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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, et al.,

Appellants,

VS.

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, et al.,

Respondents.

Supreme Court Docket: 69886

District Court Case: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J

Appellants' Appendix

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CLERK OF THE COURT WILLIAM H. BROWN (7623) 1 LAMBROSE | BROWN PLLC 2 300 S. Fourth St., Ste. 700 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel: (702) 816-2200 4 Fax: (702) 816-2300 5 Email: WBrown@LambroseBrown.com Counsel for Petitioner 6 K-Kel, Inc., and 7 Local counsel for Petitioners OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., 8 d/b/a Olympic Garden, and D. 9 WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures 10 BRADLEY J. SHAFER 11 Michigan Bar No. P36604 12 SHAFER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 300 S. 4th St., Suite 700 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel: (702) 816-2200 Fax: (702) 816-2300 3800 Capital City Blvd., Suite #2 13 Lansing, Michigan 48906-2110 14 Tel: (517) 886-6560 Fax: (517) 886-6565 15 Email: Brad@bradshaferlaw.com 16 Co-Counsel Pro Hac Vice for all Petitioners except SHAC, LLC 17 18 [Counsel continued, following page] 19 DISTRICT COURT 20 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 21 K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino 22 Gentlemen's Club, et al., Case No.: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J 23 Dept. 30 Appellants, 24 VS. 25 Stipulation and Proposed NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF Amended Order 26 TAXATION, et al., 27 Respondents. 28 1

("Treasures"); D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, INC., dba Scores ("Scores"); DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà Vu ("Deja Vu"); and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Little Darlings ("Little Darlings").

- While this matter was pending, counsel for respondents and counsel for petitioners agreed that certain clubs would be dismissed from the action—specifically: Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings.
- 4. Upon information and belief, the parties advised the district court of their intent and desire to dismiss these clubs from this case.
- 5. However, despite the parties' agreement, and providing notice to the district court, the three clubs that were not seeking review were never formally dismissed from the proceeding.
- 6. Thus, from the district court docket, it appears that Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings, were still petitioners as this matter proceeded to briefing, when in fact only five clubs were seeking review: Spearmint Rhino, Olympic Garden, Sapphire, Crazy Horse Too, and Treasures. Their claims were fully and finally adjudicated by the district court's order denying judicial view (the "Order").
- 7. The clubs timely appealed the Order, but the failure to formally dismiss certain parties (Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings), and the omission of Crazy Horse Too as a named petitioner in the Order, created a

record suggesting the Order was not final and appealable under NRS 233B.150 because it does not resolve all the claims of all the parties.

- 8. For that reason, on March 30, 2016, the Nevada Supreme Court entered an order to show cause why the appeal should not be dismissed on the grounds that the Order is not, in fact, a final judgment because Scores' and Crazy Horse Too's petitions have not yet been adjudicated.
- 9. As discussed, the Order does in fact fully and finally adjudicate all the claims of the clubs that were actually seeking judicial review before the district court, i.e.: Spearmint Rhino, Olympic Garden, Sapphire, Crazy Horse Too, and Treasures. Hence, the Order disposes of all issues in the district court case, and is therefore effectively a final appealable order.¹
- 10. Because of this, the parties submitted a proposed stipulation to the Nevada Supreme Court remanding this case to the district court for the sole purpose of, essentially, cleaning up the record—i.e., formally dismissing Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings, and amending the Order to reflect that it included Crazy Horse Too's claims as well. With these corrections, the

¹ See, e.g., *Lee v. GNLV Corp.*, 116 Nev. 424, 426 (2000) (final order is "one that disposes of the issues presented in the case …and leaves nothing for the future consideration of the court.") (internal quotes; citation omitted).

Order will accurately reflect that it fully and finally adjudicates all parties' claims and thus, is final and appealable.

- 11. On May 11, 2016, the Nevada Supreme Court disapproved that stipulation, reasoning that remand was unnecessary because the Order was not final, thus the appeal was premature, and consequently the district court was never divested of jurisdiction.
- 12. Additionally, the court provided the parties 45 days (meaning until Monday, June 27, 2016) within which to "obtain a district court order constituting a final judgment"²
 - 13. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to:
 - a. Dismissal of petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores, with prejudice, and bearing their own fees and costs; and
 - b. Amendment of the Order by
 - i. Removing, as petitioners, Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and
 - ii. Adding, as petitioner, Crazy Horse Too.

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² Nevada Supreme Court order (filed May 11, 2016).

