EXHIBIT 8

į CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General 2 Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 4090 3 555 E. Washington Ave., #3900 4 Las Vegas, NV 89101 P: (702) 486-3420 5 F: (702) 486-3871 E-mail: landerson@ag.nv.gov б 7 8 9 **NEVADA MEDICAL MARIJUANA** 10 11 ENTERPRISES INC., 12 13 VS. 14 15

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

DISPENSARY, INC.; GB SCIENCES NEVADA LLC: NEVADA HOLISTIC MEDICINE LLC; FIDELIS HOLDINGS, LLC: and DESERT INN

Plaintiffs/Petitioners,

STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH: et. al.

Defendants/Respondents

Case No.: A-14-710488-C Dept. No.: XXV

STATE RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

Date of Hearing: December 12, 2014

Time of Hearing: 10:00 a.m.

COMES NOW Defendant STATE OF NEVADA on its relation to the DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (hereinafter "DIVISION"), by and through CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO, Attorney General by Chief Deputy Attorney General, LINDA C. ANDERSON, and files this Response to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction on Order Shortening Time filed on December 3, 2014.

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services has the statutory authority to register medical marijuana establishments. The Division does not "license" the establishments and instead issues certificates of registration pursuant to NRS 453A.322.

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The Nevada Legislature specified that the Division could accept applications once a calendar year for a ten day period as described in NRS 453.324(4). The registration of dispensaries was a competitive process because Clark County was limited to forty (40) dispensaries with the Clark County Commission allocating eighteen (18) to unincorporated Clark County pursuant to NRS 453A.324 and NRS 453A.326. The Division scored and ranked the applications according to the considerations set forth in NRS 453A.328 and the criteria set forth in regulation and the announcement of the application process by the Division. Because NRS 453A.700(1)(a) provides that the Division shall maintain the confidentiality of "the contents of any applications, records, or other written documentation that the Division or its designee creates or receives pursuant to the provisions of this chapter [NRS 453A]," the Division shall not disclose any contents of an application unless ordered to do so by this Court. Otherwise the Division will rely on the documents presented to the Court by the other parties in this matter in order to respond.

The Division agrees that a complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief is appropriate for Plaintiffs to challenge the process of the Division in registering dispensaries in unincorporated Clark County. Although "registration" is included in the definition of license under NRS 233B.034 for purposes of NRS 233B.127, the Nevada Legislature made clear that they did not intend to provide for notice and opportunity for hearing prior to a denial or revocation of a registration. NRS 453A.320 provides the following:

The purpose for registering medical marijuana establishments and medical marijuana establishment agents is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State. Any medical marijuana establishment registration certificate issued pursuant to NRS 453A.322 and any medical marijuana establishment agent registration card issued pursuant to NRS 453A.332 is a revocable privilege and the holder of such a certificate or card, as applicable, does not acquire thereby any vested right.

The Nevada Legislature provided that this "revocable privilege" does not implicate any property rights for due process concerns. Therefore, neither the Legislature nor the Division created any administrative hearing process to appeal a denial or a revocation of a registration.

Although the application form for a medical marijuana itself as described in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(2) did not include evidence of approval by the local authority of compliance with

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zoning restrictions, the Nevada Legislature required that the applicant submit to the Division the following in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5):

If the city, town or county in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located has enacted zoning restrictions, proof of licensure with the applicable local governmental authority or a letter from the applicable local governmental authority certifying that the proposed medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with those restrictions and satisfies all applicable building requirements

Therefore, any applicant was on notice that they needed to submit authorization from the local governmental authority to the Division or the application could be disqualified. The scoring and ranking by the Division focused on the criteria set forth by the Nevada Legislature in NRS 453A.328 rather than zoning issues which would remain in the realm of the local authority.

The Division does not dispute that they issued registrations to applicants who did not comply with NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) and denied registrants who had been issued a special permit from Clark County. The Division did not disqualify those establishments listed as Defendants in this matter during the application process and issued a registration certificate which is currently provisional under NRS 453A.326(3). The Division retains the ability to immediately revoke the registration pursuant to NRS 453A.340(3) and NAC 453A.332(a) and (b) if those establishments cannot demonstrate compliance with the statutory requirements for the location of the facility. If the Division revokes the registration, there will be vacant slots for dispensaries in unincorporated Clark County under the current allocation. The Nevada Legislature did not address these circumstances or process if the Division failed to properly disqualify an applicant within the 90 day timeframe for review or if a registrant did not have local approval.

Absent action by either this Court or the Nevada Legislature, the Division will open up a new application period in the calendar year 2015 and consider new applications for dispensaries. The Nevada Legislature only authorized the Division to issue registration certificates "not later than 90 days after receiving an application to operate a medical marijuana establishment " as set forth in NRS 453A.322(3). Without Court intervention, the Division does not have statutory legal authority to advance the applicants who had the requisite approval of the local authority after completion of the scoring by the Division after the 90 day period which has already run.

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Although Division employees made representations in the past that indicated that the Division would move forward the next ranked applicant in the event that a registrant was not approved by the local authority, the Division cannot waive the statutory time frame of 90 days and alter its authority to issue registrations. While advancing the next ranked applicant would have provided an expedited approach to meet the needs of the community, it was not an option that the Nevada Legislature provided to the Division. The Division notes that it was not aware that any other entity changed its conduct in reliance on those representations.

Again, no property interest exists for any plaintiff or defendant and no dispensary is currently operating in Nevada at this time. Any establishment could be subject to challenge if the Division issued an additional registration after the 90 day period had run without an order from a court or specific authorization to do so by the Nevada Legislature. In order to promote stability to best meet the needs of the community, the Division respectfully requests this Court to resolve this dispute as to which entities are entitled to registration at this time.

CONCLUSION

Unless otherwise directed by this Court or the Nevada Legislature, the Division plans to determine if any registrations should be revoked and then accept new applications next calendar year to ensure the issuance of the dispensary registrations for any vacant slots. The Division will improve the process to ensure that all applicants submit applicable approval of local authority as set forth in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) before issuing registration. However, the Division will also abide by any determination of this Court and issue registrations as ordered.

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated: December 9, 2014

CATHERINE CORTEZ MASTO Attorney General

By: /s/ Linda C. Anderson Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General

EXHIBIT 7

1	AFF		
2	FENNEMORE CRAIG, P.C. Patrick J. Sheehan (Nevada Bar No. 3812)		
3	Richard H. Bryan (Nevada Bar No. 2029) 300 S. Fourth Street, Suite 1400		
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel.: (702) 692-8000		
5	Fax: (702) 692-8099		
6	Email: <u>psheehan@fclaw.com</u> Attorneys for Desert Aire Wellness, LLC		
7	DISTRICT	COURT	
8	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVAD	Å
9	GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,	CASE NO.	A-15-728448-C
10		DEPT. NO.	I
11	VS.		
12	STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH OF		
13	THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES; CITY OF LAS VEGAS,		
14	a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Nevada; DESERT		
15	AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; DOES 1-10, and ROE		
16	ENTITIES 1-100, inclusive,		
1.7	Defendants.		
18	DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada		
19	limited liability company,		
20	Counterclaimant,		
21	VS.		
22	GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company,		
23	Counterdefendant.		
24	AFFIDAVIT OF BRE	INDA GUNS	<u>ALLUS</u>
25	STATE OF NEVADA)		
26) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK		
27	OODINI OI ODINGE		
28	AVE 11000 1 /040405 00/02		<i>:</i>
	11513088.1/040405.0003		

- 1. I am a member of Desert Aire Wellness, LLC.
- 2. I can attest that between April 1, 2015 and December 3, 2015, Desert spent approximately \$1,400,000 towards the medical marijuana facility.
 - 3. I can further testify that the total amount spent is over \$2 million to date.
- 4. I can also testify that I have invested my life savings of \$500,000 and another member Alex Davis, has invested her \$300,000 of lifetime savings into the project.
- If for any reason the license was revoked, both of us in effect, would lose our lifetime savings.

Dated this 2 that day of April 2016.

By: Ble Seel
BRENDA GUNSALLAS

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me on this 12th day of April, 2016.

Mayon

Notary Public in and for Said County and State

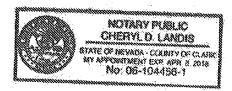


EXHIBIT 6

Skip to Main Content Logout My Account Search Menu New District Civil/Criminal Search Refine Search Close

Location : District Court Civil/Criminal Help

REGISTER OF ACTIONS CASE No. A-15-728448-C

GB Sciences Nevada LLC, Plaintiff(s) vs. Nevada Department of § Behavioral Health and Human Services, Defendant(s)

888 §

Case Type: **Other Civil Matters** 12/02/2015 Date Filed: Location: Department 1 Cross-Reference Case A728448

Number:

PARTY INFORMATION

Counter Desert Aire Wellness LLC

Claimant

Counter Defendant GB Sciences Nevada LLC

Defendant City of Las Vegas

Defendant **Desert Aire Wellness LLC**

Defendant Nevada Department of Behavioral **Health and Human Services**

Plaintiff GB Sciences Nevada LLC 702-692-8011(W) James E. Shapiro Retained 702-796-4000(W)

Lead Attorneys

Retained

Patrick J. Sheehan

Bradford Robert Jerbic Retained

702-229-6629(W)

Patrick J. Sheehan Retained 702-692-8011(W)

Adam Paul Laxalt

Retained 702-486-3420(W)

James E. Shapiro Retained

702-796-4000(W)

EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT

05/16/2016 Motion For Reconsideration (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Cory, Kenneth)

Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration and Request that the Court Reverse and Grant Defendant Summary Judgment to Defendant or at a Minimum Grant a Stay Pending an Appeal

Minutes

05/16/2016 3:00 AM

COURT ORDERS, Defendant's Motion for Reconsideration and Request that the Court Reverse and Grant Defendant Summary Judgment to Defendant or at a Minimum Grant a Stay Pending an Appeal DENIED IN ITS ENTIRETY. Mr. Shapiro to prepare the Order. CLERK'S NOTE: The above minute order has been distributed to: James Shapiro, Esq. (jshapiro@smithshapiro.com), Patrick Shehan, Esq. (psheehan@fclaw.com), and Linda Anderson, Esq. (landerson@ag.nv.gov). /mlt

Return to Register of Actions

EXHIBIT 5

ADAM PAUL LAXALT 1 Attorney General Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 4090 3 555 E. Washington Ave., #3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101 4 (702) 486-3420 Fax: (702) 486-3871 5 E-mail: landerson@ag.nv.gov 6 7 8 GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada 9 limited liability company, 10 Plaintiff, 11 VS. 12 STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, et. al. 13 Defendants. 14 15

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No. A-15-728448-C

Dept. No. I

STATE RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Date of Hearing: March 15, 2016 Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.

COMES NOW Defendant STATE OF NEVADA on its relation to the DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (hereinafter "DIVISION"), by and through ADAM PAUL LAXALT, Attorney General by Chief Deputy Attorney General, LINDA C. ANDERSON, and files this response to the Motion for Summary Judgment.

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services has the statutory authority to register medical marijuana establishments. The Division does not "license" the establishments and instead issues certificates of registration pursuant to NRS 453A.322. Although "registration" is included in the definition of license under NRS 233B.034 for purposes of NRS 233B.127, the Nevada Legislature made clear that they did not intend to provide for notice and

Attorney General's Office 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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opportunity for hearing prior to a denial or revocation of a registration. NRS 453A.320 provides the following:

The purpose for registering medical marijuana establishments and medical marijuana establishment agents is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State. Any medical marijuana establishment registration certificate issued pursuant to NRS 453A.322 and any medical marijuana establishment agent registration card issued pursuant to NRS 453A.332 is a revocable privilege and the holder of such a certificate or card, as applicable, does not acquire thereby any vested right.

The Nevada Legislature provided that this "revocable privilege" does not implicate any property rights for due process concerns. Therefore, neither the Legislature nor the Division created any administrative hearing process to appeal a denial or a revocation of a registration.

At the time the Plaintiff made application for a medical marijuana establishment, the Division could not disclose the contents of any applications, records or other written documentation that the Division created or received pursuant to Chapter 453A of the Nevada Revised Statutes, according to NRS 453A.700. The Plaintiff did not provide consent to the Division to release their business name or scores and rankings so the Division maintained their confidentiality and did not post the name, scores or rankings of Plaintiff on the website of the Division. See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 12 of Motion for Summary Judgment. As of July 1, 2015, the Nevada Legislature amended NRS 453A.700 in Section 24 of Senate Bill 447 to continue to prohibit the disclosure of any information, documents or communications provided by an applicant such as Plaintiffs without the prior written consent of the applicant or pursuant to a lawful court order after timely notice of the proceeding has been given the applicant. The Division had received consent from the Plaintiff in another lawsuit. See, Exhibit 1.

Based on the representations made in another lawsuit, the Division can confirm that GB Sciences was initially ranked 13th in the State process. However, in the matter of Acres Medical LLC v. Nevada Department of Health and Human Service, A-15-719637-W, the Honorable Judge Cadish ordered that Acres Medical LLC should be ranked the 13th dispensary for the City of Las Vegas. See,

The issue of whether a petition for judicial review is available was argued before the Nevada Supreme Court in the form of a petition for writ of mandamus in the matter of Department of Health and Human Services v. Eighth Judicial District Court (Samantha's Remedies), Case No. 67423 but the Nevada Supreme Court declined to rule on the writ. Therefore, at this time Samantha Remedies is proceeding with a petition for judicial review of its application for a dispensary in City of Las Vegas in Department 8 before the Honorable Judge Smith. This Court denied their motion to intervene in this case.

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Exhibit 2. Pursuant to Court order in another matter of GB Sciences/Acres Medical v. State of Nevada A-14-710597-C, the Division was directed to rescind the registration of Nuleaf, the 4th ranked dispensary in the City of Las Vegas and to issue a registration to Acres Medical, LLC. See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 14 of Motion for Summary Judgment. The Division notes that co-defendant Desert Aire Wellness, LLC (herein after "Desert Aire"), in this matter did consent to the website posting of their scoring and ranking of 10th for dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas in Exhibit 12 of the Motion for Summary Judgment.

I. State Application Process for Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas

The Nevada Legislature specified that the Division could accept applications once a calendar year for a ten day period as described in NRS 453.324(4). The registration of dispensaries was a competitive process because Clark County was limited to forty (40) dispensaries with the Clark County Commission allocating twelve (12) to the City of Las Vegas pursuant to NRS 453A.324 and NRS 453A.326. The Division scored and ranked the applications according to the considerations set forth in NRS 453A.328 and the criteria set forth in regulation and the announcement of the application process by the Division as included in Exhibit 5 of Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment.

