IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 1 2 3 JAQUEZ BARBER, 4 **Electronically Filed** Jan 30 2014 11:18 a.m. 5 Appellant, Tracie K. Lindeman Case N61606699 Supreme Court 6 VS. 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 9 Respondent. 10 11 APPELLANT'S MOTION FOR LEAVE TO FILE REPLY BRIEF IN 12 **EXCESS OF TYPE-VOLUME LIMITATION** 13 Comes Now Appellant, JAQUEZ BARBER, by and through Deputy Public 14 Defender, SHARON G. DICKINSON, and moves this Honorable Court for leave 15 16 to file an Reply Brief in excess of type-volume limitation. This Motion is based 17 upon the attached Declaration of Counsel. 18 19 DATED THIS 29th day of January, 2014. 20 PHILIP J. KOHN 21 CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 22 23 24 2.5 26 309 S. Third Street, Ste. 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4685 27 28

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DECLARATION OF SHARON G. DICKINSON

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I am a deputy public defender assigned to represent JAQUEZ BARBER in this appeal; I am familiar with the procedural history of this case.
- 2. To fully develop the facts and issues in this case, I found it necessary to write a Reply Brief in excess of 7,000 words and 650 lines of text.
- The first 2 issues in the brief are issues of first impression, 3. requiring more explanation, legal authority, and analysis than usually needed. The briefing of these issue was further complicated because the State declined to address any of the cases presented within the first issue and claimed this Court did not need to decide the issue. The State then presented its own version of Jaquez's Issue I. By responding in this manner, the State forced defense counsel to not only address their new assertion but also explain why the original issue needed to be decided. Thus, I needed to use more than 18 pages to adequately respond to Issue I. Issue I is an issue of first impression intertwining juvenile and adult criminal law. Jaquez argues that if the juvenile court did not have jurisdiction over his case and him then the district court could not obtain jurisdiction. It is an important issue because it involves a purposeful delay on the part of the State not bringing Jaquez to court for more than one year even though he was in the custody of the Thus, Jaquez asserts that NRS 62D.310 divested the juvenile court of jurisdiction after one year and when the juvenile court lost jurisdiction then the

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27 28 certification order was void. Because the State refused to address the cases cited in the Opening Brief and presented a disjointed argument as to why this Court should ignore Issue I, it took more than 18 pages to explain why the State is wrong.

- In Issue II, another case of first impression, the State took a similar approach and refused to address whether the waiver of the certification hearing by a Jaquez was a knowing and intelligently waiver. Again, the State suggested in its Answering Brief that this does not need to be addressed and does not address it. Thus, again, I needed to explain why the State's position was incorrect. Then I needed to spend additional time explaining all the facts presented to the juvenile court prior to and at the certification hearing because the State argued that the waiver was of no consequence because the court made findings under the factors of In re William S, 122 Nev. 432 (2006) and In re Seven Minors, 99 Nev. 427 (1983) disapproved on other grounds In re William S., at 422, n. 23. Thus, I used more than 10 pages to adequately address this issue of first impression.
- 5. I also needed to use a significant amount of words and lines to explain all the mischaracterizations and untruths the State presented through the Answering Brief. I needed approximately 5 pages to go over some specific misstatements in the Statement of Facts and the Statement of the Case. But I found misstatement throughout the brief. For example, in Issue I the State claimed one reason for the one year delay in a final disposition of the juvenile case was that Jaquez and the

State were pursuing negotiations between this case and his other adult case C253779. RAB: 11-12. But the record showed that <u>Jaquez was sentenced to prison in C253779 on 07/21/09. IV:721</u>. The juvenile certification petition was filed more than one year later, on 08/13/10. IV:655. Therefore, the State's suggestion that on or about 09/27/10 Jaquez attempted to negotiate his certification hearing with his adult case, C253779, and when negotiations fell through he was then sentenced in C253779 was absolutely untrue. RAB:12. I then needed to go through the record to thoroughly explain why the State's allegations were belied by the record.

