IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS,

Appellant,

V.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

Electronically Filed Nov 03 2015 03:24 p.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

Case No. 68140

RESPONDENT'S APPENDIX

JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar #006769 Oronoz & Ericsson, LLC 700 South Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 878-2889 STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 Regional Justice Center 200 Lewis Avenue Post Office Box 552212 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 State of Nevada

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Nevada Attorney General Nevada Bar # 012426 100 North Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 (775) 684-1265

Counsel for Appellant

Counsel for Respondent

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify and affirm that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on 3rd day of November, 2015. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Nevada Attorney General

JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. Counsel for Appellant

CHRISTOPHER BURTON Deputy District Attorney

/s/ j. garcia

Employee, Clark County District Attorney's Office

CFB/Kelsey Einhorn/jg

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JAMES A. ORONOZ Nevada Bar No. 6769

THOMAS A. ERICSSON, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 4982

ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C.

700 SOUTH 3RD STREET

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Telephone: (702) 878-2889 Facsimile: (702) 522-1542

tom@oronozlawyers.com

Attorneys for Petitioner

SEP 12 12 39 PM 12

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

06C228755 Motion 1957461



NORMAN FLOWERS,

Petitioner.

VS.

STATE OF NEVADA

14

Respondents. 15

CASE NO: C228755

DEPT NO: IX

MOTION TO OBTAIN A COMPLETE COPY OF DISCOVERY FROM THE STATE

Petitioner NORMAN FLOWERS hereby moves this Court for an Order to Obtain a Complete Copy of Discovery From the State in the above referenced case, which is crucial to a full and fair development of the material facts in this case. This motion is made and based upon the attached memorandum of points and authorities, all pleadings on file herein, and oral argument made by counsel at the hearing set in this matter.

DATED this 12th day of September, 2012.

& A. ERICSSON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4982 700 SOUTH 3RD STREET Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Telephone (702) 878-2889

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

On October 24, 2008, the district court adjudicated the Petitioner, Norman Flowers ("Flowers"), guilty of First Degree Murder as well and three other offenses. The court sentenced Flowers to Life Without the Possibility of Parole on the Murder charge. On January 26, 2009, Flowers filed a Notice of Appeal. On September 28, 2011, the Nevada Supreme Court dismissed Flowers' appeal (53159) pursuant to a Guilty Plea Agreement in case number C216032. That same day, the Supreme Court issued its Remittitur. Accordingly, pursuant to NRS 34.726 the one-year deadline for Flowers to file a Post-Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus is September 28, 2012.

On June 8, 2012, the district court appointed defense counsel, James A. Oronoz, Esq., to represent Flowers in post-conviction relief proceedings. That same day, the district court set a thirty (30) day status check on receipt of Flowers' case file. On June 15, 2012, counsel contacted the Special Public Defender's (SPD) Office, who represented the Petitioner through trial and appeal, to obtain a copy of the Petitioner's file.² On June 22, 2012, Deputy Special Public Defender Randall Pike informed counsel that his office mailed the original case file to Flowers and therefore could not provide a copy of the file to counsel.³ On July 9, 2012, counsel contacted the State in an attempt to obtain a copy of discovery in the instant case. That same

¹ NRS 34.780(1) provides in pertinent part: Unless there is good cause shown for delay, a petition that challenges the validity of a judgment or sentence must be filed within 1 year after entry of the judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within 1 year after the Supreme Court issues its Remittitur.

² See Correspondence attached hereto as Exhibit A

³ See Letter from Randall Pike attached hereto as Exhibit B.

day, the State informed counsel that pursuant to NRS 34.780(2), the State would not provide discovery until after a Post-Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus had been granted.⁴ On July 13, 2012, the district court directed counsel to obtain the file from Flowers, who is currently an inmate at Ely State Prison. In addition, the district court advised the State to provide counsel with any missing discovery.

On August 27, 2012, counsel informed the district court that obtaining the file from Flowers was problematic because Flowers only received a portion of the file. According to Flowers, the prison would not give him any documents that contained social security numbers. Flowers believed that the remainder of the file was returned to the Special Public Defender's Office. Upon inquiry by counsel, the Special Public Defender's office denied receiving any portion of the file back from Ely State Prison. After informing the Court of this dilemma, the Court signed an Order that required the State to turn over a complete copy of the discovery in its immediate and constructive possession. However, rather than comply with this Court's Order, the State directed its Discovery Division to withhold the discovery from counsel. On August 31, 2012, the State issued a setting slip requesting a hearing on "Clarification of Discovery."

On September 10, 2012, the State orally opposed providing Flowers a copy of the discovery on the basis that it did not have a chance to oppose counsel's request. The Court stated that it had signed the discovery Order under the belief that the State did not object to

⁴ NRS 34.780(2) provides: After the writ has been granted and a date set for the hearing, a party may invoke any method of discovery available under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure if, and to the extent that, the judge or justice for good cause shown grants leave to do so.

providing the discovery. The district court then vacated the Discovery Order and set forth a briefing schedule on the matter.⁵

ARGUMENT

A. Flowers Requests A Complete Copy of Discovery In Order To Investigate And Develop His Post-Conviction Claims.

Petitioner cannot investigate and develop the facts supporting his claims without a complete copy of discovery. NRS 34.780, which governs the granting of discovery in a state post-conviction proceeding, provides that a party may conduct discovery "to the extent that, the judge or justice for good cause shown grants leave to do so." There are no reported Nevada cases defining good cause or what circumstances constitute "good cause." Although NRS 34.780(2) allows a party to conduct discovery under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, the statute presupposes that the defendant initially has enough information to file a post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. At this point, counsel for Flowers does not have the case file and therefore cannot develop and substantiate any of Flowers' claims.

Flowers is facing a term of Life Without the Possibility of Parole and the deadline for filing his Post-Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus is less than two months away. Counsel has made several good-faith efforts to obtain the information that is necessary to argue the merits of the Petitioner's claims. However, obtaining a complete copy of the original file from the Petitioner is problematic. Counsel simply cannot verify the completeness of the file. Further, because the Special Public Defender's Office cannot produce a copy of the file, obtaining discovery from the State is the only viable option of ensuring counsel receives a complete set of materials used in Flowers' prosecution. Accordingly, there is good cause for this

⁵ The Court also extended the filing deadline for Flowers' post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus by thirty (30) days.

Court to issue an Order directing the Clark County District Attorney's Office to provide the Petitioner with a complete copy of discovery.

Lastly, counsel submits that under the Sixth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I § 8 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada, he will be ineffective in this matter unless he is given a complete copy of discovery in order to develop and prove Flowers' claims. Accordingly, Flowers must have access to a complete copy of the discovery in the State's possession.

II.

CONCLUSION

For the above stated reasons, good cause exists for this Court to issue an Order directing the Clark County District Attorney's Office to provide the Petitioner with a complete copy of discovery in its possession as the requested information will have a bearing on the claims in his forthcoming post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

DATED this 12th day of September, 2012.

PHOMAS A. ERICSSON, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 4982

700 SOUTH 3RD STREET

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Telephone: (702) 878-2889

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that he is an employee Oronoz & Ericsson, L.L.C. and is a person of such age and discretion as to be competent to serve papers.

That on September 12, 2012, he served a copy of the foregoing by personally mailing said copy to:

STEPHEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney PAMELA WECKERLY Chief Deputy District Attorney 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 Respondent

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Nevada Attorney General 100 N. Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4714

An Employee of Oronoz & Ericsson, L.L.C.

EXHIBIT A



ORONOZ ERICSSON

LAWYERS

700 S. 3rd Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 • (phone) 702.878.2889 • (fax) 702.522.1542 • oronozlawyers.com • oronozinjurylawyers.com

June 15, 2012

Office of the Special Public Defender

Attn: David Schieck 330 South Third St. #800 Las Vegas, NV 89155

Fax: 702-455-6273

VIA FACSIMILE

Re: Case file for Norman K. Flowers

Case: C288755 (PCR)

Mr. Schieck,

On June 8, 2012, the district court appointed me to represent Norman K. Flowers in the above referenced case. It is my understanding that your office represented Mr. Flowers at trial and on appeal. Please contact my office as soon as possible to discuss how I can obtain a copy of Mr. Flowers' file. Please be aware that the court has scheduled a status check regarding the receipt of the file for July 13, 2012. Thank you in advance for your assistance.

Sincerel

James A. Oronoz, Esq.

cc: File.

Enclosures: None.