	- (
	1	14. An appropriate proposed amended order is attached as Exhibit
	2	Dated: June 9, 2016
	3	December 1
	4	Respectfully submitted,
	5	LAMBROSE BROWN
	6	By: <u>/s/ William H. Brown</u>
	7	WILLIAM H. BROWN (7623)
	8	LAMBROSE BROWN PLLC 300 S. Fourth St., Ste. 700
	9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
	10	Tel: (702) 816-2200
	11	Fax: (702) 816-2300 Email: <u>WBrown@LambroseBrown.com</u>
	12	Counsel for Petitioner
.700 .700 89101 800	13	K-Kel, Inc., and Local counsel for Petitioners
: BRG ; Suite evada 816-23	14	OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC.,
JAMBROSE BROWN 300 S. 4th St., Suite 700 as Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel. (702) 816-2200 Tax. (702) 816-2300	15	d/b/a Olympic Garden, and D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a
JAMBROSE BROWN 300 S. 4th St., Suite 700 as Vegas, Nevada 8910 Tel. (702) 816-2200 Fax: (702) 816-2300	16	Treasures
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	22	[Signatures continued on following page.]
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	1	[Signatur	es continued.]
	2		
	3	Dated: June 9, 2016	Dated: June 9, 2016
	4	/s/ <i>Bradley J. Shafer</i> BRADLEY J. SHAFER	/s/ <u>Vivienne Rakowsky</u> DAVID J. POPE (8617)
	5	Michigan Bar No. P36604	Senior Deputy Attorney General
	6	SHAFER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 3800 Capital City Blvd., Suite #2	VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY (9160) Deputy Attorney General
	7	Lansing, Michigan 48906-2110	555 E. Washington Ave., Suite 3900
	8	Email: Brad@bradshaferlaw.com	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
	9	Counsel, and co-counsel, for Appellants D. WESTWOOD,	Email: <u>DPope@ag.nv.gov</u> <u>VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov</u>
	10	INC., d/b/a Treasures, DEJA	Counsel for Respondents
	11	VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a/ Déjà vu,	Nevada Department of Taxation and Nevada Tax Commission
Z - 5	12	LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS	Nevada Tax Commission
ROW itc 700 la 891 2200 2300	13	VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Little	
LAMBROSE BROWN 300 S. 4th St., Suite 700 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel: (702) 816-2200 Fax: (702) 816-2300	14	Darlings, and OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic	
ивко) S. 4 th Vegas, :el: (70 ax: (70	15	Garden	
No. 300 Las	16	Dated: June 9, 2016	Dated: June 9, 2016
	17		
	18	/s/ <u>Neil J. Beller</u> NEIL BELLER (2360)	/s/ Mark E. Ferrario MARK E. FERRARIO (1625)
	19	NEIL J. BELLER, LTD.	GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP
	20	7408 W. Sahara Ave.	3773 Howard Hughes Parkway
	21	Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Email: nbeller@njbltd.com	Suite 400 North Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
	22	Local Counsel for Appellants	Email: ferrariom@gtlaw.com
	23	DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà vu, and	Counsel for Appellant SHAC, L.L.C. d/b/a Sapphire
	24	LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS	carre, a.e. a.
	25	VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Little Darlings	
	26	20,000	
	27	1 1 1	ORDERED
	28	June	S 2 1 10

EXHIBIT 1

	1	ODJR ADAM PAUL LAXALT						
	2	Attorney General DAVID J. POPE						
	3	Senior Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 008617 VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 009160						
	4							
	5							
	6	555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101						
	7	P: (702) 486-3103 F: (702) 486-3416						
	8	VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov DJPope @ag.nv.gov						
	9	Attorneys for Respondents						
	10	DISTRI	CT COURT					
	11	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA					
3900	12	K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino)						
al's Off 1, Sunte 7 89101	13	Gentlemen's Club; OLYMPUS GARDEN,) INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden; SHAC, L.L.C.,)	Case No.: A-11-648894-J					
Gener shingtor gas, N	14	d/b/a Sapphire; D. WESTWOOD, INC.,) d/b/a Treasures; DÉJÀ VU SHOWGIRLS)	Dept. No.: XXX					
y General's Office 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101	15	OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Déjà vu; and) LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC,)						
55.	16	d/b/a Little Darlings,)	Consolidated with:					
	17	Petitioners,)	Case No.: A-14-697515-J					
		V.)						
	18	STATE OF NEVADA, ex rel.) DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION and TAX)						
	19	COMMISSION,						
	20	Respondents.						
	21	\ \ \						
	22							
	23	AMENDED ORDER DENYING JUDIO	CIAL REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION					
	24	Before the Court are the Consolidated	Petitions for Judicial Review of the decisions by					
	25	the Nevada Tax Commission (hereinafter "Commission"). Originally, eight Petitioners (local						
	26	erotic dance establishments) were named: I	K-KEL, INC., dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's					
	27	Club ("Spearmint Rhino"); OLYMPUS GA	RDEN, INC., dba Olympic Garden ("Olympic					
	28							

Garden"); SHAC, L.L.C. dba Sapphire ("Sapphire"); THE POWER COMPANY, INC., dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club ("Crazy Horse Too"); D. WESTWOOD, INC., dba Treasures ("Treasures"); D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, INC., dba Scores ("Scores"); DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà Vu ("Deja Vu"); and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Little Darlings ("Little Darlings").

Pursuant to the parties' stipulation, the claims of Petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores are hereby dismissed with prejudice, leaving the claims of Petitioners, K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen s Club, OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden, SHAC, LLC d/b/a Sapphire, D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures, and THE POWER COMPANY INC. d/b/a Crazy Horse Too (collectively, "Petitioners").

Both sides filed briefs, and the Court heard oral argument. The Petitioners were represented by William Brown Esq., Mark Ferrario, Esq. and Bradley Shafer, Esq.(admitted Pro Hac Vice). The Nevada Tax Commission was represented by Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General and David Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General.

After supplemental briefing regarding the Supreme Court decision in Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), and after oral argument, the Court took the matter under advisement and issued a Minute Order on November 24, 2015 which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

The procedural history of this matter dates back to a decision by the Nevada Tax Commission dated October 12, 2007 upholding the Live Entertainment Tax ("NLET")(PJR-11-648894-J), a remand in January 2012 to allow the Commission to review additional evidence and determine whether it would amend, affirm or reverse its 2007 decision and re-open discovery to allow depositions (PJR 14-697515-J), and supplemental briefing to determine whether the standard of review for the NLET changed based on the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 S. Ct. 2218 (2015).

