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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP,

CASE NO.:

D-08-389203-Z

Plaintiff,

DEPT.:

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V.

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,

Defendant.

FAMILY DIVISION

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

YES 🛛 NO 🗌

SUPPLEMENT TO MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS
AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT AND OPPOSITION TO
COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER DUE TO
DEFENDANT'S FRAUD UPON THE COURT, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION
UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS, AND FOR SANCTIONS

DATE OF HEARING: May 6, 2010 TIME OF HEARING: 2:00 p.m.

COMES NOW, Defendant MITCHELL D. STIPP ("Mitchell"), by and through his attorney

Radford J. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Radford J. Smith, Chartered, and submits the following points and

authorities in support of Mitchell's supplement referenced above.

This supplement is made pursuant to EDCR 2.20(f) and based upon the points and authorities

attached hereto, the affidavit of Mitchell Stipp attached as Exhibit "A" and all pleadings and papers on

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file in this action, and any oral argument made or evidence introduced at the time of the hearing on May 6, 2010.

DATED this 3rd day of May, 2010.

RADFORO J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 990-6448 Attorneys for Defendant

I.

INTRODUCTION

Mitchell D. Stipp ("Mitchell") filed his Motion to Confirm Partics as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement on October 29, 2009. Christina Calderon-Stipp ("Christina") filed her opposition and countermotion on November 30, 2009. Mitchell filed his opposition and reply to Christina's opposition and countermotion on December 7, 2009, and Christina filed her reply to Mitchell's opposition on December 8, 2009. The Court held a hearing on the foregoing matters on December 8, 2009. At the hearing, the Court ordered a child custody assessment to be performed by Dr. John Paglini. Dr. Paglini has completed his child custody assessment and submitted the report to the Court on April 29, 2010. The Court has scheduled a hearing for May 6, 2010 at 2:00 p.m. to consider the findings and recommendations of Dr. Paglini. By this Supplement, Mitchell respectfully submits to the Court that (i) an evidentiary hearing should be held on his motion and that discovery should be permitted by the Court with respect to child custody matters, or alternatively the Court should grant Mitchell's motion confirming the parties as joint physical custodians and providing Mitchell an equal timeshare arrangement, and (ii) Mitchell should be reimbursed for the costs of the child custody

assessment and for his attorney's fees and costs of opposing Christina's motion for reconsideration heard by the Court on April 13, 2010.

II.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The parties have two children, Mia, born October 19, 2004, and Ethan, born March 24, 2007. This Court entered the parties' Decree of Divorce on March 6, 2008 (the "Decree") upon their joint petition for divorce filed in February of 2008. The Decree incorporates the terms and conditions of the parties' marital settlement agreement entered into and dated as of February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). Christina filed a motion to confirm herself as the primary physical custodian on December 17, 2008. Mitchell vigorously opposed Christina's motion and filed a countermotion seeking additional time with the children. The parties attended mediation and no resolution occurred. At the hearing of February 24, 2009, this Court denied all motions. On April 27, 2009, Mitchell filed his motion for reconsideration or in the alternative a motion to modify the timeshare arrangement. At the hearing on Mitchell's motion held on June 4, 2009, this Court again ordered the parties to attend mediation. The parties attended mediation and modified the terms of the MSA through a stipulation and order signed by the parties on July 8, 2009 and entered by this Court on August 7, 2009 ("SAO").

Shortly after the entry of the SAO, the parties' daughter Mia began suffering the ill effects of a constant barrage of disparagement about Mitchell and his wife, Amy Stipp ("Amy"), from Christina. Mia's problems became so severe that the parties placed her into psychological counseling. This Court has never adjudicated the issue of Christina's disparagement, and her marginalization of Mitchell's parental role with the children. While Mitchell had hoped that entering into a resolution with Christina would establish common ground upon which the parties could move forward with their respective lives as co-parents of their minor children, Christina embarked on a campaign of harassment with the idea

that she was immune from any consequences as a result of the SAO. Under these circumstances. Mitchell had no other alternative but to file his October 29, 2009 motion. The change in the law regarding the standards for determining physical custody that occurred in August of 2009 had nothing to do with Mitchell's original motivation for filing his motion. However, the parties' actual physical custody arrangement must be reviewed by the Court in light of this change and the parties' clear intention to be joint physical custodians under the MSA and SAO.

III.

ARGUMENT

- 1. There are no contraindications that exist that would preclude Mitchell from having more physical time with the children.
 - a. Mitchell does not abuse alcohol.

During the course of the evaluation, Dr. Paglini referred Mitchell to Dr. Michael Levy, an addictionologist, who provided an *objective review* of Christina's allegation that Mitchell abuses alcohol. A comprehensive metabolic panel and complete blood count together with a GGTP (sensitive test for recent alcohol use) was performed and the results of the laboratory data revealed *no biological markers associated with recent or chronic use of alcohol*, and a twelve (12) panel urine drug screen was negative for all drugs tested. Dr. Levy opined that Mitchell does not meet the criteria for alcohol dependence, and Dr. Paglini agreed in his report.

b. Mitchell's driving record is not an issue.

Dr. Paglini concluded that Mitchell is aware of Christina's concern about his driving record and that Mitchell obviously does not want to place his children in jeopardy. While Dr. Paglini cautioned Mitchell on this issue, he believes Mitchell will engage in appropriate conduct.

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c. Mitchell is not relocating to Texas.

Christina raised an additional concern with Dr. Paglini during the course of the child custody evaluation of providing Mitchell additional time. Dr. Paglini reports that Christina fears that if Mitchell receives more time that he eventually will request the Court to move to Texas and take the children. First, Christina has never raised this issue with Mitchell or in any pleadings before the Court. Second, Dr. Paglini never discussed this issue with Mitchell at all during the course of the child custody evaluation. And finally, Mitchell has not petitioned the Court to re-locate with the children to Texas. The fact is that Mitchell does not intend to move anywhere with the children and desires to continue to raise them here in Las Vegas, Nevada, which is the children's home.

d. Dr. Paglini's only reservation about Mitchell's request for additional time fails to consider the actual circumstances under which he engaged Dr. Kalodner and Dr. Stegen-Hansen.

Dr. Paglini provides that the *only reservation* about Mitchell's request for additional time is the fact that Mitchell obtained therapy for Mia from Dr. Melissa Kalodner without Christina's consent, and Mitchell obtained an evaluation of Mia from Dr. Tania Stegen-Hansen also without Christina's consent. However, Dr. Paglini does not conclude that Mitchell should not be provided additional time by this Court for this reason. While Mitchell generally agrees that parents should both consent to medical treatment for their children, Mitchell contends that Dr. Paglini's reservation ignores the actual circumstances under which Dr. Kalodner and Dr. Stegen-Hansen were engaged. How was Mitchell supposed to obtain an impartial evaluation of Mia's issues if Christina was trying to control the process, and Mitchell suspected Christina of emotionally abusing Mia? Even the Court at the December 8, 2009 hearing ruled that the *parties could select their own therapist* if the parties could not agree.

Dr. Paglini interviewed Dr. Kalodner for purposes of the child custody evaluation. During that interview, Dr. Paglini discussed with Dr. Kalodner her letter to Mitchell dated December 4, 2008,

Christina's letter to Dr. Kalodner dated January 8, 2010, and Dr. Kalodner's treatment records of Mia.

These letters and treatment notes are attached hereto as Exhibit "B." His interview of Dr. Kalodner makes the following clear:

- Christina actually contacted and interviewed Dr. Kalodner for purposes of evaluating and treating Mia.
- Christina's misrepresented her financial position in order to get Dr. Kalodner to reduce her hourly rates.
- Dr. Kalodner felt that Christina was attempting to dictate the pace of her practice
 (e.g., Christina wanted to bring Mia in for the sessions).
- Dr. Kalodner reported that her letter to Mitchell dated December 4, 2008 contained statements Mia made during her treatment and such statements were made by Mia spontaneously.
- Christina met with Dr. Kalodner on January 8, 2010. Christina made threats to Dr. Kalodner. Dr. Kalodner felt that Christina was manipulating the situation and was litigious.
- Dr. Kalodner reported that she received Christina's letter dated January 8, 2010 and it
 had numerous untruths and manipulated the conversation.
- Dr. Kalodner felt manipulated by Christina, she denied that she lacked trust in Mitchell, and felt that she actually lacked trust in Christina because she misrepresented the facts of their meeting.
- Dr. Kalodner reported that she felt very harassed by Christina, and as such engaged an attorney.

 Mitchell believed Mia's clothing issues and emotional problems would remain undiagnosed and untreated. As a result, Mitchell decided to act in the best interest of Mia. Mitchell engaged Dr. Kalodner to evaluate Mia's clothing issues and assist him and his wife Amy Stipp ("Amy") with Mia's emotional issues. Dr. Kalodner referred Mitchell to Dr. Stegen-Hansen, who Mitchell engaged to evaluate Mia's clothing issues. Dr. Stegen-Hansen concluded that Mia suffers from a mild sensory processing disorder. Mitchell provided the evaluation report to Christina and invited Christina to meet with Dr. Stegen-Hansen to discuss the evaluation and treatment. No treatment occurred by Dr. Stegen-Hansen of Mia's sensory processing disorder without the knowledge and participation of Christina. Christina has participated in all of Mia's occupational therapy sessions. Christina now accepts that Mia's clothing issues are caused by a sensory processing disorder. Both of the parties have been regularly attending Mia's weekly occupational therapy sessions. Clearly, Mitchell's engagement of Dr. Kalodner benefited Mia because the cause of Mia's clothing issues was properly diagnosed and she is receiving therapy for this issue. Without Dr. Kalodner's evaluation, Mia's clothing issues would not have been properly diagnosed and treated. Under these circumstances, the Court should have no reservations at all about providing Mitchell additional time with the children.

2. There is evidence the Mia heard negative comments about Mitchell and Amy.

The standard as proposed by Christina for holding an evidentiary hearing on Mitchell's motion is not meet to prove that Mia has been emotionally abused at all in order to obtain an evidentiary hearing on his motion (or for the Court to modify the timeshare arrangement).

Dr. Paglini's report seems to indicate that Mia at the time of his assessment did not present any symptoms of emotional abuse or alienation. Of course, significant time has passed since Mitchell filed his motion on October 29, 2009. Dr. Paglini began his work on the child custody evaluation at the end

of December of 2009, which was more than *two (2) months* after Mitchell filed his motion. During this time period, Dr. Paglini completed psychological testing of the parties, detailed family and marital histories, interviews of the parties and collateral sources, review of pleadings, correspondence, and other information supplied by the parties. Dr. Paglini spent significant time and resources examining, among other items, whether Mitchell had an affair during the term of his marriage to Christina, ¹ his work schedule, responsibilities, activities and environment while employed by PLISE and married to Christina, and his alcohol consumption while Mitchell was in college, law school and while working in private practice at Kummer Kaempfner and at PLISE. Unfortunately, Dr. Paglini never interviewed Mia until March 1, 2010, which was more than four (4) months after Mitchell filed his motion. Rather than focus on the issues affecting Mia, Dr. Paglini seemed to be directed by Christina to examine the events of the parties' prior relationship (including their marriage) which ended in March of 2008—more than two (2) years ago. Furthermore, Dr. Paglini spent less than sixty (60) minutes alone with Mia during the entire four (4) months of the child custody evaluation. These interviews which even Dr. Paglini described as brief occurred on March 1, 2010 and March 4, 2010.

It is important to note that Dr. Paglini acknowledges in his report that it is quite possible that Mia was exposed to conflict between Mitchell and Christina, and internalized Amy and Mitchell as bad, that it is quite possible that Mia overheard conversations between Christina and her family members, and perhaps it did occur that Christina made derogatory comments to Mia. Dr. Paglini noted that it was consistent with these conclusions that Mia repeated such comments to Dr. Kalodner on a spontaneous basis. Therefore, Dr. Paglini thought that Mia heard these comments in her environment and interpreted impressions from her parents, or Christina made these comments to Mia. He did not conclude that Mia was coached by Mitchell in any way as Christina previously alleged in her pleadings. In fact, Christina

¹ Although not relevant to the motions before the Court, Dr. Paglini never concluded in his report that Mitchell had an affuir while married to Christina.

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27 28 admitted to Dr. Paglini when asked about whether she made negative statements to Mia about Mitchell and Amy that she was not a perfect person and that she made mistakes. Interestingly, Dr. Paglini does not report that Christina denied making these statements to Mia.

While Dr. Paglini does not believe these acts constitute emotional abuse and did not result in alienation, he reached this conclusion because at the time of his assessment Mia showed no signs of significant trauma and appeared bonded both with Mitchell and Amy. In other words, there was no lasting effect on Mia if these comments were made. Dr. Paglini failed to consider in his report the possibility that Christina ceased her bad behavior during the pendency of the litigation and Mia likely recovered from any significant emotional impact between the time Mitchell filed his October 29, 2009 motion and his assessment of Mia. Clearly, Mia's behavior and responses to Dr. Paglini's questions during his brief interviews are inconsistent with communications Mia made to Mitchell (and Amy) and his sister, Megan Cantrell (aka Megan Stipp), which served as the basis of Mitchell's October 29, 2009 motion and the statements Mia made to Dr. Kalodner as recorded in Dr. Kalodner's letter to Mitchell dated December 4, 2008 and her treatment notes. Dr. Paglini's assessment of Mia is also inconsistent with Christina's own description of Mia's emotional issues in her pleadings and the records of Dr. Joel Mishalow.

Mitchell has demonstrated adequate cause for an evidentiary hearing.

Ordering an evidentiary hearing and permitting the parties to conduct discovery related to child custody matters ensures that all relevant information will be before the Court prior to ruling on Mitchell's motion and the information evaluated by Dr. Paglini was relevant, complete and accurate, There are no consequences to Christina for providing false or incomplete information to Dr. Paglini (unless Dr. Paglini can actually determine absolutely that such information was false or incomplete which seems impossible without discovery). Mitchell should not have to accept Dr. Paglini's interviews

of Christina who Mitchell alleges emotionally abused Mia, and Christina's therapist, Ann Nichols, who indicates to Dr. Paglini that Christina has now miraculously moved on during the pendency of Mitchell's motion, as the "final word" on the matter. Mitchell should also have an opportunity to depose Dr. Kalodner and Dr. Mishalow, who actually provided treatment to Mia during the period when Mitchell alleges that Mia experienced the emotional problems to address the deficiencies that exist with Dr. Paglini's report. As the Court is aware, testimony under oath or the provision of information pursuant to a subpoena subjects a person to sanctions for contempt and the penalty of perjury. At minimum, Christina should be required to submit to a deposition, respond to written discovery, and be forced to testify at an evidentiary hearing about these matters.

The Nevada Supreme Court in *Rooney v. Rooney*, 109 Nev. 540, 853 P.2d 123 (1993), provided that the Court has discretion to summarily deny a motion to modify custody without holding an evidentiary hearing if the moving party cannot demonstrate adequate cause. *Rooney*, 853 P.2d at 124 (citation omitted). Assuming this standard even applies to Mitchell's motion to modify the timeshare arrangement, "adequate cause" requires something more than allegations which, if proven, might permit inferences sufficient to establish grounds for a custody change. *Id.* at 125 (citations omitted). According to Rooney, adequate cause arises where the moving party presents a prima facie case for modification. *Id.* To constitute a prima facie case it must be shown that: (1) the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the grounds for modification; and (2) the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching. *Id.* (citation omitted).

a. The facts alleged in the affidavits attached to Mitchell's October 29, 2009 motion are relevant to the grounds for modification and are not refuted by Dr. Paglini's report.

Mitchell contends that Christina has emotionally abused Mia. Mia began to show signs of this trauma after the entry of the SAO. She had severe mood swings and significant anger management

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issues. Mia was prone to frequent emotional outbursts (or meltdowns). The fact that Mia's emotional issues may have improved during the four (4) months following the filing of his motion does not mean that Mia was not affected by the actions of Christina in the months after entry of the SAO. Mitchell believes Mia's behavior was the result of Christina's attempts to alienate the children from Mitchell whether they actually resulted in alienation or not. Mitchell attached to his October 29, 2009 motion his affidavit and the affidavit of his sister as support for these allegations. These affidavits are relevant to the grounds for modification asserted by Mitchell in his motion. Dr. Paglini's child custody assessment does not refute Mitchell's allegations. The letter from Dr. Kalodner to Mitchell dated December 4, 2009 and her treatments notes of Mia also support Mitchell's allegations. However, Dr. Paglini concluded in his report that Mia did not at the time of his assessment suffer from emotional abuse or alienation. This does not mean that Christina did not make these statements to Mia. This does not mean that Mia was not affected by these statements when they were made. And finally, this does not mean that Christina will not make such statements in the future and that Mia will not be affected by them.

It is significant to note that Christina does admit to Dr. Paglini as indicated in his report to making derogatory comments about Amy to Mitchell (just not to Mia). Christina further admits to providing information to Mia's school administrator regarding her negative perceptions of Mitchell. The Court is aware of these circumstances as they have been described in detail in Mitchell's October 29, 2009 motion.

b. The evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching.

Mitchell has never alleged in any pleadings or at any hearing prior to his October 29, 2009 motion that Christina has emotionally abused Mia or that Mia has been impacted at all by negative statements Christina has made to Mia. However, Mitchell admits that he has raised the issue of parental alienation with the Court but *only* in his opposition and response filed on June 3, 2009 to Christina's

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parties to mediation, vacated the hearing scheduled for July 2, 2009 on Christina's motion to continue and Mitchell's opposition and response, and scheduled an evidentiary hearing with regard to custody. The evidentiary hearing scheduled by the Court with respect to custody never occurred. Instead, the parties entered into the SAO on July 7, 2009, which settled only the matters raised by Mitchell's April 27, 2009 motion. Mitchell's June 3, 2009 opposition and response was not addressed by the SAO. The issue of parental alienation was never raised by Mitchell in his April 27, 2009 motion, and it was never adjudicated by the Court or settled by the parties.

Mitchell has clearly raised the issue that Mia was impacted by negative statements Christinal made to her in his October 29, 2009 motion. If the Court denies Mitchell's motion at the hearing on May 6, 2010, Mitchell will unlikely be permitted to raise this issues again. See McMonigle v. McMonigle, 110 Nev. 1407, 887 P.2d 742 (1994); Castle v. Simmons, 120 Nev. 98, 86 P.3d 1042 (2004). Therefore, it is important that the Court order an evidentiary hearing on Mitchell's motion.

Dr. Paglini concludes in his report that Christina likely had unresolved issues towards Mitchell. He indicates that Christina was angry about alleged affairs. She had to deal with Mitchell marrying Amy and Amy moving into the home previously occupied by the parties, and she had to negotiate the emotions of having a different woman involved in the children's lives. Dr. Paglini indicates that there is no doubt that these dynamics resurfaced after the entry of the SAO. Dr. Paglini cites to Christina's conversation with Dr. Kalodner in early September of 2009 during which she impressed upon Dr. Kalodner her unresolved issues with respect to Mitchell rather than focusing on Mia's clothing and emotional issues and the fact that Christina communicated to Dr. Kalodner that she did not want Amy involved in Mia's therapy.

Christina communicated to Dr. Paglini that she has been in therapy with Ann Nichols for three (3) years and continues to receive therapy. Dr. Paglini interviewed Ms. Nichols for purposes of the evaluation. While Ms. Nichols has indicated that Christina has made significant progress over the last several months during the pendency of the current litigation, it does not guarantee that Christina's emotional problems will not return. Dr. Paglini makes it very clear in his report that if the parties' issues remain unresolved, it is likely that the children will be emotionally affected in the future. Ordering an evidentiary hearing will provide the parties an opportunity to resolve their respective issues once and for all. Without an evidentiary hearing, there will be no resolution and there is likely to be additional litigation on the matters.

4. If the Court is not inclined to order an evidentiary hearing, the Court should grant Mitchell's motion to provide him equal time with the children.

The parties agreed in the MSA that they would have *joint physical custody* of the children. The terms and conditions of the MSA were incorporated into the Decree except as specifically changed by the SAO. The SAO did not change the physical custody status of the parties with respect to the children. Since the parties entered into the SAO, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its new opinion in *Rivero v. Rivero*, 216 P.3d 213 (2009), modifying the definition of joint physical custody. The Court does not need to make this determination under *Rivero* because Mitchell has not asked the Court to modify the existing joint physical custody arrangement. Mitchell's October 29, 2009 motion is simply a motion to alter the timeshare arrangement to provide him equal time with the children.

a. The Parties already have joint physical custody of the children.

Under Rivero, the terms of the parties' custody arrangement will control except when the parties move the Court to modify the custody arrangement. Mitchell has not asked the Court to modify the joint physical custody arrangement. His motion requests the Court to provide him equal time with the children consistent with the stated intentions of the parties in the MSA and SAO.

Mitchell understands that Christina takes the opposite view. She believes that she now has primary physical custody of the children under *Rivero* although the Court has not made this determination. Under these circumstances, Christina views Mitchell's motion as a modification to custody, which if accepted by the Court, the Court must then undertake the task of applying the vague guidance set forth in *Rivero* for the "40% annually" standard.

Under the formula in *Rivero*, joint physical custody is defined as a party having a child in his or her "physical custody" approximately three (3) days per week. Mitchell's current timeshare arrangement with the children provides him normal visitation² with the children weekends from 6:00 p.m. on Fridays until 6:00 p.m. on Sundays except as follows: (1) on the first weekend of the month, Christina has the right to have the children on the weekend in which case Mitchell's time is Wednesday at 6:00 p.m. until Friday at 6:00 p.m.; and (2) on the second and fourth weekends of the month, Mitchell's weekend visitation begins on Thursdays at 6:00 p.m. Mitchell also has holiday and vacation visitation with the children throughout the year. Thus, Mitchell has the children in his physical custody all or part of three or four days each week.

The fact that Mitchell has the children in his physical custody only six hours on some of those days is irrelevant under the Rivero criteria. The Rivero court stated:

In calculating the time during which a party has physical custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child resided with the party, and during which the party made the day-to-day decisions regarding the child. The district court should not focus on, for example, the exact number of hours the child was in the care of the parent, whether the child was sleeping, or whether the child was in the care of a third-party caregiver or spent time with a friend or relative during the period of time in question

² The MSA and SAO use the term "normal visitation" to describe visitation that is not holiday or vacation visitation.

 Id. at 225 (Emphasis added). On these days (like all other times Mitchell has visitation with the children), he provides for their supervision, they reside at his home, and he makes day-to-day decisions regarding activities, clothing, food, bathing, and sleep.

Under Rivero, the Court must make findings of fact supported by substantial evidence to support its determination of physical custody. Id. at 227 (citation omitted). The Nevada Supreme Court concluded that "[s]pecific factual findings are crucial to enforce or modify a custody order and for appellate review." Id. Therefore, the court "must evaluate the true nature of the custodial arrangement," pursuant to the standards for calculating the timeshare as described above, "by evaluating the arrangement the parties are exercising in practice," regardless of any contrary language in the Degree (and MSA as modified by the SAO). See id. (emphasis added). If the Court views Mitchell's motion as a request to change custody, the Court must examine the actual physical custodial arrangement of the parties at the hearing on May 6, 2010 (or it could make this determination at an evidentiary hearing).

b. An equal timeshare arrangement is in the best interests of the children.

Thus, because the parties continue to share joint physical custody under the *Rivero* formula, Mitchell's request for modification of the current timeshare to provide him equal time with the children must be reviewed under the criteria applicable to that timeshare. Specifically, Mitchell must show that the change in the custody arrangement is in the children's best interest. NRS 125.510(2); *Truax v. Truax*, 110 Nev. 437, 438-39, 874 P.2d 10, 11 (1994). Furthermore, an evidentiary hearing is not required under these circumstances to make this determination.

Virtually all psychological studies of post divorce child rearing suggest that the parents' ability to cooperate after divorce is the single most important factor in the children's well being.

High-conflict harms children whether it originates with the parents or is fueled by others in the adversarial system. The level and intensity of parental conflict is now thought to be

the most important factor in a child's postdivorce adjustment and single best predictor of a poor outcome. Highly conflicted custody cases disrupt and distort the development of children, placing them at risk for depression and mental disorders, educational failure, alienation from parents, and substance abuse.

Paradigm Shifts and Pendulum Swings in Child Custody, Family Law Quarterly, Vol. 42, No. 3, Fall 2008, page 388. The Nevada Legislature and the Nevada Supreme Court have progressively moved toward an environment that recognizes that the post divorce involvement of both parents is an essential element of the welfare of the children. In 1981, the Nevada legislature enacted NRS 125.460 in which it stated that the express policy of the state of Nevada to ensure that minor children have "frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents", and that "both parents share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." The Nevada Supreme Court later found that the enactment of NRS 125.460 was a "remarkable historical event," because "throughout most history legislatures and courts have been blind to the reality that most children are in most cases much better off, after their parents separate, if they can continue to have two parents rather than only one." Mosley v. Figliuzzi, 113 Nev. 51, 62, 930 P.2d 1110, 1117 (1997). In Mosley v. Figliuzzi, the Nevada Supreme Court eloquently expressed the broader meaning of the policy underlying NRS 125.460:

The realization that children are better off with both parents has been a long time in coming. Throughout most child-custody litigation in the past, the child was "awarded" to one parent or the other; one parent "won" custody, and the other "lost." In either case, the child lost because the child was in many cases unnecessarily deprived of one parent. Courts, until recently, seem to have been unable to grasp the rather simple fact that most children have two loving parents and are entitled to the love of both — to the greatest extent possible — in the event that the two parents decide not to live together in one household.

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There is presently a broad political and scientific consensus that children do better when they have two actively involved parents. By encouraging 'frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents' and by enacting the joint custody preference statute our legislature was recognizing the importance of encouraging family preservation after separation and divorce and the vital necessity for maintaining both paternal and maternal influences on children to the greatest extent possible. The

legislature has recognized that the key to preserving the 'best interests' of the child lies in accepting the principle that it is not necessary for the courts, in child custody decrees, to perform a 'parentectomy,'

113 Nev. at 63-64. (citations omitted).

The following is an analysis of the factors listed under NRS 125.480 as required as part of the Court's consideration of the "best interests" of the children:

i. The wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his custody.

The children are not of sufficient age to have a controlling view of their custodial relationship; however, the children's preferences should not be disregarded. Mia has complained to Mitchell and Amy that she does not get to spend enough time with them, that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has expressed these preferences on a regular basis but more frequently starting in August of 2009. These feelings are clearly confirmed in Dr. Kalodner's letter to Mitchell dated December 4, 2009 and her treatment records of Mia. Even Christina admits to Dr. Paglini that Mia expressed a desire to spend more time with Mitchell.

- ii. Any nomination by a parent or a guardian for the child.

 Not applicable.
 - iii. Which parent is more likely to allow the child to have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with the noncustodial parent.

Christina has continuously limited Mitchell's time with the children without any legitimate justification. Interestingly, Dr. Paglini reports that Christina informed him during the child custody evaluation that she did not seek to exclude Mitchell from the children and that Mitchell is and should be a pivotal part of the children's lives.

iv. The level of conflict between the parents.

The level of conflict between the parents is high as confirmed by Dr. Paglini. It is clear from Dr. Paglini's report that at the time Mitchell filed his October 29, 2009 motion that Christina's inability to deal with the parties' divorce and Mitchell's remarriage resurfaced after entry of the SAO, and Dr. Paglini believes as Mitchell alleges that this dynamic clearly affected the parties' ability to co-parent the children.

v. The ability of the parents to cooperate to meet the needs of the child.

Mitchell has done everything he can do to cooperate with Christina on issues affecting the children; however, Christina insists on complete control of parenting issues (including evaluating and treating Mia's clothing and emotional problems in September of 2009). Dr. Paglini expressed reservations about Christina's ability to co-parent with Mitchell based on her dealings with Dr. Kalodner (although he noted significant progress has been made since September of 2009). Dr. Kalodner reported in her treatment notes that Christina spent most of her initial session with Dr. Kalodner discussing in great detail her history with Mitchell. Dr. Kalodner had to re-focus Christina on five (5) occasions. The focus was supposed to be on Mia. Dr. Kalodner also reported that Christina wanted to do therapy her way (she wanted to be in the room with Mia during the sessions and then work on parenting strategies with the parties without Amy after each session).

When it became clear after Christina's session with Dr. Kalodner that Christina was not interested in an impartial review of Mia's issues, Mitchell acted in Mia's best interest and engaged Dr. Kalodner without Christina to evaluate Mia's issues. Dr. Kalodner referred Mitchell to Dr. Stegen-Hansen who evaluated Mia for a sensory processing disorder. Clearly, Mitchell's engagement of Dr. Kalodner benefited Mia because the cause of Mia's clothing issues was properly diagnosed and she is

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receiving therapy for this issue. Without Dr. Kalodner's evaluation, Mia's clothing issues would not have been properly diagnosed and treated.

Mitchell actively participated in the process of selecting schools for the children for the next school year. While there was significant disagreement between Mitchell and Christina over this issue that lasted several months, Dr. Paglini did not examine the matter in his report.

Mitchell regularly communicates to Christina any healthcare matters affecting the children while the children are in his care and responds to all of Christina's emails regarding the same.

vi. The mental and physical health of the parents.

Dr. Paglini concludes in his report that Christina likely had unresolved issues towards Mitchell. He indicates that Christina was angry about alleged affairs. She had to deal with Mitchell marrying Amy and Amy moving into the home previously occupied by the parties, and she had to negotiate the emotions of having a different woman involved in the children's lives. Dr. Paglini indicates that there is no doubt that these dynamics resurfaced after the entry of the SAO. Christina obtained therapy during the pendency of the current litigation and continues to obtain therapy to assist with co-parenting issues.

vii. The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

Mitchell's consistent and regular contact with the parties' very young children is supported, again, by virtually all psychological studies, which studies uniformly suggest that contact between parents and young children be frequent and meaningful, and include overnights. See, e.g., the comprehensive study of the body of psychological data on infants and toddlers found in Family and Conciliation Courts Review; Los Angeles Jul 2000 Joan B Kelly; Michael E Lamb; Volume: 38 Issue: 3: 297-311, Sage Publications. ISSN: 1047569. Under the current timeshare plan, Mitchell is now precluded from seeing the children for several days at a time. He no longer is permitted to visit them

while at school, and he does not have any communication with the children while they are in the care of Christina.

viii. The nature of the relationship of the child with each parent,

The children both have a loving and warm relationship with Mitchell and Christina. Dr. Paglini's report supports this assertion.

ix. The ability of the child to maintain a relationship with any sibling.

Neither party is suggesting that the children be split; however, Mitchell and Amy are planning to have children and would like the children to have a significant role in their lives.

x. Any history of parental abuse or neglect of the child or a sibling of the child.

None; however, this does not mean that Christina did not make negative statements to Mia, that Mia was not affected by these statements when they were made, and that Christina will not make such statements in the future and that Mia will not be affected by them. Dr. Paglini expressly provides in his report that if the issues between the parties remain unresolved, it is likely that the children will be emotionally affected in the future.

xi. Whether either parent or any other person seeking custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child.

Neither Mitchell nor Christina has engaged in any act of domestic violence.

As can been seen from an application of the appropriate factors, there is adequate basis to grant Mitchell's October 29, 2009 motion for an equal timeshare with the children.

 5. Even if Mia has recovered emotionally and Christina has made significant improvements since the filing of Mitchell's motion, the Court should not reward Christina by failing to provide Mitchell additional time.

Mitchell is relieved if Mia truly shows no signs of significant trauma and if Christina really has moved on and will not continue making negative statements to Mia about Mitchell and Amy. Mitchell's request has been simple since Christina initiated litigation in December of 2008: provide him equal time with the children. Mitchell does not work. He is capable of caring for the children one-half (1/2) of the time. He is not asking for a reduction of his child support obligations which exceed the maximum statutory amount. He does not intend to relocate to anywhere outside of Las Vegas, Nevada, which is the home of the children.

Dr. Paglini determined that *Mitchell is a fit parent*: he does not exhibit any significant parenting deficits, he has positive qualities, and possesses numerous resiliency factors. Dr. Paglini also concludes that Mitchell provides excellent care toward the children and he is actively involved in the children's lives. The only issue of relevance to Dr. Paglini was Mitchell's decision to engage Dr. Kalodner and Dr. Stegen-Hansen without the consent of Christina which has been clearly addressed above. *Nane* of the issues raised by Christina in her pleadings about Mitchell's fitness as a parent (i.e., alcohol abuse and driving record) were determined to be valid issues by Dr. Paglini in his report. In short, Mitchell has done nothing wrong that would prevent the Court from providing him equal time with the children.

Christina, on the other hand, has been prone to relapses with respect to her inability to deal with the parties' divorce and Mitchell's remarriage to Amy. Dr. Paglini clearly concluded in his report that this occurred after entry of the SAO. Mitchell had no other choice but to file his October 29, 2009 motion. Dr. Paglini also concluded that this dynamic has affected the parties' ability to co-parent the children. Under these circumstances, it would be a substantial miscarriage of justice to deny Mitchell additional time with the children. Dr. Paglini even suggests timeshare plans that would be best for the

children consistent with an equal timeshare arrangement: (i) three and one-half (3.5) days with Mitchell and three and one-half (3.5) days with Christina, or (ii) a 2-2-5 plan with Mitchell having the children Monday and Tuesday and Christina having the children Wednesday and Thursday with the parties alternating the weekends. Mitchell does not object to either of these alternatives offered by Dr. Paglini.

6. Mitchell is entitled to be reimbursed the costs of the child custody evaluation and his attorney's fees and costs incurred for opposing Christina's motion for reconsideration heard by the Court on February 13, 2010.

The Court ruled at the hearing on December 8, 2009, that if the child custody evaluation comes back negative towards Christina, the Court will order Christina to pay for the evaluation. Mitchell paid Dr. Paglini \$15,500 to complete the report and Dr. Levy \$750 to whom Dr. Paglini referred Mitchell to evaluate Christina's claims of Mitchell's alcohol abuse as part of the evaluation. The report was clearly negative toward Christina and she should reimburse Mitchell \$16,250 as the total cost of completing the report. Additionally, it appears that Christina directed Dr. Paglini to spend significant time and resources examining the events of the parties' prior relationship (including their marriage) which ended in March of 2008—more than two (2) years ago. These matters are *not relevant* to the motions before the Court.

Mitchell also incurred \$5,000 in attorney's fees and costs to oppose Christina's motion for reconsideration heard by the Court on February 13, 2010. At the hearing, the Court denied Mitchell's countermotion for sanctions under EDCR 7.60 which was filed with his opposition to Christina's motion for reconsideration. Nevertheless, the Court ruled that it would review Mitchell's request for attorney's fees after the Court reviewed Dr. Paglini's report. Christina's motion for reconsideration relied primarily on her letter to Dr. Kalodner dated January 8, 2010. Mitchell argued in his opposition that this letter was manufactured by Christina. Dr. Paglini's report confirms that Dr. Kalodner communicated to

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him that Christina's letter contained numerous untruths and manipulated Dr. Kalodner's conversation with Christina. Dr. Paglini's report specifically addresses each of the false statements and misrepresentations. Therefore, Christina's motion was completely frivolous and she should pay Mitchell's attorney's fees and costs.

IV.

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Mitchell requests that this Court:

- 1. Grant Mitchell's request to file this supplement pursuant to EDCR 2.20(f).
- 2. Grant Mitchell's request for an evidentiary hearing on his motion and authorize discovery on child custody matters, or alternatively, if the Court does not order an evidentiary hearing, grant Mitchell's motion confirming the parties as joint physical custodians of the children and providing Mitchell an equal timeshare.
- Grant Mitchell's request to be reimbursed \$16,250 for the costs of the child custody evaluation and \$5,000 for attorney's fees and costs for opposing Christina's motion for reconsideration heard by the Court on April 13, 2010.

