there, were you afraid that you could have contaminated the scene and any evidence that you may find?

22 A. Yes, that's correct.

23 Now, you mentioned that you were 24 responsible for the scene and Detective Long was responsible for interviews.

1 Would it also be the habit for the person involved with interviews to enter the scene

just so that they could see what they were gonna

talk about?

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in there?

Δ Yeah. Most of the time what we do, if the scene allows for it, is we have the detectives that are going to do the interviews take a look at the scene. That way they can ask intelligent questions of the person that they're interviewing 10 because they have first-hand visual knowledge of 11 what they've seen.

O And would it be the practice for not only 13 Detective Long who is the other person in charge of the investigation but anybody who was going to be conducting interviews to at least look around to see

16 what had occurred?

> A. Yes.

18 Q. And was it your understanding that Detective Wildman and Detective Wallace also walked 20 in, looked, and walked out?

21 Α. Yes, they did.

22 Now, while you were in the bathroom, did 23 you notice whether or not there was some sort of 24

mark on the wall of the bathtub opposite the faucet?

Yes, there was.

Showing you what's been admitted as State's Exhibit 40, is that what we're talking 2 3 about?

4 A. Yes. It's, it's actually probably about six inches above the tub line. Maybe a little less.

Q. Did you take a close look at it?

7 A. I did.

6

8 Q. And when you took a close look at it. 9 what did it appear to you to be if anything?

10 It appeared to me to be some type of hair 11 gel. And the reason I say that is because to me it 12 looked like it had some sort of an oil base to it.

13 An oil base. Okay. Here, I'm showing 14 you what's been admitted as State's Exhibit 130.

Is that the same mark that we're 15 16 talking about?

17 A.

18 Q. Only a little closer without other stuff 19 in the background?

20 A. Yes.

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Q. Now, could you tell did it look red like 22 blood?

23 A. It looked to me to be like a reddish 24 brown is the best way to describe it, but like I

said, from investigating homicides for seven years

or probably five at the time, it didn't appear to me to be blood.

Okay. Now, blood, if blood had been on the side of the wall, is it likely that blood would drip down?

A. Yes. Or being, being be more smeared toward the bottom.

Q. Okay. Was there any drip down?

9 A. No. It almost, it almost looked like a 10 rub across.

11 Q. A rub across. Okay. So you said it was 12 kind of like a gel, a hair gel or something.

Did you find anything in the apartment or in the bathroom that was consistent with there being hair gel?

16 There were a lot of hair products. 17 didn't -- and I specifically didn't write every hair 18 product or cleaning product that was in the

19 bathroom.

20 Q. When the body of -- and I'm sorry. 21 you subsequently learn that the young lady's name is 22 Sheila Quarles?

23 A. Yes, I did.

> When her body was removed, was there a Q. hair piece found underneath it?

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24

- A. Yes, there was.
- 2 Q. Showing you what's been admitted as
- 3 State's Exhibit 31, on the toilet, is that a hair
- piece?

- 5 Α. Yes. It appears to be, yes.
- Q. And is that kind of a reddish brown color
- 7 that's somewhat similar to the mark that was on the
- 8 bathroom wall?
- A. 9 Yes, it is.
- 10 Q. Okay. Even better, State's Exhibit 33 --
- 11 am I upside down? I am.
- 12 Was that actually found under
- 13 Sheila's body when she was removed?
- 14 A. Yes, it was.
- 15 Q. Obviously you didn't spend all your time
- 16 in the bathroom. As you walked through the
- 17 apartment, did you notice anything about the
- 18 bedroom?
- 19 A. Yes. I noticed that the bedroom the bed
- 20 was made, I noticed that there were items on the
- 21 floor. Like I said, the dressers were cluttered, I
- 22 believe a drawer or two were opened. There was a
- 23 cell phone charger on one side of the bed, a key,
- 24 there was --
- 25 Q. And I'm gonna stop you right there.
 - 50
 - Showing you what's been marked as State's proposed
- 2 Exhibit 126, which for the record has been shown to
- 3 counsel, does that photograph depict what you just
- 4 describes?
- 5 A. Yes, it does.
- 6 Q. The phone charger and a key?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 O. On the floor in the bedroom?
- 9 Α Yes
- 10 MS. LUZAICH: Move it into evidence.
- THE COURT: Any objection? 11
- 12 MR. PIKE: None.
- 13 THE COURT: Admitted.
- 14 MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
- 15 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 16 Q. When you say a phone charger, for the
- 17 record, can you just describe it a little bit?
- 18 A. The phone charger is plugged into the
- 19 wall and it's a little small black box. If you
- 20 trace it from the electrical outlet, it kind of
- 21 loops and then comes to the end which would
- 22 accommodate the phone. Just beyond that is the key
- 23 that I referenced.
- 24 And this phone charger, is that the kind
- of phone charger that is associated with a cellular

- phone or a la 1
 - Α. A cellular.
- 3 Q. Had you made an effort to find the
- cellular phone?

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- Α. Yes.
- Q. Did you ever find a cellular phone?
- 7 Α. No.
- 8 Did you talk to Sheila's mother about a
- 9 whether or not there had been a cellular phone?
 - Δ Yes. I did.
- 11 Q. And did it ever turn up?
- 12 Α. No. it did not.
- 13 Q. You mentioned that there's also a key in
- 14 the photograph.
 - Is there any significance to that
- 16 key?
- 17 Α. When I initially talked to Debra Quarles
- 18 the night of the incident, I asked her --
 - MR. PIKE: Objection hearsay.
- 20 THE COURT: He can say what he said. Go
- 21 ahead.
- 22 MS. LUZAICH: Right.
- 23 THE WITNESS: I asked her if the key was
- 24 unusual to be there.
- 25 BY MS. LUZAICH:

- 52
- 1 Q. And based on her response, did you do
- anything with that key.
 - Α. Yes.
 - Q. What did you do with it?
- 5 Α. I retained the key.
- 6 Just to fast forward for a minute, did
- 7 you take that key and try it in other locations to
- 8 see if it worked?
- 9 Α. Yes, I did. My first thought of seeing a
- 10 key that perhaps didn't belong there was perhaps it
- 11 could have been left behind by the suspect, so I
- 12 took the key and tried it in the eight apartments
- 13 which were within the building the actual H
- 14 building. And it didn't work in any of the doors.
- 15 Okay. And I'll come back to the key in a
- 16 moment. In addition, in the bedroom, did you notice
- 17 anything about what was on the bed?
- 18 Yes. There were, there were a couple of
- 19 actually probably three or four pillows. One of the
- 20 pillows had a tear in it. Two of the pillows were
- 21 missing pillow cases.
- 22 Q. The fact that pillow cases were missing, 23 did that ultimately indicate something to you as
- well based on something you also learned? 24
- - I believe that with the pillow Yes.

- cases being missing, they may have accommodated the 2 transportation of stolen property.
- 3 Did you discover that there was other property missing in the -- and I'm sorry. Just showing you State's Exhibit 26, you mentioned pillow cases were missing.
- 7 Are those the two pillow cases
 - there -- or two pillows there without pillow cases?
- 9 Yes. And that's also the slight tear in A. 10 the one pillow that I referenced.
- 11 Okay. Did you subsequently learn that 12 there was something else missing from the front of 13 the apartment?
- 14 A. Yes.

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- 15 Q. What was that?
- 16 A. A stereo system.
- 17 Q. Did you get a description of the stereo 18 system from Debra, Sheila's mother?
- 19 A. Yes, I did.
- 20 Did you attempt to get a serial number or Q.
- 21 any identifying features of the stereo?
- 22 Yes. The only thing that Ms. Quarles was
- 23 able to provide me with was basically an owner's
- 24 manual.
- 25 Q. So you knew what kind of stereo it was,

 - like the name brand?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Or maybe a --
- 4 A. Yes. It had the name brand and it
- actually had like a little picture of the stereo on
- 6 the owner's manual.
- 7 Q. And a model number maybe, too?
- 8 A. I don't know that it had a model number.
- 9 It may have.
- 10 With that information, just the name of
- 11 the stereo and a picture of it, is there any way
- 12 that you would be able to run it to find out if it
- 13 had been located or it turned up anywhere?
- 14 You can see if there's like a stereo by
- 15 that name impounded. To do an accurate pawn shop
- check, you basically have to have the serial number 16
- 17 of the item or the person you believe's name may
- 18 have pawned it.
- 19 Q. And at that point did you have any clue
- 20 who the suspect could have been?
- 21 A. None whatsoever, no.
- 22 Q. And if there's no serial numbers so kind
- 23 of a dead end there?
- 24 A. Yes.
- As you were investigating and being Q.

- responsible for the scene and the other detectives
- were out interviewing anybody that they could, were
- you in contact with them, so that you would find out
- anything that they may have learned and they would
- find out what you may have learned?
- Α. Yes.
- 7 Q. And did that go on through the time that
- you were there?
- 9 Α. Yes.
- 10 Q. Now, because the apartment was small, and 11 especially the particular area was small, were there
- 12 occasions that you actually had to stay out of the
- 13 apartment so crime scene analysts could do their
- 14 iob?

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- 15 Yes. We actually had three crime scene Α. 16 analysts at the scene. Myself and detectives, like
- I said, we initially let all the interviewing
- 18 detectives take a look and then we had to get them
- 19 out because of how small the apartment was.
- 20 And in, in areas like the bathroom,
- 21 there was no way possible for two people to be in
- 22 there. So it was a constant moving of people to
- 23 allow us to do what we felt we needed to get done.
- 24 Were the detectives that were
- 25 interviewing people, were they really able to share
- 1 any information with you?
- 2 Yes, I received information throughout
- 3 the night. I mean, some of it at the time makes
- sense, some of it didn't.
 - Q. Okay. A lot of it didn't pan out?
- 6 Yeah, a lot of it just doesn't pan out.
- 7 One thing that we try to do is intermingle with the
- crowd because there's always people that don't want
- 9 to cooperate during an investigation. So we try and
- 10 intermingle with the crows. And sometimes we may
- 11 get some information that is meaningful or
- 12 meaningless and we don't really know at the time.
- 13 So during the period of time in which you
- 14 were outside of the apartment, so that the crime
- 15 scene analysts could do their job, were you trying
- 16 to intermingle with the crowd?
 - A. Yes, I was.
 - Did you get any information?
- 19 No, I didn't. Most of the people there I 20 won't say were not cooperative. Most of the people
- 21 there gave me the impression that they had no
- 22 knowledge as to the crime.
- 23 Q. Is it sometimes difficult to get people
- 24 to talk to police?
- 25 Always, yes.
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- And is it further dif fult to get them
- 2 to talk when other people know that they're talking?
- 3 Yes. Α.
- 4 Q. So what do you do?
- 5 A lot of times what we do is we'll, if we
- can't get them aside that night, we might ask them
- 7 their name, write their name down, we'll come back
- 8 and try and find them again which is what we did in
- 9 this case.
- 10 We, if we talked to somebody and we
- 11 thought they had information, they were kind of
- 12 pulled aside and the information taken and a name.
- 13 And most of the stuff that we learned that night at
- 14 the scene just didn't pan out.
- 15 Okay. Was it your understanding that
- 16 Detective Wildman spoke with Debra Quarles who is
- 17 Sheila's mother?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And that he spoke with a lady named
- 20 Quince Toney?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Q. What did you learn about Quince Toney,
- 23 her relationship to the case?
- 24 Later on I learned that Quince and Sheila
- were engaged in an intimate relationship. I also
- learned that I talked to Quince probably four times,
- at least two on tape, and I learned that she cared a
- 3 lot for Sheila and that she had had conversations
- with her during the day and she knew Sheila wasn't
- feeling well, but they, like I said, they had a
- 6 relationship.
- 7 O. Was it your understanding that when she
- 8 indicated she had conversations with Sheila during
- 9 the day that somebody actually looked at her phone
- 10 to confirm whether or not that she had had
- 11 conversations with Sheila?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 Q. And while you were in the apartment, did
- you all look at the house phone to see who if 14
- 15 anybody had been calling the house?
- 16 Α.
- 17 Q. And did you take note of those numbers?
- 18 I did. A.
- 19 And did you confer with Debra and family
- 20 numbers to figure out who the numbers belonged to?
- 21 Α. Detective Vacarro did. And we wrote, we
- 22 memorialized every number. And some of the
- 23 numbers -- I believe there was one call in the
- 24 morning that was prior to Sheila getting home and
- then there were a couple of calls in the afternoon

- which were be nd the point of us arriving.
- So of the 10 calls that I believe
- the phone held in its registry, we were able to
- 4 eliminate three right out of the shoot.
- 5 And I know a couple of numbers were
- called. One was Quince's, one was a hair dresser,
- 7 and I don't really remember the results of the other
 - calls because they were insignificant.
- 9 But you followed up on them and none of
- 10 them panned out as far as leading you to a suspect?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. You indicated that you had spoken to
- 13 Quince on several occasions, twice on tape and other
- 14 times face to face as well as over the phone?
- 15 I talked to her probably two times on the
- 16 phone to arrange the taped interviews. And while I
- 17 had her on the phone, I would ask her questions.
- 18 And then I probably, I might have called her kind of
- 19 after the fact. So I probably had five contacts
- 20 with her.

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- 21 Q. She was cooperative with you?
 - A. She was very cooperative. I mean, she,
- 23 any time I asked her to come in, she'd come in.
- 24 And in fact, in one of the interviews,
- 25 did you guys actually lean on her as a potential

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- suspect? A. Yes.
 - Q. And she still came back after?
- 4 Α. Yes, she did.
- 5 Q. Do you know about how late you all were
- 6 there that night?
 - A. I would say maybe 9:30. 9 o'clock, 9:30.
- 8 Okay. So you spent quite a bit of time
- 9 out there?
- 10 A.
- 11 And weren't able to get any real leads to
- 12 follow-up on in all that time from any of the people
- 13 that were out there?
- 14 Α. No.
- 15 Q. Did you attend an autopsy of Sheila
- 16 Quarles the next day?
 - Α. Yes. I did.
- 18 Q. Is it custom for the homicide detectives
- 19 to attend the autopsies?
 - Α. Yes, it is.
- 21 Q. What's the purpose behind that?
- 22 So we can basically hear and understand
- 23 what the doctor has to say. And even though there
- 24 are they're a lot smarter than I am, if I can ask
- 25 them the question and they can explain it to me,
 - App. UU/20/20/20/08 09:54:59 PM

- 1 then I usually have a better understanding of what
- 2 they're talking about.
- 3 Q. So at the time that you left the
- 4 apartment on March 24th, you had no potential cause
 - of death; is that right?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- 7 Q. I mean, no blood shed, no stab wounds, no
- 8 gunshot wounds, nothing?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. When you sat through the autopsy, did you
- 11 realize that there was a new spin on your
- 12 investigation?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And what was that?
- 15 A. Sheila had hemorrhages in her neck and
- 16 around the thyroid and petechial hemorrhage present
- 17 in her eyes. There was a small amount of trauma to
- 18 the head area and she was the victim of a violent
- 19 sexual assault.
- 20 Q. Okay. Now, based on all of your years in
- 21 homicide and the investigations that you have
- 22 participated in, the hemorrhages to the neck and the
- 23 petechial hemorrhages in the eyes, what does that
- 24 indicate to you?
- 25 A. That's consistent with --

- 1 MR. PIKE: Objection. Lack of personal
- 2 knowledge, cumulative and best evidence is testified
- 3 by the autopsy.
- 4 THE COURT: Overruled. He can testify as
- 5 to his experience. Go ahead.
- 6 THE WITNESS: It's consistent with
- 7 strangulation.
- 8 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 9 Q. Okay. And have you participated in other
- 10 investigations where strangulation was the cause of
- 11 death?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And you had mentioned a violent sexual
- 14 assault.

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- 15 Is it the habit when an autopsy is
- 16 performed that somebody from the coroner's office
- 17 will obtain vaginal and anal swabs and, and oral
- , with openin regimen and area area, area area
- 18 swabs actually the victim?
- 19 A. Yes. Our crime scene analyst which is
- 20 also present at the autopsy collects those.
- 22 A. Yes, I was.

Q.

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- 23 Q. And did you -- is it then the habit for
- 24 them to take those swabs back to the crime lab, book 24

Were you present when that occurred?

25 them into evidence and keep them in a safe place

- 1 until they can be tested?
 - A. Yes.

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- 3 Q. And did you request that those swabs be
- 4 tested for presence of DNA?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- 6 Q. Did you also get a buckle swab from
- 7 Quince Toney to compare with the swabs that were
- I taken from Sheila?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- 10 Q. Were there other swabs that were buckle
- 11 swabs that were collected the night of the incident
- 12 that you're aware of?
- 13 A. Yes. Detective Long collected one from
- 14 Mr. Robert Lewis.
 - Q. And was he somebody who was also
- 16 cooperative in the investigation?
- 17 A. Yes, very.
- 18 Q. Did you request that the swabs from
- 19 Sheila's autopsy be compared with both Quince Toney
- 20 and Robert Lewis?
- 21 A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. Now, it takes awhile for the DNA
- 23 analysis to occur and for a result to come back,
- 24 correct?
 - A. It does, yes.

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- 1 Q. And while you're waiting for those
- 2 results, are you still trying to follow-up on the
- 3 investigation?
 - A. Yes
- **5** Q. And is that -- well, did you go back and
- 6 speak with Debra and her family after the autopsy?
- 7 A. I spoke to Debra following the death of
- 8 her daughter probably six or eight times and also
- 9 Sheila's brother.
 - Q. Do you remember his name?
- **11** A. Ralph.
- 12 Q. Okay. Trying to get information from
 - them?
- 14 A. Yeah. And just trying to figure out -- a
- 15 lot of times one of our greatest tools for solving a
- 16 homicide is word on the street. And a lot of times,
- 17 somebody will say something to someone who repeats
- 18 it and then we have at least a starting point.
- 19 Q. Are you asking them questions like, you
- 20 know, is anybody mad at Sheila, does anybody have
- 21 anything against Sheila, do you know if anybody
- 22 wants to hurt her?
 - A. Absolutely. We ask the drug question,
 - the alcohol question, the gambling question. You
- 25 know, recent bad break ups. You know, just
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- basically doing what we call th ictimology trying to find out exactly what could have gone wrong.
- 3 Why would somebody have a reason to harm
- her? 4
- 5 Α. Right.
- 6 Q. You had mentioned that a stereo was
- 7 missing, that you had seen speaker wire and what
- not, and that had the cell phone was missing.
- 9 Did you ever hear that a cell phone
- 10 had been located?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Ω Did you hear anything about a bank card
- 13 being missing?

- A. Yes.
- 15 Whose bank card? Q.
- 16 A. Sheila's.
- 17 Q. When you found out a bank card was
- missing, what did you do?
- 19 A. I don't know if we had our investigative
- 20 assistant call the bank to notify us if there was
- action on the card or --21
- 22 MR. PIKE: Objection as to any further
- 23 testimony. If he doesn't know who did it, it's
- 24 gross hearsay.
- 25 MS. LUZAICH: Well, it's not hearsay
 - until he says somebody told him something.
- 2 THE COURT: What --
- 3 MS. LUZAICH: He's just describing what
- 4 he did.
- 5 THE COURT: Tell us what investigation
- 6 you did in regard to the bank card.
- 7 MR. PIKE: Well, him personally?
- 8 THE COURT: Or if it's done under his
- 9 control and direction.
- 10 MS. LUZAICH: Well, can he finish his
- 11 answer?
- 12 THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead.
- THE WITNESS: I did ask Debra that if the 13
- 14 card turned up to please call me or Debra had called
- 15 me that she would call the bank and cancel the card.
- 16 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 17 Q. But is it sometimes the habit to have one
- of your investigative assistants, civilian employees
- at Metro, contact the bank and let them know? 19
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And is it possible that you did that?
- 22 Α. It is possible.
- 23 Okay. Did you ever get a bank card
- turning up in your hand?
- 25 No.

- Q. information about the bank card?
- A. Never got a notif --
- Q. One way or another?
- 4 Never found the card physically and never 5 got a notification that the card was being used.
- 6 In addition to going back and speaking to
- 7 Debra and her family on other occasions, did you
- make other efforts to find people at the apartment
- 9 complex?

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- 10 A. Detective Long and I went back to the 11 apartment complex probably three or four times. One
- 12 time we talked to the manager, another time we went
- 13 door to door, just knocking on doors in the
- 14 apartments hoping we could maybe find someone that
- 15 like I said, might have the word on the street
- 16 information.
 - We also talked to a maintenance man,
- 18 which is how we found out about the master key
- 19 situation.

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- 20 Q. What was the master key situation?
- 21 A. That because of the amount of move ins,
- 22 move outs and lock changes within that apartment
- 23 complex, there wasn't actually a master key that
- 24 would allow you to go open any apartment as you
- 25 would in some complexes because the master key

 - worked on some and those that had changed their
 - locks or had their locks changed, it didn't work on
 - 3 them.
 - 4 Was that one of the avenues that you had
 - looked into initially because there was no forced
 - entry that it could have potentially been a
- 7 maintenance man who came to the door and just opened
- 8 it?
- 9 Yes. Which brought the other key into
- 10 play because then we kind of went around the
- 11 apartment and just the complex and randomly stuck it
- 12 in doors just to see if it would twist.
- 13 That's where I was going next. So that
- 14 key, not only the doors that were close by Sheila's
- 15 apartment you tried, but just random doors in the
- 16 area?

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- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. You had mentioned earlier that Detective
- Long had gotten a buckle swab from Robert Lewis? 19
 - Α.
- 21 Q. Did you check the door of the home that
- 22 Robert Lewis lived in?
 - A. Yes
 - Did that key work in that door? Q.
- No, it didn't work in any of the doors in App. 00,0042008 09:54:59 PM 25 A.

- that complex.
- 2 None of them? Q.
- 3 No. At least the ones we tested.
- 4 Oh, sorry. Okay. In fact, was there a,
- 5 an alleged burglary at or near the time of Sheila's
- 6 murder?

- 7 A. Yes. It was reported or I vaguely
 - remember the details because there again, we moved
- 9 proved -- or we suspected that it was not related.
- 10 And why is that? Ω
- 11 Α. The manager had said that it was a
- 12 intoxicated Hispanic male trying get into an
- 13 apartment and that it may have even been an
- apartment that he just moved out of it.
- 15 And it was just, it was a lead that
- 16 we didn't feel was connected to our case.
- 17 Q. Just didn't pan out as well. And was
- 18 anything actually taken from that alleged burglary?
- 19 Δ. No. I don't believe so.
- 20 Q. So almost a drunk trespass.
- 21 MR. PIKE: Objection.
- 22 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 MR. PIKE: Testimony by the State.
- 24 THE COURT: Sustained. Just ask a
- question. Sustained.

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- 1 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 2 Ω Did you also hear something about the
- name Darnell?
- 4 I did from my conversation with Detective
 - Long. And I remember it was Darnell or Darryl or
- 6 something like that. And Detective Long had run
- 7 that down and it turned out to be nothing.
- 8 So another lead that you all tried to
- 9 follow-up on but went nowhere?
- 10 A. Right.
- 11 Q. As you are trying to follow these leads
- 12 that are going nowhere, did you hear that the DNA
- 13 results had come back and that there were two
- 14 different sources of DNA inside Sheila?
- 15 Α. Yes, I did.
- 16 Q. So you were further trying to identify
- 17 both sources?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Did you get some information in August of
- 20 2006 that changed your investigation?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. What did you discover?
- 23 That one of the profiles of semen found A.
- 24 inside of Sheila belonged to --
- Objection. It's inconsistent 25 MR. PIKE:

- with the testamony that's been offered at this time.
- He's not competent to say that, it did not exclude,
- it did not match.
- 4 THE COURT: All right. Well, we're gonna
- 5 have testimony from the DNA expert in a minute.
- 6 MR. PIKE: If it led him to another
- 7 individual of interest, then --
 - THE COURT: That's fine. You got some
- information that as a result of that DNA you did
- 10 then develop a suspect, correct.
 - THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
- 12 THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.
- 13 BY MS. LUZAICH:

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- Q. Was there a CODIS hit?
- 15 Yes, there was. Α.
- 16 Q. And the CODIS hit gave you a name?
- 17 A. Yes.
 - Q. What was that name?
- 19 A. Norman Flowers.
- 20 Q. When you -- what was the date that you
- 21 discovered that?
- 22 A. I believe it was August 20, right in
- 23 there.

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- 24 O. Maybe August 22nd of 2006?
- 25 A. I believe it was, yes.
- 1 a. When you discovered that, did you also
- realize that there was another detective who had a
- 3 suspect by that same name?
 - Α. Yes.
 - Now, in the homicide office, do you guys Q.
- 6 have Monday morning briefings?
- 7 Α. Yes, we do.
- 8 Q. Okay.
- 9 We try and have them every Monday.
- 10 Monday morning because of work may sometimes be
- 11 Tuesday or Wednesday, but the bottom line is we try
- 12 and get together as a group once a week to discuss
- 13 everybody has on their table.
- 14 And that's so that each of you knows who
- 15 your suspects, each other suspects are?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And sometimes to get help with your own
- 18 investigations?
- 19 Well, plus it also, if you have crimes of
- 20 similar MO, it may help you to maybe geographically
- 21 link a crime series or any tool like that, but yes,
- 22 we do discuss it, so that it furthers our knowledge
- 23 as to what everyone else is doing that may be
- 24 connected to what we're doing.
- 25
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- other case?
- 2 A. Detective Tremel.
- 3 Q. What do you when you discovered that?
- 4 A. I went over and informed Detective Tremel
- 5 that we received a CODIS hit and I asked if I may
- 6 look through his file, his case file similar to
- 7 mine.
- 8 Q. His homicide notebook?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Which would be a notebook similar to one
- 11 that's sitting there in front of you?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Did you actually review his notebook?
- 14 A. Yes, I did.
- 15 Q. And did you learn that he had a victim
- 16 who also had been strangled and also violently
- 17 sexually assaulted?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 MR. PIKE: Objection, hearsay. Absent
- 20 hear -- it's hearsay and from the conversation of
- 21 what did he do next.
- 22 MS. LUZAICH: Well, it's not --
- 23 THE COURT: He looked at the book and
- 24 that's what he learned. Overruled.
- 25 BY MS. LUZAICH:

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- 1 Q. And with that information -- oh, and did
- 2 you also learn that there was DNA in his case?
- 3 A. Yes, I did.
- 4 Q. With that information, did you also speak
- 5 with Debra Quarles?
- 6 A. Yes, I did.

- Q. How did you -- what did you do?
- 8 A. I basically called Debra Quarles and told
- 9 her that there may be some new developments in the
- 10 case and I would like to speak to her in our office
- 11 about the new developments in the case. And she as
- 12 usual was more than willing to come in and talk.
- 13 Q. Did she come talk to you?
- 14 A. She did.
- 15 Q. And did you tell her, hey, I have a
- 16 suspect his name is blah?
- 17 A. No, I actually didn't.
- 18 Q. What did you do?
- 19 A. Well, I kind of wanted to get her opinion
- 20 as to what she may know in this matter. And so ${\bf I}$
- 21 started asking her like do you think that Sheila's
- 22 death could have been caused by someone you know.
- 23 And she, her answer was basically
- 24 she wasn't sure. And then I asked her if she knew
- 25 anybody who lived on J Street.

- Q. How and she visibly react to that?
 - A. She was stunned.
- 3 Q. And did she indicate anything to you?
 - MR. PIKE: Objection, hearsay.
 - THE COURT: Why isn't it hearsay?
- 6 MS. LUZAICH: Well, I expect it's gonna
- 7 be an excited utterance.
 - THE COURT: Well, you haven't laid
- 9 foundation yet. So you can try to lay some more
- 10 foundation, but at some juncture the objection's
- 11 sustained.
- 12 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 13 Q. You said she was stunned. How did she
- 14 react?

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- 15 A. She -- I believe she said, oh, my God, a
- 16 couple times.
- 17 MR. PIKE: Objection, hearsay.
- 18 THE COURT: Well, you've got to get the
- 19 foundation in.
- 20 MR. PIKE: The foundation --
- 21 respectfully, Your Honor, the foundation would be
- 22 was there an event that occurred that caused her to
- 23 react in this specific way, did she react in a
- 24 specific way that indicated she was excited or --
- 24 Specific way that indicated she was excited of --
- 25 and under that excitement did she make a statement.
 - 76
 - I This is where they've come into an interview.
- 2 THE COURT: I think you're right.
- 3 Sustained.
- 4 MS. LUZAICH: That's fine.
- 5 MR. PIKE: Thank you.
- 6 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 7 Q. As she was stunned, did she give, without
- 8 telling me what it was, did she give you a name?
- 9 A. Yes.
 - Q. And was it a name that you were familiar
- 11 with?

- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And did she give you information about
- 14 that individual?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Did she appear to know that individual?
- 17 A. Yes, she did.
- 18 MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor.
- ${f 19}$ Foundation. Again, this is all hearsay. And it was
- 20 brought out in the guise of the State testifying.
- 21 THE COURT: Well, I mean, he asked her if
- 22 she knew anybody on J Street and she did. And the
- 23 person she knew turned out to be the name of the
- 24 hit. I don't see any hearsay. Go ahead.
- 25 Overruled.
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- BY MS. LUZAICH: 2
- 3 a. It was an individual that she knew and
- was very familiar with it appeared?
- 5 Δ. Yes.
- O. Did she also tell you about, without
- 7 telling me what she said, did she tell you about
 - things that that individual did after the death of
- 9 Sheila?

- 10 Α. Yes.
 - MR. PIKE: Objection, hearsay.
- 12 THE COURT: Well, they haven't said what
- 13 she said.
- 14 MS. LUZAICH: And I specifically said
- 15 that, without telling me what she said.
- 16 MR. PIKE: I understand. I just want to
- 17 make a record in case I bring up the same questions.
- 18 THE COURT: The next question is gonna be
- 19 though.
- 20 MS. LUZAICH: No, it's not.
- 21 THE COURT: Let's hear it.
- 22 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 23 Q. So you were you aware of that information
- 24 as well?
- 25 Α. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Now, did you go see this person
- after speaking with Debra? 2
- 3 A. Yes, I did. On August 24th.
- 4 Q. Okay. Now, when you went and saw this
- person, did you read him -- who did you go see?
- 6 A. I went and saw Mr. Flowers.
- 7 Q. You're looking over there. Do you see
- 8 him here in court today?
- 9 A. Yes, I do.
- 10 Q. Can you describe where he's sitting and
- 11 what he's wearing?
- 12 A. He's wearing a black suit and a maybe
- 13 blew or greenish tie.
- 14 THE COURT: The record will reflect
- 15 identification of the defendant Norman Keith
- 16 Flowers.
- 17 MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
- 18 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 19 O Does the defendant look the same today as
- 20 he did in August of 2006?
- 21 A. Yes, he does.
- 22 Q. Or at least very similar?
- 23 Α.
- 24 Q. When you spoke with the defendant, you
- read him his rights?

- 1 A.
- 2 Q. When you do that, do you do it from
- 3 memory or from a card?
- 4 A. From a card.
 - Q. Do you happen to have that card with you
- 6 today?

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- 7 A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Can I have that card? May I have it
- 9 marked?
- 10 MR. PIKE: It's okay. You can just read
- 11 it in.
- 12 MS. LUZAICH: I'm gonna move it in
- 13 actually. I am about to show defense counsel who
- 14 has a copy of it, but defense counsel the actual
- 15 card. State's proposed 135.
- 16 MR. PIKE: No objection.
 - THE COURT: It will be admitted.
- 18 MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
- 19 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 20 When you -- well, actually could you read
- 21 into the record the rights that you read to the
- 22 defendant on that day?
- 23 Yes. The adult advisement since Mr.
 - Flowers was an adult at the time and still is, is
- 25 number one, you have the right to remain silent.

