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- Lower right-hand?
- 110, yes.
- So the applicant will be monitoring 110, at least 110 sites; is that correct?
- That's not entirely correct. And this is something that the county pointed cut. The comment was that it's misleading because there's no certainty that this data will be collected by the USGS or NDWR. So it indicates that there's more monitoring points than we're committing. On our next version we plan to eliminate these and give a true representation. But what we are saying is those are the locations of wells that are monitored. As long as that data is collected and available we will add it to our database and use it to monitor our model.
- But the applicant itself will not monitor these Ο. sources?
 - That's correct. We have not proposed that. Α.
- Would it be a true statement then that the Ο. applicant will monitor sources different from the 110 set forth herein?
- A. Yes. If you look at Figure 1 and Figure 2, al. of those sites that are not identified as USGS or NDWR are sites that we are proposing to collect the data from.
- And then all the data collected by other agencies 0. or individuals as set forth on Figure 7 will be kept track of

1 by the company in mesh with its, I'll say, independent 2 monitoring? 3 Α. Yes. That's what we propose. 4 MR. DE LIPKAU: No further questions. 5 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. 6 Recross. 7 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 8 By Ms. Peterson: 9 Mr. Rogers, Figure 1 and Figure 2, are they Q. 10 basically the same but one is just five years out after 11 pumping and the second is ten years out after pumping? Yes. No. The second one is 44 years out. 12 Α. 13 I'm sorry. And then looking at the text on 14 Exhibit 34, page three at the bottom. Did it describe what 15 Figure 1 shows and it says right at the end of the page going 16 in to page four, the water rights, it says the water rights within this area. Do you see that? 17 18 Α. I see that. 19 Okay. And I can't find on here where the water 20 rights are on these two figures. That's because they're not here. It's something 21 22 that the county pointed out and we're revising to correct 23 that mistake. 24 Okay. So existing, just so I'm clear, existing 25 water rights are not shown on this?

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A. That's correct.

- Q. And so these proposed monitoring locations I guess there's just no way to depict on this to show how close those monitoring sites are or where they're located in conjunction with existing water rights, is that fair to say, based on these two maps?
- A. Because the existing water rights are not shown on this map, that's correct, you can't tell how far those rights would be from a proposed monitoring site, correct.
- Q. Okay. And I guess that would be true with Figures 3 through 5 then also, is that correct, existing rights are not shown on those maps either?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. I don't -- I do have one other question. At the beginning of your redirect, Mr. de Lipkau asked you a question. He asked you if a court of competent jurisdiction ordered the mine to shut down pumping, stopping pumping would the mine comply and your answer was yes. Do you recall that testimony?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And if the State Engineer ordered you to shut down pumping would the mine comply with that order from the State Engineer?
- A. I interpreted Mr. de Lipkau's question to be court, agencies, anybody with appropriate jurisdiction, so

yes.

MS. PETERSON: Okay. That's all I have.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Any

questions of staff?

MS. URE: I have one.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Oh, I'm sorry, at the

Reese.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Ms. Ure:

- Q. I have one question for recross. For the monitoring wells that the mine is proposing to place, are those same wells going to be in place for the life of the mine for 44 years assuming, you know, there's not an earthquake and caves one in?
- A. The monitoring plan as we've written it anticipates that they'll be changed over the life of the mine and it specifically says that there may be changes in the monitoring. And again, this monitoring plan has not been approved or finalized yet, but clearly if we're proposing to put a well in there and monitor it, until that monitoring plan is changed and that change is approved by the appropriate agency, yes, we're committed to continue monitoring. That well would have to stay there or if it went bad it would have to be replaced.
 - Q. So any change in a monitoring well would have to

be approved by the monitoring plan and that's approved by 1 2 that agency? 3 A. Yes. If I understand your question. The 4 monitoring plan is approved by the agencies and it is a 5 requirement for as to operate. The change in that plan has 6 to be approved by those agencies. MS. URE: Okay. No further questions. 8 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. Thank you. 9 THE STATE ENGINEER: I have a question. 10 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead. THE STATE ENGINEER: Mr. Rogers, it's kind of a 11 12 follow-up to Ms. Peterson's question. I understand you 13 didn't plot existing rights on these maps. Did you look to 14 see whether or not there were existing rights that fell in to 15 that 44 template contour shaded area? 16 THE WITNESS: Yes. Those were plotted in the 17 hydrology report and they have also been added in the EIS so 18 we have looked at them, yes. 19 THE STATE ENGINEER: And Mr. de Lipkau, are we 20 going to hear more from your hydrologist about effective drawdowns? 21 22 MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes, sir. Mr. Katzer will 23 discuss that. 24 THE STATE ENGINEER: Thank you. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Any other questions from 25

staff? 1 MR. FELLING: I do have. 2 3 EXAMINATION 4 By Mr. Felling: 5 Mr. Rogers, there was a ten-foot drawdown contour 6 that was shown on the map and I understand, tell me if this is not correct, that that's the -- that the cut-off that the BLM is interested in in determining impacts; is that 8 9 accurate? 10 Α. That's -- They told us to plot the ten-foot 11 contour for their impact analysis, yes. 12 Is General Moly proceeding with that ten-foot drawdown being a de facto cut-off or any impact to evaluate? 13 14 No. We're using it as a guide. One of the 15 things that is notable though is that drawdown takes a long time to move from the well fields. It takes quite a while to 16 17 go. So we understand that there can be impacts from drawdown 18 less than ten feet and we are committed to mitigating those 19 impacts. 20 MR. FELLING: Okay. No more questions. 21 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: All right. Thank you, 22 Mr. Rogers. You may step down. 23 Could we have your next witness. MR. DE LIPKAU: I'd like to call Mr. Katzer. 24 We'd like to introduce the --25

1	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: You want to go ahead and
2	go through the exhibits?
3	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yeah. 32 through 36.
4	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's take those one at
5	a time here. Exhibit 32 is the matrix, any objection?
6	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
7	MS. URE: No objection.
8	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: It will be admitted.
9	Exhibit 33 is the summary of the hydrology
10	modeling reports.
11	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
12	MS. URE: No objection.
13	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 34 is the
1 4	monitoring plan with the added figure.
15	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
16	MS. URE: No objection.
17	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: It will be admitted with
18	the added figures. I just want to make sure Exhibit 33 is
19	admitted. Go to Exhibit 35 is a schematic of water cycle.
20	Any objection?
21	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
22	MS. URE: None.
23	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 35 will be
24	admitted.
25	Exhibit 36 is the BLM letter of July 27th 2010.

admitted. And you did talk about several of Eureka County's 1 2 exhibits. I was going to wait until you brought them up as 3 well or should we go ahead and admit them now? 4 MS. PETERSON: Which ones were they? 5 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: 502, 507 and 518. 6 MS. PETERSON: I don't have any objection to admitting them now. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Did you want to go ahead 8 9 and admit those, Mr. de Lipkau? 10 MR. DE LIPKAU: Yeah. 11 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That would be Exhibits 12 502, 507 and 518. Ms. Ure, any objection? 13 MS. URE: No objection. 14 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibits 502, 507 and 518 will be admitted. 15 16 And we're now ready for Mr. Katzer. Please be 17 sworn. (Witness was sworn in) 13 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We have a power point 19 from Mr. Katzer. We don't have the controller so we have 20 21 someone will manually do the slides for you, Mr. Katzer. MS. PETERSON: I have an objection to this power 22 point because the notice of hearing specifically stated that 23 24 power points needed to be provided as exhibits for evidence 25 and exchanged prior to the date of the hearing and I have

1 never received this power point. 2 MR. DE LIPKAU: All documents that will be shown 3 on the power point are contained within the evidentiary 4 package. We wanted to make it easier for all parties. If we C_{j} can't use power point, we'll refer to the exhibits. Nobody will be prejudiced. Let me put it that way. 6 7 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: You're not asking for this power point to be an exhibit; is that correct? 8 9 MR. DE LIPKAU: No. Just for ease of 10 presentation, Mr. Katzer, for example, will discuss Figure 1, 11 Figure 1 is in your booklet and it will be on the power 12 point. Nothing is new. 13 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That's fine. 14 MS. PETERSON: For the record may I read from the 15 notice? HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead. 16 17 MS. PETERSON: On page four, "Any document, 18 report, power point slides, et cetera, that any participant 19 intends to refer to must be provided as an exhibit during the 20 administrative hearing and served upon the other participants

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. And we have
Exhibit 38 is Mr. Katzer's?

and the State Engineer in advance." That's the basis of my

MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes.

objection to this exhibit.

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1	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And that was prefiled?
2	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes.
3	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. Go ahead.
4	THE WITNESS: The slides are from Exhibit 39.
5	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 39. We may have
6	to find an IT person to make sure we can Let's go off the
7	record.
8	(Discussion was held off the record)
9	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead.
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11	TERRY KATZER
12	Called as a witness on behalf of the
13	Applicant, having been first duly sworn,
14	Was examined and testified as follows:
15	DIRECT EXAMINATION
16	By Mr. de Lipkau:
17	Q. Please state your name.
18	A. Terry Katzer, K-a-t-z-e-r.
19	Q. Mr. Katzer, you testified at the October 2008
20	hearing before the State Engineer on behalf of the same
21	applicant, did you not?
22	A. Yes, I did.
23	Q. And you qualified as an
24	(Discussion was held off the record)
25	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau has
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1	indicated that he has chosen not to utilize the power point
2	presentation. We are at Mr. Terry Katzer's testimony. You
3	mentioned he was previously qualified in hydrogeology in the
4	Kobeh Valley hearing of 10-13-08. He has also been
5	previously qualified in hydrogeology in several previous
6	hearings before the State Engineer. Will there be any
7	objection to qualifying Mr. Katzer as an expert in
8	hydrogeology?
9	MS. FETERSON: No.
10	MS. URE: No.
11	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. You'll be
12	qualified as an expert in hydrogeology for purposes of this
13	hearing.
14	MR. DE LIPKAU: I don't know whether to start or
15	wait until the power point comes up.
16	MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: We're just trying to get the
17	library connection going again where the overflow people are
18	watching.
19	MR. DE LIPKAU: So I can continue then?
20	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau.
21	Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) Mr. Katzer, have you had an
22	occasion to review your testimony before the State Engineer
23	on October 13th 2008?
24	A. I have.

Q. Do you wish to make any changes to your prior

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I don't wish to make any changes. I wish to make A. some additions.

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Q. All right. Would you please make additions?

I will. The first figure is Figure 331, major streams and drainages in the study area.

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All right. Let's --Ο.

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Α. Okay.

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Q. Let's determine where and what exhibit that document is in?

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Α. As I indicated, it's Exhibit 39.

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0. And Exhibit 39 is the two volume model?

Yes, that's correct. In the northern part of the

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project area on the border of Roberts Mountain on the border 15

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between Kobeh and Pine Valley with Diamond Valley to the east there are a series of streams. And these are, these are

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mostly perennial streams and they come and they drain in to

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Kobeh Valley and in to Pine Valley. And the purpose of showing these is because that was one of my main tasks after

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the 2008 hearing was to help establish a monitoring network

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of surface water stations. And I did this in concert with

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Interflow Hydrology, Western States Engineering and Eureka

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Moly. And you can see the streams all have names and there's

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those little green triangles on them and those are the

approximate locations of gauging stations.

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A. Myself and Bob Squires and we were helped occasionally by Dwight Smith. And so we've established, we've established probably 12 to 15 gauges. And there are some that are not on here because we just -- we just located them a couple of months ago.

But let me take a quick tour of the mountain and I'll give you the names of the station, of the streams that we're monitoring. Starting with Roberts Creek and going west to Rutabaga Creek and then going to Cottonwood Canyon and to Tonkin Reservoir, Pete Hanson Creek, Birch Creek, Willow Creek and Willow Canyon -- Willow Springs and Willow Creek, excuse me. Vinini Creek, Henderson Creek and over in Diamond Valley we have Shipley Hot Springs. And then not shown are three creeks that we considered to be regional in nature. And the reason we want to do that, we want to move away from the project area is to be able to see what the regional hydrology looks like.

And they're located, one is located on the eastern side of the Simpson Park Range in Grass Valley. The other one is located in Pine Creek in Monitor Valley. That's southern Monitor Valley. And the other one is located in the west side of Antelope Valley, Allison Creek. So those are kind of our three marker stations that we hope to eventually collect enough data on so we can make some assumptions as to

the regional nature of runoff, storms and runoff.

So the purpose again of these perennial streams and there are a couple of ephemeral streams. And the purpose is not only to measure the total water resource but also to look at the variability. Because it is a critical factor in trying to determine stream flow. And if we get to a point where we're going to try and make a judgment on impact, it is absolutely critical to have the variability of these streams defined.

- Q. Excuse me for interrupting. But when you installed these gauges as you just testified, were there any other gauges on Pete Hanson Creek and tributaries?
- A. The only gauges we saw were unused. There was one on Tonkin Springs. There was one on Shipley. And I think those are the only two. I'd have to go back and look at my notes for that, Ross. But I'm really sure there's only two unused gauges that we've seen.

Now, having said that, we have not canvassed the whole stream. We haven't walked the whole channel. We've walked parts of them but not the whole channel. So there could be some sort of a measuring device that we just have not discovered.

All right. So then I think that's all I want to say about those streams. And ch, I should say that the green dots are not necessarily in the right spot because we've been

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moving the stations to find the most optimum location for the gauging station.

Okay. The next figure is Figure 3.4-6, interpreting water levels. And that again is in Exhibit 39. Oh, one correction. I just noticed that there was also an unused gauging station on Coils Spring but it's not used anymore.

- 0. What does unused mean?
- It's in disrepair and it's not operating. There's no equipment in it, but it's an old gauging station. And I suspect that it was operated by the BLM back in the '50s and '60s.

Okay. Figure 3.4-6. And some of my testimony or maybe a fair amount of my testimony in 2008 had to do with this same figure. This shows the difference in water levels at Coils -- Not Coils. Excuse me. At Devil's Gate. And it shows water levels on both sides of the canyon. And what it shows is that the water level difference is about somewhere between 70, 60, 70, 80 feet. You can't tell because the wells aren't exactly at the front and the end of the canyon, the east or west sides.

- Can you please tell us where Devil's Gate is on Q. this here?
- Well, it's nearly in the middle on the right-hand side. Lone Mountain is virtually in the middle and Devil's

Gate is just to the right about an inch and a half. And there's a 6,000 foot line, contour line, water level line in Kobeh. And in Diamond Valley there's a 5900 foot line. So if you just take those differences it's about a hundred feet. But I think it's a little less than that.

So what this shows, what this tells me is that the gradient between the two valleys is such that massive pumping in Diamond Valley has not impacted any of the water levels in Kobeh Valley. And that's pre-development. And so there is 60, 70 years of pumping. And it's never impacted the water levels in Diamond Valley. The water table is really close to the surface in Diamond Valley. Excuse me. In Kobeh. So if that's true, which I believe it is, then the pumping of project wells in Kobeh Valley will not impact Diamond Valley.

Q. Now --

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A. One more thing. I'd like to make reference to Figure 317, the extent of plasticine lakes within the Diamond Valley regional flow system. And again, this is in 39, Exhibit 39. And there is a journal article or a thesis rather that we ran across and it's the Lowe report. It's a thesis by Dennis Lowe. I don't know the exhibit number. But in that thesis he talks about the pre, the very earliest plasticine lakes, plural, Lake Jonathan in Kobeh Valley and Lake Diamond in Diamond Valley. He talks about the high

stand line of those lakes.

- Q. Excuse me, Mr. Katzer. If you're going to refer to what is referred to as the Lowe report, it's Exhibit 415.
- A. 415. And I think the date on that is I want to say 1983. '82, 1982. Anyway, in that report he talks about investigators of Marty Neflin and Peg Wheat and Blackwelder I think his name was. And it's a 1948 reference. And they measured the height of these high stand lines.
 - Q. What is a high stand line?
- A. That's a high shore line, the maximum shore line. And they determined that Kobeh Valley, the high stand line was 80 feet higher than the stand line, the high stand line in the Diamond Valley. To me this is another permeability problem or a solution, depending on your perspective. But if that high stand line could last -- And I don't know how long it lasts, thousands of years perhaps. Without that water seeping through either through the dam or the high stand lines, and they were probably connected, they were probably connected or butted up against maybe a rock outcrop. It might have been the Devil's Gate limestone. I don't know that. But at one point it didn't go anywhere. That was the high stand. You would think that over time there might very well have equalized out but they did not.

So I think that's another point that I fortunately believe shows that the permeability differences

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are such that pumping in Kobeh Valley will not impact Diamond Valley.

And then they breached, Kobeh must have got more water, breached the dam and eroded it out.

- Q. And that drained the lake in Kobeh Valley?
- A. It drained the lake in Kobeh in to Diamond.
- Q. Are you saying then that the groundwater levels in Kobeh Valley have remained consistently about 80 or so feet above the pre-pumping water levels in Diamond Valley?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And that condition remains today?
- A. It does. And it may not be 80 feet. It may be a few feet less. It's hard to make that judgment.

All right. Let's go to Figure 3.3-2 in Exhibit 39. And this was presented in 2008. And we talked about how in Roberts Creek, which is on the left-hand side of the figure. It runs from north to south. The Roberts Creek flow on August 22nd of 2007 was measured from the confluence of the east fork of Roberts Creek and the west fork, made several measurements all the way down to where Roberts Creek exits the mountain block or very close to where it exits the mountain block. Actually if you are familiar with that, it's very close to the first road crossing when you're driving up the creek.

But we saw the flow steadily decrease. And these

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are several measurements that we made in one day overtime and we've averaged them out and they show that the flow from the top to the bottom loses discharge, loses flow. What that means is that flow is going to the groundwater system, draining to the groundwater system with some amount, probably being used by the repairing vegetation. But it was a decreasing flow all the way down the system.

Now, in the vicinity of, if you see there SR4. 0.12 CFS, just downstream a little bit there's what's called the middle Roberts Creek well. And the middle Roberts Creek well, we had the well surveyed and the channel surveyed. And the difference between the water level in the well and the bottom of the creek is about 66 feet on the day we did this survey, which means to me that the channel is perched. perched in this very narrow alluvial valley that runs up in to the Roberts Mountain there. And the stream is not in direct contact with the groundwater.

(Cell phone rings)

THE WITNESS: It's my mother. She always calls.

- (By Mr. de Lipkau) Could I stop you right there, Ο. Mr. Katzer?
 - Α. Sure.
- You testified earlier that Roberts Creek at least 0. the segment you measured is a losing stream and that the water is percolating in to the groundwater system; right?

- Q. And then you just said that you think the creek and shallow groundwater system are not hydrologically connected to the aquifer to which the applications here seek groundwater. Is that your testimony?
- A. Right. I say it a little differently. I would say they're not in direct physical contact but they are in hydrologic continuity. We can sense that the water from the creek drains down in to, in to the groundwater table underneath. It's got to go through the saturated part to get there.
 - Q. When you say underneath?
 - A. Subsurface.
 - Q. How far dawn?
- A. It probably varies from well up in the mountain block by the confluence of Roberts Creek and east west from probably just a few feet down to, well, clearly 66 at the middle of Roberts Creek well.

And then as you will learn later in the session, there is a large fault that crosses the creek in the vicinity of the middle of Roberts Creek, actually about a half mile down, I think, and the water table just really drops from there. And I forget. You'll have to ask Dwight or Jack that question. I think it's something like 150 feet difference. So clearly the water in Roberts Creek is perched above the

groundwater system. So that any pumping will not reach, will not reach the creek and cannot drain the creek dry.

Now, we have a gauge at just below the confluence of those three forks and then we have a gauge downstream. We don't have a full years of record of actual recording because we just got the lower gauge on in April. But in 2009 we estimated the total flow and we show about 120, 130 feet less water at the lower gauge than at the upper gauge. And while that's not — it's preliminary record and we'll probably eventually change it. But with the gauging stations in a few years we'll be able to make some really definitive stages about that.

It is somewhat complicated on Roberts Creek because there is just below the upper gauge a tenth of a mile, a couple tenths, there is a perennial stream. There's very little water. We measured it at about just a few hundredths.

- Q. Hundredths of the CFS?
- A. Of cubic foot per second of water, yes, just a few gallons a minute. And then there are a few springs in there too. And one drains directly in to the creek. This is Yerington Spring. But I don't know how much of the water is diverted. It's nearly impossible to measure. And I think that water goes towards the, goes to the Roberts Creek Ranch.

The other spring is just a diffuse system sitting

there and I can't make any sense out of it. You can't measure. It's just a real wet spot right next to the creek. So it could very well be creek water coming back in somehow and we haven't been able to sort that out. But it does complicate the record and we always have to be aware of those sort of things.

Moving over the hill on to --

- Q. Before we do that, Mr. Katzer, let me back up a little bit. You've just gone over the Roberts Creek drainage. Let's kind of start from where you left off in 2008. What -- Do you understand where we're going?
 - A. I'm not sure yet.
 - Q. Okay. You were involved in Exhibit 116?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. In 2008. And what was your task at the 2008 hearing?
- A. In 2008 we had made a series of measurements obviously in August of '07, but mostly what I was involved with then was to put together the basin groundwater budgets and we looked at precipitation, tried to make some sense out of that, the existing stations, and could not. I made a large series of estimates of surface water runoff from not only the perennials but also all of the ephemeral streams that are in the project area. Not all of them, but most of them. To try and come up with a number of how much water

comes down off the mountain block. And most of it ultimately recharges the groundwater system. And that was primarily all I did.

- Q. And then you testified at that hearing that in your opinion, your professional opinion there were approximately 16,000 acre-feet annually recharging Kobeh Valley?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And is that about the same number the USGS publishes?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you also testified based upon the recharge of 16,000 acre-feet that the development of 11,300 acre-feet does not adversely affect surface water sources or would intercept water which otherwise would flow or allegedly flow from Kobeh to Diamond?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. How would you describe that method of testimony?
 - A. The basin water budget primarily.
- Q. All right. In your opinion would your testimony standing alone prove the points that, number one, there's water availability, and number two, that the development of that water would not tend to impair existing rights?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. You've testified before the State Engineer

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many times?

- Α. Yes.
- Were you involved in the I'll say the Bugo report as we've called it, Exhibit 116? 115. I'm sorry.
- No. I discussed parts of it with Tom, Tom Bugo, but I was not involved in any of the work.
 - You shared no data? 0.
 - No. A.
- Q. All right. You realize Mr. Buqo has passed away. Could you describe how Mr. Bugo went through his task?
- Tom was tasked with locating the wells, providing Α. geophysics, providing estimates of production at the well sites, how much each well would produce and where the best, where the optimum areas were to drill these wells and to evaluate them based on his knowledge of the geology of the valleys and mountains.
- In your opinion would Mr. Buqo's testimony of 2008 prove the same two elements, one, availability of water and two, the pumping of 11,300 AFA would not impair existing rights?
- MS. PETERSON: Objection. The question is asking this witness if Mr. Bugo's testimony in 2008 still stands today such that it would, there is water available to appropriate and it would not impact existing rights. And of course, Mr. Bugo is not here. So I think the proper course

is that Mr. Buqo's testimony in 2008 rests as it stands on the record and there should be no opinions by Mr. Katzer in 2010 on what Mr. Buqo's opinions would be.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I didn't think you were asking him Mr. Bugo's opinions.

MR. DE LIPKAU: No. I asked Mr. Katzer if he believed the Tom Buqo testimony and report, Exhibit 115, standing alone, supported the two positions. It's a yes or no question.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: So it's Mr. Katzer's opinion based on his review of the documents from the previous hearing. That's what I got out of it. Is that the question --

MR. DE LIPKAU: That's my question.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: -- you're objecting to?

MS. PETERSON: I am objecting to that question.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We can accept it as your opinion of Mr. Buqo's work and his prior testimony on the exhibit but not of what Mr. Buqo may or may not have said today if he were here today.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, I wouldn't do that.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And I want to make sure that's clear for the record and I believe that in that context it's okay.

Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) Mr. Katzer, we introduced

Exhibit 38. Would you please refer to that.

A. Yes. Explain?

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Q. Explain Exhibit 38.

A. In Exhibit 38 I have some paragraphs that deal with perennial yield at the front first two pages and then I talk about why I think that Roberts Creek and Vinini and Henderson Creek would not be impacted by project pumping. And then I've included also the 2009 first annual surface water report which lists all of the gauges that we had in operation as of, as of the end of 2009. And as I've indicated, we changed that considerably.

But this is our very first estimate to try and figure out what the stream flow characteristics are of these various streams and it's taken us a while to move them around a little bit. We've added some. We've even dropped some actually. But it's a work in progress and it's going to take a while to get it all sorted out.

And so these are just really the first year is pretty much just a -- It's not a crude estimate. It's based on hard data that we collected, but we'll do a lot better when we have gauge data that we can utilize.

