IN THE SUPREME COURT	OF THE STATE OF NEVADA		
LISA MYERS,	) Supreme Court Case Nos. 57621		
	) 58306		
Appellant/Petitioner,	)		
	) District Court Case No. 00-D-434495		
VS.			
CALEB O. HASKINS,			
•	MR IN ERRORE Converse frances.		
Respondent.	) JUN 2 9 2011		
	TRACIE K. LINDEMAN  CLERK OF SUPREME COURT		
	DEPUTY CLERK		
	DEPORT CLERK		
PETITION FOR REHEARING UNDE	ER NRAP 40 OF ORDER DISMISSING		
<b>APPEAL, DENYING PETITION F</b>	OR WRITS OF MANDAMUS AND		
PROHIBITION AND EMERGEN	ICY MOTION FOR INJUNCTION		
	ND,		
	SIDERATION UNDER NRAP 40A OF		
MOTION FOR STAY AND EMERGENCY MOTION TO SET ASIDE AND/OR			
VACATE THE DISTRICT COURT O	RDER AS PER NRCP 59(e), 60 AND 61		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis			
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	RDER AS PER NRCP 59(e), 60 AND 61  lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this using Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	RDER AS PER NRCP 59(e), 60 AND 61  lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	RDER AS PER NRCP 59(e), 60 AND 61  lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this using Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsideration	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147 Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS  9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147 Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons  CARING		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW  NRAP RULE 40. PETITION FOR REHE	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS  9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147 Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons  CARING		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW  NRAP RULE 40. PETITION FOR REHE  (a) Procedure and Limitations.  (1) Time. Unless the time is shortened.	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons  CARING		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW  NRAP RULE 40. PETITION FOR REHE  (a) Procedure and Limitations.  (1) Time. Unless the time is shortened.	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS  9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons  CARING		
COMES NOW LISA MYERS, Appell Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismis Injunction and, Petition for En Banc Reconsidereferenced matters.  1. STANDARD OF REVIEW  NRAP RULE 40. PETITION FOR REHE  (a) Procedure and Limitations.  (1) Time. Unless the time is shortened.	lant/Petitioner In Proper Person, and Petitions this sing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for deration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-  LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, Suite 110-326  Las Vegas, Nevada 89147  Telephone: (702) 401.4440  Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Persons  CARING		

- (2) The court may consider rehearings in the following circumstances:
  - (A) When the court has overlooked or misapprehended a material fact in the record or a material question of law in the case, or
  - (B) When the court has overlooked, misapplied or failed to consider a statute, procedural rule, regulation or decision directly controlling a dispositive issue in the case.

#### **RULE 40A. PETITION FOR EN BANC RECONSIDERATION**

(a) Grounds for En Banc Reconsideration. En banc reconsideration of a panel decision is not favored and ordinarily will not be ordered except when (1) reconsideration by the full court is necessary to secure or maintain uniformity of its decisions, or (2) the proceeding involves a substantial precedential, constitutional or public policy issue.

#### 2. ISSUES

# A. APPELLANT/PETITIONER'S APPEAL (58306), PETITION FOR WRITS, MOTION FOR INJUNCTION AND PETITION FOR REHEARING OF MOTION FOR STAY WAS DENIED/DISMISSED

By this Court's rules, State laws and rules and Federal laws and rules, Appellant/Petitioner's pleadings should have been granted on their merits, for the protection, safety and well-being of the subject minor and in consideration of the rights of Appellant/Petitioner and the subject minor. Further, Appellant/Petitioner's pleadings should have been granted based on the evidence supporting same.

Therefore, Appellant/Petitioner is now filing this Petition requesting this Court to Rehear its Order denying and dismissing Appeal, Petition for Writs and Motion for Injunction and further filing this Petition for En Banc Reconsideration of Motion for Stay, et. al. in the above-referenced matters.

#### 3. SUBSTANTIAL LAWS AND RULES OVERLOOKED AND CASES INVOLVED

NRS 125C.010 Order awarding visitation rights must define rights with particularity and specify habitual residence of child. 1. Any order awarding a party a right of visitation of a minor child must: (a) Define that right with sufficient particularity to ensure that the rights of the parties can be properly enforced and **that the best interest of the child is achieved**... [Emphasis added].

