IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

INDICATE FULL CAPTION:

NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC,

v.

SATICOY BAY SERIES 2227 SHADOW CANYON No. 70382 Electronically Filed

Jun 22 2016 09:33 a.m.

DOCKETING STRACTED MILITIDE MAN CIVIL A PIECE A DISSUPREME Court

GENERAL INFORMATION

Appellants must complete this docketing statement in compliance with NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Supreme Court in screening jurisdiction, identifying issues on appeal, assessing presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, scheduling cases for oral argument and settlement conferences, classifying cases for expedited treatment and assignment to the Court of Appeals, and compiling statistical information.

WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Supreme Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 27 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. See KDI Sylvan Pools v. Workman, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

1. Judicial District Eighth	Department XIV
County Clark	Judge Hon. Adriana Escobar
District Ct. Case No. A-14-702938-C	
2. Attorney filing this docketing sta	tement:
Attorney Allison R. Schmidt, Esq.	Telephone 702-634-5000
Firm Akerman LLP	
Address 1160 Town Center Dr.	
#330	
Las Vegas, NV 89144	
Client(s) Nationstar Mortgage LLC	
	ats, add the names and addresses of other counsel and et accompanied by a certification that they concur in the lents(s):
Attorney Michael Bohn, Esq.	Telephone 702-642-3113
Firm Michael Bohn, Esq., LTD	
Address 376 E. Warm Spring Rd	
Suite 140	
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
Client(s) Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227	Shadow Canyon
Attorney	Telephone
Firm	
Address	
Client(s)	

all that apply):
□ Dismissal:
☐ Lack of jurisdiction
☐ Failure to state a claim
☐ Failure to prosecute
☐ Other (specify):
☐ Divorce Decree:
\Box Original \Box Modification
☐ Other disposition (specify):
erning any of the following?
this court. List the case name and docket number sently or previously pending before this court which
other courts. List the case name, number and in other courts which are related to this appeal ted proceedings) and their dates of disposition:
- · · · -

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below: This case is a quiet title/declaratory relief action that followd a Homeowners Association Sale. Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon (Saticoy) alleges it owns the property free and clear of Nationstar's senior deed of trust. Nationstar alleges that the salw was void or should be set aside, or that Saticoy purchased the property subject to its senior deed of trust.
9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):
(1) whether or not the sale was commercially unreasonable
(2) whether or not NRS 116's statutory foreclosure scheme is facially unconstitutional
(3) whether or not NRS 116's statutory foreclosure scheme is unconstitutionally vauge
10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised: N/A

the state, any state a	ssues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and gency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44		
□ N/A			
⊠ Yes			
\square No			
If not, explain:			
12. Other issues. De	pes this appeal involve any of the following issues?		
\square Reversal of well-	settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))		
⊠ An issue arising	under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions		
$oxed{oxed}$ A substantial iss	ue of first impression		
☐ An issue of publi	c policy		
An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions			
\square A ballot question	i.		
for ob	reclosure scheme. Additionally, Nationstar has asserted that the price tained by the HOA at the foreclosure sale was grossly inadequate and e sale must be set aside as a result.		

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

This case should be retained by the Supreme Court pursuant to NRAP 17(a)(13) as it presents a substantial issue of first impression as to the constitutionality of NRS 116's statutory foreclosure scheme, and seeks further clarification as to the application of the restatement's measure of "grossly inadequate" sales price to a commercial reasonableness test.

14. Trial. If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last? N/A

Was it a bench or jury trial? N/A

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice? No.

TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	written judgment or order appealed from April 7, 2016
	ment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for
seeking appellate	review:
17. Date written no	tice of entry of judgment or order was served April 8, 2016
Was service by:	
\square Delivery	
⊠ Mail/electronic	c/fax
18. If the time for fi (NRCP 50(b), 52(b),	iling the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of f	type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing.
☐ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
☐ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
\square NRCP 59	Date of filing
	pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the a notice of appeal. See AA Primo Builders v. Washington, 126 Nev, 245
(b) Date of enti	ry of written order resolving tolling motion
(c) Date writter	n notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served
Was service	by:
\Box Delivery	
\square Mail	

19. Date notice of appeal filed May 6, 2016		
If more than one party has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each notice of appeal was filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:		
20. Specify statute or rule governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal, e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other NRAP 4(a)		
TAILEM ±(a)		
SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY		
21. Specify the statute or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review the judgment or order appealed from: (a)		
⊠ NRAP 3A(b)(1) □ NRS 38.205		
□ NRAP 3A(b)(2) □ NRS 233B.150		
□ NRAP 3A(b)(3) □ NRS 703.376		
Other (specify)		
(b) Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: The order granting summary judgment in favor of Saticoy resolved all the claims pending in the lower court.		

22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court: (a) Parties:
Nationstar Mortgage LLC
Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon
Paterno Jurani
Republic Services
(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, <i>e.g.</i> , formally dismissed, not served, or other:
Republic Services was dismissed on July 25, 2016
Paterno Jurani was dismissed on May 27, 2015
23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal disposition of each claim. Saticoy Bay's claims for quiet title and delcaratory relief. Formally resolved April 7, 2016
 24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:
(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgmen pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?
☐ Yes
\square No
(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?
☐ Yes
\square No
26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):
N/A

27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- Any other order challenged on appeal
- Notices of entry for each attached order

VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Nationstar I Name of app	Mortgage LLC pellant		Allison R. Schmidt, Esq. Name of counsel of record
6/21/2016 Date			Allison R. Schmidt, Esq. Signature of counsel of record
Clark Count	y, Nevada unty where signe	od	
State and co	unity where signe	CERTIFICATE (OF SERVICE
	on the 21st	day of June nt upon all counsel o	, ,, , I sor , ou u copy or on
⊠ By m addre below Michae 376 E. V Suite 1	ess(es): (NOTE: I v and attach a se l Bohn, Esq. Warm Springs Re	f all names and add parate sheet with th	icient postage prepaid to the following lresses cannot fit below, please list names
Dated this	<u>21st</u>	day of June	, <u>2016</u>
		7 <u>-</u>	Allison R. Schmidt Signature



Notice of Service of Process

null / ALL Transmittal Number: 12684711 Date Processed: 06/30/2014

Primary Contact:

Barbara Ruyle Nationstar Mortgage LLC 350 Highland Drive Lewisville, TX 75067

Entity:

Nationstar Mortgage LLC

Entity ID Number 2050233

Entity Served:

Nationstar Mortgage LLC.