- Q. Have you briefly described Exhibit 38?
- A. Briefly.
- Q. All right.
- A. Well, okay. There's one caveat -- Well, I'll

- Q. We've gone through Roberts Creek. I want to take these creeks separately. I think you testified that in conclusion the pumping of the water here sought would not adversely impact the surface waters of Roberts Creek and tributaries, is that your testimony?
 - A. Yes, that's my testimony.
 - Q. All right. Let's move to the next creek.
- A. All right. On the same figure, 332 of 39, Exhibit 39, and we talked about Roberts Creek. There's also Henderson Creek about in the middle center of the figure. And again, there are arrows that indicate sites where we made miscellaneous measurements and these are made over a day.
- Q. Excuse me, Mr. Katzer. In Henderson Creek we are now in Pine Valley?
 - A. We're in Pine Valley, that's correct.
- Q. And the rest of your testimony involving these particular creeks will be in Pine Valley, not Kobeh or Diamond; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. All right.

A. We did the same thing. We made a series of measurements and we determined -- This again is in August, August 22nd of '07. And the flow was down to, down to base

flow. And so it's losing flow from the top to the bottom from high up in the system down to -- down to where it went to zero. And that indicates again that the channel is sitting there contributing water to the groundwater system, not the groundwater system feeding Henderson.

Having said that, we now have a year of data behind us and we have two gauges on it, which we just recently installed. But we find that the measurement sites that we had before, we called them the upper and lower sites, were pretty evenly divided on Henderson Creek in terms of the amount of spring flow that they were receiving.

For 2009 we determined there was about a hundred acre-feet of spring flow feeding the creek above the upper gauge. And the lower gauge is about a mile and a half, two miles downstream. And it was gaining also another hundred acre-feet. Not quite but almost. So that's because of spring flow. There is a series of springs between, from the lower gauge all the way up to the top of the system, top of the drainage area actually.

And so those springs decreasing flow with time, with the year, as the snows melt, most of the water comes off, and as you would expect, April, May, June, maybe some in to July. And then by the time we get in to August we're starting to get down to just a few gallons a minute. And then the stream goes dry. And it dried up, I can't remember

the exact date this year. But we have it somewhere in late August I think it was drawn.

Henderson Creek is really interesting, at least to me, because it's the smallest creek that we measure. And it has, it has about 50 percent volcanics in the upper part of the drainage and about 50 percent of the vinini formation in the lower part of the drainage. And both of these are really low permeability systems.

And so what I think is happening is that there's a disasoral mantel. And also I think the number is just a little less than four square miles of drainage area. No. It's less than two. It's really a small area. And so what I think happens is in the upper part of the system there is a fair amount of alluvium sitting on top of the volcanics. And I think that's the main reservoir for these springs. And they flow, they flow all year. But they do decrease in flow towards the end of the year. And they get down to almost nothing, just a few gallons, a few gallons a minute.

So I find it really difficult to believe that whenever the ten-foot contour, the ten-foot drawdown does get up theoretically and touches Henderson Creek in the lower part, not the upper part, so I don't think it will bother the springs at all if that becomes reality.

- Q. Why is that?
- A. Well, because the springs are also sitting above,

- Q. When you say sitting above, what's the difference in elevation?
- A. Several hundred feet, a thousand feet. It's a long way up to the top of the mountain.
- Q. All right. So what you're saying is the pumping water level is at a certain level?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Let's call it zero. And the springs are?
- A. Several hundred feet to over a thousand above that, sitting above that.
- Q. Right. And what is the source of water to the springs in the surface water?
 - A. It's a melting snow.
 - Q. So it is not groundwater coming up then?
 - A. No.
- Q. And discharging?
- A. No. It's water goes down, it follows gravity.
 - Q. Right.
- A. And so -- All right. We go to use the same figure, just over to Vinini Creek. And during that run, Vinini Creek was dry. So this year or after 2009 we've got two gauges in, one up high and one down low, and we find that Vinini Creek is not very perennial except during the runoff period. In the mid-summer to late summer and fall it becomes

intermittent and then it turns in to almost to an ephemeral stream.

We found that the gauges which are sitting up like at 7800 feet altitude and -- 7200 and 6800. That's our spread. That the gauge will have flow, both gauges will have flow and it will be dry for most of its course in between. And we'll come back the next month and the gauges, the gauges are dry but there's no flow and then you'll see flow in the narrow parts of the drainage area where the mountain encroaches on the channel. And so sometimes the gauges are flowing and there's dry stretches and sometimes there's dry stretches and the gauges aren't flowing. We haven't quite got this one figured out. That's part of this whole process is to be able to monitor these gauges, these streams and define their flow of variability characteristics. And that's primarily the whole purpose, because they're going to be in the monitoring system.

- O. And Pete Hanson Creek?
- A. Pete Hanson Creek -- Pete Hanson Creek drains, it's sort of the western, northwestern part of Roberts

 Mountain. It backs up and headwaters in Roberts Mountain peak. And this is the -- this channel, this stream system is the largest that we measure. It is the largest runoff per unit area that we have, which I thought was really strange until we started looking at the -- looking at the geology

with interflow hydrology. And they pointed out to me all of these basalt dike rocks that are part of the Nevada rift.

And the upper, I think it's the upper 2,000 acres of Pete Hanson Creek is covered with numerous rock, the salt rift dikes. And what I think they're doing is becoming an impermeable boundary to any water there and it's getting in to the stream.

- Q. Impermeable boundary is what?
- A. To groundwater flow, to letting the water seep in to the ground.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. Letting it get in to the groundwater system. It's getting in to the creek, running off. And all it's really doing is changing the distribution of the recharge area from the mountain block down to the valley fill.
 - Q. That's Pine Valley?
- A. That's Pine Valley, yes. And we've done, we've completed a pre-extension seepage run there this last summer, spring/summer. And we were looking for areas where water was coming and going, fault zones across the creek. And we found, we found a couple areas where there was, where the flow more than quadrupled from the next site above it. And so that meant there had to be some inflow without -- we couldn't see any springs, had to be probably from a fault system of some sort. And then within a three-quarters of a

mile downstream it was nearly all gone again. We lost a fair amount of that water. And again, we were trying to figure out these characteristics, what happens to the streams, what doesn't happen to them.

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On the site, on the lower site where we were losing all the water there's an old diversion ditch there. And I almost think that there might have been a black hose stuck in the creek and it was siphoning the water out. But we can't see -- we can see where the old rock dam was that diverted the water, but there's no sign of any sort of irrigation system there to divert it.

Pete Hanson also is the one of two creeks, I guess, that freezes solid during the winter. From our upper gauge always has water flowing under the ice and two or three feet of snow. And the lower gauge is frozen really solid. It stays zero flow for like December, January, February and I think we were starting to get some flow in March.

And that's exactly the same thing we found in Roberts Creek. The upper gauge at Roberts Creek below those three forks always was open. It would have a little ice. But it was always flowing. The lower gauge would be frozen solid. And we would take a big ice chisel and we would chisel down from six to eight inches of ice in a couple three or four places in the channel to try and find water but it was not there, which means to me that it was being

infiltrated in to the groundwater system, the same as Pete Hanson.

I have two other figures that don't correspond to the same figures in Exhibit 39. So I think I'll just talk about the ten foot, ten foot, the maximum ten-foot drawdown curve, the theoretical drawdown curve from the pit as well as from the well field. And this line or these lines because there are different periods of time when interflow hydrology has made that judgment and you should be able to ask him more about this later.

- Q. What exhibit are you referring to?
- A. Exhibit 39. I can't make reference to the rigures because they've been changed slightly and I don't have any numbers. They're in the report. And so these figures get up and they do, one of them does cross the lower part of Henderson Creek. It does cross the lower part of Henderson Creek. But that's the one that has the 50 percent volcanics and 50 percent vinini, really, really tight pits. And so I don't think that there's any way at least in my lifetime, maybe some of yours, that it will ever ever impact Henderson Creek. And again, the reason for that is, as I mentioned earlier, are the springs sitting above and beyond that ten-foot theoretical line.
- Q. Mr. Katzer, you said that your opinion there would be no impact to the groundwater table, no impact to the

- A. In Kobeh Valley to the top of the range?
- O. Correct.

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- A. That's got to be three to 4,000 feet. Maybe, yeah, three to four.
- Q. Okay. Will the pumping over time cause impacts to springs in direct stock watering wells in the floor of Kobeh Valley?
- A. I believe it will. And I can't name the springs because I'm not that familiar with them. Mud Springs, for instance, I know where that is. I've been there. It will probably dry that up with time. And other springs that are in close proximity to the well field.
 - Q. Stock watering wells?
 - A. Stock watering wells, yes, probably.
- Q. Could you state whether or not you're aware whether the applicant has agreed orally and in writing to mitigate these sources that may be impacted?
 - A. Yes, I'm sure they will, yes.
- Q. Let's see if we can summarize your testimony on Roberts Creek, Roberts Creek drainage. I think we tried this before. And is it your testimony that the development of the desired volume of groundwater will not impact the surface waters of Roberts Creek and tributaries?

- Q. Please explain again why.
- A. Well, the stream from the confluence of the east and west forks, which is up in the mountain block, is perched above higher than the underlying groundwater table in that small little alluvial valley that's occupied by Roberts Creek.
 - Q. And the difference is hundreds of feet?
- A. In some areas it's probably close to 200 down way in the lower end of it. But in the vicinity of the Roberts Creek Well, the middle of Roberts Creek Well it's 60-some-odd-feet difference.
 - Q. And the Henderson Creek?
 - A. Henderson Creek.
- Q. Will there be an impact on the water of the Henderson Creek and their spring source?
- A. I don't believe so. The caveat to that is I haven't walked that entire channel. So there could be a spring really close to our lower gauge which is where the ten-foot line gets very close to it. That could be impacted. I don't know that. But in the upper part where most of the water comes from, the springs are higher, much higher than the drainage. And it will be, it's a top down recharge for those springs receiving water from the melting snows and draining out of the overlying alluvium.

1	Q. So groundwater is not hydrologically being pumped
2	up?
3	A. No.
4	Q. So all the spring source is water above them
5	comes out?
6	A. That's true.
7	Q. And again what would be the difference in
8	elevation from the springs on Henderson Creek to the pumping
9	revel caused by the KVR pumping?
10	A. It's got to be, it's got to be over a thousand
11	feet.
12	Q. All right. Let's move on to Vinini Creek.
13	A. Same problem on Vinini Creek. Vinini Creek is
14	totally out of reach by the theoretical drawdown.
15	Q. So again is it your opinion that the desired
16	pumping will have no impact on the waters of Vinini Creek?
17	A. It is.
18	Q. And the Pete Hanson Creek, I ask you same
19	question. Will the desired pumping cause an impact to the
20	surface waters of the Pete Hanson Creek?
21	A. No, it will not.
22	Q. Let's go back to when you first made an on-site
23	inspection. Did you see any measuring devices on Pete Hanson
24	Creek and tributaries?
25	A. No, I did not. But again, the caveat is I

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Ms. Peterson:

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- Q. Mr. Katzer, I'm Karen Peterson. I'm the attorney for Eureka County. And I guess just following up on that line of questioning from your attorney. I mean determining whether there's water available to appropriate is not just a mathematical exercise. This is the amount of perennial yield, this is the amount of water rights that have been permitted or certificated in the basin and so any difference is water available to appropriate. That's not what the total job of the State Engineer is, is it?
 - A. Would you repeat the question.
- Q. The job of the State Engineer is not just to perform a mathematical calculation to determine whether water is available to appropriate the source?
 - A. That's one of its jobs.
- Q. It's not the sole basis to appropriate water, is it?
- A. Well, in order to appropriate water you must prove that there is water available. And so that's why the USGS started in 1962 determining the amount of groundwater discharge and the amount of groundwater recharge in all of the basin. So then the State Engineer can use that data to make a judgment.
 - Q. And I notice you said at the beginning of your

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44	pumping going to capture the ET?
2	A. The mine's pumping will begin to capture the
3	discharge through evapotranspiration at some point, yes.
4	Q. At some point?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And the maximum amount captured is approximately
7	4,500 acre-feet?
8	A. 4,500 acre-feet?
9	Q. Yes.
10	A. Oh, you mean after the 44 years?
11	Q. Yes.
12	A. I don't know exactly.
13	Q. You don't know?
14	A. No.
15	Q. And that definition of perennial yield for this
16	basin in Kobeh Valley, the one we just talked about, 16,000
17	assuming capture of the ET, that's consistent with those
18	definitions of perennial yield that you put in your Exhibit
19	38 I think it was?
20	A. Pretty much.
21	Q. The examples that you put in there; is that
22	correct?
23	A. Yes, yes.
24	Q. Okay. And the examples that you put in your
25	report are a little bit different than what's worded in the

- A. The reason I put those in, I thought it would be interesting to take a lock and see how that definition -- It doesn't really change, but it's modified through time by the various authors. Modified in the sense that they increase the descriptors on what would or would not happen.
- Q. And there's also some statements made about transitional storage in your Exhibit 38?
 - A. Right.
- Q. And would you agree that if pumping is taking water from transitional storage and ET is still occurring that that increases the total discharge from the basin?
 - A. Yes, that's true.
 - Q. Were you an author of Exhibit 39?
- A. No.

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- Q. Okay. Do you agree that the model, I guess outlined in Exhibit 39 is the best predictive tool that we have for impacts at this time?
- A. I think it's one of the best models that's probably ever been developed.
- Q. Do you also agree that the concept of perennial yield is different from the concept of impacts to existing rights?
 - A. Say that again.
 - Q. The concept of perennial yield?

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State Engineer that at least for the carbonate aquifer there

should be staged development of the aquifer?

And isn't it true that you've advocated to the

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A. That was back in 1984, I believe and we were in the process of trying to develop the carbonate aquifer, which we're not doing here, which is a big difference. And the unknowns at that time were really extensive in that throughout the whole White River flow system, groundwater flow system.

But since that time they've rearned an awful lot about the carbonate aquifer.

- Q. And were you involved in the Spring Valley hearings?
 - A. No.
- Q. No. Are you aware of any decisions from the State Engineer where he's ordered staged development of groundwater resource from the alluvium based on not being able -- not being sure of the impacts from pumping?
- A. Yes, I am. And that's Coyote Springs you're talking about. And the difference there in trying to compare that to a staged pumping here for a mine that needs a bunch of water total right now is that there was endangered species, fish species in the muddy springs. And so they wanted to see and they had the time to do a pump test, an aquifer test to see if it would impact the muddy springs.
- Q. But in this case you've already testified that there's going to be impacts to existing rights from this pumping; is that correct?

- Q. Right. And that's the system that we're in with these applications?
- A. That's right. But there's also -- Excuse me for going on. But there's also a monitoring plan and mitigation that will take place to provide water for those sources if they're impacted.
- Q. And then you had a series of opinions about the creeks, Vinini Creek, Henderson Creek, Roberts Creek, Pete Hanson Creek. Do you recall that testimony?
 - A. Yes, yes.

- Q. And what I gathered from your testimony was that you had taken measurements one time on those creeks or someone had taken measurements one time on those creeks?
 - A. We've made dozens and dozens of measurements.
 - Q. On those creeks?
- A. Yes. In 2007 in that August run we had limited number of measurements.
- Q. Okay. So that was the -- I thought you based your opinion on that one measurement for Roberts Creek?
- A. No. We had, I think, I forget the exact number right now. But we probably on Roberts Creek on August 22nd we probably made 20, 30 measurements over the course of a day.
 - Q. Oh, right up and down the creek.

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So --

Well, I know the well is an alluvium.

1	Q. Do you need some water?
2	A. No. I need antibiotics.
3	Q. I hope not from my cross-examination.
4	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. Katzer, as long as
5	we're in a little spot here, if you can just be real careful
6	about talking over or at the same time because then it's too
7	difficult to record.
පි	Q. (By Ms. Peterson) So in reading your report,
9	Exhibit 38, and you make some opinions about Roberts Creek
10	Well, actually Vinini Creek and Henderson Creek, do you
11	recall that?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. And you start out with a premise at the beginning
14	of like under Vinini Creek?
15	A. Right.
16	Q. In your report, "My premise is that project
17	pumping will not impact stream flow in the Roberts
18	Mountains."
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. And you made the same assumption for Henderson
21	Creek; is that correct?
22	A. I did, yes.
23	Q. And then you came up with a conceptual model?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. To support your premise; is that correct?

A. Yes.

- Q. But that wasn't based on any data?
- A. Well, it is based on data.
- Q. What data is it based on?

A. When you look at Vinini Creek for instance. When I was talking about the upper, maybe the upper third or quarter of the drainage area being dissected by the salt dikes, what that does is compartmentalize that upper part of the range. And actually all over the whole Roberts Mountain area there are these massive dikes, long dikes that dissect the existing mountain block itself. And plus there are other faults that cross it. So what I believe is happening is that it's turning that whole mountain block of varying lithology in to compartments that have different geometry and different permeabilities so they'll all act differently in terms of letting water out.

And the fact that these, all of these springs have springs, and these springs are the highest permeability within that particular block, I believe, and they give us some indication of what's happening to that block. And I think the indication is that it's draining it out through those springs. Because those high springs go dry in the late fall and they're out of water. And so then the stream is out of water. So I think to me that's a physical model that sits up there.

1 seen will hold up through time with more measurements so that the data will support it. 2 3 MS. PETERSON: And some of the opinions that you 4 expressed today are not the same as what's simulated in the 5 model results; is that correct? 6 THE WITNESS: Oh, that's correct. MS. PETERSON: I don't have any further 7 8 questions. 9 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Ms. Ure. 10 MS. URE: Yes. Thank you. 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION 12 By Ms. Ure: 13 Good afternoon, Mr. Katzer. I have a couple 14 questions on Exhibit 38 in your report. You argue that 15 transitional storage reserve is part of the total groundwater resource that can be taken for storage; is that correct? 16 That's correct. 17 Α. 18 Ο. Okay. However, isn't it true that this is simply 19 stating that the transitional storage is a process by luring 20 the aguifer akin to lowering an above-ground reservoir? 21 You cannot take water out of the ground without causing a lowering of the water table. 22 23 I understand that. But when you add in the component of groundwater recharge isn't it true that the 24 25 recharge can equal what's being taken out?

A. Absolutely.

- Q. So are you saying then that your transitional storage is, you're lowering the groundwater aquifer from say a hundred-foot level down to a ten-foot level?
 - A. Is that a question?
- Q. Just like conceptually. So you're saying that -Part of your summary in here is talking about maintaining the
 equilibrium and then you talk about different definitions of
 perennial yield, so --
- A. It's the same definition. Excuse me. You have to capture, ultimately you have to capture the recharge. The only way you're going to be able to do that, be able to capture the recharge is to utilize the groundwater transitional storage and it takes decades, years, many long periods of time to do that. And the classic case is Diamond Valley where they've been pumping groundwater since the early '50s, maybe even before. And it wasn't -- In 1970 the pumping reached a point where it equaled, where it nearly equaled the perennial yield of 30,000 acre-feet.

But you have not -- Diamond Valley has not captured the ET or the discharge from Diamond Valley. And they probably never will.

Part of that discharge number is in bare soil evaporation from the playa, which is made up of really fine grain and materials and gives up water very slowly. I

seriously doubt if Diamond Valley will ever be able to capture the entire amount of groundwater discharge through evaporation and through evapotranspiration.

- Q. So is it your opinion then that there is transitional storage available to be withdrawn from Diamond Valley and Kobeh Valley?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. Well, maybe it's my misunderstanding here, but I don't understand your examples because, I mean, you could have equilibrium at any point in time just as long as what's coming in is what's coming out.
- A. You can't. How can you? How could you? You can only reach equilibrium. Let's go back to Kobeh Valley. And this is probably a good question for Dwight because I can't remember when equilibrium occurs. I don't think equilibrium has occurred until -- No. The mine I think is still pumping and equilibrium has not occurred and the mine sees operation in 40-some-odd years and you have not achieved equilibrium. It would be like if you quit pumping now in Diamond Valley. You haven't achieved equilibrium and you've captured, perhaps, 20 percent of the discharge by bare soil and evapotranspiration.
- Q. Okay. Earlier you stated that in the valley floor that, you know, like near the well field where there is the ten-foot drawdown effect that some of the stock water

1	rights will dry up and that the
2	A. May dry up.
3	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Wait for the whole
4	question, please. Go ahead and question, Ms. Ure.
5	Q. (By Ms. Ure) And then you went on to state that
6	it didn't really matter because mitigation would be provided
7	to those water sources, however, there's no mitigation plan
8	in place. What type of, I guess, in your mind, mitigation
9	will be provided to those stock water users?
10	A. Well, there's a variety of techniques. You could
11	increase the well if it's being fed by a well or you could
12	run a pipeline to it from part of the distribution system.
13	Q. Are you aware that to run a pipeline from part of
1.4	the other distribution system that permitting would have to
15	take place with the BLM for easements?
16	A. I'm not involved in any of that.
17	MS. URE: No further questions.
18	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Any
19	redirect?
20	MR. DE LIPKAU: I have some quick questions.
21	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
22	By Mr. de Lipkau:
23	Q. You could also truck water to the water.
24	Cataline Water, the company, would provide water, is that not
25	correct?
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1	time. I don't know how many wells.
2	Q. But in order to achieve that balance one would
3	have to drill a well nearby every phreatophyte discharge
4	point in the valley, wouldn't you?
5	A. Almost yes.
6	Q. And then run a myriad of pipe lines?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. So that's not feasible?
9	A. No.
10	Q. And to your knowledge that's not the way the
11	State Engineer grants groundwater rights?
12	A. That's correct.
13	MR. DE LIPKAU: No further questions.
14	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Recross.
15	MS. PETERSON: I just had one clarification
16	question, Mr. Katzer. You had testified that you had visited
17	Henderson Creek and it was losing flow from top to bottom and
18	you said that was in August.
19	THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
20	MS. PETERSON: What year was that?
21	THE WITNESS: It was in '07.
22	MS. PETERSCN: Thank you.
23	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Ms. Ure.
24	MS. URE: No further questions.
25	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's go off the record

for just a minute.

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(Discussion held off the record)

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We have questions of staff. We have a few questions for you.

EXAMINATION

By Mr. Felling:

- Q. Mr. Katzer, on your figure, well, it's Figure 3.3-1 in Exhibit 39. I guess my first question is what types of gauges did you install?
- A. We're installing a pressure gauge called an omni and it's manufactured in New Zealand. And it has about a hundred we just actually completed some tests in the last few weeks. It has a pressure sensitive of a hundredth of a foot when you raise and lower the water in the stream or in the bucket. And it records the gauge height every hour. And you can set it for different times. We've chosen an hour.
- Q. Okay. And then you mentioned three perennial streams outside of this map area?
 - A. Yes. And they're not, I have not shown those.
- Q. Can you tell me what the names of those springs are?
- A. Sure. Steiner Creek in Grass Valley. Steiner Creek, if you're familiar with Grass Valley, is located, it drains down in to the Moly Knudtsen Ranch in the southern part of the valley. Steiner comes out of the Simpson Park

Range.

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And the other one is Pine Creek in southern

Monitor Valley. It drains off of the Tehema Range off of the east side of it.

And Allison Creek in Antelope Valley drains off of the Monitor Range.

- Q. Was there any gauging on those streams before you -- before you installed your gauges?
- A. On Pine Creek there was. There was a gauge there for since about 1978. I think it was discontinued in 2005 or 2004. It was operated by the USGS.
- Q. You mentioned two gauges installed on Henderson Creek; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Where are they? Is there a figure that shows where those gauges are?
- A. The upper gauge or the gauge on the left, and we don't have a big blow-up of it, is right above a stock pond that's sitting way up high in the drainage area. The other one is down, well, actually this is part of the process. We just moved it about a month ago. We had a -- The channel wasn't conducive to making accurate measurements. We moved it downstream. So I'm guessing now that it's maybe as much as a quarter to a half mile upstream from the junction of north Henderson and south Henderson. And we're gauging south

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actually crossed that? You can see them. Yes, we have.

And were you able to identify the springs that

acre-feet by the time it reaches the lower gauge.

- And where do the springs, where are they located 0. relative to the stream?
- Most of the springs that I'm aware of, and there Α. may be some that I'm not, are on the south side of the creek and at the head waters of the creek.
- So that would be -- The springs that sit between the two gauges are pretty much in the stream on the south side?
 - A. They're right on the south side, yeah. They're

Kobeh Valley and Diamond Valley?

- A. Not a lot in Diamond. But in Kobeh, yes.
- Q. And most of your testimony today has been towards the effects of potential pumping in Kobeh Valley on the creeks and springs in Kobeh; correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. You began your testimony talking about high water lines between the two historic rates in both basins?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you please summarize for me briefly, I guess, your opinion on the flow of water from Kobeh Valley to Diamond Valley or lack thereof?
- A. The gradient, the groundwater gradient between the two valleys, I believe, has remained essentially unchanged since pre-development times. In the face of hundreds of thousands of acre-feet being pumped out of Biamond Valley, hardly any out of Kobeh Valley, except the natural discharge, to me that's a given that pumping in Kobeh Valley will not impact the water supply from groundwater in to Diamond Valley, which has been estimated by, I'm thinking about eight USGS sign tests. And the maximum I think they've all come up with was Jim Harold who estimated about 40 acre-feet a year. And that's the only place I see water getting in to the valley is through Devil's Gate. I don't see it getting in anywhere to the east off the volcaning ridge, part of the Nevada rift. I just don't see how that

would be possible.

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Q. So we have the pump, we'll call it a pump test that we've seen in Diamond Valley. Do you believe there's enough geologic data currently to support that there is this barrier other than at Devil's Gate?

A. I do.

THE STATE ENGINEER: I'm done. Thank you.

