1	any video showing the defendant entering Wal-Mart?
2	A I did look. Unfortunately, the files delete after 60
3	days.
4	Q And so did you find one?
5	A No. There was no video.
6	Q Did you look within 60 days from June 9th?
7	A I do not recall.
8	MR. BOGALE: No further questions.
9	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter.
10	
11	CROSS-EXAMINATION
12	BY THE DEFENDANT:
13	Q You testified that you burned these videos?
14	A This specific video.
15	Q It wasn't Ms. Young who burned them?
16	A That one, no.
17	Q All these These are all burned together?
18	A I am testifying to this one.
19	Q I don't even know how to put this. This is not the
20	video that is in my discovery?
21	THE COURT: I don't believe so. The one you gave the
22	clerk for safe keeping is marked A and B.
23	THE CLERK: That is correct.
24	THE COURT: So he's now showing you C. Do you want
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him to look at A and B? Do you want to ask him questions about A and B?

> THE DEFENDANT: No.

THE COURT: Okay.

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THE DEFENDANT: I thought the hearing, this was about the discovery about what I was entitled to and whether that video was altered.

Mr. Schachter, it really doesn't matter if it was altered. If the State were able to produce the documents that you thought were exculpatory, then it may give you a different remedy if you continue going to trial in two weeks, but maybe it still would be admissible. You made a motion of the fact that they had no video provided to you in the discovery that showed you walking into Wal-Mart, and you said that was exculpatory evidence because you had the backpack on when you walked in. So there are many motions You have discovery issues which you are claiming they aren't giving you, is it fair and accurate, whatever they did But you are also claiming that they did not burn the proper CDs.

> THE DEFENDANT: Exactly.

THE COURT: Right?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: So the State has said what they burned.

They have got a witness here. You can ask him why he burned 1 it, didn't burn it, do whatever you want with it. You can 2 3 have him look at A and B if you want, because you have lodged 4 those with the Court. 5 BY THE DEFENDANT: 6 Thank you. So, again, there is no video of me 7 available right now walking into the store? 8 Α Correct. 9 What was the deadline for you to be able to retrieve 10 that video? 11 Whatever 60 days would have been. 12 Q Is that the procedure -- How did you decide which 13 snippets to burn? 14 I burned anything showing you throughout the store 15 selecting items. 16 But nothing prior to 11:30 or 11:27 that was on that 17 video, the first video, right? If that is the time, yes. And did you-- That is all the video you could find 0 of me in the store, is that what you are saying? Α Yes. 0 So it is the policy not to get all, I am sorry, all the entrance videos, right?

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I am sorry? Repeat that.

1	Q All the entrances and exists are on video
2	surveillance?
3	A Yes, they are.
4	Q Is it the policy not to record when you have a
5	suspected shoplifter, not to record him or her coming into the
6	store?
7	A There is no policy.
8	Q It was just your decision not to keep that video, is
9	that right, not to burn that video along with the rest of the
10	videos?
11	A Yes. I did not see the relevance.
12	Q There is no other video that you know of of me in
13	the store on that date?
14	A There could be, but I wouldn't see the relevance of
15	recording just you walking down an aisle.
16	Q But in front of the video, does it show me without
17	the backpack?
18	A Okay.
19	Q But you said in your statement that you started
20	surveillance at 11:40 but the video, the earliest video in
21	there is 11:30, and I have the backpack in the shopping cart?
22	A Okay.
23	Q So there is no video prior to 11:30 or any video
24	that you brought with you today or have available that does

1	not show me with the backpack, correct?
2	A Correct.
3	THE DEFENDANT: That's all.
4	THE COURT: That's the end of your questioning?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Counsel.
7	MR. BOGALE: Just a couple more questions, Your
8	Honor.
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11	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. BOGLE:
13	Q Did you see the defendant in Wal-Mart without a
14	backpack?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And then did you see him select a backpack?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Is it the same backpack he was holding when you
19	confronted him outside the store after he walked out without
20	paying for it?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Did you view the video of Mr. Schachter coming into
23	Wal-Mart?
24	A I did not.

1	Q O	kay. You don't know if there is one, correct?
2	A T	hat is correct.
3	Т	THE DEFENDANT: He just, excuse me, testified there
4	was video.	
5	Т	HE COURT: Not a time to object.
6	М	R. BOGALE: No further questions. Thank you.
7	T	HE COURT: Now did you have something?
8	T	HE DEFENDANT: He just testified excuse me.
9		
10		RECROSS EXAMINATION
11	BY THE DEFE	NDANT:
12	Q Yo	ou testified all the entrances and exits are video
13	taped?	
14	A Co	orrect.
15	Q So	o at one point, there was video of me walking in
16	the store, o	correct?
17	A As	ssuming you used an entrance or exit, yes.
18	Q Is	s there some other way to get in?
19	A Yo	ou could have jumped a fence in the garden center,
20	sure.	
21	TE	HE COURT: Is there anything further from the
22	State?	
23	MR	R. BOGALE: Nothing further for this witness right
24	now.	

1	THE COURT: You may step down.
2	(Witness excused.)
3	MR. BOGALE: The State calls Nick Reed.
4	THE COURT: Counsel, you may proceed.
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6	NICK REED
7	called as a witness, having been first duly sworn,
8	took the witness stand and testified as follows:
9	
10	DIRECT EXAMINATION
11	BY MR. BOGALE:
12	Q Good morning. Please state your name and spell your
13	last?
14	A Nick Reed, R-E-E-D.
15	Q Nick, what is your occupation?
16	A I am a police officer with the Reno Police
17	Department.
18	Q How long have you been there?
19	A About ten years.
20	Q Are you on a special assignment?
21	A I am assigned to detectives.
22	Q Are you part of the Repeat Offender Program?
23	A Yes, sir.
24	Q What is that?

1 Α That is basically the career criminal unit. 2 Q Okay. Does that mean you track career criminals? 3 Α Yes, sir, we do. 4 What sort of tracking do you do? 5 It could vary from surveillance to checking certain Α programs that we have that show for instance like a pawn 6 7 tracking program. We might track somebody through pawns if they are pawning a lot of items or coming up with stolen 8 9 property, something like that. 10 You track their whereabouts and behavior? 11 A Basically, yes. 12 Q Are you assigned a certain amount of targets, 13 essentially? 14 Α Yes. 15 Q Is Mark Schachter one of your targets? 16 A Currently, yes. 17 Let me bring you back to a few months ago, June of 18 this year. 19 Α Yes, sir. 20 0 Were you involved in an investigation of an 21 individual named Mark Schachter? 22 Α Yes, sir. 23 What did that investigation entail? Q

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Α

Mr. Schachter had been arrested June 9th, and on

1 June 10th I received an in-custody report from Washoe County 2 Jail indicating he had been arrested. I read through the report, the initial report and conducted a little bit of 3 4 follow up. In that follow up, I collected a surveillance 5 video, and I spoke to asset protection officer named Anna Young both over the phone and in person. I watched the video 6 at Wal-Mart. I completed a report based on what I had seen in 7 8 the video, what I had read in Mr. Alex Monroy's statement and a little bit of about what Anna, Ms. Young, had told me, and I 9 10 later booked the video. 11 You booked video into evidence? 12 Α Yes, sir, I did. 13 I am going to show you what has been marked 14 and admitted as Exhibit C, okay? And just tell me if you recognize these files, how you recognize them and if they 15 comport with the original video that you booked, okay? 16 17 THE COURT: Wait a minute, is this the video he 18

booked or a different video?

It is the State's position it is just a MR. BOGALE: copy of the same video.

THE COURT: Where is the video he booked?

THE WITNESS: Right here, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let's mark that.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

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1	MR. BOGALE: Thank you.
2	BY MR. BOGALE:
3	Q Could you open this for me, please?
4	THE COURT: Let the record reflect the envelope is
5	being opened by the witness.
6	THE WITNESS: Your Honor, I just want to indicate it
7	is a Reno Police Department envelope. It has my name and
8	badge number on the front, the date of June 10th. Chain of
9	custody. Case number on the back. It is sealed. My name,
10	Reed, my badge number 9473, case number 14-10834.
11	THE COURT: Is that in the same condition as you put
12	it into evidence?
13	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
14	THE COURT: Did you retrieve it today?
15	THE WITNESS: I retrieved it last night.
16	THE COURT: From evidence?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
18	THE COURT: Then you can open it. The clerk is
19	going to mark the envelope as well as the CD.
20	THE CLERK: The envelope is marked 1. The CD,
21	itself, will be marked 1-a.
22	(Exhibit 1 and 1-a marked for identification.)
23	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, pursuant to Mr. Reed's
24	explanation of how he booked this into evidence, where he got

1	it from, the chain of custody, his name, badge number and case
2	number, I move to admit this in evidence.
3	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter. Any objection?
4	MR. LESLIE: Court's indulgence, Your Honor.
5	THE DEFENDANT: For the purpose of this hearing
6	only.
7	THE COURT: No objection?
8	THE DEFENDANT: No objection.
9	THE COURT: Exhibit 1 and 1-a are admitted.
10	(Exhibits 1 and 1-a admitted in evidence.)
11	MR. BOGALE: May I publish the disk, Your Honor?
12	THE COURT: You may.
13	MR. BOGALE: Thank you.
14	THE COURT: Do you want to return C to the clerk?
15	MR. BOGALE: Sure.
16	BY MR. BOGALE:
17	Q Next I am going to show you what has been marked and
18	admitted as Exhibit 1-a.
19	A Okay.
20	Q Now let me show you a couple of videos. This one is
21	called Stanley GC. Is this a fair and accurate representation
22	of what you burned?
23	A You know, I don't recall. I never watched any of
24	these other files. I remember watching Mr. Schachter,

specifically, and it was, my focus was more on the end of the surveillance that loss prevention did with Mr. Schachter in the alleged robbery at the time. That is where I kind of focused my attention, so I don't remember the file that you showed me.

THE COURT: Just play it for the Court.

MR. BOGALE: You want me to play the last one again?

THE COURT: No. Do you have the printout of what you are playing? Have you done that?

> MR. BOGALE: The printout? I am sorry.

THE COURT: Have you printed a screen shot from that so you know which file you are supposed to be looking at? issue here is whether or not you, the D.A.'s office, or the Police Department really burned a fair and accurate copy for the defendant. It is a discovery motion as well as his motion for exculpatory evidence. So in order to compare C which you brought in with the loss prevention officer and this exhibit, it would be helpful if we knew you had a list of the files that you were going to show instead of saying, well, I am going to jump here, I am going to look at this.

> MR. BOGALE: Well, I can do that.

THE COURT: Do you have a list?

MR. BOGALE: I don't have a list, but I can make up

a list.

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1	THE COURT: Maybe you should talk to your
2	investigator.
3	MR. BOGALE: Do you want to do that now?
4	THE COURT: You can ask her now.
5	MR. BOGALE: After speaking with our investigator, I
6	do have a screen shot of the file that we received from RPD.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Did you want to mark that?
8	THE CLERK: Exhibit 1-b marked, "b" as in boy.
9	(Exhibit 1-b marked for identification.)
10	THE COURT: For purposes of today's hearing as it is
11	a pretrial hearing. Where did you get 1-b?
12	MR. BOGALE: From my investigator, Michelle Bays.
13	THE COURT: It was prepared in the course of your
14	preparation for trial?
15	MR. BOGALE: Yes.
16	THE COURT: Have you disclosed that or is that part
17	of your work product?
18	MR. BOGALE: I have not disclosed that, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: You considered it part of your work
20	product?
21	MR. BOGALE: That's what I figured.
22	THE COURT: But you think it might assist the Court
23	in understanding the exhibits. You can go ahead and show the
24	defendant the document.

MR. BOGALE: I think it will definitely help the 1 2 Court understand the exhibits. 3 THE DEFENDANT: This is for the one that the officer 4 just --5 THE COURT: Yes, it is. That is my understanding. 6 THE DEFENDANT: Is that what it is? Is this a 7 screen shot? 8 THE COURT: This doesn't have to be on the record. 9 You can talk just like you would a lawyer. 10 MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, I think the colloquy should 11 be on the record, because Mr. Schachter is facing habitual. 12 am sorry. 13 THE COURT: I didn't know how involved it was going 14 to be. 15 MR. LESLIE: If it was -- I mean those colloquies 16 occur where we say Court's indulgence and whisper at each 17 other, but it sounds like information that probably should be 18 recorded. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Schachter, you are concerned Okay. 20 about the document. What is your question? 21 THE DEFENDANT: Well, the date modified is 22 everything from six to just a couple of weeks ago to August. From June to August. I don't know how it could be from that 23

I don't know which video it is from, the date modified.

24

date.

1 Why don't we hold off on it then. 2 ahead and take it back, Mr. Bogale. Hold on to it. have to have a witness to testify to whatever it is. 3 4 MR. BOGALE: I think Ms. Bays would be the right 5 person to testify to it. 6 THE COURT: Okay. BY MR. BOGALE: 8 So this disk that I just played a file from, 0 9 you booked into evidence and never gave it to anybody else. It stayed in evidence; is that correct? 10 11 Α That's correct. 12 0 If it had been moved, it would have been marked on 13 the chain of custody; is that correct? 14 Ά That's correct. 15 Q And on this chain of custody --16 MR. BOGALE: May I approach the witness? 17 THE COURT: You may. 18 BY MR. BOGALE: 19 Showing you what is marked Exhibit 1, what does the Q 20 chain of custody say? 21 Α So when I booked this in, I put it into a locker 22 identified as 827. So the evidence people show they removed it from 827 and put it into evidence, EVD dated 6-12 of '14 23 24 and then I put on yesterday that I removed it from evidence,

from the evidence clerk, my name and badge number and the date 1 2 which was 6-10-14. 3 Thank you. MR. BOGALE: I have no further questions, Your Honor. 4 5 THE COURT: Mr. Schachter, do you have any 6 questions? 7 THE DEFENDANT: I don't. I am sorry. 8 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 BY THE DEFENDANT: 11 Q How does that evidence get shared with the 12 prosecutor? 13 THE COURT: Would you return the evidence to the clerk, please? Make sure it all gets put back together. 14 15 MR. BOGALE: I understand. 16 THE WITNESS: I will answer you in a second. So what 17 I have done, which is common for a detective in my unit, I 18 created two packets. A packet has the evidence disk in it, the reports, the, you know, the paperwork. And in this case, 19 the surveillance disk. So I created a packet for the defense, 20

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things along.

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and I created a packet for the D.A.'s office, and that is only

to expedite discovery, because often times a guy in your

position will want to go to trial, so it is just to help

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So to answer your question, he got the disk from me.

I burned it or I had Wal-Mart burn it, I don't really
remember, but I created two packets, one for the defense and
one for the D.A.'s office.

BY THE DEFENDANT:

- Q Prior to lodging it into evidence, correct?
- A Yeah, correct.
- Q Do you know the date? Was that the same date that you logged it into, the 10th, on June 10th or sometime after?
- A It had to have been the same date, because I booked the original in on the 10th and the 10th is when I did my follow-up at Wal-Mart. It was the day after you were arrested.
- Q So you don't know how the 6-14 date that is on the other copy is on there, right?
 - A I don't even know what you are talking about.
 - Q I am sorry.
- THE COURT: Did you want Exhibit A or B shown to the witness?
- THE DEFENDANT: That is helpful. I am trying to do it as quickly as possible.
- THE CLERK: Which one would you like first? I am handing the bailiff Exhibit A.
 - THE DEFENDANT: Either one of them.
 - THE COURT: Is there anything on the outside of that

1	envelope?
2	THE DEPUTY: Not on the outside of the envelope.
3	They are marked on the disk, disk 1-DA 14-1219 Schachter,
4	marked 7-24 of '14. The initials of KB.
5	THE COURT: Would you hand that to the witness?
6	We'll just do that first.
7	THE COURT: Is that the condition that you produced
8	a copy of the disk for the defendant?
9	THE WITNESS: I didn't write that down. But I mean
10	the disk, it looks I mean they all kind of look the same.
11	It looks similar to what we would use.
12	THE COURT: When you prepare a packet for the
13	defense, do you write on the disk?
14	THE WITNESS: Not always, but I have. Usually it is
15	in a black sharpie. It has the case number and defendant's
16	name on it.
17	THE COURT: Would you write on the sleeve?
18	THE WITNESS: I have done both.
19	THE COURT: Would you leave it completely blank?
20	THE WITNESS: I have done that as well.
21	THE COURT: Would the bailiff hand him Exhibit B.
22	Would you put that disk back in the sleeve?
23	THE WITNESS: Absolutely. Yes, ma'am.
24	THE COURT: Is there any writing on Exhibit B?

1 THE WITNESS: Should I pull it out? 2 writing. It is Disk 2, DA 14-12219 Schachter, Mark, 2-24-14. 3 THE COURT: Is that your writing? 4 THE WITNESS: No, ma'am. 5 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 6 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. 7 Now did you have some questions? THE COURT: 8 BY THE DEFENDANT: 9 On those two videos, all the videos say --0 10 THE COURT: The question is for him not me. 11 BY THE DEFENDANT: 12 Q On those two DVDs, all the videos say modified and 13 created on June 14th. Is there some explanation for that that 14 you know of? 15 Α No. 16 Because you only made copies on June 10th, right, Q 17 one for the D.A. and one for the defense? 18 Α Well, there was three copies. There was the 19 original, then there was two additional copies, but I don't remember, and I apologize, if I had Wal-Mart burn me three 20 total copies, or if I burned two additional copies. I'm not 21 22 computer, extremely computer savvy, so I tend to believe that I probably asked Wal-Mart to burn me three copies, because 23

that is where I watched this particular incident. So -- I'm

sorry. Could you repeat the question? I didn't burn anything after June 10th.

Q Okay. In your police report it just says the one disk was booked into evidence. Are you saying it is possible that more than one was booked into evidence? Wal-Mart might have given you additional DVDs or just the one?

THE COURT: That is not what he testified to.

BY THE DEFENDANT:

Q I am sorry. You only received one DVD from Wal-Mart, correct?

A Well, I can't say that I received just one, because I may have had three total copies of the same disk. But the two additional videos, whether Wal-Mart burned them or I burned them myself, I don't remember. They were specifically for the defense and the D.A. just to expedite the discovery process. So the one disk that was booked into evidence, that should depict the same as the other two discs.

- Q That would have been on June 10th, correct?
- A That it was booked?
- Q That it was burned?
- A Yes.
- Q And booked?
- A Yes, burned and booked both the same day.
 - Q Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: That's it.

THE COURT: Thank you. Questions?

MR. BOGALE: No further questions.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir, you may step down.

(Witness Excused.)

MR. BOGALE: I want to clarify where we are going here. I wasn't here September 30th. Matt Lee covered for me. I had the pleasure of reading the Court's minutes that were filed yesterday, and they explained what happened at that hearing. We are here, please correct me if I am wrong, to make sure Mr. Schachter has all the video evidence and discovery that the State has; is that correct?

THE COURT: That's partially correct. There is also, if you read his motion, there is a motion to dismiss the charges because exculpatory evidence was destroyed. His allegation was he entered the Wal-Mart with the backpack that he is charged with stealing, and that the exculpatory evidence was on a video not produced by the State.

He's also objected to the content of video discovery stating that the video discovery that was provided to him was not complete, an accurate copy of whatever was produced and booked into evidence. So your job today was to confirm what was booked into evidence, confirm whether there was any video exculpatory evidence available, perhaps have the witness

testify it is not available and refute the exculpatory evidence Mr. Schachter is claiming you destroyed or someone who works for you destroyed.

He's also alleging the videos he's been given are not a fair and accurate depiction of what was marked into evidence or booked into evidence, so he's been alleging that. So you have got now what was booked into evidence, but you still haven't been able to compare. And then the one you did play was something that was burned by the witness not having anything to do, I don't think, with the discovery that was provided to Mr. Schachter.

So he has his Motion to Dismiss on substantive grounds and Motion to Dismiss for failure to provide discovery.

MR. BOGALE: Well, I never had a chance to view the discovery that he has. Evidently he booked that into evidence as A and B.

THE COURT: Who did view the discovery before it was provided to Mr. Schachter?

MR. BOGALE: I viewed it, but the disks he has, the physical disks he has he's claiming are different or aren't exactly what we provided him, so I would like to view those.

THE COURT: That would be fine.

MR. BOGLE: To see what the discrepancy is.

1	THE COURT: At the last hearing, Mr. Schachter left
2	those disks with safekeeping in the clerk. They were marked.
3	They have been in the clerk's control ever since. If you
4	would like to take a short recess and review them.
5	MR. BOGALE: Yes, I do.
6	THE COURT: Any objection?
7	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: As long as you do it with Mr. Schachter
9	and the clerk present. We'll be in a short recess.
10	(Short recess taken.)
11	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. Counsel?
12	MR. BOGALE: Thank you, Your Honor. Before we go
13	ahead, I would like to call Michelle Bays as a witness,
14	please, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
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17	MICHELLE BAYS
18	Called as a witness, having been first duly sworn,
19	took the witness stand and testified as follows:
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21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. BOGALE:
23	Q Good morning. Please state your name and spell your
24	last name for the court reporter?

