1	MS. PALM: Okay. Thank you.
2	MR. WEINSTOCK: Thank you, Your Honor.
3	
4	[Proceedings concluded at 9:02 a.m.]
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
22	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
23	DATO TO CLAME
24	PATRICIA SLATTERY
25	Court Transcriber

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1	1 RTRAN	1. Comm
2	2 CLERK	OF THE COURT
3	3	
4	4	
5	5 DISTRICT COURT	
6		
7		
8	8 THE STATE OF NEVADA.	
9	9	
10	[ C265339-2	
11	11 CEDRIC L. JACKSON,	
12	PRENTICE COLEMAN,	
13	Defendant.	
14		IDT 445.05
15	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JESSIE WALSH, DISTRICT COU WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 2012	JR1 JUDGE
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18	HALLEARANOES.	
19	For the State: NELL E. CHRISTENSE SONIA V. JIMENEZ, ES	,
20	برو د و حسر بر حسر بروس	
21	Cedric Jackson PATRICIA PALM, ESQ.	
22	DAN WINDER, ESQ.	
23	For the Defendant: IVETTE A. MANINGO, I Prentice Coleman Deputy Special Public D	
24		SQ.
25	25	_ ,
	RECORDED BY: VICTORIA BOYD, COURT RECORDER	
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	II .	

# WEDNESDAY, MAY 30, 2012 AT 9:14 A.M.

THE COURT CLERK: Case number C265339, State of Nevada versus Prentice Coleman, and case number C265339-2, State of Nevada versus Prentice Coleman.

THE COURT: Can we have appearances for the record, please?

MR WINDER: Dan Winder on behalf of Cedric Jackson along with Patricia Palm.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. BINDRUP: Scott Bindrup and Ivette Maningo on behalf of Mr. Coleman.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Nell Christensen and Sonia Jimenez on behalf of the State.

THE COURT: Thank you.

I'm showing that this is Defendant's motion by Defendant Jackson to continue the trial.

MS. PALM: It is, Your Honor.

We filed that motion because we need more time to prepare and specifically to prepare the mitigation in this case. We don't have the same resources as the SPDs. Our mitigation investigator is out of state and actually in Illinois. And so we have to fly her out here for a week at a time to do the investigation. And she believes that, pursuant to the ABA rules, to do an effective mitigation investigation, she needs to make one more week long trip, interview about 12 more witnesses, and we still need to go to California. We haven't been able to accomplish all that and we did put this investigation on a little bit of a hold when the new DA took over because we were contemplating perhaps that he would

reconsider the death penalty notice in this case or that we'd be able to negotiate it. We worked in good faith to do that; it eventually failed. And so we need to now prepare for trial and we're left without enough time to effective prepare. And I know that the SPDs is opposing the motion, however, their client did waive the speedy trial right under the statute.

THE COURT: The State didn't file an opposition; right?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: That's correct, Your Honor. We do we believe they do have a good reason to continue it under the rules. They do need to do this mitigation work. Our only concern is that we don't want one Defendant to go without the other. Your Honor already a motion to sever and denied it. So, we would request that if you do grant Mr. Jackson's motion that you continue both of them for as short a time as we have in this courtroom as all the attorneys can do with their schedules to keep both of the Defendants together.

THE COURT: Ms. Palm, how much time do you need?

MS. PALM: Well, Your Honor, speaking with my mitigation investigator, she's actually going to be occupied all except for February of next year, and I'm actually in a Federal trial, and then I go into a death penalty trial in March of next year. So, my soonest available is April and that would be with Mr. Winder also.

THE COURT: Ms. Maningo.

MS. MANINGO: Your Honor, if we can make a record. And I realize -- I understand Ms. Palm's position and Mr. Winder's position one hundred percent and I understand the State's position. The problem is is that Mr. Coleman, in this case, is from January 2010. I realize he's waived his right to a speedy trial and he did that because at the time, of course it's a death case, and we needed more time. But we are now ready to go. He's absolutely ready to go and he's adamant about it. We

Honor's position or your prior ruling on the severance, but we find ourselves in a different position now and so I would ask that you consider letting us go ahead of schedule for trial because the SPD is ready to go. Again, I understand their position but that shouldn't really affect us. We're ready to go to trial and, again, I just want to tell that my client's adamant about proceeding when scheduled.

THE COURT: I understand. But given the fact that he's waived his speedy trial right and given the fact the Court's prior ruling regarding the severage. I'm not

want to make sure that the record is clear that, you know -- I understand Your

trial right and given the fact the Court's prior ruling regarding the severance, I'm not inclined to split these cases up. So, when are you available next year to defend this case?

MS. MANINGO: I mean, the date that they're available we can do it. Of course, again, my client is opposed to it.

THE COURT: So, I understood, Ms. Palm, you say that you had a death penalty case in another department in March?

MS. PALM: In March, yes, Your Honor, starting March 4<sup>th</sup> and it's probably a three week.

MR WINDER: And I have a February murder case already scheduled in 6. So, April or May of next year would be great.

THE COURT: How long do you anticipate that this case will take to try?

MR. WINDER: I would say three to five weeks.

THE COURT: Given half days?

MR. WINDER: Maybe a little longer, Your Honor.

THE COURT: What does the State think?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Your Honor, I don't think it'll be five weeks even half days, but it will be, you know, especially given half days it will go more than a week

or two. THE COURT: Well we're in the same position we were in before. Do we have any time in -- I can't really schedule for April if Ms. Palm is in a death penalty case for three or four weeks. The soonest we'd be looking at would be May or June. MS. CHRISTENSEN: The only thing the State can't do would be the first week of June, Your Honor. THE COURT: How about June 24th? THE COURT CLERK: June 19th at 8:30 for calendar call 2013, and June 24th for jury trial at 1 p.m. 2013. MS. PALM: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: We will vacate the June trial date this year. MR. WINDER: Thank you. MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. [Proceedings concluded at 9:20 a.m.] ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability. Court Transcriber 

Γ	Alm & Colum
1	DISTRICT COURT CLERK OF THE COURT
2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
3	
4	THE STATE OF NEVADA,
5	PLAINTIFF,
-6	vs. ) Case No.: C265339 ) Dept No.: XX
7	) -
8	JACKSON, CEDRIC COLEMAN PRENTICE LOVELL  OCIONAL AND COLONAL AND COLONAL COLON
9	DEFENDANTS. ORIGINAL
10	
11	
12	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
13	
14	Held before the Honorable Lee Gates
15	On July 7, 2010
16	At the Regional Justice Center
17 j	200 Lewis Avenue
18	Las Vegas, Nevada
19	
20	APPEARANCES:
21	For the State: MEGAN THOMSON, Deputy District Attorney
22	For the Defendants: ARNOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ.
23	SCOTT BENSON, ESQ.
24	Reported by: Julie M. Lever, RPR, CCR 582
25	Outle H. Hevel, Kirk, Con Suz

1	THE COURT: State of Nevada versus
2	Cedric Jackson and Prentice Lovell Coleman.
3	MR. WEINSTOCK: For the record,
4	your Honor, Arnold Weinstock for Cedric Jackson.
5	MR. BENSON: And Scott Benson on behalf
6	of Mr. Coleman.
7	MR. WEINSTOCK: All we need is a trial
8	date. We, tentatively, with the Court's
9	approval, agreed on a date, I believe, May 2.
10	MS. THOMSON: May 2 of next year, Judge.
11	THE COURT: What about defendant's
12	motion for discovery: Jackson?
13	MR. WEINSTOCK: Your Honor, I'm sure
14	we'll be able to work that out with the District
15	Attorney's office. We will contact them.
16	MS. THOMSON: We haven't even seen that
17	motion, Judge, but we will work with
18	Mr. Weinstock.
19	THE COURT: The Court is going to order
20	that all discovery required by statute in the
21	case law be afforded to him.
22	MR. WEINSTOCK: Thank you, your Honor.
23	We'll work with the DA.
24	THE COURT: If there is a problem,
25	bring it up. All right. And the May 2 date of

1	2011. How old is this case?
2	MR. WEINSTOCK: It's brand new. This is
3	arraignment today.
4	THE COURT: Oh, okay. They haven't been
5	arraigned yet?
6	MS. THOMSON: They've been arraigned but
7	I think we passed it to set the trial is my
8	understanding.
9	THE CLERK: Calendar call will be
10	April 27 of 2011 at 9 a.m., with a jury trial of
11	May 2 of 2011 at 1 p.m.
12	MR. WEINSTOCK: Thank you, your Honor.
13	MS. THOMSON: Thank you, Judge.
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF NEVADA )
4	COUNTY OF CLARK )
5	
6	I, JULIE M. LEVER, Court Reporter
7	and Notary Public, in and for the County of
8	Clark, State of Nevada, do hereby certify that
9	the foregoing and attached pages 1-4, inclusive,
10	comprise a true, and accurate transcript of the
11	proceedings reported by me in the matter of The
12	State of Nevada, Plaintiff, versus
13	Cedric Jackson and Prentice Coleman, Case No.
14	C265339 on July 7, 2010.
15	
16	<u>.                                    </u>
17	Dated this 14th day of July, 2013.
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19	Jelu M Lever
20	Julie M. Lever, CCR NO.: 582, RPR Notary Public
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1 2 3 4 5 6	NISD STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 LIZ MERCER Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #10681 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		CLERK OF THE COURT
7		DISTRICT COURT ARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
8 9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	)	
	Plaintiff,	CASE NO:	10C265339-1
10	-VS-	DEPT NO:	X
11 12	CEDRIC LEROB JACKSON # 1581340	)	
13 14	Defendant.	) 	

#### NOTICE OF EVIDENCE IN AGGRAVATION

COMES NOW, the State of Nevada by Clark County District Attorney STEVEN B. WOLFSON, through LIZ MERCER, Chief Deputy District Attorney, pursuant to Rule 250(4)(f) of the Nevada Supreme Court, hereby gives notice of the existence of the following evidence in aggravation to be presented at the penalty phase of the trial:

# 1. NRS 200.033(1) provides: The murder was committed by a person under sentence of imprisonment.

In the instant case, the Defendant committed the crimes charged within the Information while under sentence of imprisonment in the United States District Court for the District of Nevada in case CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL) / 2:05-cr-98-LRH(GWF). In that case the Defendant was indicted on several counts. He later pled guilty and was convicted of "Interference with Commerce by Armed Robbery; Aiding and Abetting" in the United States District Court District of Nevada for an offense that occurred on January 28, 2005. Judgment was imposed and he received a prison sentence of time served followed by a period of

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supervised release of three (3) years. He was on supervised release on January 31, 2010 when he committed the crimes charged in the instant case. The Judgment of Conviction for the above mentioned offense was filed in February 2007.

In 2008, Defendant violated his supervised release, and admitted guilt to two violations (committing another crime and possession of controlled substances). He was then committed to the custody of the United States Bureau of Prisons to be imprisoned for a term of eight (8) months to be followed by a term of supervised release of 28 months. The Judgment reflecting the revocation of supervised release was filed December 10, 2008.

The State will rely on testimony of witnesses, to include MITCHELL OSWALD, Defendant's United States Probation Officer in case CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL) / 2:05-cr-98-LRH (GWF), the pleadings, motions, writ petitions, filings, transcripts, judgment of conviction, sentencing documents, court minutes in CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL) / 2:05-cr-98-LRH (GWF) and Federal Parole and Probation records, as well as the police reports, statements, photographs, and/or physical evidence from Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Event Number 050128-1352.

All of the discovery and records have been provided related to the above referenced case and are incorporated herein by reference. [See NRS 200.033(2)(b)].

- 2. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

Defendant was convicted of "Interference with Commerce by Armed Robbery; Aiding and Abetting" in the United States District Court District of Nevada under case number 2:05-cr-98-LRH(GWF). The State will rely on the statutory definition of "Interference with Commerce by Armed Robbery; Aiding and Abetting", the charging document, the written plea agreement, and the judgment of conviction to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant.

The conviction is based on crimes Defendant committed on January 28, 2005 and documented under Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Event Number 050128-1352. On January 28, 2005, Defendant Coleman and Defendant Jackson committed an armed robbery of a female at a bank. Around 11:30 a.m., Maria Para went to a U.S. Bank located in an Albertson's store to cash a \$75,000.00 check for her business. She owned a check cashing company, and cashed large checks on a weekly basis. Defendant Coleman was dating a clerk at the U.S. Bank who was familiar with Para's banking habits, and who had been fired from U.S. Bank a week earlier for embezzling money.

Upon cashing the check, the cash was placed in a U.S. Bank bag, which Para carried. Para exited the building and walked to her vehicle, which was parked near the exit doors. Defendant Coleman and Defendant Jackson confronted her. One of them pointed a black revolver to her head and said, "Give me the money." He grabbed the bag with the money, while the other one grabbed her purse. They then ran through the parking lot and fled in a vehicle.

Having no suspects at first, detectives looked into associates of the bank employee who had recently been fired. As a result, they determined that Defendant Coleman (the employee's boyfriend) and his close friend Defendant Jackson may have been involved. They showed photographic lineups including photos of each of the suspects to Para, who picked out Defendants as the robbers. Police later deduced that the two suspects had used Defendant Coleman's girlfriend's vehicle. A gun was located in that vehicle when police searched it. Defendants were arrested on March 10, 2005 together at Defendant Coleman's home.

- 3. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT II: Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus

Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in the co-Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit.

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The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count II to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon.

- 4. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT III: Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm – Victim Marcus Albert. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the right knee causing substantial bodily harm. Albert's gunshot wound retained bullet fragments; he suffered a "vertical fracture of the patella" and/or a "nondisplaced patella fracture." He was transported to the hospital and underwent surgery on January 31, 2010. He remained in the hospital until 2/2/2010. He had several additional medical appointments for the injury. The injury Albert suffered caused substantial risk of death and/or serious, permanent disfigurement, and/or protracted loss or impairment of the function of his right knee, and/or prolonged physical pain.

The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count III to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Battery With Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily.

- 5. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT IV: Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in the co-Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit. The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count IV to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant.

The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count IV to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon.

- 6. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

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In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT V: Assault With Use of a Deadly Weapon. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in the co-Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit. The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count V to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant.

The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count V to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Assault With Use of a Deadly Weapon.

- 7. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT VI: Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in the co-Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit. The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count VI to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant.

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The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count VI to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon.

- 8. NRS 200.033(2) provides: The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552 is or has been convicted of:
- b. A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.

In the instant case, Defendant is charged with COUNT VII: Assault With Use of a Deadly Weapon. On or about January 31, 2010, the Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass attempting to kill the victims. As a result, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in the co-Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit. The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count VII to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant.

The State will rely on the jury's verdict regarding Count VII to prove this aggravating circumstance against Defendant, as well as any statements or police reports, photographs and/or physical evidence from the instant case, North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450. The State will rely on the statutory definitions of Assault With Use of a Deadly Weapon.

9. NRS 200.033(3). The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device or course of action which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person.

To establish this aggravating circumstance the State will rely on the facts and circumstances of the instant case and the evidence as described in the Information.

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On or about January 31, 2010 outside of 2642 Blue Reef Drive, Defendant engaged in a course of conduct which knowingly created a great risk of death to Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, Devin Bass, Juanetta Washington, and Laquitta Langstaff. Pursuant to a conspiracy to commit murder with his co-Defendant and an unknown co-conspirator, and/or each aiding and abetting the others, Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown coconspirator, each armed with a firearm, shot at Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass, knowing that two females, Juanetta Washington and Laquitta Langstaff, sat in nearby vehicles. Defendant was familiar with the residential area in which the shooting took place and knew that various residents were inside the homes in the area. Defendant, his co-Defendant, and an unknown co-conspirator shot at least 27 times aiming toward Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, and Devin Bass. As a result, Jamario Macklin was shot nine (9) times resulting in his death, Marcus Albert was shot in the knee causing substantial bodily harm, and several vehicles and at least one home in the residential area were damaged by gunfire. Defendant and/or his co-Defendant and/or unknown co-conspirator continued shooting at Devin and Carlos Bass as they pursued Devin and Carlos Bass in Defendant's vehicle while Devin and Carlos Bass fled in another vehicle, which was shot at least once during the pursuit.

The evidence the State intends to rely on to prove this aggravating circumstance is the evidence presented at the guilt phase of the instant matter, the jury verdicts returned in the instant matter, as well as any witness statements, photographs, any reports authored by the North Las Vegas Police Department event number 10002450, and/or any other law enforcement agency involved in the instant case, and testimony from witnesses, crime scene analysts, and North Las Vegas Police Department officers to establish the actions of Defendant on January 31, 2010 that created a great risk of death to more than one person.

#### **Other Relevant Evidence**

In addition to the evidence to be offered to establish the statutory aggravating circumstances, the State hereby also gives notice of evidence of other relevant circumstances in the Penalty Phase of the Jury Trial. For each of the below incidents, arrests and/or

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convictions, the State will rely on the testimony of witnesses, motions, filings, transcripts, charging documents, guilty plea agreements, judgments and/or related paperwork, prison records, and/or court minutes in each case, as well as the police reports, statements, 911 calls, CAD reports, photographs, and/or physical evidence for each of the events listed below. All of the discovery and records related to the incidents have been provided or will be provided upon receipt and are incorporated herein by reference.

Merely because these items are included in this list does not in any way suggest that the State may not admit some of this information during the guilt phase.

1. Defendant was convicted of Possession of Dangerous Weapon in a Vehicle in North Las Vegas Municipal Court case #CR002598-02. Defendant was originally arrested for Possession of Stolen Property – Firearm under North Las Vegas Police Department Event Number 0217208. The District Attorney did not file charges.

On July 26, 2002, North Las Vegas officers conducted a traffic stop on a vehicle in which Defendant was a front seat passenger. Defendant was the front seat passenger of the vehicle. Police located a .40 caliber Glock Model 23 firearm under the front passenger seat where Defendant had been sitting. The registered owner of the Glock was contacted and informed police that the gun had been stolen in a burglary that had occurred at his home. Defendant admitted that his fingerprints might be on the gun because he had handled it. Defendant was arrested for Possession Stolen Property.

Defendant Coleman was the back seat passenger in the vehicle. Upon the officers making contact with the occupants, Defendant Coleman informed them that there was a warrant out for his arrest. Defendant Coleman was making furtive movements, acting nervous, and moving around a lot. Police looked in the area in which he was sitting and found a .380 semiautomatic firearm loaded with a magazine containing six (6) lives rounds located in the seat pocket in front of where Defendant Coleman was seated. Defendant Coleman admitted his fingerprints might be on the gun because he had handled it.

- Defendant was convicted of Possession of Marijuana Less Than One Ounce in North Las Vegas Municipal Court case #C-054787 for incidents occurring on January 17, 2004.
- 3. Defendant was convicted of Possession of Controlled Substance and Use of Revoked License and Registration in North Las Vegas Municipal Court case #CR-000969-04 for incidents occurring on February 7, 2004.
- 4. Defendant was convicted of two counts of Possession of Dangerous Drugs Not to Be Introduced Into Interstate Commerce in 04FN0624X, and Defendant was convicted of Possession of Dangerous Weapon in a Vehicle in North Las Vegas Municipal Court case #CR-002575-04, all under North Las Vegas Police Department event number 0408727.

On April 10, 2004, North Las Vegas Police officers conducted a traffic stop on a vehicle in which Defendant was a passenger. Police located a Colt .45 semiautomatic firearm on the floorboard between Defendant's feet. The firearm was loaded with a large extended magazine loaded with full metal jacket rounds. The gun had been reported stolen. A search of Defendant's person revealed eleven (11) small baggies of marijuana in his front left pants pocket.

Defendant was arrested for Dangerous Deadly Weapon in Vehicle, Possession of Stolen Firearm, and two counts of Possession of Controlled Substance with Intent to Sell. Defendant pled guilty to two counts of Possession of Dangerous Drugs Not to Be Introduced Into Interstate Commerce on August 16, 2004, and was sentenced to six (6) months in custody on each, to run consecutively to one another, suspended.

Defendant was arrested and charged with Battery Domestic Violence under Las
 Vegas Metropolitan Police Department event number 080717-3773 and case number 08M24484X. The case was later dismissed.

On July 17, 2008, Defendant Jackson attacked his girlfriend, Niesha Dee. He wrestled her, kicked her, slapped her, threw her down, hit her in the face, and punched her in the face. And Dee witnessed Defendant Jackson attacking her sister Niesha Dee and tried to help, but Defendant slapped Niesha Dee again and hit Ana Dee, injuring her lip. Ana and Niesha tried

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27 28 to push Defendant out of the door, and he fought to keep the door open. Finally, they were able to push him out and call the police.

- On September 16, 2008, U.S. probation issued a warrant for Defendant after an 6. incident with police. Police attempted to stop him for jaywalking near the El Cortez Hotel, but he attempted to flee. Police caught him, and an officer was injured in the struggle. A search incident to arrest revealed narcotics.
- 7. On October 24, 2008, U.S. probation searched Defendant's residence and located several kinds of prescription drugs such as Lortab and Codeine, for which Defendant did not have a prescription. Defendant's supervised release was revoked on December 8, 2008. He was sentenced to serve eight months in custody with 28 months supervised release to follow. He was released again in mid 2009 to supervised release.

In additional to the individuals named above, below is a list of the names of the individuals that may give testimony and what they will testify to:

- 1. PERRY MACKLIN, Jr., a brother of the decedent, may appear and give victim impact testimony. Photographs of the victim and his family may be admitted during the testimony of this witness.
- 2. PERRY MACKLIN, the father of the decedent, may appear and give victim impact testimony. Photographs of the victim and his family may be admitted during the testimony of this witness.
- 3. STEPHANIE MACKLIN, the mother of the decedent, may appear and give victim impact testimony. Photographs of the victim and his family may be admitted during the testimony of this witness.
- 4. KYUASHA MACKLIN, a sister of the decedent, and/or any other family member, may appear and give victim impact testimony. Photographs of the victim and his family may be admitted during the testimony of these witnesses.
- 5. CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER-During the penalty phase, testimony of the Custodian of Records of the Clark County Detention Center regarding the disciplinary record of the Defendant while in the care and

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custody of the Clark County Detention Center and/or certified copies of such records may be admitted. Statements of the Defendant in the form of phone calls made from the Clark County Detention Center and/or the North Las Vegas Detention Center may be admitted.

- 6 CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NORTH LAS VEGAS DETENTION CENTER, During the penalty phase, testimony of the Custodian of Records of the North Las Vegas Detention Center regarding the disciplinary record of the Defendant while in the care and custody of the North Las Vegas Detention Center and/or certified copies of such records may be admitted.
- 7. CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NORTH LAS VEGAS POLICE DEPARTMENT - During the penalty phase, copies of records of the North Las Vegas Police Department may be admitted including any report, statement, audio recording, photograph or physical evidence from event numbers cited in this Notice.
- 8. CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS -LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT - During the penalty phase, copies of records of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department may be admitted including any report, statement, audio recording, photograph or physical evidence from event numbers cited in this Notice.
- 9. NLVPD DETECTIVE JESSE PRIETO and/or any detective employed with the North Las Vegas Police Department previously noticed – May appear and testify to the North Las Vegas Police Department investigation of the instant case and/or other agencies' investigations into the instant case.
- 10. DA INVESTIGATOR JAMIE HONAKER and/or JEROME REVELS and/or NLVPD DETECTIVE JESSE PRIETO and/or any detective employed with the North Las Vegas Police Department previously noticed - May appear and testify to the Defendant's criminal history outlined in this Notice. During the penalty phase, copies of records of the NLVPD, LVMPD, and court paperwork including but not limited to Judgments of Conviction may be admitted including any report, statement, audio recording, photograph or physical evidence from the cases included in Defendant's criminal history outlined above, and may be admitted during testimony. This witness may also testify as to records from the Nevada

Department of Public Safety, Division of Parole and Probation, the Nevada Department of Prisons, the North Las Vegas Detention Center, and the Clark County Detention Center.

- 11. CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS Clark County Coroners Office: During the penalty phase, copies of records of the Clark County Coroners Office may be admitted including any report, photograph or physical evidence from the incidents occurring on or about and in the days preceding and following January 31, 2010.
- 12. KENNETH P. LEON and/or VICKI Y. GILCHRIST, Defendant's Nevada Department of Public Safety Parole Officers, and/or the CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS Custodian of Records of the Nevada Department of Public Safety, Division of Parole and Probation: During the penalty phase, the testimony of the Parole Officer assigned to Defendant, and/or the Custodian of Records of the Nevada Department of Public Safety, Division of Parole and Probation, regarding their supervision of the Defendant and his response to community supervision while under sentence of imprisonment and/or supervised release in his prior cases may be admitted.
- 13. MITCHELL OSWALD, Defendant's United States Probation Officer in case CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL) / 2:05-cr-98-LRH (GWF). May appear and testify to her supervision of Defendant, and copies of records from CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL) / 2:05-cr-98-LRH (GWF) may be admitted during her testimony.

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1	This notice hereby incorporates by reference all discovery in the case submitted to
2	counsel. Defendant's counsel is invited to come to the Office of the District Attorney and
3	review the file to ensure that they have all items listed in this notice.
4	DATED this <u>14th</u> day of May, 2014.
5	Respectfully submitted,
6	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
8	BY /s//LIZ MERCER
9	LIZ MERCER
10	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #0010681
11	
12	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING
13	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition was made this 14th day of May, 2014,
14	by Electronic Filing to:
15	DAN M. WINDER, ESQ.
16	E-mail Address: winderdanatty@aol.com
17	Shellie Warner
18	Shellie Warner Secretary for the District Attorney's Office
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**NOTC** 1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON CLERK OF THE COURT 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 LIZ MERCER Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010681 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff. 10 CASE NO: 10C265339-1 11 -VS-DEPT NO: X CEDRIC L. JACKSON, #1581340 12 PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, #1660312 13 Defendant. 14 SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF WITNESSES 15 AND/OR EXPERT WITNESSES [NRS 174.234] 16 TO: CEDRIC L. JACKSON, Defendant; and 17 TO: DAN WINDER, ESQ. and PATRICIA PALM, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 18 TO: PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, Defendant; and 19 TO: SCOTT BINDRUP, Special Public Defender, Counsel of Records: 20 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 21 NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief: 22 These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and 23 any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed. 24 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 25 NEVADA intends to call expert witnesses in its case in chief as follows: 26 The substance of each expert witness testimony and copy of all reports made by or at 27 the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery. 28

 $W: \c 2010F \c N03 \c 29 \c 10F \c N03 \c 29 \c 2SUPNOTICE-(Jackson\_Cedric) - 001.doc$ 

1	*Indicates an additional witness
2	A copy of each expert witness curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.
3	<u>NAME</u> <u>ADDRESS</u>
4	*ABBINGTON, REX – 2637 BLUE REEF, NLVN
5	ACUNA, RONALD - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
6	ALBERT, BETTY – 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
7	ALBERT, JOVON - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
8	ALBERT, KEANDRE - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
9	ALBERT, MARCUS - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
10	ALBERT, ROBERT - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
11	*ALEXANDER, COURTNEY – 2621 SOMMER CT., NLVN
12	ANTONIEWICZ, ALLEN – NLVPD P#1529
13	ARROYO, RAUL – 2617 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
14	BASS, CARLOS - 2621 SOMMER CT., NLVN
15	BASS, DEVIN - 5901 TRUMBULL ST., LVN
16	BOKSBERGER, DR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in the
17	area of emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is
18	expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
19	BRUCELAS, GEPP – NLVPD P#2342
20	BRYANT, JR., GEORGE – 2633 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
21	CREED, M.D. LUTHER – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in
22	the area of radiology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected
23	to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
24	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – AT&T
25	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER
26	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – DISPATCH
27	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – GUN REGISTRATION
28	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – RECORDS

 $<sup>2 \</sup>quad \text{W:} \\ \text{$^{10}$IN03$} \\ \text{$^{2}$INFN03$} \\ \text{$^{2}$SUPNOTICE-(Jackson\_Cedric)-001.doc} \\$ 

1	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DMV – RECORDS
2	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS
3	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DEPT, OF PAROLE AND PROBATION
4	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NLVPD – DISPATCH
5	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NLVPD – RECORDS
6	DAVIS, NICHOLE – ADDRESS UNKNOWN
7	DELALIS, PETER - NLVPD P#1623
8	DOUGHERTY, ED – CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
9	DIXON, ROBERT – NLVPD P#1187
10	FARAGE, MICHAEL – NLVPD P#1669
11	GIAMPAOLO, NICK - NLVPD P#932
12	GLAZIER, LT. – NLVPD P#701
13	HANKS, ROBERT – NLVPD P#998
14	HARDER, WILLIAM – NLVPD P#2099
15	*HARRIS, CAHLIN – 1213 TUMBLEWEED, LVN
16	HARRIS, NICHOLAS – NLVPD P#1962
17	HEITZENRATER, JEFFREY – NLVPD P#2029
18	HILSON, CALVIN – NLVPD P#1955
19	HONAKER, JAMIE - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
20	*HUERTA, NAUM – 2617 BLUE REEF, NLVN
21	JOHNS, MATTHEW - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
22	KUHLS, MD. DEBORAH A UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER She is an
23	expert in the area of emergency medicien and will give scientific opinions related
24	thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert
25	in this case.
26	LANGSTAFF, LAQUITTA - 18 W. WEBB AVE., #D, NLV
27	LEAVITT, ERIC – NLVPD P#1879
28	LUBKING, MICHAEL - NLVPD P#1984

 $<sup>3 \</sup>quad \text{W:} \ 2010 \text{FN} \ 03129 \text{-} 10 \text{FN} \ 0329 \text{-} 2 \text{SUPNOTICE-(Jackson\_Cedric)-001.doc}$ 

1	MACKLIN, PERRY – 2608 WEST, NLVN 89032
2	MACKLIN, STEPHANIE – 2608 WEST, NLVN 89032
3	*MADDOCK, ASHLEY – 2621 SOMMER CT., NLVN
4	MCFARLAND, ANDRE – 2617 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
5	MEIER, RYAN – NLVPD P#2026
6	MELGAREJO, EDWING - NLVPD P#837
7	MICHAELIS, MICHELLE – U.S. PROBATION OFFICER, 300 LAS VEGAS
8	BLVD., S., SUITE 1200, LVN
9	NELSON, PETER – NLVPD P#2332
10	*ORLANDO "WANTA", RENEE – NLVPD P#1694 (or designee): CRIME SCENE
11	ANALYST: Expert in the identification, documentation, collection and preservation
12	of evidence and is expected to testify as an expert to the identification,
13	documentation, collection and preservation of the evidence in this case.
14	OSWALD, MITCHELL - U.S. PROBATION OFFICER, 300 LAS VEGAS
15	BLVD., S., SUITE 1200, LVN
16	PATEL, DR. KETAN – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
17	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
18	Albert in this case.
19	PRIETO, JESUS - NLVPD P#674
20	RADKE, WENDY – NLVPD P#1915
21	*REVELS, JEROME – CCDA INVESTIGATOR
22	ROSEN, MD. MARK J. – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in
23	the area of emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He
24	is expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
25	RYAN, JUSTIN – NLVPD P#1000
26	SILVA, JUSTIN – SURREY DIVISION, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS – 50 E.
27	BROOKS AVE., NLVN
28	//

 $<sup>4 \</sup>quad \text{W:} \\ \text{$^{4$ W:$2010F}$ N03$ $^{29$ 10F}$ N0329-2SUPNOTICE-(Jackson\_Cedric)-001.} doc$ 

1	SIMMS, DR. LARY – CLARK COUNTY CORONER - Chief Medical Examiner
2	with the Clark County Coroner's Office. He is an expert in the area of forensic
3	pathology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify
4	regarding the cause and manner of death of the decedent in this case.
5	ST. HILL, DR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in the area of
6	emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected
7	to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
8	STITES, DR. DANNIEL – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
9	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
10	Albert in this case.
11	STONE, NANCI - NVLPD P#1227
12	STONE, RANDALL – LVMPD P#2887, Forensic Scientist II (or designee): He is an
13	expert in the area of firearm/toolmark analysis, Gun ID, ballistics, burn stippling and
14	muzzle flash and and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify
15	regarding evidence collected from the crime scene.
16	SURANOWITZ, MARK – NLVPD P#1072
17	TETLOW, ALEXANDER - NLVPD P#1687
18	TROLISE, ALBERT – 5421 ASHTON, LVN 89142
19	VACHON, CRYSTINA R Criminalist with the Bexar County Forensic Science
20	Center. She is an expert in the area of gunshot residue and will give scientific
21	opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the gunshot residue
22	analysis she performed in this case.
23	*VELEY, ARLANDRA – 1209 STONES THROW, NLVN
24	WASHINGTON, JAUNTTA - 732 ASTER LANE, #11D, LVN
25	*WILLIAMS, RN, R. – UMC, 1800 W. CHARLESTON BLVD., LVN
26	YOUNG, DR. CHRISTIAN – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
27	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
28	Albert in this case.

1	ZWIEFEL, CHRIS – SURRY DIVISION, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS – 50 E.
2	BROOKS AVE., NLVN
3	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
4	STEVEN B. WOLFSON District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
5	
6	BY /s//LIZ MERCER LIZ MERCER
7	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #010681
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# CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of State's Supplemental Notice, was made this 20th day of May, 2014, by Electronic Filing to: DAN WINDER, ESQ. E-mail Address: winderdanatty@aol.com and PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. E-mail Address: patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com and SCOTT BINDRUP, Special Public Defender SBindrup@ClarkCountyNV.gov Shellie Warner\_ Secretary for the District Attorney's Office mmw/GCU 7 W:\2010F\N03\29\10F\N0329-2SUPNOTICE-(Jackson\_Cedric)-001.doc

Renee Wanta P#1694 North Las Vegas Police Department Resume for Court Last updated 1/06/08

#### Community College of Southern Nevada

Associate Degree: Criminal Justice; emphasis on Law Enforcement Fall 2001

#### Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Crime Scene Analyst Academy November 1-30<sup>th</sup> 2004 160 hours

#### Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department

Testifying in Court December 6, 2004 7 hours

#### North Las Vegas Police Department

Crime Scene Investigator Training and Evaluation Program December 22, 2004

#### The Institute of Applied Forensic Technology

Crime Scene Technology 2: A Crime Scene Practicum March 14-18, 2005
40 hours

#### American Institute of Applied Science

Forensic Science 101 April 22, 2005

#### Public Agency Training Council

Death and Homicide Five Day November 28 - December 2, 2005

### International Association for Identification

Active Member March 14, 2006

#### Nevada State Division of the IAI – Tri-Division Educational Conference

Conference August 22-24 2006

## Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Clandestine Laboratory Investigations January 15-19<sup>th</sup> 2007 40 hours

The University of Tennessee National Forensic Institute Bloodstain Pattern Analysis March 19-23<sup>rd</sup> 2007 40 hours

#### Ron Smith & Associates

Introduction to the Science of Fingerprint Identification April 16-20 40 hours

#### Ron Smith & Associates

Advanced Palm Print Comparison Techniques September 25-27 24 hours Renee Wanta P#1694 North Las Vegas Police Department

Homicides: 21

Attempt Homicides: 19 Death Investigations: 21 Shooting Investigations: 77

Suicides: 13 Burglaries: 212 Robberies: 19 Autopsies: 11 Sexual Assaults: 17

Fingerprint Comparisons: 130 Offenses against Children: 24

Vehicle Process: 57

Stabbing: 22

Traffic Collisions: 76
Firearm Processing: 18
Office Involved Shootings: 5

Miscellaneous: 142

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1 NOTC PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. CLERK OF THE COURT 2 PATRICIA PALM, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 6009 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 386-9113 Fax: (702) 386-9114 4 5 Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631 8 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com 9 Attorneys for Cedric Jackson 10 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 STATE OF NEVADA. 12 Plaintiff, 13 CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1 10-C-265339-2 14 CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND 15 PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, DEPT. NO: X 16 Defendants. 17 18 DEFENDANT CEDRIC JACKSON'S NOTICE OF EXPERT WITNESSES 19 THE STATE OF NEVADA, BY AND THROUGH ITS COUNSEL, CLARK TO: 20 COUNTY DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEYS NOREEN DEMONTE AND 21 ELIZABETH MERCER, OFFICE OF THE CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT 22

ATTORNEY STEVEN B. WOLFSON

TO: PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, BY AND THROUGH HIS COUNSEL, CLARK COUNTY DEPUTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDERS SCOTT L. BINDRUP AND ROBERT ARROYO, OFFICE OF THE CLARK COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER DAVID SCHIECK

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 YOU AND EACH OF YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that DEFENDANT CEDRIC L. JACKSON intends to call as expert witnesses in his case in chief the following persons:

- 1) GEORGE SCHIRO. Mr. Schiro is an expert in the identification, documentation, collection, preservation and analysis of evidence, including: crime scene investigation, processing and reconstruction; bloodstain patterns; firearm/tool mark and ballistics evidence; gun identification; burn stippling and muzzle flash; firearm and bullet trajectory evidence; gunshot residue; latent print analysis and comparisons; footwear examination; forensic DNA analysis and testing; and is expected to testify during the guilt phase of trial and give opinions regarding the forensic evidence in this case as well as relating to such evidence in the possibly related cases involving the 4/28/07 shooting in LVMPD event number 070428-0696 (702 Club) and any related event numbers; the 9/19/10 shooting in LVMPD event number 100919-0766 (killing of Breion Mack) and related event numbers 101227-2463, 101222-2789 and 110103-3047; and the 11/10/12 shooting in LVMPD event number 121110-2913 (killing of Edwin Clark) and any related event numbers. No report has been prepared.
- 2) THOMAS F. KINSORA, PH.D. Dr. Kinsora is an expert in the area of clinical neuropsychology and is expected to testify during any penalty phase of trial regarding his neuropsychological assessment, testing, and examination of Defendant Cedric L. Jackson and give opinions related thereto. No report has yet been prepared.
- 3) SHARON JONES FORRESTER, PH.D. Dr. Jones Forrester is an expert in the area of clinical neuropsychology and is expected to testify during any penalty phase of trial regarding her neuropsychological assessment, testing, and examination of Edwina Jackson, Defendant Cedric Jackson's mother, and give opinions relating thereto. A report is being provided in discovery.
- 4) WILLIAM WERNER ORRISON, JR., MD., MBA. Dr. Orrison is an expert in the area of diagnostic brain imaging and neuroradiology. He is expected to

testify during any penalty phase of trial regarding such diagnostic imaging of Cedric Jackson's brain and the results of such imaging, and regarding such diagnostic imaging in general. A copy of his report is being provided in discovery.

