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#### SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, et al.,

Appellants,

VS.

**NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION**, et al.,

Respondents.

Supreme Court Docket: 69886

District Court Case: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J

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In re:

<sup>1</sup> A copy is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC dba Scores, Deja Vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Deja Vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings Live Entertainment Tax Refund Requests

#### STIPULATION FOR SUBMISSION ON THE RECORD

NOW COME the Taxpayers, K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures; Deja Vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Deja Vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings, by and through counsel, and the Nevada Department of Taxation, by and through counsel and hereby state as follows:

- 1. After considering the matter and the additional evidence on remand, the Administrative Law Judge (hereinafter "ALJ") issued her Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision (hereinafter "Decision on Remand")<sup>1</sup>, dated August 27, 2013, which denied Taxpayers' request for additional discovery and affirmed the Nevada Tax Commission's Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 12, 2007<sup>2</sup>;
- 2. On September 24, 2013, Taxpayers appealed the ALJ's Hearing Officer's Order on Remand by correspondence addressed to Lezlie Helget, Supervising Auditor II, Nevada Department of Taxation.
- 3. Taxpayers and the Department of Taxation desire to expedite this matter, so that it may return to the Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30) for further proceedings. The Parties have agreed that further oral argument or hearing before the Commission is not necessary to assist the Commission in addressing the Hearing Officer's Order on Remand affirming the Commission's prior decision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A copy is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

- 4. The present matter shall be submitted to the Nevada Tax Commission for Decision on the entire record and without additional briefing, oral argument or hearing.
- 5. By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive any arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.
- 6. Following the decision of the Commission, this matter shall be returned for further proceedings in Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30), as determined by the Court.

GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP

Attorneys for Shac LLC, dba Sapphire (only)

IT IS SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

By:
William H. Brown, Esq.
6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd.
Las Vegas, NV 89148

By:
Mark E. Ferrario, Esq.
3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N.
Las Vegas, NV 89169

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General

Senior Deputy Attorney General 555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Blake A. Doerr

of Taxation

Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for the Department

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- 5. By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive any arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.
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GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP

IT IS SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

William H. Brown, Esq.
6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd.
Las Vegas, NV 89148
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

By:

Mark E Ferrario, Esq.
3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N.
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CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO
Attorney General

By: Blake A. Doerr Senior Deputy Attorney General 555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101

21 Attorneys for the Department

of Taxation

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K-Kel, Inc. et al.

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# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

In the Matter of:	
K-Kel, Inc., Olympus Garden, Inc., Shac, LLC, The Power Company, Inc., D. Westwood, Inc., D.I. Food & Beverage	Live Entertainment Tax Refund Requests
of Las Vegas, LLC,	) HEARING OFFICER'S
Petitioners.	ORDER ON REMAND

K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, Olympus Garden, Inc. dba Olympic Garden, Shac, LLC dba Sapphire, The Power Company dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club, D. Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures, and D.I. Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC dba Scores (collectively as "Petitioners") operated exotic dancing establishments or adult entertainment venues in Las Vegas, Nevada. The businesses offered entertainment in the form of live dance performances and sold alcoholic beverages. Petitioners charged their patrons admission charges to enter the venues. Petitioners did not offer gaming and had occupancy ratings between 200 and 7400 persons. The businesses operated from January 2004 through April 2004.

Petitioners requested refunds of live entertainment taxes ("LET") paid to the Nevada Department of Taxation ("Department") for the periods January 2004 through April 2004. Petitioners based their refund requests on claims that 1) the LET was a facially unconstitutional tax on First Amendment activities and 2) Petitioners were exempt from paying the tax pursuant to NRS 368A.200(5)(a) because they provided "live entertainment that the State is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution, laws or treatises of the United States or Nevada Constitutions."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In lieu of reciting the tortured procedural history of this matter from its inception, only the relevant events leading to this review and order will be discussed.

K-Kel, Inc. et al.

The Department denied the refund requests and the matter proceeded on appeal to the Nevada Tax Commission ("Commission"), where the denials were upheld.<sup>2</sup> Petitioners then appealed to the District Court. In September 2011, Petitioners requested the District Court grant them the opportunity to submit 1510 pages of additional documents into the record. The District Court remanded the matter to the Commission to review the additional documents and determine whether those documents changed the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision.

During their June 25, 2012 presentation to the Commission regarding the District Court remand and the additional documents, Petitioners requested the Commission grant them the opportunity to depose three witnesses. Their request was denied. By its decision letter dated September 6, 2012, the Commission referred this matter to the undersigned "with the entire record including the additional documents obtained through discovery in the District Court case which are identified as Bates Nos. DV00001 through DV001510. The ALJ shall review the additional evidence, along with the original record, and determine whether the findings of fact, conclusions of law and final decision issued in 2007 should be amended, reversed or affirmed."

Upon learning that this matter had been referred to the undersigned, Petitioners submitted a letter to the undersigned dated August 13, 2013 in which Petitioners renewed their requests for depositions and requested further unspecified discovery.<sup>3</sup> Petitioners also requested a hearing before the undersigned because Petitioners "would not presume to impose such a task," the task of reviewing the additional 1510 pages of documents, on the undersigned. Rather, Petitioners would use the hearing to "distill and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Petitioners' Refund Requests have been consolidated on appeal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Petitioners based this request on an argument that the Commission's September 12, 2012 written decision did not accurately reflect the Commission's oral decision. Petitioners have had 11 months to challenge the September 12, 2012 order or to request clarification from the Commission. They have chosen not to do so and this is not the proper forum for that issue.

clarify exactly what portions of these documents are relevant, and why."

Notwithstanding Petitioners' attempt to avoid a review by the undersigned of the very documents which Petitioners fought so hard to include in the record and despite Petitioners' surprising admission that the documents are to some degree repetitious, unclear, and irrelevant, the undersigned has reviewed the 1510 pages as ordered by the Commission.

Petitioners' additional documents included extensive legislative and regulatory histories surrounding the enactment and subsequent amendment of NRS 368A and the corresponding provisions of NAC 368A. Petitioners also included legislative history regarding SB 247 (2005), which was intended to amend 368A but was not enacted. Finally, the production included documents generated by the Department: requests for information from taxpayers concerning the LET, informational letters and educational materials regarding the LET, various statistical breakdowns concerning non-gaming LET revenue collected by the Department, and internal memoranda responding to requests for statistical information regarding LET.

Petitioners have not offered any persuasive legal support for their argument that this tax on admission charges and sales runs afoul of the First Amendment. Rather, their arguments appear to be based upon the idea that the Department's application of the tax discriminates against Petitioners' adult entertainment venues in some respect, or that the tax itself is so burdensome to Petitioners as to imperil their freedom of speech and expression. These new arguments indicate that sometime after filing their Refund Requests, Petitioners shifted their focus from a facial challenge of the LET to an asapplied challenge. A facial challenge is a "claim that a statute is always unconstitutional on its face- that is, that it always operates unconstitutionally." Black's Law Dictionary 244 (8th ed. 2004). An as-applied challenge is a "claim that a statute is unconstitutional on the facts of a particular case or in its application to a particular party." Id. When

Petitioners asked the court to examine factually how the LET impacts one business versus another, Petitioners proposed an as-applied challenge to the LET.

In this regard, Petitioners alleged that they bore a disproportionate tax burden, presumably because their adult entertainment venues paid more LET than did other non-gaming entertainment venues. While they may have paid more LET in absolute terms when compared to other non-gaming venues, Petitioners have failed to develop any facts to show that this was unconstitutional in some respect.

LET is an excise tax which functions like a sales tax on the gross receipts from admission charges and retail sales of prepared food, alcohol and merchandise. LET is imposed as a fixed percentage of the gross receipts from admission charges and sales. Therefore, a business with more revenue from admission charges and sales will necessarily pay more LET than a business with less revenue from admission charges and sales. If Petitioners paid more in LET, it was only because they generated more revenue from sales and admission charges than did other entertainment venues. In absolute terms, Petitioners' LET liability increased as their sales and admissions revenue increased. In relative terms, Petitioners' LET liability was identical to that of the next taxpayer.

Since LET is imposed upon gross receipts as opposed to net receipts, it may disproportionately impact a business with narrow operating margins unless the tax is passed on to or borne by patrons or consumers. Petitioners have not alleged that they had narrow operating margins or that there were any practical or legal impediments that prevented them from passing the tax burden on to their patrons as allowed by NRS 368A. To the contrary, their sales figures would suggest that their patrons happily shouldered the burden of the tax.

In their efforts to show that they paid more LET than other entertainment venues, Petitioners have actually undermined their own arguments that the LET is punitive or

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 discriminatory. If the LET were punitive or discriminatory toward Petitioners, one would reasonably expect Petitioners' receipts from admissions and sales to have declined as compared to the admissions and sales of competing entertainment venues. Petitioners have not shown that their admissions and sales declined relative to those of competing entertainment venues, nor have they attempted to show that such a decline will likely occur in the future. Petitioners cannot demonstrate that the LET unconstitutionally burdens adult entertainment because they cannot show that the application of the tax puts their venues at a competitive or commercial disadvantage when compared with other entertainment venues. Likewise, Petitioners cannot demonstrate that the tax is so burdensome that it imperils free speech and freedom of expression at their venues. To the contrary, the tax appears to have had no discernible impact upon Petitioners' ability to conduct live dance performances at their venues.

Petitioner's also argued there was an illicit intent on the part of the legislature to target the tax toward adult entertainment venues. The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision specifically addressed Petitioners' allegations of an illicit legislative motive and held that "[m]ention by legislators of taxability of live entertainment under a proposed bill that was subsequently enacted does not prove that the bill was enacted because of disagreement with the message provided by live adult entertainment." Petitioners' presentation of more pages of legislative history does not alter this conclusion. With regard to the legislative history pertaining to SB 247 (2005) which was not enacted, the Commission ruled that "[s]tatements by legislators with respect to a bill that would have taxed live adult entertainment as a separate class, where the bill did not pass, does not prove the intent of a separate bill that did not select live entertainment." Petitioners' second presentation of the same information and argument does not change the Commission's conclusion.

Neither Petitioners' documents nor their as-applied constitutional challenges

Page 5

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compel amendments to the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision. Petitioners failed to allege or demonstrate incorrect application of the LET provisions to Petitioners or that the Department applied a peculiar interpretation of the LET to Petitioners. Other than the more expansive LET statistics presented, there are no additional facts to assist in determining if Petitioners have been subjected to an unconstitutional application of LET. And the few additional facts presented fail to establish Petitioners' claims. Frankly, it is difficult to imagine that there might be facts to support Petitioners' assertions. Petitioners' position that the Nevada legislature enacted the LET in an attempt to suppress entertainment in Nevada, the lifeblood of this tourism-dependent state, borders on the absurd.

#### <u>ORDER</u>

Based upon the foregoing, and GOOD CAUSE APPEARING THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that:

- 1. Petitioners' August 13, 2013 requests that the undersigned exceed the scope of the Commission's September 6, 2012 decision by: 1) convening a hearing in this matter, 2) allowing Petitioners to depose three witnesses, and 3) allowing Petitioners to engage in additional unspecified discovery are denied.
- 2. Petitioner's additional documents Bates DV000001 through DV001510 are insufficient to change the October 12, 2007 decision of the Commission. The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision is hereby affirmed.

DATED this 27th day of August, 2013.

Dena C. Smith

Administrative Law Judge

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#### **APPEAL RIGHTS**

You may appeal this decision to the Nevada Tax Commission provided that you file a notice of appeal within thirty (30) days after the date of service of this decision upon you. Although notice of the appeal need not be in any particular format, it must be in writing, must clearly state your desire to appeal this decision, and must be filed with the executive staff of the Department of Taxation within thirty (30) days after the date of service of this decision. In this regard, you are advised to mail or personally deliver any notice of appeal to the attention of

Lezlie Helget, Supervising Auditor II Nevada Department of Taxation 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada 89706

Pursuant to NRS 360.245, this decision will become final thirty (30) days after service upon you unless you file a notice of appeal within those thirty (30) days.

All the above general information is provided to you pursuant to NRS 360.2925 and as a matter of courtesy only. You, or your counsel, should ascertain with more particularity the regulatory or statutory requirements pertinent to your further appeal rights.

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Appellants' Appendix

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing Hearing Officer's Order on Remand in the matter of K-Kel, Inc. et. al. Live Entertainment Tax Refund Request, upon all parties of record in this proceeding as follows:

By mailing a copy thereof via certified mail, properly addressed, with postage prepaid to:

Certified Mail: 7011 2000 0001 5246 0539 William H. Brown, Esq. Law Offices of William H. Brown, Ltd. 6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd., Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89148

Certified Mail: 7011 2000 0001 5246 0546 Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. Greenberg Traurig, LLP 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N. Las Vegas, NV 89169

By electronic mail to:

William H. Brown, Esq. at wbrown@lambrosebrown.com

Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. at ferrariom@gtlaw.com

Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General, Counsel for Nevada Department of Taxation, at VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov

Christopher G. Nielsen, Executive Director, Nevada Department of Taxation

Nevada Tax Commission Members

Dated at Henderson, Nevada, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of August, 2013.

