#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

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CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

Appellant,

VS.

WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; QH LAS VEGAS LLC, a foreign limited liability company; PQ LAS VEGAS, LLC, a foreign limited liability company; L W T I C SUCCESSOR LLC, an unknown limited liability company; FC/LW VEGAS, a foreign limited

Respondents.

Case No: 66452 Jun 17 2015 10:21 a.m. Case No: 61715 Tracie K. Lindeman Case No: 65819 Clerk of Supreme Court

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Jennifer R. Lloyd, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617

Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10928

Pezzillo Lloyd

6725 Via Austi Pkwy., Suite 290

Brian W. Boschee, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 7612

William N. Miller, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 11658

Holley, Driggs, Walch, Puzey & Thompson

400 S. Fourth St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Fl.

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Attorneys for Appellant

Las Vegas, NV 89101

Attorneys for Respondents

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	Summary Judgment			
100	Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law	05/06/2014	31	JA0007730-47
35	Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Based upon Counterclaimants Motion to Procure Codes	08/13/2012	2	JA000417-22
107	Notice of Entry of Judgment	08/21/2014	32	JA0007792-96
77	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Cashman's Motion for Summary Judgment on Defendants' Payment Bond Claim	05/06/2013	10	JA0002396- 2401
109	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Cashman's Request for Costs Pursuant to NRS 18.020	09/02/2014	32	JA0007799- 7804
26	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants'	05/25/2012	2	JA000300-04

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	Motion for Summary Judgment without Prejudice			
78	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Mojave's Motion to Expunge or Reduce Mechanic's Lien	05/06/2013	10	JA0002402-07
79	Notice of Entry of Order Denying QH Las Vegas, LLC, PQ Las Vegas, LLC, LWTIC Successor, LLC, and FC/LW Vegas Motion to Dismiss, or in the alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment	05/06/2013	10	JA0002408-13
87	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Cashman's Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 108.2275	09/24/2013	10- 11	JA0002498- 2502
25	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Cashman's Motion to Amend Complaint	05/25/2012	2	JA000295-99

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52	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Cashman's Motion to Stay or Suspend Order Granting in Part Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes	11/02/2012	5	JA0001079-83
60	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Amend Complaint	01/09/2013	5	JA0001149-53
16	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Consolidate (Filed in A653029)	02/02/2012	1	JA000129-34
114	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order for Dismissal of Defendants Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland and Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America with Prejudice	05/11/2015	32	JA0007837-42
57	Notice of Posting Bond	11/07/2012	5	JA0001112-10

44	Notice of Posting Cost Bond	09/19/2012	4	JA000854-57
33	Notice of Posting Security Bond	08/09/2012	2	JA000407-13
82	Opposition to Cashman's Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 108.2275	06/20/2013	10	JA0002462-74
39	Opposition to Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Granting in Part Counter- claimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes or Alternatively Motion for Clarification and Request for OST	09/07/2012	2-3	JA000499-609
96	Opposition to Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b) and Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS Ch. 108	04/15/2014	30- 31	JA0007360- 7693
58	Opposition to Motion to Amend Complaint	11/19/2012	5	JA0001117-26

PEZZIILO LLOYD	1 2 3 4	108	Order Denying Cashman's Request for Costs Pursuant to NRS 18.020	09/02/2014	32	JA0007797-98
	5 6 7 8 9	86	Order Granting Cashman's Motion for Award of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS 108.2275	09/20/2013	10	JA0002496-97
	11 12 13 14 15	51	Order Granting Cashman's Motion to Stay or Suspend Order Granting in Part Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes	11/02/2012	5	JA0001077-78
	17 18 19 20	75	Order Rescheduling Pretrial/Calendar Call	04/17/2013	10	JA0002388-89
	21 22 23	18	Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call	02/21/2012	1	JA000145-46
	<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	32	Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call	08/06/2012	2	JA000405-06
	28					

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84	Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call	09/06/2013	10	JA0002488-9
88	Order Setting Civil Non-Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call	10/1/2013	11	JA0002503-0
90	Plaintiff's Trial Brief	01/16/2014	11	JA0002534-59
66	QH Las Vegas, LLC, PQ Las Vegas, LLC, LWTIC Successor, LLC, and FC/LW Vegas Motion to Dismiss, or in the alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment	02/07/2013	5-6	JA0001241- 1355
74	QH Las Vegas, LLC, PQ Las Vegas, LLC, LWTIC Successor, LLC, and FC/LW Vegas Reply to their Motion to Dismiss, or in the alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment	04/05/2013	9- 10	JA0002102- 2387
81	QH Las Vegas, PQ Las Vegas, LWITC Successor and FC/LW Vegas'	06/11/2013	10	JA0002441-6

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	Answer to Fourth Amended Complaint			
59	Reply in Support of Motion to Amend Complaint	12/17/2012	5	JA0001127-48
31	Reply to Cashman's Opposition to Motion for Injunctive Relief or Writ of Possession	07/31/2012	2	JA000398-404
97	Reply to Cashman's Opposition to Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 60(b) and Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs Pursuant to NRS Ch. 108	04/23/2014	31	JA0007694- 7707
56	Reply to Cashman's Opposition to Motion to Expunge or Reduce Mechanic's Lien	11/02/2012	5	JA0001102-11
15	Scheduling Order	01/31/2012	1	JA000126-28
4	Second Amended Complaint	09/30/2011	1	JA00034-50
113	Stipulation and Order for	05/08/2015	32	JA0007834-36

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	Dismissal of Defendants Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland and Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America with Prejudice			
73	Supplement to Cashman's Supplement to its Countermotion for Summary Judgment on its Payment Bond and Mechanic's Lien Claims	04/05/2013	9	JA0002095- 2101
24	Third Amended Complaint	05/24/2012	2	JA000276-94
36	Transcript of Proceedings for August 3, 2012	08/22/2012	2	JA000423-38
62	Transcript of Proceedings for November 9, 2012	01/11/2013	5	JA0001173- 1203

## **EXHIBIT 9**

CAM CONSULTING INC CAPACUS	1032
NORTH LAS VEDAS, NV 80000-1824 DATE 27- April-	// wanti
Majave Electric	\$139367.20
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Date:04/27/11 Sequence Num:94373639 Account:262031032 Sorial:1032 Amount:\$139,367.70 Dep Seql/:94373636

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		E ORDEN VEGAS, I POSITION ESCITION 8920

Date:04/28/11 Sequence Num:94315536 Account:262031032 Serial:1033 Amount:\$136,269.00 Dep Seqli:94315534

# EXHIBIT 10



P.O. Box 990 · Las Vagas, NV 89125-0990 | www.nabankcom

0021496

2170-06-0000-N58-PG0021-00016

CAM CONSULTING INC 9874 CIVIC CENTER DR NORTH LAS VEGAS NV 89030-7524 Statement of Accounts Page 1 of 5 This Statement: April 29, 2011 Lest Statement: March 31, 2011

Primary Account 282031032

DIRECT INQUIRIES TO: Reddl Response 24-hour Account Information: Les Vegas: 471-5800 Reno: 337-2811 1 (800) 462-3555 (outside local areas)

Loan By Phone

Las Vegas: 399-Loan (8626) Reno: 851-8811 1 (800) 789-4671 (outside local areas)

#### SUMMARY OF ACCOUNT BALANCE.

Account Type Enterprise Checking Account Number 262031032 Checking/Savings Ending Belence \$101,466.38 Ouistending Balances Owed

#### ENTERPRISE CHECKING 282031032

Previous Belence 3,569.89 Deposits/Oredits 1,043,515.98 Cherges/Dabils 4,635.12 Checks Processed 941,084.35 Ending Belence 101,486.38

### \$ DEPOSITE/CREDIT\$

Date	Amount	Description
04/06	6,888.03	DEPOSIT 9494588882
04/26	958,630.75	DEPOSIT 9494449858
04/28	81,119.18	DEPOSIT 9494523547

#### 18 CHARGES/DEBITS

Date	Amount	Description
04/01	600.00	0015 ATM WITHDRAWAL 3688 S. JONES LAS VEGAS NV 1400542088
04/04	201.00	0015 ATM WITHORAWAL 5691 RICKENBACKER NELLIS AFB NV 1400844968
04/04	68.70	24138292X9HHY05PH 8018 NELLIS AFB EXCHANGE NELLIS AFB NV 1200727427
04/04	1.50	0015 ATM TRANSACTION FEE 5691 RICKENBACKER NELLIS AFB NV 1400844967
04/11	403.00	0015 ATM WITHDRAWAL 4309 W. CRAIG RD, LAS VEGAS NV 1400541762
04/11	200.00	0015 ATM WITHDRAWAL 2860 WEST CENTENNIAL NO LAS VEG 1400800807
04/11	1,60	0016 ATM TRANSACTION FEE 4309 W. CRAIG RD, LAS VEGAS NV 1400541761
04/12	402.50	0015 ATM WITHDRAWAL 7009 ALIANTE PARKWAY NORTH LAS N 1400712074
04/12	1.50	0016 ATM TRANSACTION FEE 7009 ALIANTE PARKWAY NORTH LAS N 1400712073
04/14	203.00	0016 ATM WITHDRAWAL 1500 WEST BONANZA ROAD LAS VEGAS 1400512899
04/14	39.00	0016 P.O.S. PURCHASE SHELL Serv SHELL NORTH LAS NV 1400512698
04/14	1.60	0015 ATM TRANSACTION FEE 1500 WEST BONANZA ROAD LAS VEGAS 1400512897
04/15	605,69	2427074388YRNTPTB 8015 ANN ROAD ANIMAL HOSPITN LAS VEGAS NV 1201122431
04/26	28.62	0015 P.O.S. PURCHASE THE HOME D 881 S RAINB LAS VEGAS NV 1400842049
04/26	4.00	0015 P.O.S. PURCHASE TARGET T25 6371 N DECA AS VEGAS NV 1400842048
04/28	1,873.71	24133833MEHM6YJSL 6015 USAA P&C PREMIUM 800-531-8111 TX 1200723121



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Page 3 of 5 April 29, 2011 CAM CONSULTING INC 262031032

Number	Dala	Amount	Number	Date	Amount	Number	Dale	Amoun
0	04/08	5,000.00	1	04/27	38,939.65	1032*	04/27	139,367.70
0*	04/27	20,008.00	1029	04/01	1,500.00	1033	04/28	136,269.00
0'	04/27	600,000.00						
* Not In ch	leck sequence							
				***************************************	***************************************			
AGGREG	ATE OVERDRAFT A	NO RETURNED IT	EM FEES					
		Total for	This Period	Total	Year-to-Date			
	draft Fees		\$0.00		\$215.00			
Total Retu	med item Fees		\$0,00		\$0.00			
DAILY BA	LANCES							***************************************
Dato			Dal	e	Balanca		Date	Balance
04/01	1,589,89		04/	II.	1,580.22		04/25	274.51
	1,298.69		04/	12	1,158,22		04/28	958,805.28
04/04	1,200,03							
04/04	7,164.72		04/	14	912.72		04/27	168,489.91



MEMBER PDIC

0021496-0000002-0041732

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ACCOUNT NUMBER			Al	MOUNT SELECTION
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## **EXHIBIT 11**



#### Interest summary

Interest paid this statement \$1,07
Average collected balance \$134,960,32
Annual percentage yield earned 0.01%
Interest earned this statement period \$1,07
Interest paid this year \$1.00

#### Transaction history

Ending daily balance	Withdrawals/ Subtractions	Deposits/ Additions	Doscilation	Data
	200.00		ATM Withdrawal - 04/10 Mach ID 9052U 6976 Allante Parkway N. Las Vegas NV 2045 0006209	4/11
	100.00		ATM Wilhdrawal - 04/10 Mach ID 9562G 5975 Alkante Parkway N. Las Vegas NV 2046 0001454	4/11
	68,00	-	Check Crd Purchase 04/03 Chevron 00090581 Las Vegas NV 49/2670000002045 100140028613337 7McC+5542 90	4/11
129,11	24.03		POS Porchase - 04/09 Mach ID 000000 Smiths 5594 Clam Las Vegas NV 2045 60301099788081452 ?McC=5411	4/11
121.11	2,00		Non-WF AYM Bat Inquiry Fee - 0//12 Mach ID Td227610 7009 Allante Pacity Stop North Lee Vegry 2045	4/12
		10.00	Overdraft Transfer Fee Rev	4/14
		1,000.00	ATM Check Deposit - 04/14 Mach IO 9962U 5976 Aliante Parkway N. Lua Vegas NV 2045 0007602	4/14
1,431.11		300.00	Deposit Made in A BranctyStore	4/14
1,350.11	75.00		Recurring Transfer Ref #Ope2Bdfsc9 to Savings xxxxxx6226	4/15
112011	70,00	76.00	Recurring Transfer Ref #OpejangHQ From Savings xxxxx6225	4/18
1,421.11	10.00		Check Crd Purchase 04/15 Hawalian At Honolulu KI 434287xxxxxx245 107140012764401 7McC=3198 90	4/18
	380.00		Check Grd Purchase 04/15 Air & Sea Trayol Cente Honolulu HI 424267xxxxxx2045 109140008187643 2McC-4722 01	4/19
990.82	44.79		POS Purchane - 04/19 Mech ID 000000 Beerdiklere Clu Lehalna HI 2045 0058110983563932 7McG-5331	4/19
	302.75		ATM Withdrawal - 04/20 Mach ID HI900076 2255 Kuhla Ava 2255 Kuhlohonoluta HI 2045 00461110814692030	4/20
691.07	2,60		Non-Wells Fargo ATM Transaction Fee	4/20
UST 10	203.14		Check Grd Purchase 04/20 NA Mea Laha Ole Wahlawa HI 434267xxxxxx2045 112140006427295 2McO-5947 99	4/22
	96,48		Check Crd Purchase 04/20 Coach 00041004 Walpaltu HI 434257xxxxxxxx1112140004486141 7McC=5631 90	1/22
337,82	53.65		Check Old Purchase 04/20 Seaside Bar and Grill Honojulu HI 43/257xxxxxx2045 112140066259660 7McCu5813 90	1/22
	100,00		ATM Withdrawai - 04/24 Mach ID 8461K 4016 S. Rainbow Blvd Las Vegas NV 2045 0003995	4/26
232.82	5.00		Check Grd Perchase 04/21 Hawallan Al Honolulu III 434257xxxxxx2045 114140022413882 7McC=3186 90	1/25
		600,000,00	Deposit Made in A Branch/Slore	1/27
600,192.82	40.00		ATM Withdrawal - 04/27 Mach ID 9952U 6976 Allante Parkway N, Lep Vegas NV 2045 0001458	1/27
600,143.82	49.00		POS Purchase - 04/28 Mach ID 000000 Shell Service S North Las Vegny 2045 00581118802735539 ?McC=5542	1/28
	628.00		Check Crd Purchase 04/28 Progressive Ins 800-888-7764 OH 434267xxxxxxxxxx119140009363210 7McC-8300 01	V20
674,616.82	25,000.00		Cashed Check	1/20
	3,122.05		POS Purchase - 05/01 Mach ID 000000 Gca* Texas Stat No Las Vegas NV 2045 00401122084145741 7hcC=4829	¥2
	2,600.99		Check Crd Purchase 04/28 Gcx* Allante Statton North Les Veg NV 434257200002046 120140012884032 7McC~4829 90	3/2
	198.00		Check Crd Purchase 64/30 Main Entrance - Dir Anahelm CA 434257xxxxxx2042645 (22140011482749 ?McCv7998 90	5/2



#### Transaction history (continued)

	Chack		Dopostal	Withdrawals/	Ending dally
Date	Number	Description	Additions	Subtractions	balanco
6/2		POS Purchase - 05/02 Mach ID 000000 Shell Service S North Lns Vegny 2045 00581122613972377 7McC=5542		60,00	
6/2		POS Purobaso - 04/20 Mach 1D 000000 Shell Service S North Las Vegny 2045 00461120085951633 7McC=5542		9,60	
6/2	146	Check		1,000.00	
62		Withdrawal Made In A Branch/Store	- the interest	99,861.23	
6/2	^148	Capital Ono Ara Check Pymt 110502 148 7629106112267660709233		22.47	
5/2	149	Check		2,500.00	485,150.58
6/3		Check Ord Perchase 05/01 Embassy Seltes Anhm 6o Garden Grove CA 434257;ccccc2045 123140008023997 ?McC=3895 00		383.30	
5/3		Withdrawal Made In A Branch/Store		6,000.00	
6/3	153	Check		6,000.00	454,767.28
6/4		Check Crd Purchase 05/03 Progressive Ina 800-868-7764 OH 434257;cccccc2046 124140009862471 7McC=6300 01		1,662.00	
6/4		Check Ord Purchase 05/02 Findley RV Henderson NV 434257xxxxxxxxx45 12414006726074 ?MxQ:::5511 90		1,000,00	
6/4		ATM Withdrawal - 05/03 Mach to 79786353 Gea* Texas Statgea* Texas o Las Vegas NV 2045 003011241 16268508		303,76	
8/4	The second of the	Non-Wells Fargo ATM Transaction Fee		2.60	
6/4		Check Crd Purchase 05/02 Sunglass Hut 60076555 Las Vegas NV 434257;000002045 124140003702803 7McC=5999 90		162,15	451,736.88
6/6	1	Check Ord Pur Rtm 05/03 Progressive Ins 800-988-7784 OH 434267;xxxxxx2045 125140009655723 ?McC=6300 02	52.00		
6/6		POS Purchase - 05/05 Mach IO 000000 Shell Service S North Las Vegnv 2045 00581125703427024 7McC=5542		70.00	
6/6	154	Chnok	-3vv	60,000.00	401,718.88
6/8		ATM Withdrawal • 05/06 Mach IO 9952U 6976 Allante Parkway N. Las Vegas NV 2045 0004705		300.00	
5/8		Withdrawal Made in A BrancivStore		8,970.00	
V6		Withdrawal Made In A Branch/Store		6,000,00	
5/6		Interest Payment	1,07		387,449.95
Ending bal	once on 5/8				387,449.65
Folals			\$601,438,07	\$214,601,26	

The Ending Dally Balance does not reflect any pending withdrawals or holds on deposited funds that may have been outstanding on your account when your fransactions posted. If you had insufficient available funds when a transaction posted, fees may have been assessed.

#### Summary of checks written (checks listed are also displayed in the preceding Transaction history)

Number	Date	Amount	Number	Date	Amount	Number	Data	Amount
146	5/2	1,000,00	148	6/2	22,47	163 4	6/3	5,000.00
147	4/29	25,000.00	149	6/2	2,500.00	154	6/6	50,000.00

<sup>\*</sup> Gap in check sequence.

#### Summary of Overdraft and Returned Item fee(s)

	Total this statement period	Total year-to-date †
Total Overdraft Feas	\$0.00	\$0.00
Yotal Returned Item Fees	\$0,00	\$35.00

<sup>†</sup> Year-to-date total reflects fees assessed or reversed since first full statement period of current calendar year.

Converted check: Check converted to an electronic format by your payor or designated representative. Checks converted to electronic format cannot be returned, copied or imaged.



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Legal Order Processing P.O. BOX 29728 MAC# \$3928-020 Phoenix, AZ 85038-9728 Voice: (480) 724-2000

Re	Subpoena			Our Reference	#1 1310290
	ency Caso #1	A642583		Date Serveds	07/07/11
Bat	iking Entity	Wells Pargo Bank, N.A.	(the "Bank")		
Dep	oartment and ti duced under th ms appropriate	old, declare that I am emp ne Bank's designated duly an e above referenced legal orde in the event an actual appea the records produced herewit	thorized Custodian of Re r. The Bank reserves its i rance is required concerni	cords for documeright to designate	ents and/or information another Custodian as i
A)	Made at o	r near the time of the occu n transmitted by, a person wit	trence, condition or ever h knowledge of those mat	nt of the matter ters.	s set forth by, or from
B)	Kept In the	course of regularly conducted	notivity.		
C)	Made by th	e regularly conducted activity	as a regular practice, by ti	te personnel of th	e business.
reco	ords in the ou	ords are true coples of b stodian's possession as d ferenced legal order was r 🗌 Other:	escribed in the above 1	eferenced lega	l order. Compliance
	The Bank Is	ungble to provide the fol	ovving records as descri	bed in the above	referenced legal order:
Iam	familiar with ti	emode of preparation of	the enclosed records, 'The	y were prepared a	s follows;
	agreement : eustomer(s) customer(s)	ard(s): 'The customer(s) who form submitted the form to submitted personal and fir signed the form. The Ban rd. The signature card was s	the Bank requesting old ancial information which k opened the savings an	coking and/or sa n were relied up d/or checking ac	vings account(s). The on by the Bank. The ecount(s) listed on the
	account eye (checks, poi	): Each monthly statement le as indicated on the state nt of sale, ATM, teller withdr uring the monthly account cy	mont(s). The statement wals, fees, etc.) and credi	(s) accurately re	flects all debit entries
	monthly eye	Statement(s); Each monthly le as indicated on the state redit/payment entries which rated if there is no activity du	ment(s). The statement(	s) accurately ref	lects all charges/debit
decl	are under penal sted on this 28t	alty of perjury under the law h day of July, 2011, in the City	(s) of the state of Nevada of Chaudler, State of Ariz	that the foregoi	ng is true and correct.
ىل	hules	Kauffold			
		Representative (480) 724-2			16
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Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. 2 Nevada State Bar # 9716

Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada State Bar #10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an

ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE

SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE

COMPANY, a Maryland corporation;

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING

FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF

MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive;

Defendants.

individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL

CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA

ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN

Plaintiff,

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Tel: 702 233-4225 6

Fax: 702 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff

Nevada corporation,

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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11

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VS.

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Case No.: A642583

Consolidated with Case No.: A653029

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

Dept. No.: 32

# PROCESS LICENSE #389 LAS VEGAS, NV (702)384-0305

#### AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

STATE OF NEVADA ) ss.
COUNTY OF CLARK )

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Marie A. Scheib, being duly sworn deposes and says: that at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, licensed to serve civil process in the state of Nevada under license #389, and not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

That affiant, Marie A. Scheib, on April 13, 2012 received: SUMMONS, COMPLAINT, LETTER; \$10.00 CHECK

and served the same on April 18, 2012 at 8:58 a.m., to the Nevada Secretary of State at 555 E. Washington Ave, #5200, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101, on behalf of:

CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada Corporation

by leaving copies with Roxanna Sanchez, Administrative Assistant II.

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That affiant, Tina J. Sanchez, posted one copy of said documents at the Clerk's Office located at 200 Lewis Ave, 3rd floor, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101, on April 18, 2012 at 9:43 a.m.

Marie A. Scheib

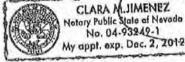
Registration Work Card #R-002901

Tina J. Sanchez

Registration Work Card #R-038221

Subscribed and Sworn to Before me this 23, day of April, 2012.

Notary Public



#### STATE OF NEVADA

ROSS MILLER Sugretary of State

SCOTT W. ANDERSON Deputy Secretary for Commercial Recordings



OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE Commercial Recordings Division 202 N. Carson Street Carson City, NV 89701-4069 Telephone (775) 684-5708 Fox (775) 684-7138

6750 Vla Austi Parkway Suite 170

Job:C20120418-0518 April 18, 2012

Special Handling Instructions:

Rezzillo Robinson

Las Vegas, NV 89119

Entity Being Served: Cam Consulting, Inc.

Case #: A653029

Authority(ies) Cited: NRCP 4(d)(1)

Description: Cashman Equipment Company vs. Cam Consulting, Inc.

Documents Rec'd: Complaint and Affidavit of Duc Diligence

Method Rec'd: Walk-In

Date & Time Rec'd: 04/18/12 @ 8:57 am Receipt Return Method: Faxed to 702,233,4252 Service of Process Accepted by: Roxanna Sanchez

R. Sanchez

Charges

Description	Document Number	Filing Date/Time	Qty	Price	Amount
Service of Process Summons and complaints fee			4112	\$10,00	\$10,00
Total	407				\$10.00

Payments

Туре	Description	Amount
Check	Chack #7997	\$10.00
Total		\$10.00

Credit Balance: \$0.00

Job Contents:

Rezzillo Robinson 6750 Via Austi Parkway Suite 170 Las Vegas, NV 89119

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1 RPLY BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. CLERK OF THE COURT 3 Nevada Bar No. 9985 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 4 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 6 bboschee@nevadafirm.com 7 sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com 8 Attorneys for Defendants, Counterclaimants and Crossclaimants 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 12 Nevada corporation, Case No .: A642583 Dept. No.: Plaintiff, 13 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 14 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada 15 corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 16 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 17 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 18 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND 19 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 20 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 21 Hearing Date: May 7, 2012 Defendants. Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. 22 AND RELATED MATTERS. 23 DEFENDANTS' REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT 24 Defendants, counterclaimants, and crossclaimants, WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. 25 d/b/a MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"); WESTERN SURETY 26 COMPANY, a surety ("Western"); THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 27 Maryland corporation; ("Whiting") and FIDELTY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF 28

hereby file their Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment.

This Reply is based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Points and Authorities set forth below and any argument of counsel the Court entertains on the instant Motion.

#### POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

MARYLAND ("Fidelity") (collectively "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys of record,

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Three important facts are not in dispute in this case. First, there is no dispute that Mojave paid CAM. Second, there is no dispute that Cashman provided an unconditional, final release of lien immediately upon Mojave's payment. Third, CAM, not Mojave, tendered a bad check not once but twice to Cashman after Mojave had paid CAM with sufficient funds to cover the check to Cashman and after Cashman had issued the unconditional, final release of lien. Additionally, there is also no dispute that Cashman has hindered the project in question, and specifically Defendants' ability to complete the project, by improperly refusing to start up the necessary equipment and withholding information needed for another contractor to adequately start up the equipment. Cashman does not deny that it has refused to start up the equipment and refused to provide said information, but instead argues that it is justified in its actions because Cashman was never paid by CAM, even though nobody disputes that Mojave tendered sufficient funds to CAM.

When the instant Motion was filed, Cashman had submitted discovery requests to Mojave that constitutes the majority of the "additional discovery" it claims is necessary prior to entry of summary judgment. That discovery has now been answered, and the facts noted above have not changed, nor will they change in the coming months. Cashman did not have to provide an unconditional, final lien release upon Mojave's payment to CAM, but it did. Cashman's argument that the release is void due to the insufficient funds received from CAM is irrelevant to the instant Motion because the funds tendered by Mojave were good, and Mojave's check did not bounce. The protection of the lien statutes exist to protect contractors who provide lien releases upon tendering of checks that ultimately do not have sufficient funds to ensure party tendering the insufficient funds does not receive a windfall (i.e. a lien release without payment). That is

not the case here. Mojave tendered the necessary funds, Cashman signed the unconditional lien release, and any remaining payment issues are between Cashman and CAM, not the other Defendants. Thus, Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment is both proper and timely, and Defendants respectfully request that the Court grant the same.

#### II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

#### A. CASHMAN MISSTATES DEFENDANTS' MOTION REGARDING THE POST-DATED CHECK FROM CAM

Defendants are not arguing whether the post-dated check provided to Cashman was a check or a draft. The implicit agreement that Cashman entered into with CAM upon receipt of a post-dated check was that Cashman would not take the draft to a bank until the date denoted on the check. Whether the Court wants to then treat the draft as a promissory note, which it essentially becomes, pursuant to the cited authority, because it is **not** a demand that a party can immediately take to a bank for payment, or simply as an agreement between CAM and Cashman to hold off on cashing the check for a day or two, the simple reality is that Cashman accepted the post-dated check knowing that it would not be able to take it to the bank for some period of time. Cashman also knew, at that point, that Mojave had tendered full payment to CAM. Based upon that knowledge, Cashman issued the unconditional lien release for the materials.

Instead of taking responsibility for its poor decision to accept a post-dated check and pursuing relief against the real "bad guy" in this situation, CAM, Cashman has lumped the rest of the Defendants into its dispute with CAM essentially asking this Court to make Mojave pay for the supplies twice. Defendants should not, and legally cannot, be held accountable for Cashman's questionable decision to accept a post-dated check from CAM, and aside from the substantial authority cited in the Motion, the equities of the case dictate that it would be patently unfair for Mojave to have to pay for the same equipment **twice** when an unconditional lien release has been provided and there is no dispute that Mojave actually tendered the funds for the equipment. The real dispute is between CAM and Cashman relating to CAM's outright theft of

Cashman also makes an evidentiary argument with respect to Defendants' failure to produce a check that was tendered by CAM to Cashman and forms the basis of this entire lawsuit. Given the absurdity of this argument, the Defendants will not substantively address it in this Reply.

the money tendered by Mojave, and thus the Court should limit this dispute to those parties and grant Defendants' Motion.

## B. THE UNCONDITIONAL LIEN RELEASE IS VALID BECAUSE MOJAVE'S CHECK DID CLEAR THE BANK

The undisputed facts are that Mojave tendered payment for the materials supplied by CAM and Cashman issued an unconditional lien release. Cashman chose to issue an unconditional release upon Mojave's payment to CAM. Cashman could have waited until it actually got the check from CAM, but it didn't, and that was Cashman's choice. All of the authority cited by Cashman in the Opposition speaks to the protection of a contractor who issues a release in exchange for a check that ultimately does not have sufficient funds. Obviously, the intent behind the statutes, as the courts of this state have accurately noted in the decisions interpreting those statutes, is to protect a party who exchanges a check for a lien release from releasing lien rights when the money is not actually tendered.

The problem Cashman has in this case is that the money was tendered by Mojave. This is not a case of a subcontractor obtaining a lien release for a bounced check. Mojave tendered the funds, and Cashman issued a lien release. Cashman could have held out for a joint check to itself and CAM prior to giving the lien release, but it didn't. Simply stated, the materials were paid for, and a full, unconditional lien release was provided, but CAM and its principals simply stole the money that it owed Cashman. This is not to say that Cashman is not a victim, which it clearly is, but Cashman does not get to hide behind the protections of NRS 108.2457 or NRS 108.2453 and claim that the Defendants, and specifically Mojave, must pay for the same supplies twice. This is no different than if Mojave had paid for the materials, and then CAM stole the money from Cashman, which is essentially what happened here. Allowing Cashman to proceed with these claims against the Defendants would essentially be saying that a party that pays for supplies and obtains an unconditional lien release is still subject to claims after the fact if the payee loses the money paid for the materials. Not only is this clearly not what the statutes provide for, it's also clearly contrary to the spirit of the lien statutes.

For purposes of analogy, assume the situation was reversed. Instead of CAM absconding

with the tendered funds, assume CAM had instead run off with the equipment supplied by Cashman. Would the Court really be inclined to make Cashman supply this equipment for a second time? Such a result would be absurd. The Court would tell Mojave that it needed to pursue its claims for the equipment with CAM, which is exactly what the Court should tell Cashman to do in this case with respect to the money ostensibly stolen by CAM from Cashman. Thus, summary judgment is proper in favor of the Defendants.

## C. CAM HAD AT WORST APPARENT AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT FUNDS ON BEHALF OF CASHMAN AS SHOWN BY THE CONDUCT OF THE PARTIES

The most compelling fact demonstrating that Mojave was justified in believing that CAM was Cashman's agent with respect to the Project is that when Mojave tendered payment for the supplied equipment to CAM, Cashman immediately tendered an unconditional, final lien release without even waiting for CAM to issue a check to Cashman for the money Mojave had just paid. Based upon the terminology of CAM's contract with Mojave, which stated "c/o Cashman Equipment" immediately after CAM's name, as well as the fact that Cashman issued the lien release immediately upon payment to CAM, Mojave had no reason to doubt that payment to CAM was akin to payment to Cashman.

Further supporting the idea that CAM was Cashman's agent for legal purposes on this Project, Cashman was always going to be the party supplying the equipment and bearing the responsibility for starting-up the equipment once it was supplied. CAM was little more than an intermediary on this Project, in place at the request of the owner and with the knowledge of all parties for purposes of obtaining minority owner benefits, and CAM was never going to be responsible for anything other than being an intermediary between Mojave and Cashman. Thus, based upon the authority cited in the Motion, CAM qualifies as a legal agent of Cashman, and summary judgment is proper.

## D. PLAINTIFF MISSTATES THE BURDEN WITH RESPECT TO ITS FRAUDUMENT TRANSFER CLAIM

Somehow, Cashman has come before this Court claiming that Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment must be denied as to the fraudulent transfer claims because *Mojave* has not presented evidence that the money paid to it by CAM, on a completely different job, were *not* 

 fraudulent transfers. Mojave submitted the Affidavit of Brian Bugni setting forth why the \$275,636.70 payments were made by CAM to Mojave for another job, and simply stated, it is not Mojave's burden to present evidence proving a negative. Conversely, Cashman has no evidence, which is clearly reflected in the Opposition, that the transfers from CAM to Mojave were fraudulent. The burden, both for summary judgment and ultimately at trial, is on Cashman to demonstrate that the monetary payments from CAM to Mojave were fraudulent transfers, and ultimately, Cashman has no such evidence.

Here, Plaintiffs have no evidence that a fraudulent transfer occurred under NRS 112.180(1)(a), and further have no evidence that Mojave did not act in good faith. Cashman has a lot of unsavory allegations, but not one piece of evidence showing that Mojave was some type of "insider" with knowledge of any of CAM's activities, particularly any activities intended to defraud Cashman. Mojave was paid by Cashman pursuant to legitimate contracts on other jobs, and the Plaintiffs have absolutely no evidence to the contrary.

NRS 112,180(1)(a) plainly provides that, for the district court to enter judgment in favor of a creditor under that statute, it must first determine whether the debtor "actual[ly] inten[ded] to hinder, delay or defraud any creditor of the debtor." (Emphasis added.). Cashman has no evidence to support a determination along those lines. Angelo Carvalho was approved for use by the owner of the Project and had no prior bad history with any of the parties. Further, all transactions were completed with written agreements that contained specific terms. Therefore, Mojave had no "reason to know of the transferors fraudulent purposes."

