1	MR. HARMON: No, your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	
4	(Off the record at 12:08 p.m. and back on
5	the record at 1:58 p.m.)
6	
7	THE COURT: C131341, State of Nevada versus
8	James Montell Chappell.
9	The defendant is present represented by his
10	counsel, State of Nevada represented by the Deputy District
11	Attorneys.
12	This is the time set for the jury trial in
13	this matter. Are the parties ready to proceed?
14	MR. BELL: The State is ready, your Honor.
15	MR. LaPORTA: The defense is ready, your
16	Honor.
17	THE COURT: All right, thank you very much.
18	Ladies and gentlemen of the prospective jury
19	panel, my name is Bill Maupin. I'm the District Court
20	Judge who will be presiding over the trial in this matter.
21	This is a case where the defendant is
22	accused of first degree murder and the State is seeking the
23	death penalty. You have filled out your questionnaires.
24	Please understand that I understand that the
25	seating accommodations in here are not that comfortable.

1 Whoever designed these courtrooms obviously never sat through a jury trial, otherwise, they wouldn't have 2 designed them in this fashion. I do understand and please, 3 if you do become uncomfortable any time in these 4 proceedings, if you need to stand up and stretch or if you 5 6 want to bring cold drinks in the courtroom while you are watching the proceedings, you are more than welcomed to do 7 8 so, but please if you feel like standing up and stretching, please go ahead and do so. You won't bother any of us 9 while we go through this process. 10 At this time, I will introduce you to the 11 Court staff. Lisa Fagone is the bailiff. This is the 12 person you should have contact in the event that you have 13 any concerns to communicate to the Court. Tina Hurd is the 14 deputy court clerk. She marks and formally admits the 15 exhibits and keeps the minutes of the Court and Patsy Smith 16 is the court reporter. She is taking down everything that 17 is being said stenographically for the record. 18 At this time, I would inquire of the parties 19 in this action as to whether either side wishes to present 20 21 a challenge to the prospective jury panel as a whole? MR. HARMON: The State does not, your 22 23 Honor. MR. BROOKS: Defense does not, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: All right, thank you very much, 25

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counsel. 1 At this time I would ask that one of the 2 deputy -- counsel from the District Attorney's Office, 3 would you please rise, make a brief statement, introduce 4 your colleague, make a brief statement about the nature of 5 this action, and list the witnesses that the State intends 6 to call in support of its case. 7 MR. HARMON: Thank you, your Honor. 8 Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. 9 name is Mel Harmon. I'm one of the prosecutors in this 10 I'm employed as a Deputy District Attorney with the 11 Clark County District Attorney's Office. My partner in the 12 case, also a Deputy District Attorney, is Abbi Silver 13 seated to my left, as I stand before you. 14 This is a criminal case. State of Nevada, 15 Ms. Silver, and I represent the State. It has charged the 16 defendant, Mr. Chappell, with three crimes. They are 17 burglary, robbery with the use of a weapon, the weapon in 18 this case is a knife, and murder with the use of a deadly 19 20 weapon. It is alleged that these offenses occurred 21 on August the 31st, 1995. The victim is a female, 26 year 22 old mother of three, Deborah Ann Panos, P-A-N-O-S. She was 23 a girlfriend of the defendant, Mr. Chappell. They had 24

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lived together periodically for eight to 10 years and three

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25

children of the victim, Ms. Panos, had been sired by the 1 defendant, Mr. Chappell. The offenses occurred at the 2 mobile home park where Ms. Panos resided. It is 839 North 3 Lamb Boulevard, space 125. The offenses occurred in the 4 early afternoon of Thursday, August the 31st, 1995. 5 The prosecution will call witnesses during б its case in chief from among the following persons. 7 to indicate that we certainly won't call all of these 8 people. I'm just emphasizing that the witnesses called and 9 probably about 25 will be called as witnesses by the State 10 during its case in chief, but pay attention please to the 11 witnesses. We certainly would be interested in knowing if 12 the prospective jurors are acquainted with any of the 13 people who may be witnesses in the case. 14 Norm Adams, Las Vegas Nevada, K. Adkins, 15 A-D-K-I-N-S, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, 16 Larry Arave, A-R-A-V-E, Las Vegas, Luana Dorene Ayers, 17 A-Y-E-R-S, Las Vegas, Laura Berfield, B-E-R-F-I-E-L-D, 18 Tucson, Arizona, R. Burton, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 19 Department, Al Cabrales, C-A-B-R-A-L-E-S, of the Las Vegas 20 Metropolitan Police Department, Mike Compton, Las Vegas, 21 Dan Connell, C-O-N-N-E-L-L, Metropolitan Police Department, 22 Terry Cook also of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 23 Department, C. Dickens with the same department, Bill 24 Duffy, D-U-F-F-Y, Las Vegas, Nevada, John Duran, Las Vegas,

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- 1 Lisa Duran, D-U-R-A-N, Las Vegas, Linda Errichetto,
- 2 E-R-R-I-C-H-E-T-T-O, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
- 3 Department, Lisa Foreman, F-O-R-E-M-A-N, Cellmark
- 4 Diagnostics, Germantown, Maryland, C. Grabowski,
- 5 G-R-A-B-O-W-S-K-I, Las Vegas, Sheldon Green, Coroner
- 6 Medical Examiner's Office, Las Vegas, A. Hanners,
- 7 H-A-N-N-E-R-S, and D. Heiner, H-E-I-N-E-R, both of the Las
- 8 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Ed Henderson, Las
- 9 Vegas, Ladonna Jackson, Las Vegas, G. Jolley, J-O-L-L-E-Y,
- 10 W. Keeton, K-E-E-T-O-N, and E. Kerns, K-E-R-N-S, all three
- of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Bill
- 12 Leaver, L-E-A-V-E-R, also of the Metropolitan Police
- 13 Department, Russell Lee, L-E-E, of the same department,
- 14 Michelle Mancho, M-A-N-C-H-O, Las Vegas, Lawrence Martinez,
- 15 Chino, California, M. Maston, M-A-S-T-O-N, Metropolitan
- 16 Police Department, K. Morris, Las Vegas, Maynard Munson,
- 17 M-U-N-S-O-N, Tucson, Arizona, Paul Osuch, O-S-U-C-H,
- 18 Metropolitan Police Department, James Panos, Tucson,
- 19 Arizona, Norma Penfield, P-E-N-F-I-E-L-D, Tucson, M.
- 20 Perkins and D. Peterson, that's S-O-N, of the Las Vegas
- 21 Metropolitan Police Department, both of those last two
- 22 witnesses, Mike Pollard, P-O-L-L-A-R-D, Las Vegas, Phil
- 23 Ramos, R-A-M-O-S, and R. Rees, R-E-E-S, both of the Las
- 24 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Kimberly Sempson,
- 25 S-E-M-P-S-O-N, La Habra, California, M. Shadler,

- 1 S-H-A-D-L-E-R, Las Vegas, Nevada, Latrona Sherelle Smith,
- 2 first name L-A-T-R-O-N-A, North Las Vegas, Nevada,
- 3 Charmaine Smith, first name C-H-A-R-M-A-I-N-E, Las Vegas,
- 4 Monte Spoor, S-P-O-O-R, Metropolitan Police Department,
- John Stallings, S-T-A-L-I-N-G-S, Coroner Medical
- 6 Examiner's Office, Las Vegas, K. Townsend, Las Vegas,
- 7 Deborah Turner, Las Vegas, Jimmy Vaccaro, V-A-C-C-A-R-O,
- 8 and M. Washington, both of the Las Vegas Metropolitan
- 9 Police Department, Wendy Wilkinson, Las Vegas, Willie
- 10 Wiltz, W-I-L-T-Z, Las Vegas, Calvin Winchell, Las Vegas, W.
- 11 Yada, Y-A-D-A, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department,
- 12 Paula Yates, Cellmark Diagnostics Germantown, Maryland,
- 13 Alan Williams, David Stansbury, S-T-A-N-S-B-U-R-Y, Michael
- 14 Sdles, S-D-L-E-S, Daniel Giersdorf, G-I-E-R-S-D-O-R-F; all
- four of those prospective witnesses are with the Las Vegas
- 16 Metropolitan Police Department. Tonya Hobson, Las Vegas,
- 17 Dr. John McCourt, M-C-capital-C-O-R -- excuse me --
- 18 M-C-capital-C-O-U-R-T, University Medical Center, Las
- 19 Vegas, Dina Freeman, F-R-E-E-M-A-N, Tucson, Arizona, A.
- 20 Knapp, K-N-A-P-P, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department,
- 21 Dorothy Klein, K-L-E-I-N, of the same department, W. Grow,
- 22 Las Vegas, L. McNitt, M-C-capital-N-I-T-T, Officer
- 23 Haggerty, H-A-G-G-E-R-T-Y, J. Earnst, E-A-R-N-S-T, Officer
- Neidkowski, N-E-I-D-K-O-W-S-K-I, Officer Vernon,
- 25 V-E-R-N-O-N, Officer Usserns, U-S-S-E-R-N-S, and Officer

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1	Stoner, S-T-O-N-E-R; all of those prospective witnesses
2	from Tucson, Arizona. Kenneth Gay, G-A-Y, Lansing,
3	Michigan, Paul Widner, W-I-D-N-E-R, and John Priebe,
4	P-R-I-E-B-E, also of Lansing, Michigan and, finally, Robin
5	Cotton or designee of Germantown, Maryland.
6	Thank you.
7	THE COURT: Mr. Brooks, if you would
8	introduce your colleague and your client to the members of
9	the jury and identify any potential witnesses you intend to
10	call, even though your client is under no obligation to
11	call any witnesses.
12	MR. BROOKS: Thank you, Judge.
13	My name is Howard Brooks. I'm a criminal
14	defense attorney here in town. I'm trying this case with
15	Wil Ewing, my partner here. My client is James Chappell.
16	THE COURT: Will counsel approach the
17	bench.
18	(Off the record discussion not reported.)
19	THE COURT: At this time, I would ask the
20	clerk to call the roll of the panel of prospective jurors.
21	When your name is called, please answer here.
22	THE CLERK: Joseph A. Haley?
23	A Here.
24	Q Tina Prato Spruell?
25	A Here.

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1	Q	Roland M. Seward?
2	A	Here.
3	Q	Ross Carter?
4	A	Here.
5	Q	Denise Wright Parr?
6	A	Here.
7	Ω	Kenneth Edward Gritis?
8	A	Here.
9	Q	Scott Gaines Emmert?
10	A	Here.
11	Q	Heather L. Neighbors?
12	A	Here.
13	Q	Donna Marie Linkogel?
14	A	Here.
15	Q	Lynn Hilary Westrom?
16	A	Here.
17	Q	Ronald Ulicki?
18	A	Here.
19	Q	Jim Blake Tripp?
20	A	Here.
21	Q	Steven Giron Remular?
22	A	Here.
23	Q	Annmarie Brenda Ryan?
24	A	Here.
25	Q	Martha Holdridge Rainwater?

1	A	Here.
2	Q	Tia Marie Youngblood?
3	A	Here.
4	Q	Joyce A. Souder?
5	A	Here.
6	Q	Kellyanne Bentley Taylor?
7	A	Here.
8	Q	Helen L. Lloyd?
9	A	Here.
10	Q	Richard A. Cracroft?
11	A	Cracroft, here.
12	Q	Barbara Mastenbrook Dear?
13	A	Here.
14	Q	Olga C. Bourne?
15	A	Here.
16	Q	Edward Arnold Ferrell?
17	A	Hair.
18	Q	Troy Wayne Newberry?
19	A	Here.
20	Q	Richard Bruce Altz?
21	A	Here.
22	Q	Michael John Belbot, Jr.?
23	A	Here.
24	Q	Celestina Cecilia Lucido?
25	A	Here.

1	Q	Cheryl Lynn Wells?
2	A	Here.
3	Q	Candy S. Cail?
4	A	Here.
5	Q	Jerry Wayne Ewell?
6	A	Here.
7	Q	David John Mesnard?
8	A	Here.
9	Q	Helen E. Digiovanna?
10	A	Here.
11	Q	Linda Ruth Aquilla?
12	A	Here.
13	Q	Cheryl Diane Hull?
14	A	Here.
15	Q	Helga Podkowski?
16	A	Here.
17	Q	Bruce Todd Larsen?
18	A	Here.
19	Q	Jeanne A. Jellema?
20	A	Here.
21	Q	Michael Richard Gushwa?
22	A	Here.
23	Q	Hannelore T. Kelly?
24	A	Here.
25	Q	Dolores Romero?

1	A	Here.
2	Q	Michael Joseph Swartz?
3	A	Here.
4	Q	Mark Gregory Massar?
5	A	Here.
6	Q	Anthony J. Camacho?
7	A	Here.
8	Q	Duncan R. McCoy, II?
9	A	Here.
10	Q	Jimmy Lee Gilmore?
11	A	Here.
12	Q	Danna Terry Yates?
13	A	Here.
14	Ω	Clinton Riley Marrs?
15	A	Here.
16	Q	Roger Alan Harmon?
17	A	Here.
18	Q	Rebecca Lynn Lund?
19	A	Here.
20	Q	Lillian Bruski?
21	A	Here.
22	Q	Glen Eugene Fittro?
23	A	Here.
24	Q	Annette Lynn Purcell?
25	A	Here.

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1	Q	Joseph Pietryman?
2	A	Here.
3	Q	Donn L. Chelli?
4	A	Here.
5	Q	John L. Difillippo?
6	A	Here.
7	Q	Malaythong Sayarath?
8	A	Here.
9	Q	Lois J. Ochoa?
10	A	Here.
11	Q	Sabina Corkalo?
12	A	Here.
13	Q	William Nicholas Poulos?
14	Will:	lam Nicholas Poulos?
15	A	Here.
16	Q	Larry A. Allen?
17	A	Here.
18	Q	Nancy J. Patfield?
19	A	Here.
20	Q	Maryann Sheehan?
21	A	Here.
22	Q	Kenneth Roy Fitzgerald?
23	A	Here.
24	Q	Wendy Lynn Hill?
25	A	Here.

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1	Q Allison Colleen Cutone?
2	A Here.
3	Q Jennifer L. Davis?
4	A Here.
5	Q Bernard Joseph Titony?
6	A Here.
7	Q Catherine M. Bennett?
8	A Here.
9	Q Henry Walter Fryt, Jr.?
10	A Here.
11	THE COURT: Is there anyone whose name was
12	not called?
13	Let the record reflect a uniform negative
14	response.
15	Will counsel agree and stipulate that I may
16	have the entire panel sworn at the same time to answer
17	truthfully all questions propounded to them as to their
18	qualifications to serve as jurors, as I might ask questions
19	collectively and so it won't be necessary to administer the
20	oath to each replacement?
21	MR. HARMON: The State agrees with that
22	procedure, your Honor.
23	MR. BROOKS: Defense does, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Thank you.
25	At this time, would you all please stand,

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T	raise your right hands, and be sworn.
2	
3	(At this time the entire prospective jury
4	panel was duly sworn.)
5	
6	THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, what I'm
7	about to do is read some orientational jury instructions to
8	you. I would rather extemporize, but the points have to
9	specifically be made, as a matter of law, and so I must
10	read these carefully prepared preliminary jury
11	instructions.
12	We are about to commence what is called voir
13	dire examination of the prospective jurors in this case.
14	The term voir dire means, loosely translated, to tell the
15	truth. During this process, you will be asked questions
16	bearing upon your ability to sit as fair and impartial
17	jurors.
18	To accomplish this result, various questions
19	will be asked of you by me or counsel for the parties. On
20	occasion, some of these questions will seem somewhat
21	personal and we do not wish to unnecessarily pry into your
22	personal lives. However, the questions are necessary so
23	that counsel and the Court can make an intelligent
24	determination as to your capabilities to serve fairly and
25	impartially.

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1	I want you to know that I and the attorneys
2	and all other persons involved in this case are deeply
3	concerned with having this matter tried by 12 people who
4	are completely open minded, neutral, objective, and
5	unbiased in their thinking.
6	Wide discretion is vested in the trial judge
7	as to the method of examination of jurors. As I stated
8	previously, I will conduct the voir dire, but I must give
9	the attorneys the opportunity to participate in this
10	questioning.
11	The following areas of inquiry are not
12	properly within the scope of your voir dire examination by
13	counsel. 1. Questions already asked and answered by the
14	Court and other counsel. 2. Questions touching upon
15	anticipated instructions on the law. 3. Questions
16	touching upon the verdict a juror would return when based
17	upon hypothetical facts. 4. Questions that are, in
18	substance, arguments of the case.
19	Ladies and gentlemen, it is important that
20	you know the significance of full, complete, and honest
21	answers to all the questions we are about to ask you. I
22	caution you not to try to withhold anything which might
23	indicated bias or prejudice of any sort by any of you.
24	Should you fail to answer truthfully or if
25	you hide or withhold anything touching upon your

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1	qualifications, that fact may tend to contaminate your
2	verdict and subject you to further inquiry, even after your
3	discharge as jurors.
4	Your decision should be based upon all the
5	evidence presented during the trial and not based upon
6	preconceived prejudice or bias. Prejudice is an irrational
7	disposition against something or someone and bias is an
8	irrational predisposition in favor of something or
9	someone.
10	I'm going to conduct the general voir dire
11	examination of all of you while you are seated in the
12	audience. After those general questions, the clerk will
13	call 14 names using the order provided to us by the jury
14	commissioner to fill the jury box.
15	At some point during the process of
16	selecting the jury, the attorneys for both sides will have
17	the right to ask that a particular person not serve as a
18	juror. These requests are called challenges. There are
19	two types of challenges, challenges for cause and
20	peremptory challenges. A challenge for cause means that a
21	juror has been excused because his or her answers to some
22	of the voir dire questions indicate that he or she would
23	have a difficult time in giving a fair and impartial
24	hearing to the case.
25	A peremptory challenge means that a jury can

1	be excused from duty without counsel having to give a
2	reason for the excusal. Please do not be offended should
3	you be excused by either of the challenge procedures. They
4	are simply part of the procedures designed to protect the
5	rights of the parties under our system of government.
6	Again, I would ask that counsel approach the
7	bench before I begin this process. I have one other
8	question I want to ask.
9	(Off the record discussion not reported.)
10	THE COURT: All right, ladies and gentlemen,
11	if you wish to respond to a question individually and in
12	the affirmative, please raise your hand, give your name,
13	and indicate the number you have been given on your badge.
14	Is there anyone who has such a sympathy,
15	prejudice, or bias relating to age, religion, race, creed,
16	sex, or national origin that they feel would effect their
17	ability to be open minded, fair, and impartial?
18	Yes, ma'am.
19	JUROR NO. 422: Helen Lloyd. My badge
20	number is 422. I'm one of Jehovah's Witnesses and I have
21	no desire to sit in judgment of another person.
22	THE COURT: Just so that you understand what
23	you are really doing here is not sitting in judgment on
24	another human being in the religious sense. What you are
25	is a judge of the facts and your judgment has to do with

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whether the State will be able to prove beyond a reasonable 1 doubt the guilt of the defendant. So your judgment is 2 3 really not a religious one. It is one of fact. With that in mind, do you still believe that 5 you'd have a problem because of your religious beliefs in sitting as a juror? 6 7 Yes, I do especially in the case that the death penalty would be involved in. I don't want to be 8 responsible for that. 9 10 THE COURT: I will go ahead and excuse you 11 from jury service in this rotation. Thank you. 12 Yes, ma'am. 13 JUROR NO. 440: My name is Helga Podkowski, badge number 440. I have a problem should the death 14 15 sentence be applied. I could never --16 THE COURT: Well, the question right now is 17 whether or not you have any racial, religious, gender bias 18 or prejudice that would prevent you from being a juror in 19 the case? 20 I could never agree to it. 21 THE COURT: Well, it's not a matter of agreeing, it's a matter of your civic duty to sit on a jury 22 23 if you can be qualified as a fair juror. Do you understand

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I have a problem with that.

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24

25

that?

1	THE COURT: With what?
2	A Whatever the sentence will be.
3	THE COURT: I understand, but the question
4	doesn't involve that yet. Is there something about the
5	death penalty that you could not give fair consideration to
6	the three forms of punishment that you might be called upon
7	to deliberate upon?
8	A Yeah, I feel God gives life and God
9	takes life and I just
10	THE COURT: All right, I'll excuse you from
11	jury service at this time.
12	The question has to do again, I'll repeat
13	it. Is there anyone who has such a sympathy or bias
14	relating to age, religion, creed, sex or national origin
15	that they feel would effect their ability to be open
16	minded, fair, and impartial?
17	Yes, ma'am.
18	JUROR NO. 471: Yes, I feel the same way. I
19	feel God gave life and He should take it.
20	THE CLERK: Ma'am, please stand and give us
21	your badge number.
22	JUROR NO. 471: I'm sorry. Nancy Patfield,
23	471.
24	THE COURT: All right, I'll excuse you from
25	jury service. This question is not about the death penalty

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yet. In about three, four minutes, we will get to that, 1 2 but I will go ahead and excuse you. 3 JUROR NO. 471: Okay. Thank you. THE COURT: With that in mind, ladies and 5 gentlemen, is there anyone who feels they have to answer the question in the affirmative? 6 7 A VOICE: Can't hear you. THE COURT: Is there anyone who feels they 8 9 have to answer the pending question in the affirmative? 10 Does anyone have any racial, religious, gender bias issues that would prevent them from being fair and impartial to 11 12 everyone in the case? 13 Let the record at this point reflect a 14 uniform negative response. 15 Are any of you acquainted with the defendant 16 or his attorneys? 17 Let the record reflect a uniform negative 18 response. Are any of you acquainted with the Deputy 19 20 District Attorneys that have been introduced to you this 21 afternoon? 22 Let the record reflect a uniform negative 23 response. 24 The District Attorney's Office employs many

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deputies and other personnel. Is there anyone who has such

25

1	a close relationship with either the District Attorney, his
2	deputies or other members of his staff that you feel might
3	effect your ability to serve as a fair and impartial juror
4	in this case?
5	Anyone have any relationship with members of
6	the District Attorney's staff or clerical staff or
7	investigator staff?
8	Let the record reflect a uniform negative
9	response.
10	Are any of you acquainted with any of the
11	witnesses whose names were previously mentioned by the
12	Deputy District Attorney?
13	Yes, sir. Please stand and give your badge
14	number and your name.
15	JUROR NO. 411: Ronald Ulicki. I know one
16	of the officers. I work with his brother.
17	THE COURT: Is there anything about your
18	acquaintanceship with this person that would effect your
19	ability to be a fair judge of his credibility and the
20	credibility of other witnesses in the case?
21	A No.
22	THE REPORTER: Badge number, please.
23	JUROR NO. 411: 411.
24	MR. BROOKS: I didn't hear. What was his
25	statement, please?

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1	THE COURT: No. His answer was no.
2	MR. BROOKS: Who is the person he knows?
3	THE COURT: Could you give us the name of
4	the witness, please.
5	JUROR NO. 411: David Stansbury.
6	THE COURT: Anyone else know any of the
7	witnesses?
8	JUROR NO. 464: I'm not sure Donn Chelli,
9	badge 464. I'm not sure if it's the same person. They
10	have the same name. Is Jimmy Vaccaro does he work for
11	the Metropolitan Police Department?
12	THE COURT: Yes.
13	MR. HARMON: Yes.
14	JUROR NO. 464: If it is, then it's a
15	different person.
16	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
17	Anyone else know any of the witnesses?
18	Yes, ma'am.
19	JUROR NO. 474: Wendy Hill, 474. I work in
20	dispatch for the police department. I don't know any of
21	the officers personally, but just by name.
22	THE COURT: Is there anything about the fact
23	that you work with Metro as a dispatcher that would effect
24	your ability to fairly judge the credibility of police
25	witnesses along with all the other witnesses?

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1	A I don't think so.
2	THE COURT: All right, thank you. You may
3	be seated.
4	Anyone else know any of the witnesses?
5	Let the record reflect a uniform negative
6	response.
7	This case is expected to last two weeks,
8	possibly two and a half weeks. Is there anyone, among the
9	members of the prospective jury panel, that would have a
10	compeling reason why they could not serve that length of
11	time or otherwise could not serve in this case?
12	Right over here.
13	JUROR NO. 401: Joseph Haley, badge 401. Two
14	reasons. Really one, my wife was just admitted to the
15	hospital on Saturday going into premature labor. I'm
16	supposed to find out today whether she has to remain in the
17	hospital.
18	THE COURT: Is she close to term now?
19	A Seven and a half months.
20	THE COURT: Is she still in the hospital at
21	this point?
22	A Yeah. I'm supposed to find out between
23	2 and 2:30 whether she can come home or not.
24	THE COURT: If she comes home, can you serve
25	or

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1	A Well, work-wise is really another issue
2	for me as well.
3	THE COURT: But I can understand that you
4	might be distracted during this period with this going on,
5	so I will go ahead and excuse you from jury service in this
6	rotation.
7	A Okay.
8	THE COURT: Yes, one at a time.
9	JUROR NO. 430: Richard Altz, badge 4:30.
10	As I indicated on my questionnaire, I work for a company
11	that's undergoing a conversion of all the state data
12	processing systems and that culminates November 8th. Right
13	now we are in the throws of making final changes in
14	procedures, training all of our staff, and I manage all the
15	operations of the State of Nevada for our company and if I
16	am
17	THE COURT: What is the name of this
18	company?
19	A Pardon me?
20	THE COURT: What is the name of the company?
21	A Bank of America.
22	THE COURT: Oh, Bank of America.
23	What we will do is put you at the bottom of
24	the list and perhaps we won't have to get to you. For
25	those kinds of reasons, what we will do is put you at the

_____Page: 419

1	bottom. Usually you won't get called.
2	A Okay.
3	THE COURT: But I have to take that
4	precaution so we can get a jury.
5	Yes, on this side of the room.
6	JUROR NO. 425: Richard Cracroft. I work in
7	communications. We filed our S-1 filing and we will be
8	going public here in the next probably three weeks. I'm
9	one of the directors here in Las Vegas in records, sales,
10	marketing, and it would present a hardship on my employees
11	to having me gone during this time.
12	THE COURT: We will put you on the bottom of
13	the list.
14	THE CLERK: Badge number, sir?
15	JUROR NO. 425: 425.
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	JUROR NO. 431: Mike Belbot, 431. Working
18	full time, it would only give me eight days of jury duty
19	service. On top of that, I'm a night student as well. I
20	don't think I can afford two and a half weeks.
21	THE COURT: All right, we will put you on
22	the bottom of the list.
23	A Excuse me, sir?
24	THE COURT: We will put you at the bottom of
25	the list.

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1		JUROR NO. 409: Donna Linkogel, 409. I'm
2	just curious.	Are they going to sequester?
3		THE COURT: No.
4		A Thank you.
5		THE COURT: Anyone over on this side of the
6	room still?	
7		Yes, ma'am. Yes, ma'am.
8		JUROR NO. 414: Annmarie Ryan, 414. I have
9	a daughter who	is just about to give birth to a baby and
10	she is living	with me and my husband is out of town most of
11	the time. I c	an't
12		THE COURT: Is she at term?
13		A leave her.
14		This is the last month.
15		THE COURT: All right, I will excuse you.
16		A She may have problems.
17		THE COURT: Yes, I will let you out of jury
18	service from t	his rotation.
19		Yes, ma'am?
20		A Martha Rainwater, badge 417, and it
21	would be a hard	dship on our company because I'm in charge of
22	the accounting	department and we are getting installed this
23	week new compu	ters and new software for the whole
24	accounting dep	artment.
25		THE COURT: I guess I should get into the

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1 computer vending business. We will put you at the bottom of the list. 2 3 Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 426: Barbara Dear, badge number 5 426, and two reasons. One is nonrefundable airplane 6 tickets for October 31st and I'm a team teacher in a 7 classroom. 8 THE COURT: This case will not go past the 31st of October. 9 10 Yes, ma'am. 11 JUROR NO. 418: Badge 418. I have two 12 I work three twelves at the hospital and I would only get paid for an eight hour shift. The other reason is 13 I baby-sit two young children so their moms can go to 14 15 school and they can't come here. 16 THE COURT: All right, I will let you out of jury service in this rotation. 17 18 Yes. 19 JUROR NO. 429: Badge number 429. I travel 20 at work quite a bit. I serve Nevada, Utah, parts of Montana, Idaho, and Wyoming. It would be a hardship on my 21 company to have me out of work. 22 THE COURT: What is the kind of company you 23 24 work for?

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Company is Internet. As a matter of

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1	fact, I have airline tickets in my pocket. If released, I
2	would be going
3	THE COURT: But they are company tickets,
4	right?
5	A Yes.
6	THE COURT: I will put you at the bottom of
7	the list.
8	Oh, yes ma'am, I'm sorry.
9	JUROR NO. 404: Hi. I'm Ross Carter, 404.
10	THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.
11	A I have nothing against anything here.
12	I'm physically unable to be here everyday. I have a
13	disintegrating spine and I can't stay in one position very
14	long.
15	THE COURT: Do you have a physician who
16	would be willing to write a letter to that effect?
17	A I have the letters to show it.
18	THE COURT: I think what you need to do, I'm
19	going to let you out of jury service, but I think you need
20	to give a copy of that letter to the jury commissioner and
21	indicate to them that I think that qualifies you for
22	disqualification from jury service.
23	A I have three diseases of the spine.
24	THE COURT: All right. I will go ahead and
25	excuse you.

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1	A Thank you.
2	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
3	JUROR NO. 451: Duncan McCoy, badge 451.
4	I'm president of the Nevada Library Association and
5	Chairman of the Annual Conference of that Association in
6	Laughlin this weekend. I need to be down in Laughlin on
7	Thursday and Friday. I will be through with that Sunday
8	night. If that's a problem, you know, it would create a
9	problem for me.
10	THE COURT: All right, we will put you at
11	the bottom of the list.
12	Yes, sir.
13	JUROR NO. 450: Juror 450, Anthony Camacho.
14	I'm bidding on the 11th for my job. If I'm not present, I
15	will lose my position and be put on the bottom of the
16	list.
17	THE COURT: All right, we will put you on
18	the bottom of the list.
19	MR. HARMON: What was that number, Judge?
20	THE CLERK: 450.
21	THE COURT: When you say you are bidding for
22	the job
23	A On the 11th and I have to be present.
24	THE COURT: What kind of a job are you
25	bidding on?

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1	A Citizen Area Transit bus driver.
2	THE COURT: All right.
3	Anyone over here? Put him at the very
4	bottom of the list. I'm going to put you at the very
5	bottom of the list so that your chances of getting picked
6	are very narrow.
7	A Thank you.
8	THE COURT: Yeah.
9	JUROR NO. 460: Lillian Bruski, 460. I will
10	be out of the country as of next Monday, leaving to go out
11	of the country next Monday and also I would like to state
12	that emotionally and morally I would find it difficult to
13	go through a death penalty.
14	THE COURT: I'll let you out of jury service
15	at this time. If you would go back to the jury
16	commissioner. If you would go back to the jury
17	commissioner.
18	A The jury . You want me where is the
19	jury commissioner?
20	THE COURT: Where you just came from.
21	A Oh, okay.
22	THE COURT: Just explain to them that I have
23	excused you from jury service in this rotation.
24	A Thank you.
25	THE COURT: All right, thank you.