MR. FELLING: There's more limestone between Kobeh Valley and Diamond Valley than just at Devil's Gate, isn't there?

THE WITNESS: Sure.

MR. FELLING: What would preclude flow through other parts of the, you know, the carbonate between those basins? Why restrict it to just the structure at Devil's Gate?

A. You're talking about depth of 2,000, 3,000, maybe a few thousand feet. I think the biggest thing that will stop that is the volcanic ridge and whatever dikes are associated with it at depth that you can't see. I don't think you can get through that with a cone of depression. And I think that I defer to Dwight and Jack. But one of the tests ran the drawdown from the well hit the volcanics and stopped. And I think that goes really deep. I think there's hardly any chance of any interbasin flow in that area.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: All right. Thank you,

Mr. Katzer. You can step down. Off the record for a minute. 1 2 (Discussion held off the record) 3 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We were discussing the timing of the hearing and how we're progressing. We're going 4 5 to adjourn for today and start at 8:30 a.m. tomorrow. And I 6 want to remind everyone that we don't have the room available Wednesday. So we will not be here Wednesday but we will have 8 Thursday and Friday. 9 Mr. de Lipkau, were you going to offer, we need 10 to open the record and offer some exhibits. MR. DE LIPKAU: We're on the record now as I 11 12 understand it. Two quick things. One, we have the 13 stipulation from counsel that James Moore will need not be present nor make himself available. And number two, the 14 15 exhibits are 38, 415 and 404. 16 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Is there any objection to Exhibit 38? 17 MS. PETERSON: No. 18 19 MS. URE: No. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 38 will be 20 admitted. 21 22 Any objection to Exhibit 404, which is the 23 ruling? MS. PETERSON: No. 24 25 MS. URE: None.

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                   HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Hearing none, that will
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       be admitted.
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                   And Mr. de Lipkau, did you say 415?
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                   MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Uh-huh.
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                   HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Any objection to Exhibit
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       415? That was Lowe?
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                   MS. PETERSON: No.
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                   MS. URE: No.
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                   HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 415 will be
      admitted. And with that we'll adjourn until --
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                  MR. DE LIPKAU: One more comment. Ms. Peterson,
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      do you agree with my statement that we stipulate?
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                  MR. BRANSTETTER: Because we're going to call him
13
      off. He's in the Philippines.
14
15
                   MS. PETERSON: Oh, yes. I don't anticipate
      Mr. Mocre testifying. You're going to rely on his previous
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17
      testify from the last hearing?
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                  MR. DE LIPKAU: Absolutely.
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                  MS. PETERSON: Then I will agree with that.
                  HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mrs. Ure.
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                  MS. URE: Yes.
22
                     (Hearing concluded at 4:58 p.m.)
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1	STATE OF NEVADA)
2)ss. COUNTY OF WASHOE)
3	
4	I, CHRISTY Y. JOYCE, Official Certified Court
5	Reporter for the State of Nevada, Department of Conservation
6	and Natural Resources, Division of Water Resources, do hereby
7	certify:
8	That on Monday, the 6th day of December, 2010,
9	I was present at the Division of Water Resources, Carson
10	City, Nevada, for the purpose of reporting in verbatim
11	stenotype notes the within-entitled public hearing;
12	That the foregoing transcript, consisting of
13	pages 1 through 218, inclusive, includes a full, true and
14	correct transcription of my stenotype notes of said public
15	hearing.
16	
17	Dated at Reno, Nevada, this 14th day of
18	January, 2011.
19	
20	
21	(touce)
22	CHRISTY JOYCE, CCR #625
23	
24	
25	
	*** }

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRAP Rule 25(1)(c), I hereby certify that I am an
employee of ALLISON, MacKENZIE, PAVLAKIS, WRIGHT & FAGAN, LTD.,
Attorneys at Law, and that on this date, I caused a CD-ROM version of same to be
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fully addressed as follows:

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_X Placing a true copy of a CD-ROM version thereof in a sealed postage prepaid envelope in the United States Mail in Carson City, Nevada

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Salt Lake City, UT 84111

DATED this 21st day of December, 2012.

/s/ Nancy Fontenot

to use for whatever reason, they approached us and wanted to talk about whether we would transfer or lease or make those water rights available or if we would be more than willing to enter in to discussions with them to explore what they were after and whether it interfered with any of our mining projects.

- Q. Right.
- A. The number one use of our water will be more mining.
- Q. And that would include the application as filed to appropriate water and what is commonly known as the 3 F Ranch and the Bobcat Ranch?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You sit ready to meet with Eureka County employees and officials to discuss these future development plans?
- A. Certainly. Well, let me say, I haven't heard of any future development plans. But if they are aware of some that they want to talk to us about we would be willing to meet with them.
- Q. Are you willing to discuss and meet with Eureka County regarding any and all monitoring programs?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you please refer to the Securities and Exchange Exhibit 532.

1 MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: What exhibit number? 2 MR. DE LIPKAU: 532. It's the SEC document. 3 THE WITNESS: I have it. (By Mr. de Lipkau) Did you have any part in 4 5 preparation of that document? 6 I'm involved with the process of reviewing it for 7 completeness and accuracy. Certain parts of it I'm more 8 involved with than others but I do look at the entire document. 9 10 Q. All right. Do you have any issues or questions with the document? 1.1 12 Α. No. 13 Q. Is your opinion as a corporate officer is the applicant proceeding in good faith in an attempt to perfect 14 15 its water rights? 16 I have an opinion, and it is. 17 Q. Okay. Would the applicant or parent corporation 18 agree to mitigate any wildlife and/or stock watering sources 19 that could possibly be injured to any slight degree by reason 20 of the pumping of the groundwater? Yes. 21 Α. 22 That is a commitment of the company? Ο. 23 Α. Absolutely, certainly. 24 MR. DE LIPKAU: I have no further questions of this witness. 25

1 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. 2 Cross-examination. MS. PETERSON: Thank you. 3 CROSS-EXAMINATION 4 5 By Ms. Peterson: Mr. Branstetter, I'm Karen Peterson. I'm the 6 7 attorney for Eureka County. And directing your attention to 8 your update that you gave the State Engineer at the beginning of your testimony, you were discussing the agreement 9 10 terminating the lease between Eureka County and General Moly; is that correct? 11 The agreement to terminate? 12 Α. 13 Q. Yes. Yes. Okay. I did not hear your word. 14 Α. 15 And is it fair to say that the agreement states 16 "Despite Eureka Moly's efforts, all the work anticipated to 17 be completed described in paragraphs 400 and 1300 of the lease, the work that was to be completed by Eureka Moly had 18 not been accomplished"? 19 I think that's a recital in the document, yes 20 And that's a true and correct recital of that? 21 Ο. Yes. 22 Α. And so one of the agreements -- One of the 23 reasons that the agreement was terminated was because Eureka 24 Moly had not been able to complete work required under the 25

1	lease; is that correct?
2	A. No, I don't think that's why. That wasn't one of
3	the reasons for it being terminated.
4	Q. It is one of the recitals?
5	A. It's one of the recitals but it's not one of the
6	reasons for the termination.
7	MR. DE LIPKAU: Excuse me. We're discussing a
8	document, which apparently is not in evidence and will not be
9	entered in to evidence.
10	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Wasn't that part of what
11	Mr. Branstetter brought up?
12	MS. PETERSON: He did.
13	MR. DE LIPKAU: It was a narrative on his change
14	in testimony between 2008 and today and it had to do with the
15	annex agreement which is no longer in full force and effect.
16	That's the only change in his testimony.
17	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Do we have that document
18	anywhere?
19	MS. PETERSON: You don't. It's a matter of
20	public record but I was just using the documents to refresh
21	the witness' recollection as to what the termination was for.
22	And I'm ready to move on.
23	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay.
24	Q. (By Ms. Peterson) Turning now to Exhibit 28.
25	A I have it

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25

called out.

hearing, appellants to the district court. And we were

trying to have a complete resolution. So those two were

- Q. And isn't Mr. Benson one of the other protestants called out in the agreement with regard to the level of the funding?
 - A. He's not called out as a protestant at all.
 - Q. But he is called out to the level of funding?
- A. He is. And as it turns out, he will not be a factor because of the reduction to the co-op for the funding will never be more than 50 percent and we've already reached that.
- Q. And directing your attention to page five, paragraph four.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And could you just read paragraph four to yourself just so you know what it says.
 - A. I have.
- Q. And do you know if the co-op ever sent such a letter to Eureka County commissioners urging them to settle their protest?
- A. They agreed to execute a letter or letters to be prepared by us. I don't think we've asked them to do that.

 We've asked them to communicate to the commissioners consistent with this paragraph.
- Q. But to your knowledge there's been no letters that have been directed to the commission based on that paragraph?

- Q. All right. And then directing your attention to paragraph F.
 - A. On page five?
 - Q. Yes. And it goes on to page six.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. And you're familiar with that paragraph?
 - A. I'm familiar with paragraph F, yes.
- Q. And doesn't paragraph F provide that Eureka Moly at its discretion can determine to terminate the agreement based on certain factors?
- A. You're referencing all of the subparts of paragraph F.
- Q. Everything in paragraph F but it's mainly in the first page there, the first part of paragraph F.
- A. Retain the right but not the obligation to rescind if certain things happen. But as a part of the overall text of the agreement, that was a provision that was inserted earlier and has been qualified in so many ways that if we get our permits, we get financing and the board of directors decide to proceed with the project, the co-op will get four million dollars.
- Q. But based on the terms of this agreement as presented in Exhibit 28, not withstanding what you just said, Eureka Moly at its own discretion can terminate this

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- No, I didn't say that. I didn't. The entire agreement does not allow us to terminate the funding if we proceed with this project.
- Doesn't the agreement say right here on paragraph five?
 - Paragraph five?
- Yes. I'm sorry. Page five, paragraph F, that if Eureka County doesn't withdraw its protest.
 - Α. What part are you reading?
 - Ο. Right at the beginning of paragraph F.
 - Α. It says if Eureka County does not.
 - Does not withdraw its protest, do you see that? 0.
 - Α. Yes.
- 0. Can either harm or delay to Eureka Moly's ability to obtain required approval for state or regulatory agencies or obtain approval from the State Engineer granting position applications for construction on the Mount Hope project. Do you see that?
 - Yes. Α.
- And then harm or delay causes material schedule 0. delays for the Mount Hope project. Do you see that?
 - Α. Yes.
- Then Eureka Moly shall, And I see subject to F-1 Q. and F-2 below, be entitled but not obligated to rescind this

agreement and resolve and terminate the trust and all funds in the trust shall be returned to Eureka Moly. Do you see that?

- A. Yes. And it's subject.
- Q. I understand it's subject to subsections one or two. I'm not trying to argue with you about that.
- A. Okay. F-1 and F-2 qualify it and provide for the funding reduction not to exceed 50 percent. And if we proceed with this project we will have to pay the co-cp 50 percent of the funds. I don't know how you can read it any differently.
- Q. Well, you'll agree with me that Eureka Moly retained the right at its discretion to dissolve or terminate the trust and the agreement says and all funds in the trust shall be returned to Eureka Moly? You agree that that language is in the agreement stated right there?
 - A. And it's stated subject to F-1 and F-2.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And we really get this. Mr. de Lipkau, let me speak, please. We can read this ourselves. It's in evidence. There's no sense in just arguing it.

MS. PETERSON: I can't remember if you testified with regard to Exhibit 30.

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: No.

Q. (By Ms. Peterson) Would you look at Exhibit 30.

Α. Yes. 2 Ο. Was that prepared by you or under your direction? 3 That was prepared by counsel. I'm familiar with Α. it. 4 5 And it's an unsigned document? 0. 6 Α. I don't -- In my book it's unsigned. 7 0. And I believe you did testify that it was prepared by you or under your direction; is that correct? 8 9 Α. Exhibit 30? 10 Yes. 0. No. I wasn't asked any questions about this. I 11 12 haven't testified about it. 1.3 Ο. Ckay. Thank you. And then turning to Exhibit I think you did testify about that agreement? 7.4 401? 15 Α. 16 0. Yes. 17 Α. Yes, I did testify about 401. 18 Were you aware or did your counsel advise you \circ . 19 there was some arguments raised in that document by your 20 counsel regarding standing in, Eureka County's standing in this proceeding. Do you agree with that? 21 22 Would you repeat your question please. 23 Exhibit 401, I believe you testified there were 24 certain legal arguments being made with regard to Eureka

County's standing in this proceeding?

I don't remember stating that. Standing? Α.

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What did you testify to then about Exhibit 401? Q.

I said it was a legal memorandum prepared by

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counsel to address certain legal issues raised by counsel for Eureka County and others at the prehearing conference and at other times to address those and to anticipate those legal

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issues.

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Ο. So did you read this document?

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I have read it, yes.

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So do you know that it addresses -- or the issues 0. raised by it are Eureka County's standing to participate in

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this proceeding?

questioned.

Α.

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MR. DE LIPKAU: I'm going to have to object to that. Number one, the document speaks for itself. And

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number two, the standing of Eureka County has never been

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17 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Ms. Peterson, do you

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have a response? 19 MS. PETERSON: Well, I do. If you read this

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document, Exhibit 401, it says that Eureka County needs to have water rights to be able to proceed with its protest and that it doesn't have water rights on the Pete Hanson decree so it shouldn't be entitled to protest. So it's evidence with regard to that. And it also talks about the scope of testimony on page four and --

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: You can ask him about 1 2 it. Go ahead. 3 THE WITNESS: What's your question? 4 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: If you could just please 5 restate your question. MS. PETERSON: Are you aware of the legal 6 7 arguments that are made in this document? 8 THE WITNESS: I have read them but I rely upon 9 counsel for their completeness and accuracy of Nevada water law. 10 11 MS. PETERSON: Well, I'm going to object to the admission of this exhibit then because it's pure legal 12 argument. It supposedly was introduced as evidence, 13 "evidence", based on this witness testifying that it had been 14 prepared at his direction but yet he's not available to 15 1.6 discuss any of the concepts in this exhibit that he's 17 supposedly supporting. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's wait until it's 1.8 19 offered and then you can lodge your objection to the admission. 20 21 MS. PETERSON: And make my argument? HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Yes. 22 MS. PETERSON: Okay. 23 (By Ms. Peterson) And turning now to Exhibit 24 0. 409. 25

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- Page 20 on the text of the document or the upper
 - Page 20 on the text of the document. Thank you.
 - All right, yes.
 - The very last paragraph, do you see that?
- Then it says the trust may be funded by Eureka
- Do you see that language there? Indicating that there's a possibility that the trust may not be funded?
- The trust agreement and the settlement agreement provides if we do not get full financing we do not get our permits and we do not have a board of directors resolution to commence construction, there will be no funding of the trust because there will be no money and there will be no water pumping. So that's correct.
- And then directing your attention to some of your earlier testimony where you indicated that Eureka Moly had settled with co-op?
 - Α. Yes.
 - Do you recall that testimony? 0.
- Yes. Α.
 - And do you recall that prior to advising the Q.

- A. You'll have to break that down a little bit more. I don't know which part you're talking -- it is it's confusing question to me. I'm sorry.
- Q. Well, you recall your testimony that Eureka Moly had settled with the co-op; correct?
 - A. I testified that was the case, correct.
- Q. And would you agree that Eureka Moly had internally prepared a press release announcing that Eureka Moly had settled with the county prior to the county even being aware that Eureka County had settled with the co-op?
- A. We never prepared a press release stating that Eureka Moly, LLC, settled with Eureka County. Is that what you're asking me?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. No.

- O. You're not aware of that?
- A. We may have discussed -- We were very encouraged having settled with the cooperative and it was our belief and understanding that a settlement with the county would be much easier and less difficult and we may have circulated some drafts about what if the county and Eureka Moly settled. But we didn't finalize for release for dissemination of a draft.

1	It seems to me that we did plan a scenario that
2	if it did happen, a settlement with the county, that we would
3	put together a press release and we would have probably as we
4	did with the cooperative circulated it with the county if we
5	got to that point for their input and participation. But we
6	never released a press release.
7	Q. Has anyone from Eureka County or representing
8	Eureka County ever expressed a concern to you that the mine
9	doesn't follow through on what it says it's going to do?
10	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Can you put that in some
11	type of context?
12	THE WITNESS: I don't know what you're talking
13	about. Over the past four years have I ever heard anything
1.4	like that from
15	MS. PETERSON: Yes, anything.
16	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Wait. We don't know
17	what you're talking about. Hasn't followed through in what?
18	Tell us what.
19	MS. PETERSON: Anything that it's promised to do.
20	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I mean it's a vague
21	question. Give us something.
22	MS. PETERSON: With regard to
23	THE WITNESS: When we were
24	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Wait, Mr. Branstetter.
25	THE WITNESS: Sorry.

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MS. PETERSON: With regard to monitoring that Eureka Moly agreed to do.

THE WITNESS: Has anybody at the county ever accused us of not following through with something on monitoring that we said we would do, is that your question?

MS. PETERSON: Yes.

THE WITNESS: Nobody has ever relayed that to me as a county official or county representative. No, I have not heard that.

- Q. (By Ms. Peterson) Has General Moly ever presented a draft of a settlement agreement to Eureka County?
- A. Yes. An outline of a conceptual arrangement to settle the county's issues, yes.
 - Q. A sett_ement agreement that someone could sign?
- A. I believe it was in a form sufficient to sign subject to the definitive agreement. It outlined everything we were willing to do and it also outlined what I believe was the recommendation of the negotiating committee. And that was presented to the county commissioners. That's my understanding.

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: I'm going to interject a question. Tell me how this is relevant to the decisions the State Engineer is going to make. Settlement negotiations are generally done outside the context of a hearing.

MS. PETERSON: I agree. And I'm not trying to

get to the terms of any settlement negotiations. But it is relevant because the State Engineer, the practice that's evolved or the policy that's evolved is that the State Engineer does not usually allow a protestant to be involved in a monitoring, management and mitigation plan that he orders unless the applicant and the protestant have agreed to that in some kind of settlement.

And after the hearing starts and the State Engineer issues his ruling, he doesn't include protestants in managing, monitoring and mitigation plan. And so if for some reason, whatever reason, the protestant and the applicant cannot settle their manner, the protestant is out of luck in trying to be involved in that process. And so it is very important because there are certain circumstances when a protestant should be allowed to participate in the monitoring, management and mitigation plan.

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Isn't that more a legal argument than asking him about all of your settlement negotiations?

MS. PETERSON: I'm not asking him about all the settlement negotiations.

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: That's how it appears from up here that we're spending a whole lot of time on settlement as opposed to getting to the merit of the questions before us.

MS. PETERSON: Well, I think there was some

1 questioning on direct about settlement and a 1ot of testimony 2 over everybody that they settled with. 3 MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: I'm not sure how relevant that was. I was just sitting here trying to keep my mouth 4 5 shut. But we've spent about an hour on this and I don't know 6 that it's getting us anywhere. 7 Mr. King. 8 THE STATE ENGINEER: I agree. MS. PETERSON: I don't have a lot more. 9 10 MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Okay. 11 MS. PETERSON: That's it. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. 1.2 13 Cross, Ms. Ure. MS. URE: Yes. Thank you. 14 15 CROSS-EXAMINATION 16 By Ms. Ure: 17 My name is Therese Ure and I represent Ken Benson. How are you today? 18 19 Just fine. Thank you. Α. Thank you. Isn't it Eureka Moly's position that 20 Ο. 21 there's currently water available for appropriation in Kobeh 22 Vallev? 23 A. Yes. 24 Ο. And then isn't it Eureka Moly's position that there's currently water available for appropriation in 25

- A. We own water in Diamond Valley. I don't know if that's what you're getting at.
 - Q. Okay. Can you please turn to Exhibit 28.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you testified earlier that the agricultural sustainability trust has been formed; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. Well, it's been organized and filed as a legal entity. There are still items to be developed and worked on the internal documents for the actual programs and operations for the trust.
 - Q. Okay. So it has not been funded; correct?
- A. It has been funded by the first required payment of \$25,000 to work on the organizational aspects of the trust.
- Q. Okay. So would you say that it's the purpose of the trust to develop programs to serve to enhance the sustainability and well-being of the agricultural economy in Diamond Valley?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So however, isn't it true that the true purpose of the trust is the actual water rights acquisition program?
- A. That provision that you just recited also says that the programs may include purchasing and relinquishing water rights in the Diamond Valley. What that mix will be I

No. They would be retired.

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- Q. So therefore they're put back in to the pool of water rights that may become available in the future?
- A. Our intention is that the State Engineer not reissue those retired water rights, not grant applications for them to address the overpumping in Diamond Valley. Once retired, done.
- Q. But you have no ability to contract with the State Engineer's office to prohibit that; correct?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. So going back to the trust, does the trust apply to all parties -- like would the provisions of the trust or the program set-up apply to all irrigators? Would everyone have access to that program?
- A. Yes. Nobody would be excluded from participating in whatever programs are created.
- Q. So are you saying that protestant Ken Benson would be available to participate in that program?
 - A. Yes. It is not exclusively for co-op members.
- Q. So you don't believe that the provision in Exhibit 28 at F-2 inhibits Mr. Benson's ability to conduct his agriculture operation with other members that happen to be part of the co-op? What I'm asking is would you agree that this provision hurts Mr. Benson's ability to operate?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Even though it prohibits members of the EPC to do

business with him?

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- Α. That isn't what it says. It says if -- He resigned from the co-op for his own reasons right before the vote for this agreement. Upon his resignation we decided that we would go forward with this agreement but we would make a provision for Mr. Benson. We knew he was going to protest. We knew he did not like this project. So we didn't want to see a penalty necessarily imposed, a draconian penalty imposed on the co-op for Mr. Benson's activities. So we carved out a provision for Mr. Benson that recognizes that we will protest and he will oppose the project. And the only condition we had is that if you allow him to become a member again after having resigned and oppose the agreement and he becomes a member again there should be a financial penalty for the funding. So we put together a plan for reduction by 25 percent.
 - Q. So are you saying --
- A. All reductions cannot exceed 50 percent, so we're not going to get to that point.
- Q. So are you saying that to date that Mr. Benson's protests have not affected the allocation and funding of the trust?
 - A. Mr. Benson's?
- O. Yes.
- A. Not at all. He was not called out as a

protestant who had to remove his protest for the funding to occur. What you're looking at is if he's allowed to become a member again that's what that was tied to.

- Q. Mr. de Lipkau asked you if General Moly would agree to meet with protestant Eureka Moly; is that true? Do you recall that?
 - A. Protestant Eureka County?
- Q. Yeah. To meet with them to discuss monitoring and mitigation issues.
 - A. Yes, he asked me that, yes.
 - Q. And is General Moly willing to meet with them?
 - A. We have tried to meet with them.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. We have tried to discuss these issues. I believe we're still open to doing it. But the time to resolve things is dissipating.
- Q. Would General Moly agree to meet with Mr. Benson to discuss monitoring and mitigation issues?
- A. We would meet with Mr. Benson to discuss resolving his protest. There would have to be a complete resolution of his protest. And if that involved talking about monitoring and mitigation as a topic, we could discuss with him, yes.
- Q. So you're saying that you are willing just like you're willing to meet with the county on that point?

	A. Yes.
2	MS. URE: Okay. I have no further questions.
3	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Redirect?
4	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
5	By Mr. de Lipkau:
6	Q. Mr. Branstetter, could you please get back to
7	Exhibit 30.
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. What is Exhibit 30?
10	A. It's entitled request for conservation plan,
11	Applications 79911-79942 inclusive. So it lays out or it
12	discusses
13	Q. Before you start there, why was it prepared?
14	A. It was prepared as a result of a position taken
15	by Eureka County or other protestants that a conservation
16	plan is needed. And that's something we've heard many times.
17	We don't agree. But I asked counsel to prepare something on
18	that issue and discuss conservation plans.
19	Q. So Exhibit 30 is a contemplated or proposed
20	conservation plan should the State Engineer change his mind
21	and decide to enact one?
22	A. Yes.
23	MR. DE LIPKAU: No further questions.
24	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Recross?
25	MS. PETERSON: Mr. Branstetter, do you agree that

	<u> </u>
1	this is an interbasin transfer case?
2	THE WITNESS: I don't know. I'm not a water law
3	expert in Nevada. I defer to Mr. de Lipkau and certainly the
4	State Engineer on that.
5	MS. PETERSON: No further questions.
6	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you.
7	MS. URE: I have none.
8	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: No recross on behalf of
9	Mr. Benson. Questions of the State Engineer?
10	THE STATE ENGINEER: 1 don't.
11	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: All right. We have no
12	questions for you, Mr. Branstetter. You may step down.
13	Thank you.
14	Let's talk about the exhibits that
15	Mr. Branstetter went over.
16	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes. I'd like to admit 26, 27,
17	28, 29, 30, 41.
18	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Did we talk about 31?
19	MR. DE LIPKAU: No. 30 and not 31.
20	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's just look at 26
21	through 30. Any objection?
22	MS. PETERSON: Yes.
23	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's go through them
24	one by one. Exhibit 26, any objection?
25	MS. PETERSON: No.

