1	IN THE SUPREME CO	URT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
2		The state of the s
3	BENNETT GRIMES,) No. 67598
4	Appellant,	Electronically Filed Jul 02 2015 01:02 p.m.
5	v.	? Tracie K. Lindeman
6		Clerk of Supreme Court
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
8	Respondent.)
9	ADDELL ANTIC ADDE	NDIV VOI LIME L DA CIEG 001 240
10	ATTELLANT SAFFE.	NDIX VOLUME I PAGES 001-249
11	PHILIP J. KOHN	STEVE WOLFSON
12	Clark County Public Defender 309 South Third Street	Clark County District Attorney 200 Lewis Avenue, 3 rd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2610	
14	Attorney for Appellant	ADAM LAXALT Attorney General 100 North Carson Street
15 16		100 North Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 (702) 687-3538
17		Counsel for Respondent
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JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CLARK COUNTY INEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

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Plaintiff,

JUL 26
JUSTICE SHEVADA
DEPUTY

CASE NO: 11F13012X

DEPT NO:

-vs-

BENNETT GRIMES #2762267,

Defendant.

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

The Defendant above named having committed the crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165), BURGLARY (Felony - NRS 205.060), and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE (Felony - NRS 200.481; 200.485; 33.018), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 22nd day of July, 2011, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANIKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit assault or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANIKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has

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had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANIKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES with said knife.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

7/25/20

11F13012X/cas LVMPD EV# 1107223412 (TK8)

1.

NOTICE OF WITNESSES [NRS 174.234]

Defendant or attorney of record: TO:

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF

NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses:

NAME

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS

<u>ADDRESS</u>

Communication Bureau Law Enforcement Agency - Clark County, Nevada

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses noted in the discovery or other documents provided.

DATED this 25th day of July, 2011.

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ORIGINAL

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff,

-VS-

BENNETT GRIMES #2762267,

Defendant.

11F13012X CASE NO:

DEPT NO:

The Defendant above named having committed the crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165; NRS 193.166), BURGLARY IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 205.060; NRS 193.166), and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481; 200.485; 33.018; NRS 193.166), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 22nd day of July, 2011, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada,

ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANIKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-13

YRY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit assault or battery and/or to commit_substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain 11F13012X

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building occupied by ANIKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No.

T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon

the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANIKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES with said knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

7/25/2011

11F13012X/cas LVMPD EV# 1107223412 (TK8)

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NOTICE OF WITNESSES [NRS 174.234]

NAME

ADDRESS

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF

Communication Bureau Law Enforcement Agency - Clark County, Nevada

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses noted in the discovery or other documents provided.

DATED this 25th day of July, 2011.

Defendant or attorney of record:

NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses:

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS

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JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CASE NO. 11F13012X STATE VS. GRIMES, BENNETT PAGE: 1 DATE, JUDGE CONTINUED TO: OFFICERS OF COURT APPEARANCES - HEARING PRESENT CRIMINAL COMPLAINT FILED COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON JULY 26, 2011 COUNT 2 - BURGLARY COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING TAC DOMESTIC VIOLENCE 7/28/11 10:45 #4 INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT DEFENDANT NOT PRESENT IN COURT**IN CUSTODY COUNTS 1 & 2** JULY 27, 2011 CRB DEFENDANT REFUSED TO BE TRANSPORTED M.SARAGOSA S.MORGAN, DA DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF COUNTS 1 & 2 M.LEONARD, CR M.KRAUS, CLK NO BAIL POSTED COUNT 3 8/11/11 9:30 #4 CONTINUED INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT**IN CUSTODY COUNTS 1 & 2** JULY 28, 2011 DEFENDANT ADVISED OF CHARGES/WAIVES READING OF COMPLAINT CRB M.SARAGOSA S.MORGAN, DA PRELIMINARY HEARING DATE SET PD (APPOINTED) DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF COUNTS 1 & 2 M.LEONARD, CR M.KRAUS, CLK NO BAIL POSTED COUNT 3 8/25/11 9;30 #4 TIME SET FOR PRELIMINARY HEARING DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT **IN CUSTODY** COUNTS 1 & 2 AUGUST 11, 2011 MOTION BY DEFENSE TO CONTINUE, GRANTED M. SARAGOSA S. MORGAN, DA DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF COUNTS 1 & 2 ROGER HILLMAN, PD K. MACDONALD, CR NO BAIL POSTED COUNT 3 **MRK** M. KRAUS, CLK

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CASE NO. 11F13012X

STATE VS. GRIMES, BENNETT PAGE: 2 DATE, JUDGE CONTINUED TO: OFFICERS OF COURT APPEARANCES - HEARING PRESENT 9/8/11 10:30 DC TIME SET FOR PRELIMINARY HEARING ARRAIGNMENT DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT **IN CUSTODY ** COUNTS 1, 2 AUGUST 25, 2011 STATE FILES AN AMENDED CRIMINAL COMPLAINT IN OPEN COURT L. MARQUIS FOR COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN M. SARAGOSA S. MORGAN, DA VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION ROGER HILLMAN, PD M. LEONARD, CR OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER COUNT 3 – BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING M. KRAUS, CLK DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER STATE WITNESSES - ANEKA LASHAWN GRIMES - WITNESS ID DEFT BOBBY HOFFMAN - WITNESS ID DEFT DEFENDANT ADVISED OF HIS STATUTORY RIGHT TO MAKE A SWORN OR STATE RESTS UNSWORN STATEMENT, TO WAIVE MAKING A STATEMENT, AND/OR OF HIS RIGHT TO CALL WITNESSES DEFENDANT WAIVES HIS RIGHT TO MAKE A STATEMENT DEFENSE RESTS MOTION BY DEFENSE TO SET BAIL, GRANTED BAIL RE-SET: COUNT 1 - \$750,000/\$750,000 COUNT 2 - \$15,000/\$15,000 COUNT 3 - \$250,000/\$250,000 DEFENDANT TO HAVE NO CONTACT WITH VICTIM DEFENDANT BOUND OVER TO DISTRICT COURT AS CHARGED DEFENDANT TO APPEAR IN THE LOWER LEVEL ARRAIGNMENT COURTROOM A MRK DATE SET DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF EVIDENCE - #1 - DOCUMENT - OFFERED - ADMITTED

	INFO
1	INFO DAVID ROGER CLERK OF THE COURT
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781
3	SHAWN MORGAN
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff
7 8	I.A. 09/20/2011 DISTRICT COURT 1:30 PM CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA PD
ļ	FD
9	TOTAL CONTROL OF MENTADA
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA, Case No: C-11-276163-1
11	Plaintiff, Dept No: XII
12	-vs-
13	BENNETT GRIMES, #2762267 INFORMATION
14	Defendant.
15	
16	STATE OF NEVADA) ss.
17	COUNTY OF CLARK) DAVID ROGER, District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of
18	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs the Court:
19	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs are state of Nevada, informs a
20	That BENNETT GRIMES, the Defendant(s) above hamon, having volumes.
21	crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN
22	VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010,
23	200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A
24	FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony -
25	NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON
26	CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL
27	BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

(Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), on or about the 22nd day of July, 2011, within the

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County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANIKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit assault or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANIKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANIKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES with said knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic

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1	Violence issued by the District Court, Family	y Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No.
2	T-11-134754-T.	
3		
4		
5		Kana Rose
6	ВУ	DAVID ROGER
7		DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #002781
8	,	
9		occ - the time of filing this
10	·	strict Attorney's Office at the time of filing this
11	Information are as follows:	ADDREGG
12	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS
13	BREWER, MICHAEL	LVMPD #8426
14	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
15	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
16	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS
17	GALLUP, BRADLEY	LVMPD #8729
18	GRIMES, ANIKA	C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY
19	HODSON, RODNEY	LVMPD #3711
20	HOFFMAN, BOBBY	LVMPD #10069
21	KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE	D.A. INVESTIGATOR
22	NEWMAN, STEPHANIE	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
23	TAVAREZ, MICHELLE	LVMPD #8518
24	TOMAINO, DANIEL	LVMPD #8278
25		
26		
27	DA#11F13012X/ts	
28	LVMPD EV#1107223412 (TK4)	
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DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

STATE OF NEVADA BENNETT GRIMES

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CASE NO: C-11-276163-1

Department 12

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF HEARING

The hearing on the Initial Arraignment, presently set for September 08, 2011, at 1:30 PM, has been moved to the, 20th day of September, 2011 at 1:30 PM and will be heard by Judge Melisa De La Garza.

STEVEN D. GRIERSON, CEO/Clerk of the Court

Heather Kordenbrock,

Deputy Clerk of the Court

C-11-276183-1 NOCH Notice of Change of Hearing 1608780



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RECEIVED

SEP 1 4 2011

CLERK OF THE COURT



CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I hereby certify that on the 14th day of September, 2011: I mailed, via first-class mail, postage fully prepaid the foregoing Notice of Change of Hearing to: David J Roger Clark County District Attorney 200 Lewis Avenue 3rd Floor Las Vegas NV 89155 Public Defender No Known Address I placed a copy of the foregoing Notice of Change of Hearing in the appropriate attorney folder located in the Clerk of the Court's Office: David J. Roger Public Defender Heather Kordenbrock. Deputy Clerk of the Court

		(Alm J. Lum
	INFO DAVID ROGER		CLERK OF THE COURT
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781		CLERKO, INC.
.	Nevada Bar #002781 SHAWN MORGAN		
'∥	Deputy District Attorney		
1	Nevada Bar #0010935		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212		
₅	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		
- 1	DISTRICT C	OURT	
7	CLARK COUNTY	, NEVADA	
8	·	·	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
0	Plaintiff,	Case No: Dept No:	C-11-276163-1 XII
1	-vs-	A IN.	ENDED
2	BENNETT GRIMES,		
3	#2762267	INFO	RMATION
	Defendant.		
4			
5	STATE OF NEVADA) ss.	•	
16	COUNTY OF CLARK		
17	DAVID ROGER, District Attorney v	within and for the	County of Clark, State
18	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the	ne State of Nevada, i	nforms the Court:
19	That BENNETT GRIMES, the Defe	ndant(s) above nam	ned, having committed
IJ			SEASTAL STEADON

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the crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony -NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), on or about the 22nd day of July, 2011, within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes in such

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cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANIKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A FIREARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent while in possession of a firearm, to commit assault or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANIKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANIKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANIKA GRIMES with said knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic

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Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. 1 T-11-134754-T. 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 Names of witnesses known to the District Attorney's Office at the time of filing this 10 Information are as follows: 11 ADDRESS NAME 12 LVMPD #8426 BREWER, MICHAEL 13 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS CCDC 14 LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS 15 LVMPD RECORDS CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS 16 LVMPD #8729 GALLUP, BRADLEY 17 C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY GRIMES, ANIKA 18 LVMPD #3711 HODSON, RODNEY 19 LVMPD #10069 HOFFMAN, BOBBY 20 D.A. INVESTIGATOR KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE 21 16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA NEWMAN, STEPHANIE 22 LVMPD #8518 TAVAREZ, MICHELLE 23 LVMPD #8278 TOMAINO, DANIEL 24 25 26 DA#11F13012X/ts LVMPD EV#1107223412 27 28 (TK4) C:\PROGRAM FILES\NEEVIA.COM\DOCUMENT CONVERTER\TEMP\2148268 2533

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1	LAS VEGAS, CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA,
2	AUGUST 25, 2011, 9:30 A.M.
3	PROCEEDINGS
4	
5	THE COURT: Bennett Grimes, 11F13012X.
6	MR. HILLMAN: I think that's going to go,
7	Judge .
8	THE COURT: All right. Counsel, approach.
9	(Thereupon, a brief discussion was held at the
10	bench.)
11	THE COURT: Bennett Grimes, 11F13012X.
12	And, Counsel, I don't have to leave at
13	one, so we have all the time in the world.
14	MR. HILLMAN: Okay.
15	MR. MORGAN: Perfect, Judge.
16	THE COURT: I have a 1:30 calendar.
17	MR. MORGAN: I do have housekeeping
18	matters.
19	THE COURT: Sure.
20	MR. MORGAN: Did you get a copy of the
21	Amended Criminal Complaint?
22	THE COURT: I do have a copy of the
23	Amended Criminal Complaint.
24	Does Counsel have a copy of it?
25	MR. HILLMAN: Yes.

MR. MORGAN: He does, Judge, and I just 1 noticed that I forgot to write "amended" on it. So ... 2 THE COURT: Okay. I'll go ahead and write 3 it in on my copy. 4 MR. MORGAN: Thank you, Judge. 5 THE COURT: Counsel, you would note that 6 on your copy as well? 7 MR. MORGAN: This is what happens when my 8 secretary is out sick for the day, and I do this 9 myself. 10 I also missed a second amendment on Count 11 The State had intended to make it burglary while 12 in possession of a deadly weapon and in violation of a 13 temporary protective order. 14 THE COURT: So line 26 should read, "Count 15 Two, burglary while in possession" --16 MR. MORGAN: While in possession of a 17 deadly weapon in violation of a temporary protective 18 order. 19 THE COURT: All right. 20 MR. MORGAN: And those would be the two 21 additional amendments to the Amended Criminal 22 Complaint. 23 THE COURT: All right. Counsel, have you 24 got those? 25

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1	MR. HILLMAN: Yes, I do, Judge.
2	THE COURT: All right.
3	MR. MORGAN: And the State would call
4	Aneka Grimes.
5	THE COURT: Aneka Grimes.
6	And are we going to invoke the
7	exclusionary rule, Counsel?
8	MR. HILLMAN: Yes, ma'am.
9	THE COURT: All right. We have that
10	witness out. There's nobody else.
11	Miss Grimes, come up here to the witness
12	stand, remain standing, and raise your right hand to be
13	sworn.
14	THE CLERK: Do you solemnly swear to tell
15	the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth,
16	so help you God?
17	THE WITNESS: I do.
18	THE CLERK: Please be seated. Speak into
19	the microphone and state your whole name and spell it,
20	please.
2:	
2	A-N-E-K-A, $L-A-S-H-A-W-N$, $G-R-I-M-E-S$.
2	MR MORGAN: May I proceed, Judge?
2	THE COURT: please.
2	5 ANEKA GRIMES,

called as a witness by the State, having been first duly 1 sworn, testified as follows: 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. MORGAN: 5 Miss Grimes, did you say your name was Q. 6 A-N-E-K-A? 7 Uh-huh. Α. 8 That's a yes? . Q. 9 Yes. Α. 10 MR. MORGAN: Judge, I'm going to ask the 11 Complaint to reflect the proper spelling of her name as 12 well? 13 THE COURT: All right. That will be lines 14 22, 23, one of the second page, 11 and 12 of the second 15 page. 16 MR. MORGAN: Thank you, Judge. 17 BY MR. MORGAN: 18 Good morning, Aneka. Do you know a person ٥. 19 by the name of Bennett Grimes? 20 Yes. Α. 21 Do you see him in court here today? 22 Yes. Α. 23 Can you please point to him for me and 24 describe what he's wearing? 25

```
Gray jumpsuit, I guess.
           Α.
1
                 MR. MORGAN: Record reflect identification
2
    of the defendant?
3
                 THE COURT: What color did you say it was?
                  THE WITNESS: It looks gray to me.
5
                  THE COURT: Point to him.
6
                  THE WITNESS: Right there.
7
                  THE COURT: The record will so reflect.
8
    BY MR. MORGAN:
                  How do you know him?
            Q.
10
                  He's my husband.
            Α.
11
                  Were you guys married back on July 22,
            Q.
12
     2011?
13
                  No, December 18, 2004.
            Α.
14
                  Okay. But on -- you were still married on
15
     July 22, 2011?
16
                   Yes, yes.
             Α.
17
                   Okay. On that date, were you living at
             Q.
18
     9325 West Desert Inn Road, Apartment 173?
19
                   Yes.
             Α.
20
                   Is that in Las Vegas, Clark County,
             Q.
 21
      Nevada?
 22
                    Yes.
             Α.
 23
                   Okay. What was your -- what was the --
             Q.
 24
      where were you at in your marriage with Mr. Grimes at
 25
```

ł	i	
1 }	that time?	
2	A. I wanted to separate from Bennett.	
3	Q. Okay. And what steps did you take to	
4	separate?	
5	A. At that point, I had asked him to leave my	
6	house. I also got a restraining order against him for	
7	him to leave.	
8	Q. Okay. Now, on the 22nd, had you had	l
9	contact with him on that day?	١
10	A. No.	١
11	Q. When was the last time you had contact	
12	with him prior to the 22nd?	
13	A. When the restraining order was served.	
14	Q. Okay. Did you actually talk to him or	
15	were you just there when it was served on the day that	
16	it was served?	
17	A. I was there.	
18	Q. Okay. How long prior to the 22nd was	
19		
20	A. Maybe like two weeks maybe.	
23	Q. Okay. Who were you with on the 22nd?	
2	A. My mother.	
2	Q. And did there come a time where you guys	
2	d came to your house?	
2	A. Yes.	_

1	Q. What happened when you got home?
2	A. I came home. And my mom came in after me.
3	At that point, I guess Bennett shoved his way through
4	the door. There was kind of like a verbal altercation
5	between the three of us.
6	Q. Okay. I'm going to stop you quickly. As
7	you were approaching your house
8	A. Uh-huh.
9	Q did you see Bennett at all?
10	A. No.
11	Q. And you went into the house first?
1.2	A, Yes.
13	Q. And then your mom came in second?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. And then at that point is when he came in
16	the door?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Okay. What happened when he came inside?
19	A. There was a verbal altercation. My mom
20	said to him I guess she called my dad. During that
21	time, my dad had called the police.
22	MR. HILLMAN: Objection, hearsay.
23	MR. MORGAN: I'll
24	
25	MR. MORGAN: I'll withdraw that question.

THE WITNESS: Okay. 1 BY MR. MORGAN: 2 I only want you to testify as to what you Q. 3 did and what you know. Okay? Okay. Α. 5 So while you're in the living room, were Q. 6 you in the living room with Mr. Grimes? 7 Yes. Α. 8 And did your mom stay in the room the 9 whole time? 10 No, she was in the living room also. Α. 11 Did there come a time where she left? Q. 12 Uh-huh. Α. 13 And that's a yes? ٥. 14 Yes. Α. 15 And while you guys are in the living room, Ο. 16 what are you guys talking about, you and the defendant? 17 Bennett wanted to have a conversation with 18 us to try to I guess resolve some stuff between us so 19 there was "I love your daughter." So we sit down and 20 have a conversation. "Why are you already doing this 21 to me?" Stuff like that. 22 What was his demeanor like? Q. 23 He seemed like pleading kind of like. 24 a pleading state and maybe a little upset. 25

1	Q. Okay. Now, I just want to back up to the
2	initial point where he came in the door. Describe that
3	for the Judge.
4	A. Describe how he came in the door?
5	Q. Was he welcome and just walked right in?
6	A. No, he shoved his way into the door. Like
7	I guess he I was already in the house. So I didn't
8	really see how it happened. My mom did.
9	MR. HILLMAN: I am going to object
10	hearsay.
11	THE WITNESS: I can't say.
12	BY MR. MORGAN:
13	Q. Okay. Well, did there come a time where
14	you actually came to the door?
15	Vos
16	Okay When you came to the door, what was
17	
	We were trying to push the door closed.
18	and he's on the other side pushing it
19	
20	You
23	And then he eventually made his way
2:	2
2	- Vac
2	was that with your consent or not?
2	5 Q. Was that with 1000

ı	
1	A. No.
2	Q. Okay. And then when he gets inside, you
3	say he starts pleading with you?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. How long does the conversation last?
6	A. Maybe like five minutes.
7	Q. Okay. What happened to end the
8	conversation?
9	A. To end the conversation?
10	Q. Well, did there come a time where you
11	called the police?
12	A. Yes, I did.
13	Q. And describe what happened.
14	A. I was just standing on my bar, and I had
15	first text a friend of mine, and then after that, I
16	called the police.
17	Q. And was the defendant in your general area
18	while you were doing that?
19	A. He was still standing at the door.
20	Q. Okay. The front door?
21	A. Yes
22	
23	A. Then I opened the balcony door. I was
24	just walking around the house, and then I went back to
	bar At that time Bennett came over and grabbed a

-	
1	knife from my kitchen area where I had dried my dishes.
2	And he pulled me over to the front door on top of me
3	and then started stabbing.
4	Q. What was going on right before he grabbed
5	the knife?
6	A. Nothing.
7	Q. Nothing?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Were the police there?
10	A. No, not yet.
11	Q. Okay. Did you guys hear any noises?
1.2	A. I didn't hear anything.
13	Q. Okay. Did the defendant say anything
14	right before he got the knife?
15	A. The only thing he said was "okay."
16	Q. And then you said he grabbed a knife out.
17	What kind of knife was it?
18	A. A steak knife.
19	Q. Okay. About how long was the knife, if
20	you can remember?
21	
22	Q. And you're indicating about how many
23	
24	
25	Q. Okay. Fair enough.

ı	
1	And you said the steak knife had a
2	serrated edge?
3	A. Uh-huh.
4	Q. Yes?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Now, when you grabbed the knife, was he on
7	one side of the bar and you on the other or were you
8	both on the same side?
9	A. No, we were on the same side.
10	Q. Okay. Just describe what he how he
11	grabs you?
12	A. I don't even remember.
13	Q. Okay.
14	A. All I know is I was grabbed, and I ended
15	up on the floor in front of the door. And at that
16	point, that's when the stabbing started.
17	Q. Okay. Where did he stab you?
18	A. My arm. My chest. My neck. My head. My
19	face. My back.
20	Q. Do you know how many times he stabbed you?
21	A. Twenty.
22	Q. And as you stand here today, what injuries
23	do you still have as a result of that?
24	A. I can't straighten my arm. I can no
25	longer use my thumb. Just a lot of pain and stuff like

that. I have to have surgery on my thumb.
Q. Okay. And do you have scars as a result
of that?
A. Uh-huh
Q, Is that a yes?
A. Yes.
Q. How does the stabbing stop?
A. The police came in at that time, and they
had to tackle him off of me.
Q. About how much time would you say passed
from the time he went into the house until he grabbed
the knife?
A. Maybe like eight minutes.
MR. MORGAN: I'll pass the witness, Judge.
THE COURT: Counsel?
MR. HILLMAN: Thank you.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MR. HILLMAN:
Q. Ms. Grimes, when were you and Bennett
first married?
A. December 18th of 2004.
Q. And what was the address where this
4 incident occurred?
A. 9325 West Desert Inn.

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1	Q. Had you and Bennett lived there together?	
2	A. On and off, yes.	į.
3	Q. So you guys had been together and broken	
4	up, gotten back together before; is that correct?	ľ
5	A. Yes.	
6	Q. Now, on this date, which I believe was the	
7	22nd of July, do you remember about what time this	
8	happened?	
9	A. Maybe like 6:30 p.m.	
10	Q. And you and your mom had been away from	
11	the apartment; is that right?	
12	A. Yes.	
13	Q. Where were you at?	
14	A. I was purchasing a vehicle.	
15	Q. How long had you been gone?	
. 16	A. All day.	
1.7	Q. Okay. And you stated you walked up to the	
18	door and unlocked the door; is that correct?	
19	A. Yes.	
20	Q. And you went into the apartment?	
21		
22	Q. When was the first time you noticed that	
23	- !	
24		
25	Q. And was that immediately upon entry into	

	1
the apartment or was it a second or two later?	İ
A. Maybe a couple seconds later.	
Q. Do you remember what she said?	
A. She just yelled my name.	
Q. Okay. Then did you go back to the door?	
A. Yes.	
Q. And what happened then?	
A. We tried to close the door on him.	
Q. And what was he saying?	
A. I don't remember if he was saying	
anything.	
Q. And how long were you at the door?	
A. Maybe like a minute or two.	
Q. And he was trying to get in and you	
weren't letting him in; is that correct?	,
yog that's correct.	
and I think you said that you then went	
n little while after that, yeah, I opened	
All door	
when you say a little while, how much	
Maybe like six minutes after he had	
the house	
okay so then, if I understand this	
	Q. Do you remember what she said? A. She just yelled my name. Q. Okay. Then did you go back to the door? A. Yes. Q. And what happened then? A. We tried to close the door on him. Q. And what was he saying? A. I don't remember if he was saying anything. Q. And how long were you at the door? A. Maybe like a minute or two. Q. And he was trying to get in and you weren't letting him in; is that correct? A. Yes, that's correct. Q. And I think you said that you then went and opened the patio door; is that right? A. A little while after that, yeah, I opened the patio door. Q. When you say a little while, how much longer? A. Maybe like six minutes after he had entered the house.

