Murphy had received the information about the first and second house they planned to rob from Joey Larsen's girlfriend. GJT, V-2, p. 60, lines 8-13. Murphy also mentioned to Figueroa that the girl he was sleeping with was still in a relationship with Joey Larsen, the homeowner of the second house they planned to rob. GJT, V-2, p. 60, lines 19-24. Murphy told Figueroa that a crying Joey Larsen would call the girl he was sleeping with and that the girl was sharing details of her relationship with Joey Larsen with Murphy. GJT, V-2, p. 61. Lastly, Murphy told Figueroa that the girl he was sleeping with had tried to "setting up" her boyfriend (the homeowner of the home they planned to rob that night) on a prior occasion. GJT, V-2, p. 62, lines 1-3.

At approximately 7:00 p.m. that same day, Mendoza picked up Figueroa from his house and the two men drove to Laguna's home where they picked up Laguna and Murphy. GJT, V-2, p. 44. Mendoza moved to the back with Figueroa, allowing Murphy to drive. GJT, V-2, p. 45, lines 3-10. While in the car, Murphy gave Figueroa, Laguna and Mendoza a "run down of the house" and who and what Murphy believed would be located in the home they were about rob. GJT, V-2, p. 45, lines 5-10. Murphy told the men that there should be marijuana, money and guns at the home. GJT, V-2, p. 45, lines 11-13. Murphy also told them that the victim / home owner might be in the home, along with another male, perhaps the homeowner's brother. GJT, V-2, p. 45, lines 14-25.

At approximately 8:00 p.m., Mendoza, Laguna, Murphy and Figueroa made their way to the home they planned to rob. GJT, V-2, p. 46, lines 1-17. The home was in Summerlin, located near the area of Charleston and Hualapai. GJT, V-2, p. 46, lines 5-9. Murphy drove past the house once to point out the home to the other men before he circled back and dropped Laguna, Mendoza and Figueroa off in front of the home's driveway. GJT, V-2, p. 46, lines 20-24; p. 47, lines 10-14. Murphy then parked up the street on a corner located on the next block up to wait for the other men. GJT, V-2, p. 46, lines 20-24; p. 47, lines 1-9.

As Figueroa, Laguna and Mendoza are walking up to the front door of 1661 Broadmere Street, the men decided that Figueroa would be tasked with opening the door. GJT, V-2, p. 47, lines 22-24; p. 48, lines 15-17. Once at the front door, Figueroa hit the door with his

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shoulder twice. GJT, V-2, p. 48, lines 21-23. The door "busted open" and Figueroa walked in first, armed with a .40 caliber Ruger handgun. GJT, V-2, p. 48, lines 24-25; p. 49, lines 1-2; p. 49, lines 22-25; p. 50, lines 1-5. Figueroa does not remember who was walking behind but believes that both Mendoza and Laguna also made their way into the home. GJT, V-2, p. 49, lines 2-7. Laguna was armed with a .28 snub nose and Mendoza had a 9 millimeter short barrel rifle. GJT, V-2, p. 50, lines 6-18.

Figueroa was shot in the face, below his lip almost immediately after he got through the front door. GJT, V-2, p. 49, lines 8-13. Figueroa went into shock, as the shot to the face took him off his feet. GJT, V-2, p. 49, lines 17-21. As he got up from off the ground to turn and run out the front door, Figueroa was shot again, this time on his lower left side, right above his hip between his rib area. GJT, V-2, p. 50, lines 24-25; p. 51, lines 1-4. The second shot dropped Figueroa again but he continued to make his way out the front door. GJT, V-2, p. 51, lines 17-19. Figueroa believes Mendoza and Laguna were in the entryway on the inside of the home when he was frantically trying to escape. GJT, V-2, p. 51, lines 20-25. Once Figueroa is outside, he ran down a street but not the street towards Murphy's awaiting vehicle. GJT, V-2, p. 52, lines 2-9. Figueroa continued to hear gunshots as he ran away from the home they had just tried to rob. GJT, V-2, p. 52, lines 19-21. Once he was halfway down the street, Figueroa looked back at the house. GJT, V-2, p. 52, lines 22-25. It was then that he saw Murphy pick Laguna up from the driveway of the home. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 1-4. Laguna and Murphy then fled the scene. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 1-4. It did not appear to Figueroa that Laguna was hurt as he observed Laguna get into the vehicle Murphy was driving. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 8-12. Figueroa did not see what happened with Mendoza. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 13-14.

Figueroa, bleeding and hurt badly, continued to run until he found a place to hide in a backyard located in the same neighborhood. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 18-25; p. 55, lines 1-7. Once he was at his hiding spot, Figueroa called Laguna to let him know that he was hurt and needed someone to come and get him. GJT, V-2, p. 53, lines 22-25; p. 54, line 1. Figueroa then received a text message from Murphy. GJT, V-2, p. 54, lines 4-9. Mendoza, Laguna and

Murphy never showed back up at the scene to retrieve Figueroa. GJT, V-2, p. 54, lines 4-25. So, Figueroa remained at his hiding spot for the next 8-9 hours. GJT, V-2, p. 55, lines 8-10.

Eventually, Figueroa was able to reach someone to pick him up from his hiding spot near the crime scene. GJT, V-2, p. 57, lines 1-2. Figueroa was then driven to a hospital in California and treated for gunshot wounds to his face and abdomen. GJT, V-2, p. 57, lines 7-18. After he was arrested, Figueroa learned that the home they had tried to rob the night of September 21, 2014 belonged to Joey Larsen. GJT, V-2, p. 57, lines 24-25; p. 58, line 1.

Steve Larsen initially rented the 1661 Broadmere home for his son, Joey and his exwife, Summer Larsen, but as of September 2014, Summer was no longer living in the home, as Joey and Summer had separated eight (8) months prior and had been living in separate places. GJT, V-1, p. 34, lines 19-22; p. 35, lines 6-10. Monty moved into the home with Joey approximately four to five (4-5) months before the incident, just after Joey's home had been burglarized on two separate occasions. GJT, V-1, p. 36, lines 7-16.

Ashley Hall has known Joey Larsen for approximately twenty (20) or more years. GJT, V-1, p. 11, lines 6-10. Ashley also knows Summer Larsen and Tracy Rowe, as they all grew up in the same neighborhood and all went to school together. GJT, V-1, p. 11, lines 11-23. In fact, Ashley has known Summer since Ashley was six (6) years old. GJT, V-1, p. 14, lines 9-10. Ashley also knew that Summer and Joey had been in a relationship for at least ten (10) years and that as of September 2014, their relationship was "going downhill." GJT, V1, p. 12, lines 1-9. On the days leading up to September 21, 2014, Summer was living with various friends. GJT, V-1, p. 13, lines 1-11. Summer would sometimes stay with Ashley for a few days and then move on to stay with another one of her friends. GJT, V-1, p. 13, lines 1-11.

Sometime before the September 21, 2014 incident involving Joey Larsen and Monty Gibson, Summer asked Ashley for a ride and help to locate Summer's missing vehicle. GJT, V-1, p. 15, lines 6-11. Ashley picked Summer up at approximately 5:00 p.m. at a Rebel gas station near the area of Torrey Pines and Lake Mead. GJT, p. 16, lines 12-22. There were two (2) other males Summer. GJT, V-1, p. 17, lines 9-21. Ashley did not know either of the males with Summer but all three, got into Ashley's car. GJT, V-1, p. 17, lines 14-16. One of the

males was tall, black and in his mid-thirties; the other was shorter, white, also in his mid-thirties, with "lots of tattoos." GJT, V-1, p. 17, line 22-25; p. 18, line 1-19. During the drive to the trailer park on Alexander and Rainbow, Ashley overheard the two men in the back of her car discussing a "lick" that they were going to do on Sunday." GJT, V-1, p. 19, lines 16-20. They were "going to come up on a bunch of money" from the "lick," which is slang for "going to rob somebody," GJT, V-1, p. 19, lines 16-20. Ashley overheard Summer interrupt the conversation between the men. GJT, V-1, p. 20, lines 3-8. Specifically, she overheard Summer tell them a time frame to commit the "lick." GJT, V-1, p. 20, lines 5-13. When the white male asked what time they should commit the "lick," Summer responded by saying, "8:30." GJT, V-1, p. 20, lines 9-13. After they arrived at the trailer park, Summer and the two men exited Ashley's vehicle. GJT, V-1, p. 21, lines 4-5. Ashley saw the three of them go inside a home where Summer appeared to be staying. GJT, V-1, p. 21, lines 2-9.

A few hours later that evening, Summer called Ashley to see if she could again give Summer a ride to look for Summer's car. GJT, V-1, p. 21, lines 16-21. At that time, Summer told Ashley that she owed someone money and that the person she owed money to was in the neighborhood looking for her. GJT, V-1, p. 21, lines 16-22. Summer asked Ashley to please come and pick her up. GJT, V-1, p. 21, lines 16-22. Ashley went back to the trailer park and picked up Summer. GJT, V-1. P. 22, lines 1-11. During the car ride, Summer was panicked because she owed someone money and the person was looking for her. GJT, V-1, p. 23, lines 1-8. Summer asked Ashley if she could borrow money from Ashley. GJT, V-1, p. 23, lines 1-8. Ashley replied that she did not have money to loan Summer. GJT, V-1, p. 23, lines 1-8. Ashley overheard Summer call a few other people on the phone to ask to borrow money before Summer stated that she was going to call the gentleman that she owed money and tell him not to worry, that she will have the money to him tomorrow, because she was "going to rob Joey again." GJT, V-1, p. 23, lines 1-8; p. 25, lines 15-17. Upon hearing this, Ashley told Summer, "[A]bsolutely not Summer. He does not deserve that. You're not going to do that to him." GJT, V-1, p. 25, lines 21-23. Summer responded by making comments that Joey had left her high and dry and that Joey did not care so why should she. GJT, V-1, p. 26, lines 5-8. Ashley

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then told Summer that what she was saying was not true and reminded Summer that Joey was still supporting her and that Summer could call him up at any point and he would give her money. GJT, V-1, p. 26, lines 11-16. The drive ended approximately two and a half hours later at which point Summer asked Ashley if she could spend the night at her house. GJT, V-1, p. 26, lines 19-25. Ashley told Summer "absolutely not" because Summer was doing things that Ashley did not want around her children at home. GJT, V-1, p. 26, lines 19-25; p. 27, line 1. Ashley dropped Summer off at the same home in the same trailer park as she did earlier in the day. GJT, V-1, p. 27, lines 7-8.

Ashley recalled that that was the last time she saw Summer and that it was a Saturday. GJT, V-1, p. 27, lines 14-18. The following day, Ashley repeatedly tried to call Joey. GJT, V-1, p. 27, lines 20-23. She tried calling Joey until approximately 2:00 p.m. that Sunday. GJT, V-1, p. 27, lines 14-25. Ashley then spoke with a woman named Tracy Rowe, who lived three doors down from Joey's father, Steve Larsen. GJT, V-1, p. 27, lines 20-25. Ashley told Tracy about what she had heard the two men and Summer talk about and what she had heard Summer say and asked Tracy to inform Steve Larsen that something was going to be done to Joey. GJT, V-1, p. 28, lines 7-11; p. 29, lines 1-8. Later that night, at approximately 2:30 a.m., Tracy Rowe contacted Ashley in a panic. GJT, V-1, p. 29, lines 20-25. Tracy told Ashley that the police had contacted her and that the police also wanted to speak with her. GJT, V-1, p. 29, lines 20-25. Tracy's nephew picked Ashley up and brought her to Tracy's home, where Ashley told the police what she knew about the events leading up to the home invasion, attempt robbery and murder that occurred at Joey's home. GJT, V-1, p. 29, lines 20-25; p. 30, lines 1-4. The police showed Ashley some photographs of individuals. GJT, V-1, p. 30-31. She stated that Robert Figueroa seemed familiar to her but she could not pin point where she had seen him before. GJT, V-1, p. 30, lines 20-22. She also acknowledged knowing David Murphy, as he was part of the same group of kids who grew up in her neighborhood. GJT, V-1, p. 31, lines 1-6.

At approximately 6:00 p.m. the night Monty was killed, Steve Larsen spoke with a woman named Tracy Rowe. GJT, V-1, p. 38, lines 1-9. About an hour later, Steve spoke with

Joey. GJT, V-1, p. 38, lines 13-25. Steve told Joey that he was going to pick Joey up and that Joey needed to get out of his house. GHT, V-1, p. 38, lines 13-25. Before Steve could pick Joey up, he received a phone call from Joey who was crying and upset. GJT, V-1, p. 39, lines 20-25. Joey told Steve that someone had kicked in his front door and that "they" "with guns" "started shooting" and that they "killed" his friend." GJT, V-1, p. 39, lines 20-25; p. 40, lines 1-2. Joey also told his father that he believes he shot one of the intruders. GJT, V-1, p. 41, lines 9-11. When Steve arrived at Joey's home, he saw Monty laying half in and half out of the front doorway. GJT, V-1, p. 41, lines 15-24. Monty appeared to have been shot in the head and chest. GJT, V-1, p. 43, lines 19-21. Steve located his son approximately ten (10) feet into the living room area, crying and shaking with a cell phone in one hand and a gun in the other. GJT, V-1, p. 44, lines 2-10. Steve got on the phone with 911 and advised them that he would be placing the gun in the trunk of his car for safe-keeping until police arrived. GJT, V-1, p. 43, lines 1-8. When Steve finally got a chance to look at the interior of Joey's home, he noticed about 10-12 bullet holes in the ceiling and all the walls. GJT, V-1, p. 46, lines 2-4.

Joey Larsen acknowledged that he had previously sold marijuana out of his home located at 1661 Broadmere Street. GJT, V-2, p. 90, lines 5-10. On September 21, 2014, Joey had a small amount of marijuana in his home. GJT, V-2, p. 90, lines 12-15. Joey believed that Summer knew he was selling marijuana from the home and indicated that there were probably times that Summer was in home when Joey sold marijuana. GJT, V-2, p. 90, lines 19-25. Joey re-upped² his marijuana supply every once in a while. GJT, V-2, p. 91, lines 13-21. Joey also acknowledged that Summer could have heard from people on the streets who Joey's marijuana supplier was and that Joey was selling marijuana from the home, even after Summer moved out of the house approximately six (6) months before the deadly home invasion. GJT, V-1, p. 91, lines 4-9; p. 92, lines 1-10.

After Summer was arrested and housed at the Clark County Detention Center, she made several calls to David Murphy. GJT, V-2, p. 107-113. Specifically, Summer made two calls to Murphy on December 3, 2014. <u>Id</u>. During the first call made at 22:27 hours, Summer, who

² Re-up means to get more marijuana from a supplier.

was crying and upset, told Murphy that she was done with Joey Larsen and that she was going to divorce him. GJT. V-2, p. 109, lines 21-23; p. 111, lines 5-13. During the second call made at 23:41 hours, Murphy gave Summer his home address, 6637 Delphinium. GJT, V-2, p. 113, lines 1-7.

LVMPD Homicide Detective Barry Jensen obtained the cellular phone numbers and determined the cellular phone service providers for Mendoza, Laguna, Murphy and Figueroa during the course of his investigation.

During an interview by Det. Tod Williams, Mendoza listed his phone number as 702-666-4948 with T-Mobile as the service provider. GJT, V-3, p. 11, lines 20-25; p. 22, lines 14-23; p. 23, lines 1-2.

Robert Figueroa provided the address of 3253 Casey Drive #101 and the phone number of 702-241-1051 with AT&T as the service provider. GJT, V-3, p. 17, lines 23-25; p. 18, lines 1-4.

Joseph Laguna provided a cellular phone number of 702-762-1584 with Cricket as the service provider, which returned with an address of 3668 Lucky Horseshoe Court. GJT, V-3, p. 18, lines 9-13; p. 21, lines 13-24.

By looking at a LVMPD database Leeds Online, which are generated from pawn tickets, for a transaction completed by David Murphy on September 11, 2014, Detective Jensen obtained a phone number of 702-542-1558 and an address of 6637 Delphinium. GJT, V-3, p. 18-21.

After Detective Jensen obtained the cellular phone numbers for Laguna, Murphy, Mendoza and Figueroa, he sought a court order or subpoena for detailed call records, cell site information and subscriber information. GJT, V-3, p. 18, lines 20-25; p. 19, line 1. Detective Jensen received certified copies from the Cricket/Nexstar phone company with a declaration from the custodian of records. GJT, V-3, p. 21, lines 7-12 (Grand Jury Exhibit 15). Unlike the Laguna records, T-Mobile did not provide a declaration of the custodian of records for the Jorge Mendoza records. GJT, V-3, p. 22, lines 18-25; Despite a lack of an affidavit, Detective Jensen testified he utilized the same procedure to recover the T-Mobile records that he had

utilized with Cricket/Nexstar. Detective Jensen testified that in his career he has sent a number of court orders to a variety of phone companies. In his lengthy experience, the information he receives back pursuant to the court order have always been accurate information and business records of the company. Moreover, Detective Jensen testified that he had no reason to believe that the evidence would be any different had he also received an affidavit of the custodian of records. GJT, V-3, p. 23, lines 3-21. Like T-Mobile, Figueroa's AT&T records were not returned with an affidavit of the custodian of records. GJT, V-3, p. 24, lines 17-20. However, he confirmed that his answers as it relate to authentication of the AT&T records were the same as T-Mobile as well as the hundreds of cases in the past.

Analysis of the records corroborate Figueroa's testimony concerning the events of September 21, 2014 and certainly show that the four men involved in the home invasion, attempt robbery and murder that occurred at 1661 Broadmere Street were in contact with one another and located in the areas of town, including the crime scene during the relevant times, just like Figueroa mentioned during his testimony in front of the Grand Jury.

Analysis of the Mendoza's cellular phone records showed that a voice call was placed from Murphy's phone to Mendoza's phone at 8:24 p.m., approximately 14 minutes after the first 911 call was made to report the deadly incident at 1661 Broadmere Street. GJT, V-3, p. 29, lines 10-12. In addition, records showed that a text message was sent from Murphy's phone to Mendoza's phone at 8:40 p.m. GJT, V-3, p. 29, lines 6-9. Then, at 9:42 p.m., a call was placed from Murphy's phone to Figueroa's phone. GJT, V-3, p. 29, lines 13-15.

Analysis of Laguna's cellular phone records, specifically Grand Jury Exhibit #19, a demonstrative exhibit based upon the certified copies of the phone records in Grand Jury Exhibit #15, showed various contacts, beginning at 6:30 a.m. on September 21, 2014, between Laguna's phone and the phone numbers associated with Murphy, Figueroa and Mendoza. GJT, V-3, p. 29, lines 16-21. In addition, the records showed that from 8:10 p.m., which is the same time as the first 911 call, to 8:29 p.m. Figueroa called Laguna eight (8) times. GJT, V-3, p. 30, lines 19-23. Then, at 8:29 p.m. a call is logged from Laguna to Figueroa. GJT, V-3, p. 30, lines 19-23.

Cell site location records of Laguna's phone showed that Laguna's phone was hitting of Tower 369 (which was near his residence) between the hours of 6:30 a.m. – 7:24 a.m., when Laguna had contact with Figueroa, Mendoza and Murphy. GJT, V-3, p. 32, lines 2-21; Grand Jury Exhibit # 29. The same records also indicate that the phone call Laguna made to Figueroa at 7:44 a.m. and the phone call Laguna made to Murphy at 7:46 a.m. were made while Laguna was in the area of Figueroa's residence. GJT, p. 33, lines 1-17. Additionally, the records show that Laguna's phone was hitting off Cricket cell tower #456, which is in the immediate area of the crime scene, when he received the first two phone calls from Figueroa at 8:10 p.m. GJT, V-3, p. 34, lines 1-9. By 8:43 p.m., Laguna's phone is hitting off Cricket cell tower #369, which is in the area near his own residence. GJT, V-3, p. 34, lines 10-14.

Analysis of Figueroa's phone records from September 21, 2014 show his cell phone to be hitting off AT&T tower #30403, which is tower near the crime scene, from 8:10 p.m. to 6:09 a.m. the following morning. GJT, V-3, p. 35, lines 7-22.

There is no connection between Jorge Mendoza in relationship Robert Figueroa and Joseph Laguna. Figueroa and Laguna are longtime friends. GJT, V-2, p.116. More importantly, there is no connection between Mendoza, Figueroa and Laguna with either Joseph Larsen or Summer Larsen. The common thread between all of these individuals is David "Doughboy" Murphy. Laguna has connections to Murphy. Mendoza is married to Murphy's cousin. Finally, Summer Larsen has some sort of relationship with Murphy as she is confiding in him about her relationship with Joseph Larsen.

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Defendant seeks to sever his case from all other co-defendants, however, his only argument is severance from Defendant Mendoza. The Court should not sever Defendant Murphy from any co-defendants, however, if the Court disagrees, the Court should sever Defendant Mendoza from all other co-defendants as his "alleged" defense would be equally antagonistic to all other defendant. The State will address why Defendant Mendoza should not be severed.

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I. JOINT TRIALS ARE OVERWHELMINGLY FAVORED

NRS 173.135 allows for two or more defendants to be charged under the same indictment or information if they participated in the same criminal conduct. Persons who have been jointly indicted should be tried jointly, absent compelling reasons to the contrary. Jones v. State, 111 Nev. 848, 853, 899 P.2d 544 (1995). NRS 174.165, however, provides that "[i]f it appears that a defendant or the State of Nevada is prejudiced by a joinder of offenses or of defendants in an indictment or information . . . the court may . . . grant a severance of defendants or provide what other relief justice requires." In order to obtain a severance, a defendant must demonstrate that substantial prejudice would result from a joint trial. The decision to sever is left to the discretion of the trial court and such decision will not be reversed absent an abuse of discretion. Amen v. State, 106 Nev. 749, 801 P.2d 1354 (1990). Broad allegations of prejudice are not enough to require a trial court to grant severance. United States v. Baker, 10 F.3d 1374, 1389 (9th Cir. 1993), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 934, 115 S. Ct. 330 (1994), overruled on other grounds by United States v. Nordby, 225 F.3d 1053 (9th Cir. 2000). Finally, even if prejudice is shown, the trial court is not required to sever; rather, it must grant relief tailored to alleviate the prejudice. See, e.g., Zafiro v. United States, 506 U.S. 534, 540-41, 113 S. Ct. 933 (1993).

Within the federal system, and specifically the Ninth Circuit, the presumption is heavily in favor of joint trials. "[C]o-defendants jointly charged, are, prima facie, to be jointly tried." United States v. Gay, 567 F.2d 916, 919 (9th Cir.), cert. denied, 435 U.S. 999, 98 S. Ct. 1655 (1978); United States v. Silla, 555 F.2d 703, 707 (9th Cir. 1977) ("compelling circumstances" are generally necessary to show need for separate trials). The trial court has the broad discretion to join or sever trials and severance is not required unless a joint trial would be manifestly prejudicial. See Gay, 567 F.2d at 919. Federal appellate courts review a denial of a motion to sever for abuse of discretion and "[t]o satisfy this heavy burden, an appellant must show that the joint trial was so prejudicial as to require the exercise of the district judge's discretion in only one way: by ordering a separate trial." United States v. Ford, 632 F.2d 1354, 1373 (9th Cir. 1980), cert. denied, 450 U.S. 934, 101 S. Ct. 1399 (1981), cert. denied, 450 U.S.

934, 101 S. Ct. (1981), overruled on other grounds by <u>United States v. DeBright</u>, 730 F.2d 1263 (9th Cir. 1984).

In both the state and federal system, the general rule favoring joinder has evolved for a specific reason—there is a substantial public interest in joint trials of persons charged together because of judicial economy. <u>Jones</u>, 111 Nev. at 854, 899 P.2d at 547. Joint trials of persons charged with committing the same offense expedites the administration of justice, relieves trial docket congestion, conserves judicial time, lessens the burden on citizens called to sacrifice time and money while serving as jurors, and avoids the necessity of calling witnesses more than one time. <u>Id</u>. at 853-54, 899 P.2d at 547, <u>see also United States v. Brady</u>, 579 F.2d 1121 (9th Cir. 1978), <u>cert. denied</u>, 439 U.S. 1074, 99 S. Ct. 849 (1979). Therefore, the legal presumption is in favor of a joint trial among co-defendants.

II. DEFENDANT MURPHY MAKES NO SHOWING OF A DEFENSE ANTAGONISTIC TO HIM WHICH WILL BE PRESENTED

Defendant Murphy makes a broad claim of antagonistic defenses being a basis for severance. Defendant Murphey makes no statement as to how any defense is antagonistic to his defense from any other co-defendant with the exception of Defendant Mendoza. As it relates to Defendant Mendoza, Defendant Murphy makes a bare, unsupported allegation that Defendant Mendoza intends to assert a defense of duress. Notably lacking is any support for this allegation, but more importantly, who Defendant Mendoza claims asserted the duress upon him. Thus, Defendant Murphy fails to shoulder his burden for severance.

Significantly, severance is not warranted or justified simply because each defendant seeks to blame the other for the crime. Marshall v. State, 118 Nev. 642, 56 P.3d 376 (2002). In Marshall, co-defendants Marshall and Currington were tried and convicted together of first degree murder, robbery, and conspiracy to commit robbery. At trial, Marshall's strategy was to exclusively blame Currington; Currington's strategy was to blame Marshall. Id. at 644-45, 56 P.3d at 377-78.

On appeal, Marshall claimed that the district court erred in not severing his trial from Currington's. <u>Id</u>. at 645, 56 P.3d at 378. He maintained that he and Currington had

"antagonistic defenses" in that each argued that the other was responsible for the murder. <u>Id.</u>, 56 P.3d at 378. Marshall relied on the standard the Nevada Supreme Court articulated in <u>Rowland v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 31, 39 P.3d 114 (2002). In <u>Rowland</u>, the Nevada Supreme Court stated that "defenses must be antagonistic to the point that they are 'mutually exclusive' before they are to be considered prejudicial," and necessitate severance. <u>Id.</u> at 45, 39 P.3d at 122. The court further noted in <u>Rowland</u> that defenses are mutually exclusive when the core of the co-defendant's defense is so irreconcilable with the core of the defendant's own defense that the acceptance of the co-defendant's theory by the jury precludes acquittal of the defendant. <u>Id.</u> at 45, 39 P.3d at 123.

In <u>Marshall</u>, the Nevada Supreme Court expressed concern that the <u>Rowland</u> decision implied severance was justified in too broad of circumstances. The court explained the <u>Rowland</u> holding and limited the circumstances in which severance is appropriate. It stated:

To the extent that this language suggests that prejudice requiring severance is presumed whenever acceptance of one defendant's defense theory logically compels rejection of another defendant's theory, it is too broadly stated. As we have explained elsewhere, where there are situations in which inconsistent defenses may support a motion for severance, the doctrine is a very limited one. A defendant seeking severance must show that the codefendants have conflicting and irreconcilable defenses and that there is a danger that the jury will unjustifiably infer that this conflict alone demonstrates that both are guilty. We take this opportunity to further clarify this issue.

<u>Id</u>. at 646, 56 P.3d at 378. The Court then explained the standard for severance.

The decisive factor in any severance analysis remains prejudice to the defendant. NRS 174.165(1) provides in relevant part: "If it appears that a defendant... is prejudiced by a joinder... of defendants... for trial together, the court may order an election or separate trials of counts, grant a severance of defendants or provide whatever other relief justice requires." Nevertheless, prejudice to the defendant is not the only relevant factor: a court must consider not only the possible prejudice to the defendant but also the possible prejudice to the State resulting from expensive, duplicative trials. Joinder promotes judicial economy and efficiency as well as consistent verdicts and is preferred as long as it does not compromise a defendant's right to a fair trial. Despite the concern for efficiency and consistency, the district court has a continuing duty at all stages of the trial to grant a severance if prejudice does appear. Joinder of defendants is within the discretion of the district court, and its decision will not be reversed absent an abuse of discretion. To establish that joinder was prejudicial requires more than simply showing that severance made acquittal more likely; misjoinder requires reversal only if it has a substantial and injurious effect on the verdict.

Marshall, 118 Nev. at 646-47, 56 P.3d at 378-79 (citations omitted).

Significantly, the Nevada Supreme Court specifically held that antagonistic defenses are a factor, but not, in themselves, sufficient grounds upon which to grant severance of defendants. Indeed, in Marshall, even though the defenses offered by Marshall and codefendant Currington were antagonistic, the Nevada Supreme Court held that the joinder of the defendants at trial was proper. Id. at 648, 56 P.3d at 378. Finding Marshall's assertion that his and Currington's defenses were prejudicial by virtue of their antagonistic nature unpersuasive, the court explained that to prevail on the ground that severance was warranted, Marshall had to show that the "joint trial compromised a specific trial right or prevented the jury from making a reliable judgment about guilt or innocence." Id. at 648, 56 P.3d at 380. The court also noted that the State's case was not dependent on either defendant's statement and did not use joinder to unfairly bolster a marginal case. Id., 56 P.3d at 380. Moreover, the State argued both defendants were guilty and presented evidence to establish their separate guilt. Id., 56 P.3d at 380. The court affirmed Marshall's conviction.

The United States Supreme Court conducted a similar analysis in Zafiro v. United States, 506 U.S. 534, 113 S. Ct. 933 (1993). In that case, defendants contended that it was prejudicial whenever two defendants each claim innocence and accuse the other of the crime. 506 U.S. at 538, 113 S. Ct at 938. The United States Supreme Court rejected this contention, holding that "mutually antagonistic defenses are not prejudicial per se." Id., 113 S. Ct. at 938. The Court explained that severance should only be granted if there is a serious risk that a joint trial would compromise a specific trial right of one of the defendants or prevent the jury from making a reliable judgment about guilt or innocence. Id. at 539, 113 S. Ct. at 938. It is not prejudicial for a co-defendant to introduce relevant, competent evidence that would be admissible against defendant at a severed trial. Id. at 540, 113 S. Ct. at 938. The Court also noted that the trial court can cure any potential of prejudice by properly instructing the jury that it must consider the case against each defendant separately. See id. at 540-41, 113 S. Ct. at 939.³

³ Defendant Murphy relies heavily upon <u>Chartier v. State</u>, 124 Nev. 760, 765, 191 P.3d 1182, 1185 (2008). However, <u>Chartier</u> does not create any new law or change any existing rule. In <u>Chartier</u> a specific piece of evidence offered by Chartier was excluded based upon his joinder with his co-defendant. It was the violation of that specific trial right

As it relates to Defendant Mendoza, Defendant Murphy does not explain what trial right would be violated by the inclusion of Defendant Mendoza. Defendant Murphy points to no admissible evidence that Defendant Mendoza could present to establish the "alleged" duress defense. That leaves the singular possibility that Defendant Mendoza would choose to testify. However, if that happens, Defendant Mendoza would become a witness, subject to cross-examination. Thus, any trial right of Defendant Murphy would be protected in that situation.

III. THERE WILL BE NO SUBSTANTIAL SPILLOVER THAT WILL AFFECT DEFENDANT MURPHY'S TRIAL RIGHTS

Defendant Murphy asserts in the most broad sense that the "spillover" or "rub-off" effect may prejudice his rights. The gist of the Defendant's argument is that the evidence against Defendant Mendoza is so much greater that he will be found guilty merely by being tried with him. Such a statement is an overbroad characterization, however, such a claim is not sufficient for severance. Severance is unwarranted "if based on 'guilt by association' alone." Lyles v. State, 113 Nev. 679, 689 (1997), limited on other grounds by Middleton v. State, 114 Nev. 1089, 1117 n.9 (1998), cert denied, 528 U.S. 927 (1999) (citing United States v. Boffa, 513 F. Supp. 444, 487 (D. Del. 1980)). A defendant is not entitled to severance merely because one has a better chance at acquittal being tried alone or because certain evidence may be more damaging against the other. Id. (citing United States v. Baker, 10 F.3d 1374, 1388 (9th Cir. 1993)).

In order for Defendant to claim that "spillover" or "rub-off" effect to even be an issue, Defendant would have to identity a particular piece of evidence that would be admitted in a joint trial that will not be admitted in a severed trial. *See* Chartier v. State, 124 Nev. 760, 765, 191 P.3d 1182, 1185 (2008). The only piece of evidence that could theoretically be admitted at a joint trial is the statement of Defendant Mendoza. However, Defendant Mendoza's statement does not in any way implicate any of the other co-defendants. In fact, the statement

which led the court to hold that severance was required. Defendant Mason has identified no evidence he seeks to admit which would be precluded based upon his joinder with Defendant Burns.

1	exculpates Defendant Mendoza without reference to the co-defendants. This suggests that his
2	defense will not be "duress," but one of non-involvement in the crime. Certainly, Defendan
3	Mendoza's statement does not prejudice Defendant Murphy. Other than that statement, the
4	evidence at severed trials would be exactly the same as a joint trial. ⁴ There is no difference
5	in the evidence as it relates to the other co-conspirators. Thus, his request for severance cannot
6	be granted based upon this area of law. ⁵
7	CONCLUSION
8	Based upon the foregoing, Defendant Murphy's motion to sever should be denied.
9	r ,
10	DATED this day of April, 2016.
11	Respectfully submitted,
12	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
13	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
14	BY M Qu
15	MARC DIGIACOMO
16	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #006955
17	
18	//
19	//
20	//
21	//
22	//
23	//
24	//
25	
26	4 Due to the exculpatory nature of the statement, it is unlikely that the statement will be admitted at trial as the only
27	party who can introduce that statement is the State. NRS 51.035. The State is not in the routine habit of admitting exculpatory statements of defendants.

exculpatory statements of defendants.

⁵ Normally, this claim can be raised when the co-defendant has made a facially inculpatory statement implicating the Defendant seeking severance. In the instant case, no defendant has made such a statement, so it cannot be a basis for severance.

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this May of April, 2016, by Electronic Filing to:

CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. E-mail: <u>clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com</u>

Secretary for the District Attorney's Office

MD/tgd/MVU

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 8 DEPT. V 9 DAVID MURPHY, et al. 10 Defendant. 11 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 12 13 **MONDAY, APRIL 18, 2016** 14 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 15 **DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SEVER** 16 APPEARANCES: 17 18 For the State: MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 19 For the Defendant, Mendoza: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, ESQ., 20 21 For the Defendant, Larsen: GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ., 22 For the Defendant, Murphy: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 23 For the Defendant, Laguna: MONIQUE A. McNEILL, ESQ., 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, APRIL 18, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 9:26 a.m.]

Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David THE COURT: Murphy.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Morning, Your Honor. Marc DiGiacomo for the State.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. LANDIS: Casey Landis for Mr. Murphy.

MS. McNEILL: And, Your Honor, Monique McNeill on behalf of Mr.

Laguna the Co-defendant. I did file a joinder on Friday, but it looked like he

didn't make onto the calendar.

THE COURT: All right. Well it wasn't timely filed. Moreover, you can't,

you know, file a motion just well -- just a notice of joinder and not address the

facts and how your client should be severed. So -- so that's denied because

there's nothing there for me to look at. I mean, it's got to be specific to the

Defendant. So, Mr. Landis, you want to go ahead?

MR. LANDIS: To maybe simplify that issue. I am ready to argue if the Court would like me to. After I filed this motion to sever, Mr. Murphy filed a

motion to dismiss me. And based on that it seems to me maybe the Court

THE COURT: All right. I haven't -- I'm not aware of that. I haven't seen

should rule on that first, but of course it's your call and I'm happy to argue it.

MR. LANDIS: It's set in 5/4 I believe.

that. When's that set?

23

24

THE COURT: May 7th -- 2nd. May 2nd. So give me the gist of it. What --

25

what's the reason you want to dismiss your counsel?

DEFENDANT, MURPHY: Excuse me, Your Honor.

COURT RECORDER: Can you scoot over to that microphone please?

DEFENDANT, MURPHY: Yeah. My main issue is that, you know, he hasn't followed through with anything. I've asked him to file this motion almost a year ago. And every time, oh, give me 'til next month, give me 'til next month, you know. Then finally when I come to the point where I'm ready to dismiss something, he wants to file it.

Also, I asked him to hire a private investigator a year ago. It took him six months to hire private investigator. She didn't do her job. It took him six months to get her off where she didn't do nothing for my case. Then I asked him to hire Richard Frankie which he did and, you know, within a couple of weeks Richard Frankie got everything that for this whole year he couldn't get, you know. Stuff from the grand jury exhibits and stuff I've been asking him for over a year to get, he didn't. Richard Frankie got it in two weeks.

My other issue is there's a conflict of interest that Mr. Landis and Mr. Coyer are associated in a firm. So there's a conflict in Mr. Coyer's lawyer for Co-defendant.

THE COURT: All right. Did you retain Mr. Landis or was he appointed?

DEFENDANT, MURPHY: He was appointed.

THE COURT: Are you partners?

MR. LANDIS: We once were, but we are no longer. It's been over two years roughly.

DEFENDANT, MURPHY: I submitted with my motion copies of letterheads that he give me -- gave me from 2015 with Coyer and Landis as the letterhead.

25

Also, Mr. Frankie, the private investigator that we just hired in January I asked him for Landis' address and so I could write him, and the address he gave to me was 600 Tonopah which on another paper I submitted has Mr. Coyer's law office as 600 Tonopah, same suite, everything. And that's this year too. So I mean, there's obviously a conflict there, you know. For me that's not comfortable enough. You know, I feel like that loyalty is, you know, been breached. THE COURT: All right. Do you want him to go forward and argue this motion this morning or not? DEFENDANT, MURPHY: Not really. I have no trust in him. I would rather have it ruled on, you know, dismiss him. THE COURT: Well, your motion to dismiss counsel isn't on before the Court yet, so when it comes on I'll -- I'll consider it and rule on it. But if you don't want to go forward and Mr. Landis -- and have him argue this motion this morning, we'll continue this motion to the same day. DEFENDANT, MURPHY: That's fine.

THE COURT: And we've got -- let's see here -- when's our trial date?

MR. DiGIACOMO: Not 'til September, so --

THE COURT: September.

MR. DiGIACOMO: -- we can --

THE COURT: We got --

MR. DiGIACOMO: -- we can --

THE COURT: -- plenty of time.

MR. DiGIACOMO: -- set them both on -- on May 2nd. And then if any of the Co-defendants want to file a substantive motion as it relates to the

1	severance because as of my response was its sort of detailed as to the four	
2	Defendants	
3	THE COURT: Correct.	
4	MR. DiGIACOMO: which way you want to rule.	
5	THE COURT: Correct. So, obviously if there if you do, Ms. McNeill,	
6	want to file a motion, try and get it on the 2 nd . So we'll continue this until the	
7	2 nd and we'll hear any additional motions. Trying everybody get that set for	
8	the 2 nd so we don't have to keep coming back for the same case.	
9	THE CLERK: May 2 nd at 9.	
10	MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you, Your Honor.	
11	MR. LANDIS: Thank you, Your Honor.	
12	THE COURT: Thank you.	
13	[Proceeding concluded at 9:31 a.m.]	
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15		
16		
17	ATTEST: I horoby cortify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
18	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
19	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I	
20	acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.	
21	producted, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.	
22	michelle Parnsey	
23	Michelle Ramsey	
24	Transcriber	

TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-4 Plaintiff, 8 DEPT. V VS. 9 DAVID MURPHY, 10 Defendant. 11 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 MAY 2, 2016 14 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 16 DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL AND APPOINTMENT OF ALTERNATE COUNSEL / DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SEVER 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the Plaintiff: MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. AGNES LEXIS, ESQ. 20 **Deputy District Attorneys** 21 For David Murphy: CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. 22 MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ. For Joseph Laguna: 23 24 [Additional Appearances on Following Page] 25 RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER

1	ADDITIONAL PARTIES:	
2	JORGE MENDOZA	WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, ESQ.
3	SUMMER LARSEN	GREGORY COYER, ESQ.
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MONDAY, MAY 2, 2015 AT 09:56:09 A.M.

THE COURT: All right. Page 6, case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David Murphy and we've got Laguna – do we – is everybody here or –

MR. DIGIACOMO: Judge, only Murphy is one but there was a joinder filed by Laguna and I don't know why Laguna is not on calendar.

THE COURT: I don't either. It should be.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Yeah. I believe Mr. Laguna needs to be present, but we also have Mr. Murphy's motion to discharge Mr. Landis that you need to address.

THE COURT: Right. Okay. If the door is closed then it will quiet it down.

Okay. All right. So they didn't transport Laguna, that's –

MS. MCNEILL: They did not.

THE COURT: -- too bad. All right. So – so, Mr. Landis, did you read – you read the pro per motion?

MR. LANDIS: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. So, I had a couple of questions. Can you tell me what – something about this – this phone account issue that – I've never heard of that, that you have to have some kind of account set up. I don't know what that is so can –

MR. LANDIS: Generally to – what a defense attorney does with CCDC is you set up a pre-paid account where it's a private company that runs it but you preload this account so if anybody calls you from CDDC and whatever number you have preloaded the calls obviously are charged on your amount you've deposited and that's that. It's kind of just the inverse of the inmate having an inmate account where they have their phones [indecipherable] when they make a call to whoever.

THE COURT: So, do you have such an account? Do you typically -

MR. LANDIS: I haven't -THE COURT: -- do that? 2 3 MR. LANDIS: -- had - I'll be honest with you, he's right that I have not had that phone set up. 5 THE COURT: Okay. MR. LANDIS: And I can tell you why but he's right about that. THE COURT: Okay. 7 MR. LANDIS: And -THE COURT: Go ahead. And why? I mean, if – I don't know that there's anything that requires that, I'm just -MR. LANDIS: The reason why I started doing civil rights cases about two plus years ago – and when you get a jail call you don't know who's calling from the jail, you just know it's the jail. And I was getting honestly twenty calls a week of potential civil rights clients and they're all very talkative to the point where they want to tell you their story, they want you to jump on their case and it was overwhelming, I mean, to the point where I couldn't get anything done. With Mr. Murphy I will point out we have had consistent communication, if he wants to reach me it just wasn't directly through that phone. THE COURT: Let's see. Oh, and the second question I had was there is allegations that he wanted you to hire a phone expert. Was there – I'm not exactly sure what the phone expert was supposed to do but did you discuss that with him? MR. LANDIS: By that -THE COURT: Without telling me what the discussions were of course. MR. LANDIS: Of course not. By that he means a cell phone location expert 25 because that is a good portion of the State's case.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. LANDIS: And we did talk about hiring one and one has been hired I'll even say that. Once we brought on the new investigator which is something he brings up in this motion that investigator was familiar with one of these individuals and an expert approval has been signed. It's all happened recent and I'll say it's also all happened since he filed that motion, but it is something that has been done. It is something we've talked about, yes.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. And I noticed that in your motion, Mr. Murphy – I mean, you attached a bunch of documents so that indicates to me that you're being provided with documents by your counsel. I mean, I don't know how else you'd be getting all these documents. Do we have a microphone?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. Certain things he has provided to me. As far as those documents those – I mean, the one was just a document to the jail because – for my glasses because you ordered the jail to do it and the jail it took them months for them to do it. So, I had him follow up with the jail saying, look, there's the order, you need to get me glasses. So, that's where the one thing came from. But the main thing is that the documents that I want are the ones that are important to my case are the ones I'm not getting.

Also, can I – to speak on what you said about the direct contact to my attorney. Yeah, there's contact but I have to go through one of my family members to contact him to relay a third party message that I need to speak to him. I have no direct communication with my lawyer.

THE COURT: Well, if you had a – if you paid for the call you could contact your lawyer directly.

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah, but the – if I don't have funds then I can't speak to

my lawyer and that's part of my constitutional rights to have direct contact with my lawyer.

THE COURT: Well, yeah, but you – it doesn't – there's nothing that's in the constitution that says you get to talk to him every day.

THE DEFENDANT: Not every – any day.

THE COURT: All right. Are you saying -

THE DEFENDANT: If I have no family there's no way I could speak with him. If have no family member to relay the message to my lawyer

THE COURT: Mr. Landis, have you had contact with your client?

MR. LANDIS: Yes. I understand what he's saying. Well, let me just say even if we did have phone contact we wouldn't talk substance on the phone, I never do. The substance of those conversations would be come visit me and I would. And, yes, I visited him – I don't have an exact number but over twenty times.

THE COURT: Visited him twenty times?

MR. LANDIS: Yes.

THE COURT: Is that -

THE DEFENDANT: I mean, yeah, yeah, he comes when I tell him my family — but he don't bring what I'm — he's doing — I mean, it's been — he says the cell phone expert that he — I have asked him to hire, sixteen months. And finally the new private investigator got a cell phone expert, yes. But it took him six months to get me a private investigator who didn't do nothing for another six months which he didn't make or do nothing and just keeps [indecipherable] to not come see me, not to do anything to investigate my case. Finally I approached him and said, "look, I can't go on, it's been a year, you know, I got trial coming up in eight months and I have nothing on my case." You know, here's a private investigator from another

inmate who has a private investigator come see him that I know is doing their job, I said, "here I want you to fire her and hire him." So, now that this private investigator has stepped up and does things yeah, he can't act like he's the hero or he did that job because that private investigator did something.

THE COURT: The issue is are you getting – is your lawyer –

THE DEFENDANT: My lawyer is not.

THE COURT: -- seeing you? Is he pursuing your case, your defense? And it sounds to me like he is. The fact that you didn't like the first investigator and now you like the second one, okay, well -- but that's water under the bridge. You've got an investigator, Mr. Landis is happy with this investigator, the Court's agreed to pay for it so I don't really – and he's visited you twenty times, I mean, I don't think I've ever – that's --

THE DEFENDANT: Well, when -

THE COURT: -- a lot.

THE DEFENDANT: -- he comes he don't – he just comes to tell me, yeah, I'm doing it but not to here's what I – here's what you asked me for, here's what I'm doing, it's just a quit telling your people to call me pretty much, you know. And may I – the right to effective counsel is the right to effective assistance of counsel, that's no just you got this guy to speak for you, you know, he comes to see you. He is not pursuing my case to defend me properly. You know –

THE COURT: Well, I don't see -

THE DEFENDANT: -- where are my -

THE COURT: -- I don't -

THE DEFENDANT: -- rights under --

THE COURT: -- I don't -

THE DEFENDANT: On his own letterhead saying -

THE COURT: Don't – don't interrupt. Don't interrupt. This is not a conversation, this is a document that – the one that you showed me is from 2013 and --

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: -- they had – the last time we were in court Mr. Landis and Mr. Coyer were present at that point in time as well and they explained that, yes, they used to be associated with each other in a firm and that they are no longer associated with each other in a firm. And so the fact that they may share space in the same office area doesn't mean that there's a conflict.

THE DEFENDANT: They're sharing my case with the co-defendant. I mean, if they're sitting right next to each other he's going over my case and he's sitting there, oh, this is what we're planning with my co-defendant and, you know, that's — that's really uncomfortable for me —

THE COURT: Is that happening, Mr. Landis?

MR. LANDIS: No. Just for the office space issue, we don't share office space. We're working on a civil case together where I'm at his office from time to time. One time the investigator needed me to sign something; he asked me wehre I was. It happened to be Greg's place. He came there so I could sign the document. But I've never used Greg's business address as a business address of my own and it's not.

THE DEFENDANT: That's the business address that he provided to the private investigator.

THE COURT: Well -

THE DEFENDANT: Also, the other documents you have, ma'am, there's two

letterheads that he gave to me from 2015 representing him as Coyer and Landis.

THE COURT: Are you talking about copies of faxes?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah. So, he's still representing himself as Coyer and Landis.

THE COURT: No, this is just something that you just gotta change the fax machine --

MR. LANDIS: Yeah, I agree a hundred percent.

THE COURT: -- so it doesn't say that. I mean, it's just when you program a fax machine you can program usually a number and whatnot that prints out on every fax. And this is pretty fancy, I've never seen that where you actually get a logo and whatnot, but you just need to re-program your fax machine –

MR. LANDIS: That -

THE COURT: -- that's all that is.

MR. LANDIS: And that's been done long ago.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So – so, your motion is denied. And so –

THE DEFENDANT: I don't want to go – I don't want to have him file no motions for me, nothing, I want to file pro per now.

THE COURT: You want to represent yourself?

THE DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: All right. Well -

THE DEFENDANT: I'd feel more comfortable representing myself than anything he's done for me which is nothing.

THE COURT: That would be a really big mistake, but if you want to do that we'll bring you back and have a full *Faretta* canvass on that.

THE DEFENDANT: All right.

THE COURT: We'll do that Wednesday, I guess. All right. So, that leaves us with the Motions to Sever. We had already -- did - I think we moved everything today in hopes that -3 MR. DIGIACOMO: That's correct. May I suggest that we -THE COURT: Yes. MR. DIGIACOMO: -- do the *Faretta* canvass on Wednesday and then maybe set both motions and have Mr. Laguna transported for next Monday? THE COURT: Next Monday? Sure. MR. DIGIACOMO: Or on Wednesday, either one. MS. MCNEILL: Either one works. THE COURT: We could do the *Faretta* canvass I suppose first because if he in fact – and I have no reason to doubt that – that he's able unless he's insane of course the law requires me to let him represent himself. I just have to advise him -MR. DIGIACOMO: Mr. Murphy is intelligent enough that I believe he will pass the *Faretta* canvass if he actually wants to do that. THE COURT: Right. MR. DIGIACOMO: I thought in maybe 48 hours maybe Mr. Landis could go speak to him how this is not in his best interest -THE COURT: Right. MR. DIGIACOMO: -- and then if he still wants to do the canvass we could do the canvass on Wednesday and then he can argue his motion to sever or file his own. THE COURT: Correct. That's what I was gonna say is that he may not wish

to have this motion if in fact he wants to represent himself. So, let's do the Faretta canvass on Wednesday and then we'll set the motions to sever if Mr. Murphy is

1	representing himself by then and still wants to argue the motion then he could do	
2	that and then Mr. Laguna will be here, we'll transport him and we'll have – be able t	
3	do that on Monday. So, Faretta canvass Wednesday –	
4	THE COURT CLERK: May 4 th at 9:00 a.m. and the motions will be heard May	
5	9 th at 9:00 a.m.	
6	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you.	
7	MR. DIGIACOMO: And I'm assuming we're gonna trail that <i>Faretta</i> canvass	
8	so maybe like 10:00 or 11:00	
9	THE COURT: Yes. Yeah, don't	
10	MR. DIGIACOMO: because it'll take some time.	
11	THE COURT: don't come before I'd say 10:00.	
12	MR. DIGIACOMO: Okay.	
13	THE COURT: Don't even bother. We'll trail it to the end.	
14	MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge.	
15	THE COURT: You're welcome.	
16	[Proceedings concluded at 10:09:43 a.m.]	
17	* * * *	
18		
19		
20		
21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
23	Ulasma Ramisos	
24	NORMA RAMIREZ	

Court Recorder

District Court Dept. XXII 702 671-0572

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1	RTRAN	Alun D. Column	
2		CLERK OF THE COURT	
3			
4	DISTF	RICT COURT	
5	CLARK CC	OUNTY, NEVADA	
6			
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)	
8	Plaintiff,	CASE NO. C-15-303991-4	
9	VS.	DEPT. V	
10	DAVID MURPHY,		
11	Defendant.		
12			
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDG		
14	WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 2016		
15	ROUGH DRAFT TRANS	SCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE:	
16	FARET [*]	TA CANVASS	
17			
18	APPEARANCES:		
19		GNES M. LEXIS, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney	
20		mor Dopaty District Attorney	
21	For the Defendant: C	CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.,	
22			
23			
24			
25	RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER		
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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 12:12 p.m.]

Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David THE COURT:

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Murphy. We're going to do Faretta Canvass.

All right. And Mr. Murphy, the record will reflect he's present in custody. And we put this on for Faretta Canvass because you indicated to me last time we were in Court that you wanted to represent yourself rather than have your current appointed counsel, Mr. Landis, remain as your counsel 'cause I denied your motion to remove him as counsel. You still wish to represent yourself?

DEFENDANT: No. I spoke with Mr. Landis yesterday. He came and seen me. And the information he gave me just, you know, that I won't have the proper ability to law library or none of that, you know, to represent myself. So, I guess the wisest choice is to, you know, stay with counsel, right?

THE COURT: Yes. I absolutely agree. I was -- I would do everything in power to discourage you from representing yourself because of all --

DEFENDANT: I do, but I mean --

THE COURT: -- the reasons --

DEFENDANT: -- you know, I'm in max. So I mean I only get one hour a day out of cell. I really have no access to the law library.

THE COURT: Okay.

DEFENDANT: I guess it's not --

THE COURT: Well, Mr. Landis has appeared before me in many occasions and I always found him to be very diligent, thoughtful lawyer. So --

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DEFENDANT: I mean like when I spoke with him, you know, I
understand, you know, he's not incompetent. You know what I'm saying? I
feel he is a good lawyer. I just felt like his his heart wasn't in it, you know.
And we spoke

THE COURT: He has -- he has a temperate personality, you know. So --DEFENDANT: I know.

THE COURT: -- you want that in a lawyer. You don't want somebody that's jumping up and down and getting overly emotional because you want somebody to be able to -- to advise you with a clear head and tell you maybe things you don't want to hear, things that you want to hear, but also the things you don't want to hear. You've got -- you've got to have a lawyer you can trust to give you advise and tell you the truth. And I think Mr. Landis will do that.

DEFENDANT: So from -- for now -- right now I'd rather keep my counsel on and go forward from here.

THE COURT: Very well.

MR. LANDIS: When we proceed to trial, I assure everybody -- I'll get overly emotional sooner or later.

THE COURT: I'm sure. All right. I look forward to that. Okay. Then there is nothing before the Court then, at this point in time what do we have -do we have any dates pending for any -- let's see --

MS. LEXIS: The motion to sever.

THE COURT: -- we still got the motion to sever on the 9th then.

MS. LEXIS: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. We'll proceed on the 9th. I'll see you then.

1	DEFENDANT: What's the 9 th , Monday?
2	THE COURT: The 9 th is indeed Monday.
3	DEFENDANT: Monday, yes. Thank you.
4	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
5	MR. LANDIS: Thank you, Judge.
6	[Proceeding concluded at 12:16 a.m.]
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17	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
18	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
19	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I
20	acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.
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22	michelle Parisey
23	Michelle Ramsey
24	Transcriber

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-15-303991-5 Plaintiff, VS. 8 DEPT. V 9 JOSEPH LAGUNA, 10 Defendant. 11 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 12 13 **MONDAY, MAY 9, 2016** 14 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 15 STATUS CHECK: JOINDER TO MOTION TO SEVER 16 APPEARANCES: 17 18 For the State: MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 19 For the Defendant, Mendoza: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, ESQ., 20 21 For the Defendant, Larsen: GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ., 22 For the Defendant, Murphy: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 23 For the Defendant, Laguna: MONIQUE A. McNEILL, ESQ., 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, MAY 9, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 9:46 a.m.]

THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, David Murphy and Joseph Laguna. Good morning. So what's happening on this? I mean, I never got a opposition by the State to Laguna's motion to sever.

MR. DiGIACOMO: It was just a joinder in which he based -- she adopted the --

THE COURT: There was a -- she filed a second.

MR. DiGIACOMO: The second one she filed was still a joinder.

THE COURT: Yeah, but -- and if it says joinder and --

MR. DiGIACOMO: Oh. I only --

THE COURT: -- motion to sever. It says she has her own motion to sever. You didn't read it.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I didn't read it 'cause I -- in discussions with Ms. McNeill I'm aware that essentially it's the same argument as it relates to Mr. Mendoza's defense which my response being there's absolutely no evidence of that defense in the record. And even if it was the defense, it wouldn't make a difference as it relates to Mr. Laguna or Mr. Murphy. And I responded that way in Mr. Murphy's as I responded as to both Defendants and Mr. Murphy's motion.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Do you want to -- Mr. Landis, did you want to anything on as far as your motion?

MR. LANDIS: If I could briefly. The State relies heavily on Marshal and --

THE COURT: I'm sorry. The State --

MR. LANDIS: The State relies heavily on <u>Marshal</u>, the <u>Marshal</u> case which I don't blame them has very good language for the State on issues of severance dealing with mutually exclusive defenses.

That said, I also think some of the language in <u>Marshal</u> if it's extracted is dangerous. And I think it's dangerous if you look at it to stand for the proposition that mutually exclusive defense -- defenses in and of themselves cannot be a ground for severance absent some other showing of a constitutional violation. I think that's a very dangerous way to read <u>Marshal</u> and I don't think it stands for that.

Roland which is the case that predates Marshal states that mutually exclusive defenses that are antagonistic at their core such that two Defendants can't walk into a jury trial and both walk out acquitted, that by itself is a ground for severance. And I think that's a more correct way to look at the law. The idea that defenses can be such that two Defendants can walk into a trial and one of them is going to get convicted just a matter of fact based on their defenses. I do think is fundamentally unfair.

The language in <u>Marshal</u> seems to indicate that that might be okay in certain search -- situations. And I think the proper way to read <u>Marshal</u> based on that is <u>Marshal</u> applies a harmless error analysis to the facts of that case and I really think that's what the Court's trying to do even though it doesn't directly say it.

In <u>Marshal</u>, the evidence was overwhelming. Both Defendants who were seen at the scene of the crime by independent witnesses. Both of them were found together the next day with a truck that had the victim's blood in it.

One of them admitted to splitting the robbery proceeds with the other. At trial, jailhouse informants testified that both of them independently confessed to the crimes.

That's a case where I think the evidence was such that they said hey, just 'cause you guys are getting a trial and pointing the finger at each other doesn't give grounds for severance because it's harmless error because the evidence is overwhelming. And I think that's very different than this case especially with my client. There's not overwhelming evidence that puts him at the scene of this crime.

What we're dealing with are cellphone records and that's it. And for another Defendant to come into trial and say he was there and he made me do it which is what I'd sincerely believe Mendoza is going to do.

THE COURT: Are you not discounting Mr. Figueroa's testimony when you say that? I mean, I realize that, you know, he's an accomplice, so you've got to connect him. But the cellphone records do that. We've already talked about that in prior motion practice. But --

MR. LANDIS: Obviously, Figueroa's testimony will be admissible evidence. Obviously, it's also one that has credibility issues built into it just because he's pacing his testimony on a deal.

I would say to you that the fact that his credibility determination is going to be so important in this case that's all the more reason to sever because my prejudice would be greater to also have a Defendant sitting at the defense table pointing the finger at my guy. That would be my argument.

THE COURT: We don't know that that's going to happen. You're -- there's a speculation that he's going to argue that he was forced.

MR. LANDIS: Coming from me it will always be somewhat speculation. It will. There's nothing I can do to prove what their defense is going to be. But the reason why I think the motion is appropriate and nevertheless is looking at the evidence I don't they have many avenues to pursue in terms of credible defenses. And, of course, talking about Mendoza.

The story he told to the police which was I was just there on that street and I happened to get carjacked around the time of the home invasion. I don't think that's a defense they're going to present at trial. I don't think they have many options. And I think it's fair to say there's at least a high likelihood they're going to present a duress defense.

The difficulty with it is this though; I can't compel Mendoza to tell me or tell you or tell anybody what their defense is. The Court in theory could say hey, I need to know more about what their defenses are, I'm going to conduct the ex parte or in camera review of what their defenses are. But if you were to do that, what you ruled after having that conversation would reveal to everybody what his defense was. So I think that's what puts it in a difficult spot because I don't think the Court is in a position to hear his defense and rule on this motion without revealing it.

And I think just the substantial likelihood that he is going to present that defense compels this Court to sever because I don't know what other solution there is to learn his defense, yet not prejudice his ability to not tell everybody what his defense is going to be at this time.

And the last thing I'll say is the State -- the State does spend some time saying this is Mendoza's argument and not mine or he should be severed, and I would just say I don't have standing to a severance on behalf of Mendoza

or on behalf of any other Defendant. And with that, I'll submit it.

THE COURT: Mr. DiGiacomo, what about this -- you know, what happens if, in fact, Mendoza goes up at trial and brings that -- asserts that kind of defense?

MR. DiGIACOMO: Let's start with -- there's something that Mr. Landis said that I think is probably some of the confusion in his argument. A mutually exclusive defense is not one where two Defendants go to trial and both can't get -- receive a not guilty. It's when two Defendants go to trial and neither can receive a not guilty.

And in this case, if Mr. Mendoza says I was under duress, what weight could he establish that? There is a single way for him to establish it 'cause I will represent to the Court his statement is not coming into evidence which means he will have to take the stand, he will be cross examined and thus the evidence would be admissible. It's simply just evidence at that point. You don't have to worry about severance 'cause there's no trial right associated with Mr. Murphy that's going to be a problem here.

So even if the defense that is presented is one of duress which I'm not sure is even a lawful defense in this case, that hasn't even been litigated yet before the Court whether or not in the State of Nevada duress can be a defense to a felony murder. It theoretically could be if you weren't the shooter. But we could all agree from the evidence in this case Mr. Mendoza is the shooter and thus he cannot assert duress for shooting someone with a high powered rifle.

So it's not a defense available to Mr. Mendoza even if he were to try it. My guess is that Mr. Mendoza is going to attempt to present the same

defense that he presented in his statement and the only way he's going to be able to do that is to get on the stand and say some guys that I don't know carjacked me and shot me. Well, the problem for that, and it wouldn't hurt Mr. Landis if he did that, is that Mr. Murphy happens to be his cousin. So he would know him if he carjacked him.

And so there is no issue for severance in this case 'cause all the evidence if it's presented will be presented to a method that's admissible against all the Defendants and they are not mutually exclusive defenses because one of them could get a not guilty either Mr. Mendoza or Mr. Murphy. And I will submit it to the Court.

THE COURT: All right. And I think as I mentioned obviously Mr. Figueroa's testimony is important in this case. I just -- I think authentication of those phone records at trial is going to be a very important issue. I assume the State's going to have a proper authentication at trial. Okay.

All right. So, I have to agree with the State. The reasons are articulated. I don't think there's grounds to sever. And frankly, you know, I want to hear obviously from you as to why it, you know, why you think Mr. Laguna has any other better reason for severance from Mr. Murphy.

MS. McNEILL: Your Honor, it's very similar to Mr. Murphy. I mean, the cases are very similar. It's cellphone records. Although I would disagree with Mr. Landis in his assertion that he thinks Mr. Figueroa's testimony will be admissible. I believe that Mr. Laguna and I strongly disagree with what the State contends the cellphone records will show. We have a cellphone expert that I believe will shed different light on what those cellphone records show. And Mr. Laguna's defense that he was not involved in any way in this and that

those cellphone records do not, in fact, put him at the scene of the crime, then makes it very difficult to go with that case when one of the Defendants may say oh no, not only was he involved, but he coerced me and I was acting under duress.

But the argument is very similar to Mr. Landis. His argument that, you know, obviously I think those are mutually exclusive defenses.

THE COURT: Did you want to be heard on Mr. Laguna's?

MR. DiGIACOMO: No, because the issue of the authentic -- authenticification [sic] of the cellphone records is going to ultimately be an issue for the jury. Certainly, we're going to present as we did at the grand jury sufficient evidence for it to be admissible, they can call their own expert in defense and there can be an argument and the jury will be instructed on accomplice corroboration, but that won't affect the decision on severance.

THE COURT: Well, there was some issue I recall with the authentication of the phone records that the proper affidavits weren't present for all of the cellphone companies. You'll need to have that --

MR. DiGIACOMO: That was the issue on writ, but certainly we'll be calling the COR's. In fact, we all noticed -- I think we may have already noticed experts from the cellphone companies.

THE COURT: Right. So authentication isn't really what she's arguing. Now she's saying that she's got an expert that's going to come in and say. And so I assume you've -- you'll hand-filed a notice of expert to get --

MS. McNEILL: I haven't yet, but I will.

THE COURT: Yeah. Because you -- and stating what that expert will testify to 'cause I -- I mean, I criticize both sides in this as that I always see

notices that go out that are not proper. They say oh, this is the area of the testimony, but they don't say the brief synopsis of what the testimony will be and that's a key component, so both sides always need to do that with experts.

But what she seems to be saying is that they're going to have an expert that will say oh no, the cellphone records don't show that or at least maybe poke holes in --

MR. DiGIACOMO: It's not unusual in cellphone cases for them --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. DiGIACOMO: -- to have an expert to say the same thing.

THE COURT: Okay. So, yeah, I don't think that there is grounds to sever. So I'm going to deny the motion for Mr. Laguna as well. And State will prepare the order with findings.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DiGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge.

MS. McNEILL: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. LANDIS: Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

[Proceeding concluded at 9:59 a.m.]

ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.

Michelle Ramse

Transcriber

			07/11/2016 04:14:20 P
1 2 3	MOT CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9424 LANDIS LAW GROUP 200 Hoover Ave. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		CLERK OF THE COURT
4	Telephone: 702.487.3650 Facsimile: 702.664.2632		
5	E-mail: clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com Attorney for Defendant		
6			
7	DISTF	RICT COURT	
8	CLARK CO	DUNTY, NEVA	DA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,	CASE NO.:	C-15-303991-4
11	v.	DEPT. NO.:	V
12	DAVID MURPHY,		
13	Defendant.		
14			
15	MOTION TO WITHDRAY	W AS ATTORN	EY OF RECORD

COMES NOW, CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., appointed attorney of record for Defendant, DAVID MURPHY, and moves this Honorable Court for an Order granting Counsel's Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record.

This Motion is based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached Declaration of Counsel, the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and any information provided to the Court at the time set for hearing this motion.

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Relevant Facts 1.

Casey A. Landis, Esq., hereby submits this request to withdraw as attorney of record for David Murphy because Landis is moving out of state and ceasing the practice of law in Las Vegas, Nevada. See Declaration of Casey A. Landis, Esq. (attached hereto).

Through the Clark County Office of Appointed Counsel, Landis was appointed to represent Murphy on December 19, 2014, when the instant case was before Department 12 of the Las Vegas Justice Court. Thereafter, an Indictment was filed based on the same charges and the instant case was assigned to this Court for purposes of jury trial. At present, trial is scheduled for the week of September 12, 2016.

Counsel for Murphy contacted Drew Christensen, Appointed Counsel Director for the Office of Appointed Counsel, and informed him of the instant motion. Mr. Christensen approved of this motion and stated that he will endeavor to have new appointed counsel present on the date set for the hearing of this motion.

Legal Argument 2.

Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct 1.16(a), as adopted by the Nevada Supreme Court, states in pertinent part:

- [A] lawyer shall not represent a client or, where representation has commenced, shall withdraw from the representation of a client if:
- (1) The representation will result in violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct or other law;
- (2) The lawyer's physical or mental condition materially impairs the lawyer's ability to represent the client; or
- (3) The lawyer is discharged.

Thereafter, Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct 1.16(b), provides that a lawyer may withdraw from representing a client if "good cause for withdraw exists." Counsel for Murphy submits that moving and relocating one's law practice constitutes good cause to permit counsel's withdrawal in this case.

NOTICE OF MOTION		
TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff:		
YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above captioned MOTION TO		
WITHDRAW AS ATTORNEY OF RECORD will be heard on the 25 day of July, 2016,		
at 9:00 a.m. in Department V of the Eight Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of		
Nevada.		
DATED this 11 th day of July, 2016.		
LANDIS LAW GROUP		
/s/ Casey A. Landis		
CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9424		
200 Hoover Ave. Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
I hereby certify that service of the above and forgoing was made this 11 th		
day of July, 2016, by: (1) email to:		
CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY Email: PDmotions@clarkcountyda.com		
(2) mail to:		
DAVID MURPHY ID# 0859628		
Clark County Detention Center 330 S. Casino Center Blvd.		
Las Vegas, NV 89101		
By/s/ Casey A. Landis		
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2		CLERK OF THE COURT	
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4	DISTE	RICT COURT	
5	CLARK CC	OUNTY, NEVADA	
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7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)	
8	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C-15-303991-4	
9	vs.)) DEPT. V	
10	DAVID MURPHY,))	
11	Defendant.))	
12			
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLY	N ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE	
14	MONDAY, JULY 25, 2016		
15	ROUGH DRAFT TRANS	SCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE:	
16	MOTION TO WITHDRA	W AS ATTORNEY OF RECORD	
17			
18	APPEARANCES:		
19		AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ.,	
20	C	Chief Deputy District Attorney	
21	For the Defendant:	CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.,	
22		LISSA C. ENGLER, ESQ.,	
23			
24			
25	RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN,	COURT RECORDER	
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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, JULY 25, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 9:56 a.m.]

THE COURT: All right. Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David Murphy. Record will reflect the presence of the Defendant and this is on for Mr. Landis' motion to withdraw as attorney of record. So, if -- if that is allowed, then are you the person that was --

MS. ENGLER: Yes. Good morning, Your Honor, Elissa Engler, bar number 11940. I'm appearing today for Bret Whipple who's bar number is 6168. We were contacted by Drew Christensen to accept the appointment if the Court allows the withdraw of [indiscernible] --

THE COURT: And so Mr. Whipple will be prepared to go to trial on the firm trial setting of September 12th; is that right?

MS. ENGLER: Well, we don't have any of the information, but we will certainly do our best to be ready to go on the 12th.

THE COURT: No. Unless I have a commitment that he will be ready absolutely, withdrawal will not be allowed pursuant to the rule. So, I mean I would be very surprised that Mr. Whipple could be ready for trial. He's not generally ready when he's had the case for many months.

MS. ENGLER: Well, then I would probably anticipate passing it 'til Wednesday 'cause I don't -- we don't have any of the discovery. We were just contacted on Friday.

THE COURT: I just -- yeah -- I mean, Mr. Landis, you just -- just -- I mean, you've had this case two years, right?

MR. LANDIS: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. And was this decision to leave the jurisdiction like made in the last week or two?

MR. LANDIS: It was made about three weeks ago.

THE COURT: Well, you may have to come back to try this case because I'm not going to -- this -- these Defendants are in custody and the case is two years old. We set this on a firm trial setting. To try and reset this trial with all these lawyers that are involved was difficult to set it in the first place, so. At this time the motion is denied.

If you would like to continue it 'til Wednesday to have Mr. Whipple come in, but I don't see the point if you can't say without a doubt, any doubt, that he can step in.

MS. ENGLER: I guess the issue is, Your Honor, without seeing -- I mean, we haven't been provided any discovery. So I don't know if it's something that is feasibly possible to be prepared for. I mean it is a month and a half away, so it's not possible. So that's why I'm passing it 'til Wednesday. I don't -- if counsel needs to leave the jurisdiction for whatever his reasons are and we are able to do it, then it works for all parties.

THE COURT: Right. But I won't allow it unless Mr. Whipple says he is going to accept this trial date and there will be no --

MS. ENGLER: Certainly.

THE COURT: -- last minute attempts at continuance. Otherwise, Mr. Landis has been on this case for two years, so.

MS. ENGLER: Okay.

THE COURT: All right. So I'll continue it 'til Wednesday.

THE CLERK: July 27th at 9.

1	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
2	[Proceeding concluded at 9:59 a.m.]
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24	Transcriber

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 **DISTRICT COURT** 4 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 9 DEPT. V 10 DAVID MURPHY, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 14 WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 2016 15 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 16 MOTION TO WITHDRAW AS ATTORNEY OF RECORD 17 APPEARANCES: 18 19 For the State: AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 20 21 For the Defendant: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 22 ALISSA C. ENGLER, ESQ., 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

1 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 2016 2 [Proceeding commenced at 9:29 a.m.] 3 4 THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David Murphy. 5 6 MS. LEXIS: Thank you very much. Agnes Lexis for the State. 7 MR. LANDIS: Casey Landis for Mr. Murphy. 8 MS. ENGLER: Good morning, Your Honor, Elissa Engler for Mr. Whipple's 9 office. Thank you for passing this from Wednesday. It looks like we won't be 10 able to take the case 'cause this trial will last more than a week. If it had been 11 a week, we would have been able to take it. So I think Mr. Landis is prepared to remain on the case. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. Well, we appreciate that very much. Thank you. 14 And so the trial date stands. 15 MS. LEXIS: Thank you. 16 MS. ENGLER: Thank you, Your Honor. 17 MR. LANDIS: Thank you, Judge. 18 DEFENDANT: Excuse me, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 20 DEFENDANT: May I speak? Can I file a motion in open court? 21 THE COURT: No. 22 DEFENDANT: No. 23 THE COURT: You can't file a motion. You're represented by counsel. 24 DEFENDANT: No. It's a motion to dismiss my attorney.

25

THE COURT: Well then you need to file it in the ordinary course and have

it set for hearing, but we don't -- I'm not going to file it in open court. No.

DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. I haven't seen my attorney, you know. filed that motion to dismiss back in May.

THE COURT: Motion to dismiss your attorney?

DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. And it was --

DEFENDANT: Remember, you denied that.

THE COURT: -- denied.

DEFENDANT: I seen him one time after that. He said he was going out of state for two weeks. He said he'd be back in the beginning of June so that we could prepare for trial 'cause nothing has been done. I haven't seen him since. I haven't heard from him. I've been trying to leave messages. He won't contact. He won't see me. He won't respond to messages.

THE COURT: Well, I'm sure he's going to -- your trial is not until September and so he's going to be preparing --

DEFENDANT: We have all kinds of motions, there's discovery issues that haven't been addressed.

THE COURT: Sir -- Mr. Murphy, okay. Your lawyer is going to meet with you and prepare for trial. If you want to file a motion to dismiss him, you need to file it, but I'm not going to accept it in open court today.

DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. ENGLER: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. LEXIS: Thank you.

[Proceeding concluded at 9:31 a.m.]

1	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
2	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
3	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not
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AOR: 2	CIARKC	OUN	TYNEVADA	
Casey 3				
Landis 4	STATE OF NEVADA		·	
. 5		Cas	e No.º C-15-30	3991-4
. 6.	Plaintiff,			
.7		Dept	· No.º V	
· 8	V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
9_		Dock	et No.s	<u> </u>
	I DAVID MUKPHY,	_		
			Date: 08/24/16	•
12	Defendante	-	Time: 9:00 AM	
. [3]				•
. 14	NANTTONIT	0.1	DISIMING	:
15	C 0: 1 N C		AND	<u> </u>
16	APPOINTMENT	T 01	MITERNIATE	COUNCEL
18			ALIANALIE	- UMILIE
19	COMES NOW, the I	Dofoni	Jant DAVID M	URPHY
20.	Moves this honorable cou	17++	O DISMISS C	OUNSEL.
21 '	CASEY A. LANDIS, and	0110	int other coun	sel to
22	represent this defend	W I Y		
23		paser	& upon all pape	VS,
24	pleadings and documen	ts.01	1 file. Factuo	1 Statements
25	Set forth in the POIN	SA	NI) AUTHORIT	IS.
26	contained therein.	•	- ()	* 4
27.		day	of August, 20)[6
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į.	POINTS AND AUTHORITIES
1	
3	It is respectfully requested of this court to grant this motion to dismiss counsel for the reasons
4	grant this motion to dismiss counsel for the reasons
. 5	Misted below:
.6	
7	I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND
8	
	on December 19, 2014, defendant, DAVID MURPHY,
10	has been prejudiced and suffered Manifest injustice
	based on counsel's refusal or failure to:
12	D Keep an open line of communication with
3	Mienti as per ADKT '411, Standard 4-3: Must maintain
	la system for recieving collect calls from incarcerated
	clients.
16	
17	he sets or visit with defendant at CLARK COUNTY
181	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
19	
20	
21	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12	1) Thoroughly take investigative measures in 17his case: Subsequently not using all available resources.
	Ithis case, subsequently not using all available resources.
24	6) tultill his tole of detense counsely has
<u>L</u> 51	Continually neglected detendants rights to effective
16 11	lassistance of wunser.
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ARGUMENT DEFENDANT, DAVID MURPHY, asserts 3 he is being denied his right to effective representation 4/due to wholly inadequate actions of his court appointed 5/counsel. Further, Counsel's innate action compart to nothing more than a violation of defendants due process rights.

Counsel has no phone account set up with the CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER, so defendant 10/ has no direct line of contact with coursel Because III this, defendant must sely on Family to send text 12 messages to counsel. In most instances course 13 does not respond to Messages sent to him. 14/ rare instance that counsel does respond, Counse will give a day that he will come visit wit defendant at the CLARK COUNTY DETENTION 17 CENTER, but rarely does counsel keep his word and when Coursel does visit with defendant 20 Coursel only has excuses as to why he has yet Ifile motions, obtain documents, or done any of the things defendant has asked him to do with defense or prepare for trial 24 Course! has repeatedly told defendant: 25 "Don't worry", "Be patient", "We have plenty of time to The last time the defendant spoke with 28 Counsel was in May. At this time defendant expressed 29 concerns that in the 18 months that coursed had 30 represented defendant, Very little had been done

Defendant explained to counsel his fears that 2/ they would not be prepared for trial because 3 coursel had yet to do many of the things he 4 had been promising defendant for 18 months. Among 5 the long list of these things were discovery issues that had let to be filed or addressed 7 Defendant had yet to Meet with expert withness 8/ nor had coursel obtained documents necessary for 9 export wittness to examine and give his opinion, Motions 10 had not been filed, nor had withnesses been located Mor interviewed. The list of things that counsel.
12 has failed to assist in addressing and or accomplish 13 is Significant. Defendant was very adament 14/ that time was running out and was very concerned 15 that counsel would not be fully prepared for trial Once again Counsel told defendant not to 17 Morry, that there was plenty of time to accomplish
18 all of these things and be prepared for trial. Coursel informed defendant that course 20/ to go out of town for two weeks; but when he 4 returns, in the begining of June, all of coursels 22 time would be dedicated to this defendants case. Defendant has not sporen to course 24 Since that meeting in May. Begining in mid Jun 25 and into July, defendant had messages relayed to 26 Coursel via text messages. Coursel never responded 27/ Yo any of these Messages. On July 15, defendant recieved a letter along 29 with an attached motion to withdraw as attorney 30 In the letter counsel Stated he was relocating

illout of State and would no longer be representing Ildefendant. Since recieving this letter defendant 4 no other contact with counsel. Nor has counsel responded 5/1to multiple Messages to contact defendant, after this 6/ letter and copy of motion was recieved. Defendant has an unqualified right to 8/assistance that expresses loyally to said defendant. 911. The right to counsel is the right (also) to effective 10/assistance of counsel." Cuyler V. Sullivan 100 s. Ct. 1708 1111(1980); and Frazier V. U.S. 18 F. 3d 778 (9th Cir. 1994) 17 Thus, the adversarial process protected by the Sixth 13 amendment requires that the acrused have "counsel It acting in the role of an advocate" Anders v. California 15/187 S. Ct. 1396 & 1480 (1967 A party whose counselis unable to provide 17/ effective or adequate assistance is no better than one 18/ who has no counsel at all; and any appeals would 19/10e futile in its gesture. Evitts v. Luces 105 s. 83 s. Ct. · 201830 (1985) i Douglas V. California, Appointed counsel for this defendant has done than the bare minimum to fairly properly 23/19epresent Nim. Counsel has continually and 24 nealected this defendant and counsels obligation in 25/10/e of an advocate. CASEY A. LANDIS was for 26 or refused to participate, investigate or use all 27 available resources to assist in defense and prepare 28 For trial, this alone is a Viable claim to ineffective Crandel V. Bunnell No. 92-5530 D.C. 30/CV-90-6419-WJR (5): Filed May 25, 1994 (9th (ic)

Therefore, defendant contends that although 2 coursel has been appointed in this case, the actions 3 of coursel, or lack thereof, have created unfair prejudice and obstacles which do not comport the fair procedures owed to the defendant The plurality opinion in Exitts infra, Made it vox that equality demanded There is lacking by the fourteenth amendment, where the "rich man" enjoys the benefit of the law being righterush practiced; in that counsels' examination Step-by-(into the record of the case), and research of the law land Marshaling of the facts/arguments in his be 14/11's done as should befit an advocate of de the indigent, so buildened by a preliminary determination that his case is without meri-17 Forced to Shift for himself." 105 s. Ct. At 842; 18 83 s. Ct. At 816-17. Notwithstanding the Strong police 20 Favoring autonomy, "ethical, professional 21 Constitutional principals" establish counsel's standards See: American Bar Association 22 lowed to his/her dient. 23 (ABA), and Professional Responsibility code (CPR) 24 Defendant is in the process of filing 25 a complaint against coursel, with the STATE BAR So, Clearly, a conflict of interest now 18 exists between counsel/client, DAVID MURPHY, as 29/ all faith and trust has been diminished as a result 30 of counsels actions, or lack thereof, and a showing?

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i	of conflict of interest requires no shouling of
2	Of conflict of interest requires no showing of Prejudice. Cuyler V. Pullivan, 100 s. Ct of 1717.
3	The law addresses itself to actualities.
4	Adjudication is not a mere mechanical process,
5	nor does it compelarly either (or determination)
. 6	Griffin V. Illinois, 76s, Ct. 585 592-594 (1956).
7	Therefore, Fundamental fairness requires
8	the abolition of prejudice which the defendant
9	lis presently suffering. This is an actuality
10	that the law must address. Anything short of
	labdication would further a Manifest of injustice.
12	The "EFFEITIVENESS (In assistance) OF COUNSEL"
(3	lis an individual's most fundamental right for without
14	lit, every other right defendant has to assent becomes affected.
15	Dated this first day of August, 2016 DAVID MURPHY
[6]	DAVID MURPHY
17	(defendant)
17	
	LECLARATIN
10	Lated this first day of August, 2016.
21	I DAVID MURPHY, do Solemny Swear, under
12	penalty of perjuny that the above (aforementioned)
43	Frext of MOTION TO VISMISS COUNSEL IS
24	accurate, and is correct to the best of my Knowlege.
15	(NRS 1+1-102 and NRS 208-165)
26	Kespectfully Submitted
<u></u>	
18	tag /Vight
29	1 DAVLD MINKPHA
30	(aetendant)
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DAVID MURPHY#859628
330 S. CASINOCENTER BLVD
LAS VEGAS, NV

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Alun D. Louis 1 **NWEW** STEVEN B. WOLFSON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 AGNES M. LEXIS Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 5 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, 10 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-15-303991-1 C-15-303991-3 12 JORGE MENDOZA, C-15-303991-4 #2586625 SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, 13 C-15-303991-5 #1854665 DAVID MURPHY, 14 DEPT NO: V aka, David Mark Murphy, #0859628 JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna, 15 #1203205 Defendants. 16 17

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES [NRS 174.234(2)]

TO: JORGE MENDOZA, Defendant; and

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TO: WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, Counsel of Record:

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF NEVADA intends to call the following expert witnesses in its case in chief:

INDICATES AN ADDITIONAL EXPERT

CHARLTON, NOREEN P#13572, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

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CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR AT & T; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR CRICKET

WIRELESS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR METRO PCS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR NEUSTAR; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR T-MOBILE; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR VERIZON WIRELESS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

DUTRA, DR. TIMOTHY, A medical doctor employed by the Clark County Coroner Medical Examiner. He is an expert in the area of forensic pathology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the cause and manner of death of MONTY GIBSON.

FELABOM, ADAM P#8427, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

13.

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HOLSTEIN, DANIEL P#3861, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

KRYLO, JAMES, P#5945, or Designee, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Department, will testify as an expert in the area of firearm/toolmark analysis and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the firearms and bullet trajectory comparison of certain evidence collected from the various crime scenes.

• LESTER, ANYA - LVMPD P#13771 (or designee): FIREARMS/TOOLMARK EXAMINER with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the field of firearm and toolmark comparisons and is expected to testify thereto.

MECKLER, KRISTEN P#14402, Crime Scene Analyst II or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

NEMCIK, AMY P#8504, Crime Scene Analyst Supervisor or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

SHRUM, SHELLY P#7917, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

SZUKIEWICZ, JOSEPH P#5411, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

THOMAS, JENNIFER, P #10074, is a Forensic Laboratory Scientist II or Designee, with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She will testify as an expert as to the procedures, techniques and science employed in DNA analysis, all procedures employed in this case and reports provided.

THOMAS, KRISTINA P#13574, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information or Indictment and any other witnesses for which a separate Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert Witnesses has been filed

The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or at the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.

A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

 \mathbf{BY}

Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #011064

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this Line day of August, 2016, by Electronic Filing to: WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, ESQ lewwolfbrandt@embarqmai.com GREGORY COYER, ESQ. gcoyer@coyerlaw.com CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. clandis@call-law.com MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ. mam@moniquemcneill-law.com Secretary for the District Attorney's Office 14F14997ACDE/tgd/MVU

Hun D. Colum 1 **NWEW** STEVEN B. WOLFSON 2 **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 AGNES M. LEXIS Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 4 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-15-303991-1 C-15-303991-3 12 JORGE MENDOZA, C-15-303991-4 #2586625 SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, 13 C-15-303991-5 #1854665 DAVID MURPHY, 14 DEPT NO: V aka, David Mark Murphy, #0859628 15 JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna, #1203205 16 Defendants. 17 THIRD SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 18 [NRS 174.234(2)] JORGE MENDOZA, Defendant; and TO: 19 WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, Counsel of Record; and TO: 20 SUMMER LARSEN, Defendant; and TO: 21 GREGORY COYER, ESQ., Counsel of Record; and TO: 22 DAVID MURPHY, Defendant; and TO: 23 CASEY LANDIS, ESQ., Counsel of Record; and TO: 24 TO: JOSEPH LAGUNA, Defendant; and 25 MONIQUE MCNEILLE, ESQ., Counsel of Record. TO: 26 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 27 NEVADA intends to call the following expert witnesses in its case in chief: 28

INDICATES AN ADDITIONAL EXPERT

• BASILOTTA, E. "GINO" P#8447, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He will testify as an expert regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CHARLTON, NOREEN P#13572, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

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1	The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or	
2	at the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.	
3	A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.	
4	STEVEN B. WOLFSON	
5	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565	
6	BY Degli	
7	AGNES M. LEXIS	
8	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064	
9		
10		
11		
12	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING	
13	I hereby certify that service of the above and foregoing, was made this 22 day of August,	
14	2016, by Electronic Filing to:	
15	WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, ESQ lewwolfbrandt@embargmail.com	
16	<u>iewwonorandi@embarqman.com</u>	
17	GREGORY COYER, ESQ.	
18	gcoyer@coyerlaw.com	
19	CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. clandis@call-law.com	
20	<u>cianuis(w.can-law.com</u>	
21	MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ. mam@moniquemcneill-law.com	
22	, <u>manigimoniquemenem-iaw.com</u>	
23		
24	Secrétary for the District Attorney's Office	
25		
26		
27		
28	14F14997ACDE/tgd/MVU	

The Curriculum Vitae Of:

E. "Gino" Basilotta

Currently Employed By: Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Updated: September 2013







Curriculum Vitae of E. "Gino" Basilotta

INTRODUCTION and SUMMARY:

Detective Eugenio "Gino" Basilotta is employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (LVMPD) and is currently assigned to the Organized Crime Bureau's Technical and Surveillance Section (TASS). The Organized Crime Bureau is a part of the Homeland Security Division of Metro Police.

Gino also has experience as an Accident Investigator for almost 3 ½ years working for LVMPD's Traffic Division. Prior to that, he worked for Bolden Area Command and for the Sheriff's Mobile Crime Saturation Team focusing on the highest crime areas in Las Vegas. Gino began his career with LVMPD in August 2004 and has been employed by the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department for 9 years as of this writing.

Prior to joining The Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Gino spent 20 years in the private sector working with various computer technologies including specific expertise with Hospitality and Gaming Systems from 1993 until 2004. He worked in the corporate Information Technology departments with Hilton Gaming and Venetian. While employed, he opened 3 casinos – 2 with Hilton gaming (one in South America) and the Venetian Casino in Las Vegas, Nevada. Gino was also a Sales Director for a large Hospitality Technology Company managing West Coast Major Casino Accounts. Gino started his 'computer' career as an installer/technician in the 1980's during the personal computer genesis involved with IBM and Apple computer products. Gino has an Undergraduate degree in Management Information Systems (Business Administration) from The University of Arizona, in Tucson.

Currently Gino is a member in good standing with the National Technical Investigators Association and holds a Certified Technical Investigator Status.

Detective, Technical and Surveillance Section (T.A.S.S.) Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Organized Crime Division November 2010 to Present

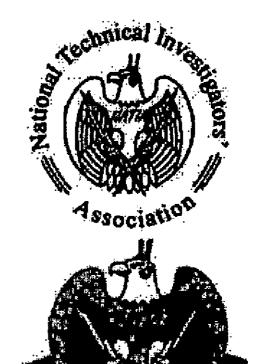
Gino has worked in this unit Since November of 2010. The Technical and Surveillance Section is responsible for providing technical and surveillance support to the department's commitment to the investigation of all crimes and the suppression and prevention of terrorist acts. This is accomplished through the provisioning of a myriad of electronic surveillance & technical solutions. The technical and surveillance functions support is provided to all department sections and task forces conducting criminal investigations.

TASS Unit Goals:

- o Provide electronic surveillance support
- O Provide physical surveillance support
- O Provide technical support for barricade and/or hostage situations
- O Conduct audio/video enhancements
- O Provide anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism support
- O Facilitate Pen Register implementation
- o Facilitate Precision Location
- O Facilitate Title III implementation

Gino is currently a Member of NATIA, (National Technical Investigators Association). Membership in NATIA is restricted to full time employees of Law Enforcement agencies who are actively engaged in technical surveillance, communications, and specialized support of law enforcement or intelligence activities. These individuals must represent Municipal, County, State, Federal and Military involved in the application of electronic surveillance technologies.

Gino currently holds a "Certified Technical Investigator" (CTI) certification from NATIA. CTI certification is awarded to NATIA members who have undergone extensive specialized training and have passed a rigorous examination in technical electronic surveillance techniques, procedures, equipment, and related issues. Continued advanced education is required.



During Gino's time in TASS, he has worked with many different technologies, including GPS Tracking, Cell Phone technologies, Wire Taps (Title IIIs), Pen Registers, Audio and Video Surveillance, and more proprietary technologies used within the unit, requiring a commitment to non-disclosure and OPSEC / Privacy policies.

One of Gino's main responsibilities is the maintenance and operation of the Pen Registers installed department wide by detectives and investigators. This involves handling and the provisioning of lawful Pen Register orders filed to the court by investigators.

Gino also serves on the SWAT callout resource team within TASS. TASS is deployed to active crime scenes involving Hostage and/or Barricaded suspects. TASS deploys technology to aid SWAT and Negotiators in their critical decision making processes.

Gino developed a POST certified Pen Register class which he currently teaches for LVMPD Police Detectives and other agencies. This class educates detectives on the latest technologies used by criminals to avoid law enforcement and the procedures to obtain Pen Registers and Title III's. Gino also teaches this Pen Class in the "New Detective School" and the "Advanced Investigators School" which are offered yearly to LVMPD qualified officers and detectives.

Gino testified on record to Nevada Senator's, supporting the passage of Nevada Senate Bill 268, in April 2013. The bill was nicknamed the "Kelsey Smith Act". This involved giving real world examples on how law enforcement has used cellular phone techniques in the location of missing or endangered persons. The Bill received support and has since passed and will come into effect October 2013. Gino testified on record to Nevada Senator's with regards to Assembly Bill 313. This was involving the proposal of language modification for NRS 179.530. This involved citing real world examples involving Law Enforcement and the use of Pen Registers.

Traffic Investigator / Motor Officer, Traffic Bureau Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Patrol Division May 2007 to November 2010

Gino was assigned to the Traffic Section from May 2007 until November 2011 with his duties including DUI enforcement, accident/fatal investigation and handling calls for the valley wide Las Vegas area. Gino's goal, while in traffic, was to reduce traffic deaths and injuries by improving driving environments through education and enforcement of traffic laws. In addition, Gino's approach was to work high crime areas, to contribute to reduction in crime. Gino immediately obtained his Drug Recognition Expert certification to aid in identifying drug impaired drivers.

His work experience included setting up DUI checkpoints, Accident Investigation, Fatal Investigation, Hit and Run, and various other Traffic Enforcement Duties. His Certifications included:

- Drug Recognition Expert

- RADAR,
- HGN (Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus),
- PBT (Portable Breath Testing Device),
- Intoxilyzer 5000 Breath Machine (used during booking)

While in traffic, Gino investigated over 500 accidents over a 3 ½ year period including close to 100 DUI arrests. Basilotta has also testified many times in court and has much experience regarding testifying for DUI's.

Basilotta attended classes for Accident Investigation, DUI Detection, Standardized Field Sobriety Testing, Mobile Field Force/Tactics, Incident Command Systems, National Incident Management Systems, and Excited Delirium. Basilotta attended Metro's 160 hour Motorcycle Safety course which is known to be one of the most challenging in the United States and is based on Northwestern University's techniques.

Gino obtained a D.R.E. (Drug Recognition Expert) status on July 2007 by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. This certification allows D.R.E.'s to evaluate individuals and accurately categorize them as users of a particular type of drug. Less than 1% of Las Vegas Metropolitan Police officers held this certification at the time.

DEGREES, EXPERIENCE AND CERTIFICATIONS

DEGREES

High School Diploma, 1984
Valley High School, Las Vegas, Nevada

BSBA, Business Administration, Management Information Systems, 1991 University of Arizona, Tucson, Arizona

LAW ENFORCEMENT TIMELINE:

November 2010 to Present

Detective, Organized Crime Bureau,
Technical and Surveillance Section

April 2007 to November 2010 Investigator, Traffic Division

January 2005 to March 2007 Patrol, Bolden Area Command

Mobile Saturation Crime Team

Problem Solving Unit

Community Oriented Policing

CERTIFICATIONS OBTAINED:



Drug Recognition Expert, May 2007



Certified Technical Investigator, March 2011, Expiration, February 17th, 2014
Certification Number 2-021711



Certified Instructor, Advanced Training
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

LAW ENFORCEMENT RELATED TRAINING

January 21st, 2011



Orion GPS Tracking Devices COBHAM

February 2011



CESP 102

Covert Electronic Surveillance Program Federal Law Enforcement Training Center. Glynco, Georgia

August 2011



FBI DA/IS Conference Surveillance, Intercepts and related **Technologies**

August 29th - 30th, 2012



Pen-Link CIA Pen Registers / Title IIIs Lincoln, Nebraska

June 2012



August 27th - 28th, 2013



Pen-Link CIA Pen Registers / Title IIIs Lincoln, Nebraska

September 9th - 10th 2013

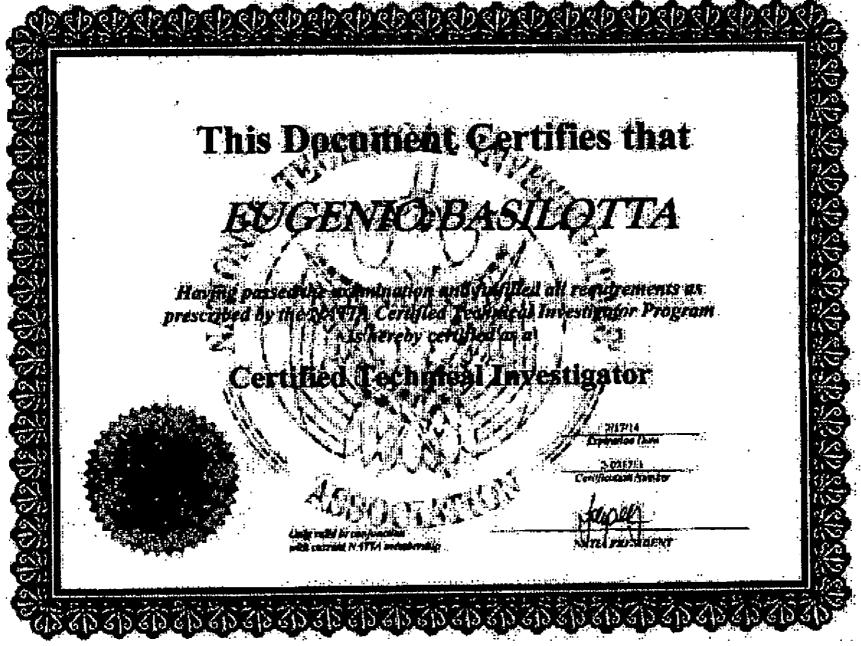


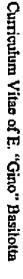
NDCAC – US DOJ/FBI (National Domestic Communications Assistance Center) FBI CAST - PPP (Project Pin Point)

Project Pin Point (PPP) is a geo-spatial intelligence tool developed in 2004 by a Special Agent on the FBI's Violent Crimes Task Force in Philadelphia. The tool was initially intended for fugitive apprehension, but evolved to include historical cell site analysis, informant development, and targeting capabilities for intelligence related functions. It is now used by most FBI field offices.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION









Orion Training Course

The mast important thing was board is true.

Congratulations to

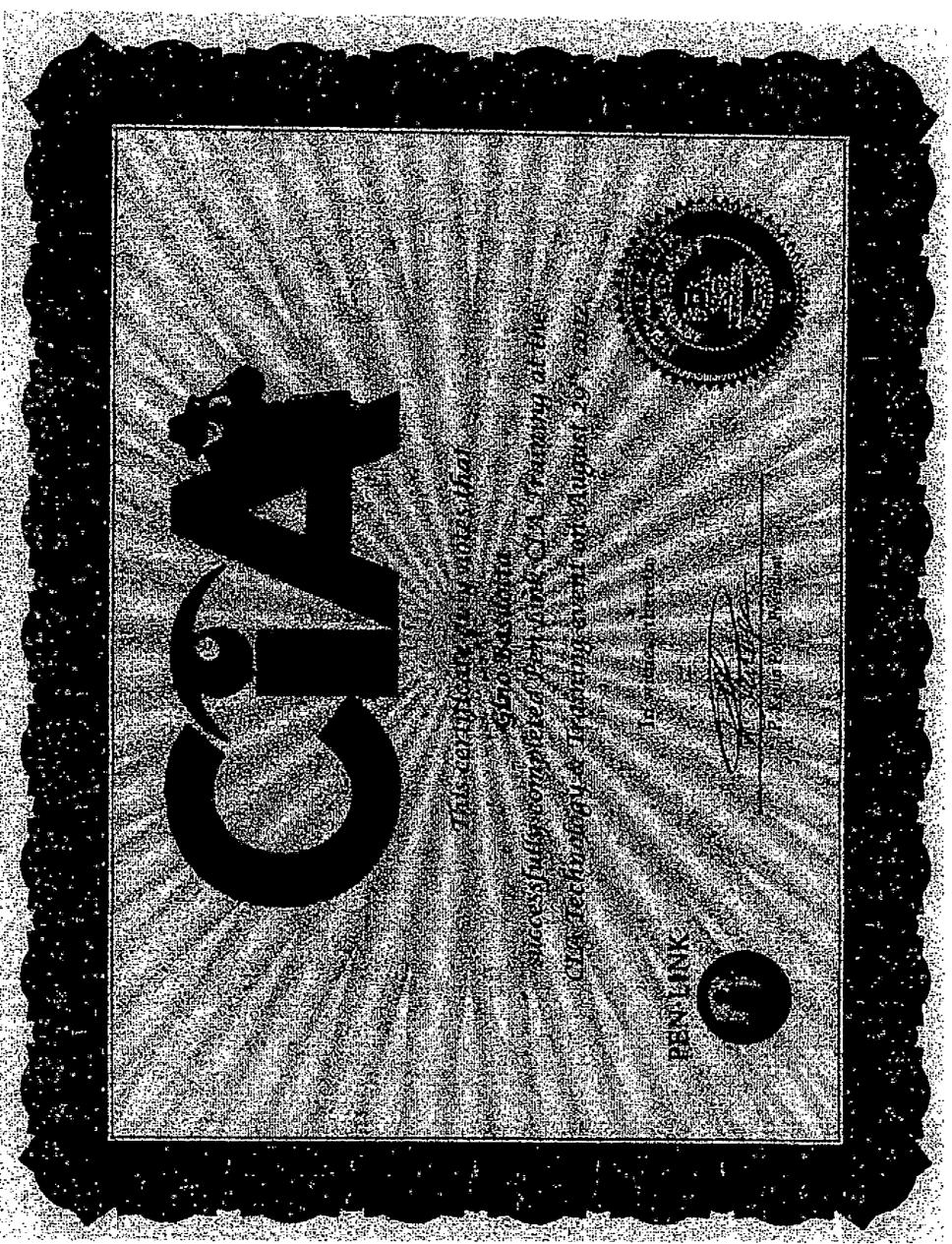
Gino Basilotta

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept.

for successfully completing an Orion training course on

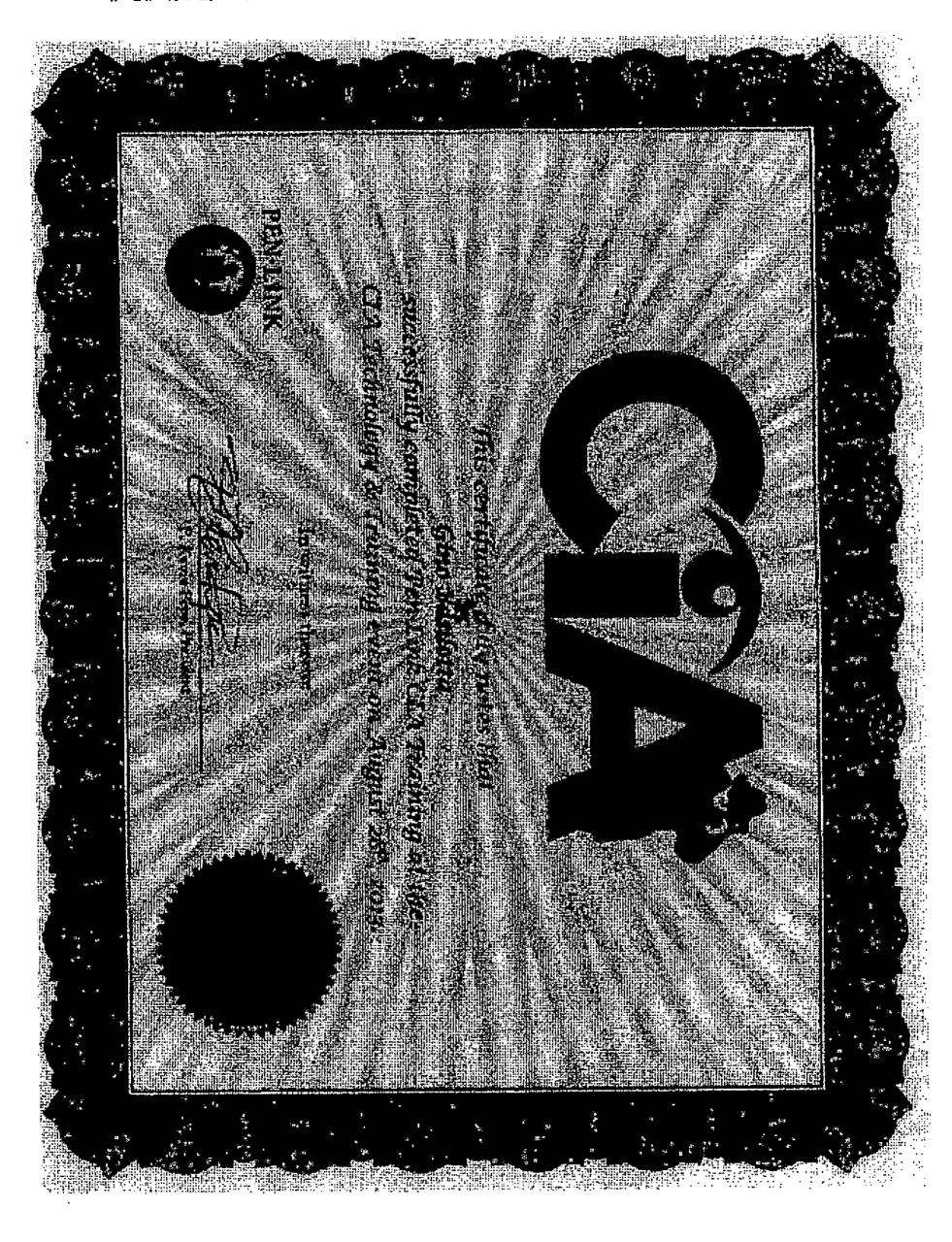
Orion GPS Tracking Devices

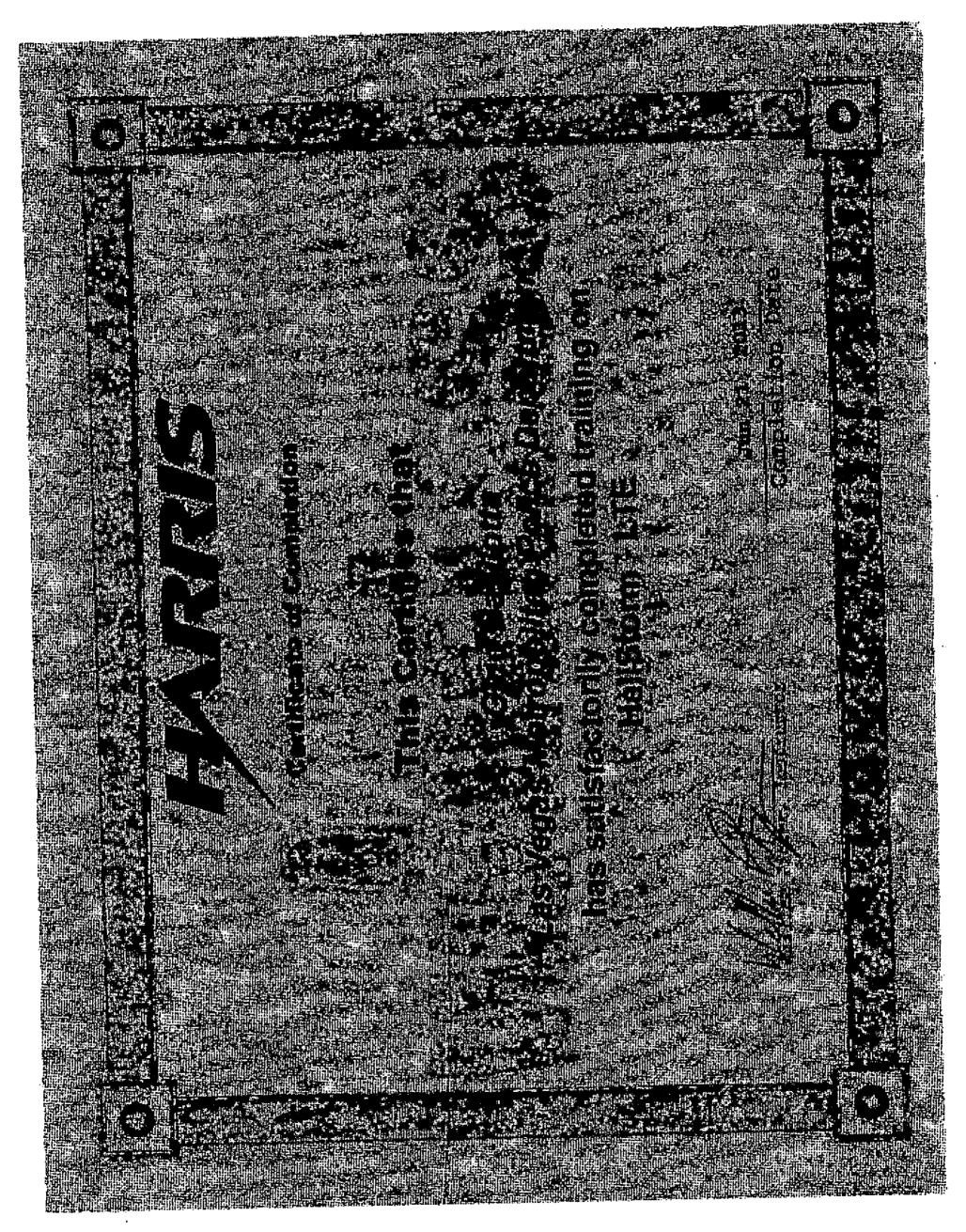
Jan 21, 2011 Las Vegas, NV



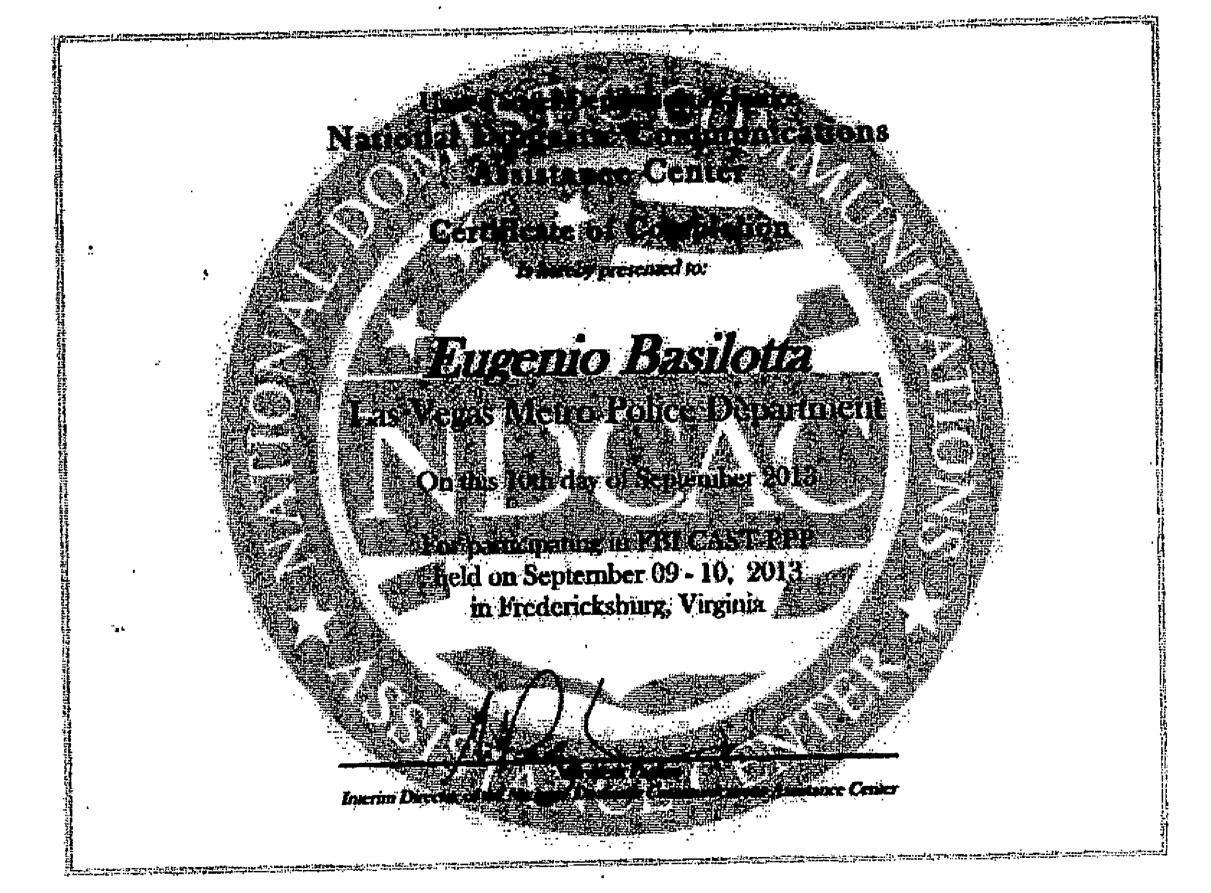
Cumculum vitae of E. Gino destions

Curriculum Vitae of E. "Gino" Basilotta





Curriculum Vitae of E. "Gino" Basilotta



Detective Christopher Gandy

Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (702)828-4535 C5117G@lvmpd.com

Objective

Job experience related to using cell phone records to determine a general location of a cell phone.

Experience

Police Officer

03/1996 - 11/2001 Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Patrol Officer

Police Detective

11/2001 - Present LVMPD Technical Detail

- Primary job responsibility Phone Intercepts
- Built and Manage the LVMPD Phone Intercept Equipment
- Daily duties include locating cell phones via cell phone records with cell tower information
- Daily interaction with cell phone carriers on location information and techniques.
- Maintains the Cell Site Database Records for LVMPD
- Numerous cases where direct contact with cell phone company engineers helped in gaining education about the cell phone networks and the phones interaction with the towers.
- Conducted over 1000 phone intercepts
- Since 2003 Designed and built the city wide wireless system for transporting video for the LVMPD. Systems include the wireless transmission for the Downtown Crime Cameras, and systems to relay video from the Las Vegas Blvd Strip corridor to LVMPD command.
- Speaker 2009 Milestone Integration Platform Symposium on LVMPD Wireless integration of video systems.
- Speaker 2009 and 2010 Security Info Watch Live Webcast presentation on Municipal Surveillance – presentation included wireless integration principles used in my designs.
- Speaker 2011 IWCE (International Wireless Communications Expo)
 Sessions: Wireless Surveillance Ecosystem and City-Wide Wireless
 Surveillance Networks.
- Speaker 2011 ISC West (International Security Conference) Session:
 Muni-Surveillance Panel II: Public Safety / Law Enforcement.
- Expert Testimony Grand Jury testimony on Clark County District court case C275556 relating to cell site information and wire taps.
- Expert Testimony State of Nevada v. Bob Gilbert, prosecuted by the Nevada Attorney General's Office. Testimony was related to the location of cell phones resulting from analysis of Call Detail Records.

Education

1992 - 1996 University of Nevada Las Vegas, Las Vegas, NV

- 4 Years Course work in the Electrical Engineering Program
- 3 Semesters of Calculus Based Physics included radio wave properties

FBI Communication Act for Law Enforcement Assistance (CALEA) Law Enforcement Technical Forum (LETF) Member

- Nevada State representative Since 2002
- Forum meets 2 to 4 times a year for training and meetings

Firetide Certified Mesh Engineer Course

■ 01/2009, 27 Hour Course, Completed Course on building wireless networks and radio wave properties

Your Name

Address, phone, fax, email

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 **DISTRICT COURT** 4 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 9 DEPT. V 10 DAVID MURPHY, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JAMES BIXLER, DISTRICT COURT SENIOR JUDGE 13 14 WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 2016 15 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 16 DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL AND APPOINTMENT OF ALTERNATE COUNSEL 17 APPEARANCES: 18 19 For the State: WILLIAM W. FLINN, JR., ESQ., **Deputy District Attorney** 20 21 For the Defendant: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 10:23 a.m.]

THE COURT: State of Nevada versus -- page 2 -- David Murphy -- David Mark Murphy and the Defendant is present in custody. And motion to dismiss or appoint alternate counsel. I've read through -- who -- who actually wrote this for you, Mr. Murphy?

DEFENDANT: I wrote it.

THE COURT: You wrote this whole thing?

DEFENDANT: Yes.

MR. FLINN: And I believe, Your Honor, if I'm not mistaken, on behalf of Mr. DiGiacomo, I think he explained that the Court previously denied Mr. Landis' request to -- motion to withdraw. So he was kind of anticipating now that we're at, you know, the same -- the same place, but that it -- he -- his recommendation was that despite that it should be summarily denied that essentially the Court really does need to do an ex parte hearing without us around to just -- and then notify the parties of the decision. So that was his

request.

THE COURT: Really.

MR. LANDIS: Uniquely both he and I had filed a previous motion to get rid of each other and they were both denied.

THE COURT: Judge Ellsworth is not big on losing a trial date. But I think in all honesty she's going to have to address this. Not both of you. You want to withdraw and he wants to fire you. We got a trial date coming up on the 12th of September.

1	MR. LANDIS: Right. That makes sense. My motion was already denied.	
2	It's done and over with.	
3	[Colloquy between the Court and the Clerk]	
4	THE COURT: Okay. Let's do this, let's pass this 'til Wednesday. I have	
5	a feeling I know what she's going to do, but I think that you probably ought to	
6	address this in front of Judge Ellsworth. Good luck.	
7	DEFENDANT: [indiscernible]	
8	THE COURT: So we'll pass it 'til Wednesday the 30 th . No.	
9	THE CLERK: Thirty-first.	
10	THE COURT: Thirty-first. Wednesday the 31st.	
11	MR. LANDIS: Good seeing you.	
12	THE COURT: Nice seeing you.	
13	[Proceeding concluded at 10:26 a.m.]	
14		
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16		
17	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
18	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
19	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not	
20	proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.	
21		
22	michelle Pansey	
23	Michelle Ramsey Transcriber	
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1	RTRAN	Alun D. Colim
2		CLERK OF THE COURT
3		
4	DISTE	RICT COURT
5	CLARK CC	DUNTY, NEVADA
6		
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
8	Plaintiff,) CASE NO. C-15-303991-4
9	vs.)) DEPT. V
10	DAVID MURPHY,))
11	Defendant.))
12		
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLY	N ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
14	WEDNESDAY	, AUGUST 31, 2016
15	ROUGH DRAFT TRANS	SCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE:
16		MISS COUNSEL AND APPOINTMENT OF
17	ALTERN	IATE COUNSEL
18	APPEARANCES:	
19		MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ.,
20	C	Chief Deputy District Attorney
21	For the Defendant:	CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.,
22	Tor the Derendant.	AGEL A. LANDIO, LOQ.,
23		
24		
25	RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN,	COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 2016

[Proceeding commenced at 10:10 a.m.]

THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David Murphy. And Mr. Murphy is present in custody with his counsel, Mr. Landis. This obviously is set for trial coming up very shortly September 12th. And I have a pro per motion filed by the Defendant to have Mr. Landis removed as counsel.

Have you been working on the case, Mr. Landis?

MR. LANDIS: I have.

THE COURT: And he's indicating in this motion that your -- you haven't been communicating with him. Is that --

MR. LANDIS: There was a stretch I think before he filed the motion where I probably wasn't over to see him as often as I had been before, but since that's been filed I've been over weekly.

THE COURT: All right. And so you've had communication with Mr. Landis then?

DEFENDANT: Yes. After I filed this, yes, he has been a few times to the jail.

THE COURT: Okay. And so are you still asking the Court to have him removed or not?

DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. Like I said, you know, we already had a motion before that I put in to dismiss counsel. After you denied that motion which was in May, I seen him one time and that was just so he tell me he was going out of town he said. And I had concerns that we wouldn't be prepared

for trial 'cause a lot of things haven't been addressed.

He said he was going out of town for a couple of weeks. When he got back, the rest, you know, two and a half, three months would be completely devoted to my case in preparing for trial. When he came back from town, I never heard from him. I hadn't -- you know, only way to communicate with him is third party. I had my family text him. He didn't respond to no text, nothing. No messages left with him.

On June 15th I received a letter from him saying he was asking get off my case, you know. So --

THE COURT: And that was denied as you're --

DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- well [indiscernible] --

DEFENDANT: Yeah. Yeah. You denied -- denied that motion. After that I still didn't hear from him until, you know, probably the first week of August. You know, I filed this in -- on the 1st.

THE COURT: Right. Actually, the 3rd. It was electronically --

DEFENDANT: Yeah.

THE COURT: -- filed on the 3rd.

DEFENDANT: I --

THE COURT: Okay. So it's been a full month now and your lawyers been working diligently on your case, visiting you weekly in jail and this is a multiple Defendant case. It's very difficult to schedule this which is why I didn't permit Mr. Landis to withdraw --

DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: -- because it would result in continuance of the trial. So

your motion's denied. I think that he's diligently moving forward.

DEFENDANT: Can I say something else?

THE COURT: Sure.

DEFENDANT: I mean, I understand that you're saying that yes, he has been coming the last couple of weeks, but them months that he did not come, we have not been able to prepare for trial. I haven't heard, you know, been in communication with no expert witnesses that we needed. A lot of -- they just did a file review last week or two weeks ago. I mean, all these things we go to trial in less than two weeks.

And there's -- in my view, there's no way we could be prepared for that because, you know, these things weren't accomplished in the last 18, 19 months which has been my issue from the beginning that's why I filed all these motions.

THE COURT: Mr. Landis, do you feel you're going to be prepared for trial?

MR. LANDIS: I don't know if I've ever been fully prepared. I feel I've been prepared enough to try the case, yes. But I --

THE COURT: Well I know that every lawyer always wishes the day they walk into Court that they had, you know, a few more days because they're always working and --

MR. LANDIS: Right.

THE COURT: -- throughout trial to prepare for each witness, etcetera. But is there anything that -- I mean, were you planning on retaining expert witnesses?

MR. LANDIS: We noticed one last week, so we have retained one, yes.

THE COURT: Oh okay.

DEFENDANT: I still haven't met with that expert witness nor have I ever received the information we need to review with the expert witness.

THE COURT: Well, you don't -- you know, you have a lawyer, so you don't need to do every single thing yourself. Your lawyer is working on your behalf. And if the expert witness doesn't need to meet with you, then there's no need for him or her to meet with you. I don't -- I don't know who the expert is or what the subject of the testimony would be. But that -- just because your -- don't have a personal meeting with an expert witness doesn't mean that there's not been something done that should be done.

DEFENDANT: But we still haven't got the -- the information we need to review with the expert witness. That's what I'm saying.

MR. LANDIS: It's a cellphone data -- cellphone location data expert. We were -- we've been -- trying to obtain an independent copy of the cellphone records they're attributing to Mr. Murphy for him to review. And yes, he's right, that Metro PCS has been dragging their feet on the subpoena for nine months. But we're comfortable that we'll get around it. I mean, if there's something that compels a motion to continue, so be it, not that you'll grant it, but --

THE COURT: Well I might. It would --

MR. LANDIS: Right.

THE COURT: -- depend on what the, you know --

MR. LANDIS: Right.

MR. DiGIACOMO: And so the records clear, I don't want to make it sound like -- we have turned over records that we received from the phone

companies I think for four phones plus a pinger phone, so I think there's five phones. They have those records.

And as is relates to the file review, that's actually the second time they've looked at the homicide books. And I think there was one additional piece of paper that had to be turned over from that file review.

So they've had the phone records and their expert is someone who's been noticed previously as an expert. I don't know what he would have to meet with the Defendant for him. I have no position in this particular motion, but so the record is absolutely clear, there isn't any other additional discovery to be provided to Mr. Landis.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. At this point in time, I see no reason to dismiss counsel and so your motion is denied. If Mr. Landis feels there's some need for a continuance -- motions for continuance could be made on an emergent basis if there's true reason to do so. And so, that's why you have counsel to make those decisions -- legal decisions. So Mr. Landis is a very competent lawyer.

All right. State will prepare the order.

MR. DiGIACOMO: I will, Judge.

[Proceeding concluded at 10:18 a.m.]

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1	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the		
2	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.		
3	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedu acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, n		
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1 IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA 2 3 DAVID MURPHY. No. 72103 **Electronically Filed** 4 Aug 02 2017 09:36 a.m. Appellant, Elizabeth A. Brown 5 v. Clerk of Supreme Court 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 8 Respondent. 9 10 APPELLANT'S APPENDIX 11 **VOLUME I – PAGES 0001-0243** 12 13 ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT 14 CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. STEVEN WOLFSON 15 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar No. 09424 200 Lewis Avenue, 3rd Floor 601 South Tenth Street, Suite 104 16 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.617.2700 Telephone: 702.885.9580 17 Facsimile: 702.868.2415 Facsimile: 702.664.2632 18 ADAM LAXALT 19 Attorney General 100 North Carson Street 20 Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 Telephone: 702.684.1100 21 Facsimile: 702.684.1108 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

APPENDIX – INDEX (CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER)

1		Page No.
2		rage No.
3	VOLUME I - PAGES 0001-0243	
4	Indictment, filed on 01/30/2015	0001-0007
5	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, held on 01/30/2015	0008-0010
6	Transcript of Initial Arraignment, held on 02/09/2015	0011-0016
7	Transcript of Arraignment Contd., held on 02/23/2015	0017-0022
8	Superseding Indictment, filed on 02/27/2015	0023-0029
9	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, held on 02/27/2015	0030-0033
10	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Superseding Indictment, held on 03/09/2015	0034-0043
11	Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 03/26/2015	
12	Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 04/03/2015	
13	, ,	0049-0033
14	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Eyewear for Defendant, held on 04/06/2015	0054-0056
15	Transcript of Hearing Re: Calendar Call, held on 04/20/2015	0057-0062
1617	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, held on 05/20/2015	0063-0066
18	Second Superseding Indictment, filed on 05/29/2015	0067-0073
19	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, filed on 05/29/2015	0074-0076
20	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, held on 06/01/2015	0077-0098
21 22	Transcript of Hearing Re: Status Check/Withdraw Plea/Trial Setting, held on 08/31/2015.	0099-0104
23	Transcript of Hearing Re: Status Check Firm Trial Setting, held on 09/21/2015.	0105-0108
24	Motion to Sever, filed on 04/03/2016	0109-0122
2526	Motion to Dismiss Counsel and Appointment of Alternative Counsel, filed on 04/06/2016	0123-0135
27	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Sever, filed on 04/07/2016	0136-0156
28		

1	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Sever, held on 04/18/2016	0157-0161
2 3	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel/ Defendant's Motion to Sever, held on 05/02/2016	0162-0173
4	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Faretta Canvass, held on 05/04/2016	0174-0177
5	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Joinder to Motion to Sever, held on 05/09/2016.	0178-0186
6	Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, filed on 07/11/2016	0187-0191
7 8	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, held on 07/25/2016.	0192-0195
9	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, held on 07/27/2016	0196-0199
10 11	Motion to Dismiss Counsel and Appointment of Alternative Counsel, filed on 08/03/2016	0200-0207
12	Second Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 08/15/2016.	0208-0212
13 14	Third Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 08/22/2016.	0213-0233
15	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel, held on 08/24/2016.	0234-0236
1617	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel, held on 08/31/2016.	0237-0243
18	<u>VOLUME II – PAGES 0244-0449</u>	
19	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion in Limine to Conceal Defendant's Tattoos, held on 09/07/2016	0244-0262
20	Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, filed on 09/08/2016	0263-0275
2122	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, filed on 09/08/2016.	0276-0282
23	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, held on 09/09/2016	0283-0306
24	Transarint of Proceedings Jury Trial Day 1 hold on 00/12/2016	0307-0449
25	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 1, held on 09/12/2016	0301 0777
25	VOLUME III – PAGES 0450-0699	0307 0447
252627		

1	<u>VOLUME IV – PAGES 0700-0949</u>
2	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 3 (contd.), held on 09/14/2016
3 4	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 4 (partial), held on 09/15/2016
5	VOLUME V – PAGES 0950-1199
6	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 4 (contd.), held on 09/15/2016
7 8	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 5 (partial), held on 09/16/2016
9	<u>VOLUME VI – PAGES 1200-1449</u>
10	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 5 (contd.), held on 09/16/2016
11	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 6, held on 09/19/2016 1265-1385
12 13	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 7 (partial), held on 09/20/2016
14	VOLUME VII – PAGES 1450-1694
15	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 7 (contd.), held on 09/20/2016
16	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 8, held on 09/21/2016 1562-1694
17	VOLUME VIII – PAGES 1695-1944
18	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 9, held on 09/22/2016 1695-1844
19 20	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 10 (partial), held on 09/23/2016
21	<u>VOLUME IX – PAGES 1945-2194</u>
22	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 10 (contd.), held on 09/23/2016
23 24	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 11 (partial), held on 09/27/2016
25	VOLUME X – PAGES 2195-2390
26	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 11 (contd.), held on
27	09/27/2016
28	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 12, held on 09/28/2016 2241-2390

1	VOLUME XI – PAGES 2391-2640	
1	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 13, held on 09/29/2016	2391-2555
2	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 14 (partial), held on 09/30/2016	2556-2640
4	VOLUME XII – PAGES 2641-2890	
5	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 14 (contd.), held on 09/30/2016.	2641-2813
6 7	Defendant Murphy's Supplemental Motion to Sever, filed on 10/03/2016	2814-2819
8	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Mistrial, filed on 10/03/2016	2820-2830
9	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 15 (partial), held on 10/03/2016.	2831-2890
11	VOLUME XIII – PAGES 2891-3140	
12	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 15 (contd.), held on 10/03/2016	2891-2898
13	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 16, held on 10/04/2016	2899-3038
14	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 17, held on 10/05/2016	3039-3070
15 16	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 18 (partial), held on 10/06/2016	3071-3140
17	VOLUME XIV – PAGES 3141-3390	
18	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 18 (contd.), held on 10/06/2016	3141-3197
19	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 19, held on 10/07/2016	3198-3276
20	Instruction to the Jury, filed on 10/07/2016	3277-3340
21	Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions, filed on 10/05/2016	3341-3348
2223	Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions Not Used at Trial, filed on 10/06/2016.	3349-3356
24	Verdict (Defendant David Murphy), filed on 10/07/2016	3357-3359
25	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Sentencing, held on 11/28/2016.	3360-3387
2627	Judgement of Conviction (Defendant David Murphy), filed on 12/02/2016.	3388-3390
28		

VOLUME XV – PAGES 3391-3401 Judgement of Conviction (Defendant Summer Larsen), filed on Judgement of Conviction (Defendant Robert Figueroa), filed on Amended Judgment of Conviction (nunc pro tunc) (Defendant David 3397-3399 Murphy), filed on 03/27/2017.....

APPENDIX – INDEX (ALPHABETICAL ORDER)

1		D 11
2		Page No.
3	Amended Judgment of Conviction (nunc pro tunc) (Defendant David Murphy), filed on 03/27/2017.	3397-3399
4 5	Defendant Murphy's Supplemental Motion to Sever, filed on 10/03/2016	2814-2819
6	Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions, filed on 10/05/2016	3341-3348
7	Defendant's Proposed Jury Instructions Not Used at Trial, filed on 10/06/2016.	3349-3356
8	Indictment, filed on 01/30/2015	0001-0007
9	Instruction to the Jury, filed on 10/07/2016	3277-3340
11	Judgement of Conviction (Defendant David Murphy), filed on 12/02/2016.	3388-3390
12 13	Judgement of Conviction (Defendant Robert Figueroa), filed on 12/14/2016.	3395-3396
14	Judgement of Conviction (Defendant Summer Larsen), filed on 04/21/2017.	3391-3394
15	Motion to Dismiss Counsel and Appointment of Alternative Counsel, filed on 04/06/2016	0123-0135
1617	Motion to Dismiss Counsel and Appointment of Alternative Counsel, filed on 08/03/2016	0200-0207
18	Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, filed on 09/08/2016	0263-0275
19	Motion to Sever, filed on 04/03/2016	0109-0122
20	Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, filed on 07/11/2016	0187-0191
21	Notice of Appeal, filed on 12/30/2016	3400-3401
22	Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 03/26/2015	0044-0048
23	Second Superseding Indictment, filed on 05/29/2015	0067-0073
24	Second Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 08/15/2016.	0208-0212
2526	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Mistrial, filed on 10/03/2016	2820-2830
27 28	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, filed on 09/08/2016	0276-0282

1	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Sever, filed on 04/07/2016	0136-0156
2	Superseding Indictment, filed on 02/27/2015	0023-0029
3	Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 04/03/2015	0049-0053
4 5	Third Supplemental Notice of Expert Witnesses, filed on 08/22/2016.	0213-0233
<i>5</i>	Transcript of Arraignment Contd., held on 02/23/2015	0017-0022
7	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, held on 01/30/2015	0008-0010
8	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, held on 02/27/2015	0030-0033
9	Transcript of Grand Jury Return, filed on 05/29/2015	0074-0076
	Transcript of Hearing Re: Calendar Call, held on 04/20/2015	0057-0062
10 11	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel/ Defendant's Motion to Sever, held on 05/02/2016	0162-0173
12	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, held on 05/20/2015.	0063-0066
13 14	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, held on 06/01/2015.	0077-0098
15	Transcript of Hearing Re: Status Check Firm Trial Setting, held on 09/21/2015.	0105-0108
16 17	Transcript of Hearing Re: Status Check/Withdraw Plea/Trial Setting, held on 08/31/2015	0099-0104
18	Transcript of Initial Arraignment, held on 02/09/2015	0011-0016
19	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 1, held on 09/12/2016	0307-0449
20	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 2, held on 09/13/2016	0450-0624
21	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 3 (partial), held on 09/14/2016.	0625-0699
2223	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 3 (contd.), held on 09/14/2016.	0700-0852
24	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 4, held on 09/15/2016	
25	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 5, held on 09/16/2016	1050-1264
26	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 6, held on 09/19/2016	1265-1385
27	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 7, held on 09/20/2016	1386-1561
28	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 8, held on 09/21/2016	1562-1694

1	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 9, held on 09/22/2016 16	595-1844
2	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 10, held on 09/23/2016 18	845-2095
3	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 11, held on 09/27/2016 20	096-2240
4	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 12, held on 09/28/2016 22	241-2390
5	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 13, held on 09/29/2016 23	391-2555
6	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 14 (partial), held on 09/30/2016.	556-2641
7 8	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 14 (contd.), held on 26	642-2813
9	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 15, held on 10/03/2016 28	831-2898
10	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 16, held on 10/04/2016 28	899-3038
11	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 17, held on 10/05/2016 30	039-3070
12	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial– Day 18, held on 10/06/2016 30	071-3197
13	Transcript of Proceedings Jury Trial – Day 19, held on 10/07/2016 33	198-3276
14	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion in Limine to Conceal Defendant's Tattoos, held on 09/07/2016	244-0262
15 16	Transcript of Hearing Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel/ Defendant's Motion to Sever, held on 05/02/2016	162-0173
17	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel, held on 08/24/2016	234-0236
18 19	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Counsel, held on 08/31/2016	237-0243
20	State's Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Exclude Summer Larsen, filed on 09/08/2016	276-0282
2122	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Defendant's Motion to Sever, held on 04/18/2016	157-0161
23	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Eyewear for Defendant, held on 04/06/2015	054-0056
24		174-0177
2526	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Joinder to Motion to Sever, held on 05/09/2016	178-0186
26	05/09/2016	
28	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, held on 07/25/2016	192-0195
40		

Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, held on 07/27/2016	0196-0199
Transcript of Proceedings Re: Sentencing, held on 11/28/2016	3360-3387
	0034-0043
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	Transcript of Proceedings Re: Motion to Withdraw as Attorney of Record, held on 07/27/2016

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then to belie IND STEVEN B. WOLFSON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 MARC DIGIACOMO Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #6955 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, 10 CASE NO: C-15-303991-4 11 DEPT NO: -VS-12 JORGE MENDOZA, #2586625 ROBERT FIGUERÓA, #1995563, SUMMER LARSEN, aka, 13 Summer Rice, #1854665 14 DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy #0859628, INDICTMENT 15 16 Defendant(s). 17 STATE OF NEVADA SS. COUNTY OF CLARK 18 The Defendant(s) above named, JORGE MENDOZA, ROBERT FIGUEROA, 19 20 21

SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice and DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy, accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) of CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 199.480, 200.380 - NOC 50147); BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.060 - NOC 50426); HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.067 - NOC 50437); ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 193.330, 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 50145); MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001) and ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY

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WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50031), committed at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, on or about the 21st day of September, 2014, as follows:

<u>COUNT 1</u> – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

did wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or an unknown individual to commit a robbery.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit larceny and/or robbery and/or murder, that certain residence occupied by JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, located at 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, said Defendants did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon, to wit: a 9mm rifle and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 3 - HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully and feloniously forcibly enter an inhabited dwelling, to-wit: 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County Nevada, without

permission of the owner, resident, or lawful occupant, to-wit: JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, the said Defendant did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon consisting of a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified coconspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 4 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of JOSEPH LARSEN, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of JOSEPH LARSEN, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene

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and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 5 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of MONTY GIBSON, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MONTY GIBSON, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified coconspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an

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unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

grafia.

COUNT 6 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously, with premeditation and deliberation, and with malice aforethought, kill MONTY GIBSON, a human being, by shooting at and into the body of the said MONTY GIBSON, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a firearm, the defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime; the defendants being responsible under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by having premeditation and deliberation and/or 2) during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery and/or burglary and/or Home Invasion.

COUNT 7 – ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought attempt to kill JOSEPH LARSEN, a human being, by shooting at JOSEPH LARSEN, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, the defendants

being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or an unidentified co-conspirator to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

DATED this day of January, 2015.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON
Clark County District Attorney
Nevada Bar #001565

BY

MARC BYCACOMO Chief Debuty District Attorney Nevada Bak #6955

ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill

Foreperson, Clark County Grand Jury

1	Names of witnesses testifying before the Grand Jury:
2	HALL, ASHLEY, 6401 BAMBOO PL., LVN
3	LARSEN, JOSEPH, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
4	DAY, ROGER, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
5	DUTRA, DR. TIMOTHY, CCME, 1704 PINTO LN., LVN
6	FIGUEROA, ROBERT, UNKNOWN ADDRESS
7	JENSEN, BARRY, LVMPD P#3662
8	LARSEN, STEVEN, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
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10	Additional witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:
11	SALGADO, RENEE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
12	WALKER, GENE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
13	MENDOZA, AMANDA, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN
14	ESTAVILLO, MICHELLE, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN
15	ROWE, TRACY, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
16	GIBSON, LATONYA, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
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26	14BGJ019ABCD/14F14997ABCD/dd-GJ
27	LVMPD EV# 140921-3020
28	(TK12)

How & Lahren 1 RTRAN **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, 10 DEPT. XVIII VS. 11 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS DAVID MURPHY, 12 Defendant. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID BARKER, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 14 15 FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 2015 16 GRAND JURY RETURN 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: TINA TALIM, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney 20 TIERRA D. JONES, ESQ., Deputy District Attorney 21 22 For the Grand Jury: MR. EDMOND JAMES, FOREPERSON 23 24 RECORDED BY: CHERYL CARPENTER, COURT RECORDER 25 1

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; JANUARY 30, 2015

[Proceeding commenced at 11:23 a.m.]

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deadly weapon.

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4 Grand Jury Case Number 14BGJ019 A, B, C, and D, MS. TALIM: 5 and by a vote of 12 or more returned a true bill against the 6 following individuals: Jorge Mendoza, Robert Figueroa, Summer 7 Larsen, and David Murphy, on the following charges: each Defendant 8 is charged with one count, conspiracy to commit robbery; one count, 9 burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon; one count, home 10 invasion while in possession of a deadly weapon; two counts, 11 attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon; one count, murder with 12 use of a deadly weapon; one count, attempt murder with use of a

THE COURT: Mr. James, did 12 or more members of the Grand Jury concur on a finding of true bill as to each count as to these Defendants?

MR. JAMES: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Very well. It'll be assigned Case Number C303991. Calendar per Court Clerk is reflecting tracking to Department 5. Let's discuss a bail set.

MS. JONES: Your Honor, Tierra Jones, on behalf of the State of Nevada, all of these Defendants are currently being held without bail and the State believes that based on the Grand Jury presentation that the proof is evident and the presumption is great. We would ask that that bail status remain. There are no

1	additional charges in this indictment that were not originally
2	charged.
3	THE COURT: All right. So for purposes of constancy, the
4	previous decision of the limited jurisdiction judge will remain.
5	We'll assign it again in Department 5, and give you one week
6	return date.
7	THE CLERK: February 9 th at 9:00 a.m. in District Court 5.
8	THE COURT: Ms. Talim or Ms. Jones, are there any exhibits
9	to be lodged with the Clerk of the Court?
0	MS. TALIM: One through thirteen, Your Honor.
1	THE COURT: Are there any additional matters to be returned?
2	MS. TALIM: Your Honor, we're just asking on that same series
3	of cases, that 14F14997 A, B, C, and D, which is currently set for
4	prelim on the 5 th of February be dismissed.
5	THE COURT: Thank you. It will be dismissed.
6	MS. TALIM: Thank you.
7	[Proceeding concluded at 11:25 a.m.]
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ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

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Jennifer P. Gerold

Court Recorder/Transcriber

Court Recorder/Transcriber

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 9 DEPT. V 10 DAVID MURPHY, et al. 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 14 MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2015 15 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 16 INITIAL ARRAIGNMENT 17 APPEARANCES: 18 For the State: AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 19 For the Defendant, Mendoza: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, JR., ESQ., 20 21 For the Defendant, Figueroa: DAVID T. BROWN, ESQ., 22 For the Defendant, Larsen: GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ., 23 For the Defendant, Murphy: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 2015

[Proceeding commenced at 9:46 a.m.]

Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge THE COURT: Mendoza, Robert Figueroa and Summer Larsen -- oh, and David Murphy. Morning.

MS. LEXIS: Good morning.

THE COURT: And this is on for arraignment, correct?

MS. LEXIS: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And I don't -- I don't have a copy -- oh, yes I do. It got stuck to the other paper. All right. So shall we go just in order of how they appear? If you'll state your appearances for the record that'd probably be

helpful.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Good morning, Lou [phonetic] Wolfbrandt, bar number 460 here for Jose [sic] Mendoza who's present in custody.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. COYER: Good morning, Your Honor, Gregory Coyer, 10013 present on behalf of Summer Larsen.

MR. LANDIS: Casey Landis, 9424 on behalf of Mr. Murphy.

MR. BROWN: And David Brown, 6914 on behalf of Mr. Figueroa who's also in custody.

MS. LEXIS: Agnes Lexis for the State.

THE COURT: Thank you.

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MS. LEXIS: Thank you, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: All right. So let's start with Mr. Mendoza.

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	MR. WOLFBRANDT: Judge, I have a copy of the indictment. I would
	waive the the reading of it. I believe most of us were going to be asking for
	you to pass this, not arraign the Defendants today until we get a copy of the
	Grand Jury transcript.
	THE COURT: Okay. Well, we can arraign them today and still make you
	the time for your writ run run when you get the transcript. Has it even

ur been filed, you know?

MR. COYER: Not as of last night, Judge.

MR. LANDIS: No.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. COYER: And I was -- I was going to make that request specifically pursuant to statute, Judge; it's NRS 172.225 subsection 4. We -- there is a provision that we can pass the arraignment.

I can tell you at least in the case of Mr. -- of Ms. Larsen it's going to affect our decision of whether or not to invoke our speedy trial rights or not.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: And that would be the same for me.

THE COURT: And you're joining in that, Mr. Landis?

MR. LANDIS: I am.

THE COURT: And Mr. Brown?

MR. BROWN: Your Honor, I'm in a different situation. I was just asking if we can set my client for a status check for any date next week and we're hopeful to have it resolved.

THE COURT: All right. So we'll arraign him?

MR. BROWN: Yes.

1	THE COURT: Okay. And let's see here. Mr. Figueroa
2	DEFENDANT, FIGUEROA: Yes, ma'am.
3	THE COURT: do you waive the formal reading of the indictment in this
4	case?
5	DEFENDANT, FIGUEROA: Yes.
6	THE COURT: And how do you plead to the charges contained within tha
7	indictment?
8	DEFENDANT, FIGUEROA: Not guilty.
9	THE COURT: And we'll go ahead and did you want to just set it for
10	status check?
11	MR. BROWN: Yeah. If we could set it whatever day it works best for th
12	State. I guess Monday is a holiday, so probably next Wednesday.
13	MS. LEXIS: If it works with the Court, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: You're you're invoking, right, today?
15	MR. BROWN: I'm for the
16	THE COURT: Yeah.
17	MR. BROWN: purpose of today, he'll invoke.
18	THE CLERK: February 18 th at 9 for status check set trial.
19	THE COURT: Right.
20	THE CLERK: And then the other Defendants are what are we doing
21	with them?
22	THE COURT: We're going to pass this when was the prelim? It was a
23	while ago wasn't it?
24	MR. LANDIS: There was no prelim. It was set for a prelim

THE COURT: I'm sorry. It's an indictment. The grand jury, when was

1	that?
2	MS. LEXIS: Last week Thursday with the return last week Friday.
3	THE COURT: Oh, okay. So it hasn't been very long. All right.
4	MS. LEXIS: Actually
5	THE COURT: How much time
6	MS. LEXIS: actually I'm sorry, Your Honor. It was the week before.
7	THE COURT: The week before.
8	MS. LEXIS: So it's about a week and three days now.
9	THE COURT: Was it was it lengthy?
10	MS. LEXIS: I had a three-hour block.
11	THE COURT: This should be maybe if we set it a week status check on
12	whether we got the transcript.
13	MR. LANDIS: That's great.
14	MS. LEXIS: Maybe not next week, but the following week.
15	THE CLERK: February 23 rd .
16	THE COURT: Mr. Brown, do you want to have be back on the 23 rd ?
17	MR. BROWN: If we could stick with the 18 th , I think that would be
18	better.
19	THE COURT: The 18 th is better.
20	MR. BROWN: Thank you.
21	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you.
22	MR. LANDIS: Thank you.
23	MS. LEXIS: Thank you very much.
24	[Proceeding concluded at 9:51 a.m.]

1	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
2	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
3	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not
4	proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.
5	On it is a Dumately
6	michelle Parisey
7	Michelle Ramsey Transcriber
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1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 9 DEPT. V 10 DAVID MURPHY, et al. 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 14 MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 2015 15 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 16 ARRAIGNMENT CONTINUED 17 APPEARANCES: 18 For the State: AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 19 WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, JR., ESQ., For the Defendant, Mendoza: 20 21 For the Defendant, Larsen: GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ., 22 For the Defendant, Murphy: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 2015
2	[Proceeding commenced at 9:59 a.m.]
3	
4	THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge
5	Mendoza, Summer Larsen and David Murphy. Line transport refuse transpor
6	CORRECTION'S OFFICER: Your Honor, Mr. Murphy declined.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MR. WOLFBRANDT: I was just told Mr. Coyer may have gone
9	downstairs. We had us all here for quite a while.
10	THE COURT: All right. So, do we what's going to be happening today
11	so at least I know?
12	MR. LANDIS: We're setting a trial date, so.
13	MS. LEXIS: Yeah. The grand jury transcripts
14	MR. WOLFBRANDT: It's the arraign continued arraignment.
15	THE COURT: Okay. I just wanted to make sure that that's
16	MR. WOLFBRANDT: No. We all
17	THE COURT: that was my expectation, but I didn't know.
18	MR. WOLFBRANDT: Right. We all got the grand jury transcripts last
19	w eek.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Oh good. So and Mr. Murphy, who's his okay.
21	He refused transport and you knew that.
22	MR. LANDIS: I assume so.
23	THE COURT: Okay. The officer just told me that was the case.
24	So, do you want me to continue it to Wednesday? When?
25	MR. LANDIS: Court's pleasure. I think we can enter a plea in his

absence. But if you're uncomfortable doing that, I'm happy to pass 'til to Wednesday.

THE COURT: So it's -- it's a not guilty plea, right?

MR. LANDIS: Yes.

THE COURT: And you can make that for him?

MR. LANDIS: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So let's do that. Since you're here, I don't want -- we can go ahead and enter the plea of not guilty for Mr. Murphy. And who else we have here as --

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Judge, I'm here. Lou [phonetic] Wolfbrandt for Jorge Mendoza who's present in custody.

THE COURT: For Mr. Mendoza, okay.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: It's going to be a not guilty as well, but you got to go through the whole arraignment process.

THE COURT: Right. Okay. And so, Mr. Mendoza, to -- to the indictment, that charges you with multiple counts, conspiracy to commit robbery, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, home invasion while in possession of a deadly weapon -- weapon, attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon, murder with use of a deadly weapon, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon; how do you plead?

DEFENDANT, MENDOZA: Not guilty.

THE COURT: And do you waive the formal reading of the indictment as well as the list of witnesses?

DEFENDANT, MENDOZA: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. And we're miss -- missing Mr. Coyer for Ms.

Larsen. He'll be back. Have you talked about a trial date at all?

MS. LEXIS: State's ready whenever the Court sets it.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: For Mr. Mendoza we're prepared to waive the 60-day rule. I'll let Mr. Coyer confirm it, but he and I talked. I think he's prepared to do the same thing. I think they've been contemplating possibly filing some writs which would by statute require waiving the speedy trial anyway.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. LANDIS: I can represent that Mr. Murphy intended to invoke today.

I do anticipate filing a writ, but I he didn't want to invoke his speedy trial rights.

THE COURT: All right. Well let's go ahead and set it as if everybody's invoked and then we'll deal with it if -- if writs are filed obviously then that'll waive and we can reset.

THE CLERK: Okay. Your calendar call is April 20th at 9 a.m. and your jury trial is April 27th at 1:30.

THE COURT: And when Ms. Larsen's lawyer gets here, we'll arraign her.

MS. LEXIS: Thank you.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: Thank you.

[Matter trailed]

[Matter recalled at 10:37 a.m.]

THE COURT: Case number -- recalling case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza -- well actually it's just now on for Summer Larsen.

MR. COYER: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Morning.

MR. COYER: Sorry I stepped out there earlier.

THE COURT: No problem.

MR. COYER: Gregory Coyer, 10013, on behalf of Ms. Larsen who's present in custody.

THE COURT: Ms. Larsen, to the indictment charging you with -- is she charged in all of the -- everything?

MR. COYER: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: Charging you with conspiracy to commit robbery, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, home invasion while in possession of a deadly weapon, attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon, murder with use of a deadly weapon and attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon; how do you plead?

DEFENDANT, LARSEN: Not guilty.

THE COURT: All right. And we set a trial date on invoked date, so we'll get that to you now.

THE CLERK: Its calendar call is April 20th, 9 a.m. Jury trial April 27th at 1:30.

THE COURT: And we'll show her as invoking as well?

MR. COYER: No problem.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. COYER: For the record, I do have another trial set on that date, but it's an out of custody trial. So it shouldn't be a problem.

THE COURT: Okay. And I forgot, are you waiving the formal reading of indictment and the list of witnesses?

MR. COYER: We will waive the reading. I did provide Ms. Larsen with a copy and I would ask to reserve 21 days from today to file a writ.

1	THE COURT: That's fine. Twenty-one days from today for the filing
2	[Colloquy between the Court and the Clerk]
3	MR. COYER: Thank you.
4	THE COURT: Thank you.
5	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
6	[Proceeding concluded at 10:40 a.m.]
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18	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
19	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I
20	acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not
21	proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.
22	midelle Dunsell
23	Michelle Parnsey
24	Michelle Ramsey Transcriber

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Hum D. Lohun 1 IND STEVEN B. WOLFSON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 MARC DIGIACOMO Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #6955 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, Plaintiff, 10 CASE NO: C-15-303991-4 11 DEPT NO: -VS-12 JORGE MENDOZA, #2586625 SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, #1854665 13 DAVID MUŔPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy #0859628 14 SUPERSEDING JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna #1203205, INDICTMENT 15 16 Defendant(s). 17 18 STATE OF NEVADA SS. COUNTY OF CLARK 19 The Defendant(s) above named, JORGE MENDOZA, SUMMER LARSEN, aka, 20 Summer Rice, DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy, JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey 21 Laguna accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) of CONSPIRACY TO 22 COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 199.480, 200.380 - NOC 50147); 23 BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony -24 NBS 205.060 - NOC 50426); HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY 25 WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.067 - NOC 50437); ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH 26 USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 193.330, 200.380, 193.165 - NOC 27 50145); MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS 28

200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001) and ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50031), committed at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, on or about the 21st day of September, 2014, as follows:

COUNT 1 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

did wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA to commit a robbery.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit larceny and/or robbery and/or murder, that certain residence occupied by JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, located at 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, said Defendants did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon, to wit: a 9mm rifle and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

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COUNT 3 - HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully and feloniously forcibly enter an inhabited dwelling, to-wit: 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County Nevada, without permission of the owner, resident, or lawful occupant, to-wit: JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, the said Defendant did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon consisting of a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 4 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of JOSEPH LARSEN, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of JOSEPH LARSEN, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more

constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts

COUNT 5 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of MONTY GIBSON, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MONTY GIBSON, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA

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going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 6 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously, with premeditation and deliberation, and with malice aforethought, kill MONTY GIBSON, a human being, by shooting at and into the body of the said MONTY GIBSON, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a firearm, the defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime; the defendants being responsible under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by having premeditation and deliberation and/or 2) during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery and/or burglary and/or Home Invasion.

COUNT 7 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought attempt to kill JOSEPH LARSEN, a human being, by shooting at JOSEPH LARSEN, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, the defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or (3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

DATED this 212 day of February, 2015.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

MARC DIGIACOMO

Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #6955

ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill

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Foreperson, Clark County Grand Jury

1 -	Names of witnesses testifying before the Grand Jury:
2	DAY, ROGER, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
3	DUTRA, DR. TIMOTHY, CCME, 1704 PINTO LN., LVN
4	FIGUEROA, ROBERT, UNKNOWN ADDRESS
5	HALL, ASHLEY, 6401 BAMBOO PL., LVN
6	JENSEN, BARRY, LVMPD P#3662
7	LARSEN, JOSEPH, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
8	LARSEN, STEVEN, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
9	WILLIAMS, TOD, LVMPD
10	
11	Additional witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:
12	ESTAVILLO, MICHELLE, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN
13	GIBSON, LATONYA, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
14	MENDOZA, AMANDA, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN
15	ROWE, TRACY, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
16	SALGADO, RENEE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
17	WALKER, GENE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN
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26	14BGJ019ACDE/14F14997ACDE/dd-GJ
27	LVMPD EV# 140921-3020 (TK12)
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How to Chin 1 RTRAN **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 4 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 7 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, 10 DEPT. XVIII VS. 11 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS DAVID MURPHY, 12 Defendant. 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID BARKER, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 14 15 FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 2015 16 GRAND JURY RETURN 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 For the State: TINA TALIM, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney 20 AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney 21 22 For the Grand Jury: MR. EDMOND JAMES, FOREPERSON 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: CHERYL CARPENTER, COURT RECORDER 1

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; FEBRUARY 27, 2015

[Proceeding commenced at 11:36 a.m.]

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Grand Jury met on Grand Jury Case Number 14BGJ019 MS. TALIM: A, C, D, and E, and by a vote of 12 or more returned a true bill against Jorge Mendoza on one count, conspiracy to commit robbery; one count, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon; one count, home invasion while in possession of a deadly weapon; two counts, attempt robbery with use of a deadly weapon; one count, murder with use of a deadly weapon; one count, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon. I'm sorry and that was in addition to Mr. Mendoza, the same counts against Summer Larsen, David Murphy, and Joseph Laguna.

Mr. James, did 12 or more members of -- on behalf THE COURT: of the Clark County Grand Jury, did 12 or more members of the Grand Jury concur a finding a true bill as to each Defendant as outlined by the District Attorney?

MR. JAMES: Yes, Your Honor.

Assign it -- very well, we'll assign it then Case THE COURT: Number 303991. Has this been previously tracked?

It has, Your Honor. MS. TALIM:

What's -- what's the State's request regarding THE COURT: warrant or summons?

MS. LEXIS: Your Honor, Agnes Lexis, for the State.

THE COURT: Yes.

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MS. LEXIS: Your Honor, we're asking for no bail as to each of
1
   the Defendants. Mr. Mendoza, Ms. Larsen, and Mr. Murphy were
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3
   previously on a no bail. This is a superseding indictment and we
   would ask for the same concerning Mr. Laguna.
4
                     All right. So it's -- it's a no bail coming out
5
         THE COURT:
   of Justice Court on the superseding?
6
        MS. LEXIS: Yes -- or it was a no bail setting --
7
8
         THE COURT:
                     It's a no bail --
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        MS. LEXIS:
                     -- at the last return.
10
                     All right. So you're -- you're -- and I
         THE COURT:
   appreciate you for the purpose of constancy. You understand that's
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   how important that is to me?
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13
        MS. LEXIS: Yes, Your Honor.
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                     So we have a -- the constancy in return. I'll do
         THE COURT:
   a no bail on Mr. Laguna. It looks like it's tracked already to
15
   Department Number 5. Let's give you a one week return on that no-
16
   bail hold.
17
                     March 9<sup>th</sup> at 9:00 a.m., Department 5.
18
         THE CLERK:
                     March 9<sup>th</sup>. And Exhibits 1 through 23 are all
         THE COURT:
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   lodged with the Clerk of the Court?
21
                     Yes, Your Honor.
        MS. TALIM:
22
         THE COURT:
                     All right. Very good.
23
                     Thank you.
        MS. LEXIS:
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         THE COURT:
                     Thank you. Are there other matters to be
25
   returned?
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1	MS. TALIM: Your Honor, on on that case there's a Las Vegas		
2	Justice Court case we're asking to be dismissed; that's 15F02342X.		
3	THE COURT: That's dismissed consistent with the superseding.		
4	All right.		
5	MS. TALIM: Thank you, Your Honor.		
6	[Proceeding concluded at 11:38 a.m.]		
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the		
,,	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.		

Jennifer P. Gerold Court Recorder/Transcriber

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1	TRAN		Alm D. Chim
2			CLERK OF THE COURT
3	DISTR	ICT COURT	
4	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA	
5			
6)	
7	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)) CASE NO.	C-303991-1
8	Plaintiff,)	C-303991-3 C-303991-4
9	VS.		C-303991-5
10	JORGE MENDOZA; SUMMER	DEPT. V	
11	LARSEN; DAVID MURPHY; JOSEPH LAGUNA,		
12	Defendant.)	
13			
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLY	·	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
15	MARC	CH 9, 2015	
16			
17	RECORDER'S TRAN FURTHER PROCEEDINGS: SUPER		
' 18	SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT VINDICTMENT WARRANT RETURN- L		
19	INDICTION WATER AND THE FORM- L	JEI I J, IMITIAL	AIIIAIGINILINI — DLI 1 3
20	ADDEADANCEC.		
	APPEARANCES:		
21	For the Plaintiff:		MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. Deputy District Attorney
22			
23	For Joseph Laguna:		MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ
24	[Additional appearance on following as	ago]	
25	[Additional appearances on following pa RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, (DER
		_	

MONDAY, MARCH 9, 2015 AT 10:15:00 A.M.

THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza; Summer Larsen, David Murphy and Joseph Laguna who are all present, in custody. Good morning.

MR. COYER: Good morning, Your Honor.

MS. MCNEIL: Good morning, Your Honor, Monique McNeil on behalf of Mr. Laguna.

MR. COYER: Good morning, Your Honor. Gregory Coyer representing Summer Larsen. I'm also, with the Court's permission, gonna stand in today for Mr. Landis on behalf of Mr. Murphy and stand in for Mr. Wolfbrandt on behalf of Mr. Mendoza as well.

THE COURT: Okay. So, everybody is covered. That's what I wanted to make sure.

MR. DIGIACOMO: I'm not sure if Mr. Laguna – no, Mr. Laguna. Yes. Mr. Murphy or Mr. Mendoza has a superseding. I brought copies, but since the lawyers are not here -- have you guys got the superseding indictments?

MR. MURPHY: I have.

MR. DIGIAGOMO: You have?

MR. MURPHY: I have it.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Murphy – Mr. Murphy, you didn't?

MR. MURPHY: Oh, I didn't get that. I got -

MR. DIGIACOMO: The superseding. Here's the original. They now all have copies of the superseding, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. Now, I don't have it but maybe I can look at it.

THE COURT CLERK: Are they already filed? MR. DIGIACOMO: Yes, it was filed on February 27th. Would you like a copy? The only thing it doesn't have is Mr. Laguna's other charges. All the other charges are the same. THE COURT: All right. And so has - have all - all of the Defendants have received the superseding indictment. So, Ms. McNeil, as to your client, Mr. Laguna, are you waiving the formal reading of the superseding indictment? MS. MCNEIL: Yes, Your Honor. We are. He's going to plead not guilty and he's I believe going to invoke his right to a speedy trial. THE COURT: Yes. Okay. And is that correct, Mr. Laguna? MR. LAGUNA: Yes. THE COURT: Okay. MR. LAGUNA: I am gonna have a speedy trial, right? THE COURT: Right. MR. LAGUNA: Yeah. Yeah. THE COURT: Okay. And so you're invoking and you're waiving the reading and you're entering a plea of not guilty, is that correct to all -MR. LAGUNA: Yes.

THE COURT: -- of the charges?

MR. LAGUNA: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. And let's see, let's take Jorge Mendoza.

Mr. Mendoza.

MR. MENDOZA: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So, is Mr. Mendoza also waiving the formal reading of the superseding indictment?

1	MR. COYER: I'm sorry, Your Honor?		
2	THE COURT: Is he waiving the – the formal reading of the –		
3	MR. COYER: Yes.		
4	THE COURT: superseding indictment?		
5	MR. COYER: Yes, Your Honor. I apologize.		
6	THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Mendoza, is that correct? You don't want me to		
7	read it to you aloud with the list of witnesses?		
8	MR. MENDOZA: Yes. That's correct.		
9	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. And How do you plead to the superseding		
10	indictment?		
11	MR. MENDOZA: Not guilty.		
12	THE COURT: All right. And then we'll also – we're gonna set the same		
13	speedy trial they – for all of them.		
14	So, next is Ms. Larsen. Ms. Larsen, do you have the superseding		
15	indictment now?		
16	MS. LARSEN: Yes.		
17	THE COURT: All right. And is she waiving the formal reading?		
18	MS. COYER: We'll waive the formal reading. I believe she was already in an		
19	invoked status as well, and I would ask to reserve 21 days from today's date to file		
20	any writs. I know in Ms. Larsen's case specifically that we do need to file one,		
21	Judge.		
22	THE COURT: Okay. And you're waiving the formal reading and how do you		
23	plead?		
24	MS. LARSEN: Not guilty.		
25	THE COURT: Okay. All right. And, yeah, 21 days would be from the date of		

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- Larsen was already indicted for these charges. This superseding only adds Mr. Laguna.

THE COURT: Oh.

MR. DIGIACOMO: So, to the extent that she wants to attack – anything in this superseding would relate to this superseding not to her original charges. She had 21 days from her first appearances. I don't know if that's run yet or not. I believe it has run. So, her time for a writ should have run already. This is a superseding as to Mr. Laguna.

MR. COYER: Her 21 days runs on Monday a week from today.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DIGIACOMO: If – well, within 21 days then he could ask for additional time now from the Court. I'd have no objection from that. I just wanted to make sure it's clear what he's asking for.

MR. COYER: Yeah. It's on my calendar to be due Monday, but if I – if I can get 21 days from today then – I just want to make sure I don't have to file two separate writs on two separate time lines because I haven't looked at the new testimony from this most recent addition of the Defendant. I don't know what's in there.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'll grant that. You know, I -

MR. DIGIACOMO: I have -

THE COURT: -- think everybody -

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- no objection -

THE COURT: -- would be -

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- to an additional 21 days to the original time period that

1	was running for Ms. – Ms. Larsen.
2	THE COURT: All right. So, an additional 21 days from today or -
3	MR. DIGIACOMO: It doesn't matter to me. If he wants
4	THE COURT: Yeah.
5	MR. DIGIACOMO: 30 days from today. I'm gonna be out of the office for
6	the next 6 weeks so if he wants 30 days I'm gonna requesting from him additional
7	time to be able to respond to that because I won't be back until I think early April.
8	THE COURT: You just want to ask for 3 days now?
9	MR. COYER: That'd be fine. But I would just – just so everyone's clear and
10	can pass this on to everyone. I would make that request for all the Defendants.
11	MS. MCNEIL: And I would join that as well and it probably makes it easier to
12	have a date that we all have to file a writ.
13	MS. COYER: Yeah.
14	THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.
15	MS. COYER: We can just say every Defendant can file a writ on the entirety
16	of the Grand Jury testimony 30 days from today.
17	THE COURT: Correct.
18	MS. COYER: Is that right?
19	MR. DIGIACOMO: Correct.
20	MR. COYER: Okay.
21	THE COURT: And what will that date be just so – so we'll have it?
22	THE COURT CLERK: That will be April 9 th .
23	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Did we get her plea of not guilty?
24	MR. COYER: Yes.
25	THE COURT: We did. Okay. And then as to Mr. Murphy, are we waiving Mr

1	Murphy's formal reading?		
2	MR. COYER: Yes, Your Honor.		
3	THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Murphy, how do you plea to the superseding		
4	indictment?		
5	MR. MURPHY: Not guilty.		
6	THE COURT: Okay. And so everybody gets the same trial date within 60		
7	days?		
8	THE COURT CLERK: Yeah. They already have one set.		
9	THE COURT: Is that right?		
10	MR. COYER: That's correct.		
11	THE COURT: Do you want to keep that date?		
12	MR. DIGIACOMO: Is it April the 26 th ?		
13	THE COURT CLERK: The 27 th .		
14	MR. DIGIACOMO: April 27 th . We can keep the April 27 th date. Likely it will		
15	not go forward if they all file writs, but if they don't then -		
16	THE COURT: Okay. All right. That sounds good because the - yeah, the -		
17	MR. DIGIACOMO: And I –		
18	THE COURT: third case –		
19	MR. DIGIACOMO: apologize -		
20	THE COURT: is gonna run before –		
21	MR. DIGIACOMO: did Mr. Laguna actually say not guilty? He was the only		
22	one I didn't hear say not guilty.		
23	MR. LAGUNA: Yeah, I said not guilty.		
24	MR. DIGIACOMO: Okay. That's fine. Thank you, Judge.		
25	THE COURT: All right. Just to make sure everybody is not quilty. All right.		

THE COURT: All right. Just to make sure everybody is not guilty. All right.

1	The trial date that we have stands and we'll see if the writs are filed. Thank you.		
2	MR. COYER: Thank you, Your Honor.		
3	MS. MCNEIL: Thank you, Your Honor.		
4	THE COURT: Oh. Do you want this back? It's your extra copy.		
5	MR. DIGIACOMO: That's fine.		
6	[Proceedings concluded at 10:21:57 a.m.]		
7	* * * *		
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12	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the		
13	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.		
14	VismoRanues		
15	NORMA RAMIREZ		
16	Court Recorder District Court Dept. XXII		
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1 2	NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney		·
	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		
3	AGNES M. LEXIS Chief Deputy District Attorney		Electronically Filed
4	Nevada Bar #011064 200 Lewis Avenue		03/26/2015 08:57:45 AM
5	Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		Alm & Elmin
6	Attorney for Plaintiff		CLERK OF THE COURT
7		CT COURT NTY, NEVADA	CLERK OF THE COURT
8			
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		
11	-VS-		
12	JORGE MENDOZA, #2586625	CASE NO:	C-15-303991-4
13	SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, #1854665	DEPT NO:	V
14	DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy, #0859628		
15	JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna, #1203205		•
16	Defendants.		
17	NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES [NRS 174.234(2)]		
18	[NKS 1/4.234(2)]		
19	TO: DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy Defendant; and		
20	TO: CASEY LANDIS, Counsel of R	Record:	
21	YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF		
22	NEVADA intends to call the following expert witnesses in its case in chief:		
23	CHARLTON, NOREEN P#13572, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las		
24	Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification,		
25	documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto.		
26	She is expected to testify regarding the	identification, doc	eumentation, collection and
27	preservation of evidence in this case.		
28	///		•
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CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR AT & T; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR CRICKET

WIRELESS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR METRO PCS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR NEUSTAR; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR T-MOBILE; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS AND/OR DESIGNEE FOR VERIZON WIRELESS; will testify as experts regarding how cellular phones work, how phones interact with towers, and the interpretation of that information.

DUTRA, DR. TIMOTHY, A medical doctor employed by the Clark County Coroner Medical Examiner. He is an expert in the area of forensic pathology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the cause and manner of death of MONTY GIBSON.

FELABOM, ADAM P#8427, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

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HOLSTEIN, DANIEL P#3861, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

MECKLER, KRISTEN P#14402, Crime Scene Analyst II or Designee - Las Vegas She is an expert in the area of the identification, Metropolitan Police Department. documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

NEMCIK, AMY P#8504, Crime Scene Analyst Supervisor or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

SHRUM, SHELLY P#7917, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

SZUKIEWICZ, JOSEPH P#5411, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. He is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

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THOMAS, JENNIFER, P #10074, is a Forensic Laboratory Scientist II or Designee, with the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She will testify as an expert as to the procedures, techniques and science employed in DNA analysis, all procedures employed in this case and reports provided.

THOMAS, KRISTINA P#13574, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information or Indictment and any other witnesses for which a separate Notice of Witnesses and/or Expert Witnesses has been filed

The substance of each expert witness' testimony and a copy of all reports made by or at the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery.

A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #011064

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of Notice of Expert Witnesses, was made this day of March, 2015, by Electronic Filing to: WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, ESQ lewwolfbrandt@embarqmai.com GREGORY COYER, ESQ. gcoyer@coyerlaw.com CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. clandis@call-law.com MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ. mam@moniquemcneill-law.com /s/ Stephanie Johnson Secretary for the District Attorney's Office 14F14997ACDE/saj/L-1

NWEW STEVEN B. WOLFSON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 AGNES M. LEXIS 3 Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #011064 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff 6 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, 10 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-15-303991-4 12 JORGE MENDOZA, #2586625 SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, 13 DEPT NO: #1854665 DAVID MURPHY, 14 aka, David Mark Murphy, #0859628 JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna, 15 #1203205 Defendants. 16 SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 17 [NRS 174.234(2)] 18 DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy, Defendant; and TO: 19 CASEY LANDIS, Counsel of Record: TO: 20 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 21 NEVADA intends to call the following expert witnesses in its case in chief: 22 INDICATES AN ADDITIONAL EXPERT 23 CHARLTON, NOREEN P#13572, Senior Crime Scene Analyst or Designee - Las 24 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, 25 documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. 26 She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and 27

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• KRYLO, JAMES, P#5945, or Designee, Las Vegas Metropolitan Police, Department, will testify as an expert in the area of firearm/toolmark analysis and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify regarding the firearms and bullet trajectory comparison of certain evidence collected from the various crime scenes.

MECKLER, KRISTEN P#14402, Crime Scene Analyst II or Designee - Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. She is an expert in the area of the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence and will give opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the identification, documentation, collection and preservation of evidence in this case.

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A copy of each expert witness' curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY \

Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #011064

1 **RTRAN CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 CASE NO. C-15-303991-4 Plaintiff, VS. 9 DEPT. V 10 DAVID MURPHY, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 14 MONDAY, APRIL 6, 2015 15 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS RE: 16 DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO AUTHORIZE CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER TO PROCURE PRESCRIPTION EYEWEAR FOR DEFENDANT 17 APPEARANCES: 18 19 For the State: BRIAN J. KOCHEVAR, ESQ., Chief Deputy District Attorney 20 21 CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., For the Defendant: 22 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: LARA CORCORAN, COURT RECORDER

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, APRIL 6, 2015

[Proceeding commenced at 9:50 a.m.]

3 ||

THE COURT: All right. Case number -- page 8 -- case number C303991, State of Nevada versus David Murphy. This is Defendant's motion to authorize Clark County Detention Center to get prescription eyewear for the Defendant. I assume the State's not opposing that. Mr. Landis isn't --

MR. KOCHEVAR: I take no position.

THE COURT: -- present. All right. I'm not sure why Mr. Landis isn't present, but I don't think we need him for me to grant the motion.

DEFENDANT: If it's okay, put it on record, Your Honor, that this is two times in a row he hasn't showed up to my court date.

THE COURT: Well --

DEFENDANT: And I haven't filed this motion. He came Friday and seen me and said we'd be here. And then the last court date before this which was for the motion --

THE COURT: Still early, sir. He may be here, but I'm going to grant your motion.

DEFENDANT: I'm saying if this continues, so I have it on record, if I need to file to dismiss counsel.

THE COURT: Well, he did what he was supposed to do and you -- and the motion's granted.

DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So, I don't think you have too much to squawk about there. But he'll, you know, he probably will get here. He's got other matters in

1	other departments.
2	DEFENDANT: Thank you for granting it.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	[Proceeding concluded at 9:51 a.m.]
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17	ATTEST: I hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
18	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
19	ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I
20	acknowledge that this is a rough draft transcript, expeditiously prepared, not proofread, corrected or certified to be an accurate transcript.
21	
22	Michelle Pamacy
23	Michelle Ramsey
24	Transcriber

TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-1 C-303991-3 Plaintiff, 8 C-303991-4 VS. C-303991-5 9 DEPT. V JORGE MENDOZA; SUMMER 10 LARSEN; DAVID MURPHY; JOSEPH LAGUNA, 11 12 Defendant. BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 **APRIL 20, 2015** 14 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 16 CALENDAR CALL 17 DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE - LAGUNA DEFT-5 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the Plaintiff: MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. 20 **Deputy District Attorney** 21 WILLIAM WOLFBRANDT, ESQ. For Jorge Mendoza: 22 For Summer Larsen: GREGORY COYER, ESQ. 23 24 [Additional appearances on following page] RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER 25

1	ADDITIONAL PARTIES:	
2	DAVID MURPHY	CASEY LANDIS, ESQ.
3	JOSEPH LAGUNA	MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ.
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MONDAY, APRIL 20, 2015 AT 9:16:24 A.M.

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THE COURT: Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza; Summer Larsen; David Murphy and Joseph Laguna. Would you all state your appearances for the record so we have --

MR. DIGIACOMO: Marc -

THE COURT: -- who's here.

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- Digiacomo for the State.

MS. MCNIEL: Monique McNeil on behalf of Mr. Laguna.

MR. LANDIS: Casey Landis on behalf of David Murphy.

MR. COYER: Gregory Coyer on behalf of Ms. Larsen.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: William Wolfbrant for Jorge Mendoza.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. And this is the time for calendar call but we have one Defendant who had moved to continue the trial and I don't know how the others feel about that or – what's the status?

MS. COYER: On behalf of Ms. Larsen we don't object or oppose the continuance motion, Your Honor.

MR. LANDIS: As for Mr. Murphy, even if the motion wasn't filed we're still struggling to get some discovery from the State so I think the case would need to be continued even if the motion wasn't filed.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: And for Ms. Mendoza we would join in that as well. I know a couple of the Defendants have filed writs that have not yet resolved.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Correct. Yeah, there's three pending writs that are set for Monday as well.

[indecipherable] availability.

THE COURT: Right. I saw that as well. Okay. So, nobody opposing it, All parties joining in the motion. There's good cause recited in the motion, so we'll vacate this trial date and we'll reset it. When do you want to try and reset the trial? MR. LANDIS: My trial schedule is probably the least busy so I'll defer to cocounsel. MR. COYER: I just need to avoid June. Anything besides June is okay. MS. MCNEIL: June and July are going to be difficult for me, but other than that I should be good. THE COURT CLERK: Can I ask a question? Is this a firm? THE COURT: Was it firm before - I mean, we try when -MR. DIGIACOMO: It wasn't. There were -THE COURT: -- there's -MR. DIGIACOMO: -- there were -THE COURT: -- this many lawyers. MR. DIGIACOMO: -- all of the Defendants except for Mr. Mendoza I believe are invoked but when they filed the writ then obviously that waived. I mean, I think Mr. Laguna got set in less than thirty days. I think we all understood that one didn't go forward -THE COURT: Right. MR. DIGIACOMO: -- at this trial setting. THE COURT CLERK: But is it firm? MR. DIGIACOMO: It was a speedy trial. It was a speedy trial so now that that's been waived that can set it in ordinary course

THE COURT CLERK: That's fine, but if it's a firm I have a different

THE COURT: Right. And we –

MR. DIGIACOMO: I get to try a case within a year of it being coming up to District Court so I wouldn't necessarily think that you would want to have your calendar set in such a way that this is the only case set on it, but obviously –

THE COURT CLERK: No, no.

THE COURT: No, we don't.

THE COURT CLERK: It's not.

THE COURT: We just don't put another firm on the same stack.

THE COURT CLERK: I was looking at September 21st or 28th.

THE COURT: When there's this many lawyers -

MR. DIGIACOMO: September 28th would work for me as I have [indecipherable] this department so one or the other can go.

MR. COYER: Yep, it's okay.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: That's wide open for me.

THE COURT: Okay.

THE COURT CLERK: Okay. September 28th at 1:30 for jury trial, September 21st at 9:00 a.m. for calendar call. And I'm not sure if that's a firm stack. And how many days will this be? Will it go into a second week?

MR. DIGIACOMO: It depends if all four Defendants are still sitting at the table. I expect there would be some pretrial motions which – and/or possible negotiations. So, as of right now it's at least two weeks –

THE COURT CLERK: Okay.

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- it could potentially be three. There's one issue as it relates to the writ. I believe because I gave the Defense extra time they're willing to give me an extra two weeks to respond. Our responses aren't even due until this

1	Thursday. So, if we could give me two weeks from today would fine and then set	
2	the writ hearing down that [indecipherable] the three Defendants.	
3	THE COURT CLERK: Two weeks from today to have your response –	
4	THE COURT: Response.	
5	THE COURT CLERK: that – which would be May 4 th and then the writs	
6	heard – do you guys need to file anything else?	
7	THE COURT: Do you want another reply? Okay.	
8	THE COURT CLERK: Okay. How about May 13 th ?	
9	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.	
10	MS. MCNEIL: Thank you, Your Honor.	
11	MR. LANDIS: Thank you.	
12	MR. COYER: Thank you, Your Honor.	
13	MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Your Honor.	
14	[Proceedings concluded at 9:20:57 a.m.]	
15	* * * *	
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20	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
21	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
22	VirmoRamues	
23	NORMA RAMIREZ U Court Recorder	
24	District Court Dept. XXII	
25	702 671-0572	

TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-3 C-303991-4 Plaintiff, 8 C-303991-5 VS. 9 DEPT. V SUMMER LARSEN; DAVID MURPHY; 10 JOSEPH LAGUNA, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 MAY 20, 2015 14 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 16 DFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. For the Plaintiff: 20 **Deputy District Attorney** 21 GREGORY COYER, ESQ. For Summer Larsen: 22 For David Murphy: CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. 23 24 [Additional appearances on following page] 25 RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER

ADDITIONAL PARTIES JOSEPH LAGUNA MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ.

THE COURT CLERK: -- at 9:00.

25

1	MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Your Honor.	
2	MS. MCNEILL: Thank you, Your Honor.	
3	[Proceedings concluded at 9:40:50 a.m.]	
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9	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
10	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
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1	IND	Alm D. Chrim
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	Nevada Bar #001565 MARC DIGIACOMO	
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #6955	
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212	
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
7		
8		CT COURT NTY, NEVADA
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
0	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: C-15-303991-4
. 1	-VS-	DEPT NO: V
2	JORGE MENDOZA, #2586625	
.3	SUMMER LARSEN, aka, Summer Rice, #1854665	·
.4	DAVID MUŔPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy #0859628	SECOND SUPERSEDING
.5	JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey Laguna #1203205,	INDICTMENT
.6		
.7	Defendant(s).	
.8	STATE OF NEVADA)	
9	COUNTY OF CLARK) ss.	
20	The Defendant(s) above named, JO	RGE MENDOZA, SUMMER LARSEN, aka,
21	Summer Rice, DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy, JOSEPH LAGUNA, aka, Joey	
22	Laguna accused by the Clark County Grand Jury of the crime(s) of CONSPIRACY TO	
23	COMMIT ROBBERY (Category B Felony - NRS 199.480, 200.380 - NOC 50147);	
24	BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony -	
25	NRS 205.060 - NOC 50426); HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY	
26	WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 205.067 - NOC 50437); ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH	
27	USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 193.330, 200.380, 193.165 - NOC	
28	50145); MURDER WITH USE OF A DEA	ADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony - NRS

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200.010, 200.030, 193.165 - NOC 50001) and ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony - NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165 - NOC 50031), committed at and within the County of Clark, State of Nevada, on or about the 21st day of September, 2014, as follows:

<u>COUNT 1</u> – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT ROBBERY

did wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously conspire with each other and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA to commit a robbery.

COUNT 2 - BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously enter, with intent to commit larceny and/or robbery and/or murder, that certain residence occupied by JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, located at 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, said Defendants did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon, to wit: a 9mm rifle and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendant being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

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COUNT 3 – HOME INVASION WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully and feloniously forcibly enter an inhabited dwelling, to-wit: 1661 Broadmere Street, Las Vegas, Clark County Nevada, without permission of the owner, resident, or lawful occupant, to-wit: JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, the said Defendant did possess and/or gain possession of a deadly weapon consisting of a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, during the commission of the crime and/or before leaving the structure; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 4 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of JOSEPH LARSEN, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of JOSEPH LARSEN, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more

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theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 5 – ATTEMPT ROBBERY WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, and feloniously attempt to take personal property, to-wit: lawful money of the United States and/or marijuana, from the person of MONTY GIBSON, or in his presence, by means of force or violence, or fear of injury to, and without the consent and against the will of MONTY GIBSON, by entering his home with a weapon to take the property by force, thereafter JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the defendants to prevent the taking of the property, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun; the Defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA

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going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

COUNT 6 – MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously, with premeditation and deliberation, and with malice aforethought, kill MONTY GIBSON, a human being, by shooting at and into the body of the said MONTY GIBSON, with a deadly weapon, to-wit: a firearm, the defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire, striking and killing MONTY GIBSON, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or 3) a conspiracy to commit this crime; the defendants being responsible under one or more of the following principles of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by having premeditation and deliberation and/or 2) during the perpetration or attempted perpetration of a robbery and/or burglary and/or Home Invasion.

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COUNT 7 – ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON

did then and there wilfully, unlawfully, feloniously and with malice aforethought attempt to kill JOSEPH LARSEN, a human being, by shooting at JOSEPH LARSEN, with use of a deadly weapon, to-wit: a 9mm Firearm and/or a hand gun and/or pellet gun, the defendants being responsible under one or more theories of criminal liability, to-wit: 1) by directly or indirectly committing the acts constituting the offense and/or 2) by aiding and abetting in the commission of the crime by Defendant DAVID MURPHY, aka, David Mark Murphy driving co-conspirators to scene and/or acting as a lookout and/or by acting as the "get away" driver, SUMMER LARSEN identifying JOSEPH LARSEN's home as a target and/or meeting with the co-defendants and/or unidentified co-conspirators to plan the robbery of JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, and JORGE MENDOZA and/or ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA going to the residence with weapons to rob JOSEPH LARSEN and/or MONTY GIBSON, one of the conspirators breaking open the front door to the residence, thereafter, JOSEPH LARSEN shooting at the JORGE MENDOZA and ROBERT FIGUEROA and/or JOSEPH LAGUNA to prevent the taking of the property, JORGE MENDOZA and/or other conspirators returning fire at JOSEPH LARSEN, the co-conspirators acting in concert throughout and/or (3) a conspiracy to commit this crime.

DATED this 38 day of May, 2015.

STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565

BY

Chief Deputy District Attorney

Nevada Bar #6955

ENDORSEMENT: A True Bill

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Foreperson, Clark County Grand Jury

1	Names of witnesses testifying before the Grand Jury:		
.2	BRENING, JUSTIN, UNKNOWN ADDRESS		
3	DAY, ROGER, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
4	DUTRA, DR. TIMOTHY, CCME, 1704 PINTO LN., LVN		
5	FIGUEROA, ROBERT, UNKNOWN ADDRESS		
6	HALL, ASHLEY, 6401 BAMBOO PL., LVN		
7	JENSEN, BARRY, LVMPD P#3662		
8	LARSEN, JOSEPH, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
9	LARSEN, STEVEN, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
10	WILLIAMS, TOD, LVMPD		
11			
12	Additional witnesses known to the District Attorney at time of filing the Indictment:		
13	ESTAVILLO, MICHELLE, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN		
14	GIBSON, LATONYA, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
15	MENDOZA, AMANDA, 1219 WESTLUND DR., LVN		
16	ROWE, TRACY, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
17	SALGADO, RENEE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
18	WALKER, GENE, c/o CCDA/VWAC, 200 LEWIS AVE., LVN		
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27	14BGJ019ACDE/14F14997ACDE/dd-GJ LVMPD EV# 140921-3020		
28	(TK12)		

1	RTRAN Defining			
2	CLERK OF THE COURT			
3				
4				
5	DISTRICT COURT			
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
7				
8	THE STATE OF NEVADA,			
9) Plaintiff, CASE NO. C-15-303991-4			
10	vs. DEPT. XVIII			
11	DAVID MURPHY, TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS			
12	Defendant.			
13) 			
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID BARKER, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE			
15	FRIDAY, MAY 29, 2015			
16	GRAND JURY RETURN			
17				
18	APPEARANCES:			
19	For the State: TINA TALIM, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney			
20	MARK DiGIACOMO, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney			
21				
22	Ear the Grand Juris MD EDMOND INMES EODEDEDSON			
23	For the Grand Jury: MR. EDMOND JAMES, FOREPERSON			
24				
25	RECORDED BY: CHERYL CARPENTER, COURT RECORDER			
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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MAY 29, 2015

[Proceeding commenced at 11:44 a.m.]

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We're on the record. This is time set for Grand THE COURT:

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Jury Returns. Are there -- presented to the Court?

Yes, Your Honor. Yesterday the Grand Jury met on MS. TALIM: Grand Jury Case Number 14BGJ019 A, C, D, and E, and by a vote of 12 or more returned a true bill against Defendants Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, David Murphy, Joseph Laguna on one count, conspiracy to commit robbery; one count, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon; one count, home invasion while in possession of a deadly weapon; two counts, attempt robbery with deadly weapon; one count, murder with use of a deadly weapon; one count, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon.

Good morning, Mr. James. THE COURT:

Good morning. MR. JAMES:

On behalf of the Clark County Grand Jury, did 12 THE COURT: or more members of the Grand Jury concur in a finding a true bill as to each count as to each Defendant?

MR. JAMES: Yes, Your Honor.

Very well. It'll be assigned Case Number 303991. THE COURT: Tracking is to District Court Department Number 5. Is there a request for warrant or summons?

MR. DIGIACOMO: Judge, there's a request for warrant -- Marc DiGiacomo for the State. These are supersedings indictments, same

1	charges, same Defendants. They're already currently in District		
2	Court on no-bail holds. And so I would request to just to		
3	reissue the no-bail holds based upon this superseding indictment		
4	THE COURT: One week warrant, no bail. One week return in		
5	Department 5.		
6	THE CLERK: It'll be June 3 rd , at 9:00 a.m.		
7	THE COURT: Exhibits 1 through 30 have been lodged with the		
8	Clerk of the Court.		
9	[Proceeding concluded at 11:46 a.m.]		
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ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

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Jennifer P. Gerold
Court Recorder/Transcriber

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TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-3 C-303991-4 Plaintiff, 8 C-303991-5 VS. 9 DEPT. V SUMMER LARSEN; DAVID MURPHY; 10 JOSEPH LAGUNA, 11 Defendant. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 **JUNE 1, 2015** 14 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 16 DEFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS 17 **APPEARANCES:** 18 For the Plaintiff: MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. 19 **Deputy District Attorney** 20 For Summer Larsen: GREGORY COYER, ESQ. 21 For David Murphy: CASEY LANDIS, ESQ. 22 23 For Joseph Laguna: MONIQUE MCNEILL, ESQ. 24 RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER 25

MR. COYER: The *Heglemeier v. State* case which I cited, 111 Nev. 1244,

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states: "That if there's no independent inculpatory evidence tending to connect the Defendant with the offense then there is no corroboration even though the accomplice may be corroborated in other regards." Robert Figueroa's testimony stated – and I know you read it. The gist of what I'm addressing is that these four individuals, Mendoza, Murphy, Laguna and Figueroa, they go out to rob house A which is out on the northwest part of town and they get there and they look at the house and they size up the situation and they feel like it just can't be done at that point in time. The group then goes back to I believe it's Laguna's residence – one of the residences of the co-defendants and the do what he describes as a re-grouping. They abandon that plan to rob house A and they come up with a new plan to rob a house that actually ends up being the subject residence.

According to Robert Figueroa that plan, the plan to rob Joey Larsen's house, is created on Sunday after they abandon the plan to rob the first house. Now, that is what I presume to be the truth because here we have Mr. Figueroa who's got a very, very good deal going with the State where he's gotten his murder charge reduced down to robbery with use. So, we have to look at what if anything corroborates that as it relates to my client Ms. Larsen. I don't think the State would disagree with this. The only thing that they —

THE COURT: Well, it's really more – you're kind of taking it I think a little backwards. I think you really need to say – setting aside the accomplice testimony -- you can't because the statute says and the case law says you can't, somebody can't be convicted basically solely on the testimony of an accomplice. So, you need to see if there's something that connects the person to the crime independent of that accomplice testimony and then if there is then the accomplice testimony can be considered, correct?

MR. COYER: Yes.

THE COURT: So -

MR. COYER: And I don't think really – it matters whether we look at Ashley Hall's testimony first or Robert Figueroa's testimony first because ultimately what I'm getting at is what Ashley Hall testifies to cannot be true if what Robert Figueroa testifies to is true. I find those two testimonies to be mutually exclusive. Now, the State may disagree with me, the Court may disagree with me, but –

THE COURT: But the Court -

MR. COYER: -- one thing is for sure -

THE COURT: -- but the Court's not at liberty to decide which witnesses -

MR. COYER: That's true.

THE COURT: -- to believe.

MR. COYER: That's true. But here's what we -

THE COURT: I mean, that's for the jury, right?

MR. COYER: -- here's what we – what we can do. We take the testimony of Robert Figueroa and Ashley Hall, look at them together and see what kind of reasonable inferences we can make. If what Robert Figueroa is saying is true then it is absolutely reasonable to infer – appropriate to infer that whatever Summer was saying in Ashley's car on Saturday had no connection – had – was not related to the robbery at Joey Larsen's home. And the reason for that is because the plan to rob Joey Larsen's home did not come up until the middle of the day on Sunday.

So, whatever Summer was talking to Ashley about in that car could not have been related to the robbery of Joey Larsen's home because that plan didn't come until the next day.

THE COURT: Well, I – I think that you assume certain things that – you can't

necessarily assume that Robert Figueroa was privy to what conversations there may have been between other participants in the conspiracy and Ms. Larsen.

MR. COYER: I'm not – will all due respect, I'm not making that assumption I'm just reading his testimony from the Grand Jury transcripts when he says: "We abandoned house A, we go back to I think it's Joey Laguna's house and Doughboy, David Murphy, comes up with a new plan." That's Figueroa's testimony.

So, you could assume that Doughboy and Summer have something going on but that's an improper assumption because there's no evidence of that, unfortunately, that was presented to the Grand Jury. I think it would be erroneous to assume that Summer and David Murphy have something going on that Robert Figueroa is not privy to because there's just --

THE COURT: I'm not -

MR. COYER: -- no evidence -

THE COURT: -- I'm not assuming that, I'm just saying I think you're assuming certain things that's not there in evidence. And I look at was there a crime committed? Absolutely. That's not a question. Is there any evidence – slight or marginal evidence that connects Summer Larsen to that crime?

MR. COYER: And in the Court's opinion that evidence is what?

THE COURT: In the Court's opinion that evidence is her statements to Ashley

MR. COYER: Okay.

THE COURT: -- in the car. Is it lots of evidence? No, but the standard is pretty low, slight or marginal evidence. Will the State be able to convict on that kind of evidence? Maybe not if they don't have anything more by the time of trial. But that's not the standard at this point. I'm not saying it's fabulous saying, I'm saying

it's slight, marginal evidence.

MR. COYER: Sure.

THE COURT: That's a very low standard.

MR. COYER: But the question – does the incident with Ashley at all by itself, if we exclude Robert Figueroa, does that give slight or marginal evidence that my client was involved and that she's connected to the actual robbery? I don't think that it does. I think you have to look at Robert Figueroa in conjunction with Ashley Hall in order to get to a probable cause finding. The problem with that is once you fold in Figueroa's testimony we can't ignore that it doesn't jive with Ashley Hall's. We just can't ignore that, that here's something being talked about on Saturday and here is Robert Figueroa saying that this plan wasn't even created until Sunday afternoon.

And so, I think that Ashley Hall by herself is insufficient and Robert Figueroa by his self is insufficient.

THE COURT: Now, would you agree with me that there are conspiracies where not every co-conspirator within the conspiracy is aware of every part of the conspiracy?

MR. COYER: I would agree that those types of conspiracies to exist.

THE COURT: So, that's the thing that when you say look at Figueroa's testimony creates the impossible that Larsen was aware of this or encouraged or did anything to be involved in this later robbery that did happen –

MR. COYER: Well -

THE COURT: -- at the time that Ashley is hearing this, but, you know, I don't think that you can assume that.

MR. COYER: I think that the State still has a burden to show some evidence even slight or marginal that my client was involved in a conspiracy that had

something to do with robbing Joey Larsen's home. And -- now maybe we can say for the sake of argument that she was involved in a conspiracy to rob the guy in the first house but then that plan was abandoned and the four -- the four individuals, not my client, my client is not involved in the meeting -- or the re-grouping, a new conspiracy is formed at that re-grouping meeting to go and rob Joey Larsen. And my client – it's undisputed my client is not involved in that. Mr. Figueroa has never met her, she wasn't there at the – at the re-grouping and she wasn't present at the robbery – at the attempted robbery of Joey Larsen's house. So, yes, you can be involved in a conspiracy where you don't know all the details but I think what we have here is arguably some, you know, untoward conduct going on and some discussions that were going on about a possible conspiracy to do something, but then that all changes, it's all abandoned and a new conspiracy is created to rob Joey Larsen and my client doesn't have anything to do with that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: State.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge. I think you hit the nail on the head. This isn't about – as it relates to Ms. Larsen corroborating Mr. Figueroa, the question is is Ashley Hall tending to connect this Defendant to the crime? And when she makes a statement of future intent which is "I'm gonna rob Joey Larsen tomorrow" that statement may be used to establish she did rob Joey Larsen the next day. And so when she says those things and earlier in the day is talking about committing a robbery at 8:30 and then later tells a witness I plan on – in – on robbing Joey tomorrow then that's evidence which tends to connect her to the crime then you could add in Mr. Figueroa. What Mr. Figueroa says is Mr. Murphy is telling me that Mr. Larsen – he doesn't know Mr. Larsen, the guy who owns the house, girlfriend, ex-girlfriend or something like that that he still calls up and cries to has set

this up and we go over there to commit that robbery.

I appreciate the defense of no really, I was conspiring to commit the earlier robbery but we don't know what conversations Mr. Murphy had directly with Ms. Larsen and what conversations — well, we do know what conversations Murphy had with Figueroa but we don't know what he said to Laguna and you don't know what was said to Mendoza, Murphy's cousins' husband. And so ultimately there's certainly sufficient evidence which tends to connect Ms. Larsen to the commission of the crime and thus she's properly held to answer by the Grand Jury.

THE COURT: Well, I agree. I mean, I think that it's slight or marginal evidence but it does connect her and so I'm gonna deny the petition and discharge the writ as to Summer Larsen.

And so that brings us to David Murphy. And so – so I note that Mr. Murphy doesn't argue that the accomplice testimony is not corroborated, he argues other grounds. No <u>Marcum</u> notice, failure to present exculpatory evidence, coercion of Joey Larsen's testimony, violation of Larsen's 5th Amendment right and hearsay evidence being presented to the Grand Jury, is that accurate?

MR. LANDIS: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So, do you want me to kind of tell you how I -- looking at this?

MR. LANDIS: Of course, I'd be happy to hear that. What could I say? I don't want to steal the prosecutor's news, but I believe he's secured another indictment which makes a few of my issues moot based on his representations to me today and they in effect would be the hearsay arguments. I believe he's presented different evidence at a new Grand Jury which would probably make those issues moot. Based on those representations I wasn't going to argue those issues today –

THE COURT: Oh. Okay.

MR. LANDIS: -- and I was going to focus on the others. I'm happy to hear the Court's guidance as to where our mind is on the other issues though.

THE COURT: All right. So, what, you presented a new case and got the dismissal –

MR. DIGIACOMO: Correct.

THE COURT: -- affidavits - records after.

MR. DIGIACOMO: I had – for the record and not that it's relevant to the writ, but we received certified copies of Mr. Murphy's phone records themselves, cell tower location records for those as well, and then in order to relay any concerns as it relates to pawn record we called the guy who actually took the pawn from Mr. Murphy. So, if that's an issue, not that it would, you know – I think Mr. Landis is correct in the sense that it'll be moot because it'll be held be new process if those are the issues that he wants to address but I did not present. If the Court wants to address the Figueroa plea certainly it's the State's position – it has always been our positon that they don't need a new *Marcum* for the same Grand Jury and then obviously the third issue is related to Mr. Larsen and his testimony before the Grand Jury. So, those three issues I'll represent as an officer to the Court were not addressed in the new proceeding.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. So, the – my thoughts on that – the first argument about the <u>Marcum</u> notice is since a <u>Marcum</u> notice really requires that notice be given to the Defense that, hey, we're gonna go to the Grand Jury on this and so if you want to present anything let us know. That's – then the ball is in our court and you say, yes, I want to know, I want to – I want to present something.

Here your argument is you want – you believe that exculpatory

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evidence that you would have wanted to present would be that Mr. Figueroa was given some kind of favorable treatment. So, are you arguing that you would have asked the D.A. that you just tell the Grand Jury that or what? Because obviously it's – your Defendant isn't gonna come in and testify to that, right?

MR. LANDIS: Correct. I would submit a letter or correspondence that would say it is our opinion that you have a duty to present this, Figueroa's deal to the Grand Jury. Obviously the ball would be in their court to make the decision as to whether or not they're gonna do that. But, yes, that is a hundred percent our position anyway.

Regarding the notice in general, anything that requires notice in a legal proceeding if that same event happens a second time notice is already required again and I think it's hard to find an exception to that rule be it an eviction, a probation revocation, but generally if notice is required the first time it's going to be required the second time and I think in this circumstance the reason that a second notice would be required is sensical. And what I mean is time can pass, more time than what happened in this case between a first Grand Jury and a second Grand Jury. In a murder case without a statute of limitations it could in theory be ten years between the first Grand Jury presentment and the second Grand Jury presentment and under the State's position no notice would be required to be given to the Defendant for the second Grand Jury presentment. A lot can happen in those periods of time, exculpatory evidence can become known and quite frankly a defendant could choose to testify in front of the second Grand Jury when they didn't want to exercise that right in front of the first Grand Jury and by not providing notice I think it deprives the Defendant of the opportunity to exercise those choices. And just the fact that they provided notice the first time I just don't see how that remedies

the situation where the Defendant still has a right to do these things if they want to if they have notice that they're going back to the Grand Jury. But specifically to this case what you said is correct, that is what we would have done if we would have known they were going to a second Grand Jury.

THE COURT: I didn't find that you cited to any authority that would say that – that the request that you would have made to the D.A. that this is exculpatory evidence. That in fact that is exculpatory evidence. It doesn't explain away the charge, it may certainly be something relative and relevant to impeachment but I don't see that it explains away the charge.

MR. LANDIS: And I don't think there is case law directly on point in either respect, but my position is exculpatory evidence explains away the charge. I think those terms are used in this context interchangeably even though they're probably not interchangeable terms and I think the State took issue with my use of exculpatory. I think we all know what the case law says evidence which tends to explain away the charge.

My position is this. Of course general impeachment or prior inconsistent statements those are not going to qualify. There's plenty of case law that says that but when it's something this important to a witnesses credibility which I couldn't imagine something more important than this, I do believe it's something the Grand Jury has a right to know about. And by way of an example they have to be instructed on accomplice testimony and that it needs to be corroborated, a Grand Jury does. And I think that's put in place to protect the accused and to give the Grand Jury the power to assess the credibility of an informant. And to say that that protection is there -- but we don't need the protection where the Grand Jury gets to know that this person has a deal which has put them before them to testify. I just

think it infringes on the powers of the Grand Jury and I think it creates a situation where they're not getting a fair look at the evidence. There is no case law in Nevada I'll admit that but I do believe it's a proper rule when it's something this intrinsic to the credibility of a witness or to their bias that it should be presented to a Grand Jury.

THE COURT: All right. And does the State have any -

MR. DIGIACOMO: Yeah. My only response is that -- obviously is that impeachment evidence is not evidence which tends to explain away the charge. All the case law that is available in Nevada that talks about what explains away that the charge specifically excludes those items like the motives for a witness to testify their conflicts of interest or the inconsistency in their statements. Mr. Figueroa was indicted by the Grand Jury that he testified in front of, he subsequently entered plea in this Court. That is not evidence which tends to explain away the charge and as such it does not qualify under the statute and whether they made the request or didn't make the request is irrelevant to the legal analysis. The statute says if I have evidence which tends to explain away the charge I have to present it. This has never been found nor is there any way to argue that this is evidence which tends to explain away the charge.

THE COURT: Well, I think that the – you know, when you didn't indicate any desire to, you know, ask for when the presentment was gonna be made and ask for – when you got the <u>Marcum</u> notice that – that that – that notice was sufficient, nothing changed and that you said here in court that the only thing you wanted to present was, I guess, the details of the deal or something. But again, that wasn't – the State is not obligated to do that, it's not exculpatory evidence, there's no authority. It's otherwise – and it's pretty clear, it's just not exculpatory evidence, it's

impeachment kind of. You know, you could use it for impeachment purposes.

Let's go to the second – well, actually the second thing which she had as B was that the State failed to present critical exculpatory evidence and we already discussed that.

MR. LANDIS: The only issue remaining that is outside of that hearsay category would be the Joseph Larsen –

THE COURT: Right.

MS. LANDIS: -- refusal to testify.

THE COURT: Right. So, I didn't see any authority that the Defendant has a right to assert Fifth Amendment rights of a witness in a proceeding.

MR. LANDIS: Of course he doesn't, but if a witnesses testimony is compelled improperly I still think that can infringe on a Defendant's rights.

THE COURT: Okay. You're making assumptions but -

MR. LANDIS: A hundred percent. And the reason I'm making assumptions — two different things. Number one, in their return they take the position that that final statement made to the Grand Jury and the transcript to the effect of I'm going to be asking Judge Baker to hold a hearing. Their position is that statement was made with Joseph Larsen not in the Grand Jury room. Obviously Mr. Digiacomo is not the person presenting it, I don't know if we can take that as fact based on his representations in their writ.

The other thing I would say is we don't know the communications that occurred. And I think this is more important, the communication that occurred outside of the Grand Jury room between the prosecutor, Mr. Larsen, I believe the lead detective was there and I believe a D.A. investigator was there. I think it's possible that things were said to him that caused him to testify out of fear and I think

that would still put me in a position to raise the issues.

THE COURT: Okay. But that's the thing. So, let's assume that all that happened and that he was somehow forced to testify against his will in violation of his Fifth Amendment rights. So –

MR. LANDIS: Well, I'll -

THE COURT: -- as to you, as to --

MR. LANDIS: I'll phrase it -

THE COURT: -- your client.

MR. LANDIS: If the remedy is not to the Defendant who is indicted then I don't understand what remedy there would exist to create – to cure this problem.

THE COURT: The remedy would be that if the State chose to prosecute Mr.

Larsen for something and used – that they would either be able to use the testimony against him or maybe preclude it from in fact prosecuting him for any admissions that he made --

MR. LANDIS: And I -

THE COURT: -- in violation of his rights.

MR. LANDIS: -- respect that – and I respect that, but just – there's trial situations is where a witness can invoke their Fifth Amendment rights and that decision can directly affect a Defendant's trial rights. I think we all know these situations where you're bouncing a witnesses Fifth Amendment rights versus Defendant's witnesses, to call a witness or rights to call witnesses, and I think it's the same kind of balance here where you have to look at the Defendant's rights in the Grand Jury proceedings. And I think if they are overcoming a witnesses desire to invoke the Fifth Amendment infringes on a Defendant's rights as it pertains to the Grand Jury –

THE COURT: First -

MR. LANDIS: -- proceeding.

THE COURT: -- of all you're assuming that – that he wanted to invoke his

Fifth Amendment right. That certainly is not – his response was when he was asked

– when he said "I refuse to testify." And he was asked "why are you refusing to testify? He said: "I don't want to."

MR. LANDIS: Sure.

THE COURT: That's what he said. He didn't say I'm invoking my Fifth Amendment right or I don't want to testify against my interest or I don't want to say anything that could get me in trouble, nothing, not a hint.

MR. LANDIS: I respect that and I don't disagree, but I would say he did not have counsel -- not that they had a duty to provide, but he did not have counsel for – he didn't say the exact words that the Court would want but I think if you look at what he did say combined with the fact that we all know there was incriminating things he was likely to testify about I think you can look at his statements and read that as an indication of a Fifth Amendment.

THE COURT: All right. So, again, if I give that to you I still don't think that you're -- the remedy is dismissal of an indictment for your client so –

MR. LANDIS: And I -

THE COURT: -- and there's no authority certainly to support such that I can see.

MR. LANDIS: I respect that.

THE COURT: Okay. So – and that's the last argument other than hearsay which is now moot.

MR. LANDIS: And I – can I just say this about the –

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. LANDIS: -- hearsay? I'm assuming Mr. Digiacomo is telling the truth, I have no reason to doubt him. I would presume if the Grand Jury transcript reads different I could re-raise whatever issues pertaining to that. I just want to make that clear.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Sure. He'd have the right to file a writ on the indictment if he feels that he still has a viable issue on a writ. I have no objection to that.

THE COURT: All right. So – and that being the case I will even rule on that last issue. And so since the other issues that you've raised I don't believe are supported by the law the writ is – the petition is denied and the writ is discharged. Okay.

And then finally we have Joey Laguna, and basically the argument here is that if we set aside the testimony of the accomplice that there's not enough to connect him and so that's why I – actually I started because for some reason I had originally read this writ first. I think I had started but I – I couldn't get through it in time for our last hearing and so I started with this one and that was what alerted me to I'm gonna read this without reading Figueroa's testimony first. And so the – I delved into the cases because I wanted to know what were the factual patterns of the cases that you cited me to.

So for instance the <u>Austin</u> case, with just the primary cite of course, was a possession of narcotics case. In that case the defendant goes to what has been the bus station in Beatty, Nevada at the Exchange Club which is now a hardware store by the way. But he goes there and the evidence is that he goes in, he buys a glass of milk and picks up a woman, puts her in his car, he's gonna apparently pick her up from the bus station that's it. They – the cops arrest him and she has drugs

in her bag and there is evidence from somebody else who says that this was all — the drug deal and the person was deemed to be an accomplice and the Court ended up saying that basically there was absolutely no evidence of the possession or constructive possession by the target defendant <u>Austin</u>. And so we really can't get there, there's nothing that, you know, does that.

The <u>Austin</u> case cites to ex parte <u>Hutchinson</u> I believe which is a 1960 case. That case was an interesting because it was a burglary by a police officer who – whose partner in crime and literally his police officer partner basically said that yes we committed this burglary together. And the evidence was such – it was interesting. I think that it must have been at a time – I think the actual burglary was committed in 1957 if I recall, the actual crime itself even though the case isn't until '60, and then it must have been that they changed the statute to change it from, you know, you have to have a break-in, you used to have to have a break-in because the Court actually opined that there wasn't even evidence of a burglary but merely a grand larceny. And remember we're again talking about you gotta at least have evidence of the underlying charge before you could even get to an accomplice testimony.

So, here we had – first of all, they're saying, gee, we didn't even have any evidence of burglary aside from – because the victim said she just came into her beauty salon and found a hair dryer and something else missing and that's it, and I don't really know how – I must have left the door unlocked because I can't – or the person had a key. The accomplice of course provided the evidence that they jimmied the door open, but there was really no evidence underlying that there was a burglary committed. So, the only evidence whatsoever was the accomplice's testimony and that's what the Court focused on and said, "Well, they're – yes, we

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know that he was a police officer in the vicinity and was on duty but that's not enough to connect him to a burglary." That's like he was one of many people in town that day.

And so – so basically what I was looking for in these cases was – were facts to differentiate because obviously, you know, these cases are old. These cases are before cell phones and cell phone towers. And so the issue to me was, is this more than just saying, well, yeah he was in town? And I think it is. I mean, I think it's on the edge of that and it – that it – so that's why I spent so much time with it frankly because I thought it was a close call and maybe the State will disagree with that, I mean, because it's certainly pretty damning evidence. But I think it's more than, yeah, he's – he's in town in a general area because if it was one – one call, one place but we have all of these calls being made and we have – we know when the robbery happened because of evidence completely independent from the accomplice's testimony. Obviously we had many eyewitnesses telling us when certain things happened and then we have all of the telephone traffic happening and hitting on cell phone towers that are at the scene of the murder and then going away from that. And so to me that does connect Laguna to the crime and then once it does – but, you know, slight or marginal evidence that connects him to that then the rest of the testimony can come in. So that's how I analyzed it. Go ahead.

MS. MCNEILL: And I appreciate the time you took to read all of those cases, Your Honor.

I would say that as far as putting him in the area what I found interesting is they didn't present any witnesses to say what that area is. I mean, we don't know where the cell phone tower was, there's no evidence that showed where he was in relation to the cell phone tower. I don't even know if they can do that after

the fact to do a triangulation to pinpoint where he was. So, it puts him in an area but we don't know what that area was. Was it a five mile radius? Was it a ten mile radius? Was it two hundred yards away? So, putting him in the area could be a fairly large section of town that he could have been in and he could have been on the edge of that area. There was no testimony that tells us what that area was. I think that was a little concerning because it's very vague what they mean by he was in the area of the incident. And I would just submit that all of the telephone calls – the only evidence as to – to connect anyone that he – that Mr. Laguna made a telephone call to is Robert Figueroa. He – how they can – he's not connected to Summer Larsen in any way, how he's connected to Mendoza or Murphy it all comes from Mr. Figueroa. So, those telephone records are meaningless without the testimony of Mr. Figueroa.

THE COURT: Well, no, no. Not necessarily because remember Mr. Figueroa is – you know, there's testimony of eyewitnesses, there is a blood trail, You know, we know – we believe that – I mean, there's other testimony regarding Mr. Figueroa.

MS. MCNEILL: Certainly. Certainly -- the connection that he made phone calls to Mr. Figueroa who is involved certainly but to connect him to others to show a conspiracy, to connect him to Mr. Murphy or to Mr. Mendoza or even just phone calls between he and Mr. Figueroa around that time I don't know if it was enough to get to a conspiracy but I know that Your Honor has fully read the briefs and it sounds like you disagree with that. I don't think that the fact that he's laid that there are these phone records show the conspiracy between two people who are arguably know each other. And again, I don't know that we know what this area was that he was allegedly in.

THE COURT: State.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Judge, I think you analyzed it correctly. It's not a single phone call at a single location; it's the fact that independent of Mr. Figueroa, Mr. Mendoza clearly was involved in the home invasion. Mr. Figueroa clearly involved in the home invasion. The evidence from the eyewitnesses clearly indicative of at least three people turns out to be four, but at least three people being present at that scene.

Once you establish Mendoza and Figueroa and the other evidence as it relates to Summer Larsen and David Murphy and you look at these phone records, these phone records in and of themselves could convict Mr. Laguna of the crime because the only thing you have to do is sit down with these phone records and follow them. And the one thing I would disagree with Mr. McNeill is that there was no location of the tower to the residence. There's a picture of it and it's literally right directly behind where this house is and it's right at the time period that the 9-1-1 calls are coming and then there's calls coming in and then there's calls to Figueroa's phone as Figueroa's phone stays at the crime scene and there's calls to Mendoza, and they're still there and there's a car driving away from that scene that they had to have arrived in. And so even if you were to take Figueroa out of the loop the phone records themselves establish Laguna's involvement in the crime and then you get to get to Mr. Figueroa, and certainly after you get to Mr. Figueroa there's more than enough evidence to convict Mr. Laguna let alone hold him to answer.

THE COURT: Well, as I say I do think when you – you know, when you exclude first exclude the accomplice testimony that, you know, the standard is slight or marginal and I think we need that and then once we need that then the accomplice testimony can come in. And I did assume that, yes, because there were exhibits that were being shown to the Grand Jury and one of those was an exhibit

about a cell phone tower and the locations because you were trying to get that across to the Grand Jury.

I sometimes have the disadvantage that I – even though I get the transcript I don't get the exhibits and so sometimes that's – I have to ask for those actually because there are times when the transcripts aren't clear enough for me to even discern that, but I think I had enough in this case so – the writ – petition is denied, the writ is discharged.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Judge -

THE COURT: Thank you very much though for your --

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- one last -

THE COURT: -- briefs.

MR. DIGIACOMO: -- matter to save these three lawyers. The return for the new indictment is Wednesday, I'm assuming we're gonna keep the same trial dates. Mr. Mendoza is not here so I'm willing to come down and arraign Mr. Mendoza on Wednesday. But if we want to arraign the three defendants on the second superseding indictment I can tell the Court the only language difference between the first and second is that it says second now. There was no change to the language or the charges to the defendants. If they want to enter their not guilty pleas and keep their trial dates we can do that.

THE COURT: Would you like to do that? Do you – do we have the new – the indictment?

MR. DIGIACOMO: My understanding is that the lawyers have it and that they provided them to the Defendant.

THE COURT: And would you like to do that so you don't have to come back on Wednesday?

1	[All counsel respond yes, Your Honor]	
2	MS. MCNEILL: And I have provided Mr. Laguna copies just for the record	
3	and explained to him –	
4	THE COURT CLERK: [indecipherable]	
5	MR. DIGIACOMO: It's in here on Wednesday. We were directed to the	
6	department.	
7	THE COURT: All right. And so do you wish for me to enter in pleas of not	
8	guilty for all of them?	
9	MS. MCNEILL: Please, Your Honor.	
10	THE COURT: All right. And you're gonna waive the reading of the amended	
11	which is not changed in any way. It's the second amended indictment.	
12	All right. We'll keep the trial date that we have.	
13	MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Your Honor.	
14	THE COURT: Thank you.	
15	[Proceedings concluded at 10:33:39 a.m.]	
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the	
22	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.	
23	VirmoRanues	
24	NORMA RAMIREZ O Court Recorder	
25	District Court Dont VVII	

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TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-2 C-303991-1 Plaintiff, 8 C-303991-3 VS. C-303991-4 9 C-303991-5 ROBERT FIGUEROA, JORGE 10 DEPT. V MENDOZA, SUMMER LARSEN, DAVID MURPHY, JOSEPH LAGUNA, 11 Defendants. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 **AUGUST 31, 2015** 14 15 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 16 STATUS CHECK: WITHDRAW PLEA / STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the Plaintiff: AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ. **Deputy District Attorney** 20 For Robert Figueroa: LUCAS J. GAFNEY, ESQ. 21 22 For Jorge Mendoza: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, ESQ. 23 For Summer Larsen: GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ. 24 [Additional appearances on following page] 25 RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER

1	ADDITIONAL PARTIES	
2	DAVID MURPHY	CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.
3	JOSEPH LAGUNA	NO APPEARANCE
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MONDAY, AUGUST 31, 2015 AT 10:13:15 A.M.

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THE COURT: Okay. Case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Robert Figueroa, Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, David Murphy and Joseph Laguna. We have Mr. Figueroa's status check on withdrawal of plea. So, let's hear about that first.

MR. GAFNEY: Your Honor we've spoken to Mr. Figueroa and he's decided not to withdraw his plea at this stage.

THE COURT: Mr. Figueroa, is that correct?

DEFENDANT FIGUEROA: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. GAFNEY: And, Your Honor, can we approach just briefly?

THE COURT: Sure.

[Bench conference]

THE COURT: All right. So, we'll go ahead – where are we with that though? We were – we were just trailing, we haven't set a sentencing date on that, correct?

MR. GAFNEY: No, Your Honor. As far as I'm concerned, I think we'd probably want to trail it until after the trial.

THE COURT: Right. So, we're – you're gonna stay on the case, Mr. Brown will be relieved since you're kind of up to speed on plea negotiations and whatnot. And you're happy with that?

DEFENDANT FIGUEROA: Yes, ma'am.

THE COURT: Okay. Very good. And so status check – now on the trial setting as to the remaining Defendants, that's Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, David Murphy and Joseph Laguna.

MR. LANDIS: I think we're all here except for Ms. McNeill who asked was here earlier and asked us to stand in for her.

THE COURT: All right. And so how are we doing? We don't have a trial setting at this point, correct?

MR. LANDIS: It was continued today to do that.

THE COURT: Yeah. So, have you talked amongst yourselves at all or where do we need to look for you?

MR. GAFNEY: Ms. McNeill stated before she left anything in December or after that would be fine with her. I would agree with that, I can't speak for anyone else.

THE COURT: Early December?

MR. LANDIS: That's fine.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: That's fine.

[Colloquy between the Court and the court clerk]

THE COURT: We're getting my JEA, we're trying – we've been trying to coordinate through a spreadsheet what firm settings we have and what availability. So, if you'll just hang in there for about a minute and we'll call something else and we'll come right back to you.

[Matter trailed at 10:17:19 a.m.]

[Matter recalled at 10:22:47 a.m.]

THE COURT: Okay. Recalling case number C303991, State of Nevada versus Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, David Murphy and Joseph Laguna.

And where are we on that?

THE COURT CLERK: It looks like October – yeah, I thought it would go – it would bleed in if it's more than one – it's surely more than one week. It would bleed

1	THE COURT: Right.
2	MR. GAFNEY: date, right?
3	THE COURT: Right. Status check, sentencing. Did you get the date for
4	coming back to set the trial? Did she give it to you?
5	MS. LEXIS: Was that one the 21 st ?
6	THE COURT: I don't think they know what it is. Denise –
7	THE COURT CLERK: Oh, I'm sorry.
8	THE COURT: they don't know what the date is.
9	THE COURT CLERK: Oh, I thought I gave it to them. September 21st at 9:00
10	MS. LEXIS: And then for Mr. Figueroa it's the 23 rd ?
11	THE COURT: The 23 rd .
12	THE COURT CLERK: Yeah. I mean, I thought she gave it to you guys first.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	UNIDENTIFIED COUNSEL: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
16	[Proceedings concluded at 10:25:40 a.m.]
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19	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
20	audio/video recording in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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TRAN 1 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 3 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 STATE OF NEVADA, 7 CASE NO. C-303991-1 C-303991-3 Plaintiff, 8 C-303991-4 VS. C-303991-5 9 DEPT. V JORGE MENDOZA, SUMMER 10 LARSEN, DAVID MURPHY, JOSEPH **LAGUNA** 11 Defendants. 12 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CAROLYN ELLSWORTH, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 13 **SEPTEMBER 21, 2015** 14 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING RE 15 STATUS CHECK: FIRM TRIAL SETTING 16 APPEARANCES: 17 AGNES M. LEXIS, ESQ. For the Plaintiff: 18 **Deputy District Attorney** 19 For Jorge Mendoza: WILLIAM L. WOLFBRANDT, ESQ. 20 GREGORY E. COYER, ESQ. For Summer Larsen: 21 For David Murphy: CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. 22 23 For Joseph Laguna: MONIQUE A. MCNEILL, ESQ. 24 25 RECORDED BY: NORMA RAMIREZ, COURT RECORDER

THE COURT: Okay. When do you want it?

MR. LANDIS: We were here about – sorry to interrupt. We were here about two weeks ago for a trial setting and the Court just didn't have any dates that were within the next year so that's why it was continued until today. So, we're optimistic that you have a date that's –

THE COURT CLERK: Well, since it's two weeks and it's gonna be a – she wants – the Judge wants to set it as a firm trial setting. You're actually gonna look even past August of, I guess, what you guys discussed that last date. You're looking at September for a two week firm set because her June and July are filled with firm sets.

MR. LANDIS: And she wants it to be a firm set?

THE COURT CLERK: That's what the calendar reflects. The earliest available for a firm set for two weeks would be September 12, 2016.

MR. WOLFBRANDT: I guess we gotta take it.

THE COURT: I guess you're gonna have to get it. All right. That'll be the order. And we'll need a calendar call.

THE COURT CLERK: The calendar call will be – I believe it's – today is Tuesday. So, it'll be September 6th at 9:00 a.m. for calendar call and jury trial will be September 12, 2016 at 1:30 p.m.

THE COURT: That'll be the order.

MS. MCNEILL: Thank you.

THE COURT: Have a good day.

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1	MS. LEXIS: Thank you.
2	[Proceedings concluded at 9:18:24 a.m.]
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LANDIS LAW GROUP 200 HOOVER AVE. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101

MOT 1 CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9424 2 **CLERK OF THE COURT** LANDIS LAW GROUP 200 Hoover Ave. 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.487.3650 4 Facsimile: 702.664.2632 E-mail: clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com 5 Attorney for Defendant 6 **DISTRICT COURT** 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff, CASE NO.: C-15-303991-4 10 DEPT. NO.: V V. 11 DAVID MURPHY, 12 Defendant. 13 14

MOTION TO SEVER

COMES NOW, the Defendant, DAVID MURPHY, by and through his attorney, CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ., and hereby moves this Court pursuant to NRS 174.165, Article 1 Section 8 of the Nevada Constitution and hereby respectfully requests this Honorable Court issue an Order severing Mr. Murphy from a joint trial with his codefendants.

This Motion is made based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time set for hearing of this Motion.

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

1. Relevant Procedural History

This case centers around an attempted home invasion and resulting murder that transpired on September 21, 2014. Five individuals would eventually be arrested and charged as members of the conspiracy behind these crimes. The five arrests were not effectuated on, or near, the same date. Jorge Mendoza, the first individual arrested, was found near the location of the event and arrested within an hour of the crime. Joseph Laguna, the last person arrested, was not apprehended until February 13, 2015. Initially, all defendants were charged for the crimes through a criminal complaint filed in Las Vegas Justice Court (Case No. 14F14997A-E). The justice court case never progressed to a preliminary hearing due the State's decision to seek and obtain an Indictment before the date scheduled for the preliminary hearing.

The State began presenting the case to a grand jury on January 8, 2015. By that date, all defendants except Laguna were in custody for the charges at issue here. The State continued its grand jury presentment on January 29, 2015. At the conclusion of the January 29th presentment, the grand jury returned a true bill charging Jorge Mendoza, Summer Larsen, and David Murphy with home invasion, murder, conspiracy to commit murder and related crimes.

On February 23, 2015, Mendoza, Larsen, and Murphy were arraigned on the indictment birthed at the conclusion of the January 29th grand jury presentment. All three defendants entered not guilty pleas and received a trial date of April 27, 2015.

Robert Figueroa, who once stood as a similarly charged codefendant in justice court, found his way to district court in this case by navigating a divergent path. On October 23, 2014, three days after his arrest, Figueroa reached out to the prosecutor assigned to this case to negotiate a plea bargain in exchange for his testimony against his codefendants. A day later, two Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department (hereinafter "LVMPD") detectives responded to the jail and conducted a taped interview with Figueroa. During said interview, Figueroa was assisted by court-appointed counsel. Having reached an agreement to testify with the State, Figueroa testified before the grand jury during the January 29th grand jury presentment.

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On February 27, 2015, the State filed a Superseding Indictment, the caption of which reflected the absence of Robert Figueroa and the addition of Joey Laguna.

On March 9, 2015, defendants Mendoza, Larsen, Murphy, and Laguna were present in court and arraigned on the Superseding Indictment. Presently, a single jury trial for all four defendants is scheduled for September 12, 2016. The instant motion to sever follows.

Facts Relevant to Defendant Murphy's Request for Severance 2.

To gain a proper perspective for Murphy's severance argument that follows, it is necessary to ascertain the State's theory of prosecution in this case. The State's theory, when considered in unison with some of the physical evidence collected, sheds light on the likely defense theory the multiple defendants will offer at trial. Appreciating those anticipated trial defenses lies at the heart of Murphy's argument requesting severance from the remaining defendants set for trial in this case.

Joseph Larsen (hereinafter "Joseph") was the lawful inhabitant of the house that was stormed by multiple men during the evening of September 21, 2014. At that house, Joseph lived with a roommate, Monty Gibson, who was shot and killed during the attempted home invasion on September 21, 2014. Joseph illegally sold marijuana out of the house.

Summer Larsen (aka Rice) (hereinafter "Summer"), one of the defendants in this case, was married to Joseph as of September, 2014. However, Joseph and Summer were estranged and not living together for the months preceding the attempted home invasion.

Summer and David Murphy were familiar with one another because they lived in the same neighborhood in Las Vegas as children. In fact, their parents still inhabited the nearby homes in 2014. It is the prosecution's belief that Summer and Murphy were in a sexual, dating relationship during the time leading up to the attempted home invasion. Further, the State alleges that Summer wanted to recruit people to burglarize Joseph's house and that she enlisted Murphy in the conspiracy.

The State suspects that Summer was involved based, in large part, on the statements made to the police by Ashley Hall. Hall claimed that the week before the attempted home invasion, Summer called her and asked for a ride. Thereafter, Summer asked Hall to pick up an

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unidentified black male. With all three individuals present in Hall's vehicle, Summer and the unknown male discussed burglarizing a marijuana dealer's house on the following Sunday. After the black male exited the car, Hall confronted Summer and, according to Hall, Summer admitted that Joseph's house was the place she and the black male intended to victimize on Sunday.

Sometime in the early afternoon of Sunday, September 21, 2014, Joseph was informed of Summer's conversation, which Hall overheard. Instead of vacating the potential crime scene, Joseph readied the handguns available to him and prepared to protect his domain. As Joseph awaited the intruders, his roommate Monty Gibson came home and joined in the defensive efforts.

At around 8 p.m. on September 21, 2014, three armed men approached the front door of Joseph's residence. Robert Figueroa, once a co-defendant in this case, entered into an agreement to testify in this case after he was apprehended. As part of his induced testimony, Figueroa admitted to a grand jury previously impaneled in this case that he was the first of the three men to reach Joseph's front door. Upon reaching the front door, Figueroa hit it twice with his shoulder and it busted open.

As soon as Figueroa entered the front doorway, he was instantly shot in the face below his lip. The shock of being shot caused Figueroa to drop to the floor. Figueroa then got up and turned to run away. As he turned, he was shot again in the left side, above his hip near his ribs. Figueroa made it out the front door and ran down the street away from the house. He could continue to hear gunfire as he was running away. Figueroa made it into the back yard of a house in the neighborhood and hid.

After the gun fire subsided, Joseph and Monty believed that the assailants had retreated from their failed home invasion. Monty informed Joseph that he was going to go close the front door of the residence. As Monty neared the door, Joseph heard a single gunshot and then observed Monty fall to the ground. Thereafter, Monty was unresponsive to Joseph's verbal calls.

Jorge Mendoza also received a bullet wound from the attempted home invasion. Specifically, Mendoza received a gunshot wound to his upper-left leg, resulting in a broken femur. A neighbor, Roger Day, started observing the events after the first gun shots drew his

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attention. Day observed Mendoza sitting almost nearly in front of Joseph's residence. Mendoza appeared to have suffered an injury to one of his legs. Day watched Mendoza scooting down the street, unable to stand up and walk. Day could see that Mendoza was in possession of a rifle as he made his way down the street. Day could hear Mendoza yelling for help in the direction of the other suspects.

Upon their arrival to the crime scene, the police found two distinctive blood trails that originated around the front of Joseph's residence. One of the blood trails led the police to a car parked in front of a house that was about 150 yards from Joseph's residence. Inside that car, police found an injured Mendoza. A rifle was located a short distance away from Mendoza. The second blood trial was followed along multiple streets of the neighborhood, but it failed to lead the police to the location of a suspect. The State believes that this second, longer blood trial was left by Figueroa as he fled the scene.

Once Mendoza was transported to the hospital for medical treatment, two homicide detectives interviewed him at his hospital bed. Mendoza stated that he was in his car and driving through the neighborhood, but had nothing to do with the attempted home invasion that occurred near where he was located. Instead, Mendoza told the police that he was flagged down by a pedestrian within Joseph's subdivision. Upon stopping his vehicle Mendoza was car-jacked by the pedestrian and multiple other men who pulled up moments later. One of the assailants was armed with a rifle and Mendoza wrestled with the man to gain control of the rifle. During that struggle, Mendoza sustained a gunshot wound but, nevertheless, he was able to take the rifle away from the man before they drove off in Mendoza's vehicle. Thereafter, Mendoza took cover in a random, unlocked vehicle. Mendoza claimed that he did not seek help once police cars were present on the street because he didn't know if it was safe to exit the vehicle.

Mendoza was arrested upon his release from the hospital. Weeks later, a confidential informant told the police that Figueroa was also one of the men involved in the plot. The police located Figueroa and discovered he had two recent gunshot injuries consistent with those sustained by the first assailant that entered Joseph's residence. Resultantly, the police concluded that Figueroa was one of the conspirators and arrested him.

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Interviews with Ashley Hall and other acquaintances of Summer caused the police to arrest Summer for her alleged role in planning this crime. From Clark County Detention Center, Summer made multiple jail calls to David Murphy. During these recordings, neither Summer nor Murphy admitted to any involvement in the failed home invasion scheme.

As part of their investigation, the police determined, what they believe to be, the cellular phone numbers for Mendoza, Laguna, Figueroa, and Murphy. The police then received the call, text, and cellular location records for all four of the cellular phone numbers they tied to the suspects. Mendoza's cellular phone records showed that two phone calls and a text message were sent from the number the police associated with Murphy to Mendoza's phone. Laguna's cellular phone records revealed multiple contacts between his phone and the numbers the police associated with Figueroa and Murphy. Further, Laguna's cellular location data showed his phone hitting off of a cellular tower in close proximity to the crime scene a short time after the police were called. Figueroa's cellular location data also showed his phone hitting off of a cellular tower near the crime scene from minutes after the crime until early the next morning.

During the course of their investigation, the police learned that there was some facts that linked some of the defendants to each other prior to the events on September 21, 2014. As previously mentioned, Summer and Murphy knew each other since a very young age. Murphy was also related to Mendoza based on Mendoza's marriage to Murphy's cousin, Amanda Mendoza. Laguna and Figueroa knew each other well because they shared a prison cell as roommate inmates within the Nevada State Prison system. Figueroa told the police that he and Laguna continued to maintain regular contact after the men were released from prison.

As of the date of this Motion, all of the defendants, with the exception of Figueroa, have enter pleas of not guilty and remain set for trial. This Motion represents the first request by any of the defendants for trial severance of the parties.

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Argument 3.

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A. Introduction

The interests of judicial economy are far outweighed by the severe prejudice that will result from conducting a joint trial with Murphy and his codefendants. As further detailed herein, the probable theory of defense that will be advanced by Murphy at trial is undeniably antagonistic to the defense that one, if not more, of his codefendants will present to the jury. Resultantly, it is impossible to conduct joint jury trials of Murphy and his codefendants if all the defendants are to each enjoy fair trials wherein they can advance their respective defense theories to the jury in a meaningful way. If the defendants are all tried jointly, Murphy and, at least one, of his codefendants will be forced to defend from the attacks hurled by each other more than they need to defend themselves from the allegations advanced by the State. This inherent and unavoidable antagonism makes a joint trial impractical. This Court should, therefore, grant Murphy's request for a separate trial in this case.

B. Relevant Law

Two defendants may be charged together in the same Information when they are alleged to have participated in the same acts which give rise to a criminal offense. NRS 173.135. However, "if it appears that a defendant ... is prejudiced by a joinder of ... defendants," the district court has authority to sever a joint trial. NRS 174.165(1); Rodriguez v. State, 117 Nev. 800, 808, 32 P.3d 773, 778 (2001). "[S]everance should be granted when the defendant 'shows that the core of the co-defendant's defense is so irreconcilable with the core of his own defense that the acceptance of the co-defendant's theory by the jury precludes acquittal of the defendant." United States v. Mayfield, 189 F.3d 895, 899 (9th Cir 1999). Inconsistent or antagonistic defenses entitle defendants to a severance of trials if they are antagonistic to the point that they are mutually exclusive. Rodriguez v. State, 117 Nev. 800, 810 (2001). As the Nevada Supreme Court has explained:

[D]efenses become "mutually exclusive" when the core of the codefendant's defense is so irreconcilable with the core of [the defendant's] own defense that the acceptance of the codefendant's theory by the jury precludes acquittal of the defendant.

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Rowland v. State, 118 Nev. 31, 45 (2002), citing United States v. Throckmorton, 87 F.3d 1069, 1072 (9th Cir.1996).

The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has also examined the issue of prejudice caused in some cases based upon a failure to sever trials of defendants with antagonistic defenses:

The joinder of defendants advocating mutually exclusive defenses can have a prejudicial effect upon the jury, and hence the defendants, in a number of ways.

Defendants who accuse each other bring the effect of a second prosecutor into the case with respect to their codefendant. In order to zealously represent his client, each codefendant's counsel must do everything possible to convict the other defendant. The existence of this extra prosecutor is particularly troublesome because the defense counsel are not always held to the limitations and standards imposed on the government prosecutor. Opening statements. . . can become a forum in which gruesome and outlandish tales are told about the exclusive guilt of the "other" defendant. . . . Counsel can make and oppose motions that are favorable to their defendant, without objection by the government.

Cross-examination of the government's witnesses becomes an opportunity to emphasize the exclusive guilt of the other defendant or to help rehabilitate a witness that has been impeached. Cross-examination of the defendant's witnesses provides further opportunities for impeachment and the ability to undermine the defendant's case. The presentation of the codefendant's case becomes a separate forum in which the defendant is accused and tried. Closing arguments allow a final opening for codefendant's counsel to portray the other defendant as the sole perpetrator of the crime.

Joinder can provide the individual defendants with perverse incentives. Defendants do not simply want to demonstrate their own innocence, they want to do everything possible to convict their codefendants. These incentives may influence the decision whether or not to take the stand, as well as the truth and content of the testimony.

The joint trial of defendants advocating mutually exclusive defenses produces fringe benefits for the prosecution. Joinder in these cases can make a complex case seem simple to the jury: convict them both.

The government's case becomes the only unified and consistent presentation. It presents the jury with a way to resolve the logical contradiction inherent in the defendants' positions. While the defendants' claims contradict each other, each claim individually acts to reinforce the government's case. government is further benefitted by the additive and profound effects of repetition. Each important point the government makes about a given defendant is echoed and reinforced by the codefendant's counsel.

Joinder of defendants who assert mutually exclusive defenses has a final

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subtle effect. All evidence having the effect of exonerating one defendant implicitly indicts the other. The defendant must not only contend with the effects of the government's case against him, but he must also confront the negative effects of the codefendant's case.

United States v. Tootik, 952 F.2d 1078, 1082-83 (9th Cir. 1991).

The increased risk of prejudice caused by joint codefendant trials does not only exist in those cases where the codefendants present antagonistic defenses. In cases where the evidence against one of the codefendants is overwhelming and the evidence against the other codefendant is not, unfair prejudice can require severance because of the risk of "spillover prejudice." See United States v. DeRosa, 670 F.2d 889, 898-99 (9th Cir. 1982). The Ninth Circuit has recognized that "a great disparity in the amount of evidence introduced against joined defendants may, in some cases, be grounds for severance." United States v. Douglas, 780 F.2d 1472, 1479 (9th Cir. 1986); United States v. Patterson, 819 F.2d 1495, 1503 (9th Cir. 1987). "For example, evidence of a codefendant's wrongdoing in some circumstances erroneously could lead a jury to conclude that a defendant was guilty. When many defendants are tried together in a complex case and they have markedly different degrees of culpability, this risk of prejudice is heightened." Zafiro v. <u>United States</u>, 506 U.S. 534, 539 (1993) (citations omitted).

In United States v. Donaway, 447 F.2d 940, 942-43 (9th Cir. 1971), the defendant was charged for his role in a horse race fixing conspiracy, which was relatively minor in comparison to the conduct of the codefendants at the joint trial. On appeal, the Ninth Circuit noted that less than 50 pages of the 2,300 page trial transcript were directly relevant to the guilt or innocence of Donaway. Id. Based on this enormous disparity in the sheer volume of evidence against the separate codefendants, the Court reversed the trial court's denial of severance. "Despite the trial judge's sincere effort to keep the jury aware of the limitations in the admissibility of evidence," "we find it impossible to conclude on the facts here that appellant was not severely prejudiced by the evidence relevant only to the co-defendants." <u>Id.</u> at 943; see also, <u>Chartier v. State</u>, 124 Nev. 760, 767 (2008) (reversing the denial of a severance motion because "The cumulative effect of accumulation of evidence of guilt which comes from being tried with other defendants may indeed become so unfairly prejudicial that severance is warranted.") (citations and quotations

omitted).

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No matter its potential sources, "district courts must determine the risk of prejudice from a joint trial based on the facts of each case." Marshall v. State, 118 Nev. 642, 648 (2002). After identifying the potential sources of prejudice in a joint codefendant trial and assessing there likelihoods, a district should sever codefendants "if there is a serious risk that a joint trial would compromise a specific trial right of one of the defendants, or prevent the jury from making a reliable judgment about guilt or innocence." Chartier, 124 Nev. at 765 (citations and quotations omitted).

C. Severance Should be Granted Because Defendants will Present Antagonistic Defenses at Trial

Murphy should be severed from his codefendants in this case because no less than two of the Defendants will have antagonistic defenses at trial. Specifically, the respective defenses of Murphy and Mendoza are "mutually exclusive" to one another in the exact manner that the Nevada Supreme Court previously described as unfairly prejudicial. See Rowland v. State, 118 Nev. 31, 45 (2002). At trial, Murphy intends to present the defense that he didn't drive the assailants to Joseph's house on the offense date and had nothing to do with the planning or execution of that plot. Counsel for Murphy submits, based on information and belief, that Mendoza will argue at trial that his criminal acts in approaching the residence with a firearm were the product of duress. See NRS 194.010(7). Put differently, Mendoza will argue that Murphy and other defendants threatened him with death or great bodily harm, which reasonably forced him to commit the criminal acts he is charged with. See United States v. Contento-Pachon, 723 F.2d 691, 693 (9th Cir. 1984) (There are three elements of the duress defense: (1) an immediate threat of death or serious bodily injury, (2) a well-grounded fear that the threat will be carried out, and (3) no reasonable opportunity to escape the threatened harm).

The defense that he had nothing to do with the conspiracy, which Murphy will argue at

¹ Murphy is cognizant of the reality that he is unable to conclusively prove what defense Mendoza will present at trial. Of course, the only way to accurately make this determination would require Mendoza to reveal his trial strategy, which Murphy lacks the power to compel. Nevertheless, Murphy is confident that Mendoza will present this defense at trial based on the state of the evidence and the potential defenses available to him.

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trial, is wholly antagonistic to a defense that argues that Murphy was a party to the conspiracy. As such, if Murphy and his are tried jointly, the jury will essentially be left to determine which defendant's defenses were correct, instead of fairly and reliably determining the guilt or innocence of each individual defendant, as is constitutionally required. If a single jury hears the respective defenses of Murphy and his codefendants, it will be impossible for them to return not guilty verdicts as to all of the defendants. Acceptance of either theory of defense will necessitate a guilty verdict for the defendant whose defense was rejected by the jury. That reality makes the respective defenses mutually exclusive to one another and requires severance to preserve the fair trial rights of all defendants. See <u>United States v. Mayfield</u>, 189 F.3d 895, 900 (9th Cir. 1999) (finding codefendant trial defenses mutually exclusive because the core of the defenses made it impossible to accept one theory and acquit the defendant whose theory was rejected).

There is no jury instruction or procedural cure that will avoid the inherent antagonism of these defense theories. If tried together, the attorneys representing the defendants will be competing with each other more than they will be competing with the State. See Tootik, 952 F.2d at 1082-83. Since counsel for each defendant will be aware that the codefendant's defense must be rejected in order for their own defense to be accepted, defense counsel will do everything possible to derail and diminish the theory of defense advanced by the other party. A joint trial guarantees that either Murphy or Mendoza will be convicted by the jury. This reality ensures prejudice to one, if not both, defendants and eviscerates this Court's ability to ensure that all defendants receive a fair trial. Any interest in judicial economy and efficiency pales in comparison to the unconstitutional prejudice caused by a joint trial for all of the codefendants in this case.

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D. Spillover Prejudice and the Cumulative Effect of a Joint Trial will Deprive Murphy of a Fair Trial

"[T]he cumulative effect of accumulation of evidence of guilt which comes from being tried with other defendants may indeed become unfairly prejudicial that severance is warranted." Chartier, 124 Nev. at 767 (citations and quotations omitted). The evidence against Murphy in this case is very slight. Further, most of the evidence against Murphy is circumstantial. The only direct evidence against Murphy is the purchased testimony of codefendant, turned informant Figueroa. Beyond said induced testimony, the State's case against Murphy consists of: (1) a single cellular phone "hit" off of a cellular phone tower in the general proximity to the crime on the same day it occurred; (2) cellular phone records that show he communicated with Laguna and Mendoza the same night of the crime; and (3) evidence that shows that Summer called Murphy from jail after she was arrested.

The strength of the State's evidence against Mendoza is on the other end of the spectrum. A neighbor witnesses a man crawl away from Joseph's house with a rifle in his lap. Not long after, the police find Mendoza in a car near where the neighbor watched his crawl. Mendoza has a gunshot wound to his leg and a rifle and gloves are found nearby. A blood trail is found starting in front of Joseph's house and ending close to the car where Mendoza was hiding. Mendoza tells the police that he just happened to be carjacked by unknown men on the same block as the attempted home invasion at roughly the same time. Mendoza further claims the rifle he possessed was inadvertently pulled off of the car stealing assailant he struggled with. He kept hiding in the car after there was a clear presence of police on the street because he didn't know if it was safe to exit the car. The vast difference in the amount of evidence that will be presented against Murphy and Mendoza increases the risk of unfair prejudice that will cloud a joint trial of all defendants in this case. See United States v. Baker, 10 F.3d 1374, 1390-91 (9th Cir. 1993) (finding that the "consequent risk of spillover prejudice cannot be ignored" when "comparatively peripheral defendants" must sit through trials as vast evidence that is irrelevant to their case is admitted against a codefendant).

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Should the Court allow this trial to go forward as charged, the jury will be prevented from making a reliable judgment about Murphy's guilt or lack thereof. In this case, it is not just the fact that Mendoza's attorney will become a second prosecutor, or the fact that Murphy and Mendoza will present antagonistic defenses that presents a problem; It is the combined cumulative effect of these factors and the likelihood of spillover prejudice that creates an environment where Murphy will not receive a, Constitutionally required, fair trial. See <u>Chartier</u>, 124 Nev. at 767.

Judicial economy and the other benefits of a joint trial are outweighed in this case based on the high probability of unfair prejudice that a joint trial will produce. The deprivation of a fair trial is a cost too high to risk based on the facts of this case. The prejudice will be particularly prevalent in this trial where, not only are the defenses antagonistic, but the evidence of guilt also overwhelming points to Mendoza and not to Murphy. Severance is warranted in this case to protect Murphy's Constitutional rights to a fair trial and to an impartial jury.

4. Conclusion

As Murphy would be unduly prejudiced by having to proceed to trial with Mendoza he asks this Court to sever his trial from that of his codefendants pursuant to NRS 174.165 and based on the legal authority cited in this motion.

DATED this 31st day of March, 2016.

LANDIS LAW GROUP

/s/ Casey A. Landis
CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9424
200 Hoover Ave.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

1 **NOTICE OF MOTION** 2 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for Plaintiff: TO: 3 YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the above captioned Motion to Sever 4 will be heard on the _____18 day of April, 2016, at 9:00 a.m. in Department V of the Eighth 5 Judicial District Court, County of Clark, State of Nevada. 6 DATED this 31st day of March, 2016. 7 LANDIS LAW GROUP 8 9 /s/ Casey A. Landis CASEY A. LANDIS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9424 10 200 Hoover Ave. 11 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 - 20 21 **CERTIFICATE OF EMAIL** I hereby certify that service of the above and forgoing was made this 31st 23 day of March, 2016, by email to: 24 CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY 25 Email: PDmotions@clarkcountyda.com 26 27 By /s/ Casey A. Landis 28

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MC PP DA **CLERK OF THE COURT** Aor g Q 5/2/16 @ 9:00am 19 appoint other 26 therein day of April, 2016 CLERK OF THE COURT 30 RECEIVED RECEIVED 0 6 2016 APR-0-4-2016 **CLERK OF THE COURT** 30 0123

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES	
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It is respectfully requested of this court 4 to grant this Motion to Dismiss Coursel for the streasons listed below:	
411 to grant this Motion to Dismiss Coursel for the	
spreasons listed below:	
T. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND	
Since CASEY A. LANDIS was appointed 9/10 unsel on December 19, 2014, defendant, DAVID	
9/Counsel on December 19, 2014, defendant, DAVID	
10 MURPHY, has been prejudiced and Suffered 11 Manifest injustice based on counsel's refusal or	<u> </u>
12 failure to:	
131 Destroy a direct line of communication:	
141 Course) has no working Drong account set in D with	
14 Counsel has no working phone account set in p with 15 the CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER, so detends	nt
16 may (all or leave messages. 17 2) File motions, obtain documents or other 18 information that may greatly benefit defense at	
17/ 2) File motions, obtain documents or other	
18 information that may greatly benefit defense at	
191171101.	
2011 3) Keep his word; Coursel does not tollow	
21/through on dates or deadlines he sets.	
4) Thoroughly take investigative measures	
23/In this case; and subsequently not using all available 24/resources to assist in defense.	
25/ S) Notify defendant that a conflict of	
26 interest exist. Counsel for defendant is associated	
27/1/10 a firm with counsel who represents a	λ
28/co-defendant.	
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3) he is being denied his right inadequate ac his cour! Further: (ounsel's innate action komport to nothing more than a violation hypir 2 has no phone accoun ON CENTER line of contact with Counse has promised multiple occasions, begining in to fix this issue, but has net defendant 1411 coursed has not provided rivate Investigator ress from course 17 Inhtained an add Drovided this to defendant, DAVI this address is the same Coursel, GREGORY communication is through text message or Dhone 24 Word or Shows up to visit wit Sous he wil Keeping his word to visit defendant oursel has repeatedly ignored he file motions, 29 and of information that may help with a 30 and or prepare for tria

has told defendant "don't worry, it work out, be patient. has diven nultiple doadlines for when coursed will simotions prepared blinis word for ove and fil has let to Keep also ignored 8ilrealests that rounsel a private investigator and assist From defendant, course ruestigator, make no eff any way restigators 14/ Coursel often told defendant COUNSE! Franky as private invistigator, has let to find a phone expent requested 20/ Which defendant has an unqualified right that expresses to counsel is the righ wursel" the adversarial Drawess a mond ment the sixth "Counsel acting in the role of ers V. California , 87 S. CT. 13968 0126

A party whose counsel is unable to provide 2 effective or adequate assistance is no better than 3 one who has no counsel at all; and any appeals) 4 would be futile in its gesture. Evitts v. Lucey 5/105 S. Ct. 830 (1985); Douglas V. California (1963) less than the bare winimim represent him, and has refused Matters or use all available resources to assist to ineffective coursel Burnell 25, 1994 (9th Cir herefore, defendant contends ownsel has been appointed in this case, the actions of counsel, or lack thereof have create obstacles the fair procedures awed to the do he plurality opinion in made it very lacking that equalit fourteenth amendment, where en joys the benefit of the law being righteous! practiced; in that, counsels' examination Step-by-Step Kinto the record of the case, and research of the law, 27 and a marshaling of the facts/argument one as should 29 defense, while the indigent, so burdened by a 30 preliminary determination that his case is without

Il Merit, is forced to Shift for himself." 105 S. Ct. thstanding the strong poli cal, professional and constitutional establish counsels Professional S creates a conflict of Rilles of Professional Conduct fondand has provid and private investigator Coursel of interest for 27 consent of clients, and while lawaers oxe firm, that which applies to anyone illar MIJRPHY , was never informed

Il nor has defendant given his consent to go on 2/ being represented by counsel, inspite of this conflict 3/Only through his own diligence and research has 4) the defendant become aware of So clearly a conflict of interest now exist 6 Between course! / Client (defendant), as all faith and Ffrust has been diminished as a result of counsel's 8 actions or lack thereof, and a "Showing" of conflict 9 of interest requires no showing of prejudice 10 Cyler V. Sullivan, 100 S.Ct. at 1717. 121 Adjudication is not a mere mechanical process 13 nor does it compet any either for determination.
14 Griffin v. Illinois, 76 S. Ct. 585 592-594 Therefore, fundamental tairness requires 17/ the abolition of prejudice which defendant is presently suffering. This is an actuality that the 19 llaw must address. Anything Short of abdication would further a manifest of injustice. The 'effectiveness (in assistance) of counsel" is an individuals most fund a mental right, for without 23/it, every other right defendant has to assert 24/ Decomes affected. Dated this First day of April, 2016. Respectfully Submitted __DAVID MIJRPHY defendant 0129

١	Dated this first day of April, 2016.
2	I, DAVID MURPHY, do Solemnly swear, under penalty of perjury, that the above (aformentioned) text of Motion to Dismiss Counselis
3	penalty of perjury, that the above (aformentioned)
니	Hext of Motion to Dismiss Counselis
	accurate, and is correct to the hest of my
6	Knowledge.
7	(NRS 171.102 and NRS 208.165) Respectfully Submitted.
<u>8</u>	CESPECITATION SILVIMITIED,
<u> </u>	I day the def
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12	(Defendant)
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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

š THE STATE OF NEVADA, Petitioner, THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICOURT OF THE STATE OF NEV IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ON THE COUNTY OF ON THE COUNTY OF ON THE HONORABLE JAMES

Case No. 62464

and EDMOND PAUL PRICE, Real Party in Interest

ANSWER TO EMERGENCY PETITION FOR WRIT OF

MANDAMUS OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE PROHIBITION

Petition for Writ of Mandamus or in the Alternative Prohibition and pursuant to the Order of this Court hereby Answers the Emergency COYER, on behalf of the Real Party in Interest, EDMOND PAUL PRICE, COMES NOW, Attorneys CASEY A. LANDIS and GREGORY E

papers and pleadings in the separately filed Appendix This Answer is based on the following Points and Authorities and

Dated this 22nd day of January, 2013

COYER & LANDIS, LLC

W. /s/ Gregory E. Cover GREGORY E. COYLER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10013 601 South Tenth Street, Ste 104 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.885.9580 Facsimile: 702.664.2632

601 South Tenth Street, Ste 10 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.885.9580 Facsimile: 702.664.2632 ESQ. 202

clandis@coyerandlandis.con

Email: gcoyer@coyemndlandis.com

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

FACTUAL SUMMARY

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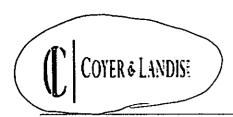
serious charges, including Conspiracy to Commit Murder, Conspiracy to Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Use of a Deadly Weapon, Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon, Harm, Burglary While in Possession of a Deadly Weapon, Robbery With Kidnapping With Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Commit Kidnapping, Conspiracy to Commit Robbery, First Degree Edmond Price has been charged by way of Indictment with a litary of

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Edelman. Mr. Wall arrived armed with two pistols. Whiskey Pete's. Mr. Price arrived with a female companion, Victoria precious metals from Mr. Price and arranged for the two to meet in Primm at Price. In June of 2010, Mr. Wall again expressed his interest to purchase 2010. Ronald Wall and Edmond Price were business associates. Mr. Wall occurred at Whiskey Pete's Hotel & Casino in Primm, Nevada on June 26 had previously purchased over \$80,000.00 of precious metals from Mr. The facts giving rise to these charges stem from an incident that

a business transaction, but a violent struggle between Mr. Wall and Mr. object, seriously injuring him. By the end of the struggle, Mr. Price and Ms contends that it was Mr. Wall who attacked first in an attempt to rob Mr his innocence and insisted that he acted in self-defense Edelman were able to leave the hotel while Mr. Wall remained in the room Ms. Edelman became involved and struck Mr. Wall in the head with a metal Price, who then simply acted in self-defense. At some point in the struggle, Mr. Wall claims he was robbed and viciously attacked. What actually transpired in the hotel room at Whiskey Pete's was not Since the date of the incident, Mr. Price has consistently maintained

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Casey Landis <clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com>

RE: State v, Murphy, c-15-303991-4

1 message

Marc DiGiacomo

<Marc.DiGiacomo@clarkcountyda.com>

To: Casey Landis <clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com> Cc: Agnes Lexis <Agnes.Lexis@clarkcountyda.com>

Mon, Mar 30, 2015 at 1:45

Hey Casey, along with the 3078 pages of discovery, there were 45 audio/video files on the same disks. Did you receive those? I believe Agnes is trying to coordinate a time for all defense counsel to go to homicide and review the books to see if there is anything contained therein that has not been previously discovered which we will allow you to mark and make copies of. That should satisfy our obligations under the statutes. Should we generate any discovery in the DA's office, that will obviously also made available. As to the names and addresses of the witnesses, we will comply with our obligation to file a timely witness notice. If after filing the notice, we learn of updated addresses, they will be provided forthwith. I just returned from a lengthy time out of the office today and they moved me back to Clark Place so my entire office is currently in boxes. Agnes has the files currently so it is best to coordinate with her.

Thanks....MD

From: Casey Landis [mailto:clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com]

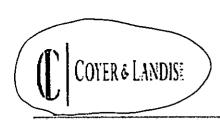
Sent: Monday, March 30, 2015 12:09 PM

To: Marc DiGiacomo

Subject: State v, Murphy, c-15-303991-4

Marc.

Attached please find a "Department V discovery letter," if you will...



"Attachment C"

Casey Landis <clandis@lvjusticeadvocates.com>

David Murphy # 00859628

1 message

Kristal Wagner kristal.wagner@naphcare.com
To: Casey Landis kristal.wagner@naphcare.com

Wed, Jul 8, 2015 at 2:35 PM

Good afternoon, Mr Landis

I have secured permission to arrange for the eye exam for your client, Mr Murphey. As we will have to go through the entire facility procedure for referrals and scheduling outside appointments, I imagine it will be a minimum of a few weeks, and could be longer depending on the optometrist's schedule. I will let you know when the exam has taken place.

Kristal Wagner

Admin Assistant

Clark County Detention Center

NaphCare, Inc.

702-671-5698 phone

702-366-0576 fax

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This communication and its attachments may contain confidential or privileged information intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to whom it is addressed. If you are not an intended recipient, you are hereby notified that you have received this communication in error and that any review, disclosure, dissemination, distribution or copying of it (or any portion of the contents) or the attachments is strictly prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please contact the sender and immediately destroy all copies of the communication and attachments. Thank you.

Attachment Do

COYER LAW OFFICE

Gregory E. Coyer, Esq. Attorney Ar Law

Same address
Cosey. A. Landis provided
to P.I Richard Franky
recently (Feb., 2016)
April 14, 2015 as his current
Office address

600 S. Tonopah Dr., Suite 220 Las Vegas, Nevada 89106

> Cell: 702.885.9580 Desk: 702.802.3088 Fax: 702.802.3157

Email: gcoyer@coyerlaw.com

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL TO:

Clark County District Attorney Attn: Agnes Lexis, Esq. 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89155 Email: agnes.lexis@clarkcountyda.com

RE: Your extrajudicial statements to the Las Vegas Review-Journal regarding the following case: State of Nevada v. Summer Larsen, Case No.: C-15-303991-3

Dear Agnes:

As you know I represent the defendant Summer Larsen (aka Summer Rice) in the above-referenced matter. It has come to my attention that you recently provided information to the Las Vegas Review-Journal. Mr. Chris Kudialis subsequently penned the news article attached hereto as Exhibit A. Within the text of Mr. Kudialis' article, there are numerous statements about the case attributed to you personally (See Exhibit A).

Of particular concern to me are the following statements, specifically attributed to you:

- (1) "Joey Larsen will not face charges, Clark County prosecutor Agnes Lexis said. Losing his roommate and being robbed by his wife is enough punishment for Larsen, Lexis said." (See Exhibit A);
- (2) "Lexis said the two communicated in phone calls recorded by the jail and that Rice asked her husband for bail money." (See Exhibit A);
- (3) "Larsen is trying to repair his marriage with Rice, Lexis said, despite knowing she was behind the deadly invasion of his home." (See Exhibit A);
- (4) "'Joey knows what happened,' Lexis said. 'But whether he actually believes it is another thing.' "(See Exhibit A).

Since reading the news article, I have corresponded with both Mr. Kudialis and his editor, Adam Causey. Neither individual gave me any reason to believe that you were misquoted or that the information provided by you was taken out of context. Clearly, you volunteered the information in the article attributable to you.

DAVID MURPHY #859628
Bark Gounty Detention Center
330 S. Casino Center Bird.

as Vegas, Nevada

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SENT FROM CCBC

Clark Gounty Clerk of County
Regional Justice Center
200 Lewis Ave. 3rd floor
Las Vegas, Nevada
89101

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then to before 1 **OPPS** STEVEN B. WOLFSON **CLERK OF THE COURT** Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 MARC DIGIACOMO Chief Deputy District Attorney 4 Nevada Bar #006955 200 Lewis Avenue 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 -VS-CASE NO: C-15-303991-4 12 DAVID MARK MURPHY, DEPT NO: V #0859628 13 Defendant. 14 15 STATE'S OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SEVER 16 DATE OF HEARING: 4/18/16 TIME OF HEARING: 9:00 AM 17 COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County 18 District Attorney, through MARC DIGIACOMO, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and hereby 19 submits the attached Points and Authorities in Opposition to Defendant's Motion To Sever. 20 This Opposition is made and based upon all the papers and pleadings on file herein, the 21 attached points and authorities in support hereof, and oral argument at the time of hearing, if 22 deemed necessary by this Honorable Court. **STATEMENT OF FACTS** 24 On Sunday, September 21, 2014, Joseph Larsen (hereinafter "Joey") and his roommate, 25 Monty Gibson (hereinafter "Monty") were in their home located at 1661 Broadmere Street in 26

Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada, when they heard a "boom" at the door. Grand Jury

Transcripts (hereinaster "GJT"), Volume 2 (hereinaster "V"), p. 70, line 25; p. 71, lines 1-3.

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Joey heard another "boom" at the door, which he later learned was the sound of his front door being kicked in, before he saw two (2) masked men armed with weapons run into his home. GJT, V-2, p. 71, lines 1-3; p. 76, lines 4-9; p. 76, lines 19-20. Joey, who was armed with a .40 caliber Glock and a .38 caliber unknown make and model, fired at the men. GJT, V-2, p. 71, lines 1-3; p. 74, lines 10-12. The armed intruders fired back at Joey. GJT, V-2, p. 71, lines 1-3. Through the gunfire, Joey heard the first intruder, who was wearing an orange ski mask, make a grunting sound, which caused Joey to believe that he had shot one of the men. GJT, V-2, p. 76, lines 21-25; p. 78, lines 14-18. Joey continued to return and receive gunfire, but he could not tell if both men were shooting. GJT, V-2, p. 78, lines 23-25; p. 79, lines 1-4. Joey was not sure where his roommate and friend, Monty was during the gunfire exchange but Joey recalled seeing the first masked intruder armed with a rifle. GJT, V-2, p. 80, lines 2-5; p. 85, lines 2-5. Joey could not identify either of the intruders. GJT, V-2, p. 84, lines 18-21.

A short time later, the intruders stopped firing. GJT, V-2, p. 80, lines 10-12. Joey looked at the hallway from where he hid in the kitchen area and saw that the intruders had left his home. GJT, V-2, p. 80, lines 11-13. Monty came out from behind another wall, stating that he was going to close the front door. GJT, V-2, p. 80, lines 13-18. Joey walked behind Monty as they both made their way to the door. GJT, V-2, p. 80, lines 13-18. Joey saw Monty look outside prior to Monty pushing the door shut. GJT, V-2, p. 81, lines 21-25; p. 82, lines 1-4. It was then that Joey heard a single gunshot and he saw Monty drop to the floor in the doorway. GJT, V-2, p. 82, lines 5-10. Joey looked outside but he did not see anyone. GJT, V-2, p. 82, lines 11-12. Joey retreated back into the home and called out for Monty to say something. GJT, V-2, p. 83, lines 10-15. Hearing no response from Monty and hearing police sirens in the distance, Joey called his father, Steve Larsen (hereinafter "Steve"). GJT, V-2, p. 83, lines 16-24. Joey called the police shortly after his father's arrival. GJT, V-2, p. 85, lines 9-11.

Roger Day, a retired California Corrections Officer, was living at 10025 Long Cattle Avenue, which was located on the corner of Long Cattle Avenue and Broadmere Street, on September 21, 2014. GJT, V-2, p. 21, lines 1-14; p. 30, lines 18-20. He was at home watching

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TV in his living room when he heard gunshots. GJT, V-2, p. 21, lines 22-25. Roger walked to his front door and when he looked out, he saw a man in a black and grey bandana styled ski mask pointing and shooting a handgun towards 1661 Broadmere. GJT, V-2, p. 22, lines 15-18; p. 23, lines 1-19. He saw this suspect shoot 2-3 times, then the suspect took off running down Long Cattle. GJT, V-2, p. 25, lines 17-22. This suspect did not appear injured nor did he did appear to have trouble running away as he sprinted down the dark street. GJT, V-2, p. 29, lines 7-24; p. 30, lines 1-4. Roger never saw this suspect again. GJT, V-2, p. 25, lines 20-22. Roger indicated that the shots he heard from this suspect's handgun sounded weird, "almost like, like an air gun or like maybe he had a silencer or something." GJT, V-2, p. 27, lines 17-23.

Roger grabbed his cell phone and called 911. GJT, V-2, p. 22, lines 15-18. He then went to his closet and grabbed his handgun. GJT, V-2, p. 24, lines 1-6. It was then that he saw another male "scooting on his rear end down the street." GJT, V-2, p. 24, lines 1-6. Roger assumed that the male suspect had been shot. GJT, V-2, p. 24, lines 1-6. This male suspect was wearing a bright orange ski mask so Roger could not see his face. GJT, V-2, lines 7-13. The suspect was sitting almost in front of 1661 Broadmere when Roger first saw him. GJT, V-2, p. 24, lines 18-22. Then, Roger saw him scooting back towards his house down onto Long Cattle, at which point the suspect stopped right in front of Roger's home. GJT, V-2, p. 24, lines 18-22. Roger saw that this suspect had a dark or black colored assault rifle in his hand as he was scooting backwards on the street. GJT, V-2, p. 26, lines 2-15. Roger saw the suspect with the orange ski mask take his mask off and heard him call out for help towards one of the other suspects. GJT, V-2, p. 26, lines 11-15. At that point, Roger knew that the suspect in the orange ski mask was injured, like he had been shot in the left leg. GJT, V-2, p. 26, lines 19-21.

Jorge Mendoza (hereinafter "Mendoza") was found hiding in a car in front of a home located on Long Cattle Avenue. GJT, V-2, p. 100, lines 1-5. Police followed a blood trail, which was approximately one hundred fifty (150) yards from 1661 Broadmere Street, to the

vehicle. GJT, V-2, p. 100, lines 1-25. Mendoza had a gunshot wound to the left leg/thigh, resulting in a broken femur. GJT, V-2, p. 100, lines 15-19.

While at the scene, police located another blood trail that continued east down Long Cattle Avenue and through other small side streets within the neighborhood. GJT, V-2, p. 101, lines 4-21. The blood trail was approximately 3/10 of a mile long and led police away from where Mendoza was taken into custody. GJT, V-2, p. 101, lines 8-21. The second, longer blood trail was later discovered to have been left by Robert Figueroa (hereinafter "Figueroa"). GJT, V-2, p. 101, lines 22-25; p. 102, lines 2-21.

Figueroa testified before the Grand Jury on January 29, 2015. Figueroa and Joseph Laguna, a.k.a. Maton (hereinafter "Laguna") were cell mates for approximately nine (9) months in a jail in Winnemuca. GJT, V-2, p. 33, lines 21-25; p. 34, lines 6-8. Figueroa maintained contact with and became friends with Laguna long after they were released from custody. GJT, V-2, p. 34-35. The two maintained contact even through 2014. GJT, V-2, p. 35, lines 24-25; p. 36, lines 1-4.

On or between 6:00-7:00 a.m. on Sunday, September 21, 2014, Laguna called Figueroa. GJT, V-2, p. 36, lines 2-7; p. 37, lines 15-18; p. 43, lines 18-23. Laguna told Figueroa that he and "Dough Boy" (later identified as David Murphy) had "something lined up" and they wanted Figueroa to participate. GJT, V-2, p. 36, lines 10-12; p. 108, lines 6-25. Figueroa had only been around Murphy 2-3 times before this day. GJT, V-2, p. 56, lines 22-24.

Approximately two (2) hours after the initial phone call, Figueroa was picked up at his home by Laguna and another male, later identified as Jose Mendoza. GJT, V-2, p. 37, lines 23-25; p. 38, 1-4. Figueroa did not know Mendoza at that time. GJT, V-2, p. 38, lines 5-25. Laguna and Mendoza arrived in an older model, light brown car. GJT, V-2, p. 39, lines 4-7. Mendoza was driving while Laguna sat in the front passenger seat. GJT, V-2, p. 39, lines 8-11. Figueroa knew when he got into the vehicle and sat in the back passenger seat that they were all going to "rob a house" of marijuana. GJT, V-2, p. 39, lines 17-23.

The three men made their way to a house on the northwest side of town where they eventually met up with David Murphy, a.k.a. Dough Boy (hereinafter "Murphy). GJT, V-2,

p. 40, lines 8-17. Mendoza, Laguna and Figueroa pulled up alongside Murphy's vehicle where the men spoke for a short time. GJT, V-2, p. 40, lines 19-22. Murphy was by himself in a white Ford pick-up truck. GJT, V-2, p. 41, lines 6-11. Murphy pointed out that he was going to wait around the corner from the house they planned to rob. GJT, V-2, p. 40, lines 19-25; p. 41, lines 15-17. Mendoza, Laguna and Figueroa drove by a house located in a cul-de-sac. GJT, V-2, p. 41, lines 20-25. They drove to the end of the street when they noticed "a whole bunch of people out there." GJT, V-2, p. 41, lines 20-25. They left for a second but eventually returned to the home after Laguna said, "Let's go back there, we're going to do this." GJT, V-2, p. 41, lines 20-25. They parked the car a quick second. GJT, V-2, p. 41, lines 20-25; p. 42, lines 1-4. Right before they were about to get out of the car, Mendoza said, "this ain't right, there's too many people outside." GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 1-4. Figueroa saw a lawn crew and a couple of other people at the house. GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 1-4. At that time, Laguna, Mendoza, Murphy and Figueroa abandoned their plan to rob the home and made their way to Laguna's house to regroup. GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 5-15. They arrived at Laguna's home at approximately 11:00 – 11:30 a.m. GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 16-19.

While at Laguna's home, Murphy came up with another plan. GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 20-23. Murphy told the other men that he knew of another home they could rob of marijuana later that night. GJT, V-2, p. 42, lines 20-23; p. 43, line 1. At that time, Murphy told Figueroa, Laguna and Mendoza that he believed the second home would contain a significant amount of marijuana. GJT, V-2, p. 43, lines 6-9. Specifically, Murphy told them that there would be anywhere from 30-50 pounds of marijuana at the second home because the resident of the second home had just "re-upped" his marijuana supply from the resident of the first home they planned to rob earlier that day. GJT, V-2, p. 43, lines 10-17. During this conversation, Figueroa asked Murphy how he knew the information about the second house. GJT, V-2, p. 58, lines 10-18. Murphy explained that he was having a sexual relationship with Joey Larsen's girlfriend. GJT, V-2, p. 58, lines 15-25. Based on what Murphy said, Figueroa believed that

¹ It is believed that the resident of the first home was the marijuana supplier for the resident in the second home, later identified as Joey Larsen's home, located at 1661 Broadmere Street.