1	A Michelle Bays, B-A-Y-S.
2	Q What is your current occupation?
3	A Supervising investigator with the Washoe County
4	District Attorney's Office.
5	Q Are you assigned as the investigator to a case
6	involving Mark Schachter?
7	A I am.
8	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach the clerk?
9	THE COURT: You may.
10	MR. BOGALE: May I approach the witness?
11	THE COURT: Yes, you may.
12	BY MR. BOGALE:
13	Q I am showing you what has been marked as Exhibit
. 14	1-b. Take a moment to review that and let me know when you
15	are done?
16	A Okay.
17	Q Do you recognize that document?
18	A I do.
19	Q What is it?
20	A It is a screen shot of a disk that was or that is
21	currently in our case file for the Schachter case.
22	Q Did you print that screen shot out?
23	A I did.
24	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, I move to admit Exhibit 1-b.

1	THE DEFENDANT: For the purpose of this hearing
2	only, I agree.
3	THE COURT: Exhibit 1-b is admitted.
4	(Exhibit 1-b admitted in evidence.)
5	MR. BOGALE: Thank you. Let me take that back from
6	you.
7	. MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach the clerk?
8	THE COURT: Yes.
9	MR. BOGALE: Thank you. May I have this marked?
10	THE CLERK: Exhibit D marked.
11	MR. LESLIE: May we see it before it is proffered?
12	(Exhibit D marked for identification.)
13	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?
14	THE COURT: You may.
15	BY MR. BOGALE:
16	Q Showing you what has been marked Exhibit D, take a
17	look at that for a moment.
18	A Okay.
19	Q Do you recognize that?
20	A I do.
21	Q What is it?
22	A It is a screen shot of disk two of a disk or a file
23	in the Schachter case.
24	

1 Α I did. 2 MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, I move to admit Exhibit D. 3 THE COURT: Counsel, should it be marked -- Is it 4 the same as this? 5 MR. BOGALE: That's a little different, because the disks have the exact same files on them, but the date modified 6 7 is a couple minutes off. 8 THE COURT: If I look at this, would I look at this and the document you handed the witness at the same time? 9 10 Would I be comparing those two? 11 MR. BOGALE: You would be comparing this with a 12 disk. 13 THE COURT: This meaning 1-b? 14 MR. BOGALE: This meaning 1-b, and you would be comparing that with a disk already in evidence as well to make 15 16 sure they comport. 17 THE COURT: Okay. What I would like is this document 18 that has been marked D should be marked as a subset of the disk it goes with. You can have the witness help us with that. 19 20 BY MR. BOGALE: 21 Q Sure. What disk is that? 22 Α This would be disk two. 23 Q Okay. 24 The only disk two that is currently THE CLERK:

1	marked in evidence is marked as Exhibit B as in boy so D will
2	be converted to B-1.
. 3	THE COURT: Do you move its admission?
4	MR. BOGALE: Yes, I do, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter?
6	THE DEFENDANT: Again for the purpose of this
7	hearing.
8	THE COURT: Exhibit B-1 is admitted.
9	(Exhibit B-1 marked and admitted in evidence.)
10	MR. BOGALE: Can I take that back so she can remark
11	it?
12	THE CLERK: Thank you.
13	BY MR. BOGALE:
14	Q Okay. I am going to do some comparing and
15	contrasting here. Let me give you what is marked Exhibit 1-b
16	and Exhibit B-1. Exhibit 1-b is disk one. Exhibit B-1 is
17	disk two, okay?
18	A Okay.
19	Q So first look at Exhibit 1-b?
20	THE COURT: I am sorry. I don't understand. You
21	say Exhibit 1 is disk one?
22	MR. BOGALE: Disk A.
23	THE COURT: I don't think that is what you said.
24	Ma'am, would you look at 1-b?

1 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. 2 THE COURT: Which disk does that go with? 3 THE WITNESS: It goes with disk one. 4 THE COURT: We don't have a disk one. We have a 5 disk A and B which says it is disk one. We marked it as A, and B says it is disk two, and we marked it as B. 6 Those were 7 both provided to us by Mr. Schachter. We also have a disk marked as Exhibit 1 which was the exhibit that was marked by 8 9 the officer. What does 1-b go with? 10 THE WITNESS: Well 1-b I created today, took a 11 screen shot of disk one, what we call disk one in our system 12 which had previously been discovered, it is my understanding, 13 today. 14 THE COURT: You took a screen shot of something you 15 have in digital form in your office? 16 THE WITNESS: Yes, I did. 17 THE COURT: It is not here at all, not physically 18 here at all? 19 THE WITNESS: No, ma'am. 20 THE CLERK: We do have an issue because I have C which was marked today at this hearing that has disk 1 on it. 21 22 Disk B he currently or somebody currently has, what is it 23 labeled?

Disk A and B.

MR. BOGALE:

THE CLERK: Okay. Come here. Disk A that was marked from the Defendant's property also says disk 1. So I know where I got them and how I got them. I am just letting you know talking in disk 1 and disk 2 is not working.

THE COURT: We have A and B that were provided to us from Mr. Schachter and they say on the disk, disk 1 and disk 2.

THE CLERK: Correct.

THE COURT: We have Exhibit C that was marked today with Mr. Monroy, and it says on it Exhibit 1, but we do not have anything from Mr. Monroy that says disk 2. And now the witness is saying she has a screen shot marked 1-b and it relates to a digital file that she has in her office, correct?

MR. BOGALE: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BOGALE: So what I was about to do is compare the screen shot that Ms. Bays took from our file and that screen shot has files on it, I am going to compare it to the files on Exhibit A which is disk 1 which comports with 1-b which says disk 1 on it. I want to show the Court it is a screen shot.

THE COURT: Does it matter? Does it matter what you have in your office? Mr. Schachter's objection is he wasn't given what the officer had. His objection has been he's been

given a modified version of what the officer had. So I mean think you are missing the point here about what you need to

MR. BOGALE: Okay. In that case, if you don't want me to do that.

THE COURT: I am not saying that. I would be more than glad to let you do it, do whatever you want. We are going to go to lunch first. It is noon. If that is the way you want to prove it up, great. I don't think it is what the motion is about. But I can't say -- I am not sure where you are going with it.

MR. BOGALE: Can I answer your point?

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. BOGALE: Please, Your Honor. If your point is for me to prove up that Mr. Schachter didn't have, or to prove Mr. Schachter actually had the files Mr. Reed brought today, I can do that right now, because the same files Mr. Reed brought are included on disk A and disk B Mr. Schachter provided to the Court. In fact, Your Honor, during the break, Mr. Schachter and I agreed to that, he had the exact same files that Mr. Reed brought today in addition to three additional files. So there is a little discrepancy, but he got more than what Mr. Reed brought today.

THE COURT: Three additional video files?

produce.

MR. BOGALE: Just files on the CD. What

Mr. Schachter has, always had, is eight video files that is

reflected on disks A and B. Those are duplicates of each

other, A and B. Those are duplicates. They have eight video

files on them. What Mr. Reed brought today has five video

files on them. All five of those video files are contained on

disks A and B.

THE COURT: Where did the other three come from?

MR. BOGALE: The other three came from Mr. Monroy
who burned them, so he burned those files as we heard him this
morning say. I went through all eight files with him and he
said that's a fair and accurate depiction of what he burned.

THE COURT: The officer -- Are you going to put on some evidence about how you ended up with three files that the officer didn't take? I mean the officer said this is what I got and you are saying that is five files, now all of a sudden you have three more but you have no evidence as to which law-enforcement officer went and collected those three files to give them to you so that you could give them to the defendant.

MR. BOGALE: I have Mr. Monroy here who burned the files himself and gave them directly to the D.A.'s office.

THE COURT: I didn't hear any testimony like that.

MR. BOGALE: I can recall him.

1	THE COURT: Do you think you had him testify to
2	that?
3	MR. BOGALE: No. No, he did not.
4	THE COURT: Okay. So
5	MR. BOGALE: But he's still here, and I can have him
6	testify to that.
7	THE COURT: Okay. Whatever you want to do, but do
8	you need anymore from this witness right now, from Ms. Bays?
9	MR. BOGALE: Not right now.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, ma'am.
11	(Witness excused.)
12	THE COURT: We have to figure out when we can do
13	this. I don't know what the schedule is.
14	Let's come back at 1:00 and get the witness
15	testimony done, then we can figure out when else we can do
16	something, okay? We should be able to get through the
17	witnesses.
18	MR. BOGALE: I think so, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: We will be in the lunch recess.
20	(Whereupon the Court adjourned for the lunch recess.)
21	THE COURT: Go ahead and call your witness.
22	MR. BOGALE: The State calls Michelle Bays.
23	MR. LESLIE: For what it is worth, I can actually go
24	later than 1:30.

1	THE COURT: I have two 1:30's. Ma'am, you are still
2	under oath. Please retake the stand. Welcome back, Ms. Bays.
3	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
4	BY MR BOGALE:
5	Q When we broke, we were discussing comparing screen
6	shots to disks and all that. Do you remember that?
7	A I do.
8	Q So I'm going to
9	MR. BOGALE: Actually, Your Honor, my I approach the
10	clerk?
11	THE COURT: Certainly.
12	THE CLERK: Exhibit D marked. That was "D" as in
13	dog.
14	(Exhibit D marked for identification.)
15	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?
16	THE COURT: Yes. Did you show Mr. Schachter?
17	MR. BOGALE: Yes.
18	BY MR. BOGALE:
19	Q Let me show you what has been marked Exhibit D.
20	Take a look at that and tell me if you recognize it?
21	A I do.
22	Q . What is that?
23	A It is a screen shot of a disk in the Schachter file
24	that is maintained by my office.

1	Q Okay. What do you understand that file Where did
2	that file come from?
3	A Are we talking about the disk, itself?
4	Q The actual disk you made the screen shot from, yes?
5	A Meaning it is maintained in our physical file for
6	the Schachter case, and my assumption is that it came from the
7	Reno Police Department in the course of them collecting
8	evidence in the case which is routine.
9	Q And did you print that screen shot, yourself?
10	A I did.
11	Q You printed it after you put in the physical disk?
12	A I did.
13	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, move to admit Exhibit D.
14	THE COURT: Do you have any objection?
15	THE DEFENDANT: On the assumption we don't know
16	where it came from.
17	THE COURT: Sustained.
18	BY MR. BOGALE:
19	Q You know where the disk is, correct?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Where is the disk?
22	A The actual physical disk is maintained in the case
23	file for the Schachter case in our office.
24	Q And you inserted that disk into a computer?

1	A Yes.
2	THE COURT: You are leading.
3	BY MR. BOGALE:
4	Q What did you do with that disk?
5	A I inserted the disk into the computer into the
6	screen shot of all the files contained in the disk.
7	Q Okay.
8	MR. BOGALE: Based on that, Your Honor, the State
9	moves to admit Exhibit D.
10	THE COURT: Where is the disk she's talking about?
11	MR. BOGALE: It is here.
12	THE COURT: Why don't you have her talk about that.
13	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?
14	THE COURT: Yes.
15	MR. BOGALE: It hasn't been marked or anything. I
16	just wanted to show her, see if it is the same disk she burned
17	or printed the screen shot from.
18	THE COURT: You probably should have it marked. Just
19	approach the clerk and she will have it marked for you.
20	THE CLERK: Exhibit E marked.
21	(Exhibit E marked for identification.)
22	BY MR. BOGALE:
23	Q Thank you. Showing you what has been marked as
24	Exhibit E, do you recognize that?

1	A I do.
2	Q What is it?
3	A It is the disk in which I took the screen shot of
4	the digital files.
5	Q And where was that disk?
6	A The disk was in our master file for the Schachter
7	case.
8	MR. BOGALE: I move to admit Exhibit D, the screen
9	shot.
10	THE COURT: Any objection?
11	THE DEFENDANT: That is a copy of the disk from
12	officer Reed that was in evidence that was taken out of the
13	evidence?
14	THE COURT: Are you asking a question of the
15	witness, of Mr. Bogale or me?
16	THE DEFENDANT: The witness.
17	THE COURT: You may ask the witness a question on
18	voir dire.
19	
20	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION
21	BY THE DEFENDANT:
22	Q That is a copy of the disk that officer Reed brought
23	to court today that was in evidence?
24	A I believe so, yes.

1 Q You believe so?

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I would have, to be 100 percent sure, I would have to compare the two, but as a routine, they make copies. police department makes a copy and forwards it to our office.

0 Who made--

THE DEFENDANT: I would object. There is no foundation where the copy came from.

> THE COURT: May I see Exhibit D?

MR. BOGALE: You may.

THE COURT: D as in dog.

THE WITNESS: Can I clarify, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

THE WITNESS: Earlier today during the recess, I apologize, I forgot, I was able to view the files that contained the copy detective Reed brought with him and they are the same as the digitals that are contained on this disk that we had in our file.

THE COURT: Okay. There is five video clips on Exhibit D and five the officer testified to on this exhibit disk that he brought, so I am going to go ahead and admit Exhibit D as it is. What it says it is.

(Exhibit D admitted in evidence.)

THE COURT: Exhibit E, no one has asked for it to be admitted yet.

1 MR. BOGALE: That's correct. I can take that back 2 from you, the disk. 3 THE COURT: It goes to the clerk once it is marked. THE CLERK: Are you going to talk about D still? 4 5 BY MR. BOGALE: Actually I am going to give this to you. Ms. Bays. 6 I am just going to put the files on this disk, make sure they 7 8 comport with the printout? THE COURT: You are going to play Exhibit 1-b? 10 MR. BOGALE: Not going to play it, just pull up the files and have her look at the files on the disk. 11 12 THE COURT: Okay. 13 BY MR. BOGALE: 14 Ms. Bays, do you see there on the television 15 screen the video files on the disk admitted as Exhibit 1-b? 16 Α I do. 17 Can you just look and compare the video files with 18 the printout on Exhibit D and tell me if you find any 19 discrepancies? 20 Α Okay. 21 Expand the name of the file so you can see the 22 entire file. 23 Α Okay. Are the same files on the disk that are printed on 24 Q

1	that printout?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. I am going to show you now what is marked as
4	Exhibit A. I am going to have you do the same thing here and
5	tell me if the files on that printout are included on this
6	disk, okay?
7	A Okay.
8	Q Okay. Have you had a chance to compare them?
9	A I have.
10	Q Are the files on the printout contained on that
11	disk?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Are there additional files on that disk that are not
14	on the printout though?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Now I am going to show you what has been marked and
17	admitted as Exhibit B.
18	THE COURT: I don't think it was admitted.
19	MR. BOGALE: Wasn't it at the last hearing, Your
20	Honor? It is my understanding they were.
21	THE COURT: They were just marked.
22	THE CLERK: For safekeeping.
23	MR. BOGALE: I am sorry about that.
24	THE COURT: Did you want to move they be admitted?

1 MR. BOGALE: I assume there is no objection because 2 the defendant provided them. 3 THE DEFENDANT: It is okay. THE COURT: It is admitted. Do you want A and B? MR. BOGALE: Yes. 6 THE COURT: A and B are admitted. No objection. 7 (Exhibits A and B admitted in evidence.) 8 BY MR. BOGALE: 9 Showing you marked and admitted as Exhibit B, can you please again take a look at Exhibit D, the printout, and 10 11 see if those files on that are included on the disk marked as 12 Exhibit B. 13 Α Yes. 14 Q Okay. Again, there are three additional files on 15 Exhibit B that aren't on the printout in D; is that correct? 16 Α Correct. 17 Do you know if those are the same three files that 18 were additional on Exhibit A? 19 Α Yes, they are. 20 Thank you. So Exhibit A and Exhibit B appear to 21 contain the exact same files; is that right? 22 Α Yes. 23 Just to recap: The disk that has been admitted from 24 officer Reed contains the exact same files that are on that

1	printout on D, right?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And the files printed out on D are also contained on
4	Exhibits A and B, right?
5	A Yes.
6	MR. BOGALE: No further questions.
7	THE COURT: Any questions?
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9	CROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY THE DEFENDANT:
11	Q Can you tell by looking at either the screen shot or
12	the disks themselves if anything has been removed? Have any
13	files been deleted?
14	A From the screen shot?
15	Q Either the screen shot or the disks themselves? You
16	said you looked at the disks themselves?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Can you tell if any files have been deleted?
19	A By simply looking at the disk, no. Well, I can't.
20	THE DEFENDANT: That's all.
21	MR. BOGALE: No further questions.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. You can step down.
23	Counsel, do you have another witness?
24	MR. BOGALE: Court's indulgence for just a moment. At

1 this time, Your Honor, the State has no further witnesses.

THE COURT: Okay. Before lunch you said that you were going to put on the risk manager from Wal-Mart to say that he burned the new disks that had eight files on it and somehow that was given to the D.A.'s office. You told us you were going to call that witness. What happened?

MR. BOGALE: He's here, Your Honor. I thought my presentation here with Ms. Bays covered the fact that we are trying to undercover here which is the disk that officer Reed booked was allegedly never given to the defendant. We just I believe established that the files on Nick Reed's disk were contained on the file that the defendant, himself, already had.

THE COURT: Where did the other video clips come from?

MR. BOGALE: They came from --

THE COURT: You told me something, but you didn't have any testimony. When I asked you about it, you said this is what the Wal-Mart man would say, and I said, well, he didn't testify to that. You said I am going to put him on to testify to it. You told me that the disk he brought today had eight video clips on it.

MR. BOGALE: He didn't bring that today.

THE COURT: Well, you better call him. That is not

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Sir, you are still under oath. Please retake the stand. Thank you.

THE COURT:

what he testified to. I am not sure when he brought it, but that was the argument here, where are all these video clips coming from, when were they prepared, who had control of them. You know this issue here is either you and the State destroyed evidence according to Mr. Schachter, or perhaps you failed to collect evidence. But in the interim, you collected three more video clips from what the officer had to what you produced. So you haven't connected that up at all.

MR. BOGALE: We produced the three additional clips to Mr. Schachter.

THE COURT: You did? Where did you get them? You haven't connected where you got them, because the officer only produced to you, supposedly, based on his testimony, five That is what he said he got from Wal-Mart. video clips.

> MR. BOGALE: I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So you gave Mr. Schachter eight. told me verbally where you think the other three came from but haven't put any evidence on as to that.

> MR. BOGALE: I will recall Mr. Monroy.

That is what you had said you wanted to THE COURT: call him for.

> MR. BOGALE: I understand. Thank you.

1	ALEJANDRO MONROY
2	Called as a witness, having been previously sworn,
3	Took the witness stand and testified as follows:
4	
5	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. BOGALE:
7	Q Welcome back Mr. Monroy. Before you testified that
8	you had burned a disk of the video surveillance at Wal-Mart;
9	is that correct?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Okay. Where did you get those files to burn on that
12	disk?
13	A From the investigation on our computer.
14	Q Okay. Did you ever give them to the State? Did you
15	ever give them to the District Attorney's office?
16	A I did. I handed them to you on the date of the
17	Preliminary Hearing.
18	Q Was that July 1st? Does that sound about right?
19	A Yes.
20	Q So you handed me a disk that you burned on July 1st;
21	is that correct?
22	A I actually burned the disk back in June.
23	Q But you gave me that disk?
24	A Correct, yes.

1	Q The 1st of July. Is that Exhibit C that you have		
2	previously viewed?		
3	A Correct.		
4	Q Just, again, why did you select those eight files		
5	that are on that disk?		
6	A Just as shots of evidence of him being in the store.		
7	Q Okay. Did you ever offer to give them to the Police		
8	Department?		
9	A No.		
10	Q Why not?		
11	A I was unaware that they needed the file. I thought		
12	that was taken care of separately.		
13	THE COURT: I am sorry, I couldn't hear you.		
14	THE WITNESS: I thought that was taken care of		
15	separately with Anna.		
16	BY MR. BOGALE:		
17	Q You took it upon yourself to bring a copy to me,		
18	personally?		
19	A Yes.		
20	Q That was on July 1st?		
21	A Correct.		
22	MR. BOGALE: No further questions, Your Honor.		
23	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter.		
24	///		

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

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- Q The videos you burned and gave the State,
 Mr. Bogale, on the 1st, were those already selected by Ms.
 Young or did you burn new ones?
- A They are the ones that were already on the computer. They had already been selected.
- Q So there was nothing new. It should be the same as what was on the ones given to the detective by Ms. Young on the 10th?
- A I am completely unaware what was given to the detective on the 10th.
- Q You didn't burn any new. You didn't take any new video of the Wal-Mart security system that wasn't already taken by Ms. Young?
- MR. BOGALE: Objection, asked and answered, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: I think it was, but I will let the question stand.
 - THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 21 THE DEFENDANT: That's all, Your Honor.
 - THE COURT: In your direct this morning you said,
 maybe it was cross, you said that you did not select video of
 Mr. Schachter before he picked up the backpack because you did

1 not think that video was relevant. THE WITNESS: Correct. 3 THE COURT: Are you the person who selected the video initially or is Anna Young the person who selected the 4 5 video, initially? 6 THE WITNESS: It would be Anna. THE COURT: Why did it matter whether you thought it 8 was relevant? Did Anna collect the video of Mr. Schachter and 9 you picked out which things you thought were more relevant? 10 THE WITNESS: No. Basically, I just took what the 11 investigation -- looked at the video that was on the 12 investigation and burned that. 13 THE COURT: Who made the investigation? 14 THE WITNESS: Anna. 15 THE COURT: So why did you say you didn't do it? 16 THE WITNESS: Well, because I could have gone back and looked at more video and selected more to add to the 17 18 investigation but I didn't. 19 THE COURT: That is what you meant by not relevant? 20 THE WITNESS: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Do my questions cause any questions for 22 you, counsel? 23 MR. BOGALE: Just one question, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Go ahead.

