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1 2 3 4 5 6	DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781 PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney		CLERK OF THE COURT
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9	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ITY, NEVADA	
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff,		
11	-vs-	Case No.	C250630
12	Exposure Company and the Compa	Dept No.	XVII
13	BRIAN O'KEEFE, #1447732		
13	}		
15	Defendant,		
15			
17	NOTICE OF MOTION AT EVIDENCE OF O	ND MOTION TO OTHER CRIMES	ADMIT
18			
19	DATE OF HEAR TIME OF HEAR	ING: 02/10/2009 RING: 8:00 AM	
20	COMES NOW! As See SN. 1		0 = 04/19560 C/4560 52 Cm ⁻¹
21	COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by		
22	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR., Deputy District A: Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes.	nomey, and files	this Notice of Motion and
23		m a	Notes the second country of the second outside the second
24	This Motion is made and based upon all		
25	attached points and authorities in support hereo deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.	a, and oral argume	ent at the time of hearing, if
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NOTICE OF HEARING

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing motion on for setting before the above entitled Court, in Department XVII thereof, on the 10th day of February, 2009, at the hour of 8:00 o'clock a.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this _____ day of February, 2009.

DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #002781

PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.
PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.
Deputy District Attorney
Nevada Bar #010233

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Victoria Whitmarsh, a fashion model in New York City, met and married David Whitmarsh, a fashion photographer, in 1985. They had a child, Alexandria. They were planning on having another child, but Mrs. Whitmarsh was diagnosed with Hepatitis C in 1996. Physicians initially gave her five (5) years to live. The Whitmarshs subsequently moved to Florida, hoping to spend Mrs. Whitmarsh's final years in a warmer climate. The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 had an adverse effect on Mr. Whitmarsh's business (which was based out of New York City); consequently, they moved to Las Vegas. Mrs. Whitmarsh began working at Merck-MEDCO, a local pharmaceutical company. Not long after, she met Brian O'Keefe (the Defendant). Mrs. Whitmarsh ultimately decided she no longer wanted to be with her husband and began to pursue a dating relationship with O'Keefe, Mrs. Whitmarsh and O'Keefe had what could best be termed as an "on-again, off-again" relationship.

Perhaps most importantly, it was a relationship that was rife with domestic violence upon Mrs. Whitmarsh at the hands of O'Keefe. This all culminated on November 5, 2008 at approximately 11:00 p.m., when LVMPD dispatch received a 911 call from Robin Kolacz, the manager of the "Casa Salvatore" apartments located at 5001 El Parque Avenue. Robin stated that the female in apartment C-35 was lying inside the apartment and there was blood everywhere. Police officers and medical personnel responded to the apartment complex. Patrol officers arrived at the apartment and found the front door open. Officers challenged the apartment and a male, later identified as O'Keefe, yelled at them to come in. The officers cleared the front room and could hear O'Keefe talking from the master bedroom. Officers continued to talk to O'Keefe, attempting to get him to come out of the bedroom; however, he refused. O'Keefe's actions made officers believe O'Keefe was attempting to "bait" them into the room for a confrontation. Officers from the Crisis Intervention Team approached the bedroom and observed O'Keefe holding the victim, identified as Victoria Whitmarsh.

Officers could see that there was blood on the bed. O'Keefe first told officers Mrs. Whitmarsh was dead, then stated she was alive and demanded officers enter to help her. O'Keefe still refused to move away from the victim. Not knowing if Mrs. Whitmarsh was still alive, officers entered the bedroom to expedite the removal of O'Keefe, so medical could render aid. O'Keefe refused to comply with officer's orders to move away from Mrs. Whitmarsh; he therefore received one cycle from an electronic control device (ECD). O'Keefe still refused to comply and received an additional cycle from the ECD. Subsequently, O'Keefe complied with the officers' commands and was taken into custody and removed from the bedroom, enabling medical personnel to enter and attend to Mrs. Whitmarsh. Medical personnel determined Mrs. Whitmarsh was deceased. Medical personnel and officers exited the apartment. The area was cordoned off with crime scene tape, and homicide detectives and criminalistics personnel were requested to the scene.

Homicide detectives arrived and a telephonic warrant was requested.

Mrs. Whitmarsh appeared to have a stab wound on her right side under the arm pit area, an injury to the middle knuckle of her left hand, and an injury to her right index finger. Mrs. Whitmarsh was lying on her back on the floor and was nude from the waist down. The bed linens were saturated with blood and there was a bloody black-handled kitchen knife (approximately 8 inches long) lying on the bed. O'Keefe was taken to the homicide office and advised of his rights per the Miranda decision, which he stated he understood. Homicide detectives spoke with O'Keefe who stated he did not know what happened to Mrs. Whitmarsh. O'Keefe stated only he and Mrs. Whitmarsh were in the apartment but he did not know where all the blood came from. O'Keefe also stated he had been drinking throughout the day of November 5, 2008. Detectives spoke to Charles and Joyce Toliver, who live directly below O'Keefe. Joyce stated she heard loud thumping noises in the apartment above that began around 10:00 p.m. The noises continued and eventually woke up Joyce's husband, Charles. Charles used a broom to strike the ceiling in an attempt to have the upstairs neighbors, O'Keefe and Mrs. Whitmarsh, quiet down.

When the thumping noise continued, Charles went up to apartment C-35. Charles found the front door of the apartment open and yelled in to O'Keefe. O'Keefe called for Charles to "come in and get her, she's dead." Charles entered the apartment and walked to the master bedroom. Charles only saw Mrs. Whitmarsh and O'Keefe in the apartment. Charles looked into the bedroom and saw O'Keefe standing over the body of Mrs. Whitmarsh. O'Keefe was attempting to lift Mrs. Whitmarsh at the waist. Mrs. Whitmarsh was naked from the waist down and did not appear to be moving. Charles could see blood all over the bed and there was a black-handled knife lying on the bed. Charles ran from the room to the apartment manager's apartment, spoke to Todd Armbruster (Robin's boyfriend) and told him to call the police. Jimmy Hathcox, who lives in apartment 36, next to O'Keefe and Mrs. Whitmarsh, also heard loud thumping from apartment 35 at approximately 10:00 p.m. Hathcox stated he went outside of his apartment and saw O'Keefe standing outside of his apartment. O'Keefe looked at Hathcox strangely and walked back into his apartment.

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Hathcox stated the next thing he heard was people yelling and he opened the door and saw Charles Toliver and Todd Armbruster standing in front of O'Keefe's door. The men told Hathcox, "he killed her and there's blood all over the place." Todd Armbruster stated that Charles Toliver came to his door and told him to call the police. Toliver told Todd that he thought the girl in apartment 35 was dead. Todd went up to apartment 35, entered the apartment, and saw O'Keefe bent over Mrs. Whitmarsh and blood on the bed. O'Keefe looked up, saw Todd and took a swing at him and told him to "get the fuck out of here" (or words to that effect). Todd left the apartment, went to apartment C-37, and phoned the police. Detectives noted a large amount of blood on O'Keefe's clothing and hands, an incised wound on his right index finger and two abrasions on his forehead. O'Keefe also had several long scratch marks on his back at the belt line. O'Keefe was photographed and his clothing was impounded. O'Keefe was arrested and transported to the Clark County Detention Center, where he was booked for Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon.

On November 6, 2008, at approximately 9:00 a.m., an autopsy was performed on the body of Mrs. Whitmarsh at the Clark County Coroner's Office by Dr. Jacqueline Benjamin. Mrs. Whitmarsh had several bruises on her body including three on her left upper arm. Dr. Benjamin noted a single stab wound just under the victim's right arm pit. The wound looked to have been made by a single edged knife with the sharp edge of the knife pointed towards the victim's back. Dr. Benjamin concluded that the wound was approximately 4.25 inches long and traveled downward and forward. Upon completion of the autopsy, Dr. Benjamin found that Mrs. Whitmarsh died from a single stab wound and the manner of death was a homicide. During the interview of O'Keefe, O'Keefe was insistent he had called 911. Detectives checked all the phones at the scene and none of them had a call to 911 or to the non-emergency police number.

On November 20, 2008, Cheryl Morris gave a statement to the detectives assigned to the case. Cheryl Morris stated she had a dating relationship with O'Keefe prior to Mrs. Whitmarsh moving in with him at the 5001 El Parque address. Ms. Morris stated she and O'Keefe dated for several months (starting in early 2008) and in June or July of 2008 she

and O'Keefe moved into the El Parque address. At this point, the relationship was going to be platonic. Ms. Morris said she slept in the master bedroom and O'Keefe slept on the couch. Ms. Morris said she and O'Keefe had an agreement that they would share the apartment as roommates, and after four (4) days O'Keefe called her and said he was bringing Mrs. Whitmarsh home to live with them. Ms. Morris, not amenable to such a living situation, left the house and only returned to recover her property. Ms. Morris said that during the course of their relationship, O'Keefe would always talk about his prior relationship with Mrs. Whitmarsh and how he loved her and couldn't live without her.

Ms. Morris stated when O'Keefe would drink he would become angry and abusive, and he would also talk about how Mrs. Whitmarsh had ruined his life and would state that he wanted to kill her (specifically because she had testified against him and "sent [him] to prison" in case C207835) and that she (Mrs. Whitmarsh) was "poison." She stated that he said this several times over several different occasions. O'Keefe also told Ms. Morris that he liked Mrs. Whitmarsh because she was "submissive," Ms. Morris related how O'Keefe would tell her about his training in the military and how he would demonstrate on her how he could kill someone easily using a knife. Ms. Morris also indicated that in a conversation with O'Keefe subsequent to the murder, he stated to her that "all he remembered" was him being asleep on the couch and being woken up by something sharp poking him in the side and Mrs. Whitmarsh standing over him, "and the next thing he knew, she was bleeding" (or something to that effect).

The Defendant has an extensive history of violence against this victim. On January 7, 2003, the Defendant was arrested for slapping the victim, causing her to have a bloody nose. This injury was observed by police officers. The Defendant ultimately pled guilty to Resisting a Police Officer in the Las Vegas Justice Court in case 03M00410X. On November 14, 2003, the Defendant got into an argument with Mrs. Whitmarsh which became physical when he grabbed her by the arm, pushed her down, struck her in the head with his fist, and then strangled her with one hand. He then got a pillow and attempted to smother her with it, but was interrupted by the next-door neighbor responding to Mrs.

 Whitmarsh's screams and knocking on the door. The neighbor came in and took Mrs. Whitmarsh to her apartment, whereupon the Defendant broke into and entered the neighbor's apartment through her front window. Police officers in the vicinity heard the commotion and took the Defendant into custody. The Defendant ultimately pled guilty to Battery Constituting Domestic Violence in the Las Vegas Justice Court in case 03M25901X.

On November 26, 2003, police responded to Mrs. Whitmarsh's home in order to do a "welfare check" whereupon they came in contact with both her and the Defendant. The police observed that Mrs. Whitmarsh "had been severely beaten." Although initially uncooperative, Mrs. Whitmarsh ultimately stated to police that the Defendant had beaten her. The Defendant was charged with Battery Constituting Domestic Violence in the Las Vegas Justice Court in case 03M26791X, but the charges were ultimately dismissed as part of a package negotiation. On April 2, 2004, Mrs. Whitmarsh called the police because the Defendant had accused her of being unfaithful and slapped her repeatedly, breaking her glasses. On April 3, 2004, the Defendant again accused Mrs. Whitmarsh of being unfaithful and slapped her. She ran to the apartment manager's office and the Defendant chased her there. The manager called the police, and the Defendant was taken into custody. The Defendant ultimately pled guilty to Battery Constituting Domestic Violence in the Las Vegas Municipal Court in case C581783A.

On May 29, 2004, the Defendant again accused Mrs. Whitmarsh of being unfaithful to him. He then battered Mrs. Whitmarsh and apparently forced her to have sex with him. After the Defendant "passed out," Mrs. Whitmarsh contacted a security guard at their residence, and he in turn contacted the police. This incident ultimately led to charges of Battery with Intent to Commit Sexual Assault, Sexual Assault, Attempt Sexual Assault, and Burglary being filed against the Defendant in case C202793. The case was tried before a jury before the Honorable Sally Loehrer on October 25, 2004, with Mrs. Whitmarsh testifying against the Defendant. The Defendant was convicted of Battery (a misdemeanor) and Burglary and sentenced to credit for time served for Battery and 24 to 120 months for Burglary—suspended for an indeterminate term of probation not to exceed five (5) years.

The April 2, 2004 incident ultimately led to a charge of felony battery domestic violence (based on two prior convictions) being filed against the Defendant in case C207835. The case was tried before a jury before the Honorable Valorie Vega on September 19, 2005, with Mrs. Whitmarsh testifying against the Defendant. The Defendant was convicted and sentenced to 24 to 60 months in prison. He was released in April 2008.

The State now respectfully requests that evidence with regards to the Defendant's conviction in C207835 be admitted in its case-in-chief.

STATEMENT OF THE LAW

NRS 48.045(2) provides:

Evidence of other crimes, wrongs or acts is not admissible to prove the character of a person in order to show that he acted in conformity therewith. It may, however, be admissible for other purposes, such as proof of motive, opportunity, intent, preparation, plan, knowledge, identity, or absence of mistake or accident.

See NRS 48.045(2); see also Tinch v. State, 113 Nev. 1170, 1176 (1997). The State will seek to introduce, in its case-in-chief, evidence that the Defendant was arrested and ultimately convicted (due to Mrs. Whitmarsh's testimony) of felony Battery Constituting Domestic Violence in case C207835. The State will also introduce evidence indicating that the Defendant served close to three (3) years in prison as a result of said conviction. The State seeks this evidence to show the Defendant's motive and intent. In the instant case, the Defendant is charged with Open Murder. This charge leaves to the jury the task of determining if the Defendant is guilty of First Degree Murder, Second Degree Murder, Voluntary Manslaughter, or Involuntary Manslaughter. Consequently, the Defendant's intent and motive is highly relevant. The State submits that evidence regarding case C207835 is admissible pursuant to NRS 48.045 for the limited purpose of establishing a motive with regards to first degree murder and/or establishing the Defendant's intent with regards to any lesser degree of homicide. It is anticipated that these will be the key issues in the trial on this matter.

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In order to admit "prior bad act" evidence, the State must establish that (1) the prior act is relevant to the crime charged; (2) the act is proven by clear and convincing evidence; and (3) the probative value of the evidence is not substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice. Tinch, 113 Nev. at 1176. The admissibility of prior bad acts is within the sound discretion of the trial court and will not be overturned on appeal unless found to be manifestly wrong. Id. The Nevada Supreme Court has held that the State may offer evidence in its case-in-chief in anticipation of an expected aspect of the defense. See, e.g., Overton v. State, 78 Nev. 198, 205-6, 370 P.2d 677, 681 (1962). In the instant case, due to the underlying facts as well as pleadings already filed by the Defendant, it is anticipated that the defense will assert that the Defendant lacked the requisite intent and/or malice for murder due to his voluntary intoxication. Consequently, for the crime that the Defendant is charged with here—Open Murder—an essential element will be the subjective intent of the Defendant.

A. Motive.

At the preliminary hearing, Cheryl Morris (hereinafter "Morris") testified that the Defendant told her that he "hated" Mrs. Whitmarsh because she previously testified against him, "put him in jail," and "took three years of his life." (December 17, 2008 Preliminary Hearing Transcript, at 69-70 [hereinafter "PHT"]). Morris went on to say that because of this, the Defendant stated that he "wanted to kill the bitch." Id. at 70. Morris testified that the Defendant said this on more than one occasion. Id. The fact that the Defendant was in fact convicted of felony Battery Constituting Domestic Violence in case C207835, and ultimately sent to prison for almost three (3) years due to Mrs. Whitmarsh's testimony, is corroborative evidence with regards to Morris' testimony at the preliminary hearing (as well as the statement she gave to the police during the initial investigation). Specifically, it is evidence that clearly establishes a motive (pursuant to the Defendant's own statements), and is therefore germane to the State's efforts in securing a first-degree murder conviction. The Nevada Supreme Court has repeatedly upheld the provision of NRS 48.045 that allows the State to introduce evidence of other bad acts in order to establish a motive. See, e.g., Wesley

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v. State, 112 Nev. 503, 916 P.2d 793 (1996); Lay v. State, 110 Nev. 1189, 886 P.2d 448 (1994); Felder v. State, 107 Nev. 237, 810 P.2d 755 (1991); Cavanaugh v. State, 102 Nev. 478, 729 P.2d 481 (1986).

B. Intent.

Long ago, the Nevada Supreme Court held that in the trial of an accused, evidence of other crimes is competent when it tends to establish intent. See, e.g., Wyatt v. State, 367 P.2d 104, 77 Nev. 490 (1961). Sister states have reached a similar conclusion. For example, in State v. Brewer, 507 P.2d 1009 (Ariz. App. 1973), the defendant was tried and convicted of felony theft of a motor vehicle. At the trial in the matter, the prosecutor introduced evidence that the defendant had possessed a different stolen vehicle the same day he was arrested for the theft of the vehicle he had been charged with. The Arizona Court of Appeals found no error. The court held that the evidence of possession was relevant to the "defendant's criminal intent or knowledge of his wrongdoing and [was] competent [because it tended] to establish an absence of mistake or accident." Id. at 1010. Similarly, in Dutton v. State, 94 Nev. 461 (1978), disapproved on other grounds by Gray v. State, 100 Nev. 556, 688 P.2d 313 (1984), police conducted an undercover fencing operation called "Operation Switch." On the day of the incident, the defendant walked into a store with a co-conspirator. Both the defendant and the co-conspirator negotiated the sale to an undercover police officer of a stolen camera and stolen bronzeware. The defendant, however, was charged only with the possession of the stolen camera.

At trial, the State introduced evidence that the bronzeware the defendant possessed was stolen the same day as the camera. The district court allowed the evidence, and the Nevada Supreme Court upheld this ruling, reasoning that the evidence was admissible under the complete story of the crime doctrine as well as to counter the defendant's claim that he did not have knowledge that the camera was stolen. <u>Dutton</u>, 94 Nev. at 464. In <u>Findley v. State</u>, 94 Nev. 212, 577 P.2d 867 (1978), <u>overruled on other grounds by Braunstein v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 68, 40 P.3d 413 (2002), the defendant was charged with lewdness with a minor. At trial, the State presented two witnesses (other than the charged victim) who testified that the

defendant molested them similarly some nine years earlier. (Implicit in the Court's ruling to allow admission of such evidence was the finding that nine years was not overly remote in time.) The Court affirmed the admission of the evidence to prove intent and absence of mistake or accident. Perhaps most importantly, the Court noted that intent is placed in issue when the defendant pleads not guilty, holding in <u>Overton</u>, supra; "[a] plea of not guilty puts in issue every material allegation of the information." <u>Overton</u>, 78 Nev. at 205, 370 P.2d at 680. In the instant case, the Defendant has necessarily put every material allegation of the Information in issue.

Federal courts, applying the Federal Rule of Evidence 404(3)(b)—which is identical to NRS 48.045—also allow such evidence when it is used to establish intent. In <u>United States v. Thomas.</u> 835 F.2d 219 (9th Cir. 1987), <u>cert. denied.</u> 108 S.Ct. 1741, 486 U.S. 1010 (1988), the Court held that evidence that the defendant had previously written bad checks was admissible to show intent in the prosecution for transporting a security known to have been taken by fraud. In the charged offense, the defendant had written a check on an account that had been closed for six months and subsequently obtained a cashier's check on the strength of that deposit. The prior bad checks were written approximately one year before transaction for which the defendant was on trial. The court concluded that defendant's intent in depositing the bad check was very much in issue, and consequently the admission of the evidence was appropriate.

In <u>United States v. Kirk</u>, 528 F.2d 1057 (5th Cir. 1976), the defendant was charged with threatening the life of the President of the United States of America. At trial, the prosecution presented evidence showing that three years earlier the defendant had committed the same offense. The court ruled this evidence to be properly admissible to show the defendant's intent, holding:

Whether the prior conviction tended to show that defendant made this threat intentionally or as the result of "alcohol taking," was a matter for the jury's determination. The fact that the former offense occurred three years prior to the offense charged does not make it so remote as to be excluded.

Id. at 1061.

In <u>United States v. Beechum</u>, 582 F.2d 898 (5th Cir. 1978), a jury convicted the defendant, a substitute letter carrier for the United States Postal Service, of unlawfully possessing a 1890 silver dollar that he knew to be stolen from the mails, in violation of 18 U.S.C. Section 1708 (1976). To establish that the defendant intentionally and unlawfully possessed the silver dollar, the Government introduced into evidence of two Sears, Roebuck & Co. credit cards found in the defendant's wallet when he was arrested. Neither card was issued to the defendant, and neither was signed. The Government also introduced evidence indicating that the cards had been mailed some ten months prior to the defendant's arrest to two different addresses on routes he had serviced. The Court ultimately held:

Where the issue addressed is defendant's intent to commit the offense charged, the relevancy of the extrinsic offense derives from the defendant's indulging himself in the same state of mind in the perpetration of both the extrinsic and charged offenses. The reasoning is that because the defendant had unlawful intent in the extrinsic offense, it is less likely that he had lawful intent in the present offense.

Id. at 911.

In <u>United States v. DeLoach</u>, 654 F.2d 763 (D.C. Cir. 1980), the defendant was convicted for submitting false applications for labor certification of an undocumented immigrant. The Court allowed admission of testimony of three government witnesses, all undocumented immigrants, that the defendant was a "swindler" who took their money for a false promise to find them jobs and labor certifications and that the conduct occurred over a period encompassing a year and a half prior to the offense charged. The Court held that the testimony was properly admissible. The prosecution argued that the evidence of the other "swindles" related to the ultimate issue of intent and the intermediate issues of knowledge, motive, common plan and absence of mistake and accident. The defendant argued that the prior bad acts were so dissimilar that the only logical inference to be drawn from the admission of them was that he was a bad person who swindles undocumented immigrants, and therefore, he was likely to try to deceive the government. The Court held:

These prior acts were instead introduced to show intent. In this case, where intent was the only real issue, and where appellant predictably raised the defense of mistake, the admissible bad acts evidence need not show incidents identical to the events charged, so long as they are closely related to the offense and tend to rebut the defense of mistake.

Id. at 769.

The Court cited three additional factors, which reinforced the admissibility of the extrinsic evidence. The prior acts were introduced to show intent, which was the only real issue. The government had great need for evidence on the issue of intent; and the trial court gave a limiting instruction which properly restricted the jury's use of the evidence.

The admission of the other acts in this case is entirely appropriate since the necessary element of the instant crime sought to be proved (the intent and motive to commit a violent act against Mrs. Whitmarsh notwithstanding the Defendant's anticipated claim of voluntary intoxication and the inability to form the requisite intent) cannot be substantially established by other evidence. See, e.g., Jones v. State, 85 Nev. 4, 448 P.2d 702 (1969); Tucker v. State, 82 Nev. 127, 412 P.2d 970 (1966). The intent to commit a violent act upon Mrs. Whitmarsh will be a crucial element that the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt. As such, the evidence here is probative in helping the State meet that substantial burden of proof.

D. Balancing Test.

After a court finds that evidence of other crimes fits within NRS 48.045(2), it must then review the evidence in regard to NRS 48.035. This statute requires a weighing of probative value against prejudicial effect. As stated above, it is anticipated that the defense will argue that the proffered evidence is more prejudicial than probative. In <u>United States v. Parker</u>, 549 F.2d 1217 (9th Cir. 1977), cert. denied, 430 U.S. 971, 97 S.Ct. 1659 (1977), the

1 NRS 48.035 provides in pertinent part:

Although relevant, evidence is not admissible if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, of confusion of the issues or of misleading the jury.

Although relevant, evidence may be excluded if its probative value is substantially
outweighed by considerations of undue delay, waste of time or needless presentation
of cumulative evidence.

defendants were convicted of armed bank robbery and one defendant was also convicted of bank larceny. During the course of the trial, evidence was brought in that the defendant had been addicted to heroin for approximately ten years and had been involved in drug counseling during most of that period. The court held that the evidence of defendant's narcotics dealing was admissible to show his motive to commit a robbery. The defendant argued that the prejudicial effect of the extrinsic offense substantially outweighed its probative value. The court stated that "evidence relevant to defendant's motive is not rendered inadmissible because of its highly prejudicial nature The best evidence often is!" Parker, 549 F.2d at 1222.

In <u>Tucker v. State</u>, 82 Nev. 127, 412 P.2d 970, (1966), the Nevada Supreme Court elucidated the standard for balancing the probative value versus the prejudicial effect of bad act evidence:

The reception of such evidence is justified by necessity and, if other evidence has substantially established the element of the crime involved (motive, intent, identity, absence of mistake, etc.), the probative value of showing another offense is diminished, and the trial court should rule it inadmissible even though relevant and within an exception to the rule of exclusion.

Id. at 130, 412 P.2d at 971-972.

In the instant case, the only way to show the motive is to actually admit evidence of it. The probative value of admitting evidence with regards to the Defendant's conviction in C207835 is therefore by no means substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice. The State prays that this Court will recognize the necessity and the admissibility of the evidence it now seeks to admit to prove the Defendant's motive and intent in the instant case. The State intends to illustrate by clear and convincing evidence that the Defendant indeed committed the acts which are sought to be admitted, pursuant to Petrocelli v. State, 101 Nev. 46, 692 P.2d 503 (1985). The State intends to do so in an evidentiary hearing prior to trial.

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1	CONCLUSION
2	Based upon the foregoing, the State requests the Court grant the State's Motion to
3	Admit Evidence of Other Crimes.
4	th executive const
5	DATED this day of February, 2009.
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7	DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY
8	DISTRICT ATTORNEY Nevada Bar #002781
9	
10	BY /s/ PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.
11	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010233
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CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of the State's Notice and Motion to Admit Other Bad Acts, was made this _____ day of February, 2009, by facsimile transmission to: PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. FAX # 455-6265 /s/ Terry Schessler Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

ts/dvu

Electronically Filed 02/03/2009 11:33:56 AM

2 3 4 5 6	DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781 PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010233 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	CLERK OF THE COURT
3 4 5 6	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010233 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	CLERK OF THE COURT
4 5 6	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010233 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	
5 6	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	
	(702) 6/1-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
II	Authoritey for Flament	
7	DIST	RICT COURT
8	CLARK CO	DUNTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
10	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: C250630
II	-vs-	DEPT NO: XVII
12	BRIAN KERRY O'KEEFE, #1447732	}
13	Defendant.	}
14 -		- 2-
15	NOTICE OF WITNESSES [NRS	AND/OR EXPERT WITNESSES 174.234(1)(a)]
16	TO: BRIAN KERRY O'KEEFE, I	Defendant; and
17	TO: PATRICIA PALM ESQ., Co	unsel of Record:
18	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WIL	L PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF
19	NEVADA intends to call the following wit	nesses in its case in chief:
20	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS
21	BENJAMIN, JACQUELINE DR.	CLARK COUNTY CORONER
22		This witness is expected to testify regarding
23		the nature of the victim's injuries.
24	STALLINGS, JOHN	ME #0031
25	DUHN, ROBBIE	LVMPD #5947
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These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed. BY Nevada Bar #002781 CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION I hereby certify that service of NOTICE OF WITNESSESS AND/OR EXPERT WITNESSES, was made this 3rd day of February, 2009, by facsimile transmission to: PATRICIA PALM ESQ FAX #(702) 455-6273 /s/ Terry Schessler Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

ORIGINAL

1 ROC DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 21 Nevada Bar No. 0824 FEB & 10 34 MM *03 3 Randall H. Pike Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 4 Patricia Palm Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 5 CLERK OF THE COURT (702) 455-6273 fax 8 rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attorneys for O'Keefe 10 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C250630 14 DEPT. NO. XVII Plaintiff. 15 VS. BRIAN O'KEEFE #1447732 16 17 Defendant 18 19 RECEIPT OF COPY RECEIPT of a copy of the Opposition to State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other 20 Bad Acts is hereby acknowledged this 6 day of February, 2009. 21 22 DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE 23 24 25 Las Vegas NV 89155 26 RECEIVED 27 FEB 0 6 2009 28 CLERK OF THE COURT

ORIGINAL

1 ORDR DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

Nevada Bar No. 0824

Randall H. Pike Assistant Special Public Defender

4 Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia Palm

Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009

330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316

(702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax 7

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8 rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.clark.nv.us

Attorneys for O'Keefe

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff.

BRIAN O'KEEFE #1447732 161

Defendant

FILED

10 at AM '09

CLERN OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA -

CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII

OPPOSITION TO STATE'S MOTION TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF OTHER BAD ACTS

Date of Hearing: 2-10-09 Time of Hearing: 8:00am

COMES NOW the Defendant herein, BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDALL PIKE, Assistant Special Public Defender, and PATRICIA PALM, Deputy Special Public Defender, and hereby offer the following in opposition to the State's Motion to introduce evidence of other bad acts in the above-entitled matter.

As the State limits its requested evidence that it requests to the conviction and facts (C207835, this response will respond solely to that request.

FEB 0 6 2009

CLERK OF THE COURT

As a general proposition, evidence of prior crimes and other bad acts of a criminal defendant is inadmissible character evidence unless it falls within certain specific exceptions. See, NRS 48.045.

As the State notes in it's Motion to admit, NRS 48.045(2) and <u>Tinch v. State</u>, 113

Nev. 1170 (1997) offer some guidelines regarding the appropriate admission of this extremely prejudicial evidence. The seriousness of an improper admission of such evidence, or, an in trial reference to a prior criminal history of a defendant is reversible error. <u>Witherow v. State</u>, 104 Nev. 721, 765 P.2d 1153 (1988). The test for determining whether a reference to criminal history occurred is whether "a juror could reasonably infer from the facts presented that the accused had engaged in prior criminal activity." <u>Manning v. Warden</u>, 99 Nev. 82, 659 P.2d 847 (1983), citing <u>Commonwealth v. Allen</u>, 292 A.2d 373, 375 (Pa 1972).

This court in Manning, supra, detailed a number of different cases where indirect references to prior acts were found to be references to criminal history. See e.g. Gehrke v. State, 96 Nev. 581, 613 P.2d 1028 (1980); Reese v. State, 95 Nev. 419, 596 P.2d 212 (1979); Geary v. State, 91 Nev. 784, 544 P.2d 417 (1975); Founts v. State, 87 Nev. 165, 483 P.2d 654 (1971). Most interestingly, the State in Manning, supra, conceded that in a majority of jurisdiction, an improper reference to criminal history is a violation of due process since it affects the presumption of innocence. Id at 87.

The Nevada Supreme Court summarized the position of Defendant O'KEEFE as follows:

The danger of allowing prejudicious remarks and testimony during a trial is not confined to their momentary effect upon the juror. Trial tactics are influenced immeasurably. Counsel is forced to object and argue repeatedly. Defendant may be compelled to testify when it is his right not to do so. <u>lbsen v. State</u>, 83 Nev. 42, 422 P.2d 543 (1967)

This reversal for a new trial is a hard burden to bear because Walker is a confirmed criminal. But it is a proud tradition of our system that every man, no matter who he may be, is guaranteed a fair trial. As stated by Chief Justice Traynor in People v. Cahan, 282 P.2d 905 at 912 (Cal. 1955) Thus, no matter how guilty a defendant might be or how outrageous his crime, he must not be deprived of a fair trial, and any action, official or otherwise, that would have that effect would not be tolerated."

The requisites of a trial free of prejudicial atmosphere are too deeply implanted to require repetition; for when the death penalty is executed, its consequences are irretrievable. A fair trial therefore is a very minimal standard to require before its imposition."

Walker v. Fogfiani, 83 Nev. 154, 157, 425 P.2d 794 (1983)

If the State desires to introduce evidence of other bad acts or criminal activity it is necessary for the Court to hold a hearing wherein it is the burden of the State to establish that: (1) the incident in relevant to the crime charged; (2) the act is proven by clear and convincing evidence; and (3) the probative value of the evidence is not substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice. <u>Tinch v. State</u>, 113 Nev. 1170, 946 P.2d 1061 (1997). As the State has properly announced it's desire to introduce such evidence, it is requested that a hearing be held outside the presence of the jury to determine if the evidence is properly admissible.