6. Another problem that I found was that the State repeatedly changed my arguments and issues and claimed I was really arguing something else. When the State did this, the new argument always served to benefit the State. For instance, in the Answering Brief, the State listed Issue VII as "[A]oyama's Independent Expert Opinion Did Not Violate the Confrontation Clause." RAB:40. However, the Defense raised Issue VII as: "The court denied Jaquez the right of confrontation when allowing the latent print examiner to testify to the conclusion of other print examiners." Then rather than addressing the expert's testimony as to the opinion testimony of other experts, the State repeatedly addressed only the testifying expert's opinion. Again, the State mischaracterized this issue and Jaquez's argument. OB:39. Thus, to explain all the misstatements and the correct law withing for this right of confrontation issue, I needed more than 13 pages. If

the State had correctly stuck to the issue and the facts then I would not have needed to use that many words or lines.

- 7. The State even added a new issue on the end: X: "Any Error Was Harmless." I needed more than one page to address this new issue that violated NRAP 28(a)(9A) because the State did not cite to any facts or any issues within this section. Instead, the State summarily cited case law.
- 8. In Issue VIII, the State refused to acknowledge controlling case law on the issue of restitution. Thus, I needed to re-explain the cases the State decided not to address and explain why the State's argument asking for a remand was an incorrect way of handling restitution. This took me more than 2 pages to adequately explain.
- 9. As to Issue III, the Right to a Speedy Trial issue, the State did not understand how to apply the *Doggett* test. In applying the test the State mischaracterized the facts and law. Because of this, I needed to included additional points and authorities to explain the test. The State also incorrectly used the facts in this area, thus requiring additional words for me to adequately explain.
- 10. On of the most serious mischaracterization of the facts came in Issue IV. In this issue the State incorrectly claimed Jaquez withdrew his request to fire his attorney and wanted to keep counsel because she was ready for trial on 09/20/12. RAB:29-30. But the record showed that when Jaquez asked for a new attorney the court told him he was not going to get one but that he could represent

himself. After this, Jaquez agreed to go to trial with her because he did not want to represent himself. I:228-31. Thus, he had no choice. The State deceptively only cited to part of the conversation between Jaquez and the court on 09/20/12, leaving out the fact that the court refused to give him a new attorney and his attorney told the court that another attorney from her office would not handle Jaquez's case. Compare I:228-31 with RAB:30

- the law in many areas of the brief and thus needed to correct what the State asserted. Because of this, I needed to use 16,824 words and 1,566 lines of text.

 Although this may seem like a lot, the State's Answering Brief was 13, 614 words and amounted to 55 pages. And the State did not respond to many of the arguments and issues within my brief because the State decided it did not have to do so. Thus, the reply brief is longer than the Answering Brief I had to respond to all the misstatements, omissions, and inaccurate assertions in the State's long brief. I also needed to respond to all the State's erroneous arguments.
- 12. Effective prosecution required briefing in excess of the limits otherwise allowed by the rules of appellate procedure. Accordingly, Appellant respectfully requests that this Honorable Court allow submission of a Reply Brief in excess of the limit(s) proscribed by NRAP 32(a)(7).

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1	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and
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4	EXECUTED on the 29 th day of January, 2014.
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6	Shaim Duxunsan
7	SHARON G. DICKINSON
. 8	CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE
9	CERTIFICATE OF CONFILIANCE
10	1. I hereby certify that the reply brief complies with the formatting
11	requirements of NRAP 32(a)(4), the typeface requirements of NRAP 32(a)(5) and
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13	the type style requirements of NRAP 32(a)(6) because:
14	The opening brief has been prepared in a proportionally spaced
15 16	typeface using Times New Roman in 14 size font.
17	2. I further certify that the reply brief is proportionately spaced, has a
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19	typeface of 14 Font or more and exceeds the type-volume limitations and contains
20	16,824 words and 1,566 lines of text which exceeds the limitations set forth in
21	NRAP 32(a)(7).
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23	DATED this 29 th day of January, 2014.
24	PHILIP J. KOHN
25	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
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27	By Main Diccorn
28	SHARON G. DICKINSON, #3710 Deputy Public Defender

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I hereby certify that this document was filed electronically with the 2 Nevada Supreme Court on the 29th day of January, 2014. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as 5 follows: SHARON G. DICKINSON CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO HOWARD S. BROOKS STEVEN S. OWENS 7 I further certify that I served a copy of this document by mailing a 8 9 true and correct copy thereof, postage pre-paid, addressed to: 10 JAQUEZ BARBER 11 NDOC No. 1039024 c/o Ely State Prison 12 P.O. Box 1989 13 Ely, NV 89301 14 BY /s/ Carrie M. Connolly 15 Employee, Clark County Public Defender's Office 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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