IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Ernest A. Becker, IV, INDIVIDUALLY, ERNEST A. BECKER, IV and KATHLEEN BECKER AS TRUSTEES OF THE ERNEST A. BECKER IV and KATHLEEN C. BECKER FAMILY TRUST; EB FAMILY HOLDINGS, LLC; KIMBERLY RIGGS; SALLIE BECKER; BRIAN BECKER; and WILLIAM A. LEONARD, TRUSTEE,

Appellants,

VS.

ERNEST A. BECKER, V,

Respondent.

SUPREME COURT NO. 65335

Electronically Filed
Oct 14 2014 04:14 p.m.
On Certification fractic Knitted
States Bankruptcy four Lindeman
District of Nevada

Case No. BK-S-13-14932-BTB

JOINT APPENDIX

Attorneys for Appellants

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Las Vegas, NV 89101
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Attorneys for Respondent

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Index

Document	Date Filed	Bates Number
Amended Schedule B	July 24, 2013	JA000001 - JA000007
Amended Schedule C	Aug. 14, 2013	JA000018 - JA000019
Amended Statement of Financial Affairs	July 24, 2013	JA000008 - JA000017
Claims Register	as of Oct. 3, 2014	JA000096 - JA000102
Debtor's Response to Objection to Claimed Exemptions and to Trustee's Joinder to Objection to Claims Exemptions	Dec. 4, 2013	JA000035 - JA000041
Notice of Hearing on Objection to Claimed Exemptions	Oct. 31, 2013	JA000029 - JA000031
Objection to Claimed Exemptions	Oct. 31, 2013	JA000020 - JA000028
Order Accepting Certified Question	Aug. 4, 2014	JA000061 – JA000062
Order Certifying Question of Law to the Nevada Supreme Court	Mar. 21, 2014	JA000054 – JA000060
Reply in Support of Objection to Claimed Exemptions	Dec. 11, 2013	JA000042 - JA000051
Transcript of Hearing on Objection to Claimed Exemptions held on February 19, 2014 at 2:00 P.M.	Sep. 15, 2014	JA000063 – JA000095
Trustee's Joinder to Objection to Claimed Exemptions	Nov. 01, 2013	JA000032 - JA000034
Trustee's Joinder to Reply in Support of Objection to Claimed Exemptions	Dec. 11, 2013	JA000052 – JA000053

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on the 14th day of October, 2014, I served a copy of this JOINT APPENDIX by mailing it by first class mail with sufficient postage prepaid to the following address(es):

James H. Walton, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 449 NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD. 601 S. Tenth Street, Suite 201 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Douglas Payne, Esq. Fabian & Clendenin, P.C. 215 South State Street, Suite 1200 Salt Lake City, Utah 84111-2323 Mark Segal, Esq. Segal & McMahan 720 S. 4th Street, # 301 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Monica T. Centeno, Esq. The Law Office of Monica T. Centeno 285 E. Warm Springs Road, # 105 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Sheena Clow

An Employee of Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07)

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No	13-14932	
		Debtor			

SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED

Except as directed below, list all personal property of the debtor of whatever kind. If the debtor has no property in one or more of the categories, place an "x" in the appropriate position in the column labeled "None." If additional space is needed in any category, attach a separate sheet properly identified with the case name, case number, and the number of the category. If the debtor is married, state whether husband, wife, both, or the marital community own the property by placing an "H," "W," "J," or "C" in the column labeled "Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community." If the debtor is an individual or a joint petition is filed, state the amount of any exemptions claimed only in Schedule C - Property Claimed as Exempt.

Do not list interests in executory contracts and unexpired leases on this schedule. List them in Schedule G - Executory Contracts and

Unexpired Leases.

If the property is being held for the debtor by someone else, state that person's name and address under "Description and Location of Property." If the property is being held for a minor child, simply state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. §112 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

	Type of Property	Type of Property N O N Description and Location of Property E		Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Propert without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemptic	
1,	Cash on hand	x				
2.	Checking, savings or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or shares in banks, savings and loan,		Fargo #1605 Family Trust	11	250.07	
	thrift, building and loan, and homestead associations, or credit unions, brokerage houses, or		Fargo #9307 t A Becker V Separate Property Trust	171	563.02	
	cooperatives.	Neva	da State Bank Checking #4140	***	22.68	
			Fargo #1605 Family Trust		0.00	
		Wells	Fargo #2031		0.00	
			Family Trust i negative balance (-1453.88)			
3.	Security deposits with public utilities, telephone companies, landlords, and others.	x				
4.	Household goods and furnishings, including audio, video, and computer equipment.	House	ehold Goods, Electronics, Home Decor	÷	8,900.00	
5.	Books, pictures and other art objects, antiques, stamp, coin, record, tape, compact disc, and other collections or collectibles.	x				
6.	Wearing apparel.	Cloth	ing	2-	1,200.00	
7.	Furs and jewelry.	Wedd	ling Ring, Watch, Cufflinks		1,100.00	
8.	Firearms and sports, photographic, and other hobby equipment.	Glock	22	+	525.00	
				Sub-Tot	al > 12 560 77	

Sub-Total >	12,560.77	
(Total of this page)	00.30.200.0	

continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Personal Property

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re	Ernest August Becker, V	Case No. 13-14932	
-			

Debtor

SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

	Type of Property	N N N E	Description and Location of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
9.	Interests in insurance policies. Name insurance company of each policy and itemize surrender or refund value of each.	Polic	National Life Assurance Corp y #7039038 Policy	-	0.00
10.	Annuities. Itemize and name each issuer.	X			
II.	Interests in an education IRA as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 530(b)(1) or under a qualified State tuition plan as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 529(b)(1). Give particulars. (File separately the record(s) of any such interest(s). 11 U.S.C. § 521(c).)	X			
12.	Interests in IRA, ERISA, Keogh, or other pension or profit sharing plans. Give particulars.	Wells	Fargo IRA #6429		39,340.19
13.	Stock and interests in incorporated	Ensw	orth Corporation Stock	100	1,362,000.00
	and unincorporated businesses. Itemize.	has a unde	or recleves monthly dividend of \$2,000.00 and right to quarterly dividends which are termined in amount and not being paid as of ate of filing.		
		Eagle	Rock Gaming, Inc.	100	219,000.00
		E-5 C	oaching, LLC	-	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Норе	ful Group, LLC	100	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Dese	rt Investmentments, LLC		0.00
		Debte	or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Creat	tive Investments, LLC		0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		

Sub-Total > (Total of this page) 1,620,340.19

Sheet 1 of 5 continuation sheets attached to the Schedulc of Personal Property

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No. 13-14932	
		Debtor		

SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

	Type of Property	N O N E	Description and Location of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property, without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
		Silver	stone Properties, LLC	-	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Castle	e Rock Properties, LLC		0.00
		Debto	or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Cente	ennial Investing, LLC		0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		BEKS	Group LLC		0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Grow	ing Investments LLC	*	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Sand	stone Investments, LLC	140	0.00
		Debto	or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Норе	ful Kids, LLC	0.0	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Ann	Tenaya Plaza, LLC	1.4	0.00
			or is not personally a member; filing with SOS g Debtor as member is erroneous		
		Brim	stone, LLC	-	14,000.00
14	Interests in partnerships or joint ventures. Itemize.	×			
15	Government and corporate bonds and other negotiable and nonnegotiable instruments.	x			
16	. Accounts receivable.	x			
				Sub-To	ral > 14 000 00

Sub-Total > (Total of this page)

14,000.00

Sheet 2 of 5 continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Personal Property

B6B (Official Form 68) (12/07) - Cant.

In re	Ernest August Becker, V	Case No	13-14932	
-				

Debtor

SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED

	Type of Property	N O N E	Description and Location of Property	Junit, Or	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
17	Alimony, maintenance, support, and property settlements to which the debtor is or may be entitled. Give particulars.	X			
18.	Other liquidated debts owed to debtor including tax refunds. Give particulars	X			
19,	Equitable or future interests, life estates, and rights or powers exercisable for the benefit of the debtor other than those listed in Schedule A - Real Property.	x			
20.	Contingent and noncontingent interests in estate of a decedent, death benefit plan, life insurance policy, or trust.	X			
21.	Other contingent and unliquidated claims of every nature, including tax refunds, counterclaims of the debtor, and rights to setoff claims. Give estimated value of each.	divide	against Ernest A. Becker IV for unpaid nds related to stock held in Ensworth nents, Inc.	*	Unknown
22.	Patents, copyrights, and other intellectual property. Give particulars.	X			
23.	Licenses, franchises, and other general intangibles. Give particulars.	X			
24	Customer lists or other compilations containing personally identifiable information (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(41A)) provided to the debtor by individuals in connection with obtaining a product or service from the debtor primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.	x			
25	Automobiles, trucks, trailers, and other vehicles and accessories.	2007	Chevy Suburban 69,000 miles	2-2	18,325.00
26	Boats, motors, and accessories.	x			
27	Aircraft and accessories.	x			
				Sub-Total (Total of this page)	tal > 18,325.00

Sheet 3 of 5 continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Personal Property

Software Copyright (c) 1996-2013 - CCH INCORPORATED - www.bestcase.com

Best Case Bankruptcy

B6B (Official Farm 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

In re	Ernest August Becker, V	Case No	13-14932	
_	× ·			

Debtor

SCHEDULE B - PERSONAL PROPERTY - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

	Type of Property	NONE	Description and Location of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property, without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
28.	Office equipment, furnishings, and supplies.	х			
29.	Machinery, fixtures, equipment, and supplies used in business.	x			
30.	Inventory.	x			
31.	Animals.	x			
32.	Crops - growing or harvested. Give particulars.	X			
33.	Farming equipment and implements,	x			
34.	Farm supplies, chemicals, and feed.	x			
35.	Other personal property of any kind	EABV	Separate Property Trust dated 5/18/95	1	Unknown
	not already listed. Itemize.	Trust	liabilities exceed assets		
		E & C	Family Trust	1.0	Unknown
		Debto	er Nevada Trust or is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; Debtor is not settlor, or, trustor or trustee	- 44	Unknown
		The E	AB V Legacy Trust	4	Unknown
		Debto	or is beneficiary & trustee		
		The E	rnest August Becker V 2000 IrrevocableTrust		Unknown
			or is beneficiary; Debtor is not settlor, grantor, or or trustee		
		Ernes	at A. Becker V Gaming Trust	-	Unknown
		Holds	No Property		
		Debto	Beks Insurance Trust or is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; or is 1 of 4 Trustees or is not settlor, grantor, trustor	11	Unknown
		Beck	er Family Trust #1	8.	Unknown
		Debto	or is beneficiary		

Sub-Total > (Total of this page) 0.00

Sheet 4 of 5 continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Personal Property

Entered 07/24/13 12:59:40 Case 13-14932-lbr Doc 30 Page 6 of 7

B6B (Official Form 6B) (12/07) - Cont.

Ernest August Becker, V

In re

		Debtor		
SC	HEDULE B	- PERSONAL PROPERTY - AN (Continuation Sheet)	MENDED	
Type of Property	N O N E	Description and Location of Property	Husband, Wife, Joint, or Community	Current Value of Debtor's Interest in Property without Deducting any Secured Claim or Exemption
	Becke	r Family Trust #2		Unknown
	Debtor	r is beneficiary		

Claims against Ernest A Becker IV, Brian T. Becker, Kimberly Becker-Riggs and Sally E. Becker for breach of fiduciary duty

Sub-Total >

Case No. 13-14932

1,000,000.00

1,000,000.00

(Total of this page) Total >

2,665,225.96

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B6 Declaration (Official Form 6 - Declaration). (12/07)

In re Ernest August Becker, V

United States Bankruptcy Court District of Nevada

Case No. 13-14932

			Debtor(s)	Chapter	7
	DECLARATION CO	NCERNING D	EBTOR'S SCI	HEDULES - A	MENDED
	DECLARATION UN	IDER PENALTY (OF PERJURY BY	INDIVIDUAL DE	BTOR
	I declare under penalty of pe sheets, and that they are true and corre				
Date .	July 24, 2013	Signature	/s/ Ernest August E Ernest August E Debtor		

Penalty for making a false statement or concealing property: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years or both.

18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.

B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

United States Bankruptcy Court District of Nevada

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No.	13-14932	
		Debtor(s)	Chapter	7	

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL AFFAIRS - AMENDED

This statement is to be completed by every debtor. Spouses filing a joint petition may file a single statement on which the information for both spouses is combined. If the case is filed under chapter 12 or chapter 13, a married debtor must furnish information for both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed. An individual debtor engaged in business as a sole proprietor, partner, family farmer, or self-employed professional, should provide the information requested on this statement concerning all such activities as well as the individual's personal affairs. To indicate payments, transfers and the like to minor children, state the child's initials and the name and address of the child's parent or guardian, such as "A.B., a minor child, by John Doe, guardian." Do not disclose the child's name. See, 11 U.S.C. § 112; Fed. R. Bankr. P. 1007(m).

Questions I - 18 are to be completed by all debtors. Debtors that are or have been in business, as defined below, also must complete Questions 19 - 25. If the answer to an applicable question is "None," mark the box labeled "None." If additional space is needed for the answer to any question, use and attach a separate sheet properly identified with the case name, case number (if known), and the number of the question.

DEFINITIONS

"In business." A debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is a corporation or partnership. An individual debtor is "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor is or has been, within six years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership; a sole proprietor or self-employed full-time or part-time. An individual debtor also may be "in business" for the purpose of this form if the debtor engages in a trade, business, or other activity, other than as an employee, to supplement income from the debtor's primary employment.

"Insider." The term "insider" includes but is not limited to: relatives of the debtor; general partners of the debtor and their relatives; corporations of which the debtor is an officer, director, or person in control; officers, directors, and any persons in control of a corporate debtor and their relatives; affiliates of the debtor and insiders of such affiliates; and any managing agent of the debtor. 11 U.S.C. § 101(2), (31).

1. Income from employment or operation of business

None

State the gross amount of income the debtor has received from employment, trade, or profession, or from operation of the debtor's business, including part-time activities either as an employee or in independent trade or business, from the beginning of this calendar year to the date this case was commenced. State also the gross amounts received during the two years immediately preceding this calendar year. (A debtor that maintains, or has maintained, financial records on the basis of a fiscal rather than a calendar year may report fiscal year income. Identify the beginning and ending dates of the debtor's fiscal year.) If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income of both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

AMOUNT SOURCE

\$48,049.00 2012: Debtor Business Income

2. Income other than from employment or operation of business

None

State the amount of income received by the debtor other than from employment, trade, profession, or operation of the debtor's business during the two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Give particulars. If a joint petition is filed, state income for each spouse separately. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must state income for each spouse whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

AMOUNT SOURCE

\$24,000.00 2012: Debtor Interest / Dividends \$1,756.00 2012: Debtor Interest / Dividends \$18,330.00 2011: Debtor Capital Gain B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

AMOUNT

SOURCE

\$2,725.00

2011: Debtor Interest / Dividends

\$76.00

2011: Debtor Interest / Dividends

3. Payments to creditors

None

Complete a. or b., as appropriate, and c.

a. Individual or joint debtor(s) with primarily consumer debts: List all payments on loans, installment purchases of goods or services, and other debts to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case unless the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is less than \$600. Indicate with an asterisk (*) any payments that were made to a creditor on account of a domestic support obligation or as part of an alternative repayment schedule under a plan by an approved nonprofit budgeting and credit counseling agency. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR DATES OF PAYMENTS

AMOUNT PAID

AMOUNT STILL OWING

None

b. Debtor whose debts are not primarily consumer debts: List each payment or other transfer to any creditor made within 90 days immediately preceding the commencement of the case unless the aggregate value of all property that constitutes or is affected by such transfer is less than \$6,225*. If the debtor is an individual, indicate with an asterisk (*) any payments that were made to a creditor on account of a domestic support obligation or as part of an alternative repayment schedule under a plan by an approved nonprofit budgeting and credit counseling agency. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments and other transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR Bank of America DATES OF PAYMENTS/ TRANSFERS March 2013 (\$1674.00) April 2013 (\$1674.00) May 2013 (\$1674.00) AMOUNT PAID OR VALUE OF TRANSFERS \$5,022.00

AMOUNT STILL OWING \$239,121.00

None

c. All debtors: List all payments made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case to or for the benefit of creditors who are or were insiders. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include payments by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR AND RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE OF PAYMENT

AMOUNT PAID

AMOUNT STILL OWING

4. Suits and administrative proceedings, executions, garnishments and attachments

None

a. List all suits and administrative proceedings to which the debtor is or was a party within one year immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

CAPTION OF SUIT
AND CASE NUMBER
Bank of Las Vegas v. Ernest A. Becker aka
Ernest A. Becker V
A-12-663068-C

