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### In the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada

INDICATE FULL CAPTION: )	
CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP,	Supreme Court No. 57327
Appellant,	District Court Case No. D-389203
vs.	DOCKETING STATEMENT
MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, )	CIVIL APPEALS FILED
Respondent. )	JAN 1 1 2011
	TRACIE K. LINDEMAN

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

All appellants not in proper person must complete this docketing statement. NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, classifying cases for en banc, panel, or expedited treatment, compiling statistical information and identifying parties and their counsel.

#### WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. Failure to attach documents as requested in this statement, completely fill out the statement, or to fail to file it in a timely manner, will constitute grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligation under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. *See* KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicial District: Eighth Judge:Frank Sullivan

Department: M

County: Clark

Telephone: (702) 258-8007

District Ct. Docket No. D-389203

2. Attorney filing this docket statement:

Attorney:

Patricia L. Vaccarino, Esq.

Firm:

Vaccarino Law Office

Address:

8861 W. Sahara Ave., Suite 210

Las Vegas, Nevada 89117

Client(s): Christina Calderon Stipp

If this is a joint statement completed on behalf of multiple appellants, add the names and addresses of other counsel and the names of their clients on an additional sheet accompanied by a certification that they concur in the filing of this statement.

3.	Attorney(s) representing respondent(s):	
	Attorney: Radford J. Smith  Firm: RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED  Address: 64 N. Pecos Rd., #700  Henderson, Nevada 89074	Telephone: (702)990-6448
	Client(s): Mitchell David Stipp	
	Attorney	Telephone
	Firm	2006
	Address	
	Client(s)	
	(List additional counsel on sep	arate sheet if necessary)
4.	Nature of disposition below (check all that apply)	) <b>:</b>
	[ ] Judgment after bench trial	[ ] Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief
	Judgment after jury verdict	[ ] Grant/Denial of injunction
	Summary judgment	Grant/Denial of declaratory relief
	[ ] Default judgment	[ ] Review of agency determination
	[ ] Dismissal	[ ] Divorce decree:
	[] Lack of jurisdiction	[ ] Original [ ] Modification
	[] Failure to state a claim	[√] Other disposition (specify): Order and
	[] Failure to prosecute [] Other (specify)	Judgment after post-divorce motion hearing
5.	Does this appeal raise issues concerning any of th	ne following: N/A
	[√] Child custody [ ] Termination of pare	ental rights
	[] Venue [] Grant/denial of inju	
	[ ] Adoption [ ] Juvenile matters	
or	<b>Pending and prior proceedings in this court.</b> List iginal proceedings presently or previously pending be 389203.	the case name and docket number of all appeals or fore this court which are related to this appeal:
ar	Pending and prior proceedings in other courts. Led prior proceedings in other courts which are related furcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition:	d to this appeal (e.g., bankruptcy, consolidated or

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action, including a list of the causes of action pleaded, and the result below: This is a post-divorce action concerning a request by Respondent for modification of custody. A modification was granted without an evidentiary hearing or properly accepting

evidence and/or testimony.

- 9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal:
  - a. Did the Court err in modifying custody without properly accepting evidence without conducting an evidentiary hearing and in wrongfully considering facts occurring prior to the last, stipulated custody Order was entered?
  - b. Did the Court err when it failed to properly apply the facts of this case, Nevada Law and authority in granting, in part, Respondent's Motion to modify timeshare arrangement?
  - c. Did the Court deny Appellant her legal and continuing rights in entering a decision which is not in accordance with Nevada law and the Nevada and United States Consitutions?
- 10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceeding presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket number and identify the same or similar issues raised: N/A
- 11. **Constitutional issues.** If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer of employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?

	N/A_xxYesNo
	If not, explain
12	Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?
	[ ] Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (on an attachment, identify the case(s)): [ √ ] An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
	A substantial issue of first-impression
	[ $\bar{I}$ ] An issue of public policy
	[ ] An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions [ ] A ballot question

If so, explain: Can the Court change the parties' true custodial status and specific timeshare when the Movant has failed to evidence the allegations referenced in the Motion alleging modification is warranted, and the Court has refused and failed to properly admit evidence supporting a final Decision?

- 13. **Trial.** If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last? Was it a bench or jury trial?
- 14. Judicial disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice? No.

#### TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

15. Date of entry of written judgment of judgment or order is appealed from, attacking taken. November 4, 2010. See Tab "1".	f order appealed th copies of each	d from: Attac n judgment or o	h a copy. If more than order from which an ap	one peal
(a) If no written judgment or order was fil review:	ed in the district	court, explain t	he basis for seeking appe	llate
16. Date written notice of entry of judgr service, for each order or judgment appeaul".)	nent or order so aled from. (Ord	erved: Attacler entered and r	a copy, including proceed from Court. See	of of Tab
(a) Was service by deliveryo	r by mail <u>xx</u>	(specify).		
17. If the time for filing the notice of appear or 59),	ıl was tolled by a	ı post-judgment	motion (NRCP 50(b), 5	2(b),
(a) Specify the type of motion, and the da	te and method of	service of the m	otion, and date of filing.	N/A
NRCP 50(b)Date served	By delivery	or by mail	Date of filing	
NRCP 52(b)Date served	By delivery By delivery	or by mail	Date of filing	
NRCP 59Date served	By delivery_	or by mail	Date of filing	
Attach copies	of all post-trial	tolling motions	•	
(b) Date of entry of written order resolv	ing tolling motio	n:		
(c) Date written notice of entry of order	resolving motion	n served:		
(i) Was service by delivery	or by mail	(specify	<b>').</b>	
18. Date notice of appeal was filed:  (a) If more than one party has appealed to filed and identify by name the party to the second sec				l was
19. Specify statute or rule governing the ti 155.190, or other: NRAP 4(a).	me limit for filir	ng the notice of	appeal, e.g., NRAP 4(a),	NRS

### SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY

20. Specify the statute or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review the judgment or order appealed from:

NRAP $3A(b)(1)$ xx	NRS 155.190	(specify subsection)	_
NRAP 3A(b)(2)	NRS 38.205	(specify subsection)	
NRAP 3A(b)(3)	NRS 703.376	(specify subsection)	

Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: A final custody and relocation Order was entered in the post-divorce action commenced in the court in which the Decree was entered.

COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SECTION ONLY IF MORE THAN ONE CLAIM FOR RELIEF WAS PRESENTED IN THE ACTION (WHETHER AS A CLAIM, COUNTERCLAIM, CROSS-CLAIM, OR THIRD-PARTY CLAIM) OR IF MULTIPLE PARTIES WERE INVOLVED IN THE ACTION. Attach separate sheets if necessary.

- 21. List all parties involved in the action in the district court: Christina Calderon Stipp, Plaintiff; Mitchell David Stipp, Defendant.
  - (a) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, e.g., formally dismissed, not served, or other: N/A
- 22. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims or third-party claims, and the trial court's disposition of each claim, and how each claim was resolved (*i.e.*, order, judgment, stipulation), and the date of disposition of each claim. Attach a copy of each disposition.

On August 7, 2009 the parties filed a Stipulated Order concerning custody and timeshare. (See Tab "2".)

Respondent: Respondent filed a Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement on October 29, 2009. (See Tab "3".) The Court ordered a full evaluation and psychological evaluations. After much delay under advisement, the Court, in part, granted Respondent's Motion. (See Tab "1".)

Appellant: Appellant filed a Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud Upon the Court, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions and Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties As Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement. (See Tab "4".) Appellant was granted leave to conduct limited discovery on her Countermotion. (See Tab "5".)

23. Attach copies of the last-filed version of all complaints, counterclaims, and/or cross-claims filed in the district court.

See attached documents in Tabs "3" and "4".

24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action below:

Yes	No	XX .

25.	If you	answered	"No"	to the	immedia	itely:	previous	question,	complete	the following:

(a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

The Court addressed custody and timeshare issues. However, the Court failed to address the issues raised of a Parenting Coordinator which was recommended by the Court-ordered evaluator and each parties' requests to be awarded fees and costs.

- (b) Specify the parties remaining below:
- (c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b):

Yes xx No If Yes, attach a copy of the certification or order, including any notice of entry and proof of service.

(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment:

Yes\_\_\_\_No\_\_\_\_

26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):

#### **VERIFICATION**

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Christina Calderon Stipp	Patricia L. Vaccarino, Esq.
Name of appellant	Name of coursel of record
I	
January 7, 2011 Date	Signature of counsel of record
Bate	Signature of bounds. of record
Clark County, Nevada	
State and county where signed	
CER	TIFICATE OF SERVICE
I certify that on the 7 <sup>th</sup> day of statement upon all counsel of record:	January 2011, I served a copy of this completed docketing
[ ] By personally serving it upon	him/her; or
[x] By mailing it by first class mai	l with sufficient postage prepaid to the following address(es):
Radford J. Smith, Esq.	
64 N. Pecos Rd., #700	
Henderson, Nevada 89074	
Dated this 7th day of January 201	<b>1.</b>
	Jan
	Signature



#### **EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT**

**FAMILY DIVISION 601 NORTH PECOS** LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 891012408

**DEPARTMENT O** (702) 455-1334 FACSIMILE (702) 4551338

#### **FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION FORM**

November 4, 2010

TO: Patricia Vaccarino, Esq. & Radford Smith, Esq.

Fax #: (702) 258-8840 & (702) 990-6456

RE: Order from May 6, 2010 hearing and Notice of Entry of Order

# of Pages: 21 (Including Cover Sheet)

FROM: Randall Forman, Law Clerk to the Honorable Frank P. Sullivan

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PAGES, PLEASE CONTACT: PHONE: (702) 455-1336 NAME: Randall Forman

SHARON

FILED 1 ORDR 2 Nov 4 & 38 PH 10 3 4 **DISTRICT COURT** 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 CHRISTINA STIPP. 8 Plaintiff, CASE NO. D-08-389203-Z DEPT. NO. 0 9 VS. 10 MITCHELL STIPP, 11 Defendant. 12 13 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 14 To: 15 Patricia Vaccarino, Esq. Radford Smith, Esq. 16 8861 W. Sahara Ave. #210 64 N. Pecos Rd. #700 Las Vegas, NV 89117 Henderson, NV 89074 17 18 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order from the May 6, 2010 hearing was 19 duly entered in the above-referenced case on the 4th day of November, 2010. 20 21 Dated this 4th day of November, 2010. 22 23 Randall Forman, Esq. 24 Law Clerk Department O 25 26 27

RANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

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**DISTRICT COURT** 

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP. Plaintiff.

D-08-389203-Z CASE NO. DEPT. NO.

VS. MITCHELL STIPP,

Defendant.

Date of Hearing: Time of Hearing:

May 6, 2010 10:00 a.m.

This matter having come before this Court on May 6, 2010, on Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement; and Plaintiff's Countermotion to set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions; with Christina C. Stipp, Plaintiff, appearing and being represented by Donn W. Prokopius, Esq.; and Mitchell D. Stipp, Defendant, appearing and represented by Radford J. Smith, Esq.; and the Court being duly advised in the premises, having reviewed Plaintiff's Motion, Defendant's Opposition and Countermotion, Plaintiffs' Opposition to Countermotion, Plaintiff's Supplement to Motion, Defendant's Supplement to Countermotion, and having heard oral argument, and good cause being shown,

RANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

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RANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O

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THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that the parties have two children in common, Mia, born on October 19, 2004, and Ethan, born on March 24, 2007.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 20, 2008, the parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement (MSA) that provided that they shall have joint legal and physical custody of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the MSA provided that Defendant (husband) would have the children on Fridays from 6:00 p.m. until Sundays at 6:00 p.m., however, the Plaintiff (wife) would have the right to have the children on the first weekend of every month upon three (3) days prior written notice.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the MSA further provided holiday visitation as follows:

- (a) Martin Luther King (MLK) Day Weekend: MLK Day is to be celebrated on the third Monday in January with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in evennumbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (b) President's Day Weekend: President's Day: President's Day is to be celebrated on the third Monday in February with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in oddnumbered years and the Defendant in even-numbered years.
- (c) Easter Day: Easter Day is to be celebrated on Sunday with the Defendant having the children on Easter Sunday until 2:00 p.m. and Plaintiff having the children after 2:00 p.m.
- (d) Memorial Day Weekend: Memorial Day is to be celebrated on the last Monday in May with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.

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(e) Father's Day/Mother's Day: Defendant is to have the children	1 01
Father's Day from 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. and Plaintiff is to have	/e
children on Mother's Day from 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m.	

- (f) Independence Day: Independence Day is to commence at 6:00 p.m. on the day before the holiday and end at 9:00 a.m. on the day after the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (g) Labor Day Weekend: Labor Day is to be celebrated on the first Monday in September with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday, Defendant is to have the children in even-numbered years and Plaintiff in odd-numbered years.
- (h) Halloween Night: Halloween night will commence at 3:00 p.m. on the holiday and end at 8:30 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (i) <u>Veterans Day</u>: Veterans Day is to be observed on November 11<sup>th</sup> with visitation commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday.
- (i) Thanksgiving Weekend: The Thanksgiving holiday is to be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 4:00 p.m. on Thanksgiving Day and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday immediately following Thanksgiving Day. Period Two is to commence at 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday following Thanksgiving Day and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the Sunday immediately following Thanksgiving Day. Defendant is to have the children during Period One and Plaintiff Period Two in all years.
- (k) Christmas Holiday: The Christmas holiday is to be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 9:00 a.m. on December 24th and ending at 9:00 a.m. on December 25th. Period Two is to commence at 9:00 a.m. on December 25th and end at 6:00 p.m. on the 25<sup>th</sup>. Plaintiff is to have the children during Period One and Defendant during Period Two in all years.
- (1) New Year's Day: New Year's Day is to be celebrated on January 1<sup>st</sup> with holiday visitation commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Defendant is to have the children in even-numbered years and Plaintiff in odd-numbered years.

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(m) Children	1's Birthdays: Plaintiff, upon three (3) days prior written
notice, is to !	have the children on the Saturday immediately proceeding
a child's birt	nday, in which case, Defendant will have his normal
	m 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. on Sunday.

- (n) Parents' Birthdays: Each party, upon three (3) days prior written notice, is to have the children form 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. on their respective birthdays.
- (o) <u>Vacation Visitation</u>: Each party is permitted to have the children for two (2) consecutive weeks for the purpose of taking a vacation.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the parties filed a Joint Petition for Divorce on February 28, 2008.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on March 6, 2008, a Decree of Divorce was granted which fully incorporated the Marital Settlement Agreement into such Decree.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 17, 2008, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Confirm Plaintiff as the De Jure Primary Physical Custodian, for Modification of the Divorce Decree Regarding Child Custody, Visitation and Other Parent/Child Issues, for Defendant's Reimbursement of One-Half of the Children's Medical Costs, for Mediation Regarding Dispute Over Dividing the Minor Children's Education and Other Costs, and for Attorney's Fees and Costs.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 9, 2009, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Confirm Plaintiff as the De Jure Primary Physical Custodian and a Countermotion to Strike Inadmissible Evidence from Plaintiff's Motion, to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, for a Temporary Protective Order Addressing Plaintiff's Harassment of Defendant, and for Sanctions and Attorney's Fees.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 9, 2009, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Leave to Take the Depositions of Mitchell Stipp (Defendant) and William Plise.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 11, 2009, Plaintiff filed a Reply to Defendant's Opposition and Defendant's Countermotion.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 24, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on all pending Motions and Countermotions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that by Order dated April 3, 2009, the Court denied all pending Motions and Countermotions, but Ordered Defendant to reimburse Plaintiff the sum of three hundred twenty-six dollars and forty-five cents (\$326.45) as and for unreimbursed medical expenses incurred on behalf of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 27, 2009, Defendant filed a motion for Reconsideration, Motion for Rehearing; Or in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 3, 2009, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration, Motion for Rehearing and, in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 4, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on Defendant's Motion and Plaintiff's Opposition to the Motion and Ordered the parties to the Family Mediation Center for confidential mediation and scheduled an Evidentiary Hearing for October 27, 2009.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 18, 2009, Defendant filed a Motion for an Order to Show Cause alleging that the Plaintiff had violated the custodial agreement by keeping the children from Defendant on his visitation day of Friday, June 12, 2009.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on July 23, 2009, the parties submitted a Stipulation and Order Resolving Defendant's Motion for an Order to Show Cause resolving the matter by awarding Defendant an additional nine (9) hours of visitation on Friday June 26, 2009, with Defendant receiving the children at 9:00 a.m. instead of 6:00 p.m.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on August 7, 2009, the parties submitted a Stipulation and Order which didn't change the joint legal and physical custody designation included in the Marital Settlement Agreement, but modified the timeshare arrangement provided for in the MSA as follows:

- (a) Defendant is to have the children on the first, third and fifth (when there is a fifth weekend in the month) weekends of each month from Friday 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m., however, the Plaintiff, upon three (3) days prior written notice, is entitled to have the children on the first weekend of each month. In the event that Plaintiff exercises her right to have the children on the first weekend of the month, then Defendant will have the children commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Wednesday preceding the first weekend of the month until 6:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the first weekend of the month.
- (b) Defendant is to have the children on the second and fourth weekends of the month from Thursday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009, the Court dismissed Defendant's pending Motion for

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RANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101

Reconsideration and Rehearing and vacated the Evidentiary Hearing set for October 27, 2009.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on October 29, 2009, Defendant filed a Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement essentially alleged that the parties' daughter, Mia, was being emotionally abused by Plaintiff by her continued attempts to alienate the children from Defendant by making disparaging remarks about Defendant and his current wife, Amy, (Defendant is a cheater, Amy stole Defendant away from Plaintiff, Amy is married to someone other than Defendant, and Plaintiff hates Amy) which has caused Mia to have severe mood swings, significant anger management issues, and frequent emotional outbursts.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on November 30, 2009, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and filed a Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud upon the Court, to Grant Discovery, to Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Plaintiff's Opposition and Countermotion and Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order, and to Grant Discovery and Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets essentially alleged that Defendant is blatantly attempting to re-litigate the custodial arrangement which is barred by res judicata, failed to disclose his post-divorce arrest for DUI and

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subsequent conviction for Reckless Driving which evidences that Defendant abuses alcohol, and fraudulently concealed significant marital assets and/or post divorce distributions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 7, 2009, Defendant filed a Reply to Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 8, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on the pending Motions and Countermotions and, based upon the allegations raised by each party, directed that a Child Custody Evaluation be performed by Dr. John Paglini.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 18, 2009, Defendant filed a Supplement to Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 28, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Stay Discovery concerning the ongoing child custody dispute, specifically seeking to Stay Discovery regarding Dr. Melissa Kalodner, Dr. Joel Mishalow, School Records, and Plaintiff's deposition.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 2, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Stay Discovery alleging that such discovery was necessary to completely and fairly conduct the child custody evaluation.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that a Hearing was held on February 3, 2010, at which time the Court Ordered that Discovery may be conducted on a limited

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DISTRICT JUDGE

AMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O
LAS VEGAS NV 89101

basis to obtain school records, obtain records from Dr. Mishalow and Dr. Koladner, and depose Dr. Mishalow as some of his records were illegible.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 16, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and/or to Clarify the Court's Rulings from that Hearing requesting that the Court rehear or reconsider its Order for an Outsource Evaluation to be conducted by Dr. Paglini as there was no evidence that Mia had been emotionally abused.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on March 8, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and Countermotion for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 12, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 13, 2010, the Court heard oral argument on Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and denied Plaintiff's request for rehearing and reconsideration and refused to modify its Order for an Outsource Evaluation and refused to otherwise limit the scope of Dr. Paglini's assessment. Such Order of the Court was submitted on May 24, 2010.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the direction of the Court,

Dr. John Paglini performed a Child Custody Evaluation dated April 29, 2010.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 30, 2010, Plaintiff filed a

Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010, alleging that the Order

PRANK R. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE AMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101 submitted by Defendant's counsel for the Hearing held on February 3<sup>rd</sup> included conclusions not found by the Court, that Plaintiff's counsel was not afforded an opportunity to review the Order prior to its submittal, and that Defendant had admitted to non-disclosure of marital assets in Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation by stating that he had received a \$5 million dollar payment from the end of 2004 through the middle of 2007.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 3, 2010, Defendant filed a Supplement to Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 5, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Supplement to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order and Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 6, 2010, the Court heard oral argument on all pending Motions and Countermotion and, based upon Dr. Paglini's recommendation, the Court determined that there was not a need to conduct an Evidentiary Hearing.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 3, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010, and Countermotion for Sanctions alleging that Plaintiff's Motion was filed merely to harass Defendant and Plaintiff was well aware of Defendant's financial compensation at the time of divorce as she received a settlement of \$2.2 million, including \$1.8 million in cash.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 15, 2010, Plaintiff filed a

Reply in Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February

3, 2010, and Opposition to Defendant's Countermotion for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 18, 2010, Defendant filed a Reply to Opposition to Countermotion for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 22, 2010, the Court held a hearing on Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010 and Defendant's Countermotion for Sanctions and heard argument regarding the language included in the Order from the February 3, 2010 hearing, the need for discovery as to alleged non-disclosed marital assets, Defendant's retirement status, the Wells Fargo loan, Section 5 of the divorce Decree, the Aquila Investment business, the business tax returns, and attorney fees.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after entertaining oral argument on June 22, 2010, the Court denied Plaintiff's request to modify the Order from the hearing held on February 3, 2010; allowed Plaintiff to hire a forensic accountant to review Aquila Investments tax returns for the 2007 and 2008 tax years; found no proof of fraud being perpetrated upon the Court; denied Defendant's request for sanctions; but awarded Defendant attorney fees as the prevailing party.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after Plaintiff contacted Dr. Melissa Kalodner and decided not to have Mia treated by Dr. Kalodner, Defendant brought Mia to Dr. Kalodner for psychological treatment on or about September 11, 2009, without Plaintiff's knowledge or permission.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Defendant sought treatment for Mia with Dr. Kalodner to address the re-manifestation (Mia's issues as to clothing had commenced in December of 2008) of Mia's issues with clothing (insisting that clothing was too tight, demanding that her clothing be stretched out, refusing to wear clothing unless it was many sizes too big, refusing to wear underwear, refusing to wear her school uniform) and behavior issues relating to Mia's defiant behavior when made to wear clothing, anger outbursts and emotional meltdowns.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Kalodner noted, in a letter dated December 4, 2009, that Mia made spontaneous statements during treatment sessions, such as:

- a) "I want to spend more time with my dad, but mommy says we can't change the rules".
- b) "I want to spend more time with my dad, but the judge won't let me"
- c) "Mommy does not like Amy" (stepmother).
- d) "Mommy says Amy is bad, but I like her".

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that with the knowledge and permission of each parent, Mia was being treated for her clothing and behavior issues by Dr. Joel Mishalow from September 25, 2009, through December of 2009, however, Defendant failed to advise Dr. Mishalow that Mia was also being treated by Dr. Kalodner.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after being advised of the fact that Mia was being treated by Dr. Kalodner, Dr. Mishalow decided that he no longer wanted to treat Mia given all of the psychological treatment that she had already undergone and due to the many dynamics going on within the family.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Kalodner consulted with Dr. Beasley pertaining to Mia's treatment issues and Dr. Beasley recommended a referral to the Achievement Therapy Center for assessment as to possible sensory deficit disorder.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on November 17, 2009, Defendant, without the knowledge or permission of Plaintiff, brought Mia to Dr. Stegen-Hansen, a pediatric occupational therapist, for evaluation as to possible sensory deficit disorder.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Mia has been receiving treatment at the Achievement Therapy Center since January 2010 and is making excellent progress in treating her clothing and behavioral issues.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon concerns raised by Plaintiff regarding Defendant having an ongoing problem with alcohol abuse, Mr. Stipp was referred to Dr. Michael Levy for an assessment as to alcohol dependence and substance abuse.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after subjecting Defendant to a comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count, and a GGTP (a very sensitive test to detect recent use of alcohol), Dr. Levy opined the following:

- a) That the results of the laboratory data recorded no biological markers associated with recent or chronic use of alcohol.
- b) That based upon the DSM IV criteria for alcohol abuse, there is no data to support that Mr. Stipp currently has a substance abuse problem, or at any time throughout his drinking history, met the clinical criteria for alcohol dependence.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation, which was based upon extensive clinical interviews, review of discovery

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documentation, extensive collateral interviews of family and friends, psychological
testing of both parents, brief interviews of Mia, home visits and family observations
concluded the following:

- a) That based upon the spontaneous comments made by Mia to Dr. Kalodner, Mia is either hearing negative comments directly from her mother, or overhearing negative comments in her environment and interpreting impressions from her parents, but that such comments, while inappropriate, do not reach the level of emotional abuse or alienation as alleged by Defendant.
- b) That although alcohol usage by Mr. Stipp was a significant relevant issue during the course of their marriage, based upon the evaluation of Dr. Levy and numerous collateral interviews, alcohol usage by Mr. Stipp is not currently a problem as alleged by Plaintiff.
- c) That the children are very bonded with Plaintiff, Defendant and Amy Stipp.
- d) That both parents provide excellent care for the children, excellent homes for the children, and are very involved in the children's lives.
- e) That the children are surrounded by a lot of love, despite an acrimonious post-divorce relationship between the parents.
- f) That unresolved issues tend to re-emerge during day-to-day communications between the parents and if they are unable to resolve their issues, it is likely that their children will be emotionally affected in the future.
- g) That if the parents could resolve their issues and co-parent effectively and assist their daughter with frustrations as they emerge in interpersonal relationships, this will likely resolve Mia's anger issues without the need for additional therapy.
- h) That if the parents are not able to resolve their issues, this could create additional difficulties for Mia which could result in her acting out.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Paglini's report noted that Plaintiff feared that if Defendant received more time with the children, that he

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MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAS VEGAS NV 89101 eventually will request to relocate to Texas to join his former business partner and take the children with him.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon Plaintiff's expressed fear about Defendant's possible relocation in the future, it appears that Plaintiff's opposition to maintaining the joint physical custodian designation at this time is based upon a potential relocation issue and not based upon a concern for best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation in which he found that the children are very bonded with each parent, that both parents provide excellent care for the children, that both parents provide excellent homes for the children, that both parents are very involved in the children's lives, and that the children are surrounded by lots of love in each parental household, it is apparent that joint legal and physical custody is in the best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the fact that the parents have agreed to an award of joint legal and physical custody on two separate occasions as evidenced by the Marital Settlement Agreement (February 20, 2008) and subsequent Stipulation and Order (August 7, 2009), further supports the finding that joint legal and physical custody is in the best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to Rivero v. Rivero, 216
P.3d 213 (Nev. 2009):

a) This Court "should calculate the time during which a party has physical custody of a child over one calendar year."

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b) That "in calculating the time during which a party has physical
custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of
days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child
resided with the party, and during which the party made day-to-day
decisions regarding the child."

c) That a determination of joint physical custody can only be made when each parent has physical custody of the child for at least 40% of the year, which equals 146 days.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the Marital Settlement Agreement entered into by the parties on February 20, 2008, and the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009, the time-share arrangement leads to the following calculation of time over a calendar year:

- a) That depending on whether it is an even or odd year, what day of the week the year starts on, and whether or not it is a leap year, Defendant always has between 131 and 134 custodial days per year.
- b) That depending on whether or not Christian Stipp foregoes her visitation for Martin Luther King Day, President's Day, Memorial Day and/or Labor Day, and whether it is an even or odd year, Defendant may have an additional 8 days of custody per year.
- c) That depending on whether Plainitff's and Defendant's birthday fall on one of their custodial days, and whether they request to have custody of the children on their birthday, Defendant may have an additional day of custody per year.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon the current time-share agreement, Defendant has a minimum of 131 days of physical custody per year with a maximum amount of 143 days per year depending upon whether Plaintiff decides to forego her holiday visitations (MLK Day, President's Day, Memorial Day, and/or Labor Day), which would fall a few days short of the 40% time-share requirement mandated by Rivero.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that assuming that a joint physical custody arrangement does not currently exist, the following facts evidence a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the children supporting a change in custody to joint physical custody:

- a) Mia's re-manifestation of issues with clothing; namely, insisting that clothing was too tight, demanding that her clothing be stretched out, refusing to wear clothing unless it was many sizes too big, refusing to wear underwear, refusing to wear her school uniform; behavior issues relating to her defiant behavior when made to wear clothing, anger outbursts and emotional meltdowns.
- b) The need for Mia to undergo extensive psychological treatment from Dr. Kalodner, Dr. Mishalow, Dr. Stegen-Hansen, and the ongoing sensory deficit processing treatment being provided by the Achievement Therapy Center.
- c) The spontaneous statements made by Mia to Dr. Kalodner indicating that she wanted to spend more time with her dad but her mommy or the judge wouldn't let her.
- d) The parties' extremely litigious nature resulting in the children becoming embroiled in the proceedings as evidenced by Mia's spontaneous statements to Dr. Kalodner indicating that Plaintiff doesn't like Amy and that Amy is bad.
- e) Dr. Paglini's report reflecting that the parents have unresolved issues that tend to re-emerge and that if they are unable to resolve their issues, it is likely that their children will be emotionally affected in the future.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that in the best interest of the children, Defendant should be awarded additional time-share consisting of the Friday proceeding the third weekend of each month, commencing at 9:00 a.m. instead of 6:00 p.m. as currently provided for in the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that awarding the Defendant the additional custodial time equates to an additional 12 days of custody per year as the Defendant will have the responsibility of making the day-to-day decisions for the children on the Fridays preceding the third weekend of each month.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after being awarded an additional 12 days of custody per year, the Defendant will have between 143 and 146 days of custody every year and may have up to 155 days of custody per year depending upon whether Plaintiff decides to forego her holiday visitations.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that under the applicable law in Rivero, these parties have been motivated to calculate the physical custodial days of the year instead of "calculating" a custodial time-share that is best interest of their minor children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the parties are very intelligent, highly educated lawyers whose children would be better served by the parties resolving their issues between themselves without the need for legal and/or therapeutic intervention.

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THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is awarded additional time-share consisting of the Friday proceeding every third weekend of each month commencing at 9:00 a.m. instead of at 6:00 p.m. as currently provided for in the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties will continue to be designated as joint legal and joint physical custodians.

Dated this 4th day of November, 2010

Frank P. Sullivan **District Court Judge** 

Dept. O

# STATE OF NEVADA EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION

FAMILY MEDIATION CENTER
JOYCE GALLINA, MSW
MANAGER



FAMILY COURTS & SERVICES CONTROL
601 N PECOS ROAD, BLD& B
LAS VEGAS, NV 89101-2400
(702) 455-4186
(702) 455-2158 — FAX

July 8, 2009

Honorable Frank P. Sullivan District Judge, Department O Eighth Judicial District Court, Family Division 601 North Pecos Road Las Vegas, NV 89101-2408

Re:

Stipp v. Stipp

Case No. D-08-389203-Z

**RETURN COURT DATE: 8-7-09** 

Dear Judge Sullivan:

On June 4, 2009 the above-referenced matter was referred to the Family Mediation Center for mediation services.

The parties have met in mediation and formulated the attached Stipulation and Order. Both parties made representations that they are current member of the State Bar of Nevada and both were actively involved in the development of the enclosed Stipulation and Order. In light of the aforementioned, FMC is closing our case in this matter.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry Stein, MA, JD

**Family Mediation Specialist** 

Radford J. Smith, Attorney for Plaintiff
James J. Jimmerson, Attorney for Defendant

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# DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MITCHELL D. STIPP, Plaintiff

Case No. D-08-389203-Z Department No. O

CHRISTINA C. STIPP,

Defendant

STIPULATION AND ORDER

Date of Hearing: 8-7-09 Time of Hearing: 11:00 a.m.

The parties hereby desire to modify certain provisions of the Marital Settlement Agreement dated February 20, 2008 ("MSA"), and any provisions not specifically and expressly modified herein shall remain in full force and effect. The parents have met in mediation and have agreed to a Stipulation and Order that will cover timeshare, the right of first refusal, telephone communications with the children, and completion of a C.O.P.E. class. The intent of this Stipulation and Order is to promote healthy relationships between the children, Mia E. Stipp, DOB: 10-19-04, Ethan C. Stipp, DOB: 3-24-07, and their parents. Each of the parents, Christina C. Stipp, natural mother, and Mitchell D. Stipp, natural father, agree that co-parenting requires the acceptance of mutual responsibilities and rights as far as the children are concerned.

#### TIMESHARE PROVISIONS

The parties agree to modify their "Normal Visitation" schedule as defined in Exhibit A of the MSA, as follows:

> 1. On the first, third and, if there is one, fifth weekend of each month the father shall have the children in his care from Friday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m., provided, however, that upon three days prior written notice to father, mother

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shall have the right to have the children in her care on the first weekend of the 2 month. If mother exercises said right, father shall have the children in his care 3 from the Wednesday preceding the first weekend of the month at 6:00 p.m. until the Friday preceding the first weekend of the month at 6:00 p.m. 5 2. Father shall have the children in his care during the second and fourth weekends 6 of the month from Thursday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m. 7 3. Mother shall have the children in her care at all times not specifically provided to 8 father above or otherwise provided to father in Exhibit Al of the MSA not 9 specifically modified herein. 10 SPECIAL PROVISIONS 11 Right Of First Refusal 12 The parents agree that they shall have a right of first refusal to the exclusion of all 13 other third parties. Should either parent be unable to provide care for the children (or either of them) 14 during his or her custodial time for a period of four hours or more, the other parent shall have the 15 right to provide care for the children. The parent unable to provide care shall notify the other parent 16 as soon as reasonably possible so as to allow that party the option of providing care for the children. 17 Telephone Communications With The Children 18 The parents agree to facilitate reasonable telephonic communication with the children 19 such that the non-custodial parent shall have at least one phone call per day with the children. call must be placed by the custodial parent between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. |They 20 further agree to refrain from interfering with the children's right to privacy during such telephone 21 22 conversations. 23 Attendance At C.O.P.E. Class Although the mother has recently attended a C.O.P.E. class, the parents agree that 24 25 both of them will complete a C.O.P.E. class prior to October 1, 2009. 26

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1 MODIFYING THE STIPULATION AND ORDER 2 The terms and conditions of this Stipulation and Order may be modified, in writing, 3 as the needs of the children and/or the circumstances of the parents change. However, the parents 4 understand that the concurred changes do not modify this Court Order. The parents are encouraged 5 to utilize mediation to resolve parenting issues prior to seeking Court intervention. 6 7 The above agreement reflects the Stipulation and Order formulated in mediation. The parents realize they have the right to review this document with an attorney prior to its being 8 reviewed and adopted by the Court. 9 10 Christina Calderon-Stipp Father Mother 11 12 13 he above and foregoing Stipulation and Order is acceptable to the parties. 14 15 Attorney for Plaintiff Attorney for Defendant 16 DATE 17 18 ORDER 19 Based upon the agreement of the parties and good cause being shown, IT IS 20 HEREBY ORDERED that the terms and conditions of the above Stipulation and Order are adopted. 21 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the father's Motion for Rehearing; Or in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare shall be DISMISSED with 22 prejudice and the hearings currently set for August 7, 2009 and October 27, 2009 shall be 23 VACATED. DATED this 6 day of Custon 24 25 26 District Court Judge 27 28

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RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

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Attorneys for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

9 CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP.

Plaintiff,

12 V

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z

DEPT NO.: O

**FAMILY DIVISION** 

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

YES NO

NOTICE: YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION, FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

# <u>DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS</u> <u>AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT</u>

DATE OF HEARING: December 8, 2009 TIME OF HEARING: 10:00 a.m.

COMES NOW, Defendant MITCHELL D. STIPP ("Mitchell"), by and through his attorney Radford J. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Radford J. Smith, Chartered, and submits the following points and authorities in support of his motion for an order confirming the parties as joint physical custodians of their minor children and granting him additional timeshare with the minor children.

This motion is made and based upon the points and authorities attached hereto, the affidavits of Mitchell Stipp and Megan Cantrell attached as Exhibits A and B, respectively, all pleadings, and papers on file in this action, and any oral argument or evidence adduced at the time of the hearing of this matter.

DATED this 29th day of October 2009.

RADFORD L'SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

(702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Defendant

## NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP, Plaintiff;

TO: JAMES J. JIMMERSON, ESQ. and SHAWN M. GOLDSTEIN. ESQ., attorney's for Plaintiff;

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 8<sup>TH</sup> day of December 2009, at the hour of 10:00 a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 29th day of October, 2009

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Rd. – Ste. 700 Henderson, NV 89074 (702) 990-6448 Attorney for Defendant

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#### INTRODUCTION

Both under the Court's Decree entered March 6, 2008, and subsequent order filed August 7, 2009, the court has confirmed the parties, Plaintiff Christina Calderon Stipp ("Christina") and Defendant Mitchell David Stipp ("Mitchell"), as the joint physical custodians of their two minor children, Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), now age 5, and Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), now age 2.5. On July 8, 2009, the parties renegotiated a parenting plan with the goal of remaining joint physical custodians, and because of the court's previous orders were based in part upon the court's decision in *Rivero v. Rivero*, 124 Nev. Adv. Op. No. 84, 195 P.3d 328 (2008), Mitchell seeks confirmation of his status as a joint physical custodian in light of the new definition of joint physical custody set forth in *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. Adv. Rep. 34, 216 P.3d 213 (2009) ("Rivero II")

More importantly, the parties' daughter Mia is now suffering the ill effects of a constant barrage of disparagement about Mitchell from Christina. Mia's problems have become so severe that the parties have placed her into psychological counseling. This court has never adjudicated the issue of Christina's disparagement, and her marginalization of Mitchell's parental role with the children. While Mitchell had hoped that entering into a resolution would calm Christina, she has become worse. As shown below, her statements and actions demonstrate that it is the best interest of the children that this court confirm the parties as joint physical custodians under the current orders, set forth a plan of visitation consistent with an equal timeshare arrangement, and order an assessment of the parties' minor children to determine the basis of Mia's emotional problems she is now manifesting.

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#### STATEMENT OF FACTS

The parties have two children, Mia, born October 19, 2004, and Ethan, born March 24, 2007. This Court entered the parties' Decree of Divorce on March 6, 2008 (the "Decree") upon their joint petition for divorce filed in February of 2008. The Decree incorporates the terms and conditions of the parties' marital settlement agreement entered into and dated as of February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). From the date of the entry of the Decree in March of 2008 until December of 2008, a period of approximately ten (10) months, Mitchell tried to obtain more visitation time with the children without litigation. Christina refused to provide Mitchell more time and instead filed a motion to confirm herself as the primary physical custodian on December 17, 2008, even after Mitchell made a request for and this Court ordered mediation in December of 2008.

Mitchell vigorously opposed Christina's motion and filed a countermotion seeking additional time with the children. The parties attended mediation and no resolution occurred. At the hearing of February 24, 2009, this Court denied each parties' motions, but nevertheless stated its belief that Mitchell should have more time with the children. After unsuccessful negotiations, on April 27, 2009 Mitchell filed his motion for reconsideration or in the alternative a motion to modify the timeshare arrangement. At the hearing on Mitchell's motion held on June 4, 2009, this Court again ordered the parties to attend mediation. The parties attended mediation and modified the terms of the MSA through a stipulation and order signed by the parties on July 8, 2009 and entered by this Court on August 7, 2009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Christina did not seek to move out of state, she did not seek to alter the timeshare arrangement, and she did not seek to alter the child support obligations of Mitchell, which are the primary instances in which the status of physical custody matter.

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("SAO"). Mitchell is moving to confirm the parties as joint physical custodians of their minor children and for a change in visitation or timeshare.<sup>2</sup>

# A. Christina's Emotional Abuse of Mia, and Her Manipulation of the Therapeutic Process.

Christina has emotionally abused Mia.<sup>3</sup> Mia only recently began to show signs of this trauma. She has severe mood swings and significant anger management issues. Mia is prone to frequent emotional outbursts (or meltdowns). Mitchell believes this behavior is the result of Christina's past and continued attempts to alienate the children from Mitchell. Even after the parties entered into the SAO. Mia continued to tell Mitchell that Christina says he is a cheater, that Amy Stipp ("Amy"), Mitchell's wife and the children's stepmother, stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not Mitchell,<sup>4</sup> that Christina hates Amy, and that the men Christina's dates will be Mia's new dad. Mitchell believes that Christina continues to communicate these items (and likely others) to Mia to harass Mitchell and Amy using Mia as a tool. These bad acts have caused Mia to suffer significant emotional trauma, which is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and anger. During the occurrence of such an episode, Mia will grind her teeth and growl, clench her fists, and shake her arms and head violently.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mitchell has not requested a change of custody to award him primary physical custody of the children. However, if this Court believes a temporary change is warranted based on the facts of this case, Mitchell requests it subject to liberal visitation of the children by Christina on the terms and conditions determined by this Court. Unlike Christina, Mitchell does not want to prevent Christina from visiting the children.

It is unclear whether Ethan also has been abused (although there is no doubt he has been exposed to it). At the present time, primarily due to his age, Ethan does not show any signs of abuse; however, this may change as he grows older.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Amy was previously married. Neither Amy nor Mitchell ever communicated this fact to Mia. There is absolutely no reason why they would do so. However, Mia knows the name of Amy's ex-husband and continuously asks Amy and Mitchell about him.

 Christina recently observed that Mia has issues that require mental health services. At the time, she only communicated to Mitchell that Mia had clothing issues. She communicated to Mitchell that she wanted Mia to see a mental health provider. Mitchell has recognized this same problem and agreed that Mia needed an evaluation (which he had expected would also identify Mia's emotional trauma). Christina provided to Mitchell the names of referrals she obtained to consider for Mia's treatment and began scheduling appointments to interview the therapists.

The first appointment she scheduled was with Melissa Koladner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC, a child/adolescent psychologist. Mitchell separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Koladner, paid \$200 for the initial consultation, and approved her to treat Mia. At the meeting, Dr. Koladner informed Mitchell that Christina also approved of her and that Mitchell could now schedule an appointment for Mia. After the meeting, Dr. Koladner contacted Christina to inform her that Mitchell consented to Mia's treatment and that he scheduled Mia's first appointment. It is then that Christina demonstrated that she had no interest in an impartial review of Mia's issues.

According to Dr. Koladner, when she called Christina, Christina was irate. Christina communicated to Dr. Koladner that she, Christina, would not permit Dr. Koladner to evaluate Mia unless she, Christina, alone could accompany Mia to the appointment and be present in the evaluation room. Dr. Koladner informed Christina that it was immaterial who accompanied Mia to the appointment, that she wanted to evaluate Mia without the presence of either parent, and that Mitchell already scheduled an appointment for Mia during her next available time (which happened to occur on the day Mia would be in Mitchell's care). At that point, Christina cancelled the appointment and informed Dr. Koladner that she could not treat Mia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Mia refuses to wear clothing she perceives as 100 tight. Her clothing is several sizes larger than a child her age and size would wear. She also only wears certain outfits (only dresses and specific kinds of shoes).

Christina later misrepresented her concerns about Dr. Koladner to Mitchell. She falsely claimed to Mitchell that she did not want to engage Dr. Koladner because she could not afford to pay Dr. Koladner's hourly rate of \$200 per hour, when in reality the treatments would have been covered under the insurance Mitchell provides, and/or Mitchell was willing to share in the costs. In reality, Christina would only secure treatment for Mia on Christina's terms. Mitchell believes that Christina was concerned about Dr. Koladner learning of Christina's bad acts (e.g., disparaging Mitchell and Amy in front of the children). Christina is too focused on protecting her own interests by hiding her abuse of Mia rather than seeking impartial treatment for Mia from a qualified provider.

Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow, Ph.D, but Christina has undermined that treatment. Christina selected Dr. Mishalow to assist Mia with her clothing issues. Mitchell separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Mishalow, paid his initial consultation fee of \$150, and consented to his treatment of Mia. Unfortunately, Mitchell has not been given a meaningful opportunity to participate in Mia's therapy. Christina schedules all of Mia's appointments without notifying Mitchell of the appointments. She has insisted that she sit in and attend all of Mia's appointments. Mitchell is concerned that Christina has tainted the evaluation and treatment process. Mitchell's only interest is the welfare of Mia and does not believe that Mia's emotional abuse by Christina is being properly evaluated and treated with Christina's demanding that she be present at every session with Mia.

To his credit, Dr. Mishalow has provided phone updates to Mitchell on Mia's progress, and he has advised Mitchell of Christina's admission that Mia's problems go far beyond clothing issues. Indeed, Christina has stated to Dr. Mishalow that Mia has emotional outbursts and anger management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Dr. Mishalow has indicated that Mia's clothing issues may be related to an obsessive compulsive disorder. In the event that Mia is diagnosed with this condition, Mitchell believes that it is being aggravated by the conduct of Christina. Children with this disorder may perform certain acts (or rituals) to address feelings of insecurity. These feelings of insecurity may be aggravated by Christina's alienation of the children from Mitchell.

issues, but Christina is coy about admitting that to Mitchell. Christina is more concerned about hiding the true reasons for Mia's problems than determining appropriate treatment for Mia's issues.

# B. Mitchell's Lack of Daily Contact Since the Most Recent Order has Exacrbated Mia's Problems

Mitchell used to visit both Mia and Ethan at school every day, and Mia looked forward to those visits. He can no longer do so (Christina's constant protests to school administrators about his visits likely caused them to stop the practice), and this has affected both children. Mia, for example, used to look forward to school, and delighted in sharing her daily events with Mitchell. Now, Mia, who attends school at Alexander Dawson, frequently communicates to Mitchell that she does not like school, that school is boring, and that she does not want to go to school anymore. These feelings are very different from her feelings of happiness expressed about attending Temple Beth Shalom last year when Mitchell was able to visit her every day.

Mitchell did not anticipate this change, or perhaps more importantly, did not anticipate the affect of the change upon Mia and Ethan. Mia has now become extremely reluctant to leave Mitchell. She cries and refuses to leave during each exchange back to Christina. Christina continuously fills Mia's head with notions that increase Mia's anxiety, such as advising her that she will have "a new daddy" and expressing her continued hatred of Mitchell's wife Amy, who she falsely blames for the break up of the parties' marriage. Mia needs more frequent and stable contact with Mitchell. A 5 year old should not be having the type of anxiety expressed by Mia, and the court should find the underlying cause of this problem through an impartial investigation by a trained and qualified forensic psychologist.

Mitchell strongly believes that Christina's anger toward Mitchell and his wife Amy are fueling Mia's problems. If the court has any doubt about Christina's feelings toward Mitchell and Amy, the court can review her motion for primary physical custody filed December 17, 2008 in which she spends the bulk of the brief trashing Mitchell and his family. Indeed, the court may recall that it had to

admonish Christina (a licensed attorney) at the hearing of February 24, 2009 to stop her angry and agitated behavior. The court's admonishments to Christina that she needed to move on from her anger have fallen on deaf ears. As evidenced in Christina's recent writings, she is still intent on personal attacks against Mitchell, Amy and his family and has no ability to control her behavior in communication with Mitchell, or her communication with the children.

C. Mitchell is Now Always Available to Care for the Children, a Substantial Change in the Circumstances that Existed at Both the Time of the Entry of the Decree and the Mediated Settlement.

Mitchell has, for all intents and purposes, retired. He has sufficient means to provide for his family through investments, and it is his desire to ensure that he is always available to care for the children. This fact constitutes a material change that can substantially and positively affect the welfare of the children by his further contact with them.

Mitchell's work hours have continually decreased since the time of the entry of the Decree. At the time of the entry of the Decree, Mitchell was the Chief Operating Officer and General Counsel for Plise Development & Construction, LLC ("PLISE"), which is owned and/or controlled by William Plise. PLISE became insolvent as a result of the real estate and global credit crisis of 2008. Mitchell resigned his position at PLISE in July of 2008, formed MSJM Advisors with James Moore, and MSJM Advisors entered into consulting arrangements with PLISE and its affiliates. Mitchell's workload at MSJM Advisors required no more than 20 hours per week, he had absolute control over his schedule, and he worked primarily from his residence.

MSJM Advisors' work with PLISE ended in December of 2008; however, MSJM Advisors continued providing consulting services to certain former partners of Mr. Plise who acquired control and ownership of the eight-story office building that is part of Rainbow Sunset Pavilion located on the northwest corner of Rainbow Boulevard and Sunset Road in Las Vegas, Nevada. This consulting

arrangement ended when the building was substantially complete in October of 2009. MSJM Advisors has no other clients or work.

Over the last couple of months, Mitchell has evaluated his career opportunities. Mitchell has concluded that none of these opportunities will provide the personal fulfillment he desires by devoting his time to his family (specifically raising his children). Therefore, Mitchell has decided not to return to work, and he is now always available to the children. Mitchell's decision not to work will not affect his ability to meet his obligations (including paying \$2,000 per month for the support of his children), and Mitchell is not seeking to change his support obligations through this motion. Unfortunately, Christina will not modify the current timeshare arrangement to provide Mitchell more time, something that Mia would substantially benefit from now that she cannot see Mitchell daily.

III.

## THE COURT SHOULD CONFIRM THE PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS

The parties agreed in the MSA that they would have joint physical custody of the children. The terms and conditions of the MSA were incorporated into the Decree except where changed by the SAO. Since the parties entered into the SAO, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its new opinion in *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34, 216 P.3d 213 (2009), modifying the definition of joint physical custody it had expressed in its first *Rivero* opinion that the parties were operating under when negotiating their resolution.

Under Rivero II, the terms of a parties' custody arrangement will control except when the parties move the Court to modify the custody arrangement. 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 at 22. In that circumstance, the court must apply the definitions of custody set forth in Rivero II. Essentially, the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The SAO did not change the custody status of the children.

 court must review the parties' custody arrangement under the "40% annually" standard that the court prescribed in that case.

Under the formula in *Rivero II*, joint physical custody is defined as a party having a child in his or her "physical custody" approximately three days per week. *Rivero II*, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34-35. Mitchell's current timeshare arrangement with the children provides him normal visitation with the children weekends from 6:00 p.m. on Fridays until 6:00 p.m. on Sundays except as follows: (1) on the first weekend of the month, Christina has the right to have the children on the weekend in which case Mitchell's time is Wednesday at 6:00 p.m. until Friday at 6:00 p.m.; and (2) on the second and fourth weekends of the month, Mitchell's weekend visitation begins on Thursdays at 6:00 p.m. Thus, Mitchell has the children in his physical custody all or part of three or four days each week.

The fact that Mitchell has the children in his physical custody only six hours on some of those days is irrelevant under the Rivero II criteria. The Rivero II court stated:

In calculating the time during which a party has physical custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child resided with the party, and during which the party made the day-to-day decisions regarding the child. The district court should not focus on, for example, the exact number of hours the child was in the care of the parent, whether the child was sleeping, or whether the child was in the care of a third-party caregiver or spent time with a friend or relative during the period of time in question

125 Nev. Adv. Op. 28-29 [Emphasis added]. On these days (like all other times Mitchell has visitation with the children), he provides for their supervision, they reside at his home, and he makes day-to-day decisions regarding activities, clothing, food, bathing, and sleep.

Thus, because the parties continue to share joint physical custody under the Rivero II formula.

Mitchell's request for modification of the current timeshare must be reviewed under the criteria applicable to that timeshare. Specifically, Mitchell must show that the change in the custody

<sup>\*</sup> The MSA and SAO use the term "normal visitation" to describe visitation that is not holiday or vacation visitation.

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 arrangement is in the children's best interest. NRS 125.510(2); Truax v. Truax, 110 Nev. 437, 438-39, 874 P.2d 10, 11 (1994).

IV.

# A MODIFICATION OF THE CURRENT TIMESHARE, AND A CUSTODY ASSESSMENT, IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILDREN

## A. The Court Should Order an Assessment of the Minor Children

Mia is 5 years old, and Ethan is 2.5 years old. While it has only been approximately 4 months since the parties signed the SAO. Christina's constant disparagement of Mitchell has had a significant impact on Mia. This time period is crucial in the children's development. Much of the early years of life are spent in the creation of a child's first "sense of self" or the building of a first identity. This is a crucial part of the children's makeup—how they first see themselves, how they think they should function, and how they expect others to function in relation to them. If the children do not receive sufficient parental interaction during this crucial period, or receive a warped view of the role of the parents, it may leave the children with a developmental deficit that hampers their success in life. The children must receive positive attention and affection from both of their parents to develop in a healthy manner. Mitchell believes that an assessment of the parties' relative interaction with the children will demonstrate that Christina's conscious and unconscious undermining of the children's relationship with Mitchell and his family is harming the best interest of the children, and causing Mia's emotional problems.

The SAO entered by this Court provided Mitchell more visitation time; however, the SAO was a compromise reached by the parties in mediation after a nearly eighteen (18) month long dispute, eight (8) months of which were in litigation. Settlements are by their nature imperfect and cannot be viewed as representative of the desired results of the parties. There were no winners between the parties, but the children appear to be the only losers. The SAO reflects the <u>maximum</u> time Christina was willing to give

Mitchell and the minimum time Mitchell was willing to accept at the time without the financial and emotional cost and expense of continued litigation. The reality of the situation is that Christina did not want to provide Mitchell any additional time, and Mitchell wanted equal time. Both compromised, and with that compromise, Mitchell expected Christina to cooperate with Mitchell as a co-parent without the bitterness, anger, and hostility that existed from the time of their divorce. Mitchell did not anticipate that Christina would continue emotionally abusing Mia and the impact on Mia would be so severe.

Mitchell believes that the continued emotional abuse by Christina of Mia and the resulting impact on Mia is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and significant anger management problems. The problems are severe enough that both Christina and Mitchell believe that Mia requires the assistance of a mental health service provider. Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Mishalow; however, Mitchell does not have a significant role in the treatment and Christina's interests are not aligned with Mia. It is impossible for Mia to be fully and fairly evaluated when Christina controls the appointments and interferes in the sessions. The fact that Mia communicates to Mitchell that Christina says he is a cheater, that Amy stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not Mitchell, that Christina hates Amy, and that the men that Christina dates will be Mia's new dad may only be the tip of the iceberg in terms of the abuse. Mitchell believes that more time with Mia (and Ethan) will provide the necessary stable and positive influence in the children's lives that they so desperately need. Mitchell intends to use the additional time with Mia to deal with her mood swings and anger management issues beyond treatment and to prevent any such problems with Ethan.

Mia is also having significant difficulty adjusting to her new school. Mitchell is not permitted to visit Mia (or Ethan) at school on a daily basis as he has done so in the past. The children expected Mitchell to visit them when they started school in August of this year. Christina has also aggravated Mia's circumstances by communicating to Mia that Mitchell was trying to force her to attend full days

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when Mia really only wanted to attend half days. Christina is less concerned with co-parenting with Mitchell and more concerned with reprising her role as the victim divorcee who selflessly devotes hed life to her children. This role is manufactured and is far from the truth. Christina's conduct of blaming Mitchell for forcing Mia to attend school full days (which caused Mia to be angry and upset) and lobbying school officials to prevent Mitchell from visiting the children at school reflects the kind of parent Christina really is: Christina puts her needs before the children. This conduct has severe consequences on Mia's welfare.

#### B. The Best Interests of the Children are Served by a Modification of the Current Timeshare

Virtually all psychological studies of post divorce child rearing suggest that the parents' ability to cooperate after divorce is the single most important factor in the children's well being.

High-conflict harms children whether it originates with the parents or is fueled by others in the adversarial system. The level and intensity of parental conflict is now thought to be the most important factor in a child's postdivorce adjustment and single best predictor of a poor outcome. Highly conflicted custody cases disrupt and distort the development of children, placing them at risk for depression and mental disorders, educational failure, alienation from parents, and substance abuse.

Paradigm Shifts and Pendulum Swings in Child Custody, Family Law Quarterly, Vol. 42, No. 3, Fall 2008, page 388. The Nevada Legislature and the Nevada Supreme Court have progressively moved toward an environment that recognizes that the post divorce involvement of both parents is an essential element of the welfare of the children. In 1981, the Nevada legislature enacted NRS 125.460 in which it stated that the express policy of the state of Nevada to ensure that minor children have "frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents", and that "both parents share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." The Nevada Supreme Court later found that the enactment of NRS 125.460 was a "remarkable historical event," because "throughout most history legislatures and courts have been blind to the reality that most children are in most cases much better off, after their parents separate, if they can continue to have two parents rather than only one." Mosley v. Figliuzzi, 113 Nev.

51, 62, 930 P.2d 1110, 1117 (1997). In Mosley v. Figliuzzi, the Nevada Supreme Court eloquently expressed the broader meaning of the policy underlying NRS 125.460:

The realization that children are better off with both parents has been a long time in coming. Throughout most child-custody litigation in the past, the child was "awarded" to one parent or the other; one parent "won" custody, and the other "lost." In either case, the child lost because the child was in many cases unnecessarily deprived of one parent. Courts, until recently, seem to have been unable to grasp the rather simple fact that most children have two loving parents and are entitled to the love of both — to the greatest extent possible — in the event that the two parents decide not to live together in one household.

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There is presently a broad political and scientific consensus that children do better when they have two actively involved parents. By encouraging 'frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents' and by enacting the joint custody preference statute our legislature was recognizing the importance of encouraging family preservation after separation and divorce and the vital necessity for maintaining both paternal and maternal influences on children to the greatest extent possible. The legislature has recognized that the key to preserving the 'best interests' of the child lies in accepting the principle that it is not necessary for the courts, in child custody decrees, to perform a 'parentectomy.'

113 Nev. at 63-64. (citations omitted).

The following is an analysis of the factors listed under NRS 125.480 as required as part of the court's consideration of the "best interests" of the children:

(a) The wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his custody.

The children are not of sufficient age to have a controlling view of their custodial relationship; however, the children's preferences should not be disregarded. Mia has complained to Mitchell and his wife Amy that she does not get to spend enough time with them, that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has expressed these preferences on a regular basis but more frequently starting in August of 2009. These feelings have been exacerbated by the fact that Mitchell is no longer permitted to visit the children at school and with Christina's emotional

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 abuse of Mia. The children are very emotional when Mitchell informs them that his visitation time with them is over on Sunday nights and they have to return to Christina's home. Mia often cries uncontrollably when told she has to return to Christina's house. Mia has also expressed anger on multiple occasions that Christina will not allow her to stay longer because "rules are the rules and we cannot change them."

Attached, as Exhibit B is the Affidavit of Megan Stipp who is Mitchell's sister and with whom Mitchell assigns the primary responsibility of picking up and dropping off the children during Mitchell's visitation to avoid conflicts with Christina and her family members. As Megan's affidavit demonstrates, Mia is extremely happy when Megan picks up the children at Christina's house but is extremely sad and often cries in the car when she returns the children to Christina. When the children arrive at Christina's house, many times Mia does not want to get out of the car and often fights and struggles with Christina and her relatives. The children are clearly suffering as a result of the current timeshare arrangement and will only benefit if Mitchell has equal time with them. The children have never expressed to Mitchell while in his care that they wanted to go to Christina's home (or did not want to be with him), or that they wanted to spend more time with Christina and less time with Mitchell.

- (b) Any nomination by a parent or a guardian for the child.

  Not applicable.
- (c) Which parent is more likely to allow the child to have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with the noncustodial parent.

Again, one only needs to view Christina's actions in this matter, her attempt to continuously limit Mitchell's time with the children, and her repeatedly stated hatred of Mitchell and his wife Amy to understand that she does not intend to foster a relationship between Mitchell and the children.

Mitchell has provided in Subsection (d) below an email in which Christina simply "goes off" on Mitchell after he had sent her a reply email regarding the children's telephone communication.

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the non-custodial parent and the children by placing at least one (1) telephone call per day. Neither party has complied with the terms of this provision. While seemingly a good idea, the presence of this provision in the SAO has granted Christina continued opportunities to harass Mitchell and his wife Amy in front of Mia. Indeed, within weeks of reaching that agreement, Christina began to create conflict by refusing to permit the children to speak to his wife Amy (who happens to be the children's stepmother) on the telephone and disconnecting the calls if Amy spoke to the children during Mitchell's calls (even if the children asked to speak to her). Furthermore, Christina would attempt compliance with the letter of the agreement but ignore the spirit by placing calls when the children were otherwise preoccupied (e.g., watching favorite television

program, immediately before guests arrived, dinner, or snack time, or when one of the children was sleeping) so that the children would immediately want to end the call or would not participate meaningfully in the conversation, and placing calls from various phone numbers, blocked telephone identification numbers and after hours with the expectation that Mitchell would not answer. Mitchell would return all messages left by the children or call back if calls were disconnected, but Christina would never accept Mitchell's calls or have the children return his messages even when he called back multiple times (in some instances less than 30 seconds after missing a call or a call was disconnected). Many times Christina or her family members caring for the children would disconnect the calls in the middle of Mitchell's conversation with the children.

The issue of forcing the children to call the non-custodial parent became overly burdensome given Christina's bad intentions and gamesmanship. Mitchell ultimately reasoned that neither party should force the children to call the other parent, but that each should facilitate specific requests by the children to speak to the other. On each occasion when the children have asked to call Christina

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 Mitchell placed the call, and Mitchell has taught Mia how to use the phone and Christina's telephone number. If the children do not connect with Christina, he tries her again and always answers Christina's return telephone calls. Christina, on the other hand, does not place calls to Mitchell for the children any longer, and Mitchell has only spoken to the children once on the phone in several weeks (which did not even include Mia's birthday on October 19, 2009).

Mitchell attempted to communicate his position to Christina via email. The emails started cordially, but Christina erupted almost immediately when Mitchell requested that she refrain from making inappropriate comments to the children. The tone of Christina's emails (quoted below) are a perfect representation of why she cannot facilitate, and refuses to permit, frequent associations between Mitchell and the children.

#### (d) The level of conflict between the parents.

The level of conflict between the parents is high. This Court should simply review the previous pleadings in this matter to understand that Christina is a bitter, angry and hostile person. She still cannot deal with the damage to her pride caused by the parties' divorce and Mitchell's remarriage, and so she has sought to minimize his role as a parent through personal attacks and emotional abuse of the children. Below is a series of emails exchanged by and between Mitchell and Christina during August 1, 2009 through August 3, 2009 (a little over a month after the parties entered into the SAO) which demonstrates Christina's continued bitterness, anger and hostility toward Mitchell and his wife, Amy, and the emotional impact on Mia:

# On Saturday, August 1, 2009 at 10:18 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a> wrote:

Mitchell,

As I emailed you earlier today to remind you, I did not receive a telephone call from our children today. I waited all day. As you know, according to the agreement we reached on July 8, 2009, and submitted to the Court as a Stipulation and Order, you are obligated to facilitate at least one call to me when the children are in your care, as they are today.

