INSTRUCTION NO. ____

Whether any of these elements of damage have been proven by the evidence is for you to determine. Neither sympathy nor speculation is a proper basis for determining damages. However, absolute certainty as to the damages is not required. It is only required that plaintiffs prove each item of damage by a preponderance of the evidence.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

The court has given you instructions embodying various rules of law to help guide you to a just and lawful verdict. Whether some of these instructions will apply will depend upon what you find to be the facts. The fact that I have instructed you on various subjects in this case, including that of damages, must not be taken as indicating an opinion of the court as to what you should find to be the facts or as to which party is entitled to your verdict.

INSTRUCTION NO.

It is your duty as jurors to consult with one another and to deliberate with a view toward reaching an agreement, if you can do so without violence to your individual judgment. Each of you must decide the case for yourself, but should do so only after a consideration of the case with your fellow jurors, and you should not hesitate to change an opinion when convinced that it is erroneous. However, you should not be influenced to vote in any way on any question submitted to you by the single fact that a majority of the jurors, or any of them, favor such a decision. In other words, you should not surrender your honest convictions concerning the effect or weight of evidence for the mere purpose of returning a verdict or solely because of the opinion of the other jurors. Whatever your verdict is, it must be the product of a careful and impartial consideration of all the evidence in the case under the rules of law as given you by the court.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

If, during your deliberation, you should desire to be further informed on any point of law or hear again portions of the testimony, you must reduce your request to writing signed by the foreman. The officer will then return you to court where the information sought will be given to you in the presence of the parties or their attorneys.

Readbacks of testimony are time consuming and are not encouraged unless you deem it a necessity. Should you require a readback, you must carefully describe the testimony to be read back so that the court reporter can arrange his notes. Remember, the court is not at liberty to supplement the evidence.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

Now you will listen to the arguments of counsel who will endeavor to aid you to reach a proper verdict by refreshing in your minds the evidence and by showing the application thereof to the law; but, whatever counsel may say, you will bear in mind that it is your duty to be governed in your deliberation by the evidence, as you understand it and remember it to be, and by the law as given you in these instructions, and return a verdict which, according to your reason and candid judgment, is just and proper.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

When you retire to consider your verdict, you must select one of your number to act as foreperson, who will preside over your deliberation and will be your spokesperson here in court.

During your deliberation, you will have all the exhibits which were admitted into evidence, these written instructions and forms of verdict which have been prepared for your convenience.

In civil actions, three-fourths of the total number of jurors may find and return a verdict. This is a civil action. As soon as six or more of you have agreed upon a verdict, you must have it signed and dated by your foreperson, and then return with it to this room.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

The plaintiff seek to establish liability on one or more different legal bases. One of the plaintiffs' claims is negligence. I will not instruct on the law relating to this claim.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

Defendant FIRST TRANSIT is legally responsible for the actions of its employee, Defendant JAY FARRALES, at all times when Defendant JAY FARRALES is acting within the scope of his employment with Defendant FIRST TRANSIT.

See Rockwell v. Sun Harbor Budget Suites, 112 Nev. 1217, 925 P.2d 1175 (1996).

INSTRUCTION NO.	
** 10 **** 0 *** 0 * 1 * 1 0 .	

"Common carrier" means any person or operator who is held out to the public as willing to transport by vehicle from place to place, either upon fixed route or on-call operations, passengers or property, including a common motor carrier of passengers.

Defendant FIRST TRANSIT is a "common carrier."

See NRS 706.036 (modified)

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

The jury is instructed that the law requires a common carrier of passengers to exercise the highest practicable degree of care that the human judgment and foresight are capable of, to make its passenger's journey safe. Whoever engages in the business of a common carrier impliedly promises that its passengers shall have this degree of care. Failure to do this is negligence.

See Sherman v. Southern Pac. Co., 111 P.416 (Nev. 1910); see also Forrester v. Southern Pac. Co., 134 P.753 (Nev. 1913).

INSTRUCTION NO.

"Disability" means, with respect to an individual, a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of such individual, such as, caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and work.

HARVEY CHERNIKOFF was disabled.

See NRS 706.361(6); 49 C.F.R. 37.3

INSTRUCTION NO.

When a carrier is aware that a passenger is mentally disabled so that hazards of travel are increased as to him, it is the duty of the carrier to provide that additional care which the circumstances reasonably require. The failure of the defendant to fulfill this duty is negligence.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil 2011, 4NG.45; See American President Lines, Ltd. v. Lundstrom, 323 F.2d 817 (9th Cir. 1963).

INSTRUCTION NO.	

The plaintiff seek to establish liability on one or more different legal bases. One of the plaintiffs' claims is negligent training and supervision. I will not instruct on the law relating to this claim.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil 2011, 4NG.10 (modified)

INSTRUCTION NO.	

In order to establish a claim for negligent training and supervision, plaintiff must prove the following elements:

- 1. Defendant FIRST TRANSIT owed a duty of care to plaintiffs and to the deceased, HARVEY CHERNIKOFF, to reasonably train and supervise its employee, Defendant JAY FARRALES, to ensure that he was fit for his position;
- Defendant FIRST TRANSIT breached that duty by failing to reasonably train and 2. supervise its employee, Defendant JAY FARRALES, to ensure that he was fit for his position;
- 3. That Defendant First Transit's breach of this duty was the cause of HARVEY CHERNIKOFF's death; and
- 4. Plaintiff JACK CHERNIKOFF and Plaintiff ELAINE CHERNIKOFF suffered damages.

See Vaughn v. Harrah's Las Vegas, Inc., 124 Nev. 1515, 238 P.3d 863 (2008); see also Hall v. SSF, Inc., 112 Nev. 1384, 930 P.2d 94 (1996).

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA CLERK OF THE COURT

JACK CHERNIKOFF, ELAINE CHERNIKOFF, CASE NO A-13-682726 DEPT NO. XXIII Plaintiff, VS. FIRST TRANSIT INC., Defendant. TRANSCRIPT OF

BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEFANY MILEY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

JURY TRIAL - DAY 8

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2016

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: BENJAMIN P. CLOWARD, ESQ.

CHARLES H. ALLEN, ESQ. ALISON M. BRASIER, ESQ.

PROCEEDINGS

For the Defendants: LEANN SANDERS, ESQ.

> KIMBERLEY A. HYSON, ESQ. J. BRUCE ALVERSON, ESQ.

RECORDED BY MARIA GARIBAY, COURT RECORDER TRANSCRIBED BY: KARR Reporting, Inc.

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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2016, 9:42 A.M. 1 2 3 (Outside the presence of the jury.) 4 THE COURT: Good morning, everyone. Do we have 5 anything we need to address before we bring the jury in? Mr. 6 Cloward is still -- oh, and actually I'm glad Kathy reminded 7 me. Yesterday before the jury went out we received two notes 8 from Mr. Shakespear. Do you guys want to come up and look at 9 them? They might come up during questioning. 10 Were you sitting there all along? 11 MR. CLOWARD: I'm sorry. 12 THE COURT: I didn't even see you. 13 MR. CLOWARD: Just in the back just in the corner 14 doing some -- taking some notes and stuff. 15 THE COURT: I didn't even see you. 16 MS. SANDERS: I think the questions are fine, but I 17 think it probably will be covered in --18 THE COURT: Okay. 19 MS. SANDERS: -- in the direct and so maybe hold 20 onto them. 21 THE COURT: Yeah, I sure will until the end. All 22 right, you guys. If there's nothing else, let's go ahead and 23 bring the jury in. 24 (Pause in the proceedings.) 25 (In the presence of the jury.)

2	All right. Ms. McKibbins, if you'd like it looks
3	like our jury is here. Ms. McKibbins if you would like to
4	come back up. Ms. McKibbins, you were placed under oath
5	yesterday. You are still under oath at this time, ma'am.
6	JENNIFER MCKIBBINS, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, PREVIOUSLY SWORN
7	DIRECT EXAMINATION - (Continued)
8	BY MS. SANDERS:
9	Q Good morning, again.
10	A Good morning.
11	Q Ms. McKibbins, when we were talking yesterday we
12	were kind of going through your background and your training
13	and that kind of thing, but would you tell the jury how it was
14	that you got to to First Transit, being involved with First
15	Transit?
16	A Laidlaw was purchased by First Transit in 2007, so
17	any work that Laidlaw was doing was absorbed by First Transit
18	end of 2007, beginning of 2008.
19	Q Okay. And what was your job at the time that that
20	happened?
21	A At the time of the actual transition I was still a

Q Good morning, again.
A Good morning.
Q Ms. McKibbins, when we were talking yesterday we
were kind of going through your background and your training
and that kind of thing, but would you tell the jury how it was
that you got to to First Transit, being involved with First
Transit?
A Laidlaw was purchased by First Transit in 2007, so
any work that Laidlaw was doing was absorbed by First Transit
end of 2007, beginning of 2008.
Q Okay. And what was your job at the time that that
happened?
A At the time of the actual transition I was still a
training — training manager. I became the safety, security,
and training manager in May of 2008, so shortly after the
transition.
Q And what kind of training did you have to have in
KARR REPORTING, INC.

THE COURT: Good morning, everybody.

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order to become the safety safety security training
manager?
A Yes. Well, I had a lot of on the job training as
the training manager, but I had to obtain my TSSP
certification that I spoke about yesterday, the Transportation
Safety and Security Program certification. And I had to take
a few other classes through TSI, Transportation Safety
Institute, and the U.S. Department of Transportation.
Q Okay. And how long did you hold that job?
A Until 2014.
Q And then in 2014 what job did you get?
A Director of corporate safety.
Q How did your job duties change when you became
director of corporate safety?
A Now instead of being responsible for one project or
one location, now I offer assistance and guidance to the
directors of safety for the other regions, for all 200-plus
locations that we have.
Q During the time that you were the can I just
shorten it to safety director?
A Whatever you like.
Q Okay. During the time that you were the safety

director for the First Transit location here in Las Vegas, can

you just explain a little bit about what your job duties were?

I was responsible for making sure that our operation

complied with all federal, state, and local regulations, along with contractual requirements. I was responsible for making sure that we met all of the DOT requirements as far as licensing, driver qualifications, OSHA regulations, drug testing. I was responsible for risk management, any accident incident, I did accident investigation, accident preventability determination. I was responsible for overseeing the entire training program and ensuring that all of our operators were trained to standard, making sure that we met all of our contractual requirements with the RTC.

Q Okay. That's quite -- quite a lot of work to do.

A It is.

Q The jury has heard a little bit about the ADA and the provisions that would apply for paratransit service. Can you explain a little bit in general your understanding of the requirements that the ADA has for providing paratransit service?

A Well, it's my understanding that the reason why paratransit service exists in the first place is because of the ADA. And any city that has a fixed route or main mass transportation system has to have a paratransit system that is the equivalent or mirrors the fixed route system. So we have to provide service within the same service area, we have to operate the same hours that fixed route does, and we basically provide the same service that fixed route does, other than

we're doing it for passengers with disabilities and/or who are elderly and/or who are unable to ride the fixed route service for whatever reason. Under the ADA there are certain requirements that our drivers would have to be trained to standard and those requirements really pertain to mobility device transportation and sensitivity.

- Q Is there anything in the ADA that provides for or requires first aid training for paratransit drivers?
 - A Not to my knowledge there is not.
- Q As far as the relative roles between RTC, the jury has heard a little bit about that, and First Transit, can you just kind of explain in overview what First Transit's role was versus RTC?

A Sure. The RTC is the actual transit agency that is responsible for providing the transportation. They opt to contract that out to a private contractor. First Transit is a private contractor. We do transit contracting and transit management. We have two different types of service that we provide. In this case with the RTC we are transit contractors. So what happens is the RTC puts out what's called an RFP or request for proposal. And in that they outline specific requirements that they expect the contractor to provide if they are awarded that contract. And then as the — the contractor that was awarded that contract, we would be responsible for adhering to whatever they put forth in said

_

contract.

- Q Did First Transit have any responsibility or involvement in determining eligibility of a passenger to ride the paratransit?
- A No, that's strictly through the transit agency, which is the RTC.
- Q As far as a day to day operation is concerned, what was First Transit to do? And let's talk specifically about here in Las Vegas.
- A We operate the contract. That's what we did. RTC provided the buses, RTC did all of the scheduling, they did the eligibility determination to determine who could ride the buses. They if somebody needed to have a ride scheduled, they would call the RTC; RTC would schedule their ride. It would be up to the RTC to give us the information for manifests, which you saw yesterday, so that our drivers would know where they were supposed to go and who they were supposed to pick up. We would be responsible for maintaining the vehicles, hiring the drivers, training the drivers, and putting the drivers out in service. We would be responsible for the day to day operational tasks that go along with picking up passengers.
- Q Let's let the jury know a little bit about First Transit. What -- what is First Transit as a company?
 - A As I said before it's a private contractor. We do

contracting. And I know that that sounds weird because I'm using the word contracting so much, but it all comes down to requests for proposals from the transit agencies. And we have competitors. And if you've heard to Veolia Transportation or Transdev or MV Transit or Keolis Transit America, we all do the same thing. We operate transit fixed route services across the country; we operate paratransit services across the country. We also have contracts in other countries besides the United States. We have contracts in Canada, we have contracts in Panama, Panama City, Panama, in India. We're all over the place.

Q Okay. How many states does First Transit have locations in?

A 43, I believe it is.

Q At the time of the incidence here in 2011 was it the same or different?

A I'm pretty sure it was the same.

Q Now, do all of the states that First Transit operates in have the same sets of regulations, rules, statutes, that kind of thing that they are required to comply with?

A As far as federal regulations, yes, each state does have some — some different requirements that they have. But for the most part, because transit and paratransit work is

really — it's — the transit agency gets a grant from the FTA, which you heard about yesterday, Federal Transit Administration, and so there are certain things that they have to do, that they have to comply with under the FTA. So states generally follow what those federal requirements are, however, there are some states that have a few different regulations, either more or less lenient than Nevada. It just depends on the state. Example, California, they have much more strict regulations than what most other states have. New York State is another one that has very strict regulations. Just different.

Q So if you're in New York you would be required to follow whatever the state or local regulations are there versus Nevada, whatever they are here?

A That is correct.

Q Okay. Was part of your job to be sure that there was compliance with whatever state or local regulations might apply to the business?

A That is correct.

Q We heard Matt Daecher yesterday talk a little bit about some of the federal regulations that apply. To your understanding what kind of federal regulations would have been applicable to First Transit here in Las Vegas?

A Well, for the most part the federal regulations that -- that govern transportation is under the 49 CFR, Code of

Federal Regulations, and there's different subparts of that.

383, for example, talks about driver qualifications. Pretty much the whole 300 subsection talks about different aspects of transportation. We follow 49 CFR part 40, which talks about federal drug testing, 49 CFR part 655, which also talks about federal drug testing. So we are required to comply with all of those things.

Q Okay. And in — in Nevada was there any kind of state or local regulation or requirement that paratransit drivers be trained in first aid?

A No.

Q In July of 2011 when the incidents in this case occurred, describe the First Transit operation here. How -- how many employees were there? What did you do?

A We had roughly 580 to 600 employees at the time. Most of them being drivers, but on top of that we had technicians, 50 or so mechanics, technicians, fueler, washers, people who fuel and wash the bus, trip editors, people who are responsible for reconciling all of the information that's on that paper manifest that you saw with the information that's input into the MDT or computer system that's on the bus. We had a dispatch center with window dispatchers who give out routes, radio dispatchers who actually speak to operator when they have any type of issue while they're out on the road, call center personnel who is responsible for answering the

what's known as the where's my ride line that RTC had set up.

Plus we have managers, supervisors, street supervisors, road

supervisors, whatever you want to call them, an entire

training department, a scheduling department, a payroll

department. So, I mean, a large operation, probably one of

the largest across the country for paratransit.

- Q Of those 580 to 600 employees, how many -- you said many of them were drivers. About how many of those people were drivers?
 - A Close to 500, pretty close.
- Q And can you estimate about how many disabled passengers First Transit served in, say, a week's time?
 - A It's easier if I tell you by day.
 - Q Sure.
- A We did approximately 3,000 to 4,000 trips per day. So obviously on Saturdays and Sundays there's a more reduced service than during the week, so the bulk of our trips were done Monday through Friday. By the end of the month we did anywhere from on a low month would be 80,000. On a high month we'd do 120,000.
- Q You mentioned earlier that there was a contract in place between RTC and first Laidlaw, and then and then First Transit. Was part of your job duties to be familiar with the information that's in the contract?
- A Yes.

1	Q Okay. Would you take a look at the first exhibit
2	there that's in front of you?
3	A Sure.
4	Q Have you reviewed that — that document?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Okay. And can you tell the jury what that is? It's
7	Exhibit A16.
8	A Sure. This is the contract between the Regional
9	Transportation Commission of Southern Nevada and Laidlaw
10	Transit Services, which I mentioned before was absorbed by
11	First Transit.
12	MS. SANDERS: Okay. Your Honor, I would move for
13	admission into evidence Exhibit Al6, please.
14	MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, no objection to the
15	admission of the document. But just to preserve the record,
16	we're objecting as to a foundation on this witness's ability
17	to testify to it.
18	THE COURT: All right. Admitted.
19	(Defendant's Exhibit A16 admitted.)
20	MR. CLOWARD: If you'll just allow me an ongoing
21	objection, then I won't interrupt Ms. Sanders.
22	THE COURT: Okay. Ongoing I mean, admitted and
23	yes.
24	MR. CLOWARD: Thank you.
25	BY MS. SANDERS:

1	Q Now, when was this contract entered into to your
2	knowledge?
3	A It's dated March 8, 2007.
4	Q Okay. Were you involved in the negotiations or
5	anything that went into the contract?
6	A No.
7	Q Were you, nevertheless, familiar with the contract,
8	had to review the contract for purposes of doing your job?
9	A Correct.
10	Q Okay. Now, this contract was originally entered
11	it's dated March 8, 2007. It was originally entered between
12	Laidlaw and RTC. When was it that First Transit actually took
13	over and replaced Laidlaw?
14	A Well, the date of the actual merger is somewhere
15	around October/November 2007, however that's the date on
16	record. However, the actual rebranding and change of of
17	names and logos and things like that, that was a process that
18	started in 2008 and took months to actually rebrand and turn
19	everything into First Transit. But for all intents and
20	purposes, the end of 2007, beginning of 2008.
21	Q Okay. To your knowledge were there any changes made
22	to the contract with RTC once First Transit took over?
23	A Not to my knowledge.
24	Q Okay. Does the contract identify the type of
25	training it required for paratransit drivers?

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Yes.

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Can you point to where in the contract there's discussion about that?

I can look through it and find it. I don't know off the top of my head anymore. It's been --

You might want to take a look at first page 46.

Okay. All right. Yes, on page 46 there is a section for training about what all the operators are required to be trained on.

Is that just general information? Is there anything more specific?

More specific than this would be whatever the First Transit had actually proposed. Let me just explain a little bit. In the RFP process, the request for proposal, the RTC puts out a requirement. This is - this is what we're asking you to do. Then as First Transit, as the company that is proposing that they can do the work, they will supplement that with whatever they're minimum required training hours are, or above that if they feel that there is a topic on here that needs to be expanded on for additional time. For example, it says ADA sensitivity as one of their required topics. So they don't put a time limit for the amount of time that a driver needs to be trained. So, for example, since RTC puts emphasis on ADA sensitivity, we may have -- First Transit may have put in additional hours of training for ADA sensitivity.

Q	Okay.		Does the contract have something list						g liste	ed	
somewhere	as	far	as	the	actual	training	that	was	going	to	be
given?											

A Yes, there should be an exhibit attached to the contract or an addendum attached to the contract, whatever it's called.

- Q How about looking at maybe page 128.
- A Okay. This is --
 - Q It's -- I'm sorry. It's the RTC128.

MR. CLOWARD: Okay.

MS. SANDERS: The numbers are a little -- yeah.

MR. CLOWARD: 116 on the exhibit.

BY MS. SANDERS:

Q Okay. Can you explain what this page is?

A Sure. This is the breakdown of what the classroom training hours are. So to the very left it has the topic of what topics would be covered. The next column says First Transit required minimum. So that is what the company standard is across the country that we would use for any other transit agency. The Las Vegas current time, that's what we were — we were training at. That was what the original contract had called for. This is what we had proposed and what we had agreed to do. The final column where it says amended training time, I don't remember what year it was but there was — the RTC had requested concessions from First

Transit, meaning they were looking for a price cut. So they wanted to know where we could give concessions back, and one of those areas was in some of the training. Because we are already doing more than the First Transit required minimum and we were able to shave some of that off and give them some concessions on that.

- Q Okay. But the training that you already were providing was in excess of what was required?
 - A That is correct.
- Q Okay. Is there anything in the RTC contract that requires that paratransit drivers be trained in first aid?
 - A No.
- Q We've talked a lot about first aid training. Are there any markets that First Transit does operate in where first aid training is provided?

MS. SANDERS: You can take that down.

THE WITNESS: There are. It's less than 20. I don't know exactly how many it is, but it's less than 20. And I know that most of them are in more rural type areas. I mean, I can tell you the ones, the big contracts that I know that we don't do it in, but I can't tell you off the top of my head which ones we do it in.

23 BY MS. SANDERS:

Q What are the -- what are the big ones that you don't do it in?

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A We operate service for WMATA, Washington

Metropolitan Area Transit Authority. We do paratransit

service there. We do not train in first aid. There's not a

contract requirement or a First Transit requirement. We

operate paratransit service for Chicago Pace in the Chicago

area. That is another paratransit contract. They do not

require that we operate — or train on first aid and we don't

do it there. Houston paratransit, we operate there and we

don't provide first aid and it's not required.

Q The jury has heard that first aid training was not provided here in the Las Vegas market. Can you explain why that was?

A It wasn't required by contract. It's not one of our required minimum topics for the company. And it's just like any other of the big cities. There are, and you heard this yesterday from Mr. Daecher, you get good response time from 911. These people are trained. They're trained much better than even the minimal training that — that we could give them for first aid training. These folks are trained much better, their response time is much quicker, and these are people that — that can come and provide the type of first aid that a person may need.

Q Was that considered to be a better and safer way to deal with medical emergencies than having first aid training?

A Absolutely.

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Q I had mentioned to the jury earlier that there was a collective bargaining agreement in place. Can you explain to them a little bit about that?

A We had a collective bargaining agreement that went into place in 2010. I believe it was November of 2010. And if you know anything about collective bargaining agreements, ours was with Teamsters. And in that they set forth some information that is required for the company to follow as it pertains to those that are covered under the collective bargaining agreement.

Q Okay. Was there any requirement under the collective bargaining agreement that paratransit drivers be trained in first aid?

A No, ma'am.

Q Let's talk a little bit more specifically about the training that Jay Farrales had. At the time that he was hired were you in a training position?

A I was, yes.

Q Okay. Were you involved in training Jay himself?

A Yes.

Q Okay. At the time what was the -- what were the requirements that, well, I guess it would have been Laidlaw at the time, had for a paratransit driver?

A We were required to follow certain topics that had to be trained on. The introduction, for example, security

awareness, Smith system, defensive driving, they had to go through passenger relations, radio communication, map reading, emergency procedures, code of conduct training. That's all done in the classroom. It's about 40 hours of classroom training.

Q I want to back up from there. As far as the application process is concerned, when somebody applied or when Jay applied for the job as a paratransit, were there any kind of background checks, anything like that that he needed to go through in order to be considered for the position?

A Yes. When a person comes in and applies for a job, once their application is — is reviewed and they're interviewed and offered a position, they have to go through a pre-employment drug test, prequalification, DOT physical which is laid out in 49 CFR part 383, I believe it is. We use the DOT medical form and they go to a clinic that is authorized to perform that medical examination. We do MVR, motor vehicle record check. They were required to bring in a ten-year DMV, Department of Motor Vehicle history printout. But in addition to what they brought to us, we were required to do an additional background check, motor vehicle record check, criminal background check, national sex offender registry, which is known as a widescreen criminal check, along with an employment history record check.

Q Would you take a look at the next exhibit, Exhibit

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3
               Yes, this is application for employment for Jay
     Farrales.
 4
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               Have you reviewed that document?
 6
          A
               I have seen it, yes.
 7
               MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, may I move for admission
8
     into evidence of Exhibit A12, please.
               MR. CLOWARD: What is the document, again?
9
10
               MS. SANDERS: It's the employment application.
11
               MR. CLOWARD: I have no objection.
12
               THE COURT: Admitted.
                   (Defendant's Exhibit Al2 admitted.)
13
14
     BY MS. SANDERS:
15
               And is this the application process -- or, excuse
16
     me, the application for employment that -- that Jay Farrales
17
     filled out?
18
               It appears to be, yes.
19
               Okay. If you flip through it can you just summarize
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     for the jury the kind of information that is included in the
21
     application itself?
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A12 in front of you, and tell me if you can identify that

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document.

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citations, their previous employment information, and then

driving experience, qualifications, accident review, traffic

incarcerated or convicted of any type of crime. They're

Sure. It asks on here if they've ever been

```
it's signed off and reviewed by management. And then after
 1
 2
     that is the actual criminal background check that was
 3
     conducted by the third-party company that we used.
 4
     ten-year criminal, the personal references or employment
 5
     references that he had, that's all in here.
 6
               Okay. And would you take a look at Exhibit A13,
 7
     it's the next one, and tell the jury if you recognize this
8
     document.
9
               MR. CLOWARD: Counsel what is it? May I see it real
10
     fast?
11
     BY MS. SANDERS:
12
               Do you recognize that document?
          Q
13
               I do.
          A
14
               MR. CLOWARD: No objection.
15
               THE WITNESS: I do, yes.
16
               MR. CLOWARD: None.
17
               THE COURT: Admitted.
18
                   (Defendant's Exhibit A13 admitted.)
19
               MS. SANDERS: Gee, I didn't even have to ask.
20
     BY MS. SANDERS:
21
               Would you explain to the jury what is -- what kind
22
     of information generally is included in the applicant response
     sheet.
23
               Well, the applicant response sheet is just a general
24
```

-- on this first page, it's just a general overview of what

the interview process involved. There are questions that needed to be asked during an interview, and there were points that were scored for that. I didn't actually conduct the interview, but this was the interview process at that time. And then based on whatever the score was determined whether the person was eligible for employment or not.

- Q Okay.
- A Beyond that -- I'm sorry. Did you have a question?
- Q No, I'm sorry. I cut you off. Go ahead.
- A That's okay. Beyond that is the release authorization form for us to perform the background check which was conditional upon hire. DOT records was the next page. And then the actual criminal record check, original criminal record check was done and that's here. Personal references, motor vehicle record checks that was done upon employment, and then after that because we were required to do motor vehicle record checks on a regular basis for ongoing employees. A copy of his DOT medical card is here.
- Q Okay. You also talked about the fact that the applicant, or Jay in this case, had to go through a medical screening evaluation. Would you take a look at Exhibit All in front of you and tell me if you recognize that document.
 - A Yes, I do.
 - Q Okay. And what is that document?
 - A This is the examination form.

MR. CLOWARD: No objection.

THE WITNESS: The examination form that was done by Concentra, which is the clinic that I was talking about earlier. This form is — it actually has Concentra's name on it, but this is essentially the same form that is outlined in the federal regulation that needs to be used for a DOT physical.

MS. SANDERS: Okay. Your Honor, at this time I would move for admission into evidence of Exhibit All.

MR. CLOWARD: No objection.

THE COURT: Admitted.

(Defendant's Exhibit All admitted.)

BY MS. SANDERS:

Q And you -- you told the jury a little bit earlier about what kind of things were required as far as a medical examination, but can you just refresh and go over that again?

