EXHIBIT "2"

EXHIBIT "2"

1 2 3 4 5	CODE: 2630 STEPHANIE RICE, ESQ. (SBN 11627) RICHARD A. SALVATORE, ESQ. (SBN 6809) DEL HARDY, ESQ. (SBN 1172) WINTER STREET LAW GROUP 96 & 98 Winter Street Reno, Nevada 89503 Telephone: (775) 786-5800 Fax: (775) 329-8282 Attorneys for Plaintiff	FILED Electronically CV15-00497 2016-09-15 11:51:51 AM Jacqueline Bryant Clerk of the Court Transaction # 5709209 : swolfe
6 7 8	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT CO	OURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
9	IN AND FOR THE COU	NTY OF WASHOE
10 11	NEVADA RECYCLING AND SALVAGE, LTD, a Nevada Limited Liability Company; and,	
12	AMCB, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company doing business as RUBBISH	CASE NO.: CV15-00497 DEPT. NO.: 7
13	Plaintiffs,	
14	VS.	
15 16 17 18 19	RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC., a Nevada Corporation doing business as WASTE MANAGEMENT; REFUSE, INC., a Nevada Corporation; WASTE MANAGEMENT OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada Corporation; ABC CORPORATIONS, I though X; BLACK AND WHITE COMPANIES, I through X; and, JOHN DOES I through X, inclusive	
20	Defendants.	
 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	PLAINTIFFS' OBJECTION TO DEFENDANTS' H COMPANY AND REFUSE INC'S MOTIONS FOR S DAMAGES; AND PLAINTIFF Plaintiffs, NEVADA RECYCLING AND SA Company and, AMCB, LLC, a Nevada Limited Lial RUNNERS, by and through their undersigned co Richard A. Salvatore, Esq. of Winter Street Law	UMMARY JUDGMENT RE: LIABILITY AND S' PROPOSED ORDER ALVAGE, LTD, a Nevada Limited Liability bility Company, doing business as RUBBISH ounsel of record, Stephanie Rice, Esq. and

1	proposed order.
2	This Objection is made and supported by the attached Memorandum of Points and
3	Authorities, the papers and pleadings on file and any other such matters this Court may wish to
4	consider.
5	
6	STEPHANIE RICE, ESQ. (SBN 11627)
7	STEPHANIE RICE, ESQ. (SBN 11627) RICHARD SALVATORE, ESQ. (SBN 6809) WINTER STREET LAW GROUP
8 9	96 & 98 Winter Street Reno, Nevada 89503
10	(775) 786-5800 Attorneys for Plaintiffs
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3			MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
4	1.	R	ELEVANT PROCEDURAL HISTORY
5			On April 15, 2016, Plaintiffs filed their Motion to Amend Complaint to add Waste
6			Management of Nevada, Inc. as a party;
7		٠	On May 2, 2016, Defendants filed their Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Amend
8			Complaint;
9		۰	On May 9, 2016, Plaintiffs filed their Reply to Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to
10			Amend Complaint and submitted the matter to this Court for decision;
11		•	On May 10, 2016, Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc. filed Defendants' Second
12			Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Liability;
13		۰	On May 11, 2016, Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc. filed a third Motion for
14			Summary Judgment Re: Damages;
15		٠	On May 25, 2016, Plaintiffs filed their Opposition to Reno Disposal Company and
16			Refuse, Inc.'s Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Damages;
17		٠	On June 2, 2016, Reno Disposal Company and Refuse, Inc. filed their Reply to
18			Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Damages and
19			submitted the matter to this Court for decision;
20		•	On June 7, 2016, this Court granted Plaintiffs' Motion for Leave to Amend to add
21			Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. as a party and the very next day, Plaintiffs filed
22			their Second Amended Complaint;
23		•	On June 9, 2016, a Summons was issued, and all Defendants were served with the
24			Second Amended Complaint and an Acceptance of Service was filed;
25		٠	The very next day, Plaintiffs filed their Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment
26			Re: Liability;
27			On June 15, 2016, all Defendants' filed their Answer to Plaintiffs' Second Amended
28			Complaint and on June 16, 2016 Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. filed Joinders to
			3

Reno Disposal Company and Refuse's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Damages and Liability;

- On June 20, 2016, Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc. filed their untimely Reply to Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and submitted the matter for decision;
- On June 30, 3016, Plaintiffs' filed their Opposition to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.'s Joinder in Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, asserting NRCP 56(f) arguments requesting additional time to perform discovery, because Plaintiffs never had the opportunity to do any discovery of Defendant, Waste Management of Nevada, Inc., as well as asserting other arguments in opposition therein;
- On July 7, 2016, Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. filed its Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Joinders in the Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, and submitted the matter to this Court for decision;
- On July 12, 2016, this Court Ordered the parties to set Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages for oral argument and oral arguments were subsequently scheduled for August 18, 2016;
- On August 18, 2016, this Court heard Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, which this Court granted from the bench at the conclusion of the oral arguments;
- At no time has this Court rendered a decision on Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.'s Joinder request to join in Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment. As such and to date, this Court has not Ordered Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. joined in the Motions for Summary Judgment heard and decided on August 18, 2016, nor has this Court addressed Plaintiffs' NRCP 56(f) requests for additional time to perform discovery related to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. or other oppositional arguments set forth therein.

