#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

MICHAEL J. MONA, JR. AN INDIVIDUAL; AND RHONDA H. MONA, NON-PARTY

Appellants,

No. 70857

Electronically Filed Aug 12 2016 09:08 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

vs.

FAR WEST INDUSTRIES, A CALIFORNIA CORPORATION

Respondents.

#### JOINT DOCKETING STATEMENT CIVIL APPEALS

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

All appellants not in proper person must complete this docketing statement. NRAP 14(a). The purpose of the docketing statement is to assist the Court in screening jurisdiction, classifying cases for en banc, panel, or expedited treatment, compiling statistical information and identifying parties and their counsel.

#### WARNING

This statement must be completed fully, accurately and on time. NRAP 14(c). The Court may impose sanctions on counsel or appellant if it appears that the information provided is incomplete or inaccurate. *Id.* Failure to fill out the statement completely or to file it in a timely manner constitutes grounds for the imposition of sanctions, including a fine and/or dismissal of the appeal.

A complete list of the documents that must be attached appears as Question 26 on this docketing statement. Failure to attach all required documents will result in the delay of your appeal and may result in the imposition of sanctions.

This court has noted that when attorneys do not take seriously their obligations under NRAP 14 to complete the docketing statement properly and conscientiously, they waste the valuable judicial resources of this court, making the imposition of sanctions appropriate. *See*<u>KDI Sylvan</u> <u>Pools v. Workman</u>, 107 Nev. 340, 344, 810 P.2d 1217, 1220 (1991). Please use tab dividers to separate any attached documents.

MAC:04725-0032868529\_1 Revised December 2015 1. Judicial District EighthDepartment XV County Clark Judge Joe Hardy District Ct. Case No. A670352

#### 2. Attorney filing this docketing statement:

Attorney <u>Terry A. Coffing, Esq., Micah Echols, Esq. and Tye S. Hanseen, Esq.</u> Telephone <u>702-382-0711</u> Firm <u>Marquis Aurbach Coffing</u> Address <u>10001 Park Run Drive, Las Vegas, NV 89145</u> Client <u>Michael J. Mona, Jr.</u>

Attorney James E. Whitmire, Esq. Telephone <u>702-948-8771</u> Firm <u>Santoro Whitmire</u> Address <u>10100 W. Charleston Blvd, Suite 250, Las Vegas, NV 89135</u> Client<u>Non-Party Rhonda H. Mona</u>

Attorney <u>Robert L. Eisenberg, Esq.</u> Telephone <u>702-786-6868</u> Firm <u>Lemons, Grundy & Eisenberg</u> Address <u>6005 Plumas Street, Third Floor, Reno, NV 89519</u> Client<u>Non-Party Rhonda H. Mona</u>

#### 3. Attorney(s) representing respondent(s):

Attorney <u>F. Thomas Edwards, Esq. and Andrea Gandara, Esq.</u> Telephone <u>702-791-0308</u> Firm <u>Holley Driggs Walch Fine Wray Puzey & Thompson</u> Address <u>400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor, Las Vegas, NV 89101</u> Client <u>Far West Industries</u>

#### 4. Nature of disposition below (check all that apply):

Judgment after bench trial		Dismissal	
Judgment after jury verdict		Lack of Jurisdiction	1
Summary judgment		Failure to state a cla	aim
Default judgment		Failure to prosecute	2
Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	$\square$	Other (specify)	\$490,000 Order
			against non-party
Grant/Denial of injunction		Divorce decree:	
Grant/Denial of declaratory relief		Original	Modification
Review of agency determination		Other disposition (s	specify)

#### 5. Does this appeal raise issues concerning any of the following:N/A

- Child Custody
- Venue

Termination of parental rights

6. **Pending and prior proceedings in this court.** List the case name and docket number of all appeals or original proceedings presently or previously pending before this court which are related to this appeal:

The underlying District Court case gave rise to the pending Writ Petition in Case No. 68434, Rhonda Helene Mona and Michael J. Mona, Jr. v. Eighth Judicial District Court (Far West Industries); oral argument was held on July 6, 2016.

The Supreme Court's determination of issues in Case No. 68434 will most likely cause the present appeal to become moot.

7. **Pending and prior proceedings in other courts.** List the case name, number and court of all pending and prior proceedings in other courts which are related to this appeal (*e.g.*, bankruptcy, consolidated or bifurcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition:

Far West Industries v. Rio Vista Nevada, LLC, World Development, Bruce Maize, and Michael Mona Jr.; A-12-670352-F; Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada.

Far West Industries v. Michael Mona, Jr., Rhonda Helene Mona, Michael Mona, III, and Lundene Enterprises; A-15-724490-C; Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada.

Rhonda Helene Mona v. Michael Mona, Jr.; D-15-517425-D; Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nevada; July 23, 2015.

8. **Nature of the action.** Briefly describe the nature of the action and the result below:

The underlying action is a foreign judgment collection case. Respondent Far West obtained a California judgment against multiple defendants, including Appellant Michael J. Mona, domesticated the judgment in Nevada, and began collection activities. In the Nevada judgment collection case, Far West sought a judgment against non-party Rhonda Mona, Michael J. Mona's ex-wife. Because Rhonda Mona is not a party in the underlying judgment collection action, a judgment cannot be entered against her. Nonetheless, the District Court entered an order that could be interpreted as a judgment against Rhonda Mona because it allows for execution against her in the amount of \$490,000.00.

Also, as indicated above, the Supreme Court's decision in Case No. 68434 may result in the present appeal becoming moot.

- 9. **Issues on appeal.** State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):
  - (1) Lack of personal jurisdiction over Rhonda Mona.
  - (2) A separate action was needed against Rhonda.
  - (3) Violation of procedural due process rights.
  - (4) The post-marital property settlement agreement protects Rhonda's separate property.
  - (5) Whether Rhonda's community property interests are subject to the judgment against Michael Mona.
  - (6) Whether this court should overrule *Randono v. Turk*, 86 Nev. 123, 466 P.2d 218 (1970).
- 10. **Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues.** If you are aware of any proceeding presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised:

The related District Court case also gave rise to the pending Writ Petition in Case No. 68434, Rhonda Helene Mona and Michael J. Mona, Jr. v. Eighth Judicial District Court (Far West Industries).

The issues were the same in Case No. 68434 and the Supreme Court's determination of those issues may moot this appeal. However, at this point, the District Court has now gone even further by entering an Order against non-party RhondaMonathat could be interpreted as a judgment because it allows for execution against her in the amount of \$490,000.00.

Rhonda Mona is not a party in the underlying case. Thus, a judgment cannot be entered against her, and there is a legitimate question as to whether she would be considered an "aggrieved party" for purposes of appeal. Nonetheless, although the order from which this appeal is taken is not entitled a "judgment," it could possibly be interpreted as a judgment against Rhonda Mona.

11. **Constitutional issues.** If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?

N/A

Yes

No

If not, explain:

12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?

Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (*Randono v. Turk*, 86 Nev. 123, 466 P.2d 218 (1970).