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- Number two, anything you say can and will be used
- against you in a court of law. Number three, you
- have the right to the presence of an attorney.
- Number four, you cannot -- if you cannot afford an
- attorney, one will be appointed before questioning.
- 6 Do you understand these rights.
- 7 Did he indicate to you that you
- 8 understood the rights?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And did he actually sign the card in your
- 11 presence?

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- 12 Α. Yes, he did.
- 13 MS. LUZAICH: Move it into evidence.
 - THE COURT: It's already been admitted.
- 15 MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
- 16 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 17 Q. When you saw the defendant and spoke with
- 18 him, did you first tell him that you were not there
- 19 to talk to him about his case?
 - A. Yes.
- 21 Did you kind of just talk to him about Q.
- 22 hey, how are you doing, what's your name, what
- 23 should I call you?
- 24 A little bit. Not a whole lot. He was,
- he was in custody. I just wanted, you know, I was

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- 1 basically down there to have a take with him.
- **Q.** Did you -- you were aware that his name
- 3 was Norman Keith Flowers.
- 4 Did he indicate that he goes by the
- 5 name Norman or another name?
- 6 A. He indicated to me that he goes by Keith.
- 7 Q. And when you spoke to him, was it August
- 8 24th of 2006 at 8:30 in the morning?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Did you tell him that -- well, did you
- 11 tell him why you were there right away?
 - A. I basically told him that I was
- 13 conducting an investigation and I was seeking his
- 14 cooperation.

- 15 Q. The interview that you conducted with
- 16 him, was it tape recorded?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Was it then transcribed?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And do you have a copy of that transcript
- 21 with you?
- 22 A. Yes, I do.
- 23 Q. Could you open it up just so that we can
- 24 get the words correct? Okay. On page two, did you
- 25 ask him the first thing I want to talk to you about,
- 1 Keith, is I'm trying to find out who a friend of
- 2 yours is. Maybe a friend of yours, maybe not a
- 3 friends of yours. He's a black guy, he's got like a
- 4 skin condition on his arms. Does that ring a bell
- 5 of anybody.
- 6 Did you ask him that?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. How did he respond to that?
- 9 A. You're giving me limited information was
- 10 his --
- 11 MR. PIKE: Objection. It's in correct.
- 12 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 13 Q. Well, was there an answer before that?
- 14 A. What's the point -- I'm sorry, yeah.
- 15 What's the point of trying to find him. Why are you
- 16 trying to find him for.
- 17 Q. Did you tell him because I need to ask
- 18 him some questions on a case I'm investigating and
- 19 your name, Keith, the defendant's name, came up in
- 20 the case that he's a friend of yours?
- 21 A. Yes. And he replied you, you're giving
- 22 me limited information.
- 23 Q. Did you try and fix that a little bit and
- 24 say okay, how about I start and give you some more
- 25 information. Do you know Debra Quarles?

- A. And there was no verbal response.
 - Q. None at all?
- 3 A. No.

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- 4 Q. So he didn't say yeah, I know her, I
- 5 dated her or anything like that?
 - A. No.
- 7 Q. So what did you then do?
- 8 A. I told Mr. Flowers that I wanted to show
- 9 him a picture of her and asked him if it would help.
- 10 Q. How did he respond to that?
- 11 A. Yeah.
 - Q. So he wanted to actually see a picture of
- 13 her before he would talk further?
- 14 A. Yes
- 15 Q. Did you then show him a picture of Debra
- 16 Quarles?
- 17 A. Yes, I did.
- 18 Q. And did you ask him if he knew her?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. How did he respond to that?
- 21 A. I'm not saying.
- 22 Q. Okay. Not a lot of cooperation thus far?
- 23 A. No.
- 24 Q. Did you ask him if he thinks he knows
- 25 her?

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- 1 A. Yes
- 2 Q. And did you actually tell him because she
- 3 told you that she knew him?
 - A. Yes.
- 5 Q. How did he respond to that?
- 6 A. Again, he said I'm not saying. I mean
- 7 until I know what's it about, I'm not saying
- 8 anything.
- 9 Q. So then what did you say to him?
 - MR. PIKE: Your Honor, I move for
- 11 admission of the tape recording of this, the best
- 12 evidence.
- 13 THE COURT: Well, it doesn't have to, but
- 14 do you have any objection?
- 15 MS. LUZAICH: Well, two. One, can we
- 16 approach?
 - THE COURT: Yeah.
- 18 (Whereupon, an off-the-record
- 19 discussion was had at the bench.)
 - THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. Go
- 21 ahead. Page and line number, Ms. Luzaich, and you
- 22 read the question Detective Sherwood asks and
- 23 Detective Sherwood can read the answer that Mr.
- 24 Flowers gave.
- 25 BY MS. LUZAICH:

- Thus far, Detective She wood, have you been reading exactly the responses that the 2
- 3 defendant was giving you?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. I for the most part was reading the
- questions you gave, but now we're on page three and
- 7 I'm gonna read questions that you asked if that's
- okay with you, and if you could respond exactly the
- 9 way he did.
- 10 Α. Yes.
- 11 Q. Okay. I'm on page three for the record.
- 12 Did you say to him after he said I'm not saying
- 13 anything to you, okay, here's what I'm
- 14 investigating. I'm investigating the, the death of
- 15 her daughter. It's possible that someone you know
- 16 may have been involved in it. And I just, I'm
- 17 trying to find out who that person is, so I can go
- 18 and talk to him.
- 19 I mean. Debra tells me that she's a
- 20 good friend of yours and that you would probably
- 21 help me, and I wanted to come talk to you and appeal
- 22 to you because Debra can't rest in peace because her
- 23 daughter's killer hasn't been caught.
- 24 And the reason I think it's the guy
- 25 with the skin condition is just prior to Sheila

 - being found, there was a guy hanging out, outside
- that matches the description of him wearing like a
- long-sleeved shirt which it wasn't extremely cold
- that day. It was a long sleeved flannel shirt and
- I'm thinking, you know, maybe this guy is trying to
- hide his skin condition or something like that. 6
- 7 I don't understand what makes you guys
- 8 think a person would even have a skin condition
- 9 because they have the long shirt.
- 10 Well, here's why. Because this guy, this
- 11 guy that I'm looking for I was told is a friend of
- 12 yours. And I was told that you gave Debra rides
- 13 home from work. So maybe, maybe he saw Debra and
- 14 maybe he saw Sheila and maybe he got interested in
- 15 Sheila?
- 16 Who is Sheila? Α.
- 17 Sheila is Debra's daughter. Q.
- 18 A. Oh, only knew her by her nickname.
- 19 Q. Pooka? Okay. So you didn't really know
- 20 her well?
- 21 A. No verbal response.
- 22 Okay. Anyway, you know, I'm just -- I'm Q.
- 23 trying to solve a crime that happened. And I mean,
- I know, I know you're probably not real anxious to
- cooperate with the police, but I wanted to appeal to 25

- you as a frien of Debra's, you know, to maybe just
- point me in the right direction.
- 3 Α. Can't do it, no. I'm not. I don't want
- to be involved.
- 5 Ω. Okay. Well, I understand that. And I
- mean, you know, I can, I can find out. How well do
- 7 you know Debra?
- 8 Α. No, I won't answer no questions about any
- 9 of that.
- 10 Okay. Well, could I ask you a couple, Q.
- 11 just a couple more things, then we'll be done.
- 12 No. I got my own problems to deal with
- 13 so I don't want to get involved in anybody else's
- 14 matters.

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- Q. So you don't want to help Debra at all?
- 16 You don't want to, you don't want to like try and
- 17 help catch who killed her daughter?
- 18 Α. No verbal response.
 - Q. Uh, really?
- 20 I'm not saying yes, I'm not saying no.
- 21 I'm just -- I don't want to be involved in anybody
- else's problems. I have my own case to deal with. 22
- 23 Okay. So as he is talking to you at this
- 24 point, you're not getting any cooperation from him?
 - Α.
 - At the time of this particular Q.
- conversation, were you still under the impression
- 3 that there may be two suspects?
 - Α.
- And is that why you're trying to find out Q.
- 6 who his friends might be?
 - Α.
- 8 And are you kind of incorporating Q.
- 9 information that you got from just a bunch of
- 10 different sources?
 - Α. Yes.
- 12 Q. Not just Debra?
- 13 Α.
- When you saw the defendant that day, how 14 Q.
- 15 old was he?
- 16 Α.
- 17 Q. Do you know about how tall he was?
- 18 Α. 5'7".
- 19 Q. Weight?
- 20 A. A hundred and 85, 90 pounds.
- 21 After you spoke with him, were you still
- 22 trying to identify the other source of semen in
- 23 Sheila?
 - A. Yes.
 - And in fact, did you shortly thereafter Q.

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- leave the Detective Long partner Part of homicide
- and move over to cold case?
- 3 Α. Yes.
- O. When you went to work cold case, did you
- 5 actually bring this with you?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 O. And still tried to find out who the other
- 8 source of semen was?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And did Detective Long also, even though
- 11 he was no longer partnered with you, do things in
- 12 furtherance of that?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Were you aware of a record -- well,
- actually did you go interview some people after you
- 16 had gone to cold case from Starbucks?
- 17 A. Yes, I did.
- 18 Q. Who did you go interview?
- 19 A. I interviewed a manager there and a
- 20 co-worker.
- 21 Q. Why?
- 22 A. Just trying to see if there again, word
- 23 on the street may have come up or maybe if there was
- 24 more information that they, they had thought about
- regarding Sheila's death.

- 1 Q. The Starbucks you went to, is that the
- one that Sheila worked at?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Where was that?
- 5 A. It was located within the convention
- 6 center.
- 7 Q. What specifically were you trying to find
- 8 out from that -- well, were you trying to find out
- 9 from them whether she had any male friends in her
- 10 life?
- 11 Α. Yes. We were trying to find out if there
- 12 were any guys that used to come pick her up or she
- 13 talked about or any information that may be
- 14 pertinent to another lead developing.
- 15 Okay. And you spoke with a bunch of
- 16 people from Starbucks. Were you aware that
- 17 Detective Long had gotten her cell phone records and
- 18 was calling those people?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And were you still in contact with each
- 21 other regarding what information if any you were
- 22 adducing?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. And did you discover that Detective Long
- had potentially identified the other source of

- 1 semen?
 - Yes. Α.
- 3 Q. And did you and he talk about, you know,
- who the individual was and what happened thereafter?
 - Α.
- 6 Q. And were you aware that the person did in
- 7 fact give a buckle sample -- a buckle swab for
- comparison?
- Α. Yes.
- 10 Q. And that it matched?
- 11 Α. Yes.
- 12 Q. And that the individual had been working
- 13 that day?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Where was that individual working?
- 16 Α. Detective Long informed me that he was
- 17 work at Wal-Mart.
 - MR. PIKE: Objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Sustained.
 - MS. LUZAICH: Well --
 - MR. PIKE: I have no objection to the map
- 22 being introduced into evidence based upon the
- 23 testimony that's previously been offered by another
- 24 witness.
- 25 THE COURT: Yeah.
- 92

- BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 2 And assuming the individual was working
- on the Wal-Mart on Craig between like Nellis and --
- not Nellis. MLK and Simmons, I'm gonna show you
- what's been marked as State's proposed Exhibit 127,
- 6 shown to defense counsel, does that look familiar?
- 7 Α.
 - Q. Now, can you see on there the Wal-Mart
- 9 that I just mentioned?
- 10 A.

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- 11 Q. And can you see 1001 North Pecos, the
- 12 apartment that Sheila's murder occurred at?
- 13 A.
- 14 Q. And are they both depicted on this
- 15 diagram which is an aerial view?
- 16 A. They are.
 - MS. LUZAICH: Move it into evidence.
- 18 MR. PIKE: No objection.
- 19 THE COURT: Admitted.
- 20 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 21 Okay. Can you just point for the record Q.
- to the Wal-Mart. And also to the apartment complex. 22
 - Right down here.
 - Q. Okay. So for the record, to the top left
- of the aerial view would be Wal-Mart and the bottom]

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15 Q. Okay. And showing you, showing you 16 State's Exhibit 131, does this appear to be a photo

lineup? 17

18 A. Yes, it does.

19 Q. Is the defendant Norman Flowers depicted

20 in that photo lineup?

21 Α. Yes, it's in the number five box.

22 Q. In the number five?

Yes.

23 A. Yes.

A.

Q. Okay. Is that how he looked in August of

25 2006?

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MS. LUZAICH: Thank you. I have no

3 further questions.

MR. PIKE: Thank you.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

6 BY MR. PIKE:

7 Q. I may work a little bit back. So I'm not

quite the same order that's involved. Let me go

9 back to a statement that you had previously said

about people that were speaking with the police and 10

11 people, the sort of cooperation that you were

12 getting when you were going around the area of

Pooka's death. 13

14 There are a lot of people that

15 didn't want to talk with the police?

Yes, sir. 16 A.

And that's not an uncommon experience

18 that you run across. Sometimes there are very

19 cooperative and sometimes there are uncooperative

20 people?

21 A. Yes, sir, that's correct.

22 Sometimes individuals are uncooperative Q.

23 because they may fear people around them and they 24 may fear retribution if they before to be seen

speaking to the police?

15 dead end?

A.

Yes.

16

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17 Q. Okay. In, in this case, you've testified

18 that you felt that that burglary, although

19 associated with the apartment complex in which the

20 murder occurred, may not have had something to do

21 with.

22 It during the course of your early

23 investigation become, became a dead end?

> A. Yes, sir.

25 Q. Now, hypothetically, if you were informed

that the person that was seen breaking into that apartment by the eyewitness that saw that was then

3 identified as having possession of the stereo of

4 Sheila Quarles shortly after her death, that may

cause you to re-evaluate that dead end?

MS. LUZAICH: Objection. Assumes facts 6

not in evidence.

8 THE COURT: Well, he's just asking him a

hypothetical. I assume he's gonna tie it up. 9

Overruled. Go ahead. 10

MS. LUZAICH: Well he can't tie it up.

12 (Whereupon, an off-the-record

13 discussion was had at the bench.)

14 THE COURT: Go ahead. He can ask the

15 question.

16 BY MR. PIKE:

> Q. Okay. If you were --

18 THE COURT: Hypothetically.

19 BY MR. PIKE:

20 Hypothetically if you were given that

situation, that may cause you to re-evaluate closing

22 that door and reopening it?

Α. Hypothetically.

24 Yes. Q.

25 Yes. Α.

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- Going and investigatin 2 similarly if you're given information that identifies an individual, then it may be worth going back to the people that were living around that area and showing them a photographic lineup to see if
- they recognize that person and whether he, anybody 7 saw him around that area at the time of the criminal
- 8 event?

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- 10 Q. Okay. And you were at some point in time
- 11 given this photographic lineup?

Yes.

12 Α. Yes.

A.

- 13 Q. And did you go back around and show that
- 14 to the individuals that were living at that area?
- 15 Yes. It was, it was shown at least to 16 the female. And I don't remember how many other
- 17 people it was shown to, but it was shown to that
- 18 one. 19 Q. Okay. And you prepared no report about
- 20 that?
- 21 Α. There should be a photographic lineup 22 record.
- 23 Q. Okay. Do you have that?
- 24 A. And let me check.
- 25 Q. In fact, looking at the record of
 - 98
 - contents of that homicide book, there's no evidence
- 2 that there was a photographic lineup prepared for,
- 3 prepared in this case?
- 4 A. These are standardized file indexes. So
- it doesn't, just because it's on the index doesn't
- 6 mean that there's something in the compartment or
- 7 whether there is or isn't. It's just the file index
- 8 that we put in all of our files.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 And some people store things differently
- 11 and I just -- can I ask whose name is on the bottom
- 12 of that?

16

- 13 This -- on this one it was prepared in 14 relationship to -- let's see. May I approach the
- 15 witness, Your Honor?
 - THE COURT: Sure.
- 17 MS. LUZAICH: Is there an event number on
- 18 that lineup?
- 19 MR. PIKE: There is. There is. It's
- 20 signed by Juanita Cruz.
- 21 MS. LUZAICH: Curry.
- 22 MR. PIKE: Curry. I'm sorry.
- 23 MS. WECKERLY: It's from the other main
- event. Not this case. That's why you're not --
- 25 BY MR. PIKE:

- 1 m just curious. Or not just
- 2 curious, but it will be important for me to know if
- there's a photographic lineup that's signed or
- 4 prepared or anywhere within that homicide book
 - because --
- 6 A. In the sections that it would be in, I 7 don't show it.
- 8 O Okay. And you didn't take one with you 9 when you went to talk to the people at Starbucks?
- 10 No. I did not.
- 11 Q. And you never took one around with you
- 12 when you interviewed anybody to show them a
- 13 photographic lineup. I guess they call that a six
- 14 pack?

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Page 97 to 100 of 135

- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And you didn't take one of those around?
- 17 A. In looking through the book, I don't
- 18 believe we prepared one on this case.
 - Okay. You were subsequently given the Q.
- 20 name of Chicken; is that correct?
- 21 Δ. Detective Long was, but I've heard a lot 22 about it.
- 23 Q. Okay. You're able to identify many times
- 24 people by their nicknames or monickers and you can
- 25 get photographs of them.

- And there was to your knowledge, you
- didn't see that it was a photographic lineup with
- 3 Chicken's name -- or excuse me. Chicken's picture
- 4 anywhere within that?
 - Α. No.
- 6 Okay. And in going through and going
- back over the investigation, when you were going
- through and processing this and you and the other
- detectives were fanning out the area to try and talk
- to people and try and gather information --10
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 12 -- did you -- you indicated that you had
- 13 discussed what sort of information you might want
- 14 15
- some specific interview questions like had you seen

when you were talking with people and that you gave

- 16 anything. And you gave us some examples like that?
 - Α. Yes, sir.
- 18 Q. Would some of the other questions that
- 19 you would want to ask be questions like well, did
- 20 you know the people who lived in that apartment?
- 21 Α. I'm sure they were asked.

Yes.

- 22 Okay. And, and did you -- when was the
- 23 last time you had seen the occupants of that
- 24 apartment?
- 25

- Q. Were they friends of yours?
- 2 A. Oh, okay.

- 3 Q. I'm sorry. That was a really bad
- 4 question. Let me rephrase that. Would an
 - interviewer or a detective in your case want to know
- 6 if somebody was coming out to police, they will, was
- 7 the people in those apartments friends of yours,
- 8 because that may be a source of additional
- 9 information?
- 10 A. Most of the guys that were doing the
- 11 interviews are five, six year homicide detectives
- 12 and extremely good interviewers. I was basically
- 13 just summarizing some of the questions that might be
- 14 asked. Obviously those are great questions.
- 15 Q. Okay. And, and with the experience and
- 16 the trainings that the detectives such as yourself
- 17 have in interview techniques, you'd expect that they
- 18 would ask questions similar to that, try and
- 19 identify, well this person may not give me something
- 20 now, but I'll go back and talk to them later?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And in doing that, it would probably be
- 23 important if you knew that Chicken had been there
- 24 and had talked with police and had not indicated
- 25 that he knew them or had sex with Pooka on the day
 - 102

- 1 of her death?
- 2 MS. LUZAICH: Well, objection. That
- 3 misstates the testimony.
- 4 THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not sure that's
- 5 correct.
- 6 BY MR. PIKE:
- 7 Q. Okay. Let me rephrase it. Were you
- 8 aware that Chicken testified --
- 9 THE COURT: At what point in time?
- 10 BY MR. PIKE:
- 11 Q. At what point in time. On the day of the
- 12 death of Pooka that Chicken came up and talked to
- 13 some police?
- 14 A. I had never heard the name Chicken. I
- 15 had never heard his Christian name. I mean, I
- 16 didn't know he existed. A lot of times people
- 17 mistake talking to the police for a security guard,
- 18 a bus driver, a patrol man. Us as homicide
- 19 detectives brief and debrief over information we
- 20 receive.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. If he were to tell it to a patrolman, and
- 23 I'm not saying he did or didn't, that could be, you
- 24 know, information that we never received. But we as
- 25 a homicide investigative team didn't receive that
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1 information.

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- 2 Q. And you didn't receive the name Chicken
- 3 until just a few months ago?
 - A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And that was after you were directed to
- 6 go out and reopen the investigation and look for a 7 boyfriend?
- 8 A. Not directed. We were trying to identify
- 9 the second donor and we had hit dead end and the
- 10 name Chicken, Detective Long was actually running
- 11 that aspect of this, but the name Chicken never,
- 12 never surfaced, George's name never surfaced.
- 13 It just, it was information that we
- 14 had been out there seeking, but apparently were we
- 15 weren't knocking on the right doors or calling the
- 16 right people.
- 17 Q. Okay. And so that was brand new evidence
- 18 that you just found this year?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- 20 Q. And you didn't conduct the interview of
- 21 him, but you did go to interview Keith?
 - A. Yes.
- 23 Q. Now, while you were at -- before I get
- 24 into the interview with, with Keith, let me ask you
- 25 a few questions about the types of investigations
 - 104
- 1 that you may often do in cases and specifically
- 2 relate them to this case so we kind of know where
- 3 I'm going.
- 4 Now, in relationship to the cell
- 5 phone, is it your understanding or do you have any
- 6 knowledge about serial numbers of cell phones?
 - A. I know they exist.
- 8 Q. Okay. Do you know whether or not when a
- 9 cell phone is, is changed from one person to another
- 10 that if that person takes a cell phone and
- 11 reactivates it even under a different provider, that
- 12 that same cell phone identification number becomes
- 13 part of the billing and part of the records as to
- 14 that individual? Do you know whether or not
- **15** that's --
- 16 MS. LUZAICH: Objection, assumes facts
- 17 not in evidence.
- 18 MR. PIKE: Do you know whether or not
- 19 that is true?
 - THE COURT: Overruled.
- 21 THE WITNESS: I don't know.
- 22 BY MR. PIKE:
- 23 Q. That may be an important investigative
- 24 tool for you to use if that was available?
 - A. Yes.

25

- cell phones is The other question abo
- you understand or do you have knowledge about when a 2
- call is made from a cell phone that it, it tracks
- through a specific cell tower? 4
 - Α. Yes.

- 6 Q. And you often use that as a tool in order
- 7 to locate where telephone calls may have been --
- what areas telephone calls may have been made from?
- 9 Yes. A.
- 10 Q. Did you ascertain the cellfites that were
- 11 used on this phone during the conversations?
- 12 No. I did not. A.
- 13 During the time that you retained this O.
- 14 key that you indicated that you impounded, did you
- 15 ever take that over and, and try it on the key in
- 16 Keith's apartment that he was living in?
- 17 A. It, it was my opinion --
- 18 Q. I'm just asking did you try it?
- 19 A. No, because we weren't sure that he lived
- 20 there. We believed he was staying there.
- 21 If he was staying there, he may have had Q.
- 22 a key?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- 24 Q. But you never tried it?
- 25 A.

- In going through and looking at the card, 1 Q.
- the bank card that was taken, you were able to
- obtain the bank information, in other words the bank
- that the bank card was from --
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 -- and the account number? And if that
- 7 bank card was ever used, there may have been a
- 8 photograph that was associated with that?
- 9 A. Yes
- 10 Q. When you're attempting to obtain those
- 11 bank records, do you ever issue a subpoena or as
- 12 police officers can you just go in and, and request
- 13 the records on that?
- 14 A. It's an administrative subpoena.
- 15 Okay. When was the last subpoena issued
- 16 to determine whether or not that was used, that bank
- 17 card was ever attempted to be used?
- 18 I don't know that there's been any recent Α.
- 19 ones
- 20 Q. When was the last one done, if any were
- 21 done?
- 22 It would probably be immediately after. A.
- 23 As far as the bank card goes I know.
- 24 Q. Can you look in the homicide book and
- tell me? 25

27 of 44 sheets

- Α.
- Q. Okay. Thank you.
- We subpoenaed the final bill. Α.
- Q. Okay. Thank you very much. And what day
- 5 did you subpoena that?
 - Α. August of '05.
- 7 Thank you. In going through the
- 8 investigation, you also indicated that you obtained
 - a user's manual or an informational pamphlet I
- 10 quess?

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- 11 Α. Like an owner's manual.
- 12 Q. Thanks. In reference to the, the stereo
- 13 that was taken, is that in, in the book?
- 14 Α. Yes, sir.
 - Q. In the homicide book? Can you look at
- 16 that, please?
- 17 Α. Yes.
- 18 Q. Okay. Now, you have that in front of
- you. That plays, I understand it plays CDs? 19
- 20 It looks like it has a three CD. Α.
- 21 Q. Okay. Does it indicate whether or not
- 22 there's a radio?
- 23 Α. It looks like there is one. I can go
- 24 through the manual.
 - Q. That's okay. You believe that there's a

 - radio component or a tuner portion of that?
- 2 I believe so. That's what I would -- and
- this is just an opinion I guess, that that's what
- the bottom of it looks like. It's almost just like
- 5 a black and white sketch of what it looks like.
- 6 Okay. And to your knowledge also, the
- 7 speakers' separate?
- 8 Α. Yes.
- 9 Thank you. And were you able -- in going
- 10 through, you indicated that going through and making
- 11 an investigation through the pawn shop is generally
- 12 something that requires a serial number on a radio
- 13 or something like that?
- 14
 - Α. Yes.
- 15 Okay. And you also indicated that if you
- 16 had an individual who may be a suspect, that you
- 17 could go and check that individual's names for items
- 18 that were being pawned?
 - Α. Yes.
- At that point in time on the date that 20 O.
- the death occurred and the investigation initiated, 21
- 22 there was a swabbing, a buckle swab taken of Robert
- 23 Lewis?
 - Α. Yes.
- 25 Q. Robert Lewis was a person of interest?

19

- A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Okay. And that's different than a
- 3 suspect. As far as classification, he may become a
- 4 suspect, may not, but he's somebody that you want to
- 5 watch?

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- 6 A. Yeah. A person of interest is, is just
- 7 that. I mean, it's somebody that we would like to
 - talk to maybe again. Detective Long interviewed Mr.
- 9 Lewis originally.
- 10 Q. And he -- and given that name, you could
- 11 take that name and go to the pawn shop detail and
 - 2 say, tell me, tell me the pawning history of this
- 13 individual, and they'd be able to tell you that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And to your knowledge that wasn't done in
- 16 this case?
- 17 A. I personally didn't do it.
- 18 Q. You're looking for people that were
- 19 willing to discuss the, the information they have
- 20 with you.
- 21 Did you ever interview or
- 22 reinterview a Natalia Sena?
- 23 A. I personally did not, no.
- 24 Q. Okay. You interviewed Quince Toney a
- 25 number of different times?
- 110

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. And in fact, you gathered from her
- 3 information that would have allowed you to access
- the messages on the cell phone?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And did you access those messages?
- 7 A. I personally did not, but I was informed
- 8 that Detective Wildman did.
- 9 Q. All right. And in reference to that so
- 10 we could ask Detective Wildman about those things?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Or those issues. You talked about you,
- 13 testified a bit about your investigation and
- 14 determining that a sexual assault had occurred. You
- 15 called it a violent sexual assault.
- 16 Now, in your experience as a
- 17 homicide detective, violent I assume to you does not
- 18 equate with obvious?
- 19 A. I'm not a doctor. I mean, I --
- 20 Q. It may or may not?
- 21 A. I basically go by what they tell me.
- 22 Q. But when you, -- you've had cases where
- 23 you've come in to investigate and it's pretty
- 24 obvious that there has been severe trauma to the
- 25 vaginal area? 10/20/2008 09:54:59 PM

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. There may be bleeding, there may be
- 3 foreign objects, there may be a number of things
- 4 that when you walk in, that absolutely is obvious to
- you that that's a component part of it?
 - A. Yes.

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- 7 Q. And in this case there, when you went in
- 8 and looked at the body, there wasn't anything that
- 9 you saw that made it that obvious?
- 10 A. I never got fully in a position where I
- 11 could see that because the nature of the small
- 12 space. I did look at the body, the coroner did come
- 13 out and do basic -- what they basically do at a
- 14 death which is check the body for the obvious. And
- 15 it wasn't told to me that that was present.
- **16** Q. And in going through that then, you would
- 17 have gone back to, and you had testified that you
- 18 went back and you spoke with Pooka's mom, Debra
- 19 Quarles a number of times?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And you would have asked her if she knew
- 22 any boyfriends that she had?
- 23 A. Yes, she was.
- 24 Q. And as a result of that conversation, you
- 25 didn't have, you did not go out and investigate any
- 1 male individuals?
- 2 A. We didn't -- I don't remember that we had
- 3 any male names.
- 4 Q. There was a letter that was found on the
- 5 bedspread. Do you remember that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And that letter was addressed to an
- 8 individual William Kinzy. Do you remember that?
- 9 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Okay. Did you go speak with Mr. Kinzy?
- 11 A. Yes, I did.
- 12 Q. When did you go speak with Mr. Kinzy?
- 13 A. I don't have the exact date.
 - Q. Was it just within a month or so ago?
- 15 A. No, it was probably six or eight months
- 16 ago I'm guessing.
 - Q. Okay. Who was present when you went to
- 18 interview him?
 19 A. Myself, Detective Long, Ms. Luzaich and
- 20 Ms. Weckerly.
- 21 Q. During the course of that conversation,
- 22 were you able to -- well, did he cooperate with you
- 23 at all?
 - A. Very little.
- 25 Q. Did he tell you that he -- well, that

would be hearsay.

2 During the course of that

conversation that you had with him, were you able to

- ascertain sufficient facts to determine if he in
- 5 fact was going, that being the recipient of that
- letter that he knew Pooka?
- 7 A. Yes.

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- Q. And obviously from the letter that that
- had preceded her death? 9
- 10 Α. Yes.
 - Q. In fact, the letter as it was addressed
- from, that you found at the scene contained Sheila's
- 13 first name correctly, but it contained a second name
- 14 that was not her name?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. It contained Mr. Kinzy's name?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Now, during the course of your
- 19 investigation, you also gathered the information
- 20 that there had been a search warrant that had been
- issued and that in fact Keith's, Norman Keith 21
- 22 Flowers, the, apartment the apartment he had been
- 23 staying at had been searched?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 And you went through the photographs of

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- 1 that?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 You went through the photographs to
- determine if there was any evidence or any items
- that that may have significance or be associated
- 6 with this case?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And in completing the investigation, you
- 9 obtained this, this information from the, I think
- from the other detective and it was at the time that 10
- 11 you went in to speak with Keith?
- 12 A. Yes.

15

- 13 Q. Now, going back to his statement, if you
- 14 could go back to that, please.
 - Α. To Mr. Flowers' statement, sir?
- 16 Yes, please. And going to page five. Q.
- 17 A.
- 18 Q. At the time that you went in to see him,
- 19 you knew that he was in custody on the other charge?
- 20 I was not, I am not sure when I talked to
- 21 him if he was in -- what he was in custody for. I
- 22 knew he was in custody.
- 23 He was in custody. He told you and this
- is where you ended off, if you go to page five of 24
- the statement, I think it's the second answer, I

- to deal with. have my own c
- You knew he was in custody and you
- were interviewing him in a room just you and he and
- the recorder?

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- Α. Yes.
- And while you were going through and
- 7 interviewing him, you were using a number of
- different interviewing techniques in order to
- 9 attempt to, number one, try and put him at ease;
- 10 number two try and get him to give you information.
 - Would that be a fair statement?
- 12 Α. Yes.
- 13 During the course of that and during the Q. course of an investigation, if you believe that 14
- 15 someone may be a suspect in this case, then you
- 16 would advise him of his Miranda Rights?
 - Α.
 - And you did that in this case? O.
- 19 I did do that. Α.
- 20 Q. And in some cases you don't?
 - Α.
- 22 Q. In this case you did, in this case you
- 23 are giving him information about an individual with
- 24 skin condition on his arms?
 - Α. Yes.