I hope that your deliberate violation is not a continuation of the venom and hostility you unleashed at me and my attorneys yesterday. Please note that when the children are in my care, I always make sure that they call you. I simply ask that you reciprocate, as you are now legally required to do.

How are our children?

--Christina

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# On Sunday, August 2, 2009 at 10:39 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

I did not receive an email from you on Saturday other than the one attached below. With respect to the telephone call, I asked if the children wanted to call you and they declined. I have made it clear before that I will not force them to call you.

I also thought you should know that Mia was very upset on Friday. She informed me that you were going on a date and that the unidentified man was going to be her "new dad." She was very confused and extremely sad. I hope you understand that putting these things in Mia's head only hurt her feelings.

# On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 1:53 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a> wrote:

Mitchell,

With respect to your comments about my personal life, please keep them to yourself from now on. Mia is apparently intensely insecure about the possibility of me dating and then quickly marrying another person, NOT because I tell her these things, but because THAT'S WHAT YOU DID TO HER WITH AMY.

You brought Amy, with whom you had been having an affair during our marriage, into our marital bed and shared it with Mia less than 1 month after I had moved out of our family home. Mia was shocked that "Daddy's friend from work" was spending the night in Mommy's bed. Amy then moved all her clothes into Mia's Mommy's closet less than 2-3 months after Mommy moved out. All this when Amy was still married to another man. THEN, if that wasn't enough, Mia's Daddy ran off and quickly married Amy less than 7 months after Mommy moved out, all without telling Mia or Ethan beforehand, and without ever giving them the chance to be part of what should have been a "family" ceremony for them.

Given this history, isn't it clear to you where Mia's fears come from? Mia saw me dressed up on Friday night and came to her own conclusions about me and a date. Sadly, from your email to me, it appears that she is traumatized by her father's break up of her family and actions in introducing someone new into the home in record time, all directly contrary to what our family counselor told you and all manner of studies say is healthy for children of divorce.

These are the consequences of your infidelity and continuing poor judgment. Amy wasn't the first; she was just the last. Instead of falsely accusing me of wrongdoing, look at yourself in the mirror next time and continue with your psychiatric help. It is clear that you need it.

#### --Christina

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# On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 2:45 PM, Mitchell Stipp <a href="mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com">mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com</a> wrote:

You have my position on the issue. If the children want to speak to you, I will facilitate the call and dial your number. This will be my last email on this issue.

# On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 3:05 PM, Mitchell Stipp <a href="mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com">mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com</a> wrote:

Your allegations are false. They are simply assumptions based on your insecurity and apparently never ending investigation into the "truth." What did your investigation find? Here is the truth: You asked for a divorce; we got one; I married somebody that I love; and You hate your lonely pathetic life. Your perception is warped. It is very clear from your email who is hurting the children. Mia is well adjusted to the changes in my life and loves Amy very much. She is not traumatized by my relationship with her. She appears only to be affected by your actions and feelings regarding Amy. Mia is very smart and communicates regularly your hatred and hostility toward Amy. I think a child assessment would demonstrate these facts (which is why you did not want it). I welcome it. I have nothing to hide. I am not the crazy one. You may have Pee Wee Herman (Shawn "Super" Gaystein) fooled, but no sane person believes that you are mentally stable. This is also my last email on this issue.

# On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 3:49 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a> wrote:9

#### Mitchell.

You are a deeply insecure and intensely co-dependent pathetic little man. You always were, I just wanted to believe otherwise. Money will never make up for your insecurities. You can only feel good about yourself by putting down other people down, including my attorneys for some insane and unprovoked reason. You have always had a Napoleon/Willow complex and have always been the negative one about every little thing in your life even though you were truly blessed to have met and been with me for so long.

What you say about Mia is false. I have to deal with her questions on a daily basis, questions no 4-year-old should have to ask or wonder about like: Are you going to marry Dada again? Did you know he wears two rings, one for you and one for Amy? Amy

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Christina asserts in this email that she is forced to answer questions from Mia like "Why did Amy leave her husband?" Please see infra footnote 4. The only person that would have communicated to Mia that she was previously married is Christina.

says she's sorry about what she did. Why did Dada marry Army? Why did Army leave her husband? If Dada married you and then she chose Army, who is next?

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You only want an evaluation so that you can continue to mentally abuse Mia and Ethan. You want it so that you can try to rewrite history to anyone who will listen. This isn't 1984. No one believes your lies anymore.

No one believes that you moved on with your secretary "after" our divorce, no matter how many times you say it, just as no one believes that she is with you for any reason other than your bank account.

My investigation revealed this: That my husband was unfaithful and spent what should have been family time chasing women he couldn't even pay to overlook his physical and mental inadequacies. You settled on an uneducated, trashy cheater just like yourself. The daughter of an alcoholic who traded in her devoted blue collar husband for her attorney boss. A man that courted her by spitting gum at her on his way past her office and giving her a Cartier watch and a \$7500 cash bonus for Christmas for her "services."

It is clear that you throw Amy at the children and vice versa because you fear that like you did to me, and she did to James, she will dump your ass as soon as the next best indecent proposal comes her way. Maybe you feel that having her next to you like velcro and ingratiated into the lives of our children will prevent her from leaving. Guess what? She will.

You bought Heather, the leasing coordinator who preceded Amy, a brand new BMW, but she dumped your ass anyway in favor of her felon live-in boyfriend (not to be confused with the estranged husband she had that you paid Paul Lemcke to get her divorced from). She wasn't even a U.S. citizen and had a criminal record. She and her boyfriend told me that you wouldn't stop calling her even after she let you go. You finally did when the felon threatened to kick your ass, which he should have done.

Then there was Pamela, your buddy Jon Field's sloppy seconds. She was a stripper at the Rhino who loved your relation\$\$\$hip until you probably maxed out your credit cards on her. But that didn't stop you from calling her 20 times a day for three months.

Then there were the Redstone grille/Sammy's/Kobe sushi/Starbucks waitresses who always seemed to go for your taller, charming and sexier boss over you. Can you blame them? I don't.

So what did you wind up with after I caught your pathetic phone call to Amy, your subordinate employee, complaining about why she didn't answer your weekend calls and asking whether she fucked her own husband or not after your tiff with her??? You got yourself the uneducated daughter of an alcoholic. Mexican trash from Texas looking to snag herself a rich man to put her through the prestigious University of Phoenix. This when you cry about not wanting to pay for your own children's preschool.

Looks like you're the real winner here. :-) You may not be "alone," but let me tell you something, you will always be lonely and so will she, because you are both terrible,

empty people. Indecent home wreckers who deserve each other and the misery you will both bring to each other.

Trust me. I can buy myself a male Amy. They are a dime a dozen out here. I'm sure Amy considers marriage to you as just a promotion. At first she was "only" getting 80k a year (straight out of high school) to be your "secretary." The nominal sum you criticize Shawn for making. Now she gets half of your \$\$\$ in exchange for providing the same services. Can you blame her for jumping ship? Not in your sick world you can't.

It's funny how you say one thing in writing but another in person when she's not around, like how incredibly unhappy you are with her, how you regret your actions and misdeeds towards me and how you think about them every day of your life.

You should think about it. You lost the best thing, besides our children, that will ever happen to you. You never deserved me. No one thought so, it just took me a while to see it too. And as for having a "lonely, pathetic life," only you would say or wish such a thing. I have never been happier to be free from the torture of being around you. Divorce liberated me from what would have been a lifetime of pain and misery. Hallelujah!

(See emails collectively attached as Exhibit C hereto).

Christina's own words represent an intense need to insult Mitchell and his wife Amy and demonstrate the merit of Mitchell's concerns about her improper statements and behavior toward the children, particularly Mia. Christina's reaction to Mitchell's email completely ignores Mitchell's concern about the emotional impact upon Mia. Mia's conclusion that Christina's date was going to be her "new dad" likely came from Christina, and if it did not, Christina could have assured Mitchell that she would talk to Mia when she returned home and explain to her that it was not the case. Instead, Christina told Mitchell to mind his own business and unleashed an unprovoked attack on Mitchell and Amy while at the same time asserting that Mitchell was the hostile one and in need of psychological help.

Christina's personal feelings about the parties' divorce continue to affect her and the children.

Mitchell requests that the court direct the parties to a plan granting each equal time and frequent associations with the children so that he can better address the problems Christina's actions and words

are causing Mia. Moreover, the court should direct an assessment under which a forensic psychologist can get to the bottom of the emotional problems that Mia is exhibiting.

#### (e) The ability of the parents to cooperate to meet the needs of the child.

Mitchell has done everything he can do to cooperate with Christina on issues affecting the children; however, Christina insists on complete control of parenting matters and often disregards Mitchell's input or suggestions and/or uses the children to attack Mitchell when he fails to agree or otherwise asserts his opinion.

Mia is being treated by Dr. Mishalow for clothing and anger management issues. Mitchell has participated in the process of engaging Dr. Mishalow, but Christina has excluded Mitchell from Mia's treatment. Christina is likely the source of Mia's emotional issues and is not the proper person to facilitate Mia's treatment.

Mitchell regularly communicates to Christina any healthcare matters affecting the children while the children are in his care and responds to all of Christina's emails regarding the same. Mitchell has actively participated in the process of selecting schools for the children for the next school year. Attached as Exhibit D is the email correspondence by and between Mitchell and Christina (including correspondence with Mia's school) regarding health and school matters affecting the children.

## (f) The mental and physical health of the parents.

Christina's continued bitterness, anger and hostility may suggest psychological problems. As part of any assessment of the problems Mia is suffering, it is likely that the parties will be psychologically tested, and Mitchell would welcome such examination to determine the extent of Christina's hostility, and its effect on the children.

## (g) The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

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Mitchell's consistent and regular contact with the parties' very young children is supported, again, by virtually all psychological studies, which studies uniformly suggest that contact between parents and young children be frequent and meaningful, and include overnights. See, e.g., the comprehensive study of the body of psychological data on infants and toddlers found in Family and Conciliation Courts Review; Los Angeles Jul 2000 Joan B Kelly; Michael E Lamb; Volume: 38 Issue: 3: 297-311, Sage Publications. ISSN: 1047569. Under the current timeshare plan, Mitchell is now precluded from seeing the children for several days at a time. He no longer is permitted to visit them while at school, and he does not have any communication with the children while they are in the care of Christina. It is since that regular contact ended that Mia has begun to show the ill effects of Christina's actions and words.

## (h) The nature of the relationship of the child with each parent.

The children both have a loving and warm relationship with Mitchell and seemingly with Christina; however, Mia is starting to appreciate the emotional trauma Christina has caused her. Mia recently told Mitchell that she wanted to "punch her mother in the face." Mitchell does not believe that this type of directed anger, and the accompanying histrionics, are normal for a 5 year old. The court needs to investigate and develop a better understanding of the root of these issues.

- (i) The ability of the child to maintain a relationship with any sibling.

  Neither party is suggesting that the children be split; however, Mitchell and his wife, Amy, are planning to have children and would like the children to have a significant role in their lives.
- (j) Any history of parental abuse or neglect of the child or a sibling of the child.

  None; however, Mitchell believes that Christina's alienation of the children from Mitchell constitutes emotional abuse. Christina's behavior has not changed since the parties' divorce or after the SAO.

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(k) Whether either parent or any other person seeking custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child.

Mitchell has not engaged in any act of domestic violence; however, Christina continues to harass Mitchell and his wife, Amy, and emotionally abuse the children.

As can been seen from an application of the appropriate factors, there is adequate basis on the issue of Mitchell's request for additional time (an equal timeshare) with the children, and a child custody assessment. Mitchell believes that Mia's emotional issues arise from Christina's undisguised hatred of Mitchell and Amy, but regardless of the parties positions on that issue, the fact remains that a 5 year old is acting in a manner that both parties believe requires her to attend therapy. The court should intervene and make efforts to determine the root of the problem, and enter its orders in the best interest of the children.

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## **CONCLUSION**

Based upon the foregoing, Mitchell requests that this court:

- 1. Confirm the parties' status as joint physical custodians;
- 2. Modify the timeshare of the children to grant the parties equal time and more frequent associations with the children; and,
- 3. Order a child custody assessment to determine the root of the parties' children's emotional problems.

DATED this 29th day of October 2009.

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADEORDJ. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

(702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Defendant Mitchell D. Stipp

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## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT" on this 29<sup>th</sup> day of October 2009, to all interested parties as follows:

- BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;
- BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;
- BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below;
- BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

James J. Jimmerson, Esq. and Shawn M. Goldstein, Esq. 415 S. Sixth Street #100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Fax: 702-387-1167 Attorneys for Plaintiff

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

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# MOTION EXHIBIT "A"

#### AFFIDAVIT OF MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

STATE OF NEVADA	)
	) ss
COUNTY OF CLARK	}

I, MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- 1. That I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein, and I am competent to testify thereto. I am the Defendant in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D08-389203-Z in the Eighth Judicial District Court, State of Nevada. I submit this affidavit in support of my Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Joint Timeshare Arrangement.
- 2. Christina Calderon-Stipp ("Christina") and I have two children, Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), born October 19, 2004, and Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), born March 24, 2007. The Eighth Judicial Court for the State of Nevada (the "Court") entered our Decree of Divorce on March 6, 2008 (the "Decree") upon our joint petition for divorce filed in February of 2008. The Decree incorporates the terms and conditions of our marital settlement agreement entered into and dated as of February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). From the date of the entry of the Decree in March of 2008 until December of 2008, a period of approximately ten (10) months, I tried to obtain without litigation more visitation time with the children. Christina refused to provide me more time and instead filed a motion to confirm her as the primary physical custodian on December 17, 2008, even after I made a request for and the Court ordered mediation in December of 2008. I vigorously opposed Christina's motion and filed a countermotion seeking additional time with the children. We attended mediation and no resolution

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Christina did not seek to move out of state, she did not seek to alter the timeshare arrangement, and she did not seek to alter my child support obligations, which are the instances in which the status of physical custody matter.

occurred. The Court denied our motions at a hearing held on February 24, 2009 during which the Court indicated that I should have more time with the children. I later filed a motion for reconsideration or in the alternative a motion to modify the timeshare arrangement on April 27, 2009. At the hearing on my motion held on June 4, 2009, the Court again ordered us to attend mediation. We attended mediation and modified the terms of the MSA through a stipulation and order signed on July 8, 2009 and entered by the Court on August 7, 2009 ("SAO"). Under the MSA and SAO, Christina and I have joint physical custody of the children. However, since we entered into the SAO, Nevada law regarding physical custody has changed. Christina and I never intended to have custody of the children other than as joint physical custodians. I also never expected the definition of "joint physical custody" to change at the time I signed the SAO which now unfairly imposes upon me additional legal burdens that previously failed to exist in order to change the current visitation schedule.

3. Christina's bad acts have likely caused Mia to suffer emotional trauma.<sup>2</sup> Mia only recently began to show signs of this trauma as severe mood swings and emotional outbursts or meltdowns. I believe this behavior is the result of Christina's continued attempts to alienate the children from me. Even after we entered into the SAO, Mia continued to tell me that Christina still says I am a cheater, that Amy Stipp ("Amy"), my wife and the children's stepmother, stole me away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not me,<sup>3</sup> that Christina hates Amy, and that any man that Christina dates will be Mia's new dad. I believe that Christina continues to communicate these items

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mia shows signs of emotional trauma: however, the source of Mia's trauma has not been determined by a qualified psychologist.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Amy was previously married to James Upp. Amy and I never communicated this fact to Mia. There is absolutely no reason why we would ever do so. However, Mia knows the name of Amy's ex-husband and continuously asks Amy and me about "James."

(and likely others) to Mia to harass Amy and I using Mia as a tool. Mia now also regularly reports to Amy and I that Christina often shows her wedding pictures of Christina and me when we were married.

- 4. When Mia confronts Amy or me with these items described in paragraph 3 above, which occurs almost every visitation period since Christina and me entered into the SAO, Amy and I try to explain them to Mia to the extent appropriate. Amy and I tell Mia that I am not a cheater, that I was married to Christina but now am married to Amy, that Amy and I like Christina and that Christina really does like Amy, that Christina is a good person and loves Mia very much, that Amy was married before to "James" but now she is married to me, and that I am her dad but may be some day she will have a stepdad if Christina re-marries. Mia often refuses to accept these explanations provided by Amy and me. She will become argumentative and will say that "you are wrong, "that is not true" and "you are lying."
- 5. These discussions described in paragraph 4 above all have been initiated by Mia without warning. Since Christina and I entered into the SAO, Mia has been swimming in the pool, driving in the car, using the toilet in the bathroom stall of a department store, or finishing a bath, and out of no where confront Amy and me with these alleged "truths" that Mia communicates Christina told her. By the end of such a discussion, Mia instantly transforms into an out of control child. Mia will grind her teeth and growl, clench her fists, and shake her arms and head violently. I deal with these meltdowns by embracing her and telling her that I love her and not to be mad until she eventually begins to cry uncontrollably. These episodes sometimes last as long as thirty (30) or forty-five (45) minutes. Many times afterwards Mia is physically exhausted and will lie down in her bed, on the couch, or fall asleep in her car seat.

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б. Since the SAO, Christina observed that Mia has issues that she believed required mental health services. At the time, she only communicated to me that Mia had clothing issues. communicated to me that she wanted Mia to see a mental health provider. I recognized this same problem and agreed that Mia needed an evaluation (which I had expected would also identify Mia's emotional trauma). Christina provided to me the names of referrals she obtained to consider for Mia's treatment and began scheduling appointments to interview the therapists. The first appointment she scheduled was with Melissa Koladner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC, a child/adolescent psychologist. separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Koladner, paid \$200 for the initial consultation, and approved her to treat Mia. At the meeting, Dr. Koladner informed me that Christina also approved of her and that I could now schedule an appointment for Mia. After the meeting, Dr. Koladner contacted Christina to inform her that I consented to Mia's treatment and that I scheduled Mia's first appointment. According to Dr. Koladner, Christina was irate. Dr. Koladner communicated to me that Christina would not permit her to evaluate Mia unless Christina alone could accompany Mia to the appointment and also be present in the evaluation room. Dr. Koladner informed me that she communicated to Christina that it was immaterial who accompanied Mia to the appointment, that she wanted to evaluate Mia without the presence of either parent, and that I already scheduled an appointment for Mia during her next available time (which happened to occur on the day Mia would be in my care). At that point, Christina cancelled the appointment and according to Dr. Koladner told her that she could not treat Mia. Christina lated emailed me that she did not want to engage Dr. Koladner because she could not afford to pay Dr.

<sup>\*</sup> Mia refuses to wear clothing she perceives as too tight. Her clothing is several sizes larger than a child her age and size would wear. She also only wears certain outfits (only dresses and specific kinds of shoes).

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Koladner's hourly rate of \$200 per hour. 5 It is clear that Christina would only secure treatment for Mia on her terms. Mitchell believes that Christina was concerned about Dr. Koladner learning of Christina's bad acts (e.g., disparaging Mitchell and Amy in front of the children). Christina is too focused on protecting her own interests rather than seeking treatment for Mia from a qualified provider which is in the best interests of Mia.

- Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow, Ph.D. Christina selected Dr. 7. Mishalow to assist Mia with her clothing issues.<sup>6</sup> I separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Mishalow, paid his initial consultation fee of \$150, and consented to his treatment of Mia Unfortunately, I have not been given a meaningful opportunity to participate in Mia's therapy. Christina schedules all of Mia's appointments; however, Dr. Mishalow has spent little to no time evaluating Mia without the presence of Christina. I have been provided telephonic updates from Dr. Mishalow regarding Mia's progress (including the fact that Christina has communicated to Dr. Mishalow that Mia has anger management issues); however, I am concerned that Christina has tainted the evaluation and treatment process and that the existence of Mia's emotional trauma will not be uncovered and treated My only interest is the welfare of Mia, and I do not believe that Mia's mental health issues are being properly evaluated and treated with Christina's exclusive control of the process.
- Both Mia and Ethan attend pre-school. Mia attends Alexander Dawson and Ethan 8. attends Temple Beth Shalom ("TBS") for the 2009-2010 school year. During the 2008-2009 school year, I visited the children on a daily basis at pre-school for approximately one (1) hour each day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> I pay for medical insurance for the children and have not asked Christina to reimburse me for the premiums. Mia's treatments would be covered by insurance. I am also willing to pay directly for these costs and expenses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Dr. Mishalow has indicated to me that Mia's clothing issues may be related to an obsessive compulsive disorder. In the event that Mia is diagnosed with this condition. I believe that such a condition may be aggravated by the bad conduct of Christina.

value daily contact with the children and the children enjoyed seeing me everyday. At the time, both Mia and Ethan attended TBS and their teachers and administration welcomed my attendance and participation. Unfortunately, the teachers and administration at TBS and Alexander Dawson do not permit me to have daily visits. Christina vehemently objected to me visiting the children while at school during the 2008-2009 school year, and I believe that Christina has influenced the teachers and administrators at Alexander Dawson to adopt her view and in the case of TBS change their position. In fact, since the start of the school year at the end of August of 2009, I have not been able to visit the children while at school. Furthermore, Christina does not permit me to have visitation with the children other than as set forth in the current timeshare arrangement. Therefore, under these circumstances, I no longer have daily visitation with the children and the children are suffering as a result of it (especially Mia). Mia frequently communicates to me that she does not like school, that school is boring, and that she does not want to go to school anymore. These feelings are very different than her feelings of happiness expressed about attending TBS last year when I was able to visit her every day.

9. Christina asserts control over all matters related to the children's school. According to Christina, Mia apparently expressed a desire to attend school full days rather than half days for the current school year. I supported the idea if Mia wanted to attend. Christina allowed Mia to attend full days with the school's permission on a trail basis for a few days. According to Christina, Mia's teachers informed Christina that Mia did well and that they recommended to Christina that Mia make the transition to full days. At that time, Christina contacted me to inquire whether I would pay one-half (1/2) of the increased costs of tuition and set a deadline for my response. I timely responded and offered to pay one-half (1/2) of the amount. After doing so, Christina communicated to me that Mia changed her mind over the weekend and that she would not be making the transition. As far as I knew, Mia did well during the days she attended full time, and the school recommended to Christina to make the

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transition. Christina did not communicate to me that she had any reservations or issues with Mia attending school full time. Accordingly, I told Christina not to wait but immediately enroll Mia full time. Later in the week, Mia called me and informed me that she was mad at me because Christina told her that I was forcing her to go to school full time and that she did not want to go. Why kind of parent would tell a child this? Mia was already having difficult adjusting to school and believed that I was forcing her to attend school for even more time.

- simply ignored at the time but inappropriately forwarded to Alexander Dawson's Early Childhood Center Director, Tara Hall. This act was clearly designed to embarrass me and drive a wedge between the school and me since I addressed Christina with severe criticism. I was clearly upset by Christina's manipulation of Mia and mismanagement of this parental matter. Simply put, Christina was not acting in the best interests of Mia. While there is no excuse for this reaction, every person has a breaking point, and I should not have to endure Christina's use of the children to attack him, and Mia should not have to suffer as a result of Christina's tactics. Ultimately, I withdrew his support for Mia to attend full days because she was clearly affected by the idea of me forcing her to attend full days and communicated to Christina my extreme displeasure with the situation. While my choice of words is not preferable, it demonstrates my frustration with Christina who only sees me as a bank account and not a parent who cares about the children. Christina's manipulation of Mia is a prime example of using Mia to alienate me from her (and driving a wedge between Mia's teachers and administration and me).
- II. The current timeshare arrangement fails to provide me the time I desire to spend with the children, and I am unable to reach a resolution with Christina. Notwithstanding these issues, my ability to have daily contact with the children should not depend on the discretion of the teachers and administrators of the children's school (which may change from school to school and year to year).

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also now recognize that it may not be feasible to visit the children at school during the next twelve (12) years of their elementary and secondary education. At least with equal time, however, I will have an opportunity to drop off and pick up the children at school and interact with the school administrators and teachers on a weekly basis.

12. MSJM Advisors, LLC ("MSJM Advisors") was a real estate consulting firm I started with James Moore in June of 2008. Previously, I was the Chief Operating Officer and General Counsell for Plise Development & Construction, LLC ("PLISE"), which is owned and/or controlled by William Plise. PLISE became insolvent as a result of the real estate and global credit crisis of 2008. I resigned my position at PLISE in July of 2008, formed MSJM Advisors with Mr. Moore, and MSJM Advisors entered into consulting arrangements with PLISE and its affiliates. My workload at MSJM Advisors required no more than twenty (20) hours per week. I had absolute control over my schedule, and worked primarily from my residence. MSJM Advisors' work with PLISE ended in December of 2008; however, MSJM Advisors continued providing consulting services to certain former partners of Mr. Plise who acquired control and ownership of the eight story office building that is part of Rainbow Sunset Pavilion located on the northwest corner of Rainbow Boulevard and Sunset Road in Las Vegas Nevada. This consulting arrangement ended when the building was substantially complete in October of 2009. MSJM Advisors has no other clients or work. Over the last couple of months, I have evaluated my career opportunities. I have been offered lucrative positions with other real estate developers. I also explored returning to private practice at a law firm. I have concluded that none of these opportunities will provide the personal fulfillment I desire by devoting my time to my family (specifically raising my children). Therefore, I have decided not to return to work and would like to spend more time with my children. My decision not to work will not affect my ability to meet my obligations (including paying \$2,000 per month for the support of my children), and I am not seeking to change my support

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obligations through this motion. Unfortunately, Christina will not modify the current timeshare arrangement to provide me more time.

- 13. Mitchell is married to Amy. Amy and I have decided to have children. I would like Mia and Ethan to have significant roles in their siblings' lives beginning at birth. Under the current timeshare arrangement, Mia and Ethan will have limited opportunities to spend time with their siblings.
- that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has expressed these preferences on a regular basis starting at the beginning of the 2009-2010 school year. The children are very emotional when I inform them that my visitation time with them is over on Sunday nights and they have to return to Christina's home. Mia often cries uncontrollably when told she has to return to Christina's house. Mia has also expressed anger on multiple occasions that Christina will not allow her to stay longer because "rules are the rules and we cannot change them." The children are clearly suffering as a result of the current timeshare arrangement and will only benefit if I have equal time with them. The children have never expressed to me while in my care that they wanted to go to Christina's home (or did not want to be with me), or that they wanted to spend more time with Christina and less time with me.
- 15. Christina and I have not complied with the SAO which requires the custodial parent to facilitate daily telephonic communication between the non-custodial parent and the children by placing at least one (1) telephone call per day. Any statement by Christina that she has complied (either materially or substantially) with the SAO would be false. The fact is that Christina insisted on having this provision in the SAO simply to harass Amy and me. Within weeks after reaching this agreement, Christina began to create conflict by refusing to permit the children to speak to Amy (who happens to be the children's stepmother) on the telephone and disconnecting the calls if Amy spoke to the children

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during my calls (even if the children asked to speak to her). Furthermore, Christina would place calls when the children were otherwise preoccupied (e.g., watching favorite television program, immediately before guests arrived, dinner, or snack time, or when one of the children was sleeping) so that the children would immediately want to end the call or would not participate meaningfully in the conversation, and place calls from various phone numbers, blocked telephone identification numbers and after hours with the expectation that I would not answer. I would return all messages left by the children or call back if calls were disconnected, but Christina would never accept my calls or have the children return my messages even when I called back multiple times (in some instances less than thirty (30) seconds after missing a call or a call was disconnected). Many times Christina or her family members caring for the children would disconnect the calls in the middle of my conversation with the children.

burdensome given Christina's bad intentions and gamesmanship. I ultimately decided that I would not force the children to call Christina but would only facilitate specific requests by the children to speak to their mother. I have taught Mia, and Mia knows how to use the telephone and dial Christina's telephone number. In the past, when the children asked to call their mother, I placed the call and if I could not connect with Christina, I would call multiple times on behalf of the children, and I always answered Christina's return telephone calls. The end result of this decision is that Christina does not place calls to me for the children any longer, and I have only spoken to the children once on the phone in several weeks (which did not include Mia's birthday on October 19, 2009). While I would welcome the opportunity to speak to the children daily, I am not willing to be harassed by Christina. Given the disparity in the timeshare arrangement, I depend more on receiving telephone calls from the children; however, it is entirely too painful to wait all day for the children to call and not be able to speak to them,

important to me.

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opinion. 18. I regularly communicate to Christina any health and welfare matters affecting the children while the children are in my care and respond to all of Christina's emails regarding the same.7

children; however, Christina insists on complete control of parenting matters and often disregards my

input or suggestions and/or uses the children to attack me when I fail to agree or otherwise assert my

to have calls disconnected in the middle of conversations, or to have to explain to Mia why she cannot

speak to Amy on the phone. It is for these reasons that having equal time with the children is so

I have done everything I can do to cooperate with Christina on issues affecting the

- 19. I have actively participated in the process of selecting schools for the children for the 2010-2011 school year.
- 20. Mia has expressed significant anger toward Christina. Mia recently told me that she wanted to "punch her mother in the face."
- 21. I have not engaged in any act of domestic violence; however, Christina continues to harass Amy and me.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> I have prepared a form email response which is sent automatically when I receive an email from Christina. I also do not accept text messages from Christina. I only respond specifically to emails concerning the health and welfare of the children All other email responses receive the automatic response as the only response. Text messages are not received. I believe that restricting written communication in this manner has significantly reduced the "war of words" between the Christina and me.

FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT:

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

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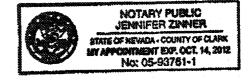
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 Subscribed and swom before me this 26th day October, 2009.

NOVERY PUBLIC in and for the state of Nevada



## MOTION EXHIBIT "B"

### AFFIDAVIT OF MEGAN CANTRELL

STATE OF NEVADA)

) ss:

COUNTY OF CLARK)

1, MEGAN CANTRELL, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- I am the sister of Mitchell D. Stipp ("Mitchell"), Defendant in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D08-389203-Z in the Eighth Judicial District Court, State of Nevada. I submit this affidavit in support of Mitchell's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Joint Timeshare Arrangement.
- 2. I have picked up and dropped off Mia Stipp and Ethan Stipp before and after Mitchell's visitation times with the children regularly for several months. When I pick the children up from Christina Stipp's ("Christina") house, the children are very happy and excited to see Mitchell and Amy Stipp, Mitchell's wife. Christina and her relatives never have any problems getting the children into the car for the rides to Mitchell's house. During the car rides back to Christina's house, however, Mia has complained to me that she does not get to spend enough time with Mitchell and Amy, that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has made these statements to me on a regular basis starting at the end of August or beginning of September of 2009. Ethan will often say "I miss Daddy." The children are very emotional during these times, and I have never seen the children so sad and unhappy. Mia often cries and expresses anger that Christina will not allow her to stay longer. When I drop the children off at Christina's house, many times Mia does not want to get out of the car and often fights and struggles with Christina and her relatives. Mia has confronted Christina about her desires, and Christina has informed Mia in my presence that "there is nothing she can do" and "rules are the rules and we cannot change them." The children clearly desire to spend more time with Mitchell.

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FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

Milegard Carle LI MEGAN CANTRELL

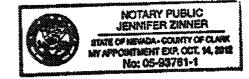
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Subscribed and sworn before me this 24 day October, 2009.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State of Nevada



# MOTION EXHIBIT "C"

here.

I am not saying that I don't want the children to ever speak to Amy on the phone, I simply ask that you not force the children to speak to Amy, or anyone else for that matter, if they don't ask to speak to her/them. I don't pass the phone around like a hot potato when it's my turn to talk to the kids when they are in your care. I have more consideration for your time with the children than you do towards me. I simply ask you to reciprocate.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp < <mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com>
ccstipp@gmail.com>
To: Mitchell Stipp < <mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
Sent: Saturday, August 1, 2009 10:18:51 PM
Subject: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell,

As I emailed you earlier today to remind you, I did not receive a telephone call from our children today. I waited all day. As you know, according to the agreement we reached on July 8, 2009, and submitted to the Court as a Stipulation and Order, you are obligated to facilitate at least one call to me when the children are in your care, as they are today.

I hope that your deliberate violation is not a continuation of the venom and hostility you unleashed at me and my attorneys yesterday. Please note that when the children are in my care, I always make sure that they call you. I simply ask that you reciprocate, as you are now legally required to do.

How are our children?

--Christina

On Sun, Aug 2, 2009 at 10:39 PM, Mitchell Stipp <

<mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

I did not receive an email from you on Saturday other than the one attached below. With respect to the telephone call, I asked if the children wanted to call you and they declined. I have made it clear before that I will not force them to call you.

I also thought you should know that Mia was very upset on Friday. She informed me that you were going on a date and that the unidentified man was going to be her "new dad." She was very confused and extremely sad. I hope you understand that putting these things in Mia's head only hurt her feelings.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 1:34 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell.

With all due respect, your email response below is complete and utter bullshit. It sets out your old position, prior to our July 8th mediation, in which you claimed that you would not place a call to me on behalf of our extremely young children unless they "asked you to."

In practice, this equated with the reality that from February 24, 2009 until June 4, 2009, the two most recent hearings in our case, you facilitated exactly ONE telephone call to me. In contrast, I was facilitating very regular, if not daily, contact between the children to you when I had them.

I didn't agree with your position on facilitating telephonic communication then, which, by the way, is clearly required by the MSA that you drafted and now by the most recent Stip and Order, and I do not agree with it now.

We resolved our dispute on this issue when we met with the Family Court mediator on July 8, 2009 at which time you signed your name to a stipulation that now requires you to place a telephone call to me to allow me to talk to our kids when you have them "at least once per day."

It is hard to believe that you could not have had the children call me once this entire weekend in which you had them. In addition, you could have very easily written me a text or email responding to my request for a phone call promptly, but chose, instead, to wait two days to do so, when you no longer had the children.

I recognize this as yet another attempt by you at creating yet another one of your unending conflicts, and I ask you to reconsider your position not only because it is contrary to law, but because it will only hurt our children to have your animosity towards me continue to affect their communication with me.

Thanks.

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 1:53 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell,

With respect to your comments about my personal life, please keep them to yourself from now on. Mia is apparently intensely insecure about the possibility of me dating and then quickly marrying another person, NOT because I tell her these things, but because THAT'S WHAT YOU DID TO HER WITH AMY.

You brought Amy, with whom you had been having an affair during our marriage, into our marital bed and shared it with Mia less than 1 month after I had moved out of our family home. Mia was shocked that "Daddy's friend from work" was spending the night in Mommy's bed. Amy then moved all her clothes into Mia's Mommy's closet less than 2-3 months after Mommy moved out. All this when Amy was still married to another man. THEN, if that wasn't enough, Mia's Daddy ran off and quickly married Amy less than 7 months after Mommy moved out, all without telling Mia or Ethan beforehand, and without ever giving them the chance to be part of what should have been

a "family" ceremony for them.

Given this history, isn't it clear to you where Mia's fears come from? Mia saw me dressed up on Friday night and came to her own conclusions about me and a date. Sadly, from your email to me, it appears that she is traumatized by her father's break up of her family and actions in introducing someone new into the home in record time, all directly contrary to what our family counselor told you and all manner of studies say is healthy for children of divorce.

These are the consequences of your infidelity and continuing poor judgment. Amy wasn't the first; she was just the last. Instead of falsely accusing me of wrongdoing, look at yourself in the mirror next time and continue with your psychiatric help. It is clear that you need it.

--Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 2:45 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Violation of Stipulation and Order-No Telephone Call 8.1.09

You have my position on the issue. If the children want to speak to you, I will facilitate the call and dial your number. This will be my last email on this issue.

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 3:06 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Violation of Stipulation and Order-No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Your allegations are false. They are simply assumptions based on your insecurity and apparently never ending investigation into the "truth." What did your investigation find? Here is the truth: You asked for a divorce; we got one; I married somebody that I love; and You hate your lonely

pathetic life. Your perception is warped. It is very clear from your email who is hurting the children. Mia is well adjusted to the changes in my life and loves Amy very much. She is not traumatized by my relationship with her. She appears only to be affected by your actions and feelings regarding Amy. Mia is very smart and communicates regularly your hatred and hostility toward Amy. I think a child assessment would demonstrate these facts (which is why you did not want it). I welcome it. I have nothing to hide. I am not the crazy one. You may have Pee Wee Herman (Shawn "Super" Gaystein) fooled, but no sane person believes that you are mentally stable. This is also my last email on this issue.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 3:49 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell,

You are a deeply insecure and intensely co-dependent pathetic little man. You always were, I just wanted to believe otherwise. Money will never make up for your insecurities. You can only feel good about yourself by putting down other people down, including my attorneys for some insane and unprovoked reason. You have always had a Napoleon/Willow complex and have always been the negative one about every little thing in your life even though you were truly blessed to have met and been with me for so long.

What you say about Mia is false. I have to deal with her questions on a daily basis, questions no 4-year-old should have to ask or wonder about like: Are you going to marry Dada again? Did you know he wears two rings, one for you and one for Amy? Amy says she's sorry about what she did. Why did Dada marry Amy? Why did Amy leave her husband? If Dada married you and then she chose Amy, who is next?

You only want an evaluation so that you can continue to mentally abuse Mia and Ethan. You want it so that you can try to rewrite history to anyone who will listen. This isn't 1984. No one believes your lies anymore.

No one believes that you moved on with your secretary "after" our divorce, no matter how many times you say it, just as no one believes that she is with you for any reason other than your bank account.

My investigation revealed this: That my husband was unfaithful and spent what should have been family time chasing women he couldn't even pay to overlook his physical and mental inadequacies. You settled on an uneducated, trashy cheater just like yourself. The daughter of an alcoholic who traded in her devoted blue collar husband for her attorney boss. A man that courted her by spitting gum at her on his way past her office and giving her a Cartier watch and a \$7500 cash bonus for Christmas for her "services."

It is clear that you throw Amy at the children and vice versa because you fear that like you did to me, and she did to James, she will dump your ass as soon as the next best indecent proposal comes her way. Maybe you feel that having her next to you like velcro and ingratiated into the lives of our children will prevent her from leaving. Guess what? She will.

You bought Heather, the leasing coordinator who preceded Amy, a brand new BMW, but she dumped your ass anyway in favor of her felon live-in boyfriend (not to be confused with the estranged husband she had that you paid Paul Lemcke to get her divorced from). She wasn't even a U.S. citizen and had a criminal record. She and her boyfriend told me that you wouldn't stop calling her even after she let you go. You finally did when the felon threatened to kick your ass, which he should have done.

Then there was Pamela, your buddy Jon Field's sloppy seconds. She was a stripper at the Rhino who loved your relation\$\$\$hip until you probably maxed out your credit cards on her. But that didn't stop you from calling her 20 times a day for three months.

Then there were the Redstone grille/Sammy's/Kobe sushi/Starbucks waitresses who always seemed to go for your taller, charming and sexier boss over you. Can you blame them? I don't.

So what did you wind up with after I caught your pathetic phone call to Arry, your subordinate employee, complaining about why she didn't answer your weekend calls and asking whether she fucked her own husband or not after

your tiff with her??? You got yourself the uneducated daughter of an alcoholic. Mexican trash from Texas looking to snag herself a rich man to put her through the prestigious University of Phoenix. This when you cry about not wanting to pay for your own children's preschool.

Looks like you're the real winner here. :-) You may not be "alone," but let me tell you something, you will always be lonely and so will she, because you are both terrible, empty people. Indecent home wreckers who deserve each other and the misery you will both bring to each other.

Trust me. I can buy myself a male Amy. They are a dime a dozen out here. I'm sure Amy considers marriage to you as just a promotion. At first she was "only" getting 80k a year (straight out of high school) to be your "secretary." The nominal sum you criticize Shawn for making. Now she gets half of your \$\$\$ in exchange for providing the same services. Can you blame her for jumping ship? Not in your sick world you can't.

It's funny how you say one thing in writing but another in person when she's not around, like how incredibly unhappy you are with her, how you regret your actions and misdeeds towards me and how you think about them every day of your life.

You should think about it. You lost the best thing, besides our children, that will ever happen to you. You never deserved me. No one thought so, it just took me a while to see it too. And as for having a "lonely, pathetic life," only you would say or wish such a thing. I have never been happier to be free from the torture of being around you. Divorce liberated me from what would have been a lifetime of pain and misery. Hallelujahl

Cheers to you guys and your future. To true soul mates.

From: Mitchell Stlpp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 08, 2009 2:53 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

**Subject**:

Attached is itinerary. I will not have access to email but will have my phone.

### MOTION EXHIBIT "D"

From:

"Mitchell Stipp" <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

To:

<mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Sent:

10/26/2009 3:51PM

Subject: FW: Emails Re: Health and Education (Final)

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2009 12:33 PM

To: 'mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com'

Subject: FW: Emails Re: Health and Education (Final)

From: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <cestipp@gmail.com>

Sent: Sun, July 12, 2009 5:37:51 PM Subject: RE: Weekend of 07.09.09

Mia had dinner; Ethan did not. Mia had a bath; Ethan did not. Ethan has a cold. I gave him Children's Zyrtec yesterday and today (max dosage for 24 hour period) and one dose of motrin this morning (temperature was 99.5). His main symptom is a runny nose. Ethan slept from 12:30pm to 2pm. Mia had Miralax Friday and Saturday. She had regular bowel movements each day (including today).

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2009 12:14 PM

To: mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com

Subject: Emails Re: Health and Education

----Original Message-----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, August 05, 2009 12:40 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Kids check ups

I took kids to doctor today for their required physical exams for school. Everything went fine. MIA in 25% for height n weight. Ethan 50% for weight, 75% for height.

MIA needed 4 shots. Won't need anymore b4 kindegarten. Ethan needed 1.

I had to get quick appt to squeeze them in b4 u take them tomorrow.

Schools want immunizations by the 10th.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, August 06, 2009 5:09 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Mitch,

Mia has a reaction to the Chicken Pox vaccine. It is a raised red swelling at the site of the injection. It itches her. The nurse (I called today) said to have her sit in tepid bathwater and/or administer cold compress to it (4x a day) to reduce swelling. She also said to give her Motrin. I gave her a dose of Motrin at 11am and a bath. I tried the cold compresses this afternoon, but she doesn't like them.

Also, Mia is suffering from constipation again. She had a BM on Monday, but none since. I have given her Miralax daily, along with fresh fruit and juices. I would have given her a suppository today, but she said that she would rather leave it for you to do tonight. She is actively holding in the poop. She is hiding when the urge hits her. Please give her a suppository tonight.

I would like you to update me on the progress of Mia's health conditions while you have her.

Ethan seems to be ok with his shot, although I did give him Motrin last night.

Please acknowledge receipt of this email.

--Christina

----Original Message---From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 9:22 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' Subject: RE: Kids check ups

Thank you for the update.

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mltchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 9:22 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

I received it. Thank you for the information.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 6:07 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Mitch,

Did the swelling go down at the site of Mia's chicken pox immunization? Did she continue to itch it last night/today? Also, did she have a BM yet?

How is Ethan? He was terrified of Dan yesterday. It took some coaxing to get him into his car seat.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 8:06 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Both children are doing fine.

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, August 20, 2009 10:33 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Labor Day Offer

Did ethan have diarhea with u? He has had it here three times and says his tummy hurts.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 21, 2009 6:52 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' Subject: RE: Labor Day Offer No.

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 24, 2009 9:17 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Ethan's first day

Fyi.

He did great. No tears, but wanted his puppy n finger in mouth b4 we left. Good thing is that there were no crying babies like last year.

He got up right on time at 7 too. He'll be back on schedule for early nap and early bedtime as will MIA.

MIA doing well too. Misses her old teachers.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, August 28, 2009 5:56 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Kids' Update

Mitch,

Ethan bit Mia last night. She has a bruise on her back. He didn't break the skin. Watch out for his sudden attacks.

Both kids ate today around 4pm. Ethan has pooped twice today. Mia is struggling to poop. She didn't go yesterday, but has been regular prior to that. I give her Miralax daily, including today.

Be careful of too much sun if you take them outdoors this weekend. There's supposed to be a heat warning I heard. Sunscreen please.

Both kids had baths at 5.

--Christina

----Original Message-----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 9:20 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: MIA

Mitch.

Did MIA have bm over the weekend? She seemed to be struggling last night?

Today's school drop off was her hardest so far. She is struggling with her dressing issues and new environment. As I have mentioned before, I would like to take her to a doctor for the clothing issues.

Does she still favor one dress while at your house? The rainbow one?

She only wants to wear two when with me.

Luc's mom is a psychiatrist and will be giving me a referral. I'll keep u posted.

-christina

Sent from my iPhone

----Original Message----

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 6:27 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp'

Subject: RE: MIA

She did not have a bowel movement. I gave her miralax and fiber vitamins each day. At this point, you may try an enema (which you can buy over the counter for kids at Albertsons). I did this the day before the start of our vacation. She thought it was a suppository. It cleared her out completely. After that, she used the bathroom daily (sometimes 2x per day) while on vacation.

Feel free to make an appointment with a child psychologist regarding the clothes issue. She struggles with me as well. She wants to wear only one dress (rainbow one) and one swimsuit and wants her underwear constantly stretched. This weekend I stopped stretching her underwear and made her do it (if she wanted it stretched). As far as the clothes, I have also been working with her. I tell her in advance that she has to wear something else the following days when she chooses her rainbow dress so she can anticipate the change. I have had some success with this (especially when we were on vacation). She wore 5 different dresses without much fuss. She also is wearing new shoes and has a new jacket (new versions of her old ones). I lied to her about the shoes and told her they were sent out to be cleaned

and delivered to your house. She complained a lot about it but eventually let it go (but I think only because we were at Disneyland). I am not sure if she has recognized the new jacket isn't her old one. I have had no success with the swimsuit.

I want to know who the psychologist is and when she has an appointment.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:06 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Sierra

Sierra Health is calling you. They need you to give me permission to release information regarding Mia since I'm not on your policy.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:30 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: MIA

Mitch,

I was about to use either an enema or a suppository on Mia yesterday, but she insisted that I allow her to try on her own. She had two BM's yesterday on her own. I have been trying to encourage lots of fresh fruits and have continued daily Miralax use. I also purchased Pedialax gummies per Dr. DeSimone's recommendation, but she does not like them.

On Mia's psychiatrist. Dr. Carli Snyder, Luc's Mom, referred me to a Dr. McNaus. Unfortunately, she does not take patients as young as Mia. McNaus referred me to two different psychiatrists who do, Dr. Gravely and Dr. Kalodner.

Dr. Gravely is not taking new patients, but referred me to a Dr. Herbs. Dr. Herbs is taking new patients and does take Sierra Health. Dr. Kalodner is

also taking new patients, but is not a provider for Sierra. Kalodner said that through Sierra, she thinks we would have to satisfy a \$500 deductible and pay \$135 per session, but that if we did cash pay, she would work with us.

I called Sierra and got an authorization for Dr. Herbs and was tranferred to Member Services where I wanted to ask them how much we would have to pay for Herbs, deductibles, etc., but they won't talk to me about Mia's benefits without your permission. Please call them and grant this. Their number is 364-1484 Behavioral Healthcare Options.

Carli has not heard of Herbs, but she said she has heard good things about Dr. Kalodner. I don't know what you want to do. On the one hand, out of network provider could be very costly, but by using Kalodner on a cash pay, we would also be able to control the fact of her treatment, which may be detrimental to her in the future. Also, and more importantly, Dr. Kalodner has a good reputation and I want Mia to get the best help.

I'll call Kalodner and ask what the cash pay price is. I don't mind meeting with both, comparing credentials and seeing which one I think after one session would be a better fit for Mia. Herbs is on East Flamingo. Kalodner is in Seven Hills.

Mia's dressing issues have intensified as the new school year started. She absolutely hates putting on her new uniform, no matter which variation I put on her. Yesterday, I pulled her from the car kicking and screaming. As I was closing the door, she tried to leap back into the car and caught her finger in the car door. It didn't close completely on it, ie., she managed to pull it out but not before it was pinched. I applied ice to it and it is fine now.

She is perfectly normal prior to putting on her uniform and by the time I pick her up, she is fine when I pick her up from school. She even expresses the desire to stay full day although then backs off of this when I try to make arrangements to see if she can try out full day.

Her frustration and anger at the uniform sours her outlook on school in gneral. I don't like this. I also hate to see her struggle every day with simple things like this.

She also struggles here with the underwear issues. When I give up because I am tired of stretching, poor Ethan tries to help too, she cries, "i can't help it, momma, I just can't help it."

She told me her jacket is new. She wears it to cover up her uniform sometimes, and new dresses that I may make her wear on occasion, but it is less helpful this year than last. As for new shoes, I bought an identical new pair as well, but was not able to get her to switch them out for the old ones. I was waiting until school started and was going to pull something like you did with the old ones.

When she is home, she loves to be in underwear only. Although when guests arrive or when we leave to go out, she knows it's time to dress. She prefers her ladybug dress although when she came home from your house on Sunday she was upset that it had "shrunk."

She will only wear one bathing suit here too, even though I have purchased many new ones, like other clothes, in different sizes.

Dr. McNaus listened to my issues with Mia briefly. She said it sounded to her like mild OCD. Carli said not to jump on the OCD diagnosis too quickly. She would like to rule out acting out due to the divorce situation and also, possible, touch related sensory issues.

Let me know what you think in terms of Kalodner v. Herbs.

--Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:44 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Mia Psych Mitch,

I talked to Kalodner. She says her initial visit is \$250, but \$200 cash pay. Office visits are \$200, cash pay \$150 or less depending on financial need. She says that she wouldn't recommend going through Sierra either or any insurance at that (she says she has a 15yr old who she does not use her insurance for counseling), because then the child has a record. She qualifies this by saying that she would use insurance if the psychiatric diagnosis is something like bipolar where long term treatment is required.

She seemed really friendly and easy to talk to. I am inclined to go with her versus Herbs because of her reputation and giving Mia a record issue. What do you think?

--Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 4:11 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp' Subject: RE: Mia Psych

I do not have any problem with you interviewing Dr. Kalodner. However, I do not want you to engage her services unless I approve. I also want to meet with her separately and interview her. Please provide her contact information.

I agree that cash payments are the best option.

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 04, 2009 9:48 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: Mia Psych

310-8787. Google her on the Internet for additional contact and background

info. Her name is melissa kalodner. I'm meeting her today on my own. She wants to meet the parents before she sees Mia. I told her to expect your call.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, September 07, 2009 6:57 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Health Update

Mitch,

I just got the kids from your sister at 6pm. Megan indicated that you gave Mia Zyrtec over the three-day weekend. When exactly did you first and last administer the medicine so that I know when it's safe to treat her apparent runny nose, sneezing and fever with appropriate medicine. Mia now has a 100 degree fever. Did you happen to give her anything for that? I want to give her Motrin right now, but I want to make sure you didn't already give her something for fever. Did you give Ethan any medicine this weekend? He sounds stuffy and is a little warm, but doesn't appear sick.

### -Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Sent: Mon, September 7, 2009 7:05:58 PM

Subject: RE: Health Update

Ethan had a fever on Friday when we picked him up. He also had a runny nose on Saturday which we treated with zrytec. Mia had no symptons until last night. She had a runny nose. I gave her zyrtec last night and this morning. I gave her the maximum dosage for 24 hours each time. I was not aware that Mia had a fever.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 10, 2009 2:12 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Psychologist

Mitch,

I spoke with Dr. Kalodner today. She left me a message yesterday telling me that you had apparently met with her and had made an appointment for Mia on Friday.

Prior to committing Mia to treatment with her, I wanted to share with you your thoughts on Dr. K after meeting with her and express my desire to meet with at least one other provider as I am not sure Dr. K would be the best fit for Mia.

I am also troubled by Dr. K's actions in committing to treat Mia at one price when she met with me, her self-proclaimed cash price, and then increasing it after meeting with you. It struck me as unprofessional and unwarranted.

--Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 10, 2009 6:34 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Kids 09.10.09

Mitch.

I told Megan the following: both kids need dinner and baths. They both had BM's this afternoon. I didn't give Mia any lexative today.

I say the following because it's your first time taking them to school this year. I'd advise an 8 or 9pm at the latest bedtime so they can get up in time for school tomorrow. They are usually up at 7am at my house.

I'm assuming you have your own uniforms for them. Remember that Ethan needs to wear Shabbat shirt on Fridays. Mia prefers the red polo and checkered jumper out of all of the options Dawson has for girls' uniforms. Just an FYI. Let me know if you want to know what sizes I got for them.

Try hard to get Mia to eat something healthy for breakfast in the morning. She doesn't get lunch at Dawson and is always hungry when I pick her up. I bring her lunch everyday which she eats in the car on the way to pick up Ethan. Usually PB&J.

On a side note, Mia will beg and plead not to have to go to school. Please don't give in to her because it will set a precedent.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 11, 2009 2:15 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Psychologist

Mitch.

If you have any referrals or recomendations for possible providers, please let me know. I'm going to investigate Diane Herbs, who I mentioned before, and a Dr. Hopper with the Hopper Institute, who was also referred to me.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 11, 2009 2:46 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

Mitch.

Today was the first day of the school year that you took the kids to school. I thought this might be a good time to talk about what your thoughts are on their schools, their reactions to you about them, and to discuss future schooling.

As I told you previously, Mia is struggling in her adjustment with her new school, Dawson. I'm not sure how much of it is related to her issues with the new uniforms, but I am reserving judgment. I have noticed that Mia's new teachers are much more reserved than Ms. Gerst and Mr. West, as well as her previous teachers at TBS, so that may have to do with it as well. I have communicated to Ms. Klein, one of her teachers this year, my concerns about Mia, specifically, that she says that she doesn't like school, that it is "boring," that "she doesn't want to go to school." I will continue to work with the teachers on her transition, but I am sure it is just a matter of time. She's already bonded with a new friend who we used to play with at MyGym when they were both 2, Ava. Just to let you know ahead of time though, if Mia doesn't seem to be thriving at Dawson as she did at TBS, I don't want her to continue there.

Ethan, on the other hand, seems to be doing very well at TBS. His first two weeks were uneventful in terms of any negative reactions to school. This week was harder for him. Ms. Garvin said that he cried for me a lot on Tuesday and whined on Wednesday. By Thursday he was better. It might have to do with him being with you over the long weekend and then starting school right after. Today Ms. Helberg said that Ethan was his worst ever in terms of crying all morning, but I'm sure it's because he is not used to going to school when you have them. Overall, both Ethan and Mia love TBS and Ethan

seem to be doing well there.

Unfortunately, the kids can't continue at TBS beyond pre-k because they are not Jewish, so we have to think about other Kindergarten-high school options.

- 1) Public Schools. I am zoned for Givens Elementary. It has a good reputation. High parent involvement.
- 2) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton, K-8th grade with Gorman for high school. I would love for the kids to have a solid Catholic religious education and know, firsthand, that parochial schools provide a solid education for a comparatively reasonable cost, \$8k v. \$19k. Since you have now reneged on committing in writing to pay for the kids' school in the future and want to decide that on a year by year basis, it makes sense for me to consider affordable schooling options since it wouldn't make sense for the kids to start at a school like the Meadows, or continue at Dawson (whose tuition for Mia doubles next year), and have to go elsewhere if you decide not to help one year. They will have application packets available in October. Preference is given to parishioners. I am registered here and have been trying to establish a regular church attendance pattern for personal reasons, but also to help the kids' chances of going here. They also require individual assessments which occur in January.
- 3) Meadows. I know you expressed your preference for this school in the past. I'm not sure if you have toured the lower school or beginning schools, but I toured the beginning school and you know my thoughts on it for Mia. However, I am planning on touring the lower school, k-6th grade, and doing what I have to to keep this school open as an option for kindergarten next year. Kids have to pass a test to be considered for Kindergarten. They conduct these tests in January. They begin the required school touring now.

If Mia goes to Meadows next year, it would make sense to send Ethan there as well. I think that Ethan would do well at either Meadows or TBS. Again, cost of schooling and Mia's adjustment at Dawson will be a factor.

Just wanted you to know my thoughts on the very important subject of our children's present and future education. I welcome your input and

independent research.	
Thanks, Christina	
Original Message From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com] Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 7:55 AM To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Ethan	
Mitch,	
Ethan had diarrhea last night. He and MIA say that he threw up at your house this weekend.	
Is this true? Did he exhibit any other signs of illness?	
-christina	
Sent from my iPhone	
Original Message From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com] Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 10:45 AM To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' Subject: RE: Ethan	

Neither threw up or exhibited any signs of illness.

Let me know if you took them to school or to the doctor (and if to the doctor, any illnesses diagnosed).

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 1:10 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: Ethan

Ethan appeared fine this morning and continues in apparent good health. Both went to school. No doctor.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 16, 2009 9:50 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Mia Update

Mitch,

Mia is trying full day again today. She doesn't like the nap time, but seems to enjoy lunch with the class and afternoon activities that she's missing out on like library and music & movement. I love having her in only half day, but she's been expressing her desire to attend full day. What is your opinion on this? If she continues to want to make full day a permanent thing, will you be willing to share in the cost? I don't know how much extra it is, but I'll ask once she makes up her mind.

She continues to struggle with constipation. I believe that it may be related to her issues with sensory disorder. She holds it in to the point that she hardens what she has in there and thereby exacerbates the constipation. I told her teachers to watch for her struggling to hold it and to encourage her to use the potty today.

I am setting up appointments with other referred psychologists, by myself, as I indicated to you earlier. They are Dr. Mishalow, Dr. Hopper, and Dr. Herbs. Will let you know how it goes. Let me know if you are willing to meet with them at the same time or not, otherwise I'll let you set up your own interviews/evaluations.

Thanks.

Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com] Sent: Wednesday, September 16, 2009 4:19 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

I received your email below. I am happy that Ethan is doing well at TBS. His recent emotional state probably has little to do with me having him an extra day over the weekend or taking him to school that Friday. Ethan was happy all weekend and I had no trouble dropping him off or picking him up at school.

As far as Mia, I am disappointed that her experience at Alexander Dawson is not as enjoyable. I have noticed that her teachers are reserved. I believe this is making the transition more difficult for Mia. Unfortunately, all teachers cannot be like Mia's teachers at TBS (although it is certainly worth complaining about). While I believe that it is entirely too early to conclude that she should not return, I think it is important to consider Mia's happiness and preferences (especially if her experience this year is not good).

With respect to schools for next year, I am not opposed to public school for Mia. Givens is a great elementary school, and I think Mia would do well there. However, I would like to keep her options open (so we should continue to investigate alternatives and complete necessary evaluations and applications).

For the record, I have not reneged on paying for the children to attend private school. I have paid my share last year and this year. As you know, private school tuition is very expensive, and I am more concerned that you will not have the resources to continue to pay your share.

At this point, I am not very interested in the children attending any catholic school. However, I am not opposed to the idea of the children attending a religious school. I have been researching options for the children and would ask that you consider International Christian Academy. The cost is approximately \$6,000 per year per child. The children would receive a religious education. But more importantly, the school uses the "love and logic" approach to classroom management.

Given your past position on the Meadows, I think this option will not work for Mia and Ethan. We should, however, consider Las Vegas Day School which tends to be the alternative for parents who like the Meadows.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 17, 2009 11:17 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

Mitchell,

Thank you for responding to my email concerning the very important matter of our children's future education. Here are my thoughts as to your response.

1) Dawson. I think we should definitely, as I said before and you agreed below, reserve judgment on the school at this early stage in the school year. It's only been 3 weeks since school started. Thankfully, Mia has begun to show signs of truly bonding with her new classmates and teachers. While she misses her old school, she seems to be more accepting of the change of schools. Today will be the third day in a row that she has elected to stay for the entire day. I am not pushing it at all, but rather, am letting her decide when she is ready to take this enormous step. As I

told you in a separate email yesterday, she enjoys being with her class for lunch and afternoon activities and expresses reluctance to leave at half day. Ms. Hall, the head of the ECEC, told me upon enrollment that most half-day kids (and apparently there are not many) transition to full day by Thanksgiving.

- 2) TBS. What an amazing school this has been for the kids. As you saw yesterday, Ms. Garvin and Ms. Helberg are outstanding teachers, who genuinely seem to care for our kids and love teaching. The school has a great community feel to it as well. My observations about Ethan's behavior on Friday come first-hand from his teachers. Ms. Garvin speculates that his recent crying in the mornings has to do with the new transitioning of Dad bringing him to school. He has progressively improved since Friday and, in fact, transitioned easily into the classroom from me this morning. No tears. No needing to be held by Ms. Helberg. Like Mia, he is adjusting to change as well. I did not intend for you to take this observation as an insult. I am sure he did well over the weekend with you.
- 3) Public School. Another option for public school, in addition to Givens, would be Goolsby. You are zoned for it and, I believe it is a good school too.
- 4) Catholic School. I'm curious, what is the basis for your opposition to Catholic school? I would respectfully ask that you reconsider and please undertake the effort to investigate St. Elizabeth Ann Seton before ruling it out. We were both baptized, celebrated communion, were confirmed, and married in the Catholic church. We baptized both of our children there as well. Is it the faith you have an issue with? Please take a tour, talk to parents, read reviews. I just ask that you give it a chance. It's how I found out first-hand how great a school TBS would be. There's nothing better than seeing a school in person, talking to teachers and administrators, and getting an overall feel for it.
- 4) Meadows. I never toured the Lower School. Have you? I reserve judgment on this school until I've had an opportunity to do so. We shouldn't rule it out completely given it's incredible reputation for being one of the best college prep schools in the city.
- 6) Thank you for referring me to LVDS and the International Christian Academy. I will look into both. I've never heard of ICA. I'll check it out in person. What I read on-line about ICA, however, gives me some

reservations about the school. I paste below some negative reviews of the school posted by parents on the Internet. I also question the conservative Christian Protestant-fundamentalist base of the school. Did you know they preach the philosophy of Bob Jones? How did you hear of the school? Do you or someone you know attend church at the congregation affiliated with this school? or do you know of a family with children at this school? As for

1	OPP CHRISTINA C. STIPP	
2	Nevada Bar No. 007929	
3	11757 Feinberg Place   Las Vegas, Nevada 89138	
4	Telephone: (702) 610-0032 Facsimile: (702) 240-4937	
5	In Proper Person	
6	DISTRICT COURT	
7	FAMILY DIVISION	
8	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
9		3111 K, 112 V 112 11
10	CVVDVCTD A C A V D TD C A C TD TD C	GAGENO D 00 200002 7
11	CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP, Plaintiff,	CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z DEPT. O
12	vs.	
	MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,	
13	, ,	
14	Defendant.	Hearing Date: December 8, 2009 Hearing Time: 10:00 a.m.
15	COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER	
16	DUE TO DEFENDANT'S FRAUD UPON THE COURT, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS, AND FOR SANCTIONS	
17	AND	
	OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT	
18	I. INTRODUCTION	
19		and social motion requesting this Court's
20	MITCH'S immediate, repetitive, and serial motion requesting this Court's	
21	"confirmation" of custodial status, modification of timeshare and micromanagement of the	
22	parties' lives via Court-ordered psychiatric assessment has no support in either fact or law. Its	
23	blatant relitigation of adjudicated claims is abso	olutely prohibited by the doctrine of res judicata.
-		

In addition, it is clear that MITCH has no genuine objection to the current timeshare; in fact, he stipulated to it not once, but twice, in the last six months. As the Court will recall, it last saw MITCH and his counsel at the June 4, 2009 hearing on MITCH'S Motion for Reconsideration, which raised all of the same claims under substantially all of the same circumstances as are present here. At the hearing, MITCH vehemently argued that the Court should enforce the current timeshare because, as he claimed, the parties agreed to it in an "email settlement," cognizable under E.D.C.R. 7.50. A month later, at the parties' July 8, 2009 mediation, MITCH, a Nevada licensed attorney represented by experienced family law counsel, stipulated, yet again, to the identical timeshare after considering all the same issues he raises now.