1	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That will be admitted.
2	Exhibit 27?
3	MS. PETERSON: No.
4	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That will be admitted.
5	Exhibit 28?
6	MS. PETERSON: No.
7	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That will be admitted.
8	Exhibit 29?
9	MS. PETERSON: No.
10	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: That will be admitted.
11	Exhibit 30?
12	MS. PETERSON: Yes.
13	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. State your
14	objection please.
15	MS. PETERSON: This was not prepared by this
16	witness, Exhibit 30. And it's basically, it appears to be a
17	legal memorandum unsigned prepared by Mr. de Lipkau and
18	there's no foundation for this witness to even discuss the
19	contents of it. He didn't even know whether this proceeding
20	involved an interbasin transfer or not.
21	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau, would you
22	like to respond?
23	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes. At the hearing before the
24	State Engineer in 2008 and before the Court January of 2010,
25	one of the main points raised by Eureka County was the State

1	Engineer was wrong in not creating a conservation plan
2	pursuant to NRS 533.370(6). We affirmatively stated that a
3	conservation plan was not required. However, since Eureka
4	County insisted one be prepared, we offered this, Exhibit 30.
5	I think Exhibit 30 should be admitted and the weight to be
6	placed upon it to be decided by the State Engineer. If the
7	State Engineer follows through in the same fashion as the
8	prior hearing, he would say it's not necessary under the law.
9	However, if it is necessary and the State
10	Engineer changes his mind then we offer Exhibit 30.
11	Therefore I think it should be admitted to have weight placed
12	upon it as best determined by the State Engineer.
13	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. Ms. Ure, are you
14	joining in this objection?
15	MS. URE: I am.
16	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And do you have an
17	argument?
18	MS. URE: It's legal argument, the first page and
19	a half of it is, and it shouldn't be as an exhibit. That
20	would be my objection.
21	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Let's take a
22	short break. We'll be off the record until Let's make it
23	five minutes.
24	(Recess was taken)
25	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We had an objection to

Exhibit Number 30. We've reviewed this. It does look like 1 2 legal argument. And we are going to exclude Exhibit 30 as an 3 exhibit. And you can certainly make that legal argument in your closing. Exhibit 30 will not be admitted. 4 Were you going to offer the next exhibit, 401? 5 6 MR. DE LIPKAU: 41. MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: 41. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 41, any 8 9 objection? MS. PETERSON: Well, the only issue from my 10 standpoint would be it's my understanding that Mr. Zimmerman 11 prepared that. And so if Mr. Zimmerman is going to testify 12 with regard to that exhibit then I don't have any objection 13 right now. But if he's not going to testify then I have an 14 15 objection. MR. DE LIPKAU: Mr. Zimmerman will be acting as 16 counsel of record further on in these proceedings. He wil-17 not testify. The document was submitted for the assistance 18 of Eureka County and possibly the State Engineer. It's 19 strictly based on public records in this office. If Eureka 20 County wants it to be rejected, we will withdraw the exhibit. 21 MS. PETERSON: Thank you. 22 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. That will not be 23 admitted. 24 Did you want to offer the rest of the exhibits 25

that Mr. Branstetter talked about? 1 2 MR. DE LIPKAU: Yeah. 3 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 401? MR. DE LIPKAU: 401, yes. 4 5 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Any objection to Exhibit 401? 6 7 MS. PETERSON: Yes. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Please state your 8 9 objection. 10 MS. PETERSON: That's the legal memorandum. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Yes. 11 MS. PETERSON: And again, it would be the same 12 13 objection that it's a legal memorandum and it's not evidence. And if you want me to address the legal arguments in 401 i 1.4 can. Because I wasn't allowed to ask any questions about 15 them to the witness. 16 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I just wanted your 17 18 argument as to the objection, supporting your objection. Ms. Ure. 19 20 MS. URE: I'll second that objection on the ground that it's a legal argument. 21 MR. DE LIPKAU: Of course it's legal argument. 22 It tends to be legal argument in anticipation of issues that 23 will be brought up later. It's for the assistance of the 24 State Engineer for the State Engineer to apply and place 25

1	whatever weight he wants on that memorandum as he sees fit.
2	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And Exhibit 401 will be
3	excluded and not be admitted. Again, that's a legal argument
4	you can bring up in your closing if you so choose.
5	I believe the next exhibit was 407 that
6	Mr. Branstetter talked about. Mr. de Lipkau, would you like
7	to offer Exhibit 407?
8	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes.
9	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Any objection?
10	MS. PETERSON: I have no objection.
11	MS. URE: No objection.
12	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. That will be
13	admitted.
14	Exhibit 409.
15	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
16	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead. I assume
17	Mr. de Lipkau will offer them.
18	MR. DE LIPKAU: I'll offer them all.
19	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 409, any
20	objection?
21	MS. PETERSON: No objection.
22	MS. URE: No objection.
23	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. It will be
24	admitted. Exhibit 410?
25	MS. PETERSON: No objection.

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MS. URE: No objection.
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                   HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. It will be
      admitted. Exhibit 413?
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                   MS. PETERSON: No objection.
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                   MS. URE: No objection.
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                   HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. That will be
 7
      admitted.
                   And with that let's go ahead and take our lunch
 8
      break. We'll be back at 1:00 o'clock.
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                          (Lunch recess was taken)
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1	MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 2010, 1:01 P.M.
2	00
3	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I just wanted to mention
4	we had Mr. Lloyd Morrison who couldn't make it here this
5	morning because of the weather, but he is in attendance here
6	today and he does intend to give public comment when his case
7	comes about, presumably on Friday. Is that correct,
8	Mr. Morrison?
9	MR. MORRISON: Yes.
10	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's go ahead and
11	continue with the applicant's case. If you could call your
12	next witness.
13	MR. DE LIPKAU: I would like to call Mr.
14	Patrick Rogers.
15	(Witness was sworn in)
16	
17	PATRICK ROGERS
18	Called as a witness on behalf of the
19	Applicant, having been first duly sworn,
20	Was examined and testified as follows:
21	
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	By Mr. de Lipkau:
24	Q. Please state your full name.
25	A. Patrick Rogers.

What is your business address? 1 Q. 2255 North Fifth Street in Elko, Nevada. 2 Α. 3 Ο. What is your occupation? I'm the director of environmental permitting for Α. 4 General Moly. 5 And how long have you been in that capacity? б Ο. It will be four years in first of January. All right. And what experience do you have in 8 Ο. 9 mining and permitting? Approximately 20 years. Most of that in, 10 Α. 11 essentially all of it in northern Nevada. Are you aware of the water rights map filed in 12 Ο. support of Application 79911 through 79142? 13 Yes. А. 14 15 Q. And that application -- Pardon me. That exhibit, which is a State Engineer exhibit, shows the proposed place 16 of use requested to be the place of use within which to use 17 the water rights; is that correct? 18 Yes, that's correct. Α. 19 Why is the place of use as exhibit, as set forth 20 on the supporting map larger than the area within the plan of 21 operation? 22 23 Α. A few reasons. One is that our claim block covers a larger area than the plan of operation so we want to 24

have the flexibility to use water for exploration, drilling.

In addition, we have several notices with the BLM which allow surface disturbance which might use some additional water. In addition, we anticipate that we may use small amounts of water elsewhere, primarily in Kobeh Valley, which is the area most of which the application goes beyond the plan of opposite boundary. We may use small amounts of water for dust suppression or environmental mitigation or exploration drilling.

- Q. What's notice?
- A. A notice is an authorization level that the BLM administers. It's for surface disturbance that's less than five acres.
 - Q. Does that require a permit?
- A. It requires approval and posting of a reclamation bond.
- Q. And are all the desired areas to be included within a notice included within the place of use of the supporting water rights map?
- A. Are you asking are all the notices within the place of use?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. I believe so. I would have to look at the map. But largely, yes.
- Q. And if the place of use as depicted on the supporting map did not include these areas how would water

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24 25 asked at that hearing on what I anticipated in terms of personnel requirements to administer the monitoring program. And I think at that time I said probably one full time person. And I think now after the monitoring plan is developed more and in consideration of that database I think it would be somewhere between two and three people now.

- Q. All right. Other than increase in monitoring personnel do you affirm your prior testimony?
 - Α. Yes.
- What type of monitoring program do you intend to utilize?
- We intend to monitor water levels in groundwater, water flows in surface water. We'll collect meterological data, vegetation monitoring. I think that's the primary.
- All right. Would you please turn to Exhibit 32. What is Exhibit 32?
- A. It's an environmental permit matrix. It's basically a spread sheet that summarizes all of the permits that we're required to obtain for the Mount Hope project. There's about 30 of those permits. It's an in-home tracking tool that I use with my staff. We review it and update it periodically to assess where we are on each individual permit, what the status is, anticipated application submittal times and who's responsible for that permit within our staff.
 - Permits are both state and federal; is that Q.

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- - Α. Correct.
 - О. And to some degree local?
- Α. I don't believe there are any local permit requirements.
 - 0. But there are state and federal?
 - Yes. Α.
- Okay. And could you briefly go through this exhibit and describe the major permits that are currently under way?
- Sure. From the top of the list on the federal Α. permits there's the plan of operation directed decision. That's the EIS. That is probably the most extensive and intensive permitting effort that we have underway. We also have a right of way application for the 230 KV power transmission line that will also be approved by the BLM. also --
 - Is that within the plan of operation?
- No, it is not within the plan of operation but it is being analyzed as part of the EIS.
 - Please continue. Ο.
- Next we've got a couple of permits that are on Α. this matrix that have already been completed. There's a right of way for communication tower and a radio frequency authorization. Next, a federal permit from the Bureau of

Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms to allow us to have explosives and use explosives on the property. We have completed our hazardous waste ID registration with the EPA. We have several notice levels with the BLM, those areas that are, several areas that are each less than five acres and we are anticipating that we'll be engaged in section seven, consultation with the US Fish and Wildlife service. Those are the federal permits.

On the state side we are working on a water control permit with NDP, Bureau of Mining, air quality permit. We will get a reclamation permit that is administered jointly, if you will, between the BLM and the NDEP. We have recently received an authorization to construct from Division of Water Resources what we call a dam safety permit. We are anticipating also having to file notice of intent to construct with empowerments that are less than 20 acre-feet of water.

- Q. Did you say this State Engineer's office granted a dam permit?
 - A. They granted us an authorization to construct.
 - Q. Thank you. Please continue.
- A. We will also be required to get a potable water permit which we have started working on, from the State of Nevada, hazardous material storage permit, a septic system permit. We'll get radioactive material licenses because some

of the densitometers that we use in the circuit have small nuclear gauges in them. We will have a permit for our on-site land fill. We'll have a permit with an approved plan to manage petroleum contaminated soils which are created when you have oil spills on a property. We'll have a storage permit for our liquified petroleum gas. We have, we think, we're working with Nevada Department of Wildlife to see whether we'll be required to have an artificial industrial pond permit based on some of the empowerments that we'll have. We'll also have a Utilities and Environmental Protection Act permit which is the State of Nevada equivalent of NEPA. It's essentially EIS for the power transmission projects. Encroachment permits to allow us to build access off of Highway 278.

As needed, we get permits to drill wells from this office. Temporary discharge permits associated with pump testing may be required to have open burn waivers, burn materials. There's also some registration such as mine registry forms. We are not required to have a stone water discharge permit but we track that as a permit. We want to make sure we have concurrence from the state that we're exempt from that requirement. We'll have water appropriations from the Division of Water Resources and a fire and life safety permit from the state fire marshal.

Q. The exhibit you just discussed is basically up to

- A. It was up to date as of middle of October.
- Q. And how does that exhibit compare to the permitting that you discussed at the October 2008 hearing?
- A. We advanced quite a bit on the EIS on getting approval for our hydrological model was a very large step. We've actually had a preliminary draft EIS that's been sent to the BLM and the cooperating agencies. And we've received comments on that. So we've made substantial progress on that. We have a draft of our air quality permit and we have the authorization to construct our tails imboundment.
- Q. So is it a true statement that progress on the permitting has occurred within the last several years?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you mentioned the phrase cooperating agency. What does that mean?
- A. A cooperating agency is an agency, government agency, that is, participates in development of the environmental impact statement. In this case we have three cooperating agencies. There's Eureka County, division of -- Nevada Department of Wildlife and the National Park Service.
- Q. Are these three governmental entities fully apprised of the status of the various environmental permitting steps?
 - A. Yes. We have the regular conference calls and

- they're copied on technical reports as they're generated.
 - Q. As they're generated?
 - A. As they're generated.
 - Q. Would you please turn to Exhibit 33. Do you have that in front of you?
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Would you please comment on Exhibit 33.
 - A. This is a summary of some of the interaction and submittals that have been made on the hydrology report with Eureka County.
 - Q. Would it be a true statement that Exhibit 33 involves the 2010 model?
 - A. It predates the 2010. It includes submittals that were made of versions of that hydrology report prior to the 2010 model.
 - Q. Okay. So the report involves the model of 2010?
- A. Yes.

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- 18 Q. Okay. Please continue.
 - A. It summarizes the times at which various versions of this report were submitted. When we submit these reports we submit them to the BLM for approval because we're required to have BLM approval but we also submit them to the cooperating agencies. And the cooperating agencies as well as the BLM technical experts as well as the third party contractor all comment on that version of the report and it's

? 1.	A. This is a copy of the June 2010 version of the
2	water resources monitoring plan that was submitted as part of
3	the plan of operations to the BLM. It constitutes what we
4	are proposing as monitoring to meet BLM's criteria for
5	approval of the project.
6	MS. PETERSON: Excuse me. I have a question.
7	There are certain figures that are referenced in Exhibit 34,
8	I think it's figures one through seven, and they reference
9	that they're attached and I don't have any figures with my
L O	copy. And so I'm just wondering if there were figures
1 1	attached to Exhibit 34 that are referenced in there.
12	MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Not in the exhibit, and I
L 3	have the original, so there's none in the State Engineer's
L 4	copy either.
15	MS. PETERSON: Okay. So I didn't know if we were
. 6	going to be provided with those figures.
7	MR. DE LIPKAU: Do you have an arswer to that
8	question?
.9	THE WITNESS: I can provide those figures, yeah.
20	They were included in the plan of operations and in the EIS.
21	At the county's request this monitoring plan was included in
22	the EIS, in the preliminary draft of the EIS.
23	MS. PETERSON: So do you think that we would get
24	those figures during this hearing?

THE WITNESS: I can get them to you now if you

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1 want them.

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MR. DE LIPKAU: Could we go --

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's be off the record for a minute.

(Discussion held off the record)

- Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) Mr. Rogers, could you please discuss Exhibit 34 without the exhibits, without the figures? I'm sorry.
- A. Okay. It's a version of the water resources monitoring plan that we proposed. Like I said, it's the third or so version of this monitoring plan. We revised it based on comments primarily from the county that we received. And we revised it as we understood the hydrology of the area.
- Q. In general what does the monitoring plan attempt to do?
- A. It attempts to provide a frame work for monitoring actual changes in the hydrological system and to identify impacts that may occur and to provide a way to improve and calibrate the hydrology model. It's based on where we anticipate impacts will occur but it also includes numerous monitoring points outside the projected ten-foot drawdown contour.
 - Q. Exhibit 34 will be presented to the BLM; correct?
 - A. It has been.
 - Q. It has been. Has Eureka County provided input to

- A. Yes, they have.
 - Q. Okay. Approximately how many times has there been involvement between the permit, the applicant today and Eureka County representing this?
 - A. On this monitoring plan?
 - Q. On this monitoring plan.
 - A. Probably half a dozen times directly with Mr. Tibbitts and then numerous times with the larger NEPA committee. The county has a group of volunteers that serve to participate in the EIS process.
 - Q. And in some of the Eureka County comments inserted in Exhibit 34?
 - A. Yes. Yes. This version adopts comments, not all of them again, but incorporates some of the input that Eureka County provided on a previous version, yes.
 - Q. Okay. We will provide the attachments to this exhibit to counsel of record and to the State Engineer. Can we do that by tomorrow?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Could you please go to Exhibit 35. Please describe Exhibit 35.
 - A. This is a schematic of the location of the water sources and water usage for this project. It shows that the well field will be located in Kobeh Valley. That well field

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will comprise approximately 95 percent of the water that's used for the project. Additional water will be taken from the pit. To keep the pit dry we'll remove the water as it's encountered. That water will also be introduced in to the process circuit. About probably five percent of water will also be used in Diamond Valley. I should have said in watering we estimate that about 80 percent of the water that entered the pit will be recovered and used in the process will be within Diamond Valley based on the location of that hydrographic basin.

- Will that water developed in Diamond Valley be covered by the existing permits, the 543 acre-feet plus the 616 that is transferred to the pit area but within Diamond Valley?
- We estimate based on the model that a few hundred acre-feet will come in to the pit, so yes, it would be, the amount that comes in to the pit would be less than the water rights in Diamond Valley that we moved up to the valley.
- Therefore it would be a completion to the Diamond Ο. Valley aquifer; is that correct?
- So you're asking if the water rights that we have cover the amount of water that flows in the pit?
 - More than covers, I believe. Q.
 - Yes. Α.
 - Could you start with the word source and describe Ο.

how these arrows are followed?

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Okay. The well field will have about ten production wells. All of that water will go to a booster tank. From there it gets biped to the mill storage tank. It's commingled with water that's removed from the pit. All that water becomes the process circuit and -- Excuse me. Not all of that water. Most of that water is used in the mill. There's a component that is used in Diamond Valley as well for suppression, cooling, and domestic uses. The majority of that water, about 95 percent, gets used in the middle to process the ore. That water is discharged as a slurry to the thickener. The actual water contained in that discharge to the thickener is, I think, about 22,000 gallons a minute. But a large amount of that water, 8,000 gallons a minute or so, is reclaimed from that thickener and reused in the mill. So the fresh water consumption is a total of 7,000 gallons a minute.

Q. All right.

A. That water is discharged in to the tailings imboundment. Water is also reclaimed from that tailing imboundment and used in the mill. But the water consumption, the vast majority of the water consumption is in the tailing pond. It's due to evaporation of water that can't be decanted and drainment of water in the solids that are exposed there.

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- So meetings were had, input was received and the result is an approved model, 2010 model. And that model was
- All right. Could you go to 402 if you have that
- Yes. This is a memo prepared by the county's hydrogeologic consult, Ecologic. It was prepared for the county commissioners. It was regarding their review of the hydrology report from Mount Hope project. It was submitted to the BLM by the county commissioners as a means of commenting on the hydrologic model.
 - And how did you get this?
- This was -- I received this through the EIS Α. process. I believe the county commissioners mailed it to the BLM and copied me on it.
- Okay. And of course this exhibit speaks for Ο. itself?
- It does. It has the statement in there that Ecologic finds now fatal flaws with the hydrologic model.
- Okay. Let's go to Exhibit 403. And please describe Exhibit 403.
 - Sure. This is a copy of the power point

Q. In Diamond Valley?

overpumping.

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- A. In Diamond Valley, correct.
- Q. Are you aware of any subsequent solutions or proposals submitted to the State Engineer by the growers?

together to look for solutions to the overappropriation and

- A. I am not, no.
- Q. Are you aware of any further meetings involving Exhibit 403?
- A. Yes. The Diamond Natural Resources Protection and Conservation Association that Mr. Branstetter testified

about, they have been meeting and my understanding is they're working quite diligently on water conservation and other avenues to reduce water consumption. Q. Let's go to 405. This is a publication by Division of Water Resources from January of this year. It provides revised estimates on evapotranspiration and agricultural consumptive use numbers. Of note is the fact that Diamond Valley estimated at 2.5 acre-feet consumptive and Kobeh Valley is at 2.7, whereas prior, at least in the engineer's Ruling 5966 that number was 2.3 acre-feet per year. 0. In both valleys? You're asking what --Α. No. In both valleys, meaning Diamond and Kobeh? Q. Α. This report indicates that Diamond Valley is 2.5 and Kobeh Valley is 2.7. And in Ruling 5966 the State Engineer granted the 0. conversion factor of 2.3 acre-feet per acre; correct? In Kobeh Valley? Α. Q. Right. Right. Α. Okay. I understand. Let's go to Exhibit 414. Q. It should be in your booklet. Do you have 414?

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Could you please describe what Exhibit 414

I do not.

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1	depicts.
2	A. This is an application or, excuse me, this is
3	a this is a protest from Eureka County to an application
4	by General Moly.
5	Q. Ckay. And do you know what the application seeks
6	water for?
7	A. I am not I don't know the specific number, no.
8	Q. Did the applicant file applications for the 3 F
9	Ranch?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Did the applicant file applications to
12	appropriate water for the Bobcat Ranch?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Are you aware that Eureka County did not protest
15	the series of plaintiff's exhibits filed on the Bobcat Ranch?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Are you aware that the protest you have in front
18	of you involves the water right sought to replace water on
19	the 3 F Ranch?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. So is it your testimony then that Exhibit 414 is
22	the protest filed by Eureka County to the granting of the
23	subject application for 3 F irrigation water rights?
24	A. Yes, this is a protest to that application.
25	MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Mr. de Lipkau, can I ask a