- What witness in the Quarles' case, this Q.
- case, told you about somebody with skin conditions
- 3 on his arm?
 - Α. Debra Quarles.
 - Q. Okay. So there was an individual that
- you believed may have been around that had skin
- 7 condition problems with his arms?
- 8 No. There may have been an individual
- with a skin condition that was an associate of Mr. 9
- 10 Flowers.
 - Q. Okay. And did you do you remember
- 12 whether or not Robert Lewis had any problems with
- 13 his arms?
 - A. He did not that I noticed, no.
- 15 Okay. So you're going through and giving
- 16 him some information and you're telling him that the
- 17 only reason you did that on page two is that you're
- 18 in custody?
 - A.
- 20 Q. In fact, you believe that he may be a 21 suspect, so it was more than just he was in custody?
- 22 Α. Yes.
 - Q. And during the course of an
- 24 investigation, you're trained that it's you can try
- 25 and calm people down to get them to give you
- App. UUW 2008 09:54:59 PM

- 1 information, that's one techniq
- 2 Α. Yes.
- 3 Q. You may get somebody angry and try and
- get them to also give you information because
- 5 they're angry?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. That's another technique. You can go
- 8 through and ask them questions that are completely
- 9 unrelated to the crime that you're investigating to
- verify how cooperative they're going to be and
- 11 that's another technique?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You also have been trained and informed
- 14 that you can actually give them false information or
- 15 lie to them about facts that you may or may not have
- 16 and use that as an interrogation technique?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And you can also go through and appeal to
- 19 their sense of humanity?
- 20 Yes. A.
- 21 Q. And in fact, you did attempt to appeal to
- 22 his -- on page five. You wanted to appeal to his
- 23 human decency?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 At that time in fact, Mr. Flowers advised Q.
 - 118
- you that he may want to speak with you in the
- 2 future, going to page seven?
- 3 MS. LUZAICH: Well, objection.
- 4 MS. WECKERLY: I object.
- 5 MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, can we
- 6 approach?

- 7 THE COURT: Yes.
 - (Whereupon, an off-the-record
- 9 discussion was had at the bench.)
- 10 THE COURT: Objection's sustained.
- 11 BY MR. PIKE:
- 12 Q. And based upon the collection of evidence
- 13 just very recently in this case, that is the nature
- 14 of your work in the cold cases is that things can
- 15 come to life in the future and you reinvestigate and
- 16
- retalk to people and that in this case and in other
- 17 cases may be a very effective investigative tool?
- 18 I'm not sure -- I'm sorry. I'm not real A.
- 19 sure of the question.
- 20 It was kind of rambling. Let me just put
- 21 it this way: It never hurts to go back and talk to
- 22 potential witnesses?
 - A. No.

23

- And in fact, you would, would say that 24 Q.
- that constant recontact with the witnesses, the

- re-evaluation what they remember often will and
- often times will, will bring forth that item which
- 3 then opens the case wide open?
- 4 Yes, sir. In some cases.
 - MR. PIKE: All right. Thank you very
- much, detective.

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- 7 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 - THE COURT: Anything else, Ms. Luzaich?
- 9 MS. LUZAICH: Just briefly.
- 10 REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 11 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 12 Q. In all these times that you went back to
- 13 talk to Debra knowing that there were two different
- 14 sources of DNA, once you had identified the
- 15 defendant Norman Flowers, were you trying to
- 16 determine whether or not Debra knew who his friends
- 17 were?
- 18 Α. Yes.
- 19 Q. And is that because often times when
- 20 people commit criminal offenses if they have
- 21 somebody with them it is because it's their friend
- 22 that's with them?
- 23 Α. Yes.
- 24 Q. And when you talked to the defendant
- 25 about the guy with the skin condition, is that

 - because Debra Quarles told you he had a friend with
 - 2 a skin condition, just couldn't remember his name?
 - 3 A. Yes.
- Δ Q. Now, when, when people -- in addition, to
- working homicide and cold case you were a detective
- 6 for many years?
- 7 Α.
- 8 Q. And you were on patrol for many years?
- 9 No, not on patrol for very long. Α.
- 10 Q. Well, you've been a police officer for a
- 11 long time?

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- Α. Yes.
- 13 Q. Investigated lots of different kinds of 14 offenses?
- 15 A. Yes.
- You worked narcotics for quite some time? 16 Q.
 - Α.
- 17 18 Q. People who use drugs often steal, people
- 19 who steal often use drugs?
- 20 Α.
- 21 Q. Now, when people steal things, do they
- 22 always pawn them?
 - A.
- 24 Q. Do they often keep them themselves?
- 25 Yes.
- Or in some cases they give them to App. 000534 30 of 44 sheets

- 1 friends or.
 2 Q. To
 - Q. To friends or their mom?
- 3 A. It's a payment for a debt.
- 4 Q. Uh-huh. Or to their baby's momma or just
- 5 anyone who they know?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. So just because somebody took it doesn't
- 8 mean they're gonna be in possession of it, you know,
- 9 even six hours later or three-and-a-half years
- 10 later?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. When the detectives in the other case,
- 13 Detective Tremel in particular, served a search
- 14 warrant at a location, it was not the defendant's
- 15 home, was it?
- 16 A. It was.
- 17 Q. It was his sister's home?
- 18 A. It was my opinion that it was not his
- 19 house.
- 20 Q. Right. It was his sister's home?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Was that the information that Detective
- 23 Tremel's information provided?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And that the defendant also had a woman
 - 122
 - 1 who was the mother of his child, there was in
- 2 existence the woman who was the mother of his child?
- 3 A. I've heard that.
- 4 Q. And that he often stayed there as well?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And you did not have that address or her
- 7 name; is that right?
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. So you didn't have a location to take
- 10 that little key to?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. Now, people who steal stuff not only give
- 13 it to friends and what not, but criminals pass
- 14 stolen property amongst other criminals as well,
- 15 too?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. So property that's stolen could turn up
- 18 absolutely anywhere?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And when Mr. Pike asked you about did you
- 21 go to the pawn people and run Robert Lewis, Robert
- 22 Lewis was excluded from being the perpetrator of
- 23 this offense by scientific reliable evidence?
- 24 MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor. His
- 25 DNA didn't match. He is wasn't excluded. He just

- 1 is no longer a person of interest.
- THE COURT: Well, he was excluded as one
- of the two people that had had sex and left sperm in
- 4 the victim

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- BY MS. LUZAICH:
- 6 Q. Okay. Was he excluded from being one of
- 7 the people who left sperm inside the victim?
 - A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And in your mind as the detective in
- 10 charge of this case, would the person who you
- 11 believe committed the sexual assault be the same
- 12 person who submitted murder?
 - A. Yes.
- 14 Q. So if Robert Lewis is excluded from the
 - 5 sexual assault in your mind, was he excluded from
- 16 the murder?
- 17 MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor.
- 18 Assumes facts not in evidence, speculation.
- 19 MS. LUZAICH: Well, it's his mind and his
- 20 investigation.
- 21 THE COURT: Overruled.
 - MR. PIKE: He's not here to offer his
- 23 opinion as to the ultimate verdict of this case.
- 24 MS. LUZAICH: Sure, he --
 - MR. PIKE: Objection.
- 124
- 1 MS. LUZAICH: -- investigation.
- MR. PIKE: I have an objection. I'd like
 - to finish the objection.
 - THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 5 MR. PIKE: He is the ultimate question of
- 6 this case. He's not, not offering testimony as an
- 7 expert, he's not been qualified as an expert to
- 8 offer his opinion to assist this jury in making that
- 9 ultimate decision. He's not qualified to offer
- 10 that, an ultimate opinion in this case or direct
- 11 decisions as to each of the counts.
- 12 THE COURT: Let me hear the question
- 13 again. You may be right, Mr. Pike.
- 14 MS. LUZAICH: Well, in response, the
- 15 defense just spent half of cross-examin -- well, all
- 16 of cross-examination --
 - THE COURT: Well, as a general
- 18 proposition, you can ask an investigating detective
- 19 what he saw, what he heard, who said what, but not
- 20 his opinion.
- 21 The opinion testimony is generally
- 22 only allowable from experts such as a DNA expert or
- 23 a physician or somebody like that.
 - I don't know what the question was
- 25 so ask it again.
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125 MS. LUZAICH: Okay. will rephrase it. 2 THE COURT: If it isn't an opinion, I'll allow it. If it is an opinion, I'll sustain it. BY MS. LUZAICH: 5 Q. Can you tell us why you did not follow-up 6 on Robert Lewis? THE COURT: Fair question. 7 8 THE WITNESS: Because the level of his cooperation and because he was scientifically deemed 9 10 not one of the contributors of semen. 11 BY MS. LUZAICH: 12 Q. Okay. And you know what, how many pawn 13 shops are there in this town? 14 Α. I couldn't even tell you. 15 Q. Hundreds? 16 A. Yes. 17 Q. I guess in theory you could have gone to 18 each and every one and said here's a list of 20 19 people who live in the area, have any of them pawned 20 everything and can I have a list of everything 21 they've pawned? 22 Α. I guess. 23 Q. Would that help your investigation? A. It probably would have. I don't know if it would have helped my other ones. 126 1 Okay. The, the bank card that was found missing, is it your understanding that if the bank 3 card has been cancelled it can't be used again? A. Q. You said that you requested the final 6 bill. Did you also receive the final bill? 7 Α. Of the phone records? 8 Q. No. The credit card. 9 Α. We requested the final bill on the, I

believe I -- what we requested on the item in subpoena was, wasn't the -- I'm sorry. It slipped --Q. It wasn't the bank card, it was the cell phone? Α. It was the cell phone records, yes. Q. And was the cell phone used again --Α. No. Q. -- after Sheila's death? Α. No. O If you had received information that the who used it? Yes. A. And did you do that? Q.

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 bank card had been used, would you then have gone to 22 the location to get a photograph of the individual 23 24 25

r got that information. Α. 2 Q. Right. When you were asked about the cell phone access code, you said a Detective Wildman was handling that. And he didn't learn anything from that that would further the investigation, did 6 he? 7 MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor. He 8 didn't provide this detective any information that 9 he'd known. 10 THE DEFENDANT: Well, you can ask is 11 there anything in the homicide book that indicates 12 that he learned anything. 13 MR. PIKE: That will be fine. Thank you. 14 BY MS. LUZAICH: 15 Q. Was there anything --16 THE COURT: Was there anything in the 17 homicide book that indicates that he learned 18 anything that would be helpful? 19 THE WITNESS: No, sir. 20 BY MS. LUZAICH:

MS. LUZAICH: Yes. I'm sorry. 24 25 BY MS. LUZAICH: 128 William Kinzy, he is the person who the

THE COURT: Anything else?

So there was nothing to follow-up on?

1 letter that was found on the bed in Sheila's 3 handwriting was addressed to; is that correct? 4 Α. 5 Q. And did your investigation reveal that he was actually in custody at the time of the murder? 6 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. Okay. So he couldn't have participated? 9 Α. That's correct. 10 And when you went to the prison -- and 11 I'm sorry. When you went and saw him with us, was 12 that in fact at a prison? 13 Δ. 14 Q. And did you do what you could to appeal

Α. Yes. Q. Did he give you any information? Α. O. Did he finally and begrudgingly give you the name of a girl? Α.

to his human decency to get some information from

23 Q. Never any name of a man or a boy? 24 Α. No. No matter what you said or did to try and App. 00053632 of 44 sheets 25 Q.

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him?

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22

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Q.

Α.

No.

- 1 get him to share information?
- A. No, he provided nothing.
- 3 Q. Was it obvious that he cared about
- 4 Sheila?
 - A. Yes. He cried while I was appealing to
- 6 him.

- 7 Q. Yet he still wouldn't give you any
- 8 information?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. You had no way of knowing at the scene
- 11 that there was a sexual assault, correct?
- 12 A. No.
- 13 Q. The coroner doesn't do a -- or not
- 14 coroner, the coroner, investigator doesn't do a
- 15 pelvic exam at the scene, right?
- 16 A. No. They basically just do a look over
- 17 of the body to see if there's obvious trauma or
- 18 anything of evidentiary value that needs to be
- 19 preserved like in this case we bagged her hands.
- 20 Q. Immediately at the scene?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And when she was found, Sheila, she was
- 23 submerged in hot water, right?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Which further would have gotten rid of
 - 130
 - any potential visible evidence of a sexual assault
- 2 at least at that point?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Of all the people that you talked to
- 5 during the course of this investigation and all the
- 6 people that you received information regarding, did
- 7 anybody indicate that they had seen anybody go into
- 8 or out of Sheila's apartment that day?
- 9 A. No.
 - MS. LUZAICH: Thank you. Nothing
- 11 further.

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- 12 THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Pike?
- 13 RECROSS-EXAMINATION
- 14 BY MR. PIKE:
- 15 Q. You've done a number of investigations
- 16 that have dealt with bank cards and the use of bank
- 17 cards I assume?
- 18 A. Not a bunch.
- 19 Q. You haven't. But within the course of
- 20 the cases that you have done, if there's an
- 21 attempted use of a card, there's a photograph taken
- 22 just as if there's the same one that is actually
- 23 used?
- 24 A. I don't know that I've ever have had that
- 25 happen that I've known about.

- Q. Okay So you don't know?
- A. No, I don't know if it takes a picture,
- if they stick it in the machine and it doesn't
- 4 accept it, I honestly don't know.
 - MR. PIKE: Thank you. Nothing further.
- 6 MS. LUZAICH: I'm sorry. Can I just have
- 7 one --

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- THE COURT: Yeah. Just a couple. The
- $oldsymbol{9}$ key that you recovered, did you ever find a lock
- 10 anywhere that it fit?
- 11 THE WITNESS: No, sir.
 - THE COURT: When you were there, did
- 13 you -- when you got there, I know it was some time
- 14 later so there may be a difference, but did you
- 15 check the water temperature, was it warm, cool, you
- 16 or a CSA or anybody --
- 17 THE WITNESS: By the time I got there,
- 18 the water was cool to the touch. The only thing I
- 19 had to go by was what Debra Quarles told me about
- 20 the temperature of the water or the direction of the
- 21 water faucet when I arrived there or when she
- 22 arrived there. I'm sorry.
- 23 THE COURT: Okay. And did you conclude
- 24 anything from that as to the temperature of the
- 25 water when the --

- 132
- 1 THE WITNESS: She said it was all the way
- 2 as far to hot as it would go.
- 3 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Go ahead.
- 4 FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION
- 5 BY MS. LUZAICH:
- **6** Q. Just to follow-up on that. You said by
- 7 the time you got there, it was cool to the touch.
- 8 You didn't immediately stick your finger in when you
- 9 got there, did you?

10

- A. No, I did not.
- 11 Q. Had you been there for quite some time?
- 12 A. I never even stuck my finger in there.
- 13 It was one of the crime scene people.
- 14 Q. Somebody else told you?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Okay. Showing you what's been marked as
- 17 State's proposed Exhibit 136, is this owner's
- 18 manual, the front page of the owner's manual of the
- 19 stereo that Debra gave you?
 - A. Yes. And in the little box is my
- 21 handwritten note on there. That is not part of the
- 22 actual --
- 23 Q. Right. So that's how you know that
- 24 that's the thing that Debra gave you?
- 25 A. Yes.

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1	MS. LUZAICH: Move into-evidence.	1	12:50 we'll see any objections that you have, the
2	THE COURT: Any objection?	2	defense has and we'll settle the instructions and
3	MR. PIKE: We join in the motion to put	3	we're still gonna get through the instructions today
4	it into evidence.	4	and we'll argue the case starting at 9:30 tomorrow.
5	THE COURT: Okay. It will be admitted.	5	MR. PIKE: Okay.
6	MS. LUZAICH: Thank you. Nothing	6	THE COURT: Okay. See you then. Good
7	further.	7	luck.
8	THE COURT: Okay, thanks. Appreciate	8	ATTEST. SHILL TOUS AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE
9	your time.	•	ATTEST: FULL, TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS.
10	THE WITNESS: Thanks.	10	
11	THE COURT: Okay. We're gonna go to	11	Jolin Ordena
12	lunch now. We're gonna take a couple minutes more		JO ANN ORDUNA
13	than normal because I have probably 20 minutes of	12	CCR NO. 370
14	business that I have to do with the lawyers, and the	13	
15	staff is entitled to an hour lunch. So we're gonna	14	
16	go to lunch until 1:15.	15	
17	During this break, don't talk or	16	
18	converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any	17	
19	subject connected with this trial.	18	
20	Don't read, watch or listen to any	19	
21	report of or commentary on the trial or any person	21	
22	connected with this trial by any medium of	22	
23	information, including, without limitation,	23	
24	newspapers, television, internet and radio.	24	
25	Don't form or express any opinion on	25	
I _		l	

any subject connected with the trial until the case is finally submitted to you. 3 See you at 1:15. (Whereupon, the jury exited the courtroom.) 5 THE COURT: Okay. You just want to come back at 12:50 and do everything or what's your 8 pleasure? 9 MR. PIKE: That'd be fine. THE COURT: Okay. We'll resume without 10 11 the jury at 12:50 to settle instructions and to make 12 any objections you have as to witnesses for the 13 defense. 14 Now, how long do you think your DNA guy is gonna take? That's your last witness, right? 15 16 MS. WECKERLY: Well, with cross I think 17 she'll take an hour probably. 18 MR. PIKE: I'm not gonna spend that -- I did a lot more cross-examination on the hearing that 20 we had than what I was gonna do in reference to 21 this. 22 MS. WECKERLY: So probably less than an

THE COURT: Okay. So you think by 2

hour. Probably like 45 minutes.

o'clock we'll get to Randy's case. Okay.

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So at



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CLERK C.T. THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

Vs.

NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,

Defendant.

Defendant.

Before the Honorable Stewart L. Bell Monday, October 20, 2008, 1:00 p.m. Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings

JURY TRIAL

APPEARANCES:

For the State:

PAMELA WECKERLY, ESQ.

LISA LUZAICH, ESQ.

Deputies District Attorney

For the Defendant:

RANDALL PIKE, ESQ. CLARK PATRICK, ESQ.

Deputies Special Public Defende::

REPORTED BY: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. No. 122

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VALDEZ, Martha

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Direct Examination by Mr. Patrick Cross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich

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Redirect Examination by Mr. Patrick:

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

Case No. C228755 Dept. No. VII

va. NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,

VOLUME 4-B

Defendant.

Before the Honorable Stewart L. Bell Monday, October 20, 2008, 1:00 p.m. Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings

JURY TRIAL

APPEARANCES:

For the State:

PAMELA WECKERLY, ESQ. LISA LUZAICH, ESQ. Deputies District Attorney

For the Defendant:

RANDALL PIKE, ESQ. CLARK PATRICK, ESQ. Deputies Special Public Defender

ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379

REPORTED BY: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. No. 122

EXHI	BITS:	ADM
133	Photograph	33
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WITNESSES ON BEHALF OF THE STATE: PAGE	Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada		
PAULETTE, Kristina	2 Monday, October 20, 2008, 1:00 p.m.		
Direct Examination by Ms. Weckerly Voir Dire Examination by Mr. Pike 47 Direct Examination (Resumed) 48 Voir Dire Examination by Mr. Pike 48 Direct Examination (Resumed) 49 Cross-Examination by Mr. Pike 54	3 4 PROCEEDINGS 5		
Redirect Examination by Ms. Weckerly 58 Recross-Examination by Mr. Pike 65	7 (The following proceedings were had in open		
Further Redirect Examination 67	8 court outside the presence of the jury panel:)		
WITNESS ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT:	9		
SCHIRO, George	10 THE COURT: Let's go on the record in Case Number		
Direct Examination by Mr. Pike 69 Cross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich 77 Redirect Examination by Mr. Pike 92	11 C228755, the State of Nevada versus Norman Keith Flowers. 12 Let the record reflect the presence of the defendant, his 13 counsel; counsel for the State; the absence of the jury.		
GARRIOTT, Susan Direct Examination by Mr. Patrick 95 Cross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich 98 Redirect Examination by Mr. Patrick 102	14 Let's deal with the evidence first and then we'll lo the 15 instructions. 16 What is the issue?		
SENA, Natalia	17 MR. PIKE: Well, the State is representing that.		
Direct Examination by Mr. Patrick 103 Cross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich 111 Redirect Examination by Mr. Patrick 120 Recross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich 122 Further Redirect Examination by Mr. Patrick 124	18 I'd like to make a record at the bench, side bar at the 19 bench, in reference to the statement that was given. 20 We approached as the State felt that I was approaching 21 the area in which the defendant invoked his right to have an		
SIGALA, Veronica	22 attorney present, which is what I was approaching. I was going to		
Direct Examination by Mr. Patrick 127 Cross-Examination by Ms. Luzaich 131 Redirect Examination by Mr. Patrick 133	 23 bring that in. 24 They objected. The Court sustained their objection and 25 made the 		
ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	ACCUSCRIPTS (70 A)9) 037000540		

Page 7 of 187 Page 5 of 187 MR. PIKE: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: It's a right that he has, but the implication 1 2 In reference to that, I am allowed to call Mr. Kir sey to could be that somehow, by exercising that right, he has something to hide. So by doing that, I'm trying to protect the defendant is the stand, to indicate that he had a boyfriend/girlfriend 3 relationship with the deceased. It establishes the fact that they all. 4 were, in fact, boyfriend and girlfriend. MR. PIKE: I understand that. That was a decision I had 5 I have a right to say: Have you seen her with other made. The Court issued the ruling and we argued. I'm not 6 boyfriends? Do you know that she had other boyfriends, of your 7 re-arguing the ruling or anything. own personal knowledge? Are you aware that she had a poyfriend by THE COURT: Okay. 8 9 the name of Keith? MR. PIKE: To make the record complete, since we only had THE COURT: Now, how is that hearsay? 10 part of the statement in, I'd like to indicate those were the MS. LUZAICH: Well, one, it's leading; and, two, it's 11 objections; that was the ruling. And in the event of a conviction, that a copy of the transcript of that statement be 12 hearsay. THE COURT: Well, forget about it. This is not your made a Court exhibit for appeal. 13 first rodeo. The only way he would know is if she told him. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Sure. MR. PIKE: Or if he has seen Keith or if he had a ersonal MR. PIKE: That's all. 15 knowledge. THE COURT: Anything to put on the record, Miss Luzaich? 16 Now, when I talked with him, he did, in fact, tel me: MS. LUZAICH: Just as far as that goes, when I was 17 18 Yes, I know that she had a boyfriend named Keith and she was questioning Detective Sherwood regarding the statement, I stopped on page five with his, the defendant's, answer: I have my own 19 seeing a guy named Keith. 20 And I made that as an officer of the Court. I had a case to deal with. The next question and answer was where the 21 witness present when he told us that. He went up there and defendant said: If I do anything, I have to talk to my lawyer visited him in prison. He didn't cooperate with the police and we first before I do anything. 22 The rest of the statement, he continually says something 23 just had to deal with that.

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about his lawyer and maybe his lawyer would let him talk or

THE COURT: I think that there is -- there is a

defendant for doing something he's absolutely entitled to do. And

MS. LUZAICH: Well, what's already been or what's coming

THE COURT: Is there something that's already been that

potentially negative inference that can be drawn against the

I think that it's in the defendant's best interest to let it in

What else, issues on the evidence?

and that's why I said you couldn't bring it in.

something along those lines.

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ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 Page 8 of 187 MR. PIKE: Right. And if I can ask all those other 1 questions, and if had seen him or he has personal knowledge. I 2 don't know that. I didn't ask him that. I didn't go through and 3 4 do it as though he was under cross-examination with her. 5 THE COURT: How could be have personal knowledge? I mean, what you are talking about is a boyfrier d with 6 7 whom she's having sexual relations, because it's meaningless unless that's the case. You can't have personal knowledge of that 8 9 unless he was there. That would be pretty unusual. MR. PIKE: Well, if he had seen them together in a social 10 11 circumstance --12 THE COURT: That doesn't mean they're having sexual 13 relations. MR. PIKE: Well, according to Mia, the witnesses, and 14 Debra Quarles, he wasn't having sexual relations with -- excuse 15 me -- Sheila was not having sexual relations with him. 16

this last assertion, because she had to tell him.

THE COURT: You are entitled to put on everything except

11 MS. LUZAICH: No, I don't. 12 THE COURT: Well, then, let's get to what's coming. 13 MS. LUZAICH: As far as what's coming this afternoon, we 14 received an e-mail from Mr. Pike on Friday at 4:37, where he lays 15 out the witnesses he intends to call this afternoon and sort of 16 what they're going to say. The one that jumps out at us is Will Kinsey. And, in 17 18 fact, Mr. Pike made a comment in opening statement that William Kinsey would say that he was aware that Sheila was dating someone 19 named Keith. That is absolutely, positively hearsay. There is no 20 21 way that that would be admissible. So to call Mr. Kinsey, I would ask for an offer of proof. 22 23 He was in custody at the time of these events, so he couldn't have 24 possibly seen anything.

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ACCUSCRIPTS APD 3900054

THE COURT: They didn't know that. They didn't know

MR. PIKE: Right. I'm not asking if she was hav ng

THE COURT: You can certainly put him on and pay

MR, PIKE: Okay. So I am precluded from asking the

sexual relations with him. I'm asking did she have a boyfriend;

everything up to Keith. She would have had to tell him.

question: Do you know that she had a boyfriend --

were they seeing each other socially?

10/21/2008 11:51:48 AM

THE COURT: Mr. Pike?

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this afternoon?

you have a concern about?

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that.

	Page 9 of 187		Page 11 of 1
1	THE COURT: Does Kinsey even know your client?	1	dating?
2	MR. PIKE: No.	2	THE COURT: At what point in time?
3	MS, LUZAICH: No. And he's been	3	MR. PIKE: During 2005.
4	THE COURT: So if Kinsey hasn't seen your client with	4	If he says no
5	Sheila Quarles, then	5	THE COURT: Well, of course, it's no, because he was in
6	MS. LUZAICH: He's been in custody since December 2004,	6	jail.
7	so four months prior to Sheila's death.	7	MR. PIKE: I understand that. I understand that. I'm
8	MR. PIKE: If he recognizes him, if he can do this	8	making the record so I know what I can ask.
9	THE COURT: So at what point in time is he going to be	9	But I am not going to be allowed to ask him
0	aware, by his own personal knowledge, that she has a boyfriend	10	THE COURT: What somebody told him.
1	named Keith?	11	MR. PIKE: what she told him.
2	I mean, he couldn't be aware, of his own personal	12	THE COURT: Sure.
3	knowledge, at or about the time of this crime, because he's been	13	MS. LUZAICH: But he also can't back door that
4	in jail or prison long, long before that. I mean, if she had a	14	THE COURT: Oh, he can, but this isn't my first rodeo
5	boyfriend named Keith in '02, it would be irrelevant.	15	either.
6	MR. LUZAICH: Even in '04, it's irrelevant.	16	I mean, the point is he's not going to add anyth ng to
7	THE COURT: Right. I understand.	17	the defense because he was in custody the entire 2005, so at about
8	MR. PIKE: I understand. Respectfully, I disagree	18	the relevant time
9	THE COURT: Well, you disagree because you think that he	19	MS. LUZAICH: Right.
0	can say what she told him?	20	THE COURT: he could have never seen anybody with her.
1	MR. PIKE: One, yes. I think that he can say what she	21	I mean, unless they came to the jail, which they didn't. Unless
2	told him. I know it's hearsay. I think that, number one, it's	22	he got out, he couldn't see it.
3	almost like a statement against interest. She's telling an old	23	What may have happened a year or two earlier s
4	boyfriend, who hopes to get back together with her, that she has	24	irrelevant. I'm letting you put him on, but the only thing you
5	another boyfriend.	25	are going to be able to say is, you know, within a couple nonths
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1	THE COURT: It's not a statement against interest. There	1	one way or the other of March 2005, did you ever see her with
2	may be a lot of purposes why one would do that, but it's not a	2	another individual? And he's going to say no.
3	statement against interest.	3	MR. PIKE: And so the record is clear, I'm not even
4	MR. PIKE: Okay. And so in going with that, we're	4	allowed to ask him did you know that she had another bcyfriend
5	dealing with the fact that did he know that she was seeing other	5	because that would be hearsay.
6	men while he was in custody? And how did he know that?	6	THE COURT: That would be hearsay.
7	THE COURT: Well, he couldn't know it of personal	7	MR. PIKE: I understand that. I'm just making the
8	knowledge because he couldn't see it unless somebody told him.	8	record.
9	And when you are in custody, the only way you can find that out is	9	THE COURT: Okay.
0	if somebody tells you.	10	MR. PIKE: I'm just making this proffer so I kno v not to
1	MR. PIKE: Or if they bring him up to the visit and they	11	ask the question, because if I don't make a record, then i can, in
2	see him.	12	good faith, ask that question, you're going to object
3	THE COURT: You can ask him that. You can ask him if	13	THE COURT: I very much appreciate your vast knowledge of
4	Sheila Quarles brought up another man to visit you in custody.	14	Rule 250 and exactly how to go about it. You did a good quality
5	MS. LUZAICH: We have the visitation logs and she did	15	job representing your defendant. Please make any record you want,
6	not.	16	because I think that's not only your obligation, but your r ght.
7	MR. PIKE: I understand. I understand that. I	17	MR. PIKE: I appreciate that.
8	understand that.	18	THE COURT: I think we've made it, haven't we'
9	THE COURT: Well, you can't	19	MR. PIKE: We have. I just know I won't be able to ask
0	MR. PIKE: So the record is clear then, what I can ask	20	that question and I won't ask it.
1	him is you were a boyfriend	21	THE COURT: Do you still want to call him?
	THE COURT: Yes.	22	MR. PIKE: I do. I'll just put him up to show that he
		23	exists. I may ask him: You were cooperative with the pc lice; you
2	MR. PIKE: and do you have any personal knowledge		
2	MR. PIKE: and do you have any personal knowledge of your own visual or your own viewing, your own knowledge, did	24	are upset that she died. We'll go there.
22 23 24		24 25	are upset that she died. We'll go there. MS. LUZAICH: This is the guy that can't be here until

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THE COURT: Mr. Pike said that he is willing to stipulate that we go through with the instructions tonight, put him on for five minutes tomorrow, argue the case.

I mean, given the fact that he's been in custody for the entire time, four months before her death until after, he's going to have nothing to add. I mean, it really is going to be two or three minutes of direct and zero cross.

So your objection as to hearsay, in terms of his assertion about Keith, is sustained. But that doesn't mean that Mr. Patrick and Mr. Pike can't put him on the stand for whatever they think they can glean from him.

You know, maybe just having him in a prison uniform, as another sort of suspect out there in the netherland, maybe that's helpful to him. I don't know. I'm not trying to tell them how to present the case. I'm just ruling on hearsay.

MS. LUZAICH: And the last one, they're offering somebody from Easy Pawn with a boatload of records for Robert Lewis pawning things. They've provided us with records, I would submit, one -THE COURT: Did he pawn a stereo?

MS. LUZAICH: No, he did not; lots of jewelry.

THE COURT: What did what he pawned have to do with ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379

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anything?

MS. LUZAICH: Furthermore, the fact that he's repeatedly pawning ladies' jewelry, ladies' jewelry, ladies' jewelry,

demonstrates -- that's another bad act. It's collateral evidence

of another bad act.

THE COURT: It may be and it may not be, but what is the relevance?