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correctly, after about a minute you left and he came in
1
    the house; is that right?
2
                  Yes.
3
                  Did you ever tell him not to come in again
            Q.
    after that or did you just give up?
5
                  I just gave up at that point.
 6
                  Okay.
            Q.
 7
                   We asked him to leave several times,
            Α.
 8
     but .
 9
                   So for six minutes then, where were you
             Q.
10
     at --
11
                   Walking.
             Α.
12
                   -- before you opened the patio?
             Q.
 13
                   Just walking around my living room.
             Α.
 14
                    Okay. And what was Mr. Grimes doing at
             Q.
 15
      that time?
 16
                    Standing at the front door just pleading
              Α.
 17
      basically.
 18
                    And how far did he come into the apartment
              Q.
  19
       at that time?
  20
                     He was standing just at the door.
              Α.
  21
       it.
  22
                     So heels at the door pretty much?
               Q.
  23
                     Yes.
               Α.
  24
                     And so you went and opened the patio
               Q.
  25
```

doors; is that right? 1 Α. Yes. And then what happened at that point in Q. 3 time? My mom walked over to the patio door. At Α. 5 that point, I went to my bar. That's when I text my 6 friend and I called the police. And then maybe a 7 minute after that, Bennett walked over to the bar where I was standing and grabbed the knife. 9 Does the bar separate the living area from Q. 10 the kitchen? 11 Yes. 12 And where is the sink at in relationship ο. 13 to the bar? 14 Right on the opposite side. Α. 15 I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you. Q. 16 Right on the opposite side. So like this Α. 17 would be the bar. The sink would be right there. 18 so ... Q. 19 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I just -- we're 20 talking about like a breakfast bar, not a separate bar 21 from the kitchen. It's just like a --22 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 23 -- counter? THE COURT: 24 Yeah, like a counter. THE WITNESS: 25

	_
1	THE COURT: I'm sorry. Go ahead.
2	BY MR. HILLMAN:
3	Q. So the sink is on the counter next to the
4	bar; is that correct? Or is the sink against the wall?
5	A. The sink is right behind the bar.
6	Q. Okay. Is there any separation between the
7	bar and the sink?
8	A. No. They are connected.
9	Q. And so your testimony is then that Bennett
10	walked to the bar and grabbed a knife; is that correct?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. And then he grabbed you; is that correct?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. And you don't remember how he grabbed you?
15	A. I don't remember. I just know I was
16	grabbed.
17	Q. You don't remember if it was by the arm or
18	the hand?
19	A. (Witness shakes head.) No.
20	Q. And what did he say?
21	A, "Okay."
22	Q. And then he walked you to the doorway?
23	A. It was kind of like a tackle I would say
24	because I ended up on the floor, so
25	Q. Where is the doorway in relationship to

1	
1	the bar?
2	A. Maybe like 5 feet away.
3	Q. But he would have walked from the doorway
4	to the bar, correct?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And then where were you standing?
7	A. On the bar.
8	Q. You were standing on the kitchen side of
9	the bar or the living room side of the bar?
1.0	A. The living room side of the bar.
11	Q. Okay. And then somehow you got back to
12	the front door; is that correct?
13	A. I ended up back at the front door.
14	Q. When was the first time he stabbed you
15	with the knife? Do you remember where you were at?
16	A. The front door.
17	Q. At the front door?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. And were you standing up?
20	A. No, I was on the ground.
2:	Q. Okay. So you ended up on the ground; is
2	that correct?
2	A. Yes, that's correct.
2	and do you remember how long that took?
2	A. To end up on the ground?

- 1	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
1	Q. Yes.
2	A. A second or two.
3	Q. Okay. Was there ever any time when you
4	had the knife in your hand?
5	A. No.
6	Q. When the police arrived, do you remember
7	where you were?
8	A. On the ground.
9	Q. You were on the ground?
1.0	A. Yes.
11	Q. And Mr. Grimes was also on the ground at
12	the same time?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Do you remember how long that attack
15	lasted?
16	A. No. It seemed like maybe a couple
17	minutes.
18	Q. Okay. Do you remember where your mother
19	was at the time this happened?
20	
21	attacked. I couldn't see anything.
22	Q. But at some point in time, the police
2	they pulled Mr. Grimes off of you; is that
2	4 correct?
2	A. That is correct.

ſ	
1	MR, HILLMAN: I have no further questions
2	at this time.
3	THE COURT: State, do you have any other
4	questions?
5	MR. MORGAN: No, Judge.
6	THE COURT: Ms. Grimes, you are free to
7	go, You can step down, Wait in the hallway.
8	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
9	MR. MORGAN: State is going to call
10	Officer Hoffman.
11	THE COURT: Step up here and raise your
12	right hand and be sworn.
13	THE CLERK: Do you solemnly swear to tell
14	the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth,
15	so help you God?
16	THE WITNESS: I do.
17	THE CLERK: Please be seated. State your
18	s who record and spell it.
19	THE MITNESS: My name is Bobby Hoffman.
20	TO FEE MAA-N
2:	MR MORGAN: May I proceed, Judge?
2:	THE COURT Please.
2	
2	
2	BORBY HOFFMAN,
2	

called as a witness by the State, having been first duly sworn, testified as follows: 2 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 BY MR. MORGAN: 5 Good afternoon, sir. Can you tell me what Q. 6 you do for a living? 7 I work for Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 8 Department. 9 How long have you been with Metro? Q. 10 Just over four years. Α. 11 What's your current assignment? ٥. 12 I currently work out of Enterprise Area Α. 13 Command, which is the southwest part of town. 14 Okay. And directing your attention to 15 July 22, 2011, was that your same assignment? 16 Yes, it is. Α. 17 Were you working that day? Q. 18 Yes, I was. A. 19 Did you have occasion to be dispatched to 20 9325 West Desert Inn Road, Apartment 173? 21 Yes. A. 22 That's in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada? ο. 23 Yes, it is. Α. 24 Was that the first time that you had been Q. 25

1	dispatched to that location?
2	A. No, it was not.
3	Q. When if you can recall, when were you
4	previously dispatched to that location?
5	A. It was probably a week and a half, I
6	believe, eight, nine days prior. I received a call
7	there that I was assigned to serve an extended
8	temporary protection order.
9	Q. Can you recall the last date, the exact
10	date that you went to that location previously?
11	A. I cannot, not the exact.
12	Q. Would it refresh your recollection to
1.3	review the arrest report in this case?
14	A. Yes, it would.
15	MR. MORGAN: If I could approach, Judge?
16	THE COURT: Please.
17	BY MR. MORGAN:
18	Q. After reviewing this report, does that
19	refresh your recollection?
20	A. Yes, it does.
21	Q. What date did you respond to that address?
22	A. July 8th.
23	Q. Of 2011?
24	A. of 2011, yes.
25	Q. Okay. What did you do when you responded

on the 8th? I made contact with the PR, which is the A. 2 person reporting, which is Ms. Aneka Grimes. She was sitting out by her vehicle waiting for officers to 4 arrive. 5 She had a -- paperwork from the courts б stating that she needed to file an extended temporary 7 protection order against her current husband, which is Bennett Grimes. Myself and another officer responded to 10 it. We went up to the door. He was not there. 11 According to her, she didn't see him leave or anything, 12 so we didn't know if he was inside or not. We hung 13 around for about ten minutes. 14 He actually came around the corner from 15 the corner store I believe is what he told us. And I 16 believe he went to go get cigarettes or, you know, 17 whatever he was doing. So right there outside, we sat 18 him down, we explained what was going on, and we served 19 him with the ETPO. 20 Do you see the person who you served in Q. 21 court here today? 22 Yes, I do. Α. 23 Can you point to him and describe what 24

he's wearing for me?

•	
1	A. Blue shirt.
2	MR. MORGAN: Record reflect
3	identification?
4	THE COURT: The record will so reflect.
5	MR. MORGAN: May I approach, Judge?
6	THE COURT: Yes.
7.	BY MR. MORGAN:
8	Q. Showing you what's been marked as State's
9	Proposed Exhibit 1, do you recognize this document?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. What is it?
12	A. It's a temporary protection order.
13	Q. Is it against the defendant, Bennett
14	Grimes?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Is this a fair and accurate depiction of
17	the document that you served on him on July 8, 2011?
18	A. Yes.
19	
20	admission of State's Proposed 1 at this time?
21	
22	
23	
24	(State's Exhibit 1 was admitted.)
25	

BY MR. MORGAN: Okay. Now, let's fast forward a couple Q. 2 weeks later to July 22nd. You said you were 3 dispatched to the same address? Yes, I was. Α. 5 What was the nature of your dispatch? Q. б The nature was a domestic violence call. 7 And what happened when you arrived? Q. 8 I was not the first arriving officer. 9 first arriving officer was Michelle Tavares (phonetic. 10 She is a plain clothes unit. 11 Due to her being in a plain car and plain 12 clothes, she was able to get a good eye on the 13 apartment that was on the first floor in the corner. 14 Myself and another officer in uniform 15 arrived where she stated to us that she continued 16 hearing arguing and yelling. At that point, we decided 17 to approach the house to make contact. 18 As we are approaching, there was a female 19 that walked out onto the balcony of the said address, 20 of the target address, and said that Mr. Grimes was 21 inside and he was very aggravated and that he might 22 run. And if she -- if we could place one officer at 23 that balcony. 24 Was this the same person that you made

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1	contact with that you identified as Aneka Grimes a
2	couple weeks earlier?
3	A. No, it was not.
4	Q. Okay. Did you identify that person?
5	A. Later on I identified her as Stephanie
6	Newman, her mother.
7	Q. Aneka's mother?
8	A. Aneka's mother, yes.
9	Q. So she tells you this. What do you do in
10	response?
11	A. In response, I send the plain clothes
12	unit, along with a uniformed officer to the front door.
13	And I hang out, being a uniformed officer as well, on
14	the back, in the back door or on the balcony.
15	Q. The balcony?
16	A. Uh-huh.
17	Q. Are you on the outside of the balcony, or
18	did you jump the wall and go on the balcony proper?
19	gurrently, at this point, I'm on the
20	
21	Q. Okay, What do you hear next? What
22	happens? What happened next?
23	A. As I'm standing there talking to the mom,
24	the mom ends up walking back inside. I hear what I
_	believe turns from just arguing and yelling to pretty

بوصفات ليبسيد يتميينا لحجاجية لياريث يمسأهم فيطياها أسأتهم وجويه أتبطيع يتميعنا معتامات يوسيه همالأهماء

much screaming, and hearing a female yell an ouch. What do you do? Q. 2 At that point, I jump over the balcony. 3 The sliding glass door is already open. I make entry into the house for exigent circumstances. 5 What do you see when you enter the 6 apartment? 7 Where I am positioned at, I observe the Α. 8 female that I first spoke to. She was holding onto another female. I could not see her face. Their backs 10 were to us. And Mr. Grimes was facing me, with the 11 other -- with a female in his -- pretty much in a 12 headlock, and it appeared to me that he was punching 13 her in the face. 14 Now, the woman that he has in a headlock, 15 are they facing each other as he's got her in a 16 headlock? 17 Yes, they are. A. 18 Okay. So how is he punching her? Where Q. 19 is he punching her? 20 He's got her almost bent over. He's got 21 her in a headlock, and just -- with his right arm, 22 just -- just hitting is what I believed was happening 23 to the face, torso, and upper body. 24 Okay. What do you do next? 25

At that point, I threw everything out the Α. 1 door, and I run towards the suspect to intervene. 2 I get about a foot and a half away from him, I realize 3 that he's not punching her, that he is actually extracting a knife from the female where I luckily was 5 able to grab hold of his wrist before he could insert б it into her once again. And with my momentum, I took him to the 8 ground where I kept hold of his right wrist and used my firearm to tell him to stop and to drop the knife, and 10 we take him into custody. 11 Do you see the person in court here today Q. 12 that you saw stabbing the woman and eventually tackled 13 to the ground? 14 Yes, I do. Α. 15 Can you point to him and describe what 16 he's wearing for me? 17 Blue shirt. A. 18 MR. MORGAN: Record reflect identification 19 of the defendant? 20 It will so reflect. THE COURT: 21 BY MR. MORGAN: And that's the same person that you Q. 23 previously served with a protective order a couple 24 weeks prior? 25

- 1	
1	A. That is correct.
2	MR. MORGAN: Pass the witness, Judge.
3	THE COURT: Counsel, do you have any
4	questions?
5	
6	CROSS-EXAMINATION
7	BY MR. HILLMAN:
8	Q. Officer Hoffman, you stated that you
9	arrived on the scene and went to the balcony; is that
10	correct?
11	A. After the mother walked outside the
12	balcony and asked one of us to stand by, yes.
13	Q. And who was the other officer that was
14	with you beside Tavares?
15	A. Officer Brad Gallup (phonetic).
16	Q. And he went to the front door; is that
17	correct?
18	A. They were on their way. Michelle Tavares
19	and Brad Gallup were on their way to the front door.
20	Q. How far was the front door from where you
21	
22	A. Fifteen feet.
2	
2	you, other than that? Anything?
2	A. No, just that he might possibly flee when

1	he sees that we're here.
2	Q. Okay. How long were you there before you
3	heard the female yell ouch?
4	A. It could be a matter of seconds after I
5	was done talking with Stephanie.
6	Q. So you jumped into the balcony then and
7	went into the house; is that right?
8	A. That's correct.
9	Q. At any time did Aneka Grimes' mother tell
.0	you not to come in?
.1	A. No.
.2	Q. And when you went into the apartment, you
.3	say you saw Bennett Grimes with Aneka Grimes in a
L 4	headlock; is that correct?
LĘ	A. Yes.
16	Q. And I didn't understand the positioning of
17	the two. Could you explain that to me, please?
18	A. Pretty much the way it was is where I was
19	facing, I was facing Stephanie's back. She was holding
20	on to Aneka's back. Bennett Grimes was facing me.
21	Q. Okay.
22	A. So it's pretty much a single file line
23	almost.
24	Q. And they were standing?
2 5	A. Yes. Aneka was actually like bent over,

]	
1	though.
2	Q. Okay. But no one was on the ground?
3	A. No. At this point, no.
4	Q. At any point in time, did you threaten to
5	shoot Mr. Grimes if he moved again?
6	A. Yes, I did.
7	Q. When did you first see the knife?
8	A. When I was about a foot and a half away
9	from him.
10	Q. Can you describe how you took him down?
11	A. Pretty much by sheer momentum. As I was
12	running towards him, and I saw the knife in his hands,
13	I reached my arm out, grabbed onto his right wrists,
14	and with my body's momentum, forced him down to the
15	ground into the corner of the front door and like I
16	believe a closet.
17	Q. Do you remember which hand you grabbed his
18	knife hand with?
19	A. It was my left hand to his right hand.
20	Q. And do you remember what part of your body
21	hit his part of the body when you took him to the
22	ground?
23	
24	pretty much my right forearm.
25	Q. Okay. Did you strike him with your knee?

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1	A. If I actually struck him, I do not know.		
2	There was no complaint of injury, though.		
3	MR. HILLMAN: I have no further questions.		
4	THE COURT: Anything further?		
5	MR. MORGAN: No, Judge.		
6	THE COURT: All right, sir, thank you.		
7	You are free to go.		
8	State, do you have any other questions		
9	any other witnesses?		
10	MR. MORGAN: No, Judge. The State would		
11	rest at this time.		
12	THE COURT: Counsel, do you have any		
13	witnesses?		
14	MR. HILLMAN: No. I have explained to		
15	Mr. Grimes his right to testify and present witnesses		
16	Paged upon my advice, he will decline to		
17	- will submit it.		
18	THE COURT: Thank you, Counsel.		
19	Any closing, State?		
20	MP MORGAN: I would reserve for rebuttal,		
2			
2	THE COURT: Counsel, any closing?		
2	MP HILLMAN: I'll also submit it, Judge.		
	THE COURT: State, do you submit it, or is		
	a lee?		
4	5 there anything erse.		

MR. MORGAN: No, Judge. 1 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Grimes, based 2 on the testimony and evidence the Court has heard 3 today, I'm going to hold -- find that there was enough evidence to bind you over to district court on Count 5 One, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon in 6 violation of a temporary protective order; Count Two, 7 burglary in possession of a deadly weapon in violation 8 of a temporary protective order; and Count Three, 9 battery with use of a deadly weapon constituting 10 domestic violence resulting in substantial bodily harm 1.1 and violation of a temporary protective order. 12 Your district court date will be --13 THE CLERK: December 8th, 10:30. Lower 14 level district court arraignments. 15 THE COURT: Counsel, I'm looking at the 16 minutes to see if there is a no contact order. I don't 17 see one. 18 MR. MORGAN: The State would request one, 19 and I would also inquire as to his current bail status. 20 THE COURT: All right. Let's deal with 21 the no contact order first. 22 In reference to the no contact order, 23 Mr. Grimes, I'm going to issue a no contact order. 24 That means you're not allowed to have any contact with 25

1	<u>. </u>		
1	Aneka Grimes. That means no letters from the jail. No		
2	text messages, if for some reason you're released. No		
3	third-party attempted contacts. That means you can't		
4	contact somebody else and try to have them contact her		
5	or call a three-way from the jail.		
6	Do you understand, Mr. Grimes?		
7	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.		
8	THE COURT: No contact whatsoever.		
9	THE DEFENDANT: Yes, your Honor.		
10	THE COURT: As to bail, State, this is		
11	what I have in my file. It may be wrong. It says		
12	there is no bail currently on the attempt murder.		
13	MR. HILLMAN: Right.		
14	THE COURT: And there is 5,000 on the		
15	burglary and violation of the protective order.		
16	MR. HILLMAN: We would ask the Court to		
17	set a bail today.		
18	THE COURT: Certainly. Let's hear bail		
19	arguments.		
20			
21	MR. MORGAN: Judge, I would ask for a		
22	million dollars as to Count One and \$250,000 as to the		
23			
24	I think that the defendant is clearly a		
25	danger to the community after being served with a		

protective order, and then his reaction to that is 1 coming back and nearly killing the victim. The only reason that she's not dead today 3 is miraculous luck that the injuries didn't cause more damage than they did, and the fact that Officer Hoffman 5 intervened when he did. б The defendant didn't voluntarily stop. He 7 had to have the knife removed from his hand forcibly, 8 and he was taken to the ground. This case could very, 9 very, very easily have been a murder, and I would have 10 grave concerns for the victim's safety should he get 11 out of custody. 12 I would submit it at that. 13 THE COURT: Counsel? 14 MR. HILLMAN: Judge, I think that a 15 million dollars and \$250,000 is obsessive. Mr. Grimes 16 himself has a disability. He's got a withered right 17 leg due to a gunshot wound. So he has some physical 18 disabilities himself. 19 I think that future hearings are going to 20 show that Ms. Grimes attacked Mr. Grimes before with a 21 knife. Also Ms. Grimes filed a sexual assault 22 allegation against Mr. Grimes, which she later 23 recanted, and which was later dismissed.

I would ask for bail on the attempt murder

24

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1	with use perhaps in the amount of \$50,000. Couple that
2	with the stay-away order and perhaps a house arrest
3	order. That would be my request.
4	THE COURT: Counsel, I'm looking at his
- 5	intake services sheet. It shows a 2000 battery
6	domestic violence. I am assuming that was not with
7	Mrs. Grimes Ms. Grimes?
8	MR. MORGAN: I don't have that
9	information, Judge, but based on the testimony
10	THE COURT: They were married in '04.
11	Okay.
12	This is what I'm going to do. As to Count
13	One, I am going to set bail at \$750,000. Count Two is
14	currently set at \$5,000. I'm going to raise it to
15	\$15,000. And on Count Three, I'm going to set it at
16	\$250,000.
17	MR. MORGAN: Thank you, Judge.
18	THE COURT: Thank you.
19	
20	* * * * *
21	ATTEST: Full, true and accurate transcript.
22	MM
23	MARCIA LEONARD, CCR 204
24	

ORIGINAL

FILED 0014 1 PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 Oct 12 9 29 AH '11 2 309 South Third Street, Suite #226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 3 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant 4 CLERK OF THE COURT DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 In the Matter of the Application of, CASE NO. C276163-1 7 8 DEPT. NO. XII 9 Bennett Grimes. DATE: November 3, 2011 for a Writ of Habeas Corpus. 10 TIME: 8:30 a.m. 11 PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS G-11-278163-1 Patition for Writ of Habeas Corpus 12 The Honorable Judge of the Eighth Judicial District Court of 1849694 13 TO: The State of Nevada, in and for the County of Clark 14 The Petition of Bennett Grimes submitted by R. ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy Public 15 Defender, as attorney for the above-captioned individual, respectfully affirms: 16 That he/she is a duly qualified, practicing and licensed attorney in the City of 17 Las Vegas, County of Clark, State of Nevada. 18 2. That Petitioner makes application for a Writ of Habeas Corpus; that the place 19 where the Petitioner is imprisoned actually or constructively imprisoned and restrained of his liberty 20 is the Clark County Detention Center; that the officer by whom he is imprisoned and restrained is 21 22 Doug Gillespie, Sheriff. 3. That the imprisonment and restraint of said Petitioner is unlawful in that: Charges 23 125 125 125 127 28 28 as filed in the Information in the instant case do not reflect the charges at the bind-over, nor the facts presented at the Preliminary Hearing. The heading of the information charges Grimes with Burglary While in Possession of a Firearm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order (Felony NRS 205.060, 193.166), as well as other charges. 4. That Petitioner waives his right to be brought to trial within 60 days.

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5. That Petitioner consents that if Petition is not decided within 15 days before the date set for trial, the Court may, without notice of hearing, continue the trial indefinitely to a date designated by the Court.

6. That Petitioner personally authorized his aforementioned attorney to commence this ction.

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays that this Honorable Court make an order directing the County of Clark to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus directed to the said Doug Gillespie, Sheriff, commanding him to bring the Petitioner before your Honor, and return the cause of his imprisonment.

DATED this 12th of October, 2011.

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

By:

R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076

Deputy Public Defender

DECLARATION

R. ROGER HILLMAN makes the following declaration:

53.045).

1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.

2. That I am the attorney of record for Petitioner in the above matter; that I have read the foregoing Petition, know the contents thereof, and that the same is true of my own knowledge, except for those matters therein stated on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true; that Petitioner, BENNETT GRIMES, personally authorizes me to commence this Writ of Habeas Corpus action.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS

EXECUTED this 12th day of October, 2011.

N. Nogert Ulman R. ROGER HOLLMAN

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

COMES NOW the Petitioner, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through his counsel, R. ROGER HILLMAN, the Clark County Public Defender's Office, and submits the following Points and Authorities in Support of Defendant's Petition for a pre-trial Writ of Habeas Corpus.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

On August 25, 2001 a preliminary hearing was held before the Honorable Linda Norvell Marquis. At that hearing, the State presented two witnesses, the alleged victim, and a police officer. Throughout the Preliminary Hearing, there is no mention of a rifle, gun, or any other type of firearm. The only weapon mentioned is a steak knife, described as a 'steak knife' (PHT, pp 34, 31, 13, and 20). After the Preliminary Hearing, Grimes was bound over on "...attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon in violation of a temporary protective order; Count Two, burglary in possession of a deadly weapon in violation of a temporary protective order; and Count Three, battery with use of a deadly weapon constituting domestic violence resulting in substantial bodily harm and violation of a temporary protective order." (PHT p.36).

ARGUMENT

NRS 173.035(3) states: "The information must be filed.... Each information must set forth the crime committed according to the facts." Further, Hicks v. Sherriff, 464 P.2d 462, 86 Nev. 67 (1970) holds that, for a charge to stand, the facts presented to the lower court must establish the corpus dilecti of the crime. In the instant case, there is no evidence presented to the Lower Court indicating that a firearm was present, used, or seen by any of the parties present at the time of the alleged crime. Therefore, the charge of Burglary While in Possession of a Firearm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order should be dismissed.

DATED this 12th of October, 2011.

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

By:

R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076

Deputy Public Defender

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FILED ORDR 1 PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 2 11 49 os 2 11 11 309 South Third Street, Suite #226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 3 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C276163-1 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. NO. XII ٧. 9 BENNETT GRIMES, 10 Defendant. 11 12 ORDER The Petition of BENNETT GRIMES submitted by R. ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy 13 Public Defender, as attorney for the above-captioned individual, having been filed in the above-14 15 entitled matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that you, STEVE 16 GRIERSON, Clerk of the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the 17 18 County of Clark, issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus. 19 DATED AND DONE at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 20 21 22 Submitted By: 23 PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 24 25 G-11-276163-1 ORDR 26 R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076 Deputy Public Defender 27 28 RECEIVED **DCT 14 2011**

CLERK OF THE COURT

RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT OF COPY of the foregoing Order is hereby acknowledged this Huday of October, 2011.

Case Name:

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

BENNETT GRIMES

C276163-1

XII

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT OF COPY of the foregoing Writ of Habeas Corpus is hereby acknowledged this _____day of October, 2011. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY CLARK COUNTY SHERIFF

Case No.:

Dept. No.

Case Name: BENNETT GRIMES

XII

C276163-1

1	INFO		
	DAVID ROGER CLERK OF THE COURT		
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781		
3	SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney		
4	Nevada Bar #0010935 200 Lewis Avenue		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212		
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		
7	DISTRICT COURT		
8	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff, Case No: C-11-276163-1		
11) Dept No: XII		
12	BENNETT GRIMES, SECOND AMENDED		
13	#2762267 INFORMATION		
14	Defendant.		
15	STATE OF NEWADA		
15 16	STATE OF NEVADA)) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK)		
	DAVID ROGER, District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of		
17 18	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs the Court:		
19	That BENNETT GRIMES, the Defendant(s) above named, having committed the		
20	crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN		
21	VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010,		
22	200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A		
23	DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER		
24	(Felony - NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY		
25	WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN		
26	SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY		
27	PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), on or about the 22nd day of		

July, 2011, within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and

effect of statutes in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANEKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, and thereafter gain possession of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, with intent to commit assault and/or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANEKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANEKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA

| | /

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1	GRIMES with said knife, resulting in substanti	al bodily harm to the said ANEKA GRIMES,
2	in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection	n against Domestic Violence issued by
3	the District Court, Family Division, of the State	e of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.
4		
5		
6		m. Dog
7	BY	Kenne 221
8		DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY
9		Nevada Bar #002781
10	:	
11	Names of witnesses known to the Dist	rict Attorney's Office at the time of filing this
12	Information are as follows:	
13	NAME	<u>ADDRESS</u>
14	BREWER, MICHAEL	LVMPD #8426
15	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
16	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
17	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS
18	GALLUP, BRADLEY	LVMPD #8729
19	GRIMES, ANIKA	C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY
20	HODSON, RODNEY	LVMPD #3711
21	HOFFMAN, BOBBY	LVMPD #10069
22	KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE	D.A. INVESTIGATOR
23	NEWMAN, STEPHANIE	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
24	TAVAREZ, MICHELLE	LVMPD #8518
25	TOMAINO, DANIEL	LVMPD #8278
26	,	
27	DA#11F13012X/ts	
28	LVMPD EV#1107223412	
20	(TK4)	CONT.

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CLERK OF THE COURT

RWHC 1 CLERK OF THE COURT DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney 2 Nevada Bar #002781 SHAWN MORGAN 3 Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 5 (702) 671-2500 State of Nevada 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 10 In the Matter of Application, Case No. C-11-276163-1 11 of Dept No. XII 12 BENNETT GRIMES, 13 #2762267 14 for a Writ of Habeas Corpus.

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RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

DATE OF HEARING: 11-3-11

TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 A.M.

COMES NOW, DOUGLAS C. GILLESPIE, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada, Respondent, through his counsel, DAVID ROGER, District Attorney, through SHAWN MORGAN, Deputy District Attorney, in obedience to a writ of habeas corpus issued out of and under the seal of the above-entitled Court on the 14th day of October, 2011, and made returnable on the 3rd day of November, 2011, at the hour of 8:30 o'clock A.M., before the above-entitled Court, and states as follows:

1. Respondent admits the allegations of Paragraphs one and two of the Petitioner's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

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2011 and Aneka obtained a Temporary Protective Order on July 7, 2011. Defendant was served with the Order on July 8, 2011.

On July 22, 2011, Aneka and her mother arrived home from buying a new car. Id. at 8. Upon entering Aneka's apartment, Defendant forced the door open behind them and gained entry into the residence. Id. at 9. Defendant began arguing with Aneka in an attempt to reconcile their relationship. Id. at 10. While they were arguing, Aneka's mother called her husband, who then called the police. Id. at 9. Just prior to police arriving, Defendant snapped. Id. at 13. He grabbed a steak knife from the kitchen and attacked Aneka. Id. He put her in a headlock and began stabbing her. Id. Defendant stabbed Aneka twenty (20) times in the chest, neck, arms, back, face, and head. Id. at 14. His attempt to kill her was only thwarted when Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Officer Bobby Hoffman saw Defendant attacking Aneka and tackled him to the ground as he was attempting to plunge the knife into Aneka's neck. Id. at 30-31.

ARGUMENT

THE STATE PRESENTED SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO HOLD DEFENDANT TO ANSWER ON THE CHARGED OFFENSES

Defendant alleges that Count 2 of the Amended Information should be dismissed because there was no testimony regarding a firearm elicited at the preliminary hearing. However, Defendant cites to authority to support his position, nor is dismissal of the count the appropriate remedy.

Defendant is correct that he did not use a firearm in the commission of this crime; he stabbed his wife in the neck, face, and head with a knife. After the preliminary hearing, Defendant was bound over to District Court on the crime of Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order. Inadvertently, when the Information was prepared in this case, it was changed to Burglary While in Possession of a Firearm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order. To correct this error, the State will file a Second Amended Information concurrently with the filing of the instant response. See State's Exhibit 1. The Second Amended Information corrects any factual discrepancies

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CLERK OF THE COURT

1 INFO DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney 2 Nevada Bar #002781 SHAWN MORGAN 3 Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 C-11-276163-1 Case No: Plaintiff. 10 XII Dept No: 11 -VS-SECOND AMENDED 12 BENNETT GRIMES, INFORMATION #2762267 13 Defendant. 14 STATE OF NEVADA 15 SS. COUNTY OF CLARK 16 DAVID ROGER, District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of 17 Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs the Court: 18 That BENNETT GRIMES, the Defendant(s) above named, having committed the 19 crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN 20 VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010, 21 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A 22 DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER 23 (Felony - NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY

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VIOLENCE

EXHIBIT "1"

DOMESTIC

BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF

PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), on or about the 22nd day of

July, 2011, within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and

CONSTITUTING

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WEAPON

SUBSTANTIAL

IN

RESULTING

TEMPORARY

effect of statutes in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

 //

//

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANEKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, and thereafter gain possession of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, with intent to commit assault and/or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANEKA GRIMES, located at 4325 West Desert Inn, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANEKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA

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GRIMES with said knife, resulting in substantial bodily harm to the said ANEKA GRIMES, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

BY

DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #002781

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Names of witnesses known to the District Attorney's Office at the time of filing this Information are as follows:

12	Information are as follows:	<u>ADDRESS</u>
13	<u>NAME</u>	LVMPD #8426
14	BREWER, MICHAEL	
15	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
16	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS
17	GALLUP, BRADLEY	LVMPD #8729
18	1	C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY
19	GRIMES, ANIKA	LVMPD #3711
20	HODSON, RODNEY	LVMPD #10069
21	HOFFMAN, BOBBY	D.A. INVESTIGATOR
22	KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
23	NEWMAN, STEPHANIE	
24	TAVAREZ, MICHELLE	LVMPD #8518
25	TOMANIO DANIEL	LVMPD #8278
23	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

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DA#11F13012X/ts LVMPD EV#1107223412 (TK4)

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	N. CENTRALITY 1	Alun D. Chum
1	NWEW1 MARY-ANNE MILLER MILLER MARY-ANNE MILLER	CLERIEDF THE COURT
2	Interim Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001419	
3	SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935	
4		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	
6	Attorney for Planting	T COURT
7	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
9	Plaintiff,	T 44 PT(1/0 1
10	-vs-	CASE NO: C-11-276163-1
11	BENNETT GRIMES,	DEPT NO: XII
12	#2762267	
13	Defendant.]
14	NOTICE O	F WITNESSES 4.234(1)(a)]
15		
16	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defenda	ant; and
17	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defended TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counse	
18	YOU AND EACH OF YOU, WILL	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF
19	NEVADA intends to call the following with	esses in its case in chief:
20	AI AAAGE	DDRESS
21	PODDIE CHRIST LY	/MPD #8914
22	DDEWER MICHAEL LY	√MPD #8426
23	DROWAU ER TRACY	VMPD #9975
24	'	VMPD #3631
2:	- 11	VMPD #9600
2	6 CRUZ, CELINA	lark County Detention Center, 330 S. Casino
2	7 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS CONTROL	enter Blvd., Las Vegas, NV
2	8	
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		The same of the sa
1	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS OR DESIGNEE	LVMPD Communications, 400 E. Stewart, Las Vegas
2		TANK TO DE COLLEGE AND TO Chargest Los Vaccos NIV
3	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS OR DESIGNEE	LVMPD Dispatch, 400 E. Stewart, Las Vegas, NV
4		TO THE REAL PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY AN
5	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS OR DESIGNEE	LVMPD Records, 400 E. Stewart, Las Vegas, NV
6	<u> </u>	
7	DELZER, KENNY	LVMPD #6841
8	DIAZ, SAM	LVMPD #12886
9	EMBREE, CHRIST	LVMPD #4108
10	GALLUP, BRADLEY	LVMPD #8729
11	GRIMES, ANIKA	C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY
12	HODSON, RODNEY	LVMPD #3711
13	HOFFMAN, BOBBY	LVMPD #10069
14	KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE	D.A. INVESTIGATOR
15	LANG, JEFFREY	LVMPD #9662
16	NEWMAN, EARL	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
17	NEWMAN, STEPHANIE	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
18	PERKINS, MICHAEL	LVMPD #4242
19	TAVAREZ, MICHELLE	LVMPD #8518
20	THAXTON, STEVEN	LVMPD #4464
21	TOMAINO, DANIEL	LVMPD #8278
22	ZINGER, JUSTIN	LVMPD #9206
23	ZUCARO, MARC	LVMPD #13208
24	//	
25	//	
26	//	
27	//	
28	//	
	11	

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These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed. MARY-ANNE MILLER Interim Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar # 001419 BY/s/ Shawn Morgan SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar # 10935 CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of NOTICE OF WITNESSES, was made this 30th day of January, 2012, by facsimile transmission to: PD SAXE 455-5112 BY /s/ J. Serpa J. Serpa Employee of the District Attorney's Office

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1	NWEW	Alim & Column
2	MARY-ANNE MILLER Interim Clark County District Attorney	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	Interim Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001419 SHAWN MORGAN	
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935	•
5	200 Lewis Avenue	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
7	DISTRICT COURT	
8	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	·
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)	-
10	Plaintiff,	
11	-vs-) CASE NO:	C-11-276163-1
12	BENNETT GRIMES, DEPT NO:	
13	#2762 2 67	
14	Defendant.	
15	NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES	
16	[NRS 174.234(2)]	
17	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and	
18	TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record:	
19	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NO	TICE that the STATE OF
20	NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chi	ef:
21	1. MARSCHNER, JULIE P#8806 - Forensic Sc	cientist II or Designee -
22	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department; will testify as an expe	ert in forensic analysis and
23	DNA technology and will give scientific opinions related thereto.	She is expected to testify
24	regarding the DNA profiling analysis and related procedures she p	erformed in this case.
25	2. <u>GAUTHIER, KELLIE M. P#8691</u> - Forensic	Scientist II or Designee -
26	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department; will testify as an expe	
27	DNA technology and will give scientific opinions related thereto.	
28	regarding the DNA profiling analysis and related procedures she p	performed in this case.

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The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or at the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery. A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto. /s/ Shawn Morgan SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935 CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILIE TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of Notice of Expert Witnesses, was made this 31st day of January, 2012, by facsimilie transmission to: PD SAXE 455-5112 /s/ J. Serpa BY: Employee of the District Attorney's Office J. Serpa

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LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT FORENSIC LABORATORY STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

				Date: 01/15/	08	
Name: Julie Marschner	P#:	8806	Classification:	Forensic Scien	ntist II	
Current Discipline of Assignment: Biology		EQUI QWI	ng discipline(S)		
EXPERIENC	EIN HE		Alcohol			
Controlled Substances			n Alcohol			
Toolmarks			Analysis			
Trace Evidence		Firea				
Toxicology			e Scene Investiga	tions		
Latent Prints			destine Laborator		n	
Serology	×		Analysis	,		Х
Document Examination			nical Support /			
Quality Assurance		DUCATION	and and the second seco			
Institution		s Attende		Major		Degree ompleted
	09/2003	- 12/2004	Forensid	: Science	М	S.
Virginia Commonwealth University		- 06/2001	Biologica	al Sciences	В.	S.
CA Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo						
AD	DITIONAL	TRAINING	/SEMINARS	- I		
Course / Seminar			Location		Dat	
Internship: Virginia Department of Forensic Forensic Biology and DNA Section	Science -	Richmor	id, VA		/04 to 08/0) 4
Orientation for Civilian Employees		Las Veg	as, NV		0/05	
Drivers Training II		Las Veg	as, NV		0/05	
11 th National CODIS Conference		Arlingto	ı, VA		1/05	
National Institute of Justice Expert System Project	s Testbed	Hunting	ton, WV		2/06	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences Meeting	58 th Annual	Seattle,	WA		2/06	
Serological Techniques and DNA Screening Colleen Proffitt, MFS	ng -	Las Ve			5/06	
Bode Advanced DNA Technical Workshop)	Captiva	ı Island, FL		06/06	

Statement of Qualifications Name: Julie Marschner Page: 2

Course / Seminar	Location		Dates	
Bode Workshop - "Presenting Statistics in the Courtroom"				
Differential Extraction	Las Vegas, NV	06/06		
Complex Mixture Interpretation	Lakewood, CO	08/06		
17 th International Symposium on Human Identification	Nashville, TN	10/06		
Advanced Topics in Statistics	Nashville, TN	10/06		
CODIS 5.7.3 Software Training	McLean, VA	11/06		
Forensic Population Genetics and Statistics	Las Vegas, NV	11/27/	06	
13 th National CODIS Conference	Burlingame, CA	Burlingame, CA 10/07		
FBI DNA Auditor Training	Burlingame, CA	10/07		
COURTR	OOM EXPERIENCE	and the second s		
Court	Discipline		Number of Times	
Clark County District Court	Biology/DNA		4	
No. of the second secon		_		
EMPLO	YMENT HISTORY		1	
Employer	Job Title		Date	
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensic L	ab Forensic Scientist		07/2005 - Present	
Perlegen Sciences, Mountain View, CA	Research Assistant II		07/2001 - 08/2003	
PROFESS	IONAL AFFILIATIONS			
Organiza	tion		Date(s)	
American Academy of Forensic Sciences - Trainee Af	Willete in Criminalistics		02/07 - Prese	

Statement of Qualifications Name: Julie Marschner Page: 3

	PROFESSIONAL	AFFILIA IIVIIV	igas generalisticos es		Date(s)
300 400 554 558 is	Organization				• •
	PUBLICATIONS / I	DESENTATIONS			
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	FOOFICATION	2000			
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lone		LIFICATIONS:			
None					

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT FORENSIC LABORATORY STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

			Date:	11/13/07	
Name: Kellie M. (Wales) Gauthier	P#: 86	391 Class	ification: Foren	nsic Scientist II	
Current Discipline of Accissions	DNA / Biology				
EXP	RIENCE IN THE FOLL	OWING DIS	CIPLINE(S)		
Controlled Substances		Blood Alcoho		·	
Toolmarks		Breath Alcoh			
Trace Evidence		Arson Analys	is	<u></u>	
Toxicology		Firearms			
Latent Prints			Investigations		
Serology			Laboratory Respor	ise ream	X
Document Examination		DNA Analys			$\frac{1}{x}$
Quality Assurance		Technical St	ipport / DNA	North Control	
	EDUC/				Degree
Institution	Dates Att	tended	Majo I	·ľ	Completed
University of West Florida	8/98 - 5/02	·	Biology		B.S.
					·
				<u> </u>	
					<u> </u>
	ADDITIONAL TRA	INING / SEM			Dates
Course / Semin		- 	Location	11/01/07	
Applied Biosystems Training on 3130	Oxl Genetic Analyzer	Las Vegas		01/25-26	
Workshop: Forensic DNA Profiling		Las Vegas			
Workshop: Forensic Population Gen	etics and Statistics	Las Vega		11/27/00	0
FBI CODIS Training		McLean,		11/06	
Conference: Bode Advanced DNA T	echnical Workshop	Captiva Is		06/06	
Workshop: Presenting Statistics in t		Captiva Is		06/06	
Training: Differential Extraction		Las Vega		06/06	
Training: Serological Techniques ar Colleen Proffitt, MFS	nd DNA Screening -	Las Vega	s, NV	5/06	

Statement of Qualifications Name: Kellie M. (Wales) Gauthier Page: 2

ADDITIONAL TRAIN		cation	C	ates
Course / Seminar			2/20/06-2	2/25/06
onference: American Academy of Forensic Sciences 58 th nnual Meeting	Seattle, WA			
eminar: Racial Profiling SNP's	Seattle, WA		2/23/06	
eminar: The Atypical Serial Killer	Seattle, WA		2/22/06	
Berninar: Bioterrorism Mass Disasters	Seattle, WA		2/21/06	
Vorkshop: Sexual Homicide - Fantasy Becomes Reality	Seattle, WA		2/21/06	
Vorkshop: Advanced Topics in STR DNA Analysis	Seattle, WA		2/20/06	
Norkshop: Advanced Popics in STA STANDARD AN National Incident Management System (NIMS) an	Las Vegas, N	1/	8/05	
National Incident Management Gystem (************************************			7/05	
Drivers Training II	Las Vegas, I	1/	7/05	<u> </u>
Workshop: Future Trends in Forensic DNA Technology - Applied Biosystems	Orlando, FL		9/04	
Workshop: Southern Association of Forensic Scientists (SAFS) - Paternity Index DNA Statistics	Orlando, FL		9/04	
Workshop: Forensic Epidemiology - Joint Training for Law Enforcement Hazardous Materials and Public Health Officials on Investigative Response to Bio-terrorism	Orlando, FL		7/04	
Forensic Technology Training - Florida Department of Law Enforcement	Orlando, FL		4/04	
Biology Discipline Meeting	Tampa, FL		3/04	·
Workshop: Future Trends in Forensic DNA Technology -	Orlando, Fl		9/03	n en de de ekk
Applied Biosystems COURTROOM	/ EXPERIENC			
Court		Disc	ipline	Number of Times
		DNA		6
Clark County: Justice, District	-utilistos			
EMPLOYM	ENT HISTORY	Job Title		Date
Employer		JOD TILLE		
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department	Criminalis	st I		5/05 - present
		Technologist		8/03 - 5/05

Statement of Qualifications Name: Kellie M. (Wales) Gauthier Page: 3

	PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS	Date(s)
	Organization	
	Coloness Trainee Affiliate	10/06 - present
merican Academy of	Forensic Sciences - Trainee Affiliate	
	PUBLICATIONS / PRESENTATIONS	
1		
lone		
	OTHER QUALIFICATIONS:	
	OTHER QUALIFICATIONS:	
None	OTHER QUALIFICATIONS:	

[FL 11/00]

Movant represents that the information sought is relevant and material to a legitimate law

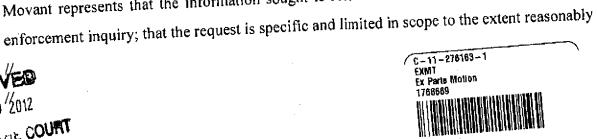
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CLERE LE THE COURT



practicable in light of the purpose for which the information is sought; and that identified l information could not reasonably be used. DATED this 30 day of January, 2012. MARY-ANNE MILLER Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001419 BYSHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935

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- 11	RDR		FEB 0 9 2012	
2 11 ~	MARY-ANNE MILLER Clark County District Attorney		ode + Aleman	
3 6	NEVAGA DAI HUUTTI		CLERK OF COURT	
4 1	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935			
5 ll 1	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212			
6	A normey for Plaintiff	NIPT		
7	DISTRICT CO CLARK COUNTY,	NEVADA		
8				
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)	Case No.	C-11-276163-1	
10	Plaintiff,	Dept No.	XII	
11	-vs-	₩.F		
12	,			
13	BENNETT GRIMES,			
14	Defendant.	· ·		
15)	EDICAL REC	CORDS	
16	ORDER RELEASING M Upon the ex parte application and repres	entation of MA	KA-WIME (MERCA)	k
17	1 1	WINDROLL	19 =	
18				
19				
20				
21	ATTORNEY'S OFFICE for the purpose of proceedings of the records are necessary to establish the degree are	d substance of	the injuries inflicted upon t	the
22	records are necessary to establish the degree at			
23	said	ORDR		
24	4 ///	Order 1768 1111	667 111 112 113 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	
2	5 ///			
2	6 ///			
· P	E CEIVED		RECEIVED FEB 0 1 2012	
	EB 9/2012			
	 γ		DEPARTMENT 12	

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the evidence in the custody of the UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER (UMC), consisting of medical records for patient: ANEKA GRIMES, DOB: 11/29/1982, admitted on or about 7/22/11 AND BENNETT GRIMES, DOB: 8/30/1979, admitted on or about 7/22/11, be released to a representative of the DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.

DATED this ______ day of January, 2012.

MARY-ANNE MILLER DISTRICT ATTORNEY NEVADA BAR #001419

SHAWN MORGAN

Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010935

P-\WPDOCS\ORDR\FORDR\T)3\11301201.DOC

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1	NWEW Sturm
2	STEVEN B WOLFSON
3	Interim Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 SHAWN MORGAN
ر 4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935
	200 Lewis Avenue
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500
6	Attorney for Plaintiff DISTRICT COURT
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
8	TWEE CITATER OF NEW ADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff
0	Plaintiff,
11	-vs-) CASE NO: C-11-276163-1 DEPT NO: XII
12	BENNETT GRIMES, 5 DET NO. All #2762267
13	Defendant.
14	
15	SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES [NRS 174.234(2)]
16	
17	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and
18	TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record:
19	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF
20	NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief:
21	1. <u>DR. CHAD WASDEN</u> or Designee - This witness is a medical doctor
22	employed by the University Medical Center (UMC). He will testify to the medical treatment
23	and injuries of Bennett Grimes.
24	2. <u>DR. BEVERLY HUGHES</u> or Designee - This witness is a medical
25	doctor employed by the University Medical Center (UMC). She will testify to the medical
26	treatment and injuries of Bennett Grimes.
27	
28	
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3. DR. DEBORAH KUHLS or Designee - This Williess is a mountain	
doctor employed by the University Medical Center (UMC). She will testify to the medical	٠
at and injuries of Aneka Grimes.	
DR RACHEL WEBER or Designee - This witness is a medical doctor	
employed by the University Medical Center (UMC). She will testify to the medical	
treatment and injuries of Aneka Grimes.	
The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or	
the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.	
A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.	
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BY /s/ Shawn Morgan	
SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney	
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	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILIE TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of Notice of Expert Witnesses, was made this 22nd day of February, 2012, by facsimilie transmission to: PD HILLMAN 455-5112 BY: /s/ J. Serpa J. Serpa Employee of the District Attorney's Office

Curriculum Vitae

DEBORAH A. KUHLS, M.D.

HOME ADDRESS

10216 Narra Place

Las Vegas, NV 89144

(702) 528-3442 (Cell)

OFFICE ADDRESS

Chief, Section of Critical Care

University of Nevada School of Medicine 2040 W. Charleston Boulevard, Suite 302

Las Vegas, NV 89102 Office: (702)671-2248 Fax: (702) 385-9399

Email: dkuhls@med.unr.edu

EDUCATION

BA Villanova University, Villanova, PA 1979 - 1982

Magna cum Laude. Phi Beta Phi Honorary Society.

University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa 1987 - 1989

Post Baccalaureate Premedical Program.

MD Medical College of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA 1989 - 1993

Doctor of Medicine.

TRAINING

Resident in General Surgery, PGY 1-2 1993 - 1995

Medical College of Pennsylvania,

Philadelphia, PA

Clinical Fellow in Surgical Critical Care 1995 - 1996

Hahnemann University,

Philadelphia, PA

Resident General Surgery 1996 - 1999

Albert Einstein College of Medicine,

Montefiore Medical Center

Bronx, NY

Fellow in Critical Care and Trauma, 1999 - 2000

University of Maryland,

R Adams Cowley Shock Trauma Center,

Baltimore, MD

ACADEMIC APPOINTMENTS

8/2000 to Present University of Nevada at Las Vegas

Assistant Professor of Surgery

Chief, Section of Critical Care

Medical Student Clerkship Director 9/2002 to Present

3rd and 4th year clerkships

HOSPITAL APPOINTMENTS

8/2000 to Present

Attend Surgeon, Trauma and Critical Care Medical Director, Trauma Intensive Care Unit (14-bet ICU)

Attending Surgeon, General Surgery

University Medical Center, Las Vegas, NV

LICENSURE AND CERTIFICATION

Board Certified in General Surgery (#47327) 2002 Board Certified in Surgical Critical Care (#056359)

Diplomat, National Board of Medical Examiners

Nevada State Medical License #9489

1993 - Present ATLS Provider Certification 1993 - Present ACLS Provider Certification

HONORS AND AWARDS

Phi Beta Phi Honorary Society Villanova University

1989 - 1993

Student Government Association Medical College of Pennsylvania

 Honor Court Representative Medical College of Pennsylvania

1991-1992

Student Delegate to AAMC Annual Conference

1991 - 1993

Class President

Medical College of Pennsylvania

 Selected by Surgery Clerkship Director to attend the American College of Surgeons Annual Meeting, New Orleans

 Eva Fernandez Fox Award for person integrity, stability, responsibility and loyalty to the Medical College of Pennsylvania

1993

Elizabeth D. Labovitz Award for Excellence in Renal Physiology, Medical College of Pennsylvania

2000

Administrative Fellow, University of Maryland Certificate of Appreciation, U.S. Army Special

Operations Command

2000

2nd Place Award, Resident Trauma Paper Competition, Region IX American College of Surgeons, Committee on Trauma. Kuhls DA, Malone DA, Napolitano LM. Predictors of morality in adult trauma patients: The physiologic trauma score (PTS, a model including SIRS Score, GCS and age) is equivalent to TRISS.

PROFESSIONAL SOCIETY MEMBERSHIPS

1994 - American College of Surgeons

1993 - American Medical Association

1993 - Association of Women Surgeons

2000 - Society of Critical Care Medicine

2000 - Southwest Surgical Association

2001 - Nevada Committee on Trauma

2002 - Nevada State Medical Association

2002 - Clark County Medical Society

2003 - Eastern Association for the Surgery of Trauma

ACADEMIC COMMITTEE APPOINMENTS

University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA

Admission Committee, College of General Studies

1991 – 1993 Medical College of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA

Medical Education Task Force

Curriculum Evaluation Committee Patient Satisfaction Committee

Family Medicine Department Chair Search Committee

2002 - Present University of Nevada School of Medicine, LCME Committee

2002 - Present University of Nevada School of Medicine, Compliance

Committee

HOSPITAL COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS

2001 - Present University Medical Center, Performance Improvement

Committee

2002 - Present University Medical Center, Special Care Committee

2002 - Present University Medical Center, Chief, Nutrition Sub-Committee,

Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee

2002 - Present University Medical Center, Infection Control Committee

2002 - Present University Medical Center, Patient Safety Committee

Regional and National Committee Memberships

2000 – Present American College of Surgeons, Council of Representatives of the Candidate and Associate Society, Elected Member at

Large.

2001 - Present Eastern Association for the Surgery of Trauma Multi-

Institutional Trial Committee and Injury Prevention

Committee

2001 - Present National Healthcare Standards Leadership Committee,

Family Violence Prevention Fund

2001 - Present Nevada Network Against Domestic Violence Healthcare

Standards Leadership Team

2002 - Present National Advisory Committee, Suicide Prevention Research

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2002 – Present 2002 – Present 2002 – Present	American College of Surgeons, Certified Faculty Ultrasound Instructor Vice Chair, State of Nevada Committee on Trauma Trauma Advisory Board, Ortho Biotech Products
	MMUNITY SERVICE Novadans Intro Medicine Program. Worked with

VOLUNTEER/COM	MUNITY SERVICE Newsdays Intro Medicine Program. Worked with
2003	MUNITY SERVICE Nevadans Intro Medicine Program. Worked with undergraduates interested in possibly becoming a physician
2000	undergraduates into out

2000	undergraduates interested in page 1
RESEARCH EXPE	One semester project studying the reproductive cycle of the control of the contro
1989	Medical College of Perinsylvania, Medical College of Perinsylvania, Summer Research Fellowship, marital satisfaction in Long-
1997 – 1999	married couples Jacobi Medical Center, The Albert Einstein School of Jacobi Medical Center, The Albert Einstein School of Medicine. Clinical Research on gastric tonometry and trans-
1998 – 1999	Jacobi Medical Center, The Albert Einstein School of Jacobi Medical Center, The Albert Einstein School of Medicine Clinical research on negative trauma laparotomies
1999 – 2000	University of Maryland, Burney Sires Score as a predictor of ICT resource utilization, SIRS Score as a predictor of ICT resource utilization, requirements and outcome in trauma patients.
1999 – 2000	University of Maryland, Baltimore in critically ill trauma
2000 – Present 2001 – 2004	patients patients patients patients patients patients patients

PRESENTATIONS

1. Kuhls DA. Marital satisfaction in long-married couples: the role of social networks. Paper Presentation at Student Research Forum, Medical College of Pennsylvania, February, 1991.

Kuhls DA. Focused ultrasonography in adult trauma. Grand Rounds 2. presentation, Montefiore Medical Center, January 1999

Kuhls DA, Simon RJ. Negative laparotomy rates: Are we getting better? Poster Presentation at the Annual Meeting of the American Association for 3.

the Surgery of Trauma, Boston, MA, September 1999

Kuhls DA, Simon RJ. Negative laparotomies for trauma: Is there a role for laparoscopy: Paper presentation, American College of Surgeons 4. Committee on Trauma Resident Paper Competition, Baltimore, MD, October 1999

Malone DL, Kuhls DA, Napolitano L et al. Back to basics: Validation of the admission Systemic Inflammatory Response Syndrome (SIRS) Score 5. in predicting outcome in trauma. Winner, regional Military Trauma Center Paper Competition, September 2000

Browder TD, Kuhls DA, Fildes JJ. Nonoperative management of hepatic and splenic on Trauma Region IX Resident Paper Competition, December 6.

Kuhls DA, Malone DL, Napolitano LM et al. Predictor or forality in trama patients: The Physiologic Trauma Score (A model including systemic 7. inflammatory response syndrome, Revised Trauma Score an Age) is equivalent to TRISS. American Coulige of Surgeon sSurgical Forum, October 2000

Kuhls DA, Landry, Va, Rabeau, JA Snavely, E, Fildes JJ: Hispanic ethnicity, male gender and age are determinants of restraint use and 8. hospital resource utilation in Nevada Pediatric trauma patients. Poster presentation at the Eastern Association for the Surgery of Trauma, 2002

Browder LK, Kuhls DA, Frisch D, Martinez J, Fildes JJ: the effect of antibiotic rotation on multidrug resistans pneumonia in a trauma intensive 9. care unit. American College of Surgeons Committee on Trauma Region IX Resident PaperCompetition, December 2002

Kuhls DA, Domestic Violence: What is the Physician's Role? Nevada Academy of Family Physicians annual meeting, September 2002 10.

Kuhls DA, Fullerton L, Fildes JJ, Shires GT: East response to suicide as a public health problem. Injury Prevention Committee, Eastern Association 11. for the Surgery of Trauma, 2003

Shapiro AM, Kuhls DA, Coates JE, McIntyre D, Fildes JJ: Develoment of rare post-traumatic post-embolization splenic pseudocyst: etiology and 12. management. Case Presentation at the 55th Annual Meeting of the

Southwestern Surgical Congress, April 2003

MacIntyre D, Spinale R, Coates JE Kuhls DA, Fildes JJ: Evacuation of venous congestion from traumatic hand-injured patients on warfarin with 13. the use of hirudo medicinalis. Poster Presentation at the 55th Annual Meeting of the Southwestern Surgical Congress, April 2003. Included on Top Ten Resident Posters.

Browder LK, Kuhls DA, Larson, JL, Frisch D, Martinez J, Fildes JJ: The effect of antibiotic rotation on multidrug resistan pneumonia in a trauma 14.

intensive care unit. George C. Bierkamper Student Research Convocation, University of Nevada, 2003

Browder LK, Kuhls DA, Frish D, Martinez J, Fildes JJ: The effect o 15. fantibiotic rotation on gram-negative, multidrug-resistant (MDR) pneumonia in trauma critical care patients. Subitted to American College of Surgeons, Surgical Forum for oral presentation, 2003