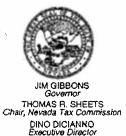
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Page 8

Appellants' Appendix

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# **EXHIBIT "B"**



# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

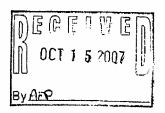
Web Site: http://tax.state.nv.us 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson Clty, Nevada 89706-7937 Phone: (775) 684-2000 Fax: (775) 684-2020

LAS VEGAS OFFICE Grant Sawyer Office Building, Sulte 1300 555 E. Washington Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada, 89101 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-2373 RENO OFFICE 4600 Kietzke Lane Building L, Suite 235 Reno, Nevada 89502 Phone: (775) 688-1295 Fax: (775) 688-1303

HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone:(702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

October 12, 2007

Bradley Shafer, Esq. Shafer and Associates 3800 Capital City Blvd., Ste 2 Lansing, Michigan 48906 CERTIFIED MAIL 7003 1680 0001 3683 7108



Dianna L. Sullivan, Esq. Ghanem & Sullivan 8861 W. Sahara Ave., Ste 120 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 CERTIFIED MAIL 7003 1680 0001 3683 6538

IN THE MATTER OF:

The Appeal of Olympic Gardens, Inc., D.I. Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, Shac, LLC, D. Westwood, Inc., K-Kel, Inc., The Power Co., Inc. ("Appellants") from the Department of Taxation's Denial of their refund request pursuant to NRS 368A.260

The above matter came before the Nevada Tax Commission ("the Commission") for hearing on August 6, 2007. Bradley Shafer, Esq. and Dianna Sullivan, Esq. appeared on behalf of Appellants. Senior Deputy Attorney General David J. Pope and Deputy Attorney General Dennis Belcourt appeared on behalf of the Department of Taxation ("the Department").

The Commission hereby makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision.

#### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- 1. Appellants, as providers of live entertainment, are or have been taxpayers under NRS chapter 368A, through which is imposed the Live Entertainment Tax ("LET").
- 2. Appellants filed timely requests for refunds pursuant to NRS 368A.260 for the tax periods of January, February 2004, March 2004 and April 2004, claiming that the LET is facially unconstitutional, that it unconstitutionally targets them or their message, and that they are entitled to refunds for the taxes paid by them, pursuant to NRS 368A.200(5)(a).
- 3. The Department denied Appellants' requests.
- Appellants filed timely appeals from the Department's denials of their refund requests.
- 5. In this appeal, Appellants contend that a tax on live entertainment is per se unconstitutional, that the LET is rendered unconstitutional by the number of statutory exemptions, which Appellants claim make the tax one targeted at live adult entertainment, and that the legislative record shows an intent to tax based on content, to the detriment of providers of live adult entertainment.
- 6. If any Finding of Fact is more properly classified as a Conclusion of Law, then it shall be deemed such.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- NRS 368A.200(5)(a) exempts from the live entertainment tax "(i)ive entertainment that this State is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution, laws or treaties of the United States or the Nevada Constitution."
- 2. Entertainment can be a form of speech protected under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I, section 9 of the Nevada Constitution.
- 3. The United States and Nevada Constitutions do not forbid taxation of live entertainment as such.
- 4. NRS 368A.090 contains a definition of live entertainment. Regulations and an amendment to NRS 368A.090 define what is not live entertainment.
- 5. NRS 368A.200, as initially enacted in 2003 and as amended in 2005 and 2007, contains exemptions from the live entertainment tax.
- 6. A tax that targets a small group of speakers may violate the United States and Nevada constitutional protections against infringement of speech.
- 7. The live entertainment tax under NRS chapter 368A is an extension of the former casino entertainment tax (NRS chapter 463). It is imposed on an array of types of entertainment, both at licensed gaming establishments and other locations. It therefore does not target a small group of speakers.
- 8. A tax that constitutes a "regulation of speech because of disagreement with the message which it conveys" may violate the United States and Nevada constitutional protections against infringement of speech. Ward v. Rock against Racism, 491 U.S. 781, 791 (1989).
- 9. The definition in NRS 368A.090, the exemptions in NRS 368A.200, and other provisions of NRS chapter 368A delineating the scope of the tax are reasonable classifications for tax purposes and do not appear to be aimed at any message that may be contained in the entertainment by Appellants or any other speakers. See *Madden v. Kentucky*, 309 U.S. 83, 87-88, 60 S.Ct. 406, 408 (1940) (providing, "[i]n taxation, even more than in other fields, legislatures possess the greatest freedom in classification").
- 10. Mention by legislators of taxability of live adult entertainment under a proposed bill that was subsequently enacted does not prove that the bill was enacted because of disagreement with the message provided by live adult entertainment.
- 11. Statements by legislators with respect to a bill that would have taxed live adult entertainment as a separate class, where the bill did not pass, does not prove the intent of a separate bill that did not select live adult entertainment.
- 12. If any Conclusion of Law is more properly classified as a Finding of Fact, then it shall be deemed such.

#### **DECISION**

After due deliberation, and based on the foregoing, the Commission denied the appeal.

FOR THE COMMISSION:

DINO DICIANO Executive Director

Nevada Department of Taxation

cc: David Pope, Sr. Deputy Attorney General Dennis Belcourt, Deputy Attorney General Taxpayers (via regular mail)



BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor ROBERT R. BARENGO Chair, Nevada Tax Commission CHRISTOPHER G. NIELSEN Executive Director

# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

November 22, 2013

William H. Brown Esq Lambrose Brown 300 S 4<sup>th</sup> Street Suite 1020 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Mark E Ferrario Esq Greenberg Traurig LLP 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy Ste 400 N Las Vegas, NV 89169

RE: K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood Inc dba Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC dba Scores, Déjà vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings

#### NEVADA TAX COMMISSION NOTICE OF HEARING

Taxpayer's opportunity pursuant to District Court Order dated January 24, 2012 to amend, reverse or affirm the NTC's Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, after remand to hearing officer, who, after review of Taxpayer's additional evidence affirmed the NTC's Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, affirmed the NTC's September 6, 2012 Decision denying the Taxpayer's request to issue subpoenas, conduct additional discovery and depositions, and denied the Taxpayer's request to convene a hearing has been placed on the agenda of the Nevada Tax Commission meeting which is to be held Monday, December 9, 2013 at the Nevada Gaming Control Board, 1919 College Pkwy, Suite 100, Carson City, Nevada and the Nevada Gaming Control Board, Grant Sawyer State Office Building, 555 E. Washington Ave, Room 2450, Las Vegas, Nevada, commencing at 9:00 a.m. A copy of the posted agenda will be sent to you as soon as it is available

While an appeal to the Nevada Tax Commission concerning the liability of tax must be heard in open session, a taxpayer may request that a portion of the hearing be closed to the public so that the Tax Commission can receive proprietary or confidential information pursuant to NRS 360.247. The request must be in writing, be made no later than fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the date of hearing, contain a list or summary of the information that the taxpayer believes is proprietary or confidential, and include a short statement explaining how the information alleged by the taxpayer to be proprietary or confidential qualifies pursuant to NRS 360.247. All requests for closed hearings will be noted as such on the Commission's written agenda.

If a transcript of any hearing held before the Commission is desired by the petitioner, they may request a copy of the transcript from the Department or the Commission's court reporter. Additionally, in accordance with NAC 360.175, oral argument on behalf of the petitioner as well as the Department shall be limited to a period of time not to exceed 20 minutes for each, unless extended by the Commission.

Appellants' Appendix

The Commission requires that any materials in support of an appeal be received in the office of the Department at least 2 weeks prior to the scheduled meeting to allow the Department and the Commission an opportunity for review. The Commission further indicated that if the material is not received within this time frame, appeals may be postponed until the next meeting. Please send us any material you wish considered as soon as possible.

If you have any questions, please contact Erin Fierro, (775) 684-2096.

Sincerely,

Paulina T. Oliver Deputy Executive Director

cc: Nevada Tax Commission

Blake Doerr, Deputy Attorney General



BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor ROBERT R. BARENGO Chair, Nevada Tax Commission CHRISTOPHER G. NIELSEN Executive Director

# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

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HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

November 22, 2013

William H. Brown Esq Lambrose Brown 300 S 4<sup>th</sup> Street Suite 1020 Las Vegas, NV 89101

Re:

K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood Inc dba Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC dba Scores, Déjà vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings

The attached notice was not delivered in enough time available to provide a full 21 working day notice. Therefore, we would like to request your consideration of a waiver of the twenty-one working day notice requirement and that this notice is sufficient. Please let us know whether or not you agree to waive the twenty-one day notice, by signing and dating the signature block below and checking the appropriate box. Please sign and return the response to the Department by e-mail to <a href="mailto:efierro@tax.state.nv.us">efierro@tax.state.nv.us</a> or facsimile transmission at 775-684-2020, as soon as possible.

Yes, I agree to waive the 21-working day notice.

No, I do not agree to waive the 21-working day notice by certified letter.

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MR. NIELSEN: Mr. Chairman, members of the
Commission, the next agenda item up for your consideration
is under 4-G. This is Tax Commission's opportunity pursuant
to District Court Order dated January 24, 2012 to amend,
reverse or affirm the Commission's Findings of Fact,
Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, after remand to
hearing officer, who, after review of Taxpayer's additional
evidence affirmed the Commission's Findings of Fact,
Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007; affirmed the
Commission's September 6, 2012 Decision denying the
taxpayer's request to issue subpoenas, conduct additional
discovery and depositions; and denied the taxpayer's request
to convene a hearing.

Number 1 is K-Kel, Inc. doing business as

Spearmint Rhino Gentleman's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc.,

doing business as Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC doing business as

Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc., doing business as Crazy

Horse Too Gentleman's Club; D Westwood, Inc. doing business

as Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC doing

business as Scores, Deja vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC

doing business as Deja vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas,

LLC doing business as Little Darlings.

For the Department is Blake Dohr and there are representatives of the taxpayer as well.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Good afternoon, gentlement,

Appellants' Appendix

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would you identify yourselves for the record?

MR. DOHR: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Commission, Blake Dohr on behalf of the Department.

MR. BROWN: William Brown on behalf of all the taxpayers except SHAC LLC, who is represented by Mr. Rootsy.

MR. ROOTSY: Good morning, Mr. Rootsy on behalf of SHAC LLC.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Mr. Dohr?

MR. DOHR: I'll just give a brief overview here. We're here today asking the Commission to affirm its decision that it rendered on October 12th, 2007. That decision was the collective plaintiffs in this matter, their request for tax refunds, based on grounds the live entertainment tax was unconstitutional.

At the time of that decision the plaintiffs had an active Complaint in District Court which was really asking the District Court to adjudicate the same matter.

And the District Court matter was stayed while the Commission was entertaining the matter. The matter made its way through District Court after this commission made its ruling, with the District Court judge Elizabeth Gonzales dismissing the matter on the grounds that the matter should be filed as a petition for judicial review, and she based that decision on the Southern Cal Edison case which this Commission is familiar with.

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Based on that action that the clubs filed their petition for judical review and the case has been with Judge Wekks in the Eighth Judical District. Judge Weeks said this matter has been decided. However, four years have passed and the clubs are alleging there is all this discovery that that they should be considered.

The judge said I think that that's really for the Commission to look at and make their own decision whether they should re-look at the additional evidence and whether they want to reverse, remand or affirm that original decision.

That question came to the Commission, and the Commission decided to remand it to its hearing officer to look at some of the specific evidence that they had asked about. The Commission also denied them the further evidence.

So the matter went to the Department's hearing officer, Judge James, and she looked at the evidence the Commission asked her to to look at, and she rendered a decision affirming that decision. We're here today asking you to affirm, reaffirm your decision based on her findings that the evidence that she looked at did not change this decision.

MR. BROWN: Thank you, essentially what we're here with is a much more complete factual record than we had when

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the initial decision was entered. We've agreed with the State in the interests of getting this matter back in front of Judge Weeks to submit it to the Commission to either amend, reverse or affirm, modify what is essentially a decision it initally made.

Our request of course would be that the Commission reverse that decision. The State of courst thinks it should be affirmed. Other than that, I think the procedure Mr. Dohr laid out is pretty accurate and essentially it's before the Commission now.

I'll be happy to answer any questions, of course, but we've agreed not to belabor this matter here today.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Mr. Rootsy?

MR. ROOTSY: Nothing further.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Any questions of any of these gentlemen? As I read the Court's order, it says to amend the findings of fact and conclusions of law, reverse the decision or affirm the decision. And our hearing officer has affirmed it after reviewing the evidence, what is the pleasure of the Commission?

MR. DOHR: May I just for the record, I want to make sure we have stated, as I've said, the State would submit this matter without additional briefing or argument. I just want to make sure that that stipulation is part of the record.

1	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Yes, it was, or is.			
2	Is there any discussion? Motions?			
3	MEMBER MARVEL: I'll move to affirm the hearing			
4	officer's decision.			
5	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: It's been moved.			
6	MEMBER DEVOLLD: Second.			
7	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: There's a second by			
8	Commissioner Devolld. It's been moved that we affirm the			
9	hearing officer's decision in this matter. Any further			
10	discussion?			
11	MEMBER SHEETS: Mr. Chairman, do we also have to			
12	affirm the Commission's original decision issued in October			
13	of 2007 as well?			
14	MS. CRANDALL: That would be my recommendation.			
15	MR. DOHR: That would be my request as well.			
16	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: And I would submit that we			
17	amend the motion to include our affirmation of the			
18	Commission's prior order issued in this case, dated October			
19	12, 2007, if Commissioner Marvel will accept that.			
20	MEMBER MARVEL: Yes, I accept that.			
21	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: So we've all heard the motion.			
22	All those in favor signify by saying "Aye." Any opposed?			
23	The motion passes unanimously. Thank you, gentlemen, for			
24	coming.			
25	MR. NIELSEN: Mr. Chairman, I think the balance of			

Appellants' Appendix



BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor ROBERT R BARENGO Chair, Nevada Tax Commission CHRISTOPHER G. NIELSEN Executive Director

# STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Web Site: http://tax.state.nv.us

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### **DECISION LETTER**

February 12, 2014

Mr. William H. Brown CERTIFIED MAIL: 7012 3460 0003 1673 0427 Lambrose Brown, PLLC 300 S. 4<sup>th</sup> St., Ste. 1020 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Las Vegas, Nevada 8910

Mr. Mark Ferrario

CERTIFIED MAIL: 7012 3460 0003 1673 0434

Greenberg Traurig, LLP

3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

IN THE MATTER OF:

K-KEL, ET AL.'S OPPORTUNITY, PURSUANT TO DISTRICT COURT ORDER DATED JANUARY 24, 2012, TO PRESENT ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE TO THE NEVADA TAX COMMISSION SO THAT THE COMMISSION CAN AMEND THE FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION DATED OCTOBER 12, 2007, REVERSE THE DECISION OR AFFIRM THE DECISION, AND CONSIDERATION OF TAXPAYER'S REQUEST FOR SUBPOENAS FOR DEPOSITIONS, ADDITIONAL DISCOVERY AND A HEARING.