Given that Cashman has no evidence to support its claims with respect to Mojave's knowledge of intent with respect to the actions ultimately undertaken by CAM, Cashman resorts to arguments that there was no value received for the work between CAM and Mojave. To the contrary, Mojave submitted evidence that it had entered into legitimate contracts with CAM for other projects.<sup>2</sup> Indeed, the payments between the parties referenced in the Complaint specifically relate to the scope and price of the contracted work and the Plaintiffs have supplied

See Contract for NV Energy project attached to Defendants' Motion as Exhibit A-5, as well as the Affidavit of Brian Bugni generally, attached to the Motion as Exhibit A.

this Court with no evidence that Mojave had any intent to defraud.3

The contracts and circumstances at issue demonstrate that Mojave acted in objective good faith in its business transactions and that CAM paid reasonably equivalent value for the work, and the Plaintiffs have presented no evidence to the Court to the contrary. There is no evidence in this matter of any questionable tactics by CAM or anything odd occurring until the acts that gave rise to the Complaint by Cashman. In fact, by Cashman's own admission, it accepted a second payment from CAM without accompanying CAM to the financial institution or demanding another direct form of payment such as a cashier's check. Clearly, Cashman was not alarmed or suspicious of CAM, because there was no history of bad acts with CAM or Mr. Carvalho individually. Similarly, Mojave had no reason to suspect CAM's financial transactions were fraudulent or that CAM was about to ostensibly steal money from Cashman, and thus Mojave cannot now be held liable under NRS 112 for standard business transactions with CAM.

The burden on summary judgment is upon the Plaintiffs to come forward with some evidence supporting the claim for fraudulent transfer. However, there is no evidence of any knowledge or ill intent on behalf of the Defendants, there is no evidence of any improper actions by CAM prior to the acts giving rise to this Complaint, and there is no evidence that the payments from CAM to Mojave were not legitimate payments pursuant to legitimate contracts. Quite the contrary, Mojave has presented evidence that the payments in question were legitimate payments pursuant to legitimate contract. Therefore, summary judgment should be granted.

## E. CASHMAN DOES NOT EVEN BOTHER TO DENY MOJAVE'S ALLEGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE CLAIMS AGAINST CASHMAN

The Counterclaim is clear as to the fact that the agreement in question relates to the purchase order between Mojave and CAM "c/o Cashman." So, Cashman's allegation that Defendants, and specifically Mojave, have not identified the contract that was breached is simply a red herring to distract this Court from Cashman's failure to perform, none of which has been

<sup>3</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Herup v. First Boston Financial, LLC 123 Nev. 228, 231-237, 162 P.3d 870, 872 - 876 (Nev., 2007)

denied. All of the parties, including Cashman, CAM and Mojave, knew and agreed that CAM was essentially an intermediary, insisted upon by the owner, and that Cashman was responsible for supplying and operating the equipment and Mojave was responsible for paying for the equipment. Mojave lived up to its obligations, Cashman did not.

Cashman made a decision to issue an unconditional, final lien release upon Mojave's payment to CAM, and the subsequent issues that arose between CAM and Cashman have nothing to do with Mojave. Despite that, Cashman has refused to proceed with the start-up of the equipment at the Project and also withheld vital information that would allow the Defendants to start-up the equipment. None of this is denied in the Opposition, nor does Cashman provide any basis for not complying with its obligations and deliberately sabotaging the Project, causing the Defendants to incur \$137,253.20 for the diagnosis of the equipment, start up, and additional materials from other contractors. Nor does Cashman deny that it was always aware that the responsibility for the delivery and start-up of the equipment was its responsibility.

Instead, Cashman argues that there is no "agreement" between Cashman and Mojave, and thus summary judgment should be put off. The agreement is defined in the counterclaim and the Motion, and Cashman has offered no disputed facts or evidence to preclude summary judgment as to the allegations of Cashman's misconduct with respect to the equipment and the Project. Thus, summary judgment is proper.

#### F. CASHMAN'S RULE 56(F) ARGUMENT IS ANOTHER RED HERRING

As most parties facing summary judgment are inclined to do, Cashman also throws in the 56(f) defense that it needs more discovery prior to the Court making a decision on summary judgment. What Cashman does not inform the Court is that it tendered Mojave substantial written discovery, all of which has been answered and provided to Cashman. Cashman also neglects to inform the Court how discovery is going to change the undisputed facts that Mojave paid for the equipment, with funds that cleared CAM's bank account, and that Cashman issued an unconditional, final lien release with respect to the equipment due to Mojave's payment. Cashman is the Plaintiff, and if it does not have any evidence to support the fraudulent transfer claims now, it isn't going to find that evidence in additional discovery, and Cashman has not

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even offered *denials*, much less evidence, to rebut Mojave's counterclaims, so additional discovery is not going to somehow magically absolve Cashman of the bad facts it has created for itself with respect to the failure to start up the equipment and withholding of information for the other parties to start up the same.

Therefore, NRCP 56(f) provides no real basis for denial of the instant Motion, and Summary Judgment should be entered on behalf of the Defendants.

#### CONCLUSION

Cashman throws a lot of legal arguments at the Court in the hope of creating a Rule 56(f) issue or muddying the water sufficiently to avoid what is an inevitable outcome in this case, judgment in favor of the Defendants. There is no dispute that Mojave tendered funds for the equipment at issue, there is no dispute that Mojave's funds cleared the bank, there is no dispute that Cashman provided an unconditional, final lien release, and there is no dispute that the real villain, CAM, essentially stole the money from Cashman. There is no evidence of a fraudulent transfer, and certainly no evidence of intent or knowledge by Mojave with respect to CAM's actions. Finally, Cashman has not denied that it has engaged in the wrongful conduct with respect to the start-up information regarding the equipment provided for the Project.

Therefore, Defendants respectfully submit that the instant Motion should be granted.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of May, 2012.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants, Counterclaimants and Crossclaimants

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1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the And day of May, 2012, and pursuant to NRCP
3	5(b), I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing
4	DEFENDANTS' REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS'
5	MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, postage prepaid and addressed to:
6 7	Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON
8	6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff
9 10 11 12	Edward Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 6615 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 108 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho
13 14 15	Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. ELLSWORTH, BENNION & ERICSSON, CHTD. 7881 W. Charleston Blvd., #210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Attorneys for Element Iron and Design
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18	Cmiletollo
19	An employee of Santoro, Driggs, Walch, Kearney, Holley & Thompson
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CLERK OF THE COURT

ACOMP 1 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 9617 2 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. 3 Nevada State Bar No. 10928 PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 5 Tel: 702 233-4225 6 Fax: 702 233-4252 jrobinson@pezzillorobinson.com 7 mmaskas@pezzillorobinson.com Attorneys for Plaintiff, 8 Cashman Equipment Company

#### DISTRICT COURT

#### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiff, VS. CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive;

Defendants.

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a

Nevada corporation,

Case No.: A642583 Dept. No.: 32

Consolidated with Case No.: A653029

THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 2334225 9

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COMES NOW, Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, (hereinafter "Cashman" or "Plaintiff") by and through its attorneys of record, Pezzillo Robinson, in support of its Third Amended Complaint against the Defendants named herein and alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Plaintiff, Cashman, is a Nevada corporation duly authorized to conduct business and conducting business within the State of Nevada.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CAM CONSULTING INC. ("CAM"), is or was at all times relevant to this action, a Nevada corporation authorized to conduct business in the State of Nevada.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant ANGELO CARVALHO ("CARVALHO") is a resident of Clark County, Nevada and an owner of Defendant CAM.
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO ("RENNIE") is a resident of Clark County, Nevada, an owner of Defendant CAM and the owner of the property located at 6321 Little Elem St., North Las Vegas, Nevada, 89031 and more particularly identified by Assessor's Parcel Number 124-29-110-099 (the "Property"), which is subject of Plaintiff's claim to quiet title contained herein.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC ("MOJAVE") is or was at all times relevant to this action, a Nevada limited liability company authorized to conduct business in the State of Nevada as a licensed contractor, license numbers 38571, 37380 and 19512 and is the principal on the Mechanics Lien Release Bond, issued by WESTERN SURETY COMPANY (Bond Number 58685401).

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6. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant WESTERN SURETY COMPANY ("WESTERN") is authorized to conduct business within the State of Nevada as a contractor's bond surety, and in that capacity issued two contractor's license bonds to Defendant MOJAVE, Bond Number 929452545 in the amount of \$5,000.00 and Bond Number 929444674 in the amount of \$2,000.00. Said bond was issued for the benefit of various public members injured by Defendant MOJAVE's actions as a contractor, including Plaintiff. Additionally, WESTERN also issued a Mechanics Lien Release Bond to Defendant MOJAVE (Bond Number 58685401) in the amount of \$1,133,840.84, for the benefit of Plaintiff.

- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon a lleges that Defendant THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY ("WHITING TURNER") is or was at all times relevant to this action, a Maryland limited liability company authorized to conduct business in the State of Nevada as a licensed contractor, license nos. 33400, 68086, and 68079 and is the general contractor on the Project.
- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon a lleges that Defendant FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND ("FIDELITY") is authorized to conduct business within the State of Nevada as a contractor's bond surety, and in that capacity issued a contractor's license bond to Defendant WHITING TURNER, Bond Number 9045603 in the amount of \$50,000.00 for license number 33400, and issued a payment bond, Bond Number 8997023. Said bonds were issued for the benefit of various public members injured by Defendant WHITING TURNER's actions as a contractor, including Plaintiff.
- 9. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon a lleges that Defendant TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA ("TRAVELERS") is a surety that issued a payment bond, Bond No. 105375118, for the benefit of various public members injured by Defendant WHITING TURNER's actions as a contractor, including Plaintiff.

10.	Defendants sued herein under the fictitious names of DOES 1 through 10
inclusive, ar	e presently unknown to Plaintiff but are believed to reside in the State of Nevada
and are in s	ome respect liable for the acts and omissions, whether intentional, negligent of
otherwise, a	lleged herein.

- 11. Defendants sued herein under the fictitious names of ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10, inclusive, are presently unknown to Plaintiff but are believed to be corporations authorized to conduct business in the State of Nevada and are in some respect liable for the acts and omissions, whether intentional, negligent or otherwise, alleged herein.
  - The obligations sued upon herein were performed in Clark County, Nevada.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (BREACH OF CONTRACT AGAINST CAM, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 12, as if set forth in full.
- 14. Plaintiff and Defendant entered into an agreement whereby Plaintiff agreed to sell equipment to Defendant ("the Contract") for the total price of \$755,893.89. The equipment was to be incorporated into the Project commonly referred to as the New Las Vegas City Hall.
- Plaintiff provided the equipment to Defendant and as required by the Contract.
   Defendant agreed to pay Plaintiff for the equipment pursuant to the terms of the Contract.
- 16. Defendant has breached the terms of the Contract by failing and refusing to pay for the equipment provided by Plaintiff, and now owes a sum in excess of \$10,000.00.
- 17. Plaintiff has performed all conditions and promises required on its part to be performed under the Contract, except as said performance has been waived, excused or prevented by Defendant's breach of the Contract.

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Based upon Defendant's breach of the Contract as described above, Plaintiff 18. has been damaged in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon as provided in the Contract until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

#### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING AGAINST CAM, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 18, as if 19. set forth in full.
- 20. All contracts entered into in the state of Nevada contain the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 21. Defendant's intentional failure to pay Plaintiff for the equipment after receiving the funds to pay Plaintiff from MOJAVE, the electrical subcontractor on the Project, and according to the terms of the Contract constitutes a breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- Based on Defendant's breach of the Contract as described above, Plaintiff has 22. been damaged in a sum in excess of \$10,000,00, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon as provided in the Contract until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (FORECLOSURE OF SECURITY INTEREST AGAINST CAM, MOJAVE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 23. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 22, as if set forth in full.
- 24. Plaintiff holds a valid security interest in the equipment sold to CAM as provided for in the credit agreement executed by CARVALHO on behalf of CAM, which were pledged in writing in order to secure payment for the equipment.
  - 25. Plaintiff perfected its security interest in the equipment.

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	26.	Plaintiff properly filed its security agreement in accordance with the pertinen
pro	visions o	f the Nevada Uniform Commercial Code.

- 27. Plaintiff is entitled to execute upon its security agreement and take possession of all assets or proceeds subject of the security agreement and seeks a judgment and order from this Court allowing such execution.
- Plaintiff is entitled to an award of its interest, costs and attorneys' fees incurred herein.

# FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (ALTER EGO AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO, RENNIE DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 28, as if set forth in full.
- 30. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CAM is not and was not adequately funded.
- 31. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CAM is solely owned by Defendants CARVALHO and RENNIE, and that CAM is influenced and governed by CARVALHO and RENNIE.
- 32. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that CAM received payment from MOJAVE, the electrical subcontractor on the Project, for the equipment it purchased from Plaintiff and instead of paying Plaintiff for the equipment, CARVALHO and RENNIE diverted the funds from CAM and used the funds for their own benefit.
- 33. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that CARVALHO and RENNIE used the corporate assets as their own, withdrawing \$600,000.00 from the corporate banking account even though those funds were to be used to pay Plaintiff.
- 34. As set forth herein, a unity of interest and ownership exists between the Defendant CAM and Defendants CARVALHO and RENNIE such that one is inseparable

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from the other and the facts of this matter demonstrate that adherence to the fiction of a separate entity would, under the circumstances, sanction a fraud or promote injustice and would therefore be inequitable.

35. Therefore, as CARVALHO and RENNIE are the alter ego of CAM, CARVALHO and RENNIE are liable for the damages suffered by Plaintiff, in an amount in excess of \$10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon pursuant to the terms of the Contract until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (CONVERSION AGAINST CARVALHO, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 36. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 35 as if set forth in full.
- 37. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CARVALHO received payment from MOJAVE, the electrical subcontractor on the Project, for the equipment provided to Defendant CAM by Plaintiff.
- Defendant CARVALHO then issued payment to Plaintiff in the form of a check in the amount of \$755,893.89.
  - 39. Plaintiff deposited the check, but it was returned by the bank.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant
   CARVALHO stopped payment on the check.
- 41. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CARVALHO personally withdrew \$600,000,000 from the corporate bank account even though CARVALHO knew that money was received for Plaintiff and was to be used to pay Plaintiff for the equipment Plaintiff sold to CAM.
- Plaintiff subsequently contacted Defendant CARVALHO to request that payment be reissued to Plaintiff for the equipment Plaintiff sold Defendant.

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	43.	Defendant CARVALHO then again issued payment to Plaintiff in the form of
a ch	eck in th	e amount of \$755,893.89.
	44	Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant

- 44. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant CARVALHO issued the second check knowing there were no funds in the bank account to pay Plaintiff, as CARVALHO had previously withdrawn \$600,000.00 from the account and had paid other expenses with the money to be paid to Plaintiff.
- 45. Plaintiff presented the second check to the bank upon which it was drawn, Nevada State Bank, and was informed that the account did not have sufficient funds to cover the check.
- 46. Plaintiff has attempted to contact Defendant CARVALHO numerous times and CARVALHO is not responding and has not issued payment.
- 47. As evidenced by Defendant CARVALHO twice purporting to make payment to Plaintiff for the equipment purchased, the money in CARVALHO's possession belongs to Plaintiff and Plaintiff has the right to possession of the money.
- 48. Defendant CARVALHO is wrongfully and intentionally exercising dominion and control over Plaintiff's property interfering with Plaintiff's right to the property.
- In keeping Plaintiff's money, Defendant CARVALHO is depriving Plaintiff of its use of the property.
- 50. Defendant CARVALHO's failure to pay Plaintiff has caused damages to Plaintiff in an amount in excess of \$10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon pursuant to the terms of the Contract until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION (FRAUD AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 50, as if

set forth in full.

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- 52. Defendant CAM and Defendant CARVALHO represented to Plaintiff that they would pay for the equipment purchased with the monies received from MOJAVE, the electrical subcontractor on the Project, knowing that the money was to be held in trust for Plaintiff and paid to Plaintiff.
- Defendant CAM and Defendant CARVALHO presented a check to Plaintiff purporting to pay Plaintiff for the equipment.
- 54. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants did not intend to pay Plaintiff for the equipment.
- 55. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based there on alleges Defendants requested that the bank stop payment on the check and diverted the funds for their own use.
- 56. Plaintiff subsequently discovered that there were not sufficient funds to pay Plaintiff in Defendants' bank account.
- Plaintiff relied to its detriment upon Defendants' false representations by supplying the equipment to the Project and executing a release.
- 58. Due to Defendant's intentional Fraud upon Plaintiff as described above,

  Plaintiff has been damaged in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and
  interest thereon until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.
- Plaintiff is also entitled to punitive damages as a result of Defendant's tortious conduct.

### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 60. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 59, as if set forth in full.
  - Defendant CAM and Defendant CARVALHO represented to Plaintiff that they

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would pay for the equipment purchased with the monies received from MOJAVE, the electrical subcontractor on the Project, knowing that the money received was to be held in trust for Plaintiff and paid to Plaintiff.

- 62. Defendant CAM and Defendant CARVALHO presented a check to Plaintiff purporting to pay Plaintiff for the equipment.
- 63. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants did not intend to pay Plaintiff for the equipment or did not insure that they had sufficient funds to pay Plaintiff.
- 64. Plaintiff is informed and b elieves and b ased there on a lleges, Defendants requested that the bank stop payment on the check.
- Plaintiff subsequently discovered that there were not sufficient funds to pay 65. Plaintiff in Defendants' bank account.
- Plaintiff relied to its detriment upon Defendants' false representations by 66. supplying the equipment to the Project and executing a release and has suffered damage as a result.
- 67. Defendants intended for Plaintiff to act on its representations and are therefore liable to Plaintiff for the damages Plaintiff suffered in reliance thereon.
- 68. Due to Defendants' Negligent Misrepresentation, Plaintiff has been damaged in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

### EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION (QUIET TITLE AGAINST CARVALHO, RENNIE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 68, as if 69. set forth in full.
  - Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants 70.

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CARVALHO and RENNIE converted funds that were to be paid to Plaintiff as set forth herein.

- 71. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that those funds were used by Defendants to purchase the Property on or about May 11, 2011, less than two weeks after CARVALHO withdrew \$600,000.00 from the corporate bank account.
- 72. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants titled the Property to RENNIE only, using her maiden name, so as to conceal the property purchase.
- 73. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that because Defendants used Plaintiff's money to purchase the Property, Plaintiff has a claim to ownership of the Property.
  - 74. Plaintiff's claim to quiet title is brought pursuant to NRS 40.010.
- Plaintiff is entitled to an order of this Court declaring it the owner of the
   Property.

# NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION (ENFORCEMENT OF MECHANIC'S LIEN RELEASE BOND AGAINST MOJAVE, WESTERN, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 76. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 75, as if set forth in full.
- Plaintiff supplied equipment to the Project at the request of and pursuant to the Contract with CAM.
- 78. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that said equipment was used in or for the construction, alteration or repair of an improvement on the Property.
  - 79. Plaintiff is entitled to hold a lien on the Property as Plaintiff is a lien claimant,

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as set forth in NRS 108.2214.

- Plaintiff served via certified mail, return receipt requested, a certain Notice to 80. Owner of Right to Lien upon Defendants or their successors in interest, as required by NRS 108.245, or was exempt from the obligation to serve said Notice.
- Within the time required by NRS Chapter 108, Plaintiff caused to be recorded 81. a mechanic's lien on the Project in the amount of \$755,893.89, Instrument No. 201106220002156, in compliance with the requirements of NRS 108.226 and served upon the record owner in compliance with the provisions of NRS 108.227.
  - Plaintiff's lien is a valid lien upon the Property. 82.
- On or about September 8, 2011, Mojave, as principal, and Western, as surety, 83. caused a Bond for Release of Mechanic's Lien Pursuant to Section 108.221 seq. of Nevada Revised Statutes to be recorded to release Plaintiff's mechanic's lien.
- Pursuant to NRS 108.2415(5), the surety bond recorded to release Plaintiff's 84. mechanic's lien replaces the property as security for the lien and pursuant to NRS 108.2421. Plaintiff is entitled to bring an action against the principal and surety on the bond.
- Plaintiff was required to retain the undersigned firm of attorneys to prosecute this action, and as a result has incurred and will continue to incur costs and attorneys fees in preparing, recording and foreclosing its lien, which Plaintiff is entitled to recover from said Defendants.

### TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (UNJUST ENRICHMENT AGAINST MOJAVE, DOES 1-10, and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, inclusive)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 854, as if 86. set forth in full.
- Plaintiff supplied equipment to the Project at the request of and pursuant to its 87. Contract with CAM.

 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119	TEL 702 239-4225

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	88.	Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that said
equ	ipment w	as used in or for the construction, alteration or repair of an improvement on the
Pro	perty.	

- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE 89. contracted with CAM to purchase the equipment Plaintiff sold to CAM.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE 90. knew that Plaintiff was selling the equipment to CAM that MOJAVE would later purchase.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE 91. refused to issue a joint check payable to both CAM and Plaintiff to pay for the equipment Plaintiff supplied to the Project.
- 92. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE issued payment for the equipment to CAM.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that after receiving 93. said payment CAM then issued two checks made payable to MOJAVE in the amounts of \$139,367.70 and \$136,269.00, respectively.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the payments 94. MOJAVE received from CAM were funds that were to be used to pay Plaintiff for the equipment.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE, by 95. virtue of those payments from CAM has retained monies that rightfully belong to Plaintiff.
- 96. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that MOJAVE may not have paid the entire amount due for the equipment.
- As MOJAVE has in its possession monies that should have been used to pay Plaintiff for the equipment, MOJAVE has been unjustly enriched to the detriment of Plaintiff, causing Plaintiff damages in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00 and other such damage according

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to proof.

98. Plaintiff has retained the services of an attorney to prosecute this action and is entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs incurred.

### ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE BOND CLAIM AGAINST MOJAVE, WESTERN DOES 1-10, and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, inclusive)

- Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 98, as if 99. set forth in full.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant 100. MOJAVE, as principal, and Defendant WESTERN, as surety, caused to be issued two contractor's license bonds in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. Said bonds are identified as Bond Number 929452545 in the amount of \$5,000.00 and Bond Number 929444674 in the amount of \$2,000.00, were conditioned upon full compliance by MOJAVE with all of the provisions of Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and inures to the benefit of all persons, including Plaintiff, damaged as a result of a violation of any requirements of said chapter by MOJAVE.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the damages it has suffered are a direct and proximate result of violations of one or more of the following sections of Chapter 624 of Nevada Revised Statutes by Defendant MOJAVE:
  - Section 624.3012(1) in that MOJAVE diverted funds which were (a) received for a specific purpose in the prosecution of construction contracts and thereby deprived Plaintiff of payment to which it was entitled;
  - Section 624.3012(2) in that MOJAVE willfully and deliberately failed (b) to pay money due for labor and materials rendered in connection with its operation as a contractor, when it had the capacity to pay, or when it had received sufficient funds

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therefore as payment, in the prosecution of construction contracts for which the equipment was provided.

102. In light of MOJAVE's willful and deliberate failure to ensure that Plaintiff was paid for the equipment Plaintiff provided to the Project and as it has been unjustly enriched by retaining monies owed to Plaintiff for the equipment MOJAVE violated Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and Plaintiff is entitled to recover against the license bond issued by Defendant WESTERN.

### TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (UNJUST ENRICHMENT AGAINST WHITING TURNER, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 103. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 102, as if set forth in full.
- 104. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendants WHITING TURNER, FC/LW VEGAS, LLC and LWTIC SUCCESSOR LLC, and each of them, have been unjustly enriched by the wrongful act of retaining the equipment that was provided to the Project by Plaintiff, and failing to pay for said equipment.
- 105. As such, said Defendants have been unjustly enriched to the detriment and damage of Plaintiff in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00.
- 106. Plaintiff has retained the services of an attorney to prosecute this action and is entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs incurred.

# THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE BOND CLAIM AGAINST WHITING TURNER, FIDELITY, DOES 1-10, and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, inclusive)

- 107. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 106, as if set forth in full.
- 108. Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Defendant WHITING TURNER, as principal, and Defendant FIDELITY, as surety, caused to be issued a

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contractor's license bond in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes. Said bond is identified as Bond Number 9045603, issued in the amount of \$50,000.00, was conditioned upon full compliance by WHITING TURNER with all of the provisions of Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and inures to the benefit of all persons, including Plaintiff, damaged as a result of a violation of any requirements of said chapter by WHITING TURNER.

- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the damages it has suffered are a direct and proximate result of violations of one or more of the following sections of Chapter 624 of Nevada Revised Statutes by Defendant WHITING TURNER:
  - Section 624.3012(1) in that WHITING TURNER diverted funds which (a) were received for a specific purpose in the prosecution of construction contracts and thereby deprived Plaintiff of payment to which it was entitled;
  - Section 624.3012(2) in that WHITING TURNER willfully and (b) deliberately failed to pay money due for labor and materials rendered in connection with its operation as a contractor, when it had the capacity to pay, or when it had received sufficient funds therefore as payment, in the prosecution of construction contracts for which the equipment was provided.
- In light of WHITING TURNER's willful and deliberate failure to ensure that 110. Plaintiff was paid for the equipment Plaintiff provided to the Project and as it has been unjustly enriched by retaining monies owed to Plaintiff for the equipment WHITING TURNER violated Chapter 624 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and Plaintiff is entitled to recover against the license bond issued by Defendant FIDELITY.

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# FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Claim on Payment Bond against WHITING TURNER, FIDELITY, TRAVELERS, DOES 1-10, and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, inclusive)

- 111. Plaintiff repeats with the same force and effect paragraphs 1 through 110, as if set forth in full.
  - 112. Plaintiff agreed to supply equipment to the Project.
- 113. Plaintiff supplied the materials to the Project; however Plaintiff has not been paid as required for the equipment supplied and incorporated into the Project.
- 114. Upon information and belief, WHITING TURNER contracted with FIDELITY and TRAVELERS to obtain a payment bond for the protection of unpaid claimants on the Project.
- 115. Upon information and belief, FIDELITY and TRAVELERS executed a payment bond for the protection of unpaid claimants on the Project.
- 116. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff has fulfilled all of the requirements to maintain an action against WHITING TURNER, FIDELITY and TRAVELERS on the payment bond for the amount which remains unpaid to Plaintiff for equipment supplied to the Project.
- 117. Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount in excess of 10,000.00, together with fees, costs, and interest and other damages allowed pursuant to statute thereon as provided until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

### WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for relief as follows:

 For compensatory damages for an amount in excess of \$10,000.00, together with interest thereon at the contractual rate until paid in full and other such damage according to proof;

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Pezzillo	6725 VIA AUSTI P,	LAS VEGAS, P	TEL 702

2.	For punitive damages	against Defendants	CAM.	CARVALHO and RENNIE
And b	T OF BRITISH OF CHILITING	Contract so an activities		Take the end of the broad of th

- 3. For judgment declaring that Plaintiff has a valid security interest in the property subject of the UCC filing for an amount in excess of \$10,000.00, plus interest from the date the amounts became due until paid in full, costs and fees and that Plaintiff's security interest has priority over every other lien or claim of interest in the property;
- For judgment declaring that Plaintiff is the owner of the Property subject to the
   Quiet Title claim alleged herein;
- 5. For judgment declaring that Plaintiff has a claim in a sum in excess of \$10,000.00 against MOJAVE's lien release bond, issued by WESTERN, plus interest from the date the amounts became due until paid in full, costs and fees;
- 6. For judgment declaring that Plaintiff has a claim in excess of \$10,000.00 against MOJAVE's contractor's license bond, issued by WESTERN, plus interest thereon from the date the amounts became due until paid in full, and that Plaintiff's claim has priority over every other claim of interest on the bond;
- 7. For judgment declaring that Plaintiff has a claim in excess of \$10,000.00 against WHITING TURNER's contractor's license bond, issued by FIDELITY; plus interest thereon from the date the amounts became due until paid in full, and that Plaintiff's claim has priority over every other claim of interest on the bond;
- 8. For judgment declaring that Plaintiff has a claim in excess of \$10,000.00 against WHITING TURNER's payment bond, issued by FIDELITY and TRAVELERS, plus interest thereon from the date the amounts became due until paid in full, and that Plaintiff's claim has priority over every other claim of interest on the bond;
  - For reasonable attorneys fees and costs; and
  - For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

DATED: May 24, 2012

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PEZZILLO ROBINSON

By:

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Tel: 702 233-4225 Fax: 702 233-4252

jrobinson@pezzillorobinson.com

mmaskas@pezzillorobinson.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEAS, NEYRA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225

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CLERK OF THE COURT

NOE
Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 9617
Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10928
PEZZILLO ROBINSON
6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
Tel: (702) 233-4225
Fax: (702) 233-4252

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6725 VIA AUSTI PARRWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225

Pezzillo Robinson

Cashman Equipment Company

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Nevada corporation,

### DISTRICT COURT

### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiff,
vs.

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10,

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO.: A642583 DEPT.: 32

Consolidated with Case No: A653029

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT

TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225 1

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the ORDER GRANTING CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT was entered in the above entitled matter and filed on May 23, 2012, a copy of which is attached hereto.

DATED: May 24, 2012

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

By: / /

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225

Fax: (702) 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company-

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned, an employee of the law firm of PEZZILLO ROBINSON, hereby certifies that on the 21° day of May, 2012, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT, was served by placing said copy in an envelope, postage fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, said envelope(s) addressed to:

Brian Boschee, Esq.
Shemilly Briscoe, Esq.
SANTORO, DRIGGS, ET AL.
400 S. 4<sup>th</sup> St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Fl.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Attorneys for Whiting Turner Contracting,
Mojave Electric LV, LLC, Western Surety Company
And Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland

Edward S. Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 6615 S. Eastern Ave., Stc. 108 Las Vegas, NV 89119 Attorneys for Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho

Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. ELLSWORTH BENNION & ERICSSON 7881 W. Charleston Blvd., #210 Las Vegas, NV 89117 Attorneys for Element Iron & Design, LLC.

An employee of PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225 1

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### ORIGINAL

CLERK OF THE COURT

ORDR 1 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 10928 PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suito 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225 Fax: (702) 233-4252 6 Attorneys for Plaintiff, 7 Cashman Equipment Company

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

CASE NO.: A642583 DEPT .:

Plaintiff,

Consolidated with Case No: A653029

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surely; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland

corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 -10, inclusive;

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

ORDER GRANTING CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S MOTION TO AMEND COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY's Motion to Amend Complaint, having been heard by the Court on May 7, 2012 at 9:00a.m.; Jennifer Lloyd-Robinson, Esq., appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY; Brian Boschee,

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Esq. and Shemilly Briscoe, Esq. appearing on behalf of Defendants, WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND; and Edward Coleman, Esq. appearing on behalf of Defendants JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO and LINDA DUGAN. The Court having reviewed the Motion, with no Opposition having been filed, and having heard argument and being fully advised finds as follows:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY's Motion to Amend Complaint is GRANTED.

Dated this 2 day of May, 2012.

District Court Judge

ROB BARE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32

Respectfully submitted by:

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617

Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 10928

21 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

22 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: 702 233-4225

23 Attorneys for Plaintiff,

24 | Cashman Equipment Company

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CLERK OF THE COURT

NOE 1 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 10928 PEZZILLO ROBINSON 4 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 5 Tel: (702) 233-4225 6 Fax: (702) 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Cashman Equipment Company 8

Nevada corporation,

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiff, VS. CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive; Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a

CASE NO.: A642583 DEPT.: 32

Consolidated with Case No: A653029

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT WITHOUT PREJUDICE

TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT WITHOUT PREJUDICE was entered in the above entitled matter and filed on May 23, 2012, a copy of which is attached hereto.

DATED: May 24, 2012

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

By:

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225 Fax: (702) 233-4252

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned, an employee of the law firm of PEZZILLO ROBINSON, hereby certifies that on the 24 day of May, 2012, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT WITHOUT PREJUDICE, was served by placing said copy in an envelope, postage fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, said envelope(s) addressed to:

Brian Boschee, Esq.
Shemilly Briscoe, Esq.
SANTORO, DRIGGS, ET AL.
400 S. 4<sup>th</sup> St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Fl.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Attorneys for Whiting Turner Contracting,
Mojave Electric LV, LLC, Western Surety Company
And Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland

Edward S. Coleman, Esq.
COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES
6615 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 108
Las Vegas, NV 89119
Attorneys for Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho

Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq.
ELLSWORTH BENNION & ERICSSON
7881 W. Charleston Blvd., #210
Las Vegas, NV 89117
Attorneys for Element Iron & Design, LLC.

An employee of PEZZILO ROBINSON

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEXDA 89 119 TEL 702 233-4225 

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Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Bsq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Tol: (702) 233-4225 Fax: (702) 233-4252

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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Pezzillo Robinson

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CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

Plaintiff,

VS.

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive;

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO.: A642583 DEPT.: 32

Consolidated with Case No: A653029

ORDER DENYING DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT WITHOUT PREJUDICE

Defendants, WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND's (hereinafter collectively

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Defendants) Motion for Summary Judgment, having been heard by the Court on May 7, 2012 at 9:00a.m.; Brian Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly Briscoe, Esq. appearing on behalf of Defendants; Jennifer Lloyd-Robinson, Esq., appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY; and Edward Coleman, Esq. appearing on behalf of Defendants JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO and LINDA DUGAN. The Court having reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Reply briefs, and having heard argument and being fully advised finds as follows:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment is DENIED without Prejudice.

Dated this day of May, 2012.

District Court Judge

ROB BARE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32

Respectfully submitted by:

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Bsq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617

Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada State Bar No. 10928 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Tel: 702 233-4225 23

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company 24

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1	ANS	
2	BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612	
1	E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com	
3	SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985	
4	E-mail: sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH,	
5	HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308	
7	Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mo Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelit	ojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The
8	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of Ameri	ca, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant
9	DISTRICT	COURT
10	CLARK COUN	ΓY, NEVADA
11	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a	
12	Nevada corporation,	Case No.: A642583
	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: 32
13		(Consolidated with Case No. A653029)
14	v.	(Consolidated with Case No. A033029)
	CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada	ANOMED TO THEIR AMENDED
15	corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL	ANSWER TO THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT, COUNTERCLAIM
16	CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE	AGAINST CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY AND CROSSCLAIM
17	ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING	AGAINST CAM CONSULTING, INC. AND ANGELO CARVALHO
18	TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a	
19	Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a	
20	surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety;	
20	DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE	
21	CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;	
22	Defendants.	
23	WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation,	
24	Counterclaimant.	
25	Counterclaimant,	
26	v.	
27	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,	
28	Counterdefendant.	

