IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

RAYMOND DELUCCHI and TOMMY HOLLIS,

Electronically Filed
Case No. 68994ug 09 2016 09:38 a.m.
District Court:Taxiss 64 indeman
Clerk of Supreme Court

Appellants,

v.

PAT SONGER and ERICKSON THORPE & SWAINSTON, LTD.

Respondents		

JOINT APPENDIX

VOLUME II OF VII

Appeal from the Fifth Judicial District Court Case. No. CV35969

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE BY ELECTRONIC MEANS

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Law Office of Daniel Marks and that on the day of August, 2016, I did serve the above and forgoing JOINT APPENDIX, VOLUME II of VII by way of Notice of Electronic Filing provided by the court mandated E-Flex filing service, to the following:

Joseph P. Garin, Esq. Siria L. Gutierrez, Esq. LIPSON, NEILSON, COLE, SELTZER, GARIN Attorneys for Respondent

An employee of the

LAWOFFICE OF DANIEL MARKS

EXHIBIT "8"

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IN ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES

OPINION AND AWARD

AAA Case No. 79 390 00124 12

In the Matter of a Controversy between TOWN OF PAHRUMP,

Employer,

and

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FIREFIGHTERS LOCAL 4068,

Union,

Re: grievances of R. Delucchi and T. Hollis.

This matter was heard on August 12, August 13, September 13, and September 24, 2013 before Catherine Harris, Esq., a neutral arbitrator mutually selected by the parties to render a final and binding decision pursuant to the parties' labor agreement.1

Richard G. Campbell, Jr., Esq., Armstrong Teasdale, LLP, appeared on behalf of the TOWN OF PAHRUMP (herein "the Town").2

The INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FIREFIGHTERS LOCAL 4068 (herein "the Union") was represented by Adam Levine, Esq., Law Office of Daniel Marks. Firefighter/Paramedic Ray Delucci and Firefighter/EMT Tommy Hollis (herein "the Grievants") were present throughout the hearing.3

¹ The first two days of hearing were held at Pahrump, Nevada and the third day of hearing was held at Las Vegas, Nevada. The arbitrator presided over a fourth and final day of hearing from her office in Sacramento, California by telephone while attorneys, witnesses and parties assembled at the same location in Las Vegas. The hearing was transcribed and the arbitrator was supplied with transcripts of all four days of hearing.

² Bret F. Meich, Esq. appeared on brief. Also present on behalf of the Town during day 1 and day 2 of the hearing was Rebecca Bruch, Esq., Erickson, Thorpe & Swainston.

³ The Union's current president Justin Snow and Dean Fletcher (a representative of Professional Firefighters of Nevada) also attended the hearing on behalf of the Union and the Grievants.

At the hearing, each party was given the opportunity to present testimonial⁴ and documentary evidence,⁵ to cross-examine the other party's witnesses and to make argument to the arbitrator.⁶ The parties further stipulated that the arbitrator would have forty-five (45) days from the closing of the record on November 22, 2013 in which to transmit her Opinion and Award by regular mail, duplicate originals, to both parties.⁷

RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF THE AGREEMENT

Both parties agree that the relevant collective bargaining agreement for the purpose of resolving this dispute is the Agreement between the Town of Pahrump and International Association of Firefighters Local 4068 for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012

⁴ At the hearing, the Town presented the testimony of William Kohbarger, Pat Songer, Scott Lewis, Brittnie Choyce and Kevin Slaughter, M.D (by telephone). The Union presented the following witnesses: John Sivia, Noe Martinez (by telephone), Dustin Knutson, Chad Weston, Justin Snow, Tommy Hollis, and Ray Delucchi. William Kohbarger and Pat Songer (by telephone) were recalled as rebuttal witnesses by the Town and Justin Snow and Ray Delucchi were recalled as surrebuttal witnesses by the Union.

⁵ During the course of the hearing, the arbitrator received Town Exhibits "1" through "38" and Union Exhibits "A" through "AA" into evidence.

⁶ At the close of the hearing, the parties agreed to submit simultaneous post-hearing briefs to be mailed to the arbitrator by no later than November 12, 2013. Consistent with the stipulation, both parties' briefs had been received in the arbitrator's office as of November 15; however, due to the inclusion of two unauthorized exhibits attached to the Town's brief, the arbitrator declined to close the record without giving the Union an opportunity to respond to additional evidence submitted without a motion to reopen the record. Ultimately, the Union, by letter dated November 22, 2013, waived objection to the new exhibits provided that its additional documentary evidence was also accepted. Accordingly, the arbitrator will mark for identification and receive into evidence Town Exhibit "39" (Notice of Revocation of License dated October 1, 2013 re: Tommy Hollis) and Town Exhibit "40" (Notice of Revocation of License dated October 1, 2013 re: Ray Delucchi), as well as Union Exhibit "BB" (letter dated October 11, 2013 appealing the Notices of Revocation); Union Exhibit "CC" (letter dated October 14, 2013 appealing Amended Notices of Revocation); Union Exhibit "DD"(electronic copy of letter dated November 15, 2013 from Office of the Attorney General to Union counsel memorializing an agreement to delay the processing of the appeal pending review of the arbitrator's decision).

⁷ The arbitrator notified the AAA Case Manager that she considered the record closed upon receipt of Union counsel's letter agreeing to supplement the record with documents supplied by both parties regarding the status of the proceeding before the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the State of Nevada. (herein "the Health Division").

1	(herein "the Agreement") which contains the following provisions:		
2	ARTICLE 4 - SAFETY AND HEALTH		
3	Section 1:		
4 5	It is the desire and goal of the TOWN and the UNION to maintain the highest standards of safety and health in order to eliminate, as much as possible, accident, death, injuries, and illness in the fire and emergency care service.		
6	Section 4:		
7	G. S. twing primary goal and consensus is desired. Final decisions on the recommendations to		
8	the Fire Chief shall be reached when a simple majority vote[s] for or against is cast. Either party may submit a recommendation to the Fire Chief.		
9			
-10	Section 9:		
11	The TOWN shall comply with all standards, laws, regulations and ordinances relating to the fire department.		
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13	ARTICLE 22 – PROGRESSIVE AND CORRECTIVE DISCIPLINARY ACTION		
14	Section 1:		
15	The TOWN shall not discipline nor discharge a post probationary EMPLOYEE without just		
16	cause.		
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18	Il as 11: a 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
19	violation and given the opportunity to provide his/her response prior to a rinar decision seem made.		
20	Section 3:		
21	TOWAL shall first administer constructive and progressive discipline, in the following		
22	order, prior to discharging a post-probationary EMFLOTEE, except where his her misconduct is so serious as to constitute an immediately dischargeable offense:		
23	- Verbal Reprimand		
24	- Written Reprimand - Suspension Without Pay		
2:	Temporary Pay Reduction (One (1) step two (2) pay cycles Demotion (if applicable)		
2			
2	7 Article 25 - Grievance Procedure		
2	8		

Section 5:

The costs of arbitration shall be borne as follows:

- (a) ...
- (b) The arbitrator's fees and expenses, and the cost of any hearing room shall be borne by the losing party to the arbitration. The arbitrator shall specify the payer of the costs.

ISSUES PRESENTED

The parties agree that both grievances are properly before the arbitrator for final and binding determination in a single proceeding. The issue to be determined separately as to each of the Grievants is whether the Grievant was terminated for just cause and, if not, what shall be the appropriate remedy. An additional issue to be determined by the arbitrator is the application of the "loser pays" provision of Article 25, Section 5 of the Agreement. The parties jointly requested, in the event a remedy were to be ordered, that the arbitrator retain jurisdiction over implementation of the award.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Background

As of the date of his termination, Grievant Raymond Delucchi had been employed by the Town as a Firefighter/Paramedic for approximately four and a half years. Delucchi came to this position after serving a year and a half as a firefighter for the San Ramon Valley Fire Protection District. He had previously served three years as a volunteer firefighter. At the time of these events, Delucchi had been serving as the Union's president since April 1, 2012⁸ and had previously served as the Union's vice-president. Prior to the events of this case, Delucchi had never been the subject of an official complaint or any form of disciplinary action. Firefighter/EMT Intermediate Tommy Hollis was a volunteer firefighter for Pahrump Valley Fire and Rescue Service (PVFRS) for fifteen years before being hired by

⁸ Unless otherwise indicated, all references to dates herein are to calendar year 2012.

the Town as a paid full-time firefighter in 2005. Prior to the events of this case, Hollis' only prior discipline during his 22 years as a firefighter was a "write-up" for backing an engine into a bay when the side doors to the building were partially open, i.e., causing damage to the building. As of the date of the incident that is the subject of this case, Hollis held no position as representative or official of the Union although he had previously served on the Union's executive board. During times material to this case, the Grievants were partners assigned to a two-person ambulance crew (Medic 3) and reported to the on-duty lieutenant.

The Van Leuven Arbitration

In his capacity as the president of the Union, Delucchi attended an arbitration on May 30 involving the termination of Firefighter/Paramedic Chris Van Leuven by Fire Chief Scott Lewis. 10 According to Union witnesses, tensions at the Van Leuven arbitration escalated when the Union's attorney questioned Chief Lewis about his dating relationship with a woman who had also had a dating relationship with Firefighter Van Leuven. After providing testimony at the Van Leuven arbitration, Chief Lewis returned to his office and received an external complaint related to the Grievants.

The Telephone Call from Vickie

On May 30, at approximately 3:30 p.m., Administrative Director Tony Glines informed Chief Lewis that she had received a telephonic complaint from an individual named Vickie concerning an incident that had occurred on Highway 160 involving a PVFRS ambulance crew. In the presence of Lt. Steve Moody, Chief Lewis returned the call to Vickie who then placed her daughter Brittnie Choyce (herein "Mrs. Choyce") on the telephone to provide her version of what had occurred on May 25 at approximately midnight about a mile north of the Spring Mountain pass. Later on in the call, Brittnie's husband James Choyce (herein "Mr. Choyce") also came on the line to provide further details of the

⁹ The record does not disclose the date or approximate date of this incident nor is this incident mentioned in the Notice of Intent to Terminate.

¹⁰ Lewis has served as the Town's Fire Chief for approximately 11 years.

incident from his perspective.

Notes compiled by Chief Lewis sometime during the period from May 30 to June 20,¹¹ contain the following hearsay description of what Mrs. Choyce told Chief Lewis during the telephone conversation on May 30:

Brittney(sic) explained that she had been 17½ weeks pregnant with her fourth child when it was determined that she was carrying a stillborn child. She informed me of a scheduled appointment the next day for the evacuation of the stillborn. In the meantime, her Doctor informed her to be extremely careful and if she were to begin experiencing problems to get to Summerlin Hospital in Las Vegas. Later she began to have problems including bleeding and her husband began to drive her to Summerlin as the local Pahrump Hospital (Desert View) was unable to provide the level of care. ¹²

As they drove [to] on Highway 160 her condition deteriorated and her water broke approximately 5-10 miles before the top of Spring Mountain and at some point she began delivery of the stillborn child with profuse bleeding. At the top of the Spring Mountain on Highway 160, they passed PVFRS Medic 3 traveling in the opposite direction (toward Pahrump). Her husband pulled a U-turn and attempted to catch up to Medic 3 while flashing his lights. Approximately 2 miles from Fire Station 79, Medic 3 pulled onto the shoulder of the road and her husband jumped out to tell the crew that she was having a miscarriage and needed help.

She stated that a "bald" medic approached her side of the car and through an open window asked "What's going on"? She was crying while she informed him that she was having a miscarriage and was bleeding. She stated by this time the stillborn was delivered and was "in her pants." She stated her need for help to the same medic, but again he did not help. Eventually, he offered to drive them back to the Pahrump Hospital, but only offered the name and directions to the closest Las Vegas Hospital. Brittney (sic) stated that her husband was becoming more agitated and finally began to drive her to Las Vegas after making another u-turn on Highway 160. Shortly after, she passed out. At the Las Vegas Hospital, she received 5 blood transfusions and passed 5 large blood clots. ¹³

Chief Lewis's notes contain an additional notation that Mr. Choyce then came on the line and relayed "the same story with some additional points" as follows:

¹¹ There is no evidence that these notes were contemporaneous with either the return call to Vickie or the visit to the Choyce residence. As explained herein, on June 20 the investigation was reassigned to an outside investigator in response to the filing of cross complaints by Delucchi and Chief Lewis.

¹² To what extent, if any, these facts were communicated to the Grievants is extremely questionable given the short duration of the encounter, Mr. Choyce's level of agitation, and his snap decision to speed away from the scene at the mention of the Pahrump Hospital (Desert View).

¹³ No medical records were produced that verify these hearsay statements.

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He stated that he is a veteran and feels that the medics did not take his wife's situation seriously. He stated that her seat was covered in her blood and she was on the verge of passing out from the miscarriage. He was previously informed by their Dr. that if this condition presented, that it was a true life emergency. He stated that he was talking with the Dr. and trying to reach the hospital on the way. 14 He stated that when he observed Medic 3 he began flashing his lights, made a u-turn, attempted to catch up with them. He pulled aside the ambulance and they eventually pulled over. He approached the driver's window and spoke with the "bald" driver. He informed the driver that his wife was having a miscarriage. The "bald" medic and his passenger seated partner got out of the vehicle and approached his wife's side window and asked her "what's going on"? She was crying and informing him that, she was having a miscarriage and was bleeding. The medic responded that it wasn't that much blood and that they could take her back to Pahrump as that was the direction they were heading. James explained that they were instructed to get to Las Vegas not Desert View. James stated that he became angrier and finally just drove away after the crew informed them of the closest LV hospital off of Fort Apache.

According to Chief Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Choyce indicated that they would prefer to submit written statements, as opposed to submitting to recorded interviews. ¹⁵ As a result of this telephone conversation, Chief Lewis commenced a formal investigation including an initial record review which confirmed that Medic 3 had been in the same area at the same time as described by the complainants.

The Meeting between the Town Manager and the Fire Chief

On May 31, at approximately 8:30 a.m., Chief Lewis met with Town Manager William Kohbarger and HR Director Terry Bostwick at the Town Office to review what was still a verbal complaint received by telephone. On this occasion, Kohbarger instructed Chief Lewis to assign Lt. Moody to the investigation with direct assistance from Chief Lewis who would coach Lt. Moody through the investigative process. ¹⁶ Chief Lewis was also

¹⁴ No evidence was presented to verify the claim that Mr. Choyce had been talking to a doctor on his way to Las Vegas.

Firefighter Noe Martinez provided testimony that from his position in the training room, he overheard the conversation that was taking place over the Chief's speaker phone. According to Martinez, he heard a female telling Chief Lewis that she just wanted to forget about it, i.e., that nothing could change the outcome at this point. He also overheard the female tell Chief Lewis that she did *not* want to write a statement and that she did *not* want him to come to her house.

¹⁶ Lt. Moody lacked experience conducting investigations so this was going to be an opportunity for Lt. Moody to receive training under the supervision of Chief Lewis.

specifically directed by Kohbarger to record the Grievants' interviews.¹⁷ At approximately 9:00 a.m., Chief Lewis telephoned Lt. Moody and asked him to direct the Medic 3 crew to come to Station 1 for interviews¹⁸ and that he would be joining them shortly.

The Special Circumstance Report

On the morning of their return to work on May 31, the Grievants were requested by their supervisor Lt. Moody to prepare a special circumstance report concerning what had occurred up on the hill during their last shift on May 25. 19 That report which constitutes the Grievants' first official description of the incident provides as follows: 20

On A-shift after a transfer to a Vegas hospital from P.V. hospital M-3 was on the way back to Pahrump appx ½ mile from Mountain Springs Fire Station on the Pahrump side a very dangerous and erratic vehicle pulled up beside M-3. The driver of the vehicle was pointing & yelling at M-3 to stop. Due to the circumstances & area vehicle was pointing, we stopped in the best- most safe place[to] as possible. Before having no lighting, we stopped in the best- most safe place[to] as possible. Before getting out of the medic unit a very excited & arrattic (sic) male appeared in the driver's window screaming my wife is having a miscarriage, both myself and my partner were yelling calm down through the window of the medic unit at the male who was obviously out of control. My partner & I were in fear due to the unknown. We cautiously approached the vehicle on the passenger side of the car where a woman was crying, the passenger window was down half way - the male had jumped back in the driver's seat of car and was yelling arratically (sic). We my partner & I told him to calm down & we offered to take her to the hospital in Pahrump and the male yelled F Desert View & put the car in drive so we moved back from the car not knowing what the driver was gonna do, still yelling calm down & the car started to move & the driver was still yelling & not making any sense and sped away.

The Grievants were also instructed by Lt. Moody to proceed directly to Station 1 in order to be interviewed.

The Grievants' Interviews on May 31

When Chief Lewis arrived back to Station 1 at approximately 9:47 a.m., Lt. Moody, who had already completed his interview of Hollis, was in the process of interviewing

¹⁷ At the hearing, Chief Lewis testified that the Town Manager also asked that they try to get a recorded interview from the complainants.

¹⁸ The Medic 3 crew was regularly assigned to Station 3.

¹⁹ The Grievants had not worked since the shift that led to this proceeding.

²⁰ Although the report was actually written up by Hollis, it was prepared as a product of discussion between the Grievants and signed by both Hollis and Delucchi.

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After the introduction to his *recorded* interview, Delucchi stated that he felt he was the subject of retaliation and feared for his job, i.e., requesting that HR Director Terry Bostwick and Town Manager Kohbarger be present during the interview. ²² Upon completion of Delucchi's interview (conducted in the presence of Lewis, Moody, Kohbarger, Bostwick and union representative Nate Alexander), a second *recorded* interview of Hollis was conducted (also in the presence of Lewis, Moody, Kohbarger, Bostwick and Alexander). Several minutes into the Hollis interview, Chief Lewis excused himself due to a prior commitment.

During the Grievants' interviews,²³ both men consistently described the incident as follows: a car with its hazard lights flashing approached Medic 3 at high speed from behind and came up alongside the ambulance driver gesturing for Medic 3 to pull over. According to the Grievants, the male driver of the vehicle was yelling, screaming and using profanity. Fearing that they would be driven off the road or become involved in an accident, Delucchi

²¹ According to Delucchi, he had already pretty much told the entire story to Lt. Moody at the time that Chief Lewis barged in.

²² Delucchi testified, in so many words, that he felt that he needed a second set of eyes and ears to assure the fairness of the process.

²³ The Grievants' recorded interviews were transcribed and submitted into evidence at the arbitration hearing. The arbitrator was also provided with the recordings. The interviews were conducted by Lt. Moody, Chief Lewis, and Town Manager Kohbarger. During the Hollis interview, Hollis asked if he needed to fear retaliation and Kohbarger, in a reassuring manner, acknowledged that most of the complaints that are filed against firefighters are bogus.

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pulled over and turned on the emergency lights (not the scene lights) and the passenger vehicle pulled behind them. The driver of the passenger vehicle then ran up to the window on the left or driver's side of the ambulance as he continued to yell and scream while moving his hands.²⁴ Although the man was so agitated that he was difficult to understand, the Grievants did hear him say "my wife is having a miscarriage." The Grievants asked the man to calm down and step away from the ambulance. When the man complied, they exited the ambulance and cautiously approached the passenger vehicle to within 5-10 feet of the female passenger who could be seen in the passenger seat crying. Both firefighters recalled that the man, instead of proceeding to the passenger door to allow them access to the female passenger, got back into the driver's seat of the vehicle. As soon as the man was back behind the wheel, he resumed acting wild and erratic, i.e., moving around the driver's seat and yelling over the top of the female passenger. The Grievants tried to explain to the extremely agitated male that they could not to anything to help until he calmed down enough for them 13 to find out what was going on. When the Grievants failed to get the screaming man out of the car, in an effort to de-escalate the situation, they offered to transport the couple to Desert 15 View in Pahrump. The man responded "fuck Desert View," placed the vehicle in gear, 25 and 16 sped off. The Grievants got back in their vehicle and sat there long enough to witness the 17 couple reverse direction at the nearby "turnaround" and head back to Las Vegas. 18

During separate and independent interviews, both of the Grievants confirmed that the incident took approximately 60 seconds before the driver sped off and that the driver was acting erratically and aggressively causing both men to feel unsafe for the entire duration of

²³ ²⁴ In his recorded interview by Lt. Moody, Hollis stated that the excited male was "all over 24 the window and trying to open the door even." 25

²⁵ The recorded interviews do not discuss whether or not the Choyce vehicle was running. Both of the Grievants described seeing the male driver put the car into drive and speed away with no mention of turning on the ignition. Consistent with the recorded interviews, Hollis testified at arbitration that when Mr. Choyce got back into the driver's seat, the car was "obviously running."

their brief encounter.²⁶ The Grievants uniformly testified that neither of them thought to radio the NHP and alert them of a medical emergency or to notify their lieutenant as they were 10 minutes outside of radio or cell phone coverage at the time of the incident.²⁷ At no time during the remainder of their shift did the Grievants call 911, notify the on-duty lieutenant or dispatch of what had occurred, or contact any police agency.²⁸

The Union provided unrebutted evidence that it was the Grievants' usual custom and practice to visit the lieutenant at station 1 at the conclusion of their shift. On the morning after the incident, the Grievants went to station 1 at approximately 6:00 a.m. and learned that Lt. Moody had gone home early at 5:00 a.m. after working double shifts. Thus, the Grievants did not have the opportunity to discuss the events of the previous night with their supervisor before going off duty at 8:00 a.m. The Grievants did not see Lt. Moody until May 31 when they returned to work after four days off.

Delucchi's Complaint Against Chief Lewis

After the interview process was complete, Delucchi filed a complaint at 11:15 a.m. with HR Director Bostwick. The complaint alleges that the complaint process was personal, and not business, and that Chief Lewis had in the days preceding the incident engaged in various actions which Delucci considered to be harassment. In his complaint against Chief Lewis, Delucchi alleges, among other things, that he was experiencing retaliation as a result

²⁶ The Grievants have consistently denied giving directions to the closest Las Vegas hospital, engaging in any conversation with the female passenger, or making any assessment of the severity of her blood loss.

²⁷ Current Union President Justin Snow provided unrebutted testimony that there is no Standard Operating Guideline that references when a special circumstance report should be filed. He testified that absent an order from a supervisor, the filing of a special circumstance report is at the discretion of the firefighter.

²⁸ Grievants testified that they did not have anything to report other than an unknown vehicle (they did not have license plate number or vehicle description) with unknown occupants (they had no names) headed to a Las Vegas hospital. In his testimony at arbitration, Sgt. John Sivia of the NHP confirmed that there is no coverage on Highway 160 at 1:00 a.m. and that, if there is a call for service, an officer is called to respond from his home.

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Chief Lewis returned to the training room towards the end of the Hollis interview. After the interview was concluded, Chief Lewis made an appointment to visit the Choyce residence that same day at 1:00 p.m. During the visit to the Choyce residence, the investigators were informed that Mr. Choyce was a member of the U.S. Army Reserves who had served two tours of duty in Afghanistan. and was going to be entering the Special Forces in July or August. 30 At the appointment, the Choyces showed Chief Lewis and Lt. Moody a silver-colored Dodge Caravan with what appeared to be large blood stains on the front passenger seat cushion, the lower seat back and under the seat. The Choyces also performed a demonstration to show the position of the Grievants from the passenger window of their van, i.e., a photo admitted into evidence shows that the distance was measured as three feet, nine inches.31 Mr. Choyce told the investigators that the entire encounter with Medic 3 lasted approximately 5 minutes. According to Chief Lewis, when asked to provide a recorded 14 interview, Mr. and Mrs. Choyce reiterated that they would prefer to write written 15 statements.32 On this same date, Chief Lewis and Lt. Moody also visited the site of the 16 incident at approximately mile marker 23 where there is a "turnaround" less than a mile 17 away. Notes prepared by Chief Lewis sometime between May 30 and June 20 reflect that 18

²⁹ This complaint, along with a cross complaint filed by Chief Lewis, was referred to an outside investigator (Cindy Davis) for investigation. In her report, Davis characterizes Delucchi's complaint as a complaint of harassment, retaliation, favoritism, and bullying.

³⁰ An obituary presented by the Union reflects that Mr. Choyce, who suffered from posttraumatic stress disorder, committed suicide on October 6. Prior to his death, Mr. Choyce never provided either a written or recorded statement concerning the May 25 incident.

³¹ The investigators were shown a photo of the stillborn infant taken upon arrival at the hospital which was also admitted into evidence at the arbitration hearing.

³² Chief Lewis testified that he and Lt. Moody returned to the Choyce residence on June 6 at which time they were told that the couple still wished to pursue their complaint but that they had not been able to complete their written statements.

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the site visit occurred at 1:30 p.m. Although not captured clearly in photos of the roadway,³³ testimonial evidence presented by both parties reflects that the Choyce vehicle and Medic 3 were stopped on a shoulder that slopes gradually downward away from the road.

The Chief's Complaint against Delucchi

That same day, at 1:30 p.m.,³⁴ Chief Lewis filed a complaint against Delucchi alleging that Delucchi had demanded that the Town Manager and the HR Director be present during the interviews contrary to the complaint process contained in the labor agreement.³⁵ The complaint by Chief Lewis further alleges that Delucchi was attempting to use his role as Union president to thwart management's ability and his authority to conduct an investigation of a serious external complaint. ³⁶

The Town's Decision to Refer Investigation of the Cross Complaints to a Third Party

At the arbitration hearing, Kohbarger testified that once Delucchi filed a complaint against Chief Lewis, he did not think it would be appropriate to continue as planned with Chief Lewis in charge of the investigation. Accordingly, on June 7, the Town retained the services of Strategic HR Partners to investigate the cross complaints of Chief Lewis and Delucchi.³⁷ Although not part of the charges before the arbitrator in this proceeding (the Davis report had not issued when the Town adopted third party recommendations for

³³ These photos were also admitted into evidence at the hearing. At his recorded interview, Hollis described the location of the Choyce vehicle as parked "close to the ditch area."

³⁴ The notes prepared by Chief Lewis reflect that he visited the incident and scene and filed a complaint against Delucchi simultaneously; however, the record as a whole reflects that charges were filed by Chief Lewis against Delucchi upon his return from visiting the Choyce home and the incident scene.

³⁵ This may have been a reference to the lower steps of the grievance procedure but it is not clear from the record.

³⁶ The third party investigator (Cindy Davis) characterizes Chief Lewis' complaint as a complaint of bullying and violation of the collective bargaining agreement.

³⁷ The investigative report prepared by Cindy Davis is part of the record before the arbitrator; however, this report does not squarely address the issues to be determined by the arbitrator.

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termination of both Grievants), the Town introduced the Davis report in an effort to rebut the Union's allegations of retaliation and unfair treatment. By letter dated December 20, the Union's attorney was informed that should Delucchi be returned to employment with the Town, the Town will then notice its intent to terminate Delucchi for violations identified in the Davis report (that are not before the arbitrator in this proceeding).

The Town's Decision to Refer the Disciplinary Investigation to a Third Party

On June 20, the Town engaged Pat Songer, the Director of Emergency Medical Services at Humboldt General Hospital, to perform an investigation into the external complaint made by the Choyces.³⁸ Kohbarger provided unrebutted testimony that he contacted attorney Rebecca Bruch who selected Songer without his (Kohbarger's) participation or involvement and that he (Kohbarger) only talked to Songer after Songer's report had been completed and Bruch had submitted Songer's final report and recommendations. Notwithstanding the delegation of the investigation of the incident and the cross complaints to third parties, it is undisputed that Town Manager Kohbarger did not delegate his authority to make the ultimate decision with respect to whether the Grievants 15 should be disciplined or discharged. 16

The Town's Request to Reopen Wages

On June 28, Town Manager Kohbarger, in anticipation of a 4% step increase coming due under the Agreement, requested that the Union reopen wages due to decreasing revenues. On July 3, Delucchi responded, in his capacity as Union president, declining to reopen wages until the 2013 scheduled negotiations. Delucchi's letter challenges the Town's claim that it was forced by declining revenue to find alternatives to paying the negotiated increase. In response to the Union's refusal to reopen negotiations, the Town initiated a discussion regarding potential layoffs. On July 22, the Union issued a press 24

³⁸ During the third party investigation, no recorded or written statement was ever provided by Mrs. Choyce who gave her first formal statement in support of her complaint at the hearing before the arbitrator. As previously noted, Mr. Choyce never gave any written or recorded statement prior to committing suicide.

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release critical of the Town Manager for having failed to include a scheduled wage increase in the FY 2012 budget. The press release reflects that union members had agreed to wage concessions for the past three contracts and questions the need for reducing staffing levels when no other departments were facing reductions. Responding to what he regarded as an inaccurate press release and the Union's unwillingness to negotiate concessions, Town Manager Kohbarger authored an agenda item proposing that the Town Board consider laying off firefighters in order to save money.

In testimony at the hearing, Kohbarger admitted having made the following statements attributed to him by the Pahrump Valley Times in a July 25 posting:

Up to about April of this year, the fire department got a new union president who by his own words had been meeting with the union presidents in North Las Vegas and Las Vegas and is following their lead. To heck with the Town, to heck with everybody else, we are the Union, we're going to flex our muscles and we are going to get what we want.