A Sure. There is — under the federal regulation there is a requirement that people who drive a commercial motor vehicle, they're required to fit certain standards, certain medical standards, to ensure that the person is fit for duty and fit to drive. So they're checking blood pressure, they're checking vision, they're checking the person's ability to stand, stoop, bend, lift, push, pull, things of that nature, checking to make sure that there aren't any issues with movement or anything, dexterity, as far as

you	u're	driving	а	vehicle	and	you	have	to	be	able	to	do	that	ir
a	safe	manner.												

- Q Okay. Once Jay was hired by Laidlaw, did he have to apply for and obtain a commercial driver's license?
 - A Yes.
- Q Is that something that was provided, the training, was that provided by -- by Laidlaw at the time?
 - A Yes.
- Q Is that the way that he got his his commercial driver's license is training through Laidlaw?
- A Yes, he was responsible for taking the written examination at the Department of Motor Vehicles to obtain his permit, and then we as a company trained him to and tested him to give him his actual commercial driver's license.
- Q Now, once he had gone through this entire process -MS. SANDERS: You can -- you can take it down,
 Brian, please.

BY MS. SANDERS:

- Q Once he had gone through this entire process, was there additional training that that Laidlaw provided to him in order to train him to actually be a paratransit driver?
- A The easy answer is yes, but it's more to it than that. And part of that, it goes hand in hand. What what would happen is a person was hired, they go through their pre-employment physical and all the things that they would

need to do, and then they would make sure that they have their permit in hand. They would go through their classroom training, the 40 hours or so that I mentioned earlier that they would have to go through, and then from there they would get their behind the wheel training.

During the behind the wheel training portion, that's when they would be able to learn the different maneuvers that they needed to learn to pass their commercial driver's license test. But during that behind-the-wheel training they also learned their service area. They learned the different agencies and workshops that we pick up at, or hotspots, if you will, places that they would go to on a regular basis, hospitals, things like that. They would learn where those — those places were during the behind the wheel training, all the while learning, taking all of that defensive driving information, the Smith system that we talked about yesterday, taking that information that they learned from the classroom and applying it while they're out driving on the road.

Then after that they would take their — their road test or their commercial driver's license test. Once they pass that, go down to the DMV, get their license, then they could go into the third or final phase of training which was the cadet training or in-service training where they go out with a certified instructor and actually take their classroom training, their behind the wheel training and put it together

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and go pick up passengers out on the road.
Q Okay. I want to talk about a couple more exhibits
here when you're talking about this. Would you take a look at
Exhibit A7 for me.
A Sure.
Q And do you recognize that document?
A I do, yes.
Q Is that something — is that a document that you
have reviewed?
A Yes.
MS. SANDERS: Okay. Your Honor, I would move for
admission into evidence of Exhibit A7 at this time.
MR. CLOWARD: No objection.
THE COURT: Admitted.
(Defendant's Exhibit A7 admitted.)
BY MS. SANDERS:
Q Would you explain to the jury what this document is?
A This is classroom training that we — there's other
columns that I had I had noted on here that weren't
relevant, but this is actually, I think, from a proposal
classroom training section.
Q Okay. And what about the second page?
A Behind the wheel training.
Q Okay. And does this list out the type of training
that that First Transit would provide?

1	А	Yeah, the different topics and the amount of time
2	that would	d be covered.
3	Q	Okay. And what about the last page?
4	А	This is the first transit minimum training hours
5	that were	required by — that's the minimum standard that I
6	was talki	ng about earlier, different than what we were
7	actually p	providing at the Las Vegas location.
8	Q	Okay. And would you take a look at Exhibit A8,
9	please.	
10	A	Yes.
11	Q	Do you recognize that document?
12	A	Yes.
13		MS. SANDERS: And, Your Honor, I would move for
14	admission	into evidence Exhibit A8.
15		THE COURT: Objections?
16		MR. CLOWARD: Oh, I'm sorry. No.
17		THE COURT: Okay. Admitted.
18		(Defendant's Exhibit A8 admitted.)
19		MS. SANDERS: We're having our own little
20	conversat:	ion here, Your Honor.
21	BY MS. SAI	NDERS:
22	Q	Would you explain to the jury what what this
23	document :	shows?
24	А	This is the First Transit minimum training hour
25	matrix tha	at has behind the wheel training in the left column.

The next column over after the minimum hours is the classroom training hours, what DVD goes with it, and how much time --

Q Okay.

- A -- they would spend on it.
- Q Is this generalized for every every location where First Transit operates?

A This is the minimum standard that we have. So, for example, if there is a contract that has no — a transit agency has put out no minimum requirements at all for training, they just say train your drivers however you see fit, you train them, this is what we would offer for the minimum training hours.

- Q Okay. If you look in the second column down near the bottom it says additional/optional course.
 - A Yes.
- Q And under that it says first aid/CPR. Can you explain why that is included on this?
- A It says specifically it's an additional optional course. So it's there for transit agencies to decide if they wish to have these additional courses added as part of the training, first aid/CPR, commercial driver's license or CDL training. In some cases there are transit agencies that don't want people don't want the agency to do the training. They want somebody either them to go through another school or either come with their their CDL, so they're not going to

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how you get your — your CDL, but we're not going to reimburse
you for the training. And that's a big part of that whole
contract process. The contract, we as a company, we pay for
it, but RTC, they pay for — they pay us to do the service so
they're reimbursing for that. So they're going to tell them,
no, we're not going to pay for CDL training.

Q Are there some markets that don't require a
```

Q Are there some markets that don't require a paratransit driver to have CDL training?

- A That's absolutely correct.
- Q Okay. You talked about --

MS. SANDERS: You can take it down, Brian.

offer that. There are other contracts that say I don't care

BY MS. SANDERS:

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Q You talked about the 40 hours of classroom and the behind the wheel training that the drivers get. What additional training do they get?

- A Beyond their new hire training?
- O Yes.

A All operators are required to attend regular monthly in-service training, monthly safety meetings where we give additional information on either training that they've already had, or additional training, things that come up that may be new, that may be different. A lot of it is refresher.

- Q Okay. And you have these safety meetings how often?
- A Monthly.

1 Okay. Would you take a look, if you would, at 2 Exhibit A14. And I'll -- I'll --3 (Colloguy between counsel.) BY MS. SANDERS: 4 5 Do you recognize the Exhibit A14? 6 A Yes, I do. 7 Okay. And can you tell the jury what that is? 8 It's a lot of information that looks like it came 9 right out of Jay's file for as far as refresher training. 10 It's safety meeting signoff sheets, some quizzes from him 11 initial new hire training, ride along evaluations that were 12 done on a regular basis, wheelchair clinic or mobility device 13 clinic training that we did on a regular basis. 14 MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, I would move for admission into evidence of Exhibit Al4. 15 16 THE COURT: Any objections? 17 MR. CLOWARD: Just the objection that we discussed 18 just to make sure the person information and stuff has been 19 redacted, but no objection. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MS. SANDERS: I will represent to the jury that 22 there are several pages that are blank and there are 23 redactions. We don't give personal information and any 24 information that would have been after the time of Mr. --25

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MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, can we -- can we approach?

1	THE COURT: Yeah.			
2	(Bench conference.)			
3	MR. CLOWARD: I'm just I'm just trying to			
4	preserve the record based on the motion in limine. The whole			
5	reason that I mean, initially we agreed to all exhibits.			
6	This was the exhibit that we felt like was over redacted. And			
°7;	so I'm just trying to preserve the record that what is			
8	actually in that should be what the parties agreed to. And so			
9	I don't know if we can			
10	THE COURT: What was was it just personal			
11	identifying information?			
12	MR. CLOWARD: Well, no, there were some they			
13	filed a motion that basically said anything after the accident			
14	is not relevant. And so Ms. Hyson removed stuff that was			
15	after the after the accident, but there were a couple of			
16	things that were before the accident that were mistakenly			
17	redacted. I don't think she did it on purpose, it just was an			
18	accident.			
19	THE COURT: Are they back in there now?			
20	MS. SANDERS: I think they're			
21	MR. CLOWARD: No. No.			
22	MS. HYSON: I have those pages to put them back in			
23	there so let's give it to the jury. [Inaudible].			
24	MR. CLOWARD: And so that I'm just wanting to			
25	make sure that what the jurors get is the full version. So			

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1
    could we just do it's stipulated subject to counsel's
    agreement, and then we'll work with each other to make sure
 2
 3
     that the full version is given.
 4
               THE COURT: The only problem is once that thing is
 5
    marked, you can't change it.
 6
               MS. HYSON: [Inaudible] do it right now.
 7
               THE COURT: Can you do it real quick?
 8
               MS. HYSON: Yeah.
9
               MS. SANDERS: Well -- or I can just ask her about it
10
     and not admit it now and then we could admit it, you know,
11
    after.
12
               THE COURT: And that's fine, too.
13
               MS. SANDERS: Yeah.
14
               THE COURT: You just can't change it once you've
    admitted it.
15
16
               MS. SANDERS: Okay. Then I'll just --
17
               THE COURT: Okay.
18
               MS. SANDERS: I think she's basically testified
19
    already to the things that I -
20
               THE COURT: Yeah, and you just have to make sure
21
     everything is moved into evidence before you close your case.
22
               MS. SANDERS:
                            Yeah.
23
               MR. CLOWARD: Yeah, we're --
24
               THE COURT: Will that be more agreeable?
25
               MR. CLOWARD: Yeah, we're happy to do that.
```

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 MR. CLOWARD: Thank you. 3 (End of bench conference.) 4 BY MS. SANDERS: 5 You -- you mentioned that the Exhibit, Exhibit 14, 6 has information in it -- Al4, excuse me, has information in it 7 about these different safety meetings, that kind of thing. 8 Can you explain a little bit more about the kind of information that's included in that -- that file? 9 10 A 11 the training, the initial training, there's tests and quizzes 12 and paperwork that has information about what they went 13 through, what he went through when he did his initial 14 training, signature pages about information such as DNL, you 15 do not leave unattended passengers, ride along evaluations 16 that Jay went through during his employment, and I think I saw 17 mobility device training form in here, as well, when we did a wheelchair clinic. That's what it was called. 18 19 As a matter of fact, if you'll -0 20 MS. SANDERS: How about this one, Ben? 21 22 jurors whatever is in there. I just want to make sure that 23 when they get it they have the full --24 25 MR. CLOWARD: That'll be fine.

Yes, there's information in here, like I said, about MR. CLOWARD: Yeah, you can -- you can show the MS. SANDERS: I just want to use this one page. KARR REPORTING, INC.

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1
    BY MS. SANDERS:
 2
               Okay. If you'll take a look at page 17. Do you
 3
    recognize this document?
 4
         A
               Yes.
 5
               MS. SANDERS: Okay. Your Honor, may we at this time
 6
    move for admission of just Exhibit A14, page 17.
 7
               MR. CLOWARD: No objection, Your Honor.
 8
               THE COURT: Okay. Admitted.
9
              (Defendant's Exhibit Al7, page 17 admitted.)
10
    BY MS. SANDERS:
11
               This -- this is a -- this is a page that counsel
12
     questioned Mr. Farrales on a couple of days ago. Do you
13
    recall that?
14
               I do.
          A
15
               Okay. Can you explain to the jury what exactly this
16
    is?
17
               It's a mobility device written test. It's a test
18
    that Jay and other employees took during the classroom
19
    training portion specific to mobility devices.
20
               Okay. And counsel asked him specifically about his
21
     answer to Question No. 5, and that's one that he got wrong.
22
               That's correct.
          A
23
               Okay. When the drivers are on the -- the
24
    paratransit bus, are they the only First Transit employee who
25
    has any responsibility for assisting passengers with mobility
```

```
1
     devices?
 2
               That's correct. I am not on the bus with them every
          A
 3
     day.
               Okay. And does -- do the drivers get training
 4
          0
 5
     specifically in how to utilize and work with passengers who
     have mobility devices?
 6
 7
          A
               Yes.
8
               Okay. Is this test limited to that type of
9
     situation where it was talking specifically about and only
10
     about mobility devices?
11
          A
               That is correct. It's called the mobility device
12
     written test as it is specific to mobility devices.
13
               Okay. Thank you. Did Jay also have a personnel
     file while he was working with First Transit?
14
15
          A
               Yes.
               Okay. And have you reviewed that document, as well?
16
          Q
17
          A
               Yes.
18
               Okay. Would you -- would you take a look at Exhibit
19
     A10, please.
20
          A
               Yes.
21
               Do you recognize that document?
          Q
22
          A
               Yes.
23
          0
               Okay.
24
                       (Colloguy between counsel.)
25
               MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, may I move for admission
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into evidence of Exhibit AlO at this time.
 1
 2
               THE COURT: Any objections?
 3
               MR. CLOWARD: No objections. I don't think there's
     anything redacted, so that's fine.
 4
 5
               THE COURT: Okay. Admitted.
 6
                   (Defendant's Exhibit AlO admitted.)
     BY MS. SANDERS:
 7
8
               If you take a look at the personnel file and explain
9
     to the jury what additional kind of information is included in
10
     the personnel file.
11
               This is signature forms, information, more
          A
12
     information from training, acknowledgement forms, things that
     Jay was required to sign throughout his employment, a couple
13
14
     other things from training that looks like it got put into his
     personnel file.
15
16
                     Take a look at page 51, if you will.
               Okay.
17
          A
               Sure.
18
               MS. SANDERS: If you'll bring that up.
     BY MS. SANDERS:
19
20
               Now, this is a document that counsel asked Matt
21
     Daecher about yesterday. Do you recall that testimony?
22
          A
               Yes.
23
                     Can you explain to the jury what this is and
               Okay.
    how it's used?
24
25
               Sure. This is actually page 2 out of the operator
          A
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proficiency workbook which is the workbook that keeps track of
all of the driver training information when they go through
their new hire training. On page 2 it is specific to contract
specific or other local training, things that would be
required outside of what the First Transit minimum
requirements were, which was what was on page 1.
Q Okay. And you signed this document?

- I did.
- And along with -- is that Jay -- do you recognize Jay's signature on it?
 - That's probably his signature. A
- Okay. The attorney yesterday asked Mr. Daecher about the CPR and first aid that's identified at the top of this page. Can you explain why that information is there?
- Well, these are examples of topics that could be A And as I mentioned on one of the other exhibits, the First Transit minimum standards, there are additional topics that are optional and those were CPR, first aid, and CDL training. So these are examples of what you would put here, how much time you would complete on there, and then there is a space for date completed. Down at the bottom where I actually handwrote, I handwrote what the contract specific topics were, the amount of time we covered on them, and the date that they were covered.
 - Okay. So does this -- is this intended to indicate 0 KARR REPORTING, INC.