PUBLISHED ABSTRACTS

Kuhls Da, Simon RJ. Negative Laparotomy Rates: Are We Getting 1. Better? Proceeding of the 59th Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Surgery of Trauma, September 1999

Kuhls DA, Malone DL, Napolitano LM et al. Predictors of morality in 2. trauma patients: The Physiologic Traumsa Score (A model ingluding systemic inflammatory response syndrome, Revised Trauma Score and Age) is equivalent to TRISS. Owen H. Wangensteen Surgical Forum, Volume LI, October 2000

Browder T, Kuhls DA, Fildes JJ: Severe head injury and nonoperative 3. management for blunt liver an spleen trauma. Proceedings of the Sixty-First Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Surgery of

Trauma, 2001

Rabin J, Kuhls DA, Simon RJ: The impact of increased utilization of 4. laparoscopy on negative laparotomy rates after penetrating trauma. Proceedings of the Sixty-first Annual Meeting of the American Association for the Surgery of Trauma, 2001

Malone DL, Kuhls Da, Napoitano LM et al. Back to Basics: Validation of 5. the admission systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS) score in predicting outcome in trauma. Proceedings of the 14th Sientific Assembly of the Eastern Association for the Surgery of Trauma, January 2001

Malone DL, Kuhls DA, Napolitano LM et al. Blood Transfusion in the first 6. 24 hours is associated with systemic inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS) and worse outcome in trauma. Preceeding of the Society for the ritical Care Medicine Annual Meeting, February 2002

Rendon LR, Coates JE, Kuhls DA, Fildes JJ: the usefulness of MR 7. Imaging of the cervical spine in patients with negative plain radiographs and/or CT Imaging Proceeding of the 31st Annual Meeting of Western

Trauma Association, 2002

Kuhls DA, Landry VA, Rabeau JA, Snavely E, Fildes JJ: Hispanic 8. ethnicity, male gender and age are determinants of restraint use and hospital resource utilization in Nevada pediatric trauma patients. Proceeding of the Fiftheenth Sientific Assembly of the Easter Association for the Surgery of Trauma, 2002

Shapiro AM, Kuhls DA, Coates J, MacIntyre D, Fildes JJ: Development of 9. rare post-traumatic post-embolazation splenic pseudocyst: etiology and management. Presented at the 55th Annual Meeting of The Southwestern

Surgical Congress, 2003

INVITED LECTURES

L. Fullerton-Gleason, D. Kuhls. The epidemiology of suicide death in the intermountain west: overview. Sponsored by the College of Health and Human Service, New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, NM. March 16, 2004

ORIGINAL REPORTS

Malone DL, Kuhls DA, Napolitano LM et al. Back to basics: Validation of admissions systemic Inflammatory response syndrome (SIRS) score in 1. predicting outcome in trauma. J Trauma 2001 Sept:51(3):458-63

Simon RJ, Rabin J, Kuhls DA: Impact of Increased Use of Laparoscopy on Negative Laparotomy Rates after Penetrating Trauma. J Trauma, 2002 2.

Aug:53(2):297-302

Kuhls DA, Malone DL, Napolitano LM et al. Predictors of mortality in trauma patients: The Physiologic Trauma Score is equivalent to TRISS. J 3.

Am Coll Surg June 2002, 194(6):695-704

Malone DL, Kuhls DA, Napolitano LM et al. Blood Transfusion in the first 24 hours and associated with systemic inflammatory response syndrome 4. (SIRS) and worse outcome in trauma. Submitted to Critical Care Medicine.

Kuhls DA. Fullerton L, Rabeau JA, Landry VA, Snavely E, Fildes JJ: Hispanic ethnicity, male gender and age are determinants of restraint use 5. and hospital resource utilization in Nevada pediatric trauma patients.

Paper in progress.

Rendon LR, Kuhls DA, Coates JE, Fullerton-Gleason L, Fildes JJ: The utility of magnetic resonance imaging of the cervical spine in trauma 6. patients with negative plain radiographs and/or computed tomography imaging. Paper in progress

Browder LK, Larson JL, Kuhls DA, Frisch D, Martinez JG, Fildes JJ: Effect of antibiotic rotation on the development of multidrug-resistant 7. bacterial pneumonia in trauma critical care patients. Paper in progress

FUNDED CLINICAL STUDIES

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR

Principal Investigator: A Prospective, randomized, double blinded, multicenter trial assessing the safety and efficacy of sequential (intravenous/oral) BAY 12-8039 (moxifloxacin_ 400 mr every 24 hours compared to intravenous poperacillin/tazobactam 3.375 grams every 6 hours followed by oral amoxicillin/clavulanic acid suspention 800 mg every 12 hours for the treatment of patients with complicted intra-abdominal infections, 2001-2

Principal Investigator: Occupant Protection/Child Passenger Safety grant to study socioeconomic, educational, ethnic, gender and other factors 2. associated with child passenger restraint use and non-use. Grant from

Nevada Office of Traffic Safety, 2002

Principal Investigator: Adjuvant nutrition for critically ill trauma patients. 3. Grant from Metabolic Technologies, Inc. with subsidiary NIH funding Prospective, randomized, blinded study to evaluate immune-enhanced additives to standard tube feedings and the impact on infection, inflammation and outcome variables, 2002-4

CO-INVESIGATOR

Collaborator on grant from the Center for Disease Control and Prevention to focus on data-driven suicide epidemiology and prevention, 2001 to present

A Phase II, Multicenter, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Parallel-Group, Dose-Ranging Evaluation of the Safety and Efficacy of a-2. hANP Infusion in Patients with Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS). (A. Barber, Principal Investigator) 2000 - present. Protocol # SPI-001

Open-Label, Comparative, Randomized, Multicenter Phase III Study of 3. Intravenous treatment of Synercid 7.5mg/kg q 8 hours plus Aztreonam 2g q 8 hours versus Standard Therapy in the Treatment of 250 adult Evaluable Hospitalized Patients with Nosocomial Pneumonia due, at least in part, to Gram Positive Cocci. (A. Barber, Principal Invesigator) 2000present. Protocol #RP59500V-311

Prospective Study on Contrast CT Evaluation of Brain for Brain Death, 4. 2003-4

Prospective Study on efficacy of oral contrast in abdominal CT Scans of 5. Adult Trauma Patients, 2002-3

OTHER EMPLOYMENT

1987 - 1989

University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA Assistant Director, Penn Partners mentoring Program targeting minority children interested in medicine University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA

1991

Academic Advisor College of General Studies

Mellon Bank (East), NA, Philadelphia PA Middle management position reporting to Executive Vice President. Managed professional unit with product development, project management, strategic planning and marketing responsibilities

> DEBORAH A. KUHLS, M.D. Curriculum Vitae Page ~ 8 -

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FILED PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER 1 NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 FEB 27 9 19 AH'1? 2 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 3 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE NO. C276163-1 7 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT, NO. XII DATE: March 13, 2012 9 BENNETT GRIMES, TIME: 8:30 a.m. 10 Defendant. 11 12 MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE COMES NOW the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through his attorney, R. 13 ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy Public Defender, and respectfully moves this court for an order 14 vacating the March 27, 2012 trial date and requesting a new trial setting on a date convenient to the 15 16 This Motion is made based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the court. 17 attached Declaration of Counsel, Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support hereof, and oral 18 19 argument at the time set for hearing this Motion. 20 DATED this 24th day of February, 2012. 21 PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 22 C-11-276183-1 23 Motion to Continue Trial 24 Deputy Public Defender 25 26

CLERK OF THE COURT

	DECLARATION
,	R. ROGER HILLMAN makes the following declaration:
	1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I am the
4	Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and I am familiar
- 11	with the facts and circumstances of this case.
6	2. This case was reset for trial when I was absent from the office on medical
7	leave.
8	3. The case was set for trial on March 27, 2012.
9	4. I have a medical procedure scheduled for March 27, 2012.
10	 This procedure is critical to my health, and will take most of the day.
11	6. If problems are found, I would be unavailable for the rest of the week, if not
12	longer.
13	7. This motion is made in good faith and not for purpose of delay.
14	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS
15	53.045).
16.	EXECUTED this 24th day of February, 2012.
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18	A. Noger William
19	R. ROGER HILLMAN
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NOTICE OF MOTION CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff: TO: YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing Motion to Continue Trial Date will be heard on March 13, 2012, at 8:30 am in Department No. XII of the District Court. DATED this 24th day of February, 2012. PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER RECEIPT OF COPY RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Motion to Continue Trial Date is hereby acknowledged this $\frac{17 \, \text{\textsc{\#}}}{27 \, \text{\textsc{\#}}}$ day of February, 2012. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

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NWEW 1 CLERK OF THE COURT STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 2 SHAWN MORGAN 3 Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 5 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, C-11-276163-1 10 CASE NO: -VS-11 XII DEPT NO: BENNETT GRIMES, 12 #2762267 13 Defendant. 14 SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 15 [NRS 174.234(2)] 16 BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and TO: 17 PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record: TO: 18 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 19 NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief: 20 BROWNLEE, TRACY, LVMPD #9975, Las Vegas Metropolitan 21 Police Department or Designee, will testify as an expert in the area of crime scene 22 investigation and the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence 23 and will give opinions related thereto. 24 RENHARD, LOUISE, LVMPD #5223, Las Vegas Metropolitan 2. 25 Police Department or Designee, will testify as an expert in the area of crime scene 26 investigation and the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence 27 and will give opinions related thereto. 28

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1 **MDIS** CLERK OF THE COURT PHILIP J. KOHN PUBLIC DEFENDER 2 NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 NADIA HOJJAT 3 DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 12401 4 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 5 (702) 455-4685 Nadia, Hojjat@ClarkCountyNV.gov 6 Attorney for Defendant 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE NO. C-11-276163-1 Plaintiff, 11 DEPT. NO. XII 12 DATE: June 7, 2012 BENNETT GRIMES, 13 TIME: 8:30 a.m. Defendant. 14 15 MOTION FOR DISCOVERY 16 COMES NOW, the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through NADIA 17 HOJJAT, Deputy Public Defender and hereby requests that the Court order the State of Nevada to 18 produce the discovery discussed herein pursuant to NRS 174.235; NRS 174.285; Kyles v. Whitley, 19 514 U.S. 419 (1995); Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963) (and their progeny). 20 This Motion is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 21 attached Declaration of Counsel, and oral argument at the time set for hearing this Motion. 22 DATED this 25th day of May, 2012. 23 PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 24 25 26 By: /s/ Nadia Hojjat NADIA HOJJAT, #12401 Deputy Public Defender 27 28

	DECLARATION		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	NADIA HOJJAT makes the following declaration: 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and I am the Deputy Public Defender representing Defendant Bennett Grimes in this case; 2. I am familiar with the procedural history and the substantive allegations made by the State in this case and I either have personal knowledge of the facts that follow, or I have been informed of these facts and believe them to be true. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NR		
9	53.045).		
10	EXECUTED this 25th day of May, 2012.		
111213	<u>/s/ Nadia Hojjat</u> NADIA HOJJAT		
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

ARGUMENT

I. The State is Required to Provide Defendant with Discovery under Nevada Statute, as well as the United States and Nevada Constitutions

A. Nevada Statutory Requirements

Under NRS 174.235, the State is required to disclose evidence relating to the prosecution of a defendant that is within the possession, custody or control of the State, including:

- written or recorded statements or confessions made by the defendant;
- written or recorded statements made by a witness the prosecuting attorney intends to call during the case in chief of the State;
- results or reports of physical or mental examinations, scientific tests or scientific
 experiments made in connection with the particular case; and
- books, papers, documents, tangible objects, or copies thereof, which the prosecuting attorney intends to introduce during the case in chief of the State.

NRS 174.235(1)(a)-(c).

The District Court has authority to order the production of any non-privileged materials in the possession, control or custody of the State¹ under NRS 174.235 if the evidence sought is "material to the preparation of the defense". Riddle v. State, 96 Nev. 589, 590, 613 P.2d 1031 (1980).

NRS 174.235 should be read to create an affirmative duty for the State to disclose *any* statement allegedly made by the defendant, or for which the defendant can be held vicariously liable. Courts have recognized that there is a fundamental fairness involved in "granting the accused equal access to his own words, no matter how the Government came by them." *See*, *e.g.*, *U.S.* v. Caldwell, 543 F.2d 1333, 1353 (D.D.C. 1974). This "fairness" should extend not only to oral statements, but statements for which the defendant is vicariously liable, as well. Under NRS

The State must turn over any documents, papers, or books related to the case that are in the possession, control and custody of any government agent or agency. See Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. 419, 437-38 (1995) (stating that exculpatory evidence "cannot be kept out of the hands of the defense just because the prosecutor does not have it").

51.035(3)(a)(e), a defendant can be vicariously liable for a statement made by a third party. See also Fields v. State, 220 P.3d 709 (Nev. 2009) (finding evidence of defendant's silence admissible following his wife's complaint that she was in jail because his conduct constituted an adoptive admission). Thus, NRS 174.235 should be construed to include within the definition of a defendant's "statement," both the words actually uttered by the defendant and any statements for which the defendant may be held vicariously liable.

B. Constitutional Requirements

The United States and Nevada constitutions require the State to provide the defense with all favorable evidence in its actual or constructive possession prior to trial. See Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. 419 (1995); Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83, 86 (1963); Jimenez v. State, 112 Nev. 610, 618 (1996). Failure to do so results in a violation of the Due Process clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution, and Article I, Section 8 of the Nevada Constitution. This rule applies regardless of how the State has chosen to structure its overall discovery process. See Strickler v. Greene, 527 U.S. 263 (1999); Kyles, 514 U.S. 419; Brady, 373 U.S. at 86; Jimenez, 112 Nev. at 618. The withholding of exculpatory evidence constitutes a due process violation regardless of the prosecutor's motive for withholding the evidence. Wallace v. State, 88 Nev. 549, 551-52, 501 P.2d 1036 (1972).

Under the law, the State must turn over all evidence that is (1) favorable to the accused, in that it is exculpatory or impeachment evidence, and (2) within the actual or constructive possession of anyone acting on behalf of the State. See Banks v. Dretke, 540 U.S. 668, 691 (2004).

II. The State Must Turn Over All Information that is Favorable to the Accused, Whether or Not It Is the Subject of a Specific Discovery Request

The State's constitutional obligation to produce material evidence exists whether or not the defendant has filed a discovery motion or made specific discovery requests. See, e.g., Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. 419, 434-35 (1995); Pennsylvania v. Ritchie, 480 U.S. 39, 57 (1986); United States v. Bagley, 473 U.S. at 667, 682, 685 (1985); State v. Bennett, 119 Nev. 589 (2003);

Jimenez, 112 Nev. at 618; Roberts v. State, 110 Nev. 1121 (1994). Given the important rights involved and the strong potential for reversal if those rights are violated, the U.S. Supreme Court has long counseled that "the prudent prosecutor will resolve doubtful questions in favor of disclosure." U.S. v. Agurs, 427 U.S. 97, 108 (1976).

A. Evidence "favorable to the accused" includes all information material to the issue of guilt or punishment, including impeachment evidence

The Nevada Supreme Court has directly addressed what is considered "favorable to the accused." In Mazzan v. Warden, the Court stated:

Due process does not require simply the disclosure of "exculpatory" evidence. Evidence also must be disclosed if it provides grounds for the defense to attack the reliability, thoroughness, and good faith of the police investigation, to impeach the credibility of the state's witnesses, or to bolster the defense case against prosecutorial attacks. Furthermore, "discovery in a criminal case is not limited to investigative leads or reports that are admissible in evidence." Evidence "need not have been independently admissible to have been material." (internal citations omitted).

116 Nev. 48, 67 (2000).

See also, Strickler, 527 U.S. at 281-82 (stating that a <u>Brady</u> violation occurs when (1) evidence is favorable to the accused because it is exculpatory or impeaching; (2) evidence was suppressed by the State, either willfully or inadvertently; and (3) prejudice ensued). In <u>Mazzan</u>, the Supreme Court provided a non-exclusive list of the type of evidence that the State must turn over:

- 1) Forensic testing which was ordered but not completed, or which was completed but did not inculpate the defendant (e.g., fingerprint analysis that returned as "inconclusive");
- 2) Criminal records or other evidence concerning State's witnesses which might show bias, motive to lie, or otherwise impeach credibility (e.g., civil litigation);
- 3) Evidence that the alleged victim in the instant case has claimed to be a victim in other cases;
- 4) Leads, evidence, or investigations that law enforcement discounted or failed to pursue;

- 5) Evidence that suggests an alternate suspect, or calls into question whether a crime actually occurred;
- Anything that is inconsistent with prior or present statements of a State's witness, including the initial failure to make a statement which is later made or testified to.

In addition to the specific types of evidence listed above and discussed in Mazzan, the State is obligated to turn over to Defendant any exculpatory or mitigation evidence.

1. Exculpatory Evidence

Exculpatory evidence is that which tends to favor the accused. Brady, 373 U.S. at 87. Impeachment evidence, therefore, is exculpatory evidence within the meaning of Brady. See Giglio v. United States, 405 U.S. 150, 154 (1972). In other words, the State's duty to disclose extends to evidence bearing on the credibility of its witnesses. The Nevada Supreme Court has interpreted the meaning of evidence "favorable to the accused" as evidence that "provides grounds for the defense to attack the reliability, thoroughness, and good faith of the police investigation, to impeach the credibility of the state's witnesses" or evidence that may "bolster the defense case against prosecutorial attacks." Mazzan, 116 Nev. at 67.

To be clear, exculpatory material includes all information that would tend to affect the reliability and credibility of a witness. Thus, information within government control, which shows that a witness gave inconsistent statements, had motive to lie, tried to recant, expressed reluctance to testify against the accused, received benefits as a result of his or her accusation, or other types of information affecting credibility and reliability, is <u>Brady</u> material and must be disclosed.

2. <u>Mitigation Evidence</u>

Brady material applies not only to evidence regarding the defendant's innocence or guilt, but also to **mitigation** evidence. For example: the victim of a robbery identifies a defendant as one of two people who robbed her. The victim also tells police that this defendant actively prevented his co-defendant from hitting her during the robbery. Although the victim's statement would clearly go to establishing the defendant's guilt, it would also constitute Brady material because, if he is ultimately convicted, the defendant's effort to aid the victim might justify the mitigation of his sentence. Anything which could convince the court to impose less than a maximum sentence

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or rebut alleged aggravating circumstances is relevant to punishment and, therefore, must be produced by the State. See Jimenez, 112 Nev. at 619.

B. The State's disclosure obligation is the same regardless of the specificity of the defendant's requests

The State's constitutionally-mandated Brady obligation arises regardless of whether a Defendant specifically requests certain favorable evidence. See U.S. v. Bagley, 473 U.S. 667, 682 (1985) (plurality) (finding the prosecution's constitutional duty to disclose favorable evidence is governed by the materiality standard and not limited to situations where a defendant requests favorable evidence); see also, Kyles, 514 U.S. at 433 (stating that "regardless of request, favorable evidence is material. . ."). The State must disclose all material evidence favorable to the defense, regardless of the nature of the instant request. Additionally, as more fully addressed below, the prosecutor must meet with detectives, crime scene analysts, investigators, and any other State actors and potential witnesses prior to trial to determine whether they possess evidence favorable to the accused. See, e.g., Strickler, 527 U.S. at 281.

The State is Responsible for All Evidence in Its Actual or Constructive Possession, and III. has an Affirmative Duty to Obtain Such Evidence

In Kyles, the United States Supreme Court held that prosecutors have an affirmative obligation to obtain Brady material and provide it to the defense, even if the prosecutor is initially unaware of its existence. 514 U.S. at 433 (emphasis added). The Supreme Court noted that the affirmative duty "to disclose evidence favorable to a defendant can trace its origins to early 20th century strictures against misrepresentation and is of course most prominently associated with this Court's decision in Brady v. Maryland. . ." Id. at 432. As the Supreme Court made clear, this obligation exists even where the defense does not make a request for such evidence. Id.

In finding that the State had breached its duty to Kyles, the Court discussed the prosecutor's "affirmative duty" in detail:

This in turn means that the individual prosecutor has a duty to learn of any favorable evidence known to the others acting on the government's behalf in the case, including the police . . . Since then, the prosecutor has the means to discharge the government's Brady responsibility if he will, any argument for excusing a prosecutor from disclosing what he does not happen to know about boils down to a plea to substitute the police for the prosecutor, and even for the courts themselves, as the final arbiter's of the government's obligation to ensure fair trials.

Kyles, 514 U.S. at 437-38 (citations and footnotes omitted) (emphasis added).

The Nevada Supreme Court addressed the prosecutor's affirmative duty in State v. Jimenez, stating that, "It is a violation of due process for the prosecutor to withhold exculpatory evidence, and his motive for doing so is immaterial." 112 Nev. at 618 (emphasis added). Furthermore, the affirmative obligation exists even if law enforcement personnel withhold "their reports without the prosecutor's knowledge," because "the state attorney is charged with constructive knowledge and possession of evidence withheld by other state agents, such as law enforcement officers." Id. at 620. This existence of an "affirmative duty" means that individual prosecutors cannot use ignorance as an excuse for failing to meet discovery obligations. A lack of subjective knowledge on the part of a particular prosecutor does not excuse or assuage a discovery violation because the individual prosecutor is legally responsible for contacting all State agents to determine if they are in possession of Brady material.

The constructive knowledge imputed to a prosecutor applies even if the evidence is being held by an out-of-jurisdiction agent that is cooperating with local law enforcement. In State v. Bennett, the Nevada Supreme Court ruled, "In this case, a Utah police detective was aware of the evidence. We conclude that it is appropriate to charge the State with constructive knowledge of the evidence because the Utah police assisted in the investigation of this crime. . . ." 119 Nev. at 603. Thus, out-of-state police agencies, probation officers, welfare workers, employees of Child Protective Services, jail personnel, and the like are all potential State agents from whom the prosecution must affirmatively collect Brady material. "Exculpatory evidence cannot be kept out of the hands of the defense just because the prosecutor does not have it, where an investigative agency does." U.S. v. Zuno-Acre, 44 F.3d 1420, 1427 (9th Cir. 1995).

When prosecutors fail to uphold this affirmative obligation, they violate constitutional due process. See U.S. Const. amend. V, XIV; Nev. Const. Art. 1, §8.

IV. The State Cannot Rely on an "Open File" Policy to Satisfy the Constitutional Duty to Obtain and Turn Over Discovery

Prosecutors often respond to discovery motions by referencing their "open file policy" and stating that the requested material is not in their file. The prosecutor's affirmative duty to turn over Brady material, however, extends to all exculpatory and mitigation evidence in the possession of any state agent or agency even if the evidence does not exist in the prosecutor's file. See Strickler v. Greene, 527 U.S. 263 (1999); Bennett, 119 Nev. at 603. In Strickler v. Greene, the United States Supreme Court explicitly held that a prosecutor's open file policy does not substitute for or diminish the State's affirmative obligation to seek out and produce Brady material. 527 U.S. at 283. Thus, despite its "open file policy," the prosecution must actively work to discover, obtain, and produce Brady material, whether it is in the actual possession of the prosecutor, the police department, or any other entity acting on behalf of the State.

V. Defendant's Specific Discovery Requests

The following specific requests are meant to help assist the State in its duty to find and turn over the required material. The requests are not in any way intended to be a limit on, or a substitute for, the duties described above. The State must produce:

1. Any and all notes and records of any physical examinations, scientific tests or scientific experiments done in connection with this case²

This includes any photographs, videos, or audio recordings. It also includes all documents recording what physical evidence was taken in the case, where it was stored, and any related chain of custody documents. In addition, the request encompasses any reports and/or results from any medical, pathological, toxicological, chemical, biochemical, laboratory, forensic or scientific examinations, investigations or analyses.

Specifically, the defense is requesting the results of any fingerprint analysis that was done in this case. Additionally, the defense is requesting all results of the DNA analysis that was done in this case including the identities of all individuals who's DNA was found at the scene of the incident.

² This is required under NRS 171.1965 1(b) and NRS 174.235 1(b).

2. Any and all records and notes regarding any benefits or assistance given to any informant or witness related to the case, as well as any other evidence of bias of State informants or witnesses

This includes any monetary benefits received, services or favors, or promises of favorable treatment. This also includes an estimate of future benefits to be received during or after the trial.³

3. Any and all notes of interviews of any witnesses and any potential witnesses in the case⁴

This includes any and all audio and video recordings of such interviews and any notes of interviews that were not later recorded, such as notes of patrol officers, notes of phone calls made to potential witnesses, or attempts to contact such witnesses. The State must produce any police reports, notes, or other documents that contain information pertaining to this case or any witnesses in this case, no matter what the form or title of the report.

4. Any evidence that any State informant or witness was intoxicated or impaired at the time of the incident about which the witness will testify⁵

This includes evidence that the informant or witness was under the influence of alcohol, narcotics, or any other drug, or that the witness' faculties were impaired in any way.

5. Any information that the alleged victim or any State witness was or is a police informant⁶

This includes information that the witness or alleged victim acted as a police informant from the time of the incident in this case up to and including the day(s) of trial. If any witness is, or has been, an informant, then Defendant requests disclosure of:

- the length and extent of the witness' informant status;
- b) the nature and assistance provided by the informant in the past, including the number of occasions and the form of help;
- c) the monetary amounts paid to the informant;

This is relevant to issues regarding possible bias, credibility, motive to lie, and impeachment. See <u>Davis v. Alaska</u>, 415 U.S. 308 (1974).

⁴ NRS 174.235; <u>Kyles</u>, 514 U.S. 419, <u>Brady</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

⁵ Id. ⁶ NRS 174.235; <u>Kyles</u>, 514 U.S. 419, <u>Brady</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

- non-monetary assistance provided to the informant, including, but not limited to, assistance in avoiding or minimizing harm from pending charges against the informant;
- e) all benefits or promises of benefits,⁷ or statements that benefits would not be provided without cooperation, that were made to the informant in connection with the case, whether or not fulfilled;
- 6. Any information related to the case given by anyone to any police department or crime tip organization such as Crime Stoppers, and any reward or benefit received for such tip⁸
- 7. The State must disclose whether its attorneys, officers or any other witnesses have cooperated with or been interviewed by any media organizations, the extent of the cooperation, and whether the cooperation is ongoing or planned for the future 9