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27 28 WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation,

Crossclaimant,

CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual,

Crossdefendants.

Defendants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. d/b/a MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"); WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety ("Western"); THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation, ("Whiting"); TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety, ("Travelers") and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND ("Fidelity"), a surety (collectively "Defendants"), through their attorneys of record, the law firm of COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON, hereby file their Answer to the Third Amended Complaint ("Complaint"), Counterclaim against Cashman Equipment Company and Crossclaim against CAM Consulting, Inc. and Angelo Carvalo.

### PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 1 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 1 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 2. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 2 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 3. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint and,

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therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 4. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 5. Defendants admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 5 of the Complaint.
- 6. Defendants admit the allegations that Defendant Western is authorized to conduct business within the State of Nevada as a contractor's bond surety, and in that capacity issued two contractor's license bonds to Defendant Mojave, Bond Number 929452545 in the amount of \$5,000.00 and Bond Number 929444674 in the amount of \$2,000.00, but deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint.
  - Defendants admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 7 of the Complaint.
- 8. Defendants admit the allegations that Defendant Fidelity is authorized to conduct business within the State of Nevada as a contractor's bond surety, and in that capacity issued a contractor's bond with Co-surety Travelers to Defendant Whiting, Bond Number 9045603 in the amount of \$50,000.00 for license number 33400, and issued a payment bond, Bond Number 8997023, but deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 8 of the Complaint.
- 9. Defendant Travelers, as co-surety with Defendant Fidelity, admit it is authorized to conduct business within the State of Nevada and that it issued payment bond, but denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 9.
- 10. The allegation contained in Paragraph 10 of the Complaint constitutes a nonfactual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 10 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 11. The allegation contained in Paragraph 11 of the Complaint constitutes a nonfactual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a

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belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 11 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

12. Defendants admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 12 of the Complaint.

# (BREACH OF CONTRACT AGAINST CAM, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS, 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 13. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 12 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 14. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 14 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 14 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 15. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 15 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 15 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 16. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 16 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 16 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 17. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 17 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 18. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 18 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING AGAINST CAM, DOES 1-10 AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

19. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 18 of

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27 28 the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 20. The allegation contained in Paragraph 20 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 21. The allegation contained in Paragraph 21 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 22. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 22 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

# THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (FORECLOSURE OF SECURITY INTEREST AGAINST CAM, MOJAVE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 22 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 24. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 24 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 25. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 25 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 26. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 26 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 27. The allegation contained in Paragraph 27 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations.

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Defendants deny the allegation contained in Paragraph 28 of the Complaint.

### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (ALTER EGO AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO, RENNIE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 28 of 29. the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to 30. the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 30 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 31 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- Defendants admit that CAM received payment from Mojave for the equipment 32. purchased from Plaintiff, but Defendants deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 32 of the Complaint.
- Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to 33. the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 33 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- The allegation contained in Paragraph 34 of the Complaint constitutes a statement 34. of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations set forth.
- The allegation contained in Paragraph 35 of the Complaint constitutes a statement 35. of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent that a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations set forth.

### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (CONVERSION AGAINST CARVALHO, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 35 of 36. the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
  - Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 37 37.

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of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 37 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 38. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 38 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 38 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 39. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 39 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 39 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 40. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 40 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 41. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 41 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 42. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 42 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 43. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 43 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 44. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 44 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 45. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 45 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the

 allegations contained therein.

- 46. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 46 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 47. The allegation contained in Paragraph 47 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 47 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 48. The allegation contained in Paragraph 48 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 48 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 49. The allegation contained in Paragraph 49 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 49 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 50. The allegation contained in Paragraph 50 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 50 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION (FRAUD AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

 Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 50 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein

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- 52. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 52 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 53. Defendants admit that CAM and Defendant Carvalho presented a check to Plaintiff, but deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 53 of the Complaint.
- 54. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 54 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 55. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 55 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 56. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 56 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 57. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 57 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 58. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 58 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 59. The allegation contained in Paragraph 59 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 59 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (NEGLIGENCT MISREPRESENTATION AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

60. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 59 of

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the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 61. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 61 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 62. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 62 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 63. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 63 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 64. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 64 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 65. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 65 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 66. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 66 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 67. The allegation contained in Paragraph 67 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 67 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 68. The allegation contained in Paragraph 68 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 68 of the

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Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

# EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION (QUIET TITLE AGAINST CAM, CARVALHO, RENNIE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 69. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 68 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 70. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 70 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 71. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 71 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 72. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 72 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 73. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 73 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 74. The allegation contained in Paragraph 74 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 74 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 75. The allegation contained in Paragraph 75 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 75 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

### NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### (ENFORCEMENT OF MECHANIC'S LIEN RELEASE BOND AGAINST MOJAVE, WESTERN, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 76. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 75 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 77. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 77 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 77 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 78. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 78 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 78 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 79. The allegation contained in Paragraph 79 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
- 80. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 80 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- Project in the amount of \$755,893.89 as Instrument No. 201106220002156, but deny the remaining allegations and legal conclusions contained in Paragraph 81. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 81 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 82. The allegation contained in Paragraph 82 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 83. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 83

of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 83 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 84. The allegation contained in Paragraph 84 of the Complaint constitutes a statement of the law rather than a factual allegation against Defendants and, therefore, requires no response. To the extent a response is required, Defendants deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 85. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 85 of the Complaint.

# TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (UNJUST ENRICHMENT AGAINST MOJAVE, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 86. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 85 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 87. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 87 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 87 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 88. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 88 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 88 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 89. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 89 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 89 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 90. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 90 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 90 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 91. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 91

of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 91 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.

- 92. Defendants Mojave and Whiting admit the allegations contained in Paragraph 92 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 92 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
- 93. Defendant Mojave admits that checks were received in the amounts of \$139,367.70 and \$136,269.00 for other unrelated projects, but deny the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 93 of the Complaint. The remaining Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 93 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 94. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 94 of the Complaint.
  - 95. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 95 of the Complaint.
  - 96. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 96 of the Complaint.
  - 97. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 97 of the Complaint.
  - 98. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 98 of the Complaint.

# ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE BOND AGAINST MOJAVE, WESTERN, DOES 1-10, AND ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10, INCLUSIVE)

- 99. Defendants incorporate by reference all responses to Paragraphs 1 through 98 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 100. Defendants admit that Mojave, as principal, and Defendant Western, as surety, caused to be issued two contractor's license bonds in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 624 and said bonds are identified as Bond Number 929452545 in the amount of \$5,000.00 and Bond Number 929444674 in the amount of \$2,000.00. Defendants deny all remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 100 of the Complaint.
- 101. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 101, including sections(a) and (b) in Paragraph 101 of the Complaint.

	115.	Defendants	admit	executing	a	payment	bond	for	the	Project,	but	deny	the
emair	ing all	egations conta	ained in	Paragraph	11	5 of the C	ompla	int.					

- 116. Defendants are without sufficient information or knowledge to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in Paragraph 116 of the Complaint and, therefore, deny the allegations contained therein.
  - 117. Defendants deny the allegations contained in Paragraph 117 of the Complaint.

## AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Defendants assert the following defenses to this action. These defenses have been labeled as "affirmative" defenses regardless of whether, as a matter of law, such defenses are truly affirmative defenses. Such designation should in no way be construed to constitute a concession on the part of Defendants or that it bears the burden of proof to establish such defense(s).

- 1. All allegations of the Complaint not specifically admitted are hereby denied.
- Plaintiff fails to state a claim for relief against Defendants upon which relief can be granted.
- At all material times, Defendants acted in good faith and exercised lawful rights in dealing with Plaintiff.
- Plaintiff, by its own conduct or otherwise, is estopped from making any claim against Defendants.
  - 5. Plaintiff has waived, by conduct or otherwise, any claim against Defendants.
- The loss, injuries, damages, costs and attorneys' fees, if any, suffered by Plaintiff
  are the result of its own acts, omissions, or wrongdoing.
- Defendants relied upon representations by the Plaintiff as to the Unconditional Release for payment and would not have made payment to Plaintiff's agent absent such representations.
- Plaintiff is barred from obtaining any relief from any claim by operation of the doctrine of accord and satisfaction.
  - 9. Plaintiff has failed to mitigate its damages, if any exist or were incurred, the

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existence of which is expressly denied by Defendant.

- 10. By virtue of the acts, conduct, mismanagement and/or omissions to act of the Plaintiff under the circumstances, Defendants are released and discharged from any liability whatsoever to Plaintiff, which liability is expressly denied.
  - 11. Plaintiff ratified, approved, or acquiesced in the actions of Defendants.
  - 12. Defendant CAM Consulting, Inc. acted as agent for Plaintiff.
- Plaintiff has failed to satisfy conditions precedent to bringing any action against
   Defendants.
- Plaintiff's claims are barred by the Doctrines of Mutual Mistake, Impossibility or Impracticability.
- 15. Any damages which Plaintiffs may have sustained by reason of the allegations of the Complaint were proximately caused, in whole or in part, by sets of persons other than Defendants and, therefore, Plaintiffs are not entitled to any relief from Defendant.
- 16. To the extent Plaintiff's claims are based in whole or in part on alleged oral promises or statements, such claims are barred by the lack of acceptance, lack of mutuality, and failure of consideration.
  - Plaintiff is not entitled to the damages that it is seeking.
  - 18. The claims of Plaintiff fail for want or lack of consideration.
- 19. Plaintiff's pursuit of these claims against Defendant under the circumstances presented in this case is, in and of itself, a violation of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing implied in all of their agreements, barring it from any recovery against them in this action.
- Damages and injuries suffered by Plaintiff, if any, are not attributable to any act, conduct, or omission on the part of Defendants.
- Plaintiff's alleged damages, if any, should be offset by monies due and owing by CAM to Plaintiff.
- The conduct of Defendants alleged to be wrongful was induced by Plaintiff's own wrongful conduct.
  - 23. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred on the grounds that Defendants have a valid

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justification for any alleged nonperformance of the alleged agreement.

- Plaintiff materially breached the agreement between the parties, thereby excusing the future performance thereof by Defendants.
- 25. Defendants Mojave and Whiting Turner only hereby state Plaintiff brings its claims in bad faith, with an ulterior motive to harass Defendants, abuse the litigation process, and otherwise raise frivolous and unfounded claims against Defendants causing Defendants to incur damages. Remaining Defendants do not raise this defense.
  - 26. Plaintiff is barred from recovery by virtue of its unclean hands.
- Defendants have been forced to retain counsel to defend against Plaintiff's
   Complaint, and Defendants are entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 28. Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 11, as amended, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of this Answer. Therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend this Answer, including adding affirmative defenses, based upon discovery, review of document, and development of evidence in this case.

## WHEREFORE, Defendants pray:

- That Plaintiff takes nothing by way of its Complaint from Defendants Mojave,
   Western, Whiting Turner and Fidelity and that the Complaint be dismissed against those
   Defendants in its entirety with prejudice;
- For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of suit incurred in the defense of Plaintiff's Complaint; and
  - For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

### COUNTERCLAIM

Counterclaimant WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. d/b/a MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave" or "Counterclaimant") by and through its attorneys of record, the law firm of COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON, and as for a counterclaim against Counterdefendant CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman" or "Counterdefendant"), hereby alleges as follows:

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### PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Counterclaimant Mojave is a Nevada limited liability company authorized to conduct business in Clark County, Nevada as a licensed contractor.
- Upon information and belief, Counterdefendant is a corporation duly authorized to conduct business within the state of Nevada.
- This Court has jurisdiction over the instant dispute, and venue is proper in this
  Court, because the dispute involves a construction project located in Clark County, Nevada and
  the wrongful conduct complained of herein occurred in Clark County, Nevada.

## INTRODUCTORY ALLEGATIONS

- Counterclaimant hereby alleges and incorporate as though fully set forth herein all
  of the allegations of Plaintiff's Complaint which Counterclaimants have admitted hereinabove.
- Counterclaimant Mojave entered into a purchase order ("Purchase Order") dated
   April 23, 2010 with Cam Consulting, Inc. c/o Cashman Equipment to purchase certain equipment at issue for the City Hall Project.
- Cam Consulting, Inc. acted as agent for Counterdefendant Cashman in the transaction between the parties.
- Counterclaimant Mojave made payment to Cam Consulting, Inc. in the amount of \$820,261.75 ("Payment") in accordance with its Purchase Order and in exchange for the equipment.
- On or about April 27, 2010, Counterdefendant entered into Unconditional Release
   Upon Final Payment with respect to the sale of the equipment by Counterclaimants (the "Release").
- Counterdefendant provided the executed Release to Counterclaimant Mojave for the full amount of payment.
- Upon information and belief, Counterdefendant, failed to obtain final payment from its agent CAM Consulting, Inc. prior to issuing the Release to Counterclaimant Mojave.
- Pursuant to the Release, Counterdefendant is not entitled to payment from Counterclaimant.

- Counterclaimant Mojave requested Counterdefendant's completion of its contract and assistance with start up of the equipment at issue on the project.
- Counterdefendant refused to complete the start up and further refused to handle any warranty issues related to the equipment.
- Counterdefendant further refused to provide the battery power source in accordance with the Purchase Order.
- Counterclaimant Mojave employed a licensed contractor to complete the contract work and start the equipment at Counterclaimant's expense.

## FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (BREACH OF CONTRACT)

- 17. Counterclaimant hereby restates, realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 14 of the Counterclaim, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- The Purchase Order constitutes a valid, binding and enforceable contract between Counterclaimant and Counterdefendant.
- 19. Through its actions described above, including, without limitation, Counterdefendant's failure and/or refusal to participate in the start up of the equipment is in material default of its obligations.
- Counterclaimant has performed all conditions, covenants, obligations and promises on its part to be performed.
- 21. Counterclaimant has also placed demand upon Counterdefendant for performance, but Counterdefendant has failed or refused to perform, and continues to fail or refuse to perform, its obligations.
- 22. As a result of Counterdefendant's breach described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant has been damaged in an amount in excess of \$10,000.
- 23. As a result of Counterdefendant's breach described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant has been forced to engage the services

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of an attorney and is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

## SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING)

- 24. Counterclaimant hereby restates, realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 21 of the Counterclaim, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- Under Nevada law, every contract imposes upon the contracting parties the duty of good faith and fair dealing.
- 26. Counterdefendant breached its duty to Counterclaimant by performing in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the agreement, including, among other things, failing to use its best efforts to start up the equipment as requested by Counterclaimant.
- 27. As a result of Counterdefendant's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant has been damaged in an amount in excess of \$10,000.
- 28. As a result of Counterdefendant's breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant Mojave has been forced to engage the services of an attorney and is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

## THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF (MISREPRESENTATION)

- 29. Counterclaimant hereby restates, realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 26 of the Counterclaim, inclusive, as if fully set forth herein.
- Counterdefendant made various and numerous representations to Counterclaimant with respect to its Final Unconditional Release entered for the payment amount of \$755,893.89.
- 31. The Release provides that Counterdefendant has been paid in full for all work and materials and further provides that the "document is enforceable against you if

you sign it, even if you have not been paid. If you have not been paid, use a conditional release form."

- Counterclaimant Mojave detrimentally relied on these promises and representations of Counterdefendant and was unaware whether Counterdefendant had obtained actual payment from its agent CAM Consulting, Inc.
- 33. As a consequence of Counterclaimants relying on the promises and representations of Counterdefendant, Counterdefendant misrepresented its position and is estopped from pursuing this action against Counterclaimants.
- 34. As a result of Counterdefendant's conduct described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant has been damaged in an amount in excess of \$10,000.
- 35. As a result of Counterdefendant's conduct described herein, and as a direct and proximate result thereof, Counterclaimant has been forced to engage the services of an attorney and is entitled to an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

#### PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Counterclaimant hereby prays for judgment as follows:

- That Plaintiff take nothing by reason of its Second Amended Complaint and that same be dismissed with prejudice;
  - For damages in excess of \$10,000.00;
  - 3. For interest, cost and attorneys' fees;
  - 4. For attorneys' fees plus costs for the suit incurred herein; and
- For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper in the premises.

#### CROSSCLAIM

Crossclaimant WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. d/b/a MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave" or "Crossclaimant") by and through its attorneys of record, the law firm of COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON, and as for

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a crossclaim against Crossdefendants CAM CONSULTING, INC. ("CAM") and ANGELO CARVALHO ("Carvalho")(collectively "Crossdefendants"), hereby alleges as follows:

#### PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Crossclaimant Mojave is a Nevada limited liability company authorized to conduct business in Clark County, Nevada as a licensed contractor.
- Upon information and belief, Crossdefendant CAM is a corporation duly authorized to conduct business within the state of Nevada.
- Upon information and belief, Crossdefendant Carvalho is a resident of Clark County, Nevada, and an owner of CAM.
- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over the instant dispute, and venue is proper in this Court, because the dispute involves a construction project located in Clark County, Nevada and the wrongful conduct complained of herein occurred in Clark County, Nevada.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (CONVERSION AGAINST CAM CONSULTING INC. and ANGELO CARVALHO, as an INDIVIDUAL)

- Crossclaimant hereby alleges and incorporates as though fully set forth herein all
  of the allegations admitted in the Answer, all of the Counterclaim allegations against
  Counterdefendant Cashman which are hereinabove set forth.
- Crossclaimant Mojave issued payment to Crossdefendants in the amount of \$820,261.75 in exchange for equipment for use in the City Hall Project.
- Upon information and belief, Crossdefendants failed to issue payment to Cashman, although Crossdefendants obtained a Release for the payment.
- Each of Mojave and Cashman has made demands upon Crossdefendants for the payment without response.
- 9. By failing or refusing to make payment to Cashman, Crossdefendant has wrongfully exerted dominion over Cashman's property and interfering with Cashman's right to the property.
- Crossdefendants has no title or rights to the property and in keeping the property, deprives Cashman of its use in the property.

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- Cashman has refused to complete its work on the Project and start up the equipment for Mojave due to Crossdefendants' wrongful deprivation of property.
- 12. Crossdefendants' failure to pay Cashman has caused damages to Crossclaimant in an amount in excess of \$10,000, together with fees, costs, and interest thereon, until paid in full and other such damage according to proof.

## SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (INDEMNIFICATION)

- Crossclaimant repeats, realleges, and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1
   through 12 of this Crossclaim as though fully set forth herein.
- 14. It is alleged in Cashman's Second Amended Complaint that Cashman has incurred recoverable damages as a result of the alleged acts of Defendants Mojave, Western, Whiting and Fidelity.
- 15. Crossclaimant contends that they are in no way responsible for the events giving rise to Cashman's causes of actions or legally responsible in any other manner for the damages allegedly sustained by Cashman. If contrary to the foregoing allegations, Crossclaimant is held to be liable for damages as alleged in Cashman's Second Amended Complaint, such damages were proximately caused by the acts and/or omissions of Crossdefendants. Therefore, Crossclaimant is entitled to be indemnified by Crossdefendant should such liability arise.
- 16. If Crossclaimant is held liable to Cashman for damages, said liability will be the direct and proximate result of the affirmative conduct on the part of the Crossdefendants.
- 17. Crossclaimant is entitled to complete indemnification by Crossdefendants for any such sums for which they may be adjudicated to Crossclaimant, together with costs of defense, costs of suit, and reasonable attorney's fees there from.

## THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (CONTRIBUTION)

- Crossclaimant repeats, realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1
   through 17 of this Crossclaim as though fully set forth herein.
  - 19. It is alleged in Cashman's Second Amended Complaint that Cashman incurred

recoverable damages as a result of the alleged acts of Crossclaimant and Crossdefendants.

Crossclaimant contends that they are in no way responsible for the events giving rise to Cashman's causes of actions or legally responsible in any other manner for the damages allegedly sustained by Cashman. If, contrary to the foregoing allegations, Crossclaimant is held to be liable for all or any part of the claim for damages asserted, Crossdefendants, to the extent that its fault is determined by the Court, is obligated to reimburse Crossclaimant and is also liable to Crossclaimant for all or any liability so assessed by way of contribution. Therefore, Crossclaimant accordingly asserts their rights to contribution.

WHEREFORE, Crossclaimants hereby pray for judgment as follows:

- That Plaintiff Cashman take nothing from Crossclaimant by reason of its Second
- That Crossdefendants be required to indemnify Crossclaimant for any and all amounts that Crossclaimant is found to be due and owing to Plaintiff Cashman;
- That Crossdefendants be required to contribute to the payment of any and all amounts adjudged by this Court to be due and owing to Plaintiff Cashman herein from
  - For return of the property converted from Plaintiff Cashman;
- For all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by Crossclaimant in connection with the commencement and prosecution of this action; and

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1	6. For such	other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
2	Dated this	day of June, 2012.
3		COTTON DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON
4		A chair
5		BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612
6		Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.
7		Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor
8		Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
9		Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The
10		Whiting Turner Contracting Company and
ir		Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant
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#### CERTIFICATE OF MAILING 1 I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 28 day of June, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP 5(b), 2 3 I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing ANSWER TO AMENDED COMPLAINT, COUNTERCLAIM AGAINST CASHMAN 4 EQUIPMENT COMPANY AND CROSSCLAIM AGAINST CAM CONSULTING, INC. 5 AND ANGELO CARVALHO, postage prepaid and addressed to: 6 7 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON 8 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 9 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff 10 Edward Coleman, Esq. 11 COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 6615 S. Eastern Avenue, Suite 108 12 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 13 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho 14 Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. 15 ELLSWORTH, BENNION & ERICSSON, CHTD. 7881 W. Charleston Blvd., #210 16 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 17 Attorneys for Element Iron and Design 18 19 20 An employee of Cotton, Driggs, Walch, 21 Holley, Woloson & Thompson 22 23 24 25 26 27

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0008 1 BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 E-mail:bboschee@nevadafirm.com CLERK OF THE COURT 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 4 E-mail:sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 5 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 8 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland. 9 Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 10 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Case No .: A642583 Nevada corporation, Dept. No .: 32 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) Plaintiff, 15 COUNTERCLAIMANTS' MOTION FOR 16 MANDATORY INJUNCTION TO CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada PROCURE CODES ON ORDER 17 corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an SHORTENING TIME OR IN THE individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL ALTERNATIVE APPLICATION FOR CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA 18 WRIT OF POSESSION ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 19 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 20 Maryland corporation: FIDELITY AND 21 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 22 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety: DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 23 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive: 24 Defendants. 25 AND RELATED MATTERS. 26 COMES NOW, Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD, dba MOJAVE 27 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, 28 ("Western"), a surety, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, ("Whiting"),

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TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, ("Travelers") a surety, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, ("Fidelity") (Collectively "Counterclaimants"), by and through their attorneys of record, Brian W. Boschee, Esq., and Shemilly A. Briscoe, Esq. of the law firm COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, WOLOSON, HOLLEY & THOMPSON, move this Honorable Court, pursuant to NRCP 65(b) for a Mandatory Injunction ("Motion") against Plaintiff CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman") to procure codes related to the switchgear equipment or, in the alternative, apply to the Court for a Writ of Possession.

Specifically, the Plaintiffs request that this Court enter an order requiring Cashman to:

- Provide and reinstall the codes for the parallel Switchgear that interface with the Building Automated System ("BAS") as their Agreement provides; and
- Restraining Cashman, their employees, agents, and affiliated companies from reentering the Project and tampering any further with the equipment and codes.

Counterclaimants request that the Court enter an Order Shortening Time for a hearing on the instant Motion on the grounds that immediate relief is required to prevent further irreparable harm to the Counterclaimants and the City of Las Vegas. The City will not deem the project complete until the codes are entered; thus the project is paralyzed. This Motion and Request for an Order Shortening Time is made based on NRCP 65, EDCR 2.26, NRS 31.850, the pleadings on file herein, the Declarations attached hereto, and the Points and Authorities set forth below.

Dated this day of July 2012.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 9985

400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

### ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Good cause appearing therefore:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the foregoing Counterclaimants' Motion for Mandatory

Injunction to Procure Codes on Order Shortening Time or, In The Alternative, Application for August

Writ of Possession shall be heard on the 3rd August

Writ of Possession shall be heard on the 3rd August

In Department 32 of the above-entitled Court. Any opposition shall be filed by July 26, 2012, with a Courtesy Copy to Chambers at the time ROB BARE

Of filing Any reply shall

DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

WITH a Courtesy Copy to Chambers at the time of filing. D

AFFIDAVIT OF SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESO., PURSUANT TO EDCR 2.26

STATE OF NEVADA ) ss: COUNTY OF CLARK )

SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ., having been duly sworn and under all penalties of perjury, deposes and says:

- I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. I am a
  member of the law firm of Cotton, Driggs, Walch, Holley, Woloson & Thompson, counsel for
  the Counterclaimants in the above-entitled matter. I have personal knowledge of all matters
  contained herein and am competent to testify thereto.
- 2. The Counterclaimants bring this Motion for Mandatory Injunction to Procure Codes on Order Shortening Time or, in the alternative, Application for Writ of Possession (the "Motion"). The Motion is based upon the declarations of the factual assertions of Mojave (Exhibit "A") and Whiting (Exhibit "B"), as well as the attached exhibits.
- 3. As set forth in the Motion, Cashman has intentionally withheld vital codes that have rendered the BAS at the City Hall Project useless. Cashman's actions have halted completion on the City Hall Project, due to the potential failure to diagnose utility issues without the codes.
- As set forth in the Motion, Cashman is in breach of their agreement and are holding the codes hostage. These codes are unique and cannot be acquired any other way.

- 5. I sent a letter of demand to Cashman's counsel and was denied the codes.
- I subpoenaed the codes from CAT, a material supplier of Cashman, but was informed that CAT provided the codes to Cashman with the equipment and no longer has possession of the codes.
- 7. The City should be permitted completion, and if the Court is not willing to grant a mandatory injunction, Cashman should show cause why a Wit of Possession should not issue in this matter.
- Counterclaimants will be immediately and irreparably harmed if the codes are not provided.
- 9. Due to the immediacy and ongoing harm being suffered by the Counterclaimants and the City of Las Vegas, the Counterclaimants respectfully request that this Court consider this Motion on time shorter than ordinarily permitted by applicable rules and return the project to status quo.

FURTHER YOUR AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 16th day of July, 2012.

Carmen m. militallo



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## POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

The City of Las Vegas is the owner of real property where the New City Hall Project ("City Hall" or "Project") is currently under construction. Whiting is the Prime Contractor for the Project and entered into an agreement with Mojave to provide electrical work and equipment to City Hall. Mojave entered into a subcontract with CAM, agent of Cashman, whereby Cashman would provide electrical equipment for City Hall in exchange for Mojave's payment. Mojave properly and timely provided payment in full to CAM, and Cashman released the equipment, but CAM failed to remit its payment to Cashman.

Part of the equipment provided by Cashman was switchgear for City Hall. The switchgear requires codes that permit communication between the electrical systems and the building's overall control and communication system, or BAS. Cashman has refused to provide the codes due to the litigation, and this failure prevents completion of the Project. Further, there is the potential for unknown malfunctions with the equipment which has caused overall Project paralysis.

Absent injunctive relief from the Court, the City Hall Building Management has not ability to monitor and maintain the systems. Cashman is fully aware of this fact and in a position to extort the disputed funds due to the necessity of the unique codes. These tactics are unnecessary and unreasonable when Mojave has fully bonded around Cashman's mechanic's lien, preserving Cashman's ability to obtain payment. Further, Counterclaimants have diligently attempted to resolve the issue and mitigate damages another way with new contractors and material suppliers, demand letters and subpoenas, without success. Thus, Counterclaimants respectfully request immediate injunctive relief to permit the job completion. Cashman must be compelled to provide the required codes for the switchgear at the project site. The codes are unrelated to the dispute between the parties. Conversely, if the Court is uncomfortable with a mandatory injunction, the Court should issue a writ of possession to obtain the codes.

## II. STATEMENT OF FACTS1

On or about February 11, 2010, Mojave entered into a Construction contract with Whiting to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project. The scope of Mojave's work partially included bringing power to the Project and obtaining the equipment to consolidate the different electrical systems. Mojave subcontracted with CAM CONSULTING INC. ("CAM") on behalf of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, ("Cashman") to obtain electrical equipment and the codes required to activate the equipment ("Agreement"). Mojave paid in full for the Agreement, but a dispute regarding payment arose between CAM and Cashman when Angelo Carvalho allegedly absconded with the money and failed to pay Cashman. That dispute is the subject of this action.

Cashman refused to complete its work, and Mojave was forced, at great expense, to obtain new subcontractors to finish in an effort to avoid any delay. Now, Cashman is steadfastly refusing to produce the code information based upon the underlying pay dispute with CAM, and thus, Cashman is wrongfully detaining the subject codes to hold Counterclaimants and the City hostage. Specifically, the Project includes a Building Automated System ("BAS") which monitors all of the electrical functions of the Hall including the power and HVAC systems. In order for the BAS to function, codes are required within the switchgear which allows transfer of information between the equipment and the BAS. Without the codes, the City Hall has an incomplete operating system which prevents the City from completion of the project.

Despite requests by Counterclaimant and Counterclaimants' Counsel, Cashman has refused to provide the pertinent codes.<sup>2</sup> As a result, Counsel attempted to subpoena the codes from CAT, a material supplier of Cashman, but was informed instead that CAT provided the codes to Cashman with the equipment and no longer had possession of the codes.<sup>3</sup> Short of replacement of the entire system, the BAS is not operational and the public can not be permitted

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The factual assertions made in this Motion are supported by the Declarations of Brian Bugni (Exhibit "A"), and Paul Schmitt (Exhibit "B").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Letter of Request from Attorney Briscoe and Letter of Refusal from Attorney Robinson attached as Exhibit "C."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Declaration of Shemilly Briscoe pursuant to EDCR 2.26.

entry into the City Hall. Thus, Cashman has knowingly and intentionally caused the project to cease in an effort to obtain payment.<sup>4</sup> Cashman's conduct is in direct irreparable harm to City Hall, because there is no other way to obtain the unique codes and the project remains incomplete. Further, Cashman has no justification for withholding the codes when full payment has been made, and Mojave has bonded around Cashman's mechanic's lien. Cashman's conduct is simply an attempt to hold the Project hostage over the money purportedly owed from Defendant Carvalho.

### III.LEGAL ARGUMENT

### a. Immediate Injunctive Relief is Proper and Necessary

The Nevada Supreme Court has held that injunctive relief is available where: (1) the party seeking such relief enjoys a reasonable likelihood of success on the merits, and (2) the party's conduct to be enjoined, if permitted to continue, will result in irreparable harm for which compensatory damages are an inadequate remedy. See, Dixon v. Thatcher, 103 Nev. 414, 415, 742 P.2d 1029, 1029 (1987); Sobel v. Capital Management Consultants, Inc., 102 Nev. 444, 446, 726 P.2d 335, 337 (1986). The Court may also consider two additional factors: (1) the relative interests of the parties—how much damage the plaintiff will suffer if injunctive relief is denied versus the hardship to the defendant if injunctive relief is granted, and (2) the interest the public may have in the litigation, if any. See Home Finance Co.:v. Balcom, 61 Nev. 301, 127 P.2d 389 (1942).

Mandatory injunctions are affirmative orders that are sanctioned to accomplish the restorations of status quo. Leonard v. Stoebling, 102 Nev. 543, 550-551, 728 P. 2d 1358, 1363 (1986); see also City of Reno v. Matley, 79 Nev. 49, 61, 378 P. 2d 256, 262 (1963). In this case, all of these factors weigh in favor of granting a Mandatory Injunction, because the Project will remain incomplete until the code information is provided by Cashman. As a result, the City Hall cannot be utilized moving forward.

<sup>4</sup> See Exhibit "C."

#### b. There is Reasonable Probability that Counterclaimants will Prevail on the Merits

For purposes of obtaining a preliminary injunction, a plaintiff need only show a reasonable probability of success on the merits. See Sobel, 102 Nev. at 446, 726 P.2d at 337; Rhodes Mining Co. v. Belleville Placer Mining Co., 32 Nev. 230, 106 P.2d 561, 562 (1910). In the present case, the evidence demonstrates that Counterclaimants will succeed on the merits of its claims. Cashman has willfully sabotaged the project by withholding critical information required for its completion. The system as designed is not fully operable.

Cashman has any number of means at their disposal if they believe that they have not been paid for services and materials provided for the Project, and they are pursuing those means in this action. Mojave has bonded around Cashman's mechanic lien <u>fully securing</u> payment options upon this Court's decision. The codes required enable the installed equipment and prevent public health and safety issues. Sabotaging construction of the project is unnecessary and creates a hardship for no reason.

## c. Counterclaimants will be Irreparably Harmed if Injunctive Relief is not Granted

A plaintiff must show that irreparable harm for which compensatory damages is an inadequate remedy... <u>Danberg Holdings Nevada. LLC. v. Douglas County and its Bd. Of County Com'rs</u>, 115 Nev. 129, 978 P.2d 311 (1999); <u>Dixon v. Thatcher</u>, 103 Nev. 414, 742 P. 2d 1029 (1987). In the present case, Counterclaimants and the City will be irreparably harmed if Cashman is permitted to retain the code components in breach of the parties' Agreement.

First, the codes are the only way to link the BAS to the remaining electrical systems in compliance with the overall project design. Therefore, to avoid any maintenance issues, the City cannot close the project without the codes. In addition, other impacts likely to add additional costs that cannot be presently quantified include without limitation:

- Costs to extend and maintain insurance;
- System testing schedules coordinated with Clark County and outside consultants must be rescheduled and inspectors may not be available on an expedited basis;
- Cost of a new switchgear system with new codes at approximately \$180,000.00;

  Damages, additional charges and potential change orders due to "defaults" other parties may claim result from delays in completion of the job.

In sum, Counterclaimants cannot complete the Project and these issues could result in duplications disputes that will create litigation burdens on all parties, the City, and this Court for no purpose. Any payment at issue in the dispute has been secured by a mechanic's lien bond and Cashman has no justification for withholding the equipment.

Therefore, given the irreparable harm that is occurring, and will continue to occur so long as Cashman's intentional conduct is not curbed by this Court through injunctive relief, Counterclaimants respectfully submit that injunctive relief is proper and necessary at this stage.