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II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

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Defendant Waste Management of Nevada, Inc., cannot be part of this Court's Order, because it was never joined in the respective motions, Plaintiffs never had the opportunity to perform any discovery as to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc., and the legal defenses (*Noerr* and NRS 598a.040(3)(b)) are inapplicable to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.

As a preliminary matter and while it appears somewhat unclear in Defendants' Proposed Order, Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. simply cannot be included in the Order granting Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions to Dismiss Re: Liability and Damages as this Court has not yet addressed the pending Joinder in those Motions or the opposition thereto.

While Defendant Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. did file a joinder in both motions,
 this court never issued an order joining Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. to either motion.
 Furthermore, in Plaintiffs' Opposition to the Joinders, Plaintiffs requested time to perform
 discovery, pursuant to NRCP 56(f), and this was never addressed, considered, ordered or
 rejected by this Court. There has been no decision thereon either way.

15 In any event, the reasoning and analysis this Court arrived at in rendering its decision 16 with respect to Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment Re: 17 Liability and Damages, while disagreed with by Plaintiffs, cannot apply to Waste Management 18 of Nevada, Inc. because Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. was not a party to the Franchise 19 Agreement, was not designated as an approved contractor or any contractor at all by the City, it 20 did not petition the City of Reno at all, let alone in a respect sufficient to trigger applicability of 21 the Noerr Pennington Doctrine, and Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.'s conduct herein is not 22 expressly authorized, regulated or approved by an ordinance of any city or county of this state 23 in order to invoke the "safe harbor" provisions of NRS 598A.040(3)(b).

If the court recalls, Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. is the entity that actually
 purchased Castaway Trash Hauling, not Reno Disposal Company. See, Asset Purchase
 Agreement, attached to Plaintiffs' Motion for Leave to Amend filed herein, at Exhibit 3.
 However, the applicable franchise agreement was between the City of Reno and Reno Disposal
 Company, not Castaway's actual purchaser, Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. so the *Noerr*

Pennington Doctrine and any statutory immunity which Reno Disposal Company has asserted and this Court found to apply with respect to Reno Disposal Company (and Refuse, Inc. as they we the party to the Disposal Agreement with the City of Reno), does not and cannot apply to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.

As such, in an effort to ensure the record is clear, the final written order this Court ultimately approves, signs and enters should clearly reflect that it is not applicable to Waste Management of Nevada, Inc. as it was not a party to the respective motions, nor is the same analysis applicable to that separate Defendant.

b. Plaintiffs respectfully object to Defendants' Proposed Order as it does not accurately and completely reflect this Court's oral decision rendered from the bench on August 18, 2016.

While Plaintiffs' disagree with the decision rendered by this Court on Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgment, as well as the reasoning and analysis in arriving such decision, Plaintiffs understand that the process of drafting, reviewing and submitting a proposed Order is not to dispute the decision of the court, but to ensure that it accurately reflects the ultimate findings and decision of the court.

Understanding that limitation, Plaintiffs respectfully object to Reno Disposal
Company and Refuse Inc.'s proposed Order because it changes and alters certain words and
deviates in some respects from this Court's oral ruling from the bench. To the contrary,
Plaintiffs' Proposed Order attempts to reflect exact wording from the applicable portions of
the Transcript, with some minor formatting adjustments. As such, Plaintiffs' respectfully
object to Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s proposed Order as follows:

 Paragraph 2 at page 2, lines 23-28 should be changed to instead read as the exact language of the Transcript does, "After the original franchise agreements were signed by the City of Reno, Castaway assigned its rights it held under its own franchise agreement with the City of Reno to Reno Disposal. And as a result, Reno Disposal now has an exclusive *agreement*, a monopoly, to provide commercial waste disposal for the entire City of Reno." [Emphasis Added to denote Plaintiffs' requested changes]. Transcript, 86:14-19. Removing the additional language added by Defendants not reflected in the Transcript.

 Paragraph 7 at page 3, lines 21-25, should be changed to instead read as the exact language of the Transcript does by removing the following emphasized text, "The

Defendants' essential argument is that the assignment of the franchise agreement to Reno Disposal was done pursuant to express contractual provisions *contained in the franchise agreements, and such action was expressly* authorized and approved by the City of Reno." Transcript, 87:18-21. The emphasized portions added by Defendants and not included in the Transcript should be removed.

 With respect to Paragraph 8, at pages 3-4, lines 26-5, while Plaintiffs disagree with this finding by the Court and do in fact dispute much of what is set forth therein and believe such disputed facts to be supported by the record, because this is not the appropriate avenue to dispute the Court's findings, this Paragraph should simply read exactly as the transcript reads.

