IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

MICHAEL SARGEANT, individually and on behalf of others similarly situated

vs.

HENDERSON TAXI

Jo	69773 Electronically Filed
v O.	Mar 08 2016 11:33 a.m
	DOCKETING Starte Kilkind eman
	CIVIL A Pregraps Supreme Court

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. *See* <u>KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman</u>, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicial District Eighth	Department XVII
County Clark	Judge Hon. Michael Villani
District Ct. Case No. <u>A-15-714136-C</u>	
2. Attorney filing this docketing statemen	nt:
Attorney Leon Greenberg and Dana Sniegock	ki Telephone <u>702-383-6085</u>
Firm Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation Address 2965 S. Jones Boulevard, Suite E-3 Las Vegas, NV 89146	on
Client(s) Michael Sargeant	
If this is a joint statement by multiple appellants, add the names of their clients on an additional sheet accomfiling of this statement.	
3. Attorney(s) representing respondents((s):
Attorney Anthony L. Hall, R. Calder Hunting	gton Telephone <u>702-669-4650</u>
Firm HOLLAND & HART, LLP	
Address 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134	
Client(s) Henderson Taxi	
Attorney	Telephone
Firm	
Address	
Client(s)	

4. Nature of disposition below (check	all that apply):
☐ Judgment after bench trial	☐ Dismissal:
☐ Judgment after jury verdict	\square Lack of jurisdiction
Summary judgment	☐ Failure to state a claim
☐ Default judgment	☐ Failure to prosecute
\square Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	☐ Other (specify):
\square Grant/Denial of injunction	☐ Divorce Decree:
\square Grant/Denial of declaratory relief	\square Original \square Modification
☐ Review of agency determination	☐ Other disposition (specify):
5. Does this appeal raise issues conce	erning any of the following?
☐ Child Custody	
□ Venue	
☐ Termination of parental rights	
	this court. List the case name and docket number sently or previously pending before this court which
* *	s presently before this Court. There have been no this Court.
court of all pending and prior proceedings	other courts. List the case name, number and in other courts which are related to this appeal sed proceedings) and their dates of disposition:
There are no such pending or prior proce this appeal.	edings before any other courts that are related to

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below: Putative class action for defendant's taxi driver employees for unpaid minimum wages and related damages and relief pursuant to Nevada's Constitution.

The District Court, in its Order entered February 3, 2016, directed the entry of summary judgment in favor of the defendant based upon its prior Order entered on October 8, 2015, finding that the plaintiff's claims had been fully resolved by a collective bargaining agreement grievance between the defendant and the labor union representing taxi driver employees of the defendant.

9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):

The district court erred as Art. 15, Sec. 16 of Nevada's Constitution states the right it confers to bring suit in Nevada's courts can only be limited by a written collective bargaining agreement that contains "clear and unambiguous terms" setting forth such limitations. The collective bargaining agreement relied upon by the district court contains no such terms.

The district court erred in finding that the grievance procedure in the defendant and the taxi drivers' union's collective bargaining agreement could resolve the plaintiff's minimum wage claim arising under Nevada's Constitution as that collective bargaining agreement expressly denied its grievance procedure jurisdiction over such a claim.

The district court erred in that federal labor law does not allow a union to waive the state labor law rights of employees, Allis Chalmers v. Lueck, 471 U.S. 202, 212 (1985).

10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised:

None of which counsel is aware.

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?
⊠ N/A
\square Yes
□ No
If not, explain:
12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?
☐ Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))
🖾 An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
oxtimes A substantial issue of first impression
☐ An issue of public policy
\square An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions
\square A ballot question
If so, explain:

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

This matter should presumptively be retained by the Supreme Court pursuant to NRAP 17 (a)(13) as it involves an issue arising under Nevada's Constitution that has never previously been ruled upon (a question of first impression). Specifically, it concerns the scope of Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution setting forth the rights of Nevada employees to seek relief in the courts of Nevada to collect the minimum wage specified therein and the ability of labor unions to enter into agreements with employers to waive, in full or in part, those rights.