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in any way that -- that Jay would be provided with CDL -- or
 1
 2
     CPR or first aid training?
 3
          A
               No.
                     Was it on this as an example of additional
 4
 5
     training only?
 6
          A
               Yes.
 7
               You were asked about that in your deposition, this
8
     document, as well, weren't you?
9
          A
               Yes.
10
               Do you recall that?
          0
11
               Yes.
          A
               And did you give the same explanation to counsel at
12
     that time?
13
               I did.
14
          A
15
               Now, in going through the personnel file, did you
     identify or do you know whether or not there was ever any kind
16
     of disciplinary action taken against Jay?
17
18
               I don't recall seeing any in here. I'm not sure.
19
     I'd have to read every single document to know what was in
```

here, but --

I think there may have been some issue with the lift, do you recall that?

I don't know. A

Okay. Do you recall whether or not there were ever any customer complaints against Jay?

- A Not to my knowledge.
- Q What about any complaints by RTC?
- A No, not to my knowledge.
- Q During the time that you were training and working with Jay, how was his his driving? How was he as a driver?
- A He was a great driver. He was he was a safe driver. We didn't have any problems with him. As a matter of fact, he is one of the drivers we would give out at our monthly in—service meetings we would give out safety awards for people who had safe driving performance. And I know he is one of them that used to get those safe driving awards. I don't know how many years he got or the last time I gave him one, but I do know he was on that list.
- Q Okay. Let's turn next to the employee handbook, the First Transit employee handbook that that has been talked about several times during the course of the trial here. Are you familiar with the employee handbook?
 - A I am.
- Q Okay. To your knowledge, when did this employee handbook come out?
 - A Sometime in 2010.
- Q You testified during prior examination by counsel that the employees are supposed to know the information in the employee handbook to the extent that it applies to them in whatever their market is. Can you explain what you meant by

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that?

2 Sure. This handbook is a general handbook that is 3 -- it's branded First Transit. It's given out to every 4 employee, all 15,000 employees across the country. Every 5 location is different, so there's going to be some information 6 in here that is specific to that particular location and not 7 others. Prime example, there is information in here about 8 fare box probing. Fare box probing is specific to fixed 9 route. A paratransit contract employee would have absolutely 10 no need to know or understand how to probe a fare box because 11 it doesn't apply. They don't have those fare boxes on there. So does that mean that they don't need to read the 12 13 information? They're responsible for knowing what's in the 14 handbook. Does it apply to them? They're never going to use 15 it. But is it information that they -- they read? Sure. Ask

Q So this employee handbook would be given to — you mentioned a whole laundry list of different types of jobs that First Transit has for people, office people, mechanics, payroll, all kinds of different jobs. And would each one of those people be given the same employee handbook?

them to recall it? Maybe, maybe not.

A Every employee receives a copy of this employee handbook regardless of their job title.

Q Now, to your knowledge, there's a couple of pages in the back and we have talked about those many times, the pages

on -- on first aid.

To your knowledge, when was that information added to the employee handbook?

This 2010 book is the only book I've ever seen it

Okay. Is there anything in the handbook about CPR

A No.

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Take a look at the -- if you will, at the table of contents on page 7. And that's the -- not the Bates number, it's the regular number.

MS. SANDERS: Can you highlight, Brian, down at the bottom where it says first aid tips.

BY MS. SANDERS:

First of all, the table of contents, is it just a regular table of contents identifying information that's included in the handbook?

It is, with all of the section numbers and subsections under the table of contents.

Okay. And how are those two or three pages identified in the table of contents that pertain to first aid?

It says first aid tips. A

Does it -- what does it say about choking? 0

Information. A

- Q Do you consider that to be informational?
- A That's what it says, first aid tips and information.
- Q Okay. Does that also apply to all employees, even office staff, mechanics, that kind of thing?
 - A The information? Sure.
- Q Okay. Does it mean that those people, along with drivers, would be trained in first aid?
 - A No.

- Q And you said already that any employee would be expected to review the handbook and be generally familiar with the information that's contained in that, and that would apply to all employees?
 - A Correct.
- Q Okay. There's other sections of the handbook that provide what appear to be general information. Can you give some examples of the type of general information that is included in the handbook?
- A Sure. On page 6 it talks about equal employment opportunity, so it talks about the EEO policy, which is general information that we comply with the law under EEO. Freedom of association policy, we comply with the law that we allow that's under Section 3, that we don't get involved in people with their ability to have a collective bargaining agreement. We don't we have no issue with that. So that's freedom of association.

There's attendance in here, there's benefits,

benefits eligibility, hours of work, overtime, pay periods,

general rules, career path, promotions, layoffs, performance

evaluations, policies and procedures as it pertains to

smoking, travel, dress code and appearance, photo

identification that's required. And then there's a section

for operators and safety sensitive employees, and then

performance code, unacceptable behaviors which goes beyond the

scope of safety. That's just unacceptable behaviors in

general.

- Q Would it be fair to say that there are some there are some rules in the employee handbook?
 - A Yes.
- Q But there's a lot of other additional information, as well?
 - A Absolutely.
- Q Now, if there's -- you mentioned the -- the rate box, did you say? Something about the rate box that doesn't apply?
 - A Fare box.
 - O Fare box.
 - A Fare box.
 - Q If there's something in the handbook that doesn't apply in a particular location, what are employees told about that?

1	A They would be told that it doesn't apply. You know,
2	it's
3	Q Not that they shouldn't read it.
4	A Not necessarily that they shouldn't read it, but
5	just that it doesn't apply. It's not you're not going to
6	be trained on fare box probing, you do paratransit.
7	Q Now, we talked about this a little bit before
8	MS. SANDERS: You can take it down, Brian.
9	BY MS. SANDERS:
10	Q — but what exactly were paratransit drivers trained
11	to do in the event of a medical emergency with a passenger?
12	A Operators were trained under any emergency
13	circumstance to contact dispatch if they have an emergency.
14	They have an MBT or radio system in their vehicle that goes
15	directly to dispatch. It's not like a regular two-way radio
16	where you have to wait until traffic is clear. This
17	particular system, you press a button, it goes straight to
18	dispatch. There is dispatch can answer right back and talk
19	directly to the driver.
20	Q We we heard Dr. Stein say last week that that
21	the driver could have used a cell phone and called 911
22	directly. Does RTC have a rule pertaining to cell phone use?
23	A No cell phones.
24	MS. SANDERS: Okay. Would you pull up page 45 of
25	the contract, please, Brian. That's A16.

1	MR. CLARK: A15?
2	MS. SANDERS: A16.
3	MR. CLARK: And what page?
4	MS. SANDERS: 45.
5	MR. CLARK: 45 of the actual contract?
6	MS. SANDERS: Does that say cell phone use? I can't
7	see it. Now I'm getting my numbers mixed up. Nope, that's
8	his it's 45 of the actual contract.
9	MR. CLARK: There you go.
10	BY MS. SANDERS:
11	Q Okay. Under driving ability. What does it say
12	there under the first the first bullet there?
13	A Where it says driving ability, each vehicle operator
14	will be alert, careful, and competent in terms of driving
15	ability and habits. Vehicle operators are prohibited from
16	using personal cell phones or entertainment devices while
17	operating in revenue service.
18	Q So according to the RTC contract, it would — would
19	not have been allowed for a driver to have or use a personal
20	cell phone to contact 911; is that right?
21	A That's correct.
22	Q It seems kind of obvious to me, but what's the
23	reason for not wanting drivers to have a personal cell phone?
24	A The National Safety Council will tell you that
25	distracted driving is one of the main causes of accidents.

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Having a cell phone is a distraction. It's a distraction while you're walking, it's a distraction while you're driving, even if it's not in your pocket, it's still a distraction.

You have it in your bag, you can hear that it's ringing. You just — you don't — cell phones have no place in a commercial vehicle, really.

Q Okay. So you had an RTC rule saying no cell phones. Was that also a First Transit rule?

A It was.

Q Okay. And by the way, the jury has heard a little bit about this, but if there is a difference in — in rules between RTC and First Transit, how is that resolved?

A The contract wins always. Always.

Q The jury has heard about the fact that under the RTC rider rules there was a rule against eating on the bus. What is your understanding about the reason for — for that kind of a rule?

A It's a comfort rule. You know, is it for safety?

Maybe. You know, it's — you talk about you shouldn't eat or you could choke anywhere, and you can, but really it's a comfort rule.

Q Okay. Does that have anything to do with preventing spills, cleanliness, those kind of things?

A Well, trips and falls, number one. Accidents when you're talking about passenger injuries, even driver injuries,

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slips, trips, and falls. So, yeah, if you're eating or
drinking on the bus you could spill something and it can
become a tripping hazard. Didn't keep trashcans on the bus to
have allow people to throw their trash out, and they're
responsible for whatever items they brought on the bus
themselves.

- Q Were the drivers trained in what the RTC rider rules were?
- A They were given a copy of the paratransit rider's quide, yes.
- Q Okay. Were they expected to tell every passenger about the rules?
- A No, it wasn't one of those things that, okay, you get on the bus today, remember you have to follow the rules that are on this page or this is the rule, this is the rule, this is the rule. No, absolutely not.
- Q Were the passengers expected to know the rules and follow the rules when they were riding the bus?
 - A Yes.
- Q So as far as the the driver's responsibility with regard to the rider rules, was that like we've heard about, to enforce the rule in the event that he saw somebody violating the rule?
- A Well, yeah. I mean, if you see somebody violating the rule, you're not just going to let them violate the rule.

You're going to tell them. But you can't tell them if you don't know.

Q I want to go over this again just to make it clear.

How was a driver notified of the type of disability that a

particular passenger had?

A They were notified in a very broad, generalized way on the manifest. You saw the manifest yesterday. There's that one letter code that is on the manifest that tells you what type of disability the person has. And really more than anything that is for you to know if you're going to pick up a person who has an H code, which is a hearing impairment, you're not going to be able to get out of the vehicle and say paratransit. Because if you're looking for somebody who has a hearing impairment, they can't hear you. If you're going and you're pulling up to somebody who has a V code, which is a visual impairment, you can't just walk up and expect that somebody knows that you're there. You just can't. So you need to know some information about the person's disability.

Q Did the drivers ever get any kind of specific medical information about any of the passengers that they transported?

A No.

Q And why is that? What's your understanding of why?

A You know, we -- we did the training for forever and I just went through another certification for it, it's HIPAA,

which is the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
Act. There is certain information that just cannot be made
public to other people. That is my understanding. That is
the training that I received. That is the training that we
give to operators. You cannot talk about somebody's personal
protected health information, which is PHI. You are not
allowed to talk about that with other people. You just can't.

- Q So that information is confidential and not given to First Transit or the drivers?
 - A That is correct.
- Q Okay. Do you ever have have you ever had situations where a passenger or a care provider wants you to know about a particular issue with the passenger so that the drivers, where you ever have people call you up and give you that kind of information?

A They wouldn't give it to us. They would give it to the RTC, and if the RTC felt that it was information that we needed to know, it would be on the manifest under driver notes. And in some cases there is information that they give. For example, must call when you arrive at destination. That's information that either the parent or the caregiver or whomever has decided is pertinent to what the driver does, so the driver has to call dispatch so dispatch can call and let them know that they have arrived at the destination or the location.

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- Q If a particular passenger needs some type of special care or monitoring, are there options for that?
 - A Yes, there are.
 - Q And what is that?
- A It's medical transportation, not paratransit transportation. And in this particular town, there is Life Trans, there is Medicar, Medivan, I forget what it's called, Carevan, something or other. They provide medical transportation for those passengers who need extra additional special care outside of what paratransit service is intended for.
- Q Is paratransit service intended for people who do have some ability to -- to move around by themselves?
- A Paratransit service is specific for people who are unable to ride the fixed route service for whatever reason, but are still able to ride some form of public transportation. Paratransit is public transportation. It's not privatized transportation like medical transportation. That's private. This is a public transportation. And how that falls into public transportation is because it's governed under the FTA and it's it's part of or the reason it exists is because of the public transportation system or the fixed route system.
- Q Okay. Now, even with the paratransit system, if there is a passenger who either him or herself feels like they need some additional help on the bus, is there an option for

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- A That would be through the eligibility process. That would be the -- traveling with a PCA.
- Q Okay. And the PCA is somebody that is allowed to ride on the bus for free if the passenger decides that he or she needs that?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Okay. Is there any requirement as far as you know once somebody is approved to have a PCA that they are only allowed to use the PCA to go to special or special unusual types of things?
- A No. It's my understanding that if you have PCA, you take the -- it's your call. You take the PCA whenever you feel necessary to take the PCA.
 - Q Okay. So it's the passenger choice?
- A Yes.
 - Q Can the driver make any kind of requirements that the passenger ride with a PCA and only with a PCA?
- A No.
 - Q Do passengers who have been determined to be eligible for paratransit have any direct contact with First Transit?
 - A When they're on the bus, yeah.
- Q Okay. As far as making reservations and that kind of thing for a ride, is that something that's handled through

First Transit, or how would that be -- how would that be handled?

A During the time that we held the contract it was the RTC's responsibility to do all of the scheduling. They're the ones. In the rider's guide it's their telephone number that a person would call to schedule their ride. The RTC had their own scheduling department that would put riders onto rides and they would give us that information. The rider would not contract First Transit.

Q Okay. So when Mrs. Chernikoff testified the other day that she thought she was calling First Transit about these different things, would she actually have been calling RTC?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Are there any telephone numbers for First Transit included in the rider guide, the RTC rider guide?

A No, the rider's guide is RTC's information and they

-- they're not contracting with First Transit right now and

they haven't always contracted with First Transit. So when

they make that guide, it is generic to who the provider is

because they would have to change the -- the guide every time

they changed providers.

Q Okay. Let's go a little different direction here and talk about the mirror use. To your knowledge, did mirrors on the bus at the time of this incident, 2011, conform to federal and state regulations?

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A	Yes.	To	my	knowl	.edge,	yes
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- Q Okay. And what about industry standards? Are there industry standards to your knowledge as far as the type of mirrors that needed to be placed on the bus?
- A Industry standards follow, Mr. Daecher talked about it yesterday, Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards, FMVSS. That's what the industry follows, as well.
- Q Okay. And are there inspections of the buses by other federal types of agencies?
- A We follow the DOT guidelines for a pre-trip inspection and we have a pre-trip inspection book that they're required to use to fill out.
- Q Okay. We heard a little bit from Jay about the pre-trip inspection. Can you talk a little bit more about what that is?
- A Sure. It's an inspection of the vehicle, exterior of the vehicle, interior of the vehicle to ensure that the vehicle is safe to operate for the day. If there is something that is wrong with the vehicle, then the driver would be responsible for writing that up on what's called the daily vehicle inspection report, DVIR. And if it was something that would take the vehicle out of service, taking that vehicle to maintenance or bringing to the attention of maintenance to let them know that this is what was wrong with the vehicle and either have it repaired so that it could go out on the road,

or have it taken out of service and the driver would be given a different vehicle to drive that day.

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Q Okay. How are drivers trained, how was Jay trained, as far as mirror use?

A That he needs to adjust his mirrors to be able to see out of them and that he needs to check his mirrors. Smith system will tell you to check your mirrors under the keep your eyes moving key every five to eight seconds.

Q Okay. And what's the primary purpose of moving your eyes on the mirrors every five to eight seconds?

A There's a couple different purposes. Number one, not to have a fixed or blank stare. When you have a fixed or blank stare, the example that we would give is how much -- how far do you travel when you have a fixed or blank stare for a couple of seconds? When you are staring at something for a couple of seconds off the roadway, how far are you traveling blindly? Imagine somebody does this while you're driving and how far you travel, what hazards could come in front of you. That's why you shouldn't have a fixed or blank stare while you're driving. You just don't see. So scanning your mirrors, you need to know what's around you. You need to know what's in front of you. But you can't -- you can't scan your mirrors in such a sense where you're looking at this mirror and then you're looking at this mirror and then you're looking at his mirror and then you look back at the road because now

1	А	Not talk, she asked me a question.
2	Q	She asked you what happened and you gave her
3	informati	on as well?
4	A	She didn't really talk to me.
5	Q	Who else did you talk to while you were still at the
6	scene bef	ore you went back?
7	A	Just my supervisor.
8	Q	And how did you get back to the — you didn't drive
9	the bus,	did you?
10	A	I did not.
11	Q	Do you feel like you would have been in a state of
12	mind to d	rive the bus back to the yard? How did you get back?
13	A	I can't remember now. I think I drove the
14	superviso	r's I can't remember really how I got back. I was
15	crying at	that time.
16	Q	Pretty upsetting experience for you, wasn't it?
17	A	Yes. I think I was driving to go back and I was
18	praying a	nd doing all that. And I was crying at the time.
19	Q	Did you know at that point that Harvey was dead?
20	A	Yes, I know at that point.
21	Q	When you got back to the yard, did you talk to
22	anybody?	
23	А	I went to the supervisor's room where all like
24	three, fo	our, like Terry and Jen
25	0	By Jen you mean Jennifer McKibbins?

1	A Jennifer McKibbins. And they asked me about what
2	happened and have to have paperwork.
3	Q I was just going to ask you. Did you do another
4	incident report when you got back to the yard?
5	A Yes, that's correct.
6	Q This one is Exhibit Al. Does this look like the
7	incident report that you prepared when you got back to the
8	yard?
9	A Yes. That's my handwriting, yeah.
10	Q Were you still pretty rattled at that point?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Did you try to put into that report as much as you
13	could remember about what happened?
14	A That's correct.
15	Q Jay, how long was it that you stayed at the office,
16	I call it the yard, before you, yourself went someplace else,
17	home or wherever it is that you went?
18	A Maybe a couple hours.
19	Q Describe for the jury how you were feeling during
20	that time.
21	A When I was in the room?
22	Q Well, when you got back to the office just until the
23	time you went back home.
24	A I was talking to Jen and Terry and telling the story
25	and I was crying too.

1	Q Had you recovered from the initial shock of having
2	somebody die on your bus?
3	A It's hard. It's hard for me. Especially when you
4	think of somebody's trying to tell you that, you know, it's
5	your fault, you know. That's hard for me.
6	Q When you look back on it, is there anything you feel
7	you should have done differently that may have made a
8	difference as far as changing the outcome for Harvey?
9	A No.
10	Q Is there anything you think you could have done to
11	prevent his death?
12	A No.
13	MS. SANDERS: I don't have any other questions.
14	Thank you.
15	THE COURT: You want to take a quick break before
16	cross? So why don't we come back about 3:10. Again, don't
17	talk about the case or research the case or form or express an
18	opinion. Thank you.
19	(Jury recessed at 2:57 p.m.)
20	THE COURT: We'll see you in a bit.
21	(Court recessed at 2:58 p.m. until 3:14 p.m.)
22	(In the presence of the jury.)
23	THE COURT: Mr. Farrales, make yourself comfortable.
24	Remember, sir, you are still under oath at this time.
25	Counsel.

1	MR. ALLEN: May it please the Court, Your Honor.	
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION	
3	BY MR. ALLEN:	
4	Q Mr. Farrales, I have a few questions to follow up	
5	from what the defense counsel talked to you about.	
6	A Yes, sir.	
7	Q Do you remember defense counsel talked to you about	
8	RTC rules. Remember that?	
9	A That's correct, sir.	
10	Q When was the first time you were taught by First	
11	Transit that you were to follow RTC rules?	
12	A I know that they told me about it because I remember	
13	the first time it was probably during the training or	
14	something.	
15	Q And Harvey died in 2011, true?	
16	A That's true.	
17	Q I took your deposition in 2014; is that correct?	
18	A That's correct, sir.	
19	MR. ALLEN: I'd like to publish his deposition.	
20	THE COURT: Okay.	
21	THE CLERK: I don't have the deposition.	
22	MR. ALVERSON: It was published earlier, I think.	
23	BY MR. ALLEN:	
24	Q So the first time you were told about RTC was in a	
25	training; is that correct?	

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1	А	I think so, sir. I'm not so sure.
2	Q	I'd like to turn your attention to page 56, line
3	eight. I	Page 56, line eight. Are you with me, sir?
4	А	Yes, sir.
5	Q	Please read along with me. "And who is RTC?"
6		"Regional Transportation Commission."
7		"And what do you understand they do?"
8		"It's an interview form so they give an interview."
9		Question, "Okay. In general, do you know what RTC
10	does? No	ot just on this form, but just in a bigger picture."
11		Answer, "Was this the interview form for?"
12		Question, "It was for Mr. Chernikoff. But I don't
13	want to a	ask you a question about that, I want to understand,
14	do you ki	now what the role of RTC has."
15		"I don't know."
16		I read that correctly. Isn't that correct, sir?
17	А	That's correct, sir.
18	Q	Okay. That was 2004 and you were trained in 2007,
19	true?	
20	А	Okay.
21	Q	You were trained in 2007?
22	А	That's correct, sir.
23	Q	I'm sorry, 2014 was the deposition; is that correct?
24	А	That's correct, sir.
25	Q	Also I want to ask you a question about the mirrors.

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    it to see the back. It's set to see the back of the inside of
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     the car, back behind you. And it is set to see the inside of
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     the car so you can see if the passenger's safe.
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               MS. SANDERS: Can I have a page reference, counsel?
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    BY MR. ALLEN:
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               And that is part of it, looking at it to check on
8
    the passengers.
9
              MS. SANDERS: Can I --
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              MR. ALLEN: I didn't ask -- I'm just asking a
11
    question.
12
               MS. SANDERS: Okay. You're not reading from the
13
    deposition?
14
               MR. ALLEN: I'm asking him a question. I'm reading
15
    from the deposition.
16
               MS. SANDERS: That's why I'm --
17
               MR. ALLEN: I'm asking him a question.
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               MS. SANDERS: Okay. If you're reading from the
19
    deposition I need a page reference is what I'm saying.
20
               MR. ALLEN: Thirty-two, page 32, line 18. It's not
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     for impeachment, it's just for asking him a question, Your
22
    Honor. May I do it that way?
23
               MS. SANDERS: I don't think she had an objection, I
24
    think she just wanted to know where you were in the
25
    deposition.
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Isn't it true that there's a mirror that you have that you set

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1	MR. ALLEN: Just wanted to make sure I wasn't	
2	improper here. Okay.	
3	BY MR. ALLEN:	
4	Q So I'm going to ask you the question again, sir.	
5	A Yes, sir.	
6	Q There's a mirror over here where you set it to see	
7	the back. It's set to see the back of the inside of the car	
8	back behind you.	
9	A Where was the number?	
10	Q I'm going to ask you a question, sir. I have to	
11	finish my question.	
12	A All right, sir.	
13	Q And it's set to see the inside of the car so you can	
14	if the passenger's safe. And part of it is looking to check	
15	to see if the passengers are safe. True? That's what that	
16	mirror is, true?	
17	A That's true.	
18	Q You talked to the defense counsel about the two	
19	statements that you made, one was to the police and the next	
20	one was to the company. Do you remember that, sir?	
21	A That's correct.	
22	Q I'd like the first put up, the first one that she	
23	showed which is Plaintiff 3, page nine, the Las Vegas	
24	Metropolitan Police Department Voluntary Statement. Go up to	
25	the top, please. It was made at 7/29/11 at 8:20 in the	

1 morning. Do you see that on your screen?

A Yes, sir.

- Q It says, "I dropped off my other client at 1801 and on my way to drop off Harvey Chernikoff he was talking to me. Then I noticed he stopped talking to me. I tried talking to him and he wasn't responding. I looked at the mirror and I saw him drifting from his seat." Did I read your handwriting correct?
 - A That's correct, sir.
- Q The next exhibit that was shown, Exhibit 14, A1-01, which is the operator incident report. If we can go to the top. Mr. Farrales, you've seen this before, obviously.
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q You just went over it with your counsel. That's dated the same date, 7/29/11. Is that true, sir?
 - A That's true.
- Q Okay. So if we go out here there's a little stamp right there and it says 11:00 on July 29th. Did I read that correct, sir?
 - A That's correct, sir.
- Q So this is about two hours and 40 minutes after the incident, right?
 - A That's correct, sir.
- Q Let me read this. "I dropped off," makes sure I'm reading your handwriting correctly, "somebody at," is that

Riges, R-i-g-e-s?

A Regal.

Q "3010 Regal Avenue at 1801. On my way to drop off Harvey Chernikoff he was talking and making conversation with me. And suddenly he stopped talking. I asked him if he was okay but no response. I looked at the mirror and I saw him." Did I read that correct?

A That's correct, sir.

Q And what I would like to do, defense counsel went over this video, I'd like to back up the video to just before Mr. Chernikoff started eating his sandwich at 7:56:40. What I would like you to do, sir, we're going to play it until the very first time you say anything. And at any time right before he starts to eat his sandwich till you say something, will you tell the jury — will you tell this man over here stop the video and tell us whether you looked in the mirror to see if your passengers were safe.

(Video played)

MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, I kind of lost track of the question here. We've watched a long ways here and I'm not really sure what the question was, what you wanted him to do.

MR. ALLEN: Can it be read back here? No? BY MR. ALLEN:

Q The question, if you remember, sir, was tell me when you look in the mirror to see if the passengers were safe.

1 Remember that question? 2 A Yes. 3 You're still looking for that, aren't you, sir? 4 The question? A 5 Yes. Still looking to see, tell this jury when you 6 looked in the mirror to see if your passengers were safe, 7 true? 8 All the information that you were asking me on this 9 one like ---10 One question, sir. At the start of the videotape 11 before he started to eat, I asked to run it and for you to 12 stop and tell this gentleman, I pointed to him and said tell 13 him to stop when you first look in your mirror to see if your 14 passengers were safe. With me? 15 I wasn't understanding the question really. A 16 You weren't? 0 17 A No. 18 Let me ask you this. Had you looked in the mirror 0 19 to see if your passengers were safe up to this point? 20 I'm sure I'm scanning the mirror, yes. The question 21 you were asking me if I look. I look all over the place, yes, 22 sir. 23 I asked if you looked in the mirror, the mirror we

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talked about to see if your passengers were safe, true?

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That's true.

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Q	And up until 8:00 and 56 seconds, from the time I
started t	his video at 7:56:40, had you looked in your mirror
to see if	your passengers were safe?
А	I probably did not look at all. I'm scanning, I'm
driving.	A recollection of it in a situation, this — I was
driving a	nd I'm sure at one point I probably scanned it.
Q	To look and see if your passengers were safe?
А	Yes.
Q	Was it back
А	I couldn't say, I couldn't tell exactly just by
looking a	t it. If you have a [indiscernible] like a video of
my face,	but I couldn't remember. I'm sure I probably looked
at the mi	rror, scanning it.
Q	When Harvey was eating were you scanning it?
А	I'm not sure. I am driving. My focus is to drive
and get t	o the place at that time, yes.
Q	And as well to keep the passengers safe.
А	That's true.
Q	My question, sir, from the time that we've been
showing t	he video until this point, did you ever look to see
if your p	assenger was safe, Mr. Chernikoff?
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A Looked?

Q Yes.

A You know, I know that he is behind me and I'm driving and I know that he's not doing anything that is — can

1	caught my attention that, you know, would probably
2	[indiscernible] that he would be doing something crazy or
3	anything like standing up or anything like that. I went on
4	driving.
5	Q Is that your testimony up until this point?
6	A That's true.
7	Q At any point [indiscernible] we were talking about
8	the mirror, you had the mirror
9	A Yes, sir.
10	Q to see if the passengers were safe. At any point
11	up until the time you saw this video, did you look in that
12	mirror to see if Mr. Chernikoff was safe?
13	MS. SANDERS: Objection, asked and answered about a
14	dozen times.
15	THE COURT: I don't think he's answered, actually.
16	Please answer the question.
17	A I probably looked. Probably scanned the mirror
18	and
18 19	BY MR. ALLEN: Q And what? A You were asking me to see if they safe. I was
20	Q And what?
21	A You were asking me to see if they safe. I was
22	driving. I know that they were behind me and there's nothing
23	drew my attention. And I know that they must probably be
24	safe or asleep, you know, doing something

Up until this point.

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Q

I	
I	A But like you say I don't know what you mean by to
I	check if they are safe. I'm always checking if they are, but
I	there should be something that would draw my attention to say
I	that he's not safe or doing something, you know.
I	Q Are you telling the jury that up until this point
	nothing caught your attention to see if he was safe?

A That's true.

- Q That's looking at that mirror set to see the passengers, true?
 - A That's true.
- Q Now, I'd like to keep rolling the video and I want you to tell me the first time the next time, excuse me, you look in the mirror and see if Mr. Chernikoff is safe. Do you understand that question, sir?
 - A The next time --
- 16 Q Yes, sir.
 - A -- to look in the mirror to see.
 - Q From this point forward.
- 19 A Yes.
 - Q You stop and tell Mr. Brian down here stop and say that's when I checked in that passenger mirror to see if Mr. Chernikoff was safe. Do you understand the question?
- 23 A Yes, I understand it. But I couldn't remember even 24 if we go to --
 - Q You couldn't remember? Is that what you're saying?

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A I couldn't like remember the details of it at that moment. I'm sure I look at the mirror. I scanned it, I'm sure of that. But is there something so extraordinary that I seen. So I'm in the seat driving and going through the person and I'm concentrating on that and looking or glancing.

Q All right. So you're looking and glancing and now you tell me when you're looking and glancing — looking and glancing includes looking in the passenger mirror we talked about, right?

A That's true.

Q So you can tell the jury when you first notice anything unordinary, your words.

A Okay, sir.

Q Let's roll the video and tell him to stop.

A Okay.

(Video played)

A This video now?

MR. ALLEN: Stop the video.

BY MR. ALLEN:

Q What's that?

A This video now, sir? This is the video now that you were talking about?

Q Yes, sir. Do you remember my question?

A Yeah. Out of the ordinary that you can see and I tell Mr. Brian to stop.

1	Q	Did you see anything yet?
2	A	Not yet.
3		(Video played)
4	А	Around this, before we stop
5		MR. ALLEN: Stop.
6	A	before we stop I glance at the mirror and it is
7	like noth	ing.
8	BY MR. AL	LEN:
9	Q	At this point you think? Is that what you're
10	saying?	
11	A	At this point I probably like looked but it doesn't
12	nothing, nothing at all.	
13	Q	Did you see Harvey at all?
14	А	No.
15	Q	You didn't see him at all. Can we roll it again and
16	tell me when you notice something was wrong?	
17	А	Yes.
18		(Video played)
19	А	I thought that was, that time.
20	BY MR. AL	LEN:
21	Q	That's the first time you noticed?
22	А	No. I thought that was [indiscernible] we are about
23	to stop.	I look at the mirror before we stopped like right
24	there when we were at the stoplight. That's when I started	
25	looking.	

- 1		
1	Q Is that when you noticed something had to be wrong?	
2	A No. We continue on with the	
3	Q When you looked in the mirror at this point in time,	
4	did you see anything?	
5	A No, not this point.	
6	Q The fact that you didn't see anything in the mirror,	
7	did that concern you?	
8	A No. I like kind of asking questions about what was	
9	he doing and why he's not there, kind of like understanding	
10	what's going on with why I don't see him, you know. We	
11	continue on.	
12	Q Yes, sir.	
13	(Video played)	
14	A Was that when we stopped?	
15	BY MR. ALLEN:	
16	Q You stopped the bus or stopped the video?	
17	A No. When we stop around this area right here I'm	
18	sure I look at the mirror. I couldn't see nothing.	
19	Q Were you concerned then? Is that when you got	
20	concerned?	
21	A I was still asking myself where at was he, was he	
22	sleeping?	
23	Q You wondered where is he.	
24	A Yeah, where is he.	
25	Q Looking in the mirror and you can't see him, where	
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1 is he. Okay. Ready to go on, sir?

A Yes, sir.

(Video played)

A Before that, because I'm questioning where he at and thinking that he must be sleeping or napping. That's when I checked on the left side, like hoping, you know, to make sure whether he must be over there on my left-hand side and then look like over and I couldn't see him. My head pop out over there and I did —

BY MR. ALLEN:

Q Your head popped up?

A When I did that and I did this to check on him, the first time I check on him to the left was checking on him whether he's on the side because I was thinking he must be napping and was leaning over to the side or leaning like this to the side and I couldn't see sign of him. And when I turn over here again to check and there was like a shadow body or him on the floor doing that. So that's when I was concerned so I looked, double check on that mirror and I went this and then I was — I saw him and not really sure what's going on. And I moved my head forward closer to that mirror and I see him. I saw him over by — and then that's when after that I said Harvey, Harvey, are you okay.

Q We'll back up the video again to the same time,
7:56:47. This question now, sir, relates to the statement you

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gave to the police and the statement you gave to your company where you said, "He was talking and then suddenly he stopped talking." So I'd like to play the video and you tell me when he suddenly stops talking.

A I was talking about that time that we were in that, driving, I was driving and we were having a conversation. I'm just --

- Q That was before he was eating.
- A That was before he was eating. At that point, you know --
- Q So that's what you meant when you told the police and your company suddenly he stopped talking; is that true?
- A That's true. That was the last conversation and he was trying to make conversation with me.
- Q I'd like to back up to the very first part of the video. I would like to show about a minute of this. This is a part of the video that your defense lawyer showed you at the beginning. Okay? I'd like you to watch it and listen to it because I want to ask you a question again.
 - A Okay, sir.
 - Q Do you understand me?
 - A I understand you, sir.
 - Q All right. Thank you.

(Video played)

MR. ALLEN: Stop right there.

1 BY MR. ALLEN: 2 Is that his lunch pail that he put on the bus there? 3 A Yes. See that? 4 0 5 A Yes. 6 Did you notice him putting that lunchbox next to 7 him? 8 Yes. A 9 You saw that. 0 10 I know that he has a bag. He always carry it. A 11 He always brings that red one. 0 12 I'm not sure if that's red or blue. I know that he A 13 has something that -- a lunchbox or something like that. 14 Once again, I want you to listen and I'll ask you a 15 question. 16 A Okay. 17 (Video played) 18 Was he talking about a bus accident that happened 0 the week before? 19 20 I couldn't understand him really. A 21 He was a nice fellow, wasn't he, sir? Q 22 A He was. 23 You liked talking to him, didn't you? 0 24 A Yes. 25 At some point in time he asked you [indiscernible]. 0

Do you remember that?

- A I can't remember that.
- Q All right. Sir, right before we left you were talking to your lawyer and I wrote down that you felt helpless.
 - A Yes, that's correct.
- Q And this company trained you on page 70 of the employee manual whether that would have if you would have still felt helpless?
- A Like I said before, that position, you ask me about it. And what I said was if I have training of some sort and you ask me about if I can, if I would do it with or without the company policy and I have a professional, you know, and I know exactly what going on I probably would do something like that, like to help.
- Q You wouldn't have felt so helpless, would you, sir, if they had trained you?
 - MS. SANDERS: Objection, calls for speculation.
- A I could have probably done something like when I have the knowledge and I know what the situation is I could probably have done something more other than hey, Harvey, Harvey, wake up or something, rubbing the back or doing all this, you know.
- 24 BY MR. ALLEN:
 - Q Yes, sir. I know.

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1	A I probably would have I just
2	Q Had no training.
3	A No training and I don't know the situation and don't
4	know what's going on even with or without. I don't really
5	know if I can really do something like that and if I would be
6	able to recognize what the trouble is and do a maneuver or do
77	whatever, hemlock or whatever or do whatever it is that a
8	person with knowledge of hemlock or heart attack or whatever.
9	Q Yes, sir. Absolutely.
10	MR. ALLEN: No further questions, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Redirect.
12	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. SANDERS:
14	Q Jay, when you said hemlock did you mean Heimlich?
15	We've been hearing about Heimlich here. Is that what you
16	meant?
17	A That's what I meant.
18	Q Okay. Jay, all these things that you see on this
19	thing that counsel has brought up here, did you see anything
20	like that with Harvey Chernikoff, either at the time or on the
21	video?
22	A No.
23	Q Do you see any we've gone through this before,
24	but did you see any clutching the throat, any gagging, any
25	coughing, anything that would have given you an indication

1 that he was choking? 2 A No. 3 So even if you were trained in Heimlich, would you 4 have even thought to use that maneuver in the case of Harvey 5 Chernikoff? 6 I don't know that he was choking. I don't know that 7 something like that is going on. I'm not going to do anything 8 -- I don't have any idea that he's choking or anything, why 9 would I do it. 10 Mr. Allen asked you to tell this jury at what point 11 you were seeing and scanning the mirrors and that kind of 12 thing. Do you have perfect recall of every single time that 13 you moved your eyes around the mirrors? 14 That's why I said it could be this time or A could be that time. I don't know. 15 16 During the time that you were driving on what was 17 showing on the video, do you feel comfortable that you were 18 scanning the mirrors as you were trained to do? 19 A Yes. 20 Did you see anything out of the ordinary with Harvey 21 Chernikoff during that time? 22 A No. 23 MS. SANDERS: No further questions. 24 THE COURT: Is there anything else?

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MR. ALLEN: No further questions, Your Honor.

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               THE COURT: Thank you, sir. If you'd like to step
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    down next to your counsel.
 3
               THE WITNESS: Thank you.
               THE COURT: Your next witness.
 4
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               MS. SANDERS: Jennifer McKibbins.
 6
             JENNIFER MCKIBBINS, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, SWORN
 7
               THE CLERK: Please be seated. Would you please
8
     state and spell your first and last name for the record?
9
               THE WITNESS: Jennifer McKibbins. J-e-n-n-i-f-e-r,
10
    M-c-K-i-b-b-i-n-s.
11
               THE COURT: Whenever you're ready.
12
               MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, may I approach the witness
13
     with a stack of exhibits just to make it easier for her?
14
               THE COURT: Yes.
15
                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
16
    BY MS. SANDERS:
17
               Hi.
18
               Hi.
          A
19
               Would you start by telling the jury a little bit
20
    about your educational background?
21
               Sure. I have a bachelor's degree in organizational
22
    security and management. I am certified by the World Safety
23
    Organization as a certified safety and security director. I
24
    have my transportation, safety and security program
25
    certification from the Transportation Safety Institute, which
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is certifi	ed by the U.S. Department of Transportation. I	am	а
certified	Smith System instructor from Smith System and I	am	а
certified	instructor from the U.S. Department of		
Transporta	tion		

- Q The jury's heard a little bit about the Smith System, but can you just elaborate and give them a little bit of better idea about what that is?
- A It's a defensive driving course that we teach all of our employees, drivers, technicians, anybody who's going to drive a vehicle. It's the -- Mr. Daecher was explaining it this morning. It's the five keys to space cushion driving. He gave that acronym. And it teaches operators how to maneuver in traffic.
 - Q Is it a defensive driving type of system?
 - A Yes, it's defensive driving, correct.
- Q How long did it take you to get all of those certifications, degrees and that kind of thing?
 - A Years, a couple of years.
- Q Was part of that on-the-job training or was it all classroom?
- A Most of it was classroom training, some of it was on the job. Obviously, the more on-the-job training you have the better you get at something. To get my TSSP or transportation, safety and security program certification, that required on-the-job training as well. There were five

courses that I had to go through. They were week-long courses that you had to actually sit through classroom and do practical work as well. One of the classes, just as an example, is a bus collision investigation. So I had to go out and actually investigate a collision and do measurements of yaw marks and skid marks and things like that and use my wonderful math skills to figure out what the speed of a vehicle was based on yaw marks and skid marks.

Q Would you tell them a little bit about your work experience?

A Sure. I have been in transportation since I was 18, so that's quite a long time. I've done quite a few things in the transportation industry. I've worked — I started with Laidlaw in 2002. I started as a sales manager for a company that actually was sold by Laidlaw to somebody else. So then I went to the paratransit company which was run by Laidlaw. I started there as a driver. I was in management prior to that at an airport shuttle company prior to the sales manager job and I was burned out from being a manager at the time, so I wanted to drive. I wanted to see what it was like to be a driver, so I did that.

From that point I was a road supervisor. I went out and investigated accidents. I was a trainer. I was a training manager and then safety security and training manager at the Las Vegas location.

- 1 Q That's a lot of stuff.
 2 A It is.
 - A From I started with Laidlaw as a driver in 2003 and I was the safety security and training manager through

5 and I was the safety security and training manager thr
6 2014.

How many years did that cover?

- Q And by that time the company was First Transit?
- A Yes. First Transit and Laidlaw merged at the end of 2007, beginning of 2008.
 - Q Now when you were training as a driver for Laidlaw, was that as a paratransit driver?
 - A Yes, that's correct.
 - Q Okay. And what kind of training did you have to do the job as a paratransit driver?
 - A I did not have my CDL, so they did the classroom training and through the classroom training they also, at that time, trained us to get our permit because we had to have a commercial driver's license. So we went through a couple of days of training to get our commercial driver's license. Went down, took the written exam to get our permit and then we went through the classroom training and learned a multitude of things through the training program, how to map to figure out how to get from point A to point B, sensitivity training, defensive driver training, MDT training, which is the computer system that's on the bus where we get our manifest from,