A copy of each expert's curriculum vitae is attached.

The Defense reserves the right to call as its own witness any expert witness noticed by the State in this matter and to amend and supplement this Notice as may be necessary.

Dated this 30th day of May, 2014.

## /S/ Patricia A. Palm

PATRICIA A. PALM, NV Bar No. 6009 PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 (702) 386-9113 DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89102 (702) 474-0523

### CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

I hereby certify that Service of Defendant Cedric Jackson's Notice of Expert Witnesses was made this 2nd day of June, 2014 by Electronic Filing to:

Elizabeth Mercer, Clark County Deputy District Attorney Email Address: Elizabeth.Mercer@clarkcountyda.com

Noreen DeMonte, Chief Deputy Clark County District Attorney Email Address Noreen.DeMonte@clarkcountyda.com

Scott Bindrup, Clark County Deputy Special Public Defender Email Address: sbindrup@clarkcountynv.gov

Robert Arroyo, Clark County Deputy Special Public Defender Email Address: rarroyo@clarkcountynv.gov

/S/ Patricia A. Palm

An employee at the Office of Palm Law Firm

# HOME PAGE

GEORGE SCHIRO, MS, F-ABC
FORENSIC SCIENTIST
SCALES BIOLOGICAL LABORATORY, INC.
220 WOODGATE DR. S.
BRANDON, MS 39042 USA
OFFICE PHONE: 601-825-3211
CELL PHONE: 337-322-2724

E-MAIL: Gischiro@cs.com

Web: www.forensicscienceresources.com

### **EDUCATION**

## Master of Science, Industrial Chemistry - Forensic Science

Including five hours of credit in Forensic DNA Analysis of Biological Materials and accompanying lab course, three hours of credit in Quality Assurance and Bioinformatics, three hours of credit in Biochemistry, two hours of credit in Forensic Analysis of DNA Data, and three hours of credit in Experimental Statistics

University of Central Florida, Orlando, FL.

# Bachelor of Science, Microbiology

Including three hours of credit in Genetics Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La.

### PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

Certificate of Professional Competency in Criminalistics, Fellow of the <u>American Board of Criminalistics</u>, Specialty Area: Molecular Biology

### PROFESSIONAL TRAINING ATTENDED

June 2013	"Basic TrueAllele® Casework Science and Software" Instructor: <u>Cybergenetics</u> , Web based course, New Iberia, LA
March 2011	"2011 Forensic Symposium – Forensic Examination & Crime Scene Processing" – Instructors: George Schiro, Jeff Branyon, Natasha Neel, Joseph Morgan, and Mathew Simon, North Georgia College & State University, Dahlonega, GA
October 2010	"21 <sup>st</sup> International Symposium on Human Identification" – Instructors: various, San Antonio, TX
October 2010	"Current Views & Applications of Low Copy Number Analysis Workshop" – Instructors: various, San Antonio, TX

http://www.forensicscienceresources.com/GeorgeCV.htm

March 2010	"2010 Forensic Symposium – Advanced Death Investigation" – Instructors: Dr. Karen Sullivan, Dennis McGowan, George Schiro, Rae Wooten, Dr. Richard Weems, and Dr. Mark Guilbeau, North Georgia College & State University, Dahlonega, GA		
February 2010 Forensic	"ISO 17025 and Audit Preparation" - Instructor: David Epstein,		
	Quality Services, New Iberia, LA		
August 2009	"Actual Innocence: Establishing Innocence or Guilt, Forensic Science Friend or Foe to the Criminal Justice System" – Instructors: various, The <u>Center for American and International Law</u> , Plano, TX		
June 2009	"Digital Photography for Law Enforcement" – Instructors: Donnie Barker and Joe Russo, Institute of Police Technology and Management, Lafayette, LA		
March 2008	"Forensic Symposium 2008 – The Investigation of Sex Crimes and Deviant Behavior" – Instructors: Roy Hazelwood, George Schiro, Dr. Brent Paterline, D. Branyon, Tim Relph, and Dr. Daniel J. Sheridan, North Georgia College & State University, Dahlonega, GA		
February 2008	"Conference on Crimes Against Women" - Instructors: various, Dallas, TX		
October 2007	"Integrity, Character, and Ethics in Forensic Science" – Instructor: Dan B. Gunnell, Louisiana Association of Forensic Scientists (LAFS) Fall 2007 Meeting, Baton Rouge, LA		
February 2007	"Anatomy of a Wrongful Conviction: A Multidisciplinary Examination of the Ray Krone Case" – Co-chairmen: George Schiro and <u>Dr. Thomas Streed</u> , <u>American Academy of Forensic Sciences</u> Meeting, San Antonio, TX		
February 2006	"Solving the South Louisiana Serial Killer Case – New Approaches Blended With Older Trusted Techniques" Co-chairmen: George Schiro and Ray Wickenheiser, American Academy of Forensic Sciences (AAFS) Meeting, Seattle, WA		
December 2004	"National Forensic Science Technology Center (NFSTC) Auditor Workshop" – Instructors: Mark Nelson, John Wegel, Richard A. Guerreri, and Heather Subert		
June 2003	"CODIS v5.6 Software Training" - Instructor: Carla Heron, Baton Rouge, LA		
May 2003	"DNA Auditor Training" - Instructors: Richard A. Guerreri and Anja Einseln, Austin, TX		
April 2003	"Statistical Analysis of Forensic DNA Evidence" - Instructor: <u>Dr. George</u> <u>Cannody</u> , Harvey, LA		
January 2002	"Association of Forensic DNA Analysts and Administrators (AFDAA) Workshops" - Instructors: S. Cribari, Dr. T. Wang, and R. Wickenheiser, Austin, TX		

March 2001	"Basic Forensic DNA Analysis" - Instructor: Dr. Pat Wojtkiewicz, Baton Rouge, LA		
February 2000	DNA Workshop, AAFS Meeting, Reno, NV		
November 1999	"Advanced AmpFf STR <sup>TM</sup> & ABI Prism <sup>TM</sup> 310 Genetic Analyzer Training" - Instructor: Catherine Caballero, PE Biosystems, Baton Rouge, LA		
March 1998	"DNA Typing with STRs - Silver Stain Detection Workshop" - Instructors: Dr. Brent Spoth and Kimberly Huston, <u>Promega Corp.</u> , Madison, WI		
November 1997	"Laboratory Auditing" - Instructors: Dr. William Tilstone, Richard Lester, and Tony Longhetti, NFSTC Workshop, Baton Rouge, LA		
October 1997	"Forensic Microscopy" - Instructor: Gary Laughlin, McCrone Research Institute, La. State Police Training Academy, Baton Rouge, LA		
September 1997	"Presenting DNA Statistics in Court" - Instructors: <u>Dr. Bruce Weir</u> and Dr. George Carmody, Promega Symposium, Scottsdale, AZ		
August 1997	"Forensic DNA Analysis" - Instructors: Pat Wojtkiewicz and Michelle Gaines, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA		
February 1997	DNA Workshop, AAFS Meeting, New York, NY		
November 1996	"Forensic DNA Testing" - Instructors: Dr. Jim Karam and Dr. Sudhir Sinha, <u>Tulane University Medical Center</u> , New Orleans, LA		
August 1996	"Bloodstain Pattern Analysis and Crime Scene Documentation" - Instructors: Paulette Sutton, Steven Symes, and Lisa Elrod North La. Crime Lab,		
Shreveport,	LA		
June 1996	"Introduction to Forensic Fiber Microscopy" - Instructor: Skip Palenik, Acadiana Crime Lab, New Iberia, LA		
February 1996	DNA Workshop, AAFS Meeting, Nashville, TN		
July 1995	uly 1995 "Personality Profiling and Crime Scene Assessment" - Instructors: Roy Hazelwood and Robert Ressler, Loyola University, New Orleans, LA		
June 1993	"Basic Forensic Serology," FBI Academy, Quantico, VA		
May 1993	DNA Workshop - Instructor: Anne Montgomery, GenTest Laboratories,  Southern Association of Forensic Scientists (SAFS) Spring Meeting,		
Savannah,	GA		

March 1993	Attended the Second International Symposium on the Forensic Aspects of DNA Analysis, FBI Academy, Quantico, VA		
September 1990	"Introduction to Human Immunoglobulin Allotyping" - Instructor: <u>Dr. Moses Schanfield</u> , AGTC, <u>La State Police Crime Lab</u> , Baton Rouge, LA		
July 1989	Bone Grouping Techniques Workshop - Instructor: Dr. Robert Gaensslen and Dr. Henry Lee, <u>University of New Haven</u> , New Haven, CT		
June 1989	Attended the International Symposium on the Forensic Aspects of DNA Analysis, FBI Academy, Quantico, VA		
September 1988	DNA Workshop, SAFS Fall Meeting, Clearwater, FL		
June 1988	"Non-Isotopic Detection of DNA Polymorphisms" - Instructor: Dale Dykes, AGTC, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA		
June 1988	"Microscopy of Hairs" - Instructor: Skip Palenik, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA		
April 1988	"Analysis of Footwear and Tire Evidence" - Instructors: Max Courtney and Ed Hueske, North La. Crime Lab, Shreveport, LA		
September 1987	Introduction to Forensic Genetics Workshop - Instructor: Dr. Moses Schanfield, SAFS Fall Meeting, Atlanta, GA		
March 1987	Isoelectric Focusing Workshop, SAFS/ <u>SWAFS/ SAT</u> Combined Spring Meeting, Baton Rouge, LA		
June 1986	Attended the International Symposium on Forensic Immunology, FBI Academy, Quantico, VA		
February 1986	"Collection and Preservation of Physical Evidence" - Instructor: Dale Moreau, FBI School, Metairie, LA		
August 1985	"Atomic Absorption in Determining Gunshot Residues," FBI Academy, Quantico, VA		
April 1985	"Arson Accelerant Detection Course" - Instructors: Rick Tontarski, Mary Lou Fultz, and Rick Stroebel, <u>Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms</u> (BATF)		
Lab,	Rockville, MD		
July 1984	"Questioned Documents for the Investigator" - Instructor: Dale Moreau, FBI School, Baton Rouge, LA		

# PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

2013-present

Scales Biological Laboratory, Inc. – Brandon, MS An ASCLD-LAB accredited laboratory

Employed as a Forensic Scientist. Duties include incorporating the FBI Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories, conducting DNA analysis using the 13 STR core loci and Y STR in casework, DNA research, and latent print development. Qualified as an expert over 175 times in 31 Louisiana parish courts, Pope County Arkansas, San Bernardino County California, Escambia and Lee Counties Florida, Washington County Mississippi, St. Louis County Missouri, Clark County Nevada, Bronx County New York, Bexar and Harris Counties Texas, Cabell County West Virginia, federal court (La. Middle, Nebraska, and Tennessee Middle districts), U.S. court-martial (Luke Air Force Base), and two Louisiana city courts. Has qualified as an expert in the following areas: latent fingerprint development; serology; crime scene investigation; forensic science; trajectory reconstruction; shoeprint identification; crime scene reconstruction; bloodstain pattern analysis; DNA analysis; fracture match analysis; and hair comparison. Has also consulted on cases in 29 states, for the United States Army and Air Force, and in New Zealand, Panama, and the United Kingdom. Worked over 3500 cases. Independently contracted DNA technical auditor with NFSTC and Forensic Quality Services. Volunteer "on call" scientist for the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

2002 - 2013 Acadiana Criminalistics Laboratory – New Iberia, LA
An ANSI-ASQ NAB/FQS ISO 17025 accredited laboratory

Employed as a Forensic Chemist - DNA Technical Leader. Duties included incorporating the FBI Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories, accountability for the technical operations of the lab's biology section, conducting DNA analysis using the 13 STR core loci and Y STR in casework, DNA research, forensic science training, and crime scene investigation. Independently contracted DNA technical auditor with NFSTC and <u>Forensic Quality Services</u>. Contracted DNA Technical Leader to the Southwest La. Crime Lab in Lake Charles, LA from 2005-2008. Was a charter member of the Lafayette Parish Sexual Assault Response Team (SART). Was also a member of the <u>La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault (LAFASA)</u> Training Team. Volunteer "on call" scientist for the <u>American Association for the Advancement of Science</u>.

1988 - 2001 Louisiana State Police Crime Lab - Baton Rouge, LA An ASCLD-LAB accredited laboratory

Employed as a Forensic Scientist 2. Duties included incorporating the DNA Advisory Board (DAB) standards and conducting DNA analysis using the 13 STR core loci in casework. Duties have also included setting up and developing methods for the analysis of blood and body fluids using biological, chemical, microscopic, immunological, biochemical, electrophoretic, and isoelectric focusing techniques; applying these methods to criminal investigations; and testifying to the results in court. Additional duties included crime scene investigation/reconstruction; latent print development; fracture match comparison; projectile trajectory determination; shoeprint comparison; hair examination; blood spatter interpretation; and training personnel in various aspects of forensic science.

# 1984 – 1988 Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office Crime Lab – Metairie, LA

Employed as Criminalist (I). From 11/85 to 4/88 duties included collection and analysis of blood, body fluids, hairs, and fibers using microscopic, immunological, biochemical, and chemical techniques. Also testified to the results of these analyses in court. Trained under Senior Forensic Biologist Joseph Warren. From 6/84 to 10/85 duties included marijuana analysis, arson analysis, gunshot residue detection, hit and run paint analysis, and development of latent fingerprints. Trained under Lab Director Ron Singer.

### PROFESSIONAL PAPERS

"A Cold Hit...Relatively Speaking" presented at the International Association of Forensic Sciences 18<sup>th</sup> Triennial Meeting in New Orleans, LA, July 25, 2008. Also presented as "We Are Family...the Key to Solving a Series of Rapes" at the 2008 Southern Association of Forensic Scientists Meeting in Shreveport, LA.

"Criminalistics Errors, Omissions, Problems, and Ethical Issues" presented as part of the "Anatomy of a Wrongful Conviction: A Multidisciplinary Examination of the Ray Krone Case" workshop at the 2007 AAFS Meeting in San Antonio, TX; as part of the LAFS Fall 2007 Meeting in Baton Rouge, LA; and as part of "Actual Innocence: Establishing Innocence or Guilt, Forensic Science Friend or Foe to the Criminal Justice System" at The Center for American and International Law in Plano, TX.

"Using the Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing Laboratories to Distinguish the Unqualified Forensic DNA Experts From the Qualified Forensic DNA Experts" presented at the 2007 AAFS Meeting in San Antonio, TX and at the AFDAA 2007 Winter Meeting in Austin, TX.

"Investigative Uses of DNA Databases" presented as part of the "Solving the South Louisiana Serial Killer Case – New Approaches Blended With Older Trusted Techniques" workshop at the 2006 AAFS Meeting in Seattle, WA.

"Trace DNA Analysis: Casework Experience" presented as a poster at the 2004 AAFS Meeting in Dallas, TX and as a talk at the July 2003 AFDAA Meeting in Austin, TX. Also presented as "Interesting Casework Using AmpFlSTR® Profiler Plus® and COfiler® Kits" at <u>Applied Biosystems</u> "Future Trends in Forensic DNA Technology," September, 2003 in New Orleans, LA.

"Extraction and Quantification of Human Deoxyribonucleic Acid, and the Amplification of Human Short Tandem Repeats and a Sex Identification Marker from Fly Larvae Found on Decomposing Tissue" a thesis to fulfill one of the Master of Science requirements. Successfully defended on July 13, 2001 at the University of Central Florida, Orlando, Florida. Presented at the 2004 AAFS Meeting in Dallas, TX, the Spring 2002 La. Association of Forensic Scientists (LAFS) Meeting, and the January 2003 AFDAA Meeting in Austin, TX.

"Administrative Policies Dealing with Crime Scene Operations" published in the Spring 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Shooting Reconstruction - When the Bullet Hits the Bone" presented at the 10th Anniversary Convention of the <u>La. Private Investigators Association</u> (LPIA)/ <u>National Association of Legal Investigators</u> (NALI) Region IV Seminar, September 13, 1997, New Orleans, LA. Licensed as continuing education for Texas Private Investigators by the Texas Board of Private Investigators and

Private Security Agencies. Published in the Fall 1998 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Using Videotape to Document Physical Evidence" presented at the Seventh Annual Convention of the LPIA/NALI Region IV Seminar, August 16, 1996, New Orleans, LA. Licensed as continuing education for Texas Private Investigators by the Texas Board of Private Investigators and Private Security Agencies. Published in April 1997 issue of *The LPIA Journal*. An edited version was published in the Winter 1998 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Collection and Preservation of Blood Evidence from Crime Scenes" distributed as part of a blood collection workshop held at the <u>Jefferson Parish Coroner</u>'s Eighth Annual Death Investigation Conference, November 17, 1995, Harahan, LA. Presented as continuing legal education by the <u>La. Bar Association</u>. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at the Crime Scene Investigation Web Page (http://police2.ucr.edu/csi.htm). Published in the September/October 1997 issue of the *Journal of Forensic Identification*. Referenced in the 7<sup>th</sup> edition of <u>Techniques of Crime Scene Investigation</u> by Barry A.J. Fisher.

"Collection and Preservation of Evidence" presented at La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault/ <a href="La. District Attorneys Association">La. District Attorneys Association</a> sponsored conference, "Meeting the Challenge: Investigation and Prosecution of Sex Crimes," March 3, 1994, Lafayette, LA. Presented as continuing legal education by the La. Bar Association. Published in the <a href="Forensic Medicine Sourcebook">Forensic Medicine Sourcebook</a>. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at the Crime Scene Investigation Web Page (http://police2.ucr.edu/csi.htm). Also published in <a href="Manageram">Nanogram</a>, the official publication of LAFS. A modified version of the paper was presented at the Sixth Annual Convention of the LPIA, August 19, 1995, New Orleans, LA; the NALI Region IV Continuing Education Seminar, March 9, 1996, Biloxi, MS; and the <a href="Texas Association of Licensed Investigators">Texas Association of Licensed Investigators</a> (TALI) Winter Seminar, February 15, 1997, Addison, TX. Published in the July/August 1996 issue and the September/October 1996 issue of <a href="Texas Investigators">The Texas Investigator</a>. Electronically published on the World Wide Web at TALI's Web Page (http://pimall.com/tali/evidence.html). Published in the May 2001 issue of <a href="The Informant">The Informant</a>, the official publication of the <a href="Professional Private Investigators Association of Colorado">Private Investigators Association of Colorado</a>. An updated version was presented at La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault/La. District Attorneys Association sponsored conference, "Collaborating to STOP Violence Against Women Conference," March 12, 2003, Lafayette, LA.

"The Effects of Fecal Contamination on Phosphoglucomutase Subtyping" presented at the 1989 AAFS Meeting held in Las Vegas, Nevada and at the Fall, 1987 SAFS Meeting held in Atlanta, Georgia.

"A Report on Gamma Marker (Gm) Antigen Typing" presented at the Fall, 1986 SAFS Meeting held in Auburn, Alabama and at the Summer, 1986 LAFS Meeting.

"An Improved Method of Glyoxylase I Analysis" co-presented with Joseph Warren at the Summer, 1986 LAFS Meeting.

### ARTICLES PUBLISHED

"Forensic Science and Crime Scene Investigation: Past, Present, and Future" published in the Winter 2000 issue of *American Lawman Magazine*.

"New Crime Scenes – Same Old Problems" published in the Winter 1999 issue of *Southern Lawman Magazine*.

http://www.forensicscienceresources.com/GeorgeCV.htm

5/28/2014

"Shoeprint Evidence: Trampled Underfoot" published in the Fall 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"LASCI: A Model Organization" published in the Summer 1999 issue of Southern Lawman Magazine.

"Applications of Forensic Science Analysis to Private Investigation" published in the July 1999 issue of *The LPIA Journal*.

### TRAINING CONDUCTED

Have conducted training at the following seminars and have trained the following organizations and agencies in crime scene investigation, forensic science, and/or the collection and preservation of evidence: Fourth and Seventh International Conferences of Legal Medicine held in Panama City, Panama; U.S. State Department's Anti-Terrorism Assistance Program Police Executive Seminar; Intellenet 27th Annual Conference; AAFS; American Chemical Society; AFDAA; Forensic Science Education Conference; SAFS; Southern Institute of Forensic Science; University of Nevada Las Vegas Biotechnology Center; Professional Private Investigators Association of Colorado; Kansas Association of Licensed Investigators; Private Investigator Mid-America Regional Conference; Indiana Coroner's Training Board; DNA Security, Inc. Open House; South Carolina Coroners Association; Forensic Symposia 2008 and 2010, North Georgia College & State University, Dahlonega, GA; Palm Bay Police Dept., Palm Bay, Florida; CGEN 5200, Expert Testimony in Forensic Science, University of North Texas Health Science Center, Ft. Worth, TX; ENHS 6250, Emergency Response to Disasters and Terrorism, LSU Health Sciences Center, New Orleans, LA; Mississippi Society for Medical Technology; Forensic Investigation Research & Education; La. State Coroners' Association; Jefferson Parish Coroner's Office Eighth Annual Death Investigation Conference; Southern University Law Center; La. State University Chemistry Department Seminar; Chemistry 105, Southeastern Louisiana University; University of Louisiana at Lafayette Biology Club: Louisiana Homicide Investigators Association (LHIA); Louisiana Division of the International Association for Identification; U.S. Department of Justice La. Middle District Law Enforcement Coordinating Committee Crime Scene Investigation Workshop; La. State University's Law Enforcement Training Program Scientific Crime Investigator's Institute; La. State University's Continuing Law Enforcement Education School; La. State Police Training Academy's Advanced Forensic Investigation School; La. District Attorneys Association; La. Southeast Chiefs of Police Association; Acadiana Law Enforcement Training Academy; Caddo Parish Sheriff's Office; Mystery Writers of America - Florida Chapter; NALI Continuing Education Seminars; TALI; Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Office; Iberia Parish Sheriff's Office; Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office Training Academy; Kenner Police Dept.; St. Charles Parish Sheriff's Office; Terrebonne Parish Sheriff's Office; East Feliciana Parish Sheriff's Office; Tennessee Association of Investigators; East Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Office; West Baton Rouge Parish Sheriff's Office; Vermilion Parish Sheriff's Office; Washington Parish Rape Crisis Center Volunteers: Mississippi Professional Investigators Association; East Baton Rouge Stop Rape Crisis Center Volunteer Physicians; Stuller Place Sexual Assault Response Center Volunteers; Evangeline and St. Landry Parish Rape Crisis Volunteers; Tri-Parish Rape Crisis Volunteer Escorts; LPIA; La. Foundation Against Sexual Assault; Louisiana Society for Medical Technology; Baton Rouge Society for Medical Technology; Baton Rouge Police Dept. Sex Crimes Unit, Crime Scene Unit, and Traffic Homicide Unit; Violence Against Women Conference; Family Focus Regional Conference; Our Lady of the Lake Hospital Emergency Room Personnel; Sexual Assault: Effective Law Enforcement Response Seminar; La. State Police Training Academy; La. Association of Scientific Crime Investigators (LASCI); LAFS: and the Basic Police Academy (La. Probation and Parole, La. Dept. of Public Safety, La. Motor Vehicle

http://www.forensicscienceresources.com/GeorgeCV.htm

Police, and La. Dept of Wildlife and Fisheries).

### PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

International Society for Forensic Genetics

International Association of Bloodstain Pattern Analysts (Full Member)

AAFS (Fellow)

American Board of Criminalistics (Molecular Biology Fellow)

American Society for Testing and Materials Committee E-30 on Forensic Sciences

AFDAA (Chairperson 2004-2005, Fellow)

Association for Crime Scene Reconstruction

American Investigative Society of Cold Cases Consulting Committee

**SAFS** 

LAFS (Editor of Nanogram, the official publication of LAFS - July 1994 to May 1998, President -

1990, Vice President - 1989)

LASCI

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### OTHER ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Analyzed evidence and issued a report in the 1991 La. State Police investigation of the assassination of U. S. Senator Huey P. Long.

Contributing author to the Forensic Medicine Sourcebook, edited by Annemarie S. Muth.

One of several technical advisors to the non-fiction books <u>Blood and DNA Evidence, Crime-Solving Science Experiments</u> by Kenneth G. Rainis, <u>O.J. Unmasked, The Trial, The Truth, and the Media</u> by M.L.Rantala and <u>Pocket Partner</u> by Dennis Evers, Mary Miller, and Thomas Glover.

One of several technical advisors to the fictional books <u>Crusader's Cross</u> by James Lee Burke, <u>Company Man</u> by Joseph Finder, <u>Savage Art</u> by Danielle Girard, <u>The King of Plagues: A Joe Ledger</u> Novel by Jonathan Maberry, and <u>Bones in the Backyard</u> by Florence Clowes and Lois J. Blackburn.

Featured on the "Without a Trace" and "Through the Camera's Eye" episodes of <u>The New Detectives</u> television show that first aired on the <u>Discovery Channel</u>, May 27, 1997 and June 11, 2002.

Featured on the "No Safe Place" episode of Forensic Files that first aired on Court TV, January 3, 2007.

Featured on the "Hung Up" episode of Extreme Forensics that first aired on the Investigation Discovery Channel, October 13, 2008.

Featured on the "Knock, Knock, You're Dead" episode of *Forensic Factor* that first aired on the Discovery Channel Canada, April 16, 2009.

Recipient of the second Young Forensic Scientist Award given by Scientific Sleuthing Review.

Formerly a columnist for Southern Lawman Magazine.

Authored and managed two federal grants that awarded the La. State Police Crime Lab \$147,000 and \$237,000 to set up and develop a DNA laboratory.

A member of the La. State Police Crime Lab's ASCLD-LAB accreditation preparation committee.

Featured in the books *The Bone Lady: Life as a Forensic Anthropologist* by Mary Manhein, *Rope Burns* by Robert Scott, *Smilin Acres: The Angry Victim* by Chester Pritchett, *An Invisible Man* by Stephanie A. Stanley, *Soft Targets, A Woman's Guide to Survival* by Detective Michael L. Varnado, *Kirstin Biaise Lobato's Unreasonable Conviction* by Hans Sherrer, *Zombie CSU. The Forensics of the Living Dead* by Jonathan Maberry, *Science Fair Winners: Crime Scene Science* by Karen Romano Young and David Goldin, *The Holy Ghost: He is the Blood of Jesus* by Derick Mack Virgil, and *Kirstin Blaise Lobato vs. State of Nevada* compiled by Hans Sherrer and Michelle Ravell.

Featured on an episode of *Split Screen* that first aired on the <u>Independent Film Channel</u>, May 31, 1999.

Featured as a character on the "Kirstin Lobato Case" episode of <u>Guilty or Innocent?</u> that first aired on the Discovery Channel, April 1, 2005.

On March 14, 2011, delivered the Fallen Warrior Memorial Lecture in memory of North Georgia College & State University (NGC&SU) alumni LT Earle John Bemis and CPT Jeremy Alan Chandler. This was the first Fallen Warrior Memorial Lecture and it was presented at the 2011 Forensics Symposium, NGC&SU, Dahlonega, GA.

### THOMAS FRANCIS KINSORA, PH.D.

Novida Literco PY200 710 South 61 Spect | Lat Vogas, Novida 98101 (703) 382-7880 FAX-(702) 582-4886

### EXPLICISATION

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Psychology Behavioral Medicine Psychology, February, 1991
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\* N.A. in Englishings, 1984

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#### CURRICAL EXPERIENCE

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### international conference presentations

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PUBLICATIONS

Komma, T. F., Geoffenstein, M. F., Verrig, N. R., & Nichols, C. H. (1989). Appetit vertical photograph conflict demonts. Constant of Clinical and Experimental National Actions (N. A.), (Abberta).

### PROFESSIONAL SEMBERSIAPS

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American Psychological Association

Distribution Psychological Association

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### SOARD MEMBERSHIPS/Consultations (Non-rembursed)

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### Sharon Jones-Forrester, Ph.D.

### Curriculum Vita

### Office

Center for Applied Neuroscience 716 South Sixth Street

Las Vegas, NV 89101

Phone: 702-382-1960 Cell: 702-510-6502 E-Mail: drjonesforrester@gmail.com

### LICENSURE

08/2010

State of Nevada Board of Psychological Examiners,

License PY0604

### **EDUCATION**

08/2009

Doctor of Philosophy in Clinical Psychology,

University of Nevada Las Vegas (UNLV) APA-Accredited Clinical Psychology Program

05/2006

Master of Arts in Clinical Psychology

University of Nevada Las Vegas (UNLV)

1998 - 2001

York University, Toronto, Canada

Honors Second Major in Psychology

1987 - 1990

Bachelor of Arts, York University, Toronto, Canada

Double Major: English and Women's Studies

### **CLINICAL POSITIONS**

09/2010-Present

Sharon Jones-Forrester, Ph.D., PC, Private Practice in Clinical Neuropsychology, Psychotherapy, and Cognitive Rehabilitation

Private practice within the Center for Applied Neuroscience.

Provision of neuropsychological assessment, forensic

neuropsychological evaluation, and cognitive rehabilitation to child, adolescent, adult, and older adult patients with a wide range of

neurologic and developmental concerns. Provision of adult individual and couple's psychotherapy, with psychotherapy services specializing in the treatment of PTSD, and trauma-related depression, anxiety, and

interpersonal concerns.

10/2009-10/2011

Center for Applied Neuroscience, Neuropsychology Clinic Postdoctoral Fellowship in Clinical Neuropsychology

Two year postdoctoral fellowship in a neuropsychology private practice. Complete all aspects of neuropsychological evaluation and

integrative reports for child, adolescent, adult, and geriatric

outpatients in a private practice. Common presenting problems include Dementias, TBI, MS, ADHD, Developmental Disorders, and Autistic spectrum disorders. Also evaluate forensic, personal injury, medical disability, and DCFS custody cases. Involved in training and supervision of doctoral practicum students. Supervised by Thomas Kinsora, Ph.D., Clinical Neuropsychologist

08/2008 - 08/2009

# VA Northern California Health Care System Clinical Psychology Internship Program

One year clinical psychology internship at a VA medical center with a specialized neuropsychology and intervention focus.

Neuropsychology: Division 40/Houston guidelines compliant neuropsychology internship training. Complete neuropsychological evaluations and integrative reports with inpatients/outpatients with a wide range of neurologic and psychiatric issues including Polytrauma, TBI, Dementias, MS, and complex cognitive profiles due to medical and surgical issues. Supervised by Donna Sorensen, Ph.D. and Michael Cole, Ph.D.

**Intervention:** Provide individual, group and couples psychotherapy to patients presenting with a wide diagnostic range including PTSD, Anxiety, Mood, Psychotic and Personality Disorders, and Substance Abuse. Experienced with brief and longer-term empirically validated modalities including CBT, IPT, and TLDP. Supervised by Joel Schmidt, Ph.D.

Cognitive Rehabilitation: Provide inpatient and outpatient brief and longer-term cognitive rehabilitation-focused therapy to patients presenting with TBI, Polytrauma, and comorbid PTSD. Supervised by Jeff Kixmiller, Ph.D. and James Muir, Ph.D.

07/2006 - 08/2008

# Center for Applied Neuroscience Neuropsychology Clinic

Completed neuropsychological evaluations and integrative reports for patients across the developmental lifespan, with a wide range of neurologic and psychiatric presenting complaints. Also assisted with forensic evaluations, Supervised by Thomas Kinsora, Ph.D.

05/2007 - 07/2007

# Practicum Student Supervisor, Center for Individual, Couples, and Family Counseling, UNLV

Provided weekly individual clinical supervision to a junior practicum doctoral student. Used an integrative interpersonal and developmental model approach to supervision. Supervised by Michelle Carro, Ph.D.

05/2005 - 08/2006

# UNLV Student Wellness/Center for Counseling and Psychological Services

Provided brief psychotherapy to patients from a diverse college student population. Responsible for case conceptualization, treatment and termination planning, crisis intervention, outreach, and intakes. Treatment modalities included IPT, CBT, and TLDP. Supervised by Phoebe Kuo-Jackson, Ph.D. and Vicky Genia, Psy.D.

05/2004 - 08/2005Therapist, Center for Individual, Couples, and Family

Counseling, UNLY

Provided long-term psychotherapy to patients in a campus community mental health clinic. Responsible for all aspects of treatment planning and delivery. Treatment modalities included CBT, IPT, Existential, Psychodynamic, and Biopsychosocial theoretical perspectives.

Supervised by Marta Meana, Ph.D.

# PREVIOUS CLINICAL EXPERIENCE, CASE MANAGEMENT

11/2002 - 06/2003Service Coordinator, Adelante Developmental Services

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Day program coordination for adults with severe developmental disabilities. Responsible for service delivery, crisis intervention, and

critical incident reporting and follow up.

Case Manager, Toronto Social Services, Toronto, Canada 03/1991 - 10/2002

> Provided crisis intervention, advocacy, and needs assessments for refugee and homeless clients with a wide range of psychiatric, medical, legal, literacy, and substance abuse issues. Worked

collaboratively with language interpreters.

## **AWARDS**

Graduate Research Award for dissertation research 08/2007

03/2007 UNLV Graduate and Professional Student Association Travel Grant

# PROFESSIONAL SERVICE

08/2011-12/2012 Chair, Nevada Psychological Association Diversity Committee Graduate Student Representative, UNLV Psychology 10/2007-08/2008

Department Diversity Curriculum, Teaching, Research,

and Mentorship Subcommittee

08/2007-08/2008 Graduate Student Coordinator, Outreach Undergraduate Mentorship

> Program; Graduate Student Coordinator, UNLV Psychology Department Diversity Committee; and UNLV Psychology

Department Diversity Graduate Assistant

08/2006 - 08/2008Graduate Student Coordinator, Nevada State Psychological

Association (NSPA) Diversity Committee

08/2006 - 08/2007Graduate Student Representative, UNLV Psychology Department

Diversity Committee

08/2005 - 08/2006Graduate Student Representative, NSPA

### PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

2003 - presentAmerican Psychological Association

Nevada Psychological Association

National Academy of Neuropsychology 2007 – present

International Neuropsychological Society

### PUBLICATIONS AND PRESENTATIONS

- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2008, April) Descriptive Experience Sampling of Bulimia Nervosa: A Case Study Illustrating the Importance of Careful Examination of Phenomena. Paper presented at the Towards a Science of Consciousness Conference, Tucson, AZ.
- Benuto, L., Jones-Forrester, S., & Haboush, A. (2007). Compensatory Efforts for Body Dissatisfaction: Some Gender and Ethnic Differences. *The New School Psychology Bulletin*, 5:2: 19-25.
- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2007, May). Descriptive Experience Sampling of Bulimia Nervosa: Why Idiographic Research is Necessary. Paper presented at the meeting of the Western Psychological Association, Vancouver, BC, Canada.
- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2007, March). Descriptive Experience Sampling of Individuals with Bulimia Nervosa. Paper presented at the GPSA Research Forum, Las Vegas, Nevada.
- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2006, August). Bulimia: Its inner experience. Poster session presented at the annual meeting of the American Psychological Association, New Orleans, LA.
- Jones-Forrester, S. (2006). *Inner experience in bulimia*. Unpublished master's thesis, University of Nevada, Las Vegas.
- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2006, April). Applications of DES methodology to clinical and non-clinical populations. In R. T. Hurlburt (Chair), Exploring Inner Experience: The Descriptive Experience Sampling Method. Symposium conducted at the meeting of the Western Psychological Association, Palm Springs, CA.
- Jones-Forrester, S., & Hurlburt, R. T. (2005, April). *Inner experience in bulimia: Two case studies*. Paper presented at the meeting of the Western Psychological Association, Portland, OR.

### TEACHING EXPERIENCE

08/2006 – 05/2007 Part-Time Instructor, University of Nevada Las Vegas
Responsibilities for all aspects of teaching 4 General Psychology
courses.