EXHIBIT B

Office of the Special Public Defender



330 S. Third Street, Stc. 800, Las Vegas NV 89155-2316

(702) 455-6265

Fax: (702) 455-6273

Family Defense Division (702) 455-6266 Family Defense Division Fax (702) 380-6948

COMMISSIONERS
Susan Brager, Chair
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Lawrence Weekly
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Steve Sisolak, Vice-Chair

COUNTY MANAGER
Don Burnette

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER David M. Schleck ASST. SPECIAL PUB. DEF. Randall H. Pike June 22, 2012

James A. Oronoz, Esq. 700 South Third Street Las Vegas NV 89101

Re: Flowers adv. State, Case No. 228755

Dear Mr. Oronoz,

We are in receipt of your letter dated June 15, 2012 regarding the above referenced matter. In that regard, please be advised that Mr. Flowers requested we send him his case files after we withdrew as attorney of record. On March 22, 2012, we provided Mr. Flowers 4 banker boxes containing his entire case file in Case No. C228755 and Case No. 216032. He received permission from the prison to be allowed to have his photographs and the CD's in the case. We had to have the Court send the CD's directly to him. Department 8 did this for us.

Sincerely

RANDY

Deputy Special Public Defender

RHP:kf

1	MOT	Electronically Filed
2	JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ.	10/31/2012 03:03:20 PM
	Nevada Bar No. 6769	•
3	ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C. 700 SOUTH 3RD STREET	Alm & Chum
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	When B. Carrette
	Telephone: (702) 878-2889	CLERK OF THE COURT
5	Facsimile: (702) 522-1542	
6	jim@oronozlawyers.com	
7	Attorney for Petitioner	•
8	DISTRICT	COURT
9	CLARK COUNT	ΓY, NEVADA
10)
11	NORMAN FLOWERS	{
	NORMAN FLOWERS	}
12	Petitioner,) CASE NO: C228755) DEPT. NO: IX
13	vs.	}
14	THE STATE OF NEVADA) Date of Hearing: Time of Hearing:
15	Respondent.	Time of flearing.
16		
17		_)
18	MOTION TO PLACE ON CALENDER	
10	<u>PETITION FOR WRIT (</u>	OF HABEAS CURPUS
19 20	COMES NOW, the defendant, NO	RMAN FLOWERS, by and through his
21	attorney, JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. of OR	ONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C., and hereby
22	requests that the above-entitled matter be plac	ed on the Court's calendar for the purposes
23	of setting a briefing schedule for filing of Mr.	Flowers' Supplemental Brief in support of
24	his Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-C	'onviction)
25	ing I cuttou for write of Haocas Corpus (Lost-C	onivionon).
26	///	
27	///	
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28	1	

1	This motion is made and based on pleadings and papers on file herein, the		
2	affidavit of counsel attached hereto, as well as any oral arguments of counsel adduced at		
3	the time of hearing.		
4	DATED this 31st day of October, 2012.		
5	ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C.		
6			
7	By: <u>/s/ James Oronoz</u> JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ.		
8	Nevada Bar No. 6769 700 South 3rd Street		
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
10	Attorney for Petitioner		
11	NOTICE OF MOTION		
12			
13	TO: Steven Wolfson, District Attorney Clark County, Nevada;		
14	. MOTION TO PLACE ON CALENDER TO SUPPLEMENT DEFENDANT'S		
15	PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS		
16	will be heard on the 14 day of $N \circ V$., 2012 at $9:00$ a.m./p.m. in		
17			
18	Department IX.		
19			
20	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES		
21	The Nevada Supreme Court has indicated that Petitioners are allowed to liberally		
22	supplement their post-conviction pleadings. In State of Nevada v. Kitrich Powell, 122		
23	Nev. 175; 138 P.3d 453 (2006) the Court considered the issue of Supplemental pleadings		
24	on post-conviction:		
25	In February 1998, Powell timely filed in proper person a post-conviction petition		
26	for a writ of habeas corpus. Various attorneys filed a total of four supplemental		
27	pleadings on Powell's behalf in December 1998, July 1999, November 2000, and October 2001.		
28			

 After a careful analysis the Court found "[w]e nevertheless resolve the issue in this case and conclude that Powell's claim was not untimely." The Nevada Supreme Court also noted,

We have stated that the latter subsection "vest[s] the district court with broad authority to order supplemental pleadings in post-conviction habeas cases." Moreover, we recently held in *Barnhart v. State* that a district court has the discretion to permit a habeas petitioner to assert new claims even as late as the evidentiary hearing on the petition

Id. at 758.

NRS 34.726(1) requires "a *petition* that challenges the validity of a judgment or sentence" to be filed within one year after entry of the judgment of conviction or after this court issues its remittitur. (Emphasis added.) Likewise, the provisions regarding laches facially apply to petitions. NRS 34.800(1) provides that "[a] petition may be dismissed if delay in the filing of the *petition* " prejudices the State in responding to the petition, unless the petitioner could not reasonably have known the grounds for the petition before the prejudice occurred, or in conducting a retrial, unless a fundamental miscarriage of justice occurred in the trial or sentencing. (Emphasis added.) And NRS 34.800(2) provides for a rebuttable presumption of prejudice to the State if more than five years passes between a judgment of conviction, a sentence, or a decision on direct appeal "and the filing of a *petition* challenging the validity of a judgment of conviction." (Emphasis added.)

Id. at 757.

Here, consistent with <u>Powell</u>, the Petitioner should be allowed to supplement his post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. Unfortunately, counsel has yet to receive the Petitioner's file or a complete copy of discovery from the State. It is counsel's understanding that the Petitioner's file is voluminous, consisting of at least four (4) banker's boxes of material. Understandably, counsel cannot accurately predict how

¹ On June 22, 2012, Petitioner's trial counsel, Randall Pike, informed defense counsel that his office mailed the case file, consisting of four bankers boxes, to the Petitioner in prison.

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much time will be required to file Petitioner's supplemental post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. Out of an abundance of caution, counsel requests one hundred and twenty (120) days to file a supplemental brief. This request takes into account the time needed to obtain a copy of discovery, investigate and research any potential issues, and draft a supplemental brief.

CONCLUSION

The Petitioner prays that this Honorable Court grant the instant Motion and allow counsel to supplement Petitioner's post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus as necessary.

DATED this 31st day of October, 2012.

ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C.

By: /s/ James Oronoz

JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 6769
700 South 3rd Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorney for Petitioner

AFFIDAVIT OF JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO PLACE ON CALENDAR

3	STATE OF NEVADA)
4	COUNTY OF CLARK)
5	JAMES A. ORONOZ, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:
7	That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice before all the Courts of the
8	state of Nevada, and am appointed counsel for the petitioner, NORMAN FLOWERS,
9	herein;
10	2. That the undersigned is requesting one hundred and twenty (120) days to
11	file a supplemental post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.
12 13	3. That the undersigned is requesting the additional time in order to obtain a
14	complete copy of discovery, investigate and research any potential issues, and draft the
15	Petitioner's supplemental brief.
16	4. That this motion is made in good faith and not for purposes of delay.
17	
18	
19	DATED this 3/ day of October, 2012
20	JAMES A ORONOZ, ESQ.
21	·
22 23	SUBSCRIBE AND SWORN TO before me this 31 day of 6000 years.
24	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
25	Clair WI. U
26	NOTARY PUBLIC

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6769 ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C. 700 SOUTH 3RD STREET Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702)878-2889 Facsimile: (702) 522-1542 jim@oronozlawyers.com Attorney for Petitioner			
8	DISTRICT C	OURT		
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
10	}			
11	NORMAN FLOWERS {			
12	Petitioner, .	CASE NO: C228755 DEPT. NO: IX		
13	vs.	DEI I. NO. IA		
14	THE STATE OF NEVADA			
15	Respondent.			
16	 			
17)			
18	CERTIFICATE O	F SERVICE		
19	I hereby certify that on the 31 st day of Oc	tober, 2012, I served a true and correct		
20	copy of the foregoing MOTION TO PLACE ON	CALENDER TO SUPPLEMENT		
21	DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HA	DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS on the following:		
22				
23	200 Lewis Avenue	rney		
24	PDMotions@CCdany.com			
25				
26	75/ Z	Alicia Oronoz		
27	An	employee of Oronoz & Ericsson L.L.C.		
28				

1	OPPS CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY O		Alun b. Comm
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	PAMELA WECKERLY		
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #006163		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		
7		CT COURT	
8	CLARK COU	JNTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		
11	-VS-	CASE NO:	06C228755
12	NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III, #1179383	DEPT NO:	IX
13	Defendant.		
14			
15 16	STATE'S OPPOSITION T TO OBTAIN COMPLETE COPY		
10 17	DATE OF HEARING TIME OF HE	G: DECEMBER 17 ARING: 9:00 AM	, 2012
18	COMES NOW, the State of Nevad	la, by STEVEN B.	. WOLFSON, Clark County
19	District Attorney, through PAMELA WEO	CKERLY, Chief Do	eputy District Attorney, and
20	hereby submits the attached Points and Authorities in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to		
21	Obtain Complete Copy of Discovery from the State.		
22	This opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein		
23	the attached points and authorities in sup	port hereof, and or	ral argument at the time of
24	hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honora	ıble Court.	
25	//		
26	//		
27	//		
28	//		

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On December 13, 2006, a Grand Jury issued an indictment on NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III (hereinafter "Defendant") for the following: COUNT 1 – Burglary, COUNT 2 – Murder, COUNT 3 – Sexual Assault and COUNT 4 – Robbery. On January 11, 2007 the State issued a Notice of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty. On October 15, 2008, an Amended Indictment was filed.