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1	Yes.
2	JUROR NO. 462: Badge 462. I work at a
3	local radio station. I might be privy to information that
4	is put out in the media that is about the trial.
5	THE COURT: Well, you will be instructed
6	about that.
7	Yes.
8	JUROR NO. 468: I don't understand very much
9	English.
10	THE COURT: All right, I will go ahead and
11	excuse you from jury service unless you want an
12	interpreter.
13	A I don't know.
14	THE COURT: Would you feel uncomfortable
15	sitting in a trial
16	A No.
17	THE COURT: No, what I'm saying because of
18	the language barrier, would you feel like you might have
19	trouble following the proceeding?
20	A Yeah.
21	THE COURT: We can arrange to have an
22	interpreter, simultaneous interpreter.
23	A I don't understand. What's that?
24	(Off the record discussion not reported.)
25	THE COURT: I will give you that option.

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1	A I don't know. I don't know if they
2	speak my language.
3	THE COURT: All right, I will go ahead and
4	let you out.
5	THE CLERK: Badge number, ma'am?
6	A 468.
7	MS. SILVER: I'm sorry, I didn't hear that.
8	THE CLERK: 468.
9	THE COURT: You can go back to the jury
10	commissioner.
11	Yes, sir.
12	JUROR NO. 470: Larry Allen, badge number
13	470. My wife is in poor health and started having heart
14	problems and she's scheduled for one minor test and a
15	lengthy test this Thursday.
16	THE COURT: Is she going to be undergoing
17	angiography?
18	A Possibility. They are just testing her
19	now.
20	THE COURT: So she is having chest pains?
21	A Plus she is COPD, breathing on oxygen.
22	THE COURT: All right, I will go ahead and
23	excuse you from jury service.
24	Yes.
25	JUROR NO. 464: Donn Chelli, 464. I work

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two jobs, your Honor, and it's difficult to get from the 1 one job to my second job if we get off here at 5:00. 2 3 THE COURT: All right, I will put you at the bottom of the list. 4 5 Yes. JUROR NO. 475: Badge number 475, Allison 6 Cutone. My husband and I juggle one car between the two of 7 us going to and from work and I have a small infant and 8 9 with our jobs, both of us are responsible for watching the baby and with me being in court, it would be hard to watch 10 11 the child and also to find another person to do it for me. THE COURT: All right, I will go ahead and 12 excuse you from jury service in this rotation. 13 Thank you. 14 JUROR NO. 477: Badge number 477, Bernard 15 Titony. Your Honor, I'm not a salaried employee. I travel 16 for a living and usually it takes me out of town Friday, 17 Saturday, Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday and that basically 18 depends on my livelihood because I do not work in Las 19 20 Vegas. THE COURT: Where do you live then? 21 I live in Las Vegas. 22 A THE COURT: What I will do is put you at the 23 24 bottom of the list. (Off the record discussion not reported.) 25

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1	THE COURT: Anyone else?
2	Yes, sir.
3	JUROR NO. 452: I haven't consulted my
4	doctor, but I'm being treated for a leaky heart valve and
5	high blood pressure. I don't know if he would approve or
6	not.
7	THE COURT: Do you feel like you can sit
8	through a jury trial and make a decision and work with
9	other people?
10	A I don't know. I have problems and then
11	I don't. I try to do everything. The doctor says don't do
12	anything. So.
13	THE COURT: We will put you at the bottom of
14	the list.
15	THE CLERK: Badge number, sir?
16	A 452.
17	(Off the record discussion not reported.)
18	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
19	JUROR NO. 413: Steve Remular, badge 413.
20	I'm in the brick layer's union from 6 to 2 and my wife
21	works from 4. She works at the casino. I have three
22	kids. They are under one, one years old, and my son is
23	three and a half. We have no other baby sitter to watch
24	them.
25	THE COURT: All right. Does she work?

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1	A Stardust Hotel.
2	THE COURT: She works at the Stardust?
3	A Yes.
4	THE COURT: What I'm going to do now is I'm
5	going to excuse this gentleman here. Could you give me
6	your name and badge number again, please.
7	JUROR NO. 477: Last name Titony, 477.
8	THE COURT: And you, sir.
9	JUROR NO. 464: Donn Chelli, 464.
10	THE COURT: And you, sir.
11	JUROR NO. 450: 450.
12	THE COURT: Your name again?
13	A Anthony Camacho.
14	THE COURT: And?
15	JUROR NO. 413: Steven Remular.
16	THE COURT: Those prospective jurors are
17	released.
18	MR. HARMON: Can we have the badge numbers
19	again, please.
20	THE COURT: Give us your badge number,
21	please.
22	MR. HARMON: 464?
23	JUROR NO. 464: Yes, sir.
24	JUROR NO. 450: 450.
25	THE COURT: Just take it back to the jury

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1	commissioner.
2	THE REPORTER: Was that 413?
3	JUROR NO. 459: 459, Rebecca Lund. I'm a
4	full time student at a technical school and I have paid for
5	my schooling.
6	THE COURT: When do you go to school?
7	A Academy of Hair Design. When? It's
8	Saturday from 8 to 4:30.
9	THE COURT: All right, I will let you out of
10	jury duty.
11	MS. SILVER: Badge number?
12	THE CLERK: 459.
13	MS. SILVER: Thank you.
14	JUROR NO. 431: Excuse me, your Honor?
15	THE COURT: Yes.
16	A Is a student status exempt from
17	possible jury service? As well, I have already paid for my
18	classes, but I go to school at night.
19	THE COURT: I'm going to go ahead and leave
20	you at the bottom of the list. Thank you.
21	THE CLERK: Badge number, sir?
22	JUROR NO. 431: 431.
23	THE COURT: Yes.
24	JUROR NO. 479: 479, Catherine Bennett. I
25	work for a law office down the street and I'm in and out of

1	here all the time. I don't know if that matters.
2	THE COURT: Doesn't to me.
3	A It doesn't matter, but I hear stuff
4	going on all the time between the attorneys at my work and
5	I recognize her over there.
6	THE COURT: Who is that?
7	A Gillock, Koning & Killebrew.
8	THE COURT: There is precious little
9	likelihood that you will hear any discussion of this case
10	at that office since that primarily is civil law.
11	Is there anyone on the panel who's been
12	engaged in law enforcement or has a spouse or close
13	relative that has ever been engaged in law enforcement?
14	Yes, ma'am.
14 15	
	Yes, ma'am.
15	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a
15 16	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro.
15 16 17	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number.
15 16 17 18	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law
15 16 17 18 19	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law newly just past the academy three months ago as a Metro
15 16 17 18 19 20	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law newly just past the academy three months ago as a Metro police officer.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law newly just past the academy three months ago as a Metro police officer. THE COURT: Anything about his status that
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law newly just past the academy three months ago as a Metro police officer. THE COURT: Anything about his status that would prohibit you from giving the witnesses and the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Yes, ma'am. JUROR NO. 405: My brother-in-law is a police officer for Metro. THE COURT: Give your name and number. A Denise Parr, 405. My brother-in-law newly just past the academy three months ago as a Metro police officer. THE COURT: Anything about his status that would prohibit you from giving the witnesses and the parties in this case a fair trial?

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1	be seated.
2	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
3	
4	(At this time, another court reporter took
5	over the proceedings.)
6	
7	* * * * *
8	
9	ATTEST: FULL, TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS.
10	Q-KS.
11	PATSY K. SMITH, C.C.R. #190
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PATSY K. SMITH, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

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1	1	DISTRICT COURT FILED IN OPEN COURT			
	2	ORIGINAL	LORETTA BOWMAN, CLERK		
	3	,	BY Doputy		
	4	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	,		
	5	Plaintiff,) Case No. C131341)		
	6	-vs-) Dept. No. VII)		
	7	JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,) Docket: P)		
	8	Defendant.))		
	9		·'		
,	10	REPORTER	'S TRANSCRIPT		
•	11		OF		
	12		TRIAL		
	13				
	14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE A. WILLIAM MAUPIN DISTRICT JUDGE			
	15				
	16	Monday, October 7, 1996 2:35 p.m.			
	17	Volume I - Afternoon Session	on.		
	18	Pages 1 - 184, inclusive			
	19	APPEARANCES: For the State:	Melvyn Harmon, Esq.		
	20		Abbi Silver, Esq. Deputy District Attorneys		
	21	For the Defendant:	Howard Brooks, Esq.		
		FOI CIRC BOIGINGANC.	Willard Ewing, Esq. Deputy Public Defenders		
	22		pebuck ruptic pereuders		
	23				
	24		TONACCI, CCR #222		
	25	Certified Cou	rt Reporter		
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1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1996
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5	JUROR #406: Kenneth Edward Gritis, 406. My
. 6	brother is a park ranger at Lake Mead.
7	THE COURT: Anything about his work or your
8	knowledge of it that would affect your ability to be fair
9	to both sides?
10	JUROR #406: No.
11	THE COURT: Thank you. You may be seated.
12	JUROR #437: I have a son who is a retired
13	officer in New York City. Does that mean anything?
14	THE COURT: How is that possible?
15	Can you give the parties a fair trial in
16	this case?
17	JUROR #437: Absolutely.
18	THE CLERK: Badge number?
19	· JUROR #437: 437.
20	THE COURT: Anyone else on this side of the
21	room?
22	JUROR #420: Yeah. I had a cousin that used
23	to be the chief of police, not here, but he has not been
24	that for sometime.
25	THE COURT: Can you give both sides a fair

3 trial? 1 1 2 JUROR #420: Yes. THE CLERK: Badge number please? 3 JUROR #420: 420. 4 JUROR #409: Donna Marie Linkogel, 409. I 5 have two of my cousins are sergeants in New York City, but 6 I don't think that will --7 THE COURT: Anything about their work or 8 knowledge of it that will affect your ability to be fair to 9 both sides? 10 11 JUROR #409: No, sir. THE COURT: You may be seated. 12 Anyone else on your right side and my 13 left side of the room? All right. 14 JUROR #455: Danna Yates, 455. My mother is a 15 Nye County dispatcher. 16 THE COURT: Anything about her work or your 17 knowledge of it that would affect your ability to be fair 18 19 to both sides? JUROR #455: No. 20 21 THE COURT: Anyone else on this side of the 22 room? Yes, sir? 23 24 JUROR #444: 444, Mike Gushwa. My dad was a 25 security guard at the airport.

THE COURT: Can you give both sides a fair 1 trial? 2 JUROR #444: Yeah. 3 THE COURT: Yes, sir, in the back. 4 JUROR #458: 458, Roger Harmon. My brother 5 was border patrol for about seven years. 6 THE COURT: Anything about his work or your 7 knowledge of it that would affect your ability to fairly 8 judge the credibility of police witnesses in comparison to 9 other witnesses? 10 JUROR #458: No, sir. 11 Thank you very much. You may be THE COURT: 12 seated. 13 Anyone else on this side of the room? 14 Let the record reflect a uniform 15 negative response. 16 Over here in the ancillary. 17 JUROR #463: Joseph Pietryman, 463. I have a 18 19 nephew that is Metro. THE COURT: Anything about his work or your 20 knowledge of it that would affect your ability to fairly 21 judge the credibility of police witnesses in comparison to 22 other witnesses? 23 JUROR #463: No. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25

5 Yes? 1 JUROR #469: Badge 469, William Nicholas 2 My newphew is a police officer in Flagstaff. 3 THE COURT: Can you be fair to both sides? 4 JUROR #469: Yes. 5 I'm sorry, I couldn't hear. He's 6 MS. SILVER: a police officer where? 7 JUROR #469: Flagstaff, Arizona. 8 THE COURT: Anyone else? 9 JUROR #474: Wendy Hill, 474. I work in 10 dispatch for Metro. 11 THE COURT: There is nothing about your 12 interaction with the staff that would affect your ability 13 to be fair in this case? 14 JUROR #474: I don't think so. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 16 Anyone else? 17 Yes, sir? 18 19 JUROR #411: Security guards, do you count that as law enforcement? 20 THE COURT: Anything about that --21 JUROR #411: I work as --22 THE COURT: Anything about your work that 23

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case?

would affect your ability to be fair to both sides in this

JUROR #411: Questionable. 1 2 THE COURT: Why do you say that? JUROR #411: When you deal with certain types 3 of people all the time you do develop a disposition. 4 THE COURT: Let me ask you this: Can you 5 listen to the testimony of police witnesses and fairly б 7 determine their credibility, their ability to perceive, to remember and whether or not you think they are being 8 candid? 9 10 JUROR #411; Yeah. THE COURT: Can you do that with other 11 witnesses? 12 13 JUROR #411: Yes. THE COURT: All right. Anyone else? 14 Let the record reflect a uniform 15 16 negative response. Would any of you have a tendency to give 17 more weight or credence to the testimony of a law 18 enforcement officer simply because the witness was a law 19 enforcement officer? 20 21 The record will reflect a uniform negative response. 22 Is there anyone who may not be able to 23 follow the instructions of the Court on the law even if the 24 instructions on the law differed from their personal 25

conceptions of what the law ought to be, anyone have any problem following the Court's instructions? For example, we'll be defining the elements of the charge, how you consider credibility, how you consider credibility of witnesses, how you consider the testimony of experts, how you behave yourself in the jury room, what the burden of proof is, things like that all would be the subject of legal instruction. Is there anyone that will have a problem following those instructions even if they disagreed as a matter of philosophy for example with the law stated in the instructions?

Record reflect a uniform negative response.

what I'm looking -- to be a little more specific, for example, if you're in a, we're not in this kind of a case, but if you were in a case that involved the use of controlled substances, some people would believe that controlled substances should be criminalized and some people believe it should not be criminalized. And if you were to sit in a jury in a case like that you would have to qualify as a juror to say well, I'll follow the doctrine, if the State proves a person guilty of drug possession then I'll find him guilty, if I don't believe they met their burden I'll find the defendant not guilty. The idea being the law says that drug possession is against the law. And

response.

so a juror in that kind of a case would have to acknowledge that regardless of their personal conceptions they would be able to follow the law and convict an individual of a crime even if they disagreed with the criminalization of the alleged misconduct. So in this case is there anyone that would have any trouble at all following the Court's instructions on the law that governs this case.

Record reflect a uniform negative response.

Under our system there are certain principles of laws that apply in every criminal case. They are: One: That a person is presumed innocent; Two: That the Information or Indictment that is the charging document filed in the case is a mere accusation and is not evidence of guilt; and Three: That the State must prove that the defendant is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

Is there anyone who does not understand or believe in these basic precepts of American justice?

Record reflect uniform negative

Has any member of the prospective jury panel been contacted by an individual in or around the environs of the courthouse handing out information about jury nullification, that is information that indicates that you can make up your own rules in the jury room and decide

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accordingly?

Let the record reflect a uniform

Is there any member of the jury panel that knows anything about this case other than what has been stated in the courtroom today?

JUROR #480: Only what I've read in the

THE COURT: Is there anything about the news accounts of this case that predisposes you one way or another about any of the issues in this case?

> JUROR #480: No.

THE COURT: You'll be able to listen to all the evidence and put the State to their burden, its burden of proof with regard to the guilt or innocence of this defendant?

JUROR #480: Yes.

THE REPORTER: Your badge number please?

JUROR #480: 480.

THE COURT: In this case if any of you are selected as jurors this matter may be divided into two phases. First, the jury will determine that the defendant is guilty, that is whether the State has met its burden beyond a reasonable doubt of proving the facts of guilt. Punishment is not to be considered during that phase of the

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trial. Second, if the jury finds the defendant guilty of first degree murder, then the law of this state requires the jury to set the punishment. At that time the Court will set a time for the hearing of evidence on punishment.

In the State of Nevada there are three possible forms of punishment that the jury may consider and then select the one they feel is the most appropriate under the law and the facts of the case. Those three possible forms of punishment in the event the jury is charged with determining punishment are: A: Imposition of the death penalty; B: Life imprisonment without the possibility of parole; or C: Life imprisonment with the possibility of parole.

Is there anyone among the members of the prospective jury panel that does not understand --

MR. BROOKS: May we approach, Judge?

THE COURT: For what?

MR. BROOKS: Slight problem. I'm going to object to it.

(Discussion off the record.)

THE COURT: Let me resummarize then.

If and only if the jury finds the defendant guilty of first degree murder, then the jury

would be charged with setting punishment in the case in what is called a penalty hearing. The three possibilities of punishments -- actually there are four: The death penalty, life imprisonment without the possibility of parole, life imprisonment with the possibility of parole, and 50 years in the Nevada State Prison, eligible for parole in 20 years. Those are the four forms of punishment that the jury would have to deliberate upon.

Is there anyone among the members of the prospective jury members who does not understand that in the event of a first degree murder conviction the jury would then have to move onto the question of punishment?

Let the record reflect a uniform

negative response.

Is there any member of the jury panel at this point that has a conscientious, moral or religious objection to the imposition of the death penalty?

All right. You, sir.

JUROR #403: Roland Seward, 403. I couldn't judge someone. God gave life, no one has the right to take life away. I couldn't put myself to agree or disagree upon that.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. You may be seated.

Yes. Next. Give me your name and badge

3 number. 1 2 JUROR #410: Lynn Westrom, badge 410. THE COURT: What is your disposition one way 3 or the other? 4 5 JUROR #410: I can't, I don't agree with the 6 death penalty. 7 THE COURT: You may be seated. 8 Yes? JUROR #417: Martha Rainwater, badge 417. 9 10 although I admire people who can come up with the death penalty, I cannot. 11 12 THE COURT: I'm sorry? 13 JUROR #417: I could not agree to the 14 punishment of death. 15 THE COURT: Be seated. 16 Yes? JUROR #428: Edward Ferrell, badge 428. 17 agree with all the forms of the punishment, but death 18 penalty I do not if the defendant is guilty. 19 20 THE COURT: Anyone else? JUROR #457: Clint Marrs, 457. I couldn't be 21 involved in taking somebody's life. 22 THE COURT: Be seated. 23 24 MS. SILVER: I'm sorry. Was that 457? 25 THE COURT: Are you badge 457?

13 3 1 JUROR #457: Yes, sir. MS. SILVER: 2 Thank you. 3 THE COURT: Anyone else? 4 All right. The Court has asked this 5 question now so that we know we have an identity of the jurors who have an issue with this. But as a matter of law 6 7 we're still required to have you take a position in the 8 jury box if we reach you to be questioned about your feelings in that regard. That's simply an issue that is a 9 10 matter of law at this point. So I'm not going to elaborate further, but I have at least at this point identified the 11 persons among the prospective jury panel that counsel need 12 to be aware of so that they're ready to make the 13 14 appropriate examinations at the appropriate time. 15 At this point I'd ask the clerk to call 16 the first fourteen names from the panel to be seated in the jury box. 17 THE CLERK: Badge 402, Tina Prato Spruell, 18 19 S-p-r-u-e-l-l. 20 Badge number 403, Roland M. Seward, 21 S-e-w-a-r-d. 22 Badge number 405, Denise Wright Parr,

Badge number 406, Kenneth Edward Gritis,

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P-a-r-r.

G-r-i-t-i-s.

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                                Badge number 407, Scott Gaines Emmert,
        2
            E-m-m-e-r-t.
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                                Badge number 408, Heather L. Neighbors,
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            N-e-i-g-h-b-o-r-s.
        5
                                Badge number 409, Donna Marie Linkogel,
            L-i-n-k-o-g-e-l.
        6
                                Badge number 410, Lynn Hilary Westrom,
        7
            W-e-s-t-r-o-m.
        8
                                Badge number 411, Ronald Ulicki,
        9
            U-1-i-c-k-i.
       10
       11
                                Badge number 412, Jim Blake Tripp,
       12
            T-r-i-p-p.
       13
                                Badge number 420, Joyce A. Souder,
       14
            S-o-u-d-e-r.
       15
                                Badge number 421, Kellyanne Bentley
            Taylor, T-a-y-1-o-r.
       16
                                Badge number 426, Barbara Mastenbrook
       17
       18
            Dear, D-e-a-r.
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                                Badge number 427, Olga C. Bourne,
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            B-o-u-r-n-e.
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                          THE COURT: Let's start with Mr. Seward just
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            for a moment in order to expedite matters.
                                No, please be seated.
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                          JUROR #403: Oh.
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                        . THE COURT: You indicated you had a
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philosophical problem with imposing the death penalty in 1 this case. 2 JUROR #403: Yes, sir. 3 THE COURT: Understand that in this particular 4 5 instance the legislature has made a public policy decision that there are four forms of punishment in a first degree 6 murder case, and if you're chosen as a juror you have to make a determination from one of those list of four. Can 8 you put aside your personal opinions or philosophies and 9 follow the instructions of the Court and give fair 10 consideration to all four forms of punishment? 11 12 JUROR #403: To be honest, no, because the death penalty is in there and that would be on my mind at 13 all times. 14 THE COURT: Counsel for the State. 15 MR. HARMON: The State challenges for cause, 16 17 your Honor. THE COURT: Traverse. 18 MR. BROOKS: We'll submit it, Judge. 19 THE COURT: I'll excuse Mr. Seward from jury 20 service in this rotation. 21 THE CLERK: Badge number 428, Edward Arnold 22 23 Ferrell, F-e-r-r-e-1-1. THE COURT: Mr. Ferrell, I'll ask you the same 24 25 question before you go up in the jury box, the question I

asked of Mr. Seward. 3 1 2 Is there any set of circumstances under which you could give fair consideration to the death 3 penalty or the other three forms of punishment; 50 years 4 with 20 years parole eligibility, life with the possibility 5 of parole or life without the possibility of parole? 6 7 JUROR #428: I cannot support the death penalty. As I stated earlier all the other forms of 8 punishment, I'm very hard core on that and I believe the 9 10 person if he commits the crime and he's found guilty, I can agree with the other forms of punishment, but the death 11 12 penalty, no. THE COURT: Under no set of circumstances? 13 14 JUROR #428: No, sir. 15 THE COURT: State. 16 MR. HARMON: State challenges for cause. THE COURT: Traverse. 17 MR. BROOKS: Submit it, your Honor. 18 19 THE COURT: Mr. Ferrell, I'll excuse you from 20 jury service in this rotation. THE CLERK: Badge number 432, Celestina Cecilia 21

Lucido, L-u-c-i-d-o.

THE COURT: You can take your place in the jury box.

THE COURT: I believe Miss Westrom is the only

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1 other person sitting in the jury box that voiced an objection to the death penalty. Am I correct? 2 Could you at this point, Miss Westrom, 3 I'll turn to you, is there any set of circumstances under 4 5 which you could, based upon your, notwithstanding your 6 statements earlier, that you could consider the death 7 penalty? JUROR #410: I don't believe so. I couldn't 8 9 consider the death penalty fairly. 10 THE COURT: State. 11 MR. HARMON: Not under any circumstances? JUROR #410: I don't believe so. 12 MR. HARMON: We challenge for cause. 13 THE COURT: Traverse. 14 15 MR. BROOKS: We submit it, your Honor. THE COURT: Miss Westrom, I'll excuse you from 16 17 jury service. 18 JUROR #410: Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you much very much for 19 20 coming. 21 I want to reiterate something to the members of the prospective jury panel that I know was part 22 of your juror orientation the other day. There is no right 23 24 or wrong answer to any of these questions. What we are

seeking here is only candid responses so that we can pick a

jury that can fairly judge all of the issues in the matter. 1 2 THE CLERK: Badge number 433, Cheryl Lynn Wells, W-e-1-1-s. 3 THE COURT: I'll ask the other members of the 4 5 prospective jury panel that have indicated a problem with imposing the death penalty. Would they all please stand, 6 please. 7 I'll ask, ma'am, could you give me your 8 9 badge number and name again. 10 JUROR #417: 417, Martha Rainwater. 11 THE COURT: Is there any set of circumstances under which you could impose the death penalty? 12 JUROR #417: No, sir. 13 14 THE COURT: State. MR. HARMON: We challenge for cause, your 15 16 Honor. THE COURT: 17 Traverse. MR. BROOKS: We submit it, your Honor. 18 19 THE COURT: I'll excuse you from jury service. Yes, sir? 20 JUROR 457: No, sir. 21 22 THE COURT: What's your name again? JUROR #457: Clint Marrs, 457. 23 24 THE COURT: Mr. Marrs, there is no set of 25 circumstances under which you can impose the death penalty?

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4 1	JUROR #457: No, sir.
2	MR. HARMON: Challenge for cause, your Honor.
3	MR. BROOKS: Submit it, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: You're excused from jury service.
5	JUROR #466: Your Honor, I could not consider
6	the death penalty.
7	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
8	JUROR #466: I could not support the death
9	penalty.
10	THE COURT: You could not?
11	JUROR #466: No we don't believe in
12	killing.
13	THE REPORTER: I'm sorry, I cannot hear you.
14	THE COURT: Is there any set of circumstances
15	under which you could impose the death penalty?
16	JUROR #466: No.
17	MR. HARMON: State challenges for cause.
18	MR. BROOKS: We'll submit, your Honor.
19	MS. SILVER: Badge number please?
20	JUROR #466: 466.
21	THE COURT: You are excused from jury service
22	in this rotation. Thank you very much for coming.
23	Anyone else?
24	Let the record reflect a uniform
25	negative response.

1 You're trying to raise your hand. 2 ma'am? JUROR #443: Yes, my name is Jeanne Jellema 3 4 and my badge number is 443, and I would have a problem. 5 THE COURT: In a proper case do you think you could give fair consideration to all four forms of penalty? 6 7 JUROR #443: Having given it more thought, the 8 death part bothers me too much. 9 THE COURT: There is no set of circumstances 10 under which you could consider the death penalty? JUROR #443: Uhm, I don't think so, your 11 I waited this long because I kept trying to think 12 13 about it, but I think I would have a real serious problem about, with that. 14 THE COURT: Counsel. 15 MR. HARMON: We challenge for cause, your 16 17 Honor, 18 MR. BROOKS: We'll submit it, your Honor. THE COURT: I'll excuse you from jury service 19 20 in this rotation. 21 Did you just come to --JUROR #431: No, sir. 431. My problem is I 22 have a problem, I have problems with the other three 23 24 possible penalties except death. 25 THE COURT: I don't mean to be unkind, but you

have waited until everyone else has gotten through doing 1 this and you have given approximately three concerns about 2 3 serving on the jury anyway. 4 JUROR #431: Well, no, sir. This is after listening to everybody oppose the death penalty. I wasn't 5 sure if the question was problems with all four sentences 6 or just death. I think originally it was did we have 7 8 problem with all sentences. 9 THE COURT: Can you give fair consideration to 10 any of the sentences? 11 JUROR #431: I can give fair consideration to 5 12 the death penalty only if proven guilty. 13 THE COURT: What is your schedule? 14 JUROR #431: I'm sorry, sir? THE COURT: What's your schedule so I can 15 16 reassess. 17 JUROR #431: Work schedule? THE COURT: 18 Yes. 19 JUROR #431: Well, I'm out the door about 20 usually seven o'clock and home by six and I'm in school until roughly nine o'clock. 21 22 THE COURT: What days do you go to school? 23 JUROR #431: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday. 24 THE COURT: State. 25 MR. HARMON: Your Honor, we'll stipulate to

22 5 excusing the juror. 1 2 THE COURT: Thank you. You're excused from jury 3 service. 4 JUROR #431: Badge number 431. 5 б EXAMINATION 7 8 BY THE COURT: We'll turn to Miss Spruell. 9 0 10 Α Yes. 11 Q Am I pronouncing your name correctly? 12 A Yes, correct. 13 Any reason that you can think of why you Q couldn't be fair to both sides in this case? 14 15 No. 16 Can you wait to form any opinion you might Q 17 have on any issue in this case until all the evidence is 18 in? Yes. 19 Α 20 Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been arrested? 21 My brother has. 22 Α 23 0 For what? 24 I'm not really certain on all of them.

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think mostly driving without license. You know, teenage

stuff.

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Q Anything about his experience with law
enforcement that would affect your thinking in a case like
this?

A No.

Q Have you or any member of your family or any friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime?

A No.

Q Have you been on a jury before?

A No.

Q Do you have any concern about adverse opinion that might result from any verdict you might render in this case?

A No.

Q Have you ever been a witness or a participant in any kind of court action?

A No.

Q Do you have any philosophical, religious, or moral objections to the imposition of the death penalty?

A No.

Q If you were involved in this case would you feel comfortable with twelve jurors just like you sitting in judgment of the matter?

A Maybe not being pregnant. I can be emotional at times.

Q Do you think you can be fair to both sides?

A Yes.

THE COURT: State.

MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINATION

BY MS. SILVER:

Q Miss Spruell, what are your views regarding capital punishment?

A I believe in the death penalty. It just depends on the crime. If they're found guilty I do believe in the death penalty. I do believe in prison. You know, I believe in it all.

Q So you do --

A It just depends on the case and the circumstance of the case. I don't believe that someone that kidnaps a child should be let back out. But, you know -- just the circumstance.

Q So you recognize though and understand the process that only the jury, if you were selected as a juror, finds the defendant guilty collectively, all twelve unanimously, guilty of murder in the first degree, then it would go on into a second phase of the trial which we would call the penalty phase?

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1.4

A Yeah.

Q You understand that process?

A Yes..

Q And according to what you stated then there are certain situations in which you yourself actually believe that the death penalty can be an appropriate punishment?

A Yes. Most of them.

Q If you were selected as a juror in this case and heard all of the evidence and you felt like the State had proven its case in the guilt phase, and you felt that the defendant was guilty beyond a reasonable doubt of the crime of murder in the first degree, could you come into this courtroom and actually state your verdict here in court in front of the defendant?

A Yes.

Q And in the second part of the trial, during the penalty phase, the State would be able to present what we call aggravating circumstances, and the defense if they would like would be allowed to present evidence in mitigation of punishment. The jury would be given the choice to decide upon the four different verdicts which you've read in your questionnaire. You recall that?

A Yes.

Q And you understand that process?

A Yes.

Q If you heard all the evidence in the penalty phase and you felt that the only appropriate punishment was in fact the death penalty, could you again come into this courtroom and impose, along with the other jurors, a sentence of death, and could you say that aloud in front of the defendant?

A Yes.

Q Could you likewise also if you felt that life without the possibility of parole was appropriate, could you give that for a sentence?

A Yes.

Q Could you give life with the possibility of parole, if you felt that the circumstances were right, could you give that as a sentence?

A Yes.

Q And could you also likewise give a sentence of a fixed term of 50 years with the possibility of parole, could you also consider that as a sentence as well?

A Yes.

Q I question you on the because on one of the answers here you weren't sure and you put something to the effect of you didn't believe that a murder should have parole. But what you're stating to me now verbally now that you've listened to everything --

A Right.