08/2004 – 05/2005 Graduate Teaching Assistant, University of Nevada Las Vegas
Responsibilities: Taught 6 live laboratory sections of the Statistical
Methods in Psychology course and assisted Professor with an
additional 6 distance education sections. Responsible for grading,
exam proctoring, and student technical support and tutoring.

### SPECIALIZED TRAINING

08/2008 - 07.2011 Neuropsychology Didactic Series

Attend monthly didactic seminars sponsored by U.C. Davis Medical Center on a wide range of neuroscience research and clinical practice topics including neuropathology, differential diagnosis, imaging, and neurology/neuropsychology grand rounds. Attend monthly neurology grand rounds at the University of Nevada School of Medicine.

08/2008 - 08/2008VA Training Seminars Attend weekly seminars on a wide range of topics including TBI, PTSD, Ethics, Motivational Interviewing, Cultural Competence, Behavioral Medicine, Mandatory Reporting, and Human Sexuality. 11/2007 Introduction to Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT) Presented by Steven Hayes, Ph.D. 03/2005 - 01/2006Nevada State Psychological Association Workshop Series Attended workshops on intervention with dually diagnosed patients, chronic pain patients, and cultural competence and diversity. Adelante Development Center Training Seminars 11/2002 - 07/2003Trained on Incident Reporting; Medication Management; Self-Injurious Behavior and Behavior Modification; Seizure Protocols; Sexuality and Sexual Education for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities; Diversity; and Pet Therapy. 03/1991 - 10/2003**Toronto Social Services Training Seminars** Trained on Interventions and Resources for Victims of Torture; and Working with Interpreters in a Clinical Context.

## **Curriculum Vitae**

# William Werner Orrison Jr, MD, MBA

# I. PERSONAL DATA

Birth Date: April 2, 1949

Birth Place: Louisville, Kentucky

Citizenship: United States

Address: Nevada Imaging Centers

5495 S. Rainbow Blvd., Suite 101

Las Vegas, NV 89118

Telephone: 702-214-9729 Fax: 702-214-9763

# **SECTIONS**

I. Personal Data

II. Education

III. Professional Experience

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XIV. Continuing Medical Education

### II. EDUCATION

B.A., University of Kansas Lawrence, Kansas, 1971

M.D., University of Kansas School of Medicine Kansas City, Kansas, 1975

M.B.A., University of Utah Salt Lake City Utah, 2002

# Internship

University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 1975-1976 (mixed)

## Residency

University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin

Neurology: 1976-1979 Radiology: 1979-1981

### **Fellowships**

Ulleval Hospital, Oslo, Madison, Wisconsin Neuroradiology: January 1981-July 1981

University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin

Neuroradiology: July 1981-July 1982

### Licensures and Certifications

Wisconsin State Medical Examining Board of Medicine and Surgery, 1976 (No. 19938)

Mississippi State Board of Medical Licensure, 1982 (No. 9806)

Kansas State Board of Healing Arts, 1982 (No. 19851)

Colorado State Board of Medical Examiners, 1983 (No. 25109)

New Mexico State Board of Medical Examiners, 1985 (No. 85-76)

Utah State Board of Medical Examiners, 1997 (No. 97-332171-1205)

CAQ Certified Neuroradiology, American Board of Radiology, 1996

Nevada State Board of Medical Examiners 1999 (No. 8942)

Arizona Medical Board 2005 (No. 33573)

American Board of Radiology, 1983

American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Part I, 1980 / Part IIa, 1983

Advanced Cardiac Life Support Certification through September 2014

## III. PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

# Academic Appointments

University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin

Neurology: Assistant Clinical Professor, 1979-1981

Radiology: Clinical Instructor, 1981-1982

University of South Alabama Medical Center, Mobile, Alabama

Radiology: Assistant Professor, 1983-1985

University of New Mexico School of Medicine, Albuquerque, NM

Radiology: Associate Professor, 1985-1989;

Professor, 1989-1997

Neurology: Associate Professor, 1986-1997

Cancer Center: Member, Medical and Scientific Staff, 1988-1997

Neuroradiology: Fellowship Program Director, 1985-1997

University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, UT

Professor and Chairman Radiology, 1996-2001

University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, UT

Professor of Radiology, 1996 - 2003

Chief Medical Officer, HealthHelp, 2001 - 2006

Academic Medical Institute of Nevada, Director, 2003 - 2005

Brigham Young University, Adjunct Professor of Psychology, 2001 - 2005

North Dakota State University College of Engineering and Architecture, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Adjunct Professor 2005 - 2007

Touro University Nevada, College of Osteopathic Medicine, Las Vegas, Nevada Adjunct Professor of Neuroradiology 2005 - present

University of Nevada School of Medicine, Clinical Professor of Medical Education 2008 - present

University of Nevada Las Vegas, Adjunct Professor Health Physics and Diagnostic Sciences 2009 - present

## Employment

US Air Force Medical Center Keesler, Keesler Air Force Base, MS

Chief, Division of Neuroradiology, 1982-1983

Chief, Divisions of Diagnostic Radiology and Neuroradiology, 1983-1984

Chair, Department of Radiology, 1984-1985

University of New Mexico School of Medicine and Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Albuquerque, NM

Chief, Division of Neuroradiology, 1985-1986

Chief, Divisions of Neuroradiology and Special Procedures, 1986-1988

Chief, Division of Neuroradiology and Medical Director of the Center

for Non-Invasive Diagnosis, 1987-1989

Chief, Division of Neuroradiology and Director of MRI and MSI,

1985-1997

University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, Utah Professor and Chairman of Radiology, 1997-2001

Veterans Administration Medical Center, Salt Lake City, Utah 1997-2003

Lake Mead Hospital & Nevada Imaging Centers, Las Vegas Nevada Staff Radiologist & Chief of Neuroradiology, 2003-2004

Academic Medical Institute of Nevada, Las Vegas, Nevada Director, 2003-2005

Nevada Imaging Centers, Las Vegas Nevada Staff Radiologist & Chief of Neuroradiology, 2003 - present

SimonMed, Scottsdale, Arizona Staff Radiologist & Chief of Neuroradiology, 2005 - 2008

North Vista Hospital, Las Vegas, Nevada Neuroradiologist 2003 - 2008

Desert Regional Medical Center Hospital, Pahrump, Nevada Neuroradiologist 2006 - 2009

# Administrative Summary

- 1) Chairman, Department of Radiology, Keesler AFB, Biloxi, MS 1984 1985
  Equipment Acquisitions: Digital Subtraction Angiography (DSA), Computerized
  Tomography (CT)
  Supervised 100 FTE including 7 MDs, 75 technologists, and support staff.
- 2) Chief of the Divisions of Neuroradiology (1985 –97) and Interventional Radiology (1986-88), University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM 1985 1997 Equipment Acquisitions: Digital Subtraction Angiography (DSA), Computerized Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Supervised 25 FTE including 6 MDs, technologists, and support staff.
- 3) Established the New Mexico Institute of Neuroimaging (7,500 sq. ft.) 1989-1997 Equipment Acquisitions: Computerized Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), and Magnetoencephalography (MEG) New Programs Developed/Managed: Neuroradiology Research Center, Clinical/Research Functional Brain Imaging Supervised 20 FTE including MDs, PhDs, technologists, and support staff.
- 4) Chairman, Department of Radiology, University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City, Utah 1997 - 2001

Equipment Acquisitions: Computerized Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Ultrasound (US), Digital Subtraction Angiography (DSA), Fluoroscopy, Routine X-ray, Mammography, Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT), and Positron Emission Tomography (PET).

Responsible for Design and Renovation of Clinical Department including construction, and \$11 million Picture Archive and Communication System (PACS) installation.

Negotiated Memorandum of Understanding placing all of Hospital and School of Medicine under single management. Expanded budget responsibility from \$10 million to \$50 million annually. Increased number of employees from approximately 50 to 250 FTE.

- Increased Department Revenues by 18%
- Increased Patient Satisfaction to 94.8% positive
- Decreased Inpatient procedure turn around time by over 50%
- Decreased Cost per Procedure from \$80.20 to \$73.13

Designed, built, and supervised the Center for Advanced Medical Technologies (CAMT) at University of Utah (125,000 sq. ft.).

Equipment Acquisitions: Computerized Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Ultrasound (US), Mammography, Computer Assisted Diagnosis (CAD) for mammography, Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT/ Positron Emission Tomography (PET), and Magnetoencephalography (MEG).

New Programs Developed/Managed at CAMT: Radiology Operations (including film file storage, Imaging, reading rooms): Approximately 12 clinical staff, including 3 MDs, front desk, file room personnel and technicians. Radiology Medical Imaging Research Laboratory:

- Approximately 40 FTE including 12 PhDs, graduate students, technicians, and support staff.
- Radiobiology Research Program: 20 FTE including 6 PhDs.
- Radiology EMERG Program: 6 FTE
- MEG Program: 10 FTE directly associated with the MEG research program, including 2 PhDs.
- OB/GYN Perinatal Genetics (Clinical and Research): 27 FTE including both clinical and research programs, including 2 MDs and 2 PhDs.
- Central Hospital Storage: 4 FTE
- Machine Shop: 3 FTE
- · Office of Information Resources: 3 FTE

Co-founder of Imaging Joint Venture covering all imaging modalities for University of Utah outpatient centers. This includes Computerized Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Ultrasound (US), Mammography, Computer Assisted Diagnosis (CAD) for mammography, Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT/ Positron Emission Tomography (PET), Plain Film, and Magnetoencephalography (MEG).

Chairman Imaging Joint Venture Board 1998 - 2001.

- 5) Chief Medical Officer HealthHelp 2000-2005.
- 6) Founder and Director, Academic Medical Institute of Nevada 2003 2005.
- Medical Director, Nevada Imaging Centers 2004-present.
- 8) Founder and Chief of Neuroradiology, AMIGENICS 2005 2011.
- 9) Chief Medical Officer, RadSite 2005-present.
- 10) Founder and Chief of Neuroradiology, IMGEN, LLC. 20011-present.

### IV. AWARDS & HONORS

Best Teaching Resident Nominee University of Wisconsin, 1976

First Winthrop Pharmaceuticals Neuroradiology Fellow, University of Wisconsin, 1981 - 1982

Faculty Senate Representative University of New Mexico, 1986 - 1988

Radiological Society of North America Counselor for State of New Mexico, 1986 - 1991

Chair, Radiology Fellowship Committee, University of New Mexico, 1986 - 1990

Faculty Lecturer, American Academy of Neurology, April 1987

Reviewer for Radiology, 1987 - present

3<sup>rd</sup> Place Poster, Research Day 1989: Rodeman, D., Orrison, W.W., Jr. Comparison of High Field and Ultra-Low Field MRI in Elderly Patients, University of New Mexico, 1989

1<sup>st</sup> Place Resident, Winter Seminar 1989: McGinty, L., Orrison, W.W., Jr. Evaluation of Klippel-Feil Syndrome. Carrie Tingley Hospital, 1989

Faculty Lecturer, Imaging Conference, Medical College of Wisconsin, February 1989

Moderator, American Society of Neuroradiology Session on Hemorrhage and Trauma, March 1989

Tenure, Radiology and Neurology. University of New Mexico, July 1989

Reviewer for American Journal of Neuroradiology (AJNR), 1989 - present

Neuroscience Subspecialty Award, Western Federation Clinical Research, February 1990: Kirsch, C., Orrison, W.W., Jr.

Member, Ph.D. Dissertation Committee for Harold Burke, 1989 - 1990

Judge, Medical Student Research Day, January 21, 1991

Advisory Board, Diagnostic Imaging, 1990 - 2000

First Place Award, MRI, CT and plain film comparison in acute cervical spine trauma, Congress of Neurosurgery, Orlando, Florida, 1991

Honorable Mention, Magnetic resonance functional mapping; poster presentation RSNA 1991, Chicago, Illinois, 1991

Guardian Member, Boy Scouts of America, 1992

Annual Gabriel Wilson Award, Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging; best paper presented at WNRS Annual Meeting, San Francisco, California, October 1-4, 1992

Guest Lecturer, ASNR, 1993

American Medical Association Physicians Recognition Award, August 1, 1993 - July 1, 1996

Reviewer, RSNA, 1994

Certificate of Merit, Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging; Scientific exhibit presented at American Roentgen Ray Society, 1994

Certificate of Merit, Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging; scientific exhibit presented at American Society of Neuroradiology, 1994

Moderator, Magnetic Resonance Imaging Update, November 12, 1994

Reviewer, Journal of Computer Aided Tomography, March 1996-present

Chair, Audit Committee; Session Moderator, and Wilson Award Committee Member, 28<sup>th</sup> Annual Meeting of the Western Neuroradiological Society, October 4-6, 1996.

Reviewer, IEEE Transactions in Medical Imaging, 1996-present

Physician's Recognition Award in Continuing Education with Commendation for Self-Directed Learning, American Medical Association, April 1, 1997-April 1, 2000.

Received Smithsonian Medal and inclusion of Center for Advanced Medical Technologies in the Smithsonian Institution Permanent Research Collection, which is considered the most prestigious awards program in the information technology industry, Washington, D.C., April 6, 1998.

Vice-Chairman, Institutional Review Board, University of Utah 1997-1999.

Best Speaker – Awarded by Forum 98' (StorageTek), included invitation to present in Berlin, Germany, April 1999.

Guest Speaker – International Forum 99', Berlin, Germany, April, 1999.

Member, Institutional Review Board Guidelines, University of Utah 1998-1999.

Member, Medical Sciences Council. University of Utah. 1997 to 2001.

Member, Executive Committee, School of Medicine, University of Utah. 1997 to 2001.

Member, Medical Board, School of Medicine, University of Utah. 1997 to 2001.

Member, Radiation Safety Committee, University of Utah. 1997 to 2001.

Member, School of Medicine Advisory Council. University of Utah. 1999 – 2000.

Chair, Mission Based Management Research Group. 1999 – 2000.

Member, Mission Based Management Advisory Committee. 1999 – 2001.

Member, University of Utah Health Network Board. 2000.

Member, Systems Committee, University of Utah Health Network. 2000.

Chair, Operations Committee, University of Utah Health Network. 2000.

Member, Finance Committee, University of Utah Health Network. 2000.

Member, Huntsman Cancer Institute Phase II Planning Committee. University of Utah. 2000 – 2001.

Reviewer for Archives of General Psychiatry. 2002 – present.

Guest Lecturer First Annual Joint Conference of the American Society of Radiologic Technologists and the Association of Educators in Radiological Sciences, Las Vegas, NV. 2003.

Who's Who 2006, Chief of Neuroradiology, Nevada Imaging Centers, In Business, Las Vegas, NV. 2006.

Member, State of Nevada Board of Regents Health Sciences Center Advisory Committee. 2006 - 2007

1<sup>st</sup> Place Award Touro University Nevada Research Day: Mishra R, Rowley RK, Hanson EH, & Orrison WW Jr. Agenesis of the Corpus Callosum, Las Vegas, NV, March 5, 2007.

New Mexico Public Regulation Commission External Review Medical Specialist 2007 to present.

Reviewer for Anatomical Sciences. 2009 - present.

Selected as Program Director for 14th Annual Computed Tomography National Symposium. October 2009.

Radiology Editor's Recognition Award for Reviewing with Special Distinction (Recognized as being in top 95% of reviewers). Kressel HY Editor, Radiology; 258(1):10-11, 2011

Selected as "Top Doctors 2011" from peer review survey of more than 3,500 physicians in Southern Nevada. Las Vegas Life, Spring Issue, pg. 48, 2011.

Selected to be included in 2012 Vegas Seven Top Doctors Edition - survey completed by the nonprofit Washington, DC organization "Consumers Checkbook." Feb 23, 2012

Selected to be included in The Best Doctors in America 1996-2013, Best Doctors, Inc., 100 Federal Street, 21<sup>st</sup> Floor, Boston, MA 02110

Radiology Editor's Recognition Award for Reviewing with Special Distinction (Recognized as being in top 90% of reviewers). Kressel HY Editor, Radiology; January 2013;266:8-9

Selected as among the 93 "Best Doctors 2013" from peer review survey. Desert Companion – August 2013

### V. TEACHING RESPONSIBILITIES / ASSIGNMENTS

### Neuroradiology Fellows

Randy R. Sibbit, M.D., 1986-1987 Lance Dell, M.D., 1987-1988 Jon Spar, M.D., 1988-1990 Francis Greiner, M.D., 1989-1991 Blaine Hart, M.D., 1989-1991 Fred Rupp, M.D., 1991-1993 John Gundzik, M.D., 1992-1993 Jesse Rael, M.D., 1992-1994

# Special Procedures Fellows

Lee Monsein, M.D., 1986-1987 Robert Oliver, M.D., 1986-1987 Jerry King, M.D., 1987-1988 John Siner, M.D., 1987-1988 James Hinson, M.D., 1988-1989 Gary Famestead, M.D., 1988-1989 Anna Champlin, M.D., 1989-1990 Judith Peters, M.D., 1989-1990 Charles Hickam, M.D., 1990-1991 Ray Tipton, M.D., 1990-1991

# Residents Entering Neuroradiology Fellowship Programs

1987 – Steven Pollei, M.D.

1988 - John Spar, M.D.

1989 - Michael Tryhus, M.D.

1989 - Marc Griffey, M.D.

1990 - Blaine Hart, M.D.

### Medical Student Research

Touro University Nevada, College of Osteopathic Medicine, Las Vegas, Nevada

- David Chang (2005)
- David Chang (2006)
- Uyly Yukio
- · Tuesday Pearson
- · Jeff Beecher
- Frank Lee
- Matt Eggleston
- Michael Fleischman
- Ronjit Kapil
- Zaira Jorai
- David Byun
- Travis Snyder
- · Poorna Ramachandran
- Wendy Mojica
- Rahul Mishra

# UNLV Department of Health Physics Collaborators

Spring Valley Imaging Center, Las Vegas, NV in 2006

- Phillip Patton, PhD Medical Health Physics, MS Health Physics, MS Nuclear Physics, BS Physics
- · Jason Davis, BS Health Physics
- · Rob Etnire, BS Health Physics
- Jeremy Mangum, BS Nuclear Medicine Technology
- Daniel Lowe, MS Mechanical Engineering with Nuclear Engineering Concentration

# VI. GRANTS

1986	Clinical Evaluation of Portable Angiography	\$250,000	Orthopedic Equipment Co.	University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1986	Gadolinium DTPA in the Evaluation of Cranial Neoplasms	\$40,000	Berlex Laboratories	University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1987	Correlation of in the Evaluation of Spinal Neoplasms	\$5,000	Berlex Laboratories	University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1988	Correlation of Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Magnetoencephalo- graphy (MEG)	\$6,000	Veterans Admin. Research Fund	University of New Mexico School of Medicine and New Mexico Regional Medical Center
1988	Clinical Evaluation of	\$16,000	Diasonics, Inc.	University of New

1989	Permanent Magnetic Resonance Imaging Clinical Evaluation of Permanent Magnetic	\$32,000	Diasonics, Inc.	Mexico School of Medicine University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1989	Resonance Imaging Correlation of Magnetic Resonance Imaging and MEG	\$8,000	Veterans Admin. Research Fund	University of New Mexico School of Medicine and New Mexico Regional Medical Center
1990	Clinical Evaluation of Permanent Magnetic Resonance Imaging	\$ 27,000	Toshiba America, Inc.	University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1990	Evaluation of Dynamic MR and MR Anglography	\$440,000	Siemens Medical Systems, Inc.	VAMC
1991	Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging	\$2,500,000	Biomagnetic Technologies, Inc.	VAMC
1991	Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging	\$160,000	Biomagnetic Technologies, Inc.	University of New Mexico School of Medicine
1991	Clinical Applications of Magnetic Source Imaging	\$426,000	Biomagnetic Technologies, Inc.	BRINM
1997	Development of Brain Phantom Models for Head Injury Research	\$8,000	Center for Alternatives to Animal Testing	Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine
1997	Clinical Evaluation of MSI	\$250,000	Picker/ Neuromag	University of Utah School of Medicine
1997	Clinical Imaging	\$250,000	Picker/ Neuromag	University of Utah School of Medicine
1998	Clinical Evaluation of MSI	\$250,000	Picker/ Neuromag	University of Utah School of Medicine
1998	Clinical Imaging	\$250,000	Picker/ Neuromag	University of Utah School of Medicine
1999	Clinical Imaging	\$250,000	Picker	University of Utah School of Medicine
1999	Clinical Evaluation of MSI	\$250,000	Picker	University of Utah School of Medicine
2000	Clinical Imaging	\$325,000	Marconi	University of Utah School of Medicine
2000	Imaging Educational Grant	\$10,000	Acuson	University of Utah School of Medicine
2000	Mark H. Huntsman	\$1,250,000	Huntsman	University of Utah

	Chair		Family	School of Medicine
0004		<b>#</b> 00F 000	Family	
2001	Clinical Imaging	\$325,000	Marconi	University of Utah School of Medicine
2001	Imaging Educational	\$60,000	Acuson	University of Utah
	Grant			School of Medicine
2001	Insight Project	\$17,000	National Library	University of Utah
			•	School of Medicine
				School of Computing
2001-	X-ray Development	\$270,000	Varian	University of Utah
2003	•			School of Medicine
2006-	3.0T MRI Education	\$75,000	Philips	Amigenics
2007	Grant		Healthcare	
2006-	3.0T MRI Research	\$250,000	Philips	Amigenics
2009	Grant		Healthcare	
2007-	Functional and	\$23,200	Desert	Spring Valley Imaging
2009	Anatomic MRI of		Foundation	Center Las Vegas, NV
	Chronic Brain Injury			
	and HBO <sup>2</sup>			
2008-	320-row CT	\$115,000	Toshiba America	Amigenics
2009	Education Grant		Medical Systems	
2008-	320-row CT	\$300,000	Toshiba America	Amigenics
2009	Research Grant		Medical Systems	

## VII. JOURNAL ARTICLES

- 1. Orrison WW Jr, Labadie EL, Ramgopal V. Fatal meningitis secondary to undetected bacterial psoas abscess. J Neurosurg 1977 Nov; 47:755-60.
- 2. Orrison WW Jr, Robertson WC, Sackett JF. Computerized tomography in chronic subdural hematomas (effusions) of infancy. Neuroradiology 1978; 16:79-81.
- 3. Orrison WW Jr. Vascular and nonvascular intracranial malformations associated with external capillary hemangiomas. Neuroradiology 1978; 16:82-4.
- 4. Orrison WW Jr., Robertson WC. Congenital ocular motor apraxia: a possible disconnection syndrome. Arch Neurol 1979 Jan; 3:29-31.
- 5. Messer B., Orrison WW Jr., Hawkins MJ, Quaglierie CE. Central pontine myelinolysis, considerations on etiology, diagnosis and treatment. Neurology 1979 Feb; 29:147-60.
- 6. Robertson WC, Chun RWM, Orrison WW Jr, Sackett JF. Benign subdural collections of infancy. J Peds 1979;94(3):382-86.
- 7. Orrison WW Jr, Schnitzler ER, Chun RW. The Dubowitz syndrome: Further observations. Am J Med Genetics 1980;7:155-70.

- 8. Lilleas F, Strother C, Sackett JR, Crummy A, Orrison WW Jr, Mistretta C. Computerized fluoroscopy til bruk ved intravenous arteriographi av arteria carotis. Norsk Forening for Medisinsk Radiologi 1981 Feb.
- 9. Orrison WW Jr, Sty JR. Ultrasound in the diagnosis of lymphangioma. Wisc Med J 1981 Mar; 80:30-2.
- 10. Orrison WW Jr, Lilleas F, Crummy A, Sackett J, Strother C, Mistretta C. Further applications of computerized fluoroscopy. Norsk Forening for Medisinsk Radiologi 1981 May.
- 11. Orrison WW Jr. Case of the fall season. Seminars in Ultrasound 1981 Sept;2(3):187-9.
- 12. Timming R, Orrison WW Jr, Mikula JA. Computerized tomography and rehabilitation outcome after severe head trauma. Arch Phys Med Rehabil 1982;63:154-9.
- 13. Rogde S, Dobloug JH, Orrison WW Jr, Subdural empyema. J Norwegian Med Assoc 1982; 102(26):1335-8.
- Fariello RG, Orrison WW Jr, Blanco G, Reyes PF. Neuroradiological correlates of frontally predominant intermittent rhythmic delta activity (FIRDA). EEG Clin Neurophysiol 1982;54:194-202.
- 15. Orrison WW Jr, Lilleas FG. Case report: CT demonstration of gas in a herniated nucleus pulposus. J Comput Assist Tomogr 1982 Aug 6(4):807-8.
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# IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Jun 06 2017 12:25 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

CEDRIC LEROB JACKSON, Appellant(s),

VS.

STATE OF NEVADA, Respondent(s), Case No: 10C265339-1

Docket No: 72409

# RECORD ON APPEAL VOLUME 2

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Notably, <u>Richardson</u> raised, but did not resolve, another question left open in <u>Bruton</u>, namely whether a statement redacted such that the co-defendant's name is replaced with a neutral pronoun, such as "person," "individual," or "associate," may be admitted under <u>Bruton</u>. <u>See Richardson</u>, 481 U.S. at 208-09, 107 S.Ct. 1702; <u>Bruton</u>, 391 U.S. at 134 n. 10, 88 S.Ct. 1620. One aspect of this question was addressed in <u>Gray v. Maryland</u>, 523 U.S. 185, 118 S.Ct. 1151 (1998). There, the Supreme Court concluded that it is not enough to replace the co-defendant's name "with an obvious blank, the word 'delete,' a symbol, or similarly notify the jury that a name has been deleted," such that it is nonetheless "facially incriminatory" and "directly accusatory"; such a redacted statement still falls within the <u>Bruton</u> rule and is inadmissible. <u>Id</u>. at 193-95, 88 S.Ct. at 1620. <u>Gray</u> did not, however, address whether redactions that replace the co-defendant's name with a neutral pronoun, instead of a deletion or blank space, might, in some circumstances, be constitutionally permissible where other independent evidence might permit the jury to conclude that the co-defendant is the person referenced in the redacted statement.

Statements of defendants can be introduced in multiple defendant cases if properly redacted. Richardson v. Marsh, 481 U.S. 200, 107 S.Ct. 1702 (1987). Nothing about proper redactions would "facially incriminate" the Defendant. The Nevada Supreme Court has specifically embraced the rule of Bruton to permit the introduction of redacted statements that do not "facially incriminate" a co-defendant. Ducksworth v. State, 114 Nev. 951, 954 (1998); see also Lisle v. State, 113 Nev. 679, 692-93 (1997); Richardson v. Marsh, 481 U.S. 200, 208, 107 S.Ct. 1702 (1987); United States v. Enriquez-Estrada, 999 F.2d 1355, 1359 (9th Cir. 1993). For example, in Lisle, the Nevada Supreme Court upheld the conviction where Lisle's co-defendant's confession was redacted to replace Lisle's name with "the other guy." Relying on Richardson and United States v. Enriquez-Estrada, 999 F.2d 1355, 1359 (9th Cir.1993), the Court concluded that the redacted confession was not facially incriminating and, therefore, did not offend Bruton. Lisle, 113 Nev. at 692-93, 941 P.2d at 468. The Court in Lisle also further considered and distinguished its holding in Stevens v. State, 97 Nev. 443, 634 P.2d 662 (1981), which is cited by the defense in its motion for the

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proposition that redacted statements may still be prejudicial. In <u>Stevens</u>, the Court limited its decision to cases in which the evidence of guilt was circumstantial and weak. <u>Id.</u> at 445, 634 P.2d at 664. In the instant case, the evidence is not only circumstantial, and is not weak. Eye witnesses saw Defendant Jackson shoot Macklin.

The vast majority of federal courts have approved the use of redacted statements that are not facially incriminatory even though additional evidence is admitted that "links up" the redacted statements to identify that person.

[T]he government may offer other independent evidence that may lead the jury to conclude that the unnamed 'individual' is in fact [the defendant], but that does not render the statement inadmissible; the Supreme Court has explicitly stated that this possibility does not render an otherwise properly redacted statement constitutionally inadmissible. Thus, the Fourth Circuit, like the majority of circuits, has explicitly extended the <u>Bruton</u> line of cases to permit admission of redacted statements that replace a co-defendant's name with "a symbol or neutral pronoun" such that the statement is not facially incriminatory, "even though the statement's application to [the co-defendant] is linked up by other evidence properly admitted against the defendant."

<u>U.S. v. Reyes</u>, 384 F.Supp.2d 926, 931 -932 (E.D.Va., 2005) (emphasis added). Thus, the Defendant's claim that admission of "Coleman's prior statements indicating that he was present, combined with the circumstantial links between Coleman and Jackson" (Motion p. 15) somehow violates <u>Bruton</u> and its progeny is absolutely incorrect.

As the United States Supreme Court has stated, "[w]hile an important element of a fair trial is that a jury consider *only* relevant and competent evidence bearing on the issue of guilt or innocence, a fair trial does not include the right to exclude relevant and competent evidence." Zafiro, 506 U.S. at 540, 113 S.Ct. at 938 (internal citations omitted). Here, the State is aware of the need to redact any statements admitted so that assertions which facially incriminate other co-defendants are removed and intends to do so at trial if the statements are used, thus eliminating the need for severance.

If the State decides to admit evidence of Defendant Coleman's statements, the statements will be redacted so that they do not facially incriminate Defendant Jackson, and so that they conform with <u>Bruton</u> and its progeny. Defendant's Coleman's statements cited

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Jackson.

### B. ANY DIFFERENCE IN EVIDENCE PRESENTED AGAINST DEFENDANT DOES NOT NECESSITATE SEVERANCE EACH

by the defense as problematic may be easily redacted to avoid reference to Defendant

Defendant also claims that severance is required because there is more evidence against his co-defendant than against him, and claims that the case against him is weak, making a "great disparity in the amount of evidence" presented against each.

The evidence against Defendant Jackson is strong in the instant case. First, it is very clear that Defendant Jackson had the motive in this case. He was seen by many people at the Aruba nightclub getting into a fight with Macklin after he was slighted by Macklin. He then called the surviving victim to set up a fight with Macklin. Second, witnesses saw Defendant Jackson shoot Macklin. Despite telling detectives he was scared for his safety if he spoke to them. Albert told detectives that Defendant Jackson and Defendant Coleman both had guns and chased Macklin into the yard and shot him several times. This is absolutely consistent with the ballistics evidence at the scene, with several casings being located near the deceased's body. Devon and Carlos Bass both also told detectives they were scared for their safety and made it clear they did not want to give statements, but finally told detectives that Defendant Jackson was the first one to approach Macklin to fight before the shooting took place. They said they ducked for cover and did not know who was shooting. Additionally, Washington also saw Defendant Jackson approach Macklin, and then she heard shooting and ducked, not seeing who was shooting. However, Langstaff told police that the first suspect who approached Macklin (Defendant Jackson) also ultimately pulled out a gun and shot Macklin. She also said it was the same person who had fought Macklin at the Aruba (Defendant Jackson).

The gunshot residue found on Macklin and Albert is absolutely consistent with having been in close proximity of a firearm that was fired. Macklin had a large amount of gunshot residue on him, which was consistent with Defendants having stood above him and shot him nine (9) times as he lay incapacitated on the ground. The ballistics evidence found near his

 body corroborates the fact that he would have been essentially showered with gunshot residue from being shot that many times at a close range. Further, the small amount of gunshot residue found on Albert is consistent with his account of Defendant Coleman having shot at him from a close range.

Defendant's vehicle is found weeks later and it has gunshot residue in it as well.

All of the above-described evidence would be admissible against Defendant even if he were tried separately from Defendant Coleman.

Thus, Defendant's claims that the case against him is weak are unfounded. There are eye witnesses to the murder who, not only place Defendant Jackson there, but saw him shooting. Further, he clearly had the motive in this case.

Defendant also alleges that if both Defendants are impeached with their prior convictions during guilt phase, the fact that they committed the prior violent crime together would be obvious. This is untrue. Unlike what the defense has suggested, the actual paperwork would not be admissible, and the jury would not be viewing the documents side by side. If impeached by prior felony convictions, the details and circumstances of the prior crimes would be irrelevant and inadmissible, because the reason a felony conviction is admissible in such cases is for the purpose of attacking credibility. Owens v. State, 1980, 620 P.2d 1236, 96 Nev. 880 (1980); Plunkett v. State, 84 Nev. 145, 147, 437 P.2d 92, 93 (1968). Only the name, year, and jurisdiction of the conviction would be admitted. Thus, even if both Defendants were impeached by their convictions, there would be nothing telling the jury that the Defendants committed a prior violent crime together. Further, if a prior conviction is used as impeachment, the defense would be entitled to a jury instruction that evidence of prior felony convictions could only be considered on issue of defendant's credibility and not as substantive proof of his guilt. Harris v. State, 799 P.2d 1104, 106 Nev. 667 (1990)

Further, while making the argument that both Defendants' convictions may be admitted, Defendant claims that he would be able to impeach Defendant Coleman's statement, if admitted, with evidence of his prior felony conviction pursuant to NRS

51.069(1), which reads, "[w]hen a hearsay statement has been admitted in evidence, the credibility of the declarant may be attacked or supported by any evidence which would be admissible for those purposes if the declarant had testified as a witness." However, a defendant's statement offered against him by the State is not hearsay according to the plain language of the definition of hearsay in NRS 51.035(3)(a), thus, NRS 51.069(1) would not apply, as it only applies to hearsay statements. Otherwise, the State would be permitted to simply admit a defendant's prior impeachable convictions at the same time it admitted the defendant's statement.

Defendant also points out that, in penalty phase, the prior Federal conviction against both Defendants would be admissible. However, this would be no different whatsoever if the case were severed. If the case were severed, the State would still be permitted to present full evidence of all of the prior convictions, including all evidence regarding the prior conviction of the crime the Defendants committed together and of which both were convicted. It is well established in Nevada that evidence of prior convictions, including details of those convictions, is admissible at penalty hearings when relevant and credible. Emil v. State, 105 Nev. 858, 865-867, 784 P.2d 956, 960 - 962 (1989) citing Biondi v. State, 101 Nev. 252, 699 P.2d 1062 (1985); Allen v. State, 99 Nev. 485, 488, 665 P.2d 238 (1983); NRS 175.552; see also Jones v. State, 101 Nev. 573, 707 P.2d 1128 (1985) ("a defendant's character and his record are 'relevant factors to be considered by a jury in imposing a penalty for a capital crime....'"). Thus, whether severed or not, evidence of the details of the prior conviction would be admitted against Defendant.

# C. THE DEFENDANT HAS NOT DEMONSTRATED THAT MUTUALLY ANTAGONISTIC DEFENSES EXIST IN THIS CASE, NOR THAT A FUNDAMENTAL TRIAL RIGHT WILL BE VIOLATED

The Nevada Supreme Court has addressed antagonistic defenses in <u>Chartier v. State</u>, 191 P.3d 1182 (2008). In <u>Chartier</u>, co-defendants John Douglas Chartier and David Wilcox were tried together in the murders of Rachel Bernat and her father, Carlos Aragon. <u>See id.</u> at 1184. The Nevada Supreme Court reversed Chartier's conviction finding cumulative error on issues related to the joinder of the defendants' trials. However, the facts of <u>Chartier</u> are

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27 28 distinguishable from the facts of the instant case and severance is not required in the instant case. The issues that the Court addressed in making its decision in Chartier included mutually antagonistic defenses and a diminished ability to present a theory of defense, specifically addressing several factual issues related to Chartier's defense. In addressing the mutually antagonistic defense presented by Chartier and Wilcox, the Court began by quoting its prior decision in Marshall v. State, 118 Nev. 642, 56 p.2d 376 (2002), where the Court stated, "[a]ntagonistic defense are a relevant consideration but are not, in themselves, sufficient grounds for concluding that joinder of defendants is prejudicial." See Chartier, 191 P.3d at 1186, quoting Marshall, 118 Nev. at 648, 56 P.2d at 379. The Court described Chartier's defense as being that "he was not involved in the crime at any stage of planning or execution and that Wilcox committed the murders of his own volition out of a misguided desire to 'help' Chartier." See Chartier at 1186. In contrast, Wilcox's defense was that "Chartier was not only the mastermind but that he was present at the scene and Wilcox acted at Chartier's direction." See id. The Court went on to find that the defenses were mutually antagonistic, stating that the reason they were antagonistic was because "Wilcox claimed that Chartier was present at the scene and was the attacker despite a lack of evidence to support this theory and despite [witness] Taylor's testimony that the attacker she saw was definitively not Chartier." See id.

In distinguishing <u>Chartier</u> and <u>Marshall</u>, the Court relied on the fact that Wilcox's defense was based on arguing that Chartier was at the scene when there was little to no evidence to prove that he was at the scene. In <u>Marshall</u>, the Court had found that although the defenses were mutually antagonistic, that the co-defendant "presented no evidence against [the defendant] and the State's case was not in the least dependent on either defendant's testimony." <u>See Marshall</u> at 648, 56 P.3d at 380.

