HARRISON V. HARRISON CASE NUMBER 66157 CROSS-APPELLANT'S EXHIBITS N-O OF THE DOCKETING STATEMENT

EXHIBIT "N"

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	RPLY RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED Nevada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Rd., Suite 700 Henderson, NV 89074 T: (702) 990-6448 F: (702) 990-6456 Email: rsmith@radfordsmith.com GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. SILVERMAN, DECARIA, & KATTLEMAN Nevada State Bar No. 000409 6140 Plumas St. #200 Reno, NV 89519 T: (775) 322-3223 F: (775) 322-3649 Email: silverman@silverman-decaria.com		
11	Attorneys for Defendant		
12	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
13			
14	KIRK ROSS HARRISON,	CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D	
15	Plaintiff,	DEPT.: Q	
16	v.	FAMILY DIVISION	
17	VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON,		
18	Defendant.		
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20			
21	PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S COUNTERMOTIONS TO RESOLVE PARENT/CHILD ISSUES, TO CONTINUE HEARING ON CUSTODY ISSUES, FOR AN INTERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AND FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND SANCTIONS		
22			
23			
24	DATE OF HEARING: October 30, 2013 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m.		
25			
26	Defendant VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON ("Vivian") submits her Reply to Plaintiff's		
27	Oppositions to Countermotions set forth above.		
28			
-			

INTRODUCTION

Vivian has countermoved for an order, pursuant to EDCR 5.13, directing the parties' minor children, Brooke, 14, and Rylee, 10 to an interview through the Family Mediation Center ("FMC"). Based upon the difficulty in the relationship between Brooke and Plaintiff Kirk Ross Harrison ("Kirk"), Brooke's continued desire to spend more time with Vivian, and Kirk's undermining of the plan to address Brooke's discretion, requests that the Court reserve a hearing date on the issue of custody, and determine adequate cause for hearing upon return from the children's interviews. Kirk opposes Vivian's Countermotion.

Kirk's Opposition continues upon the theme he has repeatedly asserted in this action: Vivian is a drug-addled narcissist who "callously manipulates" the children and is the cause of all of their problems, including those that they have with Kirk. Vivian respectfully submits, however, that an overview of all the pleadings in this case leads to this conclusion: while Kirk lacks basic respect and care for Vivian as the girls' mother, his feeling toward her long ago crossed from disrespect to contempt. His ability to fairly, objectively judge Vivian's behavior is diminished or gone.

Kirk's Opposition itself is an insight into his lack of objectivity and reasoning. To defeat Vivian's request for a hearing on change of custody, to eliminate the implementation of the clause designed to avoid litigation regarding the issue of custody arising from teen discretion, and to support his attempt to emasculate any role a parenting coordinator would normally play in this action, Kirk claims:

1. Even while he faces multiple witnesses to Vivian's continued involvement with the children, a mountain of receipts showing her involvement, a multiple-page list of activities and trips she has engaged in with girls (which Kirk has not challenged), and Brooke and Rylee's statements that Vivian submits support her involvement, Vivian "abandoned" the children for six years,

2. Though Kirk claims that Vivian spent six years away from the children and did virtually nothing for them while Kirk provided for all of their needs, Vivian was able to "influence" the girls since from September 14, 2011 (the end of the six year period) to today to overcome their true feelings and instead desire to live primarily with her;

- 3. Though he provides a placid, spontaneous, open and "peaceful happy monastery" of a home for the girls, they want to live in Vivian's home that Kirk alleges (at least when Vivian was caring for the children previously) is a "volatile, unstable, screaming, swearing, hitting, throwing, accusatory, arguing, fingerpointing, environment" (Kirk's Reply and Opposition, filed October 22, 2013, page 11);
- 4. Though his relationship with the children is one of "love and care," and the children are straight "A," accomplished and admired children, the Court cannot trust the children to state their needs and desires truthfully because of Vivian's "influence" and "callous manipulation";
- 5. His problems with Brooke, described in her email attached to Vivian's motion, (in which Brooke details Kirk's multiple references to her "lying," his specific thinly-veiled derogation of Vivian as someone who is improperly influencing her, his direct attempt to alienate Rylee from Brooke by contending to Rylee that Brooke would not care if he died, and his suggestion to Brooke that she abandons her sister Rylee by wanting to spend time with Vivian), were just a one-time event during a trip to Lagoon¹;
- 6. If Brooke and Rylee are given no choice to spend any additional time with Vivian, or to live with her, they will be happier. He ostensibly alleges that any conflict he has with Brooke will end because Brooke will realize change is hopeless, she will suppress her desire to spend more time with

One must wonder why, if this was a one-time event, Kirk reacted to Brooke's claim of cramps by suggesting Brooke didn't really care for him, did not want to do things with the family, would not care if he died. He contends that Brooke's not wanting to go to an amusement park with cramps led to him calling his lawyer, his psychiatrist expert, and the parties' adult daughter. None of this suggests this was a one-time problem, and does suggest Kirk may not possess the skills he thinks he does for extended custody of the girls.

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Vivian because she knows it is futile, and *that* will prevent motions to modify or change custody that do not have a "legitimate" basis; and,

Even though Vivian repeatedly requested joint physical custody both before and after 7. Kirk's filing, agreed to joint physical custody and the provisions of the teenage discretion provision even though Brooke was adamantly indicating that she did not want to live jointly with Kirk, expressly stated that the reason she was requesting a therapist and PC be put in place was to allow Kirk time to mend his relationship with Brooke, and did not initiate any post trial litigation even after Kirk advised her that Brooke wanted to live with her (a fact that she and Kirk have known for years that she sarcastically replied to in an email as if it were a revelation), she is competing with Kirk regarding the children. Kirk, on the other hand, who hid his filings and his basis for relief for months before filing his pleadings, who sought primary custody with supervised visitation, filed (and continues to file) hundreds of pages of vile insults toward Vivian, claims that he only resolved the custody case due to cost and damage to the family (implying the plan he entered was not in the best interest of the children), still contends that Vivian suffers from psychological disorders, was a drug addict, did not provide care for the girls for six years, damaged Rylee by sleeping with her (even in the face of insurmountable evidence to the contrary) and now contends that she is scheming and manipulative, filed motions designed to renege on his agreement, and now moves to preclude the children from having any voice in their care, is only attempting to prevent the children from spending more time with Vivian out of his concern for their best interest. As stated in her Opposition, it is reasonable to believe Kirk's view of Vivian and the family is delusional.

Vivian's explanation of current events is simpler: Kirk's pressure and ridicule of the girls for wanting to spend additional time with Vivian has broken their relationship with Kirk, and the girls want to be with Vivian because his home has become intolerable for them and her home, always there for them since infancy, is also safe and welcoming. If one infers from his pleadings that Kirk actively dislikes or

 abhors Vivian, then it follows that the girls' desire to live with Vivian is fueled by their reluctance to live in a home where they may not openly and unconditionally love their mother.

Kirk proposes there be no forum for the girls' expressions as to problems in co-parenting, except through a parent or lawyers. Kirk reasons Brooke's acts of insubordination are not engendered by her true feelings but by Vivian's "influence," and nothing the girls say may be believed to be of their own will. His plea is that unless the girls say they want to live with him in the current arrangement, the Court must believe the girls have been manipulated by Vivian and are thus unworthy of belief ("they are not neutral witnesses. Vivian has successfully taught to believe things that are not true.") (Kirk's Reply and Opposition, page 11).

Vivian asks the Court order that persons who can detect an insincere, programmed child talk to the children Kirk alleges are insincere and programmed. Vivian further requests that the Court promptly implement the teen discretion/parenting coordinator terms to which she agreed and to which Kirk, a lawyer represented lawyers, also agreed. Vivian points out that this would not be her course if she had any concern that she had improperly influenced the children. She has not asked the Court to hastily act without such an interview, and she welcomes a review of any request for custody after those interviews. She asks, however, that the Court reserve a date for a hearing to address what Vivian views as Brooke's mature and intelligent desire to alter the current custodial timeshare — a desire that will begin to subsume and adversely affect all other custody criteria if left unheard and not considered.

II.

THE COURT SHOULD DIRECT THE CHILDREN TO BE INTERVIEWED, AND DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS ADEQUATE CAUSE FOR A HEARING ON CUSTODY

Kirk objects to an interview of the children because he claims that Vivian is controlling or influencing Brooke to act and feel in ways that she would not otherwise act and feel. Vivian indicates that, as made plain by Brooke's written description of Kirk's actions toward her, it is Kirk's disrespectful

and manipulative behavior that has lead to Brooke's problems with Kirk. Both arguments call for an interview of the children. If, as Kirk contends, Vivian is using Brooke and Rylee like puppets, or as Vivian contends, the children, particularly Brooke, have a good faith, sincere desire for a modification of custody, the Court must interview Brooke and Rylee to fulfill its duty to weigh their discretion.

The law, and the psychological literature supporting the law, grants children a voice in their care.

Only through being permitted to manage their lives do teens learn how to manage their lives. The Legislature has spoken: "You may be heard, if you have any sense."

The perniciousness of Kirk's argument is that this particular witness (Brooke) was the victim of improper and secret dealing, i.e., she was tampered with. He claims the words will not be the witnesses'. He argues that unless she says she wants to keep the current Order in effect, she cannot be believed. Kirk claims that before the girls spent an extended period of time with Vivian over vacation, there were no problems in his home. That claim defies logic, and the persons to best know if there were problems that existed between them and Kirk prior to any vacation with Vivian are the children. Again, Kirk's argument supports an interview of the children.

Kirk claims Vivian has created a "new reality" and created, with her "hired guns" (p. 12, line 20) a "revisionist reality" (Reply and Opposition, p. 12, line 24) for the girls, exemplified by their claim he never bought them dance clothes and shoes when he had done so at least once. Kirk depicts a North Korea in Vivian's home, where she is Kim Jong-un and the children are brainwashed, Kirk-hating peasants who voice slogans she implanted in them. He presents no evidence by way of his own declaration or third party declarations stating the girls exhibit signs of mind control or are subject to the conditions which permit it: cut off from family or friends; break down of sense of self-esteem; creation of a new identity; physical separation and isolation from the world or Kirk. There is no basis for Kirk's claims that Vivian

has placed a "new reality" into the girls' memories. Indeed, it is Kirk that has repeatedly insisted on trying to convince the Court that he "raised them since Brooke was 7."

Kirk ignores that there could be other problems that led to Brooke's indication that she wanted to spend more time or live with Vivian: (1) his treatment of the children and the atmosphere in his home; (2) a visitation schedule which would make any child as overscheduled as the girls so dizzy and disoriented they might not want to have to live out that schedule in two homes; and, (3) their strong bond with Vivian.

Vivian's Countermotion regarding Brooke's custody arises from her status as a mature and intelligent fourteen year old, and her continually stated desire to live with Vivian. It further arises out of Kirk's attempt to limit her from exercising the teenage discretion she desires with the guidance of a therapist. It is submitted Kirk's desire to muzzle his daughter may arise from his inability to understand his behavior is all or partly responsible for the very problems for which he blames others—including his very own daughter. Kirk's attack on Vivian in his motion on the same tired grounds raised in nearly every pleading he files with the Court demonstrates his *continued* anger and disdain have hardened and now corrode his ability to parent the girls. The tactics he admits he uses to stop Brooke from exercising even understandable instances of her desire to spend time with Vivian (Kirk claims there are only two instances of Brooke exercising teenage discretion) evidences that it is he, not Vivian, who perceives time with the children as a competition.

One of the two instances involved Brooke's desire to go with Vivian to purchase dance clothes. In that circumstance, Kirk advised Brooke that it was unacceptable, discouraged her from going by asking why she could not go with Vivian on "Vivian's time", and challenged her recollection of her history of buying dance clothes with Vivian and not him. He is so obsessed with that issue that he has examined years of records to find a single receipt for purchases of dance clothes in St. George, Utah in 2009. Contrary to Kirk's half-assertion in his Opposition ("Vivian has not gone on family trips to Tuacahn for

several years, so it is doubtful she was there"), Vivian was with the family at Tuacahn and chose the clothes from the outdoor sale that was occurring at the store in St. George in 2009. As stated in her Opposition and Countermotion, she has no recollection of Kirk ever buying dance clothes for the girls.

More importantly, whether Kirk ever purchased clothes for Brooke or Rylee is not the issue; Brooke wanted to spend time with her mother shopping. This is not a slight to either Kirk or Rylee as Kirk suggests. Brooke does not see the world in terms of court orders, Kirk does. Brooke just wants to be free to spend some time with her mother – there may be time when she wants to spend special time with her father. Vivian negotiated and achieved a solution that would allow her to do either (the "teenage discretion" provision is mutual), but Kirk's lack of introspection cannot allow him to conceive that one of his children may actually like spending time with Vivian. When Brooke wanted to go shopping with her mother on a Saturday, Kirk demanded she explain herself and suggested that she was lying. That is the issue, not whether Kirk bought dance clothes for the girls near Trader Joe's in 2007 or any other factual minutiae that Kirk wants to obsess upon. Kirk's anger toward Vivian prevents him from seeing this, and instead he views any desire by Brooke to spend time with her mother as nefarious manipulation by Vivian--"a win"--which he cannot abide.

Kirk also falsely alleges that Vivian planned an event at her home for the Homecoming Dance. As indicated in her Opposition Vivian did not plan this event, Brooke and her friends did. Brooke wanted to be with her mother during the time she was applying her make-up, and the make-up of her friends for their first high school dance. Again, Kirk sees this as a slight. His response shows absolutely no understanding. He claims that he has learned a lot about make-up. *Opposition*, page 24. One has to ask whether he makes these arguments with a straight face. He wanted Brooke to be at his house while

² Kirk somehow believes that telling Brooke and Rylee that "you shouldn't lie" is different from calling them liars. "Kirk has not and never will accuse Brooke or Rylee of lying." Kirk's Opposition, page 18. It is doubtful these children can make that semantic distinction – all they hear is their father accusing them of lying.

getting dressed and putting his make-up on with the other girls so he, not Vivian, could help with their make-up? This is his basis to accuse Vivian of "callous manipulation"?

The depths of Kirk's lack of understanding about the needs of a teenage girl is culminated by his failure to admit that maybe he should have left the room when Brooke wanted to talk to a doctor about things that were coming out of her body after she had her first period. He offers no explanation for that behavior.

Kirk's, not Vivian's, actions continue to be divisive. His Opposition repeats his allegations that Brooke's desire to spend time with her mother is an abandonment of her sister. He fails to recognize how harmful that statement is to Brooke and Rylee.

Kirk submits as evidence of Vivian's improper influence a self-serving letter from his lawyer that concluded, without citation to any fact other than what Kirk told him, that Vivian had caused Brooke and Rylee to spend time with her at the Atkinson's home (two doors down from the marital residence) in order to deprive Kirk of time with them. Kirk's lawyer's [Kirk's] claim was and is factually baseless. At or around that time Vivian was at the Atkinson's designing and sewing costumes for the girls' dance theater's production of Mary Poppins (for the lead cast). The girls wanted to be with Vivian generally, and again during that process, and it allowed them to play with the Atkinson's children, with whom they are very close. This was time after school, and before their after school activities. They were across the street, and could come and go as they please. Kirk had made the home environment increasingly hostile (he placed locks on doors, snooped into her email, etc). Consequently, Vivian spent time at the Atkinsons, and the children followed. See February 4, 2013 letter from Radford Smith to Edward Kainen, attached to Vivian's Amended Opposition filed October 18, 2013.

Vivian has not manipulated the children, and she wants them interviewed. By making her request conditional, she recognizes that there are options to explore to determine the best course for the children.

Vivian requests that the Court order an interview of the children, and that the system the parties agreed-to regarding any exercise of their discretion be put in place.

1. <u>Kirk's Allegations as to Matters Occurring Prior to July 11, 2012 are not Applicable to Vivian's Motion for Hearing on the Issue of Custody</u>

To the extent Kirk's Reply and Opposition to Countermotion addresses his filings and allegations prior to July 11, 2012, they are inadmissible to rebut Vivian's request for hearing on the issue of custody. *McMonigle v. McMonigle*, 110 Nev. 1407, 887 P.2d 742 (1994), and *Hopper v. Hopper*, 113 Nev. 1138, 946 P.2d 171 (1997); *but see, Castle v. Simmons*, 120 Nev. 98, 103, 86 P.3d 1042, 1046 (2004)(Domestic violence unknown at time of order to court or party seeking change of custody is not inadmissible as basis for change of custody, modifying, but not overruling, *McMonigle*).

Kirk invokes facts predating his execution of the joint physical custody agreement. If those facts existed, why did he agree to joint custody? Can the Court infer those alleged "facts" never occurred? Is recitation of those facts another attempt to poison the Court? More darkly, is Kirk unable to stop repeating his story to the Court and anyone else who will listen—including his daughters.

2. <u>Kirk's Continued Attempt to Manipulate Brooke and Rylee by Enmeshing the Adult Children in this Litigation Should be Denied.</u>

Kirk believes "that involving the children in their parents' dispute is not in their best interest" but asks the Court interview adult children, Tahnee and Whitney, if it interviews the minor children. *Opposition* page 12, lines 8-14. That request should be denied – the minor daughters' interviews are prompted by the Court's duty under NRS 125.480 to hear the preference of minor children mature and intelligent enough to provide one. Court-annexed programs are designed to determine if children are telling the truth in a context designed to protect them from litigation, while trials are designed to determine if adults are telling the truth.

Kirk's request is part of a more disturbing pattern. Brooke has indicated to Vivian that Kirk has repeatedly used the girls as his proxy to advise them that they are doing something wrong if they want to spend additional time with Vivian. This is not healthy for any of the children, but Kirk's use and influence over the adult daughters has been present since before this case began. While Kirk repeatedly indicates that they changed their affidavits that Kirk wrote for them, we do not know what changes were made or why, what the content of the original affidavits were, or whether the changes actually took two hours or was the meeting with Kirk's lawyer composed of discussions unrelated to any modifications of the affidavit, such as any pledged limitations on their involvement in the action. We do not know if Kirk fairly characterized what he was trying to do in this case to the adult daughters. We have at least one example in the case of a witness, Laurie Larsen, for which Kirk solicited a statement, that later wrote a statement for Vivian expressing that she, Ms. Larsen did not understand the purpose of the initial statement she signed when it was presented to her by Kirk. These are matters for cross-examination of adult witnesses if Kirk is uncaring enough to again place his adult daughters in the middle of this case.

III.

CONCLUSION

Vivian submits that it is Kirk that has treated this matter as a competition, not Vivian. His insults and attacks on Vivian have not resulted in any order granting him the relief he has requested through the Courts during this action. His method of attacking Vivian through the pleadings has caused her to become numb to the repeated unsubstantiated claims. She realizes she cannot cause Kirk to feel differently about her, but she can try to prevent him from ingraining his anger and hatred in Brooke and Rylee.

Vivian's countermotion seeks a interview of Brooke and Rylee, and the reservation of a hearing date. As discussed in her Motion and Reply, the facts outlining the difficulties between Kirk and Brooke contained in both Kirk's original motion, and Vivian's Opposition compose adequate cause for hearing on

the issue of custody. Nevertheless, Vivian would like the girls interviewed before the Court makes its determination to proceed forward so the parties and the Court can fully understand any need for modification, and perhaps negotiate a resolution before this matter proceeds further. Brooke's desire to live with Vivian, however, is not an issue that will go away by either ignoring it, as Kirk suggests, or delaying the matter interminably until she begins to act out. Vivian respectfully requests that the Court take the limited action she has proposed to determine Brooke and Rylee's best interest.

Dated this 28 day of October, 2013

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. 1 for Nevada State Bar No. 2791 1878

Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

2 I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the 3 age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection 4 and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is deposited with the U.S. 5 Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid. I served the foregoing document described as: DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO PLAINTIFF'S OPPOSITION TO COUNTERMOTIONS TO RESOLVE PARENT/CHILD ISSUES, TO CONTINUE HEARING ON CUSTODY ISSUES, FOR AN INTERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AND FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND 10 SANCTIONS" 11 on this 28th day of October, 2013, to all interested parties as follows: 12 13 BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows; 14 BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this 15 date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below; 16 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing 17 document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below: 18 BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt 19 requested, addressed as follows: Tom J. Standish, Esq. 20 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor 21 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorney for Plaintiff 22 Edward L. Kainen, Esq. 23 10091 Park Run Dr., Suite 110 24 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Plaintiff 25 26

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

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MOTN EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 CLERK OF THE COURT KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 823-4900 Facsimile (702) 823-4488 Administration@KainenLawGroup.com THOMAS STANDISH, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 1424 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Fl. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone (702) 699-7500 Facsimile (702) 699-7555 tjs@juww.com 10 Co-counsel for Plaintiff 11 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC DISTRICT COURT 12 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 14 Plaintiff, CASE NO. D-11-443611-D 15 DEPT NO. O VS. 16 Date of Hearing: 12/18/2013 Time of Hearing: 11:00 A M VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, 17 Defendant. ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED: 18 YES XX NO 19 NOTICE: PURSUANT TO EDCR 5.25(b) YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE. 22 23 PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR A JUDICIAL DETERMINATION OF THE TEENAGE DISCRETION PROVISION 24 25 COMES NOW, Plaintiff, KIRK ROSS HARRISON, by and through his attorneys, 26 THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ., of the law firm JOLLEY, URGA, WIRTH, WOODBURY & STANDISH, and EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ., of the KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and hereby 27 28

moves this Court, pursuant to NRS 125.510, NRS 125.230(1), NRS 125.480(1), NRS 125.460, and NRS 125C.101(1) to make a judicial determination regarding Section 6 of the Order Resolving Parent/Child 2 Issues, entered July 11, 2012. 3 This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Points and Authorities submitted herewith, and oral argument of counsel to be adduced at the time of hearing. 5 DATED this 18 day of November, 2013. KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLC By EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiff NOTICE OF MOTION VIVIAN MARIE HARRISON, Defendant; and TO: RADFORD SMITH, ESQ. and GARY SILVERMAN, ESQ., counsel for Defendant: TO: PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the _____ day of 12/18/132013, at the hour of 11:00AM __.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard. DATED this 18 day of November, 2013. KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC By: EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Plaintiff 27 28

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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Kirk previously filed, "Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and for Other Equitable Relief" on October 1, 2013. Vivian filed an opposition and countermotions thereto on October 16, 2013. Kirk filed his reply and opposition to Vivian's countermotions on October 23, 2013. Vivian filed her reply regarding her countermotions on October 28, 2013. Said motion and countermotions were set for hearing before this Court on October 30, 2013.

During that hearing the Court indicated its preference to wait until there was a Parenting Coordinator in place. The Court also was unequivocal that it did not want to conduct an evidentiary hearing or interview the minor children.

While Kirk is not going to re-state all of his concerns as to why the teenage discretion provision should be stricken, suffice it to say, that exactly what Kirk was concerned would happen, has happened. An incident occurred subsequent to that hearing. After that incident, the parties set forth their opposing interpretations of Section 6 in an exchange of letters. It is evident from these letters there was, and remains, no meeting of the minds regarding Section 6 and this provision should therefore be stricken. In the event this Court is unwilling to strike said provision, then the parties need this Court's immediate judicial determination of the meaning of this provision going forward. The Parenting Coordinator is not authorized to, and should not, make such a legal determination. If the provision is not stricken, the parties need, and are entitled to, such a determination from the Court.

Under Subsection 6.2, an aggrieved party under this provision can seek relief with either the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

For purposes of understanding the most recent incident when this matter came to a head, the relevant time period is the two weeks between November 1st at 7:35 a.m., and November 13th at 2:06 p.m. Under the terms of the joint physical custody order, during that two week time period, the only time Kirk was to have with Brooke¹ was less than two days (actually it was only 41 hours) between

¹ Rylee was on a school field trip to California during this time period.

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November 6th (Wednesday) at 2:06 p.m. and November 8th (Friday) at 7:15 a.m. This time was all the more precious, as during the brief period Brooke was to be with Kirk, Brooke had a dance class on Wednesday evening for 1 ½ hours, was to attend school on Thursday between 7:35 a.m. and 2:06 p.m., and had another dance class Thursday afternoon and evening from 3:45 p.m. until 9:00 p.m.

At 7:36 a.m. on November 6th - the very day Kirk was to pick up Brooke from school - Brooke sent a text to Kirk providing, "Decided I'm going to stay at moms today and tomorrow." If Kirk would have agreed with this request, he would not have been able to see Brooke at all for this entire almost two week period. Kirk responded, ten minutes later, "This is not something you can decide. I will pick you up from school at 2:06 p.m. and we can talk then. Love you." There was no further response from Brooke - at least not to Kirk. Indeed it would become crystal clear that there was certainly communication with Vivian.

Despite there being no communication between Kirk and Vivian, just three and one-half hours after the text exchange between Brooke and Kirk, Vivian's attorneys faxed a two and one-half page letter to Kirk's counsel at 11:17 a.m., providing that Vivian intended to "honor" Brooke's wishes. A true and correct copy of this letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "1." Kirk's counsel faxed a response later that day and subsequently spoke to Vivian's attorney on the telephone. A true and correct copy of Kirk's counsel's response letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "2." During the telephone conversation between counsel, Vivian's attorneys then fired off yet another letter the same day concerning this incident. A true and correct copy of Vivian's attorney's letter concerning the same incident is attached hereto as Exhibit "3."

During the telephone call between counsel on November 6th, Vivian's attorney admitted that Vivian had indeed spoken to Brooke about "her rights" under the teenage discretion provision, but that doing so was "not in violation" because the communication "happened prior to entry of the parties' Parenting Agreement." The "Parenting Agreement" is the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, which was entered by this Court on July 11, 2012. The facts and common sense clearly indicate Vivian has also been speaking to Brooke about teenage discretion during her summer vacations with Vivian this past summer and continuing to the present time. More importantly, it is clear that Brooke's understanding of "her rights" under the provision is based wholly on Vivian's beliefs about teenage

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discretion, as opposed to what the provision actually provides. Ironically, in the same telephone conversation when Vivian's attorney admitted that Vivian spoke with Brooke about teenage discretion. Vivian's attorney indicated that it was legally inappropriate under the agreement for Kirk to even respond or have a discussion with Brooke about Brooke's demand to change the custody arrangement for the next two days.

Wanting to exercise his already-limited time with Brooke, and at least discuss the text with Brooke, Kirk arrived at Brooke's school on Wednesday afternoon, as scheduled, to pick her up. Vivian, however, still insistent that she was going to "respect" Brooke's wishes, was also at the school to pick up Brooke. Shortly after 2:06 p.m., Brooke walked past Kirk's car, got in Vivian's car, and they drove away. Having already made it clear to Vivian's attorney that Kirk did not consent to this, Kirk chose not to make a scene at school to enforce the custody agreement. As a consequence, Kirk did not see Brooke for almost two weeks.2

Vivian has clearly not acted in good faith, based on her decision to discuss teenage discretion with Brooke and insisting on arriving at Brooke's school to pick her up even after Kirk voiced his objection to same.

Although the Court has appointed Margaret Pickard as the Parenting Coordinator, a judicial determination is needed and, as noted, the parties have the right under Subsection 6.2 to request the Court to address such issues.

III. ARGUMENT

Vivian's Interpretation of Section 6 Is That A 14 Year Old Child Has The Á, Unfettered Absolute Right To Order Changes To The Agreed Custody Schedule

As can be readily seen from the two letters from Vivian's attorneys, Exhibits 1 and 3, it is Vivian's position that the 14 year old child of the parties has the absolute right, at any time and for any reason, to overrule the custody arrangement between the parties. According to Vivian, the parent then

² This is not the first time that Vivian's intentional misconduct has resulted in Kirk inequitably losing two precious days with his children. Attached hereto is Exhibit "5," which is incorporated herein by reference. As a consequence of Vivian's conniving conduct, Kirk was deprived of another two days with Brooke and Rylee this summer.

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having custody must immediately obey the command without question. This must be done irrespective of the context in which the order of the 14 year old child is made, irrespective of other plans that have been made, irrespective of the adverse impact it may have upon the 10 year old younger sister, or any other member of the family, etc.

Kirk's Interpretation of Section 6 Is That A 14 Year Old Child Has The Right To B. Make, Presumptively, Infrequent Requests For Minor Departures To the Agreed To Custody Schedule

7 As can be readily seen from the letter from Kirk's counsel, Exhibit 2, it is Kirk's position that it is unreasonable to interpret Section 6 is such a way to give a 14 year old child, "carte blanche to make changes to the custodial schedule whenever they see fit." It is Kirk's interpretation of Section 6, assuming, arguendo, for the moment that Vivian's prior material breaches of Section 6 have not rendered the provision totally unworkable, that the 14 year old child has the right to request, presumably, on a very infrequent basis, a limited departure from the regular custody schedule. In the event of such a request, it is implicit that both parents must not unreasonably withhold their consent to such a request, taking into account the particular circumstances existing at the time of the request - as every responsible parent should do regardless.3 Tom Standish, Esq., who negotiated the provision, is unequivocal that it was never intended that a 14 year old child was given the right to determine departures to the agreed custody schedule between the parties, "[I]t was never intended that a child could assert control over their own timeshare merely because they have reached the age of 14 years." Affidavit of Thomas J. Standish, Esq., dated October 29, 2013, ¶6, which is attached hereto as Exhibit 114.11

Section 6 does not provide a 14 year old child with authority to "decide" where she is going to be. As a matter of fact, Section 6.1 specifically provides that "the parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent." If

³ It should be noted that Kirk has acted in good faith, and has in fact acquiesced to Brooke's four (4) prior requests, despite the fact they were, in all likelihood, "prompted" or "suggested" by Vivian - to spend additional time with Vivian during his custodial period to buy dance shoes, to do make up for the Homecoming dance, to work on a project (because Vivian or, rather, Heather Atkinson, had the materials), and to do make up for Halloween. In fact, Kirk even voluntarily offered for Brooke and Rylee to spend additional time with Vivian Halloween night as an olive branch and because Halloween is a much more significant event for Vivian than for Kirk.

the actual intent was to give a 14 year old child carte blanche to stay where she wants, with whatever parent she wants, whenever she wants, it would have said so and in that case a custody schedule would not mean anything, yet there is a custody schedule set forth in the same custody order.

C. The Language of Section 6 and The Application of Common Sense Inescapably Result In the Conclusion the 14 Year Old Child Has The Right To Make A <u>Request</u> For A Departure From The Agreed To Custody Schedule

Subsections 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3 provide:

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- 6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.
- 6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.
- 6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

(Emphasis added)

Kirk respectfully submits that when this provision is read as a whole, the undeniable conclusion, based not only upon the literal language, but upon common sense as well, is that the 14 year old child may make a request for a departure to the schedule, but does not have the authority to determine that the departure will be made. All of the controlling highlighted language above supports such a conclusion, except for the grammatically questionable use of the conjunctive and disjunctive "and/or" in Subsection 6.2. Despite the single incident of poor language choice, in the context of the rest of the language contained in Section 6, it is absolutely inconsistent to interpret this language as granting the ...

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14 year old child the absolute right to "make" the custody determination. In fact, it is nonsensical to provide that the 14 year old child has the right to request "and/or" the right to make the determination. If the 14 year old child has the right to make the determination, then there would be no reason to simply make a request.

There Are Several Independent Additional Reasons Why Section 6 Should Be D. Stricken And Vivian's Interpretation Of Section 6 Must Fail

There are several independent reasons why Section 6 should be stricken and Vivian's interpretation of the provision must fail.

> Section 6 Should be Stricken As Teenage Discretion Provisions Should 1. Generally Be Suspect As They Unnecessarily Create Uncertainty and Instability for The Children and There Was No Meeting Of The Minds In the Negotiation And Drafting Of This Teenage Discretion Provision

"Teenage discretion" provisions such as this should be seriously questioned by the courts under any circumstances, but especially when the parents do not get along. These provisions create unnecessary uncertainty and instability for the children. Under a joint custody arrangement, the children know from week to week the time they will be spending with each parent. These provisions undermine and disrupt that certainty and stability, unnecessarily creating uncertainty and instability on a weekly basis. As the Court has already seen, this is especially true in this matter.

There was clearly no meeting of the minds by the attorneys who negotiated the terms of this provision. Tom Standish, who negotiated this provision, is adamant this provision was never intended to give a 14 year old child control over the determination. The child is only given the right to make a request without any "suggestion" or "prompting" by either parent and where both parents are obligated to "encourage the children to follow the regular schedule." On the other hand, as evidenced by his letters, Mr. Smith argues this provision gives a 14 year old child the absolute right to determine their own timeshare. According to Mr. Smith, the child issues the order and the custodial parent must obey the order without any question or discussion.

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Where such a provision is highly suspect and generally questionable under any circumstances, where there was clearly no meeting of the minds by the individuals who negotiated the provision, resulting in interpretations which are essentially polar opposites, the provision should be stricken by the Court.

> Section 6 Should Be Stricken As Vivian's Suggestions, Prompting, And 2. Encouragement To Brooke To Depart From The Regular Schedule Whenever Possible, In Direct Violation and Contravention Of The Explicit Terms of Section 6, And Vivian Telling Brooke She Has The Absolute Right To Dictate Her Timeshare On A Daily Basis, Have Created A Totally Untenable Situation For the Children and Kirk

After Vivian had uninterrupted custody of Brooke and Rylee for 21 days, the first day back with Kirk, on July 17, 2013, Brooke announced that since she was now 14 years old, she can decide where she lives. After Vivian had uninterrupted custody of Brooke and Rylee for 14 days, on August 2, 2013, Brooke announced she was going to live with Vivian full time.4 It is evident that Vivian has convinced Brooke that Brooke has the absolute right to dictate her timeshare on a daily basis. On August 25, 2013, Brooke informed Kirk that he had to take her to Vivian's house anytime she wanted and Brooke had the right to stay for as long as she wanted. It is not a coincidence that Brooke's position mirrors the extreme position taken by Vivian.

The disputes which the parties and their children are now embroiled are a foreseeable direct consequence of Vivian's material breaches of the safeguards Kirk's counsel put in place to avoid the very scenario which now exists. See, Affidavit of Thomas Standish, Exhibit "4" hereto. Vivian's prior and continuing misconduct is a blatant violation of the safeguards in Section 6 and constitute material breaches of material and essential provisions, which has, in effect, prospectively nullified the effectiveness of those provisions to protect the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, as well as Kirk's rights under the joint custody order.

On Thursday, November 14, 2013, Brooke informed Kirk she intended to go to Vivian's house during the upcoming weekend to work on props and costumes for dance, etc. Brooke had just been with

⁴ Vivian's attorneys actually assert that Vivian has not discussed the "teenage discretion" provision with Brooke since sometime before this Court's custody order was entered July 11, 2012, and, therefore, the timing of all of this is just an incredible coincidence.

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Vivian for 13 uninterrupted days and was to return to Vivian on Monday, November 18, 2013. The costumes are not to be turned in until Wednesday evening, November 20, 2013. Kirk told Brooke he would like to think about it and perhaps Brooke could spend a shorter period at Vivian's house this weekend and the rest could be done while she was with Vivian on Monday and Tuesday. Brooke spoke with Vivian that night on the telephone and was visibly upset with Kirk the next day for no otherwise apparent reason.

At 1:33 p.m. on Saturday, November 16, 2013, Brooke came to Kirk and informed him that he 7 had to take she and Rylee to Vivian's house at 2:00 p.m. to make the props and costumes that had to be turned in to Dance, Etc. on Wednesday evening, November 20, 2013. Kirk asked Brooke why they couldn't do it at his house and Brooke responded that Vivian already had gotten the materials. When Kirk asked why they couldn't simply go to the store and purchase the needed materials, Brooke said she didn't want to do that. Kirk asked how long it would take and Brooke said two to three hours. When Kirk asked what would happen if it took longer than three hours, Brooke responded that Vivian and she had been texting and Vivian had to leave at 5:00 p.m. Kirk relented and took both Brooke and Rylee to Vivian's house at 2:00 p.m. All of the foregoing, was coordinated by Vivian and Brooke, around Vivian's schedule. It was irrelevant that the plans Vivian made included Rylee. It was irrelevant that Vivian did not discuss the matter with Kirk, but used Brooke as the conduit. It was irrelevant that Kirk had previously made plans with Brooke, Rylee and Joseph to decorate the Christmas tree that afternoon and to have dinner together.5 Those plans, during Kirk's custody time with the children, had to take a back seat and be delayed.

Vivian has wrongfully, in direct contravention of the explicit terms of Section 6, firmly embedded in Brooke's mind that Brooke has the absolute right to determine her custody on a daily basis, and if Kirk does anything other than immediately and fully comply, Brooke perceives Kirk as doing something horribly improper and contrary to what she is entitled. Under such circumstances, Section 6 must be stricken.

⁵ Under the agreed custody schedule, the next weekend Kirk has Brooke and Rylee is the weekend of December 13, 2013, and Kirk is taking Brooke and Rylee to Whitney's graduation ceremony from Physician's Assistant School at Methodist University in Fayetteville, North Carolina...

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Any Teenage Discretion Provision, As Applied, Which Causes A 14 Year 3. Old Child To Feel Like She Must Chose Between Her Parents And, Importantly, Motivates One Of The Parents To Encourage that Child To Make That Choice On A Weekly Basis, Is Fundamentally Wrong

Custody arrangements should be determined by parents. The best interests of the children should be paramount in making that determination. The choice of how much time a 14 year old child spends with each parent should not be foisted upon that child through an ill-conceived and misinterpreted "teenage discretion" provision. A 14 year old child should not be compelled on a weekly basis to determine how much time she wants to spend with each parent for that particular week, especially when there is an indisputable history of one of the parents manipulating that child.

The interpretation advocated by Vivian, that a 14 year old child has the absolute right to determine departures from the agreed custody arrangement, not only undermines the joint custody agreement between the parties, but it unduly places too much stress upon a 14 year old child to make a choice between her parents on a weekly basis, and which choice, in most instances, inherently involves leaving her 10 year old sister.

Encouraging a 14 year old child to chose which parent to spend time with on a weekly basis is not in the best interests of the child, unnecessarily creates uncertainty and instability for her 10 year old younger sibling, undermines the certainty and stability inherent in an agreed parenting arrangement, creates an atmosphere which will motivate one of the parents to do what is most popular with the 14 year old child, as opposed to doing what is best for the 14 year old child, and encourages a parent, so inclined, to continue a parental competition, which is not in the best interests of the children. The continued existence of Section 6 provides a vehicle for the continued unnecessary manipulation of the children.

The Court is respectfully urged to do what is clearly in the best interests of these children and strike Section 6.

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	4. Section 6, As Interpreted by Vivian, Violates NRS 125.510(5) and NRS 125C.010 as the Right To Visitation On A Weekly Basis Is Not Defined with sufficient particularity to ensure that the rights of the parties can be properly enforced and that the heating to the parties of the parties can be	3
	properly enforced and that the best interest of the child is achieved."	2
	NRS 125.510 states in pertinent part as follows:	
	1. In determining the custody of a minor child in an action brought under this chapter, the court may, except as otherwise provided in this section and chapter 130 of NRS:	
	(a) During the pendency of the action, at the final hearing or at any time thereafter during the minority of any of the children of the marriage, make such an order for the custody care, advection	
Ğ		
1(11	was obtained by default without an appearance in the action by one of the parties. The party seeking such an order shall submit to the invisition	
12 moo-d-13	such an order upon the application of one of the parties or the legal guardian of the minor.	
www.KainenLawGroup.com	motion if it is shown that the best interest of the alith	
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18	5. Any order awarding a party a limited right of custody to a child must define that right with sufficient particularity to ensure	
19 20	best interest of the child is achieved. The order reset in the	
21	specific times and other terms of the limited right of custody. As used in this subsection, "sufficient particularity" means a statement of the rights in absolute terms and not by the use of the term "reasonable" or other rights.	
22	"reasonable" or other similar term which is susceptible to different interpretations by the parties.	
23	(Emphasis added.)	
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NRS 125C.010 contains language similar to NRS 125,510(5). These statutes implement specific custody and timeshare rules in the best interests of a minor child. Specifically, these statutes, as well as, NRS 125.460, provide for the children to have specific, ongoing and frequent contact with both parties. Allowing the children to have the unhampered right to determine their own schedule with each parent flies in the face of these statutes, as well as the parties' intent at the time they entered into the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues.

7 Section 6, as interpreted by Vivian, violates both NRS 125.510(5) and NRS 125C.010 as the right to visitation on a weekly basis is not defined "with sufficient particularity to ensure that the rights of the parties can be properly enforced and that the best interest of the child is achieved." According to Vivian, the 14 year old child has the absolute right to order a departure from the agreed custody schedule at any time, regardless of the circumstances. Based upon Vivian's interpretation, the right to visitation on a weekly basis is not defined with sufficient particularity. The right to visitation is whatever the 14 year old child arbitrarily determines it will be at any time, with Vivian's suggestion, prompting, and encouragement. For the same reason, the "specific times and other terms of the right of visitation" as set forth in this Court's order are also without "sufficient particularity" as they are subject to change on a weekly, if not daily basis, by the unfettered determination of a 14 year old child. None of this should be acceptable to the Court.

During the hearing on October 30, 2013, the Court confirmed that teenage discretion should <u>not</u> give a child full and complete control to make decisions regarding the custody timeshare. Specifically, at 10:59:10, the Court stated as follows:

> "I don't need a child interview. The less I can embroil a child in this process, ultimately the better I feel a child is insulated from this process. The parties agreed that it was in the best interest of the children to exercise joint physical custody. I don't want this to become a situation where it is just a matter of time, where as soon as you turn fourteen you get to decide where you want to live, that's not how it works. Under NRS 125.490, there is a presumption now because you agreed to joint physical custody. There is a presumption that joint physical custody is in the best interest of the children and to overcome that I don't find... say an interview came forward and that's what I hear, that there is a desire to live primarily with Mom. If that is, I find, I would be hard pressed to find that the expressions standing alone, of a fourteen year old child, would be sufficient to overcome that presumption. That's why I don't need it."

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The bottom line is that by allowing the present untenable situation to continue (a situation wholly created by Vivian's blatant violations of the written safeguards and her *continuing* misconduct), it continues to empower a 14 year old child to do Vivian's bidding and continues to allow Vivian to wrongfully empower that 14 year old child. That *is not* what Kirk bargained for when reaching a parenting agreement with Vivian. Kirk will continue to pursue resolution of this matter with Margaret Pickard while this Motion is pending. However, given the interpretation advocated by Vivian, and supported by her attorneys, it cannot be resolved absent a judicial determination by this Court. According to Vivian's attorneys, Brooke has full right and control to *decide* where she wants to be and when, and Kirk would be "violating the rules" if he even attempts to talk to Brooke about the same – Vivian however, appears to be free to continue her discussions with Brooke with impunity.

5. Section 6, As Interpreted by Vivian, Violates NRS 125.460 As It Encourages A Parent, Vivian, To <u>Not</u> Share The Rights And Responsibilities of Child Rearing

NRS 125.460 states as follows:

The Legislature declares that it is the policy of this State:

1. To ensure that minor children have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents after the parents have become separated or have dissolved their marriage; and

2. To encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

(Emphasis added.)

Section 6, as interpreted by Vivian, violates NRS 125.460, which provides "that it is the policy of this State...[t]o encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." Clearly, Vivian is using her interpretation to undermine Kirk's right to share in the rights and responsibilities of child rearing. According to Vivian's attorneys, Vivian, based upon Vivian's interpretation, can utilize Section 6 to obtain "defacto primary custody." (Exh. S to Vivian's opposition to Kirk's countermotions re attorneys' fees, p. 9, l. 16-17)

It is respectfully submitted that to allow a 14 year old child the absolute right to "make" these type of custody decisions, which are ongoing departures from the agreed schedule, is against the stated policy of this State, as it will undermine Kirk's right to share in the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

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IV. CONCLUSION

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The parties urgently need guidance from this Court by making a timely determination of Section 6. Section 6 should be stricken by this Court. This provision creates uncertainty and instability for the children and conflict between the parties, within which the children will remain embroiled until there is a resolution. At a minimum, it is obvious that there was no meeting of the minds between the parties regarding essential terms. Vivian's material breaches of material and essential terms of Section 6, including embedding in Brooke's mind that she has the absolute unfettered right to determine her own custody, has undermined any chance for the provision to be reasonably applied.

However, if the Court is not willing to strike the provision at this time, the parties need this Court's determination as to whether, under the existing provision, a 14 year old child has the right to order a departure from the agreed to custody schedule, as argued by Vivian, or whether, under the provision, a 14 year old child has the right to request a departure from the agreed to custody schedule.

Kirk has been reasonable and accommodating, if only to keep the peace and to prevent a needless confrontation, but it has resulted in continued demands, further immersion of the children into their parents' custody dispute and ongoing encroachment into his custodial periods. Vivian does not care about the impact on Brooke, who is placed in emotional turmoil and now forced to choose between her parents on a weekly basis in order to placate one of them - even on the most basic of issues as when to return to the car. Vivian, consumed by competition at every interaction, has tried to create problems by not being able to exercise even a modicum of common courtesy in day-to-day situations (e.g. keeping the girls talking in the house for 20 to 35 minutes while Kirk waits in the car outside her house). As a result of Vivian immersing Brooke in this conflict (both by sharing information Brooke never should have had, and by completely butchering the explanation of the provisions), the parties are in all too frequent conflicts, that was otherwise much more limited.

Kirk implores the Court, in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, to revoke this provision in its entirety. In the alternative, Kirk requests the Court to determine that a 14 year old child has the right to request, rather than the right to order, a departure from the agreed to custody schedule. However, under the latter alternative, Vivian will continue to manipulate and embroil the children in conflict.

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Accordingly, Kirk requests the following:

- That the Court modifies the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues by 1. revoking and striking Section 6 so that this type of abuse by Vivian can be avoided in the future.
- 2. That Kirk be given two custodial days for the two custodial days - November 6 & 7 which were wrongfully taken from him as a consequence of Vivian's misconduct and her manipulation of Brooke.
- That Kirk be given the two custodial days for the two custodial days July 31 and 3. August 1 - Vivian fraudulently took from Kirk as a result of her "change" of the dates for the sewing camp, as set forth in Exhibit "5", hereto.
- 4. That the Court impose an additional penalty upon Vivian as a deterrent to future attempts by Vivian to wrongfully take custodial days from Kirk (if Kirk only gets back the four days which were wrongfully taken by Vivian, then Vivian has incurred no penalty for what she has done, and there is no deterrent from doing it again).
- That the Court award Kirk attorney's fees for having to bring this matter to the Court's 5. attention.
- For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper in the premises. DATED this & day of November, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

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VIA FACSIMILE Edward Kainen, Esq.

November 6, 2013



Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Fal:

This morning Vivian dropped Ryles off for a two-day school trip to Catalina. Brooks approached Vivian, without prompting from Vivian of any kind, and indicated that she would like to stay with Vivian for the next couple of days. Under the provisions of paragraph 6 of the parties' parenting plan (the July 11, 2012 order). Brooke has the discretion to choose to spend this time with Vivian. That provision reads in pertinent part:

- Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.
- The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.

When Brooke advised Kirk of her choice to make the adjustment to the weekly schedule on this occasion, Kirk incorrectly informed Brooke that she does not have that discretion. Kirk's statement is contrary to the plain language of the agreement. Brooke does have that discretion,

If Kirk feels that either Brooke's choice or Vivian's actions are in violation of the Parenting Plan, the remedy is spelled out in paragraph 6.

Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the

Edward Kainen, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 2

6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

Thus, under the plain terms of the Parenting Plan, if Kirk believes that the child's discretion has been exercised in violation of the Plan, he may bring this matter to mediation with Ms. Pickard under the Order entered by Judge Duckworth appointing her, or he may file a motion with the Court. He does not have the unilateral ability to deny the exercise of Brooke's discretion. Consequently, consistent with Brooke's exercise of that discretion, Vivian will pick her up after school.

Kirk's suggestion to Brooke that she does not have discretion, and the pressure that he has placed on Brooke as outlined in Vivian's Opposition to Kirk's motion to remove paragraph 6 from the parenting plan (which motion Judge Duckworth denied), is precisely what Vivian wanted to avoid. The intent of the paragraph was to allow either child, after reaching 14 years of age, to exercise occasional discretion to spend time with a parent outside the custodial schedule. The paragraph is neutral, and grants the children the right to vary the schedule and avoid any demand by the other party for strict compliance with the weekly visitation schedule. Kirk seeks to undermine the application of the provision by the very means it was designed to avoid.

Vivian strongly hopes that Kirk will not continue to violate the provision by either informing Brooke that she cannot exercise the discretion granted to her, or by causing havoe (by demanding that she come with him for example) in order to intimidate and pressure Brooke. Paragraph 6 sets up a reasonable and specific method for addressing concerns of either parent regarding a child's exercise of discretion, and Vivian will participate in any sessions with Ms. Pickard to address Kirk's concerns. She has already contacted Ms. Pickard, and I am providing a copy of the Parenting Plan and Order appointing Ms. Pickard to her. Also, Judge Duckworth has appointed Lisa Linning as the child's therapist per Vivian's request, but Ms. Linnings office has declined the appointment. Consequently, Vivian accepts the appointment of Dr. Jamal Ali, who Kirk had proposed as the children's therapist. Vivian will contact Dr. Ali, and we will provide him a copy of the parenting plan and order appointing him as therapist.

Please let me know Kirk's intended actions so we can avoid any difficulties that may arise by any actions he intends to take in response to Brooke's exercise of the discretion granted her under paragraph 6 of the Parenting Plan.

Edward Kainen, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 3

I you would like to discuss this matter, I will be available most of the day either at the office or on my cell. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

Radford V. Smith, Esq.

Board Certified Nevada Family Law Specialist

RJS:

Enc:

cc;

Vivian Harrison
Gary Silverman, Esq.

Thomas Standish, Esq.



November 6, 2013

Via Facsimile: (702) 990-6456 Radford Smith, Esq. Radford J. Smith, Chartered 64 north Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074

Re: Kirk Harrison v. Vivian Harrison

Dear Rad:

I am in receipt of your letter dated November 6, 2013, regarding this matter.

The parties' parenting agreement gives the children the ability to request changes to the custodial schedule. It does not give the children carte blanche to make changes to the custodial schedule whenever they see fit. The children cannot simply "advise" their parents when they are going to adjust the custodial schedule. This is confirmed in paragraph 6.1 of the agreement, which plainly provides:

6.1 The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home."

In other words, the children are to discuss any proposed adjustments with the parent who has custody at the time they wish to make a request to the schedule -- in this case, Kirk, not Vivian.

Kirk took Brooke to school last Friday morning, November 1, at which time Vivian's custodial time began. Kirk will pick Brooke up today at 2:06 p.m., and will only have her until this coming Friday morning. After dropping Brooke off at school Friday at 7:30 a.m., he will not see Brooke again until next Wednesday, November 13, 2013. Further, tomorrow, November 7, Brooke has dance from 3:45 p.m. until 9:00 p.m. As you can see, Brooke's time with Kirk over this two-week period is already very limited.

Radford Smith, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 2

Accordingly, Kirk will pick up Brooke up from school, as this is his custodial time, and he will discuss the matter with Brooke. Should Vivian pick up Brooke after school today or keep Brooke during his custodial period over his objection, she will be in violation of the parties' parenting agreement and will be cause for Kirk to file a Motion with the Court to resolve this matter.

Your attention to this matter is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ.

ELK/cn

cc: Kirk Harrison

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

Radford J. Smith, Erg. Right P. Forsberg, Erg. Garina Varshrey, Erg. Jolene Hoset, Paralegal Kenneth F. Bmith, Paralegal Kenneth Elankenskip, Paralegal Kellye Blankenskip, Paralegal

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A Professional Conference
64 North Pecus Rold, Buitz 700
Hendrason, Nevada 6907a

Tilephone: (702) 750-6418 Pageimile: (702) 750-6456 Remiya@radfordrumith.com

VIA FACSIMILE Edward Kainen, Esq.

November 6, 2013

Nov 0 6 2012

Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Ed:

Reference is made to your letter of earlier today. Brooke's exercise of discretion to spend a brief period of time with Vivian is not a request to change the custodial scheduled contained in the agreement, that custodial schedule will continue. The provision reads:

"[T]he parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home."

There is no other way to read that provision other than a grant to allow Brooke to "make adjustments" to her weekly schedule. This was the discretion that was granted to her as part of the order. It appears that because he was unable to have the Court eliminate the stipulated provision, Kirk intends to ignore it, cause additional problems, then undermine it. Vivian will proceed according to the order, and retrieve Brooke today from school per her wishes.

Moreover, his plan to discuss Brooke's stated exercise of discretion with her, and obviously attempt to influence her not to spend time with Vivian, is exactly what is prohibited by the provision. Kirk should follow the procedure outlined in the plan and have him address this issue through Ms. Pickard.

I cannot comprehend why Kirk would continue to put Brooke through this kind of pressure. I believe that if he just took the pressure off her, allowed her to meet with a counselor, addressed his relationship or issues with the relationship through the Parenting Coordinator, that this issue would resolve itself. Instead, his response is to threaten to file a motion. I would ask that he reconsider that course.

While I appreciate that he will miss time alone with Brooke, she has unequivocally advised him of her desire to spend the next couple of days with Vivian. There may come a time when either Brooke or Rylee want to spend time with him on a day Vivian is scheduled to have them — she will, of course, comply with the provisions of the agreement.