Although the application form for a medical marijuana establishment as described in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(2) did not include evidence of approval by the local authority of compliance with zoning restrictions, the Nevada Legislature required in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) that the applicant submit to the Division the following:

If the city, town or county in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located has enacted zoning restrictions, proof of licensure with the applicable local governmental authority or a letter from the applicable local governmental authority certifying that the proposed medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with those restrictions and satisfies all applicable building requirements

The scoring and ranking by the Division focused on the criteria set forth by the Nevada Legislature in NRS 453A.328 rather than zoning issues which would remain in the realm of the local authority. Therefore, any applicant was on notice that they needed to submit authorization from the local governmental authority to the Division or the application could be disqualified.

As stated in the pleadings of the Plaintiff, the City of Las Vegas enacted zoning restrictions for these establishments prior to the ten day application period with the Division. However, it appears that

the City of Las Vegas did not complete its review of any location or issue any documentation of compliance at the time of the submission of applications to the Division by any of the applicants. Therefore, no applicant was able to submit either proof of licensure or a letter from the City of Las Vegas at the time of the application because the City of Las Vegas had not completed their process. Instead, as demonstrated in the documents submitted by Plaintiff, the City of Las Vegas notified the Division of those applicants who were in compliance in a letter dated October 30, 2014 (which was the last working day before the 90-day period ended on November 3, 2014). See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 of Motion for Summary Judgment. The Division does not dispute that they did not make any changes based on the notification by the City of Las Vegas after the applications had been submitted and issued registrations to applicants who had been scored and ranked as the top twelve for the City of Las Vegas by the Division without consideration of local zoning approval.

The Nevada Legislature did not address these circumstances or process if the local authority with zoning restrictions provided evidence of approval after the ten day application period but before the 90-day review period had run for the Division. Again, the Nevada Legislature only authorized the Division to issue registration certificates "not later than 90 days after receiving an application to operate a medical marijuana establishment as set forth in NRS 453A.322(3). Absent intervention from this Court, the Division does not have statutory authority to advance the applicants from the 2014 application pool after the 90-day period which has already run as of November 3, 2014.

Although Division employees made representations in the past that indicated that the Division would move forward the next ranked applicant in the event that a registrant was not approved by the local authority, the Division cannot waive the statutory timeframe of 90 days and alter its authority to issue registrations. *See*, Exhibit 3. While advancing the next ranked applicant would have provided an expedited approach to meet the needs of the community, it was not an option that the Nevada Legislature provided to the Division. The Legislature affirmed this interpretation in the last session when they established a "one time extension period opened by the Division in calendar year 2014 for the purpose of issuing eleven additional registrations by September 1, 2015" in Section 5 of Senate Bill 276. *See*, Exhibit 4.

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The registration certificates issued on November 3, 2014 were initially provisional under NRS 453A.326(3), but as explained in their opposition to the motion for summary judgment, Desert Aire Wellness has completed the process and received a copy of their registration certificate. See, Exhibit J of Opposition by Desert Aire Wellness. Although the Division retains the ability to revoke the registration pursuant to NRS 453A.340, the Division has not identified a basis to revoke the registration issued to Desert Aire Wellness. At this time, all twelve of the dispensary slots in the City of Las Vegas are filled. Unless otherwise ordered by this Court, the Division could open up a new application period in the calendar year 2016 and consider new applications for dispensaries if any dispensary registration is revoked or surrendered because it does not comply with local zoning restrictions in the City of Las Vegas or the ongoing requirements of the Division.

II. Decisions of Other District Courts

Although the decisions of other District Court Judges are not binding upon this Court, Plaintiff has raised them in their motion and this Court may have an interest in the similarities and the differences with our present case. In Henderson Organic Remedies v. State of Nevada cited by the Plaintiff, the Court did not need to make a decision concerning whether a registration should be revoked because Wellness Connection surrendered their registration. See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 13 of Motion for Summary Judgment. In that case, Wellness Connection had received a denial from zoning at the City of Henderson prior to submitting a state application in contrast to Desert Aire who had not received a denial in the City of Las Vegas. See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 9 of Motion for Summary Judgment. In GB Sciences Nevada LLC v. State of Nevada/Acres Medical, LLC v. State of Nevada, A-14-710597-C,2 NuLeaf had received a denial from the City of Las Vegas after the application had been submitted but just prior to the issuance of the registration by the Division in comparison with Desert Aire who did not obtain a decision from the City of Las Vegas until after the issuance of the state registration but was approved. See, Plaintiff's Exhibit 14 of Motion for Summary Judgment and Exhibit I in Desert Aire's Opposition.

Another Court began looking at this issue in Nevada Medical Marijuana Dispensary v. State of Nevada, A-14-710488-C which involved dispensaries in unincorporated Clark County. Clark County

² Nuleaf appealed this case to the Nevada Supreme Court on March 2, 2016.

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had issued 18 special permits prior to the Division taking applications but had not issued denials to the other proposed dispensaries at the time of the application. The Honorable Judge Delaney found that the Division had substantially complied with the requirements of NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) in an order denying a request for preliminary injunction. This lawsuit was dismissed after the Nevada Legislature added additional dispensary slots to Clark County so both the top ranked dispensaries of the Division and all those issued special permits from County received registration. See, Exhibit 5. Therefore, in unincorporated Clark County, some dispensaries which are now operating did not have a special use permit at the time of their application.

CONCLUSION

Again, no property interest exists for either the plaintiff or any registrant in this matter and the Division does not have an interest in any particular establishment receiving or maintaining a registration. Although the Division will abide by a determination of this Court, the Division requests this Court consider the timing of this lawsuit. Desert Aire Wellness LLC is one of six dispensaries currently operating in the City of Las Vegas at this time. GB Sciences has not yet provided any information on how soon it would be able to provide services to the community if the Court granted their requested relief.

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated: March 3, 2016

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Attorney General

By: <u>/s/ Linda C. Anderson</u> Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General

EXHIBIT 4

Desert Aire Wellness pot shop wins Las Vegas approval

By JAMES DEHAVEN LAS VEGAS REVIEW-JOURNAL

December 17, 2014 - 9:02pm

Posted Updated December 17, 2014 - 10:01pm



Desert Aire Wellness' first medical marijuana dispensary hearing went as well as the company could have hoped.

image

Desert Aire Wellness' first medical marijuana dispensary hearing went as well as the company could have hoped.

Las Vegas leaders on Wednesday approved Desert Aire's bid to build a pot shop at 420 E. Sahara Ave. — signing off on the group some six weeks after they OK'd 27 other dispensary license applications and only two weeks after formally reintroducing the company to the city's pot hearing process.

Desert Aire, which pulled its medical marijuana permit application ahead of the city's first round of medical marijuana hearings in October, appeared to have lost out on its bid to claim one of Las Vegas' 12 much-coveted pot shop licenses.

That was before the Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health ranked the company as the city's 10th-

best pot shop hopeful, sparking a lawsuit over whether city leaders could fold the group back into Las Vegas' cutthroat marijuana licensing process — perhaps at the expense of a city-approved applicant.

Las Vegas leaders and state regulators, who conducted parallel pot permit application vetting processes, found themselves on the same page on 10 of the city's 12 would-be medical marijuana dispensary owners.

Only Desert Aire and California-based Nuleaf CLV won state, but not city credentials. Both companies were reintroduced to the city's pot permit process one day after GB Sciences Nevada LLC — ranked as the city's 13th-best applicant by state regulators — filed a lawsuit seeking to block the companies from re-applying for city entitlements.

That lawsuit — which claims the companies left key information out of their state applications — is still working its way through the courts.

With similar lawsuits filed against medical marijuana companies in two other jurisdictions, City Council members on Wednesday didn't hesitate to move ahead with Desert Aire's revived pot shop bid.

Councilman Bob Coffin, who had advised the group to table its dispensary proposal during October's two-day pot hearing marathon, offered a mea culpa of sorts before joining four of his colleagues to approve the application.

"These are not our rich friends we've grown accustomed to seeing, looking for favors" he said.

"I think they're in this business for the right reasons.

"I suggested they withdraw, so I guess this is on me. I didn't think they had neighborhood support. ... Little did I know that they not only have neighborhood support, they actually scored very high on the state's exam. That's why they are here."

Coffin, who represents the ward where Desert Aire hopes to open its doors, said the group had adequately addressed staff concerns over its ownership group's "personal and business history," along with planning commissioners' questions about the availability of parking at the company's preferred dispensary location.

He said the company held two community outreach meetings to take stock of mostly favorable neighborhood opinions on the proposed pot shop.

But Desert Aire isn't quite out of the woods.

Southern Nevada's only all-female dispensary group faces another court date over its application, perhaps as soon as next week.

Company manager Paula Newman declined to comment on pending litigation, but said the group was "relieved and excited" to have finally picked up its city permits.

Nuleaf, the other Las Vegas pot shop hopeful named in the litigation, will be given a chance to find a new location for its proposed pot shop before City Council members rehear that company's application.

A date has not yet been set for those hearings.

Contact James DeHaven at jdehaven@reviewjournal.com or 702-477-3839. Follow him on Twitter: @JamesDeHaven.

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EXHIBIT 3

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARÓ WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 · Fax: (775) 684-4211

Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate

Request for Applications

Release Date: May 30, 2014

Accepting Applications Period: August 5 - 18, 2014

(Business Days M-F, 8:00 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.)

For additional information, please contact:

Medical Marijuana Establishment (MME) Program

Division of Public and Behavioral Health

4150 Technology Way, Suite 104

Carson City, NV 89706

Phone: 775-684-3487

Email address: medicalmarijuana@health.nv.gov

STATE OF NEVADA

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN
Director



RICHARD WHITEEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706

Telephone: (775) 684-4200 · Fax: (775) 684-4211

APPLICANT INFORMATION SHEET FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION

Applicant Must:

- A) Provide all requested information in the space provided next to each numbered question. The information provided in Sections 1 through 10 will be used for application questions and updates;
- B) Type or print responses; and

1 1	Company Name			
L	Company Name	***************************************		
	Street Address			
2	Sueet Aduress			
	C21 C111 770			
3	City, State, ZIP			

4	A C'	Telephone Number		
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5	Area Code	Facsimile Number		
L	Atea Code	Number	Extension	
ſ		T. H. C. N.	-	***************************************
6	Area Code	Toll Free Number		
L	Area Code	Number	Extension	
<u> </u>	Contact Barren for the			
ļ	Contact Person for providing in	iformation, signing documents, or en	suring actions are taken as per S	ection
	Name:	23 of LCB File No. R004-14A		*****
7	Title:			
	Address:			
L	Email Address:			
8	Telephone Number for Contact Person			
	Area Code:	Number:	Extension:	
9		Facsimile Number for Contact Pers		
-	Area Code:	Number:	Extension:	
10		Contact Person Signature		
• ;-	Signature:		Date:	

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1. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Application, the following terms/definitions will be used:

TERMS	DEFINITIONS DEFINITIONS
Applicant	Organization/individual(s) submitting an application in
	response to this request for application.
Division	The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health of
	the Department of Health and Human Services.
Edible marijuana products	As per NRS 453A.101, products that contain marijuana or
	an extract thereof and are intended for human
	consumption by oral ingestion and are presented in the
	form of foodstuffs, extracts, oils, tinctures and other
Electronic funds transfer	similar products.
Executione junus nunsjer	Electronic funds transfer (EFT) is the electronic exchange,
	transfer of money from one account to another, either
	within a single financial institution or across multiple
Electronic verification system	institutions, through computer-based systems.
	As per NRS 453A.102, an electronic database that keeps
	track of data in real time and is accessible by the Division and by registered medical marijuana establishments.
Enclosed, locked facility	As per NRS 453A.103, a closet, display case, room,
	greenhouse, or other enclosed area that meets the
	requirements of NRS 453A.362 and is equipped with
	locks or other security devices which allow access only
	by a medical marijuana establishment agent and the
	holder of a valid registry identification card.
Excluded felony offense	As per NRS 453A.104, a crime of violence or a violation
	of a state or federal law pertaining to controlled
	substances, if the law was punishable as a felony in the
	jurisdiction where the person was convicted. The term
	does not include a criminal offense for which the
	sentence, including any term of probation, incarceration or
	supervised release, was completed more than 10 years
	before or an offense involving conduct that would be
	immune from arrest, prosecution or penalty, except that
	the conduct occurred before April 1, 2014, or was prosecuted by an authority other than the State of Nevada.
Facility for the production of edible	As per NRS 453A.105, a business that is registered with
narijuana products or marijuana infused	the Division pursuant to NRS 453A.322, and acquires,
products	possesses, manufactures, delivers, transfers, transports,
	supplies, or sells edible marijuana products or marijuana-
	infused products to medical marijuana dispensaries.

Identified Response	
Accountable attemptions	A response to the application in which information is included, including any descriptive information, that identifies any and all Owners, Officers, Board Members or Employees and business details (proposed business name(s), D/B/A, current or previous business names or employers). This information includes all names, specific geographic details including street address, city, county, precinct, ZIP code, and their equivalent geocodes, telephone numbers, fax numbers, email addresses, social security numbers, financial account numbers, certificate/license numbers, vehicle identifiers and serial numbers, including license plate numbers, Web Universal Resource Locators (URLs), Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, biometric identifiers, including finger and voice prints, full-face photographs and any comparable images, previous or proposed company logos, images, or graphics and any other unique identifying information, images, logos, details, numbers, characteristics, or codes.
Identifiers	An assignment of letters, numbers, job title or generic business type to assure the identity of a person or business remains unidentifiable. Assignment of identifiers will be application specific and will be communicated in the application in the identifier legend.
Independent testing laboratory	As per NRS 453A.107, a business that is registered with the Division to test marijuana, edible marijuana products and marijuana- infused products. Such an independent testing laboratory must be able to determine accurately, with respect to marijuana, edible marijuana products and marijuana-infused products, the concentration therein of THC and cannabidiol, the presence and identification of molds and fungus, and the presence and concentration of fertilizers and other nutrients.
Inventory control system	As per NRS 453A.108, a process, device or other contrivance that may be used to monitor the chain of custody of marijuana used for medical purposes from the point of cultivation to the end consumer.
Marijuana	As per NRS 453.096, all parts of any plant of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, and the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. Marijuana does not include the mature stems of the plant, fiber produced from the stems, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stems (except the resin extracted there from), fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