Furthermore, the Nevada Supreme Court has commented that "while there are situations in which inconsistent defenses may support a motion for severance, the doctrine is a very limited one." <u>Jones v. State</u>, 111 Nev. 848, 854, 899 P.2d 544, 547 (1995). The United States Supreme Court has also stated that "mutually antagonistic defenses are not

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prejudicial *per se*." See Zafiro v. United States, 506 U.S. 534, 538, 113 S.Ct. 933 (1993). The Court in Zafiro rejected the defendants' claim noting that they did not "articulate any specific instances of prejudice." See id. at 539, 113 S.Ct. 933. While an important element of a fair trial is that a jury consider only relevant and competent evidence bearing on the issue of guilt or innocence, a fair trial does not include the right to exclude relevant and competent evidence. Id. at 540, 113 S.Ct. at 938. The Nevada Supreme Court's ruling in Chartier does not change the fact that in order to require severance, there must be a showing that a fundamental trial right was infringed. The defense has failed to show that a fundamental trial right of his will be infringed. Therefore the Court should not sever the trial.

It is the Defendant's burden to demonstrate what prejudice he is facing by a joint trial and in meeting the burden necessary to cause the Court to grant a severance. Defendant's argument for severance fails. Defenses become "mutually exclusive" when "the core of the codefendant's defense is so irreconcilable with the core of [the defendant's] own defense that the acceptance of the codefendant's theory by the jury precludes acquittal of the defendant." United States v. Throckmorton, 87 F.3d 1069, 1072 (9th Cir. 1996) cited with approval in Rowland v. State, 118 Nev. 31, 39 P.3d 114 (2002). Here, the Defendant seems to indicate in his motion that his defense to the crimes is that he only went to fight and was surprised when the others began shooting. Defendant has not shown how this defense would be mutually antagonistic to Defendant Coleman's defense that he, too, went there for a fight, but did not have a gun. These are not mutually exclusive defenses, and they are not even truly inconsistent with one another. The jury's acceptance of one defense does not preclude acceptance of the other.

As the Nevada Supreme Court has explained,

Allegations of "competing defenses" raised by appellants because some were employees and others employers do not persuade us that appellants were prejudiced by the court's refusal to sever. Inconsistent defenses must be antagonistic to the point that they are mutually exclusive. (citation omitted). This the appellants failed to prove. Different defenses are simply a part of the adversarial process when defendants are tried together.

Amen v. State, 106 Nev. 749, 756, 801 P.2d 1354, 1359 (1990) (emphasis added). That is not the case here.

Additionally, the fact that these charges involve a conspiracy also supports a joint trial. Courts have universally held that where conspiracy is charged, a joint trial is particularly appropriate. See United States v. Polizzi, 500 F.2d 856, 901 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1974), cert. denied 419 U.S. 1120; Davenport v. United States, 260 F.2d 591, 594 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1958). See also, United States v. Cirard, 601 F.2d 69, 72 (2<sup>nd</sup> Cir. 1979), cert. denied 444 U.S. 871.

### D. JUDICIAL ECONOMY SUPPORTS A JOINT TRIAL

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Judicial economy is a relevant factor for the Court to consider in determining whether or not to grant severance. The Nevada Supreme Court has stated that while prejudice to the defendant is a relevant factor, it is not the only factor and that "a court must consider not only the possible prejudice to the defendant but also the possible prejudice to the State resulting from expensive duplicative trials." Marshall at 646, 56 P.2d at 379, citing Lisle v. State, 113 Nev. 679, 688-89, 941 P.2d 459, 466 (1997). Federal courts have agreed that where persons have been jointly indicted, they should be tried jointly, absent compelling reasons to the contrary. United States v. Escalante, 637 F. 2d 1197 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1980); United States v. Silla, 555 F.2d 703 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1977). In United States v. Brady, 579 F. 2d 1121 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1978), Cert. denied, 439 U.S. 1074, the court recognized that:

. . . [W]e must be guided by our general rule that joint trials of persons charged with committing the same offenses expedites the administration of justice, reduced the congestion of trial dockets, conserves judicial time, lessens the burden upon citizens who sacrifice time and money to serve on juries and avoids the necessity of recalling witnesses who would otherwise be called upon to testify once.

Here, judicial economy supports having a joint trial against the defendants. Largely the same witnesses would be testifying at trials for each co-defendant and to have them testify on as many as thirteen (13) different occasions would not promote judicial economy. Additionally, the evidence against each defendant is largely the same, and so each trial would not be significantly reduced in length, simply because it involves less defendants.

1	<u>CONCLUSION</u>		
2	The State respectfully requests the Defendant's Motion to Sever from Co-Defendants		
3	be denied.		
4	DATED this 30th day of January, 2012.		
5	Respectfully submitted,		
6	MARY-ANNE MILLER		
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001419		
8			
9	BY /s//NELL E. CHRISTENSEN		
10	NELL CHRISTENSEN Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822		
11	Nevada Bar #008822		
12	CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION		
13			
14	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition, was made this 31st day of January,		
15	2012, by facsimile transmission to:		
16	PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. 386-9114		
17	BY Shellie Warner		
18	Employee of the District Attorney's Office		
19	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING		
20	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition, was made this 31st day of January,		
21	2012, by Electronic Filing to:		
22	SCOTT BINDRUP & IVETTE MANINGO,		
23	Speical Public Defenders E-mail Address: IManingo@ClarkCountyNV.gov and SBindrup@ClarkCountyNV.gov		
24			
25	Shellie Warner Secretary for the District Attorney's Office		
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28	mmw/GCU		
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Exhibit "1"

2.	Q.	Okay, I want you to give me a shot. Listen to me, okay?
â.	A.	Mm-hm.
4e	Q.	I'm gonna advise you of your Miranda Rights 'cause you're in - in custody,
\$		okay? You have the right to remain silent. Anything you say can be used
6		against you in a court of law. You have the right to the presence of an attorney
<i>Σ</i> () δ		during questioning. If you cannot afford an attorney, an attorney will be
<b>\$</b> :		appointed for you free of charge prior to any questions. Do you understand
Şı		your rights?
10	A.	Yeah.
1 3	Q.	You gotta say yes.
12	Α.	Yes.
13-	Q.	Okay. Um, listen to me, ökay? I happen to be investigating a shooting, okay?
14		All right? I got information - and I'm sure you know that the word gets around
15		and at this point. I went tonight - we stopped you - some officers stopped you
16		mainly because I wanted to talk to you. They called me up, I went out there.
17		And - and in - during this time, I talked to your girl and she told me she had a
18		gun at the house. We went and got the gun. And we got some of - your kid in
19		the car told us, so we went over to the house and we picked the gun up. Um, a
20		convicted felon, okay? Um, I think maybe you can help me and - and maybe
21		in some kind of way this might help you. Ah, like I said, I don't know your
22		totally involvement in the whole situation, but at this point, you got no place
23		to go, but, you know, just kind of talk and tell me what's up. Úm, and like I
24.		said. I talked to your girl and, ah - ah, Arlanda
25	Δ.	Mm-hm.
26	Q.	Veley? Been with her a long time, huh? Okay, Arlanda - she told me you
27		talked to her, okay? She told me that you told her some stuff about the fight in
28		the club on, um, the 31st with (Yak) and - and (Spark) and - and they - I know
Ž9		the names because I've been doing this for a while, okay? You understand?
30		Okay, Um, I know that something happened later on, all right? Not too long

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after the fight. I don't - I don't necessarily believe that you were shooting or something like that could have happened from you because I got witnesses, all right? There's a lot of people out there do some-there was a couple girls in cars. There were some guys down the street. I just want to know what caused the fight. What caused the fight? What - what happened that caused the fight, you know? I don't know about - but it - I'm not saying you did anything. But you know what happened to start the fight at the club, 'cause I got you on video that you were there at the club. And every place has video now. So. look, help me in some off kind of way help you because at this point, you ain't got no place to go, you know? I would rather you talk to me and tell me what happened and me -1 - like I said, I don't know what happened there totally. And I don't know if, by chance, because - from what I understand, was -(unintelligible) you gonna fight. Maybe this was something where it's in selfdefense. I don't know. But unless somehody starts talking to me, then - you know, it - it - it ends up the same way for everybody. And at this point, unfortunately, you've got a gun. And that don't set too good, you know, being on probation, having a firearm. It's not gonna be good. So, you know, you want to talk to nie and tell me what's up and what happened? How'd the fight start that night?

I mean, shit, I don't even know how it happened. I mean, shit, I mean I don't even know who - what started the fight.

Well, who was involved in it?

Some of the witnesses. It wasn't - I was - me - I wasn't fighting.

Okay, but you know who was involved because you grew up with all these people. I just talked to your - to, ah, Arlanda and she told me, "You know what? He grew up with all those guys." You know everybody's name. You know who was involved in the fight. Why don't you talk to me and help me out. Tell me what happened and so that I can kind of break this down and make some sense of it. Because at this point, I don't want to go scoop everybody up. And I don't have to, okay? But your cooperation with me now

	Prentice Colema	n 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
61		is gonna be what s	ets you apart from a lot of thi	s. Because, look, you got - you
62		de got a gun now s	nd the (unintelligible)'s gonn	a look at you right away and
63		they're gonna say,	'Oh, man, you got a gan."	
64	A.	I got a gun? On wh	eat did L	
65	Q.	Okay. From the ho	use, we just got the gun. Oka	y? From the bouse. Your girl
66		took us in the hous	c, we got the gun that was in	the house - that 22 hand rifle
67		gon. Okay? We go	t that. You know we goma b	e able to match it up to you.
68		She said it was you	its. You just got it a few days	ago because you were scared
69		from what happens	d the other day. Now, if you'	re scared, tell me what
70		happened on that n	ight. What happened - what	who - who started the fight?
2 3		Was it between jus	t the two guys that were invo	lved?
72	$A_{i}$	Yeah.		
73	Q.	Okay, So - and tha	t was who? (Ced)? Yes?	
74	A.	Mm-hm.		
75	Q.	And? Who?		
76	A.	(Yak).		
77	Q.	(Yak). Okay, cool,	so what happened? What hap	opened?
78	A.	Sweet, they had a t	ight. That was	
79	Q.	That wasn't it, thou	igh.	
80	A.	And any kind of (u	nintelligible), I have no idea.	
81	Q,	Okay.		
82	Α,	I don't know them.		
\$3	Q.	Okay, dude, I knov	v, but the whole thing is - is,	here, if you're trying to
84		cooperate with me	and you try and do the right t	hing, look - look, we know
83		that you went over	there because three people sa	iw you over at the house.
86		Listen, your girl ju	st gave me a taped interview,	said that you told her you
87		went over to Blue	Reef. Now, look, the girl's sc	ared. She got three kids. She
88		don't want to be ya	nked in the middle of this. St	se said that you told her that
89		you went over to B	lue Reef and that they kept fi	ghting. You want to pick this
90		up here? You don't	want to leave her hanging hi	se this. Listen, you need to

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Q.,

start stepping up. Look, tell me what happened over there - whose fault it was. I didn't say you did - you shot or anything, but lookit - you need to tell me why they started. Because this separates you from this. Look, it's easy just to yank you up and go and take you and throw you into jail, but I don't need to do that. I'd rather you have - I'd rather use you or you help me as a witness here and say, "You know what? Ah, they started it, they started." Then I'll know what happened because I got you - I know what - I know, from what people tell me - but I know them guys weren't totally clean. That's the whole thing here. And I can't say something that could have been a self-defense over a fight turn into somebody shooting that I'm just gonna yank two or three people up and I'm gonna take them to jail for a murder. It doesn't make any sense. So if this is gonna be something that was a self-defense issue, I gotta look at that. You understand?

Mm-hm.

Okay. So why don't you - who started the fight and did those guys pull out the guns and they started shooting? Because I have three - three people that know you very well that saw you there. That's why I don't - and then your girl, she just told me that you were there on Blue Reef. She said you told her - you watched the news and you told her - look, the whole thing is here, is that I'd like to know the truth, but it - then I'd like to get the persons that are at the biggest part of this to blame - set the blame where it belongs. Now, just because (Yak) winded up dead doesn't necessarily mean he was innocent. You understand that? Okay, so why don't you tell me at the place, who started the fight or who continued the fight and what happened? Did they pull out a gun because the shell- everything there shows that. Do you understand that? I do.

Okay. So I need you to help me because I don't - lookit, dude, Prentice, I'm not asking if you were there because I got the two guys that were in the track that were right there - they saw you. They were like - they came around the corner. They seen you walk around. I said - lookit - "Who - who's shooting?"

		We	2000
	Prentice Colema	in 01 10-2450	3/1/2010
121		They said, "(Ced)," I know you were there, I	knew you - I'm not worried
122		about asking you - I'm not gonna say, "Oh, yo	ni know what? Hey, Prentice,
123		were you there?" Bocause I don't have to. The	nt's why I was looking for you,
124		right? Cool. You - do you want to level with	me? So then look, like I said, tell
125		me what happened, who started it so that I'll I	know. Okay?
126	.A.	At the club, it sin't even (unintelligible) takin	g nothing. I mean, I don't know
127		who started what,	
128	Q.	Okay, Okay, okay, Well, at - at the Blue Reel	, when you guys got over there
129		and (Ced) ran up there and he started fighting	you guys were there on the
130		corner. You were still there, I want to know y	vhich guy pulled out a gun first,
131		'cause I know (Ced) pulled out a gun, but I de	m't know if the other guy pulled
132		it out there or it was later. I don't know this, I	got people over there on that
133		side that are saying one thing. They don't was	nt to own up to anything. Right?
134		You know that, If everybody goes on the other	er side and I have to go grab
135		everybody and make them talk, and it doesn't	look good - you understand that,
136		don't you? So here's your time - look at, if the	ey pulled out the gun, then you
137		need to say, "Hey, lookit. This is what happen	oed." If - if (Yak) and (Spark) -
138		you know, (Spark), right? Do you know who	I'm talking about?
139	A.	(Unintelligible).	
140	Q.	You - well, you know the guy that was with h	iim, okay? If they pulled out a
141		gun, then I need to know that because I got -	witnesses already got (Cedric)
142		pulling out a gun, I don't need that. I don't nee	ed you to tell me that. See, I had
143		that. So tell me what happened. Did - did you	see their gun? Did you see what
144		they were doing? Did you see something that	would have made it start to turn
145		that way?	
146	A.	No, it was - after the club, I have no idea if -	I mean, il' she told you all that
147		bull, she don't know, because	
148	Q.	Dude, yeah, but I	

...she ain't heard...

Yenere not...

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A. Q.

	Prentice Colem:	ın () I	10-2450	3/1/2010	
151	A	any of th	ic conversating and stuff.		
152	Q.	You're not	Bistening to me. Does - didn't I say		
153	A.	I listened everything, but she			
154	Q.	I'm just telling you what she - lookit, she told me what you told her. Look, I			
155		didn't say			
156	À.	(Unintellig	gible) saw him by the side of the club.		
157	Q.	Lookit. Or	here, no, she's - I have witnesses that buy	e you at Blue Reef. Dude,	
158		you're not	here because of your girl. You're here bec	ause you were seen at	
159		Blue Reef	You were seen. I'm not - lookit, there's or	nly a couple ways this can	
160		go. You ki	now this, don't you? You can either talk to	me and tell me, "Hey,	
161		you know	what? I didn't - or I wasn't a part of anythi	ng. I jost rode with them.	
162		I don't kno	w." Or, "I left the club after we got in a fi	ght with the guys." I got	
163		you on vid	leo, now. You know this. Lookit - lookit -	lookit	
164	A.	I went to n	ny apartment.		
165	Q.	I know tha	t. But you left with him in his car. You le	ft with him in his car. I	
166		got that on	video, too. Okay?		
167	Ä.	Mm-hm.			
168	$Q_{i}$	Okay. So r	now you're goma say you didn't get in the	car with him?	
169	A.	l never sai	d I got in the car with him.		
170	Q.	Dude, liste	en, you drove with him in his car. Okay		
171	A.	Do you kn	ow how far away I stay from (unintelligib	le)?	
172	Q.	Listen, Lde	on't - listen, ihat's not - I know where you	live. I know everything	
173		about you,	okay?		
174	$A_{i}$	Okay.			
175	Q.	Okay, liste	m, you went with him over to Blue Reef.	You guys came around the	
176		corner. Lo	okit. The guys - (Trevia) and those kids, t	bey saw you, they	
177		identified	you. Okay? They know you. They grew up	) with you.	
178	Å.	The once,	then he said the only thing (unintelligible)	did was the he pointed	
179		my picture	: ठवरं,		
180	Q.	Nope,			

	Prentice Coler	nan () 1	10-2450	3/1/2010
181	A.	(Unintelligi)	ole) that me.	
182	Q.	Nope. He sa	id that he - dude, he saw you. He iden	tified you coming around
183		the corner. I	ookit, dude. Let me tell you - listen, y	ou can play the games you
184		want to play	now. Ah, but I'm telling you	
185	$\mathbf{A}_{\ell}$	(Unintelligit	ole) playing no game with you.	
186	Q.	Okay, but lic	sten, you got a h- you got a firearm in j	your house
187	A.	I didn't have	nothing to do - that's not my house.	
188	Q.	You got - th	e gun	
189	A.,	That doesn't	***	
190	Q.	I'm gomes fi	nd your DNA on the gun and your fing	erprints, okay? So the gun
191		- you were s	taying over there with -1 know it's not	your house, but you were
192		staying with	her, you spend the night. She took me	over there - the gun that
193		you had in ti	he house. The kid said it was your gun	. She went over there, took
194		me to the cic	oset and showed me where your gun w	as, said you got it a couple
195		days ago anc	I then test fired. Lookit, dude, you're d	lone. Lookit, Ex-ex-felon in
196		possession c	rf a firearm. All right? Plus, you could	help yourself by telling the
197		muth in this	other thing. Did - did you go over ther	e as - with somebody that
198		had a fight?	Or did you go over there to kill someb	ody? But - see, 'cause I'
199		don't know.	Even if you didn't shoot, you went ove	er there with somebody that
200		did shoot an	d was identified. So a conspiracy is the	ere. You don't have to shoot
201		the gun. You	a don't have to, i charge you just the sa	one. Pro gonna charge you
202		just the same	e. So you have an opportunity here. Lo	ock, you could be a person
203		that was just	there. Now tell me what	
204	A.	So you can -	you can - you can charge me with sor	nething just because there
205		was a fight s	at the club?	
206	Q.	No, I'm gom	na charge you with something 'cause y	ou went over to the place,
207		they saw you	u, they identified you walking around t	the corner. So I dou't know
208		which your	part in it was. Lookit, man - dude, lose	the club. Wait, act like

I mean...

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A. Q.

Q.,

No, let me tell you, not like the club ain't there. Don't even try to put - don't jump in the club thing. Lookit, that's where it started. I know where it ended, okay? Forget the club. People identified you coming around the corner, or you wouldn't be here right now. I don't need you. I don't need you. What the heek or what do I care what you do? Do I care about you? No? Huh? Okay, so all I wanted to know is was it your plan, or did you just happen to be there? If I drove with somebody and they were in a fight with somebody, and I didn't know what they were gonna do, that doesn't make me the person that pulled the trigger. But if I drove with that person and I knew somebody was gonnaget shot, then that makes me equally guilty of it. Do you understand that? I can understand that.

Okay. So I'm not looking at this where, "Okay, um, Prentice, were you there?" That's not the question. I didn't ask you that. Okay? I'm asking you, when you went over there - because I have you identified - was it your plan to go and kill somebody? This is not - listen, like I said, you don't have to pull the trigger. You just have to have been with somebody that you knew was gonna do something like this and it happened. So you can start talking to me or you can play dumb. You can do whatever you want. You can say, "I don't know who was at the club." Forget the club. 'Cause it's you, (Cedmack) and the other guy who's - I - I'm gonna find out who it was. (Unintelligible) her family went over there and then something happened. Somebody pulled out a gun and started shooting. So you have an opportunity right now to either join in this thing as a conspiracy or key, you were just there. I mean, you're not tellyou're not bringing - you're not giving me any - you're not giving me any play. Look, I know you were there. I'm not asking you that. So what happened - if you didn't know it was gonna happen, then you need to talk to me now so that I can - I can separate you from the shooting. I can separate - if you were just there, then talk to me. But you're not helping yourself. You're not helping yourself. What are you doing? Are you thinking you being - just sitting there is gonna get you out of anything? No?

	Prentice Colema	10-2450	3/1/2010
240	A.	No.	
241	Q.	Okay, now, why won't you talk to me? I - lookit.	Look, forget saying you
242		weren't there, 'cause you were there, all right? Fo	rget that. Look, you got an
243		opportunity here. Just 'cause you drove with some	chody and just 'cause you
244		went over there didn't mean you did what they did	d. It doesn't mean you know
245		what they were gonna do.	
246	A.	Well, I mean, that don't mean (unintelligible) the	re was nothing. Like, I'm
247.		telling you, I don't know.	
248	Q.	Well, that's what I need to know. I just said that y	ou don't. There wasn't
249	Å.	You could (unintelligible).	
250	Q.	Lookit, dude, this is - I'm not putting you there.	
251	A.	Okay,	
252	Q.	î don't even care about you.	
253	A.	Whoever they are putting me there, I mean, they	probably just assuming
254		because	
255	Q.	No.	
256	$\mathbf{A}_{\epsilon}$	I just always usually there.	
257	Q.	They saw you, they know you. In fact, lookit - rig	tht here - here. They know
258		you guys so good they know everything about yo	u. Look, I - I don't need to
259	•	know anything about you. I know everything from	n them.
260	A.	And this	
261	Q.	Okay? I know what you guys did and what you g	ot convicted of back then:
262		They know. I think - look, before I talked to them	i, I didn't know anything
263		about you. They said, boom, boom, boom. They	went to jail together, they
264		hang out together, they came here together, they i	fought at the club together,
265		they were together at the chib when the fight star	ted, the followed them over
26 <b>6</b>		here. Boom, It went all the way, I don't know you	ı. I don't know you. So now I
267		know you because of everybody else.	
268	A.	And that's what I'm getting at because they figure	that we always together, I
269		bad to come.	

 $A_{i}$ 

Q.	No, no, no. No, They said they saw you walk around the corner. Lookit,
	Prentice, help yourself here. Because I'm not - I don't need you. But what you
	do - you do - you need this. You need to look. If you didn't know the shoot- I
	think - I'm - what I'm looking at, I'm looking like it was a plan. It was look a -
	'cause that's what it's looking like to me. To book you on a conspiracy to
	commit murder, and one guy - three guys came around the corner. One ran in
	the center of the street to fight. The other two set back and waited. That could
	be a conspiracy. You guys had to talk before you got there. And all I want to
	know is if there was no talk about the gun - if there was no talk about
	shooting. Maybe he had the gun hidden in his pants. I don't know, But the
	shooting started and that's where I come in. If you guys would have get - he
	would have just fought that guy in the street - (Yak) in the street, that would
	have been fine. But when somebody started shooting, it changed everything.
	You know this, right?
À.	I'm saying when I was with him, he didn't have nothing on him,
Q.	Two
Α.	I don't know if he had it with him then.
Q.	Okay. Okay, just tell me, did you see him pull out a gun at the place by the -
	in the street, or did you not see him pull out a gun? Or what - maybe it was
	just shooting on that one (unimelligible). I don't know. But I need you to help
	me out here. Because the other side - look, you can't go nowhere, Prentice.
	You gotta help yours-listen, here - you have an opportunity right now. You
	could step up. Tell me who started it in the street? Who you saw pull the gun'
	Because at this point, you got no place to go. Only place you can go is up
	instead of down. All right? Right now, you have a chance. You leave me no
	choice but to believe what I think happened. I think - and unless you can
	change this, it's a possibility you guys went over there because of the fight at
	the club and shot that kid. Okay? Now

I know (unintelligible) fighting, 'cause why I was gonna shoot a kid?

	Prentice C	oleman () l	10-2450	3/1/2010
299	Q.	You-I didn't	say that. I - but here's the thing.	This is what I'm trying to
300		understand. M	aybe you were (unintelligible).	But the whole thing is, is that
301	A.	Even (unimtell	igible) was there.	
302	Q.	l don't know. l	lookit	
303	A.	Ah, you seen -	you know - you seen	
304	Q.	they're tighti	ng, you see them like this	
205	$\Lambda_{i}$	But you said v	vhat (unintelligible).	
306	Q.	If your buddy	- if your friend got in a fight wit	di somebody, I - you know
307		what? Unforte	mately, videos don'i sh- show w	itat people say, okay? So I don't
308		know if some	rody would have been, ab, moth	er-fucking you of him or
309		whatever, See	. I'don't knew that, right? So I c	an see somebody physically in a
310		fight, but I car	it see what they say on a video.	You know, I can't hear that
		You understar	id?	
312	Α.	Mm-hm,		
313	$\mathbf{Q}_{i}$	You know, I-	I - and you - damn sure I could:	o't hear it in the club, okay? So I
314		dou't know wi	un was said. All I could see is th	re physical confrontation. So I
315		don't know he	w mad people were when every	body got thrown out to where
316		you guya woul	d have went over there. So I do	n't know if it was just a fight, if
317		it was just a -	f (Ced) just went over there to I	fight again, then you need to talk
348		to me. If it was	on't a plan. But the way it's look	ing right now, because you don't
349		want to talk -	t looked like you guys might ba	ive went over there because it - I
220		don't need the	- I don't need you to say; "Ob, I	was there or I wasn't there,
321		because I don'	bave no questions there." All f	want to know is if you knew
322		that (Ced) was	gonna shoot that guy, you need	l to talk to me. And if you did
323		know, and it v	asn't a plan, you need to tell me	ony.
324	A.	Ljust told you	it wasn't really - it wasn't - and	I - I didn't - I didn't see him with
325		no gan ar noth	ing - nothing that I know of. I d	on't know this whole thing.
326	Q.	So, what did -	well, who started the shooting?	Who started - what - how did
327		this shooting s	tart? The shooting started, I nee	rd to - some help here. Look,

	Prentice (	oleman 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
328		dude, you al	ready got yourself into this. Liste	n, do you want to go to juil for a
329		murder?		
330	A.	I am going t	. Just c	
331	$Q_{i}$	No, I know.	but you - but you - you're - you're	going to jail for a gun. Do you
132		want to go to	o jail for a murder charge?	
333	Α.	I mean, for (	unintelligible). But you said that	I'm in jail for murder trying to
3.4		digithatainu)	lo).	
335	Q.	You don't - i	no, it's - no. No, you're not listeni	ng to me.
336	Az	I mean		
337	Q.	No, y- you'n	the one that determines what I d	lo bere. Cause lookit. It's not
338	Α.	I can't give y	ou what you're looking for	
339	Q.	No, you gott	a give me what you saw. I alread	y know you were there. You said
340		didn't - you	didn't see him with the gan. You	didn't - you said it wasn't a plan.
34)		Okay, good.	I believe you. I'm gonna believe	you. Who started shooting first?
342		I need to kno	ow this.	
343	A.	And that - th	wi's what I keep telling you, right	? They just assuming - or make
344		you believe	that because I rode with the dude,	that I'm always there, too.
345	Q.	Dude, you w	rere there. You're not listening to	me. They saw you there.
346	Α.	And I was -	ah, I (unintelligible).	
347	Q.	Why - wait,	why are you doing this? Lookit, I	m gonna say this - L
348	A.	I was in that	club, I was so fucking drunk.	
349	Q.	I know, I kn	ow. Then maybe you went over th	iere - maybe you went over
350		there, you w	ere drunk. Okay, cool, then tell n	ic what
351	A.	I went home		
352	Q.	Bui - bui - b	ut - no, you didn't go home, becar	use they identified you being
353		there, Looki	t. Prentice, this is for you, it's not	for me.
354	A.	l know.		
355	Q.	Okay. So I n	cod help with this hill.	
356	<b>A.</b>	III (umintelli	gible).	

	Prentice Col	eman 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
357	Q.	If you want	t to talk to me. No, wait, it's - I want	ted you to - I wanted you to tell
358		me. If you:	saw them shoot in person - you saw	somebody pull out the gun.
359		then you no	ed to tell me because I don't think e	verybody on that side was like,
360		"Oh, we ju	st went there. We didn't do nothing	and they came - somebody
361		started sho	oting." See, I don't believe that. I be	lieve that somebody on the
362		other side v	vas shooting. So I need your help. C	kay? You want to talk to me,
163		dode, give	mç a	
364	A,	Yeah, Yeai	<i>}.</i>	
3 <b>6</b> 5	Q,	Huh?		
366	A.	I said I just	trying - I saw that, it did happen.	
367	Q.	Okay, Who	- who - whose idea - was it your id	ca to go over there or
368		(Cedric)'s?	Was it (Cedric)'s idea, you followed	P. You were in his car - he
369		drove? But	do you - do you think that	
370	A.	He drove n	te home. That's all	
371	Q.	Okay. But i	t's like.,.	
372	Α,	Sa you said	that (unintelligible).	
273	Q.	Wait. Do ye	ou think I don't have lights to show	people get in cars, those
3.74		cameras in	- în	
375	A.	I helieve yc	ou, but	
376	Q.	Okay, So y	ou don't think that I know what's go	ing on there? Wait, you think -
377		you're gonn	ia teli me that you went home when	- it didn't happen. I got
378		witnesses ti	scre. When - witnesses saw you on	Blue Reef. You told your girl
379		you were or	n Blue Reef. Listen. I know when -	me and her talked in the car.
380		She gave m	ie a statement. She said that you said	I you were on Blue Reef and
381		(Ced) starte	d fighting with the guy. And all of a	a sudden, the shooting started.
382		Now, she d	idn't say that you shot.	
383	A.	She couldn'	't say I didn't shot - I didn't shot not!	ring or nobody.
384	Q.	No, no, oka	y. But that's what she said. She didr	i'r say that. But she said you
385		were there	and you told her, okay? So, tell me.	help me out with this.
386	À.	I didn't kno	w this was going on, really, 'cause I	talked to her

	Prentice Coler	man ()I	10-2450	3/1/2010
387	Q.	No.		
388	Å.	alxout the	right at the club.	
389	Q.	Dude, no. In	m not - lookit, I don't - that's not wi	hat I'm saying.
390	A.	Now, when	æ.	
391	Q.	Listen, lister	n.	
392	A.	I talk to he	er of she maybe mentioned it to me	on the news, I say
393	Q.	She said tha	t you lold her you went to Blue Re	ef, (Ced) started fighting with a
394		guy and the	a the shooting started Listen. Liste	n, Prentice, it's time to help
395		yourseif her	e. Don't worry about nobody else. I	Know what? Lookit, don't
396		worry about	- lookit, if they did what they did,	that's on them. All I need you
397		to do is talk	to me and tell me which side starte	ed shooting.
398	Α.	That's what	I mean. Whatever they did, I don't	know. Man - man, you
399		throwing me	e into they shit.	
400	Q.	No, you're a	lready in their shit. You're not liste	ning to me. You were there.
401	.Ą.	(Unintelligi	nle).	
402	Q.	You saw wh	iat happened. So who am I gonna -	who am I gonna
403	A.	(Unintelligi)	Sle).	
404	Q.	ni ma oriw	i gonna ask who's - like, let me go j	pull a person off the street that
405		don't know i	mything and ask him something ab	out a shooting that - that he
406		wasn't there	. When, in fact, I got the guy that w	as there. He could tell me who
407		started it, so	why am I gonna go ask somebody	who's a perfect stranger? Who
408		am I gonna i	ssk? I'm gonna ask you. Dude, if I j	got people saying you were
409		there, why a	m I talking - that's the only reason	I'm talking to you. So after
410		talking to th	em, after your girl Arlanda telling i	me what you told her - that - I
411		don't know i	need anymore, okay? All I want to	do is clarify some issues here. I
412		don't - I'd ha	de to see you go to jail for somethin	ng I don't have to book you for
413		that. Okay?	I don't have to book you for that. I'm	m goma book you for the gun.
414		im not gom	w lie to you. I'm gonna book you fe	or the gun, all right? But I don't
415		have to bool	k you for a murder. But I need you	to talk to nie and tell me who
416		started the si	hooting over there. This is on you.	Lookit. You have an

	Prentice Co	leman 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
417		opportunity rig	tht now to talk to me. So tell in	c what happened after - on Blue
418		Roef You said	l it was a - (umintelligible) an k	lea. If it wasn't like, a planned
419		thing where -	where somebody in a car said, '	Hey, let's go kill somebody,"
420		and this is like	, not a planned thing and you v	vould not know what was gonne
421		happen. But if	somebody in the car did, then	I could see why you're besitant
422		and you don't	want to talk to me. So then may	/be you should - you know?
423	A.	Yeah, but you	getting at - I don't think (unint	diigible). If I could belp you
424		with (unintelli	gible) saying that anything hap	pened, you know, I wouldn't do
425		ît.		
426	Q.	Dode, you wer	e there. I'm not trying to - you	knów, see (unintelligible). No,
427		was it - here		
428	Δ.	And you (unin	telligible).	
429	Q,	Here's a little -	bere's a - Prentice, Prentice. T	he thing is, is that because I
430		know you wer	e there and I believe that every	hing you're doing, you're-
431		you're throwin	g a smoke screen at me becaus	e I know you were there because
432		they identified	you. Look, that's why I'm talk	ng to you now. I need you to
433		step up now ar	ed tell me the truth about what	happened at the deal. If - if it
434		was the plan a	nd you guys planned it or you	vent over there, tell me who
435		started the sho	oting there and I will know. Lo	okit, it was somebody over
436		there. The * the	guy that - on the other side, th	nat you went over - you had the
437		fight with - (C	ed) had a fight with, then talk t	o me. Talk to me. Like I said, I
438		don't need to h	ook you for a number, but I ne	al you to talk to me in order to
439		clarify these p	oint here in - in this case. I don	t know what's going on.
44()	A.	I can teil you,	man, as we had the altercation,	man, i wasn't - there was no talk

441

447

443

444

445

Q.

Α.

Q.

gonna do?

So what happened, then?

I didn't even know he was gonna fight him again.

of no murder, no plans or nothing about the other guy. That's...

So was all - it - was all (Ced) gonna do was fight him? Is that all he was

	Prentice Colen	nan 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
446	.A.	i don't exa	ctly (unintelligible). Cause I mean, lik	e you said, I could help
447		myself. Li	ke - like, I don't want to be in there for	no murder charge.
448	Q.	Well, you	re - that's what you're looking at hecau	se you want to keep playing-
449		you want i	to keep playing this game with me. Yo	u're like - you're gonna say -
450		wait, are y	ou trying to honestly tell me now that	you're still not there? Dude,
451		please. Wi	hat are you doing?	
452	A.	l mean, yo	on got your leads for real or whatever, I	don't try - I mean, we just
453	Q	They saw	you there. What - it's - it's a perfect str	anger, okay. They wouldn't
454		know.		
455	Δ.	A perfect:	stranger, it doesn't happen - it happene	d, didn't it?
456	Q	A perfect	stranger, no. Those guys know you. Th	ncy know you. They
457	<b>A</b>	Me?		
458	Q.	they gre	w up with you:	
459	A.	Them dod	os haven't been around me in no seven	years. How they gonna
460	Q.	They did -	they know you. They knew you at the	club, They saw you. They
461		were at the	e club, too. They're - those guys are at t	the club, too. But - in fact,
462		several pe	ople at the c- saw the fight at the club-	and then a lot of them came
463		back to the	e house and that's when they saw you g	cuys coming around the
464		corner. Th	at's the only reason I know what happe	ened. Dude, that's the only
465		reason I'm	here. What - you don't think I pulled y	your name out of a hat, do
466		you?		
467	A	Yeah, I th	onghi you was just asking (unimelligib	le) for this club.
468	Q.	Well, at -	okay. So when you guys went over to t	bere, it's either it was
469		planned th	iat somebody was gonna shoot somebo	ody, or it was no plan and it-
470		(Ced) just	went over there to fight with, ah - with	r (Yak) or (Demario),
471		whatever	you want to call him. And then somebo	ody just started shooting.
472		Beeause I	don't know. I know one gay was identi	ified shooting. Okay? But I
473		know that	you were identified as being there. Bu	t lookit, if - if - if there was a
474		plan befor	c you guys went over there and	
475	A.	Man, you	(unintelligible) - you playing.	

	Prentice Colema	n 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
476	Q.	Yeah, because I - lo	okit, here's the only way I can -	oh, here. Here, just listen.
477		Prentice - Prentice,	listen to me. I don't need to take	e you. I'm gonna take you
478		for the gun. I'm goo	na tell you - Leannot charge the	gun - I don't even care.
479		'Cause I can match	you up with the gun because I'n	ı gonna get your
480		fingerprints, I'm go	ina get your DNA on the gun. I	'm gonna get - that's for
481		sure. That's that.		
482	A.	That's (unintelligibl	e).	
483	$\mathbf{Q}_{\delta}$	Yeah, okay, so you	girl said you just got the gun. '	You brought it to the house.
484		She took me where	you hid it in the closet. She too	k me to that. I didn't
485	A.	I didn't see it hid in	the closet	
486	Q.	There's no doubt - t	bere's no doubt in my mind that	that gun - you're gonna go
487		to jail for that gun.	mean, that's the - that's the - it	cannot - you don't have to
488		go to jail for a misso	ler, but you need to talk to me a	bout what happened that
489		night over on Blue	Reef.	
490	Α.	Man		
491	Q.	So what happened?		
492	.A.	On Bluc Reef, what	happened?	
493	Q.	Your idea? Is that v	thy you're kind of hesitant to tel	ll me? It's your idea to do
494		this?		
495	A.	Noge.		
496	Q.	And, dude, I'm not	aughing. This isn't funny. Some	ebody's dead, though:
497	A.	Yeah, but, I mean, s	omebody is dead. (Unintelligib	le), I mean. like you say.
498		you all (unintelligit	le) down at the	
499	Q.	But you went over i	here and that's why I got you he	re is because I got you
500		identified as being -	coming around that corner. Lo	okit - bey
501	A.	Yeah, shoot, I just i	cept bearing about the (unintelli	gible), so then I just said -
£02		okay, they - you know	rw. I mean, to take - tell a story	, they gonna have to do
503		something - I didn't	have no altercation with nobod	y. I didn't have no
504		arguments with not	odý.	
505	Q.	Got thrown out with	the guys that had the fight. Yo	u left with them.