After a jury trial, the jury verdict was entered into judgment on October 22, 2008. The Jury found the Defendant guilty of COUNT 1 – Burglary, COUNT 2 – Murder in the First Degree and COUNT 3 – Sexual Assault. The Jury also found the Defendant not guilty of COUNT 4 – Robbery. On October 24, 2008, the Jury rendered a special verdict finding mitigating circumstances and a sentence of Life Without The Possibility Of Parole for COUNT 2. On October 30, 2008, Defendant filed a motion for new trial. The Court denied this motion on November 12, 2008.

On January 13, 2009, Defendant was sentenced as follows: as to COUNT 1, to a maximum of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS in the Nevada Department of Corrections with a minimum parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS; as to COUNT 2, to Life Without The Possibility Of Parole, to run consecutive to COUNT 1; as to COUNT 3, to Life With The Possibility Of Parole after ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS, to run consecutive to COUNT 2. The Judgment of Conviction was filed on January 16, 2009, erroneously noting as to COUNT 3 a sentence of Life *Without* The Possibility Of Parole, with a minimum parole eligibility of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS. On January 29, 2009, Defendant appeared in court with counsel pursuant to the State's request for clarification of the sentence. An Amended Judgment of Conviction was filed February 12, 2012 to reflect the true sentence of Life *With* The Possibility Of Parole with a minimum parole eligibility of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS.

On January 26, 2009, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction. On February 20, 2009, Defendant filed an Amended Notice of Appeal.

On March 3, 2010, Defendant filed a Motion for New Trial Based Upon Newly Available Evidence, Specifically the Conviction of George Brass for Murder. The State opposed the motion on March 9, 2010. At a court hearing on March 17, 2010, the State argued that although the defense tried to blame Mr. Brass and another individual, the Defendant went to trial knowing that the trial of Mr. Brass was pending and that Mr. Brass had an alibi. The District Court denied the Motion for New Trial. On April 1, 2010, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal from the Court's denial of his motion for a new trial.

On June 10, 2011, pursuant to negotiations, Appellant entered a plea of by way of Alford to an Amended Information in District Court Case Number 05C216032 (Dept. 8), charging Appellant with two (2) counts of murder. Pursuant to the plea negotiations, Defendant additionally agreed to withdraw his appeals in this case before the Nevada Supreme Court for Docket 53159 (Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction, 06C228755) and 55759 (Appeal from the District Court's order denying Defendant's motion for new trial, 06C228755). On June 13, 2011, Defendant filed the agreed-upon Motion to Voluntarily Dismiss his Appeal with the Nevada Supreme Court for Docket 53159 (Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction, 06C228755) and 55759 (Appeal from the District Court's order denying Defendant's motion for new trial, 06C228755).

The Supreme Court issued an Order Dismissing Appeals (53159 and 55759) on September 28, 2011. That order stated that "[b]ecause no remittitur will issue in this matter, see NRAP 42(b), the one-year period for filing a post-conviction habeas corpus petition under NRS 34.726(1) shall commence to run from the date of this order."

On February 3, 2012, Defendant filed a motion to withdraw counsel. On February 15, 2012, the motion was granted. On May 16, 2012, Defendant filed a Motion for the Appointment of Counsel and Request for Evidentiary Hearing. The Court granted the

¹ Prior to sentencing in Case Number 05C216032 (Dept. 8), Defendant moved to withdraw his Alford plea. The court denied the motion and sentenced Appellant to Life Without The Possibility Of Parole (COUNT 1) and Life With The Possibility Of Parole after TWENTY-FIVE (25) YEARS (COUNT 2), COUNT 2 to run concurrent with COUNT 1 and both to run consecutive to the sentence imposed in Case Number 06C228755. Defendant appealed the Judgment of Conviction, arguing that the district court abused its discretion by denying his presentence motion to withdraw his guilty plea. On December 13, 2012, the Nevada Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the district court, finding no abuse of discretion. Norman K. Flowers v. Nevada, Order of Affirmance, case no. 59250. Remittitur has not yet issued as of the filing of this opposition.

motion on May 30, 2012 and appointed James A. Oronoz as post-conviction counsel on June 8, 2012.

On July 13, 2012, post-conviction counsel unsuccessfully attempted to file a Motion for Leave to Conduct Discovery and for Court Order to Obtain Requested Documents and Discovery, which the State did not receive. On August 27, 2012, post-conviction counsel presented the court with an Order which was signed in open court ordering the District Attorney's Office to provide Defendant with a copy of discovery.

On September 10, 2012, before the time to file the Petition would expire on September 28, 2012 in this case, the parties appeared in court at the State's request for a clarification of the discovery order. That day, post-conviction counsel acknowledged that any post-conviction petition must be filed by September 28, 2012: "The problem we have here is that the petition in this case is due on September 28th . . . [i]t's due from the – when the remittitur issued, and that was September 28, 2011 of last year." 09-10-12 Transcript of Proceedings at 4-5. Notwithstanding his acknowledgment of the deadline, post-conviction counsel "ma[de] an oral motion to extend the timeline for the filing of [Defendant's] post-conviction petition for writ of habeas corpus." 09-10-12 Transcript of Proceedings at 7. The court agreed and purported to extend the time to file by thirty (30) days. Because the court had not known there would be an objection by the State, the court vacated the discovery order signed on August 27, 2012 and ordered briefing on the matter.

On September 12, 2012, Defendant's post-conviction counsel filed the instant Motion to Obtain a Complete Copy of Discovery from the State, which the State opposes as follows.

On October 9, 2012, Defendant filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) with the aid of counsel, which the State moved to dismiss as untimely on October 30, 2012. On October 31, 2012, Defendant's post-conviction counsel filed a Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, which the State opposed. On November 23, 2012, post-conviction counsel filed a Reply to State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

<u>ARGUMENT</u>

In the November 23, 2012 Reply to State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, Defendant argues that the parties stipulated to an extension of the time to file the original post-conviction Petition. This assertion is incorrect and has a direct bearing on the Motion for Discovery. NRS 34.780(2) provides that post-conviction discovery only becomes available after the writ has been granted and upon a showing of good cause:

2. After the writ has been granted and a date set for the hearing, a party may invoke any method of discovery available under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure if, and to the extent that, the judge or justice for good cause shown grants leave to do so.

<u>Id.</u> (emphasis added.) Defendant's petition has not yet been granted – and indeed it should not be because it is untimely and Defendant has failed to show good cause to overcome the procedural bar. Defendant is therefore not entitled to discovery. As set out below, no party has the power to stipulate to extend the statutory deadline for filing an original Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, and a district court relying on such a stipulation or representation by the parties errs.

"[T]he statutory rules regarding procedural default are mandatory and cannot be ignored when properly raised by the State." State v. Dist. Ct. (Riker), 121 Nev. 225, 233, 112 P.3d 1070, 1075 (2005). NRS 34.726 provides that a petition "must be filed within one-year after entry of the judgment of conviction or, if an appeal has been taken from the judgment, within one-year after the supreme court issues its remittitur." NRAP 42(b) provides an exception to this rule. Gonzales v. State, 118 Nev. 590, 595 n.18, 53 P.3d 901, 904 n.18 (2002). The Nevada Supreme Court does not issue remittiturs in appeals that are voluntarily dismissed. NRAP 42(b). In this case, the Supreme Court dismissed the appeal on September 28, 2011, noting that because no remittitur would issue, the one-year period for filing a post-conviction habeas corpus petition would run from the date of the order, or September 28, 2011. NRAP 42(b). Consequently, Defendant had until September 28, 2012 to file his post-conviction habeas petition as it pertains to his conviction. Defendant filed the

instant petition on October 9, 2012. This is over the one-year time limitation which must be applied by the District Court, and therefore Defendant's petition must be dismissed.

Any stipulation by the State to waive the procedural bars is without effect. In <u>State v. Haberstroh</u>, 119 Nev. 173, 180, 69 P.3d 676, 681 (2003), the Nevada Supreme Court held that, "a stipulation by the parties cannot empower a court to disregard the mandatory procedural default rules." There, the State and Defendant entered into a stipulation allowing the Defendant to raise issues on the merits that were barred by mandatory procedural bars. The Defendant relied to his detriment on that stipulation. Nevertheless, the Court held that any stipulation to waive the procedural bars is a nullity.