27 -- you could consider all of the forms of 6 1 Q 2 punishment? I can consider all the forms of punishment 3 4 depending upon the case. A murder is a murder and there is 5 a lot of different murders that take place and I think there is a lot of different punishments that should take 6 7 place for the type of murder. 8 And depending on that situation, what was 9 presented to you, you're an open-minded juror, you can be 10 fair and impartial to both the State and the defense in this case? 11 12 Α Yes. Do you think that people ought to be held a 13 Q accountable for their actions? 14 15 Α Definitely. MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor. 16 This juror is acceptable to the State and we would pass for 17 18 cause. THE COURT: Mr. Brooks. 19 20 MR. BROOKS: Mr. Ewing will handle this, 21 Judge. 22 MR. EWING: Thank you, your Honor.

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DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. EWING:

Q Miss Spruell, the specific question that the district attorney referred to in the questionnaire, the question was "If the defendant was convicted of first degree murder and a penalty hearing is held, will you consider all four sentences?" And you write "No, I don't believe murderers should have parole." Do you recall writing that down?

A Yes. Thinking about it though, if you think about one murder to another murder, there is a lot of murders that take place and you think about it one murder should go with a lesser penalty. Do you understand what I'm saying?

Q Let me ask you this then: What would you want to know about a person before you decide what kind of sentence to give?

A I wouldn't want to know nothing about the person. I would want to know everything about the crime that happened.

Q Would the history of the individual matter to you at all?

A No.

Q The situation three days before the crime

occurred, would that matter to you at all?

A No.

Q The situation two days before the crime occurred, that wouldn't matter?

A Huh-uh.

Q Only the specific facts of the case is all that would concern you?

A (No audible response.)

Q Do you understand what premeditation means?

A Yes, sir.

Q What does premeditation mean to you?

A A premeditated murder --

MS. SILVER: I'm going to object, your Honor.

I believe that the jury at the conclusion of the trial will be given a set of instructions including what premeditation is and it may be very different than what this juror --

THE COURT: It doesn't hurt to find out what her notion of it is.

JUROR #402: Someone that plans a murder, someone that has premeditated, they're going to murder this person, they're going to do it, it was something that was planned, it was not something that just happened because they're irrational at the time they planned this murder.

BY MR. EWING:

Q If someone committed a premeditated murder,

could you consider all four possible punishments?

A I don't believe so. I don't believe you could let someone out on parole that has planned a murder.

MR. EWING: I challenge for cause.

THE COURT: Traverse.

MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINATION

BY MS. SILVER:

Q You understand that if you came back with murder in the first degree that you're basically stating that it was a premeditated murder, there was an intent to kill. Would you be willing in this case to listen to all of the circumstances, whether they're aggravating circumstances given by the State or facts in mitigation of punishment, and depending on the crime, what you've stated, could you listen to all of that and then make a decision using the four forms of punishment?

A I believe I can listen to all the facts and form a fair opinion. You know. Just my opinion about premeditated murder is a little bit more harsh than someone who just irrationally goes out of their mind for that point in time and kills somebody. There is a difference, you know. That's why I was telling him is that I could not

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give someone life in prison with the possibility of parole to go out and plan another murder.

Q So then in all first degree murder cases what you're saying is if you came back then --

THE COURT: Miss Silver, the problem is this whole line of questioning going back to defense counsel's questioning is based upon a faulty premise.

MS. SILVER: Of what premeditation is.

THE COURT: The prospective juror has indicated in her mind premeditation is a planned murder and premeditation under the law is not defined necessarily as a planned murder as we think of say a contract killing.

Premeditation is the intent to kill that can be formed in a very short moment under our instructions; is that correct?

MS. SILVER: It's correct. It's successive

THE COURT: So the real question is will you be able to follow the Court's instructions in the event that you find the defendant guilty of first degree murder which includes that admixture, can you keep an open mind and consider all four forms of punishment?

JUROR #402: Yes.

thoughts of the mind.

THE COURT: Now the other thing is the prospective juror made a comment about not being able to consider other factors such as the background of the

32 defendant and the nature of the person charged; is that 7 1 correct? 2 3 MR. EWING: That's correct. 4 THE COURT: Now the Court will instruct you that that is a factor that you can consider on the issue of 5 punishment. Knowing now that that is an issue that you are б permitted to consider, will you be able to consider the 7 background and other mitigating circumstances in addition 8 9 to this, the facts of the crime on the issue of punishment? JUROR #402: On the facts of the crime itself? 10 11 THE COURT: Beyond the facts of the crime. 12 JUROR #402: Beyond the facts of the crime?? THE COURT: Yes. For example --13 14 JUROR #402: If I was ordered to, yes. 15 THE COURT: The background of the defendant, other mitigating factors that may have led him to that 16 point in his life, can you consider those things? 17 18 JUROR #402: If they were --19 THE COURT: In terms of coming to one of the four forms of punishment? 20 21 JUROR #402: If I was told we had to consider 22 them, yes, I could consider them. THE COURT: You must be able to consider them 23

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if you are a juror in the case. And the question is now in

all honesty, and you have your own conscience to consider,

at that point do you feel that philosophically you could 1 consider all other mitigating factors other than just the 2 nature of the crime itself before determining, and then in 3 determining whether or not any of the four punishments are 4 appropriate, can you do that? 5 6 JUROR #402: I believe I could. 7 BY MR. EWING: 8 You made a comment earlier that you felt that if someone kidnaped a child they should never get out of 9 10 prison; is that true? 11 It's just a for example. I couldn't say that A that would be a total case either because parents kidnap 12 children all the time. They kidnap their own children to 13 14 see their children. 15 So then it's safe to say you no longer feel that 16 if someone kidnapped a child they should not get out of 17 prison? 18 Α I was saying that as a for example to kind of 19

give an example for different things, different types of things that people do.

Based upon circumstances?

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Right, based upon the circumstances, not that I believe that, just it was a circumstantial thing. believe that someone, not everybody should go to prison for life for kidnapping a child. Parents do it all the time.

A lot of people, a lot of family members do it. You know.

Temporarily insane sometimes. I don't know.

Q The Court asked you a few moments ago if you could consider other factors other than the facts of the case itself and you've now indicated that you can. What other factors do you think would be important?

A The state of mind he was in maybe. If he was ill, mentally ill. I guess if you're saying about the death penalty then you're wanting to know if I'm going to consider family background. I don't know. I wouldn't consider family background. I would consider the fact that was he ill in his mind, was, you know, temporary insane, something like that. I would consider facts that happened before that. Do you understand what I'm saying? Like was there an abusive relationship by one of the other --

- Q So you feel that what's going on in the defendant's mind is real critical to your senses; is that correct?
- 19 A Yes, sir.
 - Q Do you consider 50 years in prison a harsh sentence?
 - A With the possibility of 20 -- with the possibility of parole?
- Q With the possibility of parole.
- 25 A No.

Do you consider a life sentence with the 1 Q possibility of parole to be a harsh sentence? Do you 2 consider life without the possibility of parole to be a 3 4 harsh sentence? 5 A Yes. б Q What about the death penalty? It's the fullest extent. 7 Α 8 So you consider the death penalty to be more 0 harsh than life in prison without the possibility of 9 10 parole? 11 Α Well, that's a thought, isn't it. 12 You have to spend life in prison rather 13 than to die would be like let them go off free some would think. I think definitely the death penalty is the 14 15 harshest. 16 MR. EWING: Court's indulgence for one moment 17 please. 18 JUROR #409: Excuse me, your Honor. May I go 8 to the restroom? 19 I feel sick. 20 THE COURT: Yes. 21 JUROR #409: Thank you. 22 MR. EWING: Your Honor, I renew my motion to challenge for cause based upon the questions. 23 24 THE COURT: Denied. 25 Does that complete your examination?

1	MR. EWING: Yes, it does.
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3	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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5	BY THE COURT:
6	Q Miss Lucido, good afternoon.
7	A Good afternoon.
8	Q Any reason you can think of why you couldn't be
9	fair to both sides in this case?
10	A No, your Honor.
11	Q Can you wait until all the evidence is in before
12	coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Have you or any member of your family or any
15	close friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime?
16	A No.
17	Q Have you or any member of your family or any
18	close friends of yours ever been arrested?
19	A No.
20	Q Ever been on a jury before?
21	A No.
22	Q Any concern about adverse public opinion as a
23	result from any verdict that you might render?
24	A No.

Have you ever been in any involved in any court

before we, before the jury can convict a defendant?

A Yes.

Q You understand that. Do you have any problems with the fact that the State has that burden of proof?

A No.

Q In fact, the defendant does not have any burden at all, it's strictly our burden?

A Yes.

Q I just wanted to point that out because I notice that on one of the questions, you may have been confused, you had written you agreed that a defendant in a criminal trial should be required to prove his innocence. Knowing what we've just discussed, you would follow the law and require the State to prove beyond a reasonable doubt the crime in this case or the crimes?

A Yes.

Q You recognize also that the burden of proof, whether it's in a murder case or a burglary case or a misdemeanor petty larceny case, that the burden remains the same in all criminal cases throughout the country; do you understand that?

A Yes.

Q No matter what the case, it's the same burden of proof?

25 A Yes.

Q Of course this is is a murder case and it's a serious matter, but would you hold the State to a higher standard or an impossible burden of proof because of the seriousness of the charge?

- A No.
- Q You'd follow the law then?
- 7 A Yes.
 - Q If the circumstances were such that the State was able to prove to you beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant committed murder in the first degree, you could come back with a verdict of guilty of murder with use of a deadly weapon?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Okay. Can you also consider all three forms of punish -- excuse me, four forms of punishment that have been listed to you in the questionnaire?
 - A Yes.
 - Q What are your views on capital punishment?
 - A Capital punishment to me is going to be like to be given only depending upon the crime that has been committed. And if all the evidence that was presented was committed, then I think it's just right, that we have to give the death penalty.
- 24 Q So there are situations?
- A There are some situations that, it's not, you

know, it depends upon what happened, the oral presentation 8 1 of the evidence in the case. 2 3 And you would sit and listen to both the State's and the defense's presentation to you? 4 5 Α Yes. 6 Do you think that people ought to be held accountable for their actions? 7 8 A Yes. Do you think that you're the type of person that 9 if you found the death penalty was appropriate could 10 actually come back and impose the death penalty? 11 If needed and if it's proven that the crime was 12 Α 13 committed. Have you ever talked about the death penalty 14 before with other people? 15 16 Α No. 17 It's not something that you've gone around and discussed? 18 19 Α Huh-uh. 20 You can understand though my questions to you, certainly it's one thing for all of us to talk about it, 21 but it's another thing for twelve people collectively to 22 23 decide such a sentence? 24 Α Yes.

And you heard even some of the jurors or at

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41 least one juror that said you know, after thinking about it 1 that is just something I can't do. Do you feel like you're 2 someone that can impose it if it is appropriate? 3 4 If it's appropriate. I know it's hard but if someone did that crime, it depends on the crime that is 5 committed. 6 7 O Thank you. 8 This juror is acceptable to the State 9 and we would pass this witness for cause. 10 THE COURT: Mr. Brooks. 11 MR. EWING: Thank you, your Honor. 12 13 **EXAMINATION** 14 15 BY MR. EWING: 16 Q Is it Miss Lucido? 17 Α Yes. I notice that you were born in the Philippines. Q 19 Yes. Α

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How long have you been in the United States? 20 Q

Seventeen, sixteen years. Α

Sixteen years. While you were living in the Q Philippines, did you become familiar with the laws in the Philippines?

Α Yes.

9 1	Q	Do you feel like your knowledge of the
2	Phillipine	law is in any way going to affect your ability
3	to serve o	on this jury?
4	A	No.
5	Q	You indicated in your jury questionnaire that
6	you consid	er yourself to be a leader; is that true?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	Do you feel like your opinion matters?
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	Will you have any problem voicing your opinion
11	to your fe	llow jurors if you're selected to sit on the
12	jury?	
13	A	No.
14	Q	Are you the kind of person that is going to
15	stick to ye	our guns so to speak if you reach a conclusion or
16	make a dec	ision?
17	A	Yes.
18	Q	Do you think you're easily persuaded?
19	A	No.
20	Q	Do you feel like you have the ability to
21	persuade of	thers?
22	A	Yes.
23	Q	How do you feel about people who use drugs?
24		Let me make that a little more specific.
25		Have you got experience in your life

43 1 with people who use drugs? 2 Α No. 3 Family members, friends? Q 4 Α No. 5 Q You indicate in the jury questionnaire that the death penalty should be given to people who are found 6 guilty of killing others. Does that mean that you think 7 that everyone who is found guilty of killing someone should 9 receive the death penalty? No, it depends upon if they're proven guilty and 10 all the evidence has been presented and I think it's just 11 right, then the death penalty. If -- you know. 12 13 0 If they've been found guilty of murder? Found guilty, all the evidence has been 14 Α 15 presented. So if they've been found guilty, all the 16 Q 17 evidence indicates to you they're guilty of first degree 18 murder --19 Α Well --20 -- would you consider other possibilities or would you just want -- other possible sentences? 21 22 Α It depends upon the graveness of the offense 23 committed. 24 Q In your own mind. 25 You also indicate in here that you feel

that the death penalty should be given to people who repeatedly commit the same offense. Was that referring to murder or other crimes?

A Other crimes too. If they murderers, those drug dealers, that keep doing the same thing, you know, I think they need to so people will learn and stop with all this crime that is going on. It's getting worst.

- Q So repeat offenders you feel should be punished more harshly?
 - A The graveness of the offense they committed.
- Q Do you feel that people with minimal criminal offenses should be treated more leniently?
- A Yes.
 - Q A lot of jurors were excused because they could not consider the death penalty. How did you feel about those jurors that said they couldn't consider the death penalty?
 - A Well, different people have different way, you know, feelings that they have. I know it's hard also to impose the death penalty. But if the person really committed that crime, I mean not one time only, it depends on how the crime was done and it's repeatedly, he's doing it repeatedly, so many times like that, that's the way I look of giving them death penalty.
 - Q So you've indicated to me so far that someone's

history is very important to you, whether or not they
repeated lots of crimes or whether or not they had a clean
criminal record is very important to you in terms of
deciding sentences; is that correct?

A It does help a little in deciding, you know, what punishment is to be given. It helps a little bit.

Q What do you think is more important, the history of the person or the specific facts of the case?

A The specific facts of the case. But history helps a little bit, what kind of person he is. It does help.

Q What types of things do you think are important to know about a person in deciding what kind of a sentence to give them?

A Not really, I do not think any particular, nothing in particular.

Q You don't have any specific things that you'd like to know about that individual?

A No.

Q Do you understand why we're spending so much time today talking about penalties and punishment?

A Yes.

Q Do you understand that -- you probably own a car, don't you?

<u>Page: 478</u>

A Excuse me?

Α

No.

Q How do you see your role as a juror?

A I have an important part here because the life of the person depends on us here, whatever position we're going to make.

Q Life of the person depends upon your decision; correct?

A Yes, our decision.

Q You are essentially the last obstacle, barrier, whatever you want to say, between this individual being free and this individual not being free; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Is that important?

A That's important.

MR. EWING: Pass for cause.

THE COURT: We'll take our afternoon recess at this point, ladies and gentlemen.

During the recess it is your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else connected with the trial; or read, watch or listen to any report or commentary on the trial or any person connected with the trial by any medium of information, including without limitation newspapers, television and radio; and you are not to form or express an opinion on any subject connected with this case until it is finally submitted to you.

We'll be back in session between fifteen

48 and ten minutes of the hour. We'll be at ease while the 1 2 prospective jury departs the confines of the courtroom. 3 4 (Recess.) 5 6 THE COURT: Continuation of jury selection in 7 State versus James Montell Chappell. 8 Moving over to Miss Parr. 9 10 **EXAMINATION** 11 12 BY THE COURT: 13 Good afternoon. 0 14 Good afternoon. Any reason that you can think of why you 15 16 wouldn't be fair to both sides in this case? No, sir. Α

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Can you wait until all the evidence is in before coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case?

Α Yes, sir, I believe I can.

Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been arrested?

Α No, sir.

Have you or any member of your family or close friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime?

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- A No, sir.
- Q Have you ever been a a jury before?
- 3 A Yes, I have.
- 4 Q How many times?
- 5 A Once.
- 6 Q Was it a criminal or a civil case?
- 7 A Criminal.
- 8 Q So you went through the process of assessing the 9 guilt over innocence of another citizen?
 - A Yes, sir.
- 11 Q So you're already familiar with the instructions
 12 on reasonable doubt?
- 13 A Yes, sir.
- Q And you feel comfortable with going through that process again?
- A I believe that my opinion, my result would be based on the information that is submitted to me.
- 18 Q Now, do you have any concern about any adverse
 19 publicity that might be generated from this case?
- 20 A I don't think I would.
 - Q Say, for example, you entered a verdict one way or the other or any way and the newspapers wrote about it and they were critical, it wouldn't bother you?
- A It wouldn't bother me as long as I based my decision on what was presented to me.

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- Q In the other case you sat as a juror, without telling me what the verdict was, was your jury able to reach a verdict?
 - A Yes, sir, it was.
- Q Anything about that experience that would affect your thinking in this case?
 - A Not in this case, no, your Honor.
- 8 Q So that was then, this is now and a whole new
 9 set of facts?
 - A Correct.
- 11 Q Have you ever been involved in any way as a
 12 participant in a court proceeding, as a witness or a party?
- A Yes, sir. I was recently a witness in a grand jury.
 - Q And that was a completely separate event from this?
- 17 A Yes, it was job related.
- 18 Q Anything about that experience that would affect
 19 your ability to be fair in this case?
- 20 A No, sir.
- Q And in your present state of mind can you, if selected as a juror, give fair consideration to all four forms of punishment?
- A Yes, sir, it would be based on all the information that is submitted to me.

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10	1	Q Is there anything in your life that would, as
	2	you reflect on the situation, that would cause you concern
	3	philosophically with the imposition of the death penalty or
	4	giving fair or equal consideration to any other forms of
	5	punishment?
11	6	A No, they would all be considered equally based
	7	on the evidence.
	8	Q So you would keep an open mind as to all four
	9	possible forms of punishment if and only if the defendant
	10	is convicted of first degree murder?
	11	A Yes, sir, I will.
	12	Q If you were involved in this case yourself in
	13	any way, whether a witness or a member of any of the
	14	participants, family or anything like that, would you feel
	15	comfortable with twelve jurors just like you with your
	16	sense of fairness sitting on this jury?
	17	A Yes, sir, I think I would.
	18	THE COURT: State may inquire.
	19	MR. HARMON: Thank you, your Honor.
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	21	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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	23	BY MR. HARMON:
	24	Q Mrs. Parr, is it one case you served before as a
	_	and the second second second as a

juror or several cases?

- A One case.
- 2 Q Was it a criminal case?
- 3 A Yes, it was.
- 4 Q What crime was it?
- 5 A Rape.
- 6 Q How long ago was that?
- 7 A Ten years ago.
- Q You indicated in the questionnaire that you
 wouldn't mind serving on this case.
- A No, I don't think I would mind serving on any other case if asked again.
- Q You also mentioned that you were a little bit concerned about the time estimate, but you suggested that you could arrange your schedule.
- 15 A Yes.

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- 16 Q So you can serve?
- A Yes. I have a small son, five and a half year old, and my husband is there and it can be arranged.
 - Q As I'm sure you can appreciate simply as a citizen, but also because of your prior experience, it's imperative that we have jurors who can devote their full attention to these proceedings while the court is in session. Can you do that?
- 24 A I believe I can, sir.
- 25 Q If you were a legislator for a day and it was

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11	1	solely within your power, would we have capital punishment
	2	in the State of Nevada?
	3	A I believe in capital punishment.
	4	Q Why do you believe in it?
	5	A Because I believe that the crime, that the
	6	punishment should fit the crimes. And I believe that they
	7	should be based on the evidence and everything submitted,
	8	that it should be given if necessary.
	9	Q If it becomes necessary in this case for the
	10	jury to become involved in fixing the punishment, if after
	11	you had heard all of the evidence you were persuaded in
	12	this case that capital punishment fit the crime which had
	13	been committed, would you have the strength of your
	14	conviction to come into the courtroom and say so?
	15	A Yes, sir, I think I would.
	16	MR. HARMON: Thank you. Pass for cause, your
	17	Honor.
	18	THE COURT: All right. For the defense.
	19	MR. BROOKS: Thank you, Judge.
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	21	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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	23	BY MR. BROOKS:
	24	Q Miss Parr, I'm going to take Mr. Harmon's
	25	question turned around a little bit.

If you listen to all the evidence and we got to the point where we were considering the death penalty, and you did not feel that this crime warranted the death penalty, would you be willing to state your convictions and stick to them?

A Yes, sir, I believe I would.

Q One of the things in this series, this process, what we're trying to do here of course is basically figure out if you all have any particular preconceptions or anything that would influence you in deciding what is happening in this case. The judge is going to instruct you as to the law toward the end of the guilt phase and then the judge will instruct you again as to the law regarding the penalties if we end up in a first degree murder situation. We're going to be asking you to look closely at the facts of this case and consider various alternatives. Are you open to various alternatives in a murder situation where a person has died?

A Yes, sir. I believe that it would all be presented to you and based on that information is where you would have to make your decision and all factors that could be considered should be considered.

Q So you're not going to rule out something because of some prejudice or feeling you have inside?

A I don't believe I am prejudiced.

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11 1	Q Thank you.
2	We're in a system here where a defendant
3	is presumed innocent and as we sit here right now Mr.
4	Chappell is presumed innocent. That burden remains with
5	him until the evidence says otherwise. How do you feel
6	about that?
7	A I believe we're all innocent until someone is
8	proven guilty.
9	Q You will hold the State to that burden?
10	A Yes, I will, sir.
11	Q Is there anything in particular you think that
12	we should know about you before we make our decision if we
13	want you on the jury?
14	A No, I don't think I think you have the
15	questionnaire and I don't think there is anything that I
16	haven't revealed.
17	Q Are you a native Las Vegan?
18	A Yes, I was born here.
19	Q And I think you said you work for SIIS?
20	A Yes, I do, sir.
21	Q Thank you very much.
22	We'll pass for cause, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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11	1		EXAMINATION
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12	3	BY THE COURT:	
12	4	Q Mr. Gritis,	am I pronouncing your name
	5	correctly?	
	6	A Yes.	
	7	Q Any reason ye	ou can think of why you wouldn't be
	8	fair to both sides in the	nis case?
	9	A No.	
	10	Q Can you wait	until all the evidence is in before
	11	coming to any conclusion	about any issue in the case?
	12	A Yes.	
	13	Q Has anyone in	your family, you or any close
	14	personal friends of your	s ever been arrested?
	15	A No.	
	16	Q Have you or a	any member of your family or any
	17	close personal friends of	of yours ever been the victim of a
	18	crime?	
	19	A Yes.	
	20	Q Tell us about	that.
	21	A My mother and	I Were robbed by two guys with
	22	knives about five years	ago in our house.
	23	Q So this was h	ere in Las Vegas?
	24	A Yes.	
	25	Q Anything abou	t the way the police handled that

12 incident or about the fact of the incident itself that 1 2 would affect your ability to be fair to both sides in this case? 3 4 Not really, no. 5 Q So is there anything about the way the police 6 handled it that left you with a bad taste in your mouth with regard to law enforcement? There wasn't much to be done. It was robbed and 8 out and that was it. 9 10 Q They never caught them? 11 No. Α So there is nothing -- so the theory being that 12 Q was then, this is now, you can put that aside and decide 13 any issue in this case upon the facts as they're presented 14 15 to you? A 16 Yes. Have you ever been on a jury before? 17 Q No. 18 Α Any concern about adverse public opinion that 19 20 might result from any verdict you might render? 21 Α No. Have you ever been the participant in any legal 22 proceeding in court, witness, party or otherwise? 23 24 Α Parking ticket. That's it.

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And you're still at large for that?

A	Yes.
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Q Nothing that we need to be concerned about in this case?

A No.

Q Can you, if you're selected as a juror, give fair consideration to all four forms of punishment set forth by our legislature?

A Yes.

Q And do you have any conscientious, moral or religious objections to the death penalty?

A No.

Q If you were involved in this case would you feel comfortable with twelve jurors with your sense of fairness and judgment sitting on the matter?

A Yes.

THE COURT: State may inquire.

MS. SILVER: Thank you.

<u>EXAMINATION</u>

BY MS. SILVER:

Q Perhaps I read you wrong. Did you hesitate at all when the Court asked you under the right circumstances could you yourself impose the death penalty? I shouldn't say you yourself. If you collectively with twelve other

people decided that it was the appropriate punishment,

could you actually be involved in rendering a verdict of

the death penalty?

- A Yes, I could. I was just thinking about it.
- Q Sorry I read you wrong.

Let me ask you this regarding one of your statements you made in your questionnaire. I just wanted to ask you to explain it because I wasn't sure I understood it. It says the statement an eye for an eye, and you have "Equal retribution for equal offense. That is assuming that whoever started it doesn't try to make amends." I wasn't sure of that last part. What did you mean by that?

A Well, they say an eye for an eye and if somebody tries to bring a lawsuit against you or something and you try to settle it equitable and someone just does it to cause you more grief then, rack up bills and such.

- Q So you were looking more in the sense of maybe a civil proceeding?
- A Yes.
- 21 O Versus a criminal?
 - A The other question was about thou shalt not kill. I thought that that covered the physical retribution.
- 25 Q Do you think people ought to be held accountable

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for their actions?

A Yes.

Q Is there anything about the nature of this case, a death of a young woman, that would make it difficult for you to participant in being a juror in this case?

A No.

Q And you yourself can consider all four punishments if you and the other members of the jury came back with murder in the first degree?

A Yes.

Q Thank you.

We would pass for cause, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

14 For the defense.

MR. EWING: Thank you, your Honor.

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17 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

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19 BY MR. EWING:

Q You stated that you believe that people ought to be held accountable for their crimes; correct?

A Yes.

Q You also indicated that you could consider honestly all four punishments in this particular case; correct?

12	1	A	Yes.
	2	Q	So is it safe to say then you feel there are
	3	instances	when sentencing someone to say 50 years would be
	4	holding th	nem accountable; correct?
	5	A	Yes.
	6	Q	Or sentencing them to life with the possibility
13	7	of parole	would be holding them accountable?
13	8	A	Yes.
	9	Q	You said there was an incident when you and your
	10	mother wer	e robbed at knife point while in your house;
	11	correct?	
	12	A	Yes.
	13	Q	How long ago did that happen?
	14	A	About five years ago.
	15	Q	How many individuals robbed you?
	16	A	Two.
	17	Q	Were they caught?
	18	A	No.
	19	Q	Were they disguised in any way?
	20	A	They just had normal clothing on.
	21	Q	Do you recall how old they were?
	22	A	Early twenties.
	23	Q	Did you see them?
	24	A	Yes.
	25	Q	Do you recall what race they were?
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13 1	A	62 I'm pretty sure they were both Hispanics.
2	Q	Did that crime affect your feelings about people
3	of other r	aces in any way?
4	A	No.
5	Q	You indicated in your jury questionnaire that
6	your fathe	r was an alcoholic.
7	A	Most likely, yes.
8	Q	Did he struggle with that?
9	A	He just went with it.
10	Q	He didn't try to quit?
11	A	He didn't really think he had a problem.
12	Q	Did you feel like he had a problem?
13	A	Probably, yes.
14	. Q	Did that affect your relationship with him?
15	A	No.
16	Q	Do you feel like it was a disease?
17	A	He could have stopped.
18	Q	Do you feel like he didn't want to stop?
19	A	I don't know.
20	Q	But you feel like he could have stopped if he
21	wanted to?	
22	A	He had the will power to, yes.
23	Q	If it gets to the point where you're trying to
24	assess pun:	ishment, will you consider the individual's
25	background	as well as the facts of the case in arriving at

63 13 1 a sentence? 2 How do you mean his background? In your jury questionnaire the specific question 3 4 is asked "Should the defendant's background be considered in deciding whether or not to impose a particular 5 sentence?" And you say "I have a hard time considering 6 that to be any kind of explanation." 7 Yes, I have a hard time believing that because 8 Α 9 you grew up poor, you're going to do something wrong? 10 0 Do you feel like that is something you shouldn't consider? 11 12 Α I have a hard time. It's not impossible. 13 don't know. 14 Q Is that something that you're willing to 15 consider? 16 Α I'm willing to consider many things. 17 THE COURT: The question is will you consider that if you are instructed that is an appropriate 18 19 consideration. 20 JUROR #406: If I'm instructed, yes. MR. EWING: I'm going to pass for cause. 21 22 THE COURT: Thank you. 23 /// 24

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EXAMINATION

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BY THE COURT:

- Q Mr. Emmert, am I pronouncing your name correctly?
- 6 A Right. Yes, sir.
- Q Any reason you can think of why you couldn't be fair to both sides in this case?
- 9 A One reason. Right now I'm currently seeing a
 10 psychiatrist for depression and I just don't think that
 11 I'm -- maybe -- I'm taking certain medications that might
 12 have a -- you know -- such a big case.
- 13 Q How long have you been on the medication?
- 14 A About a year.
- 15 Q Does it affect your ability to work, the 16 medication?
- 17 A No.
- 18 | Q Can you work while you're on this medication?
- 19 A Yes.
- Q Can you make decisions in the work place and at home while you're on the medication?
- 22 A Oh, yes.
- Q And can you make decisions when you're under the pressure of the work place when you you're on this
- 25 | medication?

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A Yes,

Q So in essence what we're going to be asking you to do is make some very important decisions, decisions that equate to, as the jury instructions will say, the more weighty affairs of our life. Since you've been on this medication for this period of time you've obviously been able to make life decisions and work decisions that are very important?

A Right.

Q And you'll be able to do that with the medication?

A Yes.

Q So with that in mind do you feel more comfortable now about the process?

A Yes.

Q Other than what we've just been discussing here, can you think of any other reason why you couldn't be fair to both sides?

A No.

Q Can you wait until all the evidence is in before coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case?

A Yes.

Q Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been arrested?

A Yes, my brother.

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13	1	Q	Tell us a little bit about that.
	2	A	Petty theft.
	3	Q	Anything about his experiences that would affect
	4	your abili	ty to be fair in this case?
	5	A	No.
	6	Q	That was his situation; that was then and this
	7	is now?	·
	8	A	Right.
	9	Q	There is nothing about how the police handled
	10	that that	would jade you against the police department?
	11	A	No.
	12	; Q	Or police witnesses?
	13	A	No.
	14	Q	Have you or any members of your family or any
	15	close frie	nds of yours ever been the victim of a crime?
	16	A	No.
	17	Q	Have you ever been on a jury before?
	18	A	No.
	19	Q	Any concern about adverse public opinion that
14	20	might be ge	enerated from any verdict that might be rendered
~~	21	in the case	e?
	22	A	No.
	23	Q	Have you ever been involved in any court
	24	proceeding	whether it's a party or a witness?
	25	A	No.

