## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

JORGE MENDOZA,

Appellant,

VS.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

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Case Number: 72056

Appeal from Judgment of Conviction Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County The Honorable Carolyn Ellsworth, District Court Judge District Court Case No. C-15-303991-1

## APPELLANT'S AMENDED APPENDIX VOLUME IV

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## GREGORY & WALDO, LLC

Dated: November 1, 2017 By: /s/ Amanda Gregory

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ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: I'm fine, thank you. 1 Good. Have you ever served as a juror 2 THE COURT: before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 4 THE COURT: Good. Have you ever been in law 5 enforcement? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 7 THE COURT: Anyone in your family and closely 8 associated with you in law enforcement? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 10 THE COURT: Have you ever been the victim of a 11 12 crime? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 13 THE COURT: Anyone in your family closely associated 14 with you been the victim of what you would consider to be a 15 serious crime? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. THE COURT: Have you ever been accused of or 18 convicted of a crime? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 20 Anyone in your family closely associated 22 with you? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No, ma'am. 24 THE COURT: No? You've heard all these questions 25 that have been asked over the course of the afternoon today Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

and we started yesterday asking some question itself, but would you -- did you ever hear a question you thought oh, when it's my turn, if it's my turn, I need to bring this to the Court's attention because --

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No.

THE COURT: -- it's important?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No.

THE COURT: Do you have any reason whatsoever that you think you could not be a fair and impartial juror in this case?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: No.

THE COURT: Tell us about yourself.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: I am retired military.

I spent 24 years in the Air Force, and I -- I was a single

parent for most of the time I was active duty. My daughter is

33 years old. She's a financial analyst. She's married to a

marine. I have two grandsons.

Right now, I still work with the military. I am an instructor. I teach Air Force lab techs how to be lab techs. It's a phase one and a phase two program. I teach the phase two part. So obviously, I work in the hospital. I've been a lab tech for 30 plus years. So I'm working on my second retirement, I guess you could say.

THE COURT: All right. Very good. Would the State like to require further?

We'd pass for cause. Thank you. MS. LEXIS: 1 Thank you. 2 THE COURT: Defense. What does a lab tech for the Air Force 3 MR. LANDIS: And I apologize for not knowing. 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: We do the same thing that any medical lab does. I do blood work. I work with the 6 medical side of it. So CBCs, like a complete blood count. I -- we can do chemistries, your glucose level, BUN, lytes, 8 9 PSA --10 MR. LANDIS: So I --11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: -- that kind of stuff. MR. LANDIS: Health-based, and I have no idea reason 12 why I was thinking more like --13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: 14 Oh, no. MR. LANDIS: -- investigation-based. I don't know 15 why, but now that makes sense. 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: It's -- it's health I work in the hospital on the medical side. 18 based. MR. LANDIS: I understand. What caused you to start 19 working again? 20 21 729: To start working in the PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 22 lab? 23 MR. LANDIS: Yeah, after you retired? What made you 24 to start working towards your second retirement? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: Well, I enjoy the Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

military -- because I was in the military for 24 years, it's 1 like a family. And when I worked downtown in a hospital, it was a little strange for me because I was so used to, you know, they care that you come to work and they look out for 4 5 you. MR. LANDIS: Right. 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 729: So as soon as my job -what I did prior to retiring from the military -- opened up, I 8 went back to the base doing the same thing that I did the last few years I was active duty. 10 11 That makes sense, and I appreciate your MR. LANDIS: I'll pass for cause. 12 time. 13 THE COURT: Thank you. I'll pass for cause, Your Honor. 14 MS. McNEILL: 15 MR. WOLFBRANDT: And I'll --THE COURT: 16 Okay. 17 MR. WOLFBRANDT: -- pass for cause. All right. Thank you. And that things THE COURT: 18 us to the defense's final peremptory challenge. 19 MR. LANDIS: Court's brief indulgence. 20 (Defense counsel conferring) 22 MS. McNEILL: Your Honor, at this time, we would 23 thank and excuse Mr. Hart, Juror No. 720, who is seat 9. Can. 24 THE COURT: Seat 10. 25 Seat 10. I'm --MS. McNEILL: Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

Thank you. Call the next in order. 1 THE COURT: Badge 730, Kevin McDaniel. 2 THE CLERK: Hello, Mr. McDaniel. How are you? 3 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Hello, I'm fine, thanks. 4 5 Good. Have you ever served as a juror THE COURT: before? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, I have not. Have you ever been law enforcement? 8 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, I have not. 9 Anyone in your family or closely THE COURT: 10 associated with you in law enforcement? 11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I have a uncle who is retired detective. 13 Here in Clark County? 14 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No. Columbus, Georgia. 15 How long did he retire? 16 THE COURT: 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I think it was -- it was I'd say 15, 20 years ago. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Long time ago, yeah. 20 So you must have been pretty young then 22 even when he retired? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Do you feel like your opinions of the 25 justice system are influenced by your uncle? Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, no, they're not. 1 THE COURT: Okay. Do you have an opinion about the 2 justice system good or bad? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, I have no opinion. 4 5 No, no. Have you ever been the victim of a 6 THE COURT: 7 crime? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No. No, I have not. Anyone in your family closely associated 9 THE COURT: with you been the victim of what you would consider to be a 10 serious crime? 11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, no. THE COURT: Have you ever been accused of or 13 convicted of a crime? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No, I have not. How about anyone in your family or 16 THE COURT: 17 closely associated with you? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: 18 No, no. Any reason at all that you could think 19 THE COURT: of that you could not be a fair and impartial juror in this 20 case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I could be a fair --22 23 fair. THE COURT: All right. Tell us about yourself. 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I've been living in Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

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Clark County for nine years. I moved from Atlanta, Georgia.
 1
    I'm single. I live alone, and I work for Hooters Casino
            I'm a gaming audit supervisor.
              THE COURT:
                          So you supervise, then, a team of --
 4
 5
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730:
                                          Yes.
              THE COURT:
                          -- people?
 6
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I -- I supervise a team
 8
    of ten.
                          What caused you to move from the --
 9
              THE COURT:
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: My -- my parents --
10
                          -- south to up here?
              THE COURT:
11
12
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: -- they've been retired
    for quite a while. They fly out here once a month so I wanted
13
    to move out here and so we can all spend time together.
14
                          Oh, that's nice.
15
              THE COURT:
16
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730:
                                          Um-h'm.
17
                         And how do you like it as compared --
              THE COURT:
    it's obviously, the desert. You came from --
18
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730:
19
                                          Right.
                          -- the south where it's --
20
              THE COURT:
                      IVE JUROR NO. 730: Yeah, it's
22
                          -- hot and humid.
              THE COURT:
23
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: -- hot and humid, yeah.
24
              THE COURT: Here it's hot and dry.
25
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I -- I love the desert a
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lot better. 1 THE COURT: You like it --2 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Yeah. THE COURT: -- better than -- okay. And not as many 4 5 bugs, right? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Yeah, right, right. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. All right. What is your education background that qualifies you for that position? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I have a associate degree, actually, in audio and video so I don't have a degree 10 in the auditing. 11 12 THE COURT: Um-h'm. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: So it was basically, 13 on-the-job training and I just worked my way up. I've been 14 there for nine years so I got the job when I moved here. 15 THE COURT: Oh, okay. 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: So --THE COURT: So they -- did they hire you into that 18 position? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No. I was a -- just a 20 regular food and beverage auditor and then I worked my way up to the gaming side so. 22 23 THE COURT: And then eventually, became the 24 supervisor --25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Yeah, the supervisor. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

THE COURT: -- of that department. 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Yes. Uh-huh. 2 Well, that's a real success story then, 3 THE COURT: isn't it? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: 5 Yeah. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Would the State 6 like to inquire further? No, thank you. MR. DiGIACOMO: 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Okay. 9 MR. LANDIS: Two very quick questions. 10 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Um-h'm. 12 MR. LANDIS: The Judge asked if you could be fair and impartial. You said yes, I can be fair. I'm not trying 13 to pick on you, but did you have something more to say about 14 15 the --16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: No. 17 MR. LANDIS: -- impartial part? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: I don't have anything 18 more to say. I can be fair. Oh, yeah. 19 MR. LANDIS: Okay. (Inaudible) concerned about 20 that. And then --22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Okay. 23 MR. LANDIS: -- as a gaming auditor supervisor, what are you trying to make happen or prevent happening? 24 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: You're basically trying Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

to prevent -- you have to run a lot of reports, look at 1 2 numbers to make sure no funny business is going on with the slot machines and tables and things like that so. MR. LANDIS: To determine cheating? 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Right, exactly. 5 Thank you, sir. MR. LANDIS: 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 730: Sure. MR. LANDIS: I'll pass for cause. 8 Thank you. Ms. McNeill. 9 THE COURT: I'll pass for cause, Your Honor. 10 MS. McNEILL: Thank you. Mr. Wolfbrandt. 11 THE COURT: MR. WOLFBRANDT: Likewise, I would pass for cause. 12 All right. So ladies and gentlemen, 13 THE COURT: everybody's exercised their peremptory challenges. This is 14 our jury. We are going to select, because the case is going 15 to go on tomorrow as well as could possibly go for another two 16 17 weeks, we want to make sure that we have alternate jurors. Alternates serve a very important function because life 18 happens, even while people are serving on juries. 19 You know, we had one juror in a case who got hit by 20 a bus in his car on the way to the courthouse to serve, and so 22 and his car was totaled. He was fine as it turned out, but we had to put an alternate in. I've had alternates that needed 23 to be placed even after the jury has deliberated. 24 25 alternates serve a very, very important purpose because at any

time they could end up having to serve and take the place of a juror who's already on the jury.

And so sometimes people think oh, an alternate doesn't really have any job, but they often do. Probably 50 percent of the cases that I've tried in this courthouse, we've had to use an alternate juror at some point in time. So it's really important.

So what we're going to do is I'm going to call eight names -- they're in the order -- to fill these chairs. We're going to start -- the first person is going to go into that first seat. And we're going to fill all eight of those and then I'm going to be asking you general questions that you'll respond by a show of hands.

So let's call those folks.

THE CLERK: Badge 732, Melissa Coyle. Badge 743, Amanda Baumgardener. Badge 747, Jason Giddy. Badge 753, Alisha Williams. Badge 754, Diana Villegas. Badge 758, George Clark. Badge 765, Anita Van Thiel. And Badge 779, Frank Dieterich.

THE COURT: All right. So this is how this is going to work. We've got -- the microphone is in the hand of one person, but we're going to -- I'm going to be asking you some general questions and I would like you -- show of hands.

Okay.

So is there anyone who has served as a juror before?

Please raise your hand. And the record will reflect a 1 negative response. Is there anyone who has served in law enforcement? 3 Please raise your hand. We have one. Pass the microphone all 4 5 the way down there. And that's Badge No. 758, George Clark? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Yes. THE COURT: Mr. Clark, you've served in law enforcement? In what capacity? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I was an international police officer in Europe. I worked for the International 10 Criminal Court. 11 Oh, wow, that's very exciting. How long 12 THE COURT: did you do that? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758. Three-and-a-half years. 14 15 THE COURT: How did you come upon getting that -- I mean, I've never heard of anyone --16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Well, how did I get it? 17 18 THE COURT: Yeah. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: It's a pretty long drawn 19 20 out story. THE COURT: Okay. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: My sponsor was Henry 23 Kissinger. 24 THE COURT: All right. 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: It was a new program. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

They lost a few people. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: The qualifications were 3 I couldn't have been in the military at any time. Could not 4 have been a police officer. I had to have a clean criminal 6 record. Those were the three main. Okay. Did you have training? THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Yes, we were trained by 8 British soldiers. 9 And --10 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: 11 SAS. 12 THE COURT: And that lasted a fairly short period of time, you said. Three, three-and-a-half years. 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: You're only allowed two 14 15 -- two tours in 13 months. THE COURT: Oh, okay. 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I was a captain. I more or less elected by a 28 man team. I was the only -- only 18 American, and most of the people were from South America, 19 Argentina, Brazil, Peru, some Europeans. 20 What were your duties? THE22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Well, I worked for three of the Judges for criminal court. There were 16 all together. 23 People were convicted in absentia, already convicted, on the 24 25 We were giving them warrants. Their last known

presence. They -- they didn't care how we got them. Wanted 1 dead or alive. 3 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Most of them were Nazis, 4 5 war criminals. 6 THE COURT: I see. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Yes, ma'am. All right. And how ago did you serve in 8 THE COURT: that capacity? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I served from 1974 until 10 11 1977. A little thereafter. 12 THE COURT: So has that experience impacted your thoughts on the criminal justice system? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: That's a -- it with as a 14 different system. I -- I went to court one time on a -- on a 15 killing charge and was one of my own people. We actually let 16 17 the guy live and go to trial. And there was a lot of people didn't -- didn't want to do that. I happen to have been in 18 charge, and my word was, it or they were gone. I'd put them 19 on the plane, they're gone. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I was given complete 23 control with the Judges.

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enforcement officers that may testify in this case. If they