Despite post-conviction counsel's representation in the Petition that he overlooked the footnote in the Nevada Supreme Court order (Pet. at 12-13), counsel represented in court on September 10, 2012 – before the running of the deadline on September 28, 2012 – that he was aware of the September 28, 2012 deadline. "The problem we have here is that the petition in this case is due on September 28th . . . [i]t's due from the – when the remittitur issued, and that was September 28, 2011 of last year." 09-10-12 Transcript of Proceedings at 4-5. When post-conviction counsel made the oral motion to extend the timeline for the filing of the petition, the State mistakenly recalled the appeal pending in the companion case 05C216032 (Dept. 8), NSC no. 59250 which had not yet been affirmed and asserted that the deadline had not yet started running. 09-10-12 Transcript of Proceedings at 7. The court then held:

I agree with you. I'll extend it 30 days. If the District Attorney is correct and it hasn't started ticking yet, then there's zero prejudice to the District Attorney in me extending that deadline 30 days. So, your oral request is granted.

09-10-12 Transcript of Proceedings at 8.

Pursuant to <u>Haberstroh</u>'s ruling that "a stipulation by the parties cannot empower a court to disregard the mandatory procedural default rules," any representations made by the parties regarding the statutory deadline and relied on by the court should be disregarded. Defendant's time to file a petition expired on September 28, 2012, and for all of the reasons

set out in the State's October 30, 2012 Response and Motion to Dismiss Defendant's Petition For Writ Of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), which the State hereby incorporates by reference, Defendant failed to demonstrate the good cause and prejudice necessary to overcome the mandatory procedural bars.

To the extent the Motion seeks discovery with which to file a Supplemental Petition, the mandatory provisions of NRS 34.726 dictate that the Petition was untimely filed. A Supplemental Petition timely filed under a briefing schedule set by the court does not save an untimely original Petition. See State v. Powell, 122 Nev. 751, 757, 138 P.3d 453, 457 (2006) (a supplement to a timely petition is considered timely). Before the State may be compelled to produce voluminous discovery and waste taxpayer resources, the underlying procedural bar issue must be addressed. The following language from the Nevada Supreme Court case is particularly relevant here:

Particularly in this case where the claims are so numerous and the requests for discovery so extensive, judicial economy and sound judicial administration militate for granting relief: determining the applicability of procedural bars may eliminate the need for or narrow the scope of any discovery or evidentiary hearing.

Riker, 121 Nev. at 234-35, 112 P.3d at 1076.

Further, Defendant makes no showing of good cause required by NRS 34.780(2) to obtain discovery. He does not show that the discovery boxes possessed by the Defendant himself are missing any material relevant to issues counsel wishes to brief in a potential Supplemental Petition. Defendant alleges the prison would not give him any discovery with a social security number, but Defendant does not allege what had a social security number that is so crucial to the desired Supplemental Petition. Because Defendant's Petition is time-barred, anything he might now seek discovery for is frivolous and by its nature fails to rise to the level of good cause. Defendant's petition must be dismissed and the State should not first be required to turn over discovery for a fruitless fishing expedition. Defendant has not met the threshold requirement and should be denied discovery at state expense.

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1	<u>CONCLUSION</u>	
2	In light of the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that Defendant's Motion	
3	Obtain a Complete Copy of Discovery from the State be denied.	
4	DATED this 14th day of December, 2012.	
5	Respectfully submitted,	
6	STEVEN B. WOLFSON	
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	
8		
9	BY /s/ Pamela Weckerly PAMELA WECKERLY	
10	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #006163	
11	Nevada Bai #000103	
12		
13	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION	
14	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition To Defendant's Motion To Obtain	
15	Complete Copy Of Discovery From The State, was made this 14th day of December, 2012,	
16	by facsimile transmission to:	
17	THOMAS A. ERICSSON, Esq. 522-1542	
18	322-1342	
19	BY: _/s/ R. Johnson	
20	R. JOHNSON	
21	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office	
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1	OPPS CONTROLL OF THE CONTROLL OF THE CONTROLL OF THE CONTROL OF TH		Alun & Comm
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	PAMELA WECKERLY		
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #006163		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		
6	Attorney for Plaintiff		
7		ICT COURT UNTY, NEVADA	
8	CLARK COO	I NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		_
11	-VS-		06C228755
12	NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III, #1179383	DEPT NO:	IX
13	Defendant.		
14 15	STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT SUPPLEMENT DEFENDANT'S PET		
16	DATE OF HEARING	G: NOVEMBER 14 ARING: 9:00 AM	1, 2012
17	TIME OF HE	ARING: 9:00 AM	
18	COMES NOW, the State of Nevad	la, by STEVEN B	. WOLFSON, Clark County
19	District Attorney, through PAMELA WEO	CKERLY, Chief D	eputy District Attorney, and
20	hereby submits the attached Points and Authorities in Opposition to Defendant's Motion To		
21	Place On Calendar To Supplement Defendant's Petition For Writ Of Habeas Corpus.		
22	This opposition is made and based u	ipon all the papers	and pleadings on file herein,
23	the attached points and authorities in sup	port hereof, and o	ral argument at the time of
24	hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honora	ıble Court.	
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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On December 13, 2006, a Grand Jury issued an indictment on NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III (hereinafter "Defendant") for the following: COUNT 1 – Burglary, COUNT 2 – Murder, COUNT 3 – Sexual Assault and COUNT 4 – Robbery. On January 11, 2007 the State issued a Notice of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty. On October 15, 2008, an Amended Indictment was filed.

After a jury trial, the jury verdict was entered into judgment on October 22, 2008. The Jury found the Defendant guilty of COUNT 1 – Burglary, COUNT 2 – Murder in the First Degree and COUNT 3 – Sexual Assault. The Jury also found the Defendant not guilty of COUNT 4 – Robbery. On October 24, 2008, the Jury rendered a special verdict finding mitigating circumstances and a sentence of Life Without The Possibility Of Parole for COUNT 2. On October 30, 2008, Defendant filed a motion for new trial. The Court denied this motion on November 12, 2008.

On January 13, 2009, Defendant was sentenced as follows: as to COUNT 1, to a maximum of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS in the Nevada Department of Corrections with a minimum parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS; as to COUNT 2, to Life Without The Possibility Of Parole, to run consecutive to COUNT 1; as to COUNT 3, to Life With The Possibility Of Parole after ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS, to run consecutive to COUNT 2. The Judgment of Conviction was filed on January 16, 2009, erroneously noting as to COUNT 3 a sentence of Life *Without* The Possibility Of Parole, with a minimum parole eligibility of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS. On January 29, 2009, Defendant appeared in court with counsel pursuant to the State's request for clarification of the sentence. An Amended Judgment of Conviction was filed February 12, 2012 to reflect the true sentence of Life *With* The Possibility Of Parole with a minimum parole eligibility of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS.

On January 26, 2009, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction. On February 20, 2009, Defendant filed an Amended Notice of Appeal.

On March 3, 2010, Defendant filed a Motion for New Trial Based Upon Newly Available Evidence, Specifically the Conviction of George Brass for Murder. The State opposed the motion on March 9, 2010. At a court hearing on March 17, 2010, the State argued that although the defense tried to blame Mr. Brass and another individual, the Defendant went to trial knowing that the trial of Mr. Brass was pending and that Mr. Brass had an alibi. The District Court denied the Motion for New Trial. On April 1, 2010, Defendant filed a Notice of Appeal from the Court's denial of his motion for a new trial.

On June 10, 2011, pursuant to negotiations, Appellant entered a plea of by way of <u>Alford</u> to an Amended Information in District Court Case Number C216032, charging Appellant with two (2) counts of murder. Pursuant to the plea negotiations, Defendant additionally agreed to withdraw his appeals in Nevada Supreme Court for Docket 53159 (Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction) and 55759 (Appeal from the District Court's order denying Defendant's motion for new trial). In Case Number C216032, the court sentenced Appellant to Life Without The Possibility Of Parole (COUNT 1) and Life With The Possibility Of Parole after TWENTY-FIVE (25) YEARS (COUNT 2), COUNT 2 to run concurrent with COUNT 1 and both to run consecutive to the sentence imposed in Case Number C228755. On June 13, 2011, Defendant filed the agreed-upon Motion to Voluntarily Dismiss his Appeal with the Nevada Supreme Court for Docket 53159 (Appeal from the Judgment of Conviction) and 55759 (Appeal from the District Court's order denying Defendant's motion for new trial).

The Supreme Court issued an Order Dismissing Appeals on September 28, 2011. That order stated that "[b]ecause no remittitur will issue in this matter, see NRAP 42(b), the one-year period for filing a post-conviction habeas corpus petition under NRS 34.726(1) shall commence to run from the date of this order."

On February 3, 2012, Defendant filed a motion to withdraw counsel. On February 15, 2012, the motion was granted. On May 16, 2012, Defendant filed a Motion for the Appointment of Counsel and Request for Evidentiary Hearing. The Court granted the

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motion on May 30, 2012 and appointed James A. Oronoz as post-conviction counsel on June 8, 2012.