The posting went on to quote Kohbarger to the effect that in the three and a half months since Delucchi took office, the Union has filed six grievances and that two grievances were already scheduled to go to arbitration. Kohbarger also drew an unfavorable comparison between Delucchi and the former union president, i.e., suggesting that the former union president was willing to come to the table and work things out while the new president (Delucchi) was only interested in flexing the Union's muscles at the expense of the Town. At the hearing, the Union introduced a video in which Kohbarger made these same comments regarding Delucchi to the local television station. 20

During the period from July 19 through July 24, the approximately 29 members of the bargaining unit, by what the Union characterizes as an "overwhelming" majority, voted to express their lack of confidence in Fire Chief Lewis. By letter dated September 4, the Union requested that in the absence of immediate reforms or close oversight by the Pahrump Town Manager and the Town Board in matters related to public safety, firefighter safety, treatment of firefighters, and poor morale; Fire Chief Lewis be asked to resign immediately. Although the Town Board met with the Union to discuss the concerns raised by the vote of no confidence, the Town Board continued to support Chief Lewis.

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The Songer Investigation and Report

Third party investigator Pat Songer testified that he was contacted in late June by Attorney Rebecca Bruch, initially to review facts and interview witnesses and later to make recommendations.³⁹ Songer's resume reflects a 22-year career in emergency medical services (including five years of experience in law enforcement) but no experience conducting investigations. As part of his investigation of the Grievants' conduct on the night in question, Songer reviewed HR records, the Town's policies and procedures and the Nevada Administrative Code. He also performed interviews of the Grievants and compared the interviews conducted by him with interviews conducted by Chief Lewis and Lt. Moody. 40 He did not interview Mr. Choyce or Mrs. Choyce because they refused to cooperate or they could not be contacted.⁴¹ Nor did he interview Mrs. Choyce's mother (Vickie) or Lt. Moody. Songer produced a draft report which was supplied to Attorney Bruch who, while offering 12 copious edits, did not recommend any changes in Songer's recommendations. 13

In his report, Songer makes findings concerning the incident based on the notes

³⁹ It is not clear from the record exactly when the change was made in the scope of Songer's assignment; however, based on the record as a whole, the expanded scope of Songer's assignment may have related to the growing tension between Town Manager Kohbarger and Delucchi (in his capacity as Union president) regarding the issue of the 4% step increase.

During these interviews, both Grievants told Songer that in hindsight it would have been better to tell their supervisor what had happened prior to being requested to write the spcial circumstances report. The recordings of the Grievants' interviews (supplied to the Union and admitted into evidence at the hearing) are contained in five different audio files referred to as "partial recordings" by Union counsel. The files lack continuity insofar as they do not specifically reflect that one file is being ended and a new file opened as would be expected in a formal interview process. At the hearing, Songer insisted that he turned over all the recordings he had and did not explain why the recordings are contained in separate files.

⁴¹ At the hearing, Songer admitted that even after he received the phone number of the Choyce residence 11 days before he interviewed the Grievants on July 31, he made no effort to contact Mrs. Choyce in advance of the Grievants' interviews. At the hearing, Delucchi testified that when he asked Songer why he had not interviewed the Choyces, Songer responded that William Kohbarger would not let him due to a possible lawsuit. This statement was denied by both Songer and Kohbarger on rebuttal and no portion of the partial recordings of the Delucchi interview contain the statement attributed to Songer by Delucchi, or any discussion of why the statements of the Choyces were not taken

but prior to June 20 (when responsibility for the investigation was transferred to Songer). A comparison of the language of the Songer report with the language of Chief Lewis' notes, considered in tandem with Songer's admission that he never interviewed either Mr. or Mrs. Choyce, reveals that Songer resolved discrepancies between the hearsay statements of Mr. and Mrs. Choyce and the direct testimony of the Grievants in the Town's favor based *only* on what Chief Lewis reported that the Choyces had told him. When questioned about Chief Lewis' notes by Union counsel at the hearing, Songer first testified that he assumed that the document identified by Chief Lewis as his notes during his testimony at arbitration, had been written by the lead investigator Lt. Moody. Later he changed his statement that the notes were written by either Lt. Moody or Chief Lewis.

Songer's report, on its face, contains material misrepresentations. First, the report states that Mrs. Choyce's statements were *recorded* by Lt. Moody whereas both parties acknowledge that there is no written or recorded statement by Mrs. Choyce that pre-dates her testimony at the arbitration hearing. The report also reflects that Mr. Choyce was interviewed although it is undisputed that Mr. Choyce never gave an interview either by way of a written or recorded statement. Thus, Songer not only formulated Mrs. Choyce's statements for purposes of his report based on what was written in Chief Lewis' notes, but he also prepared a report that does *not* disclose that statements attributed to Mr. and Mrs. Choyce are hearsay statements. Songer provided no explanation for these material misrepresentations and could not explain some of his recommendations. Songer admitted that he was shown pictures of the miscarriage and the bloody car seat by HR but these pictures were not left with him or mentioned in his report and recommendations.

The Rationale for Songer's Recommendations

In his testimony before the arbitrator, Songer admitted that, under the circumstances

⁴² For example, when questioned as to why he recommended that the Grievants be charged with intimidation, he could not recall why he had put this recommendation in his report, or any evidence that might support such a recommendation.

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presented here, the Grievants were validly concerned about their own safety; 43 however, he reasoned that had the Grievants been as scared as they claimed, they would have reported their concerns in the interest of public safety. Thus, he rejected the Grievants' statements that they were never able to secure the scene to make it safe enough for them to approach the female passenger. Songer saw no reason why the Grievants, despite their safety concerns, should not have been able to "verbally mitigate" the excitement of the husband in order to move in closer to the Choyces' vehicle to assess the patient.

While documenting his report to falsely reflect that Mrs. Choyce's statement was recorded by Lt. Moody and that Mr. Choyce was interviewed, Songer reached his conclusions without independently evaluating the credibility of the complainants. Crediting Chief Lewis' report of what Mr. Choyce told him, i.e., the alleged "not much blood" comment, Songer also concluded that the Grievants got close enough to Mrs. Choyce such that their actions should be characterized as patient contact. Thus, he reasoned that the Grievants owed a duty to provide emergency assistance to the female passenger despite their safety concerns related to Mr. Choyce's "excited" behavior. Songer concluded that the 15 Grievants callously refused to provide emergency services to a patient in a life threatening situation and that they then failed to document the incident to cover up their wrongdoing. 16 17

At the hearing, Songer also expressed his view that a patient report is required for any individual who is a subject of an EMS call⁴⁴ whether or not transported ⁴⁵ He insisted that

⁴³ In this regard Songer acknowledged that ambulances are targets for robbery as they typically carry narcotics.

⁴⁴ The PVFRS protocals contain the following definition of a patient: "any person who is the subject of an EMS call." Songer testified that in his opinion flagging down an ambulance constitutes an EMS call but there is no documentation that supports this interpretation or confirms that this interpretation was part of the Grievants' training.

⁴⁵ Songer does not address the Grievants' statements that the offer to transport was made in an effort to calm Mr. Choyce so that they could safely approach the female passenger; however, at the arbitration hearing, he stated that even if the incident occurred exactly as described by both Grievants, he would not change his opinion. On the other hand, Kohbarger admitted that if the Grievants' version of events is correct, they did not have the opportunity to assess Mrs. Choyce.

With regard to his recommendation for termination, Songer further opined that the Grievants' statements that they had used their best judgment in a difficult situation, as well as their lack of remorse, signify that there may be repeated poor judgments in the future. He thus recommended that the Town notify the Medical Director Kevin Slaughter, M.D. for evaluation of whether he would continue to sponsor their licenses and, assuming withdrawal of Dr. Slaughter's support, then notification to the licensing agency. Songer recommended that the Grievants be placed on unpaid administrative leave pending a notice of intent to terminate their employment. Following his review of Songer's report, Kohbarger presented the Songer report to Dr. Slaughter.⁴⁷

The Grievants' Unpaid Administrative Leaves

Based on Songer's findings, Dr. Slaughter, 48 in consultation with Chief Lewis and

⁴⁶ When pressed by Union counsel as to what kind of report could have been made, Songer, adopting the Grievants' version of events, responded that the Grievants could have reported an erratic driver who almost drove them off the road.

⁴⁷ Kohbarger testified that at the time he accepted Songer's report he did *not* know that the driver and passenger of the vehicle had not provided recorded or written statements, i.e., insisting that he first learned that no statements were ever given by either Mr. or Mrs. Choyce during the investigation at the time of the arbitration hearing. Union president Justin Snow likewise testified that he only found out that Songer had not interviewed the complainants at the arbitration hearing.

⁴⁸ Contrary to the testimony of Chief Lewis, Dr. Slaughter testified that he and Chief Lewis decided to end sponsorship of the Grievants' medical licenses. He also testified that either Chief Lewis or Lt. Moody gave him a brief outline of the case and told him that the family had filed some sort of grievance or threat to sue. Dr. Slaughter could not recall whether he was told that Songer had not met with the Choyces prior to making his recommendations. Dr. Slaughter did not speak with the Grievants and was unable to state whether or not he had ever reviewed the incident report submitted by the Grievants on May 31, i.e., their first official statements regarding the incident.

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without ever speaking directly with either of the Grievants, decided that he could no longer sponsor the Grievants' licenses effective September 13.⁴⁹ In identical letters dated September 13, both Grievants were advised:

This is to notify you that the Town of Pahrump received notice of a revocation of your sponsorship to work under our Medical Director's license, effective September 13, 2012. The EMS Medical Director for Pahrump Valley Fire-Rescue Service gave this notice based on the findings of a third-party investigation into the events that occurred on or about May 25, 2012, involving James and Brittney Choyce.

The Town of Pahrump Personnel Policy, under 3.23. (3) of the *License/Occupational Certification* policy, states, "In the event the employee does not have a valid license, certificate, permit, or occupational certification, s/he does not meet the job requirements. Failure to meet the job requirement will result in termination."

Because your sponsorship has been revoked, you do not meet the job requirements, therefore, you are being placed on unpaid Administrative Leave per the Town of Pahrump Personnel Policy 11.1.4. Administrative Leave pending notice of intent to terminate.

This letter was presented at a meeting on September 14.50

The Meeting of September 14, 2012

A meeting was held on September 14 attended by the Grievants, Town Manager Kohbarger, Union President-elect Justin Snow, HR Director Bostwick, and union representative Nate Alexander to discuss the third party report prepared by Songer. Kohbarger explained that the recommendation of the third party investigator was to terminate based on numerous policy violations. At this meeting, Kohbarger also announced that Dr. Slaughter had decided, as reflected in an e-mail dated September [13], to withdraw his

⁴⁹ According to Kohbarger, Dr. Slaughter told him, "you have to terminate." In his testimony, Dr. Slaughter was clearly concerned that based on his discussions with Chief Lewis, the Grievants' conduct had put the Town, as well as Dr. Slaughter's medical license, at risk.

⁵⁰ At the hearing, Kohbarger admitted that when the Grievants were placed on unpaid administrative leave, they still had valid licenses which had not been revoked by the State of Nevada. Consistent with NAC 450B.505.4(b), the Medical Director is empowered to recommend revocation of the license to the Health Division and suspend an employee pending review and evaluation by the Health Division. Documents submitted post-hearing by the Town reflect that on October 1, 2013, the Grievants were separately notified in writing that their licenses were being revoked based on an investigation which included review of transcripts of the arbitration hearings dated August 12 and 13 and September 13, 2013. As reflected in the Union's post-hearing submission, the Grievants have appealed the revocations and the hearing of their appeals is being delayed pending receipt of the arbitrator's decision.

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sponsorship of the Grievants' medical licenses. At this meeting, Kohbarger further explained that he would be forwarding the Songer report to the Nevada state licensing authority. The Grievants protested this action stating that they were being terminated for having exercised their best judgment in a situation for which there was no protocol. 51 At the time of this meeting, the Grievants had not yet seen the Songer report.52

The Notices of Intent to Terminate

On September 18, the Grievants were notified in writing of Town Manager Kohbarger's intent to terminate their employment based on Dr. Slaughter's revocation of sponsorship and the findings of the third-party investigator (Songer). Attached to the Notice of Intent is a copy of the Songer report, as well as an e-mail from Dr. Slaughter. The Notice alleges violations of Town policies: conduct unbecoming an employee, falsification of records, actual or threatened physical violence including but not limited to intimidation; and dishonesty and wilful violation of policy. The Notice also alleges violations of PVFRS rules and regulations: negligence or indifference in the performance of duty; falsification of 14 records and wilful and flagrant disregard for reporting and documenting, as well as violation 15 of EMS protocols.53 16

The Pre-hearing Conference on September 25

A pre-hearing conference was held on September 25 at the Town Manager's office.

⁵¹ At the hearing, there was no policy or protocol presented by the Town that provides guidance on how firefighter personnel are supposed to conduct themselves when citizens flag down an ambulance.

⁵² At the conclusion of this meeting, President-elect Snow requested the report and all other relevant documents.

⁵³ Section 2.03.01 of the Rules of Conduct of the PVFRS lists offenses which may result in discipline up to and including termination as follows: insubordination; theft of property; conviction of a felony; negligence or indifference in the performance of duty; conduct unbecoming a member of the Department; disrespect toward an officer of the Department; failure to follow a direct order by a higher ranking officer; falsification or destruction of records, reports or documents; being under the influence of alcohol or illicit drugs while on duty, physical violence towards another member of the Department and any flagrant violation of the Department's Rules and Regulations or Standard Operating Guidelines.

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The meetings was attended by Kohbarger, Union attorney Robert Rourke, Delucchi, union representative (Nate Alexander) and Justin Snow. The purpose of the meeting was to give the Grievants an opportunity to explain why the termination should not go forward. Delucchi asked for reconsideration based on the Grievants' cooperation and truthfulness, their good records, and the fact that they did their best under difficult circumstances. During this meeting, Delucchi insisted that he still felt that his safety and the safety of his partner comes first and that his only regret was that he had not called his lieutenant.⁵⁴ During a repeat meeting involving Hollis, Hollis stated that he always told the truth, that he disagreed with the report based on its hearsay and vague details, and expressed his concern that the report barely mentions him. He also stated that after 22 years of service without any complaints, he did not believe that he and his partner were deserving of termination. 11

Following the pre-hearing conference, Kohbarger concluded that the investigation disclosed actions sufficiently egregious to warrant termination without progressive discipline and he made the decision to uphold the terminations effective October 2.55 He also admitted that although both men had raised concerns about scene safety, he did not ascertain what, if anything, firefighters are taught with regard to scene safety. On or about December 7, Kohbarger reported the outcome of the investigation to the state of Nevada Health Division

(Emergency Medical Services). Kohbargar also revealed that Dr. Slaughter had at some point

⁵⁴ Protocols for PVFRS define scene safety as follows: "Refers to the establishment of a safe working environment for yourself, your partner, bystanders, and the patient. Scene safety must be a number one priority at all times." The Union presented evidence at arbitration that firefighters are generally taught that the ranking officer at the scene must decide whether the scene is safe enough to attempt an emergency operation and that firefighter safety must be the first priority with the second priority being the safety of the victim. In this connection, the Union's current president Justin Snow testified that in scenario training, if you do not stand back and assess scene safety, i.e., taking steps to mitigate risks, it's an automatic fail.

⁵⁵ In his testimony before the arbitrator, Kohbarger emphasized that Chief Lewis had no impact on the decision.

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obtained the records from Summerlin Hospital pertaining to the incident in question.⁵⁶

The Filing of the Grievance On October 2, the Union grieved the terminations claiming violations of Article 4 (Safety and Health); Article 6 (Prevailing Rights); Article 7 (Non-discrimination); Article 21 (Rules, Regulations and Department Standard Operating Procedures and Article 22 (Progressive and Corrective Disciplinary Action). At the Step 3 meeting on October 16, Town Manager Kohbarger asked the Grievants and their representative Justin Snow to explain how, once Dr. Slaughter "revoked" their licenses, they would be able to continue working in their former positions. He also asked them to explain what authority he would have to override the recommendation of a third party investigator where the parties had "agreed" to an outside investigation.⁵⁷ At the conclusion of the meeting, Kohbarger indicated that he would issue his decision within seven (7) business days as required by the contract. By letter dated October 16, Kohbarger, after reviewing the Union's evidence and speaking with Dr. Slaughter and Pat Songer, denied the Union's grievance. Thereafter, the 14 Union demanded arbitration and this hearing followed. 15

The Testimony of Mrs. Choyce at the Arbitration Hearing

When an ultrasound (undergone by Mrs. Choyce prior to May 25) revealed no fetal heartbeat, an appointment was made for surgical removal of the fetal remains for May 26 at 10:15 a.m. at Summerlin Hospital in Las Vegas;⁵⁸ however, on the evening of May 25, she developed cramping and bleeding and, pursuant to the instructions she had received from her attending physician, she was being driven by her husband to Las Vegas. Mrs. Choyce

⁵⁶ No records regarding Mrs. Choyce's condition during times material to this case were introduced by either party. Assuming that Dr. Slaughter reviewed any medical records, these records were not supplied to the Union or produced at arbitration.

⁵⁷ The Union has always disputed that they ever entered into any such agreement.

⁵⁸ Mrs. Choyce explained that she underwent a procedure to make the delivery easier (insertion of seaweed) but it put her into labor. She also indicated that the doctor had told her that if she had the baby on her own, she was going to hemorrhage, i.e., a fact which she alleges that her husband reported to the Grievants.

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confirmed that while on route to the hospital from their home in Pahrump,⁵⁹ she delivered a stillborn child with heavy bleeding. A few minutes later, Mr. Choyce spotted Medic 3, turned around to head back to Pahrump, and came alongside the ambulance gesturing at the driver to pull over.

Mrs. Choyce described what occurred as the Grievants stood between the ambulance and the hood of her vehicle and she listened with the windows down on both the driver and passenger side of the vehicle. According to Mrs. Choyce, her husband told "the medics" that she had just delivered and was hemorrhaging. She yelled out the window crying, "please come. Just look at me. Please come." She recalled that, in response to her request for assistance, the Grievants kept telling her husband to calm down while stating that there was nothing they could do because they were in Clark (as opposed to Nye) County. Mrs. Choyce 10 also recalled the Grievants additionally stating that by the time we call somebody to get here, 12. you could drive yourself to the hospital. · · · 13

In describing her perception that the Grievants were refusing to provide any emergency services, Mrs. Choyce specifically stated:

They kept telling me to calm down, and that's all they kept telling me to do is calm down. They didn't even literally, like, come up to the window and look at me. They just -they were several feet away and they just looked. 60

She then said that if they (the Grievants) would have come a little closer and let me turn on the light, they would have seen the blood pouring down. As her testimony went on, Mrs. Choyce changed her statement noting that the Grievants "peeked at her" and that one of the men just walked around and looked inside and stated that "You're not hemorrhaging. You're not bleeding that bad. This is normal for delivery of a baby." Mrs. Choyce also confirmed that there was no light on inside the Choyces' vehicle.

⁵⁹ Mrs. Choyce testified that at this time she and her husband had a house in Pahrump and an apartment in Las Vegas but notwithstanding their appointment on May 26, they were at the Pahrump house when she began experiencing contractions.

⁶⁰ This is consistent with Chief Lewis' notes of the May 31 visit to the Choyce residence, i.e., that the couple demonstrated how close the Grievants were to the passenger window (measured as three feet, nine inches).

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With regard to her husband's demeanor, Mrs. Choyce insisted that her husband was "not irate" but only "worried" as he could not understand why the Grievants would not help her and the Grievants kept responding that they would not do anything to help someone in Clark County. 61 Mrs. Choyce did not recall any offer to transport her. She described the end of the encounter-stating that, when the Grievants kept refusing to help, her husband said "fuck you," spun the tires, and sped off, i.e., turning around and heading back to Las Vegas where she was eventually treated at Southern Hills Hospital. She did recall that, at the time of the incident, she was losing consciousness and passed out on the way to the hospital. She then added that her husband had called the hospital to tell them that she was hemorrhaging and to have someone waiting. Mrs. Choyce additionally stated that she was told by unidentified doctors that had the Grievants administered fluids, she would not have lost consciousness and she would not currently be suffering short term memory loss. 62 When asked why she never provided a written statement at an earlier time, she responded that she 12 13 wasn't ready to talk until the time of the arbitration hearing.63 14

The Investigation by the Health Division

In the state of Nevada, EMTs and Paramedics hold licenses that are issued by the Health Division. At the request of the Town, an investigation was still being conducted into the Grievants' conduct on the night in question as of the date of the arbitration hearing. On October 1, 2013, Chad Weston, Bureau Chief, issued a Notice of Revocation of License

⁶¹ Unrebutted testimony from both Delucchi and Hollis reflects that PVFRS crews are in and out of Clark County on a daily basis. Indeed, Chief Scott Lewis confirmed that PVFRS gets called on motor vehicle calls and other calls for service where Clark County is unable to get there in a timely fashion.

 $^{^{62}}$ No evidence was offered by either party as to whether the Choyces ever filed a claim against public entity or a lawsuit in connection with the incident other than Dr. Slaughter's testimony that either Chief Lewis or Lt. Moody gave him a brief outline of the case and told him that the family had filed some sort of grievance or threat to sue.

⁶³ The arbitrator notes in passing that this testimony corroborates the testimony of Noe Martinez that Mrs. Choyce was heard to tell Chief Lewis that she did not want to make a written statement during the telephone call on May 30.

based on a review of the transcripts of the first three days of the arbitration hearing which states in pertinent part:

The findings are that EMT- Paramedic (EMT-P) Ray DeLucchi, EMS #11733 and EMT-Intermediate (EMT-I) Tommy Hollis, EMS #18568 had a Duty to Act and there was a Breach of Duty, Negligence and Patient Abandonment on the night of May 25, 2012 on State Highway 160 at or near Spring Mountain. The two EMS individuals also failed to complete a patient care report, incident report, notify dispatch of patient contact and to notify a superior of an incident because they did not want to wake him up and anger him. They failed to act in a manner that any other EMS professional in the same situation with the same training, certification and/or licensure would have acted.

The Grievants have appealed the revocation of their licenses denying that they ever had any opportunity to assess the patient or provide emergency services due to Mr. Choyce's conduct.

POSITION OF THE TOWN

The Grievants acted negligently and with wanton disregard for Mrs. Choyce's safety. The Union cannot successfully argue that scene safety always trumps the Grievants' duty to the patient.

The Town's decision to terminate was reached honestly after an appropriate investigation. Gross negligence or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property, even if a first offense, provides just cause for termination.

The Town did not act in an arbitrary fashion or for pretextual reasons. Had the Town Manager been out to get Mr. Delucchi, he would not have directed that an independent investigation be performed and the record establishes that the Town Manager never spoke to the independent investigator until the report was finished. The independent investigator made credibility determinations that were not favorable to Mr. Delucchi.

The failure to report the incident is a further basis for termination and shows that the Grievants were covering up the incident and, in addition, puts their credibility at issue. The Grievants' excuses for not reporting the incident are not believable. The Town's protocols clearly and unequivocally defined Mrs. Choyce as a patient so that there needed to be a report of the incident.

The Grievants could no longer work for the Town in light of the Medical Director's decision to no longer support the Grievants' licenses. Once Dr. Slaughter decided that he

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could no longer sponsor the Grievants to work under his license, the Grievants were no longer able to meet their job requirements. Based on the third party report and Dr. Slaughter's decision, Kohbarger was justified in his decision to terminate both Grievants.

POSITION OF THE UNION

The Grievants acted reasonably and in accordance with their training and did not violate any rules in connection with the incident on Highway 160. Former Town Manager Kohbarger conceded that there were no policies or protocols covering the situation faced by the Grievants and that, in such circumstances, they are to use discretion and exercise their best judgment.

Discrepancies between the Grievants' accounts of the incident and Mrs. Choyce's account should be resolved in favor of the Grievants, where Mrs. Choyce's memory is clouded by the traumatic nature of what she experienced. Had Mr. Choyce responded to the offer to transport his wife to Pahrump Valley Hospital by getting out of his vehicle and opening the passenger door, instead of speeding away while yelling "fuck you," Mrs. Choyce would have been assessed and treated by the Grievants.

The investigation was neither fair nor objective. The investigation report falsely suggests that the Choyces were interviewed when, in fact, their hearsay statements were reported through a report by Chief Lewis and Lt. Moody. Songer's recommendations, some of which he could not explain, were flawed and dishonest. Mrs. Choyce was not a patient so as to require completion of a Patient Care Report.

The Town lacked just cause for terminating the Grievants under Policy 3.23.2 (3) Dr. Slaughter only had authority to *recommend* to the Health Division the revocation of the Grievant's licenses and to *suspend* the Grievants pending review and evaluation by the Health Division. Dr. Slaughter did not afford the Grievants a hearing.

OPINION

This is a case in which the parties have two completely different views of what happened on Highway 160 when, by all accounts, Medic 3 had a brief encounter with the Choyces. On the one hand, the Town argues that this is a case in which two career

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The Grievants' description of Mr. Choyce's demeanor is more credible than the description provided by his widow.

Since Mr. Choyce never provided a statement before committing suicide a few months after the incident, the most appropriate way for the arbitrator to assess his behavior at this late date is to focus on the contemporaneous statements of the Grievants, hearsay statements attributed to Mr. and Mrs. Choyce by Chief Lewis, and Mrs. Choyce's belated testimony at the arbitration hearing. These are the only sources of evidence which bear directly on this issue. If the behavior of Mr. Choyce is accurately described by the Grievants as an out-of-control individual reasonably perceived as a threat, then there is no question that the Grievants' first priority was to secure the scene in accordance with PVFRS protocol, i.e., 19 making scene safety a number one priority. Alternatively, if Mrs. Choyce is accurately 20 describing her deceased husband's demeanor as merely concerned and non-threatening, then 21 the Grievants should have been able to move in closer to perform an assessment and provide 2.2 23 emergency services.

Given Mrs. Choyce's self-described medical condition (on the verge of passing out from blood loss) at the time of these traumatic events, her rendition of what occurred on the night in question (more than a year after the traumatic event) is, at best, unreliable. More convincing to the arbitrator is the Grievants' testimony (memorialized within a few days of

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the incident) that, after being almost run off the road on an isolated and dark stretch of highway, they were immediately suspicious of Mr. Choyce who was acting in an erratic and aggressive manner, i.e., yelling and screaming profanities and even trying to open the door of the ambulance. Lending additional support to this conclusion, the record reflects that, after he was asked to back away from the ambulance and calm down, Mr. Choyce, still in a very agitated state, jumped back behind the wheel of his vehicle with the engine running (instead of opening the door on the passenger side of the van as the Grievants would have expected). In sum, the arbitrator credits the Grievants' testimony that Mr. Choyce was the focus of their attention and that, until they were able to secure the scene, they were genuinely afraid to approach Mrs. Choyce in order to assess her medical condition.

In the arbitrator's view, the Grievants cannot be faulted for taking one to two minutes to establish the safe working environment required by the PVFRS EMS protocols prior to providing emergency services as required by their training. Mrs. Choyce's claim that the Grievants callously ignored her pleas for help (telling her only to calm down) is not persuasive to the arbitrator. A much more plausible interpretation of the record is that Mrs. Choyce, in less than a fully alert condition, misunderstood to whom the Grievants were addressing their remarks, i.e., not realizing that the Grievants were actually directing their statements to her husband. Moreover, Mr. Choyce was so agitated and loud that any statements made by Mrs. Choyce would have been inaudible to the Grievants. Under these circumstances, the Grievants were justifiably preoccupied with calming Mr. Choyce as their first order of business.⁶⁴

Mrs. Choyce's overall description of the encounter with Medic 3 lacks credibility.

The single most important discrepancy between Mrs. Choyce's testimony and the testimony of the Grievants is her assertion that she engaged with the Grievants, asked for

With the benefit of hindsight and a fully developed record, it is easy to understand why Mr. Choyce would have been upset having elected to stay at the Pahrump house rather than their Las Vegas apartment on the eve of a scheduled surgery; having failed to call an ambulance when his wife went into labor; and having witnessed the birth of a stillborn baby in the passenger seat of a vehicle that he was driving in a remote area.

help, and was denied assistance.⁶⁵ This is in sharp contrast to the Grievants' assertions that they engaged only with Mr. Choyce whose threatening demeanor, including his yelling and screaming, prevented them from taking the initial step of assessing Mrs. Choyce's medical condition.

When Mrs. Choyce finally gave a formal statement at the arbitration hearing on August 13, 2013, she provided inconsistent testimony with respect to the pivotal issue of whether or not the Grievants interacted with her or made any assessment of her condition. On the one hand, she initially insisted that the Grievants never approached the passenger window of the car (they didn't come and look at me; they were several feet away; if they would have come, I could have turned on the interior light and they would have seen the blood loss) but later stated that the Grievants "peeked in" and commented that the amount of blood she was losing was normal in childbirth. It is impossible to reconcile Mrs. Choyce's claim that the Grievants would not come and look at her with the contradictory claim that they "peeked in" and made a judgment as to the severity of her blood loss. Nor is there any evidence that the Grievants would have been able to view large blood stains on the front passenger seat cushion, the lower seat back and under the seat from their vantage point almost four feet (using the measurement as reported by Chief Lewis) from the passenger window of a vehicle parked on a sloping shoulder. ⁶⁷ Weighing Mrs. Choyce's inconsistent

⁶⁵ Mrs. Choyce's claim that the Grievants were unwilling to assist her because they were outside their jurisdiction is equally unconvincing. Unrebutted testimony from the Grievants, corroborated by Chief Lewis, demonstrates that Medic 3 routinely operates in Clark County.

