#### No. 71348

## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF

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EMILIA GARCIA, Appellant,

v.

# ANDREA AWERBACH, Respondent.

#### APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME VIII, BATES NUMBERS 1751 TO 2000

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1 could award money? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: No. 3 MR. ROBERTS: You would have trouble with 4 that? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: Yeah. I mean, 6 you either prove your case or you don't. It's not, you 7 did it a little better; right? I mean, I don't see a scale in here, someone just trying to be the first guy 9 to hit 51 percent. So in my opinion, you would either 10 prove to me or disprove to me what your client 11 deserved. Not maybe, sort of, kind of. 12 MR. ROBERTS: But assuming the Judge 13 instructed you that under the law, I have proven my 14 case --15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: This is my --16 MR. ROBERTS: -- I did tip the scale. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: Sorry for 18 interrupting. 19 MR. ROBERTS: No, no. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: This is my first 21 time, and I'm having a hard time understanding you; 22 right? My mind does not function that way. I don't 23 know if this process is going to be like, Hey, let's 24 flip a coin, see who wins. But I do not follow you. 25 You can explain it a third time, but I still will not

understand.

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2 MR. ROBERTS: I think everyone here would 3 agree, and there's actually a case where a judge -- a 4 verdict was reversed because the jury flipped a coin. 5 That's illegal and -- but in all seriousness, we do have to prove our case more likely than not true than 7 not true on the things that we need to do to establish 8 our burden. So I don't want to give you that 9 impression that I'm trying to say it's a coin flip or 10 it's random. It has to be based on the facts and the 11 evidence.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: So that's why I'm having a difficult time with your question because that's how I'm walking in the door with that impression, you're either going to prove it or not.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.

Ms. Abeles.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Hi.

MR. ROBERTS: Hi.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Number 043.

Again, there's nothing here now. Evidence, people, facts, people's opinion, whatever is presented, the Judge will tell us in what way, shape, or form we should be concluding and forming an opinion. And with that, basing everything on that, giving you in good

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   faith, you know, what I think.
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             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. And you're
 3
   comfortable doing that?
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Absolutely.
 5
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much. I
 6
   appreciate it.
 7
             Ms. Perreida.
 8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes.
 9
             MR. ROBERTS: How comfortable are you going
10
   to be -- you know, if -- if you're told to apply a
11
   more-likely-than-not standard, are you going to be okay
12
   with that? Are you going to be able to make that
13
   decision?
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes, to follow by
15
  evidence and information, whatever is -- I think is
16
   true.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: And I'm sorry. I missed that.
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Whatever I think
19
   is true.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Oh, yes. Thank you.
21
             Mr. Evans?
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: My badge number
23
   is 53. And I guess I listen to the Judge on his
   instructions and -- and I would be comfortable with
24
25
   making a decision, like, on 51, 52, 53, whatever.
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1
             MR. ROBERTS: More likely true than not true.
2
   You're comfortable with that if that's what the Judge
   instructs you?
3
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yes.
 5
             MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Roberts.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yes, sir. 058.
 6
 7
             MR. ROBERTS: What about you?
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: No problem at
   all.
10
             MR. ROBERTS: No problem at all. In fact, I
11
   think you said that's how you made some of your
12
   decisions at work; right?
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Actually.
14
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you.
15
             Mr. Berkery.
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: No problem.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: No problem.
18
             Ms. Bias.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: No problem at
20
   all.
21
             MR. ROBERTS: Ms. -- let see. Jose -- I
22
   don't know why I keep missing that. Avilaroa?
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Yes. 078. Yes,
   I feel comfortable.
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             MR. ROBERTS: Now, you're not just saying
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that because it's easy now; right? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: No. 3 MR. ROBERTS: Leave you alone if you're 4 comfortable? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Not at all. MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. 6 7 Retzlaff. Mr. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Badge 088. And I 9 would be comfortable, you know, provided the 10 information proves whichever side I'm deciding on. 11 Because a lot of times, like everyone was saying, you won't have 100 percent. You're not always allotted a 12 13 lot of time to make decisions as well. So you have to 14 rule in favor of whatever the evidence shows. 15 MR. ROBERTS: What about you -- we talked to 16 a couple of people after I spoke to you about do you 17 make decisions sometimes in groups? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Well, it depends. 18 19 My decisions, I -- I typically work alone. 20 MR. ROBERTS: When you're in the field --21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: So I have to be 22 decisive according to the books, according to what's 23 safe, what's -- you know. But when I've been in group 24 environments, you know, it's still -- this same thing 25 still kind of applies, you know. Whatever the

1 information, you know, is showing, you know, my way of 2 doing things might have been wrong, but, you know, the 3 information says, Okay, well, if we do it this, it's more efficient, it's better, then, you know, it would 4 5 be a no-brainer for me to say, Okay, we'll do it that way. Because it's got, you know, evidence, everything 7 backing it up. So whatever, I guess, the information 8 shows you have to go with. 9 MR. ROBERTS: In the other parts of your 10 life, do you sometimes make decisions in groups? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Yeah, I have. 12 Like, you know, getting -- getting a condo with my -my girlfriend and myself, that was a group decision, 13 14 you know. But, you know, we both had our, you know,

MR. ROBERTS: When you're making those decisions as a group, do you find yourself being a leader usually or -- or listening to others and -- and relying on others?

facts and everything. We put them together and just

went, you know, what the best outcome would be, so ...

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: I — it's kind of hard to say because, like I said, I make my decisions based on, you know, the facts. So in some situations, I might have to step up and say, Okay, this is what we're going to do because, you know, like you were

saying, you know, it could be 51-49, you know. So I'll 1 step in and say, Hey, we have to take the 51, better --2 3 better information, better odds, whatever. 4 But if it's a group, you know, I like to 5 listen to everything too. I don't like to just get my facts and just go with what I was thinking. I have to, 6 7 you know, get everybody's facts, what they have got and 8 then process it accordingly. 9 MR. ROBERTS: Thanks. I appreciate that. 10 Mr. Cyganek. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Very good. agree. The key word is "reasonable doubt," you know, 12 and that's what you're looking at when you present your 13 14 case, the evidence. If this is a little higher than 15 this, obviously you've proven your case, so ... 16 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. I appreciate 17 that. 18 Ms. Gold. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes. 20 Badge No. 036. I understand preponderance of the 21 evidence due to my last career. And I -- I get the 22 51-49, and I don't have any problem with it. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Do you think it's fair? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes. 25 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much.

1 Mr. Joyce, Badge 29. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: 029. I have a 3 real hard time awarding somebody lots of sums of money if it's not proven really well. I have -- even if the 5 judge said, hey, whatever you think. You know, I got -- I have to hear it -- I have to hear a very good 7 case before I would award somebody a very large sum of 8 money. 9 MR. ROBERTS: So when you say you would have 10 to hear a really good case, are you saying you would 11 have trouble if the weight of the evidence --12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Was very low. 13 MR. ROBERTS: -- was very low. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yeah. Because I 15 don't like large jury awards, period. 16 MR. ROBERTS: And I believe that you did put 17 that on your questionnaire. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes, I did. 19 Yeah. 20 MR. ROBERTS: Yes. 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I hope somebody 22 read it. 23 MR. ROBERTS: I did read it. So let's see. 24 We'll probably talk more about that tomorrow because 25 we've got about five minutes, and I'd like to get

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through the end of the row on this question. But
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  hopefully someone will remind me, and we'll talk more
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   about that tomorrow because I'd like to hear your
 4
   thoughts more on that.
5
             Mr. Foerstel.
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: 023.
7
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: And I'm a Libra,
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   so the scales, I like the scales. So I wouldn't have a
10
   problem with it which way the scales go.
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             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
12
             Mr. Jensen, Badge 15.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 015. And I'm
14
   comfortable with it.
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             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you very much.
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             Ms. Flores.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: 010. I'm
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   comfortable with the higher percentage. I'm
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   comfortable with the 51.
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             MR. ROBERTS: You're comfortable making
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   decisions on that basis.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Uh-huh.
23
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
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             Mr. Brandon, Badge 3?
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah.
                                                 I'm
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- 1 comfortable, but I do prefer more, you know. 49 to 51,
- 2 that's close. If you can get it to go one way or the
- 3 other way a little bit more, then I would go with the
- 4 | higher.
- 5 MR. ROBERTS: Hopefully, I will put it here,
- 6 but I appreciate that. We all prefer the higher weight
- 7 of evidence. We prefer it, you prefer it. No matter
- 8 which way it goes, I'm sure you prefer it.
- 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. Obviously,
- 10 if you're up here in the 51, you got your facts, you've
- 11 done your research, you've done what it takes to get
- 12 that point. But then, again, maybe the other -- the
- 13 lower side might be able to come back with something if
- 14 we -- you know, may come back, give me something else.
- 15 They might flip-flop. Don't know. But higher
- 16 percentage, I'm comfortable.
- MR. ROBERTS: Very good. Thank you, sir. I
- 18 appreciate that.
- 19 Last, Mr. Solomon.
- 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: 001. I'm still
- 21 more on the higher end just from the -- my trade. You
- 22 can't be 51 percent sure something's dead before you
- 23 touch it. And --
- MR. ROBERTS: And you think that would carry
- 25 over into the courtroom?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: It's the way I've
2	been raised. Both my parents are electricians; if
3	they're not, you know, 100 percent sure, they don't
4	come home.
5	MR. ROBERTS: And I and I certainly am not
6	going to argue with you when it comes to electricians
7	and being sure that it's dead.
8	But what about in the courtroom? Because
9	we're not dealing with electricity. We're dealing with
10	money and and proof in a courtroom. And in this
11	setting, can you set aside the way that you deal with
12	things personally and at work and follow the Court's
13	instructions, or you just don't think you're going to
14	be able to do that?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I honestly don't
16	know. I mean, driving drunk is kind of one of those
17	things. You start hurting people.
18	MR. ROBERTS: All right. Judge, if we
19	we just got to the end of the line on this question.
20	It's two minutes early, but if you're ready to break, I
21	believe we can go home.
22	THE COURT: Come on up, Counsel.
23	(A discussion was held at the bench,
24	not reported.)
25	THE COURT: Okay. Folks, we're going to go

ahead and take our evening break. I need everybody to come back tomorrow. I know that's not making you happy. I don't know that we will even have a jury by the end of the day tomorrow. But you need — we need this group to keep coming back until we have a jury. Okay? I got additional people that I can call in if we get through all of you folks and we still don't have a jury, but I don't want to do that and take the hour and a half that it takes me to do my intro stuff unless we need to.

So I've got a calendar in the morning. I think I can be done by 10:00 o'clock. So I'm going to ask you guys all to be here by 10:00 o'clock tomorrow, and that will still give us most of the day tomorrow. We'll see how fast we can get through it.

During our break this evening, you're instructed not to talk with each other or with anyone else about any subject or issue connected with this trial. You are not to read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with this case or by any medium of information, including, without limitation, newspapers, television, the Internet, or radio. You are not to conduct any research on your own, which means you cannot talk with others, Tweet others, text others,

Google issues, or conduct any other kind of book or 1 computer research with regard to any issue, party, 2 witness, or attorney involved in this case. You're not 3 4 to form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this trial until the case is finally submitted to 6 you. 7 See you back tomorrow morning at 10:00. 8 Thanks, folks. Have a good night. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: We don't have to 10 go back to the jury room to check in, do we? 11 THE COURT: You know what, ask Tom. I don't 12 know the answer to that question. 13 (The following proceedings were held 14 outside the presence of the jury.) 15 THE COURT: All right. Guys, we're outside 16 the presence of the jury. I know that Jared's counsel 17 did file a trial brief on whether or not I'm going to 18 allow questions about marijuana. I haven't had a 19 chance to read the whole thing. I know you want to 20 make a record on it. Let's do it in the morning so I 21 have a chance to read it first. 22 Is there anything that we need to put on the 23 record tonight as it relates to the jurors? MR. TINDALL: No, Your Honor. 24 25 MR. MAZZEO: No, Your Honor.

1	MR. STRASSBURG: I don't think so, Judge.
2	THE COURT: Let's go off the record.
3	(Thereupon, the proceedings
4	concluded at 4:49 p.m.)
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### 1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 STATE OF NEVADA 3 ss: COUNTY OF CLARK I, Kristy L. Clark, a duly commissioned 4 Notary Public, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby 5 certify: That I reported the proceedings commencing on 7 Monday, February 8, 2016, at 10:49 o'clock a.m. 8 That I thereafter transcribed my said 9 shorthand notes into typewriting and that the 10 typewritten transcript is a complete, true and, 11 accurate transcription of my said shorthand notes. 12 I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of counsel of any of the parties, nor a 13 relative or employee of the parties involved in said 14 15 action, nor a person financially interested in the 16 action. 17 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in my 18 office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 19 8th day of February, 2016. 20 Kristy Clark 21 KRISTY L. CLARK, CCR #708 22 23 24 25

İ	11/10/2017 4:20 PM
	Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	CASE NO. A-11-637772-C
2	DEPT. NO. 30
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5	DISTRICT COURT
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
7	* * * *
8	
9	EMILIA GARCIA, individually, )
10	Plaintiff,
11	vs.
12	JARED AWERBACH, individually; )
13	ANDREA AWERBACH, individually;) DOES I-X, and ROE CORPORATIONS) I-X, inclusive, )
14	)
15	Defendants. )
16	
17	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
18	OF
19	PROCEEDINGS
20	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JERRY A. WIESE, II
21	DEPARTMENT XXX
22	DATED TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2016
23	
24	REPORTED BY: KRISTY L. CLARK, RPR, NV CCR #708,
25	CA CSR #13529

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22			
23 24	* * * * *		
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1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2016;	
2	10:16 A.M.	
3		
4	PROCEEDINGS	
5	* * * * *	
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7	THE MARSHAL: Remain seated, come to order.	
8	THE COURT: All right. Good morning, guys.	
9	Sorry I'm late. I had another judge in my office.	
10	So you want to talk about Jared's trial	
11	memorandum? Is that what we were talking about?	
12	MR. STRASSBURG: Yes, sir.	
13	THE COURT: Do you have other things? This	
14	is like a omnibus motion in limine. There's a whole	
15	bunch of things in this.	
16	MR. TINDALL: We're talking Pete's omnibus	
17	motion.	
18	THE COURT: All right. Pick the one or two	
19	that are most important to you.	
20	MR. TINDALL: Well, the ones that were most	
21	important were the ones about evidence about the	
22	negligent entrustment not being allowed to be produced	
23	on voir dire, but now that we have this situation with	
24	the rebuttable presumption, that's a whole different	
25	scenario, so I think that part can be disregarded.	

1 THE COURT: Okay.

MR. TINDALL: We're simply asking on -- when Stan Smith testifies, we be allowed to voir dire him. We believe we can show that he does not meet the Hallmark standard.

THE COURT: I don't know that there's a problem with that.

MR. TINDALL: We believe there should be no voir dire allowed on marijuana. The word shouldn't be used. No -- no opening with marijuana. And, again, this a little bit ties into the -- yesterday's ruling as well.

THE COURT: So I guess here's the question I have: Is there a stipulation that Jared Awerbach is negligent, and there's a stipulation that there's negligent entrustment?

MR. TINDALL: There's no stipulation he's negligent. He's been found negligent as a matter of law, and we are stipulating and we put in our pretrial memorandum that we are withdrawing the comparative negligence defense. There's no information about perception that's going to come from Mr. Awerbach, meaning nothing is relevant now about anything to do with when he smoked, if he smoked, how soon in time to the accident did he smoke. That should all be excluded

now because there's no perception evidence going to be offered.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: The thing that that leaves out is the punitive damages request under the statute. And when the Court made a finding of impairment and negligence based on that impairment, the Court did — they argued that while he may be impaired as a matter of law, we should be able to argue he wasn't that impaired. And the Court reserved the right for them to argue that although he was impaired as a matter of law, he wasn't that impaired for the purposes of assessing punitive damages against him.

And I think that we believe that we should show his level of impairment, the level of metabolites for the purposes of punitive damages to show that he wasn't just a little over the limit, he wasn't just slightly impaired, but he was ten times over the legal limit almost. So — so we believe that that still is fair game under the punitive damages part of the case, and under the DUI statute as opposed to the 42.005 standard, there is no bifurcation of punitive phase for the DUI so that all comes in the case and should.

MR. TINDALL: And in rebuttal on the portion about bifurcation, we've set forth in the brief, and

1 this still is relevant, that it prejudices Andrea Awerbach greatly to have all this information dumped 2 into the compensatory phase which also prejudices 3 Jared. For the convenience of the Court, both phases should be bifurcated, and the Court has the power to bifurcate. The statute, NRS 42.010, which indicates 7 that 42.005, those provisions don't apply to 42.010, that doesn't mean the Court can't bifurcate it. 9 simply means the Court is not required to apply the 10 provisions.

So we submit for judicial economy and for fairness to the defendants, both — both parties should have a bifurcated phase where punitives are discussed only after the jury makes a compensatory award without any information that would prejudice them to inflating a compensatory award.

MR. MAZZEO: Andrea would join in that argument.

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THE COURT: There's got to be a -- there's got to be a line on the verdict form, even if we have a punitive phase, that says, Are punitive damages warranted? So there's got to be some analysis of that prior to the original verdict form; right?

MR. TINDALL: Well, I don't -- I don't agree,
Your Honor. I don't believe there's any authority that

1 requires a line item award on the compensatory form. 2 THE COURT: Not an award. 3 MR. TINDALL: No, no, what I'm saying --4 THE COURT: Just a checkmark saying --5 MR. TINDALL: Do you want to? 6 THE COURT: Right. 7 MR. TINDALL: But why couldn't it work this 8 Why can't we wait until a compensatory award is wav: made, and then while the jury's in the box after the 10 verdict's read, Mr. Roberts gets to stand up -- or the 11 Court actually would do this, in my mind. The Court 12 would say, Now that there's been a compensatory award made, there's some additional information the jury 13 14 needs to consider. And Mr. Roberts could put on his 15 information about why punitive damages should be 16 awarded. Then they get to decide should damages be 17 awarded. But why would we inject nothing but 18 inflammatory and now irrelevant information into the 19 compensatory phase that's only going to inflate the 20 compensatory award? 21 It can be done either way, and I don't 22 believe there's any authority that requires the checkmark on the box for, Do you want to award punitive 23 24 damages?

THE COURT: Well, the problem is if I don't

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put that checkmark there, the jury comes back with a 1 verdict, and then we -- then we say, Okay, now, we have 2 another question for you about punitive damages. Every 3 jury is going to say no, because they don't want to 4 5 stick around. MR. TINDALL: But really isn't that the same 6 7 thing as putting the check -- the line item on the 8 form? Because they're going to read that and know 9 they're going to have to stick around. 10 THE COURT: I don't think they know that. 11 That's what's sneaky about the verdict form, that we 12 just leave that blank. Because they don't realize that 13 if they put the checkmark that they have to stick 14 around for a second phase, and we don't tell them that 15 in advance. 16 MR. STRASSBURG: We don't. 17 THE COURT: No, we never tell them that. 18 MR. STRASSBURG: We can't explain -- sorry. 19 We can't explain the verdict form to them on closing? 20 THE COURT: You can't tell them that if they 21 mark that box, then they have to stick around longer. 22 MR. STRASSBURG: Okay. Thanks for clarifying 23 that, Judge. I was looking forward to that. 24 They just decide whether or THE COURT: No.

not they think punitive damages are -- are appropriate

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or not, and they mark the box "yes" or "no," and then if they mark the box "yes," then they get the bad news that they have to stick around. I think that's the only fair way to do it.

MR. ROBERTS: And of course, counsel said there was no authority for that procedure. The authority is in 42.0053 which mandates bifurcation and says that in the first phase, that the trier of fact shall make a finding of whether such damages will be assessed. Therefore, conscious regard is dealt with in the first phase, and we have to put on evidence and witnesses on that.

THE COURT: Yeah, I don't think I'm going to exclude it, guys. I think it's relevant for the punitives, so I think I got to allow it.

MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, in terms of the marijuana, isn't it really correct that their evidence is regarding marijuana metabolite? And the scope of your ruling just now pertains — is limited to marijuana metabolite. And if they want to say he was — he was five times over the legal limit for marijuana metabolite, okay. You've now ruled — which I'm not happy about, but I mean, I understand the scope of your ruling that covers it. But that doesn't cover marijuana by itself.

1 And just so that is made clear to them, that 2 what we're talking about is the metabolite, just so 3 there's no confusion. 4 THE COURT: I don't -- I don't know that I 5 understand -- I understand the distinction, so ... 6 MR. STRASSBURG: They're two different 7 chemical substances. And I can see how that second word, "metabolite," can get lost in the heat of the -heat of the trial. And I'm just moving to clarify that 10 your ruling that they may voir dire and prove up on the 11 marijuana metabolite is limited to just that it --12 exceedance of the legal limit for that substance. 13 THE COURT: All right. So 42.010 talks about 14 punitive damages where a defendant causes an injury 15 after being involved in an accident after willfully 16 consuming or using alcohol or another substance knowing 17 that they were there after operating a motor vehicle; 18 right? 19 MR. STRASSBURG: Yes. 20 THE COURT: So it cites to the several 21 different statutes here. Which one talks about the 22 metabolite, 484C.110 --23 MR. STRASSBURG: That's the one. 24 THE COURT: -- 484C.130? 25 It's -- the relevant one is MR. STRASSBURG:

1 484C.110, subsection 3, sub-subsection (g) and (h). 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. STRASSBURG: (G) is marijuana. (H) is 4 marijuana metabolite. They are two separate legal limits. 5 THE COURT: That's true. 6 7 MR. STRASSBURG: Jared's been adjudicated as 8 per se impaired as a matter of law for exceeding the 9 (h), the marijuana metabolite. 10 I think that's true. THE COURT: MR. STRASSBURG: Yes, that's true. And I 11 12 think Mr. Roberts agrees with that. 13 THE COURT: So you just want whenever we're talking about marijuana that it should be a reference 14 to marijuana metabolite. 15 16 MR. STRASSBURG: Yeah, just so it's clear. 17 THE COURT: I think that's actually a fair 18 request because I think the -- under the statute, 19 marijuana is listed as a separate subsection. 20 MR. ROBERTS: When I talk about what's in his 21 blood, I believe that it's fair, and I will try to 22 always refer to it as marijuana metabolites. 23 But the problem is the way you get marijuana 24 metabolites in your blood is by using marijuana. And 25 he contends he didn't use any marijuana the day of the

accident, and these are just leftover metabolites in his blood from prior use, and he wasn't high. Well, we have evidence that contradicts that, and we ought to be able to put that evidence on so he can't make that argument without rebuttal. We ought to be able to show his marijuana use on the day of the incident and the evidence that he was actually impaired from that use.

THE COURT: When you're referring to what's in the blood or when you're referring to the punitive damages as a result of the statute, 4 -- 42.010, it should be referred to as marijuana metabolite.

MR. ROBERTS: When I refer to what's in the blood, but not overall when I refer to the statute, with respect, Your Honor, because 42.0101 says that you're liable for willfully consuming or using a substance knowing that you're going to be driving. So we've got to talk about him willfully using or consuming marijuana because that's part of the showing. It's not the metabolite he's — he's consuming. The metabolite is what's left in his blood after he consumes the illegal substance.

THE COURT: I don't know that it's a distinction that the jury is going to understand, guys. I think if you want to make a distinction between the metabolite and the marijuana, I mean, you can -- you

can do that.

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MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, if -- if I can just 3 have one more comment.

THE COURT: I don't know that I can tell them that they have to say the word "metabolite" every time they say the word "marijuana."

MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, the only reason this evidence is coming in, if I understand your ruling on it, is on punitive damages. The sole basis for punitive damages is 42.010. The sole basis for 42.010, is 484C110.3(h), the metabolite. The marijuana is irrelevant. He's already been adjudicated; liable for negligence? He's been adjudicated as per se impaired. They have to take yes for an answer here, Judge.

THE COURT: I guess I don't know what you're asking for.

MR. STRASSBURG: I'm saying that they should be limited to arguing and -- and putting on evidence of marijuana metabolite. The problem with the marijuana thing is it's not connected with anything. It's not connected with his driving. It's not connected with anything he did. Its sole purpose is to inflame the jury against him, and that's not fair. And that's not what you intended.

THE COURT: No, 42.010 requires that they

prove that he willfully consumed or used alcohol or another substance knowing that he would thereafter operate a motor vehicle.

MR. STRASSBURG: They proved that by showing he has marijuana metabolite in his blood. It only gets there one way. They don't have to put on additional evidence to use the word "marijuana." I mean,

Mr. Roberts said yesterday that he was high. That's —
it's per se impairment. I mean, we have fought this for a year and a half. And I've lost, but that's the part I lost. It's per se impairment from marijuana metabolite.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. STRASSBURG: Any evidence on marijuana, it's not connected to anything about how he drove.

THE COURT: I think it's required per the statute in order for them to get punitives. They have to — they have to prove that he — that he took marijuana, that he willfully consumed marijuana knowing that he would thereafter drive a motor vehicle. He's not going to — he's not going to willfully consume marijuana metabolite; right? You can't consume the metabolite. You consume the marijuana and it leaves a metabolite; right?

MR. STRASSBURG: Yes. Yes, sir. Yeah.

THE COURT: So how are they going to be able to establish the punitive damages under this section without saying that he consumed marijuana?

MR. STRASSBURG: The probative value of the marijuana evidence is dramatically outweighed by its prejudicial effect. I mean, once they — they've shown — they get to show he has marijuana metabolite. To — to just gild the lily with marijuana, that adds nothing but inflammatory evidence for punitive damages.

THE COURT: I think it's the same thing, essentially, Mr. Strassburg. But I've got to allow them to use it. They got to be able to say the word "marijuana" because it's required under the statute.

I think you guys can -- you can explain the difference. You can explain the distinction to them through witnesses, through experts, however you need to do it. But I'm not going to say they can't use the word "marijuana." Sorry.

MR. STRASSBURG: Thank you for your consideration, Judge.

MR. TINDALL: Um, Your Honor, Mr. Mott and I need to report that Juror No. 3 in Seat 2, Mr. Brandon, he spoke to both of us in the elevator this morning. There was no -- no words said back to him by either of us.

1 THE COURT: What did he say to you? 2 MR. TINDALL: I don't remember. 3 MR. MOTT: We were having a conversation 4 and -- to ourselves privately, and he jumped in and 5 said something, and we said nothing after that. 6 THE COURT: All right. I'll talk to him 7 again. MR. ROBERTS: And before we move on to a new 8 9 issue, I do want to say that I am concerned about the 10 marijuana use and the inflammatory nature of that 11 discussion. And although I agree that -- I mean, I 12 reserve the right to argue the statute and say, 13 Marijuana at trial, I am willing to have all counsel stipulate that we won't discuss marijuana use and 14 15 attitudes toward marijuana use in voir dire. We'll get 16 through it quicker. We'll avoid a lot of cause 17 challenges, and -- and I don't think it's necessary 18 because I don't know that it's really that relevant. 19 MR. STRASSBURG: But you're going to put on 20 evidence of marijuana use? 21 MR. ROBERTS: Yes. 22 MR. STRASSBURG: I think I want to talk about 23 their attitudes about that, if you don't mind. 24 MR. MAZZEO: We can't agree with that. 25 MR. STRASSBURG: Thanks for your handsome

offer. Tempting, but no.

THE COURT: Good try, Mr. Roberts.

MR. ROBERTS: And -- and -- and I do want to say that Mr. Mazzeo approached me before court, and he -- he wants -- he argued -- wants to argue that we aren't allowed to take the deposition again, that we had an adequate opportunity of the claims adjustor.

We -- I've discussed it with co-counsel, and we've reviewed the deposition again after we argued this, and although we reserve all of our rights other than taking the deposition, we are willing to agree to forego the deposition and rely on the current record.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MAZZEO: And then part of that discussion was based on an order that Discovery Commissioner Bulla had issued on — the hearing date was December 12th of 2014. And in it she had permitted the deposition of Teresa Merez. Specifically, the scope of the examination of Ms. Merez at deposition is limited to only her factual investigation concerning the issues reflected in the January 17, 2011, claim note and any prelitigation conversations Ms. Merez may have had with Defendant Andrea Awerbach and/or Jared Awerbach about the use of subject vehicle by Defendant Jared Awerbach.