MS. LUZAICH: There is no relevance.

MR. PIKE: Well, number one, he was a person of interest. We think he should have been a suspect. He's a relative of George Brass.

THE COURT: Why do you think he is suspect?

13 He goes up there with the mother; he's carrying the bags.

The mother discovers the body. He's helping her come out. Whatabout what he did would give anybody any reason to believe that he

about what he did would give anybody any reason to believe that he

6 was a suspect?

MR. PIKE: Well, you remember we were disallowed from bring in the Crime Stoppers report where it was said she was

19 afraid of Robert Lewis. He had been trying to have sex with

20 Sheila Quarles and that --

THE COURT: Well, that's somebody's opinion.

MS. LUZAICH: Well, we believe it was Norman Flowers who

23 made that call.

24 THE COURT: It could be.

MR. PIKE: But if this --

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THE COURT: The fact that he pawns things, what is the relevance of that to this case?

MR. PIKE: Number one, it shows that a persor of interest

was pawning items during that period of time. It establishes him
as around that period of time. It shows that he pawns v omen's

as around that period of time. It shows that he pawns y offensiewelry. They have said that items of personal property were

jeweiry. They have said that items of personal property westolen. They don't list all of them.

8 THE COURT: He pulls out a bank card, a telephone and a9 stereo.

MR. PIKE: And other personal items. We don't know what
the other personal items were. There is not a list of a ring or
the rest of those things.

But to show that he had that, number one, those records are, in fact, available, and we've talked with them, the police, about that, it completes that loop.

Number two, that Robert Lewis does have a habit of doing
that at a pawn shop that is nearby and where that is located.
And, number three, that these are the records cept in the

And, number three, that these are the records kept in the normal course and they certainly could have investigated any of these other suspects that have been developed.

MS. LUZAICH: The records that they provided are not around the relevant time frame.

23 THE COURT: When are they?

24 MS. LUZAICH: They're from September 27, 2005 through

25 8/31/2008, six months past the relevant time frame.

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THE COURT: I don't see how this has any relevance.

You've made your record. I don't see that it has anyrelevance. The police admitted that they have a pawn detail that

they go to. In fact, they won't even go to the pawn shop. They

5 go to their computer system at the pawn detail and pull up any

6 name they want to, but if they pull up a name of Robert Lewis at

7 or about the time of death, it shows nothing.

8 MR. PIKE: We don't know that. We just know from that9 pawn shop.

THE COURT: All right. I think it's very remote Ithink it's a matter of materiality.

MR. PIKE: Our Easy Pawn guy is out. We're limited to

Kinsey. Okay.

14 THE COURT: Anything else?

MS. LUZAICH: No.

THE COURT: All right. Let's do the instruction: then.

17 Is the State familiar with the proposed packet of

19 MS. WECKERLY: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Does the State have any objections to any of those instructions?

22 MS. WECKERLY: No, Judge.

23 THE COURT: Does the State have any additional

24 instructions to offer?

instructions?

MS. WECKERLY: No.

ACCUSCRIPTS AND 39000543

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THE COURT: Mr. Pike has submitted a number of instructions, most of which I don't agree with; one of which I thought we'd probably give. Well, let's go through these, Mr. Pike, one by one and

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give you a chance to make your pitch.

You submitted an instruction: A finding of guilt as to any crime may not be based on circumstantial evidence unless the proof circumstances are not consistent with the theory but cannot be reconciled with any other rational conclusion.

This is sort of a rehash of the two reasonable theories instruction, which we don't have to give here, and I never have given, but it's also the case that I think it's a slight misstatement in Nevada law, in that we give an instruction that say evidence may be circumstantial and direct, we define what each is and we tell them that they're to be given equal weight.

So I don't think there is a distinction between direct and circumstantial evidence and this would be a misstatement of the law.

But put anything in the record you want and I'll make this whole packet that I am not going to give part of the record. Anything you want to say on that?

22 MR. PIKE: No. I agree with the Court. I think it's an 23 issue that the Supreme Court may address; and as the Court has

noted under 250 cases, we have to look out towards this.

THE COURT: I agree. And you do quite a good job.

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You are instructed, because the State failed to test the speaker wires that were found at the scene, the speaker wires irrefutably presumed to be held by Jesse Navaro.

That's sort of bending the Sanborne case to fit your need, but I understand your evidence in relation to Navaro. I don't see that it applies to this case.

The State has to present circumstances surrounding the commission of a crime and evidence of pending allegations of a crime of which Mr. Flowers has not been convicted. If you believe beyond a reasonable doubt that the other alleged crimes also must be so interconnected to the act in question that the witness cannot describe the act or controversy without referring to the

other alleged crime. I don't think that's the law, for a couple reasons. One is I think the standard is clear and convincing evidence; and, number two, it doesn't have to be part of the full story. There are a whole bunch -- or half a dozen different things under NRS 48.045 that it can come in for, including identity, lack of accident or mistake. So I think that --

MR. PIKE: That is correct, Your Honor.

As you describe it, I think that the clear and convincing standard should be reconsidered by the Supreme Court and I'm using this as a vehicle to do that.

24 THE COURT: Fair enough.

Then there is the two reasonable theories, which the law

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1 says we don't have to give and I don't give.

MR. PIKE: Thank you.

THE COURT: The prosecutor re/TPRAEUP /TPH, KPWROP are murders /-RS calculated to produce a wrongful /KWEUB as it is to

use every legitimate to bring about a just warrant.

That's true. I just don't know what applicability it has. I'm quessing this came from a case where prosecutorial 7 misconduct was the subject of what the case was talking about. 8

What applicability does it have here?

MR. PIKE: Actually, in reference to that, it just 10 indicates -- I think it's an instruction that we can bring to 11 /HRAOET the efforts on behalf of officers as a -- as a hand or as 12

the instrument of the prosecution to do their full job, to use the 13

means that are available to them. 14

THE COURT: Well, you have the right to argue that.

16 MR. PIKE: Right.

THE COURT: And you've been arguing it as you went with 17 your cross-examination, very effectively. I don't think it's 18

19 something that the jury gets instructed on.

MR. PIKE: Okay. 20

> THE COURT: Corroborating evidence must independently connect the defendant with the offense.

22 23 Evidence corroborating what?

24 I mean, as a general proposition, the only thing I know

25 that has to be corroborated under the law is accomplice testimony.

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I don't think DNA has to be corroborated or fingerprints or a

2 single eyewitness or any of that. I think the law says that

3 evidence, if believed, in and of itself may not be corroborated.

What is it that you are suggesting that they should be 5 instructed needs to be corroborated?

6

MR. PIKE: I am sorry, Your Honor. In reference to the 7 accomplice's testimony --

8 THE COURT: We don't have an accomplice.

9 MR, PIKE: I know. I know.

10 That was meant to be redone, indicating corroborating evidence independently connecting the defendant to the offense, 11 with burglary being in.

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There has been no testimony required or indicating that any sort of sexual connection between Mr. Flowers and the deceased occurred at the apartment to warrant the burglary; that there is -- that connects him with the house itself. There is no DNA in there; there is no fingerprints there; there is no eye witnesses there.

We've got simply the DNA that is present inside of the deceased and a 72 hour window, based upon the testimony of their experts.

THE COURT: And you think that somehow the law is that 22 DNA needs to be corroborated before a jury by something else before a jury can convict based on that?

MR. PIKE: No. I'm just -- what I am saying is that

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1 there is nothing -- I think that something has to identify --2 corroborate the offense of burglary; something needs to 3 corroborate the robbery. And they have not placed any property with him. They haven't placed him there. The DNA, in and of itself, is not sufficient to do that. THE COURT: The flight of Jesus Navaro after the crime, 6 7

the flight instruction that relates to one of your other suspects that you are holding out there.

MR. PIKE: Right.

THE COURT: Is there any evidence that he fled after this 10 crime?

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that.

MR. PIKE: We've got -- we'll have the testimony of Martha Valdez, who will say that she didn't see him again shortly after this burglary; and Natalia, who'll say that he left, went to California.

THE COURT: And do you have any cases or anything that says that flight instruction is applicable to anybody other than the defendant?

19 MR. PIKE: I do not.

> THE COURT: Okay. Lesser included offenses, I certainly am going to give a lesser included and say -- of second degree murder at least, and say that if the jury has a reasonable doubt as to whether it's first or second, they have to give the defendant the benefit of the doubt and find him guilty of the lesser one.

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The only issue is, I think, whether manslaughter should be put in. Now, for manslaughter to be in, you need an adequate

provocation. I mean, is there any evidence that whoever killed here,

there was provocation? MR. PIKE: The only evidence that would indicate that it was acting or may have acted on provocation is based upon the number of injuries to the neck and that they were going around

That may physically present sufficient evidence necessary to allow him --

THE COURT: So if I shot Lisa once and killed her, you wouldn't get a manslaughter instruction, but if I shot her 20 times, the mere shooting of her 20 times might get you a manslaughter instruction? Is that what you are saying?

MR. PIKE: No.

18 What I'm saying is --

THE COURT: It sounds like it. 19

simply first or second degree murder.

20 Go ahead.

MR. PIKE: Well, you know, I hate having her as a target 22 for anything, but what I'm looking at is saying that if you are talking about state of mind that's involved in this, I think that the physical evidence may support an interpretation of that beyond

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THE COURT: I don't see it.

Then you've got one where you kind of do robt ery and you say the specific intent to take property from another. Robbery is not a specific intent crime. It's a general intent crime.

MR. PIKE: Right.

6 THE COURT: But then you put these -- it says, in essence, that if they didn't form the intent to commit the robbery 7

until after the killing, then they can't be guilty under the

felony murder rule. And you cited Thomas. I looked up Thomas and 9 10 It holds just the opposite.

MR. PIKE: Well, it's good from --

THE COURT: Thomas says: Thomas asserts the instruction 12 should have stated that the intent to rob was not formed until 13 after the murders and then robbery did not occur and the felony 14 murder rule did not apply. 15

The facts clearly show that the intent to rob dic precede the murders; moreover, in robbery cases, it is irrelevant when the intent to steal the property is formed.

19 MR. PIKE: I think that that was subsequently modified in the Nay case. 20

THE COURT: Well, you cited Thomas, so I go read Thomas, and now you tell me I'm reading the wrong cases that you gave me.

23 Go ahead.

> MS. WECKERLY: But that is covered in the instruction that we submitted, that the Intent to commit the robbery has to be

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before. I'm just trying to find that in the packet.

2 THE COURT: Now, then, you submitted one that says: Verdict must represent individual judgment; consult with one 3 another, you know, but don't give up your honestly held

5 conviction. I think that's okay one to give.

I wouldn't -- we already have an instruction that says the verdict must be -- you wrote twice the verdict must be unanimous -- so that's a typo -- but it says you are the judge of the facts.

The last sentence, I don't think, adds anything. You are the judge of the facts so as to ascertain the truth. But the idea 11 12 that you got to talk, but don't give up a firmly held opinion, I think that's a fair statement of the law and I think you are 13 14 entitled to that and I plan to give it unless the State can convince me otherwise. 15

MS. WECKERLY: This is the one that's entitled failure to reach a verdict.

18 THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. PIKE: Yes. 19

> THE COURT: Scratch the last sentence. And I think -it's not in our stock stuff, but I have used it before through the years, something like that. It says: Do not hesitate to re-examine your own views and change your opinion if it's erroneous.

I think that's a fair statement of the law. I've : een it

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in cases before. And I'll put that third from the last.	1	Nevada Supreme Court approved this, but
MR. PIKE: Thank you.	2	THE COURT: You got to talk to them.
THE COURT: Did you find that instruction?	3	MR. PIKE: The next one is express malice.
MS. WECKERLY: Yes.	4	THE COURT: Okay.
THE COURT: Which one?	5	MR. PIKE: In reference to the implied intent on the
MS. WECKERLY: Well, the instruction is the felony murder	6	murder of the first degree is murder which is caused by the
instruction. There are kinds of murder which carry with them	7	perpetration of robbery, an after thought robbery, I don't :hink,
conclusive evidence of malice aforethought. And then it says:	8	would elevate it to or should be allowed to provide the express
For the purpose of the felony murder rule, the intent to commit	9	basis for a felony murder conviction.
the robbery must have arisen before or during the conduct	10	THE COURT: Well, that's the one you pointed out, the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11	instruction that says the intent must be formed before, during,
	12	not after, so I think you are covered there.
	13	MR. PIKE: Okay. The next one, the last paragraph,
		premeditation need not be for a day, an hour, or even a minute.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	l	THE COURT: The Supreme Court has approved this.
		MR. PIKE: Yes, they have. That's a correct statement
•	i	under Byford, but it muddles the distinction between first and
		second and I think that should be separated and clarified.
·		Two more instructions past that, the State has the burden
		of proving specific intent should be required and committing any
		of the underlying felonies allowed for that.
		THE COURT: Burglary is a specific intent crime; robbery
·		isn't.
- 11		MR. PIKE: Right. Also, I'm saying for the purpose of
, ,	25	future discussion with the Court.
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-		THE COURT: Okay. The objection is noted.
		MR. PIKE: Okay.
	3	On the next one, robbery is not defined or fixed, but may
	4	be spread over significant periods of time. That doesn't a pply to
	5	this case.
reasonable doubt, okay.	6	THE COURT: Why does it apply, Miss Weckerly?
THE COURT: As long as it's proved beyond a reasonable	7	MS. WECKERLY: We don't know when I gues: we can take
doubt, that's fine.	8	it out because it's covered in the other instructions, but I I lon't
MR. PIKE: Thank you.	9	think it's a misstatement of the law.
Two, I think, three sentences after that, it says: In	10	THE COURT: I don't think it's a misstatement of the law.
this case the defendant is accused in an Indictment.	11	I just don't think it fits the facts.
THE COURT: Okay.	12	Your objection is sustained. I'll take it out.
MR. PIKE: Instead of the jury must decide if the	13	MR. PIKE: Let's see. On the next one, although your
defendant is guilty of any offense, we believe that that should	14	verdict must be unanimous, the Court has approved that.
read the jury must decide if the State has proven any offense or	15	THE COURT: Yep.
proven beyond a reasonable doubt any offense.	16	MR. PIKE: And those are the objections.
THE COURT: You know, sometimes the way it used to say	17	
it is you are here to decide the guilt or innocence of the	18	(Off the record.)
defendant, not of any other persons, I'm willing to take that out	19	
and put, you know, whether the State has proven beyond a	20	THE CLERK: Changing that one to a standard PI) one.
reasonable doubt, take the word innocence out, but I don't think	21	THE COURT: No, I don't think that one is in here.
	22	No, I already have that.
change it.	23	What else? Are we done?
MR. PIKE: On the instruction of malice aforethought. I	14	MR PIKE IDAESIE
MR. PIKE: On the instruction of malice aforethought, I object to that as being vague and ambiguous. And I know that the	24 25	MR. PIKE: That's it. THE COURT: Bring them in.
	in cases before. And I'll put that third from the last. MR. PIKE: Thank you. THE COURT: Did you find that Instruction? MS. WECKERLY: Yes. THE COURT: Which one? MS. WECKERLY: Well, the instruction is the felony murder instruction. There are kinds of murder which carry with them conclusive evidence of malice aforethought. And then it says: For the purpose of the felony murder rule, the intent to commit the robbery must have arisen before or during the conduct resulting in death. THE COURT: I think that comports with Nay. Okay. I'm going to add that one. MR. PIKE: On the stock ones, I have objections to make. THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Excuse me. MR. PIKE: The objections I'm making are based upon federal constitutional rights to due process. THE COURT: This packet will be Court exhibits, and all those that the Court didn't give will be available to the Supreme Court at the appellate process. Go ahead. MR. PIKE: Thank you. In reference to the Instruction about consent to enter, it's not a defense of the crime of burglary, it misstates the jury decision is so long as the State proves beyond a reasonable doubt, ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 Page 26 of 187 instead of so long as it is shown. It's about the second instruction THE COURT: So long as it is proven beyond a reasonable doubt. That's fine. MR. PIKE: So long as the State proves beyond a reasonable doubt, that's fine. MR. PIKE: Thank you. TWO, I think, three sentences after that, it says: In this case the defendant is accused in an Indictment. THE COURT: Okay. MR. PIKE: Instead of the jury must decide if the defendant is guilty of any offense, we believe that that should read the jury must decide if the State has proven any offense or proven beyond a reasonable doubt any offense. THE COURT: You know, sometimes the way it used to say it is you are here to decide the guilt or innocence of the defendant, not of any other persons, I'm willing to take that out and put, you know, whether the State has proven beyond a reasonable doubt, take the wo	In cases before. And I'll put that third from the last. MR. PIKE: Thank you. THE COURT: Did you find that instruction? MS. WECKERLY: Yes. THE COURT: Which one? MS. WECKERLY: Well, the instruction is the felony murder instruction. There are kinds of murder which carry with them conclusive evidence of malice aforethought. And then it says: For the purpose of the felony murder rule, the intent to commit the robbery must have arisen before or during the conduct resulting in death. THE COURT: I think that comports with Nay. Okay. I'm going to add that one. MR. PIKE: On the stock ones, I have objections to make. THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Excuse me. MR. PIKE: The objections I'm making are based upon federal constitutional rights to due process. THE COURT: This packet will be Court exhibits, and all those that the Court didn't give will be available to the Supreme Court at the appellate process. Go ahead. MR. PIKE: Thank you. In reference to the instruction about consent to enter, it's not a defense of the crime of burglary, it misstates the jury decision is so long as the State proves beyond a reasonable doubt, ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 Page 26 of 187 Instead of so long as it is shown. It's about the second instruction — THE COURT: So long as it is proven beyond a reasonable doubt, okay. THE COURT: As long as it's proven beyond a reasonable doubt, okay. THE COURT: As long as it's proved beyond a reasonable doubt, okay. THE COURT: As long as it's proved beyond a reasonable doubt, okay. THE COURT: Okay. MR. PIKE: Thank you. Two, I think, three sentences after that, it says: In this case the defendant is accused in an Indictment. THE COURT: Okay. MR. PIKE: Instead of the jury must decide if the defendant is guilty of any offense, we believe that that should read the jury must decide if the State has proven any offense or proven beyond a reasonable doubt any offense. THE COURT: You know, sometimes — the way it used to say it is you are here to decide the guilt or innocence of the defendant, not of an

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1	(The following proceedings were had in open .	1	A I received a Bachelor's degree in biology from the
2	court in the presence of the jury panel:)	2	University of Texas. I then went on to the University of A abama
3	•	3	at Birmingham, where I earned a Master's degree in forer sics with
4	THE COURT: Back on the record in Case Number C228755,	4	a concentration in DNA studies.
5	State of Nevada versus Norman Keith Flowers.	5	Q In your capacity in working as a DNA analyst for Celmark
6	Let the record reflect the presence of Mr. Flowers, his	6	and also for Metro, are you called upon and do you complete
7	counsel, counsel for the State; the ladies and gentlemen of the	7	continuing education in the area of DNA analysis and comparison?
8	jury are in the box.	8	A I do.
9	Sorry. We're running a little late.	9	Q And is that done yearly or is there any kind of
10	Miss Weckerly, your next witness.	10	predictability in how often you are updated with your training?
11	MS. WECKERLY: Kristina Paulette.	11	A It's required that we have eight hours per year, but we
12	THE COURT: What we were doing while we were holding you	12	typically have a full week at least once a year.
13	up a little bit is what we call settling instructions; and that	13	Q Have you testified as an expert before in the area of DNA
14	is, I've prepared the instructions as we went along, as I told	14	analysis and comparison?
15	you, but the lawyers have a right to argue with me and try to	15	A I have.
16	convince me to change them. We've got that all done. So we're	16	Q Do you have any idea about how many times?
17	getting it prepared in final form today. We expect to have all	17	A Approximately 20.
18	the testimony in and get the instructions read to you today.	18	Q Okay. I'd like to talk to you specifically about some
19	That's kind of our stopping point. And then, tomorrow, we'll come	19	analysis that you did with regard to two cases, but before we got
20	in and hear the final argument and deliberate tomorrow afternoon.	20	that, can you explain, just generally, for the members of the jury
21	That's kind of where we're at.	21	what DNA is.
22	Where is Paulette?	22	A DNA is a substance found in the body that allow a genetic
23		23	information to be passed down from generation to generation, so,
24	(Witness sworn.)	24	essentially, it's a genetic blueprint.
25		25	Half of our DNA comes from our moms; half comes from our
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1	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat.	1	dads. And, except for identical twins, each of us has a un que
1 2	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please have a seat. Please state your full name and spell your first and last	1 2	dads. And, except for identical twins, each of us has a un que DNA profile.
1	,		
2	Please state your full name and spell your first and last	2	DNA profile.
2	Please state your full name and spell your first and last name for the record.	2	DNA profile. Q And in a forensic setting, how is DNA used?
2 3 4	Please state your full name and spell your first and last name for the record. THE WITNESS: Kristina Paulette; K-r-i-s-t-i-n-a,	2 3 4	DNA profile. Q And in a forensic setting, how is DNA used? A We develop DNA profiles from items of evidence and
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_	Page 33 of 18		Page 35 of 18
1	A Yes.	1	THE COURT: There you go.
2	Q Okay. And in the situation with victims of murder, is	2	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
3	their DNA typically acquired as a result of a buccal swab or an	3	BY MS. WECKERLY:
4	organ?	4	Q Now, looking at State's Exhibit 137, the first column
5	A A buckle swab or an organ, yes.	5	there is a color coded column.
6	Q Can you explain to the members of the jury what a buccal	6	What does that represent?
7	swab is?	7	A Those are actually the DNA markers that we're ooking at.
8	A A buccal swab is simply a swab that is scraped on the	8	Q Okay. So when we're talking about a strand of DNA, each
9	inside of the cheek, just to obtain cheek cells, and we process	9	one of those markers represents a segment or a location on the DNA
0	that for DNA and it's used as a known standard.	10	strand, correct?
.1	Q In regard to this particular case or cases, you worked on	11	A It.
2	a case involving a victim by the name of Sheila Quarles?	12	Q And on each one of those markers, someone will have
3	A I did.	13	genetic information from their mother and their biological father?
4	Q And did you also perform an analysis on evidence of a	14	A Correct. Which is, if you see on the far left where we
5	victim by the name of Merilee Koot?	15	have Mr. Flowers' DNA profile, there are two numbers in each
6	A I did.	16	particular location and, one of them, he inherited from his mom
7	THE COURT: Let me stop again. She's going to testify to	17	and the other he inherited from his dad; and, basically, ti e
8	both. Again, ladies and gentlemen, every time they testify about	18	number represents the times that the DNA repeats at that
9	the Merilee Koot case, I have to tell you that that evidence can	19	particular fragment. He has 13 repeats right there and then 16.
0	come in only to show identity, motive, knowledge, intent, absence	20	And any time you see just one number at a location, it
1	of mistake, and not to show disposition to commit crimes or bad	21	means he inherited a 12 from both the mom and the dad.
2	character.	22	Q And it's these markers that I mean, mathematically,
23	Go ahead.	23	that make people unique? I mean, if someone could be like in the
24	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.	24	top column, you could be a 12 or even a lower number, correct?
25	<i>111</i>	25	A Correct.
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1	BY MS. WECKERLY:	1	Q And so that's how the huge genetic or the fre quency is
2	Q Miss Paulette, I'm showing you what's been marked as	2	sort of generated by the exponential power of these numbers?
3	State's proposed Exhibits 137, 133 and 134, not in order.	3	A It is, because if you look at it, we have 30 pieces of
4	Did you prepare these charts in preparation for today's	4	information looking at 15 different DNA locations, and then a
5	testimony?	5	different allele or number or two different allele numbers at
6	A I did.	6	each location.
7	Q And do they reflect the DNA results in this case, as well	7	Q Okay. Now, I want to talk you actually issued several
8	as the one in the Merilee Koot case?	8	reports in this case; would that be correct?
9	A They do.	9	A Yes.
0	MS. WECKERLY: And I believe, Your Honor, Mr. Pike will	10	Q Let me ask you this: You first got a vaginal swab
1	stipulate to the admission.	11	collected from the victim Sheila Quarles at autopsy?
2	MR. PIKE: That's correct.	12	A Yes.
.3	THE COURT: They will be admitted.	13	Q And were you able to generate a DNA profile from the
4		14	vaginal swab of Sheila Quarles?
15	(State's Exhibits 133, 134, 137 admitted into evidence.)	15	A I was.
۱6		16	Q And the initial generation or the initial results that
.7	BY MS. WECKERLY:	17	you got, what did it indicate?
8	Q For the record, I'm putting on the overhead what's been	18	A It indicated that it was a mixture of at least three
9	admitted as State's 137.	19	individuals and Miss Quarles could not be excluded as a
0	Can you see that, Miss Paulette?	20	contributor to that mixture, but we also knew we had unknown males
1	A I can.	21	involved.
22		22	Q Now, when we talk about Miss Quarles couldn't be
	THE COURT: Do you want a laser pointer? Would that help		_
3	you?	23	excluded, that middle column that we see, with the red numbers and
4	THE WITNESS: That would help, actually.	24	the black numbers, that is the results that you generated from the
5	MS. WECKERLY: Okay. Good.	25	vaginal swab itself, correct? ACCUSCRIPTS (242) 391-000548
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- 1 A Correct.
- Q Okay. And when you initially generated the sample, all
- 3 you had was the known profile of Miss Quarles?
- 4 A Correct.
- Q Okay. And can you kind of point out for the members of
- 6 the jury how you know that she was a component of that vaginal
- 7 swab?
- 8 A Sure. If you look at the first marker, what is called D8
- 9 for short, you see a 12, 13, 15 and 16 there. Miss Quaries is a
- 10 12/15, so you see the 12 there and the 15 there. She can't be
- 11 excluded.
- 12 And if you move on to the next marker, D21, she is a 30
- 13 and a 35; there you see there is the 30 and there is the 35. It
 - continues all the way down. She can't be excluded from every
- 15 single location that we're looking at.
- 16 Q And probably not too surprising that her DNA would be
- 17 found in a vaginal swab taken if her?
- 18 A Correct.
- 19 Q At the time you did that very first report, did you have
- 20 known samples of DNA from an individual identified as Robert
- 21 Lewis?

23

- 22 A I did.
 - Q And were you able to exclude him as being a source of any
- 24 of the DNA collected from Miss Quarles?
- 25 A I was.

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- Q And we don't have his profile up there, but can you
- 2 explain how you would be able to do that by looking at the swab
- 3 results?
- A Certainly. Again, using D8, he could have easily had a
- 5 profile, maybe his profile was 11, 13, and because I don't see an
- 6 11 here, that's an exclusion; and, obviously, you would have to be
- 7 excluded at more than one location for me to exclude you all the
- 8 way down, but he was, in fact, excluded from this profile.
- Q And when you use the phrase can't be excluded, can you
- 10 explain for non-scientists what that means?
- 11 A It's just a more conservative way of saying a person is
- 12 actually included, we just use word our reports and findings as
- 13 cannot be excluded.
- 14 Q So you concluded, based on the scientific evidence, that
- 15 Robert Lewis is not the source of the DNA from the vaginal swab?
- 16 A Correct.
- 17 Q What about an individual by the name of Quinese Toney,
- 18 did you have her DNA sample at the time you first generated the
- 19 DNA results from the vaginal swab?
- 20 A I did.
- 21 Q And was she eliminated as a contributor to the vaginal
- 22 swab as well?
- 23 A She was.
- Q Okay. At some point, did you enter the results or the
- 25 profiles that you obtained from the vaginal swab into a data base

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- that stores DNA information?
- A I did.

1

- 3 O And is that called CODIS?
- 4 A It is.
- 5 Q CODIS stores information of various people's DNA
- 6 profiles?
- 7 A It does.
- 8 O And is that at a local, state and national level?
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q When you say you entered the profile that you got from
- 11 the vaginal swab of Sheila Quarles into CODIS, can you explain
- 12 literally what do you do? Do you just type those numbers in or
- 13 how does that work?
- 14 A Yes. I would type this entire profile into the program;
- 15 and any time it has a profile that's very similar or can't be
- 16 excluded from being a contributor to this profile, it will give me
- 17 that individual or that case that it connects to.
 - Q Okay. And as a result of putting the information in
- 19 CODIS, did CODIS identify a potential contributor of that DNA?
- 20 A It did.
- 21 O Was that individual Norman Flowers?
- 22 A Yes
- 23 Q Now, his profile is depicted on the chart in the second
- 24 column?

3

18

25 A Yes.

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- Q Okay. And his profile was collected as a result of a
- 2 buccal swab by a detective, correct?
 - A It was.
 - O And once you had the CODIS information, did you
- 5 re-examine the evidence or did you just take the information from
- 6 CODIS and move on from there?
 - A The sample was reworked.
- 8 Q What does that mean when you say it's rewor (ed?
- 9 A It means we already had the sample in-house. We had a
- 10 DNA extract that had previously been extracted. Any of our DNA
- 11 that we keep in storage is kept in a tube to go back to at a later
- 12 point in time. So I took that tube and developed a DNA profile
- 13 from that and it was consistent with the vaginal swab.
- 14 Q And can you show us how he is included as a nource of the 15 DNA in the vaginal swab?
- 16 A Sure. If you look at our first markers, we have a 13, 16
- 17 here and you can see the 13 and the 16 there. There is a 30,
- 18 33.2; and there is a 30; there is a 33.2; 8, 10, there is an 8 and
- 19 a 10. There is a 12 here, a 12 there, and all the way down.
- Q All the way down that column, where this was depicted as a column in terms of the DNA strand, where people have varying
- 22 numbers, he is consistent with -- his known profile is consistent
- 23 with all of the numbers or it's depicted in all of the numbers
- 24 from the vaginal swab?
- 25 A Yes.

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|--|

- 1 And someone like Robert Lewis, who you excluded, there 2 was obviously a variation in the numbers where he wouldn't have
- 3 been represented and that's why you were able to exclude him?
- Δ Correct.
- 0 Now, in terms of the vaginal swab itself, you indicated
- that it was a mixture of at least three individuals.
- Uh-huh.
- Is that yes?
- Α Yes.
- 0 Okay. And one of them, obviously, is Miss Quarles; and 10
- Mr. Flowers cannot be excluded as a contributor to that vaginal
- 12 swab?
- Correct.
- 14 Q Is there anything inconsistent about his genetic profile
- with the vaginal swab? 15
- 16 No. There is nothing inconsistent comparing his profile
- 17 to the vaginal swab, although there is additional information that
- doesn't explain just the mixture of Mr. Flowers' DNA and Miss
- 19 Quarles' DNA.
- 20 Q And based on that, you thought there was another
- contributor to the DNA taken from the vaginal swabs?
- 22

- 23 Now, in terms of Mr. Flowers' profile and the frequency Q
- 24 that it could occur in this vaginal swab -- I mean, did you
- 25 indicate what percentage of the population could be excluded as

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- being a source of the DNA from the vaginal swab?
- 2 99.99 percent of the population can be excluded as
- 3 contributing to the DNA found on that vaginal swab.
- **But not Mr. Flowers?**
- 5 Correct.
- I want to leave that up there.
- In March of 2007, did you generate another DNA report
- 8 with respect to this murder investigation?
- q I did.
- 10 Q And was that based on the fingernail clippings of Miss
- 11 Quarles?
- 12 It was.
- 13 And why is it that DNA analysts look at fingernail
- clippings as a possible source of DNA evidence?
- 15 Often, in homicide cases, there can be a struggle and
- 16 victims can scratch their assailant and so we test fingernail
- clippings to see whether or not there could be foreign DNA under
- 18 the fingernails.
- 19 And when you looked at Miss Quarles' fingernails, were
- 20 you able to detect any foreign DNA?
- 21
- 22 So you weren't able to even generate a profile to compare

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- 23 with anybody else?
- 24 I obtained DNA from the fingernail clippings; they were
- 25 existent with Miss Quarles.