## d. The Balance of Hardships and Weighing the Public's Interest Greatly Favors Issuance of Injunctive Relief

To determine whether to grant injunctive relief, the court must examine the relative hardships of the parties. Home Finance Co. v. Balcom, 61 Nev. 301, 127 P. 2d 389 (1942); see also, Ottenheimer v. Real Estate Division, 91 Nev. 338, 535 P. 2d 1284 (1975). Maintaining the status quo by ordering the codes turned over in this case will not be a hardship on Cashman. Cashman has no use for the codes outside of the City Hall. Moreover, Cashman still has the ability to pursue any monetary claims it may have without affecting the closure of the Project. The mechanic's lien Cashman recorded has been bonded.

The City and Counterclaimants will suffer irreparable harm if injunctive relief is not granted by the Court. Without the codes, the BAS system is not fully operational. Cashman is the only party who has possession of the codes and replacement of the system will cost hundreds of thousands of dollars. Therefore, the City cannot complete the Project and cannot afford to replace it with different functional equipment.

Given that the balance of hardships weighs dramatically in favor of Counterclaimants, and given the lack of any risk to Cashman, the granting of injunctive relief at this time is both proper and necessary.

<sup>5</sup> The exact replacement cost cannot be determined at this time, but estimates have been in the neighborhood of \$200,000.

### e. An Additional Bond Should Not be Required.

There is an existing bond in place around the mechanic's lien for this matter that protects the parties' interests. Accordingly, Cashman will suffer absolutely no harm, monetary or otherwise, if injunctive relief is issued. Cashman can still pursue any and all rights they believe are available to them to obtain payment of the sums allegedly owed in any number of forums that will not irreparably harm the City Hall Project. Conversely, Counterclaimants are presently suffering immediate and ongoing irreparable harm, because they are unable to complete the Project. In light of those circumstances, if this Court grants the instant request for injunctive relief and requires the posting of a bond, Counterclaimants respectfully request that such a bond be de minimus and reasonable.

# E. IN THE ALTERNATIVE OF MANDATORY INJUNCTION, PLAINTIFFS SHOULD SHOW CAUSE WHY A WRIT OF POSSESSION SHOULD NOT ISSUE FOR THE CODES

If the Court is not inclined to issue a mandatory injunction, Counterclaimants seek delivery of the codes pursuant to NRS 31.840 et seq. NRS 31.840 provides that Counterclaimants may claim the delivery of the subject property by applying for an order to show cause.

NRS 31.840 Delivery may be claimed before answer. Except as provided in NRS 179.1171, the plaintiff in an action to recover the possession of personal property may, at the time of issuing the summons, or at any time before answer, claim the delivery of such property to him as provided in this chapter.

NRS 31.850 requires Counterclaimants to file an affidavit with certain information before the Court can issue the order to show cause. Counterclaimants have filed the Declaration of Brian Bugni as Exhibit "A" in Support of Application which contains the information required by NRS 31.850.6 Once the Court is satisfied that the declaration meets the requirements of NRS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> NRS 31.850 Requisites of affidavit by plaintiff. Where a delivery is claimed, an affidavit shall be made by the plaintiff, or by someone in his behalf, and filed with the court showing:

That the plaintiff is the owner of the property claimed (particularly describing it), or is lawfully entitled to the
possession thereof.

<sup>2.</sup> That the property is wrongfully detained by the defendant.

<sup>3.</sup> The alleged cause of the detention thereof according to his best knowledge, information and belief.

<sup>4.</sup> That the same has not been taken for a tax, assessment or fine pursuant to a statute, or seized under an execution or an attachment against the property of the plaintiff, or, if so seized, that it is by statute exempt from such seizure.

<sup>5.</sup> The actual value of the property.

31.850, the Court shall issue an order directed to Cashman to show cause why the property should not be taken from Cashman and delivered to the Counterclaimants. The contents of the order to show cause are set forth in NRS 31.853.

At the hearing upon the order to show cause, NRS 31.863 states that the Court "shall consider the showing made by the parties appearing, and shall make a preliminary determination which party, with reasonable probability, is entitled to possession, use, and disposition of the property pending final adjudication of the claims of the parties." If the Court determines, with reasonable probability, that the Counterclaimants are entitled to possession of the property, the Court may then issue a writ of possession. NRS 31.863.

As indicated in the Declaration of Brian Bugni, Counterclaimants have a security interest in the subject equipment and are entitled to possession thereof because Mojave has issued full payment for the equipment, and has further bonded around Cashman's mechanic's lien. Counterclaimants believe the subject equipment is being wrongfully detained by Cashman, likely somewhere on its premises. Counterclaimants would request the Court order Cashman to appear at a hearing to show cause why a prejudgment writ of possession should not issue. The clear language of NRS 31.840-853, in combination with the Declaration of Brian Bugni, provides ample grounds upon which the Court may issue the order to show cause and, after the hearing, the prejudgment writ of possession directing the delivery of the codes.

### F. CONCLUSION

Cashman is in breach of its Agreement, and Counterclaimants are being held hostage from completion of the City Hall Project. Counterclaimants respectfully request a mandatory injunction on shortened time enjoining further delay of the Project and mandating procurement of the switchgear codes in order to complete the Building Automated System and complete the City Hall. In the alternative, if the Court is not comfortable with an injunction, Counterclaimants have met the requisites of NRS Chapter 31 and submit an application for writ of possession to obtain the codes. The Project has been bonded by Mojave, and there are no grounds for Cashman

- (continued)

to hold the codes going forward. day of July, 2012. Dated this COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants, Counterclaimants and Crossclaimants 

# EXHIBIT A

DECL PRINTER PRO	
BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612	
E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com	
SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985	
E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com	
COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON	
400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor	
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308	
Facsimile: 702/791-1912	
Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mo	ojave Electric, Western Surety Company, Th
Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelia	ty and Deposit Company of Maryland,
Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of Ameri	ca, Counterclaimant and Crossciaimant
NETDICT	COVIDA
DISTRICT	COURT
CLARK COUN	FY, NEVADA
CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a	
Nevada corporation,	Case No.: A642583
Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: 32
v.	(Consolidated with Case No. A653029)
CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada	
corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an	
individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA	
ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN	
SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING	
TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND	
DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a	
surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety;	
DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE	
CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;	
Defendants.	
AND RELATED MATTERS.	
DECLARATION OF BRIAN BUGNI IN S MOTION FOR MANDATORY INJUNCTI	UPPORT OF COUNTERCLAIMANTS ON TO PROCURE CODES OR IN THE
ALTERNATIVE, APPLICATION	
I Brian Buoni hereby affirm under penal-	ty of perjury of the laws of the state of Nev
1, Drian Dugm, nereby armin under penal	of perjury of the laws of the state of Nev

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27 28 that the following assertions are true to the best of my knowledge:

- I am the Vice President of Defendant WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC ("MOJAVE")
- I make this Declaration in support of Counterclaimants' Motion for Mandatory
   Injunction to Procure Codes or, in the alternative, Application for Writ of Possession.
- On or about February 11, 2010, Mojave entered into a Construction contract with THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY ("Whiting"), to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project ("City Hall").
- The Project includes a Building Automated System which monitors all of the electrical functions of the Hall including the power and HVAC systems.
- In order for the Building Automated System ("BAS") to function, codes are required within the switchgear which allows transfer of information between the equipment and the BAS.
- Mojave subcontracted with CAM CONSULTING INC. ("CAM") on behalf of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, ("Cashman") to provide the codes at the time the overall electrical equipment was obtained for City Hall ("Agreement").
- Mojave paid in full for the Agreement, but a dispute regarding payment arose between CAM and Cashman.
  - Cashman refused to complete its work and recorded a mechanic's lien.
- Mojave bonded around the mechanic's lien to secure any payment related to the dispute and release the property where the project was located.
- 10. Cashman is steadfastly refusing to produce the codes based upon the underlying pay dispute with CAM, and thus, Cashman is wrongfully detaining the subject codes to hold Defendants and the City hostage.
- Our counsel requested the codes directly from Cashman, and we have requested the information but Cashman has refused to provide the codes.
- Counsel attempted to subpoena the codes from CAT, a material supplier of Cashman, but was informed that CAT provided the codes to Cashman with the equipment and no

# EXHIBIT B

1	DECL	
2	BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ.	
4	Nevada Bar No. 7612 E-mail; bboschee@nevadafirm.com	
3	SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.	
4	Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com	
	COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH,	
5	HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor	
,	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
	Telephone: 702/791-0308	
7	Facsimile: 702/791-1912	
3	Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba M. Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fideli	y and Deposit Company of Maryland,
	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of American	ica, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant
	A least or seem	
	DISTRICT	COURT
	CLARK COUN	LY. NEVADA
	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,	
	Nevada corporation,	Case No.; A642583
1	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: 32
	v.	(Consolidated with Case No. A653029)
	CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada	
1	corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an	DECLARATION OF PAUL SCHMITT IN
	individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA	SUPPORT OF COUNTERCLAIMANTS MOTION FOR MANDATORY
	ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE	INJUNCTION TO PROCURE CODES OR,
I	ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN	IN THE ALTERNATIVE, APPLICATION
	SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a	FOR WRIT OF POSSESSION
	Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND	
	DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND	
	SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety:	
	DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE	
	CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;	
	Defendants.	
	AND RELATED MATTERS.	
		ty of perjury of the laws of the state of Nevada
	that the following assertions are true to the best of	my knowledge:
	1. I am the Division Vice Presiden	nt of Defendant THE WHITING TURNER
1		or Decondent Title William TORNER

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## CONTRACTING COMPANY ("Whiting").

- I make this Declaration in support of Counterclaimants Motion for Mandatory
   Injunction to Procure Codes or, in the alternative, Application for Writ of Possession.
- On or about February 11, 2010, Whiting entered into a Construction contract with WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC ("MOJAVE"), to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Mojave subcontracted with CAM CONSULTING INC. ("CAM") on behalf of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, ("Cashman") to provide the codes at the time the equipment was obtained for City Hall ("Agreement").
- Upon information and belief, Mojave paid in full for the Agreement and the electrical equipment was delivered and installed.
- A dispute regarding payment arose between CAM and Cashman that is the subject matter of this lawsuit.
- Due to the dispute, Cashman refuses to provide the codes that monitor and enable electrical functions of the City Hall, including the power and HVAC systems.
- Without the codes, the New City Hall has an incomplete operating system in accordance with design specifications.
- Despite requests by counsel and Whiting, Cashman has failed to provide the codes.
- Upon information and belief, Cashman's holding the codes hostage in an effort to obtain payment in the dispute.
- The project cannot be deemed "Complete" by the City until such codes are provided.
- I state under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this work day of July, 2012.

Paul Schmitt

# EXHIBIT C

400 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, THIRD FLOOR • LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 • 702.791.0308 • FAX 702.791.1912 800 SOUTH MEADOWS PARKWAY - SUITE 800 - RENO - NEVADA 89521 - (775) 8518700 - FAX (775) 8517681

DENNIS R. HANEY
KENNETH A. WOLOSON
GREGORY J. WALCH
NICHOLAS J. SANTORO
MICHAEL E. KEARNEY
J. DOUGLAS DRIGGS, JR.
RICHARD F. HOLLEY
RONALD J. THOMPSON
JAMES E. WAITMIRE, III

VICTORIA L. NELSON JEFFREY R. ALBREGTS DEAN S. BENNETT ANDREW J. GLENDON OLIVER J. PANCHERI BRIAN W. BOSCHEE BRYCE K. EARL ODONNA M. ATAMOH JAMES W. PUZEY JAMES D. BOYLE STACY D. HARROF F. THOMAS EDWARDS JASON D. SMITH KIMBERLY J. COOPER SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE DONNA M. WITTIO WILLIAM N. MILLER

> CHARLES L. TITUS (1948 - 2009)

From the desk of: Shemilly A. Briscoe e-mall: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com

September 14, 2011

Via U.S. and Certified Mail

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6750 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 170 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

> E: Cashman Equipment Company v. CAM Consulting Inc, et al; District Court Case #A-11-642583

#### Dear Jennifer:

Attached to this letter is a Western Surety bond recorded September 13, 2011 as Instrument #201109130003721 for release of mechanic's lien. The bond precludes further action against the property and requires release of the lien recorded by Cashman as Instrument No. 201106220002156.

Meanwhile, Mojave Electric received a 24 hour Notice from Whiting-Turner regarding start up of the Emergency Generators for the Las Vegas City Hall Project by October 3, 2011. As you are aware, the equipment cannot be started without Cashman's assistance. Should Cashman refuse to assist with the generators, Mojave must obtain a new subcontractor to perform this work and Mojave reserves its right to pursue Cashman for the amount incurred for performance of its work and warranty obligations under contract.

September 14, 2011 Page 2

Please advise our office whether Cashman intends to cooperate and assist with the generators within 24 hours. Otherwise, Mojave must move forward to complete the project.

Thank you,

SANTORO, DRIGGS, WALCH, KEARNEY, HOLLEY & THOMPSON

Shemilly A. Briscoe

SAB:sab Enclosure



Receipt #: 911471 Requestor: 139-34-311-02 SANTORO DRIGGS ETAL Recorded By: OSA Pgs: 4 11-digit Assessor's Parcel Number may be obtained at: DEBBIE CONWAY http://redrock.co.clark.nv.us/assrrealprop/ownr.aspx CLARK COUNTY RECORDER Type of Document (Example: Declaration of Homestead, Quit Claim Deed, etc.) Recording Requested by: Return Documents To: City/State/Zip This page added to provide additional information required by NRS 111.312 Section 1-2 (An additional recording fee of \$1.00 will apply) This cover page must be typed or printed clearly in black ink only. OR Form 108 - 06/06/2007 Coversheet.pdf

Inst #: 201109130003721

09/13/2011 02:59:40 PM

Fees: \$17.00 N/C Fee: \$25.00

## BOND FOR RELEASE OF MECHANIC'S LIEN

BOND NUMBER: 58685401

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, Mojave Electric, 3755 W. Hacienda Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89118, as Principal, and Western Surety Company, a corporation created, organized, and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of South Dakota, as Surety, and licensed to do business in the State of Nevada, are held and firmly bound unto Cashman Equipment Company, as Obligee.

WHEREAS, Mojave Electric, as Principal, desires to give a bond for releasing the following described real property owned by OH Las Vegas, LLC from that certain notice of lien in the sum of Seven Hundred Fifty Five Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety Three and 89/100 DOLLARS (\$755,893.89\*\*) recorded, June 22, 2011, in the office of the recorder in Clark County:

#### See Attached Exhibit "A"

NOW, THEREFORE, the undersigned principal and surety do hereby obligate themselves to the lien claimant named in the notice of lien, <u>Cashman Equipment Company</u>, under the conditions prescribed by <u>NRS 108.2413</u> to <u>NRS 108.2425</u>, inclusive, in the sum of <u>One Million One Hundred Thirty Three Thousand Eight Hundred Forty and 84/00 DOLLARS (\$1,133,840.84\*\*)</u> from which sum they will pay the claimant such amount as a court of competent jurisdiction may adjudge to have been secured by this lien, including the total amount awarded pursuant to <u>NRS 108.237</u>, but the liability of the surety may not exceed the penal sum of this surety bond.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Principal and Surety have executed this bond at <u>Las Vegas</u>, Nevada, on the 8th day of the month of <u>September</u>, 2011.

	Mojave Electric
	By:
	Troy Nelson
	Western Serety Company
	April and on
	By:
State of Name Jan 1	Kelly M. Lamb, Attorney In-Fact
State of Nevada	
County of Clark }	
0 11 0	
On	gned, a notary public of this county and state, personally
appeared Thou labor	who acknowledged that he/she executed the foregoing
instrument as Principal for the purposes therein mention.	Charlet Tilles.
Notary Public - State of Nevada	Notary Public
County of Clark	My Commission Expires:
State of Nevada } CHARLOTTE TILLERY My Appointment Expires	(N) Commission Express
Ostabar 12 2013	
County of Clark } No. 97-4496-1 October 12, 200	
On September 8, 2011, before me, the undersigned, a notary put	
Kelly M. Lamb Attorney-In-Fact, who acknowledged that he acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same for the purpose	
mmmmmm	Carele Montello
CAROLE MONTELLO	Notary Public
NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA	My Commission Expires: Seducary 4 201
My Commission Evrires 02-04-90122	

Commission

## Western Surety Company

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY APPOINTING INDIVIDUAL ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

Know All Men By These Presents, That WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a South Dakota corporation, is a duly organized and existing corporation having its principal office in the City of Sioux Falls, and State of South Dakota, and that it does by virtue of the signature and seal herein affixed hereby make, constitute and appoint

#### Wendy R Crowell, James A Harris, Gregory J Harris, Kelly M Lamb, Individually

of Las Vegas, NV, its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact with full power and authority hereby conferred to sign, seal and execute for and on its behalf bonds, undertakings and other obligatory instruments of similar nature

#### - In Unlimited Amounts -

and to bind it thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by a duly authorized officer of the corporation and all the acts of said Attorney, pursuant to the authority hereby given, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the By-Law printed on the reverse hereof, duly adopted, as indicated, by the shareholders of the corporation.

In Witness Whereof, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY has caused these presents to be signed by its Senior Vice President and its corporate seal to be hereto affixed on this 28th day of January, 2011.

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

Paul Bruflat, Senior Vice President

State of South Dakotn County of Minnehaha

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On this 28th day of January, 2011, before me personally came Paul T. Bruflat, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: that he resides in the City of Sioux Falls, State of South Dakota; that he is the Senior Vice President of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY described in and which executed the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to the said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto pursuant to like authority, and acknowledges same to be the act and deed of said corporation.

My commission expires

November 30, 2012

D. KRELL

ANOTARY PUBLIC PANOTARY PUBLIC PUBLIC PUBLIC PUBLIC

CERTIFICATE

Lles Frell, Noticy Public



WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

J. Nelson, Assistant Secretary



#### PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Brian J. Pezzillo °† Jenuifer R. Lloyd-Robinson ° George E. Robinson °† Marisa L. Maskas° Lance D. Banks° 6750 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 170 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225 Fax: (702) 233-4252 www.pezzillozobinson.com

September 19, 2011

#### VIA FACSIMILE ONLY - 702-791-1912

Shemilly A. Briscoe, Esq. Santoro, Driggs, Walch, Kearney, Holley & Thompson 400 S. Fourth St., Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

> Re: Cashman Equipment Company v. Cam Consulting, Inc.et al; District Court Case No. A-11-642583

Dear Shemilly:

I am in receipt of your correspondence dated September 14, 2011. I have forwarded the proposed Second Amended Complaint to Brian Boschee of your office. It now includes the claim against the lien release bond.

As for Mojave Electric's request that Cashman Equipment Company ("Cashman") assist with starting up the Emergency Generators, Cashman is unable to do so until it has received payment for the Generators. Cam Consulting, the entity that purchased the Generators, is in breach of its agreement with Cashman by failing to pay Cashman for the Generators relieving Cashman from any further obligation under that agreement, which would include the startup of the Generators. If Mojave Electric pays the amount owed for the Generators, Cashman will immediately work with Mojave Electric to complete the startup of the Generators. Please advise if Mojave Electric would like to tender payment for the Generators.

Mojave Electric has no legal basis for its assertion that it will seek the cost for startup from Cashman should Cashman not accede to Mojave Electric's demands and its position on this issue seems contradictory to that taken earlier. Should Mojave Electric incur costs due to the failure of its subcontractor, Cam Consulting, to perform, it should look to that subcontractor for repayment.

"Licensed in New Mexico Historised in California



## PEZZILLO ROBINSON

September 19, 2011 Page 2

As a reminder, unless the Generators and other included equipment are started up by authorized entities, any warranty provided will be void.

Sincerely,

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON

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Alun J. Gluin

CLERK OF THE COURT

CCAN 1 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9617 2 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 10928 PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225 6 Fax: (702) 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff, 7 Cashman Equipment Company 8

## DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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Pezzillo Robinson 6750 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 170 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 \* 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive;

Defendants.

Case No.: A642583 Dept. No.: 32

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S RESPONSE TO WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC'S COUNTERCLAIM

## Pezzillo Robinson 6750 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 170 Las Vegas, Nexaba 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225

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## CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S RESPONSE TO WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC'S COUNTERCLAIM

COMES NOW, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman" or "Counterdefendant"), by and through its attorneys of record, PEZZILLO ROBINSON, and hereby files its Answer to WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC's (hereinafter "Counterclaimant") Counterclaim, and hereby admits, denies and alleges as follows!:

- Cashman is without sufficient information to either answer or deny the allegations contained in the following paragraphs of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim: 1, 7, 8, 9, 25 and 31.
- Cashman admits to the following allegation contained Counterclaimant's
   Counterclaim: 2.
- Cashman denies the allegations contained in the following paragraphs of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim: 3, 5, 6, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 32, 33, 34 and 35.
- Cashman repeats, realleges and incorporates its admissions, denials and/or other responses to the allegations set forth in the following paragraphs of Counterclaimant's Counterclaim: 4, 17, 24 and 29.
- Cashman denies that Counterclaimant is entitled to any of the relief requested in their prayer for relief.

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Defendants' Counterclaim did not include Paragraph 12

# Pezzillo Robinson 6750 VA Austr Parkwar, Suite 170 LAS VEGAS, NEXADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225

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#### AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- The allegations of the Counterclaim not specifically admitted are hereby denied.
- The Counterclaim, and each and every allegation thereof, fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a claim against this answering Counterdefendant.
  - 3. There is no contract between Counterclaimant and Counterdefendant,
  - 4. Defendant CAM CONSULTING INC. acted as agent of Counterclaimant.
- Counterclaimant's claims and damages, if any, are proximately and legally caused by parties over whom Counterdefendant had no control.
- Counterclaimants' claims are barred under the equitable theory of unclean hands.
  - 7. The Counterclaim is barred by the doctrine of waiver.
  - 8. Counterclaimant's claims are barred under the equitable theory of estoppel.
  - Counterclaimant's claims are barred under the equitable theory of laches.
- 10. Counterclaimant's claims and damages, if any, have been willfully and intentionally overstated and Counterclaimant's claims are therefore barred by Counterclaimant's own malfeasance and misfeasance.
- Counterclaimant's damages, if any, are caused by their own actions, errors or omissions, thereby releasing and discharging Counterdefendant from any liability whatsoever to Counterclaimant.
  - Counterclaimant is not entitled to the damages that it is seeking.
  - 13. Counterclaimant's damages, if any, are subject to offset.
- 14. Counterclaimant's pursuit of it's claims a gainst Counterdefendant, under the circumstances of this matter, is a violation of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing implied in all of their agreements, barring it from recovery against them in this action.

	15.	Counterclair	nant bring	gs forth	its (	claims in	bad	faith,	with an u	lterio	r motive to
harass	Count	erdefendants,	abuse th	e litigat	ion	process	and	raise	frivolous	and	unfounded
claims	agains	t Counterdefe	ndants ca	ising da	mag	ge to Cou	inter	defend	lant.		

16. This answering Counterdefendant has not had sufficient time to prepare and obtain sufficient facts to determine all potential affirmative defenses pursuant to NRCP-11. Therefore, this answering Counterdefendant reserves the right to amend these affirmative defenses as additional facts are obtained and/or additional affirmative facts are discovered.

DATED: July 20, 2012

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

By:

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada State Bar # 9617

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225 Attorneys for Plaintiff

-4-

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned, an employee of the law firm of PEZZILLO ROBINSON, hereby certifies that on July 20, 2012, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S RESPONSE TO WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC'S COUNTERCLAIM was served by placing said copy in an envelope, postage fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, said envelope(s) addressed to:

Brian Boschee, Esq.
Shemilly Briscoe, Esq.
SANTORO, DRIGGS, ET AL.
400 S. 4<sup>th</sup> St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Fl.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Attorneys for Whiting Turner Contracting,
Mojave Electric LV, LLC, Western Surety Company
And Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland

Edward S. Coleman, Esq.
COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES
6615 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 108
Las Vegas, NV 89119
Attorneys for Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho
and Linda Dugan

Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq.
ELLSWORTH, BENNION & ERICSSON, CHTD.
7881 W. Charleston Blvd. #210
Las Vegas, Nevada 89117
Attorneys for Element Iron and Design

An employee of PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Pezzillo Robinson 6750 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 170 LAS VEGAS, NEXADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225 Electronically Filed 07/26/2012 10:20:00 AM

CLERK OF THE COURT

OPP 1 2

Brian J. Pezzillo, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 7136

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

3 Nevada Bar No. 9617

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 5

Tel: (702) 233-4225 6

Fax: (702) 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Cashman Equipment Company

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6725 Via Austi Parkway, Sutte 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225 11 12

Pezzillo Robinson

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#### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

Plaintiff,

VS.

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE

ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE

WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING

COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10,

inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive:

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO .: A642583

DEPT .: 32

Consolidated with Case No.: A653029

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF OR WRIT OF POSSESSION

Date: August 3, 2012

Time: 9:00am

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 LAS VEGAS, NEYBA 891 19 TEL 702 233-4225 Comes now, Plaintiff CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("CASHMAN"), by and through the undersigned counsel, and hereby submits its Opposition to Defendants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC ("MOJAVE"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY ("Western"), THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY ("WHITING") and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND's ('Fidelity") (hereinafter collectively "Defendants") Motion for Injunctive Relief. This Opposition is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the court's file, and any argument allowed at the hearing.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

#### INTRODUCTION

Defendants' Motion for Injunctive Relief and Alternatively the issuance of a Writ of Possession must be denied as the required showings have not been made. The pending motion demonstrates that MOJAVE entered into a business relationship with a subcontractor which absconded with hundreds of thousands of dollars which was rightfully due and owing to CASHMAN. MOJAVE admits this fact but nevertheless requests that the Court issue an injunction which would violate CASHMAN's rights and force it to provide goods and services without payment. Likewise, MOJAVE was in a position to protect itself by insuring payment to CASHMAN but chose not to do so

The facts of this case are exceedingly simply. On or about February 11, 2010

Defendant MOJAVE entered into a sub-contract with WHITING for work to be performed at the New Las Vegas City Hall Project ("Project"). See Motion, p. 6, lns. 2-3. Mojave subsequently entered into a contract with Cam Consulting ("CAM") for sub-contract work.

Id. at lns. 5-6. CAM in turn hired CASHMAN to supply electrical equipment. Attached hereto as Exhibit "1" is a true and correct copy of CAM's Credit Application submitted to

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEYADA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225

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CASHMAN. Likewise, attached hereto as Exhibit "2" is a document generated by MOJAVE to CAM ordering the equipment which is subject of this motion. MOJAVE did not enter into an agreement with CASHMAN.

Pursuant to CAM's request, CASHMAN provided the electrical equipment requested. Attached hereto as Exhibit "3" are true and correct copies of invoices provided by CASHMAN to CAM for the requested equipment. CAM issued payment to CASHMAN in the form of a check for the equipment supplied. See Exhibit "4". On or about May 2, 2010 CASHMAN deposited the check into its Wells Fargo Account. On May 4, 2011, CASHMAN was informed that CAM had stopped payment on that check without cause and the check was returned unpaid. See Exhibit "5". Defendant, Angelo Carvalho ("Carvalho"), owner of CAM, provided a second check to CASHMAN, which was immediately presented to the bank at which the account was located, Nevada State Bank, See Exhibit "6", ¶8, This check was likewise refused as there were insufficient funds in the account. Id. It was subsequently learned that the funds intended to pay CASHMAN had been transferred to Defendant CARVALHO's personal bank account from CAM and the money is now missing. Id. CASHMAN has yet to be paid for goods and services provided to the Project and is currently due and owed \$755,893.89 plus interest and attorney's fees. See Exhibit "6".

Due to Defendant CARVALHO's criminal actions in absconding with monies rightfully belonging to CASHMAN, CARVALHO has been criminally charged with drawing and passing a check without sufficient funds with intent to defraud and felony theft. A true and correct copy of the Criminal Complaint and Arrest Warrant are attached hereto as Exhibit "7". It is curious that despite having actual knowledge that its subcontractor, CAM, failed to pay CASHMAN and has stolen over \$750,000, MOJAVE does not include in its motion any mention of any actions it is taking to recover the funds and ensure that CASHMAN is properly paid. Instead, MOJAVE has admitted to wrongfully attempting to procure the access codes to the equipment supplied by CASHMAN by subpoening the codes from the

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEXADA 89 119 TEL, 702 233-4225 manufacturer. Having failed in its attempt to circumvent CASHMAN, MOJAVE now asks this Court to alter the status quo by ordering CASHMAN to produce codes to machinery for which is has undisputedly not been paid. MOJAVE has shown a complete disregard for the protected property interests of CASHMAN and asks this Court to require CASHMAN to provide valuable services for not payment.

11.

#### ARGUMENTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### A. Mojave Has Failed to Demonstrate That Injunctive Relief is Warranted

"Mandatory injunctions are used to restore the *status quo*, to undo wrongful conditions. A court should exercise restraint and caution in providing this type of equitable relief." *Leonard v. Stoebling*, 102 Nev. 543, 550 – 551, 728 P.2d 1358, 1363 (1986). "A mandatory injunction is a stern remedy." *Id.* "A preliminary injunction is available if an applicant can show a likelihood of success on the merits and a reasonable probability that the on-moving party's conduct, if allowed to continue, will cause irreparable harm for which compensatory damage is an inadequate remedy." *Dangberg Holdings Nevada v. Douglas County*, 115 Nev. 129, 142, 978 P.2d 311, 319 (1999). In this matter MOJAVE does not seek to maintain the *status quo*, but rather, it seeks to alter the *status quo*.

As admitted by MOJAVE, CASHMAN is unpaid for equipment supplied to the Project. As a result of the non-payment CASHMAN has rightfully refused to continue to provide services or equipment. The facts of the case are undisputed and demonstrate a clear breach of contract by CAM, MOJAVE's subcontractor (in addition to other causes of action). The law is well settled in this, as well as all other jurisdictions, that a non-breaching party is relieved of performance when the other party breaches the terms and obligations of a contract. See LaGrange Construction v. Kent Corporation, 83 Nev. 277, 278, 429 P.2d 58, 59 (1967)(". . . non-payment of an installment when due may constitute a breach of contract justifying

-4-

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 VIA Austi Parkway, Surre 290 Les Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225 suspension of performance by the contractor."). There is no dispute that CASHMAN provided equipment as required and has not been paid for doing so. Thus, the *status quo* is that CASHMAN is not obligated to perform further under its contract with CAM until such time as CAM, or some other party, makes required payment to CASHMAN. MOJAVE seeks to utilize an injunction to alter the *status quo* by forcing CASHMAN to perform under a contract without any assurance of payment and without CASHMAN having been paid for equipment already provided. MOJAVE's claim that they are seeking to maintain the *status quo* is false and should be rejected by the Court.

Despite having admitted that CAM failed to make payment to CASHMAN as required, MOJAVE nevertheless wants a guarantee of performance without payment. Indeed, one can easily imagine that if MOJAVE had been unpaid by WHITING on the job, it would certainly not be agreeable if the owner were to then try and force completion of work by MOJAVE.

#### B. A Balancing of the Equities Favors Denial of The Issuance of an Injunction

There are no equities presented which would favor the granting of injunctive relief as requested by MOJAVE. MOJAVE has admitted that CASHMAN has not been paid, but continues to argue that CASHMAN should be forced to perform. Having requested equitable relief from the Court it is incumbent upon MOJAVE to act in an equitable fashion. "The unclean hands doctrine generally bars a party from receiving equitable relief because of that party's own inequitable conduct". Las Vegas Fetish & Fantasy Halloween Ball, Inc. v. Ahern Rentals, Inc., 124 Nev. 272, 275 (Nev. 2008). Requesting that a party be forced to perform a contract when the other party to that contract has breached by failing to make required payment can hardly be considered equitable. Indeed, it is absurd to request that this Court affirmatively harm CASHMAN by requiring it to suffer even greater financial harm than what it has already suffered as it has not been paid on the Project. This is no different than if MOJAVE was unpaid on the Project but was nevertheless ordered to continue working.

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 Via Austri Parkway, Surre 230 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225 Simply because MOJAVE claims that it has suffered a harm by CAM having stolen funds it was not entitled to, does not empower MOJAVE to make the matter worse by seeking to punish an innocent and unpaid third-party such as CASHMAN.

#### C. MOJAVE Has no Likelihood of Success on the Merits

MOJAVE claims, without support, that is has a likelihood of success on the merits. In reality, MOJAVE has essentially admitted that this is untrue. There is no dispute that although MOJAVE claims to have made full payment to CAM, no such corresponding payment from CAM has been made to CASHMAN. MOJAVE's position appears to be that CASHMAN should simply remain unpaid and suffer the consequences of MOJAVE's subcontractor stealing funds. CASHMAN cannot be deprived of its property rights¹ to payment simply because it poses an inconvenience for MOJAVE. MOJAVE could have, and should have, protected itself through the use of joint checks² on the project in order to assure that CAM's downstream suppliers and subcontractors were actually receiving payment. The fact MOJAVE chose not to take adequate steps to protect itself is not the fault of CASHMAN and CASHMAN should not be punished for the bad acts of MOJAVE's subcontractor.

As set forth above the law is abundantly clear that when a party breaches a contract, as CAM has done, the non-breaching party is relieved of its obligations under the Agreement.

MOJAVE asks this Court to ignore this clear legal precedent and force CASHMAN to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Pressler v. City of Reno, 118 Nev. 506, 510, 50 P.3d 1096, 1098 (2002)(Contract can form constitutionally protected property interest).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A "join check" would have protected MOJAVE as it would guaranteed payment to CASHMAN. The check would not have been negotiable by CAM without CASHMAN's endorsement. Once CASHMAN endorsed the joint check it would be deemed paid regardless of whether CAM released the funds or not. See Hemy Prods., Inc. v. Tarmu, 114 Nev. 1017, 1019 (Nev. 1998) ("The use of joint checks is well established by custom and practice in the construction industry. When a subcontractor and his materialman are joint payees, and no agreement exists with the owner or general contractor as to the allocation of proceeds, the materialman by endorsing the check will be deemed to have received the money due him. Inclusion of the materialman as payee makes clear that the maker of the check intends to discharge obligations owed to the materialman.").

