1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA					
2 3	* * * * FIESTA PALMS, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company d.b.a THE PALMS CASINO RESORT, Electronically Filed					
4 5	Appellant, Nov 22 2011 09:59 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman vs. No. 5963 Clerk of Supreme Court					
6	ENRIQUE RODRIGUEZ, an individual,					
7 8	Respondent.					
9	NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL EXHIBIT					
10	FOR EMERGENCY MOTION FILED ON NOVEMBER 21, 2011					
11	On November 21, 2011, appellant filed an emergency motion seeking relief from the					
	district court's order requiring a \$5.5 million supersedeas bond. As indicated in the motion at					
12 13	page 5, footnote 2, at that time appellant did not yet have the transcript of the district court					
13	hearing on November 16, 2011. Appellant's counsel received the transcript today. Therefore,					
15	we are hereby supplementing the exhibits contained in the appendix submitted with the					
16	emergency motion. The hearing transcript is attached to this notice.					
17	DATED: Nov. 27, 2011					
18						
19	ROBERT L. EISENBERG (Bat # 0950) Lemons Grundy & Eisenberg					
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### ATTACHED SUPPLEMENTAL EXHIBIT

ATTACHED SUPPLEMENTAL EXHIBIT

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \*

ENRIQUE RODRIGUEZ, . CASE NO. A-531538

Plaintiffs, . DEPT. NO. X

. TRANSCRIPT OF

FIESTA PALMS, LLC, . PROCEEDINGS

VS.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE JESSIE WALSH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

## PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION TO REQUIRE POSTING OF SUPERCEDES BOND

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2011

**APPEARANCES:** 

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: STEVEN M. BAKER, ESQ.

Benson, Bertoldo & Baker

FOR THE DEFENDANT: KEITH R. GILLETTE, ESQ.

Archer Norris Via Telephone

<u>COURT RECORDER:</u> TRANSCRIPTION BY:

VICTORIA BOYD VERBATIM DIGITAL REPORTING, LLC

District Court Englewood, CO 80110

(303) 798-0890

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

#### LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2011, 11:35 A.M. 1 (Court called to order) 2 3 THE COURT: So can we call up the Rodriguez v. 4 Fiesta Palms matter? 5 THE CLERK: Case No. A-531538, Enrique Rodriguez v. 6 Fiesta Palms, LLC. 7 MR. BAKER: Good morning, Your Honor. Steve Baker, 8 4522, representing the plaintiff. And Keith is on the call [inaudible]. 9 10 THE COURT: Oh, that's right. Give me a moment to 11 make that phone call. MR. BAKER: [Inaudible] Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Is counsel going to be on the telephone 13 14 not present? I'm sorry? 15 MR. BAKER: Counsel for the defense will be on the 16 THE COURT: 17 phone and not present? That's my understanding, Your Honor. 18 MR. BAKER: 19 THE COURT: Okay. 20 MR. BAKER: Your Honor, I've been texting him, so I 21 can text him that you're ready, as well. Very well. I apologize for the delay. 22 THE COURT: 23 No, it was interesting. MR. BAKER: THE COURT: It is interesting. 24 25 (Pause in the proceedings)

(Court calls defense counsel) 1 2 THE COURT: Good morning, I'm looking for Mr. Gillette. MR. GILLETTE: Good morning, Your Honor, on the 5 phone. THE COURT: Good morning. This is Jessie Walsh. 6 Steve Baker is present in the courtroom. Mr. Baker, could you say something to see if Mr. Gillette can hear you? 8 9 MR. BAKER: Hey, Keith. Keith, can you hear me? 10 MR. GILLETTE: I know that you said something, Mr. 11 Baker, I just can't hear it. 12 MR. BAKER: Your Honor, would you like me to make my 13 opening closer to the phone? 14 THE COURT: Yes. Can you hear me, Mr. Gillette? 15 MR. GILLETTE: I can hear you fine, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: All right. 17 MR. BAKER: Is this comfortable for the Court? THE COURT: Sure. 18 MR. BAKER: Keith, is that better? 19 20 MR. GILLETTE: Thank you. 21 MR. BAKER: You're welcome. THE COURT: Okay. This is Plaintiff's Renewed 22 23 Motion to Require Posting of Supercedes Bond. Mr. Baker? 24 MR. BAKER: Your Honor, as you know, we brought a 25 motion to originally post a supercedes bond, which occurred