November 6, 2013 Page 2

Your letter did not respond to Vivian's acceptance of Kirk's proposal of Dr. Ali. I presume, since Kirk originally proposed him, he would be acceptable. Please let me know.

Sincerely,

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

Radioid J. Smith, Esq.

Board Certified Nevada Family Law Specialist

RJS:

cc: Gary Silvennan (via email)

Vivian Harrison (via email)

Thomas Standish, Esq. (via email)

Electronically Filed 10/29/2013 05:03:43 PM

JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1600, Las Vegas, NV 89169 Telephone: (702) 699-7500 Fax: (702) 699-7555	1	AFFD	Alm & Burn
	2	THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1424	CLERK OF THE COURT
	3	tis@iuww.com JENNIFER POYNTER-WILLIS, ESQ.	
	4	Nevada Bar No. 9281 ipw@iuww.com	
	5	JOLLEY, URGA, WIRTH, WOODBURY & 5 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor	STANDISH
	6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 699-7500	
	7	(702) 699-7555	
	8	EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029	
	9	ed@kainenlawgroup.com KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC	
	10	10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145	
	11	(702) 823-4900 (702) 823-4488 (Fax)	:
	12	Attorneys for Plaintiff	•
	13	DISTRICT COURT	
	14		NTY, NEVADA
	15	KIRK ROSS HARRISON,	CASE NO.: D-11-443611 DEPT NO.: Q
	16	Plaintiff, vs.	
	17	l l	Hearing Date: October 29, 2013 Hearing Time: 10:00 a.m.
	18		
	19	Defendant	
88	20	AFFIDAVIT OF THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ. filed in Support of Plaintiff's Reply In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and For Other Equitable Relief, and Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Countermotions to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, To Continue Hearing on Custody Issues, For an Interview of the Minor Children, and For Attorney's Fees and	
	21		
	22		
	23	Sanc	tions
	24	STATE OF NEVADA	
	25	COUNTY OF CLARK Ss.	
	26	Thomas J. Standish, Esq., being first dul	y sworn, deposes and says:
	27		
	28		
		•	

- 2. I am the attorney for Kirk Harrison (hereinafter "Kirk"), the Plaintiff in case number D-11-443611-D. I am employed by the law firm of Jolley Urga Wirth Woodbury & Standish, and am duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. I was retained as co-counsel to Edward Kainen, Esq. for Kirk, in June 2011.
- On behalf of Kirk Harrison, I negotiated the terms of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, entered July 11, 2012, with Radford J. Smith, Esq.
- 4. In particular, I negotiated with Mr. Smith Paragraph 6 of said stipulation and order, which for purposes of clarity is set forth hereafter:
 - 6. Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each parent. Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.
 - 6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.
 - 6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.
 - 6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

6.4. In the event either child wishes to permanently modify the regular custodial schedule beyond the scope of this provision once that child reaches 14 years of age, she may address this matter with the therapist or Parenting Coordinator, or either party may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator. If the parties cannot agree, the Court shall consider the children's wishes pursuant to NRS 125.480(4)(a).

- 5. The emboldened language was specific material language that I bargained for on my client's behalf. I advised my client that these emboldened provisions were critical to the teenage discretion provision and to safeguard the situation from either parent wrongfully pressuring, influencing, or encouraging a child to change the timeshare in that parent's favor.
- 6. Upon reviewing Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, it is clear that the actions described in that motion constitute multiple violations of the above revisions prohibiting either parent from prompting a child or suggesting to a child that such child should advocate a shift in the timeshare in favor of the prompting parent. The actions as alleged against Vivian in that Motion, would constitute a clear effort by a parent to undermine the entire Paragraph 6, as it was never intended that a child could assert control over their own timeshare merely because they have reached the age of 14 years.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Dated this 241 day of October, 2013.

State of Nevada County of Clark

Subscribed and sworn before me this 27 day of October, 2013.

Notary Public

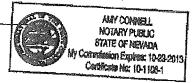


EXHIBIT 5

(to Plaintiff's Motion For a Judicial Determination of the Teenage Discretion Provision)

Vivian has demonstrated again and again throughout this litigation that she cannot be trusted to abide by the orders of this Court or do the right thing. Subparagraph 6.2 specifically and affirmatively requires each parent to "encourage the children to follow the regular schedule" and to not "prompt" or "suggest" any changes in the regular schedule. These provisions require and presume good faith conduct on the part of each parent not to encourage or manipulate the child to seek to be with one parent more than the other. Vivian's behavior throughout this litigation gives every indication that presumption, with respect to Vivian, is erroneous.

Section 7.1, entitled, "Summer Vacation or Intersession Break" of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, entered July 11, 2012, sets forth the procedure to be followed in establishing the parties vacations with the children each summer. Pursuant to that provision, sometime prior to March 1 of each year, Vivian must notify Kirk of the dates of her ten day sewing camp each summer. By the explicit terms of Section 7.1, Kirk "shall not designate vacation time during the period of the children's sewing camp." Therefore, Vivian must *first* designate the dates of the sewing camp.

In accordance with Section 7.1, Vivian identified the dates of the sewing camp as **July 20-30**. Kirk thereafter, in accordance with Section 7.1, then designated his vacation times with the children as follows: "The dates for the Utah/Lagoon trip are August 14 through August 20. The dates for my summer vacation with the girls are as follows: June 19 through June 25 and August 2 through August 8." In addition, under the regular custody schedule during the summer, Kirk has

¹ Although this is for 11 days, rather than 10 days, Vivian was then obligated to take the sewing trip of 10 days within that 11 day period.

Brooke and Rylee from Wednesday at 9:00 a.m. until Friday at 9:00 a.m. each week. Therefore, based upon Vivian's designation of sewing camp and Kirk's designation of summer vacations, Kirk was have Brooke and Rylee, among other days, Wednesday, July 31 and Thursday, August 1.

Despite the foregoing, three weeks later, in direct contravention of the procedure set forth in Section 7.1, Vivian notified Kirk that she unilaterally "changed" the dates of the "sewing camp" to July 24 through August 1, 2013 (Vivian already had July 20 though July 23, as part of her normal visitation). However, by making the change, Vivian "took" two days from Kirk with the girls – July 31 and August 1. Vivian then, incredulously, took the position that even though she was in actuality taking more days, since she only "took" 9 days for the sewing camp, she was entitled to take another day from Kirk. As a consequence of these manipulations, Kirk was forced to take the Utah/Lagoon trip at about the time he had planned to take the California trip and take the Utah/Lagoon trip at about the time he had planned to take Brooke and Rylee to California. Through this ploy of Vivian in "changing" the dates of the "sewing camp," Vivian fraudulently took two days of Kirk's time with Brooke and Rylee.

The truth is, that Vivian's late and improper "change" was nothing more that calculated manipulation of the custody schedule, and it is undisputed that the actual dates of the sewing camp never changed. The sewing camp—the Martha Pullen School of Art Fashion was in Huntsville, Alabama from July 21 until July 28, 2013. These dates are well within the confines of Vivian's pre-March 1 notice that the sewing camp was between July 20-30. Vivian checked out of the hotel in Huntsville, Alabama on August 30, 2013 and Vivian and the girls flew home that day as already planned. The sole purpose of Vivian's late and improper notification of a "change" of the sewing camp dates to Kirk was to take two of Kirk's days with Brooke and Rylee and to try to steal a third.

When Kirk picked up Brooke and Rylee on the morning of August 2, 2013, the first thing Brooke said to Kirk was that she and Rylee were "suffering from jet lag", implying they had flown home the day before. However, a couple of days later during their trip, Kirk and the girls were in a Walmart in Lehi, Utah, and Kirk suggested they buy school supplies like they had done previously during the annual Utah/Lagoon trip. Rylee responded they had already gone with Vivian to buy school supplies. When Kirk asked if they did so during their sewing camp trip, Rylee responded that they had gone shopping in Las Vegas a couple of days *after* they got back from the sewing camp.²

If the Court only grants Kirk the two days Vivian fraudulently took from Kirk, there is no deterrent to future antics like this from Vivian. Vivian will have the time with the girls she otherwise should have had – she would lose nothing. Kirk respectfully requests, that some sort of sanction be imposed on Vivian to discourage such future conduct.

² The fact that Vivian would involve Brooke in the perpetuation of this fraud and the attempted cover up of her fraudulent behavior, speaks volumes as to what Vivian is capable and routinely does. More specifically, it is highly relevant circumstantial evidence of Vivian's continuing manipulation of Brooke regarding the teenage discretion provision.

EXHIBIT "O"

MOTN EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 CLERK OF THE COURT KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 823-4900 Facsimile (702) 823-4488 Administration@KainenLawGroup.com THOMAS STANDISH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1424 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Fl. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone (702) 699-7500 Facsimile (702) 699-7555 tis@juww.com 10 Co-counsel for Plaintiff 11 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC DISTRICT COURT Las Vegas. Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com 12 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 14 Plaintiff. CASE NO. D-11-443611-D 15 DEPT NO. O 16 Date of Hearing: 12/18/2013 Time of Hearing: 11:00AM VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, 17 Defendant. ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED: 18 YES_XX NO NOTICE: PURSUANT TO EDCR 5.25(b) YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO 19 THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE. 22 PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR A JUDICIAL DETERMINATION OF THE TEENAGE 23 DISCRETION PROVISION 24 25 COMES NOW, Plaintiff, KIRK ROSS HARRISON, by and through his attorneys, THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ., of the law firm JOLLEY, URGA, WIRTH, WOODBURY & STANDISH, and EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ., of the KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and hereby 28

	moves this Court, pursuant to NRS 125.510, NRS 125.230(1), NRS 125.480(1), NRS 125.460, and NRS	S
	125C.101(1) to make a judicial determination regarding Section 6 of the Order Resolving Parent/Chile	d
	Issues, entered July 11, 2012.	u
4	This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Points	S
3	and Authorities submitted herewith, and oral argument of counsel to be adduced at the time of hearing	r
(.*
7	KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLC	
8		
9	Ву	
10	Il Nevada Bar No. 5029	
11	10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145	
12	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
13	NOTICE OF MOTION	
14	TO: VIVIAN MARIE HARRISON, Defendant; and	
15	TO: RADFORD SMITH, ESQ. and GARY SILVERMAN, ESQ., counsel for Defendant:	
16	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for	The state of the s
17	hearing before the above-entitled Court on the day of 12/18/132013, at the hour of	
18	11:00 A M .m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.	
19	DATED this 18 day of November, 2013.	-
20	KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC	
21		
22	By:	
23	EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029	
24	10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
25	Attorney for Plaintiff	
26		
27		
28 .		
	Page 2 of 16	

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702.8

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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Kirk previously filed, "Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and for Other Equitable Relief' on October 1, 2013. Vivian filed an opposition and countermotions thereto on October 16, 2013. Kirk filed his reply and opposition to Vivian's countermotions on October 23, 2013. Vivian filed her reply regarding her countermotions on October 28, 2013. Said motion and countermotions were set for hearing before this Court on October 30, 2013.

During that hearing the Court indicated its preference to wait until there was a Parenting Coordinator in place. The Court also was unequivocal that it did not want to conduct an evidentiary hearing or interview the minor children.

While Kirk is not going to re-state all of his concerns as to why the teenage discretion provision should be stricken, suffice it to say, that exactly what Kirk was concerned would happen, has happened. An incident occurred subsequent to that hearing. After that incident, the parties set forth their opposing interpretations of Section 6 in an exchange of letters. It is evident from these letters there was, and remains, no meeting of the minds regarding Section 6 and this provision should therefore be stricken. In the event this Court is unwilling to strike said provision, then the parties need this Court's immediate judicial determination of the meaning of this provision going forward. The Parenting Coordinator is not authorized to, and should not, make such a legal determination. If the provision is not stricken, the parties need, and are entitled to, such a determination from the Court.

Under Subsection 6.2, an aggrieved party under this provision can seek relief with either the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.

II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

For purposes of understanding the most recent incident when this matter came to a head, the relevant time period is the two weeks between November 1st at 7:35 a.m., and November 13th at 2:06 p.m. Under the terms of the joint physical custody order, during that two week time period, the only time Kirk was to have with Brooke¹ was less than two days (actually it was only 41 hours) between

¹ Rylee was on a school field trip to California during this time period.

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November 6th (Wednesday) at 2:06 p.m. and November 8th (Friday) at 7:15 a.m. This time was all the more precious, as during the brief period Brooke was to be with Kirk, Brooke had a dance class on Wednesday evening for 1 ½ hours, was to attend school on Thursday between 7:35 a.m. and 2:06 p.m., and had another dance class Thursday afternoon and evening from 3:45 p.m. until 9:00 p.m.

At 7:36 a.m. on November 6th - the very day Kirk was to pick up Brooke from school - Brooke sent a text to Kirk providing, "Decided I'm going to stay at moms today and tomorrow." If Kirk would have agreed with this request, he would not have been able to see Brooke at all for this entire almost two week period. Kirk responded, ten minutes later, "This is not something you can decide. I will pick you up from school at 2:06 p.m. and we can talk then. Love you." There was no further response from Brooke - at least not to Kirk. Indeed it would become crystal clear that there was certainly communication with Vivian.

Despite there being no communication between Kirk and Vivian, just three and one-half hours after the text exchange between Brooke and Kirk, Vivian's attorneys faxed a two and one-half page letter to Kirk's counsel at 11:17 a.m., providing that Vivian intended to "honor" Brooke's wishes. A true and correct copy of this letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "1." Kirk's counsel faxed a response later that day and subsequently spoke to Vivian's attorney on the telephone. A true and correct copy of Kirk's counsel's response letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "2." During the telephone conversation between counsel, Vivian's attorneys then fired off yet another letter the same day concerning this incident. A true and correct copy of Vivian's attorney's letter concerning the same incident is attached hereto as Exhibit "3."

During the telephone call between counsel on November 6th, Vivian's attorney admitted that Vivian had indeed spoken to Brooke about "her rights" under the teenage discretion provision, but that doing so was "not in violation" because the communication "happened prior to entry of the parties' Parenting Agreement." The "Parenting Agreement" is the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, which was entered by this Court on July 11, 2012. The facts and common sense clearly indicate Vivian has also been speaking to Brooke about teenage discretion during her summer vacations with Vivian this past summer and continuing to the present time. More importantly, it is clear that Brooke's understanding of "her rights" under the provision is based wholly on Vivian's beliefs about teenage

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discretion, as opposed to what the provision actually provides. Ironically, in the same telephone conversation when Vivian's attorney admitted that Vivian spoke with Brooke about teenage discretion. Vivian's attorney indicated that it was legally inappropriate under the agreement *for Kirk* to even respond or have a discussion with Brooke about Brooke's demand to change the custody arrangement for the next two days.

Wanting to exercise his already-limited time with Brooke, and at least discuss the text with Brooke, Kirk arrived at Brooke's school on Wednesday afternoon, as scheduled, to pick her up. Vivian, however, still insistent that she was going to "respect" Brooke's wishes, was also at the school to pick up Brooke. Shortly after 2:06 p.m., Brooke walked past Kirk's car, got in Vivian's car, and they drove away. Having already made it clear to Vivian's attorney that Kirk did not consent to this, Kirk chose not to make a scene at school to enforce the custody agreement. As a consequence, Kirk did not see Brooke for almost two weeks.²

Vivian has clearly not acted in good faith, based on her decision to discuss teenage discretion with Brooke and insisting on arriving at Brooke's school to pick her up even after Kirk voiced his objection to same.

Although the Court has appointed Margaret Pickard as the Parenting Coordinator, a judicial determination is needed and, as noted, the parties have the right under Subsection 6.2 to request the Court to address such issues.

III. ARGUMENT

A. Vivian's Interpretation of Section 6 Is That A 14 Year Old Child Has The Unfettered Absolute Right To <u>Order</u> Changes To The Agreed Custody Schedule

As can be readily seen from the two letters from Vivian's attorneys, Exhibits 1 and 3, it is Vivian's position that the 14 year old child of the parties has the absolute *right*, at any time and for any reason, to overrule the custody arrangement between the parties. According to Vivian, the parent then

² This is not the first time that Vivian's intentional misconduct has resulted in Kirk inequitably losing two precious days with his children. Attached hereto is Exhibit "5," which is incorporated herein by reference. As a consequence of Vivian's conniving conduct, Kirk was deprived of another two days with Brooke and Rylee this summer.

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having custody must immediately obey the command without question. This must be done irrespective of the context in which the order of the 14 year old child is made, irrespective of other plans that have been made, irrespective of the adverse impact it may have upon the 10 year old younger sister, or any other member of the family, etc.

Kirk's Interpretation of Section 6 Is That A 14 Year Old Child Has The Right To В. Make, Presumptively, Infrequent Requests For Minor Departures To the Agreed To Custody Schedule

7 As can be readily seen from the letter from Kirk's counsel, Exhibit 2, it is Kirk's position that 8 it is unreasonable to interpret Section 6 is such a way to give a 14 year old child, "carte blanche to make changes to the custodial schedule whenever they see fit." It is Kirk's interpretation of Section 6, assuming, arguendo, for the moment that Vivian's prior material breaches of Section 6 have not rendered the provision totally unworkable, that the 14 year old child has the right to request, presumably, on a very infrequent basis, a limited departure from the regular custody schedule. In the event of such a request, it is implicit that both parents must not unreasonably withhold their consent to such a request, taking into account the particular circumstances existing at the time of the request -- as every responsible parent should do regardless.3 Tom Standish, Esq., who negotiated the provision, is unequivocal that it was never intended that a 14 year old child was given the right to determine departures to the agreed custody schedule between the parties, "[I]t was never intended that a child could assert control over their own timeshare merely because they have reached the age of 14 years." Affidavit of Thomas J. Standish, Esq., dated October 29, 2013, 96, which is attached hereto as Exhibit 114.11

Section 6 does not provide a 14 year old child with authority to "decide" where she is going to be. As a matter of fact, Section 6.1 specifically provides that "the parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent." If

³ It should be noted that Kirk has acted in good faith, and has in fact acquiesced to Brooke's four (4) prior requests, despite the fact they were, in all likelihood, "prompted" or "suggested" by Vivian - to spend additional time with Vivian during his custodial period to buy dance shoes, to do make up for the Homecoming dance, to work on a project (because Vivian or, rather, Heather Atkinson, had the materials), and to do make up for Halloween. In fact, Kirk even voluntarily offered for Brooke and Rylee to spend additional time with Vivian Halloween night as an olive branch and because Halloween is a much more significant event for Vivian than for Kirk.

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the actual intent was to give a 14 year old child carte blanche to stay where she wants, with whatever parent she wants, whenever she wants, it would have said so and in that case a custody schedule would not mean anything, yet there is a custody schedule set forth in the same custody order.

C. The Language of Section 6 and The Application of Common Sense Inescapably Result In the Conclusion the 14 Year Old Child Has The Right To Make A <u>Request</u> For A Departure From The Agreed To Custody Schedule

Subsections 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3 provide:

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- 6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.
- 6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.
- 6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

(Emphasis added)

Kirk respectfully submits that when this provision is read as a whole, the undeniable conclusion, based not only upon the literal language, but upon common sense as well, is that the 14 year old child may make a request for a departure to the schedule, but does not have the authority to determine that the departure will be made. All of the controlling highlighted language above supports such a conclusion, except for the grammatically questionable use of the conjunctive and disjunctive "and/or" in Subsection 6.2. Despite the single incident of poor language choice, in the context of the rest of the language contained in Section 6, it is absolutely inconsistent to interpret this language as granting the

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14 year old child the absolute right to "make" the custody determination. In fact, it is nonsensical to provide that the 14 year old child has the right to request "and/or" the right to make the determination. If the 14 year old child has the right to make the determination, then there would be no reason to simply make a request.

D. There Are Several Independent Additional Reasons Why Section 6 Should Be Stricken And Vivian's Interpretation Of Section 6 Must Fail

There are several independent reasons why Section 6 should be stricken and Vivian's interpretation of the provision must fail.

> 1. Section 6 Should be Stricken As Teenage Discretion Provisions Should Generally Be Suspect As They Unnecessarily Create Uncertainty and Instability for The Children and There Was No Meeting Of The Minds In the Negotiation And Drafting Of This Teenage Discretion Provision

"Teenage discretion" provisions such as this should be seriously questioned by the courts under any circumstances, but especially when the parents do not get along. These provisions create unnecessary uncertainty and instability for the children. Under a joint custody arrangement, the children know from week to week the time they will be spending with each parent. These provisions undermine and disrupt that certainty and stability, unnecessarily creating uncertainty and instability on a weekly basis. As the Court has already seen, this is especially true in this matter.

There was clearly no meeting of the minds by the attorneys who negotiated the terms of this provision. Tom Standish, who negotiated this provision, is adamant this provision was never intended to give a 14 year old child control over the determination. The child is only given the right to make a request without any "suggestion" or "prompting" by either parent and where both parents are obligated to "encourage the children to follow the regular schedule." On the other hand, as evidenced by his letters, Mr. Smith argues this provision gives a 14 year old child the absolute right to determine their own timeshare. According to Mr. Smith, the child issues the order and the custodial parent must obey 25 the order without any question or discussion.

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Where such a provision is highly suspect and generally questionable under any circumstances, where there was clearly no meeting of the minds by the individuals who negotiated the provision, resulting in interpretations which are essentially polar opposites, the provision should be stricken by the Court.

2. Section 6 Should Be Stricken As Vivian's Suggestions, Prompting, And Encouragement To Brooke To Depart From The Regular Schedule Whenever Possible, In Direct Violation and Contravention Of The Explicit Terms of Section 6, And Vivian Telling Brooke She Has The Absolute Right To Dictate Her Timeshare On A Daily Basis, Have Created A Totally Untenable Situation For the Children and Kirk

After Vivian had uninterrupted custody of Brooke and Rylee for 21 days, the first day back with Kirk, on July 17, 2013, Brooke announced that since she was now 14 years old, she can decide where she lives. After Vivian had uninterrupted custody of Brooke and Rylee for 14 days, on August 2, 2013. Brooke announced she was going to live with Vivian full time. It is evident that Vivian has convinced Brooke that Brooke has the absolute right to dictate her timeshare on a daily basis. On August 25, 2013. Brooke informed Kirk that he had to take her to Vivian's house anytime she wanted and Brooke had the right to stay for as long as she wanted. It is not a coincidence that Brooke's position mirrors the extreme position taken by Vivian.

The disputes which the parties and their children are now embroiled are a foreseeable direct consequence of Vivian's material breaches of the safeguards Kirk's counsel put in place to avoid the very scenario which now exists. See, Affidavit of Thomas Standish, Exhibit "4" hereto. Vivian's prior and continuing misconduct is a blatant violation of the safeguards in Section 6 and constitute material breaches of material and essential provisions, which has, in effect, prospectively nullified the effectiveness of those provisions to protect the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, as well as Kirk's rights under the joint custody order.

On Thursday, November 14, 2013, Brooke informed Kirk she intended to go to Vivian's house during the upcoming weekend to work on props and costumes for dance, etc. Brooke had just been with

⁴ Vivian's attorneys actually assert that Vivian has not discussed the "teenage discretion" provision with Brooke since sometime before this Court's custody order was entered July 11, 2012, and, therefore, the timing of all of this is just an incredible coincidence.

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Vivian for 13 uninterrupted days and was to return to Vivian on Monday, November 18, 2013. The costumes are not to be turned in until Wednesday evening, November 20, 2013. Kirk told Brooke he would like to think about it and perhaps Brooke could spend a shorter period at Vivian's house this weekend and the rest could be done while she was with Vivian on Monday and Tuesday. Brooke spoke with Vivian that night on the telephone and was visibly upset with Kirk the next day for no otherwise apparent reason.

At 1:33 p.m. on Saturday, November 16, 2013, Brooke came to Kirk and informed him that he 7 had to take she and Rylee to Vivian's house at 2:00 p.m. to make the props and costumes that had to be turned in to Dance, Etc. on Wednesday evening, November 20, 2013. Kirk asked Brooke why they couldn't do it at his house and Brooke responded that Vivian already had gotten the materials. When Kirk asked why they couldn't simply go to the store and purchase the needed materials, Brooke said she didn't want to do that. Kirk asked how long it would take and Brooke said two to three hours. When Kirk asked what would happen if it took longer than three hours, Brooke responded that Vivian and she had been texting and Vivian had to leave at 5:00 p.m. Kirk relented and took both Brooke and Rylee to Vivian's house at 2:00 p.m. All of the foregoing, was coordinated by Vivian and Brooke, around Vivian's schedule. It was irrelevant that the plans Vivian made included Rylee. It was irrelevant that Vivian did not discuss the matter with Kirk, but used Brooke as the conduit. It was irrelevant that Kirk had previously made plans with Brooke, Rylee and Joseph to decorate the Christmas tree that afternoon and to have dinner together.5 Those plans, during Kirk's custody time with the children, had to take a back seat and be delayed.

Vivian has wrongfully, in direct contravention of the explicit terms of Section 6, firmly embedded in Brooke's mind that Brooke has the absolute right to determine her custody on a daily basis. and if Kirk does anything other than immediately and fully comply, Brooke perceives Kirk as doing something horribly improper and contrary to what she is entitled. Under such circumstances, Section 6 must be stricken.

⁵ Under the agreed custody schedule, the next weekend Kirk has Brooke and Rylee is the weekend of December 13, 2013, and Kirk is taking Brooke and Rylee to Whitney's graduation ceremony from Physician's Assistant School at Methodist University in Fayetteville, North Carolina..

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Any Teenage Discretion Provision, As Applied, Which Causes A 14 Year 3. Old Child To Feel Like She Must Chose Between Her Parents And, Importantly, Motivates One Of The Parents To Encourage that Child To Make That Choice On A Weekly Basis, Is Fundamentally Wrong

Custody arrangements should be determined by parents. The best interests of the children should be paramount in making that determination. The choice of how much time a 14 year old child spends with each parent should not be foisted upon that child through an ill-conceived and misinterpreted "teenage discretion" provision. A 14 year old child should not be compelled on a weekly basis to determine how much time she wants to spend with each parent for that particular week, especially when there is an indisputable history of one of the parents manipulating that child.

The interpretation advocated by Vivian, that a 14 year old child has the absolute right to determine departures from the agreed custody arrangement, not only undermines the joint custody agreement between the parties, but it unduly places too much stress upon a 14 year old child to make a choice between her parents on a weekly basis, and which choice, in most instances, inherently involves leaving her 10 year old sister.

Encouraging a 14 year old child to chose which parent to spend time with on a weekly basis is not in the best interests of the child, unnecessarily creates uncertainty and instability for her 10 year old younger sibling, undermines the certainty and stability inherent in an agreed parenting arrangement, creates an atmosphere which will motivate one of the parents to do what is most popular with the 14 year old child, as opposed to doing what is best for the 14 year old child, and encourages a parent, so inclined, to continue a parental competition, which is not in the best interests of the children. The continued existence of Section 6 provides a vehicle for the continued unnecessary manipulation of the children.

The Court is respectfully urged to do what is clearly in the best interests of these children and strike Section 6.

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NRS 125C.010 contains language similar to NRS 125.510(5). These statutes implement specific custody and timeshare rules in the best interests of a minor child. Specifically, these statutes, as well as, NRS 125.460, provide for the children to have specific, ongoing and frequent contact with both parties. Allowing the children to have the unhampered right to determine their own schedule with each parent flies in the face of these statutes, as well as the parties' intent at the time they entered into the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues.

Section 6, as interpreted by Vivian, violates both NRS 125.510(5) and NRS 125C.010 as the right to visitation on a weekly basis is not defined "with sufficient particularity to ensure that the rights of the parties can be properly enforced and that the best interest of the child is achieved." According to Vivian, the 14 year old child has the absolute right to order a departure from the agreed custody schedule at any time, regardless of the circumstances. Based upon Vivian's interpretation, the right to visitation on a weekly basis is not defined with sufficient particularity. The right to visitation is whatever the 14 year old child arbitrarily determines it will be at any time, with Vivian's suggestion, prompting, and encouragement. For the same reason, the "specific times and other terms of the right of visitation" as set forth in this Court's order are also without "sufficient particularity" as they are subject to change on a weekly, if not daily basis, by the unfettered determination of a 14 year old child. None of this should be acceptable to the Court.

During the hearing on October 30, 2013, the Court confirmed that teenage discretion should not give a child full and complete control to make decisions regarding the custody timeshare. Specifically, at 10:59:10, the Court stated as follows:

> "I don't need a child interview. The less I can embroil a child in this process, ultimately the better I feel a child is insulated from this process. The parties agreed that it was in the best interest of the children to exercise joint physical custody. I don't want this to become a situation where it is just a matter of time, where as soon as you turn fourteen you get to decide where you want to live, that's not how it works. Under NRS 125.490, there is a presumption now because you agreed to joint physical custody. There is a presumption that joint physical custody is in the best interest of the children and to overcome that I don't find... say an interview came forward and that's what I hear, that there is a desire to live primarily with Mom. If that is, I find, I would be hard pressed to find that the expressions standing alone, of a fourteen year old child, would be sufficient to overcome that presumption. That's why I don't need it."

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The bottom line is that by allowing the present untenable situation to continue (a situation wholly created by Vivian's blatant violations of the written safeguards and her continuing misconduct), it continues to empower a 14 year old child to do Vivian's bidding and continues to allow Vivian to wrongfully empower that 14 year old child. That is not what Kirk bargained for when reaching a parenting agreement with Vivian. Kirk will continue to pursue resolution of this matter with Margaret Pickard while this Motion is pending. However, given the interpretation advocated by Vivian, and supported by her attorneys, it cannot be resolved absent a judicial determination by this Court. According to Vivian's attorneys, Brooke has full right and control to decide where she wants to be and when, and Kirk would be "violating the rules" if he even attempts to talk to Brooke about the same -Vivian however, appears to be free to continue her discussions with Brooke with impunity.

> Section 6, As Interpreted by Vivian, Violates NRS 125.460 As It Encourages 5. A Parent, Vivian, To Not Share The Rights And Responsibilities of Child Rearing

NRS 125.460 states as follows:

The Legislature declares that it is the policy of this State:

1. To ensure that minor children have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents after the parents have become separated or have dissolved their marriage; and

2. To encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

(Emphasis added.)

Section 6, as interpreted by Vivian, violates NRS 125.460, which provides "that it is the policy of this State ... [t]o encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." Clearly, Vivian is using her interpretation to undermine Kirk's right to share in the rights and responsibilities of child rearing. According to Vivian's attorneys, Vivian, based upon Vivian's interpretation, can utilize Section 6 to obtain "defacto primary custody." (Exh. S to Vivian's opposition to Kirk's countermotions re attorneys' fees, p. 9, l. 16-17)

It is respectfully submitted that to allow a 14 year old child the absolute right to "make" these type of custody decisions, which are ongoing departures from the agreed schedule, is against the stated policy of this State, as it will undermine Kirk's right to share in the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

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IV. CONCLUSION

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The parties urgently need guidance from this Court by making a timely determination of Section 6. Section 6 should be stricken by this Court. This provision creates uncertainty and instability for the children and conflict between the parties, within which the children will remain embroiled until there is a resolution. At a minimum, it is obvious that there was no meeting of the minds between the parties regarding essential terms. Vivian's material breaches of material and essential terms of Section 6, including embedding in Brooke's mind that she has the absolute unfettered right to determine her own custody, has undermined any chance for the provision to be reasonably applied.

However, if the Court is not willing to strike the provision at this time, the parties need this Court's determination as to whether, under the existing provision, a 14 year old child has the right to order a departure from the agreed to custody schedule, as argued by Vivian, or whether, under the provision, a 14 year old child has the right to request a departure from the agreed to custody schedule.

Kirk has been reasonable and accommodating, if only to keep the peace and to prevent a needless confrontation, but it has resulted in continued demands, further immersion of the children into their parents' custody dispute and ongoing encroachment into his custodial periods. Vivian does not care about the impact on Brooke, who is placed in emotional turmoil and now forced to choose between her parents on a weekly basis in order to placate one of them - even on the most basic of issues as when to return to the car. Vivian, consumed by competition at every interaction, has tried to create problems by not being able to exercise even a modicum of common courtesy in day-to-day situations (e.g. keeping the girls talking in the house for 20 to 35 minutes while Kirk waits in the car outside her house). As a result of Vivian immersing Brooke in this conflict (both by sharing information Brooke never should have had, and by completely butchering the explanation of the provisions), the parties are in all too frequent conflicts, that was otherwise much more limited.

Kirk implores the Court, in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, to revoke this provision in its entirety. In the alternative, Kirk requests the Court to determine that a 14 year old child has the right to request, rather than the right to order, a departure from the agreed to custody schedule. However, under the latter alternative, Vivian will continue to manipulate and embroil the children in conflict.

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Accordingly, Kirk requests the following:

- That the Court modifies the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues by 1. revoking and striking Section 6 so that this type of abuse by Vivian can be avoided in the future.
- 2. That Kirk be given two custodial days for the two custodial days - November 6 & 7 which were wrongfully taken from him as a consequence of Vivian's misconduct and her manipulation of Brooke.
- 3. That Kirk be given the two custodial days for the two custodial days - July 31 and August 1 - Vivian fraudulently took from Kirk as a result of her "change" of the dates for the sewing camp, as set forth in Exhibit "5", hereto.
- That the Court impose an additional penalty upon Vivian as a deterrent to future attempts 4. by Vivian to wrongfully take custodial days from Kirk (if Kirk only gets back the four days which were wrongfully taken by Vivian, then Vivian has incurred no penalty for what she has done, and there is no deterrent from doing it again).
- That the Court award Kirk attorney's fees for having to bring this matter to the Court's 5. attention.
- For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper in the premises. 6. DATED this & day of November, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROOP, PLLC

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 5029

10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiff

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SHITH, E20. RHONDA F. FORBBERG, ESQ. A Professional Corporation GARIMA VAREHNEY, EEQ. 64 North Feeds Road, Buite 700 Jolene Hoeft, Paralegal HENDERSON, NEVADA 68074 Kenneyn F, Shith, Paralegal KELLYE BLANKENSHIP, PARALEGAL

TELEPHONE: (702) 880-6448 FACEIMILE: (702) 900-8488 REHITH@RADFORDSRITH.CON

VIA FACSIMILE Edward Kainen, Esq.

November 6, 2013



Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Ed:

This morning Vivian dropped Rylec off for a two-day school trip to Catalina. Brooke approached Vivian, without prompting from Vivian of any kind, and indicated that she would like to stay with Vivian for the next couple of days. Under the provisions of paragraph 6 of the parties' parenting plan (the July 11, 2012 order), Brooke has the discretion to choose to spend this time with Vivian. That provision reads in pertinent part:

- Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.
- The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the 6.1. absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.

When Brooke advised Kirk of her choice to make the adjustment to the weekly schedule on this occasion, Kirk incorrectly informed Brooke that she does not have that discretion. Kirk's statement is contrary to the plain language of the agreement. Brooke does have that discretion,

If Kirk feels that either Brooke's choice or Vivian's actions are in violation of the Parenting Plan, the remedy is spelled out in paragraph 6.

Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the

Edward Kainen, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 2

6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

Thus, under the plain terms of the Parenting Plan, if Kirk believes that the child's discretion has been exercised in violation of the Plan, he may bring this matter to mediation with Ms. Pickard under the Order entered by Judge Duckworth appointing her, or he may file a motion with the Court. He does not have the unilateral ability to deny the exercise of Brooke's discretion. Consequently, consistent with Brooke's exercise of that discretion, Vivian will pick her up after school.

Kirk's suggestion to Brooke that she does not have discretion, and the pressure that he has placed on Brooke as outlined in Vivian's Opposition to Kirk's motion to remove paragraph 6 from the parenting plan (which motion Judge Duckworth denied), is precisely what Vivian wanted to avoid. The intent of the paragraph was to allow either child, after reaching 14 years of age, to exercise occasional discretion to spend time with a parent outside the custodial schedule. The paragraph is neutral, and grants the children the right to vary the schedule and avoid any demand by the other party for strict compliance with the weekly visitation schedule. Kirk seeks to undermine the application of the provision by the very means it was designed to avoid.

Vivian strongly hopes that Kirk will not continue to violate the provision by either informing Brooke that she cannot exercise the discretion granted to her, or by causing havor (by demanding that she come with him for example) in order to intimidate and pressure Brooke. Paragraph 6 sets up a reasonable and specific method for addressing concerns of either parent regarding a child's exercise of discretion, and Vivian will participate in any sessions with Ms. Pickard to address Kirk's concerns. She has already contacted Ms. Pickard, and I am providing a copy of the Parenting Plan and Order appointing Ms. Pickard to her. Also, Judge Duckworth has appointed Lisa Linning as the child's therapist per Vivian's request, but Ms. Linnings office has declined the appointment. Consequently, Vivian accepts the appointment of Dr. Jamal Ali, who Kirk had proposed as the children's therapist. Vivian will contact Dr. Ali, and we will provide him a copy of the parenting plan and order appointing him as therapist.

Please let me know Kirk's intended actions so we can avoid any difficulties that may arise by any actions he intends to take in response to Brooke's exercise of the discretion granted her under paragraph 6 of the Parenting Plan.

Edward Kainen, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 3

I you would like to discuss this matter, I will be available most of the day either at the office or on my cell. I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

Radford V. Smith, Esq.

Board Certified Nevada Family Law Specialist

RJS:

Enc:

c¢;

Vivian Harrison Gary Silverman, Esq. Thomas Standish, Esq.



November 6, 2013

Via Facsimile: (702) 990-6456 Radford Smith, Esq. Radford J. Smith, Chartered 64 north Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074

Re: Kirk Harrison v. Vivian Harrison

Dear Rad:

I am in receipt of your letter dated November 6, 2013, regarding this matter.

The parties' parenting agreement gives the children the ability to request changes to the custodial schedule. It does not give the children carte blanche to make changes to the custodial schedule whenever they see fit. The children cannot simply "advise" their parents when they are going to adjust the custodial schedule. This is confirmed in paragraph 6.1 of the agreement, which plainly provides:

6.1 The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home."

In other words, the children are to discuss any proposed adjustments with the parent who has custody at the time they wish to make a request to the schedule -- in this case, Kirk, not Vivian.

Kirk took Brooke to school last Friday morning, November 1, at which time Vivian's custodial time began. Kirk will pick Brooke up today at 2:06 p.m., and will only have her until this coming Friday morning. After dropping Brooke off at school Friday at 7:30 a.m., he will not see Brooke again until next Wednesday, November 13, 2013. Further, tomorrow, November 7, Brooke has dance from 3:45 p.m. until 9:00 p.m. As you can see, Brooke's time with Kirk over this two-week period is already very limited.

Radford Smith, Esq. November 6, 2013 Page 2

Accordingly, Kirk will pick up Brooke up from school, as this is his custodial time, and he will discuss the matter with Brooke. Should Vivian pick up Brooke after school today or keep Brooke during his custodial period over his objection, she will be in violation of the parties' parenting agreement and will be cause for Kirk to file a Motion with the Court to resolve this matter.

Your attention to this matter is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

KAINEN LAW GBOUP, PLLC

Ву:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ.

ELK/cn

cc: Kirk Harrison

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

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VIA FACSIMILE Edward Kainen, Esq.

November 6, 2013



Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Ed:

Reference is made to your letter of earlier today. Brooke's exercise of discretion to spend a brief period of time with Vivian is not a request to change the custodial scheduled contained in the agreement, that custodial schedule will continue. The provision reads:

"[T]he parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home."

There is no other way to read that provision other than a grant to allow Brooks to "make adjustments" to her weekly schedule. This was the discretion that was granted to her as part of the order. It appears that because he was unable to have the Court eliminate the stipulated provision, Kirk intends to ignore it, cause additional problems, then undermine it. Vivian will proceed according to the order, and retrieve Brooke today from school per her wishes.

Moreover, his plan to discuss Brooke's stated exercise of discretion with her, and obviously attempt to influence her not to spend time with Vivian, is exactly what is prohibited by the provision. Kirk should follow the procedure outlined in the plan and have him address this issue through Ms. Pickard.

I cannot comprehend why Kirk would continue to put Brooke through this kind of pressure. I believe that if he just took the pressure off her, allowed her to meet with a counselor, addressed his relationship or issues with the relationship through the Parenting Coordinator, that this issue would resolve itself. Instead, his response is to threaten to file a motion. I would ask that he reconsider that course.

While I appreciate that he will miss time alone with Brooke, she has unequivocally advised him of her desire to spend the next couple of days with Vivian. There may come a time when either Brooke or Rylee want to spend time with him on a day Vivian is scheduled to have them — she will, of course, comply with the provisions of the agreement.

November 6, 2013 Page 2

Your letter did not respond to Vivian's acceptance of Kirk's proposal of Dr. Ali. I presume, since Kirk originally proposed him, he would be acceptable. Please let me know.

Sincerely,

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

Radford J. Smith, Esq.

Board Tertified Nevada Family Law Specialist

RJS:

cc:

Gary Silvennan (via email) Vivian Harrison (via email)

Thomas Standish, Esq. (via email)

	1	AFFD	Alm to Blessin				
JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1600, Las Vegas, NV 89169 Telephone: (702) 699-7500 Fax: (702) 699-7555	2	THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1424	CLERK OF THE COURT				
	3	tis@juww.com JENNIFER POYNTER-WILLIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9281 jpw@juww.com JOLLEY, URGA, WIRTH, WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 699-7550 (702) 699-7555 EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 ed@kainenlawgroup.com KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 823-4900 1 (702) 823-4900					
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	12	Attorneys for Plaintiff	:				
	13	DISTRICT COURT					
	14		NTY, NEVADA				
	15	KIRK ROSS HARRISON,	CASE NO.: D-11-443611 DEPT NO.: Q				
	16	Plaintiff, vs.					
	17	THE TEAM AND A CARD TO PERSON AND A STREET A					
LEY U rard H Feleph	18	VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON,	Hearing Date: October 29, 2013 Hearing Time: 10:00 a.m.				
YOH OV	19	Defendant					
88	20	AFFIDAVIT OF THOM	IAS J. STANDISH, ESQ.				
	21	Resolving Parent/Child Issues and For Other	port of Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order				
	22	to Defendant's Countermotions to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, To Continue Hear Custody Issues, For an Interview of the Minor Children, and For Attorney's Fee					
	23	Sanctions					
	24	STATE OF NEVADA)					
	25	COUNTY OF CLARK) ss.					
	26	Thomas J. Standish, Esq., being first duly sworn, deposes and says:					
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	The second second						

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- The matters stated in this Affidavit are based upon my personal knowledge or upon information and belief, if so stated. If called upon to testify, I could and would competently testify to the facts set forth herein.
- I am the attorney for Kirk Harrison (hereinafter "Kirk"), the Plaintiff in case number D-11-443611-D. I am employed by the law firm of Jolley Urga Wirth Woodbury & Standish, and am duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. I was retained as cocounsel to Edward Kainen, Esq. for Kirk, in June 2011.
- On behalf of Kirk Harrison, I negotiated the terms of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, entered July 11, 2012, with Radford J. Smith, Esq.
- In particular, I negotiated with Mr. Smith Paragraph 6 of said stipulation and order, which for purposes of clarity is set forth hereafter:
 - 6. Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each parent. Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.
 - 6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.
 - 6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court
 - 6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

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6.4. In the event either child wishes to permanently modify the regular custodial schedule beyond the scope of this provision once that child reaches 14 years of age, she may address this matter with the therapist or Parenting Coordinator, or either party may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator. If the parties cannot agree, the Court shall consider the children's wishes pursuant to NRS 125.480(4)(a).

- 5. The emboldened language was specific material language that I bargained for on my client's behalf. I advised my client that these emboldened provisions were critical to the teenage discretion provision and to safeguard the situation from either parent wrongfully pressuring, influencing, or encouraging a child to change the timeshare in that parent's favor.
- Upon reviewing Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child б. Issues, it is clear that the actions described in that motion constitute multiple violations of the above revisions prohibiting either parent from prompting a child or suggesting to a child that such child should advocate a shift in the timeshare in favor of the prompting parent. The actions as alleged against Vivian in that Motion, would constitute a clear effort by a parent to undermine the entire Paragraph 6, as it was never intended that a child could assert control over their own timeshare merely because they have reached the age of 14 years.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Dated this 241 day of October, 2013.

State of Nevada County of Clark

Subscribed and sworn before me day of October, 2013.



AMY COMMENT HOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA Attralisation Expires: 10-22-2013 Catilican let 10-1108-1

EXHIBIT 5

(to Plaintiff's Motion For a Judicial Determination of the Teenage Discretion Provision)

Vivian has demonstrated again and again throughout this litigation that she cannot be trusted to abide by the orders of this Court or do the right thing. Subparagraph 6.2 specifically and affirmatively requires each parent to "encourage the children to follow the regular schedule" and to not "prompt" or "suggest" any changes in the regular schedule. These provisions require and presume good faith conduct on the part of each parent not to encourage or manipulate the child to seek to be with one parent more than the other. Vivian's behavior throughout this litigation gives every indication that presumption, with respect to Vivian, is erroneous.

Section 7.1, entitled, "Summer Vacation or Intersession Break" of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, entered July 11, 2012, sets forth the procedure to be followed in establishing the parties vacations with the children each summer. Pursuant to that provision, sometime prior to March 1 of each year, Vivian must notify Kirk of the dates of her ten day sewing camp each summer. By the explicit terms of Section 7.1, Kirk "shall not designate vacation time during the period of the children's sewing camp." Therefore, Vivian must *first* designate the dates of the sewing camp.

In accordance with Section 7.1, Vivian identified the dates of the sewing camp as July 20-30. Kirk thereafter, in accordance with Section 7.1, then designated his vacation times with the children as follows: "The dates for the Utah/Lagoon trip are August 14 through August 20. The dates for my summer vacation with the girls are as follows: June 19 through June 25 and August 2 through August 8." In addition, under the regular custody schedule during the summer, Kirk has

Although this is for 11 days, rather than 10 days, Vivian was then obligated to take the sewing trip of 10 days within that 11 day period.

Brooke and Rylee from Wednesday at 9:00 a.m. until Friday at 9:00 a.m. each week. Therefore, based upon Vivian's designation of sewing camp and Kirk's designation of summer vacations, Kirk was have Brooke and Rylee, among other days, Wednesday, July 31 and Thursday, August 1.

Despite the foregoing, three weeks later, in direct contravention of the procedure set forth in Section 7.1, Vivian notified Kirk that she unilaterally "changed" the dates of the "sewing camp" to July 24 through August 1, 2013 (Vivian already had July 20 though July 23, as part of her normal visitation). However, by making the change, Vivian "took" two days from Kirk with the girls—July 31 and August 1. Vivian then, incredulously, took the position that even though she was in actuality taking more days, since she only "took" 9 days for the sewing camp, she was entitled to take another day from Kirk. As a consequence of these manipulations, Kirk was forced to take the Utah/Lagoon trip at about the time he had planned to take the California trip and take the Utah/Lagoon trip at about the time he had planned to take Brooke and Rylee to California. Through this ploy of Vivian in "changing" the dates of the "sewing camp," Vivian fraudulently took two days of Kirk's time with Brooke and Rylee.

The truth is, that Vivian's late and improper "change" was nothing more that calculated manipulation of the custody schedule, and it is undisputed that the actual dates of the sewing camp never changed. The sewing camp – the Martha Pullen School of Art Fashion was in Huntsville, Alabama from July 21 until July 28, 2013. These dates are well within the confines of Vivian's pre-March 1 notice that the sewing camp was between July 20-30. Vivian checked out of the hotel in Huntsville, Alabama on August 30, 2013 and Vivian and the girls flew home that day as already planned. The sole purpose of Vivian's late and improper notification of a "change" of the sewing camp dates to Kirk was to take two of Kirk's days with Brooke and Rylee and to try to steal a third.

When Kirk picked up Brooke and Rylee on the morning of August 2, 2013, the first thing Brooke said to Kirk was that she and Rylee were "suffering from jet lag", implying they had flown home the day before. However, a couple of days later during their trip, Kirk and the girls were in a Walmart in Lehi, Utah, and Kirk suggested they buy school supplies like they had done previously during the annual Utah/Lagoon trip. Rylee responded they had already gone with Vivian to buy school supplies. When Kirk asked if they did so during their sewing camp trip, Rylee responded that they had gone shopping in Las Vegas a couple of days *after* they got back from the sewing camp.²

If the Court only grants Kirk the two days Vivian fraudulently took from Kirk, there is no deterrent to future antics like this from Vivian. Vivian will have the time with the girls she otherwise should have had – she would lose nothing. Kirk respectfully requests, that some sort of sanction be imposed on Vivian to discourage such future conduct.

² The fact that Vivian would involve Brooke in the perpetuation of this fraud and the attempted cover up of her fraudulent behavior, speaks volumes as to what Vivian is capable and routinely does. More specifically, it is highly relevant circumstantial evidence of Vivian's continuing manipulation of Brooke regarding the teenage discretion provision.

HARRISON V. HARRISON CASE NUMBER 66157 CROSS-APPELLANT'S EXHIBITS M OF THE DOCKETING STATEMENT

EXHIBIT "M"

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to Defendant's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent-Child Issues and Other Equitable Relief and his Opposition to Defendant's Countermotions to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, To Continue Hearing on Custody Issues, For an Interview of the Minor Children, and for Attorney's fees and Sanctions.

DATED this 23 day of October, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROUP PLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

The opposing arguments and positions regarding the subject "teenage discretion" provision can best be summarized as follows:

Kirk's Position	Vivian's Position
Wants status quo of stability and continuity to be maintained	Wants to disrupt status quo and thus create instability and discontinuity
Wants Brooke and Rylee to stay together for the next 4 years	Wants to separate Brooke and Rylee for the next 4 years and/or wants to cause so much emotional pain to Rylee in the hope of an outcome that will order Rylee living full time with Vivian regardless of the damage to Rylee in doing so
Does not want Brooke pressured into making a choice between her parents	Has been manipulating Brooke for many months in order to get Brooke to make a choice
Does not want Rylee to feel left behind, insecure, and distraught	Has displayed no hesitation whatsoever in creating a scenario where Rylee will feel left behind, insecure, and distraught
Kirk is a good, loving, and caring father	Kirk heaps pressure and ridicule upon Brooke and their home has "open conflict"
There is a well documented detailed history of Vivian manipulating these children	Tahnee, Whitney and Kirk are all lying; Vivian has always been an attentive involved mother; Vivian misspoke to Dr. Duffy when he noted "there is considerable ambivalence about her relationship withher older children"
There is no evidence of Kirk ever coldly manipulating these children	There are some quotes from one of Kirk's affidavits indicating he has manipulated somebody
The subject provision, as applied, is contrary to the best interests of Brooke and Rylee	GOTCHA! Kirk agreed to the subject provision so it doesn't matter that, as applied, it is contrary to the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, or that Vivian doesn't abide by key provisions
The subject provision violates state policy set forth in NRS 125.460 "To encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing"	Subject provision cannot be contrary to state policy because it merely "recognizes" that Court should consider input from certain minors under NRS 125.480(4)(a)

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	Vivian's knowing violation of the explicit safeguards of this provision has undermined any chance of it being reasonably implemented, and; the continued existence of this provision will, undoubtedly, result in Vivian unduly subjecting Brooke and Rylee to needless emotional manipulation and distress	Brooke must have coincidentally conjured "her rights" and "teenage discretion" on her own at the same time as her 14 th birthday.
	Brooke was with Vivian for 21 straight days and the very next day announced to Kirk and Whitney that she now had the right to decide where she lives	Brooke must have coincidentally conjured "her rights" and "teenage discretion" on her own at the same time as her 14 th birthday.
	Brooke was then with Vivian for 14 straight days and within one day of her return to Kirk, crying and distraught, announced she wanted to live full time with Vivian	Brooke coming up with all of this by herself is just a coincidence
	In spite of everything Vivian has done, Kirk, naively, did not anticipate that Vivian would try to separate Brooke and Rylee	Vivian believes "girls are supposed to be with their mommies"

Vivian denies that she manipulated or prompted Brooke to leave Kirk and Rylee or caused Brooke to announce her desire to live with Vivian full time, thus leaving her little sister for one-half the time. In response to an email from Kirk where he accused Vivian of manipulating Brooke to live with her full time, Vivian wrote,

"Brooke is telling you she wants to live with me . . .???? Hmmm, Interesting. . . . Will speak to her and discuss options with Radford. Thanks for letting me know!" (Vivian's email, dated 8.14.13)

The facts are otherwise. Brooke's two announcements were immediately following her 14th birthday and right upon her return from two extended time periods with Vivian. Those are not coincidences.

To find additional circumstantial evidence that this did occur, one needs to look no further than the affidavit of Vivian's own attorney. Exhibit S to Vivian's opposition to Kirk's countermotions regarding attorneys' fees is the affidavit of Gary R. Silverman, Esq. This "affidavit" provides insight as to what Vivian was being advised relative to the "teenage discretion" provision. Mr. Silverman wrote,

"Mr. Harrison must know that the "teen" exception in the custody agreement will be exploited by the girls and it is Vivian who will have de facto primary custody."
(Exh. S to Vivian's opposition to Kirk's countermotions re attorneys' fees, p. 9, 1. 16-17) (emphasis added).

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Kirk respectfully submits that the best interests of Brooke and Rylee should trump selfish gamesmanship, the only goal of which is to "win."