Marijuana infused products	A NYD C (CO.)
marijuunu injuseu producis	As per NRS 453A.112, products that are infused with
	marijuana or an extract thereof and are intended for use or
	consumption by humans through means other than
	inhalation or oral ingestion. The term includes, without
May	limitation, topical products, ointments, oils and tinctures.
L	Has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 0.025.
Medical marijuana dispensary	As per NRS 453A.115, a business that is registered with
	the Division and acquires, possesses, delivers, transfers,
	transports, supplies, sells or dispenses marijuana or
	related supplies and educational materials to the holder of
3.6-11-1	a valid registry identification card.
Medical marijuana establishment	As per NRS 453A.116, an independent testing laboratory,
	a cultivation facility, a facility for the production of edible
	marijuana products or marijuana-infused products, a
	medical marijuana dispensary, or a business that has
	registered with the Division and paid the requisite fees to
36.17.1	act as more than one of the types of businesses.
Medical marijuana establishment agent	As per NRS 453A.117, an owner, officer, board member,
	employee or volunteer of a medical marijuana
	establishment. The term does not include a consultant
	who performs professional services for a medical
***************************************	marijuana establishment.
Medical marijuana establishment agent	As per NRS 453A.118, a form of identification that is
registration card	issued by the Division to authorize a person to volunteer
	or work at a medical marijuana establishment.
Medical marijuana establishment registration	As per NRS 453A.119, a certificate that is issued by the
certificate	Division, pursuant to NRS 453A.332, to authorize the
	operation of a medical marijuana establishment.
Medical use of marijuana	As per NRS 453A.120, the possession, delivery,
	production or use of marijuana; the possession, delivery
	or use of paraphernalia used to administer marijuana; as
	necessary for the exclusive benefit of a person to
	mitigate the symptoms or effects of his or her chronic or
	debilitating medical condition.
Must	Has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 0.025.
NAC	Nevada Administrative Code All applicable NAC
	documentation may be reviewed via the Internet
	at: http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NAC/CHAPTERS.HTML

Non-Identified Response	A response to the application in which no information is included or any descriptive information is included that would permit an evaluator to reasonably draw a conclusion as to the identity of any and all owners, officers, board members or employees and business details (proposed business name(s), D/B/A, current or previous business names or employers). Identifiers that must be removed from the application include all names, specific geographic details including street address, city, county, precinct, ZIP code, and their equivalent geocodes, telephone numbers, fax numbers, email addresses, social security numbers, financial account numbers, certificate/license numbers, vehicle identifiers and serial numbers, including license plate numbers, Web Universal Resource Locators (URLs), Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, biometric identifiers, including finger and voice prints, full-face photographs and any comparable images, previous or proposed company logos, images, or graphics and any other unique
	company logos, images, or graphics and any other unique identifying information, images, logos, details, numbers, characteristics, or codes.
NRS	Nevada Revised Statutes - All applicable NRS documentation may be reviewed via the Internet at: http://www.leg.state.nv.us/NRS/.
Shall	Has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 0.025.
State	The State of Nevada and any agency identified herein.

2. APPLICATION OVERVIEW

The 2013 Legislature passed Senate Bill 374 relating to medical marijuana, providing for the registration of medical marijuana establishments authorized to test marijuana in a laboratory, cultivate or dispense marijuana or manufacture edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products for sale to persons authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana. Senate Bill 374 also provides for the registration of agents who are employed by or volunteer at medical marijuana establishments, setting forth the manner in which such establishments must register and operate, and requiring the Division of Public and Behavioral Health (Division) to adopt regulations. Senate Bill 374 has now been included in the codified NRS 453A.

The regulations provide provisions for the establishment, licensing, operation and regulation of medical marijuana establishments in the State of Nevada. The regulations address this new industry as a privileged industry as outlined in NRS 453A.320.

The Division is seeking applications from qualified applicants in conjunction with this application process for medical marijuana establishment certificates. The resulting establishment certificates will be for an initial term of one (1) year, subject to Section 34 of LCB File No. R004-14A.

3. APPLICATION TIMELINE

The following represents the timeline for this project.

Task	Date/Time
Request for Application Date	5/30/2014
Deadline for Submitting Questions	6/20/2014 2:00 PM
Answers Posted to Website	On or before 7/7/2014
Opening of 10 Day Window for Receipt of Applications	8/5/2014 8:00 AM
Deadline for Submission of Applications	8/18/2014 5:00 PM
Evaluation Period	8/5/2014 - 11/2/2014
Provisional Certificates Issued	On or about 11/3/2014

4. APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

The State of Nevada, Division of Public and Behavioral Health, on behalf of the Department of Health and Human Services, is seeking applications from qualified applicants to receive provisional certificates to issue medical marijuana establishment certificates.

The Division anticipates issuing medical marijuana establishment certificates in conjunction with this application process and in compliance with Nevada statutes and regulations. Therefore, applicants are encouraged to be as specific as possible in their application about the services they will provide, geographic location, and submissions for each criteria category.

All questions relating to this application and the application process must be submitted in writing to medicalmarijuana@health.nv.gov no later than 2:00 P.M. on 6/20/2014. Calls should only be directed to the phone number provided in this application. No questions will be accepted after this date. Answers will be posted to the Medical Marijuana Program FAQ section of the Division's website no later than 7/7/2014 at http://health.nv.gov/MedicalMarijuana.htm.

5. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS, FORMAT AND CONTENT

5.1. GENERAL SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- 5.1.1. Applications must be packaged and submitted in counterparts; therefore, applicants must pay close attention to the submission requirements. Applications will have an Identified Criteria Response and a Non-Identified Criteria Response. Each must be submitted in individual 3-ring binders. Applicants must submit their application broken out into the two (2) sections required in a single box or packaged for shipping purposes.
- 5.1.2. The required CDs must contain information as specified in Section 5.4.
- 5.1.3. Detailed instructions on application submission and packaging follows, and applicants must submit their applications as identified in the following sections.
- 5.1.4. All information is to be completed as requested.
- 5.1.5. Each section within the Identified Criteria Response and the Non-Identified Criteria Response must be separated by clearly marked tabs with the appropriate section number and title as specified.
- 5.1.6. If discrepancies are found between two (2) or more copies of the application, the MASTER COPY shall provide the basis for resolving such discrepancies. If one (1) copy of the application is not clearly marked "MASTER," the Division may, at its sole discretion, select one (1) copy to be used as the master.
- 5.1.7. For ease of evaluation, the application must be presented in a format that corresponds to and references sections outlined within this submission requirements section and must be presented in the same order. Written responses must be typed and in bold/italies and placed immediately following the applicable criteria question, statement and/or section.
- 5.1.8. Applications are to be prepared in such a way as to provide a straightforward, concise delineation of information to satisfy the requirements of this application.
- 5.1.9. In a Non-Identified Criteria response, when a specific person or company is referenced, the identity must be submitted with an Identifier. Identifiers assigned to people or companies must be detailed in a legend (Attachment H), to be submitted in the Identified Criteria response section.
- 5.1.10. Expensive bindings, colored displays, promotional materials, etc., are not necessary or desired. Emphasis should be concentrated on conformance to the application instructions, responsiveness to the application requirements, and on completeness and clarity of content.
- 5.1.11. Applications must not be printed on company letterhead and/or with any identifying company watermarks. Applicants must submit response using plain white paper.
- 5.1.12. Materials not requested in the application process will not be reviewed or evaluated.

- 5.1.13. The State of Nevada, in its continuing efforts to reduce solid waste and to further recycling efforts, requests that applications, to the extent possible and practical:
 - 5.1.13.1. Be submitted on recycled paper;
 - 5.1.13.2. Not include pages of unnecessary advertising:
 - 5.1.13.3. Be printed on both sides of each sheet of paper (except when a new section begins);
 - 5.1.13.4. Follow strict definition of Non-Identified response when directed; and
 - 5.1.13.5. Be contained in re-usable binders as opposed to spiral or glued bindings.
- 5.1.14. For purposes of addressing questions concerning this application, submit questions to medicalmarijuana@health.nv.gov no later than 2:00 P.M. on 6/20/2014. Calls must be directed to the phone number provided in this application. No questions will be addressed after this date. Upon issuance of this request for application, other employees and representatives of the agencies identified in the application will not answer questions or otherwise discuss the contents of this application with any other prospective applicants or their representatives.

5.2. PART I – IDENTIFIED CRITERIA RESPONSE

The IDENTIFIED CRITERIA RESPONSE must include:

One (1) original copy marked "MASTER"

Three (3) identical copies

The response must have the tabbed sections as described below:

5.2.1. Tab I - Title Page

The title page must include the following:

Part I – Ide	ntified Criteria Response
Application Title:	A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate
Application:	
Applicant Name:	
Address:	
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM
Application Closing Date and Time:	August 18, 2014 5:00 PM

5.2.2. Tab II - Table of Contents

An accurate table of contents must be provided in this tab.

5.2.3. Tab III - Applicant Information Sheet

The completed Applicant Information Sheet with an original signature by the contact person for providing information, signing documents, or ensuring actions are taken as per Section 23 of LCB File No. R004-14A must be included in this tab. (Page 2)

5.2.4. Tab IV - Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate Application

The completed Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate Application with original signatures must be included in this tab. (Attachment A)

5.2.5. Tab V - Multi-Establishment Limitation form

If applicable, a copy of the multi-establishment limitation form must be included in this tab. If not applicable, please insert a plain page with the words "Not applicable." (Attachment G).

5.2.6. Tab VI - Identifier Legend

A copy of the Identifier legend must be included in this tab. If not applicable, please insert a plain page with the words "Not Applicable" (Attachment H).

5.2.7. Tab VII - Confirmation that the applicant has registered with the Secretary of State

Documentation that the applicant has registered as the appropriate type of business with the Secretary of State.

- 5.2.8. Tab VIII Confirmation of the ownership or authorized use of the property as a medical marijuana establishment
 - 5.2.8.1. A copy of property owner's approval for use form (Attachment P).
 - 5.2.8.2. If the applicant has executed a lease or owns the proposed property, a copy of the lease or documentation of ownership.

A copy of the property owner's approval for use form and lease or documentation of ownership must be included in this tab.

- 5.2.9. Tab IX—Documentation from a financial institution in this state, or in any other state or the District of Columbia, which demonstrates:
 - 5.2.9.1. That the applicant has at least \$250,000 in liquid assets which are unencumbered and can be converted within 30 days after a request to liquidate such assets; and
 - 5.2.9.2. The source of those liquid assets.

Documentation demonstrating the liquid assets and the source of those liquid assets must be included in this tab.

Please note: If applying for more than one medical marijuana establishment registration certificate; available funds must be shown for each establishment application.

5.2.10. Tab X - Evidence of the amount of taxes paid to, or other beneficial financial contributions made to, the State of Nevada or its political subdivisions within the last five years by the applicant or the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed establishment.

Evidence of taxes paid and other beneficial financial contributions made must be included in this tab.

5.2.11. Tab XI – The description of the proposed organizational structure of the proposed medical marijuana establishment and information concerning each Owner, Officer and Board Member of the proposed medical marijuana establishment.

- 5.2.11.1. An organizational chart showing all owners, officers, and board members of the medical marijuana establishment, including percentage of ownership for each individual.
- 5.2.11.2. The owner, officer and board member information form must be completed for each individual named in this application (Attachment C).
- 5.2.11.3. An owner, officer and board member Attestation Form must be completed for each individual named in this application (Attachment B).
- 5.2.11.4. A Child Support Verification Form for each owner, officer and board member must be completed for each individual named in this application (Attachment D).
- 5.2.11.5. A narrative description, not to exceed 750 words, demonstrating the following:
 - 5.2.11.5.1. Past experience working with governmental agencies and highlighting past community involvement.
 - 5.2.11.5.2. Any previous experience at operating other businesses or nonprofit organizations.
 - 5.2.11.5.3. Any demonstrated knowledge or expertise with respect to the compassionate use of marijuana to treat medical conditions.
 - 5.2.11.5.4. A resume, including educational achievements, for each owner, officer and board member must be completed for each individual named in this application.
- 5.2.11.6. A Request and Consent to Release Application Form for Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate(s) for each owner, officer and board member may be completed for each individual named in this application (Attachment E).
- 5.2.11.7. Documentation that fingerprint cards have been submitted to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History.

The organizational chart, owner, officer and board member information form(s), attestation form(s), resume(s), child support verification forms(s), narrative description(s), request and consent to release application form, as applicable, and fingerprint documentation must be included in this tab.

5.2.12. Tab XII - A financial plan which includes:

- 5.2.12.1. Financial statements showing the resources of the applicant(s), both liquid and illiquid.
- 5.2.12.2. If the applicant is relying on money from an owner, officer or board member, or any other source, evidence that the person has

unconditionally committed such money to the use of the applicant in the event the Division issues a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate to the applicant.

5.2.12.3. Proof that the applicant has adequate money to cover all expenses and costs of the first year of operation.

The financial plan must be included in this tab.

- 5.2.13. Tab XIII If a local government in which a proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located has not enacted zoning restrictions or the applicant is not required to secure approval that the applicant is in compliance with such restrictions:
 - 5.2.13.1. A professionally prepared survey demonstrating that the applicant has satisfied all the requirements of NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(2)(II).

A professionally prepared survey must be included in this tab. If not applicable, please insert a plain page stating "Not applicable."

5.2.14. Included with this packet - the \$5,000.00 application fee as per Section 26(1) of LCB File No. R004-14A

Please note: Cashier's checks and money orders (made out to the "Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health") will be accepted. All payments of money in an amount of \$10,000 or more must be made by any method of electronic funds transfer of money allowed. The electronic payment must be credited to the State of Nevada on or before the date such payment is due.

5.3. PART II -NON-IDENTIFIED CRITERIA RESPONSE

The NON-IDENTIFIED CRITERIA RESPONSE must include:

One (1) original copy marked "MASTER"

Three (3) original copies marked "Non-Identified Criteria Response"

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format. The Identifier Legend Form (Attachment H) must be used to non-identify the content of the response.

The response must have the tabbed sections as described below:

5.3.1. Tab I - Title Page

The title page must include the following:

Please note: Title page will be removed for evaluation and does not require non-identification.

Part II –Nor	n-Identified Criteria Response
Application Title:	A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate
Application:	
Applicant Name:	
Address:	
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM
Application Closing Date and Time:	August 18, 2014 5:00 PM

5.3.2. Tab II - Table of Contents

An accurate table of contents must be provided in this tab.

5.3.3. Tab III – Documentation concerning the adequacy of the size of the proposed medical marijuana establishment to serve the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana, including, without limitation:

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format

5.3.3.1. Building and Construction plans with supporting details.

Please note: The size or square footage of the proposed establishment must include the maximum size of the proposed operation per the lease and/or property ownership. The start-up plans and potential expansion must be clearly stated to prevent needless misunderstandings and surrendering of certification.

Non-identified Building and Construction plans with supporting details must be included in this tab.

5.3.4. Tab IV - Documentation concerning the integrated plan of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for the care, quality and safekeeping of medical marijuana from seed to sale, including, without limitation:

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format

- 5.3.4.1. A non-identified plan for testing and verifying medical marijuana.
- 5.3.4.2. A non-identified transportation plan.
- 5.3.4.3. Non-identified procedures to ensure adequate security including, without limitation, measures for building security.
- 5.3.4.4. Non-identified procedures to ensure adequate security including, without limitation, measures for product security.