MITCH'S current dissatisfaction is, in fact, actually aimed only at the custodial "title" the current timeshare clearly accords him under *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 (2009) (*Rivero II*), that of "nonprimary physical custodian" given his approximately 30% timeshare. MITCH perceives himself to have "lost" his self-perpetuating "battle" for a custodial "title" in the wake of *Rivero II* (requiring a minimum 40% time for "joint physical custody") and now asks this Court, for the third time in nine months, to modify the parties' timeshare in order to "confirm" him with his desired "title." Nevada law clearly prohibits such a disruption in the custodial stability of the children's lives, especially for something as superficial as assuaging one's pride.

Further, the thoroughly baseless nature of the motion supports the Court's denial thereof upon a finding that its sole purpose is to further harass CHRISTINA and/or retaliate against her for initiating post-divorce litigation aimed at getting MITCH to honor his promised support of their children's education, a promise that he stipulated to in his "email settlement," but later reneged upon and refused to commit to writing at the July mediation. CHRISTINA also

posits that MITCH may be planning to relocate and is positioning himself for that endeavor given a recent admission that he "travels a lot" and, though he denies it, a trip to Utah with his new wife so she could take a teaching exam.

Underlying motivations aside, however, as a preliminary matter, it is important to address the fundamentally flawed premise upon which MITCH makes his third request for custodial modification in nine months, to wit, that he is a "fit" parent deserving of custody of the parties' children. MITCH is not a fit parent. His claims to the contrary should be heavily scrutinized by the Court given the fraud he continues to perpetrate upon the Court by way of his continuing failure to disclose the very relevant fact, as CHRISTINA only recently discovered, of his post-divorce alcohol-related arrest and subsequent 9-month prosecution for the crime of "Driving and/or Being in Actual Physical Control While Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor," hereafter "DUI." Unbeknownst to CHRISTINA or the Court, MITCH underwent prosecution for the DUI nearly simultaneously with the parties' recent post-divorce custody litigation from December 2008 until August 2009. Moreover, MITCH also continues to fail to disclose his post-settlement conviction of reckless driving, reached via plea bargain, and recent moving violation received while driving with the parties' children.

MITCH also appears to have fraudulently concealed significant marital assets and/or post-divorce distributions he contractually agreed to share with CHRISTINA as set forth in the parties' Divorce Decree, entered on May 2, 2008. MITCH told this Court that his share of the "equitable apportionment" of the parties' marital estate included \$500,000 in assets plus a (now evaporated) \$1 million in home equity. In his present motion, he now claims that he is "retired" at the age of 34, even though his company filed bankruptcy immediately following the parties' divorce, and, as he now admits, MITCH has only been working minimally over the past

two years overseeing the completion of an office building on behalf of his insolvent company.

MITCH is either lying about the true extent of the marital estate and/or post-divorce distributions he is required to share, or he is lying about his "retirement." Public records filed in his company's bankruptcy action suggest that MITCH was the recipient of at least \$6.9 million in distributions received prior to the parties' divorce. CHRISTINA requests discovery to determine the full extent of such extrinsic fraud and/or the truth behind his "retirement," and countermoves the Court for partitionment of any undisclosed property, as specifically provided for in Section V of the parties' Marital Settlement, incorporated into the Decree.

For the foregoing reasons, as well as those to be discussed in detail below,
CHRISTINA respectfully requests that the Court deny MITCH'S vexatious motion and grant
CHRISTINA'S countermotions, set forth in detail below, requesting vacatur of the SAO due to
MITCH'S fraud upon the Court, sanctions, discovery, and partitionment of undisclosed assets.

#### II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

#### A. Background

The parties married on July 18, 1997. Prior to their divorce on May 2, 2008, the parties had been together for over eighteen years, married for almost 11. They welcomed their daughter, Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), into the world on October 19, 2004, and their son, Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), on March 24, 2007. Mia is now 5, and Ethan is 2. The parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement ("MSA") on February 20, 2008, which was incorporated into the Decree. The Court entered the Decree on May 2, 2008, not March 6, 2008, as MITCH disingenuously asserts in order to fraudulently protect from disclosure and partition a \$750,000.00 bonus he received on March 12, 2008. See Notice of Entry of Order and Attached Decree, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 2.

### B. Procedural History: MITCH'S Immediate, Repetitive and Serial Requests for Custodial Modification

On December 17, 2008, CHRISTINA filed a motion requesting, primarily, that the Court confirm her as the parties' primary physical custodian and enforce the parties' educational cost-sharing agreement, which, up until then, MITCH had refused to honor, choosing instead to condition his promised support on CHRISTINA'S execution of what the Court later agreed was a completely unnecessary protective order, i.e., his coveted "gag order." On January 8, 2009, MITCH filed an Opposition and purely defensive Countermotion in which he opposed CHRISTINA'S motion and requested modification of the parties' then-less-than-year-old 80% (CHRISTINA)/20% (MITCH) timeshare, raising many of the same arguments he repeats now. See Letter from CHRISTINA'S counsel to MITCH'S counsel, dated January 6, 2009, attached hereto as Exhibit 3 (documenting MITCH'S gamesmanship and defensive nature of his countermotion). On February 24, 2009, the Court held a hearing, heard argument, and denied all motions/countermotions.

On April 27, 2009, MITCH filed a Motion for Reconsideration requesting, yet again, that the Court modify the parties' timeshare based on, with the exception of MITCH'S DUI arrest and reckless driving record, the same issues and claims MITCH raises again in his present motion. The Court assigned MITCH'S motion a hearing date of June 4, 2009. On June 3, 2009, CHRISTINA filed a Brief Opposition and Motion to Continue the June 4, 2009 hearing given MITCH'S unjustified and unprofessional refusal to grant her an unconditional two-week extension of time within which to respond to his motion. Later that same day, on June 3, 2009, MITCH filed an Opposition/Response to CHRISTINA'S Motion to Continue claiming that the parties' had reached a settlement via email on May 1, 2009, that the Court was obligated to enforce, hereafter the "email settlement;" that CHRISTINA was alienating the children from

MITCH; and requesting, as he does here, that the Court appoint a psychologist to conduct an assessment of the parties and their children. All the same issues and substantially the same circumstances as were present in his Opposition/Response are mirrored in the current motion.

At the June 4, 2009 hearing on the matter, the Court heard arguments by both parties, agreed to continue the hearing to provide CHRISTINA time to respond, and ordered the parties to attend a second Family Mediation Center (FMC) mediation with the hope that they would resolve their dispute. Uninformed of MITCH'S criminal record, and, thus, explicitly stating that "fitness" did not appear to be an issue, the Court indicated that, in the absence of bad faith, it wanted MITCH to have more time with the children. Prior to attending mediation, on June 18, 2009, MITCH filed a vicious and completely unnecessary Motion for Order to Show Cause claiming that CHRISTINA should be held in contempt for being 1.5 hours late exchanging the children following their participation in her sister's wedding as the flower girl and ring bearer, respectively. MITCH had prior notice of the event, but claimed that the Court had directed him at the June 4, 2009 hearing to act in such a manner. Not surprisingly, MITCH quickly resolved the issue with CHRISTINA and withdrew his ridiculous motion.

On July 8, 2009, the parties met for their appointed FMC mediation. They resolved their dispute in its entirety and, together, drafted and executed a stipulation documenting their agreement. *See* SAO, attached hereto as Exhibit 4. The Court entered the parties' stipulated judgment on August 7, 2009. On October 29, 2009, less than three months after the entry of the SAO, MITCH filed his present motion with absolutely no adherence whatsoever to EDCR 5.11. MITCH'S repetitive, time-barred and meritless motion should be

An FMC mediator, not the parties' respective counsel, submitted the SAO to the Court. As such, no formal Notice of Entry of Order was filed. However, MITCH admits in his present motion that the Court "entered" the SAO on August 7, 2009. See Mot. at 5, 11. 22-23. CHRISTINA accepts his statement as fact.

denied for the reasons set forth below, and the Court should grant CHRISTINA'S countermotions directed at MITCH'S fraud.

#### **ARGUMENT**

#### III. COUNTERMOTION

A. MITCH AND HIS COUNSEL COMMITTED, AND CONTINUE TO COMMIT, FRAUD UPON THE COURT WHICH MANDATES VACATUR OF THE SAO AND SANCTIONS

#### 1. The DUI Fraud

Following the entry of the SAO, CHRISTINA independently discovered that on or about May 13, 2008, *after* the May 2, 2008 entry of the parties' Decree (the parties' physically separated for the last time on or about March 5, 2008), MITCH was arrested in Clark County, Nevada, and charged with the crime of DUI. *See* Certified Copy of Criminal Complaint, filed December 2, 2008, Minute Orders, and Hearing Transcripts, dated December 30, 2008, May 27, 2009, and August 26, 2009 (hereafter collectively "Criminal Records"), true copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibit 5; and CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. MITCH not only spent at least one night in jail for the crime, but he also underwent criminal prosecution for the DUI from December 2, 2008, until August 26, 2009, a time period that was nearly simultaneous with the parties' recent post-divorce custody litigation, commencing on December 17, 2008, and ending on August 7, 2009.

At no time whatsoever, throughout the entire prior custody litigation in which MITCH twice requested of the Court custodial and timeshare modification on the asserted basis that he was a "fit" parent, did MITCH or his counsel, both Nevada licensed attorneys and officers of the Court, disclose the fact of MITCH'S arrest, criminal charge or pending prosecution for DUI, notwithstanding CHRISTINA'S assertions that MITCH had a drinking problem and drove

recklessly. See CHRISTINA'S Motion, filed Dec. 17, 2008. Shockingly, MITCH'S present motion, containing his third serial and vexatious request for custodial and timeshare modification in nine months, is also bereft of such highly relevant information. See Mot. It also fails to disclose 1) MITCH'S post-settlement conviction<sup>2</sup> on August 26, 2009, of "reckless driving" pursuant to his plea bargain, see Certified Copy of Proof of Conviction, attached as Ex. 6, or 2) what CHRISTINA believes to be MITCH'S recent traffic violation, which also occurred post-settlement, while driving a car occupied by the parties' children. See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1.

MITCH and his attorney's misconduct did not stop at mere silence, however. Not

content to simply keep mum about the arrest, prosecution, and resulting conviction, MITCH and his counsel went even further, and instead, engaged in a scheme to defraud CHRISTINA and the Court by affirmatively making false and misleading misrepresentations of material fact concerning MITCH'S post-divorce alcohol use and driving habits. *See* MITCH'S Opposition/Countermotion, filed Jan. 8, 2009, and Reply, filed Feb. 20, 2009. Specifically, on January 8, 2009, only one week after being arraigned on the charge of DUI, MITCH filed his Opposition/Countermotion with the Court and made the following statements:

Mitchell desires to dispense with three (3) allegations summarily. First, Mitchell denies that he is an alcoholic or drinks too much alcohol. *In fact, Mitchell now rarely consumes alcohol. In the unlikely event that Mitchell consumes alcohol, he does so responsibly* and never during the days and times that Mitchell has visitation with the children... And finally, Mitchell has never been cited by any law enforcement agency for violating any traffic law while driving an automobile occupied by the children.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>An attorney has an affirmative duty to inform bar counsel, within 30 days, "[u]pon being convicted of a crime by a court of competent jurisdiction, other than a misdemeanor traffic violation not involving the use of alcohol or a controlled substance." SCR 111(2). "Conviction" includes, as here, MITCH'S plea of "no contest" to the reduced charge of reckless driving. SCR 111(1). As of the filing of this Opposition/Countermotion, the State Bar could not confirm to CHRISTINA whether MITCH reported his conviction as he was required by law to do.

See MITCH'S Opposition/Countermotion, at 30, 11. 14 (emphasis added). These statements were repeated and supported by MITCH in his affidavit attached to his Opposition/Countermotion. MITCH further capitalized upon CHRISTINA'S ignorance of MITCH'S post-divorce criminal record claiming that, "[s]he continues to promote the notion that Mitchell...is an alcoholic...(allegations for which she has provided no support whatsoever)." MITCH'S Reply, filed Feb. 20, 2009, at 19. Although MITCH was correct in stating that CHRISTINA had no evidence of post-divorce alcohol abuse or reckless driving, MITCH and his counsel certainly had such information at hand but affirmatively chose not to disclose it in violation of their duty of candor to the tribunal.

MITCH and his counsel then coupled their fraudulent statements with repeated requests that the Court "strike" from the record any and all statements made by CHRISTINA or her family and friends concerning, among other things, MITCH's pre-divorce alcohol or reckless driving concerns citing the same doctrine of law that absolutely forecloses this Court's consideration of his present motion, the doctrine of res judicata.

CHRISTINA spent over \$100,000.00 in attorney's fees for the previous 9 months of custodial litigation, for which the Court should order compensation from MITCH pursuant to the parties' Decree, EDCR 7.60, and/or the inherent power of the Court to sanction misconduct.

See Decree, Ex. 2, at Sec. 4.7 of MSA (expressly providing for attorney's fees). In addition, this Court wasted countless hours reading the voluminous pleadings on file, heard hours of argument by counsel at not one, but two separate hearings, gave direction to, and issued orders in this case without having full disclosure of all relevant information before it as MITCH and his attorney were required by law to provide.

#### 2. The Duty of Candor to the Tribunal

Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct address the duties of Nevada licensed attorneys with respect to the disclosure of information to the tribunal. Rule 3.3(a), N.R.P.C., sets forth an attorney's "duty of candor" to the tribunal. The rule provides, in pertinent part, that "a lawyer shall not knowingly: (1) [m]ake a false statement of fact or law to a tribunal or fail to correct a false statement of material fact or law previously made to the tribunal by the lawyer...or (3) [o]ffer evidence that the lawyer knows to be false. N.R.C.P. 3.3(a)-(d). Even in an ex parte proceeding, analogous to the case here where MITCH withheld relevant information unknown to CHRISTINA, an attorney is obligated to inform the Court of "all material facts known to the lawyer that will enable the tribunal to make an informed decision, whether or not the facts are adverse." N.R.C.P. 3.3(d).

It is professional misconduct for a lawyer to, as MITCH and his counsel do here:

- (a) Violate or attempt to violate the Rules of Professional Conduct...;
- (b) Commit a criminal act that reflects adversely on the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness or fitness as a lawyer in other respects;
- (c) Engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit or misrepresentation;
- (d) Engage in conduct that is prejudicial to the administration of justice;

See N.R.P.C. 8.4 (a)-(d). A lawyer who knows that another lawyer has committed a violation of the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct that raises a substantial question as to that lawyer's "honesty, trustworthiness or fitness as a lawyer in other respects, shall inform," as CHRISTINA does here, "the appropriate professional authority." N.R.P.C. 8.3(a); CHRISTINA Aff, Ex. 1 (acknowledging the State Bar's direction that the matter be addressed by this Court given the pending nature of the litigation).

Here, MITCH and his counsel violated their duty of candor to the Court pursuant to NRCP 3.3(a), and their actions constitute "fraud upon the court," the consequences of which mandate vacatur of the SAO and reinstatement of the parties' original timeshare.

#### 3. Violation of the Duty of Candor Constitutes Fraud Upon the Court

The Nevada Supreme Court has recognized that, "[a] court cannot effectively conduct its business if every statement by counsel must be verified, and so great reliance is placed on a lawyer's candor. Candor encompasses more than a mere absence of lies; it connotes full disclosure of all relevant information..." See In re Hagendorf, No. 41417 (Nev. 2003) (approving disciplinary plea agreement in case involving attorney litigant's misconduct in violating, among other things, his duty of candor to the tribunal) (emphasis added). Recently, on the same day that MITCH filed his present motion, the Nevada Supreme Court affirmed a district court's finding of attorney fraud as a basis to set aside a judgment procured by such fraud under Nev. R. Civ. P. 60(b)'s saving's clause. See Valley Hospital v. Garner, 125 Nev., Adv. Op. 50 (Oct. 29, 2009) (affirming order vacating stipulated judgment due to attorney's fraud in misrepresenting as genuine a fraudulent settlement to the court and, thereafter, absconding with settlement funds). In addition to an attorney's duties to his clients, the Nevada Supreme Court in Valley Hosp. stated that, "a lawyer owes a duty of loyalty to the court, as an officer thereof, [that] demands integrity and honest dealing with the court. And when he departs from that standard in the conduct of a case, he perpetrates fraud upon the court." Id. (citations omitted).

Rule 60(b), Nev. R. Civ. P., which provides, in pertinent part, that

[o]n motion and upon such terms as are just, the court may relieve a party or a party's legal representative from a final judgment, order, or proceeding for the following reasons: (1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence which by due diligence could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b); (3) fraud (whether heretofore denominated intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation or other misconduct of an adverse party...

Nev. R. Civ. P. 60(b). It is of little consequence whether the fraud complained of by CHRISTINA here falls under Rule 60(b)'s subsection (3), fraud by an adverse party, which has a six-month deadline, or its "saving's clause's," or both, given that CHRISTINA'S present challenge of the SAO has been made within six months of its entry. *Id*.

CHRISTINA and the Court relied upon MITCH and his counsel's misrepresentations and crafty scheme to defraud the Court to the detriment of the children's health and safety. *See* June 4, 2009 Hearing (in preliminarily considering MITCH'S April 27, 2009 Motion for Reconsideration, the Court stated that parental "fitness" did not appear to be an issue). Far from counseling in favor of granting MITCH his third requested custodial modification contained in his present motion, such fraud upon the Court mandates that the Court set aside the SAO, reinstitute the original timeshare, sanction MITCH, and make such additional orders as are just to accommodate CHRISTINA'S safety concerns.<sup>3</sup>

- B. RELEVANT FINANCIAL DISCOVERY AND PARTIONMENT OF ASSETS IS WARRANTED WHERE, AS HERE, MITCH FRAUDULENTLY CONCEALED MARITAL ASSETS
  - 1. MITCH'S "Retirement" Presents an Anomaly that Can Only Be Explained by Fraud

MITCH'S fraudulent conduct is not limited to drinking and driving. If Mitch is "retired" at age 34, as he now claims, then it appears that he either lied about the full extent of the parties' marital estate, or he is lying now about his "retirement." Though possible, it is unlikely that MITCH received significant post-divorce distributions given his company's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In fashioning any such order, the Court should consider MITCH'S record of reckless driving. *See* Insurance Reports, dated November 7, 2006, attached hereto as Exhibit 7 (documenting Mitch's alcohol-related single car crash resulting in over \$10,000.00 in damages to one of his many luxury cars); and Las Vegas Justice Court printout, attached hereto as Ex. 8 (detailing, in just one jurisdiction, MITCH'S multiple traffic citations reduced to "parking tickets" from 2003 until the present).

immediate bankruptcy filing the month following the parties' divorce, his admission on his

February 19, 2009 Financial Disclosure Form ("FDF") as to making only \$2,000 per month in

income, and his current claims to have only been working minimally for his insolvent company

overseeing the completion of a single office building over the past two years. See Mot.; and

Defendant's FDF, attached hereto as Exhibit 9. Even if he did receive post-divorce distributions

by virtue of his ownership interest in Aquila Investments, LLC, however, he is contractually

obligated to share them with CHRISTINA via their Decree. See Decree, Ex. 2 (MSA, at 5, II.

2.1(b)(iii)). MITCH'S claims concerning his ability to support a new wife, the parties' two

children, and newly-desired future children by living off "investments" in this the world's worst

economy since the Great Depression, begs the questions, what is the principal of those

investments, and when was it earned? Either way, MITCH opened the door and CHRISTINA

needs discovery in order to defend against his claims.

MITCH's "equitable apportionment" of the marital estate was approximately \$500,000 in assets as of May 2, 2008, see Decree, at Ex. 2 (MSA at 5, II. 2.1(b)(i)), and (a now evaporated) \$1 million in home equity. Id. at 5, II. 2.1. At the time of the parties' divorce, "[e]ach party represent[ed] and warrant[ed] that he or she ha[d] made full, complete and accurate disclosure of all the assets of the Parties." Id. at 6, II. 2.1(c). MITCH'S representations upon divorce and to this Court thereafter, see FDF, Ex. 9, do not explain his present ability to maintain estimated expenses of approximately \$35,000 per month for the past two years in the absence of fraud. See MITCH'S Affidavit of Financial Condition, filed November 20, 2006 (documenting \$21,000/month expenses which were made with substantially the same obligations he has now, but did not include MITCH'S new \$5,000/month car payment; college expenses for his new wife;

\$2,000 child support obligation; or private school tuition for his now-preschool-aged children); and Defendant's FDF, Ex. 9. Moreover, in July 2009, MITCH appears to have purchased a brand-new home for his parents to live in at a cost of \$221,990.00. See Clark County Assessor Report and Nevada Secretary of State Printout, attached hereto collectively as Exhibit 10 (listing MITCH as the manager of the limited liability company, which owns the home his parents now live in).<sup>4</sup>

# 2. Proof that MITCH Received Significant Assets Pre-Divorce May Exist But Discovery is Needed Given the Non-Public Nature of the Information

When analyzed against available, though extremely limited, public records filed in the bankruptcy action of the asset-holding branch of his former company, City Crossing I, LLC ("City Crossing"), which commenced on June 2, 2008, exactly one month after the entry of the parties' Decree, the statements MITCH makes flaunting his extreme wealth, including, most recently, "retirement" at age 34, reveal that MITCH was the recipient of substantial assets he fraudulently concealed from CHRISTINA prior to the parties' divorce. CHRISTINA believes that such assets include an undisclosed \$6.9 million he received prior to the May 2, 2008 entry of the parties' Decree. See City Crossing's Statement of Financial Affairs (S.O.F.A.), filed June 17, 2008, United States Bankruptcy Court, District of Nevada, Case No. 08-15780, attached hereto as Exhibit 11, at 34 of 40, #23 (listing distributions made by City Crossing to insider Aquila Investments, LLC, within one year prior to commencement of the bankruptcy action). Tellingly, the \$6.9 million in distributions made by City Crossing to insider Aquila Investments, LLC, owned in part by MITCH, in the year prior to filing bankruptcy, includes a \$750,000.00 distribution made on March 12, 2008, exactly six days after the parties' Decree was filed (but not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Mitch's parents owned two homes in Las Vegas that were foreclosed upon earlier this year.

entered), in the exact amount of a bonus MITCH was expecting to receive in December 2007 but falsely told CHRISTINA he would not be receiving once the specter of divorce entered the picture. *See* CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1; and Excerpt of Transcript of First Meeting of Creditors, filed as Exhibit 1 to Response of Community Bank of Nevada to Debtor's Motion to Dismiss, filed November 11, 2008, attached hereto as Exhibit 12 (containing testimony by both MITCH and William Plise ("BILL") concerning ownership interests).

MITCH told CHRISTINA, prior to their divorce, that he had not received, and would not receive, anything by way of his 10% interest in Aquila Investments unless and until the 126 acres of Henderson land owned by City Crossing that was to have been developed into a \$1 billion mixed-use project was sold. CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. In the Decree, the parties agreed that MITCH would give CHRISTINA a 50% interest in any distribution(s) MITCH would ever receive in the future by way of his interest in Aquila, acknowledging to CHRISTINA that the interest was community property and making her believe by way of his misrepresentations of fact as to the extent of the marital estate that he had not received any distribution, but would honor his word by sharing jointly in any future distributions. Id.; and Decree, Ex. 2 (MSA, 2.1(b)(iii), Ex. D). What MITCH failed to disclose to CHRISTINA was that he had already received \$6.2 million in 2007 (the distributions listed in the S.O.F.A. less the \$750,000 bonus in 2008) as his 10% interest in the loan proceeds BILL acquired after BILL bought out other partners, who owned the City Crossing land, with the \$200 million in financing MITCH, BILL'S General Counsel and Chief Operating Officer, helped secure for him. See MITCH'S Opposition/Countermotion, filed January 8, 2009 (admitting that BILL defaulted on "\$200 million of debt"), at 22-23; CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1 (documenting MITCH'S claims that

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BILL bought out his partners at \$1.1 million per acre for the 126 acres, leaving him with \$62 million in proceeds, 10% of which totals MITCH'S \$6.2 million distributions in 2007).

Thereafter, MITCH obtained his \$750,000 bonus 6 days following the filing of the Decree, under the mistaken presumption by MITCH, a transactional attorney, that the Decree became effective upon its filing and not upon its entry. See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. (explaining MITCH'S eagerness to rush the Court's approval of the Decree). As further proof of his duplicity, the Court should note MITCH'S repeated, though false, insistence throughout his Motion and previously filed documents that the parties' Decree was entered on March 6, 2008, the date of its filing, and not May 2, 2008, the date of its entry. See Mot. at 4, 1. 3. MITCH and BILL then walked away from the property leaving lenders and investors in the lurch and BILL as the main target of multiple pending collection actions in Clark County, Nevada, due to his personal guarantees of such loans. See Blackstone Printout, attached hereto as Exhibit 13 (listing past and present litigation against BILL and his affiliates, including one action, Clark County District Court Case No. 07A545946, in which investors also sued MITCH directly). MITCH and/or BILL, or others on their behalf, have already characterized the \$6.9 million distribution in one or more of the various cases filed against them, but such admissions and supporting documentation are not available in public records filed with the courts. See Community Bank's Opposition/Countermotion to Compel, filed July2, 2008, attached hereto as Exhibit 14 (challenging the \$6.9 million as "fraudulent transfers" to insiders). Hence, the necessity for discovery.

CHRISTINA also countermoves for the Court to partition such marital property, the nondisclosure of which the parties' explicitly agreed would be considered "extrinsic fraud," and for which they agreed to provide each other the remedy of partitionment. See Decree, Ex. 2,

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at 8, Sec.V, "UNDISCLOSED PROPERTY." The parties also contractually agreed that no statute of limitations would begin to run on such an action until "actual discovery" of such property was made; a circumstance that has yet to occur. *Id*.

Pending partitionment, CHRISTINA requests that the Court enter a temporary injunction preventing MITCH from: transferring, encumbering, concealing, selling or otherwise disposing of any of the undisclosed community property of the parties or any property which is the subject of CHRISTINA'S claim of community interest, without the written consent of CHRISTINA or the permission of the Court.

#### C. MITCH'S "WORD" SHOULD MEAN NOTHING TO THIS COURT

In sum, MITCH asks this Court, once again, to "take his word for it" that he is a "fit" parent and requires custodial and timeshare modification, notwithstanding the fact that the parties' reached a settlement less than two months and three weeks prior to the filing of his instant motion. As will be fully explained below, the only issues not considered, and therefore, not "already adjudicated" by this Court and CHRISTINA are MITCH'S fraud as detailed above. Regardless of whether or not the Court finds that MITCH committed "fraud upon the court," which he clearly did, the Court should deny MITCH'S present motion in its entirety given that it was filed without reasonable grounds to do so, its transparent purpose being solely to harass CHRISTINA at all cost, and its consideration being absolutely precluded by the doctrine of res judicata.

#### IV. OPPOSITION

#### A. MITCH'S MOTION IS TIME-BARRED

E.D.C.R. 2.24(a) provides that "[n]o motions once heard and disposed of may be renewed in the same cause, nor may the same matters therein embraced be reheard, unless by

leave of the court granted upon motion therefor, after notice of such motion to the adverse parties." Moreover, a "party seeking reconsideration of a ruling of the court, other than any order which may be addressed by motion pursuant to N.R.C.P. 50(b), 52(b), 59 or 60, must file a motion for such relief within 10 days after service of written notice of the order or judgment unless the time is shortened or enlarged by order...." E.D.C.R. 2.24(b).

MITCH'S present motion seeks reconsideration and rehearing of all of the matters embraced by MITCH'S Motion for Reconsideration, filed on April 27, 2009, and heard on June 4, 2009. MITCH'S Motion for Reconsideration resulted in this Court's August 7, 2009 entry of the parties' stipulated judgment. Even assuming, *arguendo*, that MITCH is permitted to request "reconsideration" of his "Motion for Reconsideration," which he is clearly not permitted to do by the plain language of E.D.C.R. 2.24(a)-(b), he did not bring such request to the Court's attention within the clear 10-day deadline. In fact, two months and 3 weeks had already passed between the entry of the Court's order and the filing of MITCH'S present motion. MITCH'S Motion, therefore, is not only substantively deficient, as will be detailed below, but it is absolutely time-barred.

### B. MITCH'S MOTION TO MODIFY CUSTODY SHOULD BE DENIED BECAUSE THERE IS NO "ADEQUATE CAUSE" TO WARRANT ITS CONSIDERATION

As he erroneously concluded in his previously-filed and already adjudicated Motion for Reconsideration, challenging this Court's denial of his first countermotion to modify custody, and which erroneous assertion of law he reasserts in the present motion, the Court is not mandated to automatically entertain every motion to modify custody, regardless of the type of custody involved, that MITCH decides to throw at the Court and serve on CHRISTINA, at his

whim, whenever he feels like it, over and over again. See *Rooney v. Rooney*, 853 P.2d 123, 124, 109 Nev. 540 (1993). In *Rooney*, the Nevada Supreme Court held that "a district court has the discretion to deny a motion to modify custody without holding a hearing unless the moving party demonstrates 'adequate cause' for holding a hearing." This "adequate cause" standard forms the first layer of protection against litigants, like MITCH here, who desire to abuse and exploit the "best interest of the child" standard, which is to be considered in custodial modification cases regardless of the type of custody involved, as set forth in NRS 125.510 and its provisions.

In *Rooney*, the parties initially stipulated to a primary physical custody arrangement, with the mother having primary physical custody, which was incorporated into their divorce decree. *Id.* at 123. Two months later, the father moved to modify custody. A hearing was held two months later, and the district court awarded physical custody to the father. *Id.* at 124. A month after the hearing, the mother filed a motion to modify custody claiming changed circumstances subsequent to last hearing. Without holding a hearing, the district court denied the mother's motion on the basis that it was filed, as is the case here, without reasonable grounds or solely to harass the other party. *Id.* The district court further stated that "[d]eclining to entertain said Motion at this time will protect the best interests of [the child]."

The Rooney court held that "adequate cause" requires "something more than allegations which, if proven, might permit inferences sufficient to establish grounds for a custody change." *Id.* at 125 (citations omitted). It arises only where the moving party presents a prima facie case for modification. *Id.* To constitute a prima facie case, the Rooney court held that "it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching." *Id.* (citations omitted). In Rooney, a prima facie case of adequate cause was not even established based upon,

among other things, the statement that, as asserted by the mother, the father had appeared at the mother's home stating that he did not want custody of their child, signed a piece of paper so declaring, and left the child with the mother (although he returned for the child the next morning). *Id*.

There is no adequate cause to entertain MITCH'S third custodial modification motion in nine months because none of the facts upon which he bases the motion is true and/or such evidence is cumulative where, as here, it was already previously adjudicated under the parties' stipulated judgment entered less than 2 months and 3 weeks prior to his present challenge. Furthermore, it is clear from his Motion, that it is filed without reasonable grounds and is intended solely to harass CHRISTINA.

To the extent that MITCH claims, with no citation to authority, that a stipulation does not constitute "adjudication," he is dead wrong. It is well-settled law that an action ending in a stipulated judgment or order satisfies the issue preclusion prong of res judicata as being "actually litigated." See Willerton v. Bassham, et al., 889 P.2d 823, 111 Nev. 10 (1995) ("Generally, a judgment entered by the court on consent of the parties after settlement or by stipulation of the parties is as binding a judgment between the parties as if the matter had been fully tried, and bars later action on the same claim or cause of action as the initial suit.") (citations omitted). In Willerton, the Nevada Supreme Court, considering United States Supreme Court precedent, recognized that "consent judgments do have res judicata effect on the parties to a consent judgment, barring later suit on the same claims or causes of action as those asserted in a prior proceeding." Id. at 111 Nev. 17. To hold otherwise, as MITCH would have this Court do, would mean that settlements between parties' would have no binding or preclusive effect whatsoever.

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Rooney is still good law. The recently re-decided case of Rivero II, and its new definition of joint physical custody as requiring a minimum 40% timeshare, does not overturn it. MITCH cites Rivero and seems to suggest that a hearing is required, automatically, every time a litigant moves to modify custody. However, Rooney is in place and permits the Court to properly address instances where, as here, a vexatious litigant chooses to use the judicial system as a means of harassment.

# E. NOTWITHSTANDING MITCH'S FALSE ASSERTIONS TO THE CONTRARY, CHRISTINA IS THE PRIMARY PHYSICAL CUSTODIAN UNDER NEVADA LAW

Assuming, arguendo, that MITCH'S motion would even pass muster under the "adequate cause" standard set forth above, which it does not, and the Court were to consider it, which it should not, it is incumbent upon the Court to first define the custodial arrangement between the parties, as such definition will determine the appropriate standard for modifying physical custody. Rivero II, at 12. The Court may modify joint physical custody if it is in the best interest of the child. Id. at n.4 (citing NRS 125.510(2); Potter v. Potter, 121 Nev. 613, 618, 119 P.3d 1246, 1249 (2005)). However, "to modify a primary physical custody arrangement, the court must find that it is in the best interest of the child and that there has been a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the child." Id. (emphasis in original).

In assessing the true nature of the parties' arrangement, the Court must 1) first, disregard the parties' definition of their own custody arrangement, and 2) second, determine the parties' actual custody arrangement by applying the terms and definitions provided under Nevada law. *Rivero* at 22. Under *Rivero II*, joint physical custody under Nevada law now "requires that each party have physical custody of the child at least 40 percent of the time." *Id.* at 3. The 40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The definition is also critical when dealing with relocation and/or child support awards. *Rivero II*, at 11-12.

percent rule, according to the *Rivero II* Court, best approximated its desired 50/50 timeshare as reflecting "joint custody," while still allowing for "necessary flexibility." *Id.* at 17.

Here, the parties' MSA contains the "in-name-only" designation "joint physical custody," but it, as well as the Decree in which the MSA is incorporated, contain child support, relocation and timeshare provisions, 80% (CHRISTINA)/20% (MITCH) that substantiate the parties' intent that CHRISTINA be the *de facto* primary physical custodian of their minor children. Notably, other than the timeshare, which he only marginally increased, MITCH left these provisions untouched by the SAO. He now claims, falsely, that CHRISTINA intended by the SAO that they "remain joint physical custodians." Mot. at 4, 1. 8. CHRISTINA adamantly denies this assertion. *See* CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. The record is clear that CHRISTINA never considered the parties' "joint physical custodians" upon their divorce, nor did she consider them so upon and after executing the SAO. *Id*.

Under MITCH'S subsequent May 1, 2009 "email settlement," the parties agreed, according to MITCH, to provide MITCH four additional "days" a month, i.e., an approximate 30% timeshare for MITCH. See Emails comprising the alleged "email settlement," attached as Exhibit 15 (CHRISTINA disputed the "email settlement" given the bad faith MITCH engaged in when he tried to re-write the entire Decree under the guise of purportedly documenting the limited "email settlement"). On July 8, 2009, the parties executed the SAO providing MITCH the identical timeshare modification contemplated by the "email settlement." See SAO, Ex.4. Given MITCH'S 30% timeshare, therefore, he is not a "joint physical custodian" under Nevada law, regardless of the designation contained in the MSA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> CHRISITNA calculated this percentage by multiplying MITCH'S set 10 days a month by 12 months and dividing it by 365 days. *Rivero II.* CHRISTINA also took into consideration the parties' annual and holiday visitation. *Id.* 

MITCH recognizes that he is not a "joint physical custodian" under Nevada law. His motion's likely previously-considered title, DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS AND TO CONFORM TIMESHARE WITH DEFINITION OF JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY, provides great insight into the true motivations underlying the present motion. See Certificate of Service, filed November 6, 2009. First, it contains MITCH'S admission that the present timeshare is not reflective of joint physical custody, and secondly, and more importantly, it reveals that his primary emphasis is on a "title" with a "modification" being only secondary and in furtherance of his quest for a title. MITCH further clumsily declares in his supporting affidavit that 

[u]nder the MSA and SAO, Christina and I have joint physical custody of the children. However, since we entered into the SAO, Nevada law regarding physical custody has changed. Christina and I never intended to have custody of the children other than as joint physical custodians. I also never expected the definition of "joint physical custody" to change at the time I signed the SAO which now unfairly imposes upon me additional legal burdens that previously failed to exist in order to change the current visitation schedule.

See MITCH Aff., attached as Exhibit A to his Mot.

MITCH struggles to make the straight-face argument that he is a joint custodian even under his new 30% timeshare. He does so by misapplying the facts and the law of *Rivero II* to the present case and giving lip-service to the idea of "changed circumstances" in order to justify his ridiculous request to have the Court change a timeshare that has already been in place for 6 months, contrary to the best interests of the children in terms of custodial stability. MITCH currently has the children from 6:00 pm. on Friday until 6:00 p.m. on Sunday during the first and third [and fifth if there is one] weekends of the month. This constitutes 48 hours, or two days a

The parties' agreed to maintain the option providing CHRISTINA with the first weekend of the month, should she decide to take it, on the condition that if she does, MITCH gets make-up time to be taken from 6:00 p.m. on the Wednesday immediately preceding the first weekend of the month until Friday at 6:00 p.m.

week. On the second and fourth weekends of the months, MITCH has the children from 6:00 p.m. on Thursday until 6:00 p.m. on Sunday. This constitutes 72 hours, or three days a week. Thus, the parties essentially share the children on an alternating 5/2, 4/3 basis, with CHRISTINA having alternating 5-day/4-day weeks, and MITCH having alternating 2-day/3-day weeks with the children. MITCH claims, however, contrary to logic and law, that he should have credit for the entire day even if he picks up the children at 6:00 p.m. Under his rationale, he has the children, as he claims, "all or part of three or four days each week." Mot. at 12, 1. 12. Under his misreading of *Rivero II*, he claims that "joint physical custody' is defined as a party having a child in his or her "physical custody" approximately three days per week." *Id.* at 12. Therefore, he claims, he is a joint physical custodian. *Id.* at 12. In truth, MITCH has an alternating 2-day/3-day weekly timeshare. Even he knows this. To find otherwise would suggest that CHRISTINA has a 6-day/5-day weekly timeshare, but there are only seven days in one week, not nine.

In fact, if taken to its illogical conclusion, under MITCH'S definition, this Court need not modify the timeshare at all because MITCH'S admission that he already has an alternating 3-day, 4-day weekly timeshare, which he does not have, would mean that the parties already have a 50/50 timeshare, which they do not. His motion would be moot (note how MITCH absolutely avoids assigning a percentage timeshare to himself because he knows it would defeat his argument and entire motion). Further, this Court already determined that custodial "confirmations" where no relocation or modification is required will not be awarded. See Hearing, February 24, 2009.

The Court should not heed MITCH'S false pleas that he never expected Nevada's definition of joint physical custody to change. At the February 24, 2009 hearing in this case, the

1 parties' counsel, as well as the Court, discussed the fact that Rivero I was on appeal. This fact 2 was also mentioned at the parties' June 4, 2009 hearing in the case. MITCH knew what he signed when he signed the SAO. To the extent that the Court fails to vacate the SAO on the 3 4 5 6 7 8

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basis of MITCH'S fraud, the Court should deny MITCH'S motion for what he apparently states it is, a means to "renegotiate" a deal he, a Washington College of Law trained lawyer, represented by experienced family law counsel, agreed to. Imagine the floodgates that the Court would open if it allowed litigants, unhappy with their custody arrangements, to flock to the Family Court, paying lip-service to "change" in some manner, and requesting renegotiation/reconsideration of their custody due to Rivero II.

#### C. THE COURT SHOULD NOT LIGHTLY GRANT AN APPLICATION TO MODIFY CUSTODY; CUSTODIAL STABILITY IS OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE WHEN CONSIDERING THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD

Custodial stability is of paramount importance under either standard of custodial modification in Nevada, primary physical or joint physical custody, as such stability has been determined to be in the best interest of the child. In Nevada, when a district court determines the custody of a minor child, "the sole consideration of the court is the best interest of the child." Ellis v. Carlucci, 161 P.3d 239 (Nev. 2007) (citing NRS 125.480(1)). As a preliminary matter,

the Ellis Court noted that

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[u]nder NRS 125.480(4), '[i]n determining the best interest of the child, the court shall consider and set forth its specific findings concerning, among other things...(g) The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

Id. In the interest of judicial economy, CHRISTINA incorporates by reference, the detailed analysis she previously submitted to the Court of the NRS 125.480 factors as applied in this case given the fact that substantially the same issues and circumstances as were present then remain the same now. See Reply/Opposition, filed February 18, 2009, at 22-28. The Ellis Court further

cautioned, however, that although "the court may...[a]t any time modify or vacate its order upon 2 the 'application of one of the parties,' because numerous courts have documented the 3 importance of stability in promoting the developmental and emotional needs of children, we acknowledge that courts should not lightly grant applications to modify custody." Id. (emphasis 4 5 added).

The "changed circumstances" prong of the test for determining whether a change of custody is warranted in the primary custody setting, i.e., "that there is a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the child," serves "the important purpose of guaranteeing stability unless circumstances have changed to such an extent that a modification is appropriate." Ellis, at 243. Moreover, notes the Ellis Court, the "changed circumstances" prong should not be taken lightly and "any change in circumstances must generally have occurred since the last custody determination because the 'changed circumstances' prong "is based on the principle of res judicata" and "prevents 'persons dissatisfied with custody decrees [from filing] immediate, repetitive, serial motions until the right circumstances or the right judge allows them to achieve a different result, based on essentially the same facts." Id. (citing Castle v. Simmons, 120 Nev. 98, 103-04, 86 P.3d 1042 (2004) (quoting Mosley v. Figliuzzi, 930 P.2d 1110, 1114, 113 Nev. 51, 58 (1997)).

One exception to the res judicata aspect of the "changed circumstances" prong of the primary custodial modification test is a situation where, as here, a criminal act, while having been committed prior to the last custodial determination in the case, was unknown to one party. See Castle, at 105, 86 P.3d at 1047. In Castle, the Nevada Supreme Court found that a district court could properly consider evidence of domestic abuse that occurred before a previous

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custody determination, but which was unknown to the moving party or the Court at the time of the prior determination. *Id*.

Res judicata is a principle of law that is alive and well in the single-pronged joint custody "best interest of the child" modification test as well. It merits discussion below, to the extent that MITCH argues, albeit disingenuously, that the parties are currently joint physical custodians under Nevada law.

# D. MODIFICATION IS NOT WARRANTED WHERE, AS HERE, THE SAME SET OF CIRCUMSTANCES THAT WERE PRESENT AT THE TIME THE PARTIES ENTERED INTO THE SAO REMAIN IN EFFECT

MITCH'S filing of his motion constituting his third request for custodial modification in nine months is surprising for many reason, among which is his counsel's repeated and enthusiastic statements made to the Court in MITCH'S previous filings and at prior hearings in this matter concerning his intimate familiarity with the Nevada Supreme Court case, *Mosley v. Figliuzzi*, 930 P.2d 1110, 113 Nev. 51 (1997), as well as his repeated boilerplate citation to the case throughout his previously filed papers to, in many instances, wrongly preclude this Court and CHRISTINA from considering the relevant and deliberately hidden fact of MITCH'S alcohol problem and reckless driving record. *See* Opp., filed January 8, 2009, and Reply and Opp., filed February 20, 2009. Someone as intimately familiar with *Mosley*, should well know that the holding of the case absolutely precludes MITCH, even assuming, *arguendo*, that he were to be considered a "joint physical custodian," which he is clearly not, from seeking the relief he requests now, that is, custodial modification where substantially the same set of circumstances that were present at the time the parties voluntarily and knowingly entered into the SAO remain in effect.

In *Mosley*, a mother, unhappy with the custodial designation and, like MITCH, the timeshare the parties' stipulated to and the district court twice ordered, filed her fourth serial motion affecting custody less than three weeks after the entry of the court's third joint custody decree. The district court acted on the mother's fourth request by neither granting or denying her motion, but rather, by terminating the father's custodial rights and granting sole custody to the mother. *Id.* at 1111. In addition to the obvious procedural defect of terminating the father's custody without notice or proper motion to do so before it, the Nevada Supreme Court reversed the judgment of the district court but took the time to clarify its position in *Truax v. Truax*, 110 Nev. 437, 438, 874 P.2d 10, 11 (1994), reaffirming its commitment to the doctrine of *res judicata* in child custody matters in Nevada. The *Mosely* court, as cited to by the *Ellis* Court, *supra.*, stated that while it said in *Truax* that:

'if it is shown that the best interest of the child requires modification or termination' of a joint custody, '[a]ny order for joint custody may be modified or terminated by the court upon the petition of one or both parents or on the court's own motion.' This did not mean that we abandoned the doctrine of res adjudicata in child custody matters and that persons dissatisfied with custody decrees can file immediate, repetitive, serial motions until the right circumstances or the right judge allows them to achieve a different result, based on essentially the same facts.' "The moving party in a custody proceeding must show that circumstances have substantially changed since the most recent custodial order.... Events that took place before the proceeding [are] inadmissible to establish a change of circumstances." [citations omitted]

Id. at 1114-1115 (emphasis added).

Given MITCH'S intense animosity toward CHRISTINA, it is also important to note that in *Mosley*, which involved "chronically conflicting parents," the Nevada Supreme Court cautioned that:

[q]uite obviously the courts should not grant custody to the first parent who [like MITCH here] comes in and claims that the child should be awarded to the complaining party because he or she cannot get along with the other parent. To permit this to happen would permit one parent to sabotage [] custody merely by convincing the court that his or her

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bickering with the other parent has created a situation in which the 'best interests of the child' requires that the child be 'awarded' to the complaining party

Id. at 1120. Like the unhappy mother in Mosely, MITCH attempts to sabotage the parties' stipulated custodial timeshare by constantly and mercilessly generating conflict and running to the Court, time and time again, to request custodial modification based on the conflict he continues to incite. The Court should stop MITCH'S sabotage attempts by summarily denying his motion and granting CHRISTINA the sanctions she requests against MITCH.

No matter how artfully MITCH attempts to repackage as "new," old claims and issues, the truth of the matter is that there are no new facts or circumstances present that justify custodial modification in this case, save MITCH'S criminal conduct, which counsels not in favor of an enlargement of time to MITCH, but rather, a reduction or restriction of visitation to him to safeguard the children. In addition, the reduction would be achieved not by modifying the parties' current timeshare, but rather, would occur as a consequence of vacating the SAO, which would leave the parties' original timeshare intact. In any event, MITCH'S credibility regarding his "new" claims and changed circumstances, is suspect, but CHRISTINA will address them below in order to preserve custodial stability in the lives of the parties' children.

### 1. PARENTAL ALIENATION AND REQUEST FOR PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

MITCH already raised the issue of parental alienation, which CHRISTINA adamantly denies has ever occurred on her part, in his Opposition/Response to Motion for Continuance, filed June 3, 2009. MITCH'S counsel also explicitly argued the claim at the June 4, 2009 hearing on MITCH'S Motion for Reconsideration, repeating, verbatim, many of statements MITCH now falsely claims CHRISTINA makes to their daughter Mia. In addition to the record in this case, on the eve of the parties' July 8, 2009 mediation, MITCH admittedly

explicitly considered the issue of parental alienation prior to executing the SAO the next day.

See Email from MITCH to CHRISTINA'S counsel, dated July 7, 2009, attached as Ex. 16

(rejecting CHRISTINA'S request for parenting coordinator and admitting that "[t]o be honest, I am capable of attending classes and seeking family counseling on my own to assist with the issues raised by Christina's alienation of the children").

At the same hearing on MITCH'S Motion for Reconsideration, MITCH'S counsel further argued, as he does now, that the Court should direct a psychological assessment of the parties and their children. *See* Opp./Response, filed June 3, 2009. CHRISTINA opposed the request then, as she does now. The Court denied MITCH'S request for such an assessment.

To the extent that MITCH contends that CHRISTINA is continuing alienation, and as such, this constitutes a new circumstance, his email admissions, in addition to demonstrating MITCH'S intense and uncontrollable hatred of CHRISTINA, prove otherwise. On September 23, 2009, MITCH wrote to CHRISTINA, and in addition to reaffirming his intention of previously calling CHRISTINA a "bitch," specifically stating that, "I do not regret calling you a bitch or that Tara [Mia's school director] thinks that I think you are one because it is the truth," and telling CHRISTINA that, "[a]s far as your other suggestions, it would be better if you just go fuck yourself," MITCH admitted that "Mia now claims you [CHRISTINA] like Amy. We know this is not true, but I really do not care. I think it is good for Mia to believe that...." See Email from MITCH to CHRISTINA, dated September 23, 2009, attached as Ex. 17 (vaguely referenced in, but not attached, for obvious reasons, to MITCH'S present motion).

#### 2. MIA'S CLOTHING ISSUES

Time and again, the facts reveal that MITCH is untruthful to the Court and to CHRISTINA. Not surprisingly, MITCH lies to the Court when he states, throughout his motion,

that Mia has only recently begun to exhibit clothing and emotional issues, including, "mood swings," "outbursts," and "meltdowns." MITCH does so in support of his contention that CHRISTINA'S alienation of the children, allegedly past and present, is now, post-SAO, resulting in trauma to Mia, and this is a factor, he argues, that counsels in favor of his requested modification. See Mot. What MITCH fails to tell the Court is that Mia's clothing and emotional issues have been in existence since the parties' initial separation in 2006, and is, more likely than not, as stated to CHRISTINA by Mia's teachers, school administrators, family counselor, and psychologist, a manifestation of Mia's processing the trauma of her parents' divorce and physical separations, including her father's immediate cohabitation and subsequent remarriage to another woman within months of the parties' separation and divorce.

In point of fact, although MITCH attempts to now educate the Court about the importance of OCD and its possible diagnosis as to Mia, it was CHRISTINA, and not MITCH, who first recognized, *nearly a year ago*, Mia's strange and angry reactions to clothing, seatbelts, shoes, etc. *See* Emails between CHRISTINA and MITCH, dated December 5, 2008, attached as Exhibit 18. CHRISTINA not only consulted with Mia's pediatrician, as she has historically always been the parent to affirmatively and consistently seek medical treatment for the children whether it be on an emergency basis or for routine care, but she also reached out to her coparent for consultation. *Id.* MITCH responded by completely shooting CHRISTINA down, dismissing her legitimate concerns, lying about his lack of similar problems, and, if that was not enough, insulting her by blaming her "deficient" parenting skills in failing to address what, as he characterized it to be, the "problem." *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> CHRISTINA immediately notified MITCH when she suspected Ethan had "knock knees," promptly took him to the pediatrician, and, thereafter, sought expert care for him. See Knock Knee Emails, dated April 28, 2009, attached

Contrary to his present claims that Mia's behaviors warrant medical care and have only recently-manifested, MITCH told CHRISTINA that

<u>Mia's issues with clothes have little to do with any mental illness</u> and everything to do with a desire to do things on her own terms. I have been able to get her to wear a variety of dresses. She also will buckle or strap her shoes when she needs to. Of course she wears extra large panties and won't wear tights. <u>I think a therepist [sic] is only good if he or she provides you parenting tools necessary to resolve the "problem."</u>

Id. (emphasis added). Thus, it appears that Mia's mental health is only important to MITCH when he can use it to further his own best interests, here, to harass CHRISTINA.

#### 3. MIA'S ANGER ISSUES

MITCH'S claims of Mia's "hidden" anger issues being "newly-arising" are equally false. Such falsity is demonstrated, again, by MITCH'S own previous email admissions made almost a year ago. In a December 14, 2008 email MITCH sent to CHRISTINA, provided below in pertinent part and attached hereto in full as Exhibit 26, MITCH explained in alarming detail how he spent an entire weekend punishing Mia for her angry "outbursts" and "meltdowns," culminating in him delivering punishment upon her in the form of what he called a "pat" across Mia's cheek, but which Mia described to CHRISTINA to be a "really hard slap across [her] face." *See* CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 20. The angry email reads as follows:

I have tried in good faith since our divorce to coparent with you. You are not really interested in that. You are only interested in telling me how to be a parent. You only sent the emails because you believe that you can use them to your advantage in your ridiculous attempt to obtain primary physical custody of the children. If you really cared about the matter, why didn't you pick up the telephone and call me? Instead, you decided it made more sense to email me multiple times to establish some sort of record of "reaching out" and fill them with self serving language about your coparenting techniques

hereto as Exhibit 19. Though MITCH claimed he had noticed Ethan's condition for months, he chose not to communicate the information to CHRISTINA or to seek medical help on his own.

and attack me. Since your motives are now clear, I will now provide you the written response you have desperately requested.

With respect to the events of this weekend, there were many circumstances that resulted in my decision to spank Mia. I will described in detail the final event. I was giving Mia a bath. While in the bath, Ethan came into the bathroom. While next to the tub, Mia poured a cup of water on Ethan. I scolded Mia and asked her to get out of the tub so I can dry her. She refused. Ultimately, I had to physically remove Mia from the tub. She would not allow me to dry her. She covered up in her towel and laid on the floor. I told her that I was upset at her behavior. She informed me that she "did not like me anymore" and that I was a "jerk." I dried her off and tried to get her dressed. I tried to dress her for 15 minutes. During this time period, I threatened to spank her multiple times. She refused to cooperate. Finally, I spanked Mia on her rear end. She continued to disobey and say inappropriate things like "you are a lair [sic]." Obviously, I was not getting through to her. I then patted my hand across her cheek. She was not hit or spanked 10 times. She was not physically touched by anything but my hand. She was not smacked, punched, kicked, cut, burned, poked or scratched. Her face was not bright red. I did not examine her butt, but I do not expect she had any swelling or bruising. If she did, I am sure I would have heard about it from you. Mia was not abused.

<u>Mia had a difficult weekend.</u> She refused to get dressed. She had a <u>meltdown</u> in the parking lot at the mall because she wanted to go home. She used inappropriate language <u>(ierk, loser, and silly bitch)</u> regularly despite being told to use "good words.". None of these instances resulted in a spanking (although I warned her several times that one was imminent).

See Email from MITCH to CHRISTINA, dated Dec. 14, 2008, Ex. 20.

In addition to documenting Mia's long-standing emotional issues, MITCH'S email demonstrates his own inability to handle his anger appropriately. *Id.; see also* CHRISTINA'S Motion, filed December 17, 2008, and its supporting affidavits (documenting witness accounts of MITCH'S legendary anger-management issues). Alarmingly, according to the children, MITCH and his new wife regularly hit them. *See* CHRISTINA Aff., Ex.1.

Like OCD, Mia's anger issues could, quite possibly, be genetic. Studies show that there is a strong genetic component to OCD, an anxiety disorder. "Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder," February 6, 2008, NY Times. Research confirms that close relatives of people with OCD are up to nine times more likely to develop OCD themselves. *Id.* Though MITCH fails to

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disclose this fact to the Court, he has suffered from anger issues, often played out in "road rage" situations and in his reckless and aggressive driving style in general, and OCD for decades. See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1.

emails he references from CHRISTINA to him on the subject prove otherwise. See Emails MITCH attaches to his Mot. (documenting CHRISTINA'S candid descriptions of Mia's angry reactions). MITCH'S claims that CHRISTINA is "hiding" Mia's angry reactions is absurd not to mention, as it appears from MITCH'S own motion, a complete projection of what he is doing with such information to CHRISTINA. The first time CHRISTINA has ever heard about the seemingly traumatic angry and emotional episodes that Mia is allegedly enduring while under MITCH'S care is in the 76-page motion he filed with the Court without any adherence to EDCR 5.11. Incredibly, MITCH also filed his meritless motion after Mia had been to only two sessions with the psychologist they both agreed should treat her, Dr. Joel Mishalow. Although CHRISTINA clearly opened the door to such discussion when she shared with MITCH important information about Mia's behavior that was continuing to concern her, MITCH kept mum about his own issues. He even failed to divulge his "concerns" about Mia to Dr. Joel Mishalow. See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1.

MITCH'S "lay-in-wait" approach to Mia's therapy, i.e., keep quiet to
CHRISTINA and Dr. Mishalow and hope that MITCH'S coaching of Mia on the issue of
alienation works, apparently backfired on him. Dr. Mishalow has not found that CHRISTINA
has been abusing Mia. Hence, MITCH'S present ridiculous request for the Court to, once again,
micromanage the parties lives and appoint yet a different mental health provider, who, MITCH

likely hopes, may be more amenable to his manipulations. The Court should see through MITCH'S transparent game-playing and deny his motion.

cannot say the same.

### 3. MITCH'S DESPERATE CLAIMS OF THERAPEUTIC MANIPULATION BY CHRISTINA

MITCH claims that CHRISTINA has manipulated Mia's therapy process by, among other things, not selecting Dr. Melissa Kalodner<sup>9</sup> as a treatment provider for Mia and excluding MITCH from Mia's therapy sessions. Not surprisingly, MITCH'S claims are not only unequivocally and demonstrably false, but they defy logic as well. If CHRISTINA were truly "abusing" Mia as MITCH viciously claims of the devoted mother of his children, why would CHRISTINA subject herself to "exposure" by informing MITCH of Mia's behaviors or seeking help for Mia from a treatment provider who could potentially "uncover" CHRISTINA'S alleged abuse? It doesn't make sense because it simply is not true. CHRISTINA'S concerns for Mia's 

health and well-being have been always been genuine. As is evident by his motion, MITCH

As confirmed by the attached emails between the parties, MITCH well knows that 1) he has always been welcome to attend any and all therapy sessions, notwithstanding the fact that he refuses to do so even when asked by Dr. Mishalow; 2) that CHRISTINA has accommodated MITCH'S unjustified hostility toward her, even going so far as to offer to bring Mia to therapy during her timeshare so that MITCH can attend a session with Mia to the exclusion of CHRISTINA; 3) that CHRISTINA has never insisted on being present in the room at all times with Mia, and, in fact, waited in the waiting room for the majority of Mia's first of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> CHRISTINA'S refusal to select Dr. Kalodner is nothing more than an adult exercise of CHRISTINA'S discretion in not choosing to give business to a service provider who arbitrarily raised the agreed-upon price of therapy and then reacted unprofessionally when CHRISTINA questioned her about it. See Email from CHRISTINA to MITCH,

only two pre-filing appointments with Dr. Mishalow; 4) that CHRISTINA has informed MITCH of past appointments in addition to updating MITCH on Mia's amazing progress; and that, 5) prior to filing his monstrous motion with the Court, MITCH never bothered to tell CHRISTINA, or Dr. Mishalow, of the apparently intense emotional trauma Mia is suffering while in his care. See Emails to and from CHRISTINA to MITCH, dated November 10, 2009, Ex. 22; see also Letter from CHRISTINA to DR. MISHALOW, dated October 26, 2009, attached as Exhibit 23 (documenting CHRISTINA'S efforts to keep MITCH apprised of Mia's therapeutic process through Dr. Mishalow notwithstanding his refusal to join CHRISTINA in Mia's therapy).

In fact, MITCH'S November 10, 2009 email to CHRISTINA on the subject demonstrates MITCH'S continued faith in Dr. Mishalow to treat Mia's issues as well as documents his ability to, as a parent and as an adult, communicate concerns to a health care provider instead of running to Court with self-generated exhibits in his apparently never-ending quest to continue to "battle" CHRISTINA. *Id*.

Moreover, even if the Court were to conclude, and it should not, that Mia's emotional and anger issues are "new," and constitute a "substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the child," which they are not, a modification is still only appropriate to the extent that it furthers the best interests of the child. Where, as here, all the evidence proves, as admitted by MITCH, that it is CHRISTINA who is responsible for identifying the behavioral issues, consulting with her coparent and Mia's pediatrician, interviewing four different psychologists and consulting with others to get the best medical care for Mia, a modification enlarging MITCH'S more time would not be warranted. *See Ellis*, 161 P.3d 239, 244 (affirming

dated September 10, 2009.Ex. 21. CHRISTINA never claimed she couldn't afford her, nor is it true that MITCH'S insurance would have covered her given that she is an out-of-network provider, as he well knows.

district court's modification of primary custody granting father more time where the evidence showed that it was the father who was actively involved in addressing the substantial change in circumstances, a decline in academic performance). Moreover, it is under CHRISTINA'S vigilant care that Mia has already achieved great progress. *See* Email from Mia's teacher, dated October 22, 2009, attached as Exhibit 24; and Mishalow Letter, Ex. 23.

# 4. MITCH'S LACK OF DAILY PHONE CONTACT IS A CONSEQUENCE OF HIS OWN MAKING

MITCH seems to suggest that a "new" circumstance justifying the Court's modification of the parties' stipulated timeshare is the fact that he no longer receives daily phone calls from the children while they are in CHRISTINA'S care. He admits, however, that he is the cause of this present circumstance given that he refuses to facilitate daily phone calls from the children to CHRISTINA when they are in his care even though he explicitly recognizes that he is required to do so pursuant to the SAO. *See* Mot. at. 18; SAO, Ex. 4. MITCH claims, again falsely, that CHRISTINA simply made it too difficult to comply with the SAO, so, as he rationalizes it, he simply chooses not to abide by the Order of the Court. *Id.* at 18.

