<u>INDEX TO APPENDIX</u>					
<u>DOCUMENT</u> <u>PAGE</u>					
Minute Order dated 3/29/16					
Notice of Appeal, filed 8/18/16, 8/25/16 VOL 2160 - 161					
Notice of Entry of Order (final), filed 8/3/16VOL 2145 - 155					
Notice of Entry of Order, filed 8/25/16VOL 2156 - 159					
Order Denying Defendant's Motion to Dismiss, filed 2/13/15VOL 133 - 34					
Order, filed 3/10/16VOL 135 - 37					
Order (final), filed 7/27/16VOL 2137 - 144					
Petition for Judicial Review filed 12/8/14VOL 11 - 32					
Petition for Judicial Review Memorandum of Points and Authorities, filed 5/6/16					
Petitioner's Reply to Respondent's Response Memorandum, filed 7/7/16VOL 2120 - 136					
Respondent's Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities filed 6/2/16VOL 167 - 119					

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am an employee of the State of Nevada, Office of the Attorney General, and that on the 3rd day of October, 2016, I electronically filed and served by electronic mail a true and correct copy of the *AMENDED APPELLANT'S APPENDIX*, *VOLUME 2 OF 2*, addressed as follows:

Kimberly Maxson-Rushton, Esq. COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. 1835 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, NV 89134 Attorneys for Respondent

/s/ Linda Aouste

Linda Aouste Employee of the Attorney General's Office

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RPLY 1 KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Nevada Bar No. 005065 COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. 1835 Village Center Circle 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 366-1125 FAX: (702) 366-1857 krushton@cooperlevenson.com Attorneys for Petitioner Sumantha Inc. d/b/a 6 Samantha's Remedies 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 Samantha Inc., d/h/a Samantha's Remedies, CASE NO. A-14-710874-J DEPT. NO. VIII 10 a Domestic Corporation, Petitioner. 11 PETITIONER'S REPLY TO VS. RESPONDENT'S RESPONSE 12 Department of Health and Human Services MEMORANDUM Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health 13 Medical Marijuana Establishment Program, 14 Respondent(s). 15 COMES NOW, Petitioner, SAMANTHA, INC. d/b/a SAMANTHA'S REMEDIES 16 ("Samantha's") by and through its attorney, KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON, ESQ., of the law firm COOPER LEVENSON P.A., and hereby submits the following Reply to Respondent Nevada 18 Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public and Behavioral Health. Medical Marijuana Establishment Program's ("Division") Response Memorandum of Points and Authorities. 21 Dated this 7th day of July, 2016. 22 23 KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHT Bar No. 005065 24 6060 Elton Avenue, Suite A 25 Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Petitioner 26 111 27 111 28 111

TABLE OF CONTENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS......i TABLE OF AUTHORITIES......ii ARGUMENT 1 A. INTRODUCTION C. SAMANTHA'S SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED ADDITIONAL POINTS D. THIS COURT HAS BROAD AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE THE RELIEF <u>CONCLUSION</u>......11

i

1	TABLE OF AUTHORITIES
2	Cases
3	Bodinson Mfg. Co. v. California E. Com, 17 Cal. 2d 321, 325-326, 109 P.2d 935 (1941)9
4	Clark County Liquor & Gaming Licensing Board v. Clark, 102 Nev. 654, 658, 730 P. 2d 443 (1986)
5	GB Sciences Nevada, LLC v. State of Nevada, et. al., A-15-728448-C11
6	Flenderson Organic Remedies, LLC v. State of Nevada et. al, A-14-71019311
7	Nevada Industrial Comm'n v. Reese, 93 Nev. 115, 126, 560 P.2d 1352, 1358 (1977)
9	Yamaha Corp. v. State Bd. of Equalization, 19 Cal. 4th 1, 7, 960 P. 2d 1031 (Cal. 1998) 9
ιo	<u>Statutes</u>
1.1	Nevada Revised Statute 233B
12	Nevada Revised Statute 233B.135(3)
13	Nevada Revised Statute 233B.135(3)(e)
14	Nevnda Revised Statute 233B.135(4)9
15	Nevada Revised Statute 453A
16	Nevada Revised Statute 453A.32010
17	Nevada Revised Statute 453A.322
18	Nevada Revised Statute 453A.32610
19	Nevada Revised Statute 453A.328
20	Regulations
21	
22	
23	Other Authorities
24	Judicial Review of Agency Action 27 Cal. Law Revision Com. Rep. 81 (Feb. 1997)9
25	
26	
27 28	
70	II.

ARGUMENT

A. INTRODUCTION

As this Court is aware, when Samantha's filed its Petition for Judicial Review Memorandum of Points and Authorities on May 6, 2016, it was operating without a complete record. At first blush the error could easily be construed as a procedural oversight; however, when the Court considers what this Petition is about – the glaring errors in the Division's interpretation and application of the law - the issues with the record appears to be endemic.

On May 26, 2016, the Division supplemented the Record on Review by filing over 250 additional pages. Upon reviewing the newly filed documents – which purported to be the complete Application – Petitioner discovered that the Record was still incomplete. Specifically, the Record on Review lacked certain drawings and blueprints which were included in the subject Application filed by Samantha's in August 2014. Subsequently, Samantha's hand delivered this Court a copy of the complete Application on June 15, 2016.

At present the parties – and most importantly this Court – have received copies of the following documents:

- The Division's Medical Marijuana Establishment ("MME") Registration Certificate Request for Applications ("Request for Applications"). This is a 45-page document provided to the Court by the Division and also available online at:
 - http://dpbh.uv.gov/uploadedFiles/dpbhuvgov/content/Reg/MedMarijuana/NV_MMP_Application.pdf
 - This document provides the specific format and guidelines for prospective MMEs to apply for a license to operate in Nevada.
- The Division's "Request for Evaluators." This is a single-page email where the Division requested applicants for temporary positions in the Division to review and evaluate MME applications.
- Samantha's MME State of Nevada Application ("Samantha's Application" or more generally "the Application"). The Application is over 800 pages and was partially provided in both installments of the Record on Review. It was then provided in its complete form via hand delivery to the Court by Samantha's attorneys in two large 3-ring binders along with a

 manila folder containing large blueprints, diagrams, and drawings.