So based on that, we believe that Mr. Smith

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had sufficient latitude and opportunity at that time to
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   discuss all the issues pertaining to the permissive use
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   with -- with -- with Ms. Merez. And I have a copy of
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   the order and a copy of the transcript if the Court
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   wants to -- a copy of it for your own.
             THE COURT: Sounds like it's not a disputed
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   issue.
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             MR. MAZZEO: Not an issue.
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             MR. ROBERTS: We dispute everything he just
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   said about the reasons why we shouldn't be allowed to
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   take it, but we're not asking to take it. So it's
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   moot.
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             THE COURT: Okay.
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             MR. MAZZEO: Okay.
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             THE COURT: I got a -- my JEA received an
   e-mail from Juror 29, James Joyce, sitting in Seat
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   No. 6. He wants to go to the GOP caucus. It starts at
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   5:00 o'clock in Northwest Las Vegas on, I believe it's
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   February 23rd, and he wants to be excused so he can go
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   to that. My inclination is to tell him no, that if
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   he's seated on the jury, we can stop early that
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   afternoon. Fair enough?
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             MR. ROBERTS: Fair enough.
             THE COURT: I don't want to ruin anybody's
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political aspirations, and if he wants to go --

1 MR. MAZZEO: Agreed. 2 THE COURT: -- be involved in politics that 3 day, I don't have a problem with that. But I don't 4 think it's a reason to excuse him. 5 Mr. Strassburg? 6 MR. STRASSBURG: I thought the better of it, 7 Judge. 8 THE COURT: Okay. So I'm going to let him 9 know that when he comes in. 10 But anything else before we bring the jury 11 in? 12 MR. ROBERTS: Just a quick disclosure. I 13 don't like to discuss this with the jurors, and if they abide by the rules and don't discuss the case and us 14 15 with anyone, it shouldn't be an issue. But in reading 16 the questionnaires and then talking to people 17 yesterday, I just wanted to disclose to opposing 18 counsel that we've got jurors who are employed or have 19 family that are employed by people I represent. And 20 the people include -- there's RTC bus driver. My 21 client, Veolia Transdev, operates part of the bus 22 system. I'm currently representing them on another 23 matter. I represent Southwest Gas, UPS, Clark County, 24 and the Cosmopolitan. Those are the ones that have 25 come up so far, and I just wanted to disclose it.

1	MRS. AWERBACH: Did you say Clark County?
2	MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
3	MRS. AWERBACH: Did you say Clark County?
4	MR. ROBERTS: Clark County.
5	MRS. AWERBACH: Clark County.
6	MR. ROBERTS: So I don't think it's an issue
7	but
8	THE COURT: I don't think it is either.
9	MR. STRASSBURG: You're just bragging now.
10	MR. TINDALL: We have clients too, you know.
11	MR. STRASSBURG: Yeah, we've got clients,
12	real clients.
13	THE COURT: Are we ready?
14	MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor.
15	THE MARSHAL: Jury entering.
16	(The following proceedings were held in
17	the presence of the jury.)
18	THE MARSHAL: Jury is present, Judge.
19	THE COURT: Thank you. Go ahead and be
20	seated. Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. Back on
21	the record, Case No. 637772, Garcia versus Awerbach.
22	We are back to jury selection. Just going to remind
23	you all that you're still under oath to tell the truth
24	when you are asked questions.
25	We received an e-mail from Mr. Joyce, in Seat

No. 6, Badge 029. As far as this obligation that you 1 have, if you're seated on the jury, we can take it up 2 3 as it gets closer, and we can just end early that day 4 if we need to. We'll make arrangements for you. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Fine. THE COURT: All right. We are still in the 6 7 plaintiff's questioning. 8 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Go ahead, Counsel. 10 11 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 12 MR. ROBERTS: One thing that someone reminded 13 me of was when I was introducing everyone on the team, 14 to make sure you heard all the names, that I went 15 straight to my -- the guys in my law firm and then I went back around the circle, and I never came all the 16 17 way back to Carol in the middle. And this is Carol 18 Bauss, like in house, and she's just helping out with 19 jury selection. She won't be here after the case 20 starts. 21 But does anyone know Carol? 22 THE COURT: Not seeing any hands. 23 MR. ROBERTS: So I would like to talk to you

now about lawsuits and your feelings, attitudes toward

lawsuits. There's a question on the jury questionnaire

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about whether people here believe there should be caps 1 on the amounts of certain types of damages. 2 sometimes called tort reform. A negligence case is 3 called a tort case, and tort reform is a movement to 4 5 try to limit the amount that people can recover in a lawsuit, usually for pain and suffering damages. 6 7 Now, as a result, there's some people who 8 think the court system needs to change and there should 9 be caps. And -- and I know what you put on your 10 questionnaire. And there's some people who think that 11 the system is fine as it is and we don't need caps. 12 MR. MAZZEO: Excuse me, Judge. Sidebar, 13 please. 14 THE COURT: Come on up. 15 (A discussion was held at the bench, 16 not reported.) 17 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Roberts. 18 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. 19 So the question I was setting up, people who 20 think there should be caps and there should be tort 21 reform and people who don't believe there should be 22 caps, and I'd like to discuss those attitudes with you. 23 You know, we know what you said and how you 24 felt, and there are three or four people who think

there should be caps, but there wasn't a whole lot of

discussion about the reasons. And I'd like to hear more about the reasons and whether or not the people who believe there should be caps have a personal limit that if they were to be on a jury, they could never go beyond even if justified by the facts and the evidence.

I will say, I don't think it's any of you, but someone said that plaintiffs and their lawyers who file lawsuits should be thrown in jail. And I don't think there's anyone here that extreme, but let's — let's — show me your hand if you said there should be caps, in your jury questionnaire, and I'll just call on you quick and talk to you first.

Okay. Ms. Gold.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes. Badge 036.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Tell me a little bit more about why you personally believe there should be caps.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I think that people can get greedy. I think that some of the -- some of the awards or settlements have been sensationalized as far as money amounts, and I think that creates litigation that's not necessary from other people.

MR. ROBERTS: Now, I'm -- I'm going to throw what I think is a rhetorical question at you. But

1 let's assume that The Venetian burnt down due to someone's negligence. Should Mr. Adelson and 2 3 The Venetian have caps as to how many millions they can recover for burning down The Venetian Hotel? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I think so. Ι 6 think, in my opinion, it's -- of course it's a 7 case-by-case situation. I believe they should be reimbursed for their losses, and I also believe that if 9 there's pain and suffering involved, I think that a 10 conservative amount would be -- would be good. 11 MR. ROBERTS: No, I don't need you to give me 12 a number because you haven't heard the facts and 13 evidence. 14 But putting aside whatever the facts and the 15 evidence are, is there a number in your head that you 16 believe is more than conservative and you could never 17 award regardless of what the evidence was? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Not a specific 19 number. But millions of dollars I think is -- is way 20 over the top. 21 MR. ROBERTS: And regardless of the evidence, 22 you couldn't award millions of dollars. 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Well, it depends on the situation. I'm not saying I would never, but 24

I'm not saying that I -- I would. I would have to

1 assess the case and assess the loss and take it from 2 there. MR. ROBERTS: Now, Mr. Joyce, who also just 3 4 had his hand up when you did, told us yesterday that 5 the higher the damages, the more he's going to want certainty in the proof. 6 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Uh-huh. 8 MR. ROBERTS: And to award a lot of money, 9 he's going to have to be pretty certain. Probably more 10 than 50-50. 11 Did I get that right, Mr. Joyce? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Way more than 13 that. 14 MR. ROBERTS: Way more than just 51 percent 15 versus 49. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Has to heavily 17 weight that scale. 18 MR. ROBERTS: Heavily weight the scale to 19 award a significant amount of dollars. 20 Is that what you're saying, that that -- that 21 maybe if the evidence is extreme enough, you could 22 award significant amounts but if -- the scale better be 23 pretty heavily weighed to justify an award that high? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I'm not saying 25 that -- that the weight of the evidence has to be huge.

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1 I'm saying that -- I was in risk management, and so
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- 2 I -- it was my job to assess losses, and that's what I
- 3 would do. I would assess the situation, assess the
- 4 loss. If -- if there were pain and suffering involved,
- 5 again, I would have to assess the situation and the
- 6 person.
- 7 MR. ROBERTS: Is it fair to say that in the
- 8 back of your mind, you've had some reservations about
- 9 awarding large amounts for pain and suffering?
- 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Sure. Sure.
- 11 That's fair to say. I -- I mean, huge amounts, you
- 12 know, millions and millions of dollars.
- MR. ROBERTS: How long have you held these
- 14 beliefs?
- PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Probably my
- 16 entire career.
- 17 MR. ROBERTS: And -- and that would be in
- 18 your career as a claims adjustor.
- 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I was -- I wasn't
- 20 a claims adjustor. I was in commercial insurance, and
- 21 I oversaw third-party administrators. So they would --
- 22 they would have to ask me for authority to settle a
- 23 case. So I've had experience in this type of thing.
- MR. ROBERTS: Those opinions are probably not
- 25 going to change during this trial.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Probably not.
2	MR. ROBERTS: If you were representing a
3	plaintiff, you were in my client's position, a
4	plaintiff in a case in which you were seeking
5	significant damages for pain and suffering, are you the
6	type of juror that you would want on her jury?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I think so. I
8	think I could be fair about it.
9	MR. ROBERTS: Do you think that you could
10	award pain and suffering damages and compensate for
11	those the same way you would compensate for economic
12	damages, for medical bills
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Sure.
14	MR. ROBERTS: for fixing things?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yeah. I feel
16	like I have a good feel for that type of thing.
17	MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Joyce.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. What about you? Now,
20	you you believe in caps; right? Do you believe in
21	caps?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Caps on certain
23	dollar amounts.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Do you believe there should be
25	a maximum dollar amount for pain and suffering damages,

that juries can never award over that specific dollar 1 2 amount? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes. 4 MR. ROBERTS: Yes? Do you have a dollar 5 amount in -- in mind? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No, I don't. 7 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Is there any specific 8 dollar amount that you -- you believe you could never 9 award for pain and suffering regardless of the 10 damages -- of the facts and the evidence? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I'm not sure. Ι 12 don't know. I quess I have to see it. 13 But I think you did misquote or I maybe 14 misspoke what you said to the lady next to me. You 15 said that I said something yesterday. I forget what it 16 is right now. I'm a little bit nervous. You said 17 something to her which I thought to myself, I didn't 18 really say that or I didn't mean to say that. 19 MR. ROBERTS: And a lot of times I'll repeat 20 back my recollection to give you a chance to correct. 21 Because my memory is not perfect, and -- and I've 22 read -- I've read a couple hundred questionnaires and 23 I'm talking to a lot of people. 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: My stance is --25 on the whole tort issue and caps and all that, is that

I pay a butt load for a 61-year-old guy with a

59-year-old wife in auto insurance, and this type of

stuff doesn't help if it's -- if it's not a solid -
rock solid in the court in a wheelchair, you know,

unconscious, you know, total pain and suffering.

That's about the only way that I would even consider or want to be a part of a case.

MR. ROBERTS: So -- so you saw my client yesterday. She's not in a wheelchair. We don't want you on our jury, do we?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Probably not.

MR. ROBERTS: Now, there are a lot of people who feel the same way as Mr. Joyce with regard to the cost to society of big lawsuits. They feel big lawsuits can increase the price of goods and services, can increase the price of everyone's insurance, and that's going to be in the back of their mind when they decide how much a verdict can be.

Who -- who here feels that way, that they might be thinking about the impact of big verdicts on the cost of goods and services or some other reason outside the facts and evidence that are going to be presented in the courtroom? Any -- anyone else feel that way as Mr. Joyce? No?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I'm a loner.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Who -- who have I not talked to who believes in caps? Okay. Very good.

Mr. Brandon.

there should be caps to a point. Vehicle accident, cars paid for, medical bills paid for. You're not here to get a free paycheck and get out of work. Pain and suffering loss, yeah, you know, we can award for that. Time spent out of work, going to the doctors, yeah, we'll award for that. But going above and beyond to where, oh, I don't have to work because they're going to pay my way through life, that needs to be, you know, caps put over that.

MR. ROBERTS: So just so I understand,
when -- when you say that there should be caps, and you
shouldn't get what you believe to be free money so you
don't have to work anymore, are you including money
that -- that might be compensation for pain and
suffering as apart from lost wages?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: No. It's just, you know, if you — when you come in and say, Well, we want this amount of money, okay, that's covering the vehicle or medical bills. Okay? Well, everything's paid for. Now, you're trying to get money for what? If everything's paid for, the time you lost from work,

everything like that, okay, well, now I want an extra \$50,000 just because I want it. You know, sometimes people do come in, oh, I want to sue them just because I want money. So it's kind of -- got to look at the facts and is it really worth, you know, with -- I didn't catch her name, but --

MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Gold.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: What she said.

She's worked with risk management. I work in the hotel industry. So just throwing money out and giving somebody — awarding somebody money is — you know they got to really get it.

MR. ROBERTS: And I can just about promise you that the judge will not instruct you that you're allowed to give us money just because we ask for it. So — so in order to — for you to allow damages, we have to put on proof of damages.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. Doctor bills.

MR. ROBERTS: Doctor bills.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Show me you went there to the doctor because of this. Not, oh, I had a previous thing that I'm still trying to pay off. Maybe I can get — I broke my arm rollerblading down the street, but I hurt that in a car accident, you know.

Show me you were there at the doctor for that reason. 1 Okay. Then okay, we'll pay for that. This and that, 2 you know. I want evidence and proof that it's all for 3 4 one case. 5 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And that's fair. And if you heard the evidence and the proof and we tipped the 6 7 scales to show that the costs are related to the accident, you can consider that and award it. 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yes. 10 MR. ROBERTS: What about pain and suffering? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yes, because if you're missing work, you know, you got to -- for this 12 instance, it's a vehicle accident. You're out of a 13 14 That's your transportation to get to work. You 15 know, you got to make up for that. If you had to rent 16 a car, use your own money to get a rent-a-car, you got 17 to make that money back, and -- you know, until the 18 time, you know. You're not at fault, but yeah, 19 somebody's got to pay for that vehicle. But then 20 again, we do have insurance, and nowadays most 21 insurance companies will pay for that.

MR. ROBERTS: What about not missing work, not cars, just pain? Can you compensate someone just because they were in pain if they put in proof of that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I would have to

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see what type of pain. Like, why? Why am I going to 1 award you this money for pain? Like, what -- I got to 2 3 have evidence or proof, facts, anything. 4 MR. ROBERTS: But you're open to looking at 5 the evidence? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I'm open. You 7 know, I don't have a set number. You know, you present me with a number, evidence, then I can sit here and go 9 through it with the jury and we can make our decision. 10 Yeah, that's too much; no, that's the right amount, 11 give it to them, you know. You got to use the scale. Is it right, not right? Is it enough, not enough? 12 13 MR. ROBERTS: But you're willing to make that 14 decision based on the evidence that comes in --15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yes. 16 MR. ROBERTS: -- and -- and not any attitudes 17 that you had before you entered the courtroom. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Nope. 19 MR. ROBERTS: One of the things that you had 20 on your questionnaire was that you thought that 21 plaintiffs who bring lawsuits are just trying to make a 22 quick buck. 23 Do you remember saying that? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. That's

what I was trying to refer to. You know, sometimes

plaintiffs, defendant -- you know, just -- that's what they come here, well, I just -- quick way to make money or make a paycheck, if -- you know, like I was saying 3 before. But if you show me evidence of why you're 5 asking for that money, okay. I see why now. Okay.

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MR. ROBERTS: So would you agree using the -the biases and opinion that you held before the courtroom that you bring here today, you come into this with a little bit of a bias against plaintiffs who bring lawsuits because your attitude is they're just sometimes looking for a free buck?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003:

MR. ROBERTS: All right. And -- and this is an artistic rendering, and I don't know if anything's in there, but those scales are supposed to be even right now. You haven't heard any facts. You haven't heard any evidence in this case. You haven't heard the law.

Because of that preexisting attitude that you have about plaintiffs who bring lawsuits, do we start a little bit behind the defendant?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Absolutely not because I haven't even heard this case or evidence or anything like that. So it's an even scale right now.

MR. ROBERTS: Even scale. You're not

assuming that my client's one of the plaintiffs trying to make a quick buck.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Nope. I saw her. I mean, she could have tons of medical bills and stuff like that. I don't even know how bad the accident was or anything like that. So it's -- I got to see first. And then I can start, okay.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.

Anyone else who answered the question that they believe in caps, or as they listened to Mr. Joyce, Mr. Gold [sic], and Mr. Brandon, now believes that — that maybe there should be caps, that jurors shouldn't be allowed to award ever how much they think the evidence justifies? Anyone?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Speak up. Don't leave me hanging.

MR. ROBERTS: Now, someone wrote on their questionnaire that money can't make the pain go away, so they don't believe in awarding money for pain and suffering. It wasn't someone here in the box.

Is there anyone else who feels a little bit like that, that money can't make the pain go away, so why award money for pain and suffering?

Is there anyone who feels uncertain or in the middle on that issue? Who has some reservations?

1	Okay. Ms. Bias.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Ms. Bias.
3	MR. ROBERTS: Tell me what your reservations,
4	thoughts are about.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Badge No. 066. I
6	just think it has to be the extent of the pain and
7	suffering before I can make the decision on how much to
8	give.
9	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So you have to hear the
10	evidence.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: The evidence
12	first, correct.
13	MR. ROBERTS: And you're willing to try to
14	balance the scales, and
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes, sir.
16	MR. ROBERTS: figure out what compensation
17	is just based on the evidence.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes, sir.
19	MR. ROBERTS: That's good.
20	So you really don't have reservations about
21	it. You're just not prejudging the case. You want to
22	see proof.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Exactly.
24	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Mr. Berkery.
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Keith Berkery,

1 063. It's -- for me, it's not a matter of reservation.

2 It's fairness, if you will. As you said, what comes

3 out during the case is what's important. If I'm -- if

I physically spill coffee on myself, do I deserve

5 \$40 million? You know, I think there's a certain

6 amount of fairness. I have -- from Day 1, I have a

7 value on this planet, at least in our society. So, you

know, what -- what is my potential? What is the pain

9 that I'm going to face in the future? What are the

10 things that can happen after this because of what

11 happened? All of that has to be weighed. But I don't

12 think it's something that that goes to infinity.

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MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And -- and I appreciate you -- you sharing that with me. And -- and the things that you described are all things that you would be comfortable weighing and determining just compensation for.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Oh, yeah.

MR. ROBERTS: What if the facts and evidence seem to keep going up beyond your comfort level? Do you have a point at which you would stop regardless of the facts and evidence?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: It's not a matter of my comfort level. It's a matter of what we're here to do. And, you know, if that's -- I can't imagine

1 that I'm going to be part of some landmark case by any
2 means, but if -- if something's proven a certain way,

3 then you provide accordingly, if that's what's fair.

MR. ROBERTS: So you — you don't think it's likely that proof is going to get to a point up here, but you're willing to consider the evidence and award a just amount based on the evidence.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Whatever -- whatever's fair.

MR. ROBERTS: A number of people mentioned the McDonald's verdict in their questionnaire. It's always something --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: I was probably one of them.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes, you -- you were. And it just seems to always come up when we're talking about a tort case and we have a jury in the box.

Tell me what -- what your thoughts and feelings were when you read that verdict in the McDonald's case.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: You know what, I wasn't there. Did somebody throw the coffee on the person, or were they laughing at them afterwards or whatever. I don't know the information. I know a number and what happened. But if I spilled coffee on

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myself, that's on me, you know. As a matter of fact, I
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   did it before I came in yesterday. Button up the
2
3
   shirt.
             MR. ROBERTS: Nothing worse than hitting the
 4
5
   court in a white shirt.
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: So -- but -- but
7
   if it's -- if -- if something happens, and -- and it
8
   needs to be sorted out. I -- I believe in fairness.
9
   That's my only point in raising my hand.
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             MR. ROBERTS: So you -- you didn't hear the
11
  facts and evidence in that case. You're not sure --
12
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: No.
             MR. ROBERTS: -- what it all was, but it's
13
14
  hard for you to conceive of a coffee spill justifying
15
  the award you read about.
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: That was a lot of
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   money, and I should be going to Dunkin' Donuts far more
18
   often.
19
             MR. ROBERTS: Who else here was thinking
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   about the McDonald's verdict when we were talking about
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   tort reform and you're coming into the case? Okay.
22
             Let's see. Mr. Jensen; right?
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Yes.
             MR. ROBERTS: What are your thoughts about
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the McDonald's case?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: From the little 2 bit I know, it appeared to be a frivolous lawsuit. I 3 mean, the lady buys a coffee, and she should know that it's hot, sticks it between her legs on the seat as she's driving away. Now, that's what I think is the case. And the coffee spilled and she got burned. Any 7 reasonable person knows the coffee is hot from McDonald's, sticks it in a cup tray not in the seat between her legs. So, again, I thought that was a 10 frivolous lawsuit. 11 MR. ROBERTS: So based on what you believe 12 the facts to be, you have a problem more with the --13 the fact that she got any verdict at all, or do you 14 have more of a problem with the amount of the verdict? 15 It sounds like you're more on the she shouldn't have 16 gotten anything because she stuck the coffee between --17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Shouldn't have 18 ever made it to court. 19 MR. ROBERTS: Who else? Was it Mr. Joyce 20 again? Yes. 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I didn't put --22 I'm -- exactly what he said. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: 100 percent. 25 MR. ROBERTS: Who else agrees with

1 Mr. Jensen? 2 Okay. We've got Mr. Evans; right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yeah. Juror 53. 3 4 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Well, I didn't put it on the questionnaire because I didn't think of 6 7 it. But I felt that the -- the amount that was awarded to that lady was -- was too much. 8 9 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: You expect coffee 11 to be hot. In fact, you complain if it wasn't. 12 MR. ROBERTS: So when -- when we're talking 13 about the McDonald's case and people who disagree, say 14 there's something wrong with the system if this is 15 really happening, who thinks that might be in their 16 mind when -- when they're deciding the evidence in this 17 case? Or are we just writing that off to something 18 that happened that you disagree with, but it's not 19 going to affect your decision here in any way? Those 20 are the two extremes. Who thinks, you know, I know 21 about it, I disagree with it, but it's not going to 22 affect me at all here? Everyone? 23 Mr. Joyce, it's going to affect you; right? 24 Because of some of the things you have shared with us

25

earlier.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yeah, exactly.
2	MR. ROBERTS: So let me talk to you about
3	just your you personally and how you perceive pain.
4	So as we go down the line again, I'm going to let
5	everyone talk for a minute about it, but what what
6	I'd like you to tell me is whether you believe you have
7	a high tolerance for pain, a low tolerance for pain,
8	and what's the worst pain you've ever experienced on a
9	scale of 1 to 10, 10 being the worst pain possible.
10	Mr. Solomon.
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I believe I have
12	a high pain tolerance.
13	MR. ROBERTS: Uh-huh.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: From heavy weight
15	exercising and martial arts, I tend to be a little bit
16	thick skinned.
17	MR. ROBERTS: What about (noise). You ever
18	touch that live wire?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: Yeah, I have.
20	MR. ROBERTS: What would you say is the
21	highest pain you've ever experienced was on a scale of
22	1 to 10.
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: Two or 3.
24	MR. ROBERTS: How many volts was that?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: 277.

1 MR. ROBERTS: Two to 3. Wow. You do have a 2 high tolerance. 3 All right. Let's -- Mr. Brandon. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I'm up there in 5 the high tolerance. Always getting hurt, cutting I have a race car at home. I hit the wall mvself. 7 head on. So my tolerance -- seat belts crushed my 8 body. It's a 10, but I managed. 9 MR. ROBERTS: How fast were you going when 10 you hit the wall? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: 130. 12 MR. ROBERTS: Wow. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Coming out of a 14 corner, just straight into it. 15 MR. ROBERTS: Congratulations on being here. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I was black and 17 blue from the seat belts, and -- yeah, paramedics had 18 to get me out of the car while it was on fire. So I 19 don't remember much about it. 20 MR. ROBERTS: Have you ever had any other 21 experiences where you had pain that approached that 22 level? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Falling on my arm 24 and bending it all the backwards and breaking it the

other way when I was little, but that was about it.

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             MR. ROBERTS: You still remember how much
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   that hurt?
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I remember that
 4
   one, yeah.
5
             MR. ROBERTS: What would you say that was on
 6
   a scale of 1 to 10.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: That one probably
8
   felt like a 4 to 5, just because the way it bent
   backward and snapped.
                          Thanks.
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             MR. ROBERTS:
11
             Ms. Flores.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Like, my high
  tolerance for, like, physical pain?
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14
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: I would say it's
   pretty high. I work in a kitchen. You get, you know,
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   cuts, burns, scrapes. Like, I would say it's, like, a
18
   5. I don't know. When you're in the moment in that
19
   kitchen, like, you don't really think about it. You
20
   just do. You see that you're hurt, but you just kind
21
  of move along.
22
             MR. ROBERTS: Sometimes when you're cooking,
23
   you cut yourself, you sort of look at. You know, it's
24
   going to hurt later.
25
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Yeah. And you
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don't -- you don't really focus in on it. You just
keep on going.

MR. ROBERTS: So is that the worst pain that you've ever felt is that type of sort of mishappen in the kitchen and cuts and scrapes.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Yep.

MR. ROBERTS: Never run into a wall at 130 miles an hour?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: No.

MR. ROBERTS: But it's interesting that you asked to distinguish mental and physical pain. I don't think anyone's ever told me that because the assumption was probably physical pain. But — but I guess how would you compare your tolerance for emotional pain to your tolerance for physical pain? Which do you have a higher tolerance for?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: I feel like I have a low tolerance for emotional pain. Like, my brother was in the hospital, and that was like — like a really big deal to me. And that's something that, you know, I couldn't even handle. But in the kitchen, I see, like, a cut, hurt, bruise, burn, and it's — doesn't really faze me that much. But in the emotional sense, yeah, I feel like I have a low tolerance for emotional pain.

MR. ROBERTS: When -- when you -- the example you gave was of someone else in pain which was causing you emotional pain; is that fair?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Yeah. And is that a common -do you empathize a lot with people who are in pain, or
is it just because he was someone very, very close to
you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Just because it was someone very close to me. Like, outside, I'll like — I won't empathize as much. If you're really close to me, then, yes, I empathize with him because he's my brother.

MR. ROBERTS: And — and one of the things that — that I think you'll probably be told is that you can't make your decision in this case based on sympathy. And it can't be sympathy for — for the plaintiff because she's hurt, and it can't be sympathy for the defendants for being in this position. You know, which some of us may be in soon.

But, you know, of course you're going to feel those emotions for people in both these positions because they're both uncomfortable positions to be in. But the important thing is that you can set that aside and only judge it based on the facts and evidence and

not sympathy, which would be improper.

Is everyone okay? I think what -- you'd be okay doing that; right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: And is there anyone here who thinks that — that sympathy for either side in the position they're in in this lawsuit might enter into their thoughts and their verdict once they start talking about this?

All right. Mr. Jensen, I think you're next.

And if you want to draw a distinction between emotional and physical pain, everyone can do that.

prospective Juror No. 015: Physical pain, I guess. 015. I have a high tolerance for pain. I had my wrist put back together here two years ago, and I came out of the anesthesia and the doctor said, What's your pain level? And I go, 2. My wife was there, and she goes, 2 to him is a 6 on a normal scale at least.

So the greatest physical pain I've had is probably an 8 on my 1 to 10 scale. I have a back that sometimes decides to just go out on me. And I can be standing — in fact, about three years ago, I was talking to my neighbor just in the driveway, and I hit the ground. I was on the ground so fast that he thought I had died.