#### RULE 59. NEW TRIALS; AMENDMENT OF JUDGMENTS

(e) Motion to Alter or Amend a Judgment. A motion to alter or amend the judgment shall be filed no later than 10 days after service of written notice of entry of the judgment.

#### RULE 60. RELIEF FROM JUDGMENT OR ORDER

(a) Clerical Mistakes. Clerical mistakes in judgments, orders or other parts of the record and errors therein arising from oversight or omission may be corrected by the court at any time of its own initiative or on the motion of any party and after such notice, if any, as the court orders. During the pendency of an appeal, such mistakes may be so corrected before the appeal is docketed in the appellate court, and thereafter while the appeal is pending may be so corrected with leave of the appellate court. (b) Mistakes; Inadvertence; Excusable Neglect; Newly Discovered Evidence; Fraud, Etc.

#### **RULE 61. HARMLESS ERROR**

No error in either the admission or the exclusion of evidence and no error or defect in any ruling or order or in anything done or omitted by the court or by any of the parties is ground for granting a new trial or for setting aside a verdict or for vacating, modifying or otherwise disturbing a judgment or order, unless refusal to take such action appears to the court inconsistent with substantial justice. The court at every stage of the proceeding must disregard any error or defect in the proceeding which does not affect the substantial rights of the parties.

EDCR RULE 2.20. Motions; contents; responses and replies; calendaring a fully briefed matter.

- (a) All motions must contain a notice of motion setting the same for hearing on a day when the judge to whom the case is assigned is hearing civil motions and not less than 21 days from the date the motion is served and filed. A party filing a motion must also serve and file with it a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground thereof. The absence of such memorandum may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious, as cause for its denial or as a waiver of all grounds not so supported.
- (c) Within 10 days after the service of the motion, and 5 days after service of any joinder to the motion, the opposing party must serve and file written notice of nonopposition or opposition thereto, together with a memorandum of points and authorities and supporting affidavits, if any, stating facts showing why the motion and/or joinder should be denied...

#### NRCP RULE 6. TIME

(d) For Motions—Affidavits. A written motion, other than one which may be heard ex

parte, and notice of the hearing thereof shall be served not later than 5 days before the time specified for the hearing, unless a different period is fixed by these rules or by rule or order of the court. Such an order may, for cause shown, be made on ex parte application. When a motion or opposition is supported by affidavit, the affidavit shall be served with the motion or opposition.

(e) Additional Time After Service by Mail or Electronic Means. Whenever a party has the right or is required to do some act or take some proceedings within a prescribed period after the service of a notice or other paper, other than process, upon the party and the notice or paper is served upon the party by mail or by electronic means, 3 days shall be added to the prescribed period.

#### EDCR RULE 7.21. Preparation of order, judgment or decree.

The counsel obtaining any order, judgment or decree must furnish the form of the same to the clerk or judge in charge of the court within 10 days after counsel is notified of the ruling, unless additional time is allowed by the court.

### NRAP RULE 8. STAY OR INJUNCTION PENDING APPEAL OR RESOLUTION OF ORIGINAL WRIT PROCEEDINGS

(d) Stays in Civil Cases Involving Child Custody. In deciding whether to issue a stay in matters involving child custody, the Supreme Court will consider the following factors: (1) whether the child(ren) will suffer hardship or harm if the stay is either granted or denied; (2) whether the nonmoving party will suffer hardship or harm if the stay is granted; (3) whether movant is likely to prevail on the merits in the appeal; and (4) whether a determination of other existing equitable considerations, if any, is warranted.

Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution, CAPTA, Violence Against Women Act, 18 U.S.C., 42 U.S.C., et. al.

Harrison, 780 F. 2d at 1428, whereby the following was held by Federal Circuit Courts, "that state officials may noT take retaliatory action against an individual designed...to punish him for having exercised his constitutional right to seek judicial relief..." (citing cases from the Eleventh, Seventh, Fifth, Third, and Tenth Circuits) 804 F. 2d 953.