Based upon the pleadings and papers on file, after hearing oral argument, and good cause appearing, the Court renders the following findings of fact:

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- 1. The parties essentially agreed to the procedural history and underlying factual background of this case.
- The three issues before this Court were:
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission October 12, 2007 decision denying Petitioners requests for refunds of NLET paid, and finding that the NLET does not violate the U.S. Constitution or Nevada Constitution, is not targeted at gentlemen's clubs, and is not a tax based on the content of the taxpayer's message.
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission's decision dated September 6, 2012 finding that discovery would not be reopened to allow depositions, and decision on February 12, 2014 upholding the Hearing Officers Hearing on Remand finding that the more than 1,500 pages of supplemental materials were insufficient to cause the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision to be reversed or amended.
 - c. Petitioner's supplemental briefing claiming that the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Gilbert Arizona changed the standard of review for determining the constitutionality of the NLET to strict scrutiny.
- The Petitioners made the following arguments:
 - a. That the NLET is unconstitutional because it is a direct tax on First Amendment activities and is statutorily gerrymandered to apply only to a narrowly defined group of speakers, and in doing so discriminates based on the content of the entertainment:
 - b. The Commission should have permitted Petitioners to conduct the requested depositions in order to shed further light on the drafting and amending of the NLET and to identify the purpose for each and every one of the exceptions to the definition of live entertainment set forth in NRS 368A; and
 - c. Based on the recent ruling in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, _U.S. _, 135

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S. Ct. 2218 (2015), strict scrutiny applies, and the NLET does not pass the constitutional muster because there is a differentiation of the application of a law based upon the content of the expression.

- 4. The Department made the following arguments:
 - That the NLET is Constitutional revenue raising tax and not a tax on a First Amendment right, and the tax has not been applied to the Petitioners in an unconstitutional manner. The Nevada Supreme Court found that the NLET is constitutional on its face in Deja Vu Showgirls v. Department of Taxation, 334 P.3d 392 (2014). In that case, the Nevada Supreme Court established that the standard of review for the NLET is a rational basis analysis, because it does not regulate live entertainment, it does not discriminate on the basis of the taxpayers' speech, and it does not target a small group of speakers or threaten to suppress viewpoints. Deja vu, 334 P.3d at 401;
 - b. That the Commission's decision on remand to deny depositions should be upheld because, while NRS 233B.131(2) provides for additional evidence under very specific conditions, it does not provide for additional evidence after receiving an adverse decision. Moreover, the information that the Petitioners were seeking was available in 2007. On January 24, 2012, the Court remanded the case to the Commission for review of evidence, not to allow additional evidence to be gathered; and
 - The standard used by the court to review a tax matter has been in place more than 125 years and has not changed on the basis of a sign ordinance case (Reed). The Court in Deja Vu had already ruled that heightened scrutiny does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes.

The Court made the following conclusions of law:

5. NRS 233B.135 indicates that the Court shall not substitute its judgment for that of

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the agency as to the weight of evidence on a question of fact. NRS 233B.135(3).

- 6. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3), the Court can remand, affirm, or set aside the Commission's decision if the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the agency's decision is in violation of statutory provisions, in excess of the statutory authority of the agency, made upon unlawful procedure, affected by other error of law, clearly erroneous, or an arbitrary or capricious abuse of discretion.
- 7. The Commission did not find Petitioner's argument with respect to reopening discovery to allow depositions meritorious because all the information that Petitioners sought recently was available prior to 2007, and the information sought was consistently determined to be irrelevant. The Commission's decision did not violate the constitution or a statute, was not in excess of its statutory authority, was not made upon unlawful procedure, was not affected by other error of law, was not clearly erroneous, and was not arbitrary, capricious, or an abuse of discretion. These findings of fact by the Commission may not be disturbed by this Court. The Commissions determination with regard to the request to take depositions is hereby AFFIRMED.
- 8. The construction of a statute is a question of law, and therefore, independent review is appropriate. However, the court will not readily disturb an administrative interpretation of statutory language. City of Reno v. Reno Police Protective Ass n., 118 Nev. 889, 900 (2002). The Commission's determination that the NLET is constitutional as applied to the Petitioners is supported by the fact that the Nevada Supreme Court has determined that the NLET does not regulate live entertainment and is simply a tax on a business transaction, and not a tax on the expressive activity taking place within the facility.
- 9. Petitioners have failed to meet their burden to show that the NLET has attacked the content of their message.

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- 10. The Commission did not exceed their authority by concluding that NLET, as applied to Petitioners, is not an impermissible differential tax, and does not place a burden on a narrowly defined group of speakers.
- 11. Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes. This Court does not find any evidence here that NLET triggers the application of Reed.
- 12. The Commission's decision that NLET is not a content-based tax on first amendment activity, but a legitimate tax scheme, evenly applied, and used to raise state revenue shall not be disturbed.