1 MR. ROBERTS: Just standing there talking? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Just standing 3 there talking. It was just instantaneous pain. You 4 know, after about 20 minutes, I crawled back to the 5 house and took 20 white pills and I was okay. MR. ROBERTS: And emotional pain? How's your 6 7 tolerance for that? Is it also a curb, like, high 8 tolerance for emotional pain? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: You know, 10 probably a little bit -- not quite as high. But I 11 don't believe I really deal with emotional pain for myself, very similar, close family members or friends 12 or something, then that's -- that's harder to deal 13 14 with. 15 MR. ROBERTS: Harder to see loved ones suffer 16 than you have yourself suffer sometimes; right? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Exactly. 18 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 19 Mr. Foerstel. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Yes, 023. 21 Different tolerances for different types of pain. 22 Like, acute pain, I'm probably, like, average, but, 23 like, a long-suffering pain. The acute pain, the worst 24 I had was like a -- having kidney stones. I mean, that 25 had me down on all fours just thinking I was dying

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right then and there and -- but I also -- then the
1
   suffering pain, I can suffer with the best of them.
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   I've run a bunch of marathons and nothing can describe
   the suffering for the last -- sometimes when you don't
   run the race very well, last 5, 6 miles of the marathon
   and then -- but I've suffered through it a number of
7
   times.
8
             Emotional pain, pretty much the same as
9
   Larry. I mean, for myself, seeing other ones hurt and
10
   not really, you know, myself, you know.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: Thanks so much, Mr. Joyce.
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
13
             MR. ROBERTS: Tolerance for pain, and the --
   on the scale of 1 to 10, what's the most severe pain
14
15
   you can recall now and what caused it?
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             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: What caused it?
17
   I had C6 and 7 fused and had a lot of pain in my neck
18
   and shoulders and arm from a diving accident.
             MR. ROBERTS: C6 is the cervical?
19
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
21
             MR. ROBERTS: Right.
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Had some sciatica
23
   problems similar to like he was describing. Pretty
24
   painful stuff.
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MR. ROBERTS: Scale of 1 to 10, what do you

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recall that pain being?
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2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Bad.
 3
             MR. ROBERTS: Bad.
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 29: Just bad. I don't
5
   really know that scale very well. Just bad pain.
 6
             MR. ROBERTS: Do you consider yourself to
7
   have a high tolerance for pain or a low tolerance?
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Mediocre.
9
   don't know.
10
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Average?
11
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yeah.
12
             MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Gold.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes.
13
14
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Badge number.
                                          I'm sorry.
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: 036.
16
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you.
17
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I think I have a
18
   high tolerance for pain. I endured eight rounds of
19
   chemo last year, and that is the worse pain I've ever
20
   had, deep-in-your-bones pain.
21
             And emotionally, I'm old, and I've been
22
   through a lot. So I do feel for -- for my loved ones
23
   when they're in pain. Emotionally, I think I can --
24
   I'm pretty strong. I think I can get through things at
25
   my age.
```

1 MR. ROBERTS: So you have a very high 2 tolerance for emotional pain, strong person. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes. Uh-huh. 4 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much. 5 And I had to -- I had to check the 6 pronunciation. I got it in the notes. Cyganek. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: That's right. 8 0106. High tolerance for pain. I was thrown out of a vehicle back in 1997. Wasn't driving, went through the 10 whole procedures of everything. Insurance company, 11 claims, all that. So I tie that into -- I'm 20 percent disabled for life with a broke -- with an artificial 12 13 hip. But I get up every day and I go to work. I probably count on this hand in 45 years of taking off 14 15 work, something like that. 16 So then you get to the emotional, I don't 17 worry about me, but I worry about family and loved 18 ones. Obviously, I have a big family, 6 children, 19 12 grandchildren and growing. But you get up every 20 day, and you do the best you can to create that example 21 for everybody around you. So that's --22 MR. ROBERTS: So when was the accident again? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: '97. 24 MR. ROBERTS: Long time ago. And --25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: And we were

talking too, earlier, about McDonald's. I retired from 1 2 McDonald's. Went to Hamburg University, so very 3 familiar with it. But sometimes I'll just let people 4 say what they want. 5 MR. ROBERTS: So based on what you know about 6 the McDonald's case, you have a different opinion than 7 has been expressed here? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: I've heard a lot 9 of different things. Again, I wasn't there privy to 10 the -- to the situation. But I learned a long time 11 ago, like with McDonald's, for every attorney we think 12 we have, they got ten. And you can present your case 13 and have all the facts and everything, but they're 14 going to -- you have to look at the evidence. 15 Everything is presented. And I tie it in yesterday with the 51 to 49 percent. A lot of times you can 16 17 learn more in a situation like that than being way up at 95 or 100 percent. You know, it's the learning 18 19 experience and keep an open mind. 20 MR. ROBERTS: What was your pain level -- the 21 accident was your highest pain that you experienced. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Correct. 23 MR. ROBERTS: What do you recall that being? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: I'll be honest

with you. I'm sitting on the side of the road coming

back from Arizona, Phoenix. I'm heading towards Vegas, and we flipped and rolled a 1997 Suburban. So we're facing going back to Arizona. I'm -- all I can remember is shock sets in. You're sitting on the side of the road, a big semi blocks us so you don't get run I didn't have my whole family with me, which is I had a son that was five years old at the time. good. If the car would have rolled another 2 feet, he wouldn't be here.

So somebody upstairs was looking out for you, but you learn from that because you take so many things for granted when you're healthy and everything is going your way with money, whatever, good job, career. Been there done all that. You have to appreciate your health and — and be the best you can be around everybody in your life each day. And if you do that, you'll be fine, so ...

MR. ROBERTS: Did I hear you right that — that every day since then that you get up, you still have pain?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: No. I -- I wear a brace. You still deal with pain, but you don't let -- because of my high tolerance of physical pain, you don't let that bother you. You still get up, and you move, you be productive, and you stay active. Four

more years, I want to retire. So it's kind of like you 1 2 still want to be yourself and do things, so ... 3 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: You're welcome. 4 5 MR. ROBERTS: Appreciate you sharing all that 6 with me. 7 Mr. Retzlaff. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Badge 088. I 9 think I have a high tolerance for pain. Been a chef. 10 I have cut parts of my fingers off, burned myself. 11 About 2011, I ended up in a long boarding incident. Ι 12 was going about 35 miles an hour and broke my 13 collarbone, dislocated my shoulder, had to have 14 reconstructive surgery on it. That was probably the 15 most pain because that was about maybe four days out of 16 actually having the surgery to reconstruct my shoulder. 17 And I would say I was probably about, maybe, like, a 4 18 or 5. That was just when I was trying to get up 19 because you really can't do anything when you have a 20 collarbone injury, so ... 21 Other than that, I mean, I'm pretty sure I've 22 got a high pain tolerance because I've caught -- I 23 worked with electricity too. I know I've caught 24 534 volts -- it was DC, though -- but coming off of the

solar panels. But that, you know, was nothing more

than, you know, shaking it off and screaming an expletive, and then going back to work.

But as far as emotional, I think it's just kind of in everybody. I think it would be kind of weird to hear somebody say that, you know, they don't feel for the ones that, you know, they can't really necessarily help. You know, you can't be there and experience the pain for them knowing you have a high tolerance. You can't take that in and take, you know, some of that away from them. But, you know, it's just — it's one of those things where I think I have a high emotional tolerance too because seeing a lot growing up, experienced a lot, but it just — you got take it and let it make you stronger.

MR. ROBERTS: And I don't mean to be -- I'm making assumptions, but I grew up in the '70s in Virginia Beach, and long boarding was surfing.

Is that what you were doing?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: No. Long board -- sorry. Long boarding, skateboarding. So it's basically a surf board on wheels.

MR. ROBERTS: Very good. Okay. Just trying to picture what happened.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Yeah. I rolled and -- and stood up, and my friend that was actually

with me was looking at me, and he passed out because my 1 bone was hanging out of my arm. And I put it back in, 2 and then some guy walking down the street just ran past 3 me because he was scared. So it was one of those 5 things where you just kind of suck it up, and you have to deal with it. 6

7 MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Avilaroa, and I practiced that last night.

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Badge No. 078. I'm -- I would guess, like, I do have a high tolerance for pain, like, physical pain. I do. I'm -- obviously I have tattoos and a few of them covered. So I think I dropped -- I dropped a box of quarters that I was delivering to -- one time to -- to a company and -- on my foot, and was that pretty painful for me. But I, fortunately, never, you know, had any severe pain. I've never really broken anything.

I think it's more of a emotional kind of -- I have a high tolerance for emotional pain. But it's kind of like everybody says, you know. It's -- it's more of, like, seeing people hurt that's -- kind of makes me feel bad or -- like, I have kids. When my daughter, she broke her arm, you know, so that -- that to me is like, oh, I wish -- I wish it would happen to me instead of her. You know, just like, you know,

```
emotional -- emotionally, like, I have a high tolerance
1
   for pain like for -- on myself, when it's, like,
2
   something happens to me, I can handle it pretty well.
3
   But when it's, like, somebody else, when something
 4
   happens to somebody else, that's when it's kind of hard
5
   for me to take that, but -- but yeah.
7
             MR. ROBERTS: So how would you -- how would
8
   you put that experience with -- how much does a box of
9
   quarters weigh?
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: I'm not sure.
11
   It's pretty -- it's pretty like -- like, 25 pounds, I
12
   would guess about 25 pounds. Yeah, like, that was --
   that was a horrible experience because, I mean, if I
13
   loose -- it broke, so all -- pennies were all over --
14
   like, quarters were all over the -- all over the place.
15
16
   So I was, like, you know, limping everywhere trying to
17
   pick up every quarter. It was all over the street that
18
   was horrible. That was embarrassing. So yeah, I
19
   mean --
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Which hurt worse, the quarters
21
   or the tattoos?
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Oh, the quarters.
23
             MR. ROBERTS: The quarters.
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Oh, yeah, the
```

25

quarters.

1 MR. ROBERTS: And, Ms. Bias. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Badge No. 066. I 3 would say I have a pretty high level. I've been 4 through childbirth, so you know --5 MR. ROBERTS: Yes. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: -- that's pretty 7 painful. And I actually went natural. So I had no drugs or anything, because it was kind of too late. So 9 I think I have a high level of pain tolerance. 10 MR. ROBERTS: My wife planned to go to 11 It was a plan. natural. 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: It was not fun. 13 MR. ROBERTS: What would you say the highest, 14 1 to 10, in your childbirth? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Fifteen. It was 16 not -- it was not -- you know. But if you ask me if I will do it over again, I definitely would. 17 18 But emotional, I think it's when it comes to 19 my family members, especially my daughter, because 20 before I started working, it was just me and her, 21 because my husband worked constantly. And it's like 22 you have that bond. So when she gets hurt, it's like 23 you kind of get the feeling that you're hurt too. yeah, it's just only to people that I really have that 25 connection with that I feel for them. And -- and

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1
   animals so yeah.
2
             MR. ROBERTS: And animals?
 3
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: And animals,
 4
   yeah.
5
             MR. ROBERTS: Did you put something on your
 6
   jury questionnaire about that?
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yeah.
8
             MR. ROBERTS: You like animals better than
9
   most people?
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yeah.
                                                They don't
11
   talk back.
12
             MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Berkery.
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: I don't know how
14
   to follow that. I don't.
15
             My pain tolerance is situationally dependent.
   It kind of pisses me off when you go to give blood and
16
   they stick your finger. It really hurts. On the other
17
18
   hand, I was a firefighter, EMT for ten years. And when
19
   I -- the worst pain I ever experienced was during a
20
   rescue. We had to go evacuate a building and the
21
   person weighed over 350, and because of the -- the
22
   stairwell, only two of us could carry. So my back
23
   popped, and there was no choice but to go two more
24
  flights down. So when it happened, you -- everything
25
   goes white, you're sweating, you don't know what to do.
```

```
1
  You can't breathe, and then you still have to do what
   you have to do. So, you know, that's why -- that's why
2
3
   I kind of look it as situationally dependent.
 4
             Emotionally, I would say my tolerance is very
5
   high. I think I react like everybody else does. But I
   haven't crumbled from an emotion yet. I have had
7
   horrible ones. I've had great ones, but I think
   everybody here tolerates whatever emotion is given to
9
   them. And if -- if we all fell apart, none of us would
10
   be sitting in the box.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: True, very true.
12
             How would you, as you think back on it, rate
   that pain in your back from 1 to 10?
13
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: I always like to
15
   leave the room for something else, so I would have to
16
   say maybe 8, 9.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: But it's nothing else you have
18
   experienced that's higher than that.
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: No.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
21
             Mr. Roberts.
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: 058.
23
             THE COURT: Let me interrupt you for just a
24
   minute, Mr. Roberts.
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Sure.

MR. ROBERTS:

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we have some kids here. We usually have — about two or three days a week, we have probably 50 or 60 elementary school kids that come in and do field trips here, and I usually take about 20 minutes to talk to them. I'm not going to do that today because we're in the middle of a trial, obviously. But you may see kids not just today, but during the next several weeks, we're going to have kids coming in and out of here. Don't be distracted by them. They're just here to watch and listen.

We're glad to have you guys here. We're in the middle of jury selection. So the questions that are going to be asked by the attorneys, we're just trying to pick a jury out of all these people that are here. And then the next day or two, we're going to have a jury of ten people. You can just listen to some of the questions that are asked. Unfortunately, I'm not going to have a lot — any time to really talk to you guys and answer questions today. But maybe next time. Maybe I can come to your class. We'll see.

Sorry. Go ahead.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Judge.

So, Mr. Roberts, we were about to talk about your pain tolerance and the most painful experience you've had in life.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I think 2 physically, I have -- I have endured some pretty high 3 tolerances. I'm a former athlete, professional, and I've broken things, sprained things. I've been hit in 4 5 various ways. Just part of what the job. MR. ROBERTS: What sport did you play on a 6 7 professional --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I played 9 basketball. 10 MR. ROBERTS: Basketball? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yes, sir. 12 MR. ROBERTS: And what's the highest pain you can remember experiencing, scale of 1 to 10. 13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I'm sure 9, 10. 15 You know, when you break bones or you -- you end up in 16 a heap on a floor because of, you know, severe other 17 issues going on, tweaked knees, tweaked legs, my 18 ankles. I've had the whole gamut of things. 19 MR. ROBERTS: You've experienced a lot of 20 pain, but you -- you have a high tolerance for it, and 21 you just had to deal with it as part of your career. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah. And 23 oftentimes with certain types of injuries, you know, 24 you're down for the -- that -- that day, but you're 25 back up working and back practicing the next day. I

```
mean, I've had ankles that size and back working the
1
2
   next day.
3
             MR. ROBERTS: Really?
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: True.
 5
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
 6
             Mr. Evans.
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: 053. I quess I
8
   have a fair -- medium tolerance for pain. And the
9
   worst was when I broke my shoulder. Not right after,
10
   but a little bit after, it just really, really hurt.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: When you say "a little bit
12
  after," like, a couple of minutes after or --
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yeah.
14
             MR. ROBERTS: Did it keep increasing?
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Well, a few
   minutes after, in fact, somebody asked me if I was okay
16
17
   and I said yes. And it didn't really hit yet.
18
             MR. ROBERTS: Then you realized you weren't
19
   okay?
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yeah.
21
             MR. ROBERTS: And how would you rate that
22
   pain on a scale of 1 to 10?
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: I guess 5, maybe.
             MR. ROBERTS: Highest it got was 5?
24
25
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: It seemed like
```

```
higher at the time.
1
2
             MR. ROBERTS: So as you look back on it, it
3
   was a 5. But at the time, you weren't thinking scale.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: (Inaudible
 4
5
   response.)
 6
             MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Perreida.
 7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes.
                                               130.
8
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you.
 9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: High tolerance
10
   pain, I think when I give birth to my daughter in the
11
   car.
12
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           In?
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: In a car.
14
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           That's what I thought you said.
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130:
                                         Yes.
16
             MR. ROBERTS: In the car.
17
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: It was about
18
   eight minutes from the house to the hospital, and I
   don't know that -- I still remember that pain and think
19
20
   about a number 10 for me at that time. Because never
21
   pain from anything else, accident or whatever.
22
             MR. ROBERTS: Wow.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: You know.
23
             MR. ROBERTS: Did you say daughters?
24
25
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes. And she
```

1 come out -- came out with the sac. It's not water 2 break for me. 3 MR. ROBERTS: Wow. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yeah. And -- and 5 the oldest -- my oldest daughter, she broken her arm, I think about eight years old, at school. And the 7 teacher, I don't know. They didn't check -- they didn't know that the -- she broke her arm, and they send her home with the bus. Yeah. And I don't know. 10 I kind of cried on that. Yeah. 11 MR. ROBERTS: So emotionally that was pretty painful to know your daughter had been through that? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Uh-huh. teacher didn't know that she broke her arm and send her 14 15 to the bus, and it's my baby broke more, you know. 16 MR. ROBERTS: Did it heal up okay? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yeah, she healed 18 up okay. Right now, she ten years old and -- and 19 that's two years ago. 20 Thank you for sharing. MR. ROBERTS: 21 Ms. Abeles. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Hi. 23 Juror No. 043. I guess I'm not alone. I gave birth 24 naturally. I planned it that way. At the hospital, 25 they begged me to take an epidural because I was

1 cursing. I remind myself on Mother's Day with a video, 2 because perception is reality. And as you're going through something at the moment, you think it's just 3 holy moly; right? So my number would be, I think, a 7. 5 I'm sure there's other things that I'm sure I don't want to experience that could be more painful. But in 7 the end I ended up with a child. So it was all good. If I could do it again, I would. And I mean, like I probably said yesterday, I'm happily divorced, but it 10 was the one thing that my ex-husband was able to give 11 me, that I have a child now, so, you know. But let the powers be known, you know. It's fine. 12

Emotionally, I work with kids. I do a lot of philanthropy, a lot of charity work, volunteer work.

And one of my philosophies that I try to instill in my son and everything is we're here to make the whole world a better place. So I do what I have to do in life. I try to provide. And sometimes do I wear, you know, my feelings out here? Probably. I'm a girl, you know. But things happen and we get on with life.

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MR. ROBERTS: And, you know, as we're talking about pain and transitioning to kids and the making the world a better place, it's interesting to see how you got there.

Who -- who feels like part of your job as a

```
person is to make the world a better place? Who feels
1
  that's not part of their job? So everyone else is sort
3
   of in the middle. You're not really thinking about it,
   but appreciate you bringing that up.
 4
5
             So, Mr. Franco, let's talk about -- go back
 6
   to pain.
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Pain?
8
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Yes.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: 96. Sorry about
 9
10
   that. I'm pretty -- it's pretty high. I can deal with
11
   a little bit of pain. I think the highest, probably 8
12
   or 9, kidney stone. And little cut on my nipple.
  Don't recommend it.
13
             Emotional, pretty strong emotionally. Yeah,
14
15
  I don't -- about 8 or 9.
16
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Eight or 9?
17
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: (Nods head.)
18
             MR. ROBERTS: Physical?
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: No -- yeah,
20
   physical. Emotional, I'm up there, 8 or 9 I can
21
   handle.
22
             MR. ROBERTS: You've experienced 8 or 9 in
23
   emotional pain?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Yeah.
25
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes. I won't ask you what that
```

1	was from. Physical, we can talk about.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Right.
3	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Go.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Badge 141. For
5	emotional pain, I'm very much emotional person. My
6	father just passed away two weeks ago and still
7	mourning his death.
8	And as far as physical pain, probably a
9	little higher than emotional. Just like the mothers
10	here, I gave birth to two children, and I ask for
11	epidural right away. So pain level, probably 7 and 8.
12	MR. ROBERTS: That's
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: But emotional,
14	lower for me. But it has to be within the family
15	member, of course.
16	MR. ROBERTS: And that seems to be common
17	with everyone here is you feel other people that
18	you're close to, you feel their pain more.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Yes.
20	MR. ROBERTS: Affects you more emotionally,
21	and you're the same way.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Yes.
23	MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Corum.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Yes. Well, I've
25	gone through some things with pain. I've had ulcers in

```
my stomach, in my intestines and all that, so I've
1
  actually been bedridden for weeks with, you know,
2
3
   random sporadic pain, maybe up to 7, 8, you know. And
   it lasts. So it lasted for a long time. I got over
   it. So I -- you know, I have a tolerance for pain.
   That may be not the most, the highest level of pain I
7
   have ever felt, but it's the highest and longest
8
   duration that I have ever felt.
9
             MR. ROBERTS: It lasted for weeks?
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: I was out of
11
  school for the last six weeks of tenth grade. And
12
   then, you know, I got on a diet and I had my plan or
13
   whatever. So I don't remember exactly how long it
14
   lasted, but it still can pop up again, you know.
15
             MR. ROBERTS: At that time, you had about six
   weeks of continuous, seven-day pain.
16
17
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: (Nods head.)
18
   Yeah. Emotionally --
19
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes, sir.
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: -- I had a lot of
21
   emotional feats to hurdle. I don't want to discuss
22
   them here today.
23
             MR. ROBERTS: And you don't have to.
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: And -- but I --
25
   I've gone through it, you know. I'm still working on
```