after a mediation where the Palms' primary liability policy paid a million dollars of their primary on a nonrecourse basis pending remittitur.

The mediation agreement said that we will not execute pending remittitur. However, we brought the supercedes bond motion, because at the time of the mediation the Palms had forfeited on a \$380 million loan. Leonard Green & Associates came in and purchased their debt. Because the Palms had no collateral, they were unable to post a supercedes bond.

It was understood that Leonard Green, who is the principal, would foreclose on the collateral, or the Palms would be put into bankruptcy by taking and freezing their operating account and taking their assets at that particular time.

The million dollars was paid, as we said, on a nonrecourse basis, after which Leonard Green purchased the Palms' debt, making the Palms' a solvent agency at that time, which we brought the original motion for a supercedes bond in order to protect my client's interests on appeal. As the Court knew, he had a \$6,050,000 judgment entered against the Palms Hotel. The million dollars was paid. And we asked for collateral of the \$6 million, minus the \$1 million, in order to protect his interests on appeal.

We argued pursuant to McCullough [phonetic] and we

argued pursuant to <u>Nelson</u> [phonetic] how the Court should weigh the interests of the parties in determining whether a supercedes bond would be necessary. At that time, we pointed out to the Court, opposed to the arguments of Mr. Gillette, that we never contracted to waive supercedes. We only contracted to not seek collection pending remittitur.

The Court denied our motion at that time. We had expressed to the Court our real concerns for the financial condition of the Palms. We had expressed to the Court our real concerns about collection issues with respect to the Palms. But at that point in time there was, I don't really think, any indicia that the Palms was in immediate financial danger, or that the plaintiff's rights on appeal were in financial jeopardy because of any financial condition of the Palms.

After the hearing, but before an Order was entered on -- denying our Motion for Supercedes Bond, the Review Journal reported -- and it was reported across the financial boards, that the Gaming Board has recommended that 98 percent of the assets of the Palms be transferred from Fiesta Palms, LLC, which is the holding company for the Palms, to Leonard Green & Associates, meaning, only two percent of the assets of the Palms Hotel & Casino would be left in Fiesta Palms.

At this point in time, we realize that the Palms, in terms of us being able to collect against Fiesta Palms, LLC,

was in real financial jeopardy. That the ability of our client to have protection upon appeal was basically abrogated. That there was going to be only two percent of the value of the Palms left in Fiesta Palms, LLC.

So we renewed our motion prior to the order being filed denying the motion, and we set out a -- an analysis of the condition of Enrique Rodriguez, the plaintiff on appeal, subject to this very, very new and very, very important circumstance and occurrence, which is the Gaming Board recommending on the 17th, two days from now, that 98 percent of the interest of the hotel be transferred out of Fiesta Palms, LLC.

Now, in <u>Nelson</u> the Court held how this balancing is supposed to occur. And we understand at the time of the original hearing we couldn't put anything in front of you that says, imminent danger, imminent danger, danger Will Robinson kind of stuff.

But the test that was set forth in <u>McCullough</u> and <u>Nelson</u> was, one, the complexity of the collection process.

Well, at this point time, if supercedes is not filed, we're going to have to bring Leonard Green in as the transferee in interest. They're going to argue that they're a transferee in interest, and whatever basis that that is, we're going to have to argue some sort of fraudulent conveyance.

And the collection process is much, much more

difficult than if there was a viable entity, which was the ongoing business of the Palms Hotel & Casino in Las Vegas.