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1
      question? You say 3 F but this says on the Bean Flat Ranch.
 2
      Are those the same thing?
 3
                  MR. DE LIPKAU: No, it's not. I don't know where
      it says Bean Flat.
 4
 5
                  MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: The protest says that.
      second line under number one says irrigation and domestic on
 6
 7
      the Bean Flat Ranch.
 8
                  MR. DE LIPKAU: We believe that to be a typo.
 9
      It's wrong.
10
                  MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: All right. Thank you.
                 (By Mr. de Lipkau) Are you aware of the Bartine
11
             Q.
      Ranch?
12
13
             Α.
                  Yes.
                  And do you drive by the Bartine Ranch very often?
14
             Ο.
15
             Α.
                  Occasionally.
16
                  How frequently is occasionally?
             Q.
1 7
                  Maybe every couple of months or so.
             Α.
18
             Q.
                  All right. For how long?
19
                  The past four years.
             Α.
20
             Q.
                  Okay. Have you noticed any change in the
21
      irrigated culture on the Bartine Ranch since the State
      Engineer issued Ruling 6599?
22
                  No, I haven't. 5966 I think.
23
             Α.
                  5966.
24
             0.
25
                  I have not. Nothing I've noticed, no.
             A.
```

1	change.
2	Q. No change. Let's go to the protest. Do you have
3	the protest in front of you?
4	A. I do.
5	Q. You do? Would you please turn to the protest
6	which is, for the record, marked as Exhibit A-2, Application
7	799.1 introduced by the State Engineer.
8	MS. PETERSON: Excuse me. The witness is looking
9	at some documentation apparently, notes or something, while
10	he's testifying. And I'm just wondering what that's all
11	about. I thought he's supposed to be testifying based on his
12	personal knowledge.
13	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau, would you
14	like to respond?
15	MR. DE LIPKAU: He is testifying on his personal
16	knowledge. I think the witness had trouble finding Exhibit A
17	total protest.
18	Mr. Rogers, I think counsel is upset with your
19	booklet there. Please close your booklet and we'll refer to
20	the exhibits. Do you have the protest in front of you?
21	THE WITNESS: It's right here, yes.
22	MR. DE LIPKAU: Okay. Would you please turn to
23	protest item eight on page three.
24	MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Which exhibit are we on? 414
25	still?

1	MR. DE LIPKAU: No. We are moving off the
2	exhibits and we're getting back in to 79911, State Engineer
3	Exhibit 99.
4	MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Thank you. Which we show as
5	Application 79911, the application?
6	MR. DE LIPKAU: Right. With the attached
7	protest.
8	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: The protests were
9	prefiled by Eureka County and they were under a separate
10	exhibit number.
11	MS. PETERSON: Are you going to those now, those
12	protests?
13	MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes.
14	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: The copies of the
15	protest to the latest change applications are Exhibit 518.
16	Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) 518. Okay. 518, do you have
17	a copy of the protest there?
18	A. I have a copy of Exhibit 8 to the protest.
19	Q. Would you please go to number eight, page three.
20	A. Okay.
21	Q. That's a true statement, is it not?
22	A. It says, "The proposed place of use described in
23	the applications is much larger than the mine's plan of
24	operation project boundary." Yes, that is true. I already
25	testified as to the reasons for that.

Q. Okay. Let's go to number ten.

- A. Number ten says, "The dewatering requires pumping of groundwater from Diamond Valley currently overappropriated and overpumped."
- Q. Stop right there. There will be no dewatering, will there?
- A. We will remove the water that flows in to the pit, yes.
- Q. And the amount of water that flows in to the pit is covered by existing permits or applications filed by the applicant; right?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. All right. So there will not be additional pumping of groundwater in Diamond Valley; is that correct?
- A. There won't be anything additional beyond what the permits already allow. We have permits to cover the amount of water.
 - Q. Right. Thank you. Let's go to number 11.
- A. The proposed points of diversion for the applications in Basin 139 are the proposed place of use includes portion of Basin 153 and Basin 53 for the applications involved a transfer of groundwater out of the source basin for use in another basin.
- Q. And you previously described the water cycle in Exhibit 35, have you not?

A. Yes, I did.

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- Q. Could Exhibit 35 be correctly called an exchange of groundwater with literally no transfer, interbasin transfer. It's an exchange?
- A. In terms of amounts, yes. I mean molecules of Kobeh Valley water may be used in Diamond Valley and vice versa. But the amounts used in the various basins are very similar to the amounts that we pump in the basins.
- Q. Let's go to the transbasin diversion issue. You don't have an exhibit in front of you, Mr. Rogers.

 533.370(6) contains provisions that the State Engineer must review in determining whether to grant a transbasin portion.

 Are you aware of that statute?
 - A. Yes.
 - O. You've looked at that statute?
- 16 A. I have.
- Q. And you're not a lawyer?
- 18 A. I'm not a lawyer.
 - Q. You have just testified that even though a molecule of water from one basin to another may occur, in essence the water being transferred is basically or can be looked upon as an exchange; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Could you please tell us and justify the need to import water from Diamond Valley to I'll say keep the pit dry

- A. I'm not sure I understand the question.
- Q. Why did you transfer water from Diamond Valley agriculture to the Diamond Valley side of the pit?
- A. That's where the ore is. We have to mine where the ore is and water will flow in to that pit. So water rights from Diamond Valley are required to remove that water from the pit.
- Q. Then the water developed for keeping the pit dry purposes will be sent in to the mill cycle; correct?
- A. Yes. Although some percent of that water may be used in Diamond Valley.
- Q. Right. Can the plant operate other than the way it is currently designed and set forth on Exhibit 35?
 - A. No, no.
- Q. You are aware that the State Engineer is given the statutory authority to award or direct the applicant to prepare a plan of conservation, are you not?
 - A. That's my understanding, yes.
 - Q. And did you do that?
- A. We have not developed a formal plan of conservation as a stand-alone document. We have developed our process circuit with state of the art technology to make water use efficient and we have also established the Diamond Valley trust fund, as Mr. Branstetter testified to.

1	Q. That would be Exhibit 30 then? I represent to
2	you it was Exhibit 30 that Mr. Branstetter testified to.
3	A. Okay.
4	Q. It was entitled plan operation?
5	A. Plan conservation. Plan of conservation.
6	Q. Plan of conservation, you are correct. Could you
7	state whether or not the proposed action is environmentally
8	sound?
9	A. It will need to be environmentally sound to be
10	approved by the BLM, so yes, I would say yes.
11	Q. Will the contemplated use of water unduly limit
12	future growth in the basin of origin being both basins?
L 3	MS. PETERSON: Objection. Calls for an opinion
14	by this witness who has no expertise on this issue to give an
L 5	opinion.
16	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead, Mr. de Lipkau.
L7	Do you want to respond?
8	MR. DE LIPKAU: The next question will clarify
. 9	that. Let me ask one question. Will the
20	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's hear your
21	question.
2	MR. DE LIPKAU: The question is, Mr. Rogers, will
3	KVR or its parent make water available in Diamond and Kobeh
4	Valley for future development in both of those two valleys.
5	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead. You can

JA295

answer that.

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THE WITNESS: Yeah. Mr. Branstetter testified to that, that we could certainly consider that.

- Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) And in the event the State Engineer determines other factors relevant under this statute would the applicant comply with such other requirements.
- A. Absolutely. We will comply with the State Engineer's direction, yes.
- Q. Let's go to Exhibit 502. Do you have Exhibit 502 in front of you?
 - A. I do.
 - Q. Would you please turn to page 25.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. Who was -- Who prepared the technical memorandum?
 - A. It says it was prepared by Dale Bugenig.
- Q. When was it dated?
- 17 A. November 24th of 2010.
- 18 Q. Quite recent?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. Would you please turn to page 25 and discuss the water monitoring mitigation section.
 - A. This is about five pages discussing or four pages discussing deficiencies or concerns that the author has with the monitoring plan as it was presented in the 2010 plan of operations and the preliminary draft EIS.

A. These comments in this memo were not submitted to the BLM specifically. The county did submit a lot of comments on the preliminary draft EIS including comments on the monitoring plan. The BLM has not indicated at this point yet whether they have accepted or will accept those comments. But Eureka Moly since then has gone in, screened through all the hundreds of comments provided in that spread sheet, compiled the ones dealing with the monitoring and mitigation plan and went down to Eureka County and reviewed those comments with them and are in the process of updating the monitoring plan.

- Q. All right. Would it be a true statement then that the monitoring plan as currently being sent to the applicant being KVR and the participating agencies including the BLM has not yet been finalized, would that be a true statement?
 - A. That is true, correct.
 - Q. It's being worked on?
 - A. It is being worked on, yes.
- Q. And the exhibit shows the concern or comments advanced by Eureka County, would that be a true statement?
 - A. Yes.

Q. Do you agree, do you on behalf of KVR agree on these comments set forth commencing at page 25?

	Α.	Most	of them,	yes.	I can't	recall	speci	ficall	y á
hundre	ed per	cent c	of them.	But a	lot of	them had	d to de	o with	
specif	ic mor	nitori	ng locat	ions,	frequenc	ey of mor	nitori	ng. A	ınd
when w	e sat	down	with the	county	y repres	entative	es we	agreed	l to
most c	f ther	n.							

- Q. All right. Before I leave the monitoring portion, would it be a true statement that there is no agreed monitoring program between the applicant and Eureka County?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And there currently is work on that program; is that correct?
- A. We are continuing to refine the monitoring plan and we will -- we are required to get BLM approval and we are committed to accommodating Eureka County concerns.
- Q. You are aware that in Ruling 5966 the State Engineer stated that a monitoring program approved by him must be and is a condition preceding to production of pumping, are you not?
- A. Yes. We're aware that a monitoring plan, monitoring, management, mitigation plan approved by the State Engineer in addition to the approval by the BLM.
 - Q. And they will not be identical?
 - A. Not necessarily identical, no.
- Q. Okay. Would you please turn to Exhibit 507. Have you reviewed that?

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mitigation.

Is mitigation part of the environmental impact

mitigation. We were directed by the BLM not to include

1	A. That's correct.
2	Q. That's state and federal?
3	A. All applicable permits, conditions, regulations,
4	yes.
5	Q. And with continuing negotiations with Fureka
6	County?
7	A. Yes, we are continually requested that
8	stakeholders approach us with concerns. We want input, yes.
9	MR. DE LIPKAU: I have nothing further at this
10	time.
11	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's take a quick break
12	before we go to cross. Be off the record for the next ten
13	minutes.
14	(Recess was taken)
15	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We finished up with the
16	direct testimony of Pat Rogers. We're on to
17	cross-examination.
18	MR. DE LIPKAU: Excuse me, Mr. Hearing Officer.
19	Before we start, the figures to Exhibit 34 are being made as
20	we speak. Someone ran out to get the applicable color
21	copies. With permission of the hearing officer and with
22	counsel we will discuss the several exhibits when they're
23	available after cross-examination at the convenience of all
24	parties if that's acceptable to counsel.
25	MS. PETERSON: That's acceptable.

1 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Is there any problem 2 with that? 3 MS. PETERSON: No problem. 4 MS. URE: No problem. 5 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's go to 6 cross-examination. 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION By Ms. Peterson: 8 9 Thank you. Mr. Rogers, my name is Karen Peterson Q. and I'm the attorney for Eureka County. And I'm going to be 10 asking you about the exhibits that you testified to. I'm 11 going to try to go in the order that you testified to them. 12 13 So let's start with Exhibit 32. Do you have that in front of you? 14 15 Yes. Α. And that's your schedule of your permits? 16 Q. 17 Α. This is our permit tracking matrix. 18 Ο. Right. And I note that there's a notation on numbers 13, 16, 17, 20, 21 and 23 under the notes section 19 20 that says on hold pending project restart. Do you see that language? 21 MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: What number are you on, 22 23 Ms. Peterson? MS. PETERSON: It's Exhibit 32, and number 13, 24 16, 17, 20, 21 and 23. 25

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Thank you.

2

MS. PETERSON: And it's under the notes column.

3

THE WITNESS: I don't see on hold, but yeah, I

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see the notes on those.

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Q. (By Ms. Peterson) Well, for example, I mean just so you're comfortable. Number 13 under the notes section for

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that entry, the very last line says on hold pending project

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restart.

9

A. Okay.

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Q. Do you see that?

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A. I got a different version but I am familiar with that language in the permits, yes.

12

Q. Okay. And the project is the Mount Hope project?

13 14

A. Yes.

15

Q. And on hold pending project restart would infer that the project is not going forward; is that correct?

16 17

A. No, that's not correct. What that indicates is

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that the permitting efforts for that specific permit are on hold pending the restart of engineering. What we do is some

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of our permits require engineering design. We make the

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decision whether holding until engineering is restarted will

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affect the overall permitting timeline. Like Mr. Chaput said, permitting is number one priority on any of these

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permits. If engineering is required we will release the

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funds to do that engineering for that permit.

1	Q. And then directing your attention to Exhibit 33.
2	And that's the list of all the different versions I guess of
3	a model that had been submitted to the BLM and then Eureka
4	County as a participating agency. Would you agree?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And I count up that there's been six versions of
7	the model that have been submitted to the BLM in Eureka
8	County?
9	A. Yeah. I see six versions since June of 2008,
10	yes.
11	Q. Okay. And I know that the, on July 2010, number
12	six, I'm saying number six, accepted as final by the BLM,
13	that's under the notes section. Do you see that?
14	A. What are you reading on the notes?
15	Q. Under second page of Table A.
16	A. Uh-huh.
17	Q. July 2010.
18	A. Uh-huh.
19	Q. It says issued July 9th 2010, accepted as final
20	by the BLM?
21	A. Okay.
22	Q. Do you see that?
23	A. Actually I don't see that on the conversion.
24	Q. Do you Well, I don't know if I have an extra
25	copy. Well, any ways. I don't know that you need the

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the model every third year for the first six years following

initiations of oil field well pumpings; is that correct?

Α.

That's correct.

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- Among other reasons, yes.
- And that part of the water that you would be needing would be for minor purposes. And I think you said dust suppression and maybe construction water?
- It could be for -- I don't think I said construction water. It could be dust suppression. It could be environmental mitigation. It could be water use for drilling for exploration.
 - And so what's water drilling for exploration? Ο.
- Α. When a drill rig drills a hole, typically they use some water.
- Ο. And what would those -- What would those holes be -- would they be looking for water?
- Could be looking for water, could be drilling a Α. monitoring well, could be doing geotechnical stability, could be doing soil investigation. There's a number of things.
- Is the company -- Is the company exploring for water in Diamond Valley to be used in the mining process?
 - Α. No.
 - Q. Okay. Then going back to your schematic.
 - Α. Uh-huh.
- And I wasn't quite sure if I understood exactly what you were saying about how this mine process would work. And you say that there's a well field in Kobeh Valley; is that correct?

Yes, I would.

Α.

Q	2.	Turning	to	Exhib	it 414.	Exhib:	it 414	is	the	
protest	that	's been	fil	ed by	Eureka	County	to ce	rtai	.n water	,
a water	appl	ication	tha	t was	filed	by Gener	cal Mc	ly f	or	
groundwa	ter	and irri	gat	ion	- Sorry	, irriga	ation	and	domesti	-
purposes	; is	that co	rre	ct?						

A. Yes.

- Q. And that application was filed by General Moly in Kobeh Valley?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And this is one of the applications that Eureka Moly is proposing water could be used by Eureka County for future growth and development; is that correct?
- A. This application is for agricultural use. But we have agreed that we don't want to limit future growth in that basin and should there be a need for water associated with future growth we would certainly entertain conveying or leasing this water should it be granted to the person or entity that wanted to construct whatever it is that would promote that growth.
- Q. Is it fair to say that General Moly is not intending to use this application for irrigation purposes?
 - A. No. We are intending.
- Q. You also testified earlier that BLM had directed you, the mine, I'm sorry, not to develop a mitigation plan at this time? Did I hear that correctly?

A. That's not entirely correct. They i	.nstructed us
that our monitoring plan is part of our plan of	operations
and that it is as part of the plan of operations	it's not to
include a mitigation plan. The mitigation plan	was to be
developed in conjunction with the cooperating ag	encies and
the BLM. It was not to be simply proposed by Eu	reka
modeling.	

- Q. But would that direction from the BLM would that have prohibited General Moly from prohibiting a plan to the State Engineer in this program?
- MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Mitigating what,
 Ms. Peterson? I don't know what you're really talking about.
- Q. (By Ms. Peterson) Well, the testimony seemed to imply that the mitigation plan wasn't submitted in this proceeding because the, you haven't come to a finalization of such a plan with the BLM yet.
- A. That's not it. I certainly didn't intend to imply that. We understand that a monitoring and mitigation plan will be required by the State Engineer before we pump water. We will comply with that stipulation.
- Q. And is it fair to say that stopping pumping would not be one of the mitigation techniques or steps that General Moly would propose in the mitigation plan?
- MR. DE LIPKAU: Objection. That's way outside the scope of direct.

	MS.	PETERSON:	Well,	there	was a	lot of	testimor	ТУ
about a	mitigati	on plan and	d being	g willi	ng to	adopt	and agree	ì
to anyth	ning that	had been j	propose	ed for	mitig	ation o	r ordered	ì
by the S	State Eng	neer. So	I thir	ìk _t i	s a f	air que	stion	
within t	the scope	e of direct	examir	nation.				

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I'll let you answer. Goahead.

THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question please.

- Q. (By Ms. Peterson) The general -- Well, in the last hearing there was a lot of testimony that stopping pumping was not an effective mitigation effort for General Moly. Do you recall that testimony?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And is that true today as we sit here today?
- A. Is it true that stopping pumping would not be effective mitigation?
- Q. Would not be a mitigation step or point that General Moly would propose in a mitigation plan.
- A. I don't know what we would propose in a mitigation plan. A mitigation plan hasn't been developed yet. It would be speculative to say what we would or would not propose.
- Q. Okay. Do you know exactly how the mine's pumping is going to come on line? I mean are all the wells going to

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- Q. Yes. So paragraph 12 on page four and also 14.
- A. Yes.
- Q. They talk about data being collected by the US Geological Survey.
 - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. Has that information been incorporated in to the monitoring plan? The information that has been already collected by USGS, has that been incorporated?
 - A. In to the monitoring plan?
 - Q. Uh-huh.
- A. The monitoring plan identifies what data will be collected. It doesn't put data -- The monitoring plan doesn't have data in it. I don't quite understand the question.
- Q. I guess what I'm getting at is in the -- Is this USGS information the type of information that will be included in your monitoring plan?
- A. That's what we have proposed. We've proposed to include USGS and other publically available data as part of the database that we'll maintain as part of this monitoring plan.
- Q. Does the monitoring plan selectively pick and choose which parts of that information are used in the monitoring? So they either use it all or none or do they pick and choose? Let me back up a little bit. Are you aware

that there is a study going on by USGS and Kobeh Valley and Diamond Valley?

A. Yes.

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1.4

Q. And are you aware that that study --

MR. DE LIPKAU: Objection. We're going to get in to the same problem we got in to last time and that is we know there's a study going on. There will always be a study going on. I don't think any reference whatsoever should be made by any parties to about and concerning the study that is currently underway. So I'm going to object to this line of questioning.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I'll sustain your objection.

MR. DE LIPKAU: Thank you.

MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: I'm going to ask you a question because I think the confusion I'm hearing from Ms. Ure is you're wondering what historic data goes in the monitoring plan and I think you're saying a monitoring plan is what we're going to do forward. So I don't think you're communicating. Does that help at all? I think that's where the confusion is coming. Because in my mind the monitoring plan is what we collect going forward. It may be a baseline data and maybe that's what you're asking is historic information used as baseline data.

MS. URE: Right.

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MS. JOSEPH-TAYLOR: Can you answer that?

THE WITNESS: Yeah. We have already compiled historic data as part of the hydrological modeling effort. We would continue to collect publically available data, add it to that database, that would become the product of our monitoring plan would be used to assess impacts, update the model, improve our understanding of the hydrology.

- Q. (By Ms. Ure) Okay. So then you do acknowledge that that information is part of the baseline, I guess?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. On -- Going back to page two in paragraph eight, it states that the monitoring plan will identify and characterize changes to the hydraulic environment that would be caused by groundwater withdrawals. What types of hydraulic changes are you contemplating identifying here just generally?
- A. Changes in water levels in groundwater, changes in surface water flows.
- Q. Have there been controls identified as part of the monitoring plan, I guess like a threshold level saying our monitoring plan will watch certain wells and if they drop by X amount then we will go in to a mitigation effort? Has there -- Does the mine have a policy like that?
- A. We will work with the regulatory agencies and the stakeholders to identify triggers to the extent that we can.

But in the past I've cautioned people against using just a numerical trigger. We say if the water level drops ten feet it sounds good and we favor that because we like a bright line where we know we're responsible for. But there's a lot of other factors. Climatic conditions, pumping from other sources. So to say one numeric standard is not always a good answer. But again, it's somewhat speculative to say what's going to be in the final version of this.

- Q. Okay. Turning to Exhibit 35, your schematic.
- A. Uh-huh.
- Q. Is it my understanding that the mine uses a floatation recovery process to extract the ore?
 - A. Yes. Floatation circuit, yes.
- Q. Can you briefly describe why this process takes such a huge number, 11,300 acre-feet of water?
- A. It's a very large mine. We will process about 60,000 tons of ore every day. All of that ore gets crushed from big rocks to very fine grains and gets mixed with water. That's a lot of water.
- Q. Okay. And there's no other process available to mine for molybdenum?
- A. Floatation is the standard preferred reality only proven technology.
- MS. URE: I have no further questions.
 - HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Redirect.

MR. DE LIPKAU: Very briefly, yes. I think at 1 2 this time we'll hand out the figures to Exhibit 33. 3 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: 34. 4 MR. DE LIPKAU: 34. I'm sorry. 5 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's go off the record 6 for a minute while we pass those papers around. 7 (Recess was taken) HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I believe we stopped on 8 9 redirect, Mr. de Lipkau. 10 MR. DE LIPKAU: Yes. Everyone has now hopefully 11 received a copy of the figures for Exhibit 34; is that 12 correct? 1.3 MS. PETERSON: Yes. 14 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Yes, Exhibit 34, the 15 figures, we now have those. 16 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 17 By Mr. de Lipkau: 18 Q. Prior to discussing the figures I asked Mr. Rogers that if a court of competent jurisdiction ordered 19 20 the mine to shut down would the mine comply. 21 Α. Yes. Do you understand the points of diversion as set 22 23 forth on Figure 35? That's the schematic. 24 Α. I don't think there's any points of diversion. 25 We have the wells. Ο.

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monitoring points that we have proposed in this June 2010

version. It also shows the projected ten-foot drawdown

contour at five years after pumping. It shows in purple

Figure one is a comprehensive depiction of the

there from the well field drawdown and from the pit area. This map is color-coded in terms of the reddish dots are sites that are specifically in Diamond Valley. The blue ones are in Kobeh Valley. The yellow ones are some in Kobeh Valley, some in Pine Valley. But that was our monitoring points there to assess impacts in the Roberts Mountains.

In addition there are USGS wells, the half green, half white. And wells that NDWR monitor are the half yellow, half black wells.

- Q. All right. Would you please again tell us where Exhibit 34 was filed or lodged.
- A. It was provided as part of our plan of operations to the BLM. It was incorporated in the preliminary draft of the EIS that was prepared by the BLM's third party contractor.
 - Q. So the BLM has a copy of Figure 1?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Attached to Exhibit 34?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. All right. Let's go to Figure 2.
- A. Figure 2 is the same monitoring locations. The only difference is we've superimposed the ten-fcct drawdown contour which is based on the 44-year mine life drawdown.
- Q. So are you saying that the light blue area is the projections of the 44-year ten-foot contour?

À	1	A. Yes.
)	2	Q. And the other points are unchanged, the
	3	monitoring points, the red, the green and the yellow dots?
	4	A. Correct.
	5	Q. Are unchanged?
	6	A. Yes, correct.
	7	Q. And let's go to Figure 3.
	8	A. Figure 3 is simply a blow-up of the Diamond
	9	Valley. In fact, all the remaining figures are that where we
	10	tried to blow up to allow a reviewer to more closely assess
	11	whether impacts in Diamond Valley or Kobeh Valley or the
	12	Roberts Mountains were being adequately monitored. So this
, is	13	is just the Diamond Valley locations.
f	14	Q. On Figure 3 what is the heavy area, heavy lined
	15	area basically surrounding the pit?
	16	A. I'm not sure if I see a heavy lined area.
	17	There's the pit itself. Oh, that's the plan of operations
	18	boundary. I'm sorry. Yeah, the heavy line.
	19	Q. The heavy line is the plan of operations?
	20	A. Yes.
	21	Q. And this is the, I'll say the contour lines or
	22	drawdowns at the 44-year end of mine life?
	23	A. Yes.
	24	Q. And Figure 4?
	25	A. Figure 4 is a blow-up of the Kobeh Valley

- A. Figure 5 is the monitoring locations in the Roberts Mountains as well as the 44-year drawdown
- Q. And is the Roberts Mountain drainage depicted on Figure 5?