1	Q In your present frame of mind, if you're
2	selected as a juror, will you be able to give fair
3	consideration to all four statutory forms of punishment?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Do you have any conscientious, moral or
6	philosophical objections to the imposition of the death
7	penalty?
8	A No.
9	Q If you were involved in this case yourself as a
10	witness or a member of one of the families involved in the
11	case, would you feel comfortable with twelve people like
12	you sitting in judgment on the case?
13	A Yes.
14	THE COURT: State of Nevada may inquire.
15	MR. HARMON: Thank you, your Honor.
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17	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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19	BY MR. HARMON:
20	Q Is your name pronounced Emmert, sir?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Aside from the reservation that you already

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Aside from the reservation that you already Q expressed to the Court about being under a doctor's care and taking medication, aside from that, how do you feel about serving as a juror on this type of case?

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A I feel good. It's part of your civic duty.

Q These of course are very serious charges.

Occasionally we encounter persons who simply aren't

comfortable making the very difficult decisions required of

5 a jury in a murder case. Mr. Emmert, do you feel that

6 you're the type of person who will be able to serve

7 effectively in a murder trial?

A No, I don't. Not at this time.

Q Now if you will explain to me, even though you said that you would like to serve, and I know you made comment to the Court, but to clarify why don't you feel that you can effectively serve?

A I just feel at the time right now with, under the doctor's program and things I'm doing now, that this magnitude of a case I don't think I'm able right now.

Q You think you could give your full attention to the proceedings while the court is in session?

A Yes.

Q Suppose the defendant after the initial phase of the case was found guilty of murder of the first degree.

Are you telling us that if it came to a penalty phase that that would be a problem to you because of this particular time in your life?

A Yes, right now.

Q If you were sitting either at the table where

Miss Silver and I are seated or at the defense table, would 14 1 you want twelve jurors of your frame of mind to sit in 2 judgment on the case? 4 A No. Is that for the reasons you've indicated? 5 Q 6 Α Yes. 7 MR. HARMON: We'll challenge for cause, your 8 Honor. 9 THE COURT: Traverse. 10 11 **EXAMINATION** 12 BY MR. BROOKS: 13 14 Mr. Emmert, it sounds to me like you don't want to serve, but you don't have any actual objections to being 15 fair in this case if you had to serve? 16 17 Α Right. 18 But basically you just don't really want to serve in this case? 19 20 Α Yes. 21 MR. BROOKS: Judge, we'll submit. 22 THE COURT: I'll grant the challenge.

THE CLERK: Badge number 434, Candy S. Cail,

you'll report back to the jury commission. Thank you very

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3 **EXAMINATION**

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BY THE COURT: 5

- 0 Good afternoon, Miss Cail.
- Α Hi.
- 8 Any reason that you can think of why you couldn't be fair to both sides in this case? 9
- 10 Α No.
 - Can you wait until all the evidence is in before coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case?
- 13 Α Yes.
- 14 Have you or any member of your family or close 15 friends of yours ever been arrested?
- 16 How detailed do you need? Α
- First the answer is yes or no. 17 0
- 18 Α Yes.
- 19 And the next question is what's the nature and 20 who was the party?
- A 21 It was a conspiracy to commit murder on my parents. It was my little sister. I was not raised in the 22 house or anything. I was raised -- I lived with my 23 grandmother --
- These were other siblings?

25

A Yeah. They lived in Texas and I lived here.

Q So your siblings were involved in an alleged conspiracy with regard to a potential homicide of your parents.

Is there anything about what your family went through, that episode in their lives, that would affect your thinking in this case?

A No, because we don't really, I don't have anything to do with any of them.

Q Is there anything about how any police agency may have handled the matter or anything like that that might affect your thinking with regard to a witness in this case or a police witness or anyone in the case?

A No. And --

Q That might testify?

A No. And I put no on my thing because I don't have anything to do with them or anything. I just, I forgot it so I did put no in there.

Q But you're telling us now that this did happen?

A Yeah.

Q And the police responded, it was investigated; was there ever a prosecution?

A Yes, there was.

Q Is there anything about the way that was handled that would affect your thinking here?

A No. I didn't really get involved at all.

Q So you can put that aside and just judge this case on the facts of this case alone?

A Yes.

Q Anyone in your family or close personal friends or yours ever been the victim of a crime other than what we're just talking about?

A No.

Q Ever been on a jury before?

A No.

Q Any concern about adverse public opinion by virtue of any verdict you might render?

A No.

Q Ever been a participant in a court proceeding whether as a witness or a party or in any way?

A No.

Q Will you be able to give fair consideration to all four statutory forms of punishment in the event the defendant is convicted of first degree murder?

A Yes.

Q Do you have any conscientious, moral or religious objections to the imposition of the death penalty?

A No.

Q If you were involved in this case in any way,

whether you were a member of the defendant's family, a
member of the alleged victim's family, a witness, whatever,
would you feel comfortable with twelve people with your
sense of fairness sitting in judgment on the case?

A Yes.

THE COURT: State of Nevada may inquire.

MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor.

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EXAMINATION

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BY MS. SILVER:

- 12 Q Let me ask you just briefly, were these your 13 blood relatives, your blood brothers and sisters?
- 14 | A Step.
- 15 Q Step. How were they related as step?
- A Well, they were from my mom. Different --
- 17 | second marriage but my mom had them.
- 18 | Q So --
- 19 A I guess they're a half.
- 20 Q Were they actually your mother's children?
- 21 A Yes.
- Q With a different father than yourself?
- 23 A Uh-huh.
- Q You have to answer yes or no for the record.
- 25 A Yes. I'm sorry.

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Q Thank you. Unfortunately she doesn't take down head nods.

Were you in any way involved in that either as a witness --

- A No.
- Q You just heard about it then in another state?
- 7 A Inside Edition.
- 8 Q So on TV then?
- 9 A Yeah.
- 10 Q Had your mother discussed this with you at all?
- 11 A She had called me after the fact.
- 12 Q How long ago was this?
- 13 A Like fourteen, fifteen years ago.
 - Q I notice that on your questionnaire you stated that you really weren't sure as far as the notion of the death penalty because you stated that you never had to deal with anything like this before. Since you filled out the questionnaire and since you had an opportunity to sit here in court, can you tell us your views on the death penalty and capital punishment?
 - A Depending on the evidence would matter a lot.

 That would be the only thing that would matter. I won't have a problem if the evidence showed that that's what needed to be done.
- 25 Q Because I notice here you said, "Well, if it's

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self-defense."

- A Under different circumstances.
- Q You understand though you wouldn't be going to a penalty phase unless you all came back with murder in the first degree?
 - A Uh-huh.
- Q So that wouldn't even be a consideration?
- 8 A Right.
 - Q But if you found that a defendant was, in fact, guilty beyond a reasonable doubt of murder in the first degree, is the death penalty something that you could consider?
- 13 A Yes.
- 14 Q Is it something that you could actually impose 15 with the other jurors?
- 16 A Yes.
 - Q You understand that here in your questionnaire there appears to be some hesitation toward the death penalty and that's why I'm asking you these questions?

 You have to say yes or no for the
- 21 record.
- 22 A Yes.
- Q Do you think it would be unfair if there was a juror, say would it be unfair to the defense if someone came in here and they believed in their heart, well, under

no circumstances could I ever give life with the possibility of parole, but they got on this jury and there was murder in the first degree conviction and thEn they went back after hearing the evidence, didn't listen to the other jurors and said, no, that's it, death penalty? Do you think that would be unfair to the defense if someone basically told us today well yeah, sure I could consider life with the possibility of parole, but they really couldn't?

A That wouldn't be fair if somebody, no, it wouldn't.

- Q You understand then that that would be unfair to the defense?
 - A Yes, I do, right.

Q Do you think likewise it would be unfair to the State as well if someone was to come here and say yes, I could consider the death penalty, you know, conceptually, but later on if the circumstances were right go back and deliberate or go back to the jury room, throw their hands up and said nope, can't do it, just can't give the death penalty?

- A Right.
 - Q Do you think that would be unfair?
- 24 A Right.
- 25 Q But you're the type of person that could impose

the death penalty under the right circumstance?

A Yes.

Q I just have one more question. I just wanted to know what you meant by this. When question 47 asks "More than anything else what should the attorneys in the case know about you in deciding whether you should be on the jury", and you put "I will watch, listen and try to be as fair as possible. If that were my family or I then I would want the same respect." Who were you talking about when you said "if it were my family and I", were you talking about the defendant or were you talking about the victim's family of this crime?

A Depending on which side you were on. If you were the victim or not. I would just want fairness, whichever side it would be on.

Q So you could be a fair juror to the defense in this case and you could be a fair juror to perhaps the State or the victim's family in this case?

You have to state yes or no for the record.

A Yes.

Q Thank you.

We would pass this juror for cause.

24 THE COURT: For the defense.

MR. EWING: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINATION

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3 BY MR. EWING:

- 4 Q Do you understand the concept of the presumption of innocence?
 - A Yes.
- Q Do you understand that anybody charged with a crime is presumed innocent?
 - A Yes.
- Q And they're innocent until such time that the jury may or may not find them guilty or not guilty?
- 12 A Yes.
- Q I just noticed in your questionnaire you stated
 that a defendant in a criminal trial should be required to
 prove his innocence.
- 16 A Well, uhm --
- 17 Q Do you still agree with that statement?
- 18 A No.
- 19 Q Do you still feel like a defendant should be 20 required to prove his innocence?
- 21 A No.
- Q Can you appreciate how difficult it would be for someone charged with a crime to actually prove their own innocence?
- 25 A Yes.

1	Q Do you feel like it's fair that the burden is
2	placed upon the State to prove the guilt of another
3	individual?
4	THE COURT: Counsel, it is fair because it is so
5	far engrained in our system and everybody in the courtroom
6	has agreed that it is fair and under that it's the most
7	fundamental precept of American justice, so the line of
8	questioning I think at this point has been
9	MR. EWING: Okay, your Honor.
.0	THE COURT: In fact, the concept is the lynch
.1	pin of our trial system.
.2	MR. EWING: I don't have any other questions. I
.3	pass for cause.
4	THE COURT: Thank you.
.5	
.6	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
L 7	
.8	BY THE COURT:
L9	Q All right. Miss Neighbors, any reason you can
20	think of why you wouldn't be fair to both sides in this
21	case?
22	A No.
23	Q Can you wait until all the evidence is in before
	coming to any gonglugion about any issue in the gase?

Yes.

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Q Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been arrested?

A No.

Q Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime?

A Yes.

Q Tell us about that.

A Best friend of mine was beaten by a man that she hardly knew. It was a friend of a friend who was there and he seemed to be interested in here and she wasn't in him and he took it upon himself to attack her because of that.

And also my uncle --

O He what?

A He beat her because she was not interested in him. I am assuming that's why. But he beat her.

And my uncle was murdered in a robbery at a casino when I was about five years old.

Q Is there anything about those incidents that would affect your thinking in this case?

A No, I don't think so.

Q Obviously it's a most unhappy circumstance when a member of your family is a victim of a crime like that and we're trying a murder case here. Can you set that aside and judge this case on its facts and not go into the jury room and start relating what happened to you?

A Yes.

Q Are you sure you can do that?

3 A Yes.

Q No one in your family or close friends has ever been arrested?

A No.

7 Q Ever been on a jury before?

8 A No.

Q Any concern about adverse public opinion that might result from any verdict that you might render in the matter?

12 A No.

Q Have you or any member of your family or close friends of yours ever been a participant in a court proceeding?

A No.

Q And will you be able to give fair consideration to all four statutory forms of punishment in the event the defendant is convicted of first degree murder?

A I don't think so. I don't think I could consider giving somebody who I had judged was guilty of murder in the first degree, I don't think I could consider giving them only 50 years in prison. I don't think that's a fair sentence.

Q Well, let's assume for a second that you get

back in the jury room and you've got this list and you hear evidence about the defendant's background, you hear evidence about his childhood, you hear about the interaction between him and the victim, and even though there is no, and you found the defendant guilty of first degree murder, you found that there is premeditation, but there is a long drawn out sequence of events that preceded this, would you be able then to consider the form of punishment, the 50 years with 20 years parole eligibility?

A I don't believe so. I just don't feel like that's enough. If I find them guilty of murder in the first degree that's just not enough consequences for that crime.

THE COURT: Counsel, approach the bench.

(Discussion off the record.)

BY THE COURT:

Q In this case, Miss Neighbors, the charge is murder with use of a deadly weapon and in the case of the imposition of any of the forms of punishment, the punishment doubles. So it's life and it's consecutive. So if a person is sentenced to life imprisonment, then that's two life imprisonments with or without the possibility of parole. The same thing with the use of a deadly weapon

with regard to the 50 year provision. It's 50 years with parole eligibilty at 20, plus another equal 50 years with another parole eligibility period of 20. If you go back to the jury room, would you be able to consider that form of punishment knowing that that is the case in the event that you also find that a deadly weapon was used?

A I don't think so. I could consider the death penalty and I could consider two life terms in prison and I could probably even consider the life imprisonment, two life imprisonments with parole, but I just don't think it's enough not to -- to murder someone you have to --

THE COURT: Now counsel approach the bench.

(Discussion off the record.)

THE COURT: All right, Miss Neighbors, thank you very much. You're excused from jury service in this rotation. You should report back to the jury commissioner. I really appreciate you coming.

JUROR #408: Thanks.

Ewell, E-w-e-l-l.

THE CLERK: Badge number 435, Jerry Wayne

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EXAMINATION

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BY THE COURT:

- Q Mr. Ewell, good afternoon.
- 5 A Good afternoon.
 - Q Any reason you can think of why you wouldn't be fair to both sides in this case?
 - A No.
 - Q Can you wait until all the evidence is in before coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case?
- 11 A Yes.
 - Q Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been arrested?
- 14 A No.
 - Q Have you or any member of your family or any close friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime?
- 17 A No, not that I can remember.
- 18 Q Have you ever been on a jury before?
- 19 A No.
- 20 Q Any concern about adverse public opinion?
- 21 A No.
- Q Ever been involved in any court proceedings as a participant, witness, otherwise?
- 24 A No.
- 25 Q Can you give fair consideration to all four

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17	1	statutory forms of punishment?
	2	A Yes.
	3.	Q Do you have any religious, conscientious or
	4	moral objections to the imposition of the death penalty?
	5	A No.
	6	Q If you're involved in this case would you feel
	7	comfortable with twelve jurors in your frame of mind
	8	sitting in judgment on the matter?
	9	A Yeah.
	10	THE COURT: State of Nevada may inquire.
	11 :	MR. HARMON: Thank you, your Honor.
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	13	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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	15	BY MR. HARMON:
	16	Q Mr. Ewell, in the questionnaire you seemed like
	17	you'd be interested in serving as a juror if I'm getting
	18 '	the tone of your answer, but you're a little bit concerned
	19	about adjusting to your job?
	20	A In a way. Kind of. I mean it's not too
	21	important to me.
	22	Q Are you willing to serve then on this case?
	23	A Yeah.
	24	Q Do you feel that you'll be of a frame of mind
	25	where you can give your full attention to these proceedings

while the court is in session? 17 1 2 Α Yeah. Do you understand how serious this is? 3 0 Α Yep. Yes. 4 5 0 Do you appreciate, sir, that a proper verdict at any stage of the trial is not one based on race, it's not 6 based on gender, it's not one based upon a prejudice of any 7 8 type, a proper verdict is based solely upon the evidence introduced during the trial? 9 10 Α Uh-huh. And applying to that the Court's legal 11 instructions? 12 18 Α Yes. 13 14 Follow those principles? Q 15 Ά Yes. Now when I said based solely upon the evidence 16 O in the trial, that means for example that you aren't to 17 visit on your own the crime scene, for example. 18 Uh-huh. Α 19 20 You aren't to be fact finders, don't become investigators and try to collect evidence. 21 Yeah, I understand. Α 22 23 0 But base your verdict upon what you hear in the 24 courtroom.

Α

Yes.

Q Will you do that?

A Yes.

Q If it was left solely up to you would we have capital punishment in this state?

A Yes, there would.

Q Why do you believe we should have a death sentence?

A Because I feel there are just some crimes that it just has to be that way. Some murder crimes there just has to be the death penalty. It's just the way I feel.

Q In this particular case, if we select you as juror and if you're called upon to fix a punishment, after you've heard everything, all the evidence and the Court's legal instructions, if you had decided upon a particular punishment, regardless which of the four it is, will you have the strength of your conviction to come into the court and vote how you feel in the case?

A Yeah. Yes.

Q If that happened to be the best sentence, can you personally come to court and vote for that?

A Yes.

MR. HARMON: Pass for cause, your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

For the defense.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. BROOKS:

Q Mr. Ewell, I notice in your questionnaire you said you were strongly for the death penalty.

A Yes.

Q When it comes to considering the four possibilities if we got to a penalty phase, are you in any way leaning towards that initially more than anything else?

A No. I just feel that if it warrants the death penalty, the death penalty should be used. But I could also consider the other things.

Q The judge is going to tell you if we get that far that you should consider the background of a person and you should also consider the facts, specific instructions as to what to consider about each. In your questionnaire you indicated that you really weren't that interested in knowing about the person's background.

A Well, yeah, I understand to a certain extent. I mean if it's just not relevant to the case then it shouldn't matter, but if you said, if something was said to like the victim, you know, that would be relevant to the case.

Q So you're open to receiving background information about Mr. Chappell if we had to get that far?

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18	1	A	Yeah.
	2	Q	And you're also open to listening to facts about
	3	the case a	nd considering that?
	4	А	Yes.
	5	Q	I hate to pound something that has been pounded
	6	away here,	but I'm just curious, want to make sure. Any
	7	problems a	at all with the idea that my client is presumed
	8	innocent?	
	9	A	No. I think that's the way it should be.
	10	Q	And you believe you can apply that to the facts
	11	of the cas	e?
	12	A	Yes.
	13	Q	Is there anything that you want to tell us that
	14	we should	know about you before making our decision?
	15	A	No.
	16	Q	Okay. Thank you very much.
	17		We'll pass for cause, Judge.
	18		THE COURT: Thank you.
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	20		EXAMINATION
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	22	BY THE COU	JRT:
	23	Q	Miss Linkogel, you're a little under the weather
	24	today?	
	25	A	Yes, sir. I apologize.

Page: 522

90 18 1 Q No need to apologize. What I'm trying to find 2 out --I have the flu. Α if you're getting worse or you're on the Q 4 upswing? 5 Α Three weeks into it so hopefully we're on the 6 back end of it. 7 8 Q Do you feel like you're well enough to serve on 9 this jury? Α Yes, sir. 10 11 All right. Any reason that you can think of why Q 12 you couldn't be fair both beat sides in this case? Α No, sir. 13 14 Can you wait until all the evidence is in before 15 coming to any conclusion about any issue in this case? 16 Α Yes, sir. Have you or any member of your family or any 17 close friends of yours ever been arrested? 18 Not to my knowledge. 19 Α 20 Have you, anyone in your family or any friends of yours ever been the victim of a crime? 21 Yes, sir. My sister in the last two months was 22 Α 23

part of a bank robbery. She was robbed at the bank that she works at. And just a month and a half ago I witnessed a domestic dispute between a lady that works in my cubical

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and her boyfriend that also works at the job site.

Q Is there anything about how the police responded to either of those instances that would affect your ability to be, to fairly judge the credibility of police witnesses?

A In the case of my sister they never caught either person. As far as the domestic, since the lady in my cube would not acknowledge the fact that it actually happened there was no, they didn't bring any police or law enforcement into the situation.

- Q So there is nothing --
- A Right.
- Q There is nothing about how those incidents were handled that would prejudice you against the prosecution in the case?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And on the other hand, is there anything about the facts of those incidents or anything about them that would cause you to prejudge this case against the defendant?

A I wasn't a witness when my sister was robbed.

But the fact that my girl friend was seeing him after the fact of the situation that happened, I have a hard time with that issue. But if the situation, I mean in this case, depending on the evidence, I can't see how that would -- I couldn't judge that on this person.

Q I guess what I'm getting at is this: I think all of us are concerned about the crime problem in the country and we're appalled and upset when someone close to us is victimized either in a robbery or a domestic violence situation. We all have problems with that in terms of we know that we wish that it wouldn't happen.

A Right.

Q. The question is because there is a charge of robbery in this case, and also you will hear facts involving an issue of domestic intranquillity if you will to understate the proposition here, that because of that fact, because there is a robbery charge and there is going to be domestic violence issues involved in this case, will you be able to put the State to its burden of proof in this case, that is not convict until the State has proved its case beyond a reasonable doubt on any of the charges?

A Yes, sir.

Q And will you be able to give fair consideration in this case to all four forms of statutory punishment?

A I do have an issue with parole. I think the parole end of it, now a days in this country, I think some people are let out too soon and they're going out and committing crimes --

O We know that.

A -- again and again. But that's -- I don't have

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19 1	a problem	with imposing any of those.
2	Q	But don't you believe though that each case is
3	different?	
4	A	Yes, sir. Should be judged individually.
5	Q	And that sometimes there are situations where
6	person are	improvidently let out on parole?
7	A	Yes, sir.
8	Q	With disasterous results in fact?
9	А	Yes, sir.
10	Q	But there is also situations where people are
11	paroled and	d they have gone on to make successful lives for
12	themselves	?
13	А	Very much so.
14	Q	With that in mind, could you consider in this
15	case based	on the evidence at least going into the trial
16	all four fo	orms of punishment?
17	A	Yes, sir, most definitely.
18	Q	Do you have any conscientious, moral or
19	religious (objections to the imposition of the death
20	penalty?	
21 '	A	No, sir.
22	Q	And have you ever, and you have not been
23	involved i	n any kind of legal proceeding as a
24	A	I was a witness in a hit and run.
25	Q	I guess I didn't ask you that before. Have you

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1	you been a witness or participant in any court proceeding?
2	A Yes.
3	Q It was the hit and run case?
4	A Yes.
5	Q That's the only one?
6	A Uh-huh.
7	Q Anything about that interaction with the court
8	system that would affect your thinking in this case?
9	A No, sir.
10	Q If you were involved in this case as a member of
11	the defendant's family a member of the victim's family or a
12	witness in any capacity, would you feel comfortable with
13	twelve people with your sense of fairness sitting in
14	judgment in this matter?
15	A Yes, sir.
16	THE COURT: The State of Nevada may inquire.
17	MR. HARMON: Thank you, Judge.
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19	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
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21	BY MR. HARMON:
22	Q How do you pronounce your last name?
23	A Linkogel.
24	Q I notice with our information that you've lived
25	here in this area for about four years?
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19	1	A	Yes, sir.
	2	Q	Where did you move from?
	3	A	St. Louis.
	4	Q	How long had you lived in St. Louis?
	5	A	Thirteen years.
	6	Q	What occasioned your move to southern Nevada?
	7	A	My husband was relocated here.
	8	Q	Now you also indicate that you and your husband
	9	are separa	ted?
	10	A	Yes, sir.
	11	Q	Is that still true?
	12	A	Yes, sir.
	13	Q	You further indicated some reluctance to serve
	14	as a juror	because I think you said your life was somewhat
	15	in disarra	ay?
	16	A	We're trying to reconcile and I want my focus to
	17	be on our	reconciliation. I was more concerned about being
	18	sequestere	ed. That's why I inquired earlier. I wouldn't
	19	want to ta	ake my time that I could give to him in trying to
	20	work this	out and
	21	Q	Well, we certainly wouldn't want this case to be
20	22	an impedi	ment to a reconciliation, but the Court has
20	23	explained	that the jury will not be sequestered.
	24	A	Right.
	25	Q	With that understanding, are you willing to

serve?

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- A Most definitely, yes.
- Q And be able to give your full attention to this case at least while the court is in session?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q You understand the seriousness of the charge?
- 7 A Yes, sir.
 - Q Regarding the situation at work that involved the co-worker, are you telling us that you actually witnessed that occur?
 - A I was the closest person to the incident. I did not witness it. I heard the verbal exchange and the young lady had come around the corner with -- her hair piece was out, her body was -- and she admitted to me that, you know, this -- I was the first person that ever actually went and did something about it. I contacted our supervisor but she would not press charges.
 - Q Are you telling us that it wasn't simply verbal abuse, but there was some physical violence involved?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - Q You described yourself in the questionnaire as a leader.
- 23 | A Yes, sir.
- Q Why did you select leader to describe yourself?
 - A In my work position I do a lot of training. I

- 1 | got a lot of people through their functions at work.
- 2 People come to me for advice at my job. Outdoor functions,
- 3 | functions -- I don't know. People have told me that I'm a
- 4 leader too so --

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Q Okay. If selected as a juror on this case, would you enter into the deliberation and fully express

I'm known to do that, yes.

- 7 your views about the evidence?
 - Q Would you be willing on the other hand to listen to the point of view, the reasons for those opinions of other jurors?
- 12 A Yes, sir.
 - Q You state in the questionnaire regarding the death penalty "I'm for it if it's warranted."
- 15 A Yes, sir.
 - Q What did you mean by that response?
- A I think the self-defense issue has been brought

 up. I believe a problem -- well, I can't imagine death

 penalty on a self-defense case. That would be -- but I'm

 for it. I'm open to other suggestions, but I have no
- 21 problem with capital punishment.
 - Q Well, the Court has explained to all the prospective jurors the punishments that we've been talking about. All four of them apply only to murder of the first degree. And really by definition self-defense is

justifiable if a person is actually defending him or herself.

A Right.

Q Do you have a problem with any of the punishments as they pertain to murder of the first degree?

A No, sir.

MR. HARMON: Thank you. We'll pass for cause.

THE COURT: For the defense.

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EXAMINATION

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12 BY MR. BROOKS:

Q Miss Linkogel?

14 A Linkogel.

15 | Q Linkogel. I'm sorry.

In this case you may hear some testimony regarding domestic abuse. Do you feel that your considerations here will be influenced by your prior considerations in this other thing?

A No, sir.

Q You said in your questionnaire that a defendant in a criminal trial should be required to prove his innocence. After listening to all the stuff we've been talking about, do you still feel that way?

A I believe he should have the right to be able to

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prove his innocence.

- Q Do you feel that he has a burden to prove his innocence?
 - A Could you reword that?
- 5 Q Okay. I'm sorry.
- 6 A Okay.
- Q Do you feel that he has a burden at this trial to have to prove his innocence?
- 9 A I guess I don't understand the burden end of it.
 10 I'm sorry.
 - Q When the judge instructs the jury, he's going to tell you that the burden is entirely upon the State to prove their case. We don't have any burden at all. And there is no obligation for the defense to prove innocence.
- 15 | A Okay,
 - Q Now in your questionnaire it suggests that your gut feeling is that perhaps you disagree with that. I'm just curious when the judge tells you that the burden is entirely on the State --
- 20 A Okay.
- Q -- would you let that gut feeling of yours
 interfere with what the judge tells you?
- 23 A No, sir.
- 24 | Q You'll follow his instructions?
- 25 A Yes, sir.

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20	1	Q	You also stated in here that the defendant's
	2	background	probably should not be considered when deciding
	3	a possible	penalty. The judge is going to tell you that
	4	that is so	mething to be considered. Are you open to that?
	5	A	Yes, sir.
	6	Q	Presumably on the business of the facts of the
	7	case, fact	s of the case are to be considered and the
	8	background	as well. Any problem with considering both of
	9	those?	
	10	A	No, sir.
	11	Q	Anything in particular you want us to know about
	12	you?	
1	13	A	Not to my knowledge. Not that you don't already
_	14	know, no.	
	15	Q	You've been in Las Vegas about four years?
	16	A	Yes, sir.
	17	Q	Do you like it?
	18	A	No.
	19	Q	Some people do, some people don't. Stay around,
	20	you probab	ly will.
	21		You came here directly from Missouri?
	22	A	Yes, sir.

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Yes, sir.

Thank you.

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Can my client count on you to get a fair trial?

PLEADING CONTINUES IN INTERIOR INTERIOR IN INTERIOR IN INTERIOR IN INTERIOR IN INTERIOR IN INTERIOR INTERIOR IN INTERIOR INTERIOR

ORIGINAL 0043 MORGAN D. HARRIS 2 PUBLIC DEFENDER Jul. 31 3 13 PM 196 NEVADA BAR #1879 3 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Loutta Document Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 4 (702)455-4685Attorney for the Defendant 5 Public Defender File No. F-95-5254 6 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 10 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 11 Plaintiff, CASE NO. Cl31341x 12 DEPT. NO. VII 13 JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, Date of Hearing: 9-11-96 14 Time of Hearing: 9:00 A.M. Defendant. 15 MOTION TO COMPEL DISCLOSURE BY THE STATE OF ANY AND ALL 16 INFORMATION RELATING TO AGGRAVATING OR MITIGATING FACTORS 17 COMES NOW, the Defendant James Montell Chappell, by and 18 through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and 19 hereby respectfully moves that this Court order the prosecuting 20 attorney to supply the Defense with any evidence actually or 21 constructively in the State's possession which directly or 22 inferentially supports the finding of any aggravating or 23 mitigating circumstance relating to this case. 24 This motion is made and based on 25 Declaration of Howard S. Brooks, the attached Points and 26 27 28

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CE31

1	Authorities, all pleadings and papers on file herein, and any oral
2	argument deemed necessary by this Court.
3	DATED this 30 day of July, 1996.
4	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
5	The & Brush
6	By
7	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

PROCEDURAL HISTORY

James Montell Chappell was charged by Criminal Complaint in September of 1995 with the crimes of Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon, Robbery With Use of a Deadly Weapon, and Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon. The Complaint alleged Mr. Chappell entered a building at 839 North Lamb Boulevard, Las Vegas, Nevada, and killed Debra Panos. The Criminal Complaint also alleged Mr. Chappell took personal property from Ms. Panos under circumstances constituting Robbery.

Mr. Chappell appeared in Justice Court, Department 3, on September 8, 1995, and received a copy of the Criminal Complaint.

A preliminary hearing was held on October 3, 1995, and Mr. Chappell was held to answer to all the charges noted above, except that the Court ruled there was no evidence to support a finding of Burglary With Use of a Deadly Weapon, and Mr. Chappell was held to answer in Count I to the Burglary charge.

Mr. Chappell appeared in District Court, Department VII, on October 18, 1995, and pled not guilty to the charges noted above. A trial date was set for June 3, 1996, with a calendar call of May 29, 1996.

On November 15, 1995, the State filed a Notice of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty in this case. The State alleged the following aggravating circumstances:

- 1. The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit a robbery.
- 2. The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit a burglary or

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The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit a sexual assault.

> The murder involved torture or depravity of mind. ARGUMENT

Mr. Chappell is charged with murder with use of a deadly weapon and two other serious felonies. If he is found guilty at trial of first degree murder, a penalty hearing will be held pursuant to NRS 175.552. During a penalty hearing, the jury would hear evidence regarding aggravating and mitigating circumstances. Ultimately, a penalty hearing would result in a sentence of either death, life in prison without a possibility of parole, or life in prison with the possibility of parole.

Because this is a death penalty case, the due process and Eighth Amendment provisions of the Federal Constitution, and Article 1, Sec. 8, of the Nevada Constitution, require a greater degree of reliability in the determination of guilt and the determination of an appropriate sentence. Beck v. Alabama, 447 U.S. 625, 637-38 (1980); Lockett v. Ohio, 438 U.S. 586 (1978).