- Gatorade bottle and some packages of snack food. 9

 - 10 Do you recognize those items?
 - A Yes. 11

1

7

6

7

8

0

Q

Α

Q

scene?

Correct.

I did.

- 12 0 Did you test those for the presence of DNA?
- 13 I did.
- What were your findings? 14 0
- I obtained a partial DNA profile from the Gatora le bottle 15

So her own DNA is under her fingernails?

What about in October of 2007; did you also tes additional items of evidence that were collected from the crime

admitted as State's 20. I don't know if you can see that. It's a

And I'm putting on the overhead right now what's been

- 16 that was consistent with Sheila Quarles.
- I was unable to obtain a DNA profile from the beef and 17
- 18 cheese snack.
- 19 And did one of the crime scene analysts actually swab a
- 20 beef stick for the presence of DNA for you to later look at:
- 21 Δ
- Was any DNA material collected that you could a etect? 22
- 23 I wasn't able to obtain a profile from that either
- Okay. So in terms of these items, the only DNA :hat was 24
- recoverable was taken from that Gatorade bottle and that was 25

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- 1 consistent with Miss Ouarles?
- 2 Correct.
 - In May of '08, did you issue another report with regard
- to this incident?

3

q

10

- 5 Δ T did.
- And was that based on an analysis of the bra an I thong
- 7 panties collected from the victim -- or the victim's clothing
- 8 essentially?
 - Α Yes.
 - Q I'm putting on the overhead State's 37. That's a
- 11 photograph of the thong panties that you examined?
- 12
- 13 Q I actually think we can see the bra on the toilet reat
- 14 there.
- 15 In terms of the bra, what were your findings with regard
- 16 to the examination of that item?
- I looked at it with an alternative light source to see if 17
- there was any semen on the bra and I didn't see any. And, again, 18
- 19 I did another presumptive test to see if there was semen there,
- but I didn't detect any. 20
- 21 So, because I didn't find any semen, I didn't go shead
- 22 and do DNA on this item.
- 23 And why would that mean you wouldn't do DNA testing on an
- 24 item when you don't detect semen?
 - Because we are looking for semen in this particular case

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1	and since there was none, there was no need to do DNA, because,	2	Ö	Yes. And so at the first marker he's a 13/14; and then he's a
2	most likely, it would come back to the victim, who obviously was	3	Q 31 and a	
3	wearing a bra at some point in time. Q Her own skin cells would be likely to be on there and if	4	A A	Correct.
-	_	5	ô	Once you had Mr. Brass' profile, were you able to compare
5 6	there was no foreign DNA, there would be no need to test? A Correct.	6	_	he DNA results that you got from the panties?
7	Q Okay. In terms of the thong panties, what were your	7	A	Yes.
8		8	Ô	And can he also not be excluded as a contribu or to that
9	findings with regard to that item? A I was able to obtain a DNA profile from those and I found	9	DNA?	Alle cells to produce an excellence and a service of the
10	mixtures.	10	A	That's true.
11	Q And when you say you find mixtures, that's a mixture of	111	o	And similar to Mr. Flowers, there is no, I gues:, points
12	what kind of cells?	12	_	NA strand where he's inconsistent with the fin-lings?
13	A Both epithelial and sperm cells.	13	A	No.
14	Q What are epithelial cells?	14	0	How about the same type of number you tell us that
15	A Essentially skin cells.	15	_	roent of the population can be excluded as a source of the
16	Q And the sperm cells are what you are able to generate a	16	•	nts of Mr. Flowers.
17	male DNA profile from, obviously?	17		Would that same number or a different number be applied
18	A Correct.	18	to the per	centage with regard to Mr. Brass?
19	Q And that's the finding we see reflected in 137 or, no,	19	A	It's the same number because you are doing the statistic
20	actually not. That's the vaginal swab.	20	on the D	NA found in the panties. So it's overall of all those
21	I'm putting on the overhead State's 133, is that the	21		cluded, it's the statistic we get, and since they both
22	chart that you made with regard to your findings from the thong	22	cannot b	e excluded from that, the statistic still remains 99.99
23	panties?	23	percent.	
24	A It is.	24	Q	And I'm putting back on the overhead State's 137.
25	Q And at the time that you generated the report with regard	25		Obviously, you also did a comparison of Mr. Brass as a
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1	to the panties, you only had the known profile of Mr. Flowers,	1	source of	the DNA from the vaginal swab?
2	correct?	2	A	I did.
3	A I did.	3	Q	And he cannot be eliminated as a source of that DNA as
4	Q Okay. And it's the same type of comparison that you have	4	well?	·
5	explained to us before, where he's a 13/16 and the profile	5	Α	That's true.
6	generated from that under garment, his DNA is reflected as a	6	Q	And is it the same statistic, the 99.99?
7	possible source?	7	. A	Yes.
8	A True, yes.	8	Q	In terms of testing that you did in this case, are you
9	Q And is there any kind of statistical frequency with	9	familiar	with a victim by the name of Merilee Koot?
10	regard to this item of evidence, in terms of how many people in	10	A	I am.
11	the population you could exclude as being a source of the DNA	11	Q	And have you reviewed reports generated by another DNA
12	profile from that item of evidence versus Mr. Flowers?	12	analyst,	who used to work at Metro's lab, by the name of Thomas
_	_			
13	A Again, 99.99 percent of individuals can be excluded as	13	Wahl?	
14	contributing DNA to the panties.	14	A	I have.
14 15	contributing DNA to the panties. Q 99.99?	14 15	A Q	And in terms of Merilee Koot's vaginal swabs taken from
14 15 16	contributing DNA to the panties. Q 99.99? A Yes.	14 15 16	A Q	And in terms of Merilee Koot's vaginal swabs taken from topsy, what were Mr. Wahl's findings?
14 15 16 17	contributing DNA to the panties. Q 99.99? A Yes. Q But not Mr. Flowers?	14 15 16 17	A Q	And in terms of Merilee Koot's vaginal swabs taken from topsy, what were Mr. Wahl's findings? MR. PIKE: Objection; hearsay, for the record.
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1	those and bring those forward?	1	Q And why would that be?
2	A Yes.	2	A Because you are only dealing with an exact prof le,
3	MR. PIKE: Thank you.	3	because in this particular instance, I would enter the 13/!6 as
4	THE COURT: Go ahead.	4	opposed to the 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.
5		5	So the more you can narrow it down, the more astronomical
6	<u>DIRECT EXAMINATION</u> (Resumed)	6	your number becomes.
7	BY MS. WECKERLY:	7	Q And in terms of the frequency or how many people in the
8	Q What were Mr. Wahl's findings from the vaginal swab taken	8	population would have that genetic profile with regard to the
9	from Merilee Koot at autopsy?	9	vaginal swabs taken from Merikee Koot, what was that fre quency?
10	A The source of the semen is Norman Flowers.	10	A It's rarer than one in 650 billion.
11	Q And in terms of	11	Q So one person, then you would have to go throu ih another
12	MR. PIKE: Objection.	12	650 billion people before you got that profile again or mole than
13		13	that actually?
14	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION	14	A Greater than that, yes.
15	BY MR. PIKE:	15	Q And what is the earth's population?
16	Q You've been saying cannot be excluded.	16	A It's approximately six and a half billion.
17	A Correct.	17	Q And when you say there is an identity statement made,
18	Q And that you would not use that language in this case; is	18	explain what that means in terms of the numbers or why that is
19	it more correct to say that?	19	made in this particular case?
20	A This is a different statistic because it was a single	20	A Once our numbers exceed a hundred times the vorld
21	source profile.	21	population, we assume identity at that point in time.
22	Q Nevertheless, can that be the appropriate term? What is	22	Q So if the profile is rarer than a hundred times the
23	the most appropriate term?	23	earth's population, the lab issues what's called an identity
24	A For a single source profile or a major profile, it is	24	statement, because they feel like it's, I guess, conservative
25	the in this particular case there was identity, so we assume	25	enough to make that type of conclusion?
<u> </u>	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	+-	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
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1	identity. But in a mixture where I cannot pull out the major	1	A Yes.
2	profile, we say cannot be excluded.	2	Q But in the case of mixtures, the numbers can't get that
3	THE COURT: You can ask this in cross-examination.	3	astronomical because of the varying combinations?
4	MR. PIKE: Thank you. I'm sorry.	4	A Yes.
5	DIRECT CALAMINISTRAL (D	5	Q In terms of Mr. Wahi's examination, did he also examine
6	DIRECT EXAMINATION (Resumed)	6	the rectal swabs collected from Merilee Koot at autopsy?
7	BY MS. WECKERLY:	7	A He did.
8	Q What were the findings with regard to the vaginal swab	8	Q And what were his findings with regard to that cidence?
9	taken from Merilee Koot at autopsy?	9	A The source of the semen was also Norman Flowers.
10	A The source of the semen is Norman Flowers.	10	Q And was he able to generate a numeric frequency as to
11	Q And the findings in terms of that particular swab taken	11	those swabs or that item of evidence?
12	from that victim, there was only single source of semen in her,	12	A He was. Again, it was rarer than one in 650 billion.
13	correct?	13	Q So is that the same type of situation, where the lab
14	A Yes.	14	would conclude that it is him; he is the source of that DN/?
15	Q And that single source of semen that was a genetic	15	A Yes.
16	profile was amplified or generated in those swabs?	16	Q In terms of Mr. Wahl's initial findings in this case, did
17	A Yes.	17	he also examine a carpet stain taken from the apartment of Merilee
18	Q And that was compared to the known sample of Mr. Flowers?	18	Koot?
19	A Correct.	19	A He did.
20	Q And there was no indication of a third source of DNA?	20	Q And what were his findings with regard to that i æm of
21	A That is correct.	21	evidence?
22	Q And when you have a single source of DNA at a particular	22	A He found a mixture of DNA, in which Merilee Kox & could
23	location, are the numbers or the frequency of that DNA more	23	not be excluded and the DNA profile of Norman Flowers a so could
24	discriminating?	24	not be excluded.
25	A They are.	25	Q And when he examined that evidence, was he alile to
13 of	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 64 sheets Page 49 t	0.52.0	ACCUSCRIPTS (7 A2p): - @ 00552

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1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	billon?
2		2	A Yes.
3	A He was because the major DNA profile was able to be	3	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.
4	pulled out of that mixture. He also found a statistic of rarer	4	I'll pass the witness.
5	than one in 650 billion.	5	THE COURT: Thank you.
6	Q And sometime after Mr. Wahl examined the evidence, did	6	
7	you actually retest or look at the carpet stain yourself taken	7	<u>CROSS-EXAMINATION</u>
8	from Merilee Koot's apartment?	8	BY MR. PIKE:
9	A I did.	9	Q Good afternoon.
10	Q And getting off the statistics for a second, when you	10	Your function within this process is to just take the
11	actually were examining the carpet for the presence of DNA, can	11	items that you are given and perform the scientific testir g on
12	you describe how it is that you go about getting DNA off of a	12	them; is that correct?
13	particular piece of evidence?	13	A It is.
14	A In this particular instance, I actually took a cutting of	14	Q You couldn't make an opinion as to when that E-NA got
15	the carpet fibers for analysis.	15	there, how it got there; your expertise is just basically
16	Q And when you examined the carpet, did you notice anything	16	conducting the examination to determine whether or not it meets
17	unusual about it?	17	that criteria to where you can either give an opinion of k entity
18	A Yes. When I was performing my presumptive testing, which	18	or you cannot exclude?
19	is how we locate semen stains, if they are on an item of evidence,	19	A True.
20	I was using an overlay method, which you lay down a piece of	20	Q So that's kind of a fair statement of where we're at, so
21	filter paper and then wet it, and then a chemical is applied to	21	It wouldn't be proper for me to ask you questions about leakage or
22	see if there is any coloration to determine semen. And when I did	22	about how the carpet or how the stain may have gotte 1 on the
23	this, I noticed that everything was bubbly, as if there was some	23	carpet at a location. We're just going to be deal with DNA.
24	sort of detergent on the carpeting.	24	A Okay.
25	Q I'm putting on the overhead what has been admitted as	25	Q In reference to the Quaries case, your testing ran over a
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1	State's 134.	1	period of time?
2	Does that chart reflect your findings with regard to the	2	A It did.
3	carpet stain?	3	Q And why wasn't everything done all at the same time?
4	A It does.	4	A Because different items of evidence were requested at
5	Q And the middle column is the known profile of	5	different periods of time.
6	Mr. Flowers?	6	Q When were the panties examined?
7	A Correct.	7	A They were examined on March 12th of 2008.
8	Q And the carpet stain is reflected on the right-hand side?	8	Q So about six months ago?
9	A Correct.	9	A Yes.
10	Q And that would be the source of that DNA was sperm or	10	Q All right. And the event occurred back in 2005.
11	semen?	11	The pantles were associated with the body. We re you
12	A It was.	12	requested to examine any other items of clothing beside: the
13	Q And he is consistent with all of those genetic areas of	13	pantles and the bra?
14	the DNA strand, the genetic markers?	14	A I was not.
15	A Yes.	15	Q Were you requested to perform a DNA testing on the water
16	Q There is no indication of a mixture with regard to this	16	that was retrieved from the tub?
17	item of evidence?	17	A I was not.
18	A That's correct.	18	During the course of the profiles and the testing that
19	Q Based on that, are you able to tell the members of the	19	you have done, you've indicated and testified that it is presible
20	jury how rare that particular profile is?	20	that the DNA could have come from more than three individuals?
21	A It's also rarer than one in 650 billion.	21	A Any time we have DNA profiles that have five a leles or
22		21	
23	Q And with that statistic, are you similar to Mr. Wahl, is the lab still rendering an identity statement where the lab	1	more, that indicates possibly three contributors or more.
24		23	Any time you receive two contributors, you have to be
25	concludes he is the source of the DNA from that piece of carpet,	24	very careful about the assumptions you make with that I articular
23	you know, based on that threshold of rarer than one in 650	25	mixture because you have a lot of sharing going on; and so we say ACCUSCRIPTS (7/00)1-03/00553
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1	at least two or at least three individuals.	1	Q And you want those to match as much as possible?
2	Q It could be more?	2	A Yes.
3	A Yes. Especially when we don't have reference standards	3	Q Sometimes there is contaminants that may caus a false
4	to compare in the beginning.	4	hit?
5	Q And then you go through and you indicated that you	5	A No. Contaminants aren't put into CODIS.
6	submitted the items for or to CODIS?	6	Q I understand. I'm not talking about in CODIS.
7	A Yes.	7	But if you have something and there is a contan inant, it
8	Q There are different levels of CODIS; is that correct?	8	may give you the basis to have them if you submit it to CODIS;
9	A Yes.	9	then it may make a false hit to a known CODIS provider?
10	Q What is the lowest level, the CODIS level, I guess?	10	A It could.
11	That's a community?	11	Q Okay. All right. In going through the determination on
12	A The lowest level is our local DNA index system and it	12	this, did you examine any other individuals than those incividuals
13	is all the profiles from southern Nevada.	13	that have been brought up to you by the District Attorney's Office
L 4	Q Okay. The next level would be what?	14	or by my questioning?
15	A Would be the state level; both southern and northern	15	A No.
16	Nevada are included in those.	16	MR. PIKE: I have no further questions.
17	Q Okay. And the next level?	17	
18	A Is the national level.	18	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
19	Q When you have a mixed profile like this, did you submit	19	BY MS. WECKERLY:
20	this for consideration under the national?	20	Q Does the timing of the request for you to examine a piece
21	A It was first submitted under the local and then it's	21	of evidence change the results?
22	submitted based on our state administrator and national level, up	22	A It does not.
23	to national.	23	O Okay. So if we, ten years from now, said we want you to
23 24	_	24	look at a piece of evidence, the DNA is either there or not!
	Q So was it submitted by you, in this case, to that level?	1	
25	A I submitted it to local; and then beyond that, I didn't	25	A That's true.
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	Page 58 of 1	1	Page 60 of 18 O Okay, Mr. Pike asked you about getting DNA from a
1 2	have any control over that. Q And going through the CODIS levels, how many hits did you	2	Q Okay. Mr. Pike asked you about getting DNA from a bathtub of water. He asked you that on cross-examinatio 1.
3		3	
	get?	1	
4	A Just one.	4	Q Would that be something that would happen fre quently in
5	Q Just one.	5	your experience?
6	Was there a partial match that was also made?	6	A Not typically, because if it's a large amount of water,
7	A May I refer to my notes?	7	although we can develop DNA profiles from very small amounts of
8	Q Oh, absolutely.	8	DNA, water is a huge diluent, you know, and so it's really
9	What you are referring to, to refresh your recollection,	9	difficult for us to be able to take a sample of water and
10	are the notes that you keep that pertain to this case?	10	concentrate it down enough to even detect any sort of series or
11	A Yes. There was a partial match found and it's to a	11	other DNA.
12	person who was deceased in 1979.	12	Q Okay. So that wouldn't be something you woulk expect,
13	Q And that's an example of a false hit?	13	scientifically, to get any reliable or informative results from?
14	A It is. And the reason this profile actually hits on	14	A No.
15	almost everything we enter is because we only have three loci of	15	Q Mr. Pike asked you about mixtures versus single source
16	information, but we can immediately look at it and know that it's	16	DNA.
17	not included.	17	Do you recall being asked about this?
18	Q Okay. And going through — you are talking about loci.	18	A I do.
19	There is allele loci and what else that you are looking	19	Q I'm putting on the overhead again State's 133.
20	at?	20	The findings that you got from the panties indicate a
21	A Loci are the locations and the alleles are the numbers at	21	mixture, correct?
22	the bottom.	22	A Yes.
23	Q If you lay that out on a chart, it's kind of like a line	23	O And when we look at the middle column, the reason we know
24	with little bumps in it?	24	it's a mixture is because basically there are more than two
24 25		1	·
2.3	A Yes.	25	numbers there?
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- 1 A Yes.
- 2 Q Okay. And the presence of that other number indicates
- 3 that there is at least one other person who is the source of the
- 4 DNA?
- 5 A Correct.
- 6 Q And that's how you know that's a mixture?
- 7 A Yes
- 8 Q When your results only have two numbers at each of those
- 9 loci, that's how you know it's single source DNA, because they get
- 10 one number from mom and one number from dad?
- 11 A Correct.
- 12 Q I'm putting on the overhead State's 134.
- 13 The carpet stain is clearly a single source stain.
- 14 A Yes?
- 15 Q Because if it were a mixture, you would expect to see at
- 16 least one other number in this column, at one of the loci?
- 17 A Yes.
 - Q Now, going back to 134, when we're dealing with a mixture
- 19 situation, can you explain for members of the jury why you use the
- 20 terminology can't be excluded, versus the one in 600 billion
- 21 number?

23

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- 22 A Right. Well, in a potential mixture, you have so many
 - different combinations. Just by looking at the first area, we
- 24 have the 13, 14, 16. We know that each person has two alleles.
- 25 So a person could be a 13/13; they could be a 13/14, 13/15 and it

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- goes on.
- 2 So there is so many different combinations that that
- 3 person could be at that location. So we have to put all of those
- 4 possibilities into our statistics to know how often that occurs in
- 5 the population.
- 6 Q That is just sort of a fact of mixtures. When you have
- 7 mixture DNA, there is no way to separate out who is the 13/14
- 8 versus who is the 14/16 or something like that.
- 9 A Yes.
- 10 Q Because, in the mixture, it is all together in the
- 11 sample.
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Then by contrast with a single source, it's just going to
- 14 be It's either going to match the person's profile or not,
- 15 because there is only going to be two of each of the loci?
- 16 A Right. And so you know exactly what the profile is at
- 17 that location. Instead of having a 13/14, we know there is a
- 18 . 13/16. And that is what I would enter into our statistics.
- 19 And we know, obviously, that because it is so limited the
- 20 percentage of people with 13 and then the percentage of people
- 21 with 16, we can get our final stat on those together.
- 22 Q And when we talk about the final statistic of the greater
- 23 than one in 600 billion, it moves sort of exponentially, right? I
- 24 mean, what are the odds of having someone as a 13/14 at the first
- 25 marker and a 30/32 at the second one and so on and so on, that
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- would be the odds of it matching at each one of these lo ations?
- A Right. It would be like if I were asked to find somebody
- 3 in the room with brown hair, it's not too hard to do. But if I
- 4 were to say find me somebody with brown hair, freckles, wearing
- green socks and a purple hat, you know, that narrows it down.
 - Of each piece of information that I add to it makes it
- that more rare.
 - O And these are the pieces of information?
- A Each of the alleles. Like I said before, we have 30
- 10 pieces of information.
- 11 Q Okay. And in your work, do you sometimes gel, from a
- 12 particular item of evidence, incomplete information at the various
- 13 loci?

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- 14 A Yes, it's possible.
- 15 Q So sometimes you can get no results, whether t's here or
- 16 one of the other loci?
- 17 A Yes.
 - Q And in that type of situation, the number of potential
- 19 contributors is even greater, right, because you can't
- 20 discriminate then at that loci because there is no information?
- 21 A Right. So then your number would be less astronomical.
- 22 So rather than one in 650 billion, it may be one in 280 billion.
- 23 Q So when Mr. Pike asked you about you got another CODIS
- 24 hit and you said it was a partial match, and you said it was only
- 25 three loci, explain what happened there.

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- A Well, what happened is -- in a particular instance, so
- 2 maybe I have D8 and I get the 13/16 and at D2, I get the 16/20 and
- 3 then I had the sex determining marker and the logenin. So the
- 4 only thing that I would be able to put in the statistic is the
- 5 13/16 and the 16/20.
 - Basically what you would end up with is maybe one in
- every six people could be a contributor to that particular sample.
- 8 Q So there is somebody when you got this hit of this
- 9 other individual who died in, I think you said --
 - A '79.
- 11 O Okay. -- the profile was only represented at three
- 12 points on the DNA strand?
- 13 A Yes. And we're talking with the mixture. It wasn't the
- 14 single source stain that we found. It was the big mixtur a with
- 15 lots of different possibilities.
- 16 Q Okay. And so, obviously, you were able to exclude that
- 17 person, obviously, based on their death, but also becaus a the
- 18 information isn't too informative if you only had the three
- 19 segments of their DNA profile?
- 20 A Yes. Working with the data base as much as I to, this
- 21 profile continually hit against other samples too, so we i new that
- 22 it continually came up and eventually deleted it from the data
- 23 base.
- 24 Q And with regard to the samples that we are talking about,
- 25 in the Quarles case and in the Merilee Koot case, I mean
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1	statistic	cally, that's quite a bit different situation, because the	1	Q	Okay. In going through the DNA in the areas that you are
2	sample	itself gave you a lot of detail about the sources of the	2	looking	at, to make these identifications, both of the exhibits
3	DNA?		3	that you	have just have these specific numbers identifying areas
4	A	Yes.	4	against '	which a comparison is done.
5	Q	And there was a complete sample; there was never a	5		Is that the normal number of areas that you're lookir g
6	portion	here where you didn't get information regarding a	6	at?	
7	potentia	al source?	7	A	Yes, we look at 15 different areas, plus the sex
8	A	That's correct.	8	determi	nation marker.
9	Q	Now, Mr. Pike asked you about contaminants and whether	9	Q	How many locations are there on the human ge retic as you
10	they car	n whether they can prompt a false positive or sort of	10	describe	d it?
11	change	the results of DNA.	11	A	Actual genetic markers?
12		Do you remember that?	12	Q	Yeah.
13	A	Yes.	13	A	I'm not sure. Thousands, but not used for identity
14	Q	Based on your review of the evidence, was that a factor	14	testing.	
15	at all th	e that you think would affect the findings that you have	15	Q	At this time?
16	testified	to this afternoon?	16	A	Correct.
17	A	No.	17		MR. PIKE: Thank you. I don't have any further
18	Q	No indication of a contaminant? I mean, you said the	18	questions	i.
19	carpet v	vas foamy, but you were still able to generate a profile?	19		THE COURT: Just one question. I don't know if you know
20	A	Yes.	20	this: You	developed DNA off of the panties that were recovered
21	Q	Sometimes contaminants could degrade or destroy the DNA?	21	from the	Quarles scene.
22	Α	Yes.	22		THE WITNESS: Yes.
23	Q	And that would mean you wouldn't get any information at	23		THE COURT: Could you tell from where or how you
24	all?		24	recovered	I it whether or not those panties would have had to have
25	A	Right.	25	been wor	n and there would be leakage or whether they could have
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1	Q	Page 66 or 187 But here, you got all the information?	1	been sat	Page 68 of 187 or laid on? Do you have any idea how they got there or
1 2	Q A	•	1 2	been sat	or laid on? Do you have any idea how they got there or
	_	But here, you got all the information?			or laid on? Do you have any idea how they got there or
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	Page 69 of 187 THE COURT: The State rests?	1	Page 71 of 187 Latent fingerprint development, marijuana analysis, gun::hot
1		2	residue detection, those sort of things. Eventually, I mo red into
2	MS. WECKERLY: Subject to just checking with stuff we've	3	serology area, which is the study of blood and bodily fluids.
3	admitted, but I believe so.	-	
4	THE COURT: Mr. Pike.	4	After working there for about three and a half years, I
5	MR. PIKE: Thank you.	5	then went to the Louisiana State Police Department laboratory in
6	The defense would call George Schiro.	6	Baton Rouge. I worked there approximately 14 years, continued to
7	THE COURT: He's going to testify about some of this DNA	7	do serology; and then eventually myself and Carolyn Box ker, who I
8	stuff?	8	work with, we set up the DNA labs at the Louisiana Stati: Police
9	MR. PIKE: Yes.	9	crime lab. We validated the systems and we trained the personnel
10	THE COURT: He was allowed to be in here for that	10	to conduct DNA analysis.
11	purpose; and if you want to have Miss Paulette in here when he's	11	I myself was trained by Pat Cavits, who was a qualified
12	testifying, you will be allowed to do that too.	12	DNA technical leader as well.
13	MR. PIKE: Already made that arrangement.	13	We did all of this and then, eventually I was there
14	•	14	for about 14 years, and then the last seven years, I've been at
15	(Witness sworn.)	15	the Adiana crime lab and I also do private consulting work as
16	(Willess Shorth)	16	well.
	THE CLEDIA. Planes by weeked		O During your career, you've been allowed to testify and
17	THE CLERK: Please be seated.	17	
18	Please state your name and spell your first and last name	18	offer your expert opinion regarding DNA?
19	for the record.	19	A Yes.
20	THE WITNESS: My name is George Schiro; first name	20	Q And you've been allowed to testify in courts in
21	G-e-o-r-g-e; last name S-c-h-i-r-o.	21	Louisiana?
22		22	A Yes.
23	GEORGE SCHIRO	23	Q In which other counts have you been allowed to testify as
24	called as a witness on behalf of the State,	24	an expert?
25	having been first duly sworn,	25	A I've also testified in Polk County, Arkansas, St. Louis
	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
	Page 70 of 187		Page 72 of 187
1	was examined and testified as follows:	1	County, Missouri, Washington County, Mississippi, Lee County,
2		2	Florida, as well as Clark County here in Nevada.
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION	3	Now, you had an opportunity at the request of my office
4	BY MR. PIKE:	4	to review the DNA reports in this case; is that correct?
5		5	A Yes.
	Q Mr. Schiro, how are you employed?		
6	A I'm currently employed as the DNA technical leader at the	6	Q And as you've gone through and reviewed thos a reports,
7	Adiana crime lab which is in New Iberla, Louisiana.	7	you've had the opportunity to listen to the testimony that was
8	Q How long have you been so employed?	8	just offered in court today.
9	A I've been employed there for nearly seven years now.	9	I'd like to ask you some questions about that.
10	Q And in the capacity of your employment there, what are	10	In reviewing the reports, you noticed that then: was that
11	your duties?	11	false hit of the gentleman that or the person that had bassed
	A My duties as DNA technical leader are to oversee the	12	away since '79; is that correct?
12	A my dudes as DRA decinical leader are to oversee the	1	
12 13	technical operations of the DNA lab, make sure that we're meeting	13	A Yes.
	,	13 14	A Yes. Q Can you describe how false hits occur.
13	technical operations of the DNA lab, make sure that we're meeting	1	
13 14	technical operations of the DNA lab, make sure that we're meeting all the quality assurance standards, making sure that all the	14	Q Can you describe how false hits occur.
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13 14 15 16 17	technical operations of the DNA lab, make sure that we're meeting all the quality assurance standards, making sure that all the tests are run properly. I also function in the capacity of a DNA analyst and also as part of my duties there, I do crime scene investigations as	14 15 16 17	Q Can you describe how false hits occur. A Well, false hits can occur if you have a mixture, as in this case, you do; and what happens is there would be just a random occurrence where, because there is so many markers that
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9 MR. PIKE: Just this case.

10 THE COURT: Yes.

THE WITNESS: Yes. In this case, the most that can be 11 12 said when you are dealing with a mixture is that that person can't 13 be excluded.

14 BY MR. PIKE:

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15 Based upon that description then, it is possible that the 16 hit to Norman Flowers may be a false hit?

17 That's a possibility, yes.

George Brass also cannot be excluded in reference to

19 this: is that correct?

20 A Yes.

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21 I'm going through -- are there other people who cannot be

22 excluded as a potential candidate?

23 Yes. The statistics that I noticed when I was going through the notes said that 99.9934 percent to the 99.998 percent 24 25 of the population could be excluded, but what that means is also

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.002 percent of the population could be included or .0066 percent of the population could be included.

So assuming that the population of Las Vegas is roughly about two million people at this time, what would that mean in numbers?

In terms of numbers, if you have a population of two million and you have this exclusion frequency that we talked about and this inclusion frequency, then we're talking perhaps somewhere from 40 to 130 individuals we would expect that could be a contributor to this mixture within that two million population.

True values, probably actually somewhere between four and -- four people and 1300 people, but we just can't make those determinations because what we do with the statistics is we make an estimate based on population groups.

And so if you move the population group up as to the population in the United States, what would the approximate numbers be?

A It would range from 6,000 people to 20,000 people that could possibly be included as part of this mixture.

20 A true value probably ranges somewhere from 60 people to 21 200,000 people.

Also, as the testimony was developed and the reports regarding the DNA came into evidence, there was a reference to the fact that the mixture was at least three persons.

Can you set a number as to actually how many people may

have been contributors?

2 No. The only thing you can do is give a minimum number,

as was done in this case, say at least three people. 3

In going through and in doing DNA analysis and 4 determining what the identifiers are, do you find that there are 6 similarities within families as to genetic makeup?

There can be some of the same markers that are found 7 within one individual that could be found in another individual. 8

For example, if you think of a father and son, a son is 9 going to have half of the father's markers. One-half is going to 10 come from the mother; one-half is going to come from the father, 11 but they're going to have half their markers in common vith each 12 13 other.

And is there a way to use that genetic similarity to 0 actually conduct an investigation?

Yes. You could sample people of that family member to 16 see if they would be included or excluded as a possible 17 contributor to that mixture. 18

19 And are you familiar with cases -- familiar with the cases in which that has been the nature of the investigation and 20 21 the investigation subsequently revealed a suspect?

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Q In going through and assuming that this is a three person mixture and that Sheila Quarles is a contributor to the mixture, how many possible two person allele combinations could be used for

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this mixture using the peak values as the possible two person 1

2 combinations?

3 There are about 64,800,000 possible combinations that you could get from those markers that we saw in the mixed DNA profile 5 from the vacinal swab.