- A. It is not labeled but you can deduce where it is. It's, if you see those points, number seven, 16, 17, eight, those points essentially define the Roberts Creek drainage.
 - Q. And is the Diamond Valley drainage depicted?
- A. Not really a Diamond Valley drainage proper. But you can see the basin, the basin boundaries are shown in that reddish-brownish color.
- Q. So this Figure 5 depicts the drainage lines between the three basins for which we are concerned?
 - A. That's correct. And those basins are labeled.
 - Q. Pine, Kobeh and Diamond?
- A. Correct.

- Q. Thank you. And Figure 6?
- A. Figure 6 is a map that shows the new wells that we are in this version the wells that we are proposed to construct. So in addition to wells that we are proposing to monitor, there is this handful of I think nine wells that we were going to drill and complete and monitor.
 - Q. And above the 139 Kobeh Valley there's some I'll

A. I don't know.

Put your glasses on.

Q.

Α.

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I can't answer. It's possible.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

EUREKA COUNTY, A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE OF NEVADA; KENNETH F. BENSON, INDIVIDUALLY; DIAMOND CATTLE COMPANY, LLC, A NEVADA LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY; AND MICHEL AND MARGARET ANN ETCHEVERRY FAMILY, LP, A NEVADA REGISTERED FOREIGN LIMITED PARTNERSHIP,

Case No. 61324
Electronically Filed
Dec 27 2012 09:15 a.m.
District Court Case Tracie K. Lindeman
CV 1108-15; CV 1 Clerk of Supreme Court
CV 1108-157; CV 1112-164;
CV 1112-165; CV 1202-170

Appellants,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA STATE ENGINEER; THE STATE OF NEVADA DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES; AND KOBEH VALLEY RANCH, LLC, A NEVADA LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY,

Respondents.

JOINT APPENDIX Volume 2

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CHRONOLOGICAL APPENDIX TO APPEAL FROM JUDGMENT

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Petition for Judicial Review	08/08/2011	1	01-06
Notice of Verified Petition for Writ of Prohibition, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review	08/10/2011	1	07- 08
Verified Petition for Writ of Prohibition, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review	08/10/2011	1	09-59
Summons and Proof of Service, Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	08/11/2011	1	60-62
Summons and Proof of Service, Jason King	08/11/2011	1	63-65
Affidavit of Service by Certified Mail	08/11/2011	1	66-68
Notice of Petition for Judicial Review	08/11/2011	1	69-117
Summons and Proof of Service, Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	08/15/2011	1	118-120
Summons and Proof of Service, Jason King	08/15/2011	1	121-123
Summons and Proof of Service, The State of Nevada	08/17/2011	1	124-128
First Additional Summons and Proof of Service, State Engineer, Division of Water Resources	08/17/2011	1	129-133
Order Allowing Intervention of Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC, to Intervene as a Respondent	09/14/2011	1	134-135

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Partial Motion to Dismiss, Notice of Intent to Defend	09/14/2011	1	136-140
Order Allowing Intervention of Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC, as a Party Respondent	09/26/2011	1	141-142
Answer to Verified Petition for Writ of Prohibition, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/28/2011	1	143-149
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/29/2011	1	150-154
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/29/2011	1	155-160
Order Directing the Consolidation of Action CV1108-156 and Action No. CV1108-157 with Action CV1108-155	10/26/2011	1	161-162
Summary of Record on Appeal	10/27/2011	2-26	163-5026
Request for and Points and Authorities in Support of Issuance of Writ of Prohibition and in Opposition to Motion to Dismiss	11/10/2011	27	5027-5052
Order Setting Briefing Schedule	12/02/2011	27	5053-5055
Reply in Support of Partial Motion to Dismiss and Opposition to Request for Writ of Prohibition	12/15/2011	27	5056-5061

DOCUMENT	DATE	<u>VOL</u>	JA NO.
Kobeh Valley Ranch's Reply to Conley/Morrison's Request for and Points and Authorities in Support of Issuance of Writ of Prohibition and in Opposition to Motion to Dismiss	12/15/2011	27	5062-5083
Kobeh Valley Ranch's Joinder in the State of Nevada and Jason King's Partial Motion to Dismiss	12/15/2011	27	5084-5086
Petition for Judicial Review	12/29/2011	27	5087-5091
Petition for Judicial Review	12/30/2011	27	5092-5097
Summons and Proof of Service, The State of Nevada	01/11/2012	27	5098-5100
First Additional Summons and Proof of Service, State Engineer, Division of Water Resources	01/11/2012	27	5101-5103
First Amended Petition for Judicial Review	01/12/2012	27	5104-5111
Opening Brief of Conley Land & Livestock, LLC and Lloyd Morrison	01/13/2012	27	5112-5133
Petitioners Kenneth F. Benson, Diamond Cattle Company, LLC, and Michel and Margaret Ann Etcheverry Family LP's Opening Brief	01/13/2012	27	5134-5177
Eureka County's Opening Brief	01/13/2012	27	5178-5243
Eureka County's Summary of Record on Appeal - CV1112-0164	01/13/2012	28	5244-5420
Eureka County's Supplemental Summary of Record on Appeal - CV1108-155	01/13/2012	29-30	5421-5701

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Order Granting Extension	01/26/2012	31	5702-5703
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review	01/30/2012	31	5704-5710
Answer to First Amended Petition for Judicial Review	01/30/2012	31	5711-5717
Supplemental Petition for Judicial Review	01/31/2012	31	5718-5720
Petition for Judicial Review	02/01/2012	31	5721-5727
Summary of Record on Appeal	02/03/2012	31	5728-5733
Record on Appeal, Vol. I, Bates Stamped Pages 1-216	02/03/2012	31	5734-5950
Record on Appeal, Vol. II, Bates Stamped Pages 217-421	02/03/2012	32	5951-6156
Record on Appeal, Vol. III, Bates Stamped Pages 422-661	02/03/2012	33	6157-6397
Answer to Petition to Judicial Review	02/23/2012	34	6398-6403
Answering Brief	02/24/2012	34	6404-6447
Respondent Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC's Answering Brief	02/24/2012	34	6448-6518
Reply Brief of Conley Land & Livestock, LLC and Lloyd Morrison	03/28/2012	34	6519-6541
Petitioners Kenneth F. Benson, Diamond Cattle Company, LLC, and Michel and Margaret Ann Etcheverry Family LP's Reply Brief	03/28/2012	34	6542-6565
Eureka County's Reply Brief	03/28/2012	34	6566-6638

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Transcript for Petition for Judicial Review	04/03/2012	35	6639-6779
Corrected Answering Brief	04/05/2012	35	6780-6822
Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Denying Petitions for Judicial Review	06/13/2012	36	6823-6881
Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Denying Petitions for Judicial Review	06/18/2012	36	6882-6944
Notice of Appeal	07/10/2012	36	6945-6949
Petitioners Benson, Diamond Cattle Co., and Etcheverry Family LP's Notice of Appeal	07/12/2012	36	6950-6951
Excerpts from Transcript of Proceedings	10/13/2008	36	6952-6964

ALPHABETICAL APPENDIX TO APPEAL FROM JUDGMENT

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Affidavit of Service by Certified Mail	08/11/2011	1	66-68
Answer to Verified Petition for Writ of Prohibition, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/28/2011	1	143-149
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/29/2011	1	150-154
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review by Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	09/29/2011	1	155-160
Answer to Petition for Judicial Review	01/30/2012	31	5704-5710
Answer to First Amended Petition for Judicial Review	01/30/2012	31	5711-5717
Answer to Petition to Judicial Review	02/23/2012	34	6398-6403
Answering Brief	02/24/2012	34	6404-6447
Corrected Answering Brief	04/05/2012	35	6780-6822
Eureka County's Supplemental Summary of Record on Appeal - CV1108-155	01/13/2012	29-30	5421-5701
Eureka County's Summary of Record on Appeal - CV1112-0164	01/13/2012	28	5244-5420
Eureka County's Opening Brief	01/13/2012	27	5178-5243
Eureka County's Reply Brief	03/28/2012	34	6566-6638
Excerpts from Transcript of Proceedings	10/13/2008	36	6952-6964

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Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Denying Petitions for Judicial Review	06/13/2012	36	6823-6881
First Additional Summons and Proof of Service, State Engineer, Division of Water Resources	08/17/2011	1	129-133
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Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Order Denying Petitions for Judicial Review	06/18/2012	36	6882-6944
Notice of Appeal	07/10/2012	36	6945-6949
Opening Brief of Conley Land & Livestock, LLC and Lloyd Morrison	01/13/2012	27	5112-5133

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>vol</u>	JA NO.
Order Allowing Intervention of Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC, to Intervene as a Respondent	09/14/2011	1	134-135
Order Allowing Intervention of Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC, as a Party Respondent	09/26/2011	1	141-142
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Petition for Judicial Review	12/30/2011	27	5092-5097
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Petitioners Kenneth F. Benson, Diamond Cattle Company, LLC, and Michel and Margaret Ann Etcheverry Family LP's Opening Brief	01/13/2012	27	5134-5177
Petitioners Kenneth F. Benson, Diamond Cattle Company, LLC, and Michel and Margaret Ann Etcheverry Family LP's Reply Brief	03/28/2012	34	6542-6565
Petitioners Benson, Diamond Cattle Co., and Etcheverry Family LP's Notice of Appeal	07/12/2012	36	6950-6951

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>VOL</u>	JA NO.
Record on Appeal, Vol. II, Bates Stamped Pages 217-421	02/03/2012	32	5951-6156
Record on Appeal, Vol. I, Bates Stamped Pages 1-216	02/03/2012	31	5734-5950
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Summons and Proof of Service, Jason King	08/11/2011	1	63-65
Summons and Proof of Service, Jason King	08/15/2011	1	121-123
Summons and Proof of Service, Kobeh Valley Ranch, LLC	08/15/2011	1	118-120

DOCUMENT	<u>DATE</u>	<u>VOL</u>	JA NO.
Summons and Proof of Service, The State of Nevada	08/17/2011	1	124-128
Summons and Proof of Service, The State of Nevada	01/11/2012	27	5098-5100
Supplemental Petition for Judicial Review	01/31/2012	31	5718-5720
Transcript for Petition for Judicial Review	04/03/2012	35	6639-6779
Verified Petition for Writ of Prohibition, Complaint and Petition for Judicial Review	08/10/2011	1	09-59

CERTIFICATE OF APPENDIX (NRAP 30(g)(1)

In compliance with NRAP 30(g)(1) I hereby certify that this Appendix consists of true and correct copies of the papers in the District Court file.

DATED: December 21, 2012.

/s/ KAREN A. PETERSON
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000939.

1 2	KENNETH F. BENSON, an individual,) DIAMOND CATTLE COMPANY, LLC,) A Nevada Limited Liability Company,) and MICHEL AND MARGARET ANN				
3	ETCHEVERRY FAMILY, LP, a Nevada) Registered Foreign Limited Partnership,)				
4	Petitioners, Case No.: CV 1108-157				
5	Vs. Dept. No.: 2				
6 7 8	STATE ENGINEER OF NEVADA, OFFICE OF THE State Engineer, DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES, DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION				
9	AND NATURAL RESOURCES, Respondent,				
10					
11	SUMMARY OF RECORD ON APPEAL				
12	The Record on Appeal in this case is filed concurrently with this summary and consists				
13	of a copy of the following documents:				
14	VOLUME I: Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Monday, December 6, 2010, Bates				
15	stamped pages 0001 – 000219.				
16	VOLUME II: Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Tuesday, December 7, 2010, Bates				
17	stamped pages 000220 - 000414.				
18	VOLUME III: Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Thursday, December 9, 2010, Bates				
19	stamped pages 000415 – 000660.				
20	VOLUME IV : Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Friday, December 10, 2010, Bates stamped pages 000661 – 000849.				
21	VOLUME V: Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Tuesday, May 10, 2011, Bates				
22	stamped pages 000850 – 000927.				
23	VOLUME VI:				
24	1. Certificate of Record, dated August 11, 2011. Bates stamped pages 000928.				
25	2. Exhibit List, Bates stamped pages 000929 – 000933.				
26	3. Notice of Hearing, dated September 21, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000934				

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- 4. Notice of Additional Hearing, dated April 22, 2011. Bates stamped pages 000940 -000942.
- Memorandum, dated March 19, 2011. Bates stamped pages 000943 -000949. 5.
- 6. Affidavit of Dale Bugenig, dated April 4, 2011. Bates stamped pages 00950 – 000956.
- 7. Affidavit of Jake Tibbitts, dated April 4, 2011. Bates stamped pages 000957 – 00963.
- 8. Letter from Jarrad C. Miller withdrawing as counsel. Bates stamped pages 000964.
- 9. Protestant Morrison submittal, dated October 21, 2010. Bates stamped pages 00965 -000968.
- 10. Response to Motions by Applicant, dated November 9, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000969 - 000971.
- 11. Benson Procedural Motion to submit closing briefs, dated November 8, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000972 - 000974.
- **12**. Benson Procedural Motion to adopt previous record, dated November 8, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000975 – 000978.
- 13. Protest by Lloyd Morrison from files 79911 and 72695, dated August 20, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000979 - 000986.
- 14. Protest by Tackett to application 79914, dated August 23, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000987 - 000990.
- 15. Protest by Tackett to application 79918, dated August 23, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000991 - 000994.
- Protest by Tackett to application 79925, dated August 23, 2010. Bates stamped pages 16. 000995 - 000998.
- 17. Application 79938, dated June 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 000999 – 001003.
- 18. Application 79939, dated June 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001004 – 001008.
- 19. Application 79940, dated June 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001009 - 001013.
- 20. Application 79941, dated June 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001014 – 001018.
- 21. Application 79942, dated June 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001019 – 001023.
- 22. Kobeh Valley List of Witnesses and Evidentiary Material, dated October 19, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001024 – 001028.
- Notice of Default and Election to Sell. Bates stamped pages 001029 001033 23.

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- 24. Warranty Deed (Cedar Ranches). Bates stamped pages 001034 – 001037.
- 25. Agreement with Eureka Producer's Cooperative. Bates stamped pages 00138 – 001047.
- Diamond Valley Agricultural Sustainability Trust. Bates stamped pages 001048 -26. 001049.
- 27. Halpin Stipulations, dated September 29, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001050 – 001057.
- 28. Mt. Hope Environmental Permit and Approval Matrix. Bates stamped pages 001058 -001059.
- 29. Tables A-C Summary of Eureka Moly, LLC Hydrogeology and Modeling Report Submittals to Eureka County. Bates stamped pages 001060 – 001063.
- 30. Mount Hope Mine Project Water Resources Monitoring Plan. Bates stamped pages 00164 - 001078.
- 31. Mount Hope Project Water Flow Illustration. Bates stamped pages 001079.
- 32. BLM Acceptance letter of July 27, 2010. Bates stamped pages 001080 – 001081.
- 33. Financial "Package". Bates stamped pages 001082 – 001087.
- 34. Terry Katzer's Testimony and Appendices A & B. Bates stamped pages 001088 – 001130.

VOLUME VII & VIII:

35. Volumes 1 & 2 of Hydrogeology and Modeling. Bates stamped pages 001131 -001753.

VOLUME IX:

36. Report – Kobeh Valley Well Field Data Summary Report 3/8/2010. Bates stamped pages 001754 - 001942.

VOLUME X:

- 37. Proposed Points of Diversion and Place of Use Map. Bates stamped pages 001943 – 001944.
- 38. Application 72695. Bates stamped pages 001945 – 001947.
- 39. Application 72696. Bates stamped pages 001948 – 001950.
- 40. Application 72697. Bates stamped pages 001951 – 001953.

41.	Application 72698.	Bates stamped pages 001954 – 001956.
42. ₀	Application 73545.	Bates stamped pages 001957 – 001959.
43.	Application 73546.	Bates stamped pages 001960 – 001962.
44.	Application 73547.	Bates stamped pages 001963 – 001965.
45.	Application 73548.	Bates stamped pages 001966 – 001968.
46.	Application 73549.	Bates stamped pages 001969 – 001971.
47.	Application 73550.	Bates stamped pages 001972 – 001974.
48.	Application 73551.	Bates stamped pages 001975 – 001977.
49.	Application 73552.	Bates stamped pages 001978 – 001980.
50.	Application 74587.	Bates stamped pages 001981 – 001983.
51.	Application 75988.	Bates stamped pages 001984 – 001987.
52.	Application 75989.	Bates stamped pages 001988 – 001991.
53.	Application 75990.	Bates stamped pages 001992 – 001995.
54.	Application 75991.	Bates stamped pages 001996 – 001999.
55 .	Application 75992.	Bates stamped pages 002000 – 002003.
56.	Application 75993.	Bates stamped pages 002004 – 002007.
57.	Application 75994.	Bates stamped pages 002008 – 002011.
58.	Application 75995.	Bates stamped pages 002012 - 002015.
59.	Application 75996.	Bates stamped pages 002016 – 002019.
60.	Application 75997.	Bates stamped pages 002020 – 002023.
61.	Application 75998.	Bates stamped pages 002024 – 002027.
62.	Application 75999.	Bates stamped pages 002028 – 002031.
63.	Application 76000.	Bates stamped pages 002032 – 002035.
64.	Application 76001.	Bates stamped pages 002036 – 002039.
65.	Application 76002.	Bates stamped pages 002040 – 002043.
66.	Application 76003.	Bates stamped pages 002044 – 002047.
67.	Application 76004.	Bates stamped pages 002048 – 002051.
68.	Application 76005.	Bates stamped pages 002052 – 002055.
69.	Application 76006.	Bates stamped pages 002056 – 002059.
70.	Application 76007.	Bates stamped pages 002060 – 002063.

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71.	Application 76008.	Bates stamped pages 002064 – 002067.
72.	Application 76009.	Bates stamped pages 002068 – 002071.
73.	Application 76483.	Bates stamped pages 002072 – 002075.
74.	Application 76484.	Bates stamped pages 002076 – 002080.
75.	Application 76485.	Bates stamped pages 002081 – 002085.
76.	Application 76486.	Bates stamped pages 002086 – 002087.
77.	Application 76744.	Bates stamped pages 002088 – 002092.
78.	Application 76745.	Bates stamped pages 002093 - 002097.
79.	Application 76746.	Bates stamped pages 002098 – 002102.
80.	Application 76802.	Bates stamped pages 002103 – 002107.
81.	Application 76803.	Bates stamped pages 002108 – 002109.
82.	Application 76804.	Bates stamped pages 002110 – 002115.
83.	Application 76805.	Bates stamped pages 002114 – 002117.
84.	Application 76989.	Bates stamped pages 002118 – 002122.
85.	Application 76990.	Bates stamped pages 002123 - 002127.
86.	Application 77171.	Bates stamped pages 002128 - 002131.
87.	Application 77174.	Bates stamped pages 002132 – 002134.
88.	Application 77175.	Bates stamped pages 002135 – 002136.
89.	Application 77525.	Bates stamped pages 002137 – 002140.
90.	Application 77526.	Bates stamped pages 002141 – 002144.
91.	Application 77527.	Bates stamped pages 002145 – 002147.
92.	Application 77553.	Bates stamped pages 002148 – 002151.
93.	Application 78424.	Bates stamped pages 002152 – 002155.
94.	Application 79911.	Bates stamped pages 002156 – 002160.
VOLUME	<u> </u>	
95.	Application 79912.	Bates stamped pages 002161 – 002165.
96.	Application 79913.	Bates stamped pages 002166 – 002170.
97.	Application 79914.	Bates stamped pages 002171 – 002175.
98.	Application 79915.	Bates stamped pages 002176 – 002180.
99.	Application 79916.	Bates stamped pages 002181 – 002185.

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1	100.	Application 79917. Bates stamped pages 002186 – 002190.
2	101.	Application 79918. Bates stamped pages 002191 – 002195.
3	102.	Application 79919. Bates stamped pages 002196 – 002199.
4	103.	Application 79920. Bates stamped pages 002200 – 002204.
5	104.	Application 79921. Bates stamped pages 002205 – 002209.
6	105.	Application 79922. Bates stamped pages 002210 – 002214.
7	106.	Application 79923. Bates stamped pages 002215 – 002219.
8	107.	Application 79924. Bates stamped pages 002220 – 002224.
	108.	Application 79925. Bates stamped pages 002225 – 002229.
9	109.	Application 79926. Bates stamped pages 002230 – 002234.
10	110.	Application 79927. Bates stamped pages 002235 – 002239.
11	111.	Application 79928. Bates stamped pages 002240 – 002244.
12	112.	Application 79929. Bates stamped pages 002245 – 002249.
13	113.	Application 79930. Bates stamped pages 002250 – 002259.
14	114.	Application 79931. Bates stamped pages 002260 – 002264.
15	115.	Application 79932. Bates stamped pages 002265 – 002269.
16	116.	Application 79933. Bates stamped pages 002270 – 002274.
17	117.	Application 79934. Bates stamped pages 002275 – 002279.
18	118.	Application 79935. Bates stamped pages 002280 – 002284.
19	119.	Application 79936. Bates stamped pages 002285 – 002289.
20	120.	Application 79937. Bates stamped pages 002290 – 002294.
21	121.	Eureka County List of Witnesses and Exhibits. Bates stamped pages 002295 -
22		002307.
23	122.	Eureka County's Proposed Mount Hope Project Water Resources Monitoring
24		Management and Mitigation Plan. Bates stamped pages 002308 – 002326.
	123.	CV Dale Bugening. Bates stamped pages 002327 – 002334.
25	124.	CV Carol Oberholtzer. Bates stamped pages 002335 – 002343.
26	125.	CV Steven K. Walker. Bates stamped pages 002344.

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- 126. Walker and Associates Report, October 15, 2010. Bates stamped pages 002345 – 002395.
- 127. Walker and Associates Memorandum. Bates stamped pages 002396 – 002397.
- 128. Eureka County Public Works, Summary Report June 2008. Bates stamped pages 002398 - 002404.
- 129. Damale Power Point presentation. Bates stamped pages 002405 – 002431.
- 130. Eureka County Maps 3 water systems, 2 maps per system. Bates stamped pages 002432 - 002437.
- 131. KVR June 2010 applications; KVR June 2010 Application Points of Diversion; Mt. Hope Well Field and Place of Use. Bates stamped pages 002438 – 002440.
- 132. USGS and Eureka County Joint Funding Agreements 2005 – 2010. Bates stamped pages 002441 - 002475.
- 133. Map of Private land near Mount Hope Project. Bates stamped pages 002476.
- 134. Wise Family Development, LLC water applications 79962, 79963 and 79964. Bates stamped pages 002477 - 002482.
- 135. Portion of Eureka County Master Plan, 2010. Bates stamped pages 002483 – 002548.

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- 136. Eureka County Water Dedication Ordinance. Bates stamped pages 002549 – 002550.
- 137. State Engineer's Ruling 3569. Bates stamped pages 002551 – 002566.
- 138. Water Rights Spreadsheet. Bates stamped pages 002567 – 002558.
- 139. Decree – Pete Hanson Creek, October 8, 1976. Bates stamped pages 002569 – 002593.
- 140. Kobeh Valley Hydrographic Summaries. Bates stamped pages 002594 – 002605.
- 141. Pine Valley Hydrographic Summaries. Bates stamped pages 002606 – 002624.
- 142. Diamond Valley Hydrographic Summaries. Bates stamped pages 002625 – 002677.
- 143. General Moly Notices of Exploration (original exhibit 163 – cd). Bates stamped pages 002678.
- 144. Testimony of Jim Gallagher, October 14, 2008. Bates stamped pages 002679 – 002684.

- 145. Testimony of Tim Halpin, October 13, 2008. Bates stamped pages 002685 – 002709.
- 146. CV of Rex Massey. Bates stamped pages 002710 – 002711.

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- 147. Updated Economic Linkages in the Economy of Eureka County. Bates stamped pages 002712 - 002773.
- 148. Eureka County AG Statistics, 1987 - 2007 with attachments. Bates stamped pages 002774 - 002788.
- 149. Google Earth Map of Protestant's Property. Bates stamped pages 002789.
- 150. Transcript of Testimony of Ken Benson. Bates stamped pages 002790 – 002793.
- 151. Water Certificate Nos. 6358, 7874, and 10225. Bates stamped pages 002794 – 002796.
- 152. Craig Benson Water Certificates 6517 and 6518. Bates stamped pages 002797 -002798.
- 153. Water Certificates 7520, 6959, 6960, 6961, 6962. Bates stamped pages 002799 – 002806.
- 154. USGS contracts evidencing study, FOIA request. Bates stamped pages 002807 -002827.
- 155. Benson Protest to Application 79936. Bates stamped pages 002828.
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- 162. Benson Protest to Application 79938. Bates stamped pages 002835.
- 163. Benson Protest to Application 79939. Bates stamped pages 002836.
- 164. Submission of Witnesses, A Summary of their testimony and accompanying rebuttal exhibits. Bates stamped pages 002837 – 002840.
- 165. ECO Logic Memorandum. Bates stamped pages 002841 – 002851.

166. Diamond Valley Water Resource Management, March 19, 2009. Bates stamped pages 002852 - 002917.

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- 167. Ruling 2798, dated January 31, 2983. Bates stamped pages 002918 – 002923.
- 168. State Engineer publication of January 10, 2010, on consumptive use. Bates stamped pages 002924 - 002962.
- 169. Ruling 4848. Bates stamped pages 002963 – 002986.
- 170. Deed wherein KVR acquired Heard Ranch. Bates stamped pages 002987 – 002989.
- 171. Dwight Smith report utilizing the 2008 points of diversion – 2010 model. Bates stamped pages 002990 - 002997.
- 172. Letter dated October 1, 2010 addressed to the Eureka Co Commissioners. Bates stamped pages 002998.
- 173. Exxon permits 44431 and 44436. Bates stamped pages 002999 – 003096.
- 174. Resume of Jack M. Childress. Bates stamped pages 003097 – 003104.
- 175. Corporate Charter and Articles of Incorporation. Bates stamped pages 003105 – 003108.

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- 176. Low, Dennis James, 1982 Geology of Whistler Mountain. Bates stamped pages 003109 - 003252.
- 177. Protest to Application 78721, filed by Eureka County on July 10, 2009. Bates stamped pages 003253 - 003258.
- 178. Walker & Associates, November 23, 2010, Technical Memorandum. Bates stamped pages 003259 - 003267.
- 179. Dale C. Bugening, Consulting Hydrologist, LLC November 24, 2010. Bates stamped pages 003268 - 003297.
- 180. Lahontan Geoscience, Inc., November 24, 2010, Technical Memorandum. Bates stamped pages 003298 - 003313.

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- 181. Powerpoint of Walker & Associates. Bates stamped pages 003314 – 003326.
- 182. Powerpoint of Dale C. Bugenig, Consulting Hydrogeologist, LLC. Bates stamped pages 003327 - 003375.
- 183. Powerpoint of Lahontan GeoScience, Inc. Bates stamped pages 003376 – 003394.
- 184. Jake Tibbitts, memorandum dated November 29, 2010. Bates stamped pages 003395 -003406.
- 185. Protest by Eureka County to Applications 72695-98, 73545-52. Bates stamped pages 003407 - 003409.
- 186. Protest by Eureka County to Applications 75988-76009. Bates stamped pages 003410 - 003412.
- 187. Eureka County's Amended Protest to Applications 76005 - 76009. Bates stamped pages 003413 - 003415.
- 188. Eureka County's protest to Applications 76483 – 76486. Bates stamped pages 003416 - 003418.
- 189. Eureka County's protest to Applications 76744 – 76746. Bates stamped pages 003419 - 003421.
- 190. Eureka County's protest to Applications 76802 – 76805. Bates stamped pages 003422 - 003424.
- 191. Eureka County's protest to Applications 76989 and 76990. Bates stamped pages 003425 - 003428.
- Eureka County's protest to Application 77171, 77174, 77525-77527. Bates stamped 192. pages 003429 - 003432.
- 193. Eureka County's protest to Application 77553. Bates stamped pages 003433 – 003438.
- 194. Eureka County's protest to Application 78424. Bates stamped pages 003439 -003442.
- 195. Eureka County's protest to Application 79911-79942. Bates stamped pages 003443 – 003448.
- 196. Mt. Hope Water Brochure. Bates stamped pages 003449 – 003450.

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1	197.	General Moly Mt. Hope Tour, October 18, 2010. Bates stamped pages 003451 –
2		003493.
	198.	Powerpoint of Rex Massey. Bates stamped pages 003494 – 003502.
Ì	199.	State Engineer's Order 1169. Bates stamped pages 003503 – 003513.
	200.	Permit 57527. Bates stamped pages 003514 – 003516.
	201.	Permit 78629. Bates stamped pages 003517 – 003520.
	202.	Map of Buckingham Land and Water rights. Bates stamped pages 003521.
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	203.	Map of Etcheverry Family Limited Partnership Land and Water rights. Bates stamped
		pages 003522.
	204.	Map of MW Cattle Co. Land and Water rights. Bates stamped pages 003523
	205.	Map of Gary Garaventa Land and Water rights. Bates stamped pages 003524.
	206.	Map of Eureka Livestock Co. Land and Water rights. Bates stamped pages 003525.
	207.	Map of Federal Reserved Water rights – Stockwater and Domestic. Bates stamped
ĺ		003526.
	208.	Future Mining Growth and Development in Kobeh Valley. Bates stamped pages
		003527 – 003571.
	209.	State Engineer's Ruling 6127. Bates stamped pages 003572 – 3613.
	DA	ATED this 27th of October 2011.
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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I, Sandra Geyer certify that I am an employee of the Office of the Attorney General, State of Nevada, and that on this 27th day of October 2011, I deposited for mailing at Carson City, Nevada, postage prepaid, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **RECORD & SUMMARY OF RECORD ON APPEAL**, addressed as follows:

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Sandie Geyer, LSII Office of the Attorney General

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1 IN THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 2 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF EUREKA 3 4 EUREKA COUNTY, a political subdivision of the State of Nevada, 5 Petitioner. Case No. CV 1108-155 THE STATE OF NEVADA, EX. REL., 6 Dept. No. 2 STATE ENGINEER, DIVISION OF 7 WATER RESOURCES, Respondent. 8 9 CONLEY LAND & LIVESTOCK LLC a Nevada limited liability company 10 LLOYD MORRISON, an individual Petitioners, 11 VS. Case No. CV 1108-156 OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER Dept. No. 2 12 OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES, 13 DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES, JASON KING, State Engineer, KOBEH VALLEY RANCH, LLC, Real Party in 15 Interest, Respondents. 16 17 KENNETH F. BENSON, an individual, DIAMOND CATTLE COMPANY, LLC, 18 A Nevada Limited Liability Company, and MICHAEL AND MARGARET ANN 19 ETCHEVERRY FAMILY, LP, a Nevada Registered Foreign Limited Partnership, 20 Petitioners, Case No. CV1108-157 21 STATE ENGINEER OF NEVADA, Dept. No. 2 OFFICE OF THE State Engineer, DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES, 22 DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION 23 AND NATURAL RESOURCES, Respondent. 24 25 STATE ENGINEER'S SUMMARY OF RECORD ON APPEAL