14. Trial.	. If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last?	
Was i	it a bench or jury trial?	

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice?

TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	written judgment or order appealed from Feb 3, 2016
If no written judg seeking appellate	ment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for review:
17. Date written no	tice of entry of judgment or order was served Feb 15, 2016
Was service by:	
\square Delivery	
⊠ Mail/electroni	c/fax
18. If the time for find (NRCP 50(b), 52(b),	iling the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of the	type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing.
☐ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
□ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
\square NRCP 59	Date of filing
	pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the a notice of appeal. See AA Primo Builders v. Washington, 126 Nev, 245 0).
(b) Date of entr	ry of written order resolving tolling motion
(c) Date writte	n notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served
Was service	by:
\square Delivery	
☐ Mail	

19. Date notice of appea	al filed February 9, 2016
If more than one par	ty has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:
20. Specify statute or rue.g., NRAP 4(a) or other	ale governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal,
NRAP 4(a)(1)	
	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY
21. Specify the statute of the judgment or order and (a)	or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review appealed from:
\boxtimes NRAP 3A(b)(1)	□ NRS 38.205
□ NRAP 3A(b)(2)	□ NRS 233B.150
□ NRAP 3A(b)(3)	\square NRS 703.376
☐ Other (specify)	
The district court's o	nority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: order of February 3, 2016 granting summary judgment resulted in ent in respect to the claims of all of the parties.

22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties: Michael Sargeant, Plaintiff
Henderson Taxi, Defendant.
(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, <i>e.g.</i> , formally dismissed, not served, or other:
23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal
disposition of each claim.
Claim by plaintiff under Art. 15, Sec. 16 of Nevada's Constitution for minimum wages. Claim by plaintiff under NRS 608.040 for thirty days penalty wages. All claims were disposed of by the district court's order of February 3, 2016.
24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged
below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below? \boxtimes Yes
\square No
25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following: (a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

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hat
ng

27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- Any other order challenged on appeal
- Notices of entry for each attached order

VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Michael Sargeant Name of appellant		Leon Greenberg Name of counsel of record	
or of the control of			
Mar 7, 2016		/s/ Leon Greenberg	
Date		Signature of counsel of record	
Nevada, Clark County			
State and county where si	gned		
	CERTIFICATE O	F SERVICE	
I certify that on the 7th	day of March	, <u>2016</u> , I served a copy of	this
completed docketing state	ment upon all counsel o	f record:	
☐ By personally serv	ing it upon him/her; or		
address(es): (NOT) below and attach a	E: If all names and addi a separate sheet with th	cient postage prepaid to the following resses cannot fit below, please list names e addresses.)	
By electronic court se	ervice:		
Holland & Hart, LLF 9555 Hillwood Drive, Las Vegas,NV 8913	2nd Floor		
	1		
by mail:			
Lansford W. Levitt 4747 Caughlin Parky Reno, NV 89519	vay #6		
Dated this 7th	day of March	,2016	
	/	s/ Sydney Saucier	
	-	Signature	