	Prentice Colema	in 01	10-2450	3/1/2010
506	Å,	I didn't hav	ve to get thrown out. I could have st	epped to the side, but - I mean, I
507		grew up w	ith these dudes. There ain't no point	in letting them continue to fight
508		when they	getting (unimelligible).	
509	Q.	So you got	t pissed off and you guys went over	to their house to get even.
\$10	A.	Who got p	rissed off?	
511	Q.	You and ((	Ced).	
ž12	Á.	What we p	rissed off for?	
\$13	Q.	You was -	I don't know. Why don't you tell me	e? That's what I'm trying to find
514		out.		
515	A.	I don't nee	d tu get pissed off.	
516	Q.	Well, you	got pissed off enough to go over the	re to the house and citizer plan
517		to shoot so	mebody or shoot somebody.	
518	A:	No. No pla	an, no shoot.	
519	Q.	Yeah. Wei	ll, listen, I'm gonna tell you what	
520	Α.	And I was	n't pissed at nobody - L - Lwasn't pis	sed. I - I had
521	Q.	Listen. Yo	n went over to their house afterware	is. I got you identified as going
522		over there.		
323	A.	You got se	ome camera over there so you can si	now I wasn't (unintelligible)?
524	Q.	Dude, I go	d eyewitnesses. Eyewitnesses.	
525	A.	You think	credibility mean something, huh?	
526	Q,	Yes, it doe	es. Man, if you want to think about i	t. This - this is your - like I said,
527		you deteen	nine what happens here, not me.	
328	A.	Well, I me	an, but, ah, how long it's gonna be l	refore I get to go tonight, man?
529	Q:	Just a few	minutes. You know, let me just - l'r	n - like I said, I'm trying to get
530		this - this i	ironed out to where I know what's h	appened over on Blue Reef.
531	A.	Well, I dor	n't	
532	$\mathbf{Q}_t$	'Cause it -	I just want you to tell me the truth.	If you didn't know that they
533		were gram	a start shooting - if you didn't know	- if there wasn't a plan
534	A.	We never	talked about no shooting, he never t	alked about no gun. He never
235		showed me	e no gun, i never-you know?	

	Prentice Colema	n () 1	10-2450	3/1/2010
536	Q.	So what - and he	just walked up there without a gun	}
537	A.	I don't know wha	he walked up there with. How do	know what - like, what
\$38		he walked up ther	e with?	
539	Q.	I - I can't see him:	going up there not - and you not kn	nowing what he has or if
540		he had a gun or h	: - I can't see that. You drive all the	way with him and then
541		you don't see the	gun? You don't know what's going	on?
\$42	A.	I mean, you put -	you put - supporting that I didn't go	. Dude, you know where
543		I stay at, right?		·
544	Q.	Yeah, I know who	n you stay.	
545	A.	Okay, now, when	: Ustay at to where the incident hap	pened, it's on my way to
£46		be dropped off.		
547	Q.	I know. But, I'm s	orry, man, the people identified yo	a as being there.
548	A.	Mm-lim. That's ri	ght. (Unintelligible) and everything	: And I'm just trying to
849		be (unintelligible)	booking so I can call my employer	r and tell them I won't be
550		in, I mean, I told y	you everything for it - the club situa	ition. Everything after
\$51		that is irrelevant t	e me. I took no parts and no plan a	nd no talking, no shooting
552		and stuff.		
333	Q.	Well, you went or	ver to the house with him. So you're	: looking - I'm - I'm
554		looking at the con	spiracy to commit murder, I'm looi	king at battery with a
555		deadly weapon. I'd	m looking at attempt murder.	
556	A	Damn, aitempt m	urder. Who I attempt murder now?	
557	Q.	When you shot at	the other guys that were there.	
558	Ä.	I shot		
559	Q.	That's right. Okay	, listen to me. Listen	
560	A	Oh, man, damn		
561	Q.	you can say this	is - well, if - if - if you're aware - i	f you're aware
562	A.	(Unintelligible).		
\$63	Q.	If you went with s	omebody - did you just hear me wl	ien I first started - if you

went with somebody that shot at somebody, then you're rolled up to the whole

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565		thing. If - if you rolled with somebody to tob o	s bank and you sit in the car,
366		what do you get charged with?	
567.	A.	Um, (unintelligible).	
568	Q.	No. I'm just saying if you - no, forget about the	at. That probably wasn't a good
569		one because you had - had - I know you - so I'	ll just - okay, forget the bank.
570		Okay, if you were the getaway driver in the cr	ime, do yan think you get
271.		charged with the same thing? Right? Okay, so	if you drove - if you drove with
572		somebody to a shooting and you shot at a bun	ch of people and there happened
573		to be an attempt murder and a battery, then I v	would charge you the same. That
<b>.</b> 74		doesn't mean you had to shoot, but I would ch	arge you the same, okay? So
375		that's not having to put your gun in your hand	as a shooter. But if you're not a
576		witness - if you're not a witness, then you're a	part of this crime. And this is
577		what I was trying to tell you. If you're not	
578	Á,	I am, though, (unintelligible).	
579	Q.	And you're - you're already there - I already go	ot you there. I already got you
580		walking around the corner with (Ced) and ano	ther guy I haven't yet identified
381		-but I will - and they get on the street, someb-	ody pulled out his gun and
582		started shooting. Okay, so if you came with th	em, then it was either a plan or
583		you're a witness.	
584	A.	I wasn't (unintelligible).	
585	Q.	Dude, you were there. Okay, then, let me - let	- tell me something.
586	A.	Ask the boys over in (unintelligible). She can	tell you I wasn't there: She
±87		obviously knows who it is.	
588	Q.	Dude.	
389	$\Delta_n$	She can fell you I wasn't there.	
590	Q.	They had never fought. It's not about her. She	don't even know you.
591	A.	She know me enough to know I wasn't there.	
592	Ç.	She don't even know you.	
£93	A.	Well, she bouncing in the club, so she knows	me.
§94	Q.	No.	

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595	Α.	Like I said, s	he can tell you I wasn't there.	
396	Q.	She - look, F	m telling you right now who ider	utified you. You're - you're
597		already there	. I'm not asking if you were there	£.
598	A.	I mean, you	can say that, um, (unintelligible)	was in the car, they said, no. I
599		wasn't there.		
600	Q.	Dude, Fine, t	then, I'll play this game, then, I'll	be back.
601	A.,	I'm not playi	ng a game, man.	
602	Q,	it's a game. N	You are just playing the game. I to	old you - (unintelligible). Fine.
603				

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FILED ORIGINAL FILED FEB 0 6 2012 1 ROC PAGMICAW FIRM, LTD. FEB 0 6 2012 PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. 2 CLERK OF COURT Nevada Bar No. 6009 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 3 Phone: (702) 38**6-**9113 Fax: (702) 386-9114 Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. 6 Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631 7 100265339 - 1ß ROC Email: winderdanatty@aol.com Receipt of Copy Attorneys for Cedric Jackson 1763886 10 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 STATE OF NEVADA. CA65339-1 12 Plaintiff. 13 CASE NO: (10-C-265339-1 14 10-C-265339-2 CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, 15 DEPT. NO: X 16 Defendants. 17 18 RECEIPT OF COPY 19 RECEIPT OF COPY of NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION BY 20 DEFENDANT JACKSON TO SEVER TRIAL OF DEFENDANTS is hereby 21 acknowledged this \( \frac{16}{6} \) day of January, 2012. 22 23 24 25 employee of COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 26 Attorney for Defendant Prentice Coleman 27 28 RECEIVED FED 01 2012 CLERK OF THE COURT

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**ORDR** 1 MARY-ANNE MILLER 2 Interim Clark County District Attorney FILED Nevada Bar #001419 3 NELL E. CHRISTENSEN FEB 1 6 2012 Chief Deputy District Attorney · 4 Nevada Bar #008822 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 Attorney for Plaintiff б 7 100265339 - 1 Order Danying Motion 8 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 10 Plaintiff, 11 CASE NO: C-10-265339-1 -vs-12 DEPT NO: X 13 CEDRIC LEROB JACKSON, #1581340 14 Defendant. 15 16 ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SEVER TRIAL OF DEFENDANTS 17 DATE OF HEARING: 02/06/12 18 TIME OF HEARING: 8:30 A.M. THIS MATTER having come on for hearing before the above entitled Court on the 19 6th day of February, 2012, the Defendant being present, represented by PATRICIA PALM, 20 ESQ. and DAN WINDER, ESQ., the Plaintiff being represented by MARY-ANNE 21 22 MILLER, Interim District Attorney, through NELL E. CHRISTENSEN, Chief Deputy 23 District Attorney, and the Court having heard the arguments of counsel and good cause 24 appearing therefore, 25 //

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I.	
1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Defendant's Motion to Sever Trial of
2	Defendants, shall be, and it is denied.
3	DATED this(4 day of February, 2012.
4	
5	DISTRICT TUDGE
6	DISTRICT JUDGE 700
7	
8	MARY-ANNE MILLER Interim District Attorney
9	Interim District Attorney Nevada Bar #001419
10	hell Christensen
11	NELL E. CHRISTENSEN
12	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822
13	1464ada Dai #000022
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## ORIGINAL



1	001	
2	PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009	FILED
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10		ICT COURT
11	CLARK CO	UNTY, NEVADA
	STATE OF NEVADA,	
12	Plaintiff,	
13	)	GAGE NO. 10 G 005000 1
14	\v. \	CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1
	CEDRIC L. JACKSON,	DEDM NO V
15	}	DEPT. NO: X
16	Defendants.	DATE:
17	}	TIME:
18	NOTICE OF MOTION AND M	OTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO

# NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO CONTINUE TRIAL

COMES NOW Defendant Cedric Jackson, by and through his attorneys, Dan M. Winder and Patricia A. Palm and hereby moves this Honorable Court to grant a continuance of the currently scheduled trial date of June 25, 2012.

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10C265339 - 1 MTCT Motion to Continue Trial 1848329

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Y

This Motion is made and based upon the attached Points and Authorities, the Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, the Nevada Constitution, article 1, section 8, all pleadings and papers on file herein, the record in this case, the affidavit attached hereto, and any oral argument as this Court may deem necessary. DATED this 9TH day of May, 2012. By: PATRICIA A. PALM DAN M. WINDER NOTICE OF MOTION CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for the Plaintiff, STATE OF NEVADA; CLARK COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER, Attorney for Prentice Coleman, Codefendant. YOU, AND EACH OF YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 2/ day of May, 2012, at the hour of 83 a.m. or as soon

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thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 2 day of May, 2012.

Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson

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# MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On or about February 10, 2010, the State filed its Complaint charging Cedric Jackson (Jackson) in Case No. 10FN0329X with murder with use of a deadly weapon, battery with use of a deadly weapon causing substantial bodily harm, 3 counts of attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, 2 counts assault with a deadly weapon, and one count conspiracy to commit murder. Pursuant to the State's Motion, the case against Jackson was joined with the related case against Prentice Coleman (Coleman) for preliminary hearing which was set for May 12, 2010. The preliminary hearing was continued to June 11, 2010, when the co-defendants unconditionally waived their rights to preliminary hearing and were bound over to District Court. The State was permitted to amend the Complaint to allege additional counts related to the discharge of a firearm at and from a vehicle. On June 24, 2010, Jackson and Coleman were arraigned, entered pleas of Not Guilty, and waived their 60-day statutory speedy trial rights. On June 16, 2010, the State filed its Information charging Jackson and Coleman by Information as follows:

- Count 1: Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (related to the killing of Jamario Macklin)
- Count 2: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);
- Count 3: Battery with Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm (again naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);
- Count 4: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);
- Count 5: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 6: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 7: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 8: Conspiracy to Commit Murder (incorporating allegations in counts 1-7):

Count 9: Discharging a Firearm at or into an occupied vehicle occupied by Devin and Carlos Bass;

Count 10: Discharging a Firearm from out of a Motor Vehicle.

On July 7, 2010, the District Court set trial for both defendants for May 2, 2011.

On July 9, 2010, the State filed its Notices of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty against each Defendant. The Notice filed in Jackson's case alleges the following aggravating circumstances:

- 1. The murder was committed by a person under sentence of imprisonment (NRS 200.033(1) (relying on Jackson's conviction in a federal case wherein he and codefendant Coleman were each convicted in the same case for aiding and abetting and interference with commerce by armed robbery). Jackson is alleged to have been on parole when the instant alleged capital offense was committed.
- 2. The murder was committed by a person who has been convicted of a felony involving use or threat of violence (NRS 200.033(2)(b) (relying on the same above mentioned federal conviction).
- 3-8. The murder was committed by a person who has been convicted of a felony involving use or threat of violence (NRS 200.033(2)(b) (relying on the sought after convictions in the instant case, based on Counts II through VII of the Information).

9. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person (NRS 200.033(3) (relying on an alleged risk of death to Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, Devin Bass, Juanetta Washington, and Laquitta Langstaff as well as unnamed residents in homes nearby where the incident in question occurred).

В

On November 22, 2010, Attorney Dan Winder confirmed as court-appointed counsel to Jackson, and on January 10, 2011, Attorney Patricia Palm confirmed as court-appointed co-counsel for Jackson. On March 30, 2011, the Court granted the Defenses' oral request to continue the matter, and trial was reset for June 25, 2012.

On January 18, 2012, Jackson moved to sever his trial from the trial of Codefendant Coleman, which the State opposed. This Court heard the motion on February 6, 2012, and entered its Order denying the Motion on February 16, 2012.

#### **FACTS**

As there was no preliminary hearing or grand jury proceeding whereby facts were set forth through evidence and testimony was transcribed, the following statement of facts relies on police reports and other items of discovery provided by the State. This recitation of facts in no way concedes the veracity, reliability or admissibility of the State's evidence discussed herein.

The State's evidence indicates that on January 31, 2010, shortly after midnight, Jackson arrived at the Aruba Nightclub in Las Vegas. His girlfriend, Nicole Davis, arrived separately shortly thereafter. While there, the couple met with Co-defendant Prentice Coleman. After some hours, they met with Jamario Macklin. A verbal altercation ensued and Macklin threw a glass at Jackson and Coleman. A physical altercation began, and Macklin's friends joined in. Aruba Club's bouncers threw these parties out of the club. Outside, the parties agreed to meet at another location to fight.

Shortly afterward, the fight continued at Marcus Albert's house. Albert was an associate of Macklin. Jackson and Macklin met to engage in a fist fight in the street. Immediately after the fight began, gunshots were heard.

Witness/alleged victim Marcus Albert (Albert) gave three different statements to police. Eventually, he stated that when the parties met outside his mother's house, they were going to fight. He and Jamario Macklin (Macklin) (aka Yak and Mario) went to Albert's mother's house and parked. Albert was out of the car when Defendant Jackson (aka CedMac) walked around the corner. Macklin got out of the car, and then "weighed up," and Jackson reached back like he was going to reach in his pocket. Then Co-defendant Prentice Coleman (aka PB and PointBlank) came running with a little dude. Coleman started shooting. He shot towards Albert's face, then shot Albert's truck, then his knee. Albert saw Jackson and Coleman come into the yard and shoot together at Albert and Macklin. Albert never saw Carlos or Devin Bass at the scene. The other guy with Coleman was also shooting, but Albert could not identify him. Albert was treated for a gunshot wound to his right knee.

Devin Bass (Devin) also gave two different statements. He heard there was going to be a scrap and he drove over to Albert's home with his cousin Carlos Bass (Carlos). Devin was parked in front of Albert's house, and another car pulled up with "Diesel" in it. Diesel might have moved around the corner. Devin moved his own car, then he saw three people walking. Devin could not see any faces. Devin assumed that Jackson walked up, but he was not sure who it was. Macklin was in the car with Albert, and "Spark" was in the car behind him when three guys walked from the corner. Macklin was confronting one of the guys like he was going to fight. Macklin was saying, "Hold, on," while he pulled up his pants, and a dark guy started shooting. Devin assumed that Coleman pulled out the gun first, as it looked like Jackson and Macklin were getting ready to fight. Jackson actually threw a blow, and somebody said, "Fuck that." Devin did not see Jackson shooting. Carlos was still outside of the car. Carlos said someone was shooting at him and Devin, as they were

taking off. Devin thought they were being chased so he headed toward Crip City. They were being chased by a goldish brown Yukon XL. Devin told everyone it was Jackson and Coleman that did it, but that was just because he heard this from other people there.

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Carlos Bass stated that he was present for the altercation at the Aruba club. He later went to Albert's house and a girl parked behind him. Carlos hopped out of the car and Jackson had already walked up. Jackson did not pull out a gun, but Carlos heard one shot. Coleman had walked out with another male around the corner. One of them was shooting, but Jackson did not shoot. Jackson ran up to fight, and then somebody came from around the corner. Carlos left when he heard the first shot. Jackson did not have a gun, and he ran up in a fighting stance. When Carlos left, Jackson's truck was following them.

Laquita Langstaff gave a statement to police indicating that she was Macklin's girlfriend. She was at the Aruba Club and saw the altercation which started when Macklin refused to shake Jackson's hand. Langstaff followed Macklin in her vehicle after they were escorted out. Langstaff parked behind Macklin and then saw some guys pull up in a red or orange Camaro and an older white Jeep. She saw four suspects approach Macklin's vehicle. All four had firearms. The first one began fighting with Macklin then stepped back, pulled out a gun and started shooting at him. Then all of the suspects shot toward the victims. Langstaff did not know any of the suspects and could not recognize any pictures. The instigator was called something with a "P". Langstaff got her cousin out of the car in front of her, then got in her car and left. When she returned Macklin was lying in front of his gun, dying on the ground.

Juanetta Washington stated that during the fight she was sitting in Macklin's car. Jackson was there with other people. Macklin went into the street to fight Jackson, and they met in the middle of the street. Macklin pulled his pants up and told her to get down. She was already ducked down when the shooting started.

According to autopsy report, Macklin was shot 9 times. He had marijuana active ingredients and metabolites in his blood as well as alcohol. Numerous shell casings were found near his body, indicating he may have been firing a gun. No gun was found by police when they arrived at the scene.

Gunshot Residue test results from the right hands of alleged victims Albert and Macklin showed that they both may have been firing a gun or were in close proximity to a firearm discharge. A ballistics report showed that three different firearms fired the bullet casings recovered from the scene.

The vehicle of Jackson's girlfriend, Nicole Davis, was recovered on February 13, 2010, after she reported it stolen. It was found in an abandoned parking lot with damage to doors and ignition. GSR testing showed that a weapon may have been discharged near passenger side of car.

#### 1. The Statements of the Co-defendants:

б

No statements admissible against Cedric Jackson: Jackson did not give a statement to police and the discovery does not indicate that he made any statements regarding the incident to others which would be admissible against him.

Prentice Coleman's statements to police: Numerous statements are likely to be admissible against Coleman. He was arrested on February 24, 2010, on charges of ex-felon in possession of a firearm and traffic warrants. A .22 Ruger long rifle recovered from a search of Coleman's home. According to police several of Coleman's comments to them indicate that he was present during the shooting. On March 1, 2010, Coleman gave a statement to police wherein he stated that it was not he who was fighting. He indicated the fight was between Jackson and Macklin. In his second statement, when the police told him that it appeared from the shell casings that Macklin may have had a gun but none was found, he responded, "Oh, so they did take the gun off them then." Coleman further indicated that it was possible that Jackson did this alone. Coleman also stated, "I can tell you it wasn't planned and I didn't see no gun."

Coleman is also reported to have made statements to his girlfriend, Arland Veley, wherein he implicates Jackson and exculpates himself.

In addition, Coleman has made numerous statements during recorded telephone calls at CCDC, which recordings have been provided in discovery, and implicate both Coleman and Jackson. Finally, police recovered text messages from Coleman's telephone which implicate him as having an interest in the State's witnesses in this case.

#### ARGUMENT

When the newly appointed Clark County District Attorney Steven B. Wolfson took office in February, 2012, Jackson's counsel made an immediate effort to determine whether the State would withdraw its Notice of Intent to Seek Death in this case, given Wolfson's public statements regarding death penalty overcharging. Jackson's counsel also sought to attempt to negotiate the case, as counsel determined that additional experts were going to be needed if the case were to go forward as a death penalty case. In that vein, Jackson's counsel held off on requesting additional expert approvals and approached the District Attorney's Office in February, 2012, formally requesting reconsideration of the death penalty, and/or to discuss possible case resolution. The District Attorney's Office and Jackson's counsel have since attempted to negotiate in good faith, but those negotiations just recently failed. Therefore, Jackson must now request additional approvals for expert witnesses to continue with the preparation of Jackson's defense at trial.

Cedric Jackson's Defense has been working diligently to investigate and prepare for the guilt and penalty phases of trial. As of this date, the defense has made trips to the field with its guilt phase investigator on multiple occasions, the defense's court-appointed out-of-state mitigation specialist has made two, separate week-long trips to Las Vegas to conduct witness interviews and other forensic social history mitigation investigation. However, this specialist believes that to effectively present mitigation at trial, according to ABA Guidelines for Death Penalty Cases, at

least twelve (12) additional social history witnesses need to be interviewed, and other background interviews and record gathering must be done in California and Nevada, requiring an additional week-long trip to be planned for this specialist, which trip must also be coordinated with counsels' schedules.

Jackson's neuropsychologist also must finish his examination of Jackson and prepare a report, which efforts have been stayed during the recent attempts to resolve this case. Furthermore, additional neuropsychological testing needs to be done to adequately defend the penalty phase at trial.

Until the Jackson's Defense can finish with its full mitigation investigation, as well as its guilt phase investigation of outstanding discovery, i.e., discovery related to the 1700 E. Flamingo case (702 club), reference to which is made in the ballistics reports in this case, Jackson's defense counsel cannot determine the merits of potential pretrial motions necessary to adequate representation at trial.

Jackson's counsel has contacted the State as well as counsel for the codefendants. Counsel for the State has indicated that they will not oppose this motion to continue, however, counsel for the codefendant Prentice Coleman has now indicated that they will oppose a continuance of trial. Prentice Coleman waived his right to a speedy trial at the time of the initial trial setting.

#### **ARGUMENT**

The Eighth Judicial District Court Rule 7.30 states as follows:

"(a). Any party may, for good cause, move the court for an order continuing the day set for trial of any cause. A Motion for continuance of the trial must be supported by affidavit ...."

This Motion is based on the foregoing reasons and the Affidavit of Counsel attached hereto.

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' || ///

#### **CONCLUSION**

Defendant CEDRIC JACKSON respectfully requests that this Honorable Court grant this Motion to Continue, and vacate and reset the current trial date of June 25, 2012.

Dated this \_\_\_\_ day of May, 2012.

Patricia Palm, Esq.

Bar No. 6009

1212 Casino Center Blvd.

Las Vegas, NV 89104

(702) 386-9113

Dan M. Winder, Esq.

3507 W. Charleston Blvd.

Las Vegas, NV 89102

Phone: (702) 474-0523

Attorneys for Cedric Jackson

#### DECLARATION OF COUNSEL

PATRICIA A. PALM, swears and states as follows:

- 1. That declarant is an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and is the attorney appointed as SCR 250 counsel, along with Attorney Dan M. Winder, to represent Cedric Jackson in this Death Penalty case, which is currently set for trial on June 25, 2012, with a calendar call of June 20, 2012.
- 2. That I have read and am familiar with the discovery provided by the State and other records related to this matter, and that I have set forth true and accurate factual representations as to the proceedings and circumstances described herein.
- 3. That all other matters set forth in the foregoing motion are true and correct to the best of my knowledge upon information and belief.
- 4. That Defendant Cedric Jackson is aware of the need for the continuance and has no objection thereto.
  - 5. That the State does not oppose a continuance.
- 6. That counsel for codefendant Prentice Coleman has indicated that they will oppose a continuance.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 9th Day of May, 2012.

PATRICIA A. PALM

## ORIGINAL

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	2	CERT PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 386-9113 Fax: (702) 386-9114 Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.cor LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDE DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631	c. u = .0H *12
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	5	Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDE	R, P.C.
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	7	Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523	10C265339 - 1 CSERV
	8	Fax: (702) 474-0631   Email: winderdanatty@aol.com   Attorneys for Cedric Jackson	Certificale of Service 1854857 
	9		
	10	CLARK C	RICT COURT OUNTY, NEVADA
	12	STATE OF NEVADA,	}
	13	Plaintiff,	{
	14	v.	CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1
	15	CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,	DEPT. NO: X
	16	Defendants.	DATE:
	17		TIME:
	18	CERTIFIC	CATE OF SERVICE
	19	The undersigned hereby certifi	es that on the 15 day of May, 2012, she
	20	mailed a true and correct copy of th	ne Notice of Motion and Motion by Defendant
	21	Jackson to Continue Trial filed on Ma	ay 10, 2012, by first class postage prepaid mail
	22	deposited at the United States Postal	Service, addressed as follows:
	23	Ivette Amelburu	
	24 25	Scott Bindrup Clark County Special Public De	fender's Office
	26	300 S. Third Street	
	<b>1</b>	8 <sup>th</sup> Floor Las Vegas, NV 89155-2316	1
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## ORIGINAL

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Email: winderdanatty@aol.com
Attorneys for Cedric Jackson

FILED

May 16 11 58 AH 12

CLERK MILLERT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 10C265339 - 1 ROC Receipt of Copy 1854867



STATE OF NEVADA,

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Plaintiff,

v.

CEDRIC L. JACKSON,

Defendants.

CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1

DEPT. NO: X

### RECEIPT OF COPY

RECEIPT OF COPY of NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO CONTINUE TRIAL is hereby acknowledged this day of May, 2012.

An employee of the

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

MAY 1 6 2012 CLERK OB THE COURT

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Electronically Filed 05/24/2012 12:18:27 PM

**NOTC** 1 STEVEN B. WOLFSON CLERK OF THE COURT 2 Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 3 NELL E. CHRISTENSEN Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822 4 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 5 6 Attorney for Plaintiff 7 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 9 Plaintiff. 10 CASE NO: 10C265339-1 11 -VS-DEPT NO: X CEDRIC L. JACKSON, #1581340 12 PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, #1660312 13 Defendant. 14 SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF WITNESSES AND/OR EXPERT WITNESSES 15 [NRS 174.234] 16 TO: CEDRIC L. JACKSON. Defendant: and 17 TO: DAN WINDER, ESQ. and PATRICIA PALM, ESQ., Counsel of Record: 18 PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, Defendant; and TO: 19 SCOTT BINDRUP, Special Public Defender, Counsel of Records: TO: 20 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 21 NEVADA intends to call the following witnesses in its case in chief: 22 These witnesses are in addition to those witnesses endorsed on the Information and 23 any other witness for which a separate Notice has been filed. 24 YOU, AND EACH OF YOU, WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the STATE OF 25 NEVADA intends to call expert witnesses in its case in chief as follows: 26 The substance of each expert witness testimony and copy of all reports made by or at 27 the direction of the expert witness has been provided in discovery. 28

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1	A copy of each expert witness curriculum vitae, if available, is attached hereto.
2	<u>NAME</u> <u>ADDRESS</u>
3	ACUNA, RONALD - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
4	ALBERT, BETTY – 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
5	ALBERT, JOVON - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
6	ALBERT, KEANDRE - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
7	ALBERT, MARCUS - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
8	ALBERT, ROBERT - 2642 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
9	ANTONIEWICZ, ALLEN – NLVPD P#1529
10	ARROYO, RAUL – 2617 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
11	BASS, CARLOS - 2621 SOMMER CT., NLVN
12	BASS, DEVIN - 5901 TRUMBULL ST., LVN
13	BOKSBERGER, DR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in the
14	area of emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is
15	expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
16	BRUCELAS, GEPP – NLVPD P#2342
17	BRYANT, JR., GEORGE – 2633 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
18	CREED, M.D. LUTHER - UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in
19	the area of radiology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected
20	to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
21	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – AT&T
22	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER
23	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – DISPATCH
24	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – GUN REGISTRATION
25	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - LVMPD – RECORDS
26	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DMV – RECORDS
27	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS
28	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS – NEVADA DEPT. OF PAROLE AND PROBATION

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1	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NLVPD – DISPATCH
2	CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS - NLVPD - RECORDS
3	DAVIS, NICHOLE – ADDRESS UNKNOWN
4	DELALIS, PETER - NLVPD P#1623
5	DOUGHERTY, ED – CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
6	DIXON, ROBERT – NLVPD P#1187
7	FARAGE, MICHAEL – NLVPD P#1669
8	GIAMPAOLO, NICK - NLVPD P#932
9	GLAZIER, LT. – NLVPD P#701
10	HANKS, ROBERT – NLVPD P#998
11	HARDER, WILLIAM – NLVPD P#2099
12	HARRIS, NICHOLAS – NLVPD P#1962
13	HEITZENRATER, JEFFREY – NLVPD P#2029
14	HILSON, CALVIN – NLVPD P#1955
15	HONAKER, JAMIE - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
16	JOHNS, MATTHEW - CC DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE
17	KUHLS, MD. DEBORAH A UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER She is an
18	expert in the area of emergency medicien and will give scientific opinions related
19	thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert
20	in this case.
21	LANGSTAFF, LAQUITTA - 18 W. WEBB AVE., #D, NLV
22	LEAVITT, ERIC – NLVPD P#1879
23	LUBKING, MICHAEL - NLVPD P#1984
24	MACKLIN, PERRY – 2608 WEST, NLVN 89032
25	MACKLIN, STEPHANIE – 2608 WEST, NLVN 89032
26	MCFARLAND, ANDRE – 2617 BLUE REEF, NLVN 89030
27	MEIER, RYAN – NLVPD P#2026
28	MELGAREJO EDWING - NLVPD P#837

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1	MICHAELIS, MICHELLE – U.S. PROBATION OFFICER, 300 LAS VEGAS
2	BLVD., S., SUITE 1200, LVN
3	NELSON, PETER – NLVPD P#2332
4	OSWALD, MITCHELL - U.S. PROBATION OFFICER, 300 LAS VEGAS
5	BLVD., S., SUITE 1200, LVN
6	PATEL, DR. KETAN – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
7	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
8	Albert in this case.
9	PRIETO, JESUS - NLVPD P#674
10	RADKE, WENDY – NLVPD P#1915
11	ROSEN, MD. MARK J. – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in
12	the area of emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He
13	is expected to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
14	RYAN, JUSTIN – NLVPD P#1000
15	SILVA, JUSTIN – SURREY DIVISION, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS – 50 E.
16	BROOKS AVE., NLVN
17	SIMMS, DR. LARY - CLARK COUNTY CORONER - Chief Medical Examiner
18	with the Clark County Coroner's Office. He is an expert in the area of forensic
19	pathology and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify
20	regarding the cause and manner of death of the decedent in this case.
21	ST. HILL, DR UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an expert in the area of
22	emergency medicine and will give scientific opinions related thereto. He is expected
23	to testify regarding the injuries sustained by Marcus Albert in this case.
24	STITES, DR. DANNIEL – UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
25	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
26	Albert in this case.
27	STONE, NANCI - NVLPD P#1227
28	STONE, RANDALL – LVMPD P#2887, Forensic Scientist II (or designee): He is an

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1	expert in the area of firearm/toolmark analysis, Gun ID, ballistics, burn stippling and
2	muzzle flash and and will give opinions related thereto. He is expected to testify
3	regarding evidence collected from the crime scene.
4	SURANOWITZ, MARK – NLVPD P#1072
5	TETLOW, ALEXANDER - NLVPD P#1687
6	TROLISE, ALBERT – 5421 ASHTON, LVN 89142
7	VACHON, CRYSTINA R Criminalist with the Bexar County Forensic Science
8	Center. She is an expert in the area of gunshot residue and will give scientific
9	opinions related thereto. She is expected to testify regarding the gunshot residue
10	analysis she performed in this case.
11	WASHINGTON, JAUNTTA - 732 ASTER LANE, #11D, LVN
12	YOUNG, DR. CHRISTIAN — UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER He is an medical
13	expert and is expected to testify regarding the injuries, treatment and care of Marcus
14	Albert in this case.
15	ZWIEFEL, CHRIS – SURRY DIVISION, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS – 50 E
16	BROOKS AVE., NLVN
17	STEVEN B. WOLFSON
18	District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565
19	BY /s//NELL E. CHRISTENSEN
20	NELL E. CHRISTENSEN
21	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822
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### CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING I hereby certify that service of State's Supplemental Notice, was made this 23rd day of May, 2012, by Electronic Filing to: DAN WINDER, ESQ. E-mail Address: winderdanatty@aol.com and PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. E-mail Address: patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com and SCOTT BINDRUP, Special Public Defender SBindrup@ClarkCountyNV.gov Shellie Warner Secretary for the District Attorney's Office mmw/GCU C:\Program Files\Neevia.Com\Document Converter\temp\3003898-3546870.DOC

# ORIGINAL

001
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Las Vegas, NV 89104
Phone: (702) 386-9113
Fax: (702) 386-9114
Email: <u>Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com</u>

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Stan & Shum CLERK OF THE COURT

LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd.

Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631

Email: winderdanatty@aol.com

Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

v. CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1

CEDRIC L. JACKSON,

DEPT. NO: X

Defendant.

DATE:

TIME:

# NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR IN CAMERA INSPECTION AND RELEASE OF JUVENILE RECORDS

COMES NOW, Defendant CEDRIC JACKSON, by and through his counsel, PATRICIA A. PALM, ESQ., and DAN M. WINDER, ESQ., and moves this Court for an Order for the production of all of Defendant Cedric Jackson's juvenile criminal history records, including but not limited to (a) all juvenile detention, jail, prison, parole, probation and presentence investigation records; (b) all sentencing reports; (c) all arrest, conviction, and juvenile criminal offense records; (d) all records of any detention including but not limited to sign in/sign out sheets, visitor logs, booking and release records, any medical or psychiatric treatment provided during detention; and (e) all institutional records regarding Jackson of any kind. Counsel represents

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Jackson in the instant case in which the State is seeking a Death Penalty, and requests such production for possible use at the trial in this matter which is set for June 24, 2013. Because the records are sealed, it is requested herein that the Court order the records be ordered to be produced to the Juvenile Court for in camera inspection, unsealing and production to counsel for Jackson.

This Motion is made and based upon the attached Points and Authorities, the record in this case, the affidavit attached hereto, and any oral argument as this Court may deem necessary.

DATED this day of August, 2012.

Зу: <u>Д</u>

PATRICIA A. PALM DAN M. WINDER

Attorneys for Defendant Jackson

### **NOTICE OF MOTION**

TO: Steven B. Wolfson, Clark County District Attorney

DATED this 22 day of August, 2012.

PATRICIA A. PALM DAN M. WINDER

Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson

# MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF THE CASE

On or about February 10, 2010, the State filed its Complaint charging Cedric Jackson (Jackson) in Case No. 10FN0329X with murder with use of a deadly weapon, battery with use of a deadly weapon causing substantial bodily harm, 3 counts of attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, 2 counts assault with a deadly weapon, and one count conspiracy to commit murder. Pursuant to the State's Motion, the case against Jackson was joined with the related case against Prentice Coleman (Coleman) for preliminary hearing which was set for May 12, 2010. The preliminary hearing was continued to June 11, 2010, when the co-defendants unconditionally waived their rights to preliminary hearing and were bound over to District Court. The State was permitted to amend the Complaint to allege additional counts related to the discharge of a firearm at and from a vehicle. On June 24, 2010, Jackson and Coleman were arraigned, entered pleas of Not Guilty, and waived their 60-day statutory speedy trial rights. On June 16, 2010, the State filed its Information charging Jackson and Coleman by Information as follows:

- Count 1: Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (related to the killing of Jamario Macklin)
- Count 2: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);
- Count 3: Battery with Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm (again naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);
- Count 4: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);
- Count 5: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 6: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 7: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 8: Conspiracy to Commit Murder (incorporating allegations in counts 1-7):

Count 9: Discharging a Firearm at or into an occupied vehicle occupied by Devin and Carlos Bass;

Count 10: Discharging a Firearm from out of a Motor Vehicle.

On July 7, 2010, the District Court set trial for both defendants for May 2, 2011.