1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION .
2	BY MR. BOGALE:
3	Q You could have added to the video files that you
4	gave to me; is that correct?
5	A At that time, yes, I could have.
6	Q Is that because Wal-Mart has 24 hour surveillance?
7	A Correct.
8	Q You can just pick and choose what you think is
9	relevant and what is not?
10	A Correct.
11	Q But you also personally observed the defendant in
12	Wal-Mart, right?
13	A Correct.
14	Q So, based on your personal observations and based on
15	your review of the files that Ms. Young had already picked,
16	you didn't think you didn't think there needed to be
17	anything else submitted, right?
18	A Correct.
19	MR. BOGALE: No further questions, Your Honor
20	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter.
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22	RECROSS EXAMINATION
23	BY THE DEFENDANT:
4	Q So you didn't think video tape of the defendant

1	without the backpack was relevant in this case?
2	A I did not, no.
3	THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.
4	THE COURT: Sir, you observed the video this morning
5	that you showed, I think we played it as Exhibit 3.
6	THE WITNESS: Yes.
7	THE CLERK: C.
8	THE COURT: C. Third one. Exhibit C. And when the
9	video was being shown, the different clips, you commented on
10	when you saw Mr. Schachter and then you testified that you saw
11	Mr. Schachter pick up the video or pick up the backpack?
12	THE WITNESS: Yes.
13	THE COURT: Did you miss it or did you not show it
14	or is it not on the video clip?
15	THE WITNESS: There is no video shot of that
16	specific area in the store.
17	THE COURT: There is no video of Mr. Schachter
18	actually picking the backpack up?
19	THE WITNESS: Correct.
20	THE COURT: The first shot you had was when the
21	backpack was in the shopping cart?
22	THE WITNESS: Correct.
23	THE COURT: Any other questions?
24	///

1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. BOGALE:
3	Q There is no video of him picking up the backpack,
4	because there is actually no video footage of that?
5	A There is no camera in the area.
6	Q It just isn't video you didn't just not select?
7	A Correct.
8	•
9	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
10	BY THE DEFENDANT:
11	Q So there is no video that you reviewed without me
12	and the backpack together?
13	A Correct.
14	THE COURT: Anything else?
15	THE DEFENDANT: One more question.
16	BY THE DEFENDANT:
17	Q How many video cameras in the Wal-Mart?
18	A Seventy or so.
19	THE DEFENDANT: Okay. That's it.
20	THE COURT: Before we excuse this witness, there is
21	also a motion with regard to the pictures and the physical
22	evidence. Do you need any testimony from this witness in that
23	regard?
24	MR. BOGALE: Yes Your Honor

1 THE COURT: I have got people here for my 1:30. 2 MR. BOGALE: I understand. 3 THE COURT: So we can put it off, but I didn't know 4 if you were ready. MR. BOGALE: I am ready to, but it might take longer 6 than you have. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Now, Mr. Leslie, you have to be 8 gone by 2:00 or 2:30? 9 MR. LESLIE: I should leave by about 2:00 is my 10 I have to be in the south end by 2:30. 11 THE COURT: Well we can keep Mr. Schachter here 12 until 1:45 and see if we are finished with my 1:30's by then 13 or ten to 2:00. That would give us about 20 minutes with this 14 witness. 15 MR. LESLIE: I am at your disposal until about 2:10. 16 THE COURT: I think we should try to continue to get 17 as much as we can get done while we have Mr. Schachter, and 18 the witness is already gone from wherever he wanted to be. 19 He's here with us. In your case, we'll take a short recess 20 and proceed with the other cases. 21 MR. BOGALE: Okay. Thank you Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: You are welcome. You can probably just 23 move things to the edge of the table.

(Short recess taken from this matter.)

THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. Okay.
MR. BOGALE: State recalls Mr. Monroy.
THE COURT: Mr. Monroy, you are still under oath.
Please retake the stand.
THE COURT: Go ahead.
ALEJANDRO MONROY
Called as a witness, having been previously sworn,
took the witness stand and testified as follows:
REDIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR. BOGALE:
Q Welcome back?
A Hello.
MR. BOGALE: May I approach the clerk?
THE COURT: You may.
THE CLERK: Exhibit F marked.
(Exhibit F marked for identification.)
MR. BOGALE: May I approach the witness?
THE COURT: You may.
BY MR. BOGALE:
Q Mr. Monroy, I am approaching you with what has been
marked as Exhibit F in this case. Do you recognize that?
A Yes, I do.

1	Q	What is it?
2	A	Those are the items recovered from Mr. Schachter.
3	Q	Recovered meaning the items
4	A	He attempted to steal, yes.
5	Q	When you had your confrontation with Mr. Schachter,
6	where wer	re these items?
7	A	They were on his person.
8	Q	Were they in a backpack or in his hand?
9	A	The backpack was over his shoulder.
10	Q	And those items were in the backpack?
11	A	Correct.
12	Q	Do you know where that photo was taken?
13	A	That was taken in our security office.
14	Q	Were you present when that photo was taken?
15	A	Yes, I was.
16	Q	Did you take the photograph?
17	A	I did.
18		MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, I move to admit Exhibit F.
19		THE COURT: Any objection?
20		THE DEFENDANT: What time was the picture taken?
21		MR. BOGALE: Objection, relevance. He said he was
22	present w	hen the photo was taken.
23		THE COURT: I will allow some voir dire.
24		THE WITNESS: Approximately 1:00 o'clock.

1	THE COURT: Anything else?
2	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Exhibit F is admitted. Counsel will you
4	return that exhibit to the Clerk?
5	(Exhibit F admitted in evidence.)
6	MR. BOGALE: Yes. I will take that back from you.
7	BY MR. BOGALE:
8	Q One more clarifying question. From what we talked
9	about earlier today as to the videos, did you ever modify,
10	delete, destroy any video files in this case?
11	A No, I did not.
12	Q You didn't destroy any files in this case?
13	MR. LESLIE: Asked and answered.
14	THE WITNESS: I did not.
15	MR. BOGALE: No further questions.
16	THE COURT: Is standby counsel getting anxious?
17	MR. LESLIE: After three hours, standby counsel
18	feels the need to intervene.
19	THE COURT: Mr. Schachter, do you still want to
20	represent yourself or Mr. Leslie?
21	THE DEFENDANT: As much as I appreciate that, I
22	still wish to represent myself.
23	THE COURT: All right. Cross-examination.
24	///

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY	THE	DEFENDANT:
		DULUNDANI.

Q Just to save the Court time to run back and forth with all the videos, can you explain why the video that officer Reed put in evidence has less video files than the video -- than the disks I received and that you gave to Mr. Bogale on July 1st at the Preliminary Hearing?

MR. BOGALE: Objection. Calls for speculation.

THE COURT: Overruled. He asked if he could explain. We'll see if it is speculation.

THE WITNESS: I couldn't tell you.

BY THE DEFENDANT:

- Q But you testified earlier that you didn't make any new -- you didn't pull any new video off the store hard drive when you created the disk that you gave to Mr. Bogale before the Preliminary Hearing, correct?
 - A This is correct.
- Q Was there any other videos that you saw that I was in the video but not that you felt was not relevant to the case? Do you know what I mean?
 - A No.
- Q When you reviewed the video of the date of the incident?
 - A Yes.

1	Q Did you Was there any other video of me in the
2	store, but that you felt wasn't relevant to the case?
3	A No.
4	Q So every bit of video with me has been given to the
5	State; is that correct?
6	A Correct.
7	THE DEFENDANT: That's all Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Are you talking about every bit
9	of video that is on the saved computer file?
10	THE WITNESS: Yes.
11	THE COURT: You are not talking about every bit of
12	video that might have been taken in the store?
13	THE WITNESS: Absolutely not, no.
14	THE COURT: Did you tell us it was Ms. Young who
15	copied it off the store video cameras on to the computer?
16	THE WITNESS: Correct.
17	THE COURT: That is what you reviewed?
18	THE WITNESS: Yes.
19	THE COURT: And do I understand correctly that
20	everything on the computer that you saved, data, Ms. Young
21	saved it on, everything that included Mr. Schachter's image
22	was provided to the State?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, it was.
24	THE COURT: Based on my questions, any other

1 questions? 2 MR. BOGALE: Nothing from the State. 3 THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Thank you. You may step down. 5 (Witness excused.) 6 THE COURT: Counsel, do you have any other pictures 7 or is this the only picture you have, Exhibit F? That is the only picture that I have. MR. BOGALE: 9 THE COURT: Okay. Argument? Do you have any other evidence? Do you have any other witnesses for another time? 10 11 What do you want to do? 12 MR. BOGALE: I don't have any other evidence, Your 13 I was considering calling Mr. Reed, but I think we 14 have covered it so I can start argument now, or do it after 15 your next hearing. It is up to you. 16 THE COURT: Why don't we go ahead and do that and 17 get your thoughts together before the arguments. 18 MR. BOGALE: Okay. 19 I think everyone is here for my other 20 You can just push your things off to the side. 21 This is the time set for argument on the All right. 22 motions, several motions that Mr. Schachter has filed, and 23 some of them have already been ruled on at the last hearing

but some have not. So, Mr. Schachter, do you want to argue

the ones that have not been decided?

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THE DEFENDANT: Sure. I know last evening we kind of rolled the two Motions to Dismiss together. Based on the evidence that we heard today, I think just to retouch on the prejudicial delay because I was not able to get an investigator to the Wal-Mart in the 60 days the video they said was erased, I would resubmit the motion on its face for that.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: As to the loss, they failed to keep the item that they allege I stole in violation of NRS 205.295, then they selected video they say is all the video of me in the store at the time. Obviously, it can't be all the video of me in the store. And now they are saying that video is gone. I don't have any way else of showing that I walked into that store with that merchandise. There is no evidence of me stealing anything. The detective, himself, said he concentrated on the physical altercation at the end of the I am not even disputing that. What I am disputing incident. is was there ever a theft. My whole criminal history is theft It is not robbery related. For a ROP officer not to look at the evidence to the theft, to disregard all that evidence and only concentrate on the robbery part, it doesn't make any sense. Why wouldn't he ask for some kind of

evidence, video evidence of the theft? There is no evidence in that video of me stealing anything. That is where the case turns. It turns on the theft. There was a robbery one way or the other at the end of the incident. Either they robbed me or I robbed them. That is the incident. There is no evidence of a theft, because I never stole any property. So as to those two, I can't express it any better than that.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I don't know if you want to hear on the Preliminary.

THE COURT: On the Preliminary Hearing, frankly, I told you that I would grant you a new Preliminary Hearing but you told me you didn't want to do that.

THE DEFENDANT: Correct.

THE COURT: So as far as I am concerned, that issue is moot because you failed to accept the remedy that was offered by the Court. I can't produce something that didn't exist. At least that is what I thought I was doing. You still agree you do not want that Prelim, correct?

THE DEFENDANT: Correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So based upon their being no showing of purposeful activity on the part of the State, it clearly was an accident that the tape recorder didn't work, and the lack of any showing of prejudice that you didn't have that

transcript for the Prelim at this stage of the proceedings, and the fact you are refusing to have a Prelim at this stage of the proceedings, you don't want the remedy, I am going to deny the request for failure to have the transcript. Anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. I would submit, like I said, I would submit everything that you heard today and what you didn't hear. Still no explanation as to why the video that went into evidence, was booked into evidence, had less than the one we received. How the extra videos came about. They certainly did not explain any of that. I don't know where it came from.

THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Bogale.

MR. BOGALE: Thank you. Your Honor. Before I respond, would you mind if we go through his motions and say which ones are before the Court and which ones are not?

THE COURT: No. We have the Motion to Dismiss the case on the ground of lost or destroyed material, exculpatory evidence. We have the Motion to Advise Witnesses for the State of the Privilege Against Self-Incrimination. I haven't ruled on that, but I can rule on that without any argument from you depending on what you want to do. We have the Motion for Preliminary Hearing Transcript which I have just indicated what the ruling is. We have the Motion to Compel the State to

1 provide exculpatory material, Brady, that is in its 2 possession. I don't think there is really any objection to any 3 Brady material being provided to the defendant. Maybe there is discussion about what is Brady, but the Court has no 5 objection, and I don't think you would have an objection to an 6 order saying that you have to provide Brady material to the 7 defendant. So that would be granted. Motion and Order to 8 Obtain Material and Exculpatory Video Recording. That is what 9 we have been talking about today. Motion for the Production of 10 the replacement or substitute lost or stolen material. 11 Mr. Schachter said that was the backpack that has not been 12 provided. And that is also his argument with regard to the 13 exculpatory evidence, because he says the backpack was in a 14 condition that proved he had modified it and it was his 15 property. And then there is the Motion in Limine with regard 16 to the surveillance video evidence and demand for legal 17 material and legal supplies which has already been ruled on, 1.8 and he's been provided that previously. And the Motion to 19 Dismiss the case for prejudicial delay causing loss of 20 exculpatory material which Mr. Schachter just argued was his 21 lack of being able to hire an investigator timely. 22 Then you have a Motion, a Notice of the State's 23 intent to impeach the defendant on credibility with prior

convictions. I ordered those prior convictions needed to be

provided the Court. I haven't seen them yet.

MR. BOGALE: They are here today.

Motion in Limine regarding the defendant's examination of witnesses. We went over that last time and it was granted, and I admonished the defendant. And there is a Motion in Limine regarding bad acts with regard to any of the State's witnesses, and that was his argument that they had arrested him before and was targeting him, and I granted the motion and said he could not ask questions in that regard in front of the jury without a hearing outside the presence of the jury. At least that is what I think I said. If I didn't, I'm saying it now. So that is the list of what we have.

MR. BOGALE: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Am I missing anything, Mr. Schachter?

THE DEFENDANT: No. I think you covered it all.

THE COURT: Okay. Basically, he's arguing that you didn't keep the material that was allegedly stolen and so you should have to produce it. And he's arguing that the backpack, had you kept it, would be exculpatory. Since it is lost now and gone, he should have the case dismissed. And he's arguing that the video tape that was destroyed by Wal-Mart would have been exculpatory, therefore, the case should be dismissed.

MR. BOGALE: Okay. Start with the backpack, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. BOGALE: The testimony we heard today from Mr. Monroy was that he personally observed the defendant. Now I know we are getting sort of caught up here with videos and stuff like that, but Mr. Monroy, as an asset protection officer, personally with his own eyes surveilled the defendant walking throughout the store. And he testified today that there was a time when the defendant wasn't holding a backpack. And he personally observed the defendant select the backpack the defendant carried throughout his time at Wal-Mart and tried to walk out without paying. He saw him grab it. So this whole argument is he came in with a backpack and it was used, and if we just could provide it, it would show he had used it or bought it previously is simply controverted by the only testimony we have here today which is he selected the backpack, he walked out of Wal-Mart without paying for it. So that is what we have.

THE COURT: The argument, though, is a failure to collect evidence or failure to preserve evidence argument. It isn't about, and I agree Mr. Schachter's argument didn't really make sense when he said there is no evidence. But there is evidence. There is clearly probable cause here. But

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the question is what about the fact that this evidence was not preserved. And I think that is a legal issue.

MR. BOGALE: So this evidence was never retained by the cops.

THE COURT: Correct.

MR. BOGALE: That never happened. So it wasn't like the police booked the property and then negligently lost it or something. It is not like they booked the property and destroyed it. It was never booked into evidence. And so to hold the State accountable for that would require, I think the upshot would require a D.A. to be present at every investigation of thefts to make sure that the police are securing all the evidence that the defendant or a suspected individual is suspected of taking. I think that is untenable, Your Honor. We are not keeping tabs on an investigation.

THE COURT: Why would you have to do that? This is a robbery case.

MR. BOGALE: If the State is being-- If the argument is that the State should be sanctioned in some respect --

THE COURT: Not you.

MR. BOGALE: -- because the police --

THE COURT: The police. That is his argument, the police officer failed to secure the evidence as he should have in a robbery case. Why do you have to be there?

MR. BOGALE: Well, I am the party here. The State's the party here.

THE COURT: But th D.A. doesn't have to be there for the cops to do the right thing. And they book evidence all the time without D.A.'s being present.

MR. BOGALE: Right. So what is the proper remedy I guess is the question. Is the proper remedy to dismiss the case because they didn't keep the backpack that we have a picture of? Is it the right remedy?

THE COURT: Well, do you have any cases? This is an interesting argument that is being made, and it is a real argument about the obligation of the State. And the State includes the police officer and the District Attorney's Office who prosecute the case. That is the responsibility that is the State's.

MR. BOGALE: I would direct the Court to Bass-Davis 122 Nev. 442, a 2006 case from the Nevada Supreme Court. It involves suppression and spoliation of evidence. And the issue in the case was whether, because certain video evidence was suppressed or destroyed, what the remedy is. And the Plaintiff asked for a jury instruction that explained there is a permissible inference that the destroyed evidence would be adverse when applied, sorry, would be adverse, and that a rebuttable presumption for applying destruction of evidence is

1 appropriate. I think, if anything, a jury instruction that 2 says you may, a permissible inference may arise when there is 3 evidence that evidence was lost or destroyed or something like 4 that. That would be the proper remedy if he was making a 5 credible allegation here. I don't believe he is. We have, we 6 have a picture of the bag, a picture of the stuff he took from 7 Wal-Mart. From my understanding, the items were restocked 8 pursuant to company policy. They weren't retained by law 9 They were never secured by law enforcement as 10 evidence, so they were restocked and put on the shelf and 11 sold. So if that is spoliation --12 THE COURT: What is the picture? What exhibit? 13 THE CLERK: Exhibit F. 14 THE COURT: So is it Exhibit F what you are talking 15 about? 16 MR. BOGALE: Yes, Your Honor. 17 That is the only picture you have, THE COURT: 18 right? 19 MR. BOGALE: Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Okay. So go ahead. I didn't mean to 21 interrupt you. 22 MR. BOGALE: If a company policy to restock items 23 stolen but not tampered or opened is spoliation of evidence, I

think that sets a dangerous precedent, because a lot of stores

have that policy. So they are going to be tagged with 1 2 spoliation of evidence in cases where people steal from them 3 and they restock the item. But if Your Honor is inclined to 4 characterize that as spoliation of evidence, I think a proper 5 remedy would be a jury instruction to that effect. 6 In terms of the surveillance video. The testimony we 7 have is that there is no video of the defendant entering the 8 store with a backpack. 9 THE COURT: That was saved on the computer that the 10 store kept. 11 MR. BOGALE: Right. 12 THE COURT: 13 Remember, we have a bifurcated process. MR. BOGALE: We don't have that video. 14 THE COURT: Yes. 15 hour 7 days a week video. Someone manually, we think Ms. As I understand, there is a 24 16 Young, went in and pulled certain excerpts of that 24 hour 7 17 day a week video and placed it on the Wal-Mart computer. it was on the Wal-Mart computer, Mr. Monroy was unable to find 18 19 any other photographs. 20 MR. BOGALE: 21 That's correct. THE COURT: So there is that bifurcation. 22 MR. BOGALE: Right. Bottom line is we don't have it 23 and we couldn't get it. Well, we both had equal access to it. 24 The State I guess could have gotten it, -339-ಽ೦ could the

defendant.

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THE COURT: That is the defendant's argument, he's incarcerated and he does not have an investigator. He doesn't have counsel. He has no investigator. How could he get it?

MR. BOGALE: I don't know. Why is it the State's problem that he doesn't have an investigator if he wants to represent himself? It is a principle of Faretta versus California that a defendant is not given special treatment. He's expected to subpoena materials, subpoena evidence, get an investigator if he needs to to present his own defense. So if we are going to give him a crutch and say he was in jail, couldn't get a private investigator, that violates the principes of that case. It is not the State's fault he's incarcerated. We charged him with a crime, but we shouldn't be sanctioned because there was a delay in him getting this stuff. Like if the cop had it, if RPD had this, that is an arm of the State. If we didn't produce it, that is a Brady violation. But a third party holding video that is equally accessible to the State and the defense, that doesn't qualify as Brady material.