 Paragraph 15 at page 5, lines 10-15 should be changed to instead read as the exact language of the Transcript does, "In terms of damages, the Defendants argue that the Plaintiffs lack standing to assert their claim, because they were not qualified to service a franchise zone, that they never sought to be considered by the City of Reno to serve as a franchise zone, and that the City of Reno determined that they were not qualified *members*." [Emphasis Added to denote Plaintiffs' requested changes]. Transcript, 89-90:20-1.

Plaintiffs have, by and through counsel, attempted to resolve such conflicting provisions of the Order, but have been unable to resolve these issues. As such, Plaintiffs' respectfully submit Plaintiffs' Proposed Order, consistent with the above, attached hereto as **Exhibit "1.**"

17 III. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Plaintiffs respectfully object to Defendants' Proposed Order and request the Court enter Plaintiffs' Proposed Order, as it is more consistent with this Court's oral ruling. Additionally, whatever final written order this Court ultimately decided to enter herein, it should be made clear that Waste Management of Nevada, Inc., for the reasons set forth herein, was not a party to the respective motions for summary judgment and thus, not included in the summary judgments entered in favor of Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.

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DATED this 15^{14} day of September , 2016.

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STEPHANIE RICE, ESQ. (SBN 11627) RICHARD SALVATORE, ESQ. (SBN 6809) WINTER STREET LAW GROUP Attorneys for Plaintiffs

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	PURSUANT TO NRCP 5(B), I CERTIFY THAT I AM AN EMPLOYEE OF WINTER STREET
3	LAW GROUP, 96 & 98 WINTER STREET, RENO, NEVADA 89503, AND THAT ON THIS DATE I
4	SERVED THE FOREGOING DOCUMENT(S) DESCRIBED AS PLAINTIFFS' OBJECTION TO
5	DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED ORDER ON RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY AND REFUSE INC'S
6	MOTIONS FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT RE: LIABILITY AND DAMAGES; AND PLAINTIFFS'
7	PROPOSED ORDER ON ALL PARTIES TO THIS ACTION BY:
8 9 10	Placing an original or true copy thereof in a sealed envelope placed for collection and mailing in the United States Mail, at Reno, Nevada, postage paid, following ordinary business practices.
	Personal Delivery
11	Facsimile (FAX): and/or Email:
12	Federal Express or other overnight delivery
13	Messenger Service
14	Certified Mail with Return Receipt Requested
15	Electronically filed
16	addressed as follows:
17 18 19 20	Mark Simons, Esq. Scott Hernandez, Esq. Robison, Belaustegue, Sharp and Lowe 71 Washington Street Reno, Nevada 89503
21	AFFIRMATION
22	Pursuant to NRS 239B.030, the undersigned does hereby affirm that the proceeding
23	document and attached exhibits, if any, do not contain the Social Security Number of any
24	person.
25	inth
26	DATED this Day of September 2016.
27	Carris C
28	EMPLOYEE OF WINTER STREET LAW GROUP
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1		IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COUR	Г
2		NEVADA RECYCLING AND SALVAGE, et al	
3		V. RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC. et al	
4		CASE NO. CV15-00497	
5			
6		BJECTION TO DEFEDNATS' PROPOSED ORDER (D REFUSE INC'S MOTIONS FOR SUMARY JUDGM	
7		AND DAMAGES; AND PLAINTIFFS' PROPOSED O	RDER
8		EXHIBIT INDEX	
9			
0	EXHIBIT #	DESCRIPTION	LENGTH
1	1	Plaintiffs' Proposed Order Granting Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s Motions for Summary Judgement Re: Liability and Damages	5
3		Judgement Re. Liability and Damages	
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EXHIBIT "1"

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7	IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT	COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA
8	IN AND FOR THE CO	UNTY OF WASHOE
9		
10	NEVADA RECYCLING AND SALVAGE, LTD, a Nevada Limited Liability Company; and,	
11	AMCB, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company doing business as RUBBISH	CASE NO.: CV15-00497
12	RUNNERS,	DEPT. NO.: 7
13	Plaintiffs,	
14	VS.	
15	RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC., a Nevada Corporation doing business as WASTE	
16	Corporation doing business as WASTE MANAGEMENT; REFUSE, INC., a Nevada Corporation; ABC CORPORATIONS, I though X;	
17	BLACK AND WHITE COMPANIES, I through X; and, JOHN DOES I through X, inclusive	
18	Defendants.	
19	ORDER GRANTING RENO DISPOSAL COMP	ANY AND REFUSE INC.'S MOTIONS FOR
20	SUMMARY JUDGMENT RE: L	
21		gust 18, 2016, on Defendants, Reno Disposal
22 23	Company and Refuse Inc.'s, Second Motion for Su	
23 24	Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s, Motion	
25	Simons, Esq. and Therese M. Shanks, Esq. of the l	
26	appeared on behalf of all Defendants in this	
27	Disposal"), Refuse, Inc. ("Refuse"), and Wast	
28	Stephanie Rice, Esq. and Richard A. Salvatore, E	sq. of Winter Street Law Group appeared on
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behalf of Plaintiffs, Nevada Recycling and Salvage, Ltd. ("NRS") and AMCB, LLC dba Rubbish Runners ("RR") (collectively, "Plaintiffs"). 2

The Court has considered the motions, the oppositions thereto and the replies thereto, all papers submitted in connection with such briefing, and the arguments of counsel at the time of the hearing. In evaluating the Plaintiffs' claims of anti-competitive behavior, state trial courts are directed to look to the federal courts for guidance in these cases, and to the extent that it can, this Court has looked to the United States Supreme Court for guidance.