Pezzillo Robinson

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel. 702 233-4225

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perform despite CAM's breach. There is no legal support for the proposition that a party may have its property rights infringed upon through the use of an injunction simply because a third party to an agreement alleges harm. Even in the event such harm is real, the harm cannot be used to deny CASHMAN is constitutionally protected property interests in its contract with CAM.

Alternatively, If the Court Were to Issue an Injunction, MOJAVE is Obligated to D. Post Adequate Security in the Form of a Bond

It is beyond argument that NRCP 65(c) mandates the posting of a bond upon the issuance of an injunction. In fact, absent the posting of such a bond, any order of this Court would be void as a matter of law. The Nevada Supreme Court could not have been more clear on this issue:

We have previously held that the district court's failure to require the applicant to post security voids an order imposing a preliminary injunction. In Strickland v. Griz Corp., 92 Nev. 322, 323, 549 P.2d 1406, 1407 (1976), this court held that "where a bond is required by statute before the issuance of an injunction, it must be exacted or the order will be absolutely void;" (quoting Shelton v. District Court, 64 Nev. 487, 494, 185 P.2d 320, 323-24 (1947)).

Dangberg Holding Nevada v. Douglas County, 115 Nev. at 145, 978 P.2d 320 - 21. MOJAVE seeks to violate this mandatory provision based upon the assertion that because it has posted a mechanic's lien release bond it should not be required to post any additional security. This position is false and finds no support in the law. The mechanic's lien release bond posted by MOJAVE was posted pursuant to NRS 108.2413. This bond is of limited effect in that the only thing it offers security for is a mechanic's lien and nothing more. It offers no security for any other causes of action including but not limited to breach of contract, unjust enrichment, etc. Thus, if for some reason the Court found that the mechanic's lien were defective in some fashion, but found that CASHMAN should prevail upon its breach of contract cause of action, CASHMAN would be left with no recovery as the lien

Pezzillo Robinson 725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225 release bond surety would not make payment since the breach of contract claim does not fall within the ambit of NRS Ch. 108.

CASHMAN would be willing to provide the requested codes to the equipment provided to the Project if, and only if, its rights are fully protected through the posting of a bond securing its claim. Absent such a bond no injunction may issue as a matter of law.

#### E. MOJAVE Has Failed to Make a Showing of Entitlement to a Writ of Possession

The claim for issuance of a Writ of Possession is facially invalid. The Court need look no further than NRS 31.850. First, NRS 31.850(5) requires that the movant show the actual value of the property subject of the requested writ. This information is required to be presented by way of affidavit. *Id.* Neither of the two affidavits address this issue. The only information provided is contained in footnote 5, page 9 of the Motion and states that the replacement value of the equipment is "estimated" at \$200,000. The motion does not even go so far as to state where this estimate was derived nor how it was derived.

Additionally, as set forth above, the remaining provisions of NRS 31.850 have not been met. MOJAVE simply assumes that it is entitled to possession of the equipment codes it seeks and ignores the rights of CASHMAN completely. MOJAVE's fatal mistake in the filing of the motion is that it presumes that CAM, its subcontractor, was entitled to possession of the equipment (and codes) and therefore since MOJAVE alleges it has paid CAM, it must necessarily be entitled to possession. The flaw which MOJAVE is aware of, but chooses to ignore, is the fact that CAM was never entitled to possession of the equipment due to its failure to make payment to CASHMAN. MOJAVE's rights are coextensive with those of CAM's and MOJAVE is not entitled to anything greater than CAM is. As CAM was never legally entitled to possession, MOJAVE is likewise not entitled to possession.

It is curious that MOJAVE, in passing, states that it has security interest in the equipment. As with its other assertions, MOJAVE offers nothing to support this allegation

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and it is not known what type of security interest it has, particularly since the equipment has been incorporated into the Project. As CASHMAN held a UCC security interest prior to the equipment's incorporation into the Project CASHMAN would hold a superior interest to the equipment at issue to that of MOJAVE in any event.

#### IV.

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Cashman respectfully requests that Defendants' Motion for Injunctive Relief or alternatively Writ Relief be denied. MOJAVE has done nothing other than offer unsupported assertions and request that this Court essentially rule upon the entirety of the case without addressing CASHMAN's protected property interests. The only facts which MOJAVE has properly put before this Court demonstrate conclusively that MOJAVE's subcontractor, CAM, failed to make payment to CASHMAN and CASHMAN is under no legal duty to produce equipment codes for which it has not been paid. To the extent MOJAVE posts a new bond, in addition to the existing mechanic's lien release bond, CASHMAN would not object to producing the requested codes.

DATED: July 26, 2012

#### PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Brian J. Pezzillo, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 7136 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617 PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel: (702) 233-4225

Fax: (702) 233-4252 Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned, an employee of the law firm of PEZZILLO ROBINSON, hereby certifies that on July 24, 2012, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR INJUCTIVE RELIEF OR WRIT OF POSSESSION was served by placing said copy in an envelope, postage fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, said envelope(s) addressed to:

Brian Boschee, Esq.- VIA HAND DELIVERY
Shemilly Briscoe, Esq.
SANTORO, DRIGGS, ET AL.
400 S. 4<sup>th</sup> St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Fl.
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Attorneys for Whiting Turner Contracting,
Mojave Electric LV, LLC, Western Surety Company
And Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland

Edward S. Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 6615 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 108 Las Vegas, NV 89119 Attorneys for Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho and Linda Dugan

Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq.
ELLSWORTH, BENNION & ERICSSON, CHTD.
7881 W. Charleston Blvd. #210
Las Vegas, Nevada 89117
Attorneys for Element Iron and Design

Hay Hollungwester
An employee of PEZZILLO ROBINSON

Pezzillo Robinson 6725 Vu, Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Tel 702 233-4225 

### EXHIBIT 1

## MANIMENT

APPLICATION FOR CREDIT \$300 St Rose Plwy, Hondorson NV 89052 Phone: (600) 987-2826 ext.4803 Oredit Dept Fext. (702) 633-4695



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#### "GENERATOR" "TRANSFER SWITCH" TERMS AND CONDITIONS

PURCHASE ORDER 787810 GEN

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TO: CAM Consulting c/o Cashman Equipment ATTN: Angelo Ceryalho / Kelih Lozeau PHONE 702-326-9032 / 702-839-5018

April 23, 2010 of 4 SHIP VIA: DELIVER

JOB: City of Las Vegas New City Hall SHIPTO: SHOP ATTNIE CITY: LAS VEGAS

P.O. # AND JOB # MUST APPEAR ON ALL INVOICES, DELIVERY TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING. SELLER'S INVOICES MUST COINCIDE WITH MOJAVE PURCHASE ORDER ITEM NUMBER, DESCRIPTION, UNIT PRICE BREAKDOWN

- The bill of material as shown above is for reference only and the supplier guarantees a complete bill of material per plans, specifications and addenda.
- Generator to include generator plant and eli controls, batteries, battery charger, mounting base, control 2 panel, auto required,
- Retaniton of 10% will be held on purchase order until job is complete and we have received retention from owner. 3
- This purchase exter includes all fuel tanks, entificeze and all other necessary items required for infittal start up, 4
- Seller agrees further to furnish personnel and necessary equipment to test and check out equipment and material as required by specifications at no extra cost to Mojava Etectric, inc.
- Seller agrees to furnish warraniles in duplicate. 6
- Seller shall furnish the service of a qualified representative who shall instruct specific personnel as designated 7 by the owner, in the operation and maintenance of the system on this purchase order,
- Instructions shall be made as indicated when this system is complete end shall be the number of house as indicated by 8 the specifications and/or the time requested by the owner,
- Manufacturer shall include certification of sullability for operation at the altitude of the jobstie. 9
- Guarantees, warranties and maintenance manuals shall be per plans and specifications. 10
- Testing and supervision per plans and specifications and addenda. 11
- Testing shall be per all local requirements of the Fire Department, Building Department and Electrical Inspectors. including load bank tests on the jobsite or fectory if required.
- Lifting angles with eye boils shall be furnished if required by Project Manager. This is vendors responsibility to 13 most with the Project Manager,
- Time is of the assence. Should Mojaya Electric, Inc. incur additional costs due to negligence on the part of the vendor, these additional costs will be recovered from the vendor's accounts.
- Include all automatic transfer switch per plans and specs, including all aux, contacts, verify all cell voltages with Mojave Electric's Project Manager. .

MOJ00033

- 16. All terminals on all breakers, switches, transformers, starters, panets, switchboards, etc., to have logs suitable for copper or aluminum and shall be stamped AL/CU. All panet back boxes to be adequately sized to provide sufficient space for feeder and branch cloud conductors. All switchboards, transformers, motor control centers and panethoards to be supplied with size, type, quantity and location of logs as noted in approved shop drawings. All breakers are to have adequate space provided in the logs for the use of "pin terminals" as "Mac adapter" style cable terminators for use with aluminum wire. It is the responsibility of the vendor to set up a meeting with Mojava Electric's Project Manager to establish the correct cable size of both copper and aluminum wire.
- 17 All generators and automatic transfer switches are to be shipped on an open type of truck and rigged for as required by Project Manager at time of release. This is the vandors responsibility.
- 18 All panels to have identification plate of black Bakelite with 1/2" white letters unless noted otherwise,
- 18 Provide all additional equipment groundbare and equipment grounding tugs as required by control specifications and plans. All neutral and ground tugs are to be factory mounted.
- 20 Provide all auxiliary contacts, relays, thermals, control devices, pllot lights, push buttons, HOA switches, atc. and interlooking for automatic transfer switches if required by approved step drawings and plans and specifications.
- 21 Provide vibration dampers for the generator.
- 22 All automatic transfer switches and generators to be supplied will all lugs as required by approved shop drawings.
- 23 All invoices must be rendered in hiplicate.
- 24 This purchase order number shall appear on all packages and all items shipped by vendor on this purchase order, plus on all invoices, shipping papers and all other correspondence.
- 26 Call 24 hours before delivery to 702-798-2970.

F.O.B. jobsite with full freight allowed, unloaded by Mojave Electric, Inc.

All material on this P.O. to ship to shop. Oall 24 Hours before delivery to 702-798-2970.

X FREIGHT INCLUDED
FREIGHT EXCLUDED

SUB TOTAL: \$ 600,196,00

TAX 8.10%: \$ 48,616,00 SUB TOTAL: \$ 848,811,88

% CASH DISCOUNT:

TOTAL: \$ 848,811.00

ACCEPTED FOR VENDOR

Angelo Garvatto / Kelth Lozoau

GAM Consulting the Castimon Equipment

MOJAVE ELECTRIC, JNB

Pales Fargon, VP Project Davelopment

Terms: SEE PAGE 2 Involces received after 20th considered next months business.

MOJ00034

## **EXHIBIT 3**

CAM CONSULTING 3874 GIVIC CENTER DR NORTH LAS VEGAS NV

89030-7824

PLEASH REMIT TO: Cashman Equipment Company File # 58751 I:os Angeles, CA 90074-8751

B1236701 | 02-01-11 | 109502

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CITY OF LAS VEGAS NEW CITY MOJAYS ELECTRIC INC 3755 W HACIENDA AVE LAS VEGAS NV 89118

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PLEASE REMIT TO: Cashmen Equipment Company File# 56761 Los Angeles, OA 90074-6761

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PLEASE REMIT TO: Cashman Equipment Company File # 56751 Los Angeles, CA 90074-8761

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**EXHIBIT 4** 

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CASHMAN EQUIPHENT COHPANY 8800 SAINT ROSE PKWY HENDERSON NV B9052-8980

ITHES ENCLOSED.

PAGE I OF 1 ACCOUNT CHARGED 4121484596 DATE: 05-04-2011
YOUR ACCOUNT HAS BEEN CHARGED FOR THE FOLLOWING TENCS) RETURNED UNPAID.

REASON FOR NON-PAYMENT SEQUENCE # AMOUNT

DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT NUMBER: 4121484596

CHARGES FOR PAPER RETURNS:

Stop Pay - 8351158946 755,898.89

TOTAL CHARGES FOR PAPER RETURNS

755,893.89

SHOULD YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR REQUIRE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, PLRASE CALL THE PHONE NUMBER THAT IS LISTED ON YOUR BANK STATEMENT;

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# 5750 Via Austi Pkwy, Suite 770

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#### AFFIDAVIT OF SHANE NORMAN

STATE OF NEVADA	)
	) 88.
COUNTY OF CLARK	)

I, Shane Norman, having been duly sworn and under the penalty of perjury do hereby state:

- I am personally knowledgeable about the facts contained herein and am competent to 1. testify.
- I am the Credit Manager at CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman") and 2. am authorized to make this Affidavit in support of Cashman's Application for a Prejudgment Writ of Attachment against Defendants CAM CONSULTING, INC. ("Cam") and ANGELO CARVALHO ("Carvalho").
- Cashman is a Nevada corporation authorized to conduct business in Clark County, 3. Nevada.
- Cashman has brought claims for breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of 4. good faith and fair dealing, fraud and unjust enrichment against Defendants Cam and Carvalho. Cashman has asserted related claims against other parties that are not relevant to Cashman's Application for a Prejudgment Writ of Attachment against Defendants Cam and Carvalho.
- Cashman sold equipment to Defendant Cam, as set forth in Exhibit "3" of this 5. Application.
- Cam received payment for the equipment Cashman sold to Cam from WEST EDNA 6. ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC (the "Mojave Payment").
- Cam issued payment to Cashman, but subsequently stopped payment on that check; a 7. copy of that check and the notice received from the bank are attached to this Application as Exhibit "15".
- After demand, Carvalho provided a second check made payable to Cashman which was 8, presented to the bank at which the account was located, Nevada State Bank. Nevada State Bank refused to cash the check as there were insufficient funds in that account.

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9,	In my last contact with Carvalho he indicated that the funds that were to pay Cashin
	had been transferred to an account at Wells Fargo Bank,

- 10. Cam now owes the principal amount of \$755,893.89 for the equipment, plus interest from the time the amount came due.
- 11. Cashman is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that Cam is no longer operating.
- 12. Cashman has been unable to locate Cam and Carvalho and the telephone numbers Cashman had for Cam and Carvalho have been disconnected.
- 13. Cashman applied to this Court to issue subpoenas to Cam and Carvalho's banking institutions in order to attempt to locate the funds from the Mojave payment that were to be paid to Cashman.
- 14. After review of the records from the banking institutions, it appears that instead of using these funds to pay Cashman as required, Carvalho converted these funds and used them for various purposes including the purchase of some of the assets that Cashman seeks to attach with this Writ.
- 15. Two checks from Mojave totaling \$956,530.75 were deposited in the Cam checking account on or about April 26, 2011. See Exhibit "4".
- Another check from Mojave totaling \$81,119.18 was deposited in the Cam checking 16. account on or about April 28, 2011. See Exhibit "5".
- 17. A check in the amount of \$38,939.65 was written out of the Cam checking account and made payable to Findlay Honda on April 27, 2011 with the notation "company car." See Exhibit "6".
- Two withdrawals were made in the form of cash or cashier's check from the Cam 18. checking account on April 27, 2011; one in the amount of \$20,008.00 and the second in the amount of \$600,000.00, both appear to be signed by Angelo Carvalho. See Exhibit "7", copies of the withdrawal slips.
- 19. Given that Cam issued payment that was returned for insufficient funds, Cam is no longer operating and Carvalho cannot be located, Cashman seeks to attach the

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following assets	now	as	there	may	be 1	10	recovery	after	judgment	is	rendered	in	thi
matter.													

- 20. Cashman seeks to attach the following property:
  - a. 2011 Honda Pilot EXL, VIN # 5FNYF3H54BB019450;
  - b. 2011 TIOGA 30 Foot Motorhome, VIN # 1FDXEFS6BDA48951;
  - c. 2002 Lexus GS430, VIN # JT8BL69S720009139;
  - 2011 Kawasaki ZX1400C Motorcycle, VIN # JKBZXNC16BA026996;
  - 2011 Honda VTX1800S Motorcycle, VIN # 1HFSC49303A100009;
  - 2011 Interstate Enclosed Utility Trailer, VIN # 4RACS1215BK040890; and,
  - El Camino, VIN # unknown.
- 21. An estimate of the value of this property is as follows:
  - 2011 Honda Pilot \$29,473.00 (See Exhibit "8");
  - b. 2011 TIOGA 30 Foot Motorhome \$89,132.00 brand new, but given that this vehicle is used, that amount should be adjusted down (See Exhibit "9");
  - c. 2002 Lexus GS430 \$9,559.00 (See Exhibit "10");
  - d. 2011 Kawasaki ZX1400C \$7,610.00 (See Exhibit "11");
  - e. 2011 Honda VT1300CX \$7,790.00, the description does not match the listed property exactly but was the closest match that could be located (See Exhibit "12");
  - f. 2011 Interstate Enclosed Utility Trailer, value unknown as size has not yet been determined; and,
  - El Camino records indicate that \$32,500.00 was paid for the El Camino (See Exhibit "13").
- It is not believed that a writ of garnishment will need to be served on any other person. 22.

 To the best of my knowledge, the property sought to be attached is not exempt from execution.

FURTHER YOUR AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Shane Norman

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5 to day of December, 2011.

Notary Public in and for said county and state



**EXHIBIT 7** 

## WARRANT ELECTROTICALLY GENERATED AND ENTERD INTO NCJIS \*\*\* DO NOT MANUALLY ENTER INTO NCJIS \*\*\*

#### JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA	) CASE NO: 11F14075X
PLAINTIFF	DEPT. NO: 3
VS,	AGENCY: DA BAD CHECK UNIT
CARVALHO, ANGELO ID# 01172324	
	ARREST WARRANT
DEFENDANT	}
THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
TO: ANY SHERIFF, CONSTABLE, I IN THIS STATE:	MARSHALL, POLICEMAN, OR PEACE OFFICER
BEFORE ME ACCUSING CARVALHO,	
COUNTS CHARGE 1 NON SUFFICIENT FUNDS/C 1 THEFT (FELONY)	BAIL: CASH SURETY PROPERTY 831,558.28 8,315,582.80 3,000.00 30,000.00
DEFENDANT AND BRING HIM BEFORE	FORTHWITH TO ARREST THE ABOVE NAMED E ME AT MY OFFICE IN LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP, ADA, OR IN MY ABSENCE OR INABILITY TO OST ACCESSIBLE MAGISTRATE IN THIS COUNTY.
THIS WARRANT MAY BE SERVED AT	ANY HOUR OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.
GIVEN UNDER MY HAND THIS 23RD	DAY OF AUGUST, 2011.
JU	DAY OF AUGUST, 2011. STICE OF THE PEACE IN AND FOR SAID TOWNSHIP NIECE MARSHALL
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## JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CLARK COLINTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

JUS III AS HE

CASENO. 11F14075X

-vs-

DEPT. NO. 3

ANGELO CARVALHO, ID#1172324,

Defendant.

Plaintiff,

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

Defend

The Defendant above named having committed the crimes of DRAWING AND PASSING A CHECK WITHOUT SUFFICIENT FUNDS IN DRAWEE BANK WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD, PRESUMPTIONS OF INTENT TO DEFRAUD, (Felony - NRS 205.130, 205.132), and THEFT, (Felony - NRS 205.0832, 205.0835, 205.132, 205.380), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 29th day of April, 2011, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 DRAWING AND PASSING A CHECK WITHOUT SUFFICIENT FUNDS IN DRAWEE BANK WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD, PRESUMPTIONS OF INTENT TO DEFRAUD

did willfully, unlawfully, and with intent to defraud, draw and pass a check to obtain merchandise, drawn upon Nevada State Bank, Account No. 262031032, made payable to CASHMAN EQUIPMENT, and passed at 3755 West Hacienda Avenue, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in the amount of \$755,893.89, check no. 1036, when the said Defendant had insufficient money, property, or credit with the drawee of the instrument to pay it in full upon its presentation.

#### COUNT 2 THEFT

did then and there knowingly, feloniously, and without lawful authority, commit theft by obtaining personal property in the amount of \$250.00, or more, lawful money of the United States of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT, and passed at 3755 West Hacienda Avenue, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, by a material misrepresentation with intent to deprive that person of the property, in the following manner, to-wit: by the Defendant, a patron of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT, receiving the



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sum of \$755,893.89 merchandise in exchange for check no. 1036, drawn upon Nevada State Bank, Account No. 262031032, while falsely representing said check would clear his bank account, thereby obtaining the personal property of CASHMAN EQUIPMENT by a material misrepresentation with intent to deprive them of the lawful money of the United States.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

8/16/2011

DA#11F14075X/mn DAO EV#1108018093 D & P NSF CHECKS and THEFT - F (TK3)

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RPLY 1 BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 5 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 702/791-0308 Telephone: 702/791-1912 Facsimile: Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 13 Nevada corporation, Case No .: A642583 Plaintiff. Dept. No .: 32 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada 16 corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND 20 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety: TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety: DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS. 25 REPLY TO CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF OR WRIT OF POSSESSION 26 27 Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, ("Western"), a surety. 28

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THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, ("Whiting"), TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, ("Travelers") a surety, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, ("Fidelity") (Collectively "Counterclaimants"), by and through their attorneys of record, Brian W. Boschee, Esq., and Shemilly A. Briscoe, Esq. of the law firm COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, WOLOSON, HOLLEY & THOMPSON, file this Reply to Cashman Equipment Company's Opposition to Motion for Injunctive Relief or Writ of Possession ("Reply") based upon:

- Cashman's admission that it wrongfully retains the codes as security despite
   Mojave's payment extorting Counterclaimants;
- · Cashman's disruption to the status quo by refusing to produce the codes; and
- The hardship on the City and Counterclaimants due to an incomplete system which prevents the project completion and renders the system ineffective.

Therefore, this Court should enter an order requiring Cashman to provide and reinstall the codes for the parallel Switchgear that interfaces with the Building Automated System ("BAS") as their Agreement requires.

This Reply is made and based on the pleadings and papers on file with this Court, the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and any oral argument the Court may entertain on the matter.

Dated this 315 day of July, 2012.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

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#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Cashman Equipment Company ("Cashman") attempts to distract the Court with red herring arguments and unsupported accusations when the issues at hand are exceedingly simple. First, Counterclaimants seek to maintain status quo with completion of the Project and utilization of the City's Building Automated System. The equipment from Cashman was already installed and the work fully performed at the City Hall. Cashman admits that it has withheld the last key element, the codes, intentionally for leverage even though Mojave fully paid for the equipment and received an unconditional release from Cashman. Further, Mojave bonded around the lien securing Cashman's claims in this case. Mojave is not the bad actor in this case, and no evidence demonstrates that additional damages exist. Moreover, the full amount sought from Carvalho by Cashman is unknown, but should be significantly reduced due to Cashman's collection efforts, Accordingly, Counterclaimants' Motion should be granted in its entirety, and Cashman should produce the codes.

#### II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

### A. The Relief Requested is Reasonable and Permits Completion of the City Hall

Granting of injunctive relief at this time is both proper and necessary. Replacement of the City's Building Automated System will cost hundreds of thousands of dollars, and Cashman plainly disrupts the status quo of the City Hall Project by holding the codes necessary to complete as security for its payment. Cashman is the SOLE party who can provide the codes to the City. Meanwhile, Counterclaimants seek an extraordinary injunction in name only, because there is no other option when Cashman admits to having the codes, but refuses to provide them.

Essentially, Cashman seeks a prejudgment writ of attachment without merit. Importantly, the electrical equipment installation on City Hall was performed by Cashman and Mojave issued full payment for the work. Despite Cashman's hard efforts to paint Counterclaimants with

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allegations of unclean hands, inequitable conduct, and lack of diligence, the fact remains that Mojave is not the bad actor here and no evidence demonstrates that Mojave has acted unfairly. Cashman's contorted conspiracy theories would have Mojave in a conspiracy to harm itself and this position does not pass the smell test. Mojave has made full payment for equipment that doesn't function properly, and Mojave has paid an additional amount in excess of \$100,000 to complete work on the project and attempt to obtain the necessary codes for the City. Finally, Mojave has been forced to pay to bond the mechanic's lien on the project. Cashman's overinflated allegations against Mojave are unfounded and unsupported.

On the other hand, Cashman knowingly accepted a postdated check from Carvalho, and waited to deposit that check until after it issued an unconditional release. Then, Cashman failed to provide 100% of their contracted work (Batteries, Warranty and PLC Codes). Cashman owes a duty to complete the Project under its contract and ordering the codes turned over in this case will not be a hardship on Cashman. Cashman has no use for the codes outside of the City Hall.

Furthermore, Cashman still has the ability to pursue any monetary claims it may have in this matter without affecting the closure of the Project. Counterclaimants recognize that NRCP 65 requires posting of a bond, but a bond has already been issued in this case. While the existing bond with Western Surety is limited to the mechanic's lien, there is proof of no other damages in this matter. Cashman has provided no evidence or made any showing in support of additional claims and pie in the sky allegations related to Mojave's knowledge of Carvalho's actions is a farfetched and desperate attempt to get a second bite when full payment was made by Mojave. Like Cashman, Mojave had no reason to distrust Carvalho, but should not be forced to suffer perpetual inability to close the City's work due to Carvalho's independent acts.

Moreover, the amount due and owing to Cashman under the lien should have been reduced by Cashman's collection efforts and will likely be even reduced further once the formal judgment is entered against Carvalho. Consequently, the requirement for an additional bond by Counterclaimants is grossly overstated and unnecessary. Cashman will be made whole by the

Opposition at pp. 5, 6, 7.

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 wrongdoer in this action and should not be permitted to obtain double payments and double security from every party.

Accordingly, Cashman has no justification for withholding the codes and the codes should be issued to the City for Project completion.

#### B. A Writ of Possession is Equitable and Counterclaimants Provide Proof

A writ of possession is simply an additional remedy for this issue if the Court was reluctant to enter an injunction. See NRS 31.840 et seq. Admittedly, quantifying a value for the codes is difficult in this instance, because the codes themselves are only valuable with the equipment already installed and partially in use by the City. On the other hand, the equipment becomes valueless and cannot fully perform without the codes. Cashman knows this and is using that position to hold the project hostage. Therefore, the subjective worth of the codes is not outcome determinative. Also, nitpicking estimates serves no purpose when the full amount of the claim has already been bonded by Mojave.

Cashman relies heavily on Carvalho's bad actions in an attempt to justify its ongoing breach when in reality its actions are nothing less than extortion. Carvalho may not be entitled to possession of the codes, but Mojave made full payment to Carvalho as the agent of Cashman in the underlying transaction. Mojave has rights because it paid for them, a fact that Cashman conveniently ignores. Mojave's Declaration of Brian Bugni, provides grounds upon which the Court may issue the prejudgment writ of possession directing the delivery of the codes.

Therefore, relief should be granted.

#### III. CONCLUSION

The City Hall Project should be completed as it has nothing to do with the underlying payment dispute in this case. Mojave already issued a bond in this matter, and Plaintiff's actions are akin to a prejudgment writ of attachment when there is no showing of evidence to support additional damages outside of the lien amount. Counterclaimants respectfully request that this Honorable Court enter an order requiring Cashman to provide and reinstall the codes for the parallel Switchgear that interface with the Building Automated System ("BAS") as their

Agreement provides and restraining Cashman, their employees, agents, and affiliated companies from re-entering the Project and tampering any further with the equipment and codes.

Dated this 315+ day of July, 2012.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 3/st day of July, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP 5(b)
3	I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing REPLY TO
4	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR
5	INJUNCTIVE RELIEF OR WRIT OF POSSESSION, via electronic mail and postage
6	prepaid and addressed to:
7	Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.
8	Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON
9	6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff
10	Edward Coleman, Esq.
11	COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 8275 S. Eastern, Suite 200
12	Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie
13	aka Janel Carvalho
14	Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq.
15	ELLSWORTH & BENNION, CHTD. 777 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 270
16	Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Element Iron and Design
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#### DISTRICT COURT

#### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,  Plaintiff,	) Case No. ) Dept No. )	A642583 32 Electronically Filed 08/06/2012 11:48:16 AM
CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;		CLERK OF THE COURT
AND RELATED MATTERS.	)	

### ORDER SETTING CIVIL NON-JURY TRIAL, PRE-TRIAL/CALENDAR CALL

#### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- A. The above entitled case is set to be tried on a five week stack to begin, on Monday, May 20, 2013, at 1:30 P.M.
- B. A Pre-Trial/Calendar Call with the designated attorney and/or parties in proper person will be held on Friday, May 3, 2013, at 11:00 A.M. As a courtesy to counsel and parties, please note that Calendar Call for Department 32 is scheduled to be held in courtroom 11C, however, please check courthouse monitors for any change in location.
- C. The Pre-trial Memorandum must be filed prior to the Pre-Trial/Calendar Call, with a courtesy copy delivered to Department 32 Chambers. All parties, (Attorneys and parties in Proper Person) must comply with EDCR 2.67.

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1 NOTC BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 5 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 702/791-0308 Telephone: 702/791-1912 7 Facsimile: 8 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 13 Nevada corporation, Case No.: A642583 Dept. No .: 32 Plaintiff, 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 V. CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada 16 corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND 20 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive: 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS 25 NOTICE OF POSTING SECURITY BOND 26 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, Defendant West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, 27 Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant, has herewith posted a security bond in the amount of 28

15775-72/927201

1	\$200,000 pursuant to the Court's Order dated August 3, 2012.
2	Original Bond No. 58690045 is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
3	Dated this day of August, 2012.
4	COTTON DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON
5	Sprisco
7	BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612
8	SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
10 11	Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and
12	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant
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# **EXHIBIT A**

County of Clark	IN THEDistrictCOURT
Plaintiff(s)  Plaintiff(s)  Defendant(s)	INJUNCTION BOND
KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:	Bond No. 58690045
Surety, are held and firmly bound unt	of the sum of
for the payment of which well and truly to be mad and severally by these presents.  THE CONDITION OF THE ABOVE OBLIGA- Injunction or Restraining Order in the above action	ATION IS SUCH, That whereas, the Plaintiff(s) seeks an and is required to give bond by virtue of N.R.C.P. 65 (c)
NOW, THEREFORE, if the said Plaintiff(s) s	shall pay such costs and damages as may be incurred or rongfully enjoined or restrained, then this obligation to be provided, however, that the total liability of the Surety
Dated this6th day of August	, 2012
	West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric Principal
Countersigned  By Kelly Well	WESTER SURETY COMPANY
Nevada Resident Agent	Glegory Harris, Attorney-in-Fact

Form F2093-6-93

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PRINCIPAL (Corporate Officer) STATE OF NEVADA County of Clark On this 6th August \_day of \_ personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for the above County. \_ , known (or proved) to Mexident me to be the \_ O, executing the same on behalf of the corporation that executed the foregoing instrument, and on oath did depose that he is the officer of the corporation as above designated; that he is acquainted with the seal of the corporation and that the seal affixed to the instrument is the corporate seal of the corporation; that the signatures to the instrument were made by officers of the corporation as indicated after the signatures; and that the corporation executed the instrument freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purpose County of Claff My commission expires CHARLOTTE TIL My Appointment Ex Notary Public, Nevada October 12, 2013 ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PRINCIPAL (Individual or Firm) STATE OF NEVADA County of\_ \_day of \_ , personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for the above County, .. \_, known (or proved) to me to be the person \_\_\_\_\_ described in and who executed the same freely and voluntarily, and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned. My commission expires Notary Public, Nevada ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF SURETY (Attorney-in-Fact) STATE OF Nevada County of Clark On this 6th day of \_, before me, a notary public in and for said State, personally appeared \_ Gregory J. Harris to me personally known and being by me duly sworn, did say that he is the Attorney-in-Fact of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a corporation of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, created, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of South Dakota, that the said instrument was executed on behalf of the said corporation by authority of its Board of Directors and that the said Attorney-in-Fact \_ acknowledges said instrument to be the free act and deed of said corporation and that he has authority to sign said instrument. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal at Las Vegas , the day and year last above written. My commission expires November 15 Notary Public KELLY M, LAMB NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVAD

Commission Expires: 11-1: Certificate No: 09-11436-1

## Western Surety Company

#### POWER OF ATTORNEY APPOINTING INDIVIDUAL ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

Know All Men By These Presents, That WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a South Dakota corporation, is a duly organized and existing corporation lurving its principal office in the City of Sioux Falls, and State of South Dakota, and that it does by virtue of the signature and seal herein affixed hereby make, constitute and appoint

Gregory J Harris, Kelly M Lamb, Chris V Summers, Individually

of Las Vegas, NV, its true and fawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact with full power and authority hereby conferred to sign, seal and execute for and on its behalf bonds, undertakings and other obligatory instruments of similar nature

#### - In Unlimited Amounts -

and to bind it thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by a duly authorized officer of the corporation and all the acts of said Attorney, pursuant to the authority hereby given, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the By-Law printed on the reverse hereof, duly adopted, as indicated, by the shareholders of the corporation.

In Witness Whereof, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY has caused these presents to be signed by its Senior Vice President and its corporate seal to be hereto affixed on this 8th day of September, 2011.

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

Paul . Bruffat, Senior Vice President

State of South Dakota County of Minnehaha } 88

On this 8th day of September, 2011, before me personally came Paul T. Bruflat, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: that he resides in the City of Sioux Falls, State of South Dakota; that he is the Senior Vice President of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY described in and which executed the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to the said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto pursuant to like authority, and acknowledges same to be the act and deed of said corporation.