Doolittle v. Doolittle, 70 Nev. 163, 262 P.2d 955 (1953) relying upon Gammill v. Federal Land Bank, 129 F.2d 502, and Haley v. Eureka County Bank 22 P. 1098 (Nev. 1889). Stone v Powell, 428 US 465, 483 n. 35, 96 Sct. 3037, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1067 (1976), whereby the following was noted, "State courts, like federal courts, have a constitutional obligation to safeguard personal liberties and to uphold federal law." Also, see 28 USCS Sec. 455, and Marshall v Jerrico Inc., 446 US 238, 242, 100 S.Ct. 1610, 64 L. Ed. 2d 182 (1980), "The neutrality requirement helps to guarantee that life, liberty, or property will not be taken on the basis

of an erroneous or distorted conception of the facts or the law."

3

1

2

4

5

67

8

10

11 12

13

1415

16

17 18

19

20

21

2223

24

25

2627

2728

4. SUMMARIZATION OF SERIOUSNESS OF THE ISSUES AND SAFETY AND HEALTH OF THE SUBJECT MINOR

v. Bellmon, 935 F. 2d 1106 (10th Cir.) (1991), F.R.C.P. 8 and applicable SCR's. Also, please

find attached herewith, the file-stamped Order To Proceed In Forma Pauperis, Exhibit "1".

Appellate is appearing in proper person, See Haines v. Kerner, 404 U.S. 519 (1972), Hall

Not only is the Order from the January 19th hearing be deemed void, appeal to be granted, but the Petition for Writs, Petition for Rehearing of Motion for Stay, but the Motion for an Injunction to be granted, as well. The main issue being appealed is Judge Moss' Order from the 1/19/2011 hearing, whereby Respondent was awarded three full unsupervised days with the parties minor child, Sydney Rose Myers-Haskins (now age 14mos.) despite the evidence of his parental neglect/abuse, mental and physical impairments, conviction, extensive history of drug and alcohol abuse, anger problems, domestic abuse issues and his abandonment of the minor child who has a history of RSV and now of being hospitalized with seizures on life-support. The subject minor has had URI, Gastrointestinal Virus, Vomiting, Diarrhea, Strep (Nasal-rare), Seizures, Fever, been on life-support, oxygen, testing, CAT scan, Lumbar Puncture, EEG, continuous weight loss, sleep deprivation, bruising, reaction to smoke inhalation, etc., since Respondent began having contact with the subject minor as of January 19, 2011. See Court file, medical note from Dr. Leroy Bernstein and medical record of Summerlin Hospital (additional medical records will be supplemented to this pleading), whereby he noted that the subject minor is to remain in the custody of Appellant/Petitioner (mother) due to an illness contracted while under the care and custody of Respondent she had to treat and be medicated for. If the unsupervised contact with Respondent continues, the subject minor will continue to be ill in his care and custody due to his parental neglect and abuse. The subject minor, Sydney Rose was on life-support and was hospitalized, how much more must she endure to this "void" and prejudicial Order of Judge Moss before this Honorable Supreme Court interferes and supercedes this Order?

Moreover, Respondent previously signed a Joint Agreement giving Appellant/Petitioner Sole Physical and Sole Legal Custody of the parties minor child waiving any visitation. Respondent also waived any visitation and refused a drug test at the prior TPO hearing, as well. Judge Moss refused to acknowledge this legal contractual agreement between the parties to no avail, See Court's file for legal agreement signed by Respondent.

As a result of Judge Moss' acceptance of opposing counsel's Motion and her decisions/orders rendered as a result, the Court Ordered this Appellant/Petitioner to the names of two psychologists in which the Court will Order Appellant/Petitioner to undergo a mental/medical/psychological evaluation based on a completely unrelated matter which is on Appeal (reference prior Supreme Court Case No. 56426 and, Supreme Court Nos. 58585 through 58591) and