In consideration of the foregoing, this Court hereby GRANTS Reno Disposal and Refuse's 8 9 Motions for Summary Judgment re: Liability and Damages for the following reasons and based on the following grounds: 10

11 1. This case involves a dispute over franchise agreements, plural, granted by the City of Reno to the Defendants Reno Disposal and Castaway Trash Hauling ("Castaway") back in 12 13 2012.

After the original agreements were signed, Castaway assigned its rights it held 14 2. under its own franchise agreement with the City of Reno to Reno Disposal. And as a result, 15 Reno Disposal now has an exclusive agreement, a monopoly, for commercial waste disposal for 16 the entire City of Reno. 17

The Plaintiffs' remaining contention in this case is that the Defendants hid their 18 3. plan to consolidate their franchise agreements from the City, and that if their true intentions 19 were known, the Reno City Council would never have assented to terms of the agreements in 20 the first place. The Plaintiffs contend that this conduct violates the Nevada Unfair Trade 21 22 Practices Act.

Before the Court are Defendants Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc.'s 23 4. Motions for Summary Judgment on liability and damages. Summary judgment is proper if the 24 pleadings and all other evidence on file demonstrates that no genuine issue of material fact 25 exists and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. 26

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When the Court decides a motion for summary judgment, it must view all other

evidence in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party. General allegations and 1 conclusory statements do not create a genuine issue of law. 2

The Defendants' essential argument is that the assignment of the franchise 6. agreement to Reno Disposal was done pursuant to express contractual provisions, authorized and approved by the City of Reno.

The Defendants claim and the Plaintiffs concede the following: that the franchise 7. 6 agreements are valid contracts; that the City of Reno was authorized to enter into the franchise 7 agreements; that the franchise agreements expressly contemplated the occurrence of a single 8 franchise; that the franchise agreements expressly preapproved Reno Disposal acquiring 9 Castaway's franchise rights without further City approval; and, that the City of Reno expressly 10 11 approved Reno Disposal's acquisition of Castaway's franchise rights, thereby establishing a 12 single franchise situation.

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Central to the Plaintiffs' case is the argument, the contention that the agreement 8. between Castaway and Reno Disposal several months before the public hearings constituted an unlawful conspiracy. This Court can find no evidence to support that characterization.

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9. Looking to the United States Supreme Court in Eastern Railroad President's Conference v. Noerr Motor Freight, 365 U.S. 875, the Court, Justice Hugo Black, stated this:

"We accept as a starting point for our consideration of the case the same basic construction of the Sherman Antitrust Act adopted by the courts below that no violation of the act can be predicated upon mere attempts to influence the passage or enforcement of laws. It has been recognized at least since the landmark decision of this Court in Standard Oil Company of New Jersey v. United States, that the Sherman Act forbids only those trade restraints and monopolizations that are created or attempted by the acts of individuals or combination of individuals or corporations. Accordingly, it has been held that where a restraint upon trade or monopolization is the result of valid government action, as opposed to private action, no violation of the act can be made out."

23 24

Further in the opinion, Justice Black writes, "We think it equally clear that the Sherman 25 26 Act does not prohibit two or more persons from associating together in an attempt to persuade the legislature or the executive," in this case, the City of Reno, "to take particular action with 27 3 28

|| respect to a law that would produce a restraint or a monopoly."

10. The Nevada Revised Statutes clearly contemplate that safe harbor. NRS 598A.040(3)(b) says that the provisions of this chapter do not apply to conduct which is expressly authorized, regulated, or approved by an ordinance of any city or county of this state.

11. The Court finds that the franchise agreement entered into by the City and Reno Disposal in this case is valid, unambiguous, and enforceable.

12. The Court finds that this contract, although it limits competition in the waste disposal industry, is a valid exercise of a proper government power and is specifically exempted from antitrust supervision, antitrust application.

13. In terms of damages, the Defendants argue that the Plaintiffs lack standing to
assert their claim, because they were not qualified to service a franchise zone, that they never
sought to be considered by the City of Reno to serve as a franchise zone, and that the City of
Reno determined that they were not qualified members.