⁶⁶ The telephone conference on May 30 and conversations that occurred between the couple and the investigators during the visits to the Choyce residence on May 31 and June 6 do not rise to the level of formal statements in written or recorded format.

⁶⁷ In resolving this discrepancy in favor of the Grievants, the arbitrator notes that these same internal inconsistencies were also present in the account presented to Chief Lewis by Mr. Choyce during the initial visit to the Choyce residence, i.e., his assertion that the Grievants were almost four feet (three feet, nine inches) away from the passenger window but were still able to see into the dark interior of the Choyces' vehicle in order to evaluate the severity of blood loss. There is no indication that this discrepancy was noted by the investigators (Lewis and Moody) prior to turning the investigation over to Songer.

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statements at the time of hearing against the consistent statements of both of the Grievants (who continued to explain in multiple interviews from May 31, 2012 to the time of the arbitration hearing that they never had the opportunity to assess Mrs. Choyce), the arbitrator must credit the Grievants' testimony.

Where the Grievants were standing several feet away from the car (whether five to ten feet as described by the Grievants or three feet, nine inches as initially described by the Choyces), they were in no position to assess Mrs. Choyce's medical condition. By all accounts, Mrs. Choyce's blood loss and the remains of her stillborn child (as well as any portion of her lap) could not possibly have been visualized by the Grievants through the passenger-side window from their location outside the vehicle. Simply stated, the weight of the evidence demonstrates that the Grievants could not hear Mrs. Choyce's statements nor could they see what was going on inside the vehicle during the 1-2 minutes that they were attempting to calm her husband.

Similarly, Mrs. Choyce's insistence that her husband was not irate but only worried does not have the ring of truth where, as here, it is undisputed that he uttered profanities, placed the car in drive, spun the tires and sped off in response to the Grievants' unsuccessful efforts to calm him. Her insistence that her husband was not angry is also contradicted by Chief Lewis' notes, i.e., documenting that Mr. Choyce (when he heard the offer of taking his wife to Pahrump) became angrier (suggesting that he was already angry earlier on in the Where Mr. Choyce had already demonstrated his propensity for using his vehicle in an extremely aggressive manner to force Medic 3 to pull over, it was reasonable for the Grievants to fear further actions Mr. Choyce might take as he sat behind the wheel with the engine running and continued to scream, yell, and use profanity.

In sum, a review of all the documentary and testimonial evidence leads the arbitrator to conclude that the allegations made by the Choyces against the Grievants lack credibility. Both of the Grievants have, with great consistency and on multiple occasions, provided the same account of how an agitated male driver prevented them from getting close enough to assess a female passenger and then sped away before they could get the male driver under

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control and out of the vehicle for their own safety. Weighing the testimony of Mrs. Choyce, a traumatized victim who declined to memorialize her statement at or around the time of the incident, against the testimony of two career firefighters with good work records and no previous complaints, the arbitrator credits the Grievants' testimony, i.e., that Mr. Choyce presented genuine safety concerns that needed to be addressed before they could engage with Mrs. Choyce. In the arbitrator's judgment, the Grievants were acting in accordance with PVFRS protocols that require that firefighters treat scene safety as a number one priority when Mr. Choyce made his snap decision to terminate the encounter. Under these circumstances, the arbitrator determines that the Town has not met its burden of establishing that the Grievants callously failed to perform their duty to render emergency services, acted negligently, or otherwise violated EMS protocols.

Neither the third party investigator nor the PVFRS Medical Director provided an independent evaluation supported by cogent and reliable evidence.

Kohbarger, in making the final decision to terminate the Grievants' employment, relied on a third party report that failed to independently evaluate the credibility of the complaining witnesses whose hearsay statements form the basis for the allegations of misconduct.⁶⁸ The third party report prepared by Songer intentionally misrepresents that Mrs. Choyce's statement was recorded by Lt. Moody and that Mr. Choyce was interviewed, i.e., statements which are conceded by both parties to be false and inaccurate. At the hearing, the third party investigator (Songer) confirmed that, in preparing his report, he had used Chief Lewis' notes to attribute hearsay statements to the complaining witnesses as if he had gathered the statements directly during his own interviews. A report that covertly relies on hearsay statements by management to determine the complainants' version of events can 22 hardly be deemed a fair and objective report by a disinterested third party. 23

Further diminishing the legitimacy of his report, Songer never resolved factual

⁶⁸ Kohbarger's statement that he did not know that the Choyces had not been interviewed until the time of the arbitration hearing lacks credibility where he admits having spoken to Songer about the report after it was submitted and prior to making the decision to deny the Union's grievances.

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discrepancies or explained how he derived his ultimate conclusions from the testimonial and/or documentary evidence. Specifically, Songer did not address the inconsistencies raised by contradictory claims that the Grievants would not come closer than three feet nine inches from the window but yet were able to assess the amount of blood loss through the passenger-side window from a distance. Songer's conclusion that the Grievants should have been able to use their verbal skills to bring Mr. Choyce under control and move in for a closer look at Mrs. Choyce is nothing more than Monday morning quarterbacking unsupported by any persuasive evidence, especially where he did *not* independently assess the credibility of the complainants. His further conclusion that the Grievants wanted to transport Mrs. Choyce to Pahrump for their own personal convenience (even though the Grievants were nowhere near the end of their 24-hour shift) is also pure speculation with no evidentiary basis.

Despite his extensive background in emergency medical services, Songer failed to adequately reconcile the Grievant's training regarding the priority to be given to scene safety with his conclusion that the Grievants failed to perform their duty.

Further detracting from the credibility of the Town's case against the Grievants is the undisputed fact that the decision to end the sponsorship of the Grievants' medical licenses was made by Dr. Slaughter and Chief Lewis, as confirmed by Dr. Slaughter. Where Chief Lewis participated in the decision to revoke sponsorship of the Grievants' licenses and his notes were the sole source of all of the statements attributed to the complaining parties by Songer, the arbitrator cannot accept Kohbarger's testimony that Chief Lewis had no impact on his decision to terminate the Grievants' employment. These facts seriously undermine the Town's argument that Chief Lewis was removed from any influential role in the investigation and that Kohbarger's final decision to terminate was based on the conclusions of a fair and objective third party investigator and the Town's Medical Director.⁶⁹

In sum, both Town Manager Kohbarger and Dr. Slaughter relied on a report with

⁶⁹ Based on the Songer report and his understanding that the Choyces were taking some form of legal action, Dr. Slaughter, by his own admission, was concerned about his own medical license.

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material misrepresentations and unaddressed inconsistencies. Kohbarger and Dr. Slaughter discredited the Grievants' statements either based on what they mistakenly believed was direct evidence from the complaining parties, or without making a professional evaluation of the quality of Songer's evidence. Under these circumstances, the arbitrator must conclude that the Town's decision-making process for withdrawing sponsorship of the Grievants' licenses and terminating their employment was tainted by a report that, while purporting to be an independent evaluation, merely adopted the findings of Chief Lewis without collecting pertinent additional evidence or weighing the credibility of the complaining witnesses.

The Grievants were denied due process.

Consistent with Article 22, Section 2 of the Agreement, the Town's Personnel Policies (Disciplinary Actions and Appeals) provides as follows:

Prior to taking disciplinary action involving suspension or termination against any regular employee, the Town of Pahrump will take action intended to insure that the employee is afforded due process.

By referring the investigation out to a third party, the Town cannot escape its obligation to insure that employees receive notice of what they are being charged with and an opportunity to refute the allegations. When the Grievants were initially placed on unpaid administrative leave, they had not seen the Songer report, thus limiting their ability to refute its allegations. Later, when they were notified of the Town's intent to terminate them, they were then furnished with a report that misrepresented the facts surrounding the investigation, failed to include evidence that was reviewed by Songer (e.g., the photograph of the stillborn baby), based its conclusions largely on hearsay evidence supplied by management, and provided no explanation as to why hearsay allegations were deemed more credible than the Grievants' statements. This procedural defect is not cured by putting forth the only direct evidence that arguably supports disciplinary action (Mrs. Choyce's direct testimony) at the time of the arbitration hearing.

Under the circumstances presented here, the Grievants were not required to make a spcial circumstance report or to report a patient contact.

There are no written policies, directives, or protocols which require the filing of a

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special circumstance report, or that specify when such a report must be completed. Similarly, no evidence was presented by the Town that firefighters are taught that any specific circumstances trigger a duty to file a special circumstance report, or that there are prescribed time lines which apply to such filings. Rather, the weight of the evidence establishes that special circumstance reports are either discretionary or at the direction of a supervisor. Thus, there is no evidentiary basis for a finding that the Grievants knew or should have known that a report had to be filed at any time, much less during the same 24-hour shift as the occurrence. The Grievants' after-the-fact acknowledgment that in hindsight it would have been better to report this matter to their lieutenant does not change the arbitrator's opinion, i.e., that in order to sustain a discipline for failure to make a report, an employer must prove that the Grievants knew or should have known that the failure to file a report at the time of the incident would jeopardize their continued employment.

With regard to the Grievants' failure to file a report of patient contact, the arbitrator is not convinced that this was improper under the circumstances. The Town's argument that the Grievants had a legal duty to report their contact with Mrs. Choyce, a patient, is belied by the NAC 450B.180 which defines a patient as:

any person who is sick, injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless and who is carried in an ambulance or air ambulance or is cared for at the scene of an emergency by a basic, intermediate or advanced emergency medical technician.

Under this definition and crediting the Grievants' testimony, Mrs. Choyce does not meet either the "transport" or "treatment" criteria. Moreover, the Agreement specifically provides that the Town shall comply with all standards, laws, regulations and ordinances relating to the fire department, i.e., incorporating the NAC standard into the Agreement. Assuming arguendo that a patient is defined as "anyone who is the subject of an EMS call," there is still no evidence that the Grievants knew or should have known that there was an obligation to file a report where they performed no assessment and provided no transport or treatment.

Finally, the Grievants testified that it was their usual custom and practice to see the lieutenant at Station 1 prior to leaving at the end of their shifts. Unrebutted testimony was presented by the Union that their lieutenant was not present on the morning of May 25 as he

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had gone home early after working double shifts. When the Grievants returned to work after four days off, they were immediately asked to file a special circumstances report which they did. Where there are no "published" time lines that apply to the filing of a special circumstance report, it cannot be found that the Grievants never intended to make either an oral or written report of the incident.

The allegation that the failure to file a report was part of a cover-up only makes sense if you accept that the Grievants callously and with reckless disregard for Mrs. Choyce's well-being failed to render emergency services. As explained herein, the arbitrator does not accept this interpretation. To the contrary, the Grievants, when faced with a challenging and novel situation for which they had received no training, acted reasonably and used their best judgment in an effort to secure the scene before approaching the female passenger. The refusal of the male driver Choyce to calm down (or get out from behind the wheel of a running vehicle) and his decision to speed away from the scene were circumstances beyond the control of the Grievants. Thus, the arbitrator rejects Songer's unsubstantiated theory that the Grievants failed to report the incident in order to conceal wrongdoing. For all of these reasons, the Town has failed to establish that the Grievants knew, or should have known, that they were required to report the incident to their lieutenant, NHP, or some other authority at the time of its occurrence.

CONCLUSION

Where the Grievants were never given an opportunity to assess Mrs. Choyce or provide treatment due to circumstances beyond their control, they cannot be justly terminated for failure to provide emergency services. In accordance with Article 4, Section 1 of the Agreement and PVFRS EMS protocols, the Town cannot expect its firefighters to assess and perform emergency services in an unsafe working environment, i.e., in close proximity to a distraught and angry individual behind the wheel of a running vehicle.

Moreover, the weight of the evidence establishes that the filing of special circumstance reports are either discretionary, or at the direction of a supervisor. Nor is there any persuasive evidence that the Grievants knew or should have known that a patient contact

report was required to be filed under these circumstances. Neither Songer's report, nor Dr. Slaughter's decision to withdraw his sponsorship of the Grievants' licenses, serves to alter the arbitrator's conclusions. In reaching these conclusions, the arbitrator has not failed to note that the Grievants' licenses were ultimately revoked while this matter was still pending based on Mrs. Choyce's allegations; however, the Health Division hearing officer has not yet made an evaluation of evidence presented at a hearing. Due to the Town's failure to establish just cause for termination, it is not necessary for the arbitrator to reach the issue of whether the Grievants' terminations were in retaliation for Delucchi's union activities.⁷⁰

*Based on the foregoing findings and conclusions, the following award is made:

AWARD

The grievances are granted.

There was no just cause for the Grievants' terminations.

The Grievants are to be reinstated to their former positions upon presentation of valid licenses.

The Grievants are to be made whole for the loss of wages and benefits from the initiation of their unpaid leave of absence on September 14, 2012 up to and including the date of revocation of their licenses on October 1, 2013.

If the Grievants' license revocations are set aside, they are to be reinstated and made whole for loss of wages and benefits for the period from October 1, 2013 to the date of their reinstatements to PVFRS employment.

Pursuant to the Article 25, Section 5 (the prevailing party clause of the Agreement), the Town shall be solely responsible for the payment of the arbitrator's fees and expenses.

The arbitrator retains jurisdiction over implementation of the award.

24 | January 5, 2014

CATHERINE HARRIS, Arbitrator

⁷⁰ The provisional limitation on the arbitrator's make-whole remedy flows from the October 1, 2013 revocation of their licenses which is subject to the outcome of the Grievants' appeals.

EXHIBIT "9"

Senate Bill No. 286-Senators Jones, Segerblom, Kihuen; and Ford

CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to civil actions; providing immunity from civil action for certain claims based on the right to petition and the right to free speech under certain circumstances; establishing the burden of proof for a special motion to dismiss; providing for the interlocutory appeal from an order denying a special motion to dismiss; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes certain provisions to deter frivolous or vexatious lawsuits (Strategic Lawsuits Against Public Participation, commonly known as "SLAPP lawsuits"). (Chapter 387, Statutes of Nevada 1997, p. 1363; NRS 41.635-41.670) A SLAPP lawsuit is characterized as a meritless suit filed primarily to discourage the named defendant's exercise of First Amendment rights. "The hallmark of a SLAPP lawsuit is that it is filed to obtain a financial advantage over one's adversary by increasing litigation costs until the adversary's case is weakened or abandoned." (Metabolic Research, Inc. v. Ferrell, 693 F.3d 795, 796 n.1 (9th

The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals recently held that the provisions of NRS concerning such lawsuits only protect communications made directly to a governmental agency. The Ninth Circuit also held that, as written, these provisions of NRS provide protection from liability but not from trial. That distinction, when coupled with the lack of an express statutory right to an interlocutory appeal, led the court to conclude that these provisions of NRS do not provide for an immediate appeal of an order denying a special motion to dismiss a SLAPP lawsuit.

Existing law provides that a person who engages in good faith communication (Metabolic, at 802) in furtherance of the right to petition is immune from civil liability for claims based upon that communication. (NRS 41.650) Section 2 of this bill expands the scope of that immunity by providing that a person who exercises the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern is also immune from any civil

action for claims based upon that communication.

Existing law defines certain communications, for purposes of statutory provisions concerning SLAPP lawsuits, as communications made by a person in connection with certain governmental actions, officers, employees or entities. (NRS 41.637) Section 1 of this bill includes within the meaning of such communications those that are made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum. Section 3 of this bill establishes the burden of proof for a dismissal by special motion of a SLAPP lawsuit. Section 3 reduces from 30 days to 7 judicial days the time within which a court must rule on a special

Existing law requires, under certain circumstances, an award of reasonable costs and attorney's fees to the person against whom a SLAPP lawsuit was brought if a court grants a special motion to dismiss. (NRS 41.670) Section 4 of this bill authorizes, in addition to an award of costs and attorney's fees, an award of up to \$10,000 if a special motion to dismiss is granted. Section 4 also provides that if a court finds that a special motion to dismiss was frivolous or vexatious, the court shall award the prevailing party reasonable costs and attorney's fees and may award



an amount of up to \$10,000 and any such additional relief as the court deems proper to punish and deter the filing of frivolous or vexatious motions.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets {omitted material} is material to be omitted.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 41.637 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41.637 "Good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition ["] or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern" means any:

1. Communication that is aimed at procuring any governmental

or electoral action, result or outcome;

2. Communication of information or a complaint to a Legislator, officer or employee of the Federal Government, this state or a political subdivision of this state, regarding a matter reasonably of concern to the respective governmental entity; {or}

3. Written or oral statement made in direct connection with an issue under consideration by a legislative, executive or judicial body, or any other official proceeding authorized by law [,]; or

4. Communication made in direct connection with an issue of public interest in a place open to the public or in a public forum, which is truthful or is made without knowledge of its falsehood.

Sec. 2. NRS 41.650 is hereby amended to read as follows:
41.650 A person who engages in a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern is immune from any civil [liability] action for claims based upon the

communication.

Sec. 3. NRS 41.660 is hereby amended to read as follows:

41.660 1. If an action is brought against a person based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition [:] or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public concern:

(a) The person against whom the action is brought may file a

special motion to dismiss; and

(b) The Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political subdivision of this State may defend or otherwise support the person against whom the action is brought. If the Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political subdivision has a conflict of interest in, or is otherwise disqualified from, defending or otherwise supporting the person, the Attorney General or the chief legal officer or attorney of a political



subdivision may employ special counsel to defend or otherwise support the person.

2. A special motion to dismiss must be filed within 60 days after service of the complaint, which period may be extended by the court for good cause shown.

3. If a special motion to dismiss is filed pursuant to subsection

2, the court shall:

(a) {Treat the motion as a motion for summary judgment;} Determine whether the moving party has established, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the claim is based upon a good faith communication in furtherance of the right to petition or the right to free speech in direct connection with an issue of public

(b) If the court determines that the moving party has met the burden pursuant to paragraph (a), determine whether the plaintiff has established by clear and convincing evidence a probability of

prevailing on the claim;

(c) If the court determines that the plaintiff has established a probability of prevailing on the claim pursuant to paragraph (b), ensure that such determination will not:

(1) Be admitted into evidence at any later stage of the

underlying action or subsequent proceeding; or

(2) Affect the burden of proof that is applied in the

underlying action or subsequent proceeding;

(d) Consider such evidence, written or oral, by witnesses or affidavits, as may be material in making a determination pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b);

(e) Stay discovery pending:

(1) A ruling by the court on the motion; and

(2) The disposition of any appeal from the ruling on the motion; and

(c) Rule on the motion within [30] 7 judicial days after the

motion is [filed.] served upon the plaintiff.

4. If the court dismisses the action pursuant to a special motion to dismiss filed pursuant to subsection 2, the dismissal operates as an adjudication upon the merits.

Sec. 4. NRS 41.670 is hereby amended to read as follows:

41.670 I. If the court grants a special motion to dismiss filed

pursuant to NRS 41.660:

[1.] (a) The court shall award reasonable costs and attorney's fees to the person against whom the action was brought, except that the court shall award reasonable costs and attorney's fees to this State or to the appropriate political subdivision of this State if the



Attorney General, the chief legal officer or attorney of the political subdivision or special counsel provided the defense for the person

pursuant to NRS 41.660.

[2.] (b) The court may award, in addition to reasonable costs and attorney's fees awarded pursuant to paragraph (a), an amount of up to \$10,000 to the person against whom the action was brought.

(c) The person against whom the action is brought may bring a

separate action to recover:

{(a)} (1) Compensatory damages; (b) (2) Punitive damages; and

i(e) (3) Attorney's fees and costs of bringing the separate

action. 2. If the court denies a special motion to dismiss filed pursuant to NRS 41.660 and finds that the motion was frivolous or vexatious, the court shall award to the prevailing party reasonable

costs and attorney's fees incurred in responding to the motion. 3. In addition to reasonable costs and attorney's fees awarded

pursuant to subsection 2, the court may award:

(a) An amount of up to \$10,000; and

(b) Any such additional relief as the court deems proper to

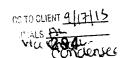
punish and deter the filing of frivolous or vexatious motions.

4. If the court denies the special motion to dismiss filed pursuant to NRS 41.660, an interlocutory appeal lies to the Supreme Court.



EXHIBIT "10"

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1 2 3	CERTIFIED COPY	
4	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
. 5	RE GRIEVANCES OF	
7	TOMMY HOLLIS	
	AND	
8	RAYMOND DELUCCHI	
10		
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12		
13		
14	September 13, 2013	
15	10:00 A.M.	
16	3770 Howard Hughes Parkway	
17	Suite 200	
18	Las Vegas, Nevada	
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20		
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22	2	
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. 2	4	
.2	Reported by: Jennifer A. Clark, RDR, CRR, CCR #422	



1	APPEARANCES:	
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8	ADAM TENTINE ESO	
9	LAW OFFICES OF DANIEL MARKS 530 South Las Vegas Boulevard	
10	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 702.386.0536	
11	702.386.6812 Fax alevine@danielmarks.net	
12	The Arbitrator:	
13	CATHERINE HARRIS, ESQ.	
14	5960 South Land Park Drive Suite 255	
15	California 95822-3313	
16	Also Present:	
17	Raymond Delucchi	
18	Dean Fletcher	
19	I TITE TO CHOW	
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3	RAYMON	DELUCCHI		
4	Direct	Examination by Mr.	Levine	584
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8			I B I T S	
9	Number	Marked 1	Admitted into Evic	dence
10	UNION			
11	W	581	583	
12	X	581	583	
13	Y	595	596	
14	Z	670	675	
15				
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2	3			
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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; SEPTEMBER 13, 2013 1 10:00 A.M. 2 -000-3 4 On the record. THE ARBITRATOR: 5 Good morning, everyone. This is day 6 three in the Delucchi/Hollis grievance arbitration. 7 When we adjourned on August 13, after two days of 8 hearing, the Union was still in the process of 9 presenting its case. So unless there's some 10 preliminary matter that either party wishes to 11 raise --12 Only very briefly with MR. LEVINE: 13 regard to a matter that was discussed off the record 14 regarding the State of Nevada Division of Public and 15 Behavioral Health. 16 Just for informational purposes, I'd 17 like to mark Exhibits W and X. 18 (Union Exhibits W and X were 19 marked for identification.) 20 MR. LEVINE: W is a letter I wrote to 21 the division requesting that they stay any decisions 22 so as not to interfere with the bargained-for 23 contractual process, asking that they -- we allow 24 the process to complete first and enclosing a copy 25

1 of the transcripts.

1.6

before my letter arrived, basically stating that they would like to have the transcripts so that they can do as thorough an investigation as possible. I responded saying I sent you a letter yesterday asking you to stay and enclosing those transcripts and basically saying, hey, I haven't gotten your letter yet as of the time of this and thanking me for the prompt response. They have subsequently received the letter and the transcripts so --

THE ARBITRATOR: So X is an E-mail chain between you and --

MR. LEVINE: Mr. Westom.

THE ARBITRATOR: So if I understand this correctly, we don't know for sure that they're going to stay the proceeding but --

MR. LEVINE: We don't know for sure, but I have a reasonable belief that they are, because they are also going to want to have the transcript of today's decision. I suspect the State will do what the State will do. It's beyond our control. But just so everybody knows what sort of the status of the posture is, I thought I would mark those.

THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Is there

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1	anything the Town would like to add to what
2	Mr. Levine has said?
3	MR. CAMPBELL: No. We're fine. We'll
4	stipulate to the admission of the exhibits.
5	THE ARBITRATOR: Exhibits W and X are
6	received.
7	(Union Exhibits W and X were
8	admitted into evidence.)
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Any other preliminary
10	matters?
11	MR. LEVINE: I don't believe so.
12	THE ARBITRATOR: Then Mr. Levine, would
13	you like to call your witness?
14	MR. LEVINE: Yes. We would call Ray
15	Delucchi.
16	
17	
18	
19	first duly sworn, was examined and testified as
20	
21	THE ARBITRATOR: Thank you. State your
22	name for the record, please.
23	
24	THE ARBITRATOR: Thank you. Please
2	proceed.

1	DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. LEVINE:
3	Q. I'm just going to call you Ray rather
4	than Mr. Delucchi from here on out. Okay?
5	A. Okay.
6	Q. Ray, tell the arbitrator a little bit
7	about your background and how you got into
8	firefighting.
9	A. My uncle was a San Francisco fireman for
10	about 25 years, and I would go down to the fire
11	station once a month with my family. And pretty
12	much I liked what I saw, and I liked the stories he
13	told. Pretty much ended up started doing
14	ride-alongs through high school. Got on as a
15	volunteer firefighter for about three years, then
16	became a professional firefighter for a year and a
17	half, then took the job out in Pahrump, and I was a
18	firefighter for about four and a half years.
19	Q. The year and a half that you served as a
20	firefighter before taking the job in Pahrump, where
21	
22	A. San Ramon Valley Fire Protection
23	District.
24	Q. San Ramon?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q.	Is that a rural area sort of like
2	Pahrump?	
3	Α.	No.
4	Q.	No?
5	Α.	No. That's where I was born and
6	raised.	
7	Q.	And when did you transfer over to
8	Pahrump Val	lley Fire and Rescue?
9	Α.	End of 2007, beginning of 2008.
10	Q.	And in the year and a half you were in
11	San Ramon,	in the approximately four years you were
12	with Pahru	mp Valley, did you ever have any prior
13	discipline	?
14	Α.	No.
15	Q.	After taking a position with Pahrump
16	Valley Fir	ce and Rescue, did you become involved with
17	the Union,	Local 4068?
18	Α.	Yes.
19	Q.	Tell the arbitrator a little bit about
20	your Union	n involvement.
21	Α.	I was partnered up, when I first got
22	le l	Pahrump, with the former Union president
23		urray. I didn't know much about unions at
24	l l	but he got me actively involved. And in
25	my four a	nd a half years that I was there, I served

ļ	
1	as the president, vice president, and I'm currently
2	the secretary/treasurer.
3	Q. As of the date of the incident that is
4	the subject of this arbitration, May 25, 2012, what
5	position did you hold with 4068?
6	A. President.
7	Q. Prior to May 25, 2012, how would you
8	characterize the labor relations between the Town of
9	Pahrump and Local 4068?
10	A. Poor.
11	Q. Why were they poor?
12	A. There was multiple grievances. There
13	was a wrongful termination case.
14	Q. We've heard testimony on day one with
15	reference to what was called the Van Leuven
16	Was that one of the sticking points
17	between
18	
19	Q 4068 and the Town of Pahrump?
20	A. Yes.
2:	Q. All right. Let's talk about the
22	incident of May 25, 2012. What happened?
2	A. My partner, Firefighter Hollis, and I
2	were on our way back from a transport, which was
2	interfacility from Pahrump to Vegas. We were headed

back to Pahrump. It was after midnight, maybe closer to 1:00 A.M. I noticed a vehicle fastly approaching with their hazard lights on. The vehicle came up to the side of my ambulance. It was swerving towards the ambulance. I felt like I was going to go off the side of the road.

I feared for my life at that point,
because I saw somebody waving -- sort of holding the
steering wheel, waving, and I couldn't hear
shouting, but it looked like the male driver was
shouting. There was also a passenger. I don't know
if I hit the bumps on the side of the freeway or the
rocks, but we ended up -- I felt I had to pull over.
I think I had a quick discussion with Firefighter
Hollis, and I decided it was best to pull over.

I saw that vehicle pulled behind us. I don't remember exactly how far back. The driver got out and ran up to my window.

- Q. Let me stop you right there. Before you go on with what the driver did, the area where you pulled over, approximately what mile marker was it and can you describe the area for the arbitrator.
- A. It was approximately mile marker 22, 23, a really rural area in between Pahrump and Las Vegas. It's not lit, very dark.