ORDER

Based upon the foregoing, this Court Orders that there was substantial evidence supporting the Commission's decisions and that the Commission's decisions did not violate NRS 233B.135, and consequently, the Commission's decisions are hereby AFFIRMED. As to all remaining Petitioners, the Petition for Judicial Review is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Respectfully Submitted By:

/s/ Vivenne Rakowsky

VIVENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General

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Alun A. Elmin

CLERK OF THE COURT

1 ODJR ADAM PAUL LAXALT 2 Attorney General DAVID J. POPE 3 Senior Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 008617 4 VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General 5 Nevada Bar No. 009160 555 E. Washington Ave., Ste. 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 P: (702) 486-3103 7 F: (702) 486-3416 VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov 8 DJPope @ag.nv.gov Attorneys for Respondents 9 DISTRICT COURT 10 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino 12 Gentlemen's Club; OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden; SHAC, L.L.C., Case No.: A-11-648894-J 13 d/b/a Sapphire; D. WESTWOOD, INC., Dept. No.: XXX d/b/a Treasures; DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS 14 OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Déjà vu; and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, 15 d/b/a Little Darlings, Consolidated with: 16 Petitioners. Case No.: A-14-697515-J 17 18 STATE OF NEVADA, ex rel. DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION and TAX 19 COMMISSION. 20 Respondents. 21 22

AMENDED ORDER DENYING JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION

Before the Court are the Consolidated Petitions for Judicial Review of the decisions by the Nevada Tax Commission (hereinafter "Commission"). Originally, eight Petitioners (local erotic dance establishments) were named: K-KEL, INC., dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club ("Spearmint Rhino"); OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., dba Olympic Garden ("Olympic

355 E. Washington, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101

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Pursuant to the parties' stipulation, the claims of Petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores are hereby dismissed with prejudice, leaving the claims of Petitioners, K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen s Club, OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden, SHAC, LLC d/b/a Sapphire, D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures, and THE POWER COMPANY INC. d/b/a Crazy Horse Too (collectively, "Petitioners").

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Based upon the pleadings and papers on file, after hearing oral argument, and good cause appearing, the Court renders the following findings of fact:

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- 6. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3), the Court can remand, affirm, or set aside the Commission's decision if the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the agency's decision is in violation of statutory provisions, in excess of the statutory authority of the agency, made upon unlawful procedure, affected by other error of law, clearly erroneous, or an arbitrary or capricious abuse of discretion.
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- 8. The construction of a statute is a question of law, and therefore, independent review is appropriate. However, the court will not readily disturb an administrative interpretation of statutory language. City of Reno v. Reno Police Protective Ass n., 118 Nev. 889, 900 (2002). The Commission's determination that the NLET is constitutional as applied to the Petitioners is supported by the fact that the Nevada Supreme Court has determined that the NLET does not regulate live entertainment and is simply a tax on a business transaction, and not a tax on the expressive activity taking place within the facility.
- 9. Petitioners have failed to meet their burden to show that the NLET has attacked the content of their message.

- 10. The Commission did not exceed their authority by concluding that NLET, as applied to Petitioners, is not an impermissible differential tax, and does not place a burden on a narrowly defined group of speakers.
- 11. Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes. This Court does not find any evidence here that NLET triggers the application of Reed.
- 12. The Commission's decision that NLET is not a content-based tax on first amendment activity, but a legitimate tax scheme, evenly applied, and used to raise state revenue shall not be disturbed.

ORDER

Based upon the foregoing, this Court Orders that there was substantial evidence supporting the Commission's decisions and that the Commission's decisions did not violate NRS 233B.135, and consequently, the Commission's decisions are hereby AFFIRMED. As to all remaining Petitioners, the Petition for Judicial Review is DENIED.

DATED this ______, 2016.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Respectfully Submitted By:

/s/ Vivenne Rakowsky

VIVENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General

CLERK OF THE COURT

WILLIAM H. BROWN (7623)
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Counsel for Petitioner

K-Kel, Inc., and

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 $Local\ counsel\ for\ Petitioners$

| OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC.,

d/b/a Olympic Garden, and D.

WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures

BRADLEY J. SHAFER

Michigan Bar No. P36604

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Co-Counsel Pro Hac Vice for all

Petitioners except SHAC, LLC

[Counsel continued, following page]

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, et al.,

Petitioners,

vs.

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, et al.,

Respondents.

Case No.: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J Dept. 30

Notice of Entry of Amended Order Denying Judicial Review of Administrative Decision

Page 1 of 3 Appellants' Appendix

	[counsel continued]
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18	Notice of Entry of Amended Order Denving Judicial Paview of
	Notice of Entry of Amended Order Denying Judicial Review of Administrative Decision
19	Please take notice that an amended order denying judicial review of
20	I rouse carre are are are arrestated of the resident restriction of
21	administrative decision was entered on June 23, 2016, a copy of which is
22	attached hereto.
23	
24	Dated: June 24, 2016
25	By: <u>/s/ William H. Brown</u>
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28	Attorney for Petitioner K-Kel, Inc.
- 1	1

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>		
2	I hereby certify that the foregoing Notice of Entry of Amended		
3	Order Denying Judicial Review of Administrative Decision was filed		
4 5	with the Clark County Nevada District Court by way of the Court's electronic		
6	filing system, the operation of which will cause service upon:		
7 8 9	DAVID J. POPE Senior Deputy Attorney General VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney Congrel		
0	Deputy Attorney General 555 E. Washington Ave., Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
2	Email: <u>DPope@ag.nv.gov</u> VRakowsky@ag.nv.gov		
3	Counsel for Respondents Nevada Department of Taxation and Nevada Tax Commission		
5 6	Dated: June 24, 2016 /s/ Deidra Hufnagle An employee of LAMBROSE BROWN		
7 8	LAWDROSE DROWN		
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CLERK OF THE COURT

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club; OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden; SHAC, L.L.C., d/b/a Sapphire; D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures; DÉJÀ VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Déjà vu; and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Little Darlings,

Case No.: A-11-648894-J

Dept. No.: XXX

Petitione

Petitioners,

Consolidated with: Case No.: A-14-697515-J

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y General's Office 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101

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STATE OF NEVADA, ex rel.

DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION and TAX COMMISSION.

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Respondents.

AMENDED ORDER DENYING JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION

Before the Court are the Consolidated Petitions for Judicial Review of the decisions by the Nevada Tax Commission (hereinafter "Commission"). Originally, eight Petitioners (local erotic dance establishments) were named: K-KEL, INC., dba Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club ("Spearmint Rhino"); OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., dba Olympic Garden ("Olympic

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Garden"); SHAC, L.L.C. dba Sapphire ("Sapphire"); THE POWER COMPANY, INC., dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club ("Crazy Horse Too"); D. WESTWOOD, INC., dba Treasures ("Treasures"); D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, INC., dba Scores ("Scores"); DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà Vu ("Deja Vu"); and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Little Darlings ("Little Darlings").

Pursuant to the parties' stipulation, the claims of Petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores are hereby dismissed with prejudice, leaving the claims of Petitioners, K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen s Club, OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden, SHAC, LLC d/b/a Sapphire, D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures, and THE POWER COMPANY INC. d/b/a Crazy Horse Too (collectively, "Petitioners").

Both sides filed briefs, and the Court heard oral argument. The Petitioners were represented by William Brown Esq., Mark Ferrario, Esq. and Bradley Shafer, Esq.(admitted Pro Hac Vice). The Nevada Tax Commission was represented by Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General and David Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General.

After supplemental briefing regarding the Supreme Court decision in Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), and after oral argument, the Court took the matter under advisement and issued a Minute Order on November 24, 2015 which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

The procedural history of this matter dates back to a decision by the Nevada Tax Commission dated October 12, 2007 upholding the Live Entertainment Tax ("NLET")(PJR-11-648894-J), a remand in January 2012 to allow the Commission to review additional evidence and determine whether it would amend, affirm or reverse its 2007 decision and re-open discovery to allow depositions (PJR 14-697515-J), and supplemental briefing to determine whether the standard of review for the NLET changed based on the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 S. Ct. 2218 (2015).

Based upon the pleadings and papers on file, after hearing oral argument, and good cause appearing, the Court renders the following findings of fact:

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- 1. The parties essentially agreed to the procedural history and underlying factual background of this case.
- The three issues before this Court were:
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission October 12, 2007 decision denying Petitioners requests for refunds of NLET paid, and finding that the NLET does not violate the U.S. Constitution or Nevada Constitution, is not targeted at gentlemen's clubs, and is not a tax based on the content of the taxpayer's message.
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission's decision dated September 6, 2012 finding that discovery would not be reopened to allow depositions, and decision on February 12, 2014 upholding the Hearing Officers Hearing on Remand finding that the more than 1,500 pages of supplemental materials were insufficient to cause the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision to be reversed or amended.
 - c. Petitioner's supplemental briefing claiming that the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Gilbert Arizona changed the standard of review for determining the constitutionality of the NLET to strict scrutiny.
- The Petitioners made the following arguments:
 - That the NLET is unconstitutional because it is a direct tax on First Amendment activities and is statutorily gerrymandered to apply only to a narrowly defined group of speakers, and in doing so discriminates based on the content of the entertainment:
 - b. The Commission should have permitted Petitioners to conduct the requested depositions in order to shed further light on the drafting and amending of the NLET and to identify the purpose for each and every one of the exceptions to the definition of live entertainment set forth in NRS 368A; and
 - c. Based on the recent ruling in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, _U.S. _, 135

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S. Ct. 2218 (2015), strict scrutiny applies, and the NLET does not pass the constitutional muster because there is a differentiation of the application of a law based upon the content of the expression.

- 4. The Department made the following arguments:
 - That the NLET is Constitutional revenue raising tax and not a tax on a First Amendment right, and the tax has not been applied to the Petitioners in an unconstitutional manner. The Nevada Supreme Court found that the NLET is constitutional on its face in Deja Vu Showgirls v. Department of Taxation, 334 P.3d 392 (2014). In that case, the Nevada Supreme Court established that the standard of review for the NLET is a rational basis analysis, because it does not regulate live entertainment, it does not discriminate on the basis of the taxpayers' speech, and it does not target a small group of speakers or threaten to suppress viewpoints. Deja vu, 334 P.3d at 401;
 - b. That the Commission's decision on remand to deny depositions should be upheld because, while NRS 233B.131(2) provides for additional evidence under very specific conditions, it does not provide for additional evidence after receiving an adverse decision. Moreover, the information that the Petitioners were seeking was available in 2007. On January 24, 2012, the Court remanded the case to the Commission for review of evidence, not to allow additional evidence to be gathered; and
 - The standard used by the court to review a tax matter has been in place more than 125 years and has not changed on the basis of a sign ordinance case (Reed). The Court in Deja Vu had already ruled that heightened scrutiny does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes.

The Court made the following conclusions of law:

NRS 233B.135 indicates that the Court shall not substitute its judgment for that of

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the agency as to the weight of evidence on a question of fact. NRS 233B.135(3).