My commission expires

November 30, 2012

D. KRELL
NOTARY PUBLIC SEAL
SOUTH DAKOTA

CERTIFICATE

Lea Frell, Notary Public

SE AL

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

J. Relson, Assistani Secretar

1	CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 9th day of August, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP
3	5(b), I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE
4	OF POSTING SECURITY BOND, postage prepaid and addressed to:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff  Edward Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 8275 S. Eastern, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho  Keen L. Elisworth, Esq. ELLSWORTH & BENNION, CHTD. 777 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 270 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Element Iron and Design
15	A. OTICE
16	Anemployee of Cotton, Driggs, Walch,
17	Holley, Woloson & Thompson
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1 ORDR BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 4 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 5 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 702/791-1912 Facsimile: 8 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, 9 Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 10 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation, Case No.: A642583 13 Plaintiff. Dept. No .: 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation: ANGELO CARVALHO, an 16 individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA 17 ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW BASED UPON 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING COUNTERCLAIMANTS MOTION TO TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a TO PROCURE CODES 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a 20 surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety: DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 22 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS. 25 Counterclaimants' Motion for Mandatory Injunction to Procure Codes on Order 26 Shortening Time or in the Alternative Application for Writ of Possession, having been heard by 27 the Court on August 3, 2012 at 9:00 a.m.; Brian Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly Briscoe, Esq., 28 appearing on behalf of Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE

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ELECTRIC("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, THE WHITING TURNER	
CONTRACTING COMPANY ("Whiting") and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF	
MAYRLAND's (hereinafter collectively Counterclaimants); Jennifer Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.,	
appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY("Cashman"). The	
Court having reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Reply briefs, and having heard argument and	
being fully advised, the Court concludes as follows:	

#### FINDINGS OF FACT

- On or about February 11, 2010, Mojave entered into a Construction contract with Whiting to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project.
- The scope of Mojave's work partially included bringing power to the Project and obtaining the equipment to consolidate the different electrical systems.
- The equipment was delivered by Cashman and was installed on the Project, but the accompanying codes for the switchgear were not provided.
- The Building Automated System for City Hall is not fully functional without the codes.
- Cashman refused to produce the code information based upon the underlying pay dispute with CAM, as CAM failed to pay Cashman for the equipment.
- Without the codes, the City Hall has an incomplete operating system which prevents the City from completion of the project.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

#### THE COURT FINDS:

- Counterclaimants have shown, through declarations and other evidence, that
  potential immediate and irreparable injury, loss and/or damage will occur to the City without an
  injunction;
- The instant Order is appropriate considering public policy issues to protect City from future equipment issues;
- The City will suffer irreparable harm if Plaintiffs are not mandated in this Order as requested by the Plaintiffs.

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NOTC BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESO. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 5 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 Attorney for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, 9 Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation, 13 Case No: A642583 Plaintiff, Dept. No.: 32 14 15 V. CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada 16 corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING 19 TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 20 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS. 25 YOU, and each of you, will please take notice that an Order Granting Counterclaimants' 26 Motion to Procure Codes in the above entitled matter was filed and entered by the Clerk of the 27 above-entitled Court on the 10th day of August, 2012, a copy of which is attached hereto 28

Page 1 of 3

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of August, 2012.

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COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

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BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

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Page 2 of 3

#### CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 13th day of August, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP 2 5(b), I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE 3 OF ENTRY OF ORDER, postage prepaid and addressed to: 4 5 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. 6 PEZZILLO ROBINSÓN 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff Edward Coleman, Esq. 9 COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 8275 S. Eastern, Suite 200 10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho 11 Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. 12 ELLSWORTH & BENNION, CHTD. 777 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 270 13 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Element Iron and DesignAttorneys for 14 15 16 employee of Cotton, Driggs, Walch, 17 Holley, Woloson & Thompson 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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1 ORDR BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 2 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 5 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, 9 Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant DISTRICT COURT 10 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 12 Nevada corporation, 13 Case No.: A642583 Dept. No .: Plaintiff, 32 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an 16 individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE FINDINGS OF FACT AND ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 18 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW BASED UPON COUNTERCLAIMANTS MOTION TO TO PROCURE CODES 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a 20 surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; 21 DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. AND RELATED MATTERS. 24 25 Counterclaimants' Motion for Mandatory Injunction to Procure Codes on Order 26 Shortening Time or in the Alternative Application for Writ of Possession, having been heard by the Court on August 3, 2012 at 9:00 a.m.; Brian Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly Briscoe, Esq., 27

appearing on behalf of Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE

15775-72/927052

ELECTRIC("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY ("Whiting") and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MAYRLAND's (hereinafter collectively Counterclaimants); Jennifer Lloyd-Robinson, Esq., appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY("Cashman"). The Court having reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Reply briefs, and having heard argument and being fully advised, the Court concludes as follows:

#### FINDINGS OF FACT

- On or about February 11, 2010, Mojave entered into a Construction contract with Whiting to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project.
- The scope of Mojave's work partially included bringing power to the Project and obtaining the equipment to consolidate the different electrical systems.
- The equipment was delivered by Cashman and was installed on the Project, but the accompanying codes for the switchgear were not provided.
- The Building Automated System for City Hall is not fully functional without the codes.
- Cashman refused to produce the code information based upon the underlying pay dispute with CAM, as CAM failed to pay Cashman for the equipment.
- Without the codes, the City Hall has an incomplete operating system which prevents the City from completion of the project.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

#### THE COURT FINDS:

- Counterclaimants have shown, through declarations and other evidence, that
  potential immediate and irreparable injury, loss and/or damage will occur to the City without an
  injunction;
- The instant Order is appropriate considering public policy issues to protect City from future equipment issues;
- The City will suffer irreparable harm if Plaintiffs are not mandated in this Order as requested by the Plaintiffs.

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1	<ol> <li>The balance of hardships weighs in favor of the City.</li> </ol>
2	6. Plaintiffs merit protection due to the ongoing dispute in the form of a separate
3	bond in the amount of \$200,000.00.
4	ORDER
5	Based upon the foregoing, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND
6	DECREED that Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes is GRANTED IN PART AND
7	DENIED IN PART;
8	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED Cashman Equipment Company install the switchgear codes
9	on the City Hall Project; and
0	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to NRCP 65(c), before any injunctive relief,
1	as stated herein, shall become effective and enforceable, Defendant shall post a bond or cash
2	security with the Clerk of this Court in the amount of \$200,000.00
13	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Counterclaimants Motion for a Writ of Possession is
4	DENIFD as MOOT.
5	IT IS SO ORDERED.
6	Dated this day of August, 2012.
17	
8	District Court Judge
9	Respectfully submitted by:  ROB BARE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32
20	COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON
2.1	Whi are
22	SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.
23	Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor
24	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd.,
25	dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and
26	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland. Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of
27	America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaiman
28	( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA \* \* \* \* \*

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY,

) CASE NO. A642583

A653029

Plaintiff,

DEPT NO. XXXII

VS.

CAM CONSULTING INC.,

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDING

Defendant.

AND RELATED PARTIES

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROB BARE, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

COUNTERCLAIMANTS' MOTION FOR MANDATORY INJUNCTION TO PROCURE CODES ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE APPLICATION FOR WRIT OF POSSESSION

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 2012

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: JENNIFER LLOYD-ROBINSON, ESQ.

For the Defendant:

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.

RECORDED BY ELLEN FUMO, COURT RECORDER TRANSCRIBED BY: KARR Reporting, Inc.

KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 2012, 9:49 A.M.
2	* * * *
3	THE CLERK: Page 4, Cashman Equipment Company v CAM
4	Consulting Incorporated, Case No. A-642583.
5	MR. BOSCHEE: Good morning, Judge. Brian Boschee,
6	Shemilly Briscoe for defendants.
7	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Good morning, Your Honor.
8	Jennifer Lloyd for Cashman Equipment Company.
9	THE COURT: And — who did you say — who was here
10	again? I'm sorry.
11	MR. BOSCHEE: Oh, I'm sorry. Brian Boschee and
12	Shemilly Briscoe from Driggs —
13	THE COURT: Oh, okay.
14	MR. BOSCHEE: on behalf of
15	THE COURT: Got it.
16	MR. BOSCHEE: — the defense and the —
17	THE COURT: And who are you?
18	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Jennifer Lloyd.
19	THE COURT: Lloyd-Robinson?
20	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Yeah. For Cashman Equipment
21	Company.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	MR. BOSCHEE: I think I can safely say that Mr.
25	Coleman will not be appearing on behalf of the Carvalhos since

he just told us he had the walking pneumonia earlier in — earlier in the day.

THE COURT: Okay. Yeah. I think you're right. Okay.

So CAM consulting, Mr. Boschee, Ms. Briscoe, you want me to — to give you — let's — let's start off with that.

What do you want me to do? You want me to enter a court injunctive order, or court order, so you can procure these generator codes and restrain Cashman from entering the City Hall project and tampering with the equipment or codes? Is that it?

MR. BOSCHEE: Not exact — I don't think we — we want to prohibit Cashman from going in and tampering with anything. What we want, essentially that's why the motion was a little bit of a hybrid, kind of a mandatory injunction slash perhaps writ of possession might be the — the proper — the proper vehicle for this.

We just want the codes. What we're looking for and — and what I — I think we tried to make clear in the reply is the — the City Hall is pretty much done. All of the stuff is in there, all of the equipment has been delivered.

Obviously, Mojave, you know, that's the whole dispute in the case. Mojave paid for it, CAM then did not pay Cashman, and here we all are.

But what we're asking for is -

THE COURT: Yeah. I was wondering how -- how -- I 1 mean, I saw the Whiting Turner representative. I guess they 2 were the general contractor. They've got an affidavit in here 3 saying that the codes were necessary to run the -- the air 4 5 conditioning over there? MR. BOSCHEE: Well, to run a lot of the safety -- a 6 7 lot of the safety apparati over there. I mean, it's really --THE COURT: Which --8 MR. BOSCHEE: -- they're -- they're a necessary --9 they're a necessary evil, I guess, for lack of a better word. 10 They're necessary for the safety and the ongoing finish --11 12 completion of the project. THE COURT: Okay. So HVAC, that's air conditioning, 13 14 isn't it? 15 MR. BOSCHEE: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. So how long has City Hall been 16 17 open? MR. BOSCHEE: That I don't know. Couple months, 18 maybe. I mean, to the extent it's been open -19 20 THE COURT: Well, I mean -MR. BOSCHEE: - at all -21 22 MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I think they haven't -THE COURT: - the mayor - the mayor's over there 23 24 for -25 MR. BOSCHEE: I was going to say -

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1	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: The mayor.
2	MR. BOSCHEE: — the mayor's been there for —
3	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I think they have a temp
4	temporary —
5	MR. BOSCHEE: Yeah.
6	THE COURT: And my my guess is you turn our air
7	conditioning on, it's —
8	MR. BOSCHEE: Well, I was going to say —
9	THE COURT: it's working.
10	MR. BOSCHEE: they they have a temporary
11	certificate. That's so I don't know whose
12	THE COURT: That's what I was wondering. I mean,
13	how's it how's the stuff working now without the codes?
14	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: It's working, it's like a backup
15	system —
16	MR. BOSCHEE: Yeah.
17	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: is my understanding. It's
18	sort it runs behind the scenes in case the power goes out
19	or in case the something happened to the generator, the
20	generator heeds to come on.
21	THE COURT: So using a backup system, but they're not
22	using the contemplated sort of front line system that requires
23	these codes?
24	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I'm sorry. I made I mis I
25	misstated that. This is the backup system.

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MR. BOSCHEE: This is the backup system.

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: These codes are to run the backup system.

THE COURT: Oh, okay.

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: They're to run the generators.

The electrical is functioning, the HVAC is functioning, City

Hall has been moved into. It's been occupied —

THE COURT: Well, I — I figured that —

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: -- it has a TCO.

THE COURT: - out already.

MR. BOSCHEE: What also, aside from being a backup system, my understanding, and — and Jennifer could probably, if — if I'm wrong about this, can correct me, I believe that these codes and this backup system, when something does go wrong, these are necessary to tell you what is wrong, what it actually — what's wrong.

So let's say something in the mainframe doesn't work, the HVAC, whatever, stops working, these codes would be necessary as part of the backup to tell you exactly what is — what has failed so you can go in and fix it without having to kind of recreate the wheel.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BOSCHEE: So that's — and really, I mean, in terms of, you know, the way the motion is styled, that's all we're asking for. I mean, we're just asking for those codes

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so that this backup system can be put in place. We're not asking to kind of alter the status quo, we're not asking to do anything. I understand Cashman's position that they don't want to do work anymore on - on a project they haven't been paid for. But really our concern here is it's more of a safety mechanism. The - the City Hall is done, it's open, but this backup isn't in place -

THE COURT: Okay, I understand that --

MR. BOSCHEE: -- and our concern is, you know, we just want to get that in there.

THE COURT: I understand it. And you -- let me tell you a little bit. You guys can sit down and relax for a second. I -- I want to tell you a little bit about sort of my initial thoughts in looking at this. And I say this in all due respect to your side of it, Mr. Boschee, okay.

I mean, Cashman provided equipment to CAM Consulting, it appears to me, in this whole case. Now, did - did - and then CAM did work on City Hall. And the idea was money was paid to CAM from a subcontractor and I see the complaint, of course, says Cashman says, Wait a second, we didn't get paid. We were -- we acted in good faith, we provided the equipment, we didn't get paid.

And that, of course, involved allegations that extend all the way to the owner of CAM, this guy Angelo Carvalho. And the idea is supplemented, I think, that - I mean, I'm not saying that Cashman wins. But I am saying that they—
they've asserted and somewhat shown that there were some
checks that were submitted that couldn't be negotiated, and
their claim is for over \$750,000 in damages. And that right
now it seemed like the discovery and the activity in the case
is really designed to figure out what happened to the money

and do a money trail and figure out where it went.

a lot. And I respect that.

And what I — what I'm saying is, Mr. Boschee, I mean, again, I'm not saying that Cashman wins, and they've got a dead-on case. But what I am saying is their claims seem to be pretty substantial and I don't blame them, really, for what — for taking the posture that they don't want to necessarily release these codes, because they provided equipment and they feel like they've really been damaged and they've been through

So what I'm thinking as a preliminary thought is this. It seems like it, just from a public policy, for the goodness of the city and the building sort of a point of view, it makes sense to have a backup system that's operational in the event you were to need it. And I'll just take it as a fact that these codes are necessary to make it operational if it were needed.

But the deal is, I think that in fairness to it,

Cashman should be protected financially somehow. And so that

some sort of a bond for the full value of what this code

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situation would equate out to. I say this in all due respect, but I think that's the balancing here.

Now, I know that you said in here that there's some sort of already public bond put in place, a surety bond in public works and all. But I'd rather — I'd rather see something standalone put in place to make sure that Cashman has an absolute protection, financial protection. I just think that's appropriate.

The other thing I'd say to you is this writ of attachment or writ of possession angle, though I respect it, I think it'll become unnecessary to get to if we just proceed in the injunctive mode with having to do with the codes. In other words, I'd be inclined to give you a court order that — that we — the codes come over. But the bond amount I think should be the full value that Cashman tells me they'd be owed for this. As a — and not — not worry about whether there's some kind of public works, lien stuff going on. Because I think you'd be better protected if there was a standalone security protection. That's what I think.

So tell — why don't you tell me what you — you think about that, please, Ms. Lloyd-Robinson — Robinson?

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I think if you are leaning toward issuing a preliminary injunction, that there would be a separate bond required. I would argue that really what they're seeking is specific performance, that they're lacking

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a few key elements and going against the wrong party. I mean, to get specific performance, you need to have paid tendered performance, and they haven't paid my client. Because their contract was with CAM, this motion should really be against CAM, forcing CAM to perform under its contract with Mojave.

If you're going to require a bond, I mean, I don't know the value of the codes broken out, because it was a full complete system. So I would say the bond should be in the amount of the contract, which was \$755,000. Because they are seeking specific performance, even though there's no contract, there's no mutuality, and my client has not been paid. My client is the only party that hasn't been paid.

THE COURT: I know. And I'm real sympathetic to your client. I think you can see that. I think that —

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Mojave's been paid, CAM's been paid -

THE COURT: I think — I think your client got the short end of it. I think your client probably trusted, you know, the events —

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Things to work right —

THE COURT: Of course. And that's usually what you

do in these contractor deals, right. But it just didn't — it

didn't work out. So I — I totally sympathize with your

client being reluctant to do anything further.

But I do think that the bond amount, I mean, the

compromise in my mind is I'll give you a standalone bond amount. But I don't know if it's the whole \$750,000. I mean, it'd be something reasonably related to the code issue. I don't know how you valuate that.

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I would actually have to check with my — my client. I don't really know how if it's — there's a way to break it down. Because —

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: — like I said, it was sold kind of as a — a complete package to CAM. And I would only add in equity that Mojave is the one that chose not to issue a joint check to ensure that Cashman was paid. They chose to pay CAM directly, they had previous dealings with CAM, they required CAM to be used. So they're asking for fairness, but I really feel like my client is being, you know, almost damaged again in being, you know, required to provide these codes, where their performance has been excused. They have not been paid. They are not required to do anything else until they've been paid.

THE COURT: I understand. But I'm — my thought is it makes sense to have the — the backup system potentially operational. And that wins the day for me.

So, Mr. Boschee, why don't you tell me what you think the reasonable value of the codes would be?

MR. BOSCHEE: Yeah. Again, and - and Jennifer's

right. I mean, we have a — we have a little bit of an issue in terms of it's difficult to value the codes independently of the equipment. What I would say is, you know, the — the bonds that are in place that my client — again, my client, Mojave has paid, did pay out, I understand it didn't get to Cashman, but they did — they did pay. They have posted the bond in one and a half times the amount of the contract, the lien amount.

So there's a bond in place. They're protected to the tune of — of over a million dollars at this point in terms of damages. So, I — I don't — you know, I don't think protection is that big of an issue for them in terms of if they prevail and they're awarded the — the contract amount, you know, unless there's something defective in their — they're going to get it. So I don't think that that's really that — that — that great of an issue for — for Cashman going forward.

In terms of the amount of the codes based upon that protection, I would — I would submit that it should be a nominal amount of — the — the lien should be, you know, I would think, you know, something, \$25-\$50,000 at the most. Because I — I just don't think that the codes independently are worth that much more than the amount that's already protected. Again, the entire contract amount, which is protected with the other surety bond. So.

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I would only add to that the lien release bond. So, if for some reason the lien failed, the surety's not going to pay on that bond. It's not security for Cashman's breach of contract, unjust enrichment, every other claim that's been brought in this case. So, if we prevail on some other claim besides that, it wouldn't secure payment. So — and I mean, their — their own affidavit I think valued the codes at something like \$200,000.

So I would request if — if Your Honor was trying to value the codes, that I be allowed to provide some type of settlement to the Court, given that I wasn't really anticipating that to be the central issue.

MR. BOSCHEE: I think the declaration — I think the declaration was as to the — the entire switch gear. I don't think that was the codes that — that was — that the — but again, I mean, that — that was a number that — that valued, again, more than just the codes. But — but I — I think, you know, again —

THE COURT: How about we just do a \$200,000 bond and we — and that's it. You don't have to supplement anything, because you — you'd agree with that, wouldn't you?

MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: I mean, I — I — I hesitate. I don't agree that it's correct to issue the injunction. But if Your Honor's inclined to, I do agree that there must be a bond required. I think I've offered argument on that. So —

THE COURT: That seems pretty reasonable, given that your initial request was \$750,000, the whole deal as a bond. I mean, I understand there's protection put in place with the surety situation, but I do agree that with your — with your line of argument, there's a — there's a scenario whereby something bad could happen and you're not protected. I want you to be protected, because I think you've been through a lot on this and it's fair to you. It's fair.

I also want to give them the codes, because I — I find that that's the right thing to do for a lot of reasons. So what I'll do is the Motion for Mandatory Injunction to procure the codes, I'll grant that. I'm going to put a bond requirement, however, attached to it, so it wouldn't be effective until after the bond's posted, of \$200,000. And that's a standalone bond. And I think that's sufficient to protect further — further protect Cashman in this situation. I think that's a fair combination to it.

Now, the prejudgment writ of attachment, then, becomes an area moot, I don't need to get to, given that I've given injunctive relief. Okay?

MR. BOSCHEE: Okay. Yeah. The only — the — the prejudgment writ of attachment argument that I think we made was kind of a long the lines of if you're inclined to give them a bond and put a value on this, I don't think they've made a showing as to their other claims. I mean, they've got

1	a lien claim and a contract claim that I think it protected by		
2	the surety bond. But as to everything else, the conspiracy		
3	and the fraud and everything else, I mean, they just haven't		
4	made a showing as to that, we're way too early in the case to		
5	even put a value on any of that		
6	THE COURT: I don't need to get to that.		
7	MR. BOSCHEE: — because we haven't even		
8	THE COURT: I don't need to get to that		
9	MR. BOSCHEE: — taken the depositions yet.		
10	THE COURT: that either, really.		
11	MR. BOSCHEE: So.		
12	THE COURT: I just all I'm doing is giving the		
13	you the injunctive relief, and you can draft the order. Okay?		
14	MR. BOSCHEE: Okay. And we'll write up a — counsel,		
15	obviously, before you submit it.		
16	MS. LLOYD-ROBINSON: Thank you, Your Honor.		
17	MR. BOSCHEE: Thank you, Judge.		
18	THE COURT: All right.		
19	(Court recessed at 10:03 a.m.)		
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#### CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

#### AFFIRMATION

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

KARR REPORTING, INC. Aurora, Colorado

KIMBERLY LAWSON

## ORIGINAL

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PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 9617

3 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 10928

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290

Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

6 Tel: 702 233-4225

Fax: 702 233-4252

jrobinson@pezzillorobinson.com

mmaskas@pezzillorobinson.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

Cashman Equipment Company

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,

Plaintiff,

VS.

CAM CONSULTING INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; DOES 1 - 10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 - 10, inclusive;

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO.: A642583 DEPT.: 32

200

Consolidated with Case No.: A653029

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
OF ORDER GRANTING IN PART
COUNTERCLAIMANTS' MOTION FOR
PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION TO
PROCURE CODES OR ALTERNATIVELY
MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION AND
REQUEST FOR ORDER SHORTENING
TIME

Date:

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PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUTE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL 702 233-4225 By:

Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman"), by and through its attorney of record, respectfully submits the following Motion for Reconsideration of Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes or Alternatively Motion for Clarification and Request for Order Shortening Time. This Motion is supported by the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the exhibits attached hereto, and any evidence adduced at the hearing hereof.

#### ORDER SHORTENING TIME

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, and good cause appearing therefore,

Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes or Alternatively Motion for Clarification be shortened, therefore the hearing will be held on the 14th day of September, 2012, at 9:00 a.m. Any opposition shall be filed, with a Courtesy copy to chambers, by September 7, 2012, at District Court Judge 5:00 pm. Any Reply Shall be filed, with a Courtesy Copy to Chambers, by September 11, 2012, at Soopm. Respectfully Submitted:

DATED: August 22, 2012

JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 9617
Marisa L. Maskas, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10928
PEZZILLO ROBINSON
6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
Attorneys for Cashman Equipment Company

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## AFFIDAVIT OF JENNIFER R. LLOYD-ROBINSON, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME

I, Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq., after being duly sworn, depose and say:

- I am a partner at the law firm of Pezzillo Robinson, attorneys for Cashman Equipment Company, in the above-captioned lawsuit. I am over the age of eighteen years and am competent to testify to the matters set forth herein. This affidavit is based upon my personal knowledge of this action and is submitted in support of the request that the Motion for Reconsideration of Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes be heard on shortened time.
- The order shortening time is necessary because it is anticipated that Defendants will seek enforcement of the Order Based upon Counterclaimants Motion to Procure Codes shortly.
- 3. Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration cannot be heard in the ordinary course as the preliminary injunction obtained by Defendants in this matter was issued in error, as the Court did not make the findings required to issue a preliminary injunction; therefore Cashman seeks reconsideration prior to being forced to perform under a contract where its performance has been excused.
- 4. An Order Shortening Time is also required should the Court deny Cashman's request for reconsideration of it decision granting Counterclaimants' request for a preliminary injunction, as the language contained in the Order is unclear and Cashman requires clarification in order to comply with the Order.
- The Security Bond posted by Defendants contains defects and Cashman requests a determination from the Court as to the sufficiency of the Security Bond prior to being required to act.

FUTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of August, 2012.

Notary Public in and for shid county and state

Jennifer R. Lloyd Robinson, Esq. (NV Bar #9617)



# PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

#### INTRODUCTION

Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes should be granted and the Court should deny Counterclaimant's requested relief, as the Court did not find and they did not establish a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims, nor did the Court find that Counterclaimants would suffer irreparable harm if Cashman is not forced to complete startup on equipment supplied to the New Las Vegas City Hall Project (the "Project") and for which Cashman has not received payment. In other words, Counterclaimants have not and cannot meet their burden under Nevada law to request from the Court equitable relief, in the form of a preliminary injunction, that actually harms Cashman, as the cost of startup is significant, especially where Cashman has not received any payment for the equipment supplied and the potential liability assumed by Cashman is great.

Additionally, even if the Court were to find that the preliminary injunction is valid as issued, the relief requested by Counterclaimants in the Motion was not clear, has led to the issuance of an order with which Cashman is unable to comply, and the bond posted by Counterclaimants is not sufficient. First, the Order requires Cashman to "install" the switchgear codes. See Exhibit "1," a trate and correct copy of the Notice of Entry of Order. Given that Counterclaimants have not detailed what work has been completed on the equipment, the status of the equipment, what startup functions have been completed or even what they want the requested relief to accomplish, Cashman cannot know what the "install" would require to adequately determine what needs to be completed, the cost to Cashman and the potential liability Cashman could assume. Further, the bond requirements must be more clearly determined by the Court so as to provide adequate protection to Cashman, as it is the only party to this matter that has not received payment and this injunction would force Cashman to perform under a contract where Cashman's performance has been excused due to nonpayment.

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#### ARGUMENTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### Cashman's Motion For Reconsideration Is Properly Before The Court

Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration is timely pursuant to EDCR 2.24. EDCR 2.24(b) provides:

> A party seeking reconsideration of a ruling of the court, other than any order which may be addressed by motion pursuant to N.R.C.P. 50(b), 52(b), 59 or 60, must file a motion for such relief within 10 days after service of written notice of the order or judgment unless the time is shortened or enlarged by order. A motion for rehearing or reconsideration must be served, noticed, filed and heard as is any other motion. A motion for reconsideration does not toll the 30-day period for filing a notice of appeal from a final order or judgment.

The Notice of Entry of Order on Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes was served on August 13, 2012. See Exhibit "1." Cashman has filed this Motion within 10 days of the Notice of Entry of Order, making its Motion for Reconsideration timely.

Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration is based upon clear error as Counterclaimants' did not establish, nor did the Court find, that the Counterclaimants have a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims, nor did the Counterclaimants establish that they would suffer irreparable harm, both of which are required in order for a preliminary injunction to issue. Re-hearings are appropriate when substantially different evidence is subsequently introduced or the decision is clearly erroneous. See Masonry & Tile Contractor Ass'n of S. Nev. v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth, Ltd., 113 Nev. 737, 941 P.2d 486 (1997). If the motion to reconsider is being made upon an allegation of clear error, the burden is on the movant to demonstrate that there exist manifest errors of law or fact upon which the judgment is based. See McDowell v. Calderon, 197 F.3d 1253, 1255 (9th Cir. Cal. 1999). A finding of clear error requires "a definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed." Easley v. Cromartie, 532 U.S. 234, 242 (2001) (citing United States v. Gypsum Co., 333 U.S. 364, 395 (1948)).

Here, Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration is not brought merely because Cashman does not agree with the Court. A preliminary injunction is an equitable remedy and the party moving for the preliminary injunction must demonstrate certain specific elements in order for its request to be considered. Specifically, Counterclaimants were required to show that there was a likelihood of

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success on the merits of their claims and that Counterclaimants would suffer irreparable harm if the startup of the equipment Cashman supplied to the Project was not completed. As demonstrated below, Counterclaimants did not meet their burden and the preliminary injunction was issued in error.

B. The Preliminary Injunction Was Issued In Error As There Was No Finding By The Court That Counterclaimants Have A Likelihood Of Success On The Merits Of Their Claims, Nor Did The Court Find Counterclaimants Would Suffer Irreparable Injury; Therefore, The Court Should Reconsider Its Decision And Deny Counterclaimants' Request As They Cannot Meet Their Burden Under The Facts Of This Matter.

The Court need look no further than the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and the Order on Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes to determine that the preliminary injunction was issued without sufficient basis in law and that Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes should have been denied, as the Counterclaimants did not and cannot demonstrate a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims and the Counterclaimants did not demonstrate that Cashman's refusal to complete full startup on equipment for which Cashman has not been paid will irreparably harm Counterclaimants such that compensatory damages are inadequate. As such, this Court should reconsider its decision and deny Counterclaimants' request.

A preliminary injunction is only appropriate when "an applicant can show a likelihood of success on the merits and a reasonable probability that the non-moving party's conduct, if allowed to continue, will cause irreparable harm for which compensatory damages is an inadequate remedy." Dangberg Holdings Nevada, LLC v. Douglas County and its Board of County Commissioners, 115 Nev. 129, 142-43 (1999); see also State, Bus. & Indus. v. Nev. Ass'n Servs., 128 Nev. Adv. Op. No. 34 (2012). The requirements for an injunction are also provided for by statute. NRS 33.010 provides that an injunction may be granted:

> 1. When it shall appear by the complaint that the plaintiff is entitled to the relief demanded, and such relief or any part thereof consists in restraining the commission or continuance of the act complained of, either for a limited period or perpetually.

- When it shall appear by the complaint or affidavit that the commission or continuance of some act, during the litigation, would produce great or irreparable injury to the plaintiff.
- 3. When it shall appear, during the litigation, that the defendant is doing or threatens, or is about to do, or is procuring or suffering to be done, some act in violation of the plaintiff's rights respecting the subject of the action, and tending to render the judgment ineffectual.

In other words, injunctive relief is available if there exists a reasonable probability that real injury, loss or damage will occur if the injunction does not issue. *Berryman v. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers*, 82 Nev. 277, 280 (1966). As discussed below, Counterclaimants did not meet their burden in requesting the Court to issue a preliminary injunction, and instead rely upon some vague allegations of harm to a nonparty to justify their request.

 The Court Did Not Find That The Counterclaimants Have A Likelihood Of Success On The Merits Of Their Claims, Which Is Required To Issue a Preliminary Injunction.

The Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law on Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes do not contain a finding that Counterclaimants have a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims in this matter. See Exhibit "1." In order to show a likelihood of success on the merits, Counterclaimants were not required to prove that they would ultimately prevail in this lawsuit; however, Counterclaimants were required to establish "a reasonable probability of success on the merits." Clark County Sch. Dist. v. Buchanan, 112 Nev. 1146, 1150, 924 P.2d 716, 719 (1996). As the Court did not find that Counterclaimants have a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims, the preliminary injunction was issued in error.

Counterclaimants did not demonstrate a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims, likely because such a showing would be nearly impossible. Counterclaimants do not even fully address this requirement in their Motion, merely offering conclusory statements instead of demonstrating a reasonable probability of success, likely because Counterclaimants should be looking to Cam, the party Mojave contracted with to supply the equipment for the requested relief.

Counterclaimants have brought claims against Cashman for Breach of Contract, Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing and Misrepresentation. See Counterclaimants Answer to Third Amended Complaint, Counterclaim Against Cashman Equipment Company and

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Crossclaim, filed on June 28, 2012. Counterclaimants did not present to this Court reasoning as to why they would likely succeed on these claims as that would be difficult if not impossible in this matter, given that Cashman's contract was with Cam, not Mojave. If Counterclaimants had brought this Motion against Cam, they could demonstrate that they had a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims against Cam, as they paid Cam for the equipment and Cam failed to fulfill its contractual duties and complete performance. Instead, Counterclaimants brought their request for a preliminary injunction against the only party that has not been paid in this matter - Cashman. It was Counterclaimants that required that Cam be used and Counterclaimants that refused to issue a joint check to ensure that Cashman received payment. Given that Cashman has offered unopposed testimony as to the contract it had with Cam and the fact that Cam failed to pay Cashman for the equipment Cashman supplied to the Project, it is difficult to see how Counterclaimants can demonstrate a likelihood of success on its claims against Cashman,

Further, Counterclaimants' Motion essentially sought specific performance, not a preliminary injunction. Specific performance is only available when: (1) the terms of the contract are definite and certain; (2) the remedy at law is inadequate; (3) an appellant has tendered performance; and (4) a court is willing to order specific performance. Mayfield v. Koroghli, 124 Nev. 343, 367 (2008). Here, Counterclaimants want Cashman to complete performance under Cashman's contract with Cam. However, Counterclaimants cannot seek specific performance without terndering performance. In other words, Counterclaimants must pay Cashman in order to seek to have Cashman perform under a contract where Cashman's performance was excused due to nonpayment. Simply calling their request a preliminary injunction does not make it so, when they are seeking to have Cashman complete performance. Counterclaimants should be looking to Cam, the party with which Counterclaimants chose to contract for any requested relief.

Finally, the Court, at the hearing on Counterclaimants' Motion, stated that Cashman had a likelihood of success on the merits of its claims, given that it supplied equipment to the Project and had not been paid for the equipment supplied. This statement calls into question how Counterclaimants could demonstrate a likelihood of success on the merits of their claims in this matter. Therefore, as the Court did not find that Counterclaimants have a likelihood of success on the

merits of their claims and that Counterclaimants are unable to fulfill this requirement, the Court should reconsider its previous ruling in issuing the preliminary injunction as it was in error and cannot issue as a matter of law.

The Court Did Not Find That The Counterclaimants Will Be Irreparably Harmed If
 Cashman Is Not Forced To Perform Under A Contract Where Its Performance Has Been Excused.

In addition to Counterclaimants' failure to establish a likelihood of success on their claim, Counterclaimants have also failed to establish that they would suffer irreparable injury, another requirement to the issuance of a preliminary injunction. In the Order, Paragraph 3 of the Conclusions of Law expressly states, "the City will suffer irreparable harm if Plaintiffs are not mandated..." See Exhibit "1." (Emphasis added). NRS 33.010(2) calls for Counterclaimants to establish that they will be irreparably harmed, and not the City; therefore, the preliminary injunction was issued in error. NRS 33.010(2) clearly states that an injunction is proper:

When it shall appear by the complaint or affidavit that the commission or continuance of some act, during the litigation, would produce great or irreparable injury to the [Counterclaimant].