 specifically a 2003 report by an unqualified individual (per the State Psychological Board) and despite the acceptance of expert testimony and reports rebutting same by numerous Psychiatrists, Psychologist and therapist. The Court not only forced Appellant/Petitioner to discuss in detail this completely unrelated matter which is on Appeal, but placed her in the position of defending herself in this matter. As a further result and despite the Behavioral Order, Respondent has slandered Appellant/Petitioner by calling her a psychopath, crazy, sicko and has continued to slander her at the downtown police station, at medical facilities, at the Court, to others, to her personally and her family, etc. in attempt to harass, threaten, defame her character and redirect the severity of his own personal mental and physical impairments, to include drug abuse, psychiatric treatments, refusal to take his bipolar medication, etc. (as per documentation and his own testimony as previously provided) he has away from him and onto Appellant/Petitioner. Respondent even threatened Appellant/Petitioner, the subject minor and Appellant/Petitioner's mother while the subject minor was recently hospitalized (reports from the hospital security and police department are forthcoming and will be supplemented to this pleading).

Appellant/Petitioner is extremely concerned for the minor child's health, safety and overall well-being, her Pediatrician is as well, as the District Court's Order would continue to put the minor child in direct harm's way by allowing Respondent to have the 3 unsupervised days with her, especially when she became ill in his "care" and "custody" and he failed to notify Appellant/Petitioner of anything whatsoever, to include his blatant refusal to answer any questions regarding the minor child.

#### 5. SPECIFIC FACTS AND BRIEF HISTORY OF THE EVENTS IN THIS MATTER

The parties' hearing of January 19, 2011 was to be a 16.2 Case Management Conference, although opposing counsel, Amanda Roberts filed a Motion for primary physical and sole legal custody and for a medical/mental/psychological evaluation of this Appellant/Petitioner at the last minute providing Appellant/Petitioner a copy 5 minutes prior to this 16.2 Conference, despite NRCP 6(d)(e). No OST was ever signed and filed or provided to Appellant/Petitioner, nor did Ms. Roberts ever provide Appellant/Petitioner the Motion at least 5 full Judicial days prior to the scheduled hearing. Appellant/Petitioner was further never given 10 days in order to properly file an Opposition/Countermotion, as per EDCR 2.20. Moreover, since opposing counsel stated she also mailed a copy of the Motion to Appellant/Petitioner the same day of this hearing, Appellant/Petitioner did not receive opposing counsel's Motion until after the hearing¹ Therefore, Appellant/Petitioner was prejudiced in this matter as Appellant/Petitioner was not properly prepared to defend or provide all necessary documentation to justify her defenses or claims.

Despite these issues, Judge Moss still allowed the Motion to be heard, specifically awarded

Opposing counsel, Amanda Roberts admitted at the 1/19/11 Court hearing to placing the Motion in the mail that same very day of the hearing! Ms. Roberts further admitted to having ex-parte communication with the Judge the prior week requesting her Motion to be heard at this 16.2 Case Management Conference, as well.

the Respondent three full unsupervised days with the parties minor child, specifically giving the parties' Joint Physical and Legal Custody, despite the fact this Appellant/Petitioner has been the de facto Sole Physical and Sole Legal Custodian of the minor child, despite the evidence of his mental and physical impairments, conviction, extensive history of drug and alcohol abuse, anger problems, violence (to include Respondent punching a hole in the wall of the parties' home), domestic abuse issues (to include Respondent shoving Appellant/Petitioner's other minor child down the stairs), Respondent's own admissions in Court and his parents own admissions and his abandonment of the minor child who has a history of RSV and now of being hospitalized with seizures and on life-support. See Court file for Exhibits, to include Court's Minutes<sup>2</sup>. Judge Moss further refused to acknowledge that Respondent previously signed a Joint Agreement giving Appellant/Petitioner Sole Physical and Sole Legal Custody of the parties minor child waiving any visitation. Respondent also waived any visitation and refused a drug test at the parties' initial TPO hearing, as well.