The second is, the amount of time required to obtain a judgment after it's affirmed on appeal. And as we've discussed, at this point in time, if the assets are transferred out of Fiesta Palms, LLC, which only has two percent interest, there's no reason first not to disclose that entity [inaudible]. It's only a two percent holding company.

The second issue is, how will we ever figure out what the apportionate [sic] amount of what's left in that entity is as associated with what's transferred to Leonard Green & Associates or TPG Holding Corporation four years from now, or however long it's going to be before the Court makes the determination. The tracing will be almost impossible.

The third is the degree of confidence that the District Court has and the availability of funds to pay the judgment. Well, 98 percent of all of the interest in this company that originally couldn't afford to pay for a supercedes bond, is now being transferred with the approval of the Gaming Commission to a company that's not only outside this jurisdiction, but it's outside any of our collection efforts. There's a real, real panicky kind of sense that this judgment will become uncollectible.

Whether -- the fourth is whether the defendant's

ability to pay the judgment is so plain that the costs of a bond would be a waste of money. Again, it's going to be an empty company. Fiesta Palms, LLC will only hold two percent of the interest in a hotel which was losing money, and again, couldn't even pay for collateral on a supercedes bond after defaulting on almost \$400 million worth of debt.

And the fifth is, whether the defendant is in such a precarious financial situation that the requirement to post a bond would place other creditors of the defendant in an insecure position. Well, that's not the issue here. The issue here is that Leonard Green is the -- has purchased the debt of the Palms with respect to the creditors.

Where a judgment creditor, which is far different than a creditor even on the revolving credit line, which was the \$400 million, or any other subsidiary or ancillary debt which is incorporated into that lump sum amount that Leonard Green purchased.

Leonard Green, however, would not be an entity, because it was not an in rem action. It was an action with respect to negligence on the premises. We have no claim against the premises itself. So we'll be the judgment creditor that's left out in the breeze without any ability to collect.

Now, the ability to post a supercedes bond is an equitable consideration for the Court. And I believe I've

just shown you that on all five points of the test set forth in <u>MuCullough</u> and <u>Nelson</u>, Enrique Rodriguez is in extreme jeopardy of not being able to collect upon appeal and he'll be left out in the breeze with nothing and no ability.

2.0

To allow for supercedes bond at this point in time is not only fair with respect to the parties, but the Court should consider the fact that the amount that was paid, that million dollars, to stop our collection efforts, was paid from an insurance policy which paid the original one million dollars on a nonrecourse basis.

The Palm has come nothing out of their pocket. And it's a complete windfall for them to be able to waive the supercedes, because their primary insurance only paid that million dollars, because the primary insurance failed to notice the excess insurance, and there's a declaratory relief action on file as to whether or not Enrique Rodriguez has any excess insurance.

So when the court considers there's no excess insurance, and that the primary, we're only buying their piece, they were mitigating their damages by paying this one million dollars up-front so that we didn't collect against, or attempt to collect against the general account or the casino cage.

So when the Court looks at it, all five tests in Nelson and MuCullough say supercedes is very much required and

necessary in this case. If it's not granted, Enrique

Rodriguez is left out in the cold. If it is granted, there's

no prejudice to the casino, because the casino didn't pay

anything with respect to stopping our collection efforts

pending remittitur. They -- the primary insurance again, only

paid in order to mitigate their damages with respect to

failing to put the excess on notice of the potential of an

excess judgment.

Otherwise, if the Court looks specifically to the agreement at mediation, nowhere in that agreement does it say it's in lieu of supercedes. And supercedes has two reasons for it. One is to stop the collection action, which was done.

But the second, and probably the most important reason once collection actions are stopped, is to protect the interest on the plaintiff of appeal, so that two-and-a-half years from now when your verdict is upheld by the Supreme Court, Enrique Rodriguez isn't standing looking at an empty company.