1	Q. And in this area around mile marker 22,
2	23 and it's Highway 160; is that correct?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Is there any communications contact
5	communications ability in that area?
6	A. No. It's a radio dead zone.
7	Q. What about cell phones?
8	A. It's very spotty.
9	Q. Okay. Please continue, then, with what
10	happened when you first pull over.
11	A. I noticed that there was a male standing
12	in the window, yelling and screaming. I couldn't
13	understand what he was saying. I could pretty much
14	hear him say something about a miscarriage. I told
15	him, like we're trained, calm down, sir. Calm down.
16	Back away from the vehicle and well, actually, I
17	think I had the window down just a crack so I could
18	speak through.
19	And he ended up calming down a little
20	bit and then going back to the or doing a fast
2	walk or maybe a jog back to his vehicle. I got I
2	
2	the side of the the highway.
2	THE ARBITRATOR: Excuse me. I'm trying
2	5 to visualize this. Is the party that flagged you

	down's vehicle parked right in back of your vehicle
1	
2	or in front of your vehicle? THE WITNESS: I don't remember exactly.
3	
4	No, no. It was the rear. I don't remember exactly
5	how far, maybe 20 yards.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: Behind you?
7	THE WITNESS: Yeah, 10 yards, about that
8	area.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Thank you.
10	THE WITNESS: And as I got out of the
11	vehicle, he had ran back to his and got in the
12	driver's seat. Me and Tommy met on the side of the
13	highway, stayed next to each other. I was concerned
14	why he would run back if if there was an issue,
15	why he would run back into his driver's seat if
16	there was a potential miscarriage, that he didn't
17	t mooded to assess the situation so
18	BY MR. LEVINE:
19	Q. Let me ask you, did he open the door to
20	gide of the vehicle so as to provide
2	you access?
2	A. No.
2	Q. Okay. Please continue.
2	A. So Firefighter Hollis and I were on the
2	side of the freeway, yelling he was raising his

We were yelling at him to calm down, calm 1 I could see there was a female crying in the 2 passenger front seat. The driver was moving his 3 He was still on the steering wheel. 4 Me and Firefighter Hollis were being 5 very precautious. We didn't understand sort of why 6 it was being handled the way it did, whether it was 7 a possible setup, whether somebody was on drugs, 8 whether -- we didn't know or --9 Let me interrupt you right there. Q. 10 you say "a possible setup," what is the danger 11 presented by the scenario that you have just 12 described? 13 Ambulances carry narcotics, medications, Α. 14 and potentially, you could be robbed. We're in 15 Pahrump, which is more of a wild -- we call wild 16 west area, open carries, very active people as far 17 as --18 Open carry is a reference to? Q. 19 Guns. Α. 20 Okay. Please continue. 0. 21 And then we told him to calm down. Α. 22 ended up using curse words at us and saying the 23 F word, the S word, and pretty much ended up taking 2.4 off before we had a chance to assess the situation 25

1	
1	fully.
2	Q. All right. Let me ask you some
3	questions.
4	Did you ever have an opportunity to talk
5	directly to the female you saw crying in the front
6	seat?
7	A. No.
8	Q. When you were shouting to him, can you
9	explain to the arbitrator your positioning versus
LO	where he was.
L1	A. He was in the driver's seat. She was in
12	the passenger's seat. I was at the I would say
13	the front corner, about five to ten feet away from
14	the vehicle, yelling to him, calm down, sir, calm
15	down.
16	Q. Did you make an offer to transport to a
17	particular location?
18	A. To I saw the situation was
19	escalating, and in an attempt to calm him down, I
20	yelled, we can take you guys or we can take you to
21	the Pahrump hospital or Desert View Hospital. I
22	don't remember the exact term but the same
23	hospital.
24	Q. Okay. And in response to that offer,
25	what did he do?

1	A. He said the F word and spun off and
2	left.
3	Q. At any point, did you have an
4	opportunity to perform a paramedical or an EMT
5	assessment on the passenger in the front seat?
6	A. No.
7	Q. Did you even know their names?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Did you know the make and model of the
10	car?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Did you have a license plate number?
13	A. No.
14	Q. How long did this entire incident take?
15	A. I'd say about 60 seconds, maybe one to
16	two minutes at the most.
17	Q. We now know that the passenger's name
18	was Brittnie Choyce, and you heard her testimony
19	on I believe it was August 13 when we were last
20	here.
21	A. Yes.
22	
23	with her and told her to calm down. Is that
2	accurate?
2	A. That's inaccurate.

1	
ı	Q. Okay. Who were you telling to calm
2	down?
3	A. The driver of the vehicle.
4	Q. Okay.
5	A. He was the one that was being
6	aggressive, acting erratic.
7	Q. Ms. Choyce, in her testimony, said that
8	either you or Firefighter Hollis said there's
9	nothing we can do for you because you are on the
10	Clark County line. You're going to have to call it
11	in. Was that accurate?
12	A. That's inaccurate.
13	Q. Can you tell the arbitrator why it's
14	inaccurate.
15	A. First of all, that doesn't make sense.
16	The Clark County line is about 20, 21 miles north of
17	
18	are in the south part of Pahrump at station 3, and
19	we commonly go into parts of California for
20	
21	
22	doesn't matter, and we weren't near a line.
23	
2	
2	5 bleeding that bad, that is normal. Was that true?

	A. That's inaccurate.
2	Q. Okay. Again, did you even speak to
3	her either of you speak to her at all?
4	A. No.
5	Q. Okay. Did she offer contradictory
6	testimony with regard to looking in the car?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. What was that?
9	A. I believe she stated that we would not
0_	approach the vehicle or even take a look.
L1	Q. Okay. Ms. Choyce, in her testimony,
12	also said that James, I guess, said or yelled
13	pardon me and the arbitrator "fuck you" and spun
14	the tires and peeled out. Was that accurate?
15	A. Yes, that's accurate.
16	Q. Okay. And again, when was that
17	statement made and when did he drop the car into
18	gear and pull out?
19	A. After we were telling him to calm down.
20	Q. It has been brought up twice in these
21	
22	\
23	
24	·
25	Ms. Choyce. Were you familiar with that?
	<u> </u>

1			
1	A. Yes.	Α.	
2	Q. Okay. What is it that you know about	Q.	
3	that?	that?	
4	A. There was an obituary in the newspapers,		
5	and the firefighters had it around the station.	and the fir	
6	Q. Okay. Do you have a copy of that?	Q.	
7	A. Yes.	Α.	
8	Q. Do you have a copy? You can get it.	Q.	
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Off the record while		
10	we're looking for this document.	we're look:	
11	(A discussion was held off the		
12	record.)		
13	THE ARBITRATOR: Back on the record.		
14	MR. LEVINE: I'll have this marked as Y.		
15	(Union Y was marked for		
16	identification.)		
17	BY MR. LEVINE:	BY MR. LEV	
18	Q. Is this the obituary for James Choyce	Q.	
19	that was passed around the fire station?	that was	
20	A. Yes.) A.	
21	Q. What was the common understanding of	L Q.	
22	what James Choyce suffered from?	2 what Jame	
23	A. PTSD.	3 A.	
2	Q. And was that related to his military	4 Q.	
2	service?	5 service?	

-	. 7 that but T
1	A. I can't accurately say that, but I
2	believe so.
3	Q. Okay. Just for the record, PTSD is
4	short for?
5	A. Post-traumatic
6	Q. Post-traumatic stress disorder?
7	A stress disorder.
8	MR. LEVINE: Move admission of
9	Exhibit Y.
10	MR. CAMPBELL: No objection.
11	THE ARBITRATOR: Y will be received.
12	(Union Exhibit Y was admitted
13	into evidence.)
14	BY MR. LEVINE:
15	Q. All right. After Mr. Choyce after
16	you told him to calm down and said, hey, we can take
17	you to Desert View or Pahrump Valley and then he
18	cursed you out, spun the tires and peeled off
19	after that happened, what did you do next?
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	then they headed at it looked like a fast speed

1	towards Las Vegas on 160 south.
2	Q. Okay. That raises a point I'd like to
3	elaborate on.
4	At the area where the Choyces' vehicle
5	forced Medic 3, the ambulance, off to the side of
6	the road, do you have the
7	MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object to
8	that. It's mischaracterizing testimony about
9	forcing them off the road.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: Well, I guess that's
11	his it was the perception of the driver of
12	Medic 3 that so I understand that it's his
13	perception and that you may have a different
14	version.
15	So go ahead.
16	BY MR. LEVINE:
17	Q. At the area where you felt Medic 3 was
18	forced off to the side of the road, do you have the
19	opportunity of just making a U-turn there to head
20	right back to Las Vegas?
21	A. No.
22	Q. Why?
23	A. As I stated, you have to drive a couple
24	miles continue a couple miles north on 160 to a
25	turnaround point somewhere near Lovell Canyon Road.

1	Q. Why can't you just drive across the dirt
2	to the other side of the highway?
3	A. There's a barrier that is in between the
4	two freeways that is used to help vehicles from not
5	rolling over. It catches them when it hits him
6	when they hit it.
7	Q. I think
8	Is Exhibit 38 the photos that you put
9	in?
10	THE ARBITRATOR: Yes.
11	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.
12	BY MR. LEVINE:
13	Q. If we were to take a look at Exhibit 38,
14	is that the barrier you're referring to?
15	A. Yes.
16	MR. CAMPBELL: Do you have that?
17	THE ARBITRATOR: Let me get that out. I
18	have it.
19	MR. LEVINE: Yes, that is the photo.
20	BY MR. LEVINE:
21	Q. Just to identify, that's the barrier
22	right there that goes for several miles?
23	A. Yes.
24	THE ARBITRATOR: Now, what are you
25	are you pointing to

1	MR. LEVINE: This is the barrier that
2	would keep you from going to the other side of the
3	highway.
4	THE ARBITRATOR: Oh, okay. So it's a
5	four lane.
6	MR. LEVINE: Right. But the lanes are
7	not accessible because of that barrier.
8	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay.
9	BY MR. LEVINE:
10	Q. After you watched the vehicle go I
11	believe it would be north a couple miles and then
12	apparently it would make a U-turn and head back
13	south, what did you and Firefighter Hollis do next?
14	A. We got in the vehicle, collected our
15	thoughts just to try to understand what just
16	happened. It was a really quick incident. We were
17	still in fear and nervous of the whole situation and
18	shaken up, and we ended up driving back to Pahrump.
19	Q. Now, how much longer did you have on
20	your shift?
21	
22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	
24	Q. Just for the record, how long shifts do
25	you work?

I	1	
1	A. 24-hour shifts in Pahrump.	
2	Q. Okay. For the remaining seven hours	
3	after you returned to Pahrump, did you go out on	l
4	other calls?	
5	A. I don't recall, but I'm sure we did.	
6	We're a pretty busy department. We're one of the	
7	busiest in the state of Nevada. It's a small	
8	department.	
9	Q. When you got back during that remaining	
10	seven hours or in between other calls, did you fill	
11	out a patient care report?	
12	A. No.	
13	Q. Why?	
14	A. Because we didn't have the patient.	
15	Q. You were present during day one of the	
16	arbitration where Mr. Songer claimed that there was	
17	a patient.	
18	A. Correct.	
19	Q. Is Mr. Songer correct?	
20	A. No.	
21	Q. Explain why Mr. Songer is not correct.	
22	THE ARBITRATOR: Wasn't that a doctor?	
23	MR. LEVINE: No.	
24	THE ARBITRATOR: Oh, no. I'm thinking	
25	of	
	1	

1	MR. LEVINE: Slaughter was the doctor.
2	THE ARBITRATOR: Slaughter was the
3	doctor.
4	MR. LEVINE: Unfortunate name for a
5	doctor.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: I'm sorry.
7	MR. LEVINE: Songer was the investigator
8	they brought in.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Sorry for the
10	confusion. All right.
11	MR. LEVINE: It took me time to learn
12	them too.
13	BY MR. LEVINE:
14	Q. The investigator that they had testified
15	on day one, Mr. Songer he said there was. You
16	say there's not. Why was Mr. Songer wrong?
17	A. Per the NACs, the definition of a
18	patient is clearly defined, and we did not do that.
19	Q. And the definition, so we're clear,
20	under NAC 450B.180, which is, again, the one I
21	unfortunately marked for you, what does it require
22	to be a patient?
23	A. You have to provide care on the scene,
24	or you have to place a patient in an ambulance or
25	air ambulance.

1	Q. Okay. And for the record, is that
2	THE ARBITRATOR: I think the word was
3	"transport" in the statute. I remember that.
4	MR. LEVINE: Transport. All right.
5	BY MR. LEVINE:
6	Q. Your collective bargaining agreement,
7	does it adopt and incorporate those regulations in
8	NAC 450B?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. I direct your attention to Exhibit 6,
11	article 4. You'll find it article 4 is health
12	and safety, section 9, which is on page 8. Just can
13	you read it into the record. It's section 9.
14	A. (Reading:)
15	"The Town shall comply with
16	all standards, laws, regulations,
17	and ordinances related to the
18	fire department."
19	Q. And to your understanding, does that
20	encompass NAC Chapter 450B, emergency medical
21	services?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. At any point, did the Town of Pahrump
24	suggest that there should be bargaining for some
25	other definition of patient or some other standards

1		
1	to be applied?	
2	A. No.	i
3	Q. Was Mr. Songer familiar with the	
4	provisions of your collective bargaining agreement?	
5	A. No, because per his testimony, he stated	
6	that he did not review the collective bargaining	
7	agreement.	
8	Q. Did he appear to be familiar with	
9	NAC 450B.180?	
10	A. Apparently not.	
11	Q. When were you interviewed by Mr. Songer?	
12	A. July 31, 2012.	
13	Q. Did you tell him during that interview	
14	that there was no patient?	
15	A. Yes.	
16	Q. More than once?	
17	A. Multiple times.	
18	MR. LEVINE: At this point, I'd like to	
19	actually play some excerpts of that interview.	
20	THE ARBITRATOR: All right.	
21	MR. LEVINE: Let me ask the arbitrator's	
22	preference. Does the arbitrator plan to listen to	
23	all of these audio files, or do you prefer that I	
24	highlight portions by playing them on the record	
25	here?	
	1	

THE ARBITRATOR: Well, do I have the 1 transcripts of those? 2 They're not No. MR. LEVINE: 3 transcripts. You will receive discs of the audio 4 files in, like, an MP3 or MP4 format, which can be 5 played on a standard media player. And I don't know 6 what your custom and practice is when you receive 7 these. 8 While I normally try to THE ARBITRATOR: 9 avoid listening to tapes except to resolve 10 inconsistencies in testimony, in this particular 11 situation, I think I'm going to be listening to the 12 audio recordings because of the complexity of the 13 report and the different levels of, you know, when 14 certain facts came out and so on and so forth. Ι 15 think I will be listening to the audiotapes. 16 MR. LEVINE: Okay. I think I'm just 17 going to go ahead and play it. They're not 18 particularly long. 19 Are those part of my THE ARBITRATOR: 20 exhibit package already? 21 I'm going to be MR. LEVINE: Yes. 22 identifying what I'm going to be playing. Certain 23 exhibits have an envelope here, and it contains a 24 disc which is marked. 25

1	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. And when I open
2	up that disc on my computer, will I be able to see a
3	listing of files?
4	MR. LEVINE: Yes. I will identify for
5	you, as I go through the testimony today, what they
6	are and where they are.
7	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay.
8	MR. LEVINE: And for the record, I am
9	now going to play a brief excerpt from Exhibit Q.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: And it's understood
11	that we're going to play this while we're off the
12	record so that the reporter does not have to
13	transcribe it; correct?
14	MR. LEVINE: Actually, I believe
15	because the State of Nevada division wants to review
16	the transcripts, I think it is our preference that
17	these three or four minutes be transcribed
18	because
19	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Let's go off the
20	
21	(A discussion was held off the
22	
23	
24	
25	discussions, and I believe counsel are in agreement

that we're going to play the recording off the 1 record. 2 Correct. MR. LEVINE: 3 Thus relieving the THE ARBITRATOR: 4 court reporter of any responsibility to transcribe 5 So stipulated? 6 it. MR. LEVINE: Yes. 7 MR. CAMPBELL: Yes. 8 THE ARBITRATOR: Off the record. 9 (A discussion was held off the 10 record.) 11 THE ARBITRATOR: Back on the record. 12 Mr. Levine. 13 MR. LEVINE: Okay. I'm going to play a 14 portion of Exhibit Q. When the menu for Exhibit Q 15 is pulled up, it actually says music. I don't know 16 why it says music. It shouldn't say music. But for 17 the record, you click on that. There are a number 18 of recordings. It says recordings 1 through 5. 19 When Mr. Songer produced his recordings to us, it 20 came in five partial, non-complete files. 21 excerpt I am going to play is from the file that is 22 named recording number 5. 23 THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. So let's go off 24 the record. 25

(A discussion was held off the 1 record.) 2 Back on the record. THE ARBITRATOR: 3 We have had some off-the-record 4 discussions. We tried playing the audio file, and 5 it was not sufficiently loud for everyone in this 6 room to hear it from various points in the room. So 7 I believe counsel have agreed to proceed in a 8 different fashion. 9 Mr. Levine is going to make a 10 representation on the record as to what a certain 11 portion of the audio file number 5 states. 12 MR. LEVINE: Correct. 13 THE ARBITRATOR: And then that way, 14 Mr. Campbell will know what the Union is talking 15 about in terms of whatever potential rebuttal he may 1.6 wish to come forward with. 17 And it's also been agreed that during 18 the next break, the arbitrator will use her 19 headphones to make sure that she can hear the audio 20 files sufficiently using earbuds or earphones just 21 to make sure that we don't need to do some kind of 22 an enhancement on the files which are in evidence. 23 MR. CAMPBELL: For the record, my 24 understanding was Mr. Levine was going to reference 25

1	the arbitrator to the section that he wanted her to
2	listen to now, not to put an interpretation but
3	maybe general subject matter.
4	MR. LEVINE: I'm going to represent that
5	it's close to verbatim, the statement.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: The reason I wanted him
7	to do that was so that you would know what he's
8	referring to in terms of having a fair opportunity
9	to meet any evidence that he wishes to highlight
10	with your own evidence. So that was my concern.
11	MR. LEVINE: All right. Again, these
12	will be representations that the arbitrator can
13	verify or nonverify. Just so we're clear
14	THE ARBITRATOR: And keep in mind, I'm
15	not going to trust, you know, Counsel's
16	representations as a source of evidence.
17	MR. LEVINE: Correct.
18	THE ARBITRATOR: I have to go right to
19	
20	
21	is going to be for purposes of identification and
22	
23	THE ARBITRATOR: And also notice to the
24	Town as to what you're talking about. Okay.
25	MR. LEVINE: And Rick, just so we're

	in yours it's not
1	clear, is the disc that you put in yours it's not
2	behind 37. Was it intended to be Exhibit 37, the
3	audio recordings?
4	MR. CAMPBELL: I would assume so, yeah.
5	MR. LEVINE: Can you double-check so we
6	can make a correct identification as to the exhibit
7	number?
8	THE ARBITRATOR: If it's the last
9	exhibit before the photograph, it would have to be
10	37.
11	MR. LEVINE: I believe it is. It may
12	be maybe they just affixed it to the wrong side
13	of the tab.
14	MR. CAMPBELL: It's on the front the
15	tab.
16	MR. LEVINE: But it was supposed to be
17	37.
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah, because 36 is the
19	investigative report, which is behind the tab.
20	WE TEXTIME. Okay. I wanted to clarify.
2	All right.
2	THE ARBITRATOR: I think we don't yet
2	have on the record that Exhibit 37 was the same
2	4 exhibit as Union
2	5 MR. LEVINE: Q.
	<u> </u>

THE ARBITRATOR: 1 Well, it contains --MR. LEVINE: 2 Exhibit 37 appears to be all of the audio recordings 3 In Exhibit 37, from various dates put on one disc. 4 you will see five partial recordings which are from 5 the July 31, 2012 interview by Pat Songer of Ray 6 Delucchi and Tommy Hollis. 7 File number 5, for purposes of 8 representation, is the recording -- partial 9 recording of the partial interview with Ray 10 Delucchi. And I will represent, subject to the 11 arbitrator's listening to it for purposes of just --12 at the 4 minute mark, Mr. Delucchi tells Mr. Songer 13 he didn't go up to the vehicle, was five to ten feet 14 away, and there was no patient at that point. 15 At the 4 minute, 52 second mark, 16 approximately, he tells Mr. Songer there was 17 assumption that there was no patient but potentially 18 could be one. 19 At the 15 minute mark to 15:32, he 20 emphasizes that you only fill out a patient care 21 report on incidences involving patients, and there's 22 only a patient if there is patient contact. 23 those are the -- wait a second. 24

Also at 25:52, approximately,

25 minutes, 52 seconds, he's asked by Mr. Songer 1 what, in your mind, constitutes a patient, and he 2 asks did you assess them physically or ask them four 3 particular questions. 4 BY MR. LEVINE: 5 So Ray, let's go back to the All right. 6 Q. direct examination with those identifications of the 7 aspects of file 5. 8 Before we went off the record and had 9 all of our recording issues that we have now moved 10 past, I was asking you about -- the subject was why 11

past, I was asking you about -- the subject was why you didn't fill out a patient care report, and I think you've answered that, and I think I've identified where you explain that to Mr. Songer.

Let's turn to the subject of a special

Let's turn to the subject of a special circumstance report. Is that different than a patient care report?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And what is a special circumstance report?
- A. It's a piece of paper that pretty much at the top says Special Circumstance Report. It's something that, at the discretion of the providers, you fill out, or at an order of a lieutenant, you fill out maybe in an odd situation.

1	Q. And did you fill out a special
2	circumstance report that night?
3	A. No.
4	Q. When how often in the four and a half
5	years have you filled out a special circumstance
6	report?
7	A. Maybe one or two, a handful at the most.
8	Q. Okay. Is it mandatory?
9	A. No.
10	Q. Okay. Is there any rule that says you
11	have to have fill out a special circumstance report
12	under certain circumstances?
13	A. No.
14	Q. Did you later at a later date fill out a
15	special circumstance report as it relates to the
16	incident of May 25?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. And why did you later fill one out?
19	
20	fill one out from Lieutenant Moody, who is A shift
21	
22	Q. Okay. And who wrote that special
23	circumstance report?
24	
25	Q. And if I could have you take a look at

1	
1	Exhibit A. Is that the special circumstance report
2	filled out by Firefighter Hollis and signed by both
3	of you that was done at the request of your
4	lieutenant?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. I'll give the arbitrator a chance to
7	read it. Did you get both pages? There's a second
8	page.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Oh, yes.
10	BY MR. LEVINE:
11	Q. Is it accurate?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. After you finished your shift on the
14	25th, did you work the 26th and the 27th?
15	A. No.
16	Q. Okay. How many days would you
17	customarily have off?
18	A. Four days. We're on it's called a
19	
20	on, one day off, one day on, four days off. And
21	
22	Q. So after the 25th, you wouldn't be going
23	
24	
25	Q. Okay. And was there something that was

•
forthcoming that would have caused you not to work a
regular shift on the 29th?
A. Yeah. I you usually use union leave
or a personal leave to prepare for arbitrations. We
had the Van Leuven arbitration on the 30th.
Q. Okay. So when you went back for your
next instead of going back for a regular shift on
the 29th, you would have been doing what?
A. Can you repeat again.
Q. So would you have been preparing for the
Van Leuven arbitration when you went back on the
29th?
A. The whole four day, yes.
Q. Okay. And when did the Van Leuven
arbitration take place?
A. May 30, 2012.
Q. Okay. And there was some testimony
during day one regarding the Van Leuven arbitration,
including Mr. Kohbarger acknowledging that it got
pretty heated. Can you with the chief.
Can you tell the arbitrator why things
got so hot between the chief and the Union at the
Van Leuven arbitration on the 30th.
A. During I don't remember if it was
direct or cross-examination, but the attorney for

the Union was talking about personal stuff between
Fire Chief Scott Lewis and Firefighter/Paramedic
Chris Van Leuven, how the fire chief was cheating on
his wife and dating the female that Firefighter
Chris Van Leuven was seeing and how there's an
incident where Chris was -- and the fire chief -the fire chief got in Chris's face, told him that
this is my girl. And he said -- and Chris said, I
thought you were married. And he said, don't worry
about my business.

There's a later incident in the back of an ambulance where Firefighter/Paramedic Chris

Van Leuven accused the chief of assaulting him regarding the same thing.

At the request of the Union attorney,
Fire Chief Scott Lewis was asked to leave the
courtroom after testifying and was no longer
permitted to be in the courtroom during the rest of
the arbitration.

- Q. Now, the exclusion of the -- what was the chief's demeanor like towards you and the Union attorney when this testimony was being elicited?
- A. He was eyeing me. He was being very loud and aggressive. He was very unhappy that stuff was being brought up.

2.0

1	Q. When he was excused by was it
2	Arbitrator Adler?
3	A. Arbitrator Sara Adler, yes.
4	Q. Was that a normal exclusion, i.e.,
5	witnesses are to leave the room, or was this
6	something different?
7	A. No, this
8	MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object. I
9	don't think this witness has the recall to testify
10	to this. There was a rule exclusion in effect at
11	that hearing, I believe.
12	BY MR. LEVINE:
13	Q. Wasn't the chief was the chief the
14	representative the designated representative of
15	the Town, sitting through the entire hearing?
16	A. The chief and the Town manager, yes.
17	Q. Okay. When did the complaint, to your
18	knowledge, relating to the incident on Highway 160
19	come into the chief?
20	A. I believe it was after arbitration. I
21	don't know the exact time but after the arbitration
22	that day.
23	Q. Right after the Van Leuven arbitration.
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. The day he was asked to leave.

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Did he notify you or contact you, after
3	the arbitration was over, that he had received any
4	sort of complaints?
5	A. No.
6	Q. Okay. Did you report to work for a
7	normal shift as opposed to arbitration on the 31st?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And what happened on the 31st?
LO	A. We received Firefighter Hollis and I
11	received a phone call from Lieutenant Steve Moody,
12	who was our A shift lieutenant. He said, I need you
13	guys to fill out a special circumstance. As soon as
14	you're done at station 3, come up to station 1, and
15	you're going to be interviewed.
16	Q. Okay. And who was questioned first?
17	A. Firefighter Hollis.
18	Q. Were you present for that?
19	A. No.
20	Q. Did you know what he said?
21	A. No.
22	Q. Okay. Were you then questioned by
23	Lieutenant Moody?
24	
25	Q. And did something, to your perception,

unusual occur during that questioning by Lieutenant	
Moody?	
A. Yes. I was sitting in the lieutenant's	
office. There's a few rooms next to each other at	
station 1. I don't remember if I was halfway done	
or almost done, but Steve Moody Lieutenant Steve	
Mandy was interviewing me. I had my steward rep,	
and the door opened. The chief started yelling,	
stop, stop, stop.	
Q. Have you ever experienced anything like	
that before in an investigatory interview?	
A. No.	
A. Because Steve Moody was interviewing me	
and I didn't understand why the fire chief would	
abruptly open up a door while I'm being interviewed	
and yell, stop, stop.	
8 Q. Did you have particular concerns as to	
9 what the chief was doing?	
A. Yes, because	
Q. What was	
Moody, and said something like I need you to come	
outside and talk to you. They both stayed outside	
the room for a minute or so and then peeked back ir	1
	A. Yes. I was sitting in the lieutenant's office. There's a few rooms next to each other at station 1. I don't remember if I was halfway done or almost done, but Steve Moody Lieutenant Steve Moody was interviewing me. I had my steward rep, and the door opened. The chief started yelling, stop, stop, stop. Q. Have you ever experienced anything like that before in an investigatory interview? A. No. Q. Okay. Why did it concern you? A. Because Steve Moody was interviewing me and I didn't understand why the fire chief would abruptly open up a door while I'm being interviewed and yell, stop, stop, stop. Q. Did you have particular concerns as to what the chief was doing? A. Yes, because Q. What was A. Because the fire chief said, Lieutenant Moody, and said something like I need you to come outside and talk to you. They both stayed outside

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L	A. Yes.
2	Q. What did you do when it appeared to you
3	that the chief was injecting himself into an
4	investigation that Lieutenant Moody was supposed to
5	be the point person on?
6	MR. CAMPBELL: Objection. That
7	mischaracterizes the testimony.
8	THE ARBITRATOR: Well, please rephrase.
9	BY MR. LEVINE:
10	Q. Okay. What did you do after this
11	happened?
12	A. Fire Chief Scott Lewis and Lieutenant
13	Steve Moody sat down in the training room with me.
14	I was sitting with my steward rep, Nate Alexander.
15	
16	don't remember the exact word. It's in the
17	recording, but he's going to start it over, and
18	we're going to record it now. And I felt very
19	uncomfortable, and so I requested for HR, who was
20	Terry Bostwick, and Town manager William Kohbarger
2:	to be a second set of eyes and ears to watch. I've
2	been involved with the Union, and I could see where
2	this was going.
2	Q. Okay. Did you how long did it take
2	you to get Terry Bostwick from HR and Mr. Kohbarger?