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL COVER SHEET

 $\frac{\text{County, Nevada}}{\text{Case No.}} \ A-1\ 5-7\ 1\ 4\ 1\ 3\ 6-C$

Dept XVII (Assigned by Clerk's Office) 1. Party Information (provide both home and mailing addresses if different) Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone): Defendant(s) (name/address/phone): Michael Sargeant, 2001 Ramrod Ave., Apt. 2215, Henderson, NV, 89014 Henderson Taxi 702-809-6540 1900 Industrial Road, Las Vegas NV, 89102 Attorney (name/address/phone): Attorney (name/address/phone): Leon Greenberg, Esq. 2965 S. Jones Blvd., Suite E-3, Las Vegas, NV 89146 Unknown II. Nature of Controversy (please select the one most applicable filing type below) Civil Case Filing Types Real Property **Torts** Landlord/Tenant Negligence Other Torts Unlawful Detainer Auto Product Liability Other Landlord/Tenant Premises Liability Intentional Misconduct Other Negligence Title to Property Employment Tort Judicial Foreclosure Malpractice Insurance Tort Other Title to Property Medical/Dental Other Tort Other Real Property Legal Condemnation/Eminent Domain Accounting Other Real Property Other Malpractice Probate Construction Defect & Contract Judicial Review/Appeal Probate (select case type and estate value) Construction Defect Judicial Review Summary Administration Chapter 40 Foreclosure Mediation Case General Administration Other Construction Defect Petition to Seal Records Special Administration Contract Case Mental Competency Set Aside Uniform Commercial Code Nevada State Agency Appeal Trust/Conservatorship Building and Construction Department of Motor Vehicle Other Probate Insurance Carrier Worker's Compensation Estate Value Commercial Instrument Other Nevada State Agency Over \$200,000 Collection of Accounts Appeal Other Between \$100,000 and \$200,000 Employment Contract Appeal from Lower Court Under \$100,000 or Unknown Other Contract Other Judicial Review/Appeal Under \$2,500 Civil Writ Other Civil Filing Civil Writ Other Civil Filing Writ of Habeas Corpus Writ of Prohibition Compromise of Minor's Claim Writ of Mandamus Other Civil Writ Foreign Judgment Writ of Quo Warrant Other Civil Matters Business Court filings should be filed using the Business Court of all coversheet. February 18, 2015

Signature of initiating party or representative

See other side for family-related case filings.

		02/19/2015 01:42:09 PM
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	COMP LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 DANA SNIEGOCKI, ESQ., SBN 1171 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporati 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Tel (702) 383-6085 Fax (702) 385-1827 leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com dana@overtimelaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiff	CLERK OF THE COURT
8	DISTE	RICT COURT
9	CLARK CO	DUNTY, NEVADA
10 11	MICHAEL SARGEANT Individually	Case No.: A - 15 - 714136 - C
12	MICHAEL SARGEANT, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	Dept.:
13	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT
14	vs.	
15	HENDERSON TAXI,	 ARBITRATION EXEMPTION CLAIMED BECAUSE THIS IS A CLASS ACTION CASE
16	Defendant.) A CLASS ACTION CASE
17		_
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19	MICHAEL SARGEANT, individ	ually and on behalf of others similarly situated,
20	by and through his attorney, Leon Green	nberg Professional Corporation, as and for a
21	Complaint against the defendant, states	and alleges, as follows:
22	JURISDICTION, PARTI	ES AND PRELIMINARY STATEMENT
23	1. The plaintiff, MICHAEL SAR	GEANT, (the "individual plaintiff" or the
24	"named plaintiff") is a resident of Clark	County in the State of Nevada and is a former
25	employee of the defendant.	
26	2. The defendant, HENDERS	ON TAXI, (hereinafter referred to as
27	"Henderson Taxi" or "defendant") is a c	corporation existing and established pursuant to

the laws of the State of Nevada with its principal place of business in the County of

Clark, State of Nevada and conducts business in Nevada.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 3. The plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. §23 on behalf of himself and a class of all similarly situated persons employed by the defendant in the State of Nevada.
- 4. The class of similarly situated persons consists of all persons employed by defendant in the State of Nevada since November 28, 2006 continuing until date of judgment, such persons being employed as taxi cab drivers (hereinafter referred to as "cab drivers" or "drivers") such employment involving the driving of taxi cabs for the defendant in the State of Nevada.
- 5. The common circumstance of the cab drivers giving rise to this suit is that while they were employed by defendant they were not paid the minimum wage required by Nevada's Constitution, Article 15, Section 16 for many or most of the days that they worked in that their hourly compensation, when calculated pursuant to the requirements of said Nevada Constitutional provision, did not equal at least the minimum hourly wage provided for therein.
- 6. The named plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges that there are at least 200 putative class action members. The actual number of class members is readily ascertainable by a review of the defendant's records through appropriate discovery.
- 7. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact affecting the class as a whole.
- 8. Proof of a common or single set of facts will establish the right of each member of the class to recover. These common questions of law and fact predominate over questions that affect only individual class members. The individual plaintiff's claims are typical of those of the class.
- 9. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. Due to the typicality of the class members'

claims, the interests of judicial economy will be best served by adjudication of this lawsuit as a class action. This type of case is uniquely well-suited for class treatment since the employer's practices were uniform and the burden is on the employer to establish that its method for compensating the class members complies with the requirements of Nevada law.