So our suggestion to the Court is, there's some credit should be given for the million dollars. That's just reasonable. A million dollars was paid. But that leaves Enrique Rodriguez \$5 million dollars short of having security on appeal.

And so our request to the Court would be to have a bond posted, at least in the amount of \$5 million dollars.

That doesn't even contemplate post-judgment interest on \$6 million dollars of two years, and give him some protection in the event that this remaining measly two percent is transferred out of Fiesta Palms, LLC.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Baker. Mr. Gillette?

MR. GILLETTE: Your Honor, as a threshold matter, I

note that the plaintiff's counsel, Mr. Baker, asserts a number

of issue as evidence that have absolutely no supported basis

for the purposes of this hearing. There's a great deal of

discussion about the implications and the inference of a

potential change in the ownership interest of the property

that -- and the interests of the Palms.

But there's no evidence in front of the Court that substantially supports the positions that plaintiff is arguing here. I'm not saying that he's incorrect. What I'm saying is, I don't know that, and there's no evidentiary basis before this Court to determine whether those asserted facts are, in fact, true.

It goes to the issue that we have with this motion as a -- as a threshold issue, which is, it's procedurally defective. The plaintiff here is seeking this -- the Court to reconsider the same facts, under the same circumstances, and in light of the same law. And in light of that, Your Honor, I think that the plaintiff's request is inappropriate and

procedurally defective.

Now, with respect to the issues that Mr. Baker has raised and the various issues that support the granting of a bond in these circumstances, these are all situations that are arguably, and from what I can see, facts that plaintiff knew well at the time that he agreed to compromise the positions that everyone had at the mediation settlement on May 16th. He was keenly aware that there was a great deal of uncertainty surrounding the Palms. He mentions that in his moving papers back at the time of the filing of this original motion.

There's -- simply stated, Your Honor, the concept of all of these various factors giving rise to the necessity of a bond were known and disclosed to plaintiff, and were all part of his decisions in rendering -- or coming to the conclusion that I need to -- I need to come to some sort of agreement with the opposing side, and I will take the million dollars, notwithstanding the fact that it may have come from an insurance company. This is bargain for consideration.

And what the Palms and is -- is something that has been previously briefed with this Court, and previously decided by this Court, the purpose of the payment, Your Honor, was to allow the Palms to have peace, and to protect its assets from an attempt by Mr. Rodriguez to collect on his judgment.

That -- the purpose of buying peace has value to the

Palms. And to suggest that the Palms doesn't have a dog in the fight, so to speak, is really a -- I think a stretch, because the cost and expense of paying for a bond is going to come out of the Palms' pocket. And we don't know how much that is, but it's certainly a seven figure number on a \$5 million dollar deficiency, as plaintiff suggests.

But, Your Honor, the fundamental point is that we have a mediation settlement, and that mediated settlement implicitly addresses the plaintiff's request for a bond now. And he's asserting no new facts, no new law, no new circumstance that gives rise to this Court to consider it, even if for a moment we set aside the fundamental procedural deficiencies that come with this renewed motion.

And finally, Your Honor, I would suggest that this motion is frivolous. There is nothing in plaintiff's moving papers, there is no evidence before this Court that substantiates the plaintiff's decision to refile this motion.

And just for what it's worth, that's the basis of our sanctions request on this. Now, the Court can do whatever it likes with this, but I just want to point that out.

THE COURT: Very well. I didn't know if you were finished, Mr. Gillette.

MR. GILLETTE: I apologize. Yeah, I think I've covered the points.

THE COURT: Very well. Mr. Baker?

MR. BAKER: Your Honor, with respect to there not being any new information, the mediation was in May. The article that we provided to you that the Gaming Board two days from now is going to suggest that the assets be transferred out of the Fiesta Palms, LLC, was published in November. Okay, so that's six months after the time.

At the time of the mediation, all that was known is that they didn't have the money to post supercedes and that they were looking at a potential bankruptcy with a potential motion to exclude excess insurance at that time.