This includes, but is not limited to, newspapers and periodicals, radio programs, television shows, Internet and interactive media, or any other form of broadcast. The defendant requests full disclosure of:

- a) Any contract or agreement, official or unofficial, between the State and any reporters or media organizations;
- b) Any materials, including but not limited to: police reports and other official discovery, video, audio, written contracts, scripts, and instructions or other communications that have passed between the State and any reporters or media organizations. For example:
 - If a police officer was interviewed by show like, "Dateline NBC," the State must reveal the existence of that interview and produce the contents;

⁷ "Benefits" refers to any monetary compensation or assistance of the police, the prosecutor, or the court concerning pending charges against the informant, or any other sort of consideration of value.

⁸ NRS 174.235; Kyles, 514 U.S. 419, Brady, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

The statements of potential state witnesses and investigators must be turned over under <u>Kyles</u>, 514 U.S. 419, <u>Brady</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny), and <u>Davis</u>, 415 U.S. 308, because they may contain prior inconsistent statements, evidence of bias or lack of credibility, or proof of payment or remuneration. The chance to appear on television or be featured in the newspaper is a "reward or benefit" in itself that *must* be disclosed, regardless of whether money has changed hands. The defendant is not aware whether any of this exists, but if the defendant is forced to "discover" it by turning on the television, then the State will have violated constitutional due process.

2) If the television show "COPS" takes video of a possible crime scene and provides the State with a copy of the raw recording, the State must turn it over to the defense;

3) If the TV show, "Another 48 Hours" has been provided special access to the investigation, the State must reveal this and turn over any fruits of this special access, such as, real-time video from the 911 call; recordings of the initial interviews with State witnesses (the ones that are not recorded by police), any video of the defendant's arrest, video from surveillance cameras, any "behind the scenes" footage of the police conducting their investigation, etc.;

4) Any shooting schedules or proposed scripts created by the media organization and provided to the State or any State actor.

8. Any information regarding the criminal history of the alleged victim and/or any material witness in the case 10

This includes any juvenile record, misdemeanors, or any other information that would go to the issue of credibility, veracity and bias, whether or not the information is admissible by the rules of evidence.¹¹ This request encompasses records¹² showing that:

an informant or State's witness had an arrest, guilty plea, trial, or sentencing pending at the time of the incident in the present case and/or has or had one or more since that date;

¹⁰ NRS 174,235; <u>Kyles</u>, 514 U.S. 419, <u>Brady</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

The State is usually under the mistaken impression that they must only disclose felony convictions from the last 10 years that can be used as impeachment under NRS 50.095. However, in <u>Davis</u>, 415 U.S. 308, the U.S. Supreme Court found that a witness can be attacked by "revealing possible biases, prejudices, or ulterior motives of the witnesses as they may relate directly to the issues or personalities on the case at hand. The partiality of a witness is...always relevant as discrediting the witness and affecting the weight of his testimony." <u>Id.</u> at 354. The Court found that the State's policy interest in protecting the confidentiality of a juvenile offender's record must yield to the defendant's right to cross examine as to bias. <u>Id.</u> at 356. See also, <u>Lobato v. State</u>, 120 Nev. 512 (2004) (discussing the "nine basic modes of impeachment"). Therefore, juvenile records, misdemeanors and older criminal records may yield information relevant to many forms of impeachment other than that outlined in NRS 50.095.

¹² With respect to this information, Defendant requests the charges, docket numbers, dates of conviction, and jurisdictions for all such cases.

- b an informant or State's witness was on juvenile or criminal parole or probation at the time of the incident in the present case and/or has been since:
- c an informant or State's witness has, or has had, any liberty interest that the witness might believe or might have believed to be affected favorably by State action;
- d deals, promises, or inducements that have been made to any informant or State's witness in exchange for his testimony.
- 9. Any notes of any statements by the defendant, to include any notes of patrol officers or other agents of the State who have had contact with the defendant in this case [3]

This includes any statement allegedly made by the defendant, or for which the defendant can be held vicariously liable. 14

10. All relevant reports of chain of custody and all reports of any destruction of evidence or failure to collect and/or preserve evidence in the case¹⁵

Specifically, the defense is requesting all information on the chain of custody of the knife allegedly involved in the incident, as well as any and all reports about any scientific testing performed on the knife, such as DNA or fingerprinting.

11. All statements made by any material witnesses in the case, and any inconsistent statements made by a material witness 16

This includes any inconsistent statements made to any employee or representative of the District Attorney's office, the police department, or any other State actor. The request also encompasses any prior inconsistent

¹³ NRS 171.1965 1(a); NRS 174.235 1(a).

¹⁴ Under NRS 51.035(3)(a)(e), a defendant can be vicariously liable for a statement made by a third party. Thus, NRS 174.235 should be construed to include within the definition of a defendant's "statement," both the words actually uttered by the Defendant and any statements for which the defendant may be held vicariously liable. See <u>U.S. v. Caldwell</u>, 543 F.2d 1333, 1353 (D.D.C. 1974) (finding that there is a fundamental fairness involved in "granting the accused equal access to his own words, no matter how the Government came by them").

Destruction of evidence can result in dismissal of the case or a jury instruction stating such evidence is presumed favorable to the accused. <u>Sanborn v. State</u>, 107 Nev. 399, 409 (1991); <u>Sparks v. State</u>, 104 Nev. 316, 319 (1988); <u>Crockett v. State</u>, 95 Nev. 859, 865 (1979).

¹⁶ NRS 174.235; Kyles, 514 U.S. 419, Brady, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

defense in a timely manner before trial. Id. at 161.

²¹ NRS 174.234; 174.235.

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²² NRS 174.235; <u>Kyles</u>, 514 U.S. 419, <u>Brady</u>, 373 U.S. 83 (and their progeny).

16.

1	NOTICE OF MOTION		
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:		
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Public Defender's Office will bring the		
4	above and foregoing Motion For Discovery on for hearing before the Court on the 7th day of June		
5	2012, at 8:30 a.m., in Department No. XII of the District Court.		
6	DATED this 25th day of May, 2012.		
7	PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER		
8			
9			
0	By: <u>/s/ Nadia Hojjat</u> NADIA HOJJAT, #12401 Deputy Public Defender		
. 1	Bopaty Fuorio Botondor		
.2			
4	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE		
15	I hereby certify that service of MOTION FOR DISCOVERY, was made this 25T		
16	day of May, 2012 to:		
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18	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE PDMotions@ccdanv.com		
19			
20	By: /s/ S. Ruano		
21	Employee of the Public Defender's Office		
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2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON	CLERK OF THE COURT	
ļ,	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		
3	SHAWN MORGAN Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935		
4	200 Lewis Avenue		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		
6	Attorney for Plaintiff		
7	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff,		
10		a.a	
11	-VS-	CASE NO: C-11-276163-1	
12	BENNETT GRIMES, #2762267	DEPT NO: XII	
13	Defendant.		
14			
15	STATE'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR DISCOVERY		
16	DATE OF HEARING: June 7, 2012 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 AM		
17			
18	\$1	a, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County	
19	Si di	RGAN, Deputy District Attorney, and hereby	
20	submits the attached Points and Authorit	ies in Opposition to Defendant's Motion For	
21	Discovery.		
22	This response is made and based upo	on all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the	
23	attached points and authorities in support he	ereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if	
24	deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.		
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26	///		
27	 		
28	<i>III</i>		
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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Bennett Grimes (hereinafter "Defendant") is currently charged by way of Second Amended Information with one count of Attempt Murder With Use Of A Deadly Weapon In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order; Burglary While In Possession Of A Deadly Weapon In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order; and Battery With Use Of A Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic Violence Resulting In Substantial Bodily Harm In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order. The charges stem from Defendant's conduct on July 22, 2011.

Prior to that day, Defendant and the victim in this case, Aneka Grimes, had been married for over six years. Preliminary Hearing Transcripts ("PHT") p. 7. They separated in 2011 and Aneka obtained a Temporary Protective Order on July 7, 2011. Defendant was served with the Order on July 8, 2011.

On July 22, 2011, Aneka and her mother arrived home from buying a new car. <u>Id.</u> at 8. Upon entering Aneka's apartment, Defendant forced the door open behind them and gained entry into the residence. <u>Id.</u> at 9. Defendant began arguing with Aneka in an attempt to reconcile their relationship. <u>Id.</u> at 10. While they were arguing, Aneka's mother called her husband, who then called the police. <u>Id.</u> at 9. Just prior to police arriving, Defendant snapped. <u>Id.</u> at 13. He grabbed a steak knife from the kitchen and attacked Aneka. <u>Id.</u> He put her in a headlock and began stabbing her. <u>Id.</u> Defendant stabbed Aneka twenty (20) times in the chest, neck, arms, back, face, and head. <u>Id.</u> at 14. His attempt to kill her was only thwarted when Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Officer Bobby Hoffman saw Defendant attacking Aneka and tackled him to the ground as he was attempting to plunge the knife into Aneka's neck. <u>Id.</u> at 30-31.

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ARGUMENT

I.

THE STATE IS AWARE OF ITS STATUTORY AND CONSTITUTIONAL DISCOVERY OBLIGATIONS

Defendant has made a number of general and specific discovery requests which are purportedly based upon case law within and without the State of Nevada. The State intends to comply with all the requests that are within the ambit of either the discovery statutes of Nevada and/or the constitutional requirements imposed by <u>Brady</u> and its progeny. The State does not intend to comply; and, furthermore, the State objects to all requests that fall outside of those legal requirements.

A. Discovery Required By Statute

The State clearly has no objection to a strict compliance with the provisions and requirements outlined in the criminal discovery statutes. See, NRS 174.233, et seq.

B. Disclosure Required By Brady V. Maryland.

The State recognizes, and readily accepts, its continuing disclosure obligations as defined in <u>Brady v. Maryland</u>, 83 S. Ct. 1194 (1963), and its interpretive progeny. Pursuant to <u>Brady</u>, the State is required to disclose evidence that is favorable to the defense if it is material either to guilt or punishment. <u>Lay v. State</u>, 116 Nev. 1185, 1194, 14 P.3d 1256, 1262 (2000). The State's failure to do so violates the Defendant's due process rights, regardless of the State's motive. <u>Id.</u> Following a specific discovery request, evidence is deemed material if there is a reasonable possibility that the evidence would have affected the outcome, i.e. it undermines the confidence of the outcome in the proceeding. <u>Id</u>.

"The character of a piece of evidence as favorable will often turn on the context of the existing or potential evidentiary record." <u>Id</u>. Furthermore, it is the prosecutor's responsibility to determine whether evidence is material and should be disclosed. <u>Id</u>. (citing <u>Kyles v. Whitley</u>, 514 U.S. 419, 439-440, 115 S.Ct. 1555 (1995)). As such, a prosecutor who is "anxious about tacking too close to the wind will disclose a favorable piece of evidence." <u>Id</u>. And, this is as it should be because such disclosure serves to justify trust in the prosecutor as "the representative of a sovereignty...whose interest...in a criminal

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prosecution is not that it shall win a case, but that justice shall be done." <u>Id</u>. However, <u>Brady</u> does not impose upon the State an obligation "to disclose evidence which is available to the defendant from other sources, including diligent investigation by the defense." <u>Steese v. State</u>, 114 Nev. 479, 495, 960 P.2d 321, 331 (1998).

In addition, the State acknowledges that its Brady obligations not only apply to materials in its possession, but also extends to materials in the hands of its agents. Nevertheless, the State maintains that rather than being accountable for all evidence in the hands of all State agencies (as Defendant alleges), it is only accountable for that evidence in the hands of State agencies who are actually acting on its behalf in the investigation and prosecution of the case. See, Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. 419, 437, 115 S.Ct. 1555, 1567 (1995)("This in turn means that the individual prosecutor has a duty to learn of any favorable evidence known to the others acting on the government's behalf in the case, including the police."); Carriger v. Stewart, 132 F.3d 463, 479 (9th Cir. 1997)("[T]he prosecution has a duty to learn of any exculpatory evidence known to others acting on the government's behalf."). Moreover, "[w]hile the prosecution must disclose any information within the possession or control of law enforcement personnel,...it has no duty to volunteer information that it does not possess or of which it is unaware." United State v. Hsieh Hui Mei Chen, 754 F.2d 817, 824 (9th Cir. 1985). Additionally, the State has no "duty to compile information or pursue an investigative lead simply because it could conceivably develop evidence helpful to the defense..." Evans v. State, 117 Nev. 609, 627, 28 P.3d 498, 511 (2001).

Furthermore, while the State acknowledges its discovery obligations under <u>Brady</u> and the applicable rules of discovery, the State submits that its obligations under <u>Brady</u> and the rules of discovery are not without limitation. <u>See, e.g., Weatherford v. Bursey, 429 U.S., 545, 559, 97 S.Ct. 837, at 845-846 (1977)</u>(There is no general constitutional right to discovery in a criminal case and <u>Brady</u> did not create one;...'the Due Process Clause has little to say regarding the amount of discovery which the parties must be afforded...'). In addition, courts are limited in their authority to order the disclosure of evidence beyond what

is statutorily mandated. See, Franklin v. District Court, 85 Nev. 401, 402-403, 455 P.2d 919, 920-921(1969)("The new criminal code [deals] with criminal discovery...and those provisions represent the legislative intent with respect to the scope of allowable pre-trial discovery and are not lightly to be disregarded.").

More specifically, in the case of <u>Riddle v. State</u>, 96 Nev. 589, 613 P.2d 1031 (Nev. 1980) the Nevada Supreme Court reaffirmed the strictures of the provisions of our discovery statutes by making the following statement:

The trial court is vested with the authority to order the discovery and inspection of materials in the possession of the State. The exercise of the court's discretion however is predicated on a showing that the evidence sought is material to the presentation of the defense and the existence of the evidence is known or, by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the District Attorney.

Id. at 390 (emphasis added).

In Mazzan v. Warden, 116 Nev. 48, 993 P.2d 25 (2000), the Nevada Supreme Court stated:

Brady and its progeny require a prosecutor to disclose evidence favorable to the defense when that evidence is **material** either to guilt or to punishment. See <u>Jimenez v. State</u>, 112 Nev. 610, 618-19, 918 P.2d 687, 692 (1996). In other words, evidence is material if there is a reasonable probability that the result would have been different if the evidence had been disclosed. Id.

Id. at 66, 36 (emphasis added).

In determining its materiality, the undisclosed evidence must be considered collectively, not item by item. Kyles v. Whitley, 514 U.S. at 436, 115 S.Ct. 1555. "[T]he character of a piece of evidence as favorable will often turn on the context of the existing or potential evidentiary record." Id. at 439, 1555.

Id. at 66-67, 36.

In sum, there are three components to a Brady violation: the evidence at issue is favorable to the accused; the evidence was withheld by the state, either intentionally or inadvertently; and prejudice ensued, i.e., the evidence was material. <u>Strickler v. Greene</u>, 527 U.S. 263, 119 S.Ct. 1936, 1948, (1999).

Id. at 67, 37 (emphasis added).

Based upon the foregoing, this Court is respectfully requested to continue to adhere to the clear legislative scheme regarding criminal discovery embodied in Nevada's statutes, the

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interpretation thereof by the Supreme Court of this State, and the opinions of the United States Supreme Court in this area.

Π.

SPECIFIC RESPONSES TO THE DEFENDANT'S REQUESTS

Request No. 1

The State is not aware of any records regarding evidence impound and scientific tests that have not already been provided to the defense. Specifically, there has been no fingerprint analysis conducted in this case and the DNA results have already been provided. If the State should learn of additional documentation surrounding these examinations, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 2

Aside from the statutorily mandated witness fees, no witnesses have been promised any form of compensation for their testimony.

Request No. 3

The State is not aware of any statements or recorded interviews of any testifying witnesses in this case which have not already been provided. If the State should learn of such statements, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 4

The State is not aware of any information to support that any witness was intoxicated at the time of the incident.

Request No. 5

The State is not aware of any information to support that any witness was or is an informant.

Request No. 6

The State is not aware of any information obtained from a police department crime tip organization.

Request No. 7

The State is not aware of any witness cooperation with the media.

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Request No. 8

Defendant requests all prior criminal histories of all witnesses. That request encompasses juvenile records, misdemeanors, or any other information, whether or not the information is admissible by the rules of evidence. This request is overly broad, unduly burdensome, and applies to information not admissible in any forthcoming trial. Under NRS 50.095, evidence that a witness has been convicted of a crime (if it is punishable by more than one year) is admissible to impeach the credibility of that witness. Evidence of the conviction may be admissible if a period of ten years has not passed from the date of release of the witness from confinement or the expiration of the period of his parole, probation or sentence, whichever is the later date. See NRS 50.095(1)(2). That statute does not make admissible a witness' prior arrests that did not result in a conviction or an arrest and conviction of a crime that is merely a misdemeanor.

Nonetheless, Nevada case law and NRS 50.085(3) permits questioning of a witness in relation to arrests/convictions for crimes not amounting to felonies which bear on the honesty or truthfulness of a witness. See, Butler v. State, 120 Nev. 879, 890-91, 102 P.3d 71 (2004)("This court has held that "NRS 50.085(3) permits impeaching a witness on cross-examination with questions about specific acts as long as the impeachment pertains to truthfulness or untruthfulness...[but] if the witness denies a specific act on cross-examination, the State may not introduce extrinsic evidence to the contrary.") However, no statute or case law in the jurisdiction permits unlimited questioning of a witness in regard to his/her criminal background beyond that permitted by NRS 50.095 and 50.085(3). Furthermore, records pertaining to juvenile records are sealed and not discoverable. Moreover, counsel has not established that the evidence is material to the issue of guilt or punishment.

In light of the above-cited legal authority, in the event that the State learns that one of its testifying witnesses has a felony conviction or an arrest/conviction for a crime bearing on honesty or truthfulness, such evidence will be disclosed. However, the State objects to the requests for information which extend beyond the ambit of the State's burden as outlined by

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case law and statute. Last, should the State learn of any criminal proceeding that may bear on bias, interest and motive, it will be disclosed.

Request No. 9

The State is not aware of any statements made by the Defendant in this case. If the State should learn of any such statements, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 10

The State is not aware of any records regarding chain of custody that have not already been provided to the defense. If the State should learn of additional documentation surrounding the physical evidence in the case, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 11

The State is not aware of any additional statements made by the witnesses in the case that have not already been provided to the defense. If the State should learn of any additional statements, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 12

The State is not aware of any information tending to show the unreliability of the State's witnesses. If the State should learn of such information, it will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 13

The State is not aware of any notes kept by the experts in this case. If the State learns of the existence of any such items AND they are exculpatory, the State will disclose them. Otherwise, pursuant to the above-cited case law and Statutes, the State has no obligation to disclose them.

Request No. 14

The State will not disclose the contact information of the victim in this case given the nature of the offense and the close relationship between the victim and Defendant. If the defense wishes to attempt to speak with the victim, the State and defense can arrange for a pre-trial conference to do so.

III

Request No. 15

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The State is not aware of any books, papers, documents, and tangible objects related to the case that have not already been provided to the defense. If the State should learn of any additional items, they will be provided to defense counsel.

Request No. 16

The 911 calls and related reports have already been disclosed to the defense.

Request No. 17

The photographs and audio recordings related to this case have already been provided to the defense. The State is not aware of any video recordings related to this case.

Request No. 18

The State is not aware of any documents related to the identification of the Defendant that have not already been provided to the defense. If the State should learn of any additional items, they will be provided to defense counsel.

CONCLUSION

To the extent that Defendant's requests comply with the mandates of the Constitution and applicable statutes, and to the extent that the State has access to such materials, the State intends to comply with such requests. However, as to those requests that exceed the scope of the discovery statutes, the State objects. Furthermore, the State respectfully submits that Brady and its interpretive progeny squarely place the burden of determining what evidence is exculpatory and subject to disclosure pursuant to Brady on the shoulders of the State. See, Lay v. State, 116 Nev. at 1194, 14 P.3d at 1262.

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1	In light of the foregoing, the State requests that the Court DENY Defendant's Motion		
2	to the extent that the specific requests exceed the scope of the Nevada Revised Statutes		
. 3	Discovery Statutes and Brady.		
4			
5	DATED this 5th day of June, 2012.		
6	Respectfully submitted,		
7	STEVEN B. WOLFSON		
8	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		
9			
10	BY /s/ Shawn Morgan SHAWN MORGAN		
11	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10935		
12	Nevaua Dai #10755		
13	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION		
13	I hereby certify that service of State's Response to Defendant's Motion for Discovery,		
15	I hereby certify that service of State's response to Bernard to:		
16	was made this 5th day of June, 2012, by facsimile transmission to:		
17	366-0692		
18	PD HILLMAN		
19	455-5112		
20			
21	J. Serpa		
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1	MOT Atom to Chrism		
2	PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 CLERK OF THE COURT		
3	309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155		
4	(702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant		
.5			
6	DISTRICT COURT		
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
9	Plaintiff, CASE NO. C-11-276163-1		
10	v. S DEPT. NO. XII		
10 11	BENNETT GRIMES, DATE: June 19, 2012 TIME: 8:30 a.m.		
12	Defendant.		
13	DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE		
14	COMES NOW, the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through Deput		
15	Public Defender NADIA HOJJAT, and hereby files this motion for an Order dismissing th		
16	charges against Defendant Bennett Grimes based upon the State's failure to gather evidence.		
17	This Motion is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file, the		
18	attached Declaration of Counsel, and oral argument at the time set for hearing this Motion.		
19	DATED this 5th day of June, 2012.		
20	PHILIP J. KOHN		
21	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER		
22	By /s/ Nadia Hojjat		
23	NADIA HOJJAT, #12401 Deputy Public Defender		
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STATEMENT OF FACTS

Mr. Grimes is currently being charged with one count of Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon In Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, one count of Burglary With Possession of a Deadly Weapon in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, and one count of Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic Violence Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order. A trial is to be held on June 19, 2012 regarding the aforementioned charges.

The deadly weapon alleged in all of the counts above is a black handled steak knife. The source and handling of the knife will be material facts in dispute in trial. The knife has been in the custody of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department since the time of the alleged incident on July 22, 2011. The knife had apparent blood and fingerprints on it when the police took it into evidence.

No testing was ever conducted to determine who the blood or fingerprints belonged to. Per the State, no fingerprint testing of any kind has ever been conducted on the knife. Additionally, during DNA testing of the knife, state agents deliberately avoided testing the visible blood on the knife to determine who it belonged to.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

THE STATE'S FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE

The Supreme Court of Nevada has previously addressed the State's failure to gather evidence. The Nevada Supreme Court adopted a two-part test, developed by the New Mexico Supreme Court, in the event that the State failed to gather evidence. (see <u>State v. Ware</u>, 118 N.M. 319, 881 P.2d 679 (N.M. 1994)).

"The first part requires the defense to show that the evidence was 'material,' meaning that there is a reasonable probability that, had the evidence been available to the defense, the result of the proceedings would have been different." State v. Daniels, 114 Nev. 261, 267, 956 P.2d 111 (1998). "If the evidence was material, then the court must determine whether the failure to gather

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evidence was the result of mere negligence, gross negligence, or a bad faith attempt to prejudice the defendant's case." Id. at 267.

"When mere negligence is involved, no sanctions are imposed, but the defendant can still examine the prosecution's witnesses about the investigative deficiencies." Id. at 267. "When gross negligence is involved, the defense is entitled to a presumption that the evidence would have been unfavorable to the state." Id. at 267. "In cases of bad faith, dismissal of the charges may be an available remedy based upon an evaluation of the case as a whole." Id. at 267.

MATERIAL EVIDENCE

In order to satisfy the first prong of the Daniels test, the evidence must be material. In Daniels, appellant was convicted of two counts of first-degree murder with use of a deadly weapon and two counts of robbery with use of a deadly weapon. Id. Appellant relied on a voluntary intoxication defense at trial, and thereafter challenged the conviction because the State did not take a blood sample for testing after his arrest which could have proven that he was intoxicated. Id. The Daniels Court found that such evidence was not material because appellant was not arrested until 6 hours after the alleged ingestion of drugs, and because such drugs would have only been detected in the blood for "a few hours" after ingestion. Id. As such, the evidence was not material because of the speculative nature as to whether it would have prevented a conviction.

In the case at hand, fingerprints and blood on the knife are material, as it would affect the proceedings and could lead to differing results. Specifically, proof that the alleged victim, Aneka Grimes, held the knife when she has clearly stated she did not would both impeach her and prove that Bennett Grimes was acting in self defense. Likewise, if Bennett Grimes' blood was on the knife, it would show that he had been injured with it, again providing strong proof of self-defense.

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BAD FAITH

Because the initial prong of the test had not been satisfied, the <u>Daniels</u> Court did not reach the second part of the analysis. They did note, however, that appellant failed to establish negligence, gross negligence, or bad faith in the State's failure to gather blood evidence. <u>Id.</u> at 268. In doing so, the Court deemed that a Detective's decision not to order blood tests was not unjustified because of his deference to a nurse's professional judgment that appellant was not under the influence, and because of appellant's own assertions that he was not intoxicated at the time of his arrest. <u>Id.</u>