DATED this 3rd day of May, 2010.

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RAOFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074

(702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Defendant Mitchell D. Stipp

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "Supplement to Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud Upon the Court, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions" on this 3rd day of May, 2010, to all interested parties as follows:

BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;

BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;

BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below:

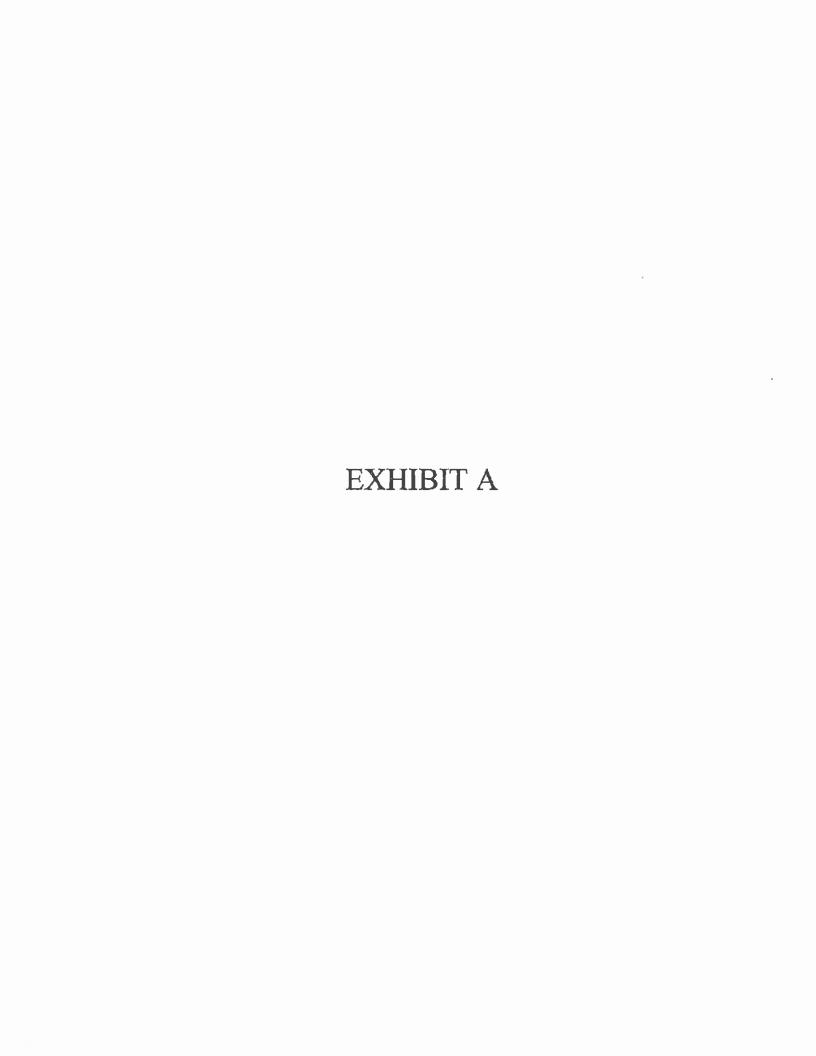
BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

Donn W. Prokopius, Esq. Donn W. Prokopius, Chtd. 931 South 3rd Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Facsimile: 702-951-8022

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

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AFFIDAVIT OF MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

) ss:

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I, MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

I am the Defendant in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D-08-389203-Z in the Eighth 1. Judicial District Court, State of Nevada. I submit this affidavit in support of my "Supplement to Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud Upon the Court, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions" (the "Supplement").

2. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained in the Supplement, I am competent to testify thereto, and the facts contained therein are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

MITCHELL DAVID STIPE

Subscribed and sworn before me this 3rd day May, 2010.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for

the State of Nevada

H. MENSCH lotary Public, State of Mayada Appalatment No. 09-11117-1

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Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

December 4, 2009

Sent Via Facsimile, (702) 304-0275

Mitchell Stipp 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Les Vegas, Nevada 89135

RE. Mia Stipp

Dear Mr. Stipp.

The purpose of this letter is to confirm facts surrounding the psychotherapy treatment of your daughter. Mis Stipp, and the subsequent statements made by Mis Stipp during my evaluation of her. I was contacted initially by Christina Stipp, Mis's biological mother, to conduct an evaluation and ongoing therapy for Mis. Christina reported that her main concerns for Mis were Mis's sensory problems related to her clothing and Mis's feelings related to the divorce of her parents. I then had a 90-minute initial evaluation therapy session with Christina Stipp.

Prior to treating Mia, I asked to most with you to have a similar evaluation session. After meeting Mia's mother, father and step-mother, I scheduled an appointment for Mia at your request. I contacted Christina via telephone after our session to inform her that you consented to treatment and gave her the time and date of Mia's first therapy session. As I do for all of my child clients, I explained that I was to meet with Mia without the presence of either parent and the evaluation process would take approximately five sessions. During the telephone conversation. Christina informed me that she was displeased that I had set up a session for Mia with you. Christina asked that I reschedule the meeting for Mia at a time that was convenient for her, as she wanted to be there for the session as well as having you present so that we could all meet together. I communicated to Christina that it did not matter which parent scheduled Mia's first appointment and that I wanted to meet (at least initially) with Mia alone. I also felt

that given the fact that you and Christina are not on speaking terms, it may be upsetting for Mia to see the two of you together and may actually be detrimental to the therapeutic process. Christina insisted that she and you be present for the session and if I did not agree to this that she did not want to engage my services.

I informed you of my conversation with Christina. You indicated to me that you and your wife, Amy Stipp, wanted my assistance with Mia's clothing issues and to assess how Mia was coping with the divorce. As you know, I evaluated Mia for approximately five sessions of fifty minutes each. During these sessions, Mia made the following statements to me.

- (1) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Mommy says we can't change the rules."
- (2) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."
- (3) "Army was married to James."
- (4) "Momma doesn"t like Amy."
- (5) "Momma says Amy is bad, but I like her."
- (5) Most recently. Mia has stated. "Momma doesn't say anything bad about Dada and Amy anymore."

I communicated the above statements made by Mia to you at the end of each session. Please note that Mia made these statements to me independently without any prompting. I did not discuss these statements with Mia. I simply reported them to you after the applicable session.

It has been a pleasure to treat Mia. If you have any other questions, please let me know. I can be reached at (702) 310-8787.

Sincerely,

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S. BCPC

Mellaria F. Kallochen, PEO(D, RPZ-8, BCPC

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Board Certified Professional Counscior

CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP

11757 Feinberg Place . Las Vegas, Nevada 89138 . c (702) 510-0032 . f (702) 240-4937 mos, lister @ggistan

January 8, 2010

VIA FACSIMILE & U.S. MAIL

Dr. Melissa Kalodner 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Pkwy., Suite 100 Henderson, Nevada 89052

RE: Mis Stipp

Dear Dr. Kalodner:

Thank you for communicating with me, last week, and meeting with me, today, to discuss your treatment of Mia. This letter shall serve to confirm our conversations of Saturday, January 2, 2010, via telephone, and today, Friday, January 8, 2010, via inperson meeting at your office.

During our telephone conversation on January 2, 2010, you stated the following:

- 1) That Mitch Stipp drafted the letter, dated December 4, 2009, addressed from you to him (hereafter "Letter"), which, as I informed you, he submitted to Family Court on December 7, 2009, as "proof" of my "abuse" of Mis:
- 2) That he presented the Letter to you for your signature and that, after changing a fisw things, you signed it prior to leaving on vacation;
 - 3) That you were sorry that you had signed the Letter;
- 4) That Mitch never advised you regarding how he was intending to use the Letter:
- 5) That you were glad that, notwithstanding the Letter, I had called you and served to muct with you regarding your treatment of Mia;
- 6) You offixed to write a letter clarifying the Letter, including, putting it, or the contents thereof, into context;
 - 7) That you absolutely do not believe that Min had been or is being abused:
 - 8) That you discussed Min with a security processing disorder;
- 9) That Mitch believes Min to be suffering from obsessive compulsive disorder ("OCD"), but that you do not believe that to be the case:
- 10) You referred Mile to a pediatric occupational therapist named Dr. Tania Stegen-Hanson for evaluation and treatment of her sensory processing disorder sometime in November 2009:
- 11) We discussed my reading of the book, entitled "The Out-of-Sync Child." recommended to me by Dr. Stepen-Historica, and my desire to learn more about Mia's treatment with you; and
- 12) You advised me that, unbeknownst to me beforehand, you had just seen Min for treatment on December 31, 2009.

Today, we met at your office. Though you inadvertently forgot to bring the treatment records I had previously requested with you, you stated that you would fax them to me by Tuesday, January 12, 2010, and you proceeded to graciously go over your past treatment of Mia with me. From the appointment records before you, and from your own recollection of events, you stated, among other things, the following:

- 1) That you have seen Mis approximately 14 times from September 9, 2009, until today, when you had Mis scheduled, unbeknownst to me, for the 15th treatment at 1:00 p.m. Your exact dates of treatment of Mis are: 9/4/09 (my consultation with you), 9/7/09 (your consultation with Mitch and Amy), 9/11/09, 9/19/09, 9/26/09, 10/10/09, 10/24/09 (phane session with Mitch and Amy), 11/14/09, 11/21/09, 12/3/09, 12/19/09, 12/30/09 (session with Mitch and Amy), 12/31/09, and 1/8/10:
- 2) That the focus of all of your treatment sessions of Mia has been Mia's sensory issues, specifically her adverse reactions to clothing and statishis;
- 3) That Mitch never discussed with you any issue relating to Min and any "anger" abe displays when with him:
- 4) That Mitch never informed you of any "meltdowns," "outbursts" or "crying fits" by Mia;
- 5) That Mitch never discussed with you any allegation of "abuse" committed by enyone against Mia;
- 6) That you do not believe that Miz has been or is being abused, and that you would have no problem committing that belief to writing;
- 7) That had you believed that Min was or is being abused, either emotionally or otherwise, you would have reported the abuse to Child Protective Services per your ethical obligations;
- 8) That throughout your treatment of Mia you engaged in a behavioral reward system including, among other things, prizes from a "treatme chest" for positive behavior like wearing her scathelt cooperatively and lessening the time of clothing stretching from 30 to 20 meanus per stretch;
- That Mitch presented a copy of the December 2, 2009 Minute Order in our custody case to you as justification for your continued treatment of Mia without my consent or involvement;
- 10) That though you claim to have my written consent to treat Mia, which I gave you on September 4, 2009, when we initially eact, your December 4, 2009 letter documents my lack of continued consent for you to treat Mia following our December 9, 2009 telepitone conversation;
- 11) That Mitch misrepresented to you that I did not want to be involved in Mia's treatment:
- 12) That you did not know that Mitch never informed me of your treatment of Min until only secondy;
- 13) That Mitch never told you that he and I had jointly agreed to have, and were, in fact, having his treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow during some of the same time period that you were treating Mia under Mitch's direction;
- 14) That had you known that Dr. Mishalow was also seeing Mia, you would not have proceeded to treat Mia given professional ethical constraints prohibiting psychologists from treating individuals who are under the care of another psychologist;

- 15) That the Minute Order of the court anthonizing simultaneous treatment of Min by different psychologists conflicts with current ethical guidelines applicable to psychologists;
- 16) That having Mia men by multiple psychologists may negatively affect Mia.

 given the potential of contradictory or conflicting treatment by different providers;
- 17) That Mitch misrepresented to you that the first time he heard about Dr. Mishalow was at the last hearing in our case; and
- 18) That Mitch misrepresented to you that I had been seeking treatment of Mia with Dr. Mishalow without Mitch's knowledge, consent or involvement.

At the conclusion of our meeting today, I asked you if I could be included in any of your futner treatment of Mis. You responded by saying that you had decided that today would be your last session with Mis. You said that you based this decision on the fact that you felt manipulated by Mitch, and falt that you lacked trust in him given the misrepresentations of fact he made to you, especially with respect to Mis's simultaneous treatment with Dr. Mishalow.

In any event, you stated that you did not think Mia needed any further treatment other than occupational therapy and expressed your approval of my efforts to continue to jointly seek occupational therapy of Mia with Dr. Stegen-Hanson. As I informed you today, at my request, Mitch and Amy joined me on January 6, 2010, for Min's first therapy session with Dr. Stegen-Hanson. Min is scheduled to be treated by Dr. Stegen-Hanson on a weekly basis for the next three months.

Please advise, at your carliest convenience, if you disagree with my recollection of our conversations as act forth above.

Sincerely.

Christina Calderon Stipp

ce: Donn Prokopius

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client Mia Stipp

Date. 8-4-2009

Time: 2.30pm - 3.43pm

Duration, I hour, 13 minutes

Code, 90801

Today is the first meeting with Christina Stipp, regarding her daughter, Mia Stipp. Office policies, limits of confidentiality, fees and HIPAA were discussed. Christina is the mother of five-year-old, Mia. Mia is reported to have difficulties related to clothing issues (wanting clothes to be several sizes too big) as well as becoming defiant when she is told that she has to wear her clothes, specifically her uniform for school.

Christina spent most of the session discussing in great detail the history of her relationship with her ex-husband, Mitchell Stipp. Even though I tried on four to five occasions to have Christina focus back to the task at hand, which was for me to listen to the behavioral problems she was having with her daughter. Christina continued to cry through the session, focusing on the loss of her husband through divorce.

At the end of the session, Christina told me that her family does not have any history of mental illness but her ex-husband has a history of OCD. Review of fees was discussed and Christina said that she could not afford my full fee. We discussed options and agreed upon a reduction of \$50 per session so that her daughter could be treated.

Plan. I will contact Mitchell to set up an appointment for intake with him as well. Then I will begin meing Mis on, most likely, a weekly basis to rule out an OCD problem with clothing, while providing cognitive behavioral play therapy.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Chnical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

4-4-0

Date

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Chinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 – Fax (702) 310-8798

Client. Mia Stipp

Date. 9-9-2009

Time. 1.30pm - 2.20pm

Duration 50 minutes

Code, 90801

Today is the first meeting with Mitchell and Amy Stipp, Mia's biological father and step-mother. Office policies, limits of confidentiality, fees and HIPAA were discussed. Mia is reported to have difficulties related to clothing issues (wanting clothes to be several sizes too big) as well as becoming defiant when she is told that she has to wear her clothes, specifically her uniform for school. Also, Mitchell needs to stretch Mia's clothing for her, stretching each arm of her clothing. Mia reportedly does not like to wear underwear either. Mitchell is also concerned that Mia may be having difficulties related to the divorce between him and Mia's mother.

Mitchell currently has Mis 30% of the time. He reported that he has a history of OCD when he was a child and is very concerned that Mia has OCD as well.

Plan. I will call Christina to let her know that I spoke with Mitchell and that Mia's first therapy session is set for Friday. September 11th at 5.30pm. Then I will begin seeing Mia on, most likely, a weekly basis for individual therapy to rule out an OCD problem with clothing, while providing cognitive behavioral therapy (CBI).

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Date

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 510-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client Mis Stipp

Date. 9-11-2009

Time. 11.30am - 11.40am

Duration, 10 minutes

Code, Phone call

Called Christina Stipp to let her know that I spoke and met with Mitchell and Amy Stipp and that individual therapy will begin today at 5.30pm. Also discussed my fee and asked Christina to provide some proof that she could not afford my full fee. She stated that she would not provide such information, so I told her that the fee would not be reduced.

Ms. Christina Stipp also insisted that I do therapy her way, which was for her to set up each session and that it was my duty to most with her and Mitchell before every session, then she wanted to be present in the room with Mia during the session, and to then work on parenting strategies with her and Mitch (without Amy there) after each session. I told Christina that because she and her ex-husband were not communicating in person, and only through e-mails, that I believed it could be detrimental for Mia to have both parents present for sessions, at least in the beginning, and that it was my policy to meet with the parent that brings the child for the first 5-10 minutes of the session, then to meet with the child. Mia is to be seen today at 5.30pm.

Metissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Date

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Farkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 510-8787 – Fax (702) 510-8798

Client. Mia Stipp

Date. 9-11-2009

Time: 5:30pm - 6:20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Today was the first session that I met with Mia Stipp. She was brought in by her father and step-mother. Mia presented as a pleasant child who readily came into the playroom. Play was developmentally appropriate. Established trust and rapport with ease.

Mia did make comments, such as-

- "Mommy doesn't like Amy."
- "Amy was married to James."

Mia stated that her mother told her about James (who I later found out was Amy's first husband) and that her mother reportedly told her that this is why Amy is bad.

Plan. Continue meeting with Mis on a weekly hasis for play therapy to address behavioral concerns. Next session is scheduled for 9-19 at 2.30pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client. Mia Stipp

Date: 9-19-2009

Time, 2.30pm - 3.25pm

Duration, 55 minutes

Code, 90806

Today is the second session that I met with Mia. I spent the first few minutes of the session talking to Mitchell while Amy and Mia played together. I informed Mitchell of the comments that Mia made, such as "Monuny doesn't like Amy" and "Amy was married to James." I then met with Mia and told Mitchell I would inform him of any other statements made by Mia.

Mis presented again in a wonderful mood. She had difficulties related to wearing her seatbelt in the car this week, telling her father that the seatbelt was too tight. Mis and I worked on cognitive behavioral strategies to deal with Mis's feelings that the seatbelt was too tight as well as her clothing. Mis has taken a real interest in my treasure box, where she can pick one treat from the box at the end of each session if she does well during our play therapy session. As an incentive, Mis will earn extra treats from my treasure box if she wears her seatbelt correctly. We also discussed the safety of seatbelts.

Min again reported comments that her mother made to her, such as "I want to spend more time with Dada but the judge won't let me." When I asked Min about the judge, she reported that her mother told her about the judge.

Plan. Mia will carn extra treats from my treasure box upon wearing her scatbelt correctly. I encouraged Mitchell to reward Mia for this behavior at home as well. Next session is set for 8-26 at 2.30pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

9-19-09

01-14~10:06:26PM; ;702-310-6798 # 8/-32

One of the most common sensory disorders is Tactile Defensiveness. With this condition, a child is over or "hyper" sensitive to different types of touch. Light touch is one of the most upsetting types of touch to a child with SI dysfunction. Depending on the intensity of their dysfunction, they may become snywhere from mildly annoyed to completely freaked out by having someone lightly touch them. A gentle kiss on the cheek may feel like they are having coarse sandpaper rubbed on their face. They also may dislike feeling sand, grass or dirt on their skin. Getting dressed may be a struggle as different clothing textures, tags and seams may cause them great discomfort.

Often children with Tactile Defensiveness or touch hypersensitivity will avoid, become fearful of, or are initated by:

- · The wind blowing on bare skin
- Light touch
- · Vibrating toys
- Barefoot touching of carpet, sand and/or grass

Clothing textures

Tags and seams on clothing

Touching of "messy" things

Changes in temperature

On the other side of the spectrum is a child with Taetile Undersensitivity or "Hyposensitivity". A tectile undersensitive child need a lot of input to get the touch information he or she needs. They will often seek out tactile input on their own in sometimes unsafe ways.

A child who is undersensitive to touch may have these difficulties:

- Emotional and social Craves touch to the extent that friends, family, and even strangers
 hecome annoyed and upset. This could be the baby who constantly needs to be held, or
 the toddler who is clingy, craving continual physical contact.
- Sensory exploration Makes excessive physical contact with people and objects.
 Touching other children too forcefully or inappropriately (such as biting or hitting).
- Motor To get more tactile sensory information, he may need to use more of his skin surface to feel he's made contact with an object.
- Grooming and dressing May choose clothing that is, in your opinion, unacceptably tight
 or loose, He may brush his teeth so hard that he injures his gums.

If you child shows signs of Tactile Defensiveness or Undersensitivity, it's important to get a proper screening by an Occupational Therapist, pediatrician or other licensed professional. This sensory assessment will help you in seeking out the proper course of treatment and therapy.

Visit [http://www.SensorySmartKid.com] for more information and support regarding Sensory Integration, PDD and other Autism Spectrum Disorders.

Article Source: http://EzineArticles.com/(expert=Deborah Woodward

9/21/09

TACTILE FUNCTIONING (SOMATOSENSORY)

"The sense of touch is critical in helping us function in the environment on a daily basis" (Ayres, 1986). Constant tactile stimulation is necessary for all individuals, it has the ability to keep us organized and functioning (Kranowitz, 1998). Through sensory receiving cells (receptors) we feel sensations of pressure, vibration, movement, temperature and pain (Yack et. al, 1998). This system provides information to aid in visual processing, motor planning, body awareness, cognitive learning, emotional security and social skills (Kranowitz, 1998). There are two components to the tactile system:

A) the protective (defensive uh oh! System) is a more primitive component that alerts us when something potentially dangerous is touching our bodies. The body reacts against the cuvironment to protect itself from being harmed by evoking a fight or flight response while at other times will simply elert the nervous system (Kranowitz, 1998; Yack et. al, 1998). B) The discriminative system (Ahal) is more advanced and provides us with details about touch (e.g. when we are touching something or something is touching us, where the touch is, pressure of the truch and different attributes of the object touching us) (Kranowitz, 1998; Yack et. al, 1998). Yacks and others (1998) note that a successful tactile system depends on a balance between both the protective and discriminative systems. When this system is not balanced tactile defensiveness or under-responsive tactile discrimination resolts.

Poor tacille discrimination is a result of an immature ability to discriminate between tactile experiences and remembering past experiences. This child will mostly likely have fine motor problems, resistance to exploring the environment, and a problem using tools to perform 'everyday' tasks (Kranowitz, 1998). However the extent to which the object is averaive to or desired by the child is dependent on the child him/herself. Further the child may also be hyper and hypo sensitive to tactile sensations and as a result may shy away from soft touch but be unaware of broken bones.

Tuctile Defensiveness (hyper-sensitivity)

Tactile sensations can create negative emotional reactions (Ayres, 1986) whereby the child may over-react to certain tactile experiences (e.g. touching squishy materials) (Wilharger, 1997). Such an experience may trigger a 'fight or flight' response from the child.

Behaviors We May See

Taking off Clothing- the clothing may be uncomfortable therefore, provide soft loose clothes, provide calming stimulation and deep touch.

Avoidance of Handling Sensory Material

This is a common form of tactile defensiveness where the temperature and consistency of materials may make a difference in how well the object is tolerated. As a result the instructor should find different ways to introduce new tactile experiences (e.g. accidental touching) but also provide tactile experiences that the child does crave.

Limited Use of Hands for Grespins

This is also a common form of tactile defensiveness where the child exhibits a "flight' response by not participating fully in the activity. However this may also be a sign of poor proprioceptive functioning (Yack et. al, 1998). Things that we can do to promote tactile swareness are; include tactile activities during sessions so that the child must use his/her hands (e.g. open doors, pull chairs).

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310–8787 – Fax (702) 310–8798

Client. Mis Stipp

Date: 9-26-2009

Time. 2.30pm - 3,20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Today is the third session that I met with Mis. Continued talking with Mis about her clothing and seathelt issues. Mis did earn extra treats from my treasure box for wearing her seathelt correctly, but is still complaining that it is too tight.

I would like the opportunity to discuss Mia's case, without using her name and changing her identifying data, with Dr. Julie Beasley, during a phone consultation. Mitchell agreed.

Plan. Mis will earn extra treats from my treasure box upon wearing her scatbelt correctly, as well as her clothing. I encouraged Mitchell to reward Mis for this behavior at home as well. I will speak with a colleague regarding Mis's case.

Next session with Mia is set for 10-10 at 4.30pm. I am meeting with Mitchell and Amy to discuss Mia's progress 9-29-09 at 2.50pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date: 9-26-2009

Code. Phone consultation with Dr. Julis Beasley

Phone call to Dr. Julie Beasley, child neuropsychologist, to consult this case with her. I am concerned that we are not dealing with OCD at this time, but a sensory processing issue. Dr. Beasley agreed and felt that a referral to the Achievement Therapy Center for occupational therapy may be helpful. I will pass this information on to Mitchell during our next session.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-\$

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horlzon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client Mia Stipp

Date. 09-29-2009

Time. 2.30pm - 3.20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90846

Met with Mia's father and step-mother today to review Mia's progress in treatment. Discussed behavioral techniques to assist with clothing issues. I discussed my consultation with Dr. Julie Beasley regarding Mia's issues. I do not believe that this is OCD at this time, but a possible sensory integration/processing disorder that needs to be further evaluated by an occupational therapist. I gave them the name of Dr. Tonia Stegan-Hansen at Achievement Therapy Center as a referral.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

<u>9-89-09</u>

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway. Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client Mia Stipp

Date: 10-10-2009

Time. 4.30pm — 5.20pm

Duration 50 minutes

Code. 90806

Continued talking with Mia about her clothing and seatbelt issues. Mia did earn extra treats from my treasure box for wearing her seatbelt correctly, but is still complaining that it is too tight. Mia made statements (without any prompting) such as "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Mommy says we can't change the rules." And "Mommy doesn't like Amy, but I like Amy" and "Momma says Amy is bad, but I like her."

Plant. Mis will carn extra treats from my treasure box upon wearing her scatbelt correctly, as well as her clothing. I encouraged Mitchell to reward Mia for this behavior at home as well.

Next session is set for 10-24 at 9.80am.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RFT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Chinical Child Psychologist and Registered Flay Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client Mia Stipp

Date: 10-24-2009

Time. 9.30sm - 10.00sm

Code. phone call with Mitchell

Session was set for in the office today at 9.30am but Mia has the H1N1 flu and the family needs to stay with her in the home. So Mitchell and I decided to have a phone session regarding my findings as they relate to Mis. I discussed my clinical findings that I do not feel as if Mia has obsessive-compulsive disorder but that there may be a sensory processing disorder. Mitchell is to contact the Achievement Therapy Center for an occupational assessment in November.

Next session is set for 10-30 at 6.30pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

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Client Mia Stipp

Date: 10-30-2009

Time. 6.30pm - 7.20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Mitchell and Amy Stipp brought Mia for her session today. Mia continues to present as a pleasant young girl who is having issues related to the fact that she reports that she loves her step-mother. Amy, but her mother gets mad at her for feeling that way, as well as clothing concerns. I continued to provide therapy to Mia about these issues, stating that she has the ability to love anyone she wants and that it is OK to talk about these feelings with me, as this is a safe place to talk.

Mitchell asked me if I have had any contact with Christina, to which I answered "no." He stated that Christina is seeking the advice of Dr. Mishilow in this case. I asked him to keep me informed.

Next individual session for Mia is set for 11-14-09 at 2.50pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

0-30-09

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Theraplat – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310–8787 – Fax (702) 310–8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date. 11-14-2009

Time. 2.30pm - 3.20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Continued individual play therapy with Mia today. We continue working on issues related to her parents' divorce and clothing issues. We are working on limiting the duration of the stretching of the clothing. Mia stated today.

- (1) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Mommy says we can't change the rules."
- (2) "I want to spand more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."

Mitchell and Amy report that Mia continues to improve with treatment.

Next individual session for Mia is set for 11-21-09 at 3.90pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

11-14-09

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date, 11-21-2009

Time 3.50pm - 4.20pm

Duration. 50 minutes

Code. 90806

Continued individual play therapy with Mis today. We continue working on issues related to her parents' divorce and clothing issues. We are working on limiting the duration of the stretching of the clothing. Appointment has been made and kept with occupational therapist. Report will follow.

Next individual session for Min is set for 12-03-09 at 12.50pm.

Melisse F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RFT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horlzon Ridge Parkway. Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date: 12-03-2009

Time. 12.30pm - 1.20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Met with Mitchell during the first half of the session while Amy played with Mia in the playroom. Mitchell would like me to write a letter regarding the statements Mia has made regarding Amy, the judge and her mother. I will type up a letter regarding the facts and only the facts, with no opinion whatsoever to the facts, as I clarified again that I was not appointed by the court nor am I a custody evaluator.

The second half of the session was spent with Mia. Mia began the session by telling me that "Momma doesn't say anything bad about Dada and Amy anymore." I asked Mia how she felt about this and she stated "It feels great. Now I can love everybody and nobody gets mad."

Next individual session for Mia is set for 12-19-09 at 2.50pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Sulte 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

December 4, 2009

Sent Via Facsimile. (702) 304-0275

Mitchell Stipp 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135

RE. Mia Stipp

Dear Mr. Stipp.

The purpose of this letter is to confirm facts surrounding the psychotherapy treatment of your daughter. Mia Stipp, and the subsequent statements made by Mia Stipp during my evaluation of her. I was contacted initially by Christina Stipp, Mia's biological mother, to conduct an evaluation and ongoing therapy for Mia. Christina reported that her main concerns for Mia were Mia's sensory problems related to her clothing and Mia's feelings related to the divorce of her parents. I then had a 80-minute initial evaluation therapy session with Christina Stipp.

Prior to treating Mia. I asked to meet with you to have a similar evaluation session. After meeting Mia's mother, father and step-mother, I scheduled an appointment for Mia at your request. I contacted Christina via telephone after our session to inform her that you consented to treatment and gave her the time and date of Mia's first therapy session. As I do for all of my child clients, I explained that I was to meet with Mia without the presence of either parent and the evaluation process would take approximately five sessions. During the telephone conversation. Christina informed me that she was displeased that I had set up a session for Mia with you. Christina asked that I reschedule the meeting for Mia at a time that was convenient for her, as she wanted to be there for the session as well as having you present so that we could all meet together. I communicated to Christina that it did not matter which parent scheduled Mia's first appointment and that I wanted to meet (at least initially) with Mia alone. I also felt

that given the fact that you and Christina are not on speaking terms, it may be upsetting for Mis to see the two of you together and may actually be detrimental to the therapeutic process. Christina insisted that she and you be present for the session and if I did not agree to this that she did not want to engage my services.

I informed you of my conversation with Christins. You indicated to me that you and your wife, Amy Stipp, wanted my assistance with Mia's clothing issues and to assess how Mia was coping with the divorce. As you know, I evaluated Mia for approximately five sessions of fifty minutes each. During these sessions, Mia made the following statements to me.

- (1) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Monnny says we can't change the rules."
- (2) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."
- (3) "Anny was married to James."
- (4) "Monuma doesn't like Arny."
- (5) "Momma says Amy is bad, but I like her."
- (5) Most recently, Mis has stated. "Momma doesn't say anything had about Dada and Amy anymore."

I communicated the above statements made by Mia to you at the end of each session. Please note that Mia made these statements to me independently without any prompting. I did not discuss these statements with Mia. I simply reported them to you after the applicable session.

It has been a pleasure to treat Mia. If you have any other questions, please let me know. I can be reached at (702) 310-8787.

Mododier, Payo, RPT. 8, BCPC

Sincerely.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Board Certified Professional Counselor

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 510–8787 – Fax (702) 510–8798

Client. Mia Stipp

Date. 12-19-2009

Time 2.30pm - 3.20pm

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90806

Met with Mitchell for the first 10 minutes of the session. He reported that he presented my letter in court during a custody evaluation. I reiterated that I was not appointed by the court nor am I a custody evaluator. Mitchell wants to continue therapy for Mia, as she gets along well with me, enjoys coming, and feels safe here.

Min continues to present in a pleasant mood. She is very interested in earning a "big prize" from my treasure chest — so we set up a reward system so she can earn it next session if she continues to wear her seatbelt properly and talk about her feelings.

Next session with Mitchell and Amy is set for 12-30 at 10.30am. Next individual session for Mia is set for 12-31-09 at 5.30pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Thempist - Supervisor

12-19-09

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist – Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 – Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310–8787 – Fax (702) 310–8798

Client Mis Stipp

Date: 12-30-2009

Time. 10.30am - 11.20am

Duration, 50 minutes

Code. 90846

Met with Mitchell and Amy Stipp today. Reviewed occupational therapist's report, which states that Mia does have a sensory processing disorder. I informed them that Christina has sent me letters regarding wanting my notes on Mia. I have left messages for Christina and will set up a session with Christina to discuss Mia's progress.

Mia will be seen again 12-31 at 5.30pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date, 12-31-2009

Time. 5.30am - 6.20am

Duration, 50 minutes

Code, 90506

Had a wonderful session with Min today. Continue working on clothing issues. Min has agreed to allow stretching of each arm of her clothing to go from 30 seconds to 20 seconds. We practiced counting to 30, then 25, then 20.

I told Mia today that I would be meeting with her mother soon and I was excited about this. Mis began looking very anxious and asked that I not talk to her most because "My most is mean. She puts me in time-out all the time." I reassured Mia that she has nothing to worry about.

Mis will be seen again 1-08-2010 at 1pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Flay Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client, Mia Stipp

Date. 1-02-2010

Time, 11.45am - 11.55am

Duration, 10 minutes

Code, Phone call to Christina Stipp

Spoke with Christina Stipp today over the phone. She was upset over the letter that I had written and wanted to discuss the letter and Mia's therapy. I will be meeting with Christina Friday, January 8th at 11am.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

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Client. Mia Stipp

Date, 1-08-2010

Time. 11.15am - 12.95pm

Duration. I hour, twenty minutes

Code, 90846

Met with Christina Stipp today. Christina took notes while we talked. I did not have my notes in front of me, but I went over the course of Mia's treatment since September. Christina let me know that she had been taking Mia to Dr. Mishilow but Dr. Mishilow was no longer involved in the case. She also stated that Mitchell's attorney had told her that Mitchell was not bringing Mia to therapy anymore.

The majority of the discussion from Christina centered on legal issues between her and her husband, not on Mia. Christina made it quite clear that she did not give her consent for me to treat Mia anymore. I told Christina that I would no longer treat Mia due to the litigious nature of the case and my inability at this time to help Mia with her issues due to her mother's lack of consent and legal concerns.

I did not charge Christina for the session today.

Mia will have a final termination session today at 1 pm.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

Client. Mis Stipp

Date. 1-08-2010

Time. 1pm - 2pm

Duration, 1 hour

Code 90806/80846

Mitchell and Amy Stipp brought Mia to her session today. I met with Mitchell alone while Amy, Mia and Ethan played in the playroom. I explained to Mitchell that I had met with Christina earlier in the day and that she did not give her consent to treat Mia anymore and that I was no longer wanting to be involved in this case, as it appears to now not be a child case, but a legal case. I do not get involved in court cases and stated that I could no longer treat Mia.

Mitchell stated that he understood and we agreed to have Mia participate in weekly occupational therapy for the time being. Completed termination with Mia.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D. RPT-S

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

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Clinical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 310-8798

January 12, 2010

Sent Via Facsimila. (702) 240-4937

Dear Christina,

Records on Mia Stipp will be sent by the 15^{th} of this manth. Thank you for your patience and understanding.

plodner, PEAD, PPT-8, BORE

Sincerely.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Board Certified Professional Counselor

REPLY EXHIBIT "F"

Electronically Filed 05/24/2010 01:33:37 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

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RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESO.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

Office: (702) 990-6448

Facsimile: (702) 990-6456

rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Attorney for Defendant, Mitchell Stipp

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP,

Plaintiff,

13 MITCHELL STIPP,

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z

DEPT NO.: O

FAMILY DIVISION

ORDER FROM HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND RELATED COUNTERMOTION

DATE OF HEARING: April 13, 2010 TIME OF HEARING: 11:00 a.m.