- The Division's Scoring/Evaluation Tool ("TOOL"). The TOOL is over 125 pages and contains scores and comments by the Division's evaluators who reviewed Samantha's Application. The TOOL evidences the methodology used by the Division to review, evaluate, score and rank MME applicants and specifically Samantha's Application. The TOOL is roughly broken out into seven (7) categories which loosely match the statutory criteria for licensure as set forth in NRS 453A.322 and 453A.328, as follows:
 - e FINANCIAL PLAN
 - ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE
 - **c** CONVENIENT TO SERVE THE NEEDS
 - c LIKELY IMPACT ON THE COMMUNITY
 - TAXES PAID AND BENEFICIAL CONTRIBUTIONS
 - ADEQUACY OF BUILDING SIZE AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS
 - c CARÉ, QUALITY. SAFEKEEPING
- Scoring Details for Samantha's Application ("Scoring Details"). This single page was
 included in the Record on Review and provides a concise summary of the points assigned to
 Samantha's Application for each of the categories, above, and also for the Application as a
 whole. (ROR 573)

Petitioner submits that with these documents in hand the Court is able to better understand each party's position in this action. In addition, based on the copious amounts of pages contained within the Record on Review an overview of the MME application process (and specifically the evaluation of Samantha's Application) has been provided below.

By way of background, the Division's Request for Applications required MME applicants to submit their applications in two distinct and divided portions: the Identified Criteria Response ("ICR") and the Non-Identified Criteria Response ("NICR"). The ICR required an applicant to include all "identifying" information in the response, including names of people and places, dates of birth, addresses, etc.; whereas, the NICR required that the information submitted in an application be more generic and anonymous. Whereas the ICR might include specific information about "John Smith" and his proposed MME on "Maryland Parkway and Sahara," the NICR would contain information about "Applicant 1" and the proposed MME on "Street-1 and Street-2." Anonymity is preserved in the NICR by the MME applicant omitting all "identifying" information from its application. The Division

has acknowledged in its Response that the evaluators did not have access to the entire application when evaluating and scoring using the TOOL. Instead, if the evaluator was scoring a category which corresponded to topics covered in the ICR, he/she would not have access to the NICR, and vice versa.

Finally, in addition to the Request for Applications requiring that MME applications be broken out into the ICR and NICR sections, it further required that each section be broken into separate tabs. The ICR was fragmented into tabs 1 – XIII and the NICR into tabs I – VII. This classification of ICR/NICR and tabs will be useful to understand the <u>specific</u> explanations for Samantha's low scores and provide clear guidance for this Court to award additional points, or remand the Application with instructions to award additional points.

Accordingly, based on the documents listed above, the further explanation of the ICR and NICR portions of the application, and taking into consideration the representations of the Division in its Response brief, as well as in the several hearings on this matter, Petitioner submits that the Division's process for evaluating Samantha's MME-Dispensary Application was arbitrary and capricious, infirm, and contrary to the laws governing this new frontier of medical marijuana. The resulting effect has been the prejudice suffered by both Samantha's, as an applicant expecting a fair process, as well as the thousands of medical patients unable to receive medicine from a safe, reliable dispensary owned and operated by individuals who have lived and worked in this community for over three decades. Even more disconcerting is the substantiated fact that a state agency made a final decision without substantial evidence upon which to base its decision. See, NRS 233B.135(3).

B. SAMANTHA'S SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED ADDITIONAL POINTS FOR THE "ADEQUACY OF SIZE - BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS" CATEGORY

The Division has stated that Samantha's Application scored above average in many of the categories, but the Scoring Details (ROR 573) show that there were three categories where the Application fell below the average marks. In the Adequacy of Size—Building and Construction Plans ("Adequacy of Size") category, Samantha's received only 7.3 out of 20 points, where the average score was 10.32 points. After reviewing all of the documents discussed above, it is clear that the Division's evaluators did not have access to Samantha's entire Application, and that additional points are merited.

The Request for Applications had only one requirement, that "Non-identified Building and Construction plans with supporting details must be included in this tab." Samantha's Application covered this category starting on page 7 of the NICR portion of its Application. (ROR 585) This page clearly states "Original plans attached" and the Court has been provided these large plans and drawings by Samantha's counsel. In addition to the large drawings, Samantha's included 1.5 pages of text explaining and describing the building and several changes which would be made to the already-constructed building which was originally used as a bank. These pages of written explanation are included as pages 9-10 in Samantha's Application and ROR 587-588.

The Adequacy of Size portion of the TOOL asked evaluators to review tab III of the NICR.

However, the NICR portion of the Record on Review provided by the Division only has one page (ROR 589) of a scaled-down and poor quality image of the large drawings and plans provided by Samantha's. There is no evidence in the Record on Review that the Division's evaluators had access to the original plans and drawings included in Samantha's Application. Additionally, the TOOL is completely devoid of any comments by the evaluators which suggest that they had access to the large drawings and plans.

With the evaluators only having the 1.5 pages of written explanation and one small, poor quality image of the building layout, the evaluators' comments from the TOOL in the Adequacy of Size section are more comprehensible:

- "Very little in the way of plans to make the plans happen." (TOOL0007)
- "If the building already exists...." (TOOL0007)
- "No mention of interior or exterior appearance." (TOOL0008)
- "No mention of signage." (TOOL0008, TOOL0013)

These are only some of the comments which show that the evaluators only had access to a small portion of Samantha's Application. If the evaluators had access to the large drawings and plans included in Samantha's Application, one can reasonably assume that these comments would not have been made and that additional points would have been assigned to the Application. The plans and drawings provided to the Court clearly show that Samantha's already owned and had plans to make slight modifications to a large building suitable for an MME-Dispensary, and that Samantha's fully

 complied with the Request for Applications with its thorough plans, photographs of the building exterior, and proposed signage for the MME-Dispensary.

Samantha's would have received a substantial increase in points in this 20-point section if evaluators were given access to the drawings Samantha's provided in its Application. Samantha's clearly followed the guidelines of the Request for Applications but was penalized by the Division's failure to provide the evaluators with all of Samantha's Application materials – namely, the large drawings and blueprints which clearly showed that Samantha's building was fit to serve as an MME-Dispensary with several modifications.

Since evaluators did not receive critical materials provided by Samantha's, Petitioner hereby respectfully requests that this Court assign additional points to Samantha's based on the plans submitted as part of the Application, or, that Samantha's Application be remanded to the Division with specific instructions to provide additional points in this category.

C. SAMANTHA'S SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED ADDITIONAL POINTS FOR THE "ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE" CATEGORY

The Scoring Details page (ROR 573) shows that Samantha's also received a below average score in the Organizational Structure category of the Application, receiving 30.4 points out of 50, when 34.30 was the average score. Whereas, the Request for Applications had very few requirements for the Adequacy of Size category, the Organizational Structure section of the application—part of the ICR—required much more detail, as follows:

- 5.2.11 <u>Tab XI</u> The description of the proposed organizational structure of the proposed medical marijuana establishment and information concerning each Owner, Officer and Board Member of the proposed medical marijuana establishment.
- 5.2.11.1. An organizational chart showing all owners, officers, and board members of the medical marijuana establishment, including percentage of ownership for each individual.
- 5.2.11.2. The owner, officer and board member information form must be completed for each individual named in this application.
- 5.2.11.3. An owner, officer and board member Attestation Form must be completed for each individual named in this application.
- 5.2.11.4. A Child Support Verification Form for each owner, officer and board member must be completed for each individual named in this application.