Title of Action:

Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon vs. Nationstar Mortgage LLC.

Document(s) Type:

Summons/Complaint

Nature of Action:

Property

Court/Agency:

Clark County District Court, Nevada

Case/Reference No:

A-14-702938-C

Jurisdiction Served:

Nevada

Date Served on CSC:

06/30/2014

Answer or Appearance Due:

20 Days

Originally Served On:

CSC

How Served:

Personal Service

Sender Information:

Jeff Arlitz 702-642-3113

Information contained on this transmittal form is for record keeping, notification and forwarding the attached document(s). It does not constitute a legal opinion. The recipient is responsible for interpreting the documents and taking appropriate action.

To avoid potential delay, please do not send your response to CSC

CSC is SAS70 Type II certified for its Litigation Management System. 2711 Centerville Road Wilmington, DE 19808 (888) 690-2882 | sop@cscinfo.com

1	SUMM		
2	MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ.		
	Nevada Bar No.: 1641		
3	MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 376 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 140		
4	Las Vegas, NV 89119		
5	(702) 642-3113		
6	Attorney for plaintiff D	ISTRICT COURT	
7	CLARK	COUNTY, NEVADA	
8	SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227		
9	SHADOW CANYON		
	Plaintiff(s),		
10		CASE NO. A-14-702938-C	
11	-vs-		
12		DEPT. NO. V	
	NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.; PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC-SILVER STATE		
13	DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC SERVICES		
14	Defandant(s).		
15		ı	
16	SUMMO	NS - CIVIL	
17	NOTICE! YOU HAVE BEEN SUED. THE	COURT MAY DECIDE AGAINST YOU	
18	WITHOUT YOUR BEING HEARD UNLES READ THE INFORMATION BELOW.	S YOU RESPOND WITHIN 20 DAYS.	
19	NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.		
20	TO THE DEFENDANT(S): A civil Complaint has been filed by the Plaintiff(s) against		
21	you for the relief set forth in the Complaint.		
22	If you intend to defend this law	vsuit, within 20 days after this Summons is	
23	served on you, exclusive of th	e day of service, you must do the following:	
24	(a) File with the Clerk of this 0	Court, whose address is shown below, a	
25	formal written response to	the Complaint in accordance with the rules	
26	of the Court, with the appr	opriate filing fee.	
27	(b) Serve a copy of your resp	onse upon the attorney whose name and	
28	address is shown below.	•	

SUMM Civil.doc/12/30/2004

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- Unless you respond, your default will be entered upon application of the Plaintiff(s) and failure to so respond will result in a judgment of default against you for the relief demanded in the Complaint, which could result in the taking of money or property or other relief requested in the Complaint.
- 3. If you intend to seek the advice of an attorney in this matter, you should do so promptly so that your response may be filed on time.
- 4. The State of Nevada, its political subdivisions, agencies, officers, employees, board members, commission members and legislators each have 45 days after service of this Summons within which to file an Answer or other responsive pleading to the Complaint.

Submitted by:

BY: // WCMOW DOL

MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ. 376 E. Warm Springs Road Suite 140 Las Vegas, NV 89119 Attorney for Plaintiff STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF SCOURT

KATHRINE BELNEEV

JUN 2 6 2014

Deputy Clerk

Date

Regional Justice Center

200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89101

NOTE: When service is by publication, add a brief statement of the object of the action. See Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure 4(b).

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1 COMP MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ. **CLERK OF THE COURT** Nevada Bar No.: 1641 mbohn@bohnlawfirm.com JEFF ARLITZ, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 6558 jarlitz@bohnlawfirm.com LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 (702) 642-3113/ (702) 642-9766 FAX 7 Attorney for plaintiff, Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon 8 DISTRICT COURT 9 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10 SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CASE NO.: A-14-702938-C 11 DEPT NO.: **CANYON** 12 Plaintiff, **EXEMPTION FROM ARBITRATION:** 13 Title to real property 14 NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.; PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC 15 SILVER STATE DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC SERVICES 16 Defendants. 17 18 **COMPLAINT** 19 Plaintiff, Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Creek Canyon, by and through its attorney, Jeff 20 Arlitz, Esq. alleges as follows: 21 1. Plaintiff is the owner of the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, 22 Henderson, Nevada. 23 2. Plaintiff obtained title by foreclosure deed recorded on February 3, 2014. 24 3. The plaintiff's title stems from a foreclosure deed arising from a delinquency in assessments 25 due from the former owner, Patricia E. Evans to the Sun City Anthem Community Association, pursuant 26 to NRS Chapter 116. 27

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16. The plaintiff is entitled to an award of attorneys fees and costs.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff prays for Judgment as follows:

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1	1. For injunctive relief;				
2	2. For a determination and declaration that plaintiff is the rightful holder of title to the property,				
3	free and clear of all liens, encumbrances, and claims of the defendants.				
4	3. For a determination and declaration that the defendants have no estate, right, title, interest or				
5	claim in the property.				
6	4. For a judgment forever enjoining the defendants from asserting any estate, right, title, interest				
7	or claim in the property; and				
8	5. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.				
9	DATED this 24 th day of June 2014.				
10	LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD.				
11	MICHAELT, BOHN, ESQ., LTD.				
12	By: / s / Jeff Arlitz, Esq., /				
13	Jeff Arlitz, Esq. 376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140				
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for plaintiff				
15					
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YERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA	2
), 88
COUNTY OF CLARK)

fyad Haddad, being first duly sworn, deposes and says;

That he is the authorized representative of the plaintiff Limited Liability Company in the above entitled action; that he has read the foregoing complaint and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true of his own knowledge, except as to those matters therein alleged on information and belief, and as to those matters, he believes them to be true.