```
1
   it, but, I'm -- I'm pretty good.
2
             MR. ROBERTS: Stronger, the things you've
3
   been through made you stronger emotionally, do you
 4
   think?
5
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Yeah.
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes.
 6
7
             And, Mr. Inglett, you're last, this issue.
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: High tolerance.
9
   I had my eardrum replaced a few years ago. So they cut
10
   my skull open, took fascia from my head, and rebuilt my
11
   eardrum.
12
             MR. ROBERTS: That does -- does sound
13
   painful.
14
             How would you rate that pain?
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: That was a 10 for
16
   sure.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: That was a 10 for sure.
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: Yes.
19
             MR. ROBERTS: Sorry you had to go through
20
   that.
21
             Mr. Corum, I'm going to pick on you a little
22
   bit more about yesterday.
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Okay.
24
             MR. ROBERTS: I hope you don't think I'm
25
   picking on you, but I need to go back to a subject
```

and — and maybe ask you to think about things more.

Maybe you were thinking about things yesterday after we spoke. And — and what I wanted to talk was about your statement that you weren't sure how the lawsuit being prosecuted by Glen Lerner against you might affect you; that if it heated up and things might happen, you're not sure how that might affect your judgment-making in this case.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: But you're not there yet where it would affect you, but you're not sure how it might affect you.

So what I would ask you to do is think about this again, and, you know, if the trial goes three to four weeks, we don't know what's going to happen in your lawsuit, we don't know if it's going to heat up. As you thought about that, can you — can you promise me and my client that you're not going to let that affect you at all? Or do you think that, There's still a possibility that it may affect me, it might be in the back of my mind depending on what happens, so I probably wouldn't be the best juror for your case. Even though I'm willing to do my duty, I may not be the right guy for this case given my personal situation with the lawyers.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Well, I've gone 2 through a lot of, like, random things, like, with 3 family. You know, I've come to a point where I don't really -- I try to be fair. I've been given the shit stick a lot of times. Like, you know, what I'm saying? I've gotten -- I've been on the wrong end of things a 7 lot. And I don't like it at all. So I try to be the 8 fairest that I can. 9 MR. ROBERTS: So because you felt you've been 10 treated unfairly in the past, you would do your 11 absolute best to be fair to others --12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Yes. 13 MR. ROBERTS: -- so they never feel the way 14 you did. 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Pretty much. 16 MR. ROBERTS: And I know some people have 17 been involved in -- in claims and litigation. 18 Is there anyone else who feels that maybe 19 in -- in their personal life, especially dealing with 20 the money dispute or an accident or a lawsuit, anything 21 like that that might be close to -- to a legal 22 proceeding, that you got treated unfairly, that you got 23 the shaft in that? Anyone else feel that way, have 24 that type of personal life experience? 25 And I'm -- I'm going to go back and -- to

you, Mr. Solomon, and the reason I'm going to go back 1 is I know we talked about this some before, but I did notice that in your jury questionnaire, you wrote that 3 you could not award money for pain and suffering. 4 5 Do you remember putting that down? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: It was more on 6 7 the effect of blatant disregard for individuals, like drunk driver or somebody who was on some sort of narcotic ran into somebody. I think that's like 10 blatant negligence. And I don't know what word I want 11 to use. Worry about frivolous lawsuits, that type of 12 thing. The burglar falling through the skylight type of thing. I heard that one too. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: But if you listen to the facts 15 and the evidence in a case after you were selected as a 16 juror and you didn't think the lawsuit was frivolous 17 based on the facts you heard, then you're okay awarding 18 money for the pain that someone else caused through 19 their negligence. You're okay with that? Or you're 20 still not quite there. 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: No. 22 MR. ROBERTS: You're not there. You would 23 have trouble doing that? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: To some extent.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So we've talked about

your highest levels of pain and what caused it. Looking back at those experiences or even others that might not have been as severe, has anyone had pain interfere with their ability to do something that they enjoy doing, whether it's a hobby or work or time with family? Ms. Bias. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes. Number is 

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes. Number is 066. Well, I have a bulging disk in my lower back, and sometimes if I turn wrong, it, like, grabs so I get a pinched nerve in my back. And sometimes it's really hard to, like, do activities with my daughter. So I just put a heating pad and do whatever I can do. And then I guess get through it, because I'd rather have her happy than me just laying around, you know. So, yeah. But I know the pain, it's not fun.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes. Thank you.

Any -- anyone else have something?

Mr. Roberts.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: 058. Just from wearing them out, I tell people I have —— I have 2 million miles on my knees versus the million miles they were designed for. I still enjoy playing and getting out, but there's —— there's days when the knees won't let me play no more.

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1
             MR. ROBERTS: It's tough.
2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Go through these
3
   bouts, but it impedes that -- that enjoyment. It's
 4
   something that I enjoy.
5
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you for sharing that,
 6
   Mr. Roberts.
7
             Mr. Jensen, yes.
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 015. Due to my
9
   wrist, it's been three years that I haven't been able
   to do sports that I normally would have, golfed,
10
11
   tennis, bowling. You know, those are minor, to be
12
  honest with you.
13
             MR. ROBERTS: And if I recall, when you told
14
  us about that, you had surgery on your wrist?
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: That's correct.
15
16
             MR. ROBERTS: But the surgery didn't resolve
  all the issues?
17
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: No. But they
19
   actually want to go in and fuse all the bones together,
20
   but I don't think that sounds like fun.
21
             MR. ROBERTS: I think that helps your golf
22
   swing.
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Only with the
   golf, but I was terrible anyways.
24
25
             MR. ROBERTS: Anybody else?
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Ms. Gold. 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yeah. 3 MR. ROBERTS: I'm sorry. Badge number. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 0136: I'm sorry too. 5 036. 6 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: While I was going 8 through chemo, I didn't want to do anything. It just 9 wears you out. It just gives you intense fatigue as 10 well as the pain. It was very intense. 11 Currently, I'm taking a medication to keep the cancer at bay, and it causes arthritis, so I -- I'm 12 13 battling pain from that too. And -- and, you know, it prevents me. I live with my daughter and her seven 14 15 kids and her husband, and it prevents me from, you 16 know, interacting with them as much as I would like to. 17 MR. ROBERTS: Other than interfering with the 18 things you used to do with the kids, what other areas 19 of your life has that impacted? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Writing, using 21 the computer. It's -- it's the arthritis basically in 22 my -- my fingers now. And it hurts. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Retzlaff, you had your hand 24 up? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Yes. Badge 088.

Since this shoulder injury and stuff, I can't -- you 1 know, I can't -- I can run them, but, you know, doing 2 things like doing marathons, like the Spartan races, 3 it's very hard whenever it requires, you know, pulling body strength and stuff since I have to overcompensate for my left arm. 6 7 MR. ROBERTS: Did you used to do the Spartan 8 races? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Yeah, yeah. Ι 10 used to before as well. And I've done one since and I 11 made it through, so -- but yeah, it's just -- it's a 12 lot difficult. I mean, simple things is, you know, if 13 I'm not wearing certain types of clothes, and, you know, my seat belt cover isn't resting on my shoulder 14 15 right, I can feel the nerves connect and it shoots up 16 my neck and stuff. So it's -- it's something I have to 17 deal with, you know, constantly, but, you know, you 18 work around it. Do the best you can with it. 19 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. 20 Anyone -- anyone else I've missed that had 21 their hand up? 22 THE COURT: Going to do a different line of 23 questioning? 24

Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Why don't we break now for lunch.

MR. ROBERTS:

That way, I can talk to the attorneys and maybe we can excuse some people. Maybe not. But we'll go ahead and take lunch from 12:00 to 1:00, have you guys come back at 1:00 o'clock.

During our break, you're instructed not to talk with each other or with anyone else about any subject or issue connected with this trial. You are not to read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with this case or by any medium of information, including, without limitation, newspapers, television, the Internet, or radio. You are not to conduct any research on your own, which means you cannot talk with others, Tweet others, text others, Google issues, or conduct any other kind of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or attorney involved in this case. You're not to form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this trial until the case is finally submitted to you.

I know that there was somebody that tried to have a -- make a comment to the lawyers in the elevator today. Please don't do that. They're not going to talk back to you. Don't talk to them.

Thank you. See you back at 1:00 o'clock.

(The following proceedings were held

1 outside the presence of the jury.) 2 THE COURT: We're outside the presence of the 3 jury. 4 You want to put anything on the record now or 5 no? 6 MR. MAZZEO: Yes. 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. MAZZEO: During -- at one point, 9 Mr. Roberts was speaking to the jurors. I guess he 10 was -- he was still on that topic of tort reform or 11 caps, and he had mentioned -- this was in a general 12 statement before he went into individual questioning. 13 He said, Does anybody have any concerns -- something in his -- his preamble, he was saying something to the 14 15 effect that, Does anybody have any concerns about 16 frivolous lawsuits that might affect higher insurance 17 premiums? And that's specifically excluded by Jared 18 Awerbach's Motion in Limine No. 19, where he was 19 allowed to question about tort reform, but specifically 20 not about higher insurance premiums or -- or mention 21 that, and that came up. 22 MR. ROBERTS: And he -- he is correct. didn't ask about it first. It was Mr. Joyce, I 23 24 believe, who said that's why he thinks there should be 25 caps in place, and I did repeat it when I asked back

the panel. I shouldn't have done that. I -- I missed that. But my associate has just shown me the part of the order which says I can't do it. So I can't defend other than to say it wasn't intentional.

THE COURT: Okay. Be careful.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. MAZZEO: Did you --

MR. ROBERTS: Yes, Your Honor, we'd like to move to excuse Mr. Joyce for cause. I think he was pretty clear that he — there are a number of things that have gone on during the questionnaire where I don't think he wants to be here. He's trying to get off for financial hardship. He said that in order to award a significant sum of money, I'm going to have to weigh the scales pretty heavily down to one side. It would be hard for him to award significant sums for pain and suffering. I don't think I'm starting at an even keel here with just having to meet my preponderance burden, and I just don't think he's the right juror for this case, and I'd ask to have him excused.

MR. MAZZEO: Judge, I think Mr. Joyce had expressed at one point when Mr. Roberts had made a reference to what he might have said the day before. He said he wanted to clarify something, and he wasn't

clear about what it was, but he thought that he had
been misquoted. And so I -- I don't think -- I would
like to traverse Mr. Joyce just to discuss this topic
with him because I'm not certain that he was definitive
in being biased or not being able to follow the rule of
law, so ...

THE COURT: I think he said that the plaintiffs wouldn't want him on the jury unless the plaintiff was in a wheelchair.

MR. MAZZEO: Well, Judge, I mean, we also have jurors who will say things to get out of a trial.

13 THE COURT: True.

Doesn't mean that --

MR. MAZZEO: — that — and we have jurors who are skeptical. It doesn't mean they're biased. So they make statements that may not actually reflect their — their values, so it's — I would like to question him briefly about that topic to see if — if that's indeed the case. And if so, I'll withdraw the objection. But at this point, I'm not going to stipulate.

THE COURT: You guys want to talk to him?

MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, we also would claim

the right to question the juror before a ruling is made

on this. We believe that he has been subjected to an

erroneous description of the preponderance of evidence 1 standard in this case. The preponderance of the 2 evidence is that -- that the jurors can be as sure as 3 they want to be about whether the scales have tipped or They have been presented the law in the sense of not. you get to be -- you get to have 49 percent lack of 7 confidence that you're correct and the plaintiffs still That's an erroneous statement of the law. wins. And -- and I don't think that the plaintiffs should be 10 allowed to capitalize on leading them astray like that.

opposition to what he perceives to be something that's unfair. And there's good reason for that because it's not a correct statement of the law.

And naturally, Mr. Joyce is -- is reacting in

So based on that, we think that you should not excuse him yet until we have a chance to present him our understanding of the preponderance of the evidence standard.

Thank you, Judge.

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MR. ROBERTS: Your Honor, I think it's a waste of time because even if you want to nitpick the preponderance statements, you can't come back under Jitnan from, You have to be in a wheelchair before I could award pain and suffering. He was very clear on that. And then as you said, I followed it up with, So

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since my client's not in a wheelchair, she doesn't want
1
   you on this jury, and he said yes. I don't see how you
2
3
   come back from that under Jitnan.
 4
             THE COURT: I'm going to let them ask him
5
   questions.
 6
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Judge.
7
             MR. MAZZEO: Thank you, Judge. Have a good
8
   lunch.
9
             THE COURT: Is that the only one?
10
             MR. MAZZEO: Oh, sorry.
             MR. ROBERTS: And -- and I'm -- I'm --
11
12
   probably shouldn't preface this. It's not good
13
   advocacy to say I'm not sure I got there with these two
14
   jurors.
15
             MR. MAZZEO: Let me get that down.
16
             MR. ROBERTS: But I don't believe -- I don't
17
   believe either one of them have really stated that they
18
   could be fair and impartial and --
19
             MR. STRASSBURG: Which ones?
20
             MR. ROBERTS: -- on the issues of pain and
21
   suffering, and maybe I'll get a stipulation. Maybe the
22
   Court agrees. I would move to excuse Mr. Brandon,
23
   Badge 3, and Mr. Solomon, Badge 1.
24
             And as part of the rationale for Mr. Solomon,
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I'd point out in the jury questionnaire where he hates

1 everyone. He says he cannot award pain and suffering.

2 So even if he says so now, you know, I still don't

3 know, based on the totality of the evidence, whether

4 he's really articulated he can be fair and impartial.

MR. MAZZEO: And I would agree with

6 Mr. Roberts that he's probably uncertain as to whether

7 he has it for cause. We would like to traverse both of

8 them.

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THE COURT: I wrote down similar notes as to what you just said. Mr. Solomon said he's not sure he can award pain and suffering, but that doesn't mean he can't.

MR. ROBERTS: Right.

THE COURT: Mr. Brandon says that he thinks he's biased against plaintiffs who bring lawsuits but doesn't necessarily assume that the plaintiff in this case brought a frivolous lawsuit, and he thinks that you're starting with even scales.

MR. ROBERTS: Yes.

THE COURT: So I don't think that you have met the burden to excuse him for cause at this point, so we'll leave them where they are for now.

MR. MAZZEO: So when we return, we resume two -- we only have to traverse, then, Mr. Joyce, not Mr. Solomon or Mr. Brandon.

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1
             THE COURT: Well, I'm going to let him keep
 2
   going, and you can get to him when you get to him.
 3
             MR. MAZZEO: Well, I think he's already moved
 4
   to --
 5
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           I think --
 6
             THE COURT: You want me to let them go?
 7
             MR. ROBERTS: I think I'd rather be having
 8
   them traverse Mr. Joyce just because if Mr. Joyce is
   going to be replaced, I'd rather get the new panel
10
   member up there, so like I said, I'm going to let them
11
   intrude on my voir dire briefly.
12
             THE COURT: We'll let them do that. Bring
   them back. We'll let you guys do Mr. Joyce first and
13
   then we'll move on.
14
15
             THE MARSHAL: Juror No. 290 wanted to speak
   to you out of the presence of the rest of the jury.
17
             THE COURT: 291?
18
             THE MARSHAL: 290. He's -- he's out in the
19
   hallway.
20
             THE COURT: Okay.
21
             THE MARSHAL: Bring him in?
22
             THE COURT: Yeah, let's bring him in.
23
             MR. ROBERTS: The brother and sister walk
24
   home from school, Your Honor.
25
             THE COURT: Hello, Mr. Lambert.
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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: How you doing? 1 2 THE COURT: Badge No. 290; right? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: Yes, sir. 4 THE COURT: What can I do for you? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: Well, yesterday 6 when we were doing the explanations on why we should be 7 excused, I didn't really feel comfortable speaking in front of everybody because I'm not really a talker. But, you know, my mom is a single mother on welfare, 10 and I -- I -- whatever I do online and whatever I make 11 goes to her. And, you know, I really can't come 12 tomorrow. If I -- if I end up staying, I cannot be 13 here tomorrow. I have to get my little brother and 14 sister. She can't afford, you know, capable to watch 15 the kids or what is it called? Safekey. We just -- we can't do it right now. My mom's in a really financial 16 burden. 17 18 THE COURT: How far do you live from the 19 school, where you pick these kids from school? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: A mile and a 21 half. I walk and get them usually, and I live on Lake 22 Mead and Nellis way down there. 23 THE COURT: And the kids are how old? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: My little sister 25 is 12, and -- wait. My little sister is 13. My little

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1
  brother is 8.
2
             THE COURT: And they can't walk home from
3
  school by themselves?
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 209: My little brother
5
   cannot. My little sister, you know, debatable. But my
 6
   little brother, no.
7
             THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. We'll
8
  excuse you. Go back down to the third floor. Let them
   know you've been excused by Department 30.
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 290: All right. Thank
11
  you.
12
             THE COURT: Thank you, sir. I ordinarily
13
  don't do that.
14
             MR. STRASSBURG: We understand, Judge. Very
15
  fair.
16
             MR. ROBERTS: We understand. It's -- it's
17
   good those kids have someone --
18
             THE COURT: It is.
19
             MR. ROBERTS: -- for them.
20
             THE COURT: They need somebody to take care
21
  of them.
22
             MR. STRASSBURG: And you don't know the
23
   neighborhood they have to walk through.
24
             THE COURT: I do.
25
             MR. STRASSBURG: Oh, you do.
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1	THE COURT: I didn't grow up too far away
2	from Lake Mead and Nellis. That's part of the reason I
3	let them go.
4	All right. Thanks, guys. See you back at
5	1:00 o'clock. Off the record.
6	(Whereupon a lunch recess was taken.)
7	THE MARSHAL: Jury entering.
8	(The following proceedings were held in
9	the presence of the jury.)
10	THE MARSHAL: Jury is present.
11	THE COURT: Go ahead and be seated. Welcome
12	back, folks. We're back on the record, Case
13	No. A637772. What we're going to do now is defense
14	counsel's going to ask some questions of Mr. Joyce,
15	so not to single you out or anything. But sorry.
16	All right. Mr. Mazzeo.
17	MR. MAZZEO: Thank you, Your Honor.
18	
19	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION
20	MR. MAZZEO: Good afternoon, everyone.
21	THE COURT: Hold on. Can we give him the
22	mic, Tom? He kind of has a soft voice. Kristy's
23	having a hard time hearing him, so hopefully it works.
24	Working?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: That for me?

1 THE COURT: Put it close to your mouth so 2 that it actually works. Thank you. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Test, test. 4 MR. MAZZEO: We just returned from lunch. 5 Good afternoon, everyone. 6 IN UNISON: Good afternoon. 7 MR. MAZZEO: But it's not my time yet. As 8 the judge told you, I can only ask Mr. Joyce some 9 questions. 10 Mr. Joyce, good afternoon. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Good afternoon. 12 MR. MAZZEO: Before lunch, you had made a 13 statement, a reference to -- in response to Mr. Roberts' question about awarding money for pain and 14 15 suffering. 16 Do you recall that line of questioning? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes. 17 18 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. And you had made a 19 statement about unless the -- something to the effect, 20 I'll paraphrase you. Unless the person or the 21 plaintiff is in a wheelchair, comes in here in a 22 wheelchair, you wouldn't award money for pain and 23 suffering. Or something to that effect? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Something to that 25 effect. I think wheel them in. But yeah, it's --

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1
             MR. MAZZEO: So what I wanted to ask you is,
2
   I -- my guess is, as I'm sitting here listening to you,
3
   I'm thinking is that -- is that a figure of speech
   where you want to -- Mr. Joyce, you want to see
   evidence of injury as opposed to, you know, speculation
   regarding injury, or you want to see actual evidence?
 6
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Exactly.
8
             MR. MAZZEO: Okay. So if I -- if I -- the
9
   literal translation is you don't really need -- in
10
   order to sit on a jury and be a member of the jury, you
11
   don't need a plaintiff to come in here in a wheelchair,
  specifically. You just want to see hard evidence
12
   before awarding money for pain and suffering.
13
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I want to see the
15
  hard evidence, yes.
16
             MR. MAZZEO: Okay. So -- now, as -- you
17
   received a summons in this case; right?
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
18
19
             MR. MAZZEO: And the summons directed you to
20
   come to court.
21
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes, it did.
22
             MR. MAZZEO: And here you are participating
23
   in the jury selection process; right?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
25
             MR. MAZZEO: So you understand that there are
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1 certain rules that you have to abide by as -- as a 2 selected juror, as a juror who is summoned; right? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Certain rules? 4 MR. MAZZEO: Certain rules. Specifically, 5 when you got the summons, you had to come here. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Right. 6 7 MR. MAZZEO: It wasn't optional. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yeah. 9 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. And -- and also, the -you haven't heard any evidence. The judge will give 10 11 you the instructions, the rule of law that you have to apply. So we don't make it up. We don't make up what 12 the rule of law is. 13 14 So knowing that -- and it's hard to process 15 this at this point, but if you can anticipate being in 16 the jury selection room, you're going to be 17 deliberating with other jurors. And if you get the 18 evidence -- at that point, you'll have all the 19 evidence, and if you get the instructions from the 20 Court, do you think, in your heart with sincerity, that 21 you could follow both the rule of law, applying the law 22 to the facts and evidence that you received in this 23 case to make a decision? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No, I wouldn't 25 feel good about it.

1	MR. MAZZEO: You would not.
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No.
3	MR. MAZZEO: Why is that?
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Like I said
5	before, I think it's overused. I think the monetary
6	damages, the awards, the amounts of money that are
7	handed out sometimes I have no idea what this
8	case
9	MR. MAZZEO: Sure.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: if it's large
11	or small, but I have a really hard time in my heart
12	seeing people get awarded large amounts of money.
13	MR. MAZZEO: And and I understand and I
14	think that's the sentiment
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I would find it
16	very hard to be in a room with a lot of people saying,
17	Yeah, we should go \$5 million. I'm thinking I would
18	be, No. No.
19	MR. MAZZEO: Yeah. No, I understand. And I
20	think the sentiments of many people are these runaway
21	verdicts and the frivolous claims.
22	But you haven't heard any evidence. There's
23	no suggestion that this is a frivolous claim; right?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Right.
25	MR. MAZZEO: So so you're just talking

1 about what you've heard in the media, in the news, 2 hearsay. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I'm talking about 4 personal feelings based on everything I see in the 5 news, yes. MR. MAZZEO: But do you have any specific, 6 7 personal -- do you have any personal experience with any cases where you have a family member, friend, 9 associate that might have been involved in a situation 10 which involved a frivolous type case? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No. 12 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. So it's -- it's all 13 speculation as far as whether you -- you don't know the percentage -- if there's a percentage of frivolous 14 15 cases versus legitimate cases; right? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I have no idea 17 the percentages, no. 18 MR. MAZZEO: So I guess what we're asking you 19 to do -- and we want everybody to have an opportunity 20 to serve as jurors in a trial. So we're asking you to 21 put aside any preconceived notion and, I guess, 22 skepticism. What I'm picking up from you is -- and 23 there's a difference, do you agree, between skepticism 24 and bias? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Sure.

MR. MAZZEO: Okay. It's healthy to have skepticism about something, but you — the — the goal and the idea is to have a — have an open mind to receive the evidence and to base your decision just on the evidence. And so — so we're not talking about basing it on any preconceived notions you have about other cases. We're talking about this specific case.

And it's hard to do it because you haven't received any evidence yet; right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I have not.

MR. MAZZEO: And do you think it would be — after two or three weeks of listening to witnesses on the witness stand and looking at documents that come in, do you think it would be easier then to — because it's — it's more concrete, now we have evidence that we can actually discuss and deliberate on, and you get to decide that with seven other jurors, do you think you would be able to do that?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I might be able to decide more along the lines of fault situation, but as far as monetary damages, no, I can't. I have a problem with — with amounts of money.

MR. MAZZEO: Okay. And even though that -even though that may be a -- and I'm just trying to
identify, you know, more specifically what it is.

Do you think that -- do you think injured people should not be awarded compensation for injuries?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No, I think they should be awarded some compensation for injuries, for sure. Just like I think one of the gentleman down there was saying earlier, hospital, you know, pain and suffering, you know, to a point. And — and all the bills, the car, whatever got destroyed and, you know, help them out in the future.

MR. MAZZEO: I appreciate that, Mr. Joyce.

And I think you had said — I think you said, you would have to see — I wrote this down. You would have to see the evidence first before you can really make a decision. Because I think Mr. Roberts asked you about, well, do you have in your mind a specific cap? And — and I — and I think there was some colloquy between you and Mr. Roberts. And you said, well, you'd have to see the evidence.

So it seems like you -- out here as jurors, you're not -- you don't have any evidence to -- to deliberate on. So it's very hard to conceptualize being two weeks down the road where you have all the evidence.

So is it fair to say that -- that you would consider -- you'd say -- you'd look at the evidence in

a case, and that -- that your decision would be based 1 solely on the evidence and not on any preconceived 2 3 ideas about the justice system or other types of cases? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Not sure how to 5 answer that. MR. MAZZEO: Okay. Do you have any problem 6 7 with the system of justice that we have for 8 compensating injured individuals? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: The mechanics of it, no, I don't have a problem with it. 10 11 MR. MAZZEO: And so -- and the mechanics of 12 it involve receiving evidence --13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Right. 14 MR. MAZZEO: -- and making a decision and --15 and following the rule of law that allows injured 16 individuals to receive compensation for various things. 17 Medical, which was said, lost wages, pain and suffering 18 is one of them; right? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Correct. 20 MR. MAZZEO: And I believe you said you 21 didn't have a problem with awarding money for pain and 22 suffering. In your mind, though, as you sit here, what 23 I'm sensing is that you don't know how much, like you -- there would be -- at some point, there would be 24

a cap of some sort in your mind.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yep.
2	MR. MAZZEO: Okay. So you would be able to
3	award money for pain and suffering? Some.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: To a point.
5	MR. MAZZEO: And we can't discuss figures
6	because we don't have any evidence yet. So, again,
7	this is just the jury selection process.
8	And when you say "to a point," what is that
9	point based on? Is it based on your perception or your
10	evaluation of the evidence?
11	MR. ROBERTS: May we approach, Your Honor?
12	THE COURT: Sure.
13	(A discussion was held at the bench,
14	not reported.)
15	MR. MAZZEO: May I proceed, Your Honor?
16	THE COURT: You may.
17	MR. MAZZEO: Thank you.
18	Mr. Joyce, I believe I think I started
19	or the last question. And so with regard to and you
20	told us, and we appreciate your candor. We all do.
21	It's I'm sorry.
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I hope so.
23	MR. MAZZEO: No, yeah, we do. It helps with
24	this jury selection process.
25	So with regard to the last question I was

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going to ask you, in evaluating -- after getting the
1
   evidence and evaluating it, how much -- because you
2
   never gave us a cap, like, I'm never awarding more than
3
   $10,000. I won't award more than $500 million. By way
 4
5
   of example, if someone is paralyzed in a motor vehicle
   accident, would you award pain and suffering?
 6
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Paralyzed for
8
   life?
9
             MR. MAZZEO: Yes.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
10
11
             MR. MAZZEO: If someone is -- is injured and
12
   becomes a quadriplegic as a result of a motor vehicle
   accident, would you award pain and suffering?
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
14
15
             MR. MAZZEO: And -- and the -- there may --
16
   whatever the limit is on that might depend on the
17
   evidence regarding the pain and suffering that this
18
   individual suffers with on a daily basis and will for
19
   the rest of his or her life; right?
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Uh-huh.
21
             MR. MAZZEO: "Yes"?
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: (Nods head.)
23
             MR. MAZZEO: And -- so one thing I didn't
24
   hear from you is that you don't have any -- as you
25
   walked into this courtroom yesterday and even today,
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1 you don't have a specific number in your mind that's --2 that says, I will not go above this amount. 3 So when we say "cap," you don't really have a 4 specific number amount in terms of a cap that you'd put 5 on any case; right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: No, I have no 6 7 specific dollar amount, just walking into the 8 courtroom, any specific dollar amount, nor do I think of the word "cap." 10 MR. MAZZEO: So basically whatever award you 11 would give would be based on your evaluation of what a 12 reasonable compensation should be for whatever injuries 13 are allowed by the Court; right? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Repeat that, 15 please. I'm sorry. 16 MR. MAZZEO: If I can remember it. 17 So your evaluation or your decision with 18 regard to awarding any compensation would be based on 19 your -- let me rephrase that. 20 Your -- your determination or decision about 21 awarding money for pain and suffering -- for any 22 damages would be based on your reasonable evaluation of 23 the evidence; is that fair to say? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: 25 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. Thank you.

1 Thank you, Judge. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Strassburg? 3 MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, I don't see the point 4 of prolonging this, so I won't ask any questions. 5 Thank you. 6 THE COURT: All right. Come on up, guys. 7 (A discussion was held at the bench, 8 not reported.) 9 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Roberts, go ahead 10 and proceed with the -- your questioning. 11 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much. 12 Just my turn. Doesn't mean you're off the hook, Mr. Joyce. I just want to want to follow up --13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Bring it on. 15 MR. ROBERTS: -- just briefly on those 16 things. 17 And as I was listening to you and hearing you 18 say to award pain and suffering, you could do it, but 19 you want to see some concrete evidence; right? Did I 20 hear you say something like that? I'm paraphrasing, so tell me back if I'm right or if I'm on target. 21 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I think I said 23 words to the effect, Somebody would have to come in on 24 a stretcher. I have to see it, and I have to see you 25 guys present all your evidence and make sure the guy on

the stretcher isn't faking before we consider any type of monetary award.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And then -- and -- and with the apologies to Mr. Retzlaff, I'm going to use his injury which you just heard about.

So in this case, you don't need an X-ray because you got a collarbone sticking up in the air. So that's hard evidence, and you could award pain and suffering for that; right?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: He did it himself.

MR. ROBERTS: Had someone caused that injury through negligence, you could award pain and suffering to Mr. Retzlaff.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Sure.

MR. ROBERTS: But now, it's years later. His collarbone is back in. You can take an X-ray. No one can see anything. The only way to know Mr. Retzlaff is still in pain and can't do some of the activities he wants to do is because he says so.

Can you award pain and suffering for that in the future, the fact that he can't do the activities he used to do, the fact that it hurts when he puts on his seat belt? Could you award pain and suffering in the future for that even though the only hard evidence is

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he says so, that he's still in pain?
1
2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Probably not.
3
             MR. ROBERTS: And -- and this is not just
4
   Mr. Retzlaff. This is something where if it's just
5
   some -- if you have to rely on someone's description of
   their pain without medical testimony, without an X-ray,
7
   without hard proof, you have trouble; right?
8
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I have trouble
9
   with what? I'm sorry.
10
             MR. ROBERTS: Relying on something less than
11
   solid medical evidence. In other words, we're talking
12
   about the 95 percent certainty. You want to be able to
13
   see hard proof so you can be 95 percent certain that
14
   they're still in pain because you can see it.
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Uh-huh.
16
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Right?
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes.
17
18
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
19
             You just threw out a number, and I want to
20
   make sure that I understand it, and it may have been
21
   just an example, but you -- you -- you threw out the
22
   $5 million number?
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I did. No, I
24
   didn't.
            I don't know that I did.
25
             MR. ROBERTS: I thought I heard you say
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- 1 5 million as an example of something too high.
- 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Okay. If he says
- 3 I did, I did.
- 4 MR. ROBERTS: And whether it's the 5 million
- 5 or not, I don't need to know.
- But without knowing anything about the facts,
- 7 can you already, as you sit here, say it's really going
- 8 hard for me to award over this amount?
- 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes, it's going
- 10 to be very hard for me to award a large amount of
- 11 money. Again.
- MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you.
- 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I don't know how
- 14 else to put it.
- MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Roberts, I'm going to come
- 16 back to you for a minute.
- 17 And thank you, Audra. I told you she helps
- 18 keep me organized.
- 19 And after we talked again over lunch, I went
- 20 back and -- and -- and took a look at your
- 21 questionnaire, and I wanted to follow up on some of
- 22 your questionnaire answers.
- When the judge was talking to you yesterday
- 24 morning, you said you had some preconceptions about the
- 25 Glen Lerner firm based on your experiences as a claims

1 adjustor. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: (Nods head.) 3 MR. ROBERTS: Can you tell me more about what 4 those preconceptions are? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Having done the 6 work for multiple years, I've had several, let's say, 7 more than a few cases come across my desk that were handled by that firm and/or subordinates within the firm. And there's a certain pattern of -- of 10 submission for the cases. So there's a preconception 11 of what they're looking for and how they're doing. 12 MR. ROBERTS: And -- and what is that 13 preconception? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Basically, it's a 15 business. Get them in, get them out. Let's try to get 16 our offer -- our demand out and get our offer back and finish the case. 17 18 MR. ROBERTS: All right. And I think you may 19 have said something else, that your opinion of 20 attorneys was that they're trying to make money not 21 help people. Sometimes. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I don't know if I 23 said that, but maybe I did. 24 MR. ROBERTS: I don't want to misquote. 25 Looking to get money more than help people.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Okay.