- 6. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3), the Court can remand, affirm, or set aside the Commission's decision if the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the agency's decision is in violation of statutory provisions, in excess of the statutory authority of the agency, made upon unlawful procedure, affected by other error of law, clearly erroneous, or an arbitrary or capricious abuse of discretion.
- 7. The Commission did not find Petitioner's argument with respect to reopening discovery to allow depositions meritorious because all the information that Petitioners sought recently was available prior to 2007, and the information sought was consistently determined to be irrelevant. The Commission's decision did not violate the constitution or a statute, was not in excess of its statutory authority, was not made upon unlawful procedure, was not affected by other error of law, was not clearly erroneous, and was not arbitrary, capricious, or an abuse of discretion. These findings of fact by the Commission may not be disturbed by this Court. The Commissions determination with regard to the request to take depositions is hereby AFFIRMED.
- 8. The construction of a statute is a question of law, and therefore, independent review is appropriate. However, the court will not readily disturb an administrative interpretation of statutory language. City of Reno v. Reno Police Protective Ass n., 118 Nev. 889, 900 (2002). The Commission's determination that the NLET is constitutional as applied to the Petitioners is supported by the fact that the Nevada Supreme Court has determined that the NLET does not regulate live entertainment and is simply a tax on a business transaction, and not a tax on the expressive activity taking place within the facility.
- 9. Petitioners have failed to meet their burden to show that the NLET has attacked the content of their message.

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10.The	commission did not exceed their authority by concluding that NLET, as applie
to P	titioners, is not an impermissible differential tax, and does not place a burde
on a	narrowly defined group of speakers.

- 11. Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes. This Court does not find any evidence here that NLET triggers the application of Reed.
- 12. The Commission's decision that NLET is not a content-based tax on first amendment activity, but a legitimate tax scheme, evenly applied, and used to raise state revenue shall not be disturbed.

ORDER

Based upon the foregoing, this Court Orders that there was substantial evidence supporting the Commission's decisions and that the Commission's decisions did not violate NRS 233B.135, and consequently, the Commission's decisions are hereby AFFIRMED. As to all remaining Petitioners, the Petition for Judicial Review is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Respectfully Submitted By:

/s/ Vivenne Rakowsky

VIVENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General

Electronically Filed 06/24/2016 04:11:22 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

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Petitioners except SHAC, LLC

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino

Gentlemen's Club, et al.,

Petitioners,

VS.

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, and NEVADA TAX COMMISSION,

Respondents. 27

Case No.: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J

Dept. 30

Amended Notice of Appeal

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10	Amended Notice of Appeal		
11	Notice is hereby given that petitioners hereby appeal to the Supreme		
12	Court of Nevada from the amended order denying judicial review of		
13	administrative decision filed on June 23, 2016, notice of entry filed on June		
15	24, 2016.		
16 17	Date: June 24, 2016		
18	Respectfully submitted,		
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20	By: /s/ William H. Brown		
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

	I hereby certify that the foregoing	ng Amended Notice of Anneal was		
2	I hereby certify that the foregoing Amended Notice of Appeal was			
3	filed with the Clark County Nevada District Court by way of the Court's			
4 5	electronic filing system, the operation of which will cause service upon:			
6	E-service	With a courtesy copy to:		
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24	Date: June 24, 2016			
25	By: <u>/s/ Deidra Hufnagle</u> An employee of LAMBROSE BROWN			

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Local counsel for Petitioners

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Co-Counsel Pro Hac Vice for all

Petitioners except SHAC, LLC

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen's Club, et al.,

Petitioners,

vs.

NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION, et al.,

Respondents.

Case No.: A-11-648894-J Consolidated with A-14-697515-J Dept. 30

Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Proposed Amended Order

	[sounge] continued]
1	[counsel continued]
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9	LLC, d/b/a Little Darlings
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17	SHAC, LLC
	N. CE. CC. L. ID. IA I.IO.I
18	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Proposed Amended Order
19	Please take notice that a stipulation and proposed amended order was
20	entered on June 23, 2016, a copy of which is attached hereto.
21	which is accasined hereto.
22	Dated: June 24, 2016
23	By: /s/ William H. Brown
24	WILLIAM H. BROWN
25	Nevada Bar No.: 7623
	LAMBROSE BROWN
26	wbrown@lambrosebrown.com Attorney for Petitioner K-Kel, Inc.
27	Troothey for remoner ix-ixer, file.
28	

1	1 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	I hereby certify that the foregoing Notice of Entry of Stipulation		
3	and Proposed Amended Order was filed with the Clark County Nevada		
4 5	District Court by way of the Court's electronic filing system, the o	peration of	
6	6 which will cause service upon:		
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9	Senior Deputy Attorney General VIVIENNE RAKOWSKY		
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("Treasures"); D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, INC., dba Scores ("Scores"); DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà Vu ("Deja Vu"); and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Little Darlings ("Little Darlings").

- 3. While this matter was pending, counsel for respondents and counsel for petitioners agreed that certain clubs would be dismissed from the action—specifically: Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings.
- 4. Upon information and belief, the parties advised the district court of their intent and desire to dismiss these clubs from this case.
- 5. However, despite the parties' agreement, and providing notice to the district court, the three clubs that were not seeking review were never formally dismissed from the proceeding.
- 6. Thus, from the district court docket, it appears that Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings, were still petitioners as this matter proceeded to briefing, when in fact only five clubs were seeking review: Spearmint Rhino, Olympic Garden, Sapphire, Crazy Horse Too, and Treasures. Their claims were fully and finally adjudicated by the district court's order denying judicial view (the "Order").
- 7. The clubs timely appealed the Order, but the failure to formally dismiss certain parties (Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings), and the omission of Crazy Horse Too as a named petitioner in the Order, created a