IYAD HADDAD

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 24 day of June, 2014

NOPARY PUBLIC in and for said County and State

MAURIZIO MAZZA Notary Public State of Nevada No. 05-94588-1 My Appt, Exp. Feb. 1, 2017

Electronically Filed 07/21/2014 05:52:06 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

ANS ARIEL E. STERN, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8276 ALLISON R. SCHMIDT, ESQ.

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Nevada Bar No. 4642 AKERMAN LLP

1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330

Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: (702) 634-5000 Facsimile: (702) 380-8572 Email: ariel.stern@akerman.com

6 Email: allison.schmidt@akerman.com

Attorneys for Nationstar Mortgage, LLC

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW

Case No.:

A-14-702938-C

Dept.:

CANYON,

Plaintiff,

DEFENDANT NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC'S ANSWER TO **COMPLAINT**

NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE, LLC; PATERNO C. JURANI and REPUBLIC SILVER STATE DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC SERVICES,

Defendants.

Nationstar Mortgage, LLC, (Nationstar), answers plaintiff SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CANYON's (plaintiff) complaint as follows:

- 1. Nationstar lacks sufficient knowledge or information to admit or deny the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-3 and 5, and 6 of the complaint and denies each allegation contained in those paragraphs on that basis.
- 2. Nationstar denies the allegations set forth in paragraphs 7, 9, 10, 12, 13, and 16 of the complaint.
- 3. With respect to paragraph 4 of the complaint, Nationstar admits that it is the current beneficiary of the subject deed of trust, however, answering the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 4, Nationstar states that the document referenced speaks for itself. {29239335;1}

Town Center Drive, Suite 330 S VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 2) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572 AKERMAN LLP 14 15 1160 T LAS : (702) 16 TEL: 17

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9 10 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 : (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572 11 12 13 14 15 16 TEL. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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4. With respect to paragraph 15 of the complaint, Nationstar denies that plaintiff is entitled to the relief described therein.

WHEREFORE, Nationstar prays for the following:

- 1. That plaintiff takes nothing by way of its complaint;
- 2. For attorney's fees and costs of defending this action; and
- 3. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- Plaintiff fails to state claims upon which relief may be granted. 1.
- 2. The foreclosure sale at issue cannot eliminate a senior deed of trust under NRS 116.311635 and NRS 21.130.
- 3. The foreclosure sale at issue cannot eliminate a senior deed of trust because it was commercially unreasonable.
 - 4. Nationstar acted in good faith at all times.
- 5. Due to plaintiff's own actions, plaintiff is estopped from asserting the claims in the complaint.
- 6. Plaintiff's claims may be barred by applicable limitations on actions, including the statute of limitations.
- 7. The liability, if any, of Nationstar must be reduced by the percentage of fault of plaintiff and others.
- 8. Plaintiff's claims and causes of action are barred, in whole or in part, due to plaintiff's failure to mitigate, minimize, or otherwise avoid its alleged damages.
- 9. Plaintiff's claims are barred because any injury it suffered was the result of the actions of an intervening superseding cause over which Nationstar had no control.
 - 10. Plaintiff's claims are barred pursuant to the laches doctrine.
- 11. Plaintiff's damages, if any, were not caused by any negligence or want of care by Nationstar, but were caused by third parties over which Nationstar had no control.
- 12. Any act or omission on the part of Nationstar was not the proximate cause of the alleged injuries or damages, if any, sustained by plaintiff.

{29239335;1}3

AKERMAN LLP

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29. Nationstar reserves the right to assert additional affirmative defenses that become apparent during discovery.

DATED this 21st day of July, 2014.

AKERMAN LLP

/s/ Allison R. Schmidt
ARIEL E. STERN, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 8276
ALLISON R. SCHMIDT, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 10743
1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330
Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Nationstar Mortgage, LLC

1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Akerman LLP, and that on this 21st day of July, 2014 I caused to be served a true and correct copy of foregoing **DEFENDANT**NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC'S ANSWER TO COMPLAINT in the following manner:

(ELECTRONIC SERVICE) Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, the above-referenced document was electronically filed on the date hereof and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List.

Michael F. Bohn, Esq. Jeff Arlitz, Esq. LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN, Esq., LTD. 376 E. Warm Springs Road, Suite 140 Las Vegas, NV 89119

Attorneys for Plaintiff

/s/ Lucille Chiusano
An employee of AKERMAN LLP

CLERK OF THE COURT

On application of the Plaintiff, no answer, motion for summary judgment or other appearance having been filed or served by the Defendant named below, a notice of the dismissal of this action having been duly signed, the above entitled action as to Defendant, Republic Silver State Disposal, DBA Republic Services, is hereby dismissed.