PROCEEDING Breach of Contract

NATURE OF

COURT OR AGENCY AND LOCATION Nevada District Court STATUS OR DISPOSITION Default Judgment

City National Bank v Ernest A Becker V, an individual; Brian Tomothy Becker, as Trustee of the Ernest August Becker V 2000 Irrevocable Trust dated June 30, 2001

Breach of Contract **Nevada District Court**

Default Judgment

Trust dated June 30, 200 A-11-652429

^{*} Amount subject to adjustment on 4 01/16, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

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B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

CAPTION OF SUIT AND CASE NUMBER Default Judgement; A-12-663068 NATURE OF PROCEEDING Charging Order COURT OR AGENCY AND LOCATION District Court Las Vegas Nevada STATUS OR DISPOSITION Hearing date 6/7/13 3

Plaintiff is substitute for Bank of Las Vegas lawsuit; Plaintiff purchased the debt from Bank of Las Vegas; purchase price unknown

None

b. Describe all property that has been attached, garnished or seized under any legal or equitable process within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON FOR WHOSE BENEFIT PROPERTY WAS SEIZED

DATE OF SEIZURE

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

5. Repossessions, foreclosures and returns

None

List all property that has been repossessed by a creditor, sold at a foreclosure sale, transferred through a deed in lieu of foreclosure or returned to the seller, within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR OR SELLER DATE OF REPOSSESSION, FORECLOSURE SALE, TRANSFER OR RETURN

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

6. Assignments and receiverships

None

a. Describe any assignment of property for the benefit of creditors made within 120 days immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include any assignment by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF ASSIGNEE

DATE OF ASSIGNMENT

TERMS OF ASSIGNMENT OR SETTLEMENT

b. List all property which has been in the hands of a custodian, receiver, or court-appointed official within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning property of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CUSTODIAN NAME AND LOCATION OF COURT CASE TITLE & NUMBER

DATE OF ORDER DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF

PROPERTY

7. Gifts

None

List all gifts or charitable contributions made within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case except ordinary and usual gifts to family members aggregating less than \$200 in value per individual family member and charitable contributions aggregating less than \$100 per recipient. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include gifts or contributions by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PERSON OR ORGANIZATION Central Christian Church RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR, IF ANY

DATE OF GIFT 2012 DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF GIFT \$1554.00

SOS Christian Radio

2012

\$300.00

B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

8. Losses

None

List all losses from fire, theft, other casualty or gambling within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case or since the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include losses by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

DESCRIPTION OF CIRCUMSTANCES AND, IF LOSS WAS COVERED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY INSURANCE, GIVE PARTICULARS

DATE OF LOSS

9. Payments related to debt counseling or bankruptcy

None

List all payments made or property transferred by or on behalf of the debtor to any persons, including attorneys, for consultation concerning debt consolidation, relief under the bankruptcy law or preparation of the petition in bankruptcy within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF PAYEE Access Counseling 633 West 5th Street Suite 26001

Las Vegas, NV 89101

Los Angeles, CA 90071 The Law Office of Monica T. Centeno 720 South Fourth Street Suite 204

DATE OF PAYMENT. NAME OF PAYER IF OTHER THAN DEBTOR

AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

25.00

10. Other transfers

None

a. List all other property, other than property transferred in the ordinary course of the business or financial affairs of the debtor, transferred either absolutely or as security within two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include transfers by either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF TRANSFEREE, RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR Patrick Ferguson 7905 Ardent Point St Las Vegas, NV 89149 Friend	DATE March 12, 2012	DESCRIBE PROPERTY TRANSFERRED AND VALUE RECEIVED .357 Blackhawk Ruger \$350.00 22 Glock \$525.00 Moved from 5041 St. Anne's Drive LV NV 89149
Erich Bretthouer II 605 North El Capitan West Las Vegas, NV 89149 Acquaintance	4/03/12	Lot 17, Blk 12 Bryce Woodland Ests Unit 6-F Kane County Utah \$9,500.00
		Property owned and sold out of The Ernest A.

Becker V Separate Property Trust, established May 18, 1995 8.69565% Membership Interest in Growing

Investments, LLC

\$2,000.00

Kurt Y Tsuneyoshi 6/29/12 12381 N Blagg Road Pahrump NV 89060

3/15/2012

None \$10,000

> Property owned and sold out of The Ernest A. Becker V Separate Property Trust, established May 18, 1995

Brittani-Ann Becker 2004 Irrevocable Tst

Daughter's Trust

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B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

None b. List all property transferred by the debtor within ten years immediately preceding the commencement of this case to a self-settled trust or similar device of which the debtor is a beneficiary.

irust of similar device of which the debtor is a beneficiary

NAME OF TRUST OR OTHER

Ernest A Becker V Gaming Trust

DEVICE

DATE(S) OF TRANSFER(S) AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY OR DEBTOR'S INTEREST

IN PROPERTY

Creation date 11/19/04

\$0.00

E & C Family Trust 12/13/12 Created 10/10/12

2749 Grande Valley (No Equity)

11. Closed financial accounts

None

List all financial accounts and instruments held in the name of the debtor or for the benefit of the debtor which were closed, sold, or otherwise transferred within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. Include checking, savings, or other financial accounts, certificates of deposit, or other instruments; shares and share accounts held in banks, credit unions, pension funds, cooperatives, associations, brokerage houses and other financial institutions. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning accounts or instruments held by or for either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF INSTITUTION

TYPE OF ACCOUNT, LAST FOUR DIGITS OF ACCOUNT NUMBER, AND AMOUNT OF FINAL BALANCE

AMOUNT AND DATE OF SALE OR CLOSING

5

12. Safe deposit boxes

None

List each safe deposit or other box or depository in which the debtor has or had securities, cash, or other valuables within one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include boxes or depositories of either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BANK OR OTHER DEPOSITORY NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THOSE WITH ACCESS TO BOX OR DEPOSITORY

DESCRIPTION OF CONTENTS

DATE OF TRANSFER OR SURRENDER, IF ANY

13. Setoffs

None

List all setoffs made by any creditor, including a bank, against a debt or deposit of the debtor within 90 days preceding the commencement of this case. (Married debtors filing under chapter 12 or chapter 13 must include information concerning either or both spouses whether or not a joint petition is filed, unless the spouses are separated and a joint petition is not filed.)

NAME AND ADDRESS OF CREDITOR

Ernest A. Becker IV 920 Trophy Hills Las Vegas, NV 89134 DATE OF SETOFF 2012 AMOUNT OF SETOFF

67,000

Ernest A. Baecker IV 920 Trophy Hills

2013

Unknown

Las Vegas, NV 89134

14. Property held for another person

None

List all property owned by another person that the debtor holds or controls.

NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWNER

Brittani-Ann Becker

DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY Checking #7219 & Savings #0708 LOCATION OF PROPERTY
Wells Fargo

\$54.21 on 6/5/2013 #7219 \$48.00 on 6/5/13 #1708 B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

15. Prior address of debtor

None

If the debtor has moved within three years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, list all premises which the debtor occupied during that period and vacated prior to the commencement of this case. If a joint petition is filed, report also any separate address of either spouse.

ADDRESS

NAME USED

DATES OF OCCUPANCY

16. Spouses and Former Spouses

None

If the debtor resides or resided in a community property state, commonwealth, or territory (including Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Puerto Rico, Texas, Washington, or Wisconsin) within eight years immediately preceding the commencement of the case, identify the name of the debtor's spouse and of any former spouse who resides or resided with the debtor in the community property state.

NAME Caren Becker Spouse Married October 2012 Barbara Becker **Divorced January 2007**

17. Environmental Information.

For the purpose of this question, the following definitions apply:

"Environmental Law" means any federal, state, or local statute or regulation regulating pollution, contamination, releases of hazardous or toxic substances, wastes or material into the air, land, soil, surface water, groundwater, or other medium, including, but not limited to, statutes or regulations regulating the cleanup of these substances, wastes, or material.

"Site" means any location, facility, or property as defined under any Environmental Law, whether or not presently or formerly owned or operated by the debtor, including, but not limited to, disposal sites.

"Hazardous Material" means anything defined as a hazardous waste, hazardous substance, toxic substance, hazardous material, pollutant, or contaminant or similar term under an Environmental Law

None

None

a. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor has received notice in writing by a governmental unit that it may be liable or potentially liable under or in violation of an Environmental Law. Indicate the governmental unit, the date of the notice, and, if known, the Environmental Law:

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS

NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

DATE OF

ENVIRONMENTAL

NOTICE LAW

b. List the name and address of every site for which the debtor provided notice to a governmental unit of a release of Hazardous Material. Indicate the governmental unit to which the notice was sent and the date of the notice.

SITE NAME AND ADDRESS

NAME AND ADDRESS OF

DATE OF

ENVIRONMENTAL

LAW

docket number.

GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

NOTICE

c. List all judicial or administrative proceedings, including settlements or orders, under any Environmental Law with respect to which the debtor is or was a party. Indicate the name and address of the governmental unit that is or was a party to the proceeding, and the

NAME AND ADDRESS OF GOVERNMENTAL UNIT

DOCKET NUMBER

STATUS OR DISPOSITION

18. Nature, location and name of business

None

a. If the debtor is an individual, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was an officer, director, partner, or managing executive of a corporation, partner in a partnership, sole proprietor, or was self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity either full- or part-time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, or in which the debtor owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a partnership, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

If the debtor is a corporation, list the names, addresses, taxpayer identification numbers, nature of the businesses, and beginning and ending dates of all businesses in which the debtor was a partner or owned 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME Hopeful Group, LLC	LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SOCIAL-SECURITY OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER-I.D. NO. (ITIN)/ COMPLETE EIN 20-4104737	ADDRESS 50 S Jones Blvd STE 100 Las Vegas, NV 89107	NATURE OF BUSINESS Manages Hopeful Kids	BEGINNING AND ENDING DATES 9/9/2005 - Current
Becker V Development Inc	88-0282176	8090 S. Durango Drive #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	General Contracting	1/1991 - Current
Eaglerock Gaming, Inc	01-0619370	8090 S Durango Ste 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Slot machine operations	2/20/2002-current
Desert Investments, LLC	88-0398581	8090 S. Durango Dr #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	7/7/1998 - Current
Creative Investments, L.L.C.	26-0035602	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	1/2/2002 - Current
Silverstone Properties, L.L.C.	80-0010293	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	1/7/2002 - Current
Castle Rock Properties, L.L.C.	75-3080351	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	7/16/2002 - Current
Mirror Image Investments, LLC	10-0313699	2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89139	Real Estate Investments	10/16/2003 - 10/6/2010
Home Works, LLC		50 S Jones Blvd STE 100 Las Vegas, NV 89107	Real Estate Investments	10/16/2003 - 11/27/2006
Fun House Investing, LLC		50 S Jones Blvd STE 100 Las Vegas, NV 89107	Real Estate Investments	10/21/203 -11/27/2006
Sage Investing, L.L.C.	20-0696983	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	12/5/2003 - 8/19/2010
Zing Zing, L.L.C.	20-0695299	2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89135	Real Estate Investments	2/6/2004 - 11/12/2010
Centennial Investing, L.L.C.	20-1427230	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	7/16/2004 - Current
Groundhog Properties, L.L.C.	20-1577614	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	9/20/2004 - 10/27/2008
Beks Group, L.L.C.	20-1713764	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Property Managment	10/11/2004 - Current
Growing Investments, LLC	20-1949611	2753 Grande Valley Dr Las Vegas, NV 89135	Real Estate Investment	11/30/2004 - Current
From The Ground Up Investments, L.L.C.	20-2185073	2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89135	Real Estate Investment	12/30/2004 - 1/23/2009

B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

NAME Ernest A. Becker Homes, Inc.	LAST FOUR DIGITS OF SOCIAL-SECURITY OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER-I.D. NO. (ITIN)/ COMPLETE EIN	ADDRESS 50 South Jones Suite#100 Las Vegas, NV 89107	NATURE OF BUSINESS General Contracting	BEGINNING AND ENDING DATES 2/6/1961 - 3/21/2000
Sandstone Investments, L.L.C.	20-3087600	2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89135	Real Estate Investment	7/5/2005 - Current
Hopeful Kids, LLC	20-4104681	50 S Jones Blvd STE100 Las Vegas, NV 89107	Book Sales	9/9/2005 - Current
Ann Tenaya Plaza, LLC	88-0351795	8090 S Durango Dr STE 115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	1/24/1996 - Current
E-5 Coaching, LLC		2749 Grande Valley Dr Las Vegas, NV 89135	Life Coaching	8/7/09 - current
C & W Properties, LLC		8090 S. Durango Dr. #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Real Estate Investments	7/29/2009-current
Brimstone, LLC	7841	8090 S. Durango Dr. #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Bar with gaming operations	9/5/2003 - current

None b. Identify any business listed in response to subdivision a., above, that is "single asset real estate" as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101.

NAME ADDRESS

The following questions are to be completed by every debtor that is a corporation or partnership and by any individual debtor who is or has been, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case, any of the following: an officer, director, managing executive, or owner of more than 5 percent of the voting or equity securities of a corporation; a partner, other than a limited partner, of a partnership, a sole proprietor, or self-employed in a trade, profession, or other activity, either full- or part-time.

(An individual or joint debtor should complete this portion of the statement only if the debtor is or has been in business, as defined above, within six years immediately preceding the commencement of this case. A debtor who has not been in business within those six years should go directly to the signature page.)

19. Books, records and financial statements

None

a. List all bookkeepers and accountants who within two years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case kept or supervised the keeping of books of account and records of the debtor.

NAME AND ADDRESS **Douglas Templeton** 3235 S. Rainbow Blvd. #101 Las Vegas, NV 89146-6215

DATES SERVICES RENDERED 2000 - Current

None b. List all firms or individuals who within the two years immediately preceding the filing of this bankruptcy case have audited the books of account and records, or prepared a financial statement of the debtor.

NAME **ADDRESS** DATES SERVICES RENDERED

c. List all firms or individuals who at the time of the commencement of this case were in possession of the books of account and records None of the debtor. If any of the books of account and records are not available, explain.

NAME ADDRESS

d. List all financial institutions, creditors and other parties, including mercantile and trade agencies, to whom a financial statement was None issued by the debtor within two years immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

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B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

NAME AND ADDRESS

DATE ISSUED

20. Inventories

None

a. List the dates of the last two inventories taken of your property, the name of the person who supervised the taking of each inventory,

and the dollar amount and basis of each inventory.

DATE OF INVENTORY

INVENTORY SUPERVISOR

DOLLAR AMOUNT OF INVENTORY (Specify cost, market or other basis)

None

b. List the name and address of the person having possession of the records of each of the inventories reported in a., above.

DATE OF INVENTORY

NAME AND ADDRESSES OF CUSTODIAN OF INVENTORY

21. Current Partners, Officers, Directors and Shareholders

None a. If the debtor is a partnership, list the nature and percentage of partnership interest of each member of the partnership.

NAME AND ADDRESS

NATURE OF INTEREST

PERCENTAGE OF INTEREST

b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers and directors of the corporation, and each stockholder who directly or indirectly owns,

controls, or holds 5 percent or more of the voting or equity securities of the corporation.

NAME AND ADDRESS

TITLE

NATURE AND PERCENTAGE OF STOCK OWNERSHIP

22. Former partners, officers, directors and shareholders

None

a. If the debtor is a partnership, list each member who withdrew from the partnership within one year immediately preceding the

commencement of this case.

NAME

ADDRESS

DATE OF WITHDRAWAL

b. If the debtor is a corporation, list all officers, or directors whose relationship with the corporation terminated within one year None

immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME AND ADDRESS

TITLE

DATE OF TERMINATION

23 . Withdrawals from a partnership or distributions by a corporation

None

If the debtor is a partnership or corporation, list all withdrawals or distributions credited or given to an insider, including compensation in any form, bonuses, loans, stock redemptions, options exercised and any other perquisite during one year immediately preceding the commencement of this case.

NAME & ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT, RELATIONSHIP TO DEBTOR

DATE AND PURPOSE OF WITHDRAWAL

AMOUNT OF MONEY OR DESCRIPTION AND VALUE OF PROPERTY

24. Tax Consolidation Group.

None

If the debtor is a corporation, list the name and federal taxpayer identification number of the parent corporation of any consolidated group for tax purposes of which the debtor has been a member at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement

of the case.

NAME OF PARENT CORPORATION

TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

B7 (Official Form 7) (04/13)

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25. Pension Funds.

None If the debtor is not an individual, list the name and federal taxpayer-identification number of any pension fund to which the debtor, as an employer, has been responsible for contributing at any time within six years immediately preceding the commencement of the case.

