CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY, a Nevada corporation, Appellant,	Case No: 66452 Case No: 61715 Case No: 65819Electronically Filed Oct 09 2015 03:34 p.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court District Court Case No.:
vs. WEST EDNA ASSOCIATES, LTD., dba MOJAVE ELECTRIC, a Nevada corporation; WESTERN SURETY COMPANY, a surety; THE WHITING TURNER CONTRACTING COMPANY, a Maryland corporation; FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT COMPANY OF MARYLAND, a surety; TRAVELERS CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANY OF AMERICA, a surety; QH LAS VEGAS LLC, a foreign limited liability company; PQ LAS VEGAS, LLC, a foreign limited liability company; L W T I C SUCCESSOR LLC, an unknown limited liability company; FC/LW VEGAS, a foreign limited liability company;	A642583 APPELLANT CASHMAN

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Respondents.

Jennifer R. Lloyd, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9617 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10928 **HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC** 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1000 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 *Attorneys for Appellant, Cashman Equipment Company* Appellant, CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY ("Appellant" or "Cashman"), by and through its counsel of record, HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS PLLC, respectfully submits the following Reply in Support of its Motion to Strike the Mojave Parties' Answering Brief. This Reply is based on the following memorandum of points and authorities and all papers and pleadings on file herein.

I.

INTRODUCTION

Cashman's Motion to Strike the Mojave Parties' Answering Brief should be granted, as they acknowledge that they did not file an appeal the judgment, or the denial of their motion for attorney's fees. Despite this failure, the Mojave Parties admit to raising new issues and arguments in their brief that are not allowed by NRAP. *See* Opposition, p. 4, ln. 1-2.

The Mojave Parties are limited to arguing in support of the judgment entered because of their failure to file a notice of appeal or cross-appeal by the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure ("NRAP") and this Court's prior holdings. Their inclusion of claims not on appeal and arguments for reversal of the judgment entered in favor of Cashman and seeking reversal of the order denying their motion for attorney's fees are offered in blatant disregard

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of NRAP. The Mojave Parties spend almost half of their Answering Brief arguing as though they had appealed the judgment, when they did not.

Cashman appealed because it asserts the court erred in denying full 4 5 recovery on certain claims, but that does not change that Cashman was the 6 prevailing party after trial. The Mojave Parties acknowledge they did not 7 8 appeal and were apparently satisfied with the outcome, however they then 9 proceeded to raise issues on claims not on appeal and include improper 10 arguments. See Opposition, p. 4, lns 1 - 2. The Mojave Parties were not 11 12 simply giving a full picture of the disposition below; rather, they were 13 including arguments and requesting relief as though they had appealed from 14 15 the judgment and the order denying attorney's fees.

The Mojave Parties did not appeal and their assertion that Cashman's 17 18 notice of appeal means the Mojave Parties can raise any issue adjudicated by 19 the judgment or the order denying fees is without any basis. The Mojave 20 Parties' failure to appeal limits their response to arguing in favor of the 21 22 They can offer alternative theories as to why the judgment rendered. 23 judgment is correct as it stands, but they cannot, as they did, argue issues not 24 25 on appeal or to enlarge their rights or diminish Cashman's. Their disregard 26 of NRAP should be sanctioned by striking their Answering Brief. 27

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ARGUMENT

Cashman's Motion to Strike their Answering Brief is based upon the Mojave Parties' flagrant disregard of NRAP by raising issues not on appeal and arguing for relief that would enlarge their rights and lessen Cashman's under the judgment. They have admitted to improperly including these arguments and then, despite this admission, attempt to find some justification for doing so. There simply is no justification. The Mojave Parties' try to obfuscate the basis for Cashman's motion because they acknowledge it does not comport with NRAP.

15 Cashman's request that the Mojave Parties' brief be stricken is 16 appropriate in light of their disregard of NRAP. This Court has stated that 17 18 all appeals are to be pursued with high standards of diligence, 19 professionalism, and competence and the Court "may impose sanctions 20 against appellate counsel for failing to comply with the [NRAP]." Miller v. 21 22 Wilfong, 121 Nev. 619, 625, 119 P.3d 727, 731 (2005). The Court will not 23 permit flagrant NRAP violations. Id. NRAP 28(j) provides further grounds 24 25 for sanctions. "Briefs that are not in compliance may be disregarded or 26 stricken, on motion or sua sponte by the court, and the court may assess 27 attorney fees or other monetary sanctions against the offending lawyer." Id. 28

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Here, the Mojave Parties admitted inclusion of irrelevant and improper arguments and requests for relief in violation of NRAP.

If it does not matter which party files a notice of appeal, as the Mojave Parties argue, there would be no provision for the filing of a cross-appeal. The Mojave Parties interpretation of NRAP procedure renders many parts meaningless. For example, NRAP 4(a)(2) states that if "one party timely files a notice of appeal, any other party may file and serve a notice of appeal within 14 days after the date when the first notice was served..." If it is sufficient that with one party's appeal, all issues and claims are appealed, there would be no need for NRAP 4(a)(2) and the ability to cross-appeal.

The Mojave Parties incorrectly cite to NRAP 28 for the notion that as respondents they can include any issues or claims they want. Again, because they did not appeal, they are limited to the issues raised by Cashman; they can reframe those issues, but they cannot, as they did, raise new issues or claims on appeal. See Sierra Creek Ranch, Inc. v. J.I. Case, 97 Nev. 457, 634 P.2d 458 (1981); Ford v. Showboat Operating Co., 110 Nev. 752, 877 P.2d 546 (1994).

The Mojave Parties' dissatisfaction with Cashman's statement of the issues is not the relevant inquiry as to what issues they are allowed to raise. NRAP establishes the procedures to be followed on appeal. In order to raise

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1 their own issues or to seek to modify the judgment, the Mojave parties were 2 required to appeal. See Ford, 110 Nev. 752, 877 P.2d 546. They were not 3 simply trying to give this Court a full, accurate portrayal as they claim. 4 5 They were limited to the issues raised by Cashman on appeal by not 6 appealing the judgment. 7 8 III. 9 CONCLUSION 10 In conclusion, the Mojave Parties attempt to justify their disregard of 11 12 NRAP. Their brief raises new issues and seeks relief only allowed when a 13 party files an appeal. As they did not file an appeal from the judgment, the 14 15 Answering Brief must be stricken.¹ 16 HOWARD & HOWARD ATTORNEYS DATED: Oct. 9, 2015 17 PLLC 18 19 By: /s/ Jennifer R. Lloyd Jennifer R. Lloyd, Esq. 20 Nevada Bar No. 9617 21 Marisa L. Maskas, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 10928 22 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Ste. 1000 23 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Appellant, 24 Cashman Equipment Company 25 26 27 ¹Cashman did request an extension due to a scheduling conflict. Cashman sought 28 a stay due to the Mojave Parties' violation of NRAP. Respondents also requested and received a 30-day extension to file their Answering Brief. Page 5 of 6 4848-1588-9193, v. 1

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2 3	I, the undersigned, am an employee of the law firm of HOWARD &	
4	HOWARD, and hereby certify that on 9 th day of October, 2015, I served a	
5	true and correct copy of the foregoing document, APPELLANT	
6 7	CASHMAN EQUIPMENT COMPANY'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF	
8	MOTION TO STRIKE RESPONDENTS' ANSWERING BRIEF, via e-	
9 10	service to:	
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