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manifest training so that we would know how to fill out our

picking up passengers.

paperwork. Things like that.

Then I went through the behind-the-wheel training portion which is where they taught us how to be a defensive driver, take the information that we learned in the classroom and put it into practical use behind the wheel. After the behind-the-wheel training I was road tested for my commercial driver's license and then we did revenue training or cadet training is what it's called. It's where you go out with another instructor, certified instructor, and you're actually going out to pick up passengers with this certified instructor so that you can take everything that you learned in the classroom, put it together with what you've learned in the

Now, what is the difference between a commercial driver's license and a regular driver's license that most of us probably have? What additional things do you have to know or be able to do?

behind-the-wheel training and actually apply it when you're

By law, a commercial driver's license, you have to take a special written test for that. You have to take a written knowledge test. You have to take a practical exam as well. It's different now than what it was when I first got my commercial driver's license back in 2003. The requirement now is that you have to do a pretrip inspection as well. That was

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not required in 2003 when I got my license. However, it was
 1
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    not required after that, that anybody who had a commercial
 3
     driver's license that they had to go back and do the pretrip
 4
     inspection, it just started whatever year it was that anybody
 5
    going forward had to have that pretrip inspection as part of
 6
     their commercial driver's license.
 7
               When you were trained as a driver with Laidlaw, did
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8
    you have any kind of first aid training?
9
          A
               I did not.
10
               Have you had any first aid training since that time?
          0
11
         A
               I have not.
12
               MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I'm going to approach
13
     again on this.
               THE COURT: Same objection?
14
               MR. CLOWARD: Yeah. I'd like to show the
15
16
    transcript.
17
               THE COURT: Sure.
18
                           (Bench conference.)
19
               MR. CLOWARD: I'm sorry, Judge, [inaudible] --
20
               THE COURT: What's your objection?
21
               MR. CLOWARD: She was specifically asked about
22
     [inaudible] in her deposition she testified she doesn't know
23
     [inaudible] --
24
               THE COURT: I think the question was whether she had
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any training [inaudible] Laidlaw.

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1
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
 2
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
 3
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
 4
               MS. SANDERS: My question [inaudible] -- I'm just
 5
    asking [inaudible] --
6
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible] specifically asked her
 7
     right there [inaudible] 2007, '8, '9 [inaudible]
8
               THE COURT: I don't know it has anything to do with
9
    her question.
10
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
11
               THE COURT: I don't know what her next series of
12
    questions are going to be. She just asked her if she
13
    personally had training.
               MR. CLOWARD: She's trying [inaudible] now she's
14
15
    trying to [inaudible] --
16
               THE COURT: About her own training? [inaudible]
17
     She's testifying about her own training.
18
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
19
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
20
               THE COURT: So what's your next question because I
21
    can't figure it out.
22
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
23
               THE COURT: The only thing I honestly took this as
24
    was foundational, just as far as her skills, training,
25
    anything else.
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               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible] attached to the contract,
 2
     that's never been produced [inaudible] absolutely true
 3
     [inaudible]
 4
               THE COURT: Okay. But we've already discussed that
     handbook's not coming in, the [inaudible] not coming in.
 5
 6
               MR. CLOWARD:
                            [inaudible]
 7
               THE COURT: What are you going to ask her next?
 8
               MS. SANDERS:
                             [inaudible]
9
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
10
               THE COURT: I don't think she testified regarding
11
     the training that Farrales had, she just testified regarding
12
     the training she had.
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible] that's unfair to us.
13
14
               THE COURT: I don't know they're going to think that
15
     because it's not what I thought either. I thought it was just
16
     foundational.
17
               MR. CLOWARD:
                            [inaudible]
18
               THE COURT: I think you're a few steps ahead of
19
     where we are. I don't think - Ms. Sanders isn't going there.
20
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible] to the jurors so they
21
     understand it [inaudible]
22
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
23
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
24
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
25
               THE COURT: Okay. Again, I just took it as
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    foundational. I really had no -- I don't have any idea that
 2
     she's going where you believe she's going.
 3
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible] She's not allowed to talk
 4
     about [inaudible] training was [inaudible] unfair to us
 5
     [inaudible] she comes in here and says Laidlaw does this,
 6
     Laidlaw does that [inaudible].
 7
               THE COURT: Are you going to ask her to testify to
8
     anything beyond the scope of her [inaudible]
9
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
10
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
11
               THE COURT: If she's testified about it in her
     deposition I'll let her testify regarding what she testified
12
13
     in her deposition.
               MR. CLOWARD: She testified [inaudible] --
14
15
              MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
16
               THE COURT: How did you designate her?
17
              MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
18
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
19
               THE COURT: [inaudible] deposition is how was she
20
    designated by the defense?
21
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
22
               THE COURT: Okay. Why don't you go check? How is
23
     she designated?
24
                       (End of bench conference.)
25
               THE COURT: Are you guys doing okay? It's toward
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    the end of the day. You're good? Okay.
 2
               MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, may I?
 3
               THE COURT: Uh-huh. Please.
                           (Bench conference.)
 4
 5
               THE COURT: Is she designated a second time?
 6
               MS. SANDERS:
                            [inaudible]
 7
               THE COURT: So where is your designation for the
8
     corporate entity, First Transit, okay. So she is designated
9
     in a personal capacity as that happens to be the
10
     [indiscernible] for First Transit.
11
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
12
               THE COURT: It looks like she's designated in a
13
    personal capacity.
14
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
15
               THE COURT: It just happens that she's also the
16
     [indiscernible] for First Transit.
17
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
18
               THE COURT: Hold on a second.
19
                       (End of bench conference.)
20
               THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, why don't you just
21
     take a quick break? Come back in 10 minutes, please. Again,
22
    don't talk about the case, don't research the case, don't form
23
    or express an opinion.
24
                      (Jury recessed at 4:15 p.m.)
25
               THE COURT: Okay. So looking at that designation,
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designated in an individual capacity because it does not say Jennifer McKibbins as person most knowledgeable for First Transit. So it looks like she's done individually. And it just appears that, I don't know if it's coincidental is the right word, but it appears that she just likewise is who they've designated as the PMK for First Transit. So obviously, when you took your deposition you did it under the notion of doing a 30(b)(6) deposition. But it appears that you could have also taken it in her individual capacity as well, but did not do so for whatever reason.

MR. CLOWARD: As Ms. Hyson was trying to explain to the Court, Commissioner Bulla has done CLEs that when you do a — and this is the way we did it based on the way I was taught is when give notice you designate the individual as a 30(b)(6) and individually. That way if there are any other problems then you don't have to bring that person back for a second deposition, you get it all done at the same time. I guess my concern is our belief is that it was done as a 30(b)(6) and as her individually at the same there.

There were a lot of objections that were made by counsel, I believe 54 objections as to speculation and scope of what she was allowed to talk about. We tried to talk about, you know, the contract between RTC and First Transit and RTC and Laidlaw and there were objections saying, you know

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and she even testified she doesn't know these things.
We've got it right here in the depo. So to now come in
THE COURT: Hold on, though. She's the PMK for
First Transit but she was not brought forth as a PMK for
Laidlaw, right?
MR. CLOWARD: Correct. It was my understanding she
never been identified as a 30(b)(6).
THE COURT: Then that would be different than her
own experiences with Laidlaw, correct? The way I interpreted
Ms. Sanders' question was basically foundational as far as her
background skills, training with, you know I didn't really
perceive her as testifying as a corporate representative of
Laidlaw. It just happens to be part of her background.
MR. CLOWARD: I didn't mean to give the impression
that she was deposed as a 30(b)(6) for Laidlaw. She was
clearly designated as a 30(b)(6) for Transit, so I'm sorry if
I conveyed that.
THE COURT: No. I'm trying to understand your
position because I guess I don't.
MR. CLOWARD: Our position is that when she was
deposed the 30(b)(6), the notice was for her as a 30(b)(6) at
THE COURT: No. I'm trying to understand your position because I guess I don't. MR. CLOWARD: Our position is that when she was deposed the 30(b)(6), the notice was for her as a 30(b)(6) at First Transit and also individually. THE COURT: Okay. MR. CLOWARD: And when we deposed her about the
THE COURT: Okay.
MR. CLOWARD: And when we deposed her about the
Laidlaw policies, you know, like if you look at the very first

segment of questions, the very first segment of questions started off with the 2011 choking policy. And her testimony — can we actually have her step out?

THE COURT: Sure. That's fine.

MR. CLOWARD: Starting on page 140, Mr. Allen is asking her, you know, tell us about the choking policy, tell us about these different things.

THE COURT: Tell us about whose policy, First Transit?

MR. CLOWARD: First Transit.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. CLOWARD: Because the handbook, Exhibit 2 that we've gone over, this page 70 is what was in place at the time of the incident. So her testimony starts off and she starts to indicate well, you know, it would be my speculation that it would then have become part of the training and that it would have been added as topics to be included in the training. But the contract was negotiated and signed in 2007. This is a 2010 document. This is on page 141, line 17.

So Ms. McKibbins is basically saying you're asking me about a 2010 document, but the contract between RTC and Laidlaw was negotiated in 2007. So then Charles starts to ask questions about that, well, tell me about what was in place in 2007. And her testimony was basically that she wasn't able to tell. That's when Charles kept drilling down. Well, do you

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have a copy of the policy? Is there any to find out? And she
says well, yeah, I think we've got it somewhere in storage, we
have actually 2007, 2008, 2009 policies. And he asks do you
have those, can you provide them? And she says yes. We've
never received 2008. We never received 2009. Only 30 days
before trial we received 2007.
MS. HYSON: But she does provide information about

MS. HYSON: But she does provide information about what was contained in that handbook.

MS. SANDERS: She very clearly says that the 2010 handbook, the first aid information was new as of that version, so therefore, would not have been in any prior versions at the time that the contract was entered.

THE COURT: And she already testified earlier when she was called by the plaintiff as to the fact that that book has been modified over time.

MR. CLOWARD: The 2010 book. The 2010 First Transit book. The First Transit book has been modified. In her deposition she testified that there were 2007 books, 2008 books and 2009 books, but we don't have any employee acknowledgments from Mr. Farrales receiving any other Laidlaw books. We only have employee acknowledgments of Mr. Farrales receiving the First Transit books.

MS. SANDERS: I don't think that's true.

MR. ALLEN: May I address the Court, Your Honor? I took the deposition and I clearly asked her if she was a

30(b)(6) witness of First Transit and my understanding of a 30(b)(6) deposition is that it's incumbent on counsel to educate that witness, to bring forth a corporate spokesman that can state the knowledge of all the corporation and that includes, even if it's not this person, it's another person. They can go outside and they can hire somebody to educate that person.

That person's supposed to have all the knowledge and it's incumbent upon defense counsel to educate that person.

And if they can't educate that person, they are subject to sanctions if sanctions or motions are brought forth. And in this deposition I counted 54 times I asked her questions to which defense counsel objected to speculation.

THE COURT: Why did we -- when was that deposition? It was awhile ago, wasn't it?

MS. SANDERS: Yeah.

THE COURT: Why didn't you bring it up in front of either me or the discovery commissioner? Because, I mean, you could have asked for — if either of us agreed with your position we could have ordered that she be deposed again, probably at their expense.

MR. ALLEN: It was April of 2015.

THE COURT: So we've had almost a year.

MR. ALLEN: But I think when she says things are speculation, this witness is speculation, I don't think this

witness is allowed to talk about things that are speculation. We had that option to come in here and address defense counsel about it.

THE COURT: So what is it you don't — I'm sorry, I am getting confused with this because what you guys are arguing to me seems to be unrelated to what she was asking. So maybe you're so far ahead because I don't have all the evidence like you do. What is your concern she's going to go into?

MR. CLOWARD: Thank you, Your Honor. Thank you for giving me the opportunity. So the defense's position is from 2007 when RTC negotiated the contract with Laidlaw, it was not part of the contract to have first aid, Heimlich, CPR in the contract. And the way that we negotiated that is after the contract was signed we send over a handbook and the things that are in the handbook are the things that are done.

MS. SANDERS: No.

MR. CLOWARD: May I finish, please? So the problem is is that 2007 handbook that supposedly was supposed to be attached to the contract negotiations has never been provided. They've had the opportunity. Mr. Allen talked to Ms.

McKibbins in her deposition about that, like what was RTC's expectations at the time. Could RTC have expected Laidlaw to perform these things? And the answer was I don't know what they expected, I didn't negotiate the contract. That was Ms.

McKibbins' testimony. I don't know, I didn't negotiate the contract.

Well, in order for — so essentially, Ms. Sanders now is trying to say — she's trying to explain away why there's a choking and Heimlich in the First Transit manual but why they don't have to do that. The position is well, they don't have to do that because it never was in the initial negotiations. The problem is is that the document that surrounds the initial negotiations has never been produced until a month ago.

So fast forward, they're saying well, look, yeah, it's in this First Transit policy and here it is, page 70, but we don't have to do page 70 because it was never in the initial negotiations when RTC negotiated the contract with Laidlaw.

THE COURT: Is that where you're going?

MS. SANDERS: Well, he's misstating it a little bit. They do have the contract, they have the actual contract from RTC between RTC and First Transit. It identifies the training that they expect to provide, that they are going to provide. She did testify in her deposition that first aid was not part of the training that was included in the RTC contract. The first aid that's in the — the section on first aid that is in the First Transit handbook was new, she said, in 2010 when that handbook came out. She did testify in her deposition

that there were prior Laidlaw handbooks that did not include that information.

So the fact that she was not the person that entered into the negotiations for the contract doesn't mean she doesn't know what's in it. She also testified that part of her job is to know and comply with the things that are in the RTC contract. And that contract went from 2006 or '7, whenever it was entered, until 2014 when the contract ended. And she was a safety manager and, you know, had to be familiar with it in order to be sure that they were complying with the provisions of the contract.

THE COURT: So basically the drivers of First

Transit are not bound by the pages in that book because it

wasn't mandated by RTC, rather it was just First Transit going

over and beyond?

MS. SANDERS: It's a little different than that. The contract itself did not provide for first aid training. It's offered, but they did not do that. And that was part of the contract that was entered into in 2007 and carried forward. Now, he talked about the handbook as being the basis for what they're going to provide. That's not true. They give them the handbook — when they're negotiating, they give them their bid for the information that they're — their price and different things like that. We don't have that. I haven't ever seen that.

What we do have is the contract and that does have information in it about training. It's got a matrix of the training that they want to have provided. And that's what was signed and that's what was done. The employee handbook, what she testified to is that that was something that was given to RTC for information purposes so they would know what the First Transit information was for their employees. It was not the basis, however, for the contract.

THE COURT: So when the family members — okay.

When someone signs up and they get approved for First Transit and they get that book that tells them all the rules or riding the First Transit bus, that book may have stuff that First Transit's not necessarily bound by because it wasn't part of their contract with RTC? That's a little misleading.

MS. HYSON: That's the RTC book.

MS. SANDERS: That's a RTC book, but it's a rider book. It's information that's given to the rider. It's not something that's part of the contract between RTC and First Transit. That's a completely separate thing, Your Honor. The RTC, we've referred to it as a rider guide, is information — once somebody has been approved to ride the paratransit, it's information that is sent to that passenger with phone numbers, contact information. We talked primarily about the rules, but there's a lot of other information.

It's got information about PCAs, about having

companions ride with them, about having baggage and things like that that they can bring on board with them, who to call in case there's some kind of a complaint or emergency. It's got a lot of different information but it's information that is given to the passenger.

THE COURT: How in the deposition would plaintiff counsel been able to question Ms. McKibbins about what portions of the book First Transit was mandated to follow and which portions were just superfluous if they did not have the Laidlaw one to compare with at the time?

MS. HYSON: We're talking about different books.

MS. SANDERS: Yeah.

THE COURT: All right. Then I'm getting totally confused. The Laidlaw book you don't have.

MR. CLOWARD: Correct.

MS. HYSON: The Laidlaw handbook, just the handbook.

MR. CLOWARD: To fill one gap, counsel has indicated something. The RTC contract with Laidlaw, it actually does reference look, Laidlaw will provide a copy of the handbook to RTC. So that was the basis of the questioning by Mr. Allen of Ms. McKibbins is what were the expectations of RTC. And she's like well, I would have to assume, I would have to guess because I don't know what -- I didn't negotiate the contract. The contract between RTC and Laidlaw attached a copy of the employee handbook or the employee handbook was supposed to be

attached.

We attempted to try and find out the differences in the deposition, but Ms. McKibbins said well, to the best of my recollection, you know, I think that the last time I looked at it, but, you know. Mr. Allen said well, can you be absolute, can you be absolute. Well, I can't. I think that the last time I looked at it it wasn't in there. And then he asks her well, can you provide it to us, do you still have a copy of it. Does First Transit — he actually asked, does First Transit still have a copy of it and the answer was yes. And he said and you, Ms. McKibbins have helped with production of documents and she says yes. And he says well, can you provide that. Yes.

And then, you know, a year and a half or a year or however, it hasn't been a year, or however many months go past. And then, if you remember, we almost came to trial last summer when we had some issues. I think I did. But anyway, it's not until 30 days ago that the employee handbook is turned over. So yeah, we could have — it would have been nice to dig down and find out hey, is this even the book that was attached to the RTC contract.

THE COURT: I don't know how she'd even be qualified to testify to it now. I mean, if she didn't have any knowledge of it at the time of her deposition.

MS. SANDERS: She was an employee. She was an

employee of Laidlaw and she did testify about it in her
deposition. She was asked and she said I don't believe that
this was a handbook, meaning the First Transit one, that this
was a handbook that was done at the time and submitted with
the proposal. That's first. Second, in the contract there's
a provision for what the training requirement is by the RTC of
what they require and first aid and choking was not a required
topic to be taught to our operators upon hire or ongoing
training.

So she did testify about that. She testified about what's in the contract and she knows about what's in the contract.

THE COURT: Okay. So --

MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, if I may?

THE COURT: I can't follow you guys. I'm sorry.

MR. CLOWARD: I know, it's really confusing. What Ms. Sanders is citing is what the policies were, not what was in the handbook. Specific questions were about the handbook. So if she testifies and just says, oh, yeah, that's what our policy, we didn't have to do this, this and this and we hone in and say okay, where in the handbook is that?

THE COURT: You mean you can't impeach her.

MR. CLOWARD: Exactly, because it's just -- she's just saying -- I mean, how are we to confirm what she's saying, you know. They say it's attached to the 2007 contract

1 that they don't provide the document that's supposedly 2 provided. 3 THE COURT: So you never received the documentation. 4 MR. CLOWARD: Correct. 5 MS. SANDERS: They have the RTC contract, which is 6 all we have. Whatever the proposals were that Laidlaw did or 7 bid or anything like that, I haven't seen that myself. What 8 he's talking about is the version of the employee handbook. 9 It's an employee handbook. It doesn't have anything to do 10 with anything other than that. The Laidlaw employee handbook 11 that was prior to First Transit coming in is what we're 12 talking about here. And I've told him and I told Your Honor, 13 we won't try to get that into evidence. I respect your 14 decision that it was produced late. 15 THE COURT: My concern is, and I'm sorry for cutting 16 you off, my concern is that she's made statements. 17 statements can arguably be verified or impeached by production 18 of the book that was never produced. 19 MS. SANDERS: Well, the handbook has been produced. 20 It's what Your Honor said we can't get into now. 21 MS. HYSON: So if he'd like to impeach her with it 22 he has it to impeach her. 23 THE COURT: You have it now? 24 MR. CLOWARD: That's the one that was produced 30 25 days ago. The problem is we don't know if that's what

attached to the RTC contract.

MS. HYSON: Nothing is attached to the RTC contract. He's mischaracterizing that. After the contract is entered into, then a copy of the handbook is provided to RTC. A copy of the handbook is not attached to the contract.

THE COURT: The book he's been now provided late is the one that was provided subsequent to the contract?

MS. HYSON: To the initial contract with Laidlaw, yes. So if he thinks that it would — could be used to impeach her, he has it. It's not very long, it's in fact much shorter than the RTC — I'm sorry, the First Transit handbook. He's had it for 30 days. It's less than 20 pages I think. So if he thinks there's something in there that he could impeach her with, he has that to impeach her and she testified to the contents of it at her deposition almost a year ago. So while we don't intend to bring the actual exhibit in, they were aware of her testimony regarding that information, so that information should be admissible.

MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, if I may. Ms. Sanders just acknowledged that nobody has the actual handbook that was provided with the RTC or after the RTC contract was signed.

THE COURT: I thought she was saying it's the one that was ultimately given to you.

MR. CLOWARD: I don't know if that's correct or not. We have to take their word for it. And my thought is if you

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give me the document 30 days before trial, where are the other documents. And also, there's a form that I've already shown to the jury that shows CPR and first aid, four hours of training. So why are you putting four hours of training on this document when you're claiming that it wasn't trained. And then you give me the only handbook when you admit that that's 2007, 2008 and 2009 handbook that have never been, still to this day, have never been provided. And we don't know.

We had to basically rely on the representation that this is the 2007 handbook that would have been attached to the RTC contract, which is unfair to us because we have to be able to know for certain that that's what the document is. And to this point, nobody has produced that document or a chain of command, like, hey, here's a letter from First Transit or excuse me, Laidlaw to RTC saying here's a copy of this handbook per the contract between us.

THE COURT: Did you set the PMK of Laidlaw? MR. CLOWARD: No, because they were basically purchased by First Transit. Ms. McKibbins was --

THE COURT: Okay. I got your point. And other than the request in the deposition, did you do a formal discovery request?

MR. CLOWARD: Absolutely. Even in our deposition notice there were documents that we requested, like bring all

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    safety policies, procedures, manuals, everything. Our
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    deposition notice is like the PMK notice, it's probably 15
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    pages long. I mean, it's long.
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               MS. HYSON: It's like three pages long.
               MR. CLOWARD: The 30(b)(6) notice?
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               MS. SANDERS: The document, if I may, Your Honor,
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     the document that he showed to Mr. Daecher this morning, Ms.
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    McKibbins was -- the page that shows the CPR on it and the
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     first aid, she was asked about that in her deposition. I will
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     ask her about it again. There is an explanation for that.
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     She said at the time of her deposition this is the form.
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    they actually train them on was handwritten on. Mr. Cloward
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     knows that because it was in the deposition. So she certainly
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    has information as both percipient witness and a 30(b)(6)
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     witness. But the handbook itself is the handbook she was able
    to retrieve out of storage. First Transit doesn't have the
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    contract anymore either. The Laidlaw, I don't remember what
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    year the Laidlaw one was. I don't know if there's a - the
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    one that we produced --
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               MS. HYSON: I think it's for 2007.
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               MS. SANDERS: -- would have been --
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               MR. CLOWARD: While they're looking for that, Your
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    Honor --
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               THE COURT: Counsel, if you had been provided that
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    sooner, what would you have done?
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1	MR. CLOWARD: I would have
2	THE COURT: What have you been prohibited from doing
3	by not being produced sooner?
4	MR. CLOWARD: Confirm that that's the actual
5	document that contains the negotiated duties between RTC and
6	Laidlaw.
7	MS. HYSON: Except you asked for that stuff from
8	RTC.
9	MR. ALLEN: That was also the time I could take the
10	deposition. That was the only time I could depose anybody.
11	MR. CLOWARD: My notice is nine pages. I'm happy to
12	provide a copy to the Court to see. I mean, we were very
13	detailed in what we requested. We attempted, we did our due
14	diligence to discover these things. Mr. Allen asked the
15	questions in the deposition, tell us about this, tell us about
16	this. She basically indicated that she would be speculating.
17	I can provide this if you'd like.
18	THE COURT: Yes.
19	MR. CLOWARD: These are basically the topics that we
20	set out.
21	THE COURT: Thank you. I mean, there's a couple
22	references to safety manuals of First Transit, at least three
23	references that I've found already. All right. Is there
24	anything else?
25	MS. SANDERS: If Your Honor wants to look at the

Laidlaw handbook that is at issue here, I mean, I've already said repeatedly we won't try to get it in, but it is just a basic employee handbook. It's not something that the contract that made the basis for the contract — this is the 2006 handbook. It is the handbook that would have been in effect at the time that the contract was entered into.

THE COURT: But at the time of the deposition she didn't know --

MS. SANDERS: She didn't have it. She was an employee, she knew that there wasn't anything and testified to that, that there wasn't anything in it about first aid.

MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, if you would like to review the questioning that starts at page 140 and goes for about six pages you can see the efforts that Mr. Allen made to try and discuss the training and that policy.

THE COURT: And did you get that contract?

MR. CLOWARD: We at least have the contract, we just don't have — when you read the language of the contract, the contract says look, at a minimum you need to do these couple of things, and then it lists like seven things that they need to do. And then it goes on to say that, you know, it would be further defined in an employee handbook that would be given from the contractor to RTC. Your Honor, I'm happy to show you that specific reference. And it actually says RTC will not withhold approval unreasonably.

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	THE	COURT:	I'm so	orry.	You did	d receive,	though,	the
handbook	from	2007 an	d that'	s when	the co	ontract wa	s entere	d
into and	it wa	ıs valid	until	2014.	But ev	ven then,	in 2010	
there was	a ne	w emplo	yee	it was	added	to the em	ployee	
handbook.	51.							

MR. CLOWARD: Well, we don't know if the manual that's been provided just 30 days ago is the actual one that was provided, first initially provided. We also don't have the 2008 and 2009 ones that were also referenced in Ms. McKibbins' testimony.

MS. SANDERS: But, Your Honor, they did get the 2006, which was the manual or the employee handbook that would have been in effect at the time the contract was signed.

THE COURT: The contract was 2007.

THE MARSHAL: [inaudible]

THE COURT: Just tell them they can go. They've already been admonished. Please have them come back at 9:30.

So what are your next questions going to be, Ms. Sanders?

MS. SANDERS: I'm sorry, Your Honor?

THE COURT: What are your next questions going to be?

MS. SANDERS: It really was just background. I was going to go directly into what kind of training did she have to become the safety security manager at First Transit, how

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    did she get to First Transit.
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               THE COURT: Foundation.
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               MS. SANDERS: I'm sorry?
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               THE COURT: I'm saying that's foundation.
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               MS. SANDERS: Yeah. How long she's there, what her
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     job duties were, her understanding of the requirements of the
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    ADA, First Transit's rule. I don't want to give them my
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     whole --
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               THE COURT: I understand. I get it. That's all
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     foundational. I guess I'm still just confused on plaintiff's
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    position. So you have the contract, so you did receive the
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     contract. You received the manual that would have been around
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     the same time as the contract, right? You received it late.
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               MR. CLOWARD: Correct, 30 days ago.
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               THE COURT: But you didn't receive all the ones in
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    the interim?
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              MR. CLOWARD: Correct.
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               THE COURT: What would receiving the ones in the
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     interim -- I mean, if there's testimony in 2010 there was a
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     change where the stuff was added into it, so what -- it would
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     seem to me that the important one to receive for purposes of
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     impeachment would be the one that's -- that went with the
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    contract.
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               MR. CLOWARD: Which we've never received.
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               THE COURT: That's not the 2006?
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MR. CLOWARD: That's what they're saying. That's
what they've produced, but we don't know that. We weren't
given the opportunity to discover that. That's the
THE COURT: Was she asked in here whether it was the
I mean, if she's the PMK for Laidlaw was she asked she
would be the PMK for Laidlaw because Laidlaw was now First
Transit, but was she ever asked if it was the 2006 or 2007
that was provided to RTC in association with the negotiation
of the most recent contract?
MR. CLOWARD: Yes. She was asked, if I understand
the question right
THE COURT: Because the contract was for several
years apparently.
MR. CLOWARD: Yeah.
MS. SANDERS: Yeah, and it just carried forward.
THE COURT: So, I mean, they had things they had to
do. So there was a contract entered and obviously, there's a
handbook that was produced to RTC somewhere in time close to
when the contract was entered, right, and presumably is the
2006.
MR. CLOWARD: Correct.
THE COURT: It would have been probably, I'm sure,
the 2006 or 2007 if the contract was in 2007.
MS. HYSON: They're not changed every year.
MR. CLOWARD: And other thing is that she was asked

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about the contract between RTC and Laidlaw and what the expectations were, like did RTC have an expectation that choking, Heimlich and CPR would be provided and her response was I don't know, I didn't negotiate the contract.

MS. SANDERS: Her answer was actually no, she said no.

MR. CLOWARD: I'll find that. Well, I guess, it's just, it's unfair. We had the deposition off, we sat down and tried to depose her on these issues during the discovery period. We sent out the notice. We did all of these things during the deposition and now she's basically advancing a theory that — not a theory, but testimony that we never were allowed to verify. You know, it's like Ronald Reagan says trust but verify. You know, we shouldn't have to just trust what they tell us, we should be able to verify that and that's how —

THE COURT: How would you have verified it if she's the PMK?

MR. CLOWARD: We would have verified it by digging down and saying okay, let's actually take this manual out, let's lay some foundation, let's talk about is this the manual that would have been provided as a result of the RTC contract negotiations with Laidlaw, which she was asked that question — she was asked certain questions about the contract negotiations. She said I don't know, I'm not the person that

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     to confirm with her prior to this trial that the 2006 was in
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     fact the correct one.
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               MR. CLOWARD: Exactly.
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               THE COURT: Just assuming that it was.
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               MR. CLOWARD: Exactly. That's the whole -- that's
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     why I've been such a pain in the Court's butt. I'm sorry.
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     That's exactly the point.
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               THE COURT: I think you have a point, counsel.
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               MS. SANDERS: Well, we won't get the -- we won't try
    to introduce the Laidlaw handbook, but she still has basic
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     information as an employee about what's in the contract and
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     she was an employee there at the time and was not trained in
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    first aid.
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               THE COURT: Well, is she going to have any more
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    knowledge today than she did at her deposition?
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               MS. SANDERS: About?
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               THE COURT: That would be troubling if she suddenly
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    had more knowledge today than she did at her deposition.
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               MS. SANDERS: I'm not sure I follow your point.
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               THE COURT: I'm saying, does she suddenly remember
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    it during trial versus remembering it at the time of
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    deposition.
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               MS. SANDERS: Whether she had first aid training?
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THE COURT: So she doesn't -- you've never been able

negotiated the contract.

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THE COURT: Well, no, no. I think that's all foundational as to what she went through and everything else. But, you know, sometimes witnesses have better recollections when they're sitting in court versus what they did during the course of the deposition. I just want to make sure that's not the case.

MS. HYSON: About what, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Well, you know, she testified that she — I mean, she basically, from what they're telling me, she testified that she wasn't sure about the manual that ultimately went back to RTC at a point in time after the contract was entered.

MS. HYSON: She does testify in her deposition, Your Honor, that the handbook that was provided to RTC at the time of the contract did not provide for first aid training. She does testify to that on page 140 of her deposition.

THE COURT: Okay. And it's not until 2010 that the handbook required first aid training.

MS. HYSON: Correct. And she does testify to that in her deposition. So they had opportunity to follow up on that in the deposition. If they didn't, then that was their option.

MS. SANDERS: We never got a discovery request after that for Laidlaw handbooks. We went back and looked at -- what happened is we went back and looked at it and thought oh,

she mentioned this, let's see if we have it if she can find the one that would have been in effect. And that's when we got the first Laidlaw handbook and produced it.

MR. CLOWARD: Produced it, you know, 30 days ago.

MS. SANDERS: Yes.

MR. CLOWARD: And one other thing that I think is significant, Your Honor --

THE COURT: All right. So what was known was, because it came out in the deposition, was at the time the contract was entered it was not required by RTC, right? So that fact was in fact known. And at some point — yeah.

MR. CLOWARD: That's per her testimony. That's how we're prejudiced. That's why we're so significantly prejudiced is that we have to rely on her. We cannot verify — we can't verify what she said because when we attempted to that in her deposition she says I don't know, I'm not the one that negotiated the contract.

Now they're trying to come up here and importantly, Your Honor, when she took the stand she's the corporate spokesperson. But because Ms. Sanders realizes that she didn't address it and couldn't address it in her deposition, she's trying to backdoor it and say well, she's testifying as an individual. That's not fair to us because we tried to get the information when we deposed her and now she's coming forward and saying well, it's my individual, you know, I was

an employee. Well, you're taking this --

THE COURT: Hold on. I think she can be asked about the first aid as far as in her individual — she's designated as an individual [indiscernible]. I think that as far as foundational questions, she can be asked about the training she underwent. I mean, I think her answers are out there as far as her capacity as a representative of First Laidlaw — I mean Laidlaw, now First Transit as far as whether it was or was not required by RTC. I mean, she testified that it was not — it wasn't required by RTC. She testified to that in the deposition.

MR. CLOWARD: Well, I don't — my understanding in reading the deposition is that when she was asked whether or not there was an expectation by RTC of the drivers to do certain things, she testified I don't know because I didn't —

MS. HYSON: You're cutting off the sentence, Ben.

THE COURT: What page are you on?

MS. HYSON: On page 140 it says, "Okay. I don't believe this is the handbook that was done at the time and submitted with the proposal, that's first. Second, in the contract there's a provision for what the training requirement is by the RTC of what they required. And first aid and choking was not required topics to be taught to our operators upon hire or ongoing training. So to answer your question, I don't know that they had an expectation for us to teach first

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MR. CLOWARD: But what Ms. Hyson is leaving out is at another point in the deposition when she was asked about the negotiations of the contract, she said I don't know, I'm not the person that negotiated the contract.

MS. SANDERS: Well, that's the negotiations. It's not what's in the contract itself.

THE COURT: Yeah, but she may not know what the negotiations were but she knows what the end result was, correct?

MS. SANDERS: That's what she testified to in her deposition.

MR. CLOWARD: Well, if you believe what she's saying. But if you have —

THE COURT: Well, wouldn't that be impeachment?

MR. CLOWARD: You have no way to -- I have no way to impeach her. That's because, you know, that's how we're prejudiced. We have no way to impeach her.

THE COURT: You have the contract and you have the book, right?

MR. CLOWARD: We have the claimed book. We have the supposed book. We don't have the book that was actually that we know that there's even foundation. There's been no foundation that this — that what they produced, zero

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foundation that what they produced is what RTC received after
the contract was signed. There's zero foundation to that.

And she can't lay the foundation because she says that she
didn't negotiate it. And that's the whole — that's the
conundrum is that she's testifying to it, yet she has no
foundational basis to know about it.

THE COURT: Wait a minute. Taking the book aside.
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THE COURT: Wait a minute. Taking the book aside, they've said they're not going to introduce the book themselves. But that doesn't — the fact — that does not mean that she may not have knowledge of what resulted from that contract, which she clearly testifies she does, which is, "There was no requirement for the first aid and choking." I mean, they've said they're not going to introduce the book itself. So they're kind of limited to what she does have firsthand knowledge of.

MR. CLOWARD: Well --

THE COURT: I mean, the only way you're going to know would be to I guess depose individuals who negotiated the contract.

MR. CLOWARD: I mean, I guess the problem that I think that needs to be addressed is that it's not appropriate to allow her, either she's Jen McKibbins, so if Ms. Sanders wants to call her twice, that's fine so that we can prepare. That's a whole other reason is we're, you know, our understanding and expectation is that she's the corporate

designee. That's how she was announced. She never announced to the jurors in a potential list of witnesses hey, this is Jen McKibbins and she's going to tell you her experience as a bus driver. She said hey, this is Jen McKibbins and she's the director of corporate safety for First Transit.

So that's the cross-examination that I prepared over the last week or however long we've been in trial. And to allow Ms. Sanders to get this training, this Laidlaw training is as her individual capacity, that's what's unfair and that's what I'm unable to prepare for.

MR. ALLEN: And when I took the 30(b)(6) deposition
I'm taking a corporation. So I'm not asking about her
background and training, I'm asking about the corporation. So
she was introduced as the corporation, she is the corporation,
she's the voice of the corporation.

THE COURT: I get that, but she's also designated in an individual capacity. It just sounds like you only deposed her in her corporate capacity.