By statute, NRS 598A.040(3), the Court finds that the Plaintiffs have not
sustained any injury. In fact, that they have not alleged an antitrust injury sufficient to confer
standing to prove any claim under NRS 598A.060. And that Defendants Reno Disposal and
Refuse's conduct is exempt from liability, because it involves a political and not business
conduct under the *Noerr* Doctrine.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Submitted by:

Winter Street Law Group

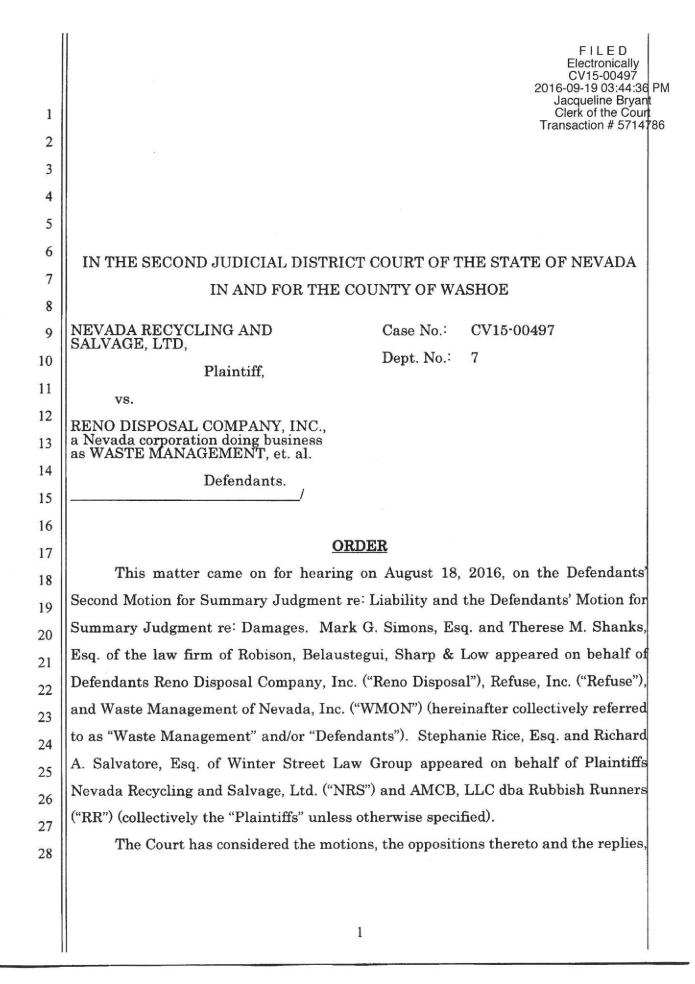
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Stephanie Rice, Esq. (SBN 11627) Richard A. Salvatore (SBN 6809) DATED this day of September, 2016.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

EXHIBIT "1"

EXHIBIT "1"



all papers submitted in connection with such briefing, and the arguments of counsel 2 at the time of the hearing. In rendering its decision, the Court considered that in 3 evaluating the Plaintiffs' claim of anti-competitive behavior, state trial courts are 4 directed to look to the federal courts for guidance in these cases and this Court has 5 looked to the United States Supreme Court decisions where applicable. See NRS 6 598A.050 ("The provisions of this chapter shall be construed in harmony with prevailing judicial interpretations of the federal antitrust statutes.").

8 Based upon the Court's analysis, the undisputed facts and the unambiguous 9 language of the franchise agreements incorporated by reference herein, and for good 10 cause the Court GRANTS both motions for summary judgment for the following 11 reasons and on the following grounds: 12

This case involves a dispute over franchise agreements, plural, for the 1. 13 collection of solid waste and recyclable materials granted by the City of Reno to Reno 14 Disposal and to Castaway Trash Hauling ("Castaway") back in 2012.

15 After the original franchise agreements were signed by the City of Reno, 2. 16 Castaway assigned its rights it held under its own franchise agreement with the City 17 of Reno to Reno Disposal. And as a result, Reno Disposal now has an exclusive right, 18 a monopoly, to provide commercial waste disposal and collection of recyclable 19 materials for the entire City of Reno.

20 3. Plaintiffs in this case are two trash disposal and recycling companies 21 who do business in the City of Reno. Plaintiffs originally asserted seven causes of 22 action. The Defendants filed a motion to dismiss the Plaintiffs' claims and this Court, 23 after arguments and briefing on the issues presented, entered an order dismissing all 24 of the Plaintiffs' other causes of action leaving Plaintiffs only with this claim for 25 unfair trade practices.

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The Plaintiffs' remaining contention in this case is that the Defendants 4. 27 hid their plan to consolidate the franchise agreements from the City, and that if their 28 true intentions were known, the Reno City Council would never have assented to

terms of the franchise agreements in the first place. The Plaintiffs contend that this conduct violates the Nevada Unfair Trade Practices Act.

5. Before the Court are Defendants' motions for summary judgment on liability and damages. Summary judgment is proper if the pleadings and all other evidence on file demonstrates that no genuine issue of material fact exists and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law.

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6. When the Court decides a motion for summary judgment, it must view all other evidence in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party. General allegations and conclusory statements do not create a genuine issue of law.

The Defendants' essential argument is that the assignment of the
 franchise agreement to Reno Disposal was done pursuant to express contractual
 provisions contained in the franchise agreements, and such action was expressly
 authorized and approved by the City of Reno.