- 10. The individual plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class and has no interests that conflict with or are antagonistic to the interests of the class and has retained to represent him competent counsel experienced in the prosecution of class action cases and will thus be able to appropriately prosecute this case on behalf of the class.
- 11. The individual plaintiff and his counsel are aware of their fiduciary responsibilities to the members of the proposed class and are determined to diligently discharge those duties by vigorously seeking the maximum possible recovery for all members of the proposed class.
- 12. There is no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy other than by maintenance of this class action. The prosecution of individual remedies by members of the class will tend to establish inconsistent standards of conduct for the defendant and result in the impairment of class members' rights and the disposition of their interests through actions to which they were not parties. In addition, the class members' individual claims are small in amount and they have no substantial ability to vindicate their rights, and secure the assistance of competent counsel to do so, except by the prosecution of a class action case.

AS AND FOR A FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF ON BEHALF OF THE NAMED PLAINTIFF AND ALL PERSONS SIMILARLY SITUATED PURSUANT TO NEVADA'S CONSTITUTION

- 13. The named plaintiff repeats all of the allegations previously made and brings this First Claim for Relief pursuant to Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution.
 - 14. Pursuant to Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution the named

plaintiff and the class members were entitled to an hourly minimum wage for every hour that they worked for defendant and the named plaintiff and the class members were often not paid such required minimum wages.

- 15. The defendant's violation of Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution involved malicious and/or fraudulent and/or oppressive conduct by the defendant sufficient to warrant an award of punitive damages for the following, amongst other reasons:
 - (a) Defendant despite having, and being aware of, an express obligation under Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution, such obligation commencing no later than July 1, 2007, to advise the plaintiff and the class members, in writing, of their entitlement to the minimum hourly wage specified in such constitutional provision, failed to provide such written advisement;
 - (b) Defendant was aware that the highest law enforcement officer of the State of Nevada, the Nevada Attorney General, had issued a public opinion in 2005 that Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution, upon its effective date, would require defendant and other employers of taxi cab drivers to compensate such employees with the minimum hourly wage specified in such constitutional provision. Defendant consciously elected to ignore that opinion and not pay the minimum wage required by Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution to its taxi driver employees in the hope that it would be successful, if legal action was brought against it, in avoiding paying some or all of such minimum wages;
 - (c) Defendant, to the extent it believed it had a colorable basis to legitimately contest the applicability of Article 15, Section 16, of the

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27 28 Nevada Constitution to its taxi driver employees, made no effort to seek any judicial declaration of its obligation, or lack of obligation, under such constitutional provision and to pay into an escrow fund any amounts it disputed were so owed under that constitutional provision until such a final judicial determination was made.

- Defendant engaged in the acts and/or omissions detailed in 16. paragraph 15 in an intentional scheme to maliciously, oppressively and fraudulently deprive its taxi driver employees of the hourly minimum wages that were guaranteed to those employees by Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution. Defendant so acted in the hope that by the passage of time whatever rights such taxi driver employees had to such minimum hourly wages owed to them by the defendant would expire, in whole or in part, by operation of law. Defendant so acted consciously, willfully, and intentionally to deprive such taxi driver employees of any knowledge that they might be entitled to such minimum hourly wages, despite the defendant's obligation under Article 15, Section 16, of the Nevada Constitution to advise such taxi driver employees of their right to those minimum hourly wages. Defendant's malicious, oppressive and fraudulent conduct is also demonstrated by its failure to make any allowance to pay such minimum hourly wages if they were found to be due, such as through an escrow account, while seeking any judicial determination of its obligation to make those payments.
- The named plaintiff seeks all relief available to him and the alleged class 17. under Nevada's Constitution, Article 15, Section 16 including appropriate injunctive and equitable relief to make the defendant cease its violations of Nevada's Constitution and a suitable award of punitive damages.
 - The named plaintiff on behalf of himself and the proposed plaintiff class 18. members, seeks, on this First Claim for Relief, a judgment against the defendant for minimum wages owed since November 28, 2006 and continuing into the future, such sums to be determined based upon an accounting of the hours worked by, and wages