(Emphasis added). "[A]n injunction should issue only in cases ... where irreparable injury to the personal or property rights of the individual will result unless protected by its restraining effect." Carroll v. Associated Musicians of Greater New York, 206 F. Supp. 462,478 (S.D.N.Y. 1962). It is the movant who must establish and affirmatively show that the acts sought to be restrained will violate the movant's rights. Id. See also Swift & Co. v. United States, 276 U.S. 311, 48 S.Ct. 311, 72 L.Ed. 587 (1928). Further, it must be established with reasonable probability that irreparable harm will be caused to the claimant should the injunction not be issued. See Carroll v. Associated Musicians of Greater New York, 206 F. Supp. 462. "Injunctions will not be granted merely to allay fears and apprehensions of individuals." Id. at 478. Counterclaimants have failed to establish with reasonable probability that they, not the City, will be irreparably harmed should Cashman not complete startup of the equipment, demonstrating Counterclaimants failure to meet its burden in requesting a preliminary injunction.

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Further, "irreparable harm is harm for which compensatory damages would be inadequate." Fritz Hansen A/S' v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 116 Nev. 650 (2000). Here, Counterclaimants' requested relief against Cashman is monetary damages. Their Counterclaims are for Breach of Contract, Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing and Misrepresentation. If Cashman does not install switchgear codes, as the Order currently requires, Counterclaimants have the alternative remedy of monetary damages. Therefore, as Counterclaimants have failed to meet the requirements to merit injunctive relief, Cashman's Motion to Reconsider should be granted and the Court should deny Counterclaimants request.

#### The Preliminary Injunction as Issued is Vague and the Bond posted by Counter-C. claimants is Insufficient

In the alternative, should the Court deny Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration, Cashman respectfully requests clarification of the Order as it is unclear as to Cashman's responsibilities and Cashman also seeks clarification as to the bond required for the preliminary injunction to issue as the bond posted is not sufficient.

#### 1. The Preliminary Injunction is Vague

The Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes is vague regarding the requirement for Cashman to "install the switchgear codes." See Exhibit "1." Cashman sold to Cam an entire package of equipment for the Project that included certain items. The equipment itself was delivered to the Project and installed by Mojave; this fact is not in dispute. However, subsequent to installation there are startup and other functions that are included with the package that Cashman did not perform, as its performance was excused due to Cam's breach of the contract in failing to pay Cashman for the equipment as required. This breach and the damage to Cashman have been established in the default judgments against Defendants Cam and Carvalho, currently submitted to the Court against Cam and Carvalho. Cashman understands and Mojave has represented that it has had third parties work on the equipment, and it is unclear what work was done to the equipment or how that may affect what Cashman is being required to do by this preliminary inunction. As such, Cashman seeks clarification as to what the word "install" requires. Cashman could install the switch codes, and the equipment may still not operate as anticipated given the state

PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6725 VIA AUSTI PARKWAY, SUITE 290 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119 TEL, 702 233-4225 the equipment may be in. Mojave has not accounted for the status of the equipment or whether any startup work has already been completed on the equipment. This information is critical and Cashman cannot comply with the Order without additional information.

Cashman also seeks clarification regarding the costs associated with this "install" requirement and the potential liability Cashman could assume in complying with the Order. As was acknowledged by the Court at the hearing, it is unclear where Cashman's potential work on this Project begins and may end. Is Cashman forced to assume liability for equipment that has been worked on by third parties, when this work could have been performed incorrectly? The Order is unclear regarding these issues and must be addressed.

#### 2. The "Injunction Bond" is Insufficient

The "Injunction Bond" posted by Mojave is insufficient as it identifies Mojave as the Plaintiff and contains conditions that are inapplicable to this matter and the claims that are currently pending before the Court. The Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Based upon Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes and Order required Counterclaimants to post a bond in the amount of \$200,000.00 for the protection of Plaintiff in order for the requested injunctive relief to become effective and enforceable. See Notice of Entry of Order, a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "2". If the Court denies Cashman's request for reconsideration, Cashman seeks to have the "Injunction Bond" modified so as to provide the protection the Court ordered Cashman to receive in order for the injunctive relief sought by Mojave to become effective and enforceable.

The Injunction Bond does not provide the protection ordered by the Court to be provided to Cashman. NRCP 65(c) requires that the injunction shall issue only" upon the giving of security by the applicant, in such sum as the court deems proper, for the payment of such costs and damages as may be incurred or suffered by any party who is found to have been wrongfully enjoined or restrained." During the hearing on Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes, the Court indicated that Mojave should provide security to Cashman and Mojave was requesting that Cashman provide, and apparently install, switchgear codes even though Cashman has not been paid for the equipment provided to the New Las Vegas City Hall Project, and should be excused from further performance under its contract with Cam. The Injunction Bond posted does not provide that security.

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While the Injunction Bond is in the amount of \$200,000.00 as ordered by the Court, the terms under which the bond is required to pay are vague and ambiguous, especially under the facts and circumstances of this matter. The Injunction Bond states that "if the said Plaintiff(s) shall pay such costs and damages as may be incurred or suffered by any party who is found to have been wrongfully enjoined or restrained, then this obligation is void, otherwise to remain in full force and effect, provided, however, that the total liability of the Surety shall not exceed the above amount." Id. The Order entered on Mojave's Motion to Procure Codes is essentially requiring Cashman to perform under a contract where it has not been paid. It is undisputed in this matter that Cashman has already incurred damages, as it has supplied equipment to the Project and has not been paid. The injunctive relief sought by Mojave is causing Cashman to incur additional damage as it is essentially requiring Cashman to fulfill duties under a contract where Cashman's performance has been excused due to Cam's breach and failure to pay.

The terms of the Injunction Bond limit payment and provide that it will pay only if a party has been wrongfully enjoined or restrained. It is unclear how, where it is undisputed that Cashman has not been paid for the equipment supplied, has been damaged by that nonpayment, and will suffer more damage because of Mojave's requested injunctive relief, Cashman can further establish that the injunctive relief requested is wrongful, and that it should be paid. At the hearing concerning Cashman's Applications for Default Judgments against Cam and Angelo Carvalho, the Court heard testimony as to the equipment supplied by Cashman which was incorporated into the Project and that Cashman remains unpaid for this equipment and is owed the principal amount of \$755,893.89. Mojave did not object to this testimony. Cashman has submitted the Default Judgments to the Court.

Finally, the Injunction Bond incorrectly identifies Mojave Electric as the Plaintiff in this matter. See Exhibit "1". This error may be no more than a scrivener's error; however, it should be corrected so as to avoid any issues that may arise with the surety based upon the misidentification of the parties.

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#### III.

#### CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth herein, Cashman respectfully requests that this Court grant its Motion for Reconsideration due to Counterclaimants' failure to meet the requirements for a preliminary injunction. In the alternative, should the Court deny Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration, Cashman seeks clarification of the Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes and for the "Injunction Bond" to be modified as requested.

DATED: August 22, 2012

PEZZILLO ROBINSON

By:

Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 10928 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff, Cashman Equipment Company

## **EXHIBIT 1**

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1	NOTC BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ.	Alun D. Chum		
2	Nevada Bar No. 7612	CHECK OF THE COURT		
3	E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.	CLERK OF THE COURT		
4	Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com			
5	COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON			
9	400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor			
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308			
7	Facsimile: 702/791-1912			
9	Attorney for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant			
0	DYSTRICT COLUMN			
1	DISTRICT COURT			
12	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
13	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,	15/05/03		
14	Plaintiff,	Case No: A642583 Dept. No.: 32		
15	v.			
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROB CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER		
25	AND RELATED MATTERS.			
26	YOU, and each of you, will please take n	otice that an Order Granting Counterclaimants'		
- 1	Motion to Procure Codes in the above entitled m	natter was filed and entered by the Clerk of the		
27	above-entitled Court on the 10th day of August, 20	012, a copy of which is attached hereto		
40	Page 1	of3		

day of August, 2012. Dated this COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 

Page 2 of 3

15775-72/927767

#### CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 13th day of August, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP 2 5(b), I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE 3 OF ENTRY OF ORDER, postage prepaid and addressed to: 4 5 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON 6 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 7 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorneys for Plaintiff 8 Edward Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 9 8275 S. Eastern, Suite 200 10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho 11 Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. 12 ELLSWORTH & BENNION, CHTD. 777 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 270 13 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Element Iron and DesignAttorneys for 14 15 16 An employee of Cotton, Driggs, Walch, 17 Holley, Woloson & Thompson 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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ORDR BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9985 4 B-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 5 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 702/791-1912 Facsimile: Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 12 Nevada corporation, A642583 Case No .: 13 Dept. No.: Plaintiff, 32 14 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an 16 individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA 17 ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE FINDINGS OF FACT AND ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN CONCLUSIONS OF LAW BASED UPON 18 SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a COUNTERCLAIMANTS MOTION TO TO PROCURE CODES 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a 20 surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; 21 DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 22 Defendants. 23 AND RELATED MATTERS. 24 Counterclaimants' Motion for Mandatory Injunction to Procure Codes on Order 25 Shortening Time or in the Alternative Application for Writ of Possession, having been heard by 26 the Court on August 3, 2012 at 9:00 a.m.; Brian Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly Briscoe, Esq., 27 appearing on behalf of Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE 28

15775-72/927052

ELECTRIC("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY ("Whiting") and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MAYRLAND'S (hereinafter collectively Counterclaimants); Jennifer Lloyd-Robinson, Esq., appearing on behalf of Plaintiff, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY("Cashman"). The Court having reviewed the Motion, Opposition and Reply briefs, and having heard argument and being fully advised, the Court concludes as follows:

#### FINDINGS OF FACT

- On or about February 11, 2010, Mojave entered into a Construction contract with Whiting to construct the New Las Vegas City Hall Project.
- The scope of Mojave's work partially included bringing power to the Project and obtaining the equipment to consolidate the different electrical systems.
- The equipment was delivered by Cashman and was installed on the Project, but the accompanying codes for the switchgear were not provided.
- The Building Automated System for City Hall is not fully functional without the codes.
- Cashman refused to produce the code information based upon the underlying pay dispute with CAM, as CAM failed to pay Cashman for the equipment.
- Without the codes, the City Hall has an incomplete operating system which
  prevents the City from completion of the project.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

#### THE COURT FINDS:

- Counterclaimants have shown, through declarations and other evidence, that
  potential immediate and irreparable injury, loss and/or damage will occur to the City without an
  injunction;
- The instant Order is appropriate considering public policy issues to protect City from future equipment issues;
- The City will suffer irreparable harm if Plaintiffs are not mandated in this Order as requested by the Plaintiffs.

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1	<ol><li>The balance of hardships weighs in favor of the City.</li></ol>		
2	<ol> <li>Plaintiffs merit protection due to the ongoing dispute in the form of a separate</li> </ol>		
3	bond in the amount of \$200,000.00.		
4	OR	DER	
5	Based upon the foregoing, IT IS	HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND	
6	DECREED that Counterclaimants' Motion to Procure Codes is GRANTED IN PART AND		
7	DENIED IN PART;		
8	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED Cashman Equipment Company install the switchgear codes		
9	on the City Hall Project; and		
10	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to NRCP 65(c), before any injunctive relief,		
11	as stated herein, shall become effective and enforceable, Defendant shall post a bond or cash		
12	security with the Clerk of this Court in the amount of \$200,000.00.		
13	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Counterclaimants Motion for a Writ of Possession is		
14	DENIED as MOOT.  IT IS SO ORDERED.  Dated this day of August, 2012.		
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17		2.22	
18	5	District Court Judge	
19	Respectfully submitted by:	ROB BARE JUDGE, DISTRICT COURT, DEPARTMENT 32	
20	COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH,		
21	HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON		
22	Maire Proces		
23	SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985		
24	400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
25	Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company,		
26	The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland,		
27	Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaiman		
28	3 A 1		
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# **EXHIBIT 2**

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NOTC 1 BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 CLERK OF THE COURT E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. 3 Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: SBriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, 5 HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 702/791-1912 Facsimile: Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 13 Nevada corporation, Case No.: A642583 14 Plaintiff, Dept. No.: (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 15 16 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a 19 Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a 20 surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; 22 DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS. 25 NOTICE OF POSTING SECURITY BOND 26 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE, Defendant West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, 27 Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant, has herewith posted a security bond in the amount of 28

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\$200,000 pursuant to the Court's Order dated August 3, 2012. Original Bond No. 58690045 is attached hereto as Exhibit "A." Dated this day of August, 2012. COTTON DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 

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# EXHIBIT A

County of Clark	IN THE _District COUR
}	*
vs. Plaintiff(s)	INJUNCTION BOND
Defendant(s)	
KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:	Bond No. , 58690045
That we, the above named Plaint COMPANY, a corporation duly licensed Surety, are held and firmly bound unto Two Hundred Thousand Only	to do business in the State of Nevada, as the above entitled Court in the sum of
THE CONDITION OF THE AROUN OPLICA	e, we bind ourselves and our legal representatives, jointly  TION IS SUCH, That whoreas, the Plaintiff(s) seeks an and is required to give bond by virtue of N.R.C.P. 65 (c)
NOW, THEREFORE, if the said Plaintiff(s) si	hall pay such costs and damages as may be incurred or congfully enjoined or restrained, then this obligation to be provided, however, that the total liability of the Surety
Dated this 6th day of August	
	West Edna, Ltd., dba Morave Electric Principal
Countersigned	WESTER SURETY COMPANY
Nevada Resident Agent	By Glegory A. Hanis, Attorney-in-Fact

Form F2093-8-93

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PRINCIPAL (Corporate Officer) STATE OF NEVADA County of Clark On this . day of\_ parsonally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for the above County. , known (or proved) to Moridant me to be the \_ Q, executing the same on behalf of the corporation that executed the foregoing instrument, and on oath did depose that he is the officer of the corporation as above designated; that he is acquainted with the seal of the corporation and that the seal affixed to the instrument is the corporate seal of the corporation; that the signatures to the instrument were made by officers of the corporation as indicated after the signatures; and that the corporation executed the instrument freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes field the property voluntarily and for the uses and purposes field the state of N County of Clar My commission expires CHARLOTTE TIL My Appointment Exp October 12, 2013 Notary Public, Nevada ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF PRINCIPAL (Individual or Firm) STATE OF NEVADA County of. On this . day of . personally appeared before me, a Notary Public in and for the above County, .. ., known (or proved) to me to be the person \_\_\_\_ described in and who executed the same freely and voluntarily, and for the uses and purposes therein mentioned. My commission expires Notary Public, Navada ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF SURETY (Attorney-in-Fact) STATE OF Nevada County of Clark August On this 6th day of. , before me, a notary public in and for said State, personally appeared \_ Gregory J. Harris to me personally known and being by me duly sworn, did say that he is the Attorney-in-Fact of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a corporation of Sioux Falls, South Dakota, created, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of South Dakota, that the said instrument was executed on behalf of the said corporation by authority of its Board of Directors and that the said Attorney-In-Fact \_ acknowledges said instrument to be the free act and deed of said corporation and that he has authority to sign said instrument. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal at Las Vegas Nevada , the day and year last above written. My commission expires November 15 2013 Notary Public KELLY M. LAMB STATE OF NEVADA My Commission Expin Certificate No: 09-11436

# Western Surety Company

### POWER OF ATTORNEY APPOINTING INDIVIDUAL ATTORNEY-IN-FACT

Know All Men By These Presents, That WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a South Dakota corporation, is a duly organized and existing corporation having its principal office in the City of Sioux Falls, and State of South Dakota, and that it does by virtue of the signature and scal herein affixed hereby make, constitute and appoint

Gregory J Harris, Kelly M Lamb, Chris V Summers, Individually

of Las Vegas. NV, its true and lawful Attorney(s)-in-Fact with full power and authority hereby conformed to sign, seal and execute for and on its behalf bonds, undertakings and other obligatory instruments of similar nature

### - In Unlimited Amounts -

and to bind it thereby as fully and to the same extent as if such instruments were signed by a duly authorized officer of the corporation and all the acts of said Attorney, pursuant to the authority hereby given, are hereby sulfied and confirmed,

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the By-Law printed on the reverse hereof, duly adopted, as indicated, by the shareholders of the corporation.

In Witness Whereof, WESTERN SURETY COMPANY has caused these presents to be signed by its Senior Vice President and its corporate seal to be hereto offixed on this 8th day of September, 2011.

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

Paul T Bullet

State of South Dakota County of Minnehalm } 55

On this 8th day of September, 2011, before me personally came Paul T. Bruflat, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: that he resides in the City of Sioux Falls, State of South Dakota; that he is the Senior Vice President of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY described in and which executed the above instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal offixed to the said instrument is such emporate seal; that it was so affixed pursuant to authority given by the Board of Directors of said corporation and that he signed his name thereto pursuant to like authority, and neknowledges same to be the set and deed of said corporation.

My commission expires

November 30, 2012

D. KRELL
NOTARY PUBLIC SALVANDAN TA SOUTH DAKOTA SALVANDAN TA SOUTH DAKOTA SALVANDAN TA SALVANDA

Aleb Krell, Nother Public

CERTIFICATE

I. L. Nelson. Assistant Secretary of WESTERN SURETY COMPANY do hereby certify that the Power of Attorney hereinabaye set forth is still in force, and further certify that the By-Law of the corporation printed on the reverse hereof is still in force. In testimony whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of the said corporation this 112 day of 112 day of 112.

WESTERN SURETY COMPANY

J. Relson

Farm F4280-0)-06

### CERTIFICATE OF MAILING 1 I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 9th day of August, 2012 and pursuant to NRCP 2 5(b), I deposited for mailing in the U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE 3 OF POSTING SECURITY BOND, postage prepaid and addressed to: 4 Jennifer R. Lloyd-Robinson, Esq. Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. PEZZILLO ROBINSON 5 6 6725 Via Austi Parkway, Suite 290 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 7 Attorneys for Plaintiff 8 Edward Coleman, Esq. COLEMAN LAW ASSOCIATES 9 8275 S. Eastern, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89123 10 Attorneys for Defendant Janel Rennie aka Janel Carvalho 11 Keen L. Ellsworth, Esq. ELLSWORTH & BENNION, CHTD. 12 777 N. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 270 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 13 Attorneys for Element Iron and Design 14 15 16 An employee of Cotton, Driggs, Walch, Holley, Woloson & Thompson 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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1 MSJD BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 E-mail:bboschee@nevadafirm.com CLERK OF THE COURT 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 4 E-mail:sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSÓN & THÓMPSON 5 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 702/791-0308 Telephone: 7 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The 8 Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Case No .: A642583 Dept. No .: 32 13 Nevada corporation, (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) 14 Plaintiff, 15 MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF SURETY PAYMENT AND LICENSE 16 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada BOND CLAIMS corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL 17 CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING 19 TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND 20 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; 22 DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS. 25 COMES NOW, Defendants/Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba 26 MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, 27 ("Western"), a surety, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, ("Whiting"), 28

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TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, ("Travelers") a surety, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, ("Fidelity") (collectively "Counterclaimants" or "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys of record, Brian W. Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly A. Briscoe, Esq. of the law firm of COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON, hereby move this Honorable Court for summary judgment against Plaintiff CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Cashman" or "Plaintiff") and in favor of the Fidelity and Travelers Licensing and Payment Bonds.

Summary judgment is warranted here because: (1) there are no genuine issues of material fact that Cashman failed to comply with the mandatory notice provisions of the bonds, and therefore recovery is barred; (2) Cashman failed to mitigate its damages and put any Insurance Policy on notice of Angelo Carvalho's ("Carvalho") acts; (3) Nevada statutes preclude surety coverage to a fourth-tier supplier; and (4) an intervening mechanic's lien bond and additional bond for codes supersede and release the surety bonds and render them unnecessary.

This Motion for Summary Judgment of Surety Payment and License Bond Claims (the "Motion") is made and based upon NRCP 56, the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities below, the declarations attached hereto and incorporated by reference, the pleadings and papers on file herein and such oral argument as may be adduced at a hearing on this matter.

Dated this 3046 day of August, 2012.

COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

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### NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:

YOU, and each of you, will please take notice that the undersigned will bring the above and foregoing MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF SURETY PAYMENT AND LICENSE BOND CLAIMS on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 15 day of Oct., 2012 at 9:00 a.m. in Department XXXII.

Dated this 30th day of August, 2012.

> COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESO.

Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

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### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

### I. INTRODUCTION

Simply because a subcontractor or supplier is owed money does not establish liability pursuant to surety bonds. First, Nevada law provides that a claimant must comply with the notice and limitation provisions of the bond before the surety's obligations will arise. Here, Cashman failed to comply with direct and obvious notice provisions and thus, it waived its ability to now collect on the bond. Second, the payment bond applies to only parties who contracted directly with Whiting. Mojave was the party that contracted with CAM Consulting, Inc. ("CAM") on behalf of Cashman. Third, Cashman is four (4) steps removed from coverage and NRS §339.035 precludes such claim. Finally, an intervening bond has been issued by Mojave, which takes the place of any prior surety bond (including a license bond) and secures payment for Cashman. This action does not require Travelers and Fidelity (collectively, the Sureties") in any capacity, and thus, Defendants respectfully request summary judgment, because there are no genuine issues of material fact remaining and the Payment Bond and License Bond (both defined below) have no relevant place in this lawsuit.

### II. STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

This action resulted from a subcontractor, CAM's failure to issue payment to Cashman for equipment provided on the construction project referred to as the New Las Vegas City Hall Project (the "Project") located in Las Vegas, Nevada. Fidelity and Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America ("Travelers") (collectively the "Sureties"), respectively, issued two cosurety bonds on the Project. These bonds included the Performance and Payment Bonds on behalf of Whiting Turner for the contract between Whiting Turner and QH Las Vegas, LLC. A licensing bond was also issued by Fidelity for Whiting Turner.

Cashman has alleged in this action that CAM fraudulently transferred the Cashman payment to other parties. Cashman has brought claims in its Third Amended Complaint against the Whiting Contractor's License Bond of Fidelity, and Payment Bond of Fidelity and

See Third Am. Compl., pgs. 3 and 14-17.

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Travelers.2 Cashman has also sought relief through a recorded mechanic's lien in its Third Amended Complaint.3 As a result, Mojave entered a Mechanic's Lien Release Bond (the "Mechanic's Bond") issued by Western as Bond Number 58685401.4

Cashman does not qualify for coverage pursuant to either the Payment Bond (defined below) or License bond in this matter and has not complied with its obligations as a claimant.

### A. Payment Bond

Fidelity-Travelers Payment Bond No. 8997023/105375118 (the "Payment Bond") dated 1/7/2010 was issued on the Whiting contract in this action.5 The Payment Bond provides that the Surety (i.e., Fidelity or Travelers) has no obligation to make payment to persons who remain unpaid by the Principal, Whiting, if the conditions precedent are not met.6 Specifically, in relevant part, the Payment Bond provides:

> Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor: Not having been paid within the above 30 days, have sent a written notice to the surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that the claim is being made under this Bond and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice furnished to the Contractor. (Section 4.2.3)

Written notice by any claimant is mandatory before the Surety (i.e., Fidelity or Travelers) has any obligation thereto.7 Cashman did not contract directly with Whiting and has not submitted any notice to either Fidelity or Travelers at any time.8 In fact, for Travelers, the first notice of this action came with the service on June 21, 2012 of the Third Amended Complaint filed on May 24, 2012.9

### License Bond

Fidelity License Bond No. 9045603 (the "License Bond") was issued on the Whiting

See id., pgs. 14-17.

See id., pgs. 11-12.

See Third Am. Compl., pgs. 3, ¶ 6.

See attachment A-1 to the Declaration of Roxanne H. Kasten and Susan Getz Kerbel.

See id, pg. 4, ¶22.

See id. See Declaration of Susan Getz Kerbel, pg. 3, ¶21, Roxanne Kasten, pg. 3, ¶ 15.

See Declaration of Susan Kerbel and Roxanne Kasten, pg.3, ¶16.

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license No 33400 in the amount of \$50,000.00.<sup>10</sup> The License Bond is required by the Nevada State Contractor's Board to protect members of the public who contract with Whiting and are harmed by Whiting.<sup>11</sup> At no time during the Project did Cashman contract with Whiting and Cashman also has no evidence or relationship that implicates the License Bond.<sup>12</sup>

Cashman improperly seeks relief from the sureties in this action, sureties that have no obligation to provide coverage. The language of the bonds is clear and unambiguous. Thus, its interpretation is a suitable subject for summary judgment.

### III. LEGAL STANDARD

In order to defeat a motion for summary judgment, the nonmoving party "must by affidavit or otherwise, set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial" and "is not entitled to build a case on gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 21 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005) (quoting Bulbman, Inc. v. Nevada Bell, 108 Nev. 105, 110, 825 P. 2d 588, 591 (1992)). The "non-moving party [is required,] by affidavit or otherwise, [to] set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue [of fact] for trial or have summary judgment entered against him." Bulbman, Inc. v. Nev. Bell, 108 Nev. 105, 110, 825 P.3d 588, 591 (1992). "The nonmoving party "is not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." Wood, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (quoting Collins v. Union Fed. Sav. & Loan Ass'n, 99 Nev. 284, 302, 662 P.2d 610, 621 (1983)). "A genuine issue of material fact is one where the evidence is such that a reasonable jury could return a verdict for the non-moving party." Pegasus v. Reno Newspapers, Inc., 118 Nev. 706, 713, 57 P.3d 82, 87 (2002) (citations omitted).

Here, the Declarations of the Fidelity and Traveler's Representatives clearly set out that the License Bond and the Payment Bond (collectively the "Bonds") do not apply and further that there are no facts at issue that Cashman has failed to comply with the conditions precedent for coverage. Thus, summary judgment on behalf of the Sureties is appropriate in this action.

<sup>10</sup> See Third Am. Compl., pgs. 3, ¶ 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> See Declaration of Roxanne H. Kasten, p. 3, ¶ 13, Declaration of Susan Getz Kerbel, p. 3, ¶ 20.

1. Claims Against the Payment Bond are Barred as a Matter of Law.

Generally, a bond is a contract and thus is subject to the general rules of contract interpretation and construction. <sup>13</sup> Courts look to the standard principles of contract interpretation to determine the rights and obligations of a surety under bond. <sup>14</sup> One of those principles is that before a surety's obligations under a bond can mature, the obligee and claimants, such as Cashman, must comply with any conditions precedent. "A condition precedent is an act or event, other than the lapse of time, which, unless the condition is excused, must occur before a duty to perform a promise in the agreement arises."

Here, the plain language of the Payment Bond contains a number of condition precedents to the Sureties' obligations. Importantly, Section 4.2.3 of the Payment Bond provides:

Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor: Not having been paid within the above 30 days, have sent a written notice to the surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that the claim is being made under this Bond and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice furnished to the Contractor. (Section 4.2.3)

There is no dispute that Cashman contracted with CAM and Mojave on the Project and did not have any agreement directly with Whiting. <sup>16</sup> Consequently, Cashman was required to provide Fidelity and/or Travelers with written notice of the claim. *Id.* 4.2.3. The Sureties confirmed that Cashman failed to timely provide notice and in fact has failed to provide any documents other than the Third Amended Complaint after it was filed. <sup>17</sup> The Bond provides that without such notice by a claimant that "no action shall be commenced" (Section 11). Therefore, failure to provide the mandatory notice precludes a claim, and thus, Cashman is barred from recovery under this surety as a matter of law. "A third party supplier of labor and material has no

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See L. Schreiber & Sons Co. v. Miller Supply Co., 87 S.E. 353, 355 (W. Va. 1915).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See generally, William H. Woods, Historical Development of Suretyship from Prehistoric Custom to a Century's Experience with the Compensated Corporate Surety, In A.B.A., the Law of Suretyship, 3, 30-39 (Edward G. Gallagher, 2d ed. 2000).

Oppenheimer & Co. v. Oppenheim, 660 N.E. 2d, 415, 418 (N.Y. 1995) (internal quotation marks omitted); see also New Orleans v. Tex. and Pac. Ry. Co., 171 U.S. 312, 334 (1898); see also 17A Am. Jur. 2d Contracts §459 (1997) (generally, a condition precedent to an obligation to perform).
 See Third Am. Compl., pg. 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See Declaration of Kerbel, p. 3, ¶ 15 and 17 and Roxanne Kasten, p. 3, ¶ 15, 16.

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right against a common law bond on private construction unless the terms of the bond expressly give that right." 18

### 2. NRS 339.035 precludes a claim by Cashman as a Fourth-Tier Contractor.

NRS Chapter 339, Nevada's payment bond statute, is commonly referred to as the "Little Miller Act" because it is patterned after its federal counterpart, the "Miller Act," 40 U.S.C. §270. Although the Project has public and private components, 19 NRS §339.035 allows any claimant who has provided labor, material or equipment to make a claim against the payment bond posted by a prime contractor, or other upstream contractor, if the claimant has not been paid within 90 days of the last time it performed work, or supplied materials or equipment on the project.<sup>20</sup>

The language in NRS §339.035 states that any claimant who has a direct contractual relationship to a subcontractor may bring a claim. However, Cashman has argued repetitively throughout this matter that it did not contract with subcontractor Mojave, but instead only with CAM, a third tier minority subcontractor to Mojave. As a result, the Prime Contractor, Whiting, did not have direct notice of the work. Further, the relationships make Cashman a party too far

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See Layrite Concrete Prods. of Kennewick v. H. Halvorson, 411 P.2d 405, 407 (Wash. 1966); see also Brower Co. v. Noise Control of Seattle, 401 P.2d 860, 863 (Wash. 1965).

Whiting's contract was with Forest City, a private developer. However, Forest City's contract was with the City of Las Vegas (a public entity). The building belongs to the City.
Forest City's contract was with the City of Las Vegas (a public entity). The building belongs to the City.
Forest City's contract was with Forest City aprivate developer. However, Forest City's contract was with the City of Las Vegas (a public entity). The building belongs to the City.

<sup>1.</sup> Subject to the provisions of subsection 2, any claimant who has performed labor or furnished material in the prosecution of the work provided for in any contract for which a payment bond has been given pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 339.025, and who has not been paid in full before the expiration of 90 days after the date on which the claimant performed the last of such labor or furnished the last of such materials for which the claimant claims payment, may bring an action on such payment bond in his or her own name to recover any amount due the claimant for such labor or material, and may prosecute such action to final judgment and have execution on the judgment.

<sup>2.</sup> Any claimant who has a direct contractual relationship with any subcontractor of the contractor who gave such payment bond, but no contractual relationship, express or implied, with such contractor, may bring an action on the payment bond only:

<sup>(</sup>a) If the claimant has, within 30 days after furnishing the first of such materials or performing the first of such labor, served on the contractor a written notice which shall inform the latter of the nature of the materials being furnished or to be furnished, or the labor performed or to be performed, and identifying the person contracting for such labor or materials and the site for the performance of such labor or materials; and

<sup>(</sup>b) After giving written notice to such contractor within 90 days from the date on which the claimant performed the last of the labor or furnished the last of the materials for which the claimant claims payment. Each written notice shall state with substantial accuracy the amount claimed and the name of the person for whom the work was performed or the material supplied, and shall be served by being sent by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to such contractor at any place in which the contractor maintains an office or conducts business, or at the residence of the contractor.

removed to bring this cause of action as a fourth-tier sub/subcontractor.21

Moreover, in order to make a timely claim against the Payment Bond, NRS §339.035(2) requires sub-subcontractors and material suppliers that do not have contracts directly with the prime contractor to: (1) have sent a notice of furnishing labor, materials and/or equipment to prime contractor via certified mail within 30 days of first providing labor, materials or equipment on the project; and (2) send a notice of claim against the payment bond to the prime contractor at his place of business or residence via certified mail within 90 days from the last time they performed work, or provided equipment or materials. Here, notice did not conform. It appears the equipment on the Project was shipped by Cashman in February 2011. Cashman did not provide notice to Whiting until June 23, 2011, rather than May 2011, as mandated by Nevada law.22

Even if the Court concludes that the Nevada "Little Miller Act" does not apply, Section 4.2.1 of the Payment Bond further requires notice from Cashman within 90 days. Cashman's failure to comply with this section also precludes claims against the Sureties and makes summary judgment appropriate in this action.

### 3. Cashman is not Entitled to Recover Against Whiting's License Bonds

"Each contractor's license issued in the State of Nevada requires a license bond."23 "The Nevada State Contractors' Board determines the amount of the bond at the time of license

See http://www.nvcontractorsboard.com/bonds.html (last visited on August 10, 2012).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See Electron Energy Corp. v. Edwin P. Short, Jr. and Prudy Eng'rs., Inc., 597 A.2d 175, 178 (Pa. Super. Ct. 1991) (holding that it is fundamental contract law that one cannot be liable for a breach of contract unless one is a party to that contract); see also Vargas v. Cal. State Auto Ass'n Inter-Insurance Bureau, 788 F. Supp. 462, 465 (D. Nev. 1992) (nothing that "[i]t is antithetical to the concept of the bad faith cause of action to assert that someone who is not a party to the contract may be liable for violating one of the contract's implied covenants); see also Heather Hardee-Guerra v. Shire Pharmaceuticals, 737 F. Supp. 2d 318, 325 (E.D. Pa. 2010) ("It is fundamental contract law that one cannot be liable for a breach of contract unless one is a party to that contract").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See Garff v. J.R. Bradley Co., 84 Nev. 79, 82-83, 436 P.2d 428, 430-31 (1968) (citations omitted) (holding that the language of NRS §339.035 is mandatory in nature. This statute requires that "[t]he claimant must, within 30 days after furnishing the first of such materials or performing the first of such labor serve on the contractor a written notice of the nature of the materials furnished or labor performed, identifying the person contracting for the labor or materials, and the site of performance. The claimant must also, within 90 days after performing the last of the labor or furnishing the last of the material, give the contractor written notice of the amount claimed, and the name of the person for whom the work was performed or the material supplied . . [A]wareness or knowledge [by a contractor of the identity of material suppliers to subcontractors] standing alone, does not erase the duty which the legislature has placed upon claimants to give the 30- and 90-day notices before becoming eligible to file suit on a payment bond.").

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approval," and the purpose of the bond is to protect the public who contracts with a licensee.<sup>24</sup> Whiting has a license bond through Fidelity in the amount of \$50,000.00 for contractor's license number 33400.