MS. SANDERS: He didn't ask any questions in the deposition about her own training and --

THE COURT: I mean, clearly, this information in this deposition is within her corporate capacity and I think that she would in fact have the ability to testify. She's designated as the PMK.

MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I think that a fair

proposal would be Ms. Sanders can lay foundation of what her personal experience is, but that the jurors need to be — it needs to be clarified Ms. McKibbins, now you're testifying in your individual capacity right now. And then if they need to recall her or however that happens, it needs to be stated clearly Ms. McKibbins, now you're as the director of corporate safety. And I don't think that there is any reference if I go up and cross—examine her hey, you didn't — how come you haven't provided this Laidlaw manual to us. I don't think she's able to say well, we gave it to you 30 days ago. That's unfair to us. It's not been produced. It's just as though it's not been produced and I think that's a fair limitation.

MS. SANDERS: I'm not going to mention the manual. It's not coming in so I'm not going to mention it. But it wouldn't be fair for him to mention it if I'm not going to bring it in.

THE COURT: I thought we already discussed this.

It's not coming in. And I — unless I'm not thinking through your position correctly, I'm not sure that it would — I don't see how it would necessarily prejudice you to maybe preface that she's in her knowledge within her personal capacity versus her knowledge as the corporate representative of First Transit.

MS. SANDERS: It's all within her personal knowledge, Your Honor. So to try and differentiate what

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information she knows as Jen McKibbins versus information that is strictly as a PMK, it's all within her personal knowledge.

MR. ALLEN: And that's the reason why it was confusing taking her deposition. So she should be able to say let's talk about your personal knowledge, now let's talk about you as a corporate representative. Let's talk about this corporation. You are the corporation. So it's going to be confusing for the jury as to who's talking here, it's a person. I just think there should be some division. It confused me when I took her deposition.

THE COURT: Here's the thing, though. Listening to her testimony, it was my impression that she was testifying as far as her personal knowledge because Ms. Sanders did in the progression of laying out the background for all her questions. I mean, obviously, it was her skills, training and everything else.

MS. SANDERS: But she will testify about the -- she was involved in the training of Jay Farrales, she knows about the contract, she has to deal with the contract with RTC all the time to be sure there's compliance. That's all within her personal knowledge of her job and her job at the time.

MR. ALLEN: Just to be clear, Your Honor, with the jury. Now I would like to turn your attention to being a corporate representative versus let's talk about you as a background. That, I think that's fair so the jury doesn't get

1 sideways.

THE COURT: If it seems unclear to the jury we can always clarify at that point. But, I mean, I think it was clear to me at least when the questions were ongoing. I mean, she's obviously here based upon, she has information because of she's the PMK more in depth and she also has firsthand information because she's actively engaged in a job with First Transit and that's what she's testifying to as well. I think this is yours, please. Thank you. I believe — I don't know whose is whose, but I think it's Mr. Cloward's.

MR. CLOWARD: Thank you, Your Honor.

about the manual will not come in. I mean, I'm going to let her testify as to things that she's already testified to in the deposition. And again, as I previously indicated, I think that she was designated in two different capacities, but as her individual role as an employee within the corporation and the job activities she does in conjunction with that and also having information regarding the corporate entity itself, since she was obviously the one chosen to appear for the 30(b)(6) deposition.

We'll go over these questions tomorrow.

MS. SANDERS: Okay.

THE COURT: I'll see you at 9:30. Don't lose them.

MS. SANDERS: When did you want to talk about jury

instructions? THE COURT: That's a good point. Oh, shoot. told the jury to come back at 9:30. So probably the best thing would be -- is she your last witness? MS. SANDERS: Yes. THE COURT: So we'll just give the jury probably a long, an early, long lunch break and then we'll do the jury instructions. We'll probably just take a short lunch break ourselves, if you guys don't mind, and that way we can get into jury instructions. The way I do it, usually most of those you guys agree upon yourself and in my impression I only need to go through the ones that are contested. MR. CLOWARD: Sure. Thank you, Your Honor. MS. SANDERS: Thank you. MR. CLOWARD: Thank you for allowing the argument. THE COURT: Of course. Have a nice evening. (Court recessed for the evening at 5:06 p.m.)

CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

AFFIRMATION

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

KARR REPORTING, INC. Aurora, Colorado

KIMBERLY LAWSON

KARR Reporting, Inc.

001404

1 COME NOW, JACK CHERNIKOFF and ELAINE CHERNIKOFF, by and through their 2 attorneys of record, and submit the following Proposed Jury Instructions with Citations. 3 day of February, 2016. 4 5 6 CLOWARD HICKS & BRASIER, PLLC 7 8 BENJAMIN P. CLOWARD, ESQ. 9 Nevada Bar No. 11087 10 721 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 11 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 12 13 CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 14 Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 5(b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of 15 CLOWARD HICKS & BRASIER, PLLC and that on the day of February, 2016, I caused the 16 foregoing PLAINTIFFS' PROPOSED JURY INSTRUCTIONS WITH CITATIONS to be 17 18 served as follows: 19 Pursuant to N.E.F.C.R. 9 by serving it via electronic service 20 21 22 to the attorneys listed below: 23 24 LEANN SANDERS, ESQ. ALVERSON, TAYLOR, MORTENSEN, & SANDERS 25 7401 W. Charleston Blvd. 26 Las Vegas, Nevada 89117 Attorneys for Defendants 27

An employee of CLOWARD HICKS & BRASIER, PLLC

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY:

It is my duty as judge to instruct you in the law that applies to this case. It is your duty as jurors to follow these instructions and to apply the rules of law to the facts as you find them from the evidence.

You must not be concerned with the wisdom of any rule of law stated in these instructions.

Regardless of any opinion you may have as to what the law ought to be, it would be a violation of your oath to base a verdict upon any other view of the law than that given in the instructions of the court.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

If, in these instructions, any rule, direction or idea is repeated or stated in different ways, no emphasis thereon is intended by me and none may be inferred by you. For that reason, you are not to single out any certain sentence or any individual point or instruction and ignore the others, but you are to consider all the instructions as a whole and regard each in the light of all the others.

The order in which the instructions are given has no significance as to their relative importance.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

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The masculine form as used in these instructions, if applicable as shown by the text of the instruction and the evidence, applies to a female person.

INSTRUCTION NO.

The evidence which you are to consider in this case consists of the testimony of the witnesses, the exhibits, and any facts admitted or agreed to by counsel.

Statements, arguments and opinions of counsel are not evidence in the case. However, if the attorneys stipulate as to the existence of a fact, you must accept the stipulation as evidence and regard that fact as proved.

You must not speculate to be true any insinuations suggested by a question asked a witness. A question is not evidence and may be considered only as it supplies meaning to the answer.

You must disregard any evidence to which an objection was sustained by the court and any evidence ordered stricken by the court.

Anything you may have seen or heard outside the courtroom is not evidence and must also be disregarded.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

You must decide all questions of fact in this case from the evidence received in this trial and not from any other source. You must not make any independent investigation of the facts or the law or consider or discuss facts as to which there is no evidence. This means, for example, that you must not on your own visit the scene, conduct experiments, or consult reference works for additional information.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

Although you are to consider only the evidence in the case in reaching a verdict, you must bring to the consideration of the evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women. Thus, you are not limited solely to what you see and hear as the witnesses testify. You may draw reasonable inferences from the evidence which you feel are justified in the light of common experience, keeping in mind that such inferences should not be based on speculation or guess.

A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice or public opinion. Your decision should be the product of sincere judgment and sound discretion in accordance with these rules of law.

INSTRUCTION NO.	
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You are not to discuss or even consider whether or not the plaintiffs were carrying insurance to cover medical bills, loss of earnings, or any other damages they claim to have sustained.

You are not to discuss or even consider whether or not the defendants were carrying insurance that would reimburse them for whatever sum of money they may be called upon to pay to the plaintiffs.

Whether or not either party was insured is immaterial, and should make no difference in any verdict you may render in this case.

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If, during this trial, I have said or done anything which has suggested to you that I am inclined to favor the claims or position of any party, you will not be influenced by any such suggestion.

I have not expressed, nor intended to express, nor have I intended to intimate, any opinion as to which witnesses are or are not worthy of belief, what facts are or are not established, or what inference should be drawn from the evidence. If any expression of mine has seemed to indicate an opinion relating to any of these matters, I instruct you to disregard it.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

There are two kinds of evidence: direct and circumstantial. Direct evidence is direct proof of a fact, such as testimony of an eyewitness. Circumstantial evidence is indirect evidence, that is, proof of a chain of facts from which you could find that another fact exists, even though it has not been proved directly. You are entitled to consider both kinds of evidence. The law permits you to give equal weight to both, but it is for you to decide how much weight to give to any evidence. It is for you to decide whether a fact has been proved by circumstantial evidence.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

In determining whether any proposition has been proved, you should consider all of the evidence bearing on the question without regard to which party produced it.

Certain testimony has been read into evidence from a deposition. A deposition is testimony taken under oath before the trial and preserved in writing. You are to consider that testimony as if it had been given in court.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

During the course of the trial you have heard reference made to the word "interrogatory." An interrogatory is a written question asked by one party to another, who must answer it under oath in writing. You are to consider interrogatories and the answers thereto the same as if the questions had been asked and answered here in court.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

In this case, as permitted by law, the plaintiffs and defendants served upon each other written requests for the admission of the truth of certain matters of fact. You will regard as being conclusively proved all such matters of fact which were expressly admitted by the parties or that the parties failed to deny.

If counsel for the parties have stipulated to any fact, you will regard that fact as being conclusively proved as to the party or parties making the stipulation.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

The credibility or "believability" of a witness should be determined by his or her manner upon the stand, his or her relationship to the parties, his or her fears, motives, interests or feelings, his or her opportunity to have observed the matter to which he or she testified, the reasonableness of his or her statements and the strength or weakness of his or her recollections.

If you believe that a witness has lied about any material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of this testimony which is not proved by other evidence.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil 2.07; BAJI 2.22

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

Discrepancies in a witnesses testimony or between his testimony and that of others, if there was any discrepancies, do not necessarily mean that the witness should be discredited. Failure of recollection is a common experience, and innocent misrecollection is not uncommon. It is a fact, also, that two persons witnessing an incident or transaction often will see or hear it differently. Whether a discrepancy pertains to a fact of importance or only to a trivial detail should be considered in weighing its significance.

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

An attorney has a right to interview a witness for the purpose of learning what testimony the witness will give. The fact that the witness has talked to an attorney and told him what he would testify to does not, by itself, reflect adversely on the truth of the testimony of the witness.

INSTRUCTION NO. _____

A person who has special knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education in a particular science, profession or occupation is an expert witness. An expert witness may give his or her opinion as to any matter in which he or she is skilled. You should consider such expert opinion and weight the reasons, if any, given for it. You are not bound, however, by such an opinion. Give it the weight to which you deem it entitled, whether that be great or slight, and you may reject it, if, in your judgment, the reasons given for it are unsound.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed., Inst. 3EX.1

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

An expert witness has testified about his reliance upon an article and books that have not been admitted into evidence. Reference by the expert witness to this material is allowed so that the expert may tell you what he relied upon to form his opinions. You may not consider the material as evidence in this case. Rather, you may only consider the material to determine that weight, if any, you will give to the expert's opinions.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed., Inst. 3EX.3

A hypothetical question has been asked of an expert witness. In a hypothetical question, the
expert witness is told to assume the truth of certain facts, and the expert witness is asked to give an
opinion based upon those assumed facts. You must decide if all of the facts assumed in the
hypothetical question have been established by the evidence. You can determine the effect of that
admission upon the value of the opinion.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed., Inst. 3EX.4

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

Whenever in these instructions I state that the burden, or the burden of proof, rests upon a certain party to prove a certain allegation made by him, the meaning of such an instruction is this: That unless the truth of the allegation is proved by a preponderance of the evidence, you shall find the same to be not true.

The term "preponderance of the evidence" means such evidence as, when weighed with that opposed to it, has more convincing force, and from which it appears that the greater probability of truth lies therein.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed. Inst. 4NG.2

The preponderance, or weight of evidence, is not necessarily with the greater number of witnesses.

The testimony of one witness worthy of belief is sufficient for the proof of any fact and would justify a verdict in accordance with such testimony, even if a number of witnesses have testified to the contrary. If, from the whole case, considering the credibility of witnesses, and after weighing the various factors of evidence, you believe that there is a balance of probability pointing to the accuracy and honesty of the one witness, you should accept his testimony.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed. Inst. 4NG.3

A proximate cause of injury, damage, loss, or harm is a cause which, in natural and continuous sequence, produces the injury, damage, loss, or harm, and without which the injury, damage, loss, or harm, would not have occurred.

Plaintiffs are the heirs of the deceased, Harvey Chernikoff. In determining the amount of losses, if any, suffered by the heirs as a proximate result of the death of Harvey Chernikoff, you will decide upon a sum of money sufficient to compensate each heir for the following items:

- The heir's loss of probable support, companionship, society, comfort, and consortium.
- You may also consider:
 - a) The age of the deceased and of the heir;
 - b) The health of the deceased and the heir;
 - The respective life expectancies of the deceased and of the heir;
 - d) Whether the deceased was kindly, affectionate or otherwise;
 - The disposition of the deceased to contribute financially to support the heir;
 - f) The earning capacity of the deceased;
 - g) His or her habits of industry and thrift; and
 - h) Any other facts shown by the evidence indicating what benefits the heir might reasonably have expected to receive from the deceased had he lived.
- 2. Any damages for pain, suffering, or disfigurement of the decedent.
- Any grief or sorrow suffered by their heir and any grief or sorrow reasonably certain to be experienced in the future.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed. Inst. 5PID.5 (modified); NRS 41.085; General Elec. Co. v. Bush, 88 Nev. 360, 498 P.2d 366 (1972); Sierra Pac. Power Co. v. Anderson, 77 Nev. 68, 358 P.2d 892 (1961).

INSTRUCTION NO. ____

No definite standard or method of calculation is prescribed by law by which to fix reasonable compensation for pain and suffering. Nor is the opinion of any witness required as to the amount of such reasonable compensation. In making an award for pain and suffering, you shall exercise your authority with clam and reasonable judgment and the damages you fix shall be just and reasonable in light of the evidence.

Nevada Pattern Civil Jury Instructions, Civil, 2011 Ed. Inst. 5PID.2

Case No. 70164

In the Supreme Court of Nevada

FIRST TRANSIT, INC.; and JAY FARRALES,

Appellants,

VS.

JACK CHERNIKOFF; and ELAINE CHERNIKOFF,

Respondents.

Electronically Filed Oct 20 2017 03:01 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

APPEAL

from the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County The Honorable STEFANY A. MILEY, District Judge District Court Case No. A-13-682726-C

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58	Notice of Entry of "Stipulation and Order Setting Briefing Schedule and Conditional Hearing Date on Post-Judgment Motions"	05/19/16	9	2008–2013
72	Notice of Entry of Amended Judgment	06/07/17	11	2624–2631
51	Notice of Entry of Judgment	03/09/16	8	1774–1785
28	Notice of Entry of Order Deferring Ruling on Plaintiffs' Motion to Strike Impermissible Video	09/08/15	1	180–186
23	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants' Motion to Strike Plaintiffs' Passenger Transportation Expert, Carl Berkowitz Ph.D.	09/08/15	1	143–149
71	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Motion for New Trial	06/07/17	11	2614–2623
29	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion in Limine No. 1 to Exclude Any Discussion, Mention, Reference, Comments Regarding the Retention of Ned Einstein	09/08/15	1	187–193
30	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion in Limine No. 2 to Exclude Any Reference or Comments that Carl Berkowitz Utilized Ned Einstein's Report	09/08/15	1	194–200
32	Notice of Entry of Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion in Limine No. 4 to Exclude Any Reference of Decedent Obtaining a Drivers License	09/08/15	1	209–215
24	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part	09/08/15	1	150–156

	and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion in Limine No. 1 to Exclude Items Produced by Plaintiffs After the Close of Discovery			
25	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion in Limine No. 2 to Exclude Post-July 2011 Policy Documents and Any References or Testimony Related Thereto	09/08/15	1	157–164
27	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion in Limine No. 4 to Preclude Speculation by Lay Witnesses that First Aid Would Have Saved Decedent's Life	09/08/15	1	172–179
69	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants Motion to Retax; Denying motion to Strike Plaintiffs' Memorandum of Costs and for Sanctions; Denying Farrales' Motion for Fees and Costs	06/07/17	11	2597–2605
70	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment	06/07/17	11	2606–2613
10	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion for Association of Out of State Counsel Pro Hac Vice	05/29/14	1	52–56
26	Notice of Entry of Order on Defendants' Motion in Limine No. 3 to Exclude Postmorten Photographs of Decedent at Trial	09/08/15	1	165–171
11	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order for Extension of Time to Complete Discovery (Second Request)	08/20/14	1	57–66
16	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order for Extension of Time to Complete Discovery	01/20/15	1	87–95

13	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Complete Discovery (Third Request)	09/29/14	1	69–79
9	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Laidlaw Transit Services, Inc. With Prejudice	04/04/14	1	46–51
22	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Claims for Funeral Expenses	06/30/15	1	135–142
18	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Punitive Damages Claim	06/05/15	1	98–105
8	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss the Estate of Harvey Chernikoff With Prejudice	04/04/14	1	39–45
33	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Reset Trial	09/09/15	1	216–222
31	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Withdraw Plaintiffs' Motion in Limine No. 3 to Seek Exclusion of Any Reference or Comments that the Decedent was Incompetent to Ride the Bus and Any Arguments Regarding Comparative Negligence	09/08/15	1	201–208
62	Opposition to Motion for New Trial and Supplement Thereto	07/05/16	10	2442–2482
56	Opposition to Motion for New Trial;	04/11/16	8	1980–2000
	Request to Supplement Opposition When Transcripts are Complete		9	2001–2002
55	Opposition to Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment	04/11/16	8	1973–1979
12	Order Re-Setting Civil Jury Trial and Calendar Call	09/17/14	1	67–68
7	Order Setting Civil Jury Trial	08/30/13	1	37–38

39	Plaintiffs' Bench Brief re: Nevada Pattern Jury Instruction "4NG.45 – Duty to Disabled, Infirm or Intoxicated Person, or Duty to a Child"	02/23/16	4	955–964
38	Plaintiffs' Brief re: Common Carrier Jury Instruction	02/23/16	4	909–954
20	Plaintiffs' Pre-Trial Memorandum	06/19/15	1	125–132
43	Plaintiffs' Proposed Jury Instructions	02/25/16	6	1405–1445
45	Plaintiffs' Proposed Jury Instructions Not Used at Trial	02/26/16	7	1616–1617
66	Recorders Transcript of Hearing on Motion for Costs and Attorney's Fees; Motion for New Trial (and Motion for Leave to Supplement); Motion to Alter or Amend Judgment	08/16/16	11	2545–2588
34	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 1	02/17/16	1 2	223–250 251–376
35	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 2	02/18/16	2	377–500
			3	501–540
36	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 3	02/19/16	3	541–750
			4	751–770
37	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 4	02/22/16	4	771–908
40	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial	02/23/16	4	965–1000
	Day 5		5	1001–1084
41	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 6	02/24/16	5	1085–1209
42	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 7	02/25/16	5	1210–1250
			6	1251–1404
44	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 8	02/26/16	6	1446–1500

			7	1501–1615
46	Recorders Transcript of Hearing: Jury Trial Day 9	02/29/16	7	1618–1716
64	Reply Brief on Motion for New Trial	07/26/16	10	2485–2500
			11	2501–2539
65	Reply Brief on Motion to Alter or Amend the Judgment	07/26/16	11	2540–2544
6	Scheduling Order	08/28/13	1	34–36
15	Second Order Re-Setting Civil Jury Trial and Calendar Call	01/13/15	1	85–86
63	Stipulation and Order Extending Plaintiffs' Time to File Supplemental Briefing	07/12/16	10	2483–2484
67	Substitution of Attorney	03/24/17	11	2589–2591
60	Supplemental Motion for New Trial	05/25/16	10	2270–2300
21	Third Order Re-Setting Civil Jury Trial and Calendar Call	06/29/15	1	133–134
48	Verdict	02/29/16	7	1718–1720

counties in wide open area where there's not a lot of population, I mean, you know, you have a very limited number of responding agencies. So, I mean, whether it's a crash, I mean, you could be waiting for 30, 40 minutes for a sheriff to get over to where you are in the county. And the same thing with a medical response.

So if there's agencies that are providing transit into rural areas like that, then a lot of times the states will — there's probably not a dedicated fixed route transit system in those situations, the state will provide funding to serve these rural areas that are smaller communities that they might not qualify for those federal funds. Those are the types of agencies where you would see, typically see if you're going to see it, training on first aid or CPR, just because if something does happen, you're looking at a much longer response time for a professional to get there.

- Q Did you see in the policy of First Transit that the first response for a driver was to call dispatch?
 - A Yes.
- Q For a city of our size, is that a common requirement first response?
- A Yeah. You know, again, it will vary. There's some agencies or systems that have an outside communication available to the drivers. I think in this one the communication is limited to dispatch. And if you look at the

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rules of First Transit in their book, it's with regard to cell phones, which is probably the only phone that you could expect to be on this vehicle. Drivers were supposed to have them turned off, if they had them at all, to try and limit distracted driving and the potential for them using them and, you know, being unsafe in how they drive. So I don't think it was unusual for them to have a system really where they called dispatch.

And specifically in this instance, because, you know, if you're a driver and you're doing the calling and, you know, if you've ever called 9-1-1 or something like that, I mean, they want you to stay on the line with them while they're getting people to you. I mean, you know, you're trying to do that, you're trying to assess and figure out what's wrong with the passenger. So it's a lot easier if you have somebody else kind of controlling that and getting the help to you and managing that situation. And then they even might have an opportunity to provide additional information to those folks on the phone with regard to specific medical conditions of a passenger that a driver would not know about.

Q You did indicate there was a policy among some transits, including First Transit, that the drivers should not have a cell phone with them or should have it tucked away. Are you critical of that policy?

A No, it's pretty typical. I mean, if you look at the KARR REPORTING, INC.

regulations for commercial vehicles, they basically prevent you from actively talking and holding a cell phone as a commercial driver and texting. But a lot of companies go steps further and they don't just want it off, they want it away from you so there's no, you know, potential for you to want to grab it or if you see something come through to look at it. So to have it turned off and stored away is, you know, it's — I'll say aggressive.

There's a lot of companies that don't go to that length, but certainly, it's the practice of most companies these days to not use it or not have it immediately in your vicinity because they want to try and minimize that distraction that we all can get distracted by with those phones.

Q I want you to assume that Dr. Stein came in and testified to us a couple days ago and he said the first response in his opinion should have been for Jay to get up, strike Harvey on the back a number of times. If that did not work, get Harvey up, do a Heimlich maneuver on him and if that didn't work, then call dispatch or 9-1-1. Assuming those comments to be true that that's what he said, is that within the industry standard in terms of responding to an issue?

A No. I mean, I think the first step is to, again, especially when you're in this case, you want to get dispatch involved and get some responding technicians and emergency

response folks on the way. You know, I think even that is making some assumptions maybe that you know what's going on. I mean, again, it's a driver who's trying to just figure out, first of all, if he's being responsive or can get him to be responsive.

Q All right. Going to change topics again. We've heard discussion about personal care attendants. Describe what we mean by personal care attendant.

A Personal care attendant is somebody that is authorized to ride along with somebody that's been approved to use paratransit transportation. So typically, they — if you have an approval for a personal care attendant or PCA to ride with you, the agency has to provide transportation to that PCA for free. Paratransit's not necessarily a free service for the folks who are eligible for it. Again, if you think about it, it's an extension of the fixed route system. So if you, if the bus fare's two twenty-five for a fixed route, typically that's what they would charge a paratransit customer for transportation from, you know, their door to the door where they're going to. So if they're approved and they need the assistance or approved and would like assistance of the PCA, that PCA rides free, doesn't pay the fare that, whatever the fare that's being charged.

Q And what types of things would a PCA be authorized for? Why would they -- what categories would we be dealing

with?

A It's really up to the eligibility people to determine when they're going to approve or allow that, but it has a lot to do with — probably the testing that they do with the person that's applying for the eligibility for the service. You know, there's cases where you might need a PCA to — if you're not going to a known facility, maybe you have a doctor's appointment at a hospital that the person with the disability is not used to going to and they wouldn't recognize and once they got there they wouldn't know where to go because it's out of the ordinary, you might use a PCA to help in that instance.

Because, again, the driver's responsibility is, you know, is not to take passengers in and get them where they're going. It's to take them to the facility. So you might have a PCA approved for those non-routine instances of travel. And you might have one that travels all the time with a person. If somebody has a medically fragile condition or medical condition that they need someone to always watch them, or perhaps they're disruptive behaviors or they have behavioral issues where it's a concern to them, the driver or other passengers or any combination of that, there might be a PCA that rides to try and manage that and make sure that the person with that behavioral disability behaves themselves and doesn't put other people at harm.

Q You talked about someone who may be fragile. We certainly can think of physically fragile, but could people also be fragile from mental retardation and that type of thing? We discussed that and in conjunction with having a personal care attendant.

A Yeah. I mean, I think, again, it comes down to whether or not it's routine and the level of the cognitive disability for the person. I mean, if they're going, for instance, to the same spot every day and they know that spot and they recognize it, I mean, they probably don't need a PCA. But if they have a high level of cognitive disability, they may not even be able to recognize that, someplace they go on a daily basis. So there they might need a PCA. It really depends upon the level of the cognitive disability.

Q Are you aware that in this case the woman at the RTC, after interviewing Harvey, approved a PCA without the parents even asking for it?

A Yes.

Q If someone is mentally fragile, can't remember things or confused and that type of thing, rather than a PCA, why don't we just make that the responsibility of the bus driver to look after people like that?

A Well, remember, a bus driver, it's different drivers, different routes, different passengers. And really, their responsibility, again, their job description, we're

hiring them to operate a vehicle from point A to point B, to know how to operate the specialized equipment on that vehicle if necessary, the ramps, the lifts. So their job's not a caregiver, it's a driver.

Q Well, I want you to assume that Harvey's mother testified a few days ago, and I want you to assume she testified as follows. That the RTC gave her a pamphlet that talked about the rules to be followed that included no eating on the bus. She didn't read it. That Harvey — she testified that Harvey could not remember rules and for him to remember anything it had to be repeated many, many times over even months.

Also assume that she said that Harvey would not recognize a no eating sign, the sign with the line through it, he would not recognize that even with instruction. That she never rode on the bus with him and she believed that the driver was responsible for informing Harvey of the rules and warn him of violations. What is your take on making the driver responsible for Harvey under those circumstances?

A I mean, that's just not part of the job description. I mean, the whole point of those rider guides and helping the folks understand whether it's them using the service or, you know, their family members or their loved ones, helping them understand what the rules and the expectations are of them while they're riding the service, again, the driver's

responsibility is to drive the vehicle.

- Q The RTC did its responsibility by allowing a personal care attendant?
 - A They did allow a personal care attendant, yes.
- Q And would that be the role of the personal care attendant taking care of someone who had those disabilities?

A Yeah. I mean, to the extent that they felt that it was necessary. I mean, if she felt that it was necessary to have somebody to monitor them for a specific situation or like that, you know, that would be a role that would be fulfilled by the PCA.

Q Okay. I'm going to change subjects on you again. Eating on the bus. Do transit companies have a rule against eating on the bus typically?

A Yes.

Q Why?

A Because when people eat on the bus, I mean, they're apt to drop something, spill food, leave behind trash, you know, and these are all things that then become hazards. I mean, if you have a wrapper on the floor — think of a cartoon, a banana peel on the floor, a wrapper or you have a drink that's an open top and it spills and now you have a wet floor. I mean, you're creating a more dangerous situation on the bus for the other passengers. So they typically prohibit those types of items so that they try and minimize those risks

1 to the other passengers of slipping. I mean, it's really a 2 slip, trip and fall issue.

You know, and recognizing that, I mean, again, it's when you get back to if we were to allow that and people are doing it and you have things happening like that, then, you know, who's going to be monitoring that, who's going to be cleaning it up. I mean, if that becomes then a driver's responsibility he's going to constantly monitor that at every stop and he's going to have cleaning supplies on and then [indiscernible] trips. So the reason really is to prevent any hazards from developing associated with the eating or drinking from those open containers and trying to keep the bus clean.

- Q Are there any federal standards or regulations prohibiting eating on the bus for fear that someone will choke?
 - A No.

- Q Are there any industry standards preventing people from eating on the bus for fear that they will choke?
- A No. Again, it's largely a function of I mean, if you look at claims and things that happen typically on vehicles, I mean, it's tripping over things, slipping on wet floors. So, I mean, the reason for those rules is really a slip, trip, fall issue.
- Q Based upon your experience in the transportation business, is it more likely that someone will choke on food on

a bus than in a restaurant or in the backseat of a car?

A I don't think so. I mean, I don't know that anybody's ever done any studies. I don't know how you would, but in my opinion it's not.

- Q And according to what we've learned in this case is that water bottles were allowed if they had a spill-proof top on it, but if it didn't then you couldn't bring it on. Is it more likely that someone will choke on water if it has doesn't have a spill-proof than if it does have a spill-proof?
 - A No, I wouldn't think so.
 - Q Anything to do with choking?
- A I don't think so. Again, it goes back to trying to keep the bus, the environment on the bus safe for other passengers and not spilling that liquid on the floor or the seat and then someone sit down in the seat and now it's on their clothes. So it's really, again, it's a function of slip, trip, fall and the cleanliness of the bus.
- Q When Dr. Stein was in he indicated that when he looked at the video that Harvey ate his sandwich in one and a half minutes, approximately. Was that your take from the video?
 - A Yes, it was pretty fast.
- Q And Dr. Stein referred to it as wolfing it down. Would that be your take as well?
 - A I eat pretty quick, but yeah, it was quick.

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1
               All right. Now, with respect to all of your
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    opinions that you've rendered here today, have all of them
 3
     been within the reasonable degree of certainty in your
 4
    profession?
 5
         A
               Yes.
 6
               MR. ALVERSON: No further questions. Thank you,
 7
    Your Honor.
8
               THE COURT: Counsel, before you start on cross why
9
    don't we give the jury a break.
10
               MR. CLOWARD: No problem. Thank you.
11
               THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, come back at
12
     11:15. Again, don't talk about the case, don't research the
13
     case, don't form or express an opinion.
             (Court recessed at 11:01 a.m. until 11:21 a.m.)
14
15
                   (Outside the presence of the jury.)
16
                         (Off-record colloquy.)
17
               THE COURT: Okay. Let's bring them in.
18
                 (Jury panel reconvened at 11:23 a.m.)
19
               THE COURT: All right. Please make yourselves
20
     comfortable. Sir, you were placed under oath, you're still
     under oath at this time. Thank you. Whenever you're ready.
21
22
               MR. CLOWARD: May it please the Court. Thank you,
23
    Your Honor.
24
                           CROSS-EXAMINATION
25
    BY MR. CLOWARD:
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1 Mr. Daecher, how are you? 0 2 A I'm good. How are you? 3 You and I have never met; is that fair? Q That's fair. 4 A 5 All right. I just want to ask you a couple 6 questions. The first thing that I wanted to ask was you were 7 talking about CPR, you were talking about Heimlich maneuver 8 and what's required, when it's required and those things. Do 9 you remember that? 10 Yes. A 11 Do you remember telling the jurors that there are 12 actually expanded services for larger cities when you were 13 comparing like, say for instance, Las Vegas versus Reno. 14 Can be. A 15 And you testified when Mr. Alverson was asking you 16 questions, the defense attorney, you talked about how private operators like First Transit are regulated more than say 17 18 public services, correct? 19 A Correct. 20 And where are you from? 0 21 Pennsylvania. A 22 Where are you staying? 0 23 I'm staying at the Vdara. A 24 0 Downtown on the Strip?

25

A

Yes.

1	Q	Do you take a taxicab here to the courthouse?
2	А	No.
3	Q	How did you get here to the courthouse?
4	А	Rental car.
5	Q	Okay. What time of day did you come on the Strip?
6	Was it bus	sy, were there a lot of cars?
7	А	I did not I didn't use the Strip. I came in from
8	the back :	side.
9	Q	Okay.
10	A	I lived here 20 years ago. I know not to go on the
11	Strip.	
12	Q	Why is that?
13	A	Just because I don't want to deal with the
14	congestion	n.
15	Q	Gets sometimes congested in big cities, doesn't it?
16	A	Sure. Any city at certain points, certain times,
17	yes.	
18	Q	Do you know how long it took in this case for 9-1-1
19	to arrive	and perform any life saving measures for Harvey?
20	A	I think approximately eight minutes.
21	Q	Would congestion of a real big city be a reason that
22	you might	want to train folks on how to do CPR and Heimlich
23	maneuver,	especially in like a big city like Las Vegas?
24	A	I mean, any big city can have congestion, but, I
25	mean, the	larger the city the more responders you have. I

1	mean, obviously there's laws that require motorists and
2	vehicles to get out of the way during an emergency response.
3	So, I mean, I think it's compensated for in the larger cities
4	because you have a larger amounts of people responding and
5	they're regionally set up versus coming from across town. I
6	mean, they're going to call the closest response center and
7	they will respond.
8	Q Certainly in this case it would have been the
9	closest response center and it still took eight minutes.
10	A Yes.
11	Q Are you aware that the defense counsel's witness
12	that testified yesterday, Dr. MacQuarrie testified that people
13	start to experience brain death at just four minutes?
14	A I wasn't here for it, so no.
15	MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I'd like to show the
16	witness what's been previously marked as Plaintiff's 2.
17	THE COURT: Has it been admitted?
18	MR. CLOWARD: Yes.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MR. CLOWARD: May I approach?
21	THE COURT: You may. You don't have to ask in the
22	future.
23	MR. CLOWARD: Okay. Sorry, Judge.
24	BY MR. CLOWARD:

You see what's in front of you there?

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- A Yes.
- Can you just remind the jurors what that is? Q
- First Transit Employee Handbook. A
- Okay. Now, when you were being asked by the defense 0 attorney questions about what the training of individuals for First Transit is, I believe you told them that they're supposed to call dispatch instead of 9-1-1.

I think it's, again, and I said this, it's dependent upon the particular system and whatever communication system they have in place on their vehicles. Again, if you have a -some of them have a communication system that can dial out, but that's not typical. So if somebody was going to call 9-1-1 they would have to do it, you know, on a company-supplied cell phone which is really not typical for a transit agency or a personal one. Otherwise, it's generally you have a communication system that's limited to communicating with your dispatch.

Okay. Does communicating with your dispatch and then having dispatch assess what's going on and make a determination as to whether 9-1-1 should be or shouldn't be called, does that lengthen the time of response?

I don't know. You have to compare it with - I mean, you know, getting a phone out, turning it on and getting service and so, I mean, obviously I think the dispatchers are trained when a driver calls and indicates there's a situation

involved and their first training is going to be to contact 1 2 authorities and the responders and get them there as soon as possible.

Okay. What I'd like you to do is not -- I want you to thumb through that or I'm sure -- you've reviewed that, right?

A Yes.

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Can you point us to where in that policy it says for drivers if there's an emergency such as choking to call dispatch?

I don't know if I can look through it all. I don't know if it's in here. I know that that's what they were trained to do by the testimony from the safety manager and obviously Jay. So, you know, my understanding from the safety manager is that obviously, First Transit is a large company and they have a lot of operations. So this is a handbook that's rather generic and there are certain portions that may be more applicable to some operations than others. So, you know, again, you have different systems. You're on different vehicles. Some contracts, they might not even own the vehicles and the vehicles are supplied by the agency.

So whatever communication system's on the vehicle then is what you're dealing with. Other times they can specify. So it's going to change and so you're going to have location specific training at any location based upon the

variables involved.

- Q Like in this case, First Transit didn't own, they didn't actually have to pay for the vehicles because those were owned by RTC, right?
 - A I don't know, quite honestly, what the scenario was.
- Q You would agree, though, that First Transit was required, their job was to provide the individuals who would actually operate the buses, true?
 - A Drivers, yes.
- Q This is the policy regarding if there's a stroke.

 Do you see where it says, "If you see or have any of the list of symptoms, immediately call 9-1-1"?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Did I read that correctly?
- 15 A You did.
 - Q Let's go to 70 that one right there. This is for a heart attack. "If you see or have any of the listed symptoms, immediately call 9-1-1." Did I read that correctly?
- 19 A Yes.
 - Q Let's go to page 70. This is the this is a reminder, this is the choking policy that First Transit claims did not apply to the employees in Las Vegas. "If the obstruction does not clear after three cycles of back blows and abdominal thrusts, call 9-1-1." Did I read that correctly?

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You did.
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 2
               Okay. One of the things I want to do is just blow
 3
     up the very bottom there, the very, very bottom. I believe
 4
    yesterday Dr. MacQuarrie said that the Red Cross was falling
 5
     out of favor for training. Were you aware of that? They're
 6
     falling out of favor with the Heimlich maneuver.
 7
               No, I don't teach first aid, so.
          A
               Okay. Have you had a chance to review the training
8
9
     that was provided to Mr. Farrales?
10
               Yes.
          A
11
               Specifically, Plaintiff's 3 is in front of you.
12
    Actually, this is the voluntary statement. Have you had a
13
     chance to review that document?
14
               I'm sure I did at some --
         A
15
               MR. ALVERSON: What are we talking about?
16
               MR. CLOWARD: I'm sorry. It's Plaintiff's 3.
17
     is the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department voluntary
18
     statement.
19
               MS. SANDERS: It's really more than that, so.
20
               MR. ALVERSON: What part do you want?
21
               MS. SANDERS: Is there a particular page?
22
               MR. CLOWARD: Page nine.
23
               MR. ALVERSON: Let's just go with the page.
24
               MR. CLOWARD: Page nine.
25
    BY MR. CLOWARD:
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1
               Do you see page nine there?
 2
          A
               I do.
 3
               MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I'd like to move into
 4
     evidence page nine of Exhibit 3.
 5
               MR. ALVERSON: No objection, Your Honor.
 6
               THE COURT: Admitted.
 7
                (Plaintiff's Exhibit 3, page 9 admitted.)
8
     BY MR. CLOWARD:
9
               I'm just going to read this and see if I read it
10
     correct. "I noticed he stopped talking. I tried talked to
11
     him but he wasn't responding. I looked at the mirror. I saw
12
     him drifting from his seat." Did I read that correctly?
13
          A
               Yes.
14
               Now I'd like to have you look at Joint Al, page one,
     the operator incident report.
15
16
               You'll have to help me.
               Have you in fact reviewed the operator incident
17
18
     report in this case?
19
               I believe I have at some point. It's been some
20
     time.
21
               MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I'd like to move Al, page
22
     one into evidence.
23
               MR. ALVERSON: No objection.
24
               THE COURT: Admitted.
25
               (Defendant's Exhibit Al, page 1 admitted.)
```