After years of Vivian emotionally and physically abandoning Brooke and Rylee, Vivian now wants this Court to reward her based upon baseless allegations that Kirk is pressuring and ridiculing Brooke and has an environment in his home that is full of conflict. Kirk has never pressured or ridiculed Brooke. The only issues Kirk has had with Brooke are refusing to go to Lagoon after driving to Layton, Utah and making Kirk wait outside Vivian's house in the car for 20 to 34 minutes (when it should have taken less than 5 minutes) when she picks up her things. Interestingly, both events directly involved Vivian either physically being with Brooke, or in direct electronic communication with Brooke. Vivian has orchestrated both problems. The home that Kirk, Brooke and Rylee share is loving, caring, peaceful, calm, happy, and civil. The documented events which have historically occurred with Vivian, such as drug abuse, volatility, instability, deceitfulness, lying, screaming, swearing, threatening, hitting, throwing, criticizing, and blaming, do not occur in Kirk's home.

It should be noted that the bulk of Vivian's opposition entirely misses the mark of Kirk's motion. Kirk's chief concern is that Vivian has failed to abide by the express terms of the "Teenage Discretion" provision to such an extent that, as applied, Vivian has rendered it completely unworkable. Her defying specific terms has resulted in the exact opposite effect of the one intended by the parties in negotiations. It is also most interesting, that while Vivian tells tales criticizing Brooke's relationship with Kirk, she does not ever deny violating the terms of the existing provision. Rather, for 25 pages, she simply argues all the reasons such a "decision" is justified. Vivian also seems to have the same misinterpretation of the provision that Brooke does - the provision does not entitle any child to make a choice as to residence, but suggests the parents should consider the wishes of the child when not influenced by the other parent as to short periods of time. The confusion by both Brooke and Vivian, must also be a coincidence, according to Vivian.

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II. ARGUMENT

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The Goal of the Court's Orders Must Be To Further the Best Interests of The A. Minor Children By Providing Stability and Continuity in Their Lives

The uncertainty about the future for minor children is one of the primary issues associated with divorce litigation, particularly protracted litigation. Practitioners know that such ongoing litigation takes a toll on children, as does the instability of not knowing where they are going to be living or with whom from day to day. There is a reason that children are never asked to choose between their parents. At most, the Court considers the wishes of a mature child who is making reasonable preferences under appropriate circumstance, as one a multitude of factors. That is our statutory scheme; not the wholesale delegation of choice to children as advocated by Vivian. It is not in Brooke's best interest to foist the responsibility upon her to "choose" which parent she wants to live with more than the other parent at a particular point in time. Such a decision would force Brooke to choose between living with Rylee all of the time or leaving Rylee to spend more time with one parent than the other. Such a scenario cannot be good for either child. Most importantly though, Vivian sharing her gross misunderstanding of "teenage discretion" with Brooke, and then sending Brooke out to follow marching orders, immediately following her 14th birthday, was not fair or reasonable to Brooke. As well, arguing for 25 pages that the ends justify the means, is not legally defensible to the issue before the Court.

It is contrary to Brooke's and Rylee's best interest to have a provision which motivates either parent to lobby the children to live with one more than the other. This is especially true where there is a well documented history of Vivian engaging in conduct toward alienating Kirk from Brooke and Rylee. That is why there was an express provision prohibiting the same. Any arrangement that encourages a parent to do what is most popular with the children, as opposed to what is best for the children, is not in their best interests. An arrangement which encourages both parents to consistently do what is in the best interests of the children, regardless of whether it is the most popular decision, is much preferred to an arrangement which motivates the parents to curry favor with them.

From the outset, the functionality of this provision was speculative at best, especially given the dysfunctional relationship between the parents. Accordingly, specific provisions and safeguards were put in place, by which both parties agreed to be bound. Without those safeguards in place there would

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have been no agreement for "teenage discretion", and without the parties abiding by those safeguards there can be no "teenage discretion." The fact is, that Vivian has entirely ignored the written order, but likes that it is called "teenage discretion", so she attaches her own meaning and interpretation to that term (a misinterpretation Brooke coincidentally shares); to her the written words mean nothing. To her the mere existence of "teenage discretion" means that "Brooke has the discretion to choose, and Brooke chooses me."

The status quo is joint custody between Kirk and Vivian. Since the entry of this Court's Order on July 11, 2012, custody has been shared essentially on an equal basis. Vivian now wants to disrupt the stability and continuity in Brooke's and Rylee's lives. Without the "teenage discretion" provision, Vivian would be relegated to litigation and be, rightfully, confronted with the Court's "desire to provide children with stability and continuity in their lives, and to discourage endless litigation and re-litigation of custody issues. . " Nevada Family Law Practice Manual, 2013 Edition. Ch. 2B.E(a). With the "teenage discretion" provision, Vivian is attempting to obtain the same result. However, Vivian should still be confronted with the same desire of the Court "to provide children with stability and continuity in their lives" and therefore the Court should be unwilling to modify the joint custody status quo unless it is clearly in the children's best interests. NRS 125.510(2).

Kirk wants to maintain the stability and continuity in Brooke's and Rylee's lives and therefore maintain the status quo of equal shared custody under the existing plan. Prior to Vivian's vacations with Brooke and Rylee this summer there really had been no problems. It is in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee to modify the order to eliminate the "teenage discretion" provision. Truax v. Truax, 110 Nev. 437, 874 P.2d 10 (1994).

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In actuality, Kirk was given more time by the Court's Temporary Order, but agreed to equalize the time as part of the final negotiations.

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В.	The Well Established Pattern of Conduct of Making False Factual Assertions and Then Making Arguments Based Upon Those Misrepresentations, Continues

1. Vivian Has Been "Working" Brooke Since The Filing Of The Motion and Countermotion For Temporary Custody in This Case

Vivian represents to the Court, "In March 2012, when the Court directed the parties share joint physical custody, the children spent the majority of their time in Vivian's care. (Vivian's opposition, p. 2, l. 11-13) The temporary custody order of this Court was followed. Therefore, the fact is that the children spent the majority of their time in Kirk's care, as specified in the Temporary Orders. The reference indicated in Vivian's papers referred to the time period *prior* to this Court's order; it refers to the time period when Vivian was **taking** Brooke and Rylee away from Kirk and parking them at the Atkinsons, many times when Vivian was not even there. This issue and Vivian's overt acts of trying to alienate Kirk from Brooke and Rylee were addressed in detail in a letter, dated February 3, 2012, from Ed Kainen, Esq. to Radford Smith, Esq., attached hereto as **Exhibit "2"**, which provides in relevant part:

For several weeks, Vivian has had Brooke and Rylee spending more time at the Atkinson home than they do in their own home. Sometimes Vivian is also there and many times she is not. Kirk strongly believes Vivian is intentionally trying to minimize the time Kirk has with Brooke and Rylee. Kirk got an email from Vivian last night that she and the girls are going to be spending Valentine's Day dinner with someone else. This type of pre-emptive behavior by Vivian has become all too common.

Kirk has also informed me that it is apparent Vivian has been working Brooke and Rylee a lot. Kirk has noticed significant changes in Brooke's attitude towards him during the last several months. On Thursday afternoon, January 27, Kirk was sitting on the couch in the living room and asked Rylee to sit with him and snuggle. Rylee responded, "I'm not supposed to snuggle you anymore dad."

(Exh. 2, p. 3 & 4)

Consistently, in Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, it was noted, "Currently, Vivian takes Brooke and Rylee to the Atkinsons to play and to sleep over night at every opportunity." (p. 40, l. 12) This was the period immediately prior to the Court's Temporary Orders, and Vivian was trying to gain a custodial advantage by unilaterally separating Kirk from the children and securing them in a place to which Kirk had no access. The Court rightfully rejected those efforts. Kirk respectfully urges the Court to read pages 2 through 4 of this letter, as this letter provides tremendous insight as to Vivian's intentional manipulations of Brooke and Rylee in connection with their relationship with Kirk.

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2. The Absence of This Teenage Discretion Provision Is The Best Way To Avoid Litigation and Obviate the Need To Seek A Resolution

Vivian's assertions are patently and intellectually offensive;

"The parties' counsel drafted the provision to place less pressure on the children to make any choice between parents by allowing the children a voice, after age 14, to spend more time with one parent without undermining the joint custodial plan. The fundamental goal of the provision was to avoid litigation, and seek resolution through therapy and a Parenting Coordinator."

First, and most importantly, if Vivian understands that the children will spend one-half their time with Vivian and one-half their time with Kirk, and that is not going to change, then Vivian will not be as motivated to continue her manipulation of the children (at least to the extent she has been), Vivian will have less reason to try to alienate these children from Kirk, and Vivian might realize it is not in the childrens' best interests, it is not a popularity contest and the priority is to do what is best for the children, rather than buying their loyalty. Second, without the "teenage discretion" provision there will be substantially reduced need for a parenting coordinator. If Brooke and Rylee are not put through the ringer by Vivian, and they have consistent equal parenting time with each parent, they will have what each party claims was intended. Third, the assertion that the "teenage discretion" provision was to avoid litigation" is nonsensical. It is insulting to assert that the fundamental goal of a provision like this was to avoid litigation. Clearly, the absence of the "teenage discretion" provision and the strong message from the Court that the time share is not going to change, absent a legitimate basis to do so, is the best way to avoid litigation and obviate the need to "seek resolution." Fourth, to assert this provision does not undermine the joint custodial plan is absurd.

The Absence of the Teenage Discretion Provision Will Significantly 3. Minimize the Need for a Parenting Coordinator

Kirk did not make a "tactical delay" in identifying a therapist or parenting coordinator. The delay was caused by Radford Smith when he proposed a Parenting Coordinator Order which, among other things, unconstitutionally delegated complete judicial authority to a Parenting Coordinator, contrary to the understanding of the parties. Counsel for Kirk enumerated the objections in a letter to Mr. Smith on May 9, 2003.

Kirk agrees with the assertion that "the pressure to spend more time with Vivian is building." (Vivian's opposition, p. 3, l. 9-10) That pressure is being applied by Vivian upon Brooke!

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There is no debate that the most effective and influential, and therefore most powerful, person in the resolution of disputes is a mediator. A mediator has the power to recommend - nothing more. Discovery Commissioners in the Eighth Judicial District have the power to recommend. Federal Magistrates have the power to recommend. However, Kirk's assertion that the Parenting Coordinator should, similarly, have the power to recommend and not the judicial authority to decide, is described by Vivian as "his attempt to reduce the power of the Parenting Coordinator to nothing." (Vivian's opposition, p. 3, 1, 15)

Vivian accuses Kirk of entering into the Parenting Plan in "bad faith." Kirk respectfully submits 8 in light of the statement from Mr. Silverman, if anyone entered into the Parenting Plan in "bad faith" it was Vivian and Vivian's counsel, who have apparently knowingly devised a plan to separate Brooke and Rylee from one another for one-half the time for the next 4 years. What is their retort to that fact acknowledged by Mr. Silverman? Perhaps, the second part of the plan is that Rylee will be so sad that she is separated from Brooke, that they hope the therapist will recommend, and the parenting coordinator will order, that Vivian has Rylee full time before she is 14 years old. In any case, whatever the goal, it appears that the manipulation of the children will continue and nothing being done removes them from the ongoing conflict or makes their best interests a priority.

From the inception of this case, Kirk has accepted that Vivian's attorneys have frivolously attempted to impugn his character in their ever vigilant attempt to make him the "bad guy." As horrendous as all of that has been, it seems to pale next to what they have planned with regard to Brooke and Rylee.

Despite the Contrary Allegations, This "Teenage Discretion" Provision is a 4. Far Cry From NRS 125.480(4)(a)

NRS 125.480(4)(a) provides that the Court shall consider "the wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his or her custody." This statute merely provides that the Court should consider the wishes of certain minor children.

This statute does not provide the Court must do what the child wants. This statute does not provide the Court must ignore the known history of abuse and neglect of one parent in making its determination. This statute does not provide the Court is required to separate minor children from one

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another. The mere existence of this statute does not provide attorneys the license to devise and construct agreements apparently meant for one parent to create or perpetuate an environment of manipulation of minor children which is clearly not in their best interests. The statute is not intended to be used to replace stability and continuity, with instability and discontinuity.

In one of her most bold misrepresentations of Kirk's argument, Vivian asserts, "He argues that a provision recognizing teenage discretion violates public policy even though Nevada law requires the court to weigh such discretion when determining the best interest of a child." (Vivian's opposition, p. 3, I. 13-14) First, and most obvious, Kirk does not argue that a provision which merely recognizes the preferences of certain children violates public policy. It is safe to say that the "teenage discretion" advocated by Vivian does a whole lot more than merely recognize preferences of certain children. That "teenage discretion" provision clearly is contrary to the Nevada policy of encouraging parents "to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing." NRS 125.460 Further, the "teenage discretion" in this case, as applied, is what is problematic.

This Court had occasion in this proceeding to articulate its sentiments concerning provisions granting a right of first refusal. The Court may recall that Kirk requested a right of first refusal during the hearing before this Court on February 24, 2012. The Court denied Kirk's request stating, "I don't typically like rights of first refusal." (2.24.12 Hearing Transcript, p. 71, l. 19-24) The Court later stated the reason it does not like rights of first refusal:

> I don't generally believe in - well, not that it's a belief, but I think it creates more problems than it's worth, so I don't typically award rights of first refusal except if it's an overnight due to unavailability of a parent.

(2.24.12 Hearing Transcript, p. 71, 1, 19-24)

This Court made it clear that it believes that right of first refusal provisions create more problems than they are worth. Presumably, it is because when you have parents who do not get along and do not communicate civilly or effectively, the right of first refusal provision creates more problems and conflict. Additionally, the door is opened to claims of abuse, that are often fraught with conflict and "he said / she said". All of the same is true with respect to a "teenage discretion" provision when the parents do not get along, do not communicate civilly or effectively, and most importantly do not abide by specific safeguards to prevent the enmeshing of the children in the conflict of the parents. Such a

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provision is not in the best interests of the children and creates more conflict between the parents and thus more of a hostile unsettled environment for the children.

Kirk's Relationship With Brooke Is Not Strained and Conflicted and Kirk 5. Does Not Heap Pressure and Ridicule Upon Brooke

For many years, Kirk was the only parent that cared for Brooke and Rylee on a regular basis. For all the years that Vivian did not care for them and chose not to spend time with them, Kirk was there 6 every day on a consistent basis. The history of absenteeism and abandonment is documented, and even Vivian acknowledged the same issues to her own doctors about her issues with the older children. Despite Vivian's revisionist claims, this issue isn't even fairly in dispute. Other than the rather costly perjurious statements from Heather Atkinson and Michell Walker, no one has ever said that Kirk was anything other than a dedicated, attentive and caring father. Tahnee and Whitney know better than anyone else how good a father Kirk has been to Brooke and Rylee. Kirk urges the Court to reread their affidavits - affidavits they each spent over two hours revising to make them their own. (Exh. 2 & 3 to Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14.11) The Court will recall that the neighbors, other parents, and the crossing guard all testified that Kirk, not Vivian, drove Brooke and Rylee to and from school, dance classes, sports practices and activities. It was only Kirk, not Vivian, that consistently attended their sporting events for several years. (Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, Exh. 22, 23 & 24)2 It still remains interesting that prior to Vivian's self-created competition with Kirk to "win" Brooke and Rylee and prior to Vivian's now-continuing efforts to alienate Kirk from Brooke and Rylee, Vivian had a different view of Kirk as a parent:

> Would never DREAM of doing that to the father of my children. My children luv him and he is a descent human being and loves his children. He is a good father. Although we may not see things eye to eye I would never never do anything to hurt one of the most important persons in my childrens lives for anything!!!

² Kirk respectfully requests the Court take another look at the photographs attached as Exh. 4 to Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14.11 and Exh. 18 to Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, as a reminder of what Vivian was doing much of the time that Kirk was a dedicated and attentive parent to Brooke and Rylee. For a significant period of time during 2010, Vivian spent more waking hours with the stuffed animal "Hugo" than she did with Brooke and Rylee.

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(Email from Vivian to Robert W. Lueck and copied to Bob Dickerson, Marvin Gawryn, Melissa Attanasio, Tom Standish and Kirk, dated 7.15.11, attached hereto as Exhibit "3")

Kirk's dedication, love and care of Brooke and Rylee has never changed. It certainly hasn't changed while under the microscope of this litigation. He is still a good father. What has changed is that Vivian went from being a parent who largely abandoned Brooke and Rylee, to a parent determined to win her self-created competition with Kirk, and who has been attempting to alienate Kirk from Brooke and Rylee for the last two years since the filing of Kirk's motion re custody on September 14, 2011.

In spite of Vivian's persistent efforts to alienate Brooke and Rylee from Kirk, and despite the fact that Vivian's efforts have made some days more difficult that they otherwise would have been, the relationship between Kirk and Brooke and Rylee remains one of love and care. Brooke, Rylee and Kirk all enjoy each other's company. As they always have done, they enjoy eating their meals together. They still do fun things together.

As stated, there is no question, that as a consequence of Vivian's efforts to alienate Kirk from Brooke and Rylee, there are days, especially the first day Kirk gets Brooke and Rylee after being with Vivian, that Brooke and Rylee are more distant from Kirk than they were in the past. That is heart wrenching for Kirk. However, the scenario described by Vivian (on page 4, 1. 1-10 of Vivian's opposition) does not exist. Kirk does not and never has heaped "pressure and ridicule" upon Brooke. It is impossible to respond to such obscure allegations such as "Kirk's actions and words show he lacks insight into the emotional and physical needs of the children."

Vivian asserts that Kirk "acknowledges there is open conflict with her in his home." (Vivian's opposition, p. 4, l. 13-14) That is false. There is no open conflict in Kirk's, Brooke's and Rylee's home. As compared to the volatile, unstable, screaming, swearing, hitting, throwing, accusatory, arguing, finger pointing environment that Vivian created with the children when Kirk was still with her, his home with Brooke and Rylee is like a peaceful, but happy monastery. Although Vivian has perhaps forgotten, the Court undoubtedly has not forgotten, it was Vivian who punched each of the older children in the head, it was Vivian who got Tahnee on the ground and kicked her repeatedly in the abdomen, and it was Vivian who hit Kirk in the face, which fact was memorialized by the Boulder City

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Vivian requests an evidentiary hearing on custody. While Kirk assumes that the Court is not inclined to conduct such a hearing, if an evidentiary hearing is the Court's inclination, Kirk's believes the most enlightening witnesses as to what actually went on in the Harrison home, behind doors closed to the public, will be Tahnee and Whitney.

Vivian also requests child interviews of the minor children. While Kirk continues to believe that involving the children in their parents' dispute is not in their best interest, and that the words spoken by any child may not always reflect the entirety of what is going on in any case, he will defer to the Court. However, to the extent that the Court chooses to interview the minor children, Kirk requests that the Court also interview Tahnee and Whitney, who grew up in the same home with the same parents, lived in the home with the minor children and the parents throughout the disputed critical times, and have the benefit of adulthood and added maturity. Their insight into the full picture of each of the parents and the best interests of their sisters would be invaluable.

- C. Kirk Respectfully Submits that Vivian Should Not Be Rewarded For Her Misconduct, Especially When It Is Not In Brooke's And Rylee's Best Interest To Change the Status Quo
 - 1. Vivian Has Manipulated Brooke and Rylee To Such An Extent That They Believe That The Shared Experiences They Had With Kirk In Purchasing Dance Clothes and Dance Shoes Never Occurred

From the beginning of this case Vivian has attempted to rewrite history, and when that history is incapable of rewriting, she has employed "hired guns" to explain it away. Regardless of the fact that half of her rewritten claims are at odds with the other half, her claims and theories are only limited by imagination. While the Court has the benefit of the written record and the evidence, the children do not. In addition, when they are only being lobbied by one parent, they are fat more susceptible to buying into Vivian's revisionist reality.

In this regard, as a result of the continuous campaign involving Brooke and Rylee, in a most insidious way, Vivian has begun to change the childrens' reality and has now convinced Brooke and Rylee that Kirk has never bought them dance clothes and dance shoes. This is despite the fact Brooke and Rylee were with Kirk every time he made those purchases. The fact that Vivian has been able to

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successfully convince them that these shared experiences with Kirk never occurred gives insight, by just this one example, as to the extent of Vivian's extreme manipulation of these girls.

Kirk has taken Brooke and Rylee to buy them dance shoes, leotards, tights, and dance clothes for dance classes. See Exh. 1 to motion. In spite of these facts, Vivian asserts:

Vivian did not, as Kirk suggests at page 6 of his Motion, "convince" Brooke that she should go with Vivian to buy dance shoes - this had been their practice for the entire time Brooke and Rylee have been in dance. Brooke told Vivian that she wanted Vivian to take her shopping. This did not come as a surprise; Vivian cannot remember a single instance where Kirk bought dance clothes and shoes for he children while Vivian and Kirk were together.

Kirk admits that he argued with the girls when they told him that they could not remember him buying dance shoes or clothes for them in the past. Motion, page 7. Because Kirk's involvement in dance has been limited to driving the children, he does not understand that the children do not equate the purchasing of leotards at Target with the purchase of dance clothes and shoes, which they purchase from a specialty store. Kirk has attempted to create a new reality whereby he was involved in the purchase of dance clothes for the children - he was not, and he was not justified in chiding Brooke for spending time shopping with Vivian.

(Vivian's opposition, p. 14, l. 26-27; p. 15, l. 1-12)

Based on the forgoing assertions by each party, only one of the two assertions can be true. The Court will not lose site of the fact that, despite her repeated claims to the children that Kirk had no involvement in dance purchases (to the point that the children now repeat that statement to him as fact), in her most recent pleading Vivian seems to impliedly acknowledge regular dance purchases by Kirk, but has narrowed her claims to this Court to purchases "at specialty stores". Either Kirk is right, and he has purchased dance clothes and shoes "at specialty stores", or Vivian is right that Kirk has not purchased dance clothes and shoes "at specialty stores".

Vivian cites the absence of "a single instance where Kirk bought dance clothes and shoes for the children while Vivian and Kirk were together." According to Vivian, Kirk has only bought leotards at Target and Kirk just doesn't understand that you purchase dance clothes and shoes "from a specialty store." Vivian also asserts,

> "Kirk has attempted to create a new reality whereby he was involved in the purchase of dance clothes for the children - he was not, and he was not justified in chiding Brooke for spending time shopping with Vivian." (Vivian's opp., p. 15, l. 9-12) (emphasis added)

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None of these outrageous assertions of fact has any truth to them whatsoever.3

Kirk did not buy leotards from Target. Kirk has bought athletic clothes, tops and bottoms, and sports bras for Brooke and Rylee at Target, Nordstrom Rack and Scheels for use in dance classes. Kirk has bought leotards, tights, ballet shoes, tap shoes and other dance shoes at dance specialty stores. Kirk bought Brooke a pair of dance shoes at the store in Boulder City before it closed. The dance store next to Trader Joe's in Henderson is called, "Judy's Dance Shoppe." The ownership of this store changed within the last year or so. The prior name of the store was, "LV Dance Shoppe." Kirk has taken Brooke and Rylee to buy both Brooke and Rylee dance shoes and clothes at that "specialty" store. Rylee had a growth spurt and sometime later Kirk went back to the same store with Rylee and bought Rylee two new leotards and Brooke another pair of dance shoes.

Each year, Kirk takes his children, including Brooke and Rylee, to see one or two plays at Tuachan, near St. George, Utah. On one such trip Kirk learned there was a dance store ("specialty store") in St. George, that sold the same dance clothes and dance shoes as LV Dance Shoppe, but at considerably lower prices. The big name in dance clothes, particularly leotards, dance shoes and ballet shoes is called "Bloch." The reason Kirk knows he has never bought leotards at Target is because Target does not sell "Bloch" leotards. This store carried a full line of "Bloch" products. The name of the "specialty store" in St. George is "Dance Magic". Kirk was able to locate evidence that on July 31, 2009, Kirk, with Brooke and Rylee, bought Brooke and Rylee, \$323.96 worth of dance clothes and dance shoes from the specialty store, Dance Magic in St. George, Utah. Attached hereto as Exhibit "4"

³ It should also be emphasized that Kirk never "chided" Brooke or scolded her in any way. Kirk simply asked why he couldn't take her to get the dance shoes. When Brooke responded that Vivian had always taken her, Kirk said that was simply not true. Kirk also said that if your mom wanted to take you to get dance shoes, he could not understand why she couldn't have taken Brooke during her custodial time.

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is a true and correct copy of Kirk's - not Vivian's - CitiCard, for the period of July 9 through August 7, 2009, evidencing this purchase at Dance Magic.⁴ Vivian has not gone on the family trips to Tuachan for several years, so it is doubtful she was there.

Once again, as it has done throughout this case, the evidence demonstrates the truth, despite Vivian's contrary allegations. The truth is clear, even despite Vivian convincing the children that these events never occurred, and despite Vivian asserting to this Court that they did not. More to the point though, the foregoing illustrates the insidiousness of the type of manipulation being employed by Vivian upon Brooke and Rylee. Vivian has convinced them that experiences they have shared with Kirk, such as Kirk taking them to buy the dance clothes and dance shoes they needed, never even occurred. With this type of manipulation Vivian not only falsely minimizes Kirk's involvement with the girls, but falsely overstates Vivian's involvement with the girls. It is yet another instance, where Vivian has intentionally and knowingly misrepresented material facts to this Court in an effort to falsely accuse Kirk of "attempting to create a new reality" and, thus once again, make Kirk the "bad guy." Kirk simply uses this as another occasion to remind the Court that the claims he has made have been consistent and supported by evidence, while the claims Vivian has made have wildly varied and are not supportable by actual evidence.

Finally, Kirk would note that he did not argue with Brooke and Rylee when they said he had never taken them to get dance clothes and shoes. Kirk expressed surprise and indicated that there was no question that he had taken them on multiple occasions.

Despite Vivian Not Helping Brooke and Rylee With Their Homework For 2. Years, Vivian Has Convinced Brooke and Rylee That She Always Has

Vivian's ability to consistently manipulate Brooke and Rylee to the point that she re-writes history has been applied in several contexts. Vivian also has them believing that she has always helped them with their homework.

⁴ Most of the bankers boxes containing cancelled checks and credit card statements are in storage at the ranch. Therefore, in the limited time available, Kirk has been unable to find the cancelled check or credit card statement to Danceworks and the credit card statements evidencing his purchases of dance clothes and dance shoes, primarily Bloch brand, at LV Dance Shoppe. If Kirk is able to go to the ranch and find those documents between now and the hearing, he will supplement this Reply.

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Vivian accuses Kirk of "bad faith" in his assertions that Vivian stopped helping Brooke and Rylee with their homework. In order to make this claim Vivian deliberately misrepresents the record. The Court is urged to read Vivian's opposition, page 10, lines 20-28 and page 11, lines 1-4. Vivian points to a single sentence in Kirk's letter of January 4, 2010, to Dr. Roitman which she claims is inconsistent with Kirk's claim. She cites the sentence, "And as written previously, she has always done a good job spending time with the children with their homework and reading before bedtime." (Kirk's reply, 1.4.12, Exh. 9, p. 15) (emphasis added by Kirk) The reference to "as written previously" refers to page 7 of the same letter, wherein Kirk wrote, "Vivian worked with two of our three oldest children each night helping them with homework and reading with them." (emphasis added)

In context, this is very clear. However, despite this undeniable fact, Vivian goes on to represent to the Court, "Kirk did not qualify this to limit it only to the older children, nor did he allege anywhere that Vivian was not helping the younger children." This is inaccurate and nothing more than utter nonsense! There seem to be no bounds to the liberties Vivian and Vivian's attorneys will take to mislead this Court.

These are the true facts:

With regard to the statements of Tahnee:

"My mother...consistently exhibits a lack of any thought whatsoever about whether Brooke and Rylee have had dinner or have done their homework, rarely does anything with Brooke and Rylee, rarely does anything for Brooke and Rylee, and has repeatedly left Brooke and Rylee for extended periods of time without any regard whatsoever for their best interests. I have witnessed the ill-effects my mother's conduct has had upon Brooke in particular."

(Kirk's motion re custody, Exh. 2, ¶39) (emphasis added)

My dad takes good care of Brooke and Rylee on a daily basis. He makes them a complete hot breakfast every school day morning and makes sure they always have a good dinner meal. He helps them with their homework whenever they need help. He takes them to and from school, to and from dance classes, and to and from any sports activities. My dad, Brooke and Rylee do their laundry together, when my mother is away on her many trips. He makes sure Brooke and Rylee take regular showers during the week and brush their teeth every night. He takes them shopping and to children's movies on a regular basis. He takes Brooke and Rylee to the ranch with their friends for fun weekends. When my dad has to be out of town, he calls every day he is gone and talks to Brooke and Rylee so they know he cares about them and to make sure Brooke and Rylee have done their homework, have eaten dinner, and are going to bed on time. He is attentive, and Brooke and Rylee know he cares deeply about them and that they are loved by him.

(Kirk's motion re custody, Exh. 2, ¶41) (emphasis added)

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With regard to statements of Whitney:

"I told my Dad that my Mother will only do things where she thinks she will be given credit. For example, she will spend more time after class helping students other (sic) [rather] than Brooke and Rylee with their homework."

(Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14.11, Exh. 3, ¶17)

My Mother spends most of her waking hours by herself in the home office with the door closed. When you go in there she is usually on the internet shopping, reading, or watching a dvd with Jonathan Rhys Meyers. My Mother rarely cooks a meal for Brooke and Rylee. My Mother rarely cleans the kitchen. My Mother seldom does anything with Brooke and Rylee other than sleep in the same bed. My Mother seldom takes Brooke and Rylee anywhere or wants to do anything with them. My Mother normally doesn't help Brooke and Rylee with their homework. In conversations with my Mother the topics are usually about her - something she is buying, some cosmetic procedure, something about fashion, or something about Jonathan Rhys Meyers or the Hope Foundation. Almost every conversation with my Mother is about her. My Mother seldom talks about Brooke or Rylee or asks about my life or what I'm doing. When my Mother is home she doesn't do the laundry more than about once a month. On those days when my Dad goes to the ranch to work, there have been a number of times when my Mother doesn't get or make Brooke and Rylee dinner. My Mother is oblivious to Brooke and Rylee's needs most of the time. I don't think she is a good influence morally or shows them good character. She is obsessed with appearance and it is her practice of telling her children that they have physical defects.

(Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14.11, Exh. 3, ¶26)

As noted previously, Vivian's calculated manipulation started early in the litigation. At the outset of this litigation when Rylee was only nine years old and Kirk asked her to sit next to him on the couch, Rylee responded, "I'm not supposed to snuggle you anymore dad." Vivian has also convinced Brooke, and perhaps Rylee as well, that "girls are supposed to live with their mommies" - a theme that permeates her most recent pleading Suffice it to say, this type of calculated manipulation is clearly not in their best interests. As well, any provision that encourages, and perhaps rewards, that manipulation, is not in the childrens' best interests.

Since Kirk is not a party to the conversations which occur in Vivian's home when the girls stop by to pickup an item, he is unable to enlighten the Court or himself as to exactly what Vivian is doing to keep the girls from returning to Kirk's car in a reasonable period of time, but Rylee's comments have clearly indicated that they have been ready to come back to the car while Vivian keeps them talking.5

⁵ Similarly, Brooke is a really good kid and normally very thoughtful and considerate, especially of Rylee. However, Kirk has no idea what Vivian says to Brooke to convince Brooke to keep Kirk waiting in the car for 20 to 34 minutes when picking up stuff from Vivian's house, but consistently takes less than 5 minutes when picking up the same stuff from Kirk's house.

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However, the Court can certainly get a real sense for what has been happening by reading Exhibit "2" attached hereto.

Vivian actually argues that the two neutral witnesses in the home are Brooke and Rylee. Kirk respectfully submits that because they are the recipients of the manipulation and they are the minor children who are the subject matter of this litigation, they are not neutral witnesses. Vivian has successfully taught them to believe things that are not true. However, there were indeed two actual neutral witnesses living in the home, during the critical portions of this family's history, who are both adults, and without question have the best interests of Brooke and Rylee at heart. Those witnesses are Tahnee and Whitney.

> Kirk Understands That Brooke and Rylee Believe Things Which Are Simply 3. Not True Because Vivian Has Manipulated Them, So Kirk Has Never Accused Brooke or Rylee of Lying When This Occurs

Kirk is well aware that Vivian is manipulating Brooke and Rylee into believing things that are simply not true. Therefore, when he has discussions with Brooke about such things, such as simply as Kirk taking Brooke and Rylee to buy dance clothes and dance shoes, Kirk has not and never will accuse Brooke or Rylee of lying. What Kirk has done, albeit with limited success thus far, is attempt to refresh Brooke's and Rylee's memories by reminding each of specific occasions, for example, that he took them to buy dance cloths and dance shoes.

It is quite ironic that Vivian is the singular force of causing problems by wrongly manipulating Brooke and Rylee into believing things that are verifiably false, and then accusing Kirk, as follows:

"The emotional conflict caused by Kirk demanding they re-write their history together is debilitating. It is this kind of behavior by Kirk that Vivian sought to address through a therapist and PC, but Kirk has undermined that process. Brooke is now suffering under Kirk's constant barrage of criticism and disapproval."

(Vivian opp. p. 20, l. 24-25)

To actually be litigating with these facts, is truly outrageous. Vivian and Vivian's attorneys, not constrained by the truth or the facts, but limited only by their own imaginations, continue to make assertions premised upon patently false "facts". Then, using those false "facts", carry out an all out assault upon Kirk's character. This scheme has repeatedly been employed in this case by Vivian and Vivian's attorneys.

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Kirk does not criticize Brooke. There is no "constant barrage of criticism and disapproval." For example, Brooke and Kirk have had several discussions pertaining to Brooke's desire to be a make-up artist. In those discussions, Brooke indicated that she wants to work at Disney as a make-up artist. Kirk has emphasized to Brooke that most people will tell you that one of the best times of their life was their college experience and Kirk does not want her to miss out on that experience. Brooke agreed and shared her plan to graduate from college before becoming a make up artist. When they discussed the possibility of Brooke getting bored doing make-up day after day, Brooke indicated that she hoped she would not and that she would like to make-up for movies at Disney. Kirk actually encouraged her by suggesting it would be fun for her if she were working there and Tahnee became a successful actress at the same time there. Brooke agreed. That was the extent of the discussion. Unbelievably, despite the fact that Vivian was not a party to the conversations, discussions like this are falsely characterized by Vivian as a "constant barrage of criticism and disapproval" and asserting "Brooke is now suffering under Kirk's constant barrage of criticism and disapproval." Kirk knows he has never told Brooke to consider a career in medicine and he is fairly sure he has never suggested a career in law.

The Sympathetic Statements of Other People in The Community Are Substantially D. Consistent with the Sworn Affidavits of Tahnee, Whitney and Kirk

In order to obtain sympathetic supporting affidavits, Vivian went to people in the community and basically said that Kirk "was trying to take my children from me, will you help me?" Upon that premise, Vivian obtained a number of statements. It is important to note that despite Vivian's false cry for help,, the statements obtained are substantially consistent with the facts set forth in Tahnee's, Whitney's, and Kirk's affidavits.6 As will be briefly explained in the following short chronology of three critical time periods, with limited exceptions (affidavits that are demonstrably false or which were paid for), there is really very little factual dispute.

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⁶ Obviously, the three notable exceptions are the perjurious statements from Heather Atkinson and Michele Walker, and the statement of Lisbeth Castelan, who likely didn't understand the affidavit in English that she was signing. The Court is urged to re-read the analysis of all three statements contained in Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, p. 65-75.

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1. Vivian Was Not Involved with Brooke and Rylee on a Day to Day Basis from February of 2006 until September 6, 2011, Except For Sleeping With Them At Night When She Was In Town

It is clear from the affidavits of Tahnee and Whitney, both of whom were living in the home, (and Kirk's affidavit also), that from February of 2006 until September 6, 2011, Vivian was really not involved with Brooke and Rylee on a day to day basis. It is also clear from the affidavits of Tahnee, Whitney, Kirk, Laurie Larson, Dave Krumm, and Karen Balke⁷ that Vivian was not involved, on a day to day basis, with driving Brooke and Rylee to and from school, to and from dance classes, and to and from sports activities.⁸

What has always been acknowledged is that Vivian would make sporadic public appearances with Brooke and Rylee. For example, parent/teacher conferences, book fairs at school, sewing trips, and similarly, highly infrequent activities. The Court will likely recall Kirk's affidavit which addressed Vivian being on a sewing trip with Kim Bailey and Kim Bailey, upon her return, saying Vivian was reading her Kindle the entire trip. The Court may also recall Kirk's affidavit referencing a parent/teacher conference where Vivian gave the false impression she was actively involved in home work. However, Vivian's condition was deteriorating and from 2006 until September 6, 2011, Vivian's sporadic public involvement with Brooke and Rylee became less and less, until there was a marked drop off in her sporadic public appearances with Brooke and Rylee in the fall of 2008.9

⁷ The affidavits of Laurie Larson, Dave Krumm, and Karen Balke are exhibits 22, 23 & 24 to Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12.

There is evidentiary support that Vivian withdrew from the family, including Brooke and Rylec; sometime later, Vivian started spending her days isolated in Brooke's room behind a closed door and then, after a period of time, started spending her days in the home office isolated behind a closed door; she would go months and not have a meal with Brooke and Rylee; she would leave the house with no one knowing where she was or when she would return; she rarely cooked a meal for Brooke and Rylee; during the last several years—from the beginning of 2009 through the Spring of 2011, she almost never helped them with their homework; she had severe insomnia for which she sought treatment; she would spend her days sleeping, reading vampire novels, watching the Tudors, watching Jonathan Rhys-Myers movies, buying stuff on the internet; following Jonathan Rhys-Meyers on the internet, etc. None of this testimony has ever been refuted. The submission of the Lizbeth Castellan statement is an indication that Vivian's attorneys were aware of this fact as such submission was clearly a desperate act, as Kirk had already made Brooke and Rylee breakfast and taken them to school by the time Lisbeth arrived at the house on Wednesday mornings.

⁹ This is consistent with Kirk's letter to Dr. Roitman on January 4, 2010, which contains a section entitled, "VIVIAN'S CONDITION HAS DETERIORATED MARKEDLY DURING THE LAST

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The Statements from People in the Community Are Substantially Consistent 2. With The Affidavits Submitted By Kirk

Prior to the Fall of 2008

Vivian attended, as did Kirk, gymnastic classes in 2006-7 and 2007-8 and swimming classes prior to the fall of 2008. See statements of Melissa Mojica, Brandi Carstensen, Lois Klouse, and Kelley Gray. The same is true with the following statements: Laurie Larson (mostly during this period); Gretchen Poindexter (mostly during this time period); Sue Broadbent (mostly during this time period), and; Tina Coleman (with some minor exceptions, these statements are relative to Vivian's conduct prior to the fall of 2008)

b. Between the Fall of 2008 and September 6, 2011

As noted above, Vivian continued to not be involved with Brooke and Rylee on a day to day basis. Vivian rarely did anything outside the home with Brooke and Rylee during this time period. The family did have the Harrison Family vacation to Ireland during this time period, where Vivian successfully schemed for Brooke, Rylee and Vivian to spend time with David Walsh at his home before Kirk arrived and for the three of them to spend time with David Walsh in Dublin after Kirk had left. The later filed statements which are contrary to these facts are simply wrong. One was submitted by Kellie Wendt, who is a relative of Heather Atkinson, and the other is Tina Coleman.

c. From September 6, 2011 Forward

Things changed on September 6, 2011. That is the date that Vivian sent Kirk and email providing she was going to start sharing in driving the girls to school and dance. Since that time, Vivian radically changed her behavior and since the middle of September 2011, until the parties separated, began sharing in making meals, helping the kids with their homework and working in Rylee's classroom. Therefore the following statements are substantially accurate: Azure Fecteau, Noel Kanaley, and Kelly Gray.

Tahnee and Whitney, through their affidavits, testified in detail as to what has been going on in the Harrison home for years. For years, Vivian was not doing what she has now convinced Brooke she was "always" doing.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS." (Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, Exh. 9, p. 17)

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1 Vivian alleges that Kirk knew in the summer of 2012 that the "children's statements would mirror the multiple witness statements Vivian had provided to the Court, and would confirm her close bond with the children, so he later resisted having the results of their interview published by Dr. Paglini." (Vivian's opposition, p. 6, l. 18-20) First, Kirk does not deny that Vivian has a close bond with Brooke and Rylee. Vivian has not earned that close bond in the way that most parents earn that bond, but rather has acquired it through sleeping with them at night, instilling fear and insecurities in them, inhibiting their personal growth, and manipulating them for her own purposes or needs. As of the summer of 2012, Kirk was not as sensitized to the extent that Vivian has successfully recreated history with Brooke and Rylee. Kirk was not present when Dr. Paglini interviewed Brooke and Rylee, Dr. Paglini never gave Kirk any indication whatsoever of what Brooke or Rylee said, and therefore he had and has no knowledge as to what was said. However, the assertion that Vivian's close bond with Brooke and Rylee is "through the care Vivian has provided to them their entire lives" is absurd. (Vivian's opposition, p. 7, 1, 2)

Vivian Attempts To Rehash The Same False Assertions Vivian Made To The 3. Court Prior to This Court's Order Regarding Temporary Custody on February 24, 2012

Vivian rehashes the same affidavits which were previously submitted and considered by the Court. These affidavits have the same limited value as when they were initially proffered, as noted herein above. The affidavits of Nyla Roberts, Kim Bailey and Annette Mayer have also been previously addressed in detail. See (Kirk's reply re custody, filed 1.4.12, p. 75-78)

What Vivian is unethically attempting to do is to primarily take her involvement with Brooke and Rylee after September 6, 2011 and, to a significantly lesser extent, her sporadic public involvement with Brooke and Rylee prior to the fall of 2008, and present that involvement to the Court in such a way as to, have the Court erroneously conclude that it is an accurate portrayal of her involvement with the children from February of 2006 until September 6, 2011. In other words, Vivian is knowingly trying to mislead the Court, again. The Court was not fooled by this tactic the first time around. Except for perhaps relying on th passage of time or the volume of all the other cases the Court handles, it is inexplicable why Vivian would try to mislead the Court in the same manner a second time.

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There are three statements which have not been addressed. Lisa Morris is currently teaching Brooke and Rylee voice. The summary of her statement makes the point. She addresses Vivian being involved with fund raising tasks at the school in 2008. She then talks about Vivian's involvement with Brooke and Rylee in 2011 and 2012. Sandy Wachtel is a very nice lady. She has a daughter Brooke's age. Though the summary of her statement is substantially accurate, it is misleading. Mrs. Wachtel did not see Vivian picking up and dropping off the girls for dance until after September 6, 2011, unless she saw Vivian do that on one of the very few of times that Vivian did drive the girls to or from dance from February of 2006 until September 6, 2011. Vivian's position was that if Kirk could not take Brooke and Rylee to and from dance, it was his responsibility to find some one else. That someone else would be Tahnee, Whitney, or Joseph. If none of them were home, then Kirk had to check with the other people in the dance car pool. Only if no one else could drive, would Vivian drive the girls. Under those parameters, that rarely occurred.

The purported statement from Rosaleen Thomas is a sham. As Kirk noted in his affidavit, Vivian would go many days and sometime weeks without calling Brooke and Rylee. There were times Brooke and Rylee would call every number they knew to call in Ireland to no avail. A cursory review of the photographs submitted by Kirk presents a clear picture of what was going on.

Noticeably absent from this restatement of the same points made prior to this Court's February 24, 2012, temporary custody ruling is anything that addresses the following:

- * Vivian's seven years of drug abuse beginning in June of 2004 and continuing until September of 2011 (Exh. 11 to Kirk's Reply re custody, filed 1.4.12)
- The six years she took an SRRI.
- * The photographs with Vivian and David Walsh.
- * The photographs of Vivian and "Hugo."
- * The photograph of Vivian and Sergio Becerra.
- * Vivian's love letter to Mr. Becerra wherein Vivian declares he keeps her awake at night because she is so obsessed with him.
- * All of plastic surgeries in Arizona and California.
- * The myriad of cosmetic procedures and treatments over several years.
- * All of the cosmetically related doctors' appointments for several years, including at one point a medical appointment for Vivian an average of every other day for the entire month of February of 2011!
- * The five months she chose to be away from Brooke and Rylee, and that was just during 2010!

Next to all of these undeniable facts, all of which were supported by documentary evidence, Vivian's repeated claims of "daily involvement in the children's lives" and "Vivian's total involvement with the

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children's daily lives" looks pretty foolish and is revealed for what it is - a lie. (Vivian's opposition, p. 7, 1. 9-10; 15)

4. Vivian's Argument To Support Her Theme To Brooke That "Girls Are Supposed To Be With Their Mommies" Is Ridiculous

Vivian asserts that girls "do not want to discuss with their father (periods, bras, dating, make-up, etc.) Kirk has taken Brooke to the store to buy feminine products on numerous occasions. Kirk has taken Brooke to buy bras at Nordstrom Rack and other stores. Kirk has taken Brooke to buy make-up at Nordstrom Rack, Target, Walmart, and CVS Pharmacy many times. Brooke's number one interest is make-up. Brooke watches videos concerning make-up more than anything else. Brooke and Kirk have had many conversations about the different types of make-up and why a particular application is better than another. Brooke has explained to Kirk why she prefers the solid cosmetics to the powders, etc. Kirk has learned more about cosmetics and related issues, than he ever imagined he would.

Vivian's claims are convenient, and designed to be left unchallenged. The Court surely noticed that most of Brooke's alleged complaints, as cited by Vivian, are related to "cramps" which Vivian claims only she is equipped to discuss. Perhaps Vivian hopes that this Court will also find that those feminine discomforts are only within the purview of mommies to handle? Kirk still has an open and positive relationship with Brooke. That relationship is not one that is handicapped by the inability or unwillingness to understand or handle any particular topic.

Vivian uses the same disingenuous tactics with respect to the plans related to makeup for the homecoming dance and pictures related thereto. She suggests, that Kirk should know that "Brooke is a feminine girl" and that Kirk should "understand Brooke's desire to be with someone who is skilled and experienced in applying make-up, and who taught her how to apply make-up." Vivian misses the point deliberately. Kirk would likely have had absolutely no objection if Vivian were to have actually called or written him and asked about trading time or even just having the extra time to do this with Brooke. Instead, Vivian willfully planned an event for Brooke and her friends during Kirk's custodial time, without ever even discussing it with him, and leaving Brooke to be in the middle of the inevitably resulting conflict. Vivian starts the ball rolling, feigns surprise at the result, and then criticizes Kirk for the issue she created.

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E. The Incident With Brooke During the Lagoon Trip Is Far And Away The Most Troubling Exchange Kirk Has Ever Had With Brooke And Brooke, Rylee and Kirk Had A Great Time The Rest Of The Trip

Without question, one day of the Lagoon trip was very difficult for Brooke, and was also very difficult for Kirk. However, that was one day and that day is not emblematic of their entire relationship. More importantly, there is an important backdrop to what occurred that day in the hotel room in Layton, Utah on August 5, 2013.

There was a tradition of Kirk taking Brooke and Rylee to children's movies, probably once or twice a month depending upon what was playing, since they were old enough to go. They always had a good time. There came a point sometime after the Court's ruling on February 24, 2012, that Brooke refused to go to the movies with Kirk and Rylee. Not knowing what else to do, and without meaning to do so, Kirk effectively gave Brooke the power to "veto" the three of them going to the movies. When Kirk would ask Brooke why she didn't want to go, she would simply reply she just did not want to go. Kirk was aware that Vivian started to take Brooke and Rylee to the movies. Sometime later, Tahnee or Whitney shared the following with Kirk, which had been discovered from a conversation with Brooke: Brooke apparently learned or saw that Kirk had "written down" that they had all gone to the movies. Brooke then told Heather Atkinson what she had learned, and Heather Atkinson reportedly told Brooke that the only reason your dad takes you to the movies is so he can write it down. It was at that point Brooke started to refuse to go to the movies. Rylee complained to Kirk on several occasions that she was frustrated because she wanted to go to the movies and Brooke should not get to decide that Rylee does not get to go to the movies.

Kirk picked Brooke and Rylee up from Vivian's house on Friday, August 2, 2013, after being with Vivian for 14 days (preceded by 2 days with Kirk and another 21 day period with Vivian). That evening, crying and distraught, Brooke told Kirk that because she is 14 years old and she can decide to live full time with Vivian. 10 Parroting Vivian's words, Brooke said, "Girls are supposed to be with their mommies." Kirk indicated his surprise that she would be willing to leave Rylee. Brooke said that she had not told Rylee yet and asked Kirk not to say anything to Rylee.

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¹⁰ Kirk had previously thought this conversation was the next day on August 3, but it was on August 2.

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Brooke, Rylee and Kirk started their trip to Utah the next day. They stayed at the Little America Hotel in Salt Lake City that night like they do each year and had dinner in the hotel coffee shop that night. They went swimming. When Rylee was in the shower after they returned from swimming, Kirk told Brooke it was not within her power to "decide" where she lived, only that Brooke could express her wishes, but it was for the Judge to decide. Kirk further explained that under the circumstances, he did not think it would be best for Brooke and Rylee, if Brooke lived with her mother full time. Brooke acknowledged it would hurt Rylee's feelings. Brooke seemed very relieved that it was not her decision to leave Rylee.

After having the Sunday brunch at the hotel, Brooke, Rylee and Kirk drove to the Hilton Garden Inn in Layton, Utah. That night Brooke, Rylee, and Kirk had dinner with Kirk's cousin. Their plan was to spend the next two days at Lagoon and then travel to Park City just like they do every year. Both Brooke and Rylee seemed excited about going to Lagoon the next day. Brooke had ridden the Catapult Ride at Lagoon the year before by herself, when Rylee changed her mind at the last minute. Kirk asked them if they were going to ride it together this year. They both said they had not make up their minds.

However, when they got up the next day, Monday, August 5, 2013, Brooke refused to go to Lagoon and indicated she did not want to go to Lagoon the next day either. When Kirk asked why, Brooke simply said she just didn't feel like it. Rylee, understandably, was upset saying that what Brooke was doing was not fair to her, as she really wanted to go to Lagoon.

Kirk waited a couple of hours, hoping Brooke would change her mind. Brooke was content to continue texting and watching videos. Kirk believes she was texting with Vivian, which can easily be confirmed or rebutted. He told Brooke he could not understand why she didn't want to go, when they have had so much fun there each year. Brooke responded that she did not like going to Lagoon anymore because it was "boring". Rylee again chimed in that she wanted to go. Kirk said how can you say it is boring when you rode the Catapult Ride last year? Brooke didn't answer.

A couple of more hours passed and Kirk told Brooke that he didn't understand why Brooke was not caring about Rylee who really wanted to go to Lagoon. It was not until about that point that Brooke said she wasn't feeling well and had cramps. Kirk then said, so we can all go tomorrow? Brooke responded that she still did not want to go to Lagoon at all. At that point, Kirk decided that so long as

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Brooke was getting everything she wanted, texting and watching videos on her telephone, there was going to continue to be a stalemate, and Brooke had the power to "veto" the entire vacation, so he took her telephone from her. In light of the texting Brooke was doing on her telephone, wrong or right, Kirk assumed Vivian was influencing Brooke's refusal to go to Lagoon, as he knew that Brooke's announcement three days before was parroting Vivian's words. He also knew that Brooke had been excited about going to Lagoon when they talked about it the night before. Kirk told her that if she was really having cramps and did not feel good, he thought she would have said that hours before, when she first refused to go.

Kirk did express to Brooke that he was hurt by her behavior (in all candor, Kirk was obviously reeling from Brooke telling him that she wanted to live full time with Vivian) and could not understand why she was doing this to Rylee and him. This is the only time that Kirk has said things to Brooke that he regrets, as noted in her email to Vivian. He did not say those things in an accusatory tone, but rather from his perspective of being very hurt and unappreciated. Kirk fully realizes that he is the parent and this type of exchange had never happened before, nor since.

Kirk knew he had a problem, he knew there had to have been a better way to handle it than he had thus far, and didn't know what to do to resolve this situation. Kirk stepped out into the hallway from the hotel room and telephoned Ed Kainen to get advice. He then telephoned Dr. Roitman to get advice. He then telephoned Whitney to get advice. Whitney advised that Brooke is 14 years old now and that Kirk should tell her that if she did not want to go to Lagoon the next day she could stay in the hotel room, but Rylee and Kirk were going.

They had not eaten since the hotel breakfast that morning. Kirk told Brooke that he was taking Rylee to dinner and Brooke could go with them or, if she preferred, she could stay in the hotel room. Brooke said she didn't want to go. Kirk and Rylee went to Buffalo Wild Wings and brought back food to the room for Brooke. Before they went to bed that night, Kirk told Brooke that he was taking Rylee to Lagoon the next day, and he hoped she would go with them, but if she preferred, she could stay in the room all day. He apologized for anything he had said that contributed to the difficult day, and opened the door for Brooke to step away from the position in which she had immersed herself. He told

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her he loved her and gave her a kiss goodnight. As challenging as the day had been, it ended in a positive way, and with a optimistic outlook for the next day.