NAME OF PENSION FUND

TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (EIN)

DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY BY INDIVIDUAL DEBTOR

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the answers contained in the foregoing statement of financial affairs and any attachments thereto and that they are true and correct.

Date July 24, 2013 Signature /s/ Ernest August Becker, V
Debtor

Penalty for making a false statement: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571

B6C (Official Form 6C) (4/13)

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No	13-14932	
		Debtor			

SCHEDULE C - PROPERTY CLAIMED AS EXEMPT - AMENDED

Debtor claims the exemptions to which debtor is entitled under: (Check one box)

☐ Check if debtor claims a homestead exemption that exceeds \$155,675. (Amount subject to adjustment on 4.1.16, and every three years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.)

☐ 11 U.S.C. §522(b)(2) ■ 11 U.S.C. §522(b)(3)

Description of Property	Specify Law Providing Each Exemption	Value of Claimed Exemption	Current Value of Property Without Deducting Exemption
Checking, Savings, or Other Financial Accounts, (Certificates of Deposit		
Vells Fargo #1605 E & C Family Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	250.07	250.07
Nells Fargo #9307 Ernest A Becker V Separate Property Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	563.02	563.02
Nevada State Bank Checking #4140	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(g)	17.01	22.68
Household Goods and Furnishings Household Goods, Electronics, Home Decor	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(b)	8,900.00	8,900.00
<u>Wearing Apparel</u> Clothing	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(b)	1,200.00	1,200.00
Furs and Jewelry Wedding Ring, Watch, Cufflinks	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(a)	1,100.00	1,100.00
Firearms and Sports, Photographic and Other Hol Glock 22	bby Equipment Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(i)	525.00	525.00
nterests in IRA, ERISA, Keogh, or Other Pension Wells Fargo IRA #6429	or Profit Sharing Plans Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(r)	39,340.19	39,340.19
Stock and Interests in Businesses Ensworth Corporation Stock	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb)	1,362,000.00	5,448,000.00
Debtor recieves monthly dividend of \$2,000.00 and has a right to quarterly dividends which are undetermined in amount and not being paid as of the date of filing.			
Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc.	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb)	219,000.00	876,000.00
Automobiles, Trucks, Trailers, and Other Vehicles 2007 Chevy Suburban 69,000 miles	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(f)	11,325.00	18,325.00
Other Personal Property of Any Kind Not Already E & C Family Trust	Listed Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	Unknown	Unknown
Becker Nevada Trust Debtor is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor or trustee Spendthrift Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown
The EAB V Legacy Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	Unknown	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary & trustee			

¹ continuation sheets attached to Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempt Soltware Copyright (c) 1986-2013 - CCH INCORPORATED - www.bestcase.com

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U6C (Official Form 6C) (4/13) - Cont.

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No. 13-14932	
		Debtor		

SCHEDULE C - PROPERTY CLAIMED AS EXEMPT - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

Description of Property	Specify Law Providing Each Exemption	Value of Claimed Exemption	Current Value of Property Without Deducting Exemption
The Ernest August Becker V 2000 IrrevocableTrust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	Unknown	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary; Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor or trustee			
The Beks Insurance Trust Debtor is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; Debtor is 1 of 4 Trustees Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown
Becker Family Trust #1	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary			
Becker Family Trust #2	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary			

Total: 1,644,220.29 6,394,225.96

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1	Douglas J. Payne, Utah Bar #A04113
	(Pro Hac Vice)
2	FABIAN & CLENDENIN,
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6	individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
	Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest
7	A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family
	Trust
R	

James H. Walton, Esq. (Nev. Bar #449)
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Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

IN RE:

ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,

Debtor.

OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS

Creditors and interested parties Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker (collectively the "Objecting Parties"), by and through their respective counsel, and pursuant to Rule 4003(b) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, hereby object to Debtor's claimed exemption in the stock of "Ensworth Corporation Stock" and in the stock of "Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc." as listed on the Debtor's Amended Schedule C. In support of this objection, the Objecting Parties state as follows:

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

The Court has jurisdiction over this Objection pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and
 Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1409. This is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b).

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BACKGROUND

- Ernest August Becker, V (the "Debtor") filed a voluntary Chapter 7 petition on June 5, 2013 (the "Petition Date").
- 3. The first meeting of creditors under 11 U.S.C. § 341(a) was originally scheduled for July 5, 2013. The docket reflects [Docket No. 17] that the date for the first meeting of creditors was continued to July 10, 2013 through a 6/17/2013 Statement Adjourning Meeting of 341(a) Meeting of Creditors. The docket also reflects that the date for the date for the first meeting of creditors was subsequently further continued to July 24, 2013, then to August 21, 2013, and finally to October 2, 2013. [see Docket Nos. 23, 32 & 48]. The section 341(a) meeting of creditors concluded on October 2, 2013.
- On his Schedule B filed in this case, the Debtor lists "Ensworth Corporation¹
 Stock" with a value of \$1,362,000 (the "Ensworth Stock").
- On his Schedule B, the Debtor also lists a stock or other interest in "Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc." with a value of \$219,000 (the "Eagle Rock Gaming Stock").
- 6. On his Amended Schedule C filed in this case [Docket No. 46], the Debtor claims a \$1,362,000 exemption in the Ensworth Stock pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb). A true and correct copy of the Debtor's Amended Schedule C is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
- On his Amended Schedule C, the Debtor also claims a \$219,000 exemption in the Eagle Rock Gaming Stock pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb).

OBJECTION

The Debtor appears to be claiming as exempt his entire interests² in the Ensworth Stock and in the Eagle Rock Gaming Stock pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb). That statute provides:

¹ The Objecting Parties are informed and believe that the Debtor's reference to "Ensworth Corporation Stock" on Schedule B and Amended Schedule C is intended to be the Debtor's ownership of 25% of the stock in a corporation named "Ensworth Apts., Inc."

² The Debtor's claimed valuations of the stock in Amended Schedule C are inaccurate and misleading. The Debtor lists the value of his claimed objection in Ensworth Stock as \$1,362,000.00, and the "current value of property without exemption" as being four (4) times that, or \$5,448.000.00. Similarly, the Debtor lists the value of his claimed objection in stock of Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc. at \$219,000.00, and the "current value of property without exemption" as being four (4) times that, or \$876,000.00. The

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Stock of a corporation described in subsection 2 of NRS 78.746 except as set forth in that section.

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb). Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746, the statute to which the exemption statute invoked by the Debtor refers, provides in relevant part:

- 1. On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a stockholder, the court may charge the stockholder's stock with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the stockholder's stock.
- 2. Subject to the provisions of NRS 78.747, this section:
 - (a) Provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a stockholder or an assignee of a stockholder may satisfy a judgment out of the stock of the judgment debtor. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the stockholder's stock or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or stockholder might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the corporation, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.

The Nevada statute providing for creditors to obtain charging orders against closely held corporate stock held by a debtor does not allow exemption of the economic interest in the stock. The Debtor's claimed exemptions are an overly broad attempt to protect the Debtor's entire interests in the stock, rather than only the non-economic interest that the Nevada charging order statute protects from creditors.

The Nevada Supreme Court recently addressed the application of and scope of protection afforded by charging order statutes in Weddell v. H2O, Inc., 271 P.3d 743 (Nev. 2012). Analyzing Nevada's limited liability company charging order statute that is virtually identical to the one applicable to stock in closely held corporations (compare N.R.S. § 86.401 with N.R.S. 78.746), the court recognized the ability of creditors to reach an LLC member's economic interest in a limited liability company and receive profit and distributions, stating that after entry of a charging order. "[T]he debtor member no longer has the right to future LLC distributions.

." 271 P.3d at 750 (emphasis added). The court explained that creditors are entitled to profits

[&]quot;value of claimed exemption" matches the total value of the respective stock interests listed by the Debtor on his Schedule B. On information and believe, the inflated "current value of property" figures the Debtor lists on Amended Schedule C are what the Debtor asserts are the values of all of the outstanding stock of the respective corporations, not just the 25% of the stock owned by the Debtor.

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27 28 and distributions, even though debtors retain the non-economic interest in the entity, that is, whatever management rights they may have:

[T]he judgment creditor does not unequivocally step into the shoes of a limited-liability member. [citation omitted] The limited access of a judgment creditor includes "only the rights of an assignee of the member's interest." NRS 86.401(1) (emphasis added). A judgment creditor, or assignee, is only entitled to the judgment debtor's share of the profit and distributions, takes no interest in the LLC's assets, and is not entitled to participate in the management or administration of the business.

Weddell, 271 P.3d at 750 (emphasis added).

Debtor Ernest A. Becker, V's purported exemption of his entire stock interests in the closely held corporations is improper. Like Nevada's limited liability charging order statute, Nevada's charging order statute that applies to stock in closely held corporations does not permit a debtor to exempt his or her entire interest from the reach of creditors. A debtor may only exempt and retain his or her non-economic interest, i.e., the right of management or administration, not the right to dividends or distributions. Judgment creditors, or, in this case, the bankruptcy trustee, are entitled to reach and realize on the economic rights attributable to the stock interests. See Renteria v. Canepa, 2013 WL 3155348, at *2 (D. Nev. 2013) (approving charging order in favor of judgment creditor against judgment debtor's stock in closely held corporation).

The Court should sustain the objection to the Debtor's claimed exemption of his stock in "Ensworth Corporation" or Ensworth Apts. Inc., and in stock in Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc., and allow the bankruptcy trustee to administer the economic interests in that stock, such as the right to receive dividends, distributions, or the like on account of the stock, for the benefit of creditors of the bankruptcy estate.

WHEREFORE, Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker request entry of an order:

 A. Disallowing the Debtor's claimed exemption in the Ensworth Stock with respect to the Debtor's economic interest in "Ensworth Corporation" or Ensworth Apts., Inc.;

- ij
- B. Disallowing the Debtor's claimed exemption in the Eagle Rock Gaming Stock with respect to the Debtor's economic interest in Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc.;
- C. Permitting the Chapter 7 bankruptcy trustee of the Ernest A. Becker, V bankruptcy estate to liquidate or otherwise administer the economic interests of the Debtor in "Ensworth Corporation" or Ensworth Apts. Inc., and in Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc., related to the Debtor's stock in those respective corporations; and
 - D. Granting such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

DATED this 31st day of October, 2013

Is/ Douglas J. Payne
Douglas J. Payne
FABIAN & CLENDENIN
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV,
individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the
Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker
Family Trust

DATED this 31st day of October, 2013

NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD.

Is/ James H. Walton
JAMES H. WALTON, ESQ.
601 S. Tenth Street, Suite 201
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 31st day of October, 2013, I caused the foregoing document to be filed electronically via the electronic filing system of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, which caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing to thereafter be served electronically via the Bankruptcy Court's ECF noticing system upon those parties registered to receive service in this case. I hereby also certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon the following parties in this proceeding set forth below by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed by first class mail:

William Leonard, Trustee 6625 S. Valley View Blvd, Bldg. B, Suite 224 Las Vegas, NV 89188

Monica T. Centano, Esq. 720 S. 4th Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 Jason Imes, Esq. 2850 S. Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, 89146

Ernest August Becker, V 2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89135

/s/ Maureen E. Marella
Maureen E. Marella - Employee of
NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD.
601 S. 10th Street, Suite 201
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Telephone: (702) 474-4004

Exhibit "1"

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B6C (Official Form 6C) (4/13)

12.22	Conset Assessed Bardens M		Case No. 13-14932	
In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No13-14932	
		Debtor		

SCHEDULE C - PROPERTY CLAIMED AS EXEMPT - AMENDED

Debtor claims the exemptions to which debtor is entitled under:

(Check one box)

II U.S.C. §522(b)(2)

II U.S.C. §522(b)(3)

☐ Check if debtor claims a homestead exemption that exceeds \$155,675. (Amount subject to odjustment in 4.7.16, and every three years thereofter with respect to cases commenced on or ofter the date of odjustment.)

Description of Property	Specify Law Providing Each Exemption	Value of Claimed Exemption	Current Value of Property Without Deducting Exemption
Checking, Savings, or Other Financial Accounts,	Certificates of Deposit		
Wells Fargo #1605 E & C Family Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	250.07	250.07
Nells Fargo #9307 Ernest A Becker V Separate Property Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	563.02	563.02
Nevada State Bank Checking #4140	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(g)	17.01	22.68
Household Goods and Furnishings Household Goods, Electronics, Home Decor	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(b)	8,900.00	8,900.00
Wearing Apparel Clothing	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(b)	1,200,00	1,200.00
<u>Furs and Jewelry</u> Wedding Ring, Watch, Cufflinks	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(a)	1,100.00	1,100.00
Firearms and Sports, Photographic and Other H Glock 22	obby Equipment Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(I)	525.00	525.00
interests in IRA, ERISA, Keogh, or Other Pension Wells Fargo IRA #6429	n or Profit Sharing Plans Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(r)	39,340.19	39,340.19
Stock and Interests in Businesses Ensworth Corporation Stock	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb)	1,362,000.00	5,448,000.00
Debtor recieves monthly dividend of \$2,000.00 and has a right to quarterly dividends which are undetermined in amount and not being paid as of the date of filing.			
Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc.	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb)	219,000.00	876,000.00
Automobiles, Trucks, Trailers, and Other Vehicle 2007 Chevy Suburban 69,000 miles	es Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(f)	11,325.00	18,325.00
Other Personal Property of Any Kind Not Alread	V Listed Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	Unknown	Unknow
Becker Nevada Trust Debtor is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor or trustee Spendthrift Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknow
The EAB V Legacy Trust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(cc)	Unknown	Unknow
Debtor is beneficiary & trustee			

¹ continuation sheets attached to Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempt Software Copyright (c) 1995-2013 - CCHINCORPORATED - www besides com

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BSC (Official Form SC) (4/13) - Cont.

Debtor is beneficiary

In re	Ernest August Becker, V		Case No	13-14932	
		Debtor			

SCHEDULE C - PROPERTY CLAIMED AS EXEMPT - AMENDED (Continuation Sheet)

Description of Property	Specify Law Providing Each Exemption	Value of Claimed Exemption	Current Value of Property Without Deducting Exemption
The Ernest August Becker V 2000 IrrevocableTrust	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	Unknown	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary; Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor or trustee			
The Beks Insurance Trust Debtor is 1 of 4 beneficiaries; Debtor is 1 of 4 Trustees Debtor is not settlor, grantor, trustor	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00 Unkr	
Becker Family Trust #1	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown
Debtor is beneficiary			
Becker Family Trust #2	Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.080.2	0.00	Unknown

Sheet 1 of 1 continuation sheets attached to the Schedule of Property Claimed as Exempl Software Copyright (c) 1998-2013 - COH INCORPORATED - www bestzesse com

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4	Douglas J. Payne, Otan Bar #A04115
М	(Pro Hac Vice)
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6	individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
	Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernes
7	A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family
	Trust
8	

1 Douglas I Payne Litab Bar #AM113

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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

IN RE:) Case No. 13-14932-LBR
ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,	Chapter 7
Debtor,	NOTICE OF HEARING ON OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS
	Date: December 18, 2013 Time: 11:00 a.m. Location: Courtroom 1 Foley Federal Building 300 Las Vegas Blvd. South Las Vegas, NV 89101 Judge: Hon. Linda B. Riegle

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Objection to Claimed Exemptions (the "Objection to Exemptions") was filed on October 31, 2013. By the Objection to Exemptions, Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker seek an Order disallowing debtor Ernest August Becker, V's (the "Debtor") claimed exemption of stock in "Ensworth Corporation" or Ensworth

any economic interest of the Debtor in those corporations.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that if you do not want the Court to grant the relief

Apts., Inc., and in stock of Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc., to the extent the exemption would apply to

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that if you do not want the Court to grant the relief sought in the Objection to Exemptions, or if you want the Court to consider your views on the Objection to Exemptions, then you must file an opposition with the Court, and serve a copy on the person sending you the Objection to Exemptions, no later than 14 days preceding the hearing date for the Objection to Exemptions, unless an exception applies (see LR 9014(d)(3)). The opposition must state your position, set forth all relevant facts and legal authority, and be supported by affidavits or declarations that conform to LR 9014(c).

If you object to the relief requested, you *must* file a **WRITTEN** response to this pleading with the court. You *must* also serve your written response on the person who sent you this notice.

If you do not file a written response with the court, or if you do not serve your written response on the person who sent you this notice, then:

- The Court may refuse to allow you to speak at the scheduled hearing; and
- The Court may rule against you without formally calling the matter at the hearing.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that the hearing on the Objection to Exemptions will be held before a United States Bankruptcy Judge in the Foley Federal Building, 300 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Third Floor, Bankruptcy Courtroom No. 1, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 on December 18, 2013, at the hour of 11: 00 a.m.