Now we know that their financial position with respect to Leonard Green now owning basically the company is secure, except for visa vie our client, because he's a judgment creditor, not a creditor for any issue that Leonard Green purchased the debt.

The November article saying that they're going to purchase all of the -- or transfer all of the assets of the Palms is new information. With respect to it being jurisdictionally deficient we did a Motion to Renew. And Keith cites EDCR 13.7, but EDCR 13.7 -- it's actually DCR 13.7 -- says that a Motion to Renew shall not be filed if the matter isn't completely resolved and adjudicated.

Well, no order was filed. And this Court is extremely aware of the fact that nothing that the Court says is res judicata or --

MR. GILLETTE: May I -- may I interrupt on that point briefly, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Well, I wish you wouldn't, because Mr. Baker was --

MR. GILLETTE: Okay.

THE COURT: -- gracious enough not to interrupt you. But I'll allow you an opportunity to respond later.

MR. BAKER: And if you look, their order was filed on the 9th. Our motion was filed on the 8th -- our motion was filed on the 8th. And then I called Keith and actually told him that we were filing this motion so that he wouldn't get caught by surprise, and at that point in time he filed the order and didn't notice the entry of the order until the 9th.

And the Court can judicial notice that electronically filed our motion was on the 8th, okay, which was before the order granting, well, their opposition to our motion for supercedes bond.

Now, when they're talking about the construction of the mediation agreement, and he said it himself, it's a contractual construction. We've quoted to you the McCall [sic] case. And the McCall [sic] case says that the Court will not arbitrarily force upon parties contractual obligations, terms of conditions which they have not voluntarily assumed.

And the Court also knows that you construe a

contract on its face, and that parole evidence will stop any other type of evidence from coming in to talk about what the intent of that particular contract was.

Well, in nowhere in the mediation agreement does it say that we waive security on appeal. The only protection that was afforded, was afford to the Palms with respect to the collection. And at this point in time, we know that the Gaming Board is approving the transfer of 98 percent of the assets.

So what does it do constructively? I mean, what's the effect of it? The effect of it is Enrique Rodriguez is left \$5 million dollars shy on the judgment that this Court entered because of his damages. And it's the Court's duty to do a balancing of the interest of the parties under Nelson and MuCullough cases.

And we've gone through the five-point test. I mean, it's completely clear that that's an upholdable decision, because you're looking at the comparative interests of the parties. Palms Hotel has come nothing out of pocket at this point in time. But Palms Hotel we know is being transferred, and that transfer in interest jeopardizes the plaintiff.

And it's this Court's -- I don't want to say obligation -- but it's very, very important that it also looks to the interests of the plaintiff to protect the plaintiff's interest on appeal. And right now, it's not. And we're not

asking for the full amount. We recognize that there should be an offset. But he should have protection for this judgment.

It was a good judgment. It was a clean trial. It was complete judicial fairness. And to have him robbed of that fairness because of a transfer in interest after the company that couldn't post a supercedes bond got a temporary pass is just unfair, Your Honor, and it's an equitable decision.

THE COURT: Mr. Gillette, was there something you wanted to respond to?

MR. GILLETTE: Yeah, Your Honor. And I apologize for interrupting.

MR. BAKER: It's okay, Keith.

MR. GILLETTE: I guess I've gotten a little excited over this.

THE COURT: I understand.

MR. GILLETTE: I find it a little disingenuous that plaintiff ignores my correspondence to him on perfecting forms of orders to be submitted to the Court, and then renews the motion and asserts the fact that we didn't file the order, or a Notice of Entry of Order on the underlying motion. I think that's a bit disingenuous, and I just feel inclined to point that out to the Court.

The second is that, while Mr. Baker focuses on what the Court has the power to do within the interest of Mr.

Rodriguez, Mr. Rodriguez has been capably represented throughout this litigation. And through the advice of his counsel, entered into a contract which is a stipulated settlement that surrounds not only Mr. Rodriguez's short term recovery on a million dollars, but it also addresses Mr. Rodriguez's rights, and his remedies that relate to an unsecured portion of whatever judgment this Court is awarded.