- An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
- $\boxtimes$  A substantial issue of first impression
- $\square$  An issue of public policy
- An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions

A ballot question

If so, explain:

13. Assignment to the Supreme Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

The case should be presumptively assigned to the Supreme Court pursuant to NRAP 17(a)(13)-(14). Please see question No. 12, above. Also, the related

writ proceeding (No. 68434) was assigned to the Supreme Court, and oral argument has already been held before the *en banc* court in that case.

- 14. **Trial.** If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last? N/A Was it a bench or jury trial? N/A
- 15. **Judicial Disqualification.** Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice?

N/A

#### TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of written judgment or order appealed from <u>The Amended</u> <u>Nunc Pro Tunc Order Regarding Plaintiff Far West Industries' Motion to</u> <u>Reduce Sanctions Order to Judgment was filed on June 13, 2016</u>.

If no written judgment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for seeking appellate review: N/A

17. Date written notice of entry of judgment or order was served The Notice of Entry of Amended Nunc Pro Tunc Order Regarding Plaintiff Far West Industries' Motion to Reduce Sanctions Order to Judgment was served on June 15, 2016..

Was service by:

Delivery

Mail/electronic/fax

# 18. If the time for filing the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion (NRCP 50(b), 52(b), or 59)

(a) Specify the type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and the date of filing.

<b>NRCP 50(b)</b>	Date of filing
NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
NRCP 59	Date of filing

NOTE: Motions made pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the time for filing a notice of appeal. *SeeAA Primo Builders v. Washington*, 126 Nev. \_\_\_\_, 245 P.3d 1190 (2010).

(b) Date of entry of written order resolving tolling motion N/A.

(c) Date written notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served N/A.

Was service by:

Delivery

] Mail

19. Date notice of appeal filed July 15, 2016.

If more than one party has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each notice of appeal was filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:

A Joint Notice of Appeal was filed on July 15, 2016.

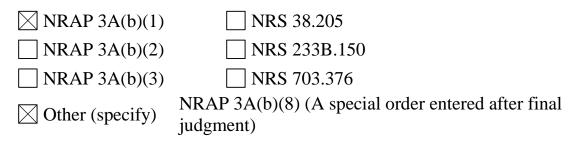
20. Specify statute or rule governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal, *e.g.*, NRAP 4(a) or other

NRAP 4(a).

#### SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY

21. Specify the statute or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review the judgment or order appealed from:

(a)



(b) Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order:

NRAP 3A(b)(1)—Rhonda Mona is not a party in the underlying case. Thus, a judgment cannot be entered against her, and there is a legitimate question as to whether she would be considered an "aggrieved party" for purposes of appeal. Nonetheless, the District Court has entered an Order against Rhonda Mona that

could be interpreted as a judgment because it allows for execution against her in the amount of \$490,000.00. As indicated in Rhonda Mona's notice of appeal, this is a protective appeal due to uncertainty regarding whether the order is appealable and whether Rhonda Mona can be considered an aggrieved party.

NRAP 3A(b)(8)—The appealed from Order affects the rights of Mike Mona and non-party Rhonda Mona and grows out of a final judgment previously entered in California.

# 22. List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district court:

(a) Parties:

Far West Industries, Mike Mona, and non-party Rhonda Mona.<sup>1</sup>

(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, e.g., formally dismissed, not served, or other:

The only judgment debtor Far West has pursued in the underlying action is Mike Mona. The non-party that Far West has pursued in the underlying action is Rhonda Mona.

23. Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, counterclaims, cross-claims or third-party claims, and the date of formal disposition of each claim.

This is a foreign judgment collection action. Thus, there are no "claims."

24. Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged below and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated actions below?

\_\_\_ Yes

No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As indicated earlier in this docketing statement,Rhonda Mona is not a "party" to the underlying action, but an Order has been entered against her allowing execution in the amount of \$490,000, which could be construed as a judgment—even though Rhonda is not a party. Because of this uncertainty, Rhonda Mona's attorneys have joined in the notice of appeal, to protect Rhonda Mona's right to challenge the order in Nevada appellate courts. *See Fernandez v. Infusaid Corp.*, 110 Nev. 187, 192-93, 871 P.2d 292 (1994) (recognizing protective notice of appeal where right to appeal is uncertain).

#### 25. If you answered "No" to question 24, complete the following:

(a) Specify the claims remaining pending below:

This is a foreign judgment collection action. Thus, collection activities will endure indefinitely and there will not necessarily be an adjudication of all claims. That said, the District Court has entered an Order that could be interpreted as a judgment or final adjudication because it allows execution against the non-party in the amount of \$490,000. Further, the District Court indicated that it may entertain allowing execution up to an additional \$3,000,0000 more against the non-party.

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:

Mike Mona, Jr. There are also other parties to the foreign judgment collection action that have never been served.

(c)Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?

Yes

🔀 No

(d)Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?

Yes

No

# 26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (*e.g.*, order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):

The Order may be interpreted as a judgment because it allows execution up to \$490,000 against a non-party and, if construed as such, it would be appealable under NRAP 3A(b)(1). Further, under NRAP 3A(b)(8), the appealed from Order affects the rights of Mike Mona and non-party Rhonda Mona and grows out of a final judgment previously entered in California.

#### 27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)

- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, cross-claims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
- Any other order challenged on appeal
- Notices of entry for each attached order

#### VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Michael J. Mona, Jr. Rhonda Helene Mona

Name of appellant

8/11/2016

Date

Terry A. Coffing, Esq. Tye S. Hanseen, Esq. James E. Whitmire, Esq. Robert L. Eisenberg, Esq.

Name of counsel of record

/s/ Tye S. Hanseen

Signature of counsel of record

Nevada, Clark County

State and county where signed

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that on the 11th day of August, 2016, I served a copy of this completed docketing statement upon all counsel of record:

 $\boxtimes$  By electronic service in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

Robert F. Saint-Aubin F. Edwards Robert Eisenberg James E. Whitmire

 $\boxtimes$  By mailing it by first class mail with sufficient postage prepaid to the following address(es):

Andrea Gandara, Esq. Holley Driggs Walch Fine Wray Puzey &Thompson 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorney for Respondent

Dated this 11th day of August, 2016.

/s/ Rosie Wesp

Signature

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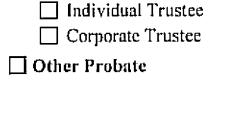
<u>Clark</u> County, Nevada Case No. (Assigned by Clerk's Office)

I. Party Information		
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):	Defendant(s) (name/address/phone):	
Far West Industries	Rio Vista Nevada, LLC,	
	World Development, Inc.,	
	Bruce Maize,	
Attorney (name/address/phone):	Michael J. Mona, Jr.	
David S. Lee, Esq.		
Lee, Hernandez, Landrum, Garofalo & Blake, APC		
7575 Vegas Drive, Suite 150	Attorney (name/address/phone):	
Las Vegas, Nevada 89128		
(702) 880-9750		