VOLUME I: Transcript of Proceedings, Public Hearing, Monday, December 6, 2010, Bates stamped pages 0001 - 000219.

EUREKA COUNTY / KVR (04478-2°

Property of the second 1 STATE OF NEVADA 2 DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES 3 DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES 4 BEFORE TIM WILSON, HEARING OFFICER 5 6 IN RE: Applications 72695, 72696, 72697, 72698, 73545, 73546, 73547, 73548, 73549, 73550, 73551, 73552, 74587, 75988, 75989, 75990, 75991, 75992, 75993, 75994, 75995, 75996, 75997, 75998, 75999, 76000, 76001, 76002, 8 9 76003, 76004, 76005, 76006, 76007, 76008, 1.0 76009, 76483, 76484, 76485, 76486, 76744. 76745, 76746, 76802, 76803, 76804, 76805, 76989, 76990, 77171, 77174, 77175, 77525, 11 77526, 77527, 77553, 78424, 79911, 79912, 79913, 79914, 79915, 79916, 79917, 79918, 79919, 79920, 79921, 79922, 79923, 79924, 12 79919, 79920, 79921, 79922, 79923, 79924, 79925, 79926, 79927, 79928, 79929, 79930, 13 79931, 79932, 79933, 79934, 79935, 79936, 79937, 79938, 79939, 79940, 79941 and 79942 14 15 16 17 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 18 PUBLIC HEARING 19 MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 2010 20 CARSON CITY, NEVADA 21 22 REPORTED BY: CAPITOL REPORTERS Certified Shorthand Reporters 23 CHRISTY Y. JOYCE, CCR Nevada CCR #625 24 1201 N. Stewart Street Ste. 130 Carson City, Nevada 89706 25 $(775)882-5\overline{3}22$

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MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 2010, 8:30 A.M.

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HEARING OFFICER WILSON: All right. As set forth in the hearing notice of September 21st 2010, this is the time and place noticed for a hearing on Applications 72695 through 72698, 73545 through 73552, 74587, 75988 through 76009, 76483 through 76486, 76744 through 74746, 76802 through 76805, 76989, 76990, 77171, 77174, 77175, 77525 through 527, 77553, 78424, 79911 through 79942.

The authority for this hearing is set forth in Nevada Revised Statute Chapter 533, Subsections 365, 370 and 375.

The purpose of the hearing is to receive testimony and evidence on the protests filed and to receive additional information from the applicant.

As set forth in Nevada Administrative Code 533.220, the court reporter will file an original and one copy of the transcript with the State Engineer. Anyone wanting a copy of the transcript should make arrangements with the court reporter.

I'm Tim Wilson, hearing officer for the Division of Water Resources. To my right is Susan Joseph-Taylor, chief of the hearing section. To her right is Brian Stockton, our deputy AG. To my left is Jason King, the State Engineer. To his left, chief hydrologist Rick Felling. And

to his left, Deputy State Engineer Kelvin Hickenbottom. 1 2 At this time I would like to take appearances for 3 the record starting with the applicant. MR. DE LIPKAU: Ross de Lipkau and John Zimmerman 4 C on behalf of the applicant. With us, as appeared last time, 6 is Mr. Michael Branstetter, general counsel to the applicant 7 hereto and its parent corporation. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. 8 9 MS. URE: Name is Therese Ure. I'm from Schroeder Law Office representing protestant Ken Benson. 10 MS. PETERSON: Karen Peterson, Allison Mackenzie 11 law firm appearing on behalf of Eureka County. And on my 12 left is Ted Beutel, who is the district attorney for Eureka 13 14 County. 15 And I'd also like it noted on the record that three commissioners for Eureka County are present here today: 16 17 Chairman Lenny Fiorenzi, Jim Ithurralde and Mike Page. HEARING OFFICER WILSON: All right. I'd like to 18 ask if there's anybody here on behalf of Lander County. 19 MR. ETCHEVERRY: Yes. Gene Etcheverry. 20 21 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And as I understand it, you're not butting on a case today; is that correct? 22 MR. ETCHEVERRY: Correct. 23 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. 24 Baxter Glenn Tackett. 25

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MS. PETERSON: It's my understanding, Mr. Wilson, that Mr. Tackett will be appearing on Friday to present his testimony in support of this protest.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: I'll just note for the record there was no prefiled evidence on his behalf and no indication that he was putting on a full case.

Cedar Ranches, LLC? For the record, there's no one here.

Allen Chamberlain on behalf of Cedar Ranches did indicate he wishes to present a power point presentation. And he prefiled a few new slides in addition to his original power point presentation. He was planning on presenting that when the protestants go on Thursday. He does not intend to put on a full case.

Lloyd Morrison.

MS. PETERSON: I know Mr. Morrison was going to appear today. And I've heard that the weather, there is some weather problems between here and Eureka County. So I don't know if that delayed him or not. But I know that he had intended to be here.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: And we do have a letter from Mr. Morrison indicating that he was called as a witness for Eureka County; is that correct? He's on your list?

MS. PETERSON: He's on the list but it's my understanding he's going to be presenting his case as a

protestant.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. There was also a protest by David S.A. Stine and that protest was stepped in to essentially by Conley Land and Livestock Company as a successor. And I talked to Ken Conley prior to the hearing. He has a statement only that he would like to give on Thursday when the protestants go and he will not be presenting a full case.

Are there any other protestants in this matter that I failed to call? For the record there are none.

At this time I'd like to go ahead and mention some of the state's exhibits. Exhibit 1 is the notice of hearing September 21st 2010.

Exhibit 9 is the letter from Jarrad C. Miller. He is with Robertson Benevento Law Firm and that is a letter withdrawing as a counsel for any protestants in this matter.

Exhibit 10 is the letter I mentioned from Morrison.

Exhibits 21 through 25 and Exhibits 43 through 125 are the applications. And I've already read previous application numbers in to the record. Is there any objection to the admission of those exhibits?

MR. DE LIPKAU: No.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Hearing none, they'll be admitted.

As provided for in Nevada Administrative Code 533.300, I'd like to take administrative notice of the files and records of the office of the State Engineer. And with that, I'll address some preliminary matters. We had a motion filed on behalf of Mr. Benson. We'll deal with -- The first motion was to take the testimony of Craig Benson out of order. There was no opposition to that motion.

MS. URE: We would actually like to withdraw that motion. He's made alternative arrangements to be here towards the end of the week so we can withdraw that.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau, any comment on that?

MR. DE LIPKAU: No.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: There's also a motion on behalf of Mr. Benson to incorporate the previous record.

There was no opposition to that motion. That is Exhibit 13.

MR. DE LIPKAU: I believe we filed a consent to that motion, Mr. Wilson.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Just notice for the record Exhibit 14 was to hear the testimony out of order. Since there is no opposition to that motion we will approve your motion and incorporate the previous record. And we'll admit Exhibit 13 in to the record. And since you're withdrawing the procedural motion to take testimony out of order we don't need Exhibit 14.

The last issue was a motion on behalf of Mr. Benson to submit closing briefs. We would like to decide that at the end of the hearing and see how the hearing goes before we decide that. And I'll just mention that's Exhibit Number 12. Let's go ahead and admit the motion, Exhibit 12, and the response from the applicant, Exhibit 11.

Are there any other preliminary matters we need to take care of before we start?

MR. DE LIPKAU: I believe there may be one and that is because the applicant is required in this hearing to go first it will probably be necessary for us to call rebuttal witnesses after the protestants proceed.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: We'll deal with that when the time comes.

MS. PETERSON: I would just like to say for the record that we would object to that request. The notice clearly sets forth what the schedule was for submitting evidence and your list of witnesses and that the applicant's case would go first. So if the applicant is going to present rebuttal in response to the protestant's case then, you know, we would be given the opportunity to submit rebuttal to support our protest also.

So my understanding was based on the hearing notice that the applicant would present all its case on Monday and Tuesday and the intervenors would present all

their case on Thursday and Friday. And the State Engineer
should follow through on the notice of hearing and follow
that procedure.

MS. URE: And on behalf of Ken Benson I would

MS. URE: And on behalf of Ken Benson I would object as well.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: At this time generally most people like to do their opening statements right in front of their case or do you want to do opening statements right in the beginning? I'll give you a choice.

MS. PETERSON: I'd like to do my opening statement now after the applicant's.

MS. URE: That's fine.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. Mr. de Lipkau, why don't you start with your opening statement and then we'll follow with the protestants.

MR. DE LIPKAU: Thank you. This is not a water rights case. This case is something else that we will learn later. As previously stated, we agree wholeheartedly that all evidence, testimony, including the judicial proceedings in January of this year before Judge Papez will be incorporated.

Page seven of the transcript before Judge Papez, counsel for Eureka County said, "So the burden is not on the protestant. The burden is on the applicant." This statement is absolutely incorrect. It is in direct violation and

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contradiction of the State Engineer's policy as set forth in Ruling 4848, which will be discussed later.

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We do not know now nor have we ever known what Eureka County, a governmental entity, really wants. We do not know why it is so vigorously protesting these applications and apparently wants to kill the project.

Engineer controls all water in the State of Nevada as found in NRS 533.301, Subsection 1, which reads, "Subject to existing rights and except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all water may be appropriated for beneficial use as provided in this chapter and not otherwise." Thus the State Engineer controls all water in the State of Nevada. The 16 counties in Nevada plus Carson City do not control the water within their jurisdiction.

It is quite clear at the last hearing that KVR, the applicant, required in excess of 16,000 acre-feet of previously permitted and certificated groundwater rights as the source.

The water we are seeking here today has already been appropriated by the State Engineer's office twice. That is we have administrative res judicata.

One, back in 1983 the State Engineer approved what we will refer to as the Exxon permits for approximately 8700 acre-feet. A review of the public records would

indicate that at the time those two permits were granted the previously appropriated groundwater in Kobeh Valley exceeded 12,000 acre-feet. Thus in 1983 the State Engineer granted permits in excess of 20,000 acre-feet without -- Pardon me -- by finding pursuant to NRS then 533.370, Sub 3, now Sub 5. That one, there was unappropriated water in the proposed source of supply. And two, the pumping of the Exxon permits would not tend to impair existing rights. That is finding one.

Finding two is the State Engineer's Ruling 5966 which found the same thing. Remember, that finding was made for the purpose of the judicial ruling was for the State Engineer to hear evidence on the 2010 model erroneously referred to as the BLM model. We'll refer to it as the 2010 model.

There's no dispute, as previously set forth in the prior hearing, that the recharge to Kobeh Valley is in the magnitude of 16,000 acre-feet. There is no question that the volume sought to be developed by Kobeh Valley, KVR for the life of the mine will not exceed 11,300 acre-feet annually. The facts previously submitted where there are 543 acre-feet previously permitted at the mine site, the source being Diamond Valley and that 610 -- pardon me -- 616 acre-feet were transferred to the mine site in Diamond Valley from previously existing certificated groundwater rights from

what is known as the Gail Ranch.

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I'd like to expressly incorporate the findings the State Engineer made in Ruling 5966.

We will prove that the 2010 numerical model as required by Judge Papez to be presented to the State Engineer will indicate a zero effect, meaning no measurable effect on the groundwaters of Diamond Valley or upon the surface waters in nearby sources.

An agreement was made with the farm growers cooperative. Pursuant to that agreement, which will be discussed later, certain funds have been set aside for the retirement of groundwater rights in Diamond Valley or for the purpose of coming up with new water conservation advice. Under no circumstances will any groundwater owner in Diamond Valley be able to legitimately claim that there will tend to be an impact to his water rights.

We will specifically prove the following: Number one, there is unappropriated water in the proposed source of supply. NRS 533.370, Sub 5. There will be no conflict to domestic wells or to any prior rights caused by the pumping of 11,300 acre-feet annually.

The applicant is in full compliance with NRS 533.370, Sub 6, which is the transbasin diversion, which we will describe in detail later. Neither Eureka County nor any protestant or individual will have his or her due process

rights violated. The ultimate decision of the State Engineer will not be arbitrary, capricious and unreasonable.

Eureka County is absolutely incorrect in its belief that the State Engineer can grant a groundwater permit only if and provided that the development of groundwater is almost immediately dries up an equal volume of phreatophyte. This is simply not founded in law or in fact. There will be no model flaws, but experts of equal experience and qualifications will always disagree upon the literally millions of figures and computations within the model. The model being the 2010 model is most acceptable as we will prove has been approved by the Bureau of Land Management.

A model is one of many means of predicting the effect of pumping upon a nearby source. A model is merely one of many tools to arrive at the effect. We will prove through three independent means, the fourth one being the model, that there will be no adverse effect upon a person's rights being up Roberts Mountain on both sides and to Kobeh Valley, no impact upon existing rights.

A mitigation plan, which apparently is the heart of this case or perhaps is the heart of this case, will be entered in to. It will be agreed to by the BLM. It will be agreed to by the State Engineer. There will be input and we encourage input from Eureka County on the model.

I want to again reiterate that the State Engineer

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conveys the water in the state.

1.3

Financial ability, which we will prove today, is abundantly clear. The project is not a scam. It is not a fraud. It is a world class scale molybdenum mining operation which will definitely proceed forward.

There is no conflict with the place of use and the points of diversion. For the benefit of all parties, we have prepared a chart which will be introduced later describing the water rights, the subject of today's hearing, a chart that was simply prepared off the public records and we will not be discussing it.

Transbasin diversion will be fully mitigated.

There is no attempt to prohibit future development in either Diamond Valley or Kobeh Valley. As will be testified later, water will be made available by the applicant for future development in both valleys.

A conservation plan as set forth in the statute was not required to be submitted in Ruling 5966, however, for the benefit of all the parties you will and have submitted a conservation plan which will be discussed.

There will be no unreasonable luring of the stagnant water table. As previously stated, we will prove to four different independent needs that number one, the water is available, and two, there will be no impact.

Again, to the point of being repetitious, a model

is merely one means of determining the effect of groundwater 1 2 pumping. 3 As I previously stated, the precedent has already been set by this office for the permitting of the water 4 5 right. Number one is the Exxon permits. And number two is 5966. 6 I previously stated that 543 acre-feet exist at the site and that 616 acre-feet were successfully transferred 8 9 with the consumptive discount in Ruling 5966. They are owned 10 by the company, by the applicant. 473 acre-feet of 11 groundwater remaining at the Gail Ranch and the Herd Ranch 12 was recently acquired for -- it came with 692 acre-feet for a 13 total volume held and owned by the applicant in Diamond Valley in excess of 1150 acre-feet annually. 14 So with that I would like to call our first 15 witness, Mr. David Chapman. Mr. Chapman. 16 17 HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau, we were going to do the opening statements for the protestants. As 18 you recall, they wanted to go ahead and do theirs now. 19 MR. DE LIPKAU: Oh, they wanted to go ahead now. 20 21 I misunderstood. That's fine.

HEARING OFFICE WILSON: Go ahead.

MS. PETERSON: Thank you.

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23

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MS. PETERSON: NRS 533.370, Subsection 5 provides

25 that where there's no unappropriated water in the proposed

source of supply or the proposed use conflicts with existing rights or protectable interest in domestic wells or threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest the State Engineer shall, shall reject the application and refuse to issue the requested permit.

So in reviewing the applications before you, you need to look at all sections of the statutes and not ignore certain sections of the statute as the applicant is requesting that you do. And the same holds true for the interbasin transfer statute. The interbasin transfer statute has certain requirements and findings that the State Engineer must make and if the State Engineer cannot make these findings, the State Engineer cannot grant the applications and cannot grant the interbasin transfer. And existing right holders, existing right holders should be able to rely on you, the State Engineer, to uphold the mandates of the statute.

Proposed use conflicts with existing rights and not grant applications where the evidence shows that the proposed use does conflict with existing rights but instead grant the applications subject to a future monitoring, management and mitigation plan.

And the proposed use conflicts with existing rights or language similar to that has been on the books, in the statutes in Nevada since 1913.

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1.4 1.5

And in those cases where the State Engineer, including you, State Engineer, have determined that there are uncertainties with regard to a project or you have determined that there needs to be a cautious approach with regard to water resource management and that more data needs to be collected because of the uncertainty with regard to impacts and you need to learn about those impacts.

You've ordered staged gradual water development in conjunction with a monitoring, management and mitigation plan and not just granting the wholesale appropriation, all the appropriation of a large water project and subject to a management, monitoring and mitigation plan.

So the evidence before you will show the applicant's hydrogeology report that's been submitted in this case, which is Exhibit 39 in volume one at pages 188 to 189, indicates that the model offers the best available tool for making predictions and it suggests a potential for impact to spring flows in the Roberts Creek and Henderson Creek.

The report goes on to state, "These impacts are projected to occur near the end of mining or decades after mining activity ceases."

Further down on page 189 of Exhibit 39 in volume one, the report states, "Springs located in lower altitudes in the Roberts Mountains such as sites 630 and 640, and those are show in Figure 4.4-20, are more likely to be impacted due

to closer proximity to the Kobeh Valley central well field, resulting in a larger predicted drawdown at these locations.

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Discharge at Mud Springs, site 721, and Lone Mountain Spring, site 742, located near the southeast edge of the Kobeh Valley central well field near proposed Well 226 are predicted to be impacted and will likely cease the flow based on predicted drawdowns of 40 to 50 feet.

Both of these springs discharge less than approximately one gallon per minute." Apparently that's according to the date that they were measured.

But when you look at the right on Mud Spring, site 721, it's Application 12748, Certificate 5880 currently owned by the Etcheverry Family Limited Partnership. The application was filed in 1948 and the certificate was issued in 1965. The amount of the appropriation under the certificate is 0.015 CFS or sufficient water for 500 cattle, 5,000 sheep and 50 horses.

So while the spring discharge may be considered minor to some on the date that the spring was measured, the right allows water sufficient to water 500 cattle, 5,000 sheep and 50 horses.

In the protest filed by Eureka County to the recent applications that were filed by General Moly and Kobeh Valley Ranch, the very first protest of Eureka County states, "The proposed use conflicts with or will impair and interfere

with existing rights or protectable interest in existing domestic wells and threatens to prove detrimental to the public's interest."

1.3

So in presenting evidence, Eureka County presenting evidence in support of its protest, Eureka County will have before you water right users and holders from Kobeh Valley and Pine Valley whose rights will be affected by the mine's pumping based on its model or based upon the five foot contour that Eureka County advocates that the State Engineer considers impacts to existing rights or based upon the alternative well field sites that are in Exhibit 39, there is a north alternative site and a west alternative site that shows different impacts for proposed well fields or based on Exhibit 116 from the last hearing, which now the applicant has incorporated by reference in to this proceeding.

So Martin Etcheverry's family, and he will be testifying, has been ranching in Roberts Creek since 1947. He will testify that the ranch is the closest property to Well 206. The Roberts Creek Ranch has always used water from Roberts Creek, Vinini Creek and Henderson Creek for irrigation and stock watering purposes. They have a domestic well at Roberts Creek.

One of the Etcheverry certificate water rights shown in Table 4.4-10, and that's in Exhibit 39, it's highlighted in blue and there's a lot of springs that are

highlighted in blue. The blue highlighting indicates "it is a spring near the proposed pit area that may have permanent water level impact."

And when you look at the water right that that's referring to, it's Application 4768, Certificate 1986. The application was filed in December 1917, close to a hundred years ago. And per the certificate, the amount of the appropriation is 0.10 CFS. There was a dam constructed across the channel leading from the spring creating a reservoir. The water is conveyed from the reservoir by means of a one and a half inch pipe to troughs located in the same legal subdivision as the point of diversion. The use is for stock watering purposes. And the duty balance that's shown on the State Engineer's website for this is 24.21 acre-feet per season.

You'll also hear that Roberts Creek runs year round to the ranch, through the ranch and to the bottom.

Portions of Vinini and Henderson Creek are always running.

95 percent of the mine's well field is within the Etcheverry family's BLM allotment. And Mr. Etcheverry will describe all the improvements on the infrastructure of that that his family has put in and they use for their water.

Mr. Garaventa is a third generation Nevadan.

He's lived in Eureka since 1976. He has 160 acres in Kobeh

Valley and he has two groundwater stock watering wells in

Kobeh Valley.

1.4

In addition, Rutabaga Creek runs through his two properties and it provides pasture for his livestock.

Jim Etcheverry has owned the Three Bar Ranch since 1954. 90 percent of his water from his operation comes from the springs in the Coils Canyon area. His ranch is northwest of Mud Springs and his springs for stock watering are Jack, Meadow and Rutabaga.

And John Colby will testify. He has numerous stock watering wells in Grub Flat. He cwns the Ferguson and Santa Fe Ranch and he's lived in Eureka County for nine years. He will testify that taking any of his water will cause a hardship and will hurt him. He bought his ranch because of easy flowing water, water close to the surface.

There will be other water right users that will also testify and they will testify that water is vital to their operations and without water their operations are nothing.

The tables and figures in Exhibit 39, volumes one and two, show that the impacts projected to occur will occur at the end of the mining or for decades after the mining operation ends. And the proposed life of this mine is 44 years. That's two generations. And in 44 years from now I don't think many of us here are going to be the ones that are going to be monitoring the mines that are pumping, two

JA198

generations from now. And we need to make sure that those who are monitoring the mine pumping 44 years from now are not going to ask how could this have happened if these impacts were predicted or are worse than the predicted impacts.

And you have experience with mining operations in Nevada. There's been mining operations in Eureka County and there's been mining operations in White Pine County. And you know that models needs to be updated. They need to be modified. They need to be approved during the pumping. You know that mine pumping can impact water resources that are miles away from the mine pumping. And you also know even most recently that the Robinson Creek affected the City of Ely's municipal water supply, Murray Springs. Murray Springs, which is located as the crow flies eight to nine miles away from the mine's proposed pumping.

And notwithstanding all the figures and tables that are in Exhibit 39 that show the impacts to existing water rights, which are streams, springs and underground wells and not withstanding all the text that's in Exhibit 39 that talks about the predicted impacts based upon the best predictive tool or model that we have available to us right now. The applicant has not proposed any specific plan or any concrete steps to mitigate impact to existing rights, existing rights that by the records in your own office show that they're nearly a hundred years old.

And the report acknowledges that the applicant has developed a numeric model to simulate groundwater flow and to predict impacts from its proposed pumping and it also acknowledges that the water rights affected are very close to the mine, wells and its proposed well field.

But under the applicant's monitoring proposal, just its monitoring proposal, it does not propose to update the model until three years, two times every three years within the first six years of the mine's initial production, production well level pumping and every five years thereafter.

So using the best predictive tool that the mine has presented to you and based on the fact that under its monitoring plan it will be collecting all of this data probably quarterly and maybe in some instances even more frequently than quarterly, it proposes that its best predictive tool, the model, can only be used less than ten times during the whole course of the mine operation.

The proposed use conflicts with existing rights. Even if you find that there's water available to appropriate in this source, you've always held that the proposed use conflicts with existing rights, it's detrimental to the public interest and you have denied the application. In this case, the applications must be denied under the statute. Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you.

Ms. Ure.

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MS. URE: Thank you. This case is about water rights and it is about the impact of use of those mining water rights on the existing water right holders, their way of lives, their generations of agricultural interest and it cannot, you know, the agricultural must continue. Everybody wants that to continue. They've been there for generations. Ken Benson has lived in Eureka County all of his life. He's a farmer. His son is now partaking in that business. And they want their children to be here and continue taking part in that family business.

Ken Benson protested the Application 79934 through 79939 and all of those related to Well 206 and Kobeh Valley. While the statutes require the State Engineer to protect those existing rights, the effects of the proposed use on Well 206 alone have shown through their modeling efforts thus far that the effects will go out miles and the drawdown will be very significant. So there will be an impact on these existing rights.

Further, the water is not available in the amounts they're requesting. And the studies, the mine and then the USGS study that's currently in phase three and not completed yet will show that the Diamond Valley is part of a regional flow system and not just localized to one area. And

we argue that that study should be incorporated in its entirety when it becomes available.