CHRISTINA fought vigorously for the inclusion of the telephone provision in the SAO given MITCH'S prior and continuing history of refusing to facilitate telephonic communication. *See* CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. CHRISTINA'S "going off email," as MITCH describes it, the centerpiece of his meritless motion, was provoked, among other things, by MITCH'S blatant contempt of Court on this issue. The email written by CHRISTINA, and deliberately omitted from this Court's consideration by MITCH, that preceded the "going off" email, documents CHRISTINA'S frustration with MITCH'S post-SAO harassment, including his decision to simply disregard certain provisions of the SAO less than a month after its entry. *See* Emails from CHRISTINA, attached hereto as Exhibit 25.

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In fact, contrary to MITCH'S statements of non-provocation, in addition to constantly calling CHRISTINA "lonely" and "pathetic," as well as defending his new wife's actions in screaming at CHRISTINA while she was on the phone with MIA, MITCH further demonstrated his never-ending thirst for conflict, as well as his complete disregard for the Nevada Rules of Professional conduct, by personally attacking her attorneys, just as he had done during the parties' mediation, while insisting that he was not going to follow the SAO regarding phone calls. On July 30, 2009, MITCH stated that

I really do not have anything more to say except that Shawn Goldstein is a complete idiot and joke as a lawyer. Shawn just kisses your ass and collects your money. Jim just shows up to court clueless and bills you \$500 an hour. Shawn should be giving you the advice that Radford has trained him to give instead of becoming a clone of "Greasy Hair" Jimmerson. And just so you know, it is not a violation of the Nevada professional rules to characterize Shawn or Jim this way (notwithstanding the fact that it is also true).

See Email from CHRISTINA to MITCH, dated July 30, 2009, attached hereto as Exhibit 26. In August 2009, MITCH also unjustifiably refused to permit CHRISTINA to take her second week of vacation with the children claiming, arbitrarily, that she "waived" her second week. See Exhibit 27. CHRISTINA requests the Court grant her permission to take this vacation.

Likewise, judging from MITCH'S motion, and his continuing hostility and refusal to coparent, CHRISTINA doubts that MITCH complied with the SAO's requirement that the parties attend COPE class prior to October 1, 2009, a requirement CHRISTINA also fought for in the hope of quenching MITCH'S insatiable quest for conflict.<sup>10</sup> CHRISTINA hereby requests that MITCH produce proof of his compliance with this requirement of the SAO or be sanctioned

<sup>10</sup> It should be noted that the parties have been able to attend several school functions post-SAO, jointly, and with no conflict. It is MITCH who perpetuates animosity by arbitrarily refusing to join CHRISTINA at Mia's therapy sessions, insists on separate parent-teacher conferences, refuses to allow or facilitate telephonic communication between the parties, and now refuses to attend an upcoming medical appointment for Ethan given his one-sided hatred of CHRISTINA, and his hope that perpetuation of such conflict will further his litigation cause. Given the circumstances that led to the parties' divorce, CHRISTINA does not understand the reasons behind MITCH'S anger, but does not let it deter her from attempting to coparent with MITCH whenever possible.

by the Court for his contempt. CHRISTINA hereby attaches proof of her compliance with the provision. See Certificate, dated September 26, 2009, attached as Exhibit 28. CHRISTINA has voluntarily attended not one, but two, COPE classes. MITCH would only agree to attend COPE under the SAO, if CHRISTINA went again because he said he wanted to make her "jump through hoops." See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1.

Simply put, MITCH should not be permitted to argue that his own contempt of Court should be considered a substantial change in circumstances supporting custodial modification to enlarge his time.

### 5. MITCH'S EVER-DECREASING WORK SCHEDULE AND EVER-INCREASING AVAILABLITY FOR FATHERHOOD HAS ALREADY BEEN ADJUDICATED

MITCH'S claims of having a post-divorce, minimal, flexible, and at-home work schedule, over which he had "absolute control," has been raised by MITCH not only in the present Motion, but in almost every post-divorce filing he has made in this case as well as at both previous hearings in this matter. See e.g., Mot. at 10. The fact that MITCH has now, apparently, gone from working 15-20 hours a week under such an open work arrangement to not working at all, is not a "substantial change" in circumstances meriting custodial or timeshare modification. In fact, MITCH currently admits that his "work hours have continually decreased since the time of the Decree." See Mot. at 10, ll. 14-15. Clearly, MITCH considered the decreasing nature of his work schedule prior to executing the SAO.

### 6. MIA'S RELUCTANCE TO RETURN HOME

MITCH claims that Mia has only recently become reluctant to leave him and return to CHRISTINA when his visitation with the children is over. *See* Mot. at 9, ll. 16-18. He attributes such "recent" reluctance on his perpetual but completely unsupported "alienation-by-

CHRISTINA" claims. Like many of his other "new circumstance" claims, MITCH'S

"reluctance" claim is refuted by direct statements he has made to the contrary on the very same issue. In this case, MITCH previously alleged in his January 8, 2009 affidavit, filed in support of his Opposition/Countermotion, that Mia exhibited reluctance to return to CHRISTINA when his visitation with her was over. *See* MITCH Aff., Ex. A to his Opp., at para. 37, filed January 8, 2009. However, far from crediting his theory of alienation as he does now, he admitted that "I understand, however, that reluctance to change households, particularly when young children are having fun at one or the other, is a common event." *Id.* MITCH'S visitation time with the children is often filled with such fun activities as Adventuredome, Chuck-E-Cheese's, the park, even on school days when MITCH is supposed to, but often does not, take the children to school. etc. *See* Emails, dated July 24, 2009, attached hereto as Ex. 29 (documenting a typical "fun" day with MITCH).

Thus, MITCH'S claims of "recent reluctance" is clearly disproven by MITCH'S own prior admissions. His financially-motivated sister/employee's affidavit on the subject does nothing to change this fact.

## 7. MITCH'S Lack of Daily School Contact is Not a Changed Circumstance

MITCH contends that he can no longer visit the children at school on a daily basis because, as he falsely claims, CHRISTINA likely lobbied the children's respective schools to prevent his visits. See Mot. at 9. In reality, Ethan's teachers are restricting parental visits, as MITCH well knows but chose not to disclose, to address fundamental social delays Ethan is exhibiting in the areas of independence and self-confidence. See Parent/Teacher Conference

Perhaps MITCH'S nondisclosure of Ethan's developmental problems is reflective of his recognition that his previous visits to Ethan were, indeed, disruptive of his social and emotional development.

Report, dated November 4, 2009, attached hereto as Exhibit 30 ("[Ethan] likes to spend his time with adults the majority of the time; we will interact with him and encourage him to join with the other children"/"At times Ethan seems anxious"). Mia's school's parental visitation policy was in effect prior to Mia's enrollment in the school and has nothing to do with MITCH. Although CHRISTINA urged MITCH to tour Mia's new school and to investigate its program and policies prior to her enrollment, MITCH chose not to do so. See Email from CHRISTINA to MITCH, dated February 4, 2009, attached hereto as Exhibit 31. His deliberate ignorance on the subject does not legitimize his claims.

MITCH unavailingly argues that the loss of such school visits is a "change" that he failed to anticipate. Incredibly, he claims to only "now recognize that it may not be feasible to visit the children at school during the next twelve (12) years of their elementary and secondary education." MITCH Aff., Ex. A to Mot., at para. 11. MITCH'S claims are simply not credible given common sense as well as the fact that he entered into the SAO in the middle of the summer during a time when, as he explicitly argued to the Court, then as a basis to justify his refusal to grant CHRISTINA a continuance, that the children were not in school and he would not be able to see them on a daily basis. See MITCH'S Opp./Response, filed June 3, 2009. In addition, this Court forewarned the parties of such an eventuality at the hearing on February 24, 2009, when it stated that it would not issue any orders regarding MITCH'S school visits, but rather, that it was leaving such visits to the discretion of the individual schools. Thus, MITCH entered into the SAO, in the middle of the summer when he had no opportunity to engage in school visits, knowing that such future visits would continue only at the discretion of the children's schools.

In addition, MITCH and CHRISTINA have no agreement on educational costsharing in the future. MITCH refused to honor his own "email settlement's" codification of such

an agreement at the mediation claiming that the FMC mediator had no jurisdiction over such issues and he would not agree to commit any such agreement to writing because, in his words, "a win is a win." Sadly, the Court well knows that MITCH has been running away from his responsibility in this regard since the parties' divorce. As it stands now, the parties have no agreement as to whether and when Ethan, who has three more years of preschool before he can attend Kindergarten, will continue in preschool absent MITCH'S contribution to his education.

MITCH knew this fact when he signed the SAO; thus, he cannot now claim that there was any indefinite "guarantee" of daily school visits that has now, somehow, changed.

Nevada law clearly prohibits MITCH'S present attempt to relitigate this clearly adjudicated issue indefinitely.

### 8. MITCH'S ATROCIOUS SCHOOL ATTENDANCE RECORD

Though not a "changed circumstance," MITCH'S abysmal record of not taking the children to school on the minimal weekdays that he has them merits discussion. MITCH claims that "[a]t least with equal time...I will have an opportunity to drop off and pick up the children at school and interact with the school administrators and teachers on a weekly basis." *Id.*MITCH'S words are belied by his current actions. MITCH failed to take the children to school a single full day in October, and continues the same pattern in November. In addition, MITCH recently sent CHRISTINA an email documenting his intention to take the children out-of-town on December 11, 2009, another school day he apparently intends to ignore. *See* Emails between MITCH and CHRISTINA, dated Nov. 15-16, 2009, attached as Exhibit 32. As usual, MITCH'S email travel "notice" also fails to contain one iota of the required specificity for an "itinerary" this Court (June 4, 2004 Order) and the MSA require for out-of-state-travel, an ongoing issue with MITCH. *Id.* Mia recognizes her father's willingness to discount the importance of school

when she repeatedly claims to CHRISTINA that "Dada says I don't have to go to school when I'm with him," or that "Dada didn't take us to school because he says we slept too late." See CHRISTINA Aff., Ex. 1. It is not surprising that MITCH claims Mia tells him that she "hates school," given that it appears that his response to her statements is to simply not take her at all.

An increase of weekday custodial time with MITCH, it would seem, would mean an increase in the children's unexcused absences from school, which would clearly not be in their best interest.

#### III. CONCLUSION

For all of the foregoing reasons, CHRISTINA requests that MITCH'S immediate, repetitive, and serial motion be denied in its entirety. Further, CHRISTINA countermoves for the following orders:

- 1. Vacating the SAO and, thereby, reinstituting the parties' original 80%/20% timeshare based upon N.R.C.P. 60(b) and MITCH and his counsel's fraud upon the Court;
- 2. Restricting MITCH'S visitation to accommodate safety concerns associated with his alcohol abuse and reckless driving record;
- 3. Granting CHRISTINA discovery to uncover any other omissions regarding MITCH'S criminal record and alcohol abuse;
- 4. Sanctioning MITCH and his counsel for their professional misconduct and for the filing of MITCH'S baseless motion pursuant to EDCR 7.60 and the inherent power of the Court to sanction misconduct before it;
- 5. Awarding CHRISTINA attorney's fees, pursuant to the parties' Marital Settlement agreement, hereafter MSA, incurred from December 2008 until the present;
- 6. Granting CHRISTINA relevant financial discovery to a) substantiate MITCH'S claims of wealth as it pertains to his stated availability to care for the parties' children more, and b) to determine the extent to which MITCH defrauded CHRISTINA of her rightful share of the marital estate and/or of post-divorce distributions she was and is entitled to receive pursuant to the Decree; and
- 7. Granting a temporary injunction preventing MITCH from: transferring, encumbering, concealing, selling or otherwise disposing of any of the undisclosed community property

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of the parties or any property which is the subject of CHRISTINA'S claim of community interest, without the written consent of CHRISTINA or the permission of the Court;

- 8. Partitioning any "undisclosed property" pursuant to the express terms of the Decree;
- 9. Compelling MITCH to provide proof of attendance at COPE class prior to October 1, 2009, and in the absence of such proof, sanctioning MITCH for contempt of the SAO; and
- 10. Granting CHRISTINA the one week of vacation with the parties' children that MITCH has unjustifiably denied her taking this year.

RV.

CHRISTINA C. STIPP Nevada Bar No. 007929 11757 Feinberg Place Las Vegas, Nevada 89138

Telephone: (702) 240-7080 Facsimile: (702) 240-4937

In Proper Person

## 1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b), I certify that on this 30th day of November, 3 2009, I caused to be hand delivered, a true copy of the following enclosed in a sealed envelope: 4 **COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER** 5 DUE TO DEFENDANT'S FRAUD UPON THE COURT, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS, AND FOR SANCTIONS 6 AND OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT 7 **CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT** TO: 8 9 RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. 10 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 11 Attorneys for Defendant 12 13 DATED this 30th day of November 2009. 14 By Christina Calderon Sty 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

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# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 1

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# AFFIDAVIT OF CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP IN SUPPORT OF COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER DUE TO DEFENDANT'S FRAUD UPON THE COURT, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS, AND FOR SANCTIONS AND

OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT

STATE OF NEVADA	)
	) ss
COUNTY OF CLARK	)

Christina Calderon Stipp, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

- 1. I am the Plaintiff in this matter and the natural mother of the minor children who are the subject of this action. Mitchell David Stipp ("Mitch") is the natural father. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this affidavit, and if called to testify, I would be competent to testify thereto.
- 2. Mitch and I were married on July 18, 1997. Prior to our divorce on May 2, 2008, we had been together for over eighteen years, married for almost 11. We welcomed our daughter, Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), into the world on October 19, 2004, and our son, Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), on March 24, 2007. Mia is now 5, and Ethan is 2. We entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement ("MSA") on February 20, 2008, which was incorporated into our Decree of Divorce ("Decree"), entered by the Court on May 2, 2008.
- 3. On December 17, 2008, I filed a motion requesting, primarily, that the Court confirm me as the primary physical custodian of our children and enforce our educational cost-sharing agreement, which, up until then, Mitch had refused to honor, choosing instead to condition his promised support on my execution of what the Court later agreed was a completely unnecessary protective order. On January 8, 2009, Mitch filed an Opposition and purely

defensive Countermotion in which he opposed my motion and requested modification of our then-less-than-year-old 80%/20% timeshare, raising many of the same arguments he repeats in his present motion. On February 24, 2009, the Court held a hearing, heard argument, and denied all motions/countermotions.

- 4. Following the hearing, Mitch called me and threatened me that if I did not voluntarily modify the timeshare, he was going to "continue the litigation between us indefinitely," because he had the "time, money and desire" to do so. He told me that he knew that my money was "dwindling" and mockingly stated that I had to support my family.
- 5. On April 27, 2009, Mitch filed a Motion for Reconsideration requesting, yet again, that the Court modify our timeshare based on, with the exception of his hidden DUI arrest and reckless driving record, the same issues and claims he raises again in his present motion.

  The Court assigned Mitch a hearing date of June 4, 2009, in connection with his motion.
- 6. On June 3, 2009, I filed a Brief Opposition and Motion to Continue the June 4, 2009 hearing given Mitch's unjustified and unprofessional refusal to grant me an unconditional two-week extension of time within which to respond to his motion. Later that same day, on June 3, 2009, Mitch filed an Opposition and Response to my Motion to Continue claiming that we had reached a settlement via email on May 1, 2009, that the Court was obligated to enforce, hereafter the "email settlement;" that I was alienating the children from Mitch; and requesting, as he does in his present motion, that the Court appoint a psychologist to conduct an assessment of us and our children. All the same issues and substantially the same circumstances as were referenced in his Opposition/Response are mirrored in his present motion.
- 7. At the June 4, 2009 hearing on the matter, the Court heard arguments by both parties, agreed to continue the hearing to provide me time to respond, and ordered the parties to

attend a second Family Mediation Center (FMC) mediation with the hope that we would resolve our dispute. Uninformed of MITCH'S criminal record, the Court indicated that, in the absence of bad faith, he wanted Mitch to have more time with the children.

- 8. Prior to attending mediation, on June 18, 2009, Mitch filed a vicious and completely unnecessary Motion for Order to Show Cause claiming that I should be held in contempt for being 1.5 hours late exchanging our children following their participation in my sister's wedding as the flower girl and ring bearer, respectively. I gave Mitch prior notice of the event, but he claimed that the Court had directed him at the June 4, 2009 hearing to act in such a manner. Not surprisingly, Mitch quickly resolved the issue with me and withdrew his ridiculous motion before the Court could decide on it. Prior to doing so, however, Mitch threatened me that the contempt motion was an example of how hard the ensuing months would be if I did not voluntarily modify our timeshare.
- 9. It was during the time of my sister's wedding that Mia, naturally, became interested in learning of her own parents' wedding. Mia inquired about such things as what Mitch and I looked like, who was present, who was our flower girl, and where we married. I showed Mia pictures of our wedding. Contrary to Mitch's revealing statements protesting such actions contained in his motion and supporting affidavit, I do not think there is anything wrong with Mia learning about her parents' wedding. I do not have a problem with either Mia or Ethan learning such an important part of their history.
- 10. Perhaps Mitch's feelings against such candor stem from his own past. When his parents divorced when he was 12 years-old, an event that precipitated his own obsessive compulsive disorder (Mitch engaged in rituals fearful that his stepfather would leave the family), his mother immediately remarried a man, who adopted Mitch and two of his three siblings.

Mitch's mother cut out pictures of Mitch's biological father from all of their family photos and proceeded to tell Mitch's then eight and four-year old siblings that the stepfather was their real father. Mitch was too old to be deceived, but he was forced to support the deception. This lie resulted in adolescent rebellion when his younger siblings reached their teenage years and finally realized the truth about their parentage. I do not want do this to our children. I do not think it is normal or healthy to pretend, as Mitch apparently wants to now, that we were never married or that such a fact should be hidden from our children.

- 11. On July 8, 2009, we met for our appointed FMC mediation. I listened to the Court and went into mediation, in good faith, resolved that I was not going to leave without a complete resolution of our issues. Mitch was not only openly surprised by my willingness to settle, but he was also noticeably disappointed and distressed at the thought of ending the litigation.
- Though we ultimately resolved our dispute in its entirety and, together, drafted and executed a stipulation documenting our agreement, hereafter ("SAO"), Mitch could not resist hurling personal insults denigrating my attorneys and threatening to report them to the state bar for calling him a liar with regard to the Utah trip I have reason to believe he took with our children in April 2009, but which he and his attorney continue to deny. Specifically, he stated that Shawn Goldstein was an "idiot," and "only made \$80,000/year." He called Mr. Goldstein "Pee Wee Herman," and, later, via email, "Gaystein." He then called Jim Jimmerson a "greasy haired old man" who did not know anything about my case and was ripping me off. He repeated these insults to me and my counsel via email on July 30, 2009, defending his contempt of Court in not honoring the terms of the SAO to facilitate daily phone calls when he had our children. See Email, attached as Exhibit 26 to Opp./Countermot.

- agreeing to settle on the identical time set forth in the "email settlement." My refusal to sign off on the "email settlement" was based on Mitch's bad faith. Specifically, Mitch completely rewrote the Decree and presented it to me as the codification of the very limited terms of our 4-point alleged "email settlement." I agreed to immediately begin practicing the new timeshare that gave Mitch a total of ten days a month, up from his initial six days a month.
- 14. I was able to secure certain coparenting concessions that made me feel comfortable with the additional time allotted Mitch under the SAO. Namely, I convinced Mitch to agree to facilitate a daily phone call from the children to me when they were in his care, and vice versa. Prior to that, Mitch's record of such telephonic communication was atrocious. From February 24, 2009 until the day of the mediation, he had facilitated exactly one telephone call from the children to me, which he conveniently placed to me the weekend prior to having to appear in court at the June 4, 2009 hearing on his Motion for Reconsideration.
  - 15. The Court entered the parties' stipulated judgment on August 7, 2009.
- 16. However, at no time prior to the entry of the SAO, did I know of Mitch's post-divorce arrest and ensuing prosecution for the crime of DUI. At the time that I entered into the SAO, I also did not know that Mitch had agreed with State prosecutors to attend DUI school, a victim impact panel, and to pay various fines and fees associated with his criminal conduct in drinking and driving. With regard to Mitch's breach of his duty of candor to the tribunal, the State Bar of Nevada directed me to seek appropriate relief directly from this Court because litigation was currently pending before it.
- 17. I only learned of Mitch's crime after entering into the SAO. Specifically, on or about September 2009, I was driving in my car alone with our children. Suddenly, a police

car sped by us with its lights on and sirens flashing. Mia and Ethan both excitedly began to tell me that their Dad had been pulled over by the police for speeding and that he had been given a ticket. They confirmed that they were in the car and witnessed the event. They said that Amy had also been present. They could not tell me exactly when this occurred, because they are so young. This prompted me to research public records to find out the truth about this violation. Shortly thereafter, I discovered that Mitch had been arrested and had been prosecuted in the Las Vegas Justice Court for the crime of DUI over the nearly identical time period of our prior custody litigation, December 2008 through August 2009.

- 18. I could not find evidence of the "speeding ticket," but I have reason to believe that it might have been issued in California during Mitch's two week vacation with the children in August 2009.
- drinking problems and history of reckless driving, he and his attorney successfully engaged in a scheme to defraud the Court into believing that such issues were no longer relevant or a problem following our divorce. Specifically, they made misrepresentations of fact to this effect in their filings with the Court and encouraged the Court to strike my concerns, and those similarly raised by my family and close friends, citing to the doctrine of res judicata.
- 20. I believe that Mitch is an alcoholic. His drinking problem began in college when he was first introduced to alcohol. He joined a fraternity and engaged regularly in binge drinking. From that point on, Mitch could never control his drinking and would frequently leave social and business functions where alcohol was present thoroughly intoxicated, to the point of throwing up. He often drove in this state, but had escaped detection from the law throughout the years of our marriage.

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- 21. I believe that Mitch's alcoholism poses a safety threat to our children. I also believe that Mitch's reckless driving also poses a safety threat to our children. Mitch has historically driven fast, often racing other cars, and has engaged in many "road rage" situations during the entire 18 years I was with him. His record with the Las Vegas Justice Court reveals how chronic his traffic violations have become. More alarmingly, the children now report to me that they have been present when Mitch has similarly broken the law. The Court should fashion appropriate orders to address the safety threat Mitch poses to our children.
- 22. In addition, I spent over \$100,000.00 in attorney's fees for the previous 9 months of custodial litigation in which I was not permitted to consider the relevant evidence of Mitch's criminal conduct prior to making arguments, appearing before the Court for hearing, or, most egregiously, prior to entering into a stipulation in which I voluntarily modified our timeshare to enlarge Mitch's time with our children. I request that the Court order Mitch to compensate me for these fees. Mitch and his counsel's conduct of nondisclosure and misrepresentation constitute fraud upon the Court. The Court likely wasted countless hours reading the voluminous pleadings on file, heard hours of argument by counsel at not one, but two separate hearings, gave direction to, and issued orders in this case without having full disclosure of all relevant information before it as MITCH and his attorney were required by law to provide.
- 23. On October 29, 2009, less than three months after the entry of the SAO, MITCH filed his present motion with, not only no mention of the DUI, but also absolutely no adherence whatsoever to EDCR 5.11. I received not one telephone call, email, text message or letter from either Mitch or his counsel attempting to discuss, let alone resolve, in any manner, the issues set forth in Mitch's meritless and time-barred motion prior to its filing. This is not the first time Mitch has filed a motion and completely disregarded his obligations pursuant to EDCR

- 5.11. His contempt motion relating to my sister's wedding was filed without any attempt whatsoever to discuss or resolve the dispute before being filed with this Court. I hope that the Court will grant me the sanctions I request against Mitch in my Opposition/Countermotion in order to punish Mitch and deter future violations of this Court's rules.
- 24. Mitch's nondisclosure of his criminal record and related misrepresentations are not the only fraud upon the Court committed by Mitch. Mitch's recent statements, filed in his Motion, concerning his extreme wealth, most recently, that he is now "retired" at age 34, prompted me to investigate his financial claims. As a result of my research, I discovered evidence contained in public records, attached to my Opposition/Countermotion at Exhibits 9-14, which suggest, if not prove, that Mitch fraudulently concealed at least \$6.9 million from me that he received prior to the entry of our May 2, 2008 Decree. This amount includes a \$750,000 bonus, paid to Mitch on March 12, 2008, that is in the exact amount of a bonus that Mitch repeatedly told me that he had been expecting to receive in December 2007 as his "Christmas bonus," and, when that didn't happen, sometime in early 2008.
- 25. The timing of the bonus' distribution explains Mitch's eagerness at the time of the filing of our Decree to have the Judge sign it. Mitch reported to me that he called the law clerk repeatedly for status updates as to its signing. When the Decree was finally signed, Mitch called me to inform me. He sounded inordinately pleased. Sometime later, I told Mitch that we still needed to file a Notice of Entry of Order of the Decree (NEOJ), and that the Decree was not effective until its entry. Mitch, a transactional attorney by trade, sounded both angry and confused about this requirement. Now I know why.
- 26. I also believe that Mitch received the remaining \$6.2 million, set out in his company's bankruptcy records, as his 10% interest in his boss and partner, William Plise's

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("BILL'S") cash-out-refinance on the City Crossing property, which happened in 2007. At the time, Mitch told me that BILL bought out his partners at \$1.1 million per acre, which would have left him with \$62 million in proceeds, 10% of which totals MITCH'S \$6.2 million distributions.

- 27. Not only does the fraud I mention above not counsel in favor of granting Mitch's present motion to "confirm" us as "joint physical custodians" and to modify the timeshare this Court entered less than three months ago, but Nevada law clearly prohibits his actions in attempting to relitigate the same issues where substantially all of the same facts and circumstances that were present at the time he entered into the SAO are present now.
- 28. Mitch knows we are not "joint physical custodians" under Nevada law. He filed a certificate of service in this case containing what appears to be a previous version of a title to his motion and a recognition of this fact, to wit, "DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS AND TO CONFORM TIMESHARE WITH DEFINITION OF JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY," filed November 6, 2009. It is this recognition, coupled with his insatiable quest for a "title" that motivates him to file the present meritless motion.
- 29. In any event, it is not the current timeshare with which Mitch has a problem. It is a timeshare that Mitch willingly agreed to not once, but twice, in the last 6 months. What Mitch doesn't like about the timeshare is the "title" it accords him under Nevada law. However, contrary to his claims, I never intended upon signing the SAO that we would be considered "joint physical custodians" under Nevada law. I did not think we were when I signed the MSA, and I did not think that changed after our modification.
- 30. Moreover, Mitch's petulance does not justify this Court's requested action of disrupting our children's lives once again. They have adjusted to the new timeshare that has

now been in place for six months. Modifying it to enlarge Mitch's time further contravenes

Nevada's clear record in prioritizing custodial stability as being of paramount concern in the

"best interests of children" analysis. The Court should not disregard the clear terms of the

agreement Mitch entered into willingly, knowingly and voluntarily. Mitch is a Washington

College of Law trained lawyer with, as he claims, many lucrative job prospects. He was also

represented by experienced family law counsel, who had an opportunity to and did review the

SAO prior to its entry. If the Court decides not to vacate the SAO on the basis of Mitch's fraud

upon the Court, then it should leave it in place and deny Mitch's modification motion.

- they new claims or substantially changed circumstances that warrant modification under either standard of custodial modification in Nevada, i.e., either primary physical custody or joint physical custody. Mitch already raised the issue of parental alienation, which I adamantly deny has ever occurred on my part, in his Opposition/Response to Motion for Continuance, filed June 3, 2009. Mitch's counsel also explicitly argued this claim at the June 4, 2009 hearing on Mitch's Motion for Reconsideration, repeating, verbatim, many of statements Mitch now falsely claims I makes to our daughter Mia. In addition to the record in this case, on the eve of our July 8, 2009 mediation, Mitch admittedly explicitly considered the issue of parental alienation prior to executing the SAO and committed that consideration to writing in an email he sent to my counsel the night before the mediation. See Exhibit 16 to Opp./Countermot.
- 32. At the same hearing on Mitch's Motion for Reconsideration, Mitch's counsel further argued, as he does in the present motion, that the Court should direct a psychological assessment of us and our children. See Opp./Response, filed June 3, 2009. I opposed the request then, as I do now. The Court already denied Mitch's request for such an

assessment once before; it should not have to consider such a request again, nor should I have to continually defend against the same request.

- 33. To the extent that Mitch contends that I am continuing alienation, and as such, this constitutes a new circumstance, his email admissions, in addition to demonstrating Mitch's intense and uncontrollable hatred of me, prove otherwise. On September 23, 2009, Mitch wrote to me, and in addition to reaffirming his intention of previously calling me a "bitch," specifically stating that, "I do not regret calling you a bitch or that Tara [Mia's school director] thinks that I think you are one because it is the truth," and telling me that, "[a]s far as your other suggestions, it would be better if you just go fuck yourself," Mitch admitted that "Mia now claims you like Amy. We know this is not true, but I really do not care. I think it is good for Mia to believe that...." See Email from MITCH to CHRISTINA, dated September 23, 2009, attached as Ex. 17 to Opp./Countermot. Mitch vaguely references this email in that he "severely criticized me," but does not attach it to his motion, for the obvious reason that it shows that less than 24 hours after agreeing to pay additional funds for Mia's education, Mitch angrily "blew up" at me for not acting quickly enough to suit him, called me vulgar names, and immediately thereafter withdrew his promised educational support once again for our children. I do not understand why a man, who is as wealthy as Mitch claims to be, continually runs away from paying for something as important as our children's education.
- 34. I was reluctant to enroll Mia from half-day to full-time following her sudden yet vehement protestations against it considering her ongoing behavioral issues, and Mitch's final agreement, more than a year after I initially consulted him about them, to permit psychological treatment for Mia, which only began last month. In fact, Mia had only seen the treatment provider we had agreed upon to treat Mia, Dr. Joel Mishalow, two times before Mitch

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ran to Court requesting relitigation of already adjudicated claims and micromanagement of our parenting relationship.

- 35. Mitch lies to the Court when he states, throughout his motion, that Mia has only recently begun to exhibit clothing and emotional issues, including, "mood swings," "outbursts," and "meltdowns." Mitch does so in support of his contention that my alienation of the children, allegedly past and present, is now, post-SAO, resulting in trauma to Mia, and this is a factor, he argues, that counsels in favor of his requested modification. What Mitch fails to tell the Court is that Mia's clothing and emotional issues have been in existence since our initial separation in 2006, and is, more likely than not, as stated to me by Mia's teachers, school administrators, family counselor, and psychologist, a manifestation of Mia's processing the trauma of our divorce and physical separations.
- 36. Although Mitch attempts to now educate the Court about the importance of Obsessive Compulsive Disorder (OCD) and its possible diagnosis as to Mia, it was me, and not Mitch, who first recognized, nearly a year ago, Mia's strange and angry reactions to clothing, seatbelts, shoes, etc. See Emails between CHRISTINA and MITCH, dated December 5, 2008, attached as Exhibit 18 to Opp./Countermot. I not only consulted with Mia's pediatrician, as I have historically always been the parent to affirmatively and consistently seek medical treatment for the children whether it be on an emergency basis or for routine care, but I also reached out to Mitch, my co-parent, as I did regarding the on-going behavior two months ago, for consultation. Mitch responded by completely shooting me down, dismissing my legitimate concerns, lying about his lack of similar problems, and, if that was not enough, insulting me by blaming my "deficient" parenting skills in failing to address what, as he characterized it to be, the "problem."

beginning of the school year following an entire summer spent at home, I immediately turned to Mitch to inform him of the continuing behaviors, consult with him about possible treatment, and obtain his input. I did not even knowing that he had completely dismissed my concerns a year ago. It is understandable that Mia's anxiety level was high given the start of the new school year at a new school, a completely new environment than she had become accustomed to over the past two years. Mia does not respond well to change. Her behavioral issues first presented themselves upon our divorce and physical separation.

- 38. Mitch falsely claims that Mia's anger issues are "newly-arising." Such falsity is demonstrated, again, by Mitch's own previous email admissions made almost a year ago. In a December 14, 2008 email Mitch sent to me, he explained in alarming detail how he spent an entire weekend punishing Mia for her angry "outbursts" and "meltdowns," culminating in him delivering punishment upon her in the form of what he called a "pat" across Mia's cheek, but which Mia described to me to be a "really hard slap across [her] face." See CHRISTINA Aff., Exhibit 19. to Opp./Countermot.
- 39. In addition to documenting Mia's long-standing anger issues, Mitch's email demonstrates his own inability to handle anger appropriately. Alarmingly, according to the children, Mitch and his new wife regularly hit them. Mia tells me that Amy regularly spanks her in order to force her to sit in a seat without her car seat, so that she can put the seatbelt on. Mia tells me that she doesn't like to ride in Mitch's car without a car seat, but that Mitch often travels with her in that manner. Mia tells me that Mitch also hits her with the belt. On November 29, 2008, Mitch's sister returned the children to me and told me that Mitch had

scratched Ethan's earlobe with his fingernail. The explanation does not explain the multiple bloody gauges left on Ethan's ear and causes me great concern.

- 40. Mitch claims that I am being "coy" about Mia's anger issues. As it appears from Mitch's own motion, however, such claims appear to be a complete projection of what he is doing with such information to me. The first time I have ever heard about the seemingly traumatic angry and emotional episodes that Mia is allegedly enduring while under Mitch's care is in the 76-page motion he filed with the Court without any adherence to EDCR 5.11, after Mia had only two sessions with Dr. Mishalow. Although I clearly opened the door to such discussion when I shared with Mitch important information about Mia's continuing behavioral issues, Mitch kept mum about his own issues. As Dr. Mishalow told me, Mitch even failed to divulge his "concerns" about Mia to her psychologist.
- 41. Dr. Mishalow has not found that I have been abusing Mia. Hence, Mitch's present ridiculous request for the Court to, once again, micromanage our lives and appoint yet a different mental health provider, who, Mitch likely hopes, may be more amenable to his manipulations.
- 42. MITCH claims that I have manipulated Mia's therapy process by, among other things, not selecting Dr. Melissa Kalodner as a treatment provider for Mia and excluding Mitch from Mia's therapy sessions. Again, these claims are false, and as such, do not support modification of our timeshare. I did not approve of Dr. Kalodner because she arbitrarily raised the agreed-upon price of therapy and then reacted unprofessionally when I questioned her about it. See Email from CHRISTINA to MITCH, dated September 10, 2009, Exhibit 21 to Opp./Countermot. At the time of the rejection, Mitch never protested my dissatisfaction with Dr. Kalodner, and I assumed, therefore, that he had no objection to her rejection. I never claimed

that I could not afford her services, nor is it true that Mitch's insurance would have covered her given that she is an out-of-network provider, as he well knows, and we had agreed, in any event, not to use insurance. I accept Mitch's offer to share equally in the cost of Mia's treatment, however. In the past, the record is clear that whenever I ask Mitch to contribute anything, including half of unreimbursed medical expenses, all I get are his objections, hostility, and conjured up expenses that he then "offsets" my expenses against.

- 43. As confirmed by the emails between us, Mitch well knows that 1) he has always been welcome to attend any and all therapy sessions, notwithstanding the fact that he refuses to do so even when asked by Dr. Mishalow; 2) that I have accommodated Mitch's unjustified hostility toward me, even going so far as to offer to bring Mia to therapy during my timeshare so that Mitch can attend a session with Mia to my exclusion; 3) that I have never insisted on being present in the room at all times with Mia, and, in fact, waited in the waiting room for the majority of Mia's first of only two pre-filing appointments with Dr. Mishalow; 4) that I have informed Mitch of past appointments in addition to updating him on Mia's amazing progress; and that, 5) prior to filing his monstrous motion with the Court, Mitch never bothered to tell me, or Dr. Mishalow, of the apparently intense emotional trauma Mia is suffering while in his care. See Emails to and from CHRISTINA to MITCH, dated November 10, 2009, Ex. 22 to Opp./Countermot.; see also Letter from CHRISTINA to DR. MISHALOW, dated October 26, 2009, attached as Exhibit 23 to Opp./Countermot.
- 44. In fact, Mitch's November 10, 2009 email to me on the subject demonstrates Mitch's continued faith in Dr. Mishalow to treat Mia's issues as well as documents his ability to, as a parent, communicate concerns to a health care provider instead of running to Court for micromanagement.

- 46. Mitch seems to suggest that a "new" circumstance justifying the Court's modification of our stipulated timeshare is the fact that he no longer receives daily phone calls from the children while they are in my care. He admits, however, that he is the cause of this present circumstance given that he refuses to facilitate daily phone calls from the children to me when they are in his care even though he explicitly recognizes that he is required to do so pursuant to the SAO.
- 47. As discussed above, I fought vigorously for the inclusion of the telephone provision in the SAO given Mitch's prior and continuing history of refusing to facilitate telephonic communication. My "going off email," as Mitch describes it, the centerpiece of his meritless motion, was provoked, among other things, by Mitch's blatant contempt of Court on this issue. The emails written by me, and deliberately omitted from this Court's consideration by Mitch, that preceded the "going off" email, document my frustration with Mitch's post-SAO harassment, including his decision to simply disregard certain provisions of the SAO less than a month after its entry. Although I tried for months to honor the SAO, with the hope of reciprocity, none was forthcoming.
- 48. In addition to withholding telephone communication, Mitch's harassment includes constantly calling me "lonely" and "pathetic." Mitch further demonstrated his neverending thirst for conflict, as well as his complete disregard for the Nevada Rules of Professional conduct, by personally attacking my attorneys via email, just as he had done during our

mediation, all the while insisting that he was not going to follow the SAO regarding phone calls.

He called them "Gaystein," "idiot," "Pee Wee Herman," and "greasy hair old man."

- 49. Judging from Mitch's motion, and his continuing hostility and refusal to coparent, I doubt that Mitch complied with our agreement, another one that I fought to be implemented, that we attend a COPE class prior to October 1, 2009. I request in my Opposition/Countermotion that Mitch produce proof of his compliance with this requirement of the SAO or be sanctioned by the Court for his contempt. I have voluntarily attended not one, but two, COPE classes, the last of which I went to on September 26, 2009 in compliance with the SAO. Mitch would only agree to attend COPE under the SAO, if I went again, because, as he said, he wanted to make me "jump through hoops."
- 50. Mitch's work schedule, or lack thereof, and its affect on his ever-increasing availability for fatherhood is also not a new circumstance warranting a change in custody. In fact, Mitch currently admits that his "work hours have continually decreased since the time of the Decree." *See* Mot. at 10, ll. 14-15. Clearly, Mitch considered the decreasing nature of his work schedule prior to executing the SAO.
- 51. Mitch claims that Mia has only recently become reluctant to leave him and return to me when his visitation with the children is over. *See* Mot. at 9, Il. 16-18. He attributes such "recent" reluctance on his perpetual but completely unsupported "alienation" claims. Like many of his other "new circumstance" claims, Mitch's "reluctance" claim is refuted by direct statements he has made to the contrary on the very same issue. In this case, Mitch previously alleged in his January 8, 2009 affidavit, filed in support of his Opposition/Countermotion, that Mia exhibited reluctance to return to me when his visitation with her was over. *See* MITCH Aff., Ex. A to his Opp., at para. 37, filed January 8, 2009. However, far from crediting his theory of

households, particularly when young children are having fun at one or the other, is a common event." *Id.* Mitch's visitation time with the children is often filled with such fun activities as Adventuredome, Chuck-E-Cheese's, the park, even on school days when Mitch is supposed to, but often does not, take the children to school.

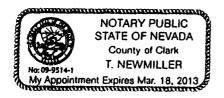
- More often than not, Mia jumps up and down with joy when she sees me. Recently, on November 6, 2009, Mitch sent me an email telling me that Mia did not want to come home to me and that she had struggled to get into the car. When she arrived on my driveway, however, it appeared that her "reluctance," if it was ever there in the first place, had completely disappeared. She was overjoyed to see me. She then asked her aunt, Mitch's sister, to whom he assigns the task of taking the children to me and picking them up, to take a picture of her, smiling and happy, to send to her father. She did so. Unlike Mitch, I do not try to wring tears out of Mia to appease my own ego. Nor do I allow Mia to engage in any debates concerning our timeshare, regardless of whether they are, as is often the case, pleas to stay with me longer and not have to go to her father, or the opposite. Mia needs to know that she has a set schedule that we all have to live by, and that it is not open to modification at anyone's whim for any reason.
- 53. Mitch claims that "[a]t least with equal time...I will have an opportunity to drop off and pick up the children at school and interact with the school administrators and teachers on a weekly basis." Mot. Mitch's words are belied by his current actions. Mitch failed to take the children to school a single full day in October, and continues the same pattern in November. In addition, Mitch recently sent me an email documenting his intention to take the children out-of-town on December 11, 2009, another school day he apparently intends to ignore.

As usual, Mitch's email travel "notice" also fails to contain one iota of the required specificity for an "itinerary" this Court (June 4, 2004 Order) and the MSA require for out-of-state-travel, an ongoing issue with Mitch.

- 54. Mia recognizes her father's willingness to discount the importance of school when she repeatedly claims to me that "Dada says I don't have to go to school when I'm with him," or that "Dada didn't take us to school because he says we slept too late." It is not surprising, therefore, that Mitch claims Mia tells him that she "hates school," given that it appears that his response to her statements is to simply not take her at all. An increase of weekday custodial time with Mitch, it would seem, would mean an increase in the children's unexcused absences from school, which would clearly not be in their best interest.
- basis because, as he falsely claims, I likely lobbied the children's respective schools to prevent his visits. See Mot. at 9. In reality, Ethan's teachers are restricting parental visits, as Mitch well knows but chose not to disclose, to address fundamental social delays Ethan is exhibiting in the areas of independence and self-confidence. Perhaps Mitch's nondisclosure of Ethan's developmental problems is reflective of his recognition that his previous visits to Ethan were, indeed, disruptive of his social and emotional development. Mia's school's parental visitation policy was in effect prior to Mia's enrollment in the school and has nothing to do with Mitch. Although I urged Mitch via email to tour Mia's new school and to investigate its program and policies prior to her enrollment, MITCH chose not to do so. His deliberate ignorance on the subject does not legitimize his claims.
- 56. In addition, Mitch entered into the SAO in the middle of the summer during a time when, as he explicitly argued to the Court, then as a basis to justify his refusal to

grant me a continuance, that the children were not in school and he would not be able to see them on a daily basis. See MITCH'S Opp./Response, filed June 3, 2009. In addition, this Court forewarned us of such an eventuality at the hearing on February 24, 2009, when it stated that it would not issue any orders regarding Mitch's school visits, but rather, that it was leaving such visits to the discretion of the individual schools. Finally, as it stands now, we have no agreement as to whether and when Ethan, who has three more years of preschool before he can attend Kindergarten, will continue in preschool absent Mitch's contribution to his education. Mitch knew this fact when he signed the SAO; thus, he cannot now claim that there was any indefinite "guarantee" of daily school visits that has now, somehow, changed. 57. Nevada law clearly prohibits Mitch's present attempt to relitigate all of the clearly adjudicated issues raised in his motion indefinitely. The Court should deny his motion and grant my countermotion.

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before day of November, 2009.



# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 2

FILED **CERT** 1 CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP 11757 Feinberg Place 2 2008 HAY -2 P 2: 37 Las Vegas, Nevada 89138 Petitioner In Proper Person 3 4 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 Petitioner in Proper Person 6 7 DISTRICT COURT **FAMILY DIVISION** 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 In the Matter of the Joint Petition of CASE NO. D-08-389203-Z CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, DEPT NO. L Joint Petitioners. 13 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECREE OF DIVORCE 14 AND CERTIFICATE OF MAILING 15 TO: CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP, Petitioner; and TO: MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, Petitioner: 17 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Decree of Divorce was entered in the above-18 entitled matter on March 6, 2008, a copy of which is attached hereto. 19 20 23 24 25

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# ORIGINAL

FILED **CERT** CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP 2 11757 Feinberg Place 2008 HAY -2 P 2: 37 Las Vegas, Nevada 89138 Petitioner In Proper Person 3 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP 4 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 Petitioner in Proper Person 6 7 DISTRICT COURT **FAMILY DIVISION** 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 In the Matter of the Joint Petition of 10 CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and CASE NO. D-08-389203-Z MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, DEPT NO. L 11 Joint Petitioners. 12 13 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECREE OF DIVORCE 14 AND **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING** 15 TO: CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP, Petitioner; and 16 TO: MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, Petitioner: 17 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a Decree of Divorce was entered in the above-18 entitled matter on March 6, 2008, a copy of which is attached hereto. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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## **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that service of the Decree of Divorce entered in this matter on March 6, 2008, was made on March 31, 2008, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), by depositing a copy of same in the United States Mail in Las Vegas, Nevada, postage prepaid, addressed as follows:

CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP 11757 Feinberg Place Las Vegas, Nevada 89138

and

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135

DATED this 31 day of March, 2008.

Elena Calderon ELENA CALDERON

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31 day of March, 2008.

Notary Public in and for said County and State.



AMY UPP Notary Public State of Nevada Appt. No. 07-5136-1 ly Appt. Expires Oct. 25, 2011

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CLERK D. THE COURT 1 DECD CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP 2 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 3 Home Telephone No.: (702) 304-0275 Cellular Telephone No.: (702) 610-0032 4 Petitioner in Proper Person 5 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 Home Telephone No.: (702) 304-0275 7 Cellular Telephone No.: (702) 378-1907 Petitioner in Proper Person 8 9 DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 12 In the Matter of the Joint Petition of 13 CASE NO. D-08-389203 Z CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and 14 DEPT NO. MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, 15 Joint Petitioners. 16 17 DECREE OF DIVORCE The above-entitled cause having been submitted to the above-entitled Court for decision 18 19 pursuant to Chapter 125 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, and based upon the Joint Petition for 20 Divorce (the "Joint Petition") filed by Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner 21 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, and all of the papers and pleadings on file in this action, the Court 22 finds as follows: 23 That all of the allegations contained in the Joint Petition and other papers and 1. 24 documents on file with this Court are true. 25 That all of the requirements of NRS 125.181 and NRS 125.182 have been met 2. 26 That this Court has complete jurisdiction as to the parties and the subject matter 3. 27 thereto.

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- 4. That Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP has been and is now an actual bona fide resident of Clark County, Nevada, and has actually been domiciled in Clark County for more than six (6) weeks immediately prior to the commencement of this action.
- 5. That Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP has been and is now an actual bona fide resident of Clark County, Nevada, and has actually been domiciled in Clark County for more than six (6) weeks immediately prior to the commencement of this action.
  - 6. That the parties were married in Las Vegas, Nevada, on July 18, 1997.
- 7. That the parties are incompatible in marriage and are entitled to a Decree of Divorce on the grounds of incompatibility.
- That the parties have two (2) minor children born the issue of their marriage, namely: Mia Elena Stipp, born October 19, 2004, and Ethan Christopher Stipp, born, March 24, 2007. That Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP is not pregnant, and the parties have no other children the issue of the parties' relationship, including any adopted children, who have yet to reach the legal age of majority as of the date of the entry of this Decree of Divorce.
- 9. That the parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement on February 20, 2008, a copy of which is attached hereto as **EXHIBIT 1** (the "Marital Settlement Agreement"). That by way of the parties' said Marital Settlement Agreement, the parties have resolved between themselves all questions and issues relating to the custody, visitation, and support of the parties' minor children, as well as all questions and issues pertaining to the division of the parties' property, the assumption of their debts, the payment of alimony, and all other issues and claims, marital and otherwise, that exist between the parties. That the parties' said Marital Settlement Agreement is hereby ratified, confirmed and approved by the Court, and the same merged into this Decree of Divorce, thereby becoming a part of this Decree to the extent as if same were set forth in this Decree in full.
- 10. That the parties have waived their rights to written Notice of Entry of Decree of Divorce, to appeal, to Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and to move for a new trial.

Thus, with good cause appearing therefor, the Court hereby enters the following Orders:

I. TERMINATION OF THE PARTIES' MARRIAGE

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP be dissolved, set aside, and forever held for naught, and that Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP be, and the both hereby are, awarded and decreed an absolute and final Decree of Divorce from each other, and that the parties, and each of them, is hereby restored to the status of a single, unmarried person.

#### II. CHILD CUSTODY

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP shall have joint legal custody of the parties' minor children, Mia Elena Stipp, born October 19, 2004, and Ethan Christopher Stipp, born, March 24, 2007, with the physical custody, visitation, and timeshare arrangements being as set forth in Section 1 of the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement attached to this Decree as **Exhibit 1**. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties' said agreement as to the custody, visitation, and timeshare arrangements set forth in Section 1 of the attached Marital Settlement Agreement is further ratified, confirmed, and approved by the Court at this time, and the same is incorporated into this Decree of Divorce as though the same were set forth in this Decree in full.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, pursuant to NRS 125C.200, should Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP intend to permanently move her residence to a place outside the State of Nevada, and take the minor children with her, she must, as soon as possible, and before the planned move, attempt to obtain the written consent of Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP to move the children from the State. If Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP refuses to give such consent, Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP shall, before she leaves the State with the minor children, petition the Court for permission to move the children.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties are subject to the following provisions of NRS 125.510(6) for violation of the Court's Order:

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN

NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law, are applicable to the parties. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the minor children's habitual residence is located in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, within the United States of America. NRS 125.510(7) and (8) specifically provide as follows:

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Section 7. In addition to the language required pursuant to subsection 6, all orders authorized by this section must specify that the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law, apply if a parent abducts or wrongfully retains a child in a foreign country.

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> Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

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The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set

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forth in Subsection 7.

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Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child.

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III. CHILD SUPPORT

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP pay child support to Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP as provided in Section 1 of the Marital Settlement Agreement attached to this Decree as Exhibit 1.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Petitioners each pay

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one-half (1/2) of all their minor children's medical, surgical, dental, orthodontic, optical, and

psychological expenses, as provided in Section 1 of the Marital Settlement Agreement attached to this Decree as Exhibit 1.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the child support provisions set forth in the Section 1 of the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement (EXHIBIT 1), specifically including, but not necessarily limited to, the provisions of Sections 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, and 1.5(a), are ratified, confirmed, and approved by the Court at this time, and the same are incorporated into this Decree of Divorce as though the same were set forth in this Decree in full.

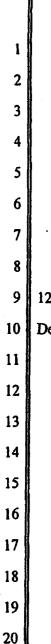
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the provisions for child support provided in this Decree and in the parties' attached Marital Settlement Agreement are subject to wage assignment with Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP's employer pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 31A of the Nevada Revised Statutes and NRS 125.450.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the provisions of NRS 125B.145 allow the Court to modify the child support obligations provided in this Decree at least every three years, without the need of making a finding of a change of circumstances. NRS 125B.145 provides as follows:

- 1. An order for the support of a child must, upon the filing of a request for review by:
- (a) The welfare division of the department of human resources, its designated representative or the district attorney, if the welfare division or the district attorney has jurisdiction in the case; or
- (b) A parent or legal guardian of the child, be reviewed by the court at least every 3 years pursuant to this section to determine whether the order should be modified or adjusted. Each review conducted pursuant to this section must be in response to a separate request.

#### 2. If the court:

- (a) Does not have jurisdiction to modify the order, the court may forward the request to any court with appropriate jurisdiction.
- (b) Has jurisdiction to modify the order and, taking into account the best interests of the child, determines that modification or adjustment of the order is appropriate, the court shall enter an order modifying or adjusting the previous order for support in accordance with the requirements of NRS 125B.070 and 125B.080.
  - 3. The court shall ensure that:



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- (a) Each person who is subject to an order for the support of a child is notified, not less than once every 3 years, that he may request a review of the order pursuant to this section; or
- (b) An order for the support of a child includes notification that each person who is subject to the order may request a review of the order pursuant to this section.
- 4. An order for the support of a child may be reviewed at any time on the basis of changed circumstances.
- 5. As used in this section "order for the support of a child" means such an order that was issued or is being enforced by a court of this state.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the provisions of NRS 125B.095 shall apply to any delinquent child support obligation required to be paid pursuant to this Decree. In this regard, NRS 125B.095 provides as follows:

## NRS 125B.095 Penalty for delinquent payment of installment of obligation of support.

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 125B.012, if an installment of an obligation to pay support for a child which arises from the judgment of a court becomes delinquent in the amount owed for 1 month's support, a penalty must be added by operation of this section to the amount of the installment. This penalty must be included in a computation of arrearages by a court of this State and may be so included in a judicial or administrative proceeding of another state. A penalty must not be added to the amount of the installment pursuant to this subsection if the court finds that the employer of the responsible parent or the district attorney or other public agency in this State that enforces an obligation to pay support for a child caused the payment to be delinquent.
- 2. The amount of the penalty is 10 percent per annum, or portion thereof, that the installment remains unpaid. Each district attorney or other public agency in this State undertaking to enforce an obligation to pay support for a child shall enforce the provisions of this section.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that each party shall provide the information required by NRS 125.130, NRS 125.230, and NRS 125B.055 on a separate form to be submitted to the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources ("Welfare Division") within ten days from the date of the entry of this Decree of Divorce. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each party shall update such information submitted to this Court and the Welfare Division within ten days should any of the information required to be provided become inaccurate. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that such information shall be maintained by the Clerk of this Court and the Welfare Division in a confidential manner, and the same shall not be part of

the public records.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court retains jurisdiction of the parties and the subject matter hereof for the purpose of making such other and further orders as relates to the care, custody, support and maintenance of the minor children of the parties as to the Court may seem meet and proper from time to time hereafter during the minority of said children.

#### IV. MERGER OF MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Marital Settlement Agreement, a copy of which is attached to this Decree as **EXHIBIT 1**, be, and the same hereby is, ratified, confirmed, and approved by this Court. As noted above in this Decree, by way of their said Marital Settlement Agreement, the Court finds that the parties have settled and resolved all questions and issues relating to the custody, visitation, and support of the parties' minor children, as well as all questions and issues pertaining to the division of the parties' property, the assumption of their debts, the payment of alimony, and all other issues relating or incident to their marriage to each other. Therefore, pursuant to the express terms of the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement, IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, by this reference, the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement shall be merged and incorporated into and become a part of this Decree of Divorce to the same extent as if the Marital Settlement Agreement, in its entirety, were set forth in this Decree in full.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that each party hereby is directed to execute such certificates of title, deeds, bills of sale, or such other documentation as may be required to transfer any right, title or interest he or she may have to the property of the party entitled thereto by virtue of the division of assets as set forth in the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement.

#### V. <u>UNDISCLOSED PROPERTY</u>

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, should it be discovered that there are any assets, real, personal, or mixed, or any choses in action, securities, or other such intangible property, not herein disposed of, then, upon discovery of the existence of the same, each party shall be entitled to one-half (1/2) interest therein as his or her community interest, the same

to be disposed of, and the proceeds divided equally; or at the option of the one who possesses the same, to pay the other for his or her one-half interest therein, and failure to do so shall entitle either to appropriate Court relief, with all costs and attorneys' fees to be awarded to the prevailing party. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, should it be discovered that there exist such other community or jointly owned assets which have not been disclosed and divided pursuant to this Decree, either party may move the Court (or a court having competent jurisdiction) for a partition of such asset(s) at any time hereafter. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the failure of either party to disclose any asset(s) constitutes extrinsic fraud, which will invoke the jurisdiction of the Court (or a court having competent jurisdiction) to partition such undisclosed asset(s) at any future time. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the party who does not have the actual physical possession or control of the undisclosed asset (i.e., the "non-possessing party") shall be entitled to have his or her onehalf interest in any such property determined, at the election of the said non-possessing party, as being equal to one-half of (i) the fair market value of such property on the date of the entry of this Decree or Divorce; or (ii) the fair market value of such property at the time the non-possessing party discovers that he or she has an interest in such property; or (iii) the total proceeds received by the parties from the sale of the property. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the statute of limitation applicable to any proceeding seeking to enforce rights pursuant to this paragraph shall not begin to run until the non-possessing party's actual discovery of such additional property. VI. <u>ADDITIONAL ORDERS</u>

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP shall continue to be known as CHRISTINA CALDERON-STIPP, with the hyphenation of her last name, to wit: CALDERON-STIPP.

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1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court's files and all papers,	
2	records, proceedings, evidence, including exhibits, and any testimony transcripts be sealed	
3	forthwith pursuant to NRS 125.110, and the same shall remain sealed until further order of this	
4	Court.	
5	DATED this 5 day of Winch , 2008.	
6	100	
7	Madeulamono	
8	DISTRICT JUDGE	
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10	CONTINUE CALIBRACIA CALIBRACIA CONTINUE and Desirioner	
11	The parties to this action, Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, hereby STIPULATE AND AGREE to the Court's entry of the Decree of Divorce set forth above, and each party agrees to fully comply with the same.	
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13	DATED: February 25, 2008 DATED: February 25, 2008	
13	Christina Calderen Stype Nettlel Duvid Nigm	
ı	CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP MITCHELL DAVID STIPP	
15	2055 Alcova Ridge Drive 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive	
16	Las Vegas, Nevada 89135  Las Vegas, Nevada 89135  Retitioner in Proper Person	
17	Petitioner in Proper Person Petitioner in Proper Person	
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18	STATE OF NEVADA )	
	) SS: COUNTY OF CLARK )	
20	On this 25th day of February, 2008, before me, the undersigned Notary Public in and for	
21	said County and State, personally appeared CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, both known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing immediately above, each of whom acknowledged to me that he or she did so freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.	
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23	n	
24	Witness my hand and official seal.	
25	Notary Public	
26	AMY UPP Notary Public	
27	State of Nevada Appt. No. 07-5136-1 My Appt. Expires Oct. 25, 2011	



ATTACHED IS A TRUE AND CORRECT COPY OF THE PARTIES'
MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT
WHICH HAS BEEN MERGED INTO THIS DECREE OF DIVORCE

#### MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

THIS MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made and entered into as of this 20th day of February 2008 (the "Effective Date") by and between Mitchell David Stipp ("Husband"), and Christina Calderon Stipp ("Wife" and, together with Husband, the "Parties," or individually, a "Party").

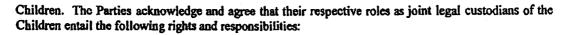
#### RECITALS

- A. The Parties were married in Las Vegas, Clark County, State of Nevada on July 18, 1997.
- B. The Parties have two (2) minor children of the marriage: Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), born on October 19, 2004, and Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan" and, together with Mia, "Children," or individually, a "Child"), born on March 24, 2007.
- C. Wife filed for divorce against Husband in the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, Clark County District Court Case No. D360352, Department L, in July/August of 2006 (the "Action"). The Action was subsequently stayed and/or dismissed by mutual agreement of the Parties.
- D. The Parties have numerous disputes and differences and desire and intend to separate and live separate and apart one from the other.
- E. It is the mutual wish and desire of the Parties that a full and final adjustment and settlement of their property rights, interests and claims against each other be had, settled and determined by entering into this Agreement, including all issues described in the Action and support and maintenance of the Parties and Children.
- NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises, agreements, covenants, understandings, undertakings, representations and warranties hereinafter set forth, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree that the recitals set forth above are true and correct and are expressly incorporated and made a part of this Agreement, and further covenant and agree as follows:

#### I. MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT OF CHILDREN

- 1.1. CHILD CUSTODY. The Parties shall have joint legal and physical custody of the Children. The Parties shall compty with the visitation schedule attached hereto as Exhibit A and incorporated berein by this reference. The Parties shall also comply with the following specific terms:
- (a) Each Party shall make every effort to maintain free access and unhampered contact between the Children and the other Party. Neither Party shall do anything which shall estrange the Children from the other Party; injure the Children's opinion of the other Party; attempt to denigrate or degrade the other Party; or otherwise impair the natural development of the Children's love and respect for each of the Parties. Both Parties understand that parenting requires the acceptance of mutual responsibilities and rights insofar as the Children are concerned. Each Party agrees to communicate and cooperate with the other Party with respect to all matters relating to the Children. The Parties understand and agree that the best interests of the Children will be served by the Parties continuing to openly and freely communicate with each other in a civil manner and to cooperate with each other in raising the

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- (i) Each Party shall consult and cooperate with the other in substantial questions relating to the religious upbringing, educational programs (including placement in, and removal from those programs), significant changes in social environment, and healthcare of the Children. Each Party shall have access to medical and school records pertaining to the Children and be permitted to independently consult with any and all professionals involved with the Children.
- (ii) All schools, health care providers, day care providers, and counselors shall be selected jointly by the Parties. The Parties shall promptly keep each other apprised, in advance, of the Children's appointments with all medical providers, and shall be given a reasonable opportunity to participate therein, in person or telephonically.
- (iii) Each Party shall be empowered to obtain emergency health care for the Children without the consent of the other Party. Each Party is to notify the other Party as soon as reasonably practicable of any illness requiring medical attention, or any emergency involving the Children.
- (iv) Each Party is to provide the other Party, within fourteen (14) days of receipt, with any information concerning the well-being of the Children, including, but not limited to, copies of report cards; school meeting notices; vacation schedules; class programs; requests for conferences; results of standardized or diagnostic tests; notices of activities involving the Children; samples of school work; order forms for school pictures; all communications from health care providers and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all schools, health care providers, regular day care providers, and counselors. With regard to the exchange of medical documentation related to any claim of reimbursement for out-of-pocket medical expenses, the Parties shall be required to exchange such documentation within thirty (30) days of receipt, and shall pay requested reimbursement within thirty (30) days of receipt.
- (v) Each Party shall advise the other Party of any and all school, athletic, church, and social events in which the Children participate and each Party agrees to so notify the other within a reasonable time after first learning of the future occurrence of any such event so as to allow the other Party to make arrangements to attend the event if he or she chooses to do so. Both Parties may participate in all such activities for the Children, such as open house, attendance at an athletic event, etc.
- (b) Each Party is to provide the other Party with the address and telephone number at which the Children reside and to immediately notify the other Party prior to any change of address and further, to provide the telephone number of such address change as soon as it is assigned.
- (c) Each Party shall provide the other Party with a travel itinerary (including trip dates, planned destination by address, and an estimated date and time of arrival back at the Children's place of residence), and, whenever reasonably possible, telephone numbers at which the Children can be reached whenever the Children will be away from that Party's home for a period of two (2) nights or more.
- (d) The Parties shall encourage liberal and unhampered communication between the Children and the other Party. Each Party shall be entitled to reasonable telephone communication with the Children, at reasonable times of the day and night.