**II. Nature of Controversy** (Please check applicable bold category and applicable subcategory, if appropriate)

Arbitration Requested

Civil Cases				
Real Property	1	orts		
<ul> <li>Landlord/Tenant</li> <li>Unlawful Detainer</li> <li>Title to Property</li> <li>Foreclosure</li> <li>Liens</li> <li>Quiet Title</li> <li>Specific Performance</li> <li>Condemnation/Eminent Domain</li> <li>Other Real Property</li> <li>Partition</li> <li>Planning/Zoning</li> </ul>	Negligence Negligence – Auto Negligence – Medical/Dental Negligence – Premises Liability (Slip/Fall) Negligence – Other	<ul> <li>Product Liability</li> <li>Product Liability/Motor Vehicle</li> <li>Other Torts/Product Liability</li> <li>Intentional Misconduct</li> <li>Torts/Defamation (Libel/Slander)</li> <li>Interfere with Contract Rights</li> <li>Employment Torts (Wrongful termination)</li> <li>Other Torts</li> <li>Anti-trust</li> <li>Fraud/Misrepresentation</li> <li>Insurance</li> <li>Legal Tort</li> <li>Unfair Competition</li> </ul>		
Probate	Other Civil Filing Types			
<ul> <li>Summary Administration</li> <li>General Administration</li> <li>Special Administration</li> <li>Set Aside Estates</li> <li>Trust/Conservatorships</li> </ul>	Construction Defect  Chapter 40  General Breach of Contract Building & Construction Insurance Carrier Commercial Instrument	<ul> <li>Appeal from Lower Court (also check applicable civil case box)</li> <li>Transfer from Justice Court</li> <li>Justice Court Civil Appeal</li> <li>Civil Writ</li> <li>Other Special Proceeding</li> </ul>		
		🛛 Other Civil Filing		



Other Contracts/Acct/Judgment
 Collection of Actions
 Employment Contract
 Guarantee
 Sale Contract
 Uniform Commercial Code
 Civil Petition for Judicial Review
 Other Administrative Law
 Department of Motor Vehicles
 Worker's Compensation Appeal

Compromise of Minor's Claim
 Conversion of Property
 Damage to Property
 Employment Security
 Enforcement of Judgment
 Foreign Judgment – Civil
 Other Personal Property
 Recovery of Property
 Stockholder Suit
 Other Civil Matters

III. Business Court Requested (Please check applicable category; for Clark or Washoe Counties only.)

<ul> <li>NRS Chapters 78-88</li> <li>Commodities (NRS 90)</li> <li>Securities (NRS 90)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Investments (NRS 104 Art. 8)</li> <li>Deceptive Trade Practices (NRS 598)</li> <li>Trademarks (NRS 600A)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enhanced Case Mgmt/Business</li> <li>Other Business Court Matters</li> </ul>
October 18, 2012		
Date	Signature of	initiating party or representative

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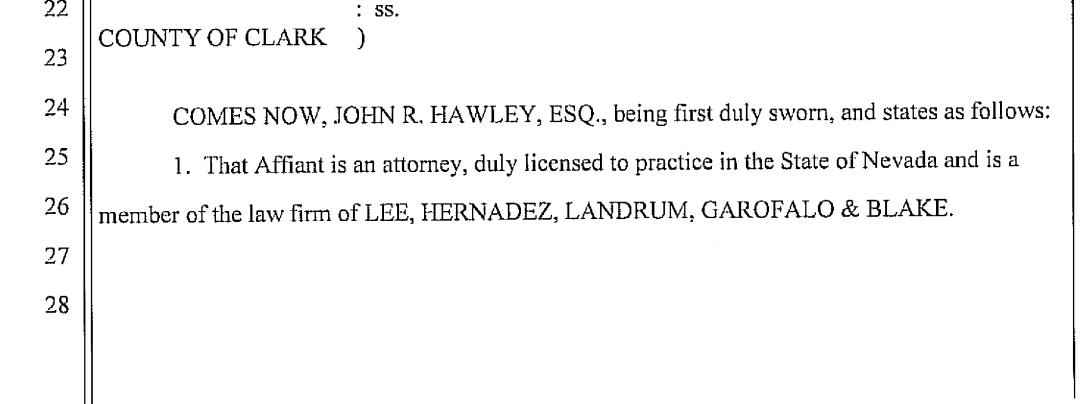
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Nevada AOC - Planning and Analysis Division

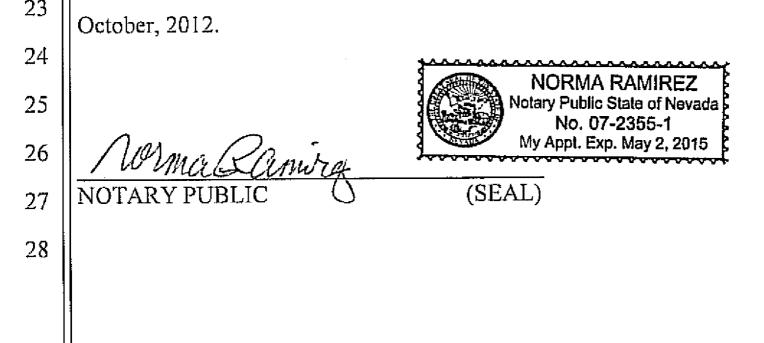
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	1	FORJ	Alm D. Comm		
	2	John R. Hawley Nevada Bar No. 001545	CLERK OF THE COURT		
	3	LEE, HERNANDEZ, LANDRUM, GAROFALO & BLAKE			
		7575 Vegas Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128			
	4	(702) 880-9750			
	5	Fax; (702) 314-1210 hawley@leelawfirm.com			
	6				
	7	Attorneys for Plaintiff			
	8	DISTRICT COURT			
	9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
	10		<b>CASE NO.:</b> A - 12 - 670352 - F		
	11	FAR WEST INDUSTRIES, a California corporation,	IV		
		Plaintiff,	APPLICAION OF FOREIGN		
ORUM, CE TE 150 28	12		JUDGMENT		
ANDI LAKE SUITI 8912 50	13	VS.			
0EZ, L 0 & B 2 NV 8, NV 80-97:	14	RIO VISTA NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; WORLD			
NANI DFAL AS DI 702) 8	15	DEVELOPMENT, INC., a California			
, HERN GARO I VEGA (7	16	corporation; BRUCE MAIZE, and individual;			
1575 7575		MICHAEL J. MONA, JR., an individual; DOES I through 100, inclusive,			
	17				
	18	Defendants.	· · · ·		
	19	AFEIDAVIT OF JOH	IN R. HAWLEY, ESQ.		
	20				
	.21				
	~~	STATE OF NEVADA )			



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# **EXEMPLIFICATION CERTIFICATE**

The documents to which this certificate is attached are full, true and correct copies of the originals on file and of record in my office. All of which we have caused by these presents to be exemplified, and the seal of our Superior Court of California, County of Riverside to be hereunto affixed.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereto set my hand

and affixed the Seal of the said Court,

day of 🧳 This Sherri R. Carter, Clerk

Superior Court of California, County of Riverside

I, <u>MAC R. FISHER</u>, Judge of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Riverside, do hereby certify that SHERRI R. CARTER whose name is subscribed to the preceding exemplification, is the Clerk of the said Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Riverside, and that full faith and credit are due to her official acts. I further certify, that the seal affixed to the exemplification is the seal of our said Superior Court and that the attestation thereof is in due form and according to the form of attestation used in this State.