THE COURT: Is that failure to collect?

MR. BOGALE: It is failure to collect on both sides.

THE COURT: Does the State have an obligation to

collect?

MR. BOGALE: No, the State does not have an obligation.

THE COURT: Do you have a case that says that? MR. BOGALE: Yes, I do, State versus Huggler, a 2012 case 275 P.3d 91. It quotes State versus -- I will just read "Brady and its progeny require a prosecutor to disclose evidence favorable to the defendant. To prove a Brady violation, you must make three showings the evidence is favorable to the accused because it is exculpatory. One, impeachment. Two, the State possessed or withheld the evidence either intentionally or inadvertently. Three, prejudice insured that the evidence was material. I would focus on the second prong there. The State possessed and withheld evidence. The State never possessed this evidence. So we can't --

THE COURT: Technically if you're a detective, the evidence was not possessing.

MR. BOGALE: What did he view? He viewed the files that were in the computer. The State isn't required, the State isn't held responsible for actions of a third party. If Wal-Mart, whatever Wal-Mart decided to do with the video, they cut it up and law enforcement comes in and gets what they have. That is what they get. They get what they get from Wal-Mart. They get what they get from 7-Eleven. The State

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isn't required to keep tabs on what Wal-Mart's surveillance video is keeping. The State isn't required. That is a third party. In State versus Nett, 119 Nev. 509, a 2003 case, the State attorney is charged with constructive knowledge and possession of evidence withheld by other state agents such as law enforcement officers. And the Court referred to that earlier. Nowhere in here or nowhere in that case does it refer to evidence held by third parties like Wal-Mart. It makes no reference to that. So whatever Wal-Mart did with the video should have no bearing on the State's obligation under Brady. What the police got they gave to the State. State got, it gave to the defendant. That is what happened in this case.

Additionally, what Wal-Mart itself provided to the State, the State gave to the defendant. The State is not withholding anything that it possesses, and the State can't possess anything that doesn't exist. So that video that he is talking about doesn't exist. I mean it is his motion. It is his burden to show it was destroyed.

THE COURT: Your witness testified it was destroyed.

MR. BOGALE: Intentionally or inadvertently by the State. The State didn't do that. Wal-Mart did that. His motion should be denied on that count.

So I think that covers Brady and the surveillance

video and exculpatory evidence. I believe they are all kind of mushed together.

THE COURT: Counsel, I don't know if there is a digital version of Exhibit F. Is there a digital picture then you printed out?

MR. BOGALE: That was printed from a digital file, yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. It is pretty hard to read it or see what the parameters of the backpack were. I don't know, is it better on digital?

MR. BOGALE: I guess you could zoom in on a computer a little bit.

> THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

MR. BOGALE: I believe that covers exculpatory evidence, obtaining video, exculpatory video and the surveillance video. And I think I briefly addressed the prejudice of delay. No fault of the State the defendant is a self-representing individual. Under Faretta, he's cast with certain obligations the same as an attorney is. If there is a delay in getting an investigator, that is, to be frank, not the State's problem. The State shouldn't be sanctioned.

THE COURT: One of the arguments you missed last month or whenever you were here together before and you weren't here, was the argument with regard to the record in

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Justice Court. It is my understanding that the defendant was offered counsel when he was arraigned and refused counsel, and then received a Faretta canvass from a Justice of the Peace who granted his right to represent himself, but there is no record of that. There is no record of the Faretta canvass, and the defendant argued it was an ineffective Faretta canvass. Since there was no record, he couldn't contest it. That is why he didn't have an investigator. Obviously, he went forward and I did a canvass and canvassed him and found that he still wanted to represent himself. So you certainly can argue to that. But that was his argument perhaps you missed.

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MR. BOGALE: I was present at the Faretta canvass, Your Honor. For what it is worth, I believe it was thorough and appropriate. I witnessed your Faretta canvass of him as It was similar. It was Judge Lynch. I believe it happened before the Preliminary Hearing. It was the same hearing that had static. That is why there is no record of it. So we don't have any objective evidence to support what I am saying or he's saying, because we don't have a transcript. But I can represent to the Court that I had a certain check list after reading the case and reading Nevada Supreme Court cases interpreting it, and I believe she knocked off all the marks on the canvass check list. So I believe it was thorough He didn't object to it at the time either. and appropriate.

He didn't ask her -- He didn't say it was inappropriate. So am not saying he waived it, but that is some kind of acquiescence to it being an appropriate canvass.

THE COURT: What is the retention at Wal-Mart of the videos?

MR. BOGALE: Sixty days.

MR. BOGALE: I believe Mr. Monroy testified 60 days. As to the witnesses perjuring themselves and being advised of their right of self-incrimination, I will submit that one on the briefs, Your Honor. I refer to the Fifth Amendment. I think that, again, advises any prospective witness of their right against self-incrimination.

Just to sum up, Your Honor, I think the defendant is just making something out of nothing here. He's literally making something out of nothing. There is no video that the State had or that law enforcement had that shows him walking in with the backpack, that backpack. There is no evidence that the State possessed and intentionally or inadvertently withheld that shows that that was the defendant's backpack. There is no evidence of that. It is his burden to meet that, and he hasn't met that burden. The evidence we do have is that Mr. Monroy personally followed him in the store and saw him select that backpack inside Wal-Mart, place it in a cart, walk around a little bit, put the bag on his shoulder, pay for

some other items and then walk out with the backpack and the items in Exhibit F inside the backpack that he didn't pay for. That is the evidence that we have. So he has not met his burden, and his motion should be denied. Thank you, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Schachter?

THE DEFENDANT: I was just asking Mr. Leslie, I asked

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the investigator to get more video from other sources besides

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Wal-Mart because I took the bus to the Wal-Mart that day.

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the investigator said the video from on the bus wasn't

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available, but there may be video at the bus station, itself.

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So there is a chance at least. I haven't been able to talk to

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the investigator. There is a possibility of other evidence of

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me with the backpack just prior to getting on the bus and going to the store. And the bus ticket is in my property at

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the jail, so there is further evidence of that.

THE DEFENDANT:

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THE COURT: When did you first ask for the investigator to get the Wal-Mart video?

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I gave it to Mr. Leslie on the 31st when we set the trial date. I was originally supposed to be

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arraigned in Department 10 because you weren't here. At that

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time, I notified Judge Sattler there was a time sensitive

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came on the 24th.

He said one more week is not going to matter, and we

THE COURT: Of July.

THE DEFENDANT? Of July, yes. I gave the exparte motion for the investigator. In there it also talks about the time sensitive video. And then you said you needed time to research the investigative part.

THE COURT: Well, it was Mr. Leslie didn't know whether or not he had provided an investigator as standby counsel. I said I would investigate it further. But Mr. Leslie was going to notify the Court if he could not provide one.

THE DEFENDANT: On the 31st when we came back to set the trial date is when I gave him the paperwork for the investigator.

MR. LESLIE: Court's indulgence.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LESLIE: I am looking at some documents, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. That is fine, Mr. Leslie.

THE DEFENDANT: I don't want to keep --

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, he's correct. Looking at my records, a memorandum dated 7-31, I put in there: A two page handwritten request for investigation was provided by client.

Jim will do investigative request to get investigator on assignment. Have an investigative request, copy of one that I

7-31 date to within a couple of days or so before the investigator would actually see it. If you can imagine, he has an in-box as well. He might be out, any number of things. So sometime within that, you know, number of days after the 31st is when we would have begun our investigation in response to his request.

And then with regard to we subpoenaed everything he asked for. And my investigator's report with regard to the RTC bus service, they don't keep that. So my notations were "sub. Not kept."

MR. LESLIE: We issued subpoenas on Wal-Mart.

were told, and this is a little anecdotal, literally this

my investigator. I said give me a rundown, and he told me

morning as I was coming in from the parking garage, I ran into

made with his two page request attached as a check list for

myself." We don't, we don't have a date prepared, so I had

notated it with the date of the 7-31. So I am deducing I came

back from that 7-31 hearing, the memo for which I would be

doing that and documented it that date. And attached is his

two page list of requests, and we followed up after that date.

Now realistically it could be anywhere from that same date the

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that they were unable to recover the video that he had requested which includes internal cameras that would have been

What about the subpoena for Wal-Mart?

THE COURT:

focused on the entrance and the exists.

THE COURT: But you don't know when it was requested?

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, I would have to dig down on that. And I have got it. I would just have to double check with my investigator. He said that he had been in contact with Wal-Mart and was told of the 60-day limitation as well. I think we just missed that by the time you go through Justice Court and the Faretta canvass and then him coming up before you and you appointing us as standby. That is where we start. So by the time of the end of July, July 31st, we are on the order of about seven weeks past the occurrence date.

THE COURT: June 9th.

MR. LESLIE: He did tell me that Wal-Mart advised they had expanded that 60-day limitation and pushed it out to 90 or more days. But that we missed that expansion.

THE COURT: Well, June to July is 30-days. July to August is 60 days. Ninety days would be September 9th. Just a couple of days.

MR. LESLIE: The 60 days was very recent. They were unable to scoop our request into that new policy as I understand it. So the 60 days applied at the time we served our subpoenas. They said sorry, we don't have it.

THE COURT: Did you have anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: Just as to, quickly as to the Faretta canvass, part of the new argument based on what I heard today, I wasn't given full discovery at the Prelim, so that also --

THE COURT: You don't have a right.

THE DEFENDANT: That would also affect my Faretta canvass. Judge Lynch ordered, as you did, to give me all the discovery. I never got the disk. I never got Mr. Monroy's statement or the original probable cause in the discovery Mr. Leslie gave me at Preliminary.

MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, if I could make a comment quickly. He had an attorney before the Faretta canvass. We provided discovery to the Public Defender, all the discovery we had to the Public Defender's office. I believe that included the video. And so I think it has more to do with communication between the Public Defender's Office and the defendant than it does with the State and the defendant.

MR. LESLIE: And, Your Honor, on that, as I was telling Mr. Bogale during one of the breaks, let's see if I can find it. So it was the Preliminary Hearing on 7-1?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

MR. LESLIE: As we approached the Preliminary
Hearing, we had had a MMC or two. I can't remember how many.
Mr. Schachter evinced his desire to not engage in settlement.

We went forward. As we approached the July Preliminary Hearing date, I prepared the redacted discovery myself because I wanted to shorten any delays between me going through staff and having them do it on the computer. So I did it myself. And because we were getting close to the Preliminary Hearing date, I prepared a memo to file dated the first for the Preliminary Hearing date, itself, saying: On above date I provided redacted copy of attached materials to client. provided him documents. I remember doing that. What I do not have recollection of is handing him any kind of disk or having a disk to hand him. As I told Mr. Bogale, if I really wanted to feel highly confident about that answer, I would have to go back and look at Justice Web and look at the production e-mails and things like that. I would have recollected giving him a disk, and I do remember and I have a memo indicating I gave him written documents. So I'm not 100 percent disputing Mr. Bogale. What I am saying is I can't line up and agree him with 100 percent today we had video turned over to Mr. Schachter on that date.

THE COURT: Okay. Okay. Anything else?

THE DEFENDANT: It wasn't the video, Your Honor, it was the witness's statement and the original probable cause and arrest declaration. None of that was handed to me on the Preliminary Hearing, so it wasn't just the video.

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THE COURT: Okay. Because of the lateness of the hour and what we are doing, I am going to take everything under submission. I will notify you of my decision.

You are set for trial a week after Monday, so about 7, 8, 9 days from now. So I will try to get the decision to you as soon as I possibly can. I think you may need to mark exhibits with the clerk. Do you have a date and time set? Has everything been marked today that you are going to use?

MR. BOGALE: Not everything, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And your prior convictions --

MR. BOGALE: I have those, and I have Jury Instructions as well that you ordered us to provide.

THE COURT: Why don't you provide those to the --

THE CLERK: The Jury Instructions are to be provided to the defendant.

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Go ahead and have those marked.

MR. BOGALE: The certified copies of conviction?

THE COURT: Certified copies. We'll mark them numerically. I don't know if they will end up being used. Mr. Leslie, you had requested we not do that the last time. We postponed the discussion until today because you wanted an opportunity to look those over. You also said that you wanted to talk to Mr. Schachter about some strategy, about the

argument with regard to prior convictions.

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MR. LESLIE: What I had hoped, what I counseled him to do was to have the State identify exactly which of his priors they were going to try to use for impeachment. That is what I would like to look at. I have got a lot of priors in the file. He's also charged with habitual. They are going after that. I don't know which ones specifically they want to try to use against him for impeachment. I would like to see those before Mr. Schachter will respond, just because I didn't --

THE COURT: Are the ones you handed to the clerk the ones you anticipated using for impeachment or is there no distinction?

MR. BOGALE: There is really no distinction.

THE COURT: They are all within ten years?

MR. BOGALE: Not all of them, sorry. Sorry, Your Honor.

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor.

THE COURT: No. No. Nothing for a second. It is 5:25. Let's try to get those marked so we can just have that done.

MR. LESLIE: While Mr. Bogale is looking at the documents, for purpose of standby counsel, I know the Court Reporter is busy, would we be able to have a transcript of

1 these proceedings by the end of next week, because there was 2 evidentiary matters undertaken that might be the subject of 3 cross or impeachment. 4 THE COURT: But the evidentiary evidence we are 5 talking about, the police officer and Mr. Monroy, I believe that the Court Reporter will be able to do that. 6 7 MR. LESLIE: So I can give it to Mr. Hylin. 8 MR. BOGALE: I have a copy of the Jury Instructions, so should I provide them now? I have a copy for the Court as 9 well, if you would like them. 10 11 THE COURT: Leave those with the clerk. 12 MR. LESLIE: Is there a copy for standby counsel? 13 MR. BOGALE: Yeah, you can have mine. 14 THE COURT: Why don't you go ahead and keep the 15 extra copy for now and make a copy for the Court. We'll give Mr. Leslie the copy. You can make another copy and drop it off 16 17 with the clerk tomorrow. 18 MR. LESLIE: Thank you. 19 THE CLERK: Exhibits 2, 3, 4 and 5 marked. 20 (Exhibits 2, 3, 4 and 5 marked for identification.) 21 THE COURT: Have you provided a copy of these exhibits to the defendant? 22

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MR. BOGALE: No, I have not. Yes, I have.

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discovered those electronically.

1 THE COURT: Okay. So Exhibit 2 is from CR09-1729. Exhibit 3 in this District -- Exhibit 3 is the Ninth Judicial 2 District for the State of Nevada and it involves a case from 3 2006, 06CR00052 DCF CAP before Judge Gamble. Exhibit 4 is 4 from California case number E9171929 from 1992. 5 Exhibit 5 is from Suffex County, New York and it is Indictment number 6 1024-86 from a charge from January 8, 1986. So those are the five exhibits that the Court has. 8 9 Mr. Bogale, which ones did you want to use for impeachment? Your motion was that you wanted permission to or 10 notice to the defendant you were going to impeach with prior 11 12 convictions. 13 MR. BOGALE: The notice was the State's intention to 14 do so if he decided to testify. 15 THE COURT: Which exhibits? 16 MR. BOGALE: The first two. I guess Exhibits 2 and The one out of this Court this department and the other 17 one out of the Ninth Judicial District. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Schachter, do you have any 20 questions? 21 THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: The Court notes that Exhibits 2 and 3 are certified copies of prior convictions relating to 23

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defendant.

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Is there any objection?

1	THE DEFENDANT: I will object to both of them.
2	THE COURT: I am sorry?
3	THE DEFENDANT: I would object to both of them.
4	THE COURT: On what grounds?
5	THE DEFENDANT: Prejudicial.
6	THE COURT: Are you objecting because you don't want
7	to be impeached or objecting because you think the certified
8	copy isn't adequate? What is the basis of the objection? Do
9	you think the statute is wrong, you shouldn't be impeached
10	with prior convictions? Tell me what it is so I can rule on
11	it.
12	THE DEFENDANT: Could I have one second?
13	THE COURT: Yes, you may.
14	MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, could we look at those two
15	exhibits for a moment?
16	THE COURT: Sure. You may approach, Mr. Leslie.
17	MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, Mr. Schachter and I are
18	conversing about these two prior felonies.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MR. LESLIE: We were just talking about it. I sensed
21	something on his part, so I said do you want me to argue this
22	particular point and he said yes. We can do it or wait,
23	whatever the Court wants to do. I can talk to him and repeat
24	it a couple of times to let it sink in and he can parrot it

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over to you. I think as standby counsel there is an active part of it as well. He's asking me questions and saying do you have some ground I can use to argue on these. I don't mind arguing that but still having him represent himself. know how you want to do this, Judge. That is why I wanted to know which ones are they going to use. There are a couple of arguments under Gibbons is the only case that comes to mind that talk about redacting. He's on trial for a theft related The 2009 conviction in CR09-729 is for grand larceny. I think this is argument to be made if he does take the stand, if he is subject to impeachment. This as a prior felony, it should be redacted to simply say a felony. Additionally, the State proffered a thick packet of documents as Exhibit to. The only thing, assuming there is traverse by the defendant about the conviction, if he doesn't admit, the only thing he can really do is enter the Judgment at most. All the other documents would be inadmissible.

That would be the motion Mr. Schachter wants me to make.

THE COURT: Did you want to respond? Do you want to look at them?

MR. BOGALE: I have seen them, Your Honor. Those are the copies we got. Those are the records that we requested, the Judgment is in there on both cases. Both are certified

copies of his conviction. The fact it was a grand larceny conviction is I think beside the point here. It is a felony and it is for grand larceny. We can admonish the jury that you are not to construe his prior conviction as a statement of his character. But I would object to the redaction, Your Honor. That is all I have to add.

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THE COURT: Okay. The Court is familiar with the case law that you are referring to, but I do not find that the conviction for grand larceny is so inflammatory or so negative that the jury would find him guilty of grand larceny again simply because he had previously been convicted of grand So I am not going to grant the request to redact the larceny. Judgment if the defendant denies the conviction. But I do agree that only the Judgment should be presented to the jury. So what happens here is, if the State asks Mr. Schachter, if you are on the stand, if you have a prior conviction and he says isn't it true you have had a prior conviction on this date for a felony and what the name of it is and you say yes, that is where the inquiry ends. No exhibits are ever provided to the jury. If you say no, then the State has the option to ask that the prior conviction be admitted and then the jury would see it, and that prior conviction would consist of the Judgment on both of those cases, and not the backup plea and all of that. The backup plea etcetera would be provided the

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Court and part of the Court record for purposes of determining the constitutionality of the conviction. We haven't really contested that. The Court also has made an independent review and find them to be Constitutionally valid for purposes of impeachment.

If it does became necessary, Mr. Bogale, remember you are going to have to ask the document be separated and only the Judgment be presented so you can use it, approach the clerk and then whisper to her and she will tell you how to break it out and mark it for you.

THE DEFENDANT: May I ask him one question?

THE COURT: Yes. And we need those exhibits back.

MR. LESLIE: I can return those exhibits, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. LESLIE: Is your ruling, just so standby counsel knows, that he's only subject to impeachment by these felonies if he testifies?

THE COURT: Correct. There is no other basis that I know of right now that these would come in except if the defendant is convicted, then they would be utilized for purposes of habitual sentencing.

THE DEFENDANT: But I would still be able to argue. We are only arguing these for impeachment purposes right now, not for habitual, right?

THE COURT: These exhibits, I am finding both of them constitutionally valid. If you testify, they can use the Judgment part of the exhibit to impeach you. If you are convicted, there will be a hearing with regard to your sentencing at which point the weight to be given these exhibits and the content thereof can be argued by you, is that what you were asking?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes and yes. Yes. Thank you.

THE COURT: Anything further? The things I am taking under submission are those that I have not ruled on. Everything else I ruled on will be in the minutes of the Court and we will notify you of our decision on the things we have not ruled on. And my apologies and thanks to the staff for staying. We appreciate the Sheriff's Office and my staff for staying tonight to get this finished. Thank you.

MR. LESLIE: What are we doing for exhibit marking? Do we have a date?

THE COURT: How much more do you have? The reason I am asking, with Mr. Schachter's in-custody status, it is difficult to have a whole transport just for the purpose of marking one or two pieces of paper. If it is a short list of exhibits, the clerk could mark those the morning of the trial. But if there is lots to be marked and presented to the clerk, then we need to do it in advance.

1	MR. BOGALE: There is not lots to be marked, Your
2	Honor. I am presuming the exhibits that we marked and
3	admitted are going to be used at trial.
4	THE COURT: Okay. They are all marked and we will
5	use them, whatever you need.
6	MR. LESLIE: So the morning of trial?
7	THE COURT: I think the morning of trial makes
8	sense.
9	MR. BOGALE: That is fine. It is not going to take
10	more than ten minutes to mark additional exhibits.
11	THE COURT: Ms. Clerk what time do you want them
12	here for that?
13	THE CLERK: 9:00 a.m. is fine.
14	THE COURT: Mr. Leslie, are you assisting
15	Mr. Schachter in getting proper clothing for court?
16	MR. LESLIE: I will have my investigator take care of
17	that. We will probably have him clothed him up for the days.
18	THE COURT: Anything else?
19	MR. BOGALE: Not from the State.
20	MR. LESLIE: Is there anything else, Mr. Schachter?
21	THE DEFENDANT: No.
22	THE COURT: Nothing else for the Court?
23	THE DEFENDANT: No, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Court is in recess.