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actually paid to, the plaintiff and the class members along a suitable injunction and other equitable relief barring the defendant from continuing to violate Nevada's Constitution, a suitable award of punitive damages, and an award of attorneys' fees, interest and costs, as provided for by Nevada's Constitution and other applicable laws.

AS AND FOR A SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO NEVADA REVISED STATUTES § 608.040 ON BEHALF OF THE NAMED PLAINTIFF AND THE PUTATIVE CLASS

- 19. Plaintiff repeats and reiterates each and every allegation previously made herein.
- 20. The named plaintiff brings this Second Claim for Relief against the defendant pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes § 608.040 on behalf of himself and the alleged class of all similarly situated employees of the defendant.
- 21. The named plaintiff has been separated from his employment with the defendant since in or about July 2013, and at the time of such separation was owed unpaid wages by the defendant.
- 22. The defendant has failed and refused to pay the named plaintiff and numerous members of the putative plaintiff class who are the defendant's former employees their earned but unpaid wages, such conduct by such defendant constituting a violation of Nevada Revised Statutes § 608.020, or § 608.030 and giving such named plaintiff and similarly situated members of the putative class of plaintiffs a claim against the defendant for a continuation after the termination of their employment with the defendant of the normal daily wages defendant would pay them, until such earned but unpaid wages are actually paid or for 30 days, whichever is less, 23 pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes § 608.040.
 - 23. As a result of the foregoing, the named plaintiff seeks on behalf of himself and the similarly situated putative plaintiff class members a judgment against the defendant for the wages owed to him and such class members as prescribed by Nevada Revised Statutes § 608.040, to wit, for a sum equal to up to thirty days wages, along with interest, costs and attorneys' fees.

1	WHEREFORE, plaintiff demands the relief on each cause of action as
2	aforesaid.
3	
4	Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.
5	
6	Dated this 18 th day of February, 2015.
7	
8	Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
9	
10	By: <u>/s/ Leon Greenberg</u>
11	LEON GREENBERG, Esq. Nevada Bar No.: 8094
12	2965 South Jones Blyd- Suite E3
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Tel (702) 383-6085 Fax (702) 385-1827
14	Attorney for Plaintiff
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alleged

1	IAFD	
2	DISTRICT COURT	
3		
4	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
5	Michael Sargeant	
6	THE SALE OF SALES	A-15-714136-0
7	Plaintiff(s),	CASE NO
8	-VS-	DEPT. NO. XVII
9	Henderson Taxi	<i>52.</i> 1. 10.
10		
11	Defendant(s).	
12	INITIAL ADDEADANCE EEE DISCL	OSLIDE (NDS CHADTED 40)
13	INITIAL APPEARANCE FEE DISCLOSURE (NRS CHAPTER 19)	
15	Pursuant to NRS Chapter 19, as amended by Senate Bill 106, filing fees are	
16	submitted for parties appearing in the above entitled action as indicated below:	
17	New Complaint Fee	1 st Appearance Fee
18	□ \$1530□ \$520□ \$299 ☒ \$270.00	\$1483.00 \$473.00 \$223.00
19	Name:	
20		\$30
21		<u></u> \$30
22		\$30
23		\$30
24	☐ Total of Continuation Sheet Attached	
25	TOTAL REMITTED: (Required)	Total Paid \$
26		1
27	DATED this <u>18th</u> day of <u>Feb</u> , 200 <u>15</u>	$-\mathcal{H}$
28		
		Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure.doc/8/15/2012
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(702) 669-4600 * Fax: (702) 669-4650 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor HOLLAND & HART LLP Las Vegas, NV 89134 Phone:

NEOJ Anthony L. Hall, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5977 ahall@hollandhart.com R. Calder Huntington, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11996 rchuntington@hollandhart.com HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 669-4600 (702) 669-4650 -fax

Attorneys for Defendant Henderson Taxi

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL SARGEANT, individually and on CASE NO.: A-15-714136-C behalf of others similarly situated,

DEPT. NO.: XVII

Plaintiff,

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HENDERSON TAXI,

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER

Defendant.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the attached FINDINGS FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT was entered by the Court on February 3, 2016.

DATED this 15th day of February, 2016.

HOLLAND & HART LLP

Anthony L. Hall, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5977 R. Calder Huntington, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11996

9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134

Attorneys for Defendant Henderson Taxi

Page 1 of 2

HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134 Phone: (702) 669-4600 & Fax: (702) 669-4650

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 15th day of February, 2016, a true and correct copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER was served by the following method(s):

Electronic: by submitting electronically for filing and/or service with the Eighth Judicial District Court's e-filing system and served on counsel electronically in accordance with the E-service list to the following email addresses:

Leon Greenberg, Esq.
Dana Sniegocki, Esq.
Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
2965 South Jones Blvd., Suite E3
Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Leon Greenberg: <u>leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com</u> Dana Sniegocki: <u>dana@overtimelaw.com</u>

An Employee of Holland & Hart LLP

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CLERK OF THE COURT

FFCL Anthony L. Hall, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5977 ahail@hollandhart.com R. Calder Huntington, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11996 rehuntington@hollandhart.com HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 669-4600 (702) 669-4650 -fax

Attorneys for Defendant Henderson Taxi

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL SARGEANT, individually and on | CASE NO.: A-15-714136-C behalf of others similarly situated.

DEPT. NO.: XVII

Plaintiff,

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HENDERSON TAXI,

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR

PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT AND

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

AND

SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Defendant.

Defendant Henderson Taxi's ("Defendant" or "Henderson Taxi") Motion for Summary Judgment (the "Motion") came before the Court for a hearing on January 13, 2016. Leon Greenberg, Esq. and Dana Sniegocki, Esq. appeared on behalf of Plaintiff. Anthony L. Hall, Esq. and R. Calder Huntington, Esq. appeared on behalf of Defendant.

The Court, having read and considered Defendant's Motion, Plaintiff's Opposition, Defendant's Reply, all exhibits attached thereto, and the oral arguments of counsel, and good cause appearing, makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

FINDINGS OF FACT

The ITPEU/OPEIU Local 4873, AFL-CIO (the "Union") is the exclusive l. representative of Henderson Taxi cab drivers, including Plaintiff Michael Sargeant ("Sargeant"), as regards their employment with Henderson Taxi as provided in the Collective Bargaining

Phone: (702) 669-4600 * Fax: (702) 669-4650 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor

received a JAN 27 2016

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Agreements ("CBAs") submitted as Exhibits 6 and 7 to Henderson Taxi's Motion. Order, filed October 8, 2015; see also Exhibit 6 and 7 to Mot.