This matter coming on for hearing on Plaintiff's MOTION TO REHEAR/RECONSIDER THE HEARING OF 12/8/09 AND/OR TO CLARIFY THE COURT'S RULINGS FROM THAT HEARING AND FOR PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEYS FEES and Defendant's COUNTERMOTION FOR SANCTIONS UNDER EDCR 7.60; Plaintiff CHRISTINA STIPP ("Christina"), being present and represented by DONN W. PROKOPIUS, ESQ., and Defendant, MITCHELL STIPP ("Mitchell"), being present and represented by RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ., of RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED; the

Court, having reviewed the pleadings on file, having heard the arguments of counsel, and being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing therefor, FINDS AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. Plaintiff has moved for reconsideration of the court's order filed February 1, 2010, arising from the hearing of December 8, 2009. At the hearing of December 8, 2009, the court appointed Dr. Robert Paglini to perform an outsourced child custody assessment. The court shall not modify that order, or otherwise limit the scope of the analysis of Dr. Paglini. The court has the ability to discern the evidence or recommendations of Dr. Paglini that are relevant to the court's determinations of the pending motions. Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration is denied.
- 3. The determination of evidence applicable to any request for additional visitation, or any request for change of custody is a legal matter that will be addressed by the court after the review of Dr. Paglini's report and recommendations.
- 4. The court shall prohibit either party from having Mia treated by any psychologist until further order of the court. Mia may continue, however, to receive occupational therapy from Dr. Tania Stegen-Hansen and her staff.
- 5. Defendant contends that the provisions in the court's February 1, 2010 order regarding the parties' ability to move outside the State of Nevada with the minor children vary from the parties' Marital Settlement Agreement dated February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). The court did not modify the MSA in that regard, and to the extent the February 1, 2010 order contains contrary provisions, the MSA shall control.
- 6. The parties' conflicting requests for attorney's fees and sanctions shall be denied at this time. The court shall review each party's requests for attorney's fees and costs after its review of Dr. Paglini's report, or after any evidentiary hearing arising from such report.

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7. Based upon the request for a continuance from Dr. Paglini, the hearing for the return of Dr. Paglini's report and recommendations is continued to May 6, 2010 at 2:00 p.m. The evidentiary hearing set for that date shall be vacated pending review of Dr. Paglini's findings.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

T FRANK P. SULLIVAN SALLY LOEHRER

Approved as to form and content:

Submitted by:

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADEORD LEMITH, ESQ. Novada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road - Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Defendant

DONN W. PROKOPIUS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6460 931 S. Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Plaintiff

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Divorce - Joint Petition

COURT MINUTES

May 06, **2010**

D-08-389203-Z

In the Matter of the Joint Petition for Divorce of:

Mitchell David Stipp and Christina Calderon Stipp, Petitioners.

May 06, 2010

2:00 PM

Return Hearing

Re: Outsource Custody

Evaluation (Dr.

Paglini)

HEARD BY:

Sullivan, Frank P.

COURTROOM: Courtroom 05

COURT CLERK: Lori Parr

PARTIES:

Christina Stipp, Petitioner,

Donn Prokopius, Attorney,

present

present

Ethan Stipp, Subject Minor, not

present

Mia Stipp, Subject Minor, not

present

Mitchell Stipp, Petitioner,

present

Radford Smith, Attorney,

present

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court reviewed Dr. Paglini's Report.

Following argument, COURT ORDERED, it will review the Supplemental Pleadings filed by counsel, and will file a Written Decision.

UNDER ADVISEMENT.

PRINT DATE:	06/02/2010	D 4 40	3.64	14 04 0040
PRIMI DATE	11671127711111	LPage Lot 2	Minutes Date:	1 Mat 06 2010 1
7 144 1 D 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	00/02/2010	Page 1 of 2	MILLIAICS Date.	May 06, 2010

INTERIM CONDITIONS:

FUTURE HEARINGS:

Canceled: May 06, 2010 2:00 PM Evidentiary Hearing

Reason: Canceled as the result of a hearing cancel, Hearing Canceled Reason: Vacated

Courtroom 05 Sullivan, Frank P.

June 22, 2010 10:00 AM Motion

Courtroom 05 Sullivan, Frank P.

REPLY EXHIBIT "C"

Electronically Filed 12/07/2009 10:06:17 AM

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RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

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Email: rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Attorneys for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP,

CASE NO.:

D08-389203-Z

Plaintiff,

DEPT.:

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MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,

DATE OF HEARING: December 8, 2009

TIME OF HEARING: 10:00 a.m.

Defendant,

REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT AND

OPPOSITION TO COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER DUE TO DEFENDANT'S FRAUD UPON THE COURT, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS, AND FOR SANCTIONS

COMES NOW, Defendant MITCHELL D. STIPP, by and through his attorney Radford J. Smith. Esq., and submits the following points and authorities in reply to Plaintiff CHRISTINA C. STIPP's opposition and in opposition to Plaintiff's countermotion, as described above and filed on November 30, 2009.

This reply and opposition is made and based upon the points and authorities attached hereto, the Affidavit of Defendant MITCHELL STIPP attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and evidence attached as

 Exhibits hereto, the pleadings and papers on file in this action, and any oral argument or evidence adduced at the time of the hearing of this matter.

DATED this 7th day of December, 2009.

OFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

ADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

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I.

INTRODUCTION

Defendant Mitchell Stipp ("Mitchell") filed his Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement on October 29, 2009. Plaintiff Christina Calderon-Stipp ("Christina") filed her opposition and countermotion on November 30, 2009. Christina's opposition was due on November 25, 2009. Therefore, the opposition is untimely and should not be considered by the Court.

Christina will likely argue for a continuance of the December 8, 2009 hearing because she has not had sufficient time to review and respond to Mitchell's reply and opposition because it was filed on the day before the hearing. Based on the timing of the filing of Christina's opposition and countermotion, Mitchell filed his reply and opposition at the earliest possible time prior to the hearing. In the event that the Court continues the hearing to provide Christina additional time to file appropriate pleadings, this Court should send this matter to assessment with a qualified psychologist. As it is Christina's failure to timely file her opposition, the Court could use the time of any delay to get to the

bottom of the child custody issues raised by both parties. Such an assessment is warranted in this case.

As set forth in Mitchell's motion, Christina is emotionally abusing Mia Stipp ("Mia"), the parties' five

(5) year old daughter.

II.

ARGUMENT

Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order should be Denied; No Fraud has been Committed; and Child Assessment should be Ordered

For the first time, Christina alleges in her opposition and countermotion that Mitchell is unfit. Christina alleges that Mitchell was arrested for and charged with driving under the influence of alcohol and that Mitchell has a bad driving record. Christina failed to comply with E.D.C.R. 5.11 prior to filing her countermotion.

(a) Mitchell's DUI arrest does not make him unfit.

Mitchell was arrested on May 12, 2008 for misdemeanor driving under the influence of alcohol. At the time of Mitchell's arrest, Mitchell believed that he passed a field sobriety test but failed the preliminary breath test. Mitchell consumed two (2) alcoholic beverages while eating dinner at Del Frisco's with co-workers from his prior employer, PLISE. Mitchell was pulled over by the Metropolitan Police Department a few blocks from the restaurant because his vehicle had expired registration tags. Mitchell elected to provide a blood sample at the Clark County Detention Center. Mitchell was transported to the Clark County Detention Center, provided a blood sample, and was released a few hours later. Upon his release, Mitchell was provided a court date of August 12, 2008. Mitchell engaged Frank Cremen, Esq., to represent him. Around the first week of August of 2008, Mr. Cremen contacted

The arresting officer informed Mitchell at the time of his arrest that he registered a preliminary breath test result of 0.09.

² Mitchell weighs approximately 145 pounds and is 5 feet 8 inches tall.

Mitchell to inform him that the Clark County District Attorney's Office had not approved a criminal complaint against him. At that point, Mitchell also had not received any notice from the Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles (the "Nevada DMV") suspending his driver's license. Therefore, Mitchell believed he would not be prosecuted.

Mr. Cremen contacted Mitchell sometime in December of 2008 to inform him that a criminal complaint had been filed against him on December 2, 2008 for misdemeanor driving under the influence of alcohol (NRS 484.379). An initial arraignment was scheduled for December 30, 2008. Mitchell did not attend. Mr. Cremen attended the arraignment and entered a plea of not guilty on Mitchell's behalf. Trial was scheduled for May 21, 2009. Some time before the trial date (but after Mitchell filed his January 8, 2008 opposition and countermotion), Mr. Cremen contacted Mitchell to discuss the arrest report and laboratory results. Mr. Cremen informed Mitchell that the blood sample taken on the day of his arrest contained a concentration of alcohol of 0.117 grants per 100 milliliters of blood. Mr. Cremen negotiated a plea agreement, and Mitchell pled no contest (with adjudication to be withheld pending completion of DUI School and a victim impact panel) to reckless driving on May 27, 2009. Mitchell successfully completed the conditions to his plea arrangement. Accordingly, on August 26, 2009, the complaint was amended to reckless driving and the case was closed. At no time did the Nevada DMV suspend Mitchell's driving privileges.

Christina argues in her opposition and countermotion that Mitchell's failure to disclose the above-described matter amounts to fraud sufficient to set aside the parties' August 7, 2009 stipulation and order under Nev. R. Civ. P. 60(b) and re-institute the parties' original timeshare arrangement, is a violation of N.R.P.C. 3.3 and 8.4, justifies sanctions against Mitchell to reimburse Christina for more than \$100,000 in legal fees and costs incurred by her litigating the post-divorce custody matters, and requires this Court to issue non-descript orders to accommodate Christina's "safety concerns."

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Christina states in paragraph 17 of her affidavit that she learned of Mitchell's arrest only after entering into the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order. Mitchell believes Christina searched the public records for "dirt" only after receiving Mitchell's motion based on the November 24, 2009 date of the certified copy of the Disposition Notice and Judgment attached to her pleadings. Specifically, Christina recounts an event that occurred while driving with the children in her automobile in September of 2009 when the children saw a police car driving with its lights and sirens activated. This event apparently prompted the children to tell Christina that Mitchell had been stopped by the police for speeding and that Mitchell received a ticket. With this information, Christina admits to searching the public records to "find out the truth about this violation[,]" and low and behold she discovered that Mitchell was arrested in 2008 (after the parties divorced and several months before Christina instituted the post-divorced litigation). Rather than communicate any concerns to Mitchell about this information, according to Christina's affidavit, she instead contacted the State Bar of Nevada to determine if Mitchell reported this matter as she alleges is required by S.C.R. 111(2)³ and filed a bar complaint against Mitchell and his counsel for failing to disclose the matter to the Court during the pendency of the prior post-divorce proceedings. This conduct does not satisfy E.D.C.R. 5.11, seems inconsistent with a parent who is really concerned about the well-being of the children, and is really designed to punish Mitchell and his counsel for filing Mitchell's motion.

Since the parties' divorce through the date of filing Christina's December 17, 2008 motion. Christina never communicated to Mitchell that she had any concerns regarding his use of alcohol. The first time Mitchell became aware of Christina's concerns was in her motion; however, she never alleged that Mitchell was unfit (including through the period after the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order).

³ Mr. Cremen advised Mitchell that no report was required under S.C.R. 111(2) based on the amended complaint and his no contest plea to reckless driving.

What has changed? Nothing— except that Mitchell filed a motion on October 29, 2009 alleging that Christina is emotionally abusing Mia. As a result, Christina now alleges that Mitchell is unfit. Given this allegation, Mitchell believes it is even more important for the Court to order an assessment of the children to determine if Mitchell's alleged alcoholism and apparent reckless driving really pose a "safety threat" as Christina contends in her countermotion and opposition. Mitchell is not asking the Court to simply "take his word for it" that he is a fit parent as Christina alleges. Mitchell believes the Court has no other choice but to order an assessment under the circumstances to get to the bottom of these allegations. As Christina puts it, Mitchell "opened the door" with respect to his conduct, and Christina should not oppose an order for such relief (although she does in her pleadings). It does not make any sense to allege that Mitchell is unfit and poses a safety threat to the children and oppose Mitchell's request for a child custody assessment.

Neither Mitchell nor his counsel made any attempt to conceal Mitchell's arrest, charge or plea. All statements made by Mitchell and his counsel in filings with and at all hearings before the Court have been true and accurate with respect to Mitchell's use of alcohol. Christina actually cites specific statements of Mitchell in his January 8, 2009 opposition and countermotion as the primary support for her position that Mitchell and his counsel perpetrated a fraud on this Court which she emphasized:

Mitchell denies that he is an alcoholic or drinks too much alcohol. In fact, Mitchell now rarely consumes alcohol. In the unlikely event that Mitchell consumes alcohol, he does so responsibly and never during the days and times that Mitchell has visitation with the children.

These statements were true and accurate when Mitchell made them (and are true and accurate now). His arrest eight (8) months before Mitchell filed his January 8, 2009 opposition and countermotion do not make any of these statements false or misleading and certainly do not amount to

⁴ At the time Christina filed her initial motion in December of 2008, the arrest and charge was a matter of public record.

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fraud on the Court. In fact, Mitchell's use of the word "now" makes it very clear that he acknowledges drinking more in the past. Regardless, at the time Mitchell was arrested, Mitchell's children were not present in the automobile. The arrest did not occur during any period of Mitchell's timeshare with the children. No property was damaged, and no one was injured. Mitchell has not been arrested for or charged with any alcohol related offenses since that time. Mitchell accepted complete responsibility for his actions, paid a fine of \$580 and learned a significant and important lesson from attending DUI School and a victim impact panel.

There is absolutely no legal basis to set aside the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order on the basis of fraud as Christina alleges. No fraud exists. Neither Mitchell nor his counsel had any legal or ethical obligation to communicate to Christina, her counsel, or the Court the facts of Mitchell's arrest, charge or plea. Mitchell's arrest, charge, and plea are not relevant to his fitness as a parent. Therefore, the Court should not punish Mitchell as Christina requests by taking time away from him with his children. Mitchell also should not have to pay as sanctions Christina's prior legal bills; he did not initiate the litigation in December of 2008, he had every right to oppose Christina's motion and file his own countermotion to obtain additional time with the children, and his actions were in good faith and did not violate any court or professional rules.

(b) Mitchell's driving record is irrelevant.

Christina provides in footnote 3 of her opposition and countermotion alleged "evidence" of Mitchell's reckless driving. She attaches as Exhibit 7 to her pleadings an underwriting review and vehicle damage report from State Farm Insurance regarding a single vehicle accidence that occurred on November 7, 2006. Mitchell does not dispute that he was involved in an accident in November of 2006 the specific circumstances of which are detailed in the insurance records. However, Mitchell denies the accident was caused by alcohol as Christina alleges, and Christina has not proffered any evidence to

Support her claim. Mitchell has also reviewed the traffic case records search attached as Exhibit 8 to Christina's pleadings and cannot determine on the basis of the review the specific charges (moving vs. non-moving violations) other than as identified on the report (which include license, insurance and registration citations), the specific circumstances of the citation, and/or the validity of the citation. This alleged "evidence" does not support Christina's reckless driving claims, is not relevant to Mitchell's fitness as a parent and certainly is not sufficient to justify a court order to address Christina's unsupported "safety concerns." Furthermore, Christina alleged that Mitchell was a bad driver in the original divorce proceedings and in her December 17, 2008 motion which the Court denied.

For the record and in the interest of full disclosure, Mitchell received a traffic citation by the California Highway Patrol for speeding on Interstate 15 in August of 2009. The children were present in the vehicle when the violation occurred. Mitchell has not found a single case in Nevada or in any other jurisdiction where the custody designation and/or timeshare arrangement was changed on the basis of a minor traffic citation.

2. Countermotion to Permit Financial Discovery should be Denied; No Fraud has been Committed; and Christina's request for a Temporary Injunctions should be Denied

For the first time, Christina alleges in her opposition and countermotion that Mitchell fraudulently concealed at least \$6.9 million from Christina prior to their divorce. Christina failed to comply with E.D.C.R. 5.11 prior to filing her countermotion.

(a) Christina's allegations of financial wrongdoing are pure fantasy and are designed to harass Mitchell because he filed his motion.

The parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement dated February 20, 2008 (the "MSA"). The terms and conditions were incorporated into the Decree of Divorce ("Decree"). The Decree was signed by the judge on March 5, 2008 and filed with the Clerk of the Court on March 6, 2008.

⁵ A review of the same website records also reveals that Christina has received similar citations; however, Mitchell does not allege that they are relevant to the motions before this Court.

However, Christina now argues that the Decree was not effective until May 2, 2008-the date she claims the order was entered. Mitchell believes that Christina's position is based on the date of filing of the Notice of Entry of Decree of Divorce and Certificate of Mailing, which Mitchell assumes is May 2, 2008, but he admits he does not know. Regardless, the filing of this notice fails to control the validity of the order and its effectiveness with respect to the parties who received actual copies of the signed Decree on or about March 6, 2008. Mitchell fails to understand the significance of Christina's point on this matter. As far as Mitchell is concerned, it is immaterial as the Court will understand below.

Christina attaches as Exhibits 9-14 to her opposition and countermotion alleged "evidence" of Mitchell's financial fraud. These exhibits include Mitchell's February 19, 2009 Financial Disclosure Form (Exhibit 9), a printout from the Clark County Assessor's Website showing real property information for 1990 Granemore Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 and a printout from the Nevada Secretary of State's Website showing LLC information for 1990 Granemore, LLC ("Granemore LLC") (Exhibit 10), bankruptcy schedules filed in connection with City Crossing 1, LLC's ("City Crossing") chapter 11 bankruptcy (Exhibit 11), Response of City Crossing's lender, Community Bank of Nevada ("CBON"), to City Crossing's motion to dismiss the chapter 11 bankruptcy (Exhibit 12), a printout from the Clark County Website showing a civil case records search performed on "William Plise" (Exhibit 13), and an Opposition filed by CBON to a motion filed by City Crossing at the time of its bankruptcy filing (Exhibit 14).

Mitchell's disclosure of his income in his February 19, 2009 Financial Disclosure Form was true and accurate when made. Christina has not argued that it was incomplete, misleading or false in any way. Despite Christina's attempt to do so, NO conclusion can be drawn from this form regarding Mitchell's assets or liabilities. Mitchell (just like Christina) was only required to supply income information and not expenses or a balance sheet. The fact that Mitchell reported an income of

approximately \$2,000 per month reveals NOTHING about his assets or liabilities. Christina's conclusion that Mitchell's current monthly expenses amount to \$35,000 is baseless and purely speculative. She cannot rely upon Mitchell's November 20, 2006 Affidavit of Financial Condition which was prepared three (3) years ago on the basis of Mitchell's and Christina's combined monthly expenses at a time when he was married to Christina but living separately. At the time of filing Mitchell's latest disclosure form, Christina did not make any objections. Mitchell is capable of paying his current child support obligations, and he has not asked the Court to modify them. The fact that he has elected not to work and does not seek to modify his support obligations should not "open the door" for a fishing expedition by Christina. Christina does not work, and apparently, is not planning to return to work any time soon. She reported receiving more income than Mitchell on a monthly basis in her latest financial disclosure form filed with the Court. Does this mean she fraudulently concealed marital assets that rightfully belong to Mitchell? Given the sudden and significant decrease in the value of Mitchell's home after their divorce, it appears that Christina likely received the better end of the deal and she is not happy that Mitchell is not suffering financially from this loss of equity.

The printouts from the websites of the Clark County Assessor and the Nevada Secretary of State regarding 1990 Granemore Street and Granemore LLC can only be used to support the proposition that a limited liability company managed by Mitchell is listed as the owner of a property addressed as 1990 Granemore Street and its last sales price was \$221,990. These exhibits do not provide that Mitchell owns Granemore LLC, how this property was purchased, or whether Mitchell's parents live there, pay rent or how much rent they pay if they do. While Mitchell is not required to explain his real estate purchases, the Court should take note that Mitchell formed Granemore LLC to purchase the property, Mitchell leased it to his parents, and his parents pay sufficient rent to pay all mortgage, tax and

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insurance costs and expenses. Basically, the property does not cost Mitchell anything to own and proves

ABSOLUTELY NOTHING as it relates to Christina's allegations of fraud.

NONE of the exhibits attached to Christina's opposition and countermotion contains any information that money was ever paid to Mitchell. The fact that City Crossing (and its predecessor entities) distributed approximately \$6.9 million to Aquila Investments, LLC ("Aquila") in the twelve (12) months preceding its bankruptcy filing (approximately \$3.4 million on June 13, 2007) approximately \$2.8 million on July 27, 2007, and \$750,000 on March 12, 2009 according to the bankruptcy schedules) does not mean Mitchell received any portion of these distributions. Christina is particularly concerned with the \$750,000 distribution paid to Aquila on or around the time of the parties' divorce. This explains Christina's fixation with the effective date of the Decree. Christina also claims that William Plise ("WWP") received \$62 million in proceeds from buying out his partners at City Crossing. Mitchell is unaware how Christina arrived as this calculation and believes she "pulled it out of thin air." She does not specify the source or methodology other than wrongly concludes that WWP bought out his partners for \$1.1 million per acre and therefore---with the waive of her magic wand--received \$62 million. Then, Christina makes the magic leap that Mitchell should have (and did) received \$6.2 million which equals ten percent (10%) of \$62 million (and coincidentally the amount set forth in the bankruptcy schedules for distributions paid to Aquila (excluding \$750,000) during the twelve (12) months prior to City Crossing's bankruptcy). Mitchell does not understand Christina's magical calculation. For the record, Mitchell did not receive any portion of the distributions paid to Aquila as described above (including any portion of the distribution paid on March 12, 2009). This statement should be the end of the inquiry.

Christina attaches pleadings filed by CBON in City Crossing's bankruptcy. Their inclusion in Christina's opposition and countermotion is completely baffling. It appears that she has provided them

as "evidence" to demonstrate that WWP acknowledged that Stipp Investments, LLC ("Stipp Investments") owned a portion of Aquila (which Mitchell does not dispute) and that CBON argued during City Crossing's bankruptcy that the \$6.9 million distributed to Aquila were fraudulent transfers under the bankruptcy code. Mitchell is not certain why this means he received any portion of the money. Christina has a copy of the operating agreement for Aquila. The operating agreement specifies how and when distributions are paid to its members. Under the operating agreement, Aquila was not obligated to distribute any money to Stipp Investments unless and until Aquila's preferred capital account was repaid. This event never occurred. Christina can simply review her 2006, 2007 and 2008 tax returns and she will discover that Aquila never issued a k-1 partnership return to Stipp Investments because no distributions were ever made to it.

And finally, Christina attaches a printout from the Clark County Website showing a civil case records search performed on "William Plise." Many of the cases shown are classified as "closed" and Mitchell again is not certain as to the document's relevance. Just because WWP and/or his affiliates have been sued does not mean Mitchell fraudulently concealed marital assets.

Basically, Christina attaches numerous documents she does not understand (or even tries to understand), misrepresents to the Court their significance, and alleges fraud on Mitchell's part (which is often the case when people do not understand financial matters---i.e., "must be fraud because someone got money and I didn't and I don't understand why") and demands intrusive and evasive discovery without any reasonable basis for doing so. Since the parties divorced (whether viewed as March 6, 2008 or May 2, 2008), Christina has never asked about any money to which she thought she was entitled as part of any alleged "bonus" paid to Mitchell or distributions paid to Aquila. Furthermore, the first time Christina has alleged that Mitchell has concealed marital assets rightfully belonging to her since the parties' divorce is in Christina's opposition and countermotion filed on November 30, 2009. It would

seem that the timing of Christina's allegations are suspect in light of Mitchell's motion, and Christina should not be permitted discovery and temporary injunctions based on pure fantasy.

3. Mitchell's Motion is Timely and Proper

(a) Res judicata does not bar Mitchell's motion.

Christina mischaracterizes Mitchell's motion as a motion for reconsideration and rehearing of previously litigated matters. She relies on E.D.C.R. 2.24(a) and (b) to support her position. Her reliance on these rules is an attempt to distract the Court. Mitchell's motion is timely. Mitchell alleges in his motion that Christina has emotionally abused Mia <u>after</u> the parties entered into the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order and that Mia is <u>now</u> suffering the emotional effects of such abuse.

Christina's reliance on Willerton v. Bassham, et al., 889 P.2d 823, 111 Nev. 10 (1995), for the proposition that res judicata bars Mitchell's motion is also misplaced. If Christina commits a bad act or multiple bad acts and the parties enter into a settlement resolving the specific matter(s), the settlement does not mean Christina can again commit the same or similar bad acts without ramifications (particularly if the bad acts involve the children and constitute abuse). Under Christina's theory, she is permanently protected from allegations of emotional abuse and is freely permitted to tell Mia after the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order that Mitchell is a cheater, that Amy Stipp ("Amy"), Mitchell's wife and the children's stepmother, stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not Mitchell, that Christina hates Amy, and that the men Christina's dates will be Mia's new dad. Res judicata does not preclude this Court from considering Mitchell's motion.

(b) Adequate cause exists to hear Mitchell's motion.

Christina argues that "adequate cause" does not exist to warrant this Court's consideration of Mitchell's motion and it should be denied without a hearing. Assuming that Mitchell's motion should be treated by this Court as a motion to modify custody, Mitchell clearly sets forth a prima facie case for

modification as described in *Rooney v. Rooney*, 853 P.2d 123, 109 Nev. 540 (1993). The facts alleged by Mitchell in his motion are relevant to the grounds for modification and the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching. Christina does not dispute that allegations of emotional abuse are relevant grounds for modification. However, she simply wants this Court to dismiss them because she claims they are "old news" and/or simply untrue. The evidence of Christina's bad acts is not merely cumulative as Christina argues; therefore, adequate cause exists to hear Mitchell's motion.

4. The Parties have Joint Physical Custody of the children; There has been a Substantial Change in Circumstances Affecting the Welfare of the Children

(a) Mitchell's timeshare satisfies the Rivero II definition of joint physical custody.

The parties agreed in the MSA that they shall have joint physical custody of the children. The terms and conditions of the MSA were incorporated into the Decree except where changed by the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order. Since the parties entered into the stipulation and order, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its new opinion in *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 (2009) ("*Rivero II*"), re-defining joint physical custody. Under *Rivero II*, the terms of the parties' custody arrangement will control except when the parties move the Court to modify the custody arrangement. 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 at 22.

Christina spends a significant portion of her opposition and countermotion focusing on the exact number of hours the children are in Mitchell's care for purposes of defining the parties' custody arrangement. Christina's analysis is contrary to the Rivero II criteria. The Rivero II court stated:

In calculating the time during which a party has physical custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child resided with the party, and during which the party made the day-to-day decisions regarding the child. The district court should not focus on, for example, the exact number of hours the child was in the care of the parent, whether the child was sleeping, or whether the child was in the care of a third-party caregiver or spent time with a friend or relative during the period of time in question

125 Nev. Adv. Op. 28-29 [Emphasis added].

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 Mitchell's current timeshare arrangement provides Mitchell with at least forty percent (40%) of the time or 146 days per year based on the criteria set forth above. However, Christina argues that Mitchell should not be permitted to count the days he has the children beginning at 6:00 p.m. as a full day. Mitchell disagrees; during these days Mitchell provides supervision of the children, the children reside with Mitchell, and Mitchell makes day-to-days decisions regarding the children.

Christina points to Mitchell's statements in his affidavit that additional legal burdens are now imposed on him after *Rivero II* that did not exist before the decision as proof that Mitchell admits that Christina actually has primary physical custody. Now, because of Mitchell's motion and in light of *Rivero II*, the Court is required to undertake the task of defining the parties' custody arrangement which Mitchell believed was settled based on the parties' timeshare at the time of entry of the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order. Mitchell's affidavit only makes references to this fact.

The title of Mitchell's motion as set forth in the certificate of service is irrelevant. The typographical error in the certificate of service should not undermine his legal position.

In the event that this Court determines that the parties' actual custody arrangement is not joint physical custody as defined by *Rivero II*, Mitchell acknowledges that his motion will be treated as a modification to a primary physical custodial arrangement. Under these circumstances, Mitchell agrees with Christina that the relevant considerations and applicable law for the Court to apply to Mitchell's motion are as follows: (1) whether there is a substantial change in the circumstances affecting the welfare of the children, and (2) whether the modification is in the children's best interests. *Ellis v. Carucci*, 123 Nev. 145, 150, 161 P.3d 239, 242 (2007).

(b) Mitchell desires to spend more time with his children and is not concerned about the designation of primary vs. joint physical custody.

Mitchell predicted that Christina would seek to minimize Mitchell's request for equal time by suggesting that he has requested such time only because of the new definition of joint physical custody

adopted by the Nevada Supreme Court in *Rivero II*, and not with an interest of actually spending time with the children. This argument truly makes no sense. Mitchell is unconcerned with labels—joint versus primary physical custodian—so long as he has adequate time with the children. The parties already have joint physical custody of the children based on the freedom of contract principles set forth in *Rivero II*. Furthermore, neither party is moving out of state or seeks to alter Mitchell's child support obligations. Mitchell seeks more time with his children, and Christina refuses to provide it.⁶ Christina has never asked for more time (until now by virtue of her countermotion to set aside the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order) and any request to have more time with the children should be viewed as tactical and purely litigation motivated. Mitchell receives no other benefit from being with the children other than being with the children, and that is the basis of his motion.

(c) The first prong of Ellis Test is satisfied.

The first part of the test set forth in Ellis is whether there is a substantial change in the circumstances affecting the welfare of the children. Mitchell asserts in his motion that a substantial change in the circumstances affecting the welfare of the children has occurred based on a number of circumstances, including, principally, the following: (1) Mitchell believes that the continued emotional abuse by Christina of Mia and the resulting impact on Mia is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and significant anger management problems; (2) The problems are severe enough that both Christina and Mitchell believe that Mia requires the assistance of a mental health service provider; (3)

⁶ Christina argues that Mitchell has not complied with E.D.C.R. 5.11 regarding his desire to spend more time with the children. Mitchell has attempted to resolve the issue with Christina prior to filing his motion, but as Christina admits in paragraph 52 of her affidavit, she refuses to provide any additional time: "Mia needs to know that she has a set schedule that we all have to live by, and that it is not open to modification at anyone's whim for any reason."

 Mitchell used to visit Mia at school every day, Mia looked forward to those visits, he can no longer do so, and this fact has affected Mia; and (4) Mitchell has elected not to return to work.

Again, Christina focuses on the concept of res judicata with the case of Mosely v. Figliuzzi, 930 P.2d 1110, 113 Nev. 51 (1997). The changed circumstance prong in Ellis while based on the concept of res judicata does not preclude the Court from considering Mitchell's allegations of continued abuse by Christina and the resulting impact on Mia under Mosely. Continued emotional abuse obviously constitutes a change in circumstances. Such facts did not exist in Mosely. Rather than address this issue, Christina attempts to distract this Court with Mitchell's arrest in 2008 by comparing it to the circumstances of domestic abuse as detailed in Castle v. Simmons, 120 Nev. 98, 86 P.3d 1042 (2004). Clearly, the circumstances are not the same.

(i) Christina falsely denies parental alienation.

Christina falsely denies that she has ever taken any steps to alienate the children from Mitchell. She describes and attaches an email from Mitchell to Christina on September 23, 2009. The circumstances of the email are specifically worth addressing (which Christina does not do). According to Christina, Mia apparently expressed a desire to attend school full days rather than half days for the current school year. Mitchell supported the idea if Mia wanted to attend. Christina allowed Mia to attend full days with the school's permission on a trial basis for a few days. Mia's teachers informed Christina that Mia did well and that they recommended to Christina that Mia make the transition to full days. At that time, Christina contacted Mitchell to inquire whether he would pay his share of the increased costs of tuition and set a deadline for his response. Mitchell timely responded and offered to pay his share. After doing so, Christina communicated to him that Mia changed her mind over the weekend and that she would not be making the transition. As far as Mitchell knew, Mia did well during the days she attended full time, and the school recommended to Christina to make the transition.

Christina did not communicate to Mitchell that she had any reservations or issues with Mia attending school full time (as she appears now to do in her affidavit). Accordingly, Mitchell told Christina not to wait but immediately enroll Mia full time. Later in the week, Mia called Mitchell and informed him that she was mad at him because Christina told her that Mitchell was forcing her to go to school full time and that she did not want to go. What kind of parent would tell a child this? Mia was already having difficulty adjusting to school and believed that Mitchell was forcing her to attend school for even more time.

Mitchell responded by sending Christina a private email that Christina simply ignored at the time but inappropriately forwarded to Alexander Dawson's Early Childhood Center Director, Tara Hall. This act was clearly designed to embarrass Mitchell and drive a wedge between Mitchell and the school since he addressed Christina with anger and severe criticism. Mitchell was clearly upset by Christina's manipulation of Mia and mismanagement of this parental matter. Simply put, Christina was not acting in the best interests of Mia. While there is no excuse for this reaction, every person has a breaking point, and Mitchell should not have to endure Christina's use of the children to attack him, and Mia should not have to suffer the emotional trauma of Christina's tactics. Ultimately, Mitchell withdrew his support for Mia to attend full days because she was clearly affected by the idea of Mitchell forcing her to attend and communicated to Christina his extreme displeasure with the situation. While Mitchell's choice of words is not preferable, it demonstrates his frustration with Christina who only sees Mitchell as a bank account and not a parent who cares about his children. Christina's manipulation of Mia is a prime example of using Mia without regard to the impact on her welfare to alienate Mitchell from her (and drive a wedge between Mitchell and Mia's teachers and administration).

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(ii) Mitchell does not claim that Mia's clothing issues are a substantial change in circumstances.

Christina claims that Mia's clothing issues are nothing new. Mitchell does not disagree. Until recently, the cause was unknown, and the issues were not as severe. Mitchell has never claimed that Mia did not have any issues related to her clothing. Initially, Mitchell believed that the cause was poor parenting by both of the parties (e.g., catering to Mia and allowing her to wear whatever she wanted, whenever she wanted). He does not believe these clothing issues are the result of the parties' divorce and his subsequent marriage to Amy as Christina alleges. Christina claims that Mia's teachers, school administrators, family counselor and psychologist agree with her, yet she has never supplied Mitchell with any evidence of this fact. According to Mitchell, Mia's clothing and emotional trauma are separate and distinct problems.

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(iii) Mia's anger issues are new (or source of issues is now known).

Christina confuses instances of Mia "acting out" with Mia's current emotional trauma, mood swings, and anger management issues. Christina attaches to her opposition and countermotion an email Mitchell sent to her on December 14, 2008 (almost a year ago). On the basis of this email, Christina claims that Mia's anger is not new to Mitchell. Mitchell believes that the behavior may be related but the source of the problem was unknown to him at the time. Christina also argues that Mitchell is unable to handle his anger appropriately with respect to the children. Mitchell denies such a claim. Christina further falsely claims that Mitchell and Amy regularly hit the children and that Mitchell recently caused "multiple bloody gauges" to Ethan's ear. These types of false claims are designed to distract the Court from Christina's bad acts. If Christina is truly concerned about the safety and welfare of the children, she would not be opposing an evaluation of the children.

Even after the parties entered into the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order, Mia continued to tell Mitchell that Christina says he is a cheater, that Amy stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really

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married to someone else and not Mitchell, that Christina hates Amy, and that any man that Christina dates will be Mia's new dad. Mitchell believes that Christina continues to communicate these items (and likely others) to Mia to harass Mitchell and Amy using Mia as a tool. Mia also regularly reports to Mitchell and Amy that Christina often shows Mia wedding pictures of Mitchell and Christina when they were married (a fact that Christina proudly admits in her affidavit)7. When Mia confronts Mitchell and/or Amy with these items, which occurs now almost every visitation period, Mitchell and Amy try to explain them to Mia to the extent appropriate. Mitchell and Amy tell Mia that Mitchell is not a cheater, that he was married to Christina but now is married to Amy, that Mitchell and Amy like Christina and that Christina really does like Amy, that Christina is a good person and loves Mia very much, that Amy was married before to "James" as Mia alleges but now she is married to Mitchell, and that Mitchell is her dad but may be some day she will have a stepdad if Christina re-marries. Mia often refuses to accept the explanations provided by Mitchell and Amy. She will become argumentative and will say that "you are wrong," "that is not true" and "you are lying." These discussions often result in Mia becoming very angry and highly emotional; Mia will defend her beliefs as truth simply because she claims Christina communicated them to her. These bad acts have caused Mia to suffer significant emotional trauma which is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and anger.