Q See where it says, "On my way to drop Harvey
Chernikoff off he was trying to make a conversation with me
when suddenly he stopped talking. I asked him if he's okay,
but no response. I looked at the mirror and I saw him kind of
leaning away from his seat." Did I read that correctly?

- A Yes, you read it correctly.
- Q I want to ask you about the mirrors. Whose job is it to adjust the mirrors?
 - A The driver.
- Q Was there anything that you're aware of that prohibited Jay from moving his mirror on the day of the incident to ensure that he could see all of his passengers?

A I think the mirror was, I mean, optimally placed. You know, those mirrors that are up on the bulkhead, I mean, the purpose there is to get as wide a view as possible and see the most passengers you can. And in this instance, even with that mirror there, I mean, and you have the partition behind the driver, if you're familiar with those, and you have a fare box that's on that partition, the view of where Harvey was sitting was not good.

Q Okay. And I'm sorry, Mr. Daecher. We lawyers ask a lot of questions and jurors know we keep asking questions.

Was there anything that prohibited Jay from adjusting his mirrors the day of Harvey's death?

Α	No. I mean, with that fare box and the driver
partition,	, you wouldn't have adjusted that to get a better
view of th	hat seat no matter what you did. And if you did
adjust it	you start to lose vision of other portions of the
passenger	compartment.
Q	Certainly, that was nothing that prohibited Jay f

Q Certainly, that was nothing that prohibited Jay from saying hey, Harvey, I can't see you in that seat, I need you to move into a different seat so that I can see you, my only sole passenger, true?

A Nothing prohibiting. I don't think drivers are trained to necessarily ask people to move seats.

Q I just want you to kind of walk through. You took some photographs in this case, right?

A I did.

Q You actually were able to adjust the mirrors yourself, true?

A I did not adjust the mirrors myself.

Q Okay. How do you know that the mirror was in the same place as it was —

A Before my inspection I contacted our counsel and I asked them to contact First Transit and to schedule Jay on a route on an exemplar bus. And then I asked them once he came back from that route to not touch the bus and to obviously not tell him that I was going to be looking at the vehicle so that I could see how he adjusted his mirrors, side view, interior,

1	rearview m	mirrors so I could, not just the mirrors, but also
2	see how h	is seat was adjusted in the vehicle to really get a
3	good idea	of what he could see in various out of various
4	mirrors.	
5	Q	Okay. Do you know whether Jay moved that mirror at
6	all during	g that eight-hour shift?
7	A	I assume he adjusted it to whatever his normal
8	adjustment	t was. That was the whole purpose of me doing it.
9	Q	Do you know whether during that day Jay had any
10	passengers	s who were about that tall sitting on the front row?
11	A	On which day?
12	Q	On the day that you looked at the mirrors to see if
13	they were	adjusted on the same day that
14	A	I don't know who his passengers were.
15	Q	Okay. You agree that when you did that, you didn't
16	let my of:	fice know that you were doing that so we could come
17	and observ	ve you do that, true?
18	А	I went through my counsel. I don't know if they
19	contacted	you or who.
20	Q	I wasn't there, was I?
21	А	No.
22	Q	Mr. Allen wasn't there, was he?
23	А	No.
24	Q	Jack or Elaine was not there, were they?
25	А	I don't believe. No, I don't believe anybody was

1 there.

- Q Do you know who Jack and Elaine are?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q That's Jack, that's Elaine.
 - A Hi.
 - Q The defense attorneys were there, though, right?
- 7 A None of the ones sitting here.
 - Q But there was somebody from that firm?
 - A One.
 - Q You talked about filling out paperwork, how important it is to fill out paperwork. Do you recall that?
 - A It's typical that paperwork must be completed, yes.
 - Q Do you think it's more important to fill out your paperwork or check on the only passenger you have on your bus?

A I mean, I think it's important to do what you're trained to do. And everything I saw, you know, obviously, I'm sure there was a paperwork requirement, but just in general in viewing that entire video, I mean, I saw Jay do everything that a driver is typically trained to do. He's required to assist people on and off the vehicle, he did that at every stop. He assisted passengers even when he wasn't required to do so by helping Harvey open his water, by stopping and finding facilities when Harvey needed to use the restroom.