Brooke, Rylee and Kirk all went to Lagoon the next day and they all had a great time. They all went to Buffalo Wild Wings that night. They all had a really good time the rest of the vacation: they rode the chairlift at Sundance; spent day at the Olympic Park in Park City riding the extreme zip line multiple times, riding the alpine slide, doing the adult rope course together (Brooke and Rylee then did the upper level) until it started to rain; spent that afternoon and evening buying school clothes at the outlet mall in Park City, that night they went swimming together in the hotel pool; the next day they drove to St. George and saw the play "Mulan" and later that evening saw "Mary Poppins" with friends; spent the next day at the hotel swimming and going to a movie that evening, and drove home the next

While August 5th, was a challenging day for both Kirk and Brooke, it was one day and nothing more. It is in no way representative of the relationship with Kirk and Brooke, despite the efforts to characterize it as such.

Vivian Falsely Accuses Kirk Of Being Manipulative When "Kirk Acted As If He F. Had Just Won The Lottery" When Told Rylee Would Not Need The Multiple Surgeries With The Device Implanted In Her Arm Secreting A Man-Made Hormone Into Her Body For The Next Three Years

On Monday, September 16, 2013, Rylee had an appointment with Dr. Dewan. At that time Dr. Dewan advised that it was now time to determine if Rylee should have the device surgically implanted in her arm that will secrete the man-made hormone into her body. Dr. Dewan advised to have an x-ray of Rylee's hand and then to schedule another appointment. Based upon prior antics of Vivian in failing to advise Kirk of medical appointments, Kirk asked the front desk to send an email to him or telephone him as soon as the next appointment was made. At 7:06 a.m. on Sunday morning, October 6, 2013, Kirk received a text from Vivian, "Rylee-dr dewan-mon 1030." Kirk sent a text back, "Tomorrow." Vivian responded, "Yes."

On Monday, October 7, 2013, after examining the most recent hand x-ray of Rylee hand, Dr. Dewan advised Kirk and Vivian that Rylee is likely going to reach her normal expected height of 5' 10" and the annual surgical implantation of the device in her arm to secrete the man-made hormone will not

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be necessary. Kirk was indeed elated. This was the best news he had heard in years. Kirk wept in the car after he left the office. Vivian now uses this very welcome and wonderful news, to initiate yet another baseless assault upon Kirk. Vivian asserts that Kirk's reaction "to this news was manipulative as "Kirk acted as if he had just won the lottery." (Vivian's opposition, p. 20, 1. 7 & 9)

Dr. Dewan initially advised Kirk and Vivian that Rylee would likely be required to have a device surgically implanted into her arm. Rylee's testosterone level was 32. Normal for a girl her age is below 10 - around 7 or 8. Dr. Dewan, at the time, indicated the implantation of the device would be necessary 7 if Rylee's testosterone level did not drop significantly. Dr. Dewan handed a brochure to Vivian and 8 Kirk, which detailed what would be done. Dr. Dewan advised that a surgeon, not Dr. Dewan, would surgically implant the device. The device would slowly secrete a man-made hormone into Rylee's body for a year. After one year, a surgeon would remove that device and insert another. This surgery would likely be done a third time, so Rylee would have a device in her arm secreting a man-made hormone into her body for about three years. Dr. Dewan advised the cost of the device would be \$14,000.00 per year. Dr. Dewan advised Kirk and Vivian that without the device, Rylee would prematurely start puberty, likely start having a period when she was just 10 years old, and her maximum height would be 5' 5" tall. Dr. Dewan further advised the implantation of the device would "put a pause on puberty" and Rylee would likely reach a maximum height of 5' 6" to 5' 7" tall. (Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14.11, p. 16, l. 15-28, p. 17, 1-24); (Kirk's Aff. ¶221 & 224, attached to Kirk's motion re custody as Exh. 1) (Kirk's Reply re Custody, filed 1.4.12, p. 16, l. 17-28; p. 17, l. 1-10)

The prospect of devices being implanted into Rylee's arm and secreting a man-made hormone into Rylee's body concerned Kirk. Kirk consulted with Dr. Iain Buxton. Dr. Buxton is the Regents Professor, Foundation Professor, and the Chairman of the Pharmacology Department at the University of Nevada School of Medicine. Dr. Buxton advised Kirk that the risks inherent with the implantation of the device and the secretion of the man-made hormone into Rylee's body over several years was not worth the risk to Rylee's health. Thankfully, Rylee's body overcame the testosterone exposure caused by Vivian's negligent conduct. Kirk was indeed genuinely elated for Rylee and relieved he did not have to make that decision.

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Vivian falsely asserts, "Kirk continued to raise alarms with Rylee and all the other children (and anyone who would hear his complaint) that because of Vivian her growth would be stunted, she would suffer ill effects of an implant, etc.' (p. 19, l. 23-26) This is again outrageous. Kirk has never told Rylee any of this information. Never. It is inconceivable, that a parent would say these types of things to their child. Again, Vivian and Vivian's attorneys get so caught up in their effort to assault Kirk's character, they forget common sense. No parent would tell their child that their growth is going to be stunted or that they were going to suffer from a device being implanted in their body.

As for Kirk's "elation", he was indeed happy, as this was something about which he has had significant and continuous worry since the issue became a concern. To find out that the elevated testosterone levels reduced without the need for Rylee to have surgery, was an event properly warranting elation.11

G. Vivian Makes Misrepresentations Throughout the Opposition

Vivian makes additional misrepresentations throughout the opposition. Time does not permit addressing each and every one, but Kirk will attempt to address just a few.

On one occasion Kirk told Brooke that he was surprised she would leave Rylee. Brooke later told Kirk she thought it was "mean" that he said that, he apologized to her and he has not said it since. However, according to Vivian, "Kirk repeatedly tells" tells Brooke that she is being selfish by wanting to do activities away from Rylee. (Vivian's opposition, p. 21, l. 12)

Vivian makes allegations A through F on page 26 of Vivian's opposing brief. Absolutely none of those accusations are true. None. The allegation that Kirk would even broach the subject of the possibility of Brooke leaving with Rylee is ludicrous. Kirk loves Brooke and Rylee with all his heart. He would never do something so callous. These baseless allegations confirm yet again that Vivian and her attorneys are not constrained by the truth or actual facts, nor do they feel compelled to offer any evidence whatsoever to support their baseless allegations.

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¹¹ Dr. Dewan's physician notes, dated August 2, 2011 clearly provide, "the elevated tesosterone was from moms craem. . ." (Kirk's motion re custody, filed 9.14. 11, Exh. 13)

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If the Court believes for one second the representation that Vivian has a close bond with Brooke and Rylee "formed through the care Vivian has provided to them their entire lives" then the affidavits of Tahnee, Whitney and Kirk utterly failed to depict for the Court what was truly happening in the Harrison home since 2006. (Vivian's opposition, p. 7, 1, 21)

Vivian represents to the Court that Brooke and Rylee really never spend any time with one another, so it would be no big deal if Brooke left. (Vivian's opposition, p. 21, 1. 13-22) When Brooke and Ryee are with Kirk, they spend almost all of their time together. They talk to each other every morning. Brooke helps wake Rylee up in the morning and talks to her before she leaves for school. They watch videos together. They often will do their homework together in the same room. Brooke sometimes helps Rylee with her homework. Except for breakfast on school days, they eat all of their meals together with Kirk. They ride to and from dance together. Most of the weekends, they do everything together. There is a lot of laughing, smiling and talking that goes on between Brooke and Rylee everyday they are with Kirk. Brooke and Rylee still sleep in the same bed together. Neither one is comfortable going to bed without the other. The suggestion that separating the two children would not impact the other is baseless under the facts of this case.

Vivian asserts, "Kirk also outlines in his motion how he uses name-calling to prevent Brooke from spending time with Vivian." (Vivian's opposition, p. 21, 1. 31) This is so bizarre. Vivian - not Brooke and not Rylee - is causing Kirk to sit in a car outside her house for 20 to 34 minutes waiting for Brooke to pick up the same items she picks up at his house when Vivian is waiting outside in the car in less than 5 minutes. The reason for the difference in time is nothing more than Vivian choosing to be inconsiderate of Kirk's time and Kirk refusing to respond in kind. Kirk has indeed told Brooke that it is disrespectful and inconsiderate to keep him waiting in the car for such long periods. For this, Vivian accuses Kirk of "name-calling." According to Vivian, "This situation is caused by the constant back and forth from the parties' homes caused by the current schedule, but more important, Kirk should not be attempting to manipulate Brooke in this manner." (Vivian's opposition, p. 21, 1. 28; p. 22, 1. 1-2) What is occurring has nothing to do with the present custody schedule. Brooke and Rylee consistently get the same items from Kirk's house in less than 5 minutes, when Vivian is waiting. What is occurring has everything to do with Vivian exercising control over Brooke, in a manipulative way such as to cause

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Kirk to wait for long periods of time. There is no question that Brooke is otherwise usually a very considerate and thoughtful young lady. The common denominator in these issues seems to be Vivian.

H. This Court Is Not Prohibited from Modifying or Eliminating the Teenage Discretion Provision as Alleged by Vivian's Attorneys

Vivian suggests that this Court must give deference to the Agreements of the parties even going so far as to cite Troxel and suggest a violation of fundamental rights. Insofar as the actual agreement, it is clear by Vivian's admissions and the glaring absence of any denial of violating the express provisions of the agreement, that the parties are not really talking about enforcing the existing agreement. Instead, Vivian wants to have what-she-imagines "teenage discretion" should be, as opposed to the presently existing provision, and Kirk simply wanted the safeguards from immersing the children in the litigation respected. Neither party stands any chance of walking away with what they really want.

Paramount in every decision the Court makes, including this one, must be the best interest of the minor children. In fact, NRS 125.480(1) provides in part that the "sole consideration of the court is the best interest of the child". When the conduct of one of the parties, renders any custodial provision ineffective and the result is preventable conduct that is not in the best interest of the children, this Court not only retains the power to change it, it has the power to do so sua sponte. NRS 125.510 (1) through (3).

Vivian's Claims Regarding the Miscellaneous Items, Including Childhood I. Memorabilia, Are Factually Inaccurate

A multitude of additional items were cited by Kirk to demonstrate Vivian's utter failure to operate in good faith. Paragraph 6.2 of the parenting agreement, simply requires good faith conduct on the part of each parent not to encourage or manipulate the child to seek to be with one parent more than the other. Kirk not only established that Vivian's behavior gives every indication that such a presumption, with respect to Vivian, is erroneous as regards the parenting agreement, but he was also able to demonstrate a myriad of other failures to operate with any good faith in the period leading up to the filing of his requests for relief.

Vivian generally denies even those items which are supported by incontrovertible evidence and for which there can be no reasonable dispute. She likely relies on the fact that these are "side issues"

and that to brief each of them would take far too long. Given the fact that those items were illustrative, and Kirk has not requested specific relief on those items, Vivian's assumption is correct. Kirk will not offer any further on those matters at this time.

III. CONCLUSION

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Kirk, to this day, despite Vivian's efforts to alienate Kirk from Brooke, enjoys a loving and caring relationship with Brooke. However, Kirk is very concerned about Brooke. Kirk saw what Vivian's manipulation of Tahnee did to Tahnee. At 28 years old, Tahnee is finally working through issues which never would have occurred, but for Vivian's manipulation of her. Tahnee was Vivian's "very best friend" before Brooke became Vivian's "very best friend." It is not healthy for children to be exclusively in an environment, where their whole world is to please a parent. If Brooke is with Vivian full time before she can establish her own identity, develop a sense of self, and gain some independence, then Brooke will likely suffer, as Tahnee has unnecessarily suffered. Kirk implores the Court that if the Court is inclined to give any consideration to continuing down the path of teenage discretion as a vehicle to allow Vivian to further manipulate Brooke and Rylee, that the Court first interview or take testimony from Tahnee and Whitney.

The fact remains that the concept of teenage discretion is only workable in circumstances where the parents have a reasonable and functional relationship, which still does not exist in this case. That facts cannot reasonably be in dispute. The protections that are theoretically built into the provision to prevent abuse, are being wholly ignored and are objectively unenforceable. Within days of her 14th birthday, after spending 21 uninterrupted days with Vivian, Brooke, who would have no way of knowing about any provisions in the parenting plan, was suddenly insisting on the free exercise of her "teenage discretion rights." After spending only 2 days with Kirk and then another 14 uninterrupted days with Vivian (based on the vacation schedule), Brooke announced she wanted to live with Vivian full time.

The Court should note that Vivian makes a myriad of detailed allegations concerning matters about which Vivian could have no personal knowledge. By merely making the allegations, Vivian is indicating to this Court that she is improperly communicating with Brooke. If she is doing it on all of those issues, how can it ever be suggested she abides by the provisions in paragraph 6.2 - the specific

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provision which is the subject of Kirk's Motion, and which Vivian never denies violating. This provision has done nothing more than guarantee the children's continued enmeshment in the parties ongoing dispute.

As indicated in his moving papers, Kirk has tried to be reasonable and accommodating, but it has resulted in continued immersion of the children into their parents' custody dispute and further encroachment into his custodial periods. Vivian does not care about the impact on Brooke, being placed in emotional turmoil or being forced to choose between her parents in order to placate one of them. As a result of Vivian immersing Brooke in this conflict (both by providing her with information she never should have had, and by butchering the explanation of the provision), the Kirk and Vivian are in near daily conflicts, that was otherwise much more limited. Kirk implores the Court, in the best interests of Brooke and Ryles, to set aside this provision in its entirety.

DATED this beay of October, 2013.

KAINEN LAW ROUP. PLLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESO.

Nevada Bar No. 5029

10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiff

AFFIDAVIT OF KIRK R. HARRISON

filed in Support of Plaintiff's Reply In Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and For Other Equitable Relief, and Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Countermotions to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, To Continue Hearing on Custody Issues, For an Interview of the Minor Children, and For Attorney's Fees and Sanctions

STATE OF NEVADA)	
)	SS
COUNTY OF CLARK)	

KIRK R. HARRISON, declares and says:

- 1. The matters stated in this Affidavit are based upon my personal knowledge (or upon information and belief if so stated). If called upon to testify, I could and would competently testify to the facts set forth herein.
- 2. Each of the factual averments contained in Plaintiff's Reply In Support of
 Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and For Other Equitable
 Relief, and Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant's Countermotions to Resolve Parent/Child Issues,
 To Continue Hearing on Custody Issues, For an Interview of the Minor Children, and For
 Attorney's Fees and Sanctions are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Kirk R. Harrison

Subscribed and sworn before me this 28^{rg} day of October, 2013.

Notary Public

CAROL NAVARRO-BARCLAY
Notary Public State of Nevede
No. 92-4000-1
My Appt. Exp. Decamber 27, 2016



February 3, 2012

Via Facsimile - (702) 990-6456 Radford Smith, Esq. Radford J. Smith, Chartered 64 North Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074

Via Facsimile - (775) 322-3649
Gary Silverman, Esq.
Silverman, Decaria & Kattelman, Chtd.
6140 Plumas Street, Suite 200
Reno, Nevada 89519

Re: Kirk Harrison v. Vivian Harrison

Dear Rad and Gary:

The Harrison family has one Verizon account, which includes the cell phone for every member of their family. Kirk has always reviewed this bill and paid it every month. There were only two authorized individuals on the account—Kirk and Vivian. Vivian is fully aware of instances in the past where Kirk has contacted Verizon when there have been issues with the account. For example, Whitney obtained a new cell phone in November of 2011, when Kirk's cell phone was due for a replacement. Moreover, within the last 30 to 60 days, Kirk had previously ordered call detail from Verizon. Just like yesterday, Vivian opened the package and asked Kirk what it was and Kirk told her. In fact, yesterday, when Vivian was screaming at Kirk, she referenced the fact that he had done it before. Kirk acted properly on both occasions. Merely because Vivian is listed as "primary" does not give her exclusive access and control over this account.

Your false accusation that Kirk obtaining call detail on his own family's account was "hacking into her account" when he is one of two authorized individuals on the account is what is truly outrageous.

When Vivian was leaving, Vivian told Kirk she was going to cancel his phone. Kirk responded that he was authorized on the account and did not believe she could. Vivian said, "I am primary and I can." As soon as Vivian left, Kirk called Verizon and they confirmed Vivian could in fact cancel his cell phone, despite the fact that he was also authorized on the account. Kirk asked if there was anything he could do. He was told since he was authorized on the account he could transfer all of the phones in his name to a new account. There were three cell phones in Kirk's name: his, Vivian's and Joseph's. Despite knowing Vivian was in the process of cancelling his phone for doing something he was authorized to do and something she knew he had done before, Kirk took the high road and did not transfer Vivian's phone number to his new plan.

Kirk ordered the documents for him. Since Vivian is "primary" she can also get whatever documents she wants from Verizon on this account. With respect to the billings, you only furnished Kirk the total amount of your bill, which he paid. There was never a discussion about furnishing redacted billings. When you only furnished a total figure to Kirk and expected payment, which you received, how can you now expect redacted billings from us? By the way, we have not yet received even the equivalent information from you.

Vivian's behavior in front of Brooke and Rylee has been deplorable and she is clearly trying to alienate Kirk from Brooke and Rylee.

The much bigger issue is Vivian's pattern of misbehavior in front of Brooke and Rylee where she has continually displayed no sensitivity whatsoever for these little girls. After Kirk told Vivian what he requested from Verizon, Vivian began screaming that Kirk had told Rad he did not have access to the account. Kirk responded that he had never spoken with Rad Smith about the account. Vivian then repeatedly screamed that Kirk was a "liar" in front of Rylee and Joseph. Vivian was screaming so loudly that Rylee was placing her hands over her ears. This insensitive misbehavior in front of Brooke and Rylee has been going on for quite some time.

As we have already discussed, on March 13, 2011, Vivian was talking to Brooke and Rylee in the living room. She hollered to Kirk to come in the room as he needed to hear what she was telling Brooke and Rylee. As soon as Kirk came into the room Vivian told Brooke and Rylee that she was filing for divorce the day after Whitney's wedding, and that Brooke and Rylee are going to be asked with whom they want to live. Vivian then told them she was going to get the house. Vivian told Brooke and Rylee that she would get the house and Kirk would get the ranch, and that her lawyer told her that she would probably get part of the ranch as well. Vivian then told Brooke and Rylee that if she did not get the house, the Court will order it to be sold.

The incident Vivian incited on October 14, 2011, has been adequately briefed. However, you should know that Vivian had someone several years prior to the incident install a new central unit and new cameras. Only Vivian operated the video system. Only Vivian knew whether it was working or not.

On Sunday evening, November 20, 2011, in front of Brooke, Rylee and Joseph, Vivian started verbally attacking Kirk because he took Rylee to Subway at about 6:00 p.m. to get a sandwich for dinner. Vivian said Kirk knew that Brooke was cooking dinner at Theresa Giroux's. Kirk responded that he did not know she was cooking dinner. Again, Vivian started calling Kirk a "liar" in front of Brooke and Rylee. Vivian then said that all the people in the neighborhood filed

affidavits saying Kirk was a "liar." Again, all in front of Brooke and Rylee. Joseph tried to get Vivian to stop, but to no avail.

On Saturday morning, November 26, 2011, Kirk got the Christmas tree out of the storage shed and started to set it up just like he does every year. Vivian had just returned from meeting with Marvin Gawryn and had picked up Brooke and Rylee from the Atkinsons. When Vivian, Brooke and Rylee walked in, Kirk had set up the tree and was setting up other Christmas displays. In front of Rylee, Vivian said, "I don't want you to do this because you will just write it down and lie." Vivian then said, again in front of Rylee, "these are my decorations and you are not going to be here next year."

On January 9, 2012 at 3:06 p.m., Vivian sent the following text to Kirk: "Rylees bday party fri feb3 at 440-645 laser tag." This morning, Vivian and Rylee were sitting in a large chair in the living room. Kirk asked Vivian, "What time are we leaving for Rylee's birthday party today?" Vivian responded, "Are you going?" Kirk said, "Of course." To which Vivian said in front of Rylee, "Oh yuck!" Kirk then again asked what time they were leaving. Vivian said 4:00 o'clock. Rylee then said, "I thought it was at 3:30." Vivian continued in front of Rylee, "You are Satan and you are not invited." Vivian continued again, "The other parents don't want you driving so I have to drive." Kirk then asked if the party was at the same location as Stephanie Yoxen's birthday party. Vivian responded that Kirk should send her a text. Kirk sent the following text: "what is the location of rylee birthday party to which you now say I am not invited?" Vivian texted back: "Doesn't make since. if u were once invited you should know. "Vivian then sends another text: "Pls go through ur attorney it appears as though ur beginning to play games AGAIN." This is going on TODAY!

This kind of behavior needs to stop.

Compare the foregoing behavior with what you describe as attempts by Kirk to alienate Vivian and set forth on pages 45 through 47 of your Opposition re Custody, keeping in mind, as you well know, most of those quotes are taken out of context.

For several weeks, Vivian has had Brooke and Rylee spending more time at the Atkinson home than they do in their own home. Sometimes Vivian is also there and many times she is not. Kirk strongly believes Vivian is intentionally trying to minimize the time Kirk has with Brooke and Rylee. Kirk got an email from Vivian last night that she and the girls are going to be spending Valentine's Day dinner with someone else. This type of pre-emptive behavior by Vivian has become all too common.

Kirk has also informed me that it is apparent Vivian has been working Brooke and Rylee a lot. Kirk has noticed significant changes in Brooke's attitude towards him during the last several months. On Thursday afternoon, January 27, Kirk was sitting on the couch in the living room and asked Rylee to sit with him and snuggle. Rylee responded, "I'm not supposed to snuggle you anymore dad."

Kirk has not attempted to alienate Vivian.

You and Gary have an obvious strategy of telling the Court at every hearing that Kirk has tried to alienate both the adult and minor children. Although I am confident it will not change this course of action, you should probably know the truth.

Since you have read the affidavits of Kirk, Tahnee and Whitney, you are well aware that Tahnee and Whitney approached Kirk about Vivian's behavior, the damage it was doing to Brooke and Rylee, and the need for Kirk to do something about it. Also, when the older children were younger, it was they who complained to Kirk about their mother trying to take credit for their efforts not the other way around.

In connection with Brooke and Rylee, Kirk indicates he has not spoken to Brooke or Rylee about Vivian in a negative way nor has he broached the subject of the divorce. On one occasion, Brooke was upset about something Vivian had told her about the divorce and Kirk told her if she needed to talk to him she could. She didn't. You may recall Whitney's affidavit were she said Vivian was having conversations with Nyla Roberts and Michelle Walker about divorcing Kirk in front of Rylee.

The next time you and Gary go into this false diatribe about Kirk alienating these children, am handing this letter to the judge.

Marvin Gawryn

Another issue much more important than Kirk accessing his own family's cell phone account, is Marvin Gawryn. This is a real problem.

On September 21, 2011, Mr. Gawryn agreed to his suspension as a licensed and family therapist in the State of Washington. As part of that process, Mr. Gawryn stipulated to the following facts:

- 2.2 Respondent [Mr. Gawryn] provided therapy services to partners Client A and Client B. approximately once per week from November 17, 2006 through March 8, 2007. Clients A and B were involved in a committed and intimate relationship. Clients A and B sought treatment from Respondent for relationship issues. Sessions with Respondent included treatment of the clients individually and together.
- 2.3 From March 14, 2007 through January 18, 2011, Respondent provided weekly therapy treatment to Client A.
- 2.4 In or about September 2010 through January 2011, Respondent engaged in sexual intercourse with Client A approximately two (2) times weekly.

(State of Washington, Department of Health - Agreed Order)

There is overwhelming circumstantial evidence that Mr. Gawryn has infected the process wherein you had Vivian tested and interviewed regarding NPD by coaching Vivian on the eve of her taking the MMPI and on the eve of each of her interviews with Drs. Thienhaus, Applebaum and Ronningstam. Tell me if you don't see a pattern with the following:

- 1. On August 6, 2011, Mr. Gawryn has a coaching consultation with Vivian for one and one-half hours.
 - On August 11, 2011, Vivian meets with Dr. Ole J. Thienhaus for the first time and he writes his report.
- 2. On August 13, 2011, Mr. Gawryn has a coaching consultation with Vivian for one and one-half hours.

On August 15, 2011, Vivian takes the MMPI wherein it was noted that Vivian "attempted to place herself in an overly positive light" and "approached the test items with a view toward presenting herself as being very serene in her approach to life."

3. On September 16, 2011, Mr. Gawryn has a coaching consultation with Vivian for two hours. Then on September 19, 2011, Mr. Gawryn has another coaching consultation with Vivian for another one hour.

On September 22, 2011, Vivian meets with Dr. Ole J. Thienhaus a second time and he writes a report.

4. On December 26, 2011, Mr. Gawryn has a coaching consultation with Vivian for one hour.

Vivian then flies to New York on December 27, 2012 and meets with Dr. Applebaum on December 28, 2012.

 On Janaury 4, 2012, Mr. Gawryn has a coaching consultation with Vivian for two hours.

Vivian then flies to Boston on January 5, 2012 and meets with Dr. Ronningstam on January 6, 2012.

After Mr. Gawryn started consulting with Vivian, Mr. Gawryn requested that Kirk meet with him, which Kirk did. Mr. Gawryn has repeatedly held himself out to Kirk as the counselor for the family, but has seemingly been an advocate for Vivian at every opportunity. When Kirk learned of Mr. Gawryn's suspension in the State of Washington and the reason for his suspension. Kirk telephoned Mr. Gawryn and made it very clear to him that he was to never meet with Brooke and Rylee again.

You still need to make it right with the Court regarding your baseless allegations that Kirk "manufactured allegations" etc.

It was very disappointing to see you continue your baseless assault upon Kirk to the Court when you both know the truth. Since the filing of the opposition, you have been provided a copy of Kirk's January 4, 2010 letter to Dr. Roitman. Therefore, there is no question that the NPD opinion originated with Dr. Roitman. A statement that Kirk had a conversation about narcissism or read a book about narcissism, at any time, is not a sufficient basis to make the allegations you made. You must have some evidentiary support for the allegation you made. You have none. You didn't allege Kirk read a book on narcissism or that Kirk had a conversation with Tahnee and Joseph wherein

Tahnee explained the behavior of a narcissist. You alleged he "manufactured allegation" "chose a diagnosis" "developed a theory" etc.

What is so frustrating is that you now know Kirk did not do any of those things and yet you continue to try to justify these horrendous allegations to the Court. During the hearing you pointed to paragraph 33 of Tahnee's affidavit. Look at paragraph 106 of Kirk's affidavit where he references the discussion with Tahnee and Joseph on March 8, 2010. This is the same discussion with Joseph and Kirk that Tahnee references in paragraph 33 of her affidavit. You will note the paragraphs in Tahnee's affidavit are in chronological sequence. Paragraph 32 is regarding events on March 1, 2010 and Paragraph 34 is regarding events on April 5, 2010.

During the hearing, in your effort to continue this unsupportable position, you represented to the Court that Tom Standish must have told Kirk in 2005 to keep a record so as to build a case against Vivian, and that is why Kirk prepared the January 4, 2010, letter to Dr. Roitman. First, that never happened. Tom will attest to the same. Kirk talked to Tom only after Vivian abruptly left taking Brooke and Rylee without any discussion or explanation. Vivian and the girls were gone week after week, with Kirk not knowing where they were or when they would return. Brooke was just 6 years old and Rylee was just 2 years old. Kirk was, understandably, upset and frustrated and talked to Tom because he didn't know what to do and was looking for help to find the girls. Tom told him there wasn't a lot he could do. This was not a divorce planning consultation.

Second, during this time period, Kirk believed Vivian's behavior was temporary. Although he did not know about Paula Squiteri at the time, he believed, just like Paula Squiteri believed, that Vivian's behavior was a consequence of post partum depression. Kirk describes in detail why he thought Vivian's behavior was temporary in paragraph 261 of this affidavit.

Third, unfortunately, for Vivian, the children, and Kirk, Vivian's behavior did not improve and, in fact, worsened over time. After years of hoping and believing Vivian's condition was temporary, only to see it get worse and worse, Kirk determined he had to get some professional help and started to put together a summary of everything he knew about Vivian. It is important to note the first contemporaneous entry in the January 4, 2010 letter documenting Vivian's behavior was on July 21, 2008. If Tom gave the advice to Kirk in the summer of 2005 to build a case, which you now speculate, Kirk was very slow to respond.

We renew our demand that you unequivocally withdraw the baseless allegations you have made against Kirk. As officers of the Court, it is something you need to do.

Lets jointly go forward and do what is in the best interest of this family.

Finally, there really is no denying Vivian's misconduct wherein she has demonstrated a callous disregard for Rylee's health again and again. Similarly, there really is no denying Vivian's aberrant behavior in front of Tahnee and Whitney. The single issue is what is the cause of this unquestionably unacceptable behavior? Dr. Roitman has opined the cause of the problem is NPD. Based upon what Vivian has told them, with undisclosed assistance from Marvin Gawryn which was undoubtedly not shared with them, your experts have opined the problem is not NPD.

However, it is in everyone's best interest to determine the cause of the problem. As I said in Court, no one would be happier than Kirk if the cause of the problem is not NPD. Rather than continue to run this family into the emotional and financial ground, lets jointly do what is clearly in the best interest of this family, particularly Brooke and Rylee, and have an independent psychological evaluation performed. We can have this done by someone we both trust, give them all the information they need to make a fully informed decision, including interviewing Vivian, Kirk, Tahnee and Whitney as well as Dr. Roitman and one of your three experts, whom you can designate in your sole discretion. Whatever the diagnosis, lets commit to work together to do what is in the best interest of these children. Please.

Very truly yours,

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ.

ELK/cn

cc:

Kirk Harrison Tom Standish, Esq.

Kirk Harrison

From: Sent:

Vivian Harrison [vivianlharrison@aol.com]

Friday, July 15, 2011 7:13 PM

To: Cc:

Robert W. Lueck

Subject:

Bob Dickerson; Marvin Gawryn; Melissa Attanasio, CFP; Tom Standish; Harrison, Kirk

Re: Harrison divorce

Sounds like YOU need to talk to me! Not mad at all relieved! I have my family back and doing what's best for my children and I get to share in there lives 24/7!

I'm blessed Mr and after witnessing first hand how family law mediators and lawyers operate opened my eyes to how truly jaded and unjust this system is! Ive been ask to keep logs on how bad my husband is and all his failings, mistakes and misgivings in an effort to make him look like an uncaring insensitive father and to discredit him and appear as a horrible person!

Would never DREAM of doing that to the father of my children. My children luv him and he is a descent human being and loves his children. He is a good father. Although we may not see things eye to eye I would never never do anything to hurt one of the most important persons in my childrens lives for anything!!!! Sent from my iPhone

On Jul 15, 2011, at 4:06 PM, "Bob Dickerson" < bob dickersonlaw group com> wrote:

Bob.

In your e-mail below, you refer to Vivian Harrison as "Your [i.e., my] client"? Her last e-mail is prenclear. I have been fired. Thus, I obviously do not have a client to whom I can talk. Not much I can do. I will be following her instructions set out in her last c-mail to everyone who has had any involvement in her case, including Kirk Harrison and Tom Standish.

Bob

Robert P. Dickerson, Eag.

THE DICKERSON LAW GROUP

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Las Virges Neveda 89134

Talephone: (702) 385-8600

Facsimile: (702) 388-3210

E-healt <u>bob@dickersonlavgroup.com</u>

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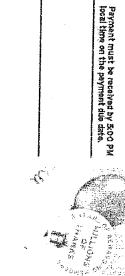
Payment Due Date:

Citi® Diamond Preferred® Rewards Card

Account Activity Jul 09-Aug 07, 2009

09/01/2009

Minimum Amount Due:



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\$21,594 \$22,000

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rewarding opportunities. invite you to enjoy even more birthday and express our ongoing commitment, we members. To celebrate our of rewards to millions of After 5 years, Thank You Network now offers millions

Important Account Information

Available Cash Limit Cash Advance Limit Available Credit Line

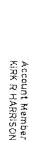
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At # Glance	90		
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HARRISON V. HARRISON CASE NUMBER 66157 CROSS-APPELLANT'S EXHIBITS J-L OF THE DOCKETING STATEMENT

EXHIBIT "J"

ANSW FILE COPY NOV 2 8 2011 RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Telephone: (702) 990-6448 Facsimile: (702) 990-6456 rsmith@radfordsmith.com GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. SILVERMAN, DECARIA, & KATTLEMAN Nevada State Bar No. 000409 6140 Plumas St. #200 Reno, NV 89519 Telephone: (775) 322-3223 Facsimile: (775) 322-3649 11 Email: silverman@silverman-decaria.com 12 Attorneys for Defendant/Counterclaimant 13 DISTRICT COURT 14 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 15 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 16 CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D 17 Plaintiff/ DEPT NO.: Q Counterdefendant, 18 FAMILY DIVISION ν. 19 20 VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, 21 Defendant/ Counterclaimant 22 23 ANSWER TO COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE 24 AND COUNTERCLAIM FOR DIVORCE 25 COMES NOW, Defendant/Counterclaimant, VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, by and 26 through her attorneys RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ., of the law offices of RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED, and GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ., of the law offices of SILVERMAN, DECARIA, &

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KATTLEMAN, and sets forth her Answer to the Complaint for Divorce of Plaintiff, and her Counterclaim for Divorce as follows:

ANSWER TO COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE

- 1. Defendant denies all material allegations not specifically admitted herein.
- Defendant admits all material allegations contained in Paragraphs I, II, III, IV, VI, VII,
 VIII, XIV and XVI of the Complaint for Divorce.
- 3. Defendant denies the allegations contained in Paragraphs V, IX, XI, XIII and XV of the Complaint.
- 4. Answering Paragraph X, Defendant admits that there is community property of the parties herein to be adjudicated by the Court, but denies all remaining allegations contained in said paragraph.
- 5. Answering Paragraph XII, Defendant is without sufficient information and knowledge to form a belief as to those allegations and on this basis, denies the same.

COUNTERCLAIM FOR DIVORCE

- 1. For more than six weeks immediately preceding the commencement of this action, Defendant/Counterclaimant has been, and now is, a resident of the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 2. That Defendant/Counterclaimant and Plaintiff/Counterdefendant were married in the City of Las Vegas, State of Nevada, on or about November 5, 1982, and have ever since been husband and wife.
- 3. The parties have two minor children born the issue of this marriage, namely, EMMA BROOKE HARRISON, born June 26, 1999; and RYLEE MARIE HARRISON, born January 24, 2003. The parties also have three adult children. The parties have not adopted any children, and VIVIAN is not pregnant.

That Defendant/Counterclaimant should be awarded primary physical custody of the 5.

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minor children, subject to the rights of specific visitation of Plaintiff/Counterdefendant.

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That Plaintiff/Counterdefendant should be ordered to pay child support for the minor children, pursuant to NRS 125B.070 et. seq., until such time as each child, respectively, reaches the age

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of eighteen (18) years, graduates from high school, or otherwise emancipates, whichever occurs later,

but in any event no later than the age of nineteen (19) years.

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7. That Plaintiff/Counterdefendant should be ordered to provide medical and dental insurance for the minor children, with the parties equally dividing all deductibles and other expenses not reimbursed by insurance, until such time as each child, respectively, reaches the age of eighteen (18) years, graduates from high school, or otherwise emancipates, whichever occurs later, but in any event no later than the age of nineteen (19) years.

- That there is community property of the parties to be equitably divided by this court, the 8. full value and extent of which has not been determined at this time.
- That there are community debts and/or obligations of the parties to be equitably divided 9. by this Court, the full extent of which has not been determined at this time.
- 10. That there is separate property belonging to the Defendant/Counterclaimant, which property should be confirmed to Defendant/Counterclaimant as her separate property.
- That there are separate debts and/or obligations of the Plaintiff/Counterdefendant, which 11. debts and/or obligations should be confirmed to Plaintiff/Counterdefendant as his separate debt.
- 12. That Defendant/Counterclaimant is entitled to receive, and Plaintiff/Counterdefendant is capable of paying, alimony and/or spousal support in a reasonable amount and for a reasonable period.

- 13. That Defendant/Counterclaimant has been required to retain the services of counsel in this matter, and is therefore entitled to an award of attorney's fees and costs incurred as a result.
- 14. That the parties are now incompatible in marriage, such that their likes, dislikes, and tastes have become so widely divergent that they can no longer live together as husband and wife.

WHEREFORE, Defendant/Counterclaimant prays judgment as follows:

- 1. That Plaintiff/Counterdefendant take nothing by way of his Complaint for Divorce;
- 2. That the bonds of matrimony now and previously existing between Plaintiff/Counter-defendant and Defendant/Counterclaimant be forever and completely dissolved, and that each party be restored to the status of an unmarried person;
- 3. That the parties be awarded joint legal custody of the minor children, EMMA BROOKE HARRISON, born June 26, 1999; and RYLEE MARIE HARRISON, born January 24, 2003;
- 4. That Defendant/Counterclaimant be awarded primary physical custody of the minor children, subject to the rights of specific visitation of Plaintiff/Counterdefendant;
- 5. That Plaintiff/Counterdefendant be ordered to pay child support for the minor children, pursuant to NRS 125B.070 et. seq., until such time as each child, respectively, reaches the age of eighteen (18) years, graduates from high school, or otherwise emancipates, whichever occurs later, but in any event no later than the age of nineteen (19) years;
- 6. That Plaintiff/Counterdefendant should be ordered to provide medical and dental insurance for the minor children, with the parties equally dividing all deductibles and other expenses not reimbursed by insurance, until such time as each child, respectively, reaches the age of eighteen (18) years, graduates from high school, or otherwise emancipates, whichever occurs later, but in any event no later than the age of nineteen (19) years.
 - 7. For an equitable division of community property of the parties;

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VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA). SS:

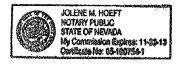
VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, having been duly sworn, deposes and says;

That I am the Defendant/Counterclaimant in the above referenced matter; that I have read the foregoing Answer to Complaint for Divorce and Counterclaim for Divorce, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my own knowledge, except for those matters stated upon information and belief, and for those matters, I believe them to be true.

MULLIN MARIE LEE WARRISON

Subscribed and Sworn before me this? day of November, 2011.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for the State of Nevada



CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

parties as follows:

BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;

BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;

BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below;

BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

Thomas J. Standish, Esq.
Jolley, Urga, Wirth, Woodbury & Standish
3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor
Las Vegas, NV 89169
tjs@juww.com

Edward L. Kainen, Esq. Kainen Law Group, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145 ed@kainenlawgroup.com

An employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered

EXHIBIT "K"

1 MOTN EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESO. 2 Nevada Bar No. 5029 CLERK OF THE COURT KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 823-4900 Facsimile (702) 823-4488 Administration@KainenLawGroup.com THOMAS STANDISH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1424 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Fl. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone (702) 699-7500 Facsimile (702) 699-7555 tjs@juww.com 10 Co-counsel for Plaintiff 11 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC DISTRICT COURT 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 12 www.KainenLawGroup.com CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 14 Plaintiff, CASE NO. D-11-443611-D 15 DEPT NO. Q VS. 10/30/2013 16 Date of Hearing: VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, Time of Hearing: 17 9:00 amDefendant. ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED: 18 YES XX NO_ NOTICE: PURSUANT TO EDCR 5.25(b) YOU ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO 19 THIS MOTION WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT AND TO PROVIDE THE UNDER-SIGNED WITH A COPY OF YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION. FAILURE TO FILE 20 A WRITTEN RESPONSE WITH THE CLERK OF THE COURT WITHIN TEN (10) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS MOTION MAY RESULT IN THE REQUESTED RELIEF BEING GRANTED BY THE COURT 21 WITHOUT HEARING PRIOR TO THE SCHEDULED HEARING DATE. 22 PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO MODIFY ORDER RESOLVING PARENT/CHILD ISSUES 23 AND FOR OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF 24 25 COMES NOW, Plaintiff, KIRK ROSS HARRISON, by and through his attorneys, 26 THOMAS J. STANDISH, ESQ., of the law firm JOLLEY, URGA, WIRTH, WOODBURY & STANDISH, and EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ., of the KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, and hereby 28

moves this Court, pursuant to NRS 125.510, NRS 125.230(1), NRS 125.480(1), NRS 125.460, and NRS 125C.101(1) to modify the Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, entered July 11, 2012.

This Motion is made and based upon the papers and pleadings on file herein, the Points and Authorities submitted herewith, and oral argument of counsel to be adduced at the time of hearing. DATED this 1st day of October, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiff

NOTICE OF MOTION

VIVIAN MARIE HARRISON, Defendant; and TO:

RADFORD SMITH, ESQ. and GARY SILVERMAN, ESQ., counsel for Defendant: TO:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 30 day of October, 2013, at the hour of 9:00 a m .m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 1st day of October, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029

10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

Attorney for Plaintiff

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

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This motion is perhaps the most important motion this Court will be asked to decide in this matter, largely as a result of the impact of this issue upon the lives of Brooke and Rylee as well as hopefully preempting the conflict associated with the parties' interaction for many years. For the reasons which will be set forth herein, it is, without question, in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee to have the "teenage discretion" provision (Paragraph 6 of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues) struck in its entirety. As a result of Vivian's bad faith, it has become readily apparent this provision will be detrimental to the children's lives and unduly subject them to needless emotional manipulation and distress.

Such a provision is suspect under any circumstance as it encourages instability and uncertainty in parent/child relationships. Children always need consistent love, care and certainty. This is especially true for children who have had to live through the uncertainty and instability of a contested custody proceeding. In this case, where the mother has a well documented history of callously manipulating her children, this provision was destined to fail. (Affidavits of Tahnee and Whitney, Exh. 2 & 3, respectively, to Kirk's motion for temporary custody, filed 9.14.11; Paragraph 46 of Kirk's Affidavit, Exh. 5 to Kirk's Opposition and Countermotion re: Attorneys Fees, filed 5.28.13) As will be shown below, in blatantly violating prohibitions regarding communication with the children on this topic, Vivian has again demonstrated no hesitation whatsoever to callously manipulate these children to advance her self created vindictive competition with Kirk.

Paragraph 6 of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues provides:

6. Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each parent. Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.

As noted in Kirk's Opposition and Countermotion re attorneys' fees, Dr. Roitman strongly advised Kirk to settle the custody portion of this case or risk long term emotional harm to Brooke an Rylee. Kirk underestimated Vivian's willingness to inflict emotional anguish upon Brooke and Rylee, and to separate Brooke and Rylee in her zeal to win the vindictive competition she has created with Kirk.

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6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.

6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a mans to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.

6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.

6.4. In the event either child wishes to permanently modify the regular custodial schedule beyond the scope of this provision once that child reaches 14 years of age, she may address this matter with the therapist or Parenting Coordinator, or either party may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator. If the parties cannot agree, the Court shall consider the children's wishes pursuant to NRS 125.480(4)(a). (Emphasis added)

STATEMENT OF FACTS

In Blatant Disregard and Violation of the Explicit Terms of the "Teenage Discretion" Provision, Vivian Has Convinced Brooke That She Can and Must Make a Choice Between Her Parents, and That Choice Impacts Rylee.

As a consequence of Vivian's emotional and physical absence from February of 2006 until September of 2011, Brooke and Rylee are especially close. Vivian instilled fear in Rylee and caused Rylee to be dependent upon Brooke, by manipulating Rylee each night. (Motion re Custody, filed 9.14.11, p. 30, l. 10-28; p. 31, l. 1-7.) When they were younger, if Rylee got in trouble for doing something wrong, Brooke would cry and be much more upset than Rylee. As previously noted in the litigation, when Brooke was upset about Vivian leaving on yet another trip for an extended period of time, Brooke noted that Rylee "has really never had a mom." (Kirk's Motion re Custody, filed 9.14.11, p. 14, l. 22) As a consequence of this fact, Brooke became a pseudo "mother" to Rylee. Brooke and Rylee have always slept in the same bed and continue to do so. Kirk cannot imagine a better older sister than Brooke has always been to Rylee. Brooke has consistently been an attentive, loving, and caring older sister to Rylee.

Brooke's 14th birthday was on June 26, 2013. Kirk had never even broached the subject of the "teenage discretion" provision with Brooke. In fact, subparagraph 6.2 prohibits a parent from 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com 2

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prompting or suggesting the child spend more time with them. Vivian had uninterrupted custody of Brooke and Rylee from June 26, 2013 through July 16, 2013. Despite the prohibition, Vivian did not waste a moment of time in informing Brooke about her "rights" under the provision. The very day Brooke was returned to Kirk, on July 17, 2013, Brooke told both Kirk and her older sister, Whitney, that "since I am now 14 years old, I am independent, and can decide where I live."

Because of the way the summer vacation schedule fell, Kirk only had custody of Brooke and Rylee for those two days - July 17 & 18, 2013 - before Vivian again had Brooke and Rylee from July 19, 2013 until August 1, 2013. In fact, because of the summer vacation schedule, Vivian had custody for all but two of 38 days during that period.

10 Right after Brooke's return, on August 3, 2013, crying and emotionally distraught, Brooke announced to Kirk that she was going to live with Vivian full time.² Brooke told Kirk that she had not yet told Rylee that she wanted to live with Vivian full time, which would mean she would live without Rylee for one-half the time. Kirk asked Brooke why she wanted to live with Vivian full-time. Brooke initially responded that "girls are supposed to live with their mommies." This is a phrase Kirk has heard before from Brooke, which was previously attributed to Vivian and Heather Atkinson. Kirk asked Brooke if he had done anything to cause her to not want to live with him. The only incident to which Brooke referred, occurred in front of Vivian, and undoubtedly with the prior prompting of Vivian -- Brooke had asked Kirk to leave a dance class during parent observation and Kirk did not leave; Kirk had previously attended numerous dance classes during parent observation - he was supposed to be there.

Kirk told Brooke he could not understand why she did not want to live with him as he had always been there for Brooke and Rylee. Obviously parroting Vivian, Brooke responded that Vivian had only left she and Rylee to help children in India, and that Kirk was never home when

The insidiousness of the "teenage discretion" provision is highlighted by the very position Kirk finds himself. In order to protect his children, Kirk, of necessity, must refer to conversations with them. Vivian will, undoubtedly, tell Brooke of these references in an effort to place Kirk in a poor light, such as, "See, you have to be careful what you say to your Dad, because he will tell others what you say." This is why subparagraph 6.2, while containing language restricting communication with the children, affords no real protection from Vivian's abusive manipulation, and it places Kirk in the untenable position of making assertions which will provide Vivian fodder to further alienate Brooke from him.

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Tahnee, Whitney and Joseph were younger.³ Despite Kirk facilitating communication with Vivian during his custody periods, Vivian now actively interferes with the regular communication that existed between Kirk and the children during her custody periods.⁴

The following day, Kirk finally broached the topic of teenage discretion with Brooke and told her that it is not within her power to decide to live full-time with Vivian and it will just happen. He indicated that Brooke can certainly express her wishes, but only the Judge can decide where she lives full-time. Kirk told Brooke that under the circumstances, he did not believe it was best for she and Rylee that she lives with her mother full-time. Brooke acknowledged it would hurt Rylee's feelings, if Brooke told her she did not want to live with her for one-half the time. As if a weight was lifted, Brooke seemed very relieved that she did not have to carry the burden of deciding where she was to live.

Later during the Utah/Lagoon vacation, following a conversation with Vivian, Brooke asked Kirk if they could cut the family vacation to California short or not go altogether. Kirk asked Brooke what she wanted to do if they stayed home during that time. Brooke said to spend an evening or a lunch with Vivian.

B. The Very First Time Brooke Requested Additional Time With Vivian During Kirk's Custodial Period, Vivian Intentionally Violated the Stated Time Parameters of the Visit.

Vivian has convinced Brooke that if she wanted dance shoes, Vivian would have to be the one to take her to get them and erroneously told Brooke and Rylee that Kirk has never taken Brooke and Rylee to buy dance shoes and dance clothes.⁵ Despite having Brooke and Rylee as recently as

This criticism is ironic, in that not only does the evidence contradict this assertion, the time period to which Brooke was referring was prior to Brooke's birth.

Vivian has the girls call her when they are with Kirk after they go to bed each night. There have been times when Kirk has reminded the girls to call Vivian. However, more recently Brooke rarely calls or even returns Kirk's texts or voicemail messages. Prior to Vivian's vacation in July 2013, Rylee would consistently return Kirk's texts and call him whenever requested via text. Now, Rylee does neither. When Kirk has asked Brooke and Rylee why they don't call or text him, they just shrug their shoulders. At one point, Kirk indicated that someone must be saying something to cause them to not text or call. Brooke responded that "you don't have any proof."

In response to Brooke's and Rylee's statements that they desperately needed clothes for dance classes, Kirk just bought Brooke and Rylee over \$350.00 of clothes at Scheel's in Salt Lake City during their Utah/Lagoon trip earlier that month. Prior to that, during May and June of this year, Kirk, in response to requests from Brooke, bought clothes for dance classes for Brooke at Target. On past occasions in the past, Kirk has taken Brooke and Rylee to buy dance shoes and dance clothes (leotards and tights) at the very same store Vivian likely took Brooke on this occasion.

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Kirk told Brooke that he'd be happy to take her to get dance shoes as he had done before.

To Kirk's surprise, both Brooke and Rylee both immediately parroted Vivian's blatantly false statement that Kirk had "never taken them to get dance shoes and dance clothes." Despite Kirk identifying the two stores where he had purchased dance shoes and dance clothes (leotards and tights) for them in the past and the different times he had taken them this year to buy clothes for dance classes, they adamantly denied he ever had. Deciding that it was silly to have this argument, Kirk asked Brooke how long she needed to be with Vivian to get the shoes. Brooke indicated two hours or less. Kirk then told Brooke he would send a confirming email to Vivian concerning the two hours, as Brooke, Rylee and Kirk had plans to go into Henderson and do some shopping for other items. Kirk took Brooke to Vivian's house at 2:50 p.m. Vivian did not return Brooke to Kirk's house until over five (5) hours later, at 8:00 p.m. Needless to say, Brooke, Rylee and Kirk were unable to do the shopping they had planned during Kirk's custodial period with Brooke and Rylee. Attached as Exhibit "1" are the emails between Kirk and Vivian, evidencing what occurred.

C. As a Consequence of the Existence of the "Teenage Discretion" Provision, Vivian Has Convinced Brooke She is Totally In Control Of Not Only Her Time, But Kirk's As Well.

There are times during his custodial period when the children indicate a need to obtain items from the other parent's home. However, there has been a recurring problem when Kirk takes Brooke to Vivian's house to pick up items. This normally occurs on the transition days when Kirk picks the girls up from school, so it was not much of an issue this summer. Brooke, not Rylee, will typically leave Kirk sitting in the car waiting for her for anywhere from 20 to 35 minutes, when it should take her less than 5 minutes and, certainly, no more than 10 minutes to obtain the items and return. In contrast, when the children come to Kirk's house to obtain items, Kirk always encourages Brooke and Rylee to be respectful and considerate of the fact that Vivian is waiting in her car, and they always take less than 10 minutes and usually less than 5 minutes to get their stuff at his house.

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Sometime after 8:00 p.m. on Sunday night, August 25, 2013, the night before the first day of school, Brooke told Kirk that she needed to go to Vivian's house to pick up some things. Rylee said she needed to get a pair of shorts. Kirk talked to both girls about being considerate and taking less than 10 minutes to return to the car, and they both agreed that even if they couldn't find something they wanted, that they would return to the car in no more than 15 minutes. After 15 minutes, Kirk could see Vivian and Brooke standing inside the house visiting and continuing to talk. After 21 minutes, Brooke and Rylee returned. Rylee made it clear that she was ready to return much earlier.

During the drive home, Kirk told Brooke she needed to be more considerate in the future. Brooke initially responded that if Kirk did not like waiting, then he should just drop them off and then come get them when they are ready. When Kirk told Brooke that it would be impractical to make two trips back and forth between the houses, Brooke responded by telling Kirk that she will take 2 hours next time. Kirk told Brooke that if she wasn't willing to be considerate, that he would not take her. It was then that Brooke told Kirk that he "had to take" her to her mother's house anytime she wanted and she had the "right" to stay for as long as she wanted. Kirk respectfully submits that Brooke did not come up with this on her own. This conduct continues regularly. On September 25, Brooke went into Vivian's house to just get a few items and didn't return to the car for 34 minutes. Vivian has wrongfully empowered Brooke, in specific opposition to the terms of the parenting agreement and sadly, Brooke is not mature enough to understand the manipulation.

Most recently, Kirk was informed by Brooke, that Vivian had planned an event this coming Saturday, at Vivian's house for Brooke and three of her girlfriends to get ready for the Homecoming Dance. The event will begin at noon, where Brooke and two of her girl friends will prepare for the dance, Brooke will do all of their makeup, get dressed and take pictures and meet the three boys that are going with them as part of the group to go to the dance. Incredulously, this is all during Kirk's custody time with the children. Kirk was not approached about this by Vivian, Vivian did not request any change to the schedule, nor has the matter ever been discussed between them. Instead, Kirk was simply informed about the plans at Vivian's home by Brooke.

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The situation caused by the existence of he "teenage discretion" provision, combined with Vivian's inability to abide by the limitation of the same and her overt manipulation of Brooke, is untenable and not in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee.

III. ARGUMENT

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A. The Best Interests of Brooke and Rylee Require This Court To Strike and Invalidate the "Teenage Discretion" Provision.