Although a prior felony conviction may be admitted for impeachment, a court should exclude such evidence if its probative value is substantially outweighed by danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issues, or misleading the jury. Edwards v. State, 90 Nev. 255, 524 P.2d328 (1974); Anderson v. State, 92 Nev. 21, 544 P.2d 1200 (1976); NRS 48.035. Only through an evidentiary hearing before the trial can the Court conduct the necessary weighing to determine what, if any, evidence may be admissible and if admissible, for what limited purpose.

Finally, the Court will then have to determine the appropriate limiting instruction to be given to the jury.

CONCLUSION

It is respectfully requested that the Court enter its order precluding the State from

introducing any of the above evidence along with any other prior bad acts, character evidence or unrelated criminal activity at the trial herein DATED this 64 _day of February 2009. Respectfully Submitted; DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER Randall H. Pike Patricia Palm

330 S. Third St. #800 Las Vegas, NV 89155 Attorneys for O'Keefe

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ORDR DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER Nevada Bar No. 0824 Randall H. Pike Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia Palm Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attorney for O'Keefe DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII 12 Plaintiff. 13 VS. Date of Hearing: n/a 14 **BRIAN O'KEEFE** Time of Hearing:n/a Defendant 15 16 STIPULATION AND ORDER COMES NOW the Defendant herein, BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through 17 his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDALL PIKE, 18 and PATRICIA PALM, Deputy Special Public Defenders, and the State of Nevada, by and through its Deputy District Attorney, PHILLIP SMITH, hereby 20 stipulate that the Court may Order release of the Medical Records of VICTORIA WHITMARSH to the office of the Clark County Special Public Defender's Office upon presentation of the Order attached hereto in compliance with the subpoena 23

THE PARTIES FURTHER STIPULATE that upon receipt of the records, that Counsel for the Defendant shall provide a complete copy of the same to the

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issued in this case.

URFENDER

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office of the Clark County District Attorney, and that prior to introducing any evidence derived as a result of this Order, including attempts at introducing the contents or any expert opinions that are based in whole or in part upon the 3 contents of the records, that Counsel for the Defense shall present a pre-trial 5 proffer. This proffer shall be made prior to the Calendar call in this matter. day of February, 2009. 7 Assistant Special Public Defender Deputy District Attorney 10 ORDER 11 12 THE COURT BEING FULLY APPRISED as the contents of the enclosed 13 stipulation and the law appurtenant thereto, it is therefore, 14 ORDERED, AJUDGED AND DECREED that copies of the Medical records of 15 VICTORIA WHITMARSH, shall be released to the Clark County Special 16 Public Defender's Office subject to the use restrictions contained herein. Dated this _ /o day of February, 2009 18 19 20 21 Honorable District Court Judge 22 Hon, Michael P. Villani 23 24 25 26 27 PECIAL PUBLIC 78

DEFENDER

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2	DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781	FILED IN OPEN COURT
3	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.	FEB 1 0 2009
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010233	EDWARD A. FRIEDLAND
5	200 South Third Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2211	CLERK OF THE COURT
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	BY CHISTEN BROWN DEPUTY
7	7.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2	CT COURT
8	CLARK COL	INTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA	
10	Plaintiff,)
11	-vs-	Case No. C250630
12	BRIAN KERRY O'KEEFE.	Dept No. V
13	#1447732	}
14	Defendant.) } AMENDED
15	Derendam.	INFORMATION
16		
17	STATE OF NEVADA)	
	COUNTY OF CLARK	
18	DAVID ROGER, District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of	
19	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of t	
20		Defendant(s) above named, having committed
21		A DEADLY WEAPON (OPEN MURDER)
22	(Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165),	on or about the 5th day of November, 2008,
23	within the County of Clark, State of Nevada,	contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes
24	in such cases made and provided, and agains	t the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,
25	did then and there wilfully, feloniously, withou	out authority of law, and with premeditation and
26	deliberation, and with malice aforethought, ki	II VICTORIA WHITMARSH, a human being,
27	by stabbing the said VICTORIA WHITMAR	SH with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife.
28	<i>III</i>	 In a bit of transfer on the engineer of VP (2.5). (A little field of 17 to 47 to 47
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2	9	DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY
3		Nevada Bar #002781
4		
5	4	TI BO N / ()
6		PHILLIPN, SMITH, M.
7		Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010233
8		
9	Names of witnesses known to the D	istrict Attorney's Office at the time of filing this
10	Information are as follows:	
11	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS
12	ARMBRUSTER, TODD	5001 OBANNON DR #34 LVNV
13	BALLEJOS, JEREMIAH	LVMPD #8406
14	BENJAMIN, JACQUELINE DR	ME 0081
15	BLASKO, KEITH	LVMPD #2995
16	BUNN, CHRISTOPHER	LVMPD #4407
17	COLLINS, CHELSEA	LVMPD #9255
18	CONN, TODD	LVMPD #8101
19	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CDC
20	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS
21	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS
22	FORD, DANIEL	LVMPD #4244
23	FONBUENA, RICHARD	LVMPD #6834
24	HATHCOX, IIMMY	5001 EL PARQUE AVE #C-36 LVNV
25	HUTCHERSON, CHRISTOPHER	LVMPD #12996
26	IVIE, TRAVIS	LVMPD #6405
27	KYGER, TERESA	LVMPD #4191

5001 EL PARQUE AVE #38 LVNV

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KOLACZ, ROBIN

P X		
1	LOWREY-KNEPP, ELAINE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY INVESTAGATOR
2	MALDONADO, JOCELYN	LVMPD #6920
3	MORRIS, CHERYL	UNKNOWN
4	MURPHY, KATE	LVMPD #9756
5	NEWBERRY, DANIEL	LVMPD #4956
6	PAZOS, EDUARDO	LVMPD #6817
7	RAETZ, DEAN	LVMPD #4234
8	SANTAROSSA, BRIAN	LVMPD #6930
9	SHOEMAKER, RUSSELL	LVMPD #2096
10	TAYLOR, SEAN	LVMPD #8718
11	TINIO, NORMA	2992 ORCHARD MESA HENDERSONNV
12	TOLIVER, CHARLES	5001 EL PARQUE #29 LVNV
13	TOLIVER, JOYCE	5001 EL PARQUE #C-29 LVNV
14	WHITMARSH, ALEXANDRA	7648 CELESTIAL GLOW LVNV
15	WHITMARSH, DAVID	7648 CELESTIAL GLOW LVNV
16	WILDEMANN, MARTIN	LVMPD #3516
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DA#08F23348X/ts LVMPD EV#0811053918 (TK9)

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E.	NOTC	PINTI
2	DAVID ROGER	Charles to the contract of the
3	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781 PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.	CLERK OF THE COURT
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010233	
5	200 Lewis Avenue	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
7	DISTR	ICT COURT
8	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
10	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: C250630
11	-VS-	DEPT NO: V
12	BRIAN O'KEEFE, aka, Brian Kerry O'Keefe, #1447732	{
13	Defendant.	{
14		
15	NOTICE OF WITNESSES [NRS I	AND/OR EXPERT WITNESS 74.234(1)(a)]
16	TO: BRIAN O'KEEFE, aka, Brian	Kerry O'Keefe, Defendant; and
17	TO: PATRICIA PALM Deputy Sp	ecial Public Defender, Counsel of Record:
18	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF
19	NEVADA intends to call the following with	esses in its case in chief:
20	<u>NAME</u>	ADDRESS
21	BAS, JENNIFER	FORENSIC SCIENTIST LVMPD #9944
22		Will testify as to the DNA collection and
23		analysis.
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1	These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and
2	any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed.
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6	BY ROUND ROSE 7
7	DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY
8	Nevada Bar #002781
9	
10	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION
11	
12	I hereby certify that service of NOTICE OF WITNESSES AND/OR EXPERT WITNESS,
13	was made this 17th day of February, 2009, by facsimile transmission to:
14	
15	PATRICIA PALM Deputy Special Public Defender FAX # (702) 455-6273
1 6	FAX # (702) 455-6273
17	/s/ Terry Schessler
18	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
19	
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FILED NOTO DAVID M. SCHIECK i EG 20 3 46 PH '09 SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER State Bar No. 0824 3 RANDALL H. PIKE Assistant Special Public Defender 4 Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia A. Palm CLERK OF THE COURT 5 Deputy Special Public Defender State Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, 8th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89155 7 (702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax 8 rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.ciark.nv.us 9 Attorneys for O'KEEFE 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C 250630 DEPT. NO. XVII 14 Plaintiff, 15 VS. 16 BRIAN O'KEEFE #1447732, 17 Defendant. 18 19 NOTICE OF DEFENDANT'S EXPERT WITNESS [NRS 174.089(2)] DATE TIME: TO: THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, and TO: DAVID ROGER, District Attorney, Attorney for Plaintiff

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendant, BRIAN

O'KEEFE, by and through his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender,

RANDALL H. PIKE, Assistant Special Public Defender, and PATRICIA A. PALM, Deputy

Special Public Defender, intends to call an expert witness in her case in chief as follows:

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFICIOSH 25

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CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

- 1. GEORGE SCHIRO, 5004 W. Admiral Doyle Dr., New Iberia, LA 70560, an expert in forensic science. Should this witness testify, he will testify in the area of crime scene analysis, crime scene investigation, processing of crime scenes, collection and preservation of evidence, latent print comparison, footwear examination, and DNA evaluations and will give opinions related thereto.
- DR. JOHN HIATT, 8180 Placid St., Las Vegas, NV 89123, a Consulting Toxicologist in effects of Alcohol, effects of Spironolactone, Traxopone, Venlafaxine, and combinations of the above in an individual.
- BARRY BATES, 2022 Pinion Spring Dr., Henderson, NV 89074, a biomechanical engineer.

A copy of the expert witnesses' curriculum vitae is attached hereto.

DATED this day of February, 2009.

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

DAVID M. SCHIECK

RANDALL H. PIKE

PATRICIA A. PALM

330 South Third Street, Ste 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316

(702) 455-6265

Attorneys for O'Keefe

RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT of a copy of the Notice of Expert Witnesses is hereby acknowledged.

DATED: 445 90 2009

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

200 Lewis Ave., 3rd Floor Las Vegas NV 89155

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GEORGE SCHIRO, MS, F-ABC CONSULTING FORENSIC SCIENTIST FORENSIC SCIENCE RESOURCES™

P.O. Box 188
CADE, LA 70519 USA
CELL: (337) 322-2724
E-MAIL: Gjschiro@cs.com

EDUCATION

Master of Science, Industrial Chemistry - Forensic Science

Including five hours of credit in Forensic DNA Analysis of Biological Materials and accompanying lab course, three hours of credit in Quality Assurance and Bioinformatics, three hours of credit in Biochemistry, two hours of credit in Forensic Analysis of DNA Data, and three hours of credit in Experimental Statistics
University of Central Florida, Orlando, FL.

Bachelor of Science, Microbiology

Including three hours of credit in Genetics Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

Molecular Biology Fellow of the American Board of Criminalistics

PROFESSIONAL TRAINING ATTENDED

October 2007

"Integrity, Character, and Ethics in Forensic Science" – Instructor: Dan B.
Gunnell, Louisiana Association of Forensic Scientists (LAFS) Fall 2007
Meeting, Baton Rouge, LA

February 2007 "Anatomy of a Wrongful Conviction: A Multidisciplinary Examination of the Ray Krone Case" - Co-chairmen: George Schiro and Thomas Streed, American Academy of Forensic Sciences Meeting, San Antonio, TX

February 2006 "Solving the South Louisiana Serial Killer Case – New Approaches
Blended With Older Trusted Techniques" Co-chairmen: George Schiro
and Ray Wickenheiser, American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS)
Meeting, Seattle, WA

George Schirp's CV Updated November 19, 2007

Page | of 9

December 2004	"National Forensic Science Technology Center (NFSTC) Auditor Workshop" - Instructors: Mark Nelson, John Wegel, Richard A. Guerreri, and Heather Subert
June 2003	"CODIS v5.6 Software Training" - Instructor: Carla Heron, Baton Rouge, LA
May 2003	"DNA Auditor Training" - Instructors: Richard A. Guerreri and Anja Einseln, Austin, TX
April 2003	"Statistical Analysis of Forensic DNA Evidence" - Instructor: Dr. George Carmody, Harvey, LA
January 2002	"Association of Forensic DNA Analysts and Administrators (AFDAA) Workshops" - Instructors: S. Cribari, Dr. T. Wang, and R. Wickenheiser, Austin, TX
March 2001	"Basic Forensic DNA Analysis" - Instructor: Dr. Pat Wojtkiewicz, Baton Rouge, LA
February 2000	DNA Workshop AAFS Meeting, Reno, NV
November 1999	"Advanced AmpF/STR TM & ABI Prism TM 310 Genetic Analyzer Training" - Instructor: Catherine Caballero, PE Biosystems, Baton Rouge, LA
March 1998	"DNA Typing with STRs - Silver Stain Detection Workshop" - Instructors: Dr. Brent Spoth and Kimberly Huston, Promega Corp., Madison, WI
November 1997	"Laboratory Auditing" - Instructors: Dr. William Tilstone, Richard Lester, and Tony Longhetti, NFSTC Workshop, Baton Rouge, LA
October 1997	"Forensic Microscopy" - Instructor: Gary Laughlin, McCrone Research Institute, La. State Police Training Academy, Baton Rouge, LA
September 1997	"Presenting DNA Statistics in Court" - Instructors: Dr. Bruce Weir and Dr. George Carmody, Promega Symposium, Scottsdale, AZ
August 1997	"Forensic DNA Analysis" - Instructors: Pat Wojtkiewicz and Michelle Gaines, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA
February 1997	DNA Workshop AAFS Meeting, New York, NY

November 1996	"Forensic DNA Testing" - Instructors: Dr. Jim Karam and Dr. Sudhir Sinha, Tulane University Medical Center, New Orleans, LA
August 1996	"Bloodstain Pattern Analysis and Crime Scene Documentation" Instructors: Paulette Sutton, Steven Symes, and Lisa Elrod North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA
June 1996	"Introduction to Forensic Fiber Microscopy" - Instructor: Skip Palenik Acadiana Crime Lab, New Iberia, LA
February 1996	DNA Workshop AAFS Meeting, Nashville, TN
July 1995	"Personality Profiling and Crime Scene Assessment" - Instructors: Roy Hazelwood and Robert Ressler, Loyola University, New Orleans, LA
June 1993	"Basic Forensic Serology" FBI Academy, Quantico, VA
May 1993	DNA Workshop - Instructor: Anne Montgomery, GenTest Laboratories Southern Association of Forensic Scientists (SAFS) Spring Meeting, Savannah, GA
March 1993	Attended the Second International Symposium on the Forensic Aspects of DNA Analysis, FBI Academy, Quantico, VA
September 1990	"Introduction to Human Immunoglobulin Allotyping" - Instructor: Dr. Moses Schanfield, AGTC, La. State Police Crime Lab, Baton Rouge, LA
July 1989	Bone Grouping Techniques Workshop - Instructor: Dr. Robert Gaensslen and Dr. Henry Lee, University of New Haven, New Haven, CT
June 1989	Attended the International Symposium on the Forensic Aspects of DNA Analysis, FBI Academy, Quantico, VA
September §988	DNA Workshop SAFS Fail Meeting, Clearwater, FL
June 1988	"Non-Isotopic Detection of DNA Polymorphisms" - Instructor: Dale Dykes, AGTC, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA
June 1988	"Microscopy of Hairs" - Instructor: Skip Palenik North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA

April 1988

"Analysis of Footwear and Tire Evidence" - Instructors: Max Courtney

and Ed Hueske, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA

September 1987

Introduction to Forensic Genetics Workshop - Instructor: Dr. Moses

Schanfield, SAFS Fall Meeting, Atlanta, GA

March 1987

Isoelectric Focusing Workshop

SAFS/SWAFS/SAT Combined Spring Meeting, Baton Rouge, LA

June 1986

Attended the International Symposium on Forensic Immunology

FBI Academy, Quantico, VA

February 1986

"Collection and Preservation of Physical Evidence" - Instructor: Dale

Moreau, FBI School, Metairie, LA

August 1985

"Atomic Absorption in Determining Gunshot Residues"

FBI Academy, Quantico, VA

April 1985

"Arson Accelerant Detection Course" - Instructors: Rick Tontarski, Mary

Lou Fultz, and Rick Stroebel, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms

(BATF) Lab, Rockville, MD

July 1984

"Questioned Documents for the Investigator" - Instructor: Dale Moreau

FBI School, Baton Rouge, LA

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

2002 - present

Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory - New Iberia, LA

An ASCLD-LAB accredited laboratory

Employed as a Forensic Chemist - DNA Technical Leader. Duties include incorporating the DNA Advisory Board (DAB) standards, accountability for the technical operations of the lab's biology section, conducting DNA analysis using the 13 STR core loci in casework, DNA research, forensic science training, and crime scene investigation. Qualified as an expert over 130 times in 28 Louisiana parish courts, one Florida county court, one Mississippi county court, one Missouri county court, one Nevada county court, federal court, and two Louisiana city courts. Has qualified as an expert in the following areas: latent fingerprint development; serology; crime scene investigation; forensic science; trajectory reconstruction; shoeprint identification; crime scene reconstruction; bloodstain pattern analysis; DNA analysis; fracture match analysis; and hair comparison. Has also consulted on cases in 17 states and the United Kingdom. Worked over 2600 cases. Independently contracted DNA technical auditor with NFSTC and Forensic Quality Services. Contracted DNA Technical Leader to the Southwest La. Crime Lab in Lake Charles, LA. Is also a member of the La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault (LAFASA) Training Team.

1988 - 2001

Louisiana State Police Crime Lab - Baton Rouge, LA An ASCLD-LAB accredited laboratory

Employed as a Forensic Scientist 2. Duties included incorporating the DNA Advisory Board (DAB) standards and conducting DNA analysis using the 13 STR core loci in casework. Duties have also included setting up and developing methods for the analysis of blood and body fluids using biological, chemical, microscopic, immunological, biochemical, electrophoretic, and isoelectric focusing techniques; applying these methods to criminal investigations; and testifying to the results in court. Additional duties included crime scene investigation/reconstruction; latent print development; fracture match comparison; projectile trajectory determination; shoeprint comparison; hair examination; blood spatter interpretation; and training personnel in various aspects of forensic science.

1984 - 1988

Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office Crime Lab - Metairie, LA

Employed as Criminalist (I). From 11/85 to 4/88 duties included collection and analysis of blood, body fluids, hairs, and fibers using microscopic, immunological, biochemical, and chemical techniques. Also testified to the results of these analyses in court. Trained under Senior Forensic Biologist Joseph Warren. From 6/84 to 10/85 duties included marijuana analysis, arson analysis, gunshot residue detection, hit and run paint analysis, and development of latent fingerprints. Trained under Lab Director Ron Singer.

PROFESSIONAL PAPERS

"Criminalistics Errors, Omissions, Problems, and Ethical Issues" presented as part of the "Anatomy of a Wrongful Conviction: A Multidisciplinary Examination of the Ray Krone Case" workshop at the 2007 AAFS Meeting in San Antonio, TX and as part of the LAFS Fall 2007 Meeting in Baton Rouge, LA.

"Using the Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories to Distinguish the Unqualified Forensic DNA Experts From the Qualified Forensic DNA Experts" presented at the 2007 AAFS Meeting in San Antonio, TX and at the AFDAA 2007 Winter Meeting in Austin, TX.

"Investigative Uses of DNA Databases" presented as part of the "Solving the South Louisiana Serial Killer Case - New Approaches Blended With Older Trusted Techniques" workshop at the 2006 AAFS Meeting in Seattle, WA.

"Trace DNA Analysis: Casework Experience" presented as a poster at the 2004 AAFS Meeting in Dallas, TX and as a talk at the July 2003 AFDAA Meeting in Austin, TX. Also presented as "Interesting Casework Using AmpFISTR® Profiler Plus® and COfiler® Kits" at Applied Biosystems' "Future Trends in Forensic DNA Technology," September, 2003 in New Orleans, LA.

"Extraction and Quantification of Human Deoxyribonucleic Acid, and the Amplification of Human Short Tandem Repeats and a Sex Identification Marker from Fly Larvae Found on Decomposing Tissue" a thesis to fulfill one of the Master of Science requirements. Successfully defended on July 13, 2001 at the University of Central Florida, Orlando, Florida. Presented at the 2004 AAFS Meeting in Dallas, TX, the Spring 2002 La. Association of Forensic Scientists (LAFS) Meeting, and the January 2003 AFDAA Meeting in Austin, TX.

"Administrative Policies Dealing with Crime Scene Operations" published in the Spring 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Shooting Reconstruction - When the Bullet Hits the Bone" presented at the 10th Anniversary Convention of the La. Private Investigators Association (LPIA)/National Association of Legal Investigators (NALI) Region IV Seminar, September 13, 1997, New Orleans, LA. Licensed as continuing education for Texas Private Investigators by the Texas Board of Private Investigators and Private Security Agencies. Published in the Fall 1998 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Using Videotape to Document Physical Evidence" presented at the Seventh Annual Convention of the LPIA/NALI Region IV Seminar, August 16, 1996, New Orleans, LA. Licensed as continuing education for Texas Private Investigators by the Texas Board of Private Investigators and Private Security Agencies. Published in April 1997 issue of *The LPIA Journal*. An edited version was published in the Winter 1998 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Collection and Preservation of Blood Evidence from Crime Scenes" distributed as part of a blood collection workshop held at the Jefferson Parish Coroner's Eighth Annual Death Investigation Conference, November 17, 1995, Harahan, LA. Presented as continuing legal education by the La. Bar Association. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at the Crime Scene Investigation Web Page (http://police2.ucr.edu/csi.htm). Published in the September/October 1997 issue of the Journal of Forensic Identification. Referenced in the 7th edition of Techniques of Crime Scene Investigation by Barry A.J. Fisher.

"Collection and Preservation of Evidence" presented at La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault/La. District Attorneys Association sponsored conference, "Meeting the Challenge: Investigation and Prosecution of Sex Crimes," March 3, 1994, Lafayette, LA. Preserted as continuing legal education by the La. Bar Association. Published in the Forensic Medicine Sourcebook. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at the Crime Scene Investigation Web Page (http://police2.ucr.edu/csi.htm). Also published in Nanogram, the official publication of LAFS. A modified version of the paper was presented at the Sixth Annual Convention of the LPIA, August 19, 1995, New Orleans, LA; the NALI Region IV Continuing Education Seminar, March 9, 1996, Biloxi, MS; and the Texas Association of Licensed Investigators (TALI) Winter Seminar, February 15, 1997, Addison, TX. Published in the July/August 1996 issue and the September/October 1996 issue of The Texas Investigator. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at TALI's Web Page (http://pimall.com/tali/evidence.html). Published in the May 2001 issue of The Informant, the official publication of the Professional Private Investigators Association of Colorado. An updated version was presented at La. Foundation Against Sexual

George Schiro's CV Updated November 19, 2007 Assault/La. District Attorneys Association sponsored conference, "Collaborating to STOP Violence Against Women Conference," March 12, 2003, Lafayette, LA.

"The Effects of Fecal Contamination on Phosphoglucomutase Subtyping" presented at the 1989 AAFS Meeting held in Las Vegas, Nevada and at the Fall, 1987 SAFS Meeting held in Atlanta, Georgia.

"A Report on Gamma Marker (Gm) Antigen Typing" presented at the Fall, 1986 SAFS Meeting held in Auburn, Alabama and at the Summer, 1986 LAFS Meeting.

"An Improved Method of Glyoxylase I Analysis" co-presented with Joseph Warren at the Summer, 1986 LAFS Meeting.

ARTICLES PUBLISHED

"Forensic Science and Crime Scene Investigation: Past, Present, and Future" published in the Winter 2000 issue of American Lawman Magazine.

"New Crime Scenes - Same Old Problems" published in the Winter 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Shoeprint Evidence: Trampled Underfoot" published in the Fall 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"LASCI: A Model Organization" published in the Summer 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Applications of Forensic Science Analysis to Private Investigation" published in the July 1999 issue of The LPIA Journal.

TRAINING CONDUCTED

Have conducted training at the following seminars and have trained the following organizations and agencies in crime scene investigation, forensic science, and/or the collection and preservation of evidence: Fourth and Seventh International Conferences of Legal Medicine held in Panama City, Panama; U.S. State Department's Anti-Terrorism Assistance Program Police Executive Seminar; AAFS; American Chemical Society; AFDAA; Forensic Science Education Conference; SAFS; Southern Institute of Forensic Science; University of Nevada Las Vegas Biotechnology Center; Professional Private Investigators Association of Colorado; Indiana Coroner's Training Board; DNA Security, Inc. Open House; Palm Bay Police Dept., Palm Bay, Florida; CGEN 5200, Expert Testimony in Forensic Science, University of North Texas Health Science Center, Ft. Worth, TX; Tennessee Association of Investigators; Mississippi Society for Medical Technology; La. State Coroners' Association; Jefferson Parish Coroner's Office Eighth Annual

George Schiro's CV Updated November 19, 2007

Death Investigation Conference; Southern University Law Center; La. State University Chemistry Department Seminar; Chemistry 105, Southeastern Louisiana University; University of Louisiana at Lafayette Biology Club; Louisiana Division of the International Association for Identification; U.S. Department of Justice La. Middle District Law Enforcement Coordinating Committee Crime Scene Investigation Workshop; La. State University's Law Enforcement Training Program Scientific Crime Investigator's Institute; La. State University's Continuing Law Enforcement Education School; La. State Police Training Academy's Advanced Forensic Investigation School; La. District Attorneys Association; La. Southeast Chiefs of Police Association, Acadiana Law Enforcement Training Academy; Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office; Mystery Writers of America - Florida Chapter; NALI Continuing Education Seminars; TALI; Lafayene Parish Sheriff's Office; Iberia Parish Sheriff's Office; Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office Training Academy; Kenner Police Dept.; St. Charles Parish Sheriff's Office; Terrebonne Parish Sheriff's Office; East Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Office; East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Office; Vermilion Parish Sheriff's Office; West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Office; Washington Parish Rape Crisis Center Volunteers; Mississippi Professional Investigators Association; East Baton Rouge Stop Rape Crisis Center Volunteer Physicians; Stuller Place Sexual Assault Response Center Volunteers; Evangeline and St. Landry Parish Rape Crisis Volunteers; Tri-Parish Rape Crisis Volunteer Escorts; LPIA; La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault; Louisiana Society for Medical Technology; Baton Rouge Society for Medical Technology; Baton Rouge Police Dept. Sex Crimes Unit, Crime Scene Unit, and Traffic Homicide Unit; Violence Against Women Conference; Family Focus Regional Conference; Our Lady of the Lake Hospital Emergency Room Personnel; St. Martinville Chamber of Commerce; New Iberia Optimist Club; Sexual Assault: Effective Law Enforcement Response Seminar; La. State Police Training Academy; La. Association of Scientific Crime Investigators (LASCI); LAFS; and the Basic Police Academy (La. Probation and Parole, La. Dept. of Public Safety, La. Motor Vehicle Police, and La. Dept of Wildlife and Fisheries).

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

International Society for Forensic Genetics
International Association of Bloodstain Pattern Analysts (Full Member)
American Board of Criminalistics (Molecular Biology Fellow)
AAFS (Fellow)
American Society for Testing and Materials Committee E-30 on Forensic Sciences
AFDAA (Chairperson 2004-2005)
Association for Crime Scene Reconstruction
SAFS
LAFS (Editor of Nanogram, the official publication of LAFS - July 1994 to May 1998, President
- 1990, Vice President - 1989)
LASCI

OTHER ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Analyzed evidence and issued a report in the 1991 La. State Police investigation of the September 8, 1935 assassination of U. S. Senator Huey P. Long.

George Schiro's CV Updated November 19, 2007 Contributing author to the Forensic Medicine Sourcebook, edited by Annemarie S. Muth.

One of several technical advisors to the non-fiction books Blood and DNA Evidence, Crime-Solving Science Experiments by Kenneth G. Rainis, O.J. Unmasked, The Trial, The Truth, and the Media by M.L.Rantala and Pocket Partner by Dennis Evers, Mary Miller, and Thomas Glover.

One of several technical advisors to the fictional books Crusader's Cross by James Lee Burke, Company Man by Joseph Finder, Savage Art by Danielle Girard, and Bones in the Backyard by Florence Clowes and Lois J. Blackburn.

Featured on the "Without a Trace" and "Through the Camera's Eye" episodes of *The New Detectives* television show that first aired on the Discovery Channel, May 27, 1997 and June 11, 2002.

Featured on the "No Safe Place" episode of Forensic Files that first aired on Court TV, January 3, 2007.

Recipient of the second Young Forensic Scientist Award given by Scientific Sleuthing Review.

Formerly a columnist for Southern Lawman Magazine.

Authored and managed two federal grants that awarded the La. State Police Crime Lab \$147,000 and \$237,000 to set up and develop a DNA laboratory.

A member of the La. State Police Crime Lab's ASCLD-LAB accreditation preparation committee.

Featured in the books The Bone Lady: Life as a Forensic Anthropologist by Mary Manhein, Rope Burns by Robert Scott, Smilin Acres: The Angry Victim by Chester Pritchett, An Invisible Man by Stephanie A. Stanley, and Soft Targets, A Woman's Guide to Survival by Detective Michael L. Varnado.

Featured on an episode of Split Screen that first aired on the Independent Film Channel, May 31, 1999.

Featured as a character on the "Kirstin Lobato Case" episode of Guilty or Innocent? that first aired on the Discovery Channel, April 1, 2005.

CURRICULUM VITAE

JOHN E. HIATT, PH.D.

- 1

EDUCATION

Occidental College, Los Angeles, California

A. B. Degree with honors in chemistry.

1959-1963

Yale University Graduate School, New Haven, Connecticut Ph.D. in organic chemistry.

1963-1968

POSTDOCTORAL TRAINING

Department of Chemistry, Stanford University Stanford, California 94304 Position: Postdoctoral Research Fellow in Organic Chemistry

1968-1970

Clinical Laboratory, University of California Medical Center, San Francisco, California 94122 Position: Postdoctoral trainee in Clinical Chemistry

1971-1973

EMPLOYMENT

Quest Diagnostics, formerly known as Associated Pathologists Laboratories and American Medical Laboratories, 4230 So. Burnham Ave., Suite 250, Las Vegas, NV 89119.

Position: Forensic Chemist: Responsible for Analytical Protocols, Data Review, Client Consultation and Expert Testimony. Solution of technical problems in all areas of the laboratory.

1976 - Present

Valley Clinical Laboratories, 74-040 El Paseo,
Palm Desert, CA 92260.
Position: Clinical Chemist and Assistant Laboratory
Director - Responsible for methods, instrumentation
and quality control.

1973-1976

OTHER

Qualified as an expert witness in the District Courts of Clark, Douglas, Elko, Lyon, Nye and Washoe Counties of the State of Nevada on the subject of analyses of drugs and alcohol in Biological fluids and interpretation of same.

QUEST DIAGNOSTICS INCORPORATED

FORENSIC LABORATORY STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

Date: 04/17/08

Name: John & Hiatt, Ph.D.

Title: Forensic Chemist

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Trace Evidence		Arson An	atysis		Ť
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noifulitien	Dates Altended	Ma	ı)or		Degree Completed
Docklental College, Los Angeles, CA.	1983	Chemistry		AB	5 5-2-
Yale University Graduate School, Connecticut	1988	Organic Chemistry		Ph.D.	
ADDITIONAL TRAINING /					
	Cou	rue / Seminar		=======	5 N W W
	_ Loca	Mich		Date	5
Postdoctoral Research Fellow in Organic Chemistry	Department of Che University	emistry, Stanford	1968-1970	7000	
Postdoctoral trainae in Clinical Chemistry	Clinical Laboratory California Medical		1971-1973		111000000000000000000000000000000000000

Court	Discipline	Number of Times
District Court, Douglas, Elko, Lyon, Nye, Washoe counties, Nevada	Expert Witness to testify regarding the analysis and interpretation of alcohol and controlled substances in biological samples	Several
Las Vegas Municipal Court, Nevada.	Expert witness concerning analysis of sicohol and drugs of abuse.	Several

Employer	Job Title	Date
Quest Diagnostics Incorporated, Las Vegas,	Technical Director	06/76 to 04/02
tv.	Foreneic Chamies	04/02 to Present
		The second of th
Valley Clinical Laboratories, Palm Desert, CA	Olinical Chemist and Assistant Laboratory Oirector	02/73 to 06/76
	HOFESSICHAL AFFILIATIONS	The state of the s
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PU	BLICATIONS / PRESENTATIONS	
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	OTHER QUALIFICATIONS	

PROFESSIONAL VITA BARRY T. BATES

PRESIDENT

Human Performance & Weilness, Inc. 3265 Chambers Street, Suite 200 Eugene, Oregon 97405-6004 (541) 683-1935; (702) 450-4838

PROFESSOR EMERITUS

University of Oregon
Eugene, Oregon 97403-1240
e-mail: hpw@mail.com
www.hpwbiomechanies.com

EDUCATION

Princeton University; Princeton, NJ; 1960; B.S.E.