On October 9, 2012, Defendant filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) with the aid of counsel, which the State moved to dismiss as untimely on October 30, 2012. On October 31, 2012, Defendant's post-conviction counsel filed the instant "Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus," which the State opposes as follows.

<u>ARGUMENT</u>

Pursuant to NRS 34.750(4), a Defendant has fifteen (15) days during which to respond to any motion to dismiss filed by the State. The State filed a motion to dismiss on October 30, 2012, so any reply is due by November 14, 2012. Defendant's counsel now essential seeks one-hundred and twenty (120) days to respond to the motion to dismiss. The language of the statute is mandatory: "The petitioner shall respond within fifteen (15) days after service to a motion by the State to dismiss the action." Id. (emphasis added). Moreover, the State notes that Defendant did make various good cause arguments that were addressed by the State, and his instant Motion fails to demonstrate how any materials he now seeks would aid in that argument.

To the extent the Motion seeks leave to file a Supplemental Petition, as argued in the State's Response to Defendant's Petition, the mandatory provisions of NRS 34.726 dictate that the Petition was untimely filed. State v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court, 121 Nev. 225, 233, 112 P.3d 1070, 1075 (2005); Gonzales v. State, 118 Nev. 590, 593, 590 P.3d 901, 902 (2002). A supplement to an untimely Petition is still untimely. See State v. Powell, 122 Nev. 751, 757, 138 P.3d 453, 457 (2006) (a supplement to a timely petition is considered timely)¹. Although the Petition authored and filed by counsel was untimely, counsel now seeks to delay the proceedings by a full one hundred twenty (120) days during which to file a

Defendant's counsel cites Powell, but Powell is distinguishable. In Powell, the defendant filed a timely pro per petition, which was thereafter supplemented by counsel. Here, counsel seeks to file both an untimely petition and an untimely supplement.

supplemental brief. It would be a far more efficient use of time and resources to first determine whether the Petition is timely filed before allowing supplements thereto.

Moreover, because the original Petition was authored and filed by counsel, a supplement thereto is beyond the scope of NRS 34.750:

- After appointment by the court, counsel for the petitioner may file and serve supplemental pleadings, exhibits, transcripts and documents within 30 days after:
- (a) The date the court orders the filing of an answer and a

Except for those pleading statutorily allowed, all others are prohibited except by order of the court. NRS 34.750(5). Here, Defendant's Motion for Appointment of Counsel was granted May 30, 2012, and current counsel was appointed June 8, 2012. Counsel filed the Petition on October 9, 2012. NRS 34.750 contemplates the common situation wherein a defendant files an original petition and contemporaneously moves for the appointment of counsel. When counsel is appointed, the court benefits from counsel's supplemental briefing, which illuminates the issues in the original petition and briefs issues potentially overlooked by a defendant untrained in the law. See Calvin v. McDaniels, 635 F. Supp. 2d 1197, 1204 (D. Nev. 2009) (NRS 34.750 permits only counsel, not defendants, to file supplements to a

Because the Petition was untimely and because the time sought in which to respond to a motion to dismiss is far in excess of the time allowed per NRS 34.750(4), the Motion

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1	<u>CONCLUSION</u>	
2	In light of the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that Defendant's Motion to	
3	Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus be denied.	
4	DATED this 2nd day of November, 2012.	
5	Respectfully submitted,	
6	STEVEN B. WOLFSON	
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	
8		
9	BY /s/ Pamela Weckerly	
10	PAMELA WECKERLY Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #006163	
11	Nevada Bai #000103	
12		
13	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION	
14	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition To Defendant's Motion To Place	
15	On Calendar To Supplement Defendant's Petition For Writ Of Habeas Corpus, was mad	
16	this 2nd day of November, 2012, by facsimile transmission to:	
17	JAMES A. ORONOZ, Esq. 522-1542	
18	022 10 12	
19	BY: _/s/ R. Johnson	
20	R. JOHNSON Secretary for the District Attorney's Office	
21	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office	
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1	RPLY	Alun J. Chun
2	JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ.	CLERK OF THE COURT
	Nevada Bar No. 6769 THOMAS A. ERICSSON, ESQ.	
3	Nevada Bar No. 4982	
4	ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C. 700 SOUTH 3RD STREET	
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
6	Telephone: (702) 878-2889	
7	Facsimile: (702) 522-1542 jim@oronozlawyers.com	
8	Attorney for Petitioner	
9	DISTRICT	COURT
10	CLARK COUN'	ΓY, NEVADA
11		,
12	NORMAN FLOWERS	
13) CASE NO. C229755
14	Petitioner,) CASE NO: C228755) DEPT. NO: IX
15	VS.	}
16	THE STATE OF NEVADA	Date of Hearing: November 26, 2012Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.
	Respondent.	{
17		{
18		_)
19	DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO STAT	TE'S OPPOSTION TO DEFENDANT'S
20	MOTION TO PLACE ON CALENDAR	TO SUPPLEMENT DEFENDANT'S
21	<u>PETITION FOR WRIT (</u>	<u>DF HABEAS CORPUS.</u>
22	COMES NOW, the defendant, NO	RMAN FLOWERS, by and through his
23	attorney, JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. of ORO	ONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C., and submits
24	his Reply to State's Opposition to Defen	dant's Motion to Place on Calendar to
25	Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of F	Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction).
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This opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached points and authorities in support thereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing.

DATED this 23rd day of November, 2012.

ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C.

By: /s/ James Oronoz

JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 6769

700 South 3rd Street

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorney for Petitioner

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF FACTS

Pertinent Procedural Background

On October 22, 2008, the district court adjudicated the Petitioner, Norman Flowers ("Flowers"), guilty of: Count 1 – Burglary; Count 2 – Murder in the First Degree; and Count – 3 Sexual Assault. On January 13, 2009, the court sentenced Flowers as follows: as to Count 1, one hundred twenty (120) months in the Nevada Department of Corrections with a minimum parole eligibility of forty-eight (48) months; as to Count 2, Life Without the Possibility of Parole, to run consecutive to Count 1; as to Count 3, Life With the Possibility of Parole with a minimum parole eligibility of one hundred twenty (120) months, to run consecutive to Count 2.

On January 26, 2009, Flowers filed a Notice of Appeal. On September 28, 2011, pursuant to negotiations in case number C216032, whereby Flowers entered a plea pursuant to North Carolina v. Alford, 400 US 25, 91 S.Ct. 160 (1970), the Nevada Supreme Court dismissed Flowers' appeal (53159) in the instant case. In its Order

Dismissing Appeals, the Nevada Supreme Court stated: "Because no remittitur will issue in this matter, *see* NRAP 42(b), the one-year period for filing a post-conviction habeas corpus petition under NRS 34.726(1) shall commence to run from the date of this order. Flowers v. State, 53159, 2011 WL 4527339 (Nev. Sept. 28, 2011). Therefore, pursuant to the Order, Flowers had until September 28, 2012, to file a post-conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Petition"). However, on September 10, 2012, this Court granted an additional thirty (30) day extension to file the Petition. On October 9, 2012, Flowers' filed his Petition well within the thirty (30) day extension granted by the Court.

Defense Inability to Obtain Case File

On June 8, 2012, the court appointed James A. Oronoz, Esq. ("Counsel") to represent Flowers in post-conviction relief proceedings. That same day, the Court set a thirty (30) day status check on receipt of Flowers' file. On June 15, 2012, counsel contacted the Special Public Defender's ("SPD") office, which represented Flowers during pretrial and appellate proceedings, to obtain a copy of Flowers' file. On June 22, 2012, Deputy Special Public Defender Randall Pike informed counsel that his office had mailed the original case file to Flowers in Ely State Prison and therefore could not provide counsel with a copy of Petitioners' file.

On July 9, 2012, counsel contacted the State in an attempt to obtain a copy of discovery in the instant case. Chief Deputy District Attorney, H. Leon Simon, informed counsel that pursuant to NRS 34.780(2), the State would not provide any discovery until after Flowers' Petition had been granted. On July 13, 2012, counsel informed the Court of the issues that had arisen pertaining to Flowers' file. Counsel explained to the Court that obtaining a copy of the file from Flowers would be problematic because Flowers'

had removed or written on certain documents. The Court directed counsel to obtain the file from Flowers and advised the State provide counsel with any missing discovery.

On August 27, 2012, counsel informed the Court that in addition to Flowers' removal of documents, prison officials had removed documents from the file because they contained social security numbers and addresses of individuals involved in the case. Counsel then contacted the Special Public Defender's office and learned that no portion of the file had been returned to them by the prison. After Thomas Ericsson explained to the Court the aforementioned issues, the Court ordered the State to provide the Petitioner with a complete copy of discovery.