MR. ROBERTS: Does that sound better?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah, that's probably closer to the truth.

MR. ROBERTS: So -- so that's a preconception that you have maybe about the law firm.

Did -- did that bleed over -- do you have any preconceptions about the merits of a case that was handled by Glen Lerner, whether it's more likely to be frivolous because he's handling it?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: So every case is presented with its own set of facts, and I take those as they are. I think what I'm referring to is — is a general types of cases maybe. You might see — let's say in a year, let say I see 20 cases from his office, and there's a lot of similarity in — in the amount of treatment that a person has, the injuries that are stipulated, and, you know, they come into this and the demands are very close. So those are kind of the preconceptions I'm talking about. Kind of, you look at something, you see something, okay.

But if the facts are more significant, the facts are more significant. I don't care if it's Glen Lerner or anybody else. You know, if somebody gets whacked and it's serious damage to your car and you got

serious injuries, it's serious injuries. It's laid 1 2 out. I'm talking more like your soft tissue, minimal 3 soft-tissue, low-impact-type accidents, that kind of 4 stuff. 5 MR. ROBERTS: And -- and that -- that 6 actually was going to be my next question was about --7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Okay. 8 MR. ROBERTS: -- what you said where you were 9 sort of suspicious of soft-tissue, low-impact 10 accidents. 11 And -- and soft tissue is sort of --12 different people have different thoughts on what is a soft-tissue injury. Describe to me -- when you said 13 you're suspicious of soft-tissue injury, what -- define 14 15 "soft-tissue injury" for me. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Well, to me, soft 17 tissue is sprains, strains, bruises. As I told you, 18 I'm a former athlete. So for me, I -- I dealt with 19 those on a regular basis, and -- and you get knocked 20 around and you keep moving. People grow up in sports. 21 They play football. I'm a coach now. I have kids that 22 will hurt on a regular basis. They -- they take a week. They're back to -- to normal. 23 24 You know, I think most of us as humans can 25 sustain a certain amount of physical jarring.

just part of the nature. And, you know, something
that's not, like I said, a wham. You know, you're
looking at somebody's car that's completely totaled,
and, you know, car ran through there, you expect them
to be seriously hurt. But, you know, low impact, I
don't know.

MR. ROBERTS: So soft tissue, to make sure I understand, is injury to muscle, ligaments, things that are going to heal and not have a permanent disabling effect.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Generally speaking. I mean, obviously in my — in my previous occupation, I've seen people claim, you know, spinal injuries where they were considering setting a disk or this or that. And I don't consider those necessarily low — I mean, I don't consider those necessarily soft tissue. But they might be of a low-impact nature in which they're claiming was directed as a result of an accident or something.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So -- so now I'm going to have to ask you to define "low impact."

What do you what -- you're looking at a claims file. You're at work. You're suspicious of low impact. What type of speeds are you looking for? Are you looking more for damage to the vehicle and whether

that correlates to the injury? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: A combination of 3 both. If someone's driving a Ford F-250 dually, you 4 know, that sits up, you know, 6 inches off the --8 inches off the ground and, gets tapped by a Volkswagen, I don't know. But if you flip that and 7 it's the -- the F-250 that's hitting the Volkswagen, there's some disparities of weight, and there's possibility that, you know, there might be a little 10 more substantive impact in that kind of situation. So, 11 again, you got to look -- you got to look at the 12 weighted picture. 13 MR. ROBERTS: And looking just -- and I understand the difference in mass and how that could 14 15 cause things to vary, but just if you're thinking low impact speed, 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, where does that 16 17 lie? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Five to 15 miles 19 an hour, I would think, is probably low impact. 20 mean, again, it's -- it's kind of a subjective number. 21 It's not purely, you know, scientifically this is --22 MR. ROBERTS: Sure. 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah. 24 MR. ROBERTS: I'm just trying to get not the

right answer, the scientific answer, but your answer.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: My answer, yeah. 2 So, again, if the description of the accident is, Hey, 3 I was, you know, backing out of a parking lot. I just started my car, probably not roaring out, generally that doesn't happen. I -- I was just picking up from a stop sign, and the guy in front of me stopped and 7 (noise), again, it's we -- may only went about 4 feet, not going to have a whole lot of speed in that. So 9 those kind of things. Just the nature of the 10 description of the accident. 11 MR. ROBERTS: And you mentioned spine. 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Uh-huh. 13 MR. ROBERTS: Even though a spine is not a 14 soft tissue; right? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: That's what I 16 said. I said not necessarily a soft tissue. 17 MR. ROBERTS: Is it fair to say that you're 18 also suspicious of people claiming spine injuries in 19 automobile accidents? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: In low-impact 21 ones, yes. But not in all cases. But in 22 low-impact-type cases you might -- I won't say "suspicious" is the word. You'd have to look at and 23 24 try to make a qualified assessment as to, Is this seem 25 plausible that this occurred from this accident?

1 MR. ROBERTS: And are you like Mr. Joyce, you 2 want to look and see hard medical evidence and not just 3 a -- a subjective complaint? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Well, you know, 5 any time you receive a package from you guys, it has medical evidence that is -- that is support whatever is 7 being asked of. So that's part of the review process. As an adjustor, you go through that stuff. You try to see if the information makes sense. Lot of times, 10 we'll ask for additional records to see if there's 11 information that -- additional records that support or -- or diminish what you submitted. So there's a 12 process. So it's not just like that. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: So are you biased against 15 people who claim spine injuries out of automobile 16 accidents? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I don't know if I 17 18 would say biased. I would just say that 19 professionally -- I am suspicious professionally, and I 20 don't -- I don't know how you want to perceive that, 21 but it's part of my job to -- to say or look at -- at 22 the stuff and say, Is this plausible?

MR. ROBERTS: So let me use the example that

Mr. Mazzeo gave: Skeptical? You got to prove it to

me, and I'm not going to believe it till it's proven,

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1 or I've seen a whole lot of frivolous claims for injuries, and you're going to have to really prove it 2 3 to me more than someone who doesn't have my personal 4 life experiences? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: So I can only go with the aggregate of my life experiences. And they 6 7 are what they are. You know, when you've seen multiple types of cases, you tend to have a certain assessment of what you expect to see out of those cases. 10 Something doesn't fit that ordinary, then you're 11 obviously going to have skepticism about it. 12 MR. ROBERTS: We sit here today, we got a claim being made for spine injuries, and it's being --13 Glen Lerner's involved. 14 15 Do you have any opinion about the merits of the case as you sit here before you've seen or heard 16 17 any evidence? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: No. Well, I 19 don't have any opinion because I don't know the case. 20 I mean --21 MR. ROBERTS: Right. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: If -- if the case is Glen Lerner's office presenting it, I'm assuming 23

that he's bringing me an injury claim. Generally, in

my previous experience, he doesn't go to court that

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1 often. So for him to go to court, a little more
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- 2 serious. And -- and, again, it's just my previous
- 3 experiences.
- 4 MR. ROBERTS: And if you were selected to the
- 5 jury and you saw the evidence that satisfied you,
- 6 that -- your previous dealings with the Lerner firm
- 7 would not impact the way you evaluated the case or your
- 8 assessment of damages?
- 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I'm not going to
- 10 impact the case based on the name Glen Lerner. I want
- 11 to evaluate the case based on what you present.
- MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
- PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: As I just stated
- 14 to you. Whatever -- whatever it is, it is. I will
- 15 make the assessment based on that.
- 16 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Roberts. I
- 17 appreciate it.
- 18 And make sure I get it -- read the writing
- 19 correctly.
- 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: You probably
- 21 can't read it.
- 22 MR. ROBERTS: There were a couple of words I
- 23 was having trouble with.
- 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Sometimes I can't
- 25 read my own writing, but I'll try my best.

1 MR. ROBERTS: So in Question 52, which asks 2 about limits on how much money should be allowed to 3 award a person for pain and suffering in a motor 4 vehicle case, you put yes, and -- and other people have talked about that. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I couldn't 6 7 remember my answer, to be honest with you. 8 Here -- and so I went back and MR. ROBERTS: 9 took another look before I asked you about it. 10 But here, "If yes, please explain why." What 11 you said is "Should be limited by amount need to care 12 for or maintain that person." 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Okay. 14 MR. ROBERTS: All right. So here's what I 15 want to understand: The amount needed to care for or 16 maintain a person is paying for the things that -- to 17 fix what can be fixed; right? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: That's part of 19 it, yeah. 20 MR. ROBERTS: The pain and compensation for 21 pain has nothing to do with the money that's needed to 22 care for or maintain that person. It's money just for 23 the pain, and it's on top of the money to maintain and 24 care for.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yes, sir.

MR. ROBERTS: And your jury sheet seems to say you have a problem with that, the amount that's over the amount to care for or maintain the person.

Do you still feel that way?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I think -- I think my answer stipulates that every individual, if they have sustained an injury that's -- that's the responsibility of somebody else and they can't do something, then we need to help them be able to maintain that for whatever the time they need to be.

Awarding above that amount, I think that —
to me, it's inclusive of that prospect. If a person is
paralyzed and they can no longer perform certain
functions, but they have to have, let's say, nurses
come in on a regular basis, well, you're going to
compensate them in a way that that takes care of them
for whatever length of time it needs to be taken care
of.

Obviously there's always some portion that is considered compensation for the anguish that goes along with it. And there is some portion, I don't know if it's a large number, but I do believe that that's appropriate.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So going back to

Mr. Retzlaff, his injuries have all healed. He doesn't

need any more medical treatment. There's nothing to, 1 as you said, to care for or maintain him because of his 2 injury, but it's just pain, and he can't do the things 3 he used to do or if he does them, it hurts. 4 5 Can you award money for that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: If I -- if I 6 7 think that the evidence and the record support that he 8 truly has pain. And that it's continuous and a direct 9 result of -- of the -- the accident or whatever it is 10 that caused it. But I would have to make that 11 connection. 12 MR. ROBERTS: And by the record, is it enough if the only evidence you have is that he tells you it's 13 14 still -- he's still in pain? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Then it's just a subjective whether I believe him or don't believe him. 16 17 MR. ROBERTS: If you believe him, you're okay 18 and you can award it? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah, I'll do 20 something. I would do something. I would award 21 something if I felt that it was appropriate. And would 22 not award if I didn't think it was appropriate. 23 MR. ROBERTS: If justified by the facts and 24 evidence, could you award a really big number just for

25

pain?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I don't know. Ι 2 mean, I've always done it as a cohesive part of the 3 process. So I can't see myself just focusing on one aspect alone. It's all -- it's all encompassing. 5 Obviously, we do add for a certain period, but, you know, there has to be that other component in there 7 also. 8 MR. ROBERTS: It's possible that you get to 9 the end of this case, if you're selected for the jury, 10 and there are going to be separate lines, separate 11 lines for medical and a separate line for pain, and 12 you're just going to have to focus on that one element and put a number in there. 13 14 Are you going to have trouble doing that? 15 MR. TINDALL: May we approach, Your Honor? 16 THE COURT: Sure. 17 (A discussion was held at the bench, 18 not reported.) 19 THE COURT: Go ahead. 20 MR. ROBERTS: And I -- I got distracted. Did 21 you finish your answer on that, the -- would you have 22 trouble -- if you were required to put a number just 23 for pain and suffering on the verdict form, would you 24 have trouble separating out and putting a number for 25 that?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: When after you --2 when I thought about it a little more, probably 3 wouldn't have a problem putting a number. It's part of 4 a process. But when I do the evaluations, you know, you look at here are the actual damages, and then what do you pay above it. So we don't have a separate line 7 per se that we come up with. Just here's your offer. MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So you -- you're sort of 8 9 equating the process in the jury and the process that 10 you do to reach a number as a claims examiner. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Unfortunately. 12 That's the expertise or -- that's the experience I 13 bring to the table. 14 If -- if the Court instructs MR. ROBERTS: 15 you that you're to follow a process and consider 16 factors that perhaps you don't consider in your job 17 experience adjusting claims, you going to be able to do 18 it the way the judge tells you to do it? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Absolutely. 20 MR. ROBERTS: Excellent. Thank you, sir. 21 We were talking about pain before lunch. And 22 all of you went through and told me a number that you 23 experienced when you -- when you had a very painful 24 experience in your life, and you subjectively told me a

number. At least most of you did. I think one person

- may have had trouble putting a number on it. But now
  we're -- picture, you know, just the -- the courtroom,
  not this courtroom, we've been talking about the
  judicial system and just people in general that bring
  claims where pain and suffering is an element.

  Some people feel that most people would
  exaggerate their pain if that meant they got more mone
  - exaggerate their pain if that meant they got more money in the courtroom. Some people don't feel that way and are willing to listen but really are not presuming that they're going to exaggerate.
- Who thinks that most people would exaggerate
  their pain to get more money from a lawsuit? Does
  anyone feel that way?
- 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I do.

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- MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Tell me about that,

  16 Mr. Joyce.
- PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: That's my feelings. I just told you that's how I feel.
- MR. ROBERTS: Is that based on personal experiences that you've had?
- PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: It's based on lawyers and their clients going to get the best results they possibly can.
- MR. ROBERTS: Is that so -- so you think that most people would do it, not just some people, most

1 people. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: I think that most 3 lawyers -- yeah, most lawyers and most clients when 4 they come in a courtroom, if they got to stretch it a 5 little bit, yeah, I think that's a fact. In my mind, I 6 think that's true. 7 MR. ROBERTS: So you just broadened my 8 question. You think most lawyers who are bringing 9 claims are going to exaggerate their claims to get more 10 money. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Yes. 12 MR. ROBERTS: So who else here agrees with either one of those points? Is there anyone else who 13 14 feels that way? 15 Mr. Solomon. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: The fact --17 MR. ROBERTS: Badge No. 1. You're an easy 18 one. I can remember yours. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I believe that 20 some people do exaggerate on it. Somebody rear-ends 21 you or something, Oh, I got a bad back, and it's just a 22 quick way to get some money. 23 MR. ROBERTS: You said "some people" versus 24 Mr. Joyce said "most people." 25 You think most people or just some people

might do that? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I mean, to be 3 truthful, I only trust about 20 people on this planet. 4 So it's kind of a crap shoot, to be honest with you. 5 MR. ROBERTS: So most people in your mind 6 might do that? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: Sure. MR. ROBERTS: Are you going to presume that 8 9 someone on the stand talking about their pain is 10 exaggerating as you're hearing it? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I mean, it's --12 I'll trust any individual or whatnot. So I mean, I quess I would have to put some sort of weight to it. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: So you haven't heard any facts 15 and evidence about this case, but there's going to be 16 evidence of pain in this case. So my question to you: Do you have any 17 18 preconceived feelings already as to whether the 19 plaintiff in this case is going to exaggerate her pain? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I honestly don't 21 know. And if it goes to his case where the fact you 22 have to write an amount on a line, I don't know if I 23 could actually do that. I mean, I don't have all the 24 facts, and I'm not a doctor. There's several different 25 factors in there that I don't know, kind of that ...

1 MR. ROBERTS: So not talking about now, but 2 at the end of the case, and let's assume that you're 3 picked as a juror and you hear all the facts and all the evidence, at that point, are you going to be able to -- to weigh the harms and weigh how much money it takes to equal those? Is that something you're going 7 to be able to do? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: I don't think so. 9 Honestly. MR. ROBERTS: And in your jury questionnaire 10 11 where you said that you couldn't award pain and 12 suffering, and I know we talked about that, and we -we -- you expanded on that answer quite a bit and 13 14 explained it. 15 As you're finding out that you might have to put a number just for pain on the form, are you coming 16 17 back to that original viewpoint in the jury 18 questionnaire that you just don't think you can do 19 that? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: Yeah. I don't --21 I don't have any experience in doing a jury, so it's 22 kind of guessing on the guestionnaire, to be honest. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Does anyone else feel that way now that 24

they've heard Mr. Solomon talk about that?

1 And, you know, one thing he said is that, you 2 know, he's not a doctor, but that's part of the jury 3 I think when the Court described it as the system. enlightened conscience of the jury is the way to measure compensation for pain and suffering. So it's something that you're going to have to do personally 7 when you hear the evidence and try to think, how do you 8 balance the harms and losses with the amount of money. 9 Everyone else, other than Mr. Solomon, 10 Mr. Joyce, comfortable with doing that? Even though 11 you're not going to have any strict guidance? There's 12 no table. 13 Mr. Roberts, did you have a table? Table that told you how much that you got if your leg was cut 14 15 off? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: No. 17 MR. ROBERTS: No. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Didn't have that. 19 MR. ROBERTS: Let's shift gears a little bit 20 and talk about values. And we can start in the front, 21 and we will go -- we'll start with Mr. Franco and then 22 go across. 23 And what I'd like you to tell me is what you

believe are the most important values that you should

teach your children, or if you have no children, loved

24

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ones that you're trying to set an example for. What
1
   are those values, and how we put them into practice in
2
   your own life. Tough one.
3
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Yeah.
                                                096.
5
   Values, boy, there's a lot. Family, honesty, thinking
   of other people. Gosh, there's so much to that. We
7
   taught the kids right from wrong. Lying, the truth,
   stay away from the lies, help others, take care of the
9
   family.
10
             MR. ROBERTS: You try to let those values
11
   quide you in your personal life?
12
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Yes. You respect
13
   your elders. Listen to what people are saying. Learn
14
   from others. Just a lot of stuff that goes into trying
15
   to teach your kids. Our kids did well. Till now.
16
   They're -- we did our homework, we did our jobs.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: It sounds like they're very
18
   successful.
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 96: Yes, they are,
20
   so --
21
             MR. ROBERTS: Congratulations.
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: Thanks. So
23
   there's a lot. But we started when they were 2 or
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3 years old. You don't wait till they're 16 or 17 and

try to get those values in them. It's not going to

24

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work. But no, just be a good person all the way
1
2
   around.
3
             MR. ROBERTS: And sometimes it depends on
4
   context. And you can't do it.
5
             But can you say which of those values is most
 6
   important to you to instill in your children?
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: I guess they all
8
  come together.
9
             MR. ROBERTS: They do.
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: They all come
11
  together somewhere.
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Franco.
12
13
  Appreciate it.
14
             Ms. Go.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: I value --
15
16
             MR. ROBERTS: I'm sorry. What is your badge
17
  number?
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Badge 141.
19
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, ma'am.
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: I value life,
  family, and my friends. I guess life is short, so
21
22
   enjoy every minute of it. My family is the same.
23
   Without life, I don't have my family and friends,
24
   so ...
25
             MR. ROBERTS: So you teach them to have
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1
  respect for life.
2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Yes. And love
3
   life.
 4
             MR. ROBERTS: Is that something you do, you
   love life?
5
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Yes.
7
             MR. ROBERTS: Yes. And you're smiling a lot
   for someone on a jury: I appreciate that.
8
9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: I try not to
10
  focus on what happened, just, you know -- yeah.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: That's very nice. Thank you,
12
   Ms. Go.
13
             Mr. Corum, what are the most important values
  that -- that -- to you that you would want to instill
14
15
  in your children, if you had them?
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Respect. Well,
17
  family too, you know, got to stick by the family, see
18
   them, being there. That's all I can really say right
19
   now.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Thanks for sharing that with
21
   me.
22
             Mr. Inglett.
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: 091.
24
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
25
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: Respect,
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compassion, loyalty, and to always be driven and strive for something.

MR. ROBERTS: And you implement those values in your own life and try to.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.

Ms. Abeles.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Hi. No. 043. Every year on my son's birthday, I read a list of things that I wish for him in his life, and I wish — it's probably on my phone. So what I wish for my son and for everyone, first thing is that I always say to even other kids and other adults, is that no one can take away your education. Don't stop learning and being part of the here and now. Of course, compassion and honesty and advocacy and charity, philanthropy takes part in all of that.

I think everyone should try to live their life to the fullest. We have plans in life and life gets in the way of that. And you have to compensate and revisit that and come back to it.

I hope my son is very respectful to others.

And, you know, throughout life, try to be a good

person, karma thing. Try to do good. Try to repair

the world -- my son has done a -- about three years of

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doing a good deed every day for the last couple of
1
   years to repair the world, to just make this a better
3
   place. It's not a perfect place, but this is where I
 4
   want to be, so ...
5
             MR. ROBERTS: And --
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: And I try to
 6
7
   model it, so --
8
             MR. ROBERTS:
                          They're on --
 9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: I'm that crazy
10
   mom.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: That's good. And you said they
12
   were on your phone.
13
             Have they been the same every year?
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: No, because life
15
   tweaks itself every year. My son was born with a
16
   disability. So he's perfectly perfect in every way
   just a little bit different. And you get through life,
17
18
   everyone is different and you get through life
19
   different, and you revisit it every year. Now, is it
20
  the same? No. He's a teenager now, learned how to
21
  roll his eyes. So you roll with that.
22
             MR. ROBERTS: Do I recall -- I know you said
23
   you were at the Clark County School District. Do I
24
   recall you mentioning the Homebound program? Are you
25
   involved with that?
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1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Yeah, quilty as 2 charged. 3 MR. ROBERTS: And the values that you just 4 recited to me, have those played a role in your choice 5 of being in that program? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: No. 6 I was 7 actually kind of coerced into that. 8 MR. ROBERTS: Really? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Oh, yeah. I was 10 told it would be the best choice for me at the time. 11 My background was at a children's rehab hospital in 12 New Jersey, and I was called and said, We have a 13 position and you will be taking it, and it's been good for me for the last -- I think I've been in that 14 15 department 10 or 11 years. It's diversity. I accept 16 diversity, socioeconomic, medical, not medical, mental, the whole gamut. So I get to do general ed and special 17 18 ed from no brain waves up until trying to get kids through their, you know, general ed diplomas. So I get 19 20 to teach almost every subject. It keeps me fresh and 21 going. 22 MR. ROBERTS: To make sure I have a correct understanding of the program, what kind of children are 23 24 in the program you work? 25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043:

It is anywhere

from -- according to Nevada Revised Statute, you need a medical professional to sign you in. You're out of the comprehensive campus for -- I believe it's, like, two weeks on until expiring of life. Some kids have cancer. I've worked with gunshot wounds, pregnant teenagers, and we also have some medically fragile children that for whatever reason just can't be on that main campus. And also mental incapacities that are a danger to be on a comprehensive campus.

So I get the gamut. I get the gamut of kids that are just with me for a couple weeks or a couple of years. And I'm countywide. I love it.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Abeles.

Ms. Perreida, your values?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: 0130. I teach my kid about almost the same as her. You have to focus on the study. If you have a — if you want to have a better life. If — I came from a different country than here, I know the culture is different, very different. So I try and adjust, whatever is better, is good, you know.

MR. ROBERTS: The country is different, but are the values different? Are the things that you would teach your children as values different because you're in the United States?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: The value, I try 2 to adjust for my parent teach me something, because I 3 think it's -- maybe is, like, too much old-fashion. So I want to -- and I teach them more old-fashion and new fashion. Like, they have to think that old way to be a good person to this real world. Yeah. 6 7 MR. ROBERTS: Adapt, but keep the 8 old-fashioned stuff that's good and meaningful. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yeah. Something 10 is old-fashion is good. 11 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Perreida. 12 Mr. Evans. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: 053. I quess 14 honesty is a big thing and respect for others and 15 yourself. And always to keep trying new things. 16 MR. ROBERTS: Honesty is a great first value. 17 Is that just something you've always believed in, or do 18 you have a personal belief where you were lied to, and 19 it's caused you to really elevate honesty to the first 20 thing you would say? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: My dad was a very 22 honest person. He believed in -- in -- well, he was a 23 musician, and -- he was a jazz musician, and he 24 wouldn't have been the way other people wanted him to.

25

I guess I value that highly.

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1
             MR. ROBERTS: You respect that quality in
2
   your dad?
 3
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yeah.
 4
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you, sir.
 5
             Mr. Roberts.
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Try to live by
7
   the Golden Rule, treat others as you want to be
   treated. My children and our family have always
   stressed integrity, honesty, hard work, faith, sense of
10
   fairness. We're a multiethnic family, so we -- we
11
   include people, don't exclude people. So that's
12
  another piece that's broad. Try to be broad minded in
13
   how we see the world and we -- we interact with it.
14
   Don't just put walls around. Those are all things that
15
   are important to me, and I think that between myself
16
  and my wife we've -- we've given that to our children
17
   too. Both my children were born abroad, so we started
18
   out overseas with a slightly different bend in life
19
   before they came back to the States.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir.
21
             Mr. Berkery.
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: 063.
   honesty, compassion, personal responsibility, honor,
23
24
   courage.
            Those are the biggies.
25
             MR. ROBERTS: And a lot of times I get to
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1 personal responsibility before I got this far through 2 the panel as one of the key values that people have. 3 Explain what personal responsibility means to 4 you. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: It's a pretty big 6 topic, really. You know, you're -- you're here on the 7 planet, and you interact with it and people, and sometimes things go right, sometimes things go wrong. For my kids, a lot of times things went wrong. But --10 but whatever that impact is, you need to engage, 11 whether it's you have to say, Hey, I did this. Then 12 fix it. Move forward. Learn from it. It's -- it's -it's a big topic. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: Very broad helps their way 15 through life. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Yes, sir. 17 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Of course. 19 MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Bias. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: 066. 20 I would sav 21 trust is the main thing in our household because 22 without trust, you don't have nothing. And I try 23 teaching my daughter to be open minded about a lot of 24 aspects of life, to be responsible, love, 25 compassionate, happiness, and know her self-worth,

never to strive for anything below what she wants, to
be successful, kindhearted. Just all around just be a
person that when you see — like, not to prejudge. You
know what I mean? Like, never judge somebody just by
looks. Go for the inside to see how people will treat
you and treat them with the same respect they treated
you, and that's how I'm brought up.

MR. ROBERTS: Give the people the benefit of the doubt?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes, sir.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Bias.

Mr. Avilaroa.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: Hello. 078. I would say family, loyalty, faith, honor, and, you know, compassion towards people. And always — always pick the — I like to always pick the most difficult thing to do or, you know, always pick the most difficult option, you know, because I always — I found out at an early age in my life where that's always the best option instead of picking the easiest thing. And I want my kids to understand that, that not everything in life is going to be easy, and there's going to be a lot of difficult things in life that you're going to come across. And, you know, you got to have family in your heart and honor and courage, and I believe in those

things. And just my big thing is just family. Family and never — never be scared, you know. Follow your gut and follow your heart. So just that.

MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. I appreciate that.
Mr. Retzlaff.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: 088. I think for myself, I know, or I hope anyways, I've got a lot more years to continue growing, but I think for myself, my values, at least focusing still, would be from my parents. They kind of taught me how to survive.

Where, you know, we're all here. We're, you know, a species that likes to help each other. So it's not necessarily something that you — you don't always have to teach somebody to be compassionate or help somebody up if they fall, something that's kind of built into us.

But there are definitely ways to make decision-making and stuff along those lines of helping each other, helping ourselves a lot easier. So I feel that's kind of the values my parents taught me, just to be open and adapt, you know, so, you know, you can help others to — you know, you may know something more than someone else does. You can help them out with that.

Or they might know something you don't know that might make surviving and getting along and getting by a lot

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1
   easier. So I would say that's the value I hold closest
2
   to being open and able to adapt.
3
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088:
 4
                                         Uh-huh.
5
             MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Cyganek.
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: 0106. Feel
7
   blessed each day. Do three things: Think, laugh, cry.
   And keep things in a positive and you're winning.
   That's all.
             MR. ROBERTS:
10
                           Thank you.
11
             Ms. Gold.
12
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: 036. Faith in
13
   God, honesty, service.
14
             MR. ROBERTS: Those are the values you try to
   live your life by?
15
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: (Nods head.)
17
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
18
             Mr. Joyce.
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: 029.
                                               Try to
   teach them to be ethical, good ethics, and the Golden
20
21
   Rule of, do unto others. Teach them to be fair.
22
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Hanging --
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 029: Ethics.
23
                                                  I'11
24
          That's good enough.
   pass.
25
             MR. ROBERTS: Good enough? Okay.
                                                That's a
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1 good list. 2 Mr. Foerstel. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: 023. I like the 4 Platinum Rule instead of the Golden Rule, which is 5 treat other people the way they wanted to be treated. Just don't treat them the way you wanted to be treated. 7 They may want to be treated differently than the way 8 you want to be treated. 9 MR. ROBERTS: Never heard of that. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: The Platinum 11 Rule, yeah. Just treat people nice, be friendly to people, try to respect other people's opinions even 12 though they may differ from yours, and ... 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Sure. 16 MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Jensen. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 014 -- or, excuse 18 me, 015. My core values are God, family, honor, and 19 integrity, and truthfulness. 20 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 21 Ms. Flores. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: 010. To love 23 yourself, love others, respect others, be honest, and 24 know what you're doing, right from wrong. 25 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, ma'am.

1 MR. ROBERTS: Mr. Brandon. 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: 003. Keeping it 3 short, heard from 18 other people, 17 other people 4 almost the same, you know. I'm in the same boat. 5 Couple people hit it right on the head with some of their values. But my biggest is honest -- honesty, 7 loyalty, and respect. 8 Thank you. MR. ROBERTS: 9 And, Mr. Solomon. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: 001. My parents 11 always taught me is honesty, family comes first, 12 question everything, including your leaders, fight for everything, work hard at everything. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. And just out of 15 curiosity, does DC hurt less than AC, 570 volts? 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: No, DC is worse. 17 MR. ROBERTS: So out of the group, we had 18 Mr. Berkery mention personal responsibility as one of the key values he tries to teach his family. 19 20 Is there anyone who -- who disagrees with his 21 description of that as a key value? And even though it 22 wasn't on the list, does everyone agree that that is an 23 important value to them, or people think that -- that 24 it's not as important as maybe Mr. Berkery said? 25 Feel -- if you got something to share.

1 Anyone have a different definition of how 2 they feel about what is personal responsibility? 3 Mr. Retzlaff, when he was talking about some 4 of his values, mentioned, you know, helping others, and I think that was included in. And it was a little bit broader into the community, and I know -- I know that 7 Ms. Abeles believes pretty strongly in helping people 8 outside your -- your immediate family and trying to give back to the -- to the whole -- all people, not 10 just the people you're close to. 11 And I want to try to distinguish this, but we 12 talked before about how a lot of the -- the emotional 13 pain and the empathy that we feel is much stronger when 14 it's part of our -- our close-knit group. But if any 15 of you do something to give back to -- to the community to make the world a better place outside of your 16 17 individual family, I'd like you to tell me about that 18 and why you do it. 19 Mr. Roberts. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I do other things 21 outside of my core. 22 MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, is it possible for us 23 to take a short break? 24 MR. MAZZEO: Can we approach, Judge?

THE COURT: Come on up.

MR. MAZZEO: Sorry.

(A discussion was held at the bench, not reported.)