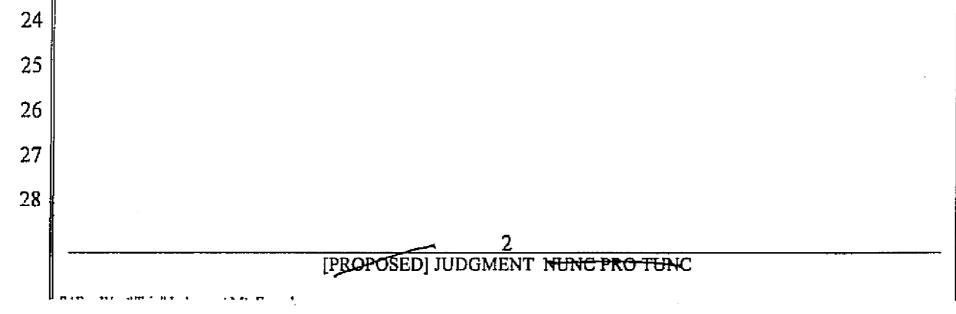
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	1 2	, 1	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE	
	3		APR 27 2012	
	4			
	5		B	
	6			
	7			
	8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
	9	COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE	, RIVERSIDE COURT	
	10			
	11	FAR WEST INDUSTRIES, a California corporation,	) Case No. RIC495966	
	12	Plaintiff,	) JUDGE: Hon. Jacqueline Jackson	
HALL	13	vs.	) <del>{PROPOSE</del> D] JUDGMENT <del>NUNC PRO</del> ) <del>JUNC</del>	
	14	RIO VISTA NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited	) Action Filed: March 24, 2008	
GREEN ATTORN		liability company; WORLD DEVELOPMENT, INC., a California corporation; BRUCE MAIZE,	) Trial Date: September 23, 2011	
6		an individual; MICHAEL J. MONA, JR., an individual; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,		
	17	Defendants.		
	18 19	On February 23, 2012, the Honorable Jacque	eline Jackson entered Finding of Fact and	
		Conclusion of Law in the above-referenced matter.		
		Judgment is hereby entered in favor of Plaintiff Far		
		against the following Defendants, jointly and severa		
		Mona, Jr., as Trustee of the Mona Family Trust date		

LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; and (4) World Development, Inc., a California
 corporation in the amount of \$17,777,562.18. Recoverable court costs of \$25,562.56 and
 attorney's fees of \$327,548.84 are also awarded to Far West Industries, jointly and severally
 against all Defendants. The Clerk is hereby directed to enter those amounts on this Judgment
 following Far West Industries' post-Judgment petition for them. Finally, the Clerk is hereby

GREEN KHALL

directed to release the \$32,846 that was interplead by Defendant Fidelity National Title Company to Far West Industries upon entry of this Judgment. Dated: 4/Ş The Honorable . Judge Presiding inc Jackson, \* henter 



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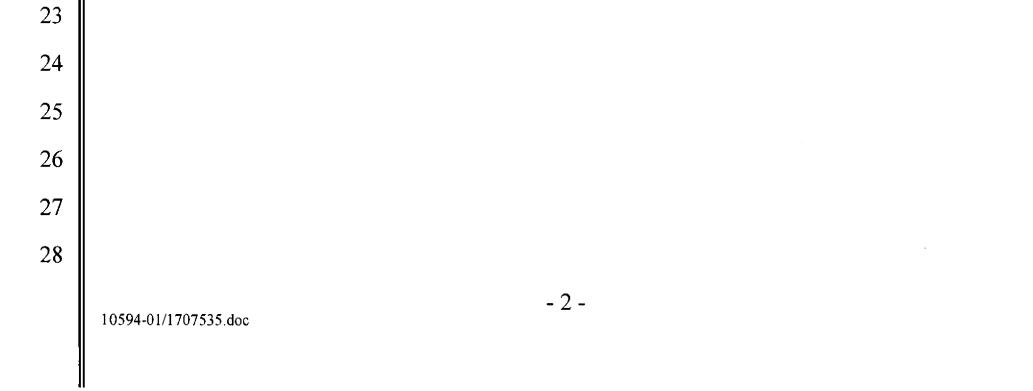
1	NEOJ E THOMAS EDWARDS ESO	Alun D. Comm
2	F. THOMAS EDWARDS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9549	CLERK OF THE COURT
	E-mail: <u>tedwards@nevadafirm.com</u>	
3	ANDREA M. GANDARA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12580	
4	E-mail: <u>agandara@nevadafirm.com</u>	
5	HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH	
5	FINE WRAY PUZEY & THOMPSON 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	
7	Telephone: 702/791-0308 Facsimile: 702/791-1912	
· · ·		
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff Far West Industries	
9	DISTRICT	COURT
10	CLARK COUN	TY, NEVADA
11	FAR WEST INDUSTRIES, a California corporation,	
12		Case No.: A-12-670352-F
13	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: XV
15	V.	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF AMENDED
14		<b>NUNC PRO TUNC ORDER REGARDING</b>
15	RIO VISTA NEVADA, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company; WORLD DEVELOPMENT, INC., a California corporation; BRUCE MAIZE,	PLAINTIFF FAR WEST INDUSTRIES' MOTION TO REDUCE SANCTIONS
16	an individual, MICHAEL J. MONA, JR., an individual; DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	ORDER TO JUDGMENT
17	marviauai, DOLO I unough 100, metasive,	
18	Defendants.	
19	YOU, and each of you, will please take :	notice that an AMENDED NUNC PRO TUNC
20	ORDER REGARDING PLAINTIFF FAR WE	EST INDUSTRIES' MOTION TO REDUCE
21	SANCTIONS ORDER TO JUDGMENT in the	above entitled matter was filed and entered by
22	///	

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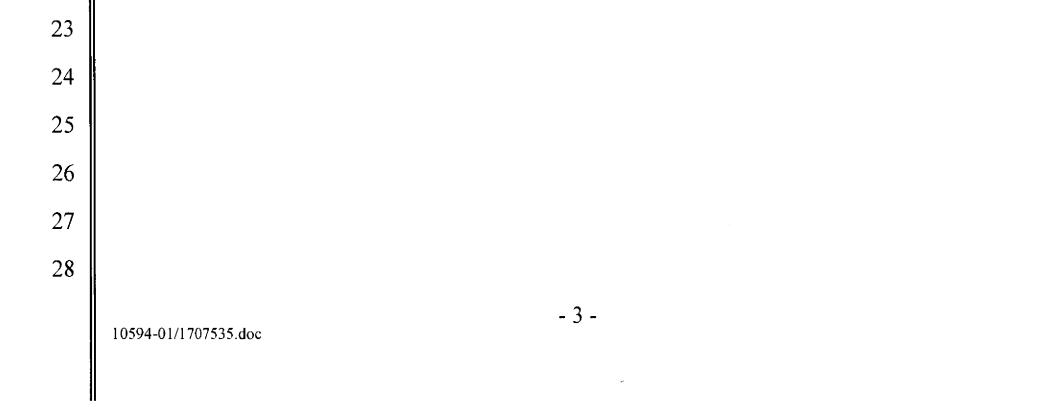
FINE-WRAY-PUZEY-THOMPSON