CLERK OF COURT

JUL 2 1 2014

DEPUTY CLERK

DATE

PATRICIA AZ

1	DSML	Alun D. Column
2	MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ, Nevada Bar No.: 1641	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	mbohn@bohnlawfirm.com LAW OFFICES OF	
4	MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140	
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
6	Attorney for plaintiff DISTRICT	COURT
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
8		
9	SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CANYON	CASE NO.: A702938 DEPT NO.: V
10	Plaintiff,	
11	vs.	
12	NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.:	
13	PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC SILVER STATE DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC	
14	SERVICES;	
15	Defendants.	
16	<u> የነረጉሚነል ሊነልጉ የ የነልጉ የአን</u> ሊሊን የ	XXII XXXII AND XXXII XXXXII XXXII XX
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20	authorizes and directs the Clerk of the court to enter a	a judgment of dismissal as to Paterno C. Jurani, Esq.
21		
22	DATE: <u>5-2/-/5</u>	Attorney for Plaintiff
23	///	
24	/// ///	
25 W	ñ	

CLERK OF THE COURT

On application of the Plaintiff, no answer, motion for summary judgment or other appearance having been filed or served by the Defendant named below, a notice of the dismissal of this action having been duly signed, the above entitled action as to Defendant, Paterno C. Jurani, Esq. is hereby dismissed.

CLERK OF COURT	STEVEN D. GRIERSON CLERK OF THE COURT
By: Hickey	ie Waler
DEPUTY CLERK	AMOZP38 DATES
8.885 8.883 1 ET 8.855 6 E	278.85

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1 FFCL MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESO. 2 Nevada Bar No.: 1641 mbohn@bohnlawfirm.com LAW OFFICES OF **CLERK OF THE COURT** MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 4 ||376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 (702) 642-3113/ (702) 642-9766 FAX Attorney for plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CASE NO.: A702938 10 CANYON, DEPT NO.: XIV 11 Plaintiff, Date of hearing: January 14, 2016 12 VS. Time of hearing: 9:00 a.m. 13 NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.; PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC SILVER STATE DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC 14 SERVICES, 15 Defendants. 16 17 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT 18 The motion of defendant Nationstar Mortgage, LLC ("Nationstar) for summary judgment, and countermotion of plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon ("Plaintiff") having come before the court on the 14th day of January, 2016, Michael F. Bohn, Esq. appearing on behalf of 20 21 plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon ("Plaintiff"), Ariel E. Stern, Esq., appearing on 22 behalf of Bank of America and Reconstruct Company, N.A., and the court, having reviewed the motions 23 and the oppositions and having heard the arguments of counsel, makes it's findings of fact, conclusion 24 of law and judgment as follows. 25 **FINDINGS OF FACT** 26 1. Plaintiff is the owner of the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, 27

1 Henderson, Nevada ("the Property"). 2. Plaintiff obtained title to the Property at foreclosure sale conducted on January 2, 2014 as evidenced by foreclosure deed recorded February 3, 2014. 3. The foreclosure deed arose from a delinquency in assessments due from the former owner, Patricia E. Evans, to the Sun City Anthem Community Association ("the HOA"), pursuant to NRS Chapter 116. 4. Defendant Nationstar Mortgage LLC ("Nationstar") is the beneficiary of a deed of trust that was recorded as an encumbrance on the Property on February 7, 2006. 5. The foreclosure agent recorded a notice of default on June 24, 2010. The foreclosure agent then mailed a copy of the notice of default to Pulte Mortgage LLC on June 30, 2010. Pulte Mortgage 11 lis the predecessor in interest to defendant Nationstar's predecessor in interest, 6. The foreclosure agent recorded a notice of sale on November 26, 2013. The foreclosure agent then mailed a copy of the notice of sale to Pulte Mortgage LLC and defendant Nationstar on November 14 26, 2013. 7. Additionally, the foreclosure agent posted the notice of sale at three separate public locations and published the notice of sale in Nevada Legal News. 8. Defendant Nationstar and its predecessor in interest, Pulte Mortgage LLC, were on actual notice of the HOA foreclosure sale and failed to take any action to protect their interests in the Property. 9. The HOA foreclosure agent issued a deed upon sale which was recorded on February 3, 2014. Default occurred as set forth in a Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on 06/24/2010 as instrument number 0002131 Book 20100624 which was recorded in the office of the recorder of said county. Red Rock Financial Services has complied with all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Lien for Delinquent Assessments and Notice of Default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale.

10. Any findings of fact which should be considered to be a conclusion of law shall be treated as such.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Summary judgment is appropriate when "the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories,

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and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." NRCP 56. "The party moving for summary judgment bears the initial burden of production to show the absence of a genuine issue of material fact." Cuzze v. U. and Community College System of Nevada, 123 Nev. 598, 602, 172 P.3d 131, 134 (2007). Where the moving party will carry the burden of persuasion on those issues at trial, it "must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." *Id.*

- 2. If the initial burden is carried, "the party opposing summary judgment assumes a burden of production to show the existence of a genuine issue of material fact." *Id.* The opposing party must "transcend the pleadings and, by affidavit or other admissible evidence, introduce specific facts that show a genuine issue of material fact." *Id.* The opposing party is "not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005) (citations and quotations omitted). If the opposing party fails to carry its burden, summary judgment will be entered against it if the moving party is also entitled to judgment as a matter of law. *See* NRCP 56(c). Since both parties have moved for summary judgment, and attach many of the same real property records to their respective motions, the only issue for the Court to resolve is which party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Based on the Court's prior tentative, this issue reduces to whether there is sufficient state action under the facts of this case to find Nevada's HOA lien statutes unconstitutional.
- 3. When ruling on a motion for summary judgment, the court may take judicial notice of the public records attached to the motion. See Anderson v. County of Nassau, 297 F. Supp 2d 540, 544-45 (E.D.N.Y. 2004); In Re Bayside Prison Litig., 190 F. Supp 2d 755, 760 (D. N.J. 2002). The recorded documents attached to the plaintiffs motion are referenced in the complaint and/or are public records of which the Court may, and did take judicial notice. See NRS 47.150; Lemel v. Smith, 64 Nev. 545 (1947) (Judicial Notice takes the place of proof and is of equal force.") "Documents accompanied by a certificate of acknowledgment of a notary public or officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments are presumed to be authentic." NRS 52.165.