Kirk has done everything possible to provide Brooke and Rylee a consistent caring family environment when they are with him. Brooke, Rylee and Kirk do as much as possible together. Under Subparagraph 6.1, and Vivian's prompting and manipulation of Brooke, in an effort to please Vivian, Brooke will indicate a desire to spend time with Vivian and away from Rylee and Kirk on a weekly basis. This will cause uncertainty and unnecessary emotional issues and stress for Rylee. She will have a very strong sense of being left behind. Kirk will, undoubtedly, be blamed for this predicament, and therefore Vivian's unwillingness to abide by the parenting plan will adversely affect Kirk's relationship with both Brooke and Rylee. In addition, how can Brooke living full time with Vivian possibly be argued as something positive for Brooke or the 10 year old sister who will be left behind.

The Court, obviously, would not allow a scenario where a callous parent could manipulate minor children to modify a custody arrangement. Theoretically, subparagraph 6.2 is supposed to provide a safeguard from that occurring. However, it is only theoretical, as it will be impossible for Kirk to prove the content of the communication that the sought after adjustments are originating with Vivian, who is prompting and suggesting Brooke not to follow the regular schedule.

The "teenage discretion" is already becoming an absolute nightmare for this family. This provision must be stricken and Vivian must be sent a clear message from this Court that absent some future significant event, the custody arrangement in place will not be changed. Otherwise, Vivian, in the interest of competition and vindictiveness (certainly not in the interest of compassion, consideration, or love for Brooke and Rylee), will continue to callously manipulate the children to their detriment. The continued existence of Paragraph 6 will insure weekly emotional conflict and uncertainty in this family. It is imperative, that there not be a vehicle that invites regular manipulation of the children.

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1 As the Court is aware, and by even a cursory review of the older children's affidavits, there is an especially well documented detailed history of Vivian's manipulation of her children. As shown by what has occurred since Brooke's 14th birthday, Vivian has no respect for that portion of this Court's order contained in Subparagraph 6.2. The Court may recall that Vivian's attorneys had Vivian evaluated and an MMPI report prepared. The findings in that report are relevant here. Dr. Margolis, in her MMPI report, found Vivian reported personality characteristics such as . . . proneness to rule infractions, and high-risk behavior, that may make her vulnerable to clashes with authority at times." (Exhibit "M" to Vivian's Reply Re Her Countermotions re Custody) It is respectfully submitted that these personality characteristics combined with Vivian's sense of entitlement (Criterion 5 of DSM-IV) and arrogant attitude and behavior (Criterion 9 of DSM-IV), explains why Vivian would, without a moment's hesitation, so callously manipulate Brooke to leave her 10 year old sister. In light of Vivian's lack of empathy (Criterion 7 of DSM-IV), one can only imagine the extent Vivian will exploit Brooke and Rylee (Criterion 6 of DSM-IV) in the vindictive competition she has created with Kirk. As noted above, Vivian's manipulation of the older children is well documented and the evidence of the recent conduct related to Brooke, which is already wreaking havoe, is only in its infancy.

After what they have had to endure for several years, Brooke and Rylee desperately need a family environment that is consistent, caring, loving, and certain. It is unimaginable that adults would knowingly and intentionally take any part in willingly creating an unstable, emotionally painful, and uncertain living environment for these children. Incredulously, however, that is just what Vivian has done with respect to the "teenage discretion" provision. Kirk respectfully begs the Court to not permit this to occur.

В. Despite the Very Close Relationship Between Brooke and Rylee, Vivian Has Trained Brooke to Please Vivian, And Vivian Will Convince Brooke to Leave Rylee On A Weekly Basis And Then For One Half The Time.

The Court may legitimately question Kirk's assertions of the closeness and bond between Brooke and Rylee, when Brooke has indicated a willingness to leave her little sister for one half of the time. If the Court could interview Tahnee the answer would be readily apparent. Tahnee is the oldest child. Studies have indicated that birth order is a powerful determining factor of a child's personality. (The Birth Order Book: Why You Are the Way You Are (Revell, 2009) The first born often times has

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a very strong desire to please the parents. Until she went away to college, Tahnee's whole life was about pleasing Vivian. This unhealthy environment inhibited Tahnee's own personal growth, development of a strong self-identity, and maturity - the focus was always upon pleasing Vivian. As a consequence, Tahnee has suffered from depression, self-doubt and insecurities significantly more than she otherwise should have.

Brooke is ten years younger than Joseph, and therefore, for lack of a better description, is the second first born. It is of utmost importance to Brooke for her to please Vivian. Vivian, in all too subtle ways, creates a world where the first and foremost priority is to please Vivian. 6 It is a tremendous burden for the child to bear. Of necessity, it inhibits the development of the child's self identity, personal growth, confidence, and independence as she is trained to need Vivian's constant approval. In the current scenario, Brooke is regularly sceking Vivian's approval, even at the expense of Rylee.

Kirk submits, and the record supports, that Brooke knows that Kirk has always been there for her and will always be there for her. Brooke also knows that Vivian has not been there for her being emotionally absent and physically away for many years. Brooke is therefore highly motivated to please Vivian for fear of losing her again. Vivian told Tahnee, often times in front of the other children, that Tahnee was her "very best friend." Vivian now tells Brooke, within earshot of Rylee, that Brooke is her "very best friend."

Vivian's Machiavellian style of parenting often is not in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee. Vivian simply lacks any empathy for these children. Just as Vivian blindly pursued Jonathon Rhys Meyers and Sergio Becerra to the emotional and physical exclusion of Brooke and Rylee, Vivian is now blindly pursuing the vindictive competition she feels with Kirk to the emotional detriment of Brooke and Rylee. The ill conceived "teenage discretion" provision is being used by Vivian to emotionally manipulate and harm Brooke and Rylee - in fact, the unwillingness of Vivian to abide by the terms, and the relative inability to enforce material terms, encourages the abuse.

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The middle child is often the most independent. This was true with Whitney. Vivian discovered she could not manipulate Whitney and emotionally discarded Whitney at a very young age. The Court may recall that Vivian wanted to send Whitney away when she was just 12 years old simply because Vivian did not like the way Whitney looked at her.

The competition isn't something imaginary. For Brooke's 13th birthday, Kirk gave Brooke a new cell phone cover from Target, which cost \$29.00. For the same birthday, Vivian gave Brooke a professional Cannon camera, which cost in excess of \$1,000.00. A responsible parent wants to instill moral values and personal responsibility in their children. Sadly, in stark contrast, and just like the "teenage discretion" provision, Vivian is motivated to win a perceived popularity contest with Kirk.

As a consequence of Vivian's lack of empathy for Brooke and Rylee, she will continue to emotionally run them into the ground to win this vindictive competition she has created. Under Subparagraph 6.1 there will continue to be weekly issues. This cannot be acceptable to this Court. Under Subparagraph 6.2, parents are "prohibited" from suggesting or prompting the children (in this case Brooke) to spend less time with the other parent. It is absolutely evident that Vivian has done a lot more than merely suggesting and prompting Brooke. The reality is this provision affords no protection whatsoever. The complaining parent will be placed in the untenable position of challenging their own child, who is being manipulated by the other parent. Further, there is virtually no way to enforce the prohibitions on misconduct. This "teenage discretion" provision, as applied to the circumstances of this case, is an insidious provision which severely compromises the ability of the children to be insulated from parental misconduct.

C. This Court Has Ample Authority To Revoke This "Teenage Discretion" Provision, Which Is Contrary To The Policy of the State Of Nevada and In Violation of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

There is ample authority for this Court modify its prior order and strike, revoke, nullify, and/or delete the "teenage discretion" provision – Paragraph 6. Under NRS 125.510(1)(b), this Court may "modify or vacate" its order regarding custody. And generally under NRS 125.230(1), this Court has the authority to enter such orders "as it may deem proper for the custody . . . of any minor child or children of the parties. The Court's sole consideration in such a circumstance, "is the best interest of the child." NRS 125.480(1).

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This "teenage discretion" provision is in contravention of the clearly stated policy of the State of Nevada and NRS 125.460, which provides as follows:

The Legislature declares that it is the policy of this State:

1. To ensure that minor children have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents after the parents have become separated or have dissolved their marriage, and

2. To encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing. (Emphasis added)

This "teenage discretion" provision clearly violates this statute as it has created, in Vivian's mind, a vehicle to pursue a vindictive competition with Kirk, wherein she has convinced Brooke that she should live with her full time – leaving Rylee one-half the time – and until then, leaving Rylee on a weekly basis. This provision not only does not "encourage" parents, it does the opposite – it encourages a parent, Vivian, to not share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

Importantly, this "teenage discretion" provision also violates NRS 125C.010(1)(a) as the right to visitation on a weekly basis is not defined "with sufficient particularity to ensure that the rights of the parties can be properly enforced and that the best interest of the child is achieved." For the reasons previously noted, under this "teenage discretion" provision, the rights of the parties cannot be properly enforced and this "teenage discretion" provision totally disregards the best interests of Brooke and Rylee. This provisions creates uncertainty, emotional issues, disrupts the family, causes inconsistency, needlessly instills fear, and facilitates immersing children in their parents' conflict.

Finally, under *Rivero v. Rivero*, 216 P.3d 213 (Nev. 2009), parties are free to contract and the Court will enforce those agreements, provided *they are not unconscionable*, *illegal or in violation of public policy*. *Id* at 227. Once a party moves to modify an agreement, however, the Court "must apply Nevada child custody law, including NRS Chapter 125C and case law." *Id*. Kirk has requested modification of the custody order to nullify this provision for teenage discretion at this time and therefore, the Court must look to Nevada law, rather than the parties' agreement. NRS 125C.010(1)(a) specifically provides that visitation must be defined with sufficient particularity. By its very nature, a teenage discretion provision such as this does not provide any particularity and is therefore improper under the statute. Furthermore, a teenage discretion such as the one at issue is in violation of public policy for several reasons. First, it arguably delegates parenting rights and decisions

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to the minor child and needlessly involves them in the divorce. Second, it does not allow either party to have a clear understanding of their rights to time (an important enough consideration so as to merit statutory language under NRS 125C.010(1)(a) requiring sufficient particularity). Additionally it is important to note that even if Kirk were not seeking to nullify this teenage discretion provision, the Court can only enforce agreements which are not unconscionable, illegal or in violation of public policy. As this provision for teenage discretion violates NRS 125C.010(1)(a) and NRS 125.460 and public policy, the Court should not enforce the provision in any event.

Kirk respectfully urges the Court to avoid the unnecessary emotional gauntlet for these children that Vivian, otherwise, has demonstrated a heartless eagerness to subject them A truly caring mother would not manipulate her 14 year old daughter to separate her from her 10 year old sister on a weekly basis and, ultimately, for one half the time.

Vivian Has Demonstrated Again and Again Throughout This Litigation That She D. Cannot Be Trusted To Abide By the Orders of this Court or Do The Right Thing By Her Own Children.

Subparagraph 6.2 presumes good faith conduct on the part of each parent not to encourage or manipulate the child to seek to be with one parent more than the other. Vivian's behavior throughout this litigation gives every indication that presumption, with respect to Vivian, is erroneous. In addition, to the many examples of misconduct previously well documented before this Court, there are many more of more recent vintage.

- Vivian intentionally circumvented this Court's order to successfully take two of Kirk's 1. custody days with the children and attempted to steal a third day. Vivian unilaterally changed the dates of the "sewing camp" (even though the "sewing camp" never changed dates) and by doing so, Vivian "took" two days from Kirk with the girls - July 31 and August 1 – and tried to take a third.
- 2. Vivian, upset with the parties daughter, Whitney, without Whitney's knowledge or consent, made over \$1,200 in charges on a credit card account for which Whitney was responsible for payment.
- Vivian has refused to give Tahnee and Whitney their birth certificates, and their 3. childhood memorabilia, including childhood awards, school grades, class and individual school photographs, projects, crafts, etc. Both Tahnee and Whitney have requested their original birth certificates from Vivian. Vivian has either not responded or told them they are lost. Whitney has requested the storage bins containing all of her personal childhood memorabilia that Whitney organized. To date, Vivian has failed to provide the personal property, which indisputably belongs to Tahnee and Whitney. Both Tahnee and Whitney want their original birth certificates and their personal childhood memorabilia. Unless this Court orders that Vivian give these girls their property, they will never see

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any of their very sentimental possessions. Unless Vivian is faced with a significant penalty for not providing these personal items to Tahnee and Whitney, it is expected that Vivian will erroneously claim that all of this is lost and cannot be found.

- Whitney's wedding dress and other clothing were left in the marital residence. As part 4. of her Physician Assistant training, Whitney was working in Southern Nevada during March of this year. Whitney attempted to get her wedding dress and other items of personal clothing when she was here in March. However, Vivian was "not available" and refused to let Whitney get her own wedding dress and clothes, if Vivian was not present. Vivian agreed Whitney could obtain her wedding dress and clothes when Whitney returned in July as Vivian would then be available. However, in July, Vivian rolled Whitney's wedding dress up in a ball with just a couple of other items of Whitney's clothes in a plastic bag and set it outside the front door. All of this begs the question as to why Vivian had to be present. Apparently, Vivian had to be present to not provide the majority of Whitney's clothes to her. Whitney would very much like to obtain the rest of her clothes.
- 5. Vivian has refused to give Kirk his copies of the bound books that Rylee wrote for her fourth grade class and for GATE. While in Kirk's custody, Rylee gave Kirk a form to purchase additional bound copies of the book that Rylee wrote for school. Rylee received a bound copy without charge. Since the money had to be paid within just a few short days, Kirk ordered two bound copies - one for Vivian and one for Kirk. Kirk has never received a copy of this book. Rylee also wrote a book for GATE. Rylee received a free bound copy. Although Kirk never saw the form, there was also an opportunity to purchase additional bound copies of this book written by Rylee. Kirk never received a copy of either book. Kirk has sent several emails to Vivian in an effort to obtain bound copies of these books, which were written by Rylee. Vivian has never responded. Unless this Court orders Vivian to provide these books, Kirk will be relegated to attempting to enlist the assistance of Rylee's school and the GATE teacher in an effort to obtain his bound copies of Rylee's books from Vivian.
- Despite Kirk's name still being on the title to the marital residence, Vivian, without 6. Kirk's knowledge or consent, hired an unlicensed handyman to perform significant structural work at the marital residence, who caused damages to the property and neighboring properties estimated to be in excess of \$150,000.00. But for Vivian's attorneys ongoing delay, of well over 7 months, in revealing their objections to the Marital Settlement Agreement, Kirk would not be in this precarious position.
- Vivian has filed a frivolous lawsuit against Dr. Roitman in Washoe County, despite the 7. lack of any legally cognizable ground to do so - Dr. Roitman did not owe Vivian a tort
- Vivian and Kirk agreed to a division of personal property located at the marital residence 8. and identified on the personal property list prepared by Joyce Newman. Pursuant to that agreement, Kirk was to receive the old stairmaster. When Kirk vacated the marital residence he forgot to take the old stairmaster. As soon as Kirk realized his error, he notified Vivian and requested that he be allowed to come pick up the old stairmaster. Vivian has refused.

IV. CONCLUSION

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The concept of teenage discretion is only workable in circumstances where the parents have a reasonable and functional relationship, which does not exist in this case. The protections that

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are theoretically built into the provision to prevent abuse, are already being ignored and are objectively unenforceable. Within days of her 14th birthday, after spending 21 uninterrupted days with Vivian, Brooke, who would have no way of knowing about any provisions in the parenting plan, was suddenly insisting on the *free exercise of her "teenage discretion rights."* And, after spending another 14 uninterrupted days with Vivian, announced she wanted to live with Vivian full time, which would mean leaving her 10 year old sister for one-half the time.

Kirk has tried to be reasonable and accommodating, but it has resulted in continued immersion of the children into their parents' custody dispute and further encroachment into his custodial periods. Vivian does not care about the impact on Brooke, who is placed in emotional turmoil and now forced to choose between her parents on a daily basis in order to placate one of them - even on the most basic of issues as when to return to the car. Vivian, consumed by competition at every interaction, has objectively tried to create problems by not being able to exercise even a modicum of common courtesy in minor situations (e.g. keeping the girls talking in the house for 20 to 35 minutes while Kirk waits in the car outside her house). As a result of Vivian immersing Brooke in this conflict (both by providing her with information she never should have had, and by butchering the explanation of the provision), the parties are in near daily conflicts, that was otherwise much more limited. Kirk implores the Court, in the best interests of Brooke and Rylee, to set aside this provision in its entirety.

DATED this day of October, 2013.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 5029

10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110

Las Vegas, NV 89145 Attorneys for Plaintiff

AFFIDAVIT OF KIRK R. HARRISON

Filed in Support of Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Regarding Teenage Discretion and for Other Equitable Relief

STATE OF NEVADA)	
)	SS
COUNTY OF CLARK)	

KIRK R. HARRISON, declares and says:

- 1. The matters stated in this Affidavit are based upon my personal knowledge or upon information and belief. If called upon to testify, I could and would competently testify to the facts set forth herein.
- 2. Each of the factual averments contained in Plaintiff's Motion To Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and Other Equitable Relief are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Kirk R. Harrison

State of Nevada County of Clark

Subscribed and sworn before me this 2702 day of September, 2013.

CONN. NAIS

Notary Public

CAROL NAVARRO-BARCLAY
Notary Public State of Navarda
No. 92-4000-1
My Appt Exp. December 27, 2016

From: Vivian Harrison [mailto:vivianlharrison@aol.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 9:51 PM

To: Kirk Harrison

Subject: Re: dance shoes

I have given you no assurance or understanding about anything. Brooke took exactly the time she felt she needed and that is totally, completely acceptable.

Sent from my iPhone

On Aug 24, 2013, at 8:02 PM, "Kirk Harrison" < kharrison@harrisonresolution.com> wrote:

I took Brooke to your house directly from her school dance rehearsal at Dance Etc., with the understanding you would return her in two hours or less. That is the amount of time Brooke requested. Brooke was at your house at 2:50 p.m. You just dropped her off at 8:00 p.m. This is unacceptable.

From: Vivian Harrison [mailto:vivianlharrison@aol.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 6:40 PM

To: Kirk Harrison

Subject: Re: dance shoes

Lol.....we know the truth, do you know what yr the store ur referring to closed in BC??!! Funny Rylee Brooke & I have no recollection of the one time u went to trader joe store to by an outfit. if u did go once, ha ha congrats!!!! ur such a good dad!!!!u don't even remember the name of the store. Too funny.,,,

Sent from my iPhone

On Aug 24, 2013, at 5:00 PM, "Kirk Harrison" < kharrison@harrisonresolution.com > wrote:

You have no idea what you are talking about. I bought Brooke a pair of ballet shoes at the store in Boulder City before they closed. The next year I bought them both dance shoes and clothes at the store near Trader Joe's. Rylee had a growth spurt and sometime later went to the same store and bought Rylee two new leotards and Brooke a pair of shoes. You are the one that is recreating the past by attempting to minimize my role in their lives with your lies.

From: Vivian Harrison [mailto:vivianlharrison@aol.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 3:08 PM

To: Kirk Harrison

Subject: Re: dance shoes

No you never have. Brooke & Rylee both know you haven't and have confirmed with me that you haven't. Stop recreating past. You were not involved.

Sent from my iPhone

On Aug 24, 2013, at 2:07 PM, "Kirk Harrison" < kharrison@harrisonresolution.com>

I have bought shoes and dance clothes there in the past. I assumed you had as well.

From: Vivian Harrison [mailto:vivianlharrison@aol.com]

Sent: Saturday, August 24, 2013 1:42 PM

To: Kirk Harrison

Subject: Re: dance shoes

You & I have never bought shoes there in the past.

Sent from my iPhone

On Aug 24, 2013, at 1:01 PM, "Kirk Harrison" < kharrison@harrisonresolution.com> wrote:

Vivian,

Brooke has told me that you and she have made plans to go buy dance shoes for her this afternoon. I will take Brooke to your house shortly after 2:30 p.m. I am assuming you are going to the dance store in the Trader Joe's shopping center at Sunset and Green Valley Parkway, where we have purchased dance shoes and clothing in the past. Brooke said that she expects to be back in two hours or less.

Kirk

EXHIBIT "L"

OPP RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. 2 RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED CLERK OF THE COURT Nevada State Bar No. 002791 3 64 N. Pecos Rd., Suite 700 Henderson, NV 89074 T: (702) 990-6448 F: (702) 990-6456 5 Email: rsmith@radfordsmith.com 6 GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. SILVERMAN, DECARIA, & KATTLEMAN 7 Nevada State Bar No. 000409 6140 Plumas St. #200 Reno, NV 89519 T: (775) 322-3223 F: (775) 322-3649 8 9 Email: silverman@silverman-decaria.com 10 Attorneys for Defendant 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 14 CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D DEPT.: O 15 Plaintiff, **FAMILY DIVISION** 16 VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, 17 18 Defendant. 19 20 DEFENDANT'S AMENDED OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO MODIFY ORDER 21 RESOLVING PARENT-CHILD ISSUES [TO DELETE "TEENAGE DISCRETION" 22 PROVISION AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF; 23 DEFENDANT'S COUNTERMOTIONS TO RESOLVE PARENT/CHILD ISSUES, TO CONTINUE HEARING ON CUSTODY ISSUES, FOR AN INTERVIEW OF THE MINOR 24 CHILDREN, AND FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND SANCTIONS 25 DATE OF HEARING: October 30, 2013 26 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 a.m. 10:00 A.M. 27 Defendant VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON ("Vivian") opposes Plaintiff's Motion to Modify 28 the Stipulated Parenting Plan, and requests the motion be denied in its entirety; she countermoves to

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Resolve Parent/Child Issues, for a prompt interview of the children under EDCR 5.13, for the setting of a hearing on the issue of custody, and for sanctions under EDCR 7.60. This Opposition and these Countermotions are based upon all pleadings and papers on file herein, the evidence attached hereto, and any oral argument or evidence adduced at the time of hearing.

I.

INTRODUCTION

From the commencement of this action in 2011, both of the parties' minor children, Brooke, born June 26, 1999 (age 14), and Rylee, born January 24, 2003 (age 10), have expressed their preference to live with Vivian. That preference arises from their close bond with Vivian. In March 2012, when the Court directed the parties share joint physical custody, the children still spent the majority of their time in Vivian's care. After the Court's interim order, Brooke adamantly objected to any plan in which she would be required to spend equal time with Kirk. Vivian weighed Brooke's concerns, and instead of proceeding with an action for her primary care, negotiated a provision designed to address Brooke's problems with Kirk. See, Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues, filed July 11, 2013 (hereinafter "Parenting Plan"), pages 6-7, paragraph 6.

Under that provision, Brooke and Rylee can discuss their desires with a mutually agreed upon therapist, and the therapist and the parties can discuss any issues relating to the children (including their choice to spend more time with either parent) with a Parenting Coordinator ("PC"). The parties' counsel drafted the provision to place less pressure on the children to make any choice between parents by allowing the children a voice, after age 14, to spend more time with one parent without undermining the joint custodial plan. The fundamental goal of the provision was to avoid litigation, and seek resolutions through therapy and a Parenting Coordinator. This provision was an essential part of Vivian's agreement

See, Letter February 4, 2012 letter from Radford Smith, Esq., to Edward Kainen, Esq., attached hereto as Exhibit "A," at page 3.

to resolve custody in June 2012. The purpose of the provision is to prevent conflict, but if it arises, to manage it.

Kirk undermined the "teenage discretion" provision from its commencement. He waited over fourteen months from the parenting agreement to identify any objection to Vivian's choice of therapists and Parenting Coordinator, or to propose any alternative professionals. By his tactical delay, Kirk prevented either the children or the parties from implementing the counseling and negotiation designed to help them with issues between parents, and monitor and discuss any behaviors harmful to the children. Kirk's has designed his motion to further delay that process because Kirk knows the pressure to spend more time with Vivian is building.

Can Kirk believe his present motion has merit? He argues that a provision recognizing teenage discretion violates public policy even though Nevada law *requires* the court to weigh such discretion when determining the best interest of a child.² Kirk's refusal to name or approve a therapist or PC for 14 months, his attempt to reduce the power of the Parenting Coordinator to nothing³, and his current meritless Motion are not good faith attempts to protect the children, but are instead designed to prevent the children from having any mechanism to express their continued desire to spend more time with Vivian. It is a fair inference Kirk believed that if he could torpedo the entire process, he could prevent the inevitable conversation between the children and therapist/Parenting Coordinator about custodial time. It is submitted Kirk entered the Parenting Plan in bad faith, and refused to name a therapist or Parenting Coordinator to block its effect and enforcement. Vivian must now come directly to the Court for relief.

² NRS 125.480(4)(a)

³ In his objection, filed months after Vivian provided his counsel with a draft parenting coordinator order, Kirk provides a proposed parenting coordinator order that reduces the PC to a toothless mediator whose only role is to make non-binding recommendations. Such a construct only adds a layer of cost to the disputes of the parties if the PC has no power to resolve those disputes. *See*, Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion for Entry of Parenting Coordinator, filed July 19, 2013.

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Kirk's motion admits that his relationship with Brooke is strained and conflicted, and that she desires to live with Vivian. His relationship is worse than he admits (which is why he wants to prevent her from having any input into her timeshare), and Vivian submits that continuing to force Brooke to endure the type of pressure and ridicule Kirk heaps on her increasingly damages her. Kirk's actions and words show he lacks insight into the emotional and physical needs of the children in their present developmental stages, and his motion evidences adequate cause for hearing on the issue of custody and timeshare. Vivian requests that the Court deny Kirk's motion, order an interview of the children, and set an evidentiary hearing on the issue of custody.

II.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Kirk blames Vivian for his problems with Brooke, but acknowledges there is open conflict with her in his home. He argues that she has improperly influenced or alienated Brooke, and that influence is the source of the problem. He attributes Vivian's actions to "competition." Motion, page 3, line 20. He takes no responsibility for his relationship with Brooke, and oddly insists that if the Court would deny her any voice in the time she spends with either parent, she would suffer less stress. Kirk's present motion seeks to eliminate the "teenage discretion" provision negotiated by the parties, and placed into the Parenting Plan.

The genesis of the teenage discretion provision was Kirk's troubled relationship with Brooke. On June 1, 2012, counsel for Vivian explained her request for the provision:

Teenage Discretion: As we have discussed over the last several weeks, part of Vivian's reluctance to enter into a final agreement without the input from Dr. Paglini was based upon what appears to be Brooke's deteriorating relationship with Kirk. Brooke has regularly indicated to Vivian that she desires spend more time with Vivian. Vivian has compromised in large part based upon the desire of the other members of the family to see this matter close. She still has significant concerns about Kirk's relationship with and care of Brooke, but she has listened to the advice that the resolution of the matter would lead to an improvement of that relationship.

What Vivian seeks to avoid by the language of paragraph 6 is the very thing that Kirk fears. At a certain point all Courts begin to place substantial weight on the desire of a teenage child regarding her care — we cannot affect that factor by any agreement. Paragraph 6 contains language designed to avoid litigation regarding this issue if it arises. Based upon what has occurred in litigation to date, this is an extremely important goal.

Moreover, the concerns raised in your letter will be addressed through the system that the agreement puts in place - counseling and a parenting coordinator. Your client will have a year to address the problems in his relationship with Brooke. The provision does not place the responsibility of choosing on Brooke, it simply gives each child discretion after 14 to spend more time with one parent or the other, a request that will likely be granted to them in any event by the Court. Again, the provision is designed to avoid litigation.

See, Letter dated June 1, 2012 from Radford Smith, Esq. to Thomas Standish, Esq., Exhibit "B" hereto.

1. Brooke and Rylees's Longstanding Desire to Live Primarily with Vivian

From the commencement of this case, Brooke and Rylcc expressed their desire to spend a greater amount of time with Vivian than with Kirk. This was contrary to Kirk's preposterous claim that Vivian was absent from the children's lives for six years, so Kirk first asked that the Court ignore any statements by Brooke or Rylee from their eventual interview. *See*, Plaintiff's Motion, filed September 14, 2011, page 34, lines 24-28 and page 35, lines 1-9. Vivian, in order to avoid protracted litigation over Kirk's claims that would be shown false by the interview of the children, repeatedly requested the interview. Vivian's Opposition to Kirk's Motion for Joint Legal and Primary Physical Custody, filed October 27, 2011, at page 10, lines 6-18, at page 45, lines 1-4; and at page 50, lines 25-28; Transcript of hearing of December 5, 2011, page 8. Because the children would readily attest to all of the various and daily activities that Vivian engaged in with them, Kirk resisted any interview of the children. Transcript of the hearing of December 5, 2011, pages 15-16. Despite Kirk's attempts to avoid the children's input, the Court, consistent with its duty under law (NRS 125.480), ordered interviews of both children:

COURT: Given the ages with [Rylee] just turning age 9 and Brooke at age 12 going on 13, certainly Brooke is at the age – she's right at that borderline age where she is – she could be considered of sufficient age and capacity to express a preference. I don't view that at [Rylee]'s age.

So that's one of the subfactors that I have to look at, looking at the physical, developmental, emotional needs of the children and the nature of their relationship with both parents. It may be some form of pre-focus assessment to the extent that I need the involvement of an evaluator—again, not for the purposes of a custody evaluation, that's ultimately my decision, but there may be some assistance in providing insight really as it relates to those three subfactors NRS 125. 480 and whether – and who provides that service.

If it's someone on our provider list, I view it as something that expands more beyond just a simple FMC interview of Brooke, especially if [Rylee] is going to be involved – not necessarily for expressing a preference—but for purposes of evaluation her physical, developmental — and that's been discussed throughout the papers and some of the conditions and treatment that she's going through, as well as the nature of her relationship with both parents.

See Written Transcript of the hearing on February 1, 2012, page 8, lines 13-24 and page 9, lines 1-10

You know, perhaps, to the extent that [Tahnee and Whitney] were witness to anything that occurred, that's certainly something an evaluator can delve into, but the three factors that, in my opinion, really are more of a focal point for any outsource provider to provide me assistance on relating to just Brooke and [Rylee] are the nature of relationship of the child with each parent, the physical, developmental, emotional needs of the child, and then as it relates to Brooke, the wishes of the child who's of sufficient age and capacity to express a preference.

Written Transcript of the hearing on February 1, 2012, page 12, lines 6-15.

Kirk understood that children's statements would mirror the multiple witness statements Vivian had provided to the Court, and would confirm her close bond with the children, so he later resisted having the results of their interview published by Dr. Paglini. He did so to continue, as he did in the present Motion, to suggest that Vivian abandoned the children for six years, physically harmed them by sleeping with them, lied to them, refused to do anything for them, etc. There were two neutral witnesses in the home, and Kirk's actions consistently sought to suppress their testimony.

2. The Historical and Developmental Basis of Vivian's Close Bond with Brooke and Rylee:

Kirk claims that the children are unusually close, and want Vivian's approval, because she "abandoned" them for six years, between 2005 and September 2011. He argues, in sum, that the children should not be given a voice in their care because Vivian has improperly influenced them. By so arguing,

he attempts to undermine the true reason the children have continually desired to be in her care – their close bond formed through the care Vivian has provided to them their entire lives.

A. Kirk's Claim that Vivian ever "Abandoned" the Children is False and Unsupported by the Evidence in this Case.

Kirk claims in nearly every filing in this case that Vivian "abandoned" the children, failed to feed them, did not participate in their events, failed to help them with homework, and regularly left them with others over a six-year period. Vivian provided a quantum of evidence both broad and deep (including multiple witness affidavits, bank account records of purchases, etc.) of her continued daily involvement in the children's lives. Vivian summarily addresses that evidence below.

With her first Opposition and Countermotion, filed October 27, 2011, Vivian provided sworn Declarations/Affidavits of Michele Walker, Nyla Roberts, Kim Bailey, Annette Mayer, Heather Atkinson, and Lizbeth Castelan — all of whom attest to Vivian's attentiveness and selflessness as a mother. In addition to demonstrating Vivian's total involvement with the children' daily lives, those sworn statements attested to their personal knowledge of countless events Vivian attended with the children — baptisms, vacations to Wyoming and Disneyland, sewing school, pageants, shopping trips, extensive school involvement, PAC meetings and events, book fairs, school activities (plays, programs, parent/teacher conferences etc.), cake decorating classes, birthday parties, and haunted houses to name a few. As the Court may recall, Ms. Atkinson and Ms. Walker were the parents of children that Rylee and Brooke played with nearly daily; they had adequate opportunity to witness Vivian's regular care and interaction with the children. Vivian even provided an affidavit from the parties' housekeeper, Elizabeth Castellan, who testified that when she was at the home weekly that it was Vivian that cared for the children, and did the bulk of the household chores.

In her opposition, Vivian attached a detailed statement of many charges on credit cards evidencing Vivian's regular purchase of clothing, dance supplies and other items for the children, during the time

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Kirk claims she abandoned them. Ironically, in his initial motion, he argued that Vivian would not take them to buy dance shoes - a fact belied by the statement in his present motion that the girls could not remember a single instance when anyone but Vivian had purchased their dance shoes. (Motion, page 7). With her Reply to Kirk's Opposition, filed January 27, 2013 and Supplement thereto, Vivian supplied numerous additional declarations of witnesses attesting to various activities in which Vivian had participated with Brooke and Rylee. A brief highlight from some of those statements is as follows:

- Declaration of Kellie Wendt: 2005-2012: Vivian attended games, dance recitals, rehearsals, and birthday parties, traveled to Disneyland, and took the girls Trick-or-Treating. Vivian is "present" and involved.
- Declaration of Melissa Mojica (gymnastics teacher), 2006-2008: Vivian brought Rylee to gymnastics and stayed to watch. Vivian was "involved and enthusiastic."
- Declaration of Brandi Carstensen (gymnastics teacher and fellow parent), 2006-2009: Vivian did majority of driving and waiting for holiday event across town; Vivian assisted and volunteered at school. "Deeply involved in [the children's] wants and was very attuned to their needs."
- Declaration of Noel Kanaley (Rylee's room parent) 2010-2011: Vivian was co-parent in Rylee's classroom. Vivian responded to every parent request, contributed to and participated in classroom parties and events. Vivian is "intimately knowledgeable about their activities, hopes and desires."
- Declaration of Lois Klouse (Brooke's 5th Grade teacher) 2008: Vivian alone was "concerned for their advancement in swimming, who initiated the call and then arranged for private swim lessons"; Vivian was "engaged and absorbed in the children. She knew their habits and needs and she knew how to deal with them in constructive ways. She was interested in them. She was genuinely interested in their activities."
- Declaration of Kelley Gray, (fellow parent): "Vivian was engaged and absorbed in Rylee's life"; Vivian participated in Rylee's activities.
- Declaration of Laurie Larson, (neighbor and friend)4 "I emphatically state that I never understood I was signing a document which inferred I was 'in support of' primary custody and exclusive possession of their residence for Kirk Harrison . . . I do not claim that Vivian never drove the children to school or activities." Vivian is a "caring, involved and supportive mother."

⁴ Kirk had submitted a declaration of Ms. Larsen with his pleadings indicating that she was aware that Kirk had driven the children to school. Apparently he was less than candid with her about the purpose of the statement.

- Declaration of Azure Fectau (Rylee's 3rd grade teacher) 2011-2012: Vivian has participated in a variety of school events and is "an interested, caring and energetic volunteer."
- Declaration of Gretchen Poindexter 2008: "Vivian was focused on Rylee and her swimming efforts" 2010 -2011 "I recall seeing Vivian drop off and pick up from school from time to time[.] I have seen her assisting at the school. It appears to me that Vivian and Rylee have a very strong mother-daughter relationship."
- Declaration of Sue Broadbent 2008-2009: "I am certain I routinely saw Rylee and her mother and my grandchildren at soccer games in those years."
- Declaration of Tina Coleman 2007-2010: Vivian was actively involved in children's school.
- Declaration of Rosaleen Thomas 2010: "During her summer visit in Ireland . . . Vivian regularly spoke to the girls, and I said hello to them several times on Skype. She was very excited about their coming to Ireland; she was researching/planning what they were going to do when they came. One place in particular which was earmarked for a visit was the leprechaun museum in Dublin."
- Declaration of Lisa Morris, 2011-2012: "When Brooke Harrison was at King Elementary her mother Vivian helped with fund raising and other tasks in 2008 when she was a member of PAC. She was energetic, full of good ideas, always willing to donate her time and efforts... I have also witnessed Vivian attending the girls 2011 dance recitals and the 2012 parent observation dance classes in Boulder City, NV."
- Declaration of Sandy Wachtel, 2007-2011: "Since 2007, I have seen Mrs. Harrison at the dance studios, recitals, rehearsals and parent observation dates. I have seen her pick up and drop off, along with Mr. Harrison. I have seen mother and daughter Brooke interact there and at a few social events (including a birthday party this summer (2011)). It appears to me they have a solid, loving relationship; they like and love each other."

Further, Vivian attached as Exhibit "BB" to her Reply filed January 27, 2011 a list of just some of the activities that Vivian participated in with the children between 2004 and the filing of the Reply. Vivian listed the activities the parties shared; however, the vast majority of the activities she did with the children, she did without Kirk's parental assistance – including special activities and trips, school projects she did with the girls, her school-related volunteer work, the children's music lessons, dance classes, birthday parties, doctor appointments, holiday celebrations, and the miscellaneous other day-to-day "stuff" the children needed (haircuts, clothes shopping, etc.). She attached as Exhibit "CC" to that filing a list of

major vacations and other trips that Vivian planned and booked for the family – including many for which Kirk chose not to accompany the family.

Kirk falsely alleged that Vivian did not interact with the children even when she was on vacation with them. For example, he argued in his Reply filed January 4, 2012, at page 70, lines 2-5, Vivian "really does nothing with Brooke and Rylee" on the family vacations at Disneyland — even when he was not present. Vivian submits that any person who has been to Disneyland understands the impossibility of taking young children to Disneyland and doing nothing. He also claims that Vivian "did nothing" with the children when she took them on sewing trips. He ignored the sworn testimony of Kim Bailey (who was actually was present on the trips and who he claimed to admire), who stated in her declaration:

I do not believe Vivian neglected Brooke on that trip or any other I have been on with her. In fact, Vivian attended <u>every</u> scheduled event during the sewing school including Teacher's Night and the fashion show. I also remember activities after school which in participated in with the girls such as shopping and dinners.

Attached hereto as **Exhibit** "C" is a chart in which Vivian has identified activities and tasks that she has performed for the children since the parties' separation in March 2012. That list includes coordination of dance, piano and voice lessons, religious training, sports involvement, scheduling doctor's appointments, school participation, and many other activities.

Perhaps his most nefarious argument contained in Kirk's pleadings was his false claim that he was solely responsible for helping the Brooke and Rylee with their homework. Specifically, he claimed, "For all the years Vivian couldn't be bothered, Kirk has helped Brooke and Rylee with their homework, when they needed help." (Kirk's Reply filed January 4, 2012, page 38) Kirk's insulting claim, however, was directly contrary to his own statements in his January, 2010 letter to Dr. Roitman in which he wrote, "And as written previously, she has always done a good job spending time with the children with their homework and reading before bedtime." (Kirk's Reply, filed January 4, 2012, Exhibit 9, page 15.) Kirk did not qualify this to limit it only to the older children, nor did he allege anywhere that Vivian was not

helping the younger children. Perhaps even more telling, Kirk removed this admission from his "diary" when he filed his Motion and Reply on September 14, 2011, inserting the exact opposite allegation. Kirk just could not keep his stories straight.

Moreover, Kirk has never disputed that Vivian put Brooke and Rylee (as she did with the older children) to bed each night. During that time, Vivian has always read to and with all of the children. The children's grades in Reading are now and have almost always (if not always) been A's, and they have repeatedly been commended on their reading skills, as shown in their report cards. Brooke and Rylee learned to read before starting Kindergarten, and Vivian's nightly reading with them surely contributed to that. The children have each won awards for the amount and level of their reading.

As shown by her list attached hereto as Exhibit "C", Vivian has continued to ensure the children's academic success. The children come to Vivian when they need help with special projects, when they are feeling ill, when they need things for dance, when they have special occasions (dance shoes, prom dresses, etc.). One shining example is Rylee's completion of the "Great American Recital," a fifth grade honor that requires the child to recite from memory the Gettysburg Address, Star Spangled Banner, List of presidents in order, US states and capitals in alphabetical order, the Preamble to the US Constitution and write the Star Spangled Banner. As part of this very special award to the child, she receives a special chair at school. Vivian, of course, purchased that chair for Rylee in the pink that Rylee chose.

All of the activities that are listed in Vivian's Exhibit "C" are activities for which she has always been primarily responsible for Brooke and Rylee both before and after the parties' separation. Indeed, Vivian has been primarily responsible for these type of activities for all of the children. Attached hereto as Exhibit "D" is the list of all of the various activities in which Vivian engaged in, signed the children up for, supported, provided equipment and transportation, attended events and games and recitals, etc., all during the time that Kirk was building his legal career while working 10 to 12 hour days at his Las Vegas

office. Kirk's claim that Vivian has ever abandoned or neglected any of the parties' children is delusional and unsupported by the vast scope of evidence she presented, and continues to present, in this case.

History cannot be re-written, but Kirk still attempts to convince Brooke and Rylee that Vivian abandoned them, and that he raised them. One of his disputes with the children that led to his Motion was their refusal to adopt his false claim that he raised them. The issue of Vivian's involvement, that goes to the core of the children's motivation to be with Vivian, can be resolved by a simple interview of Brooke and Rylee.

B. There is No Evidence Supporting Kirk's Claim that Vivian has a "History of Callously Manipulating" of the Parties' Children.

In support of his core argument underlying his present motion, Kirk claims, "In this case, where the mother has a well documented history of callously manipulating the children, this [teenage discretion] provision was destined to fail." (Motion, filed October 1, 2013, page 3, line 14). For this false allegation, he cites the affidavits of Tahnee and Whitney that he initially prepared in March 2011, and filed with his initial Motion September 14, 2011. This argument exposes one of the most telling falsehoods underlying Kirk's repeated claims in this case and his present motion. Neither Tahnee or Whitney mentions *anything* about their childhood with Vivian. Attached as **Exhibit** "E" hereto are summaries of those affidavits. Neither discusses any events that occurred before 2005. The affidavits are short on fact, and long on opinion. The facts they do reference in large part were designed to support the various elements of Kirk's NPD claim, such as Vivian's spending habits, having cosmetic surgery, number and type of Vivian's underwear (this was, strangely, part of Tahnee's affidavit), and any number of irrelevant or misstated claims that were rebutted by Vivian in her affidavits, the affidavits of others, and her filings. Most important, nothing in their affidavits supports Kirk's reliance on them as "a well documented history of callously manipulating the children."

The best evidence of the adult children's feelings about Vivian growing up was contained in a letter Tahnee wrote to Vivian after an incident in which Tahnee yelled "F—k you" at Vivian (in the presence of Brooke and the then infant Rylee) and Vivian slapped her. In a letter of apology / reconciliation that Tahnee wrote to Vivian, she stated:

Although I believe you were totally wrong in what you did yesterday. I'm also willing to confess that I was wrong too. Can't we both just admit that we were wrong, or is it my fault as always? I know that you think that I disrespect you and don't appreciate what you do for me, but I think, deep down, you know that's not true. If you do believe it to be true, then I think you don't know me as well as you might have thought. Perhaps I just haven't gone about showing it as much as I should. You deserve better. I realize now your life must be awful. You go about your day taking care of all of your children as if it were your only responsibility. You never even think twice about doing something for yourself. Every waking hour is spent tending to our wants and needs. I know this, Mom.

I'm aware of your sacrifices, and that's exactly why I used it against you. You hurt me where it hurts the most. My entire life I've been trying to live up to your expectations. I've always wanted to please you and make you proud of me. I honestly held your opinion in the *highest* regard. In the past few months, however, I felt our approval of me dwindling away. I failed you and myself. I can't stress enough how much my last semester of high school became an absolute embarrassment for me.

[Emphasis in original]. Vivian submits that this spontaneous, heart-felt letter best evidences how Tahnee and the older children felt about Vivian before Kirk manipulated and shaped their memories as part of this divorce action.

C. The Children's Desire to Spend Time with Vivian is Consistent with their Close Bond with Vivian, and their Developmental Stage.

Contrary to Kirk's claims, Brooke and Rylee's desire to spend time with Vivian is a natural consequence of the close bond each has with Vivian, and their developmental stage. These pubescent and teenage females have issues, concerns, fears and desires that they understandably do not want to discuss with their father (periods, brassieres, dating, make-up, etc.) Kirk does not understand those boundaries, nor does he respect the girls' privacy. Examples abound.

 When Brooke first experienced her period earlier this year, she was suffering cramps and nausea. This occurred at a time she was also suffering from other illness. Vivian scheduled a doctor's appointment, and advised Kirk of the appointment. Brooke advised Vivian of extremely personal questions she, Brooke, had for the doctor about her body's functions. Kirk came to the appointment, and refused to leave the examination room when the nurse indicated that only one parent could be present. Vivian took Kirk aside and advised him that Brooke had something personal to discuss with the doctor, and that she too would leave the room if Kirk would leave. Kirk announced that he was Brooke's father, and he was entitled to be present in the examination room. The doctor ultimately acceded to Kirk's demands and allowed both parties to be present. As a result, Brooke was too embarrassed to ask the doctors the questions she wanted to ask.

When Brooke had a special "hip-hop" dance presentation that involved somewhat suggestive dance moves, Brooke did not want Kirk to attend for fear that he would disapprove. When Brooke asked him not to attend, he immediately suggested, and suggests in his present motion, that this was caused by Vivian. Again, Kirk is oblivious to the needs and fears of a 14 year old girl. (The merits of a father's involvement are not debated--the point is only the inability to understand Brooke's feelings and his reactive suspicion Vivian was behind the request.)

Kirk also fails to recognize and understand Brooke's desire to be with Vivian during activities she has almost exclusively engaged in with Vivian in the past. His Motion cites only two instances of Brooke's exercise of the teenage discretion provision in the nearly three months since she has turned 14. The first was on August 24, 2013 when Brooke wanted to be with Vivian when shopping for dance clothes and shoes on a Saturday she was scheduled to be in Kirk's care. Vivian did not, as Kirk suggests at page 6 of his Motion, "convince" Brooke that she should go with Vivian to buy dance shoes – this had been their

⁵ This is not different from when Tahnee did not want him to attend the swimsuit portion of her beauty pageants. He did not, to Vivian's knowledge, blame Vivian for that.

practice for the entire time Brooke and Rylee have been in dance. Brooke told Vivian that she wanted Vivian to take her shopping. This did not come as a surprise; Vivian cannot remember a single instance where Kirk bought dance clothes or shoes for the children while Vivian and Kirk were together.

Kirk admits that he argued with the girls when they told him that they could not remember him buying dance shoes or clothes for them in the past. Motion, page 7.6 Because Kirk's involvement in dance has been limited to driving the children, he does not understand that the children do not equate the purchasing of leotards at Target with the purchase of dance clothes and shoes, which they purchase from a specialty store. Kirk has attempted to create a new reality whereby he was involved in the purchase of dance clothes for the children – he was not, and he was not justified in chiding Brooke for spending time shopping with Vivian.

Further, Kirk presents Brooke's desire to be at Vivian's home to dress and do make-up with her friends for their first Homecoming Dance as an act of alienation by Vivian. It is telling that Kirk does not understand Brooke's desire to be with someone who is skilled and experienced in applying make-up, and who taught *her* how to apply make-up. Also, Kirk leaves out important facts. Brooke and her friends planned to go from one mother's home to another when preparing for the dance. Brooke and one of the friend's mother's told Vivian about the plan. The plan involved the girls traveling to three different homes for different events (hair and make-up at Vivian's home, other events at two other homes).

Moreover, Brooke is a very feminine girl who has discussed her interest in being a make-up artist. Kirk's response to her is that she is too intelligent to be a make-up artist, and should consider law or medicine. While a 14 year old may change her idea about a career many times, dismissing her stated

⁶ In his emails attached to his Motion as Exhibit "1," he states (in an email to Vivian dated August 24, 2013 at 5:00 p.m.) that he had purchased a pair of ballet shoes for Brooke "at the store in Boulder City before they closed" (he could not identify the name of the store or when it closed). The store to which he referred is Danceworks, that closed in 2007. Vivian has no recollection of Kirk ever purchasing any shoes at that store. In comparison, Vivian regularly purchased dance supplies and clothing there from the time the parties' adult daughters Tahnee and Whitney were involved in dance, to the time of its closure.

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27 28 desire as frivolous puts an end to communication. Vivian has not done this, and will love and support Brooke if she eventually chooses to be a make-up artist, surgeon, or a circus clown. Vivian understands that Brooke is now in a different developmental stage in her life, and criticism and behavioral demands must give way to patience and encouragement. Kirk does not share that view.

In August, 2013, Vivian travelled with the children first to a Disney Cruise, then to Disneyworld, and then to Huntsville, Alabama to their annual trip to sewing camp. Kirk planned to travel with the children upon their return to an amusement park near Salt Lake City, Utah, for eight days. Brooke (who was then experiencing cramps) was tired, and wanted to rest at the hotel the first day of the trip. Brooke's statement of Kirk's actions was set forth in an email that Brooke sent from her iPad to Vivian on that date:

Dad took my phone away and he is being so mean to me. There is no other way to contact you except email. I'm sorry Rylee is next to me in one bed watching her iPad and dad comes over sits at my feet and asks "Why don't I want to do anything?" I said I want to stay in the hotel room because apparently we're staying here for another 8 days. He rips my phone out of my hands takes off the charger and headphones and he asks me why i'm listening to people who are telling me that he is a bad person (he is referring to you) I tell him there isn't and he says its not good to lie. Then he states that I am lying about being hurt and having cramps and that I am being spoiled and mean and selfish. Then he starts going on about he raised me since I was 7 and how he took me to school. Then he asked why I don't love him and I said he doesnt respect privacy, he barges in, doesn't support me in anything I do, Then he asks what he doesn't support me in, and I say dance and he says he drives me to and from and he pays tuition. Then, I say that he doesn't support me in Makeup Artistry and then he says that he's bought me makeup and that what else can he do to support me. And then I say that he always says he'd rather me be a lawyer or a doctor and then he says i'm too smart to become a makeup artist etc. Then Rylec's show is done and she closes her iPad because dad stated earlier that she MUST stop after that episode. So she turns it off and dad not respecting Rylee starts saying how if he died today I wouldn't shed a tear and how I don't want to be with him anymore and why I hate him. Then he starts calling me selfish and how I don't want to do anything with the family and I say we aren't a family. Then I start to ignore him while he starts blaming everything on "the person that is telling me all about the bad stuff isn't doing the right thing and how its affecting our relationship. He walks back to his bed and says that he is sorry to Rylee and not saying how he is sorry. Then I turn over to rylee and wrap my arm around her and turns away from me. Then I ask dad for my phone because I want to talk to you and he says no and then I say he is not letting me talk to you. Thats all that happened. I miss you mommy. I want to come home and be with you and Rylee without her thinking I'm a horrible person. I hate Utah and I hate dad. I love you.

Exhibit "F" attached. Brooke's email outlines several of Kirk's behaviors that are part of a larger pattern that has damaged his relationship with Brooke.

1) Kirk's Disparagement of Vivian: Nothing is more divisive to children than one parent speaking poorly about the other parent whom they love. Brooke describes Kirk's thinly veiled assertion that Vivian is telling her that Kirk "is a bad person" and asks why she is "listening" to Vivian. When she denies that Vivian has said that (Vivian has not disparaged Kirk to the children), Kirk suggests that she is lying.⁷

Vivian is particularly concerned about this issue. Before and during this case, Kirk stated to others, including the parties' adult children and Vivian's real estate lawyer (Mr. Woodbury), that Vivian was both a drug addict and suffered from mental illness. In an act of enormous insensitivity, he solicited the adult daughters to provide affidavits in his efforts to limit Vivian to supervised visitation. As evidenced by his recent filings, he continues to assert that Vivian suffers from mental disorder. In his present motion, he again asserts DSM-IV findings without an expert report or opinion. Kirk will never fairly present Vivian to Brooke or Rylee, or refrain from directly, or indirectly suggesting that she suffers from some disorder. It is difficult to imagine that if Kirk believes Vivian is mentally ill, he does not say so around the house. We already see this in his thinly veiled reference to her as someone who has led the girls astray, and who they should not trust.

Moreover, Kirk's filings in this case, including his present motion, evidence his repeated efforts to both directly and indirectly convince the children, both adult and minor, that Vivian does not care about them, and that she is "crazy." Kirk continues to try to plant seeds with the younger children to lose confidence in Vivian, and to think poorly of her. He disguises his statements as being "supportive" and

⁷ Kirk's assertion that the children are lying adds them to a long list of anyone who has taken a position contrary to Kirk's. Littered throughout Kirk's filings are claims that Vivian, her friends, neighbors, coaches, counselors, experts, and attorneys are "perjurers", "liars" and "co-conspirators." He specifically told Brooke that she was lying when she explained to Kirk that (contrary to his repeated assertion in this case), Vivian was not in the children's bed when Rylee fell out of bed and hurt herself. See, Affdavit of Vivian, filed October 27, 2013, page 77, paragraph 209.

either does not see it, or does not think anyone else will see it, as harmful or abusive. There are numerous examples of this in Kirk's filings, including the present motion. The following are just a few examples from Kirk's initial affidavit filed in this case (attached to his September 14, 2011 Motion).