East Stroudsburg State College; East Stroudsburg, PA; 1970; M.Ed.

Indiana University; Bloomington, IN; 1973; Ph.D.

*Undergraduate Major Area: Engineering

*Graduate Major Area: Human Performance: Biomechanics/Kinesiology

*Graduate Minor Area: Motor Learning, Computer Science, Statistics and Design

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Adjunct Professor: University of Nevada-Las Vegas; Las Vegas, NV
Professor Emeritus: University of Oregon; Eugene, OR
President: Human Performance & Wellness, Inc.; Eugene, OR
Professor: University of Oregon; Director: Biomechanics Laboratory; Eugene, OR
Head: Dept. of Exercise and Movement Science; University of Oregon; Eugene, OR
President: BioDynamics Foundation; Eugene, OR
Vice President: Bio-Dynamics Corporation; Eugene, OR
Founder, President: Bio-Dynamics Corporation; Senior Scientist; Eugene, OR
Associate Professor: University of Oregon; Director: Biomechanics Lab; Eugene, OR
Assistant Professor: University of Oregon; Director: Biomechanics Lab; Eugene, OR
Assistant Professor: University of Massachusetts; Amherst, MA
Graduate Student: Indiana University; Bloomington, IN
Director of Athletics: Blair Academy, Blairstown, NJ
Teacher of Mathematics: Blair Academy, Head Coach, Football; Blairstown, NJ
Teacher of Mathematics: Randor High School, Assistant Coach; Wayne, PA
Officer: U.S. Navy

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

American Academy of Kinesiology and Physical Education
American Alliance for Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance
American Board of Forensic Examiners
American College of Sports Medicine
American Society for Testing and Materials
American Society of Biomechanics
Human Factors and Ergonomics Society
International Society of Biomechanics
International Society for Biomechanics in Sports
Society of Automotive Engineers

B.T. Bates, B.S.E., Ph.D.

SELECTED HONORS AND PROFESSIONAL RECOGNITION

Visiting Professor, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology, Zurich, Switzerland, September, 1979.

Member, American College of Sports Medicine Committee on International Relations Delegation to the Soviet Union, Moscow, U.S.S.R., October, 1979.

Invited Lecturer, Division of Sports Medicine, American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons, "Biomechanics of Running: New Concepts", San Francisco, CA, 1979.

Invited Lecturer, American Orthopedic Foot Society, Inc., Twelfth Annual Meeting, Biomechanics of the Foot and Shoe Selection", New Orleans, LA, 1982.

Keynote Address, International Symposium of Biomechanics Aspects of Sports Protective Equipment, "Testing and Evaluation of Running Shoes", Waterloo, Ontario, Canada, 1983.

Recipient, Runner's World "Sportsmedicine All-Star Team", One of 25 international sports medicine experts named by peers for "contributions to the physical and emotional health of elite athletes and recreational runners, and to rapidly advancing sports medicine and knowledge", 1984.

Invited Participant, NASA Glove Workshop, Sponsor: NASA Tech. Applications Team, Houston, TX, 1985.

Elected Member, American Academy of Kinesiology and Physical Education, 1986.

Visiting Professor, Beijing Institute of Physical Education, Beijing, People's Republic of China, July, 1988. Lifetime Member, President's Associates, University of Oregon, 1992.

Keynote Speaker, International Society of Biomechanics in Sports, "Individual Accommodation Strategies to Running and Landing Impact Forces", Amherst, MA, 1993.

Invited Lecturer, Biomechanics Academy Symposium, "Lower Extremity Function: Injury and Performance Factors", Portland, OR, 1995.

Invited Speaker, International Conference on Women, "Lower Extremity Function During Running and Landing" and "Landing Models: Evaluation of Elite Volleyball Players", Alexandria, Egypt, 1995.

Invited Speaker, American College of Sports Medicine, "Biomechanics of Running", Cincinnati, OH, 1996.

Invited Speaker, American College of Sports Medicine, "The Value of the Individual in the Research Paradigm: Single Subject Methodology", Cincinnati, OH, 1996.

Invited Speaker, Eighth National Measurement and Evaluation Symposium, "Experimental and Statistical Design Issues in Human Movement Research", Corvallis, OR, 1996.

Selected as member of ASICS International Sport Science and Sports Medicine Forum, 1996.

Certified, Fellow of the American Board of Forensic Examiners, 1997.

Recipient, Ruth B. Glassow Award, Contributions in Applied Biomechanics, Biomechanics Academy, 1999, Keynote Speaker, Australasian Podiatry Conference, Methyen, New Zealand, 1999.

Invited Participant, Oregon State Bar Convention, "Using Expert Witnesses to Win", Seaside, OR, 1999.

Scholar Lecturer, Texas Tech Univ, "The Hows and Whys of Lower Extremity Injury", Lubbock, TX, 2001.

Scholar Lecturer, University of Nevada Las Vegas, "Individual Accommodation to Running Injury", Las Vegas, NV, 2002.

Hall of Fame Inductee, Muhlenberg High School, Reading, PA, 2002.

RESEARCH, PUBLICATIONS, PRESENTATIONS

Actively involved in research in the areas of human performance (biomechanics and human factors) for 25 years, resulting in more than 120 academic publications and 200 presentations.

Developed the Biomechanics Laboratory and co-developed the Biomechanics/Sports Medicine Laboratory. Organized an interdisciplinary research team and was primary administrator for laboratory grants in excess of one million dollars. For a comprehensive listing, please see http://darkwing.ugregop.edu/~btbates/vita.htm

B.T. Bates, B.S.E., Ph.D.

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FILED

MTN DAVID M. SCHIECK 2 35 PH '09 SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER Nevada Bar No. 0824 Randall H. Pike Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia Palm Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax rpike@co.clark.nv.us 8 palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attorneys for O'Keefe 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII 14 Plaintiff. VS. 15 BRIAN O'KEEFE #1447732 16 Defendant 17 18 DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO REQUIRE THE COURT TO ADVISE THE 19 PROSPECTIVE JURORS AS TO THE MANDATORY SENTENCES REQUIRED IF THE DEFENDANT IS CONVICTED OF SECOND DEGREE MURDER. 20 21 Date of Hearing: 3-10-09 Time of Hearing: 8:00am 22 COMES NOW the Defendant herein, BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDALL PIKE, Assistant Special Public Defender, and PATRICIA PALM, Deputy Special Public

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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Defender, and hereby offer the following motion to require the trial Court to

advise the jury as to the mandatory sentences required if the Defendant is convicted of second degree Murder with use of a deadly weapon.

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NOTICE OF MOTION

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TO: STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff; and

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TO: PHILLIP SMITH, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney, Attorney for Plaintiff
YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring on the

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above and foregoing MOTION on for hearing on the <u>IO</u> day of March, 2009 at the hour of 8:00 a.m., in Department No. XVII of the above-entitled Court, or as

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soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

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STATEMENT OF FACTS

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Brian O'Keefe and Victoria Whitmarsh ("Victoria"), the alleged victim in this matter, enjoyed a fairly long, but tumultuous relationship together. They dated and cohabitated on and off since 2001, after meeting in a treatment facility.

During the relationship, in 2004, Brian was ultimately convicted of burglary (entry into the couple's joint dwelling with intent to commit a crime against Victoria). He was given a sentence of probation for that crime, but he was later convicted of a third offense domestic battery against Victoria. He went to prison in March 2005.

When he was released from prison in March 2007, he initiated a relationship with a woman named Cheryl Morris. (PHT 63) He separated with Ms. Morris several months before the incident so that Victoria could move into his apartment with

him. Ms. Morris testified at the time of the preliminary hearing that Victoria voluntarily reentered into a relationship with Brian and began cohabitating with

him in his apartment. (PHT 74) Victoria had called Ms. Morris several times and discussed her decision to return to Brian. (PHT 66). At the time of the incident in

November 2008, he was 45 years old. Victoria was 54.

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1	She died of one stab wound to her side. (PHT 4) Armbruster tried to go
2	towards Brian, who took a swing at Armbruster. Brian then returned to attend to
3	Victoria. Armbruster described Brian as appearing to be intoxicated and
4	disoriented. (PHT 60) He was stumbling and not very steady on his feet. (PHT
5	61-62) Neighbors called 911 at 11:00 p.m. (PHT 52) The police responded and
6	found Brian lying on the floor next to Victoria's dead body, cradling and stroking
7	her head. (PHT 26-27, 43-44) Although he was unarmed, his behavior was
8	erratic, and at times he was incoherent. PHT 24
9	Victoria and Brian were drinking partners and were often seen drinking
10	together on the patio of the residence where the incident occurred. (PHT 60)
11	They had both been drinking on the date of the incident, and at the time of her
12	death, Victoria's blood alcohol content was .24. (PHT 6) At the homicide offices
13	subsequent to his arrest, Brian gave a rambling statement indicating that he was
14	not aware of Victoria's death or its cause. In the interview, which began at 1:20
15	a.m., he was emotional, crying, raising his voice, talking to himself, slurring,
16	belligerent, ridiculous, and detectives noted that he might be a "nut." (PHT 83-
17	85, 93) Detective Wildemann agreed that during the interview, Brian smelled
18	heavily of alcohol, and during photographs taken subsequent to the interview, at
19	about 3:55 a.m., officers held him upright to steady him. (PHT 91-93) Detective
20	Wildemann agreed that it was "pretty obvious" that Brian had been drinking.
21	(PHT 94)
22	POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
23	It is not uncommon for the members of a jury to misunderstand jury
24	instructions or to carry improper beliefs as to the impact of sentencing into the
25	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5
26	Court. The Capital Jury Project, a national research endeavor funded by the
27	National Science Foundation, interviewed people who had served on death

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ARK COUNTY REVADA

penalty juries from 15 states around the country. They found that approximately 1 50% of jurors interviewed decided what the penalty should be before the sentencing phase of the trial. This is before they have heard mitigating evidence from the defense or received instructions from the judge about how to make the 5 punishment decision. The Capital Jury Project found that most jurors grossly underestimated the amount of time a defendant would serve in prison if not sentenced to death, and the sooner that jurors believed a defendant would return to society if not given the death penalty, the more likely they were to vote for 10 death. Recognizing this, it becomes clearer and clearer that juries should be 11 made aware of the "harsh mandatory minimum" sentencing rules in certain 12 cases—particularly homicides. The jury's required role in finding facts necessary 13 to support a criminal conviction and a basis for sentencing enhancement is 14 prescribed by the Fifth and Sixth Amendments. The Sixth Amendment provides 15 that in criminal proceedings, "the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and 16 17 public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall 18 have been committed," U.S. Const, amend. VI. The Fifth Amendment guarantees 19 that no one will be deprived of "life, liberty, or property without due process of 20 law." U.S. Const, amend. V. Together these Amendments require "criminal 21 convictions to rest upon a jury determination that the defendant is guilty of every 22 23 element of the crime with which he is charged, beyond a reasonable doubt." 24 United States v. Gaudin, 515 U.S. 506, 510, 115 S. Ct. 2310, 132 L. Ed. 2d 444 25 (1995) (citing Sullivan v. Louisiana, 508 U.S. 275, 277-78, 113 S. Ct. 2078, 124 26 L. Ed. 2d 182 (1993)). 27

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1 Okeefe, you had an opportunity to see him both when he was sober and both when he was intoxicated, is that 2 3 correct? 4 A. Yes. 5 And up to the time close to the time when you Q. 6 left, was he drinking more or less than he usually 7 did? 8 A. I would say that he was drinking a little bit 9 more. 10 Q. What was he drinking usually? 11 Beer. But on occasions he would drink vodka A. 12 and pretend as though I wouldn't know. 13 When he was drinking or when you saw him drink alcoholic beverages, did his general attitude 14 15 change? 16 When he was drinking beer he was okay, he A. 17 never really got violent. When it was hard liquor, 18 that was a different story. With works I had 19 experienced that situation with him. 20 When you say you experienced that, you saw Q. 21 that his demeanor changed? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. Did he become more or less violent? 24 More violent. A. 25 During the time that you were residing with Q.

> MERCER & ASSOCIATES (702) 388-2973

1	him or, excuse me, when you made the decision to move
2	out and when you talked with Victoria, did she
3	indicate to you in the conversation that she had with
4	you that she was frightened of Mr. Okeefe in any way?
5	A. No.
6	Q. And approximately how long prior to the time
7	that you became aware that she had passed away did
8	this conversation occur?
9	A. There were several conversations with her
10	throughout, from June through, I think it was August.
11	Q. Were all of these over the telephone?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Did any of these relate to the ongoing
14	relationship between her and Mr. Okeefe or you and Mr.
15	Okeefe?
16	A. I don't understand,
17	Q. It was a poor question, I'm sorry.
18	What basically were the conversations
19	about?
20	Ar Media es
21	a a last of letter was made appears has willied
- 1	week with her and he had actually come back to me
22	saying he no longer wanted to be with her, that he
23	wanted to be with me, she was poison, I was the good
4	person, or the good girl, is what he would say. And

that he did not want to have anything to do with her.

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But there were occasions in between June through the time that we had broke up that he had actually gone to see her and he wouldn't come home for a couple of days.

Q. During that time, your conversation with Mrs. Whitmarsh, did she indicate to you that she would often initiate going back with Mr. Okeefe?

MR. SMITH: Objection to relevance, Judge. Either that or it's hearsay, under no exception.

MR. PIKE: Certainly it is hearsay. The exception is the State has brought forth hearsay evidence to indicate their belief or their theory as to premeditation, deliberation or mental intent at the time that this occurred. If there was any sort of planning or question about planning, then this is in direct response to that. It's reliable, there is a general exception to the hearsay rule when the evidence is inherently reliable. And it may involve the mental state of Mrs. Whitmarsh at the time they were getting back together.

MR. SMITH: My reply would be her mental state, whether or not she was going to get back with him has nothing to do with the admissions that I've elicited on direct testimony regarding premeditation or deliberation or planning.

1	THE COURT: The objection is overruled.
2	Ask the question again. You can answer
3	MR. PIKE:
4	Q. During the conversation did she ever talk
5	with you about her initiating, reconnecting with Mr.
6	Okeefe?
7	A. One of the lengthier conversations she said
8	she did not want to have anything to do with him, that
9	she could not take care of him, that he was a grown
10	man and he could take care of himself. I asked why
11	she wanted to be with him and if whether or not she
12	loved him or not. And her reply to me, and I never
13	told Mr. Okeefe this, but her reply to me was "I just
14	keep him around because somebody has to love
15	somebody."
16	MR. SMITH: I'm just going to continue my
17	objection, for the record
18	MR. PIKE:
19	Q. Since the arrest of Mr. Okeefe, have you had
20	any contact with Mr. Okeefe?
21	A. Yes, I did.
22	Q. And what was that?
23	A. That was, I believe, two weeks ago I went to
24	visit him because a friend of mine had called and had
25	informed me that Bryan had sent a letter to his sister

77 1 stating that the district attorney had given him some information and said things that I did not say. And I 2 3 went to Bryan and I asked him about it, and that was 4 pretty much the conversation. 5 Since this has occurred, were you able to go 6 back in to the apartment after the police had cleared 7 it to get the rest of your personal items out of the 8 apartment? 9 A. The items that I took -- yes, I did. I was 10 able to go back there. I do not remember when. But 11 I was able to go ahead and retrieve the key for the 12 car. The other key is missing, we don't know where 13 that's at, and some paperwork for the car and the car 14 itself. 15 Q. It doesn't indicate, according to the 16 records, that it was impounded? 17 No. I just had to take it back. I had to A. 18 turn it in because the car payments were behind.

Q. During the course of this have you had a opportunity to talk with any of the other neighbors that were there at that time?

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- A. Just what we saw outside when we all gathered out there.
- At that point in time you shared what you Q. knew about the case and they shared what they knew

1 about the case? 2 They spoke about their feelings and why they 3 were here. Without saying what they said, you guys just 4 Q. 5 kind of talked about what you knew, what you felt 6 about the case? 7 A. Yes. 8 During the course of your conversations with Q. 9 Mrs. Whitmarsh, did she talk to you about the two of 10 them drinking together? 11 A. Yes. 12 What did she say about that ? Q. 13 MR. SMITH: Again, judge, I'd renew my objection, hearsay, and I'd also add relevance. 14 15 THE COURT: Relevance? 16 MR. PIKE: Relevance would have to be with 17 whether or not mutual drinking, if both of them were 18 drinking together, if that precipitated any sort of 19 violence or if she felt threatened by his drinking? 20 MR. SMITH: It's not really tailored to 21 the night in question, it's more propensity than 22 anything, which is specifically precluded by statute. 23 It's no different than us asking is a person a

> MERCER & ASSOCIATES (702) 388-2973

MR. PIKE: I'll withdraw the question.

24

25

habitual drug user.

000105

1	Q. During the time during your observations
2	when Mr. Okeefe was drinking, he became a little bit
3	louder, a little bit I guess meaner, would that be
4	a good term? Or how would you describe it?
5	A. That would only be when he was drinking hard
6	liquor. When he was drinking beer, he was pretty
7	mellow person.
8	Q. And you never during the time he was
9	intoxicated, although he may have said he was angry
10	about things, he was never physically violent with
11	you?
12	A. He hit me a couple times, once in the arm,
13	and pinned me up against a wall.
14	MR. PIKE: I have no further questions.
15	MR. SMITH: Briefly.
l 6	
17	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
8	
19	MR, SMITH:
20	Q. Ma'am, you said something on
21	Cross-examination, I just want to make sure it's
22	clear. Do you recall telling Mr. Pike that Miss
23	Whitmarsh had said something to you about I better be
4	careful because when he gets mad he hurt me?

25

A. Correct.

1	Q. She stated to you that she had better be
2	careful or else Mr. Okeefe would hurt her or
3	A. No, she stated that I would need to be
4	careful because if I got Mr. Okeefe upset, that Mr.
5	Okeefe would hurt me.
6	Q. So she did not say to you that she had better
7	be careful or Mr. Okeefe would hurt her?
8	A. No.
9	Q. And one final question. 5001 El Parque, is
10	that in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada?
11	A. Yes, it is.
12	MR. SMITH: No further questions.
13	
14	RECROSS EXAMINATION
15	
16	MR. PIKE:
17	Q. When you were demonstrating the physical act
18	and you said in the rib cage, would that be in the
19	sternum, or front part of your chest?
20	A. Right here.
21	Q. For the record, you're pointing directly?
22	A. Off to one side, closer to the heart.
23	Q. But in the front?
24	A. Correct.
25	MR. PIKE: Thank you. That's all.
- 1	

1	THE COURT: Thank you for your time this
2	morning. You're excused.
3	MR. SMITH: Judge, at this point the
4	State's going to rest. I do understand they want to
5	call the detective. I have agreed, even though they
6	are calling him as their witness I will permit them to
7	lead.
θ	THE COURT: State's rested. Any
9	Witnesses?
10	MS. PALM: We are calling Detective
11	Wildemann.
12	
13	(Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.)
14	
15	THE CLERK: State your name, for the
16	record, and spell it.
17	THE WITNESS: Detective Martin Wildemann,
18	W i-1-d-e-m-a-n-n.
19	
20	DIRECT EXAMINATION
21	
22	MS. PALM:
23	Q. Good morning, detective?
24	A. Good morning,
25	Q. You were working on the morning of November

1 6, 2008? 2 Α. Yes. 3 And at that time, that morning, did you have Q. 4 an opportunity to interview my client, Mr. Okeefe? 5 Α. Yes, I did. 6 And that was with Detective Keiger? Q. 7 A. Yes. в I'm not going to ask you questions about the 9 content of the interview as far as what he stated, I'm just interested in the conditions of the interview? 10 11 A. Okay. 12 Q. And his condition. 13 Have you reviewed the video tape of the 14 interview? 15 Α. I haven't recently, no, ma'am. 16 If the time stamp on it reflects it starts in ο. the interview room at 1:20 in the morning, would that 17 18 be accurate? 19 That would be accurate. 20 Do you know if he was there for a while Q. 21 before the tape started rolling? 22 I don't believe so. I think as he was being A. placed in there I was trying to get the equipment 23 24 situated and working. 25 And if the time stamp shows, the official Q.

interview shows at the time you came in and started 1 recording and give Miranda was about 1:45, does that 3 sound accurate? 4 A. That's what I recall, yes. 5 During the interview Mr. Okeefe is shackled? 0. 6 I believe he had one handcuff to a bar, yes, A. ma'am. 7 8 And he's drinking coffee? Q. 9 A. Yes. 10 About three cups during the course of the Q. 11 interview be right? 12 I don't know. He definitely had more than Α. 13 one, I can remember that. 14 In watching that video, would you agree that 15 he's sort of talking to himself or to nobody in particular prior to the recording of the interview? 16 Yes, there's times when he's talking alone in 17 A. 18 the room. 19 And during the course of the interview with Q. 20 you he's also emotional? 21 A. Yes. 22 0. At times he cries? 23 A. Yes. 24 Other times he raises his voice? 0. 25 Α. Yes.

1	Q. And would you agree that he's slurring his
2	words?
3	A. At times.
4	Q. And at the beginning of the interview you had
5	told him that she was unconscious, is that correct?
6	A. Can you refer to it for me? That would be
7	great. Like I said, I have not looked at the
8	interview recently.
9	Q. Would you agree you hadn't told him she's
10	dead.
11	A. That I hadn't? I don't believe I told him
12	right away that she had passed away, no, ma'am.
13	Q. Do you recall that he was kind of talking
14	about her in the first person without saying what he
15	said?
16	A. Without saying what?
17	Q. I'm not asking you what he said, but he was
18	referring to her in the first person, as if she's
19	still present?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. At times during the interview he was
22	belligerent with you?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And he's not really answering your questions,
25	is he?

1	A. No.
2	Q. And you even make a note hey, you go off on
3	tangents easily?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And it's hard to get any information from
6	him?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And you actually threaten to walk out a
9	couple times because he's not being interviewed well?
10	A. Right, yes, ma'am.
11	Q. Do you recall telling him he's being utterly
12	ridiculous a couple times?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. When the interview terminated, it terminated
15	by you actually walking out; is that correct?
16	A. I'm not positive on that.
17	O. I can show you the end of the transcript if
18	that will help you refresh?
19	A. Just tell me the page number, I have mine
20	with me.
21	Q. Page 34?
22	A. Did I just get up and walk out?
23	Q. Kind of looks like it, you and Detective
24	Keiger?
25	A. Okay.
- 1	

1	Q. Is that accurate?
2	A. It looks like, I don't make a formal
3	statement, but it looks like I pretty much terminated
4	altus
5	Q. You got frustrated and walked out?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Do you recall telling Detective Keiger, "You
8	might want to leave the door open because he might be
9	a fucking nut"?
10	A. I believe I said that to the officers
11	outside.
12	Q. And that's based on his erratic interview
13	during the entire interview?
14	A. Yes, his aggressive behavior.
15	Q. He wasn't being physically aggressive,
16	correct?
17	A. He got up and made very, you know, aggressive
18	gestures with his arms and things like that. I recall
19	telling him what you're doing right now, that's not
20	smart.
21	Q. He didn't come at you, did he?
22	A. No, he did not try to hit me, if that's what
23	you're asking.
24	Q. And you became aware during the course of the
25	interview that he had been in rehab in the past?

1	Α.	I don't recall that. Is there a page you're
2	looking	at?
3	Q.	I can direct you to page 8, 15 and 16.
4	A.	I'm on eight.
5	Q.	Toward the bottom?
б	A.	Okay, talking about a sponsor, yes.
7	Q.	So you're aware he'd been in rehab?
8	A.	Yes.
9	Ω.	And you became aware that there was a
10	purchase	of alcohol by Miss Whitmarsh during the day
11	of the in	ncident?
12	A.	I believe that's what he stated.
13	Q.	Did you ever follow-up on that, check for
14	receipts	P
15	A.	I did not at the scene, I wasn't there. I'm
16	not sure	if my partner was able to find anything like
17	that or m	ot.
18	Q.	And you became aware during the interview
19	that the	couple had been at the Paris Hotel during the
20	day?	
21	A.	That's what he stated, yes.
22	Q.	Did you ever recover video tapes of
23	surveilla	nce tapes at the Paris Hotel?
24	Α.	No, ma'am.
5	Q.	Have you requested it?
- 4		

1	A. No, ma'am.
2	Q. You asked him during the interview how he go
3	the marks on his face?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as Defense
6	Exhibit C. Is that how his face looked when you saw
7	him?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And that injury was already there?
10	A, Yes.
11	Q. Did you have any information that told you
12	when that injury occurred?
13	A. No.
14	Q. Did you have any information that he was
15	injured during his arrest?
16	A. I did have information regarding that, yes.
17	Q. That he was injured?
18	A. Well, he was tazed. I didn't know the extent
19	of injuries that that caused or what happened, if he
20	struck his head, I didn't know that.
21	Q. And you looked at the crime scene photos in
22	this case?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And this picture in particular, do you know
25	who's holding his head up?

1	A. That's me.
2	Q. This picture did not appear to be taken
3	during any interview room. Was that at the scene?
4	A. I believe we took photos at the scene also.
5	Q. You were at the scene also?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. So this is your arm holding his head?
8	A. Yes. That has to be at the scene, because
9	I'm wearing a jacket.
10	THE COURT: Which Exhibit is that?
11	MS. PALM: This is Defense C.
12	Q. If the time stamp on the video reflects that
13	the interview concluded at 3:28, would that be about
14	accurate?
15	A. I doubt the interview concluded. Once again,
16	I'd have to review that. It might have been when we
17	were done processing him. Is that the last time stamp
18	before it shuts off?
19	Q. No, that would be 3:55 you come back in with
20	C.S.A. Ford. It looked like the interview concluded
21	at the 3:28 time?
22	A. Okay. I'm going to have to go with you on
23	that, I haven't reviewed the video.
24	Q. You had to take kind of a long break during
25	the middle of the interview, is that true?

1	A, Yes.
2	Q. So after the interview was concluded do you
3	recall coming back in with C.S.A. Dan Ford and some
4	other officers for photographs?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as Defens
7	Exhibits A and B. Do you recall when these
8	photographs were taken?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And that's in the interview room after your
11	interview?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. So around 3:55 in the morning?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Do you know who the person is that's holding
16	Mr. Okeefe upright?
17	A. That's an officer, and I don't know which
18	officer that is.
19	Q. So it's not you?
20	A. That is not me, no.
21	Q. And is that how you recall Mr. Okeefe looking
22	at the time?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. During the photographs do you recall noting
25	that Mr. Okeefe had several injuries on him?

	3 SW-3	#In 1927 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
1	A.	Yes.
2	Q.	Including bruises and scratch marks?
3	A.	Yes.
4	Ω.	Those were also photographed?
5	A.	Yes,
6	Q.	And one of the reasons you do that is because
7	you unde	rstand you have to preserve exculpatory
8	e⊽idence	also?
9	A.	Yes.
10	Q.	It might be exculpatory that he has those
11	injuries	?
12	Α.	Yes, ma'am.
13	Q.	During that process of photographing him you
14	also che	ck his clothing?
15	Α.	Yes.
16	Q.	Do you recall who impounded that clothing?
17	A.	It would have been C.S.A. Ford.
18	Q.	So he should have an impound report from
19	that?	
20	A.	Yes, ma'am.
21	Q.	Mr. Okeefe is cooperative during this
22	process,	is that true?
23	A.	Somewhat, yes.
24	Q.	You ask for a penile swab?
25	A.	Yes.
Í		

1 He mentions he might need an attorney but he Q. 2 gives you a penile swab? 3 Α. Yes. 4 You ask for buccal swabs and he does that? Q. 5 Α. Yes. 6 Did you have a warrant for those? Q. 7 Α. No. 8 Do you recall helping hold him upright while ο. he dressed, kind of to steady him whim he's putting on 9 10 the white jump suit? 11 I do recall that. I don't know if it was me A. 12 personally. 13 Q. If it looks like you on the video? 14 Α. Is it me? Okay. 15 And do you recall helping him put his little Q. 16 bootie on right because it was not put on correctly? 17 A. Yes. 18 What is the protocol, if you can tell me, for Q. Metro whether you determine when to take or offer a 19 20 suspect a blood or breath alcohol test? 21 A. Ask that again, I'm sorry. 22 Does Metro have a protocol, especially in 0. homicide cases, when an officer or detective would 23 offer a suspect a blood or breath alcohol test or take 24 25 one?

1	A.	We don't have a protocol for that.
2	Q.	You do it in some cases?
3	A.	I can't think of one that I ve done it in.
4	Q.	Are you aware of other cases where it's been
5	done?	
6	A.	No, ma'am.
7	Q.	Have you reviewed the reports of the
8	arrestin	g officers in this case?
9	A.	You mean, the patrolmen?
10	Q.	Actually, I'm sorry, the recording
11	conversa	tions of the officers who were on scene?
12	A.	I have not reviewed them recently, no, ma'am.
13	Q.	If Mr. Okeefe was described by some of them
14	as smell	ing heavily of alcohol, would you agree with
15	that?	
16	A.	Yes.
17	Q.	So he smelled heavily of alcohol in the
18	intervie	w room?
19	A.	Yes.
20	Q.	And as you said, he was a little slurred in
21	his speed	ch?
22	A.	Yes.
23	Q.	You asked him one question whether he was
24	drinking	and he never really answered that, did he?
25	A.	That's what I recall, not answering it.
,1.		1

1	Q. Was it pretty obvious to you that he had bee
2	drinking?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. How long have you been a homicide detective,
5	officer?
6	A. Detective seven years.
7	Q. As a homicide detective, are you aware of
8	case law saying a person's voluntarily intoxication
9	could negate a person's liability from first to second
10	degree?
11	A. I'm not
12	MR. SMITH: Object, relevance.
13	MS. PALM: It's relevant to this
14	investigation, also relevant to the Miranda waiver in
15	this case.
16	THE COURT: Overruled.
17	THE WITNESS: I'm not aware.
18	MS. PALM:
19	Q. You're not aware of that case law?
20	A. No.
21	Q. Did you request any forensic testing on the
22	evidence in this case?
23	A. Can I look at my book real quick.
24	Q. Sure.
25	A. Yes.

1	Q- You did?
2	A. Yes, ma'am.
3	Q. Can you tell me what you requested?
4	A. We requested any latent prints be examined.
5	We requested a swab, blood taken at the scene to be
6	compared to that of Mr. Okeefe and Miss Whitmarsh. We
7	requested an analysis of the knife and the blood on
8	the knife and to check it for prints. And a pair of
9	black stretch pants that were recovered at the scene,
10	apparently they were covered in blood or had blood on
11	them, to be compared to the suspect and the victim.
12	We also requested an analysis of buccal swabs
13	collected, a sexual assault kit collected at autopsy
14	and a medical examiner's kit collected at autopsy.
15	Q. Do you know if that medical examiners kit
16	included preservation of any material under Miss
17	Whitmarsh's fingernails?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. So that was recovered, or material was
20	recovered?
21	A. The fingernails, I don't know if they were
22	clipped or scraped, but that was done, yes.
23	Q. And you requested that testing?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Do you have any reports back yet?