	1	STATE OF NEVADA,)
	2) ss.
	3	COUNTY OF WASHOE.)
	4	
	5	I, Judith Ann Schonlau, Official Reporter of the Second
	6	Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the
	7	County of Washoe, DO HEREBY CERTIFY:
	8	That as such reporter I was present in Department No. 4 of the
	9	above-entitled court on Thursday, September 11, 2014, at the
	10	hour of 10:00 a.m. of said day and that I then and there took
	11	verbatim stenotype notes of the proceedings had in the matter
	12	of THE STATE OF NEVADA vs. MARC PPAUL SCHACHTER, Case Number
	13	CR14-1044.
	14	That the foregoing transcript, consisting of pages numbered
	15	1-107 inclusive, is a full, true and correct transcription of
	16	my said stenotypy notes, so taken as aforesaid, and is a full,
	17	true and correct statement of the proceedings had and
	18	testimony given upon the trial of the above-entitled action to
	19	the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
	20	DATED: At Reno, Nevada this 23rd day of January, 2015.
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(23	/s/ Judith Ann Schonlau JUDITH ANN SCHONLAU CSR #18
	24	CODITI ANN DONOMINO CON #10

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IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

riamum,

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,

Defendants.

Case No. CR14-1044

Dept. No. 4

ORDER DENYING DEFENANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS CASE ON GROUNDS THAT THE STATE HAS LOST AND/OR DESTROYED MATERIAL EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE

On August 21, 2014, Defendant Marc Paul Schachter (hereinafter "Schachter") filed his Motion to Dismiss Case on Grounds that the State has Lost and/or Destroyed Material Exculpatory Evidence. The State of Nevada (hereinafter "the State") filed Omnibus Opposition to Defendant's Pretrial Motions on August 28, 2014. On September 11, 2014, the Court heard oral arguments on the Motion and took the matter under advisement.

The Nevada Supreme Court "has consistently held that in order to establish a due process violation resulting from the state's loss or destruction of evidence, a defendant must demonstrate either (1) that the state lost or destroyed the evidence in bad faith, or (2) that the loss unduly prejudiced the defendant's case and the evidence possessed an exculpatory value that was apparent before the evidence was destroyed." Sheriff, Clark County v. Warner, 112 Nev. 1234, 1239-1240 (1996) (citing State v. Hall, 105 Nev. 7, 9 (1989)). The burden to establish that loss

of evidence was prejudicial to the defendant lies with the defendant. <u>Id.</u>, at 1240. The burden requires "some showing that it could be reasonably anticipated that the evidence sought would be exculpatory and material to appellant's defense. It is not sufficient that the showing disclose merely a hoped-for conclusion from examination of the destroyed evidence, nor is it sufficient for the defendant to show only the examination of the evidence would be helpful in preparing his defense." <u>Boggs v. State</u>, 95 Nev. 911, 913 (1979). "Mere assertions by the defense counsel that an examination of the evidence will potentially reveal exculpatory evidence does not constitute a sufficient showing of prejudice." <u>Warner</u>, 112 Nev. 1234, 1242 (1996). Evidence must be disclosed if "it provides grounds for the defense to attack the reliability, thoroughness, and good faith of the police investigation or to impeach the credibility of the State's witnesses." <u>Lay v. State</u>, 116 Nev. 1185, 1194 (2000); <u>see Kyles v. Whitney</u>, 514 U.S. 419, 442 n. 13, 445-451 (1995).

Schachter argues the State has lost or destroyed exculpatory evidence by failing to produce the allegedly stolen backpack or any video evidence of him entering the store. According to Schachter, the backpack he is alleged to have stolen was customized by him and on his person when he entered the WalMart. Schachter argues the backpack itself and video footage of him entering the store are exculpatory evidence because it would tend to show that he entered the store with a backpack he customized and is now charged with having stolen.

The State argues there is no obligation upon the State to produce information which it does not possess or of which it is unaware. The State argues they were never in possession of the backpack or video which Schachter alleges to be exculpatory. Therefore, the State argues they have no obligation to produce such evidence. Additionally, the State argues it is Schachter's burden to produce evidence to show the State possessed or knew about material favorable to the defense and failed to disclose it. The State argues Schachter has not met this burden. Lastly, the State argues the actions of third party actors, WalMart asset protection employees, are not state action and do not constitute the State's destruction of evidence.

Although Schachter characterizes the State's inaction as a failure to preserve the evidence, his claim of error more accurately relates to the State's failure to collect the backpack and video evidence from WalMart. Schachter argues that he could have proven he had the backpack when he entered the store from the customization of the backpack and video of him entering the store with the backpack. However, the backpack was re-stocked pursuant to WalMart policy and the video evidence was not recorded by WalMart personnel.

In relying on case law involving failure to preserve evidence, Schachter fails to distinguish between collection and preservation of evidence. Had the State gathered the backpack and video evidence and then allowed it to be lost or failed to deliver it to Schachter, his argument would be more appropriate. The State's failure to preserve potentially exculpatory evidence may result in dismissal of the charges if the defendant can show "bad faith or connivance on the part of the government" or "that he was prejudiced by the loss of the evidence." Daniels v. State, 114 Nev. 261, 266-267 (1998); Howard v. State, 95 Nev. 580, 582 (1979).

In <u>Daniels v. State</u> the Nevada Supreme Court discussed a rule regarding the present circumstances. The Nevada Supreme Court adopted an approach used by the New Mexico Supreme Court, recognizing that "although police officers generally have no duty to collect all potential evidence from a crime scene . . . this rule is not absolute," due to the injustices that could arise from "the State's failure to gather evidence under certain circumstances." <u>Daniels</u>, 114 Nev. at 267. The Nevada Supreme Court developed a two-part test for circumstances where the State has failed to gather evidence. <u>Id.</u> First, the defense must show that the "evidence was 'material,' meaning that there is a reasonable probability that, had the evidence been available to the defense, the result of the proceedings would have been different." <u>Id.</u> (citation omitted). Second, if the evidence was "material" the next determination is whether the failure to gather evidence was "the result of mere negligence, gross negligence, or a bad faith attempt to prejudice the defendant's case. <u>Id.</u> The Court next articulated a difference in outcome depending upon the

culpability of the State. "When mere negligence is involved, no sanctions are imposed, but the defense can still examine the prosecution's witnesses about the investigative deficiencies. When gross negligence is involved, the defense is entitled to a presumption that the evidence would have been unfavorable to the State. In cases of bad faith, we conclude that dismissal of the charges may be an available remedy based upon an evaluation of the case as a whole." <u>Id.</u> (citations omitted).

The Nevada Supreme Court in <u>Daniels v. State</u> denied a defendant's appeal because he failed to establish that the blood evidence was likely to have been material to his defense of involuntary intoxication, because he failed to establish that that State's failure to gather the blood evidence was attributable to negligence, gross negligence, or bad faith. 114 Nev. at 268. The Court concluded that "whether the blood evidence would likely have prevented [the defendant's] conviction is pure speculation." <u>Id.</u> In <u>Leonard v. State</u> the Nevada Supreme Court found the standard for a failure to collect evidence does not apply when a state employee failed to make a video tape, because he was not acting for the police or prosecuting authorities when he failed to make a tape. 114 Nev. 639, 655 (1998).

First the Court will consider whether the backpack and video footage at issue were "material." "Evidence is material if there is a reasonable probability that the result would have been different if the evidence had been disclosed." Lay v. State, 116 Nev. 1185, 1194 (2000). A reasonable probability is shown when "the nondisclosure undermines confidence in the outcome of the trial." Id. Schachter argues the video footage would prove he entered the WalMart with the backpack he is alleged to have stolen. Additionally Schachter argues the backpack itself would prove the backpack was customized and as a result it could not have been stolen on the day in question. Unlike the blood evidence in Daniels, the nondisclosure of this evidence undermines the confidence in the outcome of the trial because there is a reasonable probability that these items may change the result of this trial. The Court finds that Schachter has met his burden of proving these items of evidence are material.

Next the Court will consider whether the State's failure to collect this evidence was the result of negligent, gross negligent or bad faith conduct. "The presence or absence of bad faith by the [government actor] for the purposes of the Due Process Clause must necessarily turn on the [government actor's] knowledge of the exculpatory value of the evidence at the time it was lost or destroyed." Arizona v. Youngblood, 488 U.S. 51, 56 n * (1988). The Nevada Supreme Court has found police action does not amount to bad faith when the police did not destroy evidence in an attempt to make it unavailable to the defendant. See Warner, 112 Nev. at 1240. In the instant case, the WalMart asset protection personnel did not copy the video evidence of Schachter entering the WalMart, resulting in its destruction sixty (60) days later. Additionally, the employees took only one photo of the backpack at issue before returning it to the store as merchandise. The facts of this case show no indication that the failure to collect these items was a result of any bad faith on the part of the State in an effort to make this evidence unavailable to the defense. Facts of this case indicate the WalMart employees were simply acting pursuant to store policies. However, the Court does find that actions of the State indicate negligence on behalf of the State. The Court finds the actions by the State indicate the State made no effort to collect the evidence at issue, or direct WalMart employees to collect the evidence. Therefore, the Court finds the State has negligently failed to collect potentially exculpatory evidence.

The Court finds the State has failed to collect evidence, including the backpack and video of Schachter entering the WalMart. The Court further finds that the State's failure to collect was a result of negligence on the part of the State. Therefore, the Court finds Schachter's motion to dismiss is denied. However, Schachter may examine the State's witnesses about these investigative deficiencies at trial.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

1 2 CASE NO. CR14-1044 3 I certify that I am an employee of the SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT of the STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF WASHOE; that on the 110 day of September, 2014, I filed 4 5 the ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS CASE ON GROUNDS 6 THAT THE STATE HAS LOST AND/OR DESTROYED MATERIAL EXCULPATORY 7 **EVIDENCE** with the Clerk of the Court. 8 I further certify that I transmitted a true and correct copy of the foregoing document by the 9 method(s) noted below: 10 Personal delivery to the following: [NONE] 11 I electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court, using the ECF which sends an immediate notice of the electronic filing to the following registered e-filers for their review of 12 the document in the ECF system: 13 NICKOLAS GRAHAM, ESQ. for STATE OF NEVADA 14 KELLY KOSSOW, ESQ. for STATE OF NEVADA 15 JOSEPH GOODNIGHT, ESQ. for MARC PAUL SCHACHTER JAMES LESLIE, ESQ. for MARC PAUL SCHACHTER 16 DIV. OF PAROLE & PROBATION 17 ZELALEM BOGALE, ESQ. for STATE OF NEVADA 18 Deposited in the Washoe County mailing system in a sealed envelope for postage and mailing with the United States Postal Service in Reno, Nevada: 19 20 Marc Schachter, #14-09450 c/o Washoe County Detention Center 21 911 Parr Blvd. Reno, NV 89512 22 23 Placing a true copy thereof in a sealed envelope for service via: 24 Reno/Carson Messenger Service - [NONE] 25 Federal Express or other overnight delivery service [NONE] 26 DATED this \(\lambda_\text{\(\lambda\)}\) day of September, \(\lambda \) audic Cots 27 28

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE **OFFICERS OF** PAGE ONE

COURT PRESENT APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/11/14

ONGOING PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS/MOTION TO CONFIRM TRIAL DATE

HONORABLE CONNIE

Deputy District Attorney Zelalem Bogale, Esq., represented the State. Defendant present representing himself. Chief Deputy Public Defender

STEINHEIMER James Leslie, Esq., present as stand-by counsel for the Defendant.

DEPT. NO.4

M. Stone (Clerk)

Alejandro Monroy called by State's counsel, sworn and testified.

J. Schonlau

***Witness identified the Defendant for the record.

(Reporter)

EXHIBIT C marked by State's counsel.

Witness Monroy further direct examined.

EXHIBIT C offered by State's counsel; voir dire and no objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence.

Witness Monroy further direct examined; cross-examined; redirect examined; recross-examined; excused.

Nick Reed called by State's counsel, sworn and testified.

EXHIBITS 1 and 1A marked and offered by State's counsel; no objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence.

Witness Reed further direct examined.

EXHIBIT 1B marked by State's counsel.

Witness Reed further direct examined; cross-examined; excused.

Discussion ensued regarding the purpose of the testimony and contents of Exhibits A and B marked at previous hearing.

11:11 a.m. Court recessed.

11:48 a.m. Court reconvened with State's counsel, Defendant and Stand-By counsel present.

Michelle Bays called by State's counsel, sworn and testified.

EXHIBIT 1B offered by State's counsel; no objection by Defendant; ordered

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF

PAGE TWO

COURT PRESENT

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/11/14

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS

J. Schonlau

admitted into evidence.

(Reporter)

EXHIBIT B1 marked by State's counsel.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

EXHBIT B1 offered by State's counsel; no objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

State's counsel set forth differences to all the survellience videos.

Witness Bays excused subject to recall.

12:06 p.m. Court recessed.

1:09 p.m. Court reconvened with State's counsel, Defendant and Stand-By counsel present.

Witness Bays, heretofore sworn, resumed stand and was further direct examined.

EXHIBIT D marked by State's counsel.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

EXHIBIT D offered by State's counsel; objection by Defendant; objection sustained, admission denied.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

EXHIBIT D re-offered by State's counsel; admission held in abeyance pending further questioning of the witness.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

EXHIBIT E marked by State's counsel.

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF PAGE THREE

COURT PRESENT

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/11/14

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS

J. Schonlau (Reporter)

Witness Bays further direct examined

EXHBIT D re-offered by State's counsel; voir dire and objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence over objection.

Witness Bays further direct examined.

EXHIBITS A and B offered by State's counsel; no objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence.

Witness Bays further direct examined; cross-examined; excused.

Discussion ensued regarding the State recalling Witness Monroy.

Witness Monroy, heretofore sworn, recalled by State's counsel and was direct examined; cross-examined; examined by the Court; redirect examined; recross-examined; further examined by the Court, State's counsel and Defendant; excused

1:30 p.m. Court recessed.

4:06 p.m. Court reconvened with State's counsel, Defendant and Stand-by counsel.

Witness Monroy, heretofore sworn, recalled by State's counsel and was direct examined.

EXHIBIT F marked by State's counsel.

Witness Monroy further direct examined.

EXHIBIT F offered by State's counsel; voir dire and no objection by Defendant; ordered admitted into evidence.

Witness Monroy further direct examined; cross-examined; examined by the Court; excused.

State rested.

4:10 p.m. Court recessed.

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF

PAGE FOUR

COURT PRESENT

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/11/14

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS

J. Schonlau (Reporter)

4:45 p.m. Court reconvened with State's counsel, Defendant and Stand-by counsel present.

Motion to Dismiss due to Prejudicial Delay by defendant; presented argument.

Motion to Dismiss due to Lost or Destroyed Evidence by defendant; presented argument.

COURT ENTERED ORDER denying the Motion for Preliminary Hearing Transcript based on the defendant's refusal to accept the remedy of remanding case back to Justice Court for preliminary examination; granting Motion to Compel State to provide "Brady" Material; granting the Motion in Limine regarding bad acts of the State's witnesses and a hearing outside the presence of the jury must be conducted prior to any questions being asked.

State's counsel presented objections to the Motions to Dismiss.

Discussion ensued regarding the Faretta canvass conducted by Judge
Lynch in the lower Court, the defendant's inability to hire an investigator, the
request for an investigator at public expense and subpoena's issued on
behalf of the defendant by the Public Defender's Office.

State's counsel provided the defendant and stand-by counsel with the
State's packet of proposed Jury Instructions.

EXHIBITS 2, 3, 4 and 5 marked by State's counsel.

State's counsel advised the Court and the defendant that Exhibits 2 and 3 would be utilized for impeachment purposes.

Stand-by counsel Leslie presented argument on behalf of the defendant for the limited purpose of the use of Exhibits 2 and 3 for impeachment purposes. State's counsel presented reply argument.

COURT ENTERED ORDER allowing for the use of the Judgments of Conviction contained in Exhibits 2 and 3 for impeachment purposes should the defendant testify and deny having prior convictions. COURT further found Exhibits 2 and 3 constitutionally valid for impeachment purposes. COURT took the following Motions under advisement: Motions to Dismiss due to Prejudicial Delay, Motion to Dismiss due to Lost or Destroyed Evidence, Motion to Advise Witnesses for the State of the privilege against self-incrimination, Motion to Compel the State to provide exculpatory evidence, Motion to Obtain Material and Exculpatory Video Recording, Motion for the Production of the Replacement or Substitute lost or stolen Material, and Motion in Limine with Regard to the Surveillance video Evidence.

Exhibit marking set.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Washoe County Alternate

Public Defender's Office and that on this date I served a copy of the JOINT

APPENDIX – VOLUME II to the following:

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER #91445 C/O NNCC P.O. BOX 7000 CARSON CITY, NEVADA 89701 Via U.S. Mail

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WASHOE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
Attn: Appellate Department
Via Electronic Filing

DATED this 2 day of June, 2015.

Randi Jensen

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,)			Electronically Filed Jun 29 2015 10:02 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court
)			
Appellant,)	Case No.	67673	
)			
VS.)			
)			
THE STATE OF NEVADA,)			
)			
Respondent.)			
)			

Appeal from Judgment of Conviction Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada The Honorable Elliott Sattler

JOINT APPENDIX - VOLUME II

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3	CCR #18		
4	75 COURT STREET		
5	RENO, NEVADA		
6			
7	, IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVA		
8	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE		
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CONNIE J. STEINHEIMER, DISTRICT JUDG		
10	-000-		
11	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
12	Plaintiff,)		
13	vs.) CASE NO. CR14-1044) DEPARTMENT NO. 4		
14	MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,)		
15	Defendant.)		
16			
17	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS		
18	PRETRIAL MOTIONS		
19	WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 2014, 2:00 P.M.		
20	Reno, Nevada		
21			
22	Reported By: JUDITH ANN SCHONLAU, CCR #18 NEVADA-CALIFORNIA CERTIFIED; REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL REPORTER		
23	Computer-aided Transcription		
24			

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1 RENO, NEVADA; WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 2014; 2:00 P.M. 2 -000-3 4 THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. 5 MR. LEE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 6 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 7 MR. LESLIE: Good afternoon, Judge. I remain here as 8 standby counsel. 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 MR. LESLIE: Before we get going on the motions, may 11 I advise the Court of something? 12 THE COURT: Certainly. 13 MR. LESLIE: That is simply I have a murder trial on 14 the 22nd, and this case is set. I meant to highlight that 15 fact last time we were here, and I didn't. I am working on 16 getting somebody to come in between now and then as standby 17 counsel, but I don't feel I am at the point yet where I can 18 direct somebody. I am working with somebody at the 19 supervisory level that can do that. Right now I don't have 20 anybody. I just wanted to let the Court, and Mr. Schachter 21 actually has known that for a few weeks. I wanted to make sure the Court understood that we are working on it. 22 23 MR. LEE: Judge, I should say Mr. Bogale intends to

I am standing in for him today.

24

try this case.

unavailable. Matt Lee for the record.

THE COURT: Mr. Schachter is here and I am here.

THE DEFENDANT: Good morning.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

THE COURT: We have several motions that we are going to work on today, and we might as well start with the defendant's motions. So let's start with your Motion to Dismiss the case on the ground the State has lost and/or destroyed material exculpatory evidence.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. As far as I know, the controlling case is Youngblood versus Arizona, and the Supreme Court said it is a two-prong test for due process violation, one bad faith by the police, the other being material was lost and can't be replaced. None of the -- none of the articles they said I stole was recovered. According to them, it all went back on the shelf for restocking.

NRS 205.295, I have it right here, Your Honor. The officer arresting any person charged as a principal or accessory in a robbery or larceny should use reasonable diligence to secure the property alleged to be stolen, and, after seizure, shall be answerable therefor while it remains in the officer's hands and shall annex a schedule thereof to the return of the warrant. Whenever the District Attorney shall acquire such property for use as evidence upon the

examination of trial, such officer, upon demand of the District Attorney, shall deliver it to the District Attorney and take a receipt therefor, after which such District Attorney shall be answerable for the same.

They never, the police never had possession of the the alleged property. So that is part of the bad faith. The State's response is it is store policy to return it to the shelf. I don't understand what part of store policy is above and beyond the NRS. How they can, I mean if that is the policy, why are we here? If they already decided that property belongs to them, then what is this for? They made no attempt at all. They took a picture of it. The picture is not even mentioned in any report. There is a trailing receipt. That receipt doesn't match the property in the picture. I asked the investigator to bring the backpack.