14 8. The Defendants claim and the Plaintiffs concede the following: that the 15 franchise agreements are valid and unambiguous contracts; that the City of Reno was 16 authorized to enter into the franchise agreements; that the franchise agreements 17 expressly contemplated the consolidation of the two franchises into a single franchise; 18 that the franchise agreements expressly preapproved Reno Disposal acquiring 19 Castaway's franchise rights without further City of Reno approval; and that the City 20 of Reno expressly approved Reno Disposal's acquisition of Castaway's franchise rights 21 thereby establishing a single franchise situation.

9. Central to the Plaintiffs' case is the argument that the agreement
 between Castaway and Reno Disposal several months before the public hearings
 constituted a criminal conspiracy. This Court can find no evidence to support that
 characterization.

Looking to the United States Supreme Court in <u>Eastern Railroad</u>
 President's Conference v. Noerr Motor Freight, 365 U.S. 127, 135 (1961) (rehearing
 denied 365 U.S. 875), Justine Hugo Black stated:

We accept as the starting point for our consideration of the case the same basic construction of the Sherman Antitrust Act adopted by the courts below that no violation of the act can be predicated upon mere attempts to influence the passage or enforcement of laws. It has been recognized at least since the landmark decision of this Court in <u>Standard Oil Company of New Jersey v.</u> <u>United States</u>, that the Sherman Act forbids only those trade restraints and monopolizations that are created or attempted by the acts of individuals or combination of individuals or corporations. Accordingly, it has been held that where a restraint upon trade or monopolization is the result of valid government action, as opposed to private action, no violation of the act can be made out.

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Further in the <u>Noerr</u> decision, Justice Black states: "we think it equally clear that the Sherman Act does not prohibit two or more persons from associating together in an attempt to persuade the legislature or the executive", which in this case was the City of Reno "to take particular action with respect to a law that would produce a restraint or a monopoly." <u>Id</u>. at 136.

17 11. The Nevada Revised Statutes clearly contemplate the safe harbor
 18 described in the <u>Noerr</u> decision. NRS 598A.040(3)(b) says that the provisions of this
 19 chapter do not apply to conduct which is expressly authorized, regulated, or approved
 20 by an ordinance of any city or county of this state.

21
 12. The Court finds that the franchise agreement entered into by the City
 22
 22 of Reno and Reno Disposal in this case is valid, unambiguous, and enforceable.

13. The Court finds that this contract, although it limits competition in the
waste disposal industry, is a valid exercise of a proper government power and is
specifically exempted from antitrust supervision and antitrust application.

14. Further, the Defendants' conduct is exempt from liability because it
involves a political and not business conduct under the <u>Noerr</u> Doctrine discussed
above.

1	15. In terms of damages, the Defendants argue that the Plaintiffs lack
2	standing to assert their claim, because they were not qualified to service a franchise
3	zone, that they never sought to be considered by the City of Reno to serve as a
4	franchise zone, and that the City of Reno determined that they were not qualified
5	waste haulers.
6	16. The Court finds that pursuant to NRS 598A.040(3) the Plaintiffs have
7	not sustained any injury and the Plaintiffs have not alleged an antitrust injury
8	sufficient to confer standing to prove any claim under NRS 598A.060.
9	IT IS SO ORDERED.
10	DATED this _/9_ day of September, 2016.
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12	Vonck Flancson
13 14	PATRICK FLANAGAN District Judge
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u> Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I hereby certify that I am an employee of the Second Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, County of Washoe; that on this <u>/9</u> day of September, 2016, I electronically filed the following with the Clerk of the Court by using the ECF system which will send a notice of electronic filing to the following: Stephanie Rice, Esq., attorney for Nevada Recycling and Salvage, Ltd., and	
8	AMCB, LLC.; and	
9	Mark G. Simons, Esq., attorney for Reno Disposal Company, Inc., Refuse,	
10 11	Inc., and Waste Management of Nevada, Inc.	
12	$\int - \int d$	
13	(Tathry Line)	
14	Judicial Assistant	
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7	NEVADA RECYCLING AND SALVAGE,	
8	LTD, a Nevada Limited Liability Company; AMCB, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company d/b/a RUBBISH RUNNERS,	Supreme Court Case No.:71497
9	Appellants,	District Court Case No.: CV15-00497
10	VS.	
10	RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC, a Nevada Corporation doing business as	
12	Nevada Corporation doing business as WASTE MANAGEMENT; REFUSE, INC., a Nevada Corporation; WASTE	
12	a Nevada Corporation; WASTE MANAGEMENT OF NEVADA, INC., a Nevada Corporation,	
13	Respondents.	
15	RESPONSE TO MOT	TION TO DISMISS
16		G AND SALVAGE, LTD ("NRS") and
17	AMCB, LLC doing business as RUBBISH	
18	undersigned counsel of record, hereby resp	oond to Respondents' Motion to Dismiss.
19	This Response is made and based on the	following Memorandum of Points and
20	Authorities, the pleadings and papers on file	e herein and anything else this Honorable
21	Court may wish to consider.	а. С.
22	Dated this 10^{12} day of October, 2016.	WINTER STREET LAW GROUP
23		Applain Dec annual
24		STEPHANIE RICE, ESQ. (SBN 11627) DEL HARDY, ESQ. (SBN 1172)
25		RICHARD SALVATORE, ESQ. (SBN 6809) 98 Winter Street Pana, Navada 20503
26		Reno, Nevada 89503 (775) 786-5800 Attorneys for Appellants
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		Docket 71467 Document 2016-32557