Order Extending Deadline to File Petition

Seeking to prevent the defense from receiving a copy of Discovery in the case, on August 31, 2012, the State submitted a Setting Slip to the Court requesting a hearing on "Clarification of Discovery." On September 9, 2012, at the State's request, the Court vacated its discovery Order to allow the State to oppose Flowers' discovery request in writing. Accordingly, the Court set a briefing schedule on the discovery issue with the final brief (Flowers' Reply) being due on September 26, 2012. Counsel informed the Court that the briefing schedule presented a problem because Flowers' Petition had to be filed by September 28, 2012. The State indicated that the issue was premature because the Nevada Supreme Court failed to issue a remittitur and therefore the Court did not

¹ Upon inquiry, prison officials informed counsel that they did not have the missing documents in their possession.

have jurisdiction over the case.² Additionally, the State argued that the Court should delay its decision on the discovery issue until after the Nevada Supreme Court determined whether Flowers' guilty plea in case number C216032 (appeal 59250) was valid. At that point, counsel reiterated his concern regarding the deadline for filing Flowers' Petition and made an oral motion to extend the filing deadline. The State did not oppose the motion. The Court granted counsel's motion and extended the deadline for filing Flowers' Petition by thirty (30) days.

Parties Stipulation Regarding Discovery

On September 12, 2012, Flowers filed his Motion To Obtain A Complete Copy of Discovery From The State. On September 21, 2012, *both* parties were under the mistaken belief that the Nevada Supreme Court's remittitur was forthcoming and that the Court lacked jurisdiction over the instant case. The parties entered into a Stipulation to take the discovery issue off calendar.³ The Stipulation and Order could not be more clear that the parties only intended to vacate the briefing schedule and hearings pertaining to the discovery issue. Shortly thereafter, counsel became aware that even though no remittitur had issued, the Nevada Supreme Court had established a deadline for filing Flowers' Petition. The Nevada Supreme Court's Order indicated the deadline was September 28, 2012. On October 9, 2012, despite not having obtained the file, Counsel filed Flowers' Petition, well within the time limits specified in this Court's Order extending the deadline.

² Clearly both parties were mistaken and overlooked the footnote in the Order that established a deadline for filing the Petition in lieu of the issuance of a remittitur, which is the usual mechanism that triggers the statutory filing deadline.

³ See Stipulation and Order attached hereto as Exhibit D.

Motion to Supplement

On October 30, 2012, the State filed its Response and Motion to Dismiss

Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) ("Motion to

Dismiss"). The Certificate of Facsimile Transmission indicates that the State faxed the

Motion to Dismiss to Thomas Ericsson at 702-658-2502. Counsel submits that he was

never served with the Motion to Dismiss because Mr. Ericsson has not used or had access
to that facsimile account for the last seven (7) months. As such, counsel was not made

aware that the State had filed its Motion to Dismiss until November 2, 2012.

On October 31, 2012, Flowers filed his Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Motion to Supplement"). On November 2, 2012, the State filed its State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Place on Calendar to Supplement Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ("Opposition to Motion to Supplement"). The timing of these pleadings is significant because the State has incorrectly asserted that Flowers' filed his Motion to Supplement in response to the State's Motion to Dismiss. The State's assertion is incorrect given that Flowers filed his Motion to Supplement without any knowledge that the State had filed its Motion to Dismiss.

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ARGUMENT 2 NRS 34.750 provides in pertinent part: 3 3. After appointment by the court, counsel for the petitioner may file and 4 serve supplemental pleadings, exhibits, transcripts and documents within 30 days after: 5 (a) The date the court orders the filing of an answer and a return; or 6 (b) The date of counsel's appointment, whichever is later. If it has not previously been filed, the answer by the 7 respondent must be filed within 15 days after receipt of the supplemental pleadings and include any response to the supplemental pleadings. 8 9 4. The petitioner shall respond within 15 days after service to a motion by the State to dismiss the action. 10 5. No further pleadings may be filed except as ordered by the court. 11 12 NRS 34.750 (Emphasis added) 13 14 In State of Nevada v. Kitrich Powell The Nevada Supreme Court indicated that 15 Petitioners are allowed to liberally supplement their post-conviction pleadings. See 122 16 Nev. 751; 138 P.3d 453 (2006). In considering the issue of supplemental pleadings in 17 Powell, the Court noted: 18 In February 1998, Powell timely filed in proper person a post-conviction petition for a writ of habeas corpus. Various attorneys filed a total of four supplemental 19 pleadings on Powell's behalf in December 1998, July 1999, November 2000, and 20 October 2001. 21 Id. at 451. 22 Further, in reference to NRS 34.750(5), the Nevada Supreme Court noted, 23 We have stated that the latter subsection "vest[s] the district court with **broad** 24 authority to order supplemental pleadings in post-conviction habeas cases." Moreover, we recently held in Barnhart v. State that a district court has the 25 discretion to permit a habeas petitioner to assert new claims even as late as the 26 evidentiary hearing on the petition 27 Id. at 758 (emphasis added).

Here, contrary to the State's assertion, Flowers is not seeking one hundred twenty (120) days to respond to the State's Motion to Dismiss. Flowers timely filed his response on November 14, 2012. *See* Defendant's Opposition to State's Response and Motion to Dismiss Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (post-conviction). Therefore, Flowers is in complete compliance with NRS 34.750(4). Furthermore, as argued within the aforementioned pleading, Flowers' Petition is not untimely.

In its Opposition to Motion to Supplement, the State incorrectly argues that the supplemental pleading requested by Flowers is beyond the scope of NRS 34.750. In referencing the statute, the State glosses over subsection five (5), which, pursuant to Powell, gives this Court broad authority to order supplemental pleadings. Powell clearly stands for the proposition that counsel may supplement a Petition past the thirty (30) day time period specified in NRS 34.750(3)(a), if granted leave to do so by the court. In Powell, the Nevada Supreme Court found no error in the district court authorizing a variety of attorneys to file four separate supplemental pleadings over a period of four years. Id. at 455.⁴ As such, the State is simply incorrect that Flowers' cannot supplement his Petition if granted leave to do so by this Court.

Because Flowers' Petition is timely and this Court has broad authority to order supplemental pleadings, Flowers' Motion to Supplement should be granted.

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⁴ "Various attorneys filed a total of four supplemental pleadings on Powell's behalf in December 1998, July 1999, November 2000, and October 2001." In July 2002, <u>State v. Powell</u>, 122 Nev. 751, 754, 138 P.3d 453, 455 (2006).

CONCLUSION The Petitioner prays that this Honorable Court allows the Petitioner leave to supplement the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (post-conviction) as necessary. DATED this 23rd day of November, 2012. ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C. /s/ James Oronoz By: JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6769 700 South 3rd Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Petitioner

1	CERT		
2	JAMES A. ORONOZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6769		
3	ORONOZ & ERICSSON, L.L.C. 700 SOUTH 3RD STREET		
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
5	Telephone: (702)878-2889 Facsimile: (702) 522-1542		
6	jim@oronozlawyers.com Attorney for Petitioner		
7		COURT	
8	DISTRICT COURT		
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
10			
11	NORMAN FLOWERS))	
12	Petitioner,) CASE NO: C228755) DEPT. NO: IX	
13	VS.		
14	THE STATE OF NEVADA		
15	Respondent.		
16) .)	
17 18			
19	<u>CERTIFICATE (</u>		
20	, ,	day of November, 2012, I served a true	
21	and correct copy of the foregoing DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO STATE'S OPPOSTION		
22	TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO PLACE ON CALENDAR TO SUPPLEMENT		
23	DEFENDANT'S PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS on the following:		
24	STEVE WOLFSON, Clark County District Attorney		
25	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
26	PDMotions@CCdanv.com		
27	/~	/ Alicia Ovonoz	
28		/ Alicia Oronoz n employee of Oronoz & Ericsson L.L.C.	

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1	RTRAN	Alun D. Comm
2		CLERK OF THE COURT
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5	DISTRIC	T COURT
6	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
7)
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)) CASE NO. C228755
9	Plaintiff,)) DEPT. IX
10	VS.	
11	NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS aka NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III,	
12		
13	Defendant.	
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JENNIFER	P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
15	•	JGUST 27, 2012 F PROCEEDINGS
16	STATUS CHECK:	RECEIPT OF FILE
17	APPEARANCES:	
18		
19	For the State:	PATRICK BURNS, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
20	Footh a Defendant	
21	For the Defendant:	LUCAS GAFFNEY, ESQ. THOMAS ERICSSON, ESQ.
22	Also Present:	CLARK PATRICK, ESQ.
23	7 1130 1 1030111.	Special Public Defender
24		
25	RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COU	RT RECORDER

Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday, August 27, 2012 at 9:37 a.m.

THE COURT: State versus Norman Flowers, C228755. The record should reflect he is not present. He's in the Nevada Department of Corrections, and the Court declined to transport him for this simple status check.

MR. ERICSSON: Good morning, Your Honor. This is a status check on us getting the entire file, and here is where we're at, and we're hoping to get an order signed by you.