1	A. No, ma'am. Let me confirm that, I'm sorry.
2	No, we don't.
3	Q. And you would agree to provide the district
4	attorney so defense counsel could have copies of your
5	requests for expert testing?
6	A. Of the requests themselves?
7	Q. Yes.
8	A. Absolutely.
9	MS. PALM: No further questions.
10	MR. SMITH: Nothing, Judge.
11	THE COURT: Thank you for your time today.
12	Anything else on behalf of defense?
13	MR. PIKE: We've advised the defendant of
14	his right to testify or not testify at the time of the
15	preliminary hearing. Upon advice of counsel he will
16	not be testifying this morning. The defense has no
17	other witnesses.
18	THE COURT: Thank you.
19	On behalf of the State?
50	MR. SMITH: I'm going to submit it.
21	THE COURT: Argument?
22	MR. PIKE: We'll submit it.
≥3	THE COURT: It appearing from the amended
4	criminal complaint on file and testimony adduced at
25	today's hearing that the sains as

1	deadly weapon has been committed, there's sufficient
2	evidence that the defendant, Bryan Okeefe, has
3	committed said offense, I hereby order he be bound
4	over and held to answer in the Eighth Judicial
5	District Court.
6	THE CLERK: January 6, nine a.m.,
7	Department Five, lower level, district court
8	arraignments.
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12	ATTEST: Full, true and accurate transcript of
13	proceedings.
14	\sim .
15	TON MEDGER C.C. P. No. 33
16	TOM MERCER, C.C.R. No. 33
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ORIGINAL

FILED 0001 DAVID SCHIECK Special Public Defender 7009 JAN 26 ₽ 3 06 Nevada Bar No. 0824 RANDALL H. PIKE Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 PATRICIA PALM Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 S. Third Street, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2316

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII

14 VS.

BRIAN O'KEEFE,

(702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax

rpike@co.clark.nv.us Palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attomeys for O'KEEFE

Defendant.

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SPECIAL PUBLIC PEFENDER CLARK COUNTY

PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS OF IN THE ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO PRECLUDE PROSECUTION FROM SEEKING FIRST DEGREE MURDER CONVICTION BASED UPON THE FAILURE TO COLLECT EVIDENCE

TO: The Honorable Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Clark:

The Petition of RANDALL H. PIKE, Assistant Special Public Defender for the abovecaptioned individual, respectfully shows:

- 1. Petitioner is a duly qualified, practicing and licensed attorney and court-appointed counsel for Defendant BRIAN O'KEEFE (hereinafter "O'KEEFE").
 - 2. That Petitioner makes application herein on behalf of her client for a Writ of Habeas

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Corpus; that the place where Applicant is restrained of his liberty is the Clark County Detention Center; that the officer by whom he is restrained is DOUG GILLESPIE, Sheriff.

- 3. That the imprisonment and restraint of said above-captioned client of Petitioner is unlawful in that the evidence adduced at the time of the Preliminary Hearing supports only remanding the matter to the District Court for trial on the charge of second degree murder: That the complaint charge of Open Murder is not supported by evidence.
 - That client of Petitioner waives the 60-day limitation for bringing said client to trial.
- That client of Petitioner consents that if the Petition is not decided within 15 days
 before the date set for trial, the Court may, without notice or hearing, continue the trial indefinitely to
 a date designated by the Court;
- 6. That client of Petitioner consents that if any party appeals the Court's rulings and the appeal is not determined before the date set for trial, the trial date is automatically vacated and the trial postponed unless the Court otherwise orders.
- That no other Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus has heretofore been filed on behalf of defendant on this particular issue.

WHEREFORE, Petitioner prays that the Honorable Court issue an order directing the Clark County Clerk to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus directed to the said Sheriff, commanding him to bring the above-captioned defendant before your Honor, and return the cause of imprisonment.

DATED this day of January, 2009.

Respectfully submitted

Randall H. Pike

Assistant Special Public Defender

Nevada Bar No. 1940

Patricia Palm

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Deputy Special Public Defender

Nevada Bar No. 6009

330 S. Third Street, Second Floor

Las Vegas, NV 89155

SPECIAL PUBLIC WEPERDER

CLARK COUNTY NEVADA n00196

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS or in the alternative MOTION TO PRECLUDE STATE FROM SEEKING FIRST DEGREE MURDER CONVICTION BASED ON FAILURE TO COLLECT EVIDENCE

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Brian O'Keefe and Victoria Whitmarsh ("Victoria"), the alleged victim in this matter, enjoyed a fairly long, but tumultuous relationship together. They dated and cohabitated on and off since 2001, after meeting in a treatment facility. During the relationship, in 2004, Brian was ultimately convicted of burglary (entry into the couple's joint dwelling with intent to commit a crime against Victoria). He was given a sentence of probation for that crime, but his probation was later revoked when convicted of a third offense domestic battery against Victoria. He went to prison in March 2005. When he was released from prison in March 2007, he initiated a relationship with a woman named Cheryl Morris. (PHT 63) He separated with Ms. Morris several months before the incident so that Victoria could move into his apartment with him. Ms. Morris testified at the time of the preliminary hearing that Victoria voluntarily reentered into a relationship with Brian and began cohabitating with him in his apartment. (PHT 74) Victoria had called Ms. Morris several times and discussed her decision to return to Brian. (PHT 66)

At the time of the incident in November 2008, he was 45 years old. Victoria was 54. On the evening of the incident, a neighbor who lived below Brian and Victoria's apartment, Charles Toliver, reported to Todd Armbruster that he thought the girl who lived above him was dead. (PHT 55) Armbruster went upstairs and saw Victoria lying on the ground. (PHT 55) She died of one stab wound to her side. (PHT 4) Armbruster tried to go towards Brian, but Brian took a swing at Armbruster, and returned to attend to Victoria. Armbruster described Brian as appearing to be intoxicated and disoriented. (PHT 60) He was stumbling and not very steady on his feet. (PHT 61-62) Neighbors called 911 at 11:00 p.m. (PHT 52) The police responded and found Brian lying on the floor next to Victoria's dead body, cradling and stroking her head. (PHT 26-27, 43-44)
Although he was unarmed, his behavior was erratic, and at times he was incoherent. PHT 24. He did not cooperate with commands to move away from his position of lying with Victoria's body.

After two TAZER shots he was handcuffed, removed from the premises and taken to the homicide

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER offices. (PHT 30-31, 45-47) He was in physical custody of law enforcement within twelve minutes from the 911 call. (PHT 52)

Victoria and Brian were drinking partners and were often seen drinking together on the patio of the residence where the incident occurred. (PHT 60) They had both been drinking on the date of the incident, and at the time of her death, Victoria's blood alcohol content was .24. (PHT 6) At the preliminary hearing. Medical Examiner Dr. Benjamin testified that the combination of Victoria's medications, as indicated by her toxicology screen and alcohol abuse could cause suicidal, violent or combative behavior by her. (PHT 8) Additionally, although Victoria's body showed multiple bruises, Victoria had Hepatitis C and somewhat advanced Cirrhosis of the liver, which is known to cause bruising upon slight bumping contact or other types of pressure to the body that is less that what is normally required for bruising. (PHT 5-6)

At the homicide offices subsequent to his arrest, Brian gave a rambling statement indicating that he was not aware of Victoria's death or its cause. In the interview, which began at 1:20 a.m., he was emotional, crying, raising his voice, talking to himself, slurring, belligerent, ridiculous, and detectives noted that he might be a "nut." (PHT 83-85, 93) Detective Wildemann agreed that during the interview, Brian smelled heavily of alcohol, and during photographs taken subsequent to the interview, at about 3:55 a.m., officers held him upright to steady him. (PHT 91-93) Detective Wildemann agreed that it was "pretty obvious" that Brian had been drinking. (PHT 94)

Brian was extremely intoxicated at the time of the incident, having recently relapsed into his addiction to alcohol. The fact that the government was or should have been aware of Brian's intoxication was shown by the preliminary hearing testimony of arresting officers, Homicide Detective Wildemann and lay witness Todd Armbruster, and is also evidenced in the video recording of Brian's interview with homicide detectives and the photographs documenting his arrest. The strong odor of alcohol about Brian's person at the time of his arrest is also documented in the statement and preliminary hearing testimony of arresting officer Ballejos. (PHT 35) The defense is not able to show what Brian's blood alcohol level was because law enforcement did not preserve this evidence by obtaining a test for his breath or blood alcohol level either before or after the interview.

ARGUMENT

FAILURE TO PRESERVE GATHERED EVIDENCE IS GROUNDS FOR DISMISSAL

In the present case, the Defendant's actions during arrest were erratic. (PHT 24) He did apparently not understand officers' demands or orders, and officers were required to use a TAZER and subject him to two electric shocks. (PHT 27-31, 45-47) Some of the officers on the scene described Mr. O'Keefe as "smelling heavily of alcohol." (PHT 35, 93) The interviewing Detective Wildemann was questioned during the presentation of the Preliminary Hearing, and he noted that the Defendant "smelled heavily of alcohol" in the interview room (PHT 93) and that he was a "little slurred in his speech." (id.) Indeed, the Detective had to help him put a "bootie" on his right foot because he had not put in on correctly, and officers helped steady him when his photographs were taken subsequent to the interview. (PHT 90-92) It was "pretty obvious" to the interviewing detective that Brian had been drinking. (PHT 94)

The loss of material and potentially exculpatory evidence by a law enforcement agency can deprive a defendant of the opportunity to corroborate his or her testimony, thereby severely prejudicing the defense.

Cook v. State, 114 Nev. 120, 124, 953 P.2d 712 (1998).

The government is flirting with the danger of reversal any time evidence is lost or inadvertently destroyed. When evidence is seized, the government should take every reasonable precaution to preserve it.

United States v. Heiden, 508 F.2d 898, 903 n. 1 (9th Cir. 1974).

In the present case, Detective Wildemann provided some background on his training and service within the LVMPD. He has served as a homicide detective for seven years. (PHT 94) He directed a series of requests for forensic testing and supervised the collection of the evidence from the crime scene. This evidence included "latent prints...a swab, blood taken at the scene to be compared to that of Mr. O'Keefe and Miss Whitmarsh....analysis of the knife and the blood on the knife...a pair of black stretch pants that were recovered at the scene, apparently they were covered in blood or had blood on them, to

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be compared to the suspect and the victim. We also requested an analysis of buccal swabs collected at autopsy." (PHT 95)

The detail in which the evidence was collected and processed seemed to stop at the collection of evidence likely to inculpate a defendant. Brian was "seized" when he was arrested, taken to homicide offices, and interviewed. He cooperated in detective's requests for photographs of his body and to provide penile and oral swabs. (PHT 92, 95) Shockingly, despite the obvious exculpatory nature of evidence that would have shown that at the time of his arrest and interview, he had a high level of blood or breath alcohol, and despite clear indicators that he was intoxicated, a decision was made to not offer to or secure a blood or breath sample from the suspect/now defendant. The Court may take judicial notice that there is a Nurse on duty at the CCDC at all times to collect blood from Defendants arrested for DUI's. The reports as well as the testimony outlined above indicate the care with which other physical evidence was collected at the scene, yet a key piece of evidence, the defendant's blood or urine which could verify the level of intoxication was "destroyed" or "lost" as a result of police action. When given the question "Does Metro have a protocol, especially in homicide cases, when an officer or detective would offer a suspect a blood or breath alcohol test or take one?"(PHT 92), the Detective indicated "we don't have a protocol for that." (PHT 93) The Detective indicated that he was "not aware" of any of the case law regarding the effect of voluntary intoxication negating the mens rea of murder from first to second degree. (PHT 94) However, he was aware of his duty to preserve potentially exculpatory evidence. (PHT 91)

This becomes even more troublesome when the evidence adduced at the time of the Preliminary hearing indicates that Metro has a policy to "call for medical assistance to check the health of somebody who has just been tasered" (PHT32) and A.M.R. (American Medical Response, a local paramedic and emergency service with paramedics) was already on the scene. (id.) Clearly there was no delay that would be occasioned by the Detective requesting that a blood sample be taken.

Specifically, the legal effect and potential defense value of voluntary intoxication is addressed by statute:

NRS 193.220. When voluntary intoxication may be considered. No act committed by a person while in a state of voluntary intoxication shall be deemed less criminal by reason of his condition, but whenever the actual existence of any particular purpose, motive or intent is a necessary element to constitute a particular species or degree of crime, the fact of his intoxication may be taken into consideration in determining the purpose, motive or intent.

Although the defense acknowledges that voluntary intoxication is not a complete defense, proof of voluntary intoxication may serve as a basis for a verdict less than first-degree murder. In addition, courts have recognized that extreme intoxication may mitigate a first-degree murder to the extent that the intoxication indicates the killing was not planned but was a reaction to an emotionally charged confrontation. See Chambers v. State, 113 Nev. 974, 944 P.2d 805 (1997); Daniel v. State, 119 Nev. 498, 78 P.3d 890, 905 (2003).

A conviction may be reversed when the State loses evidence if the defendant is prejudiced by the loss or the State acted in bad faith in losing it. Sparks v. State, 104 Nev. 316, 319, 759 P.2d 180, 182 (1988). To establish prejudice, the defendant must show that it could be reasonably anticipated that the evidence would have been exculpatory and material to the defense. See Boggs v. State, 95 Nev. 911, 913, 604 P.2d 107, 108 (1979).

Further, the State cannot benefit from its failure to preserve evidence, and therefore, dismissal of the first degree murder charge is proper. Sparks at 319, 320.

In the present case, the loss of evidence severely prejudices Mr. O'Keefe's case by depriving him of the opportunity to present empirical, scientific evidence regarding his extreme intoxication. The lack of this evidence also inhibits the defense's ability to impeach witness testimony. In addition to the above, as the Defendant has prior felony convictions, it prevents the defendant from establishing this defense without his being required to take the stand and testify. This confluence of loss of evidence as well as the established prejudice by the showing the lost evidence could have been reasonably

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anticipated to be both exculpatory and material, clearly shows that this defendant meets the requirements of <u>Cook</u>, (id. at 127).

Just as in cases wherein the Nevada Supreme Court has reversed a conviction where the lost evidence was material to the identification of the defendant. See <u>Howard v. State</u>, 95 Nev. 580, 600 P.2d 214 (1979), the present evidence is so essential to the defense regarding the specific mens rea, intent, or ability for premeditation and deliberation, that the appropriate curative action would require allowing the prosecution to proceed on the second degree murder case alone.

In the alternative, if this Honorable Court finds insufficient cause for dismissal of the first degree prosecution, the Defendant herein requests that proper corrective instructions be given the jury regarding the lack of ability on the part of the defendant to form the necessary specific intent to commit first degree murder due to intoxication. See Sanborn v. State, 107 Nev. 399, 812 P.2d 1279 (1991) (where mishandling of a gun resulted in loss of evidence as to blood and fingerprints, and thereby prejudiced defendant, he was entitled to a jury instruction setting forth the conclusive presumption that the victim had held and fired a gun).

CONCLUSION

Defendant BRIANO'KEEFE respectfully requests this Court find that the loss and/or destruction of the intoxication evidence regarding the homicide be material and exculpatory; and that said loss and/or destruction of the intoxication evidence is prejudicial to the defendant's case. Defendant further requests based on the foregoing that the court grant this Motion to Dismiss the finding of the first degree

portion of the "open murder" information, allow for the prosecution of the case as a second degree or lower homicide, or, in the alternative allow for appropriate corrective instructions.

DATED this 26 day of January, 2009.

Respectfully submitted:

Randall H. Pike

Assistant Special Public Defender

Nevada Bar No. 1940

Patricia Palm

Deputy Special Public Defender

Nevada Bar No. 6009

330 S. Third Street, Second Floor

Las Vegas, NV 89155

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9	palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attorneys for O'Keefe		
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11	DISTR	ICT COURT	
12	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA	
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14	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	CASE NO. C250630	
15	Plaintiff,	DEPT. NO. XVII	
16	vs.		
17	BRIAN O'KEEFE,		
18 19	Defendant.		
20	RECEIP	T OF COPY	
21		ARING: 2-10-09	
22	TIME OF HE	ARING: 8:00 am	
23	RECEIPT of a copy of Petition for Wi	rit of Habeas Corpus is hereby acknowled	dged.
24	******		
25	Dated: 27, 2009		
26		DISTRICT ATTORNEY OFFICE	Æ
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28	i i	200 Lewis Ave. 3" Floor Las Vegas, NV 89155	
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2	DAVID ROGER Clark County District Attorney	CLE
3	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781 PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.	
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar # 10233	
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212	
6	(702) 671-2500 State of Nevada	
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8	DISTR	RICT COURT
9	CLARK CC	OUNTY, NEVADA
10	In the Matter of Application,	%
11 12	of BRIAN O'KEEFE	Case No. C250630
13	#1447732,	Dept No. XVII
14	for a Writ of Habeas Corpus.	}
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16	DETION TO WOLT	OF HABEAS CORPUS
17 18	DATE OF HEARING TIME OF HEARING	G: 2/10/2009

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COMES NOW, DOUG GILLESPIE, Sheriff of Clark County, Nevada, Respondent, through his counsel, DAVID ROGER, District Attorney, through Phillip N. Smith, Jr., Deputy District Attorney, in obedience to a writ of habeas corpus issued out of and under the seal of the above-entitled Court on the 26th day of January 2009, and made returnable on the 10th day of February, 2009, at the hour of 8:00 o'clock A.M., before the above-entitled Court, and states as follows:

- The allegation(s) in Paragraph 1 of said Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus do not require admission or denial.
- 2. The Petitioner is in the constructive custody of Doug Gillespie, Clark County Sheriff, Respondent herein, pursuant to an Information, a copy of which has been attached to

PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

Brian O'Keefe, hereinafter "Defendant," was charged by way of a Criminal Complaint filed on November 5, 2008 with one count of Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon. The Defendant was arraigned on November 10, 2008, and a status check for a potential conflict of interest was set for November 12, 2008. On November 12, 2008, the Special Public Defender's Office was appointed to represent the Defendant, and a preliminary hearing was set for November 26, 2008. On November 26, 2008, both the State and the Defendant agreed to a continuance due to some outstanding discovery. The preliminary hearing was reset for December 17, 2008. On December 17, 2008, after the preliminary hearing was held, the Defendant was held to answer to the criminal complaint (as amended). The Defendant was arraigned in District Court on January 20, 2009, whereupon both he and the State invoked the 60-day rule. The matter is presently set for trial before this Court on March 16, 2009. The Defendant filed the instant petition / motion on January 26, 2009.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Victoria Whitmarsh, a fashion model in New York City, met and married David Whitmarsh, a fashion photographer, in 1985. They had a child, Alexandria. They were planning on having another child, but Mrs. Whitmarsh was diagnosed with Hepatitis C in 1996. Physicians initially gave her five (5) years to live. The Whitmarsh's subsequently moved to Florida, hoping to spend Mrs. Whitmarsh's final years in a warmer climate. The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001 had an adverse effect on Mr. Whitmarsh's business (which was based out of New York City); consequently, they moved to Las Vegas. Mrs. Whitmarsh began working at Merck-MEDCO, a local pharmaceutical company. Not long after, she met Brian O'Keefe (the Defendant). Mrs. Whitmarsh ultimately decided she no longer wanted to be with her husband and began to pursue a dating relationship with O'Keefe. Mrs. Whitmarsh and O'Keefe had what could best be termed as an "on-again, off-again" relationship.

Perhaps most importantly, it was a relationship that was rife with domestic violence

upon Mrs. Whitmarsh at the hands of O'Keefe. This all culminated on November 5, 2008 at approximately 11:00 p.m., when LVMPD dispatch received a 911 call from Robin Kolacz, the manager of the "Casa Salvatore" apartments located at 5001 El Parque Avenue. Robin stated that the female in apartment C-35 was lying inside the apartment and there was blood everywhere. Police officers and medical personnel responded to the apartment complex. Patrol officers arrived at the apartment and found the front door open. Officers challenged the apartment and a male, later identified as O'Keefe, yelled at them to come in. The officers cleared the front room and could hear O'Keefe talking from the master bedroom. Officers continued to talk to O'Keefe, attempting to get him to come out of the bedroom; however, he refused. O'Keefe's actions made officers believe O'Keefe was attempting to "bait" them into the room for a confrontation. Officers from the Crisis Intervention Team approached the bedroom and observed O'Keefe holding the victim, identified as Victoria Whitmarsh.

Officers could see that there was blood on the bed. O'Keefe first told officers Mrs. Whitmarsh was dead, then stated she was alive and demanded officers enter to help her. O'Keefe still refused to move away from the victim. Not knowing if Mrs. Whitmarsh was still alive, officers entered the bedroom to expedite the removal of O'Keefe, so medical could render aid. O'Keefe refused to comply with officer's orders to move away from Mrs. Whitmarsh; he therefore received one cycle from an electronic control device (ECD). O'Keefe still refused to comply and received an additional cycle from the ECD. Subsequently, O'Keefe complied with the officers' commands and was taken into custody and removed from the bedroom, enabling medical personnel to enter and attend to Mrs. Whitmarsh. Medical personnel determined Mrs. Whitmarsh was deceased. Medical personnel and officers exited the apartment. The area was cordoned off with crime scene tape, and homicide detectives and criminalistics personnel were requested to the scene.

Homicide detectives arrived and a telephonic warrant was requested.

Mrs. Whitmarsh appeared to have a stab wound on her right side under the arm pit area, an injury to the middle knuckle of her left hand, and an injury to her right index finger.

Mrs. Whitmarsh was lying on her back on the floor and was nude from the waist down. The

bed lineus were saturated with blood and there was a bloody black-handled kitchen knife (approximately 8 inches long) lying on the bed. O'Keefe was taken to the homicide office and advised of his rights per the Miranda decision, which he stated he understood. Homicide detectives spoke with O'Keefe who stated he did not know what happened to Mrs. Whitmarsh. O'Keefe stated only he and Mrs. Whitmarsh were in the apartment but he did not know where all the blood came from. O'Keefe also stated he had been drinking throughout the day of November 5, 2008. Detectives spoke to Charles and Joyce Toliver, who live directly below O'Keefe. Joyce stated she heard loud thumping noises in the apartment above that began around 10:00 p.m. The noises continued and eventually woke up Joyce's husband, Charles. Charles used a broom to strike the ceiling in an attempt to have the upstairs neighbors, O'Keefe and Mrs. Whitmarsh, quiet down.

When the thumping noise continued, Charles went up to apartment C-35. Charles found the front door of the apartment open and yelled in to O'Keefe. O'Keefe called for Charles to "come in and get her, she's dead." Charles entered the apartment and walked to the master bedroom. Charles only saw Mrs. Whitmarsh and O'Keefe in the apartment. Charles looked into the bedroom and saw O'Keefe standing over the body of Mrs. Whitmarsh. O'Keefe was attempting to lift Mrs. Whitmarsh at the waist. Mrs. Whitmarsh was naked from the waist down and did not appear to be moving. Charles could see blood all over the bed and there was a black-handled knife lying on the bed. Charles ran from the room to the apartment manager's apartment, spoke to Todd Armbruster (Robin's boyfriend) and told him to call the police. Jimmy Hathcox, who lives in apartment 36, next to O'Keefe and Mrs. Whitmarsh, also heard loud thumping from apartment 35 at approximately 10:00 p.m. Hathcox stated he went outside of his apartment and saw O'Keefe standing outside of his apartment. O'Keefe looked at Hathcox strangely and walked back into his apartment.

Hathcox stated the next thing he heard was people yelling and he opened the door and saw Charles Toliver and Todd Armbruster standing in front of O'Keefe's door. The men told Hathcox, "he killed her and there's blood all over the place." Todd Armbruster stated that Charles Toliver came to his door and told him to call the police. Toliver told Todd that

he thought the girl in apartment 35 was dead. Todd went up to apartment 35, entered the apartment, and saw O'Keefe bent over Mrs. Whitmarsh and blood on the bed. O'Keefe looked up, saw Todd and took a swing at him and told him to "get the fuck out of here" (or words to that effect). Todd left the apartment, went to apartment C-37, and phoned the police. Detectives noted a large amount of blood on O'Keefe's clothing and hands, an incised wound on his right index finger and two abrasions on his forehead. O'Keefe also had several long scratch marks on his back at the belt line. O'Keefe was photographed and his clothing was impounded. O'Keefe was arrested and transported to the Clark County Detention Center, where he was booked for Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon.

On November 6, 2008, at approximately 9:00 a.m., an autopsy was performed on the body of Mrs. Whitmarsh at the Clark County Coroner's Office by Dr. Jacqueline Benjamin. Mrs. Whitmarsh had several bruises on her body including three on her left upper arm. Dr. Benjamin noted a single stab wound just under the victim's right arm pit. The wound looked to have been made by a single edged knife with the sharp edge of the knife pointed towards the victim's back. Dr. Benjamin concluded that the wound was approximately 4.25 inches long and traveled downward and forward. Upon completion of the autopsy, Dr. Benjamin found that Mrs. Whitmarsh died from a single stab wound and the manner of death was a homicide. During the interview of O'Keefe, O'Keefe was insistent he had called 911. Detectives checked all the phones at the scene and none of them had a call to 911 or to the non-emergency police number.

On November 20, 2008, Cheryl Morris gave a statement to the detectives assigned to the case. Cheryl Morris stated she had a dating relationship with O'Keefe prior to Mrs. Whitmarsh moving in with him at the 5001 El Parque address. Ms. Morris stated she and O'Keefe dated for several months (starting in early 2008) and in June or July of 2008 she and O'Keefe moved into the El Parque address. At this point, the relationship was going to be platonic. Ms. Morris said she slept in the master bedroom and O'Keefe slept on the couch. Ms. Morris said she and O'Keefe had an agreement that they would share the apartment as roommates, and after four (4) days O'Keefe called her and said he was bringing

Mrs. Whitmarsh home to live with them. Ms. Morris, not amenable to such a living situation, left the house and only returned to recover her property. Ms. Morris said that during the course of their relationship, O'Keefe would always talk about his prior relationship with Mrs. Whitmarsh and how he loved her and couldn't live without her.

Ms. Morris stated when O'Keefe would drink he would become angry and abusive, and he would also talk about how Mrs. Whitmarsh had ruined his life and would state that he wanted to kill her (specifically because she had testified against him and "sent [him] to prison" in case C207835) and that she (Mrs. Whitmarsh) was "poison." She stated that he said this several times over several different occasions. O'Keefe also told Ms. Morris that he liked Mrs. Whitmarsh because she was "submissive." Ms. Morris related how O'Keefe would tell her about his training in the military and how he would demonstrate on her how he could kill someone easily using a knife. Ms. Morris also indicated that in a conversation with O'Keefe subsequent to the murder, he stated to her that "all he remembered" was him being asleep on the couch and being woken up by something sharp poking him in the side and Mrs. Whitmarsh standing over him, "and the next thing he knew, she was bleeding" (or something to that effect).

ARGUMENT

Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus essentially argues that the Defendant should not have to answer to the charge of Open Murder as charged in the Amended Criminal Complaint because the State "lost" or "destroyed" evidence. According to the Defendant, the evidence that the State "lost" or "destroyed" is the Defendant's blood-alcohol level. It should be noted here that such evidence was never in the custody of the State. All of the cases cited as support by the Defendant involve the State actually seizing and impounding tangible evidence and subsequently losing it or breaking the chain of custody. The Defendant here would impose an affirmative duty to actually seize and impound "exculpatory" evidence. As will be illustrated below, this is not what is reflected in the case law. The State has a duty to preserve evidence that it has already seized. That is not what happened in the instant case. Here, the situation would be different if the State had actually

 conducted a blood-alcohol test on the Defendant, impounded the blood or the breath strip and produced a report, and then subsequently lost or destroyed the evidence and the report. The State submits that it never lost or destroyed the evidence which the Defendant presently complains about, because the State never had the "evidence" in the first place.

While the State by no means concedes that the "evidence" here was in fact "lost" or "destroyed," even assuming arguendo that it was, the Defendant's argument nevertheless still fails. In Sparks v. State, 104 Nev. 316, 759 P.2d 180 (1988), the Nevada Supreme Court stated that in order for a conviction to be reversed due to a "loss of evidence," the defendant must prove either (1) that he has been prejudiced by the loss, or (2) the evidence was "lost" in bad faith by the government. The evidence adduced at the preliminary hearing (i.e., testimony from percipient witnesses who observed the Defendant's demeanor and testified that he was clearly under the influence of alcohol) as well as evidence presently in the Defendant's possession (e.g., the video recording of the Defendant's interview) could easily establish that the Defendant was intoxicated. Therefore, the State submits that there is no prejudice.

The Defendant will still be able to claim that he was too intoxicated to formulate the intent for first-degree murder, and there is still evidence that is available that he can use in an attempt to corroborate that claim. Furthermore, the Defendant certainly has not illustrated that the evidence allegedly "lost" was done in bad faith by the government. The Defendant in this case was not arrested for an alcohol-related offense; he was arrested for murder. Whether or not the Defendant was intoxicated was not a fact required for determining whether there was probable cause to arrest him. It is therefore certainly not unusual that a blood draw was not completed. While the Court in <u>Sparks</u> did indeed hold that the State cannot benefit from its failure to preserve evidence, that case is easily distinguishable from the facts of the instant case. In <u>Sparks</u>, the defendant was convicted of Second Degree Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon. The deadly weapon was a handgun. Specifically, the police found a loaded .357 caliber revolver at the crime scene in a felt bag in the master

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bedroom closet. The police visually examined the firearm and the bag for blood and hair, and found none. Furthermore, no chemical tests were performed.

Although the firearm was initially booked into evidence, the firearm and the felt bag were released shortly thereafter to the victim's son. The State had therefore clearly broken the chain of custody of the weapon, even though it was aware of the defendant's intent on claiming self-defense and the fact that the weapon was an integral part of her defense. The firearm was retrieved and rebooked into evidence almost five (5) months later. The State subsequently examined the weapon for blood and fingerprints. Finding none, the State used this fact during opening and closing arguments, ultimately securing a conviction based in part on these facts. The Court determined that the break in the chain of custody may have resulted in the loss of evidence, and consequently held that under those circumstances, the State improperly benefited. The Court therefore overturned the conviction.

Clearly, this is different from the instant case, where the "evidence" at issue here was never seized, booked into evidence, released, contaminated, or destroyed. This is a material fact, as indicated in Cook v. State, 114 Nev. 120, 953 P.2d 712 (1998)—also a case cited by the Defendant. In Cook, the defendant was convicted at trial of Sexual Assault. Pursuant to the preliminary investigation into the crime, the police department took photographs of the crime scene, photographs of blood at the scene, photographs of the defendant taken on the day of his arrest, and impounded the victim's clothing in order to perform blood and hair analysis. All of this evidence was lost and unavailable for trial. Furthermore, a detective's report with notes pertaining to the interview he conducted with the defendant was also lost. The Nevada Supreme Court held that this evidence was material and potentially exculpatory, and that the defendant's case was "unduly prejudiced." However, the Court went on to note: "We do not suggest that the Sparks Police Department had a duty to collect evidence. Rather, we base our holding that Cook's defense was unduly prejudiced solely on the evidence that was gathered and then subsequently lost by the Sparks Police Department." [Emphasis added.] Cook, 114 Nev. at 126, n. 6, 953 P.2d at 716, n. 6.

Since the Defendant is claiming that the State "lost" the Defendant's evidence of his blood-alcohol level, but this evidence was never in the actual possession of the State to begin with, the Defendant's argument is clearly based on the premise that the police had the duty to collect the Defendant's blood-alcohol level. The Nevada Supreme Court has made it clear however, that the police are under no such duty. Consequently, in this case, the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department was under no affirmative duty to collect a blood-alcohol sample from the Defendant, and that because the evidence was never gathered, it was never "lost." Federal courts (including the United States Supreme Court) have also reached the conclusion that the government's duty to preserve evidence does not impose a duty to obtain evidence. See, e.g., Miller v. Vasquez, 868 F.2d 1116, 1119-20 (9th Cir. 1989) (relying upon California v. Trombetta, 467 U.S. 479, 488-90, 104 S.Ct. 2528, (1984)); see also Arizona v. Youngblood, 488 U.S. 51, 58, 109 S.Ct. 333 (1988) (holding that the "fundamental fairness" requirement of the Due Process Clause, does not impose on the police a duty to retain and to preserve all material that might be of conceivable evidentiary significance in a particular prosecution).

The Defendant's present claim is without merit and therefore must fail.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the State respectfully requests this Court deny Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

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DATED this day of January, 2009,

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Respectfully submitted,

DAVID ROGER

Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar # 002781

BY /s/ PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.

PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR. Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010233

CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that service of RETURN TO WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS, was made this 29th day of January, 2009, by facsimile transmission to:

DAVID SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER FAX #(702) 455-6273

/s/ Terry Schessler
Secretary for the District Attorney's
Office

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

CASE NO. C250630

Plaintiff.

DEPT, NO. XVII

16 vs.

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BRIAN O'KEEFE.

Defendant.

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DATE OF HEARING: 2-10-09 TIME OF HEARING: 8:00 am

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RECEIPT of a copy of Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus is hereby acknowledged.