And Mr. Baker wants us now to play Monday morning quarterback, and ignore the implications of an agreement that was negotiated at arm's length, through Mr. Rodriguez's own capable attorneys, and several of whom were present in the mediation session, giving him advice, and now we've got a little bit of buyer's remorse going.

And I don't think that it's appropriate for Mr.

Rodriguez to now seek to implicitly unwind the mediation

settlement so that he can get the benefit of each and every

twist and turn in this case. It's fundamentally unfair, Your

Honor.

And with respect to the notion of rights and interests of parties, the Palms has throughout this litigation, used whatever assets, whatever -- whatever tools are at its disposal to address this -- this underlying lawsuit.

And I would suggest, Your Honor, for the purposes of the Court's consideration, whether the Palms themselves wrote

a check for a million dollars, or insurers of the Palms paid some money in settlement is completely immaterial to the consideration here.

Because what the plaintiff is ultimately asking the Court to do, is disregard whatever benefit the Palms received under this mediation settlement. Instead, force down their throats a million plus dollar policy for this bond, and the costs associated with it. It's fundamentally unfair, Your Honor. And I would ask that this motion be denied.

THE COURT: Mr. Baker?

MR. BAKER: And do think that I probably get the last word, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You do.

MR. BAKER: Your Honor, if the mediation agreement said that we waived supercedes, and that we waived any security that he had on [inaudible] regardless of the financial condition of the Palms, I understand that. But that's not what was bargained.

What was bargained is that we wouldn't collect. And there's two parts of posting a supercedes bond as we've talked about. One, is it inures to the benefit of the defendant, that we won't collect on them pending appeal. Well, they already have that benefit.

But the second benefit that wasn't mentioned isn't implied, and is nowhere in the contract, is that Enrique

Rodriguez is entitled to security pending the appeal. It's a two-part issue. They've already got the first part. They can't have everything if they didn't bargain for everything and it wasn't expressly set out that that's what they bargained for.

So we gave them what they wanted. We didn't collect. And that host of [inaudible] that comes up with collection. But in no way should that be construed by this Court outside the four corners of the contract to infer that it's okay with us if they transfer all the interests out of the holding corporation to Leonard Green, the credit holder, and leave Enrique flapping in the wind at the time of this appeal.

And fairness requires that he provided the security. They've already gotten more than they deserved in the fact that collection actions were stopped. They can't have the whole bag and say, okay, collection actions are stopped and we can screw him over when we transfer everything out of the holding company. That's what's not fair.

And, Your Honor, for that purpose we'd ask that the reasonable bond, affording them the offset of the million dollars already paid, even though it was paid by the carrier, be ordered by this Court.

MR. GILLETTE: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes?

MR. BAKER: Your Honor, I think I get the last word on the motion.

THE COURT: You do. You do, Mr. Baker.

MR. GILLETTE: He does, and I'm not trying to deny him that. I just want to make a point, and that is, if you look at the procedural developments that underlie the mediation, it underlies a stipulation --

MR. BAKER: Your Honor, he is getting the last word.

MR. GILLETTE: -- that involve plaintiff's

[inaudible] on --

THE COURT: Mr. Gillette? Mr. Gillette, I apologize for interrupting you, but I think you're covering ground you already covered now.

MR. GILLETTE: No, the point is, is he is talking about implicit points that aren't raised within the -- within the mediated settlement. I would just point -- simply point out to the Court that at the time the mediation settlement was reached, plaintiff knew full well that the Palms was not in a position to post the bond. And that was the consideration that was part of the exchange.

THE COURT: Perhaps. But the mediation agreement, as I understand it, was really actually fairly concise in the way that it was drafted and the topics that it covered. And it did not address the issue at all of supercedes bond, as I recollect.