Mr. Flowers had been represented by the Special Public Defender's Office at trial. It's my understanding they had -- we contacted them to try to get the file. They said they had sent everything up to Mr. Flowers in prison. We contacted him, and we were informed that he was told by the prison that he had received materials up there, but there were social security numbers and things within the materials, and so they wouldn't give it to him, and they had sent it back. We then contacted the Special Public Defender's Office, they said they hadn't received anything back, and so we are in this loop of not being able to get this material. The order that I have drafted is, is ordering that the District Attorney's Office prepare a copy of the entire file so that we can make sure we have everything for his post-conviction assignment.

THE COURT: So, what do you want to do?

MR. ERICSSON: I brought an order -- last time we were in court, we had asked for that, and we were told well if the client is getting it, go get it from him. We've tried to do that, and he hasn't received everything.

THE COURT: What do you have there? What does that say?

MR. ERICSSON: Pardon me?

 THE COURT: Let me see the order and I'll --

MR. ERICSSON: This also includes records from Metro so --

THE COURT: Okay. Well I don't -- I don't think -- okay, the second paragraph, I have a problem with. Number one, the custodian of records at the Metropolitan Police Department does not keep records consistent with our case number.

MR. ERICSSON: The case number.

THE COURT: You need an event number or a series of event numbers, and the other thing is, I -- the standard course is to do a subpoena and do an order to show cause when they don't honor the subpoena, so I'll -- if you want to get started, I will --

MR. ERICSSON: Strike -- strike out that second paragraph.

MR. ERICSSON: -- strike the second paragraph and sign it as to the first. I need you to copy State the file, I mean all reason -- we gotta do it in my lifetime, and all reasonable efforts it sounds like, I mean, I don't really understand. I mean you -- I would think the Special Public Defender's Office, Mr. Patrick, keeps a copy of the file. They don't just send the whole thing to the Defendant.

MR. PATRICK: I'm sorry, Your Honor, this was on Mr. Flowers?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. PATRICK: Judge, the last I remember, we sent most of our files to Mr. Oronoz, when he took over for us on the PCR.

MR. GAFFNEY: Your Honor, Lucas Gaffney. I'm here for Jim Oronoz. I spoke to Randy Pike concerning the file, and he said it was Special Public Defender policy that if it's not a death case, they don't keep the file, and this is -- we actually have two PCR cases with Norman --

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MR. PATRICK: Correct.

MR. GAFFNEY: -- so he may be referring to the other one, which we did get the file.

MR. PATRICK: Yeah, the second file, we had a complete file, so we'd send a copy to Mr. Oronoz and we'd keep one for ourselves on the death case.

THE COURT: Do you keep your work product? Like what about when you have to testify later at a writ? How do you remember what you -- do you keep your work product?

MR. PATRICK: Yes Judge we do.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ERICSSON: And if I may approach, Mr. Gaffney has a cleaner copy that doesn't have that second paragraph.

THE COURT: Oh nice. Yeah, I prefer that one. Well here's what I suggest. Since -- why don't you see what the DA has. Maybe meet with Mr. Flowers and then issue a subpoena if you think. I mean, I see a lot of duplication of a lot of things that might not be necessary if you get a copy --

MR. BURNS: And Your Honor --

THE COURT: That's a copy by the way, a copy of their file. What does the language on there say?

MR. ERICSSON: With all materials and its immediate and instructive possession.

THE COURT: Can I --

MR. BURNS: Your Honor, that language seems a little bit broad; this wouldn't obviously apply to any of our work product or file notes things such as that.

THE COURT: All right, I changed the language to a copy of discovery, which

1	obviously your work product is not discoverable. Okay?
2	MR. BURNS: Thank you.
3	THE COURT: I agree it was overly broad as materials. So why don't we pass
4	it 30 days. I don't know how big the file is. I don't know how long it'll take the
5	District Attorney to make a copy. I don't know how long it'll take you to meet Mr.
6	Flowers. I don't know much. So what do you think? 30 days?
7	MR. ERICSSON: Yes, Your Honor. That should be sufficient.
8	THE COURT: All right. The matter is passed 30 days for status check on
9	receipt of file.
10	THE CLERK: September 24 th at 9 a.m.
11	MR. ERICSSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Thank you.
13	[Proceedings concluded at 9:43 a.m.]
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20	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video
21	proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
22	Lhotte I lin
23	Yvette/G. Sison
24	Court Recorder/Transcriber

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1	1 RTRAN	Alm & Chun
2	2 DISTRICT COURT	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	3 CLARK COUNTY, NEV	'ADA
4	4	
5	5 STATE OF NEVADA,	
6	6	NO. C228765
7	riallilli,	
8	DEP1.	VII
9	NORMAN KEITH ELOWERS aka	
0	Defendant.	
1	1	
2	BEFORE THE HONORABLE LINDA MARIE BEL	L. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
3		
4	RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF	
5		- -
6		
7	7 APPEARANCES:	
8		ALACQUA, ESQ.
9		Deputy District Attorney
20	20	
21	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	AS A. ERICSSON, ESQ.
22		S GAFFNEY, ESQ.
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25	RECORDED BY: PATRICIA SLATTERY, COURT F	
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THE COURT: Do you know if Mr. Oronoz is coming or are you going to handle Flowers for him?

MR. ERICSSON: Your Honor, we're here on that. And will that still be in -- in Department 7 on that date?

THE COURT: No, we won't be handling this criminal calendar after August

MR. ERICSSON: Okay. So do we know what the department number is going to be at that time?

THE COURT: No.

MR. ERICSSON: No? Okay. Your Honor, I am here with Luke Gaffney on Norman Flowers.

THE COURT: Okay. Page 2, State of Nevada versus Norman Flowers, Case Number C228755. Mr. Flowers is in the Nevada Department of Corrections represented by Mr. Gaffney, Mr. Ericsson. State represented by Mr. Schifalacqua. This is on to ensure that the file was received and that Mr. Oronoz had the opportunity to meet with Mr. Flowers.

MR. GAFFNEY: Your Honor, we haven't obtained the file. We contacted the SPDs, and they had given the file to the client, who is incarcerated.

THE COURT: Has he met with Mr. Flowers yet?

MR. GAFFNEY: We've talked to him over the phone.

THE COURT: Has he met with Mr. Flowers yet?

MR. GAFFNEY: No, he hasn't.

THE COURT: Okay. How long is it going to take to do that?

MR. GAFFNEY: We are starting a trial Monday, and it's expected to go approximately three to four weeks.

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio-visual recording of the proceeding in the above entitled case to the best of my ability.

Penu Vincent

Renee Vincent, Court Recorder/Transcriber (702) 671-4339

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1	RTRAN		Alun A. Comm
2	DISTRIC	CT COURT	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
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5	STATE OF NEVADA,)	
6)) CASE NO.	C228765
7	Plaintiff, vs.) DEPT. VII	
8)	
9	NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS aka NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS, III,	()	
10	Defendant.))	
11	Delendant.) 、	
12	BEFORE THE HONORABLE LINDA N) Mariereli di	STRICT COLIRT HINGE
13		UNE 8, 2012	STRICT GOOKT JODGE
14	RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF		
15	APPOINTMEN		
16			
17	APPEARANCES:		
18	For the State: JEF	FREY ROGAN	
19		Deputy Dis	trict Attorney
20			
21	For the Defendant:	LUCAS GA	FFNEY, ESQ.
22			
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24	DECODDED BY: DENIES VINICENT, CO.	LIDT DECODE	ED
25	RECORDED BY: RENEE VINCENT, COURT RECORDER Friday, June 8, 2012 9:00 a.m.		
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1	RTRAN	Alm A. Comm
2		CLERK OF THE COURT
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5	DISTRIC	T COURT
6		NTY, NEVADA
7		
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	CASE NO. C228755
9	Plaintiff,	DEPT. IX
10	VS.	
11	NORMAN KEITH FLOWERS aka NORMAN HAROLD FLOWERS III,	
12		
13	Defendant.	
14		P. TOGLIATTI, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
15	·	TEMBER 10, 2012 F PROCEEDINGS
16	CL ARIFICATION	I OF DISCOVERY
17		OF DISCOVERY
18	APPEARANCES:	
19	For the State:	PAM WECKERLY, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
20 21	For the Defendant:	LUCAS GAFFNEY, ESQ.
22	Also Present:	CLARK PATRICK, ESQ.
23		Special Public Defender
24		
25	RECORDED BY: YVETTE SISON, COUI	RT RECORDER

Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday, September 10, 2012 at 9:23 a.m.

THE COURT: Weckerly signed in on Flowers. Ms. Weckerly for the DA's Office on page 3. Do we have -- hi --

MR. GAFFNEY: Morning, Your Honor. Lucas Gaffney for Jim Oronoz on behalf of Norman Flowers.