The above matter came before the Nevada Tax Commission ["Commission"] on December 9. 2013. Senior Deputy Attorney General Blake Doerr appeared on behalf of the Respondent, Department of Taxation ["Department"]. For the Petitioners, Brandon Roos, Esq. appeared on behalf of Shac, LLC and William H. Brown, Esq. appeared on behalf of K-Kel dba Spearmint Rhino, The Power Company dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club, D. Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures, Olympus Garden, Inc. dba Olympic Garden, DI Food and Beverage of Las Vegas dba Scores, Déjà vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà vu, and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC, dba Little Darlings. The entire record considered on remand (including the additional 1,510 pages identified as Bates DV000001 through DV001510), was provided to and considered by the Commission in the proceeding, and form the basis of these findings of fact and conclusions of law.

#### RELEVANT FINDINGS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

This matter is pending before the District Court for Judicial Review of the Commission's October 12, 2007 Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision in the above entitled matter (Case No. A-11-648894-J). See October 12, 2007 Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision, attached hereto as Exhibit "A". On or about September 26, 2011, the Petitioners requested leave of the District Court to present additional evidence to the Nevada Tax Commission in order to enlarge the Administrative Record. See District Court Order dated January 24, 2012, attached hereto as Exhibit "B".

On or about June 14, 2012, Petitioners requested that the Commission issue subpoenas and allow three depositions. On June 25, 2012, a hearing was held before the Nevada Tax Commission. See Transcript of Hearing, attached hereto as Exhibit "C". Following the hearing, the Nevada Tax Commission Ordered:

- 1. The requested subpoenas will not be issued and additional discovery and/or depositions will not be permitted.
- 2. The administrative record is supplemented with the additional evidence that was not considered by the Commission in 2007 but was thereafter obtained through discovery in the District Court case and existing on January 12, 2012 at the time that the Court made the decision to remand the matter to the Commission, i.e. Bates Nos.DV00001 through DV001510.
- 3. This matter is remanded to an ALJ with instructions to review the additional evidence and the original record and do one of the following: amend the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 12, 2007, reverse the decision or affirm the decision.
- 4. If a party is aggrieved by the decision of the ALJ, that party may appeal the decision to this Commission pursuant to NRS 360.245.

See Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order dated September 6, 2012 attached hereto as Exhibit "D".

Per the Commission's Order, the matter was submitted to Administrative Law Judge Dena Smith. On August 13, 2013, Petitioners requested that Judge Smith convene a hearing in the matter, allow Petitioners to depose three witnesses and allow the Petitioners to engage in additional unspecified discovery. The production of additional information identified as Bates DV000001 through DV001510, included legislative history, including legislative history pertaining to SB 247 (2005) which was not enacted, along with documents generated by the Department, such as, requests for information from taxpayers concerning the LET, informational letters and educational materials regarding the LET, various statistical breakdowns concerning non-gaming

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LET revenue collected by the Department, and internal memoranda responding to requests for statistical information regarding LET.

On August 21, 2013, after reviewing more than 1,500 documents submitted for review, and noting that the Petitioners had amended their claims to include an "as applied" challenge sometime after the initial decision was issued, Judge Smith issued the Hearing Officer's Order on Remand and found:

The Petitioners waited 11 months to argue that the Commission's written decision of December 12, 2012 did not accurately represent the Commission's oral decision. Petitioners never made a request for clarification to the Commission. The Petitioners have waived their right to do so. Additionally, this Remand is not the proper forum to raise this issue.

The Petitioners' attempt to avoid a review of the very documents which Petitioners fought so hard to include in the record, by stating that a hearing would be used to "distill and clarify exactly what portions of these documents are relevant, and why," is an admission that the documents are to some degree repetitious, unclear, and irrelevant.

Petitioners have not offered any persuasive legal support for their argument that a tax on adult entertainment runs afoul of the First Amendment. Petitioners alleged that they bore a disproportionate tax burden, presumably because their adult entertainment venues paid more LET than did other non-gaming entertainment venues. While they may have paid more LET in absolute terms, Petitioners have failed to develop any facts to show that this was unconstitutional in some respect.

LET is an excise tax which functions like a sales tax on the gross receipts from admission charges and retail sales of prepared food, alcohol and merchandise. LET is imposed as a fixed percentage of the gross receipts from admission charges and sales.

A business with more revenue from admission charges and sales will necessarily pay more LET than a business with less revenue from admission charges and sales. If Petitioners paid more in LET, it was only because they generated more revenue from sales and admission charges than did other entertainment venues. Petitioners' LET liability was identical to that of the next taxpayer.

Petitioners have not shown that their sales declined relative to those of competing entertainment venues. Accordingly, LET is not punitive or discriminatory.

> LET does not unconstitutionally burden adult entertainment. The application of the tax does not place the Petitioners' venues at a competitive or commercial disadvantage when compared with other entertainment venues.

> The tax is not so burdensome that it imperils free speech and freedom of expression.

The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision specifically addressed Petitioners' allegations of an illicit motive by the Nevada Legislature to target the tax towards adult entertainment venues, and held that "[m]ention by legislators of taxability of live entertainment under a proposed bill that was subsequently enacted does not prove that the bill was enacted because of disagreement with the message provided by live adult entertainment." Petitioners' presentation of more pages of legislative history does not alter this conclusion.

Neither Petitioners' documents nor their as-applied constitutional challenges compel any amendments to the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision.

There are no additional facts that show that Petitioners have been subjected to an unconstitutional application of LET. And the few additional facts presented fail to establish Petitioners' claims.

Petitioners' position that the Nevada legislature enacted the LET in an attempt to suppress entertainment in Nevada, the lifeblood of this tourism-dependent state, borders on the absurd.

### Judge Smith ordered:

- 1. Petitioners' August 13, 2013 request that the Hearing Officer exceed the scope of the Commission's September 6, 2012 decision by: 1) convening a hearing in this matter, 2) allowing Petitioners to depose three witnesses, and 3) allowing Petitioners to engage in additional unspecified discovery are denied.
- Petitioners' additional documents Bates DV000001-DV001510 are insufficient to change the October 12, 2007 decision of the Commission. The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision is hereby affirmed.

See Hearing Officer's Order on Remand, attached hereto as Exhibit "E"

On September 24, 2013, Petitioners' timely appealed the Hearing Officer's Order.

In order to expedite the matter and in order to allow this matter to return to District

Court, the parties entered into a Stipulation that further oral argument or a hearing

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before the Commission would not be necessary to assist the Commission in addressing the Hearing Officer's Order on Remand affirming the Commission's prior decision. The parties stipulated:

- 1. The matter shall be submitted to the Nevada Tax Commission for Decision on the entire record and without additional briefing, oral argument or hearing;
- 2. By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive any arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.
- 3. Following the decision of the Commission, this matter shall be returned for further proceedings in Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30) as determined by the Court.

See Stipulation, attached hereto as Exhibit "F".

On December 9, 2013, the Commission considered the Hearing Officer's Decision and the aforementioned Stipulation. See Transcript of Hearing, attached hereto as Exhibit "G"

### **DECISION**

The Commission hereby grants the Stipulation (Exhibit "E"), affirms its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 12, 2007 (Exhibit "A"), as well as all findings and conclusions of law contained in the Hearing Officers Order on Remand (Exhibit "E") in their entirety.

FOR THE COMMISSION

CHRISTOPHER NIELSEN

**Executive Director** 

Nevada Department of Taxation

cc: Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General David Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General Blake Doerr, Senior Deputy Attorney General

# **EXHIBIT "A"**

Appellants' Appendix



## STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

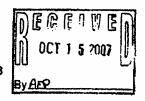
Web Site: http://tex.state.nv.us 1590 College Parkwey, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada #8706-7937 Phone: (775) 684-2020 Fax: (775) 684-2020

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HENDERSON OFFICE 2660 Passo Verde Partway Sulte 180 Henderson, Neveda 59074 Phone: (702) 486-3300 Fax: (702) 486-3377

October 12, 2007

Bradley Shafer, Esq. Shafer and Associates 3800 Capital City Blvd., Ste 2 Lansing, Michigan 48906 CERTIFIED MAIL 7003 1680 0001 3683 7108



Dianna L. Sullivan, Esq. Ghanem & Sullivan 8861 W. Sahara Ave., Ste 120 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 CERTIFIED MAIL 7003 1680 0001 3683 6538

IN THE MATTER OF:

The Appeal of Olympic Gardens, Inc., D.I. Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, Shac, LLC, D. Westwood, Inc., K-Kei, Inc., The Power Co., Inc. ("Appellants") from the Department of Taxation's Denial of their refund request pursuant to NRS 368A.260

The above matter came before the Nevada Tax Commission ("the Commission") for hearing on August 6, 2007. Bradley Shafer, Esq. and Dianna Sullivan, Esq. appeared on behalf of Appellants, Senior Deputy Attorney General David J. Pope and Deputy Attorney General Dennis Belcourt appeared on behalf of the Department of Taxatlon ("the Department").

The Commission hereby makes the following Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision.

#### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- Appellants, as providers of live entertainment, are or have been taxpayers under NRS chapter 368A, through which is imposed the Live Entertainment Tax ("LET").
- Appellants filed timely requests for refunds pursuant to NRS 368A.260 for the tax
  periods of January, February 2004, March 2004 and April 2004, claiming that the LET is
  facially unconstitutional, that it unconstitutionally targets them or their message, and that
  they are entitled to refunds for the taxes paid by them, pursuant to NRS 368A.200(5)(a).
- The Department denied Appellants' requests.
- Appellants filed timely appeals from the Department's denials of their refund requests.
- 5. In this appeal, Appellants contend that a tax on live entertainment is per se unconstitutional, that the LET is rendered unconstitutional by the number of statutory exemptions, which Appellants claim make the tax one targeted at live adult entertainment, and that the legislative record shows an intent to tax based on content, to the detriment of providers of live adult entertainment.
  - If any Finding of Fact is more properly classified as a Conclusion of Law, then it shall be deemed such.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- NRS 368A.200(5)(a) exempts from the live entertainment tax "(I)ive entertainment that
  this State is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution, laws or treatles of the United
  States or the Nevada Constitution."
- Entertainment can be a form of speech protected under the First Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article I, section 9 of the Nevada Constitution.
- 3. The United States and Nevada Constitutions do not forbid taxation of live entertainment as such
- NRS 368A.090 contains a definition of live entertainment. Regulations and an amendment to NRS 368A.090 define what is not live entertainment.
- NRS 368A.200, as initially enacted in 2003 and as amended in 2005 and 2007, contains exemptions from the live entertainment tax.
- A tax that targets a small group of speakers may violate the United States and Nevada constitutional protections against infringement of speech.
- 7. The live entertainment tax under NRS chapter 368A is an extension of the former casino entertainment tax (NRS chapter 463). It is imposed on an array of types of entertainment, both at licensed gaming establishments and other locations. It therefore does not target a small group of speakers.
- A tax that constitutes a "regulation of speech because of disagreement with the
  message which it conveys" may violate the United States and Nevada constitutional
  protections against infringement of speech. Ward v. Rock against Racism, 491 U.S. 781,
  791 (1989).
- 9. The definition in NRS 368A.090, the exemptions in NRS 368A.200, and other provisions of NRS chapter 368A delineating the scope of the tax are reasonable classifications for tax purposes and do not appear to be aimed at any message that may be contained in the entertainment by Appellants or any other speakers. See Madden v. Kentucky, 309 U.S. 83, 87-88, 60 S.Ct. 406, 408 (1940) (providing, "[i]n taxation, even more than in other fields, legislatures possess the greatest freedom in classification").
- 10. Mention by legislators of taxability of live adult entertainment under a proposed bill that was subsequently enacted does not prove that the bill was enacted because of disagreement with the message provided by live adult entertainment.
- 11. Statements by legislators with respect to a bill that would have taxed live adult entertainment as a separate class, where the bill did not pass, does not prove the intent of a separate bill that did not select live adult entertainment.
- if any Conclusion of Law is more properly classified as a Finding of Fact, then it shall be deemed such.

#### DECISION

After due deliberation, and based on the foregoing, the Commission denied the appeal.

FOR THE COMMISSION:

DINO DICIANO Executive Director

Nevada Department of Taxation

cc: David Pope, Sr. Deputy Attorney General Dennis Belcourt, Deputy Attorney General

Taxpayers (via regular mail)

# **EXHIBIT "B"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03651

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#### **DISTRICT COURT**

## CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Alm & Lum

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden; SHAC, L.L.C., d/b/a Sapphire; THE POWER COMPANY, INC., d/b/a Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures; D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Scores, DÉJÀ VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS

Scores, DÉJÀ VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Déjà vu; and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VÉGAS, LLC, d/b/a Little Darlings, Case No.: A-11-648894-J Dept. No.: XXX

Petitioners,

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS'
APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO PRESENT
ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE TO THE NEVADA
TAX COMMISSION

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STATE OF NEVADA, ex rel. DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION and TAX COMMISSION,

Respondents.