- 1.2. CHILD SUPPORT. Subject to Section 1.4 below, Husband shall pay to Wife the sum of \$1,000.00 per month for each Child as and for child support beginning on the first day of the calendar month after the date in which the Decree of Divorce is entered by the Court in the Action until such time as the Child reaches the age of eighteen (18) years old [or the age of nineteen (19) if still enrolled in high school], marries, or becomes otherwise emancipated. The Parties certify that the amount of child support set forth in this Section 1.2 is consistent with the formula set forth in NRS 125B.070; provided, however, that the amount of child support exceeds the presumptive maximum amount set forth in NRS 125B.070.
- 1.3. HEALTH CARE EXPENSES FOR WIFE AND THE CHILDREN. Subject to Section 1.4 below, the Parties shall be equally responsible for the Children's health care expenses (medical, surgical, dental, orthodontic, and/or optical), and any premiums, deductibles, and co-pays associated therewith; provided, however, that Husband shall maintain medical, dental and optical insurance for Wife and each Child for as long as that coverage remains available through his employment at no cost or expense to Husband.
- 1.4. REVIEW OF SUPPORT OBLIGATIONS. Pursuant to NRS 125B.145, the Parties agree that the support obligations of the Parties as set forth in Sections 1.2 and 1.3 above may be reviewed by the Court to determine whether the support obligations should be modified or adjusted. Each review conducted pursuant to this Section 1.4 must be in response to a separate request by a Party.
- 1.5. OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS. The Parties further agree that they are subject to the following:
- (a) The provisions of NRS 31A.025 to 31A.350, inclusive, regarding the withholding or assignment of wages and commissions for delinquent payments of child support.
- (b) The provisions of NRS 200.359 for violation of the Court's Order are applicable to the Parties:

#### PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER:

The abduction, concealment or detention of a child in violation of this Order is punishable as a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

- (c) Pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law are applicable to the Parties:
  - "Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:
    - (a) The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United

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States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.

- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parents pose an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child."
- (d) The State of Nevada is the habitual residence of the Children.

#### IL COMMUNITY PROPERTY AND DEBT

- 2.1. COMMUNITY PROPERTY. In order to achieve an equitable apportionment of the community property acquired by the Parties during the period of their marriage, the following division of community property shall apply beginning on the Effective Date:
- (a) Husband grants, transfers, conveys and assigns to Wife all of his right, title and interest in and to the following property which shall be the sole and separate property of Wife, free and clear of any and all rights, interests, and claims of Husband (including any marital or other property rights), as of the Effective Date:
  - (i) The sum of \$1,826,000.00.
- (ii) Wife's 401(k) as part of Morris Pickering & Peterson Retirement Plan in the approximate amount of \$60,000.00.
- (iii) The membership interests owned by Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004 (the "Trust"), in 1005 Hickory Park, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Hickory Park"), which owns the real property designated by the Clark County Assessor's Office as APN 137-35-815-011 and all improvements thereon including the 1,943 square foot residential dwelling (the "Secondary Residence"). Husband and Wife as trustees of the Trust shall execute and deliver the form of assignment of membership interests attached hereto as Exhibit B and incorporated herein by this reference pursuant to which Husband shall resign as manager of Hickory Park and Wife shall become the sole manager and member of Hickory Park. The value of the Secondary Residence is approximately \$325,000 as of the Effective Date. The Secondary Residence is not subject to any mortgage. Wife through her ownership of Hickory Park shall own the Secondary Residence.
- (iv) The membership interests owned by the Trust in Stipp Law Group, Ltd, a Nevada professional corporation ("Stipp Law"). Husband and Wife as trustees of the Trust shall

execute and deliver the form of assignment of stock attached hereto as Exhibit C and incorporated herein by this reference pursuant to which Wife shall become the sole stockholder of Stipp Law. The value of Stipp Law is approximately \$100.00 as of the Effective Date.

- (v) All checking, savings, money market or other accounts in the name of Wife and/or Stipp Law in existence as of the Effective Date.
  - (vi) Leasehold interest in 2008 Range Rover.
  - (vii) Wife's clothing, jewelry and personal items.
  - (viii) Wife's Loan (as defined in Section 2.2(c)).
- (b) Wife grants, transfers, conveys and assigns to Husband all of her right, title and interest in and to the following property which shall be the sole and separate property of Husband, free and clear of any and all rights, interests, and claims of Wife (including any marital or other property rights), as of the Effective Date:
- (i) All remaining cash in bank account at Wells Fargo, N.A., in the name of Husband, which after the payment(s) made by Husband to Wife as set forth in Section 2.1(a)(i), will be approximately \$508,500.00.
- (ii) Husband's 401(k) as part of Kummer Kaempfer Bonner Renshaw & Ferrario's 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan and Plise Companies' Retirement Plan in the approximate amounts of \$55,000.00 and \$95,000.00, respectively.
- (iii) The membership interests owned by the Trust, in Stipp Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Husband LLC"), which owns a profit interest in Aquila Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Aquila"). Aquila owns membership interests in several limited liability companies which own various real estate developments in Las Vegas and Henderson, Nevada. Husband and Wife as trustees of the Trust shall execute and deliver the form of assignment attached hereto as Exhibit D and incorporated herein by this reference. The value of Husband LLC's profit interest in Aquila is approximately \$100.00 as of the Effective Date.
- (iv) The membership interests owned by the Trust, in 2055 Alcova Ridge, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company ("Alcova Ridge"), which owns the real property designated by the Clark County Assessor's Office as APN 164-02-220-014 and all improvements thereon including the 5,224 square foot residential dwelling ("Marital Residence"). Husband and Wife as trustees of the Trust shall execute and deliver the form of assignment of membership interests attached hereto as Exhibit E and incorporated herein by this reference pursuant to which Husband shall become the sole member of Alcova Ridge. The value of Alcova Ridge is approximately \$2,000,000.00 as of the Effective Date. The Marital Residence is subject to a mortgage from Countrywide Home Loans (Account No. 112575809) in the approximate amount of \$1,000,000.00 (the "Marital Residence Mortgage").
- (v) All contents of the Marital Residence including, without limitation, all furniture, furnishings, appliances, fixtures, and equipment located in or used in connection with the Marital Residence but expressly excluding the items identified in Section 2.1(a)(vii) above and the clothing and personal items of the Children. Husband and Wife as trustees of the Trust and individually shall execute and deliver the form of bill of sale attached hereto as Exhibit F and incorporated herein by

this reference pursuant to which Husband shall become the sole owner of the items described in this Section 2.1(b)(v).

- (vi) Leasehold interest in 2008 BMW M6.
- (vii) Leasehold, license or other use right in 2007 Mercedes S65 AMG leased by Plise Companies.
  - (viii) Husband's clothing, jewelry, tools, guns, and personal items.
- (c) Each Party represents and warrants that he or she has made full, complete and accurate disclosure of all the assets of the Parties that have value that exceeds individually or in the aggregate the sum of \$10,000.00.
- (d) Husband and Wife shall close all joint accounts and all accounts in the name of the Trust on or before the date in which the Decree of Divorce is entered by the Court in the Action.
- (e) Husband and Wife hereby acknowledge that, based upon the mutual representations made to each other, the distribution of their community property estate herein is a substantially equal division of the community property and both hereby confirm the property identified in Sections 2.1(a) and (b) above to the other, as appropriate, as his or her sole and separate property.
- (f) Any and all property acquired by either of the Parties from and after the Effective Date shall be the sole and separate property of the Party acquiring the same and each of the Parties hereby confirms to the other Party that all such acquisitions of property shall be the sole and separate property of the Party acquiring the same.
- (g) Each of the Parties shall have an immediate right to dispose of or bequeath by will his or her respective interests in and to any and all property belonging to him or her from and after the Effective Date, and that such right shall extend to all property acquired after the Effective Date as well as to all property identified in Sections 2.1(a) and (b) above.
- (h) Each of the Parties hereby waives and releases any and all right to the estate of the other left at his or her death and forever grants, transfers, conveys and assigns any and all right to share in the estate of the other by the laws of succession, and each of the Parties hereby waives and releases the other Party from all rights to inherit from the other. Furthermore, the Parties hereby renounce, one to the other, all right to be administrator or administratrix, executor or executrix, of the estate of the other, and the Parties hereby waive and release any and all right to the estate or any interest in the estate of the other by way of inheritance, or otherwise, for family allowance therein or therefrom, to a probate or other homestead upon any property of the other, and to have set aside to him or her any property of the other exempt from execution, and from the Effective Date to the end of the world, the waiver and release by each of the Parties in the estate of the other Party shall be effective, and the Parties shall have all the rights of single persons and maintain the relationship of such toward each other.
- 2.2. ASSUMPTION OF COMMUNITY DEBTS. Husband and Wife agree that there are no known community debts of the Parties other than the debts encumbering the property awarded to each other as set forth in Section 2.1 above, and that each Party accepts their respective property "as-is" and "with all faults," including, without limitation, the encumbrances of any community debt.

- (a) Wife hereby individually and solely assumes and agrees to keep, perform, fulfill and observe all of the terms, covenants, obligations, agreements and conditions required to be kept, performed, fulfilled and observed by Husband and/or Wife with respect to any and all debts, obligations and liabilities arising from or in any way connected with the property identified in Section 2.1(a) above. Wife agrees and acknowledges that Wife shall be individually and solely responsible for any and all debts, obligations and liabilities which may be due and payable and which were incurred by Wife subsequent to the Effective Date. Wife agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold Husband harmless from and against any and all liability, loss, cost, damage and expense (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs) directly or indirectly arising out of Wife's failure to keep, perform, fulfill, and observe any of the terms, covenants, obligations, agreements, and conditions required to be kept, performed, fulfilled, and observed by Wife pursuant to this Section 2.2(a).
- (b) Husband individually and solely assumes and agrees to keep, perform, fulfill and observe all of the terms, covenants, obligations, agreements and conditions required to be kept, performed, fulfilled and observed by Husband and/or Wife with respect to any and all debts, obligations and liabilities arising from or in any way connected with the property identified in Section 2.1(b) above, including, without limitation, the Marital Residence Mortgage. Husband agrees and acknowledges that Husband shall be individually and solely responsible for any and all debts, obligations and liabilities which may be due and payable and which were incurred by Husband subsequent to the Effective Date. Husband agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold Wife harmless from and against any and all liability, loss, cost, damage and expense (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs) directly or indirectly arising out of Husband's failure to keep, perform, fulfill, and observe any of the terms, covenants, obligations, agreements, and conditions required to be kept, performed, fulfilled, and observed by Husband pursuant to this Section 2.2(b).
- (c) Within fifteen (15) days after the Effective Date, Wife shall provide a loan to Alcova Ridge from the sum received in Section 2.1(a)(i) above which shall be secured by the Marital Residence and guaranteed by Husband ("Wife's Loan") to refinance the Marital Residence Mortgage. Wife's Loan shall be in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 and accrue interest at 6.375% per year for a term of thirty (30) years subject to Wife's sole and exclusive right to advance the maturity of the loan to any time after the first twelve (12) months from initial funding with ninety (90) days' written notice. Alcova Ridge shall be required to make interest only payments under Wife's Loan which shall be due and payable monthly in arrears.
- (d) Husband and Wife shall not borrow from and shall close all lines of credit in their joint names on or before the date in which the Decree of Divorce is entered by the Court in the Action, including, without limitation, the line of credit provided by Bank of America, N.A. and secured by the Parties' former marital residence located at 3250 Santolina Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 and the line of credit provided by Countrywide Home Loans secured by the Marital Residence.

#### 2.3. TAX PROVISIONS.

(a) Husband and Wife shall file a joint return for the tax year of 2007. Husband shall cause the tax returns to be prepared and timely filed for Husband LLC, Stipp Law and the joint return for Husband and Wife subject to the review and approval of Wife, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. Husband shall provide Wife copies of these returns at least fourteen (14) days prior to any filing deadline (or extension thereof) to review and approve any such tax return. Husband and Wife shall be equally responsible for the costs and expenses of preparing and filing these tax returns as well as any tax obligations or liabilities for the tax year of 2007 or any prior tax year.



- (b) Husband and Wife shall file separate tax returns for the tax year of 2008. Husband shall claim all income actually earned by Husband for the tax year of 2008 on his tax return, and Wife shall claim all income actually earned by Wife for the tax year of 2008 on her tax return.
- (c) Husband and Wife shall be entitled to and share equally all refunds, overpayments, tax loss carry forwards and benefits that exist with regard to previous tax returns filed for Husband and Wife, Husband LLC and Stipp Law.
- (d) Husband shall be entitled to claim the Children as dependents on his tax return for the tax year of 2008. Husband shall be entitled to claim Mia as a dependent and Wife shall be entitled to claim Ethan as a dependent on their respective tax returns for all tax years thereafter.
- (e) Husband shall be entitled to the interest expense deduction related to the Marital Residence Mortgage on his tax return for the tax year of 2008.
- (f) Husband and Wife hereby elect to have the division of their marital estate treated as a non-taxable transfer between spouses.
- (g) Husband and Wife agree and acknowledge that each of them has had an opportunity to discuss with independent tax advisors concerning the income and estate tax implications and consequences with respect to the agreed upon division of property and indebtedness as set forth in this Agreement.

#### III. MUTUAL RELEASE

- 3.1. Release by Wife. Wife, individually and in her capacity as an officer of Stipp Law, hereby fully releases and discharges Husband and Husband LLC and their respective insurance carriers and sureties and their respective affiliates, successors and assigns and their respective officers, directors, managers, members, stockholders, employees, representatives, agents, attorneys and professional advisors (in their individual and representative capacities) of and from all manner of action or actions, cause or causes of action, suits, judgments, demands, rights, debts, agreements, promises, liabilities, losses, damages (whether general, special or punitive), attorneys' fees (whether incurred prior to or after the Effective Date), liens, indemnities, costs and expenses, of every nature, character, description and amount, without limitation or exception, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, whether based on theories of contract, breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, tort, violation of statute or ordinance, or equitable theory of recovery, or any other theory of liability or declaration of rights whatsoever as of the Effective Date (collectively, "Wife Claims"). Wife acknowledges and agrees that Wife's Claims expressly include all rights and claims against Husband for temporary or permanent alimony and/or support.
- 3.2. RELEASE BY HUSBAND. Husband, individually and in his capacity as an officer of Husband LLC, Chaparral Contracting, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and Aquila Management, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, for itself and as the manager of all limited liability companies related to or affiliated with William W. Plise, hereby fully releases and discharges Wife and her insurance carriers and sureties and their respective affiliates, successors and assigns and their respective officers, directors, managers, members, stockholders, employees, representatives, agents, attorneys and professional advisors (in their individual and representative capacities) of and from all manner of action or actions, cause or causes of action, suits, judgments, demands, rights, debts, agreements, promises, liabilities, losses, damages (whether general, special or punitive), attorneys' fees (whether incurred prior to or after the Effective Date), liens, indemnities, costs and expenses, of every nature, character,

description and amount, without limitation or exception, whether known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, whether based on theories of contract, breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, tort, violation of statute or ordinance, or equitable theory of recovery, or any other theory of liability or declaration of rights whatsoever as of the Effective Date (collectively, "Husband Claims" and, together with the Wife Claims, the "Claims").

3.3. COMPROMISE OF CLAIMS. The Parties, and each of them, acknowledge that they may hereafter discover facts different from, or in addition to, those facts that they now believe to be true with respect to any and all of the Claims released. Nevertheless, the Parties, and each of them, hereby agree that the releases set forth in Sections 3.1 and 3.2 above shall be and remain effective in all respects pursuant to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, notwithstanding the discovery of such different or additional facts. To that end, the Parties specifically and voluntarily waive any statutory or legal right, rule, decision or doctrine limiting the scope of the releases to include only Claims known or suspected by the Parties as of the date of the release, regardless of whether any unknown or unsuspected Claims would have materially affected the Parties' decision to enter into this Agreement. The Parties agree and acknowledge that this Agreement is intended to settle finally, conclusively and forever the rights of the Parties in all respects arising out of their marital relationship. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Parties do not release one another from their respective duties, obligations and liabilities under this Agreement, or the agreements contemplated hereby. Each Party expressly reserves all of its rights and remedies with respect to the performance of this Agreement by the other Party.

#### IV. MISCELLANEOUS

- 4.1 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. Each Party acknowledges that he or she has been given a reasonable period of time to study this Agreement before signing it and has had an opportunity to secure counsel of his or her own. Each Party certifies that he or she has fully read and completely understands the terms, nature, and effect of this Agreement. Each Party further acknowledges that he or she is executing this Agreement freely, knowingly, and voluntarily and that his or her execution of this Agreement is not the result of any fraud, duress, mistake, or undue influence whatsoever. In executing this Agreement, each Party does not rely on any inducements, promises, or representations by the other Party other than that which are stated in this Agreement.
- 4.2 FURTHER ASSURANCES. Each of the Parties shall execute and deliver any and all additional papers, documents and other assurances, and shall do any and all acts and things reasonably necessary in connection with the performance of their obligations hereunder to carry out the intent of the Parties. Should either Party fail to execute and/or deliver any of the documents contemplated hereby to transfer the property described in Section 2.1 above, this Agreement shall constitute a full and complete transfer of the property as herein provided.
- 4.3 ENTIRE AGREEMENT. This Agreement contains the entire agreement between the Parties and supersedes all prior agreements, understandings, discussions, negotiations and undertakings, whether written or oral, between the Parties with respect to the subject matter contained herein. This Agreement shall be taken as the full and final marital settlement agreement between the Parties, and it is agreed that a copy of this Agreement shall be offered to the Court in the Action, and the Court shall be requested to ratify, confirm and approve the same, and this Agreement shall by reference be merged into and become a part of the Decree of Divorce to be entered by the Court as if fully set forth therein.
- 4.4 AMENDMENT OR WAIVER. This Agreement cannot be changed, modified or amended without the consent in writing of both of the Parties. No waiver by either Party at any time of any breach by the other Party of any condition or provision of this Agreement shall be deemed a waiver of a similar



or dissimilar condition or provision at the same or at any prior or subsequent time. Any waiver must be in writing and signed by the waiving Party.

4.5 NOTICES. Any and all notices and demands required or desired to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be validly given only if personally delivered; deposited in the United States mail, certified or registered, postage prepaid, return receipt requested; made by Federal Express or similar delivery service which keeps records of deliveries and attempted deliveries; or by email. Service shall be conclusively deemed made on the first business day delivery is attempted or upon receipt, whichever is sooner, and addressed as follows:

IF TO HUSBAND:

Mitchell Stipp

5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500

Las Vegas, Nevada 89149 Email: Mitchell@plise.com

IF TO WIFE:

Christina Stipp

3136 Donnegal Bay Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Email: ccstipp@hotmail.com

The address to which such notices and demands are to be given pursuant to this Section 4.3 may be changed at any time by a written notice given in the manner aforesaid, which notice of change of address shall not become effective, however, until the actual receipt thereof by the addressee.

- 4.6. SEVERABILITY. The provisions of this Agreement shall be severable and the invalidity, illegality or unenforceability of any provision of this Agreement shall not affect, impair or render unenforceable this Agreement or any other provision hereof, all of which shall remain in full force and effect. If any provision of this Agreement is determined to be invalid, illegal or otherwise unenforceable, but such provision may be made enforceable by a limitation or reduction of its scope, the Parties agree to abide by such limitation or reduction as may be necessary so that said provision shall be enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 4.7. ATTORNEYS' FEES. If there is any legal action or proceeding, including any mediation or arbitration proceeding, to enforce or interpret any provision of this Agreement or to protect or establish any right or remedy of any Party hereto, the unsuccessful Party to such action or proceeding, whether such action or proceeding is settled or prosecuted to final judgment, shall pay to the prevailing Party as finally determined, all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, incurred by such prevailing Party in such action or proceeding, in enforcing such judgment, and in connection with any appeal from such judgment. Husband and Wife agree to pay his or her respective attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the preparation of this Agreement and in the representation of each in the Action.
- 4.8. SURVIVAL. The respective rights and obligations of the Parties shall survive any expiration or termination of this Agreement to the extent necessary to the intended preservation of such rights and obligations.
- 4.9. GOVERNING LAW. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed under the substantive and procedural laws of the State of Nevada, disregarding any principles of conflicts of law that would otherwise provide for the application of the substantive law of another jurisdiction. The



Parties submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts located in Clark County, Nevada for the purposes of any and all legal proceedings arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated thereby. Each Party hereby irrevocably waives any objection to venue and any claim that such a proceeding has been brought in an inconvenient forum, with respect to any such proceeding that is brought in the state and federal courts located in Clark County, Nevada.

- 4.10. HEADINGS. The headings of the sections contained in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be deemed to control or affect the meaning or construction of any provision of this Agreement.
- 4.11. COUNTERPARTS. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 4.12. BINDING EFFECT. Every covenant, term, and provision of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective successors, transferees, assigns, heirs and personal representatives.
- 4.13. NEUTRAL INTERPRETATION. The provisions contained herein shall not be construed in favor of or against any Party because that Party or its counsel drafted this Agreement, but shall be construed as if all Parties prepared this Agreement, and any rules of construction to the contrary are hereby specifically waived.
- 4.14. EFFECTIVENESS. This Agreement shall take effect upon the Effective Date; provided, however, that the terms and conditions of this Agreement that require the approval of the Court in the Action shall be subject to such approval. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Decree of Divorce is not entered by the Court in the Action, the Parties hereby agree that the provisions governing the disposition of community property, liability for community debt, and mutual release of claims as set forth in this Agreement shall remain in full force and effective as a post-nuptial agreement between the Parties.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused this Agreement to be executed as of the date first above written.

Mitchell Stipp, individually and for purposes of Section 3.2, as an officer of Stipp Investments, LLC, Chaparral Contracting, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and Aquila Management, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, for itself and as the manager of all limited liability companies related to or affiliated with William W. Plise.

Christina Calderon Stipp, individually and for purposes of Section 3.1, as an officer of Stipp Law Group,

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

STATE OF NEVADA

COUNTY OF CLARK

This instrument was acknowledged before me on this 20day of February 2008 by Mitchell Stipp.



JESSICA GREEN Notary Public State of Nevada Appt. No. 07-5137-1 My Appt. Expires Oct. 25, 2011

STATE OF NEVADA

COUNTY OF CLARK

This instrument was acknowledged before me on this 20day of February 2008 by Christina Calderon Stipp.

Notary Public in and for Said County and State

Notary Pyblic in and/for Said County and State

**JESSICA GREEN** Notary Public State of Nevada Appt. No. 07-5137-1 My Appt. Expires Oct. 25, 2011

ccs Mb

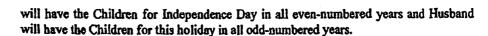


#### Visitation Schedule

- 1. Normal Visitation: Wife shall have the Children from 6:00 p.m. on Sundays until 6:00 p.m. on Fridays, and Husband shall have the Children from 6:00 p.m. on Fridays until 6:00 p.m. on Sundays; provided, however, that upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband, Wife shall have the right to have the Children on the first weekend of every month in which case Husband shall not have normal visitation.
- 2. Holiday Visitation: In the event one Party's right to exercise holiday visitation conflicts with the other Party's right to exercise normal or vacation visitation, the holiday visitation shall take precedence over the normal or vacation visitation. The Parties shall have holiday visitation with the Children as follows:
  - (a) Martin Luther King Day Weekend: Martin Luther King Day is celebrated on the third Monday in January. The weekend will be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Wife will have the Children for Martin Luther King Weekend in all even-numbered years and Husband will have the Children for this weekend in all odd-numbered years. Wife shall have the right to forego visitation of the Children on Martin Luther King Day Weekend upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband in which case normal visitation rules apply.
  - (b) Presidents Day Weekend: Presidents Day is celebrated on the third Monday in February. The weekend will be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Husband will have the Children for Presidents Day Weekend in all even-numbered years and Wife will have the Children for this weekend in all odd-numbered years. Wife shall have the right to forego visitation of the Children on Presidents Day Weekend upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband in which case normal visitation rules apply.
  - (c) Easter Day: Easter Day is celebrated on Sundays. Husband will have the Children until 2:00 p.m. on Easter Day and Wife will have the Children after 2:00 p.m. on Easter Day.
  - (d) Memorial Day Weekend: Memorial Day is celebrated on the last Monday in May. The weekend shall be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Wife will have the Children for the Memorial Day Weekend in all even-numbered years and Husband will have the Children for this weekend in all odd-numbered years. Wife shall have the right to forego visitation of the Children on Memorial Day Weekend upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband in which case normal visitation rules apply.
  - (e) Father's Day/Mother's Day: These holidays are celebrated on Sundays and will be defined as commencing at 9:00 a.m. and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holidays. Husband will have the Children each year on Father's Day and Wife will have the Children each year on Mother's Day.
  - (f) Independence Day: Independence Day will be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day before the holiday and ending at 9:00 a.m. on the day after the holiday. Wife



ccs



- (g) Labor Day Weekend: Labor Day is celebrated on the first Monday in September. The weekend shall be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Husband will have the Children for the Labor Day Weekend in all even-numbered years and Wife will have the Children for this weekend in all odd-numbered years. Wife shall have the right to forego visitation of the Children on Labor Day Weekend upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband in which case normal visitation rules apply.
- (h) Halloween Night: Halloween Night will be defined as commencing at 3:00 p.m. on the holiday and ending at 8:30 p.m. on the holiday. Wife will have the Children for Halloween Night in all even-numbered years and Husband will have the Children for Halloween Night in all odd-numbered years.
- (i) Veterans Day: Veterans Day is generally observed on November 11th every year. For the purposes of this schedule, Veterans Day will be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Husband will have the Children for Veterans Day in all even-numbered years and Wife will have the Children for Veterans Day in all odd-numbered years.
- (j) Thanksgiving Weekend: The Thanksgiving holiday will be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 4:00 p.m. on Thanksgiving Day and continuing to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday immediately following Thanksgiving Day; and Period Two commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday immediately following Thanksgiving Day and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the Sunday immediately following Thanksgiving Day. Husband will have the Children during Period One and Wife will have the Children during Period Two in all years.
- (k) Christmas Holiday: The Christmas holiday shall be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 9:00 a.m. on December 24th and continuing to 9:00 a.m. on December 25th, and Period Two commencing at 9:00 a.m. December 25th and continuing to 6:00 p.m. on the same day. Wife will have the Children during Period One and Husband will have the Children during Period Two in all years.
- (1) New Year's Day: New Year's Day is observed on January 1st every year. For the purposes of this schedule, New Year's Day will be defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Husband will have the Children for New Year's Day in all even-numbered years and Wife will have the Children for New Year's Day in all odd-numbered years.
- (m) Children's Birthdays: Wife shall have the right upon three (3) days' prior written notice to Husband to have the Children on the Saturday immediately preceding a Child's birthday in which case Husband's normal visitation shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Sunday.
- (n) Parents' Birthdays: Each Party shall have the right upon three (3) days' prior written notice to the other Party to have the Children from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on their respective birthdays.





- 4
- 3. Vacation Visitation: In the event one Party's right to exercise vacation visitation conflicts with the other Party's right to exercise normal visitation, vacation visitation shall take precedence over normal visitation. Each Party shall be permitted to have the Children for two (2) consecutive weeks for the purpose of taking a vacation. The Party wishing to exercise such vacation visitation must provide the other Party with at least fifteen (15) days' written notice of intent to do so.
- 4. Other Visitation: The Parties shall have other visitation at such times and days upon which the Parties shall agree.

ccs M

EXHIBIT B
[SEE ATTACHED]

B-1)

ccs Mo



Mitchell Stipp and Christina Stipp, as Trustees of the Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004, hereby assign, transfer, and convey (collectively, the "Transfer") all of the rights, title, interest, and estate in and to one hundred percent (100%) ownership interest (the "Interests") in 1005 Hickory Park, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (the "Company"), to Christina Calderon Stipp, as her sole and separate property. The Transfer of the Interests in the Company is to be effective as of February 20, 2008 (the "Effective Date").

Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004

Name: Mitchell Stipp

Its: Trustee

By: Christina Colderon Stego
Name: Christina Stipp

Its: Trustee

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT, WAIVER AND RESIGNATION

The undersigned hereby (a) acknowledges and consents to the Transfer of the Interests in the Company, (b) waives any marital rights or other property rights that the undersigned may have with respect to the ownership of the Interests in the Company, and (c) resigns as manager of the Company effective as of the Effective Date.

EXHIBIT C
[SEE ATTACHED]

(C-1)

ccr Mp



Stipp Law Group, Ltd.

Mitchell Stipp and Christina Stipp, as Trustees of the Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004, hereby assign, transfer, and convey (collectively, the "Transfer") all of the rights, title, interest, and estate in and to one hundred percent (100%) ownership interest (the "Interests") in Stipp Law Group, Ltd., a Nevada professional corporation (the "Company"), to Christina Calderon Stipp, as her sole and separate property. The Transfer of the Interests in the Company is to be effective as of February 20, 2008 (the "Effective Date").

Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004

Name: Mitchell Stipp

Name: Christina Stipp

Its: Trustee

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT, WAIVER AND RESIGNATION

The undersigned hereby (a) acknowledges and consents to the Transfer of the Interests in the Company, (b) waives any marital rights or other property rights that the undersigned may have with respect to the ownership of the Interests in the Company, and (c) resigns as an officer and/or director of the Company effective as of the Effective Date.

# EXHIBIT D [SEE ATTACHED]

(D-1)

ccs Mb

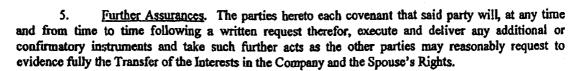


THIS ASSIGNMENT (this "Assignment") is entered into as of this 20th day of February, 2008 (the "Effective Date") by and among Mitchell Stipp and Christina Stipp, as Trustees of the Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004 ("Assignor"), Mitchell Stipp, an individual ("Assignee"), Christina Calderon Stipp, an individual ("Spouse of Assignee"), and Stipp Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (the "Company").

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual agreements, covenants, and conditions contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Assignment. Assignor hereby assigns, transfers, and conveys (collectively, the "Transfer") all of the rights, title, interest, and estate in and to one hundred percent (100%) ownership interest (the "Interests") in the Company to Assignee, as his sole and separate property, subject to the rights of Spouse of Assignee set forth in Section 2 below. The Transfer of the Interests in the Company is to be effective as of the Effective Date.
- Rights of Spouse of Assignee. As of the Effective Date, Spouse of Assignee shall have as her sole and separate property the rights only to fifty percent (50%) of the distributions received by the Company from Aquila Investments, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company and its successors and assigns ("Aquila"); provided, however, that Spouse of Assignee shall not be entitled to receive and hereby waives and releases her rights to any portion of the first \$250,000.00 in distributions received from Aquila after the Effective Date (the "Spouse's Rights"). Spouse of Assignee shall be obligated to pay and be liable for all federal, state and local taxes arising out of the payment of any distributions to Spouse of Assignee as part of the Spouse's Rights. The Company shall pay to Spouse of Assignee within five (5) days of receipt any distributions required to be paid to Spouse of Assignee hereunder. The Spouse's Rights expressly exclude any and all other property or economic rights (allocations of profits, losses and other distributions) and the rights of a member of the Company under the Nevada Revised Statutes, as amended, or the organizational documents of the Company, including, without limitation, any voting, consent or approval rights. The term "distributions" as used in this Section 2 shall have the meaning assigned to it in Aquila's Amended and Restated Operating Agreement effective January 1, 2006 which is incorporated herein by this reference.
- 3. Acceptance and Consent. As of the Effective Date, the Company consents to the Transfer of the Interests in the Company to Assignee and Assignee hereby accepts the same subject to Spouse's Rights. Spouse of Assignee accepts the Spouse's Rights and waives any marital rights or other property rights that she may have with respect to the ownership of the Interests in the Company except with respect to the Spouse's Rights. Assignee waives any marital rights or other property rights that he may have with respect to the Spouse's Rights.
- 4. No Assignment. Except as permitted in writing by the Company and Assignee, Spouse of Assignee shall not transfer all or a part of the Spouse's Rights by any sale, exchange, assignment, bequeath, gift, pledge, hypothecation, encumbrance, transfer, or other alienation in any manner, whether voluntary, involuntary or by operation of law (including, without limitation, the laws of bankruptcy, insolvency, intestacy, descent, marital property division and distribution and succession) (each, a "Prohibited Transfer"). Upon the occurrence of a Prohibited Transfer, the Spouse's Rights shall expire, lapse and/or terminate.

ccs No



- Nevada Law. This Assignment shall be governed by and construed under the substantive and procedural laws of the State of Nevada, disregarding any principles of conflicts of law that would otherwise provide for the application of the substantive law of another jurisdiction.
- Counterparts. This Assignment may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which shall constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have entered into this Assignment as of the Effective Date.

#### **ASSIGNOR**

Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004

Name: Mitchell Stipp

Its: Trustee

By: Christina Colderon Stigo
Name: Christina Stipp

Its: Trustee

**ASSIGNEE** 

SPOUSE OF ASSIGNEE

Christina Calderon Stipp
Christina Calderon Stipp

COMPANY

Stipp Investments, LLC, A Nevada limited liability company

Name: Mitchell Stipp

Its: Manager

cas No

EXHIBIT E
[SEE ATTACHED]

ccs No

(2-1)

### ASSIGNMENT OF INTEREST IN LIMITED-LIABILITY COMPANY 2055 Alcova Ridge, LLC

Mitchell Stipp and Christina Stipp, as Trustees of the Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004, hereby assign, transfer, and convey (collectively, the "Transfer") all of the rights, title, interest, and estate in and to one hundred percent (100%) ownership interest (the "Interests") in 2055 Alcova Ridge, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (the "Company"), to Mitchell Stipp, as his sole and separate property. The Transfer of the Interests in the Company is to be effective as of February 20, 2008 (the "Effective Date").

Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004

By: / //// Name: Mitchell Stipp

Its: Trustee

By: Christina Colderon Styp

Name: Christina Stipp

Its: Trustee

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND WAIVER**

The undersigned hereby (a) acknowledges and consents to the Transfer of the Interests in the Company, and (b) waives any marital rights or other property rights that the undersigned may have with respect to the ownership of the Interests in the Company.

Christina Calderon Stigo
Christina Calderon Stipp

ccs No

## EXHIBIT F [SEE ATTACHED]

as MD

(F-1)

#### BILL OF SALE

THIS BILL OF SALE (this "Bill of Sale") is made this 20th day of February 2008 by Mitchell Stipp and Christina Stipp, as individuals and Trustees of the Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004, ("Seller"), to Mitchell Stipp, as his sole and separate property ("Buyer").

For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, Seller hereby sells, transfers, conveys and assigns to Buyer all of Seller's right, title and interest in and to all contents of the residence located at 2055 Alcova Ridge, Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 (the "Residence"), including, without limitation, all furniture, furnishings, appliances, fixtures, and equipment located in or used in connection with the Residence but expressly excluding Christina Calderon Stipp's clothing, jewelry and personal items and the clothing and personal items of Mia and Ethan Stipp.

This Bill of Sale has been executed by Seller in favor of Buyer and shall be effective on the date first above set forth.

Stipp Family Trust dated October 13, 2004

Its: Trustee

By: Christina Colderon Stigs Name: Christina Stipp

Christina Colderon Stigo Christina Stipo

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND WAIVER**

The undersigned hereby (a) acknowledges and consents to this Bill of Sale, and (b) waives any marital rights or other property rights that the undersigned may have with respect to the items that are subject to this Bill of Sale.

Christina Calderon Stipo

ccs /

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court's files and all papers,			
records, proceedings, evidence, including exhibits, and any testimony transcripts be sealed			
forthwith pursuant to NRS 125.110, and the same shall remain sealed until further order of this			
Court.  DATED this 5 day of Mill OlsTRIC			
The parties to this action, Petitioner CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and Petitioner MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, hereby STIPULATE AND AGREE to the Court's entry of the Decree of Divorce set forth above, and each party agrees to fully comply with the same.			
DATED: February 25, 2008	DATED: February 25, 2008		
Christina Calderen Ligo CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP  2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 Petitioner in Proper Person	MITCHELL DAVID STIPP 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 Petitioner in Proper Person		
STATE OF NEVADA ) SS: COUNTY OF CLARK )			
On this 25th day of February, 2008, before me, the undersigned Notary Public in and for said County and State, personally appeared CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP and MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, both known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing immediately above, each of whom acknowledged to me that he or she did so freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned.			
Witness my hand and official seal.	/2 × 1100		

I

· 25

AMY UPP
Notary Public
State of Nevada
Appt. No. 07-5136-1
My Appt. Expires Oct. 25, 2011

# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 3



James J. Jimmerson 1

Mario P. Lovato \* Michele L. Roberts Soraya M. Veiga

"ALSO ADMITTED IN CALIFORNIA

January 6, 2009

Via Facsimile (702) 990-6445

Radford J. Smith, Esq. SMITH LAW OFFICE 64 N. Pecos Road, Ste. 700 Las Vegas, NV 89074

Re:

Christina Calderon-Stipp v. Mitchell David Stipp

Case No. D-08-389203

#### Dear Radford:

In regards to your ex-parte request for mediation on the above-referenced matter, this is to notify you and your client that, because our client received no prior notification from you of this request, she was unable to change a conflicting medical appointment and FMC has rescheduled the mediation for February 3, 2008 at 1:00 p.m. if the Court requires it.

Our client and our firm has attempted in good faith to communicate with you regarding the custody and visitation issues raised in our motion prior to filing it. Ms. Stipp informed us she had sent you a letter on or around the 1<sup>st</sup> of December pursuant to EDCR 5.11, attempting to resolve the issue with you directly before resorting to litigation. She never received a response from either you nor Mitch. You were then notified by letter from our firm on December 11, 2008 that we had been contacted by Ms. Stipp with regard to post-divorce issues between her and your client. Now we are just discovering that the very next day, December 12, 2008, you filed your request for FMC Mediation, without notifying us, our client or even attempting to stipulate to mediation on the matter.

After receiving no response from you or your client, we were left with no choice but to file our motion on December 17, 2008. Even upon your receipt of our motion, you did not give us the professional courtesy of notifying us that you had already filed a request for mediation on these very same issues, which our client only became aware of late last week. Instead you requested an extension to file a response to our motion until January 7, 2009, which we gave you the courtesy of granting, knowing full well that a mediation was scheduled for that same day, and our client would therefore be forced to go into a mediation without knowing what issues were to be discussed or knowing your client's position on the same. While you have taken the position that you "didn't have to" give either us or our client any notice that you requested mediation, we strongly disagree and

S\Stipp\Correspondence\Opposing Counsel\1.6.08 to Radford Smith sp .wpd

Radford J. Smith, Esq. Re: Stipp v. Stipp January 5, 2009 Page 2

feel that notice is absolutely required. It certainly would have given a mediation a better chance of success if our client was aware of the issues being discussed.

Sincerely,

JIMMERSON HANSEN, P.C.

Michele L. Roberts, Esq.

MLR/smp

cc: Christina Calderon-Stipp

### ORIGINAL DISTRICT CO CLARK COUNTY.

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MITCHELL D. STIPP,

Plaintiff

VS

Case No. D-08<sup>53</sup>8<sup>59</sup>203-Z
Department No. O

CHRISTINA C. STIPP,

Defendant

Defendant

#### STIPULATION AND ORDER

Date of Hearing: 8-7-09 Time of Hearing: 11:00 a.m.

The parties hereby desire to modify certain provisions of the Marital Settlement Agreement dated February 20, 2008 ("MSA"), and any provisions not specifically and expressly modified herein shall remain in full force and effect. The parents have met in mediation and have agreed to a Stipulation and Order that will cover timeshare, the right of first refusal, telephone communications with the children, and completion of a C.O.P.E. class. The intent of this Stipulation and Order is to promote healthy relationships between the children, Mia E. Stipp, DOB: 10-19-04, Ethan C. Stipp, DOB: 3-24-07, and their parents. Each of the parents, Christina C. Stipp, natural mother, and Mitchell D. Stipp, natural father, agree that co-parenting requires the acceptance of mutual responsibilities and rights as far as the children are concerned.

#### TIMESHARE PROVISIONS

The parties agree to modify their "Normal Visitation" schedule as defined in Exhibit A of the MSA, as follows:

1. On the first, third and, if there is one, fifth weekend of each month the father shall have the children in his care from Friday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m., provided, however, that upon three days prior written notice to father, mother

shall have the right to have the children in her care on the first weekend of the month. If mother exercises said right, father shall have the children in his care from the Wednesday preceding the first weekend of the month at 6:00 p.m. until the Friday preceding the first weekend of the month at 6:00 p.m.

- 2. Father shall have the children in his care during the second and fourth weekends of the month from Thursday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m.
- 3. Mother shall have the children in her care at all times not specifically provided to father above or otherwise provided to father in Exhibit A of the MSA not specifically modified herein.

#### SPECIAL PROVISIONS

#### Right Of First Refusal

The parents agree that they shall have a right of first refusal to the exclusion of all other third parties. Should either parent be unable to provide care for the children (or either of them) during his or her custodial time for a period of four hours or more, the other parent shall have the right to provide care for the children. The parent unable to provide care shall notify the other parent as soon as reasonably possible so as to allow that party the option of providing care for the children.

### Tclephone Communications With The Children

The parents agree to facilitate reasonable telephonic communication with the children such that the non-custodial parent shall have at least one phone call per day with the children. The call must be placed by the custodial parent between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. They further agree to refrain from interfering with the children's right to privacy during such telephone conversations.

#### Attendance At C.O.P.E. Class

Although the mother has recently attended a C.O.P.E. class, the parents agree that both of them will complete a C.O.P.E. class prior to October 1, 2009.

Dismissal With Prejudice The parties' desire, by this Stipulation and Order, to resolve all issues raised in father's Motion for Rehearing; Or in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare filed on April 27, 2009. **Educational Cost Sharing** The parties have not reached an agreement on educational cost sharing. 

MODIFYING THE STIPULATION AND ORDER

The terms and conditions of this Stipulation and Order may be modified, in writing, as the needs of the children and/or the circumstances of the parents change. However, the parents understand that the concurred changes do not modify this Court Order. The parents are encouraged to utilize mediation to resolve parenting issues prior to seeking Court intervention.

The above agreement reflects the Stipulation and Order formulated in mediation. The parents realize they have the right to review this document with an attorney prior to its being reviewed and adopted by the Court.

Mitchell D. Stipp	Christina Colderon Step	مد
Mitchell D. Stipp	Christina Calderon-Stipp //	
Father	Mother	
DATE Nuley 8, 7009	DATE July 8, 2009	
The above and foregoing Stipulation	and Order is acceptable to the parties.	! !
1/2-	Show M. Dollat	L_
Radford J. Smith	James J. Jimmerson	
Attorney for Plaintiff	Attorney for Defendant	
DATE 8/5/09	DATE 7/17/09	
		_

ORDER

Based upon the agreement of the parties and good cause being shown, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the terms and conditions of the above Stipulation and Order are adopted.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the father's Motion for Rehearing; Or in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare shall be DISMISSED with prejudice and the hearings currently set for August 7, 2009 and October 27, 2009 shall be VACATED.

DATED this 6 day of duglett, 2009.

District Court Judge

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP RK-COUNTY, NEVADA THE STATE OF NEVADA, 2008 DEC - 2 Plaintiff. CASE NO: 08M14158X -vs-DEPT NO: MITCHELL DAVID STIPP #2598202. Defendant. CRIMINAL COMPLAINT 

The Defendant above named having committed the crime of DRIVING AND/OR BEING IN ACTUAL PHYSICAL CONTROL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR (Misdemeanor - NRS 484.379), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 13th day of May, 2008, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, did then and there wilfully and unlawfully drive and/or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle, to-wit: a 2007 Mercedes, bearing Nevada License No. LV336F, on a highway, or on premises to which the public has access, to-wit: Paradise and Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, while under the influence of intoxicating liquor to any degree, however slight, which rendered him incapable of safely driving and/or exercising actual physical control and/or while he had a concentration of alcohol of .08 or more in his blood or breath, and/or when the Defendant was found to have a concentration of alcohol of .08 or more in his blood sample which was taken within two (2) hours after driving and/or being in actual physical control of said vehicle.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

11/17/2008

08M14158X/td LVMPD EV# 0805133482 (TK3)





STATE VS. —— <del>STIPP,</del>	MITCHELL DAVID C	ASE NO.	08M14158X
DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF COURT PRESENT	APPEARANCES — HEARING		CONTINUED T
MAY 13, 2008	DEFENDANT RELEASED PER JUDGE JANSEN		8-12-08 8:00 #3
DECEMBER 2, 2008	CRIMINAL COMPLAINT FILED: DRIVING AND/OR BEING IN ACTUAL PHYSICAL CONTROL WHILE THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR		Joe J
DECEMBER 30, 2008 T. ABBATANGELO D. RINETTI, DA F. CREMEN, ESQ. (CONFIRMS) R. SILVAGGIO, CR S. ROBINSON, CLK	INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT DEFENDANT NOT PRESENT IN COURT DEFENSE ADVISED OF CHARGES/WAIVES READING OF COMPLAINT PLEA OF NOT GUILTY, SET FOR TRIAL WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO BE FILED NO BAIL POSTED		5-21-09 10:00 #3  JCC IMAGE
MAY 21, 2009 T. ABBATANGELO P. SAMPLES, DA F. CREMEN, ESQ. R. SILVAGGIO, CR S. ROBINSON, CLK	TIME SET FOR TRIAL DEFENDANT NOT PRESENT IN COURT DEFENSE MOTION TO CONTINUE - NO OBJECTION BY STATE - GRANTED CONTINUED FOR STATUS CHECK ON POSSIBLE NEGOTIATIONS NO BAIL POSTED		5-27-09 8 AM #3
MAY 27, 2009 T. ABBATANGELO C. PANDELIS, DA F. CREMEN, ESQ. D. MCCORD, CR S. ROBINSON, CLK	DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT PLEA OF NOLO CONTENDRE - ADJUDICATION WITHHELD DEFENDANT TO STAY OUT OF TROUBLE DEFENDANT TO ATTEND DUI SCHOOL AND VICTIM IMPACT PANEL \$403 FINE \$100 AA \$7 SAA \$10 FAA \$60 ANALYSIS FEE \$580 TOTAL DUE DEFENDANT GIVEN CREDIT FOR 2 DAYS SPENT IN JAIL CASE TO BE REDUCED TO RECKLESS DRIVING		8-26-09 8:00 #3 JCC
	NO BAIL POSTED		

### JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

STATE VS. STIPP, MI	TCHELL DAVID CASE NO.	08M14158X
DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF COURT	PAGE:	
PRESENT	APPEARANCES - HEARING	CONTINUED TO:
MAY 27, 2009	\$580 CASH BAIL POSTED BY MITCHELL STIPP	8-26-09 8:00 #3
		JCC
AUGUST 26, 2009 T. ABBATANGELO G. O'BRIEN, DA F. CREMEN, ESQ. R. SILVAGGIO, CR S. ROBINSON, CLK	DEFENDANT NOT PRESENT IN COURT MOTION BY STATE TO AMEND COMPLAILNT TO RECKLESS DRIVING – GRANTED \$520 FINE, \$60 ANALYSIS FEE – TOTAL DUE \$580 – PAID OUT OF CASH BAIL DUI SCHOOL AND VICTIM IMPACT PANEL – COMPLETED CASE CLOSED	DP