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, he asked we subpoen a number of, issue a number of subpoenas. Those are coming. I would have to double check. I think on September 11th we have under subpoena, he asked us to -- We are working off a handwritten worksheet Mr. Schachter provided. I was going over that just yesterday in detail. It looks like we have subpoenas out for everything, but they are not going to come due until I think I said the 11th, and it looks like the 11th it is. So that may be forthcoming. From Schachter's benefit,

it may be that we may not have that material, those various materials, until the 11th. But we'll provide those to him as soon as we receive them and go from there.

THE COURT: What is it you subpoenaed?

THE DEFENDANT: The backpack, itself, to show that it was not new. It was altered. It was customized and will not match the trailing receipt that they printed. I also have --

MR. LESLIE: Let me look at that. For what it's worth, our understanding as a rule by standby counsel, it is to follow through with his investigative request. It did not seem patently unreasonable. I refer to his position as proper. With regard to the backpack, I believe that was Wal-Mart, Your Honor. You know, I can keep Mr. Schachter updated, but in our subpoenas, we usually tell them if they produce by a certain date in advance of that, then they don't need to appear. So I have reason to believe these subpoenas may be answered one way or the other by the 9th.

THE COURT: What is the date you told them to appear?

MR. LESLIE: September 11th.

THE COURT: At what time?

MR. LESLIE: 9:00 a.m. I'd have to go back and check

the file. Off the top of my head, I suspect that is probably a date we have in that case. We have a Motion to Confirm, so my investigator suggested it for that day. It is possible they will comply to the subpoena by the 9th as I indicated.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.

THE DEFENDANT: Additionally, I have a document that I have labeled "confidential" only because it gives areas of the materiality and readiness or why the material is important and why losing it or not keeping it is important to my defense.

THE COURT: You can't file anything like that ex parte at this stage of the proceedings.

THE DEFENDANT: I want to show the Court that the material, the items are material to my defense.

THE COURT: If your argument is the State is withholding material evidence, you have to tell them that it is material, and you have to convince them in front of me and me in front of them and do an ex-parte application to me.

THE DEFENDANT: I am not arguing they are withholding. They already said it went back up on the shelf. It is gone. I am arguing it was lost, under Youngblood.

THE COURT: You can't do that ex-parte at this stage of the proceedings. I don't take it. You can argue it, but he has a right to hear it.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Part of it is that, Your

Honor, in the police report, Ms. Young, one of the loss

prevention officers, said she saw me opening the package.

Obviously, having the package here and showing that everything was sealed would impeach her testimony.

THE COURT: It might impeach her testimony, but that doesn't mean that I would dismiss the charges because her testimony is impeached.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Additionally, like I said, the backpack was completely altered. On the video it shows --

THE COURT: I am sorry, sir. You are going -- This is not making a case for me to take a pretrial stance that I am going to dismiss something. You are not convincing me. This isn't getting there. So if you want to impeach the evidence the State put on, you will be able to do that and you can do that at trial.

THE DEFENDANT: I am trying to use the evidence that they do not have. That's the problem. They didn't give me the opportunity to impeach the evidence they have. They just gave it back to Wal-Mart even though it was my property, Your Honor. If I can show it was my property, obviously, there is no robbery. The property was mine. The video always has m with the property prior. Every bit of the video has me with the property they say I stole. I walked in with the property.

I walked out with the property. That is what the evidence shows.

THE COURT:

THE DEFENDANT: Yes. The video they gave me. Every minute of the video they have provided me with has me with the property. I asked for the video prior of me walking in, but they don't have it. According to the investigator, it is not available either.

You have a video that shows that?

THE COURT: So you want me to dismiss the charges because it is not available?

THE DEFENDANT: No, no. That is a different motion.

This motion is dismissed with the loss of exculpatory

evidence. The backpack and the items they say I stole is

exculpatory. It is mine, Your Honor. The property was mine.

THE COURT: Do you have any evidence of that?

THE DEFENDANT: If I can show that to the jury where the backpack couldn't possibly --

THE COURT: When I talk, you stop.

THE DEFENDANT: Sorry.

THE COURT: We'll start that rule. Do you have any evidence that it is your backpack? I know you are telling me it was your backpack. Wal-Mart and the State are telling me no, it wasn't. What evidence do you have to convince me that I should find that it is your backpack as a matter of law?

THE DEFENDANT: The video.

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THE COURT: What about the video?

THE DEFENDANT: The video shows the straps have been cut. The way the straps are not on this backpack, the other straps are not on the backpack. Coming brand new off the shelf, it has certain straps. It has a waist strap. It has a strap that goes across the waist.

THE COURT: I am going to deny your motion with leave to renew as a directed verdict at the conclusion of the evidence. I have to see the evidence.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Do you want me to tell you which one to argue next?

THE DEFENDANT: Please. You might want to do another motion to replace that evidence so they would bring it it has been subpoenaed.

THE COURT: Motion for Preliminary Hearing Transcript.

THE DEFENDANT: Give me one second, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, does the Court mind, actually I would request Mr. Schachter be permitted to be unshackled on his left hand. I know his right hand is free. I notice he's having trouble reaching with the shackled hand.

THE COURT: Yes, that's fine.

THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

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MR. LESLIE: It might help him find the motions quicker.

THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

THE COURT: Let's go to this motion. I am just going to cut to the chase. The defendant wants the Motion for the Preliminary Hearing transcript, and the State says they heard there was a malfunction. Have you gotten what is available?

THE DEFENDANT: Nothing. The State just says this is moot. Why is this moot? Why don't I have a right to have the transcript?

MR. LEE: I want to supplement that argument the State included in the opposition. I think we looked at a couple of issues. One is prejudice to the defendant. I think that is important in this. If we look at what could he challenge from a Preliminary Hearing and the transcript would be needed, he could file a Writ of Habeas Corpus. That time has passed.

THE COURT: No. Time runs from when the transcript is available.

MR. LEE: I thought it was 21 days after Arraignment.

THE COURT: No, not if there is no transcript.

Believe it or not, they don't get quite that draconian.

MR. LEE: Thank you. I like being educated by judges. I appreciate that. The other law instructive is Nevada Rule of Appellate Procedure 9c. If the transcript is unavailable, appellate may prepare a statement of the evidence or proceedings from the best available means including recollection, appellant's recollection. Apparently it gives a procedure when something like this happens, appellant can recollect from what happened at the Preliminary Hearing and confer with the opposing side.

THE COURT: Not at the Preliminary. An appeal.

MR. LEE: I am talking about the transcript from an earlier hearing.

THE COURT: Right. But the transcript, the problem is if the transcript from the Preliminary Hearing would be used not just for a Writ which is available and not available if there is no transcript, but also for impeachment purposes, especially in the case where you have the defendant claiming people aren't being truthful and the evidence isn't what it is. And they testified once before and now all of a sudden that evidence isn't there. I think that is highly prejudicial.

MR. LEE: What happens, it is merely a probable cause hearing to get him from one stage to another at trial.

He still has all the ability to try to impeach them. He just

wouldn't have the transcript.

THE COURT: What if they say something different?

MR. LEE: Than what happened at Prelim?

THE COURT: Right.

MR. LEE: He can still impeach them with whatever other means he can find with the evidence in the case.

THE COURT: Why do we even have the transcript at all if it is not necessary and there is no prejudice if I don't have a transcript? Why do we have a transcript?

MR. LEE: I am not arguing against that. I agree. What I am saying, the law does give some Instructions when this happens. It, apparently it is such a rare thing but it happens enough it gives us guidance in appellate procedure.

THE COURT: I am sorry to do this to you. That is based on a civil appeal and there is no right to have a court reporter present in a civil appeal. So that whole procedure goes away. If there is no record of the trial in Justice Court, they can do a statement of the case. And the procedure for that is both sides do the statement and the judge gets to say yea or nay. It isn't they just in the middle of an appeal stand up and say, Judge, this is what happened. Actually, we see that fairly frequently in the civil appeals from Justice Court.

MR. LEE: Again, I share the Court's concern that it

was not made at the lower level. And, apparently, based on a malfunction, even though the Justice Court clerk says that she was running the equipment properly, nonetheless, when I look at prejudice, I don't believe that is something that would take away from the avenue of impeachment, one avenue of cross-examination, or necessarily prejudices the defendant so much so that we perhaps need a new Preliminary Hearing. He's still free to cross-examine based on evidence, based on whatever else his investigation finds, and based on his interview with these witnesses pretrial or through his, whatever assistance he has. So he can do that and use that avenue to impeach on a prior statement. Just the mere fact of not having a transcript from a Preliminary Hearing which isn't a discovery preliminary, merely a probable cause determination is missing, while unfortunate, the State agrees it does not prejudice it so much so we need to send this case back for Preliminary Hearing. If Your Honor feels it prejudices it, that would be the remedy.

THE COURT: Mr. Schachter.

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THE DEFENDANT: Quoting from Jencks versus U.S.

MR. LESLIE: Say that again.

THE WITNESS: Jencks versus U.S.

THE COURT: You should give the cite. J-I-N-X?

THE DEFENDANT: J-E-N-C-K-S, 353 U.S. 657. Every

experienced trial judge and trial lawyer knows the value of impeaching people of the State. The witnesses recording events before time impeaches memory. Essentially, a witness' account of the event is the ability to compare that version with other versions the witness has earlier recounted. Defendant's access to a witness' prior statement thus imposes a handicap that strikes at the heart of cross-examination.

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Obviously, if I was to have another Preliminary this close on the eve of trial, it is not the same as what was said two months ago. I can't get him to say the exact same thing. I had limited cross, because he already testified on direct of the untruthful things. So I didn't have a long lengthy cross on his testimony, but it was enough for me to now show against his written statement and against the video evidence that he was lying.

THE COURT: We don't have a transcript to show that.

THE DEFENDANT: Exactly. From the very beginning, Your Honor, I said this case hinges on my ability to show that he is lying. When we did the original Faretta canvass, I told the Court that is one of the reasons why I wanted to go proper was to say, because I knew when he was lying and why he was lying.

THE COURT: The only remedy, however, would be a new Preliminary Hearing. It would not be to dismiss the case

because of a malfunction.

THE DEFENDANT: That is not acceptable. I can't make him say the same exact testimony that he gave back then.

THE COURT: Well, unfortunately, you don't get to choose your remedies, necessarily. So you can't get a case dismissed because of the malfunction at the Preliminary Hearing stage. I don't think that is a basis to dismiss the case. But I think it is wrong, and I think you should have the transcript and you should be able to have the testimony from the prior testimony. So the only remedy I can think of would be to remand for a new Prelim.

THE DEFENDANT: That's not going to help me, Your Honor. I would not even ask for that.

THE COURT: Okay. Let's talk about --

THE DEFENDANT: The other problem before we move on, Your Honor, if I may.

THE COURT: Yes.

THE DEFENDANT: That is not on the recording then.

Neither is my original Faretta waiver.

THE COURT: I think I went through the Faretta canvass.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, but I would have a right to say that canvass was unique, now it was unvoluntary, she denied the right to standby counsel.

THE COURT: So what would you be able to argue?

THE DEFENDANT: I would be able to argue the Faretta canvass she gave me was unique by me by her denying me my right to standby counsel and not advising me. There is no law

THE COURT: Anyway, we all know what she did, so

THE DEFENDANT: I can't argue any of those issues that were present at the Preliminary because all that recording was lost. That whole proceeding was lost.

THE COURT: But that gets you back to what the State argued, you can make a statement of the case.

THE DEFENDANT: But not to the Faretta hearing.

THE COURT: Why?

library at the jail.

what is the point?

THE DEFENDANT: Because the Court specifically says it won't acknowledge a silent record on that. You can't argue against --

THE COURT: Your argument now is that you think that your case will be overturned because you did not have counsel at your Preliminary Hearing?

THE DEFENDANT: No. That is a collateral issue to not having the Preliminary Hearing and that proceedings transcript.

THE COURT: That is another reason for you to go

back. Now that I did do a Faretta canvass and I do have a record of it and I have appointed standby counsel, I can remand you back to Justice Court for a Prelim so we are sure your rights are completely covered.

THE DEFENDANT: But not my confrontation clause right. Because, again, as you put it, I can't redo what has been done. I'd have to change my whole strategy

THE COURT: You may change you strategy. That is not your right to confrontation.

THE DEFENDANT: You are asking me to do it on the eve of trial.

THE COURT: Welcome to the trial.

THE DEFENDANT: Why should I waive my right to speedy trial because of something the Court did?

THE COURT: I don't think you can say the Court did it.

THE DEFENDANT: Who is ever responsible. It is certainly not my fault though, right?

THE COURT: You have a right to have a speedy trial, but your right to speedy trial is not at the expense of any other rights, and you cannot say I waive this right because I want a speedy trial and yet I reserve the right to later argue that my right to confrontation or my right to have standby counsel or my right to prove the Judge was wrong have been

abrogated by the lack of a transcript. You can't argue one against the other. Certainly people do not always get their trial within 60 days. Had you filed a Writ of Habeas Corpus, you wouldn't get your trial within 60 days. If you were incompetent, you wouldn't get your trial within 60 days. If the Preliminary Hearing needed to be done, for whatever reason remanded for a new hearing, you wouldn't get your jury trial within 60 days of your first appearance in Justice Court. But that would not be a violation of your right to speedy trial if there is good cause.

I don't know what I am going to do with you at this point. We'll see. I am just trying to explain to you that there is not a 60-day right to trial no matter what is going to happen.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay. I wouldn't object to that I think.

THE COURT: You don't want to waive your right to have a transcript do you?

THE DEFENDANT: I don't want to waive my right to the speedy at all.

THE COURT: Do you want to waive your right to having a transcript of the Prelim before you go to trial?

THE DEFENDANT: There is no transcript, Your Honor.

THE COURT: There could be. I didn't ask you that.

I asked you a straight question.

THE DEFENDANT: I am sorry. I do not waive my right.

THE COURT: Okay. Okay. What is the Motion to Advise Witnesses for the State Their Privilege Against Self-incrimination?

THE DEFENDANT: Again, Your Honor, it is the facts and my intention to show the witnesses were lying, and the moment it becomes apparent that the witnesses were lying about the theft, it is a robbery the other way. They robbed the property from me. Therefore, they are exposing themselves to whatever criminal charges result from that. So at the point at which they are compelled to testify under the subpoena, they would be — they would have to assert their right then. I don't want a mistrial in the middle because they decide once they are caught in the lie they don't want to testify anymore.

THE COURT: Why don't you want a mistrial for that?

If they refuse to testify and it is caused by the State, that is not a mistrial that gets to try it over.

THE DEFENDANT: They start with the I don't remembers and I don't knows, that is not what I am looking for. I am either looking for acquittal -- I am not, even on these, Your Honor, I would prefer not a dismissal as much as acquittal.

THE COURT: I don't understand what you are asking.

Are you asking for in front of the jury to notify the witnesses?

THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely not. Just present either pretrial to let them know once they start answering questions they are obligated to keep on answering. They waive the privilege when they answer that first question under Rogers.

THE COURT: Well, if they are charged with something. They are not a target. Just because they are your target doesn't make them a target of the State.

THE DEFENDANT: They are in the dilemma of being under subpoena, self-incrimination or perjury.

THE COURT: Why do you think you have standing to raise their right against self-incrimination for them?

THE DEFENDANT: No more standing than when the State asks me to keep my examination in the form of a question.

That is one of their motions. I am just asking that the Court advise them so I don't have a mistrial. So we don't have any complications in the middle of trial they don't want to answer any questions anymore. Your Honor, I don't think you understand. In the middle of this trial, it is going to become very apparent that they lied about me taking this property. So at that point, they have committed the robbery by their own admission.

THE COURT: Do you have anything you want to argue?

MR. LEE: Judge, I think I will submit on the written opposition.

THE COURT: Okay. Let's talk about the video you want.

THE DEFENDANT: I have the video here, Your Honor.

Each and every video file it says that they have been edited or created on June 14th after it was in the custody of Reno Police Department. So I don't know what was on it. There is no chain of custody. There is no evidence. I can't tell what was on it before when Wal-Mart gave it to the detective.

THE COURT: Do we have someone present to testify about that?

MR. LEE: From the State?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LEE: We don't have anyone present about that. We don't understand from the motion what editing is. What was edited out. We just don't see that. In my viewing of the video this morning, I still don't see it.

THE COURT: Okay. We are going to have to take a recess, get the equipment. We need equipment to do it.

THE DEFENDANT: Sounds to me like they know exactly. Why wouldn't they call the detective and see what happens? How did we get two when he only turned in one?

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1	THE COURT: Two what?
2	THE DEFENDANT: DVD's. The detective got one DVD
3	from Wal-Mart. How did we get two to give to me?
4	THE COURT: Are they identical?
5	THE DEFENDANT: No.
6	THE COURT: Do you have a police report that says
7	they got two?
8	THE DEFENDANT: They got one.
9	THE COURT: Where is the police report? Mr. Leslie,
10	did you want to see it?
11	MR. LESLIE: I am standby, if he wants me to review
12	it.
13	THE COURT: I saw him hand it toward you, that is
14	why I was asking.
15	MR. LESLIE: Do you want me to see it before?
16	I think he just thought I would give it to you.
17	THE COURT: Where did you want me to look?
18	THE DEFENDANT: At the bottom. It says he turned in
19	the one disk. The top also says it was one disk.
20	THE COURT: Counsel, do you have this?
21	MR. LEE: The police report?
22	THE COURT: Yes.
	MR. LEE: I do.
24	THE COURT: Do you know why there are two disks
20212223	THE COURT: Counsel, do you have this? MR. LEE: The police report? THE COURT: Yes. MR. LEE: I do.

1 instead of one? 2 I don't know why. My notes from MR. LEE: 3 Mr. Bogale said they are identical. I didn't look at both 4 today. 5 THE DEFENDANT: They are edited two different times, 6 Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: I don't care if they were edited at two 8 different times. I don't know they were actually edited. If 9 they were copied, that doesn't mean it was edited. 10 THE DEFENDANT: My issue is not so much -- Why can't 11 I see the original one? 12 THE COURT: I don't know. Did you make a request for 13 the original one? Did you make a request to view the 14 original? 15 THE DEFENDANT: These were the ones given to me in 16 discovery. THE COURT: You got a copy here, right? Everything 17 18 is a copy in discovery. Did you make a request to view the 19 original? 20 THE DEFENDANT: Just through this motion, not prior 21 to this motion. THE COURT: Where is the original counsel? 22 23 MR. LEE: Your Honor, I would assume we have a copy

as well from the Reno Police Department. I am going to assume

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the original is with the Reno Police Department or perhaps even Wal-Mart still has a copy of what they supplied to the Reno Police Department.

motion for the original to be produced. I am going to grant it. I am not going to say you have to turn it over to him. You have to produce it to the Court. It has to be viewable. I don't know how the State is going to do that, what the format is. I don't know how they record at Wal-Mart. I don't know what it looks like. But the defendant has a right to view the original recording, and since he's in custody, the viewing will have to take place in court so we can see it. He has a right to view that. How long do you think it will take you to produce it?

MR. LEE: If Your Honor could give me till early next week.

THE COURT: Early next week I am in trial as you heard.

MR. LEE: I did not. I am sorry.

THE COURT: The case right before you.

MR. LESLIE: Motion to Confirm is the 11th which is next Thursday, I believe. I am trying to be helpful to Mr. Schachter to see it. If we did the Motion to Confirm say at 10:00 o'clock, you clean up your calendar, we do this case

at 10:00 or 10:14.

THE COURT: Let me look up the calendar and see if I can do that. We are going to need the person, the witness and I don't have any equipment to view things. The State is going to have to provide the equipment to view the exhibit and then also the copies that Mr. Schachter has. If those need to be viewed on a different kind of thing, if there is a discovery dispute, we'll have to see those and compare them to the originals.

MR. LEE: Could I ask for clarification? Obviously, the original is housed in a storage device in a surveillance system. We can ask Wal-Mart to burn a copy again. They can't bring in their whole surveillance system with the cameras. That is the original. All they can do is burn copies off of that to produce in court. I will attack this two ways: I am going to ask the officer bring in exactly what Wal-Mart provided to him that was booked in evidence. I could also ask Wal-Mart to burn a new disk of what they have saved if they still have it saved. That is as close to the originals I can plan on getting.

THE COURT: I don't know too much about the surveillance system. Why don't you describe to me what the surveillance system is at Wal-Mart?

MR. LEE: Based on a past case I have done, there

again what they have is this enormous data base of surveillance. It records everything that is going on in the hundreds of cameras that are around the store. It stores it for a time. I don't know how long that is. It stores it in whatever data base, whether it is on site, off-site, I don't know. And then when the Reno police officer comes back say a day or two later and says let me get surveillance of this, they are able to pull it on the computer off of what is stored and download it to a disk, a CD. That is what is provided to the officer.

THE COURT: It is recorded digitally?