¶68 "I told Brooke Mom is going through a rough time right now."

¶97 Conversation with Brooke reminding her of all the times Vivian was going to be gone, discussing his "concerns" with what Vivian has done in the past.

¶116 "Brooke told me tonight that Vivian talked to her about she and Rylee going to Ireland this summer. . . I told Brooke that she could go for a week or two if I went as well."

¶151 "Later when I was consoling her I asked Brooke how she thought Rylee was dealing with all of this..."

¶156 "I believe Brooke knows that until very recently I would have quickly dismissed anything at all said that negatively reflected on Vivian. At some point, it is more important that your children have an environment where they feel comfortable speaking openly about things that bother them, than to continue to wrongly protect the image of someone that continues to do harm to your children."

¶166 "I told Brooke that just like she, Rylee and I had done all year, that we would do the laundry tomorrow."

It appears he planted these same seeds with the older children that he is now using to influence them.

¶28 "I would talk to each of the children separately in an effort to solve the then pending problem."

¶41 "I told Tahnee how bizarre it is for a mother to say such things to and about her own children, let alone even think such things. Tahnee and I both agreed how this highlights just how incredibly insecure Vivian has become and that Vivian feels she is in competition with her own children and feel threatened by them."

¶50 "I told [Tahnee] that in her mother's condition, if we got a divorce and Vivian had partial custody, I would be fearful for Brooke and Rylee."

¶53 "I told Tahnee that I had done all I could concerning Vivian, and all I could do was be the best father I could and that all of us needed to do our best in looking out for one another."

¶56 "I told Tahnee that Vivian does not really think Chloe is a better dancer than her. Vivian is simply incredibly insecure and needs to tell others that they are not so hot. I told Tahnee about when Vivian last year told me that nobody wants to be with me."

¶69 "I telephoned Whitney and expressed concern about this to Whitney saying you are going to be on national television with someone who is not dealing with a full deck right now and it could prove very embarrassing."

¶75 "I told Tahnce that Vivian's need for attention is frightening."

¶106 "That night Tahnee, Joseph, and I talked about some of the issues with Vivian, including the incident at Brooke's ball game with Bill B. and her meeting a man on the airplane, giving him a ride to his hotel and having drinks with him in a bar, then discovering he was Cam W.'s boss. We also talked about her lack of attention to Brooke and Rylee."

In her affidavit filed with her initial motion, Vivian addressed Kirk's history of alienation of the children. See Affidavit of Vivian Harrison, attached to Opposition filed October 27, 2013, paragraphs 78 through 90. (That excerpt is attached hereto as Exhibit "G" hereto). In sum, Kirk undermined Vivian's authority, did not support her in disputes with the children, perpetuated falsehoods to them, and openly disparaged her to the children. His actions toward the adult children are now repeated with Brooke and Rylee.

Kirk's behaviors designed to disparage Vivian in the eyes of the children (including the adult children) have taken many forms. Kirk's repeated claim that Vivian "poisoned" Rylee has been a central theme throughout his case. Even after Dr. Dewan indicated that he was more concerned with Rylee's weight as a factor in her early onset of puberty than he was with any alleged exposure to testosterone cream, Kirk continued to raise alarms with Rylee and all the other children (and anyone who would hear his complaint) that because of Vivian her growth would be stunted, she would suffer ill effects of an implant, etc. In her Opposition to Kirk's Motion, Vivian provided sound medical data that evidenced in recent years more children were entering early pubescent development, and that the trigger was identified as everything from excess weight, to the use of anti-bacterial soaps. Nevertheless, Kirk rode his

bandwagon that Vivian "poisoned" Rylee to the point that Dr. Dewan wrote a letter stating that he did not make any finding that Rylee's puberty was caused by exposure to testosterone. See Letter of Dr. Dewan dated July 6, 2013, attached hereto as Exhibit "H". In his most recent statement, dated October 14, 2013, and attached hereto as Exhibit "I," Dr. Dewan confirms that he projects that Rylee will reach her normal height of approximately five-foot ten.

Even the way Kirk reacted to this news was manipulative. The alternative that Dr. Dewan proposed was that Rylec would be from 5'4" to 5'7", normal heights by any standard. When Dr. Dewan advised the parties of his findings regarding Rylee's height, Kirk acted as if he had just won the lottery. Rylee barely reacted, other than a puzzled look on her face. Kirk seems unable to comprehend that the message he was giving to a young girl who is naturally concerned with other's perception of her body is that she is okay when she is 5'10", but less than okay if she is shorter. This is particularly important in light of the height of her adult sisters (5'11" and 5'8).

2) Kirk's Constant Assertion that Children are Lying: No person — coach, teacher, friend's parent — who knows the girls will suggest they are dishonest sneaks or manipulators as Kirk suggests in his motion. The evidence will show they are honest, intelligent and forthright girls. But, Kirk suggests Brooke is lying about things he states Vivian said about him, claims that Brooke is lying about her cramps, advises both Brooke and Rylee that they are lying when they do not agree that he has purchased dance clothing and shoes for them, and with his proposition that he raised them "since [Brooke] was 7." Kirk's assertion that the children are lying places significant unnecessary pressure on them, and appears to the children as disapproval and a lack of caring. The emotional conflict caused by Kirk demanding that they re-write their history together is debilitating. It is this kind of behavior by Kirk that Vivian sought to address through a therapist and PC, but Kirk has undermined that process. Brooke is now suffering under Kirk's constant barrage of criticism and disapproval.

Kirk's Use of Guilt to Manipulate the Children: Brooke states that in her email that Kirk. 3) after he suggested she was lying, turned to Rylee and stated, "if he died today [Brooke] wouldn't shed a tear and how [Brooke doesn't] want to be with him anymore and why [Brooke hates] him." Any experience as a parent or sibling permits us to understand how incredibly manipulative and damaging this type of statement is to a child, and to that child's relationship with her sibling. Rylee reacted in a way that can be expected; she turned away from Brooke when Brooke tried to hug her. Kirk manipulated Rylee into believing that Brooke was uncaring, and insensitive.

Indeed, one of the core forms of manipulation that Kirk has used to discourage Brooke from spending time with Vivian, or living with Vivian as she desires, is that she would be "abandoning" her sister. Kirk repeatedly tells her, and has solicited the parties' adult daughters to advise her, that she is being selfish and uncaring toward her sister by wanting to engage in activities away from her. The irony in this is that because Brooke and Rylee attend different schools (Brooke is in high school, Rylee in elementary school), are in different dance programs, and engage in different activities, they spend little time together under the current schedule. This is not unusual - siblings of different ages, particularly when the older sibling becomes a teenager, have different interests. In approximately a year Brooke will be driving. She will soon be dating, and have more interest in her peers than her parents or siblings. Again, this is part of the natural developmental stage that Brooke is in. Kirk's insistence that she must feel guilty about seeking her own independence is damaging to her.

Kirk also outlines in his motion how he uses name-calling to prevent Brooke from spending time with Vivian. Kirk states that Brooke takes too much time to retrieve items left at Vivian's home. Kirk then greets Brooke on her return to the car with allegations that she is rude, inconsiderate and selfish. (Motion, page 8). When she reasonably suggests that he leave her there (the parties' homes are minutes apart) and return, or have Vivian drive her back, he refuses. This situation is caused by the constant back

and forth from the parties' homes caused by the current schedule, but more important, Kirk should not be attempting to manipulate Brooke in this manner.

The above are only samples of various events, words and actions that has led to Brooke's now adamant desire to live with Vivian. Kirk is responsible for the breakdown in his relationship with Brooke, not Vivian. When negotiating the parenting plan, Brooke insisted that did not want to live with Vivian. Vivian could have sought primary custody, but believed that resolution, therapy and a Parenting Coordinator was the best way to allow Kirk to address his problems through the process, and was in the best interest of the children. Remarkably, Kirk has tactically undermined that process, and now seeks to destroy it.

III.

THE COURT SHOULD DENY KIRK'S MOTION TO MODIFY, AND CONFIRM THE PARTIES' TEENAGE DISCRETION PROVISION TO BE CONSISTENT WITH NEVADA LAW

A district court retains jurisdiction throughout a child's minority "[a]t any time to modify or vacate its order" pertaining to custody. NRS 125.510(1). Either party, or the Court, may seek to modify or terminate joint custody of a child if it is shown the modification is in the best interest of the minor child. NRS 125.510(2).

The standards for a change of custody apply to a request to modify visitation. *Wallace v. Wallace*, 112 Nev. 1015, 1019, 922 P.2d 541, 543 (1996)("A court decision regarding visitation is a custody determination.") *See also, Rennels v. Rennels*, 127 Nev. Adv.Op. 49, 257 P.3d 396 (2011)(once initial visitation order entered, standard for parent to modify grandmother's visitation is the *Ellis*⁸ standard).

A district court must give deference to the agreements entered by the parties when presented a motion to modify custody. In *Rivero v. Rivero*, 125 Nev. 410, 216 P.3d 213 (2009), the Court said:

⁸ Ellis v. Carucci, 123 Nev. 145, 161 P.3d 239 (2007)

We conclude that the terms of the parties' custody agreement will control except when the parties move the court to modify the custody arrangement. In custody modification cases, the court must use the terms and definitions provided under Nevada law.

Parties are free to contract, and the courts will enforce their contracts if they are not unconscionable, illegal, or in violation of public policy. Therefore, parties are free to agree to child custody arrangements and those agreements are enforceable if they are not unconscionable, illegal, or in violation of public policy. However, when modifying child custody, the district courts must apply Nevada child custody law, including Therefore, once parties move the court to modify an existing child custody agreement, the court must use the terms and definitions provided under Nevada law, and the parties' definitions no longer control. In this case, Ms. Rivero moved the district court to modify the decree. Therefore, the district court properly disregarded the parties' definition of joint physical custody.

Kirk seems to argue that the Court should consider terms of the parties' agreement when a party seeks to enforce it, but that the Court may modify the agreement freely provided such modification meets the statutory or case law standards for modification. (Motion, page 13, lines 19-28). This ignores the plain language of the *Rivero* decision. Under *Rivero*, a district should give *deference* to a parenting agreement *except* where the parties have used "terms and definitions" that are contrary to Nevada law. In *Rivero*, 125 Nev. 410, 2 the court ignored the definition of physical custody in the parties agreement because it was contrary to the law's new definition in the *Rivero* case.

Here the parties have not placed any new terms or definitions into their agreement. Instead, their experienced counsel negotiated, and the parties agreed upon, a provision designed to meet the needs of the children. The Court should give deference to that agreement.

The deference to parents' custody agreements arises from the fundamental notion parents act in the best interests of their children. *Troxel v. Granville*, 530 U.S. 57, 68, 120 S.Ct. 2054 (2009). Nevada law adopts this notion in NRS 125.490 by its presumption, affecting the burden of proof, "that joint custody would be in the best interest of a minor child if the parents have agreed to an award of joint custody[.]"

Kirk suggests even if the deference to parents' custody agreements outlined in *Rivero* applies here, the "teenage discretion" provision in the parties' agreement violates public policy. He cites NRS 125.460:

The legislature declares that it is the policy of this state:

- 1. To ensure that minor children have frequent associations and a continuing relationship with both parents after the parents have become separated or have dissolved their marriage; and,
- 2. To encourage such parents to share the rights and responsibilities of child rearing.

Kirk argues that giving a child discretion undermines the policy of "frequent associations and a continuing relationship" for that child--a denigration of the statute (NRS 125.480) that a mature child's opinion *must* be heard. Where the parties have joint physical custody, the district Court *must* render findings under the factors in NRS 125.480 when modifying a custody order. As referenced above, those factors include "the wishes of the child if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to his or her custody" and the "physical, developmental and emotional needs of the child." The analysis of those issues cannot be accomplished unless the Court recognizes the age of a child, and the effect of a child's desire to spend more time with one parent on the child's emotional well being. The Legislature commands the spontaneous choices of an intelligent child must be given weight, and the scale on which that weight is measured is her emotional and developmental well-being.

The recognition of the importance of giving teenage children a voice in their custody is universal.

Virtually every state's law recognizes a teenager's discretion as a factor in custody matters.

Granting a voice to teenagers in the desires of a teenage child has strong support in studies and guides addressing the custody of teenage children. In 2008, the American Bar Association published the

⁹ Attached is an analysis of factors under each states law published in the *Family Law Quarterly*, Volume 46, Number 4, Winter 2013, pages 525-527. The analysis demonstrates that every state except Massachusetts recognize the "child's wishes" as a factor in determining custody.

second edition of, "A Judge's Guide: Making Child-Centered Decisions in Custody Cases." That guideline constitutes a comprehensive overview of literature underlying issues surrounding the judicial administration and review of child custody cases. The guide is structured by separate analyses of the developmental ages of children. One of the developmental periods in the guide is adolescents between the ages of 14 and 18. That section addresses the importance of permitting the adolescent to be part of the process of determining custody.

The parties' teenage discretion provision is a model for provisions of its kind. It permits the child certain discretion that promotes a healthy sense of independence without modifying custody, protects the child by providing a third party that can assess whether the child is exercising that discretion for good reason, and provides an alternative dispute mechanism, through discussion of a PC, for the child. The provision is not unconstitutional, is consistent with Nevada law and nearly all other states, and promotes, not undermines, each parent's frequent associations with children.

IV.

THE COURT SHOULD DIRECT AN INTERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AND RESERVE A DATE FOR EVIDENTIARY HEARING ON THE ISSUE OF CUSTODY

As the basis of his motion, Kirk has quoted the children without corroboration, and has suggested that the children should have no voice in their custodial care. Kirk has described and admitted the breakdown in his relationship with Brooke. Brooke has repeatedly stated her preference to live with Vivian, and her disputes with her father are degenerating and escalating. Kirk has undermined the process defined by the parties to shore up his relationship.

The children are of sufficient age and maturity to form and intelligent preference as to their custody. They are model children. They receive exceptionally good grades in school, and no coach,

The guideline is a joint project of the ABA Child Custody and Adoption Pro Bono Project and the ABA Center on Children and the Law. Relevant excerpts from the guide are attached hereto as Exhibit "J". The Guide is found at http://epps.americanbar.org/jegalservices/probono/childcustody/judges_guide.pdf and is 299 pages.

teacher, counselor, instructor, minister or other person who comes in contact with the girls would state they are other than "good kids and model citizens." Both children are engaged in dance, and Rylee is involved in sports.

The children have an extremely strong bond with Vivian – *in part* due to gender, and in part from her history of being the one parent who, throughout all their lives, gave them the type of care they wanted. Now, the activities they want to share with or in which they want to be overseen-by Vivian are the essence of their developmental stages of puberty and adolescence: A doctor's appointment addressing first period, the hip-hop dance demonstration, the purchase of dance clothing, advanced dance classes, the preparation (make up) for first Homecoming dance. Time with Vivian avoids placing the children in a position where they are pressured, and feel guilty or embarrassed.

Sadly, Kirk now undermines Vivian's general role as a parent, and her special role as the female parent, at this time of the girls' lives:

- A. He purposely uses guilt as a method of punishing Brooke's need for an independent choice;
- B. He solicited phone calls from adult children to Brooke to guilt her into staying in Kirk's care, and embarrassed her in front of the adult children;
 - C. He refuses to allow, or undermines, additional contact or time with Vivian.
- D. He suggests to Rylee her sister is abandoning her, a false claim the serves no purpose but to cause anguish in Brooke and Rylee;
 - E. He interferes with the children's contact with Vivian; and,
 - F. He suggested repeatedly to Brooke that Vivian is doing something wrong.

The parties' parenting agreement provides the children an independent third party to discuss their thoughts, emotions and desires regarding any change, and to deal with the behavior of both parents in this

high-conflict divorce. But, Kirk tactically undermined that goal when he repeatedly refused to allow the children to be interviewed, avoided the publication of the results of that interview, and failed for fourteen months to name a therapist.

Kirk knows the children will tell the therapist they want to live with their mother because that is where they feel they will be most comfortable and happy. As in any totalitarian regime, a third party to whom the truth can be told is a threat--no free press is allowed. If there is a neutral third party to whom the children can speak, then Kirk's behavior will be addressed and his control eroded. And, as in such regimes, the creation of an external threat is necessary to justify strict controls. In this case the false external threat Kirk created is, sadly, the girl's mother.

Is the fact the girls want to spend more time with Vivian coincidence or conspiracy? Are there facts, e.g., age, gender, history of care and demeanor, which in themselves reasonably make the girls want to spent time with one parent more than the other, or is there a scheme by Vivian to alienate the girls from Kirk due to her perception of parenting as "competition" as Kirk contends? Vivian asks the Court FMC determine if the girls' wishes are genuine or artificial, spontaneous or coached, and start them on the road to peace in their family.

Vivian moves first for an interview of Brooke and Rylee to ferret out Kirk's factual assertions underlying his motion. Brooke has continuously and adamantly stated she wants to reside primarily with Vivian, and Kirk has defeated his own goals because he failed to give the therapist/coordinator system to which he agreed any chance for dialogue, counseling and compromise with his daughters. Vivian asserts that the facts set forth herein constitute adequate cause for hearing on the custody of the children. Vivian requests that the Court find adequate cause for hearing, and review the status or necessity of an

¹¹ In *Rooney v. Rooney*, 109 Nev. 540; 853 P.2d 123 (1993) the court held that a district court may deny a motion to modify custody where the moving party failed to show "adequate cause." Adequate cause exists where the facts alleged in the affidavits are relevant to the grounds for modification, and the evidence is not merely cumulative or impeaching.

evidentiary hearing on custody after the return of the children's interviews through the Family Mediation Center.

V.

KIRK HAS AGAIN UNNECESSARILY MULTIPLIED THE PROCEEDINGS IN THIS CASE

Though styled as a motion to modify the "teenage discretion" provision only, Kirk raised issues and sought relief that have nothing to do with the underlying motion. That has been his consistent behavior throughout this litigation.

At page 14 of his Motiom, Kirk lists alleged wrongs committed by Vivian that he claims are violations of Court orders or failure to "do the right thing by her own children." He does not appear to be seeking any specific relief, but appears to address these issues as part of his contention that Vivian has no regard for the rights or needs of the children. Vivian responds, in brief:

- a. Kirk's contention that Vivian "took" days from him is false. Vivian's calendaring of dates was consistent with the Stipulated Parenting Plan;
 - b. Whitney owes money to Vivian for credit card use, not the alternative;
- c. Vivian does not have Tahnee or Whitney's original birth certificates, and those certificates can be easily procured from the Dept. of Health and Human Services.
- d. Vivian has not wrongfully withheld memorabilia owned by Tahnee or Whitney, and this allegation has nothing to do with the present motion;
- d. Nothing in the agreement regarding property allowed Kirk to clean out the bedroom furniture in the children's rooms. The agreement was the Kirk would leave all property other than designated. It is questionable this property belongs to the daughters, and the Court lacks jurisdiction to address any dispute regarding the property of the adult children (like UGMA accounts);

e. The exchange of information from school would fall under the joint legal custody provisions, and arguably Kirk would be entitled to a copy of the GATE Book. Vivian has not withheld any copy Kirk ordered. She is attempting to find out what happened to the books Kirk indicates he ordered;

f. There is no violation of any Court order associated with any litigation in which Vivian is involved. Whatever litigation Vivian has initiated through separate, experienced and respected counsel cannot reasonably be seen to effect the children. This is yet another example of Kirk using irrelevant claims to disparage Vivian.

g. If the old Stairmaster was Kirk's by oral agreement at a hearing, he entitled to it. Vivian hopes to exchange that property with the mass of items he wrongfully removed from the home at the time he vacated. Again, this has nothing to do with the present motion.

What is relevant to the present motion is that Kirk continues to attempt to alienate the adult daughters by promoting this fantasy that Vivian has committed some wrong against them. Kirk's willingness to engage in this type of behavior bodes poorly for his divisive actions affecting the relationship of Brooke and Rylee.

VI.

CONCLUSION

Kirk's Motion is how he must now manage conflict in his home--he thwarted the therapist and PC. He takes no responsibility for the conflict; he blames Vivian. No law and a few tortured facts, if any, support Kirk's Motion. After the way that he conducted himself in this action, his claim that Vivian sees this case as a "competition," is his sad testimony he cannot see the effect his own behavior, and an admission he may lack any reasonable sum of self-awareness. He, not Vivian, leveled vile personal claims against the other parent, repeated the claims to the adult children, and then recruited them in a war

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agaisnt their mother. He, not Vivian, sought supervised visitation. He attacked every individual who had the felt need and decency to support Vivian and the children in defense of his all-out assault.

What was Vivian's course? During a year of litigation she steadily and consistently sought the same negotiated resolution: joint physical custody. She put her concerns regarding Kirk aside, and developed a system of "teenage discretion" that would allow him an opportunity to work with the girls. She gave him access to the girls, a therapist, and a PC for a year before Brooke turned 14, hoping to avoid conflict and permit the girls and their dad to mend and improve their relationship.

Kirk's response? Tactics, manipulation, litigation, rancor and bitterness.

Vivian now must request the Court address Kirk's poor relationship with Brooke, and the damage he causes when he demeans and manipulates Brooke and Rylee to eliminate Brooke's voice for the increased independence she must have as part of her natural development.

Kirk turned his back on peace in the family; instead, he fomented conflict. Now, to resolve the conflict Vivian must request the Court:

- 1. Deny Kirk's motion in its entirety;
- 2. Direct an interview of the children through the Family Mediation Center;
- 3. Find adequate cause for hearing on the issue of custody;
- 4. Award attorney's fees to Vivian under EDCR 7.60, and the factors set forth in Brunzell.

Dated this 17 day of October, 2013

RADFORD'I SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFØRD T. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 2791

Attorney for Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

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2 I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the 3 age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection 4 and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is deposited with the U.S. 5 Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid. I served the foregoing 6 7 document described as: 8 "DEFENDANT'S AMENDED OPPOSITION TO PLAINTFF'S MOTION TO MODIFY ORDER RESOLVING 9 PARENT-CHILD ISSUES DELETE TO "TEENAGE DISCRETION PROVISION] AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF: 10 DEFENDANT'S COUNTERMOTIONS TO RESOLVE PARENT/CHILD] [ISSUES. CONTINUE HEARING ON CUSTODY ISSUES, FOR AN INTERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AND FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES AND SANCTIONS" 12 13 on this day of October, 2013, to all interested parties as follows: 14 BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed enveloped 15 addressed as follows: 16 BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below; 17 BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing 18 document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below; 19 BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt 20 requested, addressed as follows: 21 Tom J. Standish, Esq. 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor 22 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorney for Plaintiff 23 24 Edward L. Kainen, Esq. 25

10091 Park Run Dr., Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Plaintiff

Apremployee of Radford Chartered.

EXHIBIT 66A99

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RSMITH@RADFORDSMITH.COM

February 4, 2012

VIA FACSIMILE Edward Kainen, Esq.

Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Ed:

I find it remarkable that you have time to write a long, detailed letter, but you cannot provide responses to basic discovery that you promised me weeks ago. You have not offered any explanation as to why you have not responded to the discovery. I can only assume that you do not want to provide the information because it could be damaging to your client's position.

Further, I requested in my letter of February 2 that you provide me a copy of the phone records your client received yesterday. Those records were requested as part of our discovery. Please let me know whether your client is willing to provide those records.

Moreover, you have not responded to my letter of January 27 seeking your explanation regarding your intent to reveal Vivian's confidential medical records to lay witnesses, including Ms. Roberts. If I do not hear from you, I will be forced to seek a protective order. I cannot understand why you refuse to address this matter. Your only explanation to me at this point is that the use of the records is some sort of "set up." That does not provide adequate explanation for revealing confidential information.

In addition, I have not received a copy of the records from Marvyn Gawryn that you received on the date of his scheduled deposition. Since I do not have the records, it is difficult for me to comment on your claims, other than I think your theory that Gawryn coached her regarding tests is nonesense. It seems to me that the person in the best position to address your allegations would be Mr. Gawryn, so I do not understand why you cancelled his deposition. Before you make allegations about his interactions with Vivian, you should give him the opportunity to address those allegations.

I wanted to confirm that your deposition of Dr. Margolis is a COR deposition. I presume that you do not intend to have her appear for the deposition. I note that the deposition is set at a time that I could not be present, but again I am assuming that your notice is intended to seek records, not take the deposition of Dr. Margolis. I trust you will contact my office first before setting depositions that I have to attend, and I will give you the same courtesy.

In regard to the allegations contained in the letter, I note again that Vivian made special efforts to preserve your client's phone number, which, of course, is contrary to your client's contention that she intended to cancel his number. Please explain to me why she would go to the trouble of contacting me to write a letter to you telling you how your client could preserve his number if she intended to cancel it.

Edward Kainen, Esq. February 4, 2012 Page 2

In regard to your allegations regarding the production of billing statements, at the mediation with Mr. Jimmerson both Gary and I provided Jim with redacted billing statements and it is our understanding that those were provided to you. In any event, I am willing to exchange redacted statements with you if you are willing to provide all of Kirk's redacted statements.

I disagree with your statement that the Court did not expect you to provide billings, and in any event you already agreed to provide them to me by January 23 (approximately two weeks after they were due under the document requests served on your office). In our case, I believe the Court indicated that I could provide the information this week, but that he wanted the brief filed by close of business on Friday. Again, if you would like to exchange those documents, let me know.

In regard to Kirk's allegations regarding Vivian's behavior, your recitation of allegations in the letter, with the corresponding threat to show the letter to the judge, suggests to me that you have prepared the letter for that purpose - to show it to the judge. Such a submission would be a violation of our rules. It appears that Kirk is simply looking for a way to get more allegations before the Court. Vivian does not agree with your client's recitation of the events, and indicates to me that he has mistated the facts. In any event, we can all agree that either party showing disrespect to the other in front of any of the children, either your or old, is damaging to this family. I wholeheartedly disagree with your assessment of Kirk's statements and actions outlined on pages 45 through 47 of Vivian's Opposition and Countermotion. I do not believe the quotes were taken out of context, and I believe they demonstrated Kirk's willingness to belittle and marginalize Vivian to the children.

Vivian indicates that both Kirk and Vivian were present when the current video system was involved, and that she has done nothing with the equipment since it was installed. She was not in charge of the system, and she hoped and believed that the system had caught the events of October 14 on video.

In regard to your request that we now have a fifth psychologist or psychiatrist get involved in this matter, it is absolutely unnecessary and will not resolve anything. We have tried in good faith to demonstrate to your client that Vivian is not suffering from any psychological disorder, and some of the best minds in the world have agreed. We have hired what we believe are the finest experts in the this area to address Kirk's claim, and we gave them all of Kirk's allegations so that he could understand that they were considering his positions. So you are clear, I am sending under separate cover the letters verifying that all of the pleadings and all of Vivian's medical records were provided to Dr. Applebaum and Dr. Ronningstam. The doctors reviewed the pleadings and the records and found that Vivian had no personality disorder of any kind. Let me suggest to you the obvious - the reason they did not find one is because none exists.

I am at a loss to understand why you do not proceed with an analysis by Dr. Roitman. I am curious whether you have provided him the pleadings that have been filed in this case, or the medical records, and I have no idea why you have not had Dr. Roitman interview Vivian.

The argument challenging our experts reports appears to be based upon your claim that the information provided to them by Vivian was inaccurate. I would be in a better position to know

Edward Kainen, Esq. February 4, 2012 Page 3

how to respond to your requests if you would provide me an outline of that information contained in their reports that Kirk believes is false or incorrect.

In regard to your claim that Vivian has taken the children to the Atkinson's home for some nefarious reason, please allow for the possibility that the children simply want to spend time with her, and that your client has made it increasingly uncomfortable for her to be in the home. He has locked doors, gotten into her email, kept a running diary

Kirk's allegations all speak to the care of Brooke and Rylee, and address facts that the girls themselves can clear up. I suggest we have them interviewed immediately by Dr. Paglini so the results of that interview are available for the Court on the 10th. This might be the best way to resolve some of the outstanding issues.

Sincerely,

SMITH & TAYLOR

Radford J. Smith, Esq.

RJS:

cc. Vivian Harrison (via email)
Mary Anne Decaria, Esq.
Thomas Standish, Esq.

Send Result Report

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RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

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RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. DANIELLE TAYLOR, ESQ. GARIMA VARSHNEY, ESQ. JOLENE HOEFT, PARALEGAL

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June 1, 2012

VIA FACSIMILE
Thomas Standish, Esq.

Re: Harrison v. Harrison

Dear Tom:

Thank you for your letter of May 31, 2012. I have had an opportunity to review the letter with Vivian. As I understand Kirk's position, he is requesting three modifications to the proposed MSA I forwarded to you on Friday, May 25, 2012:

- 1) He seeks to eliminate the "teenage discretion" language set forth in paragraph 6 of the draft parenting plan;
- 2) He seeks an additional 10 day period of care during the summer vacation months; and,
- 3) He seeks to change his time to have the girls in his care from Monday and Tuesday to Wednesday and Thursday of each week.

Let me address each of those requests individually:

1) Teenage Discretion: As we have discussed over the last several weeks, part of Vivian's reluctance to enter into a final agreement without the input from Dr. Paglini was based upon what appears to be Brooke's deteriorating relationship with Kirk. Brooke has regularly indicated to Vivian that she desires spend more time with Vivian. Vivian has compromised in large part based upon the desire of the other members of the family to see this matter close. She still has significant concerns about Kirk's relationship with and care of Brooke, but she has listened to the advice that the resolution of the matter would lead to an improvement of that relationship.

What Vivian seeks to avoid by the language of paragraph 6 is the very thing that Kirk fears. At a certain point all Courts begin to place substantial weight on the desire of a teenage child regarding her care—we cannot affect that factor by any agreement. Paragraph 6 contains language designed to avoid litigation regarding this issue if it arises. Based upon what has occurred in litigation to date, this is an extremely important goal.

Moreover, the concerns raised in your letter will be addressed through the system that the agreement puts in place - counseling and a parenting coordinator. Your client will have a year to address the problems in his relationship with Brooke. The provision does not place the responsibility of choosing on Brooke, it simply gives each child discretion after 14 to spend more time with one parent or the other, a request that will likely be granted to them in any event by the Court. Again, the provision is designed to avoid litigation.

Thomas Standish, Esq. June 1, 2012 *Page* 2

- 2) Summer vacation: The girls have attended sewing camp with Vivian in the past. Brooke has gone to the camp for four years since she was eight years old, and Rylee attended last year at eight years old. It is an activity both girls enjoy, and sewing is considered a life skill. In order for the children to go to this camp, Vivian must accompany them, and she must enroll in the program. The camp is filled with days of instruction and sewing. Kirk is welcome to attend the camp. If the children do not want to attend the camp in the future, this issue is moot. Vivian does not feel it is in the best interest of the children at this time to expand the summer visitation periods, particularly in light of Brooke's current difficulty in her relationship with Kirk.
- 3) Days of the Week: Vivian too desires to have the children on Wednesday and Thursday of each week. She permitted Kirk to choose between an alternating week schedule and a five/two two/five schedule, and she feels she should be able to choose which weekdays she has the children. Moreover, it is not our experience that mediations occur more often on Monday and Tuesday, and because there are so few there does not appear to be a substantial need to change the proposed plan. Vivian would be willing to work with Kirk to arrange exchanges in those instances that Kirk has a mediation that is going to last into the evening after the children are out of school.

Please call with questions.

Sincerely.

SMITH TAYLOR

Radford J. Smith, Esq.

RIK.

cc: Gary Silverman, Esq. Vivian Harrison

VIVIAN'S ACTIVITIES WITH THE CHILDREN SINCE THE ENTRY OF THE PARENTING PLAN

Activities – (signed up scheduled & purchased equipment & provided necessary supplies)

Rylee and Brooke:

- Intensive Dance classes (ballet, Pointe, jazz, Character, Tap, Lyrical, Irish, Hip Hop, Musical theatre, Choreography) private lessons as needed
- Piano Lessons Rylee (scheduled during Vivian's visitation days)
- Voice Lessons Rylee (scheduled during Vivian's visitation days)

Rylee only:

- Activity Days LDS Church (weekly) Mondays (for Rylee's age group)
- Gymnastics Rylee (scheduled during Vivian's visitation days)
- Sports
 - o Basketball
 - o Softball

MEDICAL

Make all Doctor appointments and try to schedule during Vivian's days

- Dr. Dewan Pediatric endocrinologist every 3 months (5 since January)
- Dr. Malliner optometrist every year (Brooke contracts)
- Lab draws Rylee every 6 months
- Dr. Noorda orthodontist 5 appointments since February
- Dr. Bybee dentist every 6 months (3 since January)
- Dr. Gaal Ortolarnyngology Brooke 1 apt
- Dr. McKnight (7 appointments since November 2012 allergist)
- Dr. Smith GP as needed¹
- Dr. Jonathan Camp (2 apts pediatric orthopedic surgeon)
- Dr. Rosemary Hyun (Pediatrician 1 apt)
- Dr. Handler (dermatologist) Rylee
- Dr. Christine Covetti (dermatologist) Brooke
- Yearly flu shots
- Brooke-Contact lenses

SCHOOL

- Brooke signed up for Summer BYU Health Class for High School Credit
- Rylee- Nevada Citizenship 3 countries, diagrams and projects

¹ Kirk's first appointment with Dr. Smith was a few days prior to filing the current Opposition and Countermotion.

- Great American Recital Vivian and Rylee practiced daily for 2 months during summer (the Great American Recital includes – Reciting from memory, Gettysburg Address, Star Spangled Banner, List of Presidents first and Last names in order, US States & Capitals in alphabetical order, Preamble of the US Constitution, write pledge of allegiance.)
 - O Because Vivian and Rylee practiced the above throughout the summer, Rylee was able to recite from memory all of the above in the $1^{\rm st}$ day of the school.
- Monthly book reports and 4 projects associated with that report (teacher ask Rylee if she could use hers as sample)
- Brooke --assisted in at least 6 different school projects last school year -- provided Math Tutor (the projects included writing essays, preparing reports, etc.)
- Attended ALL Open Houses alone (girls were not in attendance with their Dad) and Parent teacher Conferences
- Bought backpacks & majority of back to school supplies

MISC

- Homecoming dress & shoes
- 8th Grade Graduation Dress & Shoes
- All hair appointments
- Nail appointments (holiday & special events at least 7 times per year)
- Help Brooke & Rylee with hair and make-up ALL dance recitals, music & voice recitals, homecoming, graduation, etc.
- Set up Photography Session for head shots for Dance Resume and provided props (6 hour shoot at residence)
- Helped girls complete mandatory dance resume for Dance School
- Broadway Season Ticket Holders Smith Center
- Family Disney Cruise & Disney World Vacation
- Beach Spring Brea
- Ski Trip planned Winter Break
- Week sewing Camp
- Taught Brooke to ride a bike
- Surfing

VOLUNTEER

- Rylee Classroom Parent -- every other week
- Volunteer at School every week
- Parent Advisory Committee
- Field Trip Chaperone
- Dance Recital & Meeting
- Assisted at softball practice when needed

LIST OF THINGS VIVIAN HELPED THE CHILDREN WITH

- She taught all of the children to read, and she has read extensively with and to all of the children. All of the children have reading awards for number of pages or minutes read during a specific school year. Before the children could read independently, Vivian read all of those pages with the children;
- The children have received mountains of awards based on academics. She was the parent who helped the children with the vast bulk of their homework, but she certainly agrees the children worked very hard at their schoolwork. Kirk may not understand, however, that children do not always run naturally toward schoolwork after school, and there were many times where Vivian had to push all five children to study and complete their assignments and projects;
- Vivian supplemented the children's education by tutoring them during the summers utilizing the Abeka program;
- All of the children have taken swimming lessons. Some started with the "Mommy and Me" program at six months old, but all of them took Red Cross swimming lessons or private swim lessons. (Vivian's mother did not know how to swim, and Vivian was afraid of the children drowning);
- All five children have played soccer, and Vivian coached Joseph's soccer team;
- All five children have played on softball/baseball teams;
- The four oldest children have all played organized basketball;
- The older three children were "every sport, every season" (golf, basketball, volleyball, swim, baseball / softball), and all of them lettered in sports in high school;
- All the children have taken dance lessons (Joseph was the first boy in his dance school);
- Vivian sat through almost all of the full practices of all of the children. Even when they were in high school, Vivian sat through many of the practices, sometimes as the only parent in the stands (with Brooke in a baby scat);
- The older children were in karate when they were five, and Tahnee and Whitney achieved their junior black belts. Vivian believes that Joseph may have also, or was very close to it;
- All five children have taken piano lessons, while Brooke and Rylee have also taken violin, guitar and drums;
- The older children have received art instruction through the Parks and Recreation Department;

- Vivian took the children on many vacations to Disneyland alone (at least once per year and sometimes twice). Kirk and Vivian once took a vacation without the children to Paris, but Vivian asked Kirk if they could come back early because she couldn't stand to be away from the children and was worried about them. That is the only time she can ever recall being away from the older girls or Joseph during their childhood;
- Joseph played baseball for approximately six years when he was younger.
- All the children have taken golf lessons, and Joseph is pursuing a career in professional golf.
- All the children have been good students. Some have had different struggles and different strengths. Tahnee and Whitney are graduates of the prestigious and difficult International Baccalaureate program at Green Valley High School. Joseph struggled a little, but he was an excellent math student and an incredible golfer. Brooke and Rylee are both excellent students.
- There were days that Vivian was in the car driving the children to places 5 or 6 hours. The parties used to joke that Brooke grew up in a car seat.
- Tahnee and Whitney were both in the Miss Teen Nevada pageant and others. Tahnee was Miss Teen Nevada.

See Vivian's Opposition to Kirk's Motion for Joint Legal and Primary Physical Custody, et al. filed on October 27, 2011, pages 22-24

Paragraph

lumber

Tahnee's Affidavit

- . Daughter of Kirk and Vivian
- 2 Affidavit is based upon my personal knowledge

Graduated from college end of fall 2008, lived at home since January 2011. Prior to that lived at home each summer,

- 3 Thanksgiving, Christmas and Spring Break
- Summer of 2005, Vivian took Brooke and Rylee somewhere for several weeks
 - 5 After Summer of 2005 Vivian started to act differently
 - 6 2006, Kirk retires, Vivian started to withdraw
- 7 June 2008 car ride Vivian started belitting Whitney's intelligence and criticizing her weight

January 30, 2009 - Vivian wanted to invite some other girl for a dinner with Harrisons and another family. Kirk said it won't

- 8 be appropriate, Vivian said she was leaving him
- 9 February 27, 2009 Vivian threw coffee mug at Kirk
- 10 March 12, 2009 Vivian said Kirk did not cook enough. Tahnee says that's not true
 - 11 March 16, 2009 Joseph's birthday party
- 12 When Kindles first came out, Vivian got one and became more isolated
- 13 August 29, 2009 Tahnee saw Brooke on internet at an Ashley Tisdale fan chat room
- 14 September 2009 Vivian told Tahnee she wanted to spend three to four months in Europe
- 15 September 12, 2009 Vivian invited five or six 16 year old girls over to watch a movie in the home theater
 - 16 Vivian's fixation with the show "Tudors" (around October 7, 2009)
 - 17 october 12, 2009 Jonathon Rhys-Meyers
 - 18 October 13, 2009 Justin Timberlake

October 16, 2009 - about how Vivian talks in front of Brooke and Rylee about divorcing Kirk, Tahnee mentions how she

- 19 believes Vivian has deterioated in the past one year due to her Phentermine use,
- 20 October 20, 2009 Kirk is trying to build an apartment at the ranch for Brooke and Rylee
- 21 November 13, 2009 Vivian googled Jonathan Rhys-Meyers and expressed displeasure regarding his girlfriend
 - 22 In New York Whitney's fiancee's mother stayed in the same hotel room
 - 23 December 4, 2009 psychic
- 24 December 13, 2009 Vivian got a procedure done on her face

December 13, 2009 - during dinner with Kirk, Tahnee mentions that Jonathan Rhys-Meyers is involved in organization in

25 Ireland and the organization does philanthropic work in India

- 26 December 23, 2009 Vivian spent \$875 on jacket and \$500 each on two pairs of jeans
 - 27 December 25, 2009 Vivian bought a pair of books for \$800
- 28 December 31, 2009 Vivian got upset because Kirk took brooke and Rylee to see the movie "Avatar" 29 February 3. 2010 - Vivian buys Christian Louboutin shoes and a dress \$1,395
 - 30 Vivian goes to a basketball game in high heals and a leather coat

March 1, 2010 - Vivian talked about having fat injected into her butt, Tahnee talks about reading books regarding narcissistic

- 31 mothers
- 32 March 8, 2009 Vivian started sleeping with Brooke and Rylee again
 - 33 April 5, 2010 Salt Lake City, Utah to attend a Muse concert
- August 25, 2010 While Kirk is recovering from a bicycle accident, Vivian was on phone with the psychic and could not take 34 April 16, 2010 - Driving home from Salt Lake, stopped at Mexican restaurant, Vivian gets upset with Witney
 - 35 Brooke to her orthodontist appointment, later she was busy on facebook
 - 36 October 3, 2010 Vivian's relationship status on facebook is "single"
 - 37 March 19, 2011 Vivian removed Tahnee from her facebook
- 38 Tahnee says Vivian is self-absorbed, has uncontrolled fits of rage, etc.
- 39 Tahnee says that Kirk takes good care of Brooke and Rylee on a daily basis
 - 49 Kirk should have primary custody

Paragraph

Numbe

Whitney's Affidavit

- Daughter of Kirk and Vivian
- 2 Affidavit is based upon my personal knowledge
- Graduated from college in spring 2009, lived at home after graduation until September 2010, spent summer during the college at hoem
 - 3 and come home for Thanksgiving and Christmas
- 4 2005 Vivian abruptly took Brooke and Rylee somewhere for several weeks
 - 5 during this time, Vivian started acting differently
- 6 After Kirk retired in 2006, Vivian started withdrawing from other members
- 7 June 2008 Car incident belitting Whitney's intelligence, attacked Tahnee
- Summer and Fall of 2008 in Australia, Kirk's roommate and Kirk came down. When Whitney called Vivian, she said Kirk did not tell her
 - 8 "where the money is" and "to make sure the sharks can do their job"
 - 9 July 31, 2009 Drove Kirk's car to St. George to see a play Vivian read Kindle
 - 10 Middle of September 2009 Vivian read all the time
- 11 October 2009 Kirk spent 4 days at Ranch, Brooke and Rylee did not eat dinner until 10:00 p.m.
- 12 October 16, 2009 Tahnee and Whitney's discussion with Kirk re: Vivian talking about divorcing him, her adversarial behavior etc.
 - 13 Summer of 2009 Vivian said she's going to Europe
- 14 Summer of 2009 Vivian's facination with Jonathan Rhys-Myers
- 15 November 2009 Whitney's fiancee comes for Thanksgiving Dinner

October/November 2009 - Vivian starts having numerous treatments on her face, and started spending more and more time in her office

- 16 reading
- 17 December 13, 2010 Dinner with Kirk and Tahnee Vivian wants to go to India because of Jonathan Rhys Meyers
 - 18 Vivian sleeps with Brooke and Rylee
- 19 December 2009 Vivian buys a pair of books \$800
- 20 January6, 2010 Kirk said Vivian wanted Whitney to change her wedding date due to Vivian's elective plastic surgery
 - 2.1 January 24, 2010 Rylee's 7th Birthday Vivian did not help in preparing for the party
 - 22 Vivian went to California to have plastic surgery
 - 23 April 5, 2010 Salt lake City, Utah Muse concert
- 24 April 2009 -Vivian told Whitney that she is going to divorce Kirk
 - 25 March 2011 Vivian said Whitney has gained weight
- 26 Vivian most of her time in home office with door closed
 - 27 Kirk should be granted total custody

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: emmabharrison@aol.com

Date: August 5, 2013, 2:08:53 PM PDT

To: vivianlharrison@aol.com

Subject: Dad

Dear mom,

Dad took my phone away and he is being so mean to me. There is no other way to contact you except

email. I'm sorry Rylee is next to me in one bed watching her iPad and dad comes over sits at my feet and asks "Why don't I want to do anything?" I said I want to stay in the hotel room because apparently we're staying here for another 8 days. He rips my phone out of my hands takes off the charger and headphones and he asks me why i'm listening to people who are telling me that he is a bad person (he is referring to you) I tell him there isn't and he says its not good to lie. Then he states that I am lying about being hurt and having cramps and that I am being spoiled and mean and selfish. Then he starts going on about he raised me since I was 7 and how he took me to school. Then he asked why I don't love him and I said he doesnt respect privacy, he barges in, doesn't support me in anything I do, Then he asks what he doesn't support me in, and I say dance and he says he drives me to and from and he pays tuition. Then, I say that he doesn't support me in Makeup Artistry and then he says that he's bought me makeup and that what else can he do to support me. And then I say that he always says he'd rather me be a lawyer or a doctor and then he says I'm too smart to become a makeup artist etc. Then Rylee's show is done and she closes her iPad because dad stated earlier that she MUST stop after that episode. So she turns it off and dad not respecting Rylee starts saying how if he died today I wouldn't shed a tear and how I don't want to be with him anymore and why I hate him. Then he starts calling me selfish and how I don't want to do anything with the family and I say we aren't a family. Then I start to ignore him while he starts blaming everything on "the person that is telling me all about the bad stuff isn't doing the right thing and how its affecting our relationship. He walks back to his bed and says that he is sorry to Rylee and not saying how he is sorry. Then I turn over to rylee and wrap my arm around her and turns away from me. Then I ask dad for my phone because I want to talk to you and he says no and then I say he is not letting me talk to you. Thats all that happened. I miss you mommy. I want to come home and be with you and Rylee without her thinking I'm a horrible person. I hate Utah and I hate dad. I love you.

Love,

Brookie 🐣 🖫

Harrison v. Harrison

Excerpt from the Affidavit of Vivian Harrison, Filed October 27, 2011

- Frankly, is absurd and ridiculous. I'm not sure from his explanation how he thinks that I took such credit. I certainly never said, "I earned that trophy", or "I'm Miss Teen Nevada", or "I hit that home run," "I won that State Championship," or "That Jr. Black Belt is mine", or "I took that math exam," etc. Did I see to it that they were signed up, had the proper equipment, and went to practice on a consistent basis? Yes, but their achievements are their own. I have been proud of my children's accomplishments like all parents, and if Kirk and others have heard me speak about my children's accomplishments, it's because in that area there is a lot I can talk about.
- 79. There have been times when I have discussed my role in the children's accomplishments with them. Our daughter Tahnee has a temper, and when angry can make very hurtful comments. For example, she has said, "I'm smarter than you," "have more talent than you", "am more athletic than you", "I went to a better college than you," "I'm going to be more successful than you," "You do nothing, you don't even work", "Its dad's money", etc. (all themes that I believe have been kept alive by Kirk since they are mentioned throughout his motion). I had conversations with Tahnee when she was in high school, after she said something along the lines of the foregoing quotes, reiterating the fact to Tahnee that she was able to achieve so much was because I supported her efforts. Tahnee would then allege I was trying to take credit. The problem wasn't that I wanted to take credit, the problem was that Tahnee was of the belief that she did not need to show any gratitude, and even worse, she could taunt me by telling me that I had no role in her achievements. Do I think she was grateful? Yes, I do. Do I

think she said things in the heat of arguments that suggested she wasn't grateful? Yes, I do. Rather than assuring her that I played any role in her success, it is clear (indeed, he even admits it) that Kirk instead fostered the notion, and continues to foster the notion, that I only did anything for Tahnee (or any of the other children for that matter) because I wanted to take credit for it.

- 80. One of the consistent problems in our marriage has been Kirk's lack of respect for me when dealing with the children. There are numerous times in his affidavits that he demonstrates this. When I would attempt to discipline the children by loss of privileges, he often undermined it. Kirk has on many occasions referred to me as a "freeloader" and he told me in front of the children "you don't work." He has even convinced the older children that I don't deserve "his money," a theme the two oldest girls have seemed to latched onto based upon their continual reference to things I buy (of course neither of them has ever suggested to me that I've spent too much on them). So the Court can see that Kirk's suggestion that I only buy things for myself is plain wrong, I have attached as Exhibit A-3 a list of purchases I have made on behalf of the children in the period from 2005 to 2011.
- Much of my money" and "she has stolen credit for all your achievements" mantra that he has used to try to alienate the children. Kirk's most recent invention is that I have favored Tahnee while growing up. I have never "favored" any child and I love them all immeasurably. Each child had his or her own individual needs and talents and interests, which I did my best to address. Whitney spent more time with her friends, because Whitney's personality is very gregarious and social. She loves to be around people; she is very social and has lots of friends. Tahnee's personality is quite different. She is much more introverted and enjoys spending time

alone. Tahnec loves to stay at home and read, draw and work on the computer. Being around people is exhausting for Tahnee and she has described herself as having social anxiety. I supported Whitney's decision to participate in extra-curricular activities and attend the LDS church. I supported all of the children in everything they did. Sibling rivalry and relationships are always complicated, and I did my best to help all of them.

- 82. Kirk makes much of the notion that Whitney, at age 13, expressed that she wanted to live with friends (she never actually did live with anyone else). Whitney had good friends who were LDS, and she wanted to go to church regularly. She looked at LDS families and compared them to Kirk and me, and she thought we fell short of her ideal. Again, she was 13 years old. Whitney remained in our home, and was very involved in church activities, student body office, and other leadership positions at school. Rather than allowing this to just die, Kirk brings this issue up over and over again. At no time do I recall every expressing to Whitney that she should move out of our house.
- 83. Kirk's repetition of problems that occurred while the children were in high school is on full display in his motion. He repeats again the incident where I smacked Tahnee and told her to get out of the house. Kirk, of course, has selectively used or distorted facts. First, he claims Tahnee was sixteen. In reality she was almost 18, and in her senior year of high school After arguing for a significant period in which Tahnee continued to belittle my parenting of our younger children, she punctuated her argument with a "F_k you," and I smacked her mouth. I am not proud of that fact, but it was a single incident. Contrary to Kirk's contention, that is the only time I ever recall smacking Tahnee in the mouth. I fully understand teenagers need to become independent and thus separate themselves from their parents. I also understand that this struggle for independence may lead to disagreements. I do not believe, however, that a

tecnager's desire to gain independence grants them license to be rude, defiant and ignore their responsibilities

- Both Kirk and Tahnee have failed to tell the whole story underlying that incident, 84. and by doing so, have misrepresented it. Tahnee and I began having difficulties when she started high school. Our family was forced out of our Boulder City home because of a lawsuit Kirk was in with our neighbor, and we were renting a home in Green Valley. Tahnee and Whitney transferred to Green Valley High School and were accepted into the International Baccalaureate Program. Both girls made the golf team and Whitney also made the basketball team and served as an officer in the student government. During Tahnee's junior year she inexplicably appeared to be shutting down and exhibiting signs of depression. She became more isolated, quit her dance and piano classes, refused to practice golf, study for her prepatory ACT Kaplan practice exams and received multiple failing notices. See Exhibit A-4, attached hereto. She had also began to talk back and became openly defiant in front of Brooke who then was only three years old.] took Tahnee to Sue Beglinger, a family counselor, and then to a psychiatrist, Dr. Elizabeth Tully to prescribe medication. I was seriously concerned about Tahnee's failing notices, and I wanted to help her overcome her problem. Kirk's only input to this process was to criticize me for trying to "control" Tahnee. I was extremely thankful when the psychiatrist provided a medical note that allowed Tahnee additional time to turn in all late assignments, and Tahnee was eventually able to pull up her grades. Nevertheless, this was a very stressful time for the family.
- 85. We finally moved into a new home in Boulder City, and our fifth child Rylee was born in January 2003. My conflicts with Tahnee became more frequent and started to escalate. I asked Kirk to assist me in parenting the older children for months, but Kirk replied that I had "messed up the kids", and now I wanted him to "fix it." Instead of Kirk becoming supportive, he

began to undermine my authority by belittling me openly in front of the children. He started saying things like, "You know how your Mom is" and, "Just walk away and wait until 1 get home." After a while, whenever I asked Tahnee to do anything she did not want to do she said, "No, I'll talk to Dad."

- 86. The day that I asked her to leave, we had been arguing for hours. When I went into a different room with the little girls, then three and a baby, she would follow and say more. The conversation became heated. I was tired, and I was angry that she continued to come after me even with the little girls there. I said things that I shouldn't have the worst of which was mentioning the problems she had undergone earlier that school year. I know that hurt Tahnee, and she felt like I was abandoning her by telling her to leave. I simply wanted to stop the arguments, and I did not truly think she would be gone for any length of time. It was wrong, and I regret it, but what truly made it an incident that continues to be brought up over and over again is the way Kirk reacted.
- Heather's house. Tahnee had a place to go and was not in any danger or living on the street. I was hoping for two things, 1) Kirk would realize the severity of the situation and step up and help parent; and, 2) Tahnee would realize how good she had it and make a commitment to change and participate with her family in a positive nature. Instead, Kirk retrieved Tahnee from Heather's (exactly where I suspected she would go) and brought her home. In front of the children he said "this house belongs to the children" and that it was going to "always be their home no matter what they say or do." In other words, the children need not show me any respect, were free to do whatever they wanted or did not want to do at the home, and there was not going to be any consequence. Kirk expresses his view in his motion that the children's only

"fault" was to want some independence from me, or to dare to question a decision I made concerning them.