And how many of these combinations would not exclude 6 Q 7 Norman Flowers?

About 192 out of that 64,800,000 would not exclude Norman A Flowers.

10 0 Since you have a background both as a CSA and then moved forward to the DNA analysis, during the course of your work as a 11 12 CSA, did you collect evidence for sexual assault cases?

14 So based upon that experience and knowledge, do you have any way of telling how old the semen is or the DNA sample as the 15 16 DNA examiner?

No. We can't tell how long a DNA sample has been there. We can only tell if it's there and what markers are preser t.

And, similarly, with the mixture of the DNA, is there any way for you to tell the order in which they were deposite I, how soon it was done after the other? Is there any way to tell that?

23 And based upon your experience and your train ng then, is Q 24 there any way to tell that information from either the vac inal swabs or from the samples that were taken from the pan ies? 25

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1	A No. Again, you wouldn't be able to tell how long they	1	A Well, it's a regional facility, but we service what we
2	were deposited or in what order.	2	call a parish area. We don't have counties; we have parishes. We
3	Q And what is the importance of examining the panties?	3	service that parish area.
4	A Well, the panties, given that they're found right there,	4	Q Is it a police agency lab or is it a private lab?
5	are going to be a key piece of evidence, so you are going to want	5	A It's a police agency lab.
6	to know whose DNA types those are.	6	Q Okay. And prior to that, you worked at the Jeflerson
7	Those, as well, could have been from, you know, previous	7	County one?
8	consensual encounters where there was drainage that occurred in	8	A Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office crime lab. Prior to
9	the panties.	9	that, I was working at the Louisiana State Police crime lab; and
10	Q And do you believe it may have been important to examine	10	then prior to that was the Jefferson Parish office.
11	the bath water?	11	Q And when you worked at the Jefferson Parish Lib, from
12	A The bath water, not so much, again, because as Miss	12	reading your CV, it looked like you handled all types of e /idence,
13	Paulette pointed out, the dilutional factor would be pretty high	13	fingerprint evidence, you did DNA evidence, and maybe physical
14	when dealing with bath water.	14	evidence on top of that.
15	Q However, working your way back, the panties would be	15	A That's correct.
16	important.	16	Q In terms of analysis of sexual assaults in murder cases,
17	Would it be important to examine clothing that the	17	how many cases of that nature are you typically dealing with?
18	deceased may have worn from the night before or earlier in the day	18	THE COURT: You mean in the whole lab?
19	to try to establish a timeline as to when the semen was Introduced	19	BY MS. WECKERLY:
20	into her?	20	Q You personally?
21	A Yes. That would be an investigative tool that could be	21	A Myself personally, about 50 percent of the cases that I
22	used.	22	deal with are sexual assault.
23	MR, PIKE: I have no further questions.	23	Q And how many would 50 percent be?
24	Thank you very much.	24	A Probably on the order of what I handle, it's probably
25	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, could I just have a five	25	somewhere in the neighborhood of between one and 200 cases.
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1	minute break?	1	Q One and 200 cases of sexual assault/homicide per year?
	THE COURT Will Mile And Control of the Control	١ ـ	A tit-IItthe and analysis another 35 research way
2	THE COURT: Yeah. Why don't we take our afternoon recess	2	A Well, sexual assaults and probably another 25 percent you
3	THE COURT: Yeah. Why don't we take our afternoon recess at this time. Then you can talk to Miss Paulette.	3	could tack on for homicides; then combinations of both. It's
3 4	at this time. Then you can talk to Miss Paulette.	3 4	could tack on for homicides; then combinations of both. It's going to be somewhere in that cross-section.
3 4 5	·	3 4 5	could tack on for homicides; then combinations of both. It's going to be somewhere in that cross-section. Q Okay. And in that regional lab, how many case; of sexual
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			·	
1	Q	Page 81 of 187 And did you consult on the Kristin Laboto case?	1	Page 83 of 18 Q You could have done that, I assume, with your background
2	A	Yes.	2	and experience, and actually analyzed the piece of evidence
3	Q	And she was also a murder defendant?	3	yourself?
4	A	Correct	4	A Yes.
5	Q	Any other murder defendants where you served as a	5	Q But that wasn't requested of you?
	_	·	6	A No.
6 7	_	ant in Clark County?	7	Q Okay. In terms of the statistical data you received,
	A	There has been numerous that I have served as a	8	that was all generated and provided to you through Mr. Pike, but
8		ant. The only other one that I've actually testified on	9	it was generated by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Lepartment?
9		Scott Dozer I think it was Scott Dozer case.	-	
10	Q	Always on behalf of the defense?	10	A Yes. Q And in that statistical data, that includes the graphs
11	Α	That's correct. They're the only ones who have called	11	and, I guess, raw data from generating the various DN/ profiles in
12	me.		12	
13	Q	And always for Mr. Pike's I know it's not his office	13	this case.
14	_	vely, but attorneys that work with Mr. Pike?	14	A Yes.
15	Α.	Yes, and there have been other others throughout	15	Q In your review of the data provided by the Las Vegas
16		, well, within Nevada, right.	16	Metropolitan Police Department, you don't have any dispute that
17	Q	You did not prepare any report in this case; is that	17	their method of extracting DNA and generating a DNA profile from a
18	correct?		18	particular sample is scientifically valid?
19	Α	That's correct.	19	A I have no problem with their work, if that's what you are
20	Q	Is there any written documentation anywhere of your	20	asking me.
21	findings	s?	21	Q That's what I was asking. That's sort of a long way of
22	A	No.	22	asking that.
23	Q	So none of your calculations or conclusions have been	23	How about with the statistical calculations made by Miss
24	subject	to any kind of peer review?	24	Paulette, any dispute with those?
25	A	That's correct.	25	A No.
		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
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1	Q	You just did your own calculations?	1	Q That looked correct to you scientifically and
2	Α	That's correct.	2	mathematically?
3	Q	And then you reported them somehow to Mr. Pike and	3	A Yes.
4	Mr. Patr	rick?	4	Q And population frequencies that miss Paulette referred
5	A	Yes.	5	to, about how rare or how I guess how rare a particu ar profile
6	Q	How did you report them?	6	would be in a population, you don't have any dispute with that, do
7	A	Orally.	7	you?
8	Q	Just today or before today?	8	A That's correct.
9	A	Before today.	9	Q And those are data bases that are widely used in the DNA
10	Q	Have you ever been involved in a case where you did	10	field?
11	prepare	a report?	11	A Yes.
12	A	Yes.	12	Q And so your — in a nutshell, your review of the data
13	Q	And that wasn't requested of you in this case?	13	provided indicates that what they did was sound scientifically?
14	A	That's correct.	14	A Yes.
15	Q	Now, you reviewed the statistical data or underlying data	15	Q And statistically?
16	of the D	NA evidence in this case?	16	A Yes.
17	A	Yes, for the vaginal swab, yes.	17	Q Now, in regard to the vaginal swab taken from Miss
18	Q	For the panties too?	18	Quarles at autopsy, you don't dispute that Mr. Flowers an't be
19	A	I was never provided with the information on the panties.	19	excluded as a source of that DNA, do you?
	_	Okay. Did you request to be provided with that?	20	A As a possible contributor, I don't dispute that.
			1	Q You don't dispute that?
20	Q A	I did request it and we did get the report, but I never	121	
20 21	A	I did request it and we did get the report, but I never of the underlying data.	21	•
20 21 22	A got any	of the underlying data.	22	A Right.
20 21 22 23	A got any Q	of the underlying data. All right. You didn't actually examine any physical	22 23	A Right. Q And you certainly don't dispute that George Brass is a
20 21 22	A got any Q	of the underlying data.	22	A Right.

- Q You don't dispute that 99.99 percent of the population can be excluded, but not these two individuals?
- 3 A That's correct.
- 4 Q In regard to the vaginal swabs taken from the other
- 5 victim in this case, Merilee Koot, you don't dispute that that was
- 6 a single source DNA?
- 7 Or maybe you didn't review that yet. I'm not sure.
- 8 A I have reviewed that data.
- 9 Okay. With regard to Merilee Koot then, you don't
- 10 dispute that the swabs taken from her at autopsy reflect single
- 11 source DNA?
- 12 A I'm sorry. Repeat the question, please.
- 13 Q Okay. With regard to Merilee Koot, the vaginal swabs
- 4 taken from her at autopsy reflect a single source of male DNA?
- 15 A That's correct.
- 16 Q And you don't dispute that in terms of that single source
- 17 of DNA, that profile matches to Norman Flowers.
- 18 A That's correct.
- 19 Q And the likelihood or the potential frequency of that
- 20 profile occurring in the population is rarer than one in 600 or
- 21 650 billion?
- 22 A I would agree with that, yes.
- 23 Q Okay. So given your knowledge of what the earth's
- 24 population is and certainly your experience in the DNA field,
- 25 would you have any problem with the conclusion that he is the

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- 1 source of that DNA?
- 2 A Excluding an identical twin, yes.
- 3 Q Okay. And, in fact, does your lab have a similar type
- 4 threshold situation where you render what we would call an
- 5 identity statement?
- 6 A Yes, we do.
- 7 Q And what is that number?
- 8 A Our number is 300 billion.
- 9 Q So lower?
- 10 A Yes.
- Q So at just one in 300 billion, your lab will say this is
- 12 the source of that DNA?
- 13 A Yes. We use a thousand times the population of the
- 14 United States.

15

- Q Okay. So, certainly, you would have no dispute with her
- 16 conclusion that Mr. Flowers is the source of the DNA in the
- 17 vaginal and rectal swabs of Merilee Koot?
- 18 A No
- 19 Q And of the carpet stain found right underneath her?
- 20 A No.
- 21 Q Now, I want to talk you to specifically about this bath
- 22 water situation, collecting DNA from that.
- 23 I think you said that that wouldn't be, in your
- 24 scientific opinion, necessarily too productive to try to generate
- 25 a DNA profile off of a sample of bath water?

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- A That's correct.
- Q In fact, have you ever done that in your lab?
- 3 A We have had requests to, for example, look at viater
- 4 that's found in a pea trap or a drain trap to test that; and it's
- 5 usually not successful whenever we're dealing with a large
- 6 quantity of water.
- Q And this is even bigger than a drain trap because this is
- 8 a whole bathtub of water, correct?
 - A Yes.
- 10 O So the likelihood of getting anything scientifically
- 11 useful, I would assume, is pretty diminished by the amount of
- 12 water?

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- 13 A Yes.
- Q Now, when you were discussing the DNA result: with regard to the vaginal swabs collected from Miss Quarles, you and Mr. Pike
- 16 used the term false hit.
- 17 Do you recall saying that?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Okay. When you look at the vaginal swab results, is
- 20 there anything indicating to you that Mr. Flowers can be excluded
- 21 as a source of the vaginal swabs taken from Sheila Quark:s?
- 22 A He can't be excluded as the potential contribute r.
- 23 O As a potential contributor?
 - A To the mixture that's found in the vaginal swab :.
- 25 O Okav. And so there is no indication that we have a false

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- hit in this case, correct, because we have his known sample and it
- 2 was compared to the mixture recovered from autopsy and there is --
- 3 A Well, we don't know essentially if it's a false hit or
- 4 not. I mean, it could be -- just from the size of the data hase,
- 5 it is a possibility that it could be a random match.
 - O A random match.
 - Now, do you take into account peak/hit ratios in your
- 8 analysis?
- 9 A Peak/height ratios. Yes, I did.
 - Q The peak/height ratios, do those suggest to you that
- 11 Norman Flowers' DNA in the vaginal mixture or vaginal s vab mixture
- 12 reflects a false hit situation or do the peak/height ratios
- 13 actually reflect that there is actually DNA there that's
- 14 consistent with him?
- 15 A Well, from the peak/height ratio, it's not really joing
- 16 to tell you if there is a false hit or not or a false possibilit /.
- 17 By false possibility, I should say a random match, just meaning
- 18 that it could happen to match someone within the data base and
- 19 there is no way to tell just looking at the profile if that's the
- 20 case or not.
- Q Well, based on the peak/height ratios and your review of them, those certainly reflected the presence of DNA that natched
- 23 his profile, correct, or was consistent with it?
- A That he cannot be excluded from, because in this case
 much of the peak/heights were about the same for all of the

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1 contributors.

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So it's not like we can say that more of this person's DNA is present and less of this person's DNA is present. Trauma markers are about the same and because that's -- because that's the way it is, then it's hard to tell what sort of combinations you have in that mixture.

 ${\bf Q}$. Well, let me ask you this: In terms of this DNA sample, I would assume, from the vaginal swabs, that the major contributor to that is Sheila Quarles herself.

A Well, even given that -- you can't even really say that given the mixture that I recall when I looked at the data, because like I had said, most of the peaks were right around pretty much the same height. But what we can do is we can assume that Sheila Quarles is present because the swab came directly from her vagina.

Q Okay. And the presence of the other two — or the other alieles, those were at the same level, correct?

17 A That's correct.

18 Q One of those profiles happens to match to someone who we

19 know had sex with Sheila Quarles that morning or we've heard?

20 A Well, again, you can't say that it matched him. What you can say is that he can't be excluded as a possible contributor.

22 Q And George Brass can't be excluded as a possible

23 contributor?

24 A That's correct.

Q So if you take out all of the alleles that match to his

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profile and you take out all the ones that match to Sheila

2 Quarles, you are left with just the alleles that are consistent

3 with Norman Flowers, correct?

A To a certain extent, because when you look at the profile
and you do subtract out Sheila Quaries, there is at least one area
that — well, you can't exclude Mr. Flowers. It doesn't

necessarily include him either, because one of the alleles could

8 be shared by Miss Quaries and Mr. Flowers.

Q Does your lab report out mixture results?

10 A Yes.

11 Q And what is the criteria for that?

12 A In terms of --

13 Q Well, if you had a mixture like we have here, what would

14 your lab report?

A Our lab probably would have reported very similarly,

except in our report, we probably would have stated assuming that

Sheila Quaries is a contributor to this mixture, then the

remaining profile, Mr. Brass and Mr. Flowers cannot be excluded as

19 potential contributors.

20 Q Okay.

21 A And we give our statistic.

Q And would the statistic be the same, that 99.99 percent

23 of the population can be excluded, but not those two individuals?

24 A That's correct.

Q And there isn't any statistic -- I mean, when you give

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the - I think you gave an example of if you had a population of

2 64,800,000 ---

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12

A No, wait. That was something different.

Q Okay. Tell me what that was.

A 64,800,000 combinations are the number of cor ibinations of

6 two person contributors that you could get based on those alleles

7 that could be present after removing Sheila Quarles and assuming

8 only a two person mixture.

It's kind of like you think of a telephone numbe: Okay?

There is seven digits to your telephone number, but because there are ten possibilities for each number, that means in a seven digit phone number, you could have ten million possible combinations.

13 If you add an area code to that, it gives you a hundred billion possible combinations?

Q And if you took out the alleles that were consistent or matched George Brass, like if you removed Sheila Quarle; from that

17 because it isn't shocking that her DNA is taken from her own

18 vaginal swab, and you take out George Brass, his alleles, what

19 would the number be?

20 A Oh, I don't know that.

21 Q You weren't asked to calculate that?

22 A Right. Well, no.

23 O Okay, Let me ask you this: Are these results, as

24 reported by Miss Paulette, completely explained by the reasoning

25 that Mr. Flowers and Mr. Brass and Miss Quarles were the source of

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1 that DNA taken from her vaginal swab?

2 A That's one possible explanation, yes.

Q Okay. There is nothing at all in this data that suggests

4 that it's anything other than that.

5 A Well, again, because you are dealing with a mixture,

6 there are other possible combinations.

Q I understand it is possible, but there is nothing in the

8 science that would indicate that another possibility is present?

A Well, that's why we always report out can't be excluded
 as a potential contributor because there are other possib lities.

11 Q Okay. But it is also completely explained by the se three

12 individuals?

3

7

13

A Like I said, that is one possible exclamation, ye :.

14 Q And that would be true of the panties that were checked

15 as well, correct?

16 A Again, I didn't review the data from the panties so I

17 don't know specifically.

18 Q Okay.

19 A But given the report, it was probably along the same

20 lines.

21 Q And you indicated, I think on direct examination with

22 Mr. Pike, that there is no way to look at a particular mixture of

23 semen and tell which semen was deposited first?

24 A That's correct.

25 Q So there is nothing about the tails being on the sperm or

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1	anything about visually looking at the sample that would tell you,	1	130 individuals, most likely; and for the United States, i: would
2	oh, look, this is this profile that was put in, you know, that was	2	be somewhere between 6,000 and 20,000 people nationwide, most
3	deposited two hours before this other one?	3	likely.
4	A No.	4	MR. PIKE: No further questions.
5	Q No way to do that scientifically?	5	THE COURT: Anything else?
6	A That's correct.	6	MS. WECKERLY: No. Thank you.
7	Q Now, if someone was sexually assaulting another	7	THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Schiro. Appreciate your
8	individual and had pulled her underwear to the side while the	8	testimony. You are excused.
9	sexual assault was taking place, that could account for semen and	9	
10	DNA being on a pair of underwear, correct?	10	(Witness excused.)
11	A Yes, that's a possible explanation.	11	
12	Q And then another possible explanation for why DNA might	12	THE COURT: Next.
13	be on a pair of underwear is prior sexual contact and then leakage	13	MR. PATRICK: Susan Garriott.
14	once the person moves or starts walking around?	14	
15	A Yes, that's another explanation.	15	(Witness swom.)
16	MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.	16	,
17	THE COURT: Anything else, Mr. Pike?	17	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated.
18	MR. PIKE: Very briefly.	18	Please state your full name and spell your first and last
19	The time very oneity.	19	name for the record.
20	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	20	THE WITNESS: Susan Marie Garriott. It's spelled
21	BY MR. PIKE:	21	S-u-s-a-n, G-a-r-r-l-o-t-t.
22	Q There are other items that you wouldn't disagree with on	22	THE COURT: Go ahead.
23	the reports from the State's witness, on the DNA profile obtained,	23	MR. PATRICK: Thank you.
24	that Norman Flowers could not be excluded as a possible minor	24	The Consense Hame you.
25	contributor.	25	SUSAN GARRIOTT
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1	A Again, I didn't review the data in that particular	1	called as a witness on behalf of the State,
2	instance. I believe that's from the panties. But I would have no	2	having been first duly sworn,
3	reason to dispute that.	3	was examined and testified as follows:
4	Q Nor would you have any reason to dispute her statement	4	
5	that it could be a false hit, that matched what they know about	5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	Mr. Flowers DNA?	6	BY MR. PATRICK:
7	MS. WECKERLY: I'm going to object. I don't think she	7	Q Good afternoon, Miss Garriott.
8	stated that. That was Mr. Schiro.	8	A Good afternoon.
9	THE COURT: I'm sorry. I didn't hear the objection.	9	Q How are you employed?
10	MR. PIKE: I'll just ask it directly then.	10	A I am employed with Children's Choice Learning Center. I
11	BY MR. PIKE:	11	am the center director.
12	Q Then based upon the reports that were prepared, your	12	Q And were you doing that job in March of 2005?
13	examination of them, the testimony that you heard, can you offer	13	A No. I was with the school, but I was not the director.
14	an opinion that it is possible that that was a false hit or a	14	Q Okay. And which location are you the director of?
15	random match to Mr. Flowers?	15	A Boulder Station.
16	A That's a possibility.	16	Q Okay. And where were you at in 2005 with the company?
17	Q And based upon the population base and information that	17	A I was working at the Children's Choice at Suns at Station
18	you have been provided in reference to the DNA, CODIS and the rest	18	at a front desk,
19	of those items, approximately how many people would that possibly	19	Q Okay. But you are familiar with the company's
20	come back to?	20	operations?
21		21	A Yes.
22	THE COURT: People in what sample? BY MR. PIKE:	22	Q And is there any way that the company keeps track of the
23	Q In the sample within Nevada or within the United States.	23	children that come in and out every day?
24	A Within the population of Las Vegas, which is	24	A We do it through the computer. They clock in and out.
25	approximately two million, it would be somewhere between 40 and	25	We also have them fill it out on paper. They sign in dail / and
	approximately two manion, it would be somewhere between 40 and	25	
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1		o fill out a daily care sheet so we can keep track of all	1	Q	And looking through this, it looks like most of the
2	·	, diaper changes and what they eat and what they do	2		the time it was Katrina McKenna that was checking him in
3	_	out the day.	3	and out	
4	Q	And you are familiar with how this is entered in the	4	Α	Yes.
5		er every day for each child?	5	Q	But it looks like several times that Keith Flowers would
6	Α	Absolutely.	6	do that?	
7	Q	This is something you have done in the past?	7	A	Yes.
8	A	Yes.	8	Q	Okay. And can you tell me what time Gabriel was checked
9	Q.	Is there a way that you can go back in time and print out	9	_	According to the accorder to did not attend the context
10	•	from those computer entries to find out if a child was at	10	Α	According to the records, he did not attend the center.
11		y care during a specific day?	11 12	Q	Okay. So according to your records, he wasn't there all
12	A	Yes.	1	day? A	Diale
13	Q	Are you familiar with how that's done?	13	A	Right.
14	A	Yes.	14 15		THE COURT: Okay. MR. PATRICK: That's all I have, Judge.
15	Q a.dab	And are you familiar with the form of the report as it	16		THE COURT: Okay, Cross.
16	_	e printed out from that computer?	17		MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
17	A	Yes.	18		MS. LUZAICH. Halik you.
18		MR. PATRICK: Permission to approach, Judge.			
19	0V ND D	THE COURT: Yes.	19 20		CDOCC-EVAMINATION
20	BY MR. P		21	BY MS. L	CROSS-EXAMINATION
22	_	I'm going to show you what's been marked as defense	22	Q Q	Now, the record that you have does not indicate who
23	propose	d Exhibit I.	23	_	has custody of this child?
24	A	Does that look familiar to you? It does.	24	accually A	Correct.
25	Ô	And how does it look familiar to you?	25	Ô	So as far as you know, the only time the person, who on
23	¥	•	23	¥	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
-		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	 -	<u>.</u>	
1	A	Page 98 of 187 Well, actually, the one I have is just a small portion.		vous slo	Fage 100 of 187 ce of paper is named Keith Flowers, ever sees : his child
1 .	~	wen, actually, the one I have is just a small portion.] 1	your pre	
1 7	T think i	t was just for March	,	is the co	
3	_	t was just for March.	2	_	ouple of days that he dropped him off at the certer?
3	Q	Okay.	3	A	ouple of days that he dropped him off at the cer ter? Right; right.
3 4	Q A	Okay. It just looks familiar because it says child detail	3	A Q	ruple of days that he dropped him off at the certer? Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense
3 4 5	Q A report a	Okay. It just looks familiar because it says child detail nd it actually says our company and our tax ID number.	3 4 5	A Q Exhibit 1	nuple of days that he dropped him off at the center? Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you defense I, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that
3 4 5 6	Q A report a Q	Okay. It just looks familiar because it says child detail nd it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent?	3 4 5 6	Q Exhibit 1 correct?	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you defense to not the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that
3 4 5 6 7	Q A report a Q A	Okay. It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who	3 4 5 6 7	A Q Exhibit 1 correct?	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense to not the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that
3 4 5 6 7 8	Q A report a Q A	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number, And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up.	3 4 5 6 7 8	A Q Exhibit 1 correct?	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense t, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper t at they
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3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this ertains to?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Q Exhibit 1 correct? A Q provided A Q A child washown. Q order. I defense	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you, defense it, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper that they if you, does it appear that those hours add up to 519? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the is there. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have here is State's whatever next in it is what I would represent to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page phior to that ite. And this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this certains to? The very left side, it's Gabriel Flowers.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A Q Exhibit 1 correct? A Q provided A Q A child washown. Q order. I defense	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you, defense it, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper that they if you, does it appear that those hours add up to 519? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the is there. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have here is State's whatever next in it is what I would represent to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page phior to that ite. And this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this ertains to? The very left side, it's Gabriel Flowers. Okay. And if you look, going across, it tells you when	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	A Q Exhibit 1 correct? A Q provided A Q A child washown. Q order. I defense	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you, defense to not the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that the defense gave to you, defense to not the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that the defense gave to you, defense to the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that the defense gave to you, defense to the defense gave to you, defense to you, does it appear that those hours add up to \$19? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the sthere. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have here is State's whatever next in the time that the whole time to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page prior to that the te. And this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection. THE COURT: Be admitted. Go ahead.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this ertains to? The very left side, it's Gabriel Flowers. Okay. And if you look, going across, it tells you when thecked in and out each day?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	A Q Exhibit 1 correct? A Q provided A Q A child washown. Q order. I defense	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense it, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper that they if you, does it appear that those hours add up to 519? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the sthere. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have — here is State's whatever next in tis what I would represent to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page prior to that the te. And this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection. THE COURT: Be admitted. Go ahead. (State's Exhibit 138 admitted into evidence.)
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this certains to? The very left side, it's Gabriel Flowers. Okay. And if you look, going across, it tells you when checked in and out each day? Yes.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A Q Exhibit I correct? A Q provided A Q A child wa shown. Q order. I defense same da	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense it, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper that they if you, does it appear that those hours add up to 519? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the sthere. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have — here is State's whatever next in tis what I would represent to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page prior to that the te. And this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection. THE COURT: Be admitted. Go ahead. (State's Exhibit 138 admitted into evidence.)
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Q A report a Q A dropped	Okay, It just looks familiar because it says child detail and it actually says our company and our tax ID number. And what does that represent? When the child was clocked in and clocked out and who off and who picked up. MR. PATRICK: Okay. Move move admission, Judge. THE COURT: Any objection? MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation still. THE COURT: I'll conditionally admit it. Go ahead. (Defense Exhibit A admitted into evidence.) ATRICK: By looking at that, can you tell what child this ertains to? The very left side, it's Gabriel Flowers. Okay. And if you look, going across, it tells you when checked in and out each day? Yes. And who did that?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	A Q Exhibit I correct? A Q provided A Q A child wa shown. Q order. I defense same da	Right; right. Now, the exhibit that the defense gave to you. defense it, on the bottom, it says total hours, 519 hours, is that Yes. And as you look at this single piece of paper that they if you, does it appear that those hours add up to 519? Well, like really quickly, no. Not even close, right? I think it may have totaled hours the whole time the sthere. I think just from March on is what's being Okay. Now, I have — here is State's whatever next in the swhat I would represent to you was provided to me by counsel, which would be a whole other page phior to that the land this is proposed Exhibit 138. MR. PIKE: No objection. THE COURT: Be admitted. Go ahead. (State's Exhibit 138 admitted into evidence.)