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the Clerk of the above-entitled Court on the 13th day of June, 2016, a copy of which is attached hereto. Dated this  $15^{x}$  day of June, 2016. **HOLLEY DRIGGS WALCH** FINE WRAY PUZEY & THOMPSON F. THOMAS EDWARDS, ESQ. (NBN 9549) ANDREA M. GANDARA, ESQ. (NBN 12580) 400 South Fourth Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Plaintiff Far West Industries HOLLEY-DRIGGS-WALCH FINE-WRAY-PUZEY-THOMPSON 



	1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
	2	I certify that I am an employee of Holley Driggs Walch Fine Wray Puzey & Thompson,
	3	and that on the 1st day of June, 2016, I served via electronic service in accordance with
	4	Administrative Order 14.2, to all interested parties, through the Court's Odyssey E-File & Serve,
	5	a true copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF AMENDED NUNC PRO TUNC
	6	ORDER REGARDING PLAINTIFF FAR WEST INDUSTRIES' MOTION TO REDUCE
	7	SANCTIONS ORDER TO JUDGMENT, in the above matter, addressed as follows:
	8	
ALCH	9 10	James E. Whitmire, Esq.Terry A. Coffing, Esq.SANTORO WHITMIRETye S. Hanseen, Esq.10100 West Charleston Boulevard, Suite 250MARQUIS AURBACH COFFING
WALCH	11	Las Vegas, Nevada 891351001 Park Run DriveAttorneys for Defendants Rhonda Helene Mona,Las Vegas, NV 89145Michael Mona, III, andAttorneys for Defendant
IGGS	12	Lundene Enterprises, LLC Michael J. Mona, Jr.
HOLLEY•DRIGGS•W/ FINE•WRAY•PUZEY•THG	13 14	
<b>DLLE</b> WRA	15	
HC	16	An employee of Holley Driggs Walch Fine Wray Puzey & Thompson
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4		T COURT NTY, NEVADA
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7	FAR WEST INDUSTRIES,	Case No: A670352
8	Plaintiffs,	Dept No.: XV
9	vs.	
10	RIO VISTA NEVADA, LLC, et al.,	
11	Defendants.	
12		
13		
14		REGARDING PLAINTIFF FAR WEST SANCTIONS ORDER TO JUDGMENT <sup>1</sup>
15		
16		ng Plaintiff Far West Industries' Motion to Reduce
17		March 30, 2016, at 9:00 a.m. (the "Initial Hearing")
18		d hearing regarding the Motion on May 5, 2016, at
19		dwards, Esq. and Andrea M. Gandara, Esq., of the
20		y & Thompson, appeared on behalf of Plaintiff Far
21		g, Esq. and Tye S. Hanseen, Esq., of the law firm
22	Marquis Aurbach Coffing, appeared on behalf	of Defendant Michael J. Mona, Jr. (" <u>Mr. Mona</u> ").
23	James E. Whitmire, Esq. appeared on behalf of	Rhonda Helene Mona (" <u>Ms. Mona</u> "). Collectively,

## Mr. Mona and Ms. Mona are referred to as the "Monas."

The Court reviewed all relevant pleadings and papers before it, including, but not limited to:

(1) the Motion filed by Far West and Exhibits 1-9; (2) the Opposition to Motion filed by Mr. Mona

<sup>1</sup> This Amended Nunc Pro Tunc Order shall replace and supersede the Order filed herein on May 23, 2016, and shall be treated as if this order had been filed then.

Hon. Joe Hardy District Court Department XV

1	("Mr. Mona's Opposition"); (3) the Opposition to Motion filed by Ms. Mona ("Ms. Mona's	
2	Opposition") and Exhibits A-C; (4) the Reply in Support of the Motion filed by Far West and	
3	Exhibits 10 and 11; (5) the Errata to Ms. Mona's Opposition to the Motion; (6) the Supplemental	
4	Brief filed by Ms. Mona ("Ms. Mona's Supplement") and Exhibits A-C; (7) the Supplemental Brief	
5	filed by Far West (the "Far West Supplement") and Exhibits 12-14; and (8) the Supplemental Brief	
6	filed by Mr. Mona (" <u>Mr. Mona's Supplement</u> ").	
7	With no other appearances having been made, the Court having reviewed and examined the	
8	papers, pleadings and records on file in the above-entitled matter and heard the argument of counsel,	
9	and good cause appearing therefore, the Court enters the following findings of fact and conclusions	
10	of law. To the extent any finding of fact should properly be designated a conclusion of law, it shall	
11	be deemed a conclusion of law. To the extent any conclusion of law should properly be designated a	
12	finding of fact, it shall be deemed a finding of fact.	
13	FINDINGS OF FACT	
14	A. Judgment Collection Action and Sanctions of the Monas	
15	Far West has a domesticated California Judgment against Mr. Mona and the Mona Family	ļ
16	Trust dated February 21, 2002 (the "Mona Family Trust") that is now nearly \$25 million, including	
17	interest accruing at a rate of \$4,967.30 per day. <sup>2</sup> See Application for Foreign Judgment, filed on	
18	October 18, 2012, attaching Judgment.	ļ
19	On September 13, 2013, after Far West domesticated its Judgment, the Monas executed a	
20	Post-Marital Settlement Agreement through which Mr. Mona and Ms. Mona were each transferred	
21	\$3,406,601.10 from the sale of the Monas' community property shares of Medical Marijuana, Inc.,	
22	for \$6,813,202.20. See Order Regarding Order to Show Cause Why Accounts of Rhonda Mona	
23 24	Should Not Be Subject to Execution and Why the Court Should Not Find Monas in Contempt (the	
24 25	"Sanctions Order"), entered July 15, 2015, at 3:24-28.	
25 26		
20		
28	<sup>2</sup> Pursuant to CAL. CIV. PRO. CODE § 685.010(a), "Interest accrues at the rate of 10 percent per annum on the principal	Į
	amount of a money judgment remaining unsatisfied."	
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During a judgment debtor examination on June 26, 2015, Ms. Mona testified regarding the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement and testified that she had three different bank accounts in her name that contained approximately \$490,000.00 in community property funds. Id. at 6:20-7:12.

On June 29, 2015, Far West filed an Ex Parte Application for Order To Show Cause Why Accounts Of Rhonda Mona Should Not Be Subject To Execution And Why The Court Should Not Find Monas In Contempt (the "OSC Application") seeking sanctions against the Monas for violating Court orders and lying under oath to conceal their fraudulent transfer through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement and seeking to execute against the three accounts Ms. Mona testified contained community property funds. See OSC Application, filed June 29, 2015. On June 30, 2015, the Court issued the Order to Show Cause Why Accounts of Rhonda Mona Should Not Be Subject to Execution and Why the Court Should Not Find Monas in Contempt (the "Order to Show Cause") scheduling a hearing on July 9, 2015. See Order to Show Cause, entered on June 30, 2015.