THE COURT: So we're going to have some law

24

25

take the stand and testify, will you be able to judge their 1 testimony in the same way you would any other witness? 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Yes, I would. 3 Do you think thaw could be a fair and THE COURT: 4 impartial juror even with that background? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I could. 6 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. And next question, again, to the general panel. Anyone who has anyone in their 8 family or closely associated with them in law enforcement? All right. Pass the microphone all the way down here. 10 And this is Badge No. 743, and it's Amanda Baumgardener. 11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: Yes. Who is in your family? 13 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: The majority actually of 14 my family are Metro or retired Metro. 15 THE COURT RECORDER: Could you -- could you hold 16 (inaudible) closer. 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: Oh, I'm sorry. 18 Thank you. 19 THE COURT RECORDER: So the majority of your family has been 20 THE COURT: in Metro? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: 22 23 THE COURT: Some are retired? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: Yes. 25 Okay. And do you still think that you THE COURT: Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

```
could be fair and impartial in this case?
 1
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743:
 2
                                           No.
                          All right. You just can't serve as a
 3
              THE COURT:
    fair and impartial juror? You already know that?
 4
 5
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 743: Yeah. I -- I believe
    just from growing up the whole mindset of don't live life
 6
    through rose colored glasses. It looks like a duck, walks
    like a duck, hangs out with a duck, it's a duck.
 8
                          All right, you're dismissed. Thank you.
 9
              THE COURT:
10
              THE CLERK:
                          Which number is that?
                          743, Amanda Baumgardener. Let's call
11
              THE COURT:
12
    the next to fill that seat. Well, actually, everybody move
               Yeah.
                      Is that okay?
13
    down one.
                          Yeah, I just -- yeah.
14
              THE CLERK:
15
              THE COURT:
                           Yes.
                          We're just not going to replace any at
16
              THE CLERK:
17
    this point?
                          No, we're just going to put them at the
18
              THE COURT:
19
    end.
20
              THE CLERK:
                           Okay.
21
                           Next at the very end
22
                          Oh, okay. So I am --
              THE CLERK:
23
              THE COURT:
                          Yeah.
                          -- calling someone else.
24
              THE CLERK:
25
              THE COURT:
                          I am, yeah.
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THE CLERK: 1 So --2 THE COURT: I am. 3 Yeah, that's going to throw me off. THE CLERK: Is that going to be eight now? 4 5 Yeah, that's going to be eight. THE COURT: So then --6 THE CLERK: All right, I'm sorry, I'm throwing THE COURT: everybody off. Move back to your original seats and leave the 8 one -- sorry. I don't want to throw everybody off. 9 right. 10 Okay. 11 THE CLERK: 12 Let's fill that seat. THE COURT: Badge 789, Tammy Ishibashi. 13 THE CLERK: All right. Ms. Ishibashi, do you --14 THE COURT: give her the microphone for a moment. Have you ever served as 15 a juror before? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: No. Have you ever been in law enforcement? 18 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: 19 No. Anyone in your family or closely THE COURT: 20 associated with you in law enforcement? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: 23 THE COURT: All right, thank you. Let's pass the microphone down to the number 7 seat and that's Badge No. 765, 24 25 Anita Van Thiel. You said that you have family in law Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

enforcement? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yes, my stepfather retired from LAPD in about --How long ago did he retire? THE COURT: 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: 1999, approximately. So quite a while ago? 6 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yes. THE COURT: And did you ever talk to him about his 8 job? 9 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yes. He tells us a lot of stories. 11 A lot of stories? 12 THE COURT: 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yes. Funny stories, sad stories, both? 14 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Funny stories and --15 16 both, yes. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Do you think that you could judge the testimony of a law enforcement officer the same way you 18 would other individuals, if you --19 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Not quite, but I also have a first cousin on Las Vegas Metropolitan Police 22 Department. 23 Okay. Same question, though. THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yeah. I kind of had the 24 25 same opinion as looks like a duck, walks like a duck.

Okay. But you haven't heard any 1 THE COURT: evidence about whether we have ducks --2 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: No. THE COURT: -- or not ducks. 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: No, but --Right? 6 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: No, ma'am. Okay. Are you saying you just have 8 THE COURT: already formed an opinion in this case? 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: I actually did when I 10 came in, yes. 11 12 THE COURT: All right. So even though there's no evidence, you've already formed an opinion? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: Yes, because I've been a 14 victim before, and I -- it's difficult to look at it with an 15 open mind. 16 17 So you can't be fair? THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: I can try my hardest, 18 but I do --19 No, I need to know yes or no can you be 20 THE COURT: 21 fair? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 765: I don't think so, no. 23 THE COURT: All right, you're dismissed. Thank you. 24 Call the next one to fill that seat. 25 THE CLERK: Badge 792, Carla Turner. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

THE COURT: Dr. Turner, have you ever been a juror 1 2 before? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Yes, I have. 3 How long ago was that? THE COURT: 4 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: In the '90s, when I was 5 a resident in Texas. 6 Okay. And when you sat on a jury, was 7 THE COURT: it a criminal case or a civil case? 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was a mental health evaluation like a commitment. 10 Okay, so --11 THE COURT: 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was very simple. -- but it was a jury? 13 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was a jury. 14 Okay. That's interesting. All right. 15 THE COURT: So I don't know what the burden of proof might be in something 16 like that. Did you actually -- how many people served on a 17 jury? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: I don't remember. 19 20 THE COURT: Okay. IVE JUROR NO. 792: It was a one-day trial 22 THE COURT: Okay. All right. So you'll set that 23 aside, obviously. 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Yes. 25 That would be relevant. Okay. THE COURT: Have you Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

ever been in law enforcement? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: No. No one in your family or closely 3 THE COURT: associated with you in law enforcement? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: No. Okay. All right. Just hold on to the THE COURT: 6 microphone for now. General questions. Has anybody seated there ever been the victim of a crime? Raise your hand. 8 the record will reflect a negative response. Anyone who was a 9 family member, close associate, friend that has been the 10 victim of what you consider to be a serious crime? 11 Okay. Wе 12 have two, but we're going to hand the microphone over to Seat No. 4, which is Badge No. 753, Alisha Williams. Ms. Williams, 13 14 tell me what that was. 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: I have a cousin that was murdered by her boyfriend about ten years ago back home in 16 17 Minnesota, and in the same incident, two of my other cousins were shot, but they left -- they -- they lived. 18 Oh, my goodness. All right. How old 19 THE COURT: 20 were you when that happened? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: 21 22 THE COURT: And were you living there? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: I lived here. I've been 24 in Las Vegas for almost 20 years now. 25 Okay. So did you learn about that from THE COURT:

other family members? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes. Okay. Anything about that circumstance 3 THE COURT: that makes you think that you could not be fair and impartial 4 5 in this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: 6 No. Thank you. Pass the microphone over. THE COURT: 8 Sir. 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: My wife was a victim 10 of --And your name --11 THE COURT: 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: -- an armed robbery. Your name and badge number just for the 13 THE COURT: record again. It's George Clark, 758, right? Okay, go ahead. 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: My wife was a victim of 15 a armed robbery in Albertsons shopping center, and my daughter 16 17 was stabbed by a drug dealer. Was that here in Clark County? 18 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: 19 Yes. THE COURT: How long ago? 20 IVE JUROR NO. 758: My wife -- it's -- that 22 must have been about 15 years on Thanksgiving Day. I remember 23 it quite well. My daughter right next door to our house was a 24 cooking meth, and everybody in the neighborhood knew but us because we had just moved in. The realtor didn't tell us, you 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

know, owner didn't tell us and the owner was assistant chief of detectives. I didn't find out until later.

She went over to assist somebody that was in trouble medically, and she come back, and the guy that was -- that owned the house, accused her of stealing \$700 from him. She didn't take any -- she didn't have it. So when I heard her scream because I'm in the kitchen, it's just right -- right one door from the garage. I heard her scream.

And I went out in the garage, and evidently she had put her hand up to block the stab, it went right through her hand.

THE COURT: Oh, my goodness.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I -- I normally have a gun around the house, and at the time, I didn't. So I just got the golf club that was sitting up next near the door, and I went after him. He took off down the street, and my wife called the cops.

It didn't take them very long to get there. Came pretty quick. There were a number of people -- there were over 30 people in that house. They were cooking on the second floor and the first floor.

THE COURT: Okay.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: A lot of them were illegal. I don't think the police department -- they just checked IDs, turned them loose. But there was two guys, they

were armed. They disarmed them. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. Did they catch the person that stabbed your daughter? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Yes, ma'am, they did. 4 5 They -- it was down at the -- oh, what is that -- the Orange Coast right there on Flamingo, running back, and had me 6 identify him on the -- told them that's the guy that did. My daughter was being attended by the paramedics that showed up, 8 and they just took my word for it. The police officers during the time they were 10 searching for the guy, about 20, 25 minutes, they had me sit 11 on my hands in the front yard because the owner was notified, 12 and he said -- he said watch out, he's -- he's armed. 13 got several weapons the police department would like to have. 14 And made me sit on my hands until they brought him up. 15 And sat there with five -- five police officers 16 watching me. 17 Okay. So do you think you could be a 18 THE COURT: fair and impartial juror in this case? 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: 20 Oh, I think I could, 21 yes THE COURT: Okay. So you can set aside that 22 23 experience as well as the -- you said your wife was robbed? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I could, yes. Okay. All right. And Doctor, did you 25 THE COURT:

have also? 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: My father was accused of 2 murder, and it was later reduced to manslaughter. Okay. THE COURT: 4 So --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was maybe four years. 5 -- that was going to be the next 6 THE COURT: question. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Maybe four years ago. 8 That was going to be the next question, 9 THE COURT: of course, was anybody accused of a crime. So you said your 10 father --11 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Yes. -- was accused of murder and --13 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: He was involved in a 14 shooting. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. Was that --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was a self-defense --17 THE COURT: -- here? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: -- type of a thing, but 19 it was reduced. It wasn't murder one, but got manslaughter 20 and he ended up get probation, but --22 THE COURT: Was that here in Clark County? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Yes. 24 THE COURT: And did the District Attorney's Office 25 prosecute that case?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: 1 Yes. 2 THE COURT: Did you feel he was treated fairly? 3 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: No. All right. So do you bear a grudge 4 THE COURT: against the District Attorney's Office for pursuing that case? 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: 6 No, but --THE COURT: Why do you feel he wasn't treated fairly? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: It was a long story. 9 I'd really rather not go into the details. 10 Okay, but was it -- did you know the 11 THE COURT: 12 what had occurred? 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Yes. It was --Were you present? 14 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: No, I wasn't present at 15 the time of the -- the shooting. 16 17 So did you learn what had happened from THE COURT: your dad? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: Later after he was out 19 of the jail. 20 But is that the reason you formed Okay. 22 the opinion that you didn't think he was treated fairly or was it for some other reason? 23 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: The -- the police officers also made some assumptions initially as well, and I 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

don't think he was treated properly. 1 All right. As a result of that, do you 2 THE COURT: think you could be a fair and impartial juror in this case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 792: 4 No. 5 Okay. If you can't be fair and THE COURT: impartial then you'll have to be excused. Thank you very 6 much. You're excused. Call the next in order. THE CLERK: Badge 794, Edna Aroche. 8 THE COURT: All right. Ms. Aroche, you have the 9 microphone. Have you ever served as a juror before? 10 11 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No. Have you ever been in law enforcement? 12 THE COURT: 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No. THE COURT: Anyone in your family closely associated 14 with you in law enforcement? 15 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No. 17 THE COURT: Have you ever been the victim of a crime? 18 19 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Yes. 20 THE COURT: What was that? IVE JUROR NO. 794: Domestic violence 22 THE COURT: Okay. How long ago was that? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: It was from 1992 to 24 1999. 25 THE COURT: A long time. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Yes. 2 THE COURT: And did you report this to the police? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Yes, but they never did 3 nothing about him. He's still doing the same thing. 4 5 THE COURT: To -- not to --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Somebody else. 6 THE COURT: To somebody else. Okay. Back in the '90s, things were not treated the same and laws weren't quite 8 9 the same. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No, they -- he kept on 10 saying that I was a -- that I was hysterical, that I was crazy 11 12 so they believed him. Okay. All right. And how do you know 13 THE COURT: he's still doing the same thing? 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Because he just got 15 married. He's getting divorced. He's going through court 16 17 right now, and the -- he's been harassing the woman that he 18 was married to. Okay. And are you friends with her? 19 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: My daughters are friends 20 with her because they lived with their father for a while. 22 Okay. So that's how you know what's --THE COURT: 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: Yes. THE COURT: -- going on? All right. Okay. 24 So you'd call the police and then they never --25

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: They never -- he only 1 2 got arrested once, but his friends bailed him out so nothing happened. Every time they came to the house, he would say that I was hysterical, that I lost -- that I'd lose it and 4 5 gone crazy so they believed him. Okay. So do you bear ill will against 6 THE COURT: the police? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No. Do you think you could be fair and 9 No? THE COURT: 10 impartial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No, because right now my 11 12 daughter tells me I still got issues with him, what he did to me, so I have to go seek counseling again because I do got 13 issues with him. You know, it still hurts what he did to me. 14 Okay. But so you can't set that aside 15 THE COURT: 16 and --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: No, because it's been a 17 -- the abuse was really bad so it just keeps on come back, and 18 I used to have dreams about what he did to me so. 19 Okay. So you can't be fair in this 20 THE COURT: 21 case? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 794: 22 23 All right. You're dismissed. Call the THE COURT: 24 next in order. 25 Badge 801, Linda Zutell. THE CLERK:

1	THE COURT: Hello, Ms. Zutell, how are you?
2	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: Good. How are you?
3	THE COURT: Very well, thank you. Have you ever
4	been a juror before?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No, ma'am.
6	THE COURT: Have you ever been in law enforcement?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No, ma'am.
8	THE COURT: Anyone in your family in law
9	enforcement?
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No, ma'am.
11	THE COURT: No close associates in law enforcement?
12	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No, ma'am.
13	THE COURT: Have you ever been the victim of a
14	crime?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: Yes.
16	THE COURT: What's that?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: When I moved here in
18	2014, my my apartment was broken into. They kicked in the
19	front door and took I was just moving from Virginia so I
20	didn't have a lot so they took what I had.
21	THE COURT: Did you call the police?
22	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: Absolutely.
23	THE COURT: Did they respond?
24	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: Yes.
25	THE COURT: And did they ever catch the person who
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did it? 1 2 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: Not to my knowledge. THE COURT: All right. Did you feel like they did 3 everything they could to try and figure out who did it? 4 5 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: I mean, I don't -- you know, in those apartment complexes and stuff a lot of times 6 there's just not a lot you can do. Do you bear any ill will towards the 8 THE COURT: police department --9 Absolutely not. 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: -- because they couldn't figure it out? 11 THE COURT: 12 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No. Okay. Anyone in your family or closely 13 THE COURT: associated with you been the victim of what you've considered 14 to be a serious or violent crime? 15 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: No. 17 All right. So next question is to the THE COURT: entire panel. Have any of you been ever accused of or 18 convicted of a crime? And pass the microphone all the way 19 down to the end. And that's Badge No. 732, Melissa Coyle. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yes. 22 What were you convicted of or accused THE COURT: 23 of? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Shoplifting when I was 25 17.

Okay. And were you arrested for that or 1 THE COURT: did they just give you a warning, call your folks, what 2 happened? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: We -- it was in a mall 4 5 so we went to the police station actually had like a little station in there. Went there, they called my mom, and then I 6 had to go through two different days of --Hold the mic closer, please. 8 THE MARSHAL: Two different 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Sorry. days of basically going to court with a bunch of other kids, 10 11 minors. Okay. And how long ago was that? 12 THE COURT: 13 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: I was 17 and I'm 33 now so quite a while ago. 14 A long time ago. 15 THE COURT: 16 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yeah. 17 All right. And was that here in Clark THE COURT: County? 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: No, Orange County. 19 20 THE COURT: Okay. Did you feel like you were treated fairly? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yeah. 23 THE COURT: So aside from that, nothing -- no other 24 problems? 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732:

1 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: I was scared straight 2 3 so. Yeah, that would be quite the experience 4 THE COURT: 5 for a young girl. All right. Again, show of hands anyone had anyone in their family or closely associated with them accused 6 of or convicted of a serious crime? All right. We've got Pass the microphone down. 8 Okay. That's Seat No. 4, Badge No. 753, Alisha Williams. 9 What was that? 10 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: One of my older siblings 11 that I did not grow up with, his oldest son was convicted of 12 murdering two girls in Tulsa, Oklahoma. 13 Okay. Was he convicted of? 14 THE COURT: 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes. You said he was accused. And did he go 16 THE COURT: 17 to trial? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes, he's in prison. 18 Okay. Do you know anything about the 19 THE COURT: details? 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Nope. him when I was very little. 22 23 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Don't really have too 24 25 much -- not a lot of interaction with him.

THE COURT: And so you don't really have any opinion 1 as to whether they -- he was treated fairly or unfairly 2 because you don't know enough or do you have an opinion? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: I really don't have an 4 5 opinion on it. I just wanted to bring it up that it did 6 occur. THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. And pass the microphone over. And this is Badge No. 754, Diana 8 Villegas. Ms. Villegas, tell us what --PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: Yes. 10 Yes, my father was in a domestic dispute with his ex-wife. He was arrested and 11 accused. I'm not sure if he was charged. He did have to get 12 a lawyer and go through court, but he never really talked 13 about it, but that did happen so. 14 How was it you found out that that 15 THE COURT: happened? 16 17 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: He was in jail when he called us to call someone to get him out. 18 THE COURT: 19 Okay. 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: Yeah. 21 So he never talked to you about it then? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: No. 23 THE COURT: So you don't know anything? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: We knew he had a lawyer. We would -- he would get letters from the lawyer, but we never 25

really talked about it.

THE COURT: So did you have an overall opinion as to whether he with as treated fairly or not?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: Well, like, he -- he didn't really talk about it. I'm sure if he was treated unfairly, he would have said something. So overall I think everything went fairly.

THE COURT: Good. All right. So now, general question to the panel. Is there anyone who feels that they could not be fair and impartial jurors in this case? Raise your hand. And the record will reflect a negative response.

All right. We're going to pass the microphone all the way down here to Melissa Coyle, Badge No. 732. Melissa Coyle, tell us about yourself.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: I moved here in 2000, shortly after that incident just to kind of get away from friends and my dad lived out here. So I work for United Healthcare. Been there about five-and-a-half years in prior authorizations. Single. I rent a room so I live alone so.

THE COURT: No kids.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: No kids.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Would the State like to inquire further of Ms. Coyle?

MS. LEXIS: Ma'am, can you consider the three different forms of punishment that we've talked about?

Oh, is there a microphone for you? 1 THE COURT: 2 There you go. Hi. Can you consider --3 MS. LEXIS: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yes, I would be able to. 4 5 Okay. And you remember what those three MS. LEXIS: options were? 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Sure. You could consider all three? 8 MS. LEXIS: 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yes. Is there anything while you've Okay. 10 MS. LEXIS: been sitting here listening for the entire afternoon and some 11 12 parts of yesterday that we should know about you in terms of how we could assess your ability to be fair and impartial? 13 14 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: No. I believe I'd be able to be fair and impartial and hear you guys out, and I 15 understand that they don't have to speak or say anything. 16 17 It's not their job to defend themselves. It's your guys's job to give us all the facts so we can hear the case. 18 Do you want to be a juror? 19 MS. LEXIS: 20 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yeah. 21 MS. LEXIS: Why? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: I think it would be 23 interesting. Definitely different viewpoint on things, on the 24 law or the police side of things so, the investigation. 25 Okay. Court's brief indulgence. MS. LEXIS:

Nothing further. Thank you. 1 Thank you. If you'll pass the 2 THE COURT: microphone -- oh, no, hold on to the microphone. Did the defense also have questions of this --4 5 Just very brief, Your Honor. MS. McNEILL:  ${
m Ms}$  . Coyle, do you -- now that you know that you're an alternate, 6 will you stay pay as much attention to the case as you would in you were on the main jury? 8 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Of course. Especially, 9 since the Judge said that about 50 percent of the time the 10 alternates can get used. 11 12 MS. McNEILL: Okay. So you -- so knowing that you might actually be used, you're going to pay attention and take 13 notes and listen to everything? 14 15 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 732: Yes. I would take it as seriously as being a juror. 16 17 Okay. I'll pass for cause, Your MS. McNEILL: Honor. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 MR. LANDIS: Mr. Murphy and I will pass for cause. 20 THE COURT: Thank you. 22 MR. WOLFBRANDT: I'd pass for cause. 23 Thank you. Pass the microphone over. THE COURT: 24 And we have now Badge No. 789, and that's Tammy Ishibashi. 25 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. Tell us about yourself. 1 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: From Las Vegas. 2 Attended UNLV. Have a bachelor's of arts degree. Work for a health plan. Married, have a child. 4 5 Your bachelor's degree is in? THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: 6 English. English? And you work for --THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: A health plan. 8 And doing what? 9 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Vice president of 10 professional operations. 11 12 THE COURT: Of? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Professional operations. 13 Oh, okay. And what are your duties in 14 THE COURT: 15 that? PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Negotiate contracts with 16 17 doctors, provider compensation methodologies, utilization management, quality management. 18 And married, single, divorced? 19 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Married. 20 Married? What does your husband do? 22 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: He's a retail 23 administrator. THE COURT: What is a retail administrator? 24 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789: Corporate retail for a 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

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large company. Part auditing. Ensuring inventory control.
1
 2
              THE COURT:
                          Any kids?
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789:
 3
                                          One.
              THE COURT:
                          What age?
 4
 5
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789:
                                          Twelve.
                          Twelve, all right. Thank you.
 6
              THE COURT:
                                                          Would
    the State like to inquire further?
              MR. DiGIACOMO: Do you think you'd be a fair and
 8
    impartial juror?
 9
10
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 789:
                                          Yes.
              MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you very much.
11
12
              THE COURT:
                          Defense?
              MR. LANDIS: I'll pass for cause.
13
                            I'll pass for cause, Your Honor.
14
              MS. McNEILL:
15
              THE COURT:
                         Mr. Wolfbrandt.
              MR. WOLFBRANDT: Yeah, I'll pass.
16
17
                         All right. And pass the microphone over
              THE COURT:
    to Badge No. 747. And that's Jason Giddy. Mr. Giddy, tell us
18
    about yourself.
19
20
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 747: I'm originally from
   Jamestown, New York, which is a small town south of Buffalo.
22
    I've been out in Clark County for 12 years. I worked for an
23
    architectural firm when I moved here about two -- a year-and-
    a-half, and switched to a construction company where I work
24
25
    now. I do construction design and project management.
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I have two kids, two and three. I'm married. My wife, she works at the Mirage as a bartender at a pool. And I do have -- to answer some of the questions that were answered earlier, I do have firearms in my home. I have my concealed carrier permit in Nevada.

My company only pays for three days of jury service.

I'm willing to take that hit to be on the full juror, but for not too for an alternate.

THE COURT: Well, alternate jurors, you could be, and you have to listen in the same way. I mean, the duties of an alternate juror are really no different other than it's not a certainty that you'll deliberate, but you serve just as an important -- you know, like I say, I've had so many cases where even two days into deliberation, three days into deliberation, something's happened, a death in the family, a serious illness.

I had one juror had a nervous breakdown. I mean, anything can happen and you have to be ready and so your job is just as important and as anybody else, and so it's just the same.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 747: I understand, Your Honor. I just wanted to put it on the record that it is a financial burden for me.

THE COURT: All right. Okay, thank you. And if the State would like to inquire further.

We have no questions. Thank you, sir. MS. LEXIS: 1 Defense. 2 THE COURT: I'll pass for cause. 3 MR. LANDIS: I'll pass for cause. MS. McNEILL: 4 5 MR. WOLFBRANDT: I'll pass. All right. Pass the microphone over. 6 THE COURT: And we have Alisha Williams, Badge No. 753. Tell us about yourself. 8 9 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: I am a mother of two. Ι have a 12-year-old and a 2-year-old. I am engaged to be 10 married so I do have a significant other. He is a auto 11 12 detailer. He works for his brother. I work at the Excalibur Hotel. I've been employed 13 with the company for 17 years, since I was a teenager, and I'm 14 not impartial to anything. I think I could serve on the jury 15 as an alternative, if needed. 16 17 As an alternate juror, if you could. THE COURT: 18 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes. What do you do for the company? 19 THE COURT: Okay. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: My current position is 20 I'm a finance food and beverage cashier assistant manager. 22 Oh, that's a long title. Okay. Do you THE COURT: supervise people? 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes. I have -- I had 24 15, one just retired. So I have 14 employees so we just 25

furnish the cashiers to the food and beverage outlets that are 1 in the casino. 3 THE COURT: So you've worked your way up the ladder in the company and had --4 5 Yes. PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: -- on-the-job training --THE COURT: 6 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Yes. -- all that time? 8 THE COURT: PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 753: Actually, I do take 9 online classes. I am on a break right now. I will obtain any 10 associates in business administration in August. 11 Thank you. Would the State like to 12 THE COURT: inquire further? 13 MR. DiGIACOMO: No, Judge. Thank you. 14 15 THE COURT: Defense. MR. LANDIS: I'll pass for cause. 16 17 I'll pass for cause, Your Honor. MS. McNEILL: THE COURT: 18 Mr. Wolfbrandt. MR. WOLFBRANDT: I'll pass for cause. 19 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. If you'll pass the 20 microphone over to Badge No. 754, Diana Villegas. 22 about yourself. 23 PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: I have been living here in Las Vegas for over 18 years, almost 20 years. I have two 24 jobs. I work at the school district, assistant librarian at 25

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elementary school, and I just got a job as a part-time tutor
 1
    at Boys & Girls Club. I have a boyfriend. I still live with
   my mother. I graduated UNLV with a bachelor's in sociology.
 4
    Yeah.
                          And what does your mom do?
 5
              THE COURT:
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754: My mother works room
 6
    service at the Bally's Casino and my boyfriend a security at
    the New York/New York Casino.
 8
              THE COURT: And are you thinking of continuing your
 9
    education further?
10
                                                 I wanted to go
11
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754:
                                           Yes.
12
    back for my master's in library science.
                          Okay. Very well.
13
              THE COURT:
14
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 754:
                                           Yeah.
                          Would the State like to inquire further?
15
              THE COURT:
                          No, thank you.
16
              MS. LEXIS:
17
              THE COURT:
                          Defense?
                           I'll pass.
              MR. LANDIS:
18
                            I'll pass, Your Honor.
19
              MS. McNEILL:
                          Mr. Wolfbrandt.
20
              THE COURT:
                  WOLFBRANDT:
                               Yeah, I'll pass
22
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you. Hand the microphone over to
23
    Badge No. 758, George Clark. Mr. Clark, tell us about
24
    yourself.
              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: I was born in New York.
25
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Lived in California for many years. My formal schooling's all
1
   in California. I have two degrees from Cal State Fullerton.
   Physics and nuclear chemistry. After discharged from the
   International Criminal Court, I came here in December of '77,
   met my wife, got married. We had a couple of kids. My son
   now is 36. My daughter's 29.
 6
              I worked in hotels for 30 years. Teamster pension.
   The Fremont Hotel. I'm retired. I retired in 2010. And I'm
 8
   here.
                         What did you do for the hotel?
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              THE COURT:
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              PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 758: Receiving.
                                                      I had a
   little bit of purchasing when I was a police officer about
12
   certain things that they liked, and I got hired right off the
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14
   bat.
                         Okay. All right. Thank you.
15
              THE COURT:
                                                         Would the
   State like to inquire further?
16
17
             MR. DiGIACOMO:
                             No, Your Honor.
              THE COURT:
18
                         Defense.
19
             MR. LANDIS: I'll pass.
                           I'll pass, Your Honor.
20
             MS. McNEILL:
21
              MR. WOLFBRANDT: I'll pass.
22
              THE COURT:
                         Thank you. And the microphone over to
23
   Badge No. 801, Linda Zutell. Tell us about yourself.
24
             PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801: I'm originally from
25
   California. I grew up in Kingman, Arizona. I spent 20 years
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in the United States Air Force. Since then, I've been working for the same company, HD Supply, as a distribution center manager. I recently got promoted and moved out here from Newport News, Virginia. I have two children. One is 21, and he's attending Old Dominion University in Virginia. And my daughter lives in Albuquerque, New Mexico, and she works at a car dealership.

THE COURT: What was your job in the military?

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 801. I was in -- worked in logistics and then I retired as a first sergeant.

THE COURT: Thank you. Would the State like to inquire further?

MS. LEXIS: Lots of questions. No, just kidding. No, no questions.

MR. LANDIS: I'll pass.

MS. McNEILL: I'll pass, Your Honor.

17 THE COURT: Mr. Wolfbrandt.

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18 MR. WOLFBRANDT: Yeah, I'll pass.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. If you'll hand the microphone over, Badge No. 779, Frank Dieterich. Tell us about yourself.

PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Retired state employee from Pennsylvania. Moved back to Las Vegas a couple years ago. Currently a substitute teacher in the Clark County School District. And retired, other than that.

1	THE COURT: Okay. What did you do for State of
2	Pennsylvania?
3	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Social worker.
4	THE COURT: And you did that for your whole career?
5	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: For about 20 years, yes.
6	THE COURT: Were you a caseworker?
7	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Um-h'm, yes.
8	THE COURT: Was there any area? Was it like mental
9	health? Substance abuse? Children, adults what
10	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: The welfare department.
11	THE COURT: Welfare, okay. Are you married, single,
12	divorced?
13	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Single.
14	THE COURT: Single. Ever been married?
15	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Once.
16	THE COURT: And long time ago or recent?
17	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: Quite a while ago.
18	THE COURT: Quite a while ago? Kids?
19	PROSPECTIVE JUROR NO. 779: No.
20	THE COURT: Thank you. Would the State like to
21	inquire further?
22	MR. DiGIACOMO: No, Your Honor.
23	MR. LANDIS: I'll pass.
24	MS. McNEILL: I'll pass, Your Honor.
25	MR. WOLFBRANDT: I would pass.
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All right. So each side gets two THE COURT: peremptory challenges. We're going to do that or you can exchange a paper, you know, since we have all cleared for All right. Got a paper you want to use. I'll donate a piece. MR. LANDIS: THE COURT: Thank you. I'm a little electronic here so. MR. DiGIACOMO: You guys go first, too. MR. LANDIS: (PEREMPTORY CHALLENGES MADE BY ATTORNEYS) Would the Court like me to approach MR. LANDIS: with them? That would be very nice of you. THE COURT: Sure. The bad handwriting is theirs, so. MR. LANDIS: That's very good. THE COURT: Okay. So I'm going to read the names of the All right. folks who were excused by peremptory challenge, and those are Badge No. 747, Jason Giddy; Badge No. 758, George Clark; and Badge No. 754, Diana Villegas; and Badge No. 753 is Alisha And the remainder will make up our alternate Williams. jurors. So Melissa Coyle will be Alternate No. 1; Tammy Ishibashi will be Alternate No. 2; Linda Zutell will be Alternate No. 3; and Frank Dieterich will be Alternate No. 4. And we'll let you move into the comfortable seats tomorrow. Counsel approach regarding scheduling. The rest of you that are in the back, you're -- you've escaped.

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(Off-record bench conference)

THE COURT: Thank you. All right. Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take an overnight recess. When you come back tomorrow, which is going to be at 9:00 tomorrow. We're not going to start at 8:30, we'll start at 9:00, and since you've worked late today, and so we'll start a little later, 9:00 o'clock's a more civilized hour to start.

Fridays are pretty quiet at the courthouse so you shouldn't have any trouble getting here, you know, as -- on a Monday things are really busy, and that will be a different thing when we start on Monday. Although, on Monday, of course, we're going to start in the afternoon. So really, your travel to and from the courthouse is going to be a lot better than most jurors because of the times you'll be coming in.

So ladies and gentlemen, during this overnight recess, it's your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with the trial or to read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial or by any medium of information, including without limitation, newspaper, television, radio or Internet.

You're not to form or express an opinion on any subject connected with the case until it's finally submitted to you. We'll be swearing the jury in tomorrow. And one other thing for those of you who are kind in our second wave,

I didn't get a chance to tell you this because, you know, I did this with our first group, and that is, in this courthouse we have open hallways, elevators.

Sometimes the lawyers are taking the public elevators. You might see them in the hall. If you do, please go by them and, you know, don't speak with them. I was going to say treat them like Californians would treat you, but that's not true because I -- I was -- I grew up and was raised in California, and I'm a very friendly person, but you can't talk to me either if you see me in the hallway.

The reason for that is that it might look improper for anybody to engage the jury in conversation. So of course, they're all very kind and generous people and courteous.

Under normal circumstances if you saw them in the elevator and you greeted them, they would respond in kind and chat with you about the weather and pass the time and whatnot. They aren't allowed to do that.

So please don't make them feel bad because they're under directions if that should happen to not only ignore you and not talk to you, but also then to have to report it to me and then we'd have to have a hearing and we don't want to deal with that. So just if you happen to see any of the lawyers or any of court staff, just go on past them and that will just solve that problem.

The same will be true during the trial if you see

any witnesses in the hall that you've seen testify. 1 they're leaving and you're on a break or something, don't try 2 and engage them in any way, and I will see you tomorrow at 9:00 o'clock. 4 5 All rise for your jury, please. THE MARSHAL: (Prospective jurors recessed at 5:51 p.m.) 6 THE COURT: Record will reflect that the venire has -- or the -- yeah, they're still venire, actually -- has 8 departed the courtroom. We will swear them in first thing when they get here tomorrow morning when we start at 9:00. 10 Any matters outside the presence? 11 12 MR. LANDIS: Just really, really quick. 13 THE COURT: Okay. MR. LANDIS: We talked about the Summer Rice's phone 14 records the other day. The Court was inquiring as to numbers. 15 I do have those numbers and I was going to put them on the 16 17 record. THE COURT: 18 Okay. The number of phone calls provided was 19 MR. LANDIS: I can say that's an exact number. The time I'm 20 739. estimating, so I can't say it's exact, but within a few hours plus or minus, 167. 22 Okay. Time is 167 --23 THE COURT: 24 MR. LANDIS: Hours. 25 -- hours, okay. All right. And were THE COURT: Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

you provided with all of the calls? 1 2 MR. LANDIS: All of those were provided by Mr. DiGiacomo Saturday, which I think we already put on the record. 4 5 MR. DiGIACOMO: Yeah, I did it from the time of her arrest, which was December 9th. I believe they had some of 6 other earlier calls. I don't know that all 739 are new, and in the last year, I believe, there's less than 15 or 20 hours, 8 all pretty much on front end stuff. But otherwise, his representation seems about accurate to me. 10 11 And --THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. DiGIACOMO: I also did provide them the kites to all three transcripts as well. 13 Okay. And as well, of course, anything 14 THE COURT: that would be exculpatory in that, I know I don't need to 15 remind you, that you would obviously have pointed that out to 16 17 the defense, so that's it. All right. 18 MR. LANDIS: Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you. 19 (Court recessed at 5:53 p.m. until Friday, 20 September 16, 2016, at 9:16 a.m.) 21 22 23 24 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly ATTEST: transcribed the audio/visual proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability. Lulia Hond JULIE LORD, INDEPENDENT TRANSCRIBER 

TRAN

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \*

CASE NO. C-15-303991-1 THE STATE OF NEVADA,

CASE NO. C-15-303991-4

Plaintiff, CASE NO. C-15-303991-5

DEPT. V VS.

JORGE MENDOZA, TRANSCRIPT OF DAVID MURPHY, a/k/a PROCEEDINGS

DAVID MARK MURPHY, JOSEPH LAGUNA, a/k/a

JOEY LAGUNA,

Defendants.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

### JURY TRIAL - DAY 5

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 2016

## APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE: MARC P. DiGIACOMO, ESQ.

AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ.

FOR DEFENDANT MENDOZA: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, ESQ.

FOR DEFENDANT MURPHY: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.

FOR DEFENDANT LAGUNA MONIQUE A. McNEILL, ESQ.

#### COURT RECORDER: TRANSCRIPTION BY:

LARA CORCORAN VERBATIM DIGITAL REPORTING, LLC

Englewood, CO 80110 District Court

(303) 798-0890

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

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# LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 2016, 9:16 A.M.

(In the presence of the jury)

THE MARSHAL: Your Honor, all members of the jury are present and accounted for.

THE COURT: Thank you, please be seated. And this is Case No. C-303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza, Joseph Laguna and David Murphy. The record will reflect the presence of all 12 members of the jury as well as the 4 alternates. All three defendants are present with their respective counsel. The Chief Deputies District Attorney prosecuting the case are present, as are all officers of the court.

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen.

THE JURY: Good morning.

THE COURT: I apologize that we got a little bit of a late start but, as usual, we had an equipment failure and needed to swap out a monitor and so there was no sense in bring you in here to wait around while we had technicians in here doing that. So, we'll get started now.

The first thing we're that we're going to do is the Clerk is going to swear you in.

(THE CLERK SWEARS THE JURY AND ALTERNATES)

THE CLERK: You may be seated.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right. So ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to read to you a statutory admonition,

then I'm going to explain what it means.

So, ladies and gentlemen, no juror may declare to his fellow jurors any fact relating to the case as of his own knowledge and if any juror discovers during the trial or after the jury has retired that he or any other juror has personal knowledge of any fact in controversy in the case, he shall disclose such situation to the judge outside the presence of other jurors.

So what does that mean? Well, we asked you if you knew any of the witnesses in the case, but a lot of the names that were read to you, you didn't have the full name. So you may not think that you knew anybody, and later determine that you knew a witness. Or you may find out that you had some knowledge of this case that you didn't realize you knew before. And if something like that happens, at any point in the process, what you need to do is let the Marshal know and then we'll handle that in court outside the presence of the other jurors to determine what effect, if any, it would have.

So that would include even if you were, say, in deliberation, and this happened, actually, in a trial, so that's why I'm telling you about it. You know, I've already told you, you can't do any investigation of the case on your own, and I would expect that all of you would follow that directive. It's a court order and, of course, you've now taken on oath to try the case properly.

But I had a juror one time who went out, you know, totally disregarded that and did investigation on his own regarding certain aspects of the jury instructions and court personnel and attorneys and then tried to tell the other jurors about it during deliberations.

Well, all of those jurors did the right thing. They said oh, stop, you know, do not say another word. They segregated him, you know, basically made him wait in the hall, got the Marshal. We were able to deal with it and then move on with the trial and replace that juror who had, you know, violated his oath.

So that jury handled it exactly properly, and that's what I'm talking about. And so the language of that statute, which you was put into our law in 1967. It's a little antiquated, maybe, and uses some kind of difficult language, but that's what that means. All right?

So now, ladies and gentlemen, now I'm going to give you some introductory comments that kind of lets you know how the trial's going to progress, a little bit about our process. This is fairly informal. Later at the end of the case, you're going to get formal written instructions, which have been carefully prepared for you, and they're in writing. I'll read them to you, and then you'll also have them in the jury deliberation room, but this is less formal because it's not the written final instructions.

So now, this is a criminal case that, of course, is brought by the State of Nevada against the defendants in this case, and it's based upon a charging document, in this case, an Indictment, a Superseding Indictment. And the Clerk, or actually, the Court Recorder is going to read that charging document to you and then state to you the pleas of the defendants.

(THE COURT RECORDER READS THE SUPERCEDING INDICTMENT)

THE COURT: Thank you. And ladies and gentlemen, you should understand, of course, that this is just a charging document. It is not evidence of any kind. It doesn't prove anything. So the defendants are presumed to be innocent unless and until the State proves otherwise.

Now, this is a criminal case. There are two basic rules that you should keep in mind first. The defendants are presumed innocent unless and until the State proves otherwise beyond a reasonable doubt, and the defendants are not required to present any evidence or prove their innocence. The law never imposes upon a criminal defendant in a criminal case the burden of calling any witnesses or introducing any evidence.

Now, secondly, to convict, the State must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the crime was committed and that the defendants that are named committed the crimes.

Now, it will be your duty as jurors to decide from the evidence that's presented to you whether the defendants,

and each of them, are guilty or not guilty. And of course, that's a separate burden as to each defendant. You are the sole judges of the facts. And you will decide the facts and what the facts are from the evidence that's going to be presented to you in this case.

The evidence consists of the testimony of witnesses and documents or other things that are received into evidence as exhibits. Now, you must apply the facts as you determine them to be to the law that I will give you and then in that way reach your verdict.

It's very important that you perform your duty of determining the facts diligently and conscientiously, because normally there is no way of correcting an erroneous determination of facts by the jury.

Now, you should not take anything that I say or may do during the trial as indicating my opinion as to how you should decide the case or to influence you in any way in your determination of the facts. At times, I might ask a question of a witness. If I did that, it would be to bring something out that should be brought out, or to clarify something, but it's not for the purpose of indicating my opinion about the facts or to indicate the weight or value you should give to the testimony of any witness.

Now, you are going to be able to ask questions in this trial. Now, you do -- you will be given that opportunity

after the lawyers have examined the witness. And the way you will do that is you're going to be given pads. Have you been given pads yet? You already have them, okay.

You'll have to write out the question on your pad and you'll give it to the Marshal. The Marshal will give it to me. The lawyers and I will consult outside your presence at the bench and decide whether the question is a proper legal question, whether it can be asked at all, whether it needs to be phrased -- we may have to ask for further clarification if we don't understand what the question is and, at any rate, we decide, but this is the methodology for you asking questions.

After questions are asked by the jury, that the lawyers are given an additional opportunity to ask any follow-up questions that may arise as a result of any question posed by the jury.

Now, pursuant to your note-taking as well as this question where you have to write it out, what I want to make sure is that you don't let either your note-taking during the trial or your writing of questions distract you from your primary job, which is to listen to the evidence because you're the people that are going to make the decision as to the facts and then applying those facts to the law, come up with your verdict.

So as you are I'm sure aware, sometimes when we're taking note about something, that takes away from our

listening, and then if that happens, if you're taking an extensive note about something that really struck you, well, all the questioning doesn't stop at that point, it continues.

And so if you're taking a lengthy note on something, you're not listening to or hearing the answers of the following -- you know, the questions that are occurring while you're doing that note-taking. So what I would ask you, if you're taking notes is to try and keep this brief so it just triggers the memory of what you remember, rather than distracting you from your listening.

And the same with the writing out a question. You may be writing out a question and, actually, it's a question that's being asked at the very moment our writing out your question and you're not hearing the answer. And if that happens, if your question has already been asked an answered, it will not be repeated. So that's the other thing.

So that's not to discourage you, if you think that a question hasn't been asked and it's important to you, but it's really important that you listen.

All right. Now, in deciding the facts of the case, you might have to decide which witnesses to believe and which witnesses not to believe. And now, you may believe everything a witness says or only part of it or none of it. And in considering the weight or the value to give to the testimony of any witness, you may consider a number of things; the

appearance, attitude and behavior of the witness when they're testifying and other things. Those include the witness's ability to see or hear or know of the things about which the witness is testifying; the quality of the witness's memory, the inclination of the witness to speak truthfully; whether or not the witness has any interest in the outcome of the case or any motive, bias or prejudice; whether the witness is contradicted by anything that the witness said or wrote before the testimony that you're hearing; how reasonable is the witness' testimony when it's considered with other evidence which you do believe.

Now, in deciding whether or not to believe a witness, please keep in mind that people sometimes forget things and you need to consider whether a contradiction is an innocent lapse of memory or an intentional falsehood, and that might depend on whether if has to do with an important fact or just a small detail.

Now, the weight or the value of any evidence doesn't necessarily depend on the number of witnesses testifying on one side. As I've told you, the defense isn't obligated to call any witnesses and witnesses that are called by the State may and probably will be cross-examined by the defense, and you could glean information from that as well.

So just because the State calls more witnesses than the defense doesn't mean that you need to give more weight or

value to that side that calls the more witnesses.

Now, there are two kinds of evidence; direct and circumstantial. And you may have preconceived notions of what circumstantial evidence is from television and so I want to explain that because I think that you may have improper understanding of what those types of evidence are.

So direct evidence is testimony about what the witness personally saw or heard or did. Circumstantial evidence is indirect evidence. It's proof of one or more facts from which you can find another fact. And so let me give you an example.

So as I say, direct evidence is about a personal knowledge, but about personal knowledge of the commission of the crime. Okay. So here's direct -- an example of direct evidence, not of a crime, but just of something, and circumstantial evidence.

So, say you woke up in the morning, say it was this morning, and you looked out your window and you noticed as you looked out the window that there was water dripping off the eaves of your house and you looked further and you noticed that your driveway was all wet, and you went on to then look further town the street and noticed that as far as you could see down your street, the road looked wet, you could smell the smell of rain, okay, what you know to be from your experience to be the smell of what it smells like when it's rained.

And you notice that there's water running down the gutters on your street. All right. So from those facts that you've observed, those facts, you can infer from those facts that it rained during the night before you got up. @

Now, what would happen if during the night you heard a noise on your roof, and you maybe heard some thunder and you decided that you were going to go and investigate. And you went out, out your front door, and you actually stood outside and you looked up in the sky and you saw clouds and water falling from the sky. And you felt the rain on your hands and your face and you actually saw that it was raining. So that would be direct evidence that it was raining in the night. Okay. That's the difference.

Now, the law doesn't give any greater weight to circumstantial evidence or direct evidence. The law permits you to weigh both circumstantial and direct evidence in the same way. But, of course, it's up to you to give weight or the amount of weight or value you give to any evidence, it's for you to decide.

Now, certain things, however, are not evidence and must not be considered by you in deciding the facts of the case. So statements and arguments by the lawyers, that's not evidence. Questions and objections are not evidence. A question is only valuable insofar as it gives meaning to the answer, right? You've got to have a question to get an

answer.

The answer that a witness gives, that's evidence. But the question that's posed independently by the lawyer in and of itself isn't evidence. Any testimony that I instruct you to disregard is not evidence that can be considered by you.

evidence, or I strike an answer from a witness and tell you to disregard it, then you're not to consider that. So if you're taking notes, and I tell you to -- you've taken a note about something, and I tell you, you must disregard it, I would ask you to physically strike through that in your notepads so that you don't inadvertently think that you were allowed to consider that.

Now, another thing that's not evidence would be anything that you might see or hear outside this court or even in the courtroom, if court is actually not in session, even if what you see or hear is said or done by one of the parties to the case or by one of the witnesses.

So remember, evidence is sworn testimony by a witness on the witness stand while court's in session and documents and other exhibits which are received by the Court into evidence.

Now, there are rules of law which control what can be received into evidence. So when a lawyer asks the question

or offers an exhibit into evidence, and the lawyer on the other side thinks that it's not permitted by the law or the rules, then that lawyer might object, and it's -- in fact, it's their duty to do so.

Now, if I overrule an objection to a question or piece of evidence, then that question may be answered and the evidence may be received, the exhibit, for instance. But if I sustain the objection, then the question cannot be answered and the exhibit cannot be received.

So sometimes what happens is a question is asked, the objection is made by the other side, but the witness on the stand answers the question because it happens so quickly. If that happens, then the lawyer who made the objection may ask that the answer be stricken. That they would move to strike the answer. If they do that, then you will be told to disregard the answer if, in fact, I've sustained the objection after it -- after the answer's been received, they can then move to strike that answer. And if I do strike it, again, you disregard it.

Now, if, however, the question's asked, the objection is made and I sustain it before the answer is given, you're not to speculate about what the answer might have been because the question was deemed to be improper. And so whenever I sustain an objection to a question, just ignore that question. Don't try and guess what the answer might have

been.

Now, it's the duty of lawyers to object in a case to questions or evidence that they think is improper, violates the rules of evidence and is not permitted. So you should not be prejudiced in any way against a lawyer who makes an objection that's their job and they're expected to do that. So you shouldn't be holding it against any lawyer that makes objections.

Additionally, occasionally, I might find it necessary to remind a lawyer about rules or admonish them about rules, or the law, and if I do that, that's my job. And I don't want you to hold it against the lawyers that I've had to remind them or admonish them in any way. Certainly, you should never hold any admonishment like that against a client, and so just because I found it necessary to admonish a lawyer.

Now, in this case, except for the murder charge, you are not to concern yourself in any way with the sentence that you might -- that a defendant might receive if you should find a defendant guilty. Your function in the case is to decide whether the defendant is guilty or not guilty of the charge that excepting for the murder charge. And then if and only if a defendant is convicted on the other charges by you, then it would become the duty of the Court to sentence on those charges.

Now, only if you find the defendant guilty of first

degree murder will the jury decide what the sentence is that the defendant might receive and we've already discussed that at length as to the potential penalties there. A separate penalty hearing would be done after that where you would hear additional evidence.

Now, at the end of the trial, you're going to have to make up why you are decision in this case and make up your minds based upon what you recall of the evidence. You're not going to have a written transcript to consult, and it's difficult and time-consuming for the recorded testimony to be played back, especially if it's lengthy testimony. So I urge you to pay close attention to the testimony while it's being given.

And as I've stated to you, don't let your notetaking distract you. You should rely upon your own memory of what is said and don't be overly influenced by the notes of other jurors.

Now, until the case is finally submitted to you, don't talk about the case to each other or to anyone else about -- or anybody that has anything to do with it until the end of the case when you go into the jury room to deliberate.

Now, when I say don't talk to anybody else about the case or anyone that has anything to do with it, who do I mean? Well, anyone else includes the members of your family and your friends who will be very interested to learn that you were in

a jury trial -- in a criminal jury trial. They're probably going to ask you about it and want to ask you about your thoughts, what happened, those kinds of things because it's an experience they're not having.

You may not discuss it with them at all. And so if someone asks you, just tell them you can't discuss it. You'll be happy to discuss it when you're released by the judge from your duty not to discuss the case and you've been discharged as jurors. But until then, you're not going to discuss it at all. So don't let anyone try and influence you.

Somebody might even try to talk to you in general terms about their theories of the criminal justice system or their opinions about it in general. Don't listen to that.

Just tell them, no, I'm a juror. You stay away from me, don't talk to me about that stuff. And if someone persists in trying to get you to talk about things, then report it to me and through the Marshal. The Marshal is your contact with the Court. And report it to the Marshal, and I will take care of it.