		Page 101 of 187			Fage 103 of 187
1	also fro	m November '04 through February '05?	1		MR. PATRICK: Yeah. Thank you, Judge.
2	A	Yes.	2		
3	Q	And that would be that page; and then the top page is the	3		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
4	same or	ne that we've already looked at which just continues from	4	BY MR. F	PATRICK:
5	Februar	y '05 to March?	5	Q	If both parents come to pick up a child at your day care,
6	A	September.	6	would t	hey both have to check in and check out that thay've picked
7	Q	Okay. Now, can you look at those two pieces of paper and	7	him up	or dropped him off?
8	tell me,	of all of that period of time, how many times did Norman	8	A	Just one.
9	Flowers	or Keith Flowers pick up or drop off?	9	Q	So it is possible that a lot of these times wher : Katrina
10	Α	On here, not at all, but there are old team members that	10	actually	signed in and signed out, Norman could have been with
11	looked l	ike they clocked in and clocked out the child because the	11	her, Kei	th could have been with her?
12	child wa	sn't clocked in by the parent.	12	A	I guess it's possible.
13	Q	Okay.	13		MS. LUZAICH: Objection; speculation.
14	Ā	So we do have records that we save for three years.	14		THE COURT: Sustained. Well, overruled.
15	0	But that's not before you. Before you, on the first	15		MS. LUZAICH: Anything can happen.
16	•	ne one with most of the entries, how many entries are on	16		THE COURT: I guess you can say it's possible, but we
17		ge, the earlier time frame? Sorry?	17	don't hav	ve any evidence one way or the other.
18	A	None from Norman.	18		PATRICK:
19	Q	Right, but how many total entries are there, on the first	19	Q	So from looking at the record, you have no way to tell if
20	•	ne longer one, '04 through February '05?	20	_	es that Katrina dropped off or picked up Gabriel, whether
21	A	Thirty-four.	21		(eith was with her?
	_	•	22	A	Correct.
22	Q	Thirty-four total entries on that page?	1	•	
23	A	Yes.	23		MR. PATRICK: Thank you. That's all I have, Judge
24	Q	And zero of those were Norman Keith Flowers?	24		THE COURT: Anything else? Okay.
25	A	Correct.	25		Thanks. Appreciate your testimony.
<u> </u>		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
			1		
	_	Page 102 of 187			fage 104 of 187
1	Q	Page 102 of 187 Now, on the second page, how many total entries are	1		·
1 2	there?	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are	2		(Witness excused.)
	there?	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six.	l		(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next.
2	there?	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are	2		(Witness excused.)
2	there?	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six.	2		(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next.
2 3 4	there?	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six. And of those 26, how many involve Norman Keith Flowers?	2 3 4	and last	(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next. MR. PATRICK: Next will be Natalia Sena.
2 3 4	there? A Q A	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six. And of those 26, how many involve Norman Keith Flowers? None, zero.	2 3 4 5	and last	(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next. MR. PATRICK: Next will be Natalia Sena. THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first
2 3 4 5 6	there? A Q A Q	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six. And of those 26, how many involve Norman Keith Flowers? None, zero. Well, he picked up at some point, didn't he?	2 3 4 5 6	and last	(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next. MR. PATRICK: Next will be Natalia Sena. THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	there? A Q A Q A BY MS. L	Now, on the second page, how many total entries are Twenty-six. And of those 26, how many involve Norman Keith Flowers? None, zero. Well, he picked up at some point, didn't he? According do this, no. Norman? MR. PIKE: Keith Flowers. THE WITNESS: Oh, Keith. UZAICH: Sorry. One, two, three one, two, three times between March of	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	and last	(Witness excused.) THE COURT: Next. MR. PATRICK: Next will be Natalia Sena. THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first name for the record. (Witness sworn.) THE WITNESS: Natalia Sena; N-a-t-a-l-i-a, S-e-n-a. NATALIA SENA called as a witness on behalf of the State,
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	,	Page 105 of 187	1	^	Fage 107 of 187 Okay. If you were to see a picture of this guy, 10 you
1	Q	During the month of March of '05, did anything unusual	1	Q	
2	_	to you or at the apartments?	2		nu would be able to recognize him?
3	A	I think it was when the girl downstairs died.	3	Α	Probably not.
4	Q	Okay. And you say the girl downstairs.	4	Q	Probably not. Okay.
5	_	In relation to that apartment, where was your apartment?	5		Have you been showed a picture recently?
6	A	Upstairs, across.	6	A	I've been showed quite a few pictures.
7	Q	Okay. I think we've heard it described as a little	7	Q	Okay. Did any of them jar your memory as to who that guy
8	breezev	ray between the two buildings?	8	might b	
9	A	Uh-huh.	9	A	Possibly, but it was a long time ago.
10	Q	Then there was a stairway?	10	Q	Okay. Did you see anybody else around your a sartment
11	A	Well, our apartment was upstairs and there was stairs	11	that day	σ
12	right ne	xt to our door; they lived downstairs on the other side of	12	A	I seen a lot of people there that day. The guy that
13	the bull	ding. (Indicating)	13	lived do	wnstairs from me, I seen him.
14	Q	Okay. From the bottom of the stairs, how close would you	14	Q	Okay. Do you remember what his name was?
15	say that	that girl's apartment was from your staircase?	15	A	Chicken.
16	A	From the bottom of the stairs?	16	Q	Okay. Do you remember when it was that you saw Chicken?
17	Q	Yeah.	17	A	I know I seen him every day. I seen him befor ∋ I went to
18	A	From right here to right to the desk. (Indicating)	18	go gaml	ble and that was before 12 o'clock and I thought I seen him
19	Q	So our desk or —	19	when I	came back, but I can't I thought I seen him then.
20	A	Yeah.	20	Q	What time did you come back?
21		MR. PATRICK: For the record, I'm guessing 15 feet.	21	A	Twelve o'clock.
22		THE COURT: Fifteen, 20.	22	Q	So you think you saw him after 12 o'clock by your
23	BY MR. F	ATRICK:	23	apartme	ent?
24	Q	Do you remember the day the girl died?	24	A	I think so, uh-huh.
25	A	Yeah.	25	Q	When you saw Chicken, was he there with anylody?
		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
		Page 106 of 187			Fage 108 of 187
1	Q	And did anything else happen to you that day?	1	A	Well, yeah. They were on the other stairs though, the
1 2	Q A		1 2		Well, yeah. They were on the other stairs thou ;h, the
	A	I went to jail.	_		
2	_		2	apartme Q	ents across from ours. Okay.
2 3 4	A Q A	I went to jail. So it was a memorable day all the way around? Yeah.	2 3 4	apartme Q A	ents across from ours. Okay. With some other guys.
2 3 4 5	A Q A Q	I went to jail. So it was a memorable day all the way around? Yeah. Now, that day, on March 24th, after the police came and	2 3 4 5	apartme Q A Q	ents across from ours. Okay. With some other guys. All right. Was he with that same guy that you (lescribed?
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A Q everyth A Q A Q A anything Q you tell A Q	I went to jail. So it was a memorable day all the way around? Yeah. Now, that day, on March 24th, after the police came and ling, you gave a statement to the police? Yeah; yes. Ma'am? Yes. I'm sorry. Okay. Did you go up to them or did they come up to you? They came up to us. Were you in your apartment? Yes. And what happened? They just knocked on the door? They knocked on the door and they asked if we had seen go on downstairs. Okay. And do you remember if you had seen anything? Did them if you saw anything?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	apartme Q A Q A Q that you anything A Q A home or was in relooked con her d	with some other guys. All right. Was he with that same guy that you described? The one I had seen that day, yeah. Okay. After you came back from gambling, the tall guy is saw, with the flannel shirt on, did you see him doing gou thought was suspicious? I just seen him where her apartment was at. Where whose apartment was? The girl who died. Okay. I'm sorry. What did you see? I don't recall if I seen them right when I was coming if I heard something and I looked outside. I thought I my apartment and I looked outside and seen somebody. I down, just like right there, like he was probably knocking door or he had just come out of her house. Okay. How was he acting, in your opinion? Like he was creeping around.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A Q A Q A A Q A A Q A A Q A A Q A A Q A A Q A A Q DOLICE?	I went to jail. So it was a memorable day all the way around? Yeah. Now, that day, on March 24th, after the police came and ling, you gave a statement to the police? Yeah; yes. Ma'am? Yes. I'm sorry. Okay. Did you go up to them or did they come up to you? They came up to us. Were you in your apartment? Yes. And what happened? They just knocked on the door? They knocked on the door and they asked if we had seen go on downstairs. Okay. And do you remember if you had seen anything? Did them if you saw anything? I told them that I had seen a guy downstairs. Okay. Do you remember how you described the guy to the That he was tall and skinny. Anything else? I believe he was wearing like a flannel shirt or	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	apartme Q A Q A Q that you anything A Q A home or was in re looked c on her d Q A	With some other guys. All right. Was he with that same guy that you described? The one I had seen that day, yeah. Okay. After you came back from gambling, the tall guy is saw, with the flannel shirt on, did you see him doing grouthought was suspicious? I just seen him where her apartment was at. Where whose apartment was? The girl who died. Okay. I'm sorry. What did you see? I don't recall if I seen them right when I was coming if I heard something and I looked outside. I thought I my apartment and I looked outside and seen somebody. I down, just like right there, like he was probably knocking door or he had just come out of her house. Okay. How was he acting, in your opinion? Like he was creeping around. Would you explain that? He was just looking around to see who was arc und, the
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	A Q A Q A anything Q you tell A Q A Q A A A Q A A A A A A A A A A A	I went to jail. So it was a memorable day all the way around? Yeah. Now, that day, on March 24th, after the police came and ling, you gave a statement to the police? Yeah; yes. Ma'am? Yes. I'm sorry. Okay. Did you go up to them or did they come up to you? They came up to us. Were you in your apartment? Yes. And what happened? They just knocked on the door? They knocked on the door and they asked if we had seen go on downstairs. Okay. And do you remember if you had seen anything? Did them if you saw anything? I told them that I had seen a guy downstairs. Okay. Do you remember how you described the guy to the That he was tall and skinny. Anything else? I believe he was wearing like a flannel shirt or	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	apartme Q A Q A Q that you anything A Q A home or was in re looked c on her d Q A	With some other guys. All right. Was he with that same guy that you described? The one I had seen that day, yeah. Okay. After you came back from gambling, the tall guy saw, with the flannel shirt on, did you see him doing gou thought was suspicious? I just seen him where her apartment was at. Where whose apartment was? The girl who died. Okay. I'm sorry. What did you see? I don't recall if I seen them right when I was coming if I heard something and I looked outside. I thought I my apartment and I looked outside and seen somebody. I down, just like right there, like he was probably knocking door or he had just come out of her house. Okay. How was he acting, in your opinion? Like he was creeping around. Would you explain that? He was just looking around to see who was arc und, the stay looking around to see who was there. THE COURT: Excuse me.

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1	BY MR. P		1	Q	You don't recall?
2	Q	Who lived with you in your apartment?	2	A	I remember he just had a radio.
3	A	Alfonso Sanchez lived with me; Jesus Navaro stayed with	3	Q	Okay. Did the radio have detachable speakers that you
4	•	two other people, they were staying there. They didn't	4	saw him	
5	live ther	re. They had just been in for like less than a week.	5	A	Yes.
6	Q	Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as	6	Q	Did Jesse tell you where he got that radio?
7	Defense	B.	7	A	I asked him
8		Do you recognize this individual?	8		MS. LUZAICH: Objection; hearsay.
9	A	Yes.	9		MR. PATRICK: Judge, it's a statement against penal
0	Q	Who is that?	10	interest.	
1	A	He's my kid's cousin.	11		THE COURT: Might be.
2	Q	And his name is?	12	BY MR. P	
3	A	Jesse.	13	Q	What did he tell you?
4	Q	Or his full name is Jesus?	14	A	I asked him where he got it from.
5	A	Yes.	15	Q	What did he tell you?
6	Q	Is this the same gentleman that you were talking about	16	A	He told me he got it from the apartment downstairs, the
.7	living w	ith you at that time?	17	girl's do	wnstairs apartment.
8	A	Yeah.	18	Q	Okay. Also when you came back from Jail, did vou notice
9	Q	Okay. I believe you said that that day that —	19	if there	was anything missing from your apartment?
0:		THE COURT: Do you want to admit that, Mr. Patrick?	20	A	If there was stuff missing from our apartment?
21		MR. PATRICK: It's already admitted, Judge.	21	Q	Your apartment.
22		THE COURT: Okay.	22	A	Yeah, there was stuff missing.
23		MS. LUZAICH: Objection; same objection. It's	23	Q	Could you tell us about that.
4	condition	nally admitted.	24	A	What was missing from our apartment?
25		THE COURT: It's in until it's out.	25	Q	What was missing.
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1		Go ahead.	1	A	Drugs.
2	BY MR. P	PATRICK:	2	Q	Okay. And these specific drugs, were they hid: en some
3	Q	I think you testified earlier that another reason you	3	place wi	nere everybody moot not know where they're at'
4	rememb	bered that day is because you got arrested?	4	A	I put then in the speaker before I got arrested.
5	A	Yeah.	5	Q	Did you ever come to a conclusion as to who stale them?
6	Q	How long were you in jail?	6		MS. LUZAICH: Objection.
7	A	I don't recall if it was three — two or three days.	7		THE COURT: Sustained.
8	Q	Okay. And when you got out of jail, you came home?	8		MR. PATRICK: Withdrawn.
9	Α	When I got out of jail, I went to my mom and dad's, where	9		That's all I have, Judge.
0	my kiď:	s dad was at; and then $-$ I think it was that night that I	10		THE COURT: Questions?
1	got out,	early in the morning. It was that day, that morning, we	11		MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.
2	went ba	ick to the apartment to get our stuff because everybody had	12		
	got kick	red out of the apartment that day.	13		CROSS-EXAMINATION
				BY MS. L	UZAICH:
13	Q	Okay. And that day when you came back to your apartment,	14		
13	•	Okay. And that day when you came back to your apartment, see Jesse?	14	Q	Miss Sena, at the time that you were living in the Palm
13	•			Q	Miss Sena, at the time that you were living in the Palm Apartments in 2005, did you participate in selling drugs?
13	did you	see Jesse?	15	Q	
.3 .4 .5 .6	did you	see Jesse? Yep.	15 16	Q Village /	Apartments in 2005, did you participate in selling drugs?
3 4 5 6 7	did you A Q A	see Jesse? Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding — there was four apartments upstairs	15 16 17	Q Village A A	Apartments in 2005, did you participate in sellinç drugs? Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs with?
.3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8	did you A Q A and four	see Jesse? Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding there was four apartments upstairs r apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in	15 16 17 18	Q Village A Q A	partments in 2005, did you participate in selling drugs? Yes.
13 14 15 16 17 18	dld you A Q A and four	see Jesse? Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding there was four apartments upstairs r apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in like all the apartments. He was outside and he had a	15 16 17 18 19 20	Q Village A Q A Q	Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs? With my kid's dad, Alfonso Sanchez. Is he also called Poncho?
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	A Q A and four between radio wi	see Jesse? Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding — there was four apartments upstairs r apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in like all the apartments. He was outside and he had a	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q Village A Q A Q A	Apartments in 2005, did you participate in selling drugs? Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs with? With my kid's dad, Alfonso Sanchez. Is he also called Poncho? Yes.
.3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	dld you A Q A and four between radio wi	Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding there was four apartments upstairs of apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in the apartments. He was outside and he had a lith him. Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q Village A Q A Q A Q	Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs? With my kid's dad, Alfonso Sanchez. Is he also called Poncho? Yes. Now, earlier when you said that Jesse is your kid's
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 10 11 12	A Q A and four between radio will Q State's p	Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding there was four apartments upstairs r apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in like all the apartments. He was outside and he had a lith him. Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as proposed Exhibit 136. It's just a drawing, but the radio	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q Village A Q A Q Cousin,	Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs? With my kid's dad, Alfonso Sanchez. Is he also called Poncho? Yes. Now, earlier when you said that Jesse is your kid's would he also be Poncho's cousin?
.3 .4 .5 .6 .7 .8 .9	A Q A and four between radio will Q State's p	Yep. And was Jesse holding anything? He wasn't holding there was four apartments upstairs of apartments downstairs and there was like a patio in the apartments. He was outside and he had a lith him. Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q Village A Q A Q A Q	Yes. Who did you participate in selling drugs? With my kid's dad, Alfonso Sanchez. Is he also called Poncho? Yes. Now, earlier when you said that Jesse is your kid's

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1	the apa	rtments and helping sell drugs, were you using drugs as	1	was rea	lly sure it was 12 o'clock.
2	weli?		2	Q	You are really sure after having used crystal meth for
3	A	Yes.	3	quite so	me time?
4	Q	What kinds of drugs? What was your drug of choice at the	4	A	I guess as sure as I could have been, yes.
5	time?		5	Q	Okay. What does crystal meth do to you? Like what kind
6	A	Crystal meth.	6		do you get?
7	Q	Okay. Now, today, in whatever month this is, October of	7	A	Makes you not go to sleep.
8	2008, a	re you clean and sober?	8	Q	Does it make you paranoid?
9	A	Yes.	9	A	Yeah. It makes you think the cops are always around.
10	Q	And have you been for quite some time?	10	Q	Okay. And were you always looking around to see if there
11	A	Yes.	11		ps around, because, one, you were paranoid, right, because
12	Q	So back in March of 2005 when you were using crystal	12	_	using it, and, two, because you are selling it?
13	meth, h	ow often?	13	A	Right.
14		MR. PIKE: Objection; assumes facts not in evidence.	14	Q	And is that also why you are kind of looking outside the
15		MS. LUZAICH: She just said that.	15	•	ent that day?
16		THE COURT: She just said that.	16	A	That is exactly why I was looking outside.
17		MR. PIKE: I'm sorry.	17	Q	So you saw some tall, skinny guy. Didn't he tr/ to sell
18		UZAICH:	18	•	nething that day?
19	Q	How often did you use it?	19	A	I tried to buy a weed from him that day.
20	A	Ail day long.	20	Q	You tried to buy weed from him. Okay.
21	Q	Every day?	21		Didn't you say a minute ago you don't use wee 1?
22	A	Every day, all day long.	22	A	It wasn't for me.
23	Q	And you might find this hard to believe: I don't use	23	Q	Who was it for?
24	that. B	ut does crystal meth, when you use it, affect your ability	24	A	It was more my kid's dad.
25	to perce	eive things?	25	Q	It was for Poncho?
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1	A	Like what do you mean?	1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Well, does it affect your memory? Do you forget things?	12	0	Is that yes, it was for Poncho?
	_		l	-	·
3	A	Now I do. Back, then I remember everything.	3	A	Yes.
4	Q	You thought you remembered everything?	3 4	A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter.
4 5	Q A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess.	3 4 5	A Q A	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes.
4 5 6	Q A Q	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all	3 4 5 6	A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court repc rter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay.
4 5 6 7	Q A Q day eve	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time?	3 4 5 6 7	A Q A	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed.
4 5 6 7 8	Q A Q day eve	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did.	3 4 5 6 7 8	A Q A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court repc rter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay.
4 5 6 7 8 9	Q A Q day eve	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink?	3 4 5 6 7 8	A Q A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes.
4 5 6 7 8 9	Q A Q day eve A Q A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A Q A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him,
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Q A Q day eve A Q A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	A Q A Q before y	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, you gambled or after you gambled?
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Q A Q day eve A Q A Q of Marci	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning in 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	A Q A Q before y	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, you gambled or after you gambled? Before.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Q A Q day eve A Q A Q of Marci	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning in 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been gat all?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A Q A Q before y A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, you gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble?
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Q A Q day eve A Q A Q of Marci drinking A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning in 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been gat all?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	A Q A Q before y A Q A	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, you gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No.
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4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	Q A Q of Marci drinking A Q A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning a 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	A Q Defore y A Q A Q A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, rou gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, k cal bar?
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4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Q A Q day eve A Q A Q of Marci drinking A Q A Q gamblin	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning at 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went sg? Yes, ma'am.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	A Q A Q A Q A Q	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, you gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, it call bar? At the Point After. The Point After. Probably not a lot of clocks or the
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4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q A Q day eve A Q of Marci drinking A Q gamblin A	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning to 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been got at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went tog? Yes, ma'am. And when you got back from gambling? Yes.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	A Q A Q A Q Wall in t	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, rou gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, it call bar? At the Point After. The Point After. Probably not a lot of clocks or the there? Probably not.
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4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Q A Q of Marci drinking A Q gamblin A Q think ma	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning at 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been got at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went tog? Yes, ma'am. And when you got back from gambling? Yes. Okay. And now, as you are sitting here and you say you asybe you went or came back around noon, could you be	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	A Q A Q Wall in t A Q A	Yes. You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, rou gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, k cal bar? At the Point After. The Point After. Probably not a lot of clocks or the here? Probably not. So you have no idea what time you went? No.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Q A Q day eve A Q of Marci drinking A Q gamblin A Q think ma	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning at 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been got at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went tog? Yes, ma'am. And when you got back from gambling? Yes. Okay. And now, as you are sitting here and you say you as you went or came back around noon, could you be an as to the time?	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	A Q A Q A Q Wall in to A Q	You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, rou gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, it cal bar? At the Point After. The Point After. Probably not a lot of clocks or the there? Probably not. So you have no idea what time you went? No. Not really sure about what time you got back?
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4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Q A Q day eve A Q of Marci drinking A Q gamblin A Q think ma	You thought you remembered everything? Yeah, well, I guess. Okay. When you say that you would do crystal meth all ry day, was that the only drug of choice at the time? That's all I did. How about drinking, did you ever drink? No. So when you would go gamble, for example, on the morning at 24th of 2005, when you went gambling, had you been at all? No. No alcohol? I don't drink. Had you used the crystal meth that day before you went ag? Yes, ma'am. And when you got back from gambling? Yes. Okay. And now, as you are sitting here and you say you aske you went or came back around noon, could you be an as to the time? I could be. I don't think so, because when I came back I ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	A Q A Q A Q Wall in t A Q A	You have to answer out loud for our court reporter. I'm sorry. Yes. That's okay. So Poncho uses weed. Does he also use methamphetamine? Yes. At what point was it that you tried to buy weed for him, rou gambled or after you gambled? Before. Before. Do you know what time you went to gamble? No. No. Didn't look at your watch? No. And when you go to gamble, you go to a bar, it cal bar? At the Point After. The Point After. Probably not a lot of clocks or the there? Probably not. So you have no idea what time you went? No. Not really sure about what time you got back?

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1	Q	You saw Chicken, you said, that morning, that morning	1	Q	Liz is one of them, the girl Liz?
2	before y	rou went gamble?	2	Α	Yeah.
3	A	Uh-huh.	3	Q	And did she go downstairs and talk to 911?
4	Q	Is that a yes?	4	A	Yes.
5	Ā	Yes. I'm sorry.	5	Q	And did she have a guy with her?
6	Q	In addition to having to answer out loud, we need a yes	6	Ā	Her kid's dad was with her too.
7	-	cause she has a yes button and a no button, but no uh-huh	7	Q	And kids as well in the apartment?
8	button.	and a second and a no baccon, but no an indi-	8	Ā	Her one kid.
9	A	Yes.	9	Q	Okay. Also, that day, you said you went to jail.
				Y	
10	Q	You saw Chicken, every day you said, because he lived	10		What did you go to jail for?
11	there?		11	A	Trespassing, a warrant for trespassing.
12	A	Yes.	12	Q	Something that had occurred previously?
l3	Q	What about the girl who lived downstairs, Sheila Quarles,	13	A	Way previously, yeah.
14	did you	know her?	14	Q	And did you have something in your possession before you
15	A	I didn't know her, but I had seen her.	15	went to	jail that you got rid of?
6	Q	You had seen her, knew her by face?	16	Α	Oh, yeah. I had a pipe.
7	A	Yeah. I knew she lived downstairs, yes.	17	Q	Where was the pipe?
8	Q	Okay. Did you see her that morning?	18	A	It was in my bra.
19	A	I didn't see her that morning.	19	Q	And what did you do with it?
20	Q	Did you see her that afternoon after you got home?	20	A	I shoved it in the couch.
21	Ā	I seen her when all that stuff had happened.	21	Q	Because you knew the cops were coming up to your
22	Q	Okay. So before being deceased, did you see her alive at	22	apartme	•
23	all that		23	A	I was already handcuffed when I did that.
	_	•	į .		·
24	Α.	Oh, I didn't see her walking around or nothing, no, I did	24	Q	Okay. The person that you saw that you tried to buy the
25	not.		25	weed tre	om, did you actually buy the weed from him?
		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
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1	Q	Did you hear anything coming out of that apartment?	1	A	No.
2	A	No. All I remember is her mom outside. That's it.	2	Q	How come?
3	Q	What did you hear?	3	A	Because he was an asshole.
4	A	I heard her mom screaming.	4	Q	What do you remember about that?
5	Q	Upset, hysterically upset?	5	A	He was a jerk. He was trying to I guess may! e he
6	A	Yes.	6	thought	because I was Mexican.
7	Q	And because you are kind of paranoid and look for cops,	7		THE COURT: Seems like we're getting a little far afie d.
8	if there	had been loud noises downstairs, you might have heard?	8		MR. PIKE: Yes, Your Honor.
9	Α	Yes.	9	BY MS. L	UZAICH:
10	Q	Do you know what time it was that you heard the mom?	10	Q	The time that you looked up and you saw him, was that
11	Ā	I don't. I wasn't home for very long, I don't think.	11	-	ou tried to buy the dope or after?
12	Q	•	12	A	When I seen him?
	_	So you think that it was not long after you got home from	1	_	
13	_	g that you saw the mom?	13	Q	You said you looked downstairs and saw him
4	A	It wasn't very long.	14	Α .	It was way after.
l5 	Q	Her mom?	15	Q	You saw him way after you tried to buy the dop:
16	A	I hadn't been home very long when I heard her mom scream.	16	A	When I looked and I seen him downstairs, it was way
L7	Q	And less than an hour?	17	afterwar	rds.
8	A	About, about less than an hour, an hour or less.	18	Q	Okay. And you said you saw him downstairs. You never
9	Q	Okay. Are you one of the ones who went downstairs and	19	saw him	in that girl's apartment, did you?
20	tried to	help calling 911 and things of that nature?	20	A	No.
1	A	No. I went downstairs to see what the girl that was	21	Q	You never actually saw him walk out of that girl's
22		with us was doing.	22	_	ent, did you?
:3	Q	Okay. So who was living in your apartment?	23	А	No.
	_			_	
1	A	Poncho, me, Jesse and two other people were staying with	24	Q	You never actually saw him even near the door with the
24					
.4 .5	us, like o	off	25	доог оре	en, did you? ACCUSCRIPTS (7 A2)391-(30569

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1	A	I seen him by her doorway.	1	Q	But you said you could not see her actual apartment door?
2	Q	Right, but her door was closed, right?	2	A	No.
3	A	I couldn't even see her door from there. He could have,	3	Q	So you have no idea whether it was open or ck sed?
4	for all I	know, been coming out of the other apartment	4	Α	I have no idea.
5	Q	Because there was another apartment?	5		MR. PATRICK: Court's indulgence.
6	A	There is two right side by side to each other.	6	BY MR. P	PATRICK:
7	Q	Right next door. And he came in the other one?	7	Q	The guy with the plaid shirt, had you ever seer him
8		Is that yes?	8	hanging	out with Chicken?
9	A	Yes, I'm sorry.	9	A	Yeah, I seen him hanging out with all of the guys
0		MS. LUZAICH: Okay. Thank you.	10	downsta	airs.
1		THE COURT: Anything else?	11	Q	On a daily basis?
2		MR. PATRICK: Yes, Judge.	12	A	I didn't say that I seen him every day, but I had seen
3			13	him bef	ore.
4		REDIRECT EXAMINATION	14	Q	Okay. Several times?
5	BY MR. P	ATRICK:	15	A	More than once, yeah.
6	Q	When you got arrested that day and they took you to jail,	16		MR. PATRICK: Okay. Thank you.
7	what's i	he daily ration of meth that the jail gives you?	17		That's all I have, Judge.
8	A	Huh?	18		THE COURT: Anything else?
9	Q	How much meth does the jail give you while you are in	19		MS. LUZAICH: Just briefly.
0	jail?		20		
1	A	None.	21		RECROSS-EXAMINATION
2	Q	Okay. So the two or three days you are in jail, you had	22	BY MS. L	UZAICH:
3	no acce	ss to meth?	23	Q	Were you told that it's possible that Chicken was at
4	Α	No.	24	work?	
5	Q	So the day you got out and you came back and you saw	25	A	Was I told that? It's possible.
ţ		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
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1	Jesse, y	ou had been clean for two to three days?	1	Q	Possible that Chicken was at work?
2	A	Yes.	2	A	That he had punched in a time clock or something like
3	Q	Okay. Now, did you see Chicken after you got home from	3	that.	
4	gamblin	g, by your apartment?	4	Q	What makes you think that it was 12 o'clock?
5	A	I thought I had seen him.	5	Α	I just remember it being 12 o'clock. That's one thing
6	Q	Okay. Do you remember talking to my investigator, Joe	6	a lot of	things were blurry, but I remember that it was 12 o'clock
7	Perez?		7	when I	came home.
8	A	Yes.	8	Q	But what causes you to remember that? I mean, did you
9	Q	Do you remember telling him that you saw Chicken after	9	look at a	a clock?
0	12?		10	A	I never tooked at a clock.
1	A	Yes.	11	Q	Take some medicine?
2	Q	And do you remember telling him that you were certain it	12	A	I must have looked at a clock or might have been waiting,
3	was afte	± 12?	13	but I do	n't remember. It was a long time ago, but out of
4	A	Yes.	14	everythi	ing that happened that day, the 12 o'clock thing is the
5	Q	Why all of a sudden are you hedging that now?	15	only this	ng I'm certain about. 'I know it was 12 o'clock.
6	A	Because when I talked to the other people, she told me	16	Q	Okay. But you think that you heard the mom within an
7	that he	was at work, so maybe I didn't see him. I don't know.	17	hour of	and maybe even less than an hour of your coming home a
8	Q	So you are thinking you didn't see him specifically	18	12 o'clo	ck.
9	because	of something somebody else told you, not because of your	19		Okay. So if the mom was not home within an I our of 12
	memory	7	20	o'clock,	could you be mistaken about that?
0	A	Yes.	21	A	I could be.
		Thank you.	22		THE COURT: Anything else?
1	Q		1		
1 2	Q	Now, also you said that you saw the tall guy with the	23		MR. PATRICK: Yes.
1 2 3	_	Now, also you said that you saw the tall guy with the rt down near the girl's apartment?	23 24		THE COURT: Sorry.
0 1 2 3 4	_			BY MS. L	THE COURT: Sorry.

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1	Q	Did you see Chicken after you heard mom?	1	instead.	_
2	A	No.	2		THE COURT: Okay. Just go on outside. We're going to
3	Q	Not at all?	3	get an in	terpreter. We're going to do another witness while we're
4	A	I was trying to stay in the house after that.	4	waiting f	or the interpreter to come up here and we'll bring you
5		MS. LUZAICH: Nothing further.	5	back in a	nd do it in Spanish.
6		MR. PATRICK: Just one, Judge.	6		Fair enough?
7			7		THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
8		FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION	8		THE COURT: All right.
9	BY MR.	PATRICK:	9		Mr. Patrick, who are you calling?
10	Q	Did you see Chicken between the time you got home and	10		MR. PATRICK: Veronica Sigala.
11	betwee	n the time you heard the mom screaming?	11		Judge, I'm sorry. Mr. Pike is checking; she may need the
12	Α	What do you mean by the time I got home?	12	interpret	er also.
13		I thought I had seen him when I got home.	13		THE COURT: Okay. Come on up here, ma'am.
14	Q	Okay.	14		
15	A	That's what I thought.	15		(Witness swom.)
16		THE COURT: Thanks, You are excused.	16		
17		Call your next witness.	17		THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated.
18		THE WITNESS: I am done?	18		State your full name and spell your first and last name
19		THE COURT: Yeah, you are all done. Just go on home.	19	for the re	ecord.
20	Have a	nice day.	20		THE WITNESS: Veronica Sigala; V-e-r-o-n-i-c-a,
21		,	21	S-i-g-a-i	·a.
22		(Witness excused.)	22		THE COURT: Go ahead.
23		(23		
24		MR. PATRICK: Martha Valdez, Judge.	24		VERONICA SIGALA
25			25		called as a witness on behalf of the State,
		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
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1		(Witness swom.)	1		having been first duly swom,
		(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	, -		noving been mot buy briefly
2		(///////	2		was examined and testified as follows:
2 3		THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first	1		
	and last	•	2		
3	and last	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first	2 3	BY MR. F	was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION
3	and last	THE CLERK: Please state your name and spell your first name for the record.	2 3 4	BY MR. F Q	was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION
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		Page 129 of 187			f age 131 of 1:
1	during t	the time that you have worked there?	1	Q	Besides the breaking into the cars, what did you see him
2	A	No.	2	do?	
3	Q	I want to talk to you a little bit about March 24th,	3	A	Selling stuff, like car stereos.
1	2005.		4		MS. LUZAICH: Objection, foundation as to time and place.
5	A	Okay.	5	BY MR. P	ATRICK:
5	Q	Do you remember that day?	6	Q	Around this time, March of 2005, did you ever see him
7	A	March 2004?	7	threater	anybody?
В	Q	Would it help recollect refresh your memory if I told	8	A	No.
9	you that	t was the day that the girl died in the apartment complex?	9		MS. LUZAICH: Objection, leading.
0	Α	Okay. Yes, uh-huh.	10		THE COURT: What's the relevance of that?
1	Q	Okay.	11		MR. PATRICK: Propensity towards violence, Judge
2.	A	Uh-huh.	12		THE COURT: No. Sustained.
3	Q	Do you remember that day when the girl died?	13	BY MR. P	ATRICK:
4	Ā	Yes.	14	Q	Do you know what apartment he was staying in?
5	Q	Was there anything else unusual that happened earlier	15	A	Like I said, he used to break into the vacant apartments
6	-	y in the early morning hours?	16	and just	stay there.
7	A	No.	17	0	And this was around March of 2004?
.8	0	Were you ever notified of a burglary attempt that	18	Ā	Yes.
9	•	ed that day?	19		MS. LUZAICH: Four?
20	pp-co.	MS. LUZAICH: Objection; hearsay.	20		MR. PATRICK: 2005. I'm sorry.
21		THE COURT: Why would it be hearsay?	21		Court's Indulgence.
22		Sustained.	22	BY MR. P	•
23		THE WITNESS: No.	23		This would all be around the time that the lad / died in
24	DV MD I		24	_	tments?
-		PATRICK:	25	ине аран А	Yes.
25	Q	I'm going to show you a picture and I want to ask you if	23	^	`ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	├		Fage 132 of 1
_		Page 130 of 187	١.		·
1	you rec	ognize this gentleman.	1		MR. PATRICK: That's all I have, Judge.
2	_	Do you recognize him?	2		THE COURT: Cross.
3	A	Yes.	3		CDOCC DVAMINATION
4	Q	How do you recognize him?	4	·	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	A	He used to break into the apartments and break into	5	BY MS. L	
6	people':	s cars and	6	Q	Did you call the police and tell the police?
7		MS. LUZAICH: Well, objection; foundation.	7	A	Yes.
8		THE COURT: How did you know that? Did you see it	8	Q	All the time?
9	happen?		9	A	Not all the time, because of my days off; or sc metimes I
10		THE WITNESS: Yeah, I used to walk the property.	10	would to	alk to him and just tell him to leave the property and he
11		THE COURT: You saw him do it?	11	would le	eave the property.
L 2		THE WITNESS: Yeah.	12	Q	How often did you call the police?
		THE COURT: Okay.	13	A	I'd say about three or four times.
13					You said that there were times that you talke I to him
		MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation as to time.	14	Q	Tou said that diese there allies that you amine to the
14		MS. LUZAICH: Well, foundation as to time. THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about	14 15	Q yourself	
14 15	that sam	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, Is this at or about		_	
L4 L5 L6	that sam	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, Is this at or about	15	yourself	7
14 15 16	that sam	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about ne time?	15 16	yourself A	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leave and he
14 15 16 17	that sam	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, Is this at or about ne time? THE WITNESS: Yes.	15 16 17	yourself A Q	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leave and he
14 15 16 17 18		THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about ne time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled.	15 16 17 18	yourself A Q would g	? Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leav 3 and he o?
14 15 16 17 18 19		THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, Is this at or about ne time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. Go ahead.	15 16 17 18 19	yourself A Q would g	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leav 3 and he o? Yes, he would leave.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	BY MR. F	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, Is this at or about the time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. Go ahead. PATRICK:	15 16 17 18 19 20	yourself A Q would g A Q	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leav and he o? Yes, he would leave. I mean, would he come back at some point?
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	BY MR. F Q A	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about the time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. Go ahead. PATRICK: Okay. And did he live in your apartment complex? No.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	yourself A Q would g A Q	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leave and he o? Yes, he would leave. I mean, would he come back at some point? Yeah.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	BY MR. F Q A Q	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about the time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. Go ahead. PATRICK: Okay. And did he live in your apartment complex? No. Okay. Do you know if he stayed with people in your	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	yourself A Q would g A Q A	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leav 3 and he o? Yes, he would leave. I mean, would he come back at some point? Yeah. But he would leave when you told him to leav 3? Yeah; uh-huh.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	BY MR. F Q A Q	THE COURT: In relation to March 4th, is this at or about the time? THE WITNESS: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. Overruled. Go ahead. PATRICK: Okay. And did he live in your apartment complex? No.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	yourself A Q would g A Q A	Yes. So you would contact him and tell him to leav 3 and he o? Yes, he would leave. I mean, would he come back at some point? Yeah. But he would leave when you told him to leav 3? Yeah; uh-huh. You did not see him in the apartment where the young gin