During the July 9, 2015 hearing on the Order to Show Cause, the Court sanctioned the 14 Monas and stated that "the evidence overwhelmingly support[ed] a finding of fraudulent transfer in 15 regard to the Post-Marital Property Settlement Agreement, and the Court so find[s] that . . . was a 16 fraudulent transfer and that those assets therefore remain community property subject to execution." 17 See Transcript of Show Cause Hearing: Why Accounts Of Rhonda Mona Should Not Be Subject To 18 Execution And Why The Court Should Not Find Monas In Contempt (the "OSC Hearing 19 Transcript"), dated July 9, 2015, attached to the Motion as Exhibit 3, at 38:16-18. 20

On July 15, 2015, the Court entered the Sanctions Order, outlining in detail several badges of fraud associated with the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement:

greement was to an , a judgment debtor, ona Family Trust, a
session and control portedly transferred
producing the Post-
producing the Post- January 2013 Order

1	and October 2013 Order and by not disclosing the transfer during his judgment debtor examination on November 25, 2013. Mr. Mona was
2	not truthful when he was asked during the November 25, 2013 examination about what he did with the approximately \$6.8 million dollars.
3 4	Fourth, prior to effectuating the transfer through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement, Far West sued and obtained the Judgment
5	against Mr. Mona and the Mona Family Trust.
6	Fifth, the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement, and the related transfers of the proceeds from the sale of the stock, transferred substantially all of Mr. Mona's assets as he was insolvent at the time of the transfers,
7 8	or rendered Mr. Mona insolvent shortly after they were made.
9	Sixth, Mr. Mona concealed assets by failing to disclose the Post- Marital Settlement Agreement in 2013, by not disclosing the transfer during his judgment debtor examination on November 25, 2013, and
10	by not producing the bank account records for the accounts in Ms. Mona's name.
11 12	Seventh, at the time of the transfer through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement, Mr. Mona was insolvent, or the transfer rendered Mr. Mona insolvent shortly after it was made.
13 14	See Sanctions Order, entered July 15, 2015, at 8:16-9:9; see also OSC Hearing Transcript, dated July
15	9, 2015, Ex. 3, at 37:14-38:20 (describing facts demonstrating badges of fraud).
16	The Sanctions Order further stated:
17	IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that the Monas' purported
18	transfer pursuant to the Post-Marital Property Settlement Agreement is a fraudulent transfer, and the facts proving the fraudulent transfer, including the badges of fraud outlined above, are deemed established;
19 20	IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that the facts entitling
21	Plaintiff to execute upon the bank accounts in the name of Mrs. Mona are deemed established;
22	IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that the Monas are prohibited from claiming that any money purportedly transferred
23	pursuant to the Post-Marital Property Settlement Agreement and any

pursuant to the Post-Marital Property Settlement Agreement and any money in the bank accounts in the name of Mrs. Mona are exempt from execution;

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that Mr. Mona, Mrs. Mona, and the Monas collectively are prohibited from effectuating any transfers or otherwise disposing of or encumbering any property not exempt from execution and until the money in the bank accounts in the name of Mrs. Mona are applied to Plaintiff's Judgment.

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See Sanctions Order, entered July 15, 2015, at 10:7-28.

B. Writ Petition Regarding Sanctions and Stay Pending Writ

The Monas filed a Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition as to the Sanctions Order on July 17, 2015. Among other arguments, the Monas contended that "a separate action was required before imposing liability against Rhonda Mona." See Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition, filed July 17, 2015, attached to the Motion as Exhibit 4, at 16 of 30.

On July 20, 2015, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its Order Granting Temporary Stay that stayed the Sanctions Order and proceedings in the above-captioned action. See Order Granting Temporary Stay, entered July 20, 2015, attached to the Motion as Exhibit 5.

10 On October 16, 2015, this Court issued its Order Regarding Motion on an Order Shortening Time for Bond Pending Appeal (the "Bond Order"), which ordered Mr. Mona and the Mona Family 12 Trust to post a bond of \$24,172,076.16 within seven business days of September 17, 2015 and Ms. 13 Mona to post a bond of \$490,000.00 within 30 calendar days of September 17, 2015. See Bond 14 Order, dated October 16, 2015, at 7:6-11.

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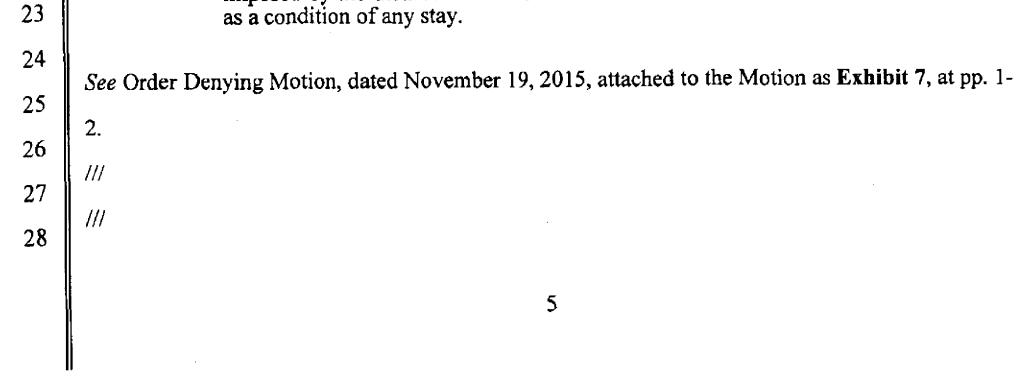
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The same date, October 16, 2015, the Nevada Supreme Court issued an Order that stayed the supersedeas bond requirement and maintained the prior stay pending further briefing from the parties. See Order, dated October 16, 2015, attached to the Motion as Exhibit 6, pp. 1-2.

On November 19, 2015, the Nevada Supreme Court issued an Order Denying Motion, which stated:

This court's stay entered August 31, 2015, and temporary stay entered October 16, 2015, shall expire within 5 business days from the date of this order unless the parties comply with the bond requirements imposed by the district court in its written order of October 16, 2015, as a condition of any stay.



Pursuant to the Bond Order and Order Denying Motion, the stay of this action and the Sanctions Order pending the writ proceeding terminated on November 30, 2015 when Mr. Mona and Ms. Mona failed to post the required bonds.

### C. Execution of Sanctions Order

When Far West was finally able to execute against Ms. Mona's accounts after the stay pending appeal expired, only \$18,739.59 remained, which is less than 1% of the \$3.4 million originally fraudulently transferred to Ms. Mona and less than 4% of the \$490,000.00 that existed when the Sanctions Order was issued. *See* Answers to Writ of Garnishment from Bank of George, attached to Far West Supplement as **Exhibit 12**, and Answers to Writ of Garnishment from Bank of Nevada, attached to Far West Supplement as **Exhibit 13**.