THE COURT: All right. So maybe I didn't tell you guys this, that would be my fault. If anybody needs a break, and I'm not calling a break yet, and you need to let us know. Let Tom know. The universal sign for a break is go like this, like you're breaking a stick. Okay? Somebody will see it. And as soon as somebody sees it, we'll take a break. All right? We're getting a notification that somebody needed a break, so we're going to take a break.

During our break, you're instructed not to talk with each other or with anyone else about any subject or issue connected with this trial. You are not to read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with this case or by any medium of information, including, without limitation, newspapers, television, the Internet, or radio. You are not to conduct any research on your own, which means you cannot talk with others, Tweet others, text others, Google issues, or conduct any other kind of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or attorney involved in this case. You're not to form or express

any opinion on any subject connected with this trial 1 2 until the case is finally submitted to you. 3 Take about ten minutes. When I say ten 4 minutes in the middle of the afternoon, it almost 5 always turns into 15. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 001: Can I stay 7 sitting right here? THE COURT: No. I'm sorry. When we all take 8 9 a break, we all have to go out. 10 (The following proceedings were held 11 outside the presence of the jury.) 12 THE COURT: We're outside the presence of the 13 jury. 14 Anything we need to take care of, Counsel? 15 MR. MAZZEO: No, Your Honor. 16 MR. ROBERTS: No. When we get back, I'll 17 probably ask to excuse Mr. Joyce again. I think he 18 said a few more things that continued to -- to show 19 that -- that he's not completely fair and impartial. 20 THE COURT: You want to do it now, or you 21 want to take a break first? 22 MR. ROBERTS: If we break first so I can pull his quotes. It's been a while. I don't want to 23 24 misstate them. 25 That's fine. Let's go off the THE COURT:

1 record, and we'll come back in a couple of minutes. 2 (Whereupon a short recess was taken.) 3 THE COURT: Go ahead and go back on the 4 record. We are back on the record, Case No. A637772. 5 We're outside the presence. 6 Go ahead, Mr. Roberts. 7 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. 8 would move to excuse Mr. Joyce, Juror 13-0029, and 9 Mr. Solomon, Juror 13-0001 for cause. And with the Court's indulgence, because I wasn't taking notes, 10 11 could I have Mr. Mott explain to the Court what -- he's 12 reviewed the realtime and explain the -- the quotes that we think are sufficient for the cause challenge? 13 14 THE COURT: Sure. I probably wrote them down 15 already, but I'm happy to let you guys make a record. 16 MR. MOTT: So in addition to everything else 17 we have already mentioned to Joyce, these are the two 18 new things that came out. Number one would be he has a 19 strong belief that -- that clients as well as lawyers 20 will exaggerate their claims just to try to get more 21 money. The specific quote on it is, if you're 22 following, Your Honor, it's 13:53:53. 23 THE COURT: I wasn't looking at it on there. 24 I was just looking at it on my notes. 25 MR. MOTT: That's what I'm doing. I pulled

1 it up on here. This is his quote. "I think that most lawyers, yeah, most lawyers and most clients when they 2 come in a courtroom if, they get to stretch it a little 3 bit, yeah, I think that's a fact. In my mind, I think 4 5 that's true." Association you just --6 (Clarification by the Reporter.) 7 MR. MOTT: So this is from Mr. Roberts now. 8 "So you just broadened my question. You think that 9 most lawyers who are bringing claims are going to 10 exaggerate their claims to get more money." And his 11 answer is "Yes." 12 So in addition to that, he has one more thing where he's talking about standard to award pain and 13 suffering which I know we've talked about several 14 15 times. He first started with the wheelchair coming in. 16 We had follow-up with that couple of times. 17 was asked of him again, and he said, You would need 18 95 percent proof in order to award pain and suffering, 19 which of course is far beyond preponderance. And that 20 quote is at 13:32, if I can get to it. 21 MR. MAZZEO: That's Mr. Roberts we're still 22 on; right? 23 MR. MOTT: We're on Mr. Joyce. We've been on 24 Mr. Joyce. 25 That was this Mr. Roberts that MR. ROBERTS:

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1
   that was being -- that was my question.
2
             MR. MAZZEO: I switched to Roberts.
 3
             MR. MOTT: He was asking a question. I'm
4
   sorry, it was Mr. Joyce.
5
             THE COURT: Mr. Roberts' questioning of
 6
   Mr. Joyce.
7
             MR. MAZZEO: Okay. Like, I don't see that
8
   there. Okay. That's why.
9
             MR. MOTT: And this is Mr. Lee Roberts.
10
   We'll clarify here. Mr. Lee Roberts saying, "Relying
11
   on something less than solid medical evidence, in other
12
  words, we're talking about the 95 percent certainty,
13
   you want to be able to see hard proof so you can be
14
   95 percent certain that they're still in pain because
15
  you can't see it."
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             His answer was "Uh-huh," and he followed up
17
   with, "Yes." And that was in going along the lines of
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   the line of questioning. I didn't give the whole line
19
   of questioning there to save time a little bit.
20
             So based on that, we would renew to strike
21
   Mr. Joyce.
22
             Do you want to address that now, or do you
   want to jump to Mr. Solomon?
23
24
             THE COURT: Let's do Mr. Joyce first.
25
             You guys want to make a record on that first?
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1 MR. MAZZEO: Yes, Your Honor. I think in 2 light of the follow-up questions that I had of 3 Mr. Joyce earlier, he was unequivocal in his statement that he did not have a cap, that he could award money for pain and suffering, that it would depend on his evaluation of the evidence. And this new statement 7 that he made with regard to, I guess, lawyers and plaintiffs, that most exaggerate pain to increase money, that makes him skeptical. I don't think -- he 10 didn't have any personal experience or personal 11 knowledge of any specific lawyers or -- or parties that 12 actually did that. So that gives him skepticism. And 13 if -- at the very least, I should be able to be 14 entitled to traverse Mr. Joyce regarding this topic. MR. STRASSBURG: Judge, we, too, would join 15 in Mr. Mazzeo's comments. His statements about human 16 17

in Mr. Mazzeo's comments. His statements about human nature, that people would exaggerate if they think it's in their benefit to do so, we don't believe disqualify him from being a juror. In fact, that's virtually a Roman Catholic doctrine, if I remember my catechism right.

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So we -- we believe that he is entitled to require a feeling of persuasion that the preponderance of the evidence has really tipped, that the scales have really moved. We don't subscribe to

Mr. Lee Roberts' characterization of how the preponderance of the evidence standard works. We think 3 that the witness is simply expressing a feeling that the mischaracterization of the standard is not fair. 5 I -- I tend to agree with him on that. So we think that he is an appropriate person to serve on a jury. 6

Thank you, Judge.

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THE COURT: In the Jitnan case, we've talked about the Sears-Page and the Jitnan case as being the cases that deal primarily with jury selection. Jitnan case, it cites to NRS 16.050, paragraph -subparagraphs (f) and (g). (F) talks about an unqualified opinion or belief as to merits of the action. Subparagraph (g) talks about the existence of a state of mind in a juror evidencing enmity against or bias to either party. The Court talks about the relevant inquiry focusing on whether the juror's views would prevent or substantially impair the performance of their duties. They say if -- if a perspective juror expresses a preconceived opinion or bias about a case, the juror should not be removed for cause if the record as a whole demonstrates that the perspective juror can lay aside his impression or opinion and render a verdict based on the evidence presented. They talk about detached language alone is not enough. You have

1 to look at the record as a whole. 2 And I think looking at the record as a whole, 3 I think Mr. Joyce has expressed several times that he's not going to award a big dollar figure. He doesn't know what that dollar figure is that he won't go over, but he doesn't like pain and suffering. He's not going 7 to award pain and suffering just based on somebody's testimony. He does believe that most clients and lawyers exaggerate pain to get more money from a 10 lawsuit. And I think the record as a whole 11 demonstrates that he has a bias against plaintiffs and 12 personal injury cases. 13 I understand you guys want to ask him more questions. It's not going to do any good with this 14 15 guy, so I'm going to excuse him. 16 THE CLERK: Badge number? 17 MR. MOTT: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Mr. Joyce is Badge No. 029; is 19 that right? 20 THE CLERK: Yes. So we are going to replace 21 Seat 6. 22 MR. MOTT: Are we ready to address 23 Mr. Solomon, Your Honor? 24 THE COURT: Hold on. Mr. Joyce is going to 25 be replaced with -- tell me the name again.

THE CLERK: Janelle Klein, No. 146.

THE COURT: Okay. Next one is who?

MR. MOTT: Mr. Solomon, Juror No. 001.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MOTT: Sorry I jumped the gun on you.

The most recent line of questioning from Mr. Lee Roberts, I'll specify that for Your Honor, he made the comment that he doesn't trust people in general. He only trusts about 20 people on this planet. That quote is in 13:54:51, where he says, "I mean, to be truthful, I only trust about 20 people on this planet. So it's kind of a crap shoot to be honest with you."

And more importantly is where he's discussing his ability to award pain and suffering and to write that down as line item to actually give an award. And he expresses that — he says, "I honestly don't think I can do that. And that's at 13:54:51 — just joking. That's 13:56:04.

And this is Mr. Lee Roberts asking him, "So not talking about now, but at the end of the case, and let's assume that you're picked as a juror and you hear all of the facts and all the evidence, at that point, are you going to be able to — to weigh the harms and weigh how much money it takes to equal those? Is that

something you're going to be able to do?"

And his answer was, "I don't think so.

Honestly." And he left it at that.

So this is a cumulation of things we've already addressed with a lot of other jurors, Your Honor. He — he was questioned about it objectively, and his objective opinion is that he honestly doesn't think he's going to be able to award those damages. So we move to strike him as well, Your Honor.

MR. MAZZEO: Your Honor, Mr. Solomon is certainly different than Mr. Joyce. He hasn't said as much as Mr. Joyce and expressed as many opinions along the range. But Mr. Solomon, as with any jurors, they come into this courtroom with their own experience. That does not automatically disqualify them because they have expressed certain statements such as I only trust 20 people in this world.

What's different about Mr. Solomon from Mr. Joyce is that Mr. Solomon did qualify his answer to Mr. Lee Roberts, and he said that "Some — he used the word "some" — "exaggerate pain to increase money."

And that's — I think that refers to and suggests the skepticism as might be held by everyone in this courtroom, even by yourself, Your Honor, and the staff. So — so that — that by itself is not grounds to — to

dismiss him for cause.

As far as he doesn't think he can weigh the harms and award money damages, again, this is — it's a difficult — it's difficult for these — for jurors, perspective jurors to make a statement about how they would render a decision or what — what rendering — or what verdict they would give without hearing any evidence whatsoever. So he qualified that statement by saying he didn't think he would be able to weigh — he would be able to weigh the harm and award money damages.

I'm not so certain that goes to his actual belief as opposed to his willingness or desire to -- to not want to serve as a juror or want to be somewhere else other than in the courtroom. So I would -- I would want to traverse Mr. Solomon.

THE COURT: Mr. Strassburg, anything else?

MR. STRASSBURG: Well, I have never -- I've

never been so tempted by a union tradesman before as a

defendant. But we would -- I am -- I consent to his

being excused, Judge.

THE COURT: Well, 11:45 this morning, he was talking about how he didn't -- he wasn't sure if he could award pain and suffering. I think this most recent statement that he made at 13:56 -- I mean, the

question was pretty clear. Not talking about now, but 1 at the end of the case, if he's picked as a juror, 3 after you hear all the facts and all the evidence, are 4 you going to be able to weigh the harms and -- and 5 weigh how much money it takes to equal those? Is that something you're going to be able to do? 6 7 I don't think so. Honestly. 8 I think he was trying to be honest. Now, 9 that honest answer may be simply getting out of jury 10 duty because we all know he doesn't want to be here. 11 But I think in the light of that answer, I think it shows a bias against plaintiff. So I am going to let 12 13 him go too. 14 THE CLERK: Dean Blurton, Badge 150. 15 THE COURT: What's the last name, Blurton? 16 THE CLERK: Yeah, B-l-u-r-t-o-n. Seat No. 1. 17 THE COURT: Did you have more? 18 MR. ROBERTS: We'd renew Roberts, but we 19 don't really have anything to add, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: And I don't think you got there 21 I think I wrote down some stuff on on Roberts. 22 Mr. Roberts that he talked about low impact, but if 23 they're serious damages or serious injuries, it's real. 24 He says he's not going to decide a case based on 25 Mr. Lerner involved. He'd evaluate it based on what's

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   presented. So I think he --
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             MR. ROBERTS: He actually rehabilitated.
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             THE COURT: He indicated he was --
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             MR. ROBERTS:
                           He did.
 5
             THE COURT: -- going to be able to be fair.
             MR. ROBERTS: But given his -- his
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   questionnaire answers, we probably -- if we move to
   preempt him, I'd ask to simply incorporate my last
   three challenges as my racially neutral reason for my
10
   peremptory rather than reciting it again.
11
             THE COURT: We can take -- we'll take care of
12
   that if there's a challenge.
13
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: We ready?
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             MR. MAZZEO: Ready.
16
             THE COURT: Let's bring them back.
17
             THE MARSHAL: Jury entering.
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                   (The following proceedings were held in
                   the presence of the jury.)
19
20
             THE MARSHAL: Jury is present, Judge.
21
             THE COURT: Thank you. Go ahead and be
22
   seated.
23
             Counsel, come up for a second. Let me ask
   you one question real quick.
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1	(A discussion was held at the bench,			
2	not reported.)			
3	THE COURT: Sorry for the delay, folks. I			
4	don't know what else to say. I'm sorry.			
5	We're going to release a couple of people.			
6	Mr. Joyce, Badge 029, we're going to thank and excuse			
7	you. You can report back down to the third floor. Let			
8	them know you've been excused by Department 30.			
9	Who's our next juror for Seat No. 6?			
10	THE CLERK: Badge No. 146, Janelle Klein.			
11	THE COURT: Ms. Klein, you got that seat on			
12	the back row up there in Seat No. 6.			
13	And we are also going to release Mr. Solomon,			
14	Badge 001. Thank and excuse you, sir. You can report			
15	back down to the third floor also.			
16	THE CLERK: Badge 150, Dean Blurton.			
17	THE COURT: You guys in the back thought you			
18	were getting safe all this time had passed. You're not			
19	safe.			
20	Back row, all the way on this end,			
21	Mr. Blurton.			
22	So before before Mr. Roberts goes, I'm			
23	just going to ask the two of you those general			
24	questions. First of all, are there questions that were			
25	asked that you folks would have responded you can			

1	think of a response that you've been sitting there			
2	thinking of that you would offer if you would have been			
3	up here?			
4	Start with Ms. Klein.			
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: No.			
6	THE COURT: No? Mr. Blurton?			
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: No, sir.			
8	THE COURT: Really? All right. Let me do			
9	this: Ms. Klein, I'm just going to ask you those			
10	generic questions that I asked everybody.			
11	How long in Vegas?			
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I moved back to			
13	Vegas 11 years ago.			
14	THE COURT: And do you have a spouse or			
15	significant other?			
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Spouse. I'm a			
17	teacher and he's a programmer.			
18	THE COURT: Okay.			
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: We have custody			
20	of one child. She's in high school.			
21	THE COURT: Okay. Doesn't work outside the			
22	home?			
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: No.			
24	THE COURT: Ever served on a jury before?			
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: No.			

1		THE COURT: All right. Thank you, ma'am.
2		Mr. Blurton, how long in Vegas?
3		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Five years.
4		THE COURT: Do you work?
5		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I do.
6		THE COURT: What do you do?
7		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I'm a senior IT
8	architect	for a slot machine manufacturer.
9		THE COURT: Do you have a spouse or
10	significar	nt other?
11		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I do not.
12		THE COURT: Do you have any children?
13		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Yes, I do. I
14	have a 14-	-year-old son.
15		THE COURT: Doesn't work outside the home
16	yet?	
17		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: No, sir.
18		THE COURT: Have you served on a jury before?
19		PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: No, sir.
20		THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
21		Mr. Roberts, it's yours.
22		MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor.
23		Okay. Mr. Blurton, we'll start with you, and
24	we'll try	to catch you up quickly to where the rest of
25	the panel	is, and you may have already been thinking

about some of these questions as you sat in the back room. So let's -- back of the room.

Let's start out with your personal pain tolerance and the most painful experience that you can recall as you sit here today.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Well, as a -Dean Blurton, 150. As some others had said, there's a
distinction between mental and physical pain. I would
say my physical pain tolerance is probably fairly low.
Worst physical pain is a back injury, bulging disk
injury caused by myself. I was pretty much on the
floor in about 3 seconds, and I don't even know what I
did to do it. It was not very -- it was not a pleasant
thing. I can tell you that.

Mental pain, I kind of wear my heart on my sleeve. I empathize with people a lot. And I do sympathize with people as well. So for me, me myself, I can tolerate whatever comes to me if it happens to me. But like so many others had said, you know, if it's happening to someone else, I — it hurts.

MR. ROBERTS: And are you — are you like many of the jurors in that it hurts a whole lot more when it's someone that you're close to, or do you have that ability to empathize or sympathize with a broader group of people?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I empathize more 2 with people that are closer to me. But I can empathize 3 with people that are not close to me. It depends on 4 the situation. 5 MR. ROBERTS: And, Ms. Klein. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Janelle Klein, Badge 146. I have a fairly high physical pain 7 8 tolerance. I'm not sure whether or not the shredded ACL or the endometrial ablation were more painful. But 10 both of those, I was at work the next day. So like I 11 said, I have a fairly high pain tolerance physically. 12 Emotionally, kind of a wreck. So I don't handle emotional pain well for myself or others. 13 14 MR. ROBERTS: And so the ACL tear, let's just 15 pick that one since they're about the same. 16 What was your pain level there? 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I couldn't walk. Physically my leg couldn't support me. But I guess it 18 19 was like maybe a 6. The doctor was kind of surprised that I was still conscious. 20 21 MR. ROBERTS: Those hurt. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yeah. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Either of you believe there 24 should be caps on the amount of pain and suffering 25 awarded by a jury in a case involving negligence?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I do.
2	MR. ROBERTS: Tell me about that,
3	Mr. Blurton.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: So I
5	understand 150. I understand that there should
6	be you should be duly compensated for things that
7	have happened to you. Like I said, I empathize with
8	people a lot. But there should be a limit; right?
9	There's it just can't go all the way as someone
10	else had said it, it can't go to infinity; right?
11	MR. ROBERTS: Without telling me what the
12	number is, have you put any thought into what the cap
13	should be regardless of the facts and evidence?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: It depends on the
15	facts and the evidence.
16	MR. ROBERTS: All right.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: For me.
18	MR. ROBERTS: So agree or disagree, the jury
19	should not award more money than is reasonable based on
20	the evidence presented to them?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Agree.
22	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. I don't care what the
23	evidence is, pain's never worth that much. Agree or
24	disagree?
25	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Disagree. If the

evidence states that -- it shows that the pain is that 1 2 much, then I will support that. 3 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. 4 Ms. Klein, how do you feel about caps? Do 5 you think there should be caps? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Pain is 7 subjective. The value of one's living condition is 8 variable, so it really depends on the circumstances. 9 You know, how much is a person's life and -- and value 10 of life subjective and -- and all relative, so you 11 can't set a finite number on something before you know 12 what -- what the circumstances are. 13 MR. ROBERTS: So, again, two viewpoints, two 14 people. The jury who hears the facts and the evidence 15 should have discretion to award whatever number they 16 think is reasonable? Or the other side, the legislature should decide how much money is the maximum 17 18 regardless of the facts and evidence? Where are you 19 leaning? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: It's a 20 21 case-by-case basis. You can't set a cap arbitrarily. 22 I mean, unless your cap is, you know, so high that it's 23 meaningless. 24 Do either one of you have any MR. ROBERTS: 25 concerns about your ability to award a high amount for

1 damages if justified by the facts and the evidence? 2 Mr. Blurton? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: 150. If it's 4 justified, I can award it. We were -- you had talked about scales earlier? 5 MR. ROBERTS: Yes. And Mr. Joyce was the one 6 7 saying the higher the number gets, the more weight of 8 evidence I'm going to want to see. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Yeah, I generally 10 agree with that. 11 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. So if the Court were to 12 instruct you that it's more likely than not is the standard, the preponderance of the evidence --13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Well, there's --15 MR. ROBERTS: -- regardless of the amount 16 being asked for, can you follow that instruction, or is there part of you that's going to just need more proof 17 18 the higher the money gets? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I'm going to need 20 more proof the higher the money gets. 21 MR. ROBERTS: Not just proof of more pain, 22 but proof of -- you're going to require that the scales 23 balance a little bit higher than 51 percent; is that 24 right? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's correct.

1 MR. ROBERTS: Because of that, do you -- and 2 the need to have fair and impartial jurors who can 3 follow the law, do you think maybe you're not the right 4 juror for a case where someone is seeking a substantial amount for pain and suffering? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I think that 6 7 would be a correct statement. 8 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 9 What about you, Ms. Klein? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Badge No. 146. Ι 11 can follow rules. If the law says that this is what you need to do, you do that. 13 MR. ROBERTS: And if the facts and evidence 14 justify a high award, you can do that? 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: If that's what the -- the rule of the law says, you follow the rule of 17 the law. And if you disagree with the law, there's a 18 process to change that later. 19 MR. ROBERTS: And if the facts and evidence 20 justify a low award, we're not looking just for --21 we're looking for fair and impartial. You can award a 22 low amount? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: You do what the 24 law says. 25 MR. ROBERTS: You heard some discussion about

1 plaintiffs and their attorneys exaggerating the facts, 2 exaggerating the amount of pain just to get more money. 3 Do you believe that most people would do 4 that? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: 150. I don't 6 agree. 7 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Ms. Klein. 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Badge No. 146. Ι 9 believe that by the time it reaches a courtroom, the --10 the facts should be enough to substantiate it if it's 11 a -- you know, it's a case. It's not, you know, 12 somebody just saying, oh, this has happened. By that 13 time, the attorneys should have weighed whether or not 14 this is a justified case not just somebody blowing 15 something out of proportion. Most people aren't going 16 to try to take it all the way to a courtroom if they're 17 just exaggerating. 18 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Stay with you. 19 What are the most important values that you 20 would want to teach your family that you try to 21 implement in your personal life? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: My husband calls 23 it Wheaton's Law, Don't be a dick. You know, it's --24 be a decent person, be the best person you can be at 25 all times.

1 MR. ROBERTS: Is that Wheaton? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yeah, as in Wil 3 Wheaton. 4 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Yes, the Star Trek quy. 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Among other 6 things. 7 MR. ROBERTS: Among other things. Sorry for pigeonholing it. Thank you. 8 9 Mr. Blurton. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Dean Blurton, 11 150. Be humble. Be kind. If someone needs your help, 12 regardless of the circumstances, don't refuse. Be 13 truthful. Be honest. If the person next to me says he needs the shirt off my back, he probably does because I 14 15 can get another shirt; right? So I will give that 16 person whatever is required because I know as a person 17 that I can replenish those things and they're just 18 things. 19 MR. ROBERTS: So if a person tells you they 20 need the shirt that you're wearing, are you going to 21 assume that they're sincere and they really need it? 22 Or are you going to question that and want to know more 23 before you give them your shirt? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I try to give 25 people the benefit of the doubt.

MR. ROBERTS: That's what it sounded like. 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: He's not a dick. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I am not. 4 MR. ROBERTS: Although you may not have known 5 the name, you do adhere to Wheaton's Law. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's a new one. 7 MR. ROBERTS: So I don't want to -- to -- to, 8 you know, take up everyone's time. We've been through this process. You've heard everyone else's answers. 10 If you were in my shoes or my client's shoes, 11 the defense, is there anything else you think we should 12 know about you that -- is there a reason why you would 13 be a really good juror for a case like this or a reason that you probably wouldn't be right for a case like 14 15 this? 16 And, Ms. Klein, I'll ask you first. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Janelle Klein, 17 18 Badge No. 146. I have a degree in civil engineering 19 and worked as an assistant to a forensic engineer 20 during my internship. So I used to do car accident 21 reconstructions as part of my work. 22 MR. ROBERTS: And I notice that on your 23 questionnaire that you work for an accident 24 reconstructionist. I wasn't positive the extent to 25 which you actually did that work.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I did it, and he 2 presented it in court. 3 MR. ROBERTS: Yes. So you use the software 4 to enter the values and the forces --5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Did the research on the vehicles and -- and the weather conditions and 7 the road conditions and the extent of damage based on the damage to the vehicles, transfer of forces from the vehicle to human bodies. Yeah. All of that. 10 MR. ROBERTS: Which program or programs did 11 you use as a regular part of your work? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Most of the 13 programs that we used had been written by my employer, 14 so it was --15 MR. ROBERTS: Proprietary --16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: -- proprietary. It's not commercially available. 17 18 MR. ROBERTS: Did you attend any classes at 19 ACTAR or any of the other institutes, Northwest 20 University? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: No. I was still 22 attending classes at UNLV at the time, in the process 23 of earning my degree in engineering. And I did not 24 pursue that line of specialty. 25 MR. ROBERTS: And when you say crush and

transfer of forces, determining energies due to --1 based on the crush damage of the vehicles, you did 2 3 that? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yes. 5 MR. ROBERTS: And having -- how often -- how 6 long did you do that type of work? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I worked for that 8 firm for, I want to say, about a year or year and a 9 half. It's been a really long time. And that 10 comprised probably maybe 25 percent of our workload. 11 MR. ROBERTS: So you did the research. You 12 entered the data. The computer gives you answers; 13 right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: And then I would 14 15 prepare exhibits for him to present in court. 16 MR. ROBERTS: So at the end of doing this 17 regularly for a year, do you already have a pretty good 18 idea -- could you kind of look at the values of what 19 you were entering in and guess what the program was 20 going to say about forces and speeds and energy? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I had a decent 22 idea. A lot of it depends on -- because there's so 23 many different kinds of vehicles, it really depended on 24 the individual vehicles. So, you know, for your basic 25 sedans and, you know, your basic vehicles, it was --

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you get an idea. But there was a very wide variety.
1
   Everything from semis to motorcycles that were
2
3
   involved. So it kind of makes it a really big
 4
   different.
5
             MR. ROBERTS: In Mr. Roberts' example, you
 6
   didn't want to be in the Volkswagen; right?
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Right. So -- and
8
   like I said, it's been quite a while since I've done
9
   that, so ...
             MR. ROBERTS: And -- and you brought that up
10
11
   when I was asking you, a good juror, bad juror.
12
             Do you think that would help you as a juror
   in a case involving a car accident?
13
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Probably.
15
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Make me a
17
   well-informed juror.
18
             MR. ROBERTS: Would you be able to rely on
19
   the testimony in court -- I don't think there will be
20
   based on your explanation, but are you going to be able
21
   to rely, like the other jurors, on what they hear in
22
   court, not do your own analysis if the judge instructs
23
   you that you shouldn't do that?
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I would not be
25
   able to at this point do a separate analysis.
                                                  I would
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have to rely on the -- the testimony of the expert witnesses if there was testing.

MR. ROBERTS: What was the name of the accident reconstructionist that you worked for?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Gary Presswood.

He worked mainly with one specific law firm in town, so it was -- he was kind of their expert witness.

MR. ROBERTS: In the course of being involved in a lot of litigation work, you're preparing reports and exhibits to assist your expert in his trial presentations, did you form any type of opinions about legal work or cases or presumptions that might carry over that we should know about?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: There's a lot of paperwork. Other than that, it's just, you know, a lot of -- a lot of paperwork that goes into it that's -- you know, it's got to be sifted through.

MR. ROBERTS: If — if we're going to hear from not necessarily a reconstructionist, but if we're going to hear from experts during the course of the trial, and we got different experts on different sides with conflicting opinions, you think you're the type of person who's going to be qualified to weigh their opinions and the facts supporting their opinions, the rationale and make judgments about which expert's

opinion is more persuasive?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I should hope I should be able to tell which one presents a accurate depiction of — of whatever the analysis is, whether it's a medical opinion or a engineering opinion.

6 It's -- it's not a -- it's -- they're presenting facts 7 as they found them.

MR. ROBERTS: Now, when -- your accident reconstructionist, Mr. Presswood, when he testified in court, did he get paid by the person who hired him?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: He got paid by the lawyer as part of the legal team. It was not contingent upon whether or not the case won or lost. It was, he got paid for the service to the lawyer as part of — as a consultant.

MR. ROBERTS: And so you're aware that — that experts who are qualified by education, training, and experience can come into court, try to assist the jury in understanding the facts.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Does the fact that the expert is being paid by the party that's putting them on the stand, is that going to impact you, make it harder to believe him? Would you just not believe him at all? How does that weigh into your analysis of the

opinion?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: In general, an
expert is paid to present an analysis, and that's what
they do. Whether it's, you know, for one side or
another, they look at the facts and present their
findings. They may be, you know, presenting the
findings from either the defense or, you know,
whatever, but it's the facts as they have found them.

MR. ROBERTS: So -- so the fact that they're getting paid, you might consider that, but it wouldn't -- you'd still listen to what they have to say.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yes. Everybody should be paid for their work.

MR. ROBERTS: Very good.

What about everyone else? We haven't talked about this. There will be experts, and they will have been paid to both prepare for and present their findings. And some of the medical doctors are going to have very high hourly rates, in excess of a thousand dollars an hour. Who — who's going to be bothered by that? Anyone?

Everyone going to be able to consider that opinion and — and weigh their opinions fairly based on the foundation they have for the opinion, the work they

did, the reasons they give you for how they feel? 1 2 And that was such a good answer. We talked 3 for so long, I can't remember. We didn't talk yet, did 4 we, Mr. Blurton? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: No, but it's --MR. ROBERTS: Anything I should know about 6 7 you that -- that make you a good juror or not the right 8 juror for a case like this? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Dean Blurton, 150. Apart from my previous statements, probably not. 10 11 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And your previous statement, I think we -- you said you probably wouldn't 12 13 be a very good juror for a case like this based on your 14 beliefs; right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's correct, 15 16 yeah. 17 MR. ROBERTS: I'd like to talk to you about 18 the issue of punitive damages. This is a case in which 19 we are going to ask for the jury to assess punitive 20 damages. Now, let me explain what that is. 21 Punitive damages have nothing to do with 22 compensation to the plaintiff. It's not compensation for harms and losses. Instead, punitive damages are 23 24 damages intended to punish -- that's where the word 25 punitive comes from -- to punish someone for their

conduct. Or the other way the law refers to them is exemplary damages. You might see some law where it says an award for sake of example. For sake of example to deter them and others similarly situated from the same conduct.

Now, some people don't believe in punitive damages because they don't believe it's right to punish with money. And some people think that they simply wouldn't be able due to their own personal beliefs to judge someone and — and punish them or make them an example. Others don't have the concerns like that and believe that punitive damages might be appropriate under the right facts and circumstances if proven. So I'm not talking about this case. I'm just talked about your general beliefs about punitive damages.

Is there anyone here — and this goes back to the death penalty a little bit. You know, some people just say, look, I couldn't even consider the death penalty. I could put someone in prison, but I couldn't consider the death penalty because I just don't think that's right and I couldn't personally do that to someone. Some people feel that way about punitive damages, that I don't want sit in judgment of someone and judge how much money is enough, not just to deter them but other people if justified by the facts.

1 So is there anyone here start out with you 2 think it might be tough for you to sit on a jury and 3 either determine whether punitive damages should be awarded under the facts or to determine the amount of punitive damages that are necessary for punishment or for sake of example? Anyone think they would have a problem with that? 7 8 Thank you, Mr. Jensen. Okav. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 015. I have a 10 problem with the amount because I would have to be 11 shown how that would be figured, I mean, to make it 12 punitive. I would have no information from a personal 13 level to say, you know, is it a dollar or is it X, 14 whatever. So if that's part of the proceedings, then I 15 think I would be okay. But just off the top of my head, I'd have a tough time with that issue. 17 MR. ROBERTS: So if the judge were to give 18 you some rules and the lawyers were to present a 19 framework for you to consider, would you be comfortable 20 making the decision yourself? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Yes. 22 MR. ROBERTS: Anyone else have -- have any 23 concerns?

Who -- who here thinks that punitive damages

would be proper under some circumstance, that, hey, I

24

25

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1
   can see the reason for that?
2
             Okay. Mr. Cyganek, let's start with you.
3
   Tell me about how you feel about punitive damages.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Well, I have to
 4
5
   hear the evidence.
 6
             MR. ROBERTS: We're not talking about this
7
   case. We're just talking general.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: There's a reason
8
9
   you're asking for punitive damages. So I would look at
10
   that as -- with an open mind and there's -- and you can
11
   present that in court. That would be sufficient for
12
   me.
13
             MR. ROBERTS:
                           Thank you.
14
             Ms. Gold. And I hope I didn't misspeak
15
  earlier. I was going through Mr. --
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: No.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: No? Okay. I didn't call you
   Mr. Gold. I was scared at lunch I might have.
18
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Maybe you did.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: I apologize.
21
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: No problem. 036.
22
   I think punitives are appropriate. Nothing hurts
23
   somebody like pulling their pocketbook. And I think if
24
   that's a way to punish them, then that's a way to
25
   punish them.
```