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Organizational structure shows efficiency between roles.

An excellent response would include all the following elements: the organizational chart and position descriptions demonstrate all or most of the above expectations, are reasonable, and the rationale for the structure appears reasonable and logical. (TOOL0047)

This subcategory of the TOOL allowed for up to 10 points to be given to each applicant. Samantha's received only 2.3 points in this area. (TOOL 0046) It is no wonder that such a low score was given since Samantha's organizational chart was a simple two-pronged flowchart with each of its owners, Bill and Eminia Drobkin as equal 50-50 partners and sharing responsibilities of ownership. (ROR page 401) Samantha's did not discuss "job descriptions" or any of the deeper organizational workings of its proposed MME-Dispensary since the Request for Applications did not request this information to be presented in this portion of the application. There was no reason Samantha's Application should have included such information in this section of the application as it was not requested in the Request for Applications.

Critically, Samantha's did provide such information. In fact, Petitioner submitted a detailed description of each respective job, it's functions, and roles within the corporate structure. See, Application - Request for Applications tab VI - NICR, pages 110-115. (ROR 688-693) However, since this information was submitted as part of the NICR, and the Organizational Structure section was part of the ICR, the evaluators did not have access to this material even though it was properly presented by the Applicant. Accordingly, Petitioner asks this Court to exercise its "broad supervisory powers to insure that all relevant evidence" - the entirety of Samantha's Application - "is examined and considered," and that Samantha's be awarded a score which accurately reflects the contents and quality of the Application. Clark County Liquor & Gambling Licensing Bd. v. Clark, 102 Nev. 654, 658 (1986).

One of two things should have occurred during the application review process - to ensure that Samantha's Application was properly evaluated and scored by the Division: either (i) evaluators of the Organizational Structure section should have been provided the relevant sections of the NICR where Samantha's justifiably included information regarding the day-to-day operations and organization of the MME-Dispensary, or (ii) the TOOL, should only have allotted points for

information relating to owners, officers, or board members, so as to directly correspond with the Request for Applications.

Because of the discrepancy between the TOOL and the Request for Applications, coupled with the poor handling of the application materials, Samantha's has been prejudiced by receiving only 2.3 out of 10 points. Without question, Samantha's should be awarded the accurate number of points based on the relevant portions of the NICR, either by this Court or, pursuant to a remand to the Division with specific instructions to award additional points based on Samantha's entire Application.

D. THIS COURT HAS BROAD AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE THE RELIEF SOUGHT IN THIS PETITION

With the Court finally having a complete picture of the MME application process, the question becomes what legal effect must be given to the Division's actions in scoring Samantha's Application? In Nevada it has been a long standing, generally accepted rule, for reviewing courts to give great deference to an administrative agency's interpretation and application of the statutes it's charged with enforcing. However, when an administrative agency's actions are deemed to be either arbitrary, capricious, clearly erroneous or otherwise unauthorized by law the courts have broad latitude in deciding whether to set aside the matter, in whole or in part, or remand it back to the agency. NRS 233B.135(3).

Should this Court find that the Division's actions were arbitrary, capricious, clearly erroneous or otherwise unauthorized by law there remains the issue of finality – specifically, whether the Division can issue Samantha's a Certificate of Registration. "The ultimate interpretation of a statute is an exercise of the judicial power ... conferred upon the courts by the Constitution and, in the absence of a constitutional provision, cannot be exercised by any other body." Yamaha Corp. v. State Bd. of Equalization, 19 Cal. 4th 1, 7, 960 P. 2d 1031 (Cal. 1998), quoting, Bodinson Mfg. Co. v. California E. Com. 17 Cal. 2d 321, 325-326, 109 P.2d 935 (1941). "The standard for judicial review of agency interpretation of law is the independent judgment of the court, giving deference to the determination of the agency appropriate to the circumstances of the agency action." Judicial Review of Agency Action 27 Cal. Law Revision Com. Rep. 81 (Feb. 1997). (emphasis added)

As promulgated by the 2013 Nevada Legislature, NRS 453A.322 and NRS 453A.328 set forth

the Division's interpretation and application of these statutory provisions, as it specifically applies to the 2014 licensure process, were grossly infirm. Beginning with the obscure application developed by the Division, whereby two sections (IRC and NIRC) were created to capture information that would demonstrate the qualifications and standards contained in NRS 453A and NAC 453A. As the Court can see from the Record, both sections of the application requested similar, and in many instances, identical information from applicants. Yet oddly, the Request for Applications and the TOOL do not squarely match. Inconsistencies such as those enumerated herein resulted in a flawed, unlawful application process created, employed and overseen by the Division.

Another point of concern is the fact that glaringly absent from the Record on Review is evidence that the information submitted by Petitioner was in fact provided to or used by the temporary evaluators to score Samantha's Application. Absent said evidence this Court must find that the Division's scoring of Samantha's Application was "clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative and substance evidence on the whole record." NRS 233B.135(3)(c) and 233B.135(4). Accordingly, consistent with NRS 233B.135(3), and the resulting prejudice suffered by Petitioner, this Court must afford Samantha's the requested relief – award the points owed or set aside the Division's final action – the existing score and corresponding ranking of Samantha's Application – and remand the Application for an expedited review, scoring and ranking. "The Administrative Procedure Act expressly authorizes remand to state agencies for the taking of further evidence. NRS 233B.135(3). The district court has very broad supervisory powers to ensure that all relevant evidence is examined and considered." Clark County Liquor & Gaming Licensing Board v. Clark, 102 Nev. 654, 658, 730 P. 2d 443 (1986), citing, Nevada Industrial Comm'n v. Reese, 93 Nev. 115, 126, 560 P.2d 1352, 1358 (1977).

In determining whether to set aside the Division's score of Samantha's Application, the Court must also consider the effect of said action, balanced with any potential risk to the public. NRS 233B.140. In response, Petitioner asserts that the balance in this case weighs in favor of Petitioner and warrants setting aside the prior score; otherwise, the legislative intent to protect the public health and safety are at risk. NRS 453A.320. "The purpose for registering medical marijuana

establishments.....is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State." (emphasis added) In other words, if only the most qualified applicants are to be issued licenses to dispense medical marijuana to patients in Nevada, then the law demands that Samantha's Application be reconsidered and scored, and thereafter. Petitioner be issued a Certificate of Registration.

The Division disputes this Court's ability to afford finality in this matter. Specifically, Respondent argues that if Samantha's Application is re-scored and, as a result, qualifies as one of the top twelve (12) applications in the City of Las Vegas the Division cannot award a Certificate of Registration authorizing Petitioner to operate. In support of this assertion Respondent recites the Legislative declaration contained in NRS 453A.320 ([A] MME certificate of registration issued pursuant to NRS 453A.322 is a revocable privilege and the holder does not acquire any vested rights), and asserts that while the agency retains authority to revoke or rescind a Certificate of Registration it cannot issue one outside of the application process—despite the fact that other District Courts have ordered the Division to issue Certificates of Registration to aggrieved applicants—further details of the District Court decisions are contained below.