On July 9, 2010, the State filed its Notices of Intent to Seek the Death Penalty against each Defendant. The Notice filed in Jackson's case alleges the following aggravating circumstances:

- 1. The murder was committed by a person under sentence of imprisonment (NRS 200.033(1) (relying on Jackson's conviction in a federal case wherein he and codefendant Coleman were each convicted in the same case for aiding and abetting and interference with commerce by armed robbery). Jackson is alleged to have been on parole when the instant alleged capital offense was committed.
- 2. The murder was committed by a person who has been convicted of a felony involving use or threat of violence (NRS 200.033(2)(b) (relying on the same above mentioned federal conviction).
- 3-8. The murder was committed by a person who has been convicted of a felony involving use or threat of violence (NRS 200.033(2)(b) (relying on the sought after convictions in the instant case, based on Counts II through VII of the Information).

9. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person (NRS 200.033(3) (relying on an alleged risk of death to Jamario Macklin, Marcus Albert, Carlos Bass, Devin Bass, Juanetta Washington, and Laquitta Langstaff as well as unnamed residents in homes nearby where the incident in question occurred).

1.

On November 22, 2010, Attorney Dan Winder confirmed as court-appointed counsel to Jackson, and on January 10, 2011, Attorney Patricia Palm confirmed as court-appointed co-counsel for Jackson. On March 30, 2011, the Court granted the Defenses' oral request to continue the matter, and trial was reset for June 25, 2012.

On January 18, 2012, Jackson moved to sever his trial from the trial of Codefendant Coleman, which the State opposed. This Court heard the motion on February 6, 2012, and entered its Order denying the Motion on February 16, 2012.

On May 21, 2012, the Court granted Jackson's subsequent motion to continue trial once more, and trial was set for June 24, 2013.

#### **FACTS**

As there was no preliminary hearing or grand jury proceeding whereby facts were set forth through evidence and testimony was transcribed, the following statement of facts relies on police reports and other items of discovery provided by the State. This recitation of facts in no way concedes the veracity, reliability or admissibility of the State's evidence discussed herein.

The State's evidence indicates that on January 31, 2010, shortly after midnight, Jackson arrived at the Aruba Nightclub in Las Vegas. His girlfriend, Nicole Davis, arrived separately shortly thereafter. While there, the couple met with Co-defendant Prentice Coleman. After some hours, they met with Jamario Macklin. A verbal altercation ensued and Macklin threw a glass at Jackson and Coleman. A physical altercation began, and Macklin's friends joined in. Aruba Club's bouncers threw these parties out of the club. Outside, the parties agreed to meet at another location to fight.

Shortly afterward, the fight continued at Marcus Albert's house. Albert was an associate of Macklin. Jackson and Macklin met to engage in a fist fight in the street. Immediately after the fight began, gunshots were heard.

Witness/alleged victim Marcus Albert (Albert) gave three different statements to police. Eventually, he stated that when the parties met outside his mother's house, they were going to fight. He and Jamario Macklin (Macklin) (aka Yak and Mario) went to Albert's mother's house and parked. Albert was out of the car when Defendant Jackson (aka CedMac) walked around the corner. Macklin got out of the car, and then "weighed up," and Jackson reached back like he was going to reach in his pocket. Then Co-defendant Prentice Coleman (aka PB and PointBlank) came running with a little dude. Coleman started shooting. He shot towards Albert's face, then shot Albert's truck, then his knee. Albert saw Jackson and Coleman come into the yard and shoot together at Albert and Macklin. Albert never saw Carlos or Devin Bass at the scene. The other guy with Coleman was also shooting, but Albert could not identify him. Albert was treated for a gunshot wound to his right knee.

Devin Bass (Devin) also gave two different statements. He heard there was going to be a scrap and he drove over to Albert's home with his cousin Carlos Bass (Carlos). Devin was parked in front of Albert's house, and another car pulled up with "Diesel" in it. Diesel might have moved around the corner. Devin moved his own car, then he saw three people walking. Devin could not see any faces. Devin assumed that Jackson walked up, but he was not sure who it was. Macklin was in the car with Albert, and "Spark" was in the car behind him when three guys walked from the corner. Macklin was confronting one of the guys like he was going to fight. Macklin was saying, "Hold, on," while he pulled up his pants, and a dark guy started shooting. Devin assumed that Coleman pulled out the gun first, as it looked like Jackson and Macklin were getting ready to fight. Jackson actually threw a blow, and somebody said, "Fuck that." Devin did not see Jackson shooting. Carlos was still outside of the car. Carlos said someone was shooting at him and Devin, as they were

taking off. Devin thought they were being chased so he headed toward Crip City. They were being chased by a goldish brown Yukon XL. Devin told everyone it was Jackson and Coleman that did it, but that was just because he heard this from other people there.

Carlos Bass stated that he was present for the altercation at the Aruba club. He later went to Albert's house and a girl parked behind him. Carlos hopped out of the car and Jackson had already walked up. Jackson did not pull out a gun, but Carlos heard one shot. Coleman had walked out with another male around the corner. One of them was shooting, but Jackson did not shoot. Jackson ran up to fight, and then somebody came from around the corner. Carlos left when he heard the first shot. Jackson did not have a gun, and he ran up in a fighting stance. When Carlos left, Jackson's truck was following them.

Laquita Langstaff gave a statement to police indicating that she was Macklin's girlfriend. She was at the Aruba Club and saw the altercation which started when Macklin refused to shake Jackson's hand. Langstaff followed Macklin in her vehicle after they were escorted out. Langstaff parked behind Macklin and then saw some guys pull up in a red or orange Camaro and an older white Jeep. She saw four suspects approach Macklin's vehicle. All four had firearms. The first one began fighting with Macklin then stepped back, pulled out a gun and started shooting at him. Then all of the suspects shot toward the victims. Langstaff did not know any of the suspects and could not recognize any pictures. The instigator was called something with a "P". Langstaff got her cousin out of the car in front of her, then got in her car and left. When she returned Macklin was lying in front of his gun, dying on the ground.

Juanetta Washington stated that during the fight she was sitting in Macklin's car. Jackson was there with other people. Macklin went into the street to fight Jackson, and they met in the middle of the street. Macklin pulled his pants up and told her to get down. She was already ducked down when the shooting started.

According to autopsy report, Macklin was shot 9 times. He had marijuana active ingredients and metabolites in his blood as well as alcohol. Numerous shell casings were found near his body, indicating he may have been firing a gun. No gun was found by police when they arrived at the scene.

Gunshot Residue test results from the right hands of alleged victims Albert and Macklin showed that they both may have been firing a gun or were in close proximity to a firearm discharge. A ballistics report showed that three different firearms fired the bullet casings recovered from the scene.

The vehicle of Jackson's girlfriend, Nicole Davis, was recovered on February 13, 2010, after she reported it stolen. It was found in an abandoned parking lot with damage to doors and ignition. GSR testing showed that a weapon may have been discharged near passenger side of car.

### 1. The Statements of the Co-defendants:

No statements admissible against Cedric Jackson: Jackson did not give a statement to police and the discovery does not indicate that he made any statements regarding the incident to others which would be admissible against him.

Prentice Coleman's statements to police: Numerous statements are likely to be admissible against Coleman. He was arrested on February 24, 2010, on charges of ex-felon in possession of a firearm and traffic warrants. A .22 Ruger long rifle recovered from a search of Coleman's home. According to police several of Coleman's comments to them indicate that he was present during the shooting. On March 1, 2010, Coleman gave a statement to police wherein he stated that it was not he who was fighting. He indicated the fight was between Jackson and Macklin. In his second statement, when the police told him that it appeared from the shell casings that Macklin may have had a gun but none was found, he responded, "Oh, so they did take the gun off them then." Coleman further indicated that it was possible that Jackson did this alone. Coleman also stated, "I can tell you it wasn't planned and I didn't see no gun."

Coleman is also reported to have made statements to his girlfriend, Arland Veley, wherein he implicates Jackson and exculpates himself.

In addition, Coleman has made numerous statements during recorded telephone calls at CCDC, which recordings have been provided in discovery, and implicate both Coleman and Jackson. Finally, police recovered text messages from Coleman's telephone which implicate him as having an interest in the State's witnesses in this case.

#### **ARGUMENT**

Defendant, Cedric Jackson, is entitled to all relevant and material discovery pertaining to his case, including the juvenile records pertaining to him. NRS 174.235(1) provides, in part that

at the request of a defendant, the prosecuting attorney shall permit the defendant to inspect and to copy or photograph any:

- (a) Written or recorded statements or confessions made by the defendant, or any written or recorded statements made by a witness the prosecuting attorney intends to call during the case in chief of the State, or copies thereof, within the possession, custody or control of the State, the existence of which is known, or by the exercise of due diligence may become known, to the prosecuting attorney:
- (b) Results or reports of physical or mental examinations, scientific tests or scientific experiments made in connection with the particular case, or copies thereof, within the possession, custody or control of the State, the existence of which is known, or by the exercise of due diligence may become known, to the prosecuting attorney; and
- (c) Books, papers, documents, tangible objects, or copies thereof, which the prosecuting attorney intends to introduce during the case in chief of the State and which are within the possession, custody or control of the State, the existence of which is known, or by the exercise of due diligence may become known, to the prosecuting attorney.

Further, NRS 174.285(2) provides that the State shall comply with a defense request for such discovery, "not less than 30 days before trial or at such reasonable later time as the court may permit."

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In addition to the mandate of NRS 174.235, the Court may allow inspection of the records pursuant to NRS 62H.170 (allowing inspection upon the petition of subject of the records or upon the petition of the district attorney or an attorney representing a defendant in a criminal action). Jackson also relies on his rights under the Fifth, Sixth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution as well as the similar provisions of Article 1 of the Nevada Constitution. The State has an obligation to disclose all evidence to a defendant which is material either to guilt or punishment, and a criminal defendant has a right to access to evidence to aid in his defense. See United States v. Bagley, 473 U.S. 667, 105 S. Ct. 3375 (1985); California v. Trombetta, 467 U.S. 479, 104 S. Ct. 2528 (1984); United States v. Agurs, 427 U.S. 97, 96 S. Ct. 2392 (1976); Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194 (1963); <u>Jimenez v. State</u>, 112 Nev. 610, 918 P.2d 687, 692 (1996); Roberts v. State, 110 Nev. 1121, 881 P.2d 1 (1994); Armstrong v. United States, 96 Nev. 175, 605 P.2d 1142 (1980). Exculpatory and material evidence is evidence which is favorable to the defense and which may create any reasonable likelihood that the outcome of the trial or capital sentencing trial would have been different. Smith (Dennis Wayne) v. Wainwright, 799 F.2d 1442, 1444-45 (11th Cir. 1986); Chaney v. Brown, 730 F.2d 1334, 1357 (10th Cir. 1984). A defendant also has the right to make a defense to the charges against him and to receive effective assistance of counsel in making his defense under the Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution. See Washington v. Texas, 388 U.S. 14, 87 S. Ct. 1920 (1967); In Re Oliver, 333 U.S. 257, 68 S. Ct. 499 (1948); and Geders v. United States, 425 U.S. 80, 96 S. Ct. 1330 (1976). Finally due process guarantees of fundamental fairness give an accused the right to documents that could be favorable to his defense, even if those documents are confidential or privileged in nature. See Pennsylvania v. <u>Ritchie</u>, 480 U.S. 39, 107 S. Ct. 989 (1987) (holding that a defendant was entitled to confidential Child Protective Services records under the Fourteenth Amendment's guarantee of a fair trial).

Jackson respectfully requests this Honorable Court to enter an order to aid him in securing due process of law and his constitutionally guaranteed right of access to evidence with which to aid with his defense. The juvenile records of Cedric Jackson are material to the preparation of his defense in the State's capital case against him and could affect the judgment of the trier of fact. Moreover, this request is not only material, but it is reasonable. These records pertain to the defendant himself and may affect his theories of defense or issues of mitigation of sentence. The request is for records pertaining to a defendant in a capital case trial and it is in no way burdensome to the State or the Court.

Based on the forgoing, Counsel is requesting and moves this Court for an Order for the production of all of Defendant's juvenile criminal history records maintained by any division of juvenile court, the Department of Juvenile Justice Services, the District Attorney's juvenile division, any and all records generated or maintained by the family court or support services and any investigation reports generated or maintained by the juvenile or family court divisions, including but not limited to (a) all juvenile detention, jail, prison, parole, probation and presentence investigation records; (b) all sentencing reports; (c) all arrest, conviction, and juvenile criminal offense records; (d) all records of any detention including but not limited to sign in/sign out sheets, visitor logs, booking and release records, any medical or psychiatric treatment provided during detention; and (e) all institutional records regarding Cedric Jackson of any kind. Without the production of the requested records, Jackson's counsel will be not be able to properly prepare and present his defense in this capital case resulting in the violation of the rights afforded to him under the Fifth, Sixth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and under Article I, Section 8 of the Nevada Constitution.

### **CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, DEFENDANT CEDRIC JACKSON, through his counsel, respectfully requests that this Court grant him the relief requested herein.

Dated this aday of August, 2012.

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Patricia Palm, Esq.
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Las Vegas, NV 89104
(702) 386-9113
Dan M. Winder, Esq.
3507 W. Charleston Blvd.
Las Vegas, NV 89102
Phone: (702) 474-0523

Attorneys for Cedric Jackson

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5	Fax: (702) 386-9114   Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com	CLERK OF COURT
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8	Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: <u>winderdanatty@aol.com</u> Attorneys for Cedric Jackson	
9	Attorneys for Cedric Jackson	
10	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA	
12	STATE OF NEVADA,	<u>}</u> _
13	Plaintiff,	
14	v. (2)	CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1
15	CEDRIC L. JACKSON,	DEPT. NO: X
16	Defendant.	
17		) )
18	RECEI	PT OF COPY

RECEIPT OF COPY of NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION FOR IN CAMERA INSPECTION AND RELEASE OF JUVENILE RECORDS is hereby acknowledged this <u>22</u> day of August, 2012.

employee of the

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

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Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson



DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff.

1.4 CEDRIC L. JACKSON,

Defendant.

CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1

DEPT. NO: X

# ORDER FOR IN CAMERA INSPECTION AND RELEASE OF JUVENILE RECORDS

Defendant CEDRIC JACKSON's Motion for an Order granting in camera inspection and release of juvenile records having come on for hearing on this 5th day of September, 2012, and this Court having been fully advised in the matter and good cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that the juvenile court and criminal history records of CEDRIC L. JACKSON, DOB 2/14/1983, SSN 530-98-4598, be made available to the Defendant Jackson's appointed counsel. PATRICIA A. PALM, ESQ., and DAN M. WINDER, ESQ., subject to an in camera inspection and determination of the Juvenile Court. This Order contemplates

production of the following: of all of CEDRIC L. JACKSON'S juvenile criminal history records maintained by any division of juvenile court, the Department of Juvenile Justice Services, the District Attorney's juvenile division, any and all records generated or maintained by the family court or support services and any investigation reports generated or maintained by the juvenile or family court divisions, including but not limited to (a) all juvenile detention, jail, prison, parole, probation and presentence investigation records; (b) all sentencing reports; (c) all arrest, conviction, and juvenile criminal offense records; (d) all records of any detention including but not limited to sign in/sign out sheets, visitor logs, booking and release records, any medical or psychiatric treatment provided during detention; and (e) all institutional records regarding Cedric Jackson of any kind.

DATED this	_ <i>5<sup>1</sup>h</i> day of _	Sept	, 2012.
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Submitted by:

PALM LAW FIRM, LTD.

Bv

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Las Vegas, NV 89104

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Attorney for Defendant Jackson 330 South Third St. Suite 800

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4	Phone: (702) 386-9113   Fax: (702) 386-9114			
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9	DIST	RICT CO	IIRΥ	
10	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
11	STATE OF NEVADA,	)		
12	Plaintiff,	}		
13	v.	} c	ASE NO: 10-C-26533	9-1
14	CEDRIC L. JACKSON,	}		
15		) D	EPT. NO: X	
16	Defendant.			
17	ORDER FOR MITIGATION	INVESTI	GATOR TO BE ALLO	WED
18	<u>CONTA</u>	CT VISIT	ATION	
19				
20	Upon application of counsel and good cause appearing therefore,			
21	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Danielle Waller and/or Valerie Kennedy of			
22	Mitigation & Sentencing Services, be allowed contact visits with Defendant Cedric Jackson,			
23	Defendant, Inmate Id. No. #1581340, at the Clark County Detention Center while he is being			
24	held at the jail in custody in this matter.			
25	DATED this day of Septen	shor 2012		
26	DATED and day of Septen	1061, 2012		
27		<u> </u>	ISTRICT COURT HUDG	E.
28		<b>.</b>		Ž
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Submitted by:

Patricia A. Palm, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 6009

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1212 S. Casino Center Blvd.