			1	L 425 - 6 + 0.7
١.		Page 133 of 187	١.	f age 135 of 187
1	Α	No.	1	MS, LUZAICH: Objection, relevance.
2	Q	How many times do you think that you confronted him	2	THE COURT: What's the relevance? MR. PATRICK: It shows her state of mind on what this guy
3		and told him to leave?	4	
4	Α	About seven, eight times.	5	did to her and her apartment complex. MS, LUZAICH: That's not relevant.
5	Q	How many times do you think you called the police?	l -	THE COURT: Overruled.
6	A	I'd say about three or four.	7	
7	Q	Did they ever arrest him?	1	Sustained. That isn't relevant.
8	Α	He got arrested, but then he got out. He would get out	8	MR. PATRICK: What did you call him?
9	of jail.		9	MS. LUZAICH: Objection; relevance.
10	Q	How many times did he get arrested, each time you called	10	THE COURT: Sustained.
11	them?		11	Her opinion of him is irrelevant.
12	Α	Yeah, but they never found anything on him and they would	12	MR, PATRICK: That's all I have, Judge.
13	just let		13	THE COURT: Okay. Thanks. You are excused.
14	Q	The times that you called the police on him and they	14	(1)
15		f him or let him go, whatever, did they ever find property	15	(Witness excused.)
16	on him?		16	
17		MR. PATRICK: Objection; speculation.	17	THE COURT: Do we have our interpreter here?
18		MS. LUZAICH: Did you ever see them find property on him?	18	Mr. Pike, do you have anybody else or is this other one
19		MR. PATRICK: Withdraw the objection.	19	your last witness?
20		THE WITNESS: No.	20	MR. PIKE: We have two witnesses. We need interpreters
21	_	UZAICH:	21	on both of them.
22	Q	Essentially what you saw him do is stay in vacant	22	The interpreter hasn't arrived.
23	apartme	ents when he shouldn't have?	23	THE COURT: Do you need the interpreter for both of these
24	A	Yes; uh-huh.	24	witnesses?
25		MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.	25	MR. PIKE: Yes.
-		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	 	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
		Page 134 of 187		
		rage 134 of 167		Fage 136 of 187
1		THE COURT: Okay. Thanks. Appreciate your testimony.	1	THE COURT: We just have the one left and you need the
2		-	2	THE COURT: We just have the one left and you need the interpreter. Okay. We'll be at ease. It should be just a
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	Page 137 of 187	1		Fage 139 of 187 called as a witness on behalf of the State,
1	THE COURT: Do you have any objection reading the	2		having been first duly sworn,
2	instructions tonight?	3		was examined and testified as follows:
3	MR. PIKE: Absolutely. I think that would be a good use	4		Has examined and testined as follows.
4	of the Court's time.	5		
5	THE COURT: Here's what we got: There is one other	6		DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	than this lady who isn't going to be too long, there is one more	7	BY MR. PA	 " '
7	witness the defense has. That witness is in prison and the prison	8	Q Q	Good afternoon, Miss Valdez.
8	has to bring him up, from whichever prison he's housed.	9	A	Good afternoon.
9	MR. PIKE: Indian Springs.	10	Q	Where were you living the end of March of 200%?
10	THE COURT: They have made arrangements to bring him	11	A	I was living around Pecos and Washington.
11	first thing tomorrow morning. So, normally, we would put on that	12	Ô	Do you remember the name of the apartments?
12	witness, it would be about 4:30; I would read you these	13	A	I believe it was Palm Village, something like that.
13	instructions for about 20 minutes; you go home. We come back and	14	^	THE COURT: Miss Valdez, don't listen to him. You just
14	just argue the case in the morning.	15	lictor to h	her. She's going to listen to him. You listen to her.
15	But to coordinate with the prison, just so we don't waste	16	iisteri to i	Go ahead, Mr. Patrick.
16	any time, we're going to take this witness they won't quite	17		MR. PATRICK: Thank you.
17	have rested. Everybody is going to agree I can give you the	18	BY MR. P	•
18	instructions so we will get a decent day's work in. Tomorrow, we	19	Q Q	Right after you moved into those apartments, did
19	will take that witness. It will be literally no more than ten	20	_	•
20	minutes. And then we will hear argument from the State, the	21	Sometra	ng unusual happen that night? Yes.
21	defense and the State.		_	
22	We'll start at 9:30. I'm guessing we're going to be done	22	Q A	And could you explain what that was.
23	by 12 or a little after, but the way we're going to do it is we're	23		I think it was either on the first or second day that I
24	just going to start and go right through. So get a good breakfast	24	_	ed there, somebody came into my apartment.
25	and be ready to go.	125	Q	Do you remember approximately what time of clay that was? ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
	ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379	+		Fage 140 of 187
1	Page 138 of 187 One little benefit is that you will then be deliberating	1	А	It was after midnight.
2	at the lunch hour and so the county buys you lunch. So what we're	2	0	Okay. What happened when this person entered your
3	going to do is we will have you come in about 9:15 and you can	3	apartme	
4	place your lunch orders with Officer Moon. And when you get to	4	Α	He stopped in my doorway off my bedroom. And he saw me
5	deliberation, whether that be 12 or 12:45, your lunch will be	5		d him to get out or otherwise I would call the police.
6	there waiting for you and you can go ahead and do your work.	6	0	Okay. What door did he come in to get into your
7	So that's kind of the schedule and that's kind of why	7	apartme	•
8	it's a little out of whack, but we deal with doctors,	8	A	Through the balcony door.
9	professionals or people out of prison, who just can't walk up	9	Q	And would that have been a sliding glass door?
10	whenever it's convenient for the lawyers to come up and we have to	10	Ā	Yes.
11	kind of work around it a little bit.	11	Q	And how was the lighting around your balcony?
12	Let's see we'll get decent use of our time today and	12	Ā	The balcony light was on and a lot of light came into my
13	tomorrow.	13	bedroom	
14	MR. PIKE: Thank you.	14	Q	Okay. So did you get a good look at this persor?
15	THE COURT: Okay.	15	Ā	Yes.
16	THE CLERK: Please be seated.	16	Q	After you told him that you were going to call the
17	THE COURT: Ma'am, when you answer, you answer to her in	17	_	rhat did he do?
18	Spanish. Don't answer in English because if you answer in	18	Α	He turned around and he took off running.
19	English, she's going to answer in Spanish. See?	19	Q	Did you ever see him again in the apartment complex?
20	THE CLERK: Please state your name for the record.	20	A	No.
21	THE INTERPRETER: Martha Valdez.	21	Q	In the day or two that you had moved in prior to that,
22	THE COURT: She spelled it earlier.	22	_	seen him in the apartment complex?
23	Go ahead, counsel.	23	Α	No, not that either.
24	,	24	Q	Okay. Did you report that to the management of the
25	MARTHA VALDEZ	25	apartme	
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-		1		

Γ		David 144 -6 107	T		Lago 1/3 of 197
	٨	Page 141 of 187	1	0	Fage 143 of 187 And when you told him to leave, he left?
1 1	Α	Yes. The next day when they opened the office.	2	Q A	•
2	Q	Okay. Did you report it to the police?	3	~	Yes.
3	Α .	No.	4		MS, LUZAICH: Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. Redirect.
4	Q	Do you know if the apartment complex notified the police?	5		THE COOK!. Okay, Redirect.
5	Α	No, I don't know.	-		DEDVIDECT EVAMINATION
6	Q	Okay. If I was to show you a picture of the man that	6	DV MD E	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
7		nto your apartment that night would you recognize him?	7	BY MR. F	How long was he in your apartment before you made verbal
8	A	Yes.	8	Q	with him?
9		MR. PATRICK: I'm going to approach may I approach,	9	_	
10	Judge?		10	A	I think less than two minutes.
11	DV MD 5	THE COURT: Sure.	11		MR. PATRICK: That's all I have, Judge.
12	_	PATRICK:	12		THE COURT: Thanks, Miss Valdez. Okay. You are all
13	Q	I'm going to show you what's been marked as Defense	13	done. A	opreciate your testimony.
14	Exhibit		14		Thanks, Miss Interpreter.
15		Do you recognize this as the man that broke into your	15		(MChanne automata)
16	· ·	nt that night?	16		(Witness excused.)
17	A	Yes.	17		THE COURT AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE COURT OF
18	Q	And can you tell me what his name is?	18		THE COURT: I think less than two minutes.
19	A	I didn't know his name.	19		MR. PATRICK: That's all I have, Judge.
20	Q	Okay. I mean, can you read what his name is for me now?	20		THE COURT: Thanks miss Valdez. Okay. You are all done.
21		MS. LUZAICH: Well, objection. She doesn't know that	21	/PRERTY	our testimony.
22	that's his	s actual name.	22		Thanks miss Interpreter interpret /SPWERT you are well
23		MR. PATRICK: All right. Withdrawn.	23	kill.	
24	_	PATRICK:	24		
25	Q	And this is the man that you saw break into your	25		4 00 10 00 10 TO (700) 204 0270
}		ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379			ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379
Ι,		Page 142 of 187			f age 144 of 187 RimTHE COURT: You have one more witness that you are
1 2	apartina A	ent that night? (Indicating) Yes.	1 2	going to	•
3	_	Now, did anything else unusual happen in your apartment	3	going to	call tomorrow. MR. PIKE: That's correct, Your Honor.
1	Q	k later that day?	,		THE COURT: Both sides agree that we can go ahead and
5	A	Yes. When I got up, I went to work. When I got back, I	5	read the	n the instructions so we don't waste time?
6		It the police were all around and I asked my boyfriend, who	6	1680 0161	MR. PIKE: Yes.
7		ng with me, what was going on.	7		MS. LUZAICH: Yes.
8	W43 IIVI		8		THE COURT: Okay. Here is the way this works: It's my
9		MS. LUZAICH: Objection if it's going to be he told me. THE COURT: Sustained.	9	ioh to inc	struct you on the law that would apply to any conceivable
10	BY MD F	PATRICK:	10	•	n conceive that you could put on the facts.
11	Q	Did it ever come to your knowledge why the police were at	11	Spirit Co.	You decide the facts, I give you the law, and then you
12	•	artment complex?	12	nut the t	wo together make a decision.
13	your ap	They were investigating the death of the girl.	13	put uie (Understand this: I'm just the messenger. I don't n ake
14	^		14	the law	I just go to these books and pull out each law that
15		MR. PATRICK: Thank you. That's all I have, Judge. THE COURT: Overtions?	15		
16		THE COURT: Questions? MS_LUZAICH: Thank you	ļ	mynt dþ	ply to this situation and then give it to you. What the law save is I have to read you each of the
		MS. LUZAICH: Thank you.	16	المستقدر والمستقوم	What the law says is I have to read you each of the
17		CDOCC EVAMINATION	17	swittes.	that could be applicable. What I have found after years and years of doing this is
18	DV MC +	CROSS-EXAMINATION	18	چارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچارچ	What I have found after years and years of doing this is
19	_	UZAICH:	19		easiest way to do it is if I give you each a copy. When
20	Q	Miss Valdez, when he broke in or came into your	20		you don't have to try to take notes. It makes a lot
21	_	ent, how come you didn't call the police?	21	more ser	se as we go along.
22	A	I didn't think it was necessary because he didn't take	22	Tanks of	Tomorrow, when the lawyers argue they may say:ook at
23		g and he just took off quickly.	23		on 10 or 29 or some number, you will have it right in
24	Q	Okay. So he didn't take anything from your apartment?	24	front of y	
25	A	No.	25		Most importantly, when you go back to deliberate in stead
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of just having this one set that's mine, you will each have your own set that speeds things up.

I know you can all read. My preference would be to say raise your hand when you are done, but they don't allowed to do that, so bear with me. There are 21.

It is now my duty as judge to instruct you in the law that applies to the case

It is your duty as jurors to follow these instructions and to apply the law to the facts as you find from the evidence.

You must not be concerned with the wisdom of any rule of law stated in these instructions.

Regardless of any opinion you may have as to what the law ought to be, it would be a violation of your oath to base a verdict upon any other view of the law than that given in the Instructions of the Court.

If, in these instructions, any rule, direction, or idea is repeated or stated in different ways, no emphasis thereon is intended by me and none may be inferred by you.

For that reason you are not single out any certain sentence or any individual point or instruction and ignore the others, but you are to consider all the instructions as a whole and regard each in the light of all the others.

The order in which the instructions are given has no significance as to their relatives important.

Instruction three: An Indictment is but a formal method ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379

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of accusing a person of a crime, and is not of itself any evidence of his guilt.

In this case, it is charged in an Amended Indictment that on or about the 24th day of March, 2005, the defendant committed the offenses of: Burglary, murder, sexual assault, and robbery within the County of CLark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada

Count I, burglary:

Did then and there willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with the intent to commit assault or battery and/or a felony, to-wit: Murder and/or robbery and/or sexual assault, that certain building occupied by Sheila Quarles, located at 1001 North Pecos, number H-63, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada.

Count II, murder:

Count III, sexual assault.

Did then and there willfully, unlawfully without authority of law and with malice aforethought, kill Sheila Quarles, a human being, by manual strangulation and/or drowning, with his hands and/or an unknown object, said killing having been, one, wilful, deliberate and premeditated; and/or, two, committed during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of sexual assault as set forth in Count III and/or burglary as set forth in Count I and/or robbery as set forth in Count IV, said acts being incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth.

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Did then a there willfully, unlawfully and feloniously sexually assault and subject Sheila Quarles, a female person, to sexual penetration, to-wit: Sexual intercourse, by the said defendant placing his penis and/or an unknown object into the genital opening of the said Sheila Quarles against her will.

Count IV, robbery:

Did then and there willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously take personal property, to-wit: A stereo and speakers, cell phone, and/or other personal property from the person of Sheila Quarles, or in her presence, by means of force or violence or fear of injury to and without the consent and against the will of said Sheila Quarles.

It's the duty of the jury to apply the rules of law contained in these instructions to the facts of the case ϵ nd determined whether or not the defendant is guilty of the offense charged.

Each charge and the evidence pertaining to it should beconsidered separately.

The fact that you find a defendant guilty to not guilty as to one of the offenses charged should not control your verdict as to any other offense charged.

Four: Every person who, by day or night, enters any residence or structure with the intent to commit a larceny and/or an assault and/or a battery and/or a felony, such as sexual assault and/or robbery, therein is guilty of burglary.

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Five: Consent to enter is not a defense to the crime of burglary so long as it is proven beyond a reasonable doubt that this entry was made with the specific intent to commit a larceny and/or an assault and/or a battery and/or a felony therein.

Six: Every person who, in the commission of a burglary, commits any other crime, may be prosecuted for each crime separately.

Seven: In this case the defendant is accused in an Indictment alleging an open charge of murder. This charge may include murder of the first degree and murder of the second diagnose.

The jury must decide if the defendant is guilty of any offense and, if so, of which offense.

Eight: Murder is the unlawful taking of a human beingwith malice aforethought, either express or implied.

The unlawful killing may be effectuated -- effected by any of the various means by which death may be occasioned.

Nine: Malice aforethought means the intentional doing of a wrongful act without legal cause or excuse or what the law considers adequate provocation.

The condition of mind described as malice afor athought may arise from anger, hatred, revenge, or from a particular ill will, spite or grudge toward the person killed.

It may also arise from any unjustifiable or unia wful motive or purpose to injure another, proceeding from a heart

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fatally bent on mischief or with reckless disregard ofconsequences and social duty

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Malice aforethought does not imply deliberation or the lapse of any considerable time between the malicious intention to injure another, and the actual execution of the intent, but denotes an unlawful purpose and design as opposed to accident and mischance

Ten: Express malice is that deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a human being, which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof.

Malice may be implied when no considerable provocation appears, or when all the circumstances of the killing show an abandoned and malignant heart.

Eleven: Murder of the first degree is murder which is,
A, committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a
burglary, sexual assault, or robbery; or, B, perpetrated by any
kind of willful, deliberate and premeditated killing.

Twelve: Murder of the first degree is murder which is perpetrated by means in any kind of willfull, deliberate and premeditated killing. All three elements -- wilfulness, deliberation, and premeditation -- must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt before an accused can be convicted of first degree murder.

 $\label{eq:Willfulness} \mbox{ Willfulness is the intent to kill. There need be no appreciable space in of time between the formation of the intent}$

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to kill and the act of killing.

Deliberation is the process of determining upon a course of action to kill as a result of thought, including weighing the reasons for and against the action and considers the consequences of the actions.

A deliberate determination may be arrived at in a short period of time. But in all cases the determination must not be formed in passion; or formed in passion, it must be carried out after there has been time for the passion to subside and deliberation to occur.

A mere unconsidered and rash impulse is not deliberate, even though it includes the intent to kill

Premedication is a design and a determination to kill distinctly formed in the mind by the time of the killing

Premedication need not be for a day, an hour, or even a minute. It may be as instantaneous as suggestive thoughts of the mind. For if the jury believes from the evidence that the act constituting the killing has been preceded by and has been the result of premeditation, no matter how rapidly the act follows the premeditation, it is premeditated.

Thirteen: The law does not undertake to measure in units of time the length of the period during which the thought must be pondered before it can ripen into an intent to kill, which is truly deliberate and premeditated.

The time will vary with different individuals and under ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 varying circumstances.

The true test is not duration of time, but rather theextent of the reflection.

A cold, calculated judgment and decision may be arrived at in short period of time, but a mere unconsidered and rash impulse, even though it includes an intent to kill, is not deliberation and premeditation as will fix the unlawful killing as murder in the first degree.

Fourteen: There are kinds of murder which carries with them conclusive evidence of malice aforethought. One of these classes of murder is murder committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a burglary, sexual assault or robbery.

Therefore, a killing which is committed in the perpetration of a burglary, sexual assault, or robbery is deemed to be murder of the first degree, whether the killing was intentional or unintentional or accidental. This is called a felony murder rule.

The intent to perpetrate or attempt to perpetrate the burglary, sexual assault, or robbery must be proven be/ond a reasonable doubt.

For the purposes of the felony murder rule, the intent to commit the robbery must have arisen before or during the conduct resulting in death. However, in determining whether the defendant had a requisite intent to commit robbery before or during the

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killing, you may infer that intent from the defendant's ϵ ctions

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1 during and immediately after the kill.

There is no felony murder rule where robbery occurs as anafterthought of the killing.

Fifteen: Although your verdict must be unanimous as to
the charge, you will not have to agree on the theory of guilt.

Therefore, even if you cannot agree on whether the facts establish premeditated murder or felony murder, so long as all you of you agree that the evidence establishes the defendant's guilt of murder in the first degree, your verdict shall be murder of the first degree.

Sixteen: All murder which is not murder of the first degree is murder of the second degree.

Murder of the second degree is murder with malice

aforethought, but with the admixture of premeditation and

deliberation.

Seventeen: If you find the State has established that the defendant has committed a murder of the first degree, you should select murder of the first degree as your verdict

The crime of murder of the first degree includes thecrime of murder of the second degree.

You may find the defendant guilty of the lesser included offense of murder of the second degree if:

One, after first fully and carefully considering the charge of murder of the first degree you either, A, find the defendant not guilty of that charge; or, B, are unable to agree

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1 whether to acquit or convict on that charge;

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And, two, all 12 of you are convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant is quilty of murder of the second degree.

If you are convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the crime of murder has been committed by the defendant, but you have a reasonable doubt whether such murder was of the first or second degree, you must give the defendant the benefit of the doubt and return a verdict of murder of the second degree.

Eighteen: A person who subjects another person to sexual penetration against the victim's will or under conditions which the perpetrator knows or should know that the victim is mentally or physically incapable of resisting or understanding the nature of this conduct is guilty of sexual assault.

As used in these instructions, sexual penetration means any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the person's body or any object manipulated or inserted by a person into the genital or anal openings of the body of another, including sexual intercourse.

Sexual Intercourse is the placing of the penis of the perpetrator into the vagina of the victim.

Nineteen: If a female yields to the sexual act of a male aggressor because she reasonably believes that resistance would result in her death or serious bodily injury, her conduct does not constitute consent.

> Twenty: Physical force is not a necessary ingredient in ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379

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the commission of a sexual assault. And the crucial question is not whether the victim was physically forced to engage in a sexual assault, but whether the act was committed without her consent.

This is there is no consent where the victim is induced to submit to the sexual act through fear of death or serious bodily injury.

Twenty-one: Robbery is the unlawful taking of personal property from the person of another, or in his presence, against his will, by means of force or violence or fear of injury, immediate or future, to his person or property, or the person or property of a member of his family, or of anyone in his company at the time of the robbery.

Such force or fear must be used to obtain on retain possession of the property, to prevent or overcome resistance to the taking, or to facilitate escape, in either of which cases the degree of force is immaterial if used to compel acquiescence to the taking of or escaping with the property.

Twenty-two: To constitute the crime charged there must exist a union or joint operation of an act forbidden by law and an intent to do the act.

The intent with which an act is done is shown by the facts and circumstances surrounding the case

23 Do not confuse intent with motive. Motive is what 24 prompts the person to act. Intent refers to only the state of 25 mind with which the act is done.

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Motive is not an element of the crime charged and the 1 2 State is not required to prove a motive on the part of the 3 defendant in order to convict

However, you may consider evidence of motive or lack of 4 motive as circumstance in the case.

Twenty-three: The defendant is presumed innocent until the contrary is proved. This presumption placed upon the State the burden of proofing beyond a reasonable doubt every material element of the crime charged and that the defendant is the person who committed the offense.

A reasonable doubt is one based on reason. It is not mere possible doubt, but is such a doubt as would gove n or control a person in the more weighty affairs of life.

If the minds of the jurors, after the entire com arison and consideration of all of the evidence, are in such a condition that they can say they feel an abiding conviction of the Fruth of the charge, there is not a reasonable doubt.

Doubt to be reasonable must be actual, not mere possibility or speculation.

If you have a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the 20 21 defendant, he is entitled to a verdict of not guilty.

22 Twenty-four: There is a constitutional right of the 23 defendant in a criminal trial that he may not be compelled to testify. Thus, the decision as to whether he should testify is 24 left to the defendant on the advice and counsel of his attorney. 25

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You must not draw any inference of quilt from the fact 1 that he does not testify, nor should this fact be discussed by you 2 3 or entered into your deliberations in any way.

4 Twenty-five: The evidence which you are to consider in this case consists of the testimony of the witnesses, the 5 exhibits, and any facts admitted or agreed to by counse. 6

7 There are two types of evidence: Direct and 8 circumstantial.

Direct evidence is the testimony of a person who claims to have personal knowledge of the commission of the crime which has been charged, such as an eye witness.

Circumstantial evidence is the proof of a chain of facts and circumstances which tend to show whether the defendant is quilty or not quilty.

The law makes no distinction to the weight to be given by either direct or circumstantial evidence. Therefore, all of the evidence in this case, including the circumstantial evidence, should be considered by you in arriving at your verdict.

Statements, arguments and opinions of counsel are not 19 20 evidence in the case. However, if the attorneys stipulate to the existence of a fact you must accept that stipulation as e /idence 21 and regard that fact as proved. 22

You must not speculate to be true any insinuations suggested by a question asked a witness. A question is not evidence and may be considered only as it supplies meaning to the

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answer.You must disregard any evidence to which an objection was

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sustained by Court or any evidence ordered stricken by the Court.

Anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence and must also be disregarded.

Twenty-six: Evidence that the defendant committed offenses other than that for which he is on trial, if proven to be clear and convincing, is not admitted and may not be considered by you to prove that the defendant is a person of bad character or to prove that he has a disposition to commit crimes.

Such evidence is admitted and may be considered by you only for the limited purpose of proving the defendant's identity, intent, lack of consent on the part of the victim, a common scheme, plan, or motive, or the absence of mistake or accident, as it relates to the charges before you.

If you find the evidence to be clear and convincing you must weigh this evidence in the same manner as you do all other evidence in the case.

Twenty-seven: A witness who has special acknowledge, skill, experience, training, or education in a particular science, profession or occupation is an expert witness.

An expert witness may give his opinion as to any manner in which he is skilled.

You should consider such expert opinion and weigh the reasons, if any, given for it.

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You are not bound, however, by such opinion. Give it the weight to which you deem it entitled, whether that be great or slight; and you may reject it if, in your judgment, the reasons given for it are unsound.

Twenty-eight: The credibility or believability of a witness should be determined by his manner upon the stand, his relationship to the parties, his fears, motives, interests or feelings, his opportunity to have observed the matter to which he testified, and the reasonableness of his statements and the strength or weakness of his recollections.

If you believe the witness has lied about any material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his testimony which is not proved by other evidence.

Twenty-nine: Although you are to consider only the evidence in the case in reaching a verdict, you must bring into the consideration of the evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women.

Thus, you are not limited solely to what you see and hear as the witnesses testify. You may draw reasonable inferences from the evidence which you feel are justified in light of common experience, keeping in mind that such inferences should not be based on speculation or guess.

A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice, or public opinion.

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Your decision should be the product of sincere judgment
 and sound discretion in accordance with these rules of lav.

Thirty: You are here to determine whether the State has proven the guilt of the defendant beyond a reasonable doubt from the evidence in the case.

You are not called upon to return a verdict as $t\sigma$ the guilt of any other person.

So, if you believe the State has proven the guilt of the defendant beyond a reasonable doubt, you should so find, even though you may believe one or more persons are also guilty.

Thirty-one, in your deliberation you may not discuss or consider the subject of punishment.

At this time your duty is confined to the determination of the quilt or innocence of the defendant.

Thirty-two: When you retire to consider your vardict you must select one of your number to act as foreperson, who will preside over your deliberations and will be a spokesperson here court.

During your deliberation you will have the exhit its which were admitted into evidence, these written instructions, and forms of verdict which have been prepared for your convenience.

22 Your verdicts must be unanimous.

As soon as you have agreed upon a verdict, have it signed and dated by your foreperson and return with it to this room.

Thirty-three: The verdict must represent the considered

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1 judgment of each juror.

In order to return the verdict your verdict must beunanimous.

4 It is your duty, as jurors, to consult with one ar other
5 and to deliberate with a view to reaching an agreement, f can you
6 do so without violence to individual judgment.

Each of you must decide the case for yourself, but do so
only after an impartial consideration of the evidence with your
fellow jurors.

In the course of your deliberation, do not hesitate to reexamine your own views and change your opinion if convinced it is erroneous. But do not surrender your honest conviction as to the weight or effect of evidence solely because of the opinion of your fellow jurors, or for the mere purpose of returning your verdict.

Thirty-four: If, during your deliberation, you decide to

be further informed on any point of law or hear again portions of
the testimony, you must reduce your request to writing εigned by
the foreperson.

The officer will then return you to Court where the information sought will be given to you in the presence o³, and after notice to, the District Attorney and the defendant and his counsel.

24 Read backs of testimony are time consuming and are not 25 encouraged unless you deem it a necessity.

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Fage 163 of 187 Page 161 of 187 Mr. Flowers, I take it that when Mr. Pike says he has one 1 Should you require a read back you must carefully 1 more witness, that you have made a joint decision that you are not 2 describe the testimony to be played back so that the court 2 going to testify in the case. Is that right? 3 3 reporter can arrange her notes. THE DEFENDANT: Yes. 4 Remember, the Court is not at liberty to supplement the 4 THE COURT: And that's your decision based or the advice evidence. 5 of your counsel, but ultimately it's your decision and you are ĸ Thirty-five: Now you will listen to the arguments of 6 counsel, who will endeavor to aid you to reach a proper verdict, comfortable with that. Correct? 7 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes. R by refreshing in your minds the evidence and by showing the THE COURT: All right. And it's been my observation that 9 application thereof to the law. 9 10 But whatever counsel may say, you will bear in mind it is 10 your lawyers have been extremely well prepared, extremely well versed on the legal rules of 250, and really did a fine job 11 11 your duty to be governed in your deliberation by the evidence as 12 I don't know how the outcome is going to be, but do you you understand it and remember it to be and by the law as given to 12 agree with me that your lawyers have done a good job and presented 13 you in these instructions, with sole, fixed and steadfast purpose 13 of doing equal and exact justice between the defendant and the all the witnesses that you felt you had? 14 THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. State of Nevada. 15 15 16 Okay. Take your instructions, put them with your clip 16 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thanks. 17 board, and your badge, because they will be on your chair 17 tomorrow. You don't take them home with you. 18 (Sotto voce at this time.) 19 We'll be here about 9:15 time and Officer Moon and 19 THE COURT: One thing about admitting something that is 20 Charmain, our staff assistant, will be out there. They will take 20 actually irrelevant is it doesn't hurt anything. It's not your lunch orders. We will come in. We will hear this one very 21 21 short witness. We'll hear the arguments for the State, then the 22 relevant, you know. Okay. Have a good night. 22 23 defense, then the State. 23 MR. PIKE: Thank you. 24 MS. LUZAICH: Good night, Judge. 24 If it's running a little long, people are getting tired, 25 we may take a five minute restroom break in the middle, but as a 25 ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 Fage 164 of 187 Page 162 of 187 (Proceedings concluded.) 1 1 general proposition, it's considered good practice not to split 2 2 arguments. 3 3 In other words, don't hear one tonight and then two 5 tomorrow. You hear them in the right and consecutive order. 6 5 So other than a five minute potty break, we'll go ATTEST: Full, true and accurate transcript of proceedings. 7 6 straight through. 8 7 We'll eat lunch somewhere between twelve and one. 9 8 Wear comfortable clothes, have a good breakfast, and 10 RENEE SILVÁGGIO, C.C.R.412 9 we'll get you the case by -- before one o'clock tomorrow. Official Court Reporter 11 10 Do not talk about the case with anyone or anyone else. 11 Please do not read, watch or listen to a report or any commentary 12 12 on the trial. 13 13 I noticed someone here earlier from the paper, so there 14 will be another article tonight in the Nevada section. 14 15 Please do not form or express any opinion on the case 16 until it's submitted to you. 15 Have a nice night. We'll see you in Court at 9:30, or 17 16 9:15 out in the hall with the officer. 18 17 19 Just leave your stuff the on chair. It will been there 18 20 when you get here in the morning. 19 21 20 21 22 (The following proceedings were had in open 22 23 court outside the presence of the jury panel:) 23 24 24 THE COURT: The jury has exited. They're not here. 25 ACCUSCRIPTS (702) 391-0379 ACCUSCRIPTS (A71070) 39(1) (0) (7) (5) (6)

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