At the present time, there are a total of eleven (11) Provisional or Pernanent Certificates of Registration issued to MME-Dispensaries operating in the City of Las Vegas. This is primarily due to the unlawful acts of the Division (acts which occurred during the application process and they are specific to the licensure of MME-Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas) which, as noted, other courts have found to be in violation of NRS 453A.322, 453A.326 and 453A.328. Specifically, MME-Dispensary applicant, Desert Aire, was granted a provisional certificate to operate an MME-Dispensary in the City of Las Vegas (1 of the 12 licenses issued) during the initial application process. Unfortunately, Desert Aire failed to obtain the requisite special use and compliance permits from the City of Las Vegas prior to the application process, and as such, it was determined to not be eligible to receive a Certificate of Registration. On April 28, 2016, Judge Kenneth Cory signed an Order revoking Desert Aire's registration because of this shortcoming in Desert Aire's application. Sce. A-15-728448-C GB Sciences Nevada, LLC v. State of Nevada, et. al.

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Similarly, in A-14-710193, Henderson Organic Remedies, LLC v. State of Newada et. al. Judge Ronald Israel signed an Order on July 20, 2015 whereby MME-Dispensary Henderson Organic Remedies, LLC was granted the Provisional Certificate of Registration (1 of the 5 licenses issued in the City of Henderson) previously issued to Wellness Connections of Nevada, LLC for reasons similar to those of Desert Aire, above. Similarly, this Court has authority to order the Division to issue Samantha's its Provisional Certificate based on the Division's improper scoring of its Application.

Lastly, Respondent reasserts the argument that the applicable statutes and regulations were not designed to provide relief to aggrieved parties therefore, the present action, a Petition for Judicial Review, does not afford the same remedies as those granted by the District Court in the above-referenced cases. The state offers no legal support for this declaration however, as this Court is aware, in a good faith effort to prevent such disparate treatment between similarly situated aggrieved parties Samantha's has attempted to intervene in said matters – requesting consolidation of all pending cases in order to preserve judicial resources and ensure consistent treatment. Yet, the reviewing court in each instance, including the Nevada Supreme Court, denied Petitioner's request thereby, signaling this Court's authority to decide the matter before it and, if warranted, grant the necessary relief based on the egregious actions of the Division.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, Petitioner submits that the judicial review process is designed to provide expeditious finality in administrative proceedings. NRS 233B provides for short timeframes for the court to receive and review a Record of the underlying agency action, read and hear arguments from the parties, and issue a swift ruling on the legality of the agency's actions. Unfortunately, the present Petition has been on-going for twenty (20) months due to the Divisions failed attempts to quash and delay this review from the get-go, including an immediate Motion to Dismiss, a request for Mandamus from the Nevada Supreme Court, refusing to immediately provide the TOOL, and failing to provide the entire Record on Review. All of these spurious actions have caused unreasonable and undue delay in reaching a final result in this matter where there is clear evidence that the Division's actions need to be reviewed and corrected.

Unfortunately, lost in all of this procedure and the delays are Bill and Erminia Drobkin, the proposed co-owners of Samantha's Remedies. Mr. and Mrs. Drobkin entered this MME application process to honor their daughter. Samantha, who died after a long and painful battle with cancer. Samantha endured her cancer and treatment before medical marijuana was available, and the Drobkins know that her life could have been made much less painful if she had access to these medications. The Drobkins wholeheartedly want to be involved in providing this relief to the countless others who continue to struggle with cancer and other painful diseases.

The Drobkins did not rely on an emotional story to get them a license to operate their dispensary but instead, painstakingly completed their 800+ page Application, carefully complying with each requirement from the Request for Applications. While the Drobkins knew that this was a competitive process and a certificate was not a guarantee, having held multiple privileged licenses in the past, they had a reasonable expectation that the process would be fair and consistent with the law. Their requests for clarification of their low scores initiated this long process and after the dust has settled, it has become readily apparent that the errors and shortcomings were not on the part of Samantha's and its Application, but on the Division's unlawful evaluation process.

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This Court is now in the position to correct the Division's clear errors by awarding Samantha's additional points in the Adequacy of Size and Organizational Structure categories. Furthermore, this Court has authority to remand Samantha's Application to the Division with instructions to review the subject sections and award additional points – the points the Application would have been given had the Division's evaluators had access to the entirety of Samantha's Application. This Court's supervision in the process will ensure that the intent of NRS 453A is satisfied and that the best and most qualified applicants, such as Samantha's, are authorized to operate in the MME community in Clark County.

Dated this 7th day of July, 2016.

KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON, ESQ.

Bar No. 005065

6060 Elton Avenue, Suite A Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 Attorneys for Petitioner

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am employee of COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. and that on this 7th day of July, 2016, I did cause a true and correct copy of the foregoing <u>PETITIONER</u> <u>SAMANTHA</u>, INC.'S <u>REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S RESPONSE MEMORANDUM</u> to be served upon each of the parties listed below via electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's Odyssey E-File and Serve System:

Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General State of Nevada Attorney General 555 E. Washington Blvd., Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

An employee of COOPER LEVENSON, P.A

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. and that on this 7th day of July, 2016, I did cause a true copy of the foregoing <u>PETITIONER</u>

<u>SAMANTHA</u>, INC.'S <u>REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S RESPONSE MEMORANDUM</u> to be placed in the United States Mail, with first class postage prepaid thereon, and addressed as follows:

Division Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Establishment Program

4150 Technology Way Carson City, NV 89706

An Employee of COOPER LEVENSON

By

Electronically Filed 07/27/2016 11:43:42 AM

ORDR

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Samantha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies, a Domestic Corporation,

CASE NO. A-14-710874-J DEPT. NO. VIII

Petitioner.

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ORDER

Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Establishment Program,

Respondent(s).

This matter having come before the above-entitled Court for hearing on July 12, 2016, and the Court having read and considered Petitioner Samantha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies ("Samantha's") Petition for Judicial Review Memorandum of Points and Authorities, Respondent Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Program's ("Division") Reply Memorandum, Samantha's Reply Memorandum, the Record on Review, all other documents before the court including a verified copy of Samantha's Application, the Division's Request for Applications, and the Division's Scoring/Evaluation Tool – and the oral argument presented by the parties, the Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law.

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FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On May 30, 2014, the Division released the "Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate Request for Applications" (hereinafter "Request for Applications").
- 2. The Request for Applications set forth detailed guidelines and requirements for a prospective Medical Marijuana Establishment ("MME") applicant to follow in preparing an application to operate a MME.