A capital defendant has a constitutional right to present both statutory and non-statutory mitigating evidence that could persuade a penalty hearing jury to impose a sentence less than death. A defendant cannot present mitigating evidence that is not provided to him or if he is not made aware of such evidence. If the State is aware of any evidence which may tend to establish any of the mitigating factors described in NRS 200.035, or if the State is aware of any evidence which may tend to

disprove or diminish the impact of aggravating circumstances alleged under NRS 200.033, the State has a burden to make this evidence and information available to the Defense. This requirement is consistent both with the due process guarantees of the Constitution and to allow the defendant the right to effective assistance of counsel under the State and Federal Constitutions.

Consequently, Defendant Chappell requests that this Honorable Court order the State of Nevada to disclose to the Defense any and all information, knowledge, or evidence, which would assist the Defense in presenting mitigating evidence at a penalty hearing, or in persuading a penalty hearing jury that aggravating circumstances do not exist.

DATED this day of July, 1996.

CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

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HOWARD S. BROOKS, makes the following declaration:

- That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and that I am familiar with the procedural history of this case.
- 2. The custom in the District Attorney's Office in this jurisdiction is to maintain an "open file" policy, whereby Defense counsel may inspect the prosecutor's file and then request copies of any documents in that file which the defense does not already This policy does not apply to work product information in the prosecutor's file.
- 3. Prior to the hearing of this motion, counsel intends to review again the State's file in this case and Defense counsel intends to request copies of any and all documents which the Defense counsel does not have. However, while Defense counsel is not aware of any knowledge being affirmatively withheld from the Defense by the State, this motion is made to establish as the law of this case that the State does have an affirmative duty to reveal to the Defense any and all information which directly or inferentially establishes or supports the existence of any aggravating circumstance or mitigating circumstance alleged in NRS 200.033 (statute defining aggravating circumstances in first degree murder prosecution) and NRS 200.035 (statute defining, but

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<u> Page: 268</u>

1	not limiting, mitigating circumstances regarding first degree
2	murder prosecution).
3	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is
4	true and correct. (NRS 53.045).
5	EXECUTED ON 7-70-16
6	Home & Brok
7	HOWARD S. BROOKS
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NOTICE OF MOTION CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff: TO: YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing Motion to Compel will be heard on 9-11-96, at 9:00 A.M. in Department No. VII of the District Court. DATED this 30 of July, 1996. CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Motion to Compel is hereby acknowledged this _____ day of July, 1996. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY Tanel Ishwell (Mot/Chappell.Compel/am)

FILED ORIGINAL Aug 19 3 25 PM '96 1 0043 MORGAN D. HARRIS 2 PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR #1879 3 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Loute Bown Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 4 (702)455-4685Attorney for the Defendant 5 Public Defender File No. F-95-5254 б 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 10 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 11 Plaintiff, CASE NO. Cl31341x 12 v. DEPT. NO. VII 13 JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, Date of Hearing: 9-4-96 14 Time of Hearing: 9:00 A.M. Defendant. 15 MOTION TO COMPEL EXAMINATION OF DEFENDANT BY OPTOMETRIST 16 AND OBTAIN EYR GLASSES IF NECESSARY 17 COMES NOW, the Defendant, James Montell Chappell, by and 18 through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and 19 does hereby move this Honorable Court to order the Clark County 20

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with prescription eye glasses.

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Detention Center to transport the Defendant to the office of an

optometrist and have the Defendant examined by that optometrist.

Defendant further requests that if the optometrist deems it

necessary, that the Clark County Detention Center fit Mr. Chappell

pleadings on file herein and upon the attached Declaration of

This motion is made and based on the papers and

Page: 271

1	Counsel.	
2		DATED this 19th day of August, 1996.
3		CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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5		By Month of Phones 40004
6		HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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HOWARD S. BROOKS makes the following declaration:

- That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and that I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- Over the course of the last six months, during my 2. contact visits at the Clark County Detention Center with my client, James Chappell, James has told me that he has eye sight problems.
- з. In recent weeks, I have noticed that James has a difficult time reading the legal documents that I have filed with the Court in his case. I have come to the conclusion that Mr. Chappell's eye sight problems prevent him from fully comprehending documents I have filed with the Court.
- Mr. Chappell has placed requests with the Clark County Detention Center to have the Clark County Detention Center transport him to an eye doctor for eye glasses, but the Detention Center's position is that they will not do that unless they are ordered to do so by the Court, or Mr. Chappell pays for eye glasses himself.
- Mr. Chappell has represented to me that he has no money, and is completely indigent.
- Consequently, because Mr. Chappell cannot afford eye glasses, and he does appear to need eye glasses, the Defense would respectfully request that this Court order the Clark County Detention Center to transport Mr. Chappell to an optometrist where Mr. Chappell may be examined by a qualified optometrist. If the

optometrist deems it necessary, we would request that the Clark County Detention Center be ordered to provide Mr. Chappell with eye glasses at County expense.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS 53.045).

EXECUTED ON August 19, 1996

HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374

8 Brush

1	NOTICE OF MOTION
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing Motion to
4	Compel will be heard on September 4, 1996, at 9:00 A.M. in
5	Department No. VII of the District Court.
6	DATED this 19th of August, 1996.
7	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
8	Jone & Broth
9	By
10	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
11	
12	
13	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Motion to Compel
14	is hereby acknowledged this day of August, 1996.
15	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
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17	By Tard Schmede
18	•
19	(Mot\Chappell.Eye)
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FILED

0209 STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477 200 S. Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4711 Attorney for Plaintiff

Aug 22 10 28 AM *96

and whoever

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

-VS-

JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL. #1212860

Defendant(s).

Case No. Dept. No. Docket

C131341 VII

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MOTION AND NOTICE OF MOTION TO

ENDORSE NAMES ON INFORMATION

DATE OF HEARING: 9-4-96 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M.

TO: Defendant(s) above named, and

TO: Your Counsel of Record: PUBLIC DEFENDER.

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on Wednesday, the 4th day of September, 1996, at the hour of 9:00 o'clock, a.m., or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, in the Courthouse, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, the STATE OF NEVADA will move the Court for leave to endorse upon Information heretofore filed herein the names of the following witnesses: 111

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Page: 276

1	NAME	ADDRESS
2	WILLIAMS, ALAN	LVMPD #4083
3	STANSBURY, DAVID	LVMPD #3515
4	SZELES, MICHAEL	LVMPD #3526
5	GIERSDORF, DANIEL	LVMPD #4521
6 7	HOBSON, TANYA	P. O. BOX 43264 LAS VEGAS, NV
8	MCCOURT, JOHN M.D.	UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER LAS VEGAS, NV
9 10	FREEMAN, DINA	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
11	KNAPP,	LVMPD # CCDC
12	KLEIN, DOROTHY	LVMPD #3997
13	GROVE, W.	CITY INTAKE JAIL #253
14	MCNITT, L.	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
15 16	HAGGERTY,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
17 18	EARNST, J.	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
19	NEIDKOWSKI,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
20	VERNON,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
21 22	AUSSERNS,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
23	STONER,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
24 25	GAY, KENNETH	1705 S. WASHINGTON LANSING, MI
26	. WIDNER, PAUL	LANSING POLICE DEPT. LANSING, MI
27 28	PRIEBE, JON	LANSING POLICE DEPT. LANSING, MI

1	GRANGER, AL	ADDRESS UNKNOWN
2	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD
3	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
4	COTTON, ROBIN or designee	CELLMARK DIAGNOSTIC 20271 GOLDENROD LN
5	alst an	GERMANTOWN, MD
6	DATED this day of August, 1996	
7	DIST	WART L. BELL TRICT ATTORNEY
8	Neva	da Bar #000477
9	RV	Jun 501101
11		BBI SILVER eputy District Attorney
12	No	evada Bar #003813
13		
14	AFFIDAYIT IN SUP	PPORT OF MOTION
	STATE OF NEVADA)	A.Mata. Ma., (1994). Annual
	COUNTY OF CLARK	
17	ABBI SILVER, being first duly sworn, depo	oses and says:
18	The Affiant is a Deputy District Attorney !	for Clark County, Nevada; that an Information has
19	heretofore been filed in the within action; that since th	he filing of said Information Affiant has learned that
20	the testimony of the person or persons named in the	e Motion to Endorse Names on Information, which
21	the Affidavit supports, is necessary and material to the	e prosecution of the within criminal action; that such
22	facts were unknown to Affiant at the time of filing I	Information herein.
23	WHEREFORE, Affiant prays that the Cou-	art enter an Order for endorsement of names on the
24	Information, in accordance with NRS 173.045.	
25	"I declare under penalty of perjury that the f	foregoing is true and correct."
26	Executed this day of August, 1996.	. ~ / ^
27 28		Arbai Julies

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

TO ENDORSE NAMES ON INFORMATION

- After filing the Information the District Attorney shall endorse thereon the names of such other witnesses which shall become known to her before the trial as the Court prescribes. Such amendment may be made at any time after Defendant pleads when it can be done without prejudice to the substantial rights of the Defendant, NRS 173.045.
- 2. The granting on the morning of trial of a motion to add names of witnesses to a first degree murder Information was not error where the Defendant's attorney learned the names of such witnesses three (3) days before trial, this being a reasonable time to prepare for the defense. State v. Teeter, 65 Nev. 584, 612 (1948); Daiby v. State, 81 Nev. 517, 1965).
- 3. Any prejudice resulting to Defendant because the District Attorney was permitted to add names on the Information after the jury had been sworn, she having known these names before trial, was cured by the Court's granting Defendant a continuance (three days) to prepare to meet the testimony of these witnesses. State v. Monahan, 50 Nev. 27, 35 (1926); Gallegos v. State, 84 Nev. 608 (1968).
- 4. Failure to endorse a name does not preclude calling any witness whose name or materiality of testimony is first learned at the time of trial NRS 173.045.
- 5. Defects or imperfections of form are immaterial. NRS 173.100. Minor defects in an Information, including typographical errors, may be disregarded where the intent is clear and the rights of the Defendant are not prejudiced. 22 CJS 955, Sec. 377.

DATED this day of August, 1996.

STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477

ABBI SILVER

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #003813

RECEIPT OF COPY

> PUBLIC DEFENDER ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT

By 100 S. Third Street #226
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

i:\mvu\chappell.end\kjh

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0332 STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477 200 S. Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4711 Attorney for Plaintiff AUG 29 10 26 AM '96
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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-V2

JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, #1212860

Defendant.

Case No. C131341 Dept. No. VII Docket P

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NOTICE OF MOTION AND SUPPLEMENTAL MOTION TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF OTHER CRIMES, WRONGS OR BAD ACTS

DATE OF HEARING: 9-4-96 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M.

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COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEWART L. BELL, District Attorney, through ABBI SILVER, Deputy District Attorney, and files this Notice of Motion and Supplemental Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs or Bad Acts.

This Supplemental Motion is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached points and authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.

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NOTICE OF HEARING

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing motion on for setting before the above entitled Court, in Department VII thereof, on Wednesday, the 4th day of September, 1996, at the hour of 9:00 o'clock a.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this _______ day of August, 1996.

1 2

STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477

ABBI SILVER

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #003813

STATEMENT OF FACTS

The State seeks to present testimony of Dina Freeman, a Tucson Police Department Police Dispatcher and co-worker of the victim to establish a history of domestic violence for purposes of presenting prior crimes, wrongs, or bad acts pursuant to NRS 48.045(2).

Dina would testify to three different incidents involving the defendant and the victim. First, Dina would testify that while the victim was living in Arizona with the Defendant approximately one to two years prior to her murder, the victim called up screaming and crying after the Defendant had "jumped her". Dina heard the Defendant in the background yelling at the victim that "he didn't care what she did, he called her all kinds of names, and told her that if she ever fucked around in front of his kids, he would kill her ass."

Second, Dina would testify that in August of 1994, the victim called her crying, and in the background, she could hear the defendant tell the victim, "either you give me that car or you give me some money 'cause I know your fuckin' around on me. You're not going to Dina's house everyday for nothin', I'm gonna do an O.J. Simpson on your ass."

Finally, Dina would testify that the victim called her crying because the Defendant left her at a grocery store at approximately 2:00 a.m. because he was mad that a store hadn't cashed the victim's

paycheck that the Defendant was forcing her to cash her check in order to give him the money. 1 Additionally, Dina saw bruises and marks on the victim's face numerous times, and the victim told 2 her that the Defendant caused her injuries. Dina would describe the victim and the Defendant's 3 relationship as "rocky" and that the Defendant was mentally and physically abusive to the victim. Further, 4 5 the Defendant was ordered to go to domestic violence counseling in the past. 6 ARGUMENT The State would ask the Court to refer to the State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Prior Crimes, 7 Wrongs or Bad Acts, for the applicable law to admit the above-stated testimony. Additionally, the State 8 9 refers the Court to the same rationale and analysis for the admission of the above-stated testimony. CONCLUSION 10 Accordingly, for the foregoing reasons, the State respectfully requests this Court grant its 11 Supplemental Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs, or Bad Acts in its case-in-chief. 12 day of August, 1996. DATED this 13 STEWART L. BELL 14 DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477 15 16 17 Deputy District Attorney 18 Nevada Bar #003813 19 RECEIPT OF COPY 20 RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO 21 22 ADMIT EVIDENCE OF OTHER CRIMES, WRONGS OR BAD ACTS is hereby acknowledged this day of April, 1996. 23 PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE 24 ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT 25 26 Third Street #226 27 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 28 -3h:\bedaots\oheppell.wpd\kjh

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1 STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY FILED IN OPEN COURT Nevada Bar #000477 200 S. Third Street 3 SEP 0 4 1996_ 19 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 Loretta Bowman, Clerk (702) 455-4711 4 Attorney for: Plaintiff 5 DISTRICT COURT Deputy CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, 9 Case No. C131341 10 -VS-Dept. No. VII Docket JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, 11 #1212860 12 Defendant(s). 13 14 15 ORDER TO ENDORSE NAMES ON INFORMATION 16 Upon Motion of the STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, by and through the Clark County 17 District Attorney, and Notice to Defendant(s) above named by and through Defendant's Counsel, 18 19 PUBLIC DEFENDER, and good cause appearing therefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motion is granted and the Clerk of the above entitled 20 Court is hereby directed to endorse upon the Information on file herein the following names: 21 **ADDRESS** NAME 22 LVMPD #4083 WILLIAMS, ALAN 23 24 STANSBURY, DAVID LVMPD #3515 LVMPD #3526 25 SZELES, MICHAEL 26 111 27 111 28 111

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Page: 284

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1	GIERSDORF, DANIEL	LVMPD #4521
2	HOBSON, TANYA	P. O. BOX 43264 LAS VEGAS, NV
3	MCCOURT, JOHN M.D.	UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER LAS VEGAS, NV
5	FREEMAN, DINA	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
6 7	KNAPP,	LVMPD # CCDC
8	KLEIN, DOROTHY	LVMPD #3997
9	GROVE, W.	CITY INTAKE JAIL #253
10	MCNITT, L.	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
11 12	HAGGERTY,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
13	EARNST, J.	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
14 15	NEIDKOWSKI,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
16	VERNON,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
17 18	AUSSERNS,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
19	STONER,	TUCSON POLICE DEPT. TUCSON, AZ
20 21	GAY, KENNETH	1705 S. WASHINGTON LANSING, MI
22	WIDNER, PAUL	LANSING POLICE DEPT. LANSING, MI
23 24	PRIEBE, JON	LANSING POLICE DEPT. LANSING, MI
25	GRANGER, AL	ADDRESS UNKNOWN
26	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD
27	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
28	111	

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CELLMARK DIAGNOSTIC 20271 GOLDENROD LN GERMANTOWN, MD

as prospective witnesses in the prosecution of the within matter.

DATED this _____ day of August, 1996.

DATED this _______

STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #003813

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On The Bown

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASE NO. C131341x

DEPT. NO. VII

Date of Hearing: 9-16-96 Time of Hearing: 9:00 A.M.

DEFENDANT'S OPPOSITION TO STATE'S MOTION TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF OTHER CRIMES. WRONGS OR BAD ACTS

Comes now Defendant James Chappell, by and through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and files this Opposition to the State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs or Bad Acts filed May 8, 1996 and the State's Supplemental Motion to admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs or Bad Acts filed August 29,1996.

This Opposition is based upon the papers and pleadings on file in this case, the attached points and authorities, and

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1	oral argument if deemed necessary by the Court.
2	DATED this 9th day of September, 1996.
3	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
4	Home & Brook
5	By HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
6	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

FACTS

The State charges James Chappell with burglary of the mobile home where Chappell's three children lived, murder with use of a deadly weapon of Chappell's long-time girlfriend, Deborah Panos, and robbery with use of a deadly weapon for Chappell's taking of Panos's car after the killing.

The State seeks to introduce evidence during the trial of Mr. Chappell of the following:

- Testimony of Lisa Duran concerning her observations in December 1994 of Defendant Chappell striking Panos in the face.
- 2. Medical Records from University Medical Center regarding Panos suffering a broken nose on January 9, 1995. Panos told UMC employees that her boyfriend hit her.
- 3. Unidentified records related to June 1, 1995 domestic battery incident wherein Chappell was charged with battery upon Panos and plead guilty to same.
- 4. Unidentified records or testimony related to February 23, 1994 allegation of domestic battery against James Chappell for battery of Panos.
- 5. Testimony of Dina Freeman, a Tucson friend of Deborah Panos, who would describe (a) a telephone conversation with Panos on an unknown date in approximately 1993 or 1994 when Panos claimed James Chappell "jumped her." Dina claims she heard a voice in the background that said, "if you ever fuck around in front of my kids, I will kill your ass."
- 6. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called her in August of 1994 and she could hear James Chappell in the

1	background say, "either you give me that car or you give me some
2	money 'cause I know your fuckin' around on me. You're not going
3	to Dina's house everyday for nothin', I'm gonna do an O.J. Simpson
4	on your ass."
5	7. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called
6	her at 2:00 in the morning on an unknown date crying that James
7	Chappell had left her at a grocery store because the store would
8	not cash Panos' check and Chappell was forcing Panos to give her
9	money.
10	8. Testimony of Dina Freeman that she saw Deborah Panos
11	with bruises on her face many times, and Panos claimed James
12	Chappell inflicted these injuries.
13	9. Testimony of Dina Freeman that the relationship
14	between Panos and Chappell was "rocky," and that Chappell was
15	abusive to Panos.
16	10. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Chappell was ordered
17	to attend domestic violence counseling at some unknown date in the
18	past.
19	ARGUMENT
20	The State's Motion is Unnecessary Because the Defense Will Stipulate
21	that James Chappell killed Deborah Panos
22	Falloa
23	NRS 48.045(2) provides:
24	Evidence of other crimes, wrongs or acts is not admissible to prove the character of a
25	person in order to show that he acted in conformity therewith. It may, however, be
26	admissible for other purposes, such as proof of motive, opportunity, intent, preparation,
27	plan, knowledge, identity, or absence of mistake or accident.
	II III III III III III III III III III

The State cites a smorgasbord of cases that support the

admissibility of prior acts of domestic violence when the prior acts help to establish disputed issues, like identity or absence of accident or plan. The State declares in its filings with the court that its desire to introduce this prior bad act evidence is based on the necessity of showing identity, motive, pattern of behavior, and ill-will towards the victim by Chappell.

The Defense objects to the State's desire to introduce a pattern of behavior to show Mr. Chappell murdered Lisa Duran. NRS 48.045 does not authorize the admissibility of prior bad acts to show a pattern of behavior.

As for identity, the evidence in this case is overwhelming that James Chappell caused the death of Deborah Panos, the mother of his three children and his girlfriend for approximately ten years. Furthermore, as noted in the Defendant's Offer to Stipulate to Facts filed September 10, 1996, the Defense in this case will stipulate:

- That James Chappell on August 31,
 1995, entered the trailer rented to Deborah
 Panos through a window;
- 2. That James Chappell engaged in sexual intercourse with Deborah Panos on August 31, 1995; and
- 3. That James Chappell caused the death of Deborah Panos by stabbing her with a kitchen knife and the act was not an accident.
- 4. That James Chappell was jealous of Deborah Panos giving attention to, or receiving attention from, other men.

Therefore, in light of these stipulations, identity is not an issue in this case.

Furthermore, motive and ill-will toward the victim by Chappell are explained by the Defendant's stipulation that he was jealous toward Panos.

In light of these stipulations, the only reason to allow the proposed bad act testimony is to prejudice the jury with the allegation that James Chappell was a woman-batterer. This prior bad act testimony is highly prejudicial to Mr. Chappell and the probative value is low. Therefore, this Honorable Court should deny the State's Motion.

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Certain Allegations Of Prior Bad Act Evidence Are So Vague As To Be Meaningless

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According to the State's Motions, the State seeks to introduce the following into evidence:

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Unidentified records related to June 1, 1995 domestic battery incident wherein Chappell was charged with battery upon Panos and plead guilty to same.

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Unidentified records or testimony related to February 23, 1994 allegation of domestic battery against James Chappell for battery of Panos.

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The purpose of a motion to introduce prior bad act evidence is to alert the defense to certain specific evidence or allegation that the State seeks to introduce in their case-inchief. Does the State intend to introduce eyewitness testimony of

these alleged events? Does the State intend to introduce medical records? Or does the State intend to introduce hearsay allegations? We do not know.

The State's motion does not describe evidence with sufficient particularity to allow the Defense to respond.

Much of the Testimony Proposed by the State is Irrelevant and Consists of Blatant Hearsay That Can Never Pass the Clear and Convincing Evidence Test

When the State seeks to introduce evidence of prior bad acts, the burden is on the State to show that the evidence is relevant, and to show that clear and convincing evidence supports the allegation that the defendant committed the alleged prior bad acts. Petrocelli v. State, 101 Nev. 46, 692 P.2d 503 (1985).

The State claims the following incidents are admissible:

Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called her at 2:00 in the morning on an unknown date crying that James Chappell had left her at a grocery store because the store would not cash Panos' check and Chappell was forcing Panos to give her money.

This testimony is blatantly irrelevant hearsay, and should not be admitted.

The State also seeks the admission of the following:

Testimony of Dina Freeman, a Tucson friend of Deborah Panos, who would describe

(a) a telephone conversation with Panos on an unknown date in approximately 1993 or 1994

when Panos claimed James Chappell "jumped her." Dina claims she heard a voice in the background that said, "if you ever fuck around in front of my kids, I will kill your ass."

Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called her in August of 1994 and she could hear James Chappell in the background say, "either you give me that car or you give me some money 'cause I know your fuckin' around on me. You're not going to Dina's house everyday for nothin', I'm gonna do an O.J. Simpson on your ass."

Testimony of Dina Freeman that she saw Deborah Panos with bruises on her face many times, and Panos claimed James Chappell inflicted these injuries.

Testimony of Dina Freeman that the relationship between Panos and Chappell was "rocky," and that Chappell was abusive to Panos.

Testimony of Dina Freeman that Chappell was ordered to attend domestic violence counseling at some unknown date in the past.

These proposed items of evidence are blatant hearsay, and consist primarily of conjecture and speculation. They certainly do not meet a "clear and convincing evidence" test.

SUMMARY

Based on the absence of related disputable issues and the poor evidentiary quality of the prior bad act allegations by the State, the Defense opposes their admission. Furthermore, as noted in a companion motion, the Defense respectfully requests a Petrocelli hearing to compel the State to make a legal showing that said evidence can be shown to be "clear and convincing."

DATED this 9th day of September, 1996.

CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

/ WWVC/-

HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

1	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Opposition to
2	State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs or Bad
3	Acts is hereby acknowledged this day of September, 1996.
4	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
5	By Jane Schnick
6	By and Silver
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8	(Mot\Chappell.Opp)
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MORGAN D. HARRIS
PUBLIC DEFENDER
NEVADA BAR #1879
309 South Third Street, Suite 226
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
(702)455-4685
Attorney for the Defendant
Public Defender File No. F-95-5254

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

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JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,

Defendant.

CASE NO. Cl31341x

DEPT. NO. VII

Date of Hearing: 9-16-96 Time of Hearing: 9:00 A.M.

DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO COMPEL PETROCELLI HEARING REGARDING ALLEGATIONS OF PRIOR BAD ACTS

Comes Now Defendant James Chappell, by and through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and moves this Honorable Court to Compel the State to present, at a pre-trial hearing, legally admissible evidence supporting the prior act conduct that the State seeks to introduce during their case-inchief.

This motion is based upon the attached affidavit of

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1	Howard S. Brooks.
2	DATED this 9th day of September, 1996.
3	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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6	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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HOWARD S. BROOKS makes the following declaration:

- 1. That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and that I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- 2. I have reviewed the State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes, Wrongs or Bad Acts filed May 8, 1996 and the State's Supplemental Motion to Admit Evidence Of Other Crimes Wrongs or Bad Acts filed August 29, 1996, and find that the State seeks to introduce the following evidence:
- Testimony of Lisa Duran concerning her observations in December 1994 of Defendant Chappell striking Panos in the face.
- 2. Medical Records from University Medical Center regarding Panos suffering a broken nose on January 9, 1995. Panos told UMC employees that her boyfriend hit her.
- 3. Unidentified records related to June 1, 1995 domestic battery incident wherein Chappell was charged with battery upon Panos and plead guilty to same.
- 4. Unidentified records or testimony related to February 23, 1994 allegation of domestic battery against James Chappell for battery of Panos.
- 5. Testimony of Dina Freeman, a Tucson friend of Deborah Panos, who would describe (a) a telephone conversation with Panos on an unknown date in approximately 1993 or 1994 when Panos claimed James Chappell "jumped her." Dina claims she heard a voice in the background that said, "if you ever fuck around in

- 6. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called her in August of 1994 and she could hear James Chappell in the background say, "either you give me that car or you give me some money 'cause I know your fuckin' around on me. You're not going to Dina's house everyday for nothin', I'm gonna do an O.J. Simpson on your ass."
- 7. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Deborah Panos called her at 2:00 in the morning on an unknown date crying that James Chappell had left her at a grocery store because the store would not cash Panos' check and Chappell was forcing Panos to give her money.
- 8. Testimony of Dina Freeman that she saw Deborah Panos with bruises on her face many times, and Panos claimed James Chappell inflicted these injuries.
- 9. Testimony of Dina Freeman that the relationship between Panos and Chappell was "rocky," and that Chappell was abusive to Panos.
- 10. Testimony of Dina Freeman that Chappell was ordered to attend domestic violence counseling at some unknown date in the past.
- 3. In accordance with <u>Petrocelli v. State</u>, 101 Nev. 46, 692 P.2d 503 (1985), the Defense respectfully requests that this Court compel the State to present "clear and convincing" legal evidence of said prior acts in a hearing before trial, and that the Court reserve any ruling on the admissibility of said evidence until such burden is met.

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1	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true
2	and correct. (NRS 53.045).
3	EXECUTED ON September 9, 1996.
4	Thomas Brook
5	HOWARD S. BROOKS
6	NOWARD O. DROOMS
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RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Motion to Compel Petrocelli Hearing Regarding Allegations of Prior Bad Acts is hereby acknowledged this $\frac{100}{100}$ day of September, 1996. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY I and Schmede (Mot\Chappell.Pet)

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2	MORGAN D. HARRIS PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR #1879 SEP 10 9 29 AM '96
3	309 South Third Street, Suite 226
4	(702) 455-4685
5	Attorney for the Defendant Public Defender File No. F-95-5254
6	
7	DIGEDIAN CAUDE
8	DISTRICT COURT
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
10	THE OTHER OF MENTAL PA
11	THE STATE OF NEVADA,) Plaintiff.) CASE NO. C131341x
12)
13)
14) Time of Hearing: 9:00 A.M.
15	Defendant.)
16	DEFENDANT'S OFFER TO STIPULATE TO CERTAIN FACTS
17	COMES NOW, the Defendant, by and through his attorney,
18	Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, does hereby offer to
19	stipulate to certain facts relevant to the litigation of this
20	criminal case.
21	DATED this 9th day of September, 1996.
22	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
23	Johns & 18mc
24	By HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
25	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
26	
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1	DECLARATION
2	HOWARD S. BROOKS makes the following declaration:
3	1. That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law
4	in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender
5	assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and
6	that I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
7	2. I have spoken to James Chappell at the Clark County
8	Detention Center, and we have reviewed the discovery in this case.
9	To facilitate an efficient trial, Defendant Chappell is willing to
10	stipulate to the truth of the following statements:
11	1. That James Chappell on August 31, 1995,
12	entered the trailer rented to Deborah Panos through a window;
13	2. That James Chappell engaged in sexual
14	intercourse with Deborah Panos on August 31, 1995, and
15	3. That James Chappell caused the death of
16	Deborah Panos by stabbing her with a kitchen knife and the act was
17	not an accident.
18	4. That James Chappell was jealous of Deborah
19	Panos giving attention to, or receiving attention from, other men.
20	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is
21	true and correct. (NRS 53.045).
22	EXECUTED ON September 9, 1996
23	James & (2000)
24	HOWARD S. BROOKS
25	

RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Offer to Stipulate to Certain Facts is hereby acknowledged this ______ day of September, 1996. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY I and Shower (Mot\Chappell.Offer)

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ANSW STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477 200 S. Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4711

Attorney for Plaintiff

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff,

10 -vs-

JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, #1212860

Defendant(s).

Case No. Dept. No.

C131341 VII

Dept. No. v
Docket P

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ANSWER TO MOTION TO COMPEL DISCLOSURE BY THE STATE OF ANY AND ALL INFORMATION RELATING TO

AGGRAVATING OR MITIGATING FACTORS

DATE OF HEARING: 9-16-96 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M.

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COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEWART L. BELL, District Attorney, through ABBI SILVER, Deputy District Attorney, and respondent does hereby again represent to the court and counsel that the prosecution is maintaining an open file policy of discovery on this case. Hence, the defense is free to peruse the file of the prosecution at any reasonable time in order that it might discover any mitigating circumstances developed during the police investigation.

NRS 175.552 requires that the State must disclose evidence of aggravating circumstances other than those which arise from the nature of the offense itself "... before the commencement of the penalty hearing." The case of Emmons v. State, 107 Nev. 53, 807 P.2d 718 (1991), provides that the defense

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shall be given reasonable notification of any and all evidence to be presented by the prosecution during a penalty hearing. The Emmons decision states in part:

"... Consistent with the constitutional requirements of due process, defendants should be notified of any and all evidence to be presented during the penalty hearing. Although the State in this case did give the accused notice before the commencement of the penalty hearing, it was only one day's notice. We hold that the notice given in this case was inadequate to meet the requirements of due process. The evidence was therefore improperly admitted. Cf. Browning v. State, 104 Nev. 269, 273 n.2, 757 P.2d 351, 353 n.2 (1988); Rogers v. State, 101 Nev. 457, 466-67, 705 P.2d 664, 671 (1985) cert. denied 476 U.S. 1130 (1986)."