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PETITIONERS' Application for Leave to Present Additional Evidence to the Nevada Tax Commission in the above-captioned matter came on for hearing on December 9, 2011.

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David J. Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General, Blake A. Doerr, Senior Deputy Attorney General, and Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General appeared on behalf of the Respondents; and,

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William J. Brown, Esq. and Bradley J. Shafer, Esq. appeared on behalf of the Petitioners; and, Mark E. Ferrario appeared on behalf of Petitioner SHAC, LLC.

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The Court having considered the papers and pleadings as well as the oral argument, hereby ORDERS:

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Petitioner's Application for leave to present additional evidence to the Nevada Tax Commission is GRANTED so the administrative agency can look at additional

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evidence and do one of the following: Amend the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law dated Oct. 12, 2007, Reverse the Decision, or Affirm the Decision.

## IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 24 day of January, 2012.

DISTRICT/COURT JUDGE

# **EXHIBIT "C"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03654

## CRIPED COPY

#### STATE OF NEVADA

#### TAX COMMISSION

#### TELECONFERENCED OPEN MEETING

MONDAY, JUNE 25, 2012

CARSON CITY, NEVADA

THE BOARD:

ROBERT BARENGO, Chairman

JOHN MARVEL, Member

JOAN LAMBERT, Acting Chairman DAVID TURNER, Member

DAVID TURNER, Member ANN BERSI, Member ROBERT JOHNSON, Member CRAIG WITT, Member

FOR THE DEPARTMENT:

CHRISTOPHER NIELSEN,

Executive Director

TERRY RUBALD Chief, Division

of Assessment Standards

ERIN FIERRO

Management Assistant

FOR THE BOARD:

JENNIFER CRANDALL,

Sr. Deputy Attorney General

REPORTED BY:

CAPITOL REPORTERS

BY: MICHEL LOOMIS, Nevada CCR #228

515 W. Fourth St., Ste. B Carson City, Nevada, 89703

(775) 882-5322

1		ACENIDA /TNIDEN	
		AGENDA/INDEX	
2	AGENDA ITEM		PAGE
3		ition for reconsideration of artment's denial of exemption status	
4	for	organization created for religious, ritable or educational purposes	
5	(sa	les/use tax):	
6	(	National Association of School Resource Officers, Inc.	52
7		Airborne Law Enforcement Association, Inc.	52
8	ord	payers' opportunity to district court er dated January 24, 2012 to present	
9	NTC	itional evidence to the NTC so that the can amend the findings of fact,	
10	reve	clusions of law dated October 12, 2007, erse the decision, or affirm the	
11	req	ision and consideration of taxpayers' uest for subpoenas:	
12	(	K-Kel, Inc., dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc.,	
13	;	dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC, dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc., dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwoo	
14	]	Inc., dba Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC, dba Scores; Déjà vu	σ
15	:	Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC, dba Déjà vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC,	
16		ba Little Darlings	66
17	H. Taxı dec:	payer's appeal of Hearing Officer's ision upholding Department's denial of	
18	use	tax refund request/sales tax ciencies on complimentary meals and	
19	Depa	artment's partial appeal of Hearing icer's decision:	
20		Exber, Inc./El Cortez	99
21	I. Limi	ted supplemental briefing and sideration of statute of limitations	
22	issı	ne on taxpayer's appeal of Hearing Officer's sion upholding Department's denial of	s
23	use	tax refund request/sales tax deficiencies complimentary meals and employee meals:	
24	1)		123
25			
L		CAPITOL REPORTERS (775) 882-5322	

1	MEMBER WITT: Second.
2	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: We have a motion and a
3	second to uphold the Department's denial of the exemption
4	status for the National Association of School Resource
5	Officers, Incorporated and the Airborne Law Enforcement
6	Association, Incorporated. Any discussion? Hearing none all
7	who approve signify by saying aye. Anyone who doesn't nay.
8	The motion passes. Thank you very much for your time,
9	Mr. Moreno.
10	MR. MORENO: Thank you, Commissioners, and thank
11	you, Jed, it was a pleasure meeting you by telephone.
12	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Thank you.
13	(Motion carries.)
14	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Is anybody ready for a
15	break? How about we take a 15-minute break.
16	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: How long?
17	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: 15 minutes. So we'll
18	come
19	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: 15 minutes. Okay.
20	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: We'll come back at
21	quarter to 11:00 by the clock in our room.
22	(Recess taken.)
23	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Okay. So we are back
24	on the record.
25	MR. NIELSEN: Madam Chair, again for the record
Ĺ	CAPITOL REPORTERS (775) 882-5322

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this is Chris Nielsen. The next agenda item up for the Commission's consideration today is again under item IV, Compliance Division. G, which is taxpayers' opportunity pursuant to District Court order dated January 24th, 2012 to present additional evidence to the Nevada Tax Commission so that the NTC can amend the findings of fact, conclusions of law dated October 12th, 2007. Reverse decision or affirm the decision in consideration of taxpayers' request for subpoenas.

The specific Case Number 1 is K-Tell, Inc. doing business as Spearmint Rhino's Gentlemen's Club, Olympus Garden, Inc. doing business as Olympic Garden, SHAC LLC doing business as Sapphire, the Power Company, Inc. doing business as Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club, D Westwood, Inc. doing business as Treasures, DI Food and Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC doing business as Scores, Déjà Vu Girls of Las Vegas, LLC doing business as Déjà Vu and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC doing business as Little Darlings.

And for the Department I believe we have Blake Doerr and I believe also David Pope will be giving a brief overview of this agenda item.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Having not seen anything like this before, Jennifer, could you give us some of the options we have, I mean, do we have to admit the evidence because there's a court order or do we have options on what we admit?

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MS. CRANDALL: No, I think the court was asking you to make a determination as to whether the materials should be admitted and considered by you. I think it was pretty well briefed by the parties so I -- if you're looking for guidance when we get to making a motion I can help with that if you'd like.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. just -- wanted to be clear whether we did have any options to consider and apparently we do. Thank you.

MS. CRANDALL: Yeah, I think you absolutely do. ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Mr. Pope, do you want to give us an overview and then the representative from the taxpayers can talk to us for -- I think we'll keep it to 15 minutes each.

Thank you, Madam Chair, Commissioners. MR. POPE: Good morning, David Pope and Vivienne Rikowski for the Department. First of all, this case has about a five-year history and so we apologize for lengthy briefing, but we wanted to give all the background and all the relevant information.

Pursuant to the agenda there are two items for your consideration, one is the District Court order remanding this matter for you to consider additional information and the request for subpoenas. And I believe that your determination with regard to the scope of the additional evidence that

you're going to review is going to have an impact on your request for the subpoenas.

This matter is back before you because the appellants have requested that if we remand it to you to look at additional evidence pursuant to NRS 233B.131, that statute provides that additional evidence can be presented to this Commission provided that it is shown to the court that that evidence is both material and that there was good reasons for it not having been presented to the Commission during -- or during the first appeal.

Considering the statute the judge, and this is in the transcript of the hearing, the judge indicated that he had to find materiality and good reasons.

And then the judge's order, it simply says that petitioner's application for leave to present additional evidence is granted so the administrative agency can look at, and I quote, additional evidence. So, the District Court order remanded this matter specifically for you to consider, and I quote again, additional evidence. And to then determine whether to affirm, reverse or modify your original decision that was issued in '07.

The parties here disagree with regard to what the scope of that additional evidence is. The Department's position is that the District Court's findings with regard to materiality and good cause had to do with the additional

evidence that existed at the time of that hearing and that would be essentially the discovery obtained through the District Court proceedings.

The appellants on the other hand, they're requesting that -- subpoenas so that they can do some additional discovery.

We see your options — we see that you have two options, one, you can read the court's order as limiting you to reviewing only that additional evidence that existed at the time of the hearing on the motion for remand and that would be Bates Numbers 1 through 1192 and then starting again at 1200 through 1510, which are provided by appellants on a CD.

The other option would be to read the court's order to allow the appellants actually reopen discovery and get subpoenas and possibly conduct depositions.

The Department's position is that no additional evidence is going to change your original decision that you issued in 2007 and we're asking that you deny those subpoenas and affirm your original decision. If you do not believe that the additional evidence is going to change your original decision then you can affirm that decision. And that is the end of the brief overview.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. If the taxpayers' attorneys would like to present for 15 minutes or less if you can read everything that you've supplied us. We

can't hear you if anyone is talking. Hello?

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: I don't hear anybody either.

MR. FERRARIO: That's something that rarely happens when I speak, so is that better?

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Yes, if you could state your name for the record and spell your last name for the court reporter, please?

MR. FERRARIO: We'll start over. Members of the Commission, Mark Ferrario appearing on behalf of SHAC, LLC. To my left is Will Brown, he's appearing on behalf of the remaining parties in this matter.

And I'm going to address the procedural posture of this case because suffice to say we disagree with the presentation made by the attorney general.

We're here for one reason and that is to finalize a record in this matter so that you can make a final determination based upon a complete record dealing with the application of the LAT tax to my client and Mr. Brown's clients.

The case has a rather tortured procedural history and that is set out in the material that's in front of you.

I'm not going to go over all the -- the issues and the twists and turns this case took. We were ready to go to trial in the District Court when our Supreme Court came down with the decision Southern California Edison versus First Judicial

District, I'm sure everyone affiliated with the Commission is aware of that decision.

That decision clarified the process that taxpayers were to employ in challenging matters coming out of the Commission. And what it basically said is that you have to -- you don't get a de novo hearing in District Court, which is how everyone was proceeding at that time.

The judge when the case was brought to her attention recognized that it would have been patently unfair to limit my client's ability to perfect a record. And contrary to what the State said determined that there was a need to come back and finalize the process. And that is why we're here. We're here to complete a process that began in '07 that was interrupted because of then understanding of the law. The law has now been clarified and the judge has found that there is a need to come back and perfect the record. And I think the judge has already determined that there is good cause and a necessity to do so.

So that's why we're here.

In furtherance of that we made a request to issue subpoenas to three individuals that we believe can provide valuable testimony and information relating to the enforcement of the live entertainment tax scheme. And that is the first issue that this Commission should address. And I find it interesting that — and I don't know that the attorney general

meant what he said, but if I understood him correctly, you can -- you can make a determination as to whether or not that information would be valuable before you even know what it is. And I don't know how that can happen.

So, what we -- what we have here is a situation that really no one could have predicted until the Supreme Court issued its opinion. A District Court judge after hearing the same arguments made by the State because they didn't want us to come back here, said no, there is good reason to in effect start over, but we're not going to start over.

We're not going to rehash what happened up to '07. We supplemented the record with extensive briefing. We have three subpoenas that we would like to see issued. And what I think should occur is I think those subpoenas should issue and we should set this matter now for a full and fair evidentiary hear -- well, a full and fair hearing which will embody evidence that we can elicit from those three witnesses.

So that's our position on the procedural posture of the case.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. I think we'll keep our questions till everyone has made a presentation. Mr. Pope or Ms. Rikowski?

MR. FERRARIO: I think Mr. Brown has some comments. If you would allow him.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Oh, I'm sorry, please. If you'd state your name for the record, please, Mr. Brown?

MR. BROWN: Thank you. William Brown on behalf of the taxpayers, all the taxpayers except SHAC, LLC, who is represented by Mr. Ferrario. Additionally, just a procedural note, taxpayers Déjà Vu Show Girls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà Vu and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings I believe are not properly part of this. They didn't begin requesting refunds until 2004. They were not parties to the PJR action which brought us here today.

So with that procedural note, in the interest of brevity I won't reiterate everything Mr. Ferrario said, rather I would just join in those comments. And if I might I would just like to read for the Commission what Judge Weiss said at the hearing when we asked to have this matter remanded.

What he said is this. The thing is as a judge I want to try to do the right thing, and if the right thing requires me to only look at the record on a petition for judicial review I'm limited to review of the record. There's a question whether or not something is in the record that should be or something missing from the record that maybe should be in the record I'm inclined to allow the administrative agency an opportunity to review that so that when it comes back up to me, and I'm sure this will come back up to me, I've got all of the evidence.

So I'm not going to dismiss the case, what I'm going to do is I'm going to remand it right now so the administrative agency can look at the evidence that's requested by the petitioners.

In preparing for this hearing I had the opportunity to review the prior hearing and it was pretty clear that at least at that time Commissioner Kelesis expressed this specifically and I think it was the Commission's — the consensus of the Commission that they wanted as full and complete a record as possible. Obviously, that's exactly what we're asking for, we feel the more information, the more facts that we're able to put in front of the Commission the more informed the resulting decision would be.

With that I would pass. Thank you.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Mr. Pope or

Ms. --

MR. POPE: Thank you, Madam Chair. Yeah, I just -- I do have a few follow-up comments. First of all, with regard to the procedure that followed final decisions of the Tax Commission, the Malotine (Ph.) case was in existence the last time this case was here and that case did say that as applied challenges had to be decided by the administrative body. So that is something to consider.

Second, with regard to, you know, the appellant's

comments that -- that you can't make a decision on evidence before you see it, that's exactly our point, they have it backwards. The District Court is supposed to decide materiality and good cause and cannot do so unless they have the evidence, which is what we argued in our briefs, the evidence that the District Court had was the discovery, which is the Bates numbers that I mentioned earlier. To correct why we're here, it is specifically to take additional evidence, it's a limited remand pursuant to 233B.131. It is not a remand pursuant to 233B.135.