Attorney for Cedric L. Jackson

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   Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson
```

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

v. CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1

CEDRIC L. JACKSON,

DEPT. NO: X

Defendant.

DATE:

TIME:

# EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR ORDER ALLOWING CONTACT VISIT

COMES NOW, DEFENDANT CEDRIC L. JACKSON, by and through his attorneys, PATRICIA A. PALM and DAN M. WINDER, and hereby requests this Court grant him an Order allowing contact visitation between the appointed mitigation investigator in this matter, Danielle Waller and/or Valerie Kennedy, of Mitigation & Sentencing Services, and Defendant Cedric L. Jackson, Id. No. 1581340, at the Clark County Detention Center, where he is being housed pending trial.

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III

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This application is made upon the attached Declaration of Counsel. DATED this day of September, 2012.

PALM LAW FIRM, LTD.

PATRICIA A. PALM, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 6009

Attorney for Defendant Cedric Jackson

### DECLARATION OF COUNSEL

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, PATRICIA A. PALM, being first duly sworn according to law, deposes and states as follows:

- 1. That I am an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and am counsel appointed along with Attorney Dan M. Winder to represent Defendant Cedric L. Jackson in the instant matter, in which the State is seeking a Death Penalty.
- 2. That I am familiar with the record and facts in this matter, including the mitigation investigation being done to defend against a death penalty at the time of any penalty hearing.
- 3. That trial is set in this matter to begin June 24, 2013, and pending trial Defendant Cedric Jackson is being housed at Clark County Detention Center ("CCDC"), in Las Vegas, Nevada, under Id. No. 1581340.
- 4. That the Office of Appointed Counsel and Director Drew Christensen have appointed Mitigation & Sentencing Services, and its employees, Danielle Waller and/or Valerie Kennedy, to perform the mitigation investigation consistent with ABA rules, Nevada Supreme Court Rule 250, and the Sixth, Eighth and Fourteenth

Amendments of the United States Constitutions, and article 1 of the Nevada Constitution.

- 5. That Mitigation Sentencing Services is located in the State of Illinois, and that twice previously, Ms. Waller and/or Ms. Kennedy have visited Las Vegas to conduct mitigation investigation in this case, and that during those times Ms. Waller has been allowed contact visits at CCDC to perform the mitigation investigation without being required to be accompanied by an attorney. Such visitation was allowed based upon presentation of a letter from this counsel.
- 6. That because of recent changes in CCDC policy, instead of court appointed professionals being allowed access for contact visits with defendants by submitting a letter from counsel, the jail now requires an Order from the Court to allow the same contact visits.
- 7. That Ms. Waller and/or Ms. Kennedy have a trip planned for October, 2012, to finalize the defense's mitigation investigation and will also plan to be present during trial in June, 2013. Further, that during both of these trips Ms. Waller and/or Ms. Kennedy will need access to Clark County Detention Center to interview Defendant Cedric Jackson during contact visits.
- 8. That I have informed counsel for the State, Ms. Nell Christensen, of our request for a Contact Visitation Order for the defense's appointed mitigation specialist, and she had no opposition thereto.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this day of September, 2012.

PATRICIA A. PALM

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1	001	Steen to Chimm	
2	PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009	CLERK OF THE COURT	
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10	Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson		
	DISTI CLARK CO	RICT COURT DUNTY, NEVADA	
11	STATE OF NEVADA,	)	
12	Plaintiff,		
13	v.	() CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1	
14	CEDRIC L. JACKSON and	10-C-265339-2	
15	PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,	DEPT. NO: X	
16	Defendants.	DATE:	
17			
18	NOTICE OF MOTION AND I	MOTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO	
19		INUE TRIAL	
20	COMES NOW Defendant Cedric	Jackson, by and through his attorneys, Dan	
21			
22	M. Winder and Patricia A. Palm and hereby moves this Honorable Court to grant a continuance of the currently scheduled trial date of June 24, 2013.		
23	///	trial date of sume 24, 2015.	
24			
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26	/// 		
27	<i>///</i>		
28	<i> ///</i>		
	<i>III</i>		

This Motion is made and based upon the attached Points and Authorities, the Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, the Nevada Constitution, article 1, section 8, all pleadings and papers on file herein, the record in this case, the affidavit attached hereto, and any oral argument as this Court may deem necessary.

DATED this 8th day of April, 2013.

By. PATRICIA A. PALM

DAN M. WINDER

## NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for the Plaintiff, STATE OF NEVADA:

CLARK COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER, Attorney for Prentice Coleman, Codefendant.

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 22 day of April, 2013, at the hour of 30 am a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 8th day of April, 2013.

DAN M. WINDER

Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson

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On or about February 10, 2010, the State filed its Complaint charging Cedric Jackson (Jackson) in Case No. 10FN0329X with murder with use of a deadly weapon, battery with use of a deadly weapon causing substantial bodily harm, 3 counts of attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, 2 counts assault with a deadly weapon, and one count conspiracy to commit murder. Pursuant to the State's Motion, the case against Jackson was joined with the related case against Prentice Coleman (Coleman) for preliminary hearing which was set for May 12, 2010. The hearing was continued to June 11, 2010, when the co-defendants unconditionally waived their rights to preliminary hearing and were bound over to District Court. The State was permitted to amend the Complaint to allege additional counts related to the discharge of a firearm at and from a vehicle. On June 24, 2010, Jackson and Coleman were arraigned, entered pleas of Not Guilty, and waived their 60-day statutory speedy trial rights. On June 16, 2010, the State filed its Information charging Jackson and Coleman by Information as follows:

Count 1: Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (related to the killing of Jamario Macklin)

Count 2: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);

Count 3: Battery with Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm (again naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);

Count 4: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 5: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 6: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 7: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 8: Conspiracy to Commit Murder (incorporating allegations in counts 1-7);

Count 9: Discharging a Firearm at or into an occupied vehicle occupied by Devin and Carlos Bass;

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Jackson's defense counsels have conferred with Mr. Scott Bindrup, defense counsel for Codefendant Prentice Coleman, and he indicates that he intends to use the 702 Club evidence to shift blame from Coleman to Jackson, since Coleman was not at the 702 Club incident but Jackson was present at both scenes and the same gun was apparently used at both scenes which involved multiple shooters, therefore, Coleman will attempt to show that the evidence points only to Jackson and not to Coleman.

# FACTS RELATING TO THIS INCIDENT

As there was no preliminary hearing or grand jury proceeding whereby facts were set forth through evidence and testimony was transcribed, the following statement of facts relies on police reports and other items of discovery provided by the State. This recitation of facts in no way concedes the veracity, reliability or admissibility of the State's evidence discussed herein.

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A verbal altercation ensued and Macklin threw a glass at Jackson and Coleman. A physical altercation began, and Macklin's friends joined in. Aruba Club's bouncers threw these parties out of the club. Outside, the parties agreed to meet at another location to fight.

Shortly afterward, the fight continued at Marcus Albert's house. Albert was an associate of Macklin. Jackson and Macklin met to engage in a fist fight in the street. Immediately after the fight began, gunshots were heard.

Witness/alleged victim Marcus Albert (Albert) gave three different statements to police. Eventually, he stated that when the parties met outside his mother's house, they were going to fight. He and Jamario Macklin (Macklin) (aka Yak and Mario) went to Albert's mother's house and parked. Albert was out of the car when Defendant Jackson (aka CedMac) walked around the corner. Macklin got out of the car, and then "weighed up," and Jackson reached back like he was going to reach in his pocket. Then Co-defendant Prentice Coleman (aka PB and PointBlank) came running with a little dude. Coleman started shooting. He shot towards Albert's face, then shot Albert's truck, then his knee. Albert saw Jackson and Coleman come into the yard and shoot together at Albert and Macklin. Albert never saw Carlos or Devin Bass at the scene. The other guy with Coleman was also shooting, but Albert could not identify him. Albert was treated for a gunshot wound to his right knee.

Devin Bass (Devin) also gave two different statements. He heard there was going to be a scrap and he drove over to Albert's home with his cousin Carlos Bass (Carlos). Devin was parked in front of Albert's house, and another car pulled up with "Diesel" in it. Diesel might have moved around the corner. Devin moved his own car, then he saw three people walking. Devin could not see any faces. Devin assumed that Jackson walked up, but he was not sure who it was. Macklin was in the car with Albert, and "Spark" was in the car behind him when three guys walked from the corner. Macklin was confronting one of the guys like he was going to fight. Macklin was saying, "Hold, on," while he pulled up his pants, and a dark guy started

shooting. Devin assumed that Coleman pulled out the gun first, as it looked like Jackson and Macklin were getting ready to fight. Jackson actually threw a blow, and somebody said, "Fuck that." Devin did not see Jackson shooting. Carlos was still outside of the car. Carlos said someone was shooting at him and Devin, as they were taking off. Devin thought they were being chased so he headed toward Crip City. They were being chased by a goldish brown Yukon XL. Devin told everyone it was Jackson and Coleman that did it, but that was just because he heard this from other people there.

Carlos Bass stated that he was present for the altercation at the Aruba club. He later went to Albert's house and a girl parked behind him. Carlos hopped out of the car and Jackson had already walked up. Jackson did not pull out a gun, but Carlos heard one shot. Coleman had walked out with another male around the corner. One of them was shooting, but Jackson did not shoot. Jackson ran up to fight, and then somebody came from around the corner. Carlos left when he heard the first shot. Jackson did not have a gun, and he ran up in a fighting stance. When Carlos left, Jackson's truck was following them.

Laquita Langstaff gave a statement to police indicating that she was Macklin's girlfriend. She was at the Aruba Club and saw the altercation which started when Macklin refused to shake Jackson's hand. Langstaff followed Macklin in her vehicle after they were escorted out. Langstaff parked behind Macklin and then saw some guys pull up in a red or orange Camaro and an older white Jeep. She saw four suspects approach Macklin's vehicle. All four had firearms. The first one began fighting with Macklin then stepped back, pulled out a gun and started shooting at him. Then all of the suspects shot toward the victims. Langstaff did not know any of the suspects and could not recognize any pictures. The instigator was called something with a "P". Langstaff got her cousin out of the car in front of her, then got in her car and left. When she returned Macklin was lying in front of his gun, dying on the ground.

Juanetta Washington stated that during the fight she was sitting in Macklin's car. Jackson was there with other people. Macklin went into the street to fight Jackson, and they met in the middle of the street. Macklin pulled his pants up and told her to get down. She was already ducked down when the shooting started.

According to autopsy report, Macklin was shot 9 times. He had marijuana active ingredients and metabolites in his blood as well as alcohol. Numerous shell casings were found near his body, indicating he may have been firing a gun. No gun was found by police when they arrived at the scene.

Gunshot Residue test results from the right hands of alleged victims Albert and Macklin showed that they both may have been firing a gun or were in close proximity to a firearm discharge. A ballistics report showed that three different firearms fired the bullet casings recovered from the scene.

The vehicle of Jackson's girlfriend, Nicole Davis, was recovered on February 13, 2010, after she reported it stolen. It was found in an abandoned parking lot with damage to doors and ignition. GSR testing showed that a weapon may have been discharged near passenger side of car.

# 1. The Statements of the Co-defendants:

No statements admissible against Cedric Jackson: Jackson did not give a statement to police and the discovery does not indicate that he made any statements regarding the incident to others which would be admissible against him.

Prentice Coleman's statements to police: Numerous statements are likely to be admissible against Coleman. He was arrested on February 24, 2010, on charges of ex-felon in possession of a firearm and traffic warrants. A .22 Ruger long rifle recovered from a search of Coleman's home. According to police several of Coleman's comments to them indicate that he was present during the shooting. On March 1, 2010, Coleman gave a statement to police wherein he stated that it was not he who was fighting. He indicated the fight was between Jackson and Macklin. In his second statement, when the police told him that it appeared from the shell casings that

Macklin may have had a gun but none was found, he responded, "Oh, so they did take the gun off them then." Coleman further indicated that it was possible that Jackson did this alone. Coleman also stated, "I can tell you it wasn't planned and I didn't see no gun."

Coleman is also reported to have made statements to his girlfriend, Arland Veley, wherein he implicates Jackson and exculpates himself.

In addition, Coleman has made numerous statements during recorded telephone calls at CCDC, which recordings have been provided in discovery, and implicate both Coleman and Jackson. Finally, police recovered text messages from Coleman's telephone which implicate him as having an interest in the State's witnesses in this case.

#### **ARGUMENT**

The Eighth Judicial District Court Rule 7.30 states as follows:

"(a). Any party may, for good cause, move the court for an order continuing the day set for trial of any cause. A Motion for continuance of the trial must be supported by affidavit ...."

This Motion is based on the following reasons and the Affidavit of Counsel attached hereto.

When the newly appointed Clark County District Attorney Steven B. Wolfson took office in February, 2012, Jackson's counsel made an immediate effort to determine whether the State would withdraw its Notice of Intent to Seek Death in this case, given Wolfson's public statements regarding death penalty overcharging. Jackson's counsel also sought to attempt to negotiate the case, as counsel determined that additional experts were going to be needed if the case were to go forward as a death penalty case. In that vein, Jackson's counsel held off on requesting additional expert approvals and approached the District Attorney's Office in February, 2012, formally requesting reconsideration of the death penalty, and/or to discuss possible

case resolution. The District Attorney's Office and Jackson's counsel then attempted to negotiate in good faith but were unable to reach an agreement. Therefore, the prior continuance request in this case on May 10, 2012, was based in part on Jackson's need to request additional approvals for expert witnesses to prepare Jackson's defense at trial.

The prior request for a continuance was also specifically based upon the need to obtain outstanding requested guilt phase discovery related to the "1700 E. Flamingo case (702 club), reference to which is made in the ballistics reports in this case." 5/10/12 Motion to Continue, p.10. This discovery was finally furnished on March 26, 2013, along with additional discovery related to the arrest of "Alvin Young," who had a weapon which apparently was used at both homicides.

Although Cedric Jackson's Defense has been working diligently to investigate and prepare for the guilt and penalty phases of trial, making multiple trips to the field with its guilt phase investigator, attending file and evidence vault reviews, and having worked with the defense's court-appointed out-of-state mitigation specialist during three, separate week-long trips to Las Vegas to conduct witness interviews and other forensic social history mitigation investigation, other investigation remains to be done.

Specifically, from a review of the newly furnished 702 club discovery and discovery related to Alvin Young, and from subsequent consultation with Codefendant Counsel, it is apparent that Jackson will need to further investigate the newly furnished evidence from the 702 Club unsolved homicide further in order to effectively defend Jackson at trial, and to determine the merits of potential pretrial motions necessary to adequate representation at trial. The defense will also need to investigate the still unsolved homicide of Jackson's cousin, Breion Mack, to determine whether any evidence suggests that Mack's homicide might be related to the instant case or the 702 Club case.

Further, there remains other outstanding discovery in this case, such as the reports related to testing of the firearm seized from Alvin Young, which apparently showed the same firearm was used in this case (to date the only report is from testing of the bullet materials, not testing of the gun recovered from Alvin as it relates to the materials in this case). Jackson's defense expert in forensics will need to review all of the ballistics evidence from the 702 Club and related to Alvin Young's gun, in order to assist Jackson's defense. Such evidence has been subpoenaed but has not yet been returned to Jackson's defense.

On February 21, 2013, Jackson's defense counsels also requested from the District Attorney but have not yet received discovery related to the prior offenses of the State's victim/witnesses, including:

- 1) witness/alleged victim Carlos Bass's recent federal case or his prior offense in Clark County Case No. C191208 for numerous charges including home invasion, for which he was convicted of felony burglary in 2003;
- 2) witness/alleged victim Devin Bass's 2012 conviction for a gross misdemeanor crime of dishonesty, i.e., possession of burglary tools in Clark County Case No. C282815-1;
- 3) alleged victim (deceased) Jamario Macklin's prior convictions, including in Clark County Case No. C198830 (wherein both Macklin was charged with attempt and unlawful possession of a controlled substance and Devin Bass admitted gang involvement at the time of the incident, and Macklin was convicted of a gross misdemeanor attempt possession of a controlled substance in 2004); and Clark County Case No. C182418 (wherein Macklin was charged but acquitted of with conspiracy murder, murder with use of a deadly weapon to assist a criminal gang, multiple counts of attempt murder, and discharging a firearm at or into a structure to assist a criminal gang, among other charges, and Codefendant Prentice Coleman was a witness); and Clark County Case No. C215089 (wherein both Macklin and alleged victim/witness Marcus Albert were charged with numerous crimes including

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 multiple counts of robbery with use and burglary, and Macklin was convicted of burglary in 2006);

4) alleged victim/witness Marcus Albert's prior offenses, including in Clark County Case No.'s C152615 (wherein he was charged with burglary, robbery and conspiracy, and was convicted of felony robbery in 1998); No. C141319, wherein he was charged with conspiracy robbery, robbery with use, attempt armed robbery, and manufacture or importation of a dangerous weapon, and was convicted of felony robbery in 1998); and No. C215089 (wherein he was jointly charged with Macklin for multiple counts of robbery with use, and burglary, and was convicted of felony burglary in 2006).

In addition, the Defense has learned that Marcus Albert is in federal custody having been convicted of felon in possession of a stolen Glock 19, 9 mm. handgun, on or about June 25, 2005, for which he was convicted on November 30, 2007, and sentenced in US District Court of Nevada Case No. 2:05-cr-00407-PMP-GWF, and was charged in 2011 with Conspiracy to Distribute Oxycodone and Use Communication Facilities, and Conspiracy to Launder Drug Proceeds, Conspiracy to Violate Travel Act, and was convicted in the US District Court of Oregon Case No. 3:11-cr-00060-HA of Conspiracy to Distribute Oxycodone and Conspiracy to Launder Drug Proceeds on February 5, 2013, and sentenced to sixty-three months in the United States Bureau of Prisons. Jackson's defense will need to obtain discovery related to Mr. Albert's federal cases in order to fully investigate and impeach Marcus Albert at trial.

All of the above listed prior case records are necessary for Jackson's defense to investigate the evidence of propensity for violence of the alleged victims/witnesses, as well as to impeach the witnesses in this case based on bias/motive.

Moreover, outstanding mitigation investigation work has not been completed, although the defense has used due diligence with regard to the same. Jackson's court appointed mitigation specialist believes that to effectively present mitigation at trial,

according to ABA Guidelines for Death Penalty Cases, further social history witnesses need to be interviewed. Because the United States Attorney's Office in the District of Nevada has not responded to multiple requests during the past year to interview certain Federal Officials within the Bureau of Prisons in California where Jackson was housed when serving his federal sentence for his prior robbery conviction, it now appears that further federal court litigation may be necessary to conclude the mitigation investigation in California.

Based on Jackson's counsels' current schedules and the large amount of investigation still outstanding and pending further discovery, it will be impossible to effectively pursue all investigation needed prior to the current June 2013 trial date so as to make informed and timely decisions regarding which pretrial motions to pursue. Thus, if forced to go to trial in June of 2013, counsel will be rendered ineffective. Jackson's counsel has contacted counsel for the codefendant Prentice Coleman who indicates that he will oppose a continuance of trial. Prentice Coleman waived his right to a speedy trial at the time of the initial trial setting. Jackson has not been able to determine whether the State will oppose this motion by the time of its filing.

#### CONCLUSION

Defendant CEDRIC JACKSON respectfully requests that this Honorable Court grant this Motion to Continue, and vacate and reset the current trial date of June 24, 2013.

Dated this 8th day of April, 2013.

Patricia Palm, Esq.

Dan Winder, Esq.

Attorney for Cedric Jackson

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PATRICIA A. PALM, swears and states as follows:

- 1. That declarant is an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and is the attorney appointed as SCR 250 counsel, along with Attorney Dan M. Winder, to represent Cedric Jackson in this Death Penalty case, which is currently set for trial on June 24, 2013.
- 2. That I have read and am familiar with the discovery provided by the State and other records related to this matter, and that I have set forth true and accurate factual representations as to the proceedings and circumstances described herein.
- 3. That all other matters set forth in the foregoing motion are true and correct to the best of my knowledge upon information and belief.
- 4. That Defendant Cedric Jackson is aware of the need for the continuance and has no objection thereto.
- 5. That counsel for codefendant Prentice Coleman has indicated that they will oppose a continuance.
- 6. That Defendant has not been able to communicate with Counsel for the State by the time of the filing of this motion and does not know whether the State will oppose a continuance.
- 7. That Defense Counsel for Defendant Jackson will be unable to effectively defend Jackson at trial, during the guilt and penalty phases, without adequate additional time to investigate the newly provided discovery relating to the 702 Club homicide and Alvin Young, and other matters relating to the unsolved homicide of Breion Mack and the underlying facts of the State's victim/witnesses criminal offenses as set forth in the attached motion.

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Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 7th Day of April, 2013.

PATRICIA A. PALM

ROC PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. CLERK OF THE COURT PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 386-9113
Fax: (702) 386-9114
Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com
LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.
DAN M. WINDER, ESQ.
3507 W. Charleston Blvd. 5 7 Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com 9 Attorneys for Cedric Jackson 10 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 STATE OF NEVADA, 12 Plaintiff, 13 CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1 14 10-C-265339-2 CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, 15 DEPT. NO: X Defendants. 16 17 18 RECEIPT OF COPY 19 RECEIPT OF COPY of NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO CONTINUE TRIAL is hereby acknowledged this day of April, 2013. 22 23 2.4 COUNTY 25 employee of the (/CLARK An SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER 26 Attorney for CoDefendant Prentice Coleman 27 28

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2	PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009	CLERK OF THE COURT	
3	1212 S. Casino Center Blvd.		
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5	Fax: (702) 386-9114		
6	Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ.	C.	
7	DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89102		
8	Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631		
9	Email: winderdanatty@aol.com Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson		
10	DISTRICT COURT		
11	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
12	STATE OF NEVADA,		
13	Plaintiff, )		
14	v. )	CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1 10-C-265339-2	
15	CEDRIC L. JACKSON and	DEPT. NO: X	
16	PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,	DATE:	
17	Defendants.	TIME:	
18	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION BY DEFENDANT JACKSON TO		
19	SEVER TRIAL		
20	COMES NOW Defendant Cedric Jackson, by and through his attorneys, Dan		
21	M. Winder and Patricia A. Palm and hereby moves this Honorable Court to sever his		
22	trial from the trial of the codefendant.		
23	///		
24	/// ///		
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This Motion is made and based upon the attached Points and Authorities, the Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, the Nevada Constitution, article 1, section 8, all pleadings and papers on file herein, the record in this case, and any oral argument as this Court may deem necessary.

DATED this 8th day of April, 2013.

By: PATRICIA A. PALM

DAN M. WINDER

#### NOTICE OF MOTION

TO: CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, Attorney for the Plaintiff, STATE OF NEVADA;

CLARK COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER, Attorney for Prentice Coleman, Codefendant.

YOU, AND EACH OF YOU WILL PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing Motion on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 22 day of April, 2013, at the hour of 3:30a a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

DATED this 8th day of April, 2013.

PATRICIA A. PALM

DAN M. WINDER

Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson

# MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES STATEMENT OF THE CASE

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On or about February 10, 2010, the State filed its Complaint charging Cedric Jackson (Jackson) in Case No. 10FN0329X with murder with use of a deadly weapon, battery with use of a deadly weapon causing substantial bodily harm, 3 counts of attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, 2 counts assault with a deadly weapon, and one count conspiracy to commit murder. Pursuant to the State's Motion, the case against Jackson was joined with the related case against Prentice Coleman (Coleman) for preliminary hearing which was set for May 12, 2010. The hearing was continued to June 11, 2010, when the co-defendants unconditionally waived their rights to preliminary hearing and were bound over to District Court. The State was permitted to amend the Complaint to allege additional counts related to the discharge of a firearm at and from a vehicle. On June 24, 2010, Jackson and Coleman were arraigned, entered pleas of Not Guilty, and waived their 60-day statutory speedy trial rights. On June 16, 2010, the State filed its Information charging Jackson and Coleman by Information as follows:

Count 1: Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (related to the killing of Jamario Macklin)

Count 2: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);

Count 3: Battery with Use of a Deadly Weapon Resulting in Substantial Bodily Harm (again naming alleged victim Marcus Albert);

Count 4: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 5: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Carlos Bass);

Count 6: Attempt Murder with Use of a Deadly Weapon (naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

Count 7: Assault with a Deadly Weapon (again naming alleged victim Devin Bass);

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Witness/alleged victim Marcus Albert (Albert) gave three different statements to police. Eventually, he stated that when the parties met outside his mother's house, they were going to fight. He and Jamario Macklin (Macklin) (aka Yak and Mario) went to Albert's mother's house and parked. Albert was out of the car when Defendant Jackson (aka CedMac) walked around the corner. Macklin got out of the car, and then "weighed up," and Jackson reached back like he was going to reach in his pocket. Then Co-defendant Prentice Coleman (aka PB and PointBlank) came running with a little dude. Coleman started shooting. He shot towards Albert's face, then shot Albert's truck, then his knee. Albert saw Jackson and Coleman come into the yard and shoot together at Albert and Macklin. Albert never saw Carlos or Devin Bass at the scene. The other guy with Coleman was also shooting, but Albert could not identify him. Albert was treated for a gunshot wound to his right knee.

Devin Bass (Devin) also gave two different statements. He heard there was going to be a scrap and he drove over to Albert's home with his cousin Carlos Bass (Carlos). Devin was parked in front of Albert's house, and another car pulled up with "Diesel" in it. Diesel might have moved around the corner. Devin moved his own car, then he saw three people walking. Devin could not see any faces. Devin assumed that Jackson walked up, but he was not sure who it was. Macklin was in the car with Albert, and "Spark" was in the car behind him when three guys walked from the corner. Macklin was confronting one of the guys like he was going to fight. Macklin was saying, "Hold, on," while he pulled up his pants, and a dark guy started

shooting. Devin assumed that Coleman pulled out the gun first, as it looked like Jackson and Macklin were getting ready to fight. Jackson actually threw a blow, and somebody said, "Fuck that." Devin did not see Jackson shooting. Carlos was still outside of the car. Carlos said someone was shooting at him and Devin, as they were taking off. Devin thought they were being chased so he headed toward Crip City. They were being chased by a goldish brown Yukon XL. Devin told everyone it was Jackson and Coleman that did it, but that was just because he heard this from other people there.

Carlos Bass stated that he was present for the altercation at the Aruba club. He later went to Albert's house and a girl parked behind him. Carlos hopped out of the car and Jackson had already walked up. Jackson did not pull out a gun, but Carlos heard one shot. Coleman had walked out with another male around the corner. One of them was shooting, but Jackson did not shoot. Jackson ran up to fight, and then somebody came from around the corner. Carlos left when he heard the first shot. Jackson did not have a gun, and he ran up in a fighting stance. When Carlos left, Jackson's truck was following them.

Laquita Langstaff gave a statement to police indicating that she was Macklin's girlfriend. She was at the Aruba Club and saw the altercation which started when Macklin refused to shake Jackson's hand. Langstaff followed Macklin in her vehicle after they were escorted out. Langstaff parked behind Macklin and then saw some guys pull up in a red or orange Camaro and an older white Jeep. She saw four suspects approach Macklin's vehicle. All four had firearms. The first one began fighting with Macklin then stepped back, pulled out a gun and started shooting at him. Then all of the suspects shot toward the victims. Langstaff did not know any of the suspects and could not recognize any pictures. The instigator was called something with a "P". Langstaff got her cousin out of the car in front of her, then got in her car and left. When she returned Macklin was lying in front of his gun, dying on the ground.

 Juanetta Washington stated that during the fight she was sitting in Macklin's car. Jackson was there with other people. Macklin went into the street to fight Jackson, and they met in the middle of the street. Macklin pulled his pants up and told her to get down. She was already ducked down when the shooting started.

According to autopsy report, Macklin was shot 9 times. He had marijuana active ingredients and metabolites in his blood as well as alcohol. Numerous shell casings were found near his body, indicating he may have been firing a gun. No gun was found by police when they arrived at the scene.

Gunshot Residue test results from the right hands of alleged victims Albert and Macklin showed that they both may have been firing a gun or were in close proximity to a firearm discharge. A ballistics report showed that three different firearms fired the bullet casings recovered from the scene.

The vehicle of Jackson's girlfriend, Nicole Davis, was recovered on February 13, 2010, after she reported it stolen. It was found in an abandoned parking lot with damage to doors and ignition. GSR testing showed that a weapon may have been discharged near passenger side of car.

#### LEGAL ARGUMENT

In order to protect the Defendants' constitutional due process rights to a fair trial, this Court must sever the codefendants' cases for separate trials.

NRS 174.165(1) states as follows:

If it appears that a defendant or the State of Nevada is prejudiced by a joinder of offenses or of defendants in an indictment or information, or by such joinder for trial together, the court may order an election or separate trials of counts, grant a severance of defendants or provide whatever other relief justice requires.

Generally, the defendant seeking the severance of trial from a co-defendant's trial must show that he would be prejudiced in some manner should he be forced to proceed to trial as a co-defendant. Amen v. State, 106 Nev. 749, 755-56, 801 P.2d 1354, 1358 (1990) (under N.R.S. 174.165, a district court may sever a joint trial if it

appears that a defendant is prejudiced by the joinder); <u>Application of Groesbeck</u>, 77 Nev. 412, 365 P.2d 491 (1961).

In the case of <u>Zafiro v. United States</u>, 506 U.S. 534, 113 S. Ct. 933 (1993), the Supreme Court stated that:

We believe that, when defendants properly have been joined under Rule 8(b), a district court should grant a severance under Rule 14 only if there is a serious risk that a joint trial would compromise a specific trial right of one of the defendant's, or prevent the jury from making a reliable judgment about guilt or innocence. Such a risk might occur when evidence that the jury should not consider against a defendant and that would not be admissible if a defendant were tried alone is admitted against a co-defendant. For example, evidence of a codefendant's wrongdoing is some circumstances erroneously could lead a jury to conclude that a defendant was guilty. When many defendants are tried together in a complex case and they have markedly different degrees of culpability, the risk of prejudice is heightened. Evidence that is probative of a defendant's guilt but technically admissible only against a co-defendant also might present the risk of prejudice. Conversely, a defendant might suffer prejudice if essential exculpatory evidence that would be available to a defendant tried alone were unavailable in a joint trial.

Id. at 540, 113 S. Ct. at 938 (citations omitted).1

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Courts must remember, in exercising their discretion, that "although a single trial may be desirable from the standpoint of economical and efficient criminal procedure, the right of a defendant to a fair trial must be overriding consideration." State v. Martin, 673 P.2d 104, 106 (Kan. 1983) (quoting State v. Sully, 547 P.2d 344 (Kan. 1976)). While courts have a legitimate interest in joint trials for co-defendants, "this interest must never be allowed to eclipse a defendant's right to a fair trial." United States v. Long, 905 F2d 1572, 1581 (D.C. Cir. 1990). All doubts concerning

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In Zafiro, the Court addressed severance under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 14; however the Nevada Supreme Court has recognized that the trial severance right under that Rule is essentially the same as the right under NRS 174.165. <u>Marshall v. State</u>, 118 Nev. 642, 647, 56 P.3d 376, 379 (2002).

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 severance should be resolved in favor of severance. State v. Velarde, 734 P.2d 440, 444-45 (Utah 1986).

# Renewed Ground for Severance Based upon Jackson's Sixth Amendment Rights:

"The decisive factor in any severance analysis remains prejudice to the defendant... Despite the concern for efficiency and consistency, the district court has 'a continuing duty at all stages of the trial to grant a severance if prejudice does appear." Marshall v. State, 118 Nev. 642, 646, 56 P.3d 376, 378 (2002) (quoting Neill v. State, 827 P.2d 884, 890 (Okla. Crim. App. 1992)) (emphasis added). Although Jackson raised this ground for severance in his previous Motion to Sever heard and summarily denied on February 6, 2012, he re-raises it here to demonstrate the cumulative and unfair prejudice that Jackson will face during a joint trial.

There are no statements admissible against Cedric Jackson: Jackson did not give a statement to police and the discovery does not indicate that he made any statements regarding the incident to others which would be admissible against him.

Consistent with the Jackson's constitutional rights to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him, the following evidence is admissible against Codefendant Prentice Coleman, alone:

Prentice Coleman's statements to police: Coleman was arrested on February 24, 2010, on charges of ex-felon in possession of a firearm and traffic warrants. A .22 Ruger long rifle recovered from a search of Coleman's home. According to police several of Coleman's comments to them indicate that he was present during the shooting. On March 1, 2010, Coleman gave a statement to police wherein he stated that it was not he who was fighting. He indicated the fight was between Jackson and Macklin. In his second statement, when the police told him that it appeared from the shell casings that Macklin may have had a gun but none was found, he responded, "Oh, so they did take the gun off them then." Coleman further indicated that it was

possible that Jackson did this alone. Coleman also stated, "I can tell you it wasn't planned and I didn't see no gun."

Coleman's statements to Arlanda Veley: Coleman's girlfriend, Veley, gave a statement as to Coleman's admissions to her: Veley told the police that Coleman had said to her that he and another guy were fighting at Spark's house on Blue Reef (the incident occurred on Blue Reef), and one thing led to another and several people started shooting. She knew that Jackson was with Coleman at the fight. Coleman said they got into it at the club with Yak/aka Mario/aka Macklin and a bunch of people started shooting at Blue Reef. Jackson was involved in the shooting, according to Coleman. Jackson was fighting with Macklin and several people were shooting. After they got to fighting, Coleman heard a bunch of shots.

Audiotape evidence of Coleman's jail telephone calls: There is voluminous audiotape evidence admissible against Coleman, consisting of his recorded telephone calls from Clark County Detention Center. A review of just some of these calls indicates that during a call on February 25, 2010, Coleman indicates that a female gave a statement where she said too much and got him in trouble by saying he was there when it happened. During an April 2, 2010 call, Coleman tells a female not to accept a subpoena for the upcoming May, 2010, court date (the joint preliminary hearing was originally set for May 2010). During an April 3, 2010 call, Coleman tells a female to tell someone, whose name is unintelligible, "you know what it is with us. He aint got nothing to worry about. I aint going the other way.... I know you aint going the other way." On April 6, 2010, Coleman tells the female to call the investigator and talk to him, to clear this up. He tells her, "You didn't say no shit like that." On April 12 and 13, 2010, he is advising a female on what kind of gun to get and kind of bullets to buy. On April 14, 2010, a female tells him that he does not listen to her, and when he asks for an example, she says, "I told you not to go back there." He responded, "It aint my fault I was there though." During an April 16,

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2010 call, he explains to a female how to shoot a gun. During an April 21, 2010 call, he discusses his prowess with guns.

Coleman's text messages: Police recovered from Coleman's telephone a text message received on February 19, 2010, when Jackson was already in custody, which contained the names "Jauntta Washington and Laquitta Langstaff". The police and the prosecutors have relied on this information to show that Coleman was interested in the case and the two witnesses who were not from the neighborhood.

The United States Supreme Court, in concluding that the Sixth Amendment's Confrontation Clause is applicable to the states, also recognized the importance of the Sixth Amendment right to confront and cross-examine witnesses:

There are few subjects, perhaps, upon which this Court and other courts have been more nearly unanimous than in their expressions of belief that the right of confrontation and cross-examination is an essential and fundamental requirement for the kind of fair trial which is this country's constitutional goal.

Pointer v. Texas, 380 U.S. 400, 405, 85 S. Ct. 1065, 1068 (1965).

Subsequently, in <u>Bruton v. United States</u>, 391 U.S. 123, 88 S. Ct. 1620 (1968), the Supreme Court held that a defendant's right of cross-examination, which is secured by the Confrontation Clause of the Sixth Amendment, is violated when, at a joint trial, the court admits a non-testifying co-defendant's confession inculpating the defendant, notwithstanding jury instructions that the co-defendant's confession must be disregarded in determining the defendant's guilt. <u>Id.</u> at 125, 88 S. Ct. at 1622. The Court explained:

[T]here are some contexts in which the risk that the jury will not, or cannot, follow instructions is so great, and the consequences of the failure so vital to the defendant, that the practical and human limitations of the jury system cannot be ignored. Such a context is presented here, where the powerfully incriminating extrajudicial statements of a co-defendant, who stands accused side-by-side with the defendant, are deliberately spread before the jury in a joint trial. Not only are the incriminations devastating to the defendant but their

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credibility is inevitably suspect, a fact recognized when accomplices do take the stand and the jury is instructed to weigh their testimony carefully given the recognized motivation to shift blame onto others. The unreliability of such evidence is intolerably compounded when the alleged accomplice, as here, does not testify and cannot be tested by cross-examination.

Id. at 135-36, 88 S. Ct. at 1627-28.

Simple redaction of a co-defendant's statements has been disapproved by the Supreme Court in Gray v. Maryland, 523 U.S. 185, 118 S. Ct. 1151 (1999). In Gray, the Court addressed a situation where a co-defendant's confession had been redacted but, as it demonstrated obvious indication of deletion, it still directly referred to the existence of a non-confessing defendant, thereby linking the defendant to the crime. The Court stated, "Unless the prosecutor wishes to hold separate trials or to use separate juries or to abandon use of the confession, he must redact the confession to reduce or to eliminate the special prejudice that the Bruton Court found." Id. at 192, 118 S. Ct. at 1155. Cf. Richardson v. Marsh, 481 U.S. 200, 211, 107 S. Ct. 1702 (1987) (admission at a joint trial of co-defendant's confession that is redacted to omit all reference to defendant's existence, does not violate defendant's confrontation rights).

Our Nevada Supreme Court has also recognized that reduction or limiting instructions are not always sufficient to cure the prejudice to a defendant from the admission of confessions of a non-testifying co-defendant. Stevens v. State, 97 Nev. 443, 444, 634 P.2d 662 (1981). There, although the State had excised all references to defendant Stevens before admitting the non-testifying co-defendant's confession at a joint trial, the Court reversed Stevens' conviction pursuant to the Bruton rule. The Court reasoned:

It appears likely that the jury read the appellant's [Stevens] name into the blanks in each of [co-defendant] Oliver's statements introduced at the trial below. The circumstantial links between Oliver and Stevens, referred to by the prosecutor, and the fact that Oliver and appellant were being tried together made it not only natural, but seemingly inevitable, that the jury would infer appellant to be the person referred to in the blanks in Oliver's statement.

Id. at 444, 634 P.2d at 663.

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The Nevada Supreme Court addressed the issue again in <u>Ducksworth v. State</u>, 113 Nev. 780, 942 P.2d 157 (1997). There, the Supreme Court held that the district court erred in refusing to sever defendant Martin's trial from his co-defendant Ducksworth's. "The evidence against Martin was largely circumstantial and was much less convincing than was the evidence against Ducksworth. Most damaging to Martin was the testimony of Crawl and Al concerning Ducksworth's confessions which mentioned, both directly and by inference, that Ducksworth acted with an accomplice." Id. at 794, 942 P.2d at 166 (emphasis added). Because Ducksworth did not testify, the introduction of his confession, which probably inculpated co-defendant Martin, violated Martin's Sixth Amendment rights. Id. at 795, 942 P.2d at 167. As recognized in <u>Cruz v. New York, 481 U.S. 186, 192-93, 107 S. Ct. 1714, 1718-19</u> (1987), interlocking confessions may be even more harmful because they tend to corroborate each other. See id. (introduction of a jointly tried co-defendant's confession that interlocked with the defendant's confession was even more harmful to the defendant, because it corroborated the defendant's own guilty confession). Insum, under Bruton and its progeny, if a non-testifying co-defendant in a joint trial has made a confession implicating a defendant and the prosecution seeks to use the confession, the defendant has a right to exclusion of the confession, severance or redaction of the confession to avoid mention or implication of him.

The State has not yet indicated which statements it intends to use at trial. However, it is appropriate for this Court to require the State to produce such statements to this Court's chambers. NRS 174.165(2). Here, Coleman's above statements cannot be sufficiently reducted to protect Jackson from prejudice if

admitted at a joint trial. The statements would not be admissible in a severed trial. Coleman has repeatedly indicated that he was present at the scene, but that it was not he but was somebody clse who was responsible for the shooting. Even if explicit reference to Jackson is eliminated, Coleman's statements directly and by inference indicate the presence of another person and shift blame to that person. Jackson has not given a statement, but other witnesses put him at the scene and in the company of Coleman prior to the incident. Therefore, Coleman's prior statements indicating that he was present, combined with the circumstantial links between Coleman and Jackson, implicate Jackson as having been involved in the shooting. In addition, the physical evidence shows that at least three weapons were fired. If the jury believes Coleman's statement that he did not fire a weapon, then the jury is more likely to find that Jackson and two others (possibly the victims Macklin and Albert, consistent with the GSR test results) fired the weapons. Jackson should not have to face an accuser whom he cannot cross-examine.

In addition, the evidence is in contradiction whether Jackson had a weapon or intended to do anything but engage in a fistfight. Alleged victims Devin and Carlos Bass have both stated that he did not have a weapon and was only fighting at the time shots were fired. The lack of consistency in the statements of the alleged victims and witnesses and their questionable credibility, especially given the physical evidence indicating the firing of weapons by alleged victims, makes the case against Jackson weak. The risk of unfair prejudice to Jackson from a joint trial where Coleman's statements are admitted is great. Because of the circumstantial links between the two co-defendants, Coleman's statements cannot be sufficiently redacted to cure the prejudice to Jackson. Likewise, limiting instructions cannot suffice to eliminate that prejudice.

Renewed Ground for Severance Based upon Disparity in Evidence,

Irreconcilable Defenses, and Jackson's Diminished Ability to Present a

Defense:

This ground was also raised in the prior motion to sever, but pursuant to this Court's duty to reconsider severance at any stage where prejudice appears, <u>see Marshall</u>, 118 Nev. at 646, 56 P.3d at 378, Jackson re-raises this ground as bolstered by the newly provided discovery addressed herein.

Joinder of defendants for the purpose of obtaining the overlapping consideration of evidence or use of innuendo based on the strength of one case is fundamentally unfair. Courts have recognized that "a great disparity in the amount of evidence introduced against joined defendants may, in some cases, be grounds for severance." <u>United States v. Douglass</u>, 780 F.2d 1472, 1479 (9th Cir. 1986); <u>United States v. Patterson</u>, 819 F.2d 1495, 1503 (9th Cir. 1987). Severance may be mandated in those instances where a weak evidentiary case and a strong one are joined in the hope that an overlapping consideration of the evidence would lead to conviction on both cases. <u>Amen</u>, 106 Nev. at 755, 801 P.2d at 1358-59 (concluding that joinder was not error where evidence against the co-defendants would have been cross-admissible at separate trials, the evidence against one was not disproportionate to the evidence against the other so as to create an unfair overlapping effect, and the defenses were not mutually exclusive). In other words, the prejudice due to a "spillover" effect may warrant severance.

"The "spillover" or "rub-off" theory involves the question of whether a jury's unfavorable impression of [one] defendant against whom the evidence is properly admitted will influence the way jurors view the other defendant." Lisle v. State, 113 Nev. 679, 689, 941 P.2d 459, 466 (1997) (quoting State v. Rendon, 148 Ariz. 524, 715 P.2d 777, 782 (Ariz. App. 1986)), overruled on other grounds by Middleton v. State, 114 Nev. 1089, 968 P.2d 296 (1998). "The test as far as the 'rub-off' theory is concerned is whether the jury can keep separate the evidence that is relevant to each defendant and render a fair and impartial verdict as to him." Rendon, 715 P.2d at 782; Lisle, 113 Nev. at 689, 941 P.2d at 466 ("the ultimate issue is 'whether a jury can reasonably be expected to compartmentalize the evidence as it relates to separate

defendants" (quoting <u>Jones v. State</u>, 111 Nev. 848, 854, 899 P.2d 544, 547 (1995))). "[A] defendant is entitled to a separate trial if he presents a sufficient showing of facts demonstrating substantial prejudice would result in a joint trial." <u>Lisle</u>, 113 Nev. at 689, 941 P.2d at 466 (citing <u>Amen</u>, 106 Nev. at 755, 801 P.2d at 1358).

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A defense is mutually antagonistic where acceptance of a co-defendant's defense precludes acquittal of the other co-defendant. Marshall, 118 Nev. at 545-46, In Zafiro, the United States Supreme Court recognized that 56 P.3d at 378. "mutually antagonistic defenses are not prejudicial per se." 506 U.S. at 538. A defendant must show that the joint trial compromised a specific trial right or prevented the jury from making a reliable judgment regarding guilt or innocence. Marshall, 118 Nev. at 647, 56 P.3d at 379 (citing Zafiro, 506 U.S. at 539). Joinder is improper, and will cause reversal, where its cumulative effect prejudices a defendant's defense. Chartier v. State, 124 Nev. 760, 191 P.3d 1182 (2008) (reversing defendant's judgment of conviction where defendant defended at trial on the basis that he was not involved in the crimes at any stage and that co-defendant acted alone, but co-defendant defended on the theory that defendant was the mastermind who was present at the scene and was the attacker, and the cumulative prejudicial effect from these conflicting and irreconcilable defenses harmed defendant).

The above section sets forth the great disparity in evidence admissible against the codefendants in the form of statements. Codefendant Coleman has given statements which are not admissible against Jackson pursuant to Bruton. The statements may, however, be used against Coleman. Coleman's many statements tend to indicate that he was present at the scene where someone else was the shooter, that he is knowledgeable about guns, and that he was interested in interfering with the State's prosecution. No similar evidence is admissible against Jackson. The great amount of evidence admissible against Coleman mandates severance pursuant to Zafiro. 506 U.S. at 540, 113 S. Ct. at 938 ("Evidence that is

probative of a defendant's guilt but technically admissible only against a codefendant also might present the risk of prejudice.") The effect of the disparate evidence showing Coleman's complicity is likely to rub off on Jackson, who is Coleman's associate and was present with him at the Aruba Club altercation before the incident. Coleman's statements also shift blame away from Coleman and onto Jackson.

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Moreover, if Coleman's statements are admitted at a joint trial, Jackson will be in the position of impeaching Coleman with evidence of his prior conviction that would not be admissible by the State against Coleman at trial, unless Coleman actually testifies. See NRS 51.069(1) (allowing impeachment of hearsay declarants by evidence admissible to impeach a testifying witness). However, this creates a Hobson's choice for Jackson, impermissibly infringing on his right to present a defense, because the evidence that would impeach Coleman, also implicates Jackson if he testifies in his own defense, which he has a right to do, and the State impeaches him with his own conviction.<sup>2</sup> That is, where Coleman's prior federal conviction is admitted alongside Jackson's identical conviction, the fact that a prior violent crime was committed together by these two co-defendants is obvious. From the identical conviction names, dates of conviction, and federal case numbers, the jury will certainly understand that these co-defendants have a history of committing violent crime together. However, such evidence is clearly inadmissible propensity evidence, pursuant to NRS 48.045, which would not be admissible in a trial against Jackson On the other hand, Jackson will be prejudiced if he does not introduce Coleman's prior conviction, and Coleman's statements or testimony are allowed to be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The State has indicated it intends to use as aggravators during the penalty phase the prior convictions of Coleman and Jackson, and the fact that each were under a sentence of imprisonment. See 7/9/10 Notices of Intent To Seek Death Penalty, Aggravators 1 and 2. Coleman and Jackson were jointly indicted in the same federal case, i.e., Case No: CR-S-05-0098-LRH (LRL), and were each convicted pursuant to guilty pleas of Interference with Commerce by Armed Robbery and Aiding and Abetting in federal Case No: 2:05-cr-98-LRH(GWF).

admitted at a joint trial without impeachment. Coleman will be unfairly prejudiced if Jackson admits Coleman's prior felony to impeach his hearsay statements because the State would not be entitled to introduce the prior felony conviction unless Coleman actually testified.

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Jackson also understands that the codefendants will have antagonistic defenses. These antagonistic defenses arise from Coleman's numerous statements indicating that he was present but not culpable of any crimes and that he did not shoot a gun. Jackson has a right to put on a defense that he went only to fight and was surprised when others began shooting. Ballistics show that three weapons were fired. If the jury accepts Coleman's theory that he was present but did not shoot, this makes it more likely that the jury will find that Jackson fired one of the three weapons which left casings at the scene. Evidence indicates that the two named victims, Marcus Albert and Jamario Macklin were also possibly shooting guns.