Based on bank records recently produced by Ms. Mona, she transferred more than \$430,000.00 after Far West moved to execute against the bank accounts in her name, including the following transfers:

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06/26/20	015 Ms. Mo Settlemer	na testifies regarding fraudulent transfer through Post-Marital t Agreement and separate bank accounts	
06/29/20	Accounts	files its Ex Parte Application For Order To Show Cause Why Of Rhonda Mona Should Not Be Subject To Execution And Why The ould Not Find The Monas In Contempt	
07/02/20	)15 \$10,000.0	0 Check to Lemons, Grundy & Eisenberg FWSUPBRF-0001	
07/02/20	)15 \$30,000.0	0 Check to Kainen Law Group FWSUPBRF-0001	
07/02/2	015 <b>\$75,000</b> .0	0 Wire Transfer Out to Marquis Aurbach FWSUPBRF-0002 Coffing Trust	
07/02/2	)15 \$20,000.0	0 Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona FWSUPBRF-0002	
07/02/2	015 \$9,500.00	Check to Rhonda Mona FWSUPBRF-0001	
07/06/2	015 \$7,708.00	Check 2582 to Ramon Sarti FWSUPBRF-0003	
07/08/2	015 \$25,000.0	00 Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona FWSUPBRF-0002	
07/15/2	015 The Cou	t enters the Sanctions Order	
07/20/2	015 The Neva	The Nevada Supreme Court enters a temporary stay of the Sanctions Order	
07/22/2	015 \$5,080.9	Check 2600 to Clark County Treasurer FWSUPBRF-0004	
08/24/2	015 \$1,523.7	) Payment to Parkloft Condominium FWSUPBRF-0005 Association	
08/24/2	015 \$2,570.7	Check 2622 to A-1 Self Storage FWSUPBRF-0006	
08/24/2	015 \$22,000.	0 Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona FWSUPBRF-0007	

09/15/2015 *incorrectly dated as 2014	\$9,500.00	Check to Rhonda Mona	FWSUPBRF-0008
09/22/2015	\$25,000.00	Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona	FWSUPBRF-0009
09/24/2015	\$75,000.00	Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona	FWSUPBRF-0009
10/23/2015	\$8,938.61	Check 2667 to SDCTTC	FWSUPBRF-0010
11/02/2015	\$25,000.00	Wire Transfer Out to Rhonda Mona	FWSUPBRF-0011
11/30/2015	The temporal	y stay of the Sanctions Order expires	
12/04/2015	\$45,000.00	Check 1272 to MAC	FWSUPBRF-0012
12/11/2015	\$35,000.00	Wire Transfer Out to Santoro Whitmire Ltd.	FWSUPBRF-0013

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See Ms. Mona's Redacted Bank Records, attached to Far West Supplement as Exhibit 14.

As reflected in the table above, Ms. Mona violated the Court's explicit prohibition against her effectuating any transfers of non-exempt property until the funds in her bank accounts were applied to Far West's Judgment by paying the law firm of Marquis Aurbach Coffing \$45,000 on December 4, 2015 and the law firm of Santoro Whitmire Ltd. \$35,000 on December 11, 2015, after the stay pending appeal of the Sanctions Order expired. *Id.*; *see* Sanctions Order, Ex. 1 to the Motion, at 10:25-28.

In sum, the Monas turned \$3.4 million dollars into just \$18,739.59 so they could avoid paying the money towards satisfaction of Far West's Judgment. Ms. Mona in particular continues to show contempt for this Court and its orders by directly violating the Sanctions Order. She is not taking this proceeding seriously. The Court is dumbfounded that Ms. Mona transferred \$80,000 to the law firms of Marquis Aurbach Coffing and Santoro Whitmire Ltd. after the stay pending appeal expired in December 2015 in direct violation of the Sanctions Order, which reflects that she is not an innocent party in this proceeding. The pending writ proceeding does not excuse Ms. Mona's

violation of the Sanctions Order, especially in light of the fact that the Ms. Mona posted no bond and
any stay of the Sanctions Order terminated on November 30, 2015.
D. Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action
On September 14, 2015, Far West filed a lawsuit, *Far West Industries v. Mona, et al.*, Case
No. A-15-724490-C, against the Monas, their son, Michael Mona III ("Michael III"), and Michael
III's entity, Lundene Enterprises, LLC, for various fraudulent transfers, including the Post-Marital

1 Settlement Agreement (the "Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action"). The Mona Fraudulent Transfer 2 Action is pending before the Honorable Judge Rob Bare. On December 4, 2015, the Monas filed a 3 Motion to Dismiss the Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action. See Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (the 4 "Motion to Dismiss"), attached to the Motion as Exhibit 8. Despite arguing before the Nevada 5 Supreme Court that a separate action was required before imposing liability against Rhonda Mona in 6 post-judgment proceedings, the Monas argued to Judge Bare that Far West's claim should be 7 dismissed because Far West has already successfully obtained a "final order/judgment" that the \$3.4 8 million transfer between the Monas was a fraudulent transfer from this Court. See Motion to 9 Dismiss, filed December 4, 2015, Ex. 8, at 3:6-13 and Defendant Michael J. Mona, Jr.'s Reply in 10 Support of Motion to Dismiss, attached to the Motion as Exhibit 9, at 7:13-15. The Monas further 11 argued that "Claim and Issue Preclusion Further Bar the Second Cause of Action for Fraudulent 12 Transfer Because the Court Has Already Ruled on the Issue[,]" referring to the Sanctions Order. See 13 Motion to Dismiss, filed December 4, 2015, Ex. 8, at 9:6-14.

On December 18, 2015, Far West opposed the Monas' Motion to Dismiss and filed a countermotion seeking judgment against Ms. Mona for \$3,406,601.10 based on the Sanctions Order and fraudulent transfer effectuated through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement.

On February 2, 2016, Judge Bare heard the Monas' Motion to Dismiss and Plaintiff Far West Industries' Countermotion for Summary Judgment and on March 16, 2016, entered an order denying Far West's countermotion without prejudice and stating, "[T]his Order in no way prevents Far West from seeking the judgment requested in the Countermotion from the Honorable Joe Hardy" in this case.

E. The Monas' Inconsistent Positions During Litigation

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23	Now that Far West is seeking to execute upon the Sanctions Order by obtaining an order
24 25	from this Court, the Monas are taking a contrary position before this Court regarding the finality of
26	the Sanctions Order. In the Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action, the Monas asserted that the first element for claim preclusion was satisfied because there is currently a final judgment on Far West's
27 28	fraudulent transfer claim against Ms. Mona in the instant case. See Motion to Dismiss, Ex. 8 to the
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1	Motion, at 9:19-20. In identifying the final judgment in this case, the Monas readily indicated that
2	the Sanctions Order is an "Order/Judgment" against them. Id. at 8:4-5, 8:9-11. The Monas further
3	argued before Judge Bare that "claim preclusion applies to [Far West's] Complaint because there are
4	two valid and final judgments [,]" clearly referring to the Sanctions Order as one of the valid and
5	final judgments. Id. at 9:1-2. They again advocated that "Claim and Issue Preclusion Further Bar
6	the Second Cause of Action for Fraudulent Transfer Because the Court Has Already Ruled on the
7	Issue" and conceded that Far West "has already asserted and obtained an Order/Judgment regarding
8	this same exact claim [for the fraudulent transfer of \$3.4 million by Mr. Mona to Ms. Mona] in Case
9	No. A-12-670352." Id. at 9:6-12.

Now the Monas are claiming before this Court that the Sanctions Order is not final and accordingly the Motion should be denied. In her Opposition to the Motion, Ms. Mona takes the position that the Sanctions Order is "interlocutory" and suggests that the Sanctions Order is somehow not final because it is on appeal.<sup>3</sup> See Ms. Mona's Opposition to the Motion, filed March 7, 2016, at 3:10-11, 4:9-10 and 23-25, 6:25-7:2. Mr. Mona takes a similar tone in his Opposition to the Motion when he argues the appeal of Sanctions Order somehow means this Court should not enter judgment in favor of Far West. See Mr. Mona's Opposition to the Motion, filed March 7, 2016, at 4:15-24.