1	·
1	A. He halted the investigation, and in
2	about nine or ten minutes, they came back in the
3	room together.
4	Q. Okay. And then after HR was present
5	with Mr. Kohbarger, did the interview go forward?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Okay. Was that interview completed?
8	A. Yes.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: So just so I know, when
10	I listen to these recorded interviews, do I have in
11	the audio files both the both pieces of this
12	interview, the one that was started and then the
13	second resumption of the interview?
14	MR. LEVINE: I don't know the answer to
15	that because both the recorded interviews of
16	Mr. Delucchi and Mr. Hollis were transcribed. Those
17	are in evidence, and I think it won't be
18	necessary I think you can read those transcripts.
19	I think we've already stipulated them into evidence
20	that they're sufficiently accurate that neither
21	party had a problem.
22	
23	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah. I believe the
24	
25	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. All right.
	· ·

1	MR. LEVINE: Right, the first one.
2	Mr. Hollis's first interview was not tape-recorded,
3	right. So all you will have is the second recorded
ے 4	one.
5	And just for identification in the
6	record, let's identify for the arbitrator's
7	convenience where those interviews that were
8	transcribed after they were recorded are Exhibit 8
9	for Ray Delucchi and Exhibit 9 for Mr. Hollis.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Thank you.
11	I think you both did explain that to me earlier, but
12	it's been a few weeks.
13	MR. LEVINE: You'll see it when you
14	review the transcript, but it's always better to
15	
16	THE ADDITION OR OKAV.
17	BY MR. LEVINE:
18	Q. Did you know what Tommy Hollis stated in
19	his recorded interview at the time?
20	A. No, no.
2	Q. Did you talk about it with Tommy?
2	2 A. No.
2	
2	4 the transcript of Tommy's interview?
2	A. Yes, well after the interviews.
	<u> </u>

1	Q. And did you get a copy of your
2	transcribed interview as well?
3	A. Yes, well after the interviews.
4	Q. And were they consistent?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Were they both accurate?
7	A. Yes.
8	MR. LEVINE: Can we have a brief break?
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Certainly. Let's go
10	off the record for a break.
11	(A recess was taken from 11:04
12	to 11:21 A.M.)
13	THE ARBITRATOR: Back on the record.
14	We're back on the record after our mid morning
15	
16	Go ahead, Mr. Levine.
1'	BY MR. LEVINE:
1	Q. Okay. Before the break, we were talking
1	9 about the interviews that took place on May 31,
.2	0 2012.
2	Were you aware that that same day,
2	Chief Van Leuven filed a personal complaint against
2	you as the union president?
:	A. Who?
	Q. I'm sorry. Chief not Van Leuven. I

just promoted the guy. Chief Lewis. 1 Were you aware that that same day, Chief 2 Lewis filed a personal complaint against you as the 3 union president? 4 No. Α. 5 Did you later learn that he had? 0. 6 Yes. Α. 7 And let's take a look at Exhibit C. 0. 8 When did you learn that the chief had filed a 9 personal complaint against you May 31, 2012, one day 10 after the Van Leuven arbitration and the day that he 11 injected himself into the interviews relating to the 12 incident of May 25? 13 Not till well after I was terminated. 14 I'd like to direct your attention 0. 15 basically to the last two paragraphs on the second 16 page of Exhibit C. The chief, in his complaint, 17 wrote: 18 "It became readily apparent 19 to me that Ray Delucchi was 20 attempting to use his role as the 21 IAFF Local 4068 president to 22 thwart our ability and my 23 authority to conduct an 24 investigation of a serious 25

external complaint. Never before 1 has HR or the Town manager been 2 specifically requested to 3 participate in the early stage of an investigation. By doing so, 5 Mr. Delucchi violated the CBA by 6 involving the Town manager in 7 this manner, as the manager is 8 identified as a later step in a 9 potential disciplinary process. 10 "In essence, he is trying to 1.1 intimidate me and prevent me from 12 performing my job." 13 First, is there anything about asking 14 for a second set of eyes to be present at an 15 interview one day after a contentious arbitration 16 that you believe is thwarting his ability to conduct 17 an investigation? 1.8 No. Α. 1.9 He accuses you of violating the CBA by Q. 20 involving the Town manager. Do you believe there's 21 any merit to that accusation? 22 No. Α. 23 Why? Q. 24 For his testimony, he was -- the Town Α. 25

1	
1	manager was already involved in the investigation.
2	Q. In that testimony, that involvement was
3	what?
4	A. The parameters of the investigation.
5	Q. In fact, if we go back to the first page
6	of the chief's complaint at Bates stamp PVF 0750,
7	first, second, third fourth paragraph, does he
8	write:
9	"The Town manager
10	specifically instructed me to
11	assign Lieutenant Moody to the
12	investigation with my direct
13	assistance to help coach him
14	through the process. Specific
15	parameters were directed to me,
16	including the recording of both
17	interviews"?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Was the Town manager already involved?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Were you intimidating or harassing the
22	chief?
23	A. No.
24	Q. Did you, as the president of Local 4068,
25	or somebody on behalf of Local 4068 other than you,

1	ever authorize the use of Mr. Songer as an outside
2	investigator?
3	A. No.
4	Q. Did you have discussions about an
5	outside investigator in another context?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Tell the arbitrator what you did discuss
8	the use of an outside investigator for.
9	A. Prior to the chief filing a complaint
10	against me, I had filed one against him, I believe,
11	a couple hours earlier. I sent an E-mail to Terry
12	Bostwick, who is Pahrump's human resources
13	coordinator, requesting that an outside agency
14	I'd feel more comfortable if an outside agency
15	investigate my specific complaint and not have the
16	Town.
17	Q. But did you or the Local ever agree to
18	allow an outside investigator for this disciplinary
19	investigation of you?
20	A. No.
21	Q. And why was it important to you, as
22	president of the Union, that the Union agree on who
23	an outside investigator is going to be?
24	A. Because that's a subject of mandatory
25	bargaining.

1	Q. For the record, discharge or	
2	disciplinary procedure?	
3	A. Yes.	
4	MR. LEVINE: If the arbitrator is not	
5	already familiar with it, I'd have her take judicial	
6	or arbitral notice of NRS 288.272(i), which makes	
7	discharge and disciplinary procedures subject to	
8	mandatory bargaining in Nevada.	
9	BY MR. LEVINE:	
10	Q. In fact, if we look at Exhibit 7, which	
11	are the rules and regulations, is there one for	
12	discipline?	
13	A. Yes.	
14	Q. And just can you identify what it is.	
15	A. Up here? It is it says Discipline,	
16	and it's under the rules and regs.	
17	Q. What's the guideline number, just for	
18	identification for the record?	
19		
20		
21		
22	regulations in Exhibit 7, there are two signatures.	
23	Do you see them?	
24		
2!	Q. Who are those signatures of?	

-	A. One signature is Fire Chief Scott Lewis,
1	and the second signature is Timothy Murray, the
2	former president of the Union IAFF Local 4068.
3	a the subject of mandatory bargaining,
4	before any of the rules or regulations are changed,
5	was the Union president required to sign off on
6	
7	them?
8	A. Yes.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: What was the number on
10	that again?
11	MR. LEVINE: The regs aren't numbered in
12	Exhibit 7. The Discipline is 02.04.00. It is
13	approximately the sixth page in. I had him identify
14	the fact that all of these regs have signatures and
15	have to be signed off on by the union president.
16	mur appiteator. Okav.
17	BY MR. LEVINE:
18	Q. When did you learn for the first time
19	that the Town had brought in an outside investigator
20	to conduct a disciplinary investigation of you?
2	31 January 30, 2012.
2	Q. January or July?
2	
2	4 called Terry Bostwick, the human resources
2	5 coordinator, to let her know that I was coming back

1	from my FMLA leave, which was about a 30-day leave.
2	When I spoke to her on the phone, she stated that,
3	yes, you're to return the 31st, and you are to
4	when you return, you're to report to station 1.
5	There's going to be a man named Mr. Pat Songer
6	that's going to be investigating or interviewing
7	you and Tommy.
<i>,</i> 8	Q. And so we're clear, what days were you
9	on FMLA leave?
10	A. Approximately 6-29-2012 to 7-30-2012.
11	Q. For what reason?
12	A. The birth of my new child.
13	Q. Okay. So you learned, upon returning
14	from basically I guess it would be called
15	paternity leave under the FMLA, that you were going
16	to be interviewed by this Mr. Songer?
17	
18	Q. Had you been interviewed by Mr. Songer
19	before?
20	
21	Q. Do you know anything about Mr. Songer?
22	
23	Q. Did he conduct that interview on
2	4 7-31-2012?
2	5 A. Yes.

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1	Q. And for the record, those are the five
2	files in Exhibit Q and also in Exhibit 37 which
3	we've now, I guess, ascertained can be listened to
4	with the assistance of headphones.
5	Did you immediately object, or did you
6	raise an objection on the 31st to being questioned
7	by Mr. Songer?
8	A. Repeat it again.
9	Q. Did you raise an objection?
10	A. No.
11	Q. Why not?
12	A. Because he said that we were talking for
13	about 20 minutes or so, and it's in the recording.
14	He said that there was I was just here to collect
15	the facts.
16	Q. Okay. Did he specifically tell you he
17	wasn't there to judge your actions?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Again, in light of the issues with
20	regard to listening and playing the audiotape,
21	rather than attempt to play that, I'll just identify
22	where I believe those are in Exhibit Q. It's in
23	recording number 1. Again, there's five recordings.
24	The last one I referenced was recording 5. This is
25	recording number 1 at approximately the 9 minute,

15 second through 9 minute, 40 second mark and again at approximately the 15 minute, 40 second mark, he states -- my representation is to be verified later -- I'm not here to judge, just collect the facts.

During this time period, after the Van Leuven arbitration, while the Town is conducting a disciplinary investigation of you and Firefighter Hollis relating to the incident of May 25, 2012, did the labor relations between yourself, as the president of Local 4068, and the Town get even worse?

- A. Yes.
- Q. What caused the labor relations between the Town of Pahrump and 4068 to get even worse during this period?
- A. Mr. Kohbarger, the Town manager of
 Pahrump, sent me an E-mail requesting to open up the
 collective bargaining agreement regarding a
 4 percent step increase. In the agreement, it was
 a -- it was a two-year agreement to -- for the step
 increases. He stated he wanted to open up year two
 and change that, and so we didn't get it. And I
 later found out that he forgot to budget for our
 4 percent step increase in the collective bargaining

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agreement.

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Q. Okay. If I could have you turn to Exhibit G. And again, like so many E-mails, they oftentimes start at the back as the first, with the one on top being the last. Can you tell us what the E-mail exchange, starting with the second page in the back going to the top, Exhibit G is.

A. It says:

"Mr. Delucchi, the Town of Pahrump respectfully requests that the IAFF Local 4068 open negotiations on article 23, This request is due to a Wages. decrease in the Town's assessed valuation, which leads to a The budget decrease in revenues. that was prepared and submitted to the Town board showed a flat increase, and now in light of the IAFF requesting their 4 percent step increase, the Town board will have to consider alternatives.

"Please respond to this request no later than Friday,

July 6, 2012 by 4:00 P.M. 1 "William A. Kohbarger, 2 Pahrump Town manager." 3 Did you later learn that it wasn't due Q. 4 to the assessments but it was due to Mr. Kohbarger's 5 mistaken budgeting? 6 Yes. Α. 7 Okay. What was the response of the 0. 8 TAFF? 9 I sent him an E-mail and wrote: Α. 10 "Mr. Kohbarger, at this 11 time, IAFF Local 4068 12 respectfully declines the request 13 from the Town of Pahrump in 14 regards to opening article 26, 15 I want to remind you Wages. 16 about the FEMA assistance to 17 firefighters grant program, 18 specifically the AFG and SAFER 19 grants. Currently, there are a 20 few available grants and/or soon 21 to be available. One is going to 22 expire Friday, July 6, 2012 at 23 5:00 P.M. Some of the grants 24 have an extension to the 25

application submission deadline, 1 but I'm not sure if this one 2 If there is anything that 3 IAFF Local 4068 or myself can do 4 to help the Town with this 5 process, please let me know." 6 And then there's www.fema.gov/firegrants 7 And it says: is the website. 8 "According to the Daniel C. 9 McArthur audit, the Town of 10 Pahrump seems to be finally 11 Also, IAFF Local 4068 has sound. 12 continued to negotiation [sic] in 13 good faith with the Town of 14 Pahrump over the years, and 15 examples of this are giving up a 16 contract raise, freezing a step 17 increase, and freezing the 18 training officer position. 19 has currently saved the Town of 20 Pahrump nearly \$500,000 and will 21 continue to save money for the 22 Town of Pahrump over the years. 23 In 2013, when the collective 24 bargaining agreement is set to be 25

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1	negotiated, I believe it would be
2	a more appropriate time for both
3	parties to discuss article 26,
4	Wages.
5	"Sincerely, Raymond L.
6	Delucchi, President, IAFF
7	Local 4068."
8	Q. Okay. After you declined to reopen
9	bargaining over the 4 percent step increase, did
10	your dispute with Mr. Kohbarger go public?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Take a look at Exhibit H. What is
13	Exhibit H? You don't have to read it. Just
14	identify for us what it is.
15	A. It's a press release to the Pahrump
16	media from the Pahrump Valley Firefighters IAFF
17	Local 4068, challenging the financial crises of the
18	Town.
19	Q. Okay. And in response, did
20	Mr. Kohbarger attack you personally in the press?
21	A. Yes.
22	
23	
24	Mr. Kohbarger on day one of the arbitration?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Okay. On the second page, he's quoted:
2	"'In the three and a half
3	months under his leadership'"
4	meaning you "'they have filed
5	six grievances. The four years
6	previous to that, there was six
7	grievances filed. Out of those
8	six grievances recently filed,
9	three of them are already
10	scheduled to go to arbitration.
11	In the past, only two went to
12	arbitration. Former Union
13	president Tim Murray came into
14	the office, sat down'"
15	Did you did he also go on the news
16	and attack you personally?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Accuse you of having lunch with IAFF
19	counterparts in North Las Vegas, Henderson, and
20	Las Vegas?
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	MR. LEVINE: Okay. Just as long as the

1	arbitrator remembers it.
2	BY MR. LEVINE:
3	Q. Can you identify Exhibit J for us.
4	A. Yes. This is an E-mail sent from Tom
5	Waters, who is a Pahrump Town board member, to
6	former president excuse me. This is an E-mail
7	the other way around, sent from Tim.
8	Q. No. It's from Tom Waters. Are you in
9	Exhibit J?
10	A. Am I in the wrong one?
11	Q. No, you're in the correct one. Who is
12	it from?
13	A. Okay. This is an E-mail sent from Tom
14	Waters, Pahrump Town board member, sent to Timothy
15	Murray, who is the former president of the Union.
16	Q. And were you copied as the current
17	president?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. And does it talk about the public
20	dispute between 4068 and Mr. Kohbarger?
21	
22	,
23	Mr. Kohbarger's failure to budget for the 4 percent
24	that caused this?
25	A. Yes, yes.

ı	Q. And is that in paragraph 2 and
2	paragraph 3?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And can you identify Exhibit K for us.
5	A. This is an E-mail from Timothy Murray
6	back to Tom Waters.
7	Q. And is it relating to, again, this
8	problem with the Town manager failing to properly
9	budget for the 4 percent step increase and then
LO	asking you guys to give it up?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Did Mr. Kohbarger ever publicly take
13	responsibility for his failure to budget?
14	A. No.
15	Q. Obviously these are in July, these
16	requests to reopen and this public dispute.
17	According to these exhibits, they are in July and
18	August.
19	
20	Q. Is this when this investigation of you
21	and Mr. Hollis was still going on?
22	i de la companya de
23	
24	
25	manager and the Town board which impacted the labor

relations between the Town and 4068? 1 Yes. Α. 2 What was that? 0. 3 The firefighters had discussed Α. 4 submitting a vote of no confidence in Fire Chief 5 Scott Lewis to the Town manager and fire chief in 6 2008, also in 2010, and again in the beginning of 7 The vote of no confidence is pretty much a 8 last-ditch effort to try to get management aware of 9 major safety concerns with firefighters and the 10 It was voted on and approved by the public. 11 firefighters by an overwhelming majority to address 12 our concerns to the Town manager, the fire -- or the 13 fire chief -- the fire chief, the Town board, and 14 the public, consisting of about 43 documented 15 incidences of mismanagement. 16 And when did the vote of no confidence Ο. 17 actually take place? 18 The vote was, I believe, July 19 through Α. 19 It was about five days. July 24, 2012. 20 In other words, shortly before Okay. 21 your interview by Mr. Songer? 22 Yes. Α. 23 And can you turn to Exhibit L. Ο. 24 tell us what Exhibit L is. 25

A. This is a letter that myself and the
E board sent to the Town manager and the entire Town
board members regarding the vote of no confidence.
Q. Okay. And Exhibit L actually consists
of two documents. The first two pages, is that the
letter that was sent?
A. Yes.
Q. Does it identify the date that the no
confidence vote in the chief took place?
A. Yes.
Q. It's addressed to Mr. Kohbarger and also
to Ms. Vicky Parker, Mr. Harley Kulkin, Dr. Tom
Waters, who you previously identified, and a
Mr. Mike Darby. And they consist of who,
collectively?
A. They're the five Town board members.
A. They're the rive Town board members.
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the
The saint to lot the
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated September 4 after this was sent, did you receive
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated September 4 after this was sent, did you receive a call from Town manager, Mr. Kohbarger, regarding this matter?
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated September 4 after this was sent, did you receive a call from Town manager, Mr. Kohbarger, regarding this matter? A. Yes. Town manager Kohbarger called me
Q. Okay. I'm going to let the arbitrator you've read it. Okay. After the first two pages dated September 4 after this was sent, did you receive a call from Town manager, Mr. Kohbarger, regarding this matter?

why did you send that to my bosses? I thought you 1 were going to send that to me. 2 And I said, as the president, I had to 3 send it to you, the Town board, and the media if it 4 is not addressed, because that's what the members 5 voted on. 6 And he said you shouldn't have did that, 7 you're going to pay for it. 8 He said to you you shouldn't have done 9 that, you're going to pay for it. 10 Yes. Α. 11 Mr. Kohbarger, the Town manager? Ο. 12 Yes. Α. 13 After Mr. Kohbarger called you and said 0. 14 you're going to pay for that, what did you do next 15 with regard to the subject of the no confidence 16 17 vote? He ended up sending me an E-mail stating Α. 18 he would not have a valued member such as a fire 19 chief relieved of his duty for stuff he didn't --20 for incidences he didn't know about. And if we 21 could send him a list of concerns or something in 22 that matter, that he'd be willing to look at it. 23 Okay. And then if you take a look at Q. 24 pages 3 through 10 of Exhibit L, can you tell us

25

1	what that is.	
2	A. Yeah. This is a declaration of	
3	firefighter concerns. There's about 65 concerns of	
4	documented incidences of firefighters bringing it to	
5	the E board. We narrowed it down to about 40 or 41.	
6	Pretty much everything on this declaration consists	
7	of firefighter safety and the public safety for	
8	mismanagement.	
9	Q. By the chief?	
10	A. By the fire chief.	
11	Q. And per the address, it was sent to the	
12	Town manager and the Town board?	Ì
13	A. Yes.	
14	Q. Okay. And that's on September 6?	
15	A. Yes.	
16	Q. Eight days later after this was sent,	
17	what happened? September-14.	
18	A. I received a phone call Firefighter	
19	Hollis and I received a phone call from one of the	
20	lieutenants saying that you are to report to	
21	station 1 for a meeting with Town manager William	
22		
23	Q. And did you and Mr. Hollis show up?	
24		
25	Q. And what happened when you met with Town	

manager Kohbarger on September 14? 1 Firefighter Hollis and I were placed on Α. 2 unpaid admin leave pending termination. 3 And were you -- let's turn to 4 Exhibit 29. There's two letters in Exhibit 29 that 5 are identical, one to Mr. Hollis and one to 6 yourself, indicating that your revocation of 7 sponsorship to work under the medical director's 8 license has been revoked. 9 Yes. Α. 10 And that means you're being put on 0. 11 unpaid leave, pending termination. 12 When you were given this on 13 September 14, were you provided with a copy of 14 Mr. Songer's report? 1.5 No. Α. 16 What did Mr. Kohbarger say to you in the 0. 17 meeting -- to you and Mr. Hollis when he notified 18 you that your sponsorship to work is being revoked 19 and you're being put on unpaid leave pending 20 termination? 21 He said, my hands are tied. It's in the 2.2 recording. He said, my hands are tied. There's 23 nothing I can do about this. An outside agency and 24 a medical director are doing this. 25

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L	Q. Were you given any explanation as to the
2	basis or the evidence upon which this was being
3	taken at the time that you were called in on
4	September 14?
5	A. No.
6	Q. Were you subsequently given a subsequent
7	pre-termination hearing?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And if I could have you turn to
LO	Exhibit 30, is this what you were given?
11	A. Yes, the intent to discipline letter.
12	Q. Okay. Prior when did the
13	pre-termination hearing take place?
14	A. September 25, 2012.
15	Q. When we take a look at Exhibit 30, it's
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
2	
2	proposed disciplinary action.

Failure to file a written 1 response or request a 2 pre-disciplinary hearing within 3 five working days, or to appear 4 at a pre-disciplinary after 5 requesting such, will constitute 6 a forfeiture of the employee's 7 rights to further appeal." 8 Did I read that accurately? 9 Yes. Α. 10 Does that even comply with your Q. 11 contract? 12 No. Α. 13 If we take a look at the contract, 14 Exhibit 6, if we can go to page 38, if I could 15 direct your attention to section 4, subsection E, it 16 17 states: "A statement that the 18 employee's failure to file a 19 written response or request in 20 writing a pre-disciplinary 21 conference, or to appear at the 2.2 pre-disciplinary conference, if 23 one has been requested, will 24 constitute an acknowledgment that 25

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1	he/she has been afforded
2	procedural due process."
3	Isn't that what it says?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Notwithstanding the fact that the
6	language you were given did not comply with the
7	contract, did you request a preterm hearing?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And that took place again on what date?
10	A. September 25, 2012.
11	Q. Did they finally provide you with the
12	Songer report at or immediately prior to that
13	pre-termination hearing?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. All right. I'd like to go through the
16	Songer report, which forms the basis for the
17	recommendation to terminate. That is Exhibit 4.
18	The first page of Exhibit 4, Ray, is it looks like a
19	cover letter.
20	The second page I want to direct your
21	
22	
23	Rescue Services Investigation, Points of Interview
24	with Complainants. Do you see that?
25	A. Yes.

	- c - did Mr. Conger ever interview
1	Q. In fact, did Mr. Songer ever interview
2	the complainants?
3	A. No.
4	Q. Did you have a discussion with him on
5	July 31, 2012 regarding the subject of interviewing
6	the Choyces?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. What did he tell you on July 31, 2012?
9	A. He said that he was unable to interview
10	the Choyces because William Kohbarger, he said,
11	wouldn't let him due to a possible lawsuit.
12	Q. Now, Mr. Songer's interview of you on
13	the 31st, which he produced in this case, is it
14	complete?
15	A. No.
16	Q. Is that portion on the portion that they
17	did produce to us?
18	A. No.
19	Q. Okay.
20	THE ARBITRATOR: I'm sorry. Can you run
21	that by me again about your last question? I didn't
22	understand it.
23	MR. LEVINE: Okay. He testified that he
24	was told by Songer that Songer shouldn't interview
25	because by Kohbarger because of concerns about a
	1

1	lawsuit. I asked him to acknowledge that the
2	recordings that the Town turned over of Mr. Songer's
1	interview were they complete recordings? And he
3	said no. And I said was that exchange on the
4	
5	portion they did turn over to us? He answered no.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: Oh, you're talking
7	about the audio recording of Mr. Delucchi's
8	interview?
9	MR. LEVINE: That's right.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay.
11	MR. LEVINE: When you listen to those
12	five things, you will see they are only partials.
13	They don't run they're not complete.
14	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. I just wanted to
15	make sure you were talking only of Mr. Delucchi's
16	interview.
17	MR. LEVINE: That's correct.
18	Mr. Hollis's is not complete either. You'll see
19	that when you listen to it.
20	BY MR. LEVINE:
21	Q. Okay. Does he write this when you
22	read this, did you think he had somehow then
23	interviewed the Choyces?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Okay. Did it turn out not to be true?

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1	A. Correct.
2	Q. Do you you were accused of dishonesty
3	by Mr. Songer, do you believe?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. In your opinion, is writing a report
6	that suggests an interview took place when it
7	didn't what would you characterize that as?
8	A. Dishonesty.
9	Q. Let's go to the section entitled
10	Conclusions From Pahrump Valley Fire Rescue Services
11	Investigation, starting on again, each little
12	section seems to restart with page number 1. It's
13	in Exhibit 4. Go to page 1. Go to the section
14	entitled Conclusions. Not Facts. Keep flipping.
15	Is the arbitrator there?
16	THE ARBITRATOR: I have it.
17	MR. LEVINE: I'm going to wait for the
18	witness to get there.
19	THE WITNESS: I'm there.
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	13," and then lays out why they may be more
25	believable. Do you see that?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Do you believe or do you understand how
3	Mr. Songer can reach a credible determination with
4	regard to people he's never met or spoke with?
5	A. No.
6	Q. Item number 2, he writes, "There was
7	'patient contact,'" and that your statement, "what's
8	going on," at the right side of the vehicle
9	constitutes patient contact. Do you agree with
10	that?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Does he ever reference NAC 450B.180
13	anywhere in his conclusions?
14	A. No.
15	Q. Item number 3, the large paragraph,
16	"Brittnie's statements, recorded by Lieutenant Moody
17	and witnessed by Chief Lewis, have a more believable
18	and plausible pattern to it."
19	First, did Lieutenant Moody ever record
20	a statement by Brittnie?
21	A. No.
22	Q. To your knowledge, was there ever a
23	recorded statement given by either Brittnie or James
24	Choyce?
25	A. No.

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1	Q. Was there even a written statement given
2	by Brittnie or James Choyce?
3	A. No.
4	Q. So when he writes her statement recorded
5	by Lieutenant Moody, what do you consider that to
6	be?
7	A. Falsification, dishonesty.
8	Q. Later in that paragraph, he writes:
9	"An EMS expert will tell you
10	that the words that were stated
11	by Brittnie would be a typical
12	response to Paramedic Delucchi's
13	question."
14	Well, first, did you ever question
15	Brittnie?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Did she ever respond to you in any way?
18	A. No.
19	
20	thing as a typical response, in your experience?
21	A. No.
22	Q. Further down, he writes:
23	"Additionally, for the two
24	firefighter/EMS employees to have
25	credibility and be considered

believable, then STAR CARE (as in 1 the PVFRS rules and regulations) 2 would have to been demonstrated 3 by the A and the R (in STAR) and 4 the C, A, R, and E (in CARE). 5 And in this case, six out of the 6 eight STAR CARE topics were 7 · disregarded." 8 Do you have any idea what he's writing 9 about there? 10 I have no idea. Α. 11 If we go to page 2 -- actually, no. Ο. 12 Stay on page 1 for a moment. In the final 13 paragraph, he writes: 14 "Moreover, failure by both 15 fire/EMS personnel together or 16 individually to document the 17 details of this encounter in a 18 PVFRS's patient care report or 19 PVFRS special circumstance report 20 (incident report) form will be 21 viewed as a coverup by the two 22 firefighter/EMS personnel." 23 In your experience, has the failure to 24 file a patient care report ever been deemed a 25

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1	coverup at the Pahrump Valley Fire and Rescue?
2	A. No.
3	Q. Was one actually needed in this case?
4	A. No.
5	Q. There are other cases that you're
6	familiar with where a firefighter hasn't been or
7	hasn't filed out a PVFRS patient care report. Are
8	you familiar with other cases?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. How were those handled?
11	A. They're asked to fill one out when
12	they're told to.
13	Q. Has there ever been, through either
14	
15	A. Special circumstance report.
16	Q. Special circumstance report. Okay.
1	A. Yeah.
1	Q. Has there ever been, though, a rule or
1	regulation by past practice establishing that if you
2	don't do a patient care report, it's deemed a
2	coverup?
2	A. No.
2	Q. Again, did you believe one was warranted
2	in this case?
2	A. No.

1	1
1	Q. Why?
2	A. Because there's no patient.
3	Q. Let's go to page 2. He starts with, on
4	page 2, item 4, the allegations by complainant James
5	Choyce. Again, did James Choyce ever submit to a
6	recorded interview, to your knowledge?
7	A. No.
8	Q. Did he submit a written statement, to
9	your knowledge?
10	A. No.
11	Q. In the absence of a written or recorded
12	statement, do you know where Mr. Songer got these
13	so-called allegations from James Choyce?
14	A. The fire chief's notes.
15	Q. He indicates on page 2 let's see
16	where we can find it here. He concludes that the
17	incident must have taken five minutes. Do you know
18	how he reaches this conclusion?
19	A. When I was reading it, he said they
20	
21	Q. Based upon his determination of five
22	minutes, did they reenact it accurately?
23	
24	·
2 !	A. 60 seconds, maybe two minutes at the

most. 1 Let's go off the record THE ARBITRATOR: 2 for just a moment. 3 (A discussion was held off the 4 record.) 5 BY MR. LEVINE: 6 If we go to item number 10 in his 0. 7 conclusions, he writes: 8 "The more damaging fact 9 discovered in our investigation 10 was the fact that Summerlin 11 Hospital in Las Vegas, Nevada 12 (where Brittnie's physician 13 wanted her to go and an 14 'appropriate hospital') was only 15 approximately 33 miles away from 16 In comparison, their location. 17 Desert View Regional Medical 18 Center in Pahrump, Nevada was 19 approximately 31 miles away in 20 the opposite (north) direction, 21 and not an 'appropriate hospital' 22 to transport to." 23 Did I read that correctly? 24 Yes. Α. 25

Q. Is that an accurate or correct assessment by Mr. Songer?

A. No.

- Q. Okay. First I want you to assume, for purposes of my next question, that even though you didn't do an assessment that Brittnie Choyce had, in fact, had a miscarriage, the baby, as she testified, was already out and that she was bleeding. I want you to assume, for purposes of my next question, that you were given access to her and permitted to do an assessment in that case and found her to be bleeding. Under those circumstances, what would be the appropriate hospital to transport her to?
 - A. Desert View Hospital in Pahrump.
 - Q. Explain to the arbitrator why.
 - A. At that point, I would be more fearful of some sort of shock, and I would take her to Pahrump, which would be the closest hospital if I traveled in the direction where I was already going. And also, the lieutenant's and fire chief pressure all our medic units to stay inside of Pahrump because we're so short staffed of firefighters. We rarely ever -- Firefighter Hollis and I transfer patients or -- to Las Vegas unless it's an interfacility.