MR. LEE: Yeah. Obviously, if they want to let someone have it, they can view it just on their computer at Wal-Mart. What they do in these cases is provide a disk to Reno police or whatever agency is seeking it. So I guess, to view an original, we would have to go to Wal-Mart and the loss prevention office. They certainly burn a CD and that is what we have. I can certainly ask the detective who obtained the CD from Wal-Mart to bring that. That would be the original we have.

THE COURT: What about the different views?

MR. LEE: Different cameras.

THE COURT: Right. How do they do that?

MR. LEE: Again, I believe they are all stored and

saved for sometime. What I ascertain is the employee from Wal-Mart has to track down and locate a given subject, in this case Mr. Schachter, and try to find where he was at a certain time and record it from when they see him.

THE COURT: Okay. So in terms of the discovery, it seems to me you need the person, Reno Police Department person that collected it, but also the person who prepared it which must be a Wal-Mart employee, and they would have to testify that they viewed this on their computer and they looked where they looked and what they did and what they did witness, then the disk is provided to Reno PD and the disk is provided to you so we can get down to, Mr. Schachter's contention is he walked in with the backpack and there should be video of that, but there doesn't appear to be. Now that could be because someone didn't bother to find it because they didn't believe him, or it could be that he didn't walk in with the backpack. But there should be video of him entering the store one way or the other.

MR. LEE: Is that what Your Honor is interested in?

THE COURT: I think that is what he's interested in.

MR. LEE: I will contact Wal-Mart today. Hopefully this individual is working. I will ask him to try to find that. I don't know if that has been done in the past.

THE COURT: I don't know. That is his defense.

Either way, it goes either to support his defense if he had the item on him or not support his defense if he did not have those items when he walked in the door. If they don't have it because they couldn't find it, we'll need testimony on that with regard to the discovery.

MR. LEE: Thank you for that clarification.

THE DEFENDANT: Thank you.

MR. LEE: Could I ask the hearing date again?

THE CLERK: September 11th at 10:00. We are also going to move the Motion to Confirm to 10:00 o'clock.

THE COURT: We'll move the Motion in Limine regarding surveillance video to that same time. And since-You are making a demand for legal material and legal supplies?

THE DEFENDANT: It has all been taken care of. That was all prior. If you remember, Mr. Leslie gave me the materials on the day I turned the motions in.

THE COURT: Right.

THE DEFENDANT: That has all been taken care of.

THE COURT: Okay. I think your Motion to Dismiss for the delays and your grounds there is material exculpatory evidence that has all been destroyed, and the information that is Brady in the State's motion, all of that is really sort of one thing, isn't it?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, but about the 9-1-1.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: I got four pages of the 9-1-1 dispatch, actually the in-service call. I was curious to know if this was, the whole four pages was everything.

THE COURT: So you are asking the State to confirm --

THE DEFENDANT: If this is complete discovery.

THE COURT: -- if you have gotten complete

discovery?

THE DEFENDANT: Exactly.

THE COURT: I am going to ask the bailiff to take back this part of the Reno Police Department report. I don't know if counsel can answer your question. The bailiff can hand them to counsel to see.

MR. LEE: Judge, all I can confirm is that is exactly what the State has.

THE DEFENDANT: Because, Your Honor, on the original Declaration of the probable cause and arrest, the officer stated he was called for a petit larceny call, and there is no petit larceny call on that. I was just wondering if there were others or the officer was not telling the truth or whatever.

THE COURT: Well, if that is all they have, that is all they have. Now that you have made that clear, perhaps

counsel for the State will look at it a little bit
differently. I don't know. But he says he doesn't have any.

MR. LEE: I would note as well we provided the actual call in discovery, not only the four pages. I don't think it is quite a transcript. It is a call log and also provided the actual logs.

THE DEFENDANT: I have not received that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: When did you think you provided that?

MR. LEE: On August 22nd.

THE COURT: Do you show it was delivered to the jail?

MR. LEE: I don't know any of that, Your Honor. We can run it again, certainly. I don't know what the procedure has been on this case in the past.

THE COURT: I think they have been delivering things to the jail. I actually had to enter a special order at one point so he could get some things.

THE DEFENDANT: Excuse me, Your Honor. I have had to do two grievances with the jail about the video. It is a constant struggle with them. But as far as serving me, they have been given to me in the mail, but this is the only four pages I received.

THE COURT: Are you sure those two disks, neither of

those disks is the audio?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. Yeah. I looked at them. These have been since the 25th of last month when you originally ordered the discovery.

THE COURT: He said he gave them to you to use.

THE DEFENDANT: This month?

THE COURT: August. We are in September now.

THE DEFENDANT: These were July.

MR. LEE: I don't know, so I can certainly run another copy or, if possible, we can certainly discover it to the Public Defender. Whatever Your Honor prefers, we'll abide by it.

as standby counsel, and he will provide it. If you provide it to the Public Defender, his investigator will take it up to him. But I think you should clarify what you provided by way of discovery. If you are saying you have given it to him, you should know how, because he's in custody. If you gave it to him by providing it to the Public Defender's office, that is where we should work that.

MR. LEE: This is marked disk 382 Just Ware.

THE COURT: That is a system you use electronically to provide discovery to the Public Defender?

MR. LEE: I can't answer that.

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, it was my understanding, at 1 least it was my understanding, if I was wrong, then I 2 apologize, I remember at the last hearing or two when you 3 ordered Mr. Bogale to serve Mr. Schachter with some discovery material, I took that to mean the production of discovery will 5 be directly from the State to Mr. Schachter. Now I have 6 provided him copies of what I received in terms of documents 7 just as sort of a redundant courtesy and to facilitate our 8 relationship in the standby mode, standby counsel mode to keep 9 the line of communication open. But I have a vaque 10 recollection that perhaps this 9-1-1 call is on our Just Ware, 11 and I believe I listened to it, but I either probably mistook 12 or misunderstood my obligation. I thought the Court was 13 ordering the State to directly produce documents to him so as 14 to, you know, I guess there are many interpretations one is so 15 he cannot complain he did not receive them, and Mr. Bogale and 16 the State would have some avenue to say by gosh, we did it, 17 our investigator swore in an Affidavit. 18 19

THE COURT: Right. That was my plan. In order for you to get it off your Just Ware, you would have to burn a copy to hand to him, right?

MR. LESLIE: Yes.

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THE COURT: He wouldn't be able to view the Just Ware discovery?

1 MR. LESLIE: No. I don't know if that will occur in 2 the future where we can show people these things up at the 3 I don't know. Right now it has to be downloaded down on a disk and taken to him. I don't mean to tell the State how 5 to run their case, but the State often has a better ability with the jail to bring up documents, especially media 7 discovery materials and have those played to the defendant. 8 It is easier for them to do sometimes than us because we are I want him to be able 9 on our side and they are on their side. 10 to see this or hear this 9-1-1 call. If his interest in that is better served having the State take that up there and play 11 12 it for him, provide him the disk, I am in favor. Or, if you 13 want me to make a copy and send it up.

THE COURT: I think the State should serve it on Mr. Schachter.

MR. LESLIE: If I misunderstood, I apologize.

THE COURT: I don't think you did.

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MR. LESLIE: I am off the hook. They are going to do it. They have control over their own record of production. That is how I understood that.

THE COURT: I think that was my intent.

THE DEFENDANT: I didn't bring it with me. I do have paperwork from Mr. Bogale saying he understood exactly what Mr. Leslie just said, they were supposed to serve it

personally on me.

THE COURT: Right. So we'll get that for you.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: What other discovery issues do you have?

THE DEFENDANT: Again, as to the photograph of the items that were stolen or allegedly stolen, there doesn't seem to be any paperwork to follow that. It is not mentioned in any police report. Other than the date, there is no connection to this case.

THE COURT: Is there nobody saying they took the pictures?

THE DEFENDANT: No who, what, where, when. Nothing.

I was wondering if there was other discovery along with the pictures. A record, some other pictures maybe.

THE COURT: You are entitled to know who took the pictures and when, and that report should have been produced.

MR. LEE: Judge, as I understand, that was just included with the second supplemental. I don't see any indication of who took the picture other than I see a picture of items with a receipt right next to them. So we have a photograph, and we have the receipt which are produced in the regular course. That sounds like a great issue on cross-examination.

THE COURT: Actually, you don't even get the picture

until you can prove to me who took it, when it was taken, it looks exactly the same. Before even getting to testifying about it, you are going to have to prove the standing to put it in. So the discovery motion to have the information in advance is legitimate. Who took the pictures, where did you get them, how do you have the pictures. That is a legitimate motion, and it should be provided to the defense prior to a jury sitting here.

MR. LEE: That person who took the pictures doesn't have to testify for them to come in. It has to be someone to say it fairly and accurately depicts what we pulled out of the bag.

THE COURT: Do you have something like that?

MR. LEE: Again, I don't know the structure of th case. I am assuming as the --

THE COURT: How much does he owe you now for this hearing?

MR. LEE: Free of charge. Let's say again we have the asset protection individual. We have the officer who first responded.

THE COURT: Do you have a report that says how these pictures were gotten?

MR. LEE: No. Do I have one that says exactly I took this picture at such and such time showing this? Usually

a picture just accompanies a report. Again, outside of bringing in the asset protection and original officer, there are two asset protection individuals, they would be able to lay the foundation properly for the picture. Whether or not they took it, they were there. They pulled the material out and accounted for it and got a receipt drawn up for the material. So based on that, I think there is sufficient foundation to bring the pictures in.

As far as discovery, though, it seems like he has those names of the officer responding, the two asset individuals and he can cross-examine them appropriately or even take them up on voir dire.

THE COURT: I think this is a motion to exclude the evidence for failure to establish the foundation, and I am going to take it as a motion in limine ahead of trial to exclude it. We'll hear the testimony on September 11th as part of that 10:00 a.m. hearing. You bring whatever you are going to bring to prove up the foundation. If there is any written reports that go with it, etcetera. But bring the witness and we'll figure out whether the Motion in Limine will be granted.

THE DEFENDANT: Next?

THE COURT: Yes. What else do you have?

THE DEFENDANT: Let me see here. As far as the replacement and substitute, if it is not -- are we going to be

able to get the subpoena on everything that was on the trailing receipt?

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, we issued the subpoenas. I actually, in working this up, I made a copy of the letterhead given me at some point in the case, and I put notations next to each of the items. We have subpoenas outstanding. My investigator will be back Monday, and, obviously, that will give us time to see if he can do a reach-out on some of these sub entities. It is mostly Wal-Mart, and it would be my prediction we will have product or explanation for non-production by the 11th. Those subpoenas went out for 9:00 o'clock. I will ask my investigator to let the subpoenaed parties know it will actually be 10:00 o'clock.

THE COURT: If they come at 9:00 they are here. I mean if you can't get ahold of them.

MR. LESLIE: Right. Understood. And to the Court's inquiry and Mr. Schacter's question, basically if I don't get what I want in terms of my discovery demand on the State, these subpoenas are served and they are, as with any subpoena, whether that will actually secure the subpoenaed item remains to be seen. We are making our effort to get that done.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: That's all I have, Your Honor. I would just ask the Court consider everything in totality of

the evidence not available to me, not just the Preliminary

Examination item, but items, all of the evidence either lost

or given back, not recorded or whatever in totality. It makes

it unfair.

THE COURT: Okay. State, did you have any other response to his motions you wanted to make that we didn't give you a chance to do?

MR. LEE: No, Judge. I think they are pretty well vetted. If there is something I haven't responded to, I will simply rest on their written. However, I would like a piece of clarification as to the Motion for Preliminary Hearing Transcript. I think we ended that with Mr. Schachter saying I don't waive my right. I don't know if he said that as to the 60-days or as to the Preliminary Hearing.

THE COURT: I don't know. I am going to have to make a decision what to do with the Preliminary Hearing. I haven't really decided on the final decision. But the way I took it is he would not waive his right to the Preliminary Hearing transcript, and he doesn't want to waive his right to have a trial within 60 days. That is the way I took it. I am just going to decide which things he gets. He obviously can't have both at this point.

THE DEFENDANT: I would prefer the speedy trial over the Preliminary Hearing.

1 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? Okay. Now the 2 State filed a notice of intent to impeach the Defendant's 3 credibility. Do you have the certified copies of the prior convictions? 5 MR. LEE: I have a whole mess of certified priors, 6 Your Honor, I do. 7 THE COURT: Do you want to mark those and admit them for the purpose of this hearing? They will be available at 8 9 trial if necessary. 10 MR. LEE: I would prefer to keep them so we can 11 prepare with them. We don't have other copies. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Have you shown Mr. Schachter them? 13 MR. LEE: I have no idea. 14 Why don't you go ahead and show THE COURT: 15 Mr. Schachter. Mr. Leslie can answer any questions 16 Mr. Schachter has while he's looking through that. 17 MR. LESLIE: If these are marked, would they be 18 published on eflex? No exhibits are on eflex. 19 THE COURT: No. 20 THE DEFENDANT: I have copies of all those. THE COURT: You are familiar with those? 21 22 THE DEFENDANT: Uh-huh. Are they asking for 23 Petrocelli?

THE COURT:

Those are, if you testify, you can be

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impeached with any felony conviction that is not more than ten years old and with the date of the conviction and what it was for and if it is a felony.

THE DEFENDANT: Did you want me to argue those now?

THE COURT: If you think any of those certified copies are not sufficient to be a basis for impeachment, you should argue it now.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, just a suggestion,
Mr. Schachter can reject this offer if he wants, my suggestion
would be that we argue these on the 11th. I would like to
counsel Mr. Schachter with regard to a couple of points of law
that relate to prior convictions.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LESLIE: I think some people think every prior conviction in the last ten years comes in. I know I am just standby counsel. If he wants to take me up on my offer to have a deeper discussion, he might be --

THE COURT: That might make sense. I ask the State to make copies of the certified copies he has so we can have them marked for purposes of the discussion and then at least I can see what everybody is talking about.

MR. LESLIE: That is why I asked if they were on eflex. He could have a very direct point by point.

If not, I can work with opposing counsel and see Mr. Schachter next week before the hearing. He has nothing to lose by having the additional discussion with counsel.

THE COURT: Is that all right with the State?

MR. LEE: That is fine, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Motion in Limine regarding defendant's examination of witnesses.

MR. LEE: I will rest on the written motion.

THE COURT: I am not sure why the State thought there was a prior act Mr. Schachter would want to bring up with these witnesses.

MR. LEE: I think just, Your Honor, Mr. Schachter is representing himself in proper person. Just merely to make that protection known.

THE COURT: Did you understand the motion, sir?

THE DEFENDANT: I did. I understand the motion. I don't understand the law behind it. I thought, again with the confrontation clause, if there was a prior relative to his testimony that could be brought in. If he had half a dozen perjury convictions, I wouldn't be able to use that.

THE COURT: Yes, you might be able to use that if you had a certified copy and gave notice beforehand. But you can't just start talking about it.

THE DEFENDANT: Right.

THE COURT: In front of the jury.

THE DEFENDANT: Right. I understand that.

THE COURT: You can prove a person's character based upon certain things, and evidence is only admissible to prove under the statute specific things. And before you can put evidence on or ask any questions about it, you have to have a ruling by the court. So the motion is granted with regard to the prior bad act which means you can't ask anything like that until you have a hearing outside the presence of the jury and discuss it with me first.

THE DEFENDANT: The only issue is not going to be their prior bad acts but Wal-Mart's prior bad acts. I have been arrested. It is actually my arrest. So I didn't think there was going to be an issue. I have been arrested and detained three times by Wal-Mart for the same exact thing, and then when the officers responded, there was no -- the case was dismissed.

THE COURT: Why is that relevant to this case?

THE DEFENDANT: Goes to show motive, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Whose motive?

THE DEFENDANT: The witness. The Wal-Mart. Why they stopped me or at least a partial motive of why they would lie.

THE COURT: Because they have stopped you before?

THE DEFENDANT: And I didn't have what they said I had. Again, they stopped me for theft. The police got there and there was no theft.

THE COURT: In the same Wal-Mart store and the same people?

THE DEFENDANT: No, but Wal-Mart asset protection is the same store.

THE COURT: You can have a hearing if you want on that, but, no, you can't ask any questions until you convince me it is relevant to this. Are you talking about when you were arrested in Santa Fe, New Mexico?

THE DEFENDANT: No. Washoe County.

THE COURT: But a different store, different people?

THE DEFENDANT: I am not entirely sure about

different people. No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: You are going have to have a hearing outside the presence of the jury before you ask those questions.

And then there was a Motion in Limine with regard to priors. I am not sure that is the prior bad act evidence that we are talking about. And then with regard to the just asking inappropriate questions is the other. It is a little bit -- I think what the State is getting at is you can't testify when you ask questions.

1 THE DEFENDANT: Absolutely.

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THE COURT: You understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: You can't say well, you told me or well I was walking down the aisle and you weren't really where you say you were, that kind of thing.

THE DEFENDANT: I understand.

THE COURT: Does the State have more to argue with regard to that?

MR. LEE: No, Your Honor. That's all. Thank you.

THE COURT: Did you have anything you wanted to say about that?

THE DEFENDANT: I have been practicing.

THE COURT: Okay. Then I am going to grant the State's motion. If you think you have something you should be allowed to ask and you aren't because of the granting of this motion, you have to ask for a hearing outside the presence of the jury and discuss it with me.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So that concludes what I have today. I will have an answer with regard to what we are going to do about the Preliminary Hearing transcript at the conclusion of the hearing next week, and then I am going to have the evidence presented with regard to the lost or destroyed

material, the surveillance tape, the video, the audio. All of those issues will be resolved at the hearing next week. And the prior convictions will be at the hearing next week also. Okay. Anything further for today?

THE DEFENDANT: Do you want to keep these?

THE COURT: Do you want them marked?

THE DEFENDANT: At the moment, yes. The jail has been very difficult.

THE COURT: You want those marked as what you were provided in discovery?

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: We'll mark A and B and admit them for purposes of today's hearing with the notation that I haven't heard them. Just the disks are being provided. We'll be able to look at them at the hearing on the 11th.

(Exhibits A an B marked for identification.)

MR. LESLIE: Your Honor, you had ordered when we were here on August 21st, you ordered because he's in jail and proper, Mr. Lee might recall, be familiar with this from other cases he and I did with proper clients, you asked the State to produce their proposed Jury Instructions earlier in the process. You said to do that and serve the defendant at the jail and us as standby counsel by 9-12 of '14. If we are coming back one day earlier for a motions hearing, I wonder if

we could alter that by 24 hours and ask the State to produce their Jury Instructions certainly no later than at that hearing. I am just thinking because it is a pro per trial, that might provide an opportunity to see if there is something that needs to be discussed at that time when we are here before the Court.

THE COURT: Okay. Any objection to that?

MR. LEE: That is fine.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Lee.

THE DEFENDANT: At this point, Your Honor, I don't think I am going to need standby counsel at trial. Mr. Leslie has asked me to let the Court know for the trial purposes I don't think standby counsel is necessary. Just up until that.

MR. LESLIE: Just to clarify, what I have been having is an ongoing discussion with him about what he wants from standby counsel. I think you appointed it. I understand why the court might want standby counsel. What I asked him to do, if his position is he wants standby counsel, we are here and working on getting somebody to be here on the 22nd or a different trial date. It might be me or somebody else. But if his position is I don't want standby counsel, it was something the Court gave me, not something I requested, if that is his position that he would voice that if he so chooses. We are happy to do whatever the Court wants. It is

just his wish being expressed to you. If for example the Court said, well, I don't want standby counsel here for the actual trial, then we would know what we are doing or not doing. Right now we are planning on having somebody here for the trial.

THE COURT: Well, I don't know if Mr. Schachter has a tactical reason he doesn't want someone sitting next to him. I don't know. But from the Court's perspective for judicial resource having someone present who can facilitate discovery of documents, securing changes in Jury Instructions, etcetera, is very, very helpful during the course of the trial. There could be research that has to be done during the course of the trial. So I would be not particularly comfortable with not having standby counsel.

MR. LESLIE: I just wanted him, if he felt comfortable, again I wanted him to express that. I told him do whatever you want. If you don't want us there, if you are inclined, please let the Judge know and she can make a decision. I don't want you to think I am trying to get out of it. I just want you to understand I simply asked he convey what his thoughts or requests were on that. That is what he's done. We'll be here.

THE COURT: Okay. Given all of the evidentiary issues, I am not sure we'll be able to do it without standby

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counsel. Okay. I will see you back next week. Court's in
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      recess.
                (Whereupon the proceedings were concluded.)
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1 STATE OF NEVADA, 2 SS. COUNTY OF WASHOE. 3 4 5 I, Judith Ann Schonlau, Official Reporter of the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the 6 7 County of Washoe, DO HEREBY CERTIFY: 8 That as such reporter I was present in Department No. 4 of the 9 above-entitled court on Wednesday, September 3, 2014, at the hour of 2:00 p.m. of said day and that I then and there took 10 11 verbatim stenotype notes of the proceedings had in the matter of THE STATE OF NEVADA vs. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER, Case Number 12 13 CR14-1044. 14 That the foregoing transcript, consisting of pages 15 numbered 1-50 inclusive, is a full, true and correct 16 transcription of my said stenotypy notes, so taken as 17 aforesaid, and is a full, true and correct statement of the 18 proceedings had and testimony given upon the trial of the 19 above-entitled action to the best of my knowledge, skill and 20 ability. 21 DATED: At Reno, Nevada this 23rd day of January, 2015. 22 /s/ Judith Ann Schonlau JUDITH ANN SCHONLAU CSR #18 23

24

CASE NO. CR14-1044

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF

PAGE ONE

COURT PRESENT

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/3/14

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS

HONORABLE CONNIE

Deputy District Attorney Matthew Lee, Esq., represented the State. Defendant present representing himself. Chief Deputy Public Defender STEINHEIMER James Leslie, Esq., present as stand-by counsel for the Defendant.