> (iv) Christina has manipulated the therapeutic process to cover up her bad acts which now has been independently confirmed by Dr. Kalodner.

At the request of Christina, Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow, Ph.D, but Christina has undermined that treatment and Mitchell has been excluded. Per Christina's request and after Christina provided Dr. Mishalow a copy of Mitchell's motion, Dr. Mishalow refuses to provide any

Mitchell has never denied the existence of his prior marriage to Christina to the children. He simply believes that showing them wedding pictures is probably not the best way to address the parties' divorce and Mitchell's subsequent marriage to Amy. The children really do not understand the concept of marriage and divorce.

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information regarding Mia's treatment scheduled by Christina. Furthermore, Mitchell is not able to schedule regular appointments during his timeshare arrangement. See attached as Exhibit "B" correspondence from Mitchell to Dr. Mishalow dated November 9, 2009 and December 2, 2009 and emails by and between Mitchell and Christina dated November 10, 2009.

Given the continuous and unresolved issues with Christina's control of the evaluation process and Mia's treatment, Mitchell believed Mia's clothing issues would remain undiagnosed and untreated. Christina was too concerned with scheduling the appointments, covering up her bad acts by preventing a qualified psychologist from evaluating Mia alone and sharing relevant information with Mitchell, and fixation with her role as "super mom" by getting Mitchell to accept her solution to Mia's clothing issues ("reward chart system" using stickers and prizes downloaded from supernannies.com), Mitchell decided to act in the best interest of Mia. Mitchell engaged Dr. Melissa Kalodner⁸ to evaluate Mia's clothing issues and assist him and his wife Amy with Mia's emotional issues. Dr. Kalodner, a clinical child psychologist, evaluated Mia alone (which Mia did not object to) for five (5) fifty (50) minute sessions over the course of several weeks and concluded that Mia's clothing issues are NOT caused by an obsessive compulsive disorder. Dr. Kalodner also consulted with a neurological psychologist and concluded that Mia's clothing issues are likely the result of a sensory processing disorder. Dr. Kalodner referred Mitchell to Dr. Tania Stegen-Hanson, a pediatric occupational therapist, who evaluated Mia's clothing issues and concluded that Mia suffers from a mild sensory processing disorder. Dr. Stegen-Hanson desires to treat Mia for this condition and is very optimistic about her success. Mia's clothing issues may be resolved in a few months of treatment.

Attached as Exhibit "C" is a letter from Dr. Kalodner to Mitchell Stipp dated December 4, 2009.

^a Christina has expressed no issues concerning Dr. Kalodner's competence.

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 According to Dr. Kalodner, Christina made it clear that she was unhappy with Mitchell scheduling Mia's first appointment and that she wanted to be present during the evaluation of Mia. Dr. Kalodner communicated to Christina that it did not matter which parent scheduled the first appointment and made it clear to Christina that she wanted to meet with Mia alone. This letter demonstrates that Christina lied to Mitchell and the Court about the circumstances surrounding her decision not to engage Dr. Kalodner's services.

The time for Christina to take responsibility for her bad acts is here. Christina vehemently denies making statements to Mia that disparage Mitchell and Amy (including revealing that Amy was previously married to "James") and completely dismisses Mia's desire to spend more time with Mitchell as fabrications. Dr. Kalodner now independently verifies that Mia communicated (among other items) the following during her evaluation:

- (1) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Monuny says we can't change the rules."
- (2) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."
- (3) "Amy was married to James."
- (4) "Momma does not like Amy."
- (5) "Momma says Amy is bad, but I like her."
- (6) "Momma doesn't say anything about Dada and Amy anymore."

To date, Mitchell did not want to involve Dr. Kalodner in the litigation. The first and second statements appear to be Christina's explanations to Mia why she cannot spend more time with Mitchell. Apparently, Mia has asked Christina to spend more time with Mitchell but she has refused to allow Mia to do so. The third statement confirms that Mia is aware that Amy was married to "James," which fact Mitchell alleges Christina communicated to Mia. The fourth and fifth statements make it clear that Mia is aware of Christina's feelings towards Amy and that Christina has actually communicated bad things

to Mia about Amy. And finally, the sixth statement seems to indicate that Christina has stopped disparaging Mitchell and Amy (probably as a result of the litigation) and that she made this statement to Mia with the hope that Mia will repeat it if ever asked about Christina's bad acts. This letter makes it impossible for Christina to continue to deny Mitchell's allegations that she has emotionally abused Mia.

(v) Christina voluntarily chooses not to facilitate daily telephonic communication.

Mitchell never admitted in his motion that he is the cause for Christina's refusal to facilitate daily telephonic communication with the children as required by the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order. Christina attaches to her motion an email exchange between her and Mitchell on July 30, 2009. These emails were exchanged by the parties <u>prior</u> to the entry of the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order and do not offer any explanation for Christina's failure. Christina completely ignores these matters and instead focuses on Mitchell's statements made about Shawn Goldstein and Jim Jimmerson, Christina's former attorneys. The purpose of this technique is to distract the Court. These are the lawyers that appeared before the Court and called Mitchell a "liar" and attacked his personal and professional character and reputation.

Mitchell's motion makes it very clear about his reasons for electing not to force the children to call Christina on a daily basis. He makes no attempt to conceal the reasons for his decision. Nevertheless, Mitchell's decision DOES NOT in any way affect Christina. She can (and nothing is preventing her from doing so) facilitate telephonic communication with the children. Christina voluntarily chooses not to do so.

(vi) Christina is not entitled to additional vacation time.

Christina is not entitled to take an additional week of vacation time this calendar year. If Christina would like additional time, Mitchell has asked that Christina provide him make-up time. Mitchell is willing to modify the manner in which the parties take vacation time in the future to

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accommodate Christina's desire to take vacation in one (1) week blocks. Attached as Exhibit "D" is email correspondence by and between Mitchell and Christina regarding this issue.

(vii) Mitchell has attended COPE class; Mitchell is not the source of the conflict or hostility between the parties.

Mitchell has attended COPE class. Attached as Exhibit "E" is Mitchell's certificate of attendance. Mitchell is not the source of the conflict or hostility between the parties. Christina argues repeatedly that Mitchell is angry and hates her but completely denies her bad behavior.

The fact that Christina claims that the parties have been able to attend several school functions since the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order without incident as evidence that Christina is the innocent party and Mitchell is the one "who perpetuates animosity" is inconsistent with the facts (including the emails Christina attaches to her opposition and countermotion). At these functions, Mitchell and Christina do not interact at all.

Christina also complains that Mitchell is refusing to attend an upcoming medical appointment for Ethan Stipp ("Ethan") claiming that Mitchell believes "perpetuation of such conflict will further his litigation." At Ethan's last doctor's appointment that Mitchell attended, at its conclusion, Christina refused to pay any portion of the co-payment or costs for x-rays when the medical assistant presented Christina with the bill, she left the bill on the examining table after reviewing it, exited the doctor's office and followed Mitchell into the parking lot (after he paid the bill) shouting at him. Christina told Mitchell that he was a "bad person" for asking her to pay anything. Under these circumstances, Mitchell would like to avoid such situations and would prefer not to attend routine doctor visits because of the risk of Christina behaving badly and traumatizing the children.

(viii) Mia's reluctance to return to Christina's home is truc.

⁹ Christina indicates that Ethan has "knocked knees," but Ethan's orthopedic pediatrician has diagnosed Ethan with a slightly rotated thigh bone that will likely require surgery when Ethan reaches adolescence.

 Mitchell does not argue that Mia's recent reluctance to return to Christina's home after Mitchell's timeshare is a substantial change in circumstances. Mitchell simply points out that Mia desires to spend more time with him. He concedes that Mia has expressed this fact in the past. The affidavit of Mitchell's sister who is responsible for picking up and dropping off the children supports this fact. Despite Christina's assertions, Mitchell's sister is not financially motivated in any way to commit perjury by supplying a false affidavit.

(ix) Christina has absolutely affected Mitchell's ability to visit the children at school.

Mitchell visited Mia daily while Mia attended Temple Beth Shalom during the 2007-2008 school year. Mitchell also visited Mia and Ethan daily while they attended the same school for the 2008-2009 school year. Ethan's teachers for the current school year were Mia's same teachers for the 2007-2008 school year. Now, Ethan's teachers refuse to allow Mitchell to visit Ethan. Why? Christina alleges that it is because Ethan has "fundamental social delays." Ethan's teachers claim that it is their "discretion" and they prefer not to have visitors during the school day. Notwithstanding these very different explanations, Mitchell has picked Ethan up from school on more than one occasion and discovered that Christina was present with Ethan eating lunch or playing with him in the classroom.

At the beginning of Mia's current school year at Alexander Dawson, the school informed Mitchell that he could visit Mia at school (but not until October 1, 2009). To date, the school has not permitted Mitchell to visit Mia. No explanation has been provided.

Mia's and Ethan's teachers are aware of Mitchell's motion. Apparently, Christina provided copies to them.

(x) Mitchell has paid his portion of the costs and expenses of the children's private school education.

Christina continues to misrepresent facts to this Court regarding the payment of private school costs and expenses. Mitchell has paid his share of the costs and expenses of the children's private school education for the 2008-2009 and 2009-2010 school years.

(xi) Mitchell regularly takes the children to school during his timeshare.

Christina's claim that Mitchell fails to take the children to school is news to Mitchell. Christina has never communicated this concern to Mitchell. The fact is that Mia and Ethan attend pre-school. Their attendance is not required. Mitchell, however, has taken the children to school during his timeshare except when they were ill or the children had conflicting activities or appointments. Christina has not taken the children to school every day either. The Court should also note that Christina desired to take the children out of town during the week of Thanksgiving for this year, and Ethan would have missed several days of school. It is not clear why Christina is permitted to plan such trips, but when Mitchell notified Christina that he intended to take the children out of town on December 11, 2009 and the children would not be able to attend school that day, it is suddenly a problem. Mitchell has properly notified Christina of his intention to take the children out of town pursuant to the Court's minute order on the matter and intends to provide an itinerary for the upcoming trip as required by the MSA. Christina's complaint that she has not received an itinerary for the planned trip is meritless at this juncture.

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III.

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, the court should enter the following orders:

- 1. Confirm the parties' status as joint physical custodians;
- 2. Modify the timeshare of the children to grant the parties equal time and more frequent associations with the children;
- Order a child custody assessment to determine the root of the parties' children's emotional problems;
 - 4. Deny Christina's countermotions; and
 - 5. For such other and further relief that the court deems necessary and proper.

Dated this 7th day of December, 2009.

RADBORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ

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Attorneys for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "Reply to Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud upon the Court, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions" on this 7th day of December, 2009, to all interested parties as follows:

BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;

BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;

BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below:

BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

Christina Calderon-Stipp 11757 Feinberg Place Las Vegas, Nevada 89138 Facsimile: 702-240-4937 Email: ccstipp@gmail.com

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

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EXHIBIT A

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AFFIDAVIT OF MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

STATE OF NEVADA) ss: COUNTY OF CLARK

I, MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, being first duly swom, deposes and states:

- That I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein, and I am competent to testify 1. thereto. I am the Defendant and Christina Calderon-Stipp ("Christina") is the Plaintiff in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D08-389203-Z in the Eighth Judicial District Court, State of Nevada. I submit this attidavit in support of my Reply to Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud upon the Court, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions.
- 2. I was arrested on May 12, 2008 for misdemeanor driving under the influence of alcohol. At the time of my arrest, I believed that I passed a field sobriety test but failed the preliminary breatly test. I consumed two (2) alcoholic beverages² while eating dinner at Del Frisco's with co-workers from my prior employer, PLISE. I was pulled over by the Metropolitan Police Department a few blocks from the restaurant because my vehicle had expired registration tags. I elected to provide a blood sample at the Clark County Detention Center. I was transported to the Clark County Detention Center, provided a blood sample, and was released a few hours later. Upon my release, I was provided a court date of August 12, 2008. I engaged Frank Cremen, Esq., to represent me. Around the first week of August of

The arresting officer informed me at the time of my arrest that I registered a preliminary breath test result of 0.09.

² Mitchell weighs approximately 145 pounds and is 5 feet 8 inches tall.

2008, Mr. Cremen contacted me to inform me that the Clark County District Attorney's Office had not approved a criminal complaint against me. At that point, I also had not received any notice from the Nevada Department of Motor Vehicles (the "Nevada DMV") suspending my driver's license. Therefore, I believed I would not be prosecuted.

- 3. Mr. Cremen contacted me sometime in December of 2008 to inform me that a criminal complaint had been filed against me on December 2, 2008 for misdemeanor driving under the influence of alcohol (NRS 484.379). An initial arraignment was scheduled for December 30, 2008. I did not attend. Mr. Cremen attended the arraignment and entered a plea of not guilty on my behalf. Trial was scheduled for May 21, 2009. Some time before the trial date (but after I filed my January 8, 2008 opposition and countermotion), Mr. Cremen contacted me to discuss the arrest report and laboratory results. Mr. Cremen informed me that the blood sample taken on the day of my arrest contained a concentration of alcohol of 0.117 grams per 100 milliliters of blood. Mr. Cremen negotiated a plea agreement, and I pled no contest (with adjudication to be withheld pending completion of DUI School and a victim impact panel) to reckless driving on May 27, 2009. I successfully completed the conditions to my plea arrangement. Accordingly, on August 26, 2009, the complaint was amended to reckless driving and the case was closed. At no time did the Nevada DMV suspend my driving privileges.
- 4. I believe Christina discovered my arrest for driving under the influence of alcohol when searching the public records for "dirt" only after receiving my October 29, 2009 motion. My belief is based on the November 24, 2009 date of the certified copy of the Disposition Notice and Judgment attached to her pleadings.
- Since the date of my divorce from Christina through the date of filing Christina's
 December 17, 2008 motion, Christina never communicated to me that she had any concerns regarding

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his use of alcohol. The first time I became aware of Christina's concerns was in her motion; however, she never alleged that I was unfit (including through the period after the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order).

- 6. I believe it is important for the Court to order an assessment of the children to determine if my alleged alcoholism and apparent reckless driving really pose a "safety threat" as Christina contends in her countermotion and opposition. I am not asking the Court to simply take my word for it that I am a fit parent as Christina alleges. I believe the Court has no other choice but to order an assessment under the circumstances to get to the bottom of these allegations. It does not make any sense to allege that I am unfit and pose a safety threat to the children and oppose my request for a child custody assessment.
- 7. Neither my counsel nor I made any attempt to conceal my arrest, charge or plea. All statements made by my counsel and me in filings with and at all hearings before the Court have been true and accurate with respect to my use of alcohol. Mitchell included in his January 8, 2009 opposition and countermotion the following statements:

Mitchell denies that he is an alcoholic or drinks too much alcohol. In fact, Mitchell now rarely consumes alcohol. In the unlikely event that Mitchell consumes alcohol, he does so responsibly and never during the days and times that Mitchell has visitation with the children.

These statements were true and accurate when I made them (and are true and accurate now). My arrest eight (8) months before I filed my January 8, 2009 opposition and countermotion do not make any of these statements false or misleading and certainly do not amount to fraud on the Court. In fact, my use of the word "now" makes it very clear that I acknowledged drinking more in the past.

³ At the time Christina filed her initial motion in December of 2008, the arrest and charge was a matter of public record.

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- 9. I do not dispute that I was involved in an accident in November of 2006 the specific circumstances of which are detailed in the insurance records included as part of Christina's countermotion and opposition. However, I deny that the accident was caused by alcohol as Christina alleges.
- 10. I reviewed the traffic case records search attached as Exhibit 8 to Christina's countermotion and opposition and cannot determine on the basis of the review the specific charges (moving vs. non-moving violations) other than as identified on the report (which include license, insurance and registration citations), the specific circumstances of the citation, and/or the validity of the citation.
- 11. I received a traffic citation by the California Highway Patrol for speeding on Interstate 15 in August of 2009. The children were present in the vehicle when the violation occurred.
- 12. The parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement dated February 20, 2008 (the "MSA"). The terms and conditions were incorporated into the Decree of Divorce ("Decree"). The Decree was signed by the judge on March 5, 2008 and filed with the Clerk of the Court on March 6, 2008. I believe that Christina's position that the Decree was not effective until May 2, 2008 is based on the date of filing of the Notice of Entry of Decree of Divorce and Certificate of Mailing, which I assume is May 2, 2008, but I do not know for certain. The parties received actual copies of the signed Decree

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 on or about March 6, 2008. I do not understand the significance of Christina's point on this matter. As far as I am concerned, it is immaterial.

- true and accurate when made. No conclusion can be drawn from this form regarding my assets or liabilities. The fact that I reported an income of approximately \$2,000 per month reveals nothing about my assets or liabilities. Christina's conclusion that my current monthly expenses amount to \$35,000 is baseless and purely speculative. My November 20, 2006 Affidavit of Financial Condition was prepared three (3) years ago on the basis of our combined monthly expenses at a time when I was married to Christina but living separately. I am capable of paying my current child support obligations, and I have not asked this Court to modify them. Christina does not work, and apparently, is not planning to return to work any time soon. She reported receiving more income than I did on a monthly basis in her latest financial disclosure form filed with the Court. Christina is not happy that I am not suffering financially from the loss of equity in my home.
- of State regarding 1990 Granemore Street and 1990 Granemore LLC ("Granemore LLC") attached to Christina's opposition and countermotion do not provide that I own Granemore LLC, how this property was purchased, or whether my parents live there, pay rent or how much rent they pay if they do. I formed Granemore LLC to purchase the property, I leased it to my parents, and my parents pay sufficient rent to pay all mortgage, tax and insurance costs and expenses. Basically, the property does not cost me anything to own and proves absolutely nothing as it relates to Christina's allegations of fraud.
- 15. None of the exhibits attached to Christina's opposition and countermotion contains any information that money was ever paid to me. The fact that City Crossing 1, LLC (and its predecessor

entities) ("City Crossing") distributed approximately \$6.9 million to Aquila Investments, LLC ("Aquila") in the twelve (12) months preceding its bankruptcy filing (approximately \$3.4 million on June 13, 2007, approximately \$2.8 million on July 27, 2007, and \$750,000 on March 12, 2009 according to the bankruptcy schedules attached by Christina to her pleadings) do not mean that I received any portion of these distributions. Christina is particularly concerned with the \$750,000 distribution paid to Aquila on or around the time of our divorce. This explains Christina's fixation with the effective date of the Decree. Christina also claims that William Plise ("WWP") received \$62 million in proceeds from buying out his partners at City Crossing. I am unaware how Christina arrived as this calculation, and I believe she "pulled it out of thin air." She does not specify the source or methodology other than wrongly concludes that WWP bought out his partners for \$1.1 million per acre and therefore—with the waive of her magic wand—received \$62 million. Then, Christina makes the magic leap that I should have (and did) receive \$6.2 million which equals ten percent (10%) of \$62 million (and coincidentally the amount set forth in the bankruptcy schedules for distributions paid to Aquila (excluding \$750,000) during the twelve (12) months prior to City Crossing's bankruptcy). I do not understand Christina's magical calculation.

- 16. I did not receive any portion of the distributions paid to Aquila as described above (including any portion of the distribution paid on March 12, 2009).
- 17. Christina attaches pleadings filed by Community Bank of Nevada ("CBON") in City Crossing's bankruptcy. Their inclusion in Christina's opposition and countermotion is completely baffling. It appears that she has provided them as "evidence" to demonstrate that WWP acknowledged that Stipp Investments, LLC ("Stipp Investments") owned a portion of Aquila (which I do not dispute) and that CBON argued during City Crossing's bankruptcy that the \$6.9 million distributed to Aquila were fraudulent transfers under the bankruptcy code. I am not certain why this means I received any

 portion of the money. Christina has a copy of the operating agreement for Aquila. The operating agreement specifies how and when distributions are paid to its members. Under the operating agreement, Aquila was not obligated to distribute any money to Stipp Investments unless and until Aquila's preferred capital account was repaid. This event never occurred. Christina can simply review her 2006, 2007 and 2008 tax returns and she will discover that Aquila never issued a k-1 partnership return to Stipp Investments because no distributions were ever made to it.

- 18. Christina attaches to her opposition and countermotion a printout from the Clark County Website showing a civil case records search performed on "William Plise," Many of the cases shown are classified as "closed," and I am not certain as to the document's relevance. Just because WWP and/or his affiliates have been sued does not mean I fraudulently concealed marital assets.
- 19. Christina attaches numerous documents to her pleadings she does not understand (or even tries to understand), misrepresents to the Court their significance, and alleges fraud on my part (which is often the case when people do not understand financial matters—i.e., "must be fraud because someone got money and I didn't and I don't understand why") and demands intrusive and evasive discovery without any reasonable basis for doing so. Since our divorce (whether viewed as March 6, 2008 or May 2, 2008), Christina has never asked about any money to which she thought she was entitled as part of any alleged "bonus" paid to me or distributions paid to Aquila. Furthermore, the first time Christina has alleged that I have concealed marital assets rightfully belonging to her since the divorce is in Christina's opposition and countermotion filed on November 30, 2009.
- 20. My current timeshare arrangement provides me with at least forty percent (40%) of the time or 146 days per year based on the criteria set forth *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 (2009) ("Rivero II").

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- 21. I am unconcerned with custodial labels—joint versus primary physical custodian—so long as I have adequate time with my children. Neither Christina nor I is moving out of state or seeks to alter my child support obligations. I simply want more time with my children. Christina has never asked for more time (until now by virtue of her countermotion to set aside the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order) and any request to have more time with the children should be viewed as tactical and purely litigation motivated. I receive no other benefit from being with the children other than being with the children, and that is the basis of my motion.
- 22. Christina claims that Mia Stipp's ("Mia") clothing issues are nothing new. I do not disagree. Until recently, the cause was unknown, and the issues were not as severe. I never claimed that Mia did not have any issues related to her clothing. Initially, I believed that the cause was poor parenting by us (e.g., catering to Mia and allowing her to wear whatever she wanted, whenever she wanted). I do not believe these clothing issues are the result of our divorce and my subsequent marriage to Amy Stipp ("Amy") as Christina alleges. Christina claims that Mia's teachers, school administrators. family counselor and psychologist agree with her, yet she has never supplied me with any evidence of this fact. Mia's clothing and emotional trauma are separate and distinct problems.
- 23. Christina confuses instances of Mia "acting out" with Mia's current emotional trauma, mood swings, and anger management issues. Christina attaches to her opposition and countermotion an email I sent to her on December 14, 2008 (almost a year ago). On the basis of this email, Christina claims that Mia's anger is not new to me. I believe that the behavior may be related but the source of the problem was unknown to me at the time.
- 24. I deny having anger issues with respect to the children. I also deny that Amy and I regularly hit the children and that I abused Ethan Stipp ("Ethan") when he sustained a scratch to his ear.

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25. I have never denied the existence of my prior marriage to Christina to the children. I believe that showing them wedding pictures is probably not the best way to address the divorce and my subsequent marriage to Amy. The children really do not understand the concept of marriage and divorce.

- 26. At the request of Christina, Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow, Ph.D., but Christina has undermined that treatment and I have been excluded. Per Christina's request and after Christina provided Dr. Mishalow a copy of my motion, Dr. Mishalow refuses to provide any information regarding Mia's treatment scheduled by Christina. Furthermore, I am not able to schedule regular appointments during my timeshare arrangement.
- 27. Given the continuous and unresolved issues with Christina's control of the evaluation process and Mia's treatment, I believed Mia's clothing issues would remain undiagnosed and untreated. Christina was too concerned with scheduling the appointments, covering up her bad acts by preventing a qualified psychologist from evaluating Mia alone and sharing relevant information with me, and fixation with her role as "super morn" by getting me to accept her solution to Mia's clothing issues ("reward chart system" using stickers and prizes downloaded from supernannies.com), I decided to act in the best interest of Mia. I engaged Dr. Melissa Kalodner⁴ to evaluate Mia's clothing issues and assist Amy and I with Mia's emotional issues. Dr. Kalodner, a clinical child psychologist, evaluated Mia alone (which Mia did not object to) for five (5) fifty (50) minute sessions over the course of several weeks and concluded that Mia's clothing issues are NOT caused by an obsessive compulsive disorder. Dr. Kalodner also consulted with a neurological psychologist and concluded that Mia's clothing issues are likely the result of a sensory processing disorder. Dr. Kalodner referred me to Dr. Tania Stegen-Hanson, a pediatric occupational therapist, who evaluated Mia's clothing issues and concluded that Mia suffers

⁴ Christina has expressed no issues concerning Dr. Kalodner's competence.

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from a <u>mild</u> sensory processing disorder. Dr. Stegen-Hanson desires to treat Mia for this condition and is very optimistic about her success. Mia's clothing issues may be resolved in a few months of treatment.

- 28. Dr. Kalodner independently verified that Mia communicated (among other items) the following during her evaluation:
 - (a) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Mommy says we can't change the rules."
 - (b) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."
 - (c) "Amy was married to James."
 - (d) "Momma does not like Amy."
 - (e) "Momma says Amy is bad, but I like her."
 - (f) "Momma doesn't say anything about Dada and Amy anymore."

To date, I did not want to involve Dr. Kalodner in the litigation. The first and second statements appear to be Christina's explanations to Mia why she cannot spend more time with Mitchell. Apparently, Mia has asked Christina to spend more time with Mitchell but she has refused to allow Mia to do so. The third statement confirms that Mia is aware that Amy was married to "James," which fact I allege Christina communicated to Mia. The fourth and fifth statements make it clear that Mia is aware of Christina's feelings towards Amy and that Christina has actually communicated bad things to Mia about Amy. And finally, the sixth statement seems to indicate that Christina has stopped disparaging Amy and I (probably as a result of the litigation) and that she made this statement to Mia with the hope that Mia will repeat it if ever asked about Christina's bad acts.

29. Christina can (and nothing is preventing her from doing so) facilitate telephonic communication with the children. Christina voluntarily chooses not to do so.

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- 30. I am willing to modify the manner in which the parties take vacation time in the future to accommodate Christina's desire to take vacation in one (1) week blocks.
- I am not the source of the conflict or hostility between the parties. The fact that Christina claims that the parties have been able to attend several school functions since the August 7, 2009 stipulation and order without incident as evidence that Christina is the innocent party and I am the one "who perpetuates animosity" is inconsistent with the facts (including the emails Christina attaches to her opposition and countermotion). At these functions, Christina and I do not interact at all.
- 32. At Ethan's last doctor's appointment that I attended,⁵ at its conclusion, Christina refused to pay any portion of the co-payment or costs for x-rays when the medical assistant presented Christina with the bill, she left the bill on the examining table after reviewing it, exited the doctor's office and followed me into the parking lot (after I paid the bill) shouting at me. Christina told me that I was a "bad person" for asking her to pay anything. Under these circumstances, I would like to avoid such situations and would prefer not to attend routine doctor visits because of the risk of Christina behaving badly and traumatizing the children.
- 33. I do not argue that Mia's recent reluctance to return to Christina's home after my timeshare is a substantial change in circumstances. I simply point out that Mia desires to spend more time with me. I concede that Mia has expressed this fact in the past. The affidavit of my sister who is responsible for picking up and dropping off the children supports this fact. Despite Christina's assertions, my sister is not financially motivated in any way to commit perjury by supplying a false affidavit.
- 34. I visited Mia daily while Mia attended Temple Beth Shalom during the 2007-2008 school year. I also visited Mia and Ethan daily while they attended the same school for the 2008-2009 school

⁵ Christina indicates that Ethan has "knocked knees," but Ethan's orthopedic pediatrician has diagnosed Ethan with a slightly rotated thigh bone that will likely require surgery when Ethan reaches adolescence.

year. Ethan's teachers for the current school year were Mia's same teachers for the 2007-2008 school year. Now, Ethan's teachers refuse to allow me to visit Ethan. Christina alleges that it is because Ethan has "fundamental social delays." Ethan's teachers claim that it is their "discretion" and they prefer not to have visitors during the school day. Notwithstanding these very different explanations, I have picked Ethan up from school on more than one occasion and discovered that Christina was present with Ethan eating lunch or playing with him in the classroom.

- 35. At the beginning of Mia's current school year at Alexander Dawson, the school informed me that I could visit Mia at school (but not until October 1, 2009). To date, the school has not permitted me to visit Mia. No explanation has been provided.
- 36. Mia's and Ethan's teachers are aware of Mitchell's motion. Apparently, Christina provided copies to them.
- 37. I paid my share of the costs and expenses of the children's private school education for the 2008-2009 and 2009-2010 school years.
- 38. Christina has never communicated any concern to me about the children's attendance record at school. The children's attendance at pre-school is not required. I, however, take the children to school during my timeshare except when they are ill or the children have conflicting activities or appointments. Christina has not taken the children to school every day either.
- 39. Christina desired to take the children out of town during the week of Thanksgiving for this year, and Ethan would have missed several days of school. It is not clear why Christina is permitted to plan such trips, but when I notified Christina that I intended to take the children out of town on December 11, 2009 and the children would not be able to attend school that day, it is suddenly a problem. I have properly notified Christina of my intention to take the children out of town pursuant to the Court's minute order on the matter, and I intend to provide an itinerary for the upcoming trip as

required by the MSA. Christina's complaint that she has not received an itinerary for the planned trip is meritless at this juncture.

FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

Subscribed and sworn before me this 7th day December, 2009.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State of Novada





November 9, 200%

Dr. Joel Mishalow

6000 W Rochelle Ave # 300

Las Vegas, Nevada 89103

Re: Mia Stipp

Dear Dr. Mishalow:

i received your voicemail message this morning. We spoke a few weeks ago. During that telephone conversation, you indicated to me that you would schedule an appointment with me prior to Mia's next session on November 3, 2009 to discuss the "reward chart system" Christina Stipp has been utilizing to address Mia's clothing issues. I never heard from you. Your assistant called me on the morning of November 3rd and left a voicemail message to schedule an appointment. I returned the call and left a message. Your assistant called the next day and left another message. I returned the call and left another message. I finally spoke with your assistant on November 5, 2009. She asked me to schedule an appointment and bring Mia. I informed her that I thought I would be meeting with you alone to discuss Christina's "reward chart system." During the call, your assistant indicated that you did not have any available appointments during the week of November 9th and that she was not actually certain whether you wanted me to bring Mia. She told me that she would confirm whether I should bring Mia to the appointment and call me back. Your assistant called me later that day and left a voicemail that I needed to call Christina and ask her when I can bring Mia. She also left another message the next day.

To be clear, I absolutely want to be involved with Mia's treatment. I indicated this fact on your voicemail this morning (and at our initial consultation and during our past

telephone calls). However, I am not able to coordinate a time to bring Mia and meet with you during Christina's timeshare. Based on my timeshare, Mia's schedule and the upcoming Thanksgiving holiday, I am able to bring Mia on Friday, December 11, 2009. Please call me and advise if this day works for you. Any time on that day would be acceptable. I am also willing to meet with you alone any day and time to discuss Mia's treatment.

Best Regards.

Mitchell Stipp

Julle Otipi

Mitchell Stipp

From: Sent: Mitchell Stipp [mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com] Tuesday, November 10, 2009 12:55 PM

To: Subject: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' RE: Dr. Mishalow

Attachments:

Letter to Dr. Mishalow.pdf

I received your message below.

When I met with Dr. Mishalow initially, I expressed to him my concerns regarding Mia's clothing and anger issues. I communicated to him very specifically the statements you have made to Mia (as detailed in my motion and in numerous emails to you) and that I believe that your conduct has caused Mia emotional trauma (which manifests itself as anger). I also told him that I was concerned about you manipulating the evaluation and treatment process. Remember---you refused to allow Mia to see Dr. Kalodner not because of her hourly rate (\$200 vs. \$175 for Dr. Mishalow) but because I scheduled the first appointment and she wanted to evaluate Mia without our presence. Dr. Mishalow assured me that I would be involved in the treatment process. Until today, I felt excluded.

You and Mia have met with Dr. Mishalow approximately 3 times. At no time did you invite me to attend any such appointment (and in one instance I was not even aware of it). You have scheduled, attended and participated in all of Mia's appointments. Dr. Mishalow has only invited me to attend the last appointment to discuss the "reward chart system" you are using to address Mia's clothing issues. I told Dr. Mishalow that I preferred not to meet with him and you in front of Mia to discuss this technique. Due to the level conflict and hostility that has existed in the past between us, I was concerned that any conflict, argument or outburst in Mia's presence could impact Mia. Therefore, I asked Dr. Mishalow to meet with me separately to discuss the "reward chart system." This appointment did not occur until today. Attached is the letter I sent to Dr. Mishalow regarding the scheduling of this appointment.

You appear to be concerned about Mia's clothing issues and have simply ignored Mia's anger problems. The "reward chart system" may be a good technique to begin to address Mia's clothing issues. However, the source of the problem is still unknown (whether it is obsessive compulsive or sensory integration disorder or something else). It should be identified and treated. While I believe that Mia has made progress (i.e., she puts her school uniform on) since your use of the chart and with my own positive reinforcement techniques, Mia still wears clothes (including underwear, shoes and school uniform) that are several sizes too large. Furthermore, this technique will not address Mia's anger issues.

At my meeting with Dr. Mishalow today, we discussed the chart, Mia's anger issues, and the best way to schedule appointments to ensure my participation. Dr. Mishalow also informed me that you provided him a copy of my motion and we discussed that as well. I suggested to Dr. Mishalow that you can schedule ALL of the appointments provided we alternate attendance/participation in them. It is too difficult to coordinate with you because you always have too many conditions (e.g., not during school, only during my timeshare, or only if you can bring Mia if during your timeshare, etc.). With respect to the appointments Dr. Mishalow desires my attendance/participation, I will bring Mia during my timeshare and pick up and drop off Mia at your house (or any location you determine) if the appointment is scheduled during your timeshare. I do not think Mia will be comfortable expressing her feelings (and the source of the anger) if you take her to the appointments, participate in them, or wait in the lobby or in the parking lot. I hope you understand and can accommodate my request.

I was able to schedule an appointment with Dr. Mishalow at noon on Friday, November 13th.

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Tuesday, November 10, 2009 10:51 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Dr. Mishalow

Mitch,

As you are well aware, you have always been welcome to attend any session that I have made with dr. Mishalow. Confiem this with Dr. M. It was one of the principles I insisted on prior to consenting to his treatment of MIA. I have never insisted on exclusive treatment of and with her. In fact, MIA's first appointment was almost solely with MIA while I waited outside.

At MIA's second appointment with dr. M two weeks ago, he expressed his desire that you join us at her third appointment. He wanted us all to share in mia's amazing progress. He informed me that you refused to see him if I am present.

Your recently-filed motion contains alarming statements that I have only heard for the first time in the court document you filed without first speaking to me about MIA's behavior when she is with you and your concerns about my "manipulating" her treatment.

I will address those concerns with the court, but in the meantime, I urge you to accept dr. M as well as my entreaties to become part of the process of helping MIA.

At dr. M's request, I sent him a letter on october 26th describing MIA's reward chart system that I implemented months ago, have told you repeatedly about, and which has helped achieve great results for MIA that I have informed you about, her teachers and dr. M. Or M asked me to do so so that he could speak to you separately about it and go over what I've been doing with MIA and how it's been helping.

Dr. M's assistant is working to get you a Friday appt with MIA. If that is not available, I would be more than happy to take her to dr.
M's office for you to take her in and exclude me if you insist.

I can wait in the parking lot for you and you can take her in alone.

Also, please try to make the appointment for a non-school hour. I have an appointment set for next wed the 18th that you can have if nothing else is available. It's at 12:30.

Thanks, Christina

Sent from my iPhone

Via Facsimile

December 2, 2009

Dr. Joel Mishalow

6000 W Rochelle Ave # 300

Las Vegas, Nevada 89103

Re: Mia Stipp

Dear Dr. Mishalow:

I spoke with your assistant yesterday. During our last visit, I inadvertently scheduled an appointment for December 18, 2009. Unfortunately, I do not have Mia in my care during that day. Therefore, based on Mia's schedule, the holidays, and my timeshare arrangement, the next time we can meet is Friday, January 8, 2010. I scheduled an appointment at 11:30 am.