- 8. For that reason, on March 30, 2016, the Nevada Supreme Court entered an order to show cause why the appeal should not be dismissed on the grounds that the Order is not, in fact, a final judgment because Scores' and Crazy Horse Too's petitions have not yet been adjudicated.
- 9. As discussed, the Order does in fact fully and finally adjudicate all the claims of the clubs that were actually seeking judicial review before the district court, i.e.: Spearmint Rhino, Olympic Garden, Sapphire, Crazy Horse Too, and Treasures. Hence, the Order disposes of all issues in the district court case, and is therefore effectively a final appealable order.¹
- 10. Because of this, the parties submitted a proposed stipulation to the Nevada Supreme Court remanding this case to the district court for the sole purpose of, essentially, cleaning up the record—i.e., formally dismissing Scores, Déjà Vu, and Little Darlings, and amending the Order to reflect that it included Crazy Horse Too's claims as well. With these corrections, the

¹ See, e.g., *Lee v. GNLV Corp.*, 116 Nev. 424, 426 (2000) (final order is "one that disposes of the issues presented in the case …and leaves nothing for the future consideration of the court.") (internal quotes; citation omitted).

Order will accurately reflect that it fully and finally adjudicates all parties' claims and thus, is final and appealable.

- 11. On May 11, 2016, the Nevada Supreme Court disapproved that stipulation, reasoning that remand was unnecessary because the Order was not final, thus the appeal was premature, and consequently the district court was never divested of jurisdiction.
- 12. Additionally, the court provided the parties 45 days (meaning until Monday, June 27, 2016) within which to "obtain a district court order constituting a final judgment"²
 - 13. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to:
 - a. Dismissal of petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores, with prejudice, and bearing their own fees and costs; and
 - b. Amendment of the Order by
 - i. Removing, as petitioners, Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and
 - ii. Adding, as petitioner, Crazy Horse Too.

[Blank; continued on following page.]

² Nevada Supreme Court order (filed May 11, 2016).

- 3	
1	14. An appropriate proposed amended order is attached as Exhibit 1.
2	Dated: June 9, 2016
3	
4	Respectfully submitted,
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16	Treasures
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22	[Signatures continued on following page.]
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	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

	1	[Signatures continued.]		
	2			
	3	Dated: June 9, 2016	Dated: June 9, 2016	
	4	/s/ Bradley J. Shafer	/s/ Vivienne Rakowsky	
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	12	VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a/ Déjà vu,	Nevada Tax Commission	
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Suite Suite vada 8 116-22(14	Darlings, and OLYMPUS		
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel: (702) 816-2200 Fax: (702) 816-2300	15	GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic		
300 S. as Veg Tel: (Fax: (Garden		
7. 7	16	Dated: June 9, 2016	Dated: June 9, 2016	
	17	/s/ Neil J. Beller	/s/ Mark E. Ferrario	
	18	NEIL BELLER (2360)	MARK E. FERRARIO (1625)	
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	21	Email: <u>nbeller@njbltd.com</u>	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	
	22	Local Counsel for Appellants DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS	Email: ferrariom@gtlaw.com Counsel for Appellant	
	23	VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà vu, and	SHAC, L.L.C. d/b/a Sapphire	
	24	LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS		
	25	VEGAS, LLC, d/b/a Little Darlings		
	26			
	27	IT IS SO June	ORDERED 2016	
	28	o une		

EXHIBIT 1

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Garden"); SHAC, L.L.C. dba Sapphire ("Sapphire"); THE POWER COMPANY, INC., dba Crazy Horse Too Gentlemen's Club ("Crazy Horse Too"); D. WESTWOOD, INC., dba Treasures ("Treasures"); D.I. FOOD & BEVERAGE OF LAS VEGAS, INC., dba Scores ("Scores"); DEJA VU SHOWGIRLS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Déjà Vu ("Deja Vu"); and LITTLE DARLINGS OF LAS VEGAS, LLC, dba Little Darlings ("Little Darlings").

Pursuant to the parties' stipulation, the claims of Petitioners Déjà Vu, Little Darlings, and Scores are hereby dismissed with prejudice, leaving the claims of Petitioners, K-KEL, INC., d/b/a Spearmint Rhino Gentlemen s Club, OLYMPUS GARDEN, INC., d/b/a Olympic Garden, SHAC, LLC d/b/a Sapphire, D. WESTWOOD, INC., d/b/a Treasures, and THE POWER COMPANY INC. d/b/a Crazy Horse Too (collectively, "Petitioners").

Both sides filed briefs, and the Court heard oral argument. The Petitioners were represented by William Brown Esq., Mark Ferrario, Esq. and Bradley Shafer, Esq.(admitted Pro Hac Vice). The Nevada Tax Commission was represented by Vivienne Rakowsky, Deputy Attorney General and David Pope, Senior Deputy Attorney General.

After supplemental briefing regarding the Supreme Court decision in Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), and after oral argument, the Court took the matter under advisement and issued a Minute Order on November 24, 2015 which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".

The procedural history of this matter dates back to a decision by the Nevada Tax Commission dated October 12, 2007 upholding the Live Entertainment Tax ("NLET")(PJR-11-648894-J), a remand in January 2012 to allow the Commission to review additional evidence and determine whether it would amend, affirm or reverse its 2007 decision and re-open discovery to allow depositions (PJR 14-697515-J), and supplemental briefing to determine whether the standard of review for the NLET changed based on the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 S. Ct. 2218 (2015).