And even, you know, noticing when seatbelts were unbuckled when he was off the vehicle and he got back on and

1	buckled Harvey's. So I saw him doing everything that drivers
2	are typically trained to do. I mean, including, as I said
3	earlier, using three points of contact get on and off the
4	vehicle.
5	Q Have you reviewed Mr. Farrales's entire employment
6	file? I think I already asked you that and you said yes.
7	A I don't think you have asked me that and I'm not
8	sure if I did or not, quite honestly.
9	Q Okay. So you're not sure whether you looked through
10	the employment file to determine what training, testing
11	procedures
12	A I do remember some training paperwork and some
13	yeah, training paperwork and there were some quizzes on some
14	training.
15	Q So you do recall that or you
16	A Yeah. I just don't know if it was his entire
17	employment file. I looked at training records for Jay.
18	Q Okay. This is Plaintiff's 9, page 51.
19	MR. ALVERSON: One moment.
20	(Pause in proceedings)
21	MR. ALVERSON: Okay, Your Honor.
22	MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, I'd like to move into
23	evidence Plaintiff's 9, page 51.
24	THE COURT: Admitted.
25	(Plaintiff's Exhibit 9, page 51 admitted.)
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 65

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1
               MR. CLOWARD: Thank you. May I publish?
 2
               THE COURT: You may.
 3
               MR. CLOWARD: Thank you.
 4
    BY MR. CLOWARD:
 5
               You talked about how some jurisdictions may have
 6
     specific training, right?
 7
         A
               Yes.
8
               Okay. At the top of this it says Laidlaw Transit
9
     Services, Inc., classroom training, contract specific, other
10
     local training. Did I read that correctly?
11
         A
               Yes.
12
               And then it says CPR, four hours; first aid, four
13
    hours; CDL training, eight hours. Did I read that correctly?
14
          A
               Yes.
15
               Okay. On this CPR and Heimlich and first aid, I
     believe you testified that the purpose of the no eating policy
16
17
     is for slip, trip only; is that fair?
18
               I'd say that's the basis of it in general, yes.
19
               Okay. Do you know why First Transit would train its
    drivers that they should not allow eating because a
20
21
     foreseeable harm is choking on food which may result in death?
22
               Well, I mean, I think choking is a hazard. It goes
          A
23
    with eating at any time. So, I mean, in addition to that, the
24
    more common hazards that we see on a bus when people are
25
    eating or drinking and the spills and the trips and falls and
```

the hazards of other passengers, I mean, obviously that goes along with eating. It's a hazard of eating at any time.

Q Okay. Do you -- you've dealt with other paratransit companies and training and stuff, right?

A Yes.

Q Do you know what the cost would be to have about eight hours of training?

A I don't know. I mean, it would depend upon probably -- either the local market in terms of what that would cost.

Q And you know that over the seven-year period First Transit made over \$218 million over that seven-year period?

A I don't know anything about that.

Q Okay.

A I mean, all I know is that they weren't required to provide it. Again, this document they have up here isn't specific to the Las Vegas operation. You know, these are training documents that they will use at various locations. So, I mean, for instance the CDL training has a lot to do with training someone to become a CDL driver and here they, you know, obviously hire some drivers that already have that. So that wouldn't be applicable to everybody. So, you know, the training that you get is specific to your location and, you know, the environment they operate it.

MR. CLOWARD: No further questions. Thank you.

THE COURT: Redirect.

1	MR. CLOWARD: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I forgot to
2	confer with counsel? May I confer with counsel?
3	THE COURT: That's fine.
4	BY MR. CLOWARD:
5	Q I just wanted to point out. You agree that this was
6	not completed, CPR training, first aid training, correct?
7	A CDL training, yeah. None of those three and again,
8	it was the testimony that that was not part of their training
9	for this location.
10	MR. CLOWARD: Thank you.
11	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. ALVERSON:
13	Q Mr. Daecher, as a result of the cross-examination,
14	have you changed any of your opinions that you gave to me and
15	the jury during direct examination?
16	A No.
17	MR. ALVERSON: Thank you. Nothing further.
18	THE COURT: All right. Sir, thank you for your
19	time. You're free to go. Have a wonderful day.
20	So it's about 10 till noon. When is your next
21	witness going to be here?
22	MS. SANDERS: We will call Mr. Farrales but we can
23	stop now and take a lunch break.
24	THE COURT: So why don't we bring the jury back at
25	one? All right. Ladies and gentlemen, please come back at

```
1
    1:00. Again, don't talk about the case, don't research the
 2
    case, don't form or express an opinion. We'll see you then.
 3
                      (Jury recessed at 11:49 a.m.)
               THE COURT: All right. So we have Mr. Farrales and
 4
 5
    then you're going to call -- I'm sorry, ma'am, I forgot
6
    your --
 7
               MS. McKIBBINS: Jennifer McKibbins.
8
               THE COURT: They're both going to be called today.
9
     Is that the last of your witnesses?
10
               MS. SANDERS: Yes.
11
               THE COURT: Okay. So we'll see you at one. Thank
12
    you.
13
             (Court recessed at 11:50 a.m. until 1:09 p.m.)
14
                   (Outside the presence of the jury.)
15
               THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon, everyone.
16
    Are you ready to bring the jury in?
17
              MS. SANDERS: Yes.
18
              THE COURT: All right.
19
                  (Jury panel reconvened at 1:10 p.m.)
20
               THE COURT: Welcome back, ladies and gentlemen of
21
     the jury. Probably by now you guys are getting used to
22
    downtown. For those of you that haven't come down here in
    awhile, it's changed a lot over the last few years. There's a
23
24
    lot more places to go.
25
              All right. The defense is going to call their next
```

```
1
     witness.
 2
               MS. SANDERS: Jay Farrales.
 3
                JAY FARRALES, DEFENDANT'S WITNESS, SWORN
               THE CLERK: Please be seated. Would you please
 4
 5
     state and spell your first and last name for the record?
6
               THE WITNESS: Jay Farrales. Jay is spelled J-a-y,
7
     F-a-r-r-a-1-e-s.
8
               THE COURT: All right.
9
                           DIRECT EXAMINATION
10
    BY MS. SANDERS:
11
               How are you doing, Jay?
12
               I'm doing good.
          A
13
               You seemed a little nervous the other day, so I want
14
    you to just take a nice deep breath. Okay? Jay, I'd like you
15
    to start by -- the jury's been seeing you sitting here for the
16
     last several days. I'd like you to just start by telling them
17
     a little bit about yourself. Where were you born?
18
               I was born in the Philippines.
          A
19
               And mind telling us what year?
          0
20
               1970, so I'm 45.
         A
21
               Forty-five. Can you give the jury a little bit of
22
    an idea about your educational background, how much schooling
23
    did you have?
24
               Grew up, elementary. In the Philippines we -- high
```

school at the same place and college the same province that I

25

```
1
     grew up.
 2
               What is that province?
          Q
 3
               It's [indiscernible].
          A
 4
               Did you finish high school?
          0
 5
               I finished high school.
          A
               Did you have any additional training past high
6
          Q
 7
     school?
8
               College.
          A
9
               Did you finish college?
10
               I finished college. Third year [indiscernible]
          A
11
     husbandry more on starting to become a veterinarian. Then I
     went to Manila after that. Went to study dental technology,
12
     which is like making dentures.
13
14
               How long was that program?
          Q
15
               About two years.
          A
16
               Did you finish the program?
          Q
               I did, I finished it.
17
          A
18
               And did you actually work for a time making
          0
19
     dentures?
20
               Yeah, I did.
          A
21
               Was that in the Philippines?
          Q
22
               Yes, in Manila for two year.
          A
23
               How long did you do that?
          Q
24
          A
               For two years.
25
          0
               And then what happened?
```

1 Then I moved back to the province that I grew up in. 2 My brother asked me to help him with the business. 3 What kind of business did your brother have? 0 It's a construction, kind of selling materials. 4 5 What kind of materials? 0 6 A Construction materials. 7 And how long did you do that job? 0 8 For two years before I came to the United States. 9 Okay. And what was your actual position while you 10 were there? 11 I'm the manager, but since it's a business by our A family, so I kind of like the driver and looking after all the 12 13 -- it's not a big business. 14 How many employees? 0 15 Like six, seven employees. 16 Okay. And you were the manager of those six or seven employees? 17 18 A Yes. 19 So did you wear a lot of hats? Did you have to do a 20 lot of different jobs? 21 I did. A 22 You said you were there for a couple of years. 23 what did you do next as far as a job is concerned? 24 A Then I came to the United States. 25 0 Okay. Explain to the jury a little bit how you made

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the decision to come to the United States?

A It's a greener pasture. Growing up as a guy from the Philippines in a small town, America is a place where you could probably have a good life and be able to have a chance to have a notion of the Filipinos are, come to the United States and have a chance to have a good life and take care of the family.

- Q What did your family consist of at the time?
- A I was single at that time when I came to the United States.
 - Q Did you have a girlfriend?
 - A I do. I do have a girlfriend.
 - Q What was her name?
 - A Karen [indiscernible].
 - Q Is she now your wife?
- A She's my wife.
 - Q And when did you get married?
 - A We got married 2001.
- Q I know that was a hard question because I know you're not very good with dates.
 - A 2001. I came to the United States in 2000.
- Q Okay. You came to the United States in 2000 and got married to Karen --
 - A 2001 when I went back home to the Philippines and we decided to get married.

```
1
               When you first came to the United States, what kind
 2
     of jobs did you -- or job did you have?
 3
               A month after I came to the United States I was
          A
 4
     hired to work for a company named W. H. Smith at the Rio
 5
     Hotel.
 6
               The books and gifts, that kind of thing?
 7
          A
               Yes.
8
               And how long did you have that job?
          0
9
               For I believe two years.
          A
10
               When you first came to the United States, did you
          0
11
     come directly to Las Vegas or did you work --
12
          A
               Las Vegas.
               Okay. Did you have family here or why was it that
13
14
     you chose Las Vegas?
15
               My parents and sisters are living over here at the
          A
16
     time.
17
               So you came someplace where you already had family?
          Q
18
          A
               Yes.
19
               Jay, before you --
          0
20
               And I went to live with them.
          A
21
               You lived with them?
          0
22
               Yeah.
          A
23
               Before you came to the United States, did you have
          0
24
     any kind of medical training?
25
```

A

No.

1 Did you have any kind of first aid training? 2 A No. 3 Okay. So you worked at the W. H. Smith. When was 4 it that -- you said you went back to the Philippines and you 5 and Karen were married then. Was she able to come back with 6 you after you were married? 7 A No. 8 Why not? 0 9 It's a process with immigration. You've got to 10 wait, file an application and then they approved. Then they 11 can come later but they have to go through a lot of interviews 12 and all that. 13 How much later was it when Karen was able to finally 14 join you in the United States? 15 I believe it was 2008 with my daughters. 16 So you did manage to get together at least a couple 17 of times, correct? 18 Yeah. I always had the chance, I would go home and A 19 visit and that's when we had our kids. 20 Okay. 21 In the Philippines. A 22 When you would go back to the Philippines, how long 23 would you stay? At least a month. 24 A 25 And you said that you've got daughters. Tell the 0

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1	jury, if	you will, about your children.
2	A	I've got three girls.
3	Ω	And their names are?
4	A	Their names are [indiscernible] Farrales and
5	[indiscer	rnible] Farrales and [indiscernible] Farrales.
6	Q	And I understand the oldest two are teenagers now.
7	A	They're twins.
8	Q	Did you tell me 13?
9	A	No, it's actually 12.
10	Q	They're 12.
11	A	They're 12.
12	Q	Preteen. And how old is the youngest one?
13	A	Nine years old.
14	Q	Nine years old. So you've got a lot of female
15	hormones	running around in your house, don't you?
16	А	Yes.
17	Q	Do you sometimes feel outnumbered?
18	А	Outnumbered, yes.
19	Q	So, okay. You said that you worked at W. H. Smith.
20	What's th	ne next job that you had after that?
21	А	I drove a cab.
22	Q	Did you when you drove a cab did you need to have
23	a commerc	cial driver's license to do that?
24	А	No, just a regular driver's license.
25	Q	Did you have any kind of first aid training once you