When we met on November 10, 2009, we discussed the best way to include me in Mia's treatment. I provided to you the following suggestion: Christina can schedule all appointments, provided, that Christina and I alternate attending and/or participating in Mia's sessions and that I am permitted during my sessions with Mia to pick up and drop off Mia if the appointments occur during Christina's timeshare. As you are aware, Christina refused to accept this suggestion. Per your request, I provided to you a copy of her email and my response. Given your schedule, my timeshare, the holidays, Mia's school and other activities, I am not able to schedule appointments for Mia on a regular basis. In fact, approximately six (6) weeks will pass between our last appointment on November 27, 2009 and January 8, 2010.

During my conversation with your assistant, I also requested information regarding Mia's scheduled appointments with Christina. Your assistant informed me that she could not provide me this information and would have to speak to you. After speaking with you, she called me

back and informed me that all information concerning Mia's treatments scheduled by Christina is

now confidential due to pending litigation.

Under these circumstances, I think it is best that I seek care for Mia from another

provider. There is no point to schedule appointments with you for Mia if I cannot do so

regularly and I do not have access to any information concerning Mia's treatments scheduled by

Christina. However, at this point, I do not object to you continuing to see Mia if Christina

desires you to do so.

Best Regards,

-utile Burr

Mitchell Stipp

ce: Christina Stipp (via email)



Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC

Limical Child Psychologist and Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor 2904 W. Horizon Ridge Parkway, Suite 100 - Henderson, NV 89052 Office (702) 310-8787 - Fax (702) 510-8798

December 4, 2009

Sent Via Rectimile. (702) 304-0275

Mitchell Stipp 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Les Vegas, Nevada 89135

RE Mia Stipp

Dear Mr. Stipp.

The purpose of this letter is to confirm facts surrounding the psychotherapy treatment of your daughter. Mis Stipp, and the subsequent statements made by Mis Stipp during my evaluation of her. I was contacted initially by Christina Stipp. Mis's biological mother, to conduct an evaluation and ongoing therapy for Mis. Christina reported that her main concerns for Mis were Mis's sensory problems related to her clothing and Mis's feelings related to the divorce of her parents. I then had a 90-minute initial evaluation therapy session with Christina Stipp.

Prior to treating Mia, I asked to suest with you to have a similar evaluation session. After meeting Mis's mother, father and step-mother, I scheduled an appointment for Mia at your request. I contacted Christina via telephone after our session to inform her that you consented to treatment and gave her the time and date of Mia's first therapy session. As I do for all of my child clients, I explained that I was to meet with Mia without the presence of either purent and the evaluation process would take approximately five sessions. During the telephone conversation. Christina informed me that she was displaced that I had set up a sossion for Mia with you. Christina asked that I reschodule the meeting for Mia at a time that was convenient for her, as she wasted to be there for the session as well as having you present so that we could all meet together. I communicated to Christina that it did not matter which parent scheduled Mia's first appointment and that I wanted to meet (at least initially) with Mia alone. I also felt

that given the fact that you and Christina are not on speaking terms, it may be upsetting for Mis to see the two of you together and may actually be detrimental to the therapeutic process. Christina insisted that she and you be present for the session and if I did not agree to this that she did not want to engage my services.

I informed you of my conversation with Christina. You indicated to me that you and your wife, Amy Stipp, wanted my assistance with Mia's clothing issues and to assess how Mia was coping with the divorce. As you know, I evaluated Mia for approximately five sessions of fifty minutes each. During these sessions, Mia made the following statements to me.

- (1) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but Mounny says we can't change the rules."
- (Z) "I want to spend more time with my Dada but the judge won't let me."
- (5) "Anny was married to James."
- (4) *Momma doesn't like Arny."
- (5) "Momma says Amy is had, but I like her."
- (5) Most recently. Min has stated. "Morama doesn't say anything had about Dada and Amy anymore."

I communicated the above statements made by Min to you at the end of each session. Please note that Min made these statements to me independently without any prompting. I did not discuss these statements with Min. I simply reported them to you after the applicable session.

It has been a pleasure to treat Mia. If you have any other questions, please let me know. I can be reached at (702) \$10-8787.

Sincereix.

Melissa F. Kalodner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC

WARDO F. KOLOCHEN, PEUD, RPR. S. BCPC

Clinical Child Psychologist

Registered Play Therapist - Supervisor

Board Certified Professional Counselor



Mitchell Stipp

Subject:

FW:

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2009 5:54 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Resolution of Vacation 2008 Issue

I received your email below and was not aware that a further response was required given my detailed explanation provided to you and your attorney, Shawn Goldstein. As you may know, Shawn never responded as he promised.

I do not want to lose time with the children because of your misunderstanding of the term "consecutive." Therefore, in the interest of compromise, I am willing to consider altering the arrangement for next year and the future via stipulation. As far as this year, I am willing to accommodate your trip if you take it in November and provide me make up time tacked onto the end of my visitation scheduled for the November 12-15 weekend. I hope this is satisfactory. With respect to December, I have family coming to town and your trip conflicts.

Please consider this offer and let me know if you decide to file a motion. I would like to try to work this issue out but understand that it may not be possible.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2009 4:10 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Resolution of Vacation 2008 Issue

Mitchell,

I never heard from you regarding my last email sent to you on October 2, 2009, regarding the difference of opinion we have regarding my remaining vacation time with the children for 2008. Perhaps your silence reflects agreement/acquiescence with my position? I am hopeful that it does and/or that we can reach a resolution on the issue without resort to judicial intervention. If so, please advise and we can sign a stipulation clarifying that we can each take up to two weeks of vacation with the children each year, in increments of one-week blocks, either consecutively or not.

Please be advised that I would like to take my second week of vacation with the children either Friday November 20, 2009, through Thursday, November 26, 2009 (subject to holiday visitation) OR Friday December 18, 2009, through Thursday December 24, 2009 (subject to holiday visitation). I would like to take them to Anaheim, California, to visit family and Disneyland.

Thanks, Christina

----Original Message----

From: Shawn M Goldstein, Esq. [mailto:smg@jimmersonhansen.com]

Sent: Wednesday, August 26, 2009 5:49 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Cc: rsmith@radfordsmith.com Subject: RE: Stipp v. Stipp

Mitch,

Thank you for your email. I will address the merits of it upon my receipt of confirmation from Radford that he has indeed withdrawn as your counsel of record.

Regards, Shawn

----Original Message-----

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, August 26, 2009 5:40 PM

To: Shawn M Goldstein, Esq. Cc: rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Subject: Stipp v. Stipp

Shawn: I received a copy of your letter to Radford Smith dated August 26, 2009 attached to this email. Please be advised that I have asked Radford Smith to withdraw as my counsel. He was directed to send you an email notifying you of the same and to file a notice of withdrawal several weeks ago. If this has not been done, please be advised that Radford is not authorized to respond to your correspondence or discuss with you any matters and is not authorized to accept service (including any motion for clarification that may be filed as referenced in your letter). I personally will be handling this case and you should direct all communications, motions, etc. to me.

I reviewed your letter and disagree with your interpretation of the marital settlement agreement ("MSA") as it relates to vacation time. While the parties are permitted to have 2 weeks vacation per year, the language is very clear that this vacation time is defined as 2 consecutive weeks. However, nothing in the MSA or otherwise would prohibit a party from taking less time if the other party agreed. Therefore, you are wrong that the parties can take vacation time intermittently. Under these circumstances, Christina could take vacation time every weekend for several weeks just so I could not see the children. You would clearly have this argument if the language in the MSA failed to contain the word "consecutive" between the words "two" and "weeks." That is not the case here. Your interpretation of the language is not reasonable (or fair given Christina's propensity for taking time from me with the children). It is calculated to satisfy your client's desires to exercise her vacation time at her will and not in accordance with the MSA.

Your letter attaches email correspondence between Christina and me. The email chain attached fails to include the fact that your client actually

requested 2 consecutive weeks of vacation time (but later decided to only take one week). On Tuesday, June 16, 2009 at 7:38 pm, Christina emailed me the following: "I will be exercising my two-week vacation with the children from July 13, 2009 to July 26, 2009. I will forward an itinerary of travel as soon as I finalize plans." Later that month, on Sunday, June 28, 2009 at

5:34 pm, Christina emailed me the following: "We'll be staying at 5645 Wigeon Street SE, Salem, Oregon from July 13th-20th. We will be flying Alaska Airlines. We will return to Las Vegas on July 20th. Note that I will only be taking one week vacation instead." I responded to Christina's email on Sunday, June 28, 2009 at 6:08 pm as follows: "Please clarify your last sentence regarding your vacation plans. You previously gave notice of your intention to take 2 weeks. Are you indicating that I should plan to have the kids on the 24th through 26th of July?" Christina responded on Sunday, June 28, 2009 at 6:13 pm "No. I will be back in town on the 20th.

Normal visitation applies thereafter." Based on this communication, I assumed that while Christina and the children would be in Oregon for only one week, she would be keeping the children for two weeks. I did not know based on our email correspondence that I would have visitation of the children until Mia called me at 6:15 on Thursday, July 23rd to pick her and Ethan up.

It is interesting to note that Christina argues that she is entitled to another week of vacation time. Christina had the children until 6:15pm on Thursday, July 23rd. She purposely ended her vacation time on July 20th which ordinarily happens to be the first full day of her normal visitation time. So, I ask you: did Christina forego a week of visitation or just a few days? Conveniently, it is her position that it is a week, but it matters because she apparently wants another seven days of my time with the children. Regardless of your view, she had the children from Sunday at 6pm on July 12, 2009 until 6:15pm on July 23, 2009 (approximately 11 days).

This is not an issue of Christina failing to receive adequate time with the children.

Your letter also fails to disclose that last week Christina offered to forego holiday visitation during Labor Day weekend if I returned the children early from vacation at 6pm on Thursday, August 20, 2009 and allowed her to keep the children through the weekend. This was the additional time she requested as vacation time. To accommodate her, I did so (based in no small part on the make-up time).

If Christina would like another week of "vacation" time, I would be happy to consider her request; however, it must come with an offer of make-up time.

I expect this letter adequately addresses the matters raised by your letter.

I will not agree to any stipulation. If your client feels the need to file a motion for clarification, I look forward to receiving it.

Best Regards, Mitchell Stipp 2055 Alcova Ridge Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 702-378-1907 (telephone) 702-304-0275 (facsimile) mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Thursday, August 20, 2009 6:03 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp' Subject: RE: Labor Day Offer

Per our conversation yesterday, this offer is acceptable.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Tuesday, August 18, 2009 10:16 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Labor Day Offer

Mitch,

As we discussed earlier today, I sent you a text message with the following request: Please consider returning the children to me on Thurs. night, Aug. 20, at 6pm (through the weekend) in exchange for my Labor Day weekend time this year, Fri. Sept. 4 @ 6pm until Monday Sept. 7th at 6pm. I would like this time in order to take Ethan to his parent/teacher orientation on Friday the 21st, and so that I can spend time with the children prior to their start of the new school year.

Please let me know your decision as soon as possible so that I can make arrangements.

--Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 9:30 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE:

I received your notice below. As I understand it, vacation time occurs 2 <u>consecutive</u> weeks per year pursuant to our marital settlement agreement. You previously gave notice of your 2 week vacation. While you later notified me that you were only taking I week in Oregon, you waived the additional week. Therefore, the time below occurs during my normal visitation schedule and I will have the children.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Sunday, August 02, 2009 5:19 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re:

Mitchell,

I will be taking the children from 6pm on August 21, 2009 until 6pm on August 23, 2009 for vacation. I will provide you an itinerary of out-of-state travel plans, if any, 15 days prior to such travel.

--Christina

Mr. Smith:

Attached is correspondence of today's date regarding the above referenced matter. Please contact our office if you have any questions. Thank you,

Suzanne

Suzanne Allison

Legal Assistant to Shawn Goldstein, Esq. and

James J. Jimmerson, Esq.

JIMMERSON HANSEN P.C.

415 So. Sixth Street, Suite 100

Las Vegas, NV 89101

(702) 388-7171 (main)

(702) 380-6412 (fax)

sa@jimmersonhansen.com <mailto:smg@jimmersonhansen.com>



August 26, 2009

Via Facsimile to (702) 990-6456 and email to ramith@radfordsmith.com

Radford J. Smith, Esq. Law Office of Radford J. Smith, Chtd. 64 N. Pecos Road, Ste. 700 Henderson, NV 89074

Re: Stipp v. Stipp

Dear Rad:

I am writing to clarify the terms of the MSA as construed by your client. Christina desired to exercise vacation time with the children from August 21-23, 2009. When she timely advised Mitch of this, he responded that he believed Christina exercised her vacation time in Oregon for one (1) week and because she did not take the other week, it was waived. See enclosed email.

As I read the MSA, it states that the parties are <u>permitted</u> to have the children for two (2) consecutive weeks. Nowhere does it state that the parties are <u>required</u> to have the children for (2) weeks, nor does it provide any type of waiver provision if two (2) consecutive weeks are not exercised. Therefore, Christina respectfully asserts that she is entitled to an additional week of vacation with the children provided that she affords Mitch the appropriate notice; she did not waive the remainder of her vacation time as Mitch claims.

Please advise if your client is amenable to this reasonable interpretation. If so, I suggest that we execute a stipulation and order to that effect. If not, we will file the appropriate Motion seeking clarification.

Thank you for your attention to this matter and as always, if you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact my office.

Sincerely,

JIMMERSON HANSEN, P.C.

Shawn M. Goldstein, Esq.

cc: Christina Calderon-Stipp

----- Forwarded message ------

From: Mitchell Stipp anitchell stipe Qvahoo.com>

Date: Pri, Aug 7, 2009 at 9:29 AM

Subject: RE:

To: Christina Calderon-Stipp < ccstipp@gmail.com>

I received your notice below. As I understand it, vacation time occurs 2 <u>consecutive</u> weeks per year pursuant to our marital seutement agreement. You previously gave notice of your 2 week vacation. While you later notified me that you were only taking 1 week in Oregon, you waived the additional week. Therefore, the time below occurs during my normal visitation schedule and I will have the children.

From: Christina Calderon-Supp [mailmicosting@lamail.com]

Sont: Sunday, August 02, 2009 5:10 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re:

Mitchell.

I will be taking the children from 6pm on August 21, 2009 until 6pm on August 23, 2009 for vacation. I will provide you an itinerary of out-of-state travel plans, it any, 15 days prior to such travel.

--Christina

On Wed, May 20, 2009 at 3:20 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

This email will serve to notify you of my intention to have the kids for vacation from 6pm on August 7, 2009 until 6pm on August 21, 2009 1 will provide you an itinerary of any travel plans on or before any date of travel out of state.

EXHIBIT E

District Court

3	FAMILY DIVISION		
4	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
4			
6			
7	PLAINTIFF		
8			
9	CASE NO.		
10	DEFENDANT DEPARTMENT		
11			
12			
13	NOTICE OF SEMINAR COMPLETION - EDCR 5.07		
14	AND THE OF SECURITIES FOR - NORK S.U/		
15	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT MITCHELL B. STIPP		
16	PLEASE TAKE NUTICE THAT 77/7 C.FFE / / (Name)		
17	SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE MANDATORY DIVORCE EDUCATION SEMINAR ON		
18	12/01/09		
19	(Date)		
20	PALO VERDE CHILD & FAMILY SERVICES		
21	2801 S. VALLEY VIEW BLVD SUITE #10		
22	LAS VEGAS, NV 89102		
23	/ well-		
24	PROGRAM REPRESENTATIVE		
25	12/01/09		
26	DATE		
27			
28			

DISTRIBUTEDE

1

2

WHITE - Chek

CANARY - Party

PINE - Progress

Capetona.wpd

REPLY EXHIBIT "D"

ORDR

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESO.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

Office: (702) 990-6448 Facsimile: (702) 990-6456

rsmith@radfordsmith.com

Attorney for Defendant, Mitchell Stipp

Part | Proc. |

JAN 13 9 07 AM '10

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP.

Plaintiff,

MITCHELL STIPP,

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z

DEPT NO.: O

FAMILY DIVISION

ORDER FROM PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT...CHRISITINA STIPP'S OPPOSITION AND COUNTERMOTION TO SET ASIDE AUGUST 7, 2009 STIPULATION AND ORDER, GRANT DISCOVERY, PARTITION UNDISCLOSED MARITAL ASSETS AND **SANCTIONS**

> DATE OF HEARING: December 08, 2009 TIME OF HEARING: 10:00 a.m.

This matter coming on for hearing on the motions and countermotions identified above Defendant being present and represented by his counsel RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ., of RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED, and Plaintiff being present in Proper Person, the court having heard the arguments of counsel and Plaintiff, and having reviewed the pleadings and papers on file in this matter, FINDS AND ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:

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- 1. Based upon the allegations set forth in the Motions and Countermotions filed herein, the court hereby orders that a court appointed expert, Dr. Paglini, shall perform an Outsource Custody Evaluation with recommendations. A return hearing to review the findings and recommendations of Dr. Paglini is set for March 9, 2010 at 11:00 a.m. in this court. Defendant shall pay for the evaluation, but if the report comes back negative toward Plaintiff, she will be required to reimburse Defendant the amount paid.
- 2. The court shall set Defendant's motions regarding modification or change of custody of the parties' minor children for evidentiary hearing May 6, 2010, at 2:00 p.m. in this court should such a hearing continue to be necessary after review of the findings of the court appointed assessment professional, Dr. Paglini.
- 3. Court advised and admonished the parties to work together to a mutually acceptable therapist for Mia. If they cannot work together, they may each obtain their own therapist for Mia.
 - Desendant's request for additional visitation is denied.
 - All prior orders of the court shall remain in full force and effect.
- Each party shall bear their own attorney's fees and costs associated with the motions and countermotions filed herein.
- 7. Court will review Plaintiff's Countermotion and Reply regarding the partition of omitted assets and will issue a separate Order regarding the issues raised therein.

Mandatory Provisions: Pursuant to NRS 125C.200 (formerly NRS 125A.350), the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that if either party intends to move their residence to a place outside the State of Nevada, and take the minor child with them, they must, as soon as possible, and before the planned move, attempt to obtain the written consent of the other party to move the minor children from the State. If the other party refuses to give such consent, the moving party shall, before

they leave the State with the children, petition the Court for permission to move with the children. The failure of a party to comply with the provision of this section may be considered as a factor if a change of custody is requested by the other party. This provision does not apply to vacations outside the State of Nevada planned by either party.

The following statutory notices relating to custody/visitation of the minor children are applicable to the parties herein:

The parties, and each of them, shall be bound by the provisions of NRS 125.510(6) which state, in pertinent part:

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished by a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

Pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of The Hague Conference on Private International Law are applicable to the parties:

"Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

- (a) The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purpose of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.
- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parents pose an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the

 Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child."

The State of Arizona in the United States of America is the habitual residence of the parties' children.

The parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that in the event either party is ordered to pay child support to the other, that, pursuant to NRS 125.450, a parent responsible for paying child support is subject to NRS 31A.010 through NRS 31A.340, inclusive, and Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 31A of the Nevada Revised Statutes, regarding the withholding of wages and commissions for the delinquent payment of support, that these statutes and provisions require that, if a parent responsible for paying child support is delinquent in paying the support of a child that such person has been ordered to pay, then that person's wages or commissions shall immediately be subject to wage assignment and garnishment, pursuant to the provisions of the above-referenced statutes.

The parties acknowledge, pursuant to NRS 125B.145, that an order for the support of a child must, upon the filing of a request for review by:

- (a) The welfare division of the department of human resources, its designated representative or the district attorney, if the welfare division or the district attorney has jurisdiction in the case; or,
- (b) a parent or legal guardian of the child,

shall be reviewed by the court at least every 3 years pursuant to this section to determine whether the order should be modified or adjusted. Further, if either of the parties is subject to an order of child support, that party may request a review pursuant the terms of NRS 125B.145. An order for the support of a child may be reviewed at any time on the basis of changed circumstances.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 become inaccurate. 9 10 II12 Submitted by: 13 14 15 RADFORD I SMITH, ESQ. 16 Nevada State Bar No. 002791 17 64 N. Pecos Road - Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 18 (702) 990-6448 19 Attorney for Plaintiff 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties shall submit the information required in NRS 125B.055, NRS 125.130 and NRS 125.230 on a separate form to the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days from the date this order is filed. Such information shall be maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public record. The parties shall update the information filed with the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days should any of the information JAN 1 1 2010 IT IS SO ORDERED this _____ day of ______, 2010. FRANK P. SULLIVAN DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Rd., Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 T: (702) 990-6448 F: (702) 990-6456 Email: rsmith@radfordsmith.com MITCHELL D. STIPP, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 007531 7 Morning Sky Lane Las Vegas, Nevada 89135 T: (702) 378-1907 F: (702) 483-6283 Email: Mitchell.Stipp@yahoo.com	Electronically Filed Mar 23 2011 04:48 p.r Tracie K. Lindeman	
11	Attorneys for Respondent/Cross-Appellant Mitchell Stipp		
12		.,	
13	THE CAMPAGE CONTROL OF		
14	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA		
15			
16	CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP,	SUPREME COURT CASE NO.: 57327	
17	Appellant/Cross-Respondent,	DISTRICT COURT CASE NO.: D389203	
18	v.	DEPT. NO.: M	
19	MITCHELL DAVID STIPP		
20	Respondent/Cross-Appellant.		
21			
22	REPLY TO ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE		
23	On February 22, 2011, the Nevada Supreme Court issued an order to show cause why the cross-		
24	appeal of Respondent/Cross-Appellant, Mitchell David Stipp ("Respondent/Cross-Appellant"), should		
25	not be dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. Respondent/Cross-Appellant by and through his attorney		
26	11 Julianos gui uno unionio y		
27	Radford J. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Radford J. Smith, Chartered, hereby submits Respondent/Cross-		
28	Appellant's reply as set forth below.		

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Respondent/Cross-Appellant filed his notice of cross-appeal on December 15, 2010 of the written decision of Judge Frank Sullivan of Department O, Eighth Judicial District, Clark County, State of Nevada, which was entered by the district court on November 4, 2010. This order is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" (the "Appealed Order"). The Appealed Order confirmed the parties as joint physical custodians of their children and granted Respondent/Cross-Appellant additional custodial time equal to eight hours on the third Friday of each month. See Appealed Order at 17-19. The district court concluded in the Appealed Order that the grant of additional timeshare would provide Respondent/Cross-Appellant 12 additional days of visitation per calendar year, and with this additional time, Respondent/Cross-Appellant would have between 143 and 146 days of physical custody per year (and up to 155 days of physical custody depending on whether appellant/cross-respondent foregoes holiday visitation as permitted by the parties' timeshare arrangement). See Id.

The Appealed Order adjudicates the requests for relief as set forth in Respondent/Cross-Appellant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement filed in the district court on October 29, 2009, which is attached hereto as Exhibit "B" (the "October 29, 2009 Motion"). On page 27 of the October 29, 2009 Motion (Article V, CONCLUSION, paragraph 2), Respondent/Cross-Appellant specifically requests that the district court "[m]odify the timeshare of the children to grant the parties *equal time* and more frequent associations with the children[.]" (emphasis added).

Respondent/Cross-Appellant filed on December 7, 2009 a reply and opposition, which is attached hereto as Exhibit "C" (the "Reply/Opposition"), to appellant/cross-respondent's opposition and countermotion, respectively. On page 27 of the Reply/Opposition (Article III, <u>CONCLUSION</u>,

paragraph 2), Respondent/Cross-Appellant again specifically requests that the district court "[m]odify the timeshare of the children to grant the parties <u>equal time</u> and more frequent associations with the children[.]" (emphasis added).

At the hearing in the district court held on December 8, 2009, the district court deferred ruling on Respondent/Cross-Appellant's October 29, 2009 Motion and ordered a child custody evaluation to be performed based on the allegations set forth in the pleadings. Attached as Exhibit "D" is a copy of the order from the December 8, 2009 hearing (the "December 8, 2009 Order"). The district court concluded that Respondent/Cross-Appellant "shall pay for the evaluation, but if the report comes back negative toward [appellant/cross-respondent], she will be required to reimburse [Respondent/Cross-Appellant] the amount paid." *See* December 8, 2009 Order at 2 (paragraph 1).

Respondent/Cross-Appellant filed a Supplement to the October 29, 2010 Motion on May 3, 2010 (the "Supplement"). The Supplement is attached hereto as Exhibit "E." By this Supplement, Respondent/Cross-Appellant submitted to the district court that (i) an evidentiary hearing should be held on the October 29, 2010 Motion and that discovery should be permitted with respect to child custody matters, or alternatively the district court should grant his motion confirming the parties as joint physical custodians and provide him an *equal* timeshare arrangement, and (ii) Respondent/Cross-Appellant should be reimbursed for the costs of the child custody evaluation and for his attorney's fees and costs of opposing appellant/cross-respondent's motion for reconsideration of the December 8, 2009 Order, which was heard and denied by the district court on April 13, 2010. A copy of the order from the hearing on April 13, 2010 is attached hereto as Exhibit "F," and Respondent/Cross-Appellant directs the Nevada Supreme Court's attention to page 2, paragraph 6 of the order. At the May 6, 2010 hearing, the district court ruled that it would review the Supplement and file a written decision. Attached as Exhibit "G" are

 the minutes from the hearing on May 6, 2010. The Appealed Order is the written decision from the May 6, 2010 hearing.

II.

CROSS-APPELLANT IS AN AGGREIVED PARTY UNDER NRAP 3A(a)

NRAP 3A(a) provides that "[a] party who is aggrieved by an appealable judgment or order may appeal from that judgment or order, with or without first moving for a new trial." The seminal case explaining the law on cross-appeals in Nevada is *Ford v. Showboat Operating Co.*, 110 Nev. 752, 877 P.2d 546 (1994). In *Ford*, the Nevada Supreme Court held that a respondent who prevails in the district court and who does not wish to alter any rights of the parties arising from the judgment is not aggrieved by the judgment and may not file a cross-appeal; however, such respondent may still advance any argument in support of the judgment even if the district court rejected or did not consider the argument. *Id.*

In the present case, Respondent/Cross-Appellant was aggrieved by the Appealed Order because the district court failed to grant an equal timeshare, and failed to address the issue of attorney's fees and costs (including the costs for Dr. Paglini) that the district court specifically indicated that it would address at the May 6, 2010 hearing. Respondent/Cross Appellant's request for a greater increase in timeshare than that which was granted was an integral part of his motion, and the district court's pledge to address attorney's fees and costs was evidenced in the district court's May 6, 2010 minutes in which it indicates it would review the Supplement (that contained Respondent/Cross Appellants requests for attorney's fees and costs) and issue a ruling.

Specifically, Respondent/Cross-Appellant requested in his pleadings that the district court award him an equal timeshare. It appears, however, the district court only granted Respondent/Cross-Appellant the minimum additional time it believed was necessary for Respondent/Cross-Appellant to

meet the new definition of "joint physical custody" (i.e., at least 40% of the timeshare) as defined in Rivero v. Rivero, 216 P.3d 213 (2009). By his cross-appeal, Respondent/Cross-Appellant seeks to increase his rights under the judgment by arguing that the district court erred because it should have granted him 50% of the physical timeshare (or approximately 182.5 days of custody).

Respondent/Cross-Appellant was also "aggrieved," as defined under NRAP 3, by the Appealed Order because the district court failed to require appellant/cross-respondent to reimburse him the costs incurred for the child custody evaluation and failed to award him attorney's fees and costs of opposing appellant/cross-respondent's motion for reconsideration of the December 8, 2009 Order, which was heard and denied by the district court on April 13, 2010. Again, Respondent/Cross-Appellant specifically raised the issue of costs and attorney's fees in the Supplement that the district court specifically indicated it would review before issuing its order. (See Minutes of hearing of May 6, 2010, Exhibit "G" hereto). By his cross-appeal, Respondent/Cross-Appellant again seeks to increase his rights under the judgment by arguing that the district court erred because it should have awarded him the fees and costs referenced above.

III.

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CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the Nevada Supreme Court should not dismiss Respondent/Cross-Appellant's cross-appeal.

DATED this 29 day of March, 2011.

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADBORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791

64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074 (702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Respondent/Cross-Appellant Mitchell Stipp

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "Reply to Order To Show Cause" on this 23rd day of March, 2011, to all interested parties as follows:

- BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;
- BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;
- BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below;
- BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

Patricia L. Vaccarino, Esq. Vaccarino Law Office

8861 W. Sahara Avenue., Suite 210

Las Vegas, Neyada 89/17

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

REPLY EXHIBIT "A"



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

FAMILY DIVISION 601 NORTH PECOS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 881012408

DEPARTMENT Q (702) 455-1324 FACSIMILE (702) 455-1338

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION FORM

November 4, 2010

TO: Patricia Vaccarino, Esq. & Radford Smith, Esq.

Fax #: (702) 258-8840 & (702) 990-6456

RE: Order from May 6, 2010 hearing and Notice of Entry of Order

of Pages: 21 (Including Cover Sheet)

FROM: Randall Forman, Law Clerk to the Honorable Frank P. Sullivan

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PAGES, PLEASE CONTACT:

NAME: Randall Forman PHONE: (702) 455-1336

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DISTRICT COURT

COCK CURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. D-08-389203-Z DEPT. NO. O

MITCHELL STIPP,

Defendant.

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

To:

VS.

Patricia Vaccarino, Esq. 8861 W. Sahara Ave. #210 Las Vegas, NV 89117

Radford Smith, Esq. 64 N. Pecos Rd. #700 Henderson, NV 89074

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order from the May 6, 2010 hearing was

duly entered in the above-referenced case on the 4th day of November, 2010.

Dated this 4th day of November, 2010.

Randall Forman, Esq.

Law Clerk
Department O

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FRANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

AMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA STIPP,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. D-08-389203-Z

DEPT. NO. O

vs.

MITCHELL STIPP,

Defendant.

Date of Hearing: May 6, 2010 Time of Hearing: 10:00 a.m.

This matter having come before this Court on May 6, 2010, on Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement; and Plaintiff's Countermotion to set Aside August 7, 2009 Stipulation, Grant Discovery, Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions; with Christina C. Stipp, Plaintiff, appearing and being represented by Donn W. Prokopius, Esq.; and Mitchell D. Stipp, Defendant, appearing and represented by Radford J. Smith, Esq.; and the Court being duly advised in the premises, having reviewed Plaintiff's Motion, Defendant's Opposition and Countermotion, Plaintiffs' Opposition to Countermotion, Plaintiff's Supplement to Motion, Defendant's Supplement to Countermotion, and having heard oral argument, and good cause being shown,

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THE COURT HEREBY FINDS that the parties have two children in common, Mia, born on October 19, 2004, and Ethan, born on March 24, 2007.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 20, 2008, the parties entered into a Marital Settlement Agreement (MSA) that provided that they shall have joint legal and physical custody of the children.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the MSA provided that Defendant (husband) would have the children on Fridays from 6:00 p.m. until Sundays at 6:00 p.m., however, the Plaintiff (wife) would have the right to have the children on the first weekend of every month upon three (3) days prior written notice.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the MSA further provided holiday visitation as follows:

- (a) Martin Luther King (MLK) Day Weekend; MLK Day is to be celebrated on the third Monday in January with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in evennumbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (b) President's Day Weekend: President's Day: President's Day is to be celebrated on the third Monday in February with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in oddnumbered years and the Defendant in even-numbered years.
- (c) Easter Day: Easter Day is to be celebrated on Sunday with the Defendant having the children on Easter Sunday until 2:00 p.m. and Plaintiff having the children after 2:00 p.m.
- (d) Memorial Day Weekend: Memorial Day is to be celebrated on the last Monday in May with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.

FRANK R SULLIVAN

28 FAMILY DIVISION, DEPT. O LAB VEGAS NV 89101

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- (e) Father's Day/Mother's Day: Defendant is to have the children on Father's Day from 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. and Plaintiff is to have children on Mother's Day from 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m.
- (f) Independence Day: Independence Day is to commence at 6:00 p.m. on the day before the holiday and end at 9:00 a.m. on the day after the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (g) <u>Labor Day Weekend</u>: Labor Day is to be celebrated on the first Monday in September with the weekend commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday before the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Defendant is to have the children in even-numbered years and Plaintiff in odd-numbered years.
- (h) <u>Halloween Night</u>: Halloween night will commence at 3:00 p.m. on the boliday and end at 8:30 p.m. on the holiday. Plaintiff is to have the children in even-numbered years and Defendant in odd-numbered years.
- (i) Veterans Day: Veterans Day is to be observed on November 11th with visitation commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday.
- (j) Thanksgiving Weekend: The Thanksgiving holiday is to be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 4:00 p.m. on Thanksgiving Day and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday immediately following Thanksgiving Day. Period Two is to commence at 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday following Thanksgiving Day and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the Sunday immediately following Thanksgiving Day. Defendant is to have the children during Period One and Plaintiff Period Two in all years.
- (k) Christmas Holiday: The Christmas holiday is to be divided into two periods, with Period One commencing at 9:00 a.m. on December 24th and ending at 9:00 a.m. on December 25th. Period Two is to commence at 9:00 a.m. on December 25th and end at 6:00 p.m. on the 25th. Plaintiff is to have the children during Period One and Defendant during Period Two in all years.
- (1) New Year's Day: New Year's Day is to be celebrated on January 1st with holiday visitation commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the day immediately preceding the holiday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the holiday. Defendant is to have the children in even-numbered years and Plaintiff in odd-numbered years,

(m) Children's Birthdays: Plaintiff, upon three (3) days prior written notice, is to have the children on the Saturday immediately proceeding a child's birthday, in which case, Defendant will have his normal visitation from 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. on Sunday.

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- (n) Parents' Birthdays: Each party, upon three (3) days prior written notice, is to have the children form 9:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m. on their respective birthdays.
- (o) <u>Vacation Visitation</u>: Each party is permitted to have the children for two (2) consecutive weeks for the purpose of taking a vacation.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the parties filed a Joint Petition for Divorce on February 28, 2008.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on March 6, 2008, a Decree of

Divorce was granted which fully incorporated the Marital Settlement Agreement into
such Decree.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 17, 2008, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Confirm Plaintiff as the De Jure Primary Physical Custodian, for Modification of the Divorce Decree Regarding Child Custody, Visitation and Other Parent/Child Issues, for Defendant's Reimbursement of One-Half of the Children's Medical Costs, for Mediation Regarding Dispute Over Dividing the Minor Children's Education and Other Costs, and for Attorney's Fees and Costs.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 9, 2009, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Confirm Plaintiff as the De Jure Primary Physical Custodian and a Countermotion to Strike Inadmissible Evidence from Plaintiff's Motion, to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, for a Temporary Protective Order Addressing Plaintiff's Harassment of Defendant, and for Sanctions and Attorney's Fees.

LAS VEGAS NV B9101

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Motion for Leave to Take the Depositions of Mitchell Stipp (Defendant) and William Plise. THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 11, 2009, Plaintiff filed

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 9, 2009, Plaintiff filed a

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 24, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on all pending Motions and Countermotions.

a Reply to Defendant's Opposition and Defendant's Countermotion.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that by Order dated April 3, 2009, the Court denied all pending Motions and Countermotions, but Ordered Defendant to reimburse Plaintiff the sum of three hundred twenty-six dollars and forty-five cents (\$326.45) as and for unreimbursed medical expenses incurred on behalf of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 27, 2009, Defendant filed a motion for Reconsideration, Motion for Rehearing; Or in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare,

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 3, 2009, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration, Motion for Rehearing and, in the Alternative, Motion to Modify Joint Timeshare.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 4, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on Defendant's Motion and Plaintiff's Opposition to the Motion and Ordered the parties to the Family Mediation Center for confidential mediation and scheduled an Evidentiary Hearing for October 27, 2009.