THE COURT: Yes, this is bottom of page 3, C228755, clarification regarding discovery.

MR. GAFFNEY: The State's

MS. WECKERLY: This is our clarification, Your Honor. It looks like the Defense had a motion for -- to open discovery in this case filed on -- or actually they didn't file it. They brought it to court on July the 13th. The Court at that time directed them to file the motion. They didn't do so. On August the 27th, this Court issued an order for us to produce discovery in this case. We've never been served with an order. The other thing -- or a motion to open up discovery.

THE COURT: Wait, can you back up?

MS. WECKERLY: Sure.

THE COURT: Is this -- when you say the 14th, are you talking about July?

MS. WECKERLY: July 13th, they had a motion to conduct discovery in this case, and the minutes reflect that the Court directed them to file the motion electronically obviously, so we could have a chance to respond.

On the 27th, the matter was on calendar again, and at that time, the Court signed an order for us to produce discovery in this case, without us having the motion.

The other thing I would add is this case proceeded to trial and was

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actually argued on appeal. Mr. Flowers had another case that proceeded to was coming up for trial later. He ended up pleading guilty in that case. As a condition of his plea, he had to withdraw his pending appeal in this case. He's now moved to withdraw his appeal in the other case. In the event he's successful --

THE COURT: In the other case or this case? I'm sorry when you say this case, other case --

MS. WECKERLY: He went to trial in this case --

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. WECKERLY: -- we argued it in front of the Nevada Supreme Court. While it was pending decision, he entered a plea in another murder case.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WECKERLY: As a condition of that plea, he had to withdraw his pending appeal in this case. He's now moving to withdraw his appeal -- or withdraw his guilty plea in the other case.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WECKERLY: So even if he's successful --

THE COURT: Uhuh.

MS. WECKERLY: -- what will happen is, this case will be back in front of the Nevada Supreme Court on appeal, meaning there's no jurisdiction for discovery in this case at all.

THE COURT: So, you're saying that the plea agreement would cause his appeal time to toll or --

MS. WECKERLY: This case was on appeal --

THE COURT: -- I see.

MS. WECKERLY: -- and he withdrew it.

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THE COURT: He withdrew it.

MS. WECKERLY: So, even if he's successful in withdrawing his plea, this case would be in front of the Nevada Supreme Court, not this Court.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask you this. Who was appellate counsel when this deal was done?

MR. GAFFNEY: On this case?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. WECKERLY: The SPD represented him in both cases, and then he moved to withdraw his plea with Mr. Oronoz.

THE COURT: I'm glad Clark Patrick is here. So, who was his appellate counsel in this case when it was pending, before we were moving to -- not we, they were moving to withdraw the appeal was who?

MR. PATRICK: I believe it was Ms. Thomas, Your Honor. Jonell Thomas.

THE COURT: Ms. Thomas. Because I would need Ms. Thomas here to figure out -- has he been allowed to withdraw his plea or he's moving to withdraw --

MR. PATRICK: Your Honor --

MS. WECKERLY: It's withdrawn.

THE COURT: It's withdrawn? Okay.

MS. WECKERLY: The appeal is withdrawn. So, if he's successful in his other case, his appeal will be revived in front of the Nevada Supreme Court.

THE COURT: Why would he give up that right?

MR. GAFFNEY: Your Honor, if I might?

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. GAFFNEY: The problem we have here is that the petition in this case is due on September 28th. The reply in the case that's currently on appeal in regards

to whether or not his appeal here would be reinstated, the reply isn't even due until September 24th. And so, this case takes precedence, and we were appointed back

THE COURT: This is the same case. This is one case.

MR. GAFFNEY: Well, I'm sorry, what Ms. Weckerly is saying is currently there's an appeal in another case, and that appeal is on the sole issue of whether or not he could withdraw his guilty plea. If he's successful in withdrawing his guilty plea in that case, this case would be back in front of the Supreme Court. They're actually two separate cases. As part of his guilty plea agreement in the other case, he agreed to dismiss this case which was currently on appeal at that time.

And so, what I'm trying to say is that the decision in whether or not he will successfully withdraw his plea is going to take place -- we don't even know. I mean, the briefing isn't even done at this point, but his petition in this case is due September 28. We're -- the clock is running.

THE COURT: Well, it's due a year from the time that the appeal is finally decided. So --

MR. GAFFNEY: It's due from the -- when the remittitur issued, and that was September 28, 2011 of last year. We were appointed in June of this year, and we've been struggling to get this file ever since. When we were in front of Judge Bell on the 13th, we attempted to file a discovery motion in Open Court. It was filed and then she rejected it saying; well, why don't you get a copy of the file from the client, and then she advised the State to cooperate with us to provide any discovery that was missing. We talked to the client. We've had a -- he had part of it, and apparently, Ely State Prison may have a part of it. It's scattered to the four winds. It's problematic for us to get the file from the client, and so when we came back here

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on I think it was the 27th in front of you when I was here with Mr. Ericsson, that's what prompted us to have the Court sign an order to turn over a copy of the discovery. And here we are, a week later, and we still don't have the file, and the deadline for petition is only three weeks away.

THE COURT: Okay but -- so weeding through everything you just said to me, I'm still not hearing that there is not a -- that there is a possibility that this appeal will be -- because he was allowed to withdraw his plea. As of right now, his plea is withdrawn in the other case, yes or no?

MS. WECKERLY: Nope.

THE COURT: I thought you said it was.

MS. WECKERLY: He's moved to. It was denied, and he's appealed that.

THE COURT: Oh. I thought you said it was withdrawn.

MS. WECKERLY: No.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WECKERLY: No. That's -- I mean we're not even there. We've had a hearing on that, and it was denied.

THE COURT: Was that motion to withdraw the plea, pre or post sentencing? Post?

MR. GAFFNEY: Pre.

MS. WECKERLY: Pre, and he's --

MR. GAFFNEY: Pre-sentencing.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GAFFNEY: Your Honor just -- if we are -- have to wait for the Supreme Court to make a decision on whether or not his appeal is granted or denied, we're going to have file an untimely petition.

THE COURT: I understand.

MR. GAFFNEY: Okay.

THE COURT: I heard you the first time you said it.

MR. GAFFNEY: Okay. Thank you.

THE COURT: State, I'm going to -- I mean, setting aside the appeal issues, I'm not waiting for the Supreme Court, because I could be in PERS by then, and quite frankly, I'm going to presume that whoever denied the motion made the right legal decision, and his appeal will be denied.

So, as far as the request for discovery, normally if I had any inclination at the time that there was going to be an objection by the State, I wouldn't have just signed an order. I've inherited, I don't know, 400 active cases from Judge Bell, and I had the impression at the time that I sent the order that this had already kind of been -- that the road had been laid for this, so I had a misunderstanding. So the extent you want me to vacate the order and you want to litigate it, I'm happy to do that. I'm happy to allow you to do that since I didn't apparently allow you to do that the first time.

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. We'd like to litigate it.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GAFFNEY: Your Honor, at this point, can I make an oral motion to extend the timeline for the filing of his post-conviction petition for writ of habeas corpus. If we put a motion on --

THE COURT: He doesn't have the file.

MS. WECKERLY: His deadline hasn't even started ticking yet, because there's no appeal.

MR. GAFFNEY: That's not correct, Your Honor. It --

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THE COURT: Listen, listen. I understand the issues okay. I've been doing this a really long time. I don't need you to say it five times. I agree with you. I'll extend it 30 days. If the District Attorney is correct and it hasn't started ticking yet, then there's zero prejudice to the District Attorney in me extending that deadline 30 days. So, your oral request is granted. You'll need to prepare an order for that.

In the meantime, I guess there was no motion filed. I have nothing in the minutes about how they'll be a motion filed, and so I'm vacating the early order -earlier order for production of discovery because I had a misunderstanding that this was going to be litigated or that the State objected, and so when can you have that done?

MR. GAFFNEY: I'll have it submitted by today or by tomorrow.

THE COURT: Okay. So, if I set this clarification of discovery status check over three weeks, you'll have plenty of time to have a motion, an opposition, and a reply. Okay. So the motion is due Wednesday by 5 o'clock. The opposition is -and so that would be the 12th. The opposition is due the 19th by 5 o'clock. Any reply is due the 26th by 5 o'clock with a hearing on October 1st at 9 o'clock.

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.

THE COURT: I guess I should say 4 o'clock. You all e-file anyway right?

MR. GAFFNEY: No we don't.

THE COURT: Okay 4 o'clock. Clerk's Office closes at 4 o'clock. I keep forgetting that.

MR. GAFFNEY: Got it.

THE COURT: Doesn't matter to you, but it matters to him. They electronically file. Okay. Thank you very much.

MS. WECKERLY: Thank you.

1	[Proceedings concluded at 9:33 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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23	Shotte I. Sign
24	Yvette G. Sison_
25	Could Recorder/Transcriber