DEPT. NO.4

Counsel Leslie again advised the Court that he would be in a Murder trial in another department the week this trial is scheduled but is attempting to

M. Stone (Clerk)

assign new stand-by counsel for the defendant.

J. Schonlau (Reporter)

Motion to Dismiss Case on Grounds that the State has Lost and/or Destroyed Material Exculpatory Evidence by Defendant; presented

argument.

Based on the arguments presented by defendant in the above Motion, stand-by counsel Leslie advised the Court that his office has sent subpoenas for all witnesses requested by the Defendant.

Defendant presented further argument. COURT ENTERED ORDER denying the Motion to Dismiss Case on Grounds that the State has Lost and/or Destroyed Material Exculpatory Evidence with leave to renew as a Motion for Directed Verdict if deemed appropriate.

Motion for Preliminary Hearing Transcript by the Defendant; presented argument; objection and argument by defense counsel; reply by Defendant. COURT advised the Defendant that it is inappropriate to dismiss case based on the lack of a preliminary hearing transcript since there were equipment malfunction with the JAVS system. The remedy would be for a remand to Justice Court for a new preliminary hearing, although the Defendant would waive his rights to a speedy trial by doing so. Defendant advised the Court that he is not willing to waive his speedy trial rights. Motion deemed moot due to the equipment malfunction in producing a Preliminary Hearing Transcript.

Motion to Advise Witnesses for the State of Their Privilege Against Self-Incrimination by Defendant; presented argument. State's counsel submitted matter on the written briefs.

Motion in Limine regarding Surveillance Video Evidence by Defendant; presented argument.

COURT advised counsel for the State and the Defendant that the above Motion is converted into a Motion regarding Discovery.

COURT ENTERED ORDER that the original surveillance Video shall be produced and viewed by the Defendant in Court on September 11, 2014. The State must provide the proper equipment for viewing the video. Further, COURT advised the State that the officer who has custody of the CASE NO. CR14-1044

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF **PAGE TWO**

COURT PRESENT

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/3/14

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS

J. Schonlau (Reporter)

video and/or any Wal-Mart Employee may need to be subpoenaed in order to authenticate the video.

Motion for Legal Materials and Legal Supplies as well as its addendum deemed moot as stand-by counsel Leslie advised the Court at the last hearing that the Defendant has been provide all materials and supplies allowed.

COURT noted the all the Motions to Dismiss filed by the Defendant regarding any exculpatory evidence is all encompassed in the argument presented previously in this hearing.

Motion to Compel the State to Provide Exculpatory Material ("Brady") in its Possession by Defendant. State's counsel advised the Court that the 911 Call Log and Audio of Call were provided to the Defendant. Further, discussion ensued regarding the Audio of Call and service on the Defendant. COURT directed the State to re-serve the Audio of the 911 Call on the Defendant at the Washoe County Jail.

Motion for Production of Replacement and/or Substitute Lost/Destroyed Evidence by Defendant; presented argument. **COURT** advised the State that without providing information as to who photographed the items and when the items were photographed, the photographs would not be allowed into evidence. Any further argument on a Motion to Exclude Photographs/Evidence shall be heard at the ongoing pre-trial motions hearing on September 11, 2014.

Defendant again advised the Court that he is unwilling to waive his right to a preliminary hearing transcript and unwilling to waive his speedy trial rights. Discussion ensued regarding impeachment of the Defendant should he choose to testify. State's counsel advised the Court that the State has showed both the Defendant and his stand-by counsel the prior convictions the State intends to utilize. Stand-by counsel requested additional time to advise the Defendant regarding his prior conviction(s) and their use for impeachment purposes. **COURT** directed the State to make copies of the prior conviction(s) for the Court's use during further hearing on this matter on September 11, 2014.

Motion in Limine regarding Defendant's Examination of Witnesses submitted by the State on the pleadings without oral arguments. **COURT ENTERED ORDER** granting Motion. The Defendant shall not testify during examination of any witnesses. Should an issue arise, the State shall request a hearing outside the presence of the Jury.

CASE NO. CR14-1044

TITLE: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

DATE, JUDGE **OFFICERS OF** **PAGE THREE**

COURT	PRESE	ENT	
0/2/4/4		DD	_

APPEARANCES-HEARING

CONT'D TO

9/3/14 J. Schonlau (Reporter)

PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS COURT advised counsel for the State and the Defendant that the issues to 9/11/14 be argued at the September 11, 2014 hearing are the issues regarding the 10:00 a.m. Motion to Dismiss regarding Lost/Destroyed Evidence and the Motion in Ongoing Limine regarding Prior Convictions. **Pre-Trial** State's counsel agreed to provide the State's Proposed Jury Instructions to Motions/ the Defendant at the September 11, 2014 hearing. Motion to Defendant advised the Court that he is willing to waive his right to stand-by **Confirm Trial** counsel during the Jury Trial. COURT did not allow such waiver as stand-by Date counsel will assist in judicial resources for the Defendant during the trial.

Discussion ensued regarding the surveillance videos previously received by 9/22/14 the Defendant in discovery. Defendant requested both be placed into

evidence for safekeeping.

10:00 a.m. **Jury Trial**

EXHIBITS A and B marked by the Defendant.

Court recessed. Defendant remanded to the custody of the Sheriff.

FILED
Electronically
2014-09-10 10:04:44 AM
Joey Orduna Hastings
Clerk of the Court
Transaction # 4599463

Exhibits

Title: THE STATE OF NEVADA VS. MARC PAUL SCHACHTER

PLTF: THE STATE OF NEVADA PATY: ZELALEM BOGALE, ESQ.

DEFT: MARC P. SCHACHTER DATY: PRO PER

Case No: CR14-1044 Dept. No: 4 Clerk: M. Stone Date: 9/3/2014

Exhibit No.	Party	Description	Marked	Offered	Admitted
A.	Defendant	CD – "Disc 1; DA 14- 12219; Schachter, Marc; 7/24/14 KP"	9/3/14		
В.	Defendant	CD - "Disc 2; DA 14-12219; Schachter, Marc; 7/24/14"	9/3/14		
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Print Date: 9/10/2014

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2	JUDITH ANN SCHONLAU
3	
4	75 COURT STREET
5	RENO, NEVADA
6	
7	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
8	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF WASHOE
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CONNIE J. STEINHEIMER, DISTRICT JUDGE
10	-000-
11	THE STATE OF NEVADA,
12	Plaintiff,)
13) CASE NO. CR14-1044
14) DEPARTMENT NO. 4
15	MARC PAUL SCHACHTER,
16	Defendant.)
17	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
18	PRE-TRIAL MOTIONS
19	THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 2014, 10:00 A.M.
20	Reno, Nevada
21	
22	Reported By: JUDITH ANN SCHONLAU, CCR #18
23	NEVADA-CALIFORNIA CERTIFIED; REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL REPORTER Computer-aided Transcription
24	

1	APPEARANCES
2	FOR THE PLAINTIFF: OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
3	BY: ZELALEM BOGALE, ESQ.
4	DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
5	WASHOE COUNTY COURTHOUSE
6	RENO, NEVADA
7	
8	
9	FOR THE DEFENDANT: APPEARING IN PROPER PERSON
10	
11	STANDBY COUNSEL OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER
12	BY; JAMES LESLIE, ESQ.
13	DEPUTY PUBLIC DEFENDER
14	350 S. CENTER STREET
15	RENO, NEVADA
16	
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10	MICHELLE BAYS	40	58		
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1 RENO, NEVADA; THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 2014; 10:00 A.M. 2 -000-3 THE COURT: This is the time set for a continued motion, and we have Mr. Schachter present with standby 4 5 counsel, Mr. Leslie. Thank you. And the State is represented. 6 Counsel we kind of put off some things, some of Mr. Schachter's motions, as well I do have some rulings to 7 make on the State's motions. Are you ready to go forward with 8 9 those motions this morning? 10 THE DEFENDANT: I am, Your Honor. 11 MR. BOGALE: State is ready to proceed. 12 THE COURT: All right. Shall we, I think we need to 13 talk about the video surveillance. Let's start there. 14 Okay. The State has witnesses here to MR. BOGALE: authenticate the original video as the Court ordered on 9-3 so 15 16 I guess I'll call both of them first. 17 THE COURT: That's fine. Why don't you tell us the 18 name of who you are going to be calling. 19 MR. BOGALE: Nick Reed. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. BOGALE: The next is Alejandro Monroy. 22 THE COURT: Last name Roy? 23 MR. BOGALE: M-O-N-R-O-Y. 24 MR. BOGALE: I will start with Alejandro Monroy, Your

1	Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand.
4	
5	ALEJANDRO MONROY
6	called as a witness, having been first duly sworn,
7	took the witness stand and testified as follows:
8	THE COURT: Counsel you may proceed.
9	MR. BOGALE: Thank you Your Honor.
10	
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. BOGALE:
13	Q When you get comfortable, please state your name and
14	spell your last name for the Court Reporter?
15	A Alejandro Monroy, M-O-N-R-O-Y.
16	Q What is your occupation?
17	A Asset protection officer for Wal-Mart.
18	Q And do you work at a specific Wal-Mart?
19	A I now work for the Kietzke Wal-Mart store 2189.
20	Q Have you worked for other Wal-Marts in town?
21	A I have, the Seventh Street Wal-Mart, store 3254.
22	Q And did you work for that Seventh Street Wal-Mart on
23	or about, excuse me, June 9th of this year?
24	A Yes, I did.

1 Q And what was your employment status there? 2 you do there? 3 Α Asset protection. 4 Q What is asset protection? 5 Asset protection is basically walking the store Α looking for safety issues and any suspicious activity that 6 7 customers must be displaying to catch shoplifters. Do you just look with your eyes, look for video Q cameras, how do you keep track of this? 9 10 Α Ninety-nine percent of the time it is with my eyes. 11 So you have an office in the store? Q 12 Α Yes, we do. 13 And have you been trained to detect suspicious 0 14 customers? 15 Α Yes. 16 0 What sort of training have you undergone? 17 Α Basically walking with an experienced asset protection officer, demonstrating what suspicious activity 18 might look like, looking around nervously, having an empty 19 tote in their hand, shopping erratically, things like that. 20 21 Your Honor, I apologize for the MR. LESLIE: 22 interruption. I forgot to ask, can we have him uncuffed like 23 we did last time? 24

Yes.

THE COURT:

1 MR. LESLIE: Thank you. 2 BY MR. BOGALE: 3 Now you said you observe customers with your own Q 4 eyes; is that correct? 5 A Yes. 6 Do you also have video equipment? 0 7 A Yes, we do. 8 Q Does Wal-Mart have video surveillance? 9 Α Yes, they do. 10 Is it constantly recording or triggered by certain Q 11 things? Explain that? 12 It is recording 24 hours a day 7 days a week. A 13 Now we are here because an individual named Mark 0 Schachter has been identified, sorry, has been charged with 14 some crimes. Let me bring your attention back to June 9th. Do 15 16 you recall seeing somebody in your store that you thought was 17 acting suspicious? 18 Α Yes. 19 Did you eventually confront that person? 0 20 A Yes, I did. 21 Do you see that person here in the courtroom today? Q 22 A Yes, I do. 23 Could you please point at him and describe an Q 24 article of clothing he's wearing?

1	A The defendant has a gray jumpsuit. I can't tell
2	what it is. And orange shoes.
3	MR. BOGALE: May the record reflect the
4	identification of the defendant by this witness?
5	THE COURT: The record will so reflect.
6	MR. BOGALE: Thank you. Your Honor, may I approach?
7	THE COURT: You may.
8	MR. BOGALE: I will ask the clerk to have this
9	marked.
10	THE CLERK: Exhibit C marked.
11	(Exhibit C marked for identification.)
12	THE CLERK: Just so everybody remembers, A and B
13	were marked at the end of the previous hearing which were the
14	CD's in the custody of the defendant.
15	MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I approach this
16	witness?
17	THE COURT: You may.
18	MR. BOGALE: Thank you.
19	BY MR. BOGALE:
20	Q Mr. Monroy, I am going to show you what has been
21	marked as Exhibit C, okay? It is a disk. Can you do you
22	can you tell me whose name is on there, first?
23	A That is Mark Schachter.
24	Q Who do you understand Mark Schachter to be?

1	A	The defendant.
2	Q	And do you know what this disk has on it?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	What is on this disk?
5	A	It is the video of my confrontation with Mark
6	Schachter	along with some video of him in the store selecting
7	some items	
8		MR. BOGALE: Your Honor, may I move to admit Exhibit
9	C in evide	may a move to damet immedit
10		
10		THE COURT: Any objection?
11		THE DEFENDANT: How does he know what is on that
12	disk?	
13		THE COURT: You want to ask him a question before I
14	admit the	document?
15		THE DEFENDANT: Yes. How do you know what is on the
16	disk?	
17		THE WITNESS: I burned the disk.
18		THE DEFENDANT: Okay. Thank you.
19		THE COURT: Exhibit C is admitted.
20		(Exhibit C admitted in evidence.)
21		MR. BOGALE: Thank you, Your Honor. May I publish?
22		THE COURT: You may.
23]	MR. BOGALE: We tried to set up the video so Your
24	Honor can	see it. I hope it is sufficient.

BY MR. BOGALE:

Q Mr. Monroy, there are several files on this disk. I am going to play the beginnings of them, and if you are satisfied it accurately reflects what you burned, just tell me okay?

A Okay.

THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, I just have an objection. Where are we going with this? I thought the hearing was about the disk that was already in evidence not a new disk.

THE COURT: We may have to compare the two, I guess.

THE DEFENDANT: This is a recently burned disk he brought. He said he brought it.

THE COURT: He said he burned it. Mr. Schachter, we don't argue back and forth. So since you are in trial in two weeks, we better start figuring this out. So you don't get to sit there and debate issues. If you have a motion, make it. If you have an objection, make it. You say what the objection is. You stand up when you say it, but we don't have to do it today but in a trial, then I rule on it and you don't debate it with me, okay?

THE DEFENDANT: Sorry.

THE COURT: I am going to let the question stand. Whatever the objection was, which I am not sure I understood,

1 I am going to let the question stand and the is overruled. 2 witness can answer. 3 BY MR. BOGALE: Okay. Mr. Monroy, I am going to open this disk and Q play the file with you. Just look at that screen behind you. 5 Start with a file called AA GM. Do you recognize this video? 6 7 Α Yes. Q What does it show? 9 It is showing Mr. Schachter going to the front of Α the pharmacy and health and beauty department. 10 11 Q I don't believe we have the ability to kind of like use high technology and point and circle things. 12 Can you at 1.3 least point at Mr. Schachter in the video? 14 Α Absolutely. Right there. 15 Is this an accurate reflection of the Wal-Mart 0 16 surveillance recording at your store on Seventh Street on June 17 9th? 18 Yes, it is. 19 I am going to close that file out and open up 0 20 another one. This one is entitled GC Portable. Those are the first two words. Okay. Have you had a chance to view that? 21 22 Α Yes. 23 Q What is this video? 24 This is a video of Mr. Schachter going up to the

Α

1	register at the garden center and paying for some items.
2	Q And there appears to be a date and time stamp on
3	that; is that correct?
4	A Yes.
5	Q What does that date and time stamp say?
6	A June 9, 2014, 11:48 a.m.
7	Q Is this an accurate depiction or reflection of the
8	Wal-Mart surveillance on that date and time?
9	A Yes, it is.
10	Q Is this an accurate reflection of what you burned
11	that day?
12	A Yes.
13	Q While we are on that, do you recall the exact date
14	you burned this file?
15	A These files
16	Q If you don't remember the exact date that's okay?
17	A I know it was within a few days of the actual
18	incident.
19	Q So within what, two or three days?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Of June 9th?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Could it have been a week?
24	A No. It was two or three days.

1 Are these video files maintained on like a server of Q 2 some kind? 3 It is actually saved on a computer. Do you have a certain amount of time within which 4 0 you need to burn them if you want to preserve them? 5 6 When we create an actual investigation file where we take snippets of the video and place them into an 7 investigation, I am not 100 percent if that ever deletes 8 9 unless we physically delete it. 10 Now I am going to show you a file entitled RX POX Q are the first two words. Do you recognize this video? 11 12 Α Yes, I do. 13 0 What does it show? 14 Α It is showing Mr. Schachter in the first aisle of 15 the pharmacy looking at some items. 16 Where is Mr. Schachter? If you could point him out 0 17 as to the place? 18 Α Right in there. 19 That is pretty hard to see. How do you know that is Q 20 Mr. Schachter from the video? 21 Because I was actually physically surveilling him Α 22 from the aisle in front. 23 So you were personally in this store surveilling him 24 with your own eyes?

1 Α Yes, I was. 2 You can't see it on the video, but you were somewhere to the right, I guess? 3 4 Correct. 5 Is this a fair and accurate representation of the Wal-Mart surveillance of that location on June 9th? 6 7 Yes, it is. 8 I am going to show you file RX-OTC. Do you recognize 9 this video? 10 Α Yes, I do. 11 Do you see Mr. Schachter in it? 0 12 Α I do. 13 Q Where do you see him? 14 Α Right there. 15 Okay. And is this video recording activities you Q were also observing with your own eyes? 16 17 Α Yes. 18 Q And is this a fair and accurate representation of 19 what you observed with your own eyes? 20 Α Yes. 21 Q Okay. Just for me could you explain what he's doing 22 here? 23 THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor I object. We'll let the 24 video decide what I am doing or not doing. I don't understand

1 what the question is. 2 THE COURT: Overruled. I will allow him to say what he observed personally. He's saying he saw this personally, 3 so I will allow that question. 4 5 THE WITNESS: It is Mr. Schachter looking at some 6 Icy Hot items and comparing and reading the box. 7 BY MR. BOGALE: 8 Okay. What is Mr. Schachter doing with these items? Q 9 Α He places them in the cart. 10 Is it a fair and accurate representation of Okay. 11 the video or what you observed? 12 Α Yes, it is. 13 Now I am going to show you a file called Stanley GC. 14 What does this show? 15 This is showing the entrance into the garden center. Α 16 Does it show Mr. Schachter in there? 0 17 Α Yes, it does. 18 0 Where is he? 19 Α Right there. 20 Okay. I will show you another file called Stanley 21 GC. It ends in a zero. The previous one ended in 15. What is 22 this file?

A It is the same entrance into the garden center, just the angel on the other side of the door.

1 Did it show Mr. Schachter in that video? 0 2 Yes, it did. 3 Just a couple more, Mr. Monroy. This one is entitled Park Lot Cam is the first two words. Now what is happening in 4 5 this video? 6 This is where I confronted Mr. Schachter. 7 I am going to pause it. Where is the confrontation Q happening, if you could point it out to us? 8 A Right there. 10 0 Okay. And you personally confronted Mr. Schachter? 11 Α Yes, I did. 12 0 And you know where this video was recording from? 13 Α Yes. 14 0 Where was it recording from? 15 There is a camera on one of the light posts. Α 16 And would this be a fair and accurate reflection of 0 17 the confrontation? 18 Α Yes. 19 Okay. Okay. I am now showing you a file entitled Q 20 Roof Top Cam are the first two words of the file. 21 happening here? 22 Α The confrontation is continuing. Mr. Schachter is

I see there are -- there is a street towards

still attempting to get past me.

Okay.

23

24

Q

1	the top o	f the video. What street is that?
2	A	That is Seventh Street.
3	Q	You are on like the north side of the parking lot?
4	A	Correct.
5	Q	And where is Mr. Schachter and where are you in this
6	video?	
7	A	This is Mr. Schachter.
8		THE COURT: I can't see.
9		THE WITNESS: That is Mr. Schachter and that is me.
10		THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
11	BY MR. BO	GALE:
12	Q	It is a long video, so I am going to ask you is this
13	short pie	ce a fair and accurate representation of the
14	aftermath	of the confrontation?
15	А	Yes.
16	Q	Does anyone else have access to the video files at
17	Wal-Mart k	pesides asset protection?
18	А	Upper management.
19	Q	Is there any way that these video files could have
20	been co	ould have been edited?
21	A	Not that I am aware of.
22	Q	Do you know how to edit them?
23	A	No.
24	Q	Okay. Have you reviewed Wal-Mart's video files for