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L	Q. And just can you explain for the	
2	arbitrator, what is an interfacility transport.	
3	A. Interfacility is what we were on. It's	
4	a most of the time scheduled transport from a	
5	Pahrump hospital to a Las Vegas hospital and then a	
6	return with one or more patients.	
7	Q. So if, under the hypothetical I gave	
8	you, you would have been permitted to assess her,	
9	Mr. Choyce had opened up the car door and given you	
LO	access to her, you'd been able to assess her, you	
11	found the baby had already passed and that she was	
12	bleeding, is time of the essence when you're dealing	
13	with loss of blood and shock?	
14	A. Absolutely.	
15	Q. Which hospital is closer?	
16	A. Pahrump hospital.	
17	Q. Does Pahrump have the ability to	
18	stabilize somebody in hypovolumic shock suffering	
19	from blood loss?	
20	A. Yes.	
21	Q. In fact, if you were to go to Las Vegas,	
22	how many miles would you have to go towards Pahrump	
23	before you could even turn around and start going	
24		
25	A. I would have to travel two miles north	

to the turnaround and two miles back, and then I
would have to travel up over the hill and down into
Las Vegas.

- Q. When you're dealing with issues of shock and blood loss, is time of the essence?
 - A. Absolutely.
- Q. You mentioned that you were pressured by the chief and lieutenant to stay within Pahrump because of short staffing. What is it about the short staffing that makes it important that you take somebody to Pahrump Valley Medical Center, Desert View, as they call it, as opposed to going -- leaving the valley? Assuming that that's an appropriate destination.
 - A. We have nine firefighters on duty on a good day, and it's split into four ambulances, two in the middle station, which is the center of town, one in the south part of town where Firefighter

 Hollis and I are, and one in the north. Every time an interfacility transport takes place, those two firefighters go to Las Vegas, and that leaves us with seven. We send multiple units out at a time.

 Most of the time, we have about five firefighters in the valley. We are trained and pressured to stay in town so we can respond to 911 calls and respond to

2.1

1	fire calls. Sometimes it gets so bad that we don't
2	have ambulances available because of this reason.
3	Q. On page 4 of Mr. Songer's conclusions,
4	after discussing or offering his opinions that
5	Desert View Regional Medical Center, sometimes
6	called Pahrump Valley Medical Center, is not an
7	appropriate destination, after discussing that, he
8	writes:
9	"Based on my interviews and
10	review of documents, I concluded
11	the EMS crew (paramedic and
12	EMT-I) did not want to take the
13	patient"
14	And I'm on page 4, Madam Arbitrator, the
15	last paragraph of section 11, right before
16	section 12.
17	THE ARBITRATOR: This is still in the
18	Conclusions?
19	MR. LEVINE: The Conclusions. It's
20	item it's the last paragraph of item 11. It
21	
22	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. I'm there.
23	BY MR. LEVINE:
24	
25	"Based on my interviews and

review of documents, I concluded 1 the EMS crew (paramedic and 2 EMT-I) did not want to take the 3 patient to Summerlin Hospital in 4 Las Vegas, but instead to Desert 5 View Regional Medical Center in 6 7 Pahrump, Nevada, the closest hospital to the EMS crew's fire 8 station, for the EMS crew's 9 personal convenience." 10 Is there any truth to that assertion? 11 12 Α. No. Is the premise of the conclusion Okay. 13 Q. that it would convenience you to stay in Pahrump 14 even accurate? Is that even accurate? 15 16 Α. No. Can you explain why the notion that 17 Q. staying in Pahrump is somehow convenient for you is 18 erroneous? 19 First of all, we're on duty till 20 Α. When we're back in Pahrump, we have to 21 8:00 A.M. respond to fires, calls, regardless. And actually, 22 if we would have taken someone to Vegas, it would 23 have changed the rotation. It would have benefited 24 Firefighter Hollis and I. Rotation meaning 25

ambulances -- I'll explain it. The four ambulances 1 rotate to Vegas, so station 1, 3, 5, 1, 3, 5. 2 I'm sorry. So how THE ARBITRATOR: 3 would that benefit you? 4 THE WITNESS: Because we would be doing 5 a second transport to Vegas, which would put us back 6 at the end of the rotation for twice. 7 BY MR. LEVINE: 8 If you're driving somebody to Vegas, do Ο. 9 you have to respond to fire calls or other 10 emergencies? 11 No. Α. 12 Is it pretty easy? Q. 13 Yes. Α. 14 Item number 12: 15 Ο. "No effort on either 16 provider's part was made to 17 contact law enforcement, another 18 ambulance service, medical 19 control, or PVFRS's supervisory 20 personnel." 21 Okay. First, when you got, in your 22 words, forced off the road at highway marker 23 approximately 22, 23, do you have the ability to 24 contact law enforcement? 25

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1	A. No.
2	Q. Okay. How far did you have to travel to
3	get back in radio and cell phone range from the area
4	where the incident was?
5	A. About probably 10 or 10 or 12 miles
6	near Tecopa, heading north.
7	Q. Okay. If 10 or 12 minutes after the
8	Choyces had driven off, you got back in radio range,
9	assuming hypothetically you contacted Nevada Highway
10	Patrol, what information would you have to give
11	them?
12	A. I wouldn't have had information.
13	Q. Did you believe there would be anything
14	the highway patrol could do without a name, license
15	plate, or make and model of a car?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Why didn't you call your lieutenant?
18	A. If we if we would have called our
19	lieutenant who works a lot of hours in the middle of
20	the night and woke him up, he probably would have
21	called us a foul name.
22	Q. Normally if something unusual or
23	noteworthy happens, instead of calling a lieutenant,
24	
25	normally handled? How is it normally communicated

1	to the lieutenant?
2	A. Firefighter Hollis and I, every morning
3	after shift, before 8:00 A.M., drive up to
4	station 1, which is about ten miles away from our
5	south station, and we do sort of a rollover. We
6	fill it full of gas. We restock the unit, and we
7	usually talk to our lieutenant about our shift, how
8	it went.
9	Q. Now, on this particular morning, May 25,
10	2012, when you came to the end of your shift and it
11	was time to do rollover, was Lieutenant Moody
12	available?
13	A. There was no lieutenant on duty from
14	5:00 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.
15	Q. Why was your lieutenant not present to
16	the end of your shift?
17	A. He took either annual time or comp time.
18	Q. He went home?
19	A. Yes.
20	
21	·
22	
23	
24	
25	judgment, which we can't

find/identify in either all the 1 document by PVFRS or in our 2 interviews or investigation. 3 Additionally, their refusal to 4 acknowledge any wrongdoing 5 demonstrates a pattern of 6 behavior and professional conduct 7 that may be repeated in the 8 Moreover, they showed no future. 9 remorse for anything that 10 This was their transpired. 11 demeanor and mindset at the 12 Therefore, their interviews. 13 attitude leads me to believe that 14 there may be repeated poor 15 judgement in the future, 16 resulting in ramifications for 17 the Town of Pahrump. Probability 18 in actuarial analysis tells us 19 that it's not if, but when, the 20 next event/incident will happen." 21 Do you know where he got that? 22 No. Α. 23 Did I question him on that during day 0. 24 25 one?

1	
1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And did he have an answer?
3	A. No.
4	Q. Do you have any idea what he's talking
5	about as a probability in actuarial analysis to
6	predict your future behavior?
7	A. No.
8	Q. Now, to go back to what Mr. Songer told
9	you when you came back from FMLA leave and found out
LO	you were being interviewed by an outside
11	investigator you hadn't agreed to, what was it again
12	he said to you his role was?
13	A. To collect the facts and not pass
14	judgment.
15	Q. Do you believe that's what he's doing in
16	this report?
17	A. Absolutely.
18	Q. Just checking the facts or not passing
19	judgment?
20	A. No, he was passing judgment.
21	Q. Did he ever tell you, oh at any point
22	contact you and say, oh, by the way, my role in this
23	investigation is going to be changing?
24	
25	Q. Did he follow the bargained-for

investigative process, disciplinary process?
A. No.
Q. What is it that your policies require
and past practice has always utilized for
suspensions and terminations? What is required by
way of witness for witnesses in connections with
suspensions and terminations under your policies and
past practices?
A. All recordings and written statements
will be received from or will be taken from all
parties.
Q. Okay. In your experience by past
practice, has there ever been either a suspension or
a termination based upon a complainant that was not
subject to either a recorded interview or a written
statement?
A. No.
Q. Let's take a look at his recommendations
now, and I believe they are identical for both you
and Mr. Hollis. If I could have you turn to his
recommendation on page 1 of the Recommendations.
Item G:
"Actions he/she as medical
director may/should take
immediately."

1	And then subsection 1 is:	ı
2	"As medical director PVFRS,	
3	I have temporary [sic] revoked	
4	Paramedic Raymond Delucchi's and	
5	EMT-Intermediate Tommy Hollis's	
6	authorization to practice under	
7	my license, pending their	
8	investigation(s) outcome."	
9	First, I'm not sure what he's writing	
10	there, but he says "I have" temporarily as if	
11	does Mr. Songer have that authority?	
12	A. No.	
13	Q. Does Dr. Slaughter even have authority	
14	to revoke your authorization?	
15	MR. CAMPBELL: Objection. That calls	
16	for a legal conclusion.	
17	BY MR. LEVINE:	
18	Q. To your understanding.	
19	MR. CAMPBELL: Again, that calls for a	
20	local conclusion. This witness isn't qualified	
21	to	
22	THE ARBITRATOR: Well, I know what	
23	you're	
24	MR. LEVINE: You know where I'm going	
25	with it.	

1	THE ARBITRATOR: I think we discussed
2	this the last time we were together.
3	MR. LEVINE: Then I will leave it for
4	briefing. Let me rephrase it this way.
5	BY MR. LEVINE:
6	Q. Is permitting a revocation and putting
7	you on unpaid leave, unpaid pending termination
8	is that provided for in the contract under the
9	disciplinary process?
10	A. No.
11	Q. Is there any provision for putting
12	someone on unpaid leave pending termination?
13	A. No.
14	Q. By past practice, if they're going to
15	terminate somebody, what sort of leave are they put
16	on?
17	A. Paid leave.
18	Q. It was suggested in both the testimony
19	of Mr. Songer and Chief Lewis that your job is
20	inherently dangerous and it's part of your job to
21	face danger. Do you recall testimony to that
22	effect?
23	
24	Q. Is that how you are trained?
25	A. No.

ļ	·
1	Q. Is that are those concepts consistent
2	with the regulations you are provided in your
3	contractual provisions?
4	A. No.
5	Q. What is it that your regulations state
6	is the and your protocols state is the first most
7	important aspect?
8	A. Safety.
9	Q. Is that scene safety?
10	A. Scene safety, yes.
11	MR. LEVINE: Madam Arbitrator, I went
12	through all of those with two witnesses in day one.
13	Do I need to go over them again, or is it
14	THE ARBITRATOR: I think that I can read
15	the transcript from the previous day.
16	MR. LEVINE: Okay. And that will
17	identify the exhibits. However, I would like to
18	have marked an additional exhibit, which is I
19	guess it's now going to be Z, on that very subject.
20	And I have now completed all 26 letters of the
21	alphabet.
22	(Union Exhibit Z was marked for
23	identification.)
24	
25	Q. Can you tell me what Exhibit Z the

1	
1	book that these excerpts are from what is the
2	book?
3	A. "Essentials of Firefighting."
4.	MR. CAMPBELL: I'm going to object to
5	this exhibit. I mean, it's a partial thing. I've
6	never been provided it before. I think it's
7	MR. LEVINE: I can lay an adequate
8	foundation. The reason
9	BY MR. LEVINE:
10	Q. First and foremost, is Exhibit Z taken
11	from this book right here?
12	A. Yes.
13	MR. LEVINE: I'd like to lay a
14	foundation for what it is.
15	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Go ahead.
16	BY MR. LEVINE:
17	Q. Can you tell us what this book is.
18	A. This is the textbook that's used across
19	America for firefighters trying to obtain their
20	firefighter I, II, or III, per the states.
21	Q. And when you were trained as a
22	firefighter, did you utilize this book?
23	A. Yes.
24	
25	understanding, only for purposes of training, or

- 1		
1	does it have is it in addition to just	
2	training new firefighters, what is it used for?	
3	A. It states in there it's for lifelong	
4	experiences and referring back to incidences with	
5	paid professional firefighters.	
6	Q. And in chapter 1 or page 28 under the	Į.
7	"Essentials of Firefighting," does it address	
8	emergency scene safety?	
9	A. Yes.	
10	Q. Okay. And can you identify on pages 28	
11	and 29 for the arbitrator what it is you are trained	
12	and instructed on with regard to scene safety, which	
13	section it is.	
14	A. Emergency scene safety and then NFPA	
15	1001, 3-3.4(a), 4-4.2(b).	
16	MR. LEVINE: Does the arbitrator want to	
17	read those paragraphs or have them read into the	
18	record?	
19	THE ARBITRATOR: I glanced at it.	
20	BY MR. LEVINE:	
21	Q. Okay. What is the pertinent portion of	
22		
23	A. The second paragraph where it says:	
24	"All firefighters must	
25	remember that they did not cause	
	1	

the emergency incident. They are 1 not responsible for the victim 2 being in that situation, and they 3 are not obligated to sacrifice 4 themselves in a heroic attempt to 5 save the victim, especially not 6 in an attempt to recover a body. 7 In fact, it is irresponsible and 8 unprofessional for firefighters 9 to take unnecessary risks that 10 might result in their being 11 incapacitated by an injury and 12 therefore unable to perform the 13 job for which they have been 14 trained. The function of the 15 fire rescue service is not to add 16 victims to the situation." 1.7 Keep reading. Q. 18 Α. Okay. 19 "The IC's first priority 20 must be the firefighter's safety. 21 The second priority is the 22 victim's safety. The IC should 23 never choose a course of action 24 that requires firefighters to 25

1	take up necessary risks."
2	Q. In addition to the recommendation
3	regarding the revocation of the authorization to
4	practice, he makes termination recommendations
5	Mr. Songer does identifying what he believes to
6	be the rules and regulations you violated. I'd like
7	to walk through those with you right now.
8	THE ARBITRATOR: Before we leave, I
9	assume you want me to take this as part of the
10	record.
11	MR. LEVINE: Yes.
12	THE ARBITRATOR: Any objection?
13	MR. CAMPBELL: Same objection.
14	MR. LEVINE: That it's not the entire
15	document?
16	THE ARBITRATOR: Is that your objection?
17	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah.
18	MR. LEVINE: The entire document is
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	am heard this principle enunciated on numerous
25	occasions.

MR. LEVINE: So if I'm beating a dead
horse, that's fine. I just can't know in advance
your necessary background and experience so
THE ARBITRATOR: So I think that the
grievants should have an opportunity to defend the
action by citing aspects of their training so
MR. CAMPBELL: Well, I think you can
make reference to the book if you take
administrative notice of the book itself. Of the
entire book.
MR. LEVINE: As a learned treatise?
MR. CAMPBELL: Because I don't know
what's in the book. There may be other places in
the book that I can point to if he's going I'd
just rather you take administrative notice of the
publication.
MR. LEVINE: As a learned treatise?
THE ARBITRATOR: But what's the
practical difference? I don't really know that it
really matters that much. So anyway, I'll allow the
excerpt to come in.
(Union Exhibit Z was admitted
into evidence.)
MR. LEVINE: To speed things up, give me

Is this an appropriate THE ARBITRATOR: 1 break right now? 2 MR. LEVINE: Yes. 3 THE ARBITRATOR: Let's take a very 4 short, five-minute break. 5 (A recess was taken from 12:21 6 to 12:42 P.M.) 7 THE ARBITRATOR: Back on the record. 8 Please continue. 9 BY MR. LEVINE: 10 I want to go through, Ray, the 11 recommendations for termination and the bases 12 asserted in Mr. Songer's report. Turn to Exhibit 4. 13 Do you have that in front of you? I think it's on 14 page 2 for you. 15 Yeah. Α. 16 Page 4 for Tommy. All right. First he 17 references --18 Madam Arbitrator, I'm going to be 19 referring to the various policies listed, so I don't 20 know if it's easier for to you remove the page so 21 you can hold it in one hand as you look at the 22 policies or if you want to flip within the binder. 23 I'll leave it to your preference. 24 THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. 25

1	BY MR. LEVINE:	
2	Q. Let's start with the what he refers	
3	to as the Town of Pahrump personnel policies, which	
4	is Exhibit 5, and he referenced disciplinary action	
5	which is, I believe, section 11.1. Do you see that?	
6	It says 11.1.1, 2, 7, 11, and 12. Do you see that?	
7	A. Yes.	
8	MR. LEVINE: And Madam Arbitrator, you	
9	will find those on page 91, using the page numbers	
10	at the bottom.	
11	THE ARBITRATOR: I have it.	
12	BY MR. LEVINE:	
13	Q. Okay. 1.1:	
14	"Conduct unbecoming an	
15	employee in the Town of Pahrump's	
16	service, or discourteous	
17	treatment of members of the	
18	public or a fellow employee."	
19	Did you mistreat anybody?	
20	A. No.	
21	Q. Do you believe you ever engaged in any	
22	conduct unbecoming?	
23	A. No.	
24	Q. Item number 2:	
25	"Falsification of or making	

1	a material omission on forms,
	records, reports, including
2 3	applications, time cards, and
1	other Town of Pahrump records."
4	Does that apply?
5	A. No.
6	The state of the s
7	
8	circumstance?
9	any material
10	
11	omissions?
12	A. No.
13	Q. When you were later asked by your
14	lieutenant to fill out a special circumstance
15	report, did you leave anything out that was
16	material?
17	A. No.
18	Q. That's Exhibit A.
19	A. No, I didn't leave anything out.
20	Q. Is it accurate?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Item number 7:
2:	"Actual or threatened
2	physical violence, including but
2	not limited to intimidation,

1		
1		overt or subtle threats,
		harassment, stalking, or any form
2		of coercion, except as may be
3		required of a peace officer in
4		the course of his/her duties."
5		And that is number 7, and Mr. Songer
6		actually wrote out "intimidation." Did you
7		
8	-	intimidate anybody?
9		A. No.
10		Q. Do you remember when I questioned
11		Mr. Songer on the basis for that, do you recall his
12	2	response?
13	3	A. Yes.
1.	4	Q. Which was?
1	5	A. He wasn't sure how it got in his report.
1	.6	Q. Do you know where that came from? Or do
-	7	you have a belief as to where that came from?
	L8	» Ves
	19	Q. Can you tell the arbitrator where that
	20	came from.
	21	A. The chief's complaint against me for
	22	bullying and intimidation.
		In fact, did the Town of Panrump, three
	23	I fame you were put on unpaid admin leave and
	24	about three weeks before your termination, receive a
25		about times "some

			Cindy Davis relating to the chief's
1			
2	C	omplaint ag	gainst you?
3		Α.	Yes.
4		Q.	Is that Exhibit 36?
5		Α.	Yes.
6		Q.	In the big book.
7			And does Cindy Davis conclude that you
8		intimidated	d the chief?
9		Α.	Yes.
10		Q.	Was Mr. Songer's role to be
11		investigat	ing or passing judgment on the chief's
12		complaint	against you?
13		Α.	No.
14		Q.	Who did Mr. Songer report to?
15	5	Α.	Becky Bruch.
1	5	Q.	And who did Cindy Davis report to?
1	7	Α.	Becky Bruch.
. 1	8	Q.	Did you listen to the audio recording of
	9	the meet:	ing you had on September 14 with Bill
2	20	Kohbarge	r?
-	21	Α.	Yes.
•	22	Q.	Did he identify who he and Ms. Bruch had
	23	been tal	king to the day before for most of the day?
	24	A.	Pat Songer.
	25	Q.	And Becky Bruch?
		1	

-	A. And Becky Bruch.	
1	and the Exhibit 36	
2		
3	which is the report which concludes that you	
4	intimidated the chief? Were you even provided with	
5	that before your termination at any point?	
6	A. No, no.	
7	Q. When did you receive it relative to your	
8	termination?	
9	A. Months after my termination, and it was	
10	through our attorney. We had to get attorneys.	
11	Q. Okay. Let's go to the actually,	
12	there was a letter	
13	THE ARBITRATOR: Excuse me. I have just	
14	one clarification. I remember Ms. Bruch from the	
15	previous days of hearing, and on her on the	
16	sign-up sheet, she's identified as Town attorney.	
17	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.	
18	THE ARBITRATOR: But is she with a	
19	private firm?	
20	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.	
21	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Is that agreed	
22	to?	
23	MR. LEVINE: Yes.	
24	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. So she's not	
25	employed by the Town of Pahrump.	

1	MR. CAMPBELL: She's outside counsel.
2	MR. LEVINE: She's not an employee in
3	the W-2 agent sense.
4	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. She's a private
5	firm who has the Town of Pahrump as one of its
6	clients.
7	MR. CAMPBELL: That's correct.
8	MR. LEVINE: Yes.
9	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Thank you.
10	BY MR. LEVINE:
11	Q. If I could have you turn to Exhibit 35.
12	Can you tell us what Exhibit 35 is.
13	A. This is an E-mail that attorney Robert
14	Rourke, who is the Local who was the Local's
15	attorney, and myself received from Bret F. Meich
16	from Armstrong Teasdale.
17	Q. And what does this letter say?
18	A. This says summarized, it says that
19	they're going to terminate me again if I was able to
20	§
21	arbitration process, and they'll fault the CBA while
22	
23	
24	
25	refire you again for the intimidation complaint.

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. But wasn't intimidation included in
3	Mr. Songer's report that was given to you before the
4	first termination?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Let's go to item number 11, which is
7	identified:
8	"Dishonesty, including
9	intentionally or negligently
10	providing false information,
11	intentionally falsifying records,
12	employment applications, or other
13	documents."
14	Have you been dishonest, either
15	intentionally or negligently, in any aspect in
16	providing information to either Mr. Songer or Chief
17	Moody regarding the events of
18	00100
19	A. No.
20	Q. And just to be clear, going back to this
23	prior charge of intimidation, do you believe that
22	going to human resources and saying I want a second
2	set of eyes and ears at my interview, investigatory
2	believe that is intimidation,
2	hamagement of the chief?

1	A. No.	
2	Q. I think the second item on Mr. Songer's	
3	recommendation is administrative leave without pay.	
4	It says 11.1.4. Do you see that?	
5	A. Yes.	
6	Q. That's listed in the Town's rules and	
7	regulations, but is the disciplinary process	
8	actually negotiated and contained within your	
9	contract?	
10	A. Yes.	
11	Q. Does that supersede, in your opinion,	
12	the Town's regulations?	
13	A. Yes.	
14	Q. Is there any provision in your contract	
15	for unpaid leave?	
16	A. No.	
17	Q. All right. And again, to your	
18	recollection, did Mr. Songer, before he wrote this,	
19		
20	A. No. Per his testimony, no.	
21	Q. All right. Next he talks about the	
22	PVFRS rules and regulations, and I believe those are	
23	in Exhibit 7. All right. He first identifies and	
24		
2	Does the arbitrator have 02.03.01	

1		
1	entitled Rules of Conduct?	
2	THE ARBITRATOR: Yes, I have it.	
3	BY MR. LEVINE:	
4	Q. Okay. He first accuses you of violating	
5	2.03.01D, "Negligence or indifference in the	
6	performance of your duties."	
7	Were either you or Tommy Hollis	
8	negligent or indifferent in the early morning hours	
9	of May 25 of 2012?	
10	A. No.	
11	Q. H, "Falsification or destruction of	
12	records, reports, or documents."	
13	Has Mr. Songer, to your knowledge,	
14	identified any document that was falsified or	
15	destroyed?	
16	A. No.	١
. 17	Q. The next one is K, "Any flagrant	
18		
19	or standard operating guidelines."	
20	Was there ever even a rule, regulation,	
2	or SOG, standard operating guideline, that addressed	
2	the circumstance that you faced on the morning of	
2	3 May 25, 2012?	
2	4 A. No.	
2	Q. All right. The next item he identifies	

1	is 02.03.02:
2	"Any department member that
3	observes a violation of the
4	department's rules and
5	regulations or standard operating
6	guidelines shall bring the
7	violation to the attention of the
8	officer in charge."
9	Did you observe Tommy Hollis on
10	May 25, 2012, when you guys were forced off the road
11	by the Choyce vehicle, did you observe Tommy Hollis
12	violating any rules, regulations, or SOGs?
13	A. No.
14	Q. Did you believe there was anything that
15	you had to report under this regulation?
16	A. No.
17	Q. The next one is 2.03.03:
18	"Department members shall
19	use the chain of command when
20	expressing their displeasure or
21	concerns about the rules and
22	regulations or standard operating
23	guidelines or other written
24	
25	At any point in the investigation of the

1	event of May 25, did you express your displeasure or
2	concerns about the rules and regulations or the
3	standard operating guidelines?
4	A. No.
5	Q. Do you know where that charge originates
6	from, in other words, a place where displeasure was
7	raised or concerns were raised regarding the rules
8	and regulations and the standard operating
9	guidelines?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Where were concerns raised and
12	displeasure expressed as it relates to those
13	subjects?
14	A. The vote of no confidence in Fire Chief
15	Scott Lewis.
16	Q. And if we were to go back and take a
17	look at Exhibit L, pages 3 through 10, does that
18	detail the expressions of displeasure which involves
19	your emergency protocols and standard operating
20	guidelines?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. There are a great number of items raised
23	in the vote of no confidence, but I would like to
24	highlight I'll let the arbitrator get there.
25	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay.

Unfortunately, Exhibit L is MR. LEVINE: 1 not Bates stamped, so I want -- if you go to the 2 third page in, which is the September 6 listing of 3 all the bases for the vote of no confidence, and if 4 you would go to what would be page 7, which is --5 with the address to the Town manager being page 3, 6 the next one is 4, 5, 6, if you go to 7 --7 Are you there? 8 THE ARBITRATOR: Yes. 9 BY MR. LEVINE: 10 Okay. Can you identify for the 0. 11 arbitrator and read, like, an example of the 12 expression of concern or displeasure relating to the 13 rules and regulations and the operating guidelines. 14 For example, I'm going to direct your attention to 15 that particular paragraph. 16 (Reading:) Α. 17 "Whereas under the 18 leadership of Fire Chief Scott 19 Lewis, the Pahrump Valley Fire 20 Rescue has neglected to form a 21 team with International 22 Associations of Firefighters 23 Local 4068 to edit and update 24 with Pahrump Valley Fire Rescue 25

EMS protocols that have been in 1 effect since 2008. 2 protocols have pages with 3 medications we don't carry. 4 These protocols have pages that 5 have procedures cut off and 6 missing. These protocols have 7 contradicting medicine dosages. 8 These protocols have outdated CPR 9 and ACLS procedures and put the 10 health and well-being of the 11 public and firefighters at higher 12 risk." 13 And the arbitrator can read this at her 0. 14 leisure. 15 Are there other aspects in here where 16 the Union Local 4068, the entire membership, is 17 expressing displeasure or concern with regard to the 1.8 rules and regulations and standard operating 19 quidelines? 20 Yes. Α. 21 Do you believe it was a proper role or 0. 2.2 function for Mr. Songer to be recommending 23 discipline for you based upon a vote of no 24 confidence approved overwhelmingly by the entire 25

1	Local 4068?
2	MR. CAMPBELL: Objection. I think that
3	lacks any foundation and mischaracterizes the
4	testimony.
5	THE ARBITRATOR: I think it's bordering
6	on argumentative, so let's ask a new question.
7	BY MR. LEVINE:
8	Q. Okay. Were you ever informed were
9	you ever given prior notice that Mr. Songer was
10	going to be addressing subjects relating to the vote
11	of no confidence?
12	A. No.
13	Q. Let's go to the next item, 2.03.04,
14	which is again in Exhibit 7:
15	"Department members shall
16	use the chain of command when
17	airing concerns about
18	department-related matters,
19	including the conduct of other
20	department members."
21	
22	
23	
24	including the conduct of other department members?
25	A. No.

		Q. Again, where does that come from?
1		Q. Again, where does show MR. CAMPBELL: Objection. Again I think
2		MR. CAMPBELLI: Objection of to where
3	th	s calls for pure speculation as to where
4	sc	mething in Mr. Songer's report comes from in this
5	gu	y's mind.
6		THE ARBITRATOR: Well, I think more
7	fr	indamental is the fact that all of these issues
8		warding what's in one document versus what's in
9	a	nother document can be argued at the time of final
10	h	riefing.
11		MR. LEVINE: Okay.
12		THE ARBITRATOR: I don't know that we
13		really need to go through it with the grievant.
14	1	MR. LEVINE: Okay. Let me speed it up.
15	5	BY MR. LEVINE:
16		Q. Were concerns relating to department
1'	1	matters and conduct of other department members
	}	was that raised in the vote of no confidence?
1	ļ	A. Yes.
	9	The post item is 2.03.05:
	0	Q. The next reem 12
	21	potential to affect the
2	22	department in any way, proposed
:	23	or contemplated by any member or
	24	group of members, the matter
	25	group of members, see

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		shall be submitted to the fire	
1		chief before any action is	
2		taken."	
3		To your understanding, did that have any	
4		pplication to the events of May 25, 2012?	
5	a		
6		A. No.	
7		Q. 2.03.11: "Department members shall	
8		"Department members any activity	
9		not be involved in any activity	
10		that could disrupt department	
11	_	morale or bring discredit to the	
12	2	department or any department	l
1	3	member."	
1	4	Did you do anything that disrupted	
1	.5	morale or brought discredit to the department or the	
1	.6	department member?	
-	17	A. No, no.	
•	18	Q. Next he identifies 2.03.14:	
	19	"Department members shall	
	20	not attempt to suppress, modify,	
	21	or interfere with any written	
	22	communications."	
	23	Did you in any way suppress, modify or	
	24	interfere with my written communications?	
	25	A. No.	

1	Q. Have you ever had any such
2	communications that were suppressed, modified, or
3	interfered with pointed out to you?
4	A. No.
5	Q. Next is 2.05.15, which is I think the
6	next rule and regulation:
7	"Department members shall
8	not use profane or indecent
9	language while on duty. Members
10	shall be respectful of internal
11	and external customers and shall
12	refrain from using terms of
13	endearment such as honey,
14	sweetie, et cetera."
15	Did you violate that regulation in any
16	way, shape, or form?
17	A. No.
18	Q. Were you disrespectful to anybody on
1	9 May 25, 2012?
2	0 A. No.
2	1 Q. Did you use any profane language?
2	2 A. No.
2	Q. Did you address anybody as honey,
2	sweetie, or with terms of endearment?
2	25 A. No.

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1	Q. 2.05.24:	
2	"Department members shall	
3	maintain a professional attitude	
4	as well as maintaining	
5	appropriate hygiene while on	
6	duty."	
7	Do you believe that you acted	
8	professionally on May 25, 2012.	
9	A. Yes.	
10	Q. I won't even ask you about the hygiene.	
11	If we were to go through the other	
12	protocols which are on the next page,	
13	documentation I think we've touched upon this,	
14	why you didn't file a report. I don't think I need	
15	to go through it again.	
16	The refusal of care under STAR CARE.	
17		
18	A. Safety. For scene safety.	
19	Q. He puts, "Childbirth, failure to	
20	evaluate or perform." Obviously you didn't have an	
21	opportunity to assess Ms. Choyce that in the	
22	early morning hours of May 25, 2004, but based on	
23	her own testimony that was put forward on August 13	,
2	would there be any reason to evaluate or perform	
2	5 childbirth?	
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1	Α.	No.
2	Q.	Per her testimony, what had already
3	happened be	fore you were flagged down?
4	Α.	The birth already passed.
5	Q.	Would the same criticism of Mr. Songer's
6	conclusions	s also, then, apply to the protocol for
7	preterm lab	oor?
8	Α.	Can you ask that again.
9	Q.	Well, is there any preterm labor for you
10	to evaluat	e
11	Α.	No.
12	Q.	if it's already passed?
13	A.	No.
14	Q.	Okay. And I think you talked about
15	already,	if you had had an opportunity to evaluate
16	her, wher	e you would have taken them; correct?
17	Α.	Yes.
18	Q.	Before and this will be the subject
19	of briefi	ng, but before Dr. Slaughter sent the note
20	to the To	own, I'm revoking their authorization to
21	practice	under my license, did the Town ever give
22	you a co	py of Mr. Songer's report and allow you to
23	give you	r side of the story to Dr. Slaughter?
2		No.
2		Did you ever have a chance to invoke the
	1	

- 1			
1	discretion of Dr. Slaughter not to take that action		
2	before the Town put you on unpaid leave pending		
3	termination?		
4	A. No.		
5	Q. In short, you never got a hearing with		
6	them.		
7	A. No.		
8	Q. Does the negotiated bargaining agreement		
9	on the subject of discipline does it provide for		
10	progressive discipline?		
11	A. Yes.		
12	Q. And what does progressive discipline		
13	start with under the contract?		
14	A. A verbal.		
15	Q. And then it proceeds up through		
16	A. Write-up, suspension, I believe		
17	suspension two week, and then a demotion, and then		
18			
19	Q. Okay. So suspensions are with two-week		
20			
21	A. The second part of the second		
22	suspension.		
23			
24	prior answer that there is no policy and you had		
2	received no training for the circumstance you found		

1	yourself in on the morning of May 25, 2012.		
2	Does the Town have a policy that covers		
3	what happens when you face a circumstance that there		
4	is no policy covering it?		
5	A. Yes.		
6	Q. And what is it you're supposed to do?		
7	A. Use your best judgment.		
8	Q. And for the record, that's Exhibit 7,		
9	regulation 2.01.00.		
10	Do you believe you used sound judgment?		
11	A. Yes.		
12	Q. Do you believe it is consistent with the		
13	principles of progressive discipline and just cause		
14	to summarily terminate somebody for the exercise of		
15	judgment and discretion?		
16	A. No.		
17	MR. LEVINE: I'll pass the witness.		
18	THE ARBITRATOR: Cross-examination.		
19			
20	CROSS-EXAMINATION		
21			
22	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Delucchi. Have you		
23			
24	and Rescue for four and a half years, approximately?		
25	A. Yes, sir.		
	1		

1	Q. So all your testimony today about past
2	practices and actions that have taken place and
3	other disciplinary proceedings, that was based on
4	that four-and-a-half-year window; right?
5	A. I'm also the secretary/treasurer, and I
6	have access to all files going back since the
7	formation of the Local.
8	Q. But your personal knowledge, though, of
9	what's going on was during that four and a half
10	years. Anything else would have been review of
11	records?
12	A. Correct.
13	Q. Let's cut to the chase and talk about
14	the timing of what happened up there on that night,
15	May 25, late at night, early in the morning, and
16	then you guys go back to your station, and then no
17	reporting whatsoever to any third party until
18	May 31; right?
19	A. Correct.
20	Q. Now, you testified earlier that you
21	didn't want to call your lieutenant because you
22	didn't want to wake him up and make him mad?
23	A. Correct.
24	Q. Okay. Wasn't he at the station?
25	A. He was sleeping at station 1, yes.

1	Q.	So he was on he was at work that day.
2	A.	Yes.
3	Q.	So you didn't want to call him while he
4	was at worl	c?
5	A.	Till 5:00 A.M., yes.
6		THE ARBITRATOR: You mean he was at the
7	station un	til 5:00 A.M.?
8		THE WITNESS: Station 1, yes, center
9	station.	
LO		THE ARBITRATOR: Okay.
L1	BY MR. CAM	PBELL:
L2	Q.	He wasn't at home. He was at work.
13	A.	Yes, sir.
L4	Q.	And I assume while as a firefighter,
15	the lieute	nant is often called, and so are the units
16	called, in	the middle of the night to respond to
17	incidences	
18	A.	Yes.
19	Q.	Okay. And you don't as a
20	firefighte	r, you don't expect an uninterrupted
21	night, do	you, of sleep?
22	Α.	Can you can you ask that again.
23	Q.	I mean, as a firefighter, you expect
24	every nigh	t you're going to be able to sleep through
25	the night	at the station and not be woken up by

1	something?	
2	A.	No.
3	Q.	So it wouldn't be unusual to be called
4	in the midd	le of the night, would it?
5	Α.	Call what type of call?
6	Q.	To call the lieutenant on something.
7	Α.	I normally don't call we normally
8	don't call	the lieutenants, as I stated, in the wee
9	hours of th	e night.
10	Q.	Because you didn't want to wake him up?
11	Α.	Correct.
12	Q.	You found out about this incident on the
13	late aftern	noon, evening of May 30; right?
14	A.	Yes.
15	Q.	Okay. And you found out by third
16	parties, so	ome other firefighters overhearing the
17	chief's cor	nversation with apparently the Choyces
18	over the te	elephone?
19	A.	You're going to have to ask that again.
20	Q.	Did you overhear did other
21	firefighter	es tell you that they overheard the
22	chief's cor	nversation with the Choyces?
23	A.	The yeah. Okay. Yes.
24	Q.	That's how you found out about it?
25	A.	No. I found out by Lieutenant Moody

1	
1	called Firefighter Hollis and I after the
2	arbitration. About two hours after, I believe.
3	Q. You're saying on the 30th?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. So you found out about it on the
6	afternoon of the 30th or the evening of the 30th?
7	A. Late evening after I drove back from
8	Pahrump to Las Vegas, yes.
9	Q. Okay. Let's look at Exhibit B. And if
10	you look in that exhibit, it's Bates stamped
11	PVF 0746. Do you see that?
12	A. What's the Bates stamp?
13	Q. 746.
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. If you look at the second paragraph, it
16	looks like the last sentence:
17	"Later that evening, my
18	station 3 partner and I got
19	several phone calls from several
20	firefighters saying the fire
21	chief received a complaint on my
22	station 3 partner and I, and that
23	it"
24	I can't read that.
25	THE ARBITRATOR: I think it's myself.

BY MR. CAMPBELL: Q "and that it also sounded like the
Q "and that it also sounded like the
same people that made the complaint"
THE ARBITRATOR: Oh, wait a minute. I'm
not looking at the right thing. I'm looking at
PVF 0746.
MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah.
THE ARBITRATOR: Exhibit B, the second
paragraph?
MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, at the bottom of the
second paragraph, about the middle of the paragraph,
"Later that evening."
THE ARBITRATOR: Yes.
BY MR. CAMPBELL:
Q. And to read on:
"and it also sounded like
the same people that made the
complaint also made another
complaint on a different crew."
So this is the complaint you filled out
against Chief Lewis; right?
A. Yes.
Q. And so when you made that complaint,
you said that you first you heard about this from
several firefighters calling you?

1	A. Yes. I don't recall the exact date, but
2	yes, I did receive phone calls at some time.
3	Q. And that would have been on the night of
4	the 30th?
5	A. That's what I wrote in here, yes, sir.
6	Q. Did you and Mr. Hollis talk to each
7	other that evening about this incident?
8	A. No.
9	Q. Not one word?
10	A. No.
11	Q. And then the next morning, I believe
12	your testimony was you were called into by
13	Lieutenant Moody?
14	A. Yeah, yes, sir.
15	Q. And can you look at Exhibit A.
16	Mr. Hollis testified that you and him sat in a room
17	alone together and filled this report out.
18	A. We were at station 3, received a phone
19	call from Lieutenant Moody. Me and Tommy are the
20	only firefighters at station 3 with no lieutenant.
21	And we fill out a report at the request of the
22	lieutenant, who said as soon as you're done filling
23	it out, drive up to station 1, and we're going to
24	have an investigation.
25	Q. So this would have been the first thing

1	that happened on the 31st, the two of you filled out
2	this report?
3	A. Right after truck techs and receiving
4	the call, yes, sir.
5	Q. Then after that you went to the you
6	went to the main station; right?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And then around 9:30, you started your
9	interview with Lieutenant Moody?
LO	A. I believe, if that's what's in the
L1	record, yes, sir.
L2	Q. Okay. And then right after that was
13	lieutenant Chief Lewis interrupted you?
14	A. Towards the end of my interview, yes,
15	sir.
16	Q. And that would have been about 9:45,
17	9:50?
18	A. If that's in the record, yes, sir. I
19	don't recall the exact time.
20	Q. If you look at Exhibit Number B again,
21	if you look down it the second-to-the-last
22	paragraph, you say:
23	"I also felt he was making
24	the investigation personal at
25	this point and not business. I
	1

1	fully understand when a complaint
2	comes in from a citizen, the fire
3	department is obligated
4	MR. LEVINE: I'm sorry. We're on the
5	wrong exhibit. I apologize. We were looking at
6	Exhibit A. You're in Exhibit B.
7	MR. CAMPBELL: B now, yes.
8	MR. LEVINE: I'm sorry.
9	MR. CAMPBELL: 746, same page.
10	MR. LEVINE: 746.
11	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
12	Q. You see that second-to-the-last
13	paragraph?
14	A. Yes, sir.
15	Q. Why did you feel it was personal at this
16	point in the investigation?
17	A. The way it was being handled.
18	Q. This is the very first day. This is
19	right after you got the initial investigation
20	took place; right?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. And you already thought it was personal?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And you already expected that the chief
25	was going he considered you guilty before you

could even explain to him?

- A. Yes, by him barging in and the way he was handling himself in the beginning part of the interview.
- Q. And then could you look at the very first page in Exhibit B there. In the second-to-the-last paragraph, you say, "The complaint investigation this morning" --

And just for the record, this first page is a -- looks like an unsigned complaint. It's dated 11:15 A.M., and this was provided by the Union in their production of documents. Is this something that you drafted or --

- A. No, sir. After the interview took place, a little bit after that, I walked over to -- I got permission from my lieutenant via text message that said do I have permission to go speak with HR? I went over to human resources, sat down with Miss Terry Bostwick, and she wrote notes on a complaint -- I mean on my complaint, documented incidences going back a couple weeks. And this is -- this is hers. And I said I would put a complaint in writing, and she said okay.
- Q. This statement here, the complaint investigation, "I feel it's personal, not business.

1	I understand it has to happen but don't feel I'll
2	get a fair shot," was that an accurate statement, or
3	is that an accurate record of what you told
4	Miss Bostwick?
5	A. To the best of my recollection, yes,
6	sir.
7	Q. And why didn't you feel like you didn't
8	get a fair shot?
9	A. That I wasn't going to get a fair shot.
10	Q. Why did you feel you weren't going to
11	get a fair shot within less than an hour after the
12	initial investigation took place?
13	A. For multiple reasons: The way the chief
14	was handling himself, the heated arbitration, my
15	week and a half to two weeks of documented incidence
16	what I became the president. That's in this
17	complaint as well.
18	Q. Okay. Let's go to the second page of
19	that same document. It says at the bottom, "This is
20	the first big trouble I've ever been in." Why did
21	you think you were in big trouble?
22	A. Because the chief was getting involved
23	in pretty much due to the the Van Leuven
24	incident. Van Leuven was recommended a verbal or
25	write-up by the lieutenant, and the fire chief took

1	over the investigation and decided to terminate him,
2	which you were involved with, sir.
3	Q. Did you think you were in big trouble
4	because of what happened up on Highway 160?
5	A. No. Big trouble that the chief was
6	involved, because we all know what he has done and
7	is capable of doing in the fire department.
8	Q. But the investigation had barely even
9	commenced; right?
L O	A. Yeah, yes, it had just started, yes,
11	sir.
12	Q. Did you think you were in big trouble
13	because you had never reported this to anybody?
14	A. No, sir.
15	Q. Is that an accurate statement, what you
16	made to Miss Bostwick?
17	A. To the best of my recollection, yeah,
18	it's pretty accurate.
19	Q. So you told Miss Bostwick that you
20	thought this was the first big trouble you'd ever
21	been?
22	A. This was going to be the first big
23	trouble, yes, due to the chief being involved in
24	this investigation.
25	Q. At that point, though, Mr. Kohbarger was

1	involved in the investigation too; right?
2	A. Yes, sir.
3	Q. And so was Ms. Bostwick, the human
4	resources director; right?
5	A. Yes, sir.
6	Q. They were both there?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. And Mr. Lewis wasn't really doing the
9	investigation, was he? Wasn't it Mr. Kohbarger?
LO	A. Fire Chief Scott Lewis started asking
11	or I think I'd have to go back to the recording,
12	but it was the Town manager, and then the fire chief
13	chimed in or vice versa. And the Town manager
14	actually told the fire chief to stop it, stop it,
15	and said, come on, Lewis, stop, stop, a couple
16	things like that. So it was back and forth, but the
17	majority of it was Bill Kohbarger, yes.
18	Q. So the majority of it was Mr. Kohbarger,
19	not Mr. Lewis doing the questioning.
20	A. At that point, yes.
21	Q. But you don't disagree that this was a
22	proper investigation for the Town?
23	A. I think it was a very well, all
24	complaints need to be investigated, but there's
25	policy and procedures on how it takes place in past

1	practice.
2	Q. Basically, you agree that this that
3	an investigation needed to take place on the
4	complaint that was made by the Choyces.
5	A. There was no written statement or verbal
6	statement.
7	Q. Okay. Listen to my question. Do you
8	agree that a complaint needed to be done by the Town
9	of Pahrump on the investigation needed to be done
10	on the complaint made by the Choyces, yes or no?
11	A. Per the rules and regs, no, not until
12	they got a written or verbal written or recorded
13	statement, yes, sir.
14	Q. You don't think any complaint you
15	don't think any investigation needed to be done on
16	this matter?
17	A. Sir, do you realize how many complaints
18	come in within this fire department that are bogus
19	on a daily basis? There would be investigations
20	night and day.
21	Q. Well, why do you say to Miss Bostwick,
22	"I feel it's personal, not business. I understand
23	it has to happen"?
24	A. Those yes, those are my words.
25	Q. Well, you understood that the complaint

1	needed to take place?	
2	MR. LEVINE: A complaint needed to take	
3	place or an investigation?	
4	BY MR. CAMPBELL:	
5	Q. I mean an investigation needed to take	
6	place.	
7	A. If those are my words, yes, but I	
8	reviewed the rules and regs with the attorneys and	
9	understood them a little better.	
10	Q. Do you believe, as we sit here today,	
11	that Fire Chief Lewis was the one that made the	
12	decision to determinate you?	
13	A. I believe he had a heavy role in it,	
14	yes, sir.	
15	Q. Do you believe that he influenced	
16	Mr. Kohbarger's ultimate decision?	
17	A. Do I believe?	
18	Q. Yeah.	
19	A. I think it was a group. I think Pat	
20	Songer is the	
21	Q. So a conspiracy, so to speak?	
22	A. Not a conspiracy but it was pretty	
23	obvious what they were doing.	
24	Q. So you believe Mr. Songer,	
25	Mr. Slaughter, Chief Lewis, Becky Bruch, and the HR	

1	director all conspired together to terminate you?
2	A. I don't like the word "conspire," but I
3	think that there was an obvious thing that happened,
4	yes.
5	Q. Okay. And what was obvious?
6	A. How it was handled and the direction it
7	went throughout the whole process.
8	Q. You mean how it was handled by the Town
9	manager deciding to have an independent investigator
10	take care of it, look into it?
11	A. That would be part of it but multiple
12	things.
13	Q. So you would have rather had Chief Lewis
14	investigate it.
15	A. I'd rather have a fire chief of honesty
16	and integrity investigate it.
17	Q. And if you believe Chief Lewis doesn't
18	have honesty and integrity, would you rather have an
19	independent investigator to go look at it?
20	A. If it was agreed by the Union per the
21	CBA, yes, sir.
22	Q. So do you believe that Chief Lewis
23	influenced Dr. Slaughter's decision?
24	A. I think Chief Lewis, the notes he took,
25	might have been a little inaccurate. And he passed

1	the buck per se. So ultimately, yeah, it could
2	have.
3	Q. And you don't believe Mr. Songer was
4	exercising his independent judgment in making his
5	recommendations.
6	A. No.
7	Q. Now, you were here during Brittnie
8	Choyce's testimony; right?
9	A. Yes, sir.
10	Q. And do you want to change anything under
11	oath today after you've heard that testimony as to
12	your version of the story?
13	A. No, sir.
14	Q. Okay. Do you have any reason to believe
15	why Miss Choyce would want to lie under oath?
16	A. I think her recollection of events is a
17	little out of whack or I don't know if that's the
18	right word but is a little out of the ordinary or I
19	would say out of whack. She was in a traumatic
20	incident. She said she has short-term memory loss
21	and her husband committed suicide and she lost the
22	baby. I think it's a pretty traumatic event.
23	Q. Okay. So you don't believe that she
24	knew what she was talking about either when she
25	talked to Chief Lewis and Lieutenant Moody or two

1	and a half years later or a year and a half when
2	she testified a month ago.
3	A. I think parts of the story which we've
4	stated and are on the record are true and parts are
5	inaccurate, yes, sir.
6	Q. Okay. Let's look back on that night. I
7	just want to get some points straight on your
8	version of what happened.
9	You said the car was driving very
LO	erratically, trying to get your attention; right?
11	A. Swerving into us. I believe I used the
12	word "erratic," yes, sir.
13	Q. Did you consider it dangerous, that he
14	was driving dangerously?
15	A. At that moment, yes, sir.
16	Q. Okay. But you pulled over; right?
17	A. Yeah, I was I was pretty much forced
18	to pull over by him swerving and me having the
19	control of the the wheel, being the driver,
20	feeling I was going off the side of the road and
21	yes.
22	Q. Well, if you were you felt like you
23	were forced to pull over when he stopped and pulled
24	behind you, couldn't you have just driven away?
25	A. You know what, it happened so fast, as I

1	explained, I attempted to use my best judgment in
2	the situation.
3	Q. Okay. Isn't it safe to assume that
4	someone that was trying to flag down an ambulance
5	was someone that was in need of help?
6	A. At first people that flag down
7	ambulances there's multiple reasons. That could
8	be one, yes, sir.
9	Q. Okay. And in fact, didn't you later say
10	in one of your written statements or one of the
11	interviews that you assumed that they needed help?
12	A. I think at one point, yeah, if that's in
13	there, I said that at one point.
14	Q. And then Mr. Choyce pulled over. He
15	comes up to the window. He says my wife is having a
16	miscarriage; right?
17	A. He said either is or possibly. I was
18	I heard the word "miscarriage," sir, yes.
19	Q. Let's look at Exhibit A.
20	A. We wrote
21	Q. You don't qualify might have been or
22	maybe. You say
23	A. He said the word "miscarriage," sir.
24	Regardless of is or potentially, yes, he said the
25	word "miscarriage."

1	Q.	Doesn't it say "appeared in the driver's
2	window, scr	eaming my wife is having a miscarriage"?
3	A.	If if that's in the record, yes.
4	Q.	And you
5		THE ARBITRATOR: I'm sorry. Which part
6	of the	
7		MR. CAMPBELL: That would be the very
8	first line.	I'm sorry. On the second page.
9		THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Thank you.
10	BY MR. CAMP	BELL:
11	Q.	Now, as a trained EMT, you understand
12	the consequ	ences of what might happen during a
13	miscarriage?	
14	Α.	Absolutely.
15	Q.	And you understand that someone might
16	bleed to de	ath, that that's a possibility?
17	A.	Yes, sir.
18	Q.	In fact, a miscarriage can be life
19	threatening	1.
20		MR. LEVINE: Objection. That's
21	repetitive.	If somebody can bleed to death from the
22	prior quest	zion, it's by definition life threatening.
23	BY MR. CAME	PBELL:
24	Q.	In fact, under the EMS protocols that
25	you operate	e under, if you have that exhibit in front
	1	

1			
1	of you, which	ch is Exhibit Number 14, page 46, did you	
2	see the trea	atment up there for childbirth, neonatal	
-3	resuscitation?		
4	A.	What	
5	Q.	It says Treatment:	
6		"If a patient is bleeding	
7		vaginally (moderate to heavy),	
8		assess oxygenation and administer	
9		02 as needed. Obtain IV access.	
10		If hypotensive, place patient on	
11		left side to displace uterus and	
12		treat per hypervolemic shock	
13		protocol."	
14		Do you see that?	
15	Α.	Yes, sir.	
16	Q.	And then next it says:	
17		"Transport immediately if	
18		patient is bleeding vaginally or	
19		has an abnormal presenting part."	
20		Do you see that?	
21	A.	Yes, sir.	
22	Q.	And you're familiar with these	
23	protocols?		
24	Α.	Yes, sir.	
25	Q.	And you understand that these were	

1	developed to have writte	en standards of care which
2	are consistent throughout	ut the fire service?
3	A. Yes, sir.	
4	Q. Okay. So yo	ou told Mr. Choyce, when you
5	were engaging in the co	nversation with him when he
6	was at your window, tha	t you would go over to see
7	what's going on; right?	
8	A. Can you repe	eat that.
9	Q. Yeah. Didn	't you tell Mr. Choyce, when
10	he was screaming at you	in the window, that you
11	would go over there and	see what was going on?
12	A. I believe s	0.
13	Q. And you tho	ught it was best to see what
14	was going on in light of him telling you that she	
15	was having a miscarriag	re?
16	A. Yes, sir.	
17	Q. So then you	got out of the car?
18	A. The ambulan	ce.
19	Q. Out of the	ambulance?
20	A. Yes, sir.	
21	Q. And he was	back in the driver's seat by
22	2 now?	
23	A. Yes.	,
24	Q. Okay. And	then you and your partner got
25	5 five to ten away fee	et away from the front of the

1	car.
2	A. Yes, sir.
3	Q. So you would have been standing between
4	the ambulance and the front right fender of the
5	car?
6	A. About that area, yes, sir.
7	Q. Okay. And you didn't get any closer
8	than that, according to your testimony.
9	A. Correct.
10	Q. How were you going to go over and see
11	what's going on or see what was in the best
12	interests of the patient by standing too far away to
13	even assess the patient?
14	MR. LEVINE: Objection to the form of
15	the question, the use of the word "patient" in light
16	of the prior testimony and the regulation.
17	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Please rephrase.
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Fine.
19	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
20	Q. Of Ms. Choyce.
21	A. Can you repeat it?
22	Q. Yeah. How were you going to go over and
23	see what was going on with Ms. Choyce?
24	A. When I stated that to him at the window,
25	that was what was going through my head. That was

1 the plan. But then when he ran back or walked very quickly into the driver's seat, that triggered another sense of safety concern and, well, that was weird sort of thing. 4

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- So again, why were you -- what was so weird about him going back into his car, sitting next to his wife?
- I had someone that almost ran me off the Α. road that ran up to my window in the middle of the night, yelling at me, and I'm trying my best to calm He goes directly back to his car. him down. get out, you know, I can barely -- you know, it's real dark. I can barely see that -- the whole situation, you know. As I stated, it was a very odd situation.
- What prevented you from walking the 0. extra -- I don't know how far it is from the front bumper of a car -- five feet away from the front bumper of a car to the passenger door?
- Α. Firefighter Hollis and I were positioned -- we're taught to, you know, be on guard. So, you know, you have sort of one foot in front of the other. You're not just walking open like this. You're walking -- you know, you're on quard. And we were right next to each other, and we

1	wouldn't proceed until we felt the situation was
2	under control or it was more safe, as I stated in my
3	interview.
4	Q. What were you worried about?
5	A. As I just previously stated, the odd
6	behavior of the erratic driver.
7	Q. But what was the difference with him
8	having odd behavior of standing in front of the car
9	versus standing next to the passenger side door?
LO	A. It would be completely different
11	because, in fact, he would be doing what is expected
12	or what would make more sense to myself as a health
13	care provider to, hey, come over here. This is
14	what's going on, look, not get back in the car and
15	start yelling.
16	Q. But you already testified that you
17	agreed that you wanted to go over and see what was
18	going on.
19	A. I said that at the window, yes, sir.
20	Q. But you couldn't see what was going on
21	from where you said you were standing.
22	A. What part of what's going on. I don't
23	understand.
24	Q. You couldn't see what was going on in
25	the car. You couldn't see Miss Chovce's condition

1	from where you were standing; right?
2	A. Correct.
3	Q. According to where you were standing?
4	A. Correct. I could only see that she was
5	crying.
6	Q. Were you afraid that they were going to
7	try to run you over?
8	A. In that situation, I was afraid of
9	multiple things, them, you know, running us off the
10	road, robbing us, pulling a gun, other people being
11	in the car. There was multiple things.
12	Q. You didn't have any guns shown no gun
13	was pointed at you; right?
14	A. No, sir.
15	Q. Did Mr. Choyce ever threaten you
16	physically?
17	A. He didn't threaten me, but we felt
18	threatened in the demeanor he was handling himself,
19	yes, sir.
20	Q. And it would have been easier to run you
21	over with his car when you were standing by the
22	front bumper than it would be if you were standing
23	by the passenger door, wouldn't it?
24	A. If we were a little bit off as we
25	stated, off to the side, yes, he could have ran I

1 mean, if he put it -- ask it again. I'm sorry. 2 0. It would have been easier to run you over if you were standing by his front bumper, 3 wouldn't it? 4 5 Α. Yes, yeah. 6 0. And you would have been safer from being 7 run over if you're standing off to the side of the 8 car? 9 No, not necessarily. In the exhibits, Α. 10 the side of the road slopes and just -- we happened 11 to position ourselves where we could see directly 12 at -- you know, see a driver, see, you know, a 13 passenger area, and the back of the -- attempt to. 14 It was dark. Well, it was light enough for you to see 15 Ο. 16 that the road sloped. 17 No. Well, did I say see? I meant, 18 well, we could feel it. I mean, it's common 19 knowledge in that area. 20 Q. Okay. And the pictures show the road 21 pretty accurately there on Exhibit 38. You have 22 that in front of you? 23 It hasn't been I have 38. MR. LEVINE: 24 established that this is the exact spot, but it's mile marker 23. We just don't know the exact spot.

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1 BY MR. CAMPBELL: 2 0. That's what you're talking about when you said the road sloped? 3 4 In that area when I went to the -- our 5 Union meeting last month, I actually stopped there 6 to take a look at it, and when you stand -- I don't 7 know if it's right at that sign or a little forward or behind it, but the street is almost about maybe 8 two feet or more when you're standing off to the 9 10 side. I mean, it's pretty -- I don't know if this picture shows it the best, but if you go there and 11 12 stand there, you can definitely understand it. Now, in your testimony this morning, you 13 Ο. 14 said that the driver yelled at you and -- after you and you then drove off. You didn't testify this 15 morning about the conversation about going to the 16 17 Pahrump hospital; right? MR. LEVINE: Objection. Foundation. 18 Ι 19 did ask him about that. 20 MR. CAMPBELL: If you did, I didn't hear 21 it. 22 BY MR. CAMPBELL: But wasn't there a conversation with the 23 Ο. 24 driver about going to the Pahrump hospital? 25 If you want to use the word Α.