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

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I. INTRODUCTION AND RELEVANT FACTS

Unfortunately, the procedural status of the instant case is less than clear on all fronts. The relevant jurisdictional facts of the events occurring in the District Court are as follows:

- On April 15, 2016, Plaintiffs/Appellants herein filed their Motion to Amend Complaint to add WASTE MANAGEMENT OF NEVADA, INC. ("WMNV") as a party;
- On May 2, 2016, Defendant/Respondents herein RENO DISPOSAL COMPANY, INC. ("RDI") and REFUSE, INC. ("REFUSE") filed their Opposition to Plaintiffs/Appellants' Motion to Amend Complaint;
- On May 9, 2016, Plaintiffs/Appellants filed their Reply to Opposition to Motion to Amend Complaint and submitted the matter to the District Court for decision;
 - On May 10, 2016, RDI and REFUSE filed Defendants' Second Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Liability;
 - On May 11, 2016, RDI and REFUSE filed a third Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Damages;
 - On May 25, 2016, Plaintiffs/Appellants filed their Opposition to RDI and REFUSE's Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Damages;
 - On June 2, 2016, RDI and REFUSE filed their Reply to Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Damages and submitted the matter to the District Court for decision;
 - On June 7, 2016, the District Court granted Plaintiffs/Appellants' Motion for Leave to Amend to add WMNV as a party and the very next day, Plaintiffs/Appellants filed their Second Amended Complaint;
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 On June 9, 2016, a Summons was issued, and all Defendant/Respondents were served with the Second Amended Complaint and an Acceptance of Service was filed;

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- The very next day, Plaintiffs/Appellants filed their Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Liability;
- On June 15, 2016, all Defendant/Respondents' filed their Answer to the Second Amended Complaint and on June 16, 2016 WMNV filed Joinders to RDI and REFUSE's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Damages and Liability;
- On June 20, 2016, RDI and REFUSE filed their untimely Reply to Opposition to Motion for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and submitted the matter for decision;
- On June 30, 3016, Plaintiffs/Appellants' filed their Opposition to WMNV's Joinder in RDI and REFUSE's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, asserting NRCP 56(f) and requesting additional time to perform discovery, because Plaintiffs/Appellants never had the opportunity to do any discovery of WMNV, as well as asserting other arguments in opposition therein;
- On July 7, 2016, WMNV filed its Reply to Opposition to Joinders in the Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, and submitted the matter for decision;
- On July 12, 2016, the District Court Ordered the parties to set RDI and REFUSE's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages for oral argument and oral arguments were subsequently scheduled for August 18, 2016;
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- On August 18, 2016, the District Court heard RDI and REFUSE's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages, which the District Court granted from the bench at the conclusion of the oral arguments;
- The District Court entered a final written Order, as proposed by Defendant/Respondents over Plaintiffs/Appellants' objections, granting Defendant/Respondents' Motions for Summary Judgment re: Liability and Damages;
- At no time did the District Court address, hear or render a decision on WMNV's Joinder request to join in RDI and REFUSE's Motions for Summary Judgment.

The final Order entered by the District Court states, "This matter came on for 11 hearing on August 18, 2016, on the Defendants' Second Motion for Summary 12 Judgment re: Liability and the **Defendants'** Motion for Summary Judgment re: 13 Damages." [Emphasis Added]. See, Order, attached hereto at "Exhibit 1," at 1:18-20. 14 The Order further indicates, "Mark G. Simons, Esq. and Therese M. Shanks, Esq. of 15 the law firm of Robison, Belaustegui, Sharp & Low appeared on behalf of Defendants 16 Reno Disposal Company, Inc. ("Reno Disposal"), Refuse, Inc. ("Refuse"), and Waste 17 Management of Nevada, Inc. ("WMON") (hereinafter and collectively referred to as 18 "Waste Management" and/or "Defendants")." [Emphasis Added]. Id. at 1:20-24. In 19 granting the respective Motion(s) for Summary Judgment by entering the written 20 Order thereon, the Order does not specify whether it is applicable to all Defendants or 21 simply RDI and REFUSE. Plaintiffs/Appellants brought this issue to the Court's 22 attention by way of their Objection to Defendants/Respondents' Proposed Order 23 granting the respective Summary Judgments; yet, the District Court elected to sign the 24 Order, as proposed by Defendants/Respondents which clearly appears to include and 25 apply to all Defendants. Id.; See also, Objection to Proposed Order, attached hereto at 26 "Exhibit 2," and incorporated herein by reference. 27