In the case at hand, bad faith exists. In adopting the two part test, the <u>Daniels</u> Court concluded that "police officers generally have no duty to collect all potential evidence from a crime scene," but "this rule is not absolute." <u>Id.</u> at 268 (citing <u>State v. Ware</u>, 118 N.M. 319, 881 P.2d 679 (N.M. 1994)).

According to the police reports provided by the State, the officer who impounded the knife, Officer L. Renhard, clearly observed blood and fingerprints on the knife. Indeed, the Crime Scene Investigation Evidence Impound Report states that there was, "...apparent blood and visible prints on the blade."

Additionally, blood was found on Mr. Grimes and he had an injury for which he was transported to the hospital. Police even documented his injuries by taking pictures of them. Clearly both Mr. Grimes and the victim, Aneka Grimes, were injured in the encounter. Proof of who initiated the violence must be collected by police when there is evidence suggesting both parties are injured. Yet here, the report states that the blood and fingerprints on the knife were "apparent" and "visible" and yet neither was collected or tested.

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CONCLUSION

In light of the two part test to determine when dismissal of charges is warranted due to the State's failure to gather evidence, the charges must be dismissed. In the alternative, the Court should instruct the jury to presume that Aneka Grimes' fingerprints were on the knife handle and that Bennett Grimes' blood was on the knife blade.

DATED this 5th day of June, 2012.

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

By <u>/s/ Nadia Hojjat</u>
NADIA HOJJAT, #12401
Deputy Public Defender

1	NOTICE OF MOTION	
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:	
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Public Defender's Office will bring th	
4	above and foregoing Motion to Dismiss on for hearing before the Court on the 19th day of June	
5	2012, at 8:30 a.m., in District Court Department XII.	
6	DATED this 5th day of June, 2012.	
7	PHILI	P J. KOHN K COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
8	}	
9	11	Nadia Uniiat
10	\overline{NA}	Nadia Hojjat DIA HOJJAT, #12401
11	l De	puty Public Defender
12	2	
13	II.	CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
14	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE	
15	I hereby certify that service of DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR	
16	6 FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE, was made t	his <u>5TH</u> day of June, 2012 to:
17	7 CLAR	K COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
.18		otions@ccdanv.com
19	9	
20		/ S. Ruano
21	1 Empl	oyee of the Public Defender's Office
22	2	
23	3	·
24	4	
25	25	
26	26	
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ORIGINAL FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT 0026 1 PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER JUN 12 2012 NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 2 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4685 3 Attorney for Defendant 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C276163-1 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. NO. XII 9 DATE: June 12, 2012 BENNETT GRIMES, 10 TIME: 8:30 a.m. Defendant. 11 12 MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE 13 COMES NOW the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through his attorney, R. 14 ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy Public Defender, and respectfully moves this court for an order 15 vacating the June 19, 2012 trial date and requesting a new trial setting on a date convenient to the 16 17 court. This Motion is made based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 18 attached Declaration of Counsel, Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support hereof, and oral 19 argument at the time set for hearing this Motion. 20 DATED this 12th day of June, 2012. 21 PHILIP J. KOHN 22 CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 23 C-11-276189-1 24 Motion to Continue Trial 25 Deputy Public Defender 26 27 28

DECLARATION

R. ROGER HILLMAN makes the following declaration:

- 1. I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and I am familiar with the facts and circumstances of this case.
- Communication between your Declarant and Defendant had broken down over the past few weeks to the point where your Declarant was considering withdrawing from Defendant's case, as effective representation was no longer possible.
- 3. In a visit with Defendant on June 8, 2012, that communication was at least partially restored.
- 4. In discussing the case with Defendant, your Declarant realized that there are outstanding discovery issues that need to be finalized, and minor investigation to be completed.
- 5. Those remaining items cannot be completed before the commencement of trial.
- 6. Your Declarant would not be able to effectively represent Mr. Grimes without the additional investigation completed, and the time needed to finalize that investigation.
- Defendant has waived his speedy trial rights, and is in favor of continuing the case for effective preparation for trial.
- 1 declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS 53.045).

EXECUTED this 12th day of June, 2012.

M. Noger Hillman

1	NOTICE OF MOTION		
2	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:		
3	YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing Motion to Continue Trial		
4	Date will be heard on June 12, 2012, at 8:30 am in Department No. XII of the District Court.		
5	DATED this 12th day of June, 2012.		
6	PHILIP J. KOHN		
7	CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER		
8	By M. Noger Hill		
10	R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076 Deputy Public Defender		
11			
12			
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15			
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17			
18			
19	RECEIPT OF COPY		
20	RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing Motion to Continue Trial Date is		
21	hereby acknowledged this day of June, 2012.		
22	CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY		
23			
24	Ву		
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1	OPPS		Stra L. Emm
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	AGNES BOTELHO		
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #11064		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212		
	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		
6	Attorney for Flamuii		
7		CT COURT	
8	CLARK COU	JNTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		
11	-VS-	CASE NO:	C-11-276163-1
12	BENNETT GRIMES,	DEPT NO:	XII
13	#2762267		•
14	Defendant.		
15	STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT	I'S MOTION TO D	DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO
16	GATHER EVIDENCE		
17	DATE OF HEARING: 07/19/2012		
18	TIME OF HEA	ARING: 8:30 A.M.	
19	COMES NOW, the State of Nevad	la, by STEVEN B	. WOLFSON, Clark County
20	District Attorney, through AGNES BOTI	ELHO, Deputy D	istrict Attorney, and hereby
21	submits the attached Points and Authorities	in Opposition to De	efendant's Motion To Dismiss
22	For Failure To Gather Evidence.		
23	This opposition is made and based u	pon all the papers	and pleadings on file herein,
24	the attached points and authorities in sup	port hereof, and o	ral argument at the time of
25	hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honora	ble Court,	
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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF FACTS

Bennett Grimes (hereinafter "Defendant") is currently charged by way of Second Amended Information with one count of Attempt Murder With Use Of A Deadly Weapon In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order; Burglary While In Possession Of A Deadly Weapon In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order; and Battery With Use Of A Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic Violence Resulting In Substantial Bodily Harm In Violation Of A Temporary Protective Order. The charges stem from Defendant's conduct on July 22, 2011.

Prior to that day, Defendant and the victim in this case, Aneka Grimes, had been married for over six years. Preliminary Hearing Transcripts ("PHT") p. 7. They separated in 2011 and Aneka obtained a Temporary Protective Order on July 7, 2011. Defendant was served with the Order on July 8, 2011.

On July 22, 2011, Aneka and her mother arrived home from buying a new car. <u>Id</u>. at 8. Upon entering Aneka's apartment, Defendant forced the door open behind them and gained entry into the residence. <u>Id</u>. at 9. Defendant began arguing with Aneka in an attempt to reconcile their relationship. <u>Id</u>. at 10. While they were arguing, Aneka's mother called her husband, who then called the police. <u>Id</u>. at 9. Just prior to police arriving, Defendant snapped. <u>Id</u>. at 13. He grabbed a steak knife from the kitchen and attacked Aneka. <u>Id</u>. He put her in a headlock and began stabbing her. <u>Id</u>. Defendant stabbed Aneka twenty (20) times in the chest, neck, arms, back, face, and head. <u>Id</u>. at 14. His attempt to kill her was only thwarted when Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Officer Bobby Hoffman saw Defendant attacking Aneka and tackled him to the ground as he was attempting to plunge the knife into Aneka's neck. <u>Id</u>. at 30-31.

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ARGUMENT

I. DEFENDANT'S MOTION SHOULD BE DENIED BECAUSE HE FAILS TO SHOW THAT THE STATE FAILED TO GATHER EVIDENCE

In the instant case, Defendant argues that failed to gather evidence by not submitting the steak knife Defendant used to stab Aneka twenty (20) times for DNA or fingerprint analysis. This argument lacks merit.

"In a criminal investigation, police officers generally have no duty to collect all potential evidence." Randolph v. State, 117 Nev. 970, 987, 36 P.3d 424, 435 (2001). In this case, it is important to note two points. First, it is clear that neither the State nor the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department have a duty to collect and test all evidence. Second, the State in no way failed to preserve evidence, as the knife used in this horrific attack has been

2 impounded as evidence and is thus available for testing, should the Defendant desire to have

such testing conducted and if Defendant should believe that such testing is material to his

defense. The State is under no obligation to investigate Defendant's case or to conduct

testing that would assist Defendant in proffering a self-defense claim.

II. DEFENDANT'S MOTION SHOULD BE DENIED BECAUSE HE FAILS TO SHOW THAT THE FINGERPRINT OR DNA ANALYSIS IS MATERIAL EVIDENCE

In the instant case, Defendant argues that "fingerprints and blood on the knife are material, as it would affect the proceedings and could lead to different results" and "provid[e] strong proof of self-defense." This argument lacks merit and the State disagrees with Defendant's analysis.

In order for the Court to find that some form of sanctions against the State are warranted, Defendant must satisfy a two part test. Randolph v. State, 117 Nev. 970, 987, 36 P.3d 424, 435 (2001). He must first show that the evidence was material. Evidence will be deemed material if "there is a reasonable probability that the result of the proceedings would have been different if the evidence had been available." <u>Id</u>. "Second, if the evidence was material, the court must determine whether the failure to gather it resulted from negligence, gross negligence, or bad faith." <u>Id</u>.

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In this case, the Defendant fails to show that the DNA and/or fingerprint testing would yield material evidence, even in light of his alleged self-defense claim. Neither DNA nor fingerprint testing would impeach Aneka and "prove that Bennett Grimes was acting in self-defense," as it cannot explain away the fact that Defendant stabbed Aneka twenty (20) times in the neck, chest, and back and was seen by responding officers stabbing Aneka when they entered the home nor can such testing provide a definitive answer as to who held the knife first or identify the initial aggressor, as Defendant claims in his motion.

Moreover, the existence of Aneka's fingerprint on the knife does not prove Defendant's alleged self-defense claim. Aneka's fingerprint could very well be on the knife for various reasons, such as the fact that the knife belonged to her and was located in her kitchen, or that she may have grabbed the knife in an effort to defend herself from the vicious attack. In addition, the fact that Aneka's blood may be on the knife only proves the obvious, which is that she suffered substantial injury due to Defendant's brutal attack and her blood transferred to the weapon he used.

Lastly, the existence of Defendant's blood on the knife does not immediately establish a self-defense claim either, as he most likely received his injuries from the very knife he used to attack Aneka and sustained said injuries during the attack. It is highly probable that Defendant's injury was the result of the fact that he used a steak knife to repeatedly stab Aneka and may have cut himself as he attacked her. Also, it is reasonable that Defendant would have blood on his person, as he had just stabbed his wife twenty (20) times.

In this case, it is clear that there is no reasonable probability that the result of the proceedings would be different if the testing is conducted or the evidence is made available. Again, if the Defendant believes that such evidence is material to his case in chief, the evidence has been preserved and is available for him to conduct the testing he is seeking.

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DEFENDANT'S MOTION SHOULD BE DENIED BECAUSE HE FAILS TO SHOW THAT THE STATE ACTED IN BAD FAITH BY NOT TIT. TESTING THE KNIFE FOR APPARENT AND VISIBLE BLOOD AND/OR **FINGERPRINTS**

In the instant case, Defendant's argues that the State acted in bad faith by failing to gather and/or preserve and/or collect "proof of who initiated the violence when there is evidence suggesting that both parties are injured." This argument is entirely without merit.

As stated above, this Court need not reach the second prong of the analysis because Defendant fails to show that the requested testing is material. Should this Court choose to reach the second prong of the test, it is important to note that dismissal is only a proper remedy if Defendant can prove that the State acted in bad faith and the Court decides that such a remedy is proper based on the case as a whole. Randolph v. State, 117 Nev. 970, 987, 36 P.3d 424, 435 (2001). As explained below, dismissal is not appropriate because there is no evidence of bad faith in this case.

As already stated above, the State did gather, preserve and collect the knife Defendant used to attempt to kill Aneka. Thus, the evidence Defendant wishes to test is still available and the State did not act in bad faith. Again, the State elected not to test the knife for fingerprint and DNA evidence as it is not material to the State's case and in no way would such evidence prove "who initiated the violence." Such a conclusion is for the trier of fact to decide after hearing all of the evidence in this case. It is a rather bold claim to assert that the State acted in bad faith in this particular case. While apparent and visible fingerprints and blood were noted on the knife, the State's decision not to submit the knife for fingerprint or ///

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DNA testing is not indicative of any kind of bad faith. The evidence was not lost or destroyed or made unavailable to Defendant and it is certainly not bad faith to refuse to 2 conduct Defendant's investigation for him. As such, Defendant's motion should be denied. 3 DATED this 18^{TH} day of July, 2012. 4 Respectfully submitted, 5 STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 6 7 8 BY /s/ Agneg Botelho 9 AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #11064 10 11 12 CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING 13 14 I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this 18th day of 15 July, 2012, by Electronic Filing to: 16 17 R. HILLMAN, Deputy Public Defender 18 E-mail Address: hillmaRR@clarkcountyNV.gov 19 pdclerk@clarkcountyNV.gov 20 21 22 By: /s/ D. Jason 23 Secretary for the District Attorney's Office 24 25 26 27 AG/dji 28 C:\Progon Files\Neevia.Com\Document Converter\temp\3189582-3765148.DOC

1	NWEW		Stan h. Comm
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	Nevada Bar #001565 AGNES BOTELHO		
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064		
5	200 Lewis Avenue		
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	•	
6	Attorney for Plaintiff	CT COLIDT	
7 8		CT COURT JNTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,	CACENO	C 11 07/41/2 1
11	-vs-	CASE NO:	C-11-276163-1
12	BENNETT GRIMES, #2762267	DEPT NO:	XII
13	Defendant.		
14	SUPPLEMENTAL NOTION	CE OF EXPERT W	TTNESSES
15		174.234(2)]	•
16			
17	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defende	ant; and	
18	TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record:		
19	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF		
20	NEVADA intends to call the following witn	esses in its case in	chief:
21	OLSON, ALANE M., M.D., Medical Examiner, Clark County Coroner's Office:		
22	She is an expert in the area of forensic pathology. She is expected to testify regarding		
23	the classification of wounds as offensive or defensive.		
24	TELGENHOFF, GARY DEAN, M.S., D.O., Medical Examiner, Clark County		
25	Coroner's Office: He is an expert in the area of forensic pathology. He is expected to testify		
26	regarding the classification of wounds as of	fensive or defensive) .
27	///		
28	///		

Curriculum Vitae

ALANE M. OLSON, M.D.

Clark County Coroner's Office 1704 Pinto Ln. Las Vegas, NV 89106 702-455-1862

e-mail: alo@co.clark.nv.us

EMPLOYMENT	
0440105	

9/12/05 7/1/00-9/9/05 Clark County Coroner's Office

Ellen G.I. Clark, M.D., P.C., Washoe County

Coroner/Medical Examiner's Office

EDUCATION

7/99-6/00

Forensic Pathology Fellowship: Milwaukee County Medical

Examiner's Office/MCWAH

7/94-6/99

Residency in combined Anatomic and Clinical Pathology:

Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, OR

5/94

MD degree: University of Nevada School of Medicine, Reno,

NV

6/87

Bachelor of Science: Microbiology, University of Idaho,

Moscow

PROFESSIOAL ACTIVITIES

2001

Co-author, Liquid Petroleum Explosion without Fire, American Board of Medico legal Death Investigators

2000

Co-author, elder abuse presentation, given at September meeting of National Association of Medical Examiners,

Indianapolis, IN

1999-2000

Team Teacher and laboratory instructor, MCW sophomore

Pathology course

1995-1999

Laboratory instructor, Oregon health Sciences University

Medical School sophomore Pathology course

1955-1999

Team teacher, Oregon Health Sciences University Medical

Technologist School Pathophysiology course

1998-1998

Autopsy instructor, Oregon Health Sciences University Department of Pathology, incoming residents and student

fellows

1997

Hematopathology in-service lecture, Kaiser Permanente

Regional Laboratory

Curriculum Vitac Almic M. Olson Page Luff2 LICENSURE

1995-1999

1999-present

State of Oregon State of Wisconsin State of Nevada

2000-present

PROFESSIONAL BOARD CERTIFICATION

Anatomic and Clinical Pathology Forensic Pathology

Curriculum Vitac Alanc M. Olson Page 1 of 2

CURRICULUM VITAE

GARY DEAN TELGENHOFF, M.S., D.O.

Home Address:

1700 Alta Drive Apt, 1071 Las Vegas, NV 89106 (702) 383-7016

Office Address:

Office of the Coroner/Medical Examiner 1704 Pinto Ln.
Las Vegas, NV 89106 (702) 455-3210

E-mail: gte@co.clark.nv.us Fax: (702) 455-0416

CERTIFICATIONS

National Osteopathic Boards, parts I, II & III.

• Anatomic Pathology, American Board of Pathology

LICENSURE

State of Ohio and Nevada

EMPLOYMENT

Deputy Medical Examiner/Forensic Pathologist – Clark County Coroner's Office.
 Las Vegas, Nevada 8/1/98 – Present.

Deputy Coroner/Forensic Pathologist – Montgomery County Coroner's Office Dayton, Ohio 7/1/97 – 6/30/98.

EDUCATION

FELLOWSHIP:

 Forensic Pathology, Montgomery County Coroner's Office, Dayton, Ohio 7/97 – 6/30/98.

RESIDENCY:

- Pathology (AP)
 Medical College of Ohio at Toledo and Mercy Hospital
 Toledo, Ohio 8/95 6/97.
- Elective, Forensic Pathology (6 months)
 Lucas County Coroner's Office
 Toledo, Ohio.
- Pathology (AP/CP)
 Cleveland Clinic Foundation
 Cleveland, Ohio, 7/93 6/95.
- Forensic Training (1 month)
 Cayahoga County Coroner's Office Cleveland, Ohio.

INTERNSHIP:

 Transitional/rotating Ingham Medical Center Lansing, Michigan, 7/92 – 6/93.

MEDICAL SCHOOL:

 9/88 – 6/92
 D.O.
 College of Osteopathic Medicine Michigan State University
 East Lansing, Michigan
 95th percentile.

GRADUATE SCHOOL:

8/86 – 10/89
 M.S. Biology/Physiology
 Eastern Michigan University
 Ypsilanti, Michigan

UNDERGRADUATE:

9/75 – 6/79
 B.A. Biology/Chemistry
 Spring Arbor College
 Spring Arbor, Michigan,

Magna Cum Laude.

OTHER:

Electron Microscopy: Eastern Michigan University, 1988. Autopsy Electives, medical school and internship, Sparrow Hospital and Ingham Medical Center, Lansing, Michigan, 1989, 1993. Electronics: Wexford/Missaukee Vocational School, 1975.

ABSTRACTS:

• Telgenhoff GD, Nine, JS. "A Fatal Automobile Accident Following an Anaphylactic Reaction to Bee Venom." Submitted for poster presentation at The American Academy of Forensic Sciences, March 1998 meeting.

RESEARCH:

• Telgenhoff GD, Renk C. "The Effect of Exercise Stress on the Mitogen-Stimulated Proliferation of Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes." Eastern Michigan University. Funded by the School of Clinical Laboratory Sciences, Department of Biology and the National Science Foundation. 10/89.

HONORS AND AWARDS:

- Dean's List: four years undergraduate, one-year post-graduate and two years graduate.
- National Dean's List: 1979, 1987, 1988.

FORMAL PRESENTATIONS:

- "Electrical Injury; a forensic perspective." Scientific Day, Medical College of Ohio, 5/97.
- "Coccidioidomycosis; review and update."
 Grand Rounds; Medical College of Ohio, 9/95.
 Grand Rounds; Cleveland Clinic Foundation, 4/95
- "IgM Nephropathy; a distinct Clinicopathologic entity?" Grand Rounds; Medical College of Ohio, 3/97. Grand Rounds; Cleveland Clinic Foundation, 5/94.
- "Primary, Diffuse, Leptomeningeal Gliomatosis." Scientific Day, Medical College of Ohio, 4/96.
- Numerous microbiology, internal medicine, hematology, surgical, tumor board, radiology, and morbidity and morality conferences:
 Medical College of Ohio, Mercy Hospital, Toledo 8/95 6/97.
 Cleveland Clinic Foundation, Cleveland, 7/93 6/95.

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- Practical Homicide Investigation, Las Vegas, Nevada. 5/99.
- Second Annual Pediatric Forensic Issues, San Diego, California. 10/98.

- Evidence Technician Course, Montgomery County Crime Lab, Dayton, Ohio. 10/1/97 – 10/31/97.
- American Academy of Forensic Sciences:
 - o Nashville, Tennessee. 2/96.
 - o San Francisco, California, 2/98.
- American Society of Clinical Pathologists:
 - o Orlando, Florida, 5/95.

TEACHING APPOINTMENTS:

- Staff Instructor of Medical Students, Residents, Law enforcement students, Pathology assistant and investigation reservists.
 Clark County Coroner's Office. 8/1/98 – present.
- Clinical Faculty, Pathology: School of Medicine, Wright State University. Dayton, Ohio. 7/97 6/98.
- Resident Instructor of Pathology Laboratories: Medical College of Ohio, Toledo, Ohio. 8/95 6/97.
- Resident Instructor of Medical Technology Students: Cleveland Clinic Foundation, Cleveland, Ohio. 7/93 6/95.
- Resident Instructor of Medical Students: Cleveland Clinic Foundation, Cleveland, Ohio. 7/93 6/95.
- Teaching Assistant: Medical students, histology. College of OsteopathicMedicine, Michigan State University, 9/88 – 12/88.
- Medical Student Tutor: Histology, Immunology, Physiology and Neuroanatomy. College of Osteopathic Medicine, Michigan State University, 9/88 – 6/90.
- Graduate Teaching Assistant of Nursing Students: Human Gross Anatomy, physiology and histology. Eastern Michigan University, Ypsilanti, Michigan. 9/86 – 6/88.
- Teaching Assistant: Genetics, Microbiology, Botany. Spring Arbor College, Spring Arbor, Michigan. 9/78 6/79.

OTHER EXPERIENCE:

- Cardiac Research Assistant: Cleveland Clinic Foundation, 7/93 6/95.
- Autopsy Pathologist ("moon-lighting"): Cleveland, Ohio, 7/94 6/95.
- Autopsy Assistant (diener): Veteran's Administration Hospital, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1988.
- Phlebotomist: Veteran's Administration Hospital, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1988.

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS:

- Member, National Association of Medical Examiners (NAME).
- Provisional Member, American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS).
- American Society of Clinical Pathologists (ASCP).

COMMITEE APPOINTMENTS:

• Child Death Review Board, Las Vegas, Nevada, 8/98 - present.

OTHER EMPLOYMENT/EXPERIENCE:

- Full-time, professional musician, 1979 1989.
- Part-time, professional musician, 1994 present.

INTERESTS:

Photography, music, travel, hiking, camping, downhill and cross-country skiing, oil and acrylic painting.

PERSONAL:

- Birthdate 8/3/57
- Birthplace Cadillac, Michigan
- Marital Status Single

NWEW 1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON CLERK OF THE COURT Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #011064 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff. 10 CASE NO: C-11-276163-1 -VS-11 DEPT NO: $X\Pi$ BENNETT GRIMES, 12 #2762267 13 Defendant. 14 SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 15 [NRS 174.234(2)] 16 BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and TO: 17 TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record: 18 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 19 NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief: 20 OLSON, ALANE M., M.D., Medical Examiner, Clark County Coroner's Office: 21 She is an expert in the area of forensic pathology. She is expected to testify regarding 22 the classification of wounds as offensive or defensive. 23 TELGENHOFF, GARY DEAN, M.S., D.O., Medical Examiner, Clark County 24 Coroner's Office: He is an expert in the area of forensic pathology. He is expected to testify 25 regarding the classification of wounds as offensive or defensive. 26 /// 27 /// 28 C:\Program Files\Neevia.Com\Document Converter\temp\3421651-4035690.DOC

The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or at the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery. A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto. STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 BY /s/ Agnes Botelho AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this 19th day of September, 2012, by Electronic Filing to: PUBLIC DEFENDER E-mail Address: pdclerk@clarkcountyNV.gov By: /s/ D. Jason Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

Curriculum Vitae

ALANE M. OLSON, M.D.

Clark County Coroner's Office 1704 Pinto Ln. Las Vegas, NV 89106 702-455-1862

e-mail: alo@co.clark.nv.us

EMPLOYMENT
9/12/05
7/1/00-9/9/05

Clark County Coroner's Office

Ellen G.I. Clark, M.D., P.C., Washoe County

Coroner/Medical Examiner's Office

EDUCATION
7/99-6/00

Forensic Pathology Fellowship: Milwaukee County Medical

Examiner's Office/MCWAH

Residency in combined Anatomic and Clinical Pathology: 7/94-6/99

Oregon Health Sciences University, Portland, OR

5/94

MD degree: University of Nevada School of Medicine, Reno,

ΝV

6/87

Bachelor of Science: Microbiology, University of Idaho,

Moscow

PROFESSIOAL ACTIVITIES

Co-author, Liquid Petroleum Explosion without Fire, 2001

American Board of Medico legal Death Investigators

Newsletter.

Co-author, elder abuse presentation, given at September 2000

meeting of National Association of Medical Examiners,

Indianapolis, IN

Team Teacher and laboratory instructor, MCW sophomore 1999-2000

Pathology course

Laboratory instructor, Oregon health Sciences University 1995-1999

Medical School sophomore Pathology course

Team teacher, Oregon Health Sciences University Medical 1955-1999

Technologist School Pathophysiology course

Autopsy instructor, Oregon Health Sciences University 1998-1998

Department of Pathology, incoming residents and student

fellows

Hematopathology in-service lecture, Kaiser Permanente 1997

Regional Laboratory

Curriculum Vitas Alone M. Olson Page 1 of 2 LICENSURE

1995-1999

1999-present

State of Oregon State of Wisconsin

2000-present

State of Nevada

PROFESSIONAL BOARD CERTIFICATION

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Forensic Pathology

Carriculum Vitac Aleac M. Olson Page 2 of 2

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Photography, music, travel, hiking, camping, downhill and cross-country skiing, oil and acrylic painting.

PERSONAL:

- Birthdate 8/3/57
- Birthplace Cadillac, Michigan
- Marital Status Single

Electronically Filed 10/02/2012 04:43:55 PM

1	NOTC Stund & Comme		
2	PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 0556		
3	309 South Third Street, Suite #226		
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-4685		
	Attorney for Defendant		
5	DISTRICT COURT		
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
8	Plaintiff, CASE NO. C276163-1		
9	v. \ DEPT. NO. XII		
10	BENNETT GRIMES, {		
11	Defendant.		
12			
13	DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF WITNESSES, PURSUANT TO NRS 174.234		
14	TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY:		
15	Defendant endorses the State's Witnesses as noticed in the State's Notice of		
16	Witnesses filed with the Court on January 31, 2012, February 22, 2012, and May 29, 2012.		
17	You, and each of you, will please take notice that the Defendant, BENNETT		
18	GRIMES, intends to call the following witness in his case in chief:		
19	KEVIN GENE, Clark County Public Defender, Investigator		
20	KRIS SOONTHORNSAWAD, American Medical Response		
21	JOCLYN FORNERO, American Medical Response		
22			
23	DATED this 2nd day of October, 2012.		
24	PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER		
25			
26	By: <u>/s/R. Roger Hillman</u>		
27	R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076 Deputy Public Defender		
28			
40	N .		

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE

A COPY of the above and foregoing DEFENDANT'S NOTICE OF WITNESSES; PURSUANT TO NRS 174.234 was served via electronic e-filing to the District Attorney's Office at PDMotions@ccdanv.com on this 2nd day of October, 2012.

By /s/Cheryl Misuraca
An employee of the Clark County Public
Defender's Office

Case Name: Bennett Grimes

Case No.: C276163-1

Dept. No.: XII

Electronically Filed 10/04/2012 03:13:58 PM

$_{1}$	NWEW		Alun J. Comm
	STEVEN B. WOLFSON		CLERK OF THE COURT
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		
3	AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064	•	:
4	MAAA T A		
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		!
6	Attorney for Plaintill	T COLUT	
7	DISTRIC CLARK COUN	T COURT NTY, NEVADA	
8			
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,	GLOTINO.	C-11-276163-1
11	-VS-	CASE NO:	
12	BENNETT GRIMES, #2762267	DEPT NO:	XII
13	Defendant.		
14	SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF WITNESSES		
15	[NRS 174	4.234(1)(a)]	
16	Deposite CDD ATC Defender	nt and	
17	TO: BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and		
18	TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counse		TICE that the STATE OF
19	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL		
20	NEVADA intends to call the following witne		er.
21	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS	
22	ROBISON, Melanie	AMR .	