1	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Ms. Gold.
2	Ms. Klein.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Punitive damages
4	are totally appropriate in given circumstances. It
5	really just depends on the circumstances of each case,
6	what sort of punitive measures are necessary.
7	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
8	Mr. Foerstel.
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: 023. Basically
10	what she said. I definitely feel the same way.
11	It's it's one way to punish someone and to prevent
12	them from doing it in the future or to prevent other
13	people from doing it in the future as well. I can see
14	it under the right circumstances.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Flores.
16	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: I see it just
17	like they do. It's just a way of punishing someone for
18	them not to do it again.
19	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
20	Mr. Brandon.
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: What they all
22	said.
23	MR. ROBERTS: What they all said.
24	Did is there anyone who feels a little
25	differently than than what the first group said?

Might have a little different view of it?

Mr. Evans.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: 053. I guess I would have a question, is — I mean, how big is their bank account? I mean, if you're punishing somebody like Steve Wynn, fine him a thousand dollars, I mean, it's nothing to him. To another person, a thousand dollars is a lot.

MR. ROBERTS: And — and the Court is going to give you guidance about the factors that you can consider, and I can't talk to you about the specific factors right now. I'm just trying to get your thoughts. But I understand what you're — what you're saying.

Now, let's think about compensatory damages, damages to compensate for harms and losses. Now, in that case, sympathy for the defendants and — and really who the defendants are doesn't factor in. That's an outside factor. Because if you're compensating someone for their harms and losses, it doesn't matter whether it's an individual or whether it's General Electric. The harms and losses doesn't change based on how much money the defendants have.

Is there anyone who might have a problem with that, who might want to consider what they believe to

be the circumstances an individual defendant, or just 1 the fact that the defendant is an individual, and have 2 3 a hard time keeping that out of their analysis of compensation? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Can you say that 6 again -- 58 -- what your question was. 7 MR. ROBERTS: Sure. Let's -- let's say that -- I'm just going to keep picking on Mr. Retzlaff. Let's say his accident was caused because one of his 10 buddies on another long board ran into him and was 11 negligent and caused the accident and he brought a 12 lawsuit. Let's assume that his accident was caused by 13 the company who negligently manufactured the long board 14 and caused his accident, and they're a huge 15 corporation. The amount of money necessary to 16 compensate him for his broken collarbone doesn't change whether it's the individual or whether it's a human 17 18 corporation. 19 You following me? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: (Nods head.) 21 MR. ROBERTS: Is there anyone here who has a 22 problem with that, who thinks compensatory damages to 23 compensate for harms and losses should be smaller if 24 it's a person and bigger if it's a corporation?

So was there anything else that you wanted to

25

add, Mr. Evans? No? Sorry I took that away from you.

Anyone else feel a little different or have anything to add to their thoughts about punitive damages.

Ms. Go, did I see you?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Sorry.

MR. ROBERTS: You started; right?

And without telling you amounts, we will, at the end of the case, if justified by the facts and evidence, be asking for a substantial amount of punitive damages.

Is there anyone who believes that based on their own personal beliefs or the fact that we've got individuals and not corporations on the other side think they would have trouble awarding a substantial punitive damage award regardless of what the facts and evidence shows?

And I'm just going to raised hands here rather than go through this individually.

Who here considers themselves a strong leader in some part of their life, whether it's a leader in your family, a leader at work, a leader in a civic organization. Got a lot of leaders in this group, and I don't remember the -- I don't think anyone's ever been a foreperson on a jury; right?

1 So this is one that may spark a lot of 2 conversation. I'm going to get out my big sheets so 3 I've got all your answers to your questions. questionnaire had Questions 55 and 56. I'm going to read those again to refresh your recollection as to what they were because I think the wording is 7 important. 8 Question 55: "Would you be able to serve as 9 a fair and impartial juror in a case where the operator 10 of a motor vehicle used marijuana and was involved in a 11 motor vehicle accident?" And you were asked to say yes 12 or no, whether you can be a fair and impartial juror in 13 a case like that. And, Your Honor -- I don't know if you 14 15 remember that notebook, that was a list of all the things we're not supposed to talk about, according to 16 17 the judge. 18 So can I have a sidebar just real quick, 19 Thank you. Want to get clarification. Judge? 20 THE COURT: Come on up. 21 (A discussion was held at the bench, 22 not reported.) THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Roberts. 23 24 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, Your Honor. 25 So the context I wanted permission to tell

1	you about is when talking to to me and the Court and
2	the defense about whether you could be fair and
3	impartial in a case where the operator of a motor
4	vehicle used marijuana and was involved in a motor
5	vehicle accident, what you need to know about this case
6	is there's already been a finding by the Court that
7	Mr. Awerbach was in excess of the legal limits and,
8	therefore is at fault for the accident. So that's not
9	a question that you're going to have to decide.
10	MR. STRASSBURG: May I approach, Judge?
11	MR. ROBERTS: Whether the accident caused the
12	injury
13	MR. STRASSBURG: Permission to approach.
14	THE COURT: Come on up, Mr. Roberts.
15	(A discussion was held at the bench,
16	not reported.)
17	THE COURT: All right. So I'm going to
18	strike the last comment and question that was asked
19	you. And he's going to start over.
20	Go ahead, Mr. Roberts.
21	MR. ROBERTS: Thank you.
22	I'm going to be more precise this time.
23	There's already been a finding by the Court
24	that the level of marijuana metabolites in
25	Mr. Awerbach's blood at the time of the accident

exceeded the legal limit. Therefore, he — there's
been a finding he was legally impaired and responsible
for the accident. So you won't need to determine
whether to hold him responsible. You'll need to
determine what damages, if any, to Ms. Garcia was
caused by the accident. So I think that's a very
important distinction when we're talking about whether
you can be fair and impartial in a case where a driver
used marijuana and was involved in an accident.

Some of you may say, you know, I can still fairly and impartially determine compensation to Ms. Garcia. If — if her injuries were caused by the accident, I can determine that. I can determine the amount of money. I can be fair even though I know the reason that the defense is responsible is because they used marijuana, a drug.

Some jurors might say, I can't be fair. I'm going to award more damages than the evidence shows because I'm mad. But that's — that's an outside factor. Some may think it's fine to drive and smoke, and — and I'm — I wouldn't award damages regardless of what the Court said.

So tell me about how you feel. And I think this is an important enough question that I'd like to start at the beginning. No longer with Badge 1, but

Mr. Blurton, Badge 150, tell me how you feel about 1 2 these things. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Dean Blurton, 4 150. I feel I could be fair. If he was legally 5 liable, he's legally liable. There's -- that's the end 6 of that. 7 MR. ROBERTS: And you can fairly apply the 8 law the Court instructs you on, the evidence that comes 9 in that's presented to you and reach a fair verdict? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Yes, sir. 10 11 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, sir. 12 Mr. Brandon. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: 003. I can be 14 fair based on evidence, everything, you know. 15 MR. ROBERTS: Very good. 16 And -- and -- and as I recall from my notes, 17 you may have been the juror who said that you believe 18 some people drive better on marijuana. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. My dad 20 when -- my stepdad smoked marijuana when he was around. 21 Working on the racecar, his welds looked like crap. 22 He'd go inside, smoke a little marijuana, come back 23 out, and they're like amazing. Get in the racecar 24 under a yellow flag, I'd see a orange glow going around

in the cockpit. Talking to a guy smoking a marijuana

25

stick right now. Awesome. He drove fine. Other 1 times, it's just certain people have different -- they 2 can handle it differently. Sometimes marijuana will 3 help somebody. Sometimes it impairs them. 4 5 MR. ROBERTS: Did he ever run into any of 6 those walls at 130 miles an hour? 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: No. He was more 8 experienced. He was actually able to, you know, use 9 the brake pedal and turn the car. I just -- you know. 10 I'm all about going fast. So, you know, there's a 11 wall, just hold on. It's going to hurt. 12 MR. ROBERTS: So -- so my question for you 13 might be a little different than the question for the 14 other jurors. If the Court's already made a finding of 15 responsibility, are you going to be able to follow that 16 and award damages despite maybe your personal beliefs 17 that people drive better on marijuana? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. The Court 19 found him impaired. So obviously I got to be fair, and 20 if you're impaired, this is what you caused. 21 MR. ROBERTS: So when you say some people 22 drive better on marijuana, that might be different for 23 a small amount of marijuana versus a large amount? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Give or take.

MR. ROBERTS: That's where you're drawing the

25

distinction, impaired versus maybe just a little? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah, yeah. He 3 was -- obviously he couldn't see the road or whatever, 4 the vehicle, he was far beyond the limits of, okay, 5 you're safe and you're not safe. 6 MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Flores. 7 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Badge 010. 8 be fair. He was found over the limit and, you know, 9 the Court has agreed he was found over the limit. 10 MR. ROBERTS: In your -- in your 11 questionnaire, you said, yes, and then your explanation 12 was something along if it was their choice to do drugs. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Yeah, it was his choice. You know, he knew what he was doing. You 14 15 know, he smoked and he got in a car. He chose -- he 16 chose to drive instead of just staying where he was at. 17 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. 18 Mr. Jensen. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 015. I think I 20 can be fair and follow the Court's directives. 21 However, I'm going to probably have a bias that's going 22 to have to be overcome towards awarding more for the 23 simple reason that if a person knew that they were impaired, that reasonable person should never have 24 25 gotten behind the wheel. It gets back to your punitive

question that, you know, why did you do it? And I want 1 to be honest, I'm going to have a little harder time 3 getting beyond that point. 4 MR. ROBERTS: So if you were told that 5 compensatory damages, you can't consider, you just have to balance the harms and losses, if any, to the 7 plaintiff, but in the punitive phase, you can consider other factor because it's not for compensation, then that solves that problem for you? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 11 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Jensen. 12 Mr. Foerstel. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: 023. Yeah, I can 14 follow the Court's directive and whether -- whether 15 they were impaired by drugs, alcohol or no 16 mind-altering substances, I can be fair. 17 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you, sir. 18 And, Ms. Klein. 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Badge 146. 20 going to have to agree with Mr. Jensen in that I can 21 follow the Court's directive for the compensatory --22 compensatory damage and not take into account the 23 status of the driver. But it will definitely factor 24 into the punitive. 25 MR. ROBERTS: Very good. And -- and in your

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1
   questionnaire, when you were expressing some
2
   reservations about whether you could be fair --
3
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: No one should --
 4
             MR. ROBERTS: -- I think you were saying you
5
   shouldn't be operating a vehicle, so you should be
   automatically liable. But now that you know you're not
7
   going to have to determine the fault part, you're okay
   with that. You can be fair on damages.
9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Right. The
10
   compensatory part is based on the evidence. I don't
11
  have to determine whether or not he caused it --
12
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay.
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: -- or to what
14
  extent.
15
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. Thank you,
16
   Ms. Klein.
17
             Ms. Gold.
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes. 036.
19
   believe that there are two separate issues. I think I
20
   could be fair with it.
21
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And -- and when you said
22
   in your questionnaire, if I recall, you were the ones
23
   who said no, no, I couldn't be fair.
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: That doesn't
25
   surprise me.
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1	MR. ROBERTS: So so let's reconcile those
2	things because we need to know sort of the totality of
3	where you're at, where you were at then, where you're
4	at now.
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Now I know
6	they're two separate issues, you know, that makes all
7	the difference in the world.
8	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you can be fair on
9	damages.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Absolutely.
11	MR. ROBERTS: And you can listen to the
12	evidence on punitive damages and fairly and impartially
13	decide if they should be awarded and, if so, how much.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes, I can do
15	that.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you so much.
17	Okay. Mr. Cyganek.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: 0106. Yes, I
19	would be fair with what everybody said and my beliefs.
20	MR. ROBERTS: Just a second. See if I have
21	to ask you a follow-up question. You said you could be
22	fair all along. Excellent.
23	Mr. Retzlaff.
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: Badge 088. I
25	believe I said no on the questionnaire. But

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1
             MR. ROBERTS: You did say no.
2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: I'm in the same
3
   boat as her. Now knowing -- you know, after you're
 4
   explaining it and knowing that they're separate issues,
   I -- I would have no problem.
             MR. ROBERTS: No reservations at all?
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 088: No, sir.
7
8
             MR. ROBERTS: Thanks very much.
 9
             Mr. Avilaroa.
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078: 078. Yes, I -- I
11
  believe I can be fair.
12
             MR. ROBERTS: You also said yes in your
   questionnaire. So I think we're -- we're good.
13
   Nothing's changed about that.
14
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 078:
16
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Ms. Bias.
17
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: 066.
                                               To be
18
   honest, I don't remember if I said yes or no.
19
   said no one should be driving impaired.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: You said yes, I can be fair,
21
  but no one should be driving impaired.
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes.
23
  believe I can be fair, yes.
24
             MR. ROBERTS: Under the facts of this case,
25
   you could be fair to the defendant and to the
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1
   plaintiff?
2
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 066: Yes, sir.
 3
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Very good.
 4
             Mr. Berkery.
 5
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: 063. I believe I
 6
   can follow the Court's orders and be fair.
7
             MR. ROBERTS: And the process is to listen
   and be open minded. I can be fair. That sound
   familiar?
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 063: Probably.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: Very good, sir.
12
             Mr. Roberts. I don't believe you answered
13
  this question.
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I wasn't sure if
15
  I did or not.
16
             MR. ROBERTS: Was that intentional? Were you
17
  having trouble?
18
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yes, I had --
19
   it -- you know, a lot has to do with factors. You
20
   know, what were the -- what were the issues behind it
21
   or what the issues are behind it now. You just told us
  we don't have to determine liability, but is there any
23
   comparative liability? I don't know if that's -- has
24
   been answered by the Court or not.
25
             Some -- sometimes people have issues that
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they require medications, stuff like that. I don't
1
   know if -- if -- you know, that's the situation here.
2
   But it could be just the -- a momentary miss -- what do
3
   I mean to say? -- lapse in judgment thinking I can when
 4
5
   I can't. But it wasn't -- it wasn't something to be
 6
   penalized.
7
             MR. ROBERTS: But it sounds like you're very
8
   open to hearing whatever the evidence and explanation
9
   may be and give a fair award.
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I think so, yeah.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: Are you open to the possibility
12
   that punitive damages are appropriate?
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah. I think
14
   I'm open to the idea of it.
15
             MR. ROBERTS: So you're open both ways.
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: Yeah. I could go
17
   one way. I just have to hear information and process
18
   it.
19
             MR. ROBERTS: There is two quick questions
20
  that I forgot when I was looking at your questionnaire.
21
   Very quickly. You checked that you knew an attorney at
22
   my firm Georlen Spangler.
23
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: The name --
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MR. ROBERTS: Name just sounded familiar to

24

25

you?

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: It sounded 2 familiar to me, so I -- I put it there. There's a 3 lot -- you had a long list of people out there, and a lot of them kind of looked like, yeah, I think I came across them. It's been a while since I've been in the field, so I'm not exactly sure of everyone I've come 7 across. But I read hundreds of reports in my records, 8 letters, that kind of stuff, so it's possible. 9 MR. ROBERTS: And you also checked that you 10 knew Maria Estanislao, one of the attorneys for the 11 defense? 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: So I know a doctor named Stanislaw, and that's who I thought it 13 was. But that's a correct. But she still looks 14 15 familiar to me. I've been trying to figure it out for 16 this whole time. I -- I been looking at her, going I 17 know that face from somewhere, but I don't know where. 18 And I don't know if she's been in other firms, and I'm 19 in and out of medical buildings and offices all the 20 time. 21 MR. ROBERTS: So nothing about your knowledge 22 or -- or --23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: I don't know --24 from what I know, I don't know her personally, but I

could have run across her or interacted with her as --

25

1	that's probably what I
2	MR. ROBERTS: But the same answer for
3	Ms. Spangler and Ms. Estanislao, nothing that could
4	alter your opinion or cause you to be unfair to anyone
5	in the case; right?
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 058: No.
7	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Mr. Evans back to the
8	can you be fair to to
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yes.
10	MR. ROBERTS: someone who used marijuana
11	and drugs?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yes.
13	MR. STRASSBURG: Objection.
14	MR. ROBERTS: To was
15	MR. STRASSBURG: Objection.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Was in excess of the
17	MR. MAZZEO: Approach. Approach. Approach.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Roberts.
19	(A discussion was held at the bench,
20	not reported.)
21	THE COURT: All right, folks. I'm going to
22	strike the last question. It was, Can you be fair to
23	someone who used marijuana and drugs? This case is
24	about marijuana metabolite. You've been instructed
25	you've been told that that was the finding of the

1	Court, that he was in excess of the legal limit on
2	marijuana metabolite. There's no evidence of other
3	drugs.
4	So that part is going to be stricken.
5	Mr. Roberts is going to ask a new question.
6	MR. ROBERTS: So you could be fair to someone
7	who consumed marijuana and had an excess level of
8	marijuana metabolites in the blood?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: Yes.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Yes? Thank you.
11	On your answer
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 053: I don't know what
13	I put.
14	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Perreida.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes.
16	MR. ROBERTS: Excuse me just a second. I
17	apologize.
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: 0130.
19	MR. ROBERTS: 130. And you said yes in your
20	questionnaire.
21	And you still feel you can be fair?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yes.
23	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you said you're not
24	sure on Question No. 56. And Question 56 is the same
25	topic, but it's worded a little differently. "Would

1	you be able to serve as a fair and impartial juror in a
2	case involving driving under the influence of marijuana
3	metabolite or drugs." And you said "Not sure."
4	Have those concerns been alleviated?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: I'm not sure what
6	the question. Maybe I don't understand the question.
7	Not exactly.
8	MR. ROBERTS: At the time?
9	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Yeah.
10	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. But do you understand
11	the question now as we're talking today?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: No. Excuse me.
13	MR. ROBERTS: Am I talking too fast?
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: No. Just it's
15	kind of my brain I don't know. Just don't
16	understand the point, you know.
17	MR. ROBERTS: So and let me simplify the
18	question. You know, we've been talking about the
19	circumstances of this case.
20	Is there anything that I've said that makes
21	you believe you cannot be fair and impartial to both
22	sides?
23	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: About?
24	MR. ROBERTS: About the amount of damages,
25	about whether punitive damages should be awarded. Can

you be fair to both sides on those issues? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: It depends on the 3 evidence and whatever I think is -- should be -- how do 4 you say? Whatever I think is true. And you still have to follow the evidence and the case and the result from that accident. If there is result from the accident 7 that affect your life, I mean, whoever injured in that accident, you have to be consider, you know, from the medical or from the doctor things you would be -- so 10 you can decide what to be fair or not fair. 11 MR. ROBERTS: So -- so your decision, if I 12 could say it back to you to make sure I understand, is it would depend on the evidence. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: 14 Yes. 15 MR. ROBERTS: Depend on the medical records. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: 16 17 MR. ROBERTS: Depend on what the doctors say. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Uh-huh. 18 19 MR. ROBERTS: Look at all the evidence and 20 then be fair based on that evidence. 21 Is that what you're trying to say? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 130: Uh-huh. 23 MR. ROBERTS: Yes? Thank you so much. 24 Okay. And, Ms. Abeles, you're Badge 43? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And you said yes, you
2	could be fair to both questions.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Absolutely.
4	MR. ROBERTS: And you just need to consider
5	all the evidence.
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ROBERTS: Is that still the way you feel?
8	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 043: Yes, sir.
9	MR. ROBERTS: Very good.
10	Mr. Inglett, you're Badge 91. You said you
11	could be fair. You didn't know what a metabolite was,
12	but you're willing to listen to the evidence and and
13	be fair.
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 091: That's correct.
15	MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Mr. Corum is Badge
16	No. 93.
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: Yes.
18	MR. ROBERTS: I can look you up here on the
19	sheet. You said you could be fair, and you still feel
20	that way?
21	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 093: (Nods head.)
22	MR. ROBERTS: Ms. Go, what's your badge
23	number?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: 141.
25	MR. ROBERTS: You put no to both questions.

```
1
  So tell me if your feelings have changed as we've
   discussed what your decision is going to be and if you
3
   would listen to the rest of the panel.
 4
             Do you still feel you would have trouble
5
   being fair?
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: It really
7
   depends. Just like the other juror said, I quess it
   depends on the severity. If there's a death involved,
   then I can't be fair. But if -- if just for the
10
   damages, then yes.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: So no one's died in this case,
12
   so --
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: So I quess I can
14
   be fair.
15
             MR. ROBERTS: You can be fair on that?
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 141: Yeah.
17
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you, ma'am.
18
             And let's see. Mr. Franco.
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: 096.
20
             MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. That helps me.
21
             THE COURT: Bless you.
22
             MR. ROBERTS: Bless you.
23
             And you said yes to both questions. You can
24
   be fair. You have to know the issue of the case, but
   you feel like you can be fair and even under these
25
```

circumstances.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 096: And I will be.

MR. ROBERTS: Very good.

Thanks for letting me go through that with each one of you individually.

And we have talked about this a little bit, but there are several people who indicated in their questionnaires they would feel sympathy for the person if a person was injured in an automobile accident. Several people said they felt they would feel sympathy for the defendants being sued in court. So sympathy, of course, is a natural emotion. It's good. A lot of people have it.

whether you sympathize for either one of the parties that are here, but whether or not you think that that sympathy might affect your verdict. And that's whether or not your — you bring in that outside factor and that it might affect your verdict even in situations where the Court instructed you that your decision is not to be made on sympathy.

So despite some of the sympathy that some of you have expressed that you might feel or you do feel in a case like this, is there anyone that thinks they have trouble setting that aside and just listening to the evidence? Anyone think that?

And now I'm going to ask the rest of you a broad question, sort of along the lines I asked

Ms. Klein, Mr. Blurton. And that is, we've talked about a lot of things. But given the type of person you are, your attitudes, your life experiences, your opinions, your prejudices, meaning the prejudgments you've made — might have made about some things based on your life experiences, is there anyone here who thinks maybe they're just not the right juror for this case, that you would have trouble setting some of those things aside, or that you might start out favoring either me or favoring the defendants? Anyone have anything to add?

Anything -- one of the questions on the questionnaire was open ended, and sometimes I get a lot of answers, sometimes not many. But it's just, like, Is there anything the lawyers ought to know about you?

And as you have — as you have — you've talked with me yesterday and today, is there anything that I haven't covered that you think might be helpful to me in deciding whether you're the right juror for this case? Anything you would like me to know about you right now?

Okay. Mr. Blurton.

```
1
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Dean Blurton,
2
         I do have to mention that I am vision impaired.
   150.
3
   I don't know how that will affect this case. But I
   have trouble reading from distances, so I may have
   issues with that. I try not let it seep into my
   everyday life and what I do, but sometimes that
7
   happens.
8
             MR. ROBERTS: And if -- if I recall, did your
 9
   questionnaire say you were legally blind?
10
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's correct.
11
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. And do you have the
12
   ability to put on glasses to correct that or is it
13
   something regardless of correction, you're still going
   to have trouble seeing?
14
15
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's correct,
   regardless of correction, it's still going to be a big
16
   problem for me.
17
18
             MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Do you think that might
   affect your ability to follow along if exhibits are put
19
20
   up on the board and pictures are shown, if the doctors
21
   are holding models of the spines?
22
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Yes, it's
23
   possible.
24
                           Okay. You think that's going
             MR. ROBERTS:
  to make you -- another reason why you might not be a
25
```

1 good juror for this case? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I will, you know, 3 do my best. But like I said, I do have -- I do have 4 visual impairments that sometimes get in the way. 5 MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you. Your Honor, may we approach? 6 7 THE COURT: Come on up. 8 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you. 9 (A discussion was held at the bench, 10 not reported.) 11 THE COURT: Mr. Blurton, I don't think any of 12 the attorneys want to be the bad guy and ask you more 13 questions about your vision issues. I would prefer if 14 there's a way that we can keep you to -- to give you 15 whatever accommodations we can because of your vision 16 issues. 17 My -- I guess my concern is if the attorneys 18 have medical records or something like that, portions 19 of that can be turned into brail. Portions of it may 20 not be able to. Photographs I think are going to be 21 another issue. 22 My question is: How much can you see? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: So let me give 24 you an example. I can see the clock on the wall behind

I know it's a clock, but I don't know what time

25

you.

```
1
   it is.
2
             THE COURT: It's really not a clock. It's a
3
   seal.
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: There you go.
                                                        So
5
   I -- let me give you a little bit of background. I was
   born with cataracts. I've had corneal transplants and
7
   things like that, lots of experience with surgeries.
   My vision's probably not going to get any better. I'm
   not even close to be able to drive a car. Not even
  close. I can read things; right? But once I get out
10
11
  about 20 feet, that's it. I can't --
12
             THE COURT: You can see things close up
13
  better?
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Closer better,
15
  yes.
16
             THE COURT: So if you were given anything
17
   that's shown on the screen, if you were given a hard
18
   copy of it that you could look at close up, you would
19
   be able to see that?
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: That's correct.
21
             THE COURT: Okay. Come on back up.
22
                  (A discussion was held at the bench,
23
                   not reported.)
24
             THE COURT: Mr. Blurton, we're going to keep
25
   you for now.
```

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Okay.

THE COURT: We'll try to make whatever

3 accommodations we can if you're seated on the jury.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Thank you.

MR. ROBERTS: Mine is correctable. I do this whenever I pick up. They're in my hand.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I wish.

MR. ROBERTS: Okay. Here's my question — my last question for all of you: At the end of the trial, the judge is going to tell you the law, and you will all have been — have taken an oath. Not the one you took here to tell the truth in this voir dire process, but you'll take another oath to follow those laws.

And is there everyone in here who can promise me that you'll follow the law as the judge instructs you at the end of the case? Can everyone make that promise to me individually?

IN UNISON: Yes.

MR. ROBERTS: And this is a little harder question: Would everyone promise me that if you get back in the jury room and no one's around, other than the other jurors, and someone starts arguing to make a decision on a basis other than the law, that you will speak up and tell them that we have to follow the law? The judge said not to consider that. Are y'all willing

1 to do that for me? 2 IN UNISON: Yes. 3 MR. ROBERTS: Thank you so much for allowing 4 me to take up so much of your valuable time. 5 appreciate it. 6 Turn it over, Judge. Thank you so much. 7 THE COURT: Thank you. 8 Mr. Mazzeo, go ahead. We'll go for a little 9 bit. MR. MAZZEO: Thank you, Judge. 10 11 THE COURT: Everybody okay for a little bit 12 longer? 13 14 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 15 MR. MAZZEO: Good afternoon, again, ladies 16 and gentlemen. 17 IN UNISON: Good afternoon. 18 MR. MAZZEO: So it's -- it's certainly not 19 easy sitting here. You're in Day 2 now of jury 20 selection, and it's -- it's not easy sitting here. But 21 as you can see with the questions that are being asked 22 and you see us going up to the bench periodically to 23 get rulings and clarifications from the judge, that the 24 jury selection process, it's an important part of the 25 trial as a whole. Even though the trial hasn't

started, we haven't even picked a jury, but it's a very important part of the process.

And I would like to say on behalf of my client, Andrea Awerbach, we appreciate the candor that you've given in your answers. Some of the questions you are being asked, you'll be asked by myself, you were asked by Mr. Roberts, they're personal questions. Let's face it. And we're asking you to — in a public setting, to come forward and — and reveal public information about your — or personal information about yourself. So we certainly appreciate that.