- 4. The defendant did not object to the authenticity of any of the exhibits attached to the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment.
- 5. Plaintiff's complaint alleges three claims for relief against defendant Nationstar Mortgage, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and quiet title. Summary judgment in favor of the plaintiff on all of plaintiff's claims for relief are appropriate.
- 6. The HOA foreclosure sale complied with all requirements of law, including but not limited to, recording and mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent Assessment and Notice of Default, and the recording, posting and publication of the Notice of Sale.
- 7. Nationstar's first argument is that Nevada has mandated and/or encouraged the creation of HOAs to such an extent as to constitute state action. D. Supp. at 4-8. As an initial matter, it should be noted that this argument mischaracterizes Nevada law with regard to the establishment of HOAs. Nevada law merely requires that if a municipality approves the development of a planned unit development which contains any land set aside as common open space! within that development, then the development must be governed by a HOA. NRS 278A.130. Nothing in the Nevada statutes makes a blanket requirement that HOAs be established state-wide. The State is also not involved in the operation of those HOAs, which may provide more of a footing to argue state action.
- 8. Nationstar further argues that the State receives an identifiable benefit from the creation of HOAs in the form of "significant government cost saving [from placing the burden of streets and the like on the HOAs]." Mot. at 6-7. The legislative history cited by Nationstar belies this point though, as that indicates that the State was concerned about HOAs shifting *their* maintenance costs to the *State* after the HOAs had been given the right to operate by the State. Furthermore, even if this cost saving benefit could constitute state action, it is not the cause of Nationstar's alleged injury and Nationstar would lack standing in that regard. Constitutional standing requires, *inter alia*, "a causal connection between the injury and the conduct complained of." <u>Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife, 504 U.S. 555</u>, 560-61 (1992). Here,

1 Nationstar complains of the State's shifting the cost burden of street maintenance, but this shifting did not result in the loss of its first deed of trust. Hence, Nationstar's first argument should be rejected.

- 9. Nationstar next argues that the State is intimately intertwined with HOA foreclosures because it created the super-priority lien right, unknown at common law, and that this is sufficient state action. D. Supp. at 8-9. On this point, Nationstar cites to Culbertson v. Leland, 528 F.2d 426 (9th Cir. 1975). Nationstar argues that the Ninth Circuit found sufficient state action in Arizona's enactment of a statute giving hotel operators the right to a lien on evicted patrons' property because it was a right unknown at common law. D. Supp. at 8. However, Culbertson is distinguishable from this case.
- 10. Culbertson's holding was clearly couched in the fact that hotel operators had no lien at 10 common law on their patrons' belongings and that Arizona's granting that right constituted a right granted by the State. 528 F.2d at 429-431. Nationstar's reliance on Culbertson fails to acknowledge Culbertson's detailed discussion beginning at page 429, as well as the fact that "the distinction between the sources of...the Nevada powers of sale does not compel, or strongly support, a holding that the latter constitutes state action." Charmicor v. Deaner, 572 F.2d 694, 696 (9th Cir. 1978). Therefore, the fact that Nevada's HOA lien is statutorily created has no real bearing on whether the enactment of that statute constitutes state action.
 - 11. Nationstar also presents a second argument as to why Nevada is intimately intertwined with HOA foreclosures – that the State is "overtly involved in every aspect of the HOA super priority lien foreclosure, except foreclosing on the property itself." Id. at 9:2-3. However, the sale provided for in NRS 116 is nonjudicial and the state "has not compelled the sale of a [debtor's property and thereby the extinguishment of a first priority deed of trust], but has merely announced the circumstances under which its courts will not interfere with a private sale." <u>Flagg Bros., Inc. v. Brooks</u>, 436 U.S. 149, 166 (1978).
 - 12. Nationstar next argues that NRS 116 is intended to force first priority deed of trust holders to pay HOA liens without providing a clear and certain remedy for a refund of any amount they overpay. D. Supp. at 14-15. The cases it cites in support, however, both involved overpayments made to a state agency. See Garcia-Rubiera v. Fortuño, 665 F.3d 261 (1st Cir. 2011) (concerning duplicate payments to the Puerto Rico's state-run compulsory insurance agency); McKesson Corp. v. Div. of Alcoholic

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Beverages & Tobacco, 496 U.S. 18 (1989) (concerning tax payments). There is no similar situation here. Moreover, contrary to Nationstar's position, the Nevada Supreme Court in SFR made no indication that the legislature intended first priority deed of trust holders to pay off HOA liens – it merely recognized that those holders may protect their interests by paying off the HOA lien. Based on the foregoing, the state need not provide a clear and certain remedy where there is no clear and direct state action in the first place. 13. Nationstar also presents further argument as to the commercial unreasonableness of the sale. Nationstar argues that the low sales price, in comparison to the fair market value of the Property, compels close scrutiny of the sale. D. Supp. at 16. While this may be the case, Nationstar would still have an 10 obligation to show fraud, unfairness, or oppression to set aside the sale. See Shadow Wood Homeownwers Association v. New York Community Bank, 132 Nev. Ad. Op. 5 (2016) and Long v. 12 | Towne, 98 Nev. 11, 639 P.2d 528 (1982). Although Nationstar sets forth a plethora of allegations on page seventeen of its supplement, it provides no substantiated proof sufficient to carry its burden on a motion for summary judgment. 14. NRS Chapter 116 provides a conclusive presumption as to the validity of an HOA lien foreclosure sale, absent grounds for equitable relief. NRS 116.31166, provides: purchaser without equity or right of redemption.