23	WHITE, Chase	AMR	
24	<i>III</i>		
25	` <i>III</i>		
26	<i>III</i>		,
27	<i> </i>		
28	///		
	11 C:1	Program Files\Neevia.Com\Docu	ment Converter\temp\3484963-4109754:DOC

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed. STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar # 001565 BY /s/ Agnes Botelho AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this 4th day of October, 2012, by Electronic Filing to: PUBLIC DEFENDER E-mail Address: pdclerk@clarkcountyNV.gov By: /s/ D. Jason Secretary for the District Attorney's Office djj/L-2

ORIGINAL FILED IN OPEN COURT PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER STEVEN D. GRIERSON NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 1 CLERK OF THE COURT 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 2 OCT 02 2012 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C276163X Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. NO. XII ٧. 9 DATE: October 9, 2012 BENNETT GRIMES, TIME: 8:30 a.m. 10 Defendant. 11 DEFENDANT'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE INTRODUCTION OF 12 TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER AT TRIAL 13 COMES NOW, the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through NADIA 14 HOJJAT, Deputy Public Defender and hereby moves this honorable court to preclude the 15 prosecuting attorney from introducing any reference to the temporary protective order issued 16 17 against him. This Motion is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 18 attached Declaration of Counsel, and oral argument at the time set for hearing this Motion. 19 DATED this 1st day of October, 2012. 20 21 PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 22 23 HOJJAT, #12401 Deputy Public Defender 24 25 C-11-276163-1 26 Motton 27 28

DECLARATION

NADIA HOJJAT makes the following declaration:

I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada; I am the Deputy Public Defender assigned to represent the Defendant in the instant matter, and the Defendant has represented the following facts and circumstances of this case.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. (NRS 53.045).

EXECUTED this _____ day of October, 2012.

NADIA HOJJAT

)

_

. .

FACTS AND ARGUMENT

Mr. Grimes is currently being charged with one count of Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon In Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, one count of Burglary With Possession of a Deadly Weapon in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order, and one count of Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic Violence Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order. A trial is to be held on October 9, 2012 regarding the aforementioned charges.

The defense moves to preclude any mention of the temporary protective order at trial. If the defense's motion is granted, Mr. Grimes will stipulate that he had a Temporary Protective Order issued against him in the state of Nevada to stay away from the victim in this case, Aneka Grimes.

In Edwards v. State, 132 P.3d 581, 122 Nev. Adv. Rep. 34 (2006), the Nevada Supreme Court held that a person charged with ex-felon in possession of a firearm may stipulate to the existence of an underlying felony conviction in order to keep the facts of the conviction from being introduced at trial. The Court held that the nature and quantity of the previous convictions serve to unfairly prejudice the defendant, while providing little or no actual probative value.

Similarly here, the fact of the Temporary Protective Order provides no actual probative value to the charges alleged, but will serve to unfairly prejudice the defendant. The fact of a Temporary Protective Order is often interpreted by lay individuals to mean that the person has a history of violence or abuse. It is not well known outside the legal community that the issuance of a TPO can result from simple harassment, or even from a failure on the defendant's part to show up to court on the specified date for the hearing. Most people do no know that a TPO can be issued without any prior violence or abuse. Thus, once the fact of the TPO is introduced, the jury will be inclined to believe the worst of Mr. Grimes based solely on the fact of the TPO, rather than fairly evaluating the facts of the case at hand.

Additionally, introducing the facts of the TPO will inevitably lead to even further prejudice during the trial. The jury will wonder what behavior, precisely, the defendant engaged in to have a TPO issued against him. If the jurors are permitted to submit questions to the Court, one of them will likely ask what that behavior was. If the behavior is told to the jurors, Mr. Grimes will be

further prejudiced. If the behavior is *not* told to the jurors, they will wonder why they cannot know and they will be pondering the unknown facts of the TPO for the rest of the trial and wondering how horrendous his behavior must have been for the information to be kept from them.

CONCLUSION

Based on this, the defense offers to stipulate to the Temporary Protective Order, and requests that this court prohibit the government from referencing it during Mr. Grimes' trial.

DATED this \(\frac{\frac{1}{7}}{\text{Day of October, 2012.}} \)

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

NADIA HOJJAT, #1240 Deputy Public Defender

NOTICE OF MOTION CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff: TO: YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Public Defender's Office will bring the above and foregoing MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE INTRODUCTION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER on for hearing before the Court on the 9th day of October, 2012, at 8:30 a.m. DATED this 13th day of October, 2012. PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER NADIA HOJJAT, #12401 Deputy Public Defender RECEIPT OF COPY RECEIPT OF COPY of the above and foregoing DEFENDANT'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE INTRODUCTION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER is hereby acknowledged this _____ day of October, 2012. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY By___

●ORIGINAL

FILED IN OPEN COURT 1 AINF STEVEN D. GRIERSON STEVEN B. WOLFSON CLERK OF THE COURT 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 OCT 1 0 2012 3 AGNES BOTELHO Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #011064 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff C-11-276163-1 Amended Information DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, Case No: C-11-276163-1 Dept No: XII 11 -VS-THIRD AMENDED 12 BENNETT GRIMES, #2762267 INFORMATION 13 Defendant. 14 15 Leven B. Wolfson STATE OF NEVADA -16 COUNTY OF CLARK DAVID. District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of 17 Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs the Court: 18 That BENNETT GRIMES, the Defendant(s) above named, having committed the 19 crimes of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN 20 VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010, 21 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A 22 DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER 23 (Felony - NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY 24 VIOLENCE RESULTING CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC WEAPON 25 SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY 26 PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), on or about the 22nd day of 27 July, 2011, within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and 28

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effect of statutes in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANEKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, and thereafter gain possession of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, with intent to commit assault and/or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANEKA GRIMES, located at 9325West Desert Inn, Apt. 173, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANEKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES with said knife, resulting in substantial bodily harm to the said ANEKA GRIMES,

///

28 ///

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1	in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the	
2	District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.	
3	Garre	TONED WOLDON
4	STE Clar	VEN B. WOLFSON k County District Attorney ada Bar #001565
5	Nev	ada Bar #001363
6		
7	BY	and Steller
8		AGNES BOTELHO
9		Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064
10		
11	Names of witnesses known to the District Attorney's Office at the time of filing this	
12	Information are as follows:	
13	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS
14	BREWER, MICHAEL	LVMPD #8426
15	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CCDC
16	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
17	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS
18	GALLUP, BRADLEY	LVMPD #8729
19	GRIMES, ANIKA	C/O CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY
20	HODSON, RODNEY	LVMPD #3711
21	HOFFMAN, BOBBY	LVMPD #10069
22	KNEPP, ELAINE/OR DESIGNEE	D.A. INVESTIGATOR
23	NEWMAN, STEPHANIE	16041 KNOLL VIEW CIR VICTORVILL CA
24	TAVAREZ, MICHELLE	LVMPD #8518
25	TOMAINO, DANIEL	LVMPD #8278
26		
27	DA#11F13012X/djj/L-2 LVMPD EV#1107223412	
28	(TK4)	
l l		

INST

ORIGINAL

FILED IN OPEN COURT

STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT

OCT 1 5 2012

BY, SUSAN JOVANOVICH, DEPUTY

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

C-11-276163-7 INST Instructions to the Jury

130.500

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

BENNETT GRIMES,

Defendant.

CASE NO: C-11-276163-1

DEPT NO: XII

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE JURY (INSTRUCTION NO. I) MEMBERS OF THE JURY:

It is now my duty as judge to instruct you in the law that applies to this case. It is your duty as jurors to follow these instructions and to apply the rules of law to the facts as you find them from the evidence.

You must not be concerned with the wisdom of any rule of law stated in these instructions. Regardless of any opinion you may have as to what the law ought to be, it would be a violation of your oath to base a verdict upon any other view of the law than that given in the instructions of the Court.

MICHELLE LEAVITT DISTRICT JUDGE

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DEPARTMENT TWELVE

If, in these instructions, any rule, direction or idea is repeated or stated in different ways, no emphasis thereon is intended by me and none may be inferred by you. For that reason, you are not to single out any certain sentence or any individual point or instruction and ignore the others, but you are to consider all the instructions as a whole and regard each in the light of all the others.

The order in which the instructions are given has no significance as to their relative importance.

An Information is but a formal method of accusing a person of a crime and is not of itself any evidence of his guilt.

In this case, it is charged in a Third Amended Information that on or about the 22nd day of July, 2011, the Defendant committed the offenses of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Felony - NRS 200.481.2e; 193.166), to-wit:

COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there, without authority of law, and with malice aforethought, willfully and feloniously attempt to kill ANEKA GRIMES, a human being, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, and thereafter gain possession of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, with intent to commit assault and/or battery and/or to commit substantial bodily harm and/or murder, that certain building occupied by ANEKA GRIMES, located at 9325West Desert Inn, Apt. 173, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER

did then and there willfully, unlawfully, and feloniously use force or violence upon the person of his spouse, former spouse, or any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, a person with whom he has a child in common, the minor child of any of those persons or his minor child, to-wit: ANEKA GRIMES, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife, by stabbing at and into the body of the said ANEKA GRIMES with said knife, resulting in substantial bodily harm to the said ANEKA GRIMES, in violation of a Temporary Order for Protection against Domestic Violence issued by the District Court, Family Division, of the State of Nevada in Case No. T-11-134754-T.

It is the duty of the jury to apply the rules of law contained in these instructions to the facts of the case and determine whether or not the Defendant is guilty of one or more of the offenses charged.

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To constitute the crime charged, there must exist a union or joint operation of an act forbidden by law and an intent to do the act.

The intent with which an act is done is shown by the facts and circumstances surrounding the case.

Do not confuse intent with motive. Motive is what prompts a person to act. Intent refers only to the state of mind with which the act is done.

Motive is not an element of the crime charged and the State is not required to prove a motive on the part of the Defendant in order to convict. However, you may consider evidence of motive or lack of motive as a circumstance in the case.

The Defendant is presumed innocent until the contrary is proved. This presumption places upon the State the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt every material element of the crime charged and that the Defendant is the person who committed the offense.

A reasonable doubt is one based on reason. It is not mere possible doubt but is such a doubt as would govern or control a person in the more weighty affairs of life. If the minds of the jurors, after the entire comparison and consideration of all the evidence, are in such a condition that they can say they feel an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, there is not a reasonable doubt. Doubt to be reasonable must be actual, not mere possibility or speculation.

If you have a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the Defendant, he is entitled to a verdict of not guilty.

You are here to determine whether the State of Nevada has met its burden of proof as to the Defendant from the evidence in the case. You are not called upon to return a verdict as to any other person. So, if the evidence in the case convinces you beyond a reasonable doubt of the guilt of the Defendant, you should so find, even though you may believe one or more persons are also guilty.

The evidence which you are to consider in this case consists of the testimony of the witnesses, the exhibits, and any facts admitted or agreed to by counsel.

There are two types of evidence; direct and circumstantial. Direct evidence is the testimony of a person who claims to have personal knowledge of the commission of the crime which has been charged, such as an eyewitness. Circumstantial evidence is the proof of a chain of facts and circumstances which tend to show whether the Defendant is guilty or not guilty. The law makes no distinction between the weight to be given either direct or circumstantial evidence. Therefore, all of the evidence in the case, including the circumstantial evidence, should be considered by you in arriving at your verdict.

Statements, arguments and opinions of counsel are not evidence in the case. However, if the attorneys stipulate to the existence of a fact, you must accept the stipulation as evidence and regard that fact as proved.

You must not speculate to be true any insinuations suggested by a question asked a witness. A question is not evidence and may be considered only as it supplies meaning to the answer.

You must disregard any evidence to which an objection was sustained by the court and any evidence ordered stricken by the court.

Anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence and must also be disregarded.



The credibility or believability of a witness should be determined by his manner upon the stand, his relationship to the parties, his fears, motives, interests or feelings, his opportunity to have observed the matter to which he testified, the reasonableness of his statements and the strength or weakness of his recollections.

If you believe that a witness has lied about any material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his testimony which is not proved by other evidence.

A witness who has special knowledge, skill, experience, training or education in a particular science, profession or occupation is an expert witness. An expert witness may give his opinion as to any matter in which he is skilled.

You should consider such expert opinion and weigh the reasons, if any, given for it. You are not bound, however, by such an opinion. Give it the weight to which you deem it entitled, whether that be great or slight, and you may reject it, if, in your judgment, the reasons given for it are unsound.

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The elements of an attempt to commit a crime are:

1) the specific intent to commit the crime;

 2) performance of some act towards its commission; and3) failure to consummate its commission.

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Attempted murder is the performance of an act or acts which tend, but fail, to kill a

human being, when such acts are done with express malice, namely, with the deliberate

intention unlawfully to kill.

Express malice is that deliberate intention unlawfully to take away the life of a human, which is manifested by external circumstances capable of proof.

Malice shall be implied when no considerable provocation appears, or when all the circumstances of the killing show an abandoned and malignant heart.

between the malicious intention, but denotes rather an unlawful purpose and design in

contradistinction to accident and mischance.

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The intention to kill may be ascertained or deduced from all the facts and circumstances, such as the use of a weapon calculated to produce death, the manner of its use, and the attendant circumstances characterizing the act.

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If you find that the State of Nevada did not prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the Defendant had the specific intent to murder Aneka Grimes, you must find him not guilty of Count 1.

"Deadly Weapon" means:

(a) Any instrument which, if used in the ordinary manner contemplated by its design and construction, will or is likely to cause substantial bodily harm or death; or

(b) Any weapon, device, instrument, material or substance which, under the circumstances in which it is used, attempted to be used or threatened to be used, is readily capable of causing substantial bodily harm or death.

INSTRUCTION NO. ///

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If you find beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant committed Attempt Murder with the Use of a Deadly Weapon, then you are instructed that the verdict of Attempt Murder with the Use of a Deadly Weapon is the appropriate verdict.

If, however, you find that a deadly weapon was not used in the commission of the Attempt Murder, but you do find that an Attempt Murder was committed, then you are instructed that the verdict of Attempt Murder without the Use of a Deadly Weapon is the appropriate verdict.

You are instructed that you cannot return a verdict of both Attempt Murder with the Use of a Deadly Weapon and Attempt Murder without the Use of a Deadly Weapon.

Every person who enters any apartment or house, with the intent to commit assault or battery on any person and/or any felony therein is guilty of Burglary.

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"Assault" means: (1) Unlawfully attempting to use physical force against another person; or

(2) Intentionally placing another person in reasonable apprehension of immediate bodily harm.

It is not necessary that the State prove the defendant actually committed an assault or battery and/or a felony in the apartment or home after he entered in order for you to find him guilty of burglary. The gist of the crime of burglary is the unlawful entry with criminal intent. Therefore, a burglary was committed if the defendant entered the building with the intent to commit assault or battery and/or a felony regardless of whether or not that crime occurred.

The intent with which entry was made is a question of fact which may be inferred from the defendant's conduct and all other circumstances disclosed by the evidence.

Every person who unlawfully breaks and enters or unlawfully enters any apartment or house may reasonably be inferred to have broken and entered or entered it with intent to commit grand or petit larceny, assault or battery on any person or a felony therein, unless the unlawful breaking and entering or unlawful entry is explained by evidence satisfactory to the jury to have been made without criminal intent.

Every person who, in the commission of a burglary, commits any other crime, may be prosecuted for each crime separately.

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Every person who commits the crime of burglary, who has in his possession or gains possession of any firearm or deadly weapon at any time during the commission of the crime, at any time before leaving the structure, or upon leaving the structure, is guilty of burglary while in possession of a weapon.

If you find the defendant guilty of Burglary, you must also determine whether or not a

deadly weapon was used in the commission of this crime.

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If you find that the State did not prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Bennett Grimes entered the apartment with the intent to commit an assault/battery or felony therein, you must find him not guilty of Count II.

"Battery" means any willful and unlawful use of force or violence upon the person of another.

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Battery Constituting Domestic Violence occurs when an individual commits a battery upon his spouse, former spouse, any other person to whom he is related by blood or marriage, a person with whom he is or was actually residing, a person with whom he has had or is having a dating relationship, or a person with whom he has a child in common.

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"Substantial Bodily Harm" means:

1. Bodily injury which creates a substantial risk of death or which causes serious, permanent disfigurement or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ; or

2. Prolonged physical pain.

"Prolonged Physical Pain" necessarily encompasses some physical suffering or injury that lasted longer than the pain immediately resulting from the wrongful act.

Although you are to consider only the evidence in the case in reaching a verdict, you must bring to the consideration of the evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women. Thus, you are not limited solely to what you see and hear as the witnesses testify. You may draw reasonable inferences from the evidence which you feel are justified in the light of common experience, keeping in mind that such inferences should not be based on speculation or guess.

A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice or public opinion. Your decision should be the product of sincere judgment and sound discretion in accordance with these rules of law.

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In your deliberation you may not discuss or consider the subject of punishment, as that is a matter which lies solely with the court. Your duty is confined to the determination of whether the State of Nevada has met its burden of proof.

When you retire to consider your verdict, you must select one of your member to act as foreperson who will preside over your deliberation and will be your spokesperson here in court.

During your deliberation, you will have all the exhibits which were admitted into evidence, these written instructions and forms of verdict which have been prepared for your convenience.

Your verdict must be unanimous. As soon as you have agreed upon a verdict, have it signed and dated by your foreperson and then return with it to this room.

7.

Now you will listen to the arguments of counsel who will endeavor to aid you to reach a proper verdict by refreshing in your minds the evidence and by showing the application thereof to the law; but, whatever counsel may say, you will bear in mind that it is your duty to be governed in your deliberation by the evidence as you understand it and remember it to be and by the law as given to you in these instructions, with the sole, fixed and steadfast purpose of doing equal and exact justice between the Defendant and the State of Nevada.

GIVEN:

DISTRUCT JUDGE

ORIGINAL

STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT

1	VER	OCT 15 2012		
2		THE COUNTY OF TH		
3	DISTRI CLARK COU	CT COURT BY. D VV INTY, NEVADA SUSAN JOVANOVICH, DEPUTY		
4	THE STATE OF NEVADA,			
5	Plaintiff,			
6		CASE NO: C-11-276163-1		
7	-VS-	DEPT NO: XII C-11-278163-1		
8	BENNETT GRIMES,	1983651 		
9	Defendant.			
0		RDICT		
- 1	We, the jury in the above entitled ca	ase, find the Defendant BENNETT GRIMES, as		
11	follows:			
12	COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN			
13	VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER			
14	(please check the appropriate box, select only one)			
15	Guilty of Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon in Violation of			
16	a Temporary Protective Order			
17	Guilty of Attempt Murder in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order			
18	Not Guilty			
19	We, the jury in the above entitled c	ease, find the Defendant BENNETT GRIMES, as		
20	follows:			
21	COUNT 2 – BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN			
22	VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER			
23	(please check the appropriate box, select only one)			
24		hile in Possession of a Deadly Weapon in		
25	() u	orary Protective Order		
26	N .	Violation of a Temporary Protective Order		
27	Not Guilty			
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1	We, the jury in the above entitled case, find the Defendant BENNETT GRIVIES, as			
2	follows:			
3	COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING			
4	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY			
5	HARM IN VIOLATON OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER			
6	(please check the appropriate box, select only one)			
7	Guilty of Battery with Use of a Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic			
8	Violence Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm in Violation of a			
9	Temporary Protective Order			
10	Guilty of Battery Domestic Violence Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm			
11	in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order			
12	Guilty of Battery Domestic Violence with Use of a Deadly Weapon in			
13	Violation of a Temporary Protective Order			
14	Guilty of Battery Domestic Violence in Violation of a Temporary			
15	Protective Order			
16	Guilty of Battery in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order			
17	Not Guilty			
18				
19	DATED this 15th day of October, 2012			
20				
21	FOREPERSON			
22	Kirk Sanford			
23	Jury#12			
24				
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PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER NEVADA BAR NO. 0556 309 South Third Street, Suite 226 1 CLERK OF THE COURT Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 2 (702) 455-4685 Attorney for Defendant 3 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C-11-276163-1 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. NO. XII 9 DATE: November 6, 2012 BENNETT GRIMES, TIME: 8:30 a.m. 10 Defendant. 11 12 MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL 13 COMES NOW, the Defendant, BENNETT GRIMES, by and through R. ROGER 14 HILLMAN, Deputy Public Defender and hereby files this motion for a new trial based on the 15 Court's failure to notify the parties that the jury had a question concerning the law. This Motion is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 16 17 attached Declaration of Counsel, and oral argument at the time set for hearing this Motion. 18 DATED this 22nd day of October, 2012. 19 PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER 20 21 By: /s/R. Roger Hillman 22 R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076 Deputy Public Defender 23 24 25 26 27 28

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

October 15, 2012. After the verdict was read, the Court notified all counsel that the Court had received a note from the jury regarding the Burglary change (with enhancements). The Court marked the note, and placed it in evidence. The Court also stated that it would have only referred the jury to the instructions given to jury, but made no contact with the jury. The note had to do with when the intent to commit a crime must form, where before or after entry. In retrospect, Defendant feels that more clarification would have aided the jury in coming to an accurate verdict.

II.

ARGUMENT

WHETHER THE COURTS FAILURE TO NOTIFY THE PARTIES THAT A JURY HAD A QUESTION REGARDING THE LAW ON THE BURGLARY INSTRUCTION DEPRIVED GRIMES OF HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS TO A FAIR TRIAL AND DUE PROCESS OF LAW UNDER ARTICLE I, SECTIONS 3 AND 8 OF THE NEVADA CONSTITUTION AND THE FIFTH AND FOURTEENTH AMENDMENTS OF THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION?

A district judge has responsibility to notify the parties concerning a jury's question of the jury instructions. The note should be made part of the record and the parties should have the opportunity to address what, if any, response should be given to the jury's inquiry. The court's failure to follow proper procedures rendered the trial constitutionally infirm and requires that Reyes receive a new trial.

NRS 175.451 provides:

After the jury have retired for deliberation, if there is any disagreement between them as to any part of the testimony, or if they desire to be informed on the point of law arising in the cause, they must require the officer to conduct them into court. Upon their being brought into court, the information required shall be given in the presence of, or after notice to, the district attorney and the defendant or his counsel.

The mandatory word "shall" applies to the presence of counsel if the information requested by the jury is given. Tellis v. State, 84 Nev. 587, 445 P.2d 938 (1968). A district judge commits error by not notifying the parties regarding a jury question. Varner v. State, 97 Nev. 486, 634 P.2d 1205 (1981). It is a proper procedure to make counsel aware and inquire into whether or if any response counsel may have regarding a jury note from the foreman. See, Daniel v. State, 78 P.3d 890, 119 Nev. Adv. Op. 56 (Nov. 3, 2003). A district court errs by "failing to notify counsel before communicating to the jury on a substantive matter." See, NRS 175.451; Cavanaugh v. State, 102 Nev. 478, 484, 729 P.2d 481, 484-85 (1986).

In the case at bar, the juror(s) had difficulty following the law regarding the language of the Burglary charge. The note clearly indicates that at least one juror was confused as to when intent need be formed in order for a Burglary to occur. Although notified of the note, no response was given, and counsel feels that further direction would have been helpful in reaching a correct verdict in this case. This violates NRS 175.451.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Grimes should be entitled to a new trial.

DATED this 22nd day of October, 2012.

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

By <u>/s/R. Roger Hillman</u> R. ROGER HILLMAN, 3076 Deputy Public Defender

NOTICE OF MOTION		
TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:		
YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Public Defender's Office will bring the		
above and foregoing Motion on for hearing before the Court on the 6th day of November, 2012, at		
8:30 a.m. in District Court Department XII.		
DATED this 22nd day of October, 2012.		
PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER ————————————————————————————————————		
By: <u>/s/R. Roger Hillman</u>		
R. ROGER HILLMAN, #3076 Deputy Public Defender		
Deputy I done Detended		
CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE		
A COPY of the above and foregoing MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL was served via		
electronic e-filing to the District Attorney's Office at PDMotions@ccdanv.com on this 22nd day		
of October, 2012.		
By/s/ Cheryl Misuraca		
An employee of the Clark County Public Defender's Office		

Electronically Filed 11/05/2012 08:19:49 AM

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$_{1}\parallel$	STEVEN B. WOLFSON St. 1. Character District Attorney		
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 CLERK OF THE COURT	١	
3	PATRICK BURNS		
-	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #11779	١	
4	200 Lewis Avenue	Ì	
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-0968		
6	Attorney for Plaintiff	1	
7			
8	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
9			
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
11	Plaintiff, Case No. C-11-276163-1		
12	Dept No. XII		
13	-vs-		
14	BENNETT GRIMES,) #2762267		
15	Defendant.		
16	<u> </u>		
	STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL		
17	DATE OF HEARING: November 6, 2012		
18	TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 AM		
19	COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, District Attorney	/,	
20	COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by ST2 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 1	S	
21	by and through PATRICK BURNS, Deputy District Attorney, and files this STATE'S		
22	OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL. This opposition is	d	
23	made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached points and		
24	authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if deemed necessar		
25	by this Honorable Court.		
26			
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21.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On September 14, 2011, the State of Nevada charged Defendant Bennett Grimes (Grimes) with Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon; Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon; and Battery Constituting Domestic Violence with a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm in Violation of Temporary Protective Order Against Domestic Violence. Trial commenced on October 10, 2012, and concluded on October 15, 2012, with the jury returning a guilty verdict on all three counts. The jury deliberated approximately two hours before returning its verdict. On October 23, 2012, Grimes filed a motion for a new trial arguing the Court violated NRS 175.451 by failing to contact and call the parties into court upon receiving a note from the jury inquiring about the Burglary offense's intent element. The Court did not respond to that note because it requested information already found in the jury's instructions.

ARGUMENT

NRS 175.451, governing "Return of jury for information," provides:

After the jury have retired for deliberation, if there is any disagreement between them as to any part of the testimony, or if they desire to be informed on any point of law arising in the cause, they must require the officer to conduct them into court. Upon their being brought into court, the information required shall be given in the presence of, or after notice to, the district attorney and the defendant or the defendant's counsel. (emphasis added).

Grimes's motion has no merit. He claims that <u>Tellis</u> and <u>Varner</u> stand for the proposition that "[a] district judge commits error by not notifying the parties regarding a jury question. That line of authority establishes no such rule; <u>Varner</u> stated that "in regards to this statute that the mandatory word 'shall' applies to the presence of counsel *if the information requested is given*." <u>Varner v. State</u>, 97 Nev. 486, 634 P.2d 1205 (1981) (citing <u>Tellis v.</u>

State, 84 Nev. 587, 445 P.2d 938 (1968) (emphasis added). The statute does not require the Court to consult with the parties everytime it receives some communication from the jury, although if the Court is going to provide additional information to the jurors, the parties must be present. Here, this latter circumstance did not arise because the Court did not respond to the question and correctly determined that the jury did not require additional information.

Upon the settling of jury instructions, counsel for both parties were afforded all the opportunity necessary to submit instructions on the Burglary offense. The jury required no further instruction than what had already been provided. Moreover, there could be no possible error warranting a new trial for violation of NRS 175.451 because the Court provided no further additional information to the jurors, relegating them instead to reconsulting their jury instructions. Even had the Court affirmatively communicated to the jurors that the answer to their question lay in the jury instructions already provided, there would be no error warranting a new trial because that directive would have been legally correct. Cf. Daniel v. State, 119 Nev. 498, 78 P.3d 890 (2003) (trial court's error in failing to notify counsel before communicating to the jury on a substantive matter is harmless when the instructions given are correct), cert. denied 124 S.Ct. 2161, 541 U.S. 1045 (2003); Cavanaugh v. State, 729 P.2d 481, 102 Nev. 478 (1986) (trial court's instructing jury, without contacting counsel, to refer to instruction on executive elemency, in response to question as to whether one sentenced to life imprisonment without possibility of parole might somehow be paroled was improper, but error was harmless, because instruction was correct); Varner, supra. Thus, Grimes's motion lacks any merit whatsoever and should be denied.

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CONCLUSION 1 Based on the foregoing law and argument, the State requests that Grimes's motion be 2 denied. 3 DATED this 5th day of November, 2012. 4 STEVEN B. WOLFSON 5 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 6 /s/ Patrick Burns 8 PATRICK BURNS Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #11779 9 10 11 CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING 12 13. I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this 5th day of November, 14 15 2012, by Electronic Filing to: 16 ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy District Attorney -17 E-mail Address: hillmaRR@clarkcountyNV.gov 18 19 E-mail Address: pdclerk@clarkcountyNV.gov 20 21 22 23 24 25 By: /s/ D. Jason Secretary for the District Attorney's Office 26 27 28

NOTC 1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON CLERK OF THE COURT Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 AGNES BOTELHO 3 Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 5 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff. 10 C-11-276163-1 CASE NO: -VS-11 DEPT NO: XIIBENNETT GRIMES, 12 #2762267 13 Defendant. 14 NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK PUNISHMENT AS 15 A HABITUAL CRIMINAL 16 BENNETT GRIMES, Defendant; and 17 TO: PUBLIC DEFENDER, Counsel of Record: TO: 18 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to NRS 19 207.010, the STATE OF NEVADA will seek punishment of Defendant BENNETT 20 GRIMES, as an habitual criminal as said Defendant has been found guilty of ATTEMPT 21 MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY 22 PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 23 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN 24 VIOLATION OF A TERMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 25 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON 26 CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY 27 /// 28

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HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 200.481.2e, 193.166): in the above-entitled action.

That since the Defendant has been found guilty of ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TERMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060, 193.166) and BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony - NRS 200.481.2e, 193.166), the STATE OF NEVADA will ask the court to sentence the Defendant as an Habitual Criminal based upon the following felony convictions, to-wit:

- 1. That in 2000, the Defendant was convicted in the State of California for the crime of INFLICT CORPORAL INJURY ON SPOUSE, in Case No. FSB026485.
- 2. That in 2004, the Defendant was convicted in the State of California the for the crime of INFLICT CORPORAL INJURY ON SPOUSE, in Case No. FSB044772.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY /s/ Agnes Botelho
AGNES BOTELHO
Deputy District Attorney
Nevada Bar #011064

///

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CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

I hereby certify that service of State's Notice of Intent to Seek Punishment as a habitual Criminal, was made this 22nd day of October, 2012, by Electronic Filing to:

PUBLIC DEFENDER E-mail Address: pdclerk@ClarkCountyNV.gov

By: /s/ D. Jason Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

djj/L-2

Electronically Filed 02/21/2013 07:31:05 AM

JOC

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff.

CASE NO C276163-1

-VS-

DEPT. NO. XII

BENNETT GRIMES #2762267

Defendant.

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27 28 JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (JURY TRIAL)

The Defendant previously entered a plea of not guilty to the crimes of COUNT 1 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165, 193.166, COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 205.060, 193.166, COUNT 3 - BATTERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON CONSTITUTING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESULTING IN SUBSTANTIAL BODILY HARM IN VIOLATION OF A TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE ORDER (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.481.2e, 193.166; and the matter having been tried before a jury RECEIVED

FEB 1 9 2013

DEPARTMENT 12

and the Defendant having been found guilty of said crimes; thereafter, on the 12th day of, February, 2013, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with his counsel, ROGER HILLMAN, Deputy Public Defender, and good cause appearing,

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses. AS TO COUNTS 2 and 3 - Defendant is ADJUDGED guilty under the SMALL HABITUAL Criminal Statute and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee, and \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee including testing to determine genetic markers, the Defendant is SENTENCED to the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) as follows: AS TO COUNT 1 - to a MAXIMUM of TWENTY (20) YEARS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHT (8) YEARS PLUS a CONSECUTIVE term of a MAXIMUM of FIFTEEN (15) YEARS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of FIVE (5) YEARS in the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) for use of a deadly weapon; COURT considered factors outlined in NRS 193.165 subsection 1; AS TO COUNT 2 - to a MAXIMUM of TWENTY (20) YEARS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHT (8) YEARS, Count 2 to run CONCURRENT with COUNT 1; AND AS TO COUNT 3 - to a MAXIMUM of TWENTY (20) YEARS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHT (8) YEARS, Count 3 to run CONSECUTIVE to Counts 1 and 2 with FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY-ONE (581) DAYS credit for time served.

DATED this _____ day of February, 2013.

MICHELLE LEAVITT

S:\Forms\JOC-Jury 1 Ct/2/19/2013

NOAS
PHILIP J. KOHN, PUBLIC DEFENDER
NEVADA BAR No. 0556
309 South Third Street, Suite 226
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
(702) 455-4685
Attorney for Defendant

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

V.

DEPT. NO. XII

BENNETT GRIMES,

Defendant.) NOTICE OF APPEAL

TO: THE STATE OF NEVADA

STEVEN B. WOLFSON, DISTRICT ATTORNEY, CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA and DEPARTMENT NO. XII OF THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK.

presently incarcerated in the Nevada State Prison, appeals to the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada from the judgment entered against said Defendant on the 21st day of February, 2013 whereby he was convicted of Ct. 1 - Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon in Violation of Temporary Protective Order; Ct. 2 - Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon In Violation of a Temporary Protective Order; Ct. 3 - Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Constituting Domestic Violence Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm in Violation of a Temporary Protective Order and sentenced to Cts. 2 and 3 - Guilty under the Small Habitual Criminal Statute and in addition to the \$25 Admin. fee; \$150 DNA analysis fee; genetic testing; Ct. 1 - 8-20 years plus a

consecutive term of 5-15 years with a minimum parole eligibility of 5 years in prison for use of a deadly weapon; Court considered factors outlined in NRS 193.165 subsection 1; as to Ct. 2 - 8-20 years in prison; Ct. 2 to run concurrent with Ct. 1; as to Ct. 3 - 8-20 years; Ct. 3 to run consecutive to Cts. 1 and 2; 581 days CTS.

DATED this 18th day of March, 2013.

PHILIP J. KOHN CLARK COUNTY PUBLIC DEFENDER

By: /s/ P. David Westbrook
P. DAVID WESTBROOK, #9278
Deputy Public Defender
309 S. Third Street, Ste. 226
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
(702) 455-4685

DECLARATION OF MAILING

Public Defender's Office, hereby declares that she is, and was when the herein described mailing took place, a citizen of the United States, over 21 years of age, and not a party to, nor interested in, the within action; that on the 18th day of March, 2013, declarant deposited in the United States mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, a copy of the Notice of Appeal in the case of the State of Nevada v. Bennett Grimes, Case No. C-11-276163-1, enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, addressed to Bennett Grimes, c/o High Desert State Prison, P.O. Box 650, Indian Springs, NV 89018. That there is a regular communication by mail between the place of mailing and the place so addressed.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED on the 18th day of March, 2013.

/s/ Carrie M. Connolly
An employee of the Clark County
Public Defender's Office

J

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this $18^{\rm th}$ day of March, 2013, by Electronic Filing to:

District Attorneys Office E-Mail Address: PDMotions@ccdanv.com

Jennifer.Garcia@ccdanv.com

Eileen.Davis@ccdanv.com

/s/ Carrie M. Connolly
Secretary for the
Public Defender's Office

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

September 20, 2011

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

vs

Bennett Grimes

September 20, 2011

1:30 PM

Initial Arraignment

HEARD BY:

Togliatti, Jennifer

COURTROOM: RJC Lower Level

Arraignment

COURT CLERK: Sharon Chun

RECORDER: Kiara Schmidt

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Grimes, Bennett

Hillman, Ralph R.

Defendant

Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- ALSO PRESENT: Shawn Morgan, Assistant District Attorney.

Upon Deft's questioning, Mr. Morgan stated that an Enhancements had been added to Count 2 and the spelling of the victim's name has been corrected on the Information.

DEFT. GRIMES ARRAIGNED, PLED NOT GUILTY, and INVOKED the 60-DAY RULE. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial.

CUSTODY

12/6/11 8:30 AM CALENDAR CALL (DEPT 12)

12/13/11 1:30 PM JURY TRIAL (DEPT 12)

PRINT DATE: 03/20/2013

Page 1 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

November 03, 2011

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

November 03, 2011

8:30 AM

Petition for Writ of Habeas

Corpus

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Monique Alberto

RECORDER:

Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Grimes, Bennett

Ponticello, Frank M. Public Defender

Saxe, Benjamin State of Nevada Defendant

Attorney Attorney

Attorney Plaintiff

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

COURT noted Deft's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus is on in error and ORDERED, matter OFF CALENDAR. At the request of counsel, COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET. Upon Court's inquiry, Deft. WAIVED the 60-Day Rule.

CUSTODY

3/20/12 8:30 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

3/27/12 1:30 P.M. JURY TRIAL

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 2 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

March 20, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

March 20, 2012

8:30 AM

Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 3 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

March 20, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

March 20, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Continue Trial

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

PRINT DATE: 03/20/2013

Page 4 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

March 20, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

March 20, 2012

8:30 AM

All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Diefenbach, Lauren R

Grimes, Bennett

Public Defender Schifalacqua, Marc M.

State of Nevada

Attorney

Defendant Attorney

Attorney Plaintiff

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- CALENDAR CALL...DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE

COURT ORDERED, Motion GRANTED as unopposed; trial date VACATED AND RESET.

CUSTODY

6/12/12 8:30 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

6/19/121:30 P.M. TRIAL BY JURY

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 5 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor		COURT MINUTES	June 07, 2012
C-11-276163-1	State of	Nevada	
· .	vs Bennett		

June 07, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion for Discovery

HEARD BY: Lea

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Botelho, Agnes M. Attorney
Hojjat, Nadia Attorney
Imlay, Darin F. Attorney
Public Defender Attorney
State of Nevada Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Deft. not present. Mr. Hillman advised Deft. refused to be transported to Court today. SO NOTED. Statements by counsel. COURT ORDERED, as follows:

As to: 1. Any and all notes and records of any physical examinations, scientific tests, or specific experiments done in connection with this case.

Motion GRANTED to the extent that the material exists, as State has already handed over all of this discovery to the defense.

As to: 2. Any and all records and notes regarding any benefits or assistance given to any informant or witness related to the case, as well as any other evidence of bias of State informants or witnesses.

Motion GRANTED.

As to: 3. Any and all notes of interviews of any witnesses and any potential witnesses in the case.

PRINT DATE: 03/20/2013 Page 6 of 35 Minutes Date: September 20, 2011

Motion GRANTED to the extent the material exists, as the State filed a response to this issue stating they have complied with the request.

As to: 4. Any evidence that any State informant or witness was intoxicated or impaired at the time of the incident about which the witness will testify.

Motion GRANTED. Court NOTED, State is not aware of the information, however, the State will provide this discovery to defense, if available.

As to: 5. Any information that the alleged victim or any State witness was or is a police informant.

Motion GRANTED. Court NOTED, State is not aware of the information, however, the State will provide this discovery to defense, if available.

As to: 6. Any information related to the case given by anyone to any police department or crime tip organization such as Crime Stoppers, and any reward or benefit received for such tip.

Motion GRANTED.

As to: 7. The State must disclose whether its attorneys, officers or any other witnesses have cooperated with or been interviewed by any media organizations, the extent of the cooperation, and whether the cooperation is ongoing or planned for the future.

Motion GRANTED to the extent that the material exists.

Ms. Hojjat argued in support of relief requested on any information regarding criminal history of the alleged victim, citing Brady and the Kyles case law. Further arguments as to admissibility and relevancy. Following colloquy, counsel advised defense is seeking to have the State run the NCIC scope on the alleged victim, pursuant to the Kyles and Giglio cases.

As to: 8. Any information regarding criminal history of the alleged victim and / or any material witness in the case.

Motion GRANTED IN PART only as to prior felonies or crimes involving honesty, including truthful or untruthfulness, to the extent that the material exists; Motion DENIED IN PART on the remaining relief.

As to: 9. Any notes of any statements by the Deft. to include any notes of patrol officers or other agents of the State who have had contact with the Deft. in this case.

Motion DENIED as the State had informed the Court these notes do not exist.

PRINT DATE: 03/20/2013

Page 7 of 35

Minutes Date:

C-11-276163-1

As to: 10. All relevant reports of chain of custody and all reports of any destruction of evidence or failure to collect and / or preserve evidence in the case.

Motion GRANTED to the extent that the material exists.

As to: 11. All statements made by any material witnesses in the case, and any inconsistent statements made by a material witness.

Motion GRANTED. Following arguments by counsel, COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Motion No. 11 DENIED as to the State having to issue a subpoena for this material, as the defense may issue one.

As to: 12. Any information tending to show the unreliability of a State informant or witness in the case.

Motion GRANTED.

As to: 13. Any and all notes and reports of any experts in the case, to include mental health workers and crime scene investigators.

Motion GRANTED only to the extent it is required by statute only.

As to: 14. All updated witness contact information in the case, including the witnesses' last known address and phone number.

Motion DENIED; the defense may contact the witness through the State, and schedule an appointment to have an interview with the witness, if necessary.

As to: 15. Any and all books, papers, documents, and tangible objects related to the case.

Motion GRANTED.

As to: 16. Any and all electronic communications in the case, as well as any reports related to those communications.

Motion GRANTED.

As to: 17. Any and all photographs, video recordings, and / or audio recordings related to the case within the possession, control, or control of the State.

Motion GRANTED to the extent that the material exists.

As to: 18. Any and all documents and notes pertaining to the identification of Deft. as a suspect.

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 8 of 35

Minutes Date:

C-11-276163-1

Motion GRANTED.

Moving counsel to prepare the orders.

CUSTODY

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 9 of 35

Minutes Date:

June 12, 2012 **COURT MINUTES** Felony/Gross Misdemeanor State of Nevada C-11-276163-1 Bennett Grimes

June 12, 2012

8:30 AM

Calendar Call

HEARD BY:

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

Kerry Esparza RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Grimes, Bennett Hillman, Ralph R. Morgan, Shawn A. Public Defender

State of Nevada

Defendant Attorney Attorney Attorney Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Hillman requested the trial date be continued. Deft's Motion To Continue Trial Date FILED IN OPEN COURT. Arguments by State in opposition to the continuance. Mr. Hillman argued as to additional discovery being sought on Deft's medical condition, text messages being sought, and selfdefense scenario. Mr. Morgan argued no mitigation evidence was submitted. Following further arguments, COURT ORDERED, Deft's Motion GRANTED; trial date VACATED AND RESET. Court advised Deft. to let his attorney know where to obtain the medical records being sought. Deft. acknowledged.

CUSTODY

8/21/12 8:30 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

8/28/12 1:30 P.M. TRIAL BY JURY

PRINT DATE: 03/20/2013

Page 10 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

July 19, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

July 19, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY:

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich; Sharon Coffman; Aaron Carbajal; Vanessa Ward; Ying Pan

RECORDER:

Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES -

PRESENT:

Botelho, Agnes M.

Grimes, Bennett

Hillman, Ralph R.

State of Nevada

Attorney

Defendant

Attorney

Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Mr. Hillman requested an opportunity to file a Reply and review the Opposition filed by the State. Court ORDERED, matter CONTINUED.

CUSTODY

7/31/2012 8:30 AM DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 11 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

July 31, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

July 31, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY:

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich; Sharon Coffman; Vanessa Ward; Aaron Carbajal; Ying Pan

RECORDER:

Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Diefenbach, Lauren R

Attorney Defendant

Grimes, Bennett Morgan, Shawn A.

Attorney

Plaintiff

State of Nevada

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Ms. Diefenbach advised parties stipulated to continue this matter. COURT SO ORDERED.

CUSTODY

8/9/12 8:30 AM DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 12 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

August 14, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

August 14, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY:

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER:

Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Botelho, Agnes M. Grimes, Bennett Hojjat, Nadia Imlay, Darin F. Morgan, Shawn A. Public Defender State of Nevada

Attorney

Defendant Attorney Attorney. Attorney

Attorney Plaintiff

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- CONFERENCE AT BENCH. Based on representations made by counsel at the Bench, COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED for determination to be made to the Court as to whether or not the defense is seeking to have the alleged weapon tested. FURTHER, trial date VACATED AND RESET on the next criminal stack, due to Mr. Hillman being assigned to this case, and currently out of the office.

CUSTODY

8/23/12 8:30 A.M. DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS OR FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE

10/02/12 8:30 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

10/09/12 1:30 P.M. TRIAL BY JURY

03/20/2013 PRINT DATE:

Page 13 of 35

Minutes Date:

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 14 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

August 23, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

August 23, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY:

Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER:

Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Diefenbach, Lauren R

Grimes, Bennett Morgan, Shawn A. Public Defender

State of Nevada

Attorney

Defendant Attorney

Attorney Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Ms. Diefenbach advised this case is assigned to Ms. Hojjat, who is seeking to be present to handle these proceedings, and requested a continuance. Additionally, Mr. Hillman is currently out of the office. Statements by Deft. Colloquy. Mr. Morgan advised State is seeking to discuss the issues with opposing counsel, and also requested a continuance. COURT SO ORDERED.

CUSTODY

9/13/128:30 A.M. DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS FOR FAILURE TO GATHER EVIDENCE

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 15 of 35.

Minutes Date:

September 13, 2012 **COURT MINUTES** Felony/Gross Misdemeanor State of Nevada C-11-276163-1 Bennett Grimes

September 13, 2012

8:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT:

Attorney Botelho, Agnes M. Defendant Grimes, Bennett Attorney Hillman, Ralph R. Attorney Hojjat, Nadia Attorney Morgan, Shawn A. Attorney Public Defender Plaintiff State of Nevada

IOURNAL ENTRIES

- Ms. Hojjat argued regarding visible blood on the weapon in question, being a knife. Upon Court's inquiry, counsel advised defense is not seeking to test the weapon. Arguments by counsel as to burden shifting, fingerprints on the weapon, and the State having had the obligation to test the knife. Ms. Hojjat argued defense was seeking what the test results would have been, if the weapon was tested one year ago. Further arguments. Thereafter, Ms. Hojjat requested a jury instruction be given. Court advised counsel this issue can be presented at time of trial; and stated there is no rule indicating that State is required to test every single piece of evidence. Ms. Hojjat advised defense believes the fingerprints on the knife belong to the victim. Ms. Botelho argued in opposition to the motion, and noted the State has no obligation to test every single piece of evidence, as this is basically an assumption that the defense believes this knife needed to be tested by the State. Additionally, if the defense wanted to test the weapon, they could have done so. Further arguments by counsel regarding Brady evidence State has obligation to collect. COURT ORDERED, Motion DENIED. State to prepare the order. Ms. Hojjat requested to make a record on this issue for preservation; and

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 16 of 35

Minutes Date:

Felony/Gross Misdemeanor

COURT MINUTES

October 10, 2012

C-11-276163-1

State of Nevada

Bennett Grimes

October 10, 2012

10:30 AM

Motion in Limine

HEARD BY: Leavitt, Michelle

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 14D

COURT CLERK: Susan Jovanovich

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

PRINT DATE:

03/20/2013

Page 20 of 35

Minutes Date:

1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA		
2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3	BENNETT GRIMES,)	No. 67598	
4	Appellant,		
5) vi.)		
6	THE STATE OF NEWADA		
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
8	Respondent.)		
9	APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME I PAGES 001-249		
10	PHILIP J. KOHN	GTEVE MOI EGONI	
11	Clark County Public Defender 309 South Third Street	STEVE WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney 200 Lewis Avenue, 3 rd Floor	
12 13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2610	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155	
14	Attorney for Appellant	ADAM LAXALT Attorney General	
15		Attorney General 100 North Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 (702) 687-3538	
16		Counsel for Respondent	
17		<u>re of service</u>	
18	/	ment was filed electronically with the Nevada , 2015. Electronic Service of the	
19	· - ,	dance with the Master Service List as follows:	
20	ADAM LAXALT	HOWARD S. BROOKS	
21 22	STEVEN S. OWENS	DEBORAH L WESTBROOK copy of this document by mailing a true and	
23	correct copy thereof, postage pre-paid, addressed to:		
24	BENNETT GRIMES		
25	NDOC # 1098810 c/o HIGH DESERT STATE P	PRISON	
26	P.O. Box 650	RIBON	
27	Indian Springs, NV 89070		
28	BYEmployee, Clark County Public Defender's Office		
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