- After the Nevada Supreme Court issued its decision in Thomas v. Nev. Yellow Cab 2. Corp., 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 52, 327 P.3d 518 (Nev. 2014) ("Yellow Cab") finding that the minimum wage exemption for taxicab drivers had been impliedly repealed, the Union filed a grievance (the "Grievance") with Henderson Taxi regarding failure to pay minimum wage pursuant to the effective CBA. Exhibit 5 to Mot. Specifically, the Grievance sought "back pay and an adjustment of wages going forward" from Henderson Taxi. Id.
- 3. Through negotiation, Henderson Taxi and the Union settled the Grievance. Order, filed October 8, 2015; see also Exhibits 8, 9, and 10 to Mot. The Grievance settlement provided that, in addition to modifying the CBA by amending pay practices going forward, Henderson Taxil would give drivers an opportunity to review Henderson Taxi's time and pay calculations and that Henderson Taxi would make reasonable efforts to pay the cab drivers the difference between what they had been paid and Nevada minimum wage over the two-year period preceding the Yellow Cab decision. Order, filed October 8, 2015; see also Exhibits 8, 9, and 10 to Mot.
- 4. The Court has not been presented with any evidence that Henderson Taxi has failed to comply with its obligations under the grievance settlement. Exhibits 1 and 2 to Mot.
- 5. Henderson Taxi and the Union formally memorialized this settlement agreement in Exhibit 10 to the Motion, which provides: "Accordingly, the ITPEU/OPEIU considers this matter formally settled under the collective bargaining agreement between Henderson Taxi and the ITPEU/OPEIU and state law as implemented through such collective bargaining agreement. Pursuant to Article XV, Section 15.7 [of the CBAs], this resolution is final and binding on all parties."
- Accordingly, the Union fully settled by the Grievance all minimum wage claims 6. Henderson Taxi's drivers may have had through the grievance process. Order, filed October 8, 2015; Exhibit 10 to Mot.

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- Mr. Sargeant failed to file a substantive opposition to Henderson Taxi's Motion for 7. Summary Judgment. Not only did the opposition not include any facts contradicting the fact that the Union settled any minimum wage claims Henderson Taxi's drivers may have had prior to the settlement, none were presented at oral argument either. Further, at the hearing on Henderson Taxi's Motion, Plaintiff's counsel conceded that if this Court construed its prior order as holding Mr. Sargeant's right to bring any legal action as alleged in his complaint was extinguished by the Union's grievance settlement with Henderson Taxi, nothing would substantively remain in this case to litigate as a settlement had occurred and judgment would be proper.
- To the extent any of the forgoing Findings of Fact are properly construed as 8. Conclusions of Law, they will be interpreted as Conclusions of Law.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- Summary judgment must be granted, "if the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure ("NRCP") 56(c). Summary judgment serves the purpose of avoiding "a needless trial when an appropriate showing is made in advance that there is no genuine issue of fact to be tried, and the movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." McDonald v. D.P. Alexander & Las Vegas Boulevard, LLC, 121 Nev. 812, 815, 123 P.3d 748, 750 (2005).
- 2. In Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005), the Nevada Supreme Court expressly rejected the "slightest doubt" standard, and adopted the summary judgment standard set forth by the United States Supreme Court in the cases of Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242 (1986), Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317 (1986), and Massishital Elec. Indus. Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp., 475 U.S. 574 (1986).
- Under Nevada's summary judgment standard, once the moving party demonstrates 3. that no genuine issues of material fact exist, the burden shifts to the nonmoving party to "'do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt' as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor." Wood, 121 Nev. at 732, 121 P.3d at

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1031 (quoting Matsushita, 475 U.S. at 586); Cuzze v. Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nev., 123 Nev. 598, 602, 172 P.3d 131, 134 (2007). To survive summary judgment, the nonmoving party "must, by affidavit or otherwise, set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial or have summary judgment entered against him." Bulbman, Inc v. Nev. Bell, 108 Nev. 105, 110] 825 P.2d 588, 591 (1992). However, the nonmoving party "'is not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." Id. (quoting Collins v. Union Fed. Sav. & Loan, 99 Nev. 284, 302, 662 P.2d 610, 621 (1983)).