Foreclosure of liens: Effect of recitals in deed; purchaser not responsible for proper application of purchase money; title vested in

1. The recitals in a deed made pursuant to NRS 116.31164 of:

(a) Default, the mailing of the notice of delinquent assessment, and the recording of the notice of default and election to sell;

(b) The elapsing of the 90 days; and

- (c) The giving of notice of sale, are conclusive proof of the matters recited.
- 15. In addition to the foreclosure deed, the plaintiff also submitted proofs of mailing of the notices of default and the notice of sale.
 - 16. Any conclusion of law which should be a finding of fact shall be considered as such.

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ORDER and **JUDGMENT**

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon counter motion for summary judgment is granted.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendant's Nationstar's motion for summary judgment is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judgment is entered on behalf of plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon and against defendant Nationstar.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that title to the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada and legally described as:

All that certain real property situated in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, described as follows: Lot Two (2) in Block One (1) of FINAL MAP OF SUN CITY ANTHEM UNIT NO. 31 as shown by map thereof on file in Book 122 of Plats, Page 29 and amended by that certain CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT recorded June 29, 2005 in Book 20050629 as Instrument No. 0003382 in the Office of the County Recorder of Clark County, Nevada

APN 190-17-310-002

is hereby quieted in the name of Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as a result of the foreclosure sale conducted on January 2, 2014 and the foreclosure deed recorded on February 3, 2014 as instrument number 201402030002095, the interests of defendant Nationstar as well as it's heirs or assigns in the property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada are extinguished.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns have no further right, title or claim to the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada resulting from the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns, or anyone acting on their behalf are forever enjoined from asserting any estate, right, title or interest in the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada as a result of the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns or anyone acting on their behalf are forever barred from enforcing any rights against the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada as a result of the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596. DATED this 3+ day of March, 2016 Respectfully submitted by: LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Attorney for plaintiff Reviewed by: AKERMAN LLP Ariel E. Stern, Esq. 1160 Town Center Drive, Ste. 330 Las Vegas, NV 89144 Attorneys for defendant Nationstar

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NJUD MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ. **CLERK OF THE COURT** Nevada Bar No.: 1641 mbohn@bohnlawfirm.com
LAW OFFICES OF
MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD.
376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 (702) 642-3113/ (702) 642-9766 FAX 5 Attorney for plaintiff 6 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY NEVADA 9 SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CASE NO.: A702938 CANYON, **DEPT NO.: XIV** 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. 12 NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.; PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC SILVER STATE 13 DISPOSÁL, DBA REPUBLIC SERVICES, 14 Defendants. 15 16 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT 17 TO: Parties above-named; and 18 TO: Their Attorney of Record 19 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a FINDINGS OF FACT, 20 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT has been entered on the 7th day of April, 2016, in the 21 above captioned matter, a copy of which is attached hereto. 22 Dated this 8th day of April, 2016. 23 LAW OFFICES OF 24 MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 25 26 By: /s//Michael F. Bohn, Esq./ MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESO. 27 376 E. Warm Springs Rd., Ste. 140 Las Vegas, NV 89119 28 Attorney for plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5, NEFCR 9 and EDCR 8.05, I hereby certify that I am an employee of LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN., ESQ., and on the <u>8th</u> day of April, 2016, an electronic copy of the **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT** was served on opposing counsel via the Court's electronic service system to the following counsel of record:

Ariel E. Stern, Esq.

AKERMAN LLP

1160 Town Center Drive, Ste. 330

Las Vegas, NV 89144

Attorneys for defendant Nationstar

By: /s/ /Marc Sameroff /
An Employee of the LAW OFFICES OF
MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ.

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04/07/2016 02:50:18 PM 1 FFCL MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ. 2 || Nevada Bar No.: 1641 mbohn@bohnlawfirm.com 3 LAW OFFICES OF **CLERK OF THE COURT** MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 4 ||376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 5 | (702) 642-3113/ (702) 642-9766 FAX 6 Attorney for plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 SATICOY BAY LLC SERIES 2227 SHADOW CASE NO.: A702938 10 CANYON, DEPT NO.: XIV 11 Plaintiff, Date of hearing: January 14, 2016 12 VS. Time of hearing: 9:00 a.m. 13 NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE LLC.; PATERNO C. JURANI, ESQ.; and REPUBLIC SILVER STATE DISPOSAL, DBA REPUBLIC 14 SERVICES, 1.5 Defendants. 16 17 FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT 18 The motion of defendant Nationstar Mortgage, LLC ("Nationstar) for summary judgment, and 19 countermotion of plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon ("Plaintiff") having come 20 before the court on the 14th day of January, 2016, Michael F. Bohn, Esq. appearing on behalf of 21 plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon ("Plaintiff"), Ariel E. Stern, Esq., appearing on 22 behalf of Bank of America and Reconstruct Company, N.A., and the court, having reviewed the motions 23 and the oppositions and having heard the arguments of counsel, makes it's findings of fact, conclusion 24 of law and judgment as follows. 25 **FINDINGS OF FACT** 26 1. Plaintiff is the owner of the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, 27 28