SHERRIFF'S OFFICE

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OFFICE

do CCDC) Las Vegas, NV 89155

200 Lewis Ave. 3th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89155

Dated: 1/20/09

Dated: 30. 2009

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

CLERK OF THE COURT

CLARK COUNTY

ORIGINAL

1 WRIT DAVID M. SCHIECK 2 SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER Nevada Bar No. 0824 3 Randall H. Pike Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia Palm 5 Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 6 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316

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VS.

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CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

BRIAN O'KEEFE,

(702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273

Attorneys for O'Keefe

Defendants.

CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII

WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Date of Hearing: 2-10-09 Time of Hearing: 8:00am

TO: CLARK COUNTY SHERIFF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

GREETINGS:

We command that you have the body of the above-captioned person, by you imprisoned and detained, as it is alleged, together with the time and cause of such imprisonment and detention, by whatever name said above-captioned person shall be called or charged, before the Honorable MICHAEL VILLANI, District Court Judge, at his Chambers or his courtroom in the Regional Justice Center, 200 S. Lewis, City of Las

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

GLARK COUNTY NEVADA

Vegas, County of Clark, State of Nevada, on the 10th day of February, 2009, at the hour of 8:00 a.m., to do and receive that which shall then and there be considered concerning the 2 said above-captioned person and have you then and there this Writ. 3 DATED AND DONE this 30 12 5 COURT CLERK 6 7 By: In Thomas 8 9 SUBMITTED BY: 10 11 DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 12 13 14 15 Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 16 Patricia Palm Deputy Special Public Defender 17 Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEPENDER

CLARK COUNTY

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FILED ORDR DAVID M. SCHIECK SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 2009 JAN 30 P 1: 20 Nevada Bar No. 0824 Randall H. Pike 3 Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 Patricia Palm CLERK OF THE COURT 5 Deputy Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 6009 330 South Third Street, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 7 (702) 455-6273 fax 8 rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.clark.nv.us 9 Attorney for O'Keefe 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C250630 DEPT. NO. XVII MC3 Plaintiff. V8. 14 BRIAN O'KEEFE 15 Defendant 16

ORDER

Date of Hearing: 2-10-09 Time of Hearing: 8:00am

The Petition of BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDALL PIKE, and PATRICIA PALM, Deputy Special Public Defenders, having been filed in the above-entitled matter.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED. ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the Clerk of the Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, in and, for the County of Clark, issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, as is attached hereto.

DATED this A Taday of January, 2009.

SUBMITTED BY

Randal 1 Pike Assistant Special Public Defender

SPECIAL PUBLIC CEPENDER

RECEIVED BY DEPT. 17 ON²⁷

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

giving a statement the early morning hours of November 1 2 6 at 1:37 a.m., a recorded statement? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Do you recall indicating in that statement ٥. 5 that O C spray was of no use in a case like this? 6 A. Yes. 7 0. Is that because of the close quarters of the 8 room? 9 Α. No. What it is, there's two reasons actually. To use something like the oleoresin capstur 10 on Mr. Okeefe, Victoria would have also been 11 contaminated. We didn't know at this point what her 12 13 condition was, so to basically punish her while she's already injured. The other thing is the paramedics 14 and A.M.R. have to handle her to treat wounds or 15 whatever. And to contaminate those injuries with 16 something as painful as a oleoresin capstum wasn't 17 18 reasonable. 19 From your training are you aware O.C. spray Q. might not be as effective on somebody under the 20 21 influence of alcohol or drugs? 22 A. Yes. 23 Did that cross your mind at the time also? Q. 24 I didn't know if he was under the influence A. 25 of any substance et cetera so no.

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1	Q. Is it fair to say from some of the things he
2	was yelling that he was acting erratically?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. You indicated that Kahn entered the bedroom
5	first and then yourself and then Officer Taylor and
6	possibly a forth person, you're not sure who that was?
7	A. Like I said, I found out later who it was but
В	at the time I knew we had stacked up.
9	Q. Was that Sergeant Newberry?
10	A. Sergeant Newberry, from what I remember, is
11	the one he went ahead to a position where he could
12	peek around the door and see exactly what the layout
13	of the room looked like, how many bodies were inside
14	and if he saw any weapons. He indicated when we did
15	go in where we would find Mr. Okeefe and Mrs.
16	Whitmarsh. And then he noticed the knife on the bed
17	also.
18	Q. Sergeant Newberry did not go in the room?
19	A. I don't know. When I go in my main target,
20	I'm the non-lethal option. So I was watching
21	primarily where Mr. Okeefe's hands were placed.
22	Q. Yes or no is fine.
23	A. I want to explain.
24	Q. Mr. Smith can help you explain your answer
25	later if necessary.

1	THE COURT: Just wait for another
2	question.
3	MS. PALM:
4	Q. So you don't know if Sergeant Newberry went
5	in to the room is the answer?
6	A. My goal is to
7	Q. Yes or no?
8	A. His actions and lethal options.
9	MS. PALM: Could you instruct the witness
10	to answer yes or no question with yes or no.
11	THE COURT: Answer that particular
12	question.
13	MS. PALM;
14	Q. The answer is you don't know if Sergeant
15	Newberry went into the room?
16	A. No.
17	Q. And you indicated Sergeant Newberry told you
18	when he took his quick peek he didn't see any weapons
19	and he saw both Mr. Okeefe's hands?
20	A. He saw the knife on the bed and he saw where
21	they were positioned. Mr. Okeefe is at the edge of
22	the bed, the victim is at the edge of the bed.
23	Q. And he told you that he saw both of Mr.
24	Okeefe's hands and there was no weapons in his hands?
25	A. Yeah.

1	Q. As you enter the room it's at least three of
2	you in the room that have made entry. How far are yo
3	away from Mr. Okeefe at that point?
4	A. Probably within maybe five feet.
5	Q. And you indicated he's laying on the floor
6	with Miss Whitmarsh's body?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Was he doing anything that you saw to harm
9	her during that time?
16	A. No. It looked like at that point whatever
11	damage had been done was done.
12	Q. And he was partially covering his body with
13	his left knee but his right leg was on the floor?
14	A. That's right.
15	Q. So that would mean he was facing you?
16	A. Uh-huh.
17	Q. So you could see his face and see his hands
18	at that time?
L 9	A. Yes.
20	Q. Was he basically face-to-face with Miss
21	Whitmarsh's body?
22	A. Yeah, I would say so.
3	Q. What was he doing with his hands before the
4	whole waving, trying I think you indicated he was
5	waving his hands, saying "don't look"?

1	A. He was saying simultaneously don't look at
2	her, don't look at her and was covering up her torso.
3	Q. So, basically, trying to cover the naked par
4	of her body with her shirt?
5	A. Her torso. From her waist down was totally
б	exposed, the T-shirt wouldn't have covered it.
7	Q. And he was pulling on her shirt during that
8	point?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Now, you indicated that you did the first
11	E.C.D. cycle and it wasn't fully effective but two
12	prongs had entered?
13	A. As far as I know, yes.
14	Q. And Mr. Okeefe is still laying down at that
15	point?
16	A. Yeah, his right side is down, his right arm
17	is free. After the after the first cycle complete
18	and Officer Taylor has one hand behind the back.
19	Q. So you would estimate you were about seven
20	feet away from him, so you do the E.C.D. cycle and
21	then is it just Officer Taylor that goes over to try
22	and take physical custody of Mr. Okeefe, or do other
23	officers join him?
24	A. I don't know.
25	O. Are you standing back looking at the whole

thing because you're the one firing?

A. My job at that point, when I deploy that C.D., I'm married in a sense, my whole responsibility is Mr. Okeefe, monitoring his actions. I know Officer Taylor steps in because he's right there. Other officers I can't wouch for exactly how many are in there. My total responsibility is him, if he's not complying or becomes violent or a weapon comes out of somewhere, I need to be able to assess that.

- Q. The only officer you indicate is trying to take physical custody is Officer Taylor, you don't dispute that's correct, do you?
- A. No. There was very small quarters back there.
- Q. In fact, where Mr. Okeefe is laying on the floor there's probably about two feet behind him and the closet wall, so there's not a lot of room to operate on the other side?
 - A. No.
- Q. So from you to the body is seven feet, Mr. Okeefe is on the other side of the body and then you have two more feet. So if Officer Taylor is going over there he has to step over the victim's body?
- A. He steps from behind Okeefe's feet. He's not over the body at all.

1	Q. But he last to actually get over the body
2	somehow so
3	A. There was space off to the right side to
4	maneuver.
5	Q. Is there a dresser right below her feet,
б	pretty close to her feet?
7	A. I never noticed that.
8	Q. Do you know from your training on tazer use,
9	do you have to be certified to use a tazer?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. From your training, are you told whether a
12	tazer is less effective on somebody who's under the
13	influence of alcohol or drugs?
14	A. It can be. Like I said, I had no knowledge
15	of any alcohol or drug use.
16	Q. So, basically, Officer Taylor could not get
17	both arms so you decided to do a second cycle?
18	A. Exactly. There was a lot of blood. We was
19	informed as we were getting to the house that the
20	victim may have tested positive for AIDS or hepatitis
21	C. So exposure to that blood was also a concern. So
22	to get down there, you know, wrestling with him, we
23	wanted to get him out as quickly as possible so she

Q. What type of E.C.D. device do you use, is it

24

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could be treated.

M26 or X26?

- A. It's the X26.
- Q. Do you know how many volts of electricity that delivers?
 - A. Not right offhand, no.
 - Q. It basically has two probes per use, so when you fire it two probes are ejected?
 - A. Right. Those probes are the same probes that remain intact for the second cycle. So it's not an additional set of probes. It's the seconds cycling. There's a thousand volts that are conducted in the two inch spread. It's not the volts that are conducted in to the person, it's the amperes. I think it's two point two amperes that are inflicted on the person to bring them under control or disrupt their muscular control.
 - Q. So after the first five second cycle of the tazer, that's the ordinary cycle, five seconds?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. After the first five second cycle, Mr. Okeefe still wasn't incapacitated?
 - A. No. It was kind of strange. It happens sometimes, if you're in close within less than five feet, if the spread is not large enough it will not incapacitate the entire body. So to have a spread

that maybe goes from under the arm pit to the waist you're not going to get full compliance from the subject. What is more ideal is maybe a shot, a probe that hits in the upper body and one in the lower body. And you also have said you might not get full Q. compliance if somebody is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, that might affect compliance? Any non-lethal tool, drugs and alcohol can also be a factor. Q. Does Metro have a department policy on the use of tazer force when the subject is unarmed? Α. Yes. Is it a written policy? Ο. Α. Yes.

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- Is there a department policy using when the Q. subject is apparently under the influence of alcohol or drugs?
- A. No. If they are pregnant, elderly, those types of situations, handcuffed. It's not to be used in any type of punitive, just punishing somebody or moving somebody off a park bench.
- Sure. Does the policy say not to use this Q. force repeatedly unless there's a great threat to somebody?
 - Yes. In that situation there definitely was. Α.

1 Is it possible that because Mr. Okeefe fell 2 on his right arm, that that was part of the reason Officer Taylor couldn't get his right arm behind him? 3 4 MR. SMITH: I'd object, speculation. 5 THE COURT: Overruled. 6 THE WITNESS: No. That arm was free, 7 because after the cycle completed he was physically able to move that arm and as they were trying to grab 8 9 it he was moving it away. 10 So after the first time that you used the 0. 11 tazer, at that point you could see both of Mr. Okeefe's hands, he had no weapons, is that correct? 12 13 Α. Right. 14 Q. And there are at least four officers in the 15 room? 16 A. Yes. 17 Do you know whether Metro has a policy to Q. call for medical assistance to check the health of 18 19 somebody who has just been tasered? 20 Α. Yes. They were already on the scene. 21 Q. That was A.M.R.? 22 Yes. Α. 23 You talked about taking Mr. Okeefe out of the Q. 24 Do you recall who specifically took him out of 25 the room?

1	A. I remember Officer Taylor kept in control of
2	his arms. He was moved out in to the bedroom so they
3	could get control of both arms and both legs because
4	he just went dead weight and wouldn't cooperate. We
5	needed to get that path cleared because it was the
6	main walkway to get in to the apartment and in to the
7	bedroom. So he went dead weight on us so they moved
8	him out in to the living room, grabbed at his limbs
9	and moved him out to the catwalk. I don't know which
10	officers.
11	Q. Did you see Mr. Okeefe being placed on the
12	catwalk?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Was he put on his belly on the catwalk?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Do you know whether any injuries occurred to
17	Mr. Okeefe during that process?
18	A. No, I don't. There was no complaint of
19	injury.
20	Q. I'm showing you what's been marked as Defense
21	Exhibit C. Does that appear to be how Mr. Okeefe
22	looked after his arrest that night?

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on his forehead when you encountered him in the

Do you recall whether that injury was present

23

24

25

A.

Q.

Yes.

1 bedroom? 2 Α. No, I don't. 3 Q. So it could have happened during the arrest? 4 A. I have no idea. 5 Q. During the arrest did you ever see him put on his face in the bedroom? 6 7 Α. Yes. They were trying to move him, he went dead weight and wasn't cooperating. He wasn't put on 8 9 his face, he wormed his way out of the hold. So he 10 fell down, they pulled him out there and that's why 11 they used four people as opposed to two to take him 12 out the rest of the way. Like I said, that's what was 13 the strange Thing about it. It was not a person --14 MS. PALM: Officer, there's no question 15 before you right now. 16 THE COURT: Do you have any other 17 questions? 18 MS. PALM: Court's indulgence. 19 Officer, you indicated in your statement that 0. 20 you had actually tried to speak with Mr. Okeefe 21 subsequent to him being taken into custody? 22 Not prior to him being taken in custody. Α. 23 Once we were out on the catwalk. 24 Were you assigned that duty, to try and 25 interview him at the scene?

1	A. I'm a C.I.T. officer. He was very angry.
2	Q. That's a yes or no question?
3	A. I don't think it is, ma'am. Honestly.
4	MS. PALM: Your Honor, could you direct
5	him to answer yes or no. I asked if he was assigned
6	the duty to interview him.
7	THE WITNESS: Then yes.
8	THE COURT: Any other questions?
9	MS. PALM: Yes, Your Honor.
10	Q. How long did you talk to Mr. Okeefe outside?
11	A. I'm not sure.
12	Q. Do you know how long he was on the catwalk?
13	A. Just a few minutes.
14	Q. Was that when A.M.R. checked him out?
15	A. He walked under his own power down the
16	stairs, out into the court yard.
17	Q. Was he put into your car or somebody else's?
18	A. After he stood outside for a while and then
19	went into a patrol car,
20	Q. You again had tried to talk to him
21	downstairs, is that correct?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And you indicated in your statement that he
24	smelled heavily of alcohol at that time?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Do you have training on the detection of
2	whether somebody's under the influence of alcohol or
3	drugs?
4	A. No, it was just an observation.
5	Q. Have you ever been a part of any D.U.I.
6	arrests?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Do you know what the symptoms of being unde
9	the influence are?
10	A. Glossy-eyed, redness of the eyes, slurred
11	speech, unsteady gaze, odor of alcohol.
12	Q. So in addition to the odor of alcohol, which
13	other of these affects did you notice?
14	A. Just what I remember was the odor of alcoho
15	Q. You don't recall whether his speech was
16	slurred?
17	A. No.
18	Q. And you never asked him if he had anything t
19	drink?
20	A. No.
21	Q. Would it have been your responsibility or
22	somebody else's to determine whether to give him a
23	test for the use of alcohol?
24	A. It wasn't a D.U.I. so I don't know that then
25	would have been any type of blood draw or breath test

1	Q. If it was somebody's determination to make it
2	wasn't yours?
3	A. Right.
4	Q. And did you indicate in your statement Mr.
5	Okeefe was really hard to talk to during the time you
6	had talking to him?
7	A. He was very standoff-ish. He wouldn't answer
8	any questions or respond appropriately to any
9	question. When I tried to solicit his name or
20	Victoria's name so A.M.R. could have that information
11	to know blood type, approximate age, he just kept
12	saying, "You guys are mad at me, you guys are mad at
13	me,"
14	Q. In fact, he got the name of Victoria wrong,
15	didn't he? When he first told you her name he said
16	Veronica?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. Did it seem to you he was a little
19	disoriented?
20	A. It seemed to me it was kind he didn't want
21	us to know her name.
22	Q. And did you have any further contact with Mr.
23	Okeefe beyond the downstairs conversation?
24	A. On the catwalk.
25	Q. After that, after he had gone downstairs?

1	A. No?
2	Q. After you talked downstairs he was taken into
3	custody. Did you have any further contact with him?
4	A. No. I was going to talk to him one more time
5	but he was asleep.
6	Q. Did you write a written report?
7	A. I did a use of force report and was
8	homicide did a taped interview with me.
9	Q. Do you know how long it took him to be
10	transported from the scene?
11	A. I don't.
12	MS. PALM: No other questions, Your Honor,
13	thank you.
1.4	THE COURT: Anything else?
15	MR. SMITH: Real brief, Judge. I promise
16	
17	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
18	
19	MR. SMITH:
20	Q. Two questions for you. You've already
21	testified that you saw a knife inside the bedroom, is
22	that correct?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. Where did you see that knife?
25	A. On the bed.
	1

1	Q. Showing you what's been admitted as State's
2	Exhibit 2, is that a photograph of the knife you saw?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Does there appear to be apparent dried blood
5	on that knife?
6	A. On the tip and on the handle.
7	Q. Finally, officer, you testified there was
В	some concern regarding a communicable disease that
9	Miss Whitmarsh may have had, do you recall testifying
10	about that?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Where did you receive that information from?
13	A. Over dispatch. And from downstairs
14	neighbors.
15	MR. SMITH: No further questions.
16	THE COURT: Anything else?
17	MS. PALM: Nothing further.
18	THE COURT: Thank you for your time today
19	
20	(Interruption in proceedings.)
21	
22	THE COURT: Recalling Bryan Okeefe,
23	08F23348X.
24	The State may call their next witness.
25	MR. SMITH: State calls Officer Sean

1	Taylor.
2	
3	(Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.)
4	
5	THE CLERK: State your name, for the
б	record, and spell it.
7	THE WITNESS: Sean Taylor, S-e-a-n,
8	T-a-y-1-o-r.
9	
10	DIRECT EXAMINATION
11	
12	MR. SMITH:
13	Q. Mr. Taylor, how are you presently employed?
14	A. I'm a patrol officer with Las Vegas
15	Metropolitan Police Department.
16	Q. Were you working as patrol officer back on
17	November 5, 2008?
18	A. Yes, I was.
19	Q. Did you have occasion to be dispatched to
20	5001 El Parque?
21	A. Yes, sir.
22	Q. You responded to that scene?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. When you responded to that scene, did you
25	come into contact with a person later identified to

1 you as a Bryan Okeefe? 2 A. Yes, sir. 3 Q. Do you see Mr. Okeefe present in court today? 4 Stipulate to identification. MS. PALM: 5 THE COURT: Thank you. б MR. SMITH: On that I'll pass the witness. 7 8 CROSS EXAMINATION 9 10 MS. PALM: 11 0. Do you recall giving a statement to Detective Vaughn on November 6, about 1:38 in the morning? 12 13 A. Yes, I do. 14 And you had indicated when you entered 15 Officer Kahn, the C.I.T. officer, was in the living room yelling in to the back northwest bedroom? 16 17 A. Yes. 18 Do you recall if the lights were on or off 19 when whether you entered the apartment? 20 The lights in the living room were not on at 21 the time. The lights in the hallway were on and the lights in the bathroom were on and the lights in the 22 23 back bedroom that he was yelling into were on. 24 ο. So the other bedroom was dark? 25 A. Yes, ma'am.

1	Q. And the kitchen was dark?
2	A. Yes, it was.
3	Q. And the living room?
4	A. Yes, the living room we were standing in was
5	dark.
6	Q. So after your entry you stack up behind
7	Officer Kahn?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And eventually you make entry in to the
10	bedroom?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Do you recall who else entered along with
13	you?
14	A. Yes,
15	Q. Who was that?
16	A. Officer Kahn was first in the stack, Officer
17	Ballejos was second and I was third.
18	Q. So the three of you entered or is it four?
19	A. I was the third person in the stack, I don't
20	know who was behind me.
21	Q. Do you recall whether Sergeant Newberry went
22	in to the room or not?
23	A. During the time we went in with the stack I
24	don't recall if he was behind me or not. When I went
25	in I didn't look behind me.

1	Q. When you first entered the bedroom, do you
2	see Mr. Okeefe right away?
3	A. Yes, I do.
4	Q. Could you see that he had no weapons in his
5	hands?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. He's basically laying on the floor next to
8	the body of the female victim?
9	A. Beside the body, yes.
10	Q. And is he doing anything with his hands at
11	that time?
12	A. Yes, he was.
13	Q. What was he doing?
14	A. He was rubbing her scalp and the other hand
15	he was sort of covering her, hovering his hands over
16	her.
17	Q. Was that to shield her from your view?
18	A. I don't know what he was thinking. I don't
19	know why he was hovering his hand over her.
20	Q. So the way he was laying, his right hip was
21	on the ground and he's facing you, at that time you
22	can see his face?
23	A. I can see his face. He wasn't facing me, he
24	was looking down at her. His head was to the west,
25	his feet were to the east.

1	Q. So he's face-to-face with her sort of?
2	A. He's looking at her, then looking at us when
3	we were shouting commands, then looking back at her.
4	Q. And you never saw him with a weapon at that
5	point, did you?
6	A. At that point he did not have a weapon.
7	Q. You never saw him make any movement toward
В	the female as if to harm her?
9	A. He was rubbing her scalp and I really wanted
10	him to stop, just because of the way her body was
11	looking.
12	Q. He was not hitting her scalp?
13	A. No.
14	Q. And he never made any verbal threats to you
15	at that time?
16	A. No.
17	Q. So Officer Kahn is yelling commands to get
18	away from her?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. He's basically staring at her and rubbing her
21	head?
22	A. And shouting at us, yes.
23	Q. And Ballejos indicates he's going to use the
24	tazer?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q.	And how far away were you from him when the
2	tazer was	s deployed?
3	A.	I didn't measure or anything like that. A
4	few feet	away. I was prepared to go hands-on.
5	Q.	Prior to firing the tazer, when at least the
6	three of	you enter the room you're all together?
7	A.	Yes.
8	Q.	Standing kind of side by side?
9	A.	We were stacked up behind each other.
10	۵.	It's a pretty small bedroom?
11	Α.	Yes.
12	Q.	And the distance from you to the females body
13	at that p	ooint, can you estimate?
14	Α.	I would estimate a few feet. I didn't
15	measure j	t. It was really quick. I can't give you an
16	exact num	ber.
17	Q.	So during that tazer cycle you indicated in
18	your repo	ort or in your statement that Mr. Okeefe's
19	body didr	't completely tense up and he still wouldn't
20	listen to	commands to get off the body?
21	A.	Correct.
22	Q.	And never got off the ground at that point,
23	so he's s	till laying there next to the body?
24	A.	Yes.
25	Q.	And during that first tazer cycle you could

1 see he could still move his arms? 2 Yes. At that point he wouldn't give me his 3 right arm, even though I could tell he could still 4 move it because he was moving it. 5 So if you indicated in your statement that Q. you didn't try to cuff him until after the second 6 7 tazer statement, is that incorrect? 8 No, that's not incorrect. I was telling him 9 put his arms behind his back and he wouldn't give me 10 his arm. 11 So the first tazer cycle, do you approach him 0. 12 during that cycle or after that cycle? 13 I approached him during that cycle and starting to give commands to put his arms behind his 14 15 back, lay flat on his stomach. 16 At that point you haven't laid your hands on Q. 17 him? 18 Α. I don't believe I touched him during the 19 first cycle. 20 0. You were waiting for him to tense up 21 completely? 22 Α. Yes. 23 So after the second tazer cycle is when you

tried to get his arm into cuffs and you were finally

24

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able to?

1	A. After the first cycle, either during the
2	second cycle or after that he still wouldn't give me
3	that right arm. I was putting the left arm into a
4	lock and then I was finally able to get the other arm.
s	Q. After he was tasered twice he still wasn't
6	fully cooperative?
7	A. I have to grab his arm, his other arm and put
8	it behind his back.
9	Q. Was he still tensed up because of the tazer
10	firing?
11	A. When I finally got the other arm handcuffed,
12	the tazer cycle was over, both cycles were offer.
13	Q. So you actually had your hands on him during
14	the second tazer cycle?
15	A. Near the end of it I believe I had his left
16	arm.
17	Q. And that's about a five-second cycle?
1.8	A. Yes. That's what we are told during
19	training.
20	Q. Do you recall who took him out of the room at
21	that point?
22	A. I was one of the people that took him out of
23	the room. I grabbed his legs, Officer Kahn grabbed
4	his torso.

Q. So the two of you carried him?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. I imagine you had to step over the female
3	body on the floor, because he was on the side of her?
4	A. I didn't step over the body, I don't know if
5	Officer Kahn did. I was at the feet because I grabbed
6	his legs and he's taller than the female. I stepped
7	around the body.
В	Q. How many officers had to go around the body
9	to take him into physical custody?
10	A. I don't recall what Officer Kahn did, if he
11	stepped over her or lifted him over. I grabbed his
12	legs because his legs were further down than hers and
13	I picked his legs up.
14	Q. That area, from her body to the far wall
15	where Mr. Okeefe was basically, there's about two feet
16	until you hit the wall, right?
17	A. I didn't really look at the far wall.
18	Q. Is it a pretty small room?
19	A. What would you call a small room?
20	Q. It's not a very big space?
21	A. It wasn't a large space, no.
22	Q. Do you recall whether Mr. Okeefe was injured
23	when you were taking him into custody?
24	A. I couldn't tell if he was injured or not.
25	There was far too much blood everywhere.

1	Q. Officer, I'm showing you what has been marked
2	as Defense Exhibit C. Is that how Mr. Okeefe appeared
3	to you on the evening in question?
4	A. That's definitely Mr. Okeefe, but I
5	remember I don't remember if this was on his head
6	or not. I remember I just was looking around and I
7	saw blood everywhere, all over his arms.
8	Q. Would you have noticed an injury on his head
9	when you first observed him?
10	A. I didn't look at his face. Once I had him
11	handcuffed and we were carrying him he was face down.
12	Q. You wouldn't have noticed it when you were
13	standing five feet from him telling him get away from
14	the bed?
15	A. I was focused on his arms. I was trying to
16	get him away from the female.
17	Q. Was he put on his stomach in the bedroom
18	during the arrest process?
19	A. No, ma'am. He was still on his side when I
20	got his arms and Officer Kahn hooked his arm and I
21	grabbed both of his legs. Once we finally got him off
22	the ground he was then facing towards the ground but
23	he wasn't on the ground.
24	Q. Did you take him out to the balcony or was
25	that another officer?

1	A. I was one of the officers that did take him
2	out to the balcony. Officer Kahn and I laid him on
3	the living room floor and another officer, Officer
4	Hatchet, picked him up because I started yelling,
5	medical couldn't get through him in the living room
6	and Officer Hatchet picked him up and we carried him
7	on to the terrace and set him up on the terrace.
8	Q. Did you ever lay him in such a position that
9	he would have sustained this injury to his forehead ?
10	A. No, I did not.
11	Q. When Mr. Okeefe was on the stairwell or the
12	terrace, you left; is that correct?
13	A. Yes. I got orders from a sergeant to start
14	doing other things on perimeter, so I did leave.
15	Q. Officer, do you have any training in
16	recognizing whether a person is under the influence of
17	alcohol or drugs?
18	A. I am trained to use an evaluation process to
19	determine if a person is impaired, yes.
20	Q. You make D.U.I. arrests, I assume?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Can you tell me what the symptoms are if
23	somebody is under the influence of alcohol?
24	A. Staggered gait, odor of alcoholic beverage on

their breath, red watery eyes, slurred speech.

1	Q. Pupils dilated?
2	A. Yes, they could.
3	Q. And Mr. Okeefe smelled heavily of alcohol
4	that evening, correct?
5	A. I don't recall what he smelled like.
6	Q. Did you spend very much time with him?
7	A. No, I didn't.
8	Q. So you basically arrested him and dropped him
9	off?
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q. Were you present when A.M.R. arrived to check
12	out Mr. Okeefe?
13	A. Yes, I was.
14	Q. And how long did it take them to arrive?
15	A. I don't recall how long it took. I thought
16	they were somewhere waiting, a block or two away. I
17	assume they were waiting a block or two away like they
18	usually are for us to tell them to come in.
19	Q. Basically, do you agree that the incident was
20	reported around 11:01 in the evening and Mr. Okeefe
21	Was in custody by 11:13?
22	A. I don't recall the exact times. I didn't
23	check my watch.
24	Q. Well, 12 minutes from the initial call to in
25	custody, does that sound correct to you?

1	A. I don't know. I do know from the moment I
2	got there to the time he was in custody there were a
3	minute or two maybe. I never looked at the printout
4	to know the exact times.
5	Q. Would it help refresh your recollection if I
6	showed you the dispatch log?
7	A. Sure.
В	Q. Do you recall what time the call went out?
9	A. It went out just after 2300 hours, at 2313 we
10	said he was in custody.
11	Q. So 12 minutes from initial call that he was
12	in physical custody?
13	A. Yes, ma'am.
14	Q. Do you recall how long he sat outside before
15	he was taken from the scene?
16	A. I don't.
17	Q. Were you there when he was taken from the
18	scene?
19	A. No. After I left him on the terrace I was
20	there while paramedics were walking up the stairs.
21	Sergeant Castor approached me and started giving me
22	commands on what to do on perimeter and I left and
23	followed those orders.
24	Q. Did you write any written reports regarding

this incident?

25

1	A. I did fill out an occupational illness form
2	because of the amount of blood, and I was bare handed
3	It's just our protocol.
4	Q. Did you complete a use-of-force report
5	because of the use of tazers?
6	A. No, I did not complete the use-of-force
7	report, another officer did.
8	MS. PALM: No more questions. Pass the
9	witness.
10	MR. SMITH: Nothing further.
11	THE COURT: Thank you for your time.
12	You're excused.
13	The State may call their next wet.
24	MR. SMITH: The State calls Todd
15	Armbruster, A-r-m-b-r-u-s-t-e-r.
16	
17	(Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.)
18	
19	THE CLERK: State your name, for the
20	record, and spell it.
21	THE WITNESS: Todd Armbruster,
22	A-r-m-b-r-u-s-t-e-r.
23	MR. SMITH: May I proceed?
24	THE COURT: Please proceed.
25	

1	DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	
3	MR. SMITH:
4	Q. Mr. Armbruster, where do you presently
5	reside?
6	A. 5001 El Parque, Number Two.
7	Q. What apartment number?
8	A. Number Two.
9	Q. Incidently, do you kind of work at that
10	location as well?
11	A. Yeah, maintenance.
12	Q. As a maintenance person?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Who do you reside with?
15	A. Robin Kolacz, K-o-l-a-c-z.
16	Q. What's her job function at that place?
17	A. Manager-type.
18	Q. Kind of like on-site supervisor?
19	A. Uh-huh.
20	Q. Is that a "yes"?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. I want to draw your attention to November 5,
23	2008, approximately eleven o'clock p.m. Did anything
24	unusual happen that day at that time?
25	A. At that time, yeah, Cookie, who lives in

number 29, come running down the apartment saying I 1. 2 need to call 9-1-1. He said he thought this girl was 3 dead in the apartment above him. 4 You said cookie Tolliver? Q. 5 A. Charles. 6 Q. Charles? 7 A. Yeah. 8 I wanted you to do me a favor. Q. 9 A. Say yes? He's taking down everything you say so I want 10 Ο. you to wait for me to ask the question before you 11 12 answer it? 13 A. Uh-huh. 14 Is that yes? Q. 15 A, Yes. 16 Charles Tolliver runs down and what does he Q. 17 do? Bang on your door? 18 Α. No, he was yelling. 19 You can hear him? Q. 20 A. Yes, sir. 21 Q. As a result of what Charles Tolliver told 22 you, what did you do? 23 A. I told Robin to call 9-1-1 and I ran up to 24 the apartment he was talking about. 25 Q. What apartment was that?