The Monas also have taken inconsistent positions as to how Far West can seek redress for the Monas' fraudulent transfer through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement. Before the Nevada Supreme Court, the Monas argued that "[a] separate action was required before imposing liability against Rhonda." *See* Petition for Writ of Mandamus or Prohibition, Ex. 4 to the Mot., at 16 of 30. However, when Far West instituted the separate action before Judge Bare by bringing the Mona

Fraudulent Transfer Action for the Monas' fraudulent transfer through the Post-Marital Settlement

Agreement, the Monas then argued "Plaintiff is barred from bringing the exact same claim, which

has been decided and is the subject of an appeal." See Motion to Dismiss, Ex. 8 to the Motion, at

<sup>3</sup> Despite arguing in one instance that the Sanctions Order is only interlocutory in her Opposition to the Motion, Ms. Mona goes on to state in the same paper that the Sanctions Order entered "case terminating sanctions[.]" See Ms. Mona's Opposition to the Motion, at 4:14. It strains logic that an order entering case terminating sanctions is not final.

9:15-16. The Monas' arguments would leave Far West with no basis or forum to obtain relief from their fraudulent transfer.

## Conclusions of Law

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Pursuant to NRS 112.210(2) and the Court's powers in equity which are recognized in NRS 112.240, the Court orders that Far West may immediately levy execution against Ms. Mona in the amount of \$490,000.00 plus interest at the statutory rate to be calculated from July 15, 2015 (the date of entry of the Sanctions Order). The \$490,000.00 amount reflects the amount that Ms. Mona testified was in her three bank accounts during her judgment debtor examination on June 26, 2015. Far West is precluded from seeking to recover amounts in excess of \$490,000.00 against Ms. Mona, subject to future motion practice.

The Court makes its order pursuant to NRS 112.210(2) because Far West is a creditor that has obtained a judgment on a fraud claim against judgment debtor Mr. Mona. Nevada is a community property state, which subjects the entire marital estate to that judgment obtained against Mr. Mona. Therefore, the Court has authority to allow Far West to levy execution on the funds, up to \$490,000, that the Court previously found were fraudulently transferred to Ms. Mona.

It is also fair and equitable to allow Far West to execute against Ms. Mona in the amount of \$490,000 for several reasons:

First, the Court previously determined that the Monas fraudulently transferred \$3.4 million to Ms. Mona through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement. The original July 15, 2015 Sanctions Order arose with the issue with the bank accounts and testimony that at that time there was approximately \$490,000 in the bank accounts. By the time collection was able to be made there was approximately \$18,000 in the bank accounts.

2.5	Second, the Court is dumbfounded that Ms. Mona transferred funds after the stay pending
24	appeal expired in violation of the Sanctions Order. Her conduct demonstrates that even if she was at
25	one time an innocent party to this proceeding, she is no longer an innocent party and that she is not
26	taking this action seriously.
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Third, regardless of whether Ms. Mona was a party to the judgment collection action, she received \$3.4 million to the detriment of Far West. Accordingly, it is fair and equitable to allow Far West to track the \$3.4 million transferred to Ms. Mona through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement.

Fourth, to the extent it is necessary and in the alternative or in addition to the Court's statutory authority pursuant to NRS 112.210(2) and the Court's powers in equity which are recognized in NRS 112.240, the Court considers the judicial estoppel doctrine, as set forth in Mainor v. Nault, 120 Nev. 750, 765, 101 P.3d 308, 318 (2004) and Delgado v. Am. Family Ins. Grp., 125 Nev. 564, 570, 217 P.3d 563, 567 (2009). Judge Bare has not yet ruled on the Monas' Motion to 10 Dismiss, such that the element of successful assertion of the initial position has not technically been met at this time. However, all of the other elements of judicial estoppel have been met. The Court finds that the Monas took two totally inconsistent positions as to the finality of the Sanctions Order in two judicial proceedings - this judgment collection action and the Mona Fraudulent Transfer 14 Action in an attempt to obtain an unfair advantage in litigation including, at a minimum, delay. 15 These positions were not taken as a result of ignorance, fraud, or mistake. In fact, at the Second 16 Hearing, when Ms. Mona's counsel was asked whether she would withdraw her Motion to Dismiss 17 as to the Second Cause of Action in the Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action, which relates to the \$3.4 18 million transfer to her through the Post-Marital Settlement Agreement, counsel could not do that, 19 which leaves a cloud over the Mona Fraudulent Transfer Action.

The Court acknowledges that the law is not perfectly clear on the doctrine of judicial estoppel. In Mainor v. Nault, the Nevada Supreme Court indicates that judicial estoppel is an extraordinary remedy that should be cautiously applied and that, although not all of the required

23 elements are always necessary, the doctrine generally applies when they are present. Contrastingly, 24 in Delgado v. Am. Family Ins. Grp., 125 Nev. 564, 570, 217 P.3d 563, 567 (2009), the Nevada 25 Supreme Court holds that "judicial estoppel will bar a party from raising an argument only when the 26 following conjunctive test is satisfied," i.e., all the elements are met. Not all of the elements for 27 judicial estoppel have been met here, in particular the element requiring that the party be successful 28 11

in asserting the first position (i.e., the tribunal adopted the position or accepted it as true). 1 2 Nevertheless, the Court finds that through the back and forth, inconsistent positions, and 3 contradictory arguments between this Court, Judge Bare, and the Nevada Supreme Court, the Monas 4 have attempted to obtain an unfair advantage. And, the primary purpose of judicial estoppel "to 5 protect the judiciary's integrity" is met if the Court orders that execution and collection efforts may 6 proceed against Ms. Mona on the \$490,000.00, plus interest. The Court, therefore, invokes the 7 doctrine at its discretion. 8 Fifth, there is no stay in place and no bond has been posted, which gives additional reason 9 for the Court to allow execution up to \$490,000 plus interest. 10 Based on the foregoing, and good cause appearing: 11 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the relief requested in the Motion is GRANTED IN 12 PART AND DENIED IN PART as set forth herein; 13 IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to NRS 112.210(2), the Court's 14 powers in equity which are recognized in NRS 112.240, and the judicial estoppel doctrine, Far West 15 may immediately execute against Ms. Mona up to \$490,000.00, plus statutory interest calculated 16 from July 15, 2015; 17 IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED that this Court may consider allowing Far West to 18 execute against Ms. Mona in excess of \$490,000.00, subject to future motion practice. 19 IT IS SO ORDERED. 20 Dated this / Dated 21 22 23 DISTRICT COORT JODGE **DEPARTMENT 15** 24 25 26 27 28 12

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2	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
3	I hereby certify that on or about the date e-filed, I e-served, emailed, faxed, mailed or placed
4	a copy of the AMENDED NUNC PRO TUNC ORDER REGARDING PLAINTIFF FAR WEST INDUSTRIES' MOTION TO REDUCE SANCTIONS ORDER TO JUDGMENT in the attorney
5	folder in the Clerk's Office addressed to:
6	Thomas Edwards, Esq.tedwards@nevadafirm.comTerry Coffing, Esq.tcoffing@maclaw.com
7	James Whitmire, III, Esq. jwhitmire@santoronevada.com
8	Erika Pike Turner, Esq.eturner@gtg.legalWilliam Urga, Esq.wru@juww.com
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