So, this record was final, it's not a question of whether we have a final record. Generally, there's no discovery allowed in administrative cases and there's no constitutional right to discovery in administrative cases, that's the Duchess case, 124 Nevada 713; however, that case also says that discovery in administrative cases is allowed to the extent that regulations allow it.

In this case we have NAC 360.135 which allows subpoenas and we have NAC 361.145 which allows depositions. Depositions that can be done pursuant to instruction by the hearing officer or by any party. So this party had the ability to request depositions prior to coming here the first time, failed to do so, waived their right and you have no obligation to reinstate that right. It would not be a violation of due process to deny additional discovery because

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they had the right to do it the first time.

With that, we'd request that you deny the request for subpoenas and affirm your original decision issued in 2007 because this additional evidence just doesn't change it. Thank you.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you, Mr. Pope.

Do the taxpayer's representative want a minute for rebuttal?

MR. FERRARIO: Certainly. I think it's a gross

misreading of the decision from -- can you hear me?

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Yes.

MR. FERRARIO: From two District Court judges. These arguments were made by the attorney general in the lower court to try to cut off our ability to present our case based upon a complete record.

Judge Gonzales first realized that was unfair and then Judge Weiss as Mr. Brown articulated when he quoted from Judge Weiss's comments recognized the unfairness of the approach being adopted by the State.

The State didn't talk about the -- the change in the law that was occasioned as a result of the Southern California Edison case. That's why we're here. Prior to that time, and there's -- and we -- and we've got this in material in front of you. Everybody believed that you would get a de novo review on these issues at the District Court level. That case changed that idea forever. The court clarified the

process and two District Court judges presented with the same arguments being made by the State disagreed. And so we're here asking for nothing more than an opportunity to have a fair hearing based upon a complete record. And in furtherance of that we would like to subpoen the three witnesses that we have requested in the letter that was sent to you by Mr. Brown so that we can get testimony from them on issues that are very important to my clients and to the state as a whole.

And going back to the comments made at the very beginning of this process when this -- this Commission said we want to make a decision based upon a complete record and all the evidence.

So, with that, we think that the subpoena should issue and we should continue this matter so that we can have a hearing with the testimony from those three witnesses in addition to the material that we previously submitted.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Mr. Brown, do you have any comments?

MR. BROWN: Thank you. I just kind of want to underscore the import of Southern California Edison. Prior to Southern California Edison the law at the time as we construed it allowed the taxpayers after the administrative hearing to file an original action. What that meant was the full panoply of discovery under NRCP, that meant request for production of documents, admissions, interrogatories and depositions.

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And the depositions of three these three
individuals that we are seeking subpoenas for now were noticed
and the only reason they did not occur is because is
because Southern California Edison was handed down, that ended
our opportunity to conduct any kind of meaningful discovery

The — the significance and the result is that this venue is the only opportunity that our taxpayers will have for any meaningful factual discovery. After this hearing everything will be appellate review. No new facts presumably will be introduced, this is our one and only shot to present factual evidence supporting our argument. So the import of Southern California Edison was to substantially divest the taxpayers of their ability to uncover facts and offer those facts in support of their argument.

So I think both because our rights to conduct discovery were curtailed by Southern California Edison and simply in the interest as having as full and complete a record as possible, the subpoenas are not only appropriate, I think they're essential.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. We'll now bring it back to the Commission for discussion.

MR. POPE: Madam Chair, I'm sorry, may I briefly -- just briefly make a few comments?

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Well, briefly.

MR. POPE: Thank you. Just -- just to correct  ${\tt I}$ 

guess the overall view of the record is these appellants first filed in Federal Court. And through those proceedings it's clear that they knew of Chapter 233B, therefore, would have known of the judicial review process. And after that case got dismissed then they filed in State Court.

So this is really, you know, has to do with their strategy and the way that they decided to go forward. They had a chance to do this in 2007. They shouldn't get an another bite at the apple.

MS. RIKOWSKI: Vivienne Rikowski from the ——
deputy attorney general for the Tax Commission —— I'm sorry,
Department of Taxation. In 2007 when they appeared before
this Commission they appeared in July of 2007 and they said
that they did not take a discovery. And the Commission asked
them if they have anything else they'd like to present and
gave them a month to get together everything they had and they
said you want everything and the Commission —— I believe it
was Commissioner Kelesis said I want everything. If you don't
present in 2007 you're done. And that's exactly what the
transcript said. They appeared a month later and presented
their case and there was a full blown hearing.

We've got 90-something pages of transcript before the Commission — before the Commission made a decision in 2007. And what we're asking for is for the Commission to uphold what it looked at in 2007 and — and not allow them to

reopen discovery and start a new case under a new idea.

MR. POPE: Thank you.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Now, what's -- what's the Commission's pleasure.

Jennifer our legal counsel to kind of help us clarify this matter? It is my recollection that when we had the hearings on the -- on the comp food matters that the -- the -- the petitioners wanted to present additional evidence to the Tax Commission. And we were told at that time that they could -- that it was not in the best practice, I guess, maybe even not correct to have additional evidence presented to us at a hearing that we only could review the records ourselves. And that procedure was to send the matter back to the ALJ to hear any additional evidence.

Could Jennifer comment on -- on that, please?

MS. CRANDALL: Absolutely. Absolutely. Thank

you, Chairman. What Chairman Barengo is getting at is if this

body chooses to rule in favor of the taxpayers' position and

decide to reopen discovery, then what we -- I would recommend

to this Commission is that you would remand this back to the

ALJ to take that additional evidence and to reissue an

opinion. And then it would come up to this body for judicial

review standard.

So that's correct, Chairman Barengo, but that's

1	if this Commission chooses to side with the taxpayer on this		
2	issue.		
3	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Got you. Thank you.		
4	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Any other comments?		
5	MEMBER JOHNSON: Madam Chairman?		
6	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Johnson?		
7	MEMBER JOHNSON: I have some questions for the		
8	parties. What I'm looking at is we've got a request for a		
9	deposition. And we've also got information in the record		
10	regarding the court order additional evidence that was in		
11	existence at the time the court order was issued.		
12	Now, has that additional evidence that was in		
13	existence at the time the court order was issued		
14	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Could you speak up a little,		
15	please?		
16	MEMBER JOHNSON: I'm trying. Has that additional		
17	evidence that was presented to the court been made available		
18	to the Commission?		
19	MS. RIKOWSKI: Yes, Commissioner, it has. Part		
20	of the brief.		
21	MEMBER JOHNSON: Part of the brief. But was		
22	it but was it made available at the hearing, I mean, has it		
23	been		
24	MR. POPE: In 2007?		
25	MEMBER JOHNSON: In 2007.		
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MR. POPE: It was -- it was discovered --

MR. FERRARIO: That was the whole --

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Excuse me, if you could identify yourself for the court reporter?

MR. FERRARIO: Mark Ferrario. I'm sorry,
Mark Ferrario. The information was generated through the
discovery process in state court that both parties were
engaging in. And it — the fact that we were doing that runs
counter to the very statements made by the attorney general
today. We were engaging in discovery at the state court
level. That information has been put in this record now.

What we didn't get to do was complete the discovery process because Southern California Edison case came down.

And so we now need to address the unique circumstance we find ourselves in and we need to complete that process. And the only avenue we have is to do it here. And we would have no objection whatsoever to going back to an ALJ to complete the record. We never had an ALJ in the first instance I'd point out.

MR. POPE: Well, there again is a comment,
David Pope for the Department, is a comment about an
incomplete record. I have a case in front of me here that
talks about when -- when you can use discovery to complete a
record that is incomplete because of bad behavior on behalf of

the government. This is not that case. This is Tasty Duty case which is 530 F sub 786. You know, yes, we were engaged in discovery and in the District Court after the administrative revenues were exhausted.

The -- these -- the NACs that were available that were law at the time allowed these appellants to request depositions, issue subpoenas, obtain the same information, most of this information is public information. I would say the majority of it, I'm going to guess at three-quarters or at least two-thirds is legislative history which is available to everybody from LCB and regulation workshops. I mean, this stuff could have been -- it should have been discovered before they started their case.

MEMBER JOHNSON: Identify yourself.

MR. FERRARIO: Mark Ferrario again. You know, with all due respect to Mr. Pope these are the same arguments he made in court. Okay? They tried to cut us off, they want to take advantage of the clarification enunciated by the Supreme Court and stop us from getting a hearing on a complete record. And two judges have considered that. And neither judge bought their position.

And so for them to go back and say we should have done something in '07 based upon the way the world was in '07 ignores the impact of Southern California Edison. That's what I'm hearing from the State, those are the same arguments they

made in court. And if they were correct, if this was such a clear process why did the State engage in discovery right up to the time we were getting ready to try this case?

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you.

MR. FERRARIO: If there was no need to do so.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: We've heard your arguments, if we could bring us back to the Commission, please.

MEMBER BERSI: This is — this is Ann, I'm — I'm interested in the competing orders that were presented to Judge Weiss. Can one of the parties address those, please?

I — I understand that the taxpayer is saying that the order comes out the way it wants it to. So maybe Mr. Pope should tell me about that.

MR. POPE: Thank you, Commissioner Bersi. I guess in the big picture appellant's order wanted to open the door to full blown discovery and ours was trying to limit it to the evidence before the judge. And the judge took out both of those references and sent it back to this Commission to look at. And that's why I cornered it before additional evidence.

Now, where we were in the discovery process is is the judge had basically said that there is no more discovery. I mean, we were at the end, the deadlines had ran a couple of times, they had two depositions noticed, I believe it was

Mr. Diciano and Michele Mujacobs. And that was all they were going to be able to do. So we were -- we were just about done with discovery. So to open it up again when there really is no basis to do so, it wouldn't be fair, it would be unfair.

MEMBER BERSI: Thank you.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Is there any other questions from the Commissioners? I have one, just -- I -- I thought I had this all clear. Let me just be sure. The discovery that you did in the first case that was stopped by Southern California Edison, is that part of the record in your current case in addition to what was before the Tax Commission, was that part of what was before the Tax Commission?

MR. POPE: Madam Chair, the — this additional evidence that the appellants are trying — or that this matter was remanded for you to consider additional evidence that which is the Bates numbers I referenced earlier, that additional evidence is not in the administrative record as it exists, it was not presented to the Commission.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Okay. Thought so. Thank you.

MEMBER JOHNSON: Madam Chair, are you ready to take any motions?

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Since we don't seem to have any more discussion, yes, make a motion and we can talk.

MEMBE	R TURNER:	Let me	make a	comment	first	for
the other Commission	oners and	the othe	er Commi	issioners	can	
correct me if I'm	vrona.					

It seems to me like the taxpayers had a theory of how they were going to approach this case when they came before us in 2007. And they were sent back by a comment made by Commissioner Kelesis, anything else they wanted us to consider to get in we have 30 days to do that.

And it seems like they decided not to put certain things before us, maybe not to pursue them at that time because they were relying on a trial de novo to overturn us. They could have put this information in front of us back in 2007, they could have pursued it at that time. And they chose not to do so. And now we're being asked to give them another bite of the apple. I'm uncomfortable with that.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Johnson?

MEMBER JOHNSON: Yes. Madam Chair, I would

recommend — or my motion would be that the request for

depositions be denied and that the record as it existed at the

time the court remanded this matter back to us be presented to

an administrative law judge for consideration based on the

2007 decision.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Could you do the last part again after the --

MEMBER JOHNSON: The evidence that existed at the

time the court made its decision to remand this matter back to the Commission be presented to an administrative law judge for consideration in light of the 2007 decision regarding taxpayers' request.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. We have a motion from Commissioner Johnson. Is there a second?

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Let me ask a question,

Commissioner Johnson, I'm not sure I understand it and maybe
it's because I didn't hear well fully. Are you saying that
the evidence as it existed at the conclusion of the matter
before the Tax Comission be sent to the ALJ -- no, first -first that we deny the motion -- the motion asked for now,
that the record go back to the ALJ and she do what, she makes
the determination of whether there should be additional
evidence taken? What -- what are you intending for her to
do -- or him to do?

MEMBER JOHNSON: Mr. Chairman, what I'm recommending is that the record that was presented as it existed in the court, District Court, be considered by our administrative law judge in light of our 2007 decision and that the — then that would be the complete record that we would be asked to review and that no further depositions be taken in this matter. And that record as it existed in District Court be the only thing that — together what with the record that existed at the Commission be the only evidence

that we would consider in looking at the -- the original question.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: So you're asking the ALJ to take the District Court evidence and -- and -- and -- and documents and things and our other documents to sign and analyze that and make a decision and come back to us or uphold her?

MEMBER JOHNSON: Yes, and make the decision and come back to us, Mr. Chairman, whether the ALJ -- the original decision be in any way amended or modified or sustained as it originally was entered into.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: And that -- further discussion on my part that seems to support I think what Commissioner -- I'm losing my mind here.

MS. CRANDALL: Turner.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Turner just said, yes, Jen, thank you. No, that the evidence before us was the evidence before us and they said that's all we had, and so we were not going to go -- we're just going to have a review of it, would that be correct or am I wrong?

MEMBER JOHNSON: Mr. Chairman, I think that from what the parties had said there is additional evidence that was not considered by the Commission presented to the District Court and that's the additional evidence that I would recommend -- that recommend be addressed by us in the remand

or the review.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: And the ALJs would look at that and say either it's in or out?