1	A.	35.
2	Q.	Is that directly above you?
3	A.	Directly above him.
4	Q.	Directly above Charles Tolliver?
5	A.	Yes.
6	Q.	So would this be the third floor?
7	Α.	Second floor.
8	Q.	So when you go upstairs to the apartment, is
9	the door	open?
10	A.	The door was wide open.
11	Q.	Do you go inside?
12	A.	Yes.
13	Q.	What do you see upon entry?
14	A.	I didn't see anything until I went in to the
15	bedroom.	
16	Q.	So when you walked in the apartment, you walk
17	in to the	living room first?
18	A.	Right.
19	Q.	You didn't see anything?
20	A.	No.
21	Q.	So then do you progress into the bedroom?
22	Α.	Yes.
23	Q.	What do you see then?
24	Α.	Saw the bed with a bunch of rags on top of
25	it; Bryan	standing at the end of the bed and the lady

1	laying on the floor.
2	Q. Bryan being Bryan Okeefe?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Do you see Mr. Okeefe present in court today?
5	A. Yes.
6	MS. PALM: Stipulate to identification.
7	MR. SMITH:
8	Q. So what happens next?
9	A. HE was bending over, telling her, asking her
10	to get up.
11	Q. He, being Bryan Okeefe?
12	A. Yes. Then he turned around and saw me,
13	started to take a swing at me and stopped what he was
14	doing, told us to get the hell out of his apartment.
15	We turned around and left and called the police.
16	Q. Did you know strike that.
17	When you walked in to the apartment do you
18	also see a female laying inside the bedroom?
19	A. You can't until you get in to the bedroom.
20	Q. That's my question. Did you see a female
21	laying on the ground when you walked inside the
22	bedroom?
23	A, Yes.
24	Q. Did she look to be deceased to you?
25	A. She wasn't moving. She didn't appear to be

1	breathing.
2	Q. Did you know that female?
3	A. I didn't know her personally. I never really
4	met, no, I didn't know her.
5	Q. So your testimony is when you made entry in
6	to the bedroom, the defendant took a swing at you and
7	told you to get out of there?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And you subsequently did in fact leave?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. What did you do after you left?
12	A. I went to Apartment 37, which was two doors
13	down, and called the police on a land line.
14	MR. SMITH: Pass the witness.
1.5	
16	CROSS EXAMINATION
17	
18	MR. PIKE:
19	Q. We've had an opportunity to speak before. In
20	fact, you were kind enough to take us around the
21	apartment complex where all this occurred?
22	A. Right.
23	Q. You have responsibilities at that complex,
4	you're like an on-site manager?
5	A. Maintenance.

1	Q. And you reside in a building that is kind of
2	at almost at a right angle to the apartment where this
3	happened?
4	A. Correct.
5	Q. The apartment where this happened is on the
6	second story of a two-story building, and it's on the
7	end of that building, is that correct?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. And Mr. And Mrs. Tolliver live underneath
10	that?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. And there's stairs that go up to a catwalk or
13	kind of a balcony that's out in front of that
14	apartment?
15	A. Correct.
16	Q. And being a maintenance individual or having
17	that job with that apartment complex, you have an
18	opportunity to go around and get to know the people
19	that are in the apartment complex?
20	A. Right.
21	Q. You kind of know who belongings there, who
22	doesn't belong there, in case anybody is doing any
23	damage or if they are just good tenants?
24	A. Right.
25	Q. And you had occasion to see Bryan and

1	Victoria often while they were living there?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And you had occasion to see them both up on
4	the catwalk, sitting outside drinking?
5	A. Right.
6	Q. You're obviously over 21?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And you're familiar, you drink alcoholic
9	beverages?
10	A. Occasionally.
11	Q. And so you have some experience with whether
12	or not somebody is getting to the point where they are
13	intoxicated or not intoxicated?
14	A, Right.
15	Q. And on the night that this happened when you
16	came in and you saw Bryan, were you able to form an
17	opinion, based upon your observation, as to whether or
18	not he was intoxicated?
19	A. To me he appeared intoxicated, yes.
20	Q. Did he seem disoriented as to what was going
21	on?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. When you saw him in there, can you kind of
24	tell me how he was in relationship to the body of
25	Victoria?

1	A. At her feet.
2	Q. Was he talking to her?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Do you recall what he was saying?
5	MR. SMITH: Objection, calls for hearsay.
6	MR. PIKE: Present sense impression, facts
7	upon which he's basing whether or not he was
8	intoxicated. Evidence not for the truth of the matter
9	as to the content, but his reaction and his
10	interpretation of the present sense based upon his
11	reaction to the police officers and to Todd.
12	THE COURT: Overruled.
13	MR. PIKE:
14	Q. What did he say?
15	A. Like I said, he bent you down with the hand
16	on her knee and her hand, "Come on, baby, get up,
17	don't do this to me, get up."
18	Q. At the time you saw him get up, did he have
19	any sort of a weapon?
20	A. No.
21	Q. Did you see any sort of a weapon anywhere on
22	the bed or anywhere in the apartment?
23	A. No, I didn't.
24	Q. After he took the swing at you, did it appear
25	he was stumbling or was not very steady on his feet?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. And after he took the one swing he didn't
3	follow you out when you left the apartment?
4	A. No.
5	Q. In fact, he turned around and went back to
6	the body of Victoria?
7	A. Yes.
В	Q. She wasn't moving, you were doing everything
9	that you could to get the police there and medical
10	help as quickly as possible?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. Had you seen Victoria when she was
13	intoxicated prior to this time?
14	A. No.
15	Q. Did you ever have an opportunity during the
16	course of all of this to see how long Mr. Okeefe was
17	out on the catwalk before the police took him away?
18	A. No. He wasn't on the catwalk that night.
19	Q. Did you personally hear any noises coming out
20	of that apartment?
21	A. No, I didn't.
22	Q. Other than conversations or what you heard
23	Mr. Okeefe say and what you saw when you went in, was
24	there anything else that you heard him say or do that

25

evening?

1	A. No.
2	MR. PIKE: Thank you very much.
3	MR. SMITH: Nothing further.
4	THE COURT: Thank you for your time.
5	You're excused.
6	
7	MR. SMITH: State next calls Cheryl
8	Morris.
9	
10	(Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.)
11	
12	THE CLERK: State your name, for the
13	record, and spell it.
14	THE WITNESS: Cheryl Morris, C-h-e-r-y-l,
15	last name M-o-r-r-i-s.
16	
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	
19	MR. SMITH:
20	Q. Miss Morris, do you know a person by the name
21	of Bryan Okeefe?
22	A. Yes, I do.
23	MR. PIKE: Stipulate to the identity of
24	Bryan Okeefe.
25	MR. SMITH: Thank you.

1	Q. Were you ever in a dating relationship with
2	Mr. Okeefe?
3	A. Yes, I was.
4	Q. When did that begin?
5	A. January 7.
6	Q. Of this year?
7	A. Of this year, yes.
8	Q. When did it end?
9	A. September 6.
10	Q. Of this year?
11	A. Yes.
12	Q. While you were in a relationship with Mr.
13	Okeefe, did you ever come or become aware of a person
14	named Victoria Whitmarsh?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. How did that occur?
17	A. He used to talk about her all the time.
18	Q. He being Bryan Okeefe?
19	A. Bryan used to talk about her all the time.
20	Q. When the relationship started in January of
21	2008, where were you living?
22	A. I was living at a friend's house just off of
23	Sara Jane Lane.
24	Q. Where was Mr. Okeefe living?
25	A. Mr. Okeefe was living in a trailer just off
537	

1	of Hinson Street.
2	Q. At some point subsequent to that did you guy:
3	share a residence together?
4	A. Off and on I would stay the night, yes.
5	Q. How soon after the relationship began did you
б	guys reside together?
7	A. Probably, I wasn't really residing there
8	because I never kept anything there, I just pretty
9	much stayed the night and I'd go off and do my own
10	thing during the day.
11	Q. At any point did you and him kind of move
12	into your own place?
13	A. We did. That was, I believe, in August.
14	Q. August of 2008?
15	A. I believe so. August 2008, yes.
16	Q. And what was the location of this place?
17	A. 5001 El Parque Avenue.
18	Q. 5001 El Parque?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Apartment 35?
21	A. Apartment 35, yes.
2	Q. When you and Mr. Okeefe moved into that
23	apartment, was there anyone else living there at the
24	time?

25

A. No.

1	Q. At some point subsequent to you moving in
2	there, did Mr. Okeefe express a interest in having
3	someone else move in with you guys?
4	A. No, actually I got a phone call.
5	Q. From who?
6	A. From Mr. Okeefe.
7	Q. And what was the substance of that phone
8	call? Specifically in regards to your living
9	arrangements?
10	A. He just called, said he wanted to come home
11	and he was going to bring Victoria.
12	Q. Victoria Whitmarsh?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. Were you amenable to that relationship?
15	A. No.
16	Q. Because of that, what did you do?
17	A. I moved out that night.
18	Q. And approximately when was this?
19	A. I think it was a Saturday or Sunday of that
20	weekend, the weekend of the 6th of September.
21	Q. Now, after September 6, 2008, did you ever
22	reside with Mr. Okeefe again?
23	A. No.
24	Q. Do you know whether or not Miss Whitmarsh
25	moved in to the 5001 El Parque, Number 352

1	A.	Yes.
2	Q.	How did you become aware of that?
3	A.	I still had the key to the apartment and I
4	had kept	contact with the owner and told him I was no
5	going to	return the key until a brand new lease was
6	made up a	and my name taken off of the lease.
7	Q.	Do you know how long Mr. Okeefe knew Mrs.
8	Whitmars	1?
9	A.	Since 2001.
10	Q.	How did you become aware of that?
11	A.	Mr. Okeefe told me.
12	Q.	Do you recall at any point coming into
13	contact v	ith police detectives doing an investigation
14	in to the	e death of Miss Whitmarsh?
15	A.	Only contact I actually had is when I was
16	called in	to make a statement.
17	Q.	And did you give a statement to a Detective
18	Bunn and/	or Detective Wildermann?
19	A.	Yes.
20	Q.	That statement take place at the homicide
21	section o	f the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
22	Departmen	t?
23	A.	Yes, on Oakey.
24	Q.	Would that have been November 20, 2008 ?
25	А.	Yes.

1	Q. Now, do you recall the police officers askin
2	you questions about statements the defendant made in
3	regards to how he could kill somebody?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Did the defendant ever make any statements
6	like that to you?
7	A. Yes,
8	MR. PIKE: Objection, Your Honor, hearsay.
9	MR. SMITH: I would submit it's not
10	hearsay if it's the defendant's own statement. I'm
11	proffering it to establish motive.
12	THE COURT: Overruled.
13	MR. SMITH:
14	Q. What did Mr. Okeefe say about his ability to
15	kill somebody?
16	A. He actually said that he could do that
17	because that was part of what he had to do in Grenada
18	in special ops.
19	Q. Let me ask you specifically, did he ever make
20	any statements about his ability to kill somebody with
21	a knife?
22	A. Just the fact that that's how he would have
23	to survive.
24	Q. Did he ever demonstrate to you how he could
25	kill somebody with a knife?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q- Explain that, please?
3	A. He would stand in front of me and he would
4	show me, he would hold me onto one shoulder and say he
5	could take the knife and shove it right into my mid
6	section and just sort of pull up. And that's how you
7	would kill someone.
8	Q. Into your rib cage area?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. Did Mr. Okeefe ever make any statements to
11	you regarding what he would do to you if he found out
12	that you were cheating on him?
13	A. On occasions he would say he would kill me if
14	he found out I was cheating.
15	Q. Finally, do you ever recall having a
16	conversation with Mr. Okeefe where he expressed
17	displeasure with Victoria Whitmarsh because of
18	something she may have done to him?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Can you explain that?
21	MR. PIKE: Request ongoing objection.
22	THE COURT: Objection noted and overruled.
23	You can answer that.
24	THE WITNESS: He would stay up nights and
25	we would talk, reminisce. When it got to the point he

couldn't take too much he would actually just say he 1 would -- he would actually -- he hated Victoria. 2 3 Did he say why he hated Victoria? In his own words he said because Victoria put 4 Α. him in jail, took three years of his life, that he 5 6 wanted to kill the bitch. 7 Just so the record's clear -- incidently, can you give me a time frame of when these conversations 8 9 would have taken place? 10 They took place throughout the time I was A. 11 with him. 12 Did he make these statements on more than one 13 occasion? 14 A. Yes. 15 And for the record, it was he was upset with Q. her for sending him to prison? 16 17 A. Yes. 18 And he wanted to kill her because of that? Q. 19 A. Yes. 20 MR. SMITH: Pass the witness. 21 22 CROSS EXAMINATION 23 24 MR. PIKE: 25 Q. Miss Morris, good morning.

In relationship to the time frame that you and Mr. Okeefe were involved with each other, you had actually lived together -- you spent some evenings, you said, spent some nights together. And based upon answering the questions from the State, I take it that the apartment that you were in had a joint lease or was with Mr. Okeefe or was it in your name?

A. It was supposed to be in our name, both of

- A. It was supposed to be in our name, both of our names.
- Q. In relationship to that the two of you also bought a vehicle together?
 - A. Correct.

- Q. In fact, Mr. Okeefe had used your credit to buy a car, so you were still obligated under the note on that car at the time this happened?
- 16 A. Correct.
 - Q. You kept a key to the apartment complex or the apartment that you and he shared. Did you ever go back into that apartment prior to the death of Victoria?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. What did you go back there for?
- A. To go pick up the rest of my things, what was left there. I couldn't pick up the two large boxes that were left there, so he actually took them and

1	dropped them off at a friend's house.
2	Q. Whether you say he?
3	A. I'm sorry, Bryan.
4	Q. During the course of that time, did you ever
5	have an opportunity to meet Victoria Whitmarsh?
6	A. Victoria requested that I meet with her. I
7	thought about it and I declined.
8	Q. When she requested that she meet with you,
9	did you talk with her on the phone?
10	A. Yes, several times.
11	Q. What was the general content of that
12	conversation?
13	A. The general content of that conversation was
14	why she was still seeing Bryan, why I was still seeing
15	Bryan. Also, the fact that if I made him upset, if I
16	got him mad, that he would and could hurt me. Because
17	she said he had done that to her.
18	Q. During the time that you were with Mr.
19	Okeefe, he didn't hurt you physically, did he?
20	MR. SMITH: Objection, relevance.
21 .	THE COURT: The relevance?
22	MR. PIKE: In response to the observations
23	of whether he was intoxicated. Let me rephrase the
24	question.
25	Q. During the time that you resided with Mr.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

BRIAN K. O'KEEFE, Appellant, vs.

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THE STATE OF NEVADA Respondent. Supreme Court No.:

District Court Case No.: 08C350630 Filed Electronically Filed Dec 01 2015 10:50 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

APPELLANT'S APPENDIX - VOLUME 1 - PAGES 0001-0199

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-] -

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(Ex Parte) Motion to Appoint Counsel filed on 12/06/13	4698-4700
"Amended" Exhibits to "Amended Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus by	li .
a True Pretrial Detainee filed on 10/03/14	5008-5036
"Evidentiary Hearing Request" (Amended Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus Pursuant to NRS 34.360 Exclusive 1 Based on Subject-Matter of Amended Information Vested in Ninth Circuit by Notice of Appeal then "COA" Granted on a Double Jeopardy Violation with No Remand Issued Since) filed on 10/03/14	4995-5007
"Reply" to State's Response and Motion to Dismiss to Defendant's Pro- Per Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus Prsuant to NRS 34.360 filed on 10/27/14	5052-5061
"True Pretrial Detainee's" Reply to State's Opposition(s) Admitting the State has a Jurisdictional Defect by the Aung of a Notice of Appeal Which Diveste Jurisdiction of the Matter Appealed; i.e., O'Keefe's Pretrial Habeas Matter Appealed to the 9th Circuit on the Subject Matter of the Amended Information Already Named a Double Jeopardy Violation filed on 10/01/14	4989-4994
Affidavit of Matthew D. Carling, Esq. filed on 06/29/15	5447-5453
Affidavit of the Honorable Michael P. Villani filed on 09/24/14	4981-4983
Amended Information filed on 02/10/09	0175-0177
Amended Notice of Appeal filed on 10/29/15	5565-5568
Appendix of Exhibits for: Motion to Dismiss based Upon Violation(s) of the Fifth Amendment Component of the Double Jeopardy Clause, Constitutional Collateral Estoppel and, Alternatively, Claiming Res Judicata, Enforceable by the Fourteenth Amendment Upon the States Precluding State's Theory of Prosecution by Unlawful Intentional Stabbing with Knife, the Alleged Battery Act Described in the Amended Information filed on 03/16/12	3225-3406
Case Appeal Statement filed on 03/14/14	4850-4851
Case Appeal Statement filed on 04/11/14	4862-4863
Case Appeal Statement filed on 05/21/09	0334-0336
Case Appeal Statement filed on 08/04/15	5476-5477
Case Appeal Statement filed on 08/12/15	5484-5485
Case Appeal Statement filed on 09/02/14	4925-4926
Case Appeal Statement filed on 09/04/12	3536-3537
Case Appeal Statement filed on 09/24/12	4625-4628
Case Appeal Statement filed on 10/20/15	5547-5548
Case Appeal Statement filed on 10/21/15	5554-5556
Case Appeal Statement filed on 11/04/15	5572-5573
ase Appeal Statement filed on 11/24/14	5070-5071
Certificate of Mailing filed on 05/03/11	3048

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Certificate of Service filed on 06/29/15	5454
Clerks Certificate Judgment Reversed and Remanded filed on 05/06/10	1023-1027
Criminal Bindover filed on 12/26/08	0004-0020
Criminal Order to Statistically Close Case filed on 07/31/13	4662
Defendant O'Keefe's Opposition to Motion in Limine to Admit Evidence of Other Bad Acts Pursuant to NRS 48.045 and Evidence of Domestic Violence Pursuant to 48.061 filed on 01/18/11	2877-2907
Defendant's Brief on Admissibility of Evidence of Alleged Victim's History of Suicide Attempts, Anger Outbursts, Anger Management Therapy, Self-Mutilation (With Knives andn Scissors), and Erratic Behavior filed on 03/20/09	0293-0301
Defendant's Motion to Require Court to Advise the Prosepective Jurors as to the Mandatory Sentences Required if the Defendant is Convicted of Second Degree Murder filed on 03/04/09	0196-0218
Defendant's Motion to Settle Record filed on 03/24/09	0317-0322
Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions filed on 03/20/09	0302-0316
Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions filed on 08/23/10	1335-1393
Defendant's Submission to Clark County District Attorney's Death Review Committee filed on 12/31/08	0021-0027
Defendant's Supplemental Proposed Jury Instructions filed on 03/20/09	0290-0292
Defendant's Supplemental Notice of Witnesses filed on 08/16/10	1294-1296
District Court Amended Jury List filed on 03/19/09	0245
District Court Jury List filed on 03/16/09	0239
Ex Parte and/or Notice of Motion and Motion to Chief Judge to Reassign Case to Jurist of Reason Based on Pending Suit 3:14-CV-00385-RCJ-WGC Against Judge Michael Villani for proceeding in Clear "Want of Jurisdiction" Thereby Losing Immunity, Absolutely filed on 08/28/14	4903-4912
Ex Parte and/or Notice of Motion filed on 08/28/14	4913
Ex Parte Application for Order Requiring Material Witness to Post Bail filed on 03/10/09	0232-0236
Ex Parte Motion for an Order Shortening Time filed on 08/16/10	1292-1293
Ex Parte Motion for Appointment of Counsel Pursuant to NRS 34.750 filed on 09/15/14	4950-4952
Ex Parte Motion for Defense Costs filed on 06/30/10	1037-1043
Ex Parte Motion for Production of Documents (Specific) Papers, Pleadings and Tangible Property of Defendant filed on 01/13/14	4714-4720
Ex Parte Motion for Reimbursement of Legal Cost of Faretta Canvassea Defendant to Above Instant Case filed on 12/13/13	4701-4707
Ex Parte Motion for Release of Medical Records filed on 04/08/11	3041-3042
Ex Parte Motion to Extend Prison Copywork Limit filed on 06/24/15	5438-5441
Exhibits to Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a True Pretrial Detainee filed on 09/15/14	4954-4980
Ex-Parte Motion for Reimbursement of Incidental Costs Subsequent the Court Declaring Defendant Indigent and Granting Forma Pauperis filed	

Ex-Parte Motion to Extend Prison Copywork Limit filed on 01/28/14	4764-476
Filing in Support of Motion to Seal Records as Ordered by Judge filed on 04/19/12	3438-3441
Findings of Fact, Conclusion of Law and Order filed on 10/02/15	5528-5536
Information filed on 12/19/08	0001-0003
Instructions to the Jury (Instruction No. 1) filed on 09/02/10	1399-1426
Instructions to the Jury filed on 03/20/09	0246-0288
Judgment of Conviction (Jury Trial) filed on 09/05/12	4623-4624
Judgment of Conviction filed on 05/08/09	0327-0328
Judicial Notice Pursuant NRS 47.140(1)-NRS 47.150(2) Supporting Pro-	1 22, 0220
Se Petition Pursuant NRS 34.360 filed on 03/12/15	5082-5088
Jury List filed on 06/12/12	3456
Jury List filed on 08/25/10	1396
Letters in Aid of Sentencing filed on 05/04/09	0324-0326
Motion by Defendant O'Keefe filed on 08/19/10	1329-1334
Motion for Complete Rough Draft Transcript filed on 04/03/12	3430
Motion for Judicial Notice the State's Failure to File and Serve Response	
in Opposition filed on 02/24/14	4800-4809
Motion for Judicial Ruling filed on 05/24/10	1028-1030
Motion for Leave to File Supplemental Petition Addressing All Claims in	1000
the First Instance Required by Statute for Judicial Economy with	
Attidavit filed on 06/15/15	5420-5422
Motion for Relief from Judgment Based on Lack of Jurisdiction for U.S.	
Court of Appeals has not Issued any Remand, Mandate, or Remittitur	
filed on 07/23/14	4871-4889
Motion to Continue Trial filed on 06/01/12	3450-3455
Motion to Dismiss Counsel filed on 10/03/11	3164-3168
Motion to Modify and/or Correct Illegal Sentence filed on 01/27/14	4749-4759
Motion to Place on Calendar filed on 10/26/11	3169-3182
Motion to Place on Calendar filed on 11/28/11	3184-3192
Motion to Withdraw as Counsel filed on 04/29/11	3044-3047
Motion to Withdraw Counsel filed on 11/28/11	3193-3198
Motion to Withdraw Counsel for Conflict and Failure to Present Claims	() () () () () () () () () ()
when I.A.C. Claims Must be Raised Per Statute in the First Petition	1
ursuant Chapter 34 filed on 06/08/15	5148-5153
Motion to Withdraw filed on 09/14/10	1434-1437
Notice of Appeal filed on 03/13/14	4843-4849
Notice of Appeal filed on 04/11/14	4858-4861
	0332-0333
Notice of Appeal filed on 07/31/15	5467-5472
Notice of Appeal filed on 05/21/09 Notice of Appeal filed on 07/31/15 Notice of Appeal filed on 08/11/15	5467-5472 5478-5483
Notice of Appeal filed on 07/31/15 Notice of Appeal filed on 08/11/15 Notice of Appeal filed on 08/29/14	5478-5483
Notice of Appeal filed on 07/31/15 Notice of Appeal filed on 08/11/15	

	NIAT A PART OF A STATE	_
- 1	Notice of Appeal filed on 11/21/14	5067-5069
	Notice of Change of Address filed on 06/06/14	4864-4865
7) Vij	Notice of Defendant's Expert Witness filed on 02/20/09	0180-0195
	Notice of Defendant's Witnesses filed on 03/06/09	0224-0227
	Notice of Entry of Findings of Fact, Conclusion of Law and Order filed on 10/06/15	5537-5546
l	Notice of Expert Witnesses filed on 03/05/09	0222-0223
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe for a Reasonable Bail filed on 09/24/10	1441-1451
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe for Discovery filed on 08/02/10	1211-1219
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe for Evidentiary Hearing on Whether the State and CCDC have Complied with Their Obligations with Respect to the Recording of a Jail Visit Between O'Keefe and State Witness Cheryl Morris filed on 08/02/10	1220-1239
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Admit Evidence Pertaining to the Alleged Victim's Mental Health Condition and History, Including Prior Suicide Attempts, Anger Outbursts, Anger Management Therapy, Self-Mutilation and Errratic Behavior filed on 07/21/10	1064-1081
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Admit Evidence Pertaining to the Alleged Victim's Mental Health Condition and History, Including Prior Suicide Attempts. Anger Outbursts, Anger Management Therapy, Self-Mutilation and Erratic Behavior filed on 07/21/10	1099-1116
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Admit Evidence	1077-1110
	Showing LVMPD Homicide Detectives Have Preserved Blood/Breath Alcohol Evidence in Another Recent Case filed on 08/02/10	1199-1210
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Dismiss on Grounds of Double Jeopardy Bar and Speedy Trial Violation and,	1177 1210
	Alternatively, to Preclude State's New Expert Witness, Evidence and Argument Relating to the Dynamics or Effects of Domestic Violence and Abuse filed on 01/07/11	2785-2811
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Preclude Expert Testimony filed on 08/16/10	1284-1291
	Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Preclude the State from Introducing at Trial Other Act or Character Evidence and Other Evidence Which is Unfairly Prejudicial or Would Violate his	
	Constitutional Rights filed on 07/21/10 Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Preclude the State	1047-1063
	from Introducing at Trial Other Act or Character Evidence and Other Evidence Which is Unfairly Prejudicial or Would Violate his	
	Constitutional Rights filed on 07/21/10	1082-1098
1	Notice of Motion and Motion by defendant O'Keefe to Preclude the State	
	from Introducing at Trial Improper Evidence and Argument filed on 01/03/11	

Statements to Police, or, Alternatively, to Preclude the State from	1
Introducing Portions of his Interrogation filed on 08/02/10	1152-1198
Notice of Motion and Motion for Leave of Court to File Motion for	1152 1170
Rehearing - Pursuant to EDCR, Rule 2.24 filed on 08/29/14	4914-4921
Notice of Motion and Motion in Limine to Admit Evidence of Other Bad	
Acts Pursuant to NRS 48.045 and Evidence of Domestic Violence	
Pursuant to 48.061 filed on 01/06/11	2762-2784
Notice of Motion and Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Crimes filed on	1
02/02/09	0150-0165
Notice of Motion and Motion to Admit Evidence of Polygraph	2.00 5.05
Examination Results filed on 03/29/12	3412-3415
Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss based Upon Violation(s) of the	- 112 5 115
Fifth Amendment Component of the Double Jeopardy Clause,	1
Constitutional Collateral Estoppel and, Alternatively, Claiming Res	
Judicata, Enforceable by the Fourteenth Amendment Upon the States	
Precluding State's Theory of Prosecution by Unlawful Intentional	
Stabbing with Knife, the Alleged Battery Act Described in the Amended	
Information filed on 03/16/12	3201-3224
Notice of Motion and Motion to Seal Records filed on 03/22/12	3416-3429
Notice of Motion and Motion to Waive Filing Fees for Petition for Writ of	3410-3427
Mandamus filed on 12/06/13	4695-4697
Notice of Motion and Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record filed on	4073-4071
09/23/15	5517-5519
Notice of Motion and Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record filed on	33(7-331)
09/29/15	5525-5527
Notice of Motion filed on 01/13/14	4721
Notice of Motion filed on 01/21/14	4748
Notice of Motion filed on 01/27/14	4760
Notice of Motion filed on 02/24/14	4810
Notice of Motion filed on 03/04/14	4833
Notice of Motion filed on 06/08/15	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Notice of Motion filed on 07/23/14	5154-5160
Notice of Motion filed on 08/29/14	4890
Notice of Motion filed on 09/15/14	4922
	4953
Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert Witnesses filed on 02/03/09	0166-0167
Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert Witnesses filed on 02/17/09	0178-0179
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/ Judgment Affirmed filed on 02/06/15	
	5072-5081
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgment Affirmed filed on	(9)(50)(50)(6 (M/M/M)
07/26/13	4653-4661
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgment Dismissed filed on	0.092967.55 0.005.1145
06/18/14	4866-4870
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgment Dismissed filed on	
03/12/15	5089-5093
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgment Dismissed filed on	

09/28/15	n (ii <u> </u>
10,000,000	5520-5524
NV Supreme Court Clerks Certificate/Judgment Dismissed filed on 10/29/14	5062-5066
O'Keefe's Reply to State's Opposition to Motion to Admit Evidence Showing LVMPD Homicide Detectives have Preserved Blood/Breath	2:
Alcohol Evidence in Another Recent Case filed on 08/13/10	1256-1265
Opposition to State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Bad Acts filed on 02/06/09	0169-0172
Order Authorizing Contact Visit filed on 03/04/09	0219-0220
Order Authorizing Contact Visit filed on 08/12/10	1253-1254
Order Denying Defendant's Ex Parte Motion to Extend Prison Copywork Limit filed on 08/13/15	5486-5488
Order Denying Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion for Reimbursement of	
Incidental Costs Declaring Defendant Ingigent and Granting Forma	4840-4842
Order Denying Defendant's Motion for Relief From Judgment Based on	10.10 10.12
Lack of Jurisdiction for U.S. Court of Appeals had not Issues any Remand, Mandare or Remittatture filed on 09/04/14	4927-4929
Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss filed on 04/11/12	3434-3435
Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Seal Recoreds and Defendant's	2737-3733
Motion to Admit Evidence of Plygraph Examination filed on 05/24/12	3448-3449
Order Denying Defendant's Petition for Writ of Mandamus or in the Alternative Writ of Coram Nobis: Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Waive Filing Fees for Petition for Writ of Mandamus; Order Denying	
Defendant's Motion to Appoint Counsel filed on 01/20114	4761-4763
Order Denying Defendant's Pro Per Motion for Judifical Notice- The	4701-4703
State's Failure to File and Serve Response in Opposition filed on 04/01/14	4 4855-4857
Order Denying Defendant's Pro Per Motion for Leave to File	1 1000-4007
Supplemental Petition Addressing all Claims in the First Instance	
Required by Statute for Judicial Economy with Affidavit filed on	
[07/15/15	5464-5466
Order Denying Defendant's Pro Per Motion to Modify and/or Correct Illegal Sentence filed on03/25/14	1050 1051
Order Denying Defendant's Pro Per Motion to Withdraw Counsel for	4852-4854
Conflict and Failure to Present Claims When LA.C. Claims Must be	
Raised Per Statute in the First Petition Pursuant to Chapter 34 filed on 07/15/15	5461-5463
Order Denying Matthew D. Carling's Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record for Defendant filed on 11/19/15	5574-5575
Order Denying Motion to Disqualify filed on 10/06/14	5037-5040
Order filed on 01/30/09	0149
Order filed on 11/06/10	1462-1463
Order for Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 10/15/14	5051
Order for Production of Inmate Brian O'Keefe filed on 05/26/10	1032-1033
Order for Return of Fees filed on 11/10/11	3183

Order for Transcripts filed on 04/30/12	3442
Order Granting and Denying in Part Defendant's Ex-Parte Motion for	
Production of Documents (Specific) Papers, Pleadings, and Tangible	
Property of Defendant filed on 02/28/14	4818-4820
Order Granting Ex parte Motion for Defense Costs filed on 07/01/10	1044-1045
Order Granting Request for Transcripts filed on 01/20/11	2966-2967
Order Granting Request for Transcripts filed on 04/27/11	3043
Order Granting Request for Transcripts filed on 09/14/10	1430-1431
Order Granting Request for Transcripts filed on 09/16/10	1438-1439
Order Granting, in Part, and Denying, in Part, Motion by Defendant O'Keefe for Discovery filed on 08/23/10	1394-1395
Order Granting, in Part, and Denying, in Part, Motion by Defendant	55 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5
O'Keefe to Preclude the State from Introducing at Trial Other Act or	
Character Evidence and Other Evidence Which is Unfairly Prejudicial or	J
Would Violate his Constitutional Rights filed on 09/09/10	1427-1429
Order Granting, in Part, the State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other	3199-3200
Bad Acts filed on 03/13/12	
Order Releasing Medical Records filed on 04/08/11	3039-3040
Order Requiring Material Witness to Post Bail or be Committed to	7.1 = 5
Custody filed on 03/10/09	0230-0231
Order Shortening Time filed on 08/16/10	1283
Petition for a Writ of Mandamus or in the Alternative Writ of Coram	
Nobis filed on 12/06/13	4663-4694
Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus or in the Alternative Motion to	<u> </u>
Preclude Prosecution from Seeking First Degree Murder Conviction	
Based Upon the Failure to Collect Evidence filed on 01/26/09	0125-0133
Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus Pursuant to NRS 34.360 Exclusive 1	
Based On Subject-Matter of Amended Information Vested in Ninth	
Circuit by notice of Appeal Then "COA" Granted on a Double Jeopardy	
Violation with No Remand Issued Since filed on 09/15/14	4940-4949
Petitioner's Supplement with Exhibit of Oral Argument Scheduled by the	4. 4. <u>1</u> .
Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals for November 17, 2014, Courtroom #1	
filed on 10/01/14	4984-4988
Pro Se "Reply to State's Opposition to Defendant's Pro Se Motion to	
Modify and/or Correct Illegal Sentence filed on 03/04/14	4821-4832
ProSe "Reply" to State's Opposition to Defendant's (Ex-Parte) "Motion	
for Reimbursement of Incidental Costs Subsequent the Courts Declaring	21647 (2464) 21 414 (244)
Defendant Indigent and Granting Forma Pauperis" filed on 02/24/14	4792-4799
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/03/11	2761
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/12/11	2812
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/12/11	2813
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/18/11	2876
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/27/09	0134
Receipt of Copy filed on 01/30/09	0146
Receipt of Copy filed on 02/06/09	0168