1 Henderson, Nevada ("the Property").

- 2. Plaintiff obtained title to the Property at foreclosure sale conducted on January 2, 2014 as evidenced by foreclosure deed recorded February 3, 2014.
- 3. The foreclosure deed arose from a delinquency in assessments due from the former owner, Patricia E. Evans, to the Sun City Anthem Community Association ("the HOA"), pursuant to NRS Chapter 116.
- 4. Defendant Nationstar Mortgage LLC ("Nationstar") is the beneficiary of a deed of trust that was recorded as an encumbrance on the Property on February 7, 2006.
- 5. The foreclosure agent recorded a notice of default on June 24, 2010. The foreclosure agent then mailed a copy of the notice of default to Pulte Mortgage LLC on June 30, 2010. Pulte Mortgage is the predecessor in interest to defendant Nationstar's predecessor in interest,
- 6. The foreclosure agent recorded a notice of sale on November 26, 2013. The foreclosure agent then mailed a copy of the notice of sale to Pulte Mortgage LLC and defendant Nationstar on November 26, 2013.
- 7. Additionally, the foreclosure agent posted the notice of sale at three separate public locations and published the notice of sale in Nevada Legal News.
- 8. Defendant Nationstar and its predecessor in interest, Pulte Mortgage LLC, were on actual notice of the HOA foreclosure sale and failed to take any action to protect their interests in the Property.
 - 9. The HOA foreclosure agent issued a deed upon sale which was recorded on February 3, 2014.

Default occurred as set forth in a Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on 06/24/2010 as instrument number 0002131 Book 20100624 which was recorded in the office of the recorder of said county. Red Rock Financial Services has complied with all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Lien for Delinquent Assessments and Notice of Default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale.

10. Any findings of fact which should be considered to be a conclusion of law shall be treated as such.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. Summary judgment is appropriate when "the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories,

and admissions on file, together with the affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." NRCP 56. "The party moving for summary judgment bears the initial burden of production to show the absence of a genuine issue of material fact." Cuzze v. U. and Community College System of Nevada, 123 Nev. 598, 602, 172 P.3d 131, 134 (2007). Where the moving party will carry the burden of persuasion on those issues at trial, it "must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." *Id.*

- 2. If the initial burden is carried, "the party opposing summary judgment assumes a burden of production to show the existence of a genuine issue of material fact." *Id.* The opposing party must "transcend the pleadings and, by affidavit or other admissible evidence, introduce specific facts that show a genuine issue of material fact." *Id.* The opposing party is "not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (2005) (citations and quotations omitted). If the opposing party fails to carry its burden, summary judgment will be entered against it if the moving party is also entitled to judgment as a matter of law. *See* NRCP 56(c). Since both parties have moved for summary judgment, and attach many of the same real property records to their respective motions, the only issue for the Court to resolve is which party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Based on the Court's prior tentative, this issue reduces to whether there is sufficient state action under the facts of this case to find Nevada's HOA lien statutes unconstitutional.
- 3. When ruling on a motion for summary judgment, the court may take judicial notice of the public records attached to the motion. See Anderson v. County of Nassau, 297 F. Supp 2d 540, 544-45 (E.D.N.Y. 2004); In Re Bayside Prison Litig., 190 F. Supp 2d 755, 760 (D. N.J. 2002). The recorded documents attached to the plaintiffs motion are referenced in the complaint and/or are public records of which the Court may, and did take judicial notice. See NRS 47.150; Lemel v. Smith, 64 Nev. 545 (1947) (Judicial Notice takes the place of proof and is of equal force.") "Documents accompanied by a certificate of acknowledgment of a notary public or officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments are presumed to be authentic." NRS 52.165.

- 5. Plaintiff's complaint alleges three claims for relief against defendant Nationstar Mortgage, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and quiet title. Summary judgment in favor of the plaintiff on all of plaintiff's claims for relief are appropriate.
- 6. The HOA foreclosure sale complied with all requirements of law, including but not limited to, recording and mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent Assessment and Notice of Default, and the recording, posting and publication of the Notice of Sale.
- 7. Nationstar's first argument is that Nevada has mandated and/or encouraged the creation of HOAs to such an extent as to constitute state action. D. Supp. at 4-8. As an initial matter, it should be noted that this argument mischaracterizes Nevada law with regard to the establishment of HOAs. Nevada law merely requires that if a municipality approves the development of a planned unit development which contains any land set aside as common open space within that development, then the development must be governed by a HOA. NRS 278A.130. Nothing in the Nevada statutes makes a blanket requirement that HOAs be established state-wide. The State is also not involved in the operation of those HOAs, which may provide more of a footing to argue state action.
- 8. Nationstar further argues that the State receives an identifiable benefit from the creation of HOAs in the form of "significant government cost saving [from placing the burden of streets and the like on the HOAs]." Mot. at 6-7. The legislative history cited by Nationstar belies this point though, as that indicates that the State was concerned about HOAs shifting *their* maintenance costs to the *State* after the HOAs had been given the right to operate by the State. Furthermore, even if this cost saving benefit could constitute state action, it is not the cause of Nationstar's alleged injury and Nationstar would lack standing in that regard. Constitutional standing requires, *inter alia*, "a causal connection between the injury and the conduct complained of." <u>Lujan v. Defenders of Wildlife, 504 U.S.</u> 555, 560-61 (1992). Here,

Nationstar complains of the State's shifting the cost burden of street maintenance, but this shifting did not result in the loss of its first deed of trust. Hence, Nationstar's first argument should be rejected.