The Court further Ordered the Appellant/Petitioner to provide the names of two psychologists so the Court may Order her to undergo a medical/mental/psychological evaluation based on a completely unrelated matter which is currently on Appeal (reference prior Supreme Court Case No. 56426 and, Supreme Court Case Nos. 58585 through 58591) and specifically a 2003 report by an unqualified individual (as per the State Psychological Board) and despite the acceptance of expert testimony and reports rebutting same. The Court not only forced Appellant/Petitioner to discuss in detail this completely unrelated matter which is on Appeal, but placed her in the position of defending herself in this matter. Interestingly to note, despite the fact Respondent has a conviction in the State of Colorado and that he also has mainly resided in the Carson City, Nevada area, Judge Moss only Ordered a Scope for Clark County, Nevada. (A copy of Respondent's record is forthcoming and shall be supplemented into both the Supreme Court matter, as well as the District Court matter).

Additionally to note, the events leading up to this hearing. The 16.2 Conference was originally noticed for November 22, 2010, although Amanda Roberts, counsel for Respondent requested it be vacated at the last minute and submitted a Stipulation and Order. This hearing was then vacated and the new hearing was to be noticed to both counsels by the Department, although a notice was never filed and the on-line system evidenced the conference as being "off calendar". During his time, Appellant/Petitioner's now former counsel, Preston P. Rezaee, Esq. filed a Motion to Withdraw as counsel of record, which was currently on calendar for January 10, 2011, although the hearing was recently vacated as an Order granting his Motion to Withdraw was signed and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Opposing counsel, Amanda Roberts was Ordered to prepare the 1/19/11 Order and submit it to Appellant/Petitioner for review and signature. Ms. Roberts, however, failed to prepare and submit the 1/19/11 Order to the Court until months later. **The NEOJ of that Order was not filed until late April, 2011, despite EDCR 7.21**, whereby Counsel must furnish the Order to the clerk or Judge within 10 days of the ruling. Why is Appellant/Petitioner being held accountable to this constant abrogations of opposing counsel, Ms. Roberts, when Appellant/Petitioner is not an attorney and appearing in proper person and ultimately being prejudiced in her matters?

filed December 23, 2010, without a hearing or a filed Request for Entry of Order. Mr. Rezaee never filed Appellant/Petitioner's 16.2 Financial Disclosure Form signed on August 15, 2010 and provided to his office, and never filed other documents while he was still counsel for Appellant/Petitioner. Appellant/Petitioner did receive a responsive email January 3, 2011, by Mr. Rezaee's secretary notifying Appellant/Petitioner of the new hearing date for the 16.2 Conference (which was now scheduled for the following Monday, January 10, 2011), the time of this hearing was not known. Therefore, Appellant/Petitioner contacted the Law Clerk who notified Appellant/Petitioner of the hearing time of 10:30 a.m. In sum, Appellant/Petitioner was never properly noticed of the new hearing date and time,

Appellant/Petitioner then attempted to file an Emergency Motion to Proceed in Forma Pauperis, Affidavit and most importantly a Peremptory Challenge, although the District Court Clerk's office declined to file these documents and referred Appellant/Petitioner to file all with the Nevada Supreme Court. In speaking with the Clerk and Supervisor of the Supreme Court, it was determined that these documents were infact to be filed with the District Court Clerk's office. The District Court Clerk still declined to file such documents for Appellant/Petitioner. Therefore, Appellant/Petitioner attempted to e-file all to ensure no further prejudice, although the Court would not allow the Peremptory Challenge or Motion to be e-filed, thereby rejecting them both. Appellant/Petitioner then contacted the Court and spoke with the Law Clerk for the Presiding Judge in attempt at a resolution to the above circumstances, who then in turn spoke with the assigned Department I and the Supreme Court and later informed he passed the Peremptory Challenge, and associating documents on to the assigned Department I, (the very same Department in which was being challenged, thereby notifying the Department of said intent. The documents still had yet to be filed by the Court at this point, despite the fact this was a time sensitive situation. Further, Judge Moss - Department I said she would pass the Peremptory Challenge back to the Presiding Judge for decision, although Judge Moss issued an Order the very next day stating she herself made the decision to deny Appellant/Petitioner's Peremptory Challenge. While her Department issued a Minute Order, they refused to draft a formal Order and NEOJ of same.