Emmons, at 62, 807 P.2d at 724.

Consequently, it is always the intention of the State of Nevada to make available all reports and witness statements regarding penalty hearing evidence it intends to introduce as soon as possible.

The State has provided the defense with a Notice of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty which outlines all aggravating factors alleged by the State. The State has not withheld any discovery, but instead prepared a discovery package for defense counsel. The defense even acknowledges in its declaration that the State has an open file policy and has given the defense every opportunity to inspect the State's files and request copies of any discoverable documents. Therefore, the State submits that the Defendant's motion is without merit and should be appropriately denied.

DATED this _____ day of September, 1996.

Respectfully submitted,

STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477

ABBI SILVER

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #003813

RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT OF A COPY of the above and foregoing ANSWER TO MOTION TO COMPEL DISCLOSURE BY THE STATE OF ANY AND ALL INFORMATION RELATING TO AGGRAVATING OR MITIGATING FACTORS is hereby acknowledged this 1 day of September, 1996.

PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE

By Sthird St., #226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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OPPS STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY 2 Nevada Bar #000477 3 200 S. Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4711 4 Attorney for Plaintiff 5 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. 8 Plaintiff. 9 C131341 10 Case No. -vs-Dept. No. VII JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, Docket 11 #1212860 12 Defendant(s). 13 14 15 OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO STRIKE ALLEGATIONS OF 16 17 CERTAIN AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES ALLEGED IN STATE'S NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK DEATH PENALTY 18 DATE OF HEARING: 9-16-96 19 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 A.M. 20 21 COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEWART L. BELL, District Attorney, through ABBI SILVER, Deputy District Attorney, and files this Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Strike Allegations 22 of Certain Aggravating Circumstances Alleged in State's Notice of Intent to Seek Death Penalty. 23 111 24 25 | 7// 26 | /// 27 111 111 28

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This Opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached 1 2 points and authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if deemed necessary 3 by this Honorable Court. DATED this _ day of September, 1996. 4 5 Respectfully submitted. 6 STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY 7 Nevada Bar #000477 8 9 Deputy District Attorney 10 Nevada Bar #003813 11 12 POINTS AND AUTHORITIES 13 PROCEDURAL HISTORY 14 On September 8, 1995, a Criminal Complaint was filed against James Montell Chappell. 15 hereinafter the Defendant, accusing him of Burglary with Use of a Deadly Weapon, Robbery with Use 16 of a Deadly Weapon, and Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon. A preliminary hearing was held on 17 October 3, 1995, wherein the Defendant was held to answer for all charges except use of a Deadly 18 Weapon as to the Burglary. On October 11, 1995, the State filed an Information reflecting the 19 Defendant's charges. On October 18, 1995, the Defendant pled not guilty. On November 8, 1995, the 20 State filed a Notice of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty pursuant to NRS 175.552 and 200,033. The 21 following aggravating circumstances were alleged: 22 1. The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit 23 a robbery. 24 2. The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit 25 any burglary and/or home invasion. 26 3. The murder was committed while the person was engaged in the commission of or an attempt to commit 27 any sexual assault. 28 4. The murder involved torture or deprayity of mind.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Lisa Duran testified that she was Debra Panos' (the 26 year old victim) friend through their employment at GE Capitol. (PHT 38, 39). Duran stated that Debra lived in Las Vegas for approximately a year prior to her demise. (PHT 39) she was aware that Debra and the Defendant had a ten (10) year "on again, off again" boyfriend-girlfriend relationship. (PHT 39) The Defendant and Debra had three children together, and on August 31, 1995, they were approximately three (3), five (5) and seven (7) years old, respectively. (PHT 43)

Prior to her murder, Debra broke up with the Defendant "for good." (PHT 39) She had told Duran that her relationship with the Defendant was over, she no longer wanted him in her life, and after he was released from jail, she wanted to send him back to his home in Mississippi. (PHT 76)

Duran described the physical abuse Debra had suffered at the hands of the Defendant during the year prior to her murder. Specifically, several weeks before Christmas 1994, Duran observed both the Defendant and Debra in a car. (PHT 40) The Defendant was yelling at Debra and she was crying. (PHT 41) The Defendant continued to yell at her and then hit her face with his open hand. (PHT 41) Additionally, near Christmas of the same year, Debra came to work with a broken nose. (PHT 42)

University Medical Center Records confirm that on January 9, 1995, Debra Panos was seen in the emergency room at University Medical Center after being transported via Mercy Ambulance. Debra complained of pain to her head and face after an assault. Specifically, Debra stated that she was punched in the face and nose several times by her boyfriend. Debra told doctors that her boyfriend often beats her, but never like this. Debra's injuries included a fractured nose and several lacerations on the right eyebrow and nose. The Defendant was arrested for the battery on January 9, 1995.

Duran testified that she met the Defendant on Memorial Day weekend, May 1995. (PHT 42) Duran also stated that Debra and the children stayed with her, at her apartment, until the Defendant called for Debra, and she returned home. (PHT 45) Duran stated that she received approximately seven (7) telephone calls where the Defendant called her or Debra's residence. (PHT 46) Specifically, on one occasion, Duran was watching the children and the Defendant called from jail adamantly requesting to know where Debra was. (PHT 47) The Defendant said, "I want to know what other nigger she's laying

Duran described another incident where the Defendant called and was upset because Debra had not gone to visit him at jail, she was not writing him letters, and she was not accepting his calls. (PHT 48) The Defendant told Duran, "If he couldn't have Debra, that nobody else could, and when he got out, she wasn't going to have any friends; she wouldn't be able to go anywhere, and he'd make sure of that." (PHT 48)

Duran stated that on the afternoon of August 31, 1995, she was driving to Debra's house to retrieve some of her belongings since she had stayed with Debra the week before. (PHT 49, 50) At approximately 1:30 to 1:45 p.m. she entered Debra's trailer park. As she was driving towards Debra's residence, she saw the Defendant driving Debra's car, with a bicycle hanging out the back of the trunk. (PHT 51, 52) Duran was aware that the Defendant used a bicycle for transportation. (PHT 52)

When Duran went to Debra's residence, nobody answered, but Duran could hear the TV and air conditioner running. (PHT 54) After several attempts to locate Debra, Duran noticed the back bedroom window was off track and became concerned for Debra's safety. (PHT 56). As a result, Duran contacted the police. Ultimately, the police made entry into Debra's trailer through the bedroom window and found Debra's body in a pool of blood, lying by a knife, and her home was ransacked. (PHT 58).

Significantly, Duran did not notice any bruises or lacerations to Debra's face and body on August 31, 1995 at 8:00 a.m.—just hours before the Defendant was seen driving her vehicle from the trailer park but prior to her body being discovered by the police. (PHT 63).

Bill Duffy testified that on August 31, 1995, that he was a Unit Manager supervising probationers at the Department of Parole and Probation. (PHT 27). On that date, Duffy received a call from City Detention that the Defendant was being released on probation from City Jail for a gross misdemeanor. (PHT 28). As a result, Duffy had two officers go to pick the Defendant up and bring him back to his office. (PHT 28, 29). Duffy personally interviewed the Defendant at 10:00 a.m. on August 31, 1995. (PHT 30). At the conclusion of the interview, Duffy agreed to release the Defendant so that he could go to a drug program and enroll. (PHT 31). The Defendant was to report back to Duffy's office within three (3) hours, at approximately 1:00 p.m. (PHT 31). The Defendant never returned.

Dr. Green, the pathologist, testified that he conducted an autopsy on the body of Debra Panos on September 1, 1995. (PHT 6). Dr. Green's external significant findings consisted of distinguishing thirteen (13) different penetrating stab wounds to Debra's body, along with multiple, recent-appearing bruises or contusions. (PHT 7). Specifically, the stab wounds which did the most damage consisted of: one (1) stab wound penetrating the jugular vein on the right side of the neck; one (1) stab wound puncturing the carotid artery in the neck; and one (1) stab wound into the lung, rib and back. (PHT 8). Four (4) of the wounds in the neck actually hit the spine and penetrated into the bone of the spinal column. (PHT 9).

Dr. Green found Debra's face was covered with contusions (bruises) and abrasions (scrapes). (PHT 9). These bruises covered her forehead, cheekbones, jaw, as well as on the shoulders, right hand and wrist. Dr. Green testified that all of these bruises were "recent," meaning less than a day old prior to her demise. (PHT 10). Thus, these bruises and contusions on Debra's body were placed there on the day of her death, and after Duran saw the victim that morning at approximately 8:00 a.m.. (PHT 11).

Dr. Green testified that these injuries would have been caused by blunt trauma consistent with a first hitting Debra in the face. (PHT 11). Lastly, Dr. Green opined that the manner of death to Debra Panos was a homicide and that the cause of death was the result of multiple stab wounds of the neck and chest. (PHT 18).

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department reports show that on June 1, 1995, <u>RUST THREE</u>

(3) MONTHS PRIOR TO HER MURDER, Debra Panos reported to police the Defendant had battered her during a domestic dispute. Specifically, Debra told police that the Defendant was yelling at her after he found a piece of paper with a strange phone number on it. He was jealous. The Defendant pushed Debra down on the bed in their trailer, pinning her down with his knees on her arms. The Defendant thereafter pulled out a knife and began threatening her with the knife until he was interrupted by a friend knocked on the door.

Significantly, this battery resulted in the Defendant's conviction and incarceration at the City Jail, until the day the Defendant was released. Within two hours of the Defendant's release from jail for battering Debra, the Defendant murdered Debra.

On February 23, 1994, while living together in Tucson, Arizona, Debra Panos reported to the

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27 28 police she had been a victim of domestic violence at the hands of this Defendant. Debra told the police that the Defendant knocked her to the floor after he saw Debra crying because the Defendant had sold the children's furniture. Debra stated that when she tried to get up from the floor, the Defendant began kicking her in the legs. Debra was able to get herself and her children into the car and immediately contacted police. The Defendant was then taken into custody and booked for domestic assault. Currently, there is no disposition to this Arizona case, as the Defendant failed to appear. A bench warrant for his arrest is currently in effect.

ARGUMENT

1

THE STATE'S AGGRAVATORS WERE PROPERLY ALLEGED AND CANNOT BE STRICKEN AT THIS STAGE IN THE LITIGATION

The Defendant contends that there is insufficient evidence to support the alleged aggravators stated in the State's Intent to Seek the Death Penalty. However, the State maintains that the Defendant's motion to strike said aggravators lacks merit and is otherwise inappropriate at this stage in the proceedings.

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that the State does not need to give notice of the specific conduct used as an aggravator. "Proof at trial of the facts constituting the aggravating circumstance suffices." Hogan v. State, 103 Nev. 21, 24 n. 3, 732 P.2d 422 (1987), cert. denied, 108 S.Ct. 201 (1986); Deutshcher v. State, 95 Nev. 669, 678, 601 P.2d 407, 413 (1979). Therefore, the State does not need to give notice of exactly how the Defendant committed the murder while: (1) attempting to commit a robbery, (2) attempting to commit a burglary and/or a home invasion, (3) attempting to commit a sexual assault, or (4) torturing his victim. (NRS 175.552; 200.033). Instead, it is sufficient that the State wait and prove these aggravators at trial.

The Defendant nonetheless argues that this court has the authority to strike the alleged aggravating circumstances at the pre-trial stage. However, the authority cited for this proposition is not only misplaced but also attempts to mislead this court into believing that the Nevada Supreme Court has embraced the striking of aggravators if they are proven at the preliminary hearing. The Defendant cites Goldberg v. Eighth Judicial District, 93 Nev. 614, 572 P.2d 521 (1977), to support his assertion that this

court has "authority" to strike the alleged aggravators listed in the States Intent to Seek Death. Yet, Goldberg, supra, resolved whether the judiciary had the authority to make rules which are generally reasonable and necessary for the administration of justice. Id. at 616. Essentially Goldberg, supra, is a separation of powers case, and is in no way relevant to the issue at bar. Moreover, the Nevada Supreme Court has not changed the burden of proof necessary at preliminary hearing. Under Nevada law, the State may establish probable cause in a preliminary hearing under the standard of "slight evidence." See Sheriff v. Baddillo, 95 Nev. 593, 594, 600 P.2d 221, 222 (1979); Sheriff v. Hodes, 96 Nev. 184, 606 P.2d 178 (1980); Sheriff v. Potter, 99 Nev. 389, 663 P.2d 350 (1983). Since a preliminary hearing is not a determination of guilt or innocence, only slight evidence is required. Id. The State met its burden in this case and the Defendant was properly bound over for Burglary, Robbery and Murder. Pursuant to NRS 175.552 the State is merely required to notify the Defendant of intent to present aggravators prior to the commencement of the penalty hearing.

... The state may introduce evidence of additional aggravating circumstances as set forth in NRS 200.033, other than the aggravated nature of the offense itself, only if it has been disclosed to the defendant before the commencement of the penalty hearing.

NRS 175.552(3)

The Nevada Supreme Court has further interpreted NRS 175.552 as simply requiring the State to give notice to the Defendant sufficient to insure due process so that a defendant can meet any new evidence presented during the penalty hearing. See Emmons v. State, 107 53, 62, 807 P.2d 718 (1991); Bennett v. State, 106 Nev. 135, 142, 787 P.2d 797 (1990); Hogan v. State, 103 Nev. 21, 25, 732 P.2d 422 (1987); Deutscher v. State, 95 Nev. 669, 601 P.2d 407 (1979). The Nevada Supreme Court has also held that notice of aggravating circumstances one week before trial was adequate notice. See Emmons v. State, 107 53, 62, 807 P.2d 718 (1991); Emil v. State, 105 Nev. 858, 867, 784 P.2d 956 (1989).

Therefore, the Defendant's argument that the State was required to prove the existence of aggravating circumstances during the preliminary hearing is not the law in Nevada and has never been embraced by the Nevada Supreme Court. Consequently, the fact that no evidence regarding the Defendant's alleged sexual assault was presented at the preliminary hearing creates no legal defect nor does it warrant the striking of any alleged aggravators in this case. Again, the Defendant's motion must

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THERE ARE SUFFICIENT FACTS TO SUPPORT THE STATE'S ALLEGATION OF

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On the outset, it is important to note the Defendant's motion attempts to misconstrue the facts of his cited authority. See Beets v. State, 107 Nev. 957, 821 P.2d 1044 (1991); Cavanaugh v. State, 102 Nev. 478, 729 P.2d 481 (1986); Moran v. State, 103 Nev. 138, 734 P.2d 712 (1987).

TORTURE OR DEPRAVITY OF MIND

П

The Defendant cites Beets v. State, 107 Nev. 957, 821 P.2d 1044 (1991), and quotes the following language to show that although defendent Beets beat his ex-girlfriend with a hammer, tied her up in the bathroom, sexually assaulted her, found the ex-girlfriend's mother and beat the mother to death with the hammer, then sexually assaulted the ex-girlfriends's daughter, his violent and heinous acts did not rise to the level of depravity of mind or torture:

> Since no factual predicate for a finding of torture, mutilation or deprayed physical abuse existed beyond the killing of the victim by a blow with a hammer, we are forced to conclude the aggravating circumstance based upon depravity of mind must fail.

Beets, at 965, 821 P.2d at 1050. (See Defendant's Motion to Strike p. 10)

However, this quote and the context of the Defendant's argument misrepresents the facts of Beets, supra. Although, Beets committed several criminal acts, the aggravator of depravity of mind or torture only applied to the killing of the ex-girlfriend's mother. Therefore, it is misleading to consider all his acts collectively as failing to reach the leave of depravity of mind or torture. Furthermore, in order to find depravity of mind or torture there must be sufficient acts beyond the act of killing itself. Robins v. State, 106 Nev. 611, 629, 798 P.2d 558, 570 (1990), cert. denied, ___ U.S. ___ (1991); Accord Jimenez v. State, 106 Nev. 769, 801 P.2d 1366 (1990). In Beets, the defendant's singular act of hitting the ex-girlfriend's mother with a hammer did not go beyond the act of killing, and based on that reason alone the Nevada Supreme Court concluded the depravity of mind aggravator failed.

The Defendant cites Moran v. State, 103 Nev. 138, 734 P.2d 712 (1987), however fails to adequately explain the underlying facts of the case. The Defendant states that Moran killed two people in a bar by shooting them several times with his pistol. The Defendant then quotes language from the

case asserting the proposition that the Nevada Supreme Court rejected the aggravating circumstance of depravity of mind for that killing:

There is no indication of torture or sadistic acts performed by Moran. [One victim] appears to have died instantly with no disturbance occurring to her body other than the gun shot wounds.

Moran, at 142, 734 P.2d 714. (See Defendant's Motion to Strike p. 11)

However, this quote relates to Moran's murder of his ex-wife, Linda Vandervoot, not the murder of the bartender, Sandra DeVere, and the customer, Russell Rhodes at the Red Pearl Saloon.

What the Defendant fails to illustrate is that Moran, supra, represents a consolidation of two cases. In the first case, Moran was found guilty for the simultaneous shooting deaths of a bartender and customer at the Red Pearl Saloon. In the second case, Moran was found guilty for the separate and subsequent shooting death of his ex-wife, Linda Vandervoort. Regarding Vandervoort's murder, at the penalty phase, the three-judge panel found "depravity of mind." However, the Nevada Supreme Court overturned that finding on appeal based upon the underlying facts of the killing:

The circumstances of this murder were these: After talking to Vandervoort for a few minutes Moran asked her if she had read about the Red Pearl shooting. As she turned to answer, Moran immediately began firing. There is no indication of torture or sadistic acts performed by Moran. Vandervoort appears to have died instantly with no disturbance occurring to her body other than the gunshot wounds. As cold-blooded and malicious as the killing was, under the guidance given to us by the United States Supreme Court, we must conclude that the record does not support a finding of depravity of mind under NRS 200.033(8). Godfrey v. Georgia, 446 U.S. 420 (1970); Deutscher v. State, 95 Nev. 669, 601 P.2d 407 (1979); see also Rogers v. State, 101 Nev. 456, 705 P.2d 644 (1985); Neuschafer v. State, 101 Nev. 331, 705 P.2d 609 (1985).

Moran, at 141-142, 734 P.2d at 714.

Therefore, the Defendant's motion inaccurately represents that the <u>Moran</u> court overturned the deprayity of mind aggrayator in the bar shootings. To the contrary, deprayity of mind was not even an

depravity of mind aggravator in the bar shootings. To the contrary, depravity of mind was not even an

alleged aggravator in the bar shooting case. Moran, at 142-144, 734 P.2d at 714-715.

It is apparent that the Defendant is unable to find a comparable case in which the Nevada

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 Supreme Court has overturned depravity of mind or torture where a defendant brutally stabbed his victim thirteen different times. (PHT 7). Additionally, Dr. Green testified that Debra's face and body was covered with fresh contusions and abrasions consistent with her being beaten prior to her death. The Defendant stabbed Debra in the jugular vein in the neck, the carotid artery in the neck, lungs, ribs and back. The Defendant stabbed Debra so hard that four of the stab wounds in the neck penetrated the bone of the spinal column. It is clearly arguable that the numerous stab wounds found on Debra's body shows that the Defendant's acts went well beyond the killing itself. Robins v. State, 106 Nev. 611, 629, 798 P.2d 558, 570 (1990), cert. denied, ___ U.S. ___ (1991). Further, the Defendant sexually assaulted Debra in addition to killing her. Consequently, it is appropriate for the State to allege depravity of mind as an aggravating circumstance in this case.

The Defendant attempts to compare himself to Cavanaugh in <u>Cavanaugh v. State</u>, 102 478, 729 P.2d 481 (1986)--asserting that the instant murder was not as heinous as <u>Cavanaugh</u>. Yet, the State asserts that <u>Cavanaugh</u>, *supra*, does not represent the threshold standard of depravity of mind or torture. In other words, one need not dismember the victim in order to exhibit depravity of mind or that the victim was tortured beyond the act of killing itself.

On balance, the State has properly alleged the aggravating circumstances depravity of mind or torture against the Defendant in this case. NRS 200.033 It is therefore appropriate for this court to deny the Defendant's instant motion.

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THE PROCEDURES FOLLOWED IN SEEKING THE DEATH PENALTY DO NOT VIOLATE THE DEFENDANT'S DUE PROCESS RIGHTS

The Defendant alleges that failing to prove the aggravators at the preliminary hearing violates the Defendant's due process rights. This contention is without merit.

^{1.} Patrick Cavanaugh first shot his victim in the face, then, after discovering the victim was still alive several hours later, cut out his vocal cords and shot him two more times in the head. Cavanaugh then cut off the victim's hands and feet with an electric saw and attempted to cut off his head. He used acid in an attempt to remove the prints from the victim's fingers, then disposed of the remains in several locations. <u>Cavanaugh</u>, at 481, 729 P.2d at 483.

According to the Nevada Revised Statutes, the State may introduce evidence of aggravating circumstances only after giving notice of the aggravators to the Defendant. (NRS 175 552(3)). The Nevada Supreme Court has stated the "the purpose of the statute is to provide the accused notice and to insure due process so he can meet any new evidence which may be presented during the penalty hearing." Deutscher, supra, at 678; Emmins v. State, 107 Nev. 53, 807 P.2d 718 (1991); Bennett v. State, 106 Nev. 135, 787 P.2d 797 (1990), cert. denied, 111 S.Ct. 307 (1990).

Since the State has given the required notice of aggravators, the Defendant's due process rights have not been violated. Moreover, the Defendant's motion lacks merit and should be appropriately denied.

CONCLUSION

Based on the arguments set forth above, the State respectfully requests this Court to deny the Defendant's motion.

DATED this ______ day of September, 1996.

Respectfully submitted,

STEWART L. BELL DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #000477

BV YYY)

Deputy District Attorney
Nevada Bar #003813

RECEIPT OF COPY

PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE

309 S) Third St., #276 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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FILED ORDR MORGAN D. HARRIS SEP 25 9 30 AM '96 2 PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR #1879 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 \$\varphi\$ 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702)455-4685Attorney for the Defendant 5 Public Defender File No. F-95-5254 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA 9 CASE NO. Cl31341x Plaintiff, 10 DEPT. NO. VII 11 ν. ORDER JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL, 12 13 Defendant. This matter having come before this Court on September 14 4, 1996, upon Defendant's Motion to Compel, with the State of 15 Nevada represented by the District Attorney, and Defendant 16 Chappell represented by Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, 17 and good cause appearing therefor, 18 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Clark County Detention 19 Center must transport James Montell Chappell to an optometrist and 20 have Mr. Chappell examined by that optometrist for eye glasses. 21 If the optometrist deems such eye glasses necessary, the Clark 22 23 24 25 26

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1	County Detention Center shall provide Mr. Chappell with eye
2	glasses at County expense.
3	DATED this //R day of Septiales, 1996.
4	M. The
5	SUBMITTED BY: DISTRICT JUDGE
6	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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8	Word & Brook
9	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
10	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
11	(Ord/Chappell, Bye/sea)
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FILED 1 1 EXPR MORGAN D. HARRIS 2 PUBLIC DEFENDER SEP 27 | 23 PM '96 NEVADA BAR #1879 3 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89115 Josetta Downson 4 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for the Defendant 5 Public Defender File No. F-95-5254 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, CASE NO. Cl31341x 10 DEPT. NO. VII 11 JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,) 12 Defendant. 13 EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR TRANSCRIPT 14 Defendant James Montell Chappell, by and through his 15 attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, does hereby 16 respectfully request that this Court grant this ex parte 17 application for a transcript of the proceeding in State of Nevada 18 vs. James Montell Chappell, Case No. Cl26882, on August 1, 1995. 19 This application is supported by the attached Declaration of 20 Counsel. DATED this 27 day of September, 1996. 21 22 CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC, DEFENDER 23 By HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 24 Deputy Public Defender 25 26 27 28

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HOWARD S. BROOKS, makes the following declaration:

- 1. That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and that I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- 2. As of August 1, 1995, James Chappell was on probation in Case Cl26882 for the gross misdemeanor possession of burglary tools.
- 3. James Chappell appeared in District Court XV on that date, and, according to the notes of his attorney at that time, stipulated to facts underlying revocation, with an order by the court that he be released from the jail directly to Parole and Probation and Parole and Probation was to enroll Mr. Chappell in a drug treatment program.
- 4. The issue of what precisely the court's order was on August 1, 1995, is relevant to the instant case wherein Mr. Chappell is charged with murder because he was released to the Department of Parole and Probation, and the Department of Parole and Probation did not admit him into a drug treatment program, but rather released him to the streets. The Department of Parole and Probation's action violated the court's order.
- 5. Therefore, the defendant would respectfully request that this Court order a transcript of the proceedings on August 1, 1995, in District Court XV, wherein Mr. Chappell appeared for revocation proceedings so that any dispute regarding what the court ordered in that case may be resolved by the transcript.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing

1	is true and correct. (NRS 53.045).
2	EXECUTED ON September 26, 1996.
3	EXECUTED ON September 26, 1996.
4	HOWARD S. BROOKS
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	ORDR
1	ORDR II. HARRIS
2	
3	NEVADA BAR #1879 309 South Third Street, Suite 225
3	PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR #1879 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89115 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for the Defendant CLERK
4	(702) 455-4685
5	Attorney for the Defendant Public Defender File No. F-95-5254
6	
7	DISTRICT COURT
H	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
9	,
10	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. Cl3l341x
l II	v.) DEPT. NO. VII
11	JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,)
12)
13	Defendant)
	ORDER
14	This matter having come before the Court on the Ex
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16	Parte Application of James Montell Chappell, and good cause
	appearing therefore;
17	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the court reporter for
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19	District Court XV prepare at State expense a transcript of
_	proceedings in Case Cl26882 in District Court XV on August 1,
20	1995, wherein James Chappell (incorrectly identified in the
21	
22	State's pleadings in that case as James Chappall) stipulated to
	facts underlying his revocation proceedings and also was ordered
23	to attend counseling through the Department of Parole and
24	
25	Probation. September 1996.
	DATED this 27 day of, 1996.
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27	(aun a coming
28	DISTRICT JUDGE
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1	SUBMITTED BY:
2	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
3	By Home & Brok
4	By HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
5	Deputy Public Defender
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7	(Mot/Chappell.Ex)
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309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

(702) 455-4685

MORGAN D. HARRIS

PUBLIC DEFENDER

NEVADA BAR #1879

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Attorney for the Defendant

Public Defender File No. F-95-5254

Haritas Bourne

LERK

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. C131341x

DEPT. NO. VII

JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,

Date of Hearing: 10-7-96 Time of Hearing: 11:00 A.M.

Defendant.

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DEFENDANT'S MOTION IN LIMINE REGARDING DETAILS OF DEFENDANT'S RELEASE FROM JAIL AND FACT THAT HE WAS ON PROBATION

COMES NOW, the Defendant, by and through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and moves that this Honorable Court rule that the following evidence is not admissible at trial:

- Testimony of Parole and Probation Officer William 1. Duffy or any other Parole and Probation officer that James Chappell was on probation for the gross misdemeanor of possession of burglary tools as of August 31, 1995;
- Testimony of Parole and Probation Officer William Duffy or any other Parole and Probation officer regarding the details of James Chappell's release from jail on August 31, 1995;
 - Any and all testimony regarding Mr. Chappell being 3.



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Page: 328

on probation as of August 31, 1995, for the gross misdemeanor of possession of burglary tools or any and all testimony regarding the botched release from jail on August 31, 1995, wherein the State Department of Parole and Probation violated the Court's order and released Mr. Chappell to the streets rather than to a drug treatment program.

This motion is made and based on the upon attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities.

DATED this 4th day of October, 1996.

CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

FACTS

James Chappell is charged in this case with murder with use of a deadly weapon for killing Debra Panos, the mother of his three children, on August 31, 1995.

On April 27, 1995, James Chappell was sentenced in Case Number Cl26882x to one year in the Clark County Detention Center and that sentence was suspended for the gross misdemeanor charge of possession of burglary tools. The Honorable Sally Loehrer in District Court, Department XV, sentenced Mr. Chappell.

On July 18, 1995, Mr. Chappell appeared in District Court VI for the State's motion to revoke his probation. The motion to revoke probation was based on a May 29, 1995, citation for petit larceny and possession of narcotic paraphernalia, a June 1, 1995, for domestic violence, and an arrest on a bench warrant from a November 14, 1994, incident wherein Mr. Chappell was charged with under he influence of controlled substance. The grounding of a motion to revoke probation based on events that occurred before Mr. Chappell was placed on probation was clearly erroneous.

On August 1, 1995, Mr. Chappell appeared in District Court, Department XV, and stipulated to violation of certain terms related to his probation. The court ordered that he be released directly to Parole and Probation and that Parole and Probation enroll Mr. Chappell into an in-patient drug treatment program. The court did not authorize the department to release Mr Chappell to the streets.

According to testimony at the preliminary hearing by

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Parole and Probation Officer William Duffy, Mr. Chappell was released to Parole and Probation officers on August 31, 1995, at approximately 10:00 a.m. Rather than take Mr. Chappell to a drug treatment program and enroll him in that program as ordered by the court, Mr. Duffy released Mr. Chappell to the streets at approximately 10:45 a.m. and told him to go to the EOB Treatment Program and complete an evaluation and return to the Parole and Probation Office at 1:30 p.m.

Contrary to the court's order, Mr. Chappell was released to the streets, and Mr. Chappell did not return to the Parole and Probation Office at approximately 1:30 p.m.

ARGUMENT

TESTIMONY REGARDING MR. CHAPPELL'S GROSS MISDEMEANOR CONVICTION AND HIS PROBATION IN THAT CASE ARE IRRELEVANT.

The testimony of William Duffy or the testimony of any other Parole and Probation officer or any other person that James Chappell was on probation for a conviction for possession of burglary tools as of August 31, 1995, that Mr. Chappell was released to Parole and Probation for the purpose of entering into a drug treatment program on that date, and that Mr. Chappell was released to the streets on August 31, 1995, by Parole and Probation, are all irrelevant to the facts of the present case.

The fact that Mr. Chappell was on probation for a gross misdemeanor is not a matter by which the State may impeach Mr. Chappell. The fact that he was on probation for a gross misdemeanor is not admissible as evidence. It is also not probative of any disputed fact in the present litigation.

The fact that Mr. Chappell was released to the

Department of Parole and Probation to be entered into a drug treatment program, and the Department of Parole and Probation failed to follow the court's order and released Mr. Chappell to the streets is again not probative of any fact relevant to the litigation currently before the court.

Any testimony regarding Mr. Duffy's order to Mr. Chappell that he report to the EOB Drug Treatment Program for an evaluation is not probative of any fact relating to the litigation currently before the court.

The fact that Mr. Chappell was on probation, the fact that he was released to the streets to go to a drug treatment program and the fact that he did not in fact go to the drug treatment program are all matters that are unrelated to the present litigation unless the State attempts to prove their case by showing bad character on the part of Mr. Chappell.

NRS 48.045 states:

Evidence of a person's character or a trait of his character is not admissible for the purpose of proving that he acted in conformity therewith ...