```
got on the job and were driving a cab?
1
 2
          A
               No.
 3
               How long did you have that job?
 4
               Four years.
          A
 5
               During the time that you drove a cab, did you ever
 6
     have people eating in the cab?
 7
          A
               Yes.
 8
               Did you ever have people that drank in the cab?
          0
9
               Yes. They think they own you or something.
          A
10
               They what?
          0
11
               They think like they own you because you're driving
          A
     them and they can just do whatever they want. That's in the
12
13
     taxi business, though.
14
               So, okay. So you drove a cab for about four years.
15
     And then what did you do?
16
               I met somebody and I went back to the Philippines.
17
     At that time we were having difficulties with the way the
18
     companies go and the taxi business. I went back home and I
19
     met this guy named [indiscernible] who helped me to apply for
20
     the job named [indiscernible].
21
               When you say apply for the job, what job?
          Q
22
               To drive for the company that he works for.
          A
23
               And what company was that?
          0
24
               It was Laidlaw then.
          A
```

Laidlaw?

0

25

1 Laidlaw, yes. 2 Okay. Can you, just kind -- what year are we up to 3 now? When was it that you applied at Laidlaw? 4 2006, about May, June, July, that time. 5 Where was your family at that time? Were they still 6 in the Philippines? 7 They were still in the Philippines. A When was it that your wife and your three daughters 8 9 were able to come to the United States to live permanently? 10 About two years after. A 11 So 2008? 0 12 About 2008, yeah. A 13 Have you all been continuously living together here 14 in Las Vegas since that time? 15 A Yes. 16 Were you and your wife eventually able to move into 17 a house? 18 We did. We bought a house like nine, ten months 19 ago. 20 Before we start talking more in detail about your 21 jobs, can you give the jury a little bit of an idea about you 22 as a family. What kind of things do you enjoy doing as a family? You told me you liked to cook. 23 I love to cook. And we would call our brothers and 24 25 our family, our friends to come over because I'm a good cook.

So	they would always come over. I don't know if they're lying
or	not. And we had a meal. It's a Filipino thing. It's
som	ething that we grew up with, like call your family and you
coo	k and everybody would come over and have those food that
the	y would cook and we would serve it at the table and we'd
jus	t have fun.

- Q When you're talking about the family, how much family do you have here in the Las Vegas area?
- A Well, a lot of family including our friends. They are considered as our family.
 - Q Of course. So how big of a --
 - A There are a lot of them, probably 30, 40.
 - Q Okay. So that's quite a gathering.
 - A Yeah, it is quite a gathering.
- Q Okay. Let's get back to your job here a little bit. You were able to arrange an interview with Laidlaw you said and that was sometime in 2006?
 - A That's correct.
- Q What do you remember about that interviewing process, the application process?
- A You have to go there and apply there, there's a front desk, and they would tell you to get an examination to get a license and then we would get to the DMV.
- Q When you applied for a job with Laidlaw, was it specifically to drive paratransit?

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1	A Yes.
2	Q Did you know anything at all about paratransit
3	service at the time that you first applied?
4	A No.
5	Q What did you learn about paratransit service during
6	the time that you were initially interviewing with Laidlaw?
7	A That they were to be used by people with
8	disabilities.
9	Q So you did go through the application process with
10	Laidlaw. Did you have to have a commercial driver's license
11	in order to drive paratransit for Laidlaw?
12	A Yes, that's what we took an examination for to get a
13	CDL.
14	Q Okay. So you went through the training for
15	obtaining your commercial driver's license; is that right?
16	A I did.
17	Q Okay. And did you obtain that license?
18	A I did obtain it.
19	Q When you first started working with Laidlaw, did you
20	have any kind of first aid training with Laidlaw?
21	A No, I didn't.
22	Q And the jury knows that you didn't have any first
23	aid training with First Transit. Where are you working now?
24	A I'm still working for a company that does the same
25	thing.

1 What's the name of that company? 0 2 A Transdev. 3 And does Transdev now have the contract with RTC to provide paratransit service? 4 5 A Yes. 6 Okay. Did you have to have or do you have any kind 7 of first aid training with Transdev? 8 A No. 9 Jay, this is a question we just have to ask. Have 10 you ever been convicted of a crime? 11 A No. 12 Have you ever, other than this lawsuit, had any kind 13 of legal problems? 14 No, other than collection from garnishment. A 15 What was that about? 16 It's a company -- it was at that time when my family 17 was still like in the Philippines and I'm the one providing 18 for all of them. And I'm sending my wife to school to become 19 a nurse and my niece, I was the one paying for education too. So I couldn't afford anymore to pay for. So I stopped paying 20 21 for it. 22 And they did garnish your wages for a time in order 23 to get that debt paid off? 24 A They did, yes. 25 Other than that, anything else that you've ever had

0

23

24

25

A

Yes.

During the time that you were working for either Laidlaw or First Transit, did you ever have any kind of disciplinary action taken against you by your employers? What about with Transdev? You said that you got your commercial driver's license when you applied and were hired with Laidlaw. Did you know at the time that you were first hired that you would be working under the contract with the Regional Transportation What was your understanding of the relationship Laidlaw owned the business, the buses, and they're Were you -- did you have any understanding that RTC rules would take precedence over any Laidlaw rules if there was any kind of conflict? RTC rules were to be followed. And was that also true once First Transit came in and replaced Laidlaw?

	Q	Now,	what	kind	of	trai	ning	did y	you q	get wi	hen	you	were
fi	rst hir	ed by	Laid.	law?	We	know	that	you	got	your	con	mero	cial
dr	iver's	licens	se, b	ut wha	at a	addit.	ional	tra	ining	g do y	you	reca	all
ge	tting w	hen y	ou fir	cst st	tar	ted?							

A We did a lot of classroom training [indiscernible] behind the wheel training. Somebody would be behind you and assessing the things that you do. Monthly safety meetings and sometimes they would have somebody when we do training for like putting the wheelchairs and all those kind of things.

- Q Putting the what?
- A The wheelchairs, setting up and like sensitivity training and all those kind of things.
- Q The jury heard a little bit about the sensitivity training this morning when Mr. Daecher was on, but what do you recall being trained on as far as the sensitivity training?
- A Like being courteous and try to make sure that you don't do anything that is going to offend anybody that would make them feel like you're discriminating or doing something that would be disrespectful to anybody.
- Q You knew that you as a paratransit driver would be transporting people who had disabilities?
 - A I know that.
- Q The buses that you drove, did you drive the same bus every day?
 - A No.

- 1	
1	Q Did you have the same
2	A Different ones.
3	Q Different buses?
4	A Different buses.
5	Q Did you have the same route every day?
6	A We have route not the same routes very day. We,
°7;	when we, I mean, bid on it, they would be routes that you
8	follow, either bid on something that has different routes on
9	it, like four different routes in the whole week.
10	Q So did you have a different route
11	A Different routes and then you pick up different
12	people, yes.
13	Q Okay. That was going to be my next question. So
14	from one day to the next you didn't have the same route or the
15	same passengers; is that right?
16	A The same not the same routes very day, but
17	different passengers, yes.
18	Q Different bus and different passengers?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Now as part of the training that you got, were you
21	provided with training about the rules that apply to
22	passengers of the RTC paratransit service?
23	A Pardon me?
24	Q The rider rules that we've been making reference to
25	for RTC, were you trained in what those rider rules were?

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3
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11
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1	A Yes.
2	Q And was it that you were trained to know what those
3	rules were?
4	A Yes.
5	Q And was it expected that the passengers would
6	already know those rules?
7	A It is expected.
8	Q Would it be expected that the passengers would
9	follow those rules when they are a passenger on the
.0	paratransit bus?
.1	A Yes.
.2	Q With regard to any kind of particular emergency,
L3	medical emergency that a passenger might experience on
.4	while a passenger on the bus, what were you trained to do?
.5	A We will call the dispatch. Then if it's an
16	emergency we call, we ask them to call 9-1-1.
.7	Q Okay. So you were trained to call dispatch in the
L8	event of an emergency and ask them to call 9-1-1?
9	A Yes.
20	Q You told us before that you were trained as far as
21	sensitivity training for transporting disabled passengers.
22	Did you get any specific information, though, about individual
23	passengers and what their disability actually was?
24	A No.

Did you have any, as drivers for First Transit, did

1	you have any involvement in determining eligibility for
2	passengers to ride the bus?
3	A I don't have, no.
4	Q Is that something as you understand that was handled
5	by RTC?
6	A Yes.
7	Q So when you're a driver and you're getting
8	information to go and pick up certain passengers on a
9	particular day, what kind of information is it that you get
10	about those passengers?
11	A There's a letter on the manifest, we have a manifest
12	that we follow. You would get those routes and it says all
13	the information and where you pick them up and where you drop
14	them off. The information over there is like a letter, like a
15	paper, or [indiscernible] or receipt for [indiscernible].
16	MS. SANDERS: Your Honor, may I approach the
17	witness?
18	THE COURT: Yes.
19	BY MS. SANDERS:
20	Q You talked about a manifest. I don't think this is
21	in evidence yet, but is that what you're talking about?
22	A Yes.
23	MS. SANDERS: This is Exhibit A15, Your Honor. May
24	we ask that it be admitted into evidence?
25	MR. ALLEN: No objection.

1 THE COURT: Admitted.

(Defendant's Exhibit A15 admitted.)

BY MS. SANDERS:

- Q You can probably look at it on the screen. Would you just kind of go through this? Is this the information that you would get when you were starting your route for a day?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Okay. Explain to the jury, if you would, what this actually is. You said this was a manifest, but what kind of information is there?

A This paper works for the whole day. They give them to you [indiscernible] and you check on it and then try to do some mapping and check on wherever they go or you pick them up. You get all the information, the people that you are going to pick up and tells you about the time that you're supposed to be picking them up and the places. And some information on this side to the right, the fare, if they need to use a lift, assist [indiscernible] and the client, which would be the client on the, it says passenger on the top. And you see a C over here. It means they have some physical disability.

Q Let's turn to the page that — this is the manifest from July 29, 2011, the day that Harvey Chernikoff rode. And let's turn to the page three, please, with regard to

specifically Mr. Chernikoff. And it's the second one down. Are you all able to see that? It's pretty small. It's got redactions on it because there is other passenger information that's confidential and that's why that information is redacted. Can you just explain, though, Jay, to the jury what we're seeing here with regard to Harvey Chernikoff?

A It got his name on it and it got the information where — the times that you pick him up, drop him off. You don't really know when — you got estimated times and the C, that's the disability, like that tells you he's cognitive.

And then you write down —

- Q Let's back up just a little bit. Is the writing that's on this page, is that your writing?
 - A That's my writing.
- Q Because you were the driver of that bus on that day; is that right?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Now you were talking about a C and I'm not sure if the jury can see this. This little mark right here is the C. Can you explain what that C means?
- A Cognitive abilities, like has he got some disability where he's mentally challenged, like abilities to understand things and all that kind.
- Q Okay. Is this the only information that you as the driver would get about that particular passenger on that day?

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- Yes. A
- Did you ever get any more specific information about Harvey Chernikoff or anybody, any other passenger's specific disability?
 - Α
- You have to speak up. I'm sorry. So other than knowing that code, that C for some type of a cognitive issue, you didn't have any other information about Harvey Chernikoff, what he could or could not understand; is that right?
 - I don't have any. A
- Now we've talked about the fact that Harvey Chernikoff was approved by the RTC to ride with a personal care attendant, a PCA. If he had decided to ride that day with a personal care attendant, would that show up somewhere on the manifest?
 - A Yes.
 - And where would that show up?
- Right under the time you pick him up, it should be at the line --
 - I don't think it shows on this.
 - It's not showing there. When you pick him up --A
 - We need to go further to the side. 0
- The information would be like this. The client, A that means you're picking up a client, and like this one is not paying any money at all, and he's ambulatory. And he uses

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a monthly pass, that's why it's zero. He paid for it — a monthly pass, that means you got to buy a pass for the whole month. And a PCA would be under the second space at the bottom it says client over here, the bottom would be PCA.

- Q Okay. If you could move down the page, I think there's one just below that that was riding. Okay. So you see where I'm pointing here? Is there where it would show up if he was riding with a PCA?
 - A That's correct.
- Q So that would be clearly marked on the manifest if the passenger had scheduled to ride with a PCA that day; is that right?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Okay. You told us that you don't have the same route every day and you didn't have the same passengers every day. Was this, though, the extent of the information you got on any passengers is just that code, that C or whatever it might be?
 - A That's correct.
- 20 Q To depict whatever kind of disability they might 21 have?
 - A That's correct.
 - Q Okay. Jay, I'm not going to go through all of the training and that kind of thing that you had with Laidlaw and First Transit. We're going to have Jennifer do that. But did

you get ongoing training once you had your initial training with Laidlaw and then First Transit?

A Yes.

- Q And can you just briefly tell the jury what kind of ongoing training you received?
- A Monthly training, every month we do a monthly training about anything they believe that we need to be trained on. We would they would have [indiscernible] and all the different stuff going on. They would tell you what need to be corrected or something like that.
 - Q Did you have defensive driving courses?
 - A Yes, we did.
- Q Did you have -- we've heard about the Smith driving course. Is that something that you went through?
 - A Yes.
- Q And these monthly safety meetings, did they address different kinds of topics that were important for you as drivers?
 - A Yes.
- Q Jay, were you ever like I said, I don't want to go into all of the training with you, but do you feel that you had good training from First Transit during the time that you were a driver for them?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 Q Were you ever disciplined by First Transit for

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violating any kind of company policy on safety?
 1
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          A
               No.
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               When -- we've heard a lot of talk about the employee
 4
     handbook for First Transit. But when you first started, you
 5
     were working for Laidlaw; is that right?
 6
          A
               That's correct.
 7
               Were you provided with an employee handbook by
8
     Laidlaw?
9
          A
               That's correct.
10
               Is that something that you reviewed?
          0
11
          A
               Yes.
12
               Did you commit it to memory?
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13
          A
               No.
               Did you consider that there was useful information
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          0
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     in the handbook that you should be aware of?
16
               Yes, useful information.
17
               With the handbook that you got from Laidlaw, was
18
     there anything in there about first aid training?
19
          A
               No.
20
               Now, we talked a little bit about the PCA and --
          0
21
               MR. CLOWARD: Your Honor, may we approach just real
     quickly?
22
23
                           (Bench conference.)
24
               MR. CLOWARD:
                             [inaudible]
25
               THE COURT: Is this the one that was, the late
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disclosed one?
 1
 2
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
 3
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
 4
               THE COURT: It's over.
 5
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
6
               THE COURT: Asked about it in his deposition.
 7
               MR. ALVERSON: [inaudible]
8
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
9
               MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
10
               THE COURT: So what do you want me to do?
11
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
12
               THE COURT: And it wasn't mentioned during his
    deposition?
13
               MR. CLOWARD: [inaudible]
14
15
              MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
16
               THE COURT: It should have been turned over what
    you're going to discuss in trial. No more testifying about
17
    the Laidlaw.
18
19
              MS. SANDERS: [inaudible]
20
                       (End of bench conference.)
21
    BY MS. SANDERS:
22
               Jay, before we were called up we were talking about
23
    the personal care attendant. Could you, as a driver, require
    somebody to ride only with a personal care attendant?
24
25
         A
               No.
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Q Was that something that was the decision of the
passenger or whoever was responsible for the passenger?
A That's correct.
Q So even if the person was approved to ride with a
PCA, that was still their choice or their decision whether or
not they were going to actually do that?
A That's correct.
Q Now, had you ever driven Harvey Chernikoff before
July 29, 2011?
A I did.
Q Can you tell the jury about how many times that you
had driven him?
A I believe twice before the incident.
Q Did he ever have a personal care attendant with him
when you drove him before?
A Not that I remember.
Q Did you ever see him eat on the bus when you had
driven him before?
A No.
Q Did you ever observe him moving around, anything
like that on any of the other trips that you had taken him on?
A He talks a lot, that's what I observe about him.
Q Okay.
A He always ask me questions.
Q Did you like him?

1 I like him. 2 Let's talk about the First Transit handbook, it's 3 Exhibit 2. Now, you've seen that handbook. 4 A Yes. 5 And that particular handbook I think we've 6 established came out in 2010. Do you recall when it was after 7 that that you first saw the First Transit handbook? Sometime 8 after it came out? 9 A Yeah. I couldn't remember exactly when. 10 Did you review that handbook? 0 11 A I reviewed it. 12 Again, did you commit it to memory? 0 13 No. A Do you recall specifically looking at the couple of 14 15 pages in the back that have to do with first aid? 16 A Yes. 17 You testified earlier this week that the handbook contains a set of safety rules. Do you recall that testimony? 18 19 A I do. 20 Does it also include other information besides 21 safety rules? 22 Yes, it does. A What other kind of information is in that handbook? 23 0 24 Attendance, you know, like infractions and all those

kind of things. And some information about like -- there are

a lot in that handbook, it talks about different things, not
just safety. And there are some over there that talks about
sensitivity training and I believe there's like part of it
with RTC or something like ADA or something like OSHA or some
kind of whatever it is that we needed to know. It's not just
about safety. All different kind of things.

- Q There are some safety rules in the handbook, though, correct?
 - A There are safety rules in the handbook.
- Q Is everything that you ever learned about safety as a First Transit driver included in that handbook or are there other sources of information that you got as far as safety or other kinds of training?
- A There are other kinds of training that we go through. Like I said, we have some training, you know, like people coming over and all this different monthly trainings that we have, not just reading the book.
 - Q Would you consider the handbook to be informational?
 - A It's very informational.
- Q And did you get specific training on some of the topics that were covered in the handbook?
 - A Yes, we did.
- Q But not all of the topics that were covered in the handbook; is that right?
 - A Not all of them.

- Q Now, counsel had asked you earlier about whether or not you were aware of any kind of written changes to the handbook and I think you answered no. As far as you know, did First Transit or the president of First Transit ever, while you were working there, make any changes in writing to the information that was in the handbook?
 - A No.
- Q Were you ever told don't read pages 69, 70 on first aid?
 - A No.
- Q Now, whether or not you got information from a handbook or from training or from safety meetings or from speakers, anything else that you got in the way of training and information, do you feel like you tried to follow the rules and policies of First Transit while you were a driver for them?
 - A I always do.
- Q Now, I think you mentioned this before. But to the extent that the rules of First Transit differ in any way from the rules for RTC, what were you told as far as which rules you were to follow?
 - A The RTC rules.
- Q Okay. And why is that?
- A They're the boss.
 - Q I'm sorry?

- A They are the boss. They are the one who owns the --
- Q Okay. Now, the jury's heard a little bit about the rules on the bus for passengers drinking on the bus. We know that the First Transit rule is no drinking on the bus at all; is that right?
 - A Yes, that's correct.
- Q And the RTC rule is a little more lenient because they allow people to drink on the bus from a bottle like you're talking about, something that's got a cover; is that right?
 - A That's correct.
- Q So the rule for First Transit is actually stricter than the rule for RTC.
 - A That's correct.
- Q But you were to follow the RTC rule if there was anything that was different; is that right?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Now, with regard to eating on the bus, RTC and First Transit had the same rule, didn't they?
 - A They do.
 - Q No eating on the bus at all.
- A No eating on the bus.
- Q Now, counsel asked you earlier whether or not eating on the bus could lead to choking and that could lead to death.

 And you agreed with that.

	l	
1	А	I agreed with that.
2	Q	Is that true that choking can lead to or that
3	eating ca	n lead to choking that can lead to death regardless
4	of where	you are?
5	A	Regardless, yes.
6	Q	Could it happen in your own home?
7	A	It could happen.
8	Q	Could it happen when you're in your own private car?
9	A	It could happen.
10	Q	Could it happen in a restaurant or a movie theatre
11	or anywhe	re that you put something in your mouth?
12	A	Anywhere.
13	Q	Now, as a driver, did you have occasion to enforce
14	the rule	against no eating?
15	А	I did.
16	Q	And if you knew that somebody was eating on the bus,
17	would you	ever just let it go or would you remind them and
18	tell them	
19	A	Remind them, say not eat.
20	Q	Had you ever allowed Harvey Chernikoff to eat on the
21	bus?	
22	A	I never allowed him to eat, like go ahead and eat,
23	never all	owed him.
24	Q	Okay. Did you ever see him eat on the bus?
25	А	No.

1	Q Was there ever a reason for you to enforce the no
2	eating rule with Harvey Chernikoff?
3	A No. I don't have to enforce it. I never seen it.
4	Q Okay. And that was true on July 29, 2011, as well
5	as any of the other trips that you had taken him on?
6	A That's correct.
7	Q Now, if you had seen Harvey Chernikoff eating on the
8	bus on that day, what were you trained to do?
9	A I have to say something.
10	Q And would you have followed that training if you have
11	seen him eating on the bus that day?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Now, in addition to the riders getting rules for
14	what they can and can't do or should or shouldn't do on the
15	bus, were there also signs in the bus to give them some idea
16	about what the rules were?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And we've seen the sign that was in the bus. Let's
19	put it up again. Is this the sign that was in the bus at the
20	time that you transported Harvey on July 29, 2012?
21	A Yes.
22	Q What does that sign say to you in the it's not a
23	very good copy in the circles up above?
24	A No smoking, no eating, drinking out of open cup.

And this one here no playing music.

- 1	
1	Q And that sign was in the bus on the day that you
2	transported Harvey?
3	A That's correct.
4	Q Did anybody ever tell you that Harvey Chernikoff was
5	unable to read?
6	A Nobody told me that.
7	Q Did anybody ever tell you that he was unable to look
8	at signs and understand signs?
9	A Nobody told me that.
10	Q Now, these buses that you drove, were they owned by
11	RTC or by First Transit?
12	A They owned by RTC.
13	Q And the signs that were in the bus, were those
14	placed there by RTC as well?
15	A RTC.
16	Q The jury has heard that at one point during the
17	earlier part of the trip with Harvey you he asked you to
18	help him with a water bottle similar to what you've got there
19	and you helped him to untwist that. Do you recall that?
20	A That's correct.
21	Q Okay. In your mind, was that a violation of the RTC
22	rule against no drinking except from something that's got a
23	covered container?
24	A No.
25	Q Were either you or Harvey Chernikoff violating the
Į	KARR REPORTING, INC. 101

RTC rule against drinking from an open container when you helped him with the lid?

A No.

Q I'd like to go through now, Jay, a little bit about the earlier part of that trip you took. The jury has seen just a limited segment of the video and I'm sorry, I'm going to be showing part of the video again. I'm not going to go through the entirety, but I am going to show you and have Jay explain to you what you're seeing at various different times here. Now 6:50:26 is right about the time that Harvey was getting on the bus for the first time. So when you see him can you kind of just explain to the jury what they're seeing? (Video played)

- A I'm there behind him.
- 0 Is there audio?
 - A Yes. I was looking at him.
- Q And is he putting on his seatbelt right there?
- A Yes. He said okay when I told him to put the seatbelt on.
- Q I'm not sure that the jury heard it. What was he saying to you right there?
 - A I couldn't understand.
- Q Was he saying that he needed you to adjust the air, that it's warm? Several times he mentioned the temperature?
 - A Yes.

1	Q	We won't talk this time, we'll stop it afterwards.			
2		(Video played)			
3	Q	You see the man that's clear in the back there, Jay?			
4	А	Yes.			
5	Q	What is he doing?			
6	A	Stretching his leg.			
7	Q Was it unusual for people to stretch on the bus?				
8	A	No.			
9		(Video played)			
10	Q	So you said that this time what did you hear him			
11	saying,	Jay?			
12	A	About the temperature, he's saying cold or warm,			
13	somethin	g like that.			
14	Q	And I think you mentioned that			
15	А	I said are you warm or cold.			
16	Q	And it's the end of July, so the air conditioner was			
17	running	at the time?			
18	А	Yes.			
19	Q	Did you adjust the air conditioning after Harvey			
20	told you	that he felt cold?			
21	A	Yes.			
22	Q	Let's go on to 7:05:38.			
23		(Video played)			
24	Q	You did assist him by helping him untwist the bottle			
25	at that p	point, correct?			
I					

1	А	That's correct.				
2	Q	Q Did you stop the bus first to do it?				
3	A	I did.				
4	Q	Was there anything about you assisting him by				
5	untwistin	g that bottle that was a violation of the RTC rule				
6	about dri	nking on the bus?				
7	A	No.				
8	Q	Let's go on to 7:13:46.				
9		(Video played)				
10	Q	When you heard the coughing, were you concerned?				
11	A	Yes.				
12	Q	Was that something that was unusual as far as				
13	something	that was going on with the passenger?				
14	A	That's like, you know, when you hear sounds like				
15	that, cou	ighing, you get concerned and you say are you okay or				
16	something	f.				
17	Q	Check on it.				
18	А	Check on it.				
19	Q	Let's go on to 7:25:50.				
20		(Video played)				
21	Q	What did that scene depict?				
22	А	I help him with the seatbelt, he couldn't put it on.				
23	Q	He was having trouble and so he asked you for help?				
24	A	Yes.				
25	Q	Let's go on 7:45:23.				
- 1	1					

(Video played) 1 2 Was this just an example of how talkative Harvey was 3 and you had conversations with him? That's correct. 4 5 Was it fairly common on this trip as well as other trips that he would engage you in conversation? 6 7 A Yes. Was he always talking or did he have periods where 8 9 he was quiet as well? 10 Yes. A 11 Yes, he had periods where he was quiet? 12 A Yes. Let's go to 7:48:15, please. Now this one's a 13 14 little longer. 15 (Video played) 16 This is a little bit longer segment, but can you 17 just explain to the jury what's happening here? 18 He feels going to the bathroom. A 19 Okay. And did you --And ask -- I ask him about it and I ask him if he 20 21 can hold it and we went on to find a place. I said we will 22 find a place. 23 Did you find a place to --0 24 We did. We moved to a place and I let him go to the 25 restroom.

1	Q Okay. Then, let's go on to 7:53:12.
2	(Video played)
3	Q Now is this after you let him off to go to the
4	bathroom and he's getting back on?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And you helped him with his seatbelt?
7	A I did.
8	Q Was he somebody who would ask you for help if he
9	needed help?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Okay. And at this point before you start going
12	again he's secured in the seatbelt?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Let's go on to 7:56:30.
15	(Video played)
16	Q Was this just one of many times or at least a few
17	times on the bus where he mentioned to you that he was cold
18	and asked you to adjust the air?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And did you do that when he asked?
21	A I did, yes.
22	Q Okay. Before we go on, I would like to before we
23	go on to another part of the video, I'd like to talk a little
24	bit about the mirror you used. There's been a lot of question
25	and testimony about the mirrors in the bus. Can you just

and you did testify a little bit about this a couple of days ago. But can you explain to the jury what you were trained to do as far as scanning -- first of all, adjusting the mirrors.

A I have to in the morning, the pretrip inspection, during the pretrip inspection you got to check everything around the bus. You do the lift, check anything that's not, like the tires and all the possibly wrong with it. Then you go in and check the dashboard and whatever it is that you need to do check and you set the mirrors and the mirror over here and you set the mirror over here and the side and the left side. There's like a knob that we would just set it on there some way that you set it on to see the back and the — to the right and to the left and the back of the bus and the interior also.

- Q You make all those adjustments before you start the trip?
 - A Yes.
- Q Okay. Is there a way to, with the mirrors we saw this morning the kind of mirrors that were in the bus. Is it possible with those mirrors to see every single part of the interior of the bus?
 - A No.
 - Q Can you try to adjust it to see as much as you can?
- 24 A Yes.
 - Q But are you able to see, for example, into people's

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laps	Ol	behind	seats	Or	on	the	floor	Ol	anything	like	that?
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A No.

- Q It gives you kind of a general overview of the interior of the bus?
 - A Yes.
- Q But you can't see the nooks and crannies and the specifics.
 - A No.
- Q Now, what is the primary concern that you as a driver are taught in adjusting and in scanning your mirrors?
- A I look for [indiscernible] and make sure that when you're driving you're checking all the mirrors, scanning it for potential hazard that would cause an accident.
- Q When we're talking about scanning the mirrors and we heard about scanning the mirrors every five to eight seconds, is that specifically the interior or are you scanning the exterior mirrors for what's going on outside you?
- A It's most of the time the exterior and it kind of [indiscernible] around all the necessary areas. Depends on what the situation takes you. Like if you see some car, you know, next to you, you're not necessarily like looking over there on the other side. You have to continuously scan it. So whatever moves they would do you can recognize it and be able to maneuver on the way that it would be safe.
 - Q Is the primary thing you're taught with regard to

1 use of the mirrors to be paying attention to traffic and cars 2 and traffic hazards, what's ahead of you, what's to the side 3 of you as far as your driving is concerned? 4 That's correct. 5 You are supposed to kind of monitor what's going on 6 inside the bus by use of the mirrors as well, though, correct? 7 A That's correct. 8 What are you looking for as far as scanning the 9 interior of the bus? 10 If there's something like out of the ordinary that 11 you would see it would catch your attention. 12 Okay. And if you see something out of the ordinary 13 in the interior, then you'd respond to it or what? 14 You respond to it. A 15 But your primary job is to drive; is that right? 0 16 That's correct. A 17 And drive as safely as you can? 18 A Yes. 19 So is the primary purpose of the mirrors to check 20 the outside? 21 That's true and around the bus, whatever it is. A 22 Now, you saw this morning that when Mr. Daecher was 0 23 testifying, he indicated -- he had a couple of photographs 24 that were put up. A19, if you'll put those up. Now, this 25 morning Mr. Daecher explained to the jury that when he had

1	examined a	an exemplar bus he did it after you had already
2	driven the	e bus the night before and left everything the same
3	way that	you had adjusted it. Is this kind of generally I
4	know you	can't remember specifically, but is this kind of
5	generally	the view that you would have had looking into the
6	interior m	mirror?
7	A	Correct.
8	Q	Yes?
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	And the view that you get there is a general
11	overview,	correct?
12	А	Correct.
13	Q	If somebody was standing up would you be able to see
14	that in th	nat mirror?
15	А	That's correct.
16	Q	Would you be able to see somebody that is doing
17	something	down in their lap or are leaning over, anything like
18	that?	
19	А	No.
20	Q	That mirror depicts what? What does that show you?
21	А	The back of the bus, the inside of it.
22	Q	What is that mirror primarily to help you with?
23	А	To check on if there's something out of the
24	ordinary,	you react to it. This is just the one over here on
25	like the l	oottom before the camera. And you look at the

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this is how it looks like and you can just, if there's an extra out of the ordinary, like that you could see.

- Okay. So the two photos that we've just seen, would that be a better representation of what you as the driver would be able to see rather than the video that we've been being shown during the rest of the trial?
 - A That's correct.
- Are passengers allowed to take packages onto the bus with them, purses, bags, that kind of thing?
 - A Yes.
 - There's no prohibition against that?
- No. They are allowed to bring two bags and carry --A even the PCA can have two bags with them.
- Are you as a driver required to look through that bag or any bags they bring on to see if they've got any food or anything like that that they shouldn't have?
 - A No.
- While passengers are on the bus, is it unusual for them to move around in their seat?
 - They always like moving. A
- People don't get on the bus and just sit rigidly during the whole time, do they?
 - A No.
- Are there times when passengers are talking and other times when they're quiet?

1 Yes. A 2 Q Do some of the passengers nap periodically? 3 That's correct. A And if they're napping do sometimes they lay down in 4 5 the seat or lean over in the seat? 6 A That's correct. And is that something that is of concern? 7 8 No. A Does that mean that at times they are not always in 9 10 your line of vision when you're looking in the mirrors? 11 You see some of them, like, you know, when they're A 12 moving around you can see them, like shadows of them. 13 If you can't see every passenger at every moment is 14 that a cause of concern? 15 A No. 16 Now you told us that what you were trained to do as 17 far as monitoring the passengers, is just kind of make a 18 general check and if there's anything out of the ordinary, 19 anything unusual then you would take another step and check on 20 it more. Is that what you were trained to do? 21 That's correct. A 22 And is that what you did? 0 23 A Yes. 24 Let's look at the still photos that were shown this 0 25 morning. This morning when Mr. Daecher was here Mr. Alverson

put up these photos. And these are stills that were taken from the video at about the time that — when you were off the bus helping Ms. Kinkaid and then were just coming back on.

A Yes.

Q Now, you testified that when you came back on the bus you didn't look at Harvey. But you've also said that you were aware that he was there, that you saw him kind of in your —

A Peripheral vision.

Q — peripheral vision. Now that you see these photographs, Jay, of course you have more information now like all of us do about what was — what happened and what was going on. But when you look at these photographs of Harvey at the time that you were getting back on the bus, had you looked directly at him would you have noticed anything particularly unusual about him?

A Maybe not bending over.

Q I'm sorry?

A Maybe he's not bending over, picking up something or anything.

Q Does it look like he's in distress of any sort at this point?

A No.

Q Does it look like he's — does it look like he's choking?

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1
               No.
          A
 2
               Is he making any kind of panicky gestures, anything
 3
     like that --
 4
          A
               No.
 5
               -- that would have told you that he's choking at
6
     this point?
 7
          A
               No.
8
               When you look at this picture now it looks like you
9
     said maybe he's napping or trying to pick something up?
10
               That's correct.
          A
11
               Would that have given you any concern at the time?
12
          A
               No.
13
               Now in follow up to that, counsel asked you earlier
14
     if you had been trained in what to look for with choking would
15
     you have tried to do something and I think you said yes, and
16
     probably most of us would. Was there anything, though, that
17
     you saw on the video, now you've looked at it, at any point
18
     that would have given you a clue that Harvey Chernikoff was
19
     choking?
20
          A
               No.
21
               Did he make any, at any time, any kind -- whether he
22
     or at any time any kind of panicky movements?
23
          A
               No.
24
               Did you ever hear any kind of coughing or gagging or
25
     any of the type of sounds that we've heard about that can be
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as far as this, when all this is going on. Can you explain

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what the traffic conditions were and kind of, you know, where you were in town and where you were headed to? Let's start with like right before — during the time that maybe Harvey was eating the sandwich. Do you remember one way or the other about what your general route was?

- A My route from, actually from where I pick him up again after the restroom.
 - Q And where were you then?
 - A We're on Desert Inn.
 - Q Okay.
- A And we went down Desert Inn and went past two lights, then we went to the Valley View and Desert Inn going through the [indiscernible] and that area is traffic. The time normally would be very traffic and we got to go to some [indiscernible]. To go to the place where I'm dropping him off you got to do some maneuvers to it. Like if you miss it you'll end up with [indiscernible] and go all the way to the other side of it. So you got to go make sure that you position your bus after that Valley View light to be on the right side to make the, like an opening to get to the place, to where I'm dropping him off.
 - Q Like to get to an exit?
- A Yeah, to an exit to make to the place. You go into that opening and then you make another left and you continue on after making a left, there's another stop sign like

probably 100 meters away there's another stop sign. And then after that stop sign you go down 100 meters away and then you maneuver up to check oncoming traffic and make a left turn to — make a left turn to parking lot. And then once you go into the parking lot you got to — before I stop I have to make another right by the door.

- Q Okay. So this was just a little before 8:00 in the morning. Is it generally pretty heavy traffic at that time of day?
 - A That's correct.
- Q Were you needing to really extra concentrate on your driving to be sure that there weren't any kind of extra hazards out there?
 - A That's correct.
- Q From the video, around the same time that you were off the bus with Ms. Kinkaid is when Harvey starts to have something going on. And you heard Dr. Stein testify about this rubbing his head and this little hand movement. Do you remember him talking about that?
 - A Yes.
- Q Now, he interpreted that as signs of distress. Were you even on the bus to see that?
 - A I'm outside.
- Q You were helping Ms. Kinkaid. So did you see anything at all out of the ordinary with Harvey?

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1	A No.
2	Q And when you came back on the bus, you said he
3	appeared to be in the same place, correct?
4	A That's correct.
5	Q Okay. And did you notice anything at all out of the
6	ordinary with him when you came back on the bus?
7	A No.
8	Q Now, you were off the bus for 25, 30 seconds with
9	Ms. Kinkaid. Can you just kind of explain to the jury your
10	perception when you came back on? You said you were aware of
11	him, you saw him out of your peripheral. Explain what you
12	mean by that.
13	A When I got into the bus I could tell that he still
14	there, the certain place. And I'm aware that he's there and
15	there's nothing out of the ordinary that I have to be
16	concerned about.
17	Q And you had just
18	A And then I went on —
19	Q I'm sorry?
20	A And then I went to my
21	Q You had just helped him with his seatbelt a couple
22	of minutes earlier when he got back on the bus after going to
23	the bathroom?
24	A T did

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And I think you told us that if Harvey needed

something or wanted something he generally would tell you.

A Yes.

- Q And you didn't hear anything from him indicating he had any kind of problem?
 - A That's correct.
- Q We know that you got in the seat and you drove on and a few minutes later is when you stopped. Do you feel like you can watch the video and kind of walk the jury through what I know it's hard for you what you were doing at that particular time?
 - A Sure.
- Q Would you pull up 8:03:09? Before you do that, can you just tell the jury after you dropped off Ms. Kinkaid, where were you going next and what was the traffic like?
- A The front, when we start moving, I have to make another left out of the parking space, then make another left to go to the road and then another, like a few, probably 50 meters away, make another right to go to the [indiscernible] Road and then I went on all the way straight. It's not that traffic area once you go in there, but you just have to do some maneuvers.
 - Q To get out there.
 - A To get out there.
- Q Okay. What I'm going to be asking you, Jay, is as we're going through the video what is it that kind of first --

2	attention that there was maybe something you needed to check		
3	on with Harvey?		
4	A He wasn't		
5	Q Let's wait until the video gets up so you can show		
6	the jury.		
7	(Video played)		
8	Q Are you stopped at a stoplight or a stop sign at		
9	this point?		
10	A That's correct.		
11	(Video played)		
12	Q Before you called out to Harvey for the first time,		
13	explain to the jury what you remember about what made you		
14	check on him to begin with? What happened?		
15	A He was quiet, wasn't saying anything. When we got		
16	to the stoplight I look and check the mirror. I couldn't see		
17	him. So I was thinking that he must be napping and he must be		
18	on, leaning towards the seat.		
19	Q The side wall of the bus you mean?		
20	A Yeah, the side wall of the bus. So I, what I did		
21	was I look to the left to see whether there's a sign of him		
22	and I did this and I couldn't see any sign of him. And then I		
23	move to the side, to the other side and looked this way and I		
24	could like, a shadow of him. And then I, after that, I move		
25	forward and then check on the and it was going on through		

as you recall it, what is it that first kind of caught your

1 my mind like what is he doing when I move up like this.

Q Are you looking in the mirror at that point or what are you looking up for?

A Yeah, I was looking at the mirror. And then I wasn't really sure. I double check it again, kind of like do that and I saw him like slumped on the floor and then I did this and I start calling.

Q Were you first kind of aware like a shadow or something, is that what you said when you looked?

A Yes, when I did this. Like there's somebody that you can [indiscernible] even though we cannot figure out what it was. So that triggers me to check it and then do that to make sure I see him and I saw him.

Q From the time that you got back on the bus and started driving after dropping off Ms. Kinkaid until you stopped and started looking, did you ever see Harvey before that in that time frame? I didn't ask a very good question. I'm sorry. You got back on the bus and started driving again after you dropped off Ms. Kinkaid. And until this point when you stopped and were checking on him, did you ever see Harvey in between that time?

A No.

Q Let's go on just a little bit further here.

(Video played)

Q Is that you touching him there?

1	А	Yes. I went to do this.	
2		(Video played)	
3	Q	At this point you're moving over to the side,	
4	correct?		
5	А	That's correct.	
6	Q	What was going through your head at this point?	
7	A	Confused.	
8	Q	Okay.	
9	A	I am really confused.	
10	Q	Did you have any idea what was going on with him?	
11	A	No, I don't have any idea.	
12	Q	During the time that you were driving after dropping	
13	off Ms. H	Kinkaid until you noticed Harvey, were you	
14	concentra	ating on your driving?	
15	А	That's correct.	
16	Q	Were you checking your mirrors periodically as you	
17	were trained to do?		
18	А	Yes.	
19	Q	But you didn't see Harvey and I think you told us	
20	you thought he was maybe napping?		
21	A	Yes.	
22	Q	Now why is it that you pulled the bus over to the	
23	side of t	the road?	
24	A	We're in the middle of the road and I just reacted	
	1		

1	there are cars behind. It's safety too. I went on to go to		
2	the corner.		
3	Q You want to go ahead and start again, please?		
4	(Video played)		
5	Q We heard a little beep there. Maybe back it up so		
6	they can hear the beep. But what was that beep that we heard?		
7	A That's when you call the dispatch.		
8	Q Okay. So as soon as you stopped the bus you pushed		
9	the button to call dispatch?		
10	A That's correct.		
11	Q Did you already know you had some kind of an		
12	emergency that you needed help with?		
13	A Yes. Know something's wrong.		
14	Q Something's wrong.		
15	A Going on, but I'm not sure.		
16	Q Did everybody on the jury hear it or should we back		
17	it up so you can hear it again? Let's back it up a little		
18	bit.		
19	(Video played)		
20	Q At this point, do you have any idea what's going on		
21	with Harvey Chernikoff?		
22	A I have no idea.		
23	Q Did it even cross your mind that maybe he had		
24	choked?		
25	A No.		

- 1		
1	Q Did you Dr. Stein testified last week that you	
2	probably should have been able to smell peanut butter. Did	
3	you smell anything at all when you went to check on Harvey?	
4	A No.	
5	Q Did you even see the lunchbox that was supposedly	
6	open and with wrappers coming out of it?	
7	A I wasn't paying attention to that.	
8	Q Were you paying attention to Harvey directly at th	at
9	point?	
10	A Yes.	
11	Q Did you ever see any food coming out of his mouth	at
12	any of the time when you were still on the bus?	
13	A No.	
14	(Video played)	
14 15	(Video played) Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing?	
100000		
15	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing?	
15 16	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back.	
15 16 17	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back?	
15 16 17 18	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back? A Yes.	
15 16 17 18 19	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back? A Yes. (Video played)	
15 16 17 18 19 20	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back? A Yes. (Video played) Q Did you not want to let loose of him again?	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back? A Yes. (Video played) Q Did you not want to let loose of him again? A Yeah.	су
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Q What is that noise, Jay, that we're hearing? A Calling me back. Q That's dispatch calling you back? A Yes. (Video played) Q Did you not want to let loose of him again? A Yeah. (Video played)	су

1	А	That's correct.
2	Q	Had you ever experienced anything like this before?
3	А	You mean the call in?
4	Q	I'm sorry. I didn't ask a very good question. Had
5	you ever	experienced a situation similar to this where you had
6	a passeng	er just go down like that and you needed to get
7	emergency services there?	
8	А	No.
9	Q	Have you ever had anything like this happen to you
10	since tha	t time?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	You have?
13	A	Right after this I have some instance, some incident
14	that happ	ened to me.
15	Q	Okay. What happened there?
16	A	There was somebody having a seizure. The lady that
17	work with	her, we were stopped to drop off somebody and said
18	my friend	is having a seizure.
19	Q	Did you call dispatch at that point?
20	A	Called dispatch, yes.
21	Q	And did they call 9-1-1?
22	А	That's correct. And then they send the 9-1-1.
23	Q	Okay. So the paramedics did respond?
24	A	Yes.
25	Q	Were they able to help that lady?

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Did you want to help Harvey at this point by doing
3	what you	could for him?
4	А	Yes.
5	Q	Did you feel like getting emergency medical
6	assistanc	e was the best possible thing that you could do for
7	him?	
8	А	Correct.
9	Q	Did you have any clue at all what was going on with
10	him at an	y time before the paramedics got there?
11	A	No, I had no clue. It crossed my mind he must be
12	having a	heart attack or something.
13	Q	Can you describe
14	A	I don't know.
15	Q	I'm sorry. I keep interrupting you. Go ahead.
16	A	I said it crossed my mind that there's something
17	going on,	must be a heart attack or something like that, but
18	I'm not sure, I don't know.	
19	Q	Once you called dispatch to report that you needed
20	an emerge	ncy, can you describe for the jury how hard it was
21	for you t	o wait for the ambulance to arrive?
22	А	It's the longest hour of my life.
23	Q	I'm sorry. Do you need a Kleenex? I know it's hard
24	for you.	It's another hard question, Jay, but can you express

or describe to the jury how you were feeling during that time?

1	А	What was the question?	
2	Q	I'm sorry. You want to take a breath?	
3	A	Yes.	
4	Q	Tell me when you're okay to go.	
5	А	I'm sorry.	
6	Q	You okay?	
7	A	Yes.	
8	Q	Hard question. Can you describe for the jury how	
9	you were	feeling, what you were experiencing during that time	
10	that you didn't know what was going on with Harvey but you		
11	were wait	ing for the ambulance to get there?	
12	A	I'm helpless. I'm so helpless. I wish I could do	
13	something	g like	
14	Q	Were you worried about him?	
15	А	I'm so worried about him.	
16	Q	Didn't know what was going on?	
17	A	No.	
18	Q	Let's move past that, Jay. Once the ambulance got	
19	there, did you you went off the bus when the ambulance		
20	paramedics arrived.		
21	А	Yes, I did.	
22	Q	Did you ever go back on the bus again after the	
23	paramedic	es got there?	
24	А	I did.	
25	Q	I'm sorry?	

- A I did.
- Q You did not?
- A I did not. When they were there any took over and that's it.
 - Q Did you talk to the paramedics on the scene?
- A They asked me about how long and I said maybe five minutes or ten minutes, I wasn't sure, I don't know.
- Q Fair to say you were pretty rattled, pretty shaken when this was going on?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Did the police arrive at some point?
- A They did.
 - Q And we've seen that you gave a statement to the police and that was talked about this morning in the testimony. I think it's Exhibit 9. You did talk to the police and you gave a statement?
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q Were you still pretty rattled at that time?
- 9 A Yes.
 - Q Did you try to recall as best you could what happened with Harvey and --
 - A Yes, I did.
 - Q -- what you remembered about it? You indicate in the statement that he was talking to you and then all of a sudden he wasn't talking. What did you mean by that in the

statement?

- A It was that time I was that he was in the bus and he was trying to have conversation with me, asking me about something that I couldn't understand. Then after that went silent and he never talked again.
 - Q Was that before you dropped off Ms. Kinkaid?
- 7 A Correct.
 - Q Did you ever hear him speak again after Ms. Kinkaid got off the bus?
 - A I never heard him again.
 - Q How long did you stay at the scene before you went back to the office?
 - A We waited about probably two or three hours.

 Traffic route, everything happened and we were just sitting there with my supervisor.
 - Q Okay. Your supervisor came?
- 17 A Yes.
 - Q Did you speak to him when he came and tell him what happened?
 - A Yes.
 - Q At some point the coroner came. Were you still there when the coroner or the coroner investigator, I'm sorry, came to the scene or had you already left at that time?
 - A I believe I was still there.
 - Q Okay. Did you also talk with her?