MEMBER JOHNSON: Not whether it's in or it's out, it's the additional evidence that would modify the original decision, 2007.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Okay. I'm just trying to understand where you're going -- what your thinking is. Thank you.

MEMBER TURNER: This may be a question for Jennifer or anybody else that wants to jump in.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Excuse me, can we get a second before we discuss this motion? Whoops, I think I just stopped a second, so maybe we just better have open discussion.

MEMBER TURNER: Ultimately I believe what the taxpayers are arguing is that the application of the live entertainment tax to this industry is unconstitutional. I'm not even sure that's a ruling this Commission is empowered to make. I'm not sure this is the right forum for that argument and that conclusion.

MS. CRANDALL: I don't think that issue is before the Commission here today. I think the only issue is to whether or not you want to reopen discovery and allow additional subpoenas and depositions to go forward or

whether -- and take into consideration Commissioner Johnson's recent motion, whether you want to remand it back to the ALJ for consideration of the additional material that came forward before the District Court. Or whether you want to just cut it off at this point and send it back up to the District Court as being considered -- considering the material before you and -- and calling it good today.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: It appears -- the motion is going to die for a lack of a second if I don't hear one. Is there another motion?

MEMBER TURNER: I think --

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Well, back on Commissioner

Turner's comment, I -- I somewhat agree with his position

that, you know, they weren't going to give it to us, they're

going to go up to the court and then use it against us. And

so they've kind of precluded themselves, but I don't know if

there is something that says that they have -- the judge

seemed to me to think that they maybe have some ability to add

additional evidence. And maybe that's the issue that should

be just that narrow issue is there under the rules some

evidence that could be introduce -- introduced even after they

said they were finished.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Chairman Barengo, are you asking if there's another avenue for them to present additional evidence in the current District Court case?

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CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Yeah, because it's -- well, now it's a de novo on the record, it's de novo. And, you know, the court seem to want to make sure that we -- I'm not clear what the court's rulings is and I don't really understand what they were saying.

So I don't know what we're -- how to address it. I've read and read -- reread and I don't just -- it seems to me the court was just kind of saying, well, I don't want to dismiss this case so I'll let you have -- you know, maybe there's some additional evidence. I don't know what that meant.

ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Jennifer, could you outline the various options that the Commission has and the taxpayers' ability to provide more evidence if we don't allow them to?

MS. CRANDALL: Okay. I -- and I hope the parties will jump in here and help me, but the way I see it you really have maybe three options. You can just consider the material -- maybe four. You can consider the material that was submitted in the briefs today, the new evidence that was submitted, this was my -- my thinking was this was the evidence that was submitted to the District Court judge and it's the evidence that's before you today that -- that Mr. Pope has outlined. You could look at that evidence and see whether or not you think it materially changes the

decision of the Commission. And if you think it doesn't change the -- doesn't change the decision, then you could just state that and send it back up to the District Court.

You could determine that new discovery is warranted and reopen it for subpoenas and depositions. And I would suggest you remand that back down to the administrative law judge for that to happen and then she consider all the new material or he and determine — make a determination as to whether or not the decision is materially changed or not.

So I don't know if there's another option you guys see.

MR. FERRARIO: Mark Ferrario on behalf of the taxpayers. I think one thing that's gotten lost here is Judge Weiss's order so I -- Mr. Brown just handed it to me. I think we should read this. We had an application for leave to present additional evidence. That's what was in front of the judge. The State objected to that. They didn't want additional evidence. Here's what the judge said.

Petitioner's application, that's the application we had to present additional evidence to the Nevada Tax Comission is granted. Granted.

So look at our petition, look what we wanted to do. And why was it granted? So this agency in light of the change in the law, Southern California Edison, can look at the additional evidence and do one of the following. Amend the

findings of fact, conclusions of law dated October 12, 2007, reverse that decision or affirm the decision.

Now, I don't know how you can read that any other way than to -- that the District Court said come back here for the opportunity to complete your record. And -- and if you look at the entire record here that's based upon the change in the law occasioned by Southern California Edison.

And the comments and the arguments being made by the State basically negate and gut that judge's decision.

MS. RIKOWSKI: Can I -- Vivienne Rikowski for the Department of Taxation. I'd like to just bring your attention, I did submit it as an exhibit that they -- that the petitioners put in a competing order which was not signed. The competing order twice asks for discovery to be reopened. The first time they say petitioners seek remand from this court to allow the discovery and presentation of additional evidence pursuant to 233B.131.2.

They asked for additional -- they asked for additional discovery. Now, there at the conclusion of their order they reiterated that they actually remanded to the Tax Comission to permit the petitioner to take additional discovery as they be permitted by the Nevada Tax Comission as to additional evidence.

The judge did not sign the seven-page order. He signed an order just allowing additional evidence. And

additional evidence is -- in order for the judge to have found that additional evidence to be both material and good cause for not submitting it in 2007, the judge had looked at that evidence. Additional evidence doesn't mean a new fishing

expedition. Additional evidence is to time.

MR. POPE: This is David Pope and I just -- I agree with Jennifer's two options that she gave you. The first one's going to be is that you agree with our argument that you're limited to that additional evidence that existed at the time of the hearing on the motion for remand and that the -- that the judge's order because it's written pursuant to that statute that requires the judge to make that finding materiality and good cause, that your first option would be to say yep, we're limited to that additional evidence that the judge saw that's on the CD that was presented to you and then consider that evidence and see if that changes your original decision whether you want to affirm, reverse or modify.

The second option would be to read the judge's order as opening the door to new discovery and as Ms. Rikowski said for a fishing expedition.

MR. FERRARIO: Again, I've been doing this too long and it's always funny when lawyers get in court and try to speculate as to what a judge may or may not have done when the judge saw competing orders. The judge rejected the State's competing order which they're now trying to in effect

1	get you to adopt. I'm going to read what the judge said. Our
2	application
3	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: We heard that, we don't need
4	to hear it again. It's granted.
5	MR. FERRARIO: And if you look at the application
6	it will tell you what the judge said what he was granting.
7	MS. CRANDALL: Okay. Hold on just a second,
8	Mr. Ferrario. I heard Chairman Barengo, did you have
9	something I heard him say
10	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: No, he's read that order three
11	times and I've got it myself, we don't need to have him
12	continue to read that.
13	MR. FERRARIO: I think I was just pointing out
14	that there's an order there that that eliminates any need
15	to go to the competing orders that were entered by the or
16	that were submitted by the parties.
17	MR. BROWN: And if I may, William Brown, Judge
18	Weiss granted the application. The application in part
19	specifically asks the taxpayers, this is a quote, be afforded
20	the opportunity to depose representatives of the State in
21	regard to these documents before either the Commission or this
22	court makes a final determination on the taxpayers'
23	constitutional claims.
24	The taxpayer specifically asked Judge Weiss to
25	remand this matter to allow us to present additional evidence.
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1	One of the specific pieces of evidence we asked him to allow
2	us to produce was deposition testimony. He granted that
3	application.
4	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you.
5	Commissioner Johnson, would you like to make your motion
6	again?
7	MEMBER JOHNSON: Yes, I would. The motion my
8	motion consists of two things. First of all, to deny any
9	additional discovery or depositions. That's the first part of
10	my motion.
11	The second part of my motion is that all the
12	evidence that was presented to or made available or existed at
13	the time the court remanded the matter back to the Commission
14	be considered by the Commission in determining whether the
15	original decision should be amended, modified or sustained.
16	And following our practice of what we did in the
17	Harrah's matter, remanding or taking that additional evidence,
18	presenting it to an ALJ to review, have the parties
19	participate or make their presentation to the ALJ and then
20	have the ALJ come up with a proposed decision that either
21	amend, modifies or sustains our original decision.
22	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. Is there
23	MEMBER JOHNSON: That's the second part of my
24	motion.
25	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Is there a second?

1	MEMBER TURNER: I'll second to get it off the		
2	table.		
3	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Thank you. We have a		
4	motion and a second and now we get to see what happens to it.		
5	Is there any other discussion on this motion, is everybody		
6	clear what it does?		
7	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: I want to make just sure		
8	Commissioner Johnson, what you're intending is is that that		
9	application to take leave of evidence, that material contained		
10	in the application for additional evidence is all the ALJ will		
11	be considering?		
12	MEMBER JOHNSON: All of the all the new		
13	evidence, whatever evidence existed at the time of the initial		
14	decision's part of the record.		
15	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: And what they'd asked, because		
16	they outlined in what they were at in their petition, so		
17	just those things?		
18	MEMBER JOHNSON: That's correct. With no new		
19	depositions.		
20	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Thank you.		
21	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Is everybody ready to		
22	vote? Let's start with Commissioner Marvel?		
23	MEMBER MARVEL: Aye.		
24	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Turner?		
25	MEMBER TURNER: Aye.		
	CAPITOL REPORTERS (775) 882-5322		

1	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Witt?			
2	MEMBER WITT: Aye.			
3	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Bersi?			
4	MEMBER BERSI: No.			
5	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Barengo?			
6	CHAIRMAN BARENGO: No.			
7	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Commissioner Johnson?			
8	MEMBER JOHNSON: Aye.			
9	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: And acting chair votes			
10	aye. Five to two, the motion passes. Thank you.			
11	(Motion carries.)			
12	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: And thanks to all the			
13	parties.			
14	MR. FERRARIO: Thank you.			
15	MR. POPE: Thank you.			
16	MR. NIELSEN: Madam Chair, the next agenda item			
17	up for the Commission's consideration is again under the			
18	Compliance Division IV-H, this is taxpayer's appeal of hearing			
19	officer's decision upholding Department's denial of use tax			
20	refund request/sales tax deficiencies on complimentary meals			
21	and Department's partial appeal on hearing officer's decision.			
22	The first item under that agenda topic is Exber,			
23	Inc./El Cortez. And this there has been a request for a			
24	partial closed hearing in this matter.			
25	ACTING CHAIRMAN LAMBERT: Okay. Thank you.			
	CAPITOL REPORTERS (775) 882-5322			

STATE OF NEVADA, 1 ss. 2 CARSON CITY. 3 4 5 I, MICHEL DOTY LOOMIS, Official Court Reporter for 6 the State of Nevada, Department of Taxation, do hereby 7 certify: 8 That on Monday, the 25th day of June, 2012, I was 9 present for the purpose of reporting in verbatim stenotype 10 notes the within-entitled closed session of the public 11 meeting; 12 That the foregoing transcript, consisting of pages 1 through 201, inclusive, includes a full, true and correct 13 14 transcription of my stenotype notes of said closed session of 15 the public meeting. 16 17 Dated at Carson City, Nevada, this 12th day of July, 2012. 18 19 20 My your 21 22 MICHEL LOOMIS, NV CCR #228 23 24 25 -CAPITOL REPORTERS (775) 882-5322-

# **EXHIBIT "D"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03692



BRIAN SANDOVAL
Governor
ROBERT R BARENGO
Chair, Nevada Tax Commission
CHRISTOPHER G. NIELSEN
Executive Director

### STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

Web Site: http://tax.state.nv.us

1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Neveds 89706-7937 Phone: (775) 884-2000 Fax: (775) 884-2020

LAS VEGAS OFFICE Grant Sawyer Office Building, Suite1300 855 E. Washington Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: (702) 488-2300 Fax: (702) 488-2373 RENO OFFICE 4800 Kletzke Lane Building L, Suite 235 Reno, Nevada 89502 Phone: (775) 687-9999 Fax: (775) 688-1303

HENDERSON OFFICE 2550 Passo Verde Perkway, Suite 180 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Phone: (702) 486-2300 Fax: (702) 488-3377

#### **DECISION LETTER**

September 6, 2012

CERTIFIED MAIL 7012 1010 0001 5652 9354
William H. Brown, Esq.
Law Offices of William H. Brown, Ltd.
6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd., Ste. 100
Las Vegas, NV 89148

CERTIFIED MAIL 7012 1010 0001 5652 9361 Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. Greenberg Traurig, LLP 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N.

IN THE MATTER OF:

Las Vegas, NV 89169

K-KEL, ET AL.'S OPPORTUNITY, PURSUANT TO DISTRICT COURT ORDER DATED JANUARY 24, 2012, TO PRESENT ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE TO THE NEVADA TAX COMMISSION SO THAT THE COMMISSION CAN AMEND THE FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW DATED OCTOBER 12, 2007, REVERSE THE DECISION OR AFFIRM THE DECISION, AND CONSIDERATION OF TAXPAYER'S REQUEST FOR

SUBPOENAS FOR DEPOSITIONS

Dear Messrs. Brown and Ferrario:

The above matter came before the Nevada Tax Commission ("Commission") for hearing on June 25, 2012. Senior Deputy Attorney General David Pope and Deputy Attorney General Vivienne Rakowsky appeared on behalf of the Respondent, Department of Taxation ("Department"). For the Petitioners, Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. appeared on behalf of Shac, LLC and William H. Brown, Esq. appeared on behalf of K-Kel dba Spearmint Rhino, The Power Company dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club, D. Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures, Olympus Garden, Inc. dba Olympic Garden, DI Food and Beverage of Las Vegas dba Scores, Déjà vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà vu, and Little Darlings of Las Vegas LLC, dba Little Darlings. The entire record of the administrative proceedings was provided to and considered by the Commission in the proceeding, and forms the basis of these findings of fact and conclusions of law.