DATED this 31st day of October, 2013

/s/ Douglas J. Payne
Douglas J. Payne
FABIAN & CLENDENIN
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV,
individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the
Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker
Family Trust

Case 13-14932-lbr	Doc 79	Entered 10/31/13 15:40:50	Page 3 of 3

DATED this 31st day of October, 2013

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NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD.

/s/ James H. Walton
JAMES H. WALTON, ESQ.
601 S. Tenth Street, Suite 201
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV,
individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the
Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker
Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC,
Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian
Becker

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 31st day of October, 2013, I caused the foregoing document to be filed electronically via the electronic filing system of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, which caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing to thereafter be served electronically via the Bankruptcy Court's ECF noticing system upon those parties registered to receive service in this case. I hereby also certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon the following parties in this proceeding set forth below by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed by first class mail:

William Leonard, Trustee 6625 S. Valley View Blvd. Bldg. B, Suite 224 Las Vegas, NV 89188

Monica T, Centano, Esq. 720 S. 4th Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 Jason Imes, Esq. 2850 S. Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, 89146

Ernest August Becker, V 2749 Grande Valley Drive Las Vegas, NV 89135

/s/ Maureen E. Marella
Maureen E. Marella - Employee of
NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD.
601 S. 10th Street, Suite 201
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Telephone: (702) 474-4004

	Case 13-14932-lbr Doc 81 Entered 1:	1/01/13 14:51:53 Page 1 of 3	
γ			
	Lenard E. Schwartzer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 0399		
2	Jason A. Imes, Esq.		
3	Nevada Bar No. 7030		
4	Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm 2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1		
5	Las Vegas NV 89146-5308		
6	Telephone: (702) 228-7590 Facsimile: (702) 892-0122		
	E-Mail: <u>bkfilings@s-mlaw.com</u>		
7	Proposed Attorneys for William A. Leonard,	Ir., Trustee	
8	UNITED STATES	BANKRUPTCY COURT	
9	DISTRIC	T OF NEVADA	
10	In re:	Case No. BK-S-13-14932-lbr	
11	ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,	Chapter 7	
12	Debtor.	TRUSTEE'S JOINDER TO	
13	Dollar.	OBJECTION TO	
		CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS	
14		Hearing Date: December 18, 2013 Hearing Time: 11:00 a.m.	
16			
17	WILLIAM A. LEONARD, the Chapte	er 7 Trustee (the "Trustee"), by and through his	
18	proposed counsel, Schwartzer & McPherson	Law Firm, hereby JOINS the Objection to Claimed	
19	Exemptions [Dkt. #78] filed by creditors and	interested parties Ernest A. Becker, VI, individually,	
20	Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker	, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker IV and	
21	Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family	Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and	
22	Brian Becker, for the reason set forth in their Objection to Debtor's claimed exemption of his		
23	interest in the following two corporations in A	Amended Schedule C [Dkt. #46]:	
24	a. Ensworth Corporation	Stock (Pursuant to NRS §21.090(1)(bb))	
25	b. Eagle Rock Gaming, Is	ne. (Pursuant to NRS §21.090(1)(bb))	
26	111		
27	111		
28	111		
	Joinder to Objection Exemptions,doc	Page 1 of 3	

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Based on Debtor's testimony at the 341 Meeting of Creditors and available documents, the Trustee determined these claimed exemptions refer to Debtor's 25% interest in Ensworth Apts., Inc. ("Ensworth"), a Nevada corporation, and Debtor's 25% interest in Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc. ("Eagle Rock"), a Nevada corporation (collectively the "Companies"). It appears both Companies meet the definitions of closely-held corporations for exemption pursuant to NRS §21.090(1)(bb), but this exemption is expressly limited to the related non-economic rights by the incorporated provisions of NRS §78.746.

NRS §75.746, Nevada's charging order statute for corporations, provides that a judgment creditor may obtain but is limited to a charging order against a stockholder's interest in a closely-held corporation, and that the holder of a charging order against stock of a closely-held corporation "has only the rights of an assignee of the stockholder's stock." NRS §78.746(1). The statute defines "rights of an assignee" to mean:

the rights to receive the share of the distributions or dividends paid by the corporation to which the judgment debtor would otherwise be entitled. The term does not include the rights to participate in the management of the business or affairs of the corporation or to become a director of the corporation.

NRS §78.746(3) (emphasis added).

The Trustee does not object to exemption of Debtor's non-economic rights in these Companies such that the Debtor may still participate in the business and affairs of the Companies (including participation in management, powers of appointment and voting rights), but pursuant to the charging order provisions of NRS §78.746, the Debtor is not entitled to exempt his economic interest in these two Companies. See Weddell v H2O, Inc., 271 P.3d 743, 750 (2012)(under Nevada's analogous charging order statute for limited liability companies, NRS §86.401, creditor takes no interest in the company assets, and is not entitled to participate in the management or administration of the business, but is entitled to debtor's share of the profit and distributions).

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Joinder to Objection Exemptions.doc

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The Trustee believes it is appropriate for this Court to enter an Order clarifying that the Debtor is only entitled to exempt his non-economic interest in the two Companies pursuant to NRS §21.090(1)(bb), and that the Debtor's economic interests in the two Companies, including all profits and distributions related to the Debtor's interest, are property of the estate pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §541 and the charging order provisions of NRS §78.746 and must be paid to the Trustee for the benefit of the estate and creditors.

DATED: November 1, 2013

Lenard E. Schwartzer, Esq.
Jason A. Imes, Esq.
Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm

2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, NV 89146

Proposed Counsel for Trustee

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM 2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146-5308
Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122

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Joinder to Objection Exemptions.doc

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MARK SEGAL, CHARTERED MARK SEGAL, ESQUIRE Nevada Bar #01963 720 South Fourth Street, Ste. 301 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 702-382-5212 4 702-382-6063 Attorneys for DEBTOR/Defendant marksegal@lvcoxmail.com

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

DISTRICT OF NEVADA

In re: BK-S 13-14932 LBR ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V. Chapter 7 SS#: Debtor. Date: December 18, 2013 Time: 11:00 a.m.

DEBTOR'S RESPONSE TO OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS AND TO TRUSTEE'S JOINDER TO OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS

Debtor, Ernest August Becker, V, by and through his counsel, Mark Segal, Esq., of Mark Segal, Chartered and Monica T. Centeno, Esq., of the Law Office of Monica T. Centeno, hereby respond to the Objection To Claimed Exemptions and the Trustee's Joinder to Objection To Claimed Exemptions on file in this matter, and in support of this response, states as follows:

LEGAL ARGUMENT

Debtor has claimed an exemption for the entire stock interest he has in Ensworth Corporation [sic "Ensworth Apts., Inc.") and Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc. Debtor submits neither the objecting creditors or the Chapter 7 trustee (hereinafter sometimes referred to collectively as "the Objectors") have either proven or effectively argued that stock does not qualify for full exemption.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 21.090-1(bb) provides for an exemption from claims of judgment creditors for:

> "Stock of a corporation described in subsection 2 of Section 78.746 except as set forth in that section." (Emphasis supplied.)

Therefore, first and foremost, the application of NRS 78.746 to the case at bar is only to the extent

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27 28 78.746 - 2 "describes" the Debtor's stock. NRS 78-746 - 1, which "may" allow a charging order to be imposed on stock, does not apply.

Nevada Revised Statutes Section 78.746-2, in describing stock eligible for exemption, provides in pertinent part:

"2. This Section:

(b) Does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock.

(c) Applies only to a corporation that: (1) has fewer than 100 stockholders of record at any time.

(2) Is not a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of a publicly traded corporation, either in whole or in part.

(3) Is not a professional corporation as defined in NRS 89.020.

As far as Debtor knows, and neither the objecting creditors or the trustee have proven to the contrary, the corporate stock for which Debtor seeks exemption is not in a corporation which (1) has 100 or more shareholders, (b) is a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of one or (c) is a professional corporation. And, because of an absence of any of those disqualifying characteristics the Debtor is entitled to completely exempt his stock and all of the stockholder rights attributable to ownership of such stock from creditor claims. Once the stock so qualifies, NRS 78.746 - 2(b) provides it an exemption of which the Debtor cannot be deprived.

As this Court well knows, claims for exemptions are to be liberally and beneficially construed in favor of the Debtor. See, e.g., In Re Wallerstadt, 930 F.2d 630 (8th Cir. 1991); In Re Norris, 203 B.R. 463 (Bankr. D. NV 1996). Those exemptions exist to preserve a debtor's property for the benefit of the debtor and his family. In Re Norris, Ibid, at 465. The objecting parties must provide a compelling reason for this Court to deny the exemptions claimed by the Debtor. Clearly they have not done so. The case at bar is surely an example of when protection from creditors and the trustee is needed.

The ability of a creditor or the chapter 7 trustee to object to a claim of exemption made by a

Debtor is governed by Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure 4003(c). That rule requires a party objecting to a claim of exemption to introduce proof as to why that claim should be denied. Neither objecting party has met its burden of proof. Neither of the objecting parties have provided any proof to the Court to show the Debtor's claimed exemption for his stock should be denied because it does not fall within the definitional terms of NRS Section 788.746-2(c), as incorporated by NRS Section 21.090-1(bb). Therefore, the objections, on their face, must fail. And, once an objection is made the opportunity for discovery is over. Based on the foregoing, Debtor submits the objections at bar must be overruled.

If the failure of the Objectors to meet their burden of proof is not sufficient to overrule their objections, the Debtor submits their arguments for relief must also fail.

Both objecting parties completely ignore the definitional provisions of NRS 78.746-2(c), the breadth of the language of NRS 78.746-2(b), and immediately jump to the provisions of NRS 78.746-1 for relief. Interestingly, the Objectors do not claim the stock is not exempt. They simply argue they are in any event entitled under NRS 78.746-1 to the economic benefits of the stock, that is, the right to receive any distributions that are made to the owners of the stock. They are wrong.

Debtor submits:

First, NRS 78.746-1 does not even come into play if a stock is first determined to be exempt under NRS 21.090-1(bb) and 78.746-2(c), with the exemption being protected by NRS 78.746-2(b), as is true for Debtor's stock. NRS 21.090-1(bb) refers only to NRS 78.746-2; and

Second, even if NRS 78.746-1 was required to be considered, its application is not mandatory. In discussing the remedy of a charging order, the statute clearly provides:

On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a stockholder, the court may charge the stockholder's stock" (Emphasis supplied.)

Again, charging the stock is not mandatory. And, if it applies it can only apply, at best, to the stock of a "stockholder" whose stock is not exempt. The Objectors have incorrectly assumed NRS 78.746-1 automatically applies and have failed, in the face of NRS 21.090-1(bb) and NRS 78.476-

2(c), to provide adequate reasons for this Court to find the charging order remedy shall be applied in the case at bar to stock that is otherwise exempt and protected.

The Objectors have attempted to carve out an exception to the exemption provided by NRS 21.090-1(bb) and NRS 78.746-2(b) and (c) where none exists. The stock is either exempt or it is not. If it is not exempt, then, and only then, "may" NRS 78.746-1 apply.

The trustee argues (see Trustee's Joinder To Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p.2, lines 4-7):

"It appears both Companies meet the definition of closely-held corporations for exemption pursuant to NRS Section 21.090(1)(bb), but this exemption is expressly limited to the related non-economic rights by the incorporated provisions of NRS Section 78.746." (Emphasis supplied.)

Debtor submits a plain reading of NRS Section 78.746-2 (and 78.746-1, if necessary,) fails to reveal any such express limitation. There is simply no language in the statute to that effect. In fact, the statute provides to the contrary for stock satisfying the definitional requirements of NRS 78.746-2(c).

The objecting creditor similarly argues (see Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p. 3, lines 13-17):

"The Nevada statute providing for creditors to obtain charging orders against closely held corporate stock held by a debtor does not allow exemption of the economic interest in the stock. The Debtor's claimed exemptions are an overly broad attempt to protect the Debtor's entire interests in the stock, rather than only the non-economic interest that the Nevada charging order statute protects from creditors."

Again, the statute does not provide that for which it is argued it does. Debtor submits there is no allowable bifurcation of stockholder rights if the stock is exempt. If it is exempt, no part of that exemption can be denied. This is not a case requiring statutory interpretation of an ambiguous statute. The Court should not graft on to the NRS provisions involved language that does not now appear there. The Nevada legislature knew what it was doing when it first enacted and subsequently amended NRS 78.746-2(c) and its qualifying descriptors. When it amended those terms it did not make NRS 78.746-1 mandatory in its application although it could have done so

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nor did it delete the provision of 78.746-2(b) providing for complete exemption for stock that otherwise satisfied the definitional requirement of NRS 78.746-2(c). If anything has been done to modify NRS 78.746 since its initial adoption in 2007, it has been the acts of the Nevada legislature to broaden the provisions allowing stock to qualify for exemption by increasing the number of allowed stockholders (from more than one but fewer than 75 to now not more than ninety-nine).

The Court must give meaning to the provisions of NRS 78.746-2(b) and (c). Even if the charging order remedy must be considered, some classification of stock must remain fully exempt. If the Objectors are correct that would never be the case. If the Objectors are correct there would be no need for NRS 21.090-1(bb) and 78.746-2(b) and (c) in the first place, for if they are correct even if a stock satisfied the statutory descriptors it could still be subject to NRS 78.746-1. Of course if it did not satisfy the descriptors the same result would occur. So, what would be the need for NRS 78.746-2(c) at all?

The Objectors' positions cannot be correct. The Debtor's stock is exempt from creditor claims pursuant to the Nevada Revised Statutes. This Court must give meaning to the language of those statutes by overruling the objections made to Debtor's claim of exemption.

The objecting creditor cites <u>Weddell v. H2O. Inc.</u>, 271 P. 3d 743 (Nev, 2012), in support of its argument. Debtor submits that decision is inapposite to the case at bar because it was not a bankruptcy case dealing with the nature of exempt assets for bankruptcy purposes and that decision assumed the remedy of a charging order could in all events be an appropriate one in regard to any limited liability companies. NRS Section 86.401 does not provide any qualifying descriptors that either do or do not limit the application of its provisions to any particular limited liability company - all limited liability companies "may" be subject to it. The same cannot be said of NRS Section 78.746-2. Any attempt to rely on <u>Weddell</u> to explain the scope of a charging order as applied to an asset that could be exempt for bankruptcy purposes is misplaced.

Thus, although the potential exists to find the scope of the charging order remedy under both NRS 78.746-1 and NRS 86.401 may be the same, as the objecting creditor argues (see

 Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p.3, lines 18-25 and p.4, lines 1-7), it is not a given that NRS 78.746-1 applies to all corporate stock whereas NRS 86.401-1 certainly "may" apply to all limited liability companies. regardless of the number of members or any other criteria. And that is what distinguishes those statutes from each other, at least as far as their initial application of the charging order remedy is relevant. A limited liability company membership interest is not exempt under NRS 21.090-1 and, therefore, at a minimum, must run the gauntlet of NRS 86.401. The same cannot be said for corporate stock interests and NRS 78.746.1. 1/

The Weddell decision dealt with the application of Nevada's limited liability statute to the interest in a limited liability company. There is no Nevada Revised Statute exemption for an interest in limited liability companies. Therefore, the decision of Court in <u>Weddell</u> could not have reflected what that Court could have thought had it been dealing with assets that could have been exempt.

Finally, assuming the Objectors are correct as to the applicability of NRS Section 78.746-1, that section expressly limits the relief to be granted to "the unsatisfied amount of the judgment [the creditor holds against the Debtor/stockholder.] " Thus, any claim to "all profits and distributions related to the Debtor's interest . . . [being] property of the estate" (see Trustee's Joinder To Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p.3, lines 3-4; emphasis supplied), must be denied but, if allowed at all, must be limited to the judgment amount held by the objecting creditors. Also to be denied is the objecting creditor's request that the trustee be allowed "to liquidate . . . the economic interests of the Debtor " (See Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p. 5, line 4.) Again, only the same dollar amount remedy would apply, to be satisfied only from distributions otherwise to be made to the Debtor, not from a liquidation of assets.

_____1/The objecting creditor also cites Renteria v. Canepa, 2013 WL 3155348, at *2(D. Nev. 2013), as a case allowing a charging Order to be applied to corporate stock. (See Objection To Claimed Exemptions, p.4, lines 15-17.) This decision is clearly distinguishable from the case at bar as it was not a bankruptcy case and did not involve any claim to exemption for stock pursuant to NRS 21.090-1(bb). In fact, the Court was careful to point out the owner of the stock was not himself in bankruptcy.

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Based on the foregoing, Debtor requests this Court to overrule the objections to exemption or, if the objections are sustained, to limit any recovery to the amount of the unsatisfied judgement the objecting creditors hold against Debtor, to be satisfied only from distributions otherwise to be made by the corporations to the Debtor.