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INSTRUCT ADDS
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- 3. Pursuant to NRS 453A there are four (4) types of MME's: independent testing laboratories, cultivation facilities, production facilities, and dispensaries.
- 4. Applicants seeking a Certificate of Registration to operate a MME were required to file an application with the Division during a ten-day filing period.
- 5. The Request for Applications required MME applicants to submit information evidencing the statutory criteria set forth in NRS 453A.322, 453A.328 and NAC 453A.300 453A.456.
- 6. The Request for Applications instructed applicants to provide specific information in one or both sections of the application referenced as Identified Criteria Response ("ICR") and Non-Identified Criteria Response ("NICR").
- 7. The ICR was to contain all identifying information regarding the MME applicant (e.g. names, addresses, dates of birth, etc.) and, in the NICR section applicants were instructed to omit such identifying information.
- 8. The Request for Applications provided instructions that the application "must be presented in a format that corresponds to and references the sections outlined within this [Request for Applications]" and "are to be prepared in such a way as to provide straightforward, concise delineation of information."
- 9. Pursuant to NRS 453A.324(4), the Division stated in its Request for Applications that MME applications would only be accepted during a "10 Day Window" beginning August 5, 2014 and closing August 18, 2014.
- 10. The Request for Applications stated that the applications would be evaluated between August 5, 2014 and November 2, 2014, with provisional Certificates of Registration to operate being issued the following day, November 3, 2014.
- 11. On March 31, 2014, the Division published a "Request for Evaluators," which invited individuals interested in filling temporary positions as evaluators of MME applications to apply. The Request for Evaluators sought evaluators with backgrounds in the following areas:

Administrative assistant background, accounting, personnel officers/human resources, husiness ownership, environmental protection, pharmacist technician experience, fire and life safety, IT professionals, supply technician background, inspection, purchasing, public works background, and building construction/inspection experience.

- 12. The Division selected evaluators to review, evaluate, and score all MME applications received during the 10-day window.
- 13. Samantha's Remedies submitted its "Medical Murijuana Establishment State of Nevada Application" (hereinaster "Samantha's Application") to the Division within the established ten-day window.
- 14. Samantha's Application sought authority to operate a MME-Dispensary in the City of Las Vegas.
 - 15. Samantha's Application included the ICR and NICR portions.
- 16. Samantha's Application also included six (6) sheets of large, blueprint-sized drawings and plans regarding the building it intended to use as an MME-Dispensary.
- 17. The Division's Scoring/Evaluation Tool ("TOOL") was created by the Division as a methodology for the evaluators to use in the review, evaluation, and scoring of the MME applications.
- 18. The TOOL contains seven (7) different scoring categories with the following points allotted for each category:

1.	Financial Plan	(40 Points) (ICR)
2-	Organizational Structure	(50 Points) (ICR)
3-	Convenient to Scrve the Needs	(20 Points) (ICR)
	Likely Impact on the Community	(20 Points) (NICR)
	Taxes Paid and Financial Contributions	(25 Points) (ICR)
6-	Adequacy of Size - Building and Construction Plans	(20 Points) (NICR)
	Care, Quality and Safekeeping	(75 Points) (NICR)

19. The seven (7) entegories of the TOOL are meant to correspond to different portions of the MME application, with four (4) of the scoring categories used to evaluate and score aspects of an applicant's ICR, and three (3) of the scoring categories evaluating aspects of an applicant's NICR.

- 20. The Division used different evaluators to evaluate the seven (7) different scoring categories with respect to each application.
- 21. Having carefully and cautiously considered the Record on Review, this Court finds that the Division's evaluators did not have access to Samantha's entire Application during the review and evaluation of the subject Application.
- 22. Samantha's Application was scored and received points as set forth in the Division's Scoring Details summary. See, Record on Review pg. 573.
- 23. Samantha's Application scored 163.26 points, thereby resulting in a ranking of fourteenth (14th) for MME-Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas. Only the top twelve (12) applications for MME-Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas were issued provisions Certificate of Registration to operate.
- 24. On November 18, 2014, the Division notified Samantha's that there would be no further consideration of the Application, thereby resulting in a final decision of the Division pursuant to NRS 233B.130(b).
 - 25. On December 8, 2014, Samantha's filed its Petition for Judicial Review.
- 26. On December 24, 2014, the Division filed a Motion to Dismiss, arguing that there was no statutory authority for judicial review of the Division's final decision relative to the MME application process. Samantha's filed an Opposition to the Division's Motion and the Division filed a Reply. The Division's Motion was denied.
- 27. The Division petitioned the Nevada Supreme Court for a Writ of Mandamus based on this Court's denial of the Motion to Dismiss. As set forth in Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 87423, the Nevada Supreme Court denied the Division's Request for a Writ of Mandamus and remanded the case back to this Court to proceed in the judicial review process.
- 28. The Division provided what it purported to be the Record on Review on March 10, 2013, and later produced the TOOL.
 - 29. Sumantha's filed its Memorandum of Points and Authorities on May 6, 2016.

- 30. On May 26, 2016, the Division filed additional documents specifically identified as the NICR section of Samantha's Application and deemed to be a supplement to the Record on Review.
- 31. The Division filed its Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities on June 2, 2016.
 - 32. Samantha's filed its Reply Memorandum on July 7, 2016.
 - 33. Oral arguments were heard on this matter on July 12, 2016.
- 34. The briefs and oral arguments presented in this Petition have established that the Division's actions in evaluating and scoring of Samantha's Application were clearly erroneous in light of the evidence in the record as a whole. Currespondingly, there is no substantial evidence to support the Application's score.
 - 35. Furthermore this Court finds that:
 - a. The Division's evaluators did not review and/or consider the blueprint-size
 drawings and plans included in Samantha's Application pertaining to the
 Adequacy of Building Size and Construction Plans category of the TOOL;
 - b. The Organizational Structure category of the TOOL did not reasonably correspond to the requirements of the Request for Applications; thereby, necessitating a review of the full application; and
 - c. The Likely Impact on the Community category of the TOOL did not reasonably correspond to the requirements of the Request for Applications, also meriting a review of the full application by the evaluators.

II.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Division's scoring and ultimate denial of a provision Certificate of Registration constitute a final decision in an administrative action. NRS 233B.130(1)(b).
- 2. In matters pertaining to judicial review "[t]he district court has very broad supervisory powers to insure that all relevant evidence is examined and considered.". Clark

County Liquor & Gaming Licensing Board v. Clark, 102 Nev. 654, 658 (1986), citing Nevada Industrial Commission v. Reese, 93 Nev. 115, 126, 560 P.2d 1352, 1358 (1977).