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1
    CASE NO.
  2
     DEPT. NO. 3
                              CERTIFIED
  3
                                 0007
 4
 5
 6
                IN THE JUSTICE COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
 7
                     COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA
 8
 9
10
    THE STATE OF NEVADA,
11
                      Plaintiff,
                                                 Case No. 08M14158X
12
    -vs-
13
    MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,
14
                      Defendant.
15
                          REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
16
                                    OF
                           INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT
17
                 BEFORE THE HONORABLE TONY L. ABBATANGELO
18
                           JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
19
                  Tuesday, December 30, 2008, 8:00 a.m.
20
    APPEARANCES:
21
    For the State:
                                DENA RINETTI, ESQ.
22
                                Deputy District Attorney
23
    For the Defendant:
                                FRANK CREMEN, ESQ.
                                Attorney at Law
24
25
    Reported by: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. NO. 122
```

1 CASE NO. 2 0887, 80, 3 IN THE JUSTICE COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF HEVADA

Plaintiff.

Case No. 36M14158X

12 -vs-

13 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,

I THE STATE OF BEVADA,

Defendant.

15

: 2

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REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT

INITIAL AFRAJONMENT

BEFORE THE HOMOFABLE TONY L. ABBATANCELO CUSTICE OF THE PEACE

Tuesday, December 30, 2008, 8:00 a.m.

20 APPEARANCES: 21

For the State: 22

DENA RINETTI, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney

13 For the Defendant:

FRANK CREMEN, ESQ. Attorney at Law

Reported by: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. NO. 122

Page 2 of 2

Las Vesis, Clark County, Newada Taking, telember 3., 2014, 8:00 a.m.

PROCEEDINGS

. . . . .

THE COURT: Mitchell Stipp, S-t-1-p-p, #M14156X.

- Mr. Orezen is bouncel.

MA. PEMENT Yes, I have confirm as counsel, enter  $\alpha$ 

guest for torality, and ask for y trial rate.

THE SLEPK: The list, at ten aum.

MR. CREMEN: Thank you.

THE OMBT: You are welcome.

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ATTENTS (7411, true and compute transmipt of prodeedings,

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PROPERTY NAME OF THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

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3	IN THE JUSTICE S COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
4	COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA
5	
6	STATE OF NEVADA,
7	Plaintiff, )
8	vs. ) CASE NO. 08M14158X
9	MITCHELL STIPP,
10	Defendant. )
11	)
12	
13	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
14	<u>of</u>
15	DUI PLEA
16	BEFORE THE HONORABLE TONY L. ABBATANGELO
17	JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
18	WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 2009
19	
20	APPEARANCES:
21	For the State: CHRISTOPHER PANDELIS, ESQ.
22	Deputy District Attorney
23	For the Defendant: FRANK CREMEN, ESQ.
24	
25	Reported by: Donna J. McCord, CCR #337

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, MAY 27, 2009, 8:00 A.M.
2	
3	* * * *
4	
5	THE COURT: Mitchell Stipp, 8M14158X.
6	MR. CREMEN: Good morning, your Honor.
7	Frank Cremen appearing on his behalf. This is on
8	for change of plea. I have an acknowledgment form
9	here. Your Honor, this is a deferred adjudication.
10	There were proof problems.
11	THE COURT: And what are we going to do on
12	this one? What's the sentence I mean?
13	MR. CREMEN: The minimums, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Withhold adjudication and a
15	reckless?
16	MR. CREMEN: Yes.
17	THE COURT: Mr. Stipp well, first of
18	all, Mr. Pandelis, do you have the notes in the
19	file?
20	MR. PANDELIS: Yes, your Honor. Mr.
21	Cremen's statement of the negotiation was correct.
22	THE COURT: And Mr. Stipp, do you
23	understand your negotiations?
24	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
25	THE COURT: Do you understand if you do

- what we ask you to do you will end up with a
  reckless driving?
- THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- 4 THE COURT: And if not you will be
- 5 convicted of a first offense DUI?
- 6 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- 7 THE COURT: Did you understand your
- 8 admonishment?
- 9 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- THE COURT: Today by -- nolo or guilty?
- MR. CREMEN: No contest, your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: And today by pleading no
- 13 contest and us withholding adjudication you're
- 14 giving up or waiving your right to a trial. At that
- 15 trial the State would have to prove beyond a
- 16 reasonable doubt that you committed the alleged
- 17 crime of driving while under the influence of
- 18 alcohol. You're also waiving your right to confront
- 19 and cross-examine the State's witnesses through the
- 20 assistance of your attorney. You're waiving your
- 21 right to testify on your own behalf. You're waiving
- 22 your right to present any evidence to defend
- 23 yourself on your own behalf as well and the right to
- 24 file an appeal except for on constitutional or
- 25 jurisdictional grounds.

Donna J. McCord CCR #337

1	Do you understand by pleading no
2	contest you're waiving these rights?
3	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
4	THE COURT: The range of punishment for a
5	first offense has a two-day minimum sentence up to
6	six months in jail; or 48 hours of community service
7	but not more than 96 hours; DUI school, Victim
8	Impact Panel. If your blood or breath alcohol level
9	was .18 or more the Court will require an alcohol
10	and drug dependency evaluation and assess a \$100
11	fee. The Department of Motor Vehicles will revoke
12	or suspend your license for 90 days and impose a \$35
13	civil penalty.
14	Do you understand that's the range of
15	punishment for a first offense?
16	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
17	THE COURT: When you read and signed the
18	admonishment of rights form did you understand the
19	range of punishment for a second offense?
20	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
21	THE COURT: And did you understand that it
22	is still a misdemeanor in the State of Nevada?
23	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
24	THE COURT: When you read and signed the
25	admonishment of rights form did you understand that

- 1 a third offense conviction within the State of
- 2 Nevada within seven years in the State of Nevada is
- 3 a felony?
- 4 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- 5 THE COURT: And did you understand that
- 6 range of punishment?
- 7 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- THE COURT: Has anybody made a promise or
- 9 a threat to you to enter a plea today?
- THE DEFENDANT: No.
- 11 THE COURT: Are you entering this plea
- 12 because you want to freely and voluntarily?
- 13 THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- 14 THE COURT: Are you entering this plea
- 15 knowingly and intelligently?
- THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
- 17 THE COURT: And Mr. Cremen, does the
- 18 defense stipulate the State could prove the facts
- 19 stated within the complaint beyond a reasonable
- 20 doubt?
- MR. CREMEN: Yes, your Honor, it does.
- THE COURT: And Mr. Pandelis, does the
- 23 State stipulate they can prove those facts beyond a
- 24 reasonable doubt?
- MR. PANDELIS: Yes, your Honor.

- 1 THE COURT: How do you want to plead to
- 2 the charge, sir?
- 3 THE DEFENDANT: No contest.
- 4 THE COURT: We'll accept the no contest
- 5 plea and withhold adjudication which means you're
- 6 pleading guilty without admitting the facts and you
- 7 are not found quilty. If you do the requirements
- 8 we'll amend it to reckless. Mr. Cremen can appear
- 9 for you. You will not have to come back. If in 90
- 10 days it's all done case closed. If in 90 days you
- 11 have the DUI school done and the Victim Impact Panel
- done but need more time to pay the fine we'll work
- 13 with you as long as you're remaining trouble free as
- 14 well.
- THE CLERK: August 26th, 8:00 a.m.
- MR. CREMEN: Your Honor, may he do the DUI
- 17 school by correspondence? He travels a lot.
- THE COURT: Yes, Justice Court has it by
- 19 Internet and Legal Rehab is also certified by DMV to
- 20 do it as well.
- MR. CREMEN: Thank you, your Honor. I
- 22 appreciate it.
- THE COURT: You're welcome.
- 24 ///
- 25 ///

1		* * * * *
2	Attest: Full	, true, accurate transcript of
3	proceedings.	
4		Unna Moud
5		DONNA J. MCCORD CCR #337
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1	CASE NO. CERTIFIED COPY COPY
2	DEPT. NO. 3
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5	IN THE JUSTICE COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
6	COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA
7	
-8	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA, )
10	Plaintiff, ) Case No. 08M24258X
11	-vs- )
12	MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, )
13	Defendant. )
14	
15	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF
16	MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT
17	BEFORE THE HONORABLE TONY L. ABBATANGELO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
18	Wednesday, August 26, 2009, 9:00 a.m.
19	ADDEADANCEC
20	APPEARANCES:
21	For the State: HETTY WONG, ESQ.  Deputy District Attorney
22	For the Defendant: FRANK CREMEN, ESQ.
23	Attorney at Law
24	
25	Reported by: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. NO. 122
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Fage 1 of 2

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1 CASE NO.
 2 DEFT. NO. 3
                 IN THE CUSTICE COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
                       CONTROL OF CHASE, STATE OF BEVADA
    THE STATE OF NEVADA,
10
                       Plaintiff.
                                                     Case No. 09M24258X
11 -vs-
12 MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,
                       Pefendant.
                            REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
: .
                          MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT
                  BEFORE THE HONORABLE TONY 1. ABBATANGELO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
17
                    Wednesday, August 26, 2009, 9:00 a.m.
18
19
    APPEARANCES:
20
    For the State:
                                  HETTY WCNG, ESQ.
Deputy District Attorney
                                  FRANK CREMEN, ESQ.
Attorney at law
    rot the beforeant:
25 Peported by: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. NO. 122
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ATTEST: Full, true and accurate transcript of proceedings.

REHEE SILWAGGIO, C.C.R. 1:2
Official Court Peporter

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Page 2 of 3

2 Wednesday, August 26, 2009, 9:00 a.m. 3 PROCEEDINGS \* \* \* \* \* 5 6 7 THE COURT: Mitchell Stipp, 8M14158X. 8 MR. FREMEN: Frank Cremen appearing on his behalf. 9 He's done everything. You should have a receipt in the file or I could 10 provide you documentation with the Victim Impact Panel and proof of courts --12 13 THE COURT: And we have proof of the OUI School being 14 paid for and completed, Legal Rehab, as well as Stop OUI. So we 15 have all the requirements. MR. CREMEN: Okay. 16 17 THE COURT: Has the defendant remained trouble free? MR. CREMEN: He has. 18 MS. WONG: Yes, sir. 19 20 THE COURT: As to the charge of: Reckless driving, case closed. 22 MR. CREMEN: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: You are welcome. !3 :4 :5 (Proceedings concluded.)

Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada

of 1 sheets

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

C5082421 J5082421-REPORT 2A PAGE: 11 08/29/2009

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
CLARK COUNTY REGIONAL JUSTICE CENTER
200 LEWIS AVENUE
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101
COURT 128
DISPOSITION NOTICE AND JUDGMENT

CASE NUMBER - 08M14158X

STATE VS: STIPP, MITCHELL DAVID

ID #: 02598202

AKA: STIPP, MITCHELL DAVID

DR NUMBER:

START DATE: 05/13/2008

ARRESTED BY: GOSLAR, RICHARD D

ARREST DATE: 05/13/2008

SUBMITTED BY: NO SUBMITTING OFFICER

SUBMIT DATE: 05/13/2008

PROSECUTOR: HETTY WONG

DISPO DATE: 08/26/2009

001 CHARGE: 484.3791 M DUI-ALCOHOL-1ST OFFENSE

DISPOSITION: ----GUILTY---- RECKLESS DRIVING

SENTENCED: 08/26/2009

FINED: \$ 580 EXCUSED: \$ 0

JAIL TIME: MOS DAYS HRS CONS/CONC:

CTS: MOS DAYS 002 HRS
COMM SERV: DAYS HRS MIN

RESTITUTION: \$ 0 CONTRIBUTION: \$ 0 DRUG FEE: \$ 60

EDUCATION: DUI SCHOOL/VICTIM IMPACT PANEL

Tony Albertage

Cit ! ...

The documenter was a tris certificate is attached in a full, two and correct copy of fine and produced to the and of record in Justice Court of the triben Township, in any opinine Court of the Direk State of

NOVEMBER 07, 2006 STIPP 205589135 UNDERWRITING REVIEW 2061 DRIVER BIRTHDATE LICENSE NUMBER DRL EXP ST MVR STIPP, CHRISTINA NV 12/99 122199 CLEAR STIPP, MITCHELL Y-E NV 12/99 SSN: 122199 HIT CALDERON, ANTHONY 3 Y-S NV 08/05 081605 HIT 102402 012403 CONV SPEED 1-10 OVER LIMIT CALDERON, ELENA 11/26/78 1800476971 Y-S NV 07/03 SSN: 071003 CLEAR 081299 090899 CONV SPEED 1-10 OVER LIMIT VEHICLE PRIN DOB OCC/REG DOB CLASS **ESCALADE** 1. 05 CADILLAC 1D3H40I 02/05/1975 2. 07 MERCEDES SL55 AMG 1A3010I 04/01/1975 CLAIM NO. AMT PD DOL L DRIVER OR POLICY **COVERAGES OR CAUSE** A 10/26/2006 28-3293-937 STIPP, MITCHELL 10645 C GR F: INSURED WAS LEAVING WORK AND WENT AROUNG A CORNER AND THERE WAS WATER ON TH EPAVEMENT AND HE SILD INTO CURB A: 100% INSD C:403 501 CTLU (Y/N):403Y501Y S: CX-2739-761 CALDERON, ANTHONY A 04/06/2004 996 C AB LHR SUBJECT CLAIM, REF #: 05629123243067, PRIOR INS: MERCURY INSURANCE CO 28-3130-846 STIPP, CHRISTINA

I WAS STOPPED IN THE RT HAND LANE AS TRAFFIC WAS STOPPED AND V\$2 HIT V\$3 PUSH ING V#3 OUT OF THE TRAFFIC LANE AND THAN V#2 HIT V#1 PUSHING V#1 INTO V#4.

GRC

3148 CS

**A** 01/21/2003



RBZ00032 date: 11-07-06

time: 02:15 PM

#### route to: Sanchez, Barbara

STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY

### **VEHICLE DAMAGE REPORT**

claim number 28-3293-937 date of loss 10-26-06

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\* Estimate Vehicle Info

\*

Vehicle Owner: STIPP, MITCHELL

\* Vehicle Description: 07 Mercedes-Ben SL55 2D Conv BLACK

\*

\*\*

Date: 10/31/2006 09:57 AM

Estimate ID: 28-3293-93701

Estimate Version: 0

Committed

Profile ID: CUSTOMIZED

!. Labor Subtotals	Units	Rate	Add'l Labor Amount	Sublet Amount	Totals	11.	Part Replacement Summary	Amount
Body	6.6	40.00	0.00	0.00	264.00		Taxable Parts	6,358.50
Refinish	6.0	40.00	0.00	0.00	240.00		Sales Tax @ 7.750%	492.78
Mechanical	18.4	125.00	0.00	0.00	2,300.00			
					•		Non-Taxable Parts	1,001.00
	Non-Tax	able Labo	r		2,804.00			
					•		Total Replacement Parts Amount	7,852.28
Labor Summary	3	1.0			2,804.00		·	
II. Additional Cost	:s				Amount	IV.	Adjustments	Amount
Taxable Costs					162.00		Insurance Deductible	250.00-
	Sales Ta	x a	7.750%		12.56			
							Customer Responsibility	250.00-
Non-Taxable C	osts				5.00			
Total Additio	nal Cost	S			179.56			
					ī.	Total	Labor:	2,804.00
					II.	Total	Replacement Parts:	7,852.28
					ш.	Total	Additional Costs:	179.56
							Gross Total:	10,835.84
		•			IV.	Total	Adjustments:	250.00-
							Net Total:	10,585.84

point(s) of Impact

1 LEFT FRONT CORNER (P)

Inspection Site: FLETCHER JONES IMPORTS

Inspection Date: 10/31/2006

ESTIMATE RECALL NUMBER: 10/31/2006 10:13:09 28-3293-93701

Mitchell Data Version: OCT\_06\_A

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5.0.215

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Page 3 of 4

### **Traffic Case Records Search Results**

Loqout Search Mer	u New Traffic Citatio	n Search	Search Cri	teria: stipp, mitchell	Location : Traffic Help	
Case Number	Citation Number	Defendant Info	Filed/Location	Type/Status	Charge(s)	
<u>1S0110645</u>	1S0110645 1S0110645	STIPP, MITCHELL	E 10/14/2004 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING DISMISSED CHARGE	
102877799	102877799	STIPP, MITCHELL	01/24/2003 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING	
103334651	103334651	STIPP, MITCHELL	E 01/28/2004 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING	
103639788	103639788	Stipp, Mitchell David	1 10/24/2006 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING	
103763386	103763386 103763386	STIPP, MITCHELL	05/31/2007 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING INSURANCE REQUIRED	
E06191075704677	E06191075704677 E06191075704677	STIPP, MITCHELL	C07/10/2006 Traffic	Traffic Closed	INSURANCE REQUIRED ILLEGAL PARKING	
E07297090403668	E07297090403668	STIPP, MITCHELL	10/26/2007 Traffic	Traffic Closed	ILLEGAL PARKING	
E08134234104068	E08134234104068 E08134234104068	STIPP, MITCHELL	05/16/2008 Traffic	Traffic Closed	EXPIRED LICENSE PLATE RESTRICTED LICENSE	

.. . ..

### IN THE FAMILY DIVISION OF THE <u>EIGHTH</u> JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF <u>CLARK</u>, STATE OF NEVADA

### CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP Plaintiff or Petitioner

Case No. D-08-389203-Z

Dept. No. O

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP
Defendant or Respondent

#### **FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE FORM**

Financial Statement of: MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

First name Middle Last name

Occupation: Attorney

Employed by: MSJM Advisors, LLC

From: 6/2008 To: Present

Previously Employed by: PLISE From:12/2003 To: 6/2008

Age & Date of Birth: 33 and April 1, 1975

Level of Education: J.D. (Law School)

Level of Disability, If Any: None

Marriage Date, If Applicable: Married to Amy Stipp, 10/08/08

Present Home Address: 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive, Las Vegas, Nevada 89135

How many adults (over 18) live with you? 1

How much do you receive from each of them each month? \$0.00

I have paid my attorney a retainer of \$0.00; and his/her hourly rate is \$350 to 450

I am the\_\_\_\_\_Plaintiff/Petitioner X Defendant/Respondent in the above action. I swear under penalty of perjury, that the contents of this Financial Declaration are true to the best of my knowledge as of this date. I understand that by my signature I verify the material accuracy of the contents. I also understand that any willful misstatements may be contemptuous and could result in my punishment by the Court. I understand I have a duty to supplement this form upon discovering additional assets or debts or upon changed circumstances within 10 days of discovery.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing and following are true and correct.

Executed on 2-19-200

Slonature

ADKT 388 Exhibit A NRCP 16.2 Financial Disclosure Form

Nevada Supreme Cout Revised: October 18, 2007

Page 1 of 7

Case No
Dept No.



### PERSONAL INCOME SCHEDULE

	IF SELF-EMPLOYED OR BUSINESS OWNER PLEASE FILL IN THE BUSINCOME/EXPENSE SCHEDULE	SINESS		
	YOUR OWN INCOME	AMOUNT		
	EMPLOYMENT INCOME (if paid weekly multiply by 52 and divide by 12; if paid every two weeks, multiply by 26 and divide by 12)	NOTE: ATTACH COPIES OF YOUR THREE MOST RECENT PAY STUBS.		
1	Average Gross Monthly Income from Employment (all employment income including salary  \$+ bonuses \$+ overtime \$+ commissions \$+ tips  \$+ other \$) =			
2	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Income Taxes			
3	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Social Security	(		
4	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Medicare			
5	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Health Insurance			
6	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Retirement Plan or 401(k)			
7	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction-Savings Account			
8	Average Monthly Paycheck Deduction(s)-Other			
9	Total Paycheck Deductions per Month (Add lines 2-8 above)	C		
10	Average Net Monthly Income from Employment (Subtract line 9 from line 1)			
	OTHER INCOME			
11	Monthly Spousal Support/Alimony Awarded by a Court	0		
12	Monthly Child Support: court ordered \$ + other/voluntary child support \$ =	0		
13		2,000		
14	Rental Income (Enter the Amount of Depreciation Claimed in Computing Rental Income Here:  \$)			
15	Retirement income including Defined-Benefit Distributions, 401(k) Distributions, military retirement	0		
16	Social Security Retirement	0		
17	Social Security Disability/military disability	0		
18	Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	0		
19	Unemployment Benefits	0		
20	Workers Compensation Payments	0		
	Other Sources of Income (Describe: such as direct contributions from roommates or indirect payment of expenses by roommates)	0		
2.	Total Other Income Per Month (Add lines 11-21)	2,000		
23	TOTAL INCOME PER MONTH (Add lines 10 and 22)	2,000		

Case No Dept. No		•	
PERSONAL EXPENSE SCHE	DULE (NOTE: ALL EXPENSES	S LISTED BELOV	V SHOULD

	BE ON AN AVERAGE MONTHLY BASIS: annual payments divided by 12; semiannual	TOTAL MACUNIT
	payments divided by 6, and quarterly payments divided by 3)	TOTAL AMOUNT
1	Mortgage or Rent: 1st Mtg. \$+ 2nd Mtg.\$+ line of credit \$+	
<u> </u>	taxes \$+ insurance \$=	
2	Utilities: Gas/Oil \$ + electricity \$ + TV/cable \$ +	
<u> </u>	water \$ + garbage \$ =	<del></del>
] 3	Telephone: landline \$ + cellular \$ + Internet \$ + fax   \$ + other \$ + fax	
<u> </u>	Food, Groceries & Incidentals (not including entertainment or dining out)	
[	Transportation: monthly payment/lease \$+ gas and oil \$+ repairs and	
5	maintenance, tires \$+ insurance \$+ license/registration; \$+	
ļ	parking \$ + public transportation \$ + other \$ =	
H		
6	House Maintenance: housekeeping \$ + garden/lawn care \$ + snow	
L	removal \$ + repairs & maintenance \$ + other \$ =	
Γ,	Entertainment: dining out \$ + movies, shows \$ + music/videos	
<u> </u>	\$ + other \$ =	
١,	Dues, Memberships, Fees: Professional \$ + memberships (health club country	
°	club) \$ + homeowners \$ + fratemal \$ + business \$ + other \$	
	Health/exercise: clothing/shoes \$+ fees/passes (health clubs etc.) \$+	
9	other \$=	
4		
10	Clothing: self \$ + children \$ + cleaning \$ =	
11	Vacations	
	Pets: Food \$+ boarding \$+ healthcare \$+ grooming \$+ other	
12	15 =	
	Healthcare: Insurance \$+ unreimbursed; medical \$+ dental \$+	
	orthodontic \$ + medications \$ + counseling \$ + physical therapy	·
_	\$ + chiropractic \$ + other \$ =	
14	Appearance: hair \$ + nails \$ + facials/massage \$ + cosmetics \$ + other \$ =	
15	Insurance: life \$ + disability \$ + other \$ =	
16	Books, Newspapers & Magazines	
ļ.,		
17	Church/Charitable	
18	Accounting & Tax Preparation	
19	Support of Others: Ordered Child Support \$+ voluntary child support \$+	
	court ordered spousal support \$ + eldercare \$ =	
20	Miscellaneous: Gifts \$ + storage \$ + flowers \$ + savings \$	
	+Lawyers fees \$ +Other \$ =	
	Education:Tuition, Books & Fees \$+ extracurricular \$+ sports \$+	
۷1	music \$ + other \$ =	
22	Childcare: day care \$ + preschool \$ + other \$ =	
	Minimum Charge Card Payments and other consumer/installment debt: credit card #1	
	\$+ credit card #2 \$+ credit card #3 \$+ credit card #4	
-	\$ + other debt \$ =	
24	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (Add lines 1-23 above)	
	·	<b>!</b>

INCOME/EXPENSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE	
Total Monthly Income from Personal Income Schedule Line 23	
<u></u>	
Add: Total Average Net Monthly Income from Self- Employment or Business Schedule Line 30	
Less: Total Monthly Expenses from Personal Expense Schedule line 24	





GENERAL INFORMATION	
PARCEL NO.	164-02-713-101
OWNER AND MAILING ADDRESS	1990 GRANEMORE L L C 2055 ALCORA RIDGE DR LAS VEGAS NV 89135-0000
LOCATION ADDRESS CITY/UNINCORPORATED TOWN	1990 GRANEMORE ST SUMMERLIN
ASSESSOR DESCRIPTION	SUMMERLIN VILLAGE 19 ENCLAVE 2 LOT 3 PLAT BOOK 127 PAGE 4 LOT 147 SEC 02 TWP 21 RNG 59
RECORDED DOCUMENT NO.	* <u>20090727:02123</u>
RECDRDED DATE	07/27/2009
VESTING	NO STATUS

\*Note: Only documents from September 15, 1999 through present are available for viewing.

ASSESSMENT INFORMATION AND SUPPLEMENTAL VALUE		
TAX DISTRICT	420	
APPRAISAL YEAR	2009	
FISCAL YEAR	09-10	
SUPPLEMENTAL IMPROVEMENT VALUE	0	
SUPPLEMENTAL IMPROVEMENT ACCOUNT NUMBER	N/A	

REAL PROPERTY ASSESSED VALUE				
FISCAL YEAR	2008-09	2009-10		
LAND	76125	16844		
IMPROVEMENTS	0	0		
PERSONAL PROPERTY	0	0		
EXEMPT	0	0		
GRDSS ASSESSED (SUBTDTAL)	76125	16844		
TAXABLE LAND+IMP (SUBTDTAL)	217500	48126		
CDMMON ELEMENT ALLDCATION ASSD	0	192		
TDTAL ASSESSED VALUE	76125	1 7036		
TDTAL TAXABLE VALUE	217500	48674		

ESTIMATED LOT SIZE AND APPRAISAL INFORMATION		
ESTIMATED SIZE	0.07 Acres	
ORIGINAL CONST. YEAR	2009	
LAST SALE PRICE MONTH/YEAR	221990 07/09	
LAND USE	1-10 RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY	
DWELLING UNITS	l l	

PRIMARY RESIDENT	IAL ST	RUCTURE			
TOTAL LIVING SQ. FT.	2083	CARPORT SQ. FT.	0	ADDN/CONV	NONE
1ST FLOOR SQ. FT.	1013	STORIES	TWO STORY	POOL	NO
2ND FLODR SQ. FT.	1070	BEDROOMS	3	SPA	NO
BASEMENT SQ. FT.	0	BATHROOMS	3 FULL	TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION	FRAME STUCCO
GARAGE SQ. FT.	452	FIREPLACE	0	ROOF TYPE	CONCRETE TILE

# 1990 GRANEMORE, LLC

Business Entity I	nformation		
Status:	Active	File Date:	7/20/2009
Туре:	Domestic Limited-Liability Company	Entity Number:	E0385692009-8
Qualifying State:	NV	List of Officers Due:	7/31/2010
Managed By:	Managers	Expiration Date:	
NV Business ID:	NV20091048410	Business License Exp:	

Registered Agent Information			
Name:	1990 GRANEMORE, LLC	Address 1:	2055 ALCOVA RIDGE DRIVE
Address 2:		City:	LAS VEGAS
State:	NV	Zip Code:	89135
Phone:		Fax:	
Mailing Address 1:		Mailing Address 2:	
Mailing City:		Mailing State:	NV
Mailing Zip Code:			
Agent Type:	Noncommercial Registered Age	nt	

Financial Information	
No Par Share Count: 0	Capital Amount: \$ 0
No stock records found for this company	

Officers			☐ Include Inactive Officers
Manager - MITCH	ELL STIPP		
Address 1:	2055 ALCOVA RIDGE DRIVE	Address 2:	
City:	LAS VEGAS	State:	NV
Zip Code:	89135	Country:	USA
Status:	Active	Email:	

Actions\Amendm	ents		
Action Type:	Articles of Organization	ng agang ang ang againtanan ang antanang ag agan tahanggang dan denggap amatatan antana antana antana	
Document Number:	00002362072-42	# of Pages:	2
File Date:	7/20/2009	Effective Date:	
(No notes for this action	n)		
Action Type:	Initial List		
Document Number:	20090602408-81	# of Pages:	1
File Date:	8/06/2009	Effective Date:	
No notes for this action	1)		

# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 11

3	Case:	08-15780-
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B6 Summary (Official Form 6 - Summary) (12/07)

# United States Bankruptcy Court

District Of Nevada

In re City Crossing 1, LLC,	Case No. 08-15780
Debtor	
	Chapter 11

# SUMMARY OF SCHEDULES

Indicate as to each schedule whether that schedule is attached and state the number of pages in each. Report the totals from Schedules A, B, D, E, F, I, and J in the boxes provided. Add the amounts from Schedules A and B to determine the total amount of the debtor's assets. Add the amounts of all claims from Schedules D, E, and F to determine the total amount of the debtor's liabilities. Individual debtors also must complete the "Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data" if they file a case under chapter 7, 11, or 13.

NAME OF SCHEDULE	ATTACHED (YES/NO)	NO. OF SHEETS	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	OTHER
A - Real Property	Yes	1	\$ 241,990,000.00		
B - Personal Property	Yes	3	s 35,172.94		
C -Property Claimed as Exempt	No				
D - Creditors Holding Secured Claims	Yes	6		s 182,786,925.88	
E - Creditors Holding Unsecured Priority Claims (Total of Claims on Schedule E)	Yes	3		s 298,015.49	
F - Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims	Yes	3		<b>s</b> 11,116,593.23	
G - Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases	Yes	4			
H - Codebtors	Yes	2			
l - Current Income of Individual Debtor(s)					s
- Current Expenditures of Individual Debtors(s)					s
то	TAL	22	\$ 242,025,172.94	s 194,201,534.60	

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Form 6 - Statistical Summary (12/07)

# United States Bankruptcy Court

District Of Nevada

In re City Crossing 1, LLC,	Case No. <u>08-15780</u>
Debtor	Chapter 11

# STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF CERTAIN LIABILITIES AND RELATED DATA (28 U.S.C. § 159)

If you are an individual debtor whose debts are primarily consumer debts, as defined in § 101(8) of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101(8)), filing a case under chapter 7, 11 or 13, you must report all information requested below.

Check this box if you are an individual debtor whose debts are NOT primarily consumer debts. You are not required to report any information here.

This information is for statistical purposes only under 28 U.S.C. § 159.

Summarize the following types of liabilities, as reported in the Schedules, and total them.

Type of Liability	Amount
Domestic Support Obligations (from Schedule E)	\$
Taxes and Certain Other Debts Owed to Governmental Units (from Schedule E)	\$
Claims for Death or Personal Injury While Debtor Was Intoxicated (from Schedule E) (whether disputed or undisputed)	\$
Student Loan Obligations (from Schedule F)	\$
Domestic Support, Separation Agreement, and Divorce Decree Obligations Not Reported on Schedule E	\$
Obligations to Pension or Profit-Sharing, and Other Similar Obligations (from Schedule F)	\$
TOTAL	\$ 0.00

State the following:

Average Income (from Schedule I, Line 16)	\$
Average Expenses (from Schedule J, Line 18)	\$
Current Monthly Income (from Form 22A Line 12; OR, Form 22B Line 11; OR, Form 22C Line 20)	\$

State the following:

state the ionowing.	T. Chi and state have been been	
1. Total from Schedule D, "UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY" column		\$
2. Total from Schedule E, "AMOUNT ENTITLED TO PRIORITY" column.	\$	
3. Total from Schedule E, "AMOUNT NOT ENTITLED TO PRIORITY, IF ANY" column		\$
4. Total from Schedule F		\$
5. Total of non-priority unsecured debt (sum of 1, 3, and 4)		\$ 0.00

•	ť	Case:	08-157	80-40n
B6A	(Official	Case: Form 6A)	(12/07)	

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In	reCity Crossing	<u> </u>	,	LLC,	
	J	De	b	tor	

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u> (If known)

## SCHEDULE A - REAL PROPERTY

Except as directed below, list all real property in which the debtor has any legal, equitable, or future interest, including all property owned as a cotenant, community property, or in which the debtor has a life estate. Include any property in which the debtor holds rights and powers exercisable for the debtor's own benefit. If the debtor is married, state whether the husband, wife, both, or the marital community own the property by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community." If the debtor holds no interest in real property, write "None" under "Description and Location of Property."

Do not include interests in executory contracts and unexpired leases on this schedule. List them in Schedule G - Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

If an entity claims to have a lien or hold a secured interest in any property, state the amount of the secured claim. See Schedule D. If no entity claims to hold a secured interest in the property, write "None" in the column labeled "Amount of Secured Claim."

If the debtor is an individual or if a joint petition is filed, state the amount of any exemption claimed in the property only in Schedule C - Property Claimed as Exempt.

DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF PROPERTY	NATURE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT OR COMMUNITY	CURRENT VALUE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY, WITHOUT DEDUCTING ANY SECURED CLAIM OR EXEMPTION	AMOUNT OF SECURED CLAIM
Approximately 126 Acres of Vacant Land in Henderson, Nevada	Sole owner		241,990,000.00	
	То	tal >	241,990,000.00	

(Report also on Summary of Schedules.)

1	t	Case: 08-15780-
B6B	(Official	Form 6B) (12/07)

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In	re City Crossing 1, LLC,
	Debtor

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u>
(If known)

# **SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Except as directed below, list all personal property of the debtor of whatever kind. If the debtor has no property in one or more of the categories, place an "x" in the appropriate position in the column labeled "None." If additional space is needed in any category, attach a separate sheet properly identified with the case name, case number, and the number of the category. If the debtor is married, state whether the husband, wife, both, or the marital community own the property by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community." If the debtor is an individual or a joint petition is filed, state the amount of any exemptions claimed only in Schedule C - Property Claimed as Exempt.

Do not list interests in executory contracts and unexpired leases on this schedule. List them in Schedule G - Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases.

If the property is being held for the debtor by someone else, state that person's name and address under "Description and Location of Property." If the property is being held for a minor child, simply state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, I1 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

TYPE OF PROPERTY	N O N E	DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF PROPERTY	HESBAND, WIFE, JOINT ORCOMMENTY	CURRENT VALUE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY, WITH- OUT DEDUCTING ANY SECURED CLAIM OR EXEMPTION
1. Cash on hand.	X			
2. Checking, savings or other finan- cial accounts, certificates of deposit- or shares in banks, savings and loan, thrift, building and loan, and home- stead associations, or credit unions, brokerage houses, or cooperatives.		Community Bank of Nevada Account # 1002001056 (\$1,623.79) US Bank Account # 153751161883 (\$5,372.15)		6,995.94
3. Security deposits with public utilities, telephone companies, landlords, and others.		Nevada Power Company Project # 0000186581 Refundable deposit 6725 W. Sahara Ave., Las Vegas, NV 89146		28,177.00
<ol> <li>Household goods and furnishings, including audio, video, and computer equipment.</li> </ol>	X			
5. Books; pictures and other art objects; antiques; stamp, coin, record, tape, compact disc, and other collections or collectibles.	х			
6. Wearing apparel.	X	•		
7. Furs and jewelry.	X			
8. Firearms and sports, photographic, and other hobby equipment.	x			
Interests in insurance policies.  Name insurance company of each policy and itemize surrender or refund value of each.	X	·		
10. Annuities, Itemize and name each issuer.	Х			
11. Interests in an education IRA as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 530(b)(1) or under a qualified State tuition plan as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 529(b)(1). Give particulars. (File separately the record(s) of any such interest(s). 11 U.S.C. § 521(c); Rule 1007(b)).	х	•		

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B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re City Crossing 1, LLC,	
Debtor	

Case No.	<u>08-15780</u>	
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Debtor

(If known)

# **SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY**

(Continuation Sheet)

TYPE OF PROPERTY	N O N E	DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF PROPERTY	HEBRANDWIFE, JORYT, ORCOMPAENTY	CURRENT VALUE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY, WITH- OUT DEDUCTING ANY SECURED CLAIM OR EXEMPTION
12. Interests in IRA, ERISA, Keogh, or other pension or profit sharing plans. Give particulars.	Х			
13. Stock and interests in incorporated and unincorporated businesses. Itemize.	х			
14. Interests in partnerships or joint ventures. Itemize.	х			
15. Government and corporate bonds and other negotiable and non-negotiable instruments.	х			
16. Accounts receivable.	х			
17. Alimony, maintenance, support, and property settlements to which the debtor is or may be entitled. Give particulars.	x			
18. Other liquidated debts owed to debtor including tax refunds. Give particulars.	х			
19. Equitable or future interests, life estates, and rights or powers exercisable for the benefit of the debtor other than those listed in Schedule A - Real Property.	х			
20. Contingent and noncontingent interests in estate of a decedent, death benefit plan, life insurance policy, or trust.	х			
21. Other contingent and unliquidated claims of every nature, including tax refunds, counterclaims of the debtor, and rights to setoff claims. Give estimated value of each.	х			

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B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re City Crossing 1,	LLC,
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Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (If known)

# SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY (Continuation Sheet)

TYPE OF PROPERTY	N O N E	DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION OF PROPERTY	HESBAND, WIFE, JOINT, ORCOMMENTY	CURRENT VALUE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY, WITH- OUT DEDUCTING ANY SECURED CLAIM OR EXEMPTION		
22. Patents, copyrights, and other intellectual property. Give particulars.	X					
23. Licenses, franchises, and other general intangibles. Give particulars.	X					
24. Customer lists or other compilations containing personally identifiable information (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(41 A)) provided to the debtor by individuals in connection with obtaining a product or service from the debtor brimarily for personal, family, or incusehold purposes.	X					
5. Automobiles, trucks, trailers, and other vehicles and accessories.	Х					
6. Boats, motors, and accessories.	Х		`			
7. Aircraft and accessories.	х					
8. Office equipment, furnishings, and supplies.	Х					
O. Machinery, fixtures, equipment, and supplies used in business.	х					
0. Inventory.	х					
. Animals.	х					
2. Crops - growing or harvested. ive particulars.	x					
5. Farming equipment and implements.	х					
. Farm supplies, chemicals, and feed.	х					
. Other personal property of any kind t already listed. Itemize.	х					

(Include amounts from any continuation sheets attached. Report total also on Summary of Schedules.)

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B6D (Official Form 6D) (12/07)

In re City Crossing 1, LL	C,
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Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

(If known)

#### SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

State the name, mailing address, including zip code, and last four digits of any account number of all entities holding claims secured by property of the debtor as of the date of filing of the petition. The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so. List creditors holding all types of secured interests such as judgment liens, garnishments, statutory liens, mortgages, deeds of trust, and other security interests.

List creditors in alphabetical order to the extent practicable. If a minor child is the creditor, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m). If all secured creditors will not fit on this page, use the continuation sheet provided.

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H - Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether the husband, wife, both of them, or the marital community may be liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community."

If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Total the columns labeled "Amount of Claim Without Deducting Value of Collateral" and "Unsecured Portion, if Any" in the boxes labeled "Total(s)" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Report the total from the column labeled "Amount of Claim Without Deducting Value of Collateral" also on the Summary of Schedules and, if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts, report the total from the column labeled "Unsecured Portion, if Any" on the Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding secured claims to report on this Schedule D.

	,					,		
CREDITOR'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE AND AN ACCOUNT NUMBER (See Instructions Above)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY
ACCOUNT NO.			4/10/07 Promissory					
Alper Limited Partnership, Eliot A. Alper, General Partner; Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust, Dated March 22, 1999, Eliot A. Alper, Trustee; Susan J. Vermillion Separate Property Trust Dated April 24, 1997, Susan J. Vermillion, Trustee; Tina A. Alper Revocable Trust, Dated June 22, 1999, Tina E. Alper, Trustee; Spacefinders Realty, Inc.; and Victor E. Cohen and Diane S. Cohen Revocable Family Trust Dated April 24, 1992, Victor E. Cohen and Diane S. Cohen, Trustees 3265 E. Warm Springs Rd. Las Vegas, NV 89120			note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 13, 14 & 15)and persona guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$30,640,000.00				23,500,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 10-00338-8 Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117			3/16/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 9) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$12,770,000.00				6,986,478.89	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 60-00305-3	1		3/16/07				2,600,000.00	American LegalNet, tc. www.FormsWorkfox.co

Case: 08-1	5780- <b>()</b> m Do	oc#: 58	Filed:	06/17	/20(	Page: 8 c	f 40	
Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117	secured trust (Contract and perby Will VALU	sory note  I by deed of City Crossing 9 rsonal guarant liam W. Plise  E 0,000.00	у					
3 continuation sheets attached	Subtoti (Total	al ► of this page)			S	33,086,478.89	S	0.00
	Total D	ly on last page)			S		s	
					(Report	also on Summary of		licable, report

also on Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.)

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In	re City Crossing	I, LLC,
	1	Nebtor

Case No 08-15780 (BAM)

(If known)

#### SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

CREDITOR'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE AND AN ACCOUNT NUMBER (See Instructions Above)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY
ACCOUNT NO. 10-00343-3 Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117			3/16/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 10) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$8,390,000.00				4,832,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 60-00314-0 Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117		,	3/16/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 10) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise				1,850,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 60-00315-9 Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117			3/16/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 11) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$12,640,000.00				2,800,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 60-00316-2 Aspen Financial Services, LLC 7900 W. Sahara Ave. Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89117			3/16/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 12) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$5,940,000.00				1,244,574.23	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 41450414 Clayton Mortgage & Investment 3041 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 155 Henderson, NV 89052			6/8/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 11) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$12,640,000.00				4,000,000.00	0.00
Sheet no. 1 of 2 continuation sheets attached to Schedule of Creditors Holding Secured Claims			Subtotal ► (Total of this page)				\$ 14,726,574.23	\$ 0.00
			(Use only on last page)				\$	\$

(Report also on Summary of Schedules.)

(If applicable, report also on Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.)

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B6D (Official Form 6D) (12/07) - Cont.

In	re	City Crossing	1	,	LLC,	

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

Debtor

(If known)

# SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

Henderson, NV 89052	CREDITOR'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE AND AN ACCOUNT NUMBER (See Instructions Above)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	PORTION, IF
Clayton Mortgage & Investment 3041 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 155     Henderson, NV 89052   12) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise     ACCOUNT NO. 9013011681   4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 4 and 5) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Plise Companies, LLC     VALUE \$47,340,000.00     ACCOUNT NO.   4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 4 and 5) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Plise Companies, LLC     VALUE \$47,340,000.00     ACCOUNT NO.   4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 1) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise     ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001   14,000,000.00     ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001   4/9/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 1) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise     ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001   4/9/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 2) and guarantees by William W. Plise     ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001   4/9/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 2) and guarantees by William W. Plise     AQUIL INVESTMENTS, LLC and Aquila Investments, LC and Aquila Invest	Clayton Mortgage & Investment 3041 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 155			secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 11) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise				3,270,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 9013011681	Clayton Mortgage & Investment 3041 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 155	·		4/30/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 12) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise				3,225,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO.  Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust  Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust  Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust  Eliot Alper, Trustee  3265 E. Warm Springs Rd.  Las Vegas, NV 89120  ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001  First National Bank of Nevada  4950 W. Flamingo Rd.  Las Vegas, NV 89103  Las Vegas, NV 89103  ACCOUNT NO. 1301378-001  First National Bank of Nevada  4950 W. Flamingo Rd.  Las Vegas, NV 89103  Sublitant W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Aquila Management, LLC VALUE \$36,580,000.00  Sublotal P  Sublotal P  Total of this page)  Total of this page)  Total of this page)	Community Bank of Nevada 8945 W. Russell Road Suite 300			4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 4 and 5) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Plise Companies, LLC				29,893,788.20	0.00
First National Bank of Nevada  4950 W. Flamingo Rd.  Las Vegas, NV 89103  Las Vegas, NV 89103  Continuation  Sheet no. 2 of 3 continuation  sheets attached to Schedule of  Creditors Holding Secured  Claims  Secured by deed of trust  (City Crossing parcel 2)  and guarantees by  William W. Plise,  Aquila Investments,  LLC and Aquila  Management, LLC  VALUE \$36,580,000.00  Subtotal >  (Total of this page)  \$ 75,729,378.87	Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust Eliot Alper, Trustee 3265 E. Warm Springs Rd. Las Vegas, NV 89120			4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 1) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$16,030,000.00	·			14,000,000.00	0.00
Sheet no. 2 of 3 continuation Subtotal ► sheets attached to Schedule of Creditors Holding Secured Claims  Subtotal ► (Total of this page)  \$ 75,729,378.87 \$ 0.04	First National Bank of Nevada 4950 W. Flamingo Rd.			secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 2) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Aquila Management, LLC				25,340,590.67	0.00
Total ►   S   S	sheets attached to Schedule of Creditors Holding Secured	·		Subtotal ►	<b>.</b>	<b>1</b>			\$ 000

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B6D (Official Form 6D) (12/07) - Cont.

In	re City Crossing 1, LLC,
	Debtor

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u>
(If known)

# SCHEDULE D - CREDITORS HOLDING SECURED CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

CREDITOR'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE AND AN ACCOUNT NUMBER (See Instructions Above)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED, NATURE OF LIEN, AND DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY SUBJECT TO LIEN	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM WITHOUT DEDUCTING VALUE OF COLLATERAL	UNSECURED PORTION, IF ANY
ACCOUNT NO. 130139001 First National Bank of Nevada 4950 W. Flamingo Rd. Las Vegas, NV 89103			8/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 6, 7 & 8) and personal guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Aquila Management LLC VALUE \$48,590,000.00				31,568,692.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 1301378002 First National Capital 17600 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85255		1	4/9/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 2) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Aquila Management, LLC VALUE \$36,580,000.00				4,433,236.50	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 1301378002 First National Capital 17600 N. Perimeter Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85255			8/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcels 6, 7 and 8) and guarantees by William W. Plise, Aquila Investments, LLC and Aquila Management, LLC VALUE \$48,590,000.00				7,381,000.00	0.00
ACCOUNT NO. 63321 Silver State Bank 2250 Corporate Circle Drive Suite 350 Henderson, NV 89074			4/10/07 Promissory note secured by deed of trust (City Crossing parcel 3) and personal guaranty by William W. Plise VALUE \$23,070,000.00				15,861,565.39	0.00
ACCOUNT NO.			VALUE \$					
Sheet no. 3 of 3 continuation heets attached to Schedule of Creditors Holding Secured	<u> </u>		Subtotal ► (Total of this page)				59,244,493.89	000

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Total ►
(Use only on last page)

182,786,925.88

0.00

(Report also on (If applicable, Summary of Schedules.) report also on Statistical Summary

report also on Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.)

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B6E (Official Form 6E) (12/07)

In re	City Crossing	1, LLC,	
		Debtor	

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u> (if known)

#### SCHEDULE E - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED PRIORITY CLAIMS

A complete list of claims entitled to priority, listed separately by type of priority, is to be set forth on the sheets provided. Only holders of unsecured claims entitled to priority should be listed in this schedule. In the boxes provided on the attached sheets, state the name, mailing address, including zip code, and last four digits of the account number, if any, of all entities holding priority claims against the debtor or the property of the debtor, as of the date of the filing of the petition. Use a separate continuation sheet for each type of priority and label each with the type of priority.

The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so. If a minor child is a creditor, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H-Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether the husband, wife, both of them, or the marital community may be liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife ,Joint, or Community." If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Report the total of claims listed on each sheet in the box labeled "Subtotals" on each sheet. Report the total of all claims listed on this Schedule E in the box labeled "Total" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Report this total also on the Summary of Schedules.

Report the total of amounts entitled to priority listed on each sheet in the box labeled "Subtotals" on each sheet. Report the total of all amounts entitled to priority listed on this Schedule E in the box labeled "Totals" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Individual debtors with primarily consumer debts report this total also on the Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.

Report the total of amounts not entitled to priority listed on each sheet in the box labeled "Subtotals" on each sheet. Report the total of all amounts not entitled to priority listed on this Schedule E in the box labeled "Totals" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Individual debtors with primarily consumer debts report this total also on the Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding unsecured priority claims to report on this Schedule E.
TYPES OF PRIORITY CLAIMS (Check the appropriate box(es) below if claims in that category are listed on the attached sheets)
Domestic Support Obligations
Claims for domestic support that are owed to or recoverable by a spouse, former spouse, or child of the debtor, or the parent, legal guardian, or responsible relative of such a child, or a governmental unit to whom such a domestic support claim has been assigned to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(1).
Extensions of credit in an involuntary case
Claims arising in the ordinary course of the debtor's business or financial affairs after the commencement of the case but before the earlier of the appointment of a trustee or the order for relief. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(3).
Wages, salaries, and commissions
Wages, salaries, and commissions, including vacation, severance, and sick leave pay owing to employees and commissions owing to qualifying independent sales representatives up to \$10,950* per person earned within 180 days immediately preceding the filing of the original petition, or the cessation of business, whichever occurred first, to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(4).
Contributions to employee benefit plans
Money owed to employee benefit plans for services rendered within 180 days immediately preceding the filing of the original petition, or the cessation of business, whichever occurred first, to the extent provided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(5).

American LegalNet, Inc.

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B6E (Officia	l Form 6E)	(12/07) - Cont.		•			
In re City (	Crossing 1, 1	LLC,		*	Case No. <u>08-15780 (</u>	BAM)	
		Debtor				(if known)	
Certain fa	rmers and fi	ishermen					
Claims of cer	rtain farmers	and fishermen, up to \$5,4	100* per farmer	or fisherman, ag	ainst the debtor, as prov	rided in 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(6).	
Deposits b	y individual:	S					
Claims of inc that were not d	lividuals up t clivered or p	to \$2,425* for deposits for rovided. 11 U.S.C. § 507(	r the purchase, la)(7).	lease, or rental of	property or services fo	r personal, family, or household u	se,
∑ Taxes and	Certain Oth	er Debts Owed to Gove	rnmentai Units	5			
Taxes, custor	ns duties, and	d penalties owing to feder	ral, state, and loo	cal governmental	units as set forth in 11	U.S.C. § 507(a)(8).	
Commitme	ents to Main	tain the Capital of an In	sured Deposito	ory Institution			
						r of the Currency, or Board of sured depository institution. 11 U	.S.C

\* Amounts are subject to adjustment on April 1, 2010, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

Claims for death or personal injury resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle or vessel while the debtor was intoxicated from using alcohol, a drug, or another substance. 11 U.S.C. § 507(a)(10).

Claims for Death or Personal Injury While Debtor Was Intoxicated

1 continuation sheets attached

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B6E (Official Form 6E) (12/07) - Cont.

In re City Crossing 1, LLC,
Debtor

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u>

(If known)

# SCHEDULE E - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED PRIORITY CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

Type of Priority for Claims Listed on This Sheet

				-					
CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions above.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM	AMOUNT ENTITLED TO PRIORITY	AMOUNT NOT ENTITLED TO PRIORITY, IF ANY
Account No.  Department of Taxation  555 E. Washington Ave.  Suite 1300			March 5, 2008				298,015.49	298,015.49	0.00
Las Vegas, NV 89101 Account No.						_			
Internal Revenue Services Attn: Bankruptcy Unit Stop 5028 110 City Parkway Las Vegas, NV 89106									
Account No.									
Account No.									
Sheet no. 1 of 1 continuation sheets attached to Creditors Holding Priority Claims	Schedu	le of	(то		ubtotal this pa		\$ 298,015.49	\$ 298,015.49	0.00
			(Use only on last page of the Schedule E. Report also or of Schedules.)	he com	Tota pieted immary	ı	\$ 298,015.49		
			(Use only on last page of the Schedule E. If applicable, in the Statistical Summary of Liabilities and Related Date	cport a	lso on	s>		\$ 298,015.49	\$ 0.00

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B6F (Official Form 6F) (12/07)

In	re City Crossing	I, LLC,		
		Debtor	,	

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM) (If known)

## SCHEDULE F- CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIMS

State the name, mailing address, including zip code, and last four digits of any account number, of all entities holding unsecured claims without priority against the debtor or the property of the debtor, as of the date of filing of the petition. The complete account number of any account the debtor has with the creditor is useful to the trustee and the creditor and may be provided if the debtor chooses to do so. If a minor child is a creditor, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m). Do not include claims listed in Schedules D and E. If all creditors will not fit on this page, use the continuation sheet provided.

If any entity other than a spouse in a joint case may be jointly liable on a claim, place an "X" in the column labeled "Codebtor," include the entity on the appropriate schedule of creditors, and complete Schedule H - Codebtors. If a joint petition is filed, state whether the husband, wife, both of them, or the marital community may be liable on each claim by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community."

If the claim is contingent, place an "X" in the column labeled "Contingent." If the claim is unliquidated, place an "X" in the column labeled "Unliquidated." If the claim is disputed, place an "X" in the column labeled "Disputed." (You may need to place an "X" in more than one of these three columns.)

Report the total of all claims listed on this schedule in the box labeled "Total" on the last sheet of the completed schedule. Report this total also on the Summary of Schedules and, if the debtor is an individual with primarily consumer debts, report this total also on the Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data.

Check this box if debtor has no creditors holding unsecured claims to report on this Schedule F. HUSBAND, WIFE JOINT, OR COMMUNITY UNLIQUIDATED CREDITOR'S NAME. AMOUNT OF DATE CLAIM WAS CONTINGENT CODEBTOR DISPUTED **MAILING ADDRESS INCURRED AND** CLAIM INCLUDING ZIP CODE. CONSIDERATION FOR AND ACCOUNT NUMBER CLAIM. (See instructions above.) IF CLAIM IS SUBJECT TO SETOFF, SO STATE. ACCOUNT NO. GY Property Holdings, LLC Nielson Investments, LLC Pursuant to Promissory Note dated July 9,750,000.00 **David Senior** 27, 2007 Attn: Steven Nielson 299 South Main Street, Suite 2490 Salt Lake City, UT 84111 ACCOUNT NO. Northwest Landscape Construction, Inc. 2450 St. Rose Pkwy, Suite 200 Henderson, NV 89074 ACCOUNT NO. Applied Utility Services 2,800.00 7651 N. Jones Blvd. Invoice 1173 March 20, 2007 Las Vegas, NV 89131 ACCOUNT NO. **Architects Orange** Invoice 2802161 February 29, 2008 1,620.13 144 N. Orange Street Invoice 2803038 March 25, 2008 Orange, CA 92866 Subtotal> 9,754,420,13 ontinuation sheets attached (Use only on last page of the completed Schedule F.) (Report also on Summary of Schedules and, if applicable, on the Statistical Summary of Certain Liabilities and Related Data)

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B6F (Official Form 6F) (12/07) - Cont.

In re City Crossing 1, LLC,

Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

(If known)

# SCHEDULE F - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions above.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM. IF CLAIM IS SUBJECT TO SETOFF, SO STATE.	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	A	MOUNT OF CLAIM
ACCOUNT NO.  BJG Architecture & Engineering 6995 Sierra Center Pkwy Suite 200 Reno, NV 89511			Invoice 36417 May 15, 2008					3,000.00
ACCOUNT NO. CB Richard Ellis 3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy Suite 700 Las Vegas, NV 89169			Invoice 032608 March 26, 2008 Invoice 08-45934701 February 7, 2008					36,000.00
ACCOUNT NO. Lochsa Engineering 6345 S. Jones Blvd. Suite 100 Las Vegas, NV 89118			Invoice 25883 April 24, 2008			-		510.00
ACCOUNT NO. Plise Dev & Construction 5550 Painted Mirage Road Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149			Inv. 2082 3/20/08 Inv. 2086 3/20/08 Inv. 2087 3/20/08 Inv. 2105 4/30/08 Inv. 2108 4/30/08 Inv. 2109 4/30/08 Inv. 2110 4/30/08 Inv. 2052 12/31/07					1,244,610.61
ACCOUNT NO. Plise Companies 5550 Painted Mirage Road Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149			Invoice 1286 January 1, 2007			•		11,001.62
Sheet no. 1 of 2 continuation sheets attached to 5 Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims	Schedule	of			Subto	iai≻	s	1,295,12223
		(Re	(Use only on last page of the comport also on Summary of Schedules and, if applicables and the Summary of Certain Liabilities	le on th	Schedul e Statis	tical	S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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B6F (Official Form 6F) (12/07) - Cont.

n	re	City	Crossing	1,	L	<u>LC</u>	,	_

Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

(If known)

# SCHEDULE F - CREDITORS HOLDING UNSECURED NONPRIORITY CLAIMS

(Continuation Sheet)

<u> </u>							
CREDITOR'S NAME, MAILING ADDRESS INCLUDING ZIP CODE, AND ACCOUNT NUMBER (See instructions above.)	CODEBTOR	HUSBAND, WIFE, JOINT, OR COMMUNITY	DATE CLAIM WAS INCURRED AND CONSIDERATION FOR CLAIM. IF CLAIM IS SUBJECT TO SETOFF, SO STATE.	CONTINGENT	UNLIQUIDATED	DISPUTED	AMOUNT OF CLAIM
ACCOUNT NO.  Restrepo Consulting Group 3960 Howard Hughes Parkway Suite 130 Las Vegas, NV 89109			Invoice 08-01-31-26 January 31, 2008 Invoice 08-02-01-10 February 1, 2008 Invoice 08-03-04-12 March 4, 2008	·			4,420.0
ACCOUNT NO. WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy. Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052			Outstanding Invoices from January 31, 2008 to April 30, 2008				73,633.0
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
ACCOUNT NO.							
Sheet no. 2 of 2 continuation sheets attached to Creditors Holding Unsecured Nonpriority Claims	Schedule	of			Subto	ai>	\$ 78,053.0
		(Re	(Use only on last page of the comport also on Summary of Schedules and, if applicables and the Summary of Certain Liabilities	le on th	Schedul e Statis	e F.) tical	\$ 11,116,593.2

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B6G (Official Form 6G) (12/07)

In	re	City Crossing 1, LLC
		Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

(if known)

## SCHEDULE G - EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Describe all executory contracts of any nature and all unexpired leases of real or personal property. Include any timeshare interests. State nature of debtor's interest in contract, i.e., "Purchaser," "Agent," etc. State whether debtor is the lessor or lessee of a lease. Provide the names and complete mailing addresses of all other parties to each lease or contract described. If a minor child is a party to one of the leases or contracts, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS,	DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACT OR LEASE AND
INCLUDING ZIP CODE, OF OTHER PARTIES TO LEASE OR CONTRACT	NATURE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST. STATE WHETHER LEASE IS FOR NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY. STATE CONTRACT NUMBER OF ANY GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
City of Henderson P.O. Box 95050, MSC 422 240 Water Street Henderson, Nevada 84009-5050 Attn: City Manager and City Attorney	Development Agreement
WRG Design Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Local Improvement District #376.21
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Permission to Grade/Storm Drain #376.19
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Executive Airport Drive ROW #376.18
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Revised Phase I On-Site Civil Documents #376.32
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Vacate DOA & Embarq Easements #376.53
WRG Design, Inc. 1011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Vacate A & Dedicate Bruner Avenue #376.51

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B6G (Official Form 6G) (12/07)

ſn	re	City Crossing 1, LLC
		Debtor

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM) (if known)

#### SCHEDULE G - EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Describe all executory contracts of any nature and all unexpired leases of real or personal property. Include any timeshare interests. State nature of debtor's interest in contract, i.e., "Purchaser," "Agent," etc. State whether debtor is the lessor or lessee of a lease. Provide the names and complete mailing addresses of all other parties to each lease or contract described. If a minor child is a party to one of the leases or contracts, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, OF OTHER PARTIES TO LEASE OR CONTRACT	DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACT OR LEASE AND NATURE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST. STATE WHETHER LEASE IS FOR NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY. STATE CONTRACT NUMBER OF ANY GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - CLOMR/LOMR #376.20
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Perimeter Street & Offsite Utilities #376.30
WRG Design, Inc. 3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, NV 89052	Civil Engineering - Traffic Lights #376.84
Applied Utility Services 7651 N. Jones Boulevard Las Vegas, NV 89131	Dry Utility Consultant - Hourly Contract
Ventajas 5836 South Pecos Road Las Vegas, NV 89120	BLM Consulting Services - On-Call Hourly
Development Planning & Financing Group, Inc. 1277 East Warm Springs Road Las Vegas, NV 89120	LID-TIA Consultant
JG Architecture + Engineering 301 Green Valley Pkwy., Suite 120 Ienderson, NV 89074	Architectural Services - Garage Design

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B6G (Official Form 6G) (12/07)

ľn	re	City Crossing 1, LLC		
Debtor				

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u> (if known)

#### SCHEDULE G - EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Describe all executory contracts of any nature and all unexpired leases of real or personal property. Include any timeshare interests. State nature of debtor's interest in contract, i.e., "Purchaser," "Agent," etc. State whether debtor is the lessor or lessee of a lease. Provide the names and complete mailing addresses of all other parties to each lease or contract described. If a minor child is a party to one of the leases or contracts, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, OF OTHER PARTIES TO LEASE OR CONTRACT	DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACT OR LEASE AND NATURE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST. STATE WHETHER LEASE IS FOR NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY. STATE CONTRACT NUMBER OF ANY GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
Architects Orange 144 N. Orange Street Orange, CA 92866	Architectural Design - Phase 1 Retail
Architects Orange 144 N. Orange Street Orange, CA 92866	Architectural Design - Phase 1 Site Plan
Vedelago Petsch Architects, Inc. Subchapter S Corporation 3535 Executive Terminal Drive, Suite 310 Henderson, NV 89052	Architectural Services - Office Building 1
Plise Development & Construction, LLC 5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149	Construction Agreement - Offsite Water Main & Sanitary Sewer Laterals - Phase 1
Plise Development & Construction, LLC 5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149	Construction Agreement - Termporary Roadway & Clearing Improvements
Plise Development & Construction, LLC 5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149	Construction Agreement - Embarq Easement Remediation
Plise Development & Construction, LLC 5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500 Las Vegas, NV 89149	Construction Agreement - Temporary Construction Power

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B6G (Official Form 6G) (12/07)

In	re	City Crossing 1, LLC
		Debtor

Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u> (if known)

#### SCHEDULE G - EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

Describe all executory contracts of any nature and all unexpired leases of real or personal property. Include any timeshare interests. State nature of debtor's interest in contract, i.e., "Purchaser," "Agent," etc. State whether debtor is the lessor or lessee of a lease. Provide the names and complete mailing addresses of all other parties to each lease or contract described. If a minor child is a party to one of the leases or contracts, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

Check this box if debtor has no executory contracts or unexpir	red leases.
NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, OF OTHER PARTIES TO LEASE OR CONTRACT	DESCRIPTION OF CONTRACT OR LEASE AND NATURE OF DEBTOR'S INTEREST. STATE WHETHER LEASE IS FOR NONRESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY. STATE CONTRACT NUMBER OF ANY GOVERNMENT CONTRACT.
Nevada Power Company 6226 W. Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89146	Rule 9 Line Extension Agreement - Temporary Construction Power
Nevada Power Company 6226 W. Sahara Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89146	Design Approval Agreement - Phase I Permanent Power
EMBARQ Construction Claims Center P.O. Box 47604 Plymouth, MN 55447	Work Authorization 24198681 Re-Route Fiber and Copper Cables to Clear for Development
Plise Development & Contruction, LLC; William Plise; Stipp Investment, LLC; Mitch Stipp; American Vista Development Corp.; James Moore 5550 Painted Mirage #500 Las Vegas, NV 89149	Development & management agreement

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In re City Crossing 1, LLC,

**Debtor** 

Case No. 08-15780 (BAM)

(if known)

## **SCHEDULE H - CODEBTORS**

Provide the information requested concerning any person or entity, other than a spouse in a joint case, that is also liable on any debts listed by the debtor in the schedules of creditors. Include all guarantors and co-signers. If the debtor resides or resided in a community property state, commonwealth, or territory (including Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Puerto Rico, Texas, Washington, or Wisconsin) within the eight-year period immediately preceding the commencement of the case, identify the name of the debtor's spouse and of any former spouse who resides or resided with the debtor in the community property state, commonwealth, or territory. Include all names used by the nondebtor spouse during the eight years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. If a minor child is a codebtor or a creditor, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CODEBTOR	NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR
William W. Plise and Tennille Plise	First National Bank of Nevada
5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500	Flamingo - Commercial Lending
Las Vegas, NV 89149	4950 West Flamingo Road
	Las Vegas, NV 89103
	First National Capital
	FNC
	17600 North Perimeter Drive
	Scottsdale, AZ 85255
	Community Bank of Nevada
	Attn: Commercial Real Estate Manager
	8945 W. Russell Road, Suite 300
	Las Vegas, NV 89148
	Silver State Bank
	2250 Corporate Circle Drive, Suite 350
	Henderson, NV 89074
	Aspen Financial
	7900 West Sahara Avenue
	Suite 200
	Las Vegas, NV 89117
	Clayton Mortgage
	3041 West Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 155
	Henderson, NV 89052
	Alper Limited Partnership, a Nevada limited partnership, Eliot A
	Alper, General Partner; Eliot A. Alper Revocable Trust, Dated
	March 22, 1999, Eliot Alper, Trustee; Susan J. Vermillion
	Separate Property Trust Dated April 24, 1997, Susan J.
	Vermillion, Trustee, Tina E. Alper Revocable Trust, Dated June
	22, 1999, Tina E. Alper, Trustee; Spacefinders Realty, Inc., a
	Nevada corporation; Victor E. Cohen and Diane S. Cohen
	Revocable Family Trust Dated April 24, 1992, Victor E. Cohen
	and Diane S. Cohen, Trustees
	3265 East Warm Springs Road
	Las Vegas, NV 89120

Aquila Investments, LC 08-15780-First National Bank of Ada Page: 24 of 40 Doc #: 58 5550 Painted Mirant Road, Suite 500 Flamingo - Commercial Lending Las Vegas, NV 89149 4950 West Flamingo Road Las Vegas, NV 89103 First National Capital FNC 17600 North Perimeter Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85255 Community Bank of Nevada Attn: Commercial Real Estate Manager 8945 W. Russell Road, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89148 Aquila Management, LLC First National Bank of Nevada 5550 Painted Mirant Road, Suite 500 Flamingo - Commercial Lending Las Vegas, NV 89149 4950 West Flamingo Road Las Vegas, NV 89103 First National Capital FNC 17600 North Perimeter Drive Scottsdale, AZ 85255 Plise Companies, LLC Community Bank of Nevada 5550 Painted Mirant Road, Suite 500 Attn: Commercial Real Estate Manager Las Vegas, NV 89149 8945 W. Russell Road, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89148

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B7 (Official Form 7) (12/07)

#### UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re: City Crossing 1, LLC,	Case No. <u>08-15780 (BAM)</u>	

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS

This statement is to be completed by every debtor. Spouses filing a joint petition may file a single statement on which the information for both spouses is combined. If the case is filed under chapter 12 or chapter 13, a married debtor must furnish information for both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed. An individual debtor engaged in business as a sole proprietor, partner, family farmer, or self-employed professional, should provide the information requested on this statement concerning all such activities as well as the individual's personal affairs. To indicate payments, transfers and the like to minor children, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

Questions 1 - 18 are to be completed by all debtors. Debtors that are or have been in business, as defined below, also rnust complete Questions 19 - 25. If the answer to an applicable question is "None," mark the box labeled "None." If additional space is needed for the answer to any question, use and attach a separate sheet properly identified with the case name, case number (if known), and the number of the question.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

"In business." A debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is a corporation or partnership. An individual debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is or has been, within six years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership; a sole proprietor or self-employed full-time or part-time. An individual debtor also may be "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor engages in a trade, business, or other activity, other than as an employee, to supplement income from the debtor's primary employment.

"Insider." The term "insider" includes but is not limited to: relatives of the debtor; general partners of the debtor and their relatives; corporations of which the debtor is an officer, director, or person in control; officers, directors, and any owner of 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of a corporate debtor and their relatives; affiliates of the debtor and insiders of such affiliates; any managing agent of the debtor. !1 U.S.C. § 101.

#### 1. Income from employment or operation of business

None

State the gross amount of income the debtor has received from employment, trade, or profession, or from operation of the debtor's business, including part-time activities either as an employee or in independent trade or business, from the beginning of this calendar year to the date this case was commenced. State also the gross amounts received during the two years immediately preceding this calendar year. (A debtor that maintains, or has maintained, financial records on the basis of a fiscal rather than a calendar year may report fiscal year income. Identify the beginning and ending dates of the debtor's fiscal year.) If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income of both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

**AMOUNT** 

SOURCE

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#### 2. Income other than from employment or operation of business

None

State the amount of income received by the debtor other than from employment, trade, profession, operation of the debtor's business during the two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Give particulars. If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income for each spouse whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

**AMOUNT** 

SOURCE

#### Payments to creditors

#### Complete a. or b., as appropriate, and c.

X

a. Individual or joint debtor(s) with primarily consumer debts: List all payments on loans, installment purchases of goods or services, and other debts to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case unless the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is less than \$600. Indicate with an asterisk (\*) any payments that were made to a creditor on account of a domestic support obligation or as part of an alternative repayment schedule under a plan by an approved nonprofit budgeting and credit counseling agency. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR DATES OF

**PAYMENTS** 

AMOUNT PAID

**AMOUNT** 

STILL OWING