Respectfully submitted,

MARK SEGAL, CHARTERED

By

Mark Segal, Esq. Monica T. Centeno, Esq. 720 S. Fourth St., #301 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for Debtor

W/BK\Becker\Debtor's Respon. to Obj.12.02.13.wpd

п

1	Douglas J. Payne, Utah Bar #A04113 (Pro Hac Vice)	James H. Walton, Esq. (Nev. Bar #115) NITZ WALTON & HEATON, LTD.		
2	FABIAN & CLENDENIN, a Professional Corporation	601 South Tenth Street, Ste. 201 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
3	215 South State Street, Suite 1200 Salt Lake City, Utah 84111-2323 Telephone: (801) 531-8900	Telephone:(702) 474-4004		
4	Fax: (801) 596-2814	Fax: (702) 384-3011 E-mail: jim@nwhltd.com		
5	E-mail: dpayne@fabianlaw.com Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV,	Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and		
6	individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the	Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C.		
7	Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust	Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and		
8	Decker Lamily 17 and	Brian Becker		
9	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT			
10	DISTRICT OF NEVADA			
11	IN RE:	Case No. 13-14932-btb		
12	ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,			
13	Debtor,	Chapter 7		
14	(Date: December 18, 2013		
15	3	Time: 11:00 a.m.		
16	REPLYIN	SUPPORT OF		
17	OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS			
18	Creditor and interested parties Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker			
19	IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C.			
20	Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and			
21	Brian Becker, by and through counsel, submit the following Reply in support of their			
22	objection to the exemptions the Debtor claimed in the stock of "Ensworth Corporation			
23	Stock" and in the stock of "Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc." as listed on the Debtor's Amended			
24	Schedule C.			
25				
26				

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ARGUMENT

I. NEVADA STATUTES DO NOT EXEMPT THE DEBTOR'S ECONOMIC INTEREST IN THE STOCK.

The Debtor's argument that NRS 21.090(1)(bb) makes his entire interests in the stock of Ensworth Corporation (Ensworth Apts. Inc.) and Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc. exempt is fundamentally flawed. That statute exempts the following from execution by creditors:

(bb) Stock of a corporation described in subsection 2 of NRS 78.746 except as set forth in that section.

NRS 21.090(1)(bb) (emphasis added). The Debtor asserts that "the Debtor is entitled to completely exempt his stock and all of the stockholder rights attributable to ownership of such stock from creditor claims" because, he argues, NRS 21.090(1)(bb) totally exempts the stock of those closely held corporations that are described in subsection 2 of NRS 78.746. Debtor's Response to Objection to Claimed Exemptions and to Trustee's Joinder to Objection to Claimed Exemptions [Docket No. 95] ("Debtor's Response"), at 2. The Debtor goes so far as to assert that "[o]nce the stock so qualifies [falls within the description of 78.746(2)], NRS 78.746-2(b) provides it an exemption of which the Debtor cannot be deprived." Debtor's Response, at 2 (emphasis added). The Debtor's mistaken interpretation completely ignores, however, the last six words of NRS 21.090(1)(bb): "except as set forth in that section." That language expressly carves out an exception from any exemption granted by NRS 21.090(1)(bb) for the remedies of creditors set forth in "that section" [NRS 78.746], namely, the right of creditors to reach the economic

Note that the statute itself distinguishes between "sections" and "subsections". The reference to "that section" is a reference to all of section 746 of Chapter 78, not just subsection 2 of 78,746, as the Debtor would desire.

interests in stock in closely held corporations through the charging order provisions of NRS 78.746(1) and 78.746(2)(a).

It is a well-established principal of statutory construction that courts should avoid "statutory interpretation that renders language meaningless or superfluous." *In re Steven Daniel P.*, 123 Nev. Adv. Op. 73, 309 P.3d 1041, 1043-44 (2013), *quoting George J. v. State (In re George J.)*, 128 Nev. Adv. Op. 32, 279 P.3d 187 (2012). *See also Tomlinson v. State*, 110 Nev. 757, 761, 878 P.2d 311, 313 (1994) ("statute should be construed so that effect is given to all its provisions, so that no part will be inoperative or superfluous, void or insignificant"). The Debtor's interpretation of NRS 21.090(1)(bb) as granting a blanket exemption "of which the Debtor cannot be deprived" for stock in closely held corporations described in NRS 78.746(2) would render meaningless the exception language contained in NRS 21.090(1)(bb) ("except as set forth in that section [NRS 78.746]"). The remedy for creditors set forth in NRS 78.746(1) and 78.746(2)(a) is an express exception to the exemption of NRS 21.090(1)(bb).

Similarly, the statutory interpretation the Debtor urges—that NRS 78.746(1) has no application to stock in a closely held corporation described in NRS 78.746(2)—would make statutory subsections 78.746(1) and 78.746(2)(a) superfluous. NRS 78.746(2) reads in part:

- 2. Subject to the provisions of NRS 78.747, this section2:
 - (c) Applies only to a corporation that:
 (1) Has fewer than 100 stockholders of record at any time.
 - (2) Is not a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of a publicly traded corporation, either in whole or in part.
 - (3) Is not a professional corporation as defined in NRS 89.020.

² The words "this section" once again refer to all of section 746 of Chapter 78, and therefore do include 78.746(1). That is the only construction that makes any sense, since NRS 78.746(2)(a) by its context refers back to NRS 78.746(1) as the exclusive remedy for a judgment creditor. Debtor is simply wrong in stating that 78.746(1) is inapplicable.

 NRS 78.746(2) (emphasis added). NRS 78.746 and all of its subsections, including 78.746(1) and 78.746(2)(a), expressly apply to closely held corporations described in 78.746(2)(c), and only to such closely held corporations. NRS 78.746(1) and NRS 78.746(2)(a) must therefore apply to the stock of such closely held corporations if those portions of the statute are to have any meaning or application at all.

The ability of creditors to reach the non-economic interest in the stock is supported by Nevada case law interpreting Nevada's nearly identical limited liability company charging order provisions.³ The Debtor fails in his attempt to distinguish the charging order provision applicable to closely held corporations from the limited liability company charging order statute or the Nevada Supreme Court's analysis of charging orders in Weddell v. H2O, Inc., 271 P.3d 743 (Nev. 2012) on the grounds that there is not a Nevada exemption statute for interests in Nevada LLCs. As discussed above, economic interests in stock in closely held corporations are not exempt under Nevada law. NRS 21.090(1)(bb) does not exempt those stock interests, but instead contains an express exception for the remedy "set forth" in 78.746. Creditors may reach a debtor's economic interests in such stock.

II. THE NON-EXEMPT PROPERTY IS NOT LIMITED TO THE VALUE OF THIS CREDITOR'S CLAIM.

The Debtor's argument that any objection to the exemption of the stock should be limited to the amount of this creditor's claim is misplaced. See Debtor's Response, at 6. The Debtor's bankruptcy schedules list over \$87.5 million dollars in general unsecured claims against him, and less than \$2 million dollars in assets. See Summary of Schedules & Schedule F, at Docket No. 11. The Trustee, who has joined in the objection to the

³ A table comparing the corresponding provisions of NRS 78.746 (creditors' remedies against stock of closely held corporations) with NRS. 86.401 (creditors' remedies against LLC membership interests) is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

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Debtors exemptions, stands in the shoes of all creditors, and is entitled to administer property for the benefit of all creditors. See In re Foos, 405 B.R. 604, 610-11 (Bankr. N.D. Ohio 2009) (sustaining Chapter 7 trustee's objection to debtor's claimed exemption in partnership under a similar statute that provided for judgment creditor to obtain a charging order against partnership interest to satisfy judgment). The Debtor's Statement of Financial Affairs lists multiple judgments against the Debtor, not just a judgment by this creditor. See SOFA, ¶4 [Docket No. 11].

Further, as the Bankruptcy Appellate Panel of the Ninth Circuit observed when analyzing virtually identical language of Nevada's LLLP and LLC charging order statutes: "In a bankruptcy case, employing the powers granted by § 544(a)(1), Blixeth's bankruptcy trustee could assert the same rights as his creditors to pursue his interests in the LLC and LLP." In re Blixseth, 484 B.R. 360, 368 (9th Cir. BAP 2012). The Trustee in this case may assert the same rights as creditors to pursue the Debtor's interests in the closely held corporations. The Debtor is not entitled to shield the stock through an exemption in bankruptcy. The Trustee is entitled to administer the stock to the extent necessary to satisfy claims of all creditors.

CONCLUSION

The Court should sustain the objection to the Debtor's claimed exemption of his stock in "Ensworth Corporation" or Ensworth Apts. Inc., and in stock in Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc., and the Chapter 7 trustee's joinder in the objection. The Court should allow the bankruptcy trustee to administer the economic interests in that stock, such as the right to receive dividends, distributions, or the like on account of the stock, for the benefit of creditors of the bankruptcy estate.

DATED this 10th day of December, 2013.

/s/ Douglas J. Payne

Douglas J. Payne
FABIAN & CLENDENIN
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV,
individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and
Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the
Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C.
Becker Family Trust

DATED this 10th day of December, 2013.

NITZ, WALTON & HEATON, LTD.

/s/ James H. Walton
JAMES H. WALTON, ESO.
601 S. Tenth Street, Suite 201
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorneys for Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 10th day of December, 2013, I caused the foregoing document to be filed electronically via the electronic filing system of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, which caused a true and correct copy of the foregoing to thereafter be served electronically via the Bankruptcy Court's ECF noticing system upon those parties registered to receive service in this case. I hereby also certify that I have this day served the foregoing document upon the following parties in this proceeding set forth below by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed by first class mail:

EXHIBIT "A"

EXHIBIT A

Corresponding provisions of N.R.S. § 73.746 and N.R.S. § 86.401

N.R.S. § 78.746

- 1. On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a stockholder, the court may charge the stockholder's stock with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the stockholder's stock.
- 2. Subject to the provisions of NRS 78.747, this section:
- (a) Provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a stockholder or an assignee of a stockholder may satisfy a judgment out of the stock of the judgment debtor. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the stockholder's stock or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or stockholder might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the corporation, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.
- (b) Does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock.
 - (c) Applies only to a corporation that:
- Has fewer than 100 stockholders of record at any time.
- (2) Is not a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of a publicly traded corporation, either in whole or in part.
- (3) Is not a professional corporation as defined in NRS 89.020.
- (d) Does not apply to any liability of a stockholder that exists as the result of an action

N.R.S. 86.401

- On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member, the court may charge the member's interest with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the member's interest.
- 2. This section:
- (a) Provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a member or an assignee of a member may satisfy a judgment out of the member's interest of the judgment debtor, whether the limited-liability company has one member or more than one member. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the member's interest or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or member might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the limited-liability company, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.
- (b) Does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption applicable to his or her interest.

filed before July 1, 2007. (c) Does not supersede any written (e) Does not supersede any written agreement between a member and a creditor if agreement between a stockholder and a the written agreement does not conflict with creditor if the written agreement does not the limited-liability company's articles of conflict with the corporation's articles of organization or operating agreement. incorporation, bylaws or any shareholder agreement to which the stockholder is a party. 3. As used in this section, "rights of an assignee" means the rights to receive the share of the distributions or dividends paid by the corporation to which the judgment debtor would otherwise be entitled. The term does not include the rights to participate in the management of the business or affairs of the corporation or to become a director of the corporation.

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM 2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145-5308 Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122

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ï				
2	Lenard E. Schwartzer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 0399			
	Jason A. Imes, Esq.			
	Nevada Bar No. 7030 Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm 2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1			
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5	Las Vegas NV 89146-5308 Telephone: (702) 228-7590			
6	Facsimile: (702) 892-0122			
7	E-Mail: <u>bkfilings@s-mlaw.com</u> Attorneys for William A. Leonard, Jr., Trustee			
8				
9	DISTRICT OF NEVADA			
10	In re:	Case No. BK-S-13-14932-BTB Chapter 7		
11	ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,	Chapter /		
12	Debtor.	TRUSTEE'S JOINDER TO REPLY IN SUPPORT OF OBJECTION TO		
13		CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS		
14		Hearing Date: December 18, 2013		
15		Hearing Time: 11:00 a.m.		
16				
17	WILLIAM A. LEONARD, the Chapter 7 Trustee (the "Trustee"), by and through his			
18	counsel, Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm,	counsel, Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm, hereby joins in the objecting creditors' Reply in		
19	Support of Objection to Claimed Exemptions [Dkt. #98].			
20	For the reasons set forth in the Objecting Creditor's Reply [Dkt. #98], their Objection [Dkt			
21	#78] and the Trustee's Joinder [Dkt. #81], it is appropriate for this Court to enter an Order			
22	clarifying that the Debtor is only entitled to exempt his non-economic interest in Ensworth Apts.,			
23	Inc. (identified in Debtor's Schedule C as "Ensworth Corporation Stock"), and Eagle Rock			
24	Gaming, Inc., pursuant to NRS §21.090(1)(bb), and that the Debtor's economic interests in the			
25	stock of these two corporations, including all profits and distributions related to the Debtor's			

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interest, are property of the estate pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §541 and the provisions of NRS §78.746 and must be paid to the Trustee for the benefit of the estate and creditors.

DATED: December 11, 2013

Lenard E. Schwartzer, Esq. Jason A. Imes, Esq.

Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm

2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1

Las Vegas, NV 89146 Counsel for Trustee

SCHWARTZER & MCPHERSON LAW FIRM 2850 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 1 Las Vegas, Newada 89146-5308 Tel: (702) 228-7590 · Fax: (702) 892-0122 Ī

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In re:

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25 26 Honorable Bruce T. Beesley United States Bankruptcy Judge

Entered on Docket March 21, 2014

ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

Hearing Date: February 19, 2014 Hearing Time: 2:00 p.m.

ORDER CERTIFYING QUESTION OF LAW TO THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT

Question of Law Certified - Nev. R. App. P. 5(c)(1)

Debtor.

This court requires clarification as to whether a debtor may properly claim an exemption in his entire stock interest pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb) and the incorporated provisions of Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746. The issue is before this court as a result of objections made by several creditors and interested parties, upon which the Chapter 7 Trustee joined, to Debtor's claimed exemptions for the entire interest in stock he holds in two closely held corporations on the basis that Debtor's exemption pursuant to NRS 21.090(1)(bb) is expressly limited to the non-economic rights by the incorporated provisions of NRS 78.746.

As shown below, this court requires clarification regarding the proper interpretation of the stock that is exempt under NRS 21.090(1)(bb) and the incorporated provisions of NRS 78.746 in order to resolve the particular dispute in the above-captioned case. This issue as to

 whether a debtor is entitled to claim an exemption in his entire interest in stock that otherwise meets the requirements of NRS 78.746(2)(c), or if the debtor's exemption is limited to his non-economic rights, is determined by state law, and there is no controlling precedent in the decisions of the Nevada Supreme Court. As clarification concerning the appropriate statutory interpretation of the above referenced statutes is necessary to resolve the objections to debtor's claimed exemptions presently at issue, this court believes that the standard for Rule 5 certifications set forth in Volvo Cars of North America, Inc. v. Ricci, 122 Nev. 746, 137 P.3d 1161 (Nev. 2006) has been met.

II. Statement of Facts - Nev. R. App. P. 5(c)(2)

On June 5, 2013, Ernest August Becker, V ("Debtor") filed a voluntary Chapter 7 petition. On his Personal Property Schedule "B," the Debtor lists "Ensworth Corporation Stock" with a value of \$1,362,000 ("Ensworth Stock"), and also lists a stock or other interest in "Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc." with a value of \$219,000 ("Eagle Rock Gaming Stock"). On his Amended Schedule "C," the Debtor claims a \$1,362,000 exemption in the Ensworth Stock pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb). On his Amended Schedule C, the Debtor also claims a \$219,000 exemption in the Eagle Rock Gaming Stock pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb).

On October 31, 2013, creditors and interested parties Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker, as Trustees of the Ernest A. Becker IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust, EB Family Holdings, LLC, Kimberly Riggs, Sallie Becker and Brian Becker (collectively the "Objecting Parties") filed an Objection to Claimed Exemptions. Objecting Parties dispute Debtor's claimed exemptions in both Ensworth Stock and Eagle Rock Gaming Stock. On November 1, 2013, William A. Leonard, the Chapter 7 Trustee ("Trustee") filed its Joinder to Objection to Claimed Exemptions.

Debtor has claimed an exemption for the entire stock interest he holds in Ensworth Stock and Eagle Rock Gaming Stock. In challenging these claimed exemptions, the Objecting Parties

 and the Trustee believe this court should determine that Debtor is only entitled to exempt his non-economic interest, and that Debtor's economic interests, including all profits and distributions related to Debtor's interests, are property of the estate which must be paid to the Trustee for the benefit of the estate and creditors.