3	Receipt of Copy filed on 03/04/09	0221
2	Receipt of Copy filed on 03/24/09	0323
	Receipt of Copy filed on 05/24/10	1031
3	Receipt of Copy filed on 06/13/11	3163
4	Receipt of Copy filed on 06/30/10	1036
4	Receipt of Copy filed on 08/02/10	1240
5	Receipt of Copy filed on 08/02/10	1241
	Receipt of Copy filed on 08/02/10	1242
6	Receipt of Copy filed on 08/02/10	1243
7	Receipt of copy filed on 08/13/10	1255
×	Receipt of Copy filed on 09/14/10	1432
8	Receipt of Copy filed on 09/17/10	1433
	Receipt of Copy filed on 09/21/10	1440
9	Receipt of File filed on 07/01/10	1046
10	Reply in Support of Supplemental Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus	
10	(Post-Conviction) filed on 08/25/15	5500-5510
11	Reply to State's Response to Defendant's Pro Per Post-Conviction	
	Petition for Habeas Corpus filed on 06/16/15	5423-5432
12	Reply to State's Response to Defendant's Supplemental Petition for Writ	4
13	of Habeas Corpus filed on 08/24/15	5489-5499
D-MC	Request for Rough Draft Transcripts filed on 10/21/15	5549-5551
14	Request for Rough Draft Transcripts filed on 07/17/12	3458-3460
15	Request for Certified Transcript of Proceeding filed on 09/09/09	0772-0723
,,	Request for Rough Draft Transcript filed on 05/21/09	0329-0331
16	Request for Rough Draft Transcripts filed on 11/20/12	4629-4631
	Return to Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 01/29/09	0135-0145
17	Second Amended Information filed on 08/19/10	1326-1328
18 19	State's Opposition to Defendant's (Ex-Parte) "Motion for Reimbursement of Incidental Costs Subsequent the Courts Declaring Defendant Indigent and Granting Forma Pauperis" filed on 02/07/14	4768-4791
20	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for a Reasonable Bail filed on 09/27/10	1452-1461
21	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Judicial Notice – The State's Failure to File and Serve the Response in Opposition filed on 03/10/14	4834-4839
	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss filed on 03/21/12	3407-3411
23	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Preclude the State from	2.01 2711
24	Introducing at Trial Improper Evidence and Argument filed on 01/12/11	2814-2871
5	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Seal Records filed on 04/05/12	3431-3433
26	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Suppress his Statements to Police, or, Alternatively, to Preclude the State from Introducing Portions of his Interrogation filed on 08/17/10	1204 1210
27 28	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Withdraw Counsel for Conflict and Failure to Present Claims When I.A.C. Claims Must be	1306-1319

1	Raised Per Statute in the First Petition Pursuant to Chapter 34 filed on 06/25/15	5442-5446
3	State's Opposition to Defendant's Pro Per Motion for Leave of Court to File Motion Rule 2.4 filed on 09/12/14	4935-4939
4 5	State's Opposition to Defendant's Pro Per Motion to Chief Judge to Reassign Case to Jurist of Reason Based on Pending Suit Against Judge Michael Villani for Proceeding in Clear "Want of Jurisdiction" Thereby	
6	Losing Immunity, Absolutely filed on 09/12/14 State's Opposition to Defendant's Pro Per Motion to Modify and/or	4930-4934
7	Correct Illegal Sentence filed on 02/24/14	4811-4817
8	State's Opposition to Motion for Evidentiary Hearing on Whether the State and CCDC have Complied with their Obligations with Respect to the Recording of a Jail Visit Between O'Keefe and State Witness Cheryl Morris filed on 08/10/10	1044 1045
	State's Opposition to Motion to Admit Evidence Pertaining to the Alleged	1244-1247
10	Victim's Mental Health Condition and History, Including Prior Suicide Attempts, Anger Outbursts, Anger Management Therapy, Self-Mutilation	988350 IS
12	and Erratic Behavior filed on 08/16/10 State's Opposition to Motion to Admit Evidence Showing LVMPD	1277-1282
13	Homicide Detectives Have Preserved Blood/Breath Alcohol Evidence in Another Recent Case filed on 08/10/10	1248-1252
14	State's Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and, Alternatively, to Preclude Expert and Argument Regarding Domestic Violence filed on 01/18/11	2908-2965
15	State's Opposition to Motion to Preclude Expert Testimony filed on 08/18/10	
16	State's Response and Motion to Dismiss Defendant's Motion for Relief	1320-1325
17	from Judgment Based on Lack of Jurisdiction for U.S. Court of Appeals had not Issued any Remand, Mandare or Remittatture of filed on 08/07/14	4891-4902
18	State's Response and Motion to Dismiss to Defendant's Pro Per Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus Pursuant to NRS 34.360 Exclusive based on	
19 20	Subject-Matter of Amended Information Vested in Ninth Circuit by Notice of Appeal Then "COA" Granted on a Double jEopardy Violatio	
21	with No Remand Issued Since (Post Conviction), Amended Peition and Accompany Exhibits, Opposition to Request for Evidentiary Hearing, and	
22	Opposition to Pro Per Motion to Appoint Counsel filed on 10/10/14	5041-5050
23	State's Response to Defendant's Motion to Preclude the State from Introducint at Trial Other Bad Acts or Character Evidence and Other	19
24	Evidence that is Unfairly Prejudicial or Would Violate his Contitutionsal Rights filed on 08/16/10	1268-1276
25	State's Response to Defendant's Petition for a Writ of Mandamus or in	1200-1270
26	the Alternative Writ of Coram and Response to Motion to Appoint Counsel filed on 12/31/13	4708-4713
27	State's Response to Defendant's Pro Per Post-Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 06/02/15	5145-5147
28	State's Response to Defendant's Pro Per Supplemental Petition for Writ	5143-3147
2000		23 ESTA

of Habeas Corpus and Evidentiary Hearing Request, "Motion for Leave to	_
File Supplemental Petition Addressing all Claims in the First Instance	
Required by Statute for Judicial Economy with Affidavit," "Reply to	Ť
State's Response to Defendant's Pro Per Post Conviction Petition for	
Habeas Corpus," and "Supplement with Notice Pursuant NRS 47.150(2);	
NRS 47.140(1), that the Untied States Supreme Court has Docketed (#14-	
10093) the Pretrial Habeas Corpus Matter Pursuant 28 USC 2241(c)(3)	
from the Mooting of Petitioner's Section 2241 Based on a Subsequent	
Judgment Obtained in Want of Jurisdiction While Appeal Pending" filed	
on 07/09/15	5455-5458
State's Response to Defendant's Reply in Support of Supplemental Post-	
Conviction Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 09/03/15	5511-5516
State's Response to Defendant's Supplement to Supplemental Petition for	
Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) filed on 07/31/15	5473-5475
State's Supplemental Opposition to Motion to Seal Records filed on 04/17/12	2436 2430
Stipulation and Order filed on 02/10/09	3436-3437 0173-0174
Substitution of Attorney filed on 06/29/10	1034-1035
Supplement to Supplemental Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-	1034-1033
Conviction) filed on 07/13/15	5459-5460
Supplement with Notice Pursuant NRS 47.150 (2); NRS 47.140 (1), That	3437-3400
the United State's Supreme Court has Docketed (#14-10093) The Pretrial	
Habeas Corpus Matter Pursuant 28 U.S.C.§ 2241 ©(3) From the Mooting	1
of Petitioner's Section 2241 Based on a Subsequent Judgment Obtained in	
Want of Jurisdiction While Appeal Pending filed on 06/17/15	5433-5437
Supplemental Appendix of Exhibits to Petition for a Writ of Habeas	120,213,
Corpus Exhibits One (1) Through Twenty Five (25) filed on 06/12/15	5161-5363
Supplemental Notice of Defendant's Expert Witnesses filed on 07/29/10	1117-1151
Supplemental Notice of Expert Witness filed on 05/17/12	3443-3447
Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses filed on 01/03/11	2756-2760
Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses filed on 08/13/10	1266-1267
Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses filed on 08/16/10	1297-1305
Supplemental Notice of Witnesses filed on 01/14/11	2872-2875
Supplemental Notice of Witnesses filed on 03/10/09	0228-0229
Supplemental Notice of Witnesses filed on 03/11/09	0237-0238
Supplemental Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post Conviction) filed	
on 04/08/15	5094-5144
Supplemental Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 06/15/15	5364-5419
/erdict filed on 03/20/09	0289
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Verdict Submitted to the Jury but Returned Unsigned filed on 09/02/10	1397-1398
Writ of Habeas Corpus filed on 01/30/09	0147-0148

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Transcript - Calendar Call filed on 08/30/12	3520-3535
Transcript - Continued Hearing: Motion in Limine to Present Evidence of	
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Transcript - Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post Conviction) filed on 10/29/15	
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Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 2 filed on 07/10/09	0515-0581
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 2 filed on 11/23/10	1603-1615
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Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 3 filed on 07/10/09	0462-0514
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 3 filed on 11/23/10	1616-1738
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 3 on 09/04/12	3779-4000
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 4 filed on 07/10/09	0408-0461
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 4 filed on 11/23/10	1739-2032
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 4 on 09/04/12	3600-3778
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 5 filed on 07/10/09	0359-0407
Transcript Jury Trial Day 5 filed on 09/04/12	3538-3599
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 5 filed on 11/23/10	2033-2281
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 6 filed on 11/23/10	2282-2507
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 7 filed on 11/23/10	2508-2681
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 8 filed on 11/23/10	1469-1470
Transcript - Jury Trial - Day 9 filed on 11/23/10	1471-1478
Transcript - Matthew D. Carling's Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record for Defendant filed on 10/29/15	5557-5559
Transcript - Motions Hearing - August 17, 2010 filed on 11/23/10	1479-1499
Transcript - Motions Hearing - August 19, 2010 filed on 11/23/10	1500-1536
Transcript - Motions Hearing - August 20, 2010 filed on 11/23/10	1537-1578

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Transcript – Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant O'Keefe to Preclude the State from Introducing at Trial Improper Evidence and	
Argument filed on 02/04/11	2974-2989
Transcript - Partial Transcript of the Jury Trial - Day 2 filed on 03/18/09	0240-0244
Transcript - Petrocelli Hearing filed on 05/19/11	3049-3162
Transcript - Proceedings filed on 01/02/09	0028-0124
Transcript - Sentencing August 16, 2012 filed on 12/03/12	4632-4635
Transcript - Sentencing August 28, 2012 filed on 12/03/12	4636-4652
Transcript - Sentencing filed on 07/10/09	0337-0341
Transcript - Status Check: Availability of Dr. Benjamin for Trial filed on 02/04/11	2990-2995

- 13 -

Electronically Filed 12/19/2008 01:36:04 PM

1	INFO DAVID ROGER ELLI ATTICLE	
2	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #002781	
3	PHILLIP N. SMITH, JR.	
4	Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010233 200 Lewis Avenue	
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500	
6	Attorney for Plaintiff	
7	I.A. 01/06/09 DISTRICT COURT 9:00 AM CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
8	PD PD	
9		
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
11	Plaintiff, Case No: C250630	
12	-vs- Dept No: V	
13	BRIAN KERRY O'KEFFE, #1447732	
14	Defendant.	
15)	
16	STATE OF NEVADA) ss.	
17	COUNTY OF CLARK \(\frac{5}{3} \).	
18	DAVID ROGER, District Attorney within and for the County of Clark, State of	f
19	Nevada, in the name and by the authority of the State of Nevada, informs the Court:	Ì
20	That BRIAN KERRY O'KEFFE, the Defendant(s) above named, having committee	
21	the crime of MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (OPEN MURDER	
22	(Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165), on or about the 5th day of November, 2008	ु इ
23	within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, contrary to the form, force and effect of statutes	S
24	in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada,	
25	<i>III</i>	
26	H	
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28	M	

j	VICTORIA WHITMARSH, a human	being, by stabbing the said VICTORIA							
2	WHITMARSH, with a deadly weapon, to-wit; a knife.								
3									
4									
5		m. Dog.							
6		reme reser							
7		DAVID ROGER DISTRICT ATTORNEY							
8		Nevada Bar #002781							
9	Names of witnesses known to the Di-	strict Attorney's Office at the time of filing this							
10	Information are as follows:	sates resolve) a other at the time of filing this							
11	NAME	ADDRESS							
12	ARMBRUSTER, TODD	5001 OBANNON DR #34 LVNV							
13	BALLEJOS, JEREMIAH	LVMPD #8406							
14	BENJAMIN, JACQUELINE DR	ME 0081							
15	BLASKO, KEITH	LVMPD #2995							
16	BUNN, CHRISTOPHER	LVMPD #4407							
17	COLLINS, CHELSEA	LVMPD #9255							
18	CONN, TODD	LVMPD #8101							
19 20	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	CDC							
21	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD COMMUNICATIONS							
22	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS	LVMPD RECORDS							
23	FORD, DANTEL	LVMPD #4244							
24	FONBUENA, RICHARD	LVMPD #6834							
25	НАТНСОХ, ЛММҮ	5001 EL PARQUE AVE #C-36 LVNV							
26	HUTCHERSON, CHRISTOPHER	LVMPD #12996							
27	IVIE, TRAVIS	LVMPD #6405							
28	KYGER, TERESA	LVMPD #4191							
50750	KOLACZ, ROBIN	5001 EL PARQUE AVE #38 LVNV							

CAPROGRAM FILESINEEVIA COM/DOCUMENT CONVERTER/TEMP/377946-47381

1	LOWREY-KNEPP, ELAINE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY INVESTAGATOR
2	MALDONADO, JOCELYN	LVMPD #6920
3	MORRIS, CHERYL	UNKNOWN
4	MURPHY, KATE	LVMPD #9756
5	NEWBERRY, DANIEL	LVMPD #4956
6	PAZOS, EDUARDO	LVMPD #6817
7	RAETZ, DEAN	LVMPD #4234
8	SANTAROSSA, BRIAN	LVMPD #6930
9	SHOEMAKER, RUSSELL	LVMPD #2096
10	TAYLOR, SEAN	LVMPD #8718
11	TINIO, NORMA	2992 ORCHARD MESA HENDERSONNV
12	TOLIVER, CHARLES	5001 EL PARQUE #29 LVNV
13	TOLIVER, JOYCE	5001 EL PARQUE #C-29 LVNV
14	WHITMARSH, ALEXANDRA	7648 CELESTIAL GLOW LVNV
15	WHITMARSH, DAVID	7648 CELESTIAL GLOW LVNV
16	WILDEMANN, MARTIN	LVMPD #3516
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DA#08F23348X/ts LVMPD EV#0811053918 (TK9)

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(# - #	Dept. 9
1	JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
2	CLARK COUNTY NEVADA
3	2000 DEC 26 A 9 35
4	STATE OF NEVADA, District Court Case No.: (250630)
5	CLE.) Shistice Court Case No.: 08F23348X
6	vs.
7	O-KEEFE, BRIAN KERRY,) Defendant(s)
8	\
9	
10	CPDTIEIC ATTE
11	CERTIFICATE
12	I hereby certify the foregoing to be a full, true and correct copy of the proceedings as the
13	same appear in the above case.
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16	Dated this December 18, 2008
17	for Brownth
18	Justice of the Peace, Las Vegas Township
~ }	Justice of the reace, Las vegas Township
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JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

O-KEEFE, BRIAN KERRY, Defendant(s) District Court Case No.:

Justice Court Case No.: 08F23348X

COMMITMENT and ORDER TO APPEAR

An Order having been made this day by me that O-KEEFE, BRIAN KERRY be held to answer before the Eighth Judicial District Court, Department 5 upon the charge(s) of MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (OPEN MURDER), committed in said Township and County, on NOVEMBER 5, 2008.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Sheriff of the County of Clark is hereby commanded to receive the above named defendant(s) into custody, and detain said defendant(s) until he/she can be legally discharged, and be committed to the custody of the Sheriff of said County, until bail is given in the sum of \$NO BAIL.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that said defendant(s) is/are commanded to appear in the Eighth Judicial District Court, Regional Justice Center, Lower Level Arraignment Courtroom "A", Las Vegas, Nevada at 9:00 on the 6THday of JANUARY, 2008 for arraignment and further proceedings on the within charge(s).

Dated this December 18, 2008

for Brownto

Justice of the Peace, Las Vegas Township

Justice Court, Las Vegas Township

08F23348X PAGE TWO OKEEFE, BRIAN KERRY STATE VS. CASE NO. DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF COURT PRESENT APPEARANCES - HEARING CONTINUED TO: 1/6/09 9:00 DC TIME SET FOR PRELIMINARY HEARING DECEMBER 17, 2008 ARRAIGNMENT J. BONAVENTURE DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT **IN CUSTODY** P. SMITH, DA STATE FILES AN AMENDED CRIMINAL COMPLAINT IN OPEN COURT P. PALM, SPD MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (OPEN MURDER) R. PIKE, SPD ADVISED OF CHARGES T. MERCER, CR STATE WITNESSES - JACQUELINE BENJAMIN JEREMIAH BALLEJOS - DEFENSE STIPULATES TO ID M. KRAUS, CLK SEAN TAYLOR - DEFENSE STIPULATES TO ID TODD ARMBRUSTER - DEFENSE STIPULATES TO ID CHERYL MORRIS - DEFENSE STIPULATES TO ID STATE RESTS DEFENDANT ADVISED OF HIS STATUTORY RIGHT TO MAKE A SWORN OR UNSWORN STATEMENT, TO WAIVE MAKING A STATEMENT, AND/OR OF HIS RIGHT TO CALL WITNESSES DEFENDANT WAIVES HIS RIGHT TO MAKE A STATEMENT **DEFENSE CALLS WITNESSES** <u>DEFENDANT WITNESS</u> – MARTIN WILDMAN **DEFENSE RESTS** SUBMITTED WITHOUT ARGUMENT DEFENDANT BOUND OVER TO DISTRICT COURT #5 AS CHARGED DEFENDANT TO APPEAR IN THE LOWER LEVEL ARRAIGNMENT COURTROOM A DATE SET DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF EVIDENCE - #1 - #3 - PHOTOS - OFFERED - ADMITTED #A - #C - PHOTOS - OFFERED - ADMITTED

IC-I (Criminal) Rev. 1096

Justice Court. Tas Begas Township

OKEEFE, BRIAN KERRY STATE VS. 08F23348X CASE NO. DATE, JUDGE OFFICERS OF COURT PRESENT APPEARANCES — HEARING CONTINUED TO: NOVEMBER 7, 2008 CRIMINAL COMPLAINT FILED: MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON SDF **NOVEMBER 10, 2008** INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT 11/12/08 7:30 #9 A. SILVER FOR DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT IN CUSTODY J. BONAVENTURE DEFENDANT ADVISED OF CHARGES/WAIVES READING OF COMPLAINT R. BLAZE, DA PASSED BY COURT FOR STATUS CHECK ON POSSIBLE CONFLICT A. LUEM, PD APPOINTED DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF T. MERCER, CR S EISHER CLK DMC **NOVEMBER 12, 2008** DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT-IN CUSTODY 11/26/08 9:00 # 9 1. GUBLER, FOR MOTION BY DEFENSE TO WITHDRAW AS ATTORNEY OF RECORD DUE TO I. BONAVENTURE CONFLICT- MOTION GRANTED OCG R, BLAZE, DA PRELIMINARY HEARING SET A. LUEM, PD R. PIKE, 290 980 DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF (APPOINTED) T. MERCER, CR S. FISHER, CLK NOVEMBER 26, 2008 TIME SET FOR PRELIMINARY HEARING 12/17/08 9:00 #9 J. BONAVENTURE DEFENDANT PRESENT IN COURT **IN CUSTODY ** CASEFORWARDED TO P. SMITH, DA PRELIMINARY HEARING CONTINUED BY STIPULATION OF COUNSEL P. PALM, SPD DATE SET AT COUNSEL'S REQUEST T. MERCER, CR TEC 2 6 2000 M. KRAUS, CLK DEFENDANT REMANDED TO THE CUSTODY OF THE SHERIFF COUNTYCLERKSOFFICE 000007

JC-I (Criminal) Rev. 19/96



CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FALED IN QUEST

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNS

COUNT CLERK

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THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

BRIAN O'KEEFE, aka, Brian Kerry Okeefe #1447732,

Defendant.

CASE NO:

08F23348X

DEPT NO: 9

AMENDED

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

The Defendant above named having committed the crime of MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (OPEN MURDER) (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.036, 193.165), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 5th day of November, 2008, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, did then and there wilfully, feloniously, without authority of law, and with premeditation and deliberation, and with malice aforethought, kill VICTORIA WHITMARSH, a human being, by stabbing the said VICTORIA WHITMARSH, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a knife.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

17/17/2008

08F23348X/cb LVMPD EV# 0811053918 (TK9)

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JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CLARK COURTS PHINGSADA

3 THE STATE OF NEVADA,

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JUSTICE COURT LAS VECAS NEVADA

Plaintiff.

CASE NO:

08F23348X

DEPT NO:

Later

BRIAN O'KEEFE, aka, Brian Kerry Okeefe #1447732.

Defendant.

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

The Defendant above named having committed the crime of MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165), in the manner following, to-wit: That the said Defendant, on or about the 5th day of November, 2008, at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, did then and there wilfully, feloniously, without authority of law, and with premeditation and deliberation, and with malice aforethought, kill VICTORIA WHITMARSH, a human being, by stabbing the said VICTORIA WHITMARSH, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: with an unknown object.

All of which is contrary to the form, force and effect of Statutes in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State of Nevada. Said Complainant makes this declaration subject to the penalty of perjury.

08F23348X/cb LVMPD EV# 0811053918

28 (TK9)

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NOTICE OF WITNESSES

[NRS 174.234]

NAME

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ADDRESS

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF

ADDKE33

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS
Communication

TO:

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses noted in the discovery or other documents provided.

DATED this 7th day of November, 2008.

Defendant or attorney of record:

NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses:

VMPD 22 (RSY, 3-08) SS SHOOM INTAKE NAME (AKA ALIAS, ETC.) Pege L COLLEY LANGUAGE CAN SOM SON THE NAME & LOS SAT-163 SOUTS HUBBRE WISHUS. SODE S M BOOKING Ime Stamp 101 FT TARQUE 11.508 DO GRAND LIRK NDICTMENT SERVED ON ₹ М INTERNO - TRIDOS (S) WARRANT SERVED ON BENCH WARRANT SERVED ON TOR PROBABLE CAUSEACIC HIT ARREST SEEFFAGE THORPO OFTAILS TYPE OF I.D. FOR VERIFICATION TIME OF ARREST: žź ORG / NRS 200.030 NEW TEN 2315 2 TA 8 8 8 8 8 8 TEMPORARY CUSTODY RECORD らぶ ₹ Z S OC. CHIMA AND LOCATION OF MARKET NK/Me こせの中配島 E LATTER STATE 0 0 8 2 8 8 8 OMY ZAS 2554 -94-0254 THUE HAME Ŧ NA - WARRANT ž, V ELLA 00 B 0 13th 56-130 Birs-50180 3500nr FIRST APPEARANCE: DATELLY 子の名を見るのグ ATTENDANCE OF E Justice NUMBER O JUNEAULE MACABATA EVENT Karto D. D ESTAB BY 1447732- Event # GAS ONO GJI - GRAND JURY ND. 510 m 0301345-7 WARR / NOIC NUMBER N N N 0/2007 Tion Control Trans. Kancuster A STATE CONTRACTOR IN B PROBABLECAUSE O CHARLENSE APPROVAL CONTROL & FOR OTHER COURT 0 000 ₹ % 8 X118-5011801 第1ch COURT 8 202 OTHER 2 Drode ठे TO KEY

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LAS VECAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT

ARREST DEPORT

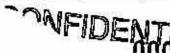
On 11/5/2008 at approximately 2300 hours, LVMPD dispatch received a 911 call from Robin Kolacz. the manager of the epartments located at 5001 El Parque. Robin stated the female in spartment C-36 was lying inside the apartment and there was blood everywhere. Police officers and medical personnal responded to the apertments.

Officers strived at the apertment and found the front door open. Officers etternyled to contact the male incide of speriment C-35. The male, later identified as Sitan O'Keefe, ID#1447732, refused to come to the door. Officers continued to call to O'Keete, attempting to get him to come out of the bedroom. O'Keefe refused to come out of the bedroom. Officers approached the bedroom and observed O'Keefs holding the victim, identified as Victoria Whitmarch. The Officers could see that there was blood all over the bad. Officers aftempted to expedite the removal of O'Keste from the bedroom in an attempt to render eld to the victim. Whitmarsh, who was lying on the bedroom floor in a pool of blood. O'keete moved slightly away from the victim and received one sycle from the E.C.D.(Electronic Control Device). O'Keele still refused to comply and received one additional cycle from the E.C.D. O'Keste then complied with the officers commends and was taken into custody and removed from the badroom enabling medical personnel to enter and attend to Whitmarsh. Medical personnel found the victim. Victoria Whitmarsh dead on the floor in the master bedroom of the agartment.

Hamilcide Detectives arrived and a telephonic warrant was requested and obtained by Sgt. Shoemaker. Whitmersh appeared to have a stab wound on the right side under the arm pit area, an injury to the middle knuckle of her left hand and an injury to her right index finger. Whitmersh was lying on her back on the floor and was nude from the waist down. The bad linens were saturated in blood and there was a bloody black handled kitchen butcher knife (epproximately 8-8 inches) lying on the bad. The scene was processed and photographed and the evidence impounded by Crime Scene Analysis.

O'Keefe made the following spontaneous statements to Officer C. Hutcherson, P\$12995: "I swear to God "V". I didn't mean to hurt you", "what did I do wrong", and "let's go let's do the ten years". O'Keefs was taken to the hornicide office and advised of his rights of an arrested person, which he stated he understood. Detectives apoke with O'Keefe who stated he did not know what happened to

ARRESTRIO OFFICERIES PS	APPROVED BY	CONNECTING RETS, (Type or Event Number)
Det Wittleman/Det Starr	LT. WAPTER 5106	TOR, DOA, OFR
Det vinderalisted was	11-6-08 @ 1640 HRS	100 - 494 - 100 -



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HOMICIDE

CONTINUATION REPORT

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Page 2 of 2

Whitmersh. O'Keete stated only he and Whitmarsh were in the spartment but he did not know where all the blood come from.

Detectives spoke to Charles and Joyce Teliver, who live directly below O'Keefe. Joyce stated she heard loud thumping noises in the apartment above that began around 2200 hours. The noise continued and eventually woise up Joyce's busband, Charles. Charles used the broom to ather the ceiting in an attempt to have the upstairs neighbors, O'seefe and Whitmarsh quiet down. When the thumping noise continued, Charles went up to operanent C-35. Charles found the front door of the apartment open and yelled into O'Keefe. O'Keefe called for Charles to 'come in and get her, she's dead". Charles entered the apartment and waited to the master bedroom. Charles only saw Whitmarsh and O'keefe in the apartment Charles looked into the bedroom and saw O'keefe standing over the body of Whitmarsh. O'Keefe was attempting to lift Whitmarsh at the water. Writmarsh was nelead from the water down and did not appear to be moving. Charles could see blood all over the bed and there was a blook handled knife lying on the bed. Charles ran from the room and called the police.

Jimmy Hathoux, who lives in spartment 36, next to D'Keele and Whitmersh, heard loud thumping at approximately 2200 hours. Hethoux stand he went outside of his apartment and eaw O'Keele standing outside of his apartment. O'Keele looked at Hathoux strangely and walked back into his apartment. Hethoux strated the next thing he heard was people yelling and he opened the door and saw Charles Toliver ake "Cookle" and another neighbor, Todd Armbruster, standing in front of O'Keele's door. The man told Hathoux, "he killed her and there's blood all over the place".

Todd Armbruster stated Charles Totiver, who he knows as "Cookie", came to his door and told him to call the police. Toliver told Todd that he thought the girl in spertment 35 was dead. Todd's girlfriend, Robin Kolacz, called the police and Todd went up to spartment 35. Todd entered the spertment and saw Brian bent over his girlfriend and blood on the bed. O'Keets looked up and saw Todd and took a swing at him. Todd left the spartment and the police arrived.

Detectives noted a large amount of blood on O'Keefe's clothing and hands, an incised wound on the right index finger and two abrasions on his forehead. O'Keefe also had several long scratch marks on his back at the balt line. O'Keefe was photographed and his ciothing was impounded.

O'Keefe was arrested and transported to the Clark County Detention Center, where he was booked for Munder with a Deadly Weapon.

1 1/1/		EGAS METROPOLIT	AN POLICE DEPARTM		nelel.	7727
rue Name: BRYAN	O'KEEFE	DECLARATIO	AN POLICE DEPARTM N OF ARREST Date of Arrest	11-5-08	1.D. #	1315
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that the offence occurred at approximately	2301_hours on the	5 TH 100 pla	Namese 201	08 . In the co.	ns a Come a Desiral	Las Vegas, NV.
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JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

PRETRIAL SERVICES INFORMATION SHEET

CASE#

DEPT#

REQUESTED BY:

08F23348X

JC-9

NAME:

ID#

Bring O'Keefe

1447732

CHARGES:

MURDER WITH A DEADLY WEAPON

CURRENT BAIL:

SIC

VERIFIED: ADDRESS: NOT INTERVIEWED, , ,

WITH WHOM/HOW LONG: /

VERIFIED: EMPLOYMENT STATUS: /

LENGTH:

VERIFIED: RELATIVES - LOCAL:

NOT LOCAL:

FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 05 OH DESERTION

04 NV BURG; 05 NV BATT DV 3RD

MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 6 (06, 04, 04 BATT DV)

FAIL TO APPEAR:

COMMENTS: ALSO UC ON PROBATION VIOLATION.

RECOMMENDATION:

DATE: 12/10/2008

PRETRIAL SERVICES: Anna Vasquez

CONFIDENTIAL 000015

JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

PRETRIAL SERVICES INFORMATION SHEET

CASE#

DEPT#

REQUESTED BY:

08F23348X

JC-9

NAME:

ID#

Brian O'Keefe

1447732

CHARGES:

MURDER WITH A DEADLY WEAPON

CURRENT BAIL:

NO BAIL

VERIFIED: ADDRESS: NOT INTERVIEWED...

WITH WHOM/HOW LONG:

VERIFIED: EMPLOYMENT STATUS: /

LENGTH:

VERIFIED: RELATIVES - LOCAL:

NOT LOCAL:

FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 05 NV BATT DV 3RD; 04 NV BURG;

05 OH DESERTION

MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 6

FAIL TO APPEAR: 5

COMMENTS: ALSO I/C ON PROBATION VIOLATION

RECOMMENDATION:

DATE: 11/21/2008

PRETRIAL SERVICES: Anna Vasquez

CONTIDENTIAL

000016



JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

PRETRIAL SERVICES INFORMATION SHEET

CASE#

DEPT # JC9

REQUESTED BY:

08F23348X

NAME:

ID#

Brian O'Keefe

1447732

CHARGES:

MURDER WITH A DEADLY WEAPON

CURRENT BAIL: NO BAIL

VERIFIED: ADDRESS: NOT INTERVIEWED,,,

WITH WHOM/HOW LONG:

VERIFIED: EMPLOYMENT STATUS: /

LENGTH:

VERIFIED: RELATIVES - LOCAL:

NOT LOCAL:

FELONY/GROSS MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 05 NV BATT DV 3RD:

04 NV BURG; 05 OH DESERTION

MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS: 6

FAIL TO APPEAR: 5

ALSO IC: PROBATION VIOLATION

RECOMMENDATION:

DATE: 11/09/2008

PRETRIAL SERVICES: Cheryl Allen

C250630 FILED ı JUSTICE COURT, LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP 2 CLARK COUNTY, NEW DAIZ 10 PN 'B8 3 JUSTICE COURT THE STATE OF NEVADA, 4 5 Plaintiff, 6 VS. 7 BRIAN O'KEEFE. 8 Defendant. DATE: 9 10 11

EX PARTE APPLICATION AND ORDER TO TRANSPORT

COMES NOW, Defendant BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through his attorneys, DAVID M. SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDY PIKE, Deputy Special Public Defender, and PATRICIA A. PALM, Deputy Special Public Defender, and hereby requests this Court Order the Defendant be transported from Clark County Detention Center to the offices of Ron Slay, 1920 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas for a polygraph test.