So Mr. Roberts asked a number of questions that I do not now have to cover. Most of them at least. So that's the good news. The bad news is that I still have to ask questions. So I will not be able to finish today. I'm only starting today. And then tomorrow morning when we resume, I'll be able to continue with the — the questions that I have for you, so —

And one of the first -- first question that I have, it's for all of you, it's a general question.

And -- and during this process, I will be asking general questions, just a show of hands and then from the responses, I might just move about to ask for individual responses. Other times, less frequently,

I'll be asking for questions from each one of you. So just bear with me. It's late in the day.

So as you see, and you'll see in this process, even with jury selection, as the defense counsel, plaintiff always goes first with jury selection. Plaintiff goes first with opening statement, with presentation of their case. That means if plaintiff goes first, defendant has to go second.

So -- so does that present an issue? Does that -- or actually, what I meant to say was does that put myself or my client at a disadvantage because plaintiff gets to speak to you all first in jury selection and opening statement? Kind of the primacy of recency rule there. Anyone?

Okay. Another general question I want to bring up at this point. My client has been here yesterday, today. She has some difficulty ambulating, as you may have seen. She uses a walker. There will be times throughout trial where she may not be able to be here for the entire day because of her — her ability to ambulate and move about.

It's important for me to know at this point, does that present an issue for anyone if you see her not sitting there in the morning or in the afternoon or she might miss an entire day? Okay. No one?

Okay. And I bring that up because there are jurors who -- and -- who on other cases that have said, well, if we have to sit here, and we all know you're not getting paid properly, compensated for sitting here, and certainly what we're asking you to do, you're not just sitting here. You're going to be -- we need your attention to evaluate the evidence, not just for this jury selection process but for the next three or four weeks.

So if you're sitting there, do you have in your mind, well, I certainly want her there every minute of the day that we're in here, otherwise that might create an issue? And, again, no embarrassment. If -- we just -- we just want to -- at this part of the selection process, we just need to know. Still, we're asking for your candor. So any problems for anyone? No? Okay.

Because typically -- I mean, there have been -- I guess it depends on the jury makeup. And in this one, no one has a problem with that, so great.

So what I'm going to do is initially I like to learn something about yourselves aside from particular issues in this case. And so what I like to start with is — and these are — this is one of those questions where I'm going to ask each of you a specific

1 question. And we probably won't finish today. But I'm 2 going to start with Mr. Blurton. 3 Good afternoon. Hi. 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Good afternoon. 5 MR. MAZZEO: You know, what I want to know is 6 something about your work life, and I'm going to be 7 asking all of you this, pretty much the same question. 8 So, Mr. Blurton, can you tell us something 9 about -- I know you said you're a senior IT architect. 10 Can you tell us about what your workday life is about 11 and what are some of your responsibilities. 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Dean Blurton, 13 150. So with that senior IT architect role, I actually 14 have a ton of other responsibilities. That's just the 15 title. I lead incidents. So I'm responsible for 16 leading incidents when we -- we deal in -- I deal in 17 online gambling across the globe. So when we have an 18 incident, when something is down, when something is 19 broken and we are losing revenue, it's my 20 responsibility to head up the team to take care of that 21 and to resolve it. 22 As far as the architecture position, I design 23 the systems that go in that generate the money. And I 24 am talking millions and millions and millions of

dollars. So building those systems from the ground up,

buying the hardware, the software configuration,
testing, everything is my responsibility. Not so much
in a direct role, but to bring people together to do
that; right? So that's generally what I do.

MR. MAZZEO: Yeah, I appreciate that.

What are some of your challenges or likes and dislikes about your position?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I am not naturally a leader. I would rather be directed. I like to be a doer; right? So I like to contribute, to build, and to put things together rather than be on the other side where I tell you and you and you to do this, this, and this. Because I feel that that's — that's my bread and butter is I like to do. I like to put things together. You know, if I was a mechanic, for instance, I would like to have my hands in the engine rather than be the manager to tell three other guys to put their hands in the engine. And that's mainly my — my big drawback with my position.

I do like seeing something come together. I designed it. I built it. I wrote all the architectural documentation for it, and when it comes together, it's a good feeling. Because a lot of times it's months' long projects that span many different departments and many different technical fields and

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1 project management and things like that. So that's --
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- 2 that's one -- that's the main reason I took the job. I
- 3 have the ability to -- to not take the job, but I said,
- 4 you know, I've never done this before, I -- I'm going
- 5 to try it. And I want to see what's it's like. And
- 6 it's really nice to have to -- when things come
- 7 together; right?
- But there's also the opposite spectrum, which
- 9 is another thing I don't like about the job. There's
- 10 the opposite spectrum where if something doesn't come
- 11 together that is supposed to come together, then it's
- 12 my fault; right? So ...
- MR. MAZZEO: Yeah. And you receive the
- 14 benefit of your successes and also the failures that
- 15 you also have.
- 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: Correct.
- 17 MR. MAZZEO: Outside of work, what hobbies do
- 18 you have?
- 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 150: I'm a computer
- 20 guy. So I build computers. Really, that's my --
- 21 that's -- I live and breathe computers really. But I
- 22 do have a 14-year-old son. So I have to push a lot of
- 23 that aside, and usually when I'm out of work, I'm just
- 24 | hanging out with him.
- 25 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. Great. Thank you. Very

1 good. 2 Mr. Brandon. And I believe your job is you 3 work with Quality Towing? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: No, I used to work for Quality Towing. Right now, I'm Rio Hotel as 5 6 an engineer. 7 MR. MAZZEO: Oh, okay. I believe you did say 8 that. 9 So what are some of your responsibilities and 10 duties that you have with your job? 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I pretty much maintain the building. Make sure day to day, it's 12 13 still standing, plumbing, room calls, lightbulbs, responding to fires, elevators with guests stuck inside 14 15 of them. I make sure the building's operating 16 properly. 17 MR. MAZZEO: Sure. Constantly on the go with 18 your job, it seems like? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. 20 MR. MAZZEO: And what are some of the likes 21 and dislikes that you have with your job? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I hate to work 23 graveyard. 24 I'm sorry? MR. MAZZEO: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I hate working 25

1 graveyard. 2 MR. MAZZEO: Who doesn't; right? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: I'm thankful I'm 4 here today and hopefully for four weeks. It's a 5 vacation for me. I do like graveyard in a way on the weekends, because everyone comes to party. And when 7 they party, they can't handle the alcohol, they start 8 acting funny. They fall and trip over and fights. 9 It's fun watching it at the Rio. 10 MR. MAZZEO: Keeps you busy as well. 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah, it's very 12 good. 13 MR. MAZZEO: Very good. And what hobbies do you have outside of work? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Hobbies, I was born into racing. NASCAR. I don't know if anybody has 16 17 watched NASCAR. I hate watching it. I love doing. It 18 love working on my racecar in the garage. I'm trying 19 to put it back together as I hit the wall 130 miles an 20 hour, destroyed the car. I'm trying to get it ready 21 for another race, but pretty much it. And then when 22 I'm not doing that, I'm going to the lake. 23 MR. MAZZEO: And I imagine that race you 24 were -- or the accident that you had where you -- where

you ran into the wall at 130, was that on a racetrack?

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah.
2	MR. MAZZEO: Okay. So
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Coming out of a
4	corner, all we do is make left-hand turns. Hey,
5	left-hand turns. We make rights to go off the track.
6	But coming off the corner, a guy rear-ended me, picked
7	me up, tried to save the car, and it just shot the
8	other direction straight into the wall.
9	MR. MAZZEO: Nothing that the brakes
10	couldn't help you in that situation?
11	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: No, I was locked
12	up, just slid too much. The inertia, the force, and
13	speed we were going, it just we're on slicks. We're
14	not on street tires. So once you start sliding, you
15	better hope you can spin the car out or do something.
16	MR. MAZZEO: Kind of like being on ice
17	almost?
18	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah.
19	MR. MAZZEO: You can't brake on ice.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 003: Yeah. Any oil or
21	anything on the track, it's very slippery.
22	MR. MAZZEO: Great. Thank you. Appreciate
23	it.
24	Ms. Flores, I know you had told us yesterday
25	you work at Rachel's Kitchen.

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Uh-huh.
2	MR. MAZZEO: You kind of gave us a
3	description of some of the things you did.
4	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: I work front of
5	the house. I also do prep at times, and then I help
6	our catering manager with making fruit bowls or bars,
7	trays to go out. I love it. I love working in the
8	back with the kitchen and the prep. I love working
9	with people, just not the ones that come in in bad
10	moods or complain about everything.
11	MR. MAZZEO: You talking about employees
12	or
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Customers.
14	MR. MAZZEO: Customers. Okay. Sure.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Have pretty
16	difficult ones, but I love it in general.
17	MR. MAZZEO: And that's generally that's
18	a that's a lunch and dinner or you work
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Breakfast, lunch
20	dinner. I open. I close. Just depends on what
21	schedule they put me.
22	MR. MAZZEO: Okay. Very good.
23	What hobbies do you have outside work?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: I love spending
25	time with my family. If I'm not at work, I'm at home

1	with my brothers and my sisters. I like going
2	taking them out to the movies or I'm a very family
3	person.
4	MR. MAZZEO: And I think I know that when you
5	were asked about the values, what are the important
6	values for yourself? I didn't write them all down. I
7	know that many of you had a list of them, so I wrote
8	down some of the initial ones. I wrote down for you,
9	you had indicated respect and love. I'm not sure,
10	maybe family as well you might have indicated; right?
11	What are some things you do with your family
12	and you?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: We go out to the
14	movies or we take them we go out to Bonnie Springs
15	or hiking or we're just at home, you know, arts and
16	crafts. I have a seven-year-old sister, so she loves
17	doing, you know, arts and crafts, braiding hair.
18	MR. MAZZEO: How many
19	THE COURT: Mr. Mazzeo.
20	MR. MAZZEO: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Can I have counsel come for a
22	second. Sorry to interrupt.
23	(A discussion was held at the bench,
24	not reported.)
25	THE COURT: Sorry for the interruption,

1 folks. 2 Go ahead, Mr. Mazzeo. 3 MR. MAZZEO: Thank you, Judge. 4 Ms. Flores, I was in the process of -- I was 5 just about to ask you, how many siblings do you have? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Three. 7 MR. MAZZEO: Four including yourself? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 010: Four. 9 MR. MAZZEO: That's a good size family. I 10 know families aren't as big anymore. I'm one of 12, 5 11 brothers and 6 sisters. So we used to do a lot 12 together. We had our own football team against each 13 other, but anyway. Thank you. 14 Mr. Jensen, I know that you work with -- you 15 did, you're retired, National Weather Service you told 16 us. We all have been tuned into the weather reports. 17 Can you tell us something about your 18 responsibilities and your work life at the National 19 Weather Service. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: 015. For about 9 21 years, I was the manager of the National Weather 22 service here. And then for approximately 11 years, I was what was considered a senior forecaster. As a 23 24 manager, obviously I ran the office, took care of the

everyday business. And as a senior forecaster, I was

responsible for issuing all of the forecasts, issue warnings, all the products that the weather service issues.

MR. MAZZEO: Okay. And what are some of the likes and dislikes with that job?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: The reason I retired was rotating shift work. We worked anywhere from three to seven days in a row and then got one to three days off. And you work a set of days, a set of evenings, and a set of graveyards. There's no seniority in the weather service, so after a point in time, it just got to be a little hard. So that was the biggest dislike.

Like, the challenge. Even in Vegas, it's challenging to try to forecast the weather.

MR. MAZZEO: Did you said even here in Vegas it's challenging?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: Even in Vegas.

Our forecast office does not include just Vegas. The area of responsibility was the four southern counties of Nevada, Mono County of California, as well as 9/10 of San Bernardino, and all of Mohave County. So the area was actually the second largest forecast area in the — in the contiguous United States.

MR. MAZZEO: And just -- just I'm curious

1 about this. What would be considered an accurate 2 prediction? What percentage would you have to be if 3 you gauge it, like 30 percent, 50 -- or 50 percent, to have an accurate prediction? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: It depends on 6 what you're really talking about. To be 100 percent 7 correct is impossible. But when you take a look at the 8 statistics that are ran, general forecast on if it's going to rain or not, if the temperature is within 10 3 degrees either way, that's considered a hit. Overall 11 for Las Vegas and the forecast area, we actually ran 12 about a 95 percent accuracy. So if I told you it was 13 going to rain tomorrow, you could pretty much guarantee 14 that it was. 15 MR. MAZZEO: Right. 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: But we always 17 hedged, because we always throw the 30 percent chance 18 out there or 60 percent chance or -- it will rain. 19 MR. MAZZEO: Right. Okay. And now that 20 you're retired, what hobbies do you have? 21 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 015: I enjoy 22 photography, off-roading, hiking, and spending time 23 with grandkids.

MR. MAZZEO: Great.

Mr. Foerstel.

24

25

Thank you.

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Yes. 023. 2 MR. MAZZEO: Hi. Okay. And I know that you 3 had told us that you -- oh, you've been here in Vegas 4 for only 13 months, a little over a year? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Yes, correct. MR. MAZZEO: I guess you came in the winter. 6 7 I quess December -- Decemberish of --8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Yeah. Late, late 9 December last year. It was a great time to get out of 10 Seattle. 11 MR. MAZZEO: Seattle. Okay. Great. 12 You work at Sprouts Farmers. What are your 13 responsibilities? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Head cashier 15 there, which is basically a glorified cashier, mostly 16 just checking customers, but also auditing cashier's, 17 making sure all the cashiers get their breaks, closing 18 registers, balancing registers. So that's pretty much 19 it. 20 MR. MAZZEO: Have you been there since you 21 move out here? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: It took me a 23 couple of months to get the job. I moved out here 24 without a job. I worked for a school in Seattle for 25 the last seven or eight years. So came out here

1 because my parents were out here, getting a little 2 older, so I was ready to get out of Seattle. 3 MR. MAZZEO: Did you work at a business like Sprouts in Seattle? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: No. This is the 6 first time I've ever worked a job like this before. 7 First time I worked full time in a long time too. So 8 that's putting a crimp in all my outdoor fun. 9 MR. MAZZEO: I got you. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: I worked at a 11 school in Seattle. I was an outdoor -- just kind of a 12 part time, worked in a small private school in Seattle. 13 MR. MAZZEO: As a teacher or professor? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Not a teacher, 15 but I did the outdoor education. I ran after school 16 programs, just helped the children around the school, 17 so yeah. 18 MR. MAZZEO: Great. What are some of the 19 likes and dislikes you have with your job at Sprouts? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: I like the --21 working at a kind of a smaller company. I've worked at 22 bigger companies before. So this is a -- although it's 23 growing quite a bit. So it's getting big. 24 Dislikes, once again, it's a full-time job, 25 which, you know -- yeah.

1	MR. MAZZEO: I know. Understand.
2	Hobbies, I know you like to exercise and run.
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 023: Yeah, run. I run
4	marathons. I run 40, 50, 60 miles in a week. And I
5	also like to get out to Red Rock because I rock climb a
6	little bit too. So those are the two biggest pursuits.
7	MR. MAZZEO: Great. Thank you. Appreciate
8	it.
9	Ms. Klein, good afternoon.
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Good afternoon.
11	MR. MAZZEO: I know that you had said you
12	worked with an accident reconstructionist, but did you
13	indicate on your questionnaire
14	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Badge No. 146. I
15	currently am a high school math teacher. I worked as a
16	civil engineer for 12 years, and then when the economy
17	declined, there wasn't a need to design subdivisions
18	anymore, so I now teach math.
19	MR. MAZZEO: At Sandy Valley.
20	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Sandy Valley High
21	School.
22	MR. MAZZEO: How long have you been doing
23	that for?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: This is my
25	well, I've been teaching as a full-time teacher for

1 five years. 2 MR. MAZZEO: Okay. 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I have taught as 4 a long-term sub for two years before that while I was 5 getting my teaching degree or my teaching license. MR. MAZZEO: Did you ever teach middle school 6 7 or just high school? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: God, no. 9 MR. MAZZEO: That's what I was going to ask you next. Why -- why is it that people, a lot of 10 11 teachers say this, it's -- it's really tough working 12 with seventh, maybe even eighth graders are worse than high school students? 13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Biologically 15 speaking, they are insane during those times. Their 16 brains are going through so many -- their bodies are 17 going through so many changes, they literally forget 18 everything that you've taught them over the weekend, 19 and you have to reteach it every week. And their 20 bodies are so insane crazy that they don't even know 21 what's going on. And so they can't focus. And it's --22 it's like teaching a room full of squirrels. 23 MR. MAZZEO: Hormonal changes; right? That's 24 what you're referring to. So they're looking at each

25

other rather --

1	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Their bodies,
2	everybody else. They're it's crazy.
3	MR. MAZZEO: Right. Yeah, my daughter said
4	that as well when she was in middle school. She said
5	high school was a lot different, so
6	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yes. That's like
7	teaching cats that don't want to do anything.
8	MR. MAZZEO: Love the description.
9	So what grade do you teach?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: High school.
11	MR. MAZZEO: I know.
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: All of it. I am
13	the high school math teacher.
14	MR. MAZZEO: Oh, okay.
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: There are only 90
16	high school students in Sandy Valley. Currently we
17	have a K through 12 school with about 250 students.
18	MR. MAZZEO: So you stay busy.
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Yes. I teach
20	everything from geometry up through AP stats.
21	MR. MAZZEO: Likes and dislikes?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I love working
23	with the students and seeing them grow and understand
24	and become better people. I dislike having to work for
25	one of the fifth largest it is the fifth largest

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school district in the country, and there's a lot of
1
   bureaucracy that goes with that where a lot of the
2
   mandates that come down don't really apply to a very
3
 4
   small rural school. They're much more aimed at the
5
   large urban factory schools that make up the majority
   of the school district.
 6
7
             MR. MAZZEO: Meaning paperwork that you have
8
   to take care of.
9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: Paperwork,
   curriculum mandates, a lot of stuff that's just, yeah,
10
11
   bureaucracy.
12
             MR. MAZZEO: Sure. Okay.
13
             Outside of school hobbies that you have?
14
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 146: I read.
15
   a lot of time with my family. My -- I have custody of
16
   my niece and we have custody of my nephew. So we spend
   a lot time with them.
17
18
             MR. MAZZEO:
                          Thank you.
19
             Ms. Gold, good afternoon.
20
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Yes.
                                               Good
21
   afternoon. 036.
22
             MR. MAZZEO: Ms. Gold, just give me a second
23
   to -- what I did with all the summaries as, I guess,
24
   all the attorneys did, is we summarized the
```

information, so we're not sitting up here with a stack

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1
  of 200 jury questionnaires having to go through them.
2
   So sometimes it takes me a minute to get to that
3
   summary.
 4
             Ms. Gold, are you currently employed or are
5
   you retired?
 6
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: No, I'm retired.
7
             MR. MAZZEO: And I believe you indicated you
8
   worked as a secretary to a workers' compensation judge?
9
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Years ago, yes.
   My most recent job was risk management claim
10
11
   specialist --
12
             MR. MAZZEO: Right.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: -- for commercial
13
14
   insurance.
15
             MR. MAZZEO: Right. And you did discuss that
16
   a couple times.
17
             And what are some of your -- what's your
18
  workday like when you're doing that?
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Lots of phone
20
   calls. Lots of going through claims that have been
21
   forwarded to me by third-party adjustors to see if they
22
   have met the reserves properly, to see if they're
23
   handling the cases properly, and getting back to them.
24
  Sometimes going out of state for audits. We -- the
25
   company that I worked for is international. So there's
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a lot of traveling involved. I loved it.
1
2
             MR. MAZZEO: And you said you didn't do --
3
   you didn't do adjusting. You --
 4
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Right. I oversaw
5
   adjusting.
 6
             MR. MAZZEO: You oversaw.
7
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: But I do have a
8
   little bit of background in workers' comp adjusting --
9
             MR. MAZZEO: Oh, okay.
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: -- as well, so ...
10
11
             MR. MAZZEO: What about hobbies outside of
12
   work? I know your last year was pretty --
13
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Steak, my
   grandkids, and the Packers.
14
15
             MR. MAZZEO: What was the first thing?
16
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: Steak.
17
             MR. MAZZEO: Oh, steak. You eat steak?
18
   Okay. Rib eye or New York?
19
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 036: I look for the
20
   best steak in Las Vegas, and this is the greatest place
21
   on earth to look.
22
             MR. MAZZEO: There's so many steakhouses all
23
   over. You're right.
24
             Mr. Cyganek.
25
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Yes.
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MR. MAZZEO: Hi. Good afternoon.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: 0106

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MR. MAZZEO: And you indicated that you were -- you're a non -- well, you work as a security guard; correct? You don't carry a weapon, though?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: I can. armed, unarmed, CC certified. I work for the company that works -- we come in the south door and north door, CSI. And I work for Southwest Gas Corporation, the corporate over on Spring Mountain. And I'm their training manager. I'm kind of like the liaison, if you can picture a private security company and a corporate. And it's really funny sometimes juggling because security's always looked down on as being the lowest on the totem pole, don't have any brains, can't do anything right. And I've been with them for -- there's a company before CSI came in. So it's been with CSI for six months with them. And because I've been with that Southwest Gas, that location for about a year and a half, everybody comes to me to do all the training, supervisors, managers, owners, you name it. I've even been offered to come down here and be a training manager for this facility, the one out on Bonanza, and a few other properties that they have.

Feel really great to be considered, but I

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1
  explained to the owner that I basically want to make
  sure we make Southwest Gas a training place first.
2
                                                       So
  you come to work with the corporate environment
3
  mind-set, you're business, you're professional, you're
4
5
  polite, and you -- and you -- you would -- you walk
  through the doors, you incorporate that, so ...
7
            MR. MAZZEO: And by the way, do you have
8
  any -- in training, did you receive any specialized
```

training where you became certified in any aspect of your job?

9

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PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Basically just qun safety, if I carry my qun, concealed or open. Basically just keeping the immediate environment you're at safe for everybody involved.

MR. MAZZEO: Understood. And also, two more questions. Likes and dislikes and -- and hobbies?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: Likes, I -sports play. Not Division 1, but just underneath Division 1 basketball, football. Big time Green Bay Packer fan, Chicago White Sox, and Lakers, Kobe. So I love watching it.

What else? Bingo, I love. Gosh, what else do I love to do? I don't gamble a whole heck of a lot. Just being involved with your immediate people that are your friends and your family, and you see the -- a team

that, you know, you develop friends. 1 2 MR. MAZZEO: Sure. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 106: 3 4 MR. MAZZEO: Great. Thank you. 5 And, Judge, I believe at this point --6 THE COURT: We're going to go ahead and take 7 our evening recess, folks. I'm told that it's -- I think we're pretty confident we're going to be able to 9 get a jury tomorrow. So hopefully many of you will be 10 excused after tomorrow. Some of you will be stuck with 11 us for the next three or four weeks. But that, 12 hopefully, will give you a little bit of an idea how long you're going to be here, especially those of you 13 14 that are sitting in the back wanting to go home. 15 We're going to start at 9:00 o'clock tomorrow 16 morning. Wednesday's one of the days I don't have an 17 early morning calendar. So I'm going to ask everybody 18 to be here at 9:00. 19 During our break this evening, you're 20 instructed not to talk with each other or with anyone 21 else, about any subject or issue connected with this 22 trial. You are not to read, watch, or listen to any 23 report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with this case or by any medium of 24

information, including, without limitation, newspapers,

conduct any research on your own, which means you cannot talk with others, Tweet others, text others, Google issues, or conduct any other kind of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party, witness, or attorney, involved in this case. You're not to form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this trial until the case is finally submitted to you.  See you in the morning. Have a good night.  (The following proceedings were held outside the presence of the jury.)  THE COURT: You are not one of our jurors; right?  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I wish. THE COURT: We are outside the presence of the jury.  Anything we need to put on the record, Counsel?  MR. MAZZEO: No, Your Honor.  MR. ROBERTS: No.  THE COURT: All right. See you in the morning at 9:00. Off the record.  (Thereupon, the proceedings concluded at 4:44 p.m.)	1	television, the Internet, or radio. You are not to
Google issues, or conduct any other kind of book or computer research with regard to any issue, party,  witness, or attorney, involved in this case. You're not to form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this trial until the case is finally submitted to you.  See you in the morning. Have a good night.  (The following proceedings were held outside the presence of the jury.)  THE COURT: You are not one of our jurors; right?  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I wish.  THE COURT: We are outside the presence of the jury.  Anything we need to put on the record,  Counsel?  MR. MAZZEO: No, Your Honor.  MR. ROBERTS: No.  THE COURT: All right. See you in the morning at 9:00. Off the record.  (Thereupon, the proceedings	2	conduct any research on your own, which means you
computer research with regard to any issue, party,  witness, or attorney, involved in this case. You're  not to form or express any opinion on any subject  connected with this trial until the case is finally  submitted to you.  See you in the morning. Have a good night.  (The following proceedings were held  outside the presence of the jury.)  THE COURT: You are not one of our jurors;  right?  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I wish.  THE COURT: We are outside the presence of  the jury.  Anything we need to put on the record,  Counsel?  MR. MAZZEO: No, Your Honor.  MR. ROBERTS: No.  THE COURT: All right. See you in the  morning at 9:00. Off the record.  (Thereupon, the proceedings	3	cannot talk with others, Tweet others, text others,
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23 morning at 9:00. Off the record.  24 (Thereupon, the proceedings	21	MR. ROBERTS: No.
24 (Thereupon, the proceedings	22	THE COURT: All right. See you in the
(	23	morning at 9:00. Off the record.
concluded at 4:44 p.m.)	24	(Thereupon, the proceedings
	25	concluded at 4:44 p.m.)

## 1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 STATE OF NEVADA 3 ss: COUNTY OF CLARK I, Kristy L. Clark, a duly commissioned 4 Notary Public, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby 5 certify: That I reported the proceedings commencing on 7 Tuesday, February 9, 2016, at 10:16 o'clock a.m. 8 That I thereafter transcribed my said 9 shorthand notes into typewriting and that the 10 typewritten transcript is a complete, true and accurate 11 transcription of my said shorthand notes. 12 I further certify that I am not a relative or 13 employee of counsel of any of the parties, nor a 14 relative or employee of the parties involved in said 15 action, nor a person financially interested in the 16 action. 17 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in my 18 office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 19 9th day of February, 2016. 20 Kristy L. CLARK, CCR #708 21 22 23 24 25

	11/10/2017 4:30 PM
	Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT
1	CASE NO. A-11-637772-C
2	DEPT. NO. 30
3	DOCKET U
4	
5	DISTRICT COURT
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
7	* * * *
8	
9	EMILIA GARCIA, individually, )
10	Plaintiff,
11	vs.
12	JARED AWERBACH, individually; )
13	ANDREA AWERBACH, individually;) DOES I-X, and ROE CORPORATIONS) I-X, inclusive, )
14	)
15	Defendants. )
16	
17	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
18	OF
19	PROCEEDINGS
20	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JERRY A. WIESE, II
21	DEPARTMENT XXX
22	DATED WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 2016
23	
24	REPORTED BY: KRISTY L. CLARK, RPR, NV CCR #708,
25	CA CSR #13529

1	APPEARANCES:
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6	- AND -
7	WEINBERG, WHEELER, HUDGINS, GUNN & DIAL, BY: D. LEE ROBERTS, JR., ESQ.
9	BY: TIMOTHY MOTT, ESQ. BY: MARISA RODRIGUEZ-SHAPOVAL, ESQ.
10	6385 South Rainbow Boulevard Suite 400
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13	For the Defendant Andrea Awerbach:
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15	BY: MARIA ESTANISLAO, ESQ. 631 South 10th Street
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19	RESNICK & LOUIS BY: ROGER STRASSBURG, ESQ.
20	BY: RANDALL W. TINDALL, ESQ. 5940 South Rainbow Boulevard
21 22	Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 (702) 997-3800
23	
24	* * * * *
25	

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1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 2016;		
2	9:08 A.M.		
3			
4	PROCEEDINGS		
5	* * * * *		
6			
7	THE MARSHAL: Remain seated. Come to order.		
8	THE COURT: You guys want to do something		
9	outside the presence?		
10	MR. TINDALL: Yes, Your Honor.		
11	THE COURT: All right. We're back on the		
12	record, Case No. A637772. We're outside the presence.		
13	What do you got?		
14	MR. TINDALL: We would like to make a record		
15	after yesterday's bench conference regarding		
16	Mr. Roberts' comments that about marijuana and		
17	drugs. At the bench, we moved for the comment to be		
18	stricken. It was. Mr. Strassburg also moved for a		
19	mistrial.		
20	We believe that Mr. Roberts' comments were		
21	purposeful, because about ten minutes before that, we		
22	had to have a bench conference regarding him attempting		
23	to tell the jury about limits, plural, which in this		
24	case means only two things: Marijuana and marijuana		
25	metabolite. The Court also sustained the motion to		