- 88. I note that in his motion he presents his theme that I could not accept the independence of the children in a way that makes no sense. Strangely, while saying on the one hand that I was too involved in the older children's lives (and thus could not accept their independence), he also states that after giving birth to Rylec and having a toddler, Brooke, I became more focused on the two youngest children, while I became less tolerant of the oldest three children's attempts to be more independent. (Kirk's aff. p. 7) That statement is contradictory and illogical. It stands to reason that if I was more focused on the younger children that I would be less focused on the older three and any of their attempts to be more independent would be aided by my focus on the younger children.
- 89. Kirk, however, was wrong about what was going on. The person that best expressed what happened that day was Tahnee. In a letter that she wrote, she outlined how she felt about the incident. A true and correct copy of that letter is attached hereto as Exhibit A-5. For me, the incident is over, and I love Tahnee and always will. She should, and I believe does, know that I will be there for her whenever she needs me for as long as I live.
- 90. While Kirk is quick to blame me for every ill that has ever occurred in our family, he fails to mention any of his own confrontations with Whitney and Tahnee. When they were defiant with him the story had a different ending. He chased Tahnee down the street yelling. My recollection is that he couldn't catch her and came back empty handed, and it was a while later when Tahnee mustered enough courage to come home. He also chased Whitney with a hairbrush in our home and caught her upstairs and spanked her with the brush in hand. He also chased Tahnee while playing golf at the golf course and she fell down in a hazard and cut her leg. He

grabbed her and brought her back to the golf cart. All of these instances occurred during the same timeframe, and during all the above instances Kirk used profanity. Kirk did these things only on a few occasions when the girls were defiant with him, and they stopped being defiant. With me, however, that never happened. I couldn't threaten them with physical punishment. Tahnee is six feet tall and Whitney is five foot eight and they both are junior black belts. The girls were bigger, stronger, and faster than me. At five foot three and often with a toddler and infant in my arms, I posed no real threat to them. With Kirks constant undermining and non-supportive nature, I could not discipline them in anyway.

HEDEU Austria Charles Charles

6 July 2013

To Whom It May Concem:

I am writing this letter in regards to Rylee Harrison. She was first seen by us in April 2011 after mother had become suspicious that the testosterone medication that she had been prescribed by her physician might be causing changes in her daughter. She had been applying the cream in the areas recommended by the FDA and the drug manufacturer. She sought out medical opinion, and it was suspected that the medication that she was using might have been giving some secondary transference to her child and causing changes in her body. At the time of the prescription, there was no warning to the consumer or physician that such a transference of testosterone cream to fomites and then other household members could occur. Now such a black box warning does exist, but in 2011 it did not.

Upon learning that the cream may be the cause for her daughters development of pubic hair, she stopped the cream and switched to injections. This is safe, and would allow continued co-bedding with the children in a safe manner.

It was discussed that the testosterone exposure may of advanced her bone age, and when she went into puberty, we may consider a surgical implant of Supprelin to suppress puberty and maximize her height. The need for the implant is totally voluntary, and in no way is required for her to have a healthy life. The implant secretes a hormone that her body normally would make, and in itself has no side effects that could harm her.

Estimation of height is exactly that. An estimate. The closer you get to the final adult height, which typically is at age 14-15 in a female, the more accurate the estimation. Estimations done at age 2 are not very accurate, and there are general formulas and ways to estimate final adult height, but many factors in the course of ones life can come into play and after this-things such as subclinical ovarian cysts that advance bone age. Our estimation, based upon the fathers height and the mothers height that the midparental height, or genetic expectation was to be 68 inches in height. This differs from the pediatricians estimation of 6 feet tall, but is considered to be more accurate. We felt that Rylee was on track to having a final adult height of 64 inches. This was based upon an advanced bone age that she had done. This is still with 2 standard deviations from the midparental height, and still is

5235 South Durango, Suite 103 - Las Vegas - Nevada - 89148 Office: (702) 851-7287 Fax: (702) 851-7286 considered to be within the normal range for her genetic potential, just on the lower end of of it. Many children can have advanced bone age without exposure to testosterone. Ovarian cysts can advance it, obesity can advance it, and there are factors that we don't understand. To say that Rylee's predicted height and advanced bone age is solely secondary to the testosterone exposure would be wrong. It did contribute, there is no doubt, but to be solely responsible we cannot say.

Rylee's mother has been to every single appointment. She has called into the office, followed up on lab results, xray results, and has always asked very appropriate and intelligent questions. She has never missed an appointment, missed a lab draw, and has researched on her own to educate herself on options that she may have. Upon learning that the cream could be harming the family, she immediately stopped, and switched to a non contaminating formulation.

I am of the opinion that Rylee's mother has shown nothing but genuine interest in Rylee's health as any mother would. She appears to be the main caregiver and liason for her health.

As Rylees stature is going right now, she is in the lower range of normal for her genetic potential. Use of the implant is a consideration, but not an absolute, and may even possibly not be needed. Depends how things play out. Her weight can contribute to advanced bone age, and it is not uncommon for preadolescent females to have ovarian cysts that wax and wane and effect the bone age. To say that the testosterone cream and exposure are solely responsible would be very wrong. Mother became suspicious and initiated the workups that led to the diagnosis. She was vigilant, and correct in her suspicions. We feel the mother has been very involved in Rylees health beyond the testosterone, and only has Rylees best intentions at heart.

Respectfully,

Ashcesh Deward MD Endocrinology

> 5235 South Durango, Suite 103 - Las Vegus - Nevada - 89148 Office: (702) 851-7287 Fax: (702) 851-7286

14 October 2013



DECLARATION EXECUTED IN THE STATE OF NEVADA (NRS 53.045)

- 1. My name is Dr. Asheesh Dewan.
- 2. I am an adult.
- 3. I make this declaration of my personal knowledge unless stated otherwise.
- d. I am a physician licensed in the State of Nevada. I specialize in pediatric endocrinology. Rylee Harrison has been my patient since April 2011, when her parents brought her to me for possible precocious puberty.
- 5 Since that time I have seen Rylee on regularly scheduled appointments. Most recently, I examined her on October 7, 2013, after she had drawn blood samples and a bone age x-ray to determine her growth pattern.
- 6. I reviewed the results of her tests with her parents during that appointment. At that time I informed them of my conclusions:
- A. Rylee, who will be age 11 in January has entered puberty which is normal for her age. Rylee is currently 63.22" inches tall. Rylee's bone age x-ray matches her current chronological age of 11 and displays bone age and growth patterns which are normal for her age and genetic potential. The Mid parental height growth potential is estimated at 68 inches given her parents adult height. Rylee does not not have advanced bone age and no medical intervention of any kind is warranted.
- B. Given her current height and bone age Rylee is estimated to be at the high end of her genetic potential with an predicted adult height of around 5'10" tall.
- C. In my opinion, she is healthy and doing well; she does not need further blood draws or tests.
- D. I would like to examine her again in six months, only to monitor her weight.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this date 14-October 2013, in Las Vegas

Asheesh Dewart, MD

Endocrinology

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Chart 2: Custody Criteria*

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Attorney or GAL,***		 ×	×	l _×				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1.,	***			
ł	Į.					×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Domestic Violence***	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Cooperative Parent		×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×				×
Presumption in Favor of Joint Custody	X ₂		×	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	×		X ₂			ž			ж	
Joint Custody Authorized	×	×	×	×	×	٤×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Child's Wishes	î×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Statutory Factors**	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
STATE	Alahama Ala, Code § 30-3-131 Ala, Code § 30-3-152	Albska Alaska Stat. \$ 25.20.060 Alaska Stat. \$ 25.24.150	Arizona Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 25.321 Ariz. Rev. Stat. § 25-403	Arkansas Ark. Code Ann. § 9-13-101	California California Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3010 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3021 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3021 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3027 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3027 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3027 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3030 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3040 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3041 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3041 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3041 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3042 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3043 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3043 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3054 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3054 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3054 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3150 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3150 Cal. Fam. Cobe § 3150	Colorado Coto, Rev. Stat. § 14-10. 124	Connecticut Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46B-54 Conn. Gen. Stat. § 46B-56	Delaware DBL Code ANK, FT. 13 § 721 DBL CODE ANK, FT, 13 § 722	District of Columbia D.C. Cope § 16-914	Morida Fla. Stat. § 61.13 Fla. Stat. § 61.401	Georgia GA. Code Ann. § 19-9-3	Haw. Rev. Stat. § 571-46	Idaho Idaho Code Ann. § 32-704 Idaho Code Ann. § 32-717 Idaho Code Ann. § 33-7178	Illinois 750 LL. Comp. Stat. 5/601 750 LL. Comp. Stat. 5/602 750 LL. Comp. Stat. 5/602.1

Domestic ar Violence*** GAL* × $|\times$ × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × Cooperative Parent × × × × × × Joint Presumption in Custody Favor of Authorized Joint Custody × ž × × × × × × × × × × × × Child's Wishes × × \times × × × × × × × × Statutory Factors** × × × × × × × × Indiuma IND. CODE § 31-17-2-8 IND. CODE § 31-17-2-15 IND. CODE § 31-17-2-15 IND. CODE § 31-17-6-1 IOWN IOWA CODE § 598.12 KANSAN CODE § 598.41 KANS STAT. ANN § 23-3209 KAN. STAT. ANN § 23-3206 Louisiana La. Civ. Code Ann. Arr. 131 La. Civ. Code Ann. Arr. 132 La. Civ. Code Ann. Arr. 132 La. Civ. Code Ann. Arr. 134 La. Rev. Stat. Ann. 9:364 Maine Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. 19-A § 1653 Rev. Stat. Tir. 19-A § 1653 § 31A Mass. Gen. Laws CH. 209C § 10 Mass. Gen. Laws CH. 215 Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Michigan Minnesota Minne Massachusetts Mass. Gen. Laws CH. 208 § 28 Mass. Gen. Laws CH. 208 § 31 Mass. Gen. Laws CH. 208 \$ 9-101.1 MD. CODE ANN. FAM. LAW \$ 1-202 MD. CODE ANN. FAM. LAW \$ 5-203 Maryland Mb. Cobe Ann, Fam. Law Kentucky Ky. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 403.270 STATE

Chart 2: Custody Criteria* (continued)

STATE	Statutory Factors**	Child's Wishes	Joint Custody Authorized	Presumption in Favor of Joint Custody	Coaperative Parent	Domestic Viotence***	Attorney or GAL****
Nebraska Neb. Rev. Stat. § 42-558 Neb. Rev. Stat. § 42-364 Neb. Rev. Stat. § 43-2923	×	×	×			×	1
Nevada Nev. Rev. Stat. § 125.480	×	×9.5	×	×	×	×	V9
New Hampshire N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 461-A:6	ľ×	×	×		×	×	×
New Jersey N.J. Stat. Ann. § 9:2-4	×	×	×		×	×	×
New Mexico N.M. Stat. Ann. § 40-4-8 N.M. Stat. Ann. § 40-4-9 N.M. Stat. Ann. § 40-4-9.1	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
New York N.Y. Dom. Rel. Law § 240		X10		American Control of the principal of the control of		×	×
North Carolina N.C. Gen. Stat. § 50-13.1 N.C. Gen. Stat. § 50-13.2		ī. ×	×			×	
North Dakota N.D. Cent. Cope § 14-09-06.2 N.D. Cent. Cope § 14-09-06.4	×	×	×		×	×	×
Odio Oho Rey. Code Ann. § 3109.04	×3	×	X ¹²		×	×	×
Oklahoma Okla, Stat. 111. 43 § 109 Okla, Stat. 111. 43 § 112		×	X;2		×	×	×
Oregon On. Rev. Stat. § 107,137	×	×13	*1×		×	×	
Pennsylvania 23 Pa. Cons. Syat. Ann. \$ 5328 23 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann. \$ 5334	×	×	×		×	×	×
Rhode Island R.I. Gen. Laws § 15-5-16 R.I. Gen. Laws § 15-5-16.2		X15	×		X13	×	×
South Carolina S.C. Code Ann. § 63-3-530 S.C. Code Ann. § 63-3-810 S.C. Code Ann. § 63-15-30 S.C. Code Ann. § 63-15-40		×	×			×	×
South Dakota S.D. Copined Laws § 25-4-45		×16	×			×	×
Tennessee Tenn. Code Ann. § 36-4-132 Tenn. Code Ann. § 36-6-101 Tenn. Code Ann. § 36-6-106	×	×	×	×12	×	×	×
Texns Tex. Fam. Code Ann. § 107.002 Tex. Fam. Code Ann. § 153		81X	61×	×		×	×
Ulah Utah Code Ann. § 30-3-10 Utah Code Ann. § 30-3-10.02 Utah Code Ann. § 30-3-10.10 Utah Code Ann. § 30-3-11.2	×	×	×		×	×	×

A Review of the Year in Family Law

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STATE	Statistory	Child's	Joint Custody	Presumption in Favor of	Cooperative	Domestic	Attorney
	r actors**	Wishes	Authorized	Joint Custody	Parent	Violence***	GAT.***
Vermont Vt. Siat. Ann. 717. 15 § 594; 665; 665a	×	8 X	×		×	×	×
Virginia Va. Code Ann, § 20-124.2; 20-124.3	×	×	×		×	×	X ₂₁
Washington Wash. Rev. Code § 26.09.013 Wash. Rev. Code § 26.09.187 Wash. Rev. Code § 26.09.220	×	×	×		×	×	×
West Virginia W. Va. Cope § 48-6-206 W. Va. Cope § 48-9-209 W. Va. Cope § 48-9-302	×	×	×		×	×	×
Wisconsin Wis. Stat. § 767.41 Wis. Stat. § 767.407	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Wydming Wyc. Stat. Ann. § 20-2-20]	×	X22	×		×	×	

The statutes cited do no ** Authough there is a statutory list of factors, the court may in its discretion consider other factors under the particular circumstances of the case. * The chart looks at child custody determinations during a divorce or separation. necessarily affect child custody decisions in other situations.

custody. The statutes vary from making domestic violence a factor in custody determinations, to imposing presumption against custody in batterers or imposing special procedural considerations in cases involving domestic violence.
**** This column indicates whether a state has statutory authority for appointment of a guardian ad litem or attome *** The jurisdiction has enacted a statute permitting the consideration of domestic violence in conjunction with chil

for a child specifically in child custody cases.

Does not use the term "child custody," but instead uses the terminology, such as "parental responsibilities an 1. By case law. See, e.g., Naudit v. Haddock, 882 So. 2d 364 (Ala. Civ. App. 2003).
2. There is a presumption that joint custody is in the best interest of the child if both parents request joint custody.

ngits," "legal custodian," or other similar terminology.

4. Fla. Stat. § 61.13(2)(c)(2)..."The court shall order the parental responsibility for a minor child be shared by bot

parents unless the court finds that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the child.

5. Domestic violence is not addressed in the statute but has been considered by courts as a factor in case law.

6. By case law. See, e. g., Hild v. Hild, 157 A.2d 442 (Md. 1960); Wagner, Wagner, G74 A.2d 1 (Md. Ct. Spec. App. 1996); Montgomery Chiy. Dep't of Soc. Services v. Sanders, 381 A.2d 1154 (Md. Ct. Spec. App. 1977).

7. Factors considered in custody decisions are listed in case law. See Albright v. Albright, 437 So. 2d 1003, 100;

(Miss. 1983).

8. Public politey encounages participation of both patents in decisions and statute directs that "the court shall determine the custody arrangement which will best assure both patents participate in such decisions ... so long as it is in the best interests of the child." This statute, however, does not create a presumption in favor of joint custody. In re Marriage of Kroeger-Eberhart v. Eberhart, 254 S.W.34 38, 2007 Mo. App. LEXIS 1661 (Mo. Ct. App. 2007).

9. In Montana, the words "custody," "joint," "primary parent," or "visitation" are not used when referring to child custody. Parents are considered to have identical rights as to the child, but their parenting times may differ.
9.5. Nevada will consider a child's wishes, among other factors, if the child is of sufficient age and capacity to form an intelligent preference as to custody.

By Gase law. See, e.g., Harris v. Higgins, 203 A.D.2d 23 (N.Y. App. Div. 1994).
 By Gase law. See, e.g., Harris v. Harris, 115 N.C. 587 (1894); Brooks, U. Brooks, 184 S.E.2d 417 (N.C. Ct. App.

1971).
12. Uses the term "shared parenting."
13. By case law. See In re Marriage of Tuttle, 660 P.2d 196 (Or. Ct. App. 1983).
14. The court may only order joint custody if both agree to joint custody. The court may not order joint custody over the objection of cither parent.

By case law. See, e.g., Africano v. Castelli, 837 A.2d 721 (R.1. 2003); Pettinato v. Pettinato, 582 A.2d 909 (R.1. 15.

15.5.c. See Price v. Kruce, v. ...
17. It is presumed that joint custody is in use v. ...
17. It is presumed that joint custody in open court.
18. By case law. See Vazquez, v. Varquez, 292.S.W.3d 80 (Tex. App. 2007).
19. Texas uses the lauguage "sole or joint managing conservator" rather than "sole or joint custody."
20. By case law. The court is not required or forbidden to consider the preference of the child. See Cameron v. 28 A. 2d 294 (Vt. 1979).
21. Discussed further in Verreachio v. Verrocchio 429 S.E.2d 482 (Va. Ct. App. 1993).
22. By case law. See JRS v. GMS, 90 P.3d 718 (Wyo. 2004).

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2								
3	CI		T COURT NTY, NEVADA					
5	KIRK ROSS HARRISON,		CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D					
6	Plaintiff,	•	DEPT NO.: Q					
7 8 9	VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, Defendant.		FAMILY COURT MOTION/OPPOSITION FEE INFORMATION SHEET (NRS 19.0312)					
11	Party Filing Motion/Opposition:	Plaintiff/Petit	ioner Defendant/Respondent					
12	RESOLVING PARENT CHILD ISSU AND OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF;	JES [TO DE	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO MODIFY ORDE LETE "TEENAGE DISCRETION" PROVISION					
13 14	DEFENDANT'S COUNTERMOTION	IS TO RESO	LVE PARENT/CHILD ISSUES, TO CONTINU TERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AN					
14	ATTORNEY'S FEES AND SANCTIO	NS	TERVIEW OF THE MINOR CHILDREN, AND					
16 17	Motions and Oppositions to Motions filed after entry of a final		orrect answer with an "X" nal Decree or Custody Order has been ed. YES NO					
18	order pursuant to NRSS 125, 125Bor 125C are		document is filed soley to adjust the amount of					
19	subject to the Re-open filing fee of \$25.00, unless specifically	supp	oort for a child. No other request is made. YES NO					
20	excluded (NRS 19.0312)		Motion is made for reconsideration or a new					
22	trial and is filed within 10 days of the Judge's Order if YES, provide file date of Order: YES NO							
23	If it is determined that a motion or opposition is filed without payment	<u>.</u>						
24 25	of the appropriate fee, the matter may be taken off the Court's calendar or may remain undecided	If you a you are	nswered YES to any of the questions above, not subject to the \$25 fee.					
26	until payment is made.	OT subject to	\$25 filing fee					
27	Dated this 17 nd day of October, 2013	or subject to	ops mind fee					
28	Jolene Hoeft Printed Name of Preparer		Signature of Preparer					

Electronically Filed Sep 10 2014 04:08 p.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

HARRISON V. HARRISON CASE NUMBER 66157 CROSS-APPELLANT'S EXHIBITS A-I OF THE DOCKETING STATEMENT

EXHIBIT "A"

SAO SMITH & TAYLOR Electronically Filed RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. 07/11/2012 01:41:38 PM Nevada State Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pécos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Telephone: (702) 990-6448 CLERK OF THE COURT Lacsimile: (702) 990-6456 rsmith@radfordsmith.com GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. SILVERMAN, DECARIA, & KATILEMAN Nevada State Bar No. 000409 6140 Plumas Street, Suite 200 Reno, NV 89519 10 Telephone: (775) 322-3223 Eacsimile: (775) 322-3649 11 silverman@silverman-decaria.com 12 Attorneys for Defendant 13 DISTRICT COURT 14 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 15 16 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 17 CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D DEPT NO. Q Plaintiff, 18 19 FAMILY DIVISION VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, 20 Defendant. 21 22 23 STIPULATION AND ORDER RESOLVING PARENT/CHILD ISSUES 24 DATE OF HEARING: N/A TIME OF HEARING: N/A 25 COME NOW, Defendant, Vivian Marie Lee Harrison (hereinafter Vivian"), by and through her 26 27 attorneys, Radford J. Smith, Esq., and Gary R. Silverman, Esq., and Plaintiff, Kirk Ross Harrison 28

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LAG

(hereinafter "Kirk") by and through his attorneys, Thomas Standish, Esq., and Edward L. Kainen, Esq. and hereby stipulate and agree and request that the Court find and order as follows:

- or collectively as "parents" below) have two (2) minor children born the issue of this marriage, namely Emma Brooke Harrison, born June 26, 1999, and Rylee Marie Harrison, born January 24, 2003. The parties have not adopted any children, and Vivian is not pregnant. The parties desire by this stipulation to resolve all issues regarding the care, custody, control and support of their minor children. The parties hereby represent and agree that the provisions set forth below outline a plan that is in the best interest of the minor children.
- Legal Custody: The parents will share joint legal custody of the minor children. Joint legal custody shall be defined as follows:
- 2.1. Each parent shall consult and cooperate with the other in substantial questions relating to religious upbringing, educational programs, significant changes in social environment, and health care of the children. Each parent shall have access to medical and school records pertaining to the children, and (except as limited in paragraph 3 below) shall each be permitted to independently consult with any and all professionals involved with the care, treatment or education of the children.
- 2.2. The parents shall jointly select all schools, day care providers, and counselors for the children. In the event the parents cannot agree to the selection of a school, the child(ren) shall remain in the school she is (or they are) then attending pending mediation and/or further court order.
- 2.3. Unless otherwise stated herein, the parents shall jointly select all health care providers for the children, including all medical providers, dentists or orthodontists, optical care providers, psychological counselors and mental health providers, and neither parent shall seek non-emergency health care, whether physical or mental, for the children without the knowledge and consent of the other.



- 2.4. Each parent shall be empowered to obtain emergency health care for either child without the consent of the other parent. Each parent shall notify the other parent as soon as reasonably possible of any illness or injury of either child requiring emergency medical attention, the location of any emergency care of either child, and the result of such care.
- 2.5. Each parent shall provide the other parent, upon receipt, with any information concerning the children's care, education, or activities, including, but not limited to, copies of report cards, school meeting notices, vacation schedules, class programs, requests for teacher conferences, results of standardized or diagnostic tests, notices or schedules of activities, samples of school work, order forms for school pictures, all communications from health care providers, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all the children's schools, health care providers, regular day care providers, and counselors.
- 2.6. Each parent shall advise the other parent of school, athletic, church, and social events in which the children participate, and each agrees to notify the other parent within a reasonable time after first learning of such event so as to allow the other parent to make arrangements to attend the event if he or she chooses to do so. Both parents may participate in and attend activities involving the children including, but not limited to, activities such as open house, school and church activities and events, athletic events, school plays, graduation ceremonies, school carnivals, and any other activities involving the children. Regardless of what parent has the custodial care of the children on the date of such event, each parent shall be afforded a reasonable time to greet, congratulate, take pictures, or participate in other normal activities with the children acknowledging or memorializing the event.
- 2.7. Each parent shall provide the other parent with the address and telephone number at which the minor children reside, and each shall notify the other parent at least thirty (30) days prior to any change of address of the children, and shall provide the telephone number of such address change as soon as it is assigned.



- 2.8. Each parent shall provide the other parent with a travel itinerary and, whenever reasonably possible, telephone numbers at which either child can be reached, whenever either child will be away from that parent's home for a period of twenty-four (24) hours or more. The parties each acknowledge that pursuant to current federal law, each will need to seek the written permission of the other party for any travel with the children outside of the United States, which written permission shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 2.9. Each parent shall encourage liberal communication between both children and the other parent. Each parent shall be entitled to reasonable telephone communication with the children. Each parent agrees to be restrained, and is restrained, from unreasonably interfering with the children's right to privacy during such telephone conversations.
- 2.10. Neither parent shall interfere with the right of the children to transport clothing, toys and other personal belongings freely between the parents' respective homes.
- 2.11. Neither parent shall disparage the other in the presence of either child, nor shall either parent make any comment of any kind that would demean the other parent in the eyes of either child. Additionally, each parent agrees to instruct their respective family and friends that no disparaging remarks are to be made regarding the other parent in the presence of either child.
- 2.12. The parents further agree to communicate directly with each other regarding the needs and well being of their children, and each parent agrees that he or she shall not to use either child to communicate with the other parent regarding parental issues, or to transfer notes, payments, or other documents to the other parent without the other parent's consent.
- 3. Therapist for the Minor Children: The parents agree that-the minor children shall engage in therapeutic sessions with a mutually agreed-upon child psychologist or psychiatrist upon the request of either party. The psychologist or psychiatrist shall be chosen jointly by the parties. If the parties are



unable to agree upon a psychiatrist or psychologist within 30 days of the date of the filing of this Stipulation and Order, then the Court shall appoint that individual. The determination of the need for the children to engage in and/or continue with therapy shall be at the discretion of the therapist, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the parties. The therapist shall not be called as a witness in this case in the absence of an issue requiring mandatory reporting under NRS 432B.220. In the absence of such a mandatory reporting issue, the therapist shall be immune from process in this matter, and shall not be called to testify. The therapist's role would be entirely therapeutic and one to which the children would address any issues or problems for peaceful resolution. For any instance where the therapist believes that the behavior of either parent should be addressed, and the child provides consent to the therapist to address the issue, the psychologist shall direct any discussion, suggestions, or questions to the parties. Parenting Coordinator appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 below. Neither party shall directly contact the therapist in the absence of a written agreement to that effect. The parties shall equally divide the cost of such therapy.

- 4. Parenting Coordinator: The parties shall hire a Parenting Coordinator to resolve disputes between the parties regarding the minor children. The Parenting Coordinator shall be chosen jointly by the parties. The Parenting Coordinator shall serve pursuant to the terms of an order mutually agreed upon by the parties. If the parties are unable to agree upon a Parenting Coordinator, or the terms of an Order appointing the Parenting Coordinator, within thirty (30) days of the date of the filing of this Stipulation and Order, then the Court shall appoint that individual and resolve any disputes regarding the terms of the appointment.
- 5. Weekly Division of Time with the Minor Child: The parties shall share joint physical custody of the minor children. VIVIAN shall have the children in her care each Monday from after school, or Monday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school (subject to the provisions of paragraph



7.6), until Wednesday after school, or Wednesday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school. KIRK shall have the children in his care from Wednesday after school, or Wednesday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school, until Friday after school, or Friday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school. The parties shall alternate weekends with the children, from Friday after school, or Friday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school, until Monday after school, or Monday at 9:00 a.m. when the children are not in school.

- 6. Notwithstanding the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents agreed that, once each child reaches the age of fourteen (14) years, such child shall have "teenage discretion" with respect to the time the child desires to spend with each parent. Thus, while the parents acknowledge the foregoing time-share arrangement, the parents further acknowledge and agree that it is in the best interest of each of their minor children to allow each child the right to exercise such "teenage discretion" in determining the time the child desires to spend with each parent once that child reaches 14 years of age.
- 6.1. The parties do not intend by this section to give the children the absolute ability to determine their custodial schedule with the other parent. Rather, the parties intend to allow the children to feel comfortable in requesting and/or making adjustments to their weekly schedule, from time to time, to spend additional time with either parent or at either parent's home.
- 6.2. Such adjustments shall not be prompted or suggested by either parent, but shall originate with the child(ren). The parties shall not allow the children to use this flexibility as a means to avoid spending time with the other parent, and they shall each encourage the children to follow the regular schedule to the extent possible. If either party feels that his or her time is being unduly eroded by this provision as an attempt by the other parent to minimize that parent's custodial time, he or she may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator and/or the Court.



KRA

- 6.3. The Parenting Coordinator will not have the ability to revoke this provision, but may address those concerns within the context of the rights, duties and obligations of the Parenting Coordinator as detailed in the order appointing the Parenting Coordinator. Nothing in this section is intended to limit the discretion of the District Court in making child custody determinations.
- 6.4. In the event either child wishes to permanently modify the regular custodial schedule beyond the scope of this provision once that child reaches 14 years of age, she may address this matter with the therapist or Parenting Coordinator, or either party may address this issue with the Parenting Coordinator. If the parties cannot agree, the Court shall consider the children's wishes pursuant to NRS 125.480(4)(a).
- 7. Holiday Time with the Minor Children: Holidays and special times shall take precedence over but not break the continuity of the plan. The parties will discuss and agree on a schedule of holiday visitation for any holiday not specifically addressed herein.
- 7.1. Summer Vacation or Intersession Break: The parties shall each be entitled to two weeks of uninterrupted visitation with the children during the children's Summer Vacation/Intersession periods. The party exercising such visitation shall advise the other party, in writing, thirty (30) days in advance of the visitation. The parties shall alternate yearly having the priority for scheduling visitation, with Kirk having the priority in odd-numbered years, and Vivian having priority in even-numbered years, provided, however, Kirk shall not designate vacation time during the period of the children's sewing camp. That priority in scheduling must be exercised by notice to the other party by March I of each year, and if the party with priority fails to notify the other party of a summer vacation schedule by that time, then priority in that year shall be granted to the first party to notice the other of such vacation plans. The two week period may be broken into two one-week periods, but no smaller unit. The visitation periods shall not be taken during the other parties' holiday visitation periods outlined herein. In addition, the



parties shall be entitled to the following additional periods: VIVIAN shall be entitled to an additional tendays to attend the sewing camp with the children each year in which she and the children have previously participated. VIVIAN shall advise KIRK of the dates as soon as she learns of them so that the parties may schedule summer vacation periods. KIRK shall be entitled to an additional seven (7) days to attend the Utah/Lagoon trip with the children each year in which he and the children have previously participated. KIRK shall advise VIVIAN of the dates of the Utah/Lagoon trip as soon as he learns of them so that the parties may schedule summer vacation periods. The particular activities during these additional periods may be modified at each party's discretion. Also, because of the proximity of the date of this Agreement, for the Summer Break 2012 Vivian shall have the children in her care from August 5 through August 19 for her two week vacation period, and July 19 through July 31 for sewing camp: Kirk shall have the children in his care for the period beginning July 10 and ending on July 19, and from August 20 through August 26.

- 7.2. Winter Break: The Winter Break shall be defined utilizing the nine-month school year calendar for the Clark County, Nevada school district. The holiday shall be divided into two periods, the first beginning after school the day school recesses for the Winter Break, and ending December 25th at noon. The second period shall be defined as commencing December 25th at noon, and ending at 7:00 p.m. the day before school recommences. The parties shall alternate care of the child during those periods, with VIVIAN having the children during the first period in even-numbered years, and for the second period in odd-numbered years. KIRK shall have the children during the first period in odd-numbered years, and for the second period in even-numbered years.
- 7.3. Thanksgiving Visitation: The Thanksgiving holiday shall be defined as commencing after school (or at 3:00 p.m. if the children are not in school) on the Wednesday before Thanksgiving, and ending the Sunday following Thanksgiving at 7:00 p.m. The parties shall alternate having the children



during the Thanksgiving holiday, with VIVIAN having the children in her care during the Thanksgiving holiday in odd-numbered years, and KIRK having the children in his care during the Thanksgiving holiday in even-numbered years.

- 7.4. Spring Break: The Spring Break vacation shall be based upon the nine-month school calendar in Clark County, Nevada. The Spring Break period shall be defined as commencing the Friday that school recesses before the vacation period, and shall end on at 7:00 p.m. the Sunday before school recommences. KTRK shall have the children during the Spring Break vacation period in even-numbered years, and VIVIAN shall have the children during the Spring Break vacation period in odd-numbered years.
- 7.5. Independence Day: The Independence Day holiday shall be defined as commencing July 4th at 9:00 a.m., and ending July 5th at 10:00 a.m. KIRK shall have the children in his care for the Independence Day holiday during even-numbered years, and VIVIAN shall have the children in her care for the Independence Day holiday in odd-numbered years.
- 7.6. Other Nationally And State-Observed Holidays: With respect to such nationally observed holidays and holidays observed by the State of Nevada, to wit: 1) Martin Luther King Day; 2) President's Day; 3) Memorial Day; and 4) Labor Day, VIVIAN shall have the children in her care both that Monday holiday and the preceding weekend. In the event that VIVIAN does not normally have the children the weekend before the Monday holiday, she shall take the weekend with the children but grant the following two weekends to KIRK. KIRK shall have the children on the weekend of one Staff Development Day each year (which for the 2012-2013 school year is October 12, 2012), and each Friday that Nevada Day is observed (which for 2012-2013 school year is October 26, 2012). Commencing 2013, Kirk shall designate the Staff Development Day weekend he will have the children in his care by September 1 each year. In the event that KIRK does not normally have the children the weekend



following these Friday school holidays, he shall take the weekend with the children but grant the following two weekends to VIVIAN. No other Staff Development Days shall create any exceptions to the normal visitation schedule.

7.7. Veteran's Day: Veteran's Day shall be observed on the day that it falls as a holiday (typically November 11), provided, however, if Veteran's Day is observed on a Monday, VIVIAN shall have the preceding weekend with the children. In the event that VIVIAN does not normally have the children the weekend before the Monday holiday, she shall take the weekend with the children but grant the following two weekends to KIRK. KIRK shall have the children on Veteren's Day in 2016, when it shall fall on a Friday, and the weekend following that Friday. In the event that KIRK does not normally have the children the weekend before the Friday Veteran's Day holiday, he shall take the weekend with the children but grant the following two weekends to VIVIAN.

7.8. Father's Day: Regardless of which parent is entitled to have the children on the Sunday which is designated "Father's Day," KIRK shall be entitled to have the children from at least 10:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m. that day.

7.9. Mother's Day: Regardless of which parent is entitled to have the children on the Sunday designated as "Mother's Day," VIVIAN shall be entitled to have the children from at least 10:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m. that day.

7.10. Children's Birthdays: The parties shall alternate having the children for the children's birthdays. VIVIAN shall have the children for their birthday in odd-numbered years, and KIRK shall have the children for their birthday in even-numbered years. The children's birthday shall be defined as beginning at 9:00 a.m. on the birthday, and ending at 9:00 p.m. on that day.



8. Miscellaneous Provisions Regarding Care of Children:

8.1. While the parties recognize that the majority of exchanges shall be effectuated by dropping off and picking up the children at school, when school is not in session, the parents agree that in effectuating and implementing the aforementioned custody arrangements, the parent to whom the physical custody of the children is to be transferred at any such time that the physical custody of the children is to be changed from one parent to the other shall be responsible for picking up the children at the other parent's residence (i.e., when KIRK is to have the actual physical custody of the children, KIRK shall be responsible for picking up the children at VIVIAN's residence; and, conversely, when VIVIAN is to have the physical custody of the children, VIVIAN shall be responsible for picking up the children at KIRK's residence.

8.2. The parents agree that the children shall be picked up, and shall be available to be picked up, at the designated times set forth above. Should a delay become necessary, the parent responsible for such a necessary delay shall immediately notify the other parent to advise him or her of the problem. For example, if the receiving parent is unable to pick up the children at the designated time, such receiving parent shall immediately notify the other parent of that fact. Conversely, if the children are not available for the receiving parent to pick up at the designated time, the receiving parent shall be notified immediately by the other parent. Moreover, in the event any scheduled time cannot be kept due to the illness or other unavailability of a child and/or the receiving parent, the parent unable to comply with the schedule shall notify the other parent and the children as soon as reasonably possible. In the event the time-shared arrangement cannot be kept due to the illness or other unavailability of a child, the receiving parent shall be entitled to comparable time within thirty (30) days after the occurrence of such missed time with the child(ren).



- 9. Child Support: Based upon the current financial condition of the parties, and the fact that neither party currently engages in full time employment, neither party shall be required to pay child support to the other.
- 9.1. The provisions regarding child support herein are consistent with the statutory requirements of NRS 125B.070 and NRS 125B.080, as applied in *Wright v. Osburn*, 114 Nev. 1367, 970 P.2d 1071 (1998), and *Wesley v. Foster*, 119 Nev. 110, 65 P.3d 251 (2003).
- 10. Tax Exemption: VIVIAN shall be entitled to claim Rylee as a dependent each year, and KIRK shall be entitled to claim Brooke each year as a dependent until such time that Brooke is no longer eligible as a tax dependent. In the year following the last year that Brooke is eligible to be claimed as a tax dependent, the parties shall begin alternating Rylee as a dependent with VIVIAN claiming Rylee in the first year.
- shall maintain the minor children on the current policy of health insurance, and pay all healthcare expenses for the minor children not covered by insurance, with community funds. Commencing upon the first day of the month following the filing of a Decree of Divorce in this matter, KIRK shall be solely responsible for any premiums for such insurance, or for a policy reasonably comparable in benefits and premiums, which policy shall be chosen by KIRK. The parties shall be equally responsible for deductibles or co-pays required by the insurance policy, and any and all expenses for the healthcare costs of the minor children not covered by the insurance, including orthodontic and optical expenses, until such time as each child, respectively, reaches the age of eighteen (18), or if still in high school, the age of nineteen (19), marries, or otherwise becomes emancipated.
- 10.2. Documentation of Out-of-Pocket Expenses Required: A party who incurs an out-of-pocket expense for medical care is required to document that expense and provide the other party



proof of payment of that expense. A receipt of payment from the health care provider is sufficient to prove the expense so long as it has the name of the child on it and shows an actual payment by the party seeking reimbursement.

10.3. Timely Submission of Requests for Reimbursement: The party who has paid or incurred a health care expense for a minor child must submit a claim for reimbursement to the insurance company within the deadline required for reimbursement by the insurance policy. If a party fails to timely submit such a claim for reimbursement, and the claim is denied by the insurance company as untimely, that party shall pay the entire amount which would have been paid by the insurance company as well as one-half of the expense which would not have been paid by insurance if the claim had been timely filed.

party has a duty to mitigate medical expenses incurred by or for the minor children. Absent compelling circumstances, a party must take the minor children to a health care provider covered by the insurance in effect and use preferred or covered providers, if available, in order to minimize the cost of healthcare for the minor children. The burden is on the party using a non-covered health care provider to demonstrate that the choice not to use a covered provider, or the lowest cost option under the policy, was reasonably necessary in the particular circumstances. If the Court finds the choice of a non-covered or more expensive covered provider was not reasonably necessary, then the Court may impose a greater portion of financial responsibility for the cost of that health care on the party who incurred that expense up to the full amount which would have been provided by the lowest cost insurance choice.

10.5. Sharing of Insurance Information Required: The party providing insurance coverage for the children has a continuing obligation to provide insurance information to the other party including, but not limited to, copies of policies and policy amendments as they are received, claim forms, preferred provider lists (as modified from time to time), and identification cards. If the insuring party fails to timely



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supply any of the above items to the other party, and that failure results in a denial of a claim because of the non-insuring party's failure to comply with the procedures required by the amended or updated insurance policies, the party providing insurance shall be responsible for all healthcare expenses incurred by the minor child for any claim that would have been covered by insurance.

10.6. Reimbursement For Out-of-Pocket Expenses: A party that seeks reimbursement for one-half of an unreimbursed healthcare expense he or she has incurred on behalf of a minor child must submit such request for reimbursement to the other party within thirty (30) days of incurring such expense or being advised by the provider that such expense would not be reimbursed. If a party fails to request such reimbursement with that time period, that party shall forfeit any right to seek reimbursement. A party who receives a written request for contribution for an unreimbursed health care expense for a child incurred by the other party must reimburse the other party one-half of that expense within thirty (30) days of receipt of the written request for contribution. The party receiving the request for contribution must raise any objection to the request for contribution within the thirty (30) day period after the request for contribution is received or shall be deemed to have waived such objection. Any objection to the request for contribution must be made in writing.

10.7. Sharing Insurance Reimbursement: Any reimbursements for payments made directly by a party or the parties to any healthcare provider for a minor child shall be distributed according to the amount of payment by each party. If a party receives such a reimbursement, that party shall distribute the reimbursement within seven (7) days of its receipt.

10.8. Effect of Not Obtaining or Maintaining Required Health Insurance Coverage: If either party is individually required to provide health insurance or pay other health care related costs for the parties' minor children and fails to do so, that party shall be responsible for that portion of any medical expense that would have been paid by a reasonably priced insurance policy available at the time. Should



the party obligated to provide health insurance for the minor children lose that ability, the parties shall jointly choose and pay for an alternative policy. The Court shall reserve jurisdiction to resolve any dispute relating to alternative insurance.

Mandatory provisions: The following statutory notices relating to custody/visitation of the minor children are applicable to the parties herein:

Pursuant to NRS 125C.200, the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that if either party intends to move their residence to a place outside the State of Nevada, and take the minor children with them, they must, as soon as possible, and before the planned move, attempt to obtain the written consent of the other party to move the minor children from the State. If the other party refuses to give such consent, the moving party shall, before they leave the State with the children, petition the Court for permission to move with the children. The failure of a party to comply with the provision of this section may be considered as a factor if a change of custody is requested by the other party. This provision does not apply to vacations outside the State of Nevada planned by either party.

The parties, and each of them, shall be bound by the provisions of NRS 125.510(6) which state, in pertinent part:

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200,359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished by a category D felony as provided in NRS 193,130.



Pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of The Hague Conference on Private International Law are applicable to the parties:

- Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:
- (a) The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purpose of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.
- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parents pose an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child."

The State of Nevada in the United States of America is the habitual residence of the parties children.

The parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that, pursuant to NRS 125.450, a parent responsible for paying child support is subject to NRS 31A.010 through NRS 31A.340, inclusive, and Sections 2 and 3 of Chapter 31A of the Nevada Revised Statutes, regarding the withholding of wages and commissions for the delinquent payment of support, that these statutes and provisions require that, if a parent responsible for paying child support is delinquent in paying the support of a child that such person has been ordered to pay, then that person's wages or commissions shall immediately be subject to wage assignment and garnishment, pursuant to the provisions of the above-referenced statutes.

The parties acknowledge, pursuant to NRS 125B.145, that an order for the support of a child, upon the filling of a request for review by:



1	(a) The welfare division of the department of human resources, its designated representative or the district attorney, if the welfare division or the district attorney has jurisdiction in the case; or,								
3	(b) a parent or legal guardian of the child,								
5	must be reviewed by the court at least every 3 years pursuant to this section to determine whether the								
6	order should be modified or adjusted. Further, if either of the parties is subject to an order of child								
7	support, that party may request a review pursuant the terms of NRS 125B.145. An order for the support of								
8 9	a cliffed may be reviewed at any time on the basis of changed circumstances,								
10	ÎTÎS SO STEPULATED								
11	SMITH TAYLOR JOLLEY, URGA WIRTH, WOODBURY & STANDISH								
127 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 002791 Nevada State Bar No. 005029 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 990-6448 Attorney for Defendant Vivian Harrison Attorney for Plaintiff Kirk Harrison VIVIAN HARRISON Good Cause appearing, IT IS SO ORDERED this day of Juvi								
22	Respectfully Submitted:								
23 24	SMITH& TAYLOR								
25									
26	RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 002791								
27	64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074								
28	Attorneys for Defendant Vivian Harrison								

EXHIBIT "B"

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1600, Las Vegas, NV 89109 Telephone: (702) 699-7500 Fax: (702) 699-7555 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the attached STIPULATION AND ORDER RESOLVING PARENT/CHILD ISSUES was entered in the above-entitled matter on July

11, 2012. DATED this

day of July, 2012.

JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY

Nevada Bar No. 1424 JENNIFER POYNTER-WILLIS, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 9281

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff

JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1600, Las Vegas, NV 89109 Telephone: (702) 699-7500 Rax: (702) 699-7555

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am employed in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is that of Jolley Urga Wirth Woodbury & Standish, 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Floor, Las Vegas, Nevada 89169.

On the \(\frac{1}{2}\) day of July, 2012, I served the within **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION AND ORDER RESOLVING PARENT/CHILD ISSUES** on the parties in said action or proceeding by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, addressed as follows:

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. 64 N. PECOS ROAD, STE. 700 HENDERSON, NV 89074

GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. 6140 PLUMAS ST., #200 RENO, NV 89519

and placing the envelope in the mail bin at the firm's office.

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day it is placed in the mail bin, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Las Vegas, Nevada, in the ordinary course of business.

> An Employed of OLIVEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH

EXHIBIT "C"

	1	ORDR		Electronically Filed			
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		KIRK ROSS HARRISON,) .	·			
i i	7	Plaintiff,))				
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· ·		;	CASE NO. DEPT NO.	D-11-443611-D O			
	1	VIVIAN MARIE HARRISON,	•	•			
. 1	2	Defendant.					
. 1	3			·			
1	4	<u>ORDER FOR A PARENTING</u>	PPOINTMENT (COORDINATO)	OF ?			
1.	5						
	On July 11, 2012, this Court entered the parties' Stipulation and Order Res Parent/Child Issues (hereinafter referred to as "Parenting Plan"). Said Parenting						
18	. !!	expressly mandated that the parties "hire					
19 20	11 "	between the parties regarding the minor	children," Parent	ting Plan 5:17-18 (Jul. 11			
2012). Thus, pursuant to the express terms of their Parenting Plan, the							
22							
23	11	nerely to provide mediation services. As t					
24	11	ontemplates decision-making authority pr		· ·			
25	1 1			• !			
26	2	erein. The Court having considered all of					
	appearing, does hereby Order the appointment of a Parenting Coordinator un						
28 года са одинический объект просе	fo	llowing terms and conditions:	,				
MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q I VEGAS, NEVACA-89101				reportunitario			

OBTRICT LIDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O

I VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

1.0 APPOINTMENT AND DESIGNATION OF TERMS

Margaret Pickard is hereby appointed as Parenting Coordinator in this matter (said appointee hereinafter referred to as the "Parenting Coordinator"). The Parenting Coordinator's full name, title, mailing addresses and phone numbers are as follows:

Name: Margaret Pickard

Street Address: 10120 S. Eastern Ave #200

City: Henderson State: Nevada Zip Code: 89052

Telephone #: (701) 595-6771 Fax # (702) 605-7321

E-mail: margaretpickard@aol.com

2.0 PARENTING COORDINATOR FEES/EXPENSE SHARING

Hourly fees for the services of the Parenting Coordinator shall be set by the Parenting Coordinator pursuant to a written agreement with the parties. All fees shall be advanced equally by the parties. The Parenting Coordinator may recommend a reallocation of fees and costs on any single issue if it appears that the conduct of one party warrants same.

3.0 GENERAL AUTHORITY

The Parenting Coordinator shall have the general authority to recommend a resolution to parent/child and custody/visitation issues, as set forth below and within the following guidelines:

3.1 Facilitate the resolution of disputes regarding the implementation of the parenting plan, the schedule, or parenting issues, provided such resolution does not involve a substantive change to the shared parenting plan. A substantive change is

defined as a modification to the parenting plan that (a) significantly changes the timeshare of the children with either parent; or (b) modifies the timeshare such that it amounts to a change in the physical custody designation.

- 3.2 Recommend the implementation of non-substantive changes to, and/or clarify, the parenting plan, including but not limited to issues such as:
- (a) transitions/exchanges of the children including date, time, place, means of transportation and transporter;
 - (b) holiday sharing;
 - (c) summer or track break vacation sharing and scheduling;
 - (d) communication between the parents;
- (e) health care management issues, including choice of medical providers and payment of unreimbursed medical expenses (including dental, orthodontic, psychological, psychiatric or vision care), pursuant to the Court's order for payment of said expenses;
- (f) education or day care including but not limited to, school choice, tutoring, summer school, and participation in special education testing and programs; as well as allocation of the cost for the foregoing items;
- (g) children's participation in religious observances and religious education;
- (h) children's participation in extracurricular activities, including camps and jobs;
 - (i) children's travel and passport issues;

(j) purchase and sharing of children's clothing, equipment and personal possessions, including possession and transporting of same between households;

(k) children's appearance and/or alteration of children's appearance, including haircuts, tattoos, ear, face or body piercing;

(I) communication between the parents including telephone, fax, e-mail, etc. as well as communication by a parent with the children including telephone, cell phone, pager, fax, and e-mail when the children are not in that parent's care; and

(m) contact with significant other(s) and/or extended families.

4.0 PROCEDURES AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- 4.1 Each party may provide the Parenting Coordinator with copies of pertinent pleadings and orders which relate to the issues to be brought to the Parenting Coordinator. The Parenting Coordinator shall also have direct access to all pertinent orders and pleadings on file in the case, including files under a Sealing Order of the Court.
- 4.2 All written communications by a party to the Parenting Coordinator shall be copied or provided to the other party, concurrently.
- 4.3 Each parent is responsible for contacting the Parenting Coordinator within ten (10) days of entry of this order to schedule an initial meeting. The parties shall make themselves and the minor children available for meetings and/or appointments as deemed necessary by the Parenting Coordinator. The Parenting Coordinator shall determine in each instance whether an issue warrants a meeting with the parties.

YCH C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUDGE

HILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q FVEGAS, NEVADA 19101

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VOS C. DUCKMONTH
DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT, O 3 VEGAS, NEVADA 68101 (ii) If, within ten (10) days after issuance of the Recommendation, a Notice of Objection is not filed, the Recommendation shall be deemed approved by the Court and shall become an Order of the Court.

- 4.5 The parties understand that the Parenting Coordinator's Recommendation is not a final decision and is not immediately effective, but rather can be reviewed by the Court through the objection procedure. However, the parties are on notice and understand that the purpose and intent of the Court in appointing a Parenting Coordinator pursuant to the terms of their Parenting Plan is to resolve disputes between the parties without the expense of litigation. Therefore, the Court will overturn a Recommendation of the Parenting Coordinator only upon the showing of evidence to the satisfaction of the Court to warrant such a result.
- 4.6 The parties shall provide in a timely manner any documents requested by the Parenting Coordinator and/or execute any releases required for the Parenting Coordinator to directly obtain documents or records which the Parenting Coordinator deems relevant to the submitted issues. Failure to do so may result in imposition of sanctions by the Court.
- 4.7 The Parenting Coordinator shall have the authority to interview and require the participation of other persons whom the Parenting Coordinator deems to have relevant information or to be useful participants in the parenting coordination process, including, but not limited to, custody evaluator, teachers, health and medical providers, stepparents, and significant others.

YCE C. DUCKNORTH DISTRICT JUDGE MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O I VEGAS, NEVADA 83101

5.0 PARENTING COORDINATOR APPEARANCES IN COURT

- 5.1 In the event that the testimony of the Parenting Coordinator is required for any hearing, including depositions, or other Court action by one or both parties, the Parenting Coordinator's fees for such services shall be paid by both parties, in advance, according to the estimate by the Parenting Coordinator. The Court shall determine the ultimate allocation of such fees between the parties.
- 5.2 A Parenting Coordinator directed by the Court to testify in a Court proceeding shall not be disqualified from participating in further parenting coordination efforts with the family, but the Court in its discretion may order the substitution of a new Parenting Coordinator or may relieve the Parenting Coordinator of his/her duties or the Parenting Coordinator may voluntarily determine that such substitution would be appropriate.

6.0 GRIEVANCES

- 6.1 The Parenting Coordinator may be disqualified on any of the grounds applicable to the removal of a Judge, Referee, Arbitrator, or Mediator, except that no peremptory challenge shall be permitted.
- 6.2 Complaints or grievances from any party regarding the performance, actions or billing of the Parenting Coordinator shall only be determined according to the following procedure:
- (a) A person having a complaint or grievance regarding the Parenting Coordinator must discuss the matter with the Parenting Coordinator in person before pursuing it in any other manner;

(b) If after discussion the party decides to pursue a complaint, that party must first submit a written letter detailing the complaint or grievance to the Parenting Coordinator with a copy to the parties;

- (c) The Parenting Coordinator shall then provide a written response to the grievance to the party or parties within thirty (30) days of the written complaint or grievance; and
- (d) If the grievance or complaint is not resolved after this exchange, the complaining party may proceed by noticed motion to the Court addressing the issues raised in the complaint or grievance.
- 6.3 Neither party may initiate a Court proceeding for a complaint or grievance regarding the Parenting Coordinator without following the preceding procedure. Failure to comply with said procedure may result in sanctions by the Court.
- 6.4 Neither party shall file any complaint or make any written submission regarding the Parenting Coordinator to the Parenting Coordinator's licensing board without first complying with these grievance procedures.

7.0 TERMS OF APPOINTMENT

7.1 The Parenting Coordinator is appointed until discharged by the Court. The Parenting Coordinator may apply directly to the Court for a discharge, and shall provide the parties with notice of the application for discharge. The Court may discharge the Parenting Coordinator without a hearing unless either party requests a hearing in writing within ten (10) days from the application for discharge.

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MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q I VEGAS, NEVADA 68101

DISTRICT JUDGE

WILY ON/BION, DEPT. O I VEGAS, NEVAOA 89101

Either party may seek to suspend or terminate the Parenting Coordinator 7,2 process by filing a motion with the Court. The Parenting Coordinator's services may not be terminated without order of the Court,

In the event that the Parenting Coordinator is discharged, the Court will furnish a copy of the Order of termination of the Parenting Coordinator.