Furthermore, NRS 48.035 states:

Evidence is not admissible if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, of confusion of the issues or of misleading the jury.

The fact that James Chappell was on probation for a gross misdemeanor, the fact that the Department of Parole and Probation released him to the streets in violation of the court's order, and the fact that James Chappell did not in fact go to a drug treatment program, are all matters that are highly inflammatory to a jury. They suggest a general criminal tendency

on the part of Mr. Chappell, which goes to character, and they also suggest an inability or indifference on the part of Mr. Chappell to follow instructions or to affirmatively address his drug problem, again matters related to character. Since these matters are not relevant to the present case, since they are highly inflammatory, any testimony by Mr. Duffy or any other Parole and Probation officer or any other witness regarding these matters should be ruled inadmissible by this court.

THIS EVIDENCE IS NOT SO CLOSELY RELATED TO THE KILLING THAT IT MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE TESTIMONY.

NRS 48.035 also provides that:

Evidence of another act or crime which is so closely related to an act in controversy or a crime charged that an ordinary witness cannot describe the act in controversy or the crime charged without referring to the other act or crime shall not be excluded, but the request of an interested party, a cautionary instruction shall be given emplaning the reason for its admission.

The Defense anticipates the State's argument that somehow the fact that Mr. Chappell was on probation for the gross misdemeanor, the fact that he was released to the streets by Parole and Probation to go to a drug treatment program are somehow entertwined with the killing in this case. The Defense anticipates that the State will argue that this matter can be resolved by simply having the court provide the jury with a cautionary instruction.

These matters are not so related to the killing that they must be described by witnesses. The State need merely start the "story" of this crime with Lisa Duran attempting to find her friend and being unable to do so, rather than starting with the

release of Mr. Chappell from jail. There is no reason in the world for testimony to go into the fact that Mr. Chappell was on probation or the fact that he was released from jail that day or the fact that he was released to a drug treatment program.

SUMMARY

Therefore, the Defense respectfully submits that the following testimony be excluded during the trial portion of these proceedings:

1. Testimony of Parole and Probation Officer William Duffy or any other Parole and Probation officer that James Chappell was on probation for the gross misdemeanor of possession of burglary tools as of August 31, 1995;

- 2. Testimony of Parole and Probation Officer William Duffy or any other Parole and Probation officer regarding the details of James Chappell's release from jail on August 31, 1995;
- 3. Any and all testimony regarding Mr. Chappell being on probation as of August 31, 1995, for the gross misdemeanor of possession of burglary tools or any and all testimony regarding the botched release from jail on August 31, 1995, wherein the State Department of Parole and Probation violated the Court's order and released Mr. Chappell to the streets rather than to a drug treatment program.

DATED this 4th day of October, 1996.

CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

Home & Brook

HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

1	NOTICE OF MOTION
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing will be heard
4	on October 7, 1996, at 11:00 A.M. in Department No. VII of the
5	District Court.
6	DATED this 4th of October, 1996.
7	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
8	Then & Run
9	By
10	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
11	
12	
13	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing is hereby
14	acknowledged this day of October, 1996.
15	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
16	
17	By Janes Schnede
18	By and strined
19	(Wet) Channell 1)
20	(Mot\Chappell.1)
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MORGAN D. HARRIS
PUBLIC DEFENDER
NEVADA BAR #1879
309 South Third Street, Suite 226
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
(702) 455-4685
Attorney for the Defendant
Public Defender File No. F-95-5254

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. C131341x

DEPT. NO. VII

v.

JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,

Defendant.

Date of Hearing: 10-7-96

Time of Hearing: 11:00 A.M.

DEFENDANT'S MOTION IN LIMINE REGARDING EVENTS RELATED TO

DEFENDANT'S ARREST FOR SHOPLIFTING ON SEPTEMBER 1, 1995

COMES NOW, the Defendant, by and through his attorney, Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and moves that this Honorable Court exclude during the trial portion of the proceedings in this case the following testimony:

- The testimony of Lawrence Martinez regarding his observations of James Chappell shoplifting at the Lucky's store at 4420 East Bonanza, Las Vegas, on September 1, 1995.
- Any and all testimony of Kimberly Sempson regarding the allegation of shoplifting against Mr. Chappell on September 1, 1995.
- 3. All other testimony regarding the arrest of Mr. Chappell for shoplifting at the Lucky's store at 4420 East



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Page: 336

1	Bonanza, Las, Vegas, on September 1, 1995.
2	This motion is made and based on the upon attached
3	Memorandum of Points and Authorities.
4	DATED this 4th day of October, 1996.
5	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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8	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

FACTS

On August 31, 1995, Las Vegas citizen Lisa Duran, accompanied by police officers, discovered the dead body of Debra Panos. Initial speculation and investigation centered on James Chappell as the primary suspect in the case. Mr. Chappell lived at the trailer where Ms. Panos lived, and he and Ms. Panos had three children together.

Furthermore, Lisa Duran saw a man she identified as James Chappell leaving the trailer court where Debra Panos lived, and Mr. Chappell allegedly had possession of Ms. Panos' car.

The next morning, security office Lawrence Martinez at the Lucky's at 4420 East Bonanza observed James Chappell shoplifting several bottles of liquor and other items. Mr. Chappell allegedly tried to leave the store without paying for the items, and Mr. Martinez took Mr. Chappell into custody. Mr. Chappell was held in custody at the office of the Lucky's store while awaiting the arrival of Metropolitan police units, and subsequently was questioned by Metropolitan police. He gave the fake name of "Ivri Marrell" to the police, and was subsequently observed by Kimberly Sempson as he was detained in the security office attempting to dispose of social security cards which belonged to Debra Panos and the three children.

ARGUMENT

The Defense objects to any testimony by Lawrence Martinez or Kimberly Sempson or any other witness regarding Mr. Chappell's acts of shoplifting. The allegations of shoplifting are completely irrelevant to the present murder case. Testimony

may easily skirt around the arrest for shoplifting.

The State will certainly concede that James Chappell was already a suspect for murder on the morning of September 1, 1995, and that officers were looking for James Chappell. Therefore, testimony regarding his arrest should certainly be allowed, but the subject of shoplifting is irrelevant to this case.

The Defense objects to this testimony on the grounds that it is not relevant, that it is more prejudicial than probative pursuant to NRS 48.035, the allegations of shoplifting are essentially allegations regarding character evidence, which is not admissible pursuant to NRS 48.045, and the evidence regarding shoplifting can easily be excised from the State's testimony by merely having his arrest described by the Metropolitan police officers who arrived at the scene without going into the details regarding the shoplifting.

SUMMARY

Therefore, based on the foregoing arguments, the Defense respectfully submits that the following testimony should be excluded during the trial portion of these proceedings:

- 1. The testimony of Lawrence Martinez regarding his observations of James Chappell shoplifting at the Lucky's store at 4420 East Bonanza, Las Vegas, on September 1, 1995.
- Any and all testimony of Kimberly Sempson regarding the allegation of shoplifting against Mr. Chappell on September 1, 1995.
- 26 | ...

- 27 || ...
- 28 | . .

1	3. All other testimony regarding the arrest of Mr.
2	Chappell for shoplifting at the Lucky's store at 4420 East
3	Bonanza, Las, Vegas, on September 1, 1995.
4	DATED this 4th day of October, 1996.
5	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
6	The & Brook
7	By NAME ASSESSED
8	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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1	NOTICE OF MOTION
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing will be heard
4	on October 7, 1996, at 11:00 A.M. in Department No. VII of the
5	District Court.
6	DATED this 4th of October, 1996.
7	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
8	Johns & Broke
9	ByHOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
10	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
11	
12	
13	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing is hereby
14	acknowledged this day of October, 1996.
15	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
16	
17	By Janes Admes
18	
19	(Mot\Chappell.2)
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28	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

1	NOTC MORGAN D. HARRIS PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR #1879 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for the Defendant Public Defender File No. F-95-5354
2	MORGAN D. HARRIS PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR 11879
3	NEVADA BAR #1879 309 South Third Street, Suite 226
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702)455-4685
5	Attorney for the Defendant Public Defender File No. F-95-5254
6	
7	DIGERTAN AAUDE
8	DISTRICT COURT
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
11	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. Cl31341x
12	v.) DEPT. NO. VII
13	JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,)
14	Defendant.
15	SUMMARY OF JUROR QUESTIONNAIRE DEVELOPMENTS
16	COMES NOW, the Defendant, by and through his attorney,
17	Deputy Public Defender Howard S. Brooks, and does hereby file this
18	Notice with the Court describing developments related to the juror
19	questionnaire.
20	This notice is made and based on the attached
21	Declaration of Howard S. Brooks.
22	DATED this 4th day of October, 1996.
24	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
25	Johnson & Brown
26	By HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374
27	HOWARD S. BROOKS #3374 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
28	

61

HOWARD S. BROOKS makes the following declaration:

- 1. That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; that I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and that I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- 2. Because the James Chappell case is a death penalty case, the intent of the Defense was to present a juror questionnaire in this case. Ordinarily, we would have filed a motion to allow the Court to order a juror questionnaire, and we would have attached a copy of the juror questionnaire to the motion.
- 3. In this case, however, the Court anticipated developments on Monday, September 30, 1996, at the jury selection status check wherein the Court asked whether we intended to submit a juror questionnaire to the potential jury pool. After the Defense replied that we did in fact intend to do that, the Court ordered us to submit a juror questionnaire to the Court for approval.
- 4. On September 30, 1996, I submitted to Mel Harmon, counsel for the State, a proposed juror questionnaire. Mel Harmon and I reviewed the questionnaire together, and identified concerns. The questionnaire was revised according to those concerns, and a revised copy of the juror questionnaire was submitted to the Court, and the Court approved the juror questionnaire on the afternoon of Monday, September 30, 1996.
- 5. The juror questionnaire was reproduced at the Clark County print shop, and provided to the jury services office on

1	Tuesday, October 1, 1996.
2	6. I am inform
3	questionnaire on Wednesda
4	completed questionnaire
5	afternoon of Wednesday, O
6	7. The juror qu
7	and approved by the Court
8	I declare under
9	true and correct. (NRS 5
10	EXECUTED ON Oct
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ormed that 125 jurors filled out the juror sday, October 2, 1996; and copies of the

e were made available to parties on the October 2, 1996.

questionnaire submitted to the jury panel rt is attached to this Notice as Exhibit A.

er penalty of perjury that the foregoing is 53.045).

october 4, 1996.

1	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Notice is hereby
2	acknowledged this day of October, 1996.
3	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
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5	By and Shmell
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7	(Mot\Chappell.Notice)
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Badge #
I.D.#

Juror Questionnaire

Dear Prospective Juror:

You have been placed under oath. Please answer all questions truthfully and completely, as though the questions were being asked of you in open court. You may be asked additional questions in open court during the jury selection process.

Some of the questions ask your opinions. Be honest and state them. If you need more room on any question, use the margins or the next-to-last page, which has been left blank.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to help the court and the lawyers in their attempt to select a fair and impartial jury to hear this case. The answers provided by you in this document will be made available to counsel for both the state and defense. Your answers may also become part of the court's permanent record, and may, therefore, be a public document.

A summary of the case allegations and the procedure to be followed in this case are noted below. The fact that these allegations have been made does not mean they are necessarily true. The State has the burden of proving the allegations beyond a reasonable doubt.

Remember, you must fill out the questionnaire yourself, and when you are finished, please sign the oath on the last page and leave the questionnaire with a jury assistant.

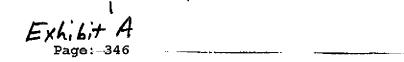
Summary of Case

On August 31, 1995, Deborah Panos was found dead in her trailer at 839 North Nellis, Las Vegas. She died of multiple stab wounds. The next day, James Chappell, the father of Deborah's three children, was arrested and charged with murder with use of a deadly weapon and other charges related to the killing. The media covered the crime, and Mr. Chappell's arrest was reported.

Procedure

This is a murder case where the State is seeking the death penalty.

After the jury is empanelled, the trial will occur. The purpose of the trial is to determine, based on legally presented evidence, if the State can prove the criminal charges beyond a



reasonable doubt. Mr. Chappell is presumed innocent.

If the jury convicts Mr. Chappell of Murder in the First Degree, then the trial is followed by a Penalty hearing where the jury would hear evidence related to punishment. The jury would determine the sentence, and would choose among the following: death; a life sentence in prison with the possibility of parole; a life sentence in prison without the possibility of parole; or a fixed sentence of 50 years with the possibility of parole.

If the jury finds Mr. Chappell Not Guilty, or finds him guilty of charges other than First Degree Murder, then no penalty hearing will occur. If Mr. Chappell is found guilty of charges other than First Degree Murder, the Judge will sentence Mr. Chappell.

The parties anticipate that the trial of this case could last two weeks; a possible penalty hearing could last an additional week. All the trial and penalty proceedings in this case could last a total of three weeks.

	Panos or James Ch	appell?	read media reports about it? Do you
		Questions Al	oout You
3.	Your full name_		Race
4.	Age	Place of birth	Marital Status
5.	Children		
	Age Sex	Education Occupa	ation
)			
·/			
6	In what nart of t	ne county do you uve:	

9. Any courses or training in a legal field?	
10. Your occupation and relevant duties for the last ten years:	
11. What is your spouses's occupation, if you have a spouse?	
12. Have you ever been in business for yourself? If yes, please explain	
13. Ever been a supervisor or boss? If yes, explain	
14. Ever served in the military? If yes, please provide some details.	-
15. Do you attend religious services? If yes, what church or service, and how often?	-
16. Have you ever changed religions? If so, why?	<i>-</i>
17. Any relatives who are judges or attorneys? If yes, what is your relationship to the and how often do you talk to them?	m. -
18. Any relatives in law enforcement? If yes, what is your relationship, and how often you talk to them	ı d o -
19. Ever been a juror before? If yes, what did you think of the experience?	
20. Have you or any member of your family ever had a drug or alcohol problem?	
21. Have you or any members of your family ever been arrested? If so, why? And w	hat
<u> </u>	

feeling toward the police or the government or crience with law enforcement?	22. I
now been a victim of domestic violence?	
now been affected by domestic violence? How?	
s, Interests, & Views	
riminal justice system?	25.
interests'?	26.
o be a leader or a follower? Why?	27.
	28.
llowing:	What do
	29.
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	31
s, Interests, & Views riminal justice system? interests? o be a leader or a follower? Why? Illowing:	25. 26. 27. 28. What do y

32. Federal Prosecutors
33. Police officers
34. Judges
35. The Death Penalty
36. The statement: "An Eye for an Eye:"
37. The statement: "You Shall Not Kill:"
38. The statement: If a prosecutor has taken the trouble of bringing someone to trial, then the person must be guilty.
39. The statement: A defendant in a criminal trial should be required to prove his innocence:
40. The statement: The Death Penalty is appropriate in some cases, but not in others:
41. The statement: The Death Penalty is appropriate in all cases where somebody murders somebody:
42. The statement: A defendant's background should be considered in deciding whether or not the death penalty is an appropriate punishment:
43. The statement: The facts surrounding a killing, and not the killer's background, should be the main consideration in determining punishment:

44,	The statement: Black people cause more crime than white people:
nildren tog	The statement: It's Ok for black people and white people to date each other and hav gether.
46. ould have	The statement: It may be Ok for people of different races to date each other, but I e a hard time dealing with my child doing it:
47.	More than anything else, what should the attorneys in this case know about you in the hether you should be on the jury:
48.	Do you want to be on the jury? Why yes or Why no?
would you possibility	. If Mr. Chappell is convicted of first degree murder, and a penalty hearing is held, a consider all four possible sentences, those being the death penalty, life without the of parole, life with the possibility of parole, or a fixed term of 50 years with the of parole
possible f). In your present state of mind, can you, if selected as a juror, consider equally all for forms of punishment and select the one that you feel is the most appropriate depending facts and the law?
51	I. If you believed the evidence warranted the death penalty, could you personally vote the death penalty?

52.	Are you a member of any organization that advocates or opposes the imposition	. of
the death pe	enalty?	

Explanation Area

Feel free to supplement any of your prior answers, or ask any questions which you may have.

Oath

I swear or affirm that the resp	oonses given are true and accurate to the best of my
knowledge and belief.	
Signature	Date

Admonition

You are instructed not to discuss this questionnaire or any aspect of this case with anyone, including other prospective jurors. You are further instructed not to view, read, or listen to any media account of these proceedings.

A. William Maupin, District Judge

1	DISTRICT COURT
2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 1996 19
3	* * * * * LORETTA BOWMAN, CLERK
4	BY June Ame
5	THE STATE OF NEVADA,) Deputy
6	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C131341
7	Vs) DEPT. NO. VII)
8	JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,) DOCKET P
9	Defendant.)
10	
11	ORDER FOR TRANSCRIPT
	IT IS HEREBY THE ORDER OF THE COURT, pursuant to
12	· •
13	Supreme Court Rule 250.4(b), "Priority of Calendaring and
14	Transcribing," that a daily transcript be prepared of the
15	above-entitled case through and including the penalty phase
16	and any post-trial motions. This transcription is to be
17	paid at the daily copy transcription rate of \$5.63 per page
18	for the original and two copies.
19	IT IS FURTHER THE ORDER OF THE COURT that the
20	County will pay for two court reporters during said trial
21	and including the penalty phase at the rate of \$140.00 per
22	day per court reporter.
23	DATED and DONE this day of October, 1996.
24	Constant a MILLIAM MANDEN
25	HONORABLE A. WILLIAM MAUPIN DISTRICT COURT JUDGE, DEPT. VII

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Page: 354_____

1	DISTRICT COURT		
2	CIA CLA	RK COUNT	Y, NE CCJ AO 8 1995
3	ORIGINAL	* * *	LURETTA BOWMAN, CLERK
4	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		BY Deputy
5	Plaintif	<u> </u>	Of an are access
6		· , ,	CASE NO. C131341
7	Vs	}	DEPT. NO. VII
8	JAMES MONTELL CHAPPELL,)	DOCKET P
9	Defendant	·)	
10			
11			·
12	BRFC	RE THE E	ONORABLE:
13	A. WILLIAM	MAUPIN	DISTRICT JUDGE
14	MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1996, 11:14 A.M.		
15			
16	VOLUME I - MORNING SESSION		
17	APPEARANCES:		
18			
19	FOR THE STATE:	Chief D	LVYN T. HARMON eputy District Attorney
20			ABBI SILVER District Attorney
21	FOR THE DEFENDANT:	***	
22	FOR THE DEFENDANT!	WI	WARD S. BROOKS & LLARD N. EWING
23		nabacte	s Public Defender
24			
25	REPORTED BY:	PATSY K	. SMITH, C.C.R. #190

1	MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1996, 11:14 A.M.
2	THE COURT: All right, this is C131341,
3	State of Nevada versus James Montell Chappell.
4	This matter is on this morning for a
5	Petrocelli hearing for the State's motion to admit evidence
6	of other crimes, wrongs or bad acts. The Court has made a
7	ruling in favor of this motion and made some observations
8	to the incremental offers.
9	At this time, I will have the State make its
10	offer of proof on a formal basis in open court on the
11	record and then we will proceed with the evidentiary
12	portion of the hearing.
13	MR. HARMON: Thank you very much, your
14	Honor. Ms. Silver will be making the offer of proof.
15	THE COURT: Thank you.
16	MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor.
17	If I could, chronology wise and according to
18	my motion, on page six of our motion for other wrongs,
19	crimes or bad acts, on page six at the top, I have domestic
20	battery of February 23rd, 1994 in Tucson, Arizona, the
21	State would offer, by way of proof, the testimony of an
22	officer on duty on February 23rd of 1994 at approximately
23	9:30 p.m. and that would Officer Earnst and I believe the
24	spelling on Officer Earnst is J. Earnst, E-A-R-N-S-T. That
25	officer would basically testify that on that evening, she

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1 was dispatched by an off duty officer at a grocery store, 2 that she responded to that location. This is in Tucson. 3 Arizona where she received preliminary information from that off duty officer by the name of Nikowski, Ed Nikowski, 4 and that based on that information, she came into contact 5 with the victim in this case, Deborah Panos, at which point 6 she took her aside, asked her what had happened. 7 8 She observed her demeanor was that to be 9 crying, extremely upset, and had stated that within 30 10 minutes she had become a victim of domestic violence at the 11 hands of the defendant, James Chappell. That they had been living together as boyfriend and girlfriend, they had three 12 children in common. That on that evening, just prior to 13 14 her making contact with the off duty officer, they were in 15 the trailer together, that she had learned that the 16 defendant had sold the children's furniture. She became upset and was crying, at which point they began to argue --17 the defendant and Deborah Panos began to argue. 18 He pushed her down to the ground and, as she was trying to get up, he 19 started to kick her in her lower body and her extremities. 20 21 That, at some point, she was able to get out of the trailer with the children and run to or, excuse me, actually drive 22 23 to that grocery store where she contacted the off duty police officer, who was actually in uniform. They contract 24 25 out -- that grocery store contracts out security with the

PATSY K. SMITH, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

Page: 357

Tucson police and she immediately told him. 1 2 That would be the offer of proof as to that 3 battery. 4 THE COURT: All right. How does that 5 testimony -- how do you deal with the hearsay objection that's inevitable to that testimony? 6 7 MS. SILVER: I believe that this is an exception to the hearsay rule, your Honor, as an excited 8 utterance, if I might, under 51.095, which provides that 9 a --10 11 THE COURT: Well, I understand what the 12 statute says. Is there a Nevada case that says that --13 MS. SILVER: Yes. THE COURT: -- an utterance at a remote time 14 and place is admissible? 15 MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: In order to satisfy the other section? 18 19 MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor, Deering (phonetic) versus State, 100 Nevada 595, 1994, our Nevada 20 21 Supreme Court had held that a child victim's statement, 22 approximately an hour and a half after she was sexually assaulted, to a police detective was admissible at the 23 trial as an excited utterance. 24 THE COURT: But wasn't that witness 25

1	available for testimony and cross examination in the case?
2	MS. SILVER: I have Deering right here. If
3	I may have the Court's indulgence a moment and I can
4	check. I don't think she was available at the trial, your
5	Honor, just offhand, but if the Court wants me to check
6	THE COURT: Why don't you let me see the
7	case and I can look at it.
8	MS. SILVER: Sure, but I do have another
9	case to where the child was dead and that's Lopez versus
10	State.
11	(Off the record discussion not reported.)
12	MS. SILVER: I do believe that the child was
13	unavailable in Deering.
14	THE COURT: Let me see a Xerox copy of it.
15	MS. SILVER: I don't have Deering. It's my
16	understanding that the child was unavailable and the whole
17	reason that the issue came about is, is that a statement
18	that is reliable enough that the Court can present it by
19	way of testimony, without presenting the testimony, is it
20	sufficiently reliable.
21	THE COURT: Is this witness going to be
22	present to testify?
23	MS. SILVER: Yes, this witness is present to
24	testify.
25	MR. BROOKS: Court's indulgence, your

Page: 359

- 1 Honor. I have a copy of Deering.
- 2 THE COURT: If you would bring it forward, I
- 3 would appreciate it.
- 4 MS. SILVER: And, for the record as well, in
- 5 Lopez versus State, at 105 Nevada 68, 1989, our Nevada
- 6 Supreme Court reiterated its rationale in Deering and
- 7 extended the time in which a statement is still considered
- 8 an excited utterance. In Lopez, the statements made by a
- 9 four year old victim, by virtue of torture statements, were
- 10 made to that mother regarding that stepfather's physical
- 11 abuse, that was admissible by the court as an excited
- 12 utterance, even though the events happened "within a couple
- 13 hours of the events," because the Court's reason was that
- 14 the child was still under the stress of the exciting
- 15 condition and that's what we really look for here. Is it
- 16 reliable.
- 17 THE COURT: That's fine. I don't want to
- 18 hear argument on it. I want to get a preliminary -- do you
- 19 have the case, Mr. Brooks? . Yes.
- 20 THE COURT: Can I have it? I'll just read
- 21 it myself.
- 22 All right, what's the rest of your offer of
- 23 proof?
- 24 MS. SILVER: That would be as to that
- 25 battery, your Honor.

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1	As to the Court's indulgence.
2	It would be on page five, number one, Lisa
3	Duran's observations of the defendant beating Deborah Panos
4	in the face while yelling at her, I would offer, by way of
5	proof, the testimony which at the preliminary hearing Lisa
6	Duran basically recounted her relationship with the victim,
7	Deborah Panos in this case. They were co-workers
8	together.
9	THE COURT: Was this information at the
10	MS. SILVER: Yes.
11	THE COURT: So you are going to publish the
12	preliminary hearing transcript as evidence at this time?
13	MS. SILVER: I could do that if the Court
14	would like. I could do that for the record. Court's
15	indulgence.
16	THE COURT: Mr. Brooks.
17	MR. BROOKS: Judge, we are anticipating the
18	actual witness would come in and testify.
19	THE COURT: Then let's go ahead and have the
20	witness then.
21	MS. SILVER: That's fine.
22	Just by way of an offer of proof, she
23	basically was working with Deborah Panos that day. She
24	looked outside the window of her work and she could see
25	Deborah Panos and the defendant in a vehicle, at which time

<u> Page: 361</u>

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she noticed that the victim was crying, as they appeared to 1 2 be arguing. The defendant was yelling at the victim and. 3 at some point, the defendant basically took his hand, open 4 handed, and slapped the victim across the face and Deborah 5 Panos then exited the vehicle, went into work, and that's 6 all. Nothing was ever said about it. They just observed 7 this battery and that did come out at the preliminary 8 hearing as well. 9 As to page five, number two, I have listed 10 down University Medical Center records and testimony of 11 Deborah Panos' broken nose of January 9th of 1995 as a 12 result of the defendant battering Deborah Panos. I have 13 for an offer of proof, your Honor. 14 THE COURT: I think for the purpose of the offer, you can just submit the medical records at this 15 16 point. 17 MS. SILVER: Well, there is actually --18 THE COURT: A custodian of records? 19 MS. SILVER: There's going to be testimony 20 as well. Actually, the doctor should be able to testify and also the medical records. 21 22 THE COURT: I understand. In this hearing this morning? 23

PATSY K. SMITH, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

hearing, just for the trial and the doctor and the medical

I'm sorry, not for this

MS. SILVER: No.

24

1	records would be the offer of proof.
2	THE COURT: All right. Well, let me see the
3	medical records at this time and I'll admit them as Court's
4	Exhibit A for the purpose of the Petrocelli hearing.
5	Have you seen these records, Mr. Brooks?
6	MR. BROOKS: I may have seen part of them,
7	Judge, in examining the evidence.
8	MS. SILVER: I have provided them to the
9	defense, your Honor.
10	THE COURT: All right, what is next?
11	MS. SILVER: Additionally, we have the same
12	January incident, we would be providing the testimony of
13	Officer Giersdorf, G-I-E-R-S-D-O-R-F, who would state that
14	around midnight of January 9th, 1995, he was dispatched to
15	Ballerina Mobile Home Park where the battered occurred. He
16	got a 911 call via the fire department and when he got to
17	that location, he noticed the victim. She had already been
18	in the ambulance, she had blood covering her face, her
19	ears, her hair, and that her nose was bleeding profusely.
20	There appeared to be lacerations on her nose, there
21	appeared to be blood as well and lacerations on her
22	forehead, and she was complaining of being in pain and she
23	was upset. She had a hard time, trouble talking because of
24	the blood and, basically, she told the officer that the
25	defendant, James Chappell, had beaten her in the face. She

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1 was unsure of what it was. I believe he had --2 THE COURT: All right. What is your next offer? 3 4 MS. SILVER: Just, also for the record, your 5 Honor, that he then went into the residence, he contacted the defendant to ask his side of the story, and that the 6 7 defendant admitted to hitting the victim in the face with a plastic cup and, at that point, he arrested the defendant 8 for domestic violence. 9 10 That would be that instance, your Honor, and 11 if I might address the clerk and have this marked as an 12 exhibit. 13 THE COURT: Is this from the January 9 incident? 14 15 MS. SILVER: Yes, that's the medical documents. 16 17 As far as the domestic battery of June 1st, 18 1993, it's listed as number three, where the defendant 19 threatened Deborah with a knife, I have by way of offer of proof, if the Court would give me some indulgence on this, 20 I would find it. I have a certified copy of a judgment of 21 22 conviction from that battery out of the City. Additionally -- oh, I need to go back. 23 24 sorry, your Honor. I also forgot on the January 9th, 1995

PATSY K. SMITH, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

Page: 364

battery, we will also be presenting to the Court a

1 certified copy of a Family Court application for temporary protective order by fax and a temporary protective order 2 issued by fax. These are certified documents issued by 3 Judge Marren, Deborah Panos being the plaintiff and the 4 defendant James Chappell being the defendant. 5 For the record, I have provided the defense 6 7 with both of these items. I'd ask that they also be marked as Exhibits B and C at this time and we'd also be providing 8 the testimony regarding the fact that a woman by the name 9 10 of Tonya Hobson prepared that document, that, basically, to explain to the jury that a victim contacts them by way of 11 12 phone, and that she prepares the document, which goes to 13 the judge, and the perpetrator is actually served with that 14 order while incarcerated and he was served that evening. 15 If you look at the order, that was done on an emergency basis and he was served with that order in the early 16 morning hours of January 10th of 1995, according to those 17 official court documents, and that would be as to that, 18 again January 9th. 19 20 Going back to the domestic battery of June 21 1st of 1995, I would, by way of testimony, be offering the testimony of Officer Williams who was dispatched to a 22 23 domestic violence call on June 1st of 1995 in the evening 24 hours to the Ballerina Mobile Home Trailer Park --25 THE COURT: Is this going to be in this

1	hearing or at trial?
2	MS. SILVER: I'm making a offer of proof as
3	to what this person would testify to at trial.
4	THE COURT: No, I understand that.
5	MS. SILVER: No, not at this hearing.
6	MR. BROOKS: Judge, we are asking the State
7	show clear and convincing evidence of this acts.
8	THE COURT: You said an hour. We are a half
9	hour into the hearing. When are we going to hold this
10	hearing?
11	MS. SILVER: Well, we are trying right now.
12	THE COURT: I understand, but I'm trying to
13	account for the jury coming in this afternoon at 1:30 and I
14	want to do this and you are entitled to this.
15	MR. HARMON: Your Honor, I think the
16	confusion lies on which witnesses we actually intend to
17	offer at this hearing.
18	THE COURT: Right.
19	MR. HARMON: We're making a offer of proof
20	in lieu of testimony.
21	THE COURT: That was not clear to me.
22	MS. SILVER: I'm sorry.
23	MR. HARMON: So she is almost through with
24	the offer proof.
25	THE COURT: Oh, okay. All right.