A hearing was held on February 19, 2014. For the reasons stated below, this court cannot properly decide whether Debtor's claimed exemptions are supported under Nevada law without a definitive ruling from the Nevada Supreme Court.

III. Nature of Controversy - Nev. R. App. P. 5(c)(3)

"When a debtor files a Chapter 7 bankruptcy petition, all of the debtor's assets become property of the bankruptcy estate, bubble to the debtor's right to reclaim certain property as "exempt." Tyner v. Nicholson (In re Nicholson), 435 B.R. 622, 629-30 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2010) (citation omitted). The Bankruptcy Code specifies the types of property debtors may exempt, and 11 U.S.C. § 522(b) permits a debtor to choose the exemptions afforded by state law or the federal exemptions listed in 11 U.S.C. § 522(d). Id. (citation omitted).

In this case, Debtor is seeking to exempt the stock interest he holds in Ensworth Stock and Eagle Rock Gaming Stock pursuant to NRS 21.090(1)(bb). In relevant part, the statute provides:

 The following property is exempt from execution, except as otherwise specifically provided in this section or required by federal law:

(bb) Stock of a corporation described in subsection 2 of NRS 78.746 except as set forth in that section.

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb). Subsection 2 of NRS 78.746, provides in its entirety:

Subject to the provisions of NRS 78.747, this section:

See 11 U.S.C. § 541

² See 11 U.S.C. § 522(1)

(a) Provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment creditor of a stockholder or an assignee of a stockholder may satisfy a judgment out of the stock of the judgment debtor. No other remedy, including, without limitation, foreclosure on the stockholder's stock or a court order for directions, accounts and inquiries that the debtor or stockholder might have made, is available to the judgment creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment debtor's interest in the corporation, and no other remedy may be ordered by a court.

- (b) Does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock.
- (c) Applies only to a corporation that:
 - (1) Has fewer than 100 stockholders of record at any time.
 - (2) Is not a publicly traded corporation or a subsidiary of a publicly traded corporation, either in whole or in part.
 - (3) Is not a professional corporation as defined in NRS 89.020.

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746(2).

It appears the Trustee concedes, and the Objecting Parties do not otherwise contend, that the Ensworth Stock and the Eagle Rock Gaming Stock fit within the qualifications set forth in NRS 78.746(2)(c). Therefore, the issue in this case is not whether the Debtor's above-referenced stock is exempt, but rather the extent to which the stock is exempt.

The Debtor argues NRS 78.746(1)³ is not triggered if a stock is first determined to be exempt under NRS 21.090(1)(bb) and NRS 78.746(2)(c), with the exemption being protected by NRS 78.746(2)(b). The Debtor further argues that the stock is either exempt or it is not, and NRS 78.746(1) is only applicable if the stock is found to be not exempt. Accordingly, the

³ On application to a court of competent jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a stockholder, the court may charge the stockholder's stock with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment with interest. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the stockholder's stock. Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746(1).

 Debtor contends there is no allowable bifurcation of stockholder rights if the stock is exempt, and if it is exempt, no part of that exemption can be denied.

Alternatively, the Objecting Parties and the Trustee insist the remedy for creditors set forth in NRS 78.746(1) and NRS 78.746(2)(a) is an express exception to the exemption of NRS 21.090(1)(bb). They further assert that NRS 78.746 and all of its subsections, including 78.746(1) and 78.746(2)(a), expressly apply to closely held corporations described in 78.746(c), and only to such closely held corporations. Therefore, NRS 78.746(1) and NRS 78.746(2)(a) must apply to the stock of such closely held corporations if those portions of the statute are to have any meaning or application at all.

In determining that both arguments present conceivable interpretations of the relevant statutes, and after its own careful examination, this court remains perplexed; and now seeks guidance from the Nevada Supreme Court. On one hand, the remedy provision of NRS 78.746 appears to grant this court discretion to issue a charging order against Debtor's stock wherein it states "the court may charge the stockholder's stock . . . [t]o the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee⁴ of the stockholder's stock." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746(1) (Emphasis added). However, subsection 2, rather contrarily, states that "[NRS 78.746] [d]oes not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746(2)(b). How can the statute effectively grant the court discretion in determining whether a certain portion of stock is exempt while simultaneously precluding the court from depriving the stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to its stock?

⁴ The statute defines "rights of an assignee" as "the rights to receive the share of the distributions or dividends paid by the corporation to which the judgment debtor would otherwise be entitled. The term does not include the rights to participate in the management of the business or affairs of the corporation or to become a director of the corporation." Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746(3).

- 1	
1	IV. Designation of the Parties - Nev. R. App. P. 5(c)(4)
2	Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. Proc. 4003(c), the objecting party has the burden of proof with
3	respect to an objection to a debtor's claimed exemptions. Therefore, the court will designate the
4	Objecting Parties and the Trustee as the appellant, and the Debtor as the respondent.
5	V. Names and Addresses of Counsel - Nev. R. App. P. 5(c)(5)
6	Counsel for Debtor:
7	Mark Segal, Esq. 720 S. Fourth St., #301
8	Las Vegas, NV 89101
9	Counsel for Trustee: Lenard E. Schwartzer, Esq.
10	Jason A. Imes, Esq. Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm
11	2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, NV 89146
12	Counsel for Objecting Parties: Douglas J. Payne, Esq.
13	Fabian & Clendenin, P.C. 215 South State Street, Suite 1200
14	Salt Lake City, UT 84111
15	James H. Walton, Esq. Nitz Walton & Heaton, LTD.
16	601 South Tenth Street, Suite 201
17	Las Vegas, NV 89101
18	VI. Order Regarding Certification
19	Having complied with the provisions of Nev. R. App. P. 5(c),
20	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that upon entry, the Clerk of Court shall forward this Order
21	to the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, Capital Complex, 201 South Carson St., Carson
-	City, Nevada 89701, under the seal of the Clerk of this court; and
22	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that upon receipt of the opinion of the Nevada Supreme
23	Court, this matter shall be transferred to the Bankruptcy Court for further proceedings consistent
24	with the opinion of the Nevada Supreme Court.
25	
26	

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1	Notice by CM/ECF Electronic Noticing to:
2	MONICA T. CENTENO
3	JASON A. IMES
4	WILLIAM A. LEONARD
5	LENARD E. SCHWARTZER
6	MARK B SEGAL
7	SHLOMO S. SHERMAN
8	U.S. TRUSTEE - LV - 7
9	JAMES H. WALTON
10	Notice by Mail to:
11	DOUGLAS J. PAYNE
12	215 S. STATE STREET, SUITE 1200 SALT LAKE CIT, UT 84111-2323
13	SHORT LINE EXPRESS MARKET
14	7330 EASTGATE RD STE 120 HENDERSON, NV 89011
15	TID. ID DICTOR TO THE TOTAL TOT
16	###
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Case 13-14932-btb Doc 160 Entered 08/04/14 15:45:46 Page 1 of 2

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

ERNEST A. BECKER, IV,
INDIVIDUALLY; ERNEST A. BECKER,
IV AND KATHLEEN BECKER; AS
TRUSTEES OF THE ERNEST A.
BECKER IV AND KATHLEEN C.
BECKER FAMILY TRUST; EB FAMILY
HOLDINGS, LLC; KIMBERLY RIGGS;
SALLIE BECKER; BRIAN BECKER;
AND WILLIAM A. LEONARD,
TRUSTEE,
Appellants,
vs.
ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V,
Respondent.

No. 65335

FILED

JUL 3 1 2014

CLERKOF SUPREME COURT

OF DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER ACCEPTING CERTIFIED QUESTION

This is a certified question under NRAP 5 from the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada, which asks "whether a debtor may properly claim an exemption in his entire stock interest pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 21.090(1)(bb) and the incorporated provisions of Nev. Rev. Stat. § 78.746." As no clearly controlling Nevada precedent exists with regard to this important legal question and the answer may determine part of the federal case, our consideration of this question is appropriate. See NRAP 5(a); Volvo Cars of N. Am. v. Ricci, 122 Nev. 746, 749-51, 137 P.3d 1161, 1163-64 (2006).

Accordingly, appellants shall have 45 days from the date of this order to file and serve an opening brief. Respondent shall have 30 days from the date when the opening brief is served to file and serve an answering brief. Appellants shall then have 20 days from the date when the answering brief is served to file and serve any reply brief. The parties'

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

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briefs shall comply with NRAP 28, 28.2, 31(c), and 32. See NRAP 5(g)(2). The parties are further directed to prepare and file a joint appendix containing certified copies of any relevant portion of the record. See NRAP 5(d); NRAP 30. The appendix shall be filed no later than the date when the opening brief is filed.

It is so ORDERED.

Diffons,

Gibbons

lickung, J.

Hardesty , J

Tariago, J

Douglas

Parraguirre

Saitta

Cherry

cc: Bruce T. Beesley, United States Bankruptcy Judge Fabian & Clendenin, P.C. (Utah) Nitz Walton & Heaton, Ltd. Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm Segal & McMahan

J.

United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada

SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA J.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA (LAS VEGAS)

Case No. 13-14932-BTB

IN RE: Chapter 7

.

ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V, . 300 Las Vegas Blvd. South

Las Vegas, NV 89101

Debtor. Wednesday, February 19, 2014

2:02 p.m.

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING ON OBJECTION TO CLAIMED EXEMPTIONS
WITH CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE FILED BY JAMES H. WALTON
ON BEHALF OF ERNEST A. BECKER, IV, INDIVIDUALLY,
ERNEST A. BECKER, IV AND KATHLEEN C. BECKER, AS TRUSTEES OF
ERNEST A. BECKER, IV AND KATHLEEN C. BECKER FAMILY TRUST,
EB FAMILY HOLDINGS, LLC, KIMBERLY RIGGS [78]
BEFORE THE HONORABLE BRUCE T. BEESLEY
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

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APPEARANCES CONTINUED:

For Ernest A. Becker, IV individually, and the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker Family Trust:

Fabian & Clendenin By: DOUGLAS J. PAYNE, ESQ. 215 South State Street, Suite 1200 Salt Lake City, UT 84111-2323 (801) 531-8900

Nitz Walton & Heaton, Ltd. By: JAMES. H. WALTON, ESQ. 601 S. 10th Street, Suite 201 Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 474-4004

For the Trustee:

Schwartzer & McPherson Law Firm By: JASON A. IMES, ESQ. 2850 South Jones Blvd., Suite 1 Las Vegas, NV 89146 (702) 228-7590 (Proceedings commence at 2:02 p.m.)

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Honor.

THE CLERK: Court is now in session.

THE COURT: Good afternoon. Please be seated. This is the case of Ernest August Becker, Case Number 13-14932. Appearances, please.

> MR. SEGAL: Mark Segal for the debtor, Your Honor. MS. CENTENO: Monica Centeno for the debtor, Your

MR. PAYNE: Douglas Payne on behalf of Ernest A. Becker, IV, individually, and Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen C. Becker as trustees of the Ernest A. Becker, IV and Kathleen 12 C. Becker Family Trust.

MR. WALTON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. James 14 Walton, also on behalf of Ernest Becker, IV, and his family 15 trust and other objecting creditors.

MR. IMES: Afternoon, Your Honor. James Imes, 17 counsel for the Trustee, William Leonard.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

MR. PAYNE: Your Honor, if it please the Court, Doug 20 Payne on behalf of objecting creditors as I indicated an appearance for.

This is an objection to an exemption asserted by the 23 debtor with respect to stock interests in two closely held 24 corporations, Ensworth Apartments and Eagle Rock Gaming, Inc. 25 The debtor has asserted that his stock interest is entirely

1 exempt under Nevada Revised Statute Section 21.090(1)(bb), and we submit that the objection to the exemption should be 3 abstained because Nevada statutes do not exempt a debtor's entire economic interest in stock in a closely held corporation from the reach of creditors or from a bankruptcy trustee.

THE COURT: And do you have any cases that say that? MR. PAYNE: I do not have any cases that say that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

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MR. PAYNE: I do have cases in analogous situations 11 that say that. The statute, 21.090(1)(bb), makes exempt stock 12 of a corporation described in Subsection (2) of N.R.S. 78.746 13 -- and this is important -- except as set forth in that 14 section.

THE COURT: Well, take a look for me if you would at 16 786 -- or 78.746(2)(b).

MR. PAYNE: Okay. Okay.

THE COURT: Why doesn't that apply?

MR. PAYNE: Because it does apply, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So it says, "Does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the 22 stockholder's stock," correct?

MR. PAYNE: Correct.

THE COURT: And you're saying that the exemption does 25 not apply.

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MR. PAYNE: No. Your Honor, I'm saying that the exemption is granted, not in this section, but the exemption is granted in 21.090(bb).

THE COURT: Right. I know that.

MR. PAYNE: And that says that -- the definition of that exemption is stock of a corporation described in Subsection (2) of 78.746, except as set forth in that section.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. PAYNE: So what I'm saying is that it's only exempted except to the extend set forth in Section 78.746, which includes Subsection (1) which allows for the -- provides 12 for a charging order.

THE COURT: Right. So why do they even have "does 14 not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the shareholder stock" in there? I mean, why 16 even have that?

MR. PAYNE: Well, if there's some other exemption, 18 other than 21.090, which clearly includes the entirety of 746, 19 then this statute here would not interfere with that, Your Honor. But I think that the exemption under 21.090 incorporates all of the provisions of 78.746.

THE COURT: Well, I understand that, but one of the provisions says "does not apply to any exemption." That would 24 be 78.746(2)(b).

MR. PAYNE: That's correct, but then the question

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1 becomes what is the exemption. Where is the exemption granted? 2 And that -- for that you have to refer back to 21.090 which --

THE COURT: Which again refers you to 78, which contains the provision.

MR. PAYNE: So I think we're getting circular perhaps, Your Honor. But I think -- because I think had the legislature intended for Subsection (1) of 78.746 not to exclude certain stock from the exemption, it would have not said in 21.090(bb) "except as set forth in that section." It would have just ended at a period.

THE COURT: Do you have any legislative history that says that?

MR. PAYNE: I don't, Your Honor, but I don't know what the last six words of (bb) would mean if that's not the case. They would be superfluous.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not trying to be difficult, but I don't understand what the last seven words of (bb) mean, and the last -- and 78.746(2)(b) mean. I mean, they appear to me to be inconsistent.

MR. PAYNE: Well, I'm not sure that they're inconsistent, Your Honor, because I -- again, I think that -for an exemption I think that it's appropriate to look at the language that grants the exemption, and that's 21.090. So I think we look at that, and then there could potentially be some other meaning for the language that Your Honor has pointed to

in 746(b)(2). There could be some other exemption that could potentially apply.

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THE COURT: But it doesn't limit it that way.

MR. PAYNE: This says "any exemption applicable to the stock," so it could be a universe of exemptions. It doesn't refer it back to 21.090.

THE COURT: Are you aware of any other exemptions applicable to the stock?

MR. PAYNE: I'm not. I'm not, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. It just seems to me that the two statutes are inconsistent, one with the other.

MR. PAYNE: Your Honor, I think that as noted in the briefing, and as the statute clearly provides, creditors are entitled to a charging order against — to assert a charging order against stock in a closely held corporation under Subsection (1) of 78.746. And I think if Subsection (b) (2) made it entirely exempt, then I think that charging order provision would be superfluous, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I think that may be correct.

MR. PAYNE: And the statute provides under charging order that a creditor that obtains a charging order is entitled to assert the rights of an assignee in the stockholder's stock and is --

THE COURT: Which basically means you get a distribution of profits if one is ever declared in the closely

1 held corporation.

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MR. PAYNE: That's correct, distribution --3 dividends, distributions, et cetera, the economic interests. In the case of Weddell v. H2O, Inc., the Nevada Supreme Court in 2012 interpreted a similar statute that governed charging order against membership interests in limited liability companies, and the Court --

THE COURT: But that's easy because limited liability companies are not exempt.

MR. PAYNE: Right.

THE COURT: There's no exemption for them.

MR. PAYNE: Well, I guess the question is is it easy or not because it's the same charging order statute, and I think the parties --

THE COURT: Right. But there is no exemption for an ownership interest in an LLC in the state of Nevada.