The Commission hereby makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

#### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- 1. This matter was before this Commission in July and August of 2007 and, on October 12, 2007, the Commission issued Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and a Decision.
- Déjà vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Déjà vu and Little Darlings of Las Vegas LLC, dba Little Darlings stated that they are not part of this proceeding and are not part of the Petition for Judicial Review that is before the District Court (Case #A-11-648894-J). In fact, Déjà vu and Little Darlings did not appear before this Commission in 2007, are not parties to the administrative record, were not aggrieved by the final decision and, therefore, are not parties to this proceeding and shall be stricken from the caption. NRS 233B.130.
- On or about September 23, 2011, following the dismissal of their District Court case (Case #08A554970), Petitioners filed a Petition for Judicial Review in District Court (Case #A-11-648894-J) pursuant to the relevant court order dated December 19, 2011.
- 4. On or about September 28, 2011, Petitioners filed a motion pursuant to NRS 233B.131 requesting the Court grant them permission to present additional evidence to the Commission in order to supplement the administrative record with information obtained through discovery in the District Court case (Case #06A533273), i.e. documents identified as Bates Nos. DV00001 through DV001510, which were not part of the administrative record.
- 5. The Court granted the motion to present additional evidence, stating that the matter is remanded to allow the Commission to "look at additional evidence and do one of the following: Amend the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, Reverse the Decision, or Affirm the Decision." District Court Order dated January 24, 2012.
- 6. On or about June 14, 2012, in anticipation of the matter being presented to this Commission on remand, the Petitioners requested that the Department issue subpoenas in order to allow them to question three witnesses and thereafter supplement the record with what would be newly obtained testimony.
- 7. Petitioners argued that their rights to discovery, which they waited to conduct during the District Court proceedings that were dismissed, were curtailed by the decision in Southern Cal. Edison v. First Judicial Dist. Court, 127 Nev. Adv. Op 22, 255 P.3d 231 (May 26, 2011) which clarified that appeals of final decisions of this Commission must proceed as petitions for judicial review.
- 8. During the administrative proceeding that took place in 2007, this Commission continued the hearing for one month to allow the parties to provide all evidence that they wanted considered by the Commission. The parties were told that this was their final opportunity to supplement the record.

- Petitioners provided an additional 568 pages of evidence that was fully reviewed and considered by the Commission prior to rendering the administrative decision in October 2007.
- 10. Petitioners were or should have been aware of the provisions of the Nevada Administrative Procedures Act, NRS Chapter 233B.
- 11. In addition, NAC 360.135 and NAC 360.145 allowed Taxpayers to request subpoenas and depositions before this matter was presented to this Commission in 2007. Nonetheless, Petitioners failed to ask for subpoenas or depositions when this matter was before the Commission in 2007.
- 12. Pursuant to NRS 233B.131, when considering a motion to allow a party to present additional evidence to the Commission, a district court must determine whether the additional evidence is material and whether there are good reasons for the party to have failed to present the evidence to the Commission the first time.
- 13. In order to determine that the additional evidence is material and that there were good reasons for the failure to present the evidence to the Commission in 2007, it was necessary for the District Court Judge to have reviewed the proposed additional evidence existing at the time of the motion hearing.
- 14. At the hearing, the District Court Judge stated, "My inclination is that there is good cause and that the evidence is material, and I would prefer that the tax commission review everything before I review it." *Transcript from Motion Hearing Argued to District Court on December 9, 2011*, p, 5-6.
- 15. The Judge reasoned that, because he is limited to a review of the record of the administrative proceeding, if there is a question as to whether or not something should be in the record he is inclined to allow the administrative agency the opportunity to review it so that he has all the evidence when he performs judicial review. *Id.* at 11.
- 16. Both the Petitioners and Respondents provided competing proposed orders to the District Court Judge. Petitioners twice stated in their proposed order that discovery would be reopened and depositions allowed. The Judge did not sign the petitioner's proposed order which would have allowed the reopening of discovery and depositions.
- 17. The Judge signed an order which stated that the matter would be remanded to the Commission to allow the Commission to "look at additional evidence and do one of the following: Amend the Findings of Fact Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, Reverse the Decision or Affirm the Decision." *District Court Order* dated January 24, 2012.
- 18. If any Finding of Fact is more properly classified as a Conclusion of Law, then it shall be deemed as such.

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

- 1. Pursuant to NRS 233B.131, the District Court must find materiality in the additional evidence and good cause for the failure to present the evidence in order to allow a petitioner to supplement the administrative record with additional evidence.
- 2. The District Court found materiality with regard to Bates Nos. DV00001 through DV001510 and the administrative record shall be supplemented with these documents.
- 3. With regard to the request for additional discovery, in administrative matters discovery is allowed to the extent that the relevant regulations allow it. *Dutchess Business Servs., Inc. v. Nev. State Bd. of Pharmacy*,124 Nev. 701, 713-714, 191 P.3d 1159 (2008).
- 4. Although NAC 360.135 allows subpoenas and NAC 360.145 allows depositions, during the administrative proceedings in 2007 the Petitioners failed to ask for subpoenas or depositions and therefore waived the right to pursue these methods of discovery.
- 5. There is no due process violation because the Petitioners had the right to ask for subpoenas and depositions in 2007 and failed to do so and nothing prohibited them from requesting such discovery regardless of how they may have later chosen to proceed after receiving a final decision from the Commission.
- 6. The Commission has no obligation to reinstate the right to request subpoenas and depositions.
- 7. Pursuant to NRS Chapter 233B.130(1), the remedy for a party aggrieved by a final agency decision is judicial review.
- 8. Pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in *Malecon Tobacco*, *LLC v. Dept. of Taxation*, 118 Nev. 837, 840-842 (2002), "as applied" constitutional challenges requiring factual determinations must be decided by the administrative agency.
- 9. Pursuant to NRS 360.245 and NRS 233B.135(3), this matter is being remanded to an Administrative Law Judge (hereinafter "ALJ") with the entire record including the additional documents obtained through discovery in the District Court case which are identified as Bates Nos. DV00001 through DV001510. The ALJ shall review the additional evidence, along with the original record, and determine whether the findings of fact, conclusions of law and final decision issued in 2007 should be amended, reversed or affirmed.
- 10. Upon appeal of the decision of the ALJ, this Commission will either affirm, reverse or modify the decision. NRS 360.245; NRS 233B.135.
- 11. If any Conclusion of Law is more properly classified as a Finding of Fact, then it shall be deemed as such.

#### **DECISION**

- 1. The requested subpoenas will not be issued and additional discovery and/or depositions will not be permitted.
- The administrative record is supplemented with the additional evidence that was not considered by the Commission in 2007 but was thereafter obtained through discovery in the Disrict Court case and existing on January 12, 2012 at the time that the Court made the decision to remand the matter to the Commission, i.e. Bates Nos.DV00001 through DV001510.
- This matter is remanded to an ALJ with instructions to review the additional evidence and the original record and do one of the following: amend the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 12, 2007, reverse the decision or affirm the decision.
- 4. If a party is aggrieved by the decision of the ALJ, that party may appeal the decision to this Commission pursuant to NRS 360.245.

FOR THE COMMISSION

CHRISTOPHER G. NIELSEN

Deonne & Contine for:

**Executive Director** 

Nevada Department of Taxation

cc: Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General David Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General Blake Doerr, Senior Deputy Attorney General

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that I have this day served the forgoing document upon all parties of record in this proceeding by mailing a copy thereof, properly addressed, with postage prepaid to:

## <u>CERTIFIED MAIL</u> 7012 1010 0001 5652 9354 William H. Brown, Esq.

William H. Brown, Esq. Law Offices of William H. Brown, Ltd. 6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd., Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89148

#### **CERTIFIED MAIL** 7012 1010 0001 5652 9361

Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. Greenberg Traurig, LLP 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N. Las Vegas, NV 89169

Dated at Carson City, Nevada, the 6<sup>th</sup> day September 2012.

Erin Fierro

## **EXHIBIT "E"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03699

### STATE OF NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

In the Matter of:	
K-Kel, Inc., Olympus Garden, Inc., Shac, LLC, The Power Company, Inc., D. Westwood, Inc., D.I. Food & Beverage	Live Entertainment Tax Refund Requests
of Las Vegas, LLC,	) HEARING OFFICER'S ORDER ON REMAND
Petitioners.	) ONDER ON REMAINE

K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, Olympus Garden, Inc. dba
Olympic Garden, Shac, LLC dba Sapphire, The Power Company dba Crazy Horse Too
Gentlemen's Club, D. Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures, and D.I. Food & Beverage of Las
Vegas, LLC dba Scores (collectively as "Petitioners") operated exotic dancing
establishments or adult entertainment venues in Las Vegas, Nevada. The businesses
offered entertainment in the form of live dance performances and sold alcoholic
beverages. Petitioners charged their patrons admission charges to enter the venues.
Petitioners did not offer gaming and had occupancy ratings between 200 and 7400
persons. The businesses operated from January 2004 through April 2004.

Petitioners requested refunds of live entertainment taxes ("LET") paid to the Nevada Department of Taxation ("Department") for the periods January 2004 through April 2004. Petitioners based their refund requests on claims that 1) the LET was a facially unconstitutional tax on First Amendment activities and 2) Petitioners were exempt from paying the tax pursuant to NRS 368A.200(5)(a) because they provided "live entertainment that the State is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution, laws or treatises of the United States or Nevada Constitutions."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In lieu of reciting the tortured procedural history of this matter from its inception, only the relevant events leading to this review and order will be discussed.

Page 1

The Department denied the refund requests and the matter proceeded on appeal to the Nevada Tax Commission ("Commission"), where the denials were upheld.<sup>2</sup> Petitioners then appealed to the District Court. In September 2011, Petitioners requested the District Court grant them the opportunity to submit 1510 pages of additional documents into the record. The District Court remanded the matter to the Commission to review the additional documents and determine whether those documents changed the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision.

During their June 25, 2012 presentation to the Commission regarding the District Court remand and the additional documents, Petitioners requested the Commission grant them the opportunity to depose three witnesses. Their request was denied. By its decision letter dated September 6, 2012, the Commission referred this matter to the undersigned "with the entire record including the additional documents obtained through discovery in the District Court case which are identified as Bates Nos. DV00001 through DV001510. The ALJ shall review the additional evidence, along with the original record, and determine whether the findings of fact, conclusions of law and final decision issued in 2007 should be amended, reversed or affirmed."

Upon learning that this matter had been referred to the undersigned, Petitioners submitted a letter to the undersigned dated August 13, 2013 in which Petitioners renewed their requests for depositions and requested further unspecified discovery.<sup>3</sup> Petitioners also requested a hearing before the undersigned because Petitioners "would not presume to impose such a task," the task of reviewing the additional 1510 pages of documents, on the undersigned. Rather, Petitioners would use the hearing to "distill and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Petitioners' Refund Requests have been consolidated on appeal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Petitioners based this request on an argument that the Commission's September 12, 2012 written decision did not accurately reflect the Commission's oral decision. Petitioners have had 11 months to challenge the September 12, 2012 order or to request clarification from the Commission. They have chosen not to do so and this is not the proper forum for that issue.

clarify exactly what portions of these documents are relevant, and why."

Notwithstanding Petitioners' attempt to avoid a review by the undersigned of the very documents which Petitioners fought so hard to include in the record and despite Petitioners' surprising admission that the documents are to some degree repetitious, unclear, and irrelevant, the undersigned has reviewed the 1510 pages as ordered by the Commission.

Petitioners' additional documents included extensive legislative and regulatory histories surrounding the enactment and subsequent amendment of NRS 368A and the corresponding provisions of NAC 368A. Petitioners also included legislative history regarding SB 247 (2005), which was intended to amend 368A but was not enacted. Finally, the production included documents generated by the Department: requests for information from taxpayers concerning the LET, informational letters and educational materials regarding the LET, various statistical breakdowns concerning non-gaming LET revenue collected by the Department, and internal memoranda responding to requests for statistical information regarding LET.

Petitioners have not offered any persuasive legal support for their argument that this tax on admission charges and sales runs afoul of the First Amendment. Rather, their arguments appear to be based upon the idea that the Department's application of the tax discriminates against Petitioners' adult entertainment venues in some respect, or that the tax itself is so burdensome to Petitioners as to imperil their freedom of speech and expression. These new arguments indicate that sometime after filing their Refund Requests, Petitioners shifted their focus from a facial challenge of the LET to an asapplied challenge. A facial challenge is a "claim that a statute is always unconstitutional on its face- that is, that it always operates unconstitutionally." Black's Law Dictionary 244 (8th ed. 2004). An as-applied challenge is a "claim that a statute is unconstitutional on the facts of a particular case or in its application to a particular party." Id. When

 Petitioners asked the court to examine factually how the LET impacts one business versus another, Petitioners proposed an as-applied challenge to the LET.

In this regard, Petitioners alleged that they bore a disproportionate tax burden, presumably because their adult entertainment venues paid more LET than did other non-gaming entertainment venues. While they may have paid more LET in absolute terms when compared to other non-gaming venues, Petitioners have failed to develop any facts to show that this was unconstitutional in some respect.

LET is an excise tax which functions like a sales tax on the gross receipts from admission charges and retail sales of prepared food, alcohol and merchandise. LET is imposed as a fixed percentage of the gross receipts from admission charges and sales. Therefore, a business with more revenue from admission charges and sales will necessarily pay more LET than a business with less revenue from admission charges and sales. If Petitioners paid more in LET, it was only because they generated more revenue from sales and admission charges than did other entertainment venues. In absolute terms, Petitioners' LET liability increased as their sales and admissions revenue increased. In relative terms, Petitioners' LET liability was identical to that of the next taxpayer.

Since LET is imposed upon gross receipts as opposed to net receipts, it may disproportionately impact a business with narrow operating margins unless the tax is passed on to or borne by patrons or consumers. Petitioners have not alleged that they had narrow operating margins or that there were any practical or legal impediments that prevented them from passing the tax burden on to their patrons as allowed by NRS 368A. To the contrary, their sales figures would suggest that their patrons happily shouldered the burden of the tax.