Counsel for Defendant avers that all of the Detention Center rules, regulations and protocol will be followed in regards to the number of transport officers, the presence of the officers directly outside the secured room used for the polygraph. The secured room will be inspected and approved by corrections officers prior to said examination. The officers shall approve and follow their protocol of securing the inmate at all times both during transportation

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and during the examination itself to ensure the safety of civilians present at the offices of Mr. 1 2 Slay during the time of the appointment. 3 The date of the test is December 29, 2008 at 1:30 p.m. and is expected to last 2 hours. DATED: December 15, 2008 5 SUBMITTED BY: DAVID M. SCHIECK 6 SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 7 8 PATRICIA A. PA.M 9 330 S. Third Street, Ste. 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 10 (702) 455-6265 Attorneys for Defendant ш ORDER TO TRANSPORT 12 TO: Clark County Detention Center 13 Fax: 671-3763 14 This matter having come on by Ex Parte Application, the matter having been fully reviewed, and good cause appearing therefor, 15 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Clark County Detention Center transport Brian 16 O'Keefe, No. 1447732 to the offices of Ron Slay, 1920 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, 17 18 Nevada for the purpose of a polygraph examination on December 29, 2008, at 1:30 p.m. All 19 of the Detention Center rules, regulations and protocol are to be followed in regards to the 20 number of transport officers, the presence of the officers directly outside the secured room used for the polygraph. The secured room will be inspected and approved by corrections 21 officers prior to said examination. The officers shall approve and follow their protocol of 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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securing the inmate at all times both during transportation and during the examination itself to ensure the safety of civilians present at the offices of Mr. Slay during the time of the appointment.

DATED and DONE: December 17,2009

SUBMITTED BY:

PATRICIA A. PALM

330 S. Third Street, Ste. 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 (702) 455-6265

Attorneys for Defendant

SPECTAL PUBLIC

CLARK COUNTY

ORIGINAL

0001 1 FILED DAVID SCHIECK 2 Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 0824 2000 DEC 31 P 3 39 3 1 RANDALL H. PIKE Assistant Special Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 1940 4 PATRICIA PALM 5 Deputy Special Public Defender . OF THE COUNT Nevada Bar No. 6009 6 330 S. Third Street. Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2316 (702) 455-6265 (702) 455-6273 fax 8 rpike@co.clark.nv.us palmpa@co.clark.nv.us Attorneys for O'KEEFE 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 THE STATE OF NEVADA. CASE NO. C250630 13 Plaintiff. DEPT. NO. II 14 VS. BRIAN O'KEEFE. 15 16 Defendant. 17 18 DEFENDANT'S SUBMISSION TO CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S DEATH REVIEW COMMITTEE 19 20 Date of Hearing: 1/07/09 Time of Hearing: 1:30 p.m. 21 COMES NOW, Defendant BRIAN O'KEEFE, by and through his counsel DAVID M. 22 SCHIECK, Special Public Defender, RANDALL H. PIKE, Assistant Special Public Defender, 23 and PATRICIA PALM, Deputy Special Public Defender, and submits the following to the Death 24 Review Committee and moves this Honorable Body to not recommend that a Notice of Intent 25 to Seek Death Penalty be filed in this case. 26 This submission is readisand based upon the attached Memorandum, the papers and 27 pleadings on file in this case, tanging ny argument deemed appropriate and necessary if allowed 28

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SPECIAL PHINIC DEFENDER

CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

before the Committee.

DATED this 31 32 day of December, 2008.

Respectfully submitted

Randall H. Pike.

Assistant Special Public Defender

Nevada Bar No. 1940

330 S. Third Street, Second Floor

Las Vegas, NV 89155

MEMORANDUM

In presenting the following facts and arguments. Defendant Brian O'Keefe ("Brian") is relying upon the facts as contained within the police reports, generally, as well as those contained within the witnesses' statements. Additionally, Brian will rely upon some of the testimony offered at the time of the preliminary hearing in this matter. Any reliance upon the evidence set forth herein does not constitute a concession that any such evidence is accurate, reliable, or admissible in any judicial proceedings. Nor does such reliance constitute a waiver of attorney/client privilege.

FACTS

Brian O'Keefe and Victoria Whitmarsh ("Victoria"), the alleged victim in this matter, enjoyed a fairly long, but tumultuous relationship together. They dated and cohabitated on and off since 2001, after meeting in a treatment facility. During the relationship, in 2004, Brian was ultimately convicted of burglary (entry into the couple's joint dwelling with intent to commit a crime against Victoria). He was given a sentence of probation for that crime, but his probation was later revoked when convicted of a third offense domestic battery against Victoria. He went to prison in March 2005. Brian did well in prison and incurred no discipline. When he was released from prison in March 2007, he initiated a relationship with a woman named Cheryl Morris. He separated with Ms. Morris several months before the incident so that Victoria could move into his apartment with him. Ms. Morris testified at the time of the preliminary hearing that Victoria voluntarily reentered into a relationship with Brian and began

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

CLARK COUNTY NEVADA

cohabitating with him in his apartment. Victoria had called Ms. Morris several times and discussed her decision to return to Brian. Victoria's daughter and husband expressed to her their opposition to that decision; however, Victoria nevertheless made the choice to return to the man she loved.

Brian had completed his parole in March 2008, and at the time of the incident in November 2008, he was 45 years old. Victoria was 54. On the evening of the incident, the neighbors who lived below Brian and Victoria's apartment, Mr. and Mrs. Toliver, heard loud banging noises for close to an hour. Mr. Toliver went upstairs and found Brian holding Victoria, who was lying dead on the ground. She died of one stab wound to her side. Another neighbor, Todd Armbruster, entered the apartment and tried to go towards Brian, but Brian took a swing at Armbruster, and returned to attend to Victoria. Neighbors then called 911. The police responded and found Brian lying on the floor next to Victoria's dead body, cradling and stroking her head. Although he was unarmed, his behavior was erratic, and at times he was incoherent. He did not cooperate with commands to move away from his position of lying with Victoria's body. After two TAZER shots he was handcuffed, removed from the premises and taken to the homicide offices. There, he gave a rambling statement indicating that he was not aware of Victoria's death or its cause.

Brian was extremely intoxicated at the time of the incident, having recently relapsed into his addiction to alcohol. The fact of Brian's intoxication was shown by the preliminary hearing testimony of Homicide Detective Wildemann and lay witness Todd Armbruster, and is also evidenced in the video recording of Brian's interview with homicide detectives and the photographs documenting his arrest. The strong odor of alcohol about Brian's person at the time of his arrest is also documented in the statement of arresting officer Ballejos. The defense is not able to show what Brian's blood alcohol level was because law enforcement did not preserve this evidence by obtaining a test for his breath or blood alcohol level either before or after the interview.

Victoria and Brian were drinking partners and were often seen drinking together on the patio of the residence where the incident occurred. Neighbors were shocked to learn of the

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incident because the couple always seemed to be very in love with each other. They had both been drinking on the date of the incident, and at the time of her death, Victoria's blood alcohol content was .24. At the preliminary hearing, Medical Examiner Dr. Benjamin testified that the combination of Victoria's medications, as indicated by her toxicology screen, and alcohol abuse could cause suicidal, violent or combative behavior by her. Additionally, aithough Victoria's body showed multiple bruises, Victoria had Hepatitis C and somewhat advanced Cirrhosis of the liver, which is known to cause bruising upon slight bumping contact or other types of pressure to the body that is less that what is normally required for bruising.

PRESENTLY AVAILABLE MITIGATION EVIDENCE

NRS 200.035 indicates that first-degree murder may be mitigated by certain statutory mitigating circumstances, including, inter alia, that "[t]he murder was committed while the defendant was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance," as well as by "any other mitigating circumstance." Brian O'Keefe submits that at the very least, the following mitigating circumstances are present:

(1) Brian was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbance.

Brian has a long history of addiction to alcohol. He has, in the past, sought out treatment for his addiction. Brian has had numerous admissions to hospitals and treatment centers dating back to 2001, and has repeatedly suffered physical withdrawal symptoms each time, but has not been strong enough to maintain sobriety. He and Victoria actually met in 2001, when the two of them were undergoing inpatient treatment. Although both had periods of recovery, they had nonetheless relapsed at the time of the incident in question and were extremely intoxicated at the time of the incident.

Although the defense acknowledges that voluntary intoxication is not a complete defense, proof of voluntary intoxication may serve as a basis for a verdict less than first-degree murder. In addition, courts have recognized that extreme intoxication may mitigate a firstdegree murder to the extent that the intoxication indicates the killing was not planned but was

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944 P.2d 805 (1997). Additionally, although Brian is awaiting expert evaluations, at the time of his

incarceration, the doctors at Clark County Detention Center determined that he required medication for his mental anxiety. Initial contact with family historians and others indicates that Brian may be suffering from PTSD, as a result of his military service, which is addressed below. He was also underweight at birth and family members report possible birth complications. According to his siblings, he also has a family history of mental health disorders, including bipolar disorder, and his alcohol dependency may have resulted from selfmedicating these afflictions.

- (2) Brian is a Decorated Veteran of the United State's Military. Brian voluntarily joined the United States Army when he was 18 years old, in 1981. He was a paratrooper during this time and he served on active duty until his Honorable Discharge in 1985. He was decorated during his service with an Army Service Ribbon, an Army Good Conduct Medal, an Armed Forces Expedition Medal and a Bronze Star Medal for Valor.
- (3) Brian is remorseful. From the time that Brian was arrested until today, he continues to be emotionally distraught over the death of Victoria, his partner of several years.
- (4) Brian's children will be harmed by the execution of their father. Brian has three adult children (ages 19, 21, and 25) and two minor children (ages 8 and 9), and these children will undoubtedly be adversely affected if their father were executed.
- (5) Brian's other family members will be harmed by his execution. Brian's mother, father, step-mother and four living siblings care about Brian and will be adversely affected if he is executed.
- (6) Brian maintained gainful employment for a significant part of his life. After the military, and prior to succumbing to his alcohol addiction, Brian was steadily employed as a computer technician. After moving to Nevada in 1996, his employment became sporadic due to his drinking. Subsequent to his incarceration, however, he undertook study to become a journeyman, through a construction laborer's union, and was completing that program just

prior to the incident.

(7) Brian as a minor child was exposed to an inappropriate and transient lifestyle. At an early age, Brian's father, who was a traveling musician took him and his siblings on the road, exposing him to an inappropriate environment of bars and adult entertainment clubs and transient housing arrangements.

TIME CONSTRAINTS ON MITIGATION PRESENTATION

Counsel for Brian O'Keefe has been diligently reviewing both the evidence as well as the possible existence of mitigators on his behalf. Because of time constraints, this investigation remains at its early stages; however, the defense feels confident that as other records are obtained, additional mitigating evidence will become available.

THE NEED FOR ADEQUATE PROPORTIONALITY REVIEW

In order to protect against arbitrariness in capital sentencing, the State of Nevada should ensure proportionality in capital cases. Because proportionality is better achieved at the front end rather than the back end, a capital case review committee as it exists within a prosecutor's office exercises final discretion as to whether the death penalty may be sought. The Nevada Supreme Court has been toathe to conduct a comparative proportionality review, in which it compares the death sentence under review with sentences imposed on similarly situated defendants, during the direct appeal stage of capital cases. Thus, to encourage transparency and the even application of the death penalty, prosecuting agencies should have written policies for identifying cases in which to seek the death penalty. Under the current constraints regarding access to such information, the defense must rely upon the discretion of the Death Review Committee. The defense requests that this Honorable Body strive to ensure the proportional application of the death penalty, and recognize that this penalty is not appropriately sought in this instance.

SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, Counsel, on behalf of Brian O'Keefe, asks that this Honorable Committee determine that this is not an appropriate case to seek death.

DATED this 3/ day of December, 2008.

Respectfully submitted:

RANDALL H. PIKE PATRICIA PALM

330 S. Third Street, Suite 800

Las Vegas, NV 89155 Attorneys for O'Keefe

RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT of a copy of the foregoing Submission to Clark County District Attorney's Death Review Committee is hereby acknowledged this day of December, 2008.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE

200 Lewis Ave., 3rd Floo Las Vegas NV 89155

PEFENDER
CLARK CURNTY
NEVADA

SPECIAL PUBLIC

1	IN THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP
2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
3	ORIGINAL FILED
4	Jan 2 2 2 PN 100
5	THE STATE OF NEVADA, DC Case No. C. DC
6	Plaintiff,) CLER: COURT
7	vs.) JC Case 08F23348X
8	BRYAN OKEEFE,) Department IX
9	Defendant.)
10	
11	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
12	OF PROCEEDINGS
13	
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JOE BONAVENTURE
15	JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
16	Taken on December 17, 2008 At 9:00 a.m.
17	
18	APPEARANCES:
19	For the State: PHILIP SMITH, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
20	For the Defendant: RANDALL PIKE, ESQ.
21	PATRICIA PALM, ESQ.
5 5 22	Special Public Defender
23	
124	
124 125	Reported by: TOM MERCER, CCR No. 33

MERCER & ASSOCIATES (702) 388-2973 n00028

1	Las Vegas, Nevada, December 17, 2008
2	9:00 a.m.
3	* * * *
4	PROCEEDINGS
5	
6	THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Bryan
7	Okeefe, 08F23348X.
8	Mr. Okeefe is present, in custody,
9	represented by the special public defender's office.
10	This is the time set for preliminary
11	hearing. Is the defense ready to proceed?
12	MR. PIKE: We are, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: State?
14	MR. SMITH: Yes, sir.
15	THE COURT: Preliminary matters?
16	MR. PIKE: We would invoke the
17	exclusionary rule.
18	THE COURT: The exclusionary rule is in
19	effect on the Okeefe matter. Any witnesses on this
20	case please remain outside. Who is your first
21	witness.
22	MR. SMITH: The first witness is Dr.
23	Benjamin, Dr. Jacquelin Benjamin.
24	THE COURT: I was just handed a copy of
25	the original amended criminal complaint. Counsel, did

you receive an amended criminal complaint? 1 2 MR. PIKE: We did, Your Honor. It just adds, identifies the deadly weapon. We have no 3 4 objection to it being filed. 5 6 (Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.) 7 8 THE CLERK: State your name, for the 9 record, and spell it. 10 THE WITNESS: Jacqueline Benjamin, J 11 a-c-q-u-e-l-i-n-e B -e-n-j-a-m-i-n. 12 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION. 14 15 MR. PIKE: For the purposes of the preliminary hearing, Your Honor, we are going to 16 17 stipulate to the doctor's qualifications, expertise and that she's testified as an expert and would be 18 19 qualified to offer expert opinion; she performed an 20 autopsy and was able to determine the cause of death, which was a single stab wound, and the identity of the 21 22 deceased was Victoria Whitmarsh. 23 MR. SMITH: Are you also going to

stipulate the manner of death was homicide?

MR. PIKE: Yes.

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1	THE COURT: Defense is also going to
2	stipulate that the manner of death was homicide?
3	MR. PIKE: That's correct, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Those stipulations will be
5	noted.
6	MR. SMITH: With that, I have no question
7	for the witness. I'll pass the witness.
8	MR. PIKE: That's the fastest direct
9	testimony the doctor's ever had. I have a few
10	questions, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Please proceed
12	
13	CROSS EXAMINATION
14	
15	MR. PIKE:
16	Q. Doctor, you had an opportunity to perform the
17	autopsy in this matter, is that correct?
18	A. That is correct.
19	Q. As I indicated in the stipulation, there was
20	a single stab wound. Can you demonstrate for the
21	Court where that was located?
22	A. On the right lateral body wall, at the level
23	of the nipple.
24	Q. And that went into the body about four and a
25	guarter inches?

1	A. Approximately.
2	Q. In relationship to the autopsy that was
3	performed, there were other significant findings
4	regarding medical condition, is that correct?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And that was cirrhosis of the liver?
7	A. Correct.
8	Q. How advanced was that?
9	A. The cirrhosis was fairly advanced. It would
10	be more described as moderate to advanced stage.
11	Q. In addition to that there was hepatitis C
12	that was also found?
13	A. On laboratory testing, that is correct.
14	Q. There was also a testing for HIV, which
15	turned out to be negative?
16	A. That's correct.
17	Q. During the course of the physical
18	examination, the exterior examination of the body,
19	there was some bruising that was present; is that
20	correct?
21	A. That's correct.
22	Q. Can you describe for the Court how cirrhosis
23	of the liver and hepatitis C would affect bruising or
24	the manifestation of bruising of the body?
25	A. There are a number of causes of cirrhosis

one is hepatitis C. Another that we commonly see in our population is alcoholic abuse. The virus or chemical alcohol can cause damage to the liver, which results in the liver regenerating with fibrous tissue. When you develop cirrhosis the liver doesn't function as it normally does, so it does increase things like the clotting factors, so you would bruise a lot easier than a normal individual.

- Q. And based upon your observations, the bruising that was manifested on the exterior examination may have been influenced by the hepatitis C, or manifested more predominantly as a result of the cirrhosis of the liver of the patient?
 - A. She would bruise a lot easier.
- Q. In relationship to the chemical examination that was performed, it's my understanding there was blood drawn and request for toxicology and that revealed the blood alcohol level. Do you recall the blood alcohol level?
 - A. Yes, point 24 gram percent.
- Q. That's approximately three times the level of intoxication, legal level of intoxication?
 - A. Yes.

Q. The deceased we are talking about was a rather petite woman?

1	A. Co	orrect.	
2	Q. Wh	at was her height and weight, if you	
3	recall?	and the second of the second o	
4	A. Sh	ue was 65 inches and 108 pounds.	
5	291V 5.4	r the record, the document you're looking	
6		autopsy report prepared by yourself,	
7		d then transcribed?	
8	A. Ye	s.	
9	Q. A1	so in relationship to that, there was an	
10	1	there was venlafaxine within her system?	
11	A. Ye		
12	Q. And	d that is an antidepressant?	
13	A. Co	rrect.	
14	Q. Is	there a counter indication, or help me	
15	Sec. 192	rd I'm looking for, what would be some	
16	W	verse side effects from the combination of	
17		essant with that amount of alcohol?	
18	A. Son	me of the side effects of venlafaxine are	
19	nausea, dizz	ziness, sleepiness and the alcohol is also	É
20		t, so the two in combination can cause to	
21	be drowsy.		
22	Q. In	relation to that, is there some reports i	n
23		p to the manufacturer of the drug Effexor	
24	100 400 00 5-5-5-5	there may be easy bruising or bleeding as	а

result of taking the anti depressants?

1	A. I don't recall that specifically, I would
2	have to look that up.
3	Q. I didn't have a chance to talk with you
4	before court today. Are the effects of this drug
5	something that you'd be more prepared for if you had
6	chance to research it prior to coming in here?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. And if I indicated there was also a side
9	effect with some sort of change in personality, such
10	as agitation, aggravation, suicide or possible
11	physical aggressiveness you wouldn't have any reason
12	to doubt that, would you?
13	A. No, I don't. Those are some of the side
14	effects.
15	MR. PIKE: Thank you. No further
16	questions.
17	
18	
19	DIRECT EXAMINATION
20	
21	MR. SMITH:
22	Q. Doctor, for the record, do you recall what
23	date you performed the autopsy on Miss Whitmarsh?
24	A. I do. The date was November 7.
25	Q. November 7, 2008?

1	A. Correct.
2	MR. SMITH: Thank you. No further
3	questions.
4	MR. PIKE: I have one question.
5	Q. When you are performing an autopsy, normally
6	you are not able to set an exact time of death; is
7	that correct?
8	A. That's correct.
9	MR. PIKE: Thank you. Nothing further.
10	THE COURT: Thank you for your time this
11	morning. You're excused.
12	MR. PIKE: For the record, the State also
13	has three photographs that they have indicated they
14	were going to present at the time of the preliminary
15	hearing. We've reviewed those and have no objection
16	to them being introduced.
17	MR. SMITH: Judge, at this point I move
18	for admission of State's Proposed 1, 2 and 3.
19	THE COURT: Motion is granted, 1, 2 and 3
20	will be admitted.
21	MR. SMITH: For the record, I have what
22	will be Defendant's Proposed A, B and C. The State
23	has no objection to those being admitted at this time.
24	THE COURT: You're moving for admission of
25	A, B and C?

1	MR. PIKE: We do.
2	THE COURT: Motion is granted.
3	MR. SMITH: The State's next witness is
4	going to be Officer Jeremiah Ballejos.
5	
6	(Whereupon, the witness was duly sworn.)
7	***
8	THE CLERK: State your name, for the
9	record, and spell it.
10	THE WITNESS: Jeremiah Ballejos,
11	B a-l-1-e-j-o-s, J e-r-e-m-i-a-h,
12	
13	DIRECT EXAMINATION
14	
15	MR. SMITH:
16	Q. Mr. Ballejos, how are you presently employed?
17	A. I'm a police officer with the Las Vegas
18	Metropolitan Police Department.
19	Q. And how long have you worked in that
20	capacity?
21	A. Four years.
22	Q. What detail are you presently assigned to?
23	A. Bolden Area Command, Problem Solving Unit.
24	Q. Were you operating in that capacity on
	Q. Were you operating in that capacity on

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Were you dispatched to 5001 El Parque?
3	A. Yes. We assigned ourselves to that call.
4	Q. Did you respond to that address?
5	A. Yes, we did.
6	Q. Why did you respond to that address?
7	A. The details of the call sounded violent.
8	There was either possible suicide or some type of a
9	stabbing had occurred. There was reports of lots of
10	blood and there was a C.I.T. officer on the scene.
11	I'm also a Crises Intervention Team Officer.
12	Q. Explain to us what crises intervention team
13	does? What are they tasked with doing?
14	A. Just high priority calls where we have active
15	shooters, somebody who's trying to physically injure
16	themselves or attempting to commit suicide, hostage
17	situations, active shooters. We try to get there and
18	bring the situation under control verbally if we can.
19	Q. Is this something commonly known as a
20	negotiator?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. At the 5001 El Parque address, had you
23	received some information that gave you cause to
24	believe there was still a dynamic situation at that

residence?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. When you responded to the residence were you
3	wearing a uniform?
4	A. No.
5	Q. How were you dressed?
6	A. Plain clothes with black hoodie, jeans, my
7	hanging badge displayed.
8	Q. Your badge, meaning your identification as a
9	Metropolitan police officer?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Was that clearly displayed upon you arriving
12	to this address?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. When you arrived to the address, who else wa
15	with you?
16	A. My sergeant and Officer Sean Taylor.
17	Q. What's your sergeant's name?
18	A. Daniel Newberry.
19	Q. Is he a member of the C.I.T. team?
20	A. I'm not sure.
21	Q. Is officer Taylor a member of the C.I.T.
22	team?
23	A. No.
24	Q. Was Officer Taylor present at the scene upon
25	your arrival, or did you guys get there at the same

	S-3%
1.	time?
2	A. We were all in the same vehicle.
3	Q. So when you arrived at the scene, tell us
4	what happens next?
5	A. When I arrived at the scene there's neighbor
6	standing outside their apartment doors. You go up th
7	steps along a catwalk and this is where Officer Kahn
8	is already inside, trying to get access to this perso
9	that was injured, to Victoria.
10	Q. You just said victoria. Would that he
11	Victoria Whitmarsh?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Suffice it to say you did not know her name
14	at the time?
15	A. No, I did not.
16	Q. You subsequently learned her name?
17	A. Yes, sir.
18	Q. What happens next?
19	A. Because Officer Kahn has already established
20	contact with Bryan, or Mr. Okeefe, Mr. Okeefe is kind
21	of barricaded himself or set up a barrier between
22	Officer Kahn and himself and Victoria, or the victim.
23	They are in the back bedroom.
24	O. He, being Bryan Okeefa?

A.

Yes.

1 0. Incidently, do you see Bryan Okeefe present 2 in court today? 3 MR. PIKE: Stipulate to identity. 4 THE COURT: Thank you. 5 MR. SMITH: 6 Ο. You referred to him as Bryan Okeefe. Did you 7 know his name at this time? 8 A. No, I did not. 9 Q . You subsequently learned his name? 10 Α. Yes, sir. 11 Q. Continue, please. 12 A. Officer Kahn is trying to talk to Mr. Okeefe in the back bedroom, trying to get him to come out, 13 because the ambulance will not come in until we've 14 15 caused the scene to be static, where there's no more 16 violence or no more dynamic situation going on. 17 Q. No threat of further danger or harm? 1,8 A. Exactly. So we are trying to ask Mr. Okeefe 19 to come out of the bedroom. Because at this point we 20 can't visibly see where he's at. One of the statements I heard him saying to Officer Kahn is, 21 22 "fuck you, you come in here." 23 Based on my experience on the department, a lot of times when that happens somebody is trying to 24 25 get you to give up your -- your position of

15 concealment or protection, they are trying to bait you 1 2 in where now you are subject to being shot at. 3 just didn't know anything about Mr. Okeefe at the 4 time. Q. So, suffice it to say there was concern for 6 officer's safety? A. Yes. As a result of that what happened next? 0. Α. Sergeant Newberry ends up moving to a point

- just around the door near the kitchen. He does a quick peek just around the door to get an idea of where the suspect was in the bedroom.
 - Q. And where are you at?

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- Α. Right behind Officer Kahn. We have moved to the deep south part of the living room. The reason for that was to try and get a good line of sight or see as deep in to the bedroom as we could.
- At this point had you seen inside the Q. bedroom?
- You could see the bedroom. All I could make A. out at that point was the bed. The sheets were soaked in blood.
- Officer, for the record, I'm showing you Q. what's been admitted as State's Exhibit 3. Does that picture accurately reflect the scene that you just

described?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. Continue, please.
 - A. All we can make out from that position was the bed. And there was large amounts of blood. So the victim -- we knew there was a serious injury. So we -- Sergeant Newberry does a quick peek to kind of get a position where the suspect is. We stack up, which is just based on our training, in a four man element to go into the room.
 - Q. Had you seen any bodies inside the room at this point?
 - A. No.
 - Q. What happens next, officer?
 - A. As we enter the room, Officer Kahn, followed by myself, follow by Officer Taylor and I believe there was a fourth man, I didn't know who it was, I just knew another officer was behind me. We enter the room. As we enter into bedroom, I see the victim's feet showing from outside the edge of the bed.
 - Q. Yes, sir.
- A. Her body is in a position where she's facing up.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- A. And as we move in with a lethal option and a

non-lethal option, which is the electronic control 1 2 device which commonly known as the tazer, started 3 giving him verbal commands. 4 Him being Bryan Okeefe? 0. 5 A. Yes. 6 Does he respond to those verbal commands? Q. 7 A. He starts telling us, "Don't look at her, don't look at her." He's trying to cover up, starts 9 9 tugging at her shirt. What were the verbal commands that you were 10 Q. 11 giving him? 12 Trying, to get up off her and to move away Α. 13 from her. 14 Had you identified yourselves as officers of Q. the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department? 15 16 Yes, sir. And there was two officers in A. 17 standard uniform dress. 18 Q. What happened next? 19 He's shouting over us. A. 20 Q. He, being the defendant? 21 Yes, sir. Mr. Okeefe is shouting over the A. 22 commands. 23 What I notice when we go in, he's kind of 24 trying to cover the body from us, won't let us get to her. And the shouting just continues. We were 25

worried with the amount of blood that we've already 1 seen if we didn't get to her and get him out so we can 2 get in the worse she was going to be. 3 4 Let me ask you this. When you observed the 5 body of the female, were you able to ascertain if 6 there were any signs of life, in your training and 7 experience?

- Her eyes were open, her mouth was open. What I noticed about her she was lying on her back, head facing to the west, toes to the east. It didn't look like she had any other clothing other than a T-shirt.
- Let me ask you this. When you saw her at Q. this point did she appear to be deceased?
 - I honestly didn't know. A.
 - Q. Couldn't tell?
 - A. I couldn't tell.
- Q. Showing you what's been admitted into evidence as States Exhibit 1. Does that picture accurately reflect the body of the person that you just described?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. What happened next, officer?
- Because we wanted to get help to Victoria, I Α. saw a moment of opportunity. He was kind of swinging his arm away from us to keep us at bay, and he exposed

1	his torso.
2	Q. Yes, sir.
3	A. So we used the E.C.D. device with the probes
4	placement in his torso area to try and get him under
5	control. The E.C.D. cycles for a five second cycle.
6	Q. Okay.
7	A. He was Officer Taylor was able to get one
8	hand under control and behind his back. That five
9	second cycle expired so he was still able trying to
10	fight off.
11	Q. He, being the defendant?
12	A. Okeefe was trying to fight off with his right
13	hand. He was given a warning to comply or there would
14	be a second cycle.
15	Q. What happened next?
16	A. He did not comply, so there was a second
17	cycle of the E.C.D. He was brought under power,
18	handcuffed and removed from the apartment and placed
19	out on the catwalk.
20	Q. You said there was a second deployment of the
21	E.C.D. cycle. Did you deploy that cycle?
22	A. Yes, both times.
23	MR. SMITH: Pass the witness, Judge.
24	
25	CROSS EXAMINATION

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2	MS. PALM:
3	Q. Good morning, officer.
4	A. Good morning.
5	Q. When you arrived at the apartment, you said
6	that Officer Kahn was already inside, the C.I.T.
7	officer?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Were there other officers already inside?
10	A. Yes,
11	Q. Would that be Santa Rosa and Fambosa (ph)?
12	A. Officer Fambosa was there: Santa Rosa, I
13	didn't learn his name until later.
14	Q. So the three of you came in together, you,
15	Sergeant Newberry and Officer Taylor?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Joining the two other officers already in
18	there plus Officer Kahn?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. When you entered all the lights were off
21	except for the bedroom light?
22	A. What drew my attention is the living room was
23	primarily dark. The back bedroom there was a light
24	on.
25	Q. That would be the bedroom that Mr. Okeefe was

ultimately found in? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 The living room light off, kitchen light off, Q. 4 do you recall? 5 A. That I don't know. 6 You testified on direct that in your Q. experience you felt sometimes people who are calling 7 8 you into a room are trying to bait you basically? 9 A. Right. 10 Q. But when you eventually looked around the corner Mr. Okeefe wasn't doing anything to cause 1) 12 danger to officers, was he? 13 Α. No. 14 He didn't have any weapons in his hands? Q. 15 No. There was a knife on the bed but no A. 16 weapons. 17 Q. And he was a distance from that knife on the 18 bed, he was actually on the floor, correct? 19 A. Yes. And while you were standing there observing 20 Q. 21 the bedroom before you made entry, you never saw Mr. 22 Okeefe walking back and forth across your line of 23 sight? 24 Α. No. 25 When you were hearing this voice, could you Q.

tell whether it was stationary or not, when you 1 2 couldn't see him? 3 Other than it was coming from the bedroom, I A. 4 couldn't tell. 5 When you stacked up outside of the bedroom Q. door, how far away from the actual bedroom door were 6 7 you? 8 It's not that very big an apartment. Maybe 9 12, 15 feet. 10 And at that stack-up position you still 2. couldn't see inside the bedroom? 11 12 Right. The reason that took place as opposed Α, 13 to just walking in there, it was eerie. Officer Kahn is trying to talk to him, man, we need to get the 14 15 ambulance in there, we need to make sure she's okay, these guys want to help but you need to come out of 16 there so they can come in. And it was eerie the way 17 18 he said it, not like an urgent fuck you, come in here, I need help now, it was like, "Fuck you, come in 19 20 here." 21 So his voice didn't seem consistent to you Q. with somebody that --22 23 Α.

- It didn't seem as though the offering of help
- was wanted by Mr. Okeefe.

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Q. I saw that you indicate -- do you recall