b. Debtor whose debts are not primarily consumer debts: List each payment or other transfer to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of the case unless the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is less than \$5,475. If the debtor is an individual, indicate with an asterisk (\*) any payments that were made to a creditor on account of a domestic support obligation or as part of an alternative repayment schedule under a plan by an approved nonprofit budgeting and credit counseling agency. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments and other transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

**DATES OF** PAYMENTS/ TRANSFERS

AMOUNT PAID OR VALUE OF AMOUNT STILL OWING

**TRANSFERS** 

See attached

c. All debtors: List all payments made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case to or for the benefit of creditors who are or were insiders. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR DATE OF AND RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

**PAYMENT** 

**AMOUNT** PAID

AMOUNT STILL OWING

See attached

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#### 4. Suits and administrative proceedings, executions, garnishments and attachments

None

a. List all suits and administrative proceedings to which the debtor is or was a party within one year immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

CAPTION OF SUIT

AND CASE NUMBER

NATURE OF PROCEEDING

COURT OR AGENCY

STATUS OR

AND LOCATION

DISPOSITION

None

b. Describe all property that has been attached, garnished or seized under any legal or equitable process within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON FOR WHOSE BENEFIT PROPERTY WAS

PROPERTY WAS

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE

SEIZED

DATE OF SEIZURE

OF PROPERTY

#### 5. Repossessions, foreclosures and returns



List all property that has been repossessed by a creditor, sold at a foreclosure sale, transferred through a deed in lieu of foreclosure or returned to the seller, within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR OR SELLER DATE OF REPOSSESSION, FORECLOSURE SALE, TRANSFER OR RETURN DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

#### 6. Assignments and receiverships .

None

a. Describe any assignment of property for the benefit of creditors made within 120 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include any assignment by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ASSIGNEE

DATE OF ASSIGNMENT TERMS OF ASSIGNMENT OR SETTLEMENT

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None

b. List all property which has been in the hands of a custodian, receiver, or court-appointed official within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CUSTODIAN NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT CASE TITLE & NUMBER

DATE OF ORDER DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

#### 7. Gifts

None

List all gifts or charitable contributions made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case except ordinary and usual gifts to family members aggregating less than \$200 in value per individual family member and charitable contributions aggregating less than \$100 per recipient. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include gifts or contributions by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON

OR ORGANIZATION

RELATIONSHIP

TO DEBTOR, IF ANY DATE OF GIFT DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF GIFT

#### 8. Losses



List all losses from fire, theft, other casualty or gambling within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case or since the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include losses by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

DESCRIPTION OF CIRCUMSTANCES AND, IF LOSS WAS COVERED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY INSURANCE, GIVE PARTICULARS

DATE OF LOSS

#### 9. Payments related to debt counseling or bankruptcy

None

List all payments made or property transferred by or on behalf of the debtor to any persons, including attorneys, for consultation concerning debt consolidation, relief under the bankruptcy law or preparation of a petition in bankruptcy within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE White & Case LLP 633 West Fifth Street, Suite 1900 Los Angeles, California 90071 DATE OF PAYMENT, AMOUNT OF NAME OF PAYER IF DESCRIPTION OTHER THAN DEBTOR VALUE OF PEbruary 29, 2008 - May 31, \$756,777.66

AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY \$756,777.66

2008

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Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm 2850 S. Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 \$50,000.00

#### 10. Other transfers

None

a. List all other property, other than property transferred in the ordinary course of the business or financial affairs of the debtor, transferred either absolutely or as security within two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF TRANSFEREE, RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE

DESCRIBE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED AND VALUE RECEIVED

None

b. List all property transferred by the debtor within ten years immediately preceding the commencement of this case to a self-settled trust or similar device of which the debtor is a beneficiary.

NAME OF TRUST OR OTHER DEVICE

DATE(S) OF TRANSFER(S) AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY OR DEBTOR'S INTEREST IN PROPERTY

#### 11. Closed financial accounts

None

List all financial accounts and instruments held in the name of the debtor or for the benefit of the debtor which were closed, sold, or otherwise transferred within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Include checking, savings, or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or other instruments; shares and share accounts held in banks, credit unions, pension funds, cooperatives, associations, brokerage houses and other financial institutions. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning accounts or instruments held by or for either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION

TYPE OF ACCOUNT, LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBER, AND AMOUNT OF FINAL BALANCE

AMOUNT AND DATE OF SALE OR CLOSING

#### 12. Safe deposit boxes

Nobe

List each safe deposit or other box or depository in which the debtor has or had securities, cash, or other valuables within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include boxes or depositories of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BANK OR

OTHER DEPOSITORY

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THOSE WITH ACCESS TO BOX OR DEPOSITORY DESCRIPTION OF

DATE OF TRANSFER OR SURRENDER, IF ANY

ORY CONTENTS IF

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#### 13. Setoffs

冈

List all setoffs made by any creditor, including a bank, against a debt or deposit of the debtor within 90 days preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

DATE OF SETOFF

**AMOUNT** OF SETOFF

#### 14. Property held for another person

X

List all property owned by another person that the debtor holds or controls.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER

**DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY** 

LOCATION OF PROPERTY

#### 15. Prior address of debtor



If debtor has moved within three years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, list all premises which the debtor occupied during that period and vacated prior to the commencement of this case. If a joint petition is filed, report also any separate address of either spouse.

**ADDRESS** 

NAME USED

DATES OF OCCUPANCY

#### 16. Spouses and Former Spouses



If the debtor resides or resided in a community property state, commonwealth, or territory (including Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Puerto Rico, Texas, Washington, or Wisconsin) within eight years immediately preceding the commencement of the case, identify the name of the debtor's spouse and of any former spouse who resides or resided with the debtor in the community property state.

NAME

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#### 17. Environmental Information.

For the purpose of this question, the following definitions apply:

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, or local statute or regulation regulating pollution, contamination, releases of hazardous or toxic substances, wastes or material into the air, land, soil, surface water, groundwater, or other medium, including, but not limited to, statutes or regulations regulating the cleanup of these substances, wastes, or material.

"Site" means any location, facility, or property as defined under any Environmental Law, whether or not presently or formerly owned or operated by the debtor, including, but not limited to, disposal sites.

"Hazardous Material" means anything defined as a hazardous waste, hazardous substance, toxic substance, hazardous material, pollutant, or contaminant or similar term under an Environmental Law.

None

a. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor has received notice in writing by a governmental unit that it may be liable or potentially liable under or in violation of an Environmental Law. Indicate the governmental unit, the date of the notice, and, if known, the Environmental Law:

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT DATE OF NOTICE

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

LAW

None

b. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor provided notice to a governmental unit of a release of Hazardous Material. Indicate the governmental unit to which the notice was sent and the date of the notice.

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS NAME AND ADDRESS
OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

DATE OF

**ENVIRONMENTAL** 

NOTICE LAW

None

c. List all judicial or administrative proceedings, including settlements or orders, under any Environmental Law with respect to which the debtor is or was a party. Indicate the name and address of the governmental unit that is or was a party to the proceeding, and the docket number.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT DOCKET NUMBER

STATUS OR DISPOSITION

#### 18. Nature, location and name of business

None

a. If the debtor is an individual, list the names, addresses, taxpayer-identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was an officer, director, partner, or managing executive of a corporation, partner in a partnership, sole proprietor, or was self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity either full- or part-time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, or in which the debtor owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within slx years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

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If the debtor is a partnership, list the names, addresses, taxpayer-identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a corporation, list the names, addresses, taxpayer-identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME

LAST FOUR DIGITS
OF SOCIAL-SECURITY OR
OTHER INDIVIDUAL ADDRESS
TAXPAYER-I.D. NO.
(ITIN)/ COMPLETE EIN

NATURE OF BUSINESS BEGINNING AND ENDING DATES

None

b. Identify any business listed in response to subdivision a., above, that is "single asset real estate" as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101.

NAME

**ADDRESS** 

The following questions are to be completed by every debtor that is a corporation or partnership and by any individual debtor who is or has been, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of more than 5 percent of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership, a sole proprietor, or self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity, either full- or part-time.

(An individual or joint debtor should complete this portion of the statement only if the debtor is or has been in business, as defined above, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. A debtor who has not been in business within those six years should go directly to the signature page.)

## 19. Books, records and financial statements

a. List all bookkeepers and accountants who within two years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case kept or supervised the keeping of books of account and records of the debtor.

NAME AND ADDRESS
See attached

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

None

b. List all firms or individuals who within two years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case have audited the books of account and records, or prepared a financial statement of the debtor.

NAME

**ADDRESS** 

DATES SERVICES RENDERED

directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of the

TITLE

corporation.

NAME AND ADDRESS

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NATURE AND PERCENTAGE

OF STOCK OWNERSHIP

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William W. Plise

5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500

Las Vegas, NV 89149

Member of

100% Indirect membership interest

Member

Aquila Investments, LLC

5550 Painted Mirage Road, Suite 500

Las Vegas, NV 89149

Member

100% Membership Interest

#### 22. Former partners, officers, directors and shareholders

None

a. If the debtor is a partnership, list each member who withdrew from the partnership within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME

**ADDRESS** 

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL

None

b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers or directors whose relationship with the corporation terminated within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS

TITLE

DATE OF TERMINATION

#### 23. Withdrawals from a partnership or distributions by a corporation

None

If the debtor is a partnership or corporation, list all withdrawals or distributions credited or given to an insider, including compensation in any form, bonuses, loans, stock redemptions, options exercised and any other perquisite during one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME & ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT.

DATE AND PURPOSE

AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION

RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR Aquila Investments, LLC OF WITHDRAWAL 7/27/07 AND VALUE OF PROPERTY 2,800,930.22

5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500

Las Vegas, NV 89149

Aquila Investments, LLC

6/13/07

3,414,313.15

5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500

Las Vegas, NV 89149

Aquila Investments, LLC 3/12

3/12/08

750,000.00

5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500

Las Vegas, NV 89149

#### 24. Tax Consolidation Group.

None

If the debtor is a corporation, list the name and federal taxpayer-identification number of the parent corporation of any consolidated group for tax purposes of which the debtor has been a member at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PARENT CORPORATION

TAXPAYER-IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

11

#### 25. Pension Funds.

Date June 16, 2008

None

If the debtor is not an individual, list the name and federal taxpayer-identification number of any pension fund to which the debtor, as an employer, has been responsible for contributing at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PENSION FUND

TAXPAYER-IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

Signature Signature

William W. Plise, Manager of Manaager
Print Name and Title

[An individual signing on behalf of a partnership or corporation must indicate position or relationship to debtor.]

5 continuation sheets attached

Penalty for making a false statement: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571

#### DECLARATION AND SIGNATURE OF NON-ATTORNEY BANKRUPTCY PETITION PREPARER (S∞ 11 U.S.C. § 110)

I declare under penalty of perjury that: (1) I am a bankruptcy petition preparer as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 110; (2) I prepared this document for compensation and have provided the debtor with a copy of this document and the notices and information required under 11 U.S.C. §§ 110(b), 110(b), and 342(b); and, (3) if rules or guidelines have been promulgated pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 110(h) setting a maximum fee for services chargeable by bankruptcy petition preparers. I have given the debtor notice of the maximum amount before preparing any document for filing for a debtor or accepting any fee from the debtor, as required by that section.

Printed or Typed Name and Title, if any, of Bankruptcy Petition Preparer

Social-Security No. (Required by 11 U.S.C. § 110.)

If the bankruptcy petition preparer is not an individual, state the name, title (if any), address, and social-security number of the officer, principal, responsible person, or partner who signs this document.

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Case: 08-15780-l

City Crossing1, LLC Case No. 08-15780 (BAM) Attachment to Statement of Financial Affairs

- 3. Payments to creditors.
- b. Debtor whose debts are not primarily consumer debts:

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR	DATES OF PYMTS	AMOUNT PAID	AMOUNT STILL OWING
Nevada Power	03/05/08	30,688.00	0.00
State of Nevada	03/05/08	1,500.00	0.00
P.O. Box 52614			
Phoenix, AZ 85072			
Restrepo Consulting Group	03/06/08	17,500.00	0.00
3960 Howard Hughes Pkwy.			
Ste. 130			
Las Vegas, NV 89109			
Las Vegas Review Journal	03/11/08	8,272.00	0.00
P.O. Box 920			
Las Vegas, NV 89125		_	•
Architects Orange	03/12/08	38.91	0.00
144 N. Orange St.			
Orange, CA 92866			
KKE of Nevada, Inc.	03/12/08	118.27	0.00
300 First Avenue North	,		
Minneapolis, MN 55401			
Mercury LDO	03/12/08	18.86	0.00
3325 Pepper Lane			
Las Vegas, NV 89120		·	
WRG Design, Inc.	03/12/08	5,015.04	0.00
3011 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy			
Ste. 100			
Henderson, NV 89052			
City of Henderson	03/12/08	2,000.00	0.00
Clark County Recorder	03/19/08	188.62	0.00
State of Nevada	03/20/08	200.00	0.00
P.O. Box 52614			
Phoenix, AZ 85072			<u> </u>
Timekeeping Systems, Inc.	03/20/08	106.70	0.00
30700 Bainbridge Rd., Ste. H			
Solon, OH 44139			
Matteson Media	03/31/08	22,707.00	0.00
2255-A Renaissance Drive			
Las Vegas, NV 89119	[		

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TALL TO	T 0.4/0.1/0.0	175.52	0.00
Alter Ego	04/01/08	175.53	0.00
2707 E. Craig Rd., Ste. E		1	
N. Las Vegas, NV 89030	0.1/00/00	24 700 55	0.00
Mass Media, LLC	04/09/08	24,709.55	0.00
4065 E. Post Rd.	1		
Las Vegas, NV 89120	10.45.40.3	1.550.55	0.00
France Publications	04/21/08	16,704.75	0.00
3500 Piedmont Rd., Ste. 415			
Atlanta, GA 30305	0.1/2.1/2.2	1 050 00	0.00
Henderson Chamber of	04/21/08	1,950.00	0.00
Commerce			
590 S. Boulder Highway			
Henderson, NV 89015	2.12.12.2	1000100	0.00
International Council of	04/21/08	17,271.00	0.00
Shopping Centers		·	
P.O. Box 26958			•
New York, NY 10087	0.1/0.1/0.0	20,000,00	0.00
In Business Las Vegas	04/21/08	39,900.00	0.00
2290 Corporate Circle			
Ste. 250			
Henderson, NV 89074		0 (05 50	0.00
Las Vegas Publications, Inc.	04/21/08	2,695.50	0.00
8689 W. Sahara Ave.			
Ste. 260			
Las Vegas, NV 89117		10 (10 00	0.00
Las Vegas Review Journal	04/21/08	18,612.00	0.00
P.O. Box 920	ļ		
Las Vegas, NV 89125		\	
Nevada Business Journal			0.00
375 N. Stephanie St., Bldg. 23	04/21/08	2,990.00	0.00
Ste. 2311			
Las Vegas, NV 89014			0.00
Penton Media, Inc.	04/21/08	31,431.00	0.00
2105 Reliable Parkway	5	ļ .	
Chicago, IL 60686			
Community Bank of Nevada	04/24/08	4,000.00	0.00
5785 Centennial Center Blvd.	ļ		
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Aspen Financial, LLC	05/12/08	29,957.88	0.00
7900 W. Sahara Ave.			
Ste. 200			
Las Vegas, NV 89117			
City of Henderson	05/19/08	132.98	0.00

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### 3. Payments to creditors.

#### c. All debtors:

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR/ RELATIONSHIP	PYMT DATE	AMT. PAID	AMT. STILL OWING
Plise Companies, LLC	07/10/07	19,078.66	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500		•	
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Companies, LLC	07/18/07	7,306.47	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	1		
Las Vegas, NV 89149	1 1		
Common ownership	İ		
Plise Companies, LLC	09/18/07	288,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	1 021 2 31		
Las Vegas, NV 89149	İ		
Common ownership	1		
Plise Companies, LLC	11/08/07	150,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			
Las Vegas, NV 89149		•	
Common ownership			4.
Rainbow Sunset Developers, LLC	12/12/07	100,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	12.22		
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Companies, LLC	12/20/07	112,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500		,	
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Development & Construction, LLC	12/20/07	42,497.69	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership		·	
Plise Development & Construction, LLC	12/20/07	235,486.53	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	1		
Las Vegas, NV 89149		}	
Common ownership			
Centennial Corporate Center, LLC	01/22/08	34,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	01.12.00	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Las Vegas, NV 89149		·	
Common ownership	1		
Rainbow Sunset Developers, LLC	01/22/08	226,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	01,22,00		•
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
	<del>                                     </del>		
	1	l	

Rainbow Sunset Developers, LLC	02/05/08	193,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Centennial Corporate Center, LLC	02/07/08	220,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	1		
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Development & Construction, LLC	03/17/08	313,300.31	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500		1	
Las Vegas, NV 89149	1		
Common ownership			·
Plise Development & Construction, LLC	04/07/08	440,977.89	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Development & Construction, LLC	04/08/08	530,758.91	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	l i		
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership	<u> </u>	•	
Plise Companies, LLC	04/09/08	100,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			
Plise Companies, LLC	05/30/08	445,000.00	0.00
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500			,
Las Vegas, NV 89149			
Common ownership			

### 19. Books, records and financial statements

a.

NAME AND ADDRESS	SERVICE DATES
James Moore	06/02/06 - 06/02/08
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	
Las Vegas, NV 89149	
Nanette Miller	06/05/06 - 09/24/07
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	
Las Vegas, NV 89149	
Michael Grey	09/24/07 - 06/02/08
5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500	
Las Vegas, NV 89149	

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c.

NAME

14/AIVIE	
James Moore	5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500
	Las Vegas, NV 89149
Nanette Miller	5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500
	Las Vegas, NV 89149
Michael Grey	5550 Painted Mirage Rd., Ste. 500
	Las Vegas, NV 89149

# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 12

Ca	se: 08-15780-t Doc #: 209 Filed	d: 11/10/2 Page: 1 of 2年ILED ELECTRONICALLY リリンプで
1	SHEA & CARLYON, LTD. CANDACE C. CARLYON, ESQ.	",,,,,,,,,
2	Nevada Bar No. 002666	
3	TRACY M. O'STEEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 010949	
4	701 Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
5	Telephone: (702) 471-7432	
6	Facsimile: (702) 471-7435	
7	Counsel for Secured Creditor, Community Bar	nk of Nevada
8	UNITED STATES E	SANKRUPTCY COURT
9	DISTRICT	OF NEVADA
10		) Case No. BK-S-08-15780-BAM ) Chapter 11
11	In re:	) Chapter 11
12	CITY CROSSING I, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company	) DATE: November 12, 2008 ) TIME: 9:30 a.m.
13	Debtor.	) 111415. 3.30 a.m.
14	Deutoi.	<b>)</b>
15		OF NEVADA TO DEBTOR'S MOTION TO
16	DISMISS (REQUE	ST FOR DISMISSAL)
17	Community Bank of Nevada ("CBN")	, by and through its counsel, Candace C. Carlyon,
18	Esq. and Tracy M. O'Steen, Esq., of the law	firm of Shea & Carlyon, Ltd., hereby files this
19	Response to the Debtor's pending Motion to D	Dismiss ("Response").
20	This Response is made and based on I	11 U.S.C. §1112, the Points and Authorities filed
21		on file in this case and its related adversary
22		
23	proceeding, and any oral argument the Court	may entertain at the time of the hearing of the
24	Motion to Dismiss.	
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26		
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1 For the reasons set forth below, CBN requests that the Court grant the motion and 2 3 dismiss the case. 4 DATED this 10th day of November, 2008. 5 SHEA & CARLYON, LTD. 6 7 8 Nevada Bar/No. 002666 9 TRACY M. O'STEEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 010949 10 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 Las Vegas, NV 89101 11 Counsel for CBN 12 **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES** 13 I. 14 **BACKGROUND** 15 16 Following approximately five months of litigation, two formal settlement conferences, 17 an agreed upon resolution of the case, and the scheduling of the confirmation hearing, Debtor 18 announced on October 28, 2008, that it planned to abandon the reorganization effort and move 19 for dismissal of this case (and set a hearing thereon for November 18, 2008). CBN believes 20 that dismissal is appropriate given the facts and circumstances of this case. 21 This Case was filed on June 2, 2008. 22 The following information is excerpted from the Debtor's First Amended Disclosure Statement 23 (the "Amended Disclosure Statement") filed on October 3, 2008 as Docket No. 153. 24 On June 2, 2008, the Debtor commenced an adversary proceeding against 25 its Lenders seeking temporarily to prevent such Lenders from enforcing their rights against the Guarantors. ... Debtor voluntarily dismissed the adversary 26 proceeding on June 9, 2008. 27

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The Debtor filed an initial plan with an initial disclosure statement on July 2, 2008 that provided for the retention of a broker to professionally market and sell the City Crossing Project as an integrated whole over the eighteen months following the effective date of the Plan. Under the initial plan, the proceeds of the sale would be distributed to creditors in order of priority.

The initial plan also contained a provision that eliminated the Lenders' credit bid rights. This provision was essential to the Plan, but was strenuously opposed by the Lenders....

In order to attempt to resolve this and other disputes, the Debtor filed a motion on July 8, 2008, seeking a Court-ordered settlement conference. The motion was granted, and a settlement conference was scheduled for July 21, 2008 before the Honorable Gregg W. Zive in Reno, Nevada. After a full day of negotiations at the settlement conference, the Debtor agreed to make certain modifications to the Plan and to arrange a meeting among the Lenders, the Debtor's proposed broker and the Debtor. The parties also agreed to continue their negotiations in respect of the Plan, to stay most matters in this case during the negotiation process and to reconvene in Reno on September 18, 2008 for a continued settlement conference. The foregoing is memorialized in an order entered in this case on July 24, 2008 (the "Settlement Conference Order").

In compliance with the Settlement Conference Order, during August and the early part of September, the Debtor arranged a meeting among the Lenders, the broker and the Debtor, circulated a new plan and disclosure statement to the Lenders and has continued to engage the Lenders in negotiations. ...

The parties reconvened the settlement conference on September 18, 2008 to discuss the new plan and disclosure statement. At the conclusion of the settlement conference, the Debtors and the Lenders had made substantial progress in respect of a consensual plan and the Plan reflects the compromises made at the settlement conference....

Amended Disclosure Statement at 22-24.

II.

#### LEGAL ANALYSIS

#### A. Cause Exists for Dismissal

As set forth in the Motion, enumerated cause exists both for failure to pay post-petition taxes (§ 1112(b)(4)(I)) and due to a continuing loss to or diminution of the estate and the absence of a reasonable likelihood of rehabilitation (§ 1112 (b)(4)(A)). Further, "cause" for

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dismissal is demonstrated by the Debtor's conduct in this case. As the Court is aware, prior to the filing, Debtor effected a merger of numerous entities, including CBN's borrowers, into the entity which is the Debtor in this case. (See, e.g., Amended Disclosure Statement at p. 20.) CBN expressed its concern that such action was taken in order to escape the responsibilities (particularly the effect of § 362(d)(3)) of a single asset real estate debtor. While the testimony of the Debtor indicated that, even as a combined entity, the Debtor is, in fact, a single asset real estate entity, Debtor did not so indicate in its petition. Further, as a part of the good faith settlement efforts of secured creditors, the Court issued an Order re Continued Settlement Conference, Stay of Litigation, and Limited Relief From Stay entered on July 28, 2008, as Docket No. 105, specifically including a prohibition on filing a motion to determine that the debtor is a Single Asset Real Estate Debtor. At the continued settlement conference, CBN believed that it had reached a settlement with the Debtor and its guarantors, which was incorporated into the Debtor's Amended Plan of Reorganization, which the Debtor subsequently abandoned on October 28, 2008. In the meantime, the deadline to object to

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<sup>21</sup> 22

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See §101(51B)(definition of single asset real estate, encompassing a property or project which generates substantially all of the debtor's gross income and on which no substantial business is being conducted. This includes non-income producing property. See, e.g., In re Oceanside Mission Assoc., 192 B.R. 232 (Bankr. S.D. Cal. 1996)(holding that raw land was "single asset real estate"). Debtor's business is "holding real estate and developing infrastructure." Transcript of First Meeting of Creditors ("341 Meeting"), excerpt filed as Exhibit 1 hereto, at p. 25, lls. 4-10. "The business of City Crossing is to develop approximately 126 acres of raw land located in Henderson, Nevada, into a mixed use project." Deposition of Debtor's Most Knowledgeable Person, James Moore ("Moore Deposition), excerpt filed as Exhibit 2 hereto, at p. 29, Ils. 23-25; p. 30, l. 1. Furthermore, it was represented that from a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") perspective, the Debter has no income producing operations. Moore Deposition, pg. 30, Ils. 8-18. The primary purpose behind the formation of the limited liability company was to simply raise capital for this mixed-use project. <u>Id.</u>. The Debtor simply has no income from any source (Moore Deposition, p. 31, lls. 2-3), nor does it have any employees, (Moore Deposition, p. 31, lls. 4-5).

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ARLYON, LTD. Inuger Avenue, Saite 830 legas, Nevada 89101 471-7432 Debtor's failure to denote itself a single asset real estate entity arguably expired pursuant to Fed.R.Bankr.P. Rule 1020(b).<sup>2</sup>

It is submitted that the Debtor's repeated and aborted efforts in this case have served simply to delay the efforts of CBN and the other lenders to realize on their collateral to the great expense and detriment of those creditors. "The Bankruptcy Court provides a safe harbor for a debtor only so long as it continues to be evident that the effective rehabilitation of the enterprise is reasonably possible. It will soon become evident to the court when a debtor intends only frivolous or unwarranted delay and not effective reorganization, and the case will be dismissed pursuant to §1112." In re Eden Assoc's, 12 B.R. 578, 585 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1981).

#### B. <u>Dismissal is in the Best Interests of the Creditors and the Estate</u>

Once cause is established, §1112(b)(1) directs<sup>3</sup> that the case be dismissed or converted, "whichever is in the best interest of creditors and the estate."

The primary creditors involved in this case are lenders who made loans to the individual "City Crossing" entities in an amount estimated by the Debtor to be in excess of \$182 million<sup>4</sup> (the "Secured Lenders"). The Secured Lenders have faced not only the delays inherent to the bankruptcy process, but the increased expense of the abandoned adversary proceeding; settlement conferences; and amended plan process. In the meantime, while administrative

In the event the case is not dismissed, CBN requests that the Court exercise its discretion pursuant to Fed.R.Bankr.P. 9006(b)(1) to extend that deadline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Such relief appears to be mandatory except upon a showing in accordance with §1112(b)(2), including that the debtor or another party in interest establish a reasonable likelihood that a plan will be timely confirmed.

See Amended Disclosure Statement at 10-16.

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CARLTON, LTD. 27

claims of Debtor's professionals likely exceeds half a million dollars in this case,<sup>5</sup> property values have declined significantly and Debtor has not paid real property taxes, which, as of October 17, totaled approximately \$300,000.<sup>6</sup> Clearly, dismissal is in the best interest of the Secured Lenders.

Additionally, the unsecured creditors in this case consist primarily of current and former insiders and affiliates, whose interests presumably favor dismissal. While Debtor's schedules list over \$11.1 million in general unsecured claims, all but approximately \$122,000 of that debt is owed to current or former insiders and affiliates. Further, it is likely that these obligations were incurred by either Aquilla Development, LLC or Plise Development & Construction, since those entities appear to be the "operating" entities prior to May 31, 2008. See Moore Deposition (Exhibit 2 hereto), at pps. 120-121. None of those non-affiliated unsecured creditors has filed a proof of claim or appeared in the case. Cf. In re AC Rentals, Inc., 325 B.R. 339, 2005 WL 1220496, \*3 (10th Cir. BAP 2005)(unpublished disposition) ("It is appropriate for a bankruptcy court, in determining whether conversion or dismissal is in the best interest of creditors and the estate, to take into account the fact that no creditors have opposed a motion to dismiss or independently moved to convert the case."), citing Hall v.

While Debtor's most recent monthly operating account does not reflect the amount of accrued professional fees (see Docket #171, p. 4 at 1. 28); Debtor's lead counsel recently obtained court approval of fees and expenses totaling approximately \$432,000 for the period June 2, 2008 through August 31, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> CBN requests that this Court take judicial notice, pursuant to FRE 201, of proof of claim 102 and 102 filed by the Clark County Treasurer, indicating an original secured claim of \$19,608.29 as of June 9, 2008, and an amended secured claim as of 10/127/09 in the amount of \$298,015.49, both plus accruing penalties, interest & fees.

Debtor also owes prepetition real property taxes; however, these constitute a first priority lien on the various parcels of real property.

The only unsecured claims filed to date are those of GY Property Holding, LLC (Claim #25) pursuant to an obligation of five of the city crossing entities to buy out a former insider's interest (see Amended Disdosure Statement at p. 19), and the unsecured portion of the secured claim of Silver State Bank (now FDIC)(Claim #11) and claims which indicate by attachment the existence of deeds of trust (Claim ##27, 31).

For the Court's convenience, a copy of that decision is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.

Doc #: 209 Filed: 11/10/2 Case: 08-15780-Page: 7 of 22 Vance, 887 F. 1041, 1044-45 (10th Cir. 1989)("...all creditors had notice of the motions to 1 dismiss...if conversion were in the best interest of the creditors, they would have so 2 3 moved..."). 4 III. 5 CONCLUSION 6 For the reasons stated above, CBN requests that the Court dismiss the case. In the event 7 the case is not dismissed, CBN requests that the Court extend the deadline for determining the 8 9 Debtor to be a single asset real estate entity, and shorten the time to hear that motion as well as 10 to consider granting relief from the automatic stay. 11 DATED this 10th day of November, 2008. 12 SHEA & CARLYON, LTD. 13 14 C. CARLYON, ESQ. 15 Nevada Bar No. 002666 16 TRACY M. O'STEEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 010949 17 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 Las Vegas, NV 89101 18 Counsel for CBN 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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# EXHIBIT 1

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	1		
DISTRICT OF NEVADA	2		
	3		
In re: Case No. 08-15780-BAM	4	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRUSTEE	
CITY CROSSING 1, LLC, CHAPTER 11 CASE	5		
Debtor and Debtor-in-Possession.		300 Las Vegas Boulevard, South	
Debtor and Debtor-In-Possession.	6		
	7	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
	1'	(702) 388-6600 ext. 224 E-mail: Scott.a.farrow@usdoj.gov	
	8	E-men. Scomanarowellastoj.gov	
	-   9	For Debtors:	
11 USC\$ 341(A) MEETING OF CREDITORS	10		
Las Vegas, Nevada	111	BY: ROBERTO KAMPFNER 633 5th Street	
Thursday, July 10, 2008 2:00 p.m.	1**	Suite 1900	
	12		
		(213) 620-7729	
Reported By: Ellen L. Ford, RPR, CRR	13		
CSR No. 846	14	AND SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON	
Job No. 92030	-"	BY: LENARD E. SCHWARTZER, ESQ.	
	15	2880 South Miller	
		Las Vegas, Nevada 89117	
	16	, ,	
		For Community Bank of Nevada:	
	19	SHEA & CARLYON, LTD.	
		BY: CANDACE C. CARLYON, ESQ.	
	20	701 Bridger Avenue	
	21	Suite 850 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
		(702) 471-7432	
	22	E-mail: Ccarlyon@sheacarlyon.com	
	23		
	24 25		
Page			Page 3
m a free transmission is the district to the manifest of the following the state of			
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	١,	ADDE AD ANCEC.	
	1	APPEARANCES:	
DISTRICT OF NEVADA	2		
	3	Also Present: William Plise, Debtor	
	4	Mitchell Stipp, Debtor	
In re: Case No. 08-15780-BAM	5	Jim Moore, CFO of Debtor	
CITY CROSSING I, LLC, CHAPTER II CASE	6	Edward J. Hanigan, Alper LP and	
CITI CROSSING I, DEC, CITIE TER II CASE	ı	Alper Trust	
	7		
Debtor and Debtor-in-Possession.	ļ	Natalie Cox, Aspen Financial	
	8	Services, LLC	
	9	Ogonna Atamoh, Tina Alper and	
	-	Suzie Vermillion	
	10		i
	1	Susan L. Myers, Lionel Sawyer &	
	- 11	Collins	
11 USC§ 341(A) Meeting of Creditors, taken at the	12	Comina	
Foley Building, U.S. Courthouse, 300 Las Vegas Boulevard			
South, Suite 1500, Las Vegas, Nevada, beginning at	13		
	14		
2:00 p.m. and ending at 3:30 p.m. on Thursday, July	15		
10th, 2008, before Ellen L. Ford, Certified Shorthand	16		
Reporter No. 846.	17		i
	18		
	19		İ
	20		I
	21		
	22		
	23		
	24		
	1		·
	25		
Page 2			U=1/76 // 1

- claim be made?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. The debtor is an LLC; is that correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. What year was it formed in?
  - A. 2000 --
    - MR. STIPP: 7, 1 think.
    - MR. PLISE: City Crossing?
    - MR. STIPP: Mm-hmm.

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Q. Was there a specific event that triggered the

O. How about Aquila Investments, LLC?

- filing of this bankruptcy case? 22
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. What was that?
- 25 A. It was a -- we hit our maturity default dates,

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# EXHIBIT 2

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Page 2

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1 A Yes.

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- Q What was the purpose of the merger?
- 3 A To consolidate the operations of the real estate project known as City Crossing.
  - Q That merger happened in 2008; is that correct?
  - A I believe that's the time.
- 8 Q Prior to that date, how were the operations 9 conducted or held?
- 10 A I don't understand the question.
- Q You said that the operations were 11
- 12 consolidated with the merger. What was the difference
- between the operations before and after the merger? 13
- A Your question, as I understand it, is which 14 entities were merged in? I don't really understand the 15 question you're asking me. 16
- 17 Q I'm asking you what changed as a result of 18 the merger.
- A The accounting changed from several entities .9 :0 to one entity.
- Q Anything else? !1
- !2 A I don't know.
- Q The -- what is the business of City Crossing :3 4 I. LLC?
- 5 A To develop approximately 126 acres in West

Page 29

- 1
- 2 Q Interest income? Any kind of income?
- 3 A No.
- 4 And does the debtor have any employees? 0
- 5
- 6 Q Does the debtor have a telephone number?
  - A The mailing address is as I gave you earlier,
- 8 5550 Painted Mirage. The manager of that entity, as I
- 9 told you earlier, was Aquila Management. They have a phone number. 10
- 11 O So the debtor does not have its own telephone
- 12 number?
- A There was a marketing phone number that was 13 14 used at one time. I don't know what the status of that 15 is now.
- Q Other than the marketing number used at one 16 time, the debtor doesn't have an independent telephone 17 number; is that correct? 18
- 19 A That's correct.
- 20 O And a marketing telephone number was the
- telephone number for what entity? 21 22
  - A For City Crossing.
- 23 Q City Crossing I?
- 24 A City Crossing, the project. There was a
  - marketing number that was put up for the benefit of

Page 31

Henderson into a mixed use project.

Q Does the debtor have any source of income? MR. KAMPFNER: Objection, ambiguous as to what "income" is.

THE WITNESS: As far as operations, no. If I can go back to the question you asked earlier. BY MS. CARLYON:

O Let's finish this one and then we will. Is there income from some source other than operations?

A No.

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MR. KAMPFNER: Objection as to the word "income." Ambiguous to the word "income."

THE WITNESS: From a GAAP perspective, there is no income-producing operations on that project. Earlier you asked me the purpose of merging those entities. The primary purpose was to raise capital for the project.

BY MS. CARLYON:

- O When you say "raise capital," what do you mean?
  - A To refinance the existing debt.
- Q When I asked you about income, you said from a GAAP standpoint there's no operational income. Is there any other income? Investment income? Page 30

potential end users of the project, and then it was

- provided to them so they could call our marketing 2
- 3 people.

8

- Q When you say "our marketing people," what 4
- 5 does "our" mean?
- A The employees of Plise Development & 6
- 7 Construction.
  - Q Did Plise Development & Construction
- undertake marketing with regard to the City Crossing 9 project? 10
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 O Did they pay for that phone number?
- 13
- 14 Q And was it listed as a phone number of Plise
- 15 Development & Construction?
- A I don't know what the listing was, or if it 16
- 17 was listed. It was provided on the job site.
- O How many employees does Plise Development &
- 19 Construction have?
- 20 A Today, probably 20.
  - O Has there been a variance in that number over
- 22 the last year or two?
- A Yes. 23

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- O Tell me about that. 24
- 25 We've had staff reductions.

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_		Case: 08-15780-b Doc #: 20	<del>10</del>	Filed: 11/10/20 Page: 14 of 22
1	A Yes.	200 m. 20	1	
2		second is Silver. Does that represent	- 1 -	
3	Silver State		3	
4		I go back?	1 -	
_		ourse.	4	individual May 31st, 2008, printouts for the 15 City
6	•		5	<b>3</b> ··
7		I't get a copy of the cumulative balance,	6	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	monthly bas	of the amount that's taken out on a	7	
9			8	
		ou know if there are bank statments?	9	
10	-	t shows the balance in the interst	10	
11	reserve.	that account have a hard-account would be	11	
2		that account have a bank account number,	12	• •
3	•		13	
4		not aware of it.	14	
5		re interest earned on that bank	15	
. <b>6</b> –	account?		16	
.7	A No.		17	
8.	Q How	do you know that it's a physical funding	18	
9	of an account	t rather than just a reserve set aside from	19	
0	borrowing av		20	
1	A I don'		21	, <b>,</b>
2	•	regard to Silver, is that Silver State	22	
3	Bank?		23	
4	A Yes.		24	
5	Q And d	lo you know whether that's a physical	25	A I do.
		Page 117		Page 11:
	1	and a should be a should be seen as the should be	1.	0 338 - 1 - 4 - 12 6 4 0
L		or whether that's a reserve from the loan	1	Q What do those lines refer to?
	availability?		2	A Those refer to the allocations of development
		response as	3	cost that are applied to individual parcels, so when
l.		on't know?	4	the entities were kept separate before the merger,
•		t National. I do not know.	5	there were 15 parcels, entities, and each of those
5	•	egard to C-o-m-m-u-n-i, does that	6	would be responsible for an allocated share of the
7		nmunity Bank Nevada?	7	development cost. Some were funded through advances
•	A Yes.		8	from Aquila Investments, so there would be a due to/due
)	•	know whether that's a physical reserve	9	from from the individual accounts.
)		eserve against loan availability?	10	Q Were some of the development costs funded by
L		response as the First National Bank.	11	borrowings?
2		don't know?	12	A Yes.
3	A I don't		13	Q And when you say development costs, what
į		e next line says Aspen and the number	14	costs are you referring to?
5	1. What does	that refer to?	15	A The cost of developing the City Crossing
5	A I don't	know the specific accounts. It would	16	project. It could be their soft costs. There's
,	probably refer	to an Aspen first mortgage versus an	17	architectural costs, there's engineering costs, there's
l	Aspen second.	- <del>-</del>	18	advertising costs, there's hard costs, infrastructure
ì		next line that says just Aspen, your	19	costs, interest costs.
ı		on at this time is that would refer to	20	Q What about management fees?
		erve with regard to one or more second	21	A Management fees.
	deeds of trust?		22	Q What about administrative expenses that
	A It could		23	are such as the office? Is that paid from the
		yould we need to look at to know?	24	management fee or in addition to the management fee?
	•	e to go back to the roll-up of the	25	A That's typically paid as part of the
	17 TO HOLD	Page 118		Page 120
		- 1		

JAMES L. MUUKE Case: 08-15780-b Doc #: 209 Filed: 11/10/20 Page: 15 of 22 management fee. 1 1 City Crossing, et cetera. 2 Q So the management fee includes incidental In this case, it looks like funds were 2 3 costs, such as salary, utilities, rent, that kind of 3 advanced to City Crossing or advanced to Rainbow Sunset 4 thing? by City Crossing. A Yes. 5 Q Is it the net number? Q And what is the management fee that was paid 6 6 A No. 7 or accrued in 2008 prior to the merger? 7 So on the liabilities, does it also reference 0 8 A I don't know what the entirety was paid. The Rainbow Sunset? 9 amount that's charged by parcel is \$15,000 per parcel 9 A Yes. 10 per month. 10 Q So there's \$300,000 due to Rainbow Sunset 11 Q And that goes -- and that would be payable to Development, and there's \$526,000 due from Rainbow 11 12 what entity or entities? Sunset Development; is that correct? 13 A Plise Development & Construction. 13 A Yes. Q And is Plise Development & Construction also 14 14 Q And does Rainbow Sunset Development have 15 the general contractor for City Crossing? assets with which to repay the money that's owed to the 15 16 A Yes. 16 debtor? 17 O And does City Crossing pay Plise Development 17 MR. KAMPFNER: If you know. & Construction for its services as general 18 THE WITNESS: I don't know. 18 19 contractor? 19 BY MS. CARLYON: 20 A Yes. 20 O Do you perform any financial services or have you ever performed any financial services with regard 21 Q And that's above and beyond the services as 21 22 manager? I'm sorry, not as manager, the services with 22 to Rainbow Sunset? regard to management and administration? 23 A Aquila Management is the manager of Rainbow 23 A There's two different issues. One is 24 Sunset Developers. 24 development costs, which include administering and 25 O And that being so, do you perform financial Page 121 Page 123 managing the soft costs with respect to the project, services with respect to that entity? the entitlements, the zoning, the procurement of 2 A I'm the CFO of Aquila Management. Aquila financing, et cetera, that would all be part of the 3 Management is the manager of Rainbow Sunset management fee. 4 Developers. The others is the hard costs; construction, 5 5 Q So why is it that you don't know whether bringing in the water lines, utility lines, power Rainbow Sunset has the ability to repay the amount it lines, building roads, hardscape, et cetera, that's 7 7 owes the debtor? part of PD&C's contract. 8 3 A I don't know. Q And are those paid generally out of 9 O Do you know whether it has a bank account? • construction-controlled loan funds? 10 D A It does. 1 A Yes. 11 Q Do you know the approximate balance in the Q And does PDC get a flat fee or a percentage bank account? 2 12 of the hard costs, or does it vary? 13 A Right now, I don't know. A I believe it's a cost-plus contract. I 14 Q Why do you say "right now"? haven't reviewed the contract recently. 15 A It varies. O And I have a number of contracts. I'm sure Q Is that an active entity? 16 we have the ability to do that together if we need to. 17 A It is. A Okav. 18 Q Does it own real property?

Q With regard to the "Due from Rainbow Sunset"

line on the first page of Exhibit 6, what does that relate to?

A I don't know the specifics that comprise that amount. There are funds that are paid on behalf of City Crossing by Rainbow Sunset Developers. There's costs paid by Rainbow Sunset Developers on behalf of Page 122

A It owns entities that own real property. 19

20 Q Does it achieve income on an ongoing basis?

A At the present time, no. 21

22 O There's a due from Sage Mountain I of

\$458,000. Do you see that? 23

24 A 1 do.

25 And I believe you told me that Sage Mountain

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# EXHIBIT 3

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Westlaw.

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#### H

NOTICE: THIS IS AN UNPUBLISHED OPIN-ION. (The Court's decision is referenced in a "United States Bankruptcy Appellate Panel for the Tenth Circuit Decisions Without Reported Opinions" table appearing in the Bankruptcy Reporter. Use FI CTA10 BAP Rule 8018-6 for rules regarding the citation of unpublished opinions.)

United States Bankruptcy Appellate Panel for the Tenth Circuit.

In re AC RENTALS, INC., An Oklahoma Corporation, Debtor.

AC RENTALS, INC., Appellant,

UNITED STATES TRUSTEE, Ashley H. Hough, Steve Powell, and Jolene Powell, Appellees. No. 04-098, 02-10540-WV.

May 12, 2005.

Appeal from the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Oklahoma.

Before CLARK, BROWN, and MCNIFF, Bankruptcy Judges.

#### ORDER AND JUDGMENT IN

FN\* This order and judgment is not binding precedent, except under the doctrines of law of the case, res judicata, and collateral estoppel. 10th Cir. BAP L.R. 8018-6(a).PER CURIAM.

\*1 The parties did not request oral argument, and after examining the briefs and appellate record, the Court has determined unanimously that oral argument would not materially assist in the determination of this appeal.Fed. R. Bankr.P. 8012. The case is therefore ordered submitted without oral argument.

The debtor appeals an Order of the United States

Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Oklahoma dismissing its Chapter 11 case. For the reasons stated herein, the bankruptcy court's Order is AFFIRMED.

#### 1. Background

The debtor corporation is owned by Charles Hough (Hough). The bankruptcy court's Order dismissing the debtor's Chapter 11 case is based on facts, which have not been disputed, related to Hough's divorce from Ashley Hough (Ashley), and the debtor's acts and omissions as a debtor in possession. These undisputed facts, as well as the procedural history giving rise to the bankruptcy court's Order dismissing the debtor's case, are summarized be-low.

#### 1. The Divorce Lien

Hough and Ashley divorced in 2000. Pursuant to a settlement, Ashley was granted a lien against the debtor's real property in the divorce (Divorce Lien). However, before the Divorce Lien was finalized and recorded, Hough filed a Chapter 13 petition. Ashley was granted relief from the automatic stay in Hough's Chapter 13 case to finalize and perfect her Divorce Lien (Relief Order). Hough appealed the Relief Order, and this Court affirmed that Order. In January, 2002, several weeks after this Court issued its Order and Judgment, FNI the debtor filed its Chapter 11 petition.

> FNI.In re Hough, BAP No. WO-01-059, 2002 WL 518687 (10th Cir.BAP Jan.8, 2002).

The debtor commenced an adversary proceeding against Ashley, seeking to avoid the Divorce Lien pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 544. The bankruptcy court entered judgment in favor of the debtor, avoiding the Divorce Lien. This Court affirmed the bankruptcy court's judgment, FN2 and Ashley's appeal of

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our Order and Judgment is currently pending before the Court of Appeals.

FN2.In re AC Rentals, Inc., BAP No. WO-03-096, 2004 WL 1182254 (10th Cir.BAP May 28, 2004).

#### 2. Acts and Omissions of the Debtor in Possession

The debtor does business as "Outer Limits" (OL), a bar located in Oklahoma. OL, although possibly conceived by Hough prior to the filing of the debtor's Chapter 11 petition, commenced operation postpetition without obtaining bankruptcy court authorization. Neither OL nor its liquor licence is listed as an asset in the debtor's Schedules. OL maintains a non-debtor-in-possession checking account, and income and expenses in the account are not reported in the debtor's monthly operating accounts. Hough and Paula Edens (Edens), another former spouse of Hough, are the authorized signatories on OL's bank account. The debtor pays OL's labor expenses, including payments to Edens, but it does not keep records of time worked or cash paid.

From January, 2002, when the debtor's petition was filed, until at least June 2003, the debtor in possession made monthly payments averaging \$4,000 in amount to "AC Air" (Air), a sole proprietorship owned by Hough, for "contract labor." The debtor in possession does not pay Hough a salary, but Hough has paid the trustee in his Chapter 13 case over \$60,000. The debtor borrowed money from Air, but no records were maintained of intercompany transactions and bankruptcy court authorization was not obtained.

\*2 The debtor in possession failed to file tax returns, and was habitually late in filing its Monthly Operating Reports. Many checks issued by the debtor in possession were returned for insufficient funds, and insurance on some of its assets lapsed during the postpetition period. Although the debtor in possession proposed a Chapter 11 plan, numerous objections to its confirmation were filed, and the debtor has admitted that it cannot obtain con-

firmation of the plan. FN3

FN3. Objection to UST's Third Motion to Dismiss Case and Brief in Support, in Appellant's Appendix at 56; Appellant's Brief at 7.

### 3. Procedural History Related to Dismissal of the Debtor's Case

In July, 2002, seven months after the debtor filed its petition, the United States trustee (UST) sought to convert the debtor's Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7, or to dismiss the case (First Motion). The debtor objected to the First Motion, and shortly thereafter filed Monthly Operating Reports for the months of January through July, 2002. The bankruptcy court denied the First Motion.

Several months later, in May, 2003, the UST again moved to convert the debtor's Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7, or dismiss the case (Second Motion). The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) also moved to convert or dismiss the debtor's case at this time (IRS Motion). After these Motions were filed, the debtor filed Monthly Operating Reports for October, 2002 through July, 2003. The bankruptcy court subsequently entered an Order denying the Second Motion and the IRS Motion.

A third motion to convert the debtor's Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7 or to dismiss it was filed by the UST in March, 2004 (Third Motion). The debtor objected to the Third Motion, and filed Monthly Operating Reports for December, 2003 through February, 2004, whereupon the Third Motion was withdrawn by the UST.

Steve Powell, as an "interested party" (Powell), filed a motion to convert the debtor's Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7 in April, 2004 (Powell Motion). The debtor and Hough objected to the Powell Motion. The Powell Motion was never noticed for hearing, and no order was entered disposing of it.

FN4. A motion filed by Powell indicates

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> that he and his spouse are the owners of the real property on which OL does business. Motion to Convert Case to Chapter 7 at 1, in Appellant's Appendix at 58; see also Transcript at 3, in Appellant's Appendix at 3. The bankruptcy court found, and it is undisputed, that the debtor and Powell are either partners, or have a joint venture related to OL. See Appellee's Appendix at 59. The debtor in possession commenced an adversary proceeding against Powell seeking injunctive relief. Id. at 9/10/03, in Appellee's Appendix at 11.

In September, 2004, the UST moved to dismiss the debtor's Chapter 11 case pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1112(b) (Motion to Dismiss). Ashley filed a statement supporting the UST's Motion to Dismiss. The debtor objected to the Motion to Dismiss, stating that although it could not confirm a plan, it would be in the best interests of creditors to convert its Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7. At that time, the debtor also filed Monthly Operating Reports for March, 2004, through August, 2004. None of the debtor's creditors opposed the Motion to Dismiss. or filed papers in support of the debtor's request to convert. Powell and his spouse, as "interested parties," moved to convert the debtor's case to Chapter 7 while the Motion to Dismiss was pending, but their motion was never noticed for hearing.

The bankruptcy court held a hearing on the UST's Motion to Dismiss in November, 2004. None of the debtor's creditors appeared to oppose the Motion to Dismiss, or to support the debtor's request for conversion. Of the parties who appeared (the debtor, the UST, Powell and Ashley), none argued that the Chapter 11 case should continue. Rather, the dispute centered on whether the Chapter 11 case should be converted to Chapter 7, as requested by the debtor, or whether it should be dismissed for the reasons stated in the Motion to Dismiss. Although the UST requested that the debtor's Chapter 11 case be dismissed in its Motion to Dismiss, it refused to take a position at the hearing as to whether it should instead be converted; but pointed out that if the case were converted, most of the debtor's assets would be used to pay administrative claimants, and unsecured creditors would receive little, if any, distribution. The debtor agreed with the UST that unsecured creditors would not receive a meaningful distribution if its case were converted to Chapter 7.FN5 Notwithstanding, the debtor argued that conversion was more appropriate than dismissal because Ashley's Divorce Lien would be reinstated if the case were dismissed. FN6 Powell supported conversion because he wanted a trustee to administer the debtor's assets. At the close of the hearing, the bankruptcy court took the matter under advisement.

> FN5. Transcript at 18, in Appellant's Appendix at 18.

FN6.See11 U.S.C. § 349(b).

\*3 In December, 2004, the bankruptcy court reconvened the hearing on the Motion to Dismiss, and granted the Motion, issuing its findings of fact and conclusions of law on the record. Subsequently, the bankruptcy court entered a separate Order granting the Motion to Dismiss, incorporating by reference its findings of fact and conclusions of law made on the record (Dismissal Order).

The debtor timely appealed the bankruptcy court's final Dismissal Order. FN7 The parties have consented to this Court's jurisdiction because they have not elected to have this appeal heard by the United States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma.FN8

> FN7.28 U.S.C. § 158(a)(1); Fed. R. Bankr.P. 8002(a).

> FN8.28 U.S.C. § 158(b)-(c); Fed. R. Bankr.P. 8001(e).

11. Discussion

The bankruptcy court dismissed the debtor's Chapter 11 case pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1112(b),

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#### which states:

[O]n request of a party in interest or the United States trustee or bankruptcy administrator, and after notice and a hearing, the court may convert a case under this chapter to a case under chapter 7 of this title or may dismiss a case under this chapter, whichever is in the best interest of creditors and the estate, for cause, including-

- (1) continuing loss to or diminution of the estate and absence of a reasonable likelihood of rehabilitation:
- (2) inability to effectuate a plan;
- (3) unreasonable delay by the debtor that is prejudicial to creditors;
- (10) nonpayment of any fees or charges required under chapter 123 of title 28.FN9

#### FN9.11 U.S.C. § 1112(b)(1)-(3), (10).

Under this section, when "cause" exists, a bankruptcy court has broad discretion to either convert a Chapter 11 case to Chapter 7, or to dismiss the case, depending on the best interest of creditors and the estate. FNIOIt is appropriate for a bankruptcy court, in determining whether conversion or dismissal is in the best interest of creditors and the estate, to take into account the fact that no creditors have opposed a motion to dismiss or independently moved to convert the case. FNII

> FN10. Hall v. Vance, 887 F.2d 1041, 1044 (10th Cir.1989) ("The bankruptcy court has broad discretion under § 1112(b)" to dismiss or convert a case) (citing S.Rep. No. 95-989, at 117, (1978), reprinted in 1978 U.S.C.C.A.N. 5787, 5903); H.R.Rep. No. 95-595, at 405 (1977), reprinted in 1978 U.S.C.C.A.N. 5963, 6361 1112(b)"gives wide discretion to the court

to make an appropriate disposition of the case when a party in interest requests.... The court will be able to consider other factors as they arise, and to use its equitable powers to reach an appropriate result in individual cases."); accord In re Preferred Door Co., 990 F.2d 547, 549 (10th Cir.1993) ("Under section 1112(b)... a bankruptcy court has broad discretion to convert a Chapter 11 case to a Chapter 7 proceeding or to dismiss a case for several causes, including the debtor's inability to effectuate a plan."); Frieouf v. United States (In re Frieouf), 938 F.2d 1099, 1102 (10th Cir.1991) ("Section 1112(b) provides a nonexhaustive list of grounds upon which a bankruptcy court may dismiss a Chapter 11 case for 'cause.' ").

FN11, Hall, 887 F.2d at 1044-45 (in response to the argument that the bankruptcy court abused its discretion in choosing to dismiss a Chapter 11 case, as opposed to appointing a Chapter 11 trustee, the Court of Appeals stated: "[A]II creditors had notice of the motions to dismiss, yet during the three months between the filing of those motions and the hearing on them, none filed objections or moved to convert. If conversion were in the best interest of the creditors, they would have so moved prior to the ... hearing.")

All parties below agreed that the debtor's Chapter 11 case should be dismissed or converted to Chapter 7. Thus, there is no question that "cause" exists under § 1112(b). The question herein is whether the bankruptcy court erred in choosing to dismiss the case, as opposed to converting it to Chapter 7. We review this decision for abuse of discretion.FN12

#### FN12.1d. at 1045.

The bankruptcy court made the following findings of fact and conclusions of law related to its decision Doc #: 209

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to dismiss the debtor's case, as opposed to converting it to Chapter 7:

[U]nder section 1112(b), the Court has the discretion to either convert the case ... to one under Chapter 7 or to dismiss the case. And in the words of the statute, quote, "whichever is in the best interest of creditors and the estate."

According to Collier on Bankruptcy, ... if all the parties agree, the Court should grant their desire. The parties in interest here would be the creditors. Here, Ashley ... while she's listed as a creditor in the schedule, is not actually a creditor of the estate but is a lien holder pursuant to the divorce decree I mentioned earlier. Ashley ..., although not a creditor, favors dismissal. Steve Powell favors conversion to Chapter 7, but he's not a creditor either, but rather a partner or joint venturer in the [OL] investment. The [UST] does not take a position with respect to conversion or dismissal, and the debtor favors conversion.

\*4 The only unsecured creditors listed in the schedules are three in number if Ashley ... is excluded, as she should be, and also Kent Klingenberg should be excluded because he also is not a creditor of this estate. So, if you eliminate those, the three unsecured creditors, the total debt of those unsecured creditors is roughly \$13,000. None of the unsecured creditors have appeared in support of or in opposition to the [UST's] motion. Washita State Bank is a secured creditor, who in the schedules is shown as having a partial unsecured claim, but the bank's not taken a position either.

The debtor's statement of financial affairs indicates that there was no pending litigation or collection activity when bankruptcy was filed. The statement of financial affairs does not indicate any preferential payments. So, if that's correct, there would be nothing to pursue if the case were converted.

If the case were dismissed, there would not be

any continuing additional administrative expenses to be paid. If the case were dismissed, the secured creditors could pursue foreclosure or collection activity. There are a small amount of unsecured claims, and unsecured creditors again have not indicated, have not initiated any collection activity.

Dismissal of the estate rather than conversion would maximize the estate's value: thus, it seems that the case should be dismissed .FN13

> FN13. Transcript at 9-11, in Appellant's Appendix at 31-33.

The bankruptcy court did not abuse its discretion under § 1112(b) because from these findings of fact and conclusions of law we do not have "a definite and firm conviction that [it] made a clear error of judgment or exceeded the bounds of permissible choice in the circumstances."FN14Accordingly, we affirm the Dismissal Order.

> FN14. Moothart v. Bell, 21 F.3d 1499, 1504 (10th Cir.1994) (citation omitted).

In addition to the findings and conclusions supporting its decision to dismiss, as opposed to convert, the debtor's Chapter 11 case, the bankruptcy court stated that dismissal was warranted under § 1112(b) because the case was filed in bad faith. The debtor attacks this conclusion, stating that the bankruptcy court improperly imputed Hough's acts to the debtor-corporation. This argument fails because even if we disregarded the bad faith conclusion, the undisputed findings of fact set out above support the Dismissal Order.

The debtor contends that dismissal of its Chapter 11 case denied it its constitutional right to bankruptcy protection. This argument is without merit as a matter of law, as it is well-established that there is no constitutional right to a bankruptcy discharge. FA15

> FN15.See, e.g., United States v. Kras, 409 U.S. 434, 446-477, 93 S.Ct. 631, 34

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> L.Ed.2d 626 (1973); In re Stewart, 175 F.3d 796, 811 (10th Cir. 1999).

The debtor also argues that it was denied due process because the bankruptcy court "employed several fact findings that the debtor was not given an opportunity to attempt rebuttal."FN16This argument is without merit. Not only has the debtor failed to set forth with any specificity the fact findings that it would rebut, but it misunderstands the process. The debtor had notice of the Motion to Dismiss, and it opposed that Motion, arguing that its Chapter 11 case should be converted to Chapter 7 instead of being dismissed. As the proponent of conversion, it had the burden to show that conversion, rather than dismissal, was in the best interest of creditors and the estate at the noticed hearing on the Motion to Dismiss. The debtor failed to present any evidence at that hearing. Significantly, the debtor admitted at the hearing that unsecured creditors would not likely receive a distribution if its case were converted to Chapter 7. It was this admission, together with representations made by the debtor in papers filed in its case, including admissions made in a fact stipulation filed with the UST in conjunction with the Third Motion (summarized above), that formed the basis of the bankruptcy court's decision to dismiss, as opposed to convert, the case. This being so, the debtor cannot complain that it did not have an opportunity to rebut facts.

#### FN 16. Appellant's Brief at 4.

\*5 Finally, the debtor makes two arguments related to Ashley and the Divorce Lien, both of which are without merit. The debtor first maintains that dismissal of its case "is tantamount to circumventing the appeals process, by effectually undoing the Bankruptcy Court's summery judgement [sic] granted [the debtor] regarding Ashley Hough's liens."FN17The appeal process is not circumvented by dismissal of the debtor's case, but rather is rendered moot because Ashley's Divorce Lien is reinstated by the Dismissal Order as a matter of law pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 349(b). There being ample grounds to dismiss the case resulting from the debtor in possession's admitted acts and omissions, it cannot complain about the effect of § 349(b) as only debtors who comply with the Bankruptcy Code are entitled to its benefits.

#### FN17. Appellant's Brief at 7.

The debtor also argues that the bankruptcy court erred in dismissing its case because Ashley was the only party who requested dismissal and she lacked standing to do so. This argument lacks merit for numerous reasons, the most important of which is that the bankruptcy court did not dismiss the debtor's case on Ashley's motion, and in fact, discounted Ashley's role, holding that she was not a "creditor" to which the § 1112(b) "best interest" test applied. The Motion to Dismiss was made by the UST, and it has not been nor can it be disputed that the UST may request dismissal. FNIB Although the UST refused to take a position at the hearing on its Motion as to whether dismissal or conversion was appropriate, it did not withdraw its Motion to Dismiss, and its argument favored dismissal. Indeed, it was the UST's argument that conversion would result in increased administrative expenses and little or no distribution to unsecured creditors that compelled the bankruptcy court to dismiss the case.

#### FN18.11 U.S.C. § 1112(b).

III. Conclusion

The bankruptcy court's Dismissal Order is AF-FIRMED.

10th Cir.BAP (Okl.),2005. In re AC Rentals, Inc. 325 B.R. 339, 2005 WL 1220496 (10th Cir.BAP (Okla.))

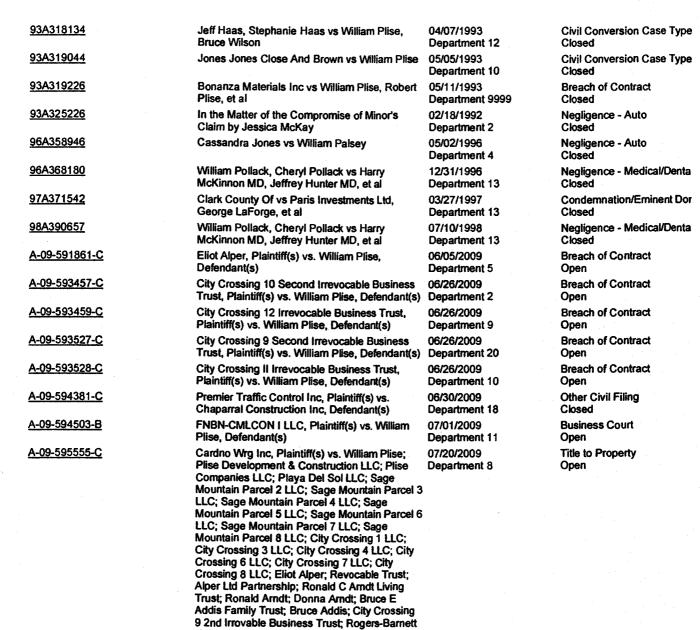
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# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 13

## **Civil Case Records Search Results**

Case Number	Style	Filed/Location	Type/Status
<u>01A444214</u>	William Paulis vs Nellis Cab Co, Sun Cab Inc, et al	12/21/2001 Department 6	Negligence - Auto Closed
<u>02A447355</u>	Rosen Auto Leasing Inc vs William Polk	03/04/2002 Department 19	Foreign Judgment - Civil Closed
04A485453	John Isola, Rich Isola vs William Plise	05/12/2004 Department 13	Breach of Contract Closed
04A487600	William Plise vs Big-Tex Nevada Inc	06/22/2004 Department 2	Breach of Contract Closed
05A504616	Antonio Chavez vs Plise Development And Construction LLC, William Plise	05/26/2005 Department 4	Business Court Closed
05A512672	Carduivascular Imaging Center LLC, Nevada Imaging Partners LLC, et al vs Garey McLellan MD, Patricia McLellan, et al	11/04/2005 Department 11	Business Court Reopened
06A525992	Heritage Capital Management LLC, Covenant Bancorp Inc, et al vs Val Southwick, Vescor Capital Inc, et al	08/04/2006 Department 12	Breach of Contract Reopened
07A536665	Michael Mather, Alice Crut, et al vs Val Southwick, Vescor Capital Inc, et al	02/23/2007 Department 25	Business Court Open
07A536707	Wanda Marks, L Parmenter, et al vs Val Southwick, Vescor Capital Inc, et al	02/26/2007 Department 21	Breach of Contract Open
07A540834	SOP 871 LLC, Siena Office Park 2 LLC vs William Plise, Siena Office Park 3 LLC, et al	05/08/2007 Department 21	Other Civil Filing Closed
07A544792	Eagle Management And Investment, William Pllse vs Craig Johnson, William Snyder	07/18/2007 Department 13	Business Court Closed
07A545946	William Snyder, Michael Federighi, et al vs William Plise, Mitchell Stipp, et al	08/07/2007 Department 13	Business Court Closed
7A550206	William Plise vs AJR Inc, Antigone Rahi, et al	10/18/2007 Department 24	Other Civil Filing Closed
98A557513	Aquila Investments LLC, William Plise vs United Medical Imaging LLC, Radiology Consultants Imaging LLC, et al	02/20/2008 Department 11	Business Court Closed
<u>8A562444</u>	Aquila Investments LLC, William Plise vs United Medical Imaging LLC, Radiology Consultants Imaging LLC, et al	05/05/2008 Department 11	Business Court Closed
8A566676	Community Bank Of Nevada vs Plise Companies LLC, Aquila Investments LLC, et al	07/02/2008 Department 13	Business Court Open
<u>8A567117</u>	Aquila Investments LLC vs Cracked Egg LLC, Goteggs Inc, et al	07/09/2008 Department 11	Business Court Closed
8A569571	Eliot Alper, Eliot A Alper Revoc Trust, et al vs William Plise	08/13/2008 Department 16	Breach of Contract Open
8A571079	Precision Concrete vs Rainbow Sunset Pavilion Building B LLC, Plise Development & Construction LLC	09/05/2008 Department 16	Title to Property Closed
8A572600	R P Weddell And Sons Co vs William Plise, City Crossing 13 LLC, et al	09/30/2008 Department 16	Title to Property Open
8A576642	Travelers Casualty And Surety Co vs William Plise, Tenille Plise, et al	11/26/2008 Department 2	Breach of Contract Open
<u>8A577157</u>	Bank Of George vs William Plise, Aquila Investments LLC	12/05/2008 Department 3	Other Civil Filing Reopened
<u>8A578085</u>	Bank Of Nevada vs William Plise	12/17/2008 Department 18	Breach of Contract Open
9A581939	Banc Of America Leasing And Capital LL vs	02/05/2009 Department 10	Breach of Contract Open
9 <u>A587379</u>	Plise Development And Construction LLC	04/09/2009 Department 18	Civil Petition for Judicial Rev Open
1A292737	Joseph Steward, Brenda Steward vs Ryan	02/15/1991 Department 2	Negligence - Auto Closed





A-09-598088-C

Westar Fire Protection Inc, Plaintiff(s) vs. William Plise; Plise Development & Construction Department 19 LLC; GY Rainbow Holdings LLC, Defendant(s)

Family Trust; Community Bank Of Nevada,

Defendant(s)

08/27/2009

Title to Property Open

# OPPOSITION/COUNTERMOTION EXHIBIT 14

С	dse: 08-15780-bam [	Ooc #: 72	Filed:	07/02/2008	Page: 1 of 12
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	SHEA & CARLYON, L'CANDACE C. CARLYON Nevada Bar #02666 701 Bridger Avenue, Sui Las Vegas, Nevada 8910 Telephone: (702) 471-74 Facsimile: (702) 471-74 Counsel for Community in	DN, ESQ. te 850 1 432 435 Bank of Nevad		E ANKRUPTCY	LECTRONICALLY FILED JULY 2, 2008  COURT
8		DIS	STRICT	OF NEVADA	
9	In re:				DV G 00 15700 D AM
10				) CASE NO.  Chapter 11	BK-S-08-15780-BAM
11	CITY CROSSING I, LLC	2,		) DATE: OS	T PENDING
12	Debtor.			,	PENDING
13			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	)	
14					TINUE THE EXAMINATION SUED TO DEBTOR'S MOST
15	KNOWLEDGEA	BLE PERSO	N AND	OBTAIN A P	ROTECTIVE ORDER IN
16					I SUBPOENA ISSUED TO PEL WILLIAM PLISE TO
17		COMP	LY WI	TH SUBPOEN	<u>VA</u>
18	Community Bank	of Nevada, 1	by and tl	rough its cour	nsel, Candace C. Carlyon, Esq. of
19	the law firm of Shea & C	arlyon, Ltd., l	nereby fi	les its opposition	on to the Motion of Debtor: (1) To
20	Continue the Examination	n Date in Co	onnection	n With The St	ibpoena Issued to Debtor's Mos
21	Knowledgeable Person a	nd Obtain a	Protecti	ve Order in C	onnection Therewith; and (2) to
22					
23	Quash Subpoena Issued	to William	Plise (	the "Motion")	and Countermotion to Compe
24	Production. <sup>1</sup>				
25					
26					
27	separate Countermotion and red	quest for Order S	Shortening	Time has not bee	omply with the Court's ruling, a formal n filed. Counsel have been very requests, and CBN seeks this Court's
28					on below, in light of the shortened time

6 CARLYON, LTD. 201 Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 17021 471-7412

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This Opposition and Countermotion is made and based upon the attached Points and ĺ Authorities, the pleadings papers and records on file in this matter and any oral argument which 2 may be considered at the time of the hearing of the Opposition and Countermotion. 3 4 DATED this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of July, 2008. 5 SHEA & CARLYON, LTD. 6 7 CANDACE C. CARLYON, ESQ. 8 Nevada Bar No. 002666 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 9 Las Vegas, NV 89101 10 POINTS AND AUTHORITIES 11 I. BACKGROUND 12 13 As the Court may recall, upon filing the Bankruptcy the Debtor immediately filed an 14 adversary proceeding seeking to enjoin any action against Mr. William Plise (and other affiliates) 15 bn their guarantors of the Debtor's obligations. The Court granted a Temporary Restraining 16 Order, set a hearing on the Debtor's Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and approved expedited 17 discovery. On the eve of the discovery response deadline, the Debtor dismissed the request. 18 However, the Debtor has represented that Insider and Affiliate funding will be "essential to a 19 20 successful reorganization." See Debtor's Complaint in adversary #08-01177, ¶32. 21 In addition, Debtor has represented that: 22 Mr. Plise is not just he owner of Plise Development and the Debtor. He is the 23 driving force behind those entities. Indeed, Mr. Plise is indispensable and he takes an extremely active role in each of the projects developed by Plise 24 Development, including City Crossing. Mr. Plise oversees every aspect of the development process from the acquisition, planning, financing, construction, 25 leasing and sale of each of the projects. Among other things, Mr. Plise 26 currently spends up to sixty hours a week reviewing development plans, directing construction activities and working on financing issues in respect of 27 City Crossing. Put simply, Mr. Plise's expertise is essential to the success of City Crossing. 28