Based upon the pleadings and papers on file, after hearing oral argument, and good cause appearing, the Court renders the following findings of fact:

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- 1. The parties essentially agreed to the procedural history and underlying factual background of this case.
- The three issues before this Court were:
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission October 12, 2007 decision denying Petitioners requests for refunds of NLET paid, and finding that the NLET does not violate the U.S. Constitution or Nevada Constitution, is not targeted at gentlemen's clubs, and is not a tax based on the content of the taxpayer's message.
 - Petition for Judicial Review of the Nevada Tax Commission's decision dated September 6, 2012 finding that discovery would not be reopened to allow depositions, and decision on February 12, 2014 upholding the Hearing Officers Hearing on Remand finding that the more than 1,500 pages of supplemental materials were insufficient to cause the Commission's October 12, 2007 decision to be reversed or amended.
 - c. Petitioner's supplemental briefing claiming that the U.S. Supreme Court decision in Reed v. Gilbert Arizona changed the standard of review for determining the constitutionality of the NLET to strict scrutiny.
- The Petitioners made the following arguments:
 - That the NLET is unconstitutional because it is a direct tax on First Amendment activities and is statutorily gerrymandered to apply only to a narrowly defined group of speakers, and in doing so discriminates based on the content of the entertainment:
 - b. The Commission should have permitted Petitioners to conduct the requested depositions in order to shed further light on the drafting and amending of the NLET and to identify the purpose for each and every one of the exceptions to the definition of live entertainment set forth in NRS 368A; and
 - c. Based on the recent ruling in Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Arizona, _U.S. _, 135

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S. Ct. 2218 (2015), strict scrutiny applies, and the NLET does not pass the constitutional muster because there is a differentiation of the application of a law based upon the content of the expression.

- 4. The Department made the following arguments:
 - That the NLET is Constitutional revenue raising tax and not a tax on a First Amendment right, and the tax has not been applied to the Petitioners in an unconstitutional manner. The Nevada Supreme Court found that the NLET is constitutional on its face in Deja Vu Showgirls v. Department of Taxation, 334 P.3d 392 (2014). In that case, the Nevada Supreme Court established that the standard of review for the NLET is a rational basis analysis, because it does not regulate live entertainment, it does not discriminate on the basis of the taxpayers' speech, and it does not target a small group of speakers or threaten to suppress viewpoints. Deja vu, 334 P.3d at 401;
 - b. That the Commission's decision on remand to deny depositions should be upheld because, while NRS 233B.131(2) provides for additional evidence under very specific conditions, it does not provide for additional evidence after receiving an adverse decision. Moreover, the information that the Petitioners were seeking was available in 2007. On January 24, 2012, the Court remanded the case to the Commission for review of evidence, not to allow additional evidence to be gathered; and
 - The standard used by the court to review a tax matter has been in place more than 125 years and has not changed on the basis of a sign ordinance case (Reed). The Court in Deja Vu had already ruled that heightened scrutiny does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes.

The Court made the following conclusions of law:

NRS 233B.135 indicates that the Court shall not substitute its judgment for that of

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the agency as to the weight of evidence on a question of fact. NRS 233B.135(3).

- 6. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3), the Court can remand, affirm, or set aside the Commission's decision if the substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the agency's decision is in violation of statutory provisions, in excess of the statutory authority of the agency, made upon unlawful procedure, affected by other error of law, clearly erroneous, or an arbitrary or capricious abuse of discretion.
- 7. The Commission did not find Petitioner's argument with respect to reopening discovery to allow depositions meritorious because all the information that Petitioners sought recently was available prior to 2007, and the information sought was consistently determined to be irrelevant. The Commission's decision did not violate the constitution or a statute, was not in excess of its statutory authority, was not made upon unlawful procedure, was not affected by other error of law, was not clearly erroneous, and was not arbitrary, capricious, or an abuse of discretion. These findings of fact by the Commission may not be disturbed by this Court. The Commissions determination with regard to the request to take depositions is hereby AFFIRMED.
- 8. The construction of a statute is a question of law, and therefore, independent review is appropriate. However, the court will not readily disturb an administrative interpretation of statutory language. City of Reno v. Reno Police Protective Ass n., 118 Nev. 889, 900 (2002). The Commission's determination that the NLET is constitutional as applied to the Petitioners is supported by the fact that the Nevada Supreme Court has determined that the NLET does not regulate live entertainment and is simply a tax on a business transaction, and not a tax on the expressive activity taking place within the facility.
- 9. Petitioners have failed to meet their burden to show that the NLET has attacked the content of their message.

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- 10. The Commission did not exceed their authority by concluding that NLET, as applied to Petitioners, is not an impermissible differential tax, and does not place a burden on a narrowly defined group of speakers.
- 11. Reed v Town of Gilbert, Arizona, 135 U.S. 2218 (2015), does not apply to tax classification unless the classification is hostile and oppressive discrimination against particular person and classes. This Court does not find any evidence here that NLET triggers the application of Reed.
- 12. The Commission's decision that NLET is not a content-based tax on first amendment activity, but a legitimate tax scheme, evenly applied, and used to raise state revenue shall not be disturbed.

ORDER

Based upon the foregoing, this Court Orders that there was substantial evidence supporting the Commission's decisions and that the Commission's decisions did not violate NRS 233B.135, and consequently, the Commission's decisions are hereby AFFIRMED. As to all remaining Petitioners, the Petition for Judicial Review is DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED

Respectfully Submitted By:

/s/ Vivenne Rakowsky

VIVENNE RAKOWSKY Deputy Attorney General