Now, don't read any news stories, listen to any radio broadcasts, watch any television reports or blogs on the Internet about this case or anybody who has anything to do with the case.

Now, we're not necessarily expecting this case to get media coverage. I haven't gotten a media request for

cameras in the courtroom. But our courtrooms are open to the public. So anybody can come in, watch the proceedings and, of course, with the Internet, anybody can write anything they want at all times on the Internet and post it for God and the world. All right?

So you need to be really careful about that. So don't go on the Internet looking for this case to see if you can find some posting about what's happened. You know, if you've read the newspaper or read things on the Internet, then you're completely aware that a very goodly part of what gets printed in newspaper stories or what gets posted on the Internet is true, or there's mistakes in it.

And you will know exactly what's happened because you'll be here firsthand and you're getting everything you need to know here in this courtroom while court's in session, and that's what your decision should be based upon, nothing else.

Don't do any research on your own or go by any of the scenes or areas that may be discussed during the presentation of evidence in the case. This is Las Vegas, and as you know, if you've driven around town at any time, things change quickly here. Roads get torn up and put in completely differently, new construction happens.

If you went and you visited an area where things are alleged to have occurred, you might get an erroneous

impression of what the scene looked like, so don't do that. Please avoid going anywhere near the locations that may be mentioned in this trial during the trial.

And I think I've told you about communicating any concerns you might have to the Marshal. He is your contact. However, you may not discuss the case with the Marshal either. And so if you try to do that, he would have to report it to me and we'd have to have a hearing. So don't try and discuss the case with the Marshal. What kinds of thins can you ask the Marshal about? Parking, what time court is supposed to start, when you should be here to assemble.

You could complain to him about the temperature in the room, and he'll be sympathetic and he'll probably -- you know, he will also tell me about it, and I'll be sympathetic, but we can't really do anything about it. Those things that look like thermostats that might be controls on the wall, I don't know if they're even connected to anything. We really -- we could complain about things. We had a breakdown in a air handler earlier in the week and it got very hot in this courtroom for all afternoon. It was pretty awful and we brought fans in.

Usually, it's cold. So I would just encourage you to dress in layers. That way you can always remove a layer, sweater what have you, jacket, if you gets cold, but you have the ability to put on layers. So bring a sweater. I haven't

had time to finish my Afghans for the jury and so -- all right.

Please don't make up your mind about what the verdict should be until after you've gone to the jury room to decide the case and you and your fellow jurors have had the opportunity to discuss all of the evidence. It's very important that you keep an open mind.

Now, the trial's going to proceed in the following manner: One of the Chief Deputy District Attorneys is going to make an opening statement. Now, an opening statement, basically, is an outline of what the evidence, what that attorney or that side expects the evidence to show. And it's designed basically, to help you understand how the trial progresses and the evidence.

Because evidence comes in a piece at a time, somewhat like a jigsaw puzzle. And so your duty then at the end is to take all those pieces and decide whether it puts together a complete picture of what the State says they're going to prove.

And so an opening statement's sort of like that -the cover on your jigsaw puzzle box and it gives you sort of
an overview and an understanding of where the individual
pieces should fit in.

Now, opening statements, as I say, will be first made by the State and then the defense will have an

opportunity, each defendant's lawyer has an opportunity to give an opening statement of what that attorney believes the evidence would show. The defense doesn't have to make an opening statement immediately after the State does. They can choose to reserve their opening statement for later or waive making one entirely. It's completely up to the lawyer to decide with the client.

Now, after all of -- after the opening statements have been completed, then the State is going to present evidence and call witnesses. And after they have examined the witnesses that they have called, then each of the defense lawyers may cross-examine those witnesses that are called by the State.

And then, of course, the defense isn't obligated to do so. It's up to them as to whether they wish to question witnesses. And then after the State has presented all of its evidence and rests, then the defense may, but is not obligated or required to, present any evidence or call any witnesses. They may.

Now, if the defense does call a witness to the stand and testify, then the State will be allowed to cross-examine those witnesses, just as the defense had cross-examined the State's evidence.

After the defense has concluded its case or if they rests without presenting any evidence, then the State would

have the opportunity to present rebuttal evidence, if it wishes to. And the same thing happens, examination, cross-examination. If no rebuttal case is presented, then you will hear closing arguments. This is generally done after you have been instructed on the law. I will be reading you those carefully prepared jury instructions and then you would hear the arguments of the attorneys.

These arguments are that it's a summarization of the evidence, sometimes also explaining to you how the evidence applies to the law that you've been given in the jury instructions. What is said in closing arguments by the lawyers is not evidence. It's just designed to, again, summarize to you what the evidence has been, how it applies to the law and giving you the opportunity then to hear those summaries of that evidence.

After the arguments have been completed, now the State opens those arguments, and gets to close those arguments. The reason for that is that the State has the burden of proof in the case.

After the arguments have been made, then you're going to retire to deliberate on your verdict. Now, during the course of the trial, as I've told you before, both sides, all court personnel, other than the Marshal, may not converse with you. And again, these individuals aren't being antisocial, they're just required by the rules not to speak

with you because it might contaminate your verdict.

So ladies and gentlemen, the -- before we begin the opening statements, does anybody need a break before we start? All right. We're going to start with the State.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Can we have one moment for the screen, Judge?

THE COURT: Can everyone see the screen here? It should also come up on this monitor here.

MR. DiGIACOMO: May I proceed, Judge?

THE COURT: Yes.

## STATE'S OPENING STATEMENT

MR. DiGIACOMO: The 26th president of the United States once said no one is above the law, no one is below it, and we do not ask someone's permission when we ask them to follow it.

The reason that I put this quote up here, is because at the end of this case you may not like Joey Larsen. May decide that Joey Larsen engages in some very risky behavior. You may even think that Monty Gibson made some very poor choices, both on the day that he died, and maybe in the days lead up to his death.

But the end of the day their choices are going to pale in comparison to the actions of the three defendants that are sitting over on the other side of the room.

Their actions caused a shootout in one of our local

communities. Here it's called Peccole Ranch at Hualapai and Charleston. The type of shootout that you would see in some sort of movie. And it was one that happened at 8:00 o'clock in the evening on a Sunday night in September of 2014.

The crime scene is located at 1661 Broadmere. The resident of that location is actually Joey Larsen or Joseph Larsen. He looks even younger than he actually is, but he's a kid in his 20s. His dad actually owns the house. He has a roommate, Monty Gibson. And that's Monty on the far side of the screen over there, and Monty is actually in the process of preparing to move out to move in with his girlfriend. But at least at this point in time, the two of them are living at this residence in Peccole Ranch. And Joey has a estranged wife.

In fact, he's still married to her today. Although, he's trying to get a divorce at this point. She has been out of the house for some period of time and there's an ongoing domestic disturbance between them. She would come over the house, cause problems, throw rocks through the windows or cans or whatever if was. She's burglarized the house previously and stolen stuff from it. And Joey's pretty fed up with the situation with Summer by September 21st.

It is what happens that night to Monty Gibson, is put in motion by Summer, whether intentionally or unintentionally, that results in the death of Monty Gibson.

Sometime before 8:00 o'clock at night on the 21st, Steve Larsen, who is the gentleman with the gray beard up there, he receives information that Joey's house is about to get hit again. It's going to be robbed again, and he believes that Summer is going to be the reason why the house is being robbed.

And so he calls Joey and asks Joey to get out of there because he doesn't want there to be a problem. He doesn't want Joey to get in trouble. He doesn't want him to have to be -- to defend himself and potentially get injured. And so Steve suggests to Joey get out of the house and Joey does not take his father's advice.

Instead, Joey gets two of his guns, a .38 caliber revolver and a Glock .40 caliber firearm. He tells Monty what's going on. They decide that they're going to order a pizza and watch the ball game, and if somebody comes over, then Joey intends to defend his residence. And it's about five minutes after that pizza happens -- the pizza arrives when at least two individuals kick in the front door to this residence.

And when they do so, Joey doesn't wait. Joey just starts shooting. So Gibson is back here, Monty is back in the living room area, and Joey Larsen is right there by where that pizza box is. He's first got his .38 caliber revolver. He fires that twice in the direction of the first guy through the

door. That guy turns and starts running. And then the second individual that he sees, they start exchanging gunfire back and forth.

After the gunfire ends, Monty decides he's going to slide up and close the front door because the front door is wide open. And what I think neither Monty nor Joseph realized at this point, is that this individual was severely injured and couldn't flee the scene, and he's sitting in the middle of the street.

And so when Monty goes to the front door to close the front door, he fires two rounds out of a 9 millimeter rifle and he strikes Monty Gibson twice. Once is a temple shot that automatically instantaneously kills Monty. The second one enters his shoulder and exits out his back and actually winds up in one of the walls inside the residence.

When the police are called, and the first call is at approximately 8:10 p.m., from a woman who lives in the residence behind, who hears gunshots and sees an individual sitting on the -- on his backside in the middle of the street and sliding with a rifle on his lap, down towards this street here, which is call Long Cattle. And you'll hear from people who live here, who live here, and who live here, who all see various things that happen at this crime scene. But pretty much everyone will agree that there's at least one guy who's sliding on his butt all the way down Long Cattle with a long

rifle.

So the police follow that initial blood trail and they find this pick up truck with the back down. Inside the pick up truck is a 9 millimeter rifle. It's actually a handgun round. It's a 9 millimeter Luger handgun round. It's a 9 millimeter Luger handgun magazine, but it's in a rifle. There's a pair of gloves thrown in the back of the truck and there's an electrician's work shirt that's found just at the base of the truck.

Right behind this truck there is a black vehicle parked in a driveway. When the police get to that vehicle, they realize that there's an individual in the driver's seat of this vehicle. The seat is lowered. He's laying down inside that vehicle and they begin to give commands to that individual to get out of the vehicle.

It turns out that that vehicle is that homeowner's vehicle and the door just happened to be unlocked. So the individual that slid down that street with that rifle in an orange ski mask, is hiding inside this vehicle with a severe gunshot wound to his thigh, so bad that Joey Larsen's .40 caliber firearm shattered the thigh -- or the femur in half. And as Mr. Mendoza sits here today, he has a very long metal rod that replaces his femur.

They get Mr. Mendoza eventually, out of the vehicle.

Inside the vehicle there's -- it looks like there's a homemade

tourniquet that Mr. Mendoza was trying to apply to himself, and Mr. Mendoza is telling the initial officers that are trying to have contact with him, a story that doesn't seem to make much sense to them. And you'll hear sort of they're trying to figure out what it is that he's trying to tell them.

There isn't going to be any question that one of the individuals that entered this house is Jorge Mendoza. You will find out that that rifle has his DNA on it. That mask has his blood, with his DNA on it. That it is his vehicle that's used to go to and from the scene, and he's captured immediately after the crime. That's not going to be a question in this case.

The problem was, is that the police have just Mendoza, and they know that Larsen said that there was two guys that came through, and he thinks he hit both of them. So they begin by researching Mr. Mendoza, because it seems somewhat impossible that Steve Larsen could get tipped off that Summer Larsen is going to have this house robbed on the night of the 21st, and shortly after he makes that phone call, somebody comes over to rob that place. It seems like Summer Rice has got to be involved.

And they do a lot of research into Mr. Mendoza, and they can find no link between Mr. Mendoza and Summer Larsen, also known as Summer Rice. And they try as best as they can, they can't figure it out. They go to his house. His house is

over by 15 and Spring Mountain area. His vehicle is there. It's a 1995 gold Nissan Maxima. The vehicle has no blood in it. He has firearms related evidence inside his house, but the only thing that really ties to the 9 millimeter Luger is a rifle case that's empty and a whole bunch of 9 millimeter Luger rounds.

They can't figure out what it is that Mr. Mendoza knew from Summer Rice. But they do know that there is at least one more suspect. And they know that because after the crime occurs, the witness that's in here, Gene Walker, who sees this individual sliding down the street, says I see that individual sliding. He's got the orange mask on and a car. And he thinks it's a white car, but it's actually a champagne colored Nissan Maxima, pulls up, and there is communication between Mr. Mendoza and the people inside this vehicle.

And Mr. Mendoza is clearly not capable of standing up and getting into this vehicle at this point, and this vehicle isn't waiting around. It drives off, and it leaves Mr. Mendoza in the middle of the street. So now they know there's two suspects.

As they're processing the scene, they come across something unusual. Mr. Mendoza's not very mobile, and he's taken into custody in that black vehicle right there, but they've got two-tenths of a mile of another blood trail. They've got a blood trail that comes all the way down Long

Cattle, out this small road here, turns down here, although, there's a break in it, and then the blood picks right back up down this street. Now the police know there's three suspects because that suspect that was bleeding like that, no way he made it to here by the time Gene Walker sees a vehicle parked right here next to Jorge Mendoza. So now they're looking for three people.

Almost a month goes by, and they have no leads. They have nothing from -- information that the cops gathered from Jorge that led them to anybody else that could be a suspect in this case.

Finally, in mid-October, an individual comes forward and tells the police that potentially Robert Figueroa is involved in this crime. So the police do some research on Robert Figueroa, and they learn that he may have a gunshot wound to his face. So then they set up some surveillance on him. And at first, they don't really see a gunshot wound to his face, but ultimately, they make the decision to execute a search warrant at his residence.

And when they execute the search warrant at his residence, he actually has two gunshot wounds. You can't see it very well because it's healed really good, but there's one just below his jaw line on the right side of his face, and then he has an entrance and an exit as if he came through that front door, he got hit in the face, turned, got shot once in

the back as he goes to run away.

They find a police report and some medical reports from a couple days after. So September 23rd, from a hospital in Loma Linda, California, where he went and reported not the GSW to his torso, but just the GSW to his face because his neck had gotten swollen with air. And even to this day, Mr. Figueroa still has one of those .38 rounds that Joey Larsen fired still stuck in his C4 vertebrae.

He gets treated for the neck wound in Loma Linda and the San Bernardino cops are called, and they respond to the hospital. And Mr. Figueroa says I was out in the desert shooting with my friends, and there was a ricochet that hit me in the mouth. Now, I can't imagine that the San Bernardino Police actually believed him, but they had no crime within their jurisdiction that indicated that there should be somebody with a GSW to their face, and thus, they took a report and they let him go.

Mr. Figueroa is taken into custody. He's read his Miranda warnings and he tells a ridiculous story of hey, I was over at the Peccole Ranch address. I was going there to buy weed from the guy who owns the house. Well, what's his name? I have no idea. Well, what happened? Well, as I was walking up, someone started shooting and I got hit in the face and I ran. And he acknowledges that it's going to be his blood trail that goes all the way down, but that's my story and I'm

sticking to it. So he gets arrested. That's on October 20th of 2014.

The police do some investigation between October 20th and October 24th, to try and link these three individuals. They can find no link between Mr. Mendoza and Mr. Figueroa. Now, somewhere down the line you will learn that there is a single phone contact between them at 6:46 the night of the crime. But other than that, at least by October of 2014, there's zero connection between these two.

We've already talked about no connection between these two. Well, there's no connection between Figueroa and Summer Rice. And the police for several days are very confused by how the heck did Mr. Mendoza and Mr. Figueroa wound up hitting a house on the same day that Summer Rice is saying that the house is going to be hit? They can't figure it out.

Well, Mr. Figueroa comes to court on October 23rd, his first court appearance, and he says to the corrections officers, I think I better talk to the homicide detectives. And so immediately thereafter, the homicide detectives go down to talk to him, and he says, look, I want to talk to you, but I need a lawyer. He has no discovery. He doesn't know what we know.

And so the next day, on October 24th, when his lawyer who got appointed on the 23rd, learns that he wants to

talk, his lawyer and two homicide detectives go down and talk to Mr. Figueroa. And there's an agreement between them, which is hey, what you tell us we won't use against you because he don't really need it because you're going to have a very long DNA blood trail running from the scene. Tell us the truth and perhaps, maybe we'll be able to work something out. And his lawyer instructs him the exact same thing, and he decides to tell the story.

And when you hear this story, what he will tell you is -- and you will hear this from him, and what he tells the police that day is, look, I'm friends with a guy named Joey Laguna. Joey Laguna and I go way back, we used to roommates. We're pretty close friends, and like at 6:30 in the morning on September 21st, Joey Laguna calls me and says, hey, I've got this dope house that we can hit. I know you're down for it, let's go.

And Mr. Figueroa says, I agree to go. I get my
Ruger .40 caliber firearm, and they come over approximately,
an hour later, and Mr. Laguna is in a vehicle with some guy
I've never met before, but he's the guy who was left at the
crime scene with the bullet hole in his leg, Mr. Mendoza.

And Mr. Mendoza's driving a vehicle, it's like this champagne colored foreign make vehicle like a Toyota or something. And while it looks a lot like a Toyota in this photograph -- and this is not actually the vehicle, it's just

a 1995 champagne colored vehicle -- Toyota, Nissan, whatever, he says, they come, they pick me up.

We then drive and we meet an individual that I've met a couple of times before, a guy named "Duboy" and he describes Duboy.

MR. LANDIS: Objection. I'm sorry to interrupt. Can we approach?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Off-record bench conference)

MR. DiGIACOMO: And so that we're clear, that's not actually Duboy's white Ford Ranger either. That's just a picture I pulled off the Internet to represent a white Ford Ranger. You will hear that Duboy's, or Mr. Murphy's, as it turns out, has a camper on the back of it, but it's a white Ford Ranger.

So, Mr. Figueroa says this guy, Duboy, I've met him a couple times. He's a bigger guy. He's got a problem with his right arm from a previous injury. He's good friends with Laguna. He lives near Laguna but, you know, Laguna lives near, he says Cheyenne and Cimarron. It turns out that Mr. Laguna lives at Gowan and Cimarron, but close enough.

But he lives sort of directly across, but it's across the freeway, and it turns out that that's where Mr. Murphy lives. But he describes this individual, Duboy, and he says Duboy in this white Ford Ranger has this Hispanic

female with tattoos. And the one thing no one's ever going to confuse Summer Rice for is -- or Summer Larsen for is a Hispanic female with tattoos.

And he says that we meet up and sometime after 7:45 in the morning, and when we meet up, the Hispanic female gets into Mr. Mendoza's vehicle, she's driving, leaving Duboy alone in his white truck. And we drive off to this -- the alleged lick, which is going to be the dope house, the stash house, up in the northwest part of town. I'm not really sure where we were going. But the idea was the three of us were going to go hit the dope dealer, she was driving this vehicle, and he had the pick up truck so we could throw the hundreds of pounds of weed we're allegedly going to get out of this stash house into Duboy's vehicle.

And he says, that's where we go is up north. And you will see from the map of the Valley that essentially what this is at the top of the map is 215, and this is about where Jones is, and this is the -- the freeways through town here. And you will see that, you know, the crime scene on Hualapai is way over here. Mr. Laguna's residence and Mr. Murphy's residence are on either side of the 95 over there.

Mr. Mendoza's way over here by the 215, and Mr. Figueroa is way down south in the Valley.

He says when they get up to this location that they're at, they pull into the area where this alleged dope

house is, and there is a lawn maintenance crew out there. He doesn't know really what the plan is, but there's four of them sitting in a car. There's a guy sitting outside this house who has a truck that they're concerned about. The car pulls into this cul-de-sac area, sees these four people sitting in the car and pulls out. And so there's a decision made this isn't going to work. And Laguna contacts Murphy and they decide this isn't going to work. And so they head back to Mr. Laguna's residence.

At that point, the Hispanic female gets back into the white Ford Ranger, and the four of them have a conversation that happens in the driveway of Laguna's residence. And basically, what happens is that Duboy say, look, you know, yeah, that's not a great place to try and rob, but I know the guy, or I know who the guy is that we can hit later on tonight who re-ups from this guy.

And what you will learn in this case -- I'm not sure if Joey's going to admit it to you -- he's a small time weed dealer. And when you look at the crime scene evidence and Mr. Larsen's room, Joey Larsen's room, there's not going to be much doubt about that. There's all kinds of little bits of marijuana laying on a table with a plastic bag sealer on the side.

And so you will hear that Figueroa at that point learns that Duboy says, look, we can go later tonight since

he'll have re-upped from the supply house by then, and we can hit this guy's house. And Figueroa says to Duboy, well, how is it that you know this place? And Duboy says, probably not in this nice a language, basically, I'm having sex with the homeowner's wife, and she tells me all the time about him calling her up and crying over the fact that they're not together and, you know, she doesn't like him. And thus, she told me where the supplier's house was, and that's Joey's supplier up there, or that's the guy's house that we're going to hit tonight, up there, and you know, I know that we can go hit this house later on that night.

And so, Mr. Figueroa says, okay. At that point, he says -- Mr. Laguna says, hey, do you have an extra gun? And Mr. Figueroa says, yeah, I've got another .38 back home. And he says, well, can you bring it with you when you come? And then they all split up, and it's Mr. Mendoza takes Mr. Figueroa home and everybody leaves.

Later, once they find out which house they hit, we now know what the connection to Summer Rice is. It's Duboy. And what the connection to the dope supplier house is that it's Larsen's dope supplier, and his wife happens to know who his dope supplier is.

And so now the police want to find Duboy. And so they take the description that they have of Duboy and they're looking for associates of Mr. Laguna. And I'm sure that the

homicide detective who comes up here and has to testify to this, is not going to be proud of the language he used in a report, but initially, he doesn't notify the right guy. I mean, they don't arrest him, they don't go do anything, but there's a police report out there where it has the wrong guy's name. This Jesus Velendez-Mendez (phonetic) or something like that.

They do issue an arrest warrant for Summer Larsen.

And when they issue an arrest warrant for Summer Larsen for conspiracy to commit robbery, she has fled to Utah. They want the warrant to grab her so maybe they can talk to her.

Eventually, she comes back to Las Vegas. She's down on the Strip, and she gets into a domestic argument Joey, who knows she's back in town, knows there's an allegation she's involved in the killing of his friend, and he doesn't call the police until she starts yelling at him one day and then the police are called and she winds up getting booked on her warrant in early December.

And when she gets booked on her warrant in early December, she does some things that lead us to who the real Duboy is. Let's talk about what Mr. Figueroa's going to say happened this night. He says that Duboy's the driver when they go over to the residence. They drive by the residence once or twice. Duboy points out the residence to him, and he's driving Mendoza's gold Toyota, Nissan, whatever it is.

He says that they're stacked up at the door. He's first, Mendoza's second, Laguna's third, and when you look at the crime scene photographs, there's sort of a pillar here, the door is here, so they're kind of stacked up this way hence, why Mr. Larsen only sees two individuals.

He says his job's to hit the door. He has a black mask pulled up over his face, and he has a .40 caliber Ruger in his hand. He says Mr. Mendoza has a rifle of some sort in his hand and Mr. Laguna has his .38 caliber revolver.

He hits the door, gets shot. Mendoza goes up, gets shot. He goes down, and the last thing Figueroa sees as he's running away, is Laguna getting into Mendoza's vehicle. And then he never sees -- and he's running around this whole thing -- he doesn't see any car come by him. So he runs so fast and down here that he winds up jumping some houses, jumping some walls trying to hide from the police, and he eventually winds up in the corner here over on Homestretch in a guy's backyard.

And he sits there for the better part of 12 hours. And you will learn in this case that the phone records show that's exactly what happens. He's got a gunshot wound to his torso, he's got a gunshot wound to his face, and he is bleeding to death and trying to find someone to come get him. Eventually, gets his sister to come get him. He doesn't really tell her what's going on, but I can imagine that she kind of sort of figured it out.

And eventually he goes home, and it's not the side that's the problem, it's the neck. He's filling up with air. It's swelling up. He thinks he's going to die and thus his roommate drives him to Loma Linda and that's how he gets fixed up.

So, Summer's in jail, and she starts making phone calls. And the thing about phone calls is they're all recorded. And she starts calling a guy that she's calling Dough and Doughy and she's telling this guy, hey, you know, the police got me. They're -- they talked to me, but they didn't bring you up. They didn't say anything about you. And so the police are like, hum, I wonder who this guy is.

And at one point in the phone calls, Dough or Doughy says, 6637 and that tips the police off because they're talking about an address. They have a David Murphy who lives at 6637 Delphinium Ave, Las Vegas, Nevada that was one of the people that they thought fit the Duboy description from before.

And thus, they go and they figure out that Duboy is David Murphy. David Murphy does have a girlfriend like Figueroa says. Not Summer Larsen who he's having sex on the side with. He's got a Hispanic female girlfriend who has tattoos by the name of Maricella Turango (phonetic). And he has a picture of her on his Facebook account.

David Murphy, it turns out -- oh, I should probably

mention that Mr. Figueroa says Mr. Mendoza is cousins to somebody in this group. It may be Mr. Laguna, but he's cousins with someone. Well, it turns out that David Murphy is tied. David Murphy and Amanda Mendoza consider themselves cousins. It's not actually blood, but they are both cousins.

And Amanda Mendoza is married to Jorge Mendoza, and now the crime starts to make sense. David Murphy and Summer Rice, they grew up together. They grew up with Joey Larsen as well. He dated her before Joey and then after she left Joey, she started having sex with him again, and ultimately, she gives up Joey's drug supplier to get robbed. But when that doesn't go, Mr. Murphy decides, we're going to go hit Joey Larsen's house.

And now the crime makes complete sense. Now we know why everybody's there. Because David Murphy's there. David Murphy and Joey Laguna are very close friends and you will learn that through the course of this trial, along with having evidence that's undisputable about that fact.

Mr. Laguna recruits Mr. Figueroa. Mr. Figueroa generally knows who Duboy is, but not well enough to know his name. He has no idea who Mr. Mendoza is. And Mr. Murphy is tied to Mr. Mendoza, and thus, the entire scenario now suddenly makes sense why it is that when Steve Larsen got tipped off that Summer was going to be involved in the robbery that these four individuals are the ones that are involved.

But you're not going to have to take Mr. Figueroa's word for it because after Mr. Figueroa, and even before Mr. Laguna ever gets arrested, because nobody wants to arrest somebody based solely on the word of a co-conspirator.

Mr. Figueroa probably has a lot of motive to blame the crime on a whole bunch of people.

And thus, you don't want to take his word for it. So after they talk to Mr. Figueroa, they first wind up identifying the cell phone number that Mr. Murphy was using back in September of 2014. And let me tell you, that all of these people are using a lot of cell phones. And so the numbers, you will hear will lots and lots of phone records that the police had to collect and gather throughout this case.

But eventually, they find a pawn receipt by David Murphy in September of 2014, it's about a week before the crime, in which he provides a cell phone number. Because when you pawn something, you provide your driver's license and your cell phone number, and they get that cell phone number. They talk to Mr. Figueroa and they say, hey look, you got tons of phones. Which one of these were you using at the time of the crime? He identifies his cell phone number.

Mr. Mendoza's phone number was identified very early on in the case. And then it took them a long period of time, but late in January of 2015, from an analysis of the phone

records, they eventually identified Mr. Laguna's phone number. And when Mr. Laguna is asked about that, he acknowledges that while it's in Anthony Flores's name at his address, he's married to Darcy Flores, that that's his phone. That sometimes he and his wife used it, but if it's calling the numbers that are listed on these exhibits, that that's him using that phone.

And so then you go through those phone records and the entire thing makes sense. This is September 21st. It's 3:31 in the morning. And Mr. Murphy is contacting -- he's calling Mendoza, Mendoza's calling him, and there's phone calls going back and forth for the better part of an hour.

And when those phone calls are going back and forth for a better part of an hour, they stop about 4:38. But there's a couple of numbers in here that aren't listed because they're not the individuals we talked about involved directly in the crime. There's one unknown number here that's never been tied to anybody. And then that number, which will become important later, the 705-8111, is Amanda Mendoza's --

THE COURT: Mr. --

MR. DiGIACOMO: -- phone number.

THE COURT: -- DiGiacomo, the Court Recorder -- I'm sorry to interrupt you, but she's saying she's not hearing you because you're in kind of the dead zone area.

THE COURT RECORDER: When you get way over there.

If you could just (inaudible).

MR. DiGIACOMO: You want me to pull this with me?

THE COURT: Yeah.

THE COURT RECORDER: Absolutely.

THE COURT: Good.

MR. DiGIACOMO: So they have a series of phone calls that happen early in the morning. And then just like Mr. Figueroa says, about 6:30 in the morning the phone calls start. Murphy's calling Laguna. Then he's calling that unknown number. Then he's calling Mendoza. Then Laguna calls Figueroa. Then Murphy's calling Mendoza. And this goes back and forth from 6:30 to 7:00 o'clock in the morning, you see a series of phone calls back and forth between the co-conspirators.

Then from 7:07 to 7:59 a.m., the phone calls are going back and forth, including this one, the 7:44 a.m. one, which we'll talk about in a little bit, between Laguna and Figueroa. But there's a series of phone calls until 8:00 in the morning.

And if you will notice, Mr. Figueroa's going to say 6:30, I first got the first call. Maybe 7:30-ish, I got picked up. By 8:00 o'clock, 8:15, we're up in the area where the stash house is. And Mr. Murphy's in his own car and Mr. Laguna is in my car and the two of them are communicating back and forth about what's going to happen.

When you look at the phone records from 8:15 to 8:59 the only two co-conspirators talking is Murphy and Laguna to each other. Then jump forward later that evening. So now they've gone back to the house. They've decided, we're going to go hit Joey Larsen's house that night. And you go to their phone records, and it starts up again shortly before 6:00 p.m. Mendoza calling Murphy, Murphy calling Laguna, Laguna calling Figueroa, Mendoza calling Murphy, Laguna -- it's all back and forth.

And then you see, the only phone call you're going to see, any contact between Mendoza's phone and Figueroa's phone, it's at 6:42. And what Figueroa says to the police is, this second time that we're going to go do this nighttime robbery, when I'm picked up, it's Mendoza alone in the vehicle who picks me up. We then drive up to Laguna's house and from Laguna's house we go to the crime scene.

Phone records fully corroborate that Mendoza calls Figueroa saying, I'm here. And boom, he gets into the car and they go up to Laguna's house.

The first 911 call is at 8:10 p.m. Start the records at 8:10 p.m., what's Mr. Figueroa doing? He is trying to call Laguna to get the car back here because it's the only phone number among the conspirators that he knows. And he's calling and he's not getting answers. Call, call, call, call, call, call,

Then Murphy tries to call Mendoza, and maybe he realizes at that point that Mendoza's phone is still in that vehicle, because it's certainly not on Mr. Mendoza and it's certainly not left in the area of the crime scene. And then when that doesn't work, then Figueroa starts calling everybody he knows and he keeps getting voicemail. Keep going, keep going and he finally hooks up with Mr. Laguna's phone eventually about 8:30 at night.

And he will tell you that the car couldn't come back for him or at least that's what someone's saying to him on the phone, because the wife of the owner of the car, Mr. Mendoza's wife had to go to work. And when you look at the phone records, you'll see that right about the same time period that this phone call happens, shortly thereafter, Ms. Mendoza, Amanda Mendoza starts calling Jorge Mendoza to get the car back because she's got to go to work.

The thing about cell phones, it's not just records. We all own cell phones. We all know that there's probably a record of every call we make. Sometimes the phone companies will keep the text messages. Sometimes, you'll learn in this case that at least Mr. Murphy's text messages, the phone company as of yet has been unable to provide us.

But depending on the phone, you might get some geo location information from the phones. And if you were to combine all four co-conspirators' phone records, you can draw

some conclusions from the geo location information on the phones.

So, for example, most text messages are not going to hit a cell tower. Well, they are going to hit a cell tower, the company's just not going to tell you what cell tower it is. But if you use your cell phone, everybody knows you've got to be near a cell tower.

And they've gotten to the point now where it's a particular side of the cell tower. So they could tell you what side of what cell tower you are, you're generally hitting the closest tower to you, and you're generally hitting, you know, within a mile or three miles of the tower depending on how many towers are in that general location.

So basically, it's a tracker. And not every phone for every time period is going to have a call on it. But when you put them all together, you can draw the conclusions that between 7:00 and 7:22, Mendoza, Murphy and Laguna are all up by Laguna's residence, but Mr. Figueroa's still down at his residence down here.

By 7:46 a.m., just like Mr. Figueroa says, it's actually off Mr. Laguna's cell phone, Mr. Laguna's phone is hitting right by Figueroa's house; thus, Mendoza, Figueroa and Laguna are getting in the vehicle, and Mr. Murphy is already way up here by the 215 in the area of the stash house.

Between 8:00 and 9:15, those phones that have

location information show they're all up there by the 215.

And by 10:40 they're back down at the location of Mr. Laguna's residence. At 6:43 p.m., remember I told you there was one phone call from Mr. Mendoza's phone to Mr. Figueroa's phone?

Where do you think Mr. Mendoza is? He's picking up

Mr. Figueroa. Mr. Laguna and Mr. Murphy are up by Laguna's residence.

At 8:10 a.m., three of the four phones show in the location of the crime scene. There's no phone call on Mr. Mendoza's phone. But we know he's there because the police took him into custody with a bullet in his leg. All three of these phones during this time period show hitting off a tower that services the crime scene in this case.

And then after 8:43 p.m., and it's sort of a long period of time, you'll see that Mr. Figueroa's phone stays in the area of that crime scene until sometime after 6:00 a.m. the next morning. Mr. Mendoza's phone winds up at Mr. Laguna's residence. Mr. Laguna winds up at the residence and Mr. Murphy takes the car back down to Amanda Mendoza's house and parks the car there without any blood on it by the time the cops get there at 4:30 in the morning on the 22nd.

When we are done presenting the evidence in this case, there isn't going to be any question that these three individuals conspired with other individuals to rob Joey

Larsen's house. And during the course of that they engaged in

a wild west shootout that resulted in the death of Monty Gibson. And they end of this case, we're going to ask you on behalf the State of Nevada and the victims to hold them accountable for their actions. Thank you.

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take a 15-minute recess for our morning break here. That will g I've you a chance, for everybody, to use the restroom, stretch, et cetera.

So ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to read you the admonition. During this 15-minute recess, it is your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with the trial or read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with the trial or by any medium of information, including without limitation, newspaper, television, radio or Internet.

You are not to form or express an opinion on any subject connected with this case until it's finally submitted to you. We'll be in recess until 5 minutes after 11:00.

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

(Jury recessed at 10:49 a.m.)

THE COURT: The record will reflect that the jury has departed the courtroom. Are there any matters outside the presence?

MR. DiGIACOMO: No, Your Honor.

MR. LANDIS: No.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: No.

MS. McNEILL: No.

THE COURT: Do you want to make a record of what occurred during the objection that was made during opening and we approached for the bench?

MR. LANDIS: I'm happy to, if the Court would like. I don't think it's necessary at this point, based on the representations that were made at the bench. My guess is the issue will come up again, and we'll be addressing it. But unless the Court wants me to, I don't have anything.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Yeah.

THE COURT: State.

MR. DiGIACOMO: That's correct. Just for the record, and I left my court exhibit on my printer, so I'll bring it after lunch, both the 1995 Nissan -- champagne colored Nissan as well as the picture of the white Ford Ranger are not exhibits. They were just representative, instead of writing the words of what they were on the page, and thus, I'm not asserting that those are pictures of either one of these suspects' vehicles.

THE COURT: Correct. And that's -- there was an objection made at the bench thinking that, perhaps, that's what Mr. DiGiacomo was going to suggest, that it was

Mr. Murphy's car. That was clarified at the bench, and we were able to move on because you withdrew your objection at the bench.

MR. LANDIS: I agree.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. We'll be in recess until 5 after.

(Court recessed at 10:51 a.m. until 11:07 a.m.)

(In the presence of the jury)

THE MARSHAL: Your Honor, all members of the jury are present.

THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. And the record will reflect we are back within the presence of all 12 members of the jury as well as the four alternates. All three defendants are present with their respective counsel. Chief Deputy District Attorneys prosecuting the case are present, as are all officers of the court.

The Marshal indicated to me at the break that one of the jurors had wanted to ask a question. This is not the time. Opening statements, no questions are done because this isn't evidence. I think I explained that to you in the introduction. This is -- you get the opportunity to ask questions of witnesses. So, after a witness has testified and the questioning has been done by the lawyers, you may have the opportunity to write a question at that time, not during opening statements.

When you do, if you do write a question, please put your badge number on the question so we can have a record of who made the question.

Also, when we are in recess, and you depart the courtroom, do not come back in until the Marshal asks you to. Do not set a toe into this courtroom. Don't try and open the door and get in here before the Marshal brings you in, all right? Thank you.

All right. So it is now the time for the defense opening statements if they wish to make one at this time, reserve, et cetera. And so Mr. Landis, did you have any preference about the order?

MR. LANDIS: We've settled on an order, if that's okay.

THE COURT: That would be fine.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: That's why I'm up. I'm going to go first.

THE COURT: Okay. That's fine. Mr. Wolfbrandt.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Thank you.

THE COURT: Please begin.

DEFENDANT MENDOZA'S OPENING STATEMENT

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. First off on behalf of Mr. Mendoza, I want to thank all of you for responding to the jury summons and sitting through the -- some of you through four days of jury selection. Others for

just the two days. But it's a -- of course, you realize it's a very important aspect of our society and, I suspect, and I know this because of previous trials that I've done, that you'll find this to be one of the most significant events that will occur in your lifetime. So again, you know, thank you very much for that.

Now, it's time for the real work to begin. Okay?

Obviously, you've been told over and over again, I'll just reiterate, that what you just heard from the statement is not evidence. That's what they think the evidence is going to show. And I know you were all paying attention to it.

But the significance of it is, is they tell you certain things that they think they're going to prove at the end of the case, then you're going to have to decide whether they actually proved those. Okay?

Now, throughout the course of this case, there's going to be a lot of facts and you'll find that many of the facts, as they come out are not really -- they're not in dispute, okay? What you'll find from our perspective, certainly on behalf of Mr. Mendoza, is the significance of the various facts and events.

As I had mentioned during part of the jury selection, I don't know if all of you heard that, the term "homicide" in and of itself is not a crime. The fact that Mr. Gibson, he died at the hands of another. At the end it's

going to be your determination as to whether or not he die as a result of a crime.

We're going to try to convince you that he died as a result of self-defense, Mr. Mendoza's self-defense. So I know you guys -- you'll be paying a good attention to it. You're a very diverse jury. So at the end of the case, we'll be talking to you a whole lot more in the summation. But that's -- I'm expecting you to bring all your collective life experiences, your education and opinions together and then we'll decide at the end, you know, what really happened here. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you. Ms. McNeill?

MS. McNEILL: Thank you, Your Honor.

DEFENDANT LAGUNA'S OPENING STATEMENT

MS. McNEILL: You're not going to hear from me a lot during this trial because, frankly, much of what the State's going to present to you has nothing to do with Joey Laguna. The State going to bring in Summer Larsen who does not know Joey Laguna. Joey Larsen is not going to say he saw Joey Laguna in his house that day.

None of the DNA, fingerprints, blood, any of those forensic pieces of evidence that the State's going to present to you, none of that is going to tie Joey Laguna to this crime.

There's phone records, as the State indicated.

There's phone calls. There's phone calls between Mr. Laguna and people that he knows. And then there's cell tower location information about Mr. Laguna's phone. That location information is about his phone. We all know we aren't always in possession of our phone. A phone is not attached to our body. So the cell tower location information is about Mr. Laguna's phone, not necessarily Mr. Laguna.

So why is Mr. Laguna sitting over here at this table charged with these crimes? That's because when the police talked to Mr. Laguna, he kept his mouth shut. What he knew and when he learned it, he kept that to himself. Because you don't rat on a friend.

And he's sitting here because Robert Figueroa couldn't keep his mouth shut. Robert Figueroa was savvy enough to know he couldn't go to a hospital here with his gunshot wounds or the police would be involved. He was smart enough to go out of state to California.

Robert Figueroa, you heard the police were looking for him. And when the police arrested him and told him he was being charged with murder, Mr. DiGiacomo said, when he came into court on that murder charge, he was more than willing to talk to the cops.

Cops aren't the only people that Robert Figueroa talked to, though. Robert Figueroa told other people about what happened that day. Strangely enough, when he was talking

to those people, Mr. Laguna was never involved. When he was talking about it with friends, there was another person involved. And oddly enough, those phone records that you saw, that person's phone number shows up.

So it's interesting that the version of events that Robert Figueroa gives to his friends is very different from the version of events that he gives to the police. When he's talking to the police, he knows he's got to save himself from a murder charge. And Robert Figueroa's going to tell you, he's not convicted of murder. He didn't plead to murder. He didn't plead to anything close to a murder charge.

the other person who was with him that day. So the only piece of evidence that the State's going to present to you that Mr. Laguna is involved in this, that can actually put Mr. Laguna at Joey Larsen's house that day is Robert Figueroa.

When you listen to Robert Figueroa and all of his reasons and all of his incentive to save himself and his friend from a murder charge, that's reasonable doubt. You're going to know after you hear all of the things that the State presents to you, and after you get to listen to Mr. Figueroa, and after you hear the things that he told people who couldn't cut him a deal, you'll know that Mr. Laguna is not guilty.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Landis?

DEFENDANT MURPHY'S OPENING STATEMENT

MR. LANDIS: Folks, on behalf of David Murphy, what we're asking you to do throughout this case is one straightforward task. We're asking you to do one straightforward thing that you're asked to do most days of your lives. What David Murphy and I ask you to do throughout this case is your job. Please do your job.

What that means in this case; that means follow the instructions from the Court. That means, protect my client's constitutional rights. That is your primary job throughout this trial. And that's all that we ask you to do. Hold them to their burden. Presume him innocent. If any of you have a single thought in your mind as we sit here now that makes you inclined to think my client's guilty, you're not doing your job because we haven't heard a shred of evidence.

If the way my client looks makes you think he's guilty, and you allow that thought to into your deliberations, you're not doing your job because that's not evidence. If you look at the fact that both of us need a haircut and you worry that that might indicate that we're less than kosher before you, you're not doing your job.

Hold the State to what you must. David Murphy is presumed innocent. He's presumed innocent, and I'm going to use a phrase we've already heard this week, unless and until they prove to each one of you beyond a reasonable doubt that he's guilty of what they claim.

And folks, the thing about that phrase, "unless and until", I think that phrase, the use of the word "unless and until" underscores what makes the job we're asking you to do throughout this trial difficult. Is it straightforward? Yes. Is it easy? No. And the reason why I submit to you is this; all of our minds can easily find comfort in the presumption that the police arrest guilty people.

It's easier to sleep at night when we lay our heads on the pillows believing that our government only prosecutes guilty people. It's those natural inclinations that we all have that make the job of following the instructions for this case so difficult. You must listen to each piece of evidence not wanting to find a way to convict my client. Not wanting them to be right. Not wanting to make the State right.

Independent objective analysis of every single witness who testifies through this trial, that's what we ask of you. Just because evidence comes in in this case, doesn't mean it's evidence against my client. Just because they put forth 50 witnesses doesn't mean they put forth a shred of evidence against my client. Pay attention to what they're admitting and what it has to do with my client, please.

Pay attention to the witnesses on the witness stand, and before you give any weight to anything they say, ask yourselves, is that worthy of my trust? Are these people worthy of my trust?

Allowing your independent judgment to rely on the decisions of the prosecutors, the arresting decisions of the police officers in this case, will lead you to an unreliable verdict and I promise you that. This case is not as straightforward as they make it seem. And as a starting point, let me say this; September 21st, 2014. That's the date of this crime.

And I'll even submit to you guys, they're probably going to prove a home invasion occurred in this case. They're probably going to prove a murder occurred in this case. Them proving that in and of itself doesn't prove that my client's guilty of anything.

September 21st, the police get calls, violent crime, potentially a dead body. They respond as we'd all expect them to, heavily. Multiple detectives are on scene that night. Dozens of uniformed police officers are on scene. Multiple crime scene investigators or on scene. They're taking this case serious because they should. They're combing all the evidence. Their case isn't close that night, as we've heard, so the investigation extends over the next days and over the next weeks.

Multiple detectives are still assigned to the case. Crime scene analysts are doing tests in the labs that we'll hear about. Forensic analysts are analyzing evidence. They're trying to find out who's responsible. One month

passes -- more than one month passes between the date of the offense, September 21st, when the lead homicide detective assigned to this case, a gentleman named Barry Jensen, who we'll hear from, he decides to summarize this month of investigation conducted by these many, many employees of Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.

Barry Jensen, one of Metro's finest, a 20-year homicide vet, puts together an official officer's report, 28 pages. David Murphy's name's not in it. He does conclude there was a getaway driver. He concludes it was an individual named Jesus Mendez-Martinez. And he states that. And he says, Mendez-Martinez, who goes by Duboy, was in a dated relationship with Summer Larsen, aka Summer Rice.

Mendez-Martinez recruited the other individuals involved in this crime.

That's the official conclusion of an experienced Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department homicide detective after a month plus investigation. They glossed over it. I ask you not to. Ask yourselves from that date, from the date of that report until we stand here today, what's changed in terms of the evidence? What's brought to you that should change anything from what Detective Jensen decided a month after the crime?

And the sad reality is, folks, the evidence that's changed isn't going to be evidence you need to rely on. And

what I mean by that is this; two individuals in this case will amount to 99 percent of the evidence against my client. These two individuals who are going to testify, Robert Figueroa, Summer Larsen, both of them do not deserve your trust.

Neither of the facts they're going to claim in front of you should weigh in your decision in this case. And to that end, let me take a step back. The law in Nevada, which the judge will instruct you about at the end of this case, talks about accomplices, co-conspirators, call them what you will. Somebody who was involved in a crime, has culpability, and they want to talk about other people's involvements. And here's what the law says, it says, you can't base a conviction based on accomplice testimony alone. There has to be independent evidence beyond the accomplice's testimony before you can even consider it to convict a defendant.

So based on that law, which understand I'm not suggesting you follow, that is your duty to follow throughout this case, the State could parade 20 accomplices up during this case. Twenty people could take that stand. They could come off to you as the most believable people you have ever heard talk. They could stand there and tell stories that match --

MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, I apologize. I let him go for a while, but I object, argumentative at this point.

THE COURT: Sustained. You've been arguing a lot in

this, and you know that's not the purpose of opening statement.

MR. LANDIS: Understood. The law will state that witnesses on this witness stand who are accomplices must be corroborated. There must be other independent evidence. You will see that Summer Larsen and Robert Figueroa, besides the fact that they're inherently unreliable, because they're accomplices, the evidence will show that their stories have changed over time. The evidence will show that even after they made negotiations with the State, in order to testify, their stories have changed over time.

And the thing about the truth, folks, as we all know, it doesn't change over time. And Ms. McNeill touched on this, but just so it's clear today going forward, Robert Figueroa gets arrested. Robert Figueroa knows he's caught. Robert Figueroa doesn't know who else is arrested. He doesn't know what else is going on.

Robert Figueroa is scared. Robert Figueroa is presented with an option, which is, tell the police what they want to hear. And you're a murder charge that you're facing, Robert Figueroa, with a potential life sentence, Mr. Figueroa, we'll give you a chance of walking out of this case with a sentence of three years in prison. It's those kinds of incentives that you must keep your mind on throughout this trial. And it's those kind of incentives that should make you

question these people's testimony.

After those incentives are provided, after his testimony is purchased, he tells the police a story. And it's even after that story that that police report's written with the name, Mendez-Martinez. Robert Figueroa talks to the police again a few weeks later and his story changes in significant aspects. And I'm not going to go through them all because I trust that you will pay attention. But the bottom line is, from the date he decided to cooperate with the police until the date he testifies in this case, his story's evolving to fit with their theory of prosecution.

October 2014, that's the time frame that Robert Figueroa makes these decisions. At that point, you'll see that even the State is concerned enough about their case that they're continuing to try to develop more evidence against my client. At that point in time, their investigation's not closed, which could tell you, the evidence will show, a lot about the strength of their case up until the point of October 2014.

As this case progresses through the court system, as it gets close to trial, the State makes a decision to offer Summer Rice a deal she can't refuse. Again, she's charged with murder, potential life sentence, and they say, hey, if you can help our case, we will provide you with the negotiation where you could walk away with probation at

sentencing in this case.

And with that in mind, weeks before this trial we're here for today, weeks, they procure new evidence in the form of Summer Larsen's testimony. Again, accomplice testimony you must view with some suspicion.

More concerning, the fact that the majority of the evidence you're going to hear in this case against my client amounts to that, two purchased testimonies. Their testimony doesn't match. What Robert Figueroa's going to say to you and what Summer Larsen says to you, they don't match. They contradict.

But at the end of the day, the State wants you to hear David Murphy's name on that stand, not pay attention to the details, and to convict him based on that comfort in your minds. Again, folks, all I'm asking you to do is your job in this case, which isn't easy, but it's important and it's necessary for my client's well-being. Follow the law.

If you're honestly and objectively convinced at the end of this trial that he is guilty, find him guilty, please. But do your job. And if you do your job, I'm confident you will find that he's not guilty. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right, ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take our lunch recess now. Counsel approach.

(Off-record bench conference)

THE COURT: All right. So ladies and gentlemen, we are going to allow you a break until 1:00 o'clock so that at 1:00 we'll be ready to begin with our first witness. That way the Clerk can mark things ahead and it will move more slowly and we'll be doing that for a half an hour before you need to be here. So we'll just get the paperwork done so once we start the trial, it will flow smoothly with what the Clerk has to do for her job.

And so we're going to take recess. It's now about 11:33. We're going to be taking a recess until 1:00 o'clock. You may synchronize your watches with this clock on the wall. And ladies and gentlemen, during this recess, it is your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with the trial or to read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any person connected with the trial or by any medium of information, including without limitation, newspaper, television, radio or Internet. And you are not to form or express an opinion on any subject connected with this case until it's finally submitted to you. I'll see you at 1:00 o'clock.

THE MARSHAL: All rise for the jury.

(Jury recessed at 11:33 p.m.)

THE COURT: And the record will reflect that the jury has departed the courtroom. Any matters outside the presence?

MS. LEXIS: No, Your Honor. 1 2 MS. McNEILL: No, Your Honor. MR. DiGIACOMO: No, Judge. 3 Thank you. We're in recess. THE COURT: 4 (Court recessed at 11:34 a.m. until 1:21 p.m.) 5 (In the presence of the jury) 6 All members of the jury are present, THE MARSHAL: Your Honor. 8 Thank you. Please be seated. 9 THE COURT: And the record will reflect that we are back within the presence of 10 all 12 members of the jury as well as the four alternates. 11 12 The record will reflect the presence of the three defendants with their respective counsel, the Chief Deputies District 13 Attorney prosecuting the case and all officers of the court. 14 The State may call its first witness. 15 Your Honor, the State calls Gene Walker. 16 MS. LEXIS: 17 (Pause in the proceedings) GENE WALKER, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN 18 THE CLERK: Please be seated. And then please state 19 and spell your first and last name for the record. 20 21 It's Gene Walker, G-e-n-e 22 W-a-l-k-e-r. 23 Thank you. THE CLERK: 24 May I, Your Honor? MS. LEXIS: 25 THE COURT: You may. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

1	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
2	DIRECT EXAMINATION
3	BY MS. LEXIS:
4	Q Good afternoon, Mr. Walker.
5	A How are you doing, Agnes?
6	Q I'm fine. Thank you for asking. Mr. Walker, I'd
7	like to turn your attention to September 21st of 2014. Were
8	you living in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada at that time?
9	A Yes, ma'am.
10	Q And where were you living, sir?
11	A 1701 Broadmere Street.
12	Q Okay. And what are the cross streets for that
13	particular
14	A Long Cattle and Broadmere.
15	Q Long Cattle and Broadmere?
16	A Yes.
17	THE COURT: Wait a minute. I'm having trouble
18	hearing the witness. So we'll
19	MS. LEXIS: Okay, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: There we go. Thank you.
21	MS. LEXIS: All right. Sir, speak into that
22	microphone, okay?
23	THE WITNESS: Okay.
24	MS. LEXIS: Because everything you say
25	THE WITNESS: Sorry.
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MS. LEXIS: -- and everything I say is going to be
 1
    recorded.
 2
    BY MS. LEXIS:
                     So the intersections of -- is this a home?
 4
         Q
              Okay.
 5
         Α
              Yes.
              Were you living at a home at that time?
 6
         Q
              That's correct.
         Α
              Okay. And so the intersections were Broadmere and
 8
         Q
    Long Cattle?
              Yes, that's correct.
10
              What are the major cross streets so we can
11
         Q
    orientate --
12
              I guess --
13
         Α
              -- in terms of side of town?
14
         Q
              -- the major would be Charleston and Hualapai.
15
         Α
              Okay, all right. And so you were living in a home?
16
         Q
17
         Α
              Yes.
              Who were you living there with?
18
         Q
              My wife.
19
         Α
              Turning your attention to about 8:00 o'clock on
20
         Q
    September 21st, 2014, do you recall that being a Sunday night?
22
         Α
              Yes.
23
                     What were you doing at about 8:00 o'clock?
         Q
              I was in bed.
24
         Α
25
              Was your wife with you?
         Q
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```

A Yes.
2 O Okay

3

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- Q Okay. Did something happen a little bit later, a little past 8:00, that caused you to have to call 911?
  - A Yes. I heard a loud banging.
  - Q Did you --
- 6 A Loud pops.
  - Q Okay. The banging, where did you hear it coming from?
- A I was almost asleep, so I couldn't really tell
  exactly where it was had originated from, but it was so loud
  it got me out of bed.
- Q Okay. And your bedroom, where is it located? Is your house a one-story --
- 14 A It faces Long Cattle.
- Q Okay.
- 16 A It's on Broadmere facing Long Cattle.
- Q Okay. Is it a one or two-story home?
- 18 A Two.
- 19 Q And is your bedroom up on the first or second floor?
- 20 A Second.
- Q Okay. And so this loud noise, this banging, caused you to become alert?
- A Yes, I got up out of bed. I looked out my window
  out of my bedroom. Then I went downstairs and I looked out
  the window out -- out down below downstairs. Then I looked

out my peephole, and then I actually walked out my front door. 1 2 Okay. And what did you see when you stepped out your front door? When I first stepped out, I didn't see anything. I 4 have a -- my stoop has a wall right here. So when I looked left, I didn't see anything, but when I looked right, I saw my 6 neighbor. Okay. 8 Q And we made eye contact so. 9 Α And your neighbor, where is his house located? 10 Q His house is catty corner from mine. It's actually 11 Α on Long Cattle. 12 13 Okay. Q Your Honor, I'd like to ask 14 MS. LEXIS: Mr. DiGiacomo to bring up what's been marked as State's 15 Proposed Exhibit No. 6. 16 17 Do you want to show the witness it? MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, yeah. May I approach? 18 MS. LEXIS: 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 BY MS. LEXIS: Sir, I'm showing you what's been marked as State's 22 Proposed Exhibit No. 6. Do you recognize what's depicted in 23 this particular exhibit? 24 Yes. Α What do you recognize it to be? 25