In their efforts to show that they paid more LET than other entertainment venues, Petitioners have actually undermined their own arguments that the LET is punitive or

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discriminatory. If the LET were punitive or discriminatory toward Petitioners, one would reasonably expect Petitioners' receipts from admissions and sales to have declined as compared to the admissions and sales of competing entertainment venues. Petitioners have not shown that their admissions and sales declined relative to those of competing entertainment venues, nor have they attempted to show that such a decline will likely occur in the future. Petitioners cannot demonstrate that the LET unconstitutionally burdens adult entertainment because they cannot show that the application of the tax puts their venues at a competitive or commercial disadvantage when compared with other entertainment venues. Likewise, Petitioners cannot demonstrate that the tax is so burdensome that it imperils free speech and freedom of expression at their venues. To the contrary, the tax appears to have had no discemible impact upon Petitioners' ability to conduct live dance performances at their venues.

Petitioner's also argued there was an illicit intent on the part of the legislature to target the tax toward adult entertainment venues. The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision specifically addressed Petitioners' allegations of an illicit legislative motive and held that "[m]ention by legislators of taxability of live entertainment under a proposed bill that was subsequently enacted does not prove that the bill was enacted because of disagreement with the message provided by live adult entertainment." Petitioners' presentation of more pages of legislative history does not alter this conclusion. With regard to the legislative history pertaining to SB 247 (2005) which was not enacted, the Commission ruled that "[s]tatements by legislators with respect to a bill that would have taxed live adult entertainment as a separate class, where the bill did not pass, does not prove the intent of a separate bill that did not select live entertainment." Petitioners' second presentation of the same information and argument does not change the Commission's conclusion.

Neither Petitioners' documents nor their as-applied constitutional challenges

Page 5

compel amendments to the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision. Petitioners failed to allege or demonstrate incorrect application of the LET provisions to Petitioners or that the Department applied a peculiar interpretation of the LET to Petitioners. Other than the more expansive LET statistics presented, there are no additional facts to assist in determining if Petitioners have been subjected to an unconstitutional application of LET. And the few additional facts presented fail to establish Petitioners' claims. Frankly, it is difficult to imagine that there might be facts to support Petitioners' assertions. Petitioners' position that the Nevada legislature enacted the LET in an attempt to suppress entertainment in Nevada, the lifeblood of this tourism-dependent state, borders on the absurd.

#### **ORDER**

Based upon the foregoing, and GOOD CAUSE APPEARING THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that:

- 1. Petitioners' August 13, 2013 requests that the undersigned exceed the scope of the Commission's September 6, 2012 decision by: 1) convening a hearing in this matter, 2) allowing Petitioners to depose three witnesses, and 3) allowing Petitioners to engage in additional unspecified discovery are denied.
- Petitioner's additional documents Bates DV000001 through DV001510 are insufficient to change the October 12, 2007 decision of the Commission. The Commission's October 12, 2007 decision is hereby affirmed.

DATED this 21th day of August, 2013.

Dena C. Smith

Administrative Law Judge

Page 6

#### APPEAL RIGHTS

You may appeal this decision to the Nevada Tax Commission provided that you file a notice of appeal within thirty (30) days after the date of service of this decision upon you. Although notice of the appeal need not be in any particular format, it must be in writing, must clearly state your desire to appeal this decision, and must be filed with the executive staff of the Department of Taxation within thirty (30) days after the date of service of this decision. In this regard, you are advised to mail or personally deliver any notice of appeal to the attention of

Lezlie Helget, Supervising Auditor II Nevada Department of Taxation 1550 College Parkway, Suite 115 Carson City, Nevada 89706

Pursuant to NRS 360.245, this decision will become final thirty (30) days after service upon you unless you file a notice of appeal within those thirty (30) days.

All the above general information is provided to you pursuant to NRS 360.2925 and as a matter of courtesy only. You, or your counsel, should ascertain with more particularity the regulatory or statutory requirements pertinent to your further appeal rights.

Page 7

K-Kel, Inc. et al.

Live Entertainment Tax Refund Requests

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served the foregoing Hearing Officer's Order on Remand in the matter of K-Kel, Inc. et. al. Live Entertainment Tax Refund Request, upon all parties of record in this proceeding as follows:

By mailing a copy thereof via certified mail, properly addressed, with postage prepaid to:

Certified Mail: 7011 2000 0001 5246 0539 William H. Brown, Esq. Law Offices of William H. Brown, Ltd. 6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd., Ste. 100 Las Vegas, NV 89148

Certified Mail: 7011 2000 0001 5246 0546 Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. Greenberg Traurig, LLP 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N. Las Vegas, NV 89169

By electronic mail to:

William H. Brown, Esq. at wbrown@lambrosebrown.com

Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. at ferrariom@gtlaw.com

Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General, Counsel for Nevada Department of Taxation, at VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov

Christopher G. Nielsen, Executive Director, Nevada Department of Taxation

Nevada Tax Commission Members

Dated at Henderson, Nevada, this 2 day of August, 2013.

Shary Work

Page 8

# **EXHIBIT "F"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03708

#### STATE OF NEVADA NEVADA TAX COMMISION

In re:

K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC dba Scores, Deja Vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Deja Vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings Live Entertainment Tax Refund Requests

## STIPULATION FOR SUBMISSION ON THE RECORD

NOW COME the Taxpayers, K-Kel, Inc. dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc., dba Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC dba Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc. dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club; D Westwood, Inc. dba Treasures; Deja Vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC dba Deja Vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas, LLC dba Little Darlings, by and through counsel, and the Nevada Department of Taxation, by and through counsel and hereby state as follows:

- 1. After considering the matter and the additional evidence on remand, the Administrative Law Judge (hereinafter "ALJ") issued her Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision (hereinafter "Decision on Remand")<sup>1</sup>, dated August 27, 2013, which denied Taxpayers' request for additional discovery and affirmed the Nevada Tax Commission's Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 12, 2007<sup>2</sup>;
- 2. On September 24, 2013, Taxpayers appealed the ALJ's Hearing Officer's Order on Remand by correspondence addressed to Lezlie Helget, Supervising Auditor II, Nevada Department of Taxation.
- 3. Taxpayers and the Department of Taxation desire to expedite this matter, so that it may return to the Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30) for further proceedings. The Parties have agreed that further oral argument or hearing before the Commission is not necessary to assist the Commission in addressing the Hearing Officer's Order on Remand affirming the Commission's prior decision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A copy is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A copy is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

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### WHEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED:

- 4. The present matter shall be submitted to the Nevada Tax Commission for Decision on the entire record and without additional briefing, oral argument or hearing.
- 5. By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive any arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.
- 6. Following the decision of the Commission, this matter shall be returned for further proceedings in Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30), as determined by the Court.

IT IS SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP

By:\_\_\_\_\_\_ Mark E. F

Mark E. Ferrario, Esq. 3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N. Las Vegas, NV 89169

Attorneys for Shac LLC, dba Sapphire (only)

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General

William H. Brown, Esq

6029 S. Ft. Apache Rd.

Las Vegas, NV 89148

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

By:
Blake A. Doerr
Senior Deputy Attorney General

555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for the Department of Taxation

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Decision on the entire record and without additional briefing, oral argument or hearing. 5.

The present matter shall be submitted to the Nevada Tax Commission for

By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other any proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.

6. Following the decision of the Commission, this matter shall be returned for further proceedings in Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30), as determined by the Court.

IT IS SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

**GREENBERG TRAURIG. LLP** 

By: Mark E Ferrario Esq.

3773 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 400 N. Las Vegas, NV 89169 Attorneys for Shac LLC, dba Sapphire (only)

**CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO** Attorney General

William H. Brown, Esq.

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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

By: Blake A. Doerr

Senior Deputy Attorney General 555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for the Department of Taxation

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- 4. The present matter shall be submitted to the Nevada Tax Commission for Decision on the entire record and without additional briefing, oral argument or hearing.
- By submitting the matter to the Commission, the parties do not intend to waive arguments appropriately raised in the underlying proceedings or in any other proceedings related to these Taxpayers' challenges to the tax at issue in this matter.
- Following the decision of the Commission, this matter shall be returned for further proceedings in Clark County Nevada District Court Case No. A-11-648894-J (Dept. No. 30), as determined by the Court.

IT IS SO STIPULATED AND AGREED.

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Attorneys for the Department of Taxation

# **EXHIBIT "G"**

Appellants' Appendix SUPP.ROA03713

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MR. NIELSEN: Mr. Chairman, members of the
Commission, the next agenda item up for your consideration
is under 4-G. This is Tax Commission's opportunity pursuant
to District Court Order dated January 24, 2012 to amend,
reverse or affirm the Commission's Findings of Fact,
Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007, after remand to
hearing officer, who, after review of Taxpayer's additional
evidence affirmed the Commission's Findings of Fact,
Conclusions of Law dated October 12, 2007; affirmed the
Commission's September 6, 2012 Decision denying the
taxpayer's request to issue subpoenas, conduct additional
discovery and depositions; and denied the taxpayer's request
to convene a hearing.

Number 1 is K-Kel, Inc. doing business as

Spearmint Rhino Gentleman's Club; Olympus Garden, Inc.,

doing business as Olympic Garden; SHAC LLC doing business as

Sapphire; The Power Company, Inc., doing business as Crazy

Horse Too Gentleman's Club; D Westwood, Inc. doing business

as Treasures; DI Food & Beverage of Las Vegas, LLC doing

business as Scores, Deja vu Showgirls of Las Vegas, LLC

doing business as Deja vu; and Little Darlings of Las Vegas,

LLC doing business as Little Darlings.

For the Department is Blake Dohr and there are representatives of the taxpayer as well.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Good afternoon, gentlement,

would you identify yourselves for the record?

MR. DOHR: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and members of the Commision, Blake Dohr on behalf of the Department.

MR. BROWN: William Brown on behalf of all the taxpayers except SHAC LLC, who is represented by Mr. Rootsy.

MR. ROOTSY: Good morning, Mr. Rootsy on behalf of SHAC LLC.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Mr. Dohr?

MR. DOHR: I'll just give a brief overview here. We're here today asking the Commission to affirm its decision that it rendered on October 12th, 2007. That decision was the collective plaintiffs in this matter, their request for tax refunds, based on grounds the live entertainment tax was unconstitutional.

At the time of that decision the plaintiffs had an active Complaint in District Court which was really asking the District Court to adjudicate the same matter.

And the District Court matter was stayed while the Commission was entertaining the matter. The matter made its way through District Court after this commission made its ruling, with the District Court judge Elizabeth Gonzales dismissing the matter on the grounds that the matter should be filed as a petition for judicial review, and she based that decision on the Southern Cal Edison case which this Commission is familiar with.

Based on that action that the clubs filed their petition for judical review and the case has been with Judge weeks in the Eighth Judical District. Judge weeks said this matter has been decided. However, four years have passed and the clubs are alleging there is all this discovery that that they should be considered.

The judge said I think that that's really for the Commission to look at and make their own decision whether they should re-look at the additional evidence and whether they want to reverse, remand or affirm that original decision.

That question came to the Commission, and the Commission decided to remand it to its hearing officer to look at some of the specific evidence that they had asked about. The Commission also denied them the further evidence.

So the matter went to the Department's hearing officer, Judge James, and she looked at the evidence the Commission asked her to to look at, and she rendered a decision affirming that decision. We're here today asking you to affirm, reaffirm your decision based on her findings that the evidence that she looked at did not change this decision.

MR. BROWN: Thank you, essentially what we're here with is a much more complete factual record than we had when

the initial decision was entered. We've agreed with the State in the interests of getting this matter back in front of Judge Weeks to submit it to the Commission to either amend, reverse or affirm, modify what is essentially a decision it initally made.

Our request of course would be that the Commission reverse that decision. The State of courst thinks it should be affirmed. Other than that, I think the procedure Mr. Dohr laid out is pretty accurate and essentially it's before the Commission now.

I'll be happy to answer any questions, of course, but we've agreed not to belabor this matter here today.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Mr. Rootsy?

MR. ROOTSY: Nothing further.

CHAIRMAN BARENGO: Any questions of any of these gentlemen? As I read the Court's order, it says to amend the findings of fact and conclusions of law, reverse the decision or affirm the decision. And our hearing officer has affirmed it after reviewing the evidence, what is the pleasure of the Commission?

MR. DOHR: May I just for the record, I want to make sure we have stated, as I've said, the State would submit this matter without additional briefing or argument. I just want to make sure that that stipulation is part of the record.

Is there any discussion? Motions?
MEMBER MARVEL: I'll move to affirm the hearing
officer's decision.
CHAIRMAN BARENGO: It's been moved.
MEMBER DEVOLLD: Second.
CHAIRMAN BARENGO: There's a second by
Commissioner Devolld. It's been moved that we affirm the
hearing officer's decision in this matter. Any further
discussion?
MEMBER SHEETS: Mr. Chairman, do we also have to
affirm the Commission's original decision issued in October
of 2007 as well?
MS. CRANDALL: That would be my recommendation.
MR. DOHR: That would be my request as well.
CHAIRMAN BARENGO: And I would submit that we
amend the motion to include our affirmation of the
Commission's prior order issued in this case, dated October
12, 2007, if Commissioner Marvel will accept that.
MEMBER MARVEL: Yes, I accept that.
CHAIRMAN BARENGO: So we've all heard the motion.
All those in favor signify by saying "Aye." Any opposed?
The motion passes unanimously. Thank you, gentlemen, for
coming.
MR. NIELSEN: Mr. Chairman, I think the balance of