Cashman has alleged upon NRS Chapter 624, that Whiting willfully and deliberately failed to pay money to Cashman, and therefore, Cashman is entitled to recover against the Fidelity Bond.<sup>25</sup> This argument fails because: (1) Cashman has no contractual relationship with Whiting and is not entitled to claim payment on the license bond; and (2) the evidence in this matter demonstrates that Whiting already paid Mojave, and Mojave paid CAM on behalf of Cashman. Thus, Whiting did not willfully and deliberately fail to pay. Instead, Carvalho, as the bad actor, absconded with the funds.

The Thirteenth Cause of Action in the Third Amended Complaint fails because Whiting did not have a contract directly with Cashman at any time during the Project. Whiting contracted with Mojave and paid Mojave for the work performed. Cashman seeks double payment from Whiting due to the unsuspected acts of Carvalho as a lone bad actor. However, Whiting was not unjustly enriched because it paid for the equipment, and did nothing to deprive Cashman of its payment. There is not a shred of evidence here that demonstrates Whiting had any involvement with CAM or Carvalho.

Moreover, Mojave has obtained the Mechanic's Bond from Western Surety to secure any legitimate lien claims by Cashman and recently entered a second bond for the codes in the amount of \$200,000.00.<sup>27</sup> Accordingly, Cashman is bonded up to \$1,333,840.80 on this claim. Not to mention that neither Whiting nor Mojave is insolvent. Therefore, Whiting's licensing bond, the License Bond, should not be implicated when intervening bonds are already in place

See id.
 See Third Am. Compl., pgs. 15-16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> See Electron Energy Corp. v. Edwin P. Short, Jr. and Prudy Eng'rs., Inc., 597 A.2d 175, 178 (Pa. Super. Ct. 1991) (holding that it is fundamental contract law that one cannot be liable for a breach of contract unless one is a party to that contract); see also Vargas v. Cal. State Auto Ass'n Inter-Insurance Bureau, 788 F. Supp. 462, 465 (D. Nev. 1992) (nothing that "[i]t is antithetical to the concept of the bad faith cause of action to assert that someone who is not a party to the contract may be liable for violating one of the contract's implied covenants); see also

who is not a party to the contract may be liable for violating one of the contract's implied covenants); see also Heather Hardee-Guerra v. Shire Pharmaceuticals, 737 F. Supp. 2d 318, 325 (E.D. Pa. 2010) ("It is fundamental contract law that one cannot be liable for a breach of contract unless one is a party to that contract").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> See Third Am. Compl., pg. 3, Western Surety Bond 58685401 for \$1,133,840.84.

by the party who contracted directly with Cashman, Mojave. Duplicate security is unwarranted and summary judgment is proper for the License Bond.

Finally, the allegations in the Third Amended Complaint give rise to a potential claim brought under a third-party crime insurance policy. Upon information and belief, Cashman does have such a policy in place, but failed to bring a claim, because it is self-insured.<sup>28</sup> Generally, third-party crime coverage specifically covers Carvalho's type of criminal acts. However, Cashman failed to even attempt to mitigate damages by making a claim, and instead improperly seeks relief from the Sureties that have no obligation to provide coverage.

The language of the Payment Bond and License Bonds is clear and unambiguous. Thus, summary judgment should be issued on behalf of Fidelity and Travelers, the Sureties, for the Payment Bond and License Bond.

### V. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Defendants move this Court for summary judgment pursuant to NRCP 56. There are no genuine issues of material fact that Cashman failed to comply with the mandatory notice provisions as conditions precedent of the Payment Bond and License Bond and also failed to put any applicable crime policy on notice of Carvalho's acts. Further, Nevada statutes preclude surety coverage to a fourth-tier supplier who had no direct relationship with the prime contractor, Whiting. Also, the Payment Bond and License Bond are superseded by the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Such policy will be the subject of an upcoming deposition.

intervening mechanic's lien bond and render them unnecessary to this action.

Dated August 301, 2012.

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Apriscoe

BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant

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DECL	
BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7612	
E-mail:bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.	
Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail:sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com	
COTTON, DRIĞGS, WALCH,	
HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor	
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702/791-0308	
Facsimile: 702/791-1912	
Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mi	
Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelit Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of Ameri	ica, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant
DISTRICT	COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a	Case No.: A642583
Nevada corporation,	Dept. No.: 32
Plaintiff,	(Consolidated with Case No. A653029)
v.	DECLARATION OF ROXANNE H.
CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL	KASTEN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FO SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF SURETY PAYMENT AND LICENSE BOND
CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE	CLAIMS
ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN	
SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a	
Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a	
surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety;	
DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;	
Defendants.	
AND RELATED MATTERS.	
I, Roxanne H. Kasten, declare as follows:	
<ol> <li>I am a Sr. Claim Representative w</li> </ol>	ith Travelers Casualty and Surety Company o
America ("Travelers"), one of the defendants in the	is action.
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GE NO. 10(2)(4)(5)(7)(6)	

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- I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and competent to testify to the matters set forth herein.
- I am making this declaration based on my personal knowledge of the facts and matters of this action.
- 4. I have personal knowledge of the facts and matters set forth below based upon my personal review of the books and records maintained by Travelers in the ordinary course of business and based upon my involvement in monitoring the history of the transactions and bonds giving rise to this action.
- 5. It is Travelers' practices and procedures to maintain records and to record transactions, acts, conditions and events concerning Travelers and their various bonds, including the bond relating to this action, at or about the time such transactions, acts, conditions, or events occur. Travelers relies upon these records in connection with its business dealings.
- 6. I am personally familiar with the manner in which Travelers' documents, books, files and records are prepared and maintained. I have personally reviewed the business records of Travelers concerning the bonds at issue. Based upon this review, I have reached the conclusions set forth below.
- With respect to matters based upon information and belief, I believe the statements made to be true and correct.
- I am submitting this Declaration in support of the Motion for Summary Judgment of Surety Payment and License Bond Claims (the "Motion").
- 9. Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland ("Fidelity") and Travelers, respectively, issued two co-surety bonds on the construction project referred to as the New Las Vegas City Hall Project (the "Project") located in Las Vegas, Nevada, the bonds being the Performance and Payment Bonds issued on behalf of Whiting Turner for the contract between Whiting Turner and QH Las Vegas, LLC...
- Fidelity-Travelers Payment Bond No. 8997023/105375118 (the "Payment Bond")
   dated 1/7/2010 was issued on the Whiting contract in this action.
  - 11. The Payment Bond provides that the Surety (i.e. Fidelity or Travelers) will have

no obligation to make payment to persons who remain unpaid by the Principal, Whiting, unless the conditions precedent as set forth in paragraphs 4 through 4.3 of the Payment Bond are met.

- 12. Pursuant to Paragraph 4.2.1, Written notice by a claimant who does not have a direct contract with the Contractor (in this case Whiting) is mandatory and must be furnished within ninety (90) days of last providing labor and/or materials to the project before the Surety (i.e. Fidelity and/or Travelers) has any obligation thereto.
- Upon information and belief, Cashman Equipment Company ("Cashman") did not contract directly with Whiting for the City Hall Project.
- Upon information and belief, Cashman last provided materials to this project on March 25, 2011.
- Cashman has not submitted any notice to Travelers at any time related to the facts at issue in this case.
- In fact, Travelers' first notice of this action came with the service of the Third
   Amended Complaint on June 21, 2012.
- Absent the required notice, Travelers has no obligation under its bonds in this action.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Dated this Olar day of August, 2012.

ROXANNE H. KASTEN

1	DECL BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ.		
2	Nevada Bar No. 7612		
3	E-mail:bboschee@nevadafirm.com SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ.		
4	Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail:sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com		
5	COTTON, DRIĞGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON		
6	400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
7	Telephone: 702/791-0308 Facsimile: 702/791-1912		
8	Attorneys for Defendants West Edna, Ltd., dba Me Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fideli Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of Ameri	ty and Deposit	Company of Maryland,
10	DISTRICT	COURT	
11	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA	X.
12	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation,	Case No.: Dept. No.:	A642583 32
13	Plaintiff,	(Consolidated	d with Case No. A653029)
14	v.		
15	CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an	KERBEL IN	TION OF SUSAN GETZ I SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR JUDGMENT OF SURETY
17	individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual; WEST EDNA		AND LICENSE BOND
18	ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN		
19	SURETY COMPANY, a surety: THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a		
20	Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a		
21	surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety;		
22	DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive;		
23	Defendants.		
24	AND RELATED MATTERS.		
25	I, Susan Getz Kerbel, declare as follows:		
26	1. I am Claims Counsel at Fidelity &	& Deposit Cor	mpany of Maryland ("Fidelity"),
27	one of the defendants in this action.		
28	2. I am over the age of eighteen (18)	years and comp	petent to testify to the matters set
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forth herein.

- I am making this declaration based on my personal knowledge of the facts and matters of this action.
- 4. I have personal knowledge of the facts and matters set forth below based upon my personal review of the books and records maintained by Fidelity in the ordinary course of business and based upon my involvement in monitoring the history of the transactions and bonds giving rise to this action.
- 5. It is Fidelity's practices and procedures to maintain records and to record transactions, acts, conditions and events concerning Fidelity and their various bonds, including the bonds relating to this action, at or about the time such transactions, acts, conditions, or events occur. Fidelity relies upon these records in connection with its business dealings.
  - Based upon this review, I have reached the conclusions set forth below.
- 7. I am personally familiar with the manner in which Fidelity's documents, books, files and records are prepared and maintained and have personally reviewed the business records of Fidelity concerning the bonds at issue.
- With respect to matters based upon information and belief, I believe the statements made to be true and correct.
- I am submitting this Declaration in support of the Motion for Summary Judgment of Surety Payment and License Bond Claims (the "Motion").
- 10. Fidelity and Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America ("Travelers")(collectively the "Sureties"), respectively, issued two co-surety bonds on the construction project referred to as the New Las Vegas City Hall Project (the "Project") located in Las Vegas, Nevada. These bonds included the Performance and Payment Bonds on behalf of Whiting Turner for the contract between Whiting Turner and QH Las Vegas, LLC.
  - A licensing bond was also in place and issued by Fidelity.
- 12. Fidelity-Travelers Payment Bond No. 8997023/105375118 (the "Payment Bond") dated 1/7/2010 was issued on the Whiting contract in this action. A true and correct copy of the Payment Bond is attached as Exhibit A-1.

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22. Absent the required notice, Fidelity has no obligation that arises under its bonds in this action.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Dated this 22 day of August, 2012.

SUSAN GETZ KERBEL

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# EXHIBIT A-1

### Payment Bond

Any singular reference to Contractor, Surety, Owner or other party shall be considered plural where applicable.

CONTRACTOR (Name and Address): The Whiting-Turner Contracting Company	SURETY (Name and Principal Place of Business):
300 East Joppa Road	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, 1400 American
Baltimore, Maryland 21286	Lane, Tower I, 19th Floor, Schaumburg, Illinois 60196-1056
ounted by the state of	and Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, One
OWNER (Name and Address);	Tower Square, Hartford, CT 06183, as co-sureties
QH Las Vegas, LLC 1100 Terminal Tower	
50 Public Square, Suite 1005	
Cleveland, Ohio 44113	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT	
Date: 11/05/2009	DOLLARS
Amount: \$97,802,854.00	
Description (Name and Location): Construction of La	as Vegas City Hall, Las Vegas, Nevada
BOND	
	07/2010
Amount: \$97,802,854.00	DOLLARS
Modifications to this Bond:	None See Page 3
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL	SURETY FILE
Company: The Whiting-Turner Contracting Company	Company: Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland
M GA TO TO A MAN Corpo	orate Seal Signature: My // Corporate Seal
Signature: Name and Title: STEPHEN P. DUFFY, Exac. Vice Presides	
Name and Title: DIPTY, ESC. Vice Presiden	Attorney-in-Fact
(Any additional signatures appear on page 3)	
(FOR INFORMATION ONLY-Name, Address and Telephone	()
AGENT or BROKER:	OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE (Architect, Engineer or
HMS Insurance Associates, Inc.	other party):
10751 Falls Road, Suite 256	JMA Architecture
Brooklandville, MD	10150 Covington Cross Dr.
(410) 337-9755	Las Vegas, Nevada 89144
Printed in cooperation with The American Institute of Architects (AIA) by	
the language used in AIA Document A-312, December 1984 EDITION.	vouches that the language in the document conforms exactly to
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With Modifications	

- 1 The Contractor and the Surety, jointly and severally, bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns to the Owner to pay for labor, materials and equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference.
- 2 With respect to the Owner, this obligation shall be null and void if the Contractor:
  - 2.1 Promptly makes payment, directly or indirectly, for all sums due Claimants, and
  - 2.2 Defends, indemnifies and holds harmless the Owner from claims, demands, liens or suits by any person or entity whose claim, demand, lien or suit is for payment for tabor, materials or equipment furnished for use in the performance of the Construction Contract, provided the Owner has promptly notified the Contractor and the Surety (at the address described in paragraph 12) of any claims, demands, liens or suits and tendered defense of such claims, demands, liens or suits to the Contractor and the Surety, provided there is no Owner Default.
- 3 With respect to Claimants, this obligation shall be null and void if the Contractor promptly makes payment, directly or indirectly, for all sums due.
- 4 The Surety shall have no obligation to Claimants under this Bond until:
  - 4.1 Claimants who are employed by or have a direct contract with the Contractor have given notice to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim.
  - 4.2 Claimants who do not have a direct contract with the Contractor:
    - If lave furnished written notice to the Contractor and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, within 90 days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials or equipment included in the claim stating, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim and the name of the purty to whom the materials were furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed; and
    - .2 Have either received a rejection in whole or in part from from the Contractor, or not received within 30 days of furnishing the above notice any communication from the Contractor by which the Contractor has indicated the claim will be paid directly or indirectly; and
    - 3.3 Not having been paid within the above 30 days, have sent a written notice to the Surety (at the address described in Paragraph 12) and sent a copy, or notice thereof, to the Owner, stating that a claim is being made under this Bond and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice furnished to the Contractor.
- 5 If a notice required by Paragraph 4 is given by the Owner to the Contractor or to the Surety, that is sufficient compliance.

- 6 When the Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 4, the Surety shall promptly and at the Surety's expense take the following actions:
  - 6.1 Send an answer to the Claimant, with a copy to the Owner, within 45 days after receipt of the claim, stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed.
  - 6.2 Pay or arrange for payment of any undisputed amounts.
- 7 The Surety's total obligation shall not exceed the amount of this Bond, and the amount of this Bond shall be credited for any payments made in good faith by the Surety.
- 8 Amounts owed by the Owner to the Contractor under the Construction Contract shall be used for the performance of the Construction Contract and to satisfy claims, if any, under any Construction Performance Bond. By the Contractor furnishing and the Owner accepting this Bond, they agree that all funds earned by the Contractor in the performance of the Construction Contract are dedicated to satisfy obligations of the Contractor and the Surety under this Bond, subject to the Owner's priority to use the funds for the completion of the work.
- 9 The Surety shall not be liable to the Owner, Claimants or others for obligations of the Contractor that are unrelated to the Construction Contract. The Owner shall not be liable for payment of my costs or expenses of any Claimant under this Bond, and shall have under this Bond no obligations to make payments to, give notices on behalf of, or otherwise have obligations to Claimants under this Bond.
- 10 The Surety hereby waives notice of any change, including changes of time, to the Construction Contract or to related subcontracts, purchase orders and other obligations.
- 11 No suit or action shall be commenced by a Claimant under this Bond other than in a court of competent jurisdiction in the location in which the work or part of the work is located or after the expiration of one year from the date (1) on which the Claimant gave the notice required by Subparagraph 4.1 or Clause 4.2.3, or (2) on which the last labor or service was performed by anyone or the last materials or equipment were furnished by anyone under the Construction Contract, whichever of (1) or (2) first occurs. If the provisions of this Paragraph are void or prohibited by law, the minimum period of limitation available to suretics as a defense in the jurisdiction of the suit shall be applicable.
- 12 Notice to the Surety, the Owner or the Contractor shall be mailed or delivered to the address shown on the signature page. Actual receipt of notice by Surety, the Owner or the Contractor, however accomplished, shall be sufficient compliance as of the date received at the address shown on the signature page.
- 13 When this Bond has been furnished to comply with a statutory or other legal requirement in the location where the construction was to be performed, any provision in this Bond conflicting with said statutory or legal requirement shall be deemed deleted herefrom and provisions conforming to such statutory or other legal requirement shall be deemed incorporated herein. The intent is that this Bond shall be construed as a statutory bond and not as a common law bond.

14 Upon request by any person or entity appearing to be a potential beneficiary of this Bond, the Contractor shall promptly furnish a copy of this Bond or shall permit a copy to be made.

### 15 DEFINITIONS

15.1 Claimant: An individual or entity having a direct contract with the Contractor or with a subcontractor of the Contractor to furnish labor, materials or equipment for use in the performance of the Contract. The intent of this Bond shall be to include without limitation in the terms "labor, materials or equipment" that part of water, gas, power, light, heat, oil, gasoline, telephone service or tental equipment used in the Construction Contract, architectural and engineering services

required for performance of the work of the Contractor and the Contractor's subcontractors, and all other items for which a mechanic's lien may be asserted in the jurisdiction where the labor, materials or equipment were furnished.

15.2 Construction Contract: The agreement between the Owner and the Contractor identified on the signature page, including all Contract Documents and changes thereto.

15.3 Owner Default: Failure of the Owner, which has neither been remedied nor waived, to pay the Contractor as required by the Construction Contract or to perform and complete or comply with the other terms thereof.

### MODIFICATIONS TO THIS BOND ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Paragraph 4 is amended to insert sub-paragraph 4.3, which states:

4.3. Claimants have furnished to Surety proof of claim duly sworn to by Claimants with adequate supporting documentation proving the amount claimed is due and psyable.

Paragraph 5 shall be amended to delete the word "or" and insert the word "and in its place.

Paragraph 6 and its sub-paragraphs 6.1 and 6.2 shall be deleted in their entirety and replaced with the following:

When the Claimant has satisfied the conditions of Paragraph 4, the Surety shall, within 90 days of the date when claimant finally completed its satisfactions of the conditions of Paragraph 4 notify the Claimant of the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed, including, but not limited to, the lack of substantiating documentation to support the claim as to entitlement or amount, and the Surety shall pay or make arrangements for payment of any undisputed amount; provided, however, that the failure of the Surety to timely discharge its obligations under this paragraph or to dispute or identify any specific defense to all or any part of a claim shall not be deemed to be an admission of liability by the Surety as to such claim or otherwise constitute a waiver of the Contractor's or Surety's defenses to, or right to dispute, such claim. Rather, the Claimant's sole remedy shall be the immediate right, without further notice, to bring suit against the Surety to enforce any remedy available to it under this Bond.

Paragraph 12 shall be amended to add the following paragraph:
CLAIM NOTICE for the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY.
COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND INSURANCE COMPANY and/or AMERICAN GUARANTEE AND LIABILITY
INSURANCE COMPANY must be sent to the following address: Contract Surety Bond Claims. c/o ZURICH, 1400 American Lane.
Schmundurg. IL 60196.

(Space is provided below for additional	I signatures of added ;	parties, other than those appearing on the cover page.)		
CONTRACTOR AS PRINCIPAL Company:	(Corporate Seal)	SURETY: Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America (Corporate Seal)		
Signature:		Signature:		
Name and Title:		Name and Title: Craig Bancroft, Attorney-in-Fact		
Address:		Address: One Tower Square, Hartford, CT 06183		

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the language used in AIA Document A-312, December 1984 EDITION.

vouches that the language in the document conforms exactly to

# Power of Attorney FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, and the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, corporations of the State of Maryland, by DAVID S. HEWETT, Vice President, and GREGORY E. MURRAY, Assistant Secretary, in pursuance of anthority granted by Article VI, Section 2, of the By-Laws of said Companies, which are set forth on the polytose side hereof granted hereby certified to be in full force and effect on the date hereof, does hereby nominate activities and appoint CAPY A. DYNE, Stephen M. MUTSCHELLER, Brian E. WILCOX, Robert F. DYNIII, Cary L. BERCES, Shart L. BOWERS, R. Nelson OSTER, Craig BANCROFT and Joshua B. HAUSERMANI all of Brooklands and winder takings undished execution of such boards or undertakings in pursuance of these presents, shall be as binding upon said Companies, as fully and amply, to all intents and purposes, as if they had been duly executed and acknowledged by the regularly elected officers of the Company at its office in Baltimore, Md., in their own proper persons. This power of attorney revokes that issued on behalf of Gary A. PYNE, Stephen M. MUTSCHELLER, Brian E. WILCOX, Robert F. WHITE, Gary L. BERGER, Shari L. BOWERS, R. Nelson OSTER, Craig BANCROFT, Joshua B. HAUSERMAN, William R. MILLER, dated May 4, 2009.

The said Assistant Secretary does hereby certify that the extract set forth on the reverse side hereof is a true copy of Article VI, Section 2, of the By-Laws of said Companies, and is now in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said Vice-President and Assistant Secretary have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed the Corporate Seals of the said FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, and the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, this 23rd day of July, A.D. 2009.

ATTEST:

FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY



Gregory E. Murray Assistant Secretary

By: David S. Hewett

Vice President

State of Maryland City of Baltimore }ss:

On this 23rd day of July, A.D. 2009, before the subscriber, a Notary Public of the State of Maryland, duly commissioned and qualified, came DAVID S. HEWETT, Vice President, and GREGORY E. MURRAY, Assistant Secretary of the FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, and the COLONIAL AMERICAN CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY, to me personally known to be the individuals and officers described in and who executed the preceding instrument, and they each acknowledged the execution of the same, and being by me duly sworn, severally and each for himself deposeth and saith, that they are the said officers of the Companies aforesaid, and that the seals affixed to the preceding instrument is the Corporate Seals of said Companies, and that the said Corporate Seals and their signatures as such officers were duly affixed and subscribed to the said instrument by the authority and direction of the said Corporations.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my Official Seal the day and year first above written.

HONGO BE

Maria D. Adamski

Notary Public

My Commission Expires: July 8, 2011

aria O alam

# EXHIBIT A-2

Page 1 of 2



### License Search Details

Press "Previous Record" to view the previous record in the list

Press "Next Record" to view the next record in the list.

Press "Search Results" to return to the search results list screen.

Press "New Search Criteria" to revise your existing search criteria or enter new search criteria.

Press "New Search" to select a different search.

License Number: 0033400

Current Date: 08/29/2012 04:31 PM (mm/dd/yyyy)

Business Primary Name:

WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING

License

Unlimited

COMPANY (THE)

Monetary Limit:

Business Address:

**6720 VIA AUSTI PKWY** 

#300

LAS VEGAS, NV 89119

Phone Number:

(702)650-0700

Status:

Active

Status Date:

06/01/2011 (mm/dd/yyyy)

Origin Date:

06/26/1992 (mm/dd/yyyy)

Expiration Date:

06/30/2013 (mm/dd/yyyy)

Business Type:

Corporation

Classification(s):

B - GENERAL BUILDING

**Principal Name** 

Relation Description

SCHMITT, PAUL **NICHOLAS** 

Vice President Qualified Individual

WHITE, WILLIAM DANIEL

Vice President

CANNATELLI, LEONARD

Vice President

ANTHONY

Bonds

Bond Type:

Surety Bond

9045603

Bond Number:

BERGER, GARY LOUIS

Bond Agent:

Surety Company:

FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND

Page 2 of 2 License Search Details

Bond Amount:

\$50,000.00

Effective Date:

04/02/2011 (mm/dd/yyyy)

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Previous Record

Search Results

New Search Criteria

New Search

2012-08-29 4:31:59 PM



### **NEVADA STATE CONTRACTORS BOARD**

95/0 CAFEWAY DRIVE. SITTE 100, REHO, NEWOA, 955/1 (F70) 486-1141 PAX (F75) 486-1271, WAYET ISANOUS (F76) 668-1150 2010 CCRPORAYE CIRCLE, BUITE 200, MENOERSON, KEVADA, 14674 (702) 466-1160 FAX (702) 406-1190, DMESTIGATIONS (703) 449-1110 - WAYERSON MENOEMBER 100, MENOERSON, KEVADA, 1467-1100 FAX (702) 406-1190, DMESTIGATIONS (703) 449-1110 - WAYERSON MENOEMBER 100, DMESTIGATION 
, having a principal place of business in the City of a sprincipal (hereinafter "Principal"), and ansed to execute surely bonds under the provisions of the Novada insurance ally recognized rating agency, as surely (hereinafter "Surely"), are held and zero —90/100 ——————————————————————————————————
, as principal (hereinater "Principan"), and passed to execute surety bonds under the provisions of the Nevada Insurance ally recognized rating agency, as surely (hereination "Sturely"), are held and part -90/100 Dollars (\$ 50,000,00 ) differences, final respective heirs, executions, administrators, successors, and themselves, final respective heirs, executions, administrators, successors, and
, as principal (hereinater "Principan"), and ansed to execute surely bonds under the provisions of the Novada Insurance ally recognized rating agency, as surely (hereination "Streity"), are held and part -90/100 Dollars (\$ 50,000.00 ) d themselves, final respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and themselves, final respective heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and
with the Newuda State Contractors' Board pureusant to Chapter 624, Neved
with the Newula State Contractors' Board pureusal to Chapter 624, Nevad
or the benefit of any person having a valid claim who:
contract with the contractor and is demaged by fature of the contractor to to of the construction covered by the contract; or a construction covered by the contract; or formance of a contract.
and of the action within 30 days after (a) being served with a complaint an total aggregate liability of the Surety for all claims shall be limited to the feet ce or the number of claims filed. The Surety shall have the right to temphase it or to do upon the State Confractors' Board, at its office in Floor, Novada, b retystop. Thereafter the Surety shall be discharged from any liability horsunds the Yahisty of the Surety shall be confined to acts, omissions or defaults of the all not be liable for labor and material balls incorred by the Principal prior to the all not be liable for labor and material balls incorred by the Principal prior to the
TWO (2) YEARS following the commission of the act upon which the action to
awaiting court action, the bond amount shull be reduced to the extent of an ureby shall notify the beard in writing within (10) days of any payments mad
is instrument on the dates below, to be effective on the 2nd day of
the Wilting Tomer Contracting Company 2011
BY:(PRINCIPAL SIGNATURE)
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland
(SURETY)
ATTORNEY-IN-FACT SIGNATURE/PHONE NO.)
Craig Bancroft, Attorney-in-Fact (410) 337-9755 POWER OF ATTORNEY REQUIRED

Nevada Siste Contractors Band Form Roytsed 7/01 HMS INSURANCE ASSOCIATES INC PO BOX 1750 COCKEYSVILLE MD 21030



Brett J. Barratt, Commissioner of Insurance

### HMS INSURANCE ASSOCIATES INC

### License Number 10300

is licensed to engage in the business of insurance in the State of Nevada in the capacity stated below, subject to applicable laws and regulations.

Cicenae Type: Non-Res Producer Firm

Effective Date:

C. 9951459

Expiration Date: 10-01-2013

898 5.1 89315

Licensees must notify the Division of any change of address within 30 days of the change. You are subject to revocation for noncompliance.

Individuals — If you are affiliated to a business entity it will not print on the license. Individuals must be properly affiliated to the business entity's license prior to transacting insurance on the entity's behalf. The individual and the business entity are responsible for maintaining the affiliation.

A producer of insurance acting as an agent of the insurer must be appointed by the insurer prior to transacting insurance.

This license must be conspicuously displayed in your place of business that is open to the public.

1 1 - 300000 + 080

William Brown

### HMS INSURANCE ASSOCIATES INC

National Producer ID

is liconsed to engage in the business of insurance in the State of Nevade in the capacity stated below, subject to applicable lows and regulations.

LICENSE TYPE
Non-Res. Producer Firm

EFFECTIVE DATE 10-01-2001

QUALIFICATIONS [5]

10-0 EXPIRATION DATE

GARY LOUIS BERGER 34 SPRINGHILL FARM CT COCKEYSVILLE MD 21030-1430



Brett J. Barratt, Commissioner of Insurance

### **GARY LOUIS BERGER**

### License Number 78798

is licensed to engage in the business of insurance in the State of Nevada in the capacity stated below, subject to applicable laws and regulations.

License Type: Non-Resident Producer

Qualifications: Casualty, Property, Surety

Effective Date:

Expiration Date: 10-01-2013

Licensees must notify the Division of any change of address within 30 days of the change. You are subject to revocation for noncompliance.

Individuals – If you are affiliated to a business entity it will not print on the license. Individuals must be properly affiliated to the business entity's license prior to transacting insurance on the entity's behalf. The individual and the business entity are responsible for maintaining the affiliation.

A producer of insurance acting as an agent of the insuranmust be appointed by the lessurer prior to transacting

This license must be conspicuously displayed in your place of business that is open to the public.

### GARY LOUIS BERGER

#### License Number 76798 National Producer ID 352885

is Toensed to engage in the business of insurance in the State of Nevada in the capacity stated below, subject to applicable laws and regulations.

LICENSE TYPE

Non-Resident Producer

SHOW OF PARTY PORT OF THE PARTY AND THE

QUALIFICATIONS

Casualty. Property, Surety

EFFECTIVE DATE 10-01-2001

- 0 EXPIRATION DATE

10-01-2013

CRAIG BANCROFT 303 GAILRIDGE RD LUTHERVILLE MD 21093-2904



Scott J. Kipper, Commissioner

### CRAIG BANCROFT

### License Number 619617

is licensed to engage in the business of insurance in the State of Nevada in the capacity stated below, subject to applicable laws and regulations.

License Typa:

Non-Resident Producer

Effective Dates

Expiration Date:

10-08-2008

11-01-2011

Casualty, Property Qualifications:

Licensees must notify the Division of any change of address within 30 days of the change. You are subject to revocation for noncompliance.

Individuals - If you are affiliated to a business cutity it will not print on the license. Individuals must be properly affiliated to the business entity's license prior to transacting insurance on the entity's behalf. The individual and the business entity are responsible for maintaining the affiliation.

A producer of insurance acting as an agent of the insurer must be appointed by the insurer prior to transacting

This license must be conspicuously displayed in your place of business that is open to the public.

### CRAIG BANCROFT

Liconou Number 619617 National Producer ID 3335262

is floansed to engage in the business of lessence in the State of Nevada in the asparely stated below, subject to applicable laws and regulations.

LICENSE TYPE

EFFECTIVE DATE

Non-Resident Produces QUALIFICATIONS

10 08:2008 EXPIRATION DATE

Casualty, Property

11-01-2011

### AMENDED

# Certificate

AUTHORITY STATE OF NEVADA



# INSURANCE DIVISION

Carson City, Nevada

THE_	FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND
Іпсогро	orated in the State of Maryland
Home o	office at Baltimore, Maryland
having	duly qualified, is hereby licensed to transact
**	PROPERTY - CASUALTY - SURETY - MARINE & TRANSPORTATION **
	cluding Workmen's Compensation - Effective July 01, 1999

insurance business within the State of Nevada until terminated at the request of the insurer or suspended or revoked by the Commissioner of Insurance.



Dated at Carson City, Nevada this 9th

June 19.99

Commissioner of Insurance

Electronically Filed 09/07/2012 02:09:18 PM

OPP BRIAN W. BOSCHEE, ESQ. 2 Nevada Bar No. 7612 E-mail: bboschee@nevadafirm.com CLERK OF THE COURT 3 SHEMILLY A. BRISCOE, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9985 E-mail: sbriscoe@nevadafirm.com 4 COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON 5 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: 702/791-0308 7 Facsimile: 702/791-1912 8 Attorneys for Counterclaimants West Edna, Ltd., dba Mojave Electric, Western Surety Company, The Whiting Turner Contracting Company and Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, 9 Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America, Counterclaimant and Crossclaimant 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a 13 Nevada corporation, Case No .: A642583 Plaintiff, Dept. No .: 14 32 15 (Consolidated with Case No. A653029) V. 16 CAM CONSULTING, INC., a Nevada corporation; ANGELO CARVALHO, an 17 individual; JANEL RENNIE aka JANEL CARVALHO, an individual: WEST EDNA OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba MOJAVE RECONSIDERATION OF ORDER 18 ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a GRANTING IN PART COUNTERCLAIMANTS' MOTION FOR 19 PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION TO Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND PROCURE CODES OR 20 DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a ALTERNATIVELY MOTION FOR surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND CLARIFICATION AND REQUEST FOR 21 SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; ORDER SHORTENING TIME 22 DOES 1-10, inclusive; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1-10 inclusive; 23 Defendants. 24 AND RELATED MATTERS 25 26 COMES NOW, Defendants/Counterclaimants WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD. dba 27 MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation ("Mojave"), WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, 28 ("Western"), a surety, THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, ("Whiting"),

15775-72/940193

TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, ("Travelers"), a surety, and FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, ("Fidelity") (collectively "Counterclaimants" or "Defendants"), by and through their attorneys of record, Brian W. Boschee, Esq. and Shemilly A. Briscoe, Esq. of the law firm of COTTON, DRIGGS, WALCH, HOLLEY, WOLOSON & THOMPSON, hereby submit their Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of Order Granting in Part Counterclaimants' Motion for Preliminary Injunction to Procure Codes or Alternatively Motion for Clarification and Request for Order Shortening Time. This Opposition is based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the court's file, relevant deposition testimony of Keith Lozeau and Shane Norman, PMKs of Cashman Equipment Company, and any argument allowed at the hearing.

### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

### I. INTRODUCTION

Cashman's Motion for Reconsideration ("Motion") should be summarily rejected by this Court, because the Motion misinterprets the Court's ruling and tirelessly repeats arguments already made in an attempt to avoid the obligations at issue. Cashman will stop at nothing to hold the project hostage, because it has not been paid by CAM Consulting. The Court received all of the relevant information necessary to make a sound decision, and Cashman's own deposition testimony demonstrates that they know exactly what minimal work is required and have no technical concerns about completion. In fact, the instructions are set out on manufacturer checklists that only Cashman maintains. All arguments otherwise are smoke and mirrors.

Cashman also throws around a lot of overused accusations directed at the Counterclaimants without support and which their own testimony contradicts. The depositions to date have revealed the flaws in Plaintiff's position including:

- that Plaintiff never received joint checks from Mojave or joint checks on minority contracts;
- · Plaintiff failed to do reasonable independent investigation of CAM; and
- · the work necessary to complete the startup of the equipment can be completed in