Importantly, Judge Moss admitted there was ex-parte communication between herself and opposing counsel, Amanda Roberts of Roberts Stoffel and therefore recused herself from this matter. Specifically and most importantly due to the severity of the health and safety of the minor child, the Order of the January 19<sup>th</sup> hearing should be deemed "void" as it was based on prejudice and illegal acts by both the Justice and opposing counsel, See Valley v. Northern Fire & Marine Ins. Co., 254 U.S. 348, 41 S. Ct. 116 (1920), Kenner v. C.I. R., 387 F. 3d 689 (1968) and 7 Moore's Federal Practice, 2d ed., p. 512, ¶60.23. Further, with regard to some of the decisions and Orders issued by Judge Moss she lacked the jurisdiction to render same, See U.S. v. Will, 449 U.S. 200, 216, 101 S. Ct. 471, 66 L. Ed. 2d 392, 406 (1980), Cohens v. Virginia, 19 U.S. (6 Wheat) 264, 404, 5 L. Ed. 257 (1821) and People v. Miller, 339 Ill. 573 (1930).

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

Why should this Appellant/Petitioner and most importantly the subject minor, a now 14month old baby suffer the consequences of such? Who will be liable if the subject minor becomes ill again or something worse while in Respondent's care and custody? How does the Court or this Appellant/Petitioner reverse the damage that has been caused to the subject minor by Respondent? What if the subject minor was not able to breath on her own and taken off life-support while she was recently hospitalized, what if her little body gave up as a result of the damage caused by Respondent? Why isn't the Courts protecting this child or Appellant/Petitioner's rights as a concerned, caring mother? Should this Appellant/Petitioner file a Federal Complaint, keep sending the child back with Respondent? When is this situation rectified for the safety of the minor child and Appellant/Petitioner (her mother)? The subject minor is not fully recovered, is still recuperating on medication with close monitoring with exceptional care and nourishment from the Appellant/Petitioner, Her weight has increased while in Appellant/Petitioner's care and custody and even while she has returned home from being hospitalized.

Although and despite the fact this case is on Appeal, opposing counsel, Ms. Roberts decided to file a Motion to be heard on OST before the District Court Judge, now Judge Duckworth, in which the Judge dissolved the TPO (which was deferred by hearing master Lynnn Conant at the June 13<sup>th</sup> Motion to Extend TPO to the June 15<sup>th</sup> hearing before Judge Duckworth) against the Adverse Party/Respondent, failed to an evidentiary hearing on same and rendered new Orders and Findings in the D-case matter and in favor of the Respondent and his counsel. Further, Judge Duckworth stated he will give the Respondent Sole Physical and Sole Legal Custody of the minor child if Appellant/Petitioner did not follow the prior Order of Judge Moss and give the Respondent his 3 unsupervised days of time with the subject minor. Again, despite the evidence of his mental/physical impairments, history of drug abuse, violence and child abuse/neglect upon the subject minor.

#### 6. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Appellant/Petitioner again pleads with Honorable Court that she will prevail as the facts, laws, rules and the safety and severity of the subject minor's medical issues justify same. Appellant believes this Honorable Supreme Court will act in the best interest and rights of the minor child, rights of the Appellant, in accordance with the laws and so as to avoid any further prejudice and bias against Appellant in these matters.

Since I am challenging the District Court - Family Division's Orders, Appellant/Petitioner will again be highly prejudiced in both this on-going and her Supreme Court matter as referenced herein. It would thereby allow the District Court - Family Division to proceed with its current Orders, to include allowing them to discuss and utilize all documents and information from Appellant/Petitioner's separate unrelated Supreme Court matter, forcing Appellant/Petitioner to be subjected to yet another psychological Evaluation despite the favorable reports and prior testimony of highly qualified psychiatrists/psychologists stating she has no mental health issues whatsoever, in which this Court and opposing counsel is refusing to acknowledge.

///

///

Additionally, Appellant reserves her right to supplement additional information for this Appeal, Petition for Writs, Motion for Injunctions and Petition for Rehearing of the Motion for Stay should it become available or necessary. Appellant will also be supplementing additional medical records and documentation pertaining to the subject minor and Respondent's continued parental neglect and abuse upon her.

DATED this 17th day of June, 2011.