- 9. Nationstar next argues that the State is intimately intertwined with HOA foreclosures because it created the super-priority lien right, unknown at common law, and that this is sufficient state action. D. Supp. at 8-9. On this point, Nationstar cites to <u>Culbertson v. Leland</u>, 528 F.2d 426 (9th Cir. 1975). Nationstar argues that the Ninth Circuit found sufficient state action in Arizona's enactment of a statute giving hotel operators the right to a lien on evicted patrons' property because it was a right unknown at common law. D. Supp. at 8. However, *Culbertson* is distinguishable from this case.
- 10. Culbertson's holding was clearly couched in the fact that hotel operators had no lien at common law on their patrons' belongings and that Arizona's granting that right constituted a right granted by the State. 528 F.2d at 429-431. Nationstar's reliance on Culbertson fails to acknowledge Culbertson's detailed discussion beginning at page 429, as well as the fact that "the distinction between the sources of...the Nevada powers of sale does not compel, or strongly support, a holding that the latter constitutes state action." Charmicor v. Deaner, 572 F.2d 694, 696 (9th Cir. 1978). Therefore, the fact that Nevada's HOA lien is statutorily created has no real bearing on whether the enactment of that statute constitutes state action.
- 11. Nationstar also presents a second argument as to why Nevada is intimately intertwined with HOA foreclosures that the State is "overtly involved in every aspect of the HOA super priority lien foreclosure, except foreclosing on the property itself." *Id.* at 9:2-3. However, the sale provided for in NRS 116 is *nonjudicial* and the state "has not compelled the sale of a [debtor's property and thereby the extinguishment of a first priority deed of trust], but has merely announced the circumstances under which its courts will not interfere with a private sale." <u>Flagg Bros.</u>, Inc. v. Brooks, 436 U.S. 149, 166 (1978).
- 12. Nationstar next argues that NRS 116 is intended to force first priority deed of trust holders to pay HOA liens without providing a clear and certain remedy for a refund of any amount they overpay. D. Supp. at 14-15. The cases it cites in support, however, both involved overpayments made to a state agency. See <u>Garcia-Rubiera v. Fortuño</u>, 665 F.3d 261 (1st Cir. 2011) (concerning duplicate payments to the Puerto Rico's state-run compulsory insurance agency); <u>McKesson Corp. v. Div. of Alcoholic</u>

Beverages & Tobacco, 496 U.S. 18 (1989) (concerning tax payments). There is no similar situation here. Moreover, contrary to Nationstar's position, the Nevada Supreme Court in SFR made no indication that the legislature intended first priority deed of trust holders to pay off HOA liens – it merely recognized that those holders may protect their interests by paying off the HOA lien. Based on the foregoing, the state need not provide a clear and certain remedy where there is no clear and direct state action in the first place. 13. Nationstar also presents further argument as to the commercial unreasonableness of the sale. 8 Nationstar argues that the low sales price, in comparison to the fair market value of the Property, compels close scrutiny of the sale. D. Supp. at 16. While this may be the case, Nationstar would still have an 10 obligation to show fraud, unfairness, or oppression to set aside the sale. See Shadow Wood Homeownwers Association v. New York Community Bank, 132 Nev. Ad. Op. 5 (2016) and Long v. Towne, 98 Nev. 11, 639 P.2d 528 (1982). Although Nationstar sets forth a plethora of allegations on page seventeen of its supplement, it provides no substantiated proof sufficient to carry its burden on a motion for summary judgment. 14. NRS Chapter 116 provides a conclusive presumption as to the validity of an HOA lien foreclosure sale, absent grounds for equitable relief. NRS 116.31166, provides: purchaser without equity or right of redemption.

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Foreclosure of liens: Effect of recitals in deed; purchaser not responsible for proper application of purchase money; title vested in

1. The recitals in a deed made pursuant to NRS 116.31164 of:

(a) Default, the mailing of the notice of delinquent assessment, and the recording of the notice of default and election to sell;

(b) The elapsing of the 90 days; and

(c) The giving of notice of sale, are conclusive proof of the matters recited.

- 15. In addition to the foreclosure deed, the plaintiff also submitted proofs of mailing of the notices of default and the notice of sale.
 - 16. Any conclusion of law which should be a finding of fact shall be considered as such.

ORDER and JUDGMENT

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon counter motion for summary judgment is granted.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendant's Nationstar's motion for summary judgment is denied.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that judgment is entered on behalf of plaintiff Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon and against defendant Nationstar.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that title to the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada and legally described as:

All that certain real property situated in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, described as follows: Lot Two (2) in Block One (1) of FINAL MAP OF SUN CITY ANTHEM UNIT NO. 31 as shown by map thereof on file in Book 122 of Plats, Page 29 and amended by that certain CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT recorded June 29, 2005 in Book 20050629 as Instrument No. 0003382 in the Office of the County Recorder of Clark County, Nevada

APN 190-17-310-002

is hereby quieted in the name of Saticoy Bay LLC Series 2227 Shadow Canyon.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as a result of the foreclosure sale conducted on January 2, 2014 and the foreclosure deed recorded on February 3, 2014 as instrument number 201402030002095, the interests of defendant Nationstar as well as it's heirs or assigns in the property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada are extinguished.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns have no further right, title or claim to the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada resulting from the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns, or anyone acting on their behalf are forever enjoined from asserting any estate, right, title or interest in the real property commonly known as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada as a result of the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that defendants, as well as their heirs and assigns or anyone acting 1 on their behalf are forever barred from enforcing any rights against the real property commonly known 3 as 2227 Shadow Canyon, Las Vegas, Nevada as a result of the deed of trust recorded as instrument number 20060207-0002596. DATED this 3 th day of March, 2016 5 6 7 8 9 Respectfully submitted by: 10 LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL F. BOHN, ESQ., LTD. 12 13 376 East Warm Springs Road, Ste. 140 14 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 15 Attorney for plaintiff Reviewed by: AKERMAN LLP 18 19 Ву 1160 Town Center Drive, Ste. 330 20 Las Vegas, NV 89144 21 Attorneys for defendant Nationstar 22

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