- 3. Furthermore, courts "review the factual determinations of administrative agencies for clear error 'in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record." NRS 233B.135(3)(e), (f).
 - 4. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3)

The court may remand ... or set [a final decision] aside ... if substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the final decision of the agency is:

- a) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
- b) In excess of the statutory authority of the agency;
- c) Made upon unlawful procedure;
- d) Affected by other error of law;
- e) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record; or
- 1) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion.
- 5. The purpose for registering medical marijuana establishments "is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State" to ensure that the most qualified and applicants operate in the field of medical marijuana. NRS 453A.320.
- 6. Considering the Division's process of reviewing Samantha's Application, the Request for Application, the TOOL, the evaluators comments on the TOOL, and the entirety of Samantha's Application, the Court finds that the Division's final decision was not based on substantial evidence and thus the Division acted arbitrarily and capriciously in evaluating and scoring Samantha's Application.

III.

<u>ORDER</u>

Based on the foregoing, and following a thorough review of the entire Record as presented above IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1. The score given to Samantha's Application for a MME-Dispensary Certificate of Registration is hereby set aside in full;
 - 2. Samantha's Application is remanded to the Division for a reevaluation with the

following specific instructions:

- a. The Application is to be reviewed in its entirety;
- Before withholding points in any section of the TOOL, the Division must review Samantha's complete Application and assign points for information contained in all sections of the complete Application;
- c. Maintaining the obligation to evaluate Samantha's Application in full, the Division is specifically instructed to reevaluate the Adequacy of Building Size and Construction Plans category and assign points considering Samantha's large drawings and plans;
- d. The Division is specifically instructed to reevaluate the Organizational Structure category and assign points for the job descriptions and operational information contained in Samantha's NICR; and
- e. The Division is specifically instructed to reevaluate the Likely Impact on the Community category and assign points for the related information contained in Samantha's Application.
- 3. The Division must complete this review within 30 days of the entry of this Order;
- Following the Division's review and scoring of Samantha's Application the
 Division shall rank Samantha's Applications among the MME-Dispensaries for
 the City of Las Vegas.
- If Samantha's Application's revised score results in Samantha's being ranked in the top 12 MME-Dispensaries in Las Vegas, Samantha's shall be awarded a provisional Certificate of Registration.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 27 day of Uvly, 2016.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this order was electronically served and/or placed in the attorney folder maintained by the Clerk of the Court and/or mailed by U.S. mail to the following:

Kimberly Maxson-Rushton, Esq., COOPER LEVENSON Linda Christine Anderson, Esq., ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

CATHERINE DAVILA, Judicial Assistant

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	NEOJ KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON Nevada Bar No. 005065 COOPER LEVENSON, P.A 1835 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 366-1125 FAX: (702) 366-1857 krushton@cooperlevenson.com Attorneys for Petitioner Samantha Inc. d/b/a Samantha's Remedies DISTRICT	Electronically Filed 08/03/2016 11:04:51 AM All All Bluin CLERK OF THE COURT	
8	CLARK COUNT	Y, NEVADA	
9 10 11 12	Samantha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies, a Domestic Corporation, Petitioner. vs.	CASE NO. A-14-710874-J DEPT. NO. VIII	
14	Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Establishment Program, Respondent(s).	NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	
16	Respondents).		
17	TO: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMA	IN SERVICES NEVADA DIVISION OF	
18	PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH MEDICAL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT		
19	PROGRAM, Respondent; and		
20	TO: LINDA C. ANDERSON, ESQ., of the STAT	E OF NEVADA ATTORNEY GENERAL,	
21	Attorneys for Plaintiff;		
22			
23	111		
25	111		
26	111		
27	<i>III</i>		
28	111		
	CLAC 3664381.1	000145	

YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on the 27th day of July, 2016, an Order was entered in the above-entitled action, a copy of which is attached hereto.

Dated this 3rd day of August, 2016.

COOPER LEVENSON, P.A.

By /s/ Kimberly Maxson-Rushton
KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 005065
1835 Village Center Circle
Las Vegas, Nevada 89134
Attorneys for Petitioner
SAMANTHA INC.
d/b/a SAMANTHA'S REMEDIES

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. and that on this 3rd day of August, 2016, I did cause a true copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER to be served upon each of the parties listed below via electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's Odyssey E-File and Serve System:

Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General State of Nevada Attorney General 555 E. Washington Blvd., Suite 3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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By

in Employee of

COOPER LEVENSON, P.A.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. and that on this 3rd day of August, 2016, I did cause a true copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER to be placed in the United States Mail, with first class postage prepaid thereon, and addressed as follows:

Division Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Establishment Program

4150 Technology Way Carson City, NV 89706

By

An Bengløyee of

COOPER LEVENSON, P.A.

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CLAC 3664381.1

ORDR

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Samantha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies, a Domestic Corporation,

Petitioner.

VA

Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Establishment Program,

Respondent(s).

CASE NO. A-14-710874-J DEPT. NO. VIII

ORDER

This matter having come before the above-entitled Court for hearing on July 12, 2016, and the Court having read and considered Petitioner Samantha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies ("Samantha's") Petition for Judicial Review Memorandum of Points and Authorities, Respondent Department of Health and Human Services Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health Medical Marijuana Program's ("Division") Reply Memorandum, Samantha's Reply Memorandum, the Record on Review, all other documents before the court—including a verified copy of Samantha's Application, the Division's Request for Applications, and the Division's Scoring/Evaluation Tool—and the oral argument presented by the parties, the Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law.

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FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. On May 30, 2014, the Division released the "Medical Marijuana Establishment Registration Certificate Request for Applications" (hereinafter "Request for Applications").
- 2. The Request for Applications set forth detailed guidelines and requirements for a prospective Medical Marijuana Establishment ("MMB") applicant to follow in preparing an application to operate a MME.

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- 3. Pursuant to NRS 453A there are four (4) types of MME's: independent testing laboratories, cultivation facilities, production facilities, and dispensaries.
- 4. Applicants seeking a Certificate of Registration to operate a MME were required to file an application with the Division during a ten-day filing period.
- 5. The Request for Applications required MME applicants to submit information evidencing the statutory criteria set forth in NRS 453A.322, 453A.328 and NAC 453A.300 453A.456.
- 6. The Request for Applications instructed applicants to provide specific information in one or both sections of the application referenced as Identified Criteria Response ("ICR") and Non-Identified Criteria Response ("NICR").
- 7. The ICR was to contain all identifying information regarding the MMB applicant (e.g. names, addresses, dates of birth, etc.) and, in the NICR section applicants were instructed to omit such identifying information.
- 8. The Request for Applications provided instructions that the application "must be presented in a format that corresponds to and references the sections outlined within this [Request for Applications]" and "are to be prepared in such a way as to provide straightforward, concise delineation of information."
- 9. Pursuant to NRS 453A.324(4), the Division stated in its Request for Applications that MME applications would only be accepted during a "10 Day Window" beginning August 5, 2014 and closing August 18, 2014.
- 10. The Request for Applications stated that the applications would be evaluated between August 5, 2014 and November 2, 2014, with provisional Certificates of Registration to operate being issued the following day, November 3, 2014.
- 11. On March 31, 2014, the Division published a "Request for Evaluators," which invited individuals interested in filling-temporary positions as evaluators of MME applications to apply. The Request for Evaluators sought evaluators with backgrounds in the following areas:

Administrative assistant background, accounting, personnel officers/human resources, business ownership, environmental protection, pharmacist technician experience, fire and life safety, IT professionals, supply technician background, inspection, purchasing, public works background, and building construction/inspection experience.