Again, the 11,300 acre-feet of proposed use will cause an injury. And if it's appropriated then it should be properly conditioned. The State Engineer has authority to condition permits and should do so.

As Ms. Peterson was just stating, the management, monitoring and mitigation plans needs to be a constant evolving document and plan. It can't just be set now and then, you know, 20 years from now when there are irreparable harm not be updated.

We argue that the monitoring plan should include wells that transmit data in real time and that they're publically available and that any mitigation plan includes checkpoints where water can be shut off or curtailed to resolve any irreparable harms.

Drawdown of a water table and a trans, like a trans — I can't remember the term. When the water is being moved from one equilibrium down to another, that's still drawing down the water table. Whether you want to call it a well drawdown or some other language, it's still happening and it is an irreparable harm that should be accounted for and mitigated. Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you.

Ross, I believe we're ready for the applicant's

1	first witness.								
2	MR. DE LIPKAU: All right. I'd like to call Mr.								
3	David Chaput.								
4	(Witness was sworn in)								
5									
6	DAVID CHAPUT								
7	Called as a witness on behalf of the								
8	Applicant, having been first duly sworn,								
9	Was examined and testified as follows:								
10									
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION								
12	By Mr. de Lipkau:								
13	Q. Please state your full name.								
14	A. David Chaput, C-h-a-p-u-t.								
15	Q. Where do you reside?								
16	A. I reside in Denver, near the City of Denver?								
17	Q. What is your occupation?								
18	A. I'm the chief financial officer of General Moly.								
19	Q. What is your educational background?								
20	A. I have both a Bachelor's degree in business								
21	administration and accounting and finance and a Master's								
22	degree in the specialization of finance.								
23	Q. And how many years experience do you have in								
24	mining accounting or mining finance?								
25	A. I've been employed in the mining natural								

that General Moly has with Hanlong, a significant Chinese investor, ArcelorMittal, the world's largest steel producer which is a large investor in General Moly and POSCO, which is a Korean steel producer which owns 20 percent of the Mount Hope project.

1.8

It is also goes on to describe that the financing of the project for Mount Hope has been arranged and the outtake on the project for the first five years is fully committed to customers.

- Q. All right. Would you please describe the financing as completed on page three of the exhibit.
- A. Page three is an exhibit of the financing plan. The total funds required for the project are 1,154,000,000. And that's described on the top portion of the exhibit. That is to be funded, but 20 percent by POSCO and 80 percent by General Moly.

The bottom portion of the exhibit is a description of General Moly's plan to source those funds. The total needed for General Moly is 923 million on the top. And on the bottom left-hand side of the schedule we list out the various sources. The first piece listed is a Chinese bank loan that's been being arranged by Hanlong, one of our investors, the Chinese company. We've already spent 163 million dollars out of our cash. We have cash on hand. This exhibit is as of June 30th, the cash on hand of 23 million.

o. When will that occur?

- A. That will occur when we get the EIS permit. Hanlong is purchasing stock in General Moly for 80 million dollars. And we've listed 24 million dollars of warrant proceeds which we have warrants that are due in February of 2011 that will bring in approximately 24 million dollars in cash.
 - Q. What's a warrant?
- A. A warrant is essentially an option to buy the shares. These warrants were issued several years ago to investors and they give that investor the right to buy shares of stock at \$3.75.
 - Q. And what is today's price?
- $\hbox{A.} \quad \hbox{This morning when I checked, the price was almost} \\$ $\hbox{six dollars.}$
 - Q. Would you go to the right-hand column.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And under Eureka Moly capital expenditures.
- A. The total capital expenditures of the project, these are the uses. The left-hand side of the schedule are sources. The right-hand side are the uses of those funds. The uses of the funds for the full project, 1154, \$1,039,000,000 is for the actual building of the mine. There

- Q. Has Hanlong invested in other industrial entities in the United States?
 - A. No, not in the United States.
 - Q. This is the first one?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Do you believe there is enough funds available and/or committed to carry cut construction and operation of the plant?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Is the attempt to obtain water rights from the State of Nevada speculative in nature?
 - A. No.
 - Q. This is a serious mining operation?
 - A. Yes, it is.

- Q. Is the mining company moving ahead -- Is the applicant moving ahead in good faith?
 - A. Yes.

1.7

- Q. Would you please discuss and describe page four.
- A. Page four is a summary of the Hanlong transaction that I referred to earlier. It vows Hanlong sourcing and guaranteeing a 14-year loan at Libor plus two to four percent in the amount of 665 million. They'll provide 80 million by purchasing 25 percent of General Moly's fully diluted shares. 40 million of that will be funded this December 20. And they also make available a 20-million-dollar bridge loan for interim financing between now and the delivery of the Chinese bank loan.
- Q. Excuse me. Did you say that 40 million dollars would be paid this December 20th in just a couple weeks?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. Please continue.
- A. Also we've entered in to a molybdenum supply agreement with Hanlong where we will supply in the first five years of operation about 16 and a half million pounds annually to Hanlong. 25 percent of that is priced with a floor price that's approximately between \$12.50 and \$13.50 regardless of even if the molybdenum price is less than that. And it's 75 percent is based on the stock price of molybdenum.

Q. Can you describe Hanlong please?

- A. The Hanlong group of companies is headquartered in Sichuan Province in China. It's a private group. It's not a government-owned entity. They have approximately 12,000 employees and 30 subsidiaries. They have annual revenues of 1.4 billion dollars. They're involved in mining chemicals, power supply, real estate, medical industry, communications, infrastructure and natural gas. They have various Chinese mining activities in molybdenum, gold, zinc, lead, rare earth marble and gold. And they also have a mining interest outside of China in Australia.
- Q. Page six depicts the expenditures. Please describe those.
- A. Okay. On page three I refer to the 163 million dollars that has already been spent. Page six is a summary of the various line items of where we have spent that money, including buying equipment, hydrology and drilling, engineering for the plant. We have made some deposits on power supply. We've spent money on permitting, geology information systems and we've acquired land and water rights.
- Q. Paragraph 12 of the protest filed by Eureka County reads in part as follows: "The applicant has not provided proof that there is a reasonable expectation of the applicant's financial ability to construct the work and apply the water to the intended beneficial use with reasonable

1	diligence." Is that a true statement?							
2	A. No.							
3	Q. Do you disagree with it?							
4	A. Yes.							
5	Q. Why?							
6	A. Because we've spent a great deal of money on the							
7	project already and we endeavor with a variety of global							
8	partners to enter in to agreements to supply the funding for							
9	the project.							
10	Q. Do you believe the funding to commence the							
11	project is in order and lined up?							
12	A. Yes.							
13	Q. And the project will proceed?							
14	A. I believe so.							
15	Q. I'd like you now to return to SE document number							
16	532 .							
17	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's be off the record							
18	just for a minute.							
19	(Discussion was held off the record)							
20	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Go ahead.							
21	Q. (By Mr. de Lipkau) Mr. Chaput, have you seen							
22	this document before?							
23	A. Yes, I have.							
24	Q. In fact you signed it, didn't you?							
25	A. Yes, I have.							

Q. And it was signed October 29th 2010? 1 Yes, it was. Α. 2 Could you briefly describe what this item is? 3 Q. This is a quarterly report required by the Α. 4 Securities Exchange Commission for the public listed 5 companies. 6 7 How often is a document of this type required? Ο. This document is filed three times a year. Α. 8 Three times a year. And does the document set 9 Q. forth lists to possible or potential investors? 1.0 A. Yes. It's a financial report for the quarter and 11 t also lists risks involved if someone, if an investor was 12 to invest in this company, the risks that are involved in 13 investing in the company. 14 O. Is a schedule or a tabulation of the risks 15 required by the SEC? 16 Yes. The risks are present and listed out in a 17 number of places in the document. 1.8 Who prepared this document? 19 It was prepared by our internal staff and then 20 reviewed by our external auditors. 21 O. Would SEC counsel be involved? 22 Not in the preparation. They do periodically 23 review and comment.

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Ο.

Do you vouch for the accuracy of the exhibit?

MS. PETERSON: I was going to start first on 2 Is that okay? The intervenors have talked amongst 3 themselves and I was going to go first. Is that okay? HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Okay. 4 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION 6 By Ms. Peterson: 7 Mr. Chaput, do you still have Exhibit 532 in Q. front of you? That's the form 10-Q from SEC. 8 9 As of September 30th? 10 Ο. Yes. 11 Yes. Α. Ο. Do you have that? 12 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. Okay. And if you could turn to page ten. And I 15 quess it starts at page nine. But it goes from page nine to ten under the heading "cash conservation plan." Do you see 16 17 that? Yes. 18 Α. And are you familiar with the cash conservation 19 0. 20 plan? 21 Α. Yes. 22 0. And isn't it fair to say that after the last hearing, and I believe it was in March of 2009, the company 23 24 implemented this cash conservation plan? 25 Yes. Α.

And that's because they had no cash; is that 1 Q. correct? 2 3 No, ma'am. Α. They had to reduce their expenditures -- Well, Q. 4 tell me what the purpose of the cash conservation plan was. 5 In early 2009 we were informed that we had to do 6 more hydrology work, working on the EIS, and it was going to 7 take longer. So we had to slow down the page of the plan in 8 conjunction with that was in the middle of the world wide 9 financial crisis so we slowed down our spending and kept 10 working on obtaining financing during that period. 11 And in fact you're still in the cash conservation 12 plan right now; isn't that correct? 13 Α. Yes. 14 And during the cash conservation plan, which 15 Ο. includes up until now, some of the permitting has been 16 totally stopped; isn't that correct? 17 Permitting is the one thing that we focused on 18 during that period and kept working on. 19 Well, some of the engineering has been completely 20 stopped; isn't that correct? 21 Pieces of the engineering were stopped and other Α. 22 pieces were slowed down in that period. 23 O. And then directing your attention to page 21 of 24

Exhibit 532, under the overview, do you see that? It's on

the bottom of the page. 1 2 Α. Page? 3 Q. 21. Okay. Α. 4 Do you see that? 5 Ο. Α. Yes. 6 And it says, "We are a development stage company 7 Ο. and began the development the Mount Hope project on October 8 9 4th 2007." Do you see that? Yes. 10 Α. And that's referring to General Moly; is that 11 Ο. 12 correct? General Moly being the developing company, yes. 13 Α. It's a mining development company; is that 14 correct? 15 That's correct. Α. 16 And so is there anywhere in this document where 17 General Moly is referenced that it's in the basis of ranching 18 or agriculture? 19 I don't believe so. 20 A. And then referring back to Exhibit 37 and the 21 0. financing. On page two, the footnote, and there's a same 22 footnote on various other pages of Exhibit 37 that there's 2.3 certain conditions precedent to the Hanlong financing? 24 Yes.

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- And generally what are those?
- The primary condition precedent is having the environmental impact statement before the bank loan will be
- And I notice in looking at the company's website that there's presentation, there was a Mount Hope tour that was dated October 18th 2010. Are you familiar with that
 - I'd have to look at it.
- MR. DE LIPKAU: I'm going to have to object. This is not yet in evidence.
 - MS. PETERSON: Well, I'll speed up to November.
- (By Ms. Peterson) Are you aware that Mr. Hansen who is the chief executive officer of General Moly attended the Credit Suisse Metals and Mining Conference November 2nd
- And also there was a presentation given to the JPDIR Metals and Mining Conference November 9th and 10?
- And also the Dahlman Rose and Company there was a Ο. first annual Global Metals, Mining and Materials Conference on November 17th and 18th of this year?
 - I'm aware of this. Α.
 - And are you aware that there was a Scotia Capital Ο.

Mining Conference December 1st 2010?

wouldn't have to start with a fresh registration referred to

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Α.

For ten years certainly.

1	Q. And you're familiar with the budgets of the							
2	company?							
3	A. Yes.							
4	Q. What is the mitigation budget for this project?							
5	A. I don't know that off the top of my head.							
6	Q. Is there a budget for mitigation in this project?							
7	A. That would be included in the operating cost of							
8	the mine.							
9	Q. And is there a specific component in the budget							
10	for monitoring, management and mitigation, to your knowledge?							
11	A. I don't know it off the top of my head.							
12	MS. PETERSON: I don't have any other questions.							
13	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you.							
1.4	Cross?							
15	MS. URE: I have no questions.							
16	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Redirect?							
17	REDIRECT EXAMINATION							
18	By Mr. de Lipkau:							
19	Q. One question. Mr. Chaput, the statute reads, NRS							
20	533.375 reads as follows: "And a showing of facts necessary							
21	to enable the State Engineer to determine whether the							
22	applicant has the financial ability to carry out the proposed							
23	work and whether the applicant has been made in good faith."							
24	Do you understand those words?							
25	A. Yes.							

1	Q. Does the applicant have the financial ability to							
2	carry out the works?							
3	A. With the arrangements we've entered in to, yes.							
4	Q. And the applications were filed in good faith; is							
5	that correct?							
6	A. Yes.							
7	MR. DE LIPKAU: No further questions.							
8	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Any recross?							
9	MS. PETERSON: No recross.							
10	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Thank you. Any							
1.1	questions of staff? Hearing none you're excused. Thank you							
12	Mr. Chaput.							
13	THE WITNESS: Thank you.							
14	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Let's take a break							
15	before we take our next witness. Let's be off the record for							
16	ten minutes. Let's come back at 10:25.							
17	(Recess was taken)							
18	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Mr. de Lipkau, you had							
19	your next witness.							
20	MR. DE LIPKAU: Before I call Michael Branstetter							
21	I'd like to move for the admission of Exhibit 37. If you							
22	would prefer, we can do them one by one or we can do them at							
23	the end.							
24	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: This is fine. Any							
25	objection to Exhibit 37?							

1	MS. PETERSON: No objection. But I also move for									
2	the admission of Exhibit 532.									
3	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 37 will be									
4	admitted. Any objection to Exhibit 532?									
5	MR. CE LIPKAU: No.									
6	HEARING OFFICER WILSON: Exhibit 532 will be									
7	admitted.									
8	Go ahead and call your next witness.									
9	MR. DE LIPKAU: Thank you.									
10	(Witness was sworn in)									
11										
12	MICHAEL BRANSTETTER									
13	Called as a witness on behalf of the									
14	Applicant, having been first duly sworn,									
15	Was examined and testified as follows:									
16										
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION									
18	By Mr. de Lipkau:									
19	Q. Please state your full name.									
20	A. Michael K. Branstetter, B-r-a-n-s-t-e-t-t-e-r.									
21	Q. What is your occupation?									
22	A. Attorney at law.									
23	Q. And by way of today's hearing what is your									
24	connection to the applicant?									
25	A. I'm general counsel, outside general counsel and									
1										

- Q. Have you reviewed your testimony presented before the State Engineer in October of 2008?
 - A. Yes, I have.

- Q. Do you wish to make any changes to that testimony?
 - A. No. There is something of an update.
 - Q. Could you please give the update.
- A. I discussed in 2008 in general terms the fact that an agreement was in place between Eureka County and General Moly, Eureka Moly for what's called the annex for development of housing in Eureka. And by mutual agreement that arrangement has been terminated and we are no longer developing this area called the annex.
- Q. And what was the proposed or contemplated purpose of the annex?
- A. The annex was for temporary construction, worker housing and permanent housing near Eureka.
 - Q. Okay. Could you please turn to Exhibit 26.
 - A. All right.
 - Q. Would you please describe Exhibit 26.
- A. That is a notice of default and election to sell filed by the lenders associated with the Cedar Creeks Ranch real estate property and water rights.
 - O. And would you please go to Exhibit 27.

A	. Ex	khibit.	27 is a	a warr	anty de	ed ex	kecute	d by t	he
manager (of Cea	dar Rand	ches, I	LLC co	nveying	the	prope	cty, t	he
subject	of the	e notice	e in Ex	khibit	26, to	the	lendeı	rs and	
releasin	g and	convey	ing the	e real	estate	and	water	right	s to
the lend	ers.								

- Q. And who signed that document?
- A. It's signed Allen K. Chamberlain, its manager. Mr. Chamberlain testified at the last hearing and identified himself as the manager of Cedar Ranches, LLC. And this is a document that he signed.
- Q. So Dr. Chamberlain is, pursuant to those two exhibits, no longer associated with the real property in Diamond Valley?
- A. That's my understanding and what the documents would show that the property was conveyed and released to the lenders.
 - Q. Okay. Would you please turn to Exhibit 28.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. What is depicted on Exhibit 28?
- A. This is an agreement entered in to between Eureka Moly and the Eureka Producers Cooperative to resolve their protest of General Moly, KVR's water right applications.
- Q. Okay. And would you please describe the procedure of retiring water.
 - A. The procedure?

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THE WITNESS: Generally Exhibit 28 sets up a frame work for General Moly, Eureka Moly to provide funding and financing to finance a trust that would be for the purpose of retiring water rights and implementing and developing other conservation measures in Diamond Valley to enhance the sustainability and well-being of the agricultural economy in Diamond Valley. So that's the purpose of the agreement is to resolve the protest, to provide funding. And the general description I made for the use of the funding is set forth in the agreement. And it sets forth the

HEARING OFFICER WILSON: What page is that?

(By Mr. de Lipkau) And how much funding was originally contemplated?

obligations of the party, the parties, the funding and

conditions related to the funding.

- Between eight million dollars under a basic plan Α. and up to 12 million dollars if other milestones were reached. So it had a range of eight to 12 million dollars.
 - Has that number been reduced? Ο.
- Right now prior to 9:00 a.m. today the minimum funding to be provided was eight million dollars. Under the terms and conditions of this agreement, the funding will now go to four million dollars for the minimum and the other categories are also reduced 50 percent.
 - Why was the maximum funding reduced 50 percent? Ο.

- A. Because one of the provisions was that Eureka County and Tim Halpin also settle and resolve their protest and Mr. Halpin has but Eureka County hasn't. So today was the deadline for Eureka County withdrawing its protest. It did not occur and the funding will being reduced by 50 percent.
- Q. That's because Eureka County is continuing with their protest?
- A. They're the last ones called out in the agreement, that's correct.
- Q. And you made some estimates as to how much water can be retired with four million dollars.
- A. Yeah. We look at it from a standpoint of not only retiring water but also other innovative conservation measures to be developed. But at eight million dollars funding in negotiations with cooperative, we felt that it would be up around 11 -- Let's see. I'm trying to remember. Eight million dollars would have retired approximately 11,000 acre-feet. So based upon \$700 for an acre-foot of water. And now with it being reduced it could be up to 5500 acre-feet based upon a value of about \$700 per acre. And we talked with the cooperative about acre-foot value and in the negotiations that's where we arrived at a consensus.
- Q. And all this water will be acquired and/or conservation devices installed in Diamond Valley?

A. Yes. This is for Diamond Valley. There will be a board established, five-member board. One member will be from Eureka Moly, two from the cooperative and two at large. The articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state. So it is an existing entity with tax identification number. We have provided the initial funding for the organizing and establishment of the trust of \$25,000. That's been paid. And Mr. Jarrad Miller, an attorney that they've also retained that specializes in trust arrangements, James Pace in Reno is working on it. And the specific terms of the trust and the internal documents will be established and we'll have review and input on that.

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And it's intended to have a broad-based application in all of Diamond Valley for any water users in Diamond Valley, any farmers that want to participate in anything developed under the trust, any farmer that wants to participate in the retirement of water rights. Those procedures will all be established and conservation measures, other conservation measures will be developed and any farmer in Diamond Valley can participate in those measurements.

- Q. Let's make it clear. Are you saying that any water right holder farmer in Diamond Valley irrespective of whether or not he or it is a member of the co-op can participate?
 - A. Absolutely. We insisted upon that but it wasn't

difficult because the cooperative also wanted that. They did not want this to be simply their agreement. They wanted it to be available and extend to all the Diamond Valley farmers.

- Would you please turn to Exhibit 29.
- What is Exhibit 29?
- That's a copy of the non-profit articles of incorporation to be filed. I think when the first submission of evidence was prepared, the actual document had not been filed and received from the secretary of state. So this is a copy of what Mr. Miller and Mr. Pace prepared and made
- Your testimony is the corporation is now filed with the secretary of state, the trust rather?
- Yes. I think there was a second submission of a document maybe along the line of has the filing number on it. It's a valid legal entity now.
 - Okay. I'd like you now to turn to Exhibit 41.
 - What is Exhibit 41?
- This was prepared by counsel and is entitled a hearing applications flow chart. And I understand it lists all the various permits involved in this proceeding.
 - Did you direct that it be prepared?
 - Yes. Α.

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- A. I think it was Eureka County, there may have been other protestants, expressed some confusion over all the applications or what the status was at the prehearing conference. And as a result of that and to assist the State Engineer's office I asked that counsel prepare a flow chart of our applications for the benefit of the protestants as well as the State Engineer's staff.
 - Q. I'd now like you to turn to Exhibit 401.
 - A. All right. I have.

Why?

- Q. What is Exhibit 401?
- A. That's a legal memorandum prepared by counsel addressing some of the legal issues either raised by Eureka County or other protestants or what we anticipate to be legal issues based upon prior communications with counsel or statements made by counsel at a prehearing conference.
 - Q. Okay. Would you please turn to Exhibit 407.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And what does that depict?
- A. This is a grant, bargain and sale deed between Barbara Bird as grantor and General Moly purchasing real estate and water rights from Barbara Bird
 - Q. And what's the date of that deed?
 - A. The date is December 15, 2009, I think.
 - Q. Okay. The recording date?

1 Α. The recording date is December 15th 2009. 2 Ο. The grantee therefore has owned the Herd Ranch 3, for approximately a year; is that correct? 4 А. That's correct. And with the Herd Ranch came 492 acre-feet? Ο. Pardon me. 692 acre-feet? 6 Α. That's right. Acre-feet of water. Right. And the permit evidencing the water right 8 Q. has been the subject of a name change application to the 9 10 State Engineer; is that correct? That's what I understand. 11 Okay. Could you say whether or not your employer 12 Ο. 13 as general counsel would make a portion of its irrigation 14 water rights available for future development in either Diamond or Kobeh Valleys? 15 16 Well, as a matter of principal we would. 17 company would not be opposed to that. We would be more than willing to discuss it with anybody that needed water for 18 development. As a matter of principal, sure. 19 Okay. Would you please turn to Exhibit 409. 20 0. 21 Α. I see it. What's the date of Exhibit 409?

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Α.

Q.

Α.

Yes.

There are a number of people listed at the

A letter dated October 1, 2010.

And signed by individuals?

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bottom of the page signing it.

- Are the signatory people farmers, growers, in Ο. Diamond Valley?
 - I understand they are, yes.
- And could you briefly summarize what is set forth Ο. in that letter.
- It's a letter written by what is described as a water committee board to the Eureka County commissioners explaining who the group is and what they would like the county to do in terms of working with General Moly to address their concerns and then their settlement desires are set forth. And that is what's laid out. This was furnished to us in late October by counsel for Eureka County. It was not sent to us.
- For those in the crowd that don't have the document in front of them, what do the signators really want or actually want?
- What they're asking for -- I'll read it. "It was the consensus of the Diamond Natural Resources Protection and Conservation Association to settle with GMO with the main points being conservation fund established by the association and funded by GMO, General Moly, to retire a minimum of 33 quarter sections of water, General Moly to fund that. And number two, annual contribution by General Moly to the association to fund further conservation practices." This is

what the association wanted General Moly to do and it was presented to the county to strive for that.

- Q. So would it be a true statement that the signator parties thereto wanted General Moly to acquire 33 center pivots?
- A. That's what I understand is meant by 33 quarter sections, it would constitute 33 center pivots.
 - Q. And a center pivot is approximately 125 acres?
 - A. That's what I'm given to understand.
- Q. Oxay. Is that group the same group as the members of the trust agreement as previously testified to by you?
- A. No. These farmers listed here are not members of the cooperative based upon what I seen as a listing of the cooperative members. These people, four of them, participated, however, in the negotiations with the cooperative and were involved with that by signing a confidentiality agreement related to those negotiations, four of these people.
- Q. So to your knowledge then there are two groups that want to sell water rights; is that correct?
- A. That's -- We've resolved the issues surrounding the cooperative and then this group surfaced and got organized after we settled with the cooperative.
 - Q. Okay. Has any settlement been in place with that

Q. What is Exhibit 413?

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A. This is a copy of the actual filed documents for the Diamond Valley agricultural sustainability trust that was created as a result of the settlement agreement with the Eureka Producers Cooperative. It bears the secretary of state's filing number.

So the sustainability trust is now perfected with 1 2 the secretary of state? Α. That's correct. 3 Since October of 2008 what activities if any have 4 you performed for your employer and client on behalf of this 5 6 project in financing? 7 Α. I've done a lot of work. 8 0. Okay. I've assisted in all the general aspects of 9 advancing the project. That is the easiest way to summarize 10 1 1 it. Have you assisted in financing? 12 0. 13 Α. Yes. You're aware of the financing as testified to 14 Ο. earlier by Mr. Chaput? 15 Not to the level of knowledge and expertise Α. 16 Mr. Chaput has, but I'm aware of the financing. I'm aware of 17 the work we've done on water and the project as a whole. 18 Have you assisted in corporate matters? 19 0. 20 А. Yes. Have you reviewed and/or prepared contracts for 21 Q. the acquisition of equipment? 22 Yes. 23 Α. Have you worked on easements? Ο. 24 25 Α. Yes.