```
It's where I live.
 1
         Α
                     Is it a satellite view of a map of the
 2
         Q
 3
    area --
              Yes.
 4
         Α
              -- where your home is located?
 5
         Q
              It's a satellite view, yes.
 6
         Α
         Q
                     And is this where your home was located on
    September 21st, 2014?
 8
              Yes.
 9
         Α
         Q
                     And would referring to this particular
10
              Okay.
    exhibit aid you during your testimony?
11
12
         Α
              Yes.
         Q
13
              Okay.
                           Your Honor, I'd move to admit State's
14
              MS. LEXIS:
    Proposed Exhibit No. 6 into evidence.
15
                            No objection on behalf of Mr. Murphy.
              MR. LANDIS:
16
17
              MR. WOLFBRANDT:
                                No objection.
                             No objection, Your Honor.
              MS. McNEILL:
18
                           It will be admitted.
19
              THE COURT:
                      (State's Exhibit 6 admitted)
20
              MS. LEXIS: And at this point, I'll ask
    Mr. DiGiacomo to pull up it so I may publish.
22
23
              THE COURT:
                           You may.
24
              MS. LEXIS:
                           With your permission.
25
    BY MS. LEXIS:
                   Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890
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```
Okay. Mr. Walker, do you see State's Exhibit No. 6
 1
         Q
    on your computer screen?
 2
 3
             Yes, I do.
         Α
             Okay. And sir, it's like Monday night football
         Q
 4
    where the commentators can circle on the screen, it will
    actually show up on the TV and on the monitors at both counsel
 6
             So if you could please circle where your house was
    tables.
    located on September 21st, 2014.
 8
             Oh, I'm sorry. I drew a line right there.
 9
         Α
             Okay. So you pretty much covered up your house
10
         Q
11
    with --
12
             Yes, I did.
         Α
             -- the yellow print?
13
         Q
14
         Α
             Yes.
             Or highlight? Okay. And so you were describing for
15
         Q
    the ladies and gentlemen of the jury how your bedroom
16
17
    overlooks Long Cattle Avenue. Do you see --
18
         Α
             Yes.
             -- Long Cattle Avenue in this particular State's
19
         Q
20
    Exhibit 6?
21
             Yes, I do.
22
             Okay. If you could just draw a line down Long
         Q
             Okay. And so your bedroom from where you circled
23
    Cattle.
24
    your home overlooks Long Cattle?
             It does, yes.
25
         Α
```

Okay. And so does your front door also --Q 1 Yes. 2 Α If you were standing --3 Q Faces Long Cattle. 4 Α If you were standing in front of your front 5 Q door, would you be looking out towards Long Cattle? 6 Yes. 7 Α So when you went out onto your stoop, did you Q 8 Okay. 9 look out towards Long Cattle? I did. Yes. 10 Α And you mentioned that you saw your neighbor. 11 Q Do 12 you know your neighbor's name? His name is Roger Day. 13 Α Okay. Where is Mr. Day's home? 14 Q 15 His home is --Α Could you put an X? 16 Q Oh, sorry. It's kind of -- it's drawing beside 17 Α where I'm actually --18 Q Okay. 19 -- trying to mark. 20 Α Is it --22 His house is next to the X. Α 23 It's next to the X? Q 24 Yes. Α Is it the one with the --25 Q Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

- A It's on the corner.
- Q The corner, okay.
- A Yes.

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- Q So you see Mr. Day. Where did you see him?
- A He's standing out in -- on the sidewalk, which if I could mark it right. It's still not -- right -- right in there on that last dot.
  - Q Okay. And so that's --
  - A He's standing out on the sidewalk there.
- 10 Q The sidewalk kind of in front of his house?
  - A Right. It's actually on Broadmere, the sidewalk he was on, but his house is Long Cattle and Broadmere.
    - Q Okay. And so do you make eye contact with Roger?
- 14 A Yes, I do.
  - Q Okay. What do you do next?
- A Then I walk back in thinking, you know, I didn't know what the noise was. I locked my door, I walked to my kitchen and then I heard a pop, pop, pop, pop, pop, pop.
  - Q And at that point, did you recognize --
  - A I realized that was gunshots.
- 21 Q Okay. So what did do you?
  - A I went back to kind of stoop down and went back to my front window and I looked out to the left where I heard the noise, and I saw a man out in the street wearing a orange ski mask.

- Okay. 1 Q And he had a semi-automatic rifle. 2 Α And where did he have the rifle? 3 Q It was -- at that time, it was across his lap, but Α 4 he was actually moving it towards his side as well as he was scooting. 6 Q Okay. And as you said the word, scooting, you kind of motioned with your hands. 8 9 Correct. Α Now, this individual that you saw on the street, 10 Q let's start out with where on the street did you see him? 11 12 He was right in front of --Α We're going to clear this, State's Exhibit 6. 13 Q
  - A Right. That's about where he was at right there.

So he was like -- see, it's not drawing where I'm --

- Q Where the arrow is?
- 18 A Yes.

Α

Q

14

15

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Q Okay. So kind of towards the front of the house which has been labeled 1661 Broadmere?

It's not very accurate. Okay.

- 21 A Correct
- Q Okay. Do you know who lives at 1661 Broadmere?
- 23 A I didn't know them personally.
- Q Okay.
- 25 A You know, I had made -- I had said hello to them

```
going to the mailbox, but that was about it.
 1
              Okay. And so in front of 1661 Broadmere you see
 2
    someone with a orange ski mask --
 3
 4
         Α
              Correct.
              -- and a rifle?
 5
         Q
 6
         Α
              Correct.
              Okay. Was this person standing, seated?
         Q
             He was --
 8
         Α
              How was this person positioned?
 9
         Q
              -- he was sitting on his butt.
10
         Α
              Sitting on his butt?
11
         Q
12
         Α
              Yes.
              Okay. And you indicated he had his rifle on his
13
         Q
    lap?
14
15
             At that time, yes, but then he started moving so he
         Α
    moved the rifle to the side --
16
17
             Okay.
         Q
              -- and started scoot out -- I don't know how to
18
         Α
19
    describe it. He was scooting on his hands.
              Okay. So he's seated on his butt?
20
         Q
              Yes.
              And he's using his -- both of his hands to kind
22
         Q
23
    of --
             Both of his hands, with a rifle in one hand, to
24
         Α
25
    move.
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Q To move --1 2 Yes. Α -- across the street? 3 Q 4 Α Yes. 5 And so once you saw this, what did you do? Q I was calling for my wife to dial 911. You know, 6 Α she was a little panicked and couldn't get it done, so I actually had to break contact. I watched him for a few 8 minute, then I broke contact and went upstairs and dialed 911. And when -- you met with me; is that correct, 10 Q correct? 11 12 Yes, I did. Α To go over your testimony for this particular case? 13 Q Yes, I did. 14 Α And at that time, did I allow you to listen to your 15 Q 911 call? 16 17 Yes, you did. Α The one that you made from September 21st, 2014? 18 Q Yes, you did. 19 Α Okay. And when you listened to it, did it comport 20 Q with your memory of what you said --22 Α Yes. 23 -- on September 21st, when you reported what you had 24 seen? 25 It absolutely did. Α

Okay. 1 Q 2 MS. LEXIS: Your Honor, at this time I move to publish what's been admitted into evidence by way of 3 stipulation, State's Exhibit No. 1. 4 5 It was admitted by stip? THE CLERK: MS. LEXIS: Yes. 6 THE CLERK: Okay. All right. So just for the record; is 8 THE COURT: that correct? 9 MR. LANDIS: 10 Yes. All right. So it's admitted by 11 THE COURT: stipulation and you may publish. 12 (State's Exhibit 1 is admitted) 13 (States Exhibit 1, 911 recording, played) 14 15 BY MS. LEXIS: Mr. Walker, was that the 911 call you made? 16 Q That was it. 17 Α Okay. Let's go back to some of the things that you 18 Q talked about in the 911 call, okay? 19 20 Α Okay. You mentioned that this person that you saw in the 22 middle of the street had an orange mask. 23 Correct. Α Okay. Was this -- what type of mask was this? 24 Q 25 It seemed to be a bright orange, like hunter's ski Α Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

mask that was full faced. It was over his face. I -- I couldn't see his face.

- Q Okay. So completely over his face?
- A Yes.

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- Q What part of the person's face was visible, if any?
- A There was no part of his face visible at that time until that car pulled up.
  - Q Okay. And you say that car pulled up.
- A Correct.
- Q Were you -- when you said on the 911 call someone was coming up the street, I hope --
- 12 A Correct.
- 13 Q -- they don't shoot him, what were you referring to?
- A I was hoping he didn't shoot at them because he had

  15 a rifle and had a ski mask on.
  - Q Okay. This car that you saw coming up that you were describing on the 911 call, where was it located?
  - A It was -- when I first saw it, it was at the bottom of Long Cattle.
  - Q Okay. And at some point, after you make the 911 call or during your 911 call, do you go back to a window or to a position where you're able to see what's going out on the street?
  - A I was actually moving up and down my stairs looking out my bedroom window and my -- my front living room window to

get the best views. 1 Okay. And at that point --2 I was actually -- when the car stopped, I was 3 Α downstairs. 4 5 Okay, all right. And so you see this car coming up Q Long Cattle. 6 Um-h'm. Α I'm going to ask Mr. DiGiacomo to again publish, 8 Q please, State's Exhibit No. 6. Okay. So where is the car that you see coming up when you first see it? 10 So when I first see it, it's -- let's see where Long 11 Α Cattle is -- it right down -- it's on the street, though, 12 okay? 13 Okay. It's on the actual street? 14 Q 15 Α Right. Okay. And it's going up towards the direction of --16 Q 17 It's coming up towards -- towards my house. Α Okay. And at some point, I mean, when you first see 18 Q that car coming up, where is the individual with the orange 19 20 ski mask? He is -- he ends up right here. It's at the end of 21 22 that. 23 Okay. Q 24 So he was actually on Long Cattle, but he had Α 25 actually gone across Broadmere and just went on to Long

Cattle. So he was right on the corner of both streets, but on 1 Long Cattle.

- Okay. And do you see the car driving up towards Long Cattle?
  - I saw the car driving up towards him, yes. Α
- Towards him, meaning --6 Q
  - Yes. Α

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- -- the person with the orange ski --Q
- 9 Correct. Α
- 10 Q -- mask?
- Yes. 11 Α
- 12 And at some point, does the car get to where Q the person with the orange ski mask is? 13
- Correct. He -- he drives up to the -- to the person 14 Α in the street, sitting in the street and stops, okay? 15 soon as he stops, the guy pulled his ski mask off. 16
- When the car stopped, could you see how far away it Q was from the person wearing the orange --18
  - They were right --Α
- -- ski mask? 20
- 21 -- next to each other.
- 22 Okay. Okay. And what do you see next? Q
- 23 The guy pulled his ski mask off. And then, you Α know, I didn't have a watch or anything at the time. 24 Ιt seemed like maybe 15, 20 seconds or so, and then the car had 25

stopped and then it just sped off. 1 2 Okay. And when it sped off, which direction did it 3 qo? It actually went Broadmere this way. 4 Α Okay. And so it went towards the direction of 5 Q Broadmere located towards 1661 --6 He turned onto Broadmere, yes. Α -- Broadmere, okay. North as this map would 8 Q indicate? 9 Correct, north. 10 Α When the car was making contact with the Q 11 individual with the orange ski mask, what side of the car, if 12 there was a side, made --13 14 So he was --Α 15 Q -- contact --16 Α He ---- made the most contact with the individual with 17 Q the orange ski mask? 18 It was the passenger side of the car that he was on. 19 Α Okay. And could you hear anything, any 20 conversations? 22 Never a word, no. Α Okay. When you say, never a word, does that include 23 Q 24 -- let me just ask you, did the person with the orange ski 25 mask that you saw scooting on the street, did that person ever

say anything?

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A Never a word. Never heard a moan, never a word. He just -- the whole time he scooted on his butt, I never heard anything.

- Q Okay. This car -- or after the person with the orange ski mask removed the mask, were you able to determine whether or not this person on the street was a male or female?
  - A Yeah, he was a male.
- Q Okay. And were you able to get a look at his face or his coloring to make a guess at his race?
- A I just -- I knew he was either Caucasian or

  Hispanic. That's about -- and black hair. That's about all I could tell. But the actual headlights of the car were shining in my eyes, so I couldn't get a look, a description of him.
  - Q Okay. So the headlights pointed directly --
- 16 A Directly --
- 17 Q -- at your house?
- 18 A Directly into my window, yes.
- Q Okay. But this car, could you tell whether it was a four-door, two-door?
- A It was a four-door, a white car. I couldn't tell the make or model of it.
- Q Okay. Okay.
- A You know, because it was pointing towards me and the headlights were on and then he just sped away so --

Okay. Are you sure about the color of the car? 1 Q It was white. 2 Α 3 Okay. Q I saw it was white. 4 Α Four-door? 5 Q 6 Α Yes. Okay. Q Court's brief indulgence. 8 MS. LEXIS: 9 BY MS. LEXIS: So after the car that stops near the person with the 10 0 white -- or with the orange ski mask speeds off on to 11 12 Broadmere, what do you see the person with -- that had the ski mask and the rifle do? 13 MR. WOLFBRANDT: I'm going to object to the form of 14 the question, and she's leading when she used the term "speeds 15 off". 16 17 THE COURT: Right. MS. McNEILL: And I would join. There's a lot of 18 leading going on. 19 Well, is your objection leading? 20 THE COURT: WOLFBRANDT: Yes. THE COURT: 22 All right. Sustained. 23 MS. LEXIS: I'll rephrase. 24 MR. WOLFBRANDT: And it -- I believe, it 25 mischaracterizes earlier testimony. I don't recall him saying Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ◆ 303-798-0890

that the car sped off.

THE COURT: All right. So when you make the objection to form, you actually just need to make the objection itself, but form isn't an objection. So if it's two-fold, leading, I'll sustain that.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Okay.

THE COURT: And rephrase your question.

MS. LEXIS: And I'll -- I'll clarify.

BY MS. LEXIS:

Q Sir, when the car that you saw made contact with the person with the orange ski mask, what it drove off, away from that person, could you characterize the way in which it drove off?

A It sped off.

Q Thank you. After that car sped off, what did you see the person who had the orange ski mask do next?

A So then I watched him scoot on his butt all the way down, probably halfway down the street, maybe like right in here. There was a pick up truck, okay? So he scooted on his butt all the way down that street and he got behind that pick up truck and that's where I kind of lost sight of him.

Q Okay. After you lost sight of him, did you continue to look out your window?

A I actually grabbed a pair of binoculars when he got down a little ways. I forgot I had a small pair of

binoculars. So I was kind of following him to make sure I knew where he was at when the police arrived.

Q Okay.

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- A So, yes.
- Q And at what point did -- did police ever make contact with you?

A Well, it was very brief contact. When they pulled up, they were in a unmarked car but in uniform. I came out my front door and I had actually told them where the gentleman was. I said he's right down there behind that pick up truck somewhere. That he couldn't run. That he looked wounded to me. And, you know, I went back in my house after that, of course.

Q Okay. And in your 911 call you say something to the effect of, he can't get up. At any time that you saw this individual on the street, whether it be Broadmere or Long Cattle, did you ever see this individual stand up?

A No.

Q And did you -- do you recall seeing him at any time after he passed the truck that you just testified about?

A I -- after he got behind the truck, I couldn't see him anymore.

- Q Okay.
- MS. LEXIS: Court's brief indulgence.
- 25 BY MS. LEXIS:

Sir, the car that you described, could you see how 1 Q many people were in the car? I could not, because of the headlights. I could not 3 tell how many people were in it. 4 5 Okay. Q I have no more questions for Mr. Walker. 6 MS. LEXIS: Thank you, sir. Thank you. 8 THE WITNESS: THE COURT: Thank you. Cross. 9 MS. McNEILL: Thank you, Your Honor. 10 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION 12 BY MS. McNEILL: Hi, Mr. Walker. 13 Q How you doing? 14 Α I just have just a couple questions for you. 15 Q you were looking out on to the street, you didn't see anyone 16 other than the man with the orange mask, correct? 17 That's correct. 18 Α And you didn't see anyone running down the street at 19 Q any point? 20 That's correct 22 Q Okay. 23 MS. McNEILL: Nothing further. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25 CROSS-EXAMINATION Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

## 1 BY MR. LANDIS: 2 Hello, sir. Q 3 Α Hi. I'm going to ask you to make some time estimates, 4 5 and I know that's very difficult because it was a frantic situation and it's been a fair amount of time. 6 So understanding that, you're near falling asleep when you hear the first pop? 8 Several pops. It wasn't just one. 9 Α Correct. Was there two different times when you heard --10 Q 11 Yes. Α So you've got a first series of pops that --12 Q 13 Correct. Α -- arises you from bed? 14 Q 15 Α Yes. To the best of your memory, how long is it from that 16 Q 17 point in time to when you call 911? It was probably a couple of minutes. 18 How long between that time first series of pops and 19 Q the second series of pops? 20 21 Well, actually, it was a couple of minutes from the 22 second series of pops that I called 911, okay, because I was 23 actually looking at the person at the time. The first series 24 of pops -- could you ask that one more time? 25 Sure.

Sorry. 1 Α 2 How long was it between the first series of pops and 3 the second series of pops? It had to be maybe, I don't know, I'm just guessing, 4 maybe a couple minutes, two minutes tops. And you've talked about --6 Α Three. -- two different windows that you -- sorry to cut 8 you off. That's okay. 10 Α You talked about two different windows you used as 11 Q 12 vantage points through this. 13 Correct. Α One, a bedroom on the second floor, and the first 14 Q one, a first floor window, correct? 15 16 Correct. Α 17 Both of those faced forward out of your house the Q same way your door does, your front door? 18 19 Correct. Α From either of those windows, or both, you don't 20 Q have the best vantage point of the front door of 1661 22 Broadmere, correct? 23 No, I don't have a view of their door.

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though, of that intersection of Broadmere and Long Cattle?

A very good view from both windows, I presume,

24

25

Q

1 Α Correct. Between the time that you get up from bed until the 2 Q end of the 911 call, how long do you lose sight of this 3 individual you've been talking about? Combined time. 4 5 From the time I get out of bed? Α To when you call 911, yes. 6 Q Maybe a minute tops. Α I'm going to talk to you a little bit about that car 8 Q you saw pull up, but talking about the time before that only right now, did you notice any other moving cars? 10 11 Α No. 12 And that would apply both to the intersection and Q everywhere --13 14 Α Correct. -- you could see? You didn't see any other 15 Q individuals on foot? 16 17 No. Α Do you recall when your 911 call started? 18 Q The specific time? 19 Α 20 Q Right. 21 No, I don't. Would looking at your --22 Q 23 Because it roused me out of bed so --Α 24 Q I understand. Would looking at a transcript of it, 25 perhaps, refresh your memory as to when that call started?

Α Yeah. 1 2 MR. LANDIS: Can I approach the witness? THE COURT: 3 Yes. BY MR. LANDIS: 4 5 Q Just go ahead and look at that to yourself to the extent it refreshes your memory. 6 So it looks like 8:13. Α MR. LANDIS: May I approach the witness? 8 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 BY MR. LANDIS: After looking at that, is it fair to say to the best 11 Q of your memory 8:13 is when the call started? 12 The call to 911? 13 Α 14 Q Yes. 15 Α Yes. Is it fair to say, then, that all of the events 16 Q 17 we've talked about, all the events they asked you about occurred after 8:00 p.m.? 18 Right around or a little shortly after. 19 Towards the end of that 911 call, we hear you first 20 Q make a comment about this car, right? 22 Correct. Α 23 And that's the same car that you saw at the end of 24 Long Cattle? 25 Correct. Α Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

How long do you think it was from the time that you 1 Q first see that car until it's next to the individual who's 2 scooting on his butt? Maybe 15 seconds to drive up the street, 10 seconds. 4 And the whole time it's -- sorry. That whole time 5 Q he's coming up Long Cattle, headlights are in your eyes 6 somewhat, right? Yeah, more so when he got to the top of the street, 8 but yes. And at that time, they were stopped next to this 10 Q individual, headlights definitely in your eyes? 11 12 Correct. Α Thereafter, the car turns, though, right? 13 Q Correct. 14 Α Turns north. No more headlights in your face? 15 Q 16 Correct. Α 17 You're still looking at the car somewhat at that Q point? 18 It's -- it just sped away, so yeah, it wasn't very 19 Α long of a view but --20 21 Sure. You don't recall the make and model exactly? 22 I don't, no. Α 23 You do remember, though, believing it to be a 24 potential Ford or Buick? 25 Ford or Buick, white, four-door.

You also estimate that it was a larger car? 1 Q 2 Α Yes. You also estimate that it was a older model? 3 Q It seemed to be older, yes. 4 Α 5 What would you define as older? Q Just the kind of curves of it made it look older to 6 Α me. '50s or '80s? 8 Q Oh, no, no. '80s, '90s, somewhere around there. 9 Α Are you much of an automobile person? 10 Q No, not really. 11 Α Are you a gun person? And I'm basing that on your 12 Q ability to identify the gun you saw. 13 14 I have a CCW. Α MR. LANDIS: Court's brief indulgence. I have no 15 further questions. Thank you, sir. 16 17 THE WITNESS: Thank you. Redirect? 18 THE COURT: We do not have any redirect. 19 MS. LEXIS: Mr. Wolfbrandt didn't go, I'm sorry. 20 MR. LANDIS: WOLFBRANDT: And I have no questions. 22 THE COURT: Oh, I'm sorry. Thank you, 23 Mr. Wolfbrandt. Sorry. Are we going to have a specific order 24 so I --25 MR. LANDIS: If the Court wants one, we can.

We can if that's easier for the Court. 1 MS. McNEILL: 2 THE COURT: Okay. That would be easier for me because I lose track of who's gone. All right. Mr. Wolfbrandt, did you have questions? 4 5 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No, I didn't. THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 6 MR. WOLFBRANDT: They asked all the ones I wanted 8 to. All right. Thank you very much. 9 THE COURT: Was there any redirect? 10 No. No, Your Honor. Thank you. 11 MS. LEXIS: 12 THE COURT: Jury, questions? Seeing none, may this 13 witness be excused? Yes, Your Honor. 14 MS. LEXIS: Thank you very much --15 THE COURT: Thank you. 16 THE WITNESS: 17 THE COURT: -- for your testimony, sir. You may call your next witness. 18 19 MS. LEXIS: State calls Matt Kovacich. (Pause in the proceedings) 20 MATTHEW KOVACICH, STATE'S WITNESS, 22 Please be seated, and please state and THE CLERK: 23 spell your first and last name for the record. 24 THE WITNESS: The first name's Matthew, M-a-t-t-h-e-w. Last name's Kovacich, K-o-v-a-c-i-c-h. 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

1	MS. LEXIS: May I, Your Honor?
2	THE COURT: You may.
3	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MS. LEXIS:
6	Q Sir, how are you employed?
7	A With the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department.
8	Q How long have you been so employed?
9	A A little over eight-and-a-half years.
10	Q Okay. Are you assigned to a particular unit?
11	A Patrol.
12	Q Have you been in patrol all eight-and-a-half years?
13	A Yes, ma'am.
14	Q Okay. Officer, I'd like to turn your attention to
15	September 21st, 2014. Were you employed with Metro at that
16	time?
17	A Yes, ma'am.
18	Q Were you a patrol officer?
19	A I was.
20	Q Was there a particular area command that you were
21	assigned to?
22	A At the time it was Spring Valley or Enterprise
23	Area Command.
24	Q Okay. These area commands, is that how Metro
25	officers are kind of stationed?
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1 Α Correct. 2 And Enterprise Area Command, does that cover the area of Hualapai and Charleston? 3 It does. Α 4 5 Q At that time, were you working as a patrol officer, meaning uniformed? 6 Α I was. Were you working alone or with someone else? 8 Q I was actually a field training officer at the time, 9 Α so I had a -- a trainee riding with me. 10 Okay. So you were in a trainer capacity? 11 Q Correct. 12 Α On that particular day? 13 Q Yes, ma'am. 14 Α How are you employed now? What part of Metro? 15 Q I work in our community policing division. 16 Α 17 At some point, Officer Kovacich, did a call come out Q a little after 8:00 p.m.? 18 I believe so. 19 Α 20 Q And what was the nature of the call? I think the original call was a -- an illegal 22 shooting call. 23 And where were you when this call came out? 24 I believe, I was at Fort Apache and Desert Inn. Α 25 And was your trainee with you? Q Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

- A They were.
- Q And who was your trainee at the time?
- A His first name's Stacy and his last name Giles.
- Q So was Officer Giles actually an officer already at that time?
  - A She is.

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- Q Okay. And so you are -- is that near the area of Charleston and Hualapai?
  - A Correct, it's not too far.
- Q And so you said it's an illegal shooting. Did the call give you information concerning what area of town this occurred at?
  - A It gives you a -- a cross streets typically or an actual sector beat of -- of our area command.
    - Q And so what information did you receive?
  - A Well, the first thing that comes across is the area -- or the sector beats, which once you know where the sector beats are, you know how to drive, which way to drive and then it actually will pop up on your screen and tell you the actual caller's address or the address of the call. But I believe this day actually didn't -- my computer wasn't working. I think I was manual mode.
    - Q Okay. Manual mode, is that what you just said?
- 24 A Correct.
- Q Okay. So what does that mean when you're in manual

mode?

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A Typically, if I don't have a -- either my computer isn't working or the -- the laptop that's in the car will have to do everything just based off the radio.

- Q And so what area of town were you dispatched to?
- 6 A Hualapai and Homestretch.
  - Q And that's here in Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada?
  - A It is.
  - Q Okay. So are you in a marked patrol vehicle at this time?
- 11 A I am.
- 12 Q Are you driving or is your trainee?
- 13 A I couldn't recall.
- Q Okay. Do you make your way towards Homestretch?
  - A Initially, we -- there were -- I believe there was a couple unit that either got assigned to the call or jumped the call so we were trying to just listen for more radio traffic to see if there was more than one call or to see what the validity of the actual call was.
    - Q And were there multiple callers?
- 21 A Essentially, there was.
- 22 Q And were they all pointing to the same area?
- 23 A They were.
- Q And at some point, when we say you're dispatched to 25 a call is that because when someone calls 911, the operator

then relays information to marked patrol officers like yourself?

A It goes to a call taker, then a dispatcher, and the dispatcher is on our specific channel of Enterprise and then they dispatch it to either a clear unit or if somebody's in that area.

- Q And that's how the information's disseminated?
- A Correct.

- Q At some point, is the call updated with more information?
- A It is. I think there was a couple different addresses used initially so.
- Q So as you're making your way towards the area of the call, what are you expecting to find based on the information that's been given to you?
  - A People actually performing illegal shooting.
- Q Okay. Once you get to that area, do you immediately go to where the 911 callers are or what is it that you do?
- A Basically, we -- we held short. We were directed by our sergeant at the time to hold short, which basically you stay around the corner until you get more information or have enough officers there to make it safe and then go in. So we actually formulated a four-man element prior to driving into the -- into the area of where the shooting was.
  - Q Okay. Officer Kovacich, I'd like you to look at

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your computer screen. What's on there right now is State's
 1
    Exhibit No. 6. Do you recognize what's shown in this
   particular exhibit?
             It's a, like a Google image or Google map of the
 4
 5
    overview of the area.
             Okay. So would looking at or referring to this
 6
         0
   particular exhibit aid you during your testimony?
             Absolutely.
 8
         Α
                    So when you say that you hold short, per
 9
         Q
    orders from your sergeant, where is that you hold short?
10
             Just practically where it says Homestretch Drive
11
         Α
    right where the -- the D and the r are --
12
             Okay.
13
         Q
             -- on the -- so it's basically Homestretch east of
14
15
    Hualapai.
             Can you circle the area where you're at --
16
         0
             Absolutely. Just --
17
         Α
             -- on your screen?
18
         Q
              -- touch it?
19
         Α
             Yep. Like Monday night football.
20
         Q
21
             Oh, even better.
22
             Okay. And so for the record you made -- you circled
         Q
23
    like the western most -- almost the western most part of
24
    Homestretch Drive; is that right?
25
             It is.
         Α
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Q Okay. And so what's going on in that particular area when you're holding short or when you're staging?

A We're being updated. As far as us, we're -- we're holding short until either our sergeant gets there, or like I said, until we're, you know, basically instructed to go into the actual area of the crime. But we're also retrieving -- or receiving more information from multiple callers that are calling in.

Q Okay. And at this point, do you recall what type of information you were receiving?

A I believe, there was some clothing description described. Like I said, there was a couple different addresses that were relayed to us initially. So that was our -- our initial concern was trying to figure out where the target location was because nobody wants to drive into a -- either an ambush style situation or, you know, drive in the wrong direction and put yourself tactically at a disadvantage.

Besides the clothing description, I want to say there was descriptions of the suspects involved.

Q Okay. Do you know whether or not the individuals or the suspects involved or described had any weapons?

A I -- are you asking if it was told to us over the radio --

Q Yes.

A -- that they had weapons? It -- it was. Somebody

had stated that somebody had a long gun.

- Q Okay. And when you say long gun, what do you --
- A Like a -- a rifle or a shotgun style weapon.
- Q Okay. And so at some point does your sergeant allow you to do what you describe as a four-man element?
  - A We do.

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- Q What does that mean? What's a four-man element?
- A Typically, you'll put two officers in the front, you'll have a driver, a passenger, and then in the rear seat where the prisoner's usually go, you'll actually set two officers back there so that when you arrive on the -- when you arrive into the actual location, there's four officers in one car instead of two cars, three cars or four cars.
- Q Okay. And so is that what you do? You all get into one patrol --
- A We do.
- 17 Q -- or one patrol car?
- 18 | A We do.
- 19 Q And then which way do you go?
- 20 A Do you want me to draw it again?
- 21 Q Yes, please.
  - A So like I said, we're -- we're actually where the -- where the circle is now, we head east down Homestretch, maybe. There we go. I can't -- and then once get to Shifting Winds, we come in the backside off of Shifting Winds and then west on

Ranch Hand and then north on Broadmere.

- Q Okay. So fair to say that you do -- you make kind of a rectangle?
  - A Correct.

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- Q Okay. Headed back towards the area with you initially circled where Metro did the staging?
  - A Correct.
- Q Okay. And so once you make it -- well, first of all, while you're making that rectangular shaped -- making your way towards this particular neighborhood, do you see anybody?
- A We do not.
- Q Okay. So you don't come into contact with any of the described suspects?
- A We do not.
- Q Okay. So once you make it to the end of your drawing towards Broadmere, the corner of Broadmere and Long Cattle, what, if anything, do you do next?
- A At the same time we had started east down

  Homestretch, and two officers in a plain car, I believe, they

  were track officers, went in through the north side at this

  entrance right there, and we actually met up with them on

  Broadmere Street right where my drawing stopped.
- Q Okay. And for the record, that's right where Long
  Cattle and Broadmere --

A Correct.

- Q -- meet? Okay. What happens next?
- A They were able to get eyes on the -- on the target house determine the actual valid address versus what came in to the multiple address. Like I said, it's a dispatch. And they relayed the message to us that according to one of the witnesses, the suspect was last seen going down, I believe, it's Long Cattle.
- Q Okay. And just so we know where Long Cattle's located, pursuant to, you know, what you've already drawn, can you just draw a line down Long Cattle.
  - A (Witness draws on screen).
- Q Okay. So you did arrows?
- 14 A Uh-huh.
  - Q No, that's fine. So what do you do next?
  - A We actually picked up a blood trail right at the corner. After -- after talking with the traffic units that arrived first, we noticed a blood trail right there at the corner of Broadmere and Long Cattle. That's when all four of us exit the patrol vehicle and proceed to walk east down Long Cattle following the trail.
    - Q And are you still in the four-man element formation?
  - A We actually added a fifth. One of the traffic officers that we met up at Broadmere joined our -- our element. So technically, there was five of us walking east.

Q Okay. And could you just tell the ladies and gentlemen of the jury what, if anything, occurred as you're making your way -- as you and your unit are making your way going east on Long Cattle.

A Once we're walking east, we -- I noticed probably four -- four or five houses in, there with as a pick up truck with the tailgate down. I noticed a rifle or long gun laying in the back of the pick up truck bed.

- Q Did that catch your attention?
- 10 A Absolutely.

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- Q Okay. And so what did you do upon seeing that?
- A I relayed the message over to our command, which I believe was set up at the top where the initial staging area was. Proceeded to sweep the area looking for, you know, following the blood trail and then continued on east down Long Cattle following the blood trail.
  - Q And after you -- where does the blood trail end?
- A I believe, we lose it up just south of Homestretch on the -- the Shifting Winds.
  - O Intersection?
- 21 A Just -- just south of like right here.
  - Q I'm sorry, where was it?
    - A I don't know why I keep doing arrows.
- Q Okay. So the intersection of Homestretch and Shifting Winds?

Correct. Just -- just south of there on the actual 1 Α sidewalk, I believe. 2 And so I want to talk a little bit about the 3 Q truck that you saw and what you found in the bed of that 4 5 truck, okay, as you just testified to? 6 Α Okay. Q So I'm going to approach with what's been previously marked as State's Proposed Exhibits 173 through 179. 8 For the record, I'm showing defense 9 MS. LEXIS: 10 counsel. May I approach Your Honor? 11 12 THE COURT: You may. 13 MS. LEXIS: Thank you. 14 BY MS. LEXIS: Officer, I'm showing you what's been previously 15 Q marked as State's Proposed Exhibits 173 through 179. Could 16 17 you please just look through the photographs? Officer, do you recognize what's depicted in State's 18 Proposed Exhibits 173 to 179? 19 It's the -- the truck that I -- or the truck that I 20 noticed the rifle was in. 22 Do the photographs that I just showed you Q 23 fairly and accurately depict what you saw on September 21st, 24 2014, near the truck and that was located therein? 25 It does. Α

Your Honor, I'd move to admit State's MS. LEXIS: 1 2 Proposed Exhibits 173 to 179 into evidence. MR. LANDIS: 3 No objection. MS. McNEILL: No objection. 4 5 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. THE COURT: All right. They'll be admitted. 6 (State's Exhibits 173 to 179 admitted) Permission to publish, Your Honor? 8 MS. LEXIS: THE COURT: 9 Granted. Thank you. Mr. DiGiacomo, if I could 10 MS. LEXIS: please get 173 up. 11 12 BY MS. LEXIS: Okay, Officer. Obviously, September 21st, 2014, 13 Q when the call came out it was nighttime, correct? 14 15 Α It was. And these photographs were taken during the day; is 16 Q 17 that right? They were. 18 Α Absent that -- or with that change, you know, 19 Q when it was taken, does this particular photo show fairly and 20 accurately where the truck was located when you saw it the 22 night of September 21st, 2014? 23 It does. Α 24 Q Okay. And you can't really tell from the 25 photograph, but was that truck located in front of a house

numbered 10013? Can you see that, Officer? 1 I believe that's the address. 2 3 Okay. Q Mr. DiGiacomo, could we please switch to 4 MS. LEXIS: 5 174? BY MS. LEXIS: 6 So Officer, can you tell the ladies and gentlemen of Q the jury what it is that they're looking at here and what 8 caught your attention, if anything? 9 Well, initial, the -- this is actually the truck, 10 just a different angle of the same truck with the -- the rifle 11 12 and a pair of gloves in the back of the truck and then the pair of clothing on the ground. 13 Okay. Could you circle where the rifle is and where 14 Q the gloves are and also where the item of clothing is that you 15 were describing? 16 17 (Witness draws on screen). So for the record, you're circling a beige clothing 18 Q item, kind of towards the back of the truck on the ground and 19 also towards the right bed area of the truck? 20 Correct. 22 Q Okay. 23 Thank you. And I'm going to ask, MS. LEXIS:

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please, to bring up State's Exhibit No. 176.

24

25

BY MS. LEXIS:

Q Okay, Officer, can you describe for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury what they're looking at in State's Exhibit 176.

A It's just a closer version of the same bed of the truck with the same rifle -- or same long rifle -- or long gun and gloves.

Q Okay. And -- okay. So you see this, you're with the -- you're in a five-man element. After you see this, you call it out and you make your way -- you continue east towards Long Cattle; is that correct?

A Correct.

Q Okay.

MS. LEXIS: Mr. DiGiacomo, could we please bring 006 back up? And Your Honor, it's already been admitted.

THE COURT: Correct.

MS. LEXIS: Okay.

17 | BY MS. LEXIS:

Q And so you continue east on Long Castle (sic). You find the end of the blood trail as you've just testified on Homestretch and Shifting Winds. What do you do next?

A We were actually waiting for canine to show up. We -- basically, we set up a perimeter knowing that somebody was still bleeding. You know, we're still trying to determine if it was a suspect or if we -- you know, if it's a victim. So we set up a perimeter, brought canine out to try and search

the area. And then essentially, while they ended up doing their search, I go back over to relieve the traffic unit at the -- the truck.

- Q Okay. So you go back to secure and keep eyes on the truck where the long rifle was found?
  - A Correct.

- Q Okay. And that -- a traffic unit had been keeping an eye on it?
  - A I believe so.
- Q Okay. So when you make your way back to the green truck that we were just looking at, what, if anything, happens?

A Just typical crime scene preservation on our part. We set up crime scene tape. It was pretty static at the time. Some -- some of our homicide units had showed up. So typically, what you'll do is you'll either check in or check out with them so they have all your information so that they're not calling you at 3:00 or 4:00 in the morning asking you questions and waking you up.

So I had actually been relieved by another officer to go back over to where the debrief area was just north of the target house, that Broadmere, and was waiting, and had been briefed with the -- was briefing with the homicide units.

Q Okay. At some point, while you're out on scene, and after you go back towards the green truck, is your attention

ever called back to that area where the green truck is located?

A It is. Like I said, we -- we went and debriefed with all the units just north of the Broadmere target house, and the officer that had relieved me at the location of the -- the gun in the truck had actually got on the radio and stated he saw movement in the vehicle next to the truck.

Q Okay. And just -- and the vehicle that was near the truck, what color was it?

- A Black.
- Q And was it -- what type of vehicle was it?
- A I couldn't tell you the make and model. It was like a two-door little Sedan.
- 14 Q Okay.

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- MS. LEXIS: Mr. DiGiacomo, could we please publish

BY MS. LEXIS:

174?

- Q Okay, Officer Kovacich, do you see the vehicle, the Sedan, or the two-door vehicle that you just described, in this particular photograph?
- A I do. It's just to the -- the right side of the bed of the truck.
  - Q Okay. And so your attention is called back to this particular area and in particular this vehicle, correct?
- 25 A That is correct.

Q So what happens next?

A The officer had been sitting over here waiting for crime scene and the detectives to come over. Like I said, he got on the radio and said he observed movement inside the vehicle. We went over, brought a patrol -- or another officer brought a patrol vehicle over and began to give verbal commands to the occupant inside the back seat of the black car.

- Q And what are you doing while this is occurring?
- 10 A I'm sitting right there with them.
  - Q Okay. Weapons drawn?
- 12 A Correct.

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Q Okay. And eventually, does someone from your unit go towards the vehicle?

A Once we -- we still had the air unit above us so we had the air unit try and look in the windows to see if we could see anything to give us any further information. And then essentially, we end up having to pull the male occupant out of the vehicle.

- Q Okay. And the male occupant that was pulled out of the vehicle, do you see him here in court today?
- A I do.
- Q Could you please point to him and describe something he's wearing.
- 25 A Wearing a black shirt.

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Well, can you get up and point?
 1
         Q
 2
         Α
              (Witness stands and points).
              Okay. And what color shirt?
 3
         Q
 4
         Α
              Black.
              Okay. And is he in a suit or --
 5
         Q
              Now I'm confused, I'll be honest with you.
 6
         Α
         Q
              Okay. So --
              MR. LANDIS: I'm sorry to interrupt. Can the
 8
    record --
 9
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    BY MS. LEXIS:
              -- do you not see the person you're --
11
12
              MR. LANDIS: Sorry to interrupt. Can the record
13
    reflect --
                           The record will reflect that no one has
14
              THE COURT:
    been identified, at this point, unless you can be more
15
    specific to the --
16
                             Correct. No, I apologize. Now I'm --
17
              THE WITNESS:
    I'm trying to recall at night and --
18
19
                          Were you pointing at someone earlier
              THE COURT:
    because -- were you pointing at a person earlier?
20
21
              THE WITNESS: Just now?
22
                           Yeah, just now.
              THE COURT:
23
                             Yes, ma'am.
              THE WITNESS:
              THE COURT:
24
                           That's what I'm trying to clarify --
25
              THE WITNESS:
                             Yes, ma'am.
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-- the record. Who did you point out? THE COURT: 1 The gentleman on the right. 2 THE WITNESS: All right. The record will reflect that THE COURT: 3 he pointed at Mr. Laguna. 4 5 MR. LANDIS: Thank you. BY MS. LEXIS: 6 Okay. Are you sure that he was the person pulled Q out of the vehicle? 8 I wouldn't be 100 percent sure because it was, like 9 Α I said, it was at night and the only thing we're using at the 10 time is flashlights. 11 Okay. Were you the actual person who pulled the 12 Q individual out of that black car? 13 I couldn't -- I couldn't tell you for sure. 14 15 Q Okay. Your Honor, permission to approach with 16 MS. LEXIS: 17 what's been previously marked as State's Exhibits 185 and then 189 through 198. 18 185 and 189 through 198? 19 THE COURT: Yes, Your Honor. And I'm showing 20 MS. LEXIS: Thank you. Permission to approach? defense counsel. 22 THE COURT: Granted. 23 MS. LEXIS: Thank you. 24 BY MS. LEXIS: 25 Officer, I'm going to show you first, what's been Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

marked as State's Exhibit 185. Do you recognize what's 1 depicted in that photograph? Both the black car and the green truck? 3 Α Okay. Does it fairly and accurately show the Q 4 5 location of both vehicles on September 21st, 2014, when you observed it? 6 Α It does. Okay. And then I'm going to show you what's been 8 Q previously marked as State's Proposed Exhibits 189 through 198. Let me just make sure here. Could you please look 10 through those photographs. 11 (Witness looking at photographs). 12 Do you recognize what's depicted in these 13 Q photographs? 14 Just the vehicle, not the items inside the vehicle. 15 Okay. So I am only going to ask to admit State's 16 Q Exhibits 185 and 189, and 190 with this particular witness. 17 MR. LANDIS: No objection. 18 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 19 MS. McNEILL: No objection. 20 All right. Exhibits 185, 189 and 190 22 will be admitted. 23 (State's Exhibits 185, 189 and 190 are admitted) 24 Thank you. And Mr. DiGiacomo, could we MS. LEXIS: please publish 185? 25

BY MS. LEXIS: 1 Okay, Officer, so where is the black vehicle where 2 Q the suspect was challenged from or out of? Where's it -- you just want me to circle the 4 Α 5 vehicle? Thank you. And do you recall what side of 6 Q Yeah. the particular vehicle the subject was pulled out from? The driver's side where the door's open. 8 Α Okay. 9 Q I'm going to ask Mr. DiGiacomo to 10 MS. LEXIS: publish State's Exhibit 190. 11 12 BY MS. LEXIS: And is that what's depicted in this particular 13 Q photograph, sir? 14 15 Α It is. Okay. And so the suspect was pulled out of this 16 Q Did you have an opportunity to observe him? 17 vehicle. I did. 18 Α Was he injured at all? Did you notice any injuries? 19 Q We noticed and he was explaining to us that he had 20 Α 21 an injury. 22 Okay. And where was the injury located? Q 23 I don't remember which leg. It was one of his upper Α 24 thighs, like -- like a femur area. 25 Okay. And was this individual able to walk on his

1 own? 2 Α No. Okay. Did officers have to assist him out of the 3 Q vehicle? 4 We did. 5 Α At some point were paramedics called? 6 Q They were already staging at the staging area, but Α yes, they were called over to render aid. 8 And what, if anything else, do you do at this 9 Q particular scene? 10 After he's placed in handcuffs basically nothing. 11 12 We had to go back, re-debrief, and basically, talk to the detectives. 13 Court's brief indulgence. I have no 14 MS. LEXIS: 15 more questions for this witness. Thank you, sir. THE COURT: 16 Cross. 17 (Pause in the proceedings) 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. LANDIS: Do you recall seeing any signs of forced entry on 20 that black Sedan? The one I just circled? 22 Α 23 Correct. Q No, I don't. 24 Α You talked some about that staging area or stop 25 Q Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

short area you were at that was on the top of the map that's 1 now on the screen, yes? Yes, sir. Α Do you know what time you arrived at that location? 4 5 I couldn't begin to tell you. Α Can you say in relation to the dispatch notification 6 Q you got how long it was? From the time the initial came out? 8 To when you get to the shortstop station? Q Seven minutes, five minutes. 10 Α To the best of your memory, how long would you say 11 Q 12 it was from when you first station yourselves there until when you enter the subdivision? 13 Probably another five, seven minutes. 14 How many different patrol vehicles are located at 15 Q that location? 16 17 At the staging area? Α 18 Yes. Q So probably eight, nine of us. 19 Α Numerous. So many that the street's stopped -- blocked? 20 Q No, because we actually all parked on the south 21 shoulder, the south side of the road. 22 23 You didn't see any cars speeding away? I did not. 24 Α 25 How long would you say it was from when you first

enter the subdivision, so you leave the staging area, until
when you first find this individual in the car? How long are
you in the subdivision?

A Once again, I wouldn't be able to tell you, but it's
a prolonged period.

- Q More than ten minutes; is that fair?
- A Yes, sir.

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MR. LANDIS: I have no further questions. Thank you, sir.

10 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Wolfbrandt.

11 CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 12 BY MR. WOLFBRANDT:
- 13 Q Good afternoon, Officer Kovacich?
- 14 A Yes, sir.
- Q Got it right the first time. I'll be darned. All right. That staging area there on Homestretch, that's on the outside of the housing development?
- 18 | A It is.
- 20 Appearing there's a block wall that goes almost the entire length of Homestretch along, save and except for that north entrance?
- 22 A Yes, sir.
- Q All right. And then so but you entered by going
  past that north entrance and then worked your way all the way
  around?

- A Correct.
- Q Okay. Now, you talked earlier on direct about you found a blood trail starting -- well, when you first picked it up was at the corner of Broadmere and Long Cattle?
  - A Yes, sir.
  - Q And then that was going --
- A East.

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- Q -- east on Long Cattle? All right. So I believe, you also said that you -- that -- did you follow the blood trail all the way to Soaring -- what was it Soaring Winds?
- A Soaring Winds. We did. There was -- like I said, there was five of us that -- that followed it.
- Q Okay. What I'm trying to figure out is did you follow that blood trail all the way up to where you -- where it ended --
  - A To the end --
- 17 | Q -- before --
- 18 A -- just south of Homestretch.
- 20 and the person in the car?
  - A After we found the gun, before we found the person.
- Q Okay. So how long did it take between the time you found the gun and you found the person in the car?
- A Once again, I wouldn't be able to tell you. I -25 I'd say 45 minutes.

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Okay. Because there's enough time for to you leave
     Q
the area, secure the area where the gun was, follow the rest
of the blood trail or what you saw the blood trail, all the
way up to Soaring -- what was that Soaring Winds just --
         Shifting Winds.
     Α
         -- south of -- well, Homestretch?
         Correct.
     Α
         Is it and from there is when -- then you went to the
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- You're talking about from --
- The one on Broadmere? Q

staging area to debrief?

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- You're talking from when we stopped at -- when we Α lost the blood trail on Shifting Winds?
- Right. Yeah, what did you do after you lost the end Q of that -- that blood trail? 15
  - At the time, we -- we were pretty much done on our Α end because the -- the scene is dynamic -- or excuse me, static.
    - Static, right? Q
  - So that's why standard operating procedure is you go Α back, you know, the people that were in the actual scene get -- you know, have to go debrief and tell their side of the story and we'll meet with the detectives and tell our side of the story.
- I guess, that's kind of what I was getting at. 25

you got to the end of what you determined was the end of the blood trail, you thought your part was over?

- A I did.
- Q You went to the debriefing area there on Broadmere?
- A I did.

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- Q And then that's when you learned of a --
- A That's when the officer -- the officer that was by the vehicle, the green truck, got on the radio and said that he needed other units.
- Q Were there any gaps in that blood trail?
- A I'm not sure what you mean by gaps. It wasn't like a solid line, if that's what you're asking.
- Q But to your recollection for the start of where you first saw blood at Broadmere and Long Cattle, you followed a continuous blood trail, let's see, east on Long Cattle, south on whatever what little street was, and then east again?
- A Correct. I'm not -- I'm not -- I don't know what you're classifying continued, but we were able to follow blood spots all the way around. I don't know the distance between --
- Q Well, okay, yeah, well, let's clear that up, too.
  When I said blood trail, let's -- usually, it's just drips of blood --
- 24 A Correct.
- 25 Q -- going -- and it's not like a one steady smear?

1 Α Correct. 2 Okay. But let me ask, from the corner of Broadmere Q and Long Castle (sic) towards that truck, was it more of a smear type blood trail and then eventually ended up in drops? 4 5 From what I can recall, I believe, there was some Α smear marks right at that northeast corner of Long Cattle and 6 Broadmere. 8 Q Okay. But as far -- how long they were or how often they 9 occurred, I couldn't -- I cannot recall. 10 All right. Now, after the -- after the 11 Q 12 person was removed from that black car, and then medical came to treat him, is that when you cleared the scene or shortly 13 14 thereafter? Shortly thereafter. We had to go re-debrief and 15 make sure everything was said and done on our end. 16 17 All right. And then that concluded your Q 18 involvement? It is. 19 Α Okay, great. Thank you. 20 Q Thank you, sir. 21 22 Thank you, Your Honor. MS. McNEILL: 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION 24 BY MS. McNEILL: Officer, you used the word a few times, dynamic, so 25 Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

I just want to make sure the jury understands that. A dynamic situation is something that there's a lot go on and it requires you to be paying close attention, correct?

A Absolutely.

Q And so a shots fired call would be considered a very dynamic situation?

A Correct.

Q Okay. That's something that Metro would take very seriously and that you would rely on all of the training and

A Yes, ma'am.

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- Q Okay. So you would be paying a lot of attention to what was going on at that scene, correct?
- 14 A For the most part, yes.
  - Q Okay. And you indicated that at the time you arrived at the staging area, you believe there was about eight other police cars there?
  - A No, no, no. Total. I was, I think, the second person arrived.
  - Q Okay. So you were the second person arrived. And when you arrived there was already another police car there?
    - A Correct.
    - Q And that was a marked police car?

experience you have as an officer, correct?

- 24 A It was.
- Q Okay. And as far as you know, there were police

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cars coming from kind of all directions to that screen,
 1
    correct?
 2
              Yes, ma'am.
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         Α
              And you are aware that an air unit was actually
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         Q
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    called in as well, correct?
              I don't know when they were called, but they were
 6
         Α
    called.
              Okay. So at some point you recall seeing an air
         Q
 8
    unit arrive?
              Um-h'm.
10
         Α
              And that's a helicopter?
11
         Q
              Yes, ma'am.
12
         Α
              Okay. And those have the bright lights that shine
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         Q
    down?
14
              They do.
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         Α
              Okay. You indicated that you believed it was the
         Q
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    person all the way to the right that was the person in the
    car, correct?
18
              Yes, ma'am.
19
         Α
20
              The person who was in the car was actually arrested
    then, right then at that scene?
22
         Α
             Are you talking about once -- once they were removed
23
    from vehicle?
24
         Q
              Yes.
25
         Α
             Correct.
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Q Right. You didn't let him go? I mean, officers were paying attention to him, had taken them into their custody?

A I -- I -- I wouldn't know because, like I said, I didn't do the actual arrest. So once the dynamic scene of getting somebody out of a vehicle and they were placed in handcuffs, we're not just going to sit, you know, seven eight cops around and just, you know, watch if somebody -- if we're not needed, we're going to go back to where we were, where we came from.

Q All right, fair enough. And I guess, it was a bad question on my part. Just a difference of terms. You said that he was placed in handcuffs. So the individual that was brought out of the car was actually handcuffed?

A I believe so.

Q Right, okay. And so he as far as you know was turned over to other officers?

A Correct.

Q And so if I told you that this gentleman all the way on the right was not arrested at the scene, you would agree with me you would be incorrect about who you identified?

A Yes, ma'am.

Q Do you recall seeing other officers arrive from -- and I don't know how to -- sort of the other direction along Homestretch from where you were?

1	A During like the initial
2	Q Right, during the initial call
3	A staging?
4	Q Yes. When officers are arriving.
5	A I couldn't tell you. Most of us came off of most
6	the ones I saw came off of Hualapai to Homestretch.
7	Q Okay. But you were aware from dispatch that the
8	address of the caller was inside that subdivision, correct?
9	A Correct.
10	Q And so you would have been paying attention to any
11	cars or people that were coming out?
12	A Essentially, yes.
13	Q Okay.
14	MS. McNEILL: Nothing further.
15	THE COURT: Redirect?
16	MS. LEXIS: No redirect, thank you.
17	THE COURT: Thank you. Does the jury have any
18	questions?
19	THE MARSHAL: Do you have them written down with
20	your juror number?
21	THE COURT: And make sure your badge number's on it.
22	(Pause in the proceedings)
23	THE COURT: Counsel approach.
24	(Off-record bench conference)
25	THE COURT: Already. Officer, if you know, tell us
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how many exit ways in or out are there to this subdivision? 1 2 THE WITNESS: Prior to looking at this, I wouldn't have even known other than the actual major cross streets of Homestretch and Hualapai, I wouldn't know the area, like the 5 actual neighborhood because we had 110 ten square mile sector 6 beat. But given the map, at least two, maybe three depending on what's on the south end. 8 Okay. So you don't know of your own 9 THE COURT: independent knowledge? You'd have to look at this map? 10 11 THE WITNESS: I would. Is that what you're saying? 12 THE COURT: Questions as a result of the jury's question? 13 No, ma'am. 14 MR. LANDIS: No, Your Honor. 15 MS. LEXIS: 16 MS. McNEILL: No, Your Honor. 17 May this witness be excused? THE COURT: 18 MS. LEXIS: Yes. Thank you. You may call your next 19 THE COURT: 20 witness. Crimes Scene Analyst Adam Felabom 22 ADAM FELABOM, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN 23 THE CLERK: Please be seated. And then place and 24 state and spell your first and last for the record. 25 My name is Adam Felabom, A-d-a-m, THE WITNESS:

F-e-l-a-b-o-m. 1 THE CLERK: A-b as in David or boy? 2 THE WITNESS: 3 Boy. THE COURT: You may proceed. 4 5 MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge. Now, I'm a little 6 short. 7 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 8 Sir, how are you employed? 9 I am a crime scene analyst with the Las Vegas 10 Metropolitan Police Department. 11 12 What does that mean you do? I am tasked with responding to crime scenes and 13 investigating those crime scenes using various methods 14 including, taking photographs, writing reports, sometimes 15 drawing diagrams, collecting evidence, looking for 16 17 fingerprints. Now, I'm -- how long you been with the Las Vegas 18 Metropolitan Police Department? 19 I've been with the police department for 11 years. 20 And during that time period, have you always worked in the crime lab? 22 23 Α No. 24 What have you done? Q I started out as a police officer and then from 25 Α Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

there I transitioned over to the dispatch center, and then from there I transitioned over once more to a crime scene analyst.

Q And could you describe for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury your training, education and background that you have to do the job.

A I have my bachelor's degree in criminal justice. I also have taken multiple hours of training in various subjects such as photography, various methods of fingerprint processing, difference (sic) methods of collecting evidence for various types of evidence. Also, some bloodstain documentation classes as well as shooting reconstruction classes.

Q Now, on September 21st of 2014, were you one of the crime scene analysts that was assigned to a homicide event that occurred at 1661 Broadmere Ave. here in Clark County, Las Vegas, Nevada?

A I was.

Q And when -- I say one of the crime scene analysts -- how many crime scene analysts usually respond to a homicide situation?

A Usually, there's two, plus a supervisor, but because of the size of this scene, we ended up bringing four plus a supervisor.

Q And when you arrived on the scene, what was the

condition of the screen at that point?

A The scene had been secured by multiple patrol officers blocking off the residential area, and there were some cones up to block people from certain areas as well.

Q Now, when you worked with the team to process this scene, do you work solely with crime scene analysts or do you work with other individuals from the department?

A No, for an investigation like this, we'll also work with the homicide detectives. They'll come out and it will be a joint investigation.

Q And can you describe first the duties of the various crime scene analysts at this particular scene? Did you divide up the work in a particular way?

A We did. I was primarily responsible for the evidence collection. We had another crime scene analyst who was primarily responsible for taking notes of the general screen and photographing the scene. We had a -- the third crime scene analyst was responsible for drawing a rough sketch of the scene so that we could later create a diagram, and taking measurements so that we could plot items of evidence inside the screen. And then the fourth crime scene analyst was tasked with primarily documenting a blood trail within the crime scene.

Q Now, when you were working this scene, do you remember, approximately, what time you would have arrived?

A I arrived shortly after 11:00 o'clock, but I was not the first crime scene analyst there. The others -- some of the others arrived about 10:40, I believe.

Q And when crime scene analysts first arrive on scene, what information is provided to the analysts to decide, hey, what are we going to do, what aren't we going to do?

A Typically, on crime scenes such as homicides, we'll wait for everyone to arrive, including the detectives. And then we will have a -- a mass briefing all together so that we're all getting the same information at the same time so there's not any miscommunications. And that will be provided by first responding officers and any preliminary detectives that had arrived on the scene that had done any preliminary investigation prior to the homicide detectives arriving.

Q And we've been using the term "scene". Would you describe this as one scene or multiple scenes?

A It was multiple scenes spread out over a residential neighborhood.

- Q So essentially, the neighborhood was the scene --
- A Correct, but there were --

Q -- and you concentrated in areas?

A Correct. There were multiple key areas within the neighborhood that we focused on.

Q And you mentioned that the documentation occurs both by photography, some notes, and crime scene diagrams and then

also collection of physical pieces of evidence? 1 2 Α Correct. Have you had an opportunity to review the 3 Q photographs, the crime scene diagrams -- obviously, you've 4 collected the evidence yourself -- in order to familiarize 5 yourself so you can kind of sort of describe this scene to the 6 ladies and gentlemen of the grand jury -- or the ladies and gentlemen of the jury? 8 I have. 9 Α I'm going to start with --10 Q (Pause in the proceedings) 11 12 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: I'm going to grab just sort of the aerial 13 Q information as well as crime scene diagrams, and we'll start 14 there while Ms. Lexis puts the photographs back in order for 15 16 us. 17 MR. DiGIACOMO: May I approach, Judge? THE COURT: You may. 18 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 19 You can go ahead pour yourself some water. 20 going to be up here a little while so you might as well. 22 first going to show you what's been marked as State's Proposed Exhibits 7, 8 -- 7 through 11 and ask you if you generally 23 24 recognize the area depicted in those photographs?

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I do.

Α

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And just you might as well look at them because I do
 1
         Q
    them all at once for us. One of them -- let's take that one
 2
    out, and this one out. So, let me rephrase. Look at 7, 8 and
    11 and tell me if you recognize what's depicted in those
 4
    aerial photographs.
              These three I do, yes.
 6
              And what is depicted in those three photographs?
         Q
              These are satellite images of the -- the residential
 8
         Α
    neighborhood.
              Basically, an overhead of some sort of map of the
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    residence -- or of the area?
11
             Correct.
12
         Α
             And they're at different heights, I guess would be
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         Q
    the reference I would say.
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         Α
              Correct.
              MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 7, 8 and 11, I believe
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    it is.
              THE COURT:
                          Any objection?
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              MR. LANDIS:
                           No objection.
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              MR. WOLFBRANDT:
                                No objection.
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                  McNEILL: No objection.
22
              THE COURT:
                           Those will be admitted.
23
                (State's Exhibits 7, 8 and 11 admitted)
24
    BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
25
              I'm just going to put up 7 here for the ladies and
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gentlemen of the jury. They've kind of seen a closer-up view 1 of this, but this is more backed out now. And there is a tag on here that says 1661 Broadmere Avenue. What is -- why is that location or is that location significant to you? 4 That is the scene where the actual shooting 5 Α 6 occurred. Q Okay. And now I'm going to show you State's Proposed Exhibits 12 through 15 and ask you to flip through 8 those four exhibits, and ask you if you recognize what's depicted in those photographs? 10 11 Α I do. 12 Well, it's not photographs. What are they? Q These are four diagrams that were created from the 13 Α rough sketch that was taken at the scene. 14 And are they true, fair and accurate representations 15 0 of the physical evidence that was collected, and the locations 16 that it was collected from? 17 18 Yes. Α Move to admit 12 through 15. 19 MR. DiGIACOMO: No objection. MR. LANDIS: 20 21 WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 22 No objection. MS. McNEILL: 23 Those will be admitted. THE COURT: 24 (State's Exhibits 12 through 15 admitted) 25 BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q So I'm actually going to start at the back here and just go with, for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury,
State's Exhibit No. 15. And it, of course, came up upside down so let me just rotate that for us.

Okay. So what are we looking at here?

A This is an aerial view of the neighborhood with these circled areas. Those are denoting where we've kind of made other diagrams much closer so that you can easily see what's inside those areas. And there's a red line running through the scene, which denotes a blood trail that we found within the neighborhood.

Q And then if we were to zoom in a little bit for the ladies and gentlemen, I guess, kind of a part of this red line, you could see little BT numbers. Can you tell us what the BT numbers represent.

A The BT numbers represent areas where we marked the trail so for later for me to collect swabs of that blood so that we could later, if we needed to, test it and see who it belonged to.

Q And you would have been the individual that actually physically did the swabbing of those various locations?

A Correct.

Q I'm going to leave it upside down for just a second because it will take too much time to fix it, but so you said there's two circled areas of other diagrams, this one and that

one, and I want to talk about -- I'm going to start with the one that's right up here at the top of -- what is it that that circle is depicting?

A That circle is depicting the 1661 Broadmere address as well as the street in front of it.

Q So now I'm going to go to State's Exhibit No. 14.

Rotate it around for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury and say, what are we looking at?

A Here we're looking at the 1661 Broadmere address. You have the street here, and this would be the ground floor attached to the street. And then separately, you have the second floor of the residence off to the north side of that diagram. In truth, that upstairs obviously, would be right on top of the ground floor, but to make things clear, we just split them up like that.

Q And then would it be a fair characterization to say the overwhelming majority of the physical evidence was on the ground floor of this crime scene?

A Correct.

Q And was there some limited evidence that was found upstairs as well?

A There was.

Q And was the entire residence both inside and outside documented by photographs as well as the diagram and other ways of doing so?

A It was.

Q And due to the fact that there was more evidence downstairs, did you guys create -- and I'll put up State's Exhibit 13. And, of course, every one of these is going to come up upside down for me this afternoon. Let's flip it around. Did you guys do a more detailed or a closer-up version of the downstairs area to represent the various pieces of evidence that were collected?

A Correct. This is just the ground floor and the driveway. It allows us to zoom in a little closer so that you can get better detail on where the multiple pieces of evidence are.

Q So let me start at the top because I haven't asked this for any of other photographs. Right underneath the word "homicide" there's a number 140921-3020. What does that mean?

A That is an event number. Whenever someone calls the police and requests us to come out on something or any time police officer performs a traffic stop, or any sort of event in which we respond to or involved in, it's given what we call an event number.

And that is basically, the first six numbers, the 140921 are the dates with the first two numbers being the year, the second two numbers being the month, and then the last two numbers being the day. Then you have the little dash and then four more numbers, and those last four numbers are

unique. Only one event will ever have that number. So we just start at 0001 and then progress throughout the day up until we get to midnight and then it switches over to the next day's events.

- Q And so by the time that this event gets called into 911, and I think at least the record so far is that there was at least one call by 8:13 p.m., there is 3,020 other calls for service into Metro at that point?
  - A Well, this would be the 3,020th, but yes.
- 10 Q So that's 3,019, I guess
- 11 A Yes.

- 12 Q -- prior to this event?
- 13 A Correct.
  - Q Once you have that unique identifying number for this homicide, what should happen as it relates to further investigation that occurs in the case?
  - A All further investigations that are related specifically to this event number would be all reported under the same event number, that way you can track it all. All the evidence would be marked with this event number so that we knew that it was related to this case. All reports would be marked with this event number so that we know those reports are specifically for that case. And if there were to be any follow-up investigations later down the road, we would use the same event number so that it's all tied together.

Q Now, I think that much of the rest of this fairly self-explanatory, but at the bottom there's a "K. Meckler" and number and then there's a five digit number after that. What is that?

A K. Meckler is the crime scene analyst who actually completed the -- or was responsible for doing the computer generated diagram here. So that's her first initial, her last name and her personnel number.

Q Explain just probably more for the record, but it's color coded, so the legend that's on right-hand side, could you explain what each of those is?

A The colors or --

Q Yeah, for example, it starts out with evidence and there seems to be a whole bunch of green items listed there that's 1 through 10. Can you tell me what all -- well, I guess, it's 1 through 8 and 10 -- what those nine numbers are referenced as.

A Those darker grown items, the 1 through 8 and the item 10 are all marked as the 9 millimeter cartridge cases that we found. And then the lighter -- it's a little hard to see, but the lime green type color, those are all the -- the items 11 through 14 are the .40 caliber cartridge cases that we found. We kind of split it up a lot of times by color that way when you're looking at the diagram, it's easier to differentiate between the different calibers.

Q Okay. And then so there's some other items of evidence that are listed there, and then when you get to the bottom, there's kind of AB1 to AB2 and BT1 and -- to BT3. So what's AB1 to AB2 mean?

A AB1 and AB2 are both apparent bloodstains that we found on the, I guess, the porch or the stoop, whatever you want to call it, that we thought were of interest. So we marked those for collection later on. The same as we did for BT, with I is the blood trail. And it's just a way for us to distinguish between the blood trail and the other random drops that we collected.

Q And so maybe this is self-explanatory; if you were to take the green 1 and you were to find on this diagram where the green 1 was on the diagram, and I'm not sure actually, even the green 1's on here, so let's start with the green 4. Why don't we start with the green 4 and just kind of show the ladies and gentlemen of the jury where is 4 in relationship to on the diagram?

A Yes. Number 1 through 3 are actually out in the street, and I guess, they just didn't catch that when they made the diagram. But number 4 is right here at the front of the, I guess, the sidewalk, the walkway leading up to the front door. Then you have the 5, 6, 7 and 8 are on the sidewalk and on the north side of the sidewalk. North is to the top of the diagram, to the north of the house -- the top

of the house. And then number 10 is actually just inside the doorway right there.

- Q And it is -- even that TV, the nice big TV is a little small, so let me just grab kind of this area that you just talked about. So basically, from this diagram if you go to the photographs, you should be able to find item 4, it should be outside the house near the stoop area and it should be a 9 millimeter cartridge case, essentially?
  - A Correct. Correct.
- 10 Q If all of this is accurate and it works out?
- 11 A Correct.

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- Q And based upon your review, it appears that this is accurate in relationship to the physical evidence you collected?
- 15 A Yes.
  - Q When you arrived on -- or when crime scene analysts arrived on scene, were there two individuals that were photographed at the scene by other members of the crime scene?
- 19 A Yes.
- Q And showing you State's Proposed Exhibit 16 and 17.

  21 Are those two individuals that were photographed at the scene?
  - A Yes.
  - Q And if you know, if you don't know, do you know the name of either one much those individuals?
- 25 A I believe, that's Steven Larsen and Joseph Larsen.

Q Okay. And that appears to accurately reflect what they look like at the scene that night?

A Yes.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I'd move to admit 16 and 17.

MR. LANDIS: No objection.

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MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection.

MS. McNEILL: No objection.

THE COURT: Those will be admitted.

(State's Exhibits 16 and 17 are admitted)

## 10 | BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q Now, in the process of processing a scene or photographing a scene, is there sort of a sequencing of events that occurs?

A Yes. Typically, ideally, if at all possible, we want to photograph the scene before anything has changed or placed inside the scene such as any markers or cones. That way we get an accurate representation of what the scene looked like before we started placing things in there, and to show how we found the scene.

After we've done that, we'll typically start adding markers so it's easier to determine what items of evidence we're actually collecting and that way you can see like, No. 15 and then look on the evidence impound report and say, okay, this is what that is.

Q I'm going to show you State's Proposed Exhibits 18

through 79 and ask you to briefly flip through those and tell me if those appear to be overall photographs taken before any processing was done by the crime scene analysts. I could hold the first half for you.

A (Witness reviewing photographs). Yes. They are the photos taken before we placed markers.

Q Okay. So and they fairly and accurately depict the scene, the overall scene before any processing was done?

A Yes.

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MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 18 through 79.

MR. LANDIS: No objection.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection.

MS. McNEILL: No objection.

THE COURT: Those will be admitted.

(State's Exhibits 18 through 79 are admitted)

16 BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q Now, Mr. Felabom, I'm going to go through sort of maybe not every one of these, but I'm going to basically, walk you and the jury through the scene and I'm going to you to sort of describe for the record the various exhibits that I put up so that we have some sort of record about what it is that we're showing the jury, okay?

A Okay.

Q Thank you. I'm going to start with State's Exhibit
No. 18. What are with he looking at?

A This is directly in front of the residence. The photographer is standing in the middle of the street basically are on the opposite of the street and photographing towards the west.

Q And moving closer then with State's Exhibit 20.

What are we looking at?

A This is the same side -- the same direction, they've

A This is the same side -- the same direction, they've just moved closer to the residence and are just focusing more on the entryway door.

- Q And the entryway door, this may seem obvious, but was there an individual that was lying in that doorway?
  - A There was.

- Q And was that individual eventually identified?
- 14 A I believe, he was, yes.
  - Q So let me move in a little bit closer. I'm actually going to turn to the side here on State's Exhibit No. 24.

    What are we looking at?
  - A So now they are standing on the driveway. They're looking north and that's the porch area right in front of the front door.
  - Q And moving in closer now, State's Exhibit No. 25. What are we looking at?
    - A This is looking down at the porch/stoop area in the front entryway door, and that is where we found the dead body.
      - Q And I'm going to put 27 up just for reference for

the ladies and gentlemen of the jury. That's just the backed out photograph of the sort of door frame; is that correct?

A Correct. They've just reoriented their camera and kind of changed positions a little bit, but they're still looking at the stoop area. They're just more looking inward towards the door and then inside the house a little bit more.

Q And then as we focus in closer, did there appear to be damage to the entranceway of the residence?

A There did.

THE COURT: And which number is this, just for the record.

MR. DiGIACOMO: 28. I apologize. It's Exhibit 28. BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q And could you just show that the ladies and gentlemen of the jury?

A The damage is right here. You can see the back half of the -- there should be wood back here to stop the dead bolt, but that -- that is no longer there.

Q And is there a piece of evidence on the floor sort of in the pool of blood associated with the victim in this case that is consistent with what that piece of wood should have been?

A There is. There is some of the molding and the door frame on the floor just inside the door.

Q So now I'm going to walk my way into the crime scene

a little bit. State's Exhibit No. 32. Just quickly for the record, if you could tell us what it is we're looking at.

A This is -- they're standing on the walkway leading up to the porch area and it's just a view looking down at the front porch.

- Q And if we were to go down here by the feet of the victim in this case, what are with he looking at?
  - A That is a cartridge case.
- Q Okay. And so then in order to look at that and then pull up State's Exhibit No. 15 again -- oops. Read that wrong. It's 13. If we were to pull up sort of the leg of the victim, that number 8 would represent, generally, the cartridge case?
  - A Correct.

- Q So moving inside the residence, State's Exhibit 33. What are we looking at?
- A This is the entryway of the residence standing just outside the front door looking inside off to the right as what we were calling the weight room, there were weight benches and stuff inside there. And then a tile floor leading back to the back of the photograph into the kitchen and dining room.
- Q And State's Exhibit No. 34 is the opposite angle of that?
- A Correct. They basically walked inside. They're at the opposite end of the hall -- the entryway. They've turned

around and they're now photographing back in towards the front door.

- Q Okay at some point, does the coroner arrive or does somebody arrive, I guess, and locate an identification for the individual in the -- that's in that doorway?
  - A They did.
  - Q And can you read that identification for the record?
  - A Monty Charles Gibson.

THE COURT: And what exhibit was that?

MR. DiGIACOMO: And that's State's Exhibit 37.

BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

- Q So now I'm just going to sort of walk you around the downstairs and start with State's Exhibit No. 38. What are we looking at?
- A So they are now standing in that weight room area that I was describing. They're on the north side of the entryway and they're looking back towards the east, southeast towards the front door. You can see the tiled entryway along the right-hand side of the photograph.
- Q And so now I'm just going to slowly turn us around here and State's Exhibit 40, we've just sort of panned right from the last photograph?
- A Yes. They've repositioned towards -- this -- this right here would be the front door on the other side of that wall and so they're looking now towards the -- the southwest.

Q And 41. What are we looking at?

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- A Now they're standing in the weight room area, but they're standing just to the right of the front door. The front door would be down over here a little bit. And they're, again, looking back into the house further with the dining room, and the living room, and the kitchen in the back.
  - Q And this railing up here represents what?
  - A Be that is the stairway to the second floor.
- Q And then back behind this wall, what would we expect to find?
  - A That is where the kitchen and the dining room were.
- Q And if you were to come back this hallway and go to the left, what would you find?
- A That is where the living room was.
- Q And now I'm going to go to State's Exhibit No. 45. What are we looking at here?
- A In this photograph, they are taking picture -they're standing in the carpeted living room. You can see
  that delineation there on the floor. So they're in the living
  room and they're looking north towards the dining room area
  and the kitchen.
- Q And then if you were to flip around, State's Exhibit No. 49. Oops, I guess, that's probably farther in, but which direction are we looking now?
- 25 A Now we're standing in the kitchen and we're looking

south towards the living room area in the background there.

- Q Now, on the counter on this kitchen, you can see it slightly in this photograph, but in State's Exhibit No. 53, does it look to be some uneaten food sitting there?
- A Yes, there was some food and some drink on the -- on the countertop island there.
- Q And then way back in this region in the back, if I were to pull State's Exhibit No. 54, what is over in that back area on the kitchen counter?
- A On the left-hand side of this photograph here is a Taurus revolver.
- Q Now I'm going to sort of quickly go through the upstairs. So let's start first with 56. This might have been self-explanatory for the other photographs, but how do you get upstairs in this house?
- A The stairway is right on the south side of the entryway -- on the south side of the weight room area on the south side of the entryway walkway tiled area.
- Q And so when you get to the top of the stairs, what's to your right?
- A At the top of the stairs to the right is what we were calling the master bedroom.
- Q So then I'm going to put up State's Exhibit 59. What is it that we're look at here?
- A This is a view of the master bedroom with the -- the

bed and a desk.

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- Q And then if we were to turn and 61 -- well, let me back up for just a second here. You said the desk is -- what I just circled there is sort of a desk area off to the side of the master beds?
- A That's correct.
- Q And then there's a closed foot locker at the base of the bed?
  - A Correct.
- 10 Q 61. Are we still within the master?
- A We are. We've moved to the side of the bed. We're looking towards the back. There's an attached bathroom and closet area.
  - Q So while we're still in the master bedroom, I want to focus in on that desk we showed you before, State's Exhibit No. 66. Did you take some close-ups of the items that were contained on this desk?
    - A Yes, there were some closer photographs, yes.
- Q And let's start with 67. What is that item on the left side of the desk?
- 21 A It's like a vacuum type food sealer machine.
- Q And 68. What is it you're attempting to document in that photograph?
  - A Here, we found a residue of a green leafy substance.

- Now, did you do any actual testing on that green 1 Q 2 leafy substance? We did not. 3 Α Did it appear to be consistent with anything you've 4 5 seen before in your career? Yes. 6 Α And what did it appear to be consistent with? Q It was consistent with marijuana. 8 Α Other than on this desk, was there some on the floor 9 Q 10 as well? 11 Α There was. 12 Let's go to that foot locker, State's Exhibit 69. Q What's contained within that foot locker? 13 Inside is some ammunition and, I believe, a gun 14 15 case. And I'll just quickly through the rest of this. 16 Q 17 you come out of the master bedroom, State's Exhibit No. 72, you're now on just -- well, what are we looking at? 18 Here you're standing in the doorway to the master 19 Α bedroom looking to the northwest-ish, and directly across from 20 the -- this will be straight across the hallway from the 22 master bedroom doors is another bedroom door, and then you have a closet, small closet here, a bathroom here and then 23 another bedroom all the way on the lefthand side. 24
  - Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

So item 74, the one directly across the way, is that

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the bedroom we're talking about? 1 2 Correct. Α And did there appear to be anything of evidentiary Q value within that room? 4 5 Α No. I'll put up the hallway for -- so they can -- so now 6 Q if you're at the top of the stairs, where is the master bedroom if I'm the cameraman right now? 8 Here, the master bedroom would be on the left-hand 9 Α side of the photograph and the bedroom that we just looked at 10 would be on the right-hand side. 11 And you said there's a bathroom and then there is 12 0 13 two more bedrooms? Correct. 14 Α So, State's Exhibit No. 78, is -- which bedroom is 15 Q 16 this? Is this the first one or the last one? 17 This will be the -- the -- the northwest bedroom, Α the one that you could see in that previous photo, the 18 doorway. 19 20 And then 79. 21 And this is the west bedroom, which is next to the -- the northwest bedroom, the south side of that picture. 22 23 MR. DiGIACOMO: May we approach, Judge? 24 THE COURT: Yes. 25 (Off-record bench conference) Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to 1 THE COURT: take our afternoon break, 15 minutes, until 3:30, around the 2 witness will also be able to take a break. And -- but he'll come back to the stand to continue. He's not done yet. 4 5 So ladies and gentlemen, during this recess, it is your duty not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else 6 on any subject connected with the trial or read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial by any 8 person connected with the trial or by any medium of information, including without limitation, newspaper, 10 television, radio or Internet. You are not to form or express 11 12 an opinion on any subject connected with this case until it's finally submitted to you. We'll be in recess until 3:30. 13 All rise for the jury, please. 14 THE MARSHAL: (Jury recessed at 3:12 p.m.) 15 All right, the record will reflect the 16 THE COURT: 17 jury has departed the courtroom. And any matters outside the 18 presence? 19 MR. DiGIACOMO: Not from the State. MR. LANDIS: No, ma'am. 20 MS. McNEILL: 21 No, Your Honor 22 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No. 23 We'll be in recess until 3:30. THE COURT: 24 (Court recessed at 3:13 p.m. until 3:34 p.m.) 25 (In the presence of the jury) Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

THE MARSHAL: Your Honor, all jurors and alternates are present.

THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. And the record will reflect that we are in the presence of all 12 members of the jury as well as the 4 alternates. All three defendants are present with their respective counsel. The Chief Deputies District Attorney prosecuting the case are present, as are all officers of the court.

And Mr. DiGiacomo, you may resume your direct.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you. And for the record, right now on the top half of the screen is State's Exhibit No. 13, and I'm going to --

## BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q Now, during the course of your processing of the scene, did you notice what appeared to be defects in the -- in various locations associated with what appeared to be gunfire?

A We did.

Q Okay. And did you document that in some manner?

A We did.

Q I'm going to show you State's Proposed Exhibits 80 through 140. I'm not going to ask you to look at every one of them, but if you'd just briefly flip through them. Having previously shown counsel, I think they'll agree those were, in fact, the photographs showing the various defects concerning the various gunshots.

THE WITNESS: Correct. 1 I'd move to admit 80 to 140. 2 MR. DiGIACOMO: Okay. No objection. 3 MR. LANDIS: What? THE CLERK: 4 sorry. 5 80 through 140. THE COURT: MR. DiGIACOMO: 80 through 140. 6 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. No objection. MS. McNEILL: 8 They'll be admitted, 80 through 140. 9 THE COURT: (State's Exhibits 80 through 140 are admitted) 10 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 11 12 So in order to -- so we don't have to go through 0 whatever that is, 60 some odd photographs --13 14 Um-h'm. Α -- I'm going to put up maybe we just start with A 15 since it's simple, so you can sort of describe how this works 16 17 and then the jury can sort of figure it out and then maybe we'll just go through each one of the trajectories you were 18 able to find. 19 20 Α Okay. So let's start with State's Exhibit 80, which is 22 going to look very similar to something that was put up before. And of course, I made the mistake of not putting that 23 one on the -- so let me just put this one on the bottom and 24 25 we'll leave it there so that the jury can see it. So on the

bottom is State's Exhibit No. 13 and on the top is State's Exhibit No. 80. And if I were to zoom in on something -- well, let me ask you this, are the cones at all associated with firearms?

A No, those are marking some areas of blood.

Q So when they go through the crime scene diagram -- or the crime scene photographs, what are these little pink things that we're going to see throughout the crime scene?

A When we're documenting bullet holes, we typically will use these little colored stickers and on the stickers are an arrow and a scale so that when you're looking at the photograph, you can have a reference to how big the hole actually is. And then be we'll mark on the sticker itself giving it a unique letter and number to denote what series we believe the bullet holes are all a part of.

Q So if I were to put up State's 82, what is it that we're looking at?

A Here, we're looking at the east side of the little pillar that's on the south end of the -- of the porch area, so right here, sort of. Right in there. We found a bullet hole there. And I described, you have the arrow sticker with the scale and the unique letter and number of Al denoting the series.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Because these screens are not very accurate when you put your fingers on it, can I ask witness to

step up and use the large screen?

THE COURT: Sure, but we'll give him a handheld microphone so we'll be able to pick him up.

MR. LANDIS: Can I reposition to see what he's --

THE COURT: Of course.

(Pause in the proceedings)

## BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q So if you're looking at 13 on the bottom here and you want to show the jury sort of the direction that the bullet traveled and what it struck in A1, could you just kind of show that to them?

A So on A1, it struck right down here on the front side of this pillar, this black -- this black block here is a pillar that supports the roof over the -- over the porch area. It struck that pillar, but because we only had one hole there, you can't draw a straight line through just one point of reference. You have to have two points of reference to be able to get a line.

So we couldn't really put a trajectory rod in there to get a reference from what angle it came at, but it obviously had to come somewhere from the east side of this pillar because there was no hole on the backside of the pillar.

Q So generally, it came from the front yard, street, that direction? It couldn't have come from inside the house

out?

A Correct.

Q Okay. Now, Al, did you -- or did you make a decision as to whether or not you were going to tear that pillar apart to find that particular bullet?

A We chose not to. It would have caused significant damage to the house to destroy that pillar to find the bullet because we didn't know if it was right behind there or did it fall down to the bottom, in which case we would have been knocking off all the stucco and ripping it apart.

Q And did you recover a number of other pieces of firearms related evidence from inside the house?

A We did.

Q And in your experience, is the representative sample of evidence sufficient for to you draw certain conclusions later on?

A Correct. It's sort of a balance between how much damage are you going to do to the property versus the evidentiary value of that one specific item.

Q And ultimately, at the end of the day, if there were some really significant evidentiary value that later came up, it's locked within that cement thing that you could go back later and grab it?

A Correct. Any repairs, most likely, this would just patch the hole. They wouldn't actually try to recover the

bullet out of it.

Q So let's move inside Exhibit No. 83. Maybe this is a little small and maybe for some of these we don't have to worry about the bottom, so let's just make it a little bit bigger, and show us, do you see essentially, what you guys marked off as B?

A B, I believe, is this one right here. You can see the sticker and you can actually see some little bit of --

- Q The bottom one that I'm do here with? This one?
- 10 A Correct.
  - Q Okay. And the path of that bullet, did you guys try and determine what that path was?

A We did. We eventually ended up pulling the carpet up and tried to look for the bullet, and you could actually see the path it took underneath the carpet.

Q So then we stick up State's Exhibit No. 86. What are with he looking at there?

A Here you're looking -- the carpet has been pulled back. The padding is still down, and then you can actually see where there's some damage to the -- to the padding here and you can see some more stickers down there in the back.

Q And then if we were to go to -- you actually found the bullet underneath that carpet?

A We did. We found the bullet. It was between -- it was on top of the padding but underneath the carpet, and it

was that little sticker that you saw in the background of that 1 previous photograph. And thus, that --3 Q And for the record --THE COURT: 4 5 BY MS. LEXIS: -- bullet also came --6 Q THE COURT: For the record, which photo is this because you didn't say. 8 Did I not say it was --9 MR. DiGIACOMO: The close-up. 10 THE COURT: MS. LEXIS: 87. 11 MR. DiGIACOMO: 87. 12 THE COURT: 87, thank you. 13 14 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: On 87, the bullet, B3, as I'll call it, was that 15 Q also apparently from the front of the house towards the back 16 of the house? 17 18 Α Correct. So now, C, and I will put up 88, is this similar to 19 the trajectory pattern for B? 20 A It is. It's along the same angle. It appeared to 22 be coming from the front entry doorway in towards the back of the house. And you can see there's a couple areas of defect 23 24 involved in this specific letter. 25 Now, when you first marked that item as C, did you

intend to keep that path C and travel as far as you could until you either found the bullet or couldn't go any farther?

A We did.

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Q And initially, what was your belief as it related to that bullet pattern?

A Initially, we felt that the bullet was most likely going to be under the carpet as well, but that turned out to not be the case.

Q And thus, had you already marked where you believed to be this bullet ricocheting too within the seam?

A We had. We had already marked all of the other bullet holes and what we determined happened was the bullet actually ricocheted off the floor, underneath the carpet, came out and struck another hole on the west wall of the weight room area, and we had already marked that and photographed it as E1, so we chose rather than redoing all the photographs, we just chose to note that.

Q So if I were to follow C along, and now jump it into E, when you're talking about the wall, that pink sticker right there, is that the E1 sticker that we're talking about?

A It is. And then basically, all the weight room area would be back basically, where you're all sitting right now.

THE COURT: And which photo is that?

MR. DiGIACOMO: And that is 90.

25 BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q And so if I were going to follow E, and then I'd stick up State's Exhibit No. 96, where are we now?

A So now we're in the kitchen, but on that wall that had the E1 on the backside -- on the kitchen side was a pantry area. So what you're looking at is your standing in the kitchen, the kitchen area is basically back behind where I'm at, and this is the wall in common with that weight room area. And the bullet has come all the way through and it's come in through the pantry area.

Q And then State's Exhibit 98, if we keep following that bullet, what happens to it?

A So if you remember on the diagram there was that kitchen island in the center of the kitchen. That was right next to the pantry. So the bullet traveled across the kitchen through the panty and then actually struck the island and it went through the door. There's actually another sticker on the other side of this door, but it goes all the way through the door and then it goes into this NuWave hot plate.

Q And eventually, we get to State's Exhibit No. 101. Was that recovered?

A It was. This is actually the inside of that hot plate. Once it's out of the bag, the -- the glass cover of it was shattered. We picked the piece out, dumped it out, and we found this bullet inside among all the -- all the innards of it.

Q And the trajectory of C and E, is that consistent with the same as A and B being front of the house, the back of the house?

A Correct.

Q So let's move on to F, and that's State's Exhibit
No. 95. Is F contained on -- or sorry, let me jump back. Let
me jump back to D since I'm going in alphabetical order here
and do 91. So where does D strike?

A So D again, strikes down in the carpet, like B and C did. And you can see where the E is up there at the top.

Q And then 94, do you recover a firearms related evidence associated with D?

A We did. Again, we pulled the carpet and we're looking. We didn't find it, so we pulled up the padding and underneath the padding, this is the little tack strip that your carpet gets tacked down to, and this is that wall right below where the E hole was, the E1, and we found a bullet on the -- on the -- on the base floor.

Q Once again, maybe obvious, consistent with front of the house to back of the house?

A Correct.

Q That would be the fourth shot front to back?

A Correct.

Q Now I'm going to jump to F, and I think since the jury has seen one overall of that, let's just jump to 102.

What are we looking at?

A This is that west wall of the weight room area. So the -- the E1 marker is over in this area, and then this is an F1 marker. It's on the -- to the north of the E1 marker.

Q And if you go to 103.

A So again, this is the pantry. We're looking -we're in the kitchen. We're looking at that wall in common
with the weight room, and down here you can see the E2 hole
where the bullet came through from the E series. And then up
at the top here, you can see where the F2 is on the opposite
side of that wall.

Q State's Exhibit 105, it's mashed as F3, why is that?

A This is the island countertop inside the kitchen. I don't know if you noticed it on the photograph where we were showing the NuWave, but this is that cabinet door right down here where the E bullet went through the door and hit the NuWave. So right above that, this is that -- that northeast corner of that island. The bullet struck here and basically bounced off after damaging that countertop.

Q And 106, was the F bullet recovered?

A Correct. And this is on the floor right at the -- by the northeast corner of that island countertop.

Q And I'm not going to go through all of these, but where you could, did you put trajectory rods in so you could sort of see the trajectory of the bullets?

A We did.

Q And for 107, State's Exhibit 107, is there a trajectory rods there for both the E and the F holes that were in that west wall?

A There are.

Q So let's move on to G, State's Exhibit No. 108. What are we looking at?

A So you're standing in that entryway hallway area. Off to the right is that carpeted weight room area. You have the stairway over here on the left, and then you have what normally would be a wall, but they've obviously, opened it up so you can get into the dining room, the kitchen area. And on this little drop down area from the ceiling, we found a bullet hole.

- Q And that's marked by G1?
- 16 A Correct.
  - Q And on the backside of that, if I were to put up State's Exhibit No. 110, what are we looking at?

A Now, we're standing in the dining room area and we're looking back towards the front door. The -- you can actually see a little bit of the -- the hole -- or the -- the sticker from the G1. It's hanging down here. And the bullet came all the way through that little support beam or drop down wall and came out through the other side into the dining room area.

Q And 113. What do we got?

A So here we're standing back a little bit. We're in the dining room area. We're facing the west. This is that sliding glass door that was in the dining room area. And this is where the bullet that went through that beam above the doorway, it came through and struck the ceiling and went into the ceiling of the dining room area.

- Q And eventually, in 115, were you able to dig that item out?
- 10 A We were.

- Q And like all the ones we've talked about previously, is this from front of the house to back of the house?
  - A Correct.
- Q And H, I'll start with 112. And I may have to zoom in, about you just as sort of to orient us first, and then I'll zoom in sort of to this area here. What are we looking at?
- A This is that back wall of the dining room area between the -- between the kitchen and the sliding glass door. You could see the -- the -- the G series hole in the ceiling. You could see the kitchen to the -- to the right-hand side and just in that back wall we found another bullet hole in that west dining room wall.
- Q Now, did you make some efforts to see if you could recover that bullet?

A We did. We initially knocked out a part of this wall up here to find if -- if it had gone in and fallen or if it was still in there maybe in the insulation or like that. We didn't see it up in the top, so then we went down to the baseboards. We knocked more of the wall down at the bottom and we couldn't find it there either.

- Q And so at least when you left after processing the scene, H had yet to be recovered?
  - A Correct.

- Q Once again, though, there's no hole in the exterior wall of the home, so this firearm -- or this shot must have occurred from front of the house to back?
- A Correct. And in the backyard we did look at the exterior of the wall. There was no hole. So the bullet didn't pass through and it didn't come through from the west side.
- Q I, State's Exhibit No. 118. Maybe if I turn this slightly. Well, no, I guess that's oriented correctly.
  - A Yeah, that's fine.
  - Q Can you tell what we're looking at?
- A So now we're standing, basically, with the doorway will be behind where I'm at, and you're looking down. Down in here would be the dining room. The kitchen is off to here.

  The weight room is off to where you're -- you're sitting. And we found a bullet in the -- or a bullet hole in the ceiling

right above the -- the entry walkway, that tiled entry walkway.

Q And then following it up, 121. Did you find an exit wound on the carpet below?

A Correct. We're now up on the second floor in the hallway on the second floor. The bullet actually went all the way through the floor and actually came out right here. You can see a little bit of the carpet fiber defects.

Q Following that trajectory 122, do you follow where it goes?

A So we're still standing in that hallway. We're facing west. So the master bedroom would be over here off to our left. And down here would be the doorway to the west bedroom, and you can see up here where we've marked the bullets continued going at an upward angle through the floor and then went into the bedroom door.

Q For orientation purposes, 124. And it's hard to see. Could you see it on that photograph or do you know the trajectory of that bullet from the door that's in the hallway to the --

A Yeah.

Q -- rest of the room?

A Yeah, I can see it. Now we're inside that west bedroom and we're looking north. So on the left-hand side you have a little closet area and you have that doorway to the

hallway that we just showed with the bullet hole in it. And right up in here, you can see where the bullet actually came through the door and we have that marked with a little pink arrow, and it traveled across -- up and across this little entryway and went into the -- the closet wall.

- Q Did you make efforts to recover the "I" bullet as well?
  - A I believe, we did.

- Q Now -- oh, I guess I should ask for the record, I, once again, it's front to back of the house, but at a steeper angle, I guess?
- A Correct. It was at a -- it was at an upward angle, which is why it went through the floor, and then continued upward, and hit the top of the door and then went into the closet.
- Q So now I want to go from back of the house to front. And I'm going to start with J, which is 127. Can you see J on there? Do you want me to put up a close-up of it?
- A No, I see it. So J, we're standing, basically, here's what little archway between the entryway and the dining room, which is where we would all be right now. And this is the stairway leading up, and you can see the hole right here next to those steps.
- Q And so, 128. That is a close-up of that particular bole, correct?

A Correct.

- Q And was there a trajectory rod placed to see if it was sort of from back of the house to front of the house in State's Exhibit No. 129?
- A Correct. This is where we placed a couple more trajectory rods, yes.
- Q And so that gunshot appears to have occurred from sort of somewhere in the area of the kitchen towards the front of the house or maybe a little bit to the side because it wound up in the side of that stairs?
- A Correct. It would be -- it would have come somewhere from the -- most likely the -- the west end of the -- of the residence.
- Q So let me jump to K, which is 131. What are we looking at here?
- A So here we're standing in the entryway. You have the front door right here. And this is actually a little closet that goes underneath the stairway, and you can see right here we found a bullet hole and it's just to the -- to the right side or the west side of that closet door.
- Q And 132 is a close-up of an effort to try and recover that bullet. Were you ever able to -- or did you decide to recover that bullet?
- A Once we saw that it went into the door frame and the stud, we decided that it could cause too many damage to -- to

cut into that to recover that bullet.

- Q Based upon the entrance at K1 and the striking of that stud, though, were you able to make a determination if that's, once again, from back of the house to front of the house?
- A Correct.

- Q State's Exhibit No. 135, what are we looking at?
- A So now we're standing in that entryway, that tiled entryway. You have the carpeted weight room over here to the left and you have the stairway over to right. You have the front door right there. So right to the left-hand or the north side of the doorway we found a bullet hole and we labeled that L1.
- Q 136, was there an exit wound or an -- I guess, exit wound -- but an exit point for that shot?
- A Correct. So this is we're on the opposite side of that wall that we just looked at and we're standing on the -- the little porch area and can see where it has come out through the -- the wall and disrupted all this stucco around that area.
- Q And if you were to follow the path of that particular bullet, did it appear to be consistent with 138, M, on the wall across the street?
- A Correct. Across the street from the residence there were more houses, and their -- their backyards had walls, the

cinder block walls all the way around. So this is, we're looking straight out from the residence basically from the front of the residence across the street and we found two bullet strikes up here in the wall.

Q And the one that's on that column, M, the one that's, I guess, lower on that wall, did you draw any conclusions about L2 and M?

A After sticking a trajectory rod through the L1 and be L2 hole on the side of the doorway there, we saw that it pointed fairly consistently with -- with this impact over in M1, so we were fairly certain that M1 was actually a continuation of the L series.

- Q And then 140. That's N?
- 14 A Correct.

Q Which appeared to be consistent with a bullet strike?

A Correct. And that was the one that was higher up on the wall to the right of the M series that we just looked at.

Q Now, we talked briefly about sort of there's physical evidence there at the scene. Do you mark the photographs of the physical evidence with any sort of identifying feature after now you've done overalls and now you've shot trajectories, do you then start marking or maybe in between start marking pieces of evidence?

A Correct. We have little tent markers. They have

numbers on them so that they correspond with whatever we're 1 going to number the items of evidence and they also have a scale to -- so that when we take pictures, we have a reference to -- to how big they -- the items that we're looking at 4 5 actually are. And these items should be consistent with the crime 6 scene diagram, these placards that we're looking at? 8 Correct. Α I'm going to show you -- State's Proposed Exhibit 9 Q 141 through 169 and ask you if this appears to be placards for 10 -- (inaudible) for you. 11 12 Sir, we we need a mic on you. THE MARSHAL: I'm going to talk into this one. 13 MR. DiGIACOMO: THE COURT RECORDER: Oh, he's got that one. 14 15 THE MARSHAL: Thank you. THE COURT RECORDER: He just took it. 16 17 Are we looking at 141 through 160? THE COURT: MR. DiGIACOMO: 169, I believe. 18 Oh, 169. 19 THE COURT: Oh, 141? 20 THE CLERK: Yep. Thank you. 22 MR. DiGIACOMO: (Inaudible) back here. 23 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 24 So now looking at 141 through 169, does that appear Q 25 to be true, fair and accurate pictures of basically the

locations of the yellow placards marking your evidence? 1 It does. 2 Α MR. DiGIACOMO: Move to admit 141 to 169. THE COURT: Any objection? 4 5 No objection. MR. LANDIS: MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 6 MS. McNEILL: No objection. Those will be admitted. THE COURT: 8 (State's Exhibits 141 through 169 are admitted) 9 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 10 So let's start with -- let's also orient it with 11 0 142. Do you see item placards 1, 2 and 3 in that photograph? 12 13 I do. Α And those two orange cones that are kind of the 14 larger cones, do you know what those are? 15 Those are traffic cones. When the first responding 16 17 officers arrived, they found these cartridge cases in the street, and part of their responsibility is just to preserve 18 the crime scene until others can arrive. 19 So in order to preserve these cartridge cases, make 20 sure no one ran over them, no one kicked them or anything like 22 that, they place these traffic cones on both sides to warn people that there's something on the ground because they can 23 be small and not easily visible at times, especially at night. 24 25 Instead of putting up one of each one, but 1, 2 and

3 and I'm going to put up State's Exhibit 144, those are all 9 millimeter cartridge cases?

A They are.

Q So let's jump forward to 4, 5 -- just 4, 5 right now. So, 145. So as you walk closer into the location, you now have 4, 5 and I guess you could see 8 on this photograph as well; is that correct?

A Correct. 7 is there as well, but because of the position of it, it -- the marker couldn't fit where it needed to be, so we just kind of placed it there. But you can see 7 is right there. So we have 4, 5, 7 and 8.

Q And 4, 5, 7 and 8 are all 9 millimeter cartridge cases as well?

A They are.

Q And, 147, we can show where 6 is. Where is 6?

A 6 is on the inside of this little planter area, which is why you couldn't see it in the previous photo. You have these little decorative concrete things blocking the view. But from this view you can see its orientation to 5, 7 and 8. And 5 is actually down in between these two blocks here.

Q So before I get to 9, I'm going to jump to 10 for just a second, and that's 152. It's Exhibit 152. 10 is actually inside the residence?

A It is.

Q And 10 is what?

- A 10 is also a 9 millimeter cartridge case.
- Q So let me jump back to 9 on State's Exhibit 141. Do you see where 9 is located in this photograph?

A I do. Number 9 is down here at the bottom right-hand side of the screen. So we're basically on the opposite of the street to 1661 Broadmere. We're looking across the street. You can see the 1, 2 and 3 cartridge cases over here. You have the front of the residence here. You have the number 9 here, which is a bullet fragment, and then like right behind us where the block wall would be is where you would have the -- the bullet strikes that we marked as M1 and N1.

- Q So there's a small bullet fragment there consistent with the bullet strikes that you had right behind you?
  - A Correct.
- Q Okay. So now let's jump to 11 and 12 and it's 154.

  11 and 12 are within the residence and closer now to the kitchen area?
- A Correct. So we're standing in the entryway tiled area again. And you have the -- the carpeted weight room area over here to the right, the stairway's here to the left. Back here you have the -- the dining room area and you have two .40 caliber cartridge cases marked by numbers 11 and 12 here on the floor.

- Q And, 157. We have items 13 and 14. What do we got?
- A So now we're standing in the living room area.

That's where the carpeted area is. And we're looking into the kitchen and the dining room area. Over here they're side way to us now, but those are the previous two markers with the .40 caliber cartridge cases that we found. And we now have 13 and 14, which are also .40 caliber cartridge cases.

- Q So, 11 through 14 are four .40 caliber cartridge cases?
- 10 A Correct.

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- Q And the 9 millimeters, 1 through 8 and 10 there are basically nine 9 millimeter cartridge cases located at the scene that is the house?
- 14 A Correct.
- Q And then number 15, and I'm going to put up for you 16 161, that is the .38 caliber revolver?
  - A Correct. This is, if you remember from earlier, on the kitchen island next to call the food and drink, it was on the north side of the island.
    - Q 162, did you check if the gun was loaded?
- 21 | A We did.
- 22 Q And what did you find?
- A We found that it was loaded with two cartridge cases. You can see they've both been fired and then one cartridge and it has two empty cylinders.

- Q So it's a five shot revolver?
- A Correct.

- Q And then if I go to 163, are those the two cartridge cases and the cartridge that was found within that weapon?
- A Correct. This is where we've -- we've removed those three items to just ensure that they actually were cartridge cases and that they had actually been fired.
- Q 164, item 16 is inside the residence next to sort of the weight room?
- A Correct. So the weight room over -- be over here on the left. You have the stairway over on the right-hand side and then 16 is on the floor right here on the tile floor and it turned out to be a tooth.
  - Q 165, looks like a tooth within the residence?
- A Correct. This is a closer view just to show the size. You have the little scale here. These are centimeters. And it's just a top down view of it.
- Q I don't have a close-up of item number 17, but do you recall what item number 17 is?
  - A I believe, that was the molding from the doorway.
- Q Correct. That -- well, I guess I could show you 13 so I don't testify, but in State's Exhibit 13 if I were to inform you that, sorry, item 17 is identified as broken molding, is that that piece of wood that we saw lying over the blood pool at the front door?

1 Α Correct. So now I'm going to go sort of outside and put up 2 Well, maybe I'll put up 167 instead, and we can do it 3 all with one photograph. Is there an item number 18 inside 4 5 this photograph? It's right over here on the left-hand 6 There is. side of the screen. It's a little hard to read these signs, but this here is Broadmere going this direction and this 8 street here, I believe, is Long Cattle. 9 Okay. Did you collect a .40 caliber Glock firearm 10 Q somewhere within the neighborhood crime scene? 11 We did. 12 Α And showing you State's Exhibit 170, what are we 13 Q looking at? 14 This is a Dodge Challenger parked in front of the 15 Α residence, and you can -- you can see the entryway door here. 16 17 The garage door's been opened, and you can see some of those smaller orange cones that -- that were visible in some of the 18 previous photos. 19 20 Q And 171. Okay, wait a minute. I don't think we've -- we had admitted --22 MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, did I not offer this? 23 24 THE COURT: -- beyond 169. 25 MR. DiGIACOMO: I'd better do those three then.

1 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 2 Sir, I'm going to show you 170, 171 and 172 and ask you if those appear to be photographs taken of a Glock .40 in a vehicle that was associated with the scene. 4 5 They are. Α THE COURT: All right. 6 Move to admit 170 to 172. MR. DiGIACOMO: No objection. MR. LANDIS: 8 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 9 No objection. 10 MS. McNEILL: All right. But we couldn't hear what 11 THE COURT: 12 those were when you said that because the microphone was away. My apologies. 13 THE WITNESS: That's all right. 14 THE COURT: (State's Exhibits 170, 171, and 172 are admitted) 15 16 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 17 So why don't I go back to 170 just for the record. Q Is that a Dodge Charger that was located at the scene? 18 19 Α Correct. We're at the front of the residence. You can see the front entryway with some of the smaller orange 20 cones that were mark the blood trail in the driveway. 22 Then throwing up 171, that's in the trunk of that Q Did you recover a .40 caliber Glock firearm? 23 vehicle. 24 I did. Α 25 Now, some but not all of these have been previously Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

admitted.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I have to get to your microphone before I talk.

THE COURT RECORDER: It doesn't pick both of you up MR. DiGIACOMO: I'm going to do one at a time.

THE COURT RECORDER: Okay, thank you.

## BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

I'm going to show you what's been marked as -- well, I think were admitted for some of these. How about marked as 180 through 198, with the exception of anything else that's been admitted previously, which I think there's three of them. But go ahead and flip through those. And now I'm going to show you what's previously been admitted as 173 through 179 just so you can briefly look at those.

I'm going to stand here by this mic so that you can hold that mic and ask you; does this appear to be photographs taken of a secondary scene down on Long Cattle that involved a rifle as well as some bloody items?

A Correct.

Q As they've already seen these, they haven't seen the diagram, though, so let me put up first Exhibit No. 12 and ask you -- after I flip it over -- to just, for the ladies and gentlemen of the jury so they understand what we're looking at when they're looking at State's Exhibit 12.

A This is a enlarged version of that larger

residential map. If you remember there were the two circled areas. This is that second circled area that was south and to the east of the original scene. This is Long Cattle Avenue right here along the top and then we have two residences, 10013 and 10019, which is on the east side. And there were also two vehicles involved, a Honda Accord parked in the driveway and a Ford F150 in the street.

MR. DiGIACOMO: And Judge, I'm going to offer the remaining unadmitted exhibits from 180 to 198, which I believe there's one or two within there that have been previously admitted, but I'd offer them all.

MR. LANDIS: No objection.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection.

MS. McNEILL: No objection.

THE COURT: Those will be admitted.

(State's Exhibits 180 through 198 are admitted)
BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q I'm not going to go back and show the jury the pictures of the items within the truck, but just so that we

know what we're talking about here, 179, those are the gloves?

A Yes, there were a pair of gloves in the truck bed that -- that we found back there.

Q And then item 19, it doesn't have a placard, but it may be self-explanatory. I'm going to put up 181. I guess we could rotate it if we had to here.

A This is a Hi-Point rifle that we found in the truck bed as well along with the gloves, and it's a 9 millimeter.

- Q And the work shirt that's item 21 found on the ground, State's Exhibit 184, did you lay it out and photograph it?
- A Correct. This we found on the ground, on the street right at the back of the truck by the truck bed door.
- Q And if I were to zoom in on it, it looks like it's an electrician's work shirt?
- A Correct. That appeared to be some form of a uniform type shirt.
- Q On the ground near the black vehicle, State's Exhibit 187, were there some bloody clothes?
- A Correct. The vehicle that was parked in the driveway just at the end of the driveway there was a pair of pants here, which is marked as item 22 as well as a pair of shoes.
- Q And did you document whether or not there was any defect in the pants consistent with the bullet hole?
  - A We did.

- Q And is that indicated on this photograph?
- A Correct. Again, we used the little sticker with the arrow on it and a little scale here. And if you look kind of closely this little really dark area, you can see that's actually a hole in the fabric.

Q And I want to jump inside that black vehicle that's in the driveway, 192. Within the vehicle first, when you guys arrived is that seat leaned down like that when you were processing the scene?

A Yes, this is how we found the car. It's -- the door was open, the seat was laid back like that, and you can see some of the -- the blood on the door handle.

Q And did there appear to be a significant amount of blood within that vehicle, and I'll put up 193 as sort of a representation of it. This area here, what are you attempting to document?

A This we believed to be blood kind of wiped off a little bit onto the fabric. They're fabric seats, they're not leather, so they kind of absorb.

Q And then 194, what is that item there?

A That item there is actually a sock, and it's red because it's got a bunch of -- it soaked up a lot of blood.

Q On the floor of this vehicle down here, do you collect that item and lay it out in State's Exhibit No. 198?

A I do. That's a ski mask. That was that orange ski mask which was on the floor board of the vehicle, and we found it, and it -- it was like this. We found it inside out.

Q My final area of pictures for this afternoon is State's Proposed Exhibits 199 to 216. Did you document with both photography and swabbing the blood trail all the way from

Broadmere all the way to the end of Shifting Winds when the blood trail ran out on our diagram?

A We did.

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Q And showing you 199 to 216, is that a true, fair and accurate depiction of the blood trail?

A Yes, it is.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I'd move to admit 199 to 216.

MR. LANDIS: No objection.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection.

MS. McNEILL: No objection.

THE COURT: Those will be admitted as well.

(State's Exhibits 199 to 216 are admitted)

## BY MR. DiGIACOMO:

Q And I'm certainly not going to put up the entire blood trail here, but let's start with 200 just so you can sort of describe. We those two -- those are the same two orange cones that had the cartridge cases by them; is that correct?

A That is correct. We're -- we're standing in front of the Broadmere address. You can see the -- the driveway here with the smaller cones that were visible in some of the other photos. Then you have the two larger traffic cones that were placed there. The only thing that's missing is we haven't placed out the -- the small numbered yellow placards yet.

Q As you turn to your left in 201, and if I were to zoom in on these, those cones don't appear to be standing up. Why is that?

A Typically, if we are looking at a blood trail and we can determine by the shape of the blood drops which direction the trail is traveling, we will tip the cones over in the direction that it's traveling. It gives you a nice visual representation. Whereas, if you just had a bunch of standing cones, you wouldn't necessarily be able to determine whether it's going north to south, south to north.

Q And that blood trail, does it turn down at Long Cattle on State's Exhibit No. 204?

A It does. Here we're standing basically in the intersection. This is Broadmere at the bottom of the screen and then Long Cattle is going down this direction, and all the way back here you can see the -- the truck and then the car parked in the driveway.

Q And when you get down Long Cattle -- 206 -- is there not just the trail, but there appears to be sort of a section off to the left of where those cones are. Did you mark that and take a swab of that location?

A We did.

Q And if we do a close-up of that swab, 207, does that reference BT10 for later on if a crime scene analyst were to -- or sorry, a DNA analyst were to testify, I processed

Mr. Felabom's BT -- item BT10 from this particular event number 3020 on September 21st of 2014, we'd know it's that blood spot?

A Correct. The marker number in the photograph is the same item number that I gave it on the evidence impound report. It's the same that you see in the photographs. It keeps it all consistent. It makes it a lot simpler to be able to track.

Q At some point, on the blood trail -- and I think it's item 12 -- or Exhibit -- nope. Let's try Exhibit 15, and I'm going to actually flip it just once so it's sort of consistent with the way we see, but at the top here is the Broadmere address up on top?

A Correct.

Q And then this is the blood trail that runs down Long Cattle. Is there a break at the end of sort of whatever Long Cattle here turns into without my glasses on, but is there a break between sort of this corner and then the -- a blood trail that starts down on this corner and runs down Shifting Winds?

A Correct. We were able to track the blood trail down Long Cattle. It was along the sidewalk and then it curved south along Walrus. It crossed the street and then right around in here, right at the -- the northeast corner of the intersection here, because north is this way. This is north

-- the north side of the resident area -- it disappeared, and we weren't able to find any other blood until we came down here at the -- what would be the -- the northwest corner of Shifting Winds, which is this street running north/south down here, and this is Ranch Hand right here running east/west.

Q And when you got to that location, 215, where the blood trail appears to pick back up, there's sort of a large splotch of blood that's on that sidewalk there?

A Correct.

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- Q And that splotch was sampled, State's Exhibit 216, as BT20?
  - A Correct.
  - Q Now, prior to -- you can retake your seat now.

    Prior to coming here to court today, were you requested to bring -- not just yours, but did you bring essentially all of your firearms related evidence that you collected?
    - A Correct.
- Q Did I ask you to leave behind the items of bloody stuff, like clothing and gloves and that kind of stuff?
- A Correct.
- 21 MR. DiGIACOMO: If I could grab the rifle.
- 22 (Mr. DiGiacomo/Clerk conferring)
- 23 BY MR. DiGIACOMO:
  - Q When you brought all these items down to here today, were they all still sealed in the condition you picked them up

at the vault either today or yesterday in?

A They were.

- Q Okay. And so I'm not going to do this with every single one of these, but I'm going to ask you to sort of explain some of the items of evidence that we have here. So let me start with -- I'm just going to start with 221 and ask you, do you recognize this package?
  - A I do.
  - Q What is it?
- A This is the package that I impounded some of the cartridge cases from the scene, from the original shooting scene.
- Q And that label that's affixed to it, what kind of information can you gather from that label?
- A On this label it has a lot of pertinent information. It has the date, the time that we arrived at the scene. It also has that event number that I explained, too, at the beginning. The -- with the date at the beginning and then the individual four numbers at the end so that we can track it and associate everything inside this package with this -- with this shooting.
- It also has my -- my initials and P number as well as my signature to show that I'm the one that impounded this evidence.
- 25 Q And when you do a package like this, do you do any

sort of security measure in sealing it to determine so that someone can later on determine whether or not it's been opened since you sealed the items in it?

A Correct. On the backside we actually -- there's a little metal clasp that holds the clap down, but then over that we put evidence tape, which it's fairly fragile, you can tear it, but it just shows that no one's opened up the package through -- through breaking the seal. And on the top I date when I actually sealed the package and I initial on it to show that no one pulled the tape off and just put another piece down.

Q Now, there's some, looks like, bar codes on here.

Do you have any idea what the bar codes are?

A Those bar codes are from our evidence vault. They have their own tracking system. And so for every piece of -every item of evidence within that package they put a little bar code sticker and that way when they're transferring it from one person to another, they can just scan it. It's a lot faster than them having to type out everything for the paperwork that they need to do.

So it's just a tracking system for the evidence vault.

Q And then on the bottom of this kind of seal that you have here, out of the label on front, is there sort of an area to track anybody who opened this, kind of like a chain of

custody?

A There is. There's a chain of custody section at the bottom of the label where whenever someone receives that package, they have to sign it, say that they -- that he had it and whether they opened it and when they returned it.

Q And I'm going to just make an assumption here, but that blue label was not on here when you put this into the vault a day or two after you collect it at the crime scene?

A Correct. We typically use red crime -- or not crime scene tape, but evidence tape and then typically, the forensic lab, they'll use a blue tape a lot of times to -- to seal up after they've opened up the package.

Q Is it unusual for you to come to court and see a blue seal on the bottom of a package that indicates where there may be forensic processing done?

A Not at all.

Q Okay. With the exception of the blue seal that's placed upon here and the fact that the Clerk opened these at this point, is this package in substantially the same or similar condition as when you picked it up or when you put it into the vault as well as I guess, when you pick it had up?

A It is.

Q Okay. And if you were to open this package, what would you expect to find inside?

A I would expect to find cartridge cases, 9 millimeter

cartridge cases. 1 2 How many? Q 3 In this package there would be eight. Α Judge, I move to admit 221 and its 4 MR. DiGIACOMO: content, which would be A through H. 5 Any objection? THE COURT: 6 MR. LANDIS: No objection. MS. McNEILL: No objection. 8 9 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No. Those will be admitted. THE COURT: 10 (State's Exhibits 221, 221-A through 221-H are admitted) 11 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 12 So now we can quickly do each one of the other 13 Q So, 222, assuming that all those predicate 14 packages. questions I asked you on the last one are the same, what would 15 you expect to find inside there? 16 17 Inside this package I would expect to find one more 9 millimeter cartridge case and four .40 caliber cartridge 18 19 cases. So I offer 222 and its contents MR. DiGIACOMO: 20 which is 222-A through E 22 MR. LANDIS: No objection. 23 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 24 MS. McNEILL: No objection. 25 That will be admitted. THE COURT: Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

(State's Exhibits 222, 222-A through 222-E are admitted) 1 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 2 220, is that package in the same or similar 3 Q condition as the other packages --4 5 Α It is. -- that you brought down here? 6 It is. Α And what would you expect to find inside there? 8 Q Inside of here I would expect to find two Glock 9 Α pistol magazines, .40 caliber magazines as well as some 10 cartridges. 11 12 And now this has a big thing on the front that says chem processed, what does that mean? 13 That's just a warning for people to let them know 14 that I've chemically processed the items inside this package. 15 We'll chemically process items, but then we won't clean them 16 17 up so it's just a warning for them you probably don't want to handle it without gloves on. 18 19 Q And --MR. DiGIACOMO: Well, I'll move to admit 220 and its 20 contents, which should be 220-A through D. 22 MR. LANDIS: No objection. 23 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 24 MS. McNEILL: No objection. 25 THE COURT: That will be admitted as well. Verbatim Digital Reporting, LLC ♦ 303-798-0890

(State's Exhibits 220, 220-A through 220-D admitted) 1 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 2 223, what is in there? 3 In this package I would expect to find a bullet 4 fragment and six bullets. 5 And one again, all my predicate question that I --6 first time I went through all those questions apply to 223? Correct. 8 Α MR. DiGIACOMO: I offer 223 and its contents, which 9 would be 223-A through G. 10 No objection. 11 MR. LANDIS: 12 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. No objection. 13 MS. McNEILL: 14 THE COURT: That will be admitted. (State's Exhibits 223, 223-A through 223-G admitted) 15 16 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: 17 Now, I'm going to give auto box, but it is no Q different, I guess, than the bag, which is marked as 219. 18 This one is open so you can pretty much tell us what is in 19 20 there. This one has a Glock 27. It's a .40 caliber pistol 22 as well as a -- the magazine for the pistol and nine 23 cartridges. 24 And once again, the predicate questions I asked for Q 25 the first package is the same for 219?

1 Α Correct. Move to admit 219 and its contents 2 MR. DiGIACOMO: and I believe, it's going to be marked A through D so --3 MR. LANDIS: No objection. 4 5 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. MS. McNEILL: No objection. 6 THE COURT: So 219. MR. DiGIACOMO: 219 and 219-A through D because 8 there appears to be four items inside. 9 And that will be admitted. 10 THE COURT: (State's Exhibits 219, 219-A through 219-D admitted) 11 12 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: Now, you've got gloves. I probably should have told 13 Q you that that was processed. The item you have in your hand, 14 did it come in a box just like we've been, sort of a bigger 15 box version of this? 16 17 Yes, a much bigger box. Α Yes. Okay. And contained within that box, was there 18 Q something other than just that rifle? 19 Yes, there was the magazine for the rifle. 20 And that still remains within the box or apparently 22 it's not here, correct? 23 That is not in the -- in the rifle, correct. 24 And that weapon has been rendered safe by way of a Q zip tie through the receiver? 25

There's a zip tie going through so you Α 1 Correct. can't even get the magazine in and the bolts won't function. 2 And that is the 9 millimeter firearm that you 3 Q recovered down out of the bed of that pick-up truck off Long 4 5 Cattle? It is. 6 Α And I'm sorry, Judge, but I think MR. DiGIACOMO: the evidence marker was on the box so I need the number. 8 It was 217. 9 THE CLERK: MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh, there it is. 10 I'm sorry, I didn't see it on the bottom. So I would offer 217 and its 11 contents, which would be 217-A and B in for the record. A is 12 the rifle, B is the magazine. 13 No objection. 14 MR. LANDIS: No objection. 15 MR. WOLFBRANDT: No objection. 16 MS. McNEILL: 17 That will be admitted. THE COURT: (State's Exhibits 217, 217-A and 217-B admitted) 18 19 BY MR. DiGIACOMO: My final question is, is I know I've spent a better 20 part of probably two hours asking you questions. How long did 22 it take you, your three partners and your supervisor, how long 23 were you out at the scene? 24 At the scene it took over ten hours. We got there Α -- well, some of us got there shortly before 11:00 and we 25

didn't leave until after 9:00 a.m.

Q And then even after you leave the scene, how much time do you have to spend to get all of this in a condition where I only spend a few minutes talking about it?

A For me, personally, it took me, I believe, two days to impound all of the evidence, to get it all packaged up, processed, what I needed to process and everything signed off on.

Q Thank you, sir.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Judge, I'd pass the witness.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Landis?

CROSS-EXAMINATION

## BY MR. LANDIS:

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- Q Fair for me to assume that amounts to a detailed and thorough investigation in your eyes?
- A Yes.
- 17 Q You weren't rushed in any way?
- 18 A No.
  - Q You weren't prevented from examining or looking at something that in your judgment you should?
- 21 A Not that I recall, no.
  - Q Sometime during your direct testimony you talked about the integrity of a crime scene or preserving a crime scene, if I can use those terms. In any crime scene analyst perfect world, a crime scene would freeze the moment the