DATED this 20-10 day of October, 2013.

DEPARTMENT Q

EXHIBIT "D"

HILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q VEGAS, NEVADA 80101

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TOE C. DUCKWONTH
DISTRICT JUDGE

WLY DIVISION, DEPT. Q

That the Court has jurisdiction in the premises, both as to the subject matter thereof as well as the parties thereto; that Kirk has been domiciled in this State for more than six weeks preceding the commencement of this action, and that Kirk is now domiciled in and is an actual, bona fide resident of the State of Nevada; that the Kirk is entitled to an absolute Decree of Divorce on the grounds set forth in Kirk's Complaint.

The Court further finds that there are two minor children the issue of this marriage, to-wit: EMMA BROOKE HARRISON ("Brooke"), born June 26, 1999, and RYLEE MARIE HARRISON ("Rylee"), born January 24, 2003. There are no adopted children of the parties and to the best of her knowledge, Vivian is not currently pregnant.

The Court further finds that the child custody, support and related issues regarding the parties' two minor children previously were resolved by way of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues entered into between the parties, and filed on July 11, 2012.

The Court further finds that each party has warranted that the property adjudicated in this Decree of Divorce constitutes all property belonging to the parties, and there is no other property (inclusive of any ventures and/or enterprises that might come to fruition at a later time), income, claims, or intangible rights owed or belonging to either party not set forth herein. The Court further finds that the adjudication of property herein is based on the agreement of the parties as reflected in the record made by the parties at the hearing on December 3, 2012, as well as the common terms set forth in their proposed Decrees submitted to the Court. The Court further finds that,

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based on representations made to the Court (and excluding the equalizing division of retirement accounts to be effectuated by entry of a QDRO), the parties have effectuated the equal division of the financial accounts adjudicated in this Decree. Further, an equalizing payment previously was made to equalize the division of assets pursuant to NRS 125.150, including the division of real and personal property. This Court further finds that, except for those child-related accounts specifically referenced herein, no other account for which a child of the parties is an intended beneficiary is adjudicated herein.

This Court further finds that each party hereto has represented and warranted to the other party that he or she has made full and fair disclosure of the property and interests in property owned or believed to be owned by him and/or her, either directly or indirectly. The parties have acknowledged that they are aware that each has methods of discovery available to him or her in the prosecution of their divorce action to investigate the community and separate assets of the other. Both have acknowledged that they are entering this settlement without performing any additional discovery, and that they have instructed their counsel to forego such additional discovery.

This Court further finds that each party has admitted and agreed that they each have had the opportunity to discuss and consult with independent tax counselors, other than the attorneys of record in the divorce action between the parties, concerning the income tax and estate tax implications and consequences with respect to the agreed upon division of the properties and indebtedness herein, and that Jolley, Urga, Wirth, Woodbury & Standish, Kainen Law Group, PLLC, Radford J. Smith, Chartered, and

YCH C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUDGE

MLY DIVISION, DEPT. Q I VEGAS, NEVADA 58101 Silverman, Decaria & Kattelman were not expected to provide and, in fact, did not provide tax advice concerning this Decree of Divorce.

Based on the foregoing findings, and good cause appearing therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between Kirk and Vivian be, and the same are hereby wholly dissolved, and an absolute Decree of Divorce is hereby granted to the parties, and each of the parties hereto is hereby restored to the status of a single, unmarried person.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the terms and provisions of the Stipulation and Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues entered into between the parties, and filed on July 11, 2012, are hereby incorporated by reference as if fully stated herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that both parties complete the seminar for separating parents as required by EDCR 5.07 within 30 days from the date of entry of this Decree.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, should either party intend to move his or her residence to a place outside the State of Nevada, and take the minor children with him or her, said party must, as soon as possible, and before the planned move, attempt to obtain the written consent of the other party to move the minor children from the State. If the other party refuses to give that consent, the party planning the move shall, before he or she leaves the State with the minor children petition the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County

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of Clark, for permission to move the children. The failure of the party planning the move to comply with this provision may be considered as a factor if a change of custody is requested by the other party. This provision does not apply to vacations planned by either party outside the State of Nevada.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties are subject to the provision of NRS 125.510(6) for violation of the Court's Order:

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER:

The abduction, concealment or detention of a child in violation of this Order is punishable as a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law are applicable to the parties:

"Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

- (a) The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purposes of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.
- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an amount determined by the Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of

YCE C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. O. I VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or concealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child."

The State of Nevada is the habitual residence of the minor children herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, based upon the current financial condition of the parties, and the fact that neither party currently engages in full-time employment, neither party shall be required to pay child support to the other.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that a parent responsible for paying child support is subject to wage assignment with their employer pursuant to NRS 31A.025 to 31A.190, inclusive, should they become thirty (30) days delinquent in their child support payments.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the amount of child support in this matter shall be reviewed every three (3) years pursuant to NRS 125B.145.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the provisions regarding child support in this matter conform to the statutory guidelines as set forth in NRS 125B, as applied in *Wright v. Osburn*, 114 Nev. 1367, 970 P.2d 1071 (1998) and *Wesley v. Foster*, 119 Nev. 110, 65 P.3d 251 (2003).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that each party shall submit the information required in NRS 125B.055, NRS 125.130 and NRS 125.230 on a separate form to the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human

YCE C. DUCKWOSTN DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q I VEGAS, NEVADA 69101 Resources within ten days from the date this Decree is filed. Such information shall be maintained by the Clerk in a confidential manner and not part of the public record. Each party shall update the information filed with the Court and the Welfare Division of the Department of Human Resources within ten days should any of that information become inaccurate.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that, pursuant to the agreement placed on the record before this Court, each party hereby irrevocably waives, releases and relinquishes any rights which either party may have acquired by virtue of their marriage, to any alimony or spousal support of any kind, including lump sum alimony or periodic payments, or to any other Court-ordered compensation or support intended to act as or supplant alimony or spousal support. Each party herein irrevocably waives and releases to the other party all claims, rights and demands of every character or description with respect to alimony or spousal support of any type, now or hereafter, based on any and all circumstances in the present or future, whether foreseeable or unforeseeable.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Vivian shall have confirmed to her as her sole and separate property, free of any claims by Kirk, the sole ownership in and to the following:

A one-half interest in the income and distributions of Kirk's business
interest in the Tobacco Contract, which Kirk has warranted and
represented is the only asset of the business known as Harrison, Kemp &
Jones Chartered. Kirk shall pay to Vivian one-half of all net income and

distributions therefrom, net of the maximum tax rate. To the extent the actual taxes attributable to the income and distributions are less than the maximum tax rate, Kirk shall refund to Vivian the corresponding amount associated with her one-half interest. There shall be an annual accounting of said income and distributions to determine the extent of any refund.

- 2. The prior balance in the business account associated with Harrison Dispute Resolution at Bank of America ending in 4668 was previously equally divided between the parties whereby each party received \$115,836.47 on or about December 24, 2012.
- 3. A twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) interest in The Measo Associates, a Nevada General Partnership, currently held in Kirk's sole name. The parties currently have a 25% interest in The Measo Associates. Following the entry of the Decree of Divorce, the interest shall be equally divided, allocating 12.5% to each party as his or her respective sole and separate property.
- 4. The approximate nine percent (9%) interest in Geothermic Solution, LLC currently held in Kirk's sole name, shall be placed in a trust whereby Kirk and Vivian shall each receive any and all rights or benefits to one-half of said interest. If, for any reason, it is illegal, will jeopardize the legal status of the LLC, or is otherwise impermissible under the organizational documents of Geothermic Solution, LLC, to transfer the interest into a trust, then the parties agree to work with one another so that Vivian is

equitably entitled to one-half of the approximate 9% interest in Geothermic Solution, LLC, either directly or by control of any and all rights or benefits arising from that interest.

- One-half of the balance in the Boulder Dam Credit Union savings account ending in 9005, as of September 11, 2012. Said account is currently in Vivian's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Vivian shall retain this account.
- 6. One-half of the balance in the Boulder Dam Credit Union DDA account ending in 9005, as of September 11, 2012. Said account is currently in Vivian's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Vivian shall retain this account.
- One-half of the balance in the Bank of America DDA account ending in 1400, as of September 11, 2012. Said account is currently in Vivian's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Vivian shall retain this account.
- 8. The prior balance in the Bank of America money market account ending in 5111 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$124,809.55 on or about December 24, 2012.
- 9. One-half of the balance in the Bank of America checking account ending in 4040, with a balance of \$36,346.02 as of February 5, 2013.
- One-half of the balance in the Bank of America account ending in 8682,
 with a balance of \$6,638.54 as of January 7, 2013.

- 11. One-half of the balance in the Nevada Bank & Trust account ending in 2713, with a balance of \$740.42 as of February 4, 2013.
- 12. One-half of the balance in the Nevada Bank & Trust account ending in 1275 (Certificate of Deposit), with a balance of \$16,360.45 as of February 5, 2013.
- 13. One-half of the balance in the Wells Fargo account ending in 8032 (Certificate of Deposit), with a balance of \$28,809.58 as of February 5, 2013.
- 14. One-half of the balance of the Bank of America account ending in 8278, with a balance of \$46,622.74 as of February 14, 2013.
- 15. The prior balance in the UBS RMA account ending in 7066 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$455,727.35 on or about September 14, 2012.
- 16. The prior balance in the UBS RMA account ending in 3201 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$51,458.17 on or about September 11, 2012.
- 17. The prior balance in the Vanguard account ending in 4530/3952 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received, on or about September 27, 2012, the following: \$365,071.73 one thousand shares of GLD, \$37,500.00 par value Missouri State Water Pollution Control municipal bonds, and \$37,500.00 par value Elgin Texas School District municipal bonds.

- 18. The prior balance in the Charles Schwab account ending in 4245 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$386,293.42 on or about September 11, 2012.
- 19. With respect to the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330, this account previously had a balance of \$4,200,000.00. Of this amount, \$3,200,00.00 was equally divided by the parties whereby each party received \$1,600,000.00 on or about September 17, 2012. Following the settlement between the parties and after the division of assets was memorialized on the record during the hearing before the Court on December 3, 2012, the then remaining balance of the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330, which was "reserved to equalize the division of assets," was utilized to equalize the division of assets between the parties with Vivian receiving \$470,800.00 and Kirk receiving \$529,200.00 on or about December 20, 2012. Said distributions fully liquidated the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330 and it no longer exists.
- 20. The entire balance in Vivian's Charles Schwab IRA account ending in 2759. Said account is in Vivian's name and Vivian shall retain the account.
- 21. A portion of Kirk's UBS Profit Sharing Plan account ending in 3354, with a balance of \$797,335.53 as of December 31, 2012, which shall be utilized to equalize the difference between the combined total of Kirk's UBS IRA

account ending 3211 and UBS KJ&C Pooled account ending 722-140 with Vivian's Charles Schwab IRA account ending 2759. Following entry of the Decree of Divorce a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO") shall be utilized for the division of this account. A QDRO has been prepared, circulated, and is in the process of being finalized. This Court shall retain jurisdiction to enter said qualified order.

- 22. One-half of the gold and silver coins acquired by the parties during marriage. Vivian has received the following gold coins: 55 American Eagle gold coins, 55 Canadian Maple Leaf gold coins, and 55 S. African Krugerrand gold coins. Vivian has received 2,500 Silver Eagle silver coins.
- 23. The 201 l Toyota Avalon.
- 24. The Colt Government Model 380 semi-automatic pistol and the Smith & Wesson Model 37 38 caliber Chief's Special Airweight revolver.
- 25. All personal property items identified and appraised by Joyce Newman as set forth in the "Summary Appraisal Report Volume I of II" with an effective date of November 20, 2012, except for the following enumerated items: 21 Stairmaster; 24 Elliptical; 25 Vectra; 26 Rotator Cuff; 28 Bike; 29 Shop Stool; 30 Block bells; 31 Bench; 35 Foosball; 38 Grey lockers; 40 2000 truck; 41 Acura; 42 Silverado; 43 Safe; 74 Pool Table; 75 Upright Piano; 76 Credenza/file; 77 Display Cabinet; 78 Four leather stools; 80 work on paper; 81 work on paper; 82 work on paper; 83 pool Cues; 84 Desk; 85 work on paper; 86 work on paper; 87 work on paper; 88 work on

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paper; 116 Chest Table; 117 Side 7	l'able; 121	Side	Table;	126 Rı	ug; 12
Rug; 129 Side Table; 130 Bedroom	Suite; 13	l Iron	bed; 1	32 Arm	chair,

- 26. Except as provided otherwise herein, any and all Vivian's clothing, jewelry, articles of personal adornment, miscellaneous personal possessions, and personal affects, including family heirlooms and personal property received by gift or inheritence.
- 27. The residence located at 1514 Sunrise Circle, Boulder City, Nevada (Parcel #186-17-501-004), with a stipulated value of \$760,000.00, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto. Kirk shall execute a quitclaim deed waiving and releasing any interest whatsoever in the residence located at 1514 Sunrise Circle, Boulder City, Nevada.
- 28. The residence located at 213 Jasmine Way, Boulder City, Nevada (Parcel #186-04-516-097), together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto.
- 29. The residence located at 1521 Sunrise Circle, Boulder City, Nevada (Parcel #186-17-510-011), together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto.
- 30. The money and/or property each party receives pursuant to this Decree shall be included for all purposes in the amount each party receives as part of the ultimate resolution in the divorce between the parties, including any and all entities or properties formed or purchased with their respective portions of the distribution identified herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kirk shall have confirmed to him as his sole and separate property, free of any claims by Vivian, the sole ownership in and to the following:

- 1. A one-half interest in the income and distributions of Kirk's business interest in the Tobacco Contract, which Kirk has warranted and represented is the only asset of the business known as Harrison, Kemp & Jones Chartered. Kirk shall pay to Vivian one-half of all net income and distributions therefrom, net of the maximum tax rate. To the extent the actual taxes attributable to the income and distributions are less than the maximum tax rate, Kirk shall refund to Vivian the corresponding amount associated with her one-half interest. There shall be an annual accounting of said income and distributions to determine the extent of any refund.
- 2. The entire interest in Harrison Dispute Resolution, LLC. The prior balance in the business account associated with Harrison Dispute Resolution at Bank of America ending in 4668 was previously equally divided between the parties whereby each party received \$115,836.47 on or about December 24, 2012. Kirk shall retain this account.
- 3. A twelve and one-half percent (12.5%) interest in The Measo Associates a Nevada General Partnership, currently held in Kirk's sole name. The parties currently have a 25% interest in The Measo Associates. Following the entry of the Decree of Divorce, the interest shall be equally divided,

YCE C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q

allocating 12.5% to each party as his or her respective sole and separate property.

- 4. The approximate nine percent (9%) interest in Geothermic Solution, LLC, currently held in Kirk's sole name, shall be placed in a trust whereby Kirk and Vivian shall each receive any and all rights or benefits to one-half of said interest. If, for any reason, it is illegal, will jeopardize the legal status of the LLC, or is otherwise impermissible under the organizational documents of Geothermic Solution, LLC, to transfer the interest into a trust, then the parties agree to work with one another so that Vivian is equitably entitled to one-half of the approximate 9% interest in Geothermic Solution, LLC, either directly or by control of any and all rights or benefits arising from that interest.
- One-half of the balance in the Boulder Dam Credit Union savings account ending in 9005, as of September 11, 2012.
- One-half of the balance in the Boulder Dam Credit Union DDA account ending in 9005, as of September 11, 2012.
- One-half of the balance in the Bank of America DDA account ending in 1400, as of September 11, 2012.
- 8. The entire balance in the Bank of America money market account ending in 5111. The prior balance in the Bank of America money market account ending in 5111 was previously equally divided between the parties.

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MILY DIVISION, DEFT O I VEGAS, NEVADA 88101 whereby each party received \$124,809.55 on or about December 24, 2012.

Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain this account.

- One-half of the balance in the Bank of America checking account ending in 4040, with a balance of \$36,346.02 as of February 5, 2013. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.
- 10. One-half of the balance in the Bank of America account ending in 8682, with a balance of \$6,638.54 as of January 7, 2013. Said account is currently in Kirk's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.
- 11. One-half of the balance in the Nevada Bank & Trust account ending in 2713, with a balance of \$740.42 as of February 4, 2013. Said account is currently in Kirk's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.
- 12. One-half of the balance in the Nevada Bank & Trust account ending in 1275 (Certificate of Deposit), with a balance of \$16,360.45 as of February 5, 2013. Said account is currently in Kirk's name. Following the equal division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.
- 13. One-half of the balance in the Wells Fargo account ending in 8032 (Certificate of Deposit), with a balance of \$28,809.58 as of February 5,

PICE C. DUCKNOW DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q I VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 2013. Said account is currently in Kirk's name. Following the division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.

- 14. The prior balance in the UBS RMA account ending in 7066 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$455,727.35 on or about September 14, 2012. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain this account.
- 15. The entire balance in Kirk's separate property Bank of America account ending in 2521, with a balance of \$112,024.01 as of February 14, 2013.
 Said account is currently in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain this account.
- 16. One-half of the balance of the Bank of America account ending in 8278, with a balance of \$46,622.74 as of February 14, 2013. Said account is currently in Kirk's name. Following the division of the balance contained in the account, Kirk shall retain this account.
- 17. The entire balance in Kirk's separate property UBS RMA account ending in 8538, with a balance of \$382,166.83 as of January 31, 2013. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain this account.
- 18. The prior balance in the UBS RMA account ending in 3201 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$51,458.17 on or about September 11, 2012. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain this account.
- 19. The entire balance in the Vanguard account ending in 4530/3952. The prior balance in the Vanguard account ending in 4530/3952 was previously

equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received, on or about September 27, 2012, the following: \$365,071.73, one thousand shares of GLD, \$37,500.00 par value Missouri State Water Pollution Control municipal bonds, and \$37,500.00 par value Elgin, Texas School District municipal bonds. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain the account.

- 20. The entire balance in the Charles Schwab account ending in 4245. The prior balance in the Charles Schwab account ending in 4245 was previously equally divided between the parties, whereby each party received \$386,293.42 on or about September 11, 2012. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain the account.
- 21. With respect to the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330, this account previously had a balance of \$4,200,000.00. Of this amount, \$3,200,00.00 of that amount was equally divided by the parties whereby each party received \$1,600,000.00 on or about September 17, 2012. Following the settlement between the parties and after the division of assets was memorialized on the record during the hearing before the Court on December 3, 2012, the then remaining balance of the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330, which was "reserved to equalize the division of assets," was utilized to equalize the division of assets between the parties with Vivian receiving \$470,800.00 and Kirk receiving \$529,200.00 on or about December 20, 2012. Said distributions fully

liquidated the Legacy Treasury Direct account ending in 6330 and it no longer exists.

- 22. The entire balance in Kirk's UBS IRA account ending in 3211, with a balance of \$142,404.91 as of January 31, 2013. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain the account.
- 23. The entire balance in Kirk's UBS KJ&C Pooled account ending in 722-140, with a balance of \$14,011.95 as of September 30, 2012. Said account is in Kirk's name and Kirk shall retain the account.
- 24. Kirk's UBS Profit Sharing Plan account ending in 3354, with a balance of \$797,335.53 as of December 31, 2012, subject to Vivian's right to that portion of said account necessary to equalize the difference between the combined total of Kirk's UBS IRA account ending 3211 and UBS KJ&C Pooled account ending 722-140 with Vivian's Charles Schwab IRA account ending 2759. Following entry of the Decree of Divorce a Qualified Domestic Relations Order ("QDRO") shall be utilized for the division of this account. A QDRO has been prepared, circulated, and is in the process of being finalized. This Court shall retain jurisdiction to enter said qualified order.
- 25. One-half of the gold and silver coins acquired by the parties during marriage. Kirk has received the following gold coins: 55 American Eagle gold coins, 55 Canadian Maple Leaf gold coins, and 55 S. African Krugerrand gold coins. Kirk has received 2,500 Silver Eagle silver coins.

- The 2009 Chevrolet Z71 Crew Cab pickup truck.
- 27. The 2008 Acura MDX.
- 28. The 2000 Chevrolet Z71 Extended Cab pickup truck.
- 29. All personal property items identified and appraised by Joyce Newman as set forth in the "Summary Appraisal Report Volume II of II" with an effective date of November 20, 2012.
- 30. All of the guns (except for the Colt Government Model 380 and the Smith & Wesson Model 37 38 caliber Airweight which have been previously provided to Vivian), together with all accessories, including, but not limited to all ammunition, gun cleaning supplies, scopes, cases, etc.
- 31. All of the furniture Kirk received from his parents including: his parent's bedroom set (which was in the guest bedroom); his mother's alder china cabinet and buffet; his mother's needlepoint bench that was made by her brother Ray; his mother's small wooden rocking chair; and his father's high back wooden chair with red needlepoint.
- 32. The following personal property items identified and appraised by Joyce Newman as set forth in the "Summary Appraisal Report Volume I of II" with an effective date of November 20, 2012; 21 Stairmaster; 24 Elliptical; 25 Vectra; 26 Rotator Cuff; 28 Bike; 29 Shop Stool; 30 Block bells; 31 Bench; 35 Foosball; 38 Grey lockers; 40 2000 truck; 41 Acura; 42 Silverado; 43 Safe; 74 Pool Table; 75 Upright Piano; 76 Credenza/file; 77 Display Cabinet; 78 Four leather stools; 80 work on paper; 81 work on

paper; 82 work on paper; 83 pool Cues; 84 Desk; 85 work on paper; 86 work on paper; 87 work on paper; 88 work on paper; 116 Chest Table; 117 Side Table; 121 Side Table; 126 Rug; 127 Rug; 129 Side Table; 130 Bedroom Suite; 131 Iron bed; 132 Armchair.

- 33. Except as provided otherwise herein, any and all of Kirk's clothing, jewelry, articles of personal adornment, miscellaneous personal possessions, and personal affects, including family heirlooms and personal property received by or inheritance.
- 34. Parcel #6050-A-1, consisting of approximately 107.26 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including Water Right #208 (Harrison Spring) and Water Right #71-4172 (5 acre feet), subject to Vivian's community property interest therein, as well as any and all reimbursement claims to the ranch property, the total amount of which the parties stipulated to being \$285,000.00.
- 35. Parcel #6052, consisting of approximately 39.91 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including Water Right #413 (Unnamed Spring) and Water Rights #71-4450 and #71-4173 (total of 4 acre feet for #71-4450 & #71-4173).

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- 36. Parcel #6050-C, consisting of approximately 3.23 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto including Water Right #71-3613.
- 37. Parcel #6050-B, consisting of approximately .87 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto.
- 38. Parcel #6049, consisting of approximately 50.62 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including any and all water rights, including, but not limited to, the following water rights: Water Right #138 (Tullis Spring Area), Water Right #295 (Silent Spring), Water Right #296 (Tullis Spring), Water Right #297 (Tullis Gulch), and Water Right #299 (Hideout Spring).
- 39. Parcel #6050-D, consisting of approximately 4.36 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including any and all water rights.
- 40. Parcel #6050-E, consisting of approximately 20.65 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including any and all water rights.
- 41. Parcel #6050-F, consisting of approximately 41.20 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with all improvements thereon and all appurtenances thereto, including any and all water rights.

42. Vivian shall execute a quitclaim deed waiving and releasing any interest whatsoever in the Utah ranch, including any and all water rights (to include all parcels necessary).

43. The money and/or property each party receives pursuant to this Decree shall be included for all purposes in the amount each party receives as part of the ultimate resolution in the divorce between the parties, including any and all entities or properties formed or purchased with their respective portions of the distribution identified herein.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that any personal property not identified and appraised by Joyce Newman in her Summary Appriasl Report and not divided or otherwise confirmed to either party pursuant to the terms set forth above shall be divided by way of an A/B List.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the following accounts were established by Kirk for Brooke and Rylee under the Nevada Uniform Act on Transfers to Minors (NUATM), and Kirk and Vivian have previously funded these accounts, through annual gifts:

- Charles Schwab Custodial Account of Kirk R. Harrison as Custodian for Emma Brooke Harrison UNVUTMA until age 18, ending in 6622, with a balance of \$33,251.70 as of December 31, 2012.
- Vanguard Custodial Account of Kirk R. Harrison as Custodian for Emma
 B. Harrison NV Unif Trans Min Act until age 18, ending in 0709, with a balance of \$75,115.06 as of December 31, 2012.

- Vanguard Custodial Account of Kirk R. Harrison as Custodian for Emma
 B. Harrison NV Unif Trans Min Act until age 25, ending in 4276, with a balance of \$210,664.16 as of December 31, 2012.
- Vanguard Custodial Account of Kirk R. Harrison as Custodian for Rylee
 M. Harrison NV Unif Tras Min Act until age 25, ending in 4250, with a balance of \$210,094.80 as of December 31, 2012.

\$108,936.12 [(33,251,70 + 75,115.06 + 210,664.16) - 210,094.80] less in her accounts than Brooke has in her accounts (as a consequence of the difference in their ages), Kirk and Vivian shall cach make the following annual gifts (deposits) into Rylee's account ending in 4250: (1) for tax year 2012, a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2013; (2) for tax year 2013, a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2014; (3) for tax year 2014, a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2014; (3) for tax year 2014 a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2015; (4) for tax year 2015 a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2016; (5) for tax year 2016, a deposit of \$10,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2017 and (6) for tax year 2017, a deposit of \$5,000.00, which deposit shall be made prior to April 15, 2018.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that a third party custodian shall be appointed for each of the accounts identified above. If possible, the parties shall designate a custodian who does not charge a custodial fee.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that that the following 4-year tuition plans were established by Vivian for Brooke and Rylee with the Nevada Prepaid Tuition Program, and and Kirk and Vivian have fully funded said plans:

- Contract Number 10002618, Purchaser: Vivian L. Harrison, Beneficiary: Emma B. Harrison; Tuition Plan: 4 Year University Plan; the Contract has been paid in full with total contract payments of \$7,365.00.
- Contract Number 10400042, Purchaser: Vivian L. Harrison; Beneficiary: Rylee M. Harrison; Tuition Plan: 4 Year University Plan; the Contract has been paid in full with total contract payments of \$12,750.00.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that these accounts shall continue to be overseen by Vivian with copies of the Annual Statements of Account being provided to Kirk within 10 days of receipt.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties shall sell Parcel #4025-A, consisting of approximately 60 acres, in Washington County, Utah, together with Water rights #81-4115 (2 acre feet) and #81-433 (5 acre feet). IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Parcel #4025-A and Water rights #81-4115 and #81-433 shall be listed for sale for Two Hundred Forty-Nine Thousand Dollars (\$249,000.00).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties shall sell Parcel #181-28-810-002, the residential lot located at 610 Lido Drive, Boulder City, Nevada. Said Parcel #181-28-810-002 shall be listed for sale for Three Hundred Eighty-Nine Thousand Dollars (\$389,000.00).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Parcel #4025-A and Parcel #181-28-810-002 shall be listed with a mutually selected real estate broker for a period of six months. In the event either or both subject properties has not been sold or is not in escrow to be sold during any six month listing period, then beginning 10 days after the expiration of the prior listing, said property or properties shall be listed with the same real estate broker or, at the parties' mutual election, another real estate broker, and the listed price of the subject property or properties shall be 5% less than the list price during the prior six month period. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that each party shall equally share the net proceeds from the sale of each subject property. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, upon the expiration of each six month listing period, in the event the subject property has not been sold or is not in escrow to be sold, either party hereto shall have the right to purchase the subject property for the listed price, without the payment of or obligation to pay any real estate commission, upon written notice to the other party within 5 days of the expiration of the listing.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the furniture and furnishings in each of the children's bedrooms are the personal property of that respective child.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that with respect to the family photographs and videos of the older children when they were younger, which are in Kirk's possession, and the family photographs, all of the negatives of the family photographs, and all of the videos of Brooke and Rylee, which are in Vivian's possession, each party hereto shall pay one-half of the cost to transfer all of the

YCE C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUGGE

VILY DIVISION, DEPT. OF

one or more of the children to electronic storage and/or data base and to produce a total of seven copies of that entire data base so that each party hereto and each of the children have a copy. Each party shall fully cooperate with the other to facilitate the transfer and copying of all photographs (negatives whenever possible) and videos which are the subject of this Order.

photographs (utilizing the negative whenever it is in existence) and all videos containing

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that each party hereto is solely personally responsible for any debt (including any and all credit card debt) he or she has at the time this Decree of Divorce is entered. The parties agree and acknowledge that the joint credit card account with Nordstrom Bank has been previously closed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Vivian shall remove her name from Kirk's Costco membership on or before November 1, 2013.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Kirk shall be responsible for maintaining his own medical insurance following the entry of this Decree of Divorce, and Vivian shall be responsible for maintaining her own medical insurance following the entry of this Decree of Divorce.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that each party shall file separate tax returns for the tax year 2012 and each year thereafter. Until such time as Brooke is no longer eligible as a tax dependent, Vivian shall be entitled to claim Rylee as a dependent each year on her tax return, and Kirk shall be entitled to claim Brooke each year as a dependent on his tax return. In the year following the last year that

WCE C. DUCKWORTW DISTRICT ARRE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT Q

YCE C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT ANDSE MLY CIVISION, DEPT. O FYEGAS, NEVADA 89101 Trooke is eligible to be claimed as a tax dependent, the parties shall begin alternating Rylee as a dependent with Vivian claiming Rylee in the first year.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Joint Preliminary Injunction that was previously issued in this matter on September 9, 2011, is dissolved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court shall retain jurisdiction to adjudicate any reimbursement owed to Vivian for community expenses paid from separate property monies prior to November 30, 2012. The parties have designated Cliff Beadle, CPA (for Kirk), and Melissa Attanasio, CFP, (for Vivian), to meet and confer to prepare an accounting of said community expenses paid from separate property.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Court shall retain jurisdiction to divide any property (or debt) later discovered that has not been specifically addressed in this Decree. If the Court finds that either party has willfully withheld disclosure of any property or property interests, the Court may, in its discretion, award all of that property to the other party. Further, in the event of such willful non-disclosure, the Court may require the non-disclosing party to pay all reasonable fees and costs incurred by the other party in pursuing his or her right to a division or distribution of such property.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the parties have reserved the issue of attorney's fees incurred in the divorce action. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to the terms of the agreement placed on the

YCE C. BUCKWONTH DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. U 3 VEGAS, NEVADA 89181 record, either party (or both parties) may file a motion with the Court seeking an award of fees. This Court shall enter a separate order addressing the issue of attorney's fees and costs. Independent of either party's pursuit of said fees and costs, IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, should either party be required to commence an action to enforce or interpret the terms of this Decree, the Court shall order the non-prevailing party in that action to pay the reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred by the prevailing party, including those fees and costs expended during notification or negotiation of the issue presented to the Court in the aciton.

hereto shall each execute quitclaim deeds, stock transfers, and any and all other instruments that may be required in order to effectuate transfer of any and all interest either may have in and to the said property hereby conveyed to the other as hereinabove specified. Should either party fail to execute any of said documents to transfer interest to the other, this Decree of Divorce shall constitute a full and complete transfer of the interest of one to the other as hereinabove provided. Upon failure of either party to execute and deliver any such deed, conveyance, title, certificate or other document or instrument to the other party, this Decree of Divorce shall constitute and operate as such properly executed document and the County Assessor and County Recorder and any and all other public and private officials are hereby authorized and directed to accept this Decree of Divorce, or a properly certified copy thereof, in lieu of the document regularly required for such conveyance or transfer.

otherwise specified herein, any and all property acquired, income received or liabilities incurred by either of the parties hereto from and after the date of the entry of this Decree of Divorce, will be the sole and separate property of the one so acquiring the same, and each of the parties hereto respectively grants to the other all such future acquisitions of property as the sole and separate property of the one so acquiring the same and holds harmless and agrees to indemnify the other party from any and all liabilities incurred.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that if any claim, action or proceeding is brought seeking to hold one of the parties hereto liable on account of any debt, obligation, liability, act or omission assumed by the other party, the responsible party will, at his or her sole expense, defend the innocent party against any such claim or demand and he or she will indemnify, defend and hold harmless the innocent party.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Defendant shall retain her married name of Vivian Marie Lee Harrison.

DATED this 31st day of October, 2013.

BRYCE C. DUCKWORTH

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

DEPARTMENT Q

VCE C. DUCKWORTH DISTRICT JUDGE

MILY DIVISION, DEPT. Q

EXHIBIT "E"

DEPARTMENT O

ORDR EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. CLERK OF THE COURT Nevada Bar No. 5029 ANDREW L. KYNASTON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8147 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone (702) 823-4900 Facsimile (702) 823-4488 Administration@KainenLawGroup.com THOMAS STANDISH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1424 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Fl. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone (702) 699-7500 Facsimile (702) 699-7555 tjs@juww.com 11 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Dive, Suite 110 Lus Veges, Neveda 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 Co-counsel for Plaintiff 12 www.KainenLawGtoup.com DISTRICT COURT 13 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 14 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 15 Plaintiff. CASE NO. D-11-443611-D 16 DEPT NO. Q VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON. 17 Date of Hearing: 10/30/13 Time of Hearing: 10:00 a.m. 18 Defendant. 19 20 **ORDER** 21 This matter having come on for hearing this 30th day of October, 2013, before the Honorable Bryce Duckworth, Plaintiff, KIRK ROSS HARRISON ("Father"), present and represented 23 by and through his attorneys, EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ., of the KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC, 24 and THOMAS STANDISH, ESQ., of the law firm of JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH, and Defendant, VIVIAN MARIE HARRISON ("Mother"), present and represented by and 25 26 27 28 RECEIVED DEC () min FAMILY COURT

through her attorneys, RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ., of the law firm of RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED, and GARY SILVERMAN, ESQ., of the law firm of SILVERMAN, DECARIA & KATTELMAN, CHARTERED; the Court having reviewed the papers and pleadings on file herein, being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing, makes the following Orders:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Father's "Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and for Other Equitable Relief" and Mother's "Countermotion to Resolve Parent/Child Issues, To Continue Hearing on Custody Issues, for an Interview of the Minor Children, and for Attorney's Fees and Sanctions" are denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Court will address the issue of a Parenting Coordinator and therapist for the children in separate, independent Orders.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, with respect to any future filings with the Court, both parties shall adhere to the 30-page limit unless they have received permission from the Court to exceed said 30-page limit.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Court will issue a separate written Order regarding each party's request for attorney's fees and costs fuerein.

DATED this OEC 1 2 2013 day of December, 2013.

Submitted by:

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26 27 28 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

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EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Plaintiff Approved as to form and content:

COURT JUDGE

RADFORD //SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 2791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorney for Defendant

EXHIBIT "F"

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Alm to China

CLERK OF THE COURT

ORDR

RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ.

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silverman@silverman-decaria.com

Assorneys for Defendant

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

KIRK ROSS HARRISON,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D

DEPTNO: Q

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VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON.

Defendant.

FAMILY DIVISION

RECHIVED

ORDER FROM HEARING

DATE OF HEARING: December 18, 2013 TIME OF HEARING: 11:00 a.m. JUN 10 2014
FAMILY COURT
DEPARTMENT Q

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.27 28 This matter, having coming on for hearing for Plaintiff's Motion for Judicial Determination of the

Teenage Discretion and Plaintiff's Motion to Alter, Amend, Correct and Clarify Judgment and for

Descendant's Countermotion for Attorney's Fees and Desendant's Countermotion to Clarify Orders on the

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18th day of December, 2013; Plaintiff, Kirk Harrison, being present and represented by Thomas Standish, Esq., of Standish Law Group and by Edward L. Kainen, Esq., of the Kainen Law Group; and Defendant, Vivian Harrison, being present and represented by Radford J. Smith, Esq., of Radford J. Smith, Chartered, and by Gary Silverman, Esq., of Silverman, Decaria & Kattleman; the Court, having heard the arguments of counsel, having reviewed the pleadings and papers on file in this matter, and being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing therefore, makes the following findings and orders:

- 1. In regards to TEENAGE DISCRETION; the parties had resolved parent/child issues and a Stipulation was entered on July 11, 2012. Section 6 of that agreement addresses the issue of TEENAGE DISCRETION and in review of that section, the Court does not view that language as giving the minor child authority to make decisions or to change custody. The parties agreed to the language and part of that included implementation of a counselor and parenting coordinator. The process to implement those has been delayed and is to be implemented forthwith. Court views the language as that, the counselor (Dr. Ali has been selected) would be involved in the TEENAGE DISCRETION process, as would the parenting coordinator. The purpose for such would be to avoid the Court's intervention, though those processes would not supplant this Court's authority and the parties may still petition the Court to address any issues they may have.
- 2. The request to suspend, remove or otherwise modify the TEENAGE DISCRETION provision is DENIED. To be clear, the minor child(Brooke) does not control and the Court expects the counselor to be involved in this process. The purpose of TEENAGE DISCRETION is not to remove blocks of time from a party and if a party is being removed for a period of time (aside from vacations), then the Court would be concerned. TENAGE DISCRETION should be implemented from time-to-time and there should not be any issues

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should Brooke wish to make a modification for a few hours and the Court would expect communication in this regard. Again, the counselor and the parenting coordinator are to be engaged in this process.

- Per STIPULATION, accounts ending 8278 and 2521 are Plaintiff's sole and separate property.
- 4. With regard to accounts ending 8682, 1275 and 2713; to the extent that these accounts were Plaintiff's prior to the marriage, then they are his sole and separate property. It is the Defendant's burden to show that any community property funds were deposited or placed into those accounts which would create a community property interest in those accounts. Otherwise, it is clear to the Court that those three accounts are the Plaintiff's sole and separate property and the Decree of Divorce shall be corrected to reflect such. Court views this issue as an issue that did not need to be brought before the Court.
- The Decree of Divorce is to be corrected to reflect that The Measo Associates is held in both parties name.
- 6. With regard to the A/B list; to the extent items were not included in the list prepared by loyce Newman, absent an agreement between the parties, those items are to be divided by way of an A/B list (which was the intent of the Court's Order).
- 7. With regard to the provision regarding reimbursement; the Court views this is a mutual provision. To the extent there is a dispute as to any items that should be reimbursed, the items may be submitted to the Court on a separate list with an explanation and the Court would make the determination as to whether or not it needs to be reimbursed. It is the Court's understanding that this process with Melissa Attanasio and Cliff Beadle has not been completed yet. The accounting by Ms. Attanasio and Mr. Beadle is to be completed by January 31, 2014. The Court expects an exchange of information and

documents which are lacking. Again, this provision is mutual and the items are limited to what was in the Temporary Order and to the extent there is a reimbursable expense, there must be some backup to demonstrate that the expense was covered by the Temporary Orders.

- 8. The matter is set for a two hour Evidentiary Hearing on January 22, 2014 at 1:30 p.m. regarding the monies placed into Tahnee's account for the purpose of her education (after the initiation of this litigation, but prior to the Joint Preliminary Injunction). To be clear, the Court shall not be seeking to take money away from Tahnee. The issue shall be whether or not there needs to be a reimbursement for one-half of those monies that were paid to create this account. The Court must determine whether or not there was an agreement that these funds were to be used solely for medical school education purposes or not. At this time, the Court views this as an omitted asset as Plaintiff's name was also on the account.
 - Discovery is open as to Tahnee's account and how it was created and the account history.
- The Parties are to provide their proposed exhibits to the Court Clerk by the close of business on January 17, 2014.
- 11. The Court shall allow out of state witnesses to testify by way of video (Skype or Facetime), so long as the Court is able to see the individual and have them sworn in. The Court would expect to hear from Ms. Attanasio and Mr. Beadle.
- 12. With regard to any Ranch items which may have belonged to the Plaintiff's father, the Court views those items as the Plaintiff's sole and separate property. The Court shall review the prove-up hearing in this regard as Plaintiff is indicating that all the property located at the Ranch was to be awarded to him. The Court shall address this issue at the Evidentiary Hearing after it has reviewed the record. To be clear, this issue shall not be a part of the hearing.

Mandatory Provisions: The following statutory notices relating to custody/visitation of the minor children are applicable to the parties herein:

Pursuant to NRS 125C,200, the parties, and each of them, are hereby placed on notice that if
either party intends to move their residence to a place outside the State of Nevada, and take the minor
child with them, they must, as soon as possible, and before the planned move, attempt to obtain the
written consent of the other party to move the minor children from the State. If the other party refuses to
give such consent, the moving party shall, before they leave the State with the children, petition the Court
for permission to move with the children. The failure of a party to comply with the provision of this
section may be considered as a factor if a change of custody is requested by the other party. This
provision does not apply to vacations outside the State of Nevada planned by either party.

The parties, and each of them, shall be bound by the provisions of NRS 125.510(6) which state, in pertinent part:

PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF ORDER: THE ABDUCTION, CONCEALMENT OR DETENTION OF A CHILD IN VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER IS PUNISHABLE AS A CATEGORY D FELONY AS PROVIDED IN NRS 193.130. NRS 200.359 provides that every person having a limited right of custody to a child or any parent having no right of custody to the child who willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child in violation of an order of this court, or removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation is subject to being punished by a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

Pursuant to NRS 125.510(7) and (8), the terms of the Hague Convention of October 25, 1980, adopted by the 14th Session of The Hague Conference on Private International Law are applicable to the parties:

Section 8. If a parent of the child lives in a foreign country or has significant commitments in a foreign country:

- (a) The parties may agree, and the Court shall include in the Order for custody of the child, that the United States is the country of habitual residence of the child for the purpose of applying the terms of the Hague Convention as set forth in Subsection 7.
- (b) Upon motion of the parties, the Court may order the parent to post a bond if the Court determines that the parents pose an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or concealing the child outside the country of habitual residence. The bond must be in an

amount determined by the Court and may be used only to pay for the cost of locating the child and returning him to his habitual residence if the child is wrongfully removed from or consealed outside the country of habitual residence. The fact that a parent has significant commitments in a foreign country does not create a presumption that the parent poses an imminent risk of wrongfully removing or conscaling the child.

The State of Nevada in the United States of America is the habitual residence of the parties?

children.

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IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this day of JUN 1 1 2014

Submitted by:

RADPORD I. SMITH, CHARTERED

RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ

Wevade Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700

Henderson, Nevada 89074 Attorneys for Defendant

Approved as to Form and Content:

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

EDWARD K KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 005029 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Negas, Nevada 89145

Attorneys for Plaintiff

EXHIBIT "G"

SNTC EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESO. CLERK OF THE COURT Nevada Bar No. 5029 ANDREW L. KYNASTON, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 8147 KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC 10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 5 Telephone (702) 823-4900 Facsimile (702) 823-4488 Administration@KainenLawGroup.com 7 THOMAS STANDISH, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 1424 JOLLEY URGA WIRTH WOODBURY & STANDISH 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 16th Fl. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone (702) 699-7500 Facsimile (702) 699-7555 tis@iuww.com 11 Co-counsel for Plaintiff 12 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488 www.KainenLawGroup.com DISTRICT COURT 13 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 14 KIRK ROSS HARRISON, 15 Plaintiff, CASE NO. D-11-443611-D 16 DEPT NO. Q VS. 17 VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, Date of Hearing: 18 Time of Hearing: N/A Defendant. 19 20 **NOTICE OF APPEAL** 21 Notice is hereby given that Plaintiff appeals to the Nevada Supreme Court from the 22 following: Order for Appointment of Parenting Coordinator filed on October 29, 2013, a copy of 23 1. 24 which is attached hereto as Exhibit "1." 1 25 26 ¹ The Order from which this appeal is taken may have been a non-final Order and was entered prior to the Decree of Divorce (said Decree was filed on October 31, 2013); said Decree was subject to a 28 Motion to Alter, Amend, Correct and Clarify Judgment, resulting in the tolling of the appeal time until the Notice of Entry of the Order resolving the tolling motion which was served on June 16, 2014.

KAINEN LAW GROUP, PLLC

10091 Park Run Drive, Suite 110

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 702.823.4900 • Fax 702.823.4488

www.KainenLawGroup.com

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Order, filed December 17, 2013, denying Plaintiff's Motion to Modify Order Resolving Parent/Child Issues and For Other Equitable Relief, a copy of which is attached hereto

Decree of Divorce entered on October 31, 2013, only to the extent it deals with child

Order from Hearing, related to Plaintiff's Motion For A Judicial Determination of the Teenage Discretion Provision, filed on June 13, 2014, a copy of which is attached hereto

Plaintiff also appeals from all other rulings and orders made final and appealable by

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ., #5029 ANDREW L. KYNASTON, ESQ., #8147

² The Decree of Divorce from which this appeal is taken was filed on October 31, 2013; said Decree was subject to a Motion to Alter, Amend, Correct and Clarify Judgment, resulting in the tolling of the appeal time until the Notice of Entry of the Order resolving the tolling motion which was served

³ The Order from which this appeal is taken may have been a non-final Order and was entered after the Decree of Divorce (said Decree was filed on October 31, 2013), but during the time that said Decree was subject to a Motion to Alter, Amend, Correct and Clarify Judgment, resulting in the tolling of the appeal time until the Notice of Entry of the Order resolving the tolling motion which

⁴ The Order from which this appeal is taken may have been a non-final Order and was entered after the Decree of Divorce (said Decree was filed on October 31, 2013), but concurrent with the resolution of the Motion to Alter, Amend, Correct and Clarify Judgment, the Notice of Entry of the

The present appeal is entirely separate, dealing only with child custody issues.

EXHIBIT "H"

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NOAS RADFORD J. SMITH, CHARTERED 2 **CLERK OF THE COURT** RADFORD J. SMITH, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 002791 64 N. Pecos Road, Suite 700 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Telephone: (702) 990-6448 Facsimile: (702) 990-6456 rsmith@radfordsmith.com 7 GARY R. SILVERMAN, ESQ. SILVERMAN, DECARIA, & KATTLEMAN 8 Nevada Bar No. 000409 6140 Plumas Street, Suite 200 Reno, Nevada 89519 10 Telephone: (775) 322-3223 Facsimile: (775) 322-3649 11 silverman@silverman-decaria.com 12 Attorneys for Defendant 13 14 DISTRICT COURT 15 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 16 17 KIRK HARRISON, CASE NO.: D-11-443611-D 18 DEPT NO.: Q Plaintiff, VS. 19 20 VIVIAN HARRISON, **FAMILY DIVISION** 21 Defendant. 22 23 **NOTICE OF CROSS-APPEAL** 24 NOTICE is hereby given that Defendant, VIVIAN HARRISON, hereby cross-appeals to the 25 Supreme Court of the State of Nevada the following Orders – 26 27 28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of Radford J. Smith, Chartered ("the Firm"). I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. I am "readily familiar" with firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under the Firm's practice, mail is to be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day as stated below, with postage thereon fully prepaid.

I served the foregoing document described as "NOTICE OF CROSS-APPEAL" on this 12th day of August, 2014, to all interested parties as follows:

- BY MAIL: Pursuant To NRCP 5(b), I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows;
- BY FACSIMILE: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via telecopier to the facsimile number shown below;
- BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: Pursuant to EDCR 7.26, I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document this date via electronic mail to the electronic mail address shown below;
- BY CERTIFIED MAIL: I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

Tom J. Standish, Esq.
Standish Law Group
1635 Village Center Circle, Suite 180
Las Vegas, Nevada 89134
tjs@standishlaw.com

Edward L. Kainen, Esq. Kainen Law Group 10091 Park Run Dr., #110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 ed@kainenlawgroup.com

Robert L. Eisenberg, Esq. Lemons, Grundy & Eisenberg 6005 Plumas Street, Suite 300 Reno, Nevada 89519 Attorneys for Kirk Harrison

An employee of Radford J. Smith. Chartered

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EXHIBIT "1"

COMD
Howard Ecker, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 1207
Andrew L. Kynaston, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 8147
ECKER & KAINEN, CHARTERED
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(702) 384-8150 (Fax)
adminstration@eckerkainen.com
Attorneys for Plaintiff

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

KIRK ROSS HARRISON,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.D-11-443611-D

DEPT NO.

I

VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON,

Date of Hearing: N/A

Time of Hearing: N/A

COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE

COMES NOW, Plaintiff, KIRK ROSS HARRISON, and states his cause of action against Defendant, VIVIAN MARIE LEE HARRISON, as follows:

I.

That Plaintiff is a resident of the State of Nevada, and for a period of more than six weeks before commencement of this action has resided and been physically present and domiciled therein, and during all of said period of time, Plaintiff has had, and still has, the intent to make said State of Nevada, his home, residence and domicile for an indefinite period of time.

CKER KAINEN CHARTERED

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Bank of America

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That Plaintiff and Defendant were intermarried in the City of Las Vegas, State of Nevada, on or about November 5, 1982, and are husband and wife.

III.

That there are two (2) minor children the issue of said marriage, to wit: EMMA BROOKE HARRISON, born June 26, 1999; and RYLEE MARIE HARRISON, born January 24, 2003. The parties also have three (3) adult children.

IV.

That the parties are fit and proper persons to have the joint legal custody of said minor children.

V

That Plaintiff be awarded the primary physical care, custody and control of the minor children herein.

VI.

That the Court should retain jurisdiction to make an appropriate award of child support.

VII.

That such child support shall be payable through wage assignment pursuant to NRS Chapter 31A, should any child support obligation become over thirty (30) days delinquent, to the extent such child support is ordered.

VIII.

That Plaintiff will maintain the cost of major medical insurance coverage for the minor children herein, with the parties equally dividing all medical, dental (including orthodontic), psychological and optical expenses of said minor children not

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covered by insurance, until such time as each child, respectively, (1) becomes emancipated, or (2) attains the age of eighteen (18) years, the age of majority, unless each child is still attending secondary education when each child reaches eighteen (18) years of age, in which event said medical coverage shall continue until each child, respectively, graduates from high school, or attains the age of nineteen (19) years, whichever event first occurs.

IX.

That neither party is entitled to alimony from the other party herein.

Х.

That there is community property of the parties herein to be adjudicated by the Court, the full nature and extent of which is unknown to Plaintiff at this time, and Plaintiff prays leave of the Court to amend this Complaint when additional information becomes available.

XI.

That there are no community debts of the parties herein to be adjudicated by the Court.

XII.

That there exists separate property of the parties to be confirmed to each party, the full nature and extent of which is unknown to Plaintiff at this time, and Plaintiff prays leave of the Court to amend this Complaint when additional information becomes available.

XIII.

That Defendant has engaged in an individual act or course actions which, individually ortogether,

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constituted marital waste, and therefore Plaintiff should be compensated for the loss and enjoyment of said wasted community asset(s).

XIV.

That Plaintiff requests this Court to jointly restrain the parties herein in accordance with the terms of the Joint Preliminary Injunction issued herewith.

XV.

That Plaintiff has been required to retain the services of ECKER & KAINEN, CHARTERED, to prosecute this action, and is therefore entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit,

IVX.

That the parties hereto are incompatible in marriage. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays judgment as follows:

- That the bonds of matrimony now and heretofore 1. existing between Plaintiff and Defendant be dissolved; that Plaintiff be granted an absolute Decree of Divorce; and that each of the parties hereto be restored to the status of a single, unmarried person;
- That the parties be awarded joint legal custody of 2. the minor children herein;
- That Plaintiff be awarded the primary physical 3. care, custody and control of the minor children herein;
- That the Court retain jurisdiction to enter an appropriate award of child support.
- That child support be paid through wage assignment pursuant to NRS Chapter 31A, should payment of any child support

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obligation be thirty (30) days delinquent, to the extent child support is ordered;

- That Plaintiff be ordered to provide the cost of major medical insurance coverage for the minor children herein, with the parties equally dividing all medical, dental (including orthodontic), psychological or optical expenses of said minor children not covered by insurance, until such time as each child, respectively, (1) becomes emancipated, or (2) attains the age of eighteen (18) years, the age of majority, unless each child is still attending secondary education when each child reaches eighteen (18) years of age, in which event said medical coverage and payment of the children's noncovered medical expenses shall continue until each child, respectively, graduates from high school, or attains the age of nineteen (19) years, whichever event first occurs;
- 7. That neither party be required to pay the other spousal support;
- 8. That this Court make an equitable division of the community assets;
- 9. That this Court confirm to each party his or her separate property;
- That Defendant reimburse Plaintiff for one-half of 10. the amounts and/or values of all community and jointly held property which she has wasted and/or dissipated;
- That this Court issue its Joint Preliminary Injunction enjoining the parties pursuant to the terms stated therein;

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That Defendant be ordered to pay a reasonable sum to Plaintiff's counsel as and for attorney's fees, together with the cost of bringing this action;

13. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper in the premises.

/8 M day of March, 2011 DATED this _

> ECKER & KAINEN, CHARTERED

By:

EDWARD L. KAINEN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 5029 300 S. Fourth Street, #901 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Plaintiff

VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA SS: COUNTY OF CLARK

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says:

KIRK ROSS HARRISON, being first duly sworn, deposes and

That I am the Plaintiff herein; that I have read the foregoing Complaint for Divorce and the same is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters which are therein stated upon information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this Stay of March, 2011.

NOTARY PUBLIC in and for said County and State

NOTARY PUBLIC H.D. MAGALIANES STATE OF NEVADA - COUNTY OF CLARK

MY APPOINTMENT EXP. FEBRUARY 19, 2012 No: 00-60427-1

n Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevacia 89101 Bank of America Plaza, Suite 931 Tel (702) 384-1700

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