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As such, the way in which the written Order entered in the District Court reads, whether substantively and/or procedurally inaccurate or not, Summary Judgment appears to have been entered as to all Defendants/Respondents herein and as to all claims before the District Court; and, as such, as explained in Plaintiffs/Appellants' Joint Notice of Appeal and Joint Case Appeal Statement, Plaintiffs/Appellants have filed the instant appeal in the abundance of caution in order to timely preserve the appeals rights of both NRS and RR.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

NRAP 3A(a) provides that, "A party who is aggrieved by an appealable judgment or order may appeal from that judgment or order, with or without first moving for a new trial." NRAP 3A(b)(1) further defines "Appealable Determinations" as, "An appeal may be taken from the following judgments and orders of a district court in a civil action: (1) A final judgment entered in an action or proceeding commenced in the court in which the judgment is rendered."

As Respondents point out, this Court in *Brown v. MHC Stagecoach*, 129 Nev. Adv. Op. 37, 301 P.3d 850, 851 (2013) held that, "To be final, an order or judgment must dispose [] of all the issues presented in the case, and leave[] nothing for the future consideration of the court, except for post-judgment issues such as attorney's fees and costs. " (Internal Citation Omitted). This Court then went on to state, "Thus, *we look to the text of the order* statistically closing Brown's case to determine whether the order renders a final, appealable judgment." [Emphasis Added]. *Id.* at 851.

This is exactly what Plaintiffs/Appellants have done here- looked to the text of the Order. Plaintiffs/Appellants absolutely agree with Respondents' assertion that Plaintiffs/Appellants contend that, " 'the findings and conclusions in th[e District] Court's order granting the Summary Judgment cannot apply with any force with regard to the claims against' WM." Respondents' Motion to Dismiss, 3:5-9. However, as set forth more fully herein, the actual text of the Order appears to contradict this

1 contention by including all claims against all Defendants/Respondents herein and, because the text of the Order is what the determination of a final order is based on, 2 Plaintiffs/Appellants have proceeded with this Appeal. This is particularly true in light 3 of the fact that Plaintiffs/Appellants herein raised this exact issue when objecting to 4 Defendants/Respondents proposed Order and yet, despite such objections, the District 5 Court proceeded to enter the Order proposed by Defendants/Respondents, which 6 7 explicitly includes all Defendants. See, Objection to Proposed Order, attached hereto at "Exhibit 2." 8

9 As to Respondents' arguments regarding NRCP 54(b), Appellants respectfully disagree with such position. NRCP 54(b) provides,

> When multiple parties are involved, the court may direct the entry of a final judgment as to one or more but fewer than all of the parties only upon an express determination that there is no just reason for delay and upon an express direction for the entry of judgment. In the absence of such determination and direction, any order or other form of decision, however designated, which adjudicates the rights and liabilities of fewer than all the parties shall not terminate the action as to any of the parties, and the order or other form of decision is subject to revision at any time before the entry of judgment adjudicating all the rights and liabilities of all the parties.

17 NRCP 54(b). As such, because here, we do not have "any order . . . which adjudicates" the rights and liabilities of fewer than all the parties," NRCP 54(b) is not appropriate. 18 Here, the issue is that, while Plaintiffs/Appellants do not believe that all Defendants 19 should have been included in the final Order adjudicating all remaining claims in this 20case, that is exactly what the final Order that was entered by the District Court purports 21 to do. Accordingly, in this case, whether Plaintiffs/Appellants like it or not, we do 22 have a final Order that purports to adjudicate all claims as to all parties in this case, 23 making it appropriate for appeal. 24

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III. CONCLUSION

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Based on the foregoing, Appellants respectfully request that this Court deny Respondents' Motion to Dismiss.

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5	Dated this 18^{th} day of October, 2016.	WINTER STREET LAW GROUP
6		STEPHANIE PICE ESO (SBN 11627)
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2	I hereby certify pursuant to NRAP 25(c), that on the 18th day of October,
3	2016, I caused service of a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing
4	RESPONSE TO MOTION TO DISMISS on all parties to this action by the
5	method(s) indicated below:
6 7	by using the Supreme Court Electronic Filing System:
8 9 10	Mark Simons, Esq. Therese M. Shanks, Esq. Robison, Belaustegui, Sharp and Low 71 Washington Street Reno, Nevada 89503 Attorneys for Respondents
11	by Personal Delivery/Hand Delivery addressed to:
12 13	Mark Simons, Esq. Therese M. Shanks, Esq. Robison, Belaustegui, Sharp and Low
14	71 Washington Street Reno, Nevada 89503
15	PATTO I CONTRACTO
16	DATED this day of October, 2016.
17	AN EMPLOYEE OF WINTER STREET LAW GROUP
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EXHIBIT LIST

NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGES
1	Order in District Court Case No. CV15-00497	7
2	Plaintiff's Objection to Defendants' Proposed Order on Reno Disposal Company and Refuse Inc's Motions for Summary Judgment Re: Liability and Damages; and Plaintiffs' Proposed Order in District Case No. CV15-00497	15