Non-identified plans for testing medical marijuana, transportation, and building and product security must be included in this tab.

5.3.5. Tab V - A plan which includes:

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format

- 5.3.5.1. A non-identified description of the operating procedures for the electronic verification system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for verifying medical marijuana cardholders
- 5.3.5.2. A non-identified description of the inventory control system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment.

Please note: Applicants must demonstrate a system to include thorough tracking of product movement and sales. The system shall account for all inventory held by an establishment in any stage of cultivation, production, display or sale, as applicable for the type of establishment, and demonstrate an internal reporting system to provide the Division with comprehensive knowledge of an establishment's inventory.

The plan for the operating procedures for the electronic verification system and the inventory control system must be included in this tab and must be in a non-identifying format.

5.3.6. Tab VI — Evidence that the applicant has a plan to staff, educate and manage the proposed medical marijuana establishment on a daily basis, which must include, without limitation:

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format

- 5.3.6.1. A non-identified detailed budget for the proposed medical marijuana establishment, including pre-opening, construction and first year operating expenses.
- 5.3.6.2. A non-identified operations manual that demonstrates compliance with applicable statutes and regulations.
- 5.3.6.3. A non-identified education plan which must include, without limitation, providing educational materials to the staff of the proposed establishment.
- 5.3.6.4. A non-identified plan to minimize the environmental impact of the proposed establishment.

The plan to staff, educate and manage the proposed medical marijuana establishment must be included in this tab and must be non-identified.

5.3.7. Tab VII - A proposal demonstrating the following:

Please note: The content of this response must be in a non-identified format

- 5.3.7.1. The likely impact of the proposed medical marijuana establishment in the community in which it is proposed to be located.
- 5.3.7.2. The manner in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will meet the needs of the persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana.

The likely impact and how the establishment will meet the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana must be included in this tab and must be non-identified.

5.4. Part III - CD Response

The CD portion of the application must include:

- 5.4.1. Four (4) Identified Criteria Response CDs
- 5.4.2. Four (4) Non-Identified Criteria Response CDs
 - 5.4.2.1. The electronic files must follow the format and content section for the Identified Criteria Response and Non-Identified Criteria Response
 - 5.4.2.2. All electronic files must be saved in "PDF" format, with the following file names:
 - 5.4.2.2.1. Part I Identified Criteria Response
 - 5.4.2.2.2. Part II Non-Identified Criteria Response
 - 5.4.2.3. The CDs must be packaged in a case and clearly labeled as follows:

CDs			
Application	A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate		
Applicant Name:			
Address:			
Contents:	Part I – Identified Criteria Response Part II – Non-Identified Criteria Response		

5.5. APPLICATION PACKAGING

5.5.1. If the separately sealed Identified Criteria Response, Non-Identified Criteria Response and CDs marked as required, are enclosed in another container for mailing purposes, the outermost container must fully describe the contents of the package and be clearly marked as follows:

Medical Marijuana Establishment (MME) Program Division of Public and Behavioral Health 4150 Technology Way, Suite 104 Carson City, NV 89706				
Application:				
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM			
Application Closing Date and Time: August 18, 2014 5:00 PM				
For:	A Medical Marijuana Establishment			
Registration Certificate				
Applicant's Name:				

- 5.5.2. Applications must be filed or accepted at 4150 Technology Way, Suite 104. Applications shall be deemed filed or accepted on the date of the postmark dated by the post office on the package in which it was mailed in accordance with NRS 238.100.
- 5.5.3. The Division will not be held responsible for application envelopes mishandled as a result of the envelope not being properly prepared.
- 5.5.4. Email, facsimile, electronic or telephone Applications will NOT be considered.
- 5.5.5. The Identified Criteria Response shall be submitted to the Division in a sealed package and be clearly marked as follows:

Division of P 4150 Tec	na Establishment (MME) Program Public and Behavioral Health chnology Way, Suite 104 son City, NV 89706
Application:	A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate
Application Component:	PART I – Identified Criteria Response
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM
Application Closing Date and Time:	August 18, 2014 5:00 PM
Applicant's Name:	

5.5.6. The Non-Identified Criteria Response shall be submitted to the Division in a sealed package and be clearly marked as follows:

Division of I 4150 T	na Establishment (MME) Program Public and Behavioral Health echnology Way, Suite 104 son City, NV 89706
Application:	A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate
Application Component:	PART II – Non-Identified Criteria Response
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM
Application Closing Date and Time: Applicant's Name:	August 18, 2014 5:00 PM

5.5.7. The CDs shall be submitted to the Division in a sealed package and be clearly marked as follows:

Division of I 4150 Te	nna Establishment (MME) Program Public and Behavioral Health chnology Way, Suite 104 son City, NV 89706	***************************************	
Application: A Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate			
Application Component:	CDs		
Application Opening Date and Time:	August 5, 2014 8:00 AM		
Application Closing Date and Time: August 18, 2014 5:00 PM Applicant's Name:			

6. APPLICATION EVALUATION

6.1. Applications shall be consistently evaluated and scored in accordance with NRS 453A and LCB File No. R004-14A based upon the following criteria and point values:

	Merit Criteria	Descriptive Elements	Points
		Listed below are certain elements that must be included in the response to the respective Merit Criteria. However, applicants should provide additional information that helps to demonstrate how the applicant uniquely meets the specified Merit Criteria in addition to the descriptive elements specified below.	
pad	NRS 453A.328(1) The total financial resources of the applicant, both liquid and illiquid	A financial plan which includes: Financial statements showing the resources of the applicant(s), both liquid and illiquid. If the applicant is relying on money from an owner, officer or board member, or any other source, evidence that the person has unconditionally committed such money to the use of the applicant in the event the Division issues a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate to the applicant and the applicant obtains the necessary local government approvals to operate the establishment. Proof that the applicant has adequate money to cover all expenses and costs of the first year of operation.	40
		Evidence that the applicant has a plan to staff, educate and manage the proposed medical marijuana establishment on a daily basis, which must include: • A detailed budget for the proposed establishment, including pre-opening, construction and first-year operating expenses.	
book	NRS 453A.328(2) The previous experience of the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed medical marijuana establishment at operating other	An organizational chart showing all Owners, Officers and Board Members of the medical marijuana establishment, including percentage of ownership for each individual and a short description of the proposed organizational structure.	50
	businesses or nonprofit organizations 453A.328(3) The educational achievements of the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the	A narrative description, not to exceed 750 words, demonstrating the following: Any previous experience at operating other businesses or nonprofit organizations. Any demonstrated knowledge or expertise with respect to the compassionate use of marijuana to treat medical conditions.	

	proposed medical marijuana establishment	A resume, including educational achievements, for each owner, officer and board member.	
	453A.328(4) Any demonstrated knowledge or expertise on the part of the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed medical marijuana establishment with respect to the compassionate use of marijuana to treat medical conditions		
III	453A.328(5)Whether the proposed location of the proposed medical marijuana establishment would be convenient to serve the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana	Evidence that the applicant owns the property on which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located or has the written permission of the property owner to operate the proposed medical marijuana establishment on that property as required by NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(2)(IV), on a form prescribed by the Division.	20
IV	453A.328(6)The likely impact of the proposed medical marijuana establishment on the community in which it is proposed to be located	 A proposal demonstrating: Past experience working with governmental agencies and highlighting past community involvement. The likely impact of the proposed medical marijuana establishment in the community in which it is proposed to be located. The manner in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will meet the needs of the persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana. 	20
V	453A.328(7)The adequacy of the size of the proposed medical marijuana establishment to serve the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana	Documentation concerning the adequacy of the size of the proposed medical marijuana establishment to serve the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana, including, without limitation: Building and Construction Plans with supporting details.	20
VI	453A.328(8)Whether the applicant has an integrated plan for the care, quality and safekeeping of medical marijuana from seed to sale	Documentation concerning the integrated plan of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for the care, quality and safekeeping of medical marijuana from seed to sale, including, without limitation: A plan for testing and verifying medical marijuana. A transportation plan. Procedures to ensure adequate security measures including, without limitation, for building security. Procedures to ensure adequate security including, without limitation, measures for product security.	75

		Evidence that the applicant has a plan to staff, educate and manage the proposed medical marijuana establishment on a daily basis, which must include, without limitation: An operations manual that demonstrates compliance with applicable statutes and regulations. An education plan which must include, without limitation, providing educational materials to the staff of the proposed establishment. A plan to minimize the environmental impact of the proposed establishment. A plan which includes: A description of the operating procedures for the electronic verification system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for verifying medical marijuana cardholders. A description of the inventory control system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment to satisfy the requirements of sub-subparagraph (II) of subparagraph (3) of	
VII	453A.328(9)The amount of taxes paid to, or other beneficial financial contributions made to, the State of Nevada or its political subdivisions by the applicant or the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed medical marijuana	paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of NRS 453A.322. Evidence of the amount of taxes paid to, or other beneficial financial contributions made to, the State of Nevada or its political subdivisions within the last five years by the applicant or the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed establishment.	25
Applie	establishment ation Total		250
		Review results of background check(s), Applicant has until the end of the 90-day application period to resolve any background check information which would cause the application to be rejected.	Unweighted

6.2. Pursuant to subsection 1 of Section 28 of LCB File No. R004-14A, if, within 10 business days after the date on which the Division begins accepting applications in response to a request for applications issued pursuant to Section 25 of LCB File No. R004-14A, the Division receives more than one application and the Division determines that more than one of the applications is complete and in compliance with LCB File No. R004-14A and Chapter 453A of NRS, the Division will rank the applications, within each applicable local governmental jurisdiction for any applicants which are in a jurisdiction that limits the number of a type of medical marijuana establishment and statewide for each applicant which is in a jurisdiction that does not specify a

limit, in order from first to last based on compliance with the provisions of Chapter 453A of NRS and LCB File No. R004-14A and on the content of the applications as it relates to:

- 6.2.1. Evidence that the applicant owns the property on which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located or has the written permission of the property owner to operate the proposed medical marijuana establishment on that property as required by sub-subparagraph (IV) of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of NRS 453A.322
- 6.2.2. Evidence that the applicant controls not less than \$250,000 in liquid assets to cover the initial expenses of opening the proposed medical marijuana establishment and complying with the provisions of NRS 453A.320 to 453A.370, inclusive as required by sub-subparagraph (III) of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of NRS 453A.322
- 6.2.3. Evidence of the amount of taxes paid to, or other beneficial financial contributions made to, the State of Nevada or its political subdivisions by the applicant or the persons who are proposed to be owners, officers or board members of the proposed medical marijuana establishment as described in subsection 9 of NRS 453A.328 and pursuant to the provisions of subsection 4 of section 26 of LCB File No. R004-14A
- 6.2.4. The description of the proposed organizational structure of the proposed medical marijuana establishment, and information concerning each Owner, Officer and Board Member of the proposed medical marijuana establishment, including, without limitation, the information provided pursuant to subsections 5 and of Section 26 of LCB File No. R004-14A
- 6.3. Pursuant to subsection 2 of Section 28 of LCB File No. R004-14A, an application that has not demonstrated a sufficient response related to the criteria set forth in 6.2.1, 6.2.2, 6.2.3 and 6.2.4, will not be further evaluated, and the Division will not issue a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate to that applicant.
- 6.4. Pursuant to subsection 3 of Section 28 of LCB File No. R004-14A, if the Division receives any findings from a report concerning the criminal history of an applicant or person who is proposed to be an owner, officer or board member of a proposed medical marijuana establishment that disqualify that person from being qualified to serve in that capacity, the Division will provide notice to the applicant and give the applicant an opportunity to revise its application. If a person who is disqualified from serving as an owner, officer or board member remains on the application as a proposed owner, officer or board member 90 days after the date on which the Division initially received the application, the Division may disqualify the application.
- 6.5. The Division may contact anyone referenced in any information provided for the Owners, Officers and Board Members of the proposed establishment; contact any applicant to clarify any response; solicit information from any available source concerning any aspect of an application; and seek and review any other information deemed pertinent to the evaluation process.
- 6.6. The Division shall issue provisional medical marijuana establishment registration certificates in accordance with NRS 453A.326 (3) and Sections 29, 30 and 31 of LCB File No. R004-14A to the highest ranked applicants up to the designated number of registration certificates the Division

plans to issue.

- 6.7. Pursuant to subsection 2 of Section 29 of LCB File No. R004-14A, if two or more applicants have the same total number of points for the last application being awarded a provisional medical marijuana establishment registration certificate, the Division will select the applicant which has scored the highest number of points as it relates to the proposed organizational structure of the proposed medical marijuana establishment and the information concerning each owner, officer and board member of the proposed medical marijuana establishment, including, without limitation, the information provided pursuant to subsections 5 and 6 of Section 26 of LCB File No. R004-14A.
- 6.8. In accordance with Section 30 of LCB File No. R004-14A, if the Division receives only one response in a specific local governmental jurisdiction which limits the number of a type of establishment to one, or statewide, if the applicant is in a jurisdiction which does not limit the number of a type of medical marijuana establishment, and the Division determines that the application is complete and in compliance with LCB File No. R004-14A and Chapter 453A of the NRS, the Division will issue a provisional medical marijuana establishment registration certificate to that applicant to in accordance with subsection 3 of NRS 453.326.
- 6.9. Pursuant to subsection 1 of Section 31 of LCB File No. R004-14A, the issuance of a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate by the Division is provisional and not an approval to begin business operations, until such time as:
 - 6.9.1. The medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with all applicable local governmental ordinances and rules; and
 - 6.9.2. The local government has issued a business license, or otherwise approved the applicant, for the operation of the medical marijuana establishment.
- 6.10. Pursuant to subsection 2 of Section 31 of LCB File No. R004-14A, if the local government for a jurisdiction in which a medical marijuana establishment is located does not issue business licenses and does not approve or disapprove medical marijuana establishments in its jurisdiction, a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate becomes an approval to begin operations as a medical marijuana establishment when the medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with all applicable local governmental ordinances and rules.

7. MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

This checklist is provided for the applicant's convenience only and identifies documents that must be submitted with each package in order to be considered complete.

Part I - Identified Criteria Response:	Completed
Applicant Information Sheet	
Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate Application (Attachment A).	
(Attachment A).	

16.14	
Multi-Establishment Limitation Form; if applicable (Attachment G).	
Identifier Legend (Attachment H)	
Confirmation that the applicant has registered with the Secretary of State as the appropriate type of business.	
Confirmation of the ownership or authorized use of the property as a medical marijuana establishment	
 A copy of Property Owner's Approval for Use Form (Attachment F). If the applicant has executed a lease or owns the proposed property, a copy of the lease or documentation of ownership. 	
Documentation from a financial institution in this state, or in any other state or the District of Columbia, which demonstrates:	
 That the applicant has at least \$250,000 in liquid assets which are unencumbered and can be converted within 30 days after a request to liquidate such assets. The source of those liquid assets. 	
Please note: If applying for more than one Medical Marijuana establishment certificate; available funds must be shown for each establishment application.	
Evidence of the amount of taxes paid to, or other beneficial financial contributions made to, the State of Nevada or its political subdivisions within the last five years by the applicant or the persons who are proposed to be Owners, Officers or Board Members of the proposed establishment.	
A financial plan which includes: Financial statements showing the resources of the applicant, both liquid and illiquid If the applicant is relying on money from an Owner, Operator or Board Member, or any other source, evidence that such person has unconditionally committed such money to the use of the applicant in the event the Division issues a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate to the applicant. Proof that the applicant has adequate money to cover all expenses and costs of the first year	
of operation.	
\$5,000.00 application fee as per Section 26(1) of LCB File No. R004-14A	
Please note: Cashier's checks and money orders (made out to the "Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health") will be accepted. All payments of money in an amount of \$10,000 or more must be made by any method of electronic funds transfer of money allowed. The electronic payment must be credited to the State of Nevada on or before the date such payment is due.	
To be included for each Owner, Officer and Board Member of the proposed medical marijuana establishment:	
Owner, Officer, and Board Member Attestation Form (Attachment B).	
Owner, Officer, and Board Member Information Form (Attachment C).	***************************************
A narrative description, not to exceed 750 words, demonstrating:	

Past experience working with governmental agencies and highlighting past community involvement. Any previous experience at operating other businesses or non-profit organizations. Any demonstrated knowledge or expertise with respect to the compassionate use of marijuana to treat medical conditions. A resume, including educational achievements. A Request and Consent to Release Form (Attachment E). Documentation that fingerprint cards have been submitted to Nevada's Criminal History Repository. Part II - Non-Identified Criteria Response: Completed Please note: All of the following must be submitted in a non-identified format. Documentation concerning the adequacy of the size of the proposed medical marijuana establishment to serve the needs of persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana, including: Building and construction plans with all supporting details Documentation concerning the integrated plan of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for the care, quality and safekeeping of medical marijuana from seed to sale, including: A plan for testing and verifying medical marijuana. A transportation plan. Procedures to ensure adequate security measures for building security. Procedures to ensure adequate security measures for product security. A plan which includes. A description of the operating procedures for the electronic verification system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment for verifying medical marijuana card holders. A description of the Inventory control system of the proposed medical marijuana establishment Evidence that the applicant has a plan to staff, educate and manage the proposed medical marijuana establishment on a daily basis, which must include: A detailed budget for the proposed establishment, including pre-opening, construction and first year operating expenses. An operations manual that demonstrates compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations. An education plan which must include providing educational materials to the staff of the proposed establishment. A plan to minimize the environmental impact of the proposed establishment. An application demonstrating: The likely impact of the proposed medical marijuana establishment in the community in which it is proposed to be located. The manner in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will meet the needs of the persons who are authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana.

BRIAN SÁNDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

ATTACHMENT A - MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Division



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

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MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT APPLICATION - (Attachment A)

GENERAL INFORMATION

Type of Medical Marijua		LI Medical Marijuana	a Dispensary	☐ Cultivation Fa	ncility fused/Edible Production Facility
Medical Marijuana Esta *This must be a Nevatia address	ablishment's Nan and cannot be a P.O. B	ne and Proposed Pox.	hysical Addres	s*:	
City:	Cou	nty:		State:	Zip Code:
Proposed Hours of Oper Sunday Monday	ration: Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Applying Entity's Name	APPLYIN	G ENTITY INI	FORMATIO	N	
Business Organization:	□ Individual □ LLC	□ Corp. □ Assoc. /Coo	□ Partne		
Telephone #: State Business License #	E-Mail Ac		spiration Date:		
Mailing Address:			1	***************************************	
City:				State:	Zip Code:
List the name of the incombehalf of the medical	lividual designate	SIGNEE INF()) ed to submit estable blishment.	RMATION lishment agent	registry ID car	rd applications
Last Name:		First Name:	•		MI:

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN
Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

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MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OWNER (OR), OFFICER (OF), AND BOARD MEMBER (BM) NAMES

For each Owner, Officer, and Board Member listed below, please fill out a corresponding Establishment Principal Officers and Board Members Information Form.

Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	ВМ
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	ВМ
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name;	MI:	OR	OF	BM
Last Name:	First Name:	MI:	OR	OF	BM

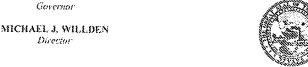
The acquisition, possession, cultivation, manufacturing, delivery, transfer, transportation, supplying, selling, distributing, or dispensing of "medical" marijuana under state law is lawful only if done in strict compliance with the requirements of the State Medical Marijuana Act, NRS 453A, NAC 453A and LCB File No. R004-14A. Any failure to comply with these requirements may result in revocation of the medical marijuana agent identification card or medical marijuana establishment registration certificate issued by the Division.

BRIAN SANDOVAL:

STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD
Chief Medical Officer



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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The State of Nevada, including but not limited to the employees of the Division, is not facilitating or participating in any way with my acquisition, possession, cultivation, manufacturing, delivery, transfer, transportation, supplying, selling, distributing, or dispensing of medical marijuana.

If the applicant is issued a medical marijuana establishment provisional registration certificate, the applicant agrees to not operate the establishment until the establishment is inspected and the applicant obtains a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate authorizing operation of the establishment.

I attest that the information provided to the Division for this medical marijuana establishment registration certificate application is true and correct.

Print Name	Title
Signature	Date Signed
Print Name	Title
Signature	Date Signed

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY B. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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ATTACHMENT B – OWNER, OFFICER, AND BOARD MEMBER ATTESTATION FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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OWNER, OFFICER, AND BOARD MEMBER ATTESTATION FORM - (Attachment B)

I,	,
PRINT NAME	
Attest that:	
I have not been convicted of an excluded felony offense as define and,	ed in NRS Chapter 453A;
I agree that the Division may investigate my background informato the Division; and,	tion by any means feasible
I will not divert marijuana to any individual or person who is not marijuana pursuant NRS Chapter 453A; and,	allowed to possess
All information provided is true and correct.	
Signature of Owner, Officer, or Board Member Date Sig	
State of Nevada	
County of	
Signed and swom to (or affirmed) before me on(date)	
By	(name(s) of person(s) making
statement)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Notary Stamp	Signature of Notarial Officer

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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ATTACHMENT C - OWNER, OFFICER, AND BOARD MEMBER INFORMATION **FORM**

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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OWNER, OFFICER, AND BOARD MEMBER INFORMATION FORM - (Attachment C)

Provide the following infor	mation for each (Owner Officer and	1 Roard Member 1	isted on th	Madical	
Marijuana Establishment ap	oplication. Use as	many sheets as ne	eded.	isiça on ti	ic iviculcai	
Last Name:		First Name:			MI:	□ OR □ OF □ BM
Date of Birth:			*****************************	L	***************************************	LDEN
Residence Address:			***************************************		***************************************	***************************************
City:	County:	*****	~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	State:	Zip:	
A short description of the reposition of the individual:	le the individual	will serve in for th	e organization and	the respo	nsibilities o	f the
Has this individual served as has had their establishment of the list individual a physician	egistration certif	icate revoked?	□YES □	NO		that
☐ YES ☐ NO Is this individual employed !	by or a contractor	r of the Division?		4O	***************************************	······································
Has a copy of this individual Member Attestation Form be	's signed and dat	ed Medical Mariju	ana Dispensary Pr		fficer or Boa	rd
If applicable, what is this ind issued within the previous si	lividual's designa x months?	ted caregiver or di	spensary agent reg	istry iden	tification nu	mber if
Has a copy of this individual ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ N//	1					
Has a copy of the Request an ☐ YES ☐ NO	nd Consent to Re	lease Application l	Form been submitt	ed with th	nis applicatio	on?
Has a copy of this individual' application? ☐ YES	's signed and date □ NO	ed Child Support V	erification Form b	een subm	itted with th	is

BRIAN SANDOVAL. Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY B. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

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4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

ATTACHMENT D - CHILD SUPPORT VERIFICATION FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL. Governor

STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

CHILD SUPPORT VERIFICATION FORM - (Attachment D)

You are required to complete this Child submit a fully completed and signed cu- medical marijuana establishment certifi	rrent Child Support S	and return it with your application. Failure to Statement will result in the application for a
I am not subject to a court orde	r for the support of a	child.
I am subject to a court order for the support of one or more children and am in compliance w the order or am in compliance with a plan approved by the District Attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order.		
I am subject to a court order fo with the order of a plan approv order for the repayment of the a	ed by the District At	or more children and am not in compliance torney or other public agency enforcing the nt to the order.
Applicant's Name	Appli	cant's Social Security Number
Applicant's Signature	Date	
State of Nevada	***************************************	
County of	•	
signed and sworn to (or affirmed) before a	me on	
3y(atement)		(name(s) of person(s) making
	Notary Stamp	Circulation ENV. 4 and 1 CCC
	a sump	Signature of Notarial Officer

BRIAN SANDOVAL. Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN

Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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ATTACHMENT E – REQUEST AND CONSENT TO RELEASE APPLICATION FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL, Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN; MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

Request and Consent to Release Application
Form for Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate(s) - (Attachment E)

Ϊ,	, am	the duly authorized designee of
453A.700 makes including, but n review this app. Therefore, I con	Nevada Medical Marijuana Establishme s all applications submitted to the Divisic of limited to, the licensing or zoning de lication in order to authorize the opera	to represent and interact ision) on all matters and questions in relation to the ent Registration Certificate(s). I understand that NRS on confidential but that local government authorities epartments of cities, towns or counties may need to attom of an establishment under local requirements. any local governmental authority in the jurisdiction
responsible for a acknowledge and	nvisions, including the Division of Publing consequences related to the release of	ion I hereby acknowledge and agree that the State of ic and Behavioral Health and its employees are not f the information identified in this consent. I further cannot make any guarantees or be held liable related once it is released.
Signature of Requ	uestor/Applicant or Designee	Date:
State of Nevada		
County of	·	
	o (or affirmed) before me on	date)
3ytatement)		(name(s) of person(s) making
	N-to-co Gi	
	Notary Stamp	Signature of Notarial Officer

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

ATTACHMENT F - PROPERTY OWNER APPROVAL FOR USE FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN

Director

STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706

Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

PROPERTY OWNER APPROVAL FOR USE FORM - (Attachment F)

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE OWNER OF THE PHYSICAL ADDRESS OF THE PROPOSED				
MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT. Name of Individual or Entity Applying for a Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate:				
A CONTROL OF AME	ny reprint to a victical	marjuana estabusument Re	gistration Certificate:	
Name of Owner of the Phy	ysical Address of the Propos	sed Medical Marijuana Estab	lishment:	
Physical Address and Nam	ne of Proposed Medical Mar	ijuana Establishment:	***************************************	
*This must be a Nevada address und	cannot be a P.O. Box			
City:	County:	State:	Zip Code:	
·			imp code.	
Legal Description of the Pr	PANarty			
Degat Description of the 11	operty.			

The individual or	entity applying for a Medic	cal Marijuana Establishment	Registration Certificate	
is the owner of th	e physical address of the pr	oposed Medical Marijuana E	istablishment.	
OR				
O,K				
The owner of the	physical address of the proj	oosed Medical Marijuana Es	tablishment gives	
permission to the individual or entity applying for a Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate to operate a Medical Marijuana Establishment at the physical address.				
regionation con	mode to operate a medical	iviatijuana estaonsnment at t	ne physical address.	
DDARDTV AUATTA CO	\.,\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	***************************************	***************************************	
PROPERTY OWNER SIG	JNATUKE	DATE SIGNED		
PROPERTY OWNER NA	ME	TITLE	NACOSINA MARKANIA WANA WANA WANA WANA WANA WANA WANA	

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706

Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

ATTACHMENT G - MULTI-ESTABLISHMENT LIMITATIONS FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN
Director



RICHARD WHITLEY, MS

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

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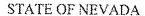
MULTI-ESTABLISHMENT LIMITATIONS FORM - (Attachment G)

NRS 453A.324 places a limitation on the total number of certificates that can be issued within each county, and NRS 453A.326 places limitations on the number of medical marijuana dispensaries located in any one governmental jurisdiction and a limitation on the number of certificates issued to any one person. Due to these limitations, please list below all applications submitted from this business organization and/or person as identified in the Medical Marijuana Establishment Owner, Officer, and Board Member names section of Attachment A.

If this business organization were to not receive approval on all applications submitted, would the applicant still want approval on the applications determined by the ranking below? Yes No						
Please list	in order of preference for a	pproval (use as many sheets				
Type of Medical Marijuana Estal	Type of Medical Marijuana Establishment:					
Medical Marijuana Establis	shment's Name and Proposed	Physical Address*:				
	dress and cannot be a P.O. Bo	OX.				
City:	County:	State:	Zip Code:			
3 22 6 3 4 3 1 3 4 3 4						
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Medical Marijuana Establis	hment's Name and Proposed	Physical Address*:				
*This must be a Nevada add	dress and cannot be a P.O. Bo	ox.				
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	AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF					
Type of Medical Marijuana Establishment: Independent Testing Laboratory Cultivation Facility Medical Marijuana Dispensary Marijuana Infused/Edible Production Facility						
Medical Marijuana Establish	iment's Name and Proposed	Physical Address*:	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			
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City:	County:	State:	Zip Code:			

BRIAN SANDOVAL Governor

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director





RICHARD WHITLEY, MS Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

ATTACHMENT H - IDENTIFIER LEGEND FORM

BRIAN SANDOVAL. Governor

STATE OF NEVADA

RICHARD WHITLEY, MS
Administrator

TRACEY D. GREEN, MD Chief Medical Officer

MICHAEL J. WILLDEN Director

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, Nevada 89706 Telephone: (775) 684-4200 - Fax: (775) 684-4211

IDENTIFIER LEGEND FORM - (Attachment H)

In a Non-Identified Criteria response, when a specific person or company is referenced, the identity must remain confidential. A person must be addressed through their position, discipline, job title or assigned an identifier. Identifiers assigned to people or companies must be detailed in a legend (Attachment H), to be submitted in the Identified Criteria response section (use as many sheets as needed).

Criteria Response Identifier	Actual Person or Company (for Division verification outside the evaluation process)
Example: Owner A	John Smith
Example: Owner B	John Doe
Example: Construction Company A	Acme Construction
Example: Job A	State Senator

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EXHIBIT 2

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NOTC 1 James E. Shapiro, Esq. **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 Nevada Bar No. 7907 Sheldon A. Herbert, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5988 3 SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite #220 4 Henderson, NV 89074 5 (702) 318-5033 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 9 Case No. A-15-728448-C Dept. No. I Plaintiff. 10 VS. 11 STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF PUBLIC 12 AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH OF DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN 13 318-2033 14 (202) 15 SERVICES; CITY OF LAS VEGAS, a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Nevada; DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; DOES 1-10, and Date: March 15, 2016 Time: 9:00 a.m ROE ENTITIES 1-100, inclusive, 16 Defendants. 17 DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 18 Counterclaimant, 19 VS. 20 GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited 21 liability company, 22 Counterdefendant. 23 24 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER RE: GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT 26 27 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an ORDER RE: GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC'S 28

SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 220 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Henderson, Nevada 89074

COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT was entered in the above-entitled matter on the 28th day of April, 2016, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

DATED this 28nd day of April, 2016.

SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC

____/s/ James E. Shapiro James E. Shapiro, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7907 Sheldon A. Herbert, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5988 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite #220 Henderson, NV 89074 Attorneys for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC, and that on the 28th day of April, 2016, I served a true and correct copy of the forgoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER RE: GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT; DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, by e-serving a copy on all parties registered and listed as Service Recipients in Wiznet, the Court's on-line, electronic filing website, pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, entered by the Chief Judge, Jennifer Togliatti, on May 9, 2014.

/s/ Ashley R. Houston
An employee of SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC

Exhibit "1"

Exhibit "1"

COGNAL

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Alun J. Column

1 ORDR CLERK OF THE COURT JAMES E. SHAPIRO, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 7907 Sheldon A. Herbert, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 5988 SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 220 Henderson, NV 89074 (702) 318-5033 Attorneys for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada 8 limited liability company, 9 Case No. A-15-728448-C Plaintiff. Dept. No. I 10 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 220 Henderson, NV 89674 O:(702)348-5033 F:(702)318-5034 SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC 11 STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES; CITY OF LAS VEGAS, a municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Nevada; DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; DOES 1-10, and ROE ENTITIES 1-100, inclusive, Date: March 15, 2016 Time: 9:00 a.m. 15 16 Defendants. 17 DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, 18 Counterclaimant, 19 VS. 20 GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada 21 limited liability company, 22 Counterdefendant. 23 24 ORDER RE: GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT: DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC'S COUNTERMOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT 25 26

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THIS MATTER having come before the Court on GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC's ("Plaintiff") Motion for Summary Judgment (the "Motion") and on Defendant DESERT AIRE

WELLNESS, LLC ("Desert Aire") Countermotion for Summary Judgment ("Countermotion");

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C Stipulated Judgment
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Plaintiff, having appeared by and through its attorneys of record, SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC; Defendant STATE OF NEVADA, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (the "State" or "Division"), having appeared by and through ADAM PAUL LAXALT, Attorney General through his Chief Deputy Attorney General, LINDA C. ANDERSON; Defendant Desert Aire, having appeared by and through its attorneys of record, MICHAEL H. SINGER, LTD., Defendant CITY OF LAS VEGAS having failed to appear or file any briefs regarding the matter¹, the Court having reviewed the papers and pleadings on file herein, having heard the arguments of counsel, the Court having stated its findings and conclusions on the record, the Court being fully advised in the premises, and good cause appearing, NOW THEREFORE, THE COURT FINDS AND CONCLUDES:

UNDISPUTED FACTS

A. BACKGROUND.

- 1. In 2013, Senate Bill 374 was passed which provided for the registration of medical marijuana establishments authorized to cultivate or dispense marijuana or manufacture edible marijuana products or marijuana-infused products for sale to persons authorized to engage in the medical use of marijuana. Senate Bill 374 was codified into N.R.S. Chapter 453A.
- 2. Under N.R.S. § 453A.320 et seq., the Division was tasked with processing and ranking applications for Medical Marijuana Establishments ("<u>MMEs</u>") for each local jurisdiction in Nevada.
- 3. There were five types of MME's, including Dispensaries, Cultivation Facilities, and Production Facilities. The MME at issue in this lawsuit is a Dispensary.
 - 4. The City of Las Vegas was allocated twelve Dispensary provisional certificates.
- 5. The Division, as well as the local jurisdiction, played a role in the ultimate licensing of MMEs. Specifically, the local jurisdiction was tasked with considering issues such as site plans, zoning and proximity to other business or facilities (the "Local Application Process") while the

¹ Plaintiff previously notified the Court that Plaintiff was no longer seeking any claims against the City of Las Vegas as the Plaintiff's claims had been rendered moot. Notwithstanding, the City of Las Vegas was included as an interested party to give them an opportunity to heard on the Plaintiff's requested relief against the State of Nevada and Desert Aire Wellness, LLC.

Division focused on public health, public safety, and marijuana as a medicine (the "<u>Division</u> Application Process").

- 6. In accordance with its responsibilities, the City of Las Vegas enacted Ordinance No. 6321 and 6324 to establish zoning regulations, licensing regulations, and standards for MME locations.
 - 7. The Division issued its application packet (the "*Division Application*").
- 8. While the Division was allowed to accept all applications submitted, under N.R.S. § 453A.322, the Division could only issue a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate (a "<u>Provisional Certificate</u>") if the applicant's application included six (6) specific items and if the applicant otherwise met the requirements established by N.R.S. Chapter 453A.
- 9. One of the six (6) items required by law before the Division could issue a Provisional Certificate is found in N.R.S. § 453A.322(3)(a)(5), which states:
 - (5) If the city, town or county in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located has enacted zoning restrictions, proof of licensure with the applicable local governmental authority or a letter from the applicable local governmental authority certifying that the proposed medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with those restrictions and satisfies all applicable building requirements. (NRS § 453A.322(3)(a)(5))

B. DESERT AIRE'S APPLICATION.

- 10. Plaintiff and Desert Aire were two of the 49 applicants for a Dispensary License in the City of Las Vegas.
- 11. On October 28-29, 2014, the Las Vegas City Council held a special meeting to consider each applicant for a special use permit and compliance permit for an MME Dispensary.
- 12. Prior to the October 28-29, 2014 Las Vegas City Council meeting, Desert Aire withdrew their application for a special use permit and compliance permit.
- 13. On October 30, 2014, the City of Las Vegas sent a letter to the Division notifying the Division that Desert Aire's application for a special use permit and compliance permit from the City of Las Vegas had been withdrawn and identifying for the Division the twenty-eight (28) applicants

who had been granted a special use permit and compliance permit for purposes of NRS § 453A.322(3)(a)(5).

- 14. The City of Las Vegas letter was intended to comply, and did comply, with NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5).
- 15. Specifically, pursuant to Las Vegas Municipal Code Section 6.95.080, the letter was to give notice to the Division, as intended in subsection 3(a)(5), as to those medical marijuana applicants which the City of Las Vegas had found to be or not to be in conformance with land use and zoning restrictions, and eligible for consideration for a business license. This letter described the applicable building requirements and zoning restrictions as outlined in the statute.
- 16. Notwithstanding, on or about November 3, 2014, the Division registered Desert Aire as a medical marijuana establishment and issued a provisional registration certificate for an MME Dispensary (the "*Provisional License*").
- 17. While Desert Aire subsequently obtained a special use permit, that did not occur until after November 3, 2014. Desert Aire ultimately opened for business.
- 18. At the time the Department registered Desert Aire and issued a Provisional License, Desert Aire did not meet the requirements of N.R.S. § 453A.322, which specifically permitted the Division to register a medical marijuana establishment and issue a registration certificate if the business seeking to register had completed all of the requirements of subsection 3(a), including providing a letter from the applicable local authority certifying that the proposed medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with [zoning] restrictions and satisfies all applicable building requirements.
- 19. Pursuant the plain terms of the statute, the Division should not have registered Desert Aire and issued a registration certificate as Desert Aire had not met all the requirements of the statute.
- 20. The Nevada Department of Health and Human Services should have registered and issued the registration certificate to the medical marijuana establishment to the top twelve ranked applicants which met all the requirements of the statute.

21. If any of the forgoing findings of fact are properly conclusions of law, they shall be treated as if appropriately identified and designated.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 22. Summary judgment is appropriate where the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions and affidavits on file, show that there exists no genuine issue as to any material fact, and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Bird v. Casa Royale W., 97 Nev. 67, 624 P.2d 17 (1981).
- 23. The Nevada Supreme Court has noted that "Rule 56 should not be regarded as a 'disfavored procedural shortcut'" but instead as an integral part of the rules of procedure as a whole, which are designed "to secure the just, speedy and inexpensive determination of every action." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 730, 121 P.3d 1026, 1030 (2005).
- 24. NRS § 30.040 gives this Court the ability to make certain declarations regarding the rights, status or other legal relations of parties to a lawsuit.
- 25. Further, this Court has the authority to issue mandatory injunctions "to restore the status quo, to undo wrongful conditions." <u>Leonard v. Stoebling</u>, 102 Nev. 543, 728 P.2d 1358 (1986); <u>Memory Gardens of Las Vegas, Inc. v. Pet Ponderosa Memorial Gardens, Inc.</u>, 492 P.2d 123, 88 Nev. 1 (Nev., 1972).
- 26. One of the stated purposes of mandatory injunctions is "compelling the undoing of acts that had been illegally done." <u>City of Reno v. Matley</u>, 378 P.2d 256, 79 Nev. 49 (Nev., 1963).
- 27. The Division has acknowledged that a complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief is appropriate.
- 28. The issuance of the Provisional Certificate to Desert Aire was in error and contrary to NRS § 453A.322(3).
- 29. Desert Aire should have been disqualified due to their non-compliance with NRS § 453A.322(3)(a)(5).
- 30. If any of the forgoing conclusions of law are properly findings of fact, they shall be treated as if appropriately identified and designated.

NOW THEREFORE:

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- IT IS HEREBY ORDERED Plaintiffs Motion for Summary Judgment is GRANTED 31, in part and DENIED in part.
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion is GRANTED to the extent that 32. Desert Aire should not have been registered or issued a certification of registration as a medical marijuana establishment because it had not met all the necessary requirements of 453A.322(3)(a).
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Division shall rescind or withdraw the 33. dispensary registration previously issued to Desert Aire.
- IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for is DENIED to the extent 34. Plaintiff seeks the re-issue of Desert Aire's dispensary registration to Plaintiff.
- 35. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED Defendant Desert Aire's Countermotion for Summary Judgment is DENIED.
- 36. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that there being no other unresolved claims or issues, this matter is and shall be CLOSED and this Order shall be a FINAL, APPEALABLE ORDER.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 16 day of April, 2016.

DISTRICT COURT JUI

Respectfully Submitted by:

SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC

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James E. Shapiro, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7907 21

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2520 Saint Rose Parkway, Suite 220 Henderson, Nevada 89074

Attorneys for Plaintiff

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Page 6 of 7

Case No. A-15-728448-C Order re: MSJ

l Approved: Approved: ADAM PAUL LAXALT, Attorney General MICHAEL H. SINGER, LTD. Linda C. Anderson Michael H. Singer, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1589 Chief Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 4090 555 E. Washington Ave., #3900 Las Vegas, NV 89101 Attorneys for the STATE OF NEVADA 4475 South Pecos Rd. Las Vegas, NV 89121 Attorneys for DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 220 Henderson, NV 89074 O:(702)318-5033 F:(702)318-5034 SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC

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EXHIBIT 1

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CLERK OF THE COURT

ADAM PAUL LAXALT
Attorney General

Linda C. Anderson

Chief Deputy Attorney General

3 Nevada Bar No. 4090

555 E. Washington Ave., #3900

4 Las Vegas, NV 89101 P: (702) 486-3420

F: (702) 486-3871

VS.

E-mail: landerson@ag.nv.gov

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Attorney General's Office 555 E. Washington, Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada) limited liability company,)

Plaintiff,)

aintiff,) Case No. A-15-728448-C) Dept. No. I

STATE OF NEVADA, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH; et. al.

Defendants.

STATE RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Date of Hearing: May 16, 2016
Time of Hearing: In Chambers

COMES NOW Defendant STATE OF NEVADA on its relation to the DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH (hereinafter "DIVISION"), by and through ADAM PAUL LAXALT, Attorney General by Chief Deputy Attorney General, LINDA C. ANDERSON, and files this response to the Motion For Reconsideration and Request that the Court Reverse and Grant Defendant Summary Judgment To Defendant or at a Minimum Grant a Stay Pending Appeal filed April 14, 2016.

This Court has thoroughly examined the arguments made by the Division in this matter so the Division will not repeat them in this response. However, because the Court has not yet signed an order after the ruling on March 15, 2016, the motion filed by Desert Aire Wellness will give this Court the opportunity to review the decision from their perspective for purposes of the final order. The motion highlights that consideration of the "timing" of events is critical to this decision. First, the motion raises

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the question of whether the timing of the approval from the City of Las Vegas should have a substantive impact on the reading of the requirement from the Nevada Legislature in NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) that the applicant submit to the Division the following:

If the city, town or county in which the proposed medical marijuana establishment will be located has enacted zoning restrictions, proof of licensure with the applicable local governmental authority or a letter from the applicable local governmental authority certifying that the proposed medical marijuana establishment is in compliance with those restrictions and satisfies all applicable building requirements

As noted in the pleadings, neither party had approval from the local authority at the time the application was submitted to the Division. The pleadings show that Desert Aire Wellness received approval from the City of Las Vegas but not at the same time that GB Sciences did.

The second issue of "timing" is whether the challenge brought by GB Sciences to Desert Aire Wellness in this case is timely. Certainly the initial action in case number A-14-710597 filed on December 5, 2014, in Department 20 was timely because it was filed within 30 days of the notice of the registrations and before any medical marijuana establishment was operating. However, on April 1, 2015, GB Sciences chose to dismiss Desert Aire Wellness from the litigation without prejudice and then filed a motion for summary judgment against the other Defendant Nuleaf on September 18, 2015. The motion for summary judgment was granted but the dispensary was awarded to another intervening party. GB Sciences then sought to bring Desert Aire Wellness back into the litigation in a motion filed November 16, 2015, but the Court denied that request. See, Exhibit 1 for Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to Amend. Therefore, GB Sciences filed our present case against Desert Aire Wellness on December 2, 2015, which is a year after the initial challenge was brought and apparently after Desert Aire Wellness had taken the necessary steps to open the dispensary.

The Division continues to support that a final decision can be reached in this case through summary judgment so any issues can be resolved at the appellate level in an expedited fashion. The Division submits that discovery in this matter would only add to the delay and not alter the issues before this Court. If this Court declines to reconsider its prior decision, the Division does support that a stay of the revocation be entered into this matter for Desert Aire Wellness. The community will not be served by the closure of an operating dispensary while this matter is resolved by the court system

Attartusy General's Office 555 E. Wishington, Stain 1900 Las Vigas, Novelle 1940!

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CONCLUSION

Again, no property interest exists for either the plaintiff or any registrant in this matter and the Division does not have an interest in any particular establishment receiving or maintaining a registration. The Division respectfully requests this Court to issue a final decision and to grant stay if necessary for Desert Aire Wellness.

AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated: April 26, 2016.

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Attorney General

By: /s/ Linda C. Anderson
Linda C. Anderson
Chief Deputy Attorney General

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Office of the Attorney General and that on April 26, 2016. I electronically served the foregoing by using the electronic filing system to e-serve a copy on all parties registered and listed as Service Recipients in Wiznet, the Court's on-line filing website, pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, entered by the Chief Judge, Jennifer Togliatti on May 9, 2014.

An Employee of the Office of the Attorney General

VS.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA DESERT AIRE WELLNESS, LLC

Appellant,

GB SCIENCES NEVADA, LLC

Respondent.

CASE NO.: 70462

Electronically Filed May 31 2016 09:15 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman DISTRICT COURT CASE NO.:
A-15-728448-C

EMERGENCY MOTION FOR STAY PENDING APPEAL FILED (REQUEST FOR CONSIDERATION BY SINGLE JUSTICE) (ACTION NEEDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE)

Appellant Desert Aire Wellness, LLC ("Desert Aire"), requests that this Court consider this motion as soon as possible since the Order being appealed requires the State to revoke Desert Aire's medical marijuana registration certificate and, thus, would lead to the closure of Desert Aire's dispensary business. This would cause Desert Aire irreparable harm and, indeed, would likely put it out of business permanently after Desert Aire has spent over \$2 million and a year and a half of its members' lives working to open the business. Further, the State and City of Las Vegas (and the medical marijuana patients who live there) would lose a fully compliant medical marijuana establishment that has been safely and securely providing medical marijuana to patients in Nevada since early 2016. Reflecting this, the State has joined Desert Aire in requesting that the district court stay revocation.¹

STATEMENT OF FACTS AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY I.

This is an appeal from a decision by the district court ordering the Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH), the State subdivision

See Exhibit ("Exh.") 1 (State's April 26, 2016 Response to Desert Aire's Motion for Reconsideration) at p. 3:4-5 ("The Division requests ... a stay if necessary for Desert Aire...").

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before the deadline.

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responsible for regulating medical marijuana businesses, to revoke the medical

allow the agency to evaluate applicants' fitness to operate a medical marijuana

establishment ("MME").³ (See Exh. 3 (application)⁴; see also Exh. 2 at p. 3:6.)

The State's process is twofold: first provisional certificates are issued. See

NAC § 453A.312. Then, once all local requirements are met, final permission

to operate is granted through a final registration certificate. See NAC §

453A.316. For the first phase, DPBH informed all applicants for registration

certificates they had until August 18, 2014 to submit the entire application.

(Exh. 3 at p. 9.) Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 453A.322, DPBH further

advised that each applicant needed to follow the application the State had

drafted and that it would not consider any additional materials. (Exh. 3 at p.

10.) The City of Las Vegas did not issue any type of approval to any applicant

providing safe access to medical marijuana, including to underserved groups.⁵

Desert Aire submitted an application by the deadline, on DPBH's required

Desert Aire is a small, woman-owned company. It is passionate about

In May 2014, DPBH issued a comprehensive application, designed to

marijuana registration certificate DPBH issued to Desert Aire.²

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² See Exh. 2 (April 28, 2016 district court order granting motion for summary judgment).

³ Unlike the local approval process, the State application process did not allow for lobbying and DPBH required that the substantive portions of the application be submitted anonymously. (*See* Exh. 3 at p. 10.)

⁴ A copy of the DPBH Application was attached to GB Sciences' January 21, 2016 Motion for Summary Judgment.

⁵ See James DeHaven, Desert Aire Wellness pot shop wins Las Vegas Approval, Las Vegas Review Journal, December 17, 2014 (attached as Exh. 4.)

form. Its application included everything required, including proof of meeting local zoning restrictions (in the form of a letter from a licensed surveyor).

DPBH reviewed and ranked numerous applications. Based on the substance of the applications, DPBH determined that Desert Aire was better qualified to serve medical marijuana patients than numerous other applicants, including Respondent, GB Sciences.⁶ Thus, on November 3, 2014 it granted Desert Aire a provisional registration certificate but denied GB Sciences provisional permission to operate. Desert Aire then proceeded towards serving patients. It obtained final approval from the City of Las Vegas, spent over \$1 million building out its facility (located on leased property), received final State approval, spent sizable amounts of money and time getting the business open, opened the facility at the beginning of 2016, and has continued to spend significant time and money securing a patient base, developing compliant operating procedures, and training qualified medical marijuana agents.

Unable to get registration certificates from DPBH on its merits because it did not perform well enough in DPBH's ranking process (which, again, was both substantive and anonymous), GB Sciences has been involved in a number of lawsuits. GB Sciences then filed suit against Desert Aire and the State of Nevada contending that the Court should require DPBH to revoke Desert Aire's registration certificate since its name was not included on an October 30, 2014 letter from the City of Las Vegas that provided a preliminary list of the MMEs the City had granted preliminary approval.

⁶ See Exh. 4 at pp. 1-2 (noting that DPBH ranked Desert Aire as Las Vegas' tenth-best applicant).

⁷ See Exh. 4 at p.2 (noting GB Sciences filed suit after DPBH denied application); see also Eighth Judicial District Court Case Nos. A-14-710597-C; A-14-710488-C (other suits initiated by GB Sciences).

The City of Las Vegas subsequently formally approved other MMEs for business licensing and zoning, including Desert Aire. The State did not review this information, and was not required to, before issuing provisional registration certificates. Yet, inventing a technical requirement to obtain a license that does not exist, the district court has ruled that the State should not have granted provisional certificates to any entity not on the City's October 30, 2014 letter. (Exh. 2 at p. 5:22-23.) Specifically, the district court found that pursuant to NRS 453A.322 (3)(a)(5), Desert Aire needed to include in its Application proof that it had been licensed by the City of Las Vegas or a letter from the City stating applicant's facility met the medical marijuana zoning restrictions. (Exh. 2 at p.4:15-21.)

The State has admitted that it never requested or required such proof from any applicant, and there was no place in the application to include such information. (*See* Exh. 5 (State's March 3, 2016 Response to GB Science's Motion for Summary Judgment) at p.3:16-26.) And, again, no entity could have submitted any such information from the City of Las Vegas before the application deadline. Nevertheless, inserting its own judgment for DPBH's, the district court—without allowing any discovery—granted summary judgment, ruling that DPBH misapplied the law when it granted Desert Aire's provisional registration certificate back in 2014 and ordering that DPBH revoke Desert Aire's registration certificate. (*See* Exh. 2 at pp. 5-6.)

In issuing what amounts to the extreme remedy of a mandatory injunction without allowing Desert Aire to conduct discovery,⁸ the district court misunderstood the statutory scheme at issue and improperly inserted its

⁸ Discovery is needed to address, *inter alia*, whether GB Sciences has had standing throughout the litigation.

underling policy and aim of Nevada's medical marijuana laws. The district court also improperly ignored precedent from this Court holding that: (1) substantial compliance with statutes is sufficient; (2) under the doctrines of laches and estoppel a license should not be revoked as a result of the government's mistake where the other party relied upon the State's actions in leading the person to believe that they were within their rights to proceed forward based upon the license or other governmental approval; and (3) the District Court should have construed the statute to avoid manifest injustice since (a) no one could have complied with the statute, (b) the statute was clearly ambiguous since it stated the applicant had to submit its application on the State's prescribed form (and no additional information could be submitted) and the form did not include any spot for the allegedly missing information, and (c) DPBH clearly construed the statute in a manner inconsistent with the district court and yet the court did not give DPBH deference.

own judgment for DPBH's, in excess of its authority. The resulting order, if it

is enforced, would lead to inequitable and absurd results that are odds with the

For all these reasons, Desert Aire filed a notice of appeal on May 25, 2016. Desert Aire has also requested a stay from the District Court, which was denied.⁹ If a stay is not granted the object of the appeal will be defeated: without a stay, Desert Aire's business will be closed, its relationships with its patients and customers will be lost, its lease will be in jeopardy, its competitive advantage in being one of the first to market lost, and its assets will be drained

⁹ The request for stay was included with the motion for reconsideration filed by Desert Aire on April 14, 2016, which was denied in its entirety by the court. (See Exh. 6 (minutes of May 16, 2016 hearing on Desert Aire's motion for reconsideration and request for stay).) Thus, Desert Aire has complied with NRAP 8(a)(1)(A)'s requirement that an appellant must first seek a stay in the district court.

to zero due to ongoing expenses without any income. For these same reasons, Desert Aire faces irreparable harm. It would be unjust to take back Desert Aire's license a year and a half after the State issued the license and Desert Aire spent millions of dollars and years of its members' lives to build and open the facility. Further, the public policy underpinning Nevada's medical marijuana laws will be thwarted, as Desert Aire is safely providing medical marijuana in full compliance with all state and local laws. On the other hand, GB Sciences will not suffer whatsoever from a stay since the district court did not grant GB Sciences the license being revoked. Thus, GB Sciences could not possibly suffer any harm during the stay.

II. EACH OF THE NRAP 8(C) FACTORS FAVORS GRANTING THE STAY

This Court considers four factors in deciding whether to issue a stay: (1) "whether the object of the appeal will be defeated if the stay is denied;" (2) "whether appellant will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is denied;" (3) "whether respondent will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is granted;" and (4) "whether appellant is likely to prevail on the merits in the appeal." Nev. R. App. P. 8(c). As detailed below, each of these factors weighs in favor of a stay. However, this Court has "not indicated that any one factor carries more weight than the others," and instead "recognizes that if one or two factors are especially strong, they may counterbalance other weak factors. *Mikohn Gaming Corp. v. McCrea*, 120 Nev. 248, 251, 89 P.3d 36, 38 (2004) (citing *Hansen v. District Court*, 116 Nev. 650, 6 P.3d 982 (2000)).

Mikohn involved "an appeal from an order refusing to compel arbitration." *Mikohn*, 120 Nev. at 250, 89 P.3d at 37. Thus, the Court's stay analysis "necessarily reflect[ed] arbitration's unique policies and purposes" (as

should be key to the Court's analysis of a stay. And, just as in *Mikohn*, a stay should issue to avoid defeating the object of the appeal "absent a strong showing that that the appeal lacks merit or that irreparable harm will result if a stay is granted." *Id.* at 252, 38.

A stay is especially appropriate because the district court's order would thwart the public interest, which courts have considered in evaluating stay requests. For example, in *Hilton v. Braunskill*, 481 U.S. 770 (1987), the United States Supreme Court held that the standard for stays pending appeals requires appellate courts to consider "where the public interest lies" separately from and in addition to "whether the applicant [for stay] will be irreparably injured absent a stay." *Id.* at 776; *accord Nat. Res. Def. Council, Inc. v. Winter*, 502 F.3d 859, 863 (9th Cir. 2007).

well as the interlocutory nature of that appeal. *Id.* at 251-52, 38. Accordingly,

the first factor—whether the object of the appeal would be defeated—was of

such importance that it alone "generally warrant[ed] a stay of trial court

proceedings pending resolution of the appeal." *Id.* "The other stay factors

remain[ed] relevant, but absent a strong showing that the appeal lacks merit or

that irreparable harm will result if a stay is granted," this Court noted that "a

stay should issue to avoid defeating the object of the appeal." *Id.* Here, just as

the "unique policies and policies" underpinning arbitration were at issue in

Mikohn, the unique policies and purposes of Nevada's medical marijuana laws

A. THE OBJECT OF THE APPEAL WILL BE DEFEATED IF A STAY IS DENIED SINCE DESERT AIRE WILL LOSE ITS BUSINESS.

The first factor under NRAP 8(c) is whether the object of the appeal will

be defeated if the stay is denied. This factor weighs heavily in favor of granting the stay since in effect the object of the appeal will be completely

defeated if the stay is denied. This is because if the stay is denied Desert Aire's business will be closed. Thus, for the next year plus while the appeal is being decided Desert Aire (which has already exhausted its available funds to get the business open and marketed) will have no income to pay the lease, will lose all of its patients, and will lose the \$2 million invested in the business plus future profits. (*See* Exh 7 (April 12, 2016 Declaration of Brenda Gunsallus).)¹⁰ Indeed, if Desert Aire loses its registration certificate it is very unlikely that Appellant could survive such that it could reopen if it were to prevail on the appeal. As a result the object of the appeal would be defeated if the stay is denied. Under *Mikohn Gaming Corporation v. McCrea*, 120 Nev. 248, 89 P.3d 36 (2004), the complete loss of the object of appeal alone warrants a stay absent "a strong showing that that the appeal lacks merit or that irreparable harm will result if a stay is granted." Here, of course, GB Sciences cannot show that the appeal lacks merit or that it faces any harm, let alone irreparable harm.

B. DESERT AIRE WILL SUFFER IRREPARABLE HARM

The second factor under NRAP 8(c) is whether Desert Aire will suffer irreparable or serious harm if the stay is denied. This factor closely mirrors the first factor. Again Desert Aire will suffer significant irreparable harm in the form of losing its entire business. Indeed, it will lose \$100,000 worth of product which is currently in the business. It will lose all its patients, with whom Desert Aire has spent significant time building a confidential and supportive relationship. All of its competitors will gain a significant advantage which will be impossible to overcome. Accordingly, the irreparable

¹⁰ Ms. Gunsallus' affidavit was attached to Desert Aire's April 4, 2016 Motion to Reconsider.

harm factor also weighs heavily in favor of granting the stay.

C. GB SCIENCES WILL NOT SUFFER IRREPARABLE HARM.

The third factor under NRAP 8(c) is whether the respondent will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is granted. Here, GB Sciences will not suffer any irreparable harm. This is because even though the Court ordered Desert Aire's registration certificate to be revoked it did not grant that certificate to the Respondent. As a result, GB Sciences will suffer no harm if the stay is granted since it cannot open its own medical marijuana business until the appeal is finalized and then only if it were to subsequently obtain a registration certificate from DPBH. Thus, this factor also weighs heavily in favor of granting the stay.

D. DESERT AIRE IS LIKELY TO SUCCEED ON THE MERITS.

Desert Aire has numerous strong arguments as to why the district court's decision should be reversed. It only needs to prevail on one of those.

1. The Court's Decision Should Be Reversed Because It Misapprehended the Statutory Scheme And Inserted Its Judgment for the State's.

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 453A.322 does not state that the State cannot issue a provisional registration certificate if the applicant does not provide proof of licensure from the local government. Rather, NRS 453A.322 merely states that if an application included certain things the division "shall issue to the establishment a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate." NRS 453A.322(5). The only statutory requirements regarding the application were that the applicant submit the application on the form prescribed by the division

under NRS 453A.322. The application form that DPBH issued mirrored the requirements NAC 453A.306. Defendants not only submitted the application on the form prescribed by the division but also included all of the information required.

Of course, pursuant to NRS 453A.326, the State could not issue the final registration certificate until the proof of conformance with local zoning requirements and the business license was obtained by the applicant. Reflecting that GB Sciences' case at best relies on a technicality, Desert Aire has since been issued a special use permit and a business license from the city of Las Vegas. Thus, DPBH interpreted the statute as requiring the application to include the items set forth in NAC 453A.306 in order for the applicant to receive a provisional certificate and then the proof of zoning and business license from the City of Las Vegas before issuing the final approval under NRS 453A.326. (*See* Exh. 8 (State's December 9, 2014 response to motion for preliminary injunction in Eighth Judicial Dist. Court Case. No. A-14-710488-C).)

There is nothing wrong with this interpretation, and the district court should have deferred to it. This Court has explained that the judicial branch should refrain from stepping into the shoes of the State and making decisions for it. North Lake Tahoe Fire Protection District v. Washoe County Board of County Commissioners, 129 Nev. Adv. Op. 72, 310 P.3d 583, 585-587 (2013). Indeed, the district court failed to consider that DPHB has considerable discretion to interpret and implement the statutes governing the issuance of registration certificates. See Int'l Game. Tech., Inc. v. Second Jud. Dist. Court of Nevada, 122 Nev. 123, 157, 127 P.3d 1088, 1106 (2006); see also Boulder City v. Cinnamon Hills Assocs., 110 Nev. 238, 247, 871 P.2d 320, 326 (1989)

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(city's interpretation of its own laws is cloaked with a presumption of validity). Because agencies such as the DPHB have discretion to construe the under which they operate, courts "are obliged to attach substantial weight to the agency's interpretation." *Folio v. Briggs*, 99 Nev. 30, 33, 656 P.2d 842, 844 (1983).

Moreover, given that the statutory scheme at issue here is so new, DPHB's discretion in interpreting and implementing the scheme is at its apex. Courts have recognized that deference to an agency is "heightened where . . . the regulations at issue represent the agency's initial attempt at interpreting and implementing a new regulatory concept." Texaco, Inc. v. Dep't of Energy, 663 F.2d 158, 165 (D.C. Cir. 1980) (quotation and parentheticals omitted). This is so because administrative agencies like DPHB are often presented with statutory schemes that contain gaps or contradictions. Thus, administrative agencies are vested with the authority to fill the gaps and reconcile statutory contradictions consistent with the power vested in them by the Legislature to best carry out the statutory purpose. See Atwell v. Merritt Sys. Prot. Bd., 670 F.2d 272, 282 (D.C. Cir. 1981) (agency is empowered to reconcile arguably conflicting statutory provisions, and the court's role is limited to ensuring that the agency effectuated an appropriate harmonization within the bounds of its discretion). Here, the statutory purpose DPHB is tasked with carrying out is making sure the most qualified applicants are the ones authorized to dispense medical marijuana to licensed patients.

Particularly in light of the case law regarding deference to agencies, and in light of the standing issues discussed below, the extreme relief issued by the district court was improper. Mandatory injunctions are generally issued "to restore the status quo, to undo wrongful conditions." *Leonard v. Stoebling*,

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102 Nev. 543, 550-51, 728 P.2d 1358, 1363 (1986). Here, however, the district court's issuance of a mandatory injunction does not maintain the status quo. Rather, it undermines the DPHB's interpretation and implement of the statutory scheme. This was error, as a court cannot exercise its equitable powers in conflict with a statute. *See Blaine Equip. Co. v. State*, 122 Nev. 860, 866, 138 P.3d 820, 823 (2006) ("On remand, the district court may not rely on its equitable power to disregard the mandatory language of NRS 333.810(1)."); *see also State, Victims of Crime Fund v. Barry*, 106 Nev. 291, 292-93, 792 P.2d 26, 27-28 (1990) (court cannot "grant a remedy which contradicts the statute").

2. <u>The Court's Decision Should Be Reversed Because</u> Desert Aire At Least Substantially Complied.

A unanimous decision from this Court, *Markowitz v. Saxon Special Servicing*, 129 Nev. Adv. Op. 69, 310 P.3d 569 (2013), held that despite the fact that a statute required a bank to come to a foreclosure mediation with an appraisal no more than 60 days old it should not have lost the case merely because its appraisal was 83 days old. The *Markowitz* Court held a court should consider policy and equity principles along with the language of the statute as a whole to determine whether it should allow technical deviation from form requirements of a statute. *Id.* at 571. Similarly, in *Schleining v. Cap One, Inc.* 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 36, 326 P3d 4 (2014), this Court noted that where the purpose of the statute has been met by the person, allowing substantial compliance is proper. *See also Nevada Equities, Inc. v. Willard Pease Drilling Co.*, 84 Nev. 300, 303, 440 P.2d 122, 123 (1968) ("the claimant substantially complied with the licensing scheme under both chapters. It had passed the

scrutiny of the Contractors' Board in these respects and was issued a license. We shall not condone a forfeiture in the absence of any ascertainable public policy requiring us to do so.").

Here, there is no question that the purpose of the statute was met. The statute in question merely required the applicant to provide proof that its facility met the medical marijuana zoning requirements for the City of Las Vegas. Not only did Desert Aire meet this requirement at all points in time as shown by its attainment of a special use permit from the City of Las Vegas, it also submitted in its application proof that it met those zoning restrictions in the form of a letter from a licensed surveyor. Again, at the time the applications were to be submitted there was no ability to do anything more. Indeed, the City of Las Vegas required each of its applicants to provide a letter from a licensed surveyor showing it met the zoning restrictions to satisfy its own applications requirement that the applicant show it met the zoning restrictions.

Desert Aire submitted every piece of information requested on DPBH's application form. The application did not include a section for the information the district court now says was required. (*See* Exh. 3 at p. 10.) It is impossible that Desert failed to substantially comply with the statutes governing application. The statutes only require an applicant must submit its application on the State-proscribed form. Desert Aire did so, and included every piece of required information. Moreover, DPBH did not allow for additional information to be submitted (*see id.* at p.10), and did not allow for supplements after the application deadline. Based on the above-cited case law and in light of the fact that the purpose of the statute was met, the Court should find that, under policy and equity principles, Desert Aire substantially

complied with any application requirements.

3. The District Court's Order Would Lead to Absurd Results And Violate Public Policy.

A court should construe statutes in a way as to avoid an absurd result. It would be an absurd result to revoke Desert Aire's registration certificate a year and a half after it had been granted on the grounds that it failed to include information in an application that was not required. Obviously, there are gaps and inconsistencies in this relatively new statutory scheme which can engender confusion. However, it would be unfair to punish the Desert Aire for any problems with the statute, which did not address the fact that the State's application deadline would occur at a point in time before local governments issued licenses.

The district court's extreme order runs contrary to this Court's mandate that statutes must be interpreted in order to give effect to the legislature's intent, as well as the public policy concerns underlying that intent. *See Salas v. Allstate Rent-A-Car, Inc.*, 116 Nev. 1165, 1168, 14 P.3d 511, 513 (2000) ("Our objective in construing statutes is to give effect to the legislature's intent.") Where the statutory language is ambiguous, this Court must construe it "according to that which reason and public policy would indicate the legislature intended." *State, Dep't of Mtr. Vehicles v. Lovett*, 110 Nev. 473, 477, 874 P.2d 1247, 1249–50 (1994) (quotation omitted); *see also Smith v. Kisorin USA, Inc. 127*, Nev. Adv. Op. 37, 254 P.3d 636 (2011) (statutes should be construed as a whole so that all provisions are considered together and, to the extent practicable reconciled and harmonized).

In interpreting statutes, this Court considers the policy and spirit of the

Westpark Owners' Ass'n v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court ex rel. Ctv. of Clark, 123 Nev. 349, 357, 167 P.3d 421, 427 (2007) (citation omitted). Here, permitting the district court's order to stand would lead to absurd results that run contrary to the public policy underlying the Nevada Legislature's enactment of the medical marijuana laws. In enacting the medical marijuana statutory scheme, the Nevada Legislature sought to provide medical marijuana patients with safe and reliable access to medical marijuana. It also sought to regulate the cultivation and sale of medical marijuana to ensure the quality and safety of the product available to consumers. Very few applicants were able to meet the stringent requirements set forth in the statutory and regulatory scheme the Legislature implemented to achieve these goals. Accordingly, it would be absurd and contrary to public policy to allow the district court to take away the license of a medical marijuana establishment that met all of DPBH's stringent requirements and has been providing patients with safe access to medical marijuana. Further, the district court's order would violate equal protection in that numerous medical marijuana establishments have been granted provisional registration certificates from the State of Nevada despite not having submitted the proof of compliance with local requirements that the district court, in rewriting the Division's application process, now contends was necessary.

law and will seek to avoid an interpretation that leads to an absurd result.

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4. <u>Desert Aire Should Also Prevail On Equitable Estoppel</u> Grounds.

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Desert Aire has two strong arguments with respect to equitable estoppel. First, it would be grossly unfair to revoke a party's license under the

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27 28 facts set forth in this case, including the substantial reliance by the Desert Aire and the alleged errors of DPBH. This Court's precedent shows that a court should use its equitable powers to prevent a manifest injustice from occurring and this is such a case. DPBH (and the statute) required applicants to submit information (and only the information) asked for on the application form which did not include the information GB Sciences alleges should have been required. Further, NAC 453A.322(4) states that if DPBH did not approve the application, it had an affirmative duty to inform Desert Aire that its application had not been approved.

Not only did DPBH not notify Desert Aire that its application was not approved but it actually informed Desert Aire that its application had been approved and granted Desert Aire a provisional registration certificate. Desert Aire relied upon this approval (on November 3, 2014) to spend the next year and a half of their lives working towards opening the facility without pay, spent money to build out the facility, opened for business, marketed the business and acquired a significant client base. It would be a manifest injustice to revoke their license at this time because of an alleged error by the State. In Nevada Pub. Employees v. Byrne, 96 Nev. 276, 607 P2d 1351 (1980), the Court held that equitable estoppel prevented a government entity from denying benefits as a result of a technical violation of a statute stating:

> We would turn the doctrine of equitable estoppel up on its head if we were to hold that the power to correct an inequity, as unjust as the one here, would, without more, defeat our Court's inherent power to seek or do equity.

Id. at 280.

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5. <u>Desert Aire Is Entitled to Equitable Estoppel Because</u> GB Sciences Dismissed A Similar Action.

Not only should DPBH be estopped but so should GB Sciences be estopped from bringing the action. It brought a similar action against Desert Aire seven months before it brought the instant action. It dismissed that action against Desert Aire. During the seven month gap before GB Sciences suddenly filed a new action, Desert Aire spent the bulk of its costs to build out the facility. As a result, GB Science is equitably estopped.

6. <u>Laches Also Warrants Reversal.</u>

In *Carson City v. Price*, 113 Nev. 409, 934 P3d 104 (1997), the Nevada Supreme Court stated:

Laches is an equitable doctrine which may be invoked when delay by one party works to the disadvantage of the other, causing a change of circumstances which would make the grant of relief to the delaying party inequitable... Thus, laches is more than a mere delay in seeking to enforce one's rights; it is a delay that works to the disadvantage of another...The condition of the party asserting laches must become so changed that the party cannot be restored to its former state.

Id., at 412, 413 (internal quotation marks and citations omitted). Here, laches applies because DPBH accepted the Desert Aire's application and did not provide notice that the application was deficient. DPBH then provided Desert Aire with a provisional, and later, final registration certificate. When DPBH did this they knew the Desert Aire would move forward and spend significant sums based on that issuance. Desert Aire went forward and spent approximately \$2 million, several years' of work, built the facility, opened the

facility, marketed the facility and developed the patient base.

7. GB Sciences Lacks Standing.

As of the application deadline, the City had issued no letters or issued any licenses. Thus, GB Science itself did not comply with its interpretation of NRS 453A.322(3)(a)(5) since it did not include the information listed under that subsection with its application.

Yet, the District Court found that because the City provided DPBH with a list of entities who had received provisional registration certificates 87 days after the application deadline it somehow complied with the subsections requirement that the information be provided with the application. Obviously providing a letter 87 days after a deadline does not comply the requirement that GB Sciences contends should be written into the application process. Thus, if its interpretation were correct, GB Sciences had no standing to bring the lawsuit to begin with.

Additionally, GB Sciences has no standing because it has no vested rights in the certificate which DPHB awarded to Desert Aire. NRS 453A.320 makes clear that applicants—and even holders of a certificate—do not acquire vested rights. The State emphasized this point in its response to GB Sciences' motion for summary judgment. (*See* Exh. 5 at p. 6:10-12.)

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III. CONCLUSION

For all these reasons, emergency relief is warranted and a stay of the district court's order pending appeal should issue.

Dated this 26th day of May, 2016.

/s/ Margaret A. McLetchie

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and

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Attorneys for Desert Aire Wellness, LLC

Emergency Motion for Stay.

- 4. At approximately 1:17 p.m. the same day, Mr. Sheehan and I contacted Chief Deputy Attorney General Linda Anderson by telephone and advised her that Appellant would be filing the instant Emergency Motion for Stay.
- 5. Additionally, at approximately 2:35 p.m. on May 24, 2016, I contacted Nevada Supreme Court Clerk Linda Hamilton by telephone to inform the Court that Appellant would be filing this emergency motion.
- 6. Counsel for the other parties in this matter will be served with this motion electronically upon its filing with this Court.
- 7. Appellant sought a stay in the district court. The district court denied Appellant's request for a stay on May 16, 2016.

Respectfully submitted this 26th day of May, 2016

By: /s/Margaret A. McLetchie

Margaret A. McLetchie Nevada Bar No. 10931 MCLETCHIE SHELL LLC 701 E. Bridger Avenue, Suite 520 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 728-5300 maggie@nvlitigation.com Attorney for Desert Aire Wellness, LLC

1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 2 I hereby certify that the foregoing EMERGENCY MOTION FOR 3 STAY PENDING APPEAL FILED UNDER NRAP 27(e) (REQUEST FOR 4 5 CONSIDERATION BY SINGLE JUSTICE) (ACTION NEEDED AS SOON 6 AS POSSIBLE) was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on 7 the 26th day of May, 2016. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall 8 9 be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows: 10 James E. Shapiro, Nevada Bar No. 7907 11 Sheldon Herbert, Nevada Bar No. 5988 SMITH & SHAPIRO, PLLC 12 2250 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 220 13 Henderson, Nevada 89074 Counsel for Respondent GB Sciences, LLC 14 15 Linda Anderson, Nevada Bar No. 4090 Chief Deputy Attorney General 16 555 E. Washington Ave., #3900 17 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Counsel for Respondent State of Nevada 18 19 /s/ Pharan Burchfield 20 Employee of McLetchie Shell LLC 21 22 23 24 25 26 27