1	MR. BROOKS: Judge, our position remains
2	that the State must show, by actual witnesses taking the
3	stand, each prior bad act that the State intends to prove.
4	MR. HARMON: Well, we have to show by clear
5	and convincing evidence, but it doesn't have to be through
6	testimony. Petrocelli makes that clear. In fact,
7	Petrocelli was an offer of proof.
8	THE COURT: Yes, I understand.
9	MR. BROOKS: Petrocelli was reversed.
10	THE COURT: Not for that reason.
11	MS. SILVER: Again, we would be offering the
12	testimony of Officer Williams, who arrived on June 1st of
13	1995. He observed the victim's demeanor as crying and
14	upset. As an excited utterance, we would be offering the
15	victim's statements to the police officer that the
16	defendant began to argue with the victim about five to 10
17	minutes prior to his arrival at the location and that
18	THE COURT: What events are you talking
19	about now?
20	MS. SILVER: This is June 1st, 1995.
21	THE COURT: All right.
22	MS. SILVER: And that, as a result of the
23	argument, the defendant basically threw her down onto the
24	bed, he became violent with her, he jumped on top of her,
25	he placed his knees over her arms, and then he pulled out a

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knife and threatened her with that knife and, ultimately, a 1 2 friend named Clair began to knock on the door and then also the police arrived and that was the --3 THE COURT: So this is also a spontaneous utterance? 5 MS. SILVER: Yes, as an excited utterance to the police officer. 7 Additionally, your Honor, if the Court could 8 indulge me just a moment, I have the conviction. 9 THE COURT: Was this a misdemeanor battery? 10 MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor. 11 I have a one, two, three, four, five, six 12 page stapled document. They are all certified. 13 judgment of conviction from a plea of guilty to battery on 14 Deborah Panos on 8 -- excuse me -- August 30th, 1995, the 15 day before her murder. It also is a two page judgment 16 17 signed by Tony Abbatangelo, the Municipal Judge. It has two pages of court minutes and on the last page is the 18 criminal complaint, which is also certified, showing that 19 the victim is Deborah Panos. I have provided this as well 20 to the defense. I ask that this be marked as State's 21 Exhibit, I believe we are up to D. 22 MR. BROOKS: Judge, if in fact the Court 23 rules that evidence of a prior domestic battery, in terms 24 of testimony of the actual battery, is going to be

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admitted, we understand that, in fact, the State may be 1 2 allowed to get in the judgment of conviction of the battery that supported it happened. 3 MS. SILVER: We're not going to do that at 4 the trial. We are not going to say he was convicted. 5 We're just offering this conviction for the purposes of 6 7 Petrocelli. MR. BROOKS: We want to make sure that our 8 position is that should not go in front of the jury at all 9 because --10 MS. SILVER: That's fine. 11 It's just part of the offer of 12 THE COURT: proof. 13 MS. SILVER: It's just an offer of proof, 14 If I could have that marked as D. your Honor. 15 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I was confused. 16 thought you were going to actually bring in live testimony 17 this morning. That's why it would prove to be more 18 perfunctory than it is. You can continue with your 19 Petrocelli hearing. 20 MS. SILVER: Thank you. 21 Finally, for the Petrocelli offer of proof, 22

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we would also, as you can see from our supplemental Points

& Authorities for the motion for prior bad acts, it's our

position that the threats made by the defendant to Dina

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Freeman are actually not bad acts. They are just threats, 1 but we would specifically be, if this is allowed in, as the 2 Court has already stated it's inclined to allow it in, 3 basically three items. Just for the Court's knowledge, 4 that this is a co-worker at the Tucson Police Department 5 with Deborah Panos. This woman, Dina Freeman, is a police 6 dispatcher. The victim in this case was a 911 operator for 7 the police department. They became friends, they were 8 friends about five years, they worked together, and they 9 were friends, and that, in 1999, the victim would stay over 10 her house a lot, she wouldn't go home. That between 11 February '94 and September of '94, a period of about six or 12 seven months, that there was a telephone call made to her 13 by the victim, Deborah Panos, that the victim was screaming 14 and crying and said that the defendant had jumped on her. 15 She could hear the defendant in the background, whose voice 16 she knew, as she was friends with the victim, and she could 17 hear the defendant saying, "He didn't care what she did, if 18 she ever F'd around in front of his kids, he would kill her 19 ass," and she could hear him calling her names, but she 20 wasn't sure of the names. 21 There is a second telephone call that was 22 made before the victim moved to Las Vegas in September of 23 '94 and she would testify that it occurred approximately 24 August of 1994 where Deborah again called Dina Freeman up 25

1 crying and she could hear the defendant in the background 2 saying either give me the car or you give me some money cause I know you are F'ing around on me. You are not going 3 4 to Dina's house everyday for nothing. I'm going to do an OJ Simpson on your ass. 5 6 I would also note to the Court that there 7 is, I believe, one last thing -- oh, excuse me, two more things. 8 There was also another telephone call 9 approximately Thanksgiving of 1994, when Dina was here in 10 11 Las Vegas. According to her statement and what we would 12 offer by testimony, she was crying and heard the defendant 13 again in the background tell her that he was going to do an OJ Simpson on her ass and to let him take the car and that 14 she could also hear the children present. 15 Finally, she would basically testify that 16 17 between February of 1994 and when the victim left for Las 18 Vegas, which was September of 1994, a period of six months, 19 that the victim was often seen at work with bruises, bruises on her face, on her eyes, that she would cover up 20 these bruises with makeup, and that she saw bruises on her 21 22 arms. 23 We would submit to the Court that that would be observations as well as these are threats made by the 24

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defendant and not necessarily what you would "deem other,"

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1	you know, crimes like the batteries that we've been
2	prepared to introduce.
3	Thank you, your Honor. We would submit that
4	as our offer of proof for Petrocelli.
5	THE COURT: So, in summary, you are going to
6	be offering Lisa Duran's observations of the Defendant
7	beating Deborah Panos in the face while yelling at her,
8	that's number one?
9	MS. SILVER: Yes.
10	THE COURT: And that relates to what event
11	chronologically?
12	MS. SILVER: I have it out of chronological
13	order in my motion. It's actually close to Christmas 1994
14	when she lives here in Las Vegas.
15	THE COURT: All right, 12/94.
16	MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor.
17	THE COURT: All right, University Medical
18	Center records of Deborah Panos' broken nose of January 9,
19	1995?
20	MS. SILVER: Yes, and Officer Giersdorf as
21	well.
22	THE COURT: Will testify about his
23	observations and her statements to him?
24	MS. SILVER: Correct, your Honor.
25	THE COURT: And then the domestic battery of

1 June 1, 1995 where the defendant allegedly threatened the 2 victim with a knife which resulted in his conviction, incarceration, and release within two years -- with two 3 hours of her murder. MS. SILVER: 5 Yes. On number two, your Honor, we had also been prepared to -- we submitted the T.R.O., which was the 7 8 temporary protective order issued out of Family Court. that would be added to number two as part of the testimony of that battery and she was so in fear, she went --10 THE COURT: So domestic battery, June 1, 11 12 1995 is a separate --MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor, and that would 13 be Officer Williams and he would testify not only to the 14 threat with the knife, but that the defendant jumped on top 15 of her. 16 17 THE COURT: And domestic battery February 18 23rd, 1994. MS. SILVER: That's the Tucson incident 19 where she contacted the off duty officer, who dispatched 20 Officer Earnst to the scene. 21 22 THE COURT: And this is Dina? MS. SILVER: Finally, Dina Freeman. 23 THE COURT: Dina Freeman will testify with 24 25 regard to that.

1	MS. SILVER: No. Officer Earnst will
2	testify to the domestic battery when the defendant was
3	arrested by Officer Earnst.
4	THE COURT: In February '94?
5	MS. SILVER: Yes.
6	THE COURT: In Tucson?
7	MS. SILVER: Yes.
8	THE COURT: And spontaneous other incidents
9	that occurred at that time?
10	MS. SILVER: Right, and then Dina Freeman as
11	far as the threats
12	THE COURT: All right.
13	MS. SILVER: just made over the
14	telephone.
15	THE COURT: And at this time you are not
16	going to be this is your offer of proof, but you are not
17	going to be bringing in live testimony at this point?
18	MS. SILVER: Not for this hearing.
19	MR. BROOKS: We would object to that, your
20	Honor.
21	THE COURT: I understand.
22	Let me quickly look at the Deering decision
23	before you argue because I know that this is what you are
24	going to be arguing at this point.
25	MR. BROOKS: Okay.

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1	THE COURT: Well, Deering, according to the
2	headnote, Deering does involve an excited utterance of a
3	live witness and a different evidentiary rule was brought
4	into play.
5	MS. SILVER: Lopez does not.
6	THE COURT: To wit: the rehabilitation by a
7	prior consistent statement.
8	MS. SILVER: Lopez does not, your Honor.
9	That's a dead victim and I can give the Court that case as
10	well.
11	THE COURT: Because that's a factor that the
12	Court can consider on the issue of liability I mean on
13	reliability and the right of confrontation.
14	MS. SILVER: I do have U.S. Supreme Court
15	law on the confrontation clause as far as the excited
16	utterances go, as well
17	THE COURT: I just want to see the Lopez
18	decision.
19	MS. SILVER: Lopez. Thank you.
20	THE COURT: Bring it forward.
21	MS. SILVER: Court's indulgence.
22	THE COURT: These excited utterances that
23	you are talking about are all made upon immediate
24	confrontation with the police or Dina Freeman?
25	MS. SILVER: Actually the one with Dina

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Freeman, the defendant is yelling out in the background of 1 2 what he is doing. She actually hears him screaming at 3 her. THE COURT: They are immediately upon her 5 contacting the police --MS. SILVER: Dispatch, yes. Two of them are 6 7 dispatched here in Las Vegas and the one in Arizona, she got out of the residence and actually within -- she was 8 able to contact that officer within approximately half hour 9 10 of it occurring. She actually contacted the off duty officer first. 11 THE COURT: Right. 12 All right, your argument, Mr. Brooks. 13 MR. BROOKS: Judge, there is three issues 14 here I think that need to be touched upon. 15 First of all, the purpose of a Petrocelli 16 hearing is the State is to provide clear and convincing 17 evidence, as we understand it, through testimony that 18 allows this to be evaluated. 19 20 THE COURT: Which Petrocelli case are you talking about? 21 MR. BROOKS: The Petrocelli hearing as to 22 23 these witnesses to show clear and convincing evidence of these prior bad acts. 24

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THE COURT: Well, I have 101 Nevada 46, the

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1 '85 case in front me at this point. MS. SILVER: I also have Armstrong, your 2 3 Honor, at 110 Nevada. THE COURT: He says Petrocelli was 5 reversed. Here it says it was affirmed. MR. BROOKS: I must be referring to a 6 7 different one, Judge. THE COURT: All right. 8 MR. BROOKS: Our position is that we cannot 9 10 evaluate these witnesses to determine whether there's clear and convincing evidence without them taking the stand. 11 Secondly, Judge, in terms of foundation for 12 the excited utterances, we have had no foundation presented 13 here by an actual witness regarding an actual excited 14 15 utterance. In fact, some of these cases we know that the person that Ms. Logue -- Ms. Silver is talking about is not 16 the first officer she talked to, but rather the second 17 officer. 18 For example, when Deborah Panos talked to 19 20 Officer Earnst in Tucson, she actually ran up to one other officer first and reported things. That's the officer who 21 might have the excited utterance. Later, she talked to 22 Officer Earnst, but we don't know that because we can't 23

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And, finally, Judge, it is our position all

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have the testimony.

1	of this is putting the cart before the horse when you
2	consider that the defense has stipulated, in a filing of
3	September 10th, that we are stipulating that James Chappell
4	caused the death of Deborah Panos by stabbing her with a
5	kitchen knife and the act was not an accident and we will
6	also stipulate it was not self-defense and because of that,
7	there is no reason to bring in these prior bad acts except
8	to show character evidence and the State has made no
9	showing at all that these witnesses can say anything
10	regarding motive. We have a pattern of conduct, but a
11	pattern of conduct is not necessarily a pattern of motive.
12	So we object to any prior bad evidence in
13	light of our prior stipulation that he killed the woman.
14	THE COURT: Now you have offered the
15	stipulations. They have not accepted it.
16	MR. HARMON: Your Honor, we're certainly
17	prepared to accept the stipulation. That's something we
18	wanted formalized today. However
19	THE COURT: If that is true, then the issues
20	you are speaking about are during the guilt phase.
21	MR. HARMON: No, I don't agree with that at
22	all.
23	THE COURT: Certainly this evidence is
24	admissible.
25	MR. HARMON: They

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1	THE COURT: One at a time.
2	Certainly the evidence is admissible by way
3	of hearsay at the penalty phase.
4	MR. HARMON: The defense is stipulating
5	agreeing to stipulate and we're saying on the record we
6	accept their stipulation, number one, that he entered the
7	residence on the day of the crime through the window, but
8	they don't say it was a burglary. They just admit that he
9	entered into the window. They are saying that after he got
10	inside, he had sexual relations with her. They aren't
11	saying that it was forcible. They are just acknowledging
12	that that happened and, of course, there is D.N.A. to prove
13	in this case that it happened.
14	THE COURT: All right.
15	MR. HARMON: They're saying that he killed
16	her and it wasn't an accident. They aren't saying that the
17	offense is voluntary manslaughter or second degree murder
18	or first degree murder. They are saying that he did it
19	because he was jealous.
20	THE COURT: So this is all motive and
21	intent?
22	MR. HARMON: All this is evidence of his
23	state of mind, of his motive, his intent. The issue in
24	this case is going to be whether he premeditated and we
25	submit, your Honor, we have a right to bring out the

1	evidence of the pattern of conduct which certainly
2	buttresses our ultimate conclusion that before he was
3	released from the jail, he had decided to murder her.
4	Now the jury is going to have to decide
5	whether that theory accurately describes what happened
6	here, but that's our theory and all this relates to the
7	state of mind of the defendant.
8	THE COURT: So it relates to one of the
9	elements of your cause of action against this defendant?
10	MR. HARMON: It does and they are admissible
11	because the jury may or may not accept the stipulation. I
12	realize we're undoubtedly going to instruct them that they
13	have an obligation to do so, but we're suggesting, yes, we
14	accept their stipulation, but we're asking the Court for
15	permission to proceed with our proof nevertheless because
16	we have to convince the jury beyond a reasonable doubt.
17	THE COURT: All right.
18	MS. SILVER: If I could
19	MR. BROOKS: Judge
20	THE COURT: I will let Mr. Brooks finish his
21	argument.
22	MR. BROOKS: Judge, excluding the statement
23	by Dina Freeman regarding, "I'm going to do an OJ Simpson
24	on your ass," which is a separate type of thing here in
25	relation to the other evidence offered by the State, we

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1	have not heard anything that said why these different
2	events occurred and I'm not sure if any of these things
3	really tell us why they occurred except to say they have
4	happened and the problem is we have this type of pattern of
5	domestic violence, it's highly inflammatory to the jury, it
6	paints him as a wife beater. In this case, she was
7	essentially his common law wife and the problem is
8	THE COURT: He's admitted now he is a wife
9	killer.
LO	MR. BROOKS: Right, but the problem is
11	that's how highly inflammatory it is, but that's for
L2	character evidence. He's a wife beater and the problem,
L3	Judge, this doesn't tell us why. None of this evidence
L4	does, none of it at all.
L5	Dina Freeman's statement is the only
L6	statement that sheds light on whether or not there is some
L7	motive here, but the problem with Dina Freeman's statement
L8	is that we are talking about a woman in Tucson, Arizona
L9	talking on the telephone with Deborah Panos and Deborah
20	Panos, as the testimony will show, had been in and out of
21	that trailer over and over again. She had many different
22	boyfriends. How does she possibly know which person it was
23	in that trailer.
24	MS. SILVER: That's
25	MR. BROOKS: She can't. She can't show it

1 and the reason she can't show it is because she didn't see 2 who made the statement and she can't identify who made the statement and James Chappell was in jail almost half the 3 4 time they lived in Las Vegas. We don't even have a date for that conversation. 5 THE COURT: Well, there has to be --MS. SILVER: There is a date. That was in 7 8 1994 when she lived in Tucson with the defendant. That's when those calls came. Not in Las Vegas. If you looked at 9 my brief and listened to my argument --10 11 THE COURT: No, no. Don't address comments 12 to him. 13 MS. SILVER: But it is in 1994. nothing to do with Las Vegas. When Dina Freeman is getting 14 called by the victim, she is in Tucson. 15 THE COURT: I understand that. 16 17 MS. SILVER: Additionally --THE COURT: You have laid a foundation for 18 19 that. Go ahead, Mr. Brooks. 20 MR. BROOKS: Judge, obviously, I may be 21 22 wrong on that aspect of the case. However, even if she was living in Tucson, if she is talking about living in Tucson 23

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identify who is talking in the background. She doesn't see

and she's talking to somebody on the telephone, she can't

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1 the person speaking and that's hardly clear and convincing evidence that James Chappell said that. James Chappell 2 3 will take the stand and testify clearly he never said 4 that. 5 So, Judge, in summary, we are in a situation here where we will object throughout the trial with regard 6 to the lack of foundation with regard to these statements, 7 but we also believe that we need to evaluate the evidence 8 from the witness stand as to these people to see whether or 9 10 not they are in fact credible witnesses of these alleged acts and then, finally, the State has made no showing all 11 of what in the world these are going to show. It will 12 inflame the jury because, in fact, we've stipulated to the 13 main point they want to prove. We are not contesting 14 15 identity. We are not contesting that he killed her. MS. SILVER: If I could, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Yes, in reply. 17 MS. SILVER: My entire argument of the law 18 in every case I cited to the Court, including Nevada, which 19 20 is Hogan versus State, it allowed in, in a cases where it was a murder case, it allowed in prior evidence that the 21 defendant has thrown his girlfriend to the ground and they 22 did it not as to identity, but "to demonstrate ill will as 23 a motive for the crime and the Court found that the threats 24 made by the defendant to the victim prior to the murder 25

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1 were also admitted as proper excited utterances." I go on, your Honor. My entire brief to the 2 Court is filled with various California Supreme Court 3 cases, all of which say that this is more probative than 4 prejudicial. Time and time again, this has come in, prior 5 threats, prior abuse in case after case in order to show б intent to kill and motive. 7 Additionally, your Honor, it's interesting 8 to note that in the threats the defendant was making in the 9 background in which Dina Freeman overheard --10 The jury can assess her 11 THE COURT: credibility as to whether that's the voice she heard. 12 MS. SILVER: Exactly, but, additionally, 13 it's interesting to note that the defendant is threatening 14 to do an OJ Simpson on her ass and in the end, the 15 defendant did do an OJ Simpson on this woman. He did slice 16 17 her throat. He didn't choke her, didn't put a bullet in her head, he sliced her throat the same way. 18 So there's some reliability, again at least 19 for purposes of this hearing, that the defendant threatened 20 21 to do this, he intended to do it, and he carried out what he intended to do. It's probative for motive. The defense 22 in their opposition could not cite even one case that said 23 that this evidence does not come in. All they can do is 24 throw in a stipulation and say, oh, gee, the State doesn't 25

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need to present this in their case, but they don't cite to 1 this Court not one legal argument for this, not one case, 2 not one statute, and what the State has presented is a 3 multitude of case law and statute. 4 THE COURT: And your argument is that you 5 can make an oral offer of proof on this point to satisfy 6 the burden by putting the witness on the stand at trial and 7 8 that would satisfy the clear and convincing evidence standard? 9 MR. HARMON: That is our position, 10 absolutely, your Honor, and, in fact, that's the way it was 11 done in the Petrocelli case the Court referenced. 12 THE COURT: That's the way it appears to 13 have been done, according to the discussion at pages 51 and 14 52 of Petrocelli, 101 Nevada 46. 15 16 MR. HARMON: Yes. THE COURT: All right, does the matter on 17 this issue stand submitted? 18 MR. BROOKS: Yes, sir. 19 MS. SILVER: Yes. 20 21 MR. BROOKS: Yes, Judge, we would like an individual ruling as to each one of the admissions. 22 THE COURT: Well, I'm going to allow Lisa 23

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Duran's observation of the defendant beating Deborah Panos

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and yelling at her in December '94.

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1	I will allow the admissions of the
2	University Medical Center records and testimony regarding
3	Deborah Panos' broken nose in January of 1995 as a result
4	of a battery committed by the defendant.
5	I will also allow the existence of the
6	temporary protective order to be admitted. I believe that
7	has definite probative value as to premeditation and the
8	domestic battery of June 1, 1995 will be admitted along
9	with the domestic battery of February 23rd, 1994 in Tucson,
10	Arizona.
11	I believe that there has been the offer
12	of proof, at least as it is presented in Court, lays a
13	proper foundation for the admission of excited utterances
14	and is a hearsay exception and on that basis, the Court
15	finds that at least the offer would demonstrate that the
16	State will be able to prove by clear and convincing
17	evidence that these events occurred.
18	MS. SILVER: How about as to
19	THE COURT: In conformance with Petrocelli.
20	Now we have to move onto the question of the
21	two motions in limine that were brought by the defendant.
22	MS. SILVER: Is your ruling preventing us
23	from bringing in Dina Freeman as to the threats she had
24	heard over the phone made by the defendant?
25	THE COURT: No, no. I'm allowing that as

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1	well.
2	MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Sorry. That was part and parcel
4	of the order. I was reading from page five and six of your
5	motion.
6	MS. SILVER: Thank you, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: When are those? What's the date
8	of those threats, Ms. Silver?
9	MS. SILVER: Your Honor, as to the first
10	telephone conversations, the date of that would be February
11	of 1994; some time in February of 1994 to approximately
12	September of 1994. The second phone call was just before
13	she moved to Las Vegas in September of 1994. So that's
14	estimated about August of 1994 and the last
15	THE COURT: And she heard those threats?
16	MS. SILVER: She heard them and she can say
17	it's the defendant's voice.
18	THE COURT: All right.
19	MS. SILVER: And, finally, there was one in
20	Thanksgiving where she heard the defendant, again over the
21	phone, and that was Thanksgiving of '94. So about November
22	of '94.
23	THE COURT: Okay, next motion is the
24	defendant's motion in limine regarding events related to

his arrest for shoplifting on September 1, 1995. I

MR. HARMON: Your Honor, it's our position 2 that evidence of the shoplifting is admissible as proof of 3 intent and motive. We have alleged in the Information that 4 on the day before August the 31st, in addition to murdering 5 Deborah Panos, that the defendant forced his way in to the 6 residence with the intent to commit larceny and/or assault 7 or battery. 8 9 We also have alleged robbery with use of a weapon and, in fact, he did take the vehicle, he did take 10 social security cards, but there wasn't really anything 11 much of value there. It certainly is pertinent to his 12 state of mind the day before that he's out stealing the 13 very next day. It's not remote in time. It is something, 14 as counsel suggests, yes, we can bring out that he had on 15 him the victim's property, including the keys. We can 16 bring that out without mentioning the details of the petty 17 larceny arrest, but what we're alleging is that he had the 18 motive to steal the day before and, in fact, had that as 19 part of his motivation for entering and, in fact, stole or 20 tried to steal, in connection with the murder, within 24 21 hours, he is observed stealing property at a Lucky 22 supermarket and it's certainly our position that this is 23 evidence of his intent and motive. If that was his state 24 of mind, if he wanted to steal on September the 1st, then 25

understand -- what's the State's position on that?

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undoubtedly he wanted to steal also on August the 31st, 1 1995 and we think the jury is entitled to hear that 2 3 information. THE COURT: What is your position on the 5 defendant's motion in limine regarding the details of the defendant's release from jail and the fact he was on 6 7 probation? MR. HARMON: Your Honor, they don't need to 8 9 know that he was on probation for a gross misdemeanor. 10 They don't need to hear the testimony of Parole & Probation regarding the details. In fact, we had already concluded 11 before the motion that we would reserve that evidence for a 12 penalty hearing, if it becomes necessary. 13 14 However, it is important, without identifying anything except domestic battery, for the 15 prosecution to be able to establish that he was in custody 16 because he wrote letters that we intend to offer suggesting 17 a custodial setting and it's furthermore crucial --18 THE COURT: What stimulated his custody 19 status from which he was released just before this 20 incident? 21 MR. BROOKS: He was released because of a 22 23 probation violation. THE COURT: No, no. Why was he in custody? 24 MR. BROOKS: Domestic violence. 25

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1	THE COURT: On this victim?
2	MR. BROOKS: Domestic violence and a
3	shoplifting warrant.
4	THE COURT: But he was in jail because he
5	was because of a domestic violence incident involving
6	the victim in this case?
7	MS. SILVER: Yes, your Honor.
8	MR. BROOKS: Correct.
9	MR. HARMON: He was in jail. They were also
10	trying to revoke his probation on the gross misdemeanor.
11	THE COURT: All right.
12	MR. HARMON: That was involved in that, but,
13	Judge
14	THE COURT: I see.
15	MR. HARMON: we don't even, beyond the
16	domestic violence, need to have the Court rule. We don't
17	need to tell the jury that he was involved with a gross
18	misdemeanor or anything else.
19	THE COURT: Well, to that extent, the motion
20	is granted, but I think the fact that he was in custody
21	hecause of a domestic violence issue involving this victim
22	is highly probative on the question of motive.
23	MR. HARMON: Well, it is. The release and
24	the timing, of course, of the murder, which occurs within a
25	few hours of the release.

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1	THE COURT: The fact that he was released
2	and the fact that the murder occurred within that time
3	frame is certainly admissible, as far as the Court is
4	concerned, but the fact that he was on probation and why he
5	was on probation doesn't need to be conveyed to the jury.
6	MR. BROOKS: We would also ask, Judge, in
7	relationship to that motion, that there be no mentioning of
8	this story regarding Mr. Duffy telling him to go enter a
9	drug treatment program and him not going.
10	THE COURT: I'll accept the State's
11	assurances that won't be introduced in the guilt phase of
12	the trial.
13	MR. BROOKS: Right.
14	MR. HARMON: You have our assurance.
15	THE COURT: All right.
16	So the only other issue then is the
17	shoplifting incident the next day.
18	MR. BROOKS: Judge, I have heard Mr.
19	Harmon's arguments and the Court seems inclined, and my
20	impression is, to accept his arguments. I'm surprised the
21	State is treading on this kind of dangerous ground to
22	suggest that shoplifting on another day and going into a
23	supermarket and taking a bottle of liquor is the same thing
24	as going in somebody's home and killing them for the
25	purposes of stealing. I think it's a tremendous stretch

- and is not probative. 1 2 THE COURT: I'm going to reserve ruling on this aspect of this. I think this is a more marginal offer 3 of proof than the others. What I'm going to do is await 4 the presentation of the evidence of this crime and then 5 6 I'll make a determination as to whether or not its prejudicial value outweighs its probative effect and so 7 I'll accept another offer of proof later on in the trial on 8 that issue. 9 MR. HARMON: That will be fine. 10 11 In terms of establishing that the defendant was in custody for domestic violence and the timing of his 12 release from custody, is that something that we can handle 13 just by way of stipulation since the Court has ruled or is 14 it going to be necessary to put Officer Duffy of the 15 Department of Parole & Probation on? We certainly would be 16 prepared to stipulate that he was in custody for domestic 17 violence, that he was released at about 9:00 in the morning 18 on August the 31st, 1995. 19 THE COURT: That's fine. 20 MR. HARMON: He met briefly with -- we don't 21 even, I suppose, have to mention that he met someone, but 22 he had an agreement to report back to law enforcement at 23
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MS. SILVER: Actually --

1:30 in the afternoon and didn't keep that.

24

1	THE COURT: Do you want this?
2	MS. SILVER: It's at 10:45 according to the
3	testimony.
4	THE COURT: Do you want
5	MR. HARMON: He was released at 9.
6	MR. BROOKS: Judge, I would like to think
7	about that.
8	THE COURT: That's fine, but in the absence
9	of a stipulation, I will allow that evidence because I
10	think that's obviously, to use an outdated phrase, part of
11	the res gestae of the alleged events.
12	MR. HARMON: Very well, your Honor.
13	Before we conclude, to return to the
14	defense's offer to stipulate, because we would like to know
15	for sure to stand by that, are they formalizing that offer
16	now? Do they still stand by the things
17	THE COURT: It's filed as part of the record
18	in the case.
19	MR. BROOKS: The offer to stipulate has been
20	made on the record and we will at this time stipulate to
21	those four facts as phrased in the offer at this time.
22	THE COURT: So you can read that stipulation
23	to the jury in your opening statement, Mr. Harmon.
24	MR. BROOKS: That's correct.
25	THE COURT: Or Ms. Silver.

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1	MR. HARMON: Very good.
2	MS. SILVER: Court's indulgence.
3	THE COURT: Whoever it is.
4	MR. HARMON: Ms. Silver is going to give the
5	opening statement.
6	THE COURT: Let's very briefly talk about
7	scheduling. We will come back at 1:30 for jury selection
8	today. I intend to take us until about 6:00 this evening.
9	I have vacated my civil calendar tomorrow. There is one
10	brief matter at 9:00. We could start jury selection at
11	8:30 in the morning, but I'll leave that to the parties.
12	You have no other case responsibilities
13	during the next two weeks, Mr. Brooks?
14	MR. BROOKS: I do not, Judge. I don't mean
15	to sound manipulative here, obviously, we have a situation
16	where we are going to slow down and be speeding up. I will
17	let the Court know my problem. Dr. Etcoff, for the defense
18	cases, is not available Friday morning or Monday. He is
19	available Friday afternoon or Tuesday morning for us.
20	THE COURT: You mean next Tuesday?
21	MR. BROOKS: Yes. Also we have
22	MR. HARMON: Is he available this Thursday?
23	MR. BROOKS: He is available this Thursday
24	afternoon.
25	THE COURT: The two Wednesdays of these

1 weeks, there are not going to be any proceedings. I think 2 everybody understood that from the beginning. MR. HARMON: Yes. 3 THE COURT: We should be able to get the 4 jury by tomorrow. Does anybody have any senses about 5 б that? MR. HARMON: No, we anticipate getting a 7 8 jury tomorrow. THE COURT: All right, let's do this. We 9 will try to start at 9:15 in the morning and so I think I 10 11 will get one civil hearing started and we should be able to 12 conclude jury selection by tomorrow. Hopefully, get to opening statements. 13 MR. BROOKS: Just so the record is clear, 14 Judge, the reason Mr. Chappell is not dressed right now is 15 because we took clothes to him on Friday and the jail would 16 17 not let him try them on because he is in lock down and they would not remove the devices he is currently constrained 18 by. When he came to court this morning, I took him back 19 and he tried the things on. So we have taken the clothes 20 over and I would ask the jail to have him dress out because 21 22 this is the court clothes for the jury. THE COURT: Of course. 23 All right, anything further from the parties 24 at this time? 25

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CHRISTOPHER R. ORAM, LTD. 520 SOUTH 4TH STREET! SECOND FLOOR LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 TEL. 702.384-5563 | FAX. 702.974-0623

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify and affirm that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on this 18th day of November, 2013. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

CATHERINE CORTEZ-MASTO
 Nevada Attorney General
 STEVE OWENS
 Chief Deputy District Attorney
 CHRISTOPHER R. ORAM, ESQ.

BY:

/s/ Jessie Vargas
An Employee of Christopher R. Oram, Esq.