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RANK R SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 18, 2009, Defendant filed a Motion for an Order to Show Cause alleging that the Plaintiff had violated the custodial agreement by keeping the children from Defendant on his visitation day of Friday, June 12, 2009.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on July 23, 2009, the parties submitted a Stipulation and Order Resolving Defendant's Motion for an Order to Show Cause resolving the matter by awarding Defendant an additional nine (9) hours of visitation on Friday June 26, 2009, with Defendant receiving the children at 9:00 a.m. instead of 6:00 p.m.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on August 7, 2009, the parties submitted a Stipulation and Order which didn't change the joint legal and physical custody designation included in the Marital Settlement Agreement, but modified the timeshare arrangement provided for in the MSA as follows:

- (a) Defendant is to have the children on the first, third and fifth (when there is a fifth weekend in the month) weekends of each month from Friday 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m., however, the Plaintiff, upon three (3) days prior written notice, is entitled to have the children on the first weekend of each month. In the event that Plaintiff exercises her right to have the children on the first weekend of the month, then Defendant will have the children commencing at 6:00 p.m. on the Wednesday preceding the first weekend of the month until 6:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the first weekend of the month.
- (b) Defendant is to have the children on the second and fourth weekends of the month from Thursday at 6:00 p.m. until Sunday at 6:00 p.m.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009, the Court dismissed Defendant's pending Motion for

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Reconsideration and Rehearing and vacated the Evidentiary Hearing set for October 27, 2009.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on October 29, 2009, Defendant filed a Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement essentially alleged that the parties' daughter, Mia, was being emotionally abused by Plaintiff by her continued attempts to alienate the children from Defendant by making disparaging remarks about Defendant and his current wife, Amy, (Defendant is a cheater, Amy stole Defendant away from Plaintiff, Amy is married to someone other than Defendant, and Plaintiff hates Amy) which has caused Mia to have severe mood swings, significant anger management issues, and frequent emotional outbursts.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on November 30, 2009, Plaintiff filed an Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement and filed a Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order Due to Defendant's Fraud upon the Court, to Grant Discovery, to Partitlon Undisclosed Marital Assets, and for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Plaintiff's Opposition and Countermotion and Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order, and to Grant Discovery and Partition Undisclosed Marital Assets essentially alleged that Defendant is blatantly attempting to re-litigate the custodial arrangement which is barred by res judicata, failed to disclose his post-divorce arrest for DUI and

distributions.

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Stipulation and Order. THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 8, 2009, the Court heard oral argument on the pending Motions and Countermotions and, based upon the

allegations raised by each party, directed that a Child Custody Evaluation be

performed by Dr. John Paglini.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 18, 2009, Defendant filed a Supplement to Opposition to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order.

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subsequent conviction for Reckless Driving which evidences that Defendant abuses

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on December 7, 2009, Defendant

Custodians and Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009,

alcohol, and fraudulently concealed significant marital assets and/or post divorce

filed a Reply to Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on January 28, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Stay Discovery concerning the ongoing child custody dispute, specifically sceking to Stay Discovery regarding Dr. Melissa Kalodner, Dr. Joel Mishalow, School Records, and Plaintiff's deposition.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 2, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Stay Discovery alleging that such discovery was necessary to completely and fairly conduct the child custody evaluation.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that a Hearing was held on February 3, 2010, at which time the Court Ordered that Discovery may be conducted on a limited

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basis to obtain school records, obtain records from Dr. Mishalow and Dr. Koladner, and depose Dr. Mishalow as some of his records were illegible.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on February 16, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and/or to Clarify the Court's Rulings from that Hearing requesting that the Court rehear or reconsider its Order for an Outsource Evaluation to be conducted by Dr. Paglini as there was no evidence that Mia had been emotionally abused.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on March 8, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and Countermotion for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 12, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Reply to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 13, 2010, the Court heard oral argument on Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of December 8, 2009, and denied Plaintiff's request for rehearing and reconsideration and refused to modify its Order for an Outsource Evaluation and refused to otherwise limit the scope of Dr. Paglini's assessment. Such Order of the Court was submitted on May 24, 2010.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the direction of the Court, Dr. John Paglini performed a Child Custody Evaluation dated April 29, 2010.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on April 30, 2010, Plaintiff filed a Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010, alleging that the Order

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submitted by Defendant's counsel for the Hearing held on February 3rd included conclusions not found by the Court, that Plaintiff's counsel was not afforded an opportunity to review the Order prior to its submittal, and that Defendant had admitted to non-disclosure of marital assets in Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation by stating that he had received a \$5 million dollar payment from the end of 2004 through the middle of 2007.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 3, 2010, Defendant filed a Supplement to Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Timeshare Arrangement.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 5, 2010, Plaintiff filed a

Supplement to Countermotion to Set Aside August 7, 2009, Stipulation and Order and

Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Custodians.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on May 6, 2010, the Court heard oral argument on all pending Motions and Countermotion and, based upon Dr. Paglini's recommendation, the Court determined that there was not a need to conduct an Evidentiary Hearing.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 3, 2010, Defendant filed an Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010, and Countermotion for Sanctions alleging that Plaintiff's Motion was filed merely to harass Defendant and Plaintiff was well aware of Defendant's financial compensation at the time of divorce as she received a settlement of \$2.2 million, including \$1.8 million in eash.

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FRANK R BULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE 'AMILY DIVISION, DEPT. 0 LAB VEGAS NV 89103 THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 15, 2010, Plaintiff filed a
Reply in Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February
3, 2010, and Opposition to Defendant's Countermotion for Sanctions.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 18, 2010, Defendant filed a Reply to Opposition to Countermotion for Sanctions.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on June 22, 2010, the Court held a hearing on Plaintiff's Motion to Rehear/Reconsider the Hearing of February 3, 2010 and Defendant's Countermotion for Sanctions and heard argument regarding the language included in the Order from the February 3, 2010 hearing, the need for discovery as to alleged non-disclosed marital assets, Defendant's retirement status, the Wells Fargo loan, Section 5 of the divorce Decree, the Aquila Investment business, the business tax returns, and attorney fees.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after entertaining oral argument on June 22, 2010, the Court denied Plaintiff's request to modify the Order from the hearing held on February 3, 2010; allowed Plaintiff to hire a forensic accountant to review Aquila Investments tax returns for the 2007 and 2008 tax years; found no proof of fraud being perpetrated upon the Court; denied Defendant's request for sanctions; but awarded Defendant attorney fees as the prevailing party.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after Plaintiff contacted Dr. Melissa Kalodner and decided not to have Mia treated by Dr. Kalodner, Defendant brought Mia to Dr. Kalodner for psychological treatment on or about September 11, 2009, without Plaintiff's knowledge or permission.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Defendant sought treatment for Mia with Dr. Kalodner to address the re-manifestation (Mia's issues as to clothing had commenced in December of 2008) of Mia's issues with clothing (insisting that clothing was too tight, demanding that her clothing be stretched out, refusing to wear clothing unless it was many sizes too big, refusing to wear underwear, refusing to wear her school uniform) and behavior issues relating to Mia's defiant behavior when made to wear clothing, anger outbursts and emotional meltdowns.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Kalodner noted, in a letter dated December 4, 2009, that Mia made spontaneous statements during treatment sessions, such as:

- a) "I want to spend more time with my dad, but mommy says we can't change the rules".
- b) "I want to spend more time with my dad, but the judge won't let me"
- c) "Mommy does not like Amy" (stepmother).
- d) "Mommy says Amy is bad, but I like her".

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that with the knowledge and permission of each parent, Mia was being treated for her clothing and behavior issues by Dr. Joel Mishalow from September 25, 2009, through December of 2009, however, Defendant failed to advise Dr. Mishalow that Mia was also being treated by Dr. Kalodner.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after being advised of the fact that Mia was being treated by Dr. Kalodner, Dr. Mishalow decided that he no longer wanted to treat Mia given all of the psychological treatment that she had already undergone and due to the many dynamics going on within the family.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Kalodner consulted with Dr. Beasley pertaining to Mia's treatment issues and Dr. Beasley recommended a referral to the Achievement Therapy Center for assessment as to possible sensory deficit disorder.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that on November 17, 2009, Defendant, without the knowledge or permission of Plaintiff, brought Mia to Dr. Stegen-Hansen, a pediatric occupational therapist, for evaluation as to possible sensory deficit disorder.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Mia has been receiving treatment at the Achievement Therapy Center since January 2010 and is making excellent progress in treating her clothing and behavioral issues.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon concerns raised by Plaintiff regarding Defendant having an ongoing problem with alcohol abuse, Mr. Stipp was referred to Dr. Michael Levy for an assessment as to alcohol dependence and substance abuse.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after subjecting Defendant to a comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count, and a GGTP (a very sensitive test to detect recent use of alcohol), Dr. Levy opined the following:

- a) That the results of the laboratory data recorded no biological markers associated with recent or chronic use of alcohol.
- b) That based upon the DSM IV criteria for alcohol abuse, there is no data to support that Mr. Stipp currently has a substance abuse problem, or at any time throughout his drinking history, met the clinical criteria for alcohol dependence.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation, which was based upon extensive clinical interviews, review of discovery

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documentation, extensive collateral interviews of family and friends, psychological testing of both parents, brief interviews of Mia, home visits and family observations, concluded the following:

- a) That based upon the spontaneous comments made by Mia to Dr. Kalodner, Mia is either hearing negative comments directly from her mother, or overhearing negative comments in her environment and interpreting impressions from her parents, but that such comments, while inappropriate, do not reach the level of emotional abuse or alienation as alleged by Defendant.
- b) That although alcohol usage by Mr. Stipp was a significant relevant issue during the course of their marriage, based upon the evaluation of Dr. Levy and numerous collateral interviews, alcohol usage by Mr. Stipp is not currently a problem as alleged by Plaintiff.
- c) That the children are very bonded with Plaintiff, Defendant and Amy Stipp.
- d) That both parents provide excellent care for the children, excellent homes for the children, and are very involved in the children's lives.
- e) That the children are surrounded by a lot of love, despite an acrimonious post-divorce relationship between the parents.
- f) That unresolved issues tend to re-emerge during day-to-day communications between the parents and if they are unable to resolve their issues, it is likely that their children will be emotionally affected in the future.
- g) That if the parents could resolve their issues and co-parent effectively and assist their daughter with frustrations as they emerge in interpersonal relationships, this will likely resolve Mia's anger issues without the need for additional therapy.
- h) That if the parents are not able to resolve their issues, this could create additional difficulties for Mia which could result in her acting out.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that Dr. Paglini's report noted that Plaintiff feared that if Defendant received more time with the children, that he

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eventually will request to relocate to Texas to join his former business partner and take the children with him.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon Plaintiff's expressed fear about Defendant's possible relocation in the future, it appears that Plaintiff's opposition to maintaining the joint physical custodian designation at this time is based upon a potential relocation issue and not based upon a concern for best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon Dr. Paglini's Child Custody Evaluation in which he found that the children are very bonded with each parent, that both parents provide excellent care for the children, that both parents provide excellent homes for the children, that both parents are very involved in the children's lives, and that the children are surrounded by lots of love in each parental household, it is apparent that joint legal and physical custody is in the best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the fact that the parents have agreed to an award of joint legal and physical custody on two separate occasions as evidenced by the Marital Settlement Agreement (February 20, 2008) and subsequent Stipulation and Order (August 7, 2009), further supports the finding that joint legal and physical custody is in the best interest of the children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to Rivero v. Rivero, 216 P.3d 213 (Nev. 2009):

> a) This Court "should calculate the time during which a party has physical custody of a child over one calendar year."

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b) That "in calculating the time during which a party has physical custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child resided with the party, and during which the party made day-to-day decisions regarding the child."

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c) That a determination of joint physical custody can only be made when each parent has physical custody of the child for at least 40% of the year, which equals 146 days.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that pursuant to the Marital Settlement Agreement entered into by the parties on February 20, 2008, and the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009, the time-share arrangement leads to the following calculation of time over a calendar year:

- a) That depending on whether it is an even or odd year, what day of the week the year starts on, and whether or not it is a leap year, Defendant always has between 131 and 134 custodial days per year.
- b) That depending on whether or not Christian Stipp foregoes her visitation for Martin Luther King Day, President's Day, Memorial Day and/or Labor Day, and whether it is an even or odd year, Defendant may have an additional 8 days of custody per year.
- c) That depending on whether Plainitff's and Defendant's birthday fall on one of their custodial days, and whether they request to have custody of the children on their birthday, Defendant may have an additional day of custody per year.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that based upon the current time-share agreement, Defendant has a minimum of 131 days of physical custody per year with a maximum amount of 143 days per year depending upon whether Plaintiff decides to forego her holiday visitations (MLK Day, President's Day, Memorial Day, and/or Labor Day), which would fall a few days short of the 40% time-share requirement mandated by Rivero.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that assuming that a joint physical custody arrangement does not currently exist, the following facts evidence a substantial change in circumstances affecting the welfare of the children supporting a change in custody to joint physical custody:

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- a) Mia's re-manifestation of issues with clothing; namely, insisting that clothing was too tight, demanding that her clothing be stretched out, refusing to wear clothing unless it was many sizes too big, refusing to wear underwear, refusing to wear her school uniform; behavior issues relating to her defiant behavior when made to wear clothing, anger outbursts and emotional meltdowns.
- b) The need for Mia to undergo extensive psychological treatment from Dr. Kalodner, Dr. Mishalow, Dr. Stegen-Hansen, and the ongoing sensory deficit processing treatment being provided by the Achievement Therapy Center.
- c) The spontaneous statements made by Mia to Dr. Kalodner indicating that she wanted to spend more time with her dad but her mommy or the judge wouldn't let her.
- d) The parties' extremely litigious nature resulting in the children becoming embroiled in the proceedings as evidenced by Mia's spontaneous statements to Dr. Kalodner indicating that Plaintiff doesn't like Amy and that Amy is bad.
- e) Dr. Paglini's report reflecting that the parents have unresolved issues that tend to re-emerge and that if they are unable to resolve their issues, it is likely that their children will be emotionally affected in the future.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that in the best interest of the children, Defendant should be awarded additional time-share consisting of the Friday proceeding the third weekend of each month, commencing at 9:00 a.m. instead of 6:00 p.m. as currently provided for in the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that awarding the Defendant the additional custodial time equates to an additional 12 days of custody per year as the Defendant will have the responsibility of making the day-to-day decisions for the children on the Fridays preceding the third weekend of each month.

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THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that after being awarded an additional 12 days of custody per year, the Defendant will have between 143 and 146 days of custody every year and may have up to 155 days of custody per year depending upon whether Plaintiff decides to forego her holiday visitations.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that under the applicable law in Rivero, these parties have been motivated to calculate the physical custodial days of the year instead of "calculating" a custodial time-share that is best interest of their minor children.

THE COURT FURTHER FINDS that the parties are very intelligent, highly educated lawyers whose children would be better served by the parties resolving their issues between themselves without the need for legal and/or therapeutic intervention.

11/04/2010 17:01

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is awarded additional time-share consisting of the Friday proceeding every third weekend of each month commencing at 9:00 a.m. instead of at 6:00 p.m. as currently provided for in the Stipulation and Order filed on August 7, 2009.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the parties will continue to be designated as joint legal and joint physical custodians.

Dated this 4th day of November, 2010

Frank P. Sullivan District Court Judge

Dept. O

RANK M. SULLIVAN DISTRICT JUDGE VILY DIVISION, DEPT, O A6 VEGAS NV 59101

REPLY EXHIBIT "B"

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

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Attorneys for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP.

Plaintiff.

VS.

MITCHELL DAVID STIPP,

Defendant.

CASE NO.: D-08-389203-Z

DEPT NO.: O

FAMILY DIVISION

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED
YES NO 3

NOTICE: YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE.

<u>DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS</u> <u>AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT</u>

DATE OF HEARING: December 8, 2009 TIME OF HEARING: 10:00 a.m.

COMES NOW, Defendent MITCHELL D. STIPP ("Mitchell"), by and through his attorney Radford J. Smith, Esq., of the firm of Radford J. Smith, Chartered, and submits the following points and authorities in support of his motion for an order confirming the parties as joint physical custodians of their minor children and granting him additional timeshare with the minor children.

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This motion is made and based upon the points and authorities attached hereto, the affidavits of Mitchell Stipp and Megan Cantrell attached as Exhibits A and B, respectively, all pleadings, and papers on file in this action, and any oral argument or evidence adduced at the time of the hearing of this matter.

DATED this 29th day of October 2009.

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

(702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Defendant

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NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: CHRISTINA CALDERON STIPP, Plaintiff;

TO: JAMES J. JIMMERSON, ESQ. and SHAWN M. GOLDSTEIN. ESQ., attorney's for Plaintiff;

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 8TH day of December 2009, at the hour of 10:00 a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 29th day of October, 2009

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Novada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Rd. – Ste. 700 Henderson, NV 89074 (702) 990-6448

Attorney for Defendant

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INTRODUCTION

Both under the Court's Decree entered March 6, 2008, and subsequent order filed August 7, 2009, the court has confirmed the parties, Plaintiff Christina Calderon Stipp ("Christina") and Defendant Mitchell David Stipp ("Mitchell"), as the joint physical custodians of their two minor children, Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), now age 5, and Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), now age 2.5. On July 8, 2009, the parties renegotiated a parenting plan with the goal of remaining joint physical custodians, and because of the court's previous orders were based in part upon the court's decision in Rivero v. Rivero, 124 Nev. Adv. Op. No. 84, 195 P.3d 328 (2008), Mitchell seeks confirmation of his status as a joint physical custodian in light of the new definition of joint physical custody set forth in Rivero v. Rivero, 125 Nev. Adv. Rep. 34, 216 P.3d 213 (2009) ("Rivero II")

More importantly, the parties' daughter Mia is now suffering the ill effects of a constant barrage of disparagement about Mitchell from Christina. Mia's problems have become so severe that the parties have placed her into psychological counseling. This court has never adjudicated the issue of Christina's disparagement, and her marginalization of Mitchell's parental role with the children. While Mitchell had hoped that entering into a resolution would calm Christina, she has become worse. As shown below, her statements and actions demonstrate that it is the best interest of the children that this court confirm the parties as joint physical custodians under the current orders, set forth a plan of visitation consistent with an equal timeshare arrangement, and order an assessment of the parties' minor children to determine the basis of Mia's emotional problems she is now manifesting.

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STATEMENT OF FACTS

The parties have two children, Mia, born October 19, 2004, and Ethan, born March 24, 2007. This Court entered the parties' Decree of Divorce on Murch 6, 2008 (the "Decree") upon their joint petition for divorce filed in February of 2008. The Decree incorporates the terms and conditions of the parties' marital settlement agreement entered into and dated as of February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). From the date of the entry of the Decree in March of 2008 until December of 2008, a period of approximately ten (10) months, Mitchell tried to obtain more visitation time with the children without litigation. Christina refused to provide Mitchell more time and instead filed a motion to confirm herself as the primary physical custodian on December 17, 2008, even after Mitchell made a request for and this Court ordered mediation in December of 2008.

Mitchell vigorously opposed Christina's motion and filed a countermotion seeking additional time with the children. The parties attended mediation and no resolution occurred. At the hearing of February 24, 2009, this Court denied each parties' motions, but nevertheless stated its belief that Mitchell should have more time with the children. After unsuccessful negotiations, on April 27, 2009 Mitchell filed his motion for reconsideration or in the alternative a motion to modify the timeshare arrangement. At the hearing on Mitchell's motion held on June 4, 2009, this Court again ordered the parties to attend mediation. The parties attended mediation and modified the terms of the MSA through a stipulation and order signed by the parties on July 8, 2009 and entered by this Court on August 7, 2009

¹ Christina did not seek to move out of state, she did not seek to alter the timeshare arrangement, and she did not seek to alter the child support obligations of Mitchell, which are the primary instances in which the status of physical custody matter.

("SAO"). Mitchell is moving to confirm the parties as joint physical custodians of their minor children and for a change in visitation or timeshare.²

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A. Christina's Emotional Abuse of Mia, and Her Manipulation of the Therapeutic Process.

Christina has emotionally abused Mia.³ Mia only recently began to show signs of this trauma. She has severe mood swings and significant anger management issues. Mia is prone to frequent emotional outbursts (or meltdowns). Mitchell believes this behavior is the result of Christina's past and continued attempts to alienate the children from Mitchell. Even after the parties entered into the SAO, Mia continued to tell Mitchell that Christina says he is a cheater, that Amy Stipp ("Amy"), Mitchell's wife and the children's stepmother, stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not Mitchell,⁴ that Christina hates Amy, and that the men Christina's dates will be Mia's new dad. Mitchell believes that Christina continues to communicate these items (and likely others) to Mia to harass Mitchell and Amy using Mia as a tool. These bad acts have caused Mia to suffer significant emotional trauma, which is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and anger. During the occurrence of such an episode, Mia will grind her teeth and growl, clench her fists, and shake ther arms and head violently.

² Mitchell has not requested a change of custody to award him primary physical custody of the children. However, if this Court believes a temporary change is warranted based on the facts of this case, Mitchell requests it subject to liberal visitation of the children by Christina on the terms and conditions determined by this Court. Unlike Christina, Mitchell does not want to prevent Christina from visiting the children.

³ It is unclear whether Ethan also has been abused (although there is no doubt he has been exposed to it). At the present time, primarily due to his age. Ethan does not show any signs of abuse; however, this may change as he grows older.

⁴ Amy was previously married. Neither Amy nor Mitchell over communicated this fact to Mia. There is absolutely no reason why they would do so. However, Mia knows the name of Amy's ex-husband and continuously asks Amy and Mitchell about him.

Christina recently observed that Mia has issues that require mental health services. At the time, she only communicated to Mitchell that Mia had clothing issues. She communicated to Mitchell that she wanted Mia to see a mental health provider. Mitchell has recognized this same problem and agreed that Mia needed an evaluation (which he had expected would also identify Mia's emotional trauma). Christina provided to Mitchell the names of referrals she obtained to consider for Mia's treatment and began scheduling appointments to interview the therapists.

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The first appointment she scheduled was with Melissa Koladner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC, a child/adolescent psychologist. Mitchell separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Koladner, paid \$200 for the initial consultation, and approved her to treat Mia. At the meeting, Dr. Koladner informed Mitchell that Christina also approved of her and that Mitchell could now schedule an appointment for Mia. After the meeting, Dr. Koladner contacted Christina to inform her that Mitchell consented to Mia's treatment and that he scheduled Mia's first appointment. It is then that Christina demonstrated that she had no interest in an impartial review of Mia's issues.

According to Dr. Koladner, when she called Christina, Christina was irate. Christina communicated to Dr. Koladner that she, Christina, would not permit Dr. Koladner to evaluate Mia unless she, Christina, alone could accompany Mia to the appointment and be present in the evaluation room. Dr. Koladner informed Christina that it was immaterial who accompanied Mia to the appointment, that she wanted to evaluate Mia without the presence of either parent, and that Mitchell already scheduled an appointment for Mia during her next available time (which happened to occur on the day Mia would be in Mitchell's care). At that point, Christina cancelled the appointment and informed Dr. Koladner that she could not treat Mia.

⁵ Mia refuses to wear clothing she perceives as too tight. Her clothing is several sizes larger than a child her age and size would wear. She also only wears certain outfits (only dresses and specific kinds of shoes).

Christina later misrepresented her concerns about Dr. Koladner to Mitchell. She falsely claimed to Mitchell that she did not want to engage Dr. Koladner because she could not afford to pay Dr. Koladner's hourly rate of \$200 per hour, when in reality the treatments would have been covered under the insurance Mitchell provides, and/or Mitchell was willing to share in the costs. In reality, Christina would only secure treatment for Mia on Christina's terms. Mitchell believes that Christina was concerned about Dr. Koladner learning of Christina's bad acts (e.g., disparaging Mitchell and Amy in front of the children). Christina is too focused on protecting her own interests by hiding her abuse of Mia rather than seeking impartial treatment for Mia from a qualified provider.

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Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow, Ph.D, but Christina has undermined that treatment. Christina selected Dr. Mishalow to assist Mia with her clothing issues. Mitchell separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Mishalow, paid his initial consultation fee of \$150, and consented to his treatment of Mia. Unfortunately, Mitchell has not been given a meaningful opportunity to participate in Mia's therapy. Christina schedules all of Mia's appointments without notifying Mitchell of the appointments. She has insisted that she sit in and attend all of Mia's appointments. Mitchell is concerned that Christina has tainted the evaluation and treatment process. Mitchell's only interest is the welfare of Mia and does not believe that Mia's emotional abuse by Christina is being properly evaluated and treated with Christina's demanding that she be present at every session with Mia.

To his credit, Dr. Mishalow has provided phone updates to Mitchell on Mia's progress, and he has advised Mitchell of Christina's admission that Mia's problems go far beyond clothing issues. Indeed, Christina has stated to Dr. Mishalow that Mia has emotional outbursts and anger management

⁶ Dr. Mishalow has indicated that Mia's clothing issues may be related to an obsessive compulsive disorder. In the event that Mia is diagnosed with this condition, Mitchell believes that it is being aggravated by the conduct of Christina. Children with this disorder may perform certain acts (or rituals) to address feelings of insecurity. These feelings of insecurity may be aggravated by Christina's alienation of the children from Mitchell.

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issues, but Christina is coy about admitting that to Mitchell. Christina is more concerned about hiding the true reasons for Mia'a problems than determining appropriate treatment for Mia's issues.

B. Mitchell's Lack of Daily Contact Since the Most Recent Order has Exacebated Mia's Problems

Mitchell used to visit both Mia and Ethan at school every day, and Min looked forward to those visits. He can no longer do so (Christina's constant protests to school administrators about his visits likely caused them to stop the practice), and this has affected both children. Mia, for example, used to look forward to school, and delighted in sharing her daily events with Mitchell. Now, Mia, who attends school at Alexander Dawson, frequently communicates to Mitchell that she does not like school, that school is boring, and that she does not want to go to school anymore. These feelings are very different from her feelings of happiness expressed about attending Temple Beth Shalom last year when Mitchell was able to visit her every day.

Mitchell did not anticipate this change, or perhaps more importantly, did not anticipate the affect of the change upon Mia and Ethan. Mia has now become extremely reluctant to leave Mitchell. She cries and refuses to leave during each exchange back to Christina. Christina continuously fills Mia's head with notions that increase Mia's anxiety, such as advising her that she will have "a new daddy" and expressing her continued hatred of Mitchell's wife Arry, who she falsely blames for the break up of the parties' marriage. Mia needs more frequent and stable contact with Mitchell. A 5 year old should not be having the type of anxiety expressed by Mia, and the court should find the underlying cause of this problem through an impartial investigation by a trained and qualified forensic psychologist.

Mitchell strongly believes that Christina's anger toward Mitchell and his wife Amy are fueling Mia's problems. If the court has any doubt about Christina's feelings toward Mitchell and Amy, the court can review her motion for primary physical custody filed December 17, 2008 in which she spends the bulk of the brief trashing Mitchell and his family. Indeed, the court may recall that it had to

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admonish Christina (a licensed attorney) at the hearing of February 24, 2009 to stop her angry and agitated behavior. The court's admonishments to Christina that she needed to move on from her anger have fallen on deaf ears. As evidenced in Christina's recent writings, she is still intent on personal attacks against Mitchell, Amy and his family and has no ability to control her behavior in communication with Mitchell, or her communication with the children.

C. Mitchell is Now Always Available to Cure for the Children, a Substantial Change in the Circumstances that Existed at Both the Time of the Entry of the Decree and the Mediated Settlement.

Mitchell has, for all intents and purposes, retired. He has sufficient means to provide for his family through investments, and it is his desire to ensure that he is always available to care for the children. This fact constitutes a material change that can substantially and positively affect the welfare of the children by his further contact with them.

Mitchell's work hours have continually decreased since the time of the entry of the Decree. At the time of the entry of the Decree, Mitchell was the Chief Operating Officer and General Counsel for Plise Development & Construction, LLC ("PLISE"), which is owned and/or controlled by William Plise. PLISE became insolvent as a result of the real estate and global credit crisis of 2008. Mitchell resigned his position at PLISE in July of 2008, formed MSJM Advisors with James Moore, and MSJM Advisors entered into consulting arrangements with PLISE and its affiliates. Mitchell's workload at MSJM Advisors required no more than 20 hours per week, he had absolute control over his schedule, and he worked primarily from his residence.

MSJM Advisors' work with PLISE ended in December of 2008; however, MSJM Advisors continued providing consulting services to certain former partners of Mr. Plise who acquired control and ownership of the eight-story office building that is part of Rainbow Sunset Pavilion located on the northwest corner of Rainbow Boulevard and Sunset Road in Las Vegas, Nevada. This consulting

arrangement ended when the building was substantially complete in October of 2009. MSJM Advisors has no other clients or work.

Over the last couple of months, Mitchell has evaluated his career opportunities. Mitchell has concluded that none of these opportunities will provide the personal fulfillment he desires by devoting his time to his family (specifically raising his children). Therefore, Mitchell has decided not to return to work, and he is now always available to the children. Mitchell's decision not to work will not affect his ability to meet his obligations (including paying \$2,000 per month for the support of his children), and Mitchell is not seeking to change his support obligations through this motion. Unfortunately, Christina will not modify the current timeshare arrangement to provide Mitchell more time, something that Mia would substantially benefit from now that she cannot see Mitchell daily.

III.

THE COURT SHOULD CONFIRM THE PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS

The parties agreed in the MSA that they would have joint physical custody of the children. The terms and conditions of the MSA were incorporated into the Decree except where changed by the SAO. Since the parties entered into the SAO, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its new opinion in Rivero v. Rivero, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34, 216 P.3d 213 (2009), modifying the definition of joint physical custody it had expressed in its first Rivero opinion that the parties were operating under when negotiating their resolution.

Under Rivero II, the terms of a parties' custody arrangement will centrel except when the parties move the Court to modify the custody arrangement. 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34 at 22. In that circumstance, the court must apply the definitions of custody set forth in Rivero II. Essentially, the

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⁷ The SAO did not climige the custody status of the children.

court must review the parties' custody arrangement under the "40% annually" standard that the court prescribed in that case.

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Under the formula in Rivero II, joint physical custody is defined as a party having a child in his or her "physical custody" approximately three days per week. Rivero II, 125 Nev. Adv. Op. 34-35. Mitchell's current timeshare arrangement with the children provides him normal visitation with the children weekends from 6:00 p.m. on Fridays until 6:00 p.m. on Sundays except as follows: (1) on the first weekend of the month, Christina has the right to have the children on the weekend in which case Mitchell's time is Wednesday at 6:00 p.m. until Friday at 6:00 p.m.; and (2) on the second and fourth weekends of the month, Mitchell's weekend visitation begins on Thursdays at 6:00 p.m. Thus, Mitchell has the children in his physical custody all or part of three or four days each week.

The fact that Mitchell has the children in his physical custody only six hours on some of those days is irrelevant under the Rivero II criteria. The Rivero II court stated:

In calculating the time during which a party has physical custody of the child, the district court should look at the number of days during which a party provided supervision of the child, the child resided with the party, and during which the party made the day-to-day decisions regarding the child. The district court should not focus on, for example, the exact number of hours the child was in the care of the parent, whether the child was sleeping, or whether the child was in the care of a third-party caregiver or spent time with a friend or relative during the period of time in question

125 Nev. Adv. Op. 28-29 [Emphasis added]. On these days (like all other times Mitchell has visitation with the children), he provides for their supervision, they reside at his home, and he makes day-to-day decisions regarding activities, clothing, food, bathing, and sleep.

Thus, because the parties continue to share joint physical custody under the Rivero II formula. Mitchell's request for modification of the current timeshare must be reviewed under the criteria applicable to that timeshare. Specifically, Mitchell must show that the change in the custody

First The MSA and SAO use the term "normal visitation" to describe visitation that is not holiday or vacation visitation.

arrangement is in the children's best interest. NRS 125.510(2); Truax v. Truax, 110 Nev. 437, 438-39, 874 P.2d 10, 11 (1994).

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A MODIFICATION OF THE CURRENT TIMESHARE, AND A CUSTODY ASSESSMENT, IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILDREN

A. The Court Should Order an Assessment of the Minor Children

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Mia is 5 years old, and Ethan is 2.5 years old. While it has only been approximately 4 months since the parties signed the SAO. Christina's constant disparagement of Mitchell has had a significant impact on Mia. This time period is crucial in the children's development. Much of the early years of life are spent in the creation of a child's first "sense of self" or the building of a first identity. This is a crucial part of the children's makeup—how they first see themselves, how they think they should function, and how they expect others to function in relation to them. If the children do not receive sufficient parental interaction during this crucial period, or receive a warped view of the role of the parents, it may leave the children with a developmental deficit that hampers their success in life. The children must receive positive attention and affection from both of their parents to develop in a healthy manner. Mitchell believes that an assessment of the parties' relative interaction with the children will demonstrate that Christina's conscious and unconscious undermining of the children's relationship with Mitchell and his family is harming the best interest of the children, and causing Mia's emotional problems.

The SAO entered by this Court provided Mitchell more visitation time; however, the SAO was a compromise reached by the parties in mediation after a nearly eighteen (18) month long dispute, eight (8) months of which were in litigation. Settlements are by their nature imperfect and cannot be viewed as representative of the desired results of the parties. There were no winners between the parties, but the children appear to be the only losers. The SAO reflects the <u>maximum</u> time Christina was willing to give

Mitchell and the minimum time Mitchell was willing to accept at the time without the financial and emotional cost and expense of continued litigation. The reality of the situation is that Christina did not want to provide Mitchell any additional time, and Mitchell wanted equal time. Both compromised, and with that compromise, Mitchell expected Christina to cooperate with Mitchell as a co-parent without the bitterness, anger, and hostility that existed from the time of their divorce. Mitchell did not anticipate that Christina would continue emotionally abusing Mia and the impact on Mia would be so severe.

Mitchell believes that the continued emotional abuse by Christina of Mia and the resulting impact on Mia is now manifesting itself as severe mood swings and significant anger management problems. The problems are severe enough that both Christina and Mitchell believe that Mia requires the assistance of a mental health service provider. Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Mishalow; however, Mitchell does not have a significant role in the treatment and Christina's interests are not aligned with Mia. It is impossible for Mia to be fully and fairly evaluated when Christina controls the appointments and interferes in the sessions. The fact that Mia communicates to Mitchell that Christina says he is a cheater, that Amy stole him away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not Mitchell, that Christina hates Amy, and that the men that Christina dates will be Mia's new dad may only be the tip of the iceberg in terms of the abuse. Mitchell believes that more time with Mia (and Ethan) will provide the necessary stable and positive influence in the children's lives that they so desperately need. Mitchell intends to use the additional time with Mia to deal with her mood swings and anger management issues beyond treatment and to prevent any such problems with Ethan.

Mia is also having significant difficulty adjusting to her new school. Mitchell is not permitted to visit Mia (or Ethan) at school on a daily basis as he has done so in the past. The children expected Mitchell to visit them when they started school in August of this year. Christina has also aggravated Mia's circumstances by communicating to Mia that Mitchell was trying to force her to attend full days

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when Mia really only wanted to attend half days. Christina is less concerned with co-parenting with Mitchell and more concerned with reprising her role as the victim divorcee who selflessly devotes her life to her children. This role is manufactured and is far from the truth. Christina's conduct of blaming Mitchell for forcing Mia to attend school full days (which caused Mia to be angry and upset) and lobbying school officials to prevent Mitchell from visiting the children at school reflects the kind of parent Christina really is: Christina puts her needs before the children. This conduct has severe consequences on Mia's welfare.

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B. The Best Interests of the Children are Served by a Modification of the Current Timeshare

Virtually all psychological studies of post divorce child rearing suggest that the parents' ability
to cooperate after divorce is the single most important factor in the children's well being.