1	conversation. We were communicating with the
2	driver, yes, sir.
3	Q. In fact, didn't you tell him we're on
4	our way back to Pahrump, we can take you to the
5	hospital?
6	A. If that's in my transcript, yes. We
7	yelled a lot of things in an attempt to calm him
8	down. I believe that was part of it.
9	Q. And then he had a tirade, according to
10	your statement, about that hospital, the Pahrump
11	hospital; right?
12	A. A?
13	Q. A tirade, I'll call it. He started
14	yelling and screaming. I'll read from your
15	statement:
16	"And at that point, he
17	started yelling and screaming,
18	dropping foul language such as
19	the F word, the A word, the
20	S word at the point about the
21	hospital."
22	A. That was part of it, but if you read
23	further up, he actually starts yelling and screaming
24	again as soon as he gets in the car, if you just
25	read a couple paragraphs up.

1	Q. I'm talking about the specific
2	conversation about going to the Pahrump hospital.
3	A. Yeah, yes, he did.
4	Q. In your notes, you say, "We can take you
5	to the hospital." "We're on our way back to
6	Pahrump." And right after that, he had I'll call
7	it a conversation. You can call it yelling. He
8	started yelling and screaming about that hospital.
9	A. Yeah, that could be accurate, yes, sir.
10	Q. Did he say I didn't want to go to that
11	hospital? My wife is not going to get proper
12	treatment at that hospital?
13	A. Not at all. He said exactly what I
14	stated. He started use the F bombs and S bombs and
15	pretty much took off.
16	Q. You didn't offer to say, well, we can
17	take you to a hospital in Las Vegas?
18	A. It happened that quick. I didn't have
19	an opportunity.
20	Q. But from standing off the side of the
21	road, you were willing to take a patient you were
22	willing to take Miss Choyce to the hospital.
23	A. I think a better way to say it is I
24	went got out of the ambulance, like I said, to
25	goo what was going on And as Ilvo stated in

1 multiple interviews, the situation elevated. 2 attempted to calm it down, elevated, attempted to 3 calm him down. 4 The plain matter is you offered to take 5 her to the Pahrump hospital; right? 6 Α. I was communicating with the driver, and 7 whatever my words were -- I said either we can take 8 you guys or we can -- it was -- yeah, it was an 9 attempt to calm down, but there was no communication 10 ever directly with the female in the front passenger 11 seat. 12 So I'm a little confused. You said you 13 were so concerned for your safety that you didn't 14 want to get next to the car, but you were willing to 15 have Miss Choyce and Mr. Choyce get in the ambulance 16 with you? 17 As I stated, the situation was escalating, and through my experience and training, 18 19 I was attempting to deescalate the situation by 20 saying that. Well, it looks like, according to your 21 Ο. 22 statement and the timing of things, that the 23 situation was near over. 24 Α. Yes.

You offered to take him to the hospital.

25

Q.

1 He yelled some F bombs and took off. 2 Α. Towards the end of the incident, yes, sir. 3 4 So it wasn't a flow. It was at the very end of the incident, according to your testimony. 5 6 Α. Well, what I was talking about is when 7 they ran us -- almost ran us off the road, that 8 escalated the situation. He came up to me, started 9 yelling at me. I calmed him down a little bit. 10 felt I could step out of the ambulance. He went 11 back, and then that escalated it again. And then 12 with, I guess, the hospital, it went even higher. 13 0. Okay. You're standing next to the car. 14 Your testimony is you were scared to even move, but 15 you weren't scared enough -- I mean, you were 16 offering to take her and her husband to the Pahrump 17 hospital; right? 18 Α. Correct. 19 I think in your statement, you also said 0. 20 that you tried to see in the back to see what was 21 going on; is that correct? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. But you were too far away? 24 Too far away and it was too dark, yes, Α. 25 sir.

1	Q. And you felt it was too dangerous to get
2	any closer to the car to see what was going on?
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. That's your testimony?
5	A. Yes, sir.
6	Q. Through this thing, you say Mr. Choyce
7	was acting very agitated. Have you ever seen a
8	patient where the husband's present and his wife is
9	seriously injured or in a dire medical situation?
10	A. I could say yes.
11	Q. Would you think is it unusual for a
12	husband to get agitated if his wife is in some kind
13	of serious medical condition?
14	A. No. It happens. It definitely happens.
15	Q. Knowing what we know now and listening
16	to Mrs. Choyce's testimony, do you think it was
17	strange that her husband was agitated in light of
18	her basically bleeding profusely while she was in
19	the car?
20	A. I don't understand the question.
21	Q. Do you think it was strange, in light of
22	what we know from Mrs. Choyce's testimony about how
23	much blood she'd lost, that her husband was very
24	upset that night?
25	A. Looking back at it now, yeah.

1	Q. You think it was strange?
2	A. I can't go back a year but oh, do I
3	think it was strange? I'm sorry.
4	Q. Yeah, knowing what we know now that
5	Miss Choyce in her testimony said, you know, she
6	almost bled to death, they had to give her five or
7	six pints of blood, do you think it was strange that
8	her husband was acting like that?
9	A. No. My wife was seven months' pregnant
LO	at that time and with my first child. I know how
L1	serious pregnancy and that can be, so yeah.
L2	Q. After Miss Choyce pulled away, I think
13	your testimony earlier today was that he drove away
14	at a very high speed?
15	A. At a fast speed, yes, sir.
16	Q. And then you saw him flip around down
17	the road a mile or two?
18	A. Turn around at the turnaround point,
19	yes, sir.
20	Q. Could you see him driving back the other
21	way?
22	A. Headed to Vegas?
23	Q. Yeah.
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. And was he at a pretty high speed at

1	that point?
2	A. It looked like he was at a high speed,
3	yes, sir.
4	Q. Okay. In fact, when he was driving
5	behind you, trying to get you to pull over, you
6	thought he was driving dangerously?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. If you thought he was dangerous and
9	driving at a high speed, you didn't think it was
10	necessary to ever call anybody and alert the law
11	enforcement about this erratic driver on the highway
12	driving dangerously?
13	A. No. As we stated, that area it's
14	commonly known that that area doesn't get good
15	reception.
16	Q. And you thought it was too late by the
17	time you got into radio reception to make a
18	difference?
19	A. I wouldn't even know what to report,
20	sir.
21	Q. And it's your testimony that you had no
22	idea what kind of car they were driving.
23	A. Yes, sir.
24	Q. Okay. From the headlights, the
25	passing you know, passing by you after they

1	pulled away, seeing them pull back the other
2	direction, you had no idea what kind of car it was?
3	A. No, sir. We were very startled on the
4	car running up and yeah.
5	Q. I think Mr. Hollis testified he couldn't
6	remember whether or not he turned on the scene
7	lights. Do you remember whether the scene lights
8	were turned on?
9	A. I don't believe we did. Or I don't
10	believe I did.
11	Q. Okay. But you had scene lights that
12	would have illuminated the area; right?
13	A. We have the emergency lights so people
14	can spot us in the dark that turn around.
15	Q. The flashing lights?
16	A. Yes, sir.
17	Q. But you also have scene lights that will
18	illuminate the scene; right?
19	A. We have scene lights that are on the
20	left, right, and rear part, yes, sir.
21	Q. Isn't it normal a lot of times on
22	ambulance calls that things will happen at night and
23	you'll need to be able to see the scene to assess
24	the situation?
25	A. Yes, sir.

1	Q. But you never turned your testimony
2	is today you never turned on the scene lights?
3	A. To my best recollection, I don't believe
4	we did.
5	Q. Do you not know, or you just don't
6	recall?
7	MR. LEVINE: Objection. Is there a
8	difference between not knowing and not recalling?
9	THE ARBITRATOR: I guess there would be
10	a difference between not being able to recall and
11	and being able to state that you didn't. I think
12	that's the critical distinction.
13	THE WITNESS: I don't recall.
14	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
15	Q. Did the Choyces have their headlights
16	on?
17	A. Yes, sir.
18	Q. And they were parked how far behind the
19	ambulance?
20	A. You know, I it's hard to measure.
21	10, 20. 20 yards or so.
22	Q. Were their internal lights on in the
23	car?
24	A. No, I don't believe so.
25	Q. But with the lighting that you had, you

l l	
1	could see Mrs. Choyce in the car crying?
2	A. A silhouette, I could see, yes, sir.
3	Q. You touched a little bit about the
4	Van Leuven hearing. The dispute in that hearing
5	about the personal relationship, that was between
6	Chris Van Leuven and Scott Lewis; right?
7	A. Yes, sir.
8	Q. That wasn't any personal dispute you
9	weren't involved in any personal dispute with Scott
10	Lewis at that time; right?
11	A. When when you're president of the
12	of the fire union, you oversee arbitration, and you
13	put together a game plan with the attorney, and
14	stuff is brought up, and you're looked at overall
15	responsible how the arbitration takes place and
16	Q. Okay. But the dispute that you were
17	testifying about, it was a personal issue between
18	Van Leuven and Scott Lewis.
19	A. At the Van Leuven arbitration?
20	Q. Yes.
21	A. I had incidences that were documented
22	between me and him, becoming a new president.
23	Q. I'm not talking about that.
24	A. Okay.
25	Q. The dispute you were talking about was

1	just a personal dispute with Van Leuven and Chief
2	Lewis.
3	A. That specific one, yes, sir.
4 .	Q. Okay. You weren't involved in that?
5	MR. LEVINE: We'll stipulate it wasn't a
6	love triangle.
7	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
8	Q. And it's your testimony I want to be
9	clear that you're testifying that the arbitrator
LO	kicked Chief Lewis out of the hearing?
11	A. At the request of attorney Robert
12	Rourke, he requested that Fire Chief Scott Lewis be
13	removed from the rest of arbitration. He was seen
14	on the I guess the Town side as pretty much
15	through that arbitration.
16	Q. That's your testimony?
17	A. Yes, sir.
18	Q. Okay.
19	THE ARBITRATOR: I'm sorry. So this
20	happened during the course of the arbitration, not
21	before the arbitration started?
22	THE WITNESS: Which part, ma'am?
23	THE ARBITRATOR: The arbitrator asking
24	Chief Lewis to leave.
25	THE WITNESS: That was right after his

- 1		
1	testimony t	cook place.
2		THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. Thank you.
3	BY MR. CAME	PBELL:
4	Q.	Is Mr. Hollis involved in Union
5	management?	
6	A.	He's a former executive board member,
7	but current	cly, no, sir.
8	Q.	At the time of this incident, was he
9	involved in	n Union management?
10	A.	No, sir.
11	Q.	After this incident, up until the time
12	of the tem	mination, was he involved in Union
13	management	?
14	A.	No, sir.
15	Q.	You talked about your vote of no
16	confidence	against Chief Lewis. Do you remember
17	that testi	mony?
18	A.	Yes, sir.
19	Q.	How long has Chief Lewis been the chief
20	out there?	
21	A.	I would say probably 2003 or '4.
22	Q.	Okay. And you weren't there that whole
23	time; righ	t?
24	A.	No, sir.
25	Q.	Do you know how many different boards
	i	

1	Chief Lewis has served under, Town boards?
2	A. No, sir.
3	Q. Did the Town board or any Town
4	management take any action against Chief Lewis
5	because of your vote of no confidence?
6	A. No, sir. Well, actually, I should say
7	they sat down and met with the Union to discuss it
8	and had Chief Lewis start to fix some of the
9	concerns.
10	Q. Okay. But they didn't the Town board
11	didn't terminate him?
12	A. No, sir.
13	Q. They didn't reprimand him in any way
14	that you knew of?
15	A. Not that I'm aware of.
16	Q. Didn't discipline him in any way?
17	A. Not that I'm aware of.
18	Q. Have you contacted the North Las Vegas
19	firefighters union about Mr. Kohbarger's employment
20	in North Las Vegas?
21	MR. LEVINE: Objection. Relevance.
22	MR. CAMPBELL: I think there's been a
23	lot of relevance about the interaction between
24	Mr. Kohbarger and the personal animosity.
25	MR. LEVINE: Fine. Withdrawn.

1	THE ARBITRATOR: Go ahead.
2	THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the
3	question.
4	BY MR. CAMPBELL:
5	Q. Have you contacted the City of North
6	Las Vegas about Mr. Kohbarger's employment there?
7	A. No, sir.
8	Q. Not one word?
9	A. No, sir.
10	Q. Have you contacted the union serving the
11	chapter of the arm of the union serving the North
12	Las Vegas firefighters at all about Mr. Kohbarger's
13	employment there?
14	MR. LEVINE: I'm going to object. I'm
15	not sure that inter-union communications are a
16	proper source of inquiry for management.
17	THE ARBITRATOR: These are two different
18	locals but of the under the same international
19	IAFF or
20	MR. LEVINE: Correct.
21	MR. CAMPBELL: Well, I think it's
22	relevant, if there's some kind of personal animosity
23	going on here, to be able to flesh out the
24	they're trying to infer that somehow Mr. Kohbarger
25	has some personal animosity against the Union.

1	THE ARBITRATOR: Well, it still seems to
2	me that the cities get together to discuss how to
3	deal with certain unions and unions get together to
4	discuss how to deal with various representatives of
5	management. And you know, I don't see anything that
6	could be inferred from that, but I guess
7	MR. CAMPBELL: I can if he says yes. I
8	could ask him what he told the union about
9	Mr. Kohbarger.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: What he told the union
11	or I mean, even if he told the union something
12	about Mr. Kohbarger, what would that show?
13	MR. CAMPBELL: Might infer some
14	animosity going both ways.
15	THE ARBITRATOR: I don't really see that
16	it would help me out on determining the motives of
17	the parties here.
18	MR. CAMPBELL: Okay. So you're
19	sustaining the objection, just for the record?
20	THE ARBITRATOR: Yes.
21	MR. CAMPBELL: Arbitrator's indulgence.
22	I may be done here.
23	MR. LEVINE: While he's invoking the
24	arbitrator's indulgence, to save time, may I also
25	invoke the arbitrator's indulgence and step outside?

1	Well, no, he's still on the stand so I'll wait.
2	THE ARBITRATOR: Would this be an
3	appropriate moment to take a short break?
4	MR. LEVINE: If it's an appropriate
5	moment
6	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Let's take
7	a very brief break, five minutes.
8	(A recess was taken from 1:47
9	to 1:56 P.M.)
10	THE ARBITRATOR: Back on the record.
11	MR. CAMPBELL: I'll pass the witness.
12	THE ARBITRATOR: Any redirect?
13	MR. LEVINE: I don't believe I have any
14	need for redirect.
15	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Then I
16	guess as we discussed, I believe this concludes the
17	witnesses to be presented by the Union; correct?
18	MR. LEVINE: The Union rests its case.
19	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. And I've
20	also been advised off the record that the Town
21	wishes to present rebuttal.
22	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.
23	THE ARBITRATOR: And I think we've all
24	agreed that the parties and their representatives
25	and the court reporter will assemble on September 24

here in Las Vegas in order to finish up the rebuttal 1 testimony, and I will remain at my office in 2 Sacramento. And someone will figure out how to put 3 me on a speakerphone, and hopefully, we can arrange 4 that I can hear the witnesses sufficiently and hear 5 the questioner sufficiently that we can conclude the 6 7 case with the arbitrator being at the remote location. 8 MR. LEVINE: Yes. 9 THE ARBITRATOR: Is that agreeable to 10 11 both parties? MR. CAMPBELL: Yes. 12 MR. LEVINE: Yes. And we're going to do 13 it here because they have greater technical ability 14 15 to ensure that you can be heard and that you can 16 hear the witnesses. THE ARBITRATOR: Very well. And that's 17 all right with the Town? 18 MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, that's fine. 19 THE ARBITRATOR: All right. And I think 20 it's also been represented to me that -- by 21 Mr. Campbell that all the witnesses he intends to 22 23 call are witnesses that have already been seen by 24 the arbitrator. MR. CAMPBELL: Correct. 25

1 Right. Let's talk about a MR. LEVINE: 2 start time, because on the 24th, I have to be in that building across the street at 1:30, so I would 3 4 like to start it early enough that I can go across 5 the lawn. 6 MR. CAMPBELL: 8:30? 9:00? 7 MR. LEVINE: Do you think if we start at 8 9:00, you'll be done by 1:30? 9 MR. CAMPBELL: I think I'll be done by 10 10:00. 11 MR. LEVINE: Let's start at 9:00. THE ARBITRATOR: Let's make it 12 13 9:00 o'clock, then. And will someone arrange --14 you're just going to call me. I quess I'm the only 15 party that has to be called on the telephone, so we 16 don't need to establish any dial-in number. 17 MR. CAMPBELL: With the exception of Pat Songer. I may have him by telephone because of his 18 19 proximity. 20 THE ARBITRATOR: All right. If any 21 witness will be testifying by telephone, then we 22 might need to figure out a dial-in number that the 23 witness could also call in on the same line. MR. LEVINE: I have another concern 24 25 about Mr. Songer.

1	THE ARBITRATOR: Let's discuss these
2	arrangements off the record. Would that be
3	satisfactory to both parties?
4	MR. LEVINE: Yes.
5	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: We'll be off the
7	record.
8	(The proceedings were adjourned
9	at 1:59 P.M.)
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1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 STATE OF NEVADA SS: 3 COUNTY OF CLARK 4 5 I, Jennifer A. Clark, a Certified Court 6 Reporter licensed by the State of Nevada, do hereby 7 certify: That I reported the arbitration 8 proceedings commencing on September 13, 2013. 9 That prior to testifying, the witnesses were 10 duly sworn to testify to the truth; that I 11 thereafter transcribed my said stenographic notes 12 into written form; that the typewritten transcript 13 is a complete, true, and accurate transcription of 14 said stenographic notes. 15 I further certify that I am not a relative, 16 employee, or independent contractor of counsel or of 17 any of the parties involved in the proceeding, nor a person financially interested in the proceeding, nor 18 19 do I have any other relationship that may reasonably 20 cause my impartiality to be questioned. 21 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this the day of 2.2 23 24 RDR, CRR, CCR 422 25

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1	CERTIFIED COPY
2	And the state of t
3	EX:
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5	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
6	RE GRIEVANCES OF
7	TOMMY HOLLIS
8	AND
9	RAYMOND DELUCCHI
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	September 24, 2013
15	9:06 A.M.
16	3770 Howard Hughes Parkway
17	Suite 200
18	Las Vegas, Nevada
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25	Reported by: Jennifer Clark, RDR, CRR, CCR #422

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1	APPEARANCES:
2 .	For the Town of Pahrump:
3	RICHARD G. CAMPBELL, JR., ESQ. ARMSTRONG TEASDALE
4	50 West Liberty Street Suite 950
5	Reno, Nevada 89501 775.322.7400
6	775.322.9049 Fax rcampbell@armstrongteasdale.com
7	For the Grievants Tommy Hollis and Raymond Delucchi:
8	ADAM LEVINE, ESQ.
9	LAW OFFICES OF DANIEL MARKS 530 South Las Vegas Boulevard
10	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 702.386.0536
11	702.386.6812 Fax alevine@danielmarks.net
12	The Arbitrator:
13	CATHERINE HARRIS, ESQ.
14	(Via telephone) 5960 South Land Park Drive
15	Suite 255 Sacramento, California 95822-3313
16	disputeresolutions@att.net
17	Also Present:
18	Raymond Delucchi Tommy Hollis
19	Dean Fletcher William J. Snow
20	
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1		I	NDEX	
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17	Number	Marked	Admitted into Ev	<u>ridence</u>
18	UNION			
19	AA	799	800	
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25				

1	a copy of that?
2	MR. LEVINE: I'm giving it to him right
3	now.
4	(Exhibit AA was marked for
5	identification.)
6	
7	RAYMOND DELUCCHI,
8	having been recalled as a witness and having been
9	previously duly sworn, was examined and testified
10	further as follows:
11	
12	DIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. LEVINE:
14	Q. Mr. Delucchi, I'm showing you what has
15	been marked as Grievants' Exhibit AA. Is this a
16	true and correct copy of the excerpts of scene
17	safety from Essentials of Paramedic Care which I
18	just discussed with Mr. Songer during his
19	cross-examination?
20	A. Yes, sir.
21	Q. And did I read that portion regarding
22	scene safety accurately?
23	A. Yes, sir.
24	MR. LEVINE: I would move the having
25	identified the exhibit, I would move the admission

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1	of AA.
2	MR. CAMPBELL: I have no objection.
3	THE ARBITRATOR: It will be received.
4	(Union Exhibit AA was admitted
5	into evidence.)
6	MR. LEVINE: And I will make
7	arrangements to forward it to you.
8	Or actually, if I could ask
9	Mr. Campbell, will you forward it to her with the
10	pages 95 and 96?
11	MR. CAMPBELL: Sure. You got an extra
12	copy for me?
13	MR. LEVINE: Yes, I do, right here.
14	BY MR. LEVINE:
15	Q. Ray, the only other question I have is
16	there was testimony regarding Mr. Kohbarger from
17	Mr. Kohbarger where he couldn't recall exactly the
18	exact details of certain firefighters and whether
19	they were put on paid or unpaid leave pending
20	termination.
21	Who were the other firefighters that
22	were put on paid leave pending termination?
23	A. Christopher Van Leuven with grievance
24	number 12-001.
25	Q. I need you to speak up so the arbitrator

1	can hear you.
2	A. Christopher Van Leuven with grievance
3	number 12-001 and also Michael Campos, grievance
4	number 10-002.
5	MR. LEVINE: Nothing further.
6	MR. CAMPBELL: No questions.
7	THE ARBITRATOR: Does that conclude the
8	Union's surrebuttal?
9	MR. LEVINE: That concludes our
10	surrebuttal.
11	THE ARBITRATOR: So is all of the
12	testimony and documentary evidence in?
13	MR. LEVINE: Yes, at least from the
14	Union's perspective.
15	MR. CAMPBELL: It is from our from
16	the Town's perspective also.
17	THE ARBITRATOR: So at this point, I
18	believe we have concluded the evidentiary portion of
19	the hearing, with the understanding that
20	Mr. Campbell will be forwarding to the arbitrator
21	pages 95 and 96 of Town Exhibit 36 as well as a copy
22	of what has been received today into evidence as
23	Union Exhibit AA.
24	MR. CAMPBELL: That is correct.
25	THE ARBITRATOR: Mr. Campbell, do you

1	have that notated?
2	MR. CAMPBELL: I do. I've got the cover
3	letter already almost drafted for you.
4	THE ARBITRATOR: So I'll be receiving
5	that under separate cover.
6	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes.
7	THE ARBITRATOR: And please copy
8	Mr. Levine.
9	MR. CAMPBELL: I will.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. And then we
11	did have some discussions off the record that I
12	would like to make a matter of record.
13	And first of all, the final volume of
14	the transcript is going to be prepared and will be
15	supplied to the arbitrator and to at least the Town,
16	if not both parties, within two weeks.
17	Now, I want to make sure that we have an
18	understanding. I thought that both parties were
19	sharing in the expense of the production of the
20	original plus two copies of the transcripts. Has
21	that been true up to this point?
22	MR. LEVINE: I have no clue.
23	THE REPORTER: That's how it was billed.
24	MR. CAMPBELL: That's how it was billed.
25	I think ultimately under the collective bargaining

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1	agreement, the prevailing party is going to be
2	entitled to attorney's fees and costs anyway. So
3	while we may split them now, probably there will be
4	a true-up at a later date.
5	MR. LEVINE: I'm not aware of an
6	attorney's fees provision in the contract but
7	MR. CAMPBELL: Or costs. Arbitrator's
8	fees.
9	MR. LEVINE: The contract says what it
10	says.
11	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah.
12	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. But did we
13	discuss the prevailing party issue during the first
14	day of arbitration, yes or no?
15	MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, we did, I think, and
16	we'll certainly probably brief that.
17	MR. LEVINE: I mean, it's one of those
18	ones that, again, it's not what the contract says
19	really isn't open to argument. It says what it
20	says. If we misstate it on the record, it doesn't
21	change what the contract says.
22	THE ARBITRATOR: Okay. But until
23	since the decision in this case is not going to be
24	coming out until towards the end of the year,
25	wouldn't the normal process be for the costs of

transcript production to be shared up until the 1 2 point of the decision? MR. CAMPBELL: The Town will agree to 3 that, and we will also agree that any expedites we 4 5 ask for, we will pay for the expedites. MR. LEVINE: I think we're in agreement 6 7 that the court reporter will get paid in the interim, which is of paramount importance to the 8 court reporter, and reimbursements will be hashed 9 out at a later date. 10 THE ARBITRATOR: And then as we 11 discussed, the due date for the filing of 12 simultaneous post-hearing briefs will be November 12 13 of this year, 2013. And I have asked that my copy 14 of the briefs be filed by regular mail so that I 15 receive them in hard copy. The two of you may agree 16 to service in any manner that is convenient for you, 17 whether that be electronic or facsimile or mail. 18 Do you want to say what your agreement 19 is now with respect to the serving of your briefs. 20 MR. LEVINE: Oh, I don't care. I don't 21 22 care. MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah. 23 MR. LEVINE: Since there's no rebuttal 24 briefs, it doesn't real matter. 25

1	MR. CAMPBELL: Yeah. Let's just drop it
2	in regular mail.
3	MR. LEVINE: We'll just drop it in
4	regular mail. Maybe we'll get technically savvy and
5	also E-mail a copy. One way or another, we'll get
6	it to each other.
7	THE ARBITRATOR: Let's just have the
8	understanding be that the due date for the filing
9	and service of simultaneous post-hearing briefs by
10	regular mail will be November 12, 2013.
11	MR. LEVINE: I have a question, though,
12	as it relates to serving you by mail. This is one
13	of those cases, if I recall, where we are dealing
14	with AAA, I think a Tammie, as opposed to dealing
15	with you directly. Is it anticipated that we submit
16	it to Tammie at AAA or directly to you?
17	THE ARBITRATOR: My suggestion would be
18	that you just send a copy of your cover letter to
19	Tammie Flynn so that she knows that you sent out the
20	brief.
21	MR. LEVINE: And then send the brief to
22	you.
23	THE ARBITRATOR: Yes.
24	MR. LEVINE: Just in case I don't have
25	the address I'm sure I can probably dig it up

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1	somewhere what address would you like it sent to?
2	THE ARBITRATOR: My address is on the
3	transcript, I believe.
4	MR. LEVINE: Okay. Then that should
5	make it easy for me.
6	THE ARBITRATOR: My address is on the
7	transcript.
8	MR. LEVINE: 5960 South Land Park Drive,
9	Suite 255.
10	THE ARBITRATOR: Correct.
11	MR. LEVINE: Okay. I've got it.
12	THE ARBITRATOR: The important thing is
13	that the AAA case manager be able to follow the
14	progress of the case to its conclusion. So I don't
15	think she needs to get a copy of the brief but just
16	give her a copy of your transmittal or your cover
17	letter so that she knows that the brief has been
18	filed with me.
19	MR. LEVINE: All right.
20	THE ARBITRATOR: Mr. Campbell.
21	MR. CAMPBELL: I think we've covered
22	everything.
23	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. So and
24	then as I discussed with you off the record, as soon
25	as I have received the final volume of the record,

the exhibits that I do not have, until Mr. Campbell 1 supplies me with them and the -- both parties -- as 2 soon as I've received all of that in my office, I 3 will start the running of my 45-day clock towards 4 the issuance of my opinion and award. 5 And as I also told you off the record, 6 if either party should require an extension of time, 7 as long as you can agree between yourselves to 8 extend time, I have no objection as long as you 9 10 confirm your agreement in writing. E-mail is Copy me in and give me an additional sufficient. 11 12 15 days of deliberation time. So if you timely file your briefs in 13 accordance with your stipulation, my time limit will 14 If you avail yourself of the 15 be 45 days. opportunity to take an extension, you would give me 16 an additional 15 days of deliberation time in 17 addition to the 45, giving me the FMCS standard of 18 19 60 days. So is that acceptable to both parties? 20 MR. LEVINE: 21 Yes. MR. CAMPBELL: Yes, it is. 22 THE ARBITRATOR: All right. And then 23 for your information, the case manager is Tammie 24

Flynn, T-A-M-M-I-E, F-L-Y-N-N, and she's at the AAA

25

1	Western Case Management Center, 6795 North Palm
2	Avenue, Second Floor, Fresno, 93704.
3	So is there any other matter that either
4	party would like to raise before we adjourn the
5	hearing?
6	MR. CAMPBELL: None from the Town.
7	MR. LEVINE: None from the Union.
8	THE ARBITRATOR: All right. Thank you
9	all very much. We'll be adjourned.
10	(The proceedings were adjourned
11	at 10:24 A.M.)
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 1 STATE OF NEVADA 2 SS: COUNTY OF CLARK 3 4 I, Jennifer A. Clark, a Certified Court 5 Reporter licensed by the State of Nevada, do hereby 6 That I reported the arbitration certify: 7 proceedings commencing on September 24, 2013. 8 That prior to testifying, the witnesses were 9 duly sworn to testify to the truth; that I 10 thereafter transcribed my said stenographic notes 11 into written form; that the typewritten transcript 12 is a complete, true, and accurate transcription of 13 said stenographic notes. 14 I further certify that I am not a relative, 15 employee, or independent contractor of counsel or of 16 any of the parties involved in the proceeding, nor a 17 person financially interested in the proceeding, nor 18 do I have any other relationship that may reasonably 19 cause my impartiality to be questioned. 20 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in the 21 County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 1944 day of 22 2013. 23 2.4 Jennifer A. 25