- 12. The Division selected evaluators to review, evaluate, and score all MME applications received during the 10-day window.
- 13. Samantha's Remedies submitted its "Medical Marijuana Establishment State of Nevada Application" (hereinafter "Samantha's Application") to the Division within the established ten-day window.
- 14. Samantha's Application sought authority to operate a MME-Dispensary in the City of Las Vegas.
 - 15. Samantha's Application included the ICR and NICR portions.
- 16. Samantha's Application also included six (6) sheets of large, blueprint-sized drawings and plans regarding the building it intended to use as an MME-Dispensary.
- 17. The Division's Scoring/Evaluation Tool ("TOOL") was created by the Division as a methodology for the evaluators to use in the review, evaluation, and scoring of the MME applications.
- 18. The TOOL contains seven (7) different scoring categories with the following points allotted for each category:

1- Financial Plan	(40 Points) (ICR)
2- Organizational Structure	(50 Points) (ICR)
3- Convenient to Serve the Needs	(20 Points) (ICR)
4. Likely Impact on the Community	(20 Points) (NICR)
5- Taxes Paid and Financial Contributions	(25 Points) (ICR)
6- Adequacy of Size - Building and Construction Plans	(20 Points) (NICR)
7- Care, Quality and Safekeeping	(75 Points) (NICR)

19. The seven (7) categories of the TOOL are meant to correspond to different portions of the MME application, with four (4) of the scoring categories used to evaluate and score aspects of an applicant's ICR, and three (3) of the scoring categories evaluating aspects of an applicant's NICR.

- 20. The Division used different evaluators to evaluate the seven (7) different scoring categories with respect to each application.
- 21. Having carefully and cautiously considered the Record on Review, this Court finds that the Division's evaluators did not have access to Samantha's entire Application during the review and evaluation of the subject Application.
- 22. Samantha's Application was scored and received points as set forth in the Division's Scoring Details summary. See, Record on Review pg. 573.
- 23. Samantha's Application scored 163.26 points, thereby resulting in a ranking of fourteenth (14th) for MME-Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas. Only the top twelve (12) applications for MME-Dispensaries in the City of Las Vegas were issued provisions Certificate of Registration to operate.
- 24. On November 18, 2014, the Division notified Samantha's that there would be no further consideration of the Application, thereby resulting in a final decision of the Division pursuant to NRS 233B.130(b).
 - 25. On December 8, 2014, Samantha's filed its Petition for Judicial Review.
- 26. On December 24, 2014, the Division filed a Motion to Dismiss, arguing that there was no statutory authority for judicial review of the Division's final decision relative to the MME application process. Samantha's filed an Opposition to the Division's Motion and the Division filed a Reply. The Division's Motion was denied.
- 27. The Division petitioned the Nevada Supreme Court for a Writ of Mandamus based on this Court's denial of the Motion to Dismiss. As set forth in Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 87423, the Nevada Supreme Court denied the Division's Request for a Writ of Mandamus and remanded the case back to this Court to proceed in the judicial review process.
- 28. The Division provided what it purported to be the Record on Review on March 10; 2013, and later produced the TOOL.
 - 29. Samantha's filed its Memorandum of Points and Authorities on May 6, 2016.

- 30. On May 26, 2016, the Division filed additional documents specifically identified as the NICR section of Samantha's Application and deemed to be a supplement to the Record on Review.
- The Division filed its Reply Memorandum of Points and Authorities on June 2,
 2016.
 - 32. Samantha's filed its Reply Memorandum on July 7, 2016.
 - 33. Oral arguments were heard on this matter on July 12, 2016.
- 34. The briefs and oral arguments presented in this Petition have established that the Division's actions in evaluating and scoring of Samantha's Application were clearly erroneous in light of the evidence in the record as a whole. Correspondingly, there is no substantial evidence to support the Application's score.
 - 35. Furthermore this Court finds that:
 - a. The Division's evaluators did not review and/or consider the blueprint-size drawings and plans included in Samantha's Application pertaining to the Adequacy of Building Size and Construction Plans category of the TOOL;
 - b. The Organizational Structure category of the TOOL did not reasonably correspond to the requirements of the Request for Applications; thereby, necessitating a review of the full application; and
 - c. The Likely Impact on the Community category of the TOOL did not reasonably correspond to the requirements of the Request for Applications, also meriting a review of the full application by the evaluators.

II.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Division's scoring and ultimate denial of a provision Certificate of Registration constitute a final decision in an administrative action. NRS 233B.130(1)(b).
- 2. In matters pertaining to judicial review "[t]he district court has very broad supervisory powers to insure that all relevant evidence is examined and considered.". Clark

County Liquor & Gaming Licensing Board v. Clark, 102 Nev. 654, 658 (1986), oiting Nevada Industrial Commission v. Reese, 93 Nev. 115, 126, 560 P.2d 1352, 1358 (1977).

- 3. Furthermore, courts "review the factual determinations of administrative agencies for clear error 'in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record.' NRS 233B.135(3)(e), (f).
 - 4. Pursuant to NRS 233B.135(3)

The court may remand ... or set [a final decision] aside ... if substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the final decision of the agency is:

- a) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
- b) In excess of the statutory authority of the agency;
- c) Made upon unlawful procedure;
- d) Affected by other error of law;
- e) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record; or
- f) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion.
- 5. The purpose for registering medical marijuana establishments "is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State" to ensure that the most qualified and applicants operate in the field of medical marijuana. NRS 453A.320.
- 6. Considering the Division's process of reviewing Samantha's Application, the Request for Application, the TOOL, the evaluators comments on the TOOL, and the entirety of Samantha's Application, the Court finds that the Division's final decision was not based on substantial evidence and thus the Division acted arbitrarily and capriciously in evaluating and scoring Samantha's Application.

П.