High-conflict harms children whether it originates with the parents or is fueled by others in the adversarial system. The level and intensity of parental conflict is now thought to be the most important factor in a child's postdivorce adjustment and single best predictor of a poor outcome. Highly conflicted custody cases disrupt and distort the development of children, placing them at risk for depression and mental disorders, educational failure, alienation from parents, and substance abuse.

Paradigm Shifts and Pendulum Swings in Child Custody. Family Law Quarterly, Vol. 42. No. 3, Fall 2008, page 388. The Nevada Legislature and the Nevada Supreme Court have progressively moved toward an environment that recognizes that the post divorce involvement of both parents is an essential element of the welfare of the children. In 1981, the Nevada legislature enacted NRS 125.460 in which it stated that the express policy of the state of Nevada to ensure that minor children have "frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents", and that "both parents share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." The Nevada Supreme Court later found that the enactment of NRS 125.460 was a "remarkable historical event," because "throughout most history legislatures and courts have been blind to the reality that most children are in most cases much better off, after their parents separate, if they can continue to have two parents rather than only one." Mosley v. Figliuzzi, 113 Nev.

51, 62, 930 P.2d 1110, 1117 (1997). In Mosley v. Figliuzzi, the Nevada Supreme Court eloquently expressed the broader meaning of the policy underlying NRS 125.460:

The realization that children are better off with both parents has been a long time in coming. Throughout most child-custody litigation in the past, the child was "awarded" to one parent or the other; one parent "won" custody, and the other "lost." In either case, the child lost because the child was in many cases unnecessarily deprived of one parent. Courts, until recently, seem to have been unable to grasp the rather simple fact that most children have two loving parents and are entitled to the love of both — to the greatest extent possible — in the event that the two parents decide not to live together in one household.

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There is presently a broad political and scientific consensus that children do better when they have two actively involved parents. By encouraging 'frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents' and by enacting the joint custody preference statute our legislature was recognizing the importance of encouraging family preservation after separation and divorce and the vital necessity for maintaining both paternal and maternal influences on children to the greatest extent possible. The legislature has recognized that the key to preserving the 'best interests' of the child lies in accepting the principle that it is not necessary for the courts, in child custody decrees, to perform a 'parentectomy.'

113 Nev. at 63-64. (citations omitted).

The following is an analysis of the factors listed under NRS 125.480 as required as part of the court's consideration of the "best interests" of the children:

(a) The wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his custody.

The children are not of sufficient age to have a controlling view of their custodial relationship; however, the children's preferences should not be disregarded. Min has complained to Mitchell and his wife Amy that she does not get to spend enough time with them, that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Min has expressed these preferences on a regular basis but more frequently starting in August of 2009. These feelings have been exacerbated by the fact that Mitchell is no longer permitted to visit the children at school and with Christina's emotional

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 abuse of Mia. The children are very emotional when Mitchell informs them that his visitation time with them is over on Sunday nights and they have to return to Christina's home. Mia often cries uncontrollably when told she has to return to Christina's house. Mia has also expressed anger on multiple occasions that Christina will not allow her to stay longer because "rules are the rules and we cannot change them."

Attached, as Exhibit B is the Affidavit of Megan Stipp who is Mitchell's sister and with whom Mitchell assigns the primary responsibility of picking up and dropping off the children during Mitchell's visitation to avoid conflicts with Christina and her family members. As Megan's affidavit demonstrates, Mia is extremely happy when Megan picks up the children at Christina's house but is extremely sad and often cries in the car when she returns the children to Christina. When the children arrive at Christina's house, many times Mia does not want to get out of the car and often fights and struggles with Christina and her relatives. The children are clearly suffering as a result of the current timeshare arrangement and will only benefit if Mitchell has equal time with them. The children have never expressed to Mitchell while in his care that they wanted to go to Christina's home (or did not want to be with him), or that they wanted to spend more time with Christina and less time with Mitchell.

- (b) Any nomination by a parent or a guardian for the child.

 Not applicable.
- (c) Which purent is more likely to allow the child to have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with the noncustodial parent.

Again, one only needs to view Christina's actions in this matter, her attempt to continuously limit Mitchell's time with the children, and her repeatedly stated hatred of Mitchell and his wife Amy to understand that she does not intend to foster a relationship between Mitchell and the children.

Mitchell has provided in Subsection (d) below an email in which Christina simply "goes off" on Mitchell after he had sent her a reply email regarding the children's telephone communication

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Specifically, the SAO requires the custodial parent to facilitate daily telephonic communication between the non-custodial parent and the children by placing at least one (1) telephone call per day. Neither party has complied with the terms of this provision. While seemingly a good idea, the presence of this provision in the SAO has granted Christina continued opportunities to harass Mitchell and his wife Amy in front of Mia. Indeed, within weeks of reaching that agreement, Christina began to create conflict by refusing to permit the children to speak to his wife Amy (who happens to be the children's stepmether) on the telephone and disconnecting the calls if Amy spoke to the children during Mitchell's calls (even if the children asked to speak to her).

Furthermore, Christina would attempt compliance with the letter of the agreement but ignore the spirit by placing calls when the children were otherwise preoccupied (e.g., watching favorite television program, immediately before guests arrived, dinner, or snack time, or when one of the children was sleeping) so that the children would immediately want to end the call or would not participate meaningfully in the conversation, and placing calls from various phone numbers, blocked telephone identification numbers and after hours with the expectation that Mitchell would not answer. Mitchell would return all messages left by the children or call back if calls were disconnected, but Christina would never accept Mitchell's calls or have the children return his messages even when he called back multiple times (in some instances less than 30 seconds after missing a call or a call was disconnected). Many times Christina or her family members caring for the children would disconnect the calls in the middle of Mitchell's conversation with the children.

The issue of forcing the children to call the non-custodial parent became overly burdensome given Christina's bad intentions and gamesmanship. Mitchell ultimately reasoned that neither party should force the children to call the other parent, but that each should facilitate specific requests by the children to speak to the other. On each occasion when the children have asked to call Christina,

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Mitchell placed the call, and Mitchell has taught Mia how to use the phone and Christina's telephone number. If the children do not connect with Christina, he tries her again and always answers Christina's return telephone calls. Christina on the other hand, does not place calls to Mitchell for the children any longer, and Mitchell has only spoken to the children once on the phone in several weeks (which did not even include Mia's birthday on October 19, 2009).

Mitchell attempted to communicate his position to Christina via email. The emails started cordially, but Christina erupted almost immediately when Mitchell requested that she refrain from making inappropriate comments to the children. The tone of Christina's emails (quoted below) are a perfect representation of why she cannot facilitate, and refuses to permit, frequent associations between Mitchell and the children.

(d) The level of conflict between the parents.

The level of conflict between the parents is high. This Court should simply review the previous pleadings in this matter to understand that Christina is a bitter, angry and hostile person. She still cannot deal with the damage to her pride caused by the parties' divorce and Mitchell's remarriage, and so she has sought to minimize his role as a parent through personal attacks and emotional abuse of the children. Below is a series of emails exchanged by and between Mitchell and Christina during August 1, 2009 through August 3, 2009 (a little over a month after the parties entered into the SAO) which demonstrates Christina's continued bitterness, anger and hostility toward Mitchell and his wife. Amy, and the emotional impact on Mia:

On Saturday, August 1, 2009 at 10:18 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp ccstipp@gmail.com wrote:

Mitchell.

As I emailed you carlier today to remind you, I did not receive a telephone call from our children today. I waited all day. As you know, according to the agreement we reached on July 8, 2009, and submitted to the Court as a Stipulation and Order, you are obligated to facilitate at least one call to me when the children are in your care, as they are today.

I hope that your deliberate violation is not a continuation of the venom and hostility you unleashed at me and my attorneys yesterday. Please note that when the children are in my care, I always make sure that they call you. I simply ask that you reciprocate, as you are now legally required to do.

How are our children?

-- Christina

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On Sunday, August 2, 2009 at 10:39 PM, Mitchell Stipp <nitchell.stipp@vahoo.com> wrote:

I did not receive an email from you on Saturday other than the one attached below. With respect to the telephone call, I asked if the children wanted to call you and they declined. I have made it clear before that I will not force them to call you.

I also thought you should know that Mia was very upset on Friday. She informed me that you were going on a date and that the unidentified man was going to be her "new dad." She was very confused and extremely sad. I hope you understand that putting these things in Mia's head only hurt her feelings.

On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 1:53 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp cestipp@gmail.com> wrote:

Mitchell,

With respect to your comments about my personal life, please keep them to yourself from now on. Min is apparently intensely insecure about the possibility of me dating and then quickly marrying another person, NOT because I tell her these things, but because THAT'S WHAT YOU DID TO HER WITH AMY.

You brought Amy, with whom you had been having an affair during our marriage, into our marital bed and shared it with Mia less than I month after I had moved out of our family home. Mia was shocked that "Daddy's friend from work" was spending the night in Monimy's bed. Amy then moved all her clothes into Mia's Monimy's closet less than 2-3 months after Monimy moved out. All this when Amy was still married to another man. THEN, if that wasn't enough, Mia's Daddy ran off and quickly married Amy less than 7 months after Monimy moved out, all without telling Mia or Ethan beforehand, and without ever giving them the chance to be part of what should have been a "family" ceremony for them.

Given this history, isn't it clear to you where Mia's fears come from? Mia saw me dressed up on Friday night and came to her own conclusions about me and a date. Sadly, from your email to me, it appears that she is traumatized by her father's break up of her family and actions in introducing someone new into the home in record time, all directly contrary to what our family counselor told you and all manner of studies say is healthy for children of divorce.

These are the consequences of your infidelity and continuing poor judgment. Amy wasn't the first; she was just the last. Instead of falsely accusing me of wrongdoing, look at yourself in the mirror next time and continue with your psychiatric help. It is clear that you need it.

-- Christina

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On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 2:45 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

You have my position on the issue. If the children want to speak to you, I will facilitate the call and dial your number. This will be my last email on this issue.

On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 3:05 PM, Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

Your allegations are false. They are simply assumptions based on your insecurity and apparently never ending investigation into the "truth." What did your investigation find? Here is the truth: You asked for a divorce; we got one; I married somebody that I love; and You hate your lonely pathetic life. Your perception is warped. It is very clear from your email who is hurting the children. Mia is well adjusted to the changes in my life and loves Amy very much. She is not traumatized by my relationship with her. She appears only to be affected by your actions and feelings regarding Amy. Mia is very smart and communicates regularly your hatred and hostility toward Amy. I think a child assessment would demonstrate these facts (which is why you did not want it). I welcome it. I have nothing to hide. I am not the crazy one. You may have Pee Wee Herman (Shawn "Super" Gaystein) fooled, but no sane person believes that you are mentally stable. This is also my last email on this issue.

On Monday, August 3, 2009 at 3:49 PM, Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com> wrote:9

Mitchell,

You are a deeply insecure and intensely co-dependent pathetic little man. You always were, I just wanted to believe otherwise. Money will never make up for your insecurities. You can only feel good about yourself by putting down other people down, including my attorneys for some insane and unprovoked reason. You have always had a Napoleon/Willow complex and have always been the negative one about every little thing in your life even though you were truly blessed to have met and been with me for so long.

What you say about Mia is false. I have to deal with her questions on a daily basis, questions no 4-year-old should have to ask or wonder about like: Are you going to marry Dada again? Did you know he wears two rings, one for you and one for Amy? Amy

⁹ Christina asserts in this email that she is forced to answer questions from Mia like "Why did Amy leave her husband?" Please see infra footnote 4. The only person that would have communicated to Mia that she was previously married is Christina.

says she's sorry about what she did. Why did Dada marry Amy? Why did Amy leave her husband? If Dada married you and then she chose Amy, who is next?

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You only want an evaluation so that you can continue to mentally abuse Mia and Ethan. You want it so that you can try to rewrite history to anyone who will listen. This isn't 1984. No one believes your lies anymore.

No one believes that you moved on with your secretary "after" our divorce, no matter how many times you say it, just as no one believes that she is with you for any reason other than your bank account.

My investigation revealed this: That my husband was unfaithful and spent what should have been family time chasing women he couldn't even pay to overlook his physical and mental inadequacies. You settled on an uneducated, trashy cheater just like yourself. The daughter of an alcoholic who traded in her devoted blue collar husband for her attorney boss. A man that courted her by spitting gum at her on his way past her office and giving her a Cartier watch and a \$7500 cash bonus for Christmas for her "services."

It is clear that you throw Amy at the children and vice versa because you fear that like you did to me, and she did to James, she will dump your ass as soon as the next best indecent proposal comes her way. Maybe you feel that having her next to you like velcro and ingratiated into the lives of our children will prevent her from leaving. Guess what? She will.

You bought Heather, the leasing coordinator who preceded Amy, a brand new HMW, but she dumped your ass anyway in favor of her felon live-in boyfriend (not to be confused with the estranged husband she had that you paid Paul Lemcke to get her divorced from). She wasn't even a U.S. citizen and had a criminal record. She and her boyfriend told me that you wouldn't stop calling her even after she let you go. You finally did when the felon threatened to kick your ass, which he should have done.

Then there was Pamela, your buddy Jon Field's sloppy seconds. She was a stripper at the Rhino who loved your relation\$\$\$hip until you probably maxed out your credit cards on her. But that didn't stop you from calling her 20 times a day for three months.

Then there were the Redstone grille/Sammy's/Kobe sushi/Starbucks waitresses who always seemed to go for your taller, charming and sexier boss over you. Can you blame them? I don't.

So what did you wind up with after I caught your pathetic phone call to Amy, your subordinate employee, complaining about why she didn't answer your weekend calls and asking whether she fucked her own husband or not after your tiff with her??? You got yourself the uneducated daughter of an alcoholic. Mexican trash from Texas looking to snag herself a rich man to put her through the prestigious University of Phoenix. This when you cry about not wanting to pay for your own children's preschool.

Looks like you're the real winner here. :-) You may not be "alone," but let me tell you something, you will always be lonely and so will she, because you are both terrible,

empty people. indecent home wreckers who deserve each other and the misery you will both bring to each other.

Trust me. I can buy myself a male Amy. They are a dime a dozen out here. I'm sure Amy considers marriage to you as just a promotion. At first she was "only" getting 80k a year (straight out of high school) to be your "secretary." The nominal sum you criticize Shawn for making. Now she gets half of your \$\$\$ in exchange for providing the same services. Can you blame her for jumping ship? Not in your sick world you can't.

It's funny how you say one thing in writing but another in person when she's not around, like how incredibly unhappy you are with her, how you regret your actions and misdeeds towards me and how you think about them every day of your life.

You should think about it. You lost the best thing, besides our children, that will ever happen to you. You never deserved me. No one thought so, it just took me a while to see it too. And as for having a "lonely, pathetic life," only you would say or wish such a thing. I have never been happier to be free from the torture of being around you. Divorce liberated me from what would have been a lifetime of pain and misery. Hallelujahl

(See emails collectively attached as Exhibit C hereto).

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Christina's own words represent an intense need to insult Mitchell and his wife Amy and demonstrate the merit of Mitchell's concerns about her improper statements and behavior toward the children, particularly Mia. Christina's reaction to Mitchell's email completely ignores Mitchell's concern about the emotional impact upon Mia. Mia's conclusion that Christina's date was going to be her "new dad" likely came from Christina, and if it did not, Christina could have assured Mitchell that she would talk to Mia when she returned home and explain to her that it was not the case. Instead, Christina told Mitchell to mind his own business and unleashed an unprovoked attack on Mitchell and Amy while at the same time asserting that Mitchell was the hostile one and in need of psychological help.

Christina's personal feelings about the parties' divorce continue to affect her and the children.

Mitchell requests that the court direct the parties to a plan granting each equal time and frequent associations with the children so that he can better address the problems Christina's actions and words

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are causing Mia. Moreover, the court should direct an assessment under which a forensic psychologist can get to the bottom of the emotional problems that Mia is exhibiting.

(e) The ability of the parents to cooperate to meet the needs of the child.

Mitchell has done everything he can do to cooperate with Christina on issues affecting the children; however, Christina insists on complete control of parenting matters and often disregards Mitchell's input or suggestions and/or uses the children to attack Mitchell when he fails to agree or otherwise asserts his opinion.

Mia is being treated by Dr. Mishalow for clothing and anger management issues. Mitchell has participated in the process of engaging Dr. Mishalow, but Christina has excluded Mitchell from Mia's treatment. Christina is likely the source of Mia's emotional issues and is not the proper person to facilitate Mia's treatment.

Mitchell regularly communicates to Christina any healthcare matters affecting the children while the children are in his care and responds to all of Christina's emails regarding the same. Mitchell has actively participated in the process of selecting schools for the children for the next school year. Attached as Exhibit D is the email correspondence by and between Mitchell and Christina (including correspondence with Mia's school) regarding health and school matters affecting the children.

(f) The mental and physical health of the parents.

Christina's continued bitterness, anger and hostility may suggest psychological problems. As part of any assessment of the problems Mia is suffering, it is likely that the parties will be psychologically tested, and Mitchell would welcome such examination to determine the extent of Christina's hostility, and its effect on the children.

(g) The physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child.

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Mitchell's consistent and regular contact with the parties' very young children is supported, again, by virtually all psychological studies, which studies uniformly suggest that contact between parents and young children be frequent and meaningful, and include overnights. See, e.g., the comprehensive study of the body of psychological data on infants and toddlers found in Family and Conciliation Courts Review; Los Angeles Jul 2000 Joan B Kelly; Michael E Lamb; Volume: 38 Issue: 3: 297-311, Sage Publications. ISSN: 1047569. Under the current timeshare plan, Mitchell is now precluded from seeing the children for several days at a time. He no longer is permitted to visit them while at school, and he does not have any communication with the children while they are in the care of Christina. It is since that regular contact ended that Mia has begun to show the ill effects of Christina's actions and words.

(h) The nature of the relationship of the child with each parent.

The children both have a loving and warm relationship with Mitchell and seemingly with Christina; however, Mia is starting to appreciate the emotional trauma Christina has caused her. Miz recently told Mitchell that she wanted to "punch her mother in the face." Mitchell does not believe that this type of directed anger, and the accompanying histrionics, are normal for a 5 year old. The court needs to investigate and develop a better understanding of the root of these issues.

- (i) The ability of the child to maintain a relationship with any sibling.
 Neither party is suggesting that the children be split; however, Mitchell and his wife, Amy, are planning to have children and would like the children to have a significant role in their lives.
- (f) Any history of parental abuse or neglect of the child or a sibling of the child.

 None; however, Mitchell believes that Christina's alienation of the children from Mitchell constitutes emotional abuse. Christina's behavior has not changed since the parties' divorce or after the SAO.

(k) Whether either parent or any other person seeking custody has engaged in an act of domestic violence against the child, a parent of the child or any other person residing with the child.

Mitchell has not engaged in any act of domestic violence; however, Christina continues to harass Mitchell and his wife, Amy, and emotionally abuse the children.

As can been seen from an application of the appropriate factors, there is adequate basis on the issue of Mitchell's request for additional time (an equal timeshare) with the children, and a child custody assessment. Mitchell believes that Mia's emotional issues arise from Christina's undisguised hatred of Mitchell and Amy, but regardless of the parties positions on that issue, the fact remains that a 5 year old is acting in a manner that both parties believe requires her to attend therapy. The court should intervene and make efforts to determine the root of the problem, and enter its orders in the best interest of the children.

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CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing, Mitchell requests that this court:

- Confirm the parties' status as joint physical custodians;
- Modify the timeshare of the children to grant the parties equal time and more frequent associations with the children; and,
- Order a child custody assessment to determine the root of the parties' children's emotional problems.

DATED this 29th day of October 2009.

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADEORDJ. SMITH, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074

(702) 990-6448

Attorneys for Defendant Mitchell D. Stipp

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

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I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONFIRM PARTIES AS JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODIANS AND TO MODIFY TIMESHARE ARRANGEMENT" on this 29th day of October 2009, to all interested parties as follows:

BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows:

BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;

BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below;

BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

James J. Jimmerson, Esq. and Shawn M. Goldstein, Esq. 415 S. Sixth Street #100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Fax: 702-387-1167 Attorneys for Plaintiff

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

MOTION EXHIBIT "A"

AFFIDAVIT OF MITCHELL DAVID STIPP

STATE OF NEVADA)
COUNTY OF CLARK) SS:

I, MITCHELL DAVID STIPP, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- 1. That I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein, and I am competent to testify thereto. I am the Defendant in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D08-389203-Z in the Eighth Judicial District Court, State of Nevada. I submit this affidavit in support of my Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Joint Timeshare Arrangement.
- 2. Christina Calderon-Stipp ("Christina") and I have two children. Mia Elena Stipp ("Mia"), born October 19, 2004. and Ethan Christopher Stipp ("Ethan"), born March 24, 2007. The Eighth Judicial Court for the State of Nevada (the "Court") entered our Decree of Divorce on March 6, 2008 (the "Decree") upon our joint petition for divorce filed in February of 2008. The Decree incorporates the terms and conditions of our marital settlement agreement entered into and dated as of February 20, 2008 ("MSA"). From the date of the entry of the Decree in March of 2008 until December of 2008, a period of approximately ten (10) months, I tried to obtain without litigation more visitation time with the children. Christina refused to provide me more time and instead filed a motion to confirm her as the primary physical custodian on December 17, 2008, even after I made a request for and the Court ordered mediation in December of 2008. I vigorously opposed Christina's motion and filed a countermotion seeking additional time with the children. We attended mediation and no resolution

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Christina did not seek to move out of state, she did not seek to after the timeshare arrangement, and she did not seek to after my child support obligations, which are the instances in which the status of physical custody matter.

occurred. The Court denied our motions at a hearing held on February 24, 2009 during which the Court indicated that I should have more time with the children. I later filed a motion for reconsideration or in the alternative a motion to modify the timeshare arrangement on April 27, 2009. At the hearing on my motion held on June 4, 2009, the Court again ordered us to attend mediation. We attended mediation and modified the terms of the MSA through a stipulation and order signed on July 8, 2009 and entered by the Court on August 7, 2009 ("SAO"). Under the MSA and SAO, Christina and I have joint physical custody of the children. However, since we entered into the SAO, Nevada law regarding physical custody has changed. Christina and I never intended to have custody of the children other than as joint physical custodians. I also never expected the definition of "joint physical custody" to change at the time I signed the SAO which now unfairly imposes upon me additional legal burdens that previously failed to exist in order to change the current visitation schedule.

3. Christina's bad acts have likely caused Mia to suffer emotional trauma.² Mia only recently began to show signs of this trauma as severe mood swings and emotional outbursts or meltdowns. I believe this behavior is the result of Christina's continued attempts to alienate the children from me. Even after we entered into the SAO, Mia continued to tell me that Christina still says I am a cheater, that Amy Stipp ("Amy"), my wife and the children's stepmother, stole me away from Christina, that Amy is really married to someone else and not me.³ that Christina hates Amy, and that any man that Christina dates will be Mia's new dad. I believe that Christina continues to communicate these items

² Mia shows signs of emotional trauma: however, the source of Mia's trauma has not been determined by a qualified psychologist.

³ Amy was previously married to James Upp. Amy and I never communicated this fact to Mia. There is absolutely no reason why we would ever do so. However, Mia knows the name of Amy's ex-husband and continuously asks Amy and me about "James."

(and likely others) to Mia to harass Amy and I using Mia as a tool. Mia now also regularly reports to Amy and I that Christina often shows her wedding pictures of Christina and me when we were married.

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- 4. When Mia confronts Amy or me with these items described in paragraph 3 above, which occurs aimost every visitation period since Christina and me entered into the SAO. Amy and 1 try to explain them to Mia to the extent appropriate. Amy and I tell Mia that I am not a cheater, that I was married to Christina but now am married to Amy, that Amy and I like Christina and that Christina really does like Amy, that Christina is a good person and loves Mia very much, that Amy was married before to "James" but now she is married to me, and that I am her dad but may be some day she will have a stepdad if Christina re-marries. Mia often refuses to accept these explanations provided by Amy and me. She will become argumentative and will say that "you are wrong, "that is not true" and "you are lying."
- 5. These discussions described in paragraph 4 above all have been initiated by Mia without warning. Since Christina and I entered into the SAO, Mia has been swimming in the pool, driving in the car, using the toilet in the bathroom stall of a department store, or finishing a bath, and out of no where confront Amy and me with these alleged 'truths' that Mia communicates Christina told her. By the end of such a discussion, Mia instantly transforms into an out of control child. Mia will grind her teeth and growl, clench her fists, and shake her arms and head violently. I deal with these meltdowns by embracing her and telling her that I love her and not to be mad until she eventually begins to cry uncontrollably. These episodes sometimes last as long as thirty (30) or forty-five (45) minutes. Many times afterwards Mia is physically exhausted and will lie down in her bed, on the couch, or fall asleep in her car scat.

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Since the SAO, Christina observed that Mia has issues that she believed required mental health services. At the time, she only communicated to me that Mia had clothing issues,4 communicated to me that she wanted Mia to see a mental health provider. I recognized this same problem and agreed that Mia needed an evaluation (which I had expected would also identify Mia's emotional trauma). Christina provided to me the names of referrals she obtained to consider for Mia's treatment and began scheduling appointments to interview the therapists. The first appointment she scheduled was with Melissa Koladner, Psy.D., RPT-S, BCPC, a child/adolescent psychologist. separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Koladner, paid \$200 for the initial consultation, and approved her to treat Mia. At the meeting, Dr. Koladner informed me that Christina also approved of her and that I could now schedule an appointment for Mia. After the meeting, Dr. Koladner contacted Christina to inform her that I consented to Mia's treatment and that I scheduled Mia's first appointment. According to Dr. Koladner, Christina was irate. Dr. Koladner communicated to me that Christina would not permit her to evaluate Mia unless Christina alone could accompany Mia to the appointment and also be present in the evaluation room. Dr. Koladner informed me that she communicated to Christina that it was immaterial who accompanied Mia to the appointment, that she wanted to evaluate Mia without the presence of either parent, and that I already scheduled an appointment for Mia during her next available time (which happened to occur on the day Mia would be in my care). At that point, Christina cancelled the appointment and according to Dr. Koladner told her that she could not treat Mia. Christina later emailed me that she did not want to engage Dr. Koladner because she could not afford to pay Dr.

^{*} Mia refuses to wear clothing she perceives as too tight. Her clothing is several sizes larger than a child her age and size would wear. She also only wears certain outfits (only dresses and specific kinds of shees).

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Koladner's hourly rate of \$200 per hour. It is clear that Christina would only secure treatment for Mia on her terms. Mitchell believes that Christina was concerned about Dr. Koladner learning of Christina's bad acts (e.g., disparaging Mitchell and Amy in front of the children). Christina is too focused on protecting her own interests rather than seeking treatment for Mia from a qualified provider which is in the best interests of Mia.

- 7. Mia is currently being treated by Dr. Joel Mishalow. Ph.D. Christina selected Dr. Mishalow to assist Mia with her clothing issues. I separately investigated and interviewed Dr. Mishalow, paid his initial consultation fee of \$150, and consented to his treatment of Mia. Unfortunately, I have not been given a meaningful opportunity to participate in Mia's therapy. Christina schedules all of Mia's appointments; however. Dr. Mishalow has spent little to no time evaluating Mia without the presence of Christina. I have been provided telephonic updates from Dr. Mishalow regarding Mia's progress (including the fact that Christina has communicated to Dr. Mishalow that Mia has anger management issues); however, I am concerned that Christina has tainted the evaluation and treatment process and that the existence of Mia's emotional trauma will not be uncovered and treated. My only interest is the welfare of Mia, and I do not believe that Mia's memal health issues are being properly evaluated and treated with Christina's exclusive control of the process.
- 8. Both Mia and Ethan attend pre-school. Mia attends Alexander Dawson and Ethan attends Temple Beth Shalom ("TBS") for the 2009-2010 school year. During the 2008-2009 school year, I visited the children on a daily basis at pre-school for approximately one (1) hour each day. I

I pay for medical insurance for the children and have not asked Christina to reimburse me for the premiums. Mis's treatments would be covered by insurance. I am also willing to pay directly for these costs and expenses.

^a Dr. Mishalow has indicated to me that Mia's clothing issues may be related to an obsessive compulsive disorder. In the event that Mia is diagnosed with this condition. I believe that such a condition may be aggravated by the bad conduct of Christina.

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value daily contact with the children and the children enjoyed seeing me everyday. At the time, both Mia and Ethan attended TBS and their teachers and administration welcomed my attendance and participation. Unfortunately, the teachers and administration at TBS and Alexander Dawson do not permit me to have daily visits. Christina vehemently objected to me visiting the children while at school during the 2008-2009 school year, and I believe that Christina has influenced the teachers and administrators at Alexander Dawson to adopt her view and in the case of TBS change their position. In fact, since the start of the school year at the end of August of 2009, I have not been able to visit the children while at school. Furthermore, Christins does not permit me to have visitation with the children other than as set forth in the current timeshare arrangement. Therefore, under these circumstances. I no longer have daily visitation with the children and the children are suffering as a result of it (especially Mia). Mia frequently communicates to me that she does not like school, that school is boring, and that she does not want to go to school anymore. These feelings are very different than her feelings of happiness expressed about attending TBS last year when I was able to visit her every day.

Christina asserts control over all matters related to the children's school. According to Christing, Mia apparently expressed a desire to attend school full days rather than half days for the current school year. I supported the idea if Mia wanted to attend. Christina allowed Mia to attend full days with the school's permission on a trail basis for a few days. According to Christina, Mia's teachers informed Christina that Mia did well and that they recommended to Christina that Mia make the transition to full days. At that time, Christina contacted me to inquire whether I would pay one-half (1/2) of the increased costs of tuition and set a deadline for my response. I timely responded and offered to pay one-half (1/2) of the amount. After doing so. Christina communicated to me that Mia changed her mind over the weekend and that she would not be making the transition. As far as I knew, Mia did well during the days she attended full time, and the school recommended to Christina to make the

transition. Christina did not communicate to me that she had any reservations or issues with Mia attending school full time. Accordingly, I told Christina not to wait but immediately enroll Mia full time. Later in the week, Mia called me and informed me that she was mad at me because Christina told her that I was forcing her to go to school full time and that she did not want to go. Why kind of parent would tell a child this? Mia was already having difficult adjusting to school and believed that I was forcing her to attend school for even more time.

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- 10. I responded to Mia's telephone call by seading Christina a private email that Christina simply ignored at the time but inappropriately forwarded to Alexander Dawson's Early Childhood Center Director, Tara Hall. This act was clearly designed to embarrass me and drive a wedge between the school and me since I addressed Christina with severe criticism. I was clearly upset by Christina's manipulation of Mia and mismanagement of this parental matter. Simply put, Christina was not acting in the best interests of Mia. While there is no excuse for this reaction, every person has a breaking point, and I should not have to endure Christina's use of the children to attack him, and Mia should not have to suffer as a result of Christina's tactics. Ultimately, I withdrew his support for Mia to attend full days because she was clearly affected by the idea of me forcing her to attend full days and communicated to Christina my extreme displeasure with the situation. While my choice of words is not preferable, it demonstrates my frustration with Christina who only sees me as a bank account and not a parent who cares about the children. Christina's manipulation of Mia is a prime example of using Mia to alienate me from her (and driving a wedge between Mia's teachers and administration and me).
- II. The current timeshare arrangement fails to provide me the time I desire to spend with the children, and I am unable to reach a resolution with Christina. Notwithstanding these issues, my ability to have daily contact with the children should not depend on the discretion of the teachers and administrators of the children's school (which may change from school to school and year to year). I

also now recognize that it may not be feasible to visit the children at school during the next twelve (12) years of their elementary and secondary education. At least with equal time, however, I will have an opportunity to drop off and pick up the children at school and interact with the school administrators and teachers on a weekly basis.

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MSJM Advisors, LLC ("MSJM Advisors") was a real estate consulting firm I started 12. with James Moore in June of 2008. Previously, I was the Chief Operating Officer and General Counsel for Plise Development & Construction, LLC ("PLISE"), which is owned and/or controlled by William Plisc. PLISE became insolvent as a result of the real estate and global credit crisis of 2008. I resigned my position at PLISE in July of 2008, formed MSJM Advisors with Mr. Moore, and MSJM Advisors entered into consulting arrangements with PLISE and its affiliates. My workload at MSJM Advisors required no more than twenty (20) hours per week. I had absolute control over my schedule, and i worked primarily from my residence. MSJM Advisors work with PLISE ended in December of 2008: however, MSJM Advisors continued providing consulting services to certain former partners of Mr. Plise who acquired control and ownership of the eight story office building that is part of Rainbow Sunset Pavilion located on the northwest corner of Rainbow Boulevard and Sunset Road in Las Vegas, Nevada. This consulting arrangement ended when the building was substantially complete in October of 2009. MSJM Advisors has no other clients or work. Over the last couple of months, I have evaluated my career opportunities. I have been offered lucrative positions with other real estate developers. I also explored returning to private practice at a law firm. I have concluded that none of these opportunities will provide the personal fulfillment I desire by devoting my time to my family (specifically raising my children). Therefore, I have decided not to return to work and would like to spend more time with my children. My decision not to work will not affect my ability to meet my obligations (including paying \$2,000 per month for the support of my children), and I am not seeking to change my support

obligations through this motion. Unfortunately, Christina will not modify the current timeshare arrangement to provide me more time.

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- 13. Mitchell is married to Amy. Amy and I have decided to have children. I would like Mis and Ethan to have significant roles in their siblings' lives beginning at birth. Under the current timeshare arrangement. Mis and Ethan will have limited opportunities to spend time with their siblings.
- that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has expressed these preferences on a regular basis starting at the beginning of the 2009-2010 school year. The children are very emotional when I inform them that my visitation time with them is over on Sunday nights and they have to return to Christina's home. Mia often cries uncontrollably when told she has to return to Christina's house. Mia has also expressed anger on multiple occasions that Christina will not allow her to stay longer because "rules are the rules and we cannot change them." The children are clearly suffering as a result of the current timeshare arrangement and will only benefit if I have equal time with them. The children have never expressed to me while in my care that they wanted to go to Christina's home (or did not want to be with me), or that they wanted to spend more time with Christina and less time with me.
- 15. Christina and I have not complied with the SAO which requires the custodial parent to facilitate daily telephonic communication between the non-custodial parent and the children by placing at least one (1) telephone call per day. Any statement by Christina that she has complied (either materially or substantially) with the SAO would be false. The fact is that Christina insisted on having this provision in the SAO simply to harass Amy and me. Within weeks after reaching this agreement, Christina began to create conflict by refusing to permit the children to speak to Amy (who happens to be the children's stepmother) on the telephone and disconnecting the calls if Amy spoke to the children

during my calls (even if the children asked to speak to her). Furthermore, Christina would place calls when the children were otherwise preoccupied (e.g., watching favorite television program, immediately before guests arrived, dinner, or snack time, or when one of the children was sleeping) so that the children would immediately want to end the call or would not participate meaningfully in the conversation, and place calls from various phone numbers, blocked telephone identification numbers and after hours with the expectation that I would not answer. I would return all messages left by the children or call back if calls were disconnected, but Christina would never accept my calls or have the children return my messages even when I called back multiple times (in some instances less than thirty (30) seconds after missing a call or a call was disconnected). Many times Christina or her family members caring for the children would disconnect the calls in the middle of my conversation with the children.