MR. BAKER: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I think that --

MR. GILLETTE: Well, Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- it's the Court's view that there has been a dramatic change in circumstances since May of last year when the court first heard this issue raised. And I think that the plaintiff counsel has made compelling arguments with respect to all five factors enumerated in both the Nelson case, and the MuCullough case.

I think that the only way to protect plaintiff's ability to collect the judgment would be to grant the relief requested by plaintiff counsel. The motion is granted.

Frankly, I think that the request is a reasonable one, because I think Mr. Baker actually would be entitled to request a much higher bond than the amount of the \$5 million, which he's seeking. So I think that's a reasonable request, Mr. Baker.

MR. BAKER: Well, I would -- what I was speaking about, Your Honor, just to make the record clear, is I believe on the initial amount they should get an offset for a million dollars, so it's \$5 million dollars consideration of the supercedes bond on appeal.

But whatever consideration the Court wants to make for a post-judgment interest, which is completely within the Court's discretion, I haven't calculated the post-judgment

interest. I think it's something like \$2,000 a day, is what's -- is that about right, Keith? It's -- we have it somewhere.

And I would request a higher amount than the \$5 million dollars, but in understanding that an offset is provided for the million dollars.

THE COURT: Well, the total --

MR. GILLETTE: Your Honor?

THE COURT: -- the total amount of the verdict was \$6,051,589.38.

MR. BAKER: Correct. And that -- minus one million, leave the \$5,051,000, which doesn't contemplate providing him security with respect to his post-judgment interest.

THE COURT: That's true.

MR. BAKER: And so I would think something around six-and-a-half, or \$7 million would be a reasonable bond, given the \$1 million offset that they are entitled to.

THE COURT: Mr. Gillette?

MR. GILLETTE: Yes, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Did you want to respond to that?

MR. GILLETTE: Well, Your Honor, we don't have a judgment in place right now, so the notion of any additional amounts incurring interest at \$2,000 a day I think is -- is procedurally defective.

MR. BAKER: Well, in fact, Your Honor, we do -MR. GILLETTE: And I think that that's a significant

point to consider. We have a motion that was granted to amend the judgment, but that -- and that motion was granted. We don't have an amended judgment on file that would -- that -- that would be the basis of an award at this point in time, on that -- on that interest.

MR. BAKER: And, Your Honor, with -- some of what he says is accurate. We have not submitted an amended judgment because we were waiting for the Court's order with respect to the motion consideration -- for reconsideration on their motion to retax costs, which was then granted.

So, in fact, although a specific number hasn't been set out on the judgment, the Court is aware of what post-judgment interest is. The Court is aware of the \$5 million remaining on the judgment that is in place which, in fact, is still a valid judgment until an amended judgment is filed and a notice of appeal has been filed in the case, as well.

So, I'd ask the Court to use its equitable powers and just assert a reasonable number, which is within the realm of what the Supreme Court will recognize as reasonable and provide Enrique Rodriguez with complete security pending appeal.

And we wouldn't be able to tell you what the exact amount is anyway, because we don't know when the appeal is going to be heard.

THE COURT: Defendants are ordered to post a

supercedes bond in the amount of \$5,500,000.

MR. BAKER: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll prepare an order.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. GILLETTE: Your Honor, just -- may I have some clarification? This is new -- this is new ground for me. So when you instruct the Palms to issue a \$5,500,000 bond, what are the conditions associated with this order?

THE COURT: I'm not sure I understand the question, Mr. Gillette?

MR. GILLETTE: Who has the obligation of posting it, the Palms?

THE COURT: The defendant in this action.

MR. GILLETTE: When -- what is the time period for the posting of the bond, Your Honor?

MR. BAKER: Your Honor, to understand, the Board is recommending the transfer interest in two days.

MR. GILLETTE: I'm sorry, I didn't hear what you said, Mr. Baker.

MR. BAKER: I'm sorry, Keith. I said, the hearing, or the recommendation is going forward on the 17th.