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Bridger Avenue, Suite #50 Vegas, Nevada #9101 1471-7432 28 Id. at paragraph 32.

On June 17, Debtor filed amended schedules and statements reflecting almost \$7 million in distributions to insiders within a year of the petition. See Docket # 57, Statement of Financial Affairs ("SOFA"), Item. 23. Although not totaled, it appears that additional transfers to insiders in the approximate amount of \$3 million were made to insiders within one year of the petition. SOFA, #3(b).

### II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

#### A. Scope of 2004.

Bankruptcy Rule 2004 provides in pertinent part:

- (a) Examination on Motion. On motion of any party in interest the court may order the examination of any entity.
- (b) Scope of Examination. The examination of an entity under this rule or of the debtor under § 343 of the Code may relate only to the acts, conduct, or property or to the liabilities and financial condition of the debtor, or to any matter which may affect the administration of the debtor's estate, or to the debtor's right to a discharge. In a ... reorganization case under chapter 11 of the Code, other than for the reorganization of a railroad, the examination may also relate to the operation of any business and the desirability of its continuance, the source of any money or property acquired or to be acquired by the debtor for purposes of consummating a plan and the consideration given or offered therefor, and any other matter relevant to the case or to the case or to the formulation of a plan.

The cases addressing Bankruptcy Rule 2004 uniformly hold that the language of Rule 2004 contemplates a broad scope of inquiry. See, e.g., In re Valley Forge Plaza Associates, 109 B.R. 669 (Bankr. E.D. Penn. 1990) ("The scope of a R2004 examination is even broader than that of discovery permitted under the F.R.Civ.P., which themselves contemplate broad, easy access to discovery."); In re Szadkowski, 198 B.R. 140 (Bankr. D. Maryland 1996) ("A Rule 2004 examination allows a broad "fishing expedition" into an entity's affairs for the purpose of obtaining information relevant to the administration of the bankruptcy estate").

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The documents required in the 2004 Orders are appropriate to the examination of the Debtor's financial affairs, operations, ability to reorganize, recovery of insider transfers, and whether a trustee or examiner should be appointed in this case.

#### B. Specific Objections to Production of Documents

Unfortunately, the Debtor filed the Motion for Protective Order prior to the already scheduled "meet and confer" discussion. As is the intent of, inter alia, LR 7026(g)(2), counsel are expected to attempt to resolve discovery disputes before requesting court intervention.

Following such discussions, it appears that the following are the present resolutions, offers, and outstanding offers of CBN relative to this matter, and the authorities for CBN's position relative to specific issues.

### REQUEST NO. 1:

Produce a general ledger and check register for the period March 1, 2003 through June 2, 2008 for each of the City Crossing Entities.

Debtor states that such documents have been produced; however, as discussed below, the production in "tiff" format has made review prior to the deadline for this opposition virtually impossible. This issue is discussed in Section C, below.

## REQUEST NO. 2:

Produce all Documents reflecting the transfer or expenditure of any sums received by You, or any of your Affiliates or Insiders, directly or indirectly, from any loan or sales proceeds with respect to the City Crossing Property, from and after March 1, 2003.

<sup>11</sup> U.S.C. §1104(c) provides that "If the court does not order the appointment of a trustee under this section, then at any time before the confirmation of a plan, on request of a party in interest or the United States trustee, and after notice and a hearing, the court shall order the appointment of an examiner to conduct such an investigation of the debtor as is appropriate, including an investigation of any allegations of fraud, dishonesty, incompetence, misconduct, mismanagement, or irregularity in the management of the affairs of the debtor of or by current or former management of the debtor, if...the debtor's fixed, liquidated, unsecured debts, other than debts for goods, services, or taxes, or owing to an insider, exceed \$5,000,000." Such is the case here.

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Debtor states it has produced all of the closing statements which reflect the initial disbursement of such funds, and information regarding transfers. CBN requests that any documents reflecting subsequent transfers by insiders and affiliates be produced, and that the production include the actual source documents (i.e., cancelled checks, records of transfer and receipts of wires, etc.). This issue remains outstanding. REQUEST NO. 3:

Produce copies of all Documents reflecting outstanding invoices or debts owing by any of the City Crossing Entities.

Debtor declines to produce any of the requested documents, claiming that it would be overly burdensome offer to review all of the Debtor's accounts payable files. CBN has requested that the Debtor produce at this time the source documents relied upon in preparing the schedules; and that the Debtor set a time for Counsel to review the accounts payable files at the Debtor's convenience, so as to minimize any burden to the Debtor.

### REQUEST NO. 4:

Produce copies of any contracts or other Documents which refer or relate to any development, entitlement, or other work or acts which must be completed prior to commencing construction of improvements as the City Crossing Property.

Debtor offered to produce only the entitlement agreement with the City of Henderson, and copies of all of Debtor's executory contracts. CBN responded that the development agreement, previously filed in the adversary case, need not be produced, but that documents demonstrating work necessary to bring the project to the condition contemplated for sale or refinancing to be produced, offering to provide additional time for such production. Debtor's Second Production included only the development agreement. This issue remains outstanding.

Case: 08-15780-bam Doc #: 72 Filed: 07/02/2008 Page: 6 of 12 REQUEST NO. 5: 1 Produce copies of all financial statements (including drafts) prepared within the last 12 2 months for each of the City Crossing Entities and any Affiliate or Insider. 3 4 Debtor represents that all Debtor's final financial statements have been produced. CBN 5 requests that the financial statements of the insiders who received transfers from the Debtors be 6 produced. This issue remains outstanding. 7 REQUEST NO. 6: 8 Produce copies of the escrow closing statement with respect to the closing of any sale, 9 10 or transfer, or refinancing of any part of the City Crossing Property. 11 Debtor represents that these documents have been produced with regard to the most 12 recent transactions, and CBN has requested that all such documents be produced. Debtor 13 agreed, but has not yet produced the additional documents. 14 REQUEST NO. 7: 15 Produce copies of all Documents reflecting the disposition of all proceeds of sale or 16 17 financing of any the City Crossing Property. 18 Debtor indicates that the closing statements and bank statements contain this 19 information. 20 REQUEST NO. 8: 21 Produce Copies of all Documents relating to the possible sale or refinancing of the City 22 23 Crossing Property. 24 Debtor refuses to produce such documents, stating that they are confidential. However, 25 CBN and the Debtor previously negotiated, and CBN executed, a confidentiality agreement in 26 this case. This issue is key to whether the probability of success of a reorganization. This issue 27 remains outstanding. 28

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Page: 7 of 12 REQUEST NO. 9: 1 Produce Copies of all documents reflecting the transfer or disposition of any money or 2 property in excess of \$10,000 in any single transaction; or \$100,000 in the aggregate, by You 3 4 or any Affiliate or Insider between June 1, 2007 and June 2, 2008. 5 Debtor represents that the check ledgers relative to all transfers have now been 6 produced. 7 REQUEST NO. 10: 8 Produce every Document which reflects or relates to the value of the City Crossing 9 10 Property. 11 Debtor has produced no responsive documents, and CBN requests that the Court order 12 such production. 13 REQUEST NO. 11: 14 Produce all contracts, invoices, or other evidence of any business transactions or 15 16 relationship between Debtor and any Affiliate or Insider. 17 Debtor has produced no responsive documents specific to this request, and CBN 18 requests that the Court order such production. 19 REQUEST NO. 12: 20 Produce copies of all bank records for each of the City Crossing Entities for the time 21 period March 1, 2008 through June 2, 2008. 22 23 Debtor indicates that these records have been produced. 24 REQUEST NO. 13: 25 Produce copies of all insurance policies currently in effect for the Debtor. 26 Debtor indicates that these records have been produced. 27 28

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Case: 08-15780-ba Doc #: 72 Filed: 07/02/2008 Page: 8 of 12 REQUEST NO. 14: 1 For the period March 3, 2008 through June 30, 2008, produce copies of all documents 2 reflecting communications by, between, or among any of the following: 3 4 Any of the City Crossing Entities a. 5 b. Any creditor of any of the City Crossing Entities 6 C. Any prospective purchaser, lender, investor or joint venturer with respect to the 7 City Crossing Property. 8 d. Any Affiliate or Insider (excepting non-business communications) 9 10 Any governmental branch, agency, department, or municipality. 11 Debtor has refused to produce any such documents, on the basis that the request is 12 burdensome. CBN has requested that the Debtor produce communications with any 13 governmental branch, agency, department, or municipality, and seeks leave to defer 14 consideration of any ruling as to the balance of the request pending CBN's oral examination of 15 the Debtor and its principal. 16 17 C. Other Issues 18 1. Date of Examination. 19 Debtor has requested that the date of the examinations be continued until after the §341 20 meeting, which is scheduled for July 10. CBN has offered to move the date of the examinations 21 to Friday, July 11. 22 23 2. Appearance of Mr. Plise 24 Debtor apparently asserts that Mr. Plise's testimony would be duplicative of Mr. Moore's. 25 CBN disagrees, as a factual matter, given the Debtor's prior judicial admissions regarding the 26 necessity of an infusion of financing by Mr. Plise and his unique control of the development of 27

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the project and potential reorganization. Further, such an objection is simply not a cognizable defense to a discovery request.

#### 3. **Guarantor Claims**

Debtor seems to suggest that it is seeking to prohibit examination of Mr. Plise through a fear that CBN is utilizing the 2004 process to assist with collection efforts relative to Mr. Plise's guaranty of the Debtor's obligations rather than to investigate matters within the scope of rule 2004. However, CBN has offered to stipulate that questioning regarding Mr. Plise's financial condition (and that of non-debtor affiliates) will be limited to matters which may relate to (1) disposition and current location of funds received from Debtors or the City Crossing project; (2) transactions and relationship with the Debtor (inclusive of its predecessors); (3) ability andwillingness to fund the Debtor's reorganization; and (4) matters relating to potential alter ego claims of the Debtor estate.

It is submitted that the existence of a separate litigation is not sufficient to overcome the right to examine the Debtor's principal, whose financial infusion is essential to the Debtor's reorganization; and who is uniquely in "control of the development of the project and potential reorganization."

This issue was discussed by Judge Haines in In re Fibercom, Inc., 283 B.R. 290, Bankr. D. Ariz. 2002):

> [C]ounsel for [the creditor] argued that the discovery sought is broader than that of the pending litigation and likely that there will be additional claims uncovered. This is precisely in line with the purpose of Rule 2004, "to allow the court to gain a clear picture of the condition and the whereabouts of the bankrupt's estate." Moore v. Lang (In re Lang), 107 B.R. 130, 132 (Bankr.N.D.Ohio 1989)(citing Cameron v. United States, 231 U.S. 710, 34 S.Ct. 244, 58 L.Ed. 448 (1914)). Consequently when the Rule 2004 examination relates not to the pending adversary litigation, but to another matter, the "pending proceeding" rule does not apply. In re M4 Enters., Inc., 190 B.R. 471, 475 (Bankr.N.D.Ga.1995); see also In re Buick, 174 B.R. 299, 305

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(Bankr.D.Colo.1994). Counsel for AT & T disputed Liberty's argument that the discovery sought is broader than any pending litigation, but has not convinced this Court that that is the case.

More importantly, however, the purpose of the "pending litigation" rule would not be served by precluding discovery here. The reason for the rule is to avoid Rule 2004 usurping the narrower rules for discovery in a pending adversary proceeding. See, e.g., First Fin. Sav. Assoc. v. Kipp (In re Kipp), 86 B.R. 490 (Bankr.W.D.Tex.1988). (stating that once an adversary proceeding is initiated, a party to it "could no longer use Rule 2004 to obtain discovery relevant to the adversary"). However, the court holds the ultimate discretion whether to permit the use of Rule 2004, and courts have for various reasons done so despite the existence of other pending litigation. In re M4 Enters., Inc., 190 B.R. 471 (Bankr.N.D.Ga.1995); In re Sun Med. Mgmt., Inc., 104 B.R. 522, 524 (Bankr.M.D.Ga.1989), (allowing Rule 2004 examination when there is possible fraud and quoting In re Table Talk, Inc., 51 B.R. 143 at 145 (Bankr.D.Mass.1985), as stating, "Bankruptcy Rule 2004 examinations are allowed for the purpose of discovering assets and unearthing frauds").

### 2. Shotgun Objections

CBN requests that the Court overrule the Debtor's twelve "shotgun" objections which contain no analysis and are asserted as blanket objections to the requested discovery. Such discovery tactics are universally rejected.

"[O]bjections should be plain enough and specific enough so that the court can understand in what way the interrogatories are alleged to be objectionable. <u>Davis v. Fendler</u>, 650 F.2d 1154, 1160 (9th Cir. 1981).

All objections must be stated with specificity and any objection not raised is waived. Fed.R.Civ.P. 33(b)(4). "Mere recitation of familiar litany that interrogatory is 'overly broad, burdensome, oppressive, and irrelevant' "does not suffice as specific objection... While Rule 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure does not contain the same specificity and waiver provisions as Rule 33 of the Federal rules of Civil Procedure, the Advisory Committee notes to Rule 34 states that "the procedure provided for in Rule 34 is essentially the same as that in Rule 33."

Fisher v. Baltimore Life Ins. Co., 235 F.R.D. 617, 622-23 (N.D.W.Va. 2006)(internal citations

omitted).

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[Defendant] objects generally to this interrogatory as "overly broad, burdensome, oppressive and irrelevant", a complaint which [Defendant] echoes with virtually every other interrogatory. To voice a successful objection to an interrogatory, [Defendant] cannot simply intone this familiar litany. Rather, [Defendant] must show specifically how, despite the broad and liberal construction afforded the federal discovery rules, each interrogatory is not relevant or how each question is overly broad, burdensome or oppressive, by submitting affidavits or offering evidence revealing the nature of the burden...General objections without specific support may result in waiver of the objections.

Roesberg v. Johns-Manville Corp., 85 F.R.D. 292, 296-97 (D.C. Pa. 1980)(internal citations omitted).

### Refusal to Produce Documents in Their Native Format

Debtor ultimately produced approximately 5,000 pages of documents in "tiff" format, which requires each page to be individually opened (essentially as a "photograph"). Even prior to counsel's conference held on Monday, June 30, counsel for CBN requested that the documents be produced in paper or "native format." The producing party has an obligation to refrain from altering the form of documents in a manner which makes review more difficult and expensive. See, e.g., US v. O'Keefe, 537 F.Supp 2<sup>nd</sup> 14, 23(D.C. Cir. 2008).

### III. CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, it is respectfully requested that the Motion be denied; that the Countermotion be granted; and that William Plise be compelled to comply with the subpoena and produce the following documents:

Documents reflecting subsequent transfers by insiders and affiliates be produced, 1. and that the production include the actual source documents (i.e., cancelled checks, records of transfer and receipts of wires, etc.).

2. Source documents relied upon in preparing the schedules. 1 3. Documents demonstrating work necessary to bring the project to the condition 2 contemplated for sale or refinancing to be produced. 3 4 4. Financial statements of the insiders who received transfers from the Debtors. 5 5. Produce copies of all escrow closing statements with respect to the closing of any 6 sale, or transfer, or refinancing of any part of the City Crossing Property. 7 6. Copies of all Documents relating to the possible sale or refinancing of the City 8 Crossing Property. 9 10 7. Every Document which reflects or relates to the value of the City Crossing 11 Property. 12 8. All contracts, invoices, or other evidence of any business transactions or 13 relationship between Debtor and any Affiliate or Insider. 14 9. All communications with any governmental branch, agency, department, or 15 16 municipality 17 DATED this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of July, 2008. 18 SHEA & CARLYON, LTD. 19 20 //s// CANDACE C. CARLYON, ESQ. 21 Nevada Bar No. 002666 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 850 22 Las Vegas, NV 89101 23 24 25 26 27 28

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Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

## **Settlement of Child Visitation Issues**

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: ccstipp@gmail.com

Fri, May 1, 2009 at 8:14 AM

Christina: I wanted to write in an attempt to resolve our dispute concerning timeshare with the children. I would like to settle the matter if you modify the arrangement to provide me credit for the weekend visitation you may take on the first weekend of the month and for one (1) additional day of visitation. Please let me know if this offer is acceptable. Of course, this offer (along with all prior offers) is protected by the settlement priviledge.

Tl	hanl	ks.







Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

## Settlement of Child Visitation Issues

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Fri, May 1, 2009 at 6:00 PM To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Cc: rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Christina: I have carefully considered your counter-proposal, and while it does not provide me the additional time I think I should have with the children, I accept the terms and will have Radford prepare a stipulation regarding the same and provide it to your counsel on Monday. In order to expedite the matter, I ask you to inform your counsel of the settlement and that he timely reviews the proposed stipulation and you sign the same.

I am satisfied that we were able to work out a resolution on this matter and hope that we can put the animosity behind us.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

To: Mitchell Stipp < mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Sent: Friday, May 1, 2009 4:45:16 PM

**Subject:** Re: Settlement of Child Visitation Issues

Ok. I think we have both made good faith efforts to resolve our custody dispute, and I thank you for this. The following is what I see as the best compromise given our respective positions, i.e., it's more than I had originally been comfortable with giving and less than what you clarified you wanted, however, I think it gives us both what we want in the end and, most importantly, will be best for our children (Note that you will get a total of (4) additional days a month on an alternating 2 day, 3 day weekly basis):

- 1) 1st weekend of the month: If I exercise it, then you get the thurs and fri immediately preceding (wed. at 6 to fri at 6);
- 2) You get to tack on two (2) additional Fridays to your normal visitation during the month. I propose the second and fourth Fridays of every month (thurs at 6 to sunday at 6);
- 3) ROR (4 hours with someone else---school doesn't count);
- 4) Split educational costs and expenses;
- 5) Withdraw your pending motion.

#### --Christina

On Fri, May 1, 2009 at 4:30 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote: Yes. I sent you a follow up email. I was not sure if the one below was sent from my phone. I am on the computer now.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@qmail.com>

To: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

**Sent:** Friday, May 1, 2009 4:26:15 PM





Subject: Re: Settlement of Child Visitation Issues

Ohhhh...in addition to the make up days for 1st weekend of the month?

On Fri, May 1, 2009 at 4:19 PM, Mitchell Stipp < mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com > wrote: I may have miscommunicated, but I was asking for one (1) extra day per week



Christina Calderon-Stipp < ccstipp@gmail.com>

## **Explanation for Rejected Settlement**

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Tue, Jul 7, 2009 at 6:23 PM

To: smg@jimmersonhansen.com, rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Cc: ccstipp@gmail.com

#### Shawn:

I sent an email rejecting Christina's proposed settlement of our outstanding issues. In that email, I indicated that I would separately provide an explanation for my decision. This email shall serve as that explanation and is protected by all applicable privileges and court rules regarding settlement.

The stipulation is been proffered in bad faith. Any settlement offer should only contain an offer of more time and NOTHING ELSE. Judge Sullivan made it clear in his minute order that he was directing the parties to mediation to address ONLY the issue of providing me additional time with the children. I do not need to remind you that your client wrongly rescinded our prior settlement agreement (although I am still reserving the right to enforce it); however, six weeks later and less than one day before our scheduled mediation, you re-packaged it with an offer of less time with the children and new conditions.

First, two additional days per month is not sufficient time. I am available and willing to care for the children every single day of their lives. I am fit to do so and there is absolutely no reason why I should not have more time (despite you and your client's attempts to manufacture issues). I desire to have 50% of the time; however, in the interest of settlement I am (and have been willing) to accept less. This willingness is reflective of my goal of compromise and good faith. Judge Sullivan has indicated that he believes I should have more time with the children. Read the transcripts. While I previously agreed in the prior settlement to accept two additional days, I did so to settle the matter and Christina was also willing to provide me credit for visitation time taken by her for the first weekend of the month. Christina rejected this settlement without explanation and now is offering less time. Why? At minimum, Christina should have honored the prior settlement terms by offering at least the time to which we previously agreed. It is absolutely bad faith to proffer a settlement with less time and additional conditions. That is simply ridiculous. Second, while I am interested in coparenting our children, your reliance on a statement I made in an email regarding my desire to coparent with Christina is misplaced. I am uninterested in jumping through any hoops. Judge Sullivan has already indicated that he would not order me to participate in any such classes. Read the transcripts. To be honest, I am capable of attending classes and seeking family counseling on my own to assist with the issues raised by Christina's alienation of the children. Third, this issue of telephonic communication with the children has already been addressed in our marital settlement agreement and in separate emails exchanged between Christina and me. For the record, Christina has never provided or even faciliated daily contact with the children despite my desire. If the children want to speak to Christina while they are in my care, they are free to do so and I am absolutely willing to faciliate it. However, I am not going to agree to force the children to call her. And finally, Christina has again asked that I pay 1/2 of the costs and expenses of the children's private school education. To date, I have already paid for my share of their private school tuition without obligation to do so. Further, Judge Sullivan has made it very clear that he will not order me to pay these costs and expenses. Read the transcripts. While I have agreed to pay for their private



school tuition in our last settlement, Christina rejected the deal.

To summarize, Judge Sullivan has said that I should have more time with the children. He has also indicated that he would not order me to pay private school costs and expenses or attend co-parenting classes. Clearly, you have some reading to do. His position is very clear. Judge Sullivan also has scheduled an evidentiary hearing for October 27. What do you think all of this means? Given your client's offer, I honestly believe that I will receive more time with the children from Judge Sullivan. I also have the right to move to enforce the prior settlement agreement or appeal any adverse rulings after the evidentiary hearing. There is absolutely no benefit to me to agree to a settlement that provides less time and these new conditions.

Having explained the reasons for the current settlement rejection, I now feel obligated to provide a counteroffer. I agree to dismiss my motion for reconsideration with prejudice and waive the right to enforce the prior settlement agreement IF AND ONLY IF Christina provides (i) one additional 24 hour period per week either immediately before or after my normal weekend visitation and (ii) credit for any visitation time exercised by Christina that ordinarily falls during my regularly scheduled weekend visitation (including the first weekend of the month or holiday time). This is my bottom line. I really do not think Judge Sullivan will find objectionable my request. Your client still has more than 50% of the time. I fully expect Christina to be able to address this offer at our scheduled mediation tomorrow and for you to provide in writing the reasons for its rejection (assuming that it is).

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp < ccstipp@qmail.com>

**To:** Mitchell Stipp <<u>mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com</u>> **Sent:** Tuesday, July 7, 2009 12:51:21 PM

**Subject:** Stipulation

Mitch,

Attached is correspondence and a proposed stipulation Shawn forwarded to Rad. I am sending it to you separately to avoid a delay in transmission. Please review it tonight. I believe, and I hope you will to, that it fully and adequately addresses all of our outstanding issues.

Thanks, Christina



## Keep MIA out of the Middle

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Wed, Sep 23, 2009 at 2:37 PM

I received your email below. I never coached Mia to call you and ask for more time. If you can believe it (and you probably do not), she did it on her own. Every Sunday when I tell her she has to go to your house she complains that she did not get to stay long enough or wants to stay longer. This last weekend she specifically asked to call you and I facilitated the call. I did not know she intended only to call you to ask for more time. Next time, I will simply tell her that she can talk to you about this issue when she returns home. Problem solved. Notwithstanding these facts, our timeshare arrangement does not mean you should ignore your daughter's pleas to spend more time with me (even though you have ignored mine for more than a year). I am the children's father and desire to spend as much time with them as possible. It blows my mind that you hinder this. Most mothers would be happy that the father of their children wants to be as involved as I do. You are simply too insecure and hell bent on control to allow the children to fully experience this.

The issue of Mia attending school full days has been completely mismanaged by you. You never responded to my email asking you to make her go. Mia called me yesterday and the first thing she said to me was that you told her that I was "forcing" her to go full days. That is what Mia said you told her. So, apparently Mia was not telling the truth according to you (which I doubt) or she was simply repeating what you told her. Why would she make this up? This is very different from your "version" of the facts below (and very different from facts you use to support your assertion that I put the kids in the middle of our disputes).

As far as Mia dealing with our divorce, she has only been affected by your actions and comments. I do not think Mia handled very well your communications to her that I am a cheater, that I stole all your money, and that you do not like Amy, etc. Mia loves us. She struggled a great deal when you prohibited her from talking to Amy and/or hung up the phone in the middle of phone calls. She also is confused because she does not understand why Amy is married to me and not James, who Mia does not even know. I suppose you will still deny telling Mia these things. Bottom line...these are bad things you have done to her and are the primary cause of Mia's emotional issues. I did not cause them; you did. It is interesting to me that Mia now claims you like Amy. We know this is not true, but I really do not care. I think it is good for Mia to believe that, but that is not why you claim to like her. It has everything to do with Mia's prospective visits to a psychologist. I do not think Mia will lie when these issues are un-covered. What will you do then? Is that why you asked me not to use Mia's treatment for litigation purposes? Why would you care if you have been the perfect mother you claim to be? I do not have a problem with anything that I have done.

Sending my email to you to Tara Hall was probably funny to you (but I think only embarrassed you in the end). I do not regret calling you a bitch or that Tara thinks that I think you are one because it is the truth. I spent an enormous amount of time last year with the children's teachers and the administration at TBS undoing your bad behavior and trash talking. I am not going to pay for the opportunity to do it this year (or any other). What kind of mother pulls their kids out of school just so their father cannot see them during the week claiming financial hardship?

I do not want to cause Mia any more stress or anxiety over this issue. She gets enough from you. I was absolutely fine with Mia going to school before if that was something she wanted and her teachers and you supported. The fact that she does not want to go and now believes that I am the one who is forcing her to go (and is mad at me for it) is why I no longer support the idea. Do not write me any more about it. Do not ask me for money. As far as your other suggestions, it would be better if you just go fuck yourself.

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 23, 2009 10:43 AM



To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Keep MIA out of the Middle

Mitchell,

Please refrain from calling me a "bitch" and cease any other namecalling in the future. Let's focus on the kids. You need to get a hold of your continuing animosity toward me.

I find it hypocritical that you accuse me of putting adult decisions to Mia when you are guilty of exactly that misconduct. You did not allow me to speak to Mia the entire past weekend, except that one hour before the child exchange you coached Mia to call me with the specific purpose of telling me that I needed to give her more time with you. In the past she had communicated to me that you tell her I am not "sharing" her with you fairly.

We agreed on a timeshare modification on July 8th. Please do not put Mia in the middle of your disatisfaction with the custodial arrangement as you did and have done many times in the past. Not surprisingly, your actions caused Mia to exhibit tremendous anger and anxiety upon her return home to me on Sunday. I believe that this contributed greatly to her reluctance to continue full-day at preschool, or, at minimum, caused her unnecessry and avoidable distress.

If it was up to Mia, she would choose to live with both of us, in the same home, forever. Unfortunately for her, she has to come to terms with the fact of the divorce, and we, as her parents, need to do everything on our part to facilitate and not hinder this.

I did not tell Mia that you were forcing her to go to school fulltime. I told her that you supported her going full-time just as I told her that her teachers and friends did as well.

I suggest that we give her a date certain in the future, one that we jointly decide on, and together we prepare her for that transition. I met with Ms. Hall this morning and she agreed. She said to expect some regression, but giving her a set future date was a good idea.

-Christina

Sent from my iPhone

On Sep 22, 2009, at 7:44 PM, "Mitchell Stipp" < mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com > wrote:

- > You told me last week that Mia wanted to go to school full days.
- > She tried it out and apparently liked it according to you and her
- > teacher. When I asked her about it this weekend, Mia said she liked
- > it and wanted to continue. You asked me to pay ½ of the additional
- > cost and to make this decision by Monday. I agreed to do so as requ
- > ested. However, Mia has attended school only 1/2 days this week becau
- > se apparently she does not want to go full days anymore. I asked yo
- > u to take her anyway (assuming that you, her teacher and me know wha
- > t is best for her). You have offered no good reason why she should
- > not go full days (and apparently you have left this decision entirel
- > y to the whims of Mia). To make matters worse, today on the telepho
- > ne Mia informed me that you told her that I am "forcing" her to



> go full days and she scolded me for it. Your decision to tell Mia t> hat is poor judgment and just bad parenting.

> Tara Hall has confirmed that no arrangements have been made by you > for Mia to attend full days. It is clear that you do not intend to > take her and Mia no longer wants to go full days. Therefore, my > offer to pay ½ of the additional cost is withdrawn. If Mia decides > she wants to go or you decide to send her later, you can pay for it > yourself. I do not want to be part of a situation where I am "forci > ng" Mia to go to school full days. I am only trying to help and you > are just being a bitch.

> >



From: Mitchell Stipp (mstipp@msjmadvisors.com)

Sent: Fri 12/05/08 10:01 AM

To: Christina Calderon-Stipp (ccstipp@hotmail.com)

Thanks for the reply.

Ethan has had difficulty sleeping at night. I have had to rock him back to sleep when he wakes up or bring him to my bed. I do not think removing the crib tent is a good idea for now. He is too small to be wandering the house at night (and certainly won't stay in his bed for naps).

Mia's issues with clothes have little to do with any mental illness and everything to do with a desire to do things on her own terms. I have been able to get her to wear a variety of dresses. She also will buckle or strap her shoes when she needs to. Of course she wears extra large panties and won't wear tights. I think a therepist is only good if he or she provides you parenting tools necessary to resolve the "problem."

Give mia and ethan mucinex for their cough along with a vaporizer at night. You will notice that ethan will get sick more often and the symptoms will be worse because he is in school. When I visited ethan this week I noticed that several kids had coughts and runny noses (especially isaac who is always hugging and kissing ethan).

With regard to your recent letter to radford (which I have not read), I expect you will receive a reply in the next several days.

Be advised that plise's offices are closing today and that I will no longer be providing any services. Please direct any further communication to my home number at 7023040275 (no more texts) and my email address at mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com.

Give the kids my best and I hope you enjoy your time with them. I certainly will miss them greatly.

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@hotmail.com>

Sent: Friday, December 05, 2008 8:24 AM

To: mstipp@msjmadvisors.com <mstipp@msjmadvisors.com>

Subject: RE: Kids' Health

Mitchell,

The doctor checked out the kids. Ethan has a very red throat. They checked him for strep, came back negative. Mia shows no signs of infection. She prescribed some cough/congestion medication for both kids. One for daytime, one for night usage as it has codeine.

Ethan has been very cranky. He is obviously in pain. He is having difficulty sleeping. He wants to be held by me all the time and now wants to be rocked to sleep. He has woken up in the middle of the night the past few nights and won't return to his crib. I think I may have to remove the crib tent and convert it to a toddler bed. Do you still have the crib tent? You may want to consider the same if he reacts the same with you.





He skipped his nap yesterday and overall slept better with the codeine, but was up in the middle of the night and early this morning.

Mia reacted poorly to the codeine. She hated the taste and when she took a big swallow, she threw up her entire day's worth of food all over herself and her bed just before bedtime. She was ok after that. Her cough appears to have lessened.

I asked Dr. about Mia's tactile aversion issues. Although we have never spoked of this, I did talk to your sister a couple of times at drop off and have spoken to her teachers several times about Mia's abnormal reactions to tight underwear, buckling her shoes, seatbelts, and any clothes other than the one polka dot dress she favors. This started over the summer. Given the change in weather, I have been unable to convince her to wear tights, leggings, or pants of any kind. Her reaction is strong and loud. She screams and stuggles and will tear the offending clothes off. Nothing seems to work. Not bribes, encouragement, threats, or spanking. If you hadn't noticed, she will no longer wear her skort uniform, thus, I purchased a week's worth of jumpers and she wears those every day now to school.

Dr. said this didn't seem right. She said not to be alarmed, but she had one other patient with similar behavior that was diagnosed as bi-polar. I any event, she i working o giving m referral t

Also, re Ethan. He's 20 mos. old. He should be off of bottles. I give them to him at night and in a.m., but we should eliminate them completely. I'm not sure what you do with bottles and Ethan.

Sippy cups. I think we should transition Mia off of them by now. She is 4. Also, she says you give her milk to drink at night. I only allow water. Recall that milk has sugar.

Please keep up the 2x a day brushing of teeth for both kids. I got a reminder card for Mia's 6 mos. dental check up. Ethan should be taken in as well.

I will be keeping Ethan home today.

#### Thanks,

Christina> From: mstipp@msjmadvisors.com> Subject: RE: Kids' Health> Date: Thu, 4 Dec 2008 10:19:29 -0800> To: ccstipp@hotmail.com> > I am concerned as well. I went to visit the kids at school and they were not there. Let me know if there is anything I can do. I hope they feel better. >> ----Original Message----> From: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@hotmail.com>> Sent: Thursday, December 04, 2008 9:49 AM> To: mstipp@msjmadvisors.com <mstipp@msjmadvisors.com>> Subject: Kids' Health> > Mitchell,> > The kids continue to be ill. Ethan's cough concerns me. He is having trouble sleeping at night. Mia's cough also continues. They both have green mucus. I'm taking them to the doctor's today.> > FYI.> > --Christina>

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Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

### knock knees

Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>
To: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Tue, Apr 28, 2009 at 1:15 PM

Mitch.

As I told you via voicemail earlier today, Ethan's pediatrician said she definitely thought it was knock knees. She said it was the most severe case she had ever seen. She was also concerned that one leg looked longer than the other. As I anticipated, she referred us to a specialist.

His name is Dr. David G. Stewart. He's a board certified Pediatric Orthopedist. His phone number is 434-6920. I don't have his exact Summerlin address, but the scheduling person said Tower 2 in the Summerlin Hospital Medical Center. His appt. is on Tues., May 12 at 12:30.

In the future, if you ever notice anything about the children that seems out of the norm, please communicate it to me, even if you think it's obvious or not a big deal. On that same note, I asked the pediatrician about Ethan's recent stuttering. Have you noticed it? She said it didn't seem to be a problem and was normal for his age. They are processing the words quicker than they can speak them at his age.

Thanks, Christina

On Mon, Apr 27, 2009 at 7:51 PM, Christina Calderon-stipp < <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a>> wrote:
Thanks for the offer, but as I said when I called you tonight with my concerns about his legs, I can take him. It looks like he will have to see a pediatric orthopedist. As always, I'll keep you updated.

Christina

Sent from my iPhone

On Apr 27, 2009, at 7:01 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com > wrote:

I did the same and feel comfortable that while knock knees is normal he should be taken to a doctor as a precaution. I am happy to take him if you prefer.

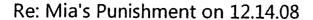
**From:** Christina Calderon-Stipp < <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a>>

**Sent:** Monday, April 27, 2009 6:53 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp < mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Subject: knock knees

I just researched and found that his legs look like he has knock knees, which is the opposite of bowleg. His knees touch and his ankles are apart. Just an FYI if you want to read up on it.



From: Mitchell Stipp (mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com)

Sent: Wed 12/17/08 5:55 PM

To: Christina Calderon-Stipp (ccstipp@hotmail.com)

I have tried in good faith since our divorce to coparent with you. You are not really interested in that. You are only interested in telling me how to be a parent. You only sent the emails because you believe that you can use them to your advantage in your ridiculous attempt to obtain primary physical custody of the children. If you really cared about the matter, why didn't you pick up the telephone and call me? Instead, you decided it made more sense to email me multiple times to establish some sort of record of "reaching out" and fill them with self serving language about your coparenting techniques and attack me. Since your motives are now clear, I will now provide you the written response you have desperately requested.

With respect to the events of this weekend, there were many circumstances that resulted in my decision to spank Mia. I will described in detail the final event. I was giving Mia a bath. While in the bath, Ethan came into the bathroom. While next to the tub, Mia poured a cup of water on Ethan. I scolded Mia and asked her to get out of the tub so I can dry her. She refused. Ultimately, I had to physically remove Mia from the tub. She would not allow me to dry her. She covered up in her towel and laid on the floor. I told her that I was upset at her behavior. She informed me that she "did not like me anymore" and that I was a "jerk." I dried her off and tried to get her dressed. I tried to dress her for 15 minutes. During this time period, I threatened to spank her multiple times. She refused to cooperate. Finally, I spanked Mia on her rear end. She continued to disobey and say inappropriate things like "you are a lair." Obviously, I was not getting through to her. I then patted my hand across her cheek. She was not hit or spanked 10 times. She was not physically touched by anything but my hand. She was not smacked, punched, kicked, cut, burned, poked or scratched. Her face was not bright red. I did not examine her butt, but I do not expect she had any swelling or bruising. If she did, I am sure I would have heard about it from you. Mia was not abused.

Mia had a difficult weekend. She refused to get dressed. She had a meltdown in the parking lot at the mall because she wanted to go home. She used inappropriate language (jerk, loser, and silly bitch) regularly despite being told to use "good words.". None of these instances resulted in a spanking (although I warned her several times that one was imminent).

Regardless of our differences, you know that I am a good father. You have your explanation now. While I appreciate your concerns regarding the welfare of Mia and Ethan, I do not need to obtain your permission to punish them or justify the punishment. I have never abused Mia or Ethan. You know that. I do not question you when you have spanked Mia or slapped her. I trust your judgement. You have no reason not to trust mine.

It has been over a month since I asked you for the passports. Please provide them.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@hotmail.com>

To: mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com

Sent: Wednesday, December 17, 2008 2:35:32 PM

Subject: Mia's Punishment on 12.14.08

Mitch.



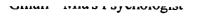
I am very concerned that you have not responded to my emails asking to discuss this weekend's incident where Mia said you slapped her across the face and spanked her 10 times, really hard. I was trying not to overreact, but Mia's face and behind were bright red and this is very disturbing to me. While I don't have an issue with corporal punishment in general, the severity of the spanking and the action of slapping her across the face concerns me as it constitutes abuse. Your silence about it makes me even more concerned.

Mia is only 4 years old and weighs only 30 lbs. A slap across the face from an adult such as yourself could cause severe injuries, even death. You just cannot slap our children across the face or otherwise inflict physical trauma to them. I can only assume your silence is an admission of your actions, and I am really alarmed about this.

I don't understand why you won't discuss with me what happened and keep refusing to coparent with me. This is serious. Please reconsider as it will only benefit our children if we can have an open dialog as to discipline and behavior issues, among other things.

Thank you, Christina

Send e-mail anywhere. No map, no compass. Get your Hotmail® account now.





#### Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

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## **Mia's Psychologist**

Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>
To: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Thu, Sep 10, 2009 at 2:11 PM

Mitch.

I spoke with Dr. Kalodner today. She left me a message yesterday telling me that you had apparently met with her and had made an appointment for Mia on Friday.

Prior to committing Mia to treatment with her, I wanted to share with you your thoughts on Dr. K after meeting with her and express my desire to meet with at least one other provider as I am not sure Dr. K would be the best fit for Mia.

I am also troubled by Dr. K's actions in committing to treat Mia at one price when she met with me, her self-proclaimed cash price, and then increasing it after meeting with you. It struck me as unprofessional and unwarranted.

--Christina



#### Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

### Dr. Mishalow

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Tue, Nov 10, 2009 at 12:55 PM

I received your message below.

When I met with Dr. Mishalow initially, I expressed to him my concerns regarding Mia's clothing and anger issues. I communicated to him very specifically the statements you have made to Mia (as detailed in my motion and in numerous emails to you) and that I believe that your conduct has caused Mia emotional trauma (which manifests itself as anger). I also told him that I was concerned about you manipulating the evaluation and treatment process. Remember—you refused to allow Mia to see Dr. Kalodner not because of her hourly rate (\$200 vs. \$175 for Dr. Mishalow) but because I scheduled the first appointment and she wanted to evaluate Mia without our presence. Dr. Mishalow assured me that I would be involved in the treatment process. Until today, I felt excluded.

You and Mia have met with Dr. Mishalow approximately 3 times. At no time did you invite me to attend any such appointment (and in one instance I was not even aware of it). You have scheduled, attended and participated in all of Mia's appointments. Dr. Mishalow has only invited me to attend the last appointment to discuss the "reward chart system" you are using to address Mia's clothing issues. I told Dr. Mishalow that I preferred not to meet with him and you in front of Mia to discuss this technique. Due to the level conflict and hostility that has existed in the past between us, I was concerned that any conflict, argument or outburst in Mia's presence could impact Mia. Therefore, I asked Dr. Mishalow to meet with me separately to discuss the "reward chart system." This appointment did not occur until today. Attached is the letter I sent to Dr. Mishalow regarding the scheduling of this appointment.

You appear to be concerned about Mia's clothing issues and have simply ignored Mia's anger problems. The "reward chart system" may be a good technique to begin to address Mia's clothing issues. However, the source of the problem is still unknown (whether it is obsessive compulsive or sensory integration disorder or something else). It should be identified and treated. While I believe that Mia has made progress (i.e., she puts her school uniform on) since your use of the chart and with my own positive reinforcement techniques, Mia still wears clothes (including underwear, shoes and school uniform) that are several sizes too large. Furthermore, this technique will not address Mia's anger issues.

At my meeting with Dr. Mishalow today, we discussed the chart, Mia's anger issues, and the best way to schedule appointments to ensure my participation. Dr. Mishalow also informed me that you provided him a copy of my motion and we discussed that as well. I suggested to Dr. Mishalow that you can schedule ALL of the appointments provided we alternate attendance/participation in them. It is too difficult to coordinate with you because you always have too many conditions (e.g., not during school, only during my timeshare, or only if you can bring Mia if during your timeshare, etc.). With respect to the appointments Dr. Mishalow desires my attendance/participation, I will bring Mia during my timeshare and pick up

and drop off Mia at your house (or any location you determine) if the appointment is scheduled during your timeshare. I do not think Mia will be comfortable expressing her feelings (and the source of the anger) if you take her to the appointments, participate in them, or wait in the lobby or in the parking lot. I hope you understand and can accommodate my request.

I was able to schedule an appointment with Dr. Mishalow at noon on Friday, November 13th.

-----Original Message----From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]
Sent: Tuesday, November 10, 2009 10:51 AM
To: Mitchell Stipp
Subject: Dr. Mishalow

Mitch,

As you are well aware, you have always been welcome to attend any session that I have made with dr. Mishalow. Confiem this with Dr. M. It was one of the principles I insisted on prior to consenting to his treatment of MIA. I have never insisted on exclusive treatment of and with her. In fact, MIA's first appointment was almost solely with MIA while I waited outside.

At MIA's second appointment with dr. M two weeks ago, he expressed his desire that you join us at her third appointment. He wanted us all to share in mia's amazing progress. He informed me that you refused to see him if I am present.

Your recently-filed motion contains alarming statements that I have only heard for the first time in the court document you filed without first speaking to me about MIA's behavior when she is with you and your concerns about my "manipulating" her treatment.

I will address those concerns with the court, but in the meantime, I urge you to accept dr. M as well as my entreaties to become part of the process of helping MIA.

At dr. M's request, I sent him a letter on october 26th describing MIA's reward chart system that I implemented months ago, have told you repeatedly about, and which has helped achieve great results for MIA that I have informed you about, her teachers and dr. M. Dr M asked me to do so so that he could speak to you separately about it and go over what I've been doing with MIA and how it's been helping.

Dr. M's assistant is working to get you a Friday appt with MIA. If that is not available, I would be more than happy to take her to dr. M's office for you to take her in and exclude me if you insist.

I can wait in the parking lot for you and you can take her in alone. Also, please try to make the appointment for a non-school hour. I have an appointment set for next wed the 18th that you can have if nothing else is available. It's at 12:30.

Thanks, Christina

Sent from my iPhone

#### 10/26/09

Dear Dr. Mishalow,

Per your request, enclosed you will find an example of the reward chart that Mia enjoyed using last month. She couldn't bear to part with the original, so we sent you a new one instead. Tell Mitch he can find this one, and others, on <a href="https://www.supernanny.com">www.supernanny.com</a>.

As we discussed, Mia gets a small prize mid-way through and a bigger prize when she reaches number 10. She gets to circle each number each day that she puts on her uniform without great struggle. Occasionally, she gets to circle the number for other things like trying on a new outfit and wearing it out, i.e., pants and a t-shirt to her birthday party.

We discuss her desired rewards ahead of time, so she knows what she is working towards. Her first prizes were Ni Hao Kai Lan dolls. She is not interested in the chart every day, but it helps to have it there for encouragement. I place it at eye-level for her, on a wall near our garage exit door. Ethan gets one too.

She is encouraged to personalize it with stickers and coloring. At the end, they become well-used works of art that both she and Ethan treasure. We are now using an alienthemed one and she is eager to finish it so she can move on to the fairy princess one.

Let me know if I can provide any additional helpful information. It has really helped open the door for Mia to be more, as you said at our last session, flexible in terms of wardrobe choices. I noticed that she is willingly wearing many new things.

Also, significantly, she has started to realize that the size 10's are too big for her and has expressed a desire for more size-appropriate clothing. Yippee!!!

Sincerely,

Christina C. Stipp

you them too.



### Mia 10.22.09

Maria Amalfitano <mamalfitano@adsrm.org>
To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Wed, Oct 21, 2009 at 6:58 AM

Hi Christina,

I am happy to hear about Mia's progress. She is doing a great job in the classroom too. She seemed to really enjoy celebrating her birthday at school as well. It was the first time a parent brought in photos and the kids loved it. Thank you for that. I did email Mitch about picture day on Friday. I would not want her to miss out on that either. I posted some photos of the field trip on-line. Be sure to check them out!

Thank you,

Mrs. Stoehr

Mana Amalfitano Stoehr Lead Teacher, ECEC Alexander Dawson School (702) 949-3600 x428

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### **Phone Calls**

Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Thu, Jul 30, 2009 at 2:41 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Cc: smg@jimmersonhansen.com, rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Mitchell,

It was quite clear at our mediation on July 8, 2009, that you were greatly disappointed by the end of the litigation given my bending over backwards to reach a settlement with you. You commented several times that you were surprised that I settled with you and could not hide your thirst for continuing the litigation by throwing out personal insults left and right about my counsel and threatening to report them to the state bar even though we had resolved our substantive legal issues.

It should not have been surprising, but was still disappointing to find, that you waited less than 2 weeks before you created this new telephone "dilemma" so that you could justify involving attorneys and gearing up for Court again.

Notwithstanding this fact, I then made the effort to resolve your faux "dilemma" by accommodating your request to allow the kids to speak to Amy. When that didn't work to put out your internal fire for conflict, you kicked it up a notch by now requiring the kids to speak to her every time they talk to you.

I hope that your attorney reappears in the picture once again and can give you some sorely needed practical advice. I am still waiting for him step up and abide by his continuing professional obligation to correct the false statement of material fact he committed to writing prior to our last hearing in our case. Despite several requests by my counsel that he do so, he has remained silent on the matter. Your angry emails to my counsel do not absolve his ethical obligations.

You make several admissions in your email below. One, that you were present when Amy screamed at me over the phone while Mia was speaking to me. I don't know why she needed to say anything when you were the one instructing Mia as to disconnecting the call. Second, you reveal that even though Mia wanted to leave the call with you this morning, you made her stay on the line to talk to Amy. Why didn't you just let Mia go and let her talk to Amy on your time?

I disagree with your factual allegations regarding Amy. Your statement that Amy has treated me with respect is absolutely false, but is not relevant here.

I am not saying that I don't want the children to ever speak to Amy on the phone, I simply ask that you not force the children to speak to Amy, or anyone else for that matter, if they don't ask to speak to her/them. I don't pass the phone around like a hot potato when it's my turn to talk to the kids when they are in your care. I have more consideration for your time with the children than you do towards me. I simply ask you to reciprocate.

Chris	stina	3
(Quoted	text	hidden]



### **Phone Calls**

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Thu, Jul 30, 2009 at 3:53 PM

To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Cc: smg@jimmersonhansen.com, rsmith@radfordsmith.com

I do not think anybody believes that I was disappointed to settle the dispute over timeshare with the children and that I truly desired continued litigation. Yes, I was surprised that you settled because despite my offers of settlement before and your subsequent agreements, each time you backed out. The record is clear on this. As far as the issue of telephone communications with the children and Amy, I am not sending you emails complaining. You are. I am simply responding to them (which to be quite honest I prefer not to do).

Radford is not obligated to correct any statements he made based on representations I made to him that you allege without any evidence are false. Your assertions of unethical practice and conduct is misplaced. You are a lawyer; you should read the rules. He has already addressed the matter in correspondence to Shawn and no further response is needed. The truth is the truth; your allegations to the contrary do not change that.

With respect to Amy, Amy is free to speak in our home to Mia while on the phone with you and assist her with disconnecting it even if I am present. Furthermore, you were not even home this morning when I spoke with Mia. Your characterization of what happened is second-hand. Bottom line: If Amy asks to speak to Mia, I will accommodate her. It was less than 10 seconds and occurred at the end of the call today.

May be one day you will move on with your life. If you are fortunate enough to have another relationship, I am sure you do not expect me to treat him the same as you have treated Amy. You sent emails to me about how great Jose was and how he made you feel. I never responded. Mia talked about him and his children, Mia and Little Jose. I never complained. You never received a call or email from me about him or his contact with our children. Mia even said recently you were going to marry Jose. I told her "great." Funny thing....you and I both know while there may have been a Jose 6 to 9 months ago, there isn't one now (which explains why you do not play hot potato with the phone). How do you think that affects Mia? She thinks you are going to marry somone who is not even in your life. May be life alone is what you want. That is your choice. I do not, and I have chosen to move on after our divorce and be with Amy. You need to accept that. She is a good person and is good to the children. They love her and she loves them. You should be happy about that.

I really do not have anything more to say except that Shawn Goldstein is a complete idiot and joke as a lawyer. Shawn just kisses your ass and collects your money. Jim just shows up to court clueless and bills you \$500 an hour. Shawn should be giving you the advice that Radford has trained him to give instead of becoming a clone of "Greasy Hair" Jimmerson. And just so you know, it is not a violation of the Nevada professional rules to characterize Shawn or Jim this way (notwithstanding the fact that it is also true).

**From:** Christina Calderon-Stipp < <a href="mailto:ccstipp@qmail.com">ccstipp@qmail.com</a>>



### Re:

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Fri, Aug 7, 2009 at 9:29 AM

I received your notice below. As I understand it, vacation time occurs 2 <u>consecutive</u> weeks per year pursuant to our marital settlement agreement. You previously gave notice of your 2 week vacation. While you later notified me that you were only taking 1 week in Oregon, you waived the additional week. Therefore, the time below occurs during my normal visitation schedule and I will have the children.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Sunday, August 02, 2009 5:19 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re:

Mitchell,

I will be taking the children from 6pm on August 21, 2009 until 6pm on August 23, 2009 for vacation. I will provide you an itinerary of out-of-state travel plans, if any, 15 days prior to such travel.

--Christina

On Wed, May 20, 2009 at 3:20 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

This email will serve to notify you of my intention to have the kids for vacation from 6pm on August 7, 2009 until 6pm on August 21, 2009. I will provide you an itinerary of any travel plans on or before any date of travel out of state.

### **District Court FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** CASE NO. <u>D 08-389203-Z</u> -vs-DEPARTMENT PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE MANDATORY DIVORCE EDUCATION SEMINAR ON Family Solutions Inc. Family-Children-Life



### Telephone call today--7/24/09

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Fri, Jul 24, 2009 at 2:50 PM

Mia was not upset at all. She was distracted by television. I also told her that she could not go to the park and chuck e cheese until she finished speaking to you. After she hung up, she was fine.

----Original Message---From: Christina Calderon-stipp <<u>ccstipp@gmail.com</u>>
Sent: Friday, July 24, 2009 1:26 PM
To: Mitchell Stipp <<u>mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com</u>>
Subject: Telephone call today-7/24/09

Mitchell,

Thank you for allowing MIA and Ethan to talk to me today. MIA seemed very upset and communicated that she missed me and wanted to be with me.

Can you tell me why she seemed so upset?

I am always willing and available to see and talk to the kids at any time. If you think she needs me, please let me know, and I can take her early, talk to her more via phone, or just visit her somewhere neutral for a short visit.

--Christina

Sent from my iPhone



Child: Ethan Stipp

To Learn About Self and Others	To Learn About Moving	
Ethan understands what behavior is expected, with	Gross motor: Ethan is able to jump over hurdles one	
increasing regularity; at drop off he gives puppy a big	foot at a time and run around the cones in movement	
squeeze and puts him in the backpack, we will catch him	class, but on some of the days he needs extra	
through the day peeking in the bag, and he will tell us	encouragement to participate. We try not to do it for	
that he was checking on puppy.	him; we will start with him and then pull away after	
Ethan will participate in group experiences; he enjoys	he begins.	
when we have an experiment or cooking project.	He is able to catch a ball thrown to him majority of	
While outside Ethan looked for Audrey then joined her in	the time and he is also able to kick a ball while	
filling buckets full of sand. He participates in coordinated	keeping his balance.	
play with other children some of the time. He likes to	Fine motor: Ethan uses hand-eye coordination while	
spend his time with adults for the majority of the time;	doing complex tasks; at the tracing table we had	
we will interact with him and encourage him to join in	different shapes. Ethan was able to trace the shape	
with the other children.	and the name of the shape under it with increasing	
	control. He enjoyed tracing.	
To learn about the World	To Learn About Communicating	
Ethan is able to match similar objects together; red bears	Ethan demonstrates interest in print; when we hold	
to a red bowl. He also sorts animals that fly in the sky and	up the first letters in our names for a game he will	
who swims in the water. He enjoyed talking about the	say "for me" when I hold up most of the letters, but	
animals that we were sorting; he added his own stories to	when it comes to the letter E he looks at it like he	
the discussion.	knows but not quite sure with himself. While he is	
Ethan will watch others problem solve and then he will	drawing he asks for us to write his name, we say it	
attempt the same activity. We encourage him to challenge	out loud as we write it on his paper.	
himself and to not give up too easily; Ethan was doing a	Ethan will participate with a teacher and a few	
puzzle, a piece did not go in the first time he wanted to	children in a conversation for 2 or more times. He	
give up and give it to another child to do, I told him to try	was talking to a friend "where are you going?" the	
again, but turn the piece.	child said "to the beach, want to go?" Ethan said	
He likes when others do projects and problem solving for	"yes" and told me that he was going to the beach	
him.	and he went to that child.	
Favorite Activities and Special Interests	Situations or Experiences That Cause Distress	
*sensory table-anything he can touch	At times Ethan seems anxious. Throughout the day	
*cooking in the kitchen	he repeatedly asks "When is lunch coming?"	
*helping the teachers	beginning as soon as he is dropped off. He knows	
	that after lunch mom or dad comes back. We remind	
	him that if he stays busy it will be here faster.	
Family Comments and Special Circumstances	Next Steps at the Program and at Home	
	We will continue to encourage him to try new things	
	or branch out with the other children in the room.	
	Keeping a consistent routine is important so that	
	Ethan knows what to expect. If his routine is going	
	to change, try to let him know ahead of time; if this	
	is not possible, talk about it with him afterward.	

Teacher Signature:	Date:
Family Signature:	Date:



### **Dawson Appointment**

Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Wed, Feb 4, 2009 at 9:56 PM

To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstlpp@gmail.com>

Thank you for the information. I will schedule time to meet with the school regarding Mia's application and the program.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp < <a href="mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com">ccstipp@gmail.com</a> To: Mitchell Stipp < <a href="mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com">mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com</a> Sent: Wednesday, February 4, 2009 8:48:20 PM

Subject: Dawson Appointment

Mitch,

Mia's individual assessment is scheduled for 11 am on Tuesday the 10th. The focus is to be between Mia and the administrator of the Early Childhood Education Center, but they asked that a parent stick around just in case. I don't remember the administrator's name. You are more than welcome to attend. I encourage you to tour the facility as well, if you haven't already. You need to schedule it separately. For the group assessment this Sat. they don't want the parents to stick around. It's at 10:15am on Sat. to about 11, I think.

--Christina



### (no subject)

Christina Calderon-stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>
To: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Mon, Nov 16, 2009 at 5:02 PM

The kids have school on December 11th.

Sent from my iPhone

On Nov 15, 2009, at 10:33 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com wrote:

I will be taking the children out of town on December 10, 2009 through December 13, 2009.

Electronically Filed 10/12/2010 01:01:32 PM

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

ORDR

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

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rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Attorney for Defendant, Mitchell Stipp

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP,

Plaintiff.

Plaintiti,

MITCHELL STIPP.

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z

DEPT NO.: O

**FAMILY DIVISION** 

ORDER RE: PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO REHEAR/RECONSIDER THE HEARING OF FEBRUARY 3, 2010; AND/OR TO CLARIFY THE COURT'S RULINGS FROM THAT HEARING; FOR PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY'S FEES; AND RELATED RELIEF AND DEFENDANT'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER E.D.C.R. 7.60

DATE OF HEARING: June 22, 2010 TIME OF HEARING: 10:00 a.m.

This matter coming on for hearing on Plaintiff's Motions and Defendant's Countermotion referenced above; Plaintiff CHRISTINA STIPP ("Christina"), being present and represented by DONN W. PROKOPIUS, ESQ., and Defendant, MITCHELL STIPP ("Mitchell"), being present and represented by RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ., of RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED; the Court, having reviewed the pleadings on file, having heard the arguments of counsel, and being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing therefor, FINDS AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

1. Christina has moved to rehear or clarify the Court's order of April 13, 2010 arising from the hearing of February 3, 2010. In that order, the Court indicated its denial of Christina's Countermotions filed November 30, 2009, requesting both discovery and the partition of alleged omitted assets, but permitted Christina to view, subject to a Confidentiality Agreement, the tax returns of Aquila Investments, LLC ("Aquila Investments") that had been submitted in camera by Mitchell. Christina argues, in sum, that the order issued by the Court on April 13, 2010, does not accurately reflect the Court's ruling at the time of the February 3, 2010 hearing regarding her Countermotions, and that new "evidence" suggests that Mitchell concealed assets during the time of the parties' divorce. For the reasons stated below, the Court denies those motions, denies Mitchell's countermotions for sanctions pursuant to EDCR 7.60, but grants Mitchell's request for attorney's fees pursuant to the terms of the Marital Settlement Agreement incorporated into the Court's Decree of Divorce.

2. Christina's November 30, 2009, Countermotion sought a partition of omitted assets under Amie v. Amie. 106 Nev. 541, 796 P.2d 233 (1990) and the terms of the parties Decree of Divorce. In her countermotion, she identified three factors justifying her motion: 1) that Mitchell had purchased a home for his parents subsequent to the parties' divorce; 2) had stated he was "retired" after the divorce, though the funds he received in the parties' March 6, 2008 divorce did not justify such retirement; and 3) that public records suggested that Aquila Investments. a company in which Stipp Investments, LLC, an asset granted to Mitchell in the divorce, held a profits interest, distributed \$6.9 million to Mitchell before or shortly after the divorce that Mitchell failed to disclose. Only the third of these claims alleged that an asset held during the marriage had been undivided (the claimed distribution from Aquila Investments to Mitchell). In his Opposition to Christina's original Countermotion to Partition Assets, Mitchell explained the information in the public records that Christina had attached to her Countermotion, and further provided the tax returns of Aquila Investments for the years 2007 and 2008 demonstrating that Aquila Investments had not made any distributions to Mitchell or Stipp Investments

during those years. (See. Supplement to filed December 18, 2009). The Court held a hearing on Plaintiff's Countermotion on February 3, 2010, and subsequently entered its written Order on April 13, 2010.

- 3. Christina's current motion seeks to "clarify" the Court's order of April 13, 2010. The Court has reviewed its order and finds no need for clarification. At the time of the February 3, 2010 hearing and in its order, the Court found that Christina had not stated a basis for a claim of "omitted assets," but instead she must demonstrate "fraud upon the court" in order to sustain her claim to readdress the division of assets under the fraud theory she advocated in her motion. Specifically the Court stated in its April 13, 2010 order, page 2-3:
  - 4. The Court does not intend to re-litigate the financial issues between the parties, and is inclined to deny Christina's Motion to partition omitted assets. The Court is not willing to re-open the litigation unless it can be shown that a fraud was committed upon the Court. Christina has provided no evidence of such fraud. Christina's motion to open discovery is based upon her allegations relating to Aquila Investments, LLC. The court notes that Christina was aware of the Aquila Investments, LLC, and its assets prior to the parties' divorce. She had sufficient opportunity to explore and investigate that asset during any discovery process prior to divorce. Her failure to do so does not constitute a fraud committed upon the Court by Mitchell.
  - 5. Mitchell has provided the court with tax returns from Aquila Investments for the years 2007 and 2008. Christina's counsel may review those tax returns in chambers, and he alone shall be provided access to the returns upon the parties' entry into a mutually acceptable Confidentiality Agreement drafted by Mitchell's counsel.

Contrary to Christina's present argument, the text of the Order prepared by counsel for Mitchell is accurate and properly sets forth the findings and order of the Court. The order will stand as written, and Christina's motion for clarification is denied.

4. Christina further argues that the Court should reconsider its April 13, 2010 order based upon a comment attributed to Mitchell by Dr. John Paglini during an interview associated with Dr. Paglini's child custody assessment. The meaning and import of the comment is in dispute, and the Court does not find the alleged statement to be adequate grounds to reopen discovery or find an omitted asset. Christina

claims again that Mitchell's "retirement" suggests that he hid assets during the divorce, and thus she is justified in seeking discovery. The Court never took the reference to "retirement" to mean that Mitchell had retired for life, but only that he was not working based upon the employment opportunities he currently faces. The Court does not find these, or any other grounds stated by Christina in her pleadings supporting her motion, to be adequate evidence to justify either rehearing of the Court's April 13, 2010 order, nor an adequate basis for the opening of discovery relating to Christina's claim for partition of omitted assets. The Court thus denies Christina's present motions.

5. Mitchell has countermoved for sanctions. The Court does not find that Christina has brought her motion in bad faith, and thus denies that request. Mitchell, however, is entitled to an award of fees as the prevailing party in this litigation. (See Marital Settlement Agreeement, incorporated into the Court's March 6, 2008 Decree of Divorce, at page 10, ¶7). Mitchell's counsel shall file a statement of fees and costs incurred in relation to Christina's Motion for Reconsideration and related countermotions to the Court within ten (10) days of hearing.

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6. Counsel for Christina has requested that the Court permit an accounting expert (a CPA) to review the tax returns of Aquila Investments submitted by Mitchell to the Court, and Mitchell has no objection to that request. Consequently, the Court shall permit either counsel for Christina and/or her accounting expert to examine the Aquila Investment's tax returns in a manner consistent with the terms of the Court's April 13, 2010 order.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 6 day of Color, 2010.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

FRANK P. SULLIVAN

Submitted by:

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada State Bar No. 002791

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Attorneys for Defendant