ORDER

Based on the foregoing, and following a thorough review of the entire Record as presented above IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

- 1. The score given to Samantha's Application for a MME-Dispensary Certificate of Registration is hereby set aside in full;
 - 2. Samantha's Application is remanded to the Division for a reevaluation with the

following specific instructions:

- a. The Application is to be reviewed in its entirety;
- Before withholding points in any section of the TOOL, the Division must review Samantha's complete Application and assign points for information contained in all sections of the complete Application;
- c. Maintaining the obligation to evaluate Samantha's Application in full, the Division is specifically instructed to reevaluate the Adequacy of Building Size and Construction Plans category and assign points considering Samantha's large drawings and plans;
- d. The Division is specifically instructed to recvaluate the Organizational Structure category and assign points for the job descriptions and operational information contained in Samantha's NICR; and
- e. The Division is specifically instructed to recvaluate the Likely Impact on the Community category and assign points for the related information contained in Samantha's Application.
- The Division must complete this review within 30 days of the entry of this Order;
- Following the Division's review and scoring of Sumantha's Application the
 Division shall rank Samantha's Applications among the MME-Dispensaries for
 the City of Las Vegns.
- If Samantha's Application's revised score results in Samantha's being ranked in the top 12 MME-Dispensaries in Las Vegas, Samantha's shall be awarded a provisional Certificate of Registration.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 27 day of July, 2016.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

I hereby certify that on or about the date signed, a copy of this order was electronically served and/or placed in the attorney folder maintained by the Clerk of the Court and/or mailed by U.S. mail to the following:

Kimberly Maxson-Rushton, Esq., COOPER LEVENSON Linda Christine Anderson, Esq., ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

CATHERIN'S DAVILA, Judicial Assistant

Electronically Filed 08/25/2016 03:31:24 PM 1 ADAM PAUL LAXALT **CLERK OF THE COURT** Attorney General 2 Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General 3 Nevada Bar No. 4090 555 E. Washington Avc., #3900 4 Las Vegas, NV 89101 P: (702) 486-3420 F: (702) 486-3871 5 E-mail: landerson@ag.nv.gov 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 SAMANTHA INC. d/b/a SAMANTHA'S REMEDIES, a domestic corporation 10 Case No.: A-14-710874-J Petitioner. 11 Dept. No. VIII VS. Atterney General's Office 5.55 I; Washington, Suite 1900 Las Vepas, Nevada 8910) 12 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN 13 SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH; et. al, 14 Respondent. 15 16 **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER:** 17 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on the 13th day of February, 2015, an ORDER was entered and 18 attached is a true and correct copy thereof. **AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030** 19 20 The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding document does not contain the social 21 security number of any person. 22 Dated: August 25, 2016. 23 **ADAM PAUL LAXALT** Attorney General 24 By: /s/ Linda C. Anderson 25 Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General 26 27 28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I electronically filed the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER by using the electronic filing system on the 25th day of August, 2016. The Following participants in this case are registered electronic filing system users and will be served electronically:

Kimberly Maxson-Rushton COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. 1835 Village Center Circle Las Vegas, NV 89134

> <u>Isl Linda Aouste</u> An Employee of the Office of the Attorney General

Atterney General's Office 555 E. Washington, Suite 1900 Las Wegar, Nevada 89101

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CLERK OF THE COURT

ODM KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON Nevada Bar No. 005065 COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. 6060 Elton Avenue, Suite ∧ Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 (702) 366-1125 FAX: (702) 366-1857 Attorney for Petitioner krushton@cooperlevenson.com

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Samentha Inc., d/b/a Samantha's Remedies, a Domestic Corporation.

CASE NO. A-14-710874-J DEPT NO. VIII

Petitioner.

VS.

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Department of Health and Human Services, Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Heulth. Medical Marijuana Establishment Program,

ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Respondentis).

Respondent, STATE OF NEVADA and the DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH'S (hereinafter "Division") having filed a Motion To Dismiss Petitioner's Petition for Judicial Review pursuant to Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure ("NRCP") 12(B), and the matter having come before the Court for oral argument on January 27, 2015, Kimberly Maxson-Rushton of the law firm Cooper Levenson P.A. appearing on behalf of Petitioner SAMANTHA INC., d/b/a SAMANTHA'S REMEDIES, ("Sumantha Remedies") and Chief Deputy Attorney General, Linda Anderson appearing on behalf of Respondent, the Court finds as follows:

THAT Petitioner filed a Petition for Judicial Review of an administrative decision denying its application for a medical marijuana establishment registration certificate.

THAT Petitioner seeks review of the application review and ranking process, claiming the

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administrative denial, which allows no opportunity for a hearing, was arbitrary and capricious rather than fair and impartial.

THAT Respondent's motion seeking dismissal of the petition is based on the claim that administrative decisions like this one are not subject to judicial review because judicial review is reserved for contested cases, cases in which legal rights, duties, or privileges are determined after an opportunity for a hearing. Furthermore, Respondent asserts that registration certificates for medical marijuana establishments involve revocable privileges, not legal rights, for which no opportunity for hearing has been established, and therefore judicial review is not available.

THEREFORE having heard arguments from both parties, and after reviewing the record, the Court finds that judicial review must be available for this administrative decision.

THEREFORE, the COURT ORDERS, Respondent's Motion to Dismiss is hereby DENIED.

The parties may proceed with the Petition for Judicial Review.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant's Motion to Dismiss is DENIED.

DATED this _____ day of February 2015.

Submitted By:

COOPER LEVENSON, P.A.

The hill is the second

Nevada Bar No. 005065

COOPER LEVENSON, P.A. 6060 Elton Avenue, Suite A Las Vogas, Nevada 89107 (702) 366-1125

FAX: (702) 366-1857 Attorney for Petitioner

krushton@cooperlevenson.com

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ADAM PAUL LAXALT 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** Attorney General Linda C. Anderson 2 Chief Deputy Attorney General Nevada Bar No. 4090 Electronically Filed 3 555 E. Washington Avc., #3900 Aug 25 2016 03:17 p.m. Las Vegas, NV 89101 Tracie K. Lindeman P: (702) 486-3077 Clerk of Supreme Court F: (702) 486-3871 5 E-mail: landerson@ag.nv.gov 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 SAMANTHA INC., d/b/a SAMANTHA'S 9 REMEDIES, a domestic corporation, 10 Case No.: A-14-710874-J Petitioner. 11 Dept. No.: VIII VS. 12 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND 13 BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, et. al. 14 Respondent. 15 **NOTICE OF APPRAL** 16 SAMATHA, INC. d/b/a SAMANTHA'S REMEDIES, Petitioner, 17

TO: KIMBERLY MAXSON-RUSHTON. ESQ. Attorney for Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Respondent DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH. by and through ADAM PAUL LAXALT, Attorney General by Chief Deputy Attorney General, LINDA C. ANDERSON, hereby appeals to the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada from the Order Denying the Motion to Dismiss filed February 13, 2015 and the Order filed on July 27, 2016. A copy of both orders along with Notice of Entry filed August 3, 2016 attached as Exhibit "A". Dated: August 18, 2016

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Attorney General

/s/ Linda C. Anderson By: Linda C. Anderson Chief Deputy Attorney General

-1- Docket 71123 Document 2016-26563

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Attorney General's Office

555 II. Washington, Sunte 1900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I electronically filed the foregoing NOTICE OF APPEAL by using the electronic filing system on the 18th day of August, 2016.

The Following participants in this case are registered electronic filing system users and will be served electronically:

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