MR. PAYNE: But I think it's illustrative as to what a creditor can reach, Your Honor. I think that the H2O case provides that, and I think if the -- and I think interpreting the statute with respect to a closely held corporation where the entire section applies, I think the exemption must -- is only granted to the extent that the entire section applies. And therefore I think that Weddell decision is illustrative, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PAYNE: Even though there is not an exemption granted, I think it's illustrative because the exemption under 21.090 is except to the extent provided in the section which is 78.746, and that section is parallel to the section the Nevada Supreme Court was interpreting in the Weddell v. H2O, Inc. case, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PAYNE: The debtor has argued that — also argued that if there is an exception to the exemption pursuant to the charging order, that it's limited to the amount owed by this particular creditor. And as we pointed out in our brief, Section 544(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code gives a bankruptcy trustee the rights and powers of a traditional lien creditor, and also the rights and powers of a creditor that extends credit to the debtor and obtains an execution against the debtor that is returned unsatisfied at the time of the commencement of the case, whether or not such creditor exists. And therefore, Your Honor, 544(a)(1) gives the trustee the rights and powers of a creditor that would be entitled to get the charging order under 78.746.

THE COURT: And I don't disagree with that at all. I mean, the trustee's and the creditor's powers are broad if, in fact, they attach to this particular property. I mean, certainly if I am -- certainly if you are correct, you can -- this can be avoided to the extent that a charging order can be

placed against this property. There is no question about that.

My question is I don't understand what appears to me to be significantly inconsistent language between 78 and 21. I just -- I don't see it.

MR. PAYNE: Okay. Well, Your Honor, I guess with respect to the Court's concern, I would again just refer to Subsection (1) of 78.746 and indicate that there is a rather extensive provision compared to 78 -- compared to the 78 --

THE COURT: (2)(b)?

MR. PAYNE: -- (2)(b), yes.

THE COURT: So there's more weight given to something if more words are used? Is that what you're telling me?

MR. PAYNE: Well, I don't know. I guess the Court can decide. As I look at it, and I'm not sure I fully understand the Court's interpretation of (2)(b), but it's not like you had -- (1) would be entirely superfluous and meaningless if, in fact, the scope of number (2) is as the Court has indicated that it believes it may be.

And so I think that the better interpretation is to look at the statute granting the exemption which is 21.090(bb) that says "section," which includes the entire section, and I think you have to read that in its entirety. And there could potentially be some other exemption. In fact, the (2)(b) does not refer back to the granting exemption, and there could potentially be some other exemption to which it applied, but I

think (1) would be clearly unnecessary and rendered meaningless if, in fact, (2) is read as broadly -- so broadly as to disallow any exemption for stock in closely held corporation because then, indeed, a creditor could not obtain a charging order or any economic rights in stock of a closely held corporation.

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We cited in our brief, Your Honor, to a case in which the District Court, I think the Santano case, an unpublished decision, but we cited that in which a District Court granted a charging order against an interest in a closely held corporation, and we believe that is the appropriate determination. We think that had the legislature intended to grant a blanket exemption to interest in closely held corporations, 21.090(1)(bb) would have ended without the final six words. Would have said "stock of the corporation described in Subsection (2) of N.R.S. 78.746," period. It would not have 17 had that "except as set forth in that section."

And furthermore, as I've indicated, the language in Subsection (1) of 78.746 would be superfluous. So I think to give meaning to the entirety of 21.090(1)(bb), the Court needs to recognize that there are exceptions in Section 78.746. And I think reading (2)(b), to grant a blanket exemption is 23 inconsistent with the statute that grants the exemption itself, Your Honor, and therefore I think it's appropriate that the Court not allow this debtor to exempt the entirety of his

interest in the closely held corporations but to only exempt the non-economic portions of his interest in that stock. I think that's consistent with the statutory scheme, and I think it's consistent with the idea of public policy, as well, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Counsel? Oops, sorry. Go ahead.

MR. WALTON: Your Honor, James Walton on behalf of the various creditors who are objecting parties.

I just wanted to address the issue Your Honor raised about the -- whether there is a conflict between the statute, the exemption statute and the charging order statute.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

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MR. WALTON: And I wanted to point out to you, Your Honor, a case which was cited in our reply brief from the Bankruptcy Court in Ohio called the In Re Foos case. That was a case that's very similar to the case we have here. It was a 18 case that involved a bankruptcy trustee that objected to the debtor's claim that his entire interest in a partnership was exempt.

Now, in that state, the State of Ohio in its 22 partnership statute, there was an exemption for partnership 23 interest, but it had similar language to what we have in the 24 Nevada exemption statute because it said except as otherwise 25 provided in the Ohio charging order statute for partnerships.

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When you turn to that statute, it also had the 2 similar language that Your Honor referenced which says that nothing in this chapter deprives a partner of any right under exemption laws with respect to the partner's interest in the partnership. So the main difference between the two cases is 6 that case involved a partnership interest whereas our case involves an interest in corporate stock. However, the legal principles are the same.

What the result of that case was is the Bankruptcy Court there in the In re Foos case held that the interest -only the economic interest was exempt and not the entire ownership interest or not the -- I'm sorry, I misphrased that. Only the non-economic interest was exempt and not the economic interest.

And I would just suggest, Your Honor, that the language that was troubling, or seemed troubling to the Court in 78.746(2)(b), it only refers to an exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock. To know whether it's applicable, you have to go back to the exemption statute and see if it really is. And the exemption statute says it's exempt except as set forth in the charging order statute. And the charging order statute clearly does not exempt economic interest, so --

THE COURT: I guess what I don't understand is why have that Paragraph (2)(b) in there at all?

MR. WALTON: Well, because they're simply saying that

1 there may be an exemption. If there is, then it should apply. 2 But it doesn't say -- it does not deprive any stockholder of 3 any exemption in corporate stock. It doesn't say that. It says any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock. You 5 have to ask is it an applicable exemption or is it not 6 applicable, and it's only applicable if it applies to the noneconomic interests.

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It's clearly not applicable if it applies to the economic interests because the statute that gives the exemption refers you back to the charging order statute to see whether the exemption is applicable or not. So I don't think there is a conflict between the statutes. I think Your Honor should consider the In re Foos case. That is -- of course, it's not a case from this jurisdiction, but it is a case that should carry significant weight with the Court. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you very much. Anybody else? Counsel?

MR. IMES: Thank you, Your Honor. Jason Imes, counsel for the Trustee.

Not to belabor the discussion of (2)(b), 78.746(2)(b), but our reading of that has always been that 78.746 sets up a distinction. The charging order statute sets up a distinction between the non-economic rights and the economic rights relating to the stock. (2)(b) to me just sounds like confirmation that nothing under the statute is

1 going to impair the debtor's right to continue receiving the 2 non-economic benefits, but I don't think it's inconsistent in that it doesn't draw a distinction and will lump everything together and say that under (2)(b), all of it comes in together.

I think it just confirms what the entire section states, that there are economic interests, non-economic interests, trustee can get a charging order or judgment, creditor can get a charging order against the economic interests, but to the extent that the non-economic interests are exempt, nothing in this section precludes that or prevents 12 the debtor from receiving those benefits. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you. Just one second.

MR. SEGAL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Mark Segal for the --

THE COURT: Just hang on for one second, please.

MR. SEGAL: I'm sorry, Your Honor.

(Pause in proceedings)

THE COURT: Does anybody have a copy of N.R.S.

78.747, the prior statute?

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MR. PAYNE: 78.747, I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Could I see that?

MR. PAYNE: Yes.

MR. SEGAL: May I approach, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes, please. Thank you. Okay. Thank

you. Go ahead.

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MR. SEGAL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Mark Segal for the debtors.

I think first and most importantly, if I am correctly 5 reading the movements in the trustee's brief, they have 6 conceded that the stock is exempt. Their position is that even though it is exempt, they're entitled to the charging order 8 remedy. The debtor's position is that's wrong. If the stock is exempt, it's exempt for all purposes, and as the Court has pointed out and has questioned, Subpart (b) of Subsection (2) of 746 clearly states that the section does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder's stock.

So if this stock is exempt, as the debtor submits it is, if he were otherwise to be subject to the charging order, which as the Court has pointed out and as the cases cited point out, would then allow the creditor to get any distributions otherwise to be made to him, he certainly would be denied part of the benefit that would otherwise be allowed to him if the 20 stock was fully exempt.

So we disagree completely. We think the movements have jumped ahead of the primary questions before the Court to reach the question of the charging order remedy, its scope. I think the cases that have been cited are instructive, at least to tell us what a charging order means. I don't know that a

charging order would even be appropriate if the stock was nonexempt, and I will address that in my presentation this afternoon.

First, as the Court well knows, exemptions under the statutes, exemptions from creditor claims and from remedies available to creditors, are to be liberally construed so that initially the movant's burden is great to be placed on them to show the Court why the exemption which they conceded exists should not be allowed to the debtors in full.

The debtors submit that the movants have not met their burden of proof, nor have they shown a sufficient statutory interpretation to enable the Court to rule that the debtor's stock is not exempt from their claims and that the movants may avail themselves of the charging order remedy. Rule 4003 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure requires that someone objecting to a claim of exemption provide proof to the Court as to why that exemption should not be allowed. The debtors submit that the movants have not done that. They've provided no proof to the Court of any kind, first as to what standards would apply to determine whether or not a charging order would even be applicable in the case at bar.

They have failed to prove -- the proof necessary to show what standards, whatever they would be, would have been met. And once the objection to claims have been made, discovery is over. So even if there were standards that the

Court would have to look at, even if there was proof that would have to be provided to the Court in order to tell whether or not to implement those standards, it is now too late for the movants to approach that. So the debtor's first position is we don't have to go beyond Rule 4003, Your Honor. The movants 6 have not met their burden of proof to even enable them to bring the question before the Court.

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I think most importantly, or at least one of the very 9 important things today, is the fact that the statute, in dealing with the charging order, is not mandatory, Your Honor. The statute does not say that the charging order shall be available to the creditor, it says it may be available. So obviously there is a standard of proof that must be satisfied by a creditor before it would be entitled to get a charging order, and the movants in this case have not provided the Court with what the standards would be, assuming the remedy would be available, or what facts would be necessary to determine that those standards would have been met.

The lower court in the Weddell case, which is cited by the movants, found that remedy was available, and I don't disagree with the descriptions the court gave of what that remedy would be if it was available. On appeal and in reversing the lower court, the Nevada Supreme Court told us what that remedy would be, but the court did not discuss what standards had to be met and how you would go about in meeting

those standards in order to gain the relief.

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In addition, and as the Court has recognized, most 3 importantly, Weddell dealt with a limited liability company and clearly there is no exemption under Nevada law for limited liability companies. And for that reason and that reason alone, I believe Weddell is, at best, of limited help to the Court, but only if the Court would reach the result that a charging order remedy might be available to this creditor.

The Renteria v. Cannappa (phonetic) case that was also cited by the movants didn't even discuss the scope of a charging order. The court said it was only for it to determine whether a charging order was available, was an available remedy under Nevada law, and I would concede to the Court that under NRS 86, under NRS 78, a charging order is an available remedy. The court did not stay why it would be available. It was not a bankruptcy case. The court was very careful to point out that the stockholder was not a debtor in bankruptcy, and there was no question before the court of whether or not the stock involved was exempt for any purpose.

We submit that neither Weddell or Renteria could be appropriate for today's discussion because neither case involved an exemption for bankruptcy purposes, and therefore, whatever the court's thinking was in those cases, it could not have reflected the issue before the Court today, which is whether or not the debtor's stock is exempt and if so, whether

1 it would still be subject to the charging order remedy.

Now, we know that NRS 21.090(1)(bb), that provides the exemption from judgment creditor claims for certain type of property. That's the statute that provides the exemption. 78, NRS 78 does not provide the exemption. But it does not provide a blanket exemption, as I believe counsel for the movant stated. It is very clear that the exemption only applies to the type of stock that is otherwise specified in Section 2(c) of 78.

Your Honor raised the question about the language. Counsel has raised the question about the language that we find in 21.090(1)(b). The reference in 29.01(b) to 78.746 and the incorporation of only those requirements that are contained in (bb) is solely in order to define the type of stock that is exempt. The phrase "except as set forth in that section," as contained in 21.090(1)(bb) referencing 78.746(2) serves to emphasize which stock is not subject to exemption. And it expressly carves out an exception from exemption for creditors of corporations with more than 99 stockholders.

So we have stock of a corporation that has more than -- that has one stockholder, more than one stockholder, but not more than 99 stockholders. It's not a professional corporation. And it's not otherwise excepted from the exemption provided by 21.090. That's the consistency of the statutes. The legislature, if it wanted to, could have put

that language in 21.090(1)(bb) itself, but it left it in 78.746 to make sure that only the stock that was excepted by the language in Subsection C would be stock that remained exempt from creditor claims.

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I would concede to the Court that if this corporation 6 had more than 100 shareholders, we would not -- excuse me, more than 99 shareholders, we wouldn't be here today. If it was a 8 professional corporation, we wouldn't be here today. If it was a public corporation, we wouldn't be here today. But we're here today because the stock owned by the debtor is clearly within the exceptions provided by Subsec 78 and exempted by NRS 21.090(1)(bb).

The Court also pointed out Subsection B. The subsection states that the application of 78.746, the entire section, does not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption applicable to the stockholder stock, and therefore it excludes from the terms and the scope of 78.746(1) corporate stock of the type that's under review today. It would not exclude stock if there were more than 99 shareholders. It would not exclude stock of a professional corporation. It would not exclude stock of a public corporation, but it does exclude the stock that's owned by the debtors.

The debtors submit that so long as the stock is exempt, as it is and it has been conceded to be, the charging order remedy simply is not available. Now, that's not correct.

1 If the stock of a corporation that does otherwise meet the requirements of 21-090(1)(bb) and 746(2), in other words, it has fewer than 100 shareholders, it's not professional, et cetera, but if it's still subject to the charging order, then no stock, whether the stock meets the requirements of the 78.746(2) or otherwise, would ever be excluded from the reach of the charging order and that just doesn't make any sense. 8 There would be no need for the language in B, as the Court pointed out, if no stock, regardless of the circumstances, would ever not be exempt from the availability of the charging order.

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The debtor submits that a statutory interpretation that would find the charging order remedy applies to corporate stock otherwise falling within the exclusionary language of 78.746(2) and under the protection of 78.746(2)(b) should not be correct. There has to be stock, stock owned by this debtor, that is exempt and is not subject to the charging order remedy at all.

I would point out to the Court that over the past few years the Nevada legislature has had many opportunities to revisit 78.746(2), but rather than limit its scope, it has acted to expand the type of stock that would be exempt from creditor claims by increasing the number of stockholders a corporation could have and still have it remain exempt from creditor claims. Initially in 2007 a corporation qualified for

exemption if it had more than one shareholder, but less than 75. Now a corporation qualifies if it has fewer than one stockholder and, more importantly, even a single stockholder corporation can qualify for exemption. Our legislature changed the law. When the law was first enacted, a single stockholder corporation could not qualify; now that exemption has been broadened. Clearly, the exemption provided by 21.090 through 78.746 is one that is to be broadly available.

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If the Nevada Revised Statutes were meant to exempt all stock or no stock at all, the legislature could have said that, but it didn't. It limited the exemption to stock that's described in 78.746(2)(c) and the Court can only give meaning 13 to that statute if it provides that the debtors' stock which does fall within those terms, and which is protected by Subsection B, is not subject to the charging order remedy.

Why is the definition of the stock qualifying for exemption found in 78.746(2)(c) and not in 21.090(1)(bb) itself? Well, it's to make sure that the charging order remedy in 78.746(1) applies only to stock that 78.746(2)(b) and (c) do not exclude and do not protect from the scope of 746(1). And those statutes, those subsections protect stock of a corporation that has 99 or fewer shareholders, is not a professional corporation, and is not a publicly-held corporation.

The issue at bar is really simple: does or doesn't

the charging order remedy of 78.746(1) apply to a corporation with fewer than 100 stockholders, which is not a professional corporation, or otherwise included with the exclusionary terms of 78.746(2)(c). It doesn't, plain and simple. The stock is exempt. The debtors' interpretation of the statute does not make 746(1) and 2 superfluous as the movant claims it does. In fact, it makes sense of the statutes. It simply limits the application of Subsection 1 to stock that's included within the scope of the charging order remedy because the stock does not fall within the exclusionary provisions of Subsection 2 as applied by 21.090(1)(bb) and is not protected by 78.746(b).

The movant's position is made clear when it states 21.090(1)(bb) does not exempt the economic interest in stock in closely-held corporations but contains an express exemption for the remedy set forth in 78.746(1). If the charging order remedy will always be available to creditors of all closely-held corporations, there would be no need for the statutory delineation contained in 746(2)(c) and incorporated into 21.090(1)(bb). And there would be no need for the protection provided by 78.746(2)(b), which protects the exemptions that apply to this stock. The interpretation of the statute cannot be correct if the charging order would apply to the stock of the debtor if stock is an interest in a corporation with fewer than 100 shareholders and is totally exempt from creditor claims.