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burdensome given Christina's bad intentions and gamesmanship. I ultimately decided that I would not force the children to call Christina but would only facilitate specific requests by the children to speak to their mother. I have taught Mia, and Mia knows how to use the telephone and dial Christina's telephone number. In the past, when the children asked to call their mother, I placed the call and if I could not connect with Christina, I would call multiple times on behalf of the children, and I always answered Christina's return telephone calls. The end result of this decision is that Christina does not place calls to me for the children any longer, and I have only spoken to the children once on the phone in several weeks (which did not include Mia's birthday on October 19, 2009). While I would welcome the opportunity to speak to the children daily, I am not willing to be harassed by Christina. Given the disparity in the timeshare arrangement, I depend more on receiving telephone calls from the children; however, it is entirely too painful to wait all day for the children to call and not be able to speak to them,

to have calls disconnected in the middle of conversations, or to have to explain to Mia why she cannot speak to Amy on the phone. It is for these reasons that having equal time with the children is so important to me.

- 17. I have done everything I can do to cooperate with Christina on issues affecting the children; however, Christina insists on complete control of parenting matters and often disregards my input or suggestions and/or uses the children to attack me when I fail to agree or otherwise assert my opinion.
- 18. I regularly communicate to Christina any health and welfare matters affecting the children while the children are in my care and respond to all of Christina's emails regarding the same.
- 19. I have actively participated in the process of selecting schools for the children for the 2010-2011 school year.
- 20. Mia has expressed significant anger toward Christina. Mia recently told me that she wanted to "punch her mother in the face."
- I have not engaged in any act of domestic violence; however, Christina continues to harass Amy and me.

⁷ I have prepared a form email response which is sent automatically when I receive an email from Christina. I also do not accept text messages from Christina. I only respond specifically to emails concerning the health and welfare of the children. All other email responses receive the automatic response as the only response. Text messages are not received. I believe that restricting written communication in this manner has significantly reduced the "war of words" between the Christina and me.

FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

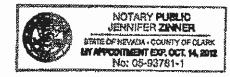
MITCHELL, DAVID STIPP

Subscribed and swom before me this 26th day October, 2009.

NOVÁRY PUBLIC in and for

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MOTION EXHIBIT "B"

AFFIDAVIT OF MEGAN CANTRELL

STATE OF NEVADA)

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COUNTY OF CLARK)

- 1. MEGAN CANTRELL, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:
- 1. That I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein, and I am competent to testify thereto. I am the sister of Mitchell D. Stipp ("Mitchell"), Defendant in the case of Stipp v. Stipp, case number D08-389203-Z in the Eighth Judicial District Court. State of Nevada. I submit this affidavit in support of Mitchell's Motion to Confirm Parties as Joint Physical Custodians and to Modify Joint Timeshare Arrangement.
- 2. I have picked up and dropped off Mia Stipp and Ethan Stipp before and after Mitchell's visitation times with the children regularly for several months. When I pick the children up from Christina Stipp's ("Christina") house, the children are very happy and excited to see Mitchell and Amy Stipp, Mitchell's wife Christina and her relatives never have any problems getting the children into the car for the rides to Mitchell's house. During the car rides back to Christina's house, however, Mia has complained to me that she does not get to spend enough time with Mitchell and Amy, that her visits are too short, and that she wants to stay longer but that Christina will not allow her. Mia has made these statements to me on a regular basis starting at the end of August or beginning of September of 2009. Ethan will often say "I miss Daddy." The children are very emotional during these times, and I have never seen the children so sad and unhappy. Mia often cries and expresses anger that Christina will not allow her to stay longer. When I drop the children off at Christina's house, many times Mia does not want to get out of the car and often fights and struggles with Christina and her relatives. Mia has confronted Christina about her desires, and Christina has informed Mia in my presence that "there is nothing she can do" and "rules are the rules and we cannot change them." The children clearly desire to spend more time with Mitchell.

FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.

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27 28 Subscribed and swom before me this 24 day October, 2009.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State of Nevada



NOTARY PUBLIC JENNIFER ZINNER MIX OF NEVADA-COURTY OF CLARE

SEATE OF INSVADA - COUNTY OF CLAIM MY APPOINTMENT EUP COT. M. DR No. 05-99781-1

MOTION EXHIBIT "C"

here.

I am not saying that I don't want the children to ever speak to Amy on the phone, I simply ask that you not force the children to speak to Amy, or anyone else for that matter, if they don't ask to speak to her/them. I don't pass the phone around like a hot potato when it's my turn to talk to the kids when they are in your care. I have more consideration for your time with the children than you do towards me. I simply ask you to reciprocate.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp < <mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com>
ccstipp@gmail.com>

To: Mitchell Stipp < <mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Sent: Salurday, August 1, 2009 10:18:51 PM

Subject: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell,

As I emailed you earlier today to remind you, I did not receive a telephone call from our children today. I waited all day. As you know, according to the agreement we reached on July 8, 2009, and submitted to the Court as a Stipulation and Order, you are obligated to facilitate at least one call to me when the children are in your care, as they are today.

I hope that your deliberate violation is not a continuation of the venom and hostility you unleashed at me and my attorneys yesterday. Please note that when the children are in my care, I always make sure that they call you. I simply ask that you reciprocate, as you are now legally required to do.

How are our children?

-Christina

On Sun, Aug 2, 2009 at 10:39 PM, Mitchell Stipp <

<mailto:mitchell.slipp@yahoo.com> mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> wrote:

I did not receive an email from you on Saturday other than the one attached below. With respect to the telephone call, I asked if the children wanted to call you and they declined. I have made it clear before that I will not force them to call you.

I also thought you should know that Mia was very upset on Friday. She informed me that you were going on a date and that the unidentified man was going to be her "new dad." She was very confused and extremely sad. I hope you understand that putting these things in Mia's head only hurt her feelings.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mallto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 1:34 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell.

With all due respect, your email response below is complete and utter bullshit. It sets out your old position, prior to our July 8th mediation, in which you claimed that you would not place a call to me on behalf of our extremely young children unless they "asked you to."

In practice, this equated with the reality that from February 24, 2009 until June 4, 2009, the two most recent hearings in our case, you facilitated exactly ONE telephone call to me. In contrast, I was facilitating very regular, if not daily, contact between the children to you when I had them.

I didn't agree with your position on facilitating telephonic communication then, which, by the way, is clearly required by the MSA that you drafted and now by the most recent Stlp and Order, and I do not agree with it now.

We resolved our dispute on this issue when we met with the Family Court mediator on July 8, 2009 at which time you signed your name to a stipulation that now requires you to place a telephone call to me to allow me to talk to our kids when you have them "at least once per day."

It is hard to believe that you could not have had the children call me once this entire weekend in which you had them. In addition, you could have very easily written me a text or email responding to my request for a phone call promptly, but chose, instead, to wait two days to do so, when you no longer had the children.

I recognize this as yet another attempt by you at creating yet another one of your unending conflicts, and I ask you to reconsider your position not only because it is contrary to law, but because it will only hurt our children to have your animosity towards me continue to affect their communication with me.

Thanks.

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 1:53 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell.

With respect to your comments about my personal life, please keep them to yourself from now on. Mile is apparently intensely insecure about the possibility of me dating and then quickly marrying another person, NOT because I tell her these things, but because THAT'S WHAT YOU DID TO HER WITH AMY.

You brought Amy, with whom you had been having an affair during our marriage, into our marital bed and shared it with Mia less than 1 month after I had moved out of our family home. Mia was shocked that "Daddy's friend from work" was spending the night in Mommy's bed. Amy then moved all her clothes into Mia's Mommy's closet less than 2-3 months after Mommy moved out. All this when Amy was still married to another man. THEN, if that wasn't enough, Mia's Daddy ran off and quickly married Amy less than 7 months after Mommy moved out, all without telling Mia or Ethan beforehand, and without ever giving them the chance to be part of what should have been

a "family" ceremony for them.

Given this history, isn't it clear to you where Mia's fears come from? Mia saw me dressed up on Friday night and came to her own conclusions about me and a date. Sadly, from your email to me, it appears that she is traumatized by her father's break up of her family and actions in introducing someone new into the home in record time, all directly contrary to what our family counselor told you and all manner of studies say is healthy for children of divorce.

These are the consequences of your infldelity and continuing poor judgment. Amy wasn't the first; she was just the last. Instead of falsely accusing me of wrongdoing, look at yourself in the mirror next time and continue with your psychiatric help. It is clear that you need it.

--Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 2:45 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Violation of Stipulation and Order-No Telephone Call 8.1.09

You have my position on the issue. If the children want to speak to you, I will facilitate the call and dial your number. This will be my last email on this issue.

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 3:06 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Violation of Stipulation and Order-No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Your allegations are false. They are simply assumptions based on your insecurity and apparently never ending investigation into the "truth." What did your investigation find? Here is the truth: You asked for a divorce; we got one; I married somebody that I love; and You hate your lonely

pathetic life. Your perception is warped. It is very clear from your email who is hurting the children. Mis is well adjusted to the changes in my life and loves Amy very much. She is not traumatized by my relationship with her. She appears only to be affected by your actions and feelings regarding Amy. Mis is very smart and communicates regularly your hatred and hostility toward Amy. I think a child assessment would demonstrate these facts (which is why you did not want it). I welcome it. I have nothing to hide. I am not the crazy one. You may have Pee Wee Herman (Shawn "Super" Gaystein) fooled, but no sane person believes that you are mentally stable. This is also my last email on this issue.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 03, 2009 3:49 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Violation of Stipulation and Order--No Telephone Call 8.1.09

Mitchell,

You are a deeply insecure and intensely co-dependent pathetic little man. You always were, I just wanted to believe otherwise. Money will never make up for your insecurities. You can only feel good about yourself by putting down other people down, including my attorneys for some insane and unprovoked reason. You have always had a Napoleon/Willow complex and have always been the negative one about every little thing in your life even though you were truly blessed to have met and been with me for so long.

What you say about Mia is false. I have to deal with her questions on a dally basis, questions no 4-year-old should have to ask or wonder about like: Are you going to marry Dada again? Did you know he wears two rings, one for you and one for Amy? Amy says she's sorry about what she did. Why did Dada marry Amy? Why did Amy leave her husband? If Dada married you and then she chose Amy, who is next?

You only want an evaluation so that you can continue to mentally abuse Mia and Ethan. You want it so that you can try to rewrite history to anyone who will listen. This isn't 1984. No one believes your fles anymore.

No one believes that you moved on with your secretary "after" our divorce, no matter how many times you say it, just as no one believes that she is with you for any reason other than your bank account.

My investigation revealed this: That my husband was unfaithful and spent what should have been family time chasing women he couldn't even pay to overlook his physical and mental inadequacies. You settled on an uneducated, trashy cheater just like yourself. The daughter of an alcoholic who traded in her devoted blue collar husband for her attorney boss. A man that courted her by splitting gum at her on his way past her office and giving her a Cartier watch and a \$7500 cash bonus for Christmas for her "services."

It is clear that you throw Amy at the children and vice versa because you fear that like you did to me, and she did to James, she will dump your ass as soon as the next best indecent proposal comes her way. Maybe you feel that having her next to you like velcro and ingratlated into the lives of our children will prevent her from leaving. Guess what? She will,

You bought Heather, the leasing coordinator who preceded Amy, a brand new BMW, but she dumped your ass anyway in favor of her felon live-in boyfriend (not to be confused with the estranged husband she had that you paid Paul Lemcke to get her divorced from). She wasn't even a U.S. cilizen and had a criminal record. She and her boyfriend told me that you wouldn't stop calling her even after she let you go. You finally did when the felon threatened to kick your ass, which he should have done.

Then there was Pamela, your buddy Jon Field's sloppy seconds. She was a stripper at the Rhino who loved your relation\$\$\$hip until you probably maxed out your credit cards on her. But that didn't stop you from calling her 20 times a day for three months.

Then there were the Redstone grille/Sammy's/Kobe sushi/Starbucks waitresses who always seemed to go for your taller, charming and sexier boss over you. Can you blame them? I don't.

So what did you wind up with after I caught your pathetic phone call to Amy, your subordinate employee, complaining about why she didn't answer your weekend calls and asking whether she fucked her own husband or not after

your tiff with her??? You got yourself the uneducated daughter of an alcoholic. Mexican trash from Texas looking to snag herself a rich man to put her through the prestigious University of Phoenix. This when you cry about not wanting to pay for your own children's preschool.

Looks like you're the real winner here. :-) You may not be "alone," but let me tell you something, you will always be lonely and so will she, because you are both terrible, empty people. Indecent home wreckers who deserve each other and the misery you will both bring to each other.

Trust me. I can buy myself a male Amy. They are a dime a dozen out here. I'm sure Amy considers marriage to you as just a promotion. At first she was "only" getting 80k a year (straight out of high school) to be your "secretary." The nominal sum you criticize Shawn for making. Now she gets half of your \$\$\$ in exchange for providing the same services. Can you blame her for jumping ship? Not in your sick world you can't.

It's funny how you say one thing in writing but another in person when she's not around, like how incredibly unhappy you are with her, how you regret your actions and misdeeds towards me and how you think about them every day of your life.

You should think about it. You lost the best thing, besides our children, that will ever happen to you. You never deserved me. No one thought so, it just look me a while to see it too. And as for having a "lonely, pathetic life," only you would say or wish such a thing. I have never been happier to be free from the torture of being around you. Divorce liberated me from what would have been a lifetime of pain and misery. Hallelujah!

Cheers to you guys and your future. To true soul mates.

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 08, 2009 2:53 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject:

Attached is itinerary. I will not have access to email but will have my phone.

MOTION EXHIBIT "D"

From:

"Mitchell Stipp" <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>

To:

<mli>mlichell.stipp@yahoo.com>

Sent:

10/26/2009 3:51PM

Subject: FW: Emails Re: Health and Education (Final)

From: Mitchell Slipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2009 12:33 PM

To: 'mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com'

Subject: FW: Emails Re: Health and Education (Final)

From: Mitchell Stipp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com> To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmail.com>

Sent: Sun, July 12, 2009 5:37:51 PM Subject: RE: Weekend of 07.09.09

Mia had dinner; Ethan did not. Mia had a bath; Ethan did not. Ethan has a cold. I gave him Children's Zyrtec yesterday and today (max dosage for 24 hour period) and one dose of motrin this morning (temperature was 99.5). His main symptom is a runny nose. Ethan slept from 12:30pm to 2pm. Mia had Miralax Friday and Saturday. She had regular bowel movements each day (including today).

From: Mitchell Stipp [mallto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 21, 2009 12:14 PM

To: mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com

Subject: Emails Re: Health and Education

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, August 05, 2009 12:40 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Kids check ups

I took kids to doctor today for their required physical exams for school. Everything went fine. MIA in 25% for height n weight. Ethan 50% for weight, 75% for height.

MIA needed 4 shots. Won't need anymore b4 kindegarten. Ethan needed 1.

I had to get quick appt to squeeze them in b4 u take them tomorrow.

Schools want immunizations by the 10th.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, August 06, 2009 5:09 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Mitch.

Mia has a reaction to the Chicken Pox vaccine. It is a raised red swelling at the site of the injection. It itches her. The nurse (I called today) said to have her sit in tepid bathwater and/or administer cold compress to it (4x a day) to reduce swelling. She also said to give her Motrin. I gave her a dose of Motrin at 11am and a bath. I tried the cold compresses this afternoon, but she doesn't like them.

Also, Mia is suffering from constipation again. She had a BM on Monday, but none since. I have given her Miralax daily, along with fresh fruit and juices. I would have given her a suppository today, but she said that she would rather leave it for you to do tonight. She is actively holding in the poop. She is hiding when the urge hits her. Please give her a suppository tonight.

I would like you to update me on the progress of Mia's health conditions while you have her.

Ethan seems to be ok with his shot, although I did give him Motrin last night.

Please acknowledge receipt of this email.

--Christina

---Original Message----

From: Mitchell Stlpp [mailto:mitchell.stlpp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 9:22 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' Subject: RE: Kids check ups

Thank you for the update.

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mltchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 9:22 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Slipp'

Subject: RE: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

I received it. Thank you for the information.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 6:07 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Mitch,

Did the swelling go down at the site of Mia's chicken pox immunization? Did she continue to itch it last night/today? Also, did she have a BM yet?

How is Ethan? He was terrified of Dan yesterday. It took some coaxing to get him into his car seat.

Thanks.

Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 07, 2009 8:06 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: Mia's Immunization Reaction and Constipation

Both children are doing fine.

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, August 20, 2009 10:33 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: Labor Day Offer

Did ethan have diarhea with u? He has had it here three times and says his tummy hurts.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, August 21, 2009 6:52 AM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp' Subject: RE: Labor Day Offer No.

----Original Message----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 24, 2009 9:17 AM

To: Milchell Stipp Subject: Ethan's first day

Fyi.

He dld great. No tears, but wanted his puppy n finger in mouth b4 we left. Good thing is that there were no crying babies like last year.

He got up right on time at 7 too. He'll be back on schedule for early nap and early bedtime as will MIA.

MIA doing well too. Misses her old teachers.

Sent from my IPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:costipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, August 28, 2009 5:56 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Kids' Update

Mitch,

Elhan bit Mia last night. She has a bruise on her back. He didn't break the skin. Watch out for his sudden attacks.

Both kids ate today around 4pm. Ethan has pooped twice today. Mia is struggling to poop. She didn't go yesterday, but has been regular prior to that. I give her Miralax daily, including today.

Be careful of too much sun if you take them outdoors this weekend. There's supposed to be a heat warning I heard. Sunscreen please.

Both kids had baths at 5.

--Christina

----Original Message-----

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 9:20 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: MIA

Mltch,

Did MIA have bm over the weekend? She seemed to be struggling last night?

Today's school drop off was her hardest so far. She is struggling with her dressing issues and new environment. As I have mentioned before, I would like to take her to a doctor for the clothing issues.

Does she still favor one dress while at your house? The rainbow one? She only wants to wear two when with me,

Luc's mom is a psychlatrist and will be giving me a referral. I'll keep u posted.

-christina

Sent from my iPhone

----Original Message----

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mltcheil.stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, August 31, 2009 6:27 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp'

Subject: RE: MIA

She did not have a bowel movement. I gave her miralax and fiber vitamins each day. At this point, you may try an enema (which you can buy over the counter for kids at Albertsons). I did this the day before the start of our vacation. She thought it was a suppository. It cleared her out completely. After that, she used the bathroom daily (sometimes 2x per day) while on vacation.

Feel free to make an appointment with a child psychologist regarding the clothes issue. She struggles with me as well. She wants to wear only one dress (rainbow one) and one swimsuit and wants her underwear constantly stretched. This weekend I stopped stretching her underwear and made her do It (If she wanted it stretched). As far as the clothes, I have also been working with her. I tell her in advance that she has to wear something else the following days when she chooses her rainbow dress so she can anticipate the change. I have had some success with this (especially when we were on vacation). She wore 5 different dresses without much fuss. She also is wearing new shoes and has a new jacket (new versions of her old ones). I lied to her about the shoes and told her they were sent out to be cleaned

and delivered to your house. She complained a lot about it but eventually let it go (but I think only because we were at Disneyland). I am not sure if she has recognized the new jacket isn't her old one. I have had no success with the swimsuit.

I want to know who the psychologist is and when she has an appointment.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:06 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Sierra

Sierra Health is calling you. They need you to give me permission to release information regarding Mia since I'm not on your policy.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:30 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: MIA

Mitch.

I was about to use either an enema or a suppository on Mia yesterday, but she insisted that I allow her to try on her own. She had two BM's yesterday on her own. I have been trying to encourage lots of fresh fruits and have continued daily Miralax use. I also purchased Pedialax gummies per Dr. DeSimone's recommendation, but she does not like them.

On Mia's psychiatrist. Dr. Carli Snyder, Luc's Mom, referred me to a Dr. McNaus. Unfortunately, she does not take patients as young as Mia. McNaus referred me to two different psychiatrists who do, Dr. Gravely and Dr. Kalodner.

Dr. Gravely is not taking new patients, but referred me to a Dr. Herbs. Dr. Herbs is taking new patients and does take Sierra Health. Dr. Kalodner is

also taking new patients, but is not a provider for Sierra. Kalodner said that through Sierra, she thinks we would have to satisfy a \$500 deductible and pay \$135 per session, but that if we did cash pay, she would work with us.

I called Sierra and got an authorization for Dr. Herbs and was transerred to Member Services where I wanted to ask them how much we would have to pay for Herbs, deductibles, etc., but they won't talk to me about Mia's benefits without your permission. Please call them and grant this. Their number is 364-1484 Behavloral Healthcare Options.

Carli has not heard of Herbs, but she said she has heard good things about Dr. Kalodner. I don't know what you want to do. On the one hand, out of network provider could be very costly, but by using Kalodner on a cash pay, we would also be able to control the fact of her treatment, which may be detrimental to her in the future. Also, and more importantly, Dr. Kalodner has a good reputation and I want Mia to get the best help.

I'll call Kalodner and ask what the cash pay price is. I don't mind meeting with both, comparing credentials and seeing which one I think after one session would be a better fit for Mia. Herbs is on East Flamingo. Kalodner is in Seven Hills.

Mia's dressing Issues have Intensified as the new school year started. She absolutely hates putting on her new uniform, no matter which variation I put on her. Yesterday, I pulled her from the car kicking and screaming. As I was closing the door, she tried to leap back into the car and caught her finger in the car door. It didn't close completely on it, ie., she managed to pull it out but not before it was pinched. I applied ice to it and it is fine now.

She is perfectly normal prior to putting on her uniform and by the time I pick her up, she is fine when I pick her up from school. She even expresses the desire to stay full day although then backs off of this when I try to make arrangements to see if she can try out full day.

Her frustration and anger at the uniform sours her outlook on school in gneral. I don't like this. I also hate to see her struggle every day with simple things like this.

She also struggles here with the underwear issues. When I give up because I am lired of stretching, poor Ethan tries to help too, she cries, "I can't help it, momme, I just can't help it."

She told me her jacket is new. She wears it to cover up her uniform sometimes, and new dresses that I may make her wear on occasion, but it is less helpful this year than last. As for new shoes, I bought an identical new pair as well, but was not able to get her to switch them out for the old ones. I was waiting until school started and was going to pull something like you did with the old ones.

When she is home, she loves to be in underwear only. Although when guests arrive or when we leave to go out, she knows it's time to dress. She prefers her ladybug dress although when she came home from your house on Sunday she was upset that it had "shrunk."

She will only wear one bathing suit here too, even though I have purchased many new ones, like other clothes, in different sizes.

Dr. McNaus listened to my Issues with Mia briefly. She said it sounded to her like mild OCD. Carli said not to jump on the OCD diagnosis too quickly. She would like to rule out acting out due to the divorce situation and also, possible, touch related sensory issues.

Let me know what you think in terms of Kalodner v. Herbs.

--Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 10:44 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Mla Psych Mitch,

I talked to Kalodner. She says her initial visit is \$250, but \$200 cash pay. Office visits are \$200, cash pay \$150 or less depending on financial need. She says that she wouldn't recommend going through Sierra either or any Insurance at that (she says she has a 15yr old who she does not use her insurance for counseling), because then the child has a record. She qualifies this by saying that she would use insurance if the psychiatric diagnosis is something like bipolar where long term treatment is required.

She seemed really friendly and easy to talk to. I am inclined to go with her versus Herbs because of her reputation and giving Mia a record issue. What do you think?

--Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com] Sent: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 4:11 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp' Subject: RE: Mia Psych

I do not have any problem with you interviewing Dr. Kalodner. However, I do not want you to engage her services unless I approve. I also want to meet with her separately and interview her. Please provide her contact information.

I agree that cash payments are the best option.

From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 04, 2009 9:48 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: Mia Psych

310-8787. Google her on the Internet for additional contact and background

info. Her name is mellssa kalodner. I'm meeting her today on my own. She wants to meet the parents before she sees Mia. I told her to expect your call.

Sent from my iPhone

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, September 07, 2009 6:57 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Health Update

Mitch,

I just got the kids from your sister at 6pm. Megan indicated that you gave Mia Zyrtec over the three-day weekend. When exactly did you first and last administer the medicine so that I know when it's safe to treat her apparent runny nose, sneezing and fever with appropriate medicine. Mia now has a 100 degree fever. Did you happen to give her anything for that? I want to give her Motrin right now, but I want to make sure you didn't already give her something for fever. Did you give Ethan any medicine this weekend? He sounds stuffy and is a little warm, but doesn't appear sick.

-Christina

From: Mitchell Stlpp <mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com>
To: Christina Calderon-Stipp <ccstipp@gmall.com>

Sent: Mon, September 7, 2009 7:05:58 PM

Subject: RE: Health Update

Ethan had a fever on Friday when we picked him up. He also had a runny nose on Saturday which we treated with zrytec. Mia had no symptons until last night. She had a runny nose. I gave her zyrtec last night and this morning. I gave her the maximum dosage for 24 hours each time. I was not aware that Mia had a fever.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 10, 2009 2:12 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Psychologist

Mitch.

I spoke with Dr. Kalodner today. She left me a message yesterday telling me that you had apparently met with her and had made an appointment for Mia on Friday.

Prior to committing Mia to treatment with her, I wanted to share with you your thoughts on Dr. K after meeting with her and express my desire to meet with at least one other provider as I am not sure Dr. K would be the best fit for Mia.

I am also troubled by Dr. K's actions in committing to treat Mia at one price when she met with me, her self-proclaimed cash price, and then increasing it after meeting with you. It struck me as unprofessional and unwarranted.

-Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 10, 2009 6:34 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Kids 09.10.09

Mitch,

I told Megan the following: both kids need dinner and baths. They both had BM's this afternoon. I didn't give Mia any laxetive today.

I say the following because it's your first time taking them to school this year. I'd advise an 8 or 9pm at the latest bedtime so they can get up in time for school tomorrow. They are usually up at 7am at my house.

I'm assuming you have your own uniforms for them. Remember that Ethan needs to wear Shabbat shirt on Fridays. Mla prefers the red polo and checkered jumper out of all of the options Dawson has for girls' uniforms. Just an FYI. Let me know if you want to know what sizes I got for them.

Try hard to get Mia to eat something healthy for breakfast in the morning. She doesn't get lunch at Dawson and is always hungry when I pick her up. I bring her lunch everyday which she eats in the car on the way to pick up Ethan. Usually P&J.

On a side note, Mia will beg and plead not to have to go to school. Please don't give in to her because it will set a precedent.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stlpp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 11, 2009 2:15 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Mia's Psychologist

Mitch,

If you have any referrals or recomendations for possible providers, please let me know. I'm going to investigate Diane Herbs, who I mentioned before, and a Dr. Hopper with the Hopper Institute, who was also referred to me.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstlpp@gmail.com]

Sent: Friday, September 11, 2009 2:46 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

Mitch,

Today was the first day of the school year that you took the kids to school. I thought this might be a good time to talk about what your thoughts are on their schools, their reactions to you about them, and to discuss future schooling.

As I told you previously, Mia is struggling in her adjustment with her new school, Dawson. I'm not sure how much of it is related to her issues with the new uniforms, but I am reserving judgment. I have noticed that Mia's new teachers are much more reserved than Ms. Gerst and Mr. West, as well as her previous teachers at TBS, so that may have to do with it as well. I have communicated to Ms. Klein, one of her teachers this year, my concerns about Mia, specifically, that she says that she doesn't like school, that it is "boring," that "she doesn't want to go to school." I will continue to work with the teachers on her transition, but I am sure it is just a matter of time. She's already bonded with a new friend who we used to play with at MyGym when they were both 2, Ava. Just to let you know ahead of time though, if Mia doesn't seem to be thriving at Dawson as she did at TBS, I don't want her to continue there.

Ethan, on the other hand, seems to be doing very well at TBS. His first two weeks were uneventful in terms of any negative reactions to school. This week was harder for him. Ms. Garvin said that he cried for me a lot on Tuesday and whined on Wednesday. By Thursday he was better. It might have to do with him being with you over the long weekend and then starting school right after. Today Ms. Helberg said that Ethan was his worst ever in terms of crying all morning, but I'm sure it's because he is not used to going to school when you have them. Overall, both Ethan and Mia love TBS and Ethan

seem to be doing well there.

Unfortunately, the kids can't continue at TBS beyond pre-k because they are not Jewish, so we have to think about other Kindergarten-high school options.

- 1) Public Schools. I am zoned for Givens Elementary. It has a good reputation. High parent involvement.
- 2) St. Elizabeth Ann Seton, K-8th grade with Gorman for high school. I would love for the kids to have a solid Catholic religious education and know, firsthand, that parochial schools provide a solid education for a comparatively reasonable cost, \$8k v. \$19k. Since you have now reneged on committing in writing to pay for the kids' school in the future and want to decide that on a year by year basis, it makes sense for me to consider affordable schooling options since it wouldn't make sense for the kids to start at a school like the Meadows, or continue at Dawson (whose tuition for Mia doubles next year), and have to go elsewhere if you decide not to help one year. They will have application packets available in October. Preference is given to parishioners. I am registered here and have been trying to establish a regular church attendance pattern for personal reasons, but also to help the kids' chances of going here. They also require individual assessments which occur in January.
- 3) Meadows. I know you expressed your preference for this school in the past. I'm not sure if you have toured the lower school or beginning schools, but I toured the beginning school and you know my thoughts on it for Mia. However, I am planning on touring the lower school, k-6th grade, and doing what I have to to keep this school open as an option for kindergarten next year. Kids have to pass a test to be considered for Kindergarten. They conduct these tests in January. They begin the required school touring now.

If Mia goes to Meadows next year, it would make sense to send Ethan there as well. I think that Ethan would do well at either Meadows or TBS. Again, cost of schooling and Mia's adjustment at Dawson will be a factor.

Just wanted you to know my thoughts on the very important subject of our children's present and future education. I welcome your input and

independent research.
Thanks,
Christina
Original Message From: Christina Calderon-stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com] Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 7:55 AM To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Ethan
Milch,
Ethan had diarrhea last night. He and MIA say that he threw up at your house this weekend.
Is this true? Did he exhibit any other signs of illness?
-christina
Sent from my iPhone
Original Message From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell stipp@yahoo.com]

Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 10:45 AM
To: 'Christina Calderon-stipp'

Subject: RE: Ethan

Mia was constipated. Other than that, both children were fine this weekend.

Neither threw up or exhibited any signs of illness.

Let me know if you took them to school or to the doctor (and if to the doctor, any illnesses diagnosed).

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Monday, September 14, 2009 1:10 PM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Re: Ethan

Ethan appeared fine this morning and continues in apparent good health. Both went to school. No doctor.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Wednesday, September 16, 2009 9:50 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp Subject: Mia Update

Mitch,

Mia is trying full day again today. She doesn't like the nap time, but seems to enjoy lunch with the class and afternoon activities that she's missing out on like library and music & movement. I love having her in only half day, but she's been expressing her desire to attend full day. What is your opinion on this? If she continues to want to make full day a permanent thing, will you be willing to share in the cost? I don't know how much extra it is, but I'll ask once she makes up her mind.

She continues to struggle with constipation. I believe that it may be related to her issues with sensory disorder. She holds it in to the point that she hardens what she has in there and thereby exacerbales the constipation. I told her teachers to watch for her struggling to hold it and to encourage her to use the potty today.

I am setting up appointments with other referred psychologists, by myself, as I indicated to you earlier. They are Dr. Mishalow, Dr. Hopper, and Dr. Herbs. Will let you know how it goes. Let me know if you are willing to meet with them at the same time or not, otherwise I'll let you set up your own interviews/evaluations.

Thanks,

Christina

From: Mitchell Stipp [mailto:mitchell.stipp@yahoo.com] Sent: Wednesday, September 16, 2009 4:19 PM

To: 'Christina Calderon-Stipp'

Subject: RE: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

I received your email below. I am happy that Ethan is doing well at TBS. His recent emotional state probably has little to do with me having him an extra day over the weekend or taking him to school that Friday. Ethan was happy all weekend and I had no trouble dropping him off or picking him up at school.

As far as Mia, I am disappointed that her experience at Alexander Dawson is not as enjoyable. I have noticed that her teachers are reserved. I believe this is making the transition more difficult for Mia. Unfortunately, all teachers cannot be like Mia's teachers at TBS (although it is certainly worth complaining about). While I believe that it is entirely too early to conclude that she should not return, I think it is important to consider Mia's happiness and preferences (especially if her experience this year is not good).

With respect to schools for next year, I am not opposed to public school for Mia. Givens is a great elementary school, and I think Mia would do well there. However, I would like to keep her options open (so we should continue to investigate alternatives and complete necessary evaluations and applications).

For the record, I have not reneged on paying for the children to attend private school. I have paid my share last year and this year. As you know, private school tuition is very expensive, and I am more concerned that you will not have the resources to continue to pay your share.

At this point, I am not very interested in the children attending any catholic school. However, I am not opposed to the idea of the children attending a religious school. I have been researching options for the children and would ask that you consider International Christian Academy. The cost is approximately \$6,000 per year per child. The children would receive a religious education. But more importantly, the school uses the flove and logic approach to classroom management.

Given your past position on the Meadows, I think this option will not work for Mia and Ethan. We should, however, consider Las Vegas Day School which tends to be the alternative for parents who like the Meadows.

From: Christina Calderon-Stipp [mailto:ccstipp@gmail.com]

Sent: Thursday, September 17, 2009 11:17 AM

To: Mitchell Stipp

Subject: Re: 2009-2010 School Year & Beyond

Mitchell.

Thank you for responding to my email concerning the very important matter of our children's future education. Here are my thoughts as to your response.

1) Dawson. I think we should definitely, as I said before and you agreed below, reserve judgment on the school at this early stage in the school year. It's only been 3 weeks since school started. Thankfully, Mia has begun to show signs of truly bonding with her new classmates and teachers. While she misses her old school, she seems to be more accepting of the change of schools. Today will be the third day in a row that she has elected to stay for the entire day. I am not pushing it at all, but rather, am letting her decide when she is ready to take this enormous step. As I

told you in a separate email yesterday, she enjoys being with her class for lunch and afternoon activities and expresses reluctance to leave at half day. Ms. Hall, the head of the ECEC, told me upon enrollment that most half-day kids (and apparently there are not many) transition to full day by Thanksgiving.

- 2) TBS. What an amazing school this has been for the kids. As you saw yesterday, Ms. Garvin and Ms. Helberg are outstanding teachers, who genuinely seem to care for our kids and love teaching. The school has a great community feel to it as well. My observations about Ethan's behavior on Friday come first-hand from his teachers. Ms. Garvin speculates that his recent crying in the mornings has to do with the new transitioning of Dad bringing him to school. He has progressively improved since Friday and, in fact, transitioned easily into the classroom from me this morning. No tears. No needing to be held by Ms. Helberg. Like Mia, he is adjusting to change as well. I did not intend for you to take this observation as an insull. I am sure he did well over the weekend with you.
- 3) Public School. Another option for public school, in addition to Givens, would be Goolsby. You are zoned for it and, I believe it is a good school loo.
- 4) Catholic School. I'm curious, what is the basis for your opposition to Catholic school? I would respectfully ask that you reconsider and please undertake the effort to investigate St. Elizabeth Ann Seton before ruling it out. We were both baptized, celebrated communion, were confirmed, and married in the Catholic church. We baptized both of our children there as well. Is it the faith you have an issue with? Please take a tour, talk to parents, read reviews. I just ask that you give it a chance. It's how I found out first-hand how great a school TBS would be. There's nothing better than seeing a school in person, talking to teachers and administrators, and getting an overall feel for it.
- 4) Meadows. I never toured the Lower School. Have you? I reserve judgment on this school until I've had an opportunity to do so. We shouldn't rule it out completely given it's incredible reputation for being one of the best college prep schools in the city.
- 6) Thank you for referring me to LVDS and the International Christian Academy. I will look into both. I've never heard of ICA. I'll check it out in person. What I read on-line about ICA, however, gives me some

reservations about the school. I paste below some negative reviews of the school posted by parents on the Internet. I also question the conservative Christian Protestant-fundamentalist base of the school. Did you know they preach the philosophy of Bob Jones? How did you hear of the school? Do you or someone you know attend church at the congregation affiliated with this school? or do you know of a family with children at this school? As for