LISA MYERS

9360 West Flamingo Road, No. 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147

Appellant/Petitioner, in Proper Person

## JRIGIN.

1	ORDR 20
2	Lisa Myers
	9360 West Flamingo Road, No. 110-326
3	Lisa Myers 9360 West Flamingo Road, No. 110-326 Las Vegas, Nevada 89147 (702) 401-4440  Defendant In Proper Person
4	(702) 401-4440  Defendent in Process P
5	Defendant In Proper Person  DISTRICT COURT
	(702) 401-4440  Defendant In Proper Person  DISTRICT COURT FAMILY DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
7	
8	CALED O HASKING AND ACTION TO BE ACTION
	CALEB O. HASKINS, ) CASE NO.: 10-D-434495-D ) DEPT NO.: I
9	Plaintiff, )
10	)
11	vs.
12	LISA MYERS,
13	Defendant.
14	)
15	
	ORDER TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS
16	Upon consideration of LISA MYERS' Emergency Motion For Leave To Proceed In
17	open consideration of Basilini Elias Edinorgency Monon for Bouve to Mooded in
18	Forma Pauperis and appearing that there is not sufficient income, property, or resources with
19	which to maintain the action and good cause appearing therefore:
20	
21	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that LISA MYERS shall be permitted to proceed In
	Forma Pauperis with this action as permitted by NRS 12.015, NRAP 24(a)(1) and 28 U.S.C.
22	
23	1915.
24	
	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that LISA MYERS shall proceed without
25	
26	prepayment of costs or fees or the necessity of giving security, and the Clerk of the Court may
27	
<i>. 1</i>	
28	Page 1 of 2

1	file or issue any necessary writ, pleading or paper without charge.	
2	IT IS FUDTUED ADDEDED that the Shariff or other appropriate officer within this	
3	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Sheriff or other appropriate officer within this	
4	State shall make personal service of any necessary writ, pleading or paper without charge.	
5	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if LISA MYERS prevails in this action, the Court	
6 7	shall enter an Order pursuant to NRS 12.015 requiring the opposing party to pay into the court,	
8	within five (5) days, the costs which would have been incurred by the prevailing party, and	
9	those costs must then be paid as provided by law.	
10	Dated this 10 day of January, 2011.	
11	day of January, 2011.  (LL/B. Man)	
12	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
13	Dibility occiti 100 CL	
14	Respectfully Submitted By:	
15	Fleyers.	
16	LISA MYERS 9360 West Flamingo Road, No. 110-326	
17	Las Vegas, Nevada 89147 (702) 401-4440	
18	Defendant In Proper Person	
19		
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li></ul>	· ///	
22	///	
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		

### ORIGIN!

!				
1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF	NEVADA		
2	2	A		
3	3 LISA MYERS, ) Supreme Co	urt Case No. 57621		
4	Appellate/Petitioner,	58306		
5		t Case No. 00-D-434495		
6	5 VS.			
7	CALEB O. HASKINS,	:		
8	Respondent.			
9				
10				
1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF MAILING</u>			
12	PETITION FOR REHEARING UNDER NRAP 40 OF ORDER DISMISSING			
13				
AND EMERGENCY MOTION FOR INJUNCTION AND, PETITION FOR EN				
5	RECONSIDERATION UNDER NRAP 40A OF MOTION FOR STAY AND EMERGENCY MOTION TO SET ASIDE AND/OR VACATE THE DISTRICT COURT			
16	ORDER AS PER NRCP 59(e), 60 AND 61 via United States Mail, following:	postage prepaid, to the		
١7	7 📗			
18	Amanda M. Roberts, Esq. 2011 Pinto Lane, Suite 100	•		
19	Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 Attorney for Respondent			
201	)   Actorney for Respondent			
21	S. weer			
22	Lisa Wyers, Appendical entitor	ner		
23	In Proper Person	(***) (***)		
24		Schalade S		
25		E N		
26	5	Sales prints Sales prints Sales prints		

JUN 2 9 2011

TRACIE K. LINDEMAN
LERK OF SUPREME COURT
DEPUTY CLERK

Page 1 of 1

AN OF SUPREME COL