Counsel pointed out or tried to point out the similarity between the charging order provisions in NRS 78 and NRS 86. What I would point out to the Court is even though both statutes refer to a charging order, NRS 86 does not have any exclusionary language similar or identical to the exclusionary language found in 78.746(2)(c), nor does it contain the provision to protect exemptions. And the Court also knows there's a difference between limited liability

companies, corporations, and partnerships.

The debtor's ability to exempt and retain his noneconomic interest in the stock due to the effect of a charging
order only comes into play if the stock is not exempt. If it's
exempt in the first place, the debtor prevails. The debtor
submits there's no allowable bifurcation of stockholder rights
if the stock is exempt. If it's exempt, 78.746(2)(b) provides
no part of the exemption can be denied. It says 78.746 does
not deprive any stockholder of the benefit of any exemption
applicable to the stockholder's stock, yet deprivation could
most certainly occur if the objectors are correct, if they're
entitled to get a charging order against the distributions the
debtors would otherwise receive from their stock interests.

21.090 describes property which is exempt from execution. It does not determine which creditor remedies are available. If property is not exempt, the exclusive remedy provided in 78.746(1) is not, as the movant says, an exception

1 from any exemption granted by 21.090. If it was an exception 2 to exemption, then 21.090 would certainly speak to that.

The argument made by the movants, at least in their written submissions, completely ignores the argument I've made regarding Subsection B. There is no response at all made to this point that I raised in my response regarding the application of B. Movant did answer the Court's questions today, but I would point out that that really is the heart of our case. The only way the debtor's exemptions can be protected is if this stock, which clearly falls within the exclusionary language of the statute, is protected.

Finally, Your Honor, if the charging order remedy is available to the movant, even if the debtor's stock is otherwise and concededly exempt, the debtor will be deprived of the benefit of any exemption applicable to that stock.

78.746(2)(b) says that cannot happen and therefore we submit the movants' position is not correct. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Rebuttal?

MR. SEGAL: Excuse me, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Certainly.

MR. SEGAL: Do I get three rebuttals?

THE COURT: No. You have to keep them very short, if

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MR. SEGAL: Thank you, Your Honor.

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MR. PAYNE: Your Honor, with all due respect, the objectors did -- do not concede and have not conceded that the interest of the debtor in this stock is entirely exempt. We do 4 concede that there is some exemption, that the non-economic 5 portion is exempt.

I think that the debtor's counsel's interpretation of 7 78.746 is simply incorrect. Subsection 2: "Subject to the 8 provisions of NRS 78.747, this section" -- and then if you go down to C -- "applies only to a corporation that" -- and there 10 it has the size of the corporation, not a professional corporation, et cetera. So it's incorrect to assume, as debtor's counsel has, to argument that 746 exempts -- applies to all closely-held corporations. The section, 78.746, applies only to those particular types of closely-held corporations that fall within the description of Subsection C.

THE COURT: Which would be most of them.

MR. PAYNE: Pardon?

THE COURT: Which would be most closely-held 19 corporations.

MR. PAYNE: Most closely-held corporations, yes, but 21 not professional corporations, et cetera. Okay?

And therefore, I think that the provision in 21.090(1)(bb) I think is appropriate, except as set forth in that section. And I think Subsection 1 of 78.746 clearly is an exception to an exemption because it specifically allows a

judgment creditor to go after the economic interest in the stock by seeking a charging order. So that is an exception.

Furthermore, it's also not correct, as debtor's counsel indicated, with respect to 86.401 applicable to limited liability companies. 86.401(2)(b) has the same provision that 78.746(b) has. This section does not deprive any member of the benefit of any exemption applicable to his or her interest, and there's sort of a blanket statement. And even though, as Your Honor has pointed out, there is no express exemption for LLC interests in Nevada, there's this corresponding provision in the LLC Act that talks about that same type if exemption, so I think it's — it appears that it's designed to not limit whatever exemptions may be there, do not think it's appropriate to interpret that as applying to somehow limiting the exemption that's expressly set forth in 21.090(1)(bb) that says except as set forth in 746.

There are a number of types of conceivable exemptions that may apply potentially. 21.090(k), for example, provides that any money, benefits, privileges, or immunities accruing in any matter growing out of any life insurance policy, it's conceivable that someone could have received stock in a closely-held corporation somehow through life insurance.

Subsection X of 21.090, restitution for a criminal act. If someone received stock in a closely-held corporation as restitution, it may be unlikely, but it's certainly

conceivable.

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(B)(2) would indicate if there's some basis for an exemption, it's not going to be overruled, but I don't think it should be interpreted to read out the exception that expressly allows a judgment creditor to get a charging order and in that manner execute on interest in a closely-held corporation, Your 7 Honor.

Counsel has talked about the burden of proof. We -there's no dispute here that the stock is in a small closelyheld corporation that's within the description of the type of a corporation described in 78.746(2)(c). There's no dispute as to that. And as far as the burden of proof and what standard, et cetera, this is a legal argument, Your Honor. I don't believe there are any facts in dispute.

Counsel has also indicated that we have not come forward with standards necessary for a charging order. The statute does not contain the standards necessary for a charging order. The Weddell v. H2O, Inc. case does not refer to or even imply that there are standards necessary for a charging order other than those set forth in the statute. There's no indication that the word "may" in 78.746(1) allows a court discretion. It's basically if there is stock to that effect and a creditor seeks a charging order, it appears the creditor is entitled to that charging order.

THE COURT: Well, I think they'd have to establish

1 that they were a judgment creditor and they would have to 2 establish that the person had stock.

MR. PAYNE: Certainly. Certainly. Certainly.

THE COURT: I think -- I mean, there certainly are 5 some standards.

MR. PAYNE: Yeah, but other than those set forth in the statute, Your Honor, I don't think that there are any -that there's any sort of other standards that would have to be established, Your Honor.

We've -- I would submit that this stock is not entirely exempt. The economic interest can be -- could be 12 reached -- have been reached by a judgment creditor outside of bankruptcy. Now the debtor's in bankruptcy, it can --

THE COURT: No, it would be equally exempt outside of 15 bankruptcy too.

MR. SEGAL: Right.

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MR. PAYNE: To the extent it's exempt.

THE COURT: I mean, they're state exemptions.

MR. PAYNE: Exactly. To the extent that -- yes, it would not be -- it would be exempt only -- the economic interest would not be exempt --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. PAYNE: -- is our position, Your Honor, outside 24 of bankruptcy or in bankruptcy. And I think that the debtor's 25 argument ignores the fact that 21.090(1)(bb) talks about except

as stated in that section. I think that he's trying to kind of conflate the sections and subsections, and furthermore, as I've indicated, Paragraph 2 of 78.746 states that this section only applies to this type of closely-held corporations that are limited there. And -- but -- so -- for -- and again, I would submit that under 21.090(bb), the last clause of that, except as set forth in that section, to give that meaning, I think that Subsection 1 of 78.746 has to be read as applying to any closely-held corporation that falls within the section which are those described in Subsection C and that would be the stock of the debtor and these two closely-held corporations we're talking about here today for which the debtors assert an exemption and the debtor's exemption to those goes beyond what's authorized by the statute. He's only entitled to exempt the non-economic interests.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

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Well, here's what I'm going to do. I think there is a clear conflict between 21.090(bb) and NRS 78.746 and which 19 references 78.747. I think probably what happened is when the legislature enacted this, nobody paid any attention to the fact that B appears to conflict with the other provisions of this 22 section and I think that's -- my belief is reinforced by the 23 fact that some other states have adopted similar things. I 24 suspect that there was some kind of model code that was looked at and incorporated this, rather than some real discussion

about what the effect of (2)(b) was as opposed to NRS 21.090.

What I'm going to do is I'm going to certify this to 3 the Supreme Court under Nevada Rule of Appellate Procedure 5. It's Nevada law, it's really their duty to interpret this. I'll be anxious to see what they decide to do with this because it will make my job easier next time I get one of these.

(Laughter)

THE COURT: But thank you all for your good and spirited argument, I really just don't know the answer. We'll be in recess.

MR. SEGAL: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. PAYNE: Thank you, Your Honor.

UNIDENTIFIED: Thank you.

THE CLERK: Thank you, Your Honor.

All rise.

(Concluded at 2:52 p.m.)

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CERTIFICATION

I, ILENE WATSON, court approved transcriber, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the official electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter, and to the best of my ability.

ILENE WATSON, AAERT NO. 447

ACCESS TRANSCRIPTS, LLC

DATE: September 15, 2014

I, LISA LUCIANO, court approved transcriber, certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the official electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter, and to the best of my ability.

LISA LUCIANO, AAERT NO. 327

DATE: September 15, 2014

ACCESS TRANSCRIPTS. LLC

LIVE ECF

District of Nevada Claims Register

13-14932-btb ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V

Judge: BRUCE T. BEESLEY Chapter: 7

Office: Las Vegas Last Date to file claims: 11/19/2013

Trustee: WILLIAM	A. LEONARD Last D	Date to file (Govt):
Creditor: (8586250) CITY NATIONAL BANK C/O KOLESAR & LEATHAM 400 S. RAMPART BLVD., STE. 400 LAS VEGAS, NV 89145	Claim No: 1 Original Filed Date: 10/10/2013 Original Entered Date: 10/10/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: SHLOMO S, SHERMAN Modified:
		T.
	1 filed by CITY NATIONAL E	BANK, Amount claimed: \$240765.70
Description: (1-1) Default Judgement re	promissory note, personal	guaranty
Remarks: (1-1) Recorded Lien Judgmer	nt	
Creditor: (8805012) Ernest A. Becker, IV	Claim No: 2 Original Filed Date: 11/13/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/13/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$172211.23		
History: Details		, IV, Amount claimed: \$172211.23 (WALTON,
Description: (2-1) Default Judgment re:	Money Loaned to Debtor	
Remarks:		
Creditor: (8805014) EB Family Holdings, LLC	Claim No: 3 Original Filed Date: 11/13/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/13/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$476433.43		- 4
History:		

Description: (3-1) Money Loaned to Debto	or	
Remarks:		
Creditor: (8814564) Melissa L. Longero, Trustee of Becker- Nevada Trust	Claim No: 4 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$1881048.80		
History:		
Details 4-1 11/19/2013 Claim #4	filed by Melissa L. Longer \$1881048.80 (WALTON, J	o, Trustee of Becker-Nevada Trust, Amount AMES)
Description: (4-1) Contingent claim for co	ntribution & reimbursemer	nt on coguarantees
Remarks:		
Creditor: (8568128) SE Becker Limited Partnership 8090 S. Durango Dr. #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Claim No: 5 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$669629.43		T.
History:		
	filed by SE Becker Limite N, JAMES)	d Partnership, Amount claimed: \$669629.43
Description: (5-1) Contingent claim for co	ntribution & reimbursemer	nt coguarantees
Remarks:		
Creditor: (8814664)	Claim No: 6	Status:
Sallie E. Becker, Trustee of the Sallie E. Becker	Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$4107287.29		
History:		

listory:		
3-total 7 4 4440/2042 Claim	the same of the sa	
	#7 filed by KB Riggs Limited F FON, JAMES)	Partnership, Amount claimed: \$669629.43
Description: (7-1) Contingent claim for	contribution & reimbursement	coguarantees
Remarks:		
700 (1000)	10.1	la.
Preditor: (8814673) Brian T. Becker, Trustee of The Briat Becker Se	Claim No: 8 Criginal Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013 Last Amendment Filed: 11/20/2013 Last Amendment Entered: 11/20/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$4017287.29		,
listory:		
Details 8-1 11/19/2013 Claim		ustee of The Briat T. Becker Se, Amount
	ed: \$4017287.29 (WALTON, JA ded Claim #8 filed by Brian T	Becker, Trustee of The Briat T. Becker Se,
	nt claimed: \$4017287.29 (WAI	
Description: (8-1) Contingent claim for 8-2) Contingent claim for contribution		
Remarks: (8-2) Amended Proof of Cla		nees
Creditor: (8814680) Kathleen C. Becker	Claim No: 9 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$6475306.77		
		r, Amount claimed: \$6475306.77 (WALTON,
Description: (9-1) Contingent claim for		

Remarks:

Creditor: (8567987) BT Becker Limited Partnership 8090 S. Durango Dr. #115 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Craim No: 10 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$669629.43	"	"
History;		
		d Partnership, Amount claimed: \$669629.43
Description:		
Remarks:		
	16	U-
Creditor: (8814758) Kimberly Becker Riggs, Trustee of the Kimberly Bec	Claim No: 11 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013 Last Amendment Filed: 11/20/2013 Last Amendment Entered: 11/20/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$3152439.97		
History:		
	filed by Kimberly Becker 3152439.97 (WALTON, J	Riggs, Trustee of the Kimberly Bec, Amount
	Claim #11 filed by Kimber aimed: \$3152439.97 (WA	ly Becker Riggs, Trustee of the Kimberly Bec, LTON, JAMES)
Description: (11-1) Contingent claim for co		
(11-2) Contingent claim for contribution & Remarks: (11-2) Amended Proof of Claim	reimbursement on coguan	antees
Creditor: (8814841) EA Becker IV & KC Becker, Trustees of the EAB & KC	Claim No: 12 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$5405055.54	JI.	
History: Details 12-1 11/19/2013 Claim #12	filed by EA Becker IV & I	KC Becker, Trustees of the EAB & KC, Amoun
claimed: \$	5405055.54 (WALTON, J.	AMES)
Description: (12-1) Contingent claim for co	ontribution & reimburseme	ent coguarantees
Remarks:		

	Claim No: 13 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$15724861.92		
	im #13 filed by Sallie E. Becker, MES)	, Amount claimed: \$15724861.92 (WALTON,
Description: (13-1) Contingent clair	n for contribution & reimburseme	ent coguarantees
Remarks:		
Creditor: (8815032) Brian T. Becker	Claim No: 14 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Amount claimed: \$15908815.22 History:		
JAI	MES)	Amount claimed: \$15908815.22 (WALTON,
	MES)	
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks:	MES) m for contribution & reimburseme	
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair	MES)	
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks: Creditor: (8815059)	MES) m for contribution & reimburseme Claim No: 15 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks: Creditor: (8815059) Kimberly Becker Riggs Amount claimed: \$12960960.96	MES) m for contribution & reimbursement Claim No: 15 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks: Creditor: (8815059) Kimberly Becker Riggs Amount claimed: \$12960960.96 History: Details 15-1 11/19/2013 Clair	MES) m for contribution & reimburseme Claim No: 15 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks: Creditor: (8815059) Kimberly Becker Riggs Amount claimed: \$12960960.96 History: Details 15-1 11/19/2013 Clair	Claim No: 15 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:
Description: (14-1) Contingent clair Remarks: Creditor: (8815059) Kimberly Becker Riggs Amount claimed: \$12960960.96 History: Details 15-1 11/19/2013 Clair (W	Claim No: 15 Original Filed Date: 11/19/2013 Original Entered Date: 11/19/2013	Status: Filed by: CR Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Modified:

10/3/2014 LIVE ECF Date: 11/19/2013 Amount claimed: \$8046984.84 History: 16-1 11/19/2013 Claim #16 filed by Ernest A. Becker, IV, Amount claimed: \$8046984.84 (WALTON, Details JAMES) Description: (16-1) Contingent claim for contribution & reimbursement coguarantees Remarks: Creditor: (8814758) Claim No: 17 Status: Withdrawn 88 Kimberly Becker Riggs, Trustee of the Original Filed Filed by: CR Kimberly Bec Date: 11/20/2013 Entered by: JAMES H. WALTON Original Entered Modified: Date: 11/20/2013 Amount claimed: \$3152439.97 History: Details 11/20/2013 Claim #17 filed by Kimberly Becker Riggs, Trustee of the Kimberly Bec, Amount claimed: \$3152439.97 (WALTON, JAMES) 11/20/2013 Withdrawal of Claim: 17 (Attachments: # 1 Exhibit)(WALTON, JAMES) Status: 88 Withdrawn Description: (17-1) Contingent claim for contribution & reimbursement on coguarantees

Claims Register Summary

Case Name: ERNEST AUGUST BECKER, V

Case Number: 13-14932-btb

Chapter: 7

Date Filed: 06/05/2013 Total Number Of Claims: 17

\$83730787.22

^{*}Includes general unsecured claims

The values are reflective of the data entered. Always refer to claim documents for actual amounts.

	Claimed	Allowed
Secured	\$240765.70	
Priority	1	

Remarks: (17-1) Amended Proof of Claim

	LIVE ECF	
Administrative		

	PACER	Service	Center
	Trans	action R	eceipt
	10/0	3/2014 15:3	5:52
PACER Login:	sml 126:2637522:0	Client Code:	l/ becker
Description:	Claims Register	Search Criteria:	13-14932-btb Filed or Entered From: 6/5/2013 Filed or Entered To: 10/3/2014
Billable Pages:	2	Cost:	0.20