- In Mr. Sargeant's Opposition to Henderson Taxi's Motion (the "Opposition"), Mr. Sargeant failed to abide the requirement of NRCP 56 by setting "forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial." Bulbman, 108 Nev. at 110, 825 P.2d at 591. Neither did he set forth such specific facts at the hearing on this matter.
- 5. Henderson Taxi has presented evidence showing that it is entitled to judgment as a matter of law and no contrary evidence has been presented by Mr. Sargeant. Accordingly, it is appropriate to "have summary judgment entered against" Mr. Sargeant for these reasons alone.
- 6. Additionally, individuals and groups are fully entitled to waive or settle state minimum wage claims with or without judicial or administrative review when there exists a bond fide dispute. Chindarah v. Pick Up Stix, Inc., 171 Cal.App.4th 796, 803 (Cal. Ct. App. 2009) (holding that the public policy against waiver of wage claims "is not violated by a settlement of a bona fide dispute over wages already earned."). Thus, where only past claims are at issue, and where liability is subject to a bona fide dispute, parties are free to settle or release wage claims. Id. ("The releases here settled a dispute over whether Stix had violated wage and hour laws in the past; they did not purport to exonerate it from future violations. ... The trial court correctly found the releases barred the Chindarah plaintiffs from proceeding with the lawsuit against Stix."); Nordstron Com. Cases, 186 Cal.App.4th 576, 590 (Cal. Ct. App. 2010) ("Employees may release claims for disputed wages and may negotiate the consideration they are willing to accept in exchange"),
- 7. Here, a bona fide dispute existed. Exhibits 8, 9, and 10 to Mot.; see also Order filed October 8, 2015. Further, the National Labor Relations Act gives the Union authority to resolve

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disputes regarding the terms and conditions of Henderson Taxi's drivers' employment as those drivers' exclusive representative.

- 8. Henderson Taxi validly settled all minimum wage claims that may have been held by its drivers prior to the settlement thereof with the Union—the exclusive representative of such drivers—via the Grievance settlement and no contrary evidence has been presented. Exhibit 10 to Mot.; Order filed October 8, 2015; see also May v. Anderson, 121 Nev. 668, 674-75, 119 P.3d 1254, 1259-60 (2005) ("Schwartz had authority to negotiate on behalf of the Mays and accepted the offer in writing. ... The fact that the Mays refused to sign the proposed draft release document is inconsequential to the enforcement of the documented settlement agreement. The district court ... properly compelled compliance by dismissing the Mays' action."); see also Order, filed October 8, 2015 ("This settlement agreement for the Grievance acted as a complete accord and satisfaction of the grievance and any claims to minimum wage Henderson Taxi's drivers may have had.").
- The settlement of the Grievance did not act as a waiver of future minimum wage rights. Order, filed October 8, 2015; Exhibit 10. Rather, as is normal, the settlement settled the Grievance, which alleged past violations. Exhibits 5 and 10.
- 10. Because the Union settled the cab drivers' claims for minimum wage against Henderson Taxi, Plaintiff lacks any claim for minimum wages from prior to that settlement. As Plaintiff (as well as all other Henderson Taxi cab drivers) lacks a viable claim for minimum wage prior to the Union's Grievance settlement, the Court concludes that there are no genuine issues of material fact in dispute and the Court grants summary judgment in favor of Henderson Taxi and against Mr. Sargeant. Bulbman, 108 Nev. at 110, 825 P.2d at 591; see also May v. Anderson, 121 Nev. at 674-75, 119 P.3d at 1259-60.
- To the extent any of the forgoing Conclusions of Law are properly construed as 11. Findings of Fact, they will be interpreted as Findings of Fact.

JUDGMENT

Having entered the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and good cause appearing,

entered in favor of Henderson Taxi and against Mr. Sargeant and the putative class as to all claims asserted against Henderson Taxi. DATED this 28 day of Juneary 10 Respectfully submitted by: 11 HOLLAND & HART LLP 12 13 By Anthony L. Hall, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5977 14 R. Calder Huntington, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11996 15 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 16 Attorneys for Defendant Henderson Taxi 18 Approved as to form: 19 20

Leon Greenberg, Esq. Dana Sniegocki, Esq.

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146
Attorney for Plaintiff

2965 South Jones Blvd., Suite E3

LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

for Summary Judgment is GRANTED.

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Henderson Taxi's Motion

IT IS FURTHER HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that judgment be

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE