IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA, LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS BOARD,

Appellant,

VS.

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EDUCATION SUPPORT EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION, INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS, LOCAL 14 and CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT,

Respondents.

Supreme Court No. 70586

District Court Case No. A-15-Hilestronically Filed Jul 08 2016 10:02 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

OBJECTION TO MODIFICATION OF CAPTION

COMES NOW Respondent, Education Support Employees Association ("ESEA") by and through its attorneys and hereby objects to the Court's Notice of Modification of Caption. ESEA objects to the modification of caption because it does not accurately reflect the status of the parties to this matter because International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Local 14 ("Local 14") is neither an appellant nor a respondent.

On June 9, 2016, Appellant, State of Nevada, Local Government Employee-Management Relations Board ("the Board") filed its Notice of Appeal and Case Appeal Statement in the Eighth Judicial District Court and served it on ESEA. The Board's Case Appeal Statement described the nature of the action, setting forth that: (1) the Board had issued an order, which had determined that Local 14 was entitled to replace ESEA as the exclusive bargaining agent for the support staff employees of the Clark County School District ("the District") based on the Board's interpretation of and then its application of NRS 288.160 and NAC 288.110(10) to the results of a second runoff election between ESEA and Local 14; (2) ESEA had challenged that order; and (3) the District Court disagreed with the Board's interpretation and

application of NRS 288.160 and NAC 288.110(10) and, therefore, vacated the Board's order.

As a governmental entity whose actions have been reversed by a district court order, the Board is an aggrieved party. See Local Gov't Emp. v. General Sales Drivers, 98 Nev. 94 (1982), 641 P.2d 478; City of Reno v. Harris, 111 Nev. 672, 676, 895 P.2d 663, 666 (1995) (municipality has vested interest in requiring compliance with its decisions). Local 14 may have also been aggrieved by the District Court's order but Local 14 did not file a timely notice of appeal, nor did it file a joint notice of appeal with the Board. See NRAP 3(b)(1). Because neither of these occurred, and a timely notice of appeal is jurisdictional, Local 14 is not an appellant in this matter. Zugel v. Miller, 99 Nev. 100, 101, 659 P.2d 296, 297 (1983); Mahaffey v. Investor's Nat'l Security Co., 102 Nev. 462, 464, 725 P.2d 1218, 1219 (1986). If not an "appellant," the only other designation for a party to an appellate action would be that of "respondent."

In appellate practice, a respondent is the "party who contends against an appeal." Black's Law Dictionary (4th ed. 1968) at 1476. However, Local 14 does not "contend against the appeal." The appeal seeks a reversal of the District Court's order, which would have the effect of reinstating the Board's order, meaning that Local 14 would replace ESEA as the exclusive bargaining agent, which is the result that Local 14 desires. Thus, Local 14 is not a "respondent."

¹Local 14 was an appropriate "respondent" in the district court action because NRS 233B.130(2)(a) requires a petitioner filing a petition for judicial review to name all parties of record to the administrative hearing, and, in this particular case, Local 14, along with the Board, was adverse to ESEA's position, so "respondent" was clearly the appropriate title.

The Board appropriately recognized this in its Case Appeal Statement when, in response to NRAP 3(f)(3)(D), it did not list Local 14 or the District as respondents; rather it listed only ESEA.² Although the Board subsequently filed an Amended Case Appeal Statement, which added Local 14 and the District to its list of respondents, this new filing does not have the effect of changing the status of these parties. The Amended Case Appeal Statement notwithstanding, Local 14 (as well as, presumably, the District) still does not "contend against" the Board's appeal.³

Similarly, Local 14's subsequent filing of a Motion for Leave to File Opening and Reply Briefs does not give it status as a party to this matter. Indeed, it reveals its attempt to make an end run around the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure and this Court's rulings. *See* ESEA's Opposition to Local 14's Motion for Leave to File Opening and Reply Briefs at 2 which is filed concurrently herewith. This Court simply has no jurisdiction to hear Local 14's case as an appellant, and it is not a respondent.

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² The District, as a local government employer governed by NRS chapter 288, must negotiate and deal with whichever employee organization (ESEA or Local 14) is ultimately declared to be the exclusive bargaining agent. To date, the District has not stated whether it has any personal rights that have been or will be injuriously affected, or whether it has any need to "contend against the appeal."

³ Indeed, on June 29, 2016, Local 14 filed with this Court a motion to allow it to file an opening brief as if it were an appellant in this matter, an acknowledgment that it is not a respondent in this matter.

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RESPECTFULLY, therefore, ESEA:

- 1. Notifies the Court that the modified caption, which resulted from the Board's Amended Case Appeal Statement, does not accurately reflect the status of the parties to this matter, and ESEA objects to the Modification of Caption.
- 2. Urges the Court to modify the caption to remove Local 14 and the District as respondents.

DATED this Ellip day of July, 2016

DYER, LAWRENCE, FLAHERTY, DONALDSON & PRUNTY

By:

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Attorneys for ESEA

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

This is to certify that pursuant to NRAP 25(b) and (c) on the 2^{tb} day of
July, 2016, the undersigned, an employee of Dyer, Lawrence, Flaherty,
Donaldson & Prunty, electronically filed the foregoing OBJECTION TO
MODIFICATION OF CAPTION with the Supreme Court of the State of
Nevada, and a copy was served by the following method of service:

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BY PERSONAL SERVICE

X BY E-MAIL

10 BY FACSIMILE

BY MESSENGER SERVICE

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