MR. GILLETTE: You know, Your Honor, I am -- I am certainly doing whatever I will do to comply with your orders on this, but I'm not in a position to say that the Palms can do this in two days, or can't do this in any number of days,

or what have you. This is a -- you know, this is a new development for me. And I am one of a number of attorneys that are representing the Palms' interest in this case.

And so I will certainly follow whatever order or instruction that you provide me. At this point in time, I'm not sure -- that's why I was, frankly, just looking for a little guidance from the Court on what -- what the Court specifically wants and how they want it.

THE COURT: What do you think is an appropriate time frame, Mr. Gillette?

MR. GILLETTE: I can't speak to the -- this is not something that I've even spoken to my client about, Your Honor. I don't even know if they have the financial wherewithal to do this. I mean, these are issues -- to be very candid, Your Honor, these are issues that go far beyond what I know of the Palms, and what they're able to do.

And this goes to also, to the underlying issues that have been presented by Mr. Baker. I'm not saying anything that he said was either true or false. I just don't know. And so the whole issue of demanding that the Palm -- or excuse me, ordering that the Palms assert a bond in this amount is -- I don't know what to do.

I mean, I will do -- I will certainly, you know, I will certainly communicate with my client exactly what I am ordered -- what you have ordered of my client. But I just

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don't know what parameters or time frames that are appropriate
 2
    or what -- what have you.
 3
              THE COURT: Two days isn't very much time, Mr.
 4
    Baker.
                         I understand.
 5
              MR. BAKER:
              THE COURT: Within 10 days, Mr. Gillette.
 6
 7
              Please prepare an order, Mr. Baker.
              MR. BAKER: Thank you, Your Honor.
 8
 9
              MR. GILLETTE: From -- within 10 days of today's
10
    date?
11
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
12
              MR. GILLETTE: Okay. So just --
13
              THE COURT: Within 10 days of the date that the
    order is presented to the Court.
14
15
              MR. BAKER:
                         And, Keith, I'll let you know the day I
16
    present the Order to the Court.
17
              THE COURT:
                         The date that the order is signed by the
18
    Court.
                          Signed? Okay.
19
              MR. BAKER:
20
              MR. GILLETTE: Can I look -- would you be kind
    enough to send me a draft of that?
21
22
              MR. BAKER: Sure. And it's simply going to be, the
   motion is granted, and it's ordered that they post supercedes
23
    in the amount of 5.5.
24
              MR. GILLETTE: Thank you.
25
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		28
7	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.	
2	MR. GILLETTE: Bye bye.	
3	MR. BAKER: Thank you, Your Honor.	
4	THE COURT: You're welcome.	
5	MR. BAKER: Have a good day, Your Honor.	
6	(Proceeding concluded at 12:08 p.m.)	
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#### CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

#### **AFFIRMATION**

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC Englewood, CO 80110 (303) 798-0890

JULIE	LORD,	TRANSCRIBER	DATE

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 1 I certify that I am an employee of Lemons, Grundy & Eisenberg and that on this date 2 Appellant's Notice of Supplemental Exhibit for Emergency Motion Filed on November 21, 3 2011 was filed electronically with the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court, and therefore 4 electronic service was made in accordance with the master service list as follows: 5 Steven Baker 6 John Navlor Jeffery Bendavid Marsha Stephenson 8 I further certify that on this date I served copies of this Notice by facsimile 9 and by U.S. mail to: 10 Fax No. 925-930-6620 Kenneth C. Ward Keith R. Gillette 11 **ARCHER NORRIS** 12 A Professional Law Corporation 2033 North Main Street, Suite 800 13 P.O. Box 8035 Walnut Creek, California 94596-3728 14 Fax No. 702-384-6568 15 Adam S. Davis Moran Law Firm 16 630 S. Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 17 18 DATED this 22 day of  $\sqrt{bV}$ , 2011. 19 Mula Srom 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28
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