The newly discovered additional basis for severance: In addition, the recent discovery provided by the State on March 26, 2013, shows that Jackson and his cousin Breion Mack were present at the 702 Club and in the vicinity of an unsolved homicide involving multiple shooters. Furthermore, Jackson and his cousin Breion were interviewed by police but denied involvement or specific knowledge of the facts surrounding the homicide. The new discovery also shows that a gun, later recovered from Alvin Young in 2011, had been used to fire one of the bullets recovered at the 702 Club crime scene. Ballistics testing also showed that the same gun had been used during the instant offense.

Codefendant Coleman has a right to present evidence consistent with his theory of defense that he was not a shooter in this case, and this is bolstered by the fact that he was not present a previous homicide where one of the same weapons was used in an incident involving multiple shooters, but Jackson and his cousin were present. Jackson will now have to defend against Coleman's 702 Club evidence. However, the evidence could not be introduced by the State, consistent with due

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process protections applicable to Jackson as it is overly prejudicial, since there is no evidence that Jackson had any involvement in the 702 Club shooting, and only shows that he was merely present in the vicinity. The new 702 Club evidence itself mandates severance to protect Coleman's right to present a defense, pursuant to Zafiro, 506 U.S. at 540, 113 S. Ct. at 938 ("a defendant might suffer prejudice if essential exculpatory evidence that would be available to a defendant tried alone were unavailable in a joint trial."). However, if the evidence is admitted at a joint trial, then Jackson will be denied his due process rights because the evidenced is overly prejudicial as to him.

Where, as here, the evidence is admissible as to one defendant and inadmissible as to the co-defendant, the jury cannot reasonably be expected to compartmentalize the evidence as it related to the separate defendant. "[T]here are some contexts in which the risk that the jury will not, or cannot, follow instructions is so great, and the consequences of failure so vital to the defendant, that the practical and human limitations of the jury system cannot be ignored." <u>United States v. Roark</u>, 924 F.2d 1426, 1434 (8th Cir. 1991) (quoting Bruton v. United States, 391 U.S. 123, 135, 88 S. Ct. 1620) (reversing conviction where the government attempted to tie defendant's guilt directly to his association with the Hells Angels by introducing unfairly prejudicial uncharged misconduct); <u>United States v. Street</u>, 548 F.3d 618, 632 (8th Cir. 2008) (recognizing that gang affiliation evidence is not admissible where meant merely to prejudice defendant or prove his guilt by association with unsavory characters).

The case against Jackson is not strong, i.e., the evidence is in juxtapose as to whether he went merely to fight Macklin and was surprised by others' shooting weapons and whether he actually was armed and fired a weapon. The State's witnesses, many of whom have felony convictions, have given inconsistent statements. In addition, the evidence indicates that both Macklin and Albert may have fired a weapon and that one of Macklin's associates possibly removed evidence

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 of Macklin's own gun from the scene prior to the police arriving. In considering whether Jackson conspired to commit murder and other crimes, the jury would likely improperly rely on statements and other evidence admissible only against Coleman, or improperly admitted in Coleman's defense but not admissible against Jackson and overly prejudicial as to him.

To deny Jackson a separate trial will unfairly prejudice him and violate his rights to present a defense as guaranteed under the Nevada and United States Constitutions. See Chartier, 124 Nev. 766-68, 191 P.3d 1186-87.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Based on the foregoing authorities and arguments, it is respectfully requested that the Court sever the trial of CEDRIC JACKSON from the trial of PRENTICE COLEMAN in order to protect Jackson's constitutional due process rights to a fundamentally fair trial.

Respectfully submitted this 8th day of April, 2013.

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15	CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,	DEPT. NO: X			
16	Defendants.	)			
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4	PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 386-9113 Fax: (702) 386-9114			
5 ;	rax. \ 102) 500-5114			
6	Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd.			
7	3507 W. Charleston Blvd.			
s	Las Vegas, NV 89102    Phone: (702) 474-0523			
9	Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com			
	Attorneys for Cedric Jackson			
10   11	DISTI CLARK CO	RICT COURT DUNTY, NEVADA		
12	STATE OF NEVADA,	)_		
	Plaintiff,	}		
13	v.	) CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1		
14	CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,	) 10-C-265339-2 )		
15		) DEPT. NO: X		
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24		Scott Bindry &  An employee of the CUARK COUNTY		
25		An employee of the CUARK COUNTY SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER		
26		Attorney for CoDefendant Prentice Coleman		
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1 SUPP PALM LAW FIRM, LTD. PATRICIA PALM, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 6009 3 1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 386-9113 Fax: (702) 386-9114 Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com 9 Attorneys for Defendant Cedric Jackson 1 C 11

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1 10-C-265339-2

CEDRIC L. JACKSON and

DEPT. NO: X

PRENTICE L. COLEMAN,

DATE: April 22, 2013

Defendants.

TIME: 8:30 a.m.

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## SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT JACKSON'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL

COMES NOW Defendant Cedric Jackson, by and through his attorneys, Dan M. Winder and Patricia A. Palm and hereby supplements the Motion to Continue set for April 22, 2013, with additional facts in support of the motion as set forth in the attached Declaration of Counsel.

DATED this 15th day of April, 2013.

By:

PATRICIA A. PALM DAN M. WINDER

1.5 

#### DECLARATION OF COUNSEL

PATRICIA A. PALM, swears and states as follows:

- 1. That declarant is an attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada and is the attorney appointed as SCR 250 counsel, along with Attorney Dan M. Winder, to represent Cedric Jackson in this Death Penalty case, which is currently set for trial on June 24, 2013.
- 2. That I have read and am familiar with the discovery provided by the State and other records related to this matter, and that I have set forth true and accurate factual representations as to the proceedings and circumstances described herein.
- 3. That all other matters set forth in the foregoing motion are true and correct to the best of my knowledge upon information and belief.
- 4. That in addition to the reasons stated in the previously filed Motion to Continue, which is set for argument on April 22, 2013, other reasons have come to light which require counsel to seek a continuance in order to effectively represent Defendant Jackson during the guilt and penalty phases at trial.
- 5. That on Thursday, April 11, 2013, Counsel attended a meeting with Codefendant Coleman's defense team and Randall Stone of the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Forensics Lab regarding the examination of the ballistics evidence in this matter. During that investigation it was learned that two guns were recovered between this case and the related case from the 702 Club. The circumstances of the additional gun recovery were unclear at the time. Furthermore, the bullets from the autopsy had not been examined to determine whether they had been fired by any of the recovered weapons. In addition, there were other reports and documents which counsel had never seen.
- 6. That at the time of this meeting, Randall Stone represented that he had prepared files to comply with a defense subpoena from Jackson, but those files would have to be turned over to the District Attorney first, who would determine whether

the files could be provided to defense counsel. Defense counsel has not yet obtained all of the documents/evidence at issue as they were still pending transfer to the District Attorney's Office.

- 7. That Randall Stone further indicated, that North Las Vegas police had yet to turn over the bullets and fragments recovered in this case, but from the photographs taken by Counsel for Coleman during a recent evidence vault review, at least some of the bullets appeared in sufficient condition for further forensic determinations to be made regarding which, if any, of the recovered weapons had fired which bullets, including the bullets recovered from the body of the deceased.
- 8. That subsequent to the meeting with Randall Stone, this Counsel contacted Deputy District Attorney Nell Christensen, and discussed the above matters, and she agreed that she would request further examination of the ballistics evidence be performed.
- 9. That Defendant Jackson has retained a forensic expert to evaluate any and all ballistics testing and examinations performed and yet to be performed, and he will need adequate time to do so, once the LVMPD laboratory completes its additional examinations and compiles further records to provide to the defense expert.
- 10. That it will also be necessary for Jackson's defense team to further investigate the circumstances regarding the recovery of the weapons tested in this case and the 702 Club case.

Pursuant to NRS 53.045, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 15th Day of April, 2013.

PATRICIA A. PALM

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1	OPPS		Ston to Chum
2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	NELL CHRISTENSEN		
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212		
6	(702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff		
7	TO COMPA		
8	DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	Plaintiff,		
11	*	CASE NO:	10C265339-1
12	-V\$-	DEPT NO:	X
13	CEDRIC JACKSON, #1581340		
14	Defendant.		
15	STATE'S OPPOSITION T	O DEFENDANT J	JACKSON'S
16	MOTION TO	O SEVER TRIAL	
17	DATE OF HEARING: 04/22/13		
18	I IME OF HE	ARING: 8:30 AM	
19	COMES NOW, the State of Nevada, by STEVEN B. WOLFSON, Clark County		WOLFSON, Clark County
20	District Attorney, through NELL CHRISTENSEN, Chief Deputy District Attorney, and		
21	hereby submits the attached Points and Authorities in Opposition to Defendant's Motion To		
22	Sever Trial.		
23	This opposition is made and based ι	ipon all the papers a	and pleadings on file herein,
24	the attached points and authorities in sup	port hereof, and or	ral argument at the time of
25	hearing, if deemed necessary by this Honora	ible Court.	
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#### ADDITIONAL FACTS<sup>1</sup>

At the scene of the murder in this case, twenty seven (27) shell casings were located, and no firearm was recovered. The casings were forensically examined by Randall Stone, an expert from the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's (LVMPD) Forensic Lab. He was able to tell that the twenty seven (27) shell casings had been shot from three (3) different firearms. He also requested that the particular markings from each different firearm used be loaded into the National Integrated Ballistic Information Network (NIBIN). Through NIBIN, nine (9) casings at the scene of the instant crimes were found to be shot from the same firearm as eight (8) casings found at the scene of another murder, documented under LVMPD event number 070428-0696.

The murder for LVMPD event number 070428-0696 occurred on April 28, 2007 at the 702 Club, a nightclub. Security officers came into contact with several people outside of the club, and ended up spraying pepper spray. After security sprayed the pepper spray, shots were fired, and a security officer was killed. Analysis of the casings at the scene showed that three different guns were used at that shooting.

The murder was investigated by LVMPD Homicide, and remains unsolved. During the investigation, detectives interviewed several people, including Defendant Cedric Jackson. The investigation showed that Defendant was there with several friends or associates at the time of the shooting. Defendant Jackson admitted that he was at the scene, and heard the shots but did not see a gun. He stated he had gone to the club with his cousin, Breion Mack, who was also interviewed. Mack stated he was standing with Defendant and Patrick Alexander, his other cousin, when he saw Arnez Moore reach to the front of his pants and then gunshots rang out. Witnesses suggested that Arnez Moore was one of the shooters; Moore was also interviewed and admitted to being present. However, because no independent witness could identify Moore as a shooter, he was not arrested. Other people

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The State asks that this Court consider the Factual Summary from its previous Opposition to Motion to Sever Trials as to the renewed arguments. The State writes this additional factual summary to apprise the Court of facts learned since the last motion argument, after which this Court denied the Motion to Sever.

who were interviewed also stated Defendant was present at the time, but no one ever suggested he was a shooter. He was not a suspect.

#### POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Defendant Jackson filed a Motion to Sever Trials in January 2012. The State opposed, and this Court denied the Motion. Defendant now files another Motion to Sever Trials, based, in part of the same arguments previously rejected by this Court.

Defendant Jackson admits in his motion that his argument based on the 6<sup>th</sup> Amendment, and his arguments based on "Disparity Evidence, Irreconcilable Defenses, and Jackson's Diminished Ability to Present a Defense" are "renewed" motions, meaning they were already considered and denied by this Court. The State asks this Court to deny the "renewed" motions for the same reasons it previously denied the motion. Nothing has changed as to those grounds.

Defendant Jackson raises one new ground: the fact that Jackson was present at the scene of the 2007 "702 Club" murder, which is tied to the instant case because the same firearm was shot at both scenes. Several cartridge cases at the "702 Club" murder were shot by the same gun that shot several of the cartridge cases at the scene in the instant case. Defendant Jackson was interviewed by police regarding the "702 Club" murder and admitted to being present and knowing those who were present, but stated he did not shoot a gun. No evidence establishes that Defendant Jackson did, in fact, shoot at the "702 Club."

The defense claims that the State would not be able to admit the evidence regarding Defendant being present at the "702 Club", but that the co-defendant would have a right to do so. This is unfounded. The evidence is relevant and admissible, because it is not more prejudicial than probative.

## I. THE EVIDENCE OF DEFENDANT'S PRESENCE AT THE SCENE OF A SHOOTING WHERE THE SAME GUN WAS USED IS RELEVANT AND ADMISSIBLE.

The evidence is relevant and admissible by the State. It is interesting that Defendant Jackson claimed in its 2012 motion for continuance that the reports from the "702 Club"

murder were necessary for its investigation, and then once they receive the discovery showing Defendant Jackson was present, they claim it is inadmissible against him. Surely, if one of the victims in the case had been present at the "702 Club" murder, the defense position would be that the evidence would be admissible. In fact, that was the reason they gave for why they needed to review the reports from the "702 Club" murder. The evidence showing that Defendant was present at the "702 Club" where that gun was also present is relevant. The evidence is clear that Defendant was present at the same time that gun was present at the "702 Club" with his friends. He admitted as much. The evidence suggests that he was present with the person who shot the gun. Through his friends, he had access to the gun, and it is well known that it is common for guns to change hands between friends. The fact that he was at a shooting where that gun was used is relevant and admissible in the instant case, where he is accused of shooting that gun, or where a co-conspirator shot the gun. Basically, a person he knows did the "702 Club" shooting, giving him access to the gun.

The evidence is relevant and admissible. The same reasons the State would be allowed to present the evidence would apply to why Defendant Coleman would be able to present it. If, as Defendant Jackson suggests, it would be relevant for Defendant Coleman to introduce the evidence and admissible by Defendant Coleman, then they must concede that the evidence is just as relevant for the State to introduce for the same reason. Defendant Jackson essentially suggests that he would face a co-defendant who wanted to introduce the same evidence that the State would introduce. If it's relevant for Defendant Coleman to introduce it to show Defendant Jackson was present at the scene of the instant case, then it's relevant for the State to introduce it.

Severance would not change the admissibility of the evidence. If it is relevant, it is relevant, no matter who is on trial, and it will be admissible. However, if the Court finds the evidence is not relevant for the State to admit, it is certainly not relevant for any other party to admit.

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# II. THE EVIDENCE IS NOT PREJUDICIAL BECAUSE THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT DEFENDANT SHOT A GUN AT THE 702 CLUB MURDER, AND BEING PRESENT DURING A SHOOTING IS NOT A CRIME.

This evidence is not more prejudicial than probative. This is not a "bad act." In fact, there was not an indication from a single witness to suggest that Defendant Jackson was a shooter at the "702 Club." The evidence simply establishes that Defendant Jackson was present there with friends when the shooting took place, and that his friends were involved. Contrary to Defendant Jackson's claims, counsel for Defendant Coleman will not be able to establish that the evidence from the "702 Club" shows that Defendant Jackson shot the gun at the "702 Club" scene. The evidence from the investigation into the "702 Club" murder does not suggest that Defendant Jackson shot the gun at the "702 Club." In fact, Defendant Jackson was never a suspect in the murder. A case was never filed, but the detectives investigating it had a definite suspect, and it was not Defendant.

# III. EVEN IN A SEPARATE TRIAL, THE CO-DEFENDANT CANNOT PRESENT THE 702 CLUB EVIDENCE IN A WAY THAT SUGGESTS IT IS A BAD ACT. THUS, SEPARATE TRIALS ARE NOT REQUIRED.

Separate trials will not change the admissibility of the evidence. Similarly, it would be impermissible for Defendant Coleman to use the evidence as "other bad act" evidence, even in a severed case. He could not admit it in that way in even in a severed case. The same rules apply to the defense as to the State for admitting "other bad act" evidence; the statute and case law make it clear that it applies to all parties. NRS 48.045(2) reads as follows:

NRS 48.045 Evidence of character inadmissible to prove conduct; exceptions; other crimes.

#### \*\*\*

<sup>2.</sup> Evidence of other crimes, wrongs or acts is not admissible to prove the character of a person in order to show that the person acted in conformity therewith. It may, however, be admissible for other purposes, such as proof of motive, opportunity, intent, preparation, plan, knowledge, identity, or absence of mistake or accident.

There must be clear and convincing evidence that the person committed the other crime before it can be admissible for the purposes listed in NRS 48.045(2). <u>Petrocelli v. State</u>, 101 Nev. 46 (1985). Thus, if Defendant Coleman tries to suggest that Defendant Jackson is the shooter by suggesting that he has shot someone before, this would be completely inappropriate, even in a severed trial against Defendant Coleman alone.

This Court would deny a Motion to Admit Bad Acts authored by the State or the defense in this case. This is because "[e]vidence of other crimes, wrongs or acts is not admissible to prove the character of a person in order to show that the person acted in conformity therewith" and Defendant Coleman cannot reach the necessary burden to allow admission of such evidence for proof of motive, opportunity, intent, preparation, plan, knowledge, identity, or absence of mistake or accident. This is because there must be clear and convincing evidence that the person committed the other crime, and in this case, the reports from the "702 Club" do not even reach this burden. Petrocelli v. State, 101 Nev. 46 (1985). Defendant Jackson was never even a suspect. No one suggested he fired a shot.

#### IV. THE 702 CLUB EVIDENCE DOES NOT HELP DEFENDANT COLEMAN.

Finally, the defense for Jackson suggests that Defendant Coleman will be able to use the "702 Club" evidence to bolster his defense that he was not there. This is nonsensical, and the State doubts that this will be Coleman's tactic. There were three shooters at the murder in the instant case. Even if Defendant Coleman can conclusively show that Defendant Jackson was one of the shooters, it does not make it less likely that Defendant Coleman was present. In fact, it is just the opposite due to their close relationship. It would be better for Defendant Coleman if the State cannot prove that Defendant Jackson was present at the shooting in the instant case, because Defendant Coleman was on video with Defendant Jackson a short time before the murder, Defendant Jackson got into a fight at the club with the murder victim a short time before the victim was killed, and Defendant Coleman is Defendant Jackson's best friend. His association with Defendant Jackson corroborates the witness statements that Defendants were both present and shooting. It would be better for Defendant Coleman if a jury believed that it was an entirely different

group of people who did the murder, not involving him and his best friend, than to try to show it was likely that his best friend killed the victim.

It is important to note that the evidence that Defendant Jackson was present during the "702 Club" shooting is also admissible against his co-Defendant Coleman. relevance argument goes to the admissibility of the evidence against Defendant Coleman. Coleman is Defendant Jackson's best friend. They were seen together on the night of the murder in the instant case. Marcus Albert testified that Defendant Jackson, Defendant Coleman, and a person he did not know committed the murder and all fired weapons. It would be likely that Defendant Coleman would have used a gun that Defendant Jackson had access to. They are best friends. Thus, even in separate trials against the defendants, the evidence would be admissible in both cases. Defendants were at the Aruba Nightclub together prior to the shooting in this case. Macklin and Defendant Jackson got into a fight, and Macklin was kicked out of the club. They then planned to fight, and soon showed up at Albert's house, where they had planned to meet for the fight. In the time between leaving the club and arriving at Albert's house, Defendants had recruited another individual, and all three of them got guns. Because they were together, tying the gun to Defendant Jackson also ties it to Defendant Coleman. They both would have had access to the gun. Defendant Coleman has already stated his defense is that he was not there and did not commit the crimes. Thus, the evidence is relevant as to him.

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1	CONCLUSION				
2	Based on the foregoing, the State respectfully requests that this Court deny				
3	Defendant's Motion to Sever Trials.				
4	DATED this 18th day of April, 2013.				
5	Respectfully submitted,				
6	STEVEN B. WOLFSON				
7	Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565				
8					
9	BY /s//NELL E. CHRISTENSEN NELL CHRISTENSEN				
10	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #8822				
11	Nevada Bai #6022				
12					
13					
14	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING				
15	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition, was made this 18th day of April,				
16	2013, by Electronic Filing to:				
17	DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. E-mail Address: winderdanatty@aol.com				
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19	Shellie Warner Secretary for the District Attorney's Office				
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	3	1212 S. Casino Center Blvd. Las Vegas NV 89104		
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	5	Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.		
	3507 W. Charleston Blvd			
	8	Las Vegas, NV 89102 Phone: (702) 474-0523		
	Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com Attorneys for Cedric Jackson			
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1	.2	STATE OF NEVADA,		
	- {!	Plaintiff,		
	L3 ) .4	CASE NO: 10-C-265339-1 10-C-265339-2		
	.5	CEDRIC L. JACKSON, AND PRENTICE L. COLEMAN, DEPT. NO: X		
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;	26	SPECIAL PUBLIC DEFENDER Attorney for CoDefendant Prentice Coleman		
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5	Fax: (702) 386-9114   Email: Patricia.palmlaw@gmail.com   LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDE	n ER. P.C
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9	Phone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631	
9	Fax: (702) 474-0631 Email: <u>winderdanatty@aol.com</u> Attorneys for Cedric Jackson	
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11	CLARK	RICT COURT OUNTY, NEVADA
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L3	Plaintiff,	<b>\</b>
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26		CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY
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2	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		CLERK OF THE COURT
3	NELL CHRISTENSEN		
4	Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822		
5	200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500		
6	Attorney for Plaintiff		
7	DICTOR		
8		CT COURT JNTY, NEVADA	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,		
10	, in the second of the second		
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO:	10C265339-1
12	-VS-	DEPT NO:	
13	CEDRIC JACKSON, #1581340	DEFT NO.	^
14	Defendant.		
15	STATE'S RESPONSE TO	DEFENDANT J	ACKSON'S
16	MOTION TO (	CONTINUE TRIA	L
17	<u> </u>	EARING: 4/22/13	
18	TIME OF HEA	ARING: 8:30 AM	
19	COMES NOW, the State of Nevad	a, by STEVEN B	. WOLFSON, Clark County
20	District Attorney, through NELL CHRIST	ENSEN, Chief D	eputy District Attorney, and
21	hereby submits the attached Points and Au	thorities in Respon	se to Defendant's Motion To
22	Continue Trial.		
23	This response is made and based upo	n all the papers and	d pleadings on file herein, the
24	attached points and authorities in support he	reof, and oral argui	ment at the time of hearing, if
25	deemed necessary by this Honorable Court.		
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## PERTINENT FACTS

On June 11, 2010, a preliminary hearing was on calendar in Justice Court in the instant case. Victim Marcus Albert, who had identified both Defendants as shooters in statements to police, was present and ready to testify. Also present and ready to testify were Carlos Bass, Devin Bass, Laquitta Langstaff, and Juanetta Washington. Seeing this, both Defendants unconditionally waived their preliminary hearings, ensuring that the State could not preserve the testimony of these witnesses.

On June 24, 2010, both Defendants were arraigned and waived their Speedy Trial rights.

Trial in the instant case is currently set for June 24, 2013.

On February 21, 2013, Patricia Palm, counsel for Defendant Jackson, sent an email to the State with discovery requests and a request for additional good faith attempts to negotiate the case. The undersigned was in trial on a murder case in front of District Court 18 at the time, and explained to Ms. Palm that there may be a delayed response to the requests.

In early March of 2013, the undersigned spoke to Ms. Palm in order to clarify her requests and discuss the email. Some of what was requested did not appear to be discoverable. The email listed the convictions of the witnesses in the case, and requested reports from those cases. Further, some of the information requested is either not accessible to the State (federal cases) or equally accessible to the defense. The State informed the defense that all GSR reports had been provided and there were no ballistics examinations done on the two bullets recovered from Macklin's body or the bullet fragments from Albert's body. The State also requested the LVMPD file from event number 070428-0696, and later provided those reports and statements to both sides on March 26, 2013.

On March 26, 2013, attorneys and investigators for both defendants in the instant case, along with the undersigned, and the lead detective, Jesse Prieto, met at the North Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Evidence Vault for an evidence view in the instant case. Defense counsel from both sides inquired of and confirmed with Detective Prieto that he had not requested ballistics examinations on the bullets and fragments found in the

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victims' bodies.

On April 11, 2013, attorneys for both defendants in the instant case met with Randall Stone from the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department's Forensic Lab. There, they again asked about potential testing on the bullets and fragments recovered from the victims' bodies. After the meeting, they requested that the State put in a formal request for additional ballistics testing in the instant case. The State then requested that Detective Prieto send a formal request to Metro's lab, and sent a corresponding email to Randall Stone apprising him that the testing would be requested.

After the April 11, 2013 meeting with Randall Stone, Defendant Jackson's attorney also apprised the State that it would be requesting the entire files from Metro's Forensic Lab including all supporting documentation regarding any forensic testing done related to this case via subpoena, and asked the State to help accommodate their receipt of same. The State agreed. The State has been providing those items to the defense when received and copied.

Defendant Jackson has now filed this Motion to Continue Trial. The State does not oppose.

## **ARGUMENT**

The State has now requested that additional forensic examinations be conducted in the instant case, at the defense request. This testing is not complete. This testing is related to ballistics evidence found in the body of the deceased and the body of Marcus Albert, who was also shot. Being that there is forensic examination outstanding, the State has no opposition to the Defendant's Motion to Continue Trial in the instant case.

The State's concern is that if the trial is continued, it is continued as to the entire case including both Defendants. The State opposes severance in the instant case, as there is no legal basis (as outlined in the State's Opposition to Motion to Sever Trials filed April 18, 2013 the previous Opposition filed January 30, 2012), and asks that, if this Court grants the Defendant's Motion to Continue Trials, that it be granted as to the entire trial, including both Defendants. Both Defendants have waived their speedy trial rights in the instant case. It would be a waste of judicial resources to hold two separate trials in the instant case, which

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1	could last weeks. Further, the ballistics testing underway in the instant case relates equally		
2	to each Defendant in the instant case. Thus, it is the State's belief that, despite what is		
3	suggested in Defendant Jackson's Motion, Defendant Coleman's defense team could no		
4	possibly oppose the continuance at this juncture in a case in which the State has filed Notice		
5	of Intent to Seek Death.		
6	DATED this <u>18th</u> day of April, 2013.		
7	Respectfully submitted,		
8 9	STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565		
10			
11	BY /s//NELL E, CHRISTENSEN		
12	NELL CHRISTENSEN Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822		
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14			
15	CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC FILING		
16	I hereby certify that service of State's Opposition, was made this 18th day of April		
17	2013, by Electronic Filing to:		
18 19	DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. E-mail Address: winderdanatty@aol.com		
20	Shellie Warner		
21	Secretary for the District Attorney's Office		
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1 2 3 4	ORDR STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 NELL E. CHRISTENSEN Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822 200 Lewis Avenue	CLERK OF THE COURT
5	Las Vegas, NV 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 Attorney for Plaintiff	
7	Anomey for Frament	
8		CT COURT JNTY, NEVADA
9	CLARK COC	JINI I, NEYADA
10	THE STATE OF NEVADA,	
11	Plaintiff,	CASE NO: 10C265339-1
12	-VS-	DEPT NO: X
13	CEDRIC L. JACKSON, #1581340	
14	Defendant.	
15		
16	ORDER DENYING DEFEN	NDANT'S MOTION TO SEVER
17 18	<del></del>	ARING: 04/22/13 ARING: 8:30 A.M.
19	THIS MATTER having come on for	hearing before the above entitled Court on the
20	22nd day of April, 2013, the Defendant be	ing present, represented by PATRICIA PALM,
21	ESQ. and ARNOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ., the Plaintiff being represented by STEVEN B.	
22	WOLFSON, District Attorney, through NELL E. CHRISTENSEN, Chief Deputy District	
23	Attorney, and the Court having heard the arguments of counsel and good cause appearing	
24	therefore,	
25	//	
26	//	
27	//	
28	//	
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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Defendant's Motion to Sever, shall be, and it is denied. DATED this \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day of April, 2013. STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 NELL E. CHRISTENSEN Chief Deputy District Attorney Nevada Bar #008822 mmw/GCU P:/WPDOCS\ORDR\FORDR\OUTLYING\0N0\ONO32901-1.doc 

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8	THE STATE OF NEVADA, )	
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10	vs. {	DEPT. X
11	CEDRIC JACKSON, SPRENTICE COLEMAN.	
12	\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
13	Defendant.	
14	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JESSIE	·
15	MONDAY, FEBI	
16	RECORDER'S TRANSCI DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO SE	
17 18 19	APPEARANCES: For the State:	NELL E. CHRISTENSEN, ESQ. Chief Deputy District Attorney
20 21	For the Defendant: Cedric Jackson  For Defendant:	PATRICIA PALM, ESQ DAN WINDER, ESQ.
22 23	Prentice Coleman	IVETTE A. MANINGO, ESQ. Deputy Special Public Defender
24		SCOTT L. BINDRUP, ESQ. Deputy Special Public Defender
25		
	RECORDED BY: VICTORIA BOYD, COU	RT RECORDER
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Cedric Jackson and case number C265339-2, State of Nevada versus Prentice Coleman.

MS. PALM: Good morning, Your Honor. Patricia Palm and Dan Winder for Cedric Jackson.

THE COURT: Good morning.

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MS. CHRISTENSEN: Nell Christensen for the State.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MS. MANINGO: Good morning, Your Honor. Actually I know this is Mr. Coleman's -- this is Mr. Jackson's motion to sever, but just wanted to let you know that we're in the courtroom, Ivette Maningo and Scott Bindrup, on behalf of Mr. Coleman.

THE COURT: Where's Coleman at?

MS. MANINGO: He was transported, I believe, since he was still on the caption of the pleading, however, we don't have a motion on file or on docket today.

THE COURT: Okay. So, who's arguing this particular defense motion to sever trial?

MS. PALM: I will be Your Honor.

THE COURT: Very well. Ms. Palm.

MS. PALM: Yes. Thank you.

Before I get going on the legal basis for severance, I just want to develop the facts a little bit more than they were in the motion and opposition.

Jackson is implicated as a shooter in this case because of Coleman's

statements that indicate that he was there but he was not a shooter. There were -according to ballistics, only three weapons fired. Both the alleged victims had GSR
on their hands. That's all the GSR information that we have. So, both of them could
be attributed to being a shooter. And then there's one third person that's a shooter
or there's three shooters.

Now there are four witnesses who talk about either one of the Defendants being at the scene, independent witnesses, not Coleman's statement. But all of the ballistics show that the shells fired that were in the yard around the body, all those shells, were attributable to one gun. So, there's one person who could have been the killer of Macklin, and he may have been firing his own gun.

So, Mr. Coleman's statement indicated he was present but was not a shooter leaves Cedric Jackson as a shooter. So, they do implicate him by inference even if they're not directly addressing Cedric Jackson. He did make statements saying that Cedric Jackson was also there and the State, I'm sure, would understand the need to redact those, but just by the implication that there's an accomplice that he acted with and that he didn't do anything himself that implicates Cedric Jackson. That's why we need a severance because of all of the statements that Mr. Coleman made indicating that he was present but not a shooter. And the State might want to admit the statements that he was not a shooter, but the defense in his case has a right to put forward those statements as the complete story of what he had actually said. And if they do, if those statements come in, then we have the right to impeach them. And we can't cross-examine Coleman if he doesn't take the stand. So, all of the statements in the case make a great disparity in evidence between Coleman's case and Jackson's case because Mr. Jackson never made a statement.

shooter or that he did anything more than show up to take part in a fight. The State's witnesses are inconsistent with each other. Albert, who is one of the victims, gave three different statements and he had GSR on him. There are two Bass cousins, two witnesses who are Bass cousins, who both say that Mr. Jackson was present fighting but did not have a gun. There's one other witness, both Albert, the alleged victim who had GSR on his hands, and Laquitta Langstaff who was dating the deceased Macklin. Both of them say that Coleman and Jackson went up to the yard -- into the yard and shot into Macklin, however, the ballistics don't support that. So, there's not strong evidence that the two of them acted together in this. And so the case against Jackson is not strong. It is weak compared to the case against Coleman and he shouldn't have to stand trial with Coleman when we can impeach statements that Coleman made by cross-examining him.

There's not strong -- it's not strong evidence that Mr. Jackson was a

And then we have the whole issue of their prior offense. They had a prior offense that was -- where they were both convicted together. They were both convicted of aiding and abetting and interference of commerce by armed robbery in 2005. The State's saying well even if that's admissible only the title and date of it are. Well the title and date of it are clear enough to anybody who's listening to think well these guys must have done this together. That's a pretty unique title. I don't know how we're going to get around that. Prejudice of -- it's kind of a bad act that they acted together in the past and so they must have acted together now. So, we have that whole issue with impeachment if they're tried together.

Coleman's text messages. The State also wants to use those to implicate Jackson, but there's no foundation to show that they're admissible against Jackson. Coleman had a couple text messages on his telephone stating the names

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 of the two victims in this case or the two alleged victims in this case. And the State has a report from an officer surmising that because Cedric Jackson had discovery that must be -- have that information about Coleman. Well we don't have any information about how the information got to Coleman, who sent that text message. It's on Coleman's phone. So, it's the kind of evidence that was talked about in *Zafiro* where it's technically admissible only against Coleman, but the State wants to kind of use that to say Mr. Jackson must somehow be guilty too because they must have come -- the information must have come from him even without foundation. So, again, there's a disparity in the evidence; it's admissible as to each of them.

Even with redactions to the statement, the fact -- with the way that circumstantial evidence works out in this case, even if you redact Cedric Jackson's name from the statements, you still have the issue that was present in *Chartier* and in *Ducksworth* where he's implicated by inferences. If there's only two of them sitting here at trial, the jury's going to understand that Coleman's talking about somebody else being the shooter, being Mr. Jackson. That's why they can't be tried together.

Both defenses are likely to be it wasn't me that was the shooter. If the jury believes Coleman's defense then Jackson must have been a shooter. If the jury believes Jackson's defense then Coleman must have been a shooter. Just based on the physical evidence and what the witnesses say we need to be able to impeach Coleman. The evidence against Mr. Jackson is not strong. And so for these reasons, we would ask for severance, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Very well. Ms. Christensen.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

As a part of my opposition, I actually gave you the statements that Mr.

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saying that it was in this case. It's a decently brief statement that he gives to detectives. He does not implicate Cedric Jackson in any way. In fact, he says I never even knew there was shooting or went to a shooting scene. All that happened is I was at the club and there was a fight between Jackson and this other individual which we could clearly redact out who that fight was about. And then I got dropped off at my house. I didn't go anywhere. He doesn't say Cedric Jackson was a shooter. In fact, he helped Cedric Jackson by saying Cedric Jackson didn't have a gun that I knew of. He didn't talk about a gun. I didn't see him with a gun.

Coleman gave to detectives, and as you can see, it's not really what the defense is

So, this isn't the kind of concession that implicates himself and the co-Defendant which typically Bruton is trying to protect against. We don't have a lot of complex statements in this case where it would be difficult to redact out portions. There's only a couple portions. If the State wanted to admit Prentice Coleman's statement, which we haven't decided yet if we would, there really isn't that much in there. So, I don't know if we will. But him -- once in a while in a response to a detective's question mentioning where Cedric Jackson played into it in terms of, yeah, he was at the bar, he got into fight, I don't know what happened, I don't how it started, and I was riding with him, really isn't going to be problem with Bruton if we decided to admit it. That can be something that can easily be redacted out.

As far as text messages, the reason that the text messages are related to Defendant Jackson is because only one Defendant at that time had discovery because Prentice Coleman had not been arrested, and in the discovery, the names of these two witnesses are spelling incorrectly in a unique way. And the text messages that go to Prentice Coleman's telephone they're spelled incorrectly in the same unique way showing that the only way that it could have been disseminated is 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |

either through his attorneys, Cedric Jackson's attorneys giving the discovery out which I'm sure did not happen or Cedric Jackson having disseminated that information. So, that's how that would be tied. And that really isn't something that plays on severance; it's something that the Court would have to make a determination on. At the time I'm sure there would be a motion regarding that from the defense.

So, as for *Bruton*, it's just really not an issue in this case. If the State decides to use the statement of Prentice Coleman, which is not likely, I believe that it could easily be redacted to comply with *Bruton* and it would be something that just as the defense suggests in their motion that we would bring before Your Honor first to make sure that the Court was satisfied with how it was redacted before it would be admitted in any manner.

Ms. Palm's rendition of the facts in this case aren't exactly correct with my understanding of them. She says, for example, that the Defendant, Mr. Jackson, is implicated by Coleman. He's not. And the way that -- in fact, before detectives even speak to Mr. Coleman, Mr. Jackson's already been arrested and that's because the witnesses who saw Mr. Jackson shooting the deceased in this case. Ms. Palm says that the case is weaker against Mr. Jackson than it is Mr. Coleman. I don't see it that way at all. I say they're either the same or they're a little bit stronger against Mr. Jackson because of those witnesses saying what they saw. And in this case Albert -- Marcus Albert, he did give different statements to the police. When they first went and talked to him he had been shot in the knee; he was in the hospital and he said, I'm not talking to you. I don't want anything to do with this even though he was a shooting victim. And they showed him even photos of the people who they thought had done it, who they knew he knows. They grew up

1 together. And he wouldn't even tell the detective that he knew who they were ever. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

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But little by little the detective established a rapport with him and then he said, yeah, you know what. I'm very scared to be part of this, to make any statement. There is still another person out there that you guys haven't identified because he said there was a third individual who came with Mr. Coleman and Mr. Jackson. And so I'm very scared to talk about this and that's why I wouldn't talk to you guys at the scene. But then he was forthcoming about what happened and he said, Mr. Coleman shot me and then I saw Mr. Coleman and Mr. Jackson chase Mr. Macklin down into the yard and shoot him as Mr. Albert was trying to get away having been shot. And then there are other individuals who also saw what happened.

Ms. Palm says that Mr. Carlos and Devin Bass both said that Defendant Jackson didn't have a gun. They didn't actually say that. They said -- they told the detectives, just like Mr. Albert had, we don't want to be part of this. We're very scared. And they said, we didn't see any gun. I don't know whether there was a gun. But of course there was guns because a shooting took place.

As for Ms. Palm's argument that these defenses are somehow mutually antagonistic, they're absolutely not. According to all of the facts, there's nine to ten people at this scene including witnesses and the deceased, Mr. Jackson, Mr. Coleman, and the third individual who was also a shooter according to some of the witnesses. And another witness said that there was three or four individuals. So, that puts ten people at the scene. And we know that there were three guns at the scene. So, just because two people are going to come in if that's what they're defenses are and say we were there but we weren't the shooters, that does not preclude somebody else of those ten people from being the shooters. So, those are not mutually antagonistic.

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Furthermore, we don't know that Mr. Coleman is going to say that he was at the scene and was not a shooter. According to what his statement to the police was, was I wasn't even at the scene. So, that doesn't put another gun to be attributed if there were three or four shooters in this case. So, in this case, they're just not mutually antagonistic. They can both go in and say either I was there and I wasn't shooter or I wasn't there at all and those aren't going to clash against each other in a manner that would make it mutually antagonistic so that couldn't be true of the other were true.

As for the prior offense that they committed together, I'm not saying that the date of the offense or the specific date including month, day and year would be admissible. And if Your Honor ruled that way then the year may not even be necessarily admissible if it would come to fruition that both of these individuals would somehow take the stand and be impeached by this evidence. But that's typically how it would be. It would be the year, the name of the offense, and maybe the jurisdiction in which that offense occurred that we would use to impeach that person if they took the stand. And that would be the only circumstances under which that would occur is if both of these two individuals took the stand and then Your Honor could make a ruling as to what — if the year would be admissible. But just the year itself isn't going to be a problem. I mean, if you have an offense that is a similar offense it doesn't mean that they committed it together, and that's not even close to saying —suggesting that to the jury in any manner.

I noticed in the motion the defense also suggested that there would be a problem if they were admitted side by side at the penalty phase which doesn't make any sense to me because even if, let's say, we did a separate trial with Mr.

Jackson and we admitted his prior from 2005, which he committed with Mr.

 Coleman, it would be admissible against him even in a severed trial that he committed that with Mr. Coleman. And so that certainly isn't going to be any different whether it's severed or not.

In this case, Your Honor, the evidence is strong against Mr. Jackson. The evidence is similar as to both Defendants. It's not a case in which one is very weak and we're just trying to bolster the other one by keeping them severed — keeping them joined. The reason that they should be joined is because of the reason behind joinder which is judicial economy. And I've laid all that out and I know you understand from the opposition so I won't go through all that. But there is no bad faith by the State in trying to keep these together so that we can get in some evidence that we wouldn't otherwise be able to get in. That's just not the kind of case that we have or the facts before Your Honor. And so based on that, the defense motion should be denied.

THE COURT: Okay. Concluding argument. Ms. Palm.

MS. PALM: May I respond?

THE COURT: Ms. Palm.

MS. PALM: Thank you.

Your Honor, the DA did not mention all of Coleman's statements to his girlfriend which, you know, according to the police reports that he admitted basically that he was there, and let's see, that Cedric was there and he got in a fight with Macklin. That's when the shooting started. So, Coleman is implicating him not just through his statement but that combined with the statements of the girlfriend, the police think from Coleman's statement that he admitted to being there. Then Coleman made statements to his girlfriend, which I don't know if the State's not planning to admit those or not, but Coleman's statement to his girlfriend puts Cedric

1 there, and also stated that Mr. Coleman didn't do anything; that he was there, it 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

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wasn't his fault. He was just there when the shooting started. That implicates Mr. Jackson as well as we have a number of telephone calls from the -- from Clark County Detention Center where Coleman's talking to his girlfriend and during those calls he makes statements about how it wasn't his fault; you know, his girlfriend was telling him I told you not to go back there; it's not my fault. He talks about -- he says enough to her that I think that the State is going to want to use those phone calls. And I haven't heard them say they're not going to use them. They're just saying if they decide to use them at the time of trial well then we'll have to deal with it. But right now is the time to decide severance because we need to decide what kind of motions to file in each case and it's going to be different if they going together or if they're going separately.

Finally, I did not think that I implied his priors shouldn't be used at penalty. My argument is as to guilt phase; that the prior offenses tied together kind of implicate them both in wrong doing together as a bad act. And so there are a lot of statements that Coleman has made. I'm not hearing the State say that they're not going to use any of them.

So, I think at this point we're entitled to severance because all those statements implicate Mr. Jackson especially considering the physical evidence that show there were only three guns fired and he's saying that he wasn't one of them. And then the witnesses saying that two people came up into the yard but ballistics saying that one person did it. He's saying he wasn't that one person. The jury is naturally going to infer that the other person sitting here at the table with him was that person. It does implicate Mr. Jackson by reference and that's just what's talked about in Chartier.

THE COURT: I think counsel has done a good job in drafting the pleadings and making the various arguments this morning, but the Court is not convinced that the defenses are mutually antagonistic to the extent that severance ought to be granted. The motion is denied.

Ms. Christiansen, I'll ask you to prepare an order for the Court's signature.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. WINDER: Thank you.

[Proceedings concluded at 10:58 a.m.]

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

PATRICIA SLATTERY
Court Transcriber

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15	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JESSIE WAI	·
16	MONDAY, APRIL	
17	RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT DEFENDANT JACKSON'S MOTIC	
18	APPEARANCES:	
19	<u> </u>	LL E. CHRISTENSEN, ESQ. NIELLE K. PIPER, ESQ.
20	)	ef Deputy District Attorneys
21	For the Defendant: Cedric Jackson PA	TRICIA PALM, ESQ.
22	2 AR	NOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ.
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There are two motions on calendar. Any preference on which one we take first? The State didn't really oppose the motion to continue; correct?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Correct, Your Honor.

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MS. PALM: If you want to take that one first, Your Honor, we -- if the State's

not opposing it, we got in a great deal of additional discovery. There's still outstanding discovery. And then we need to send the new discovery to our experts who are out of state. So, for that reason we could not effectively defend Mr. Jackson at trial if we were to go to trial in June. So, we're asking to continue it now so that everybody doesn't have to attempt to get ready when it's impossible.

THE COURT: Mr. Weinstock.

MR. WEINSTOCK: I concur with her. And I think we've been talking a date in June of next year, is the available date that I think everybody's agreed to.

THE COURT: Mr. Bindrup.

MR. BINDRUP: Your Honor, Mr. Coleman is -- has been in custody for years now. He's very unhappy with the number of continuances in this case. And I told him quite frankly we recently did get new discovery. In fact, there's ballistics from the original crime scene that are yet to be processed and sorted through. I still indicated to him that I would oppose this continuance.

I believe the next motion is a motion for severance. So, if we have our druthers, I would hope that Your Honor grants the severance motion so that we can go in and get this matter tried. And there is still a lot of work to be done especially after we get the final ballistics in. And this relates to a 2008 case which leads us to additional avenues of investigation, but I am opposing the continuance at this time.

THE COURT: Mr. Arroyo.

MR. ARROYO: Your Honor, I concur with Mr. Bindrup.

THE COURT: Why are we getting ballistics -- new ballistics from the original crime scene so late in the game?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: It isn't new ballistics, Your Honor. It was something that the defense -- the State had never requested. The defense now requested it a

few weeks ago after having done a review of the evidence at the evidence vault and then speaking to the State's expert. The defense asked for additional testing. And based on their request to me, I put forth that request. It wasn't the State's request; it was the defense's request that the State request it.

THE COURT: And is the State intending to do additional discovery as well?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: I addressed that a little bit in my response. There are things that I think that the State has subpoenaed for the defense, but there are other things that they are requesting that probably aren't something that the State should be ordered to produce. I can get with Ms. Palm regarding some of those so we can ferret it out if she wants to look for some of those things on her own. For example, she's asking for cases -- arrests reports regarding cases of witnesses in the case. I don't think that *Brady* or its prodigy or the statute requires the State to get those. So, if that's some of what she's referring to, no, the State isn't looking for those things. But there are other things that she listed in her motion as well that we're working on.

MS. PALM. And, Your Honor, just to be clear. We have been cooperating. Ms. Christensen and I have been going back and forth, and if it comes to the point where I think I'm entitled to something and they're saying no, then I will do a motion to the Court. It hasn't been to that point yet. We've still been talking about, you know, what she can get for me and what she can't get for me so it has been cooperative. And as far as new evidence, some of that came from our vault review that Ms. Keenan wasn't even aware of that was -- at the time we did the evidence vault review led us to additional investigation that we needed to do.

THE COURT: Defendant Jackson's motion to continue the trial is granted before we give you a new trial date. Let's hear the motion to sever argument.

 MS. PALM: On the motion to sever, Your Honor, I realize that I brought up a couple of the grounds previously which the Court denied, but there is a continuing duty to reconsider severance at all stages if it appears that a Defendant will be prejudiced by the joinder.

When we got the new discovery on the 702 Club, it showed that Mr. Jackson was present at that scene in 2007 and had actually given a statement and his cousin also who now is deceased. He was actually a victim in another case, and that's partly why we need all this -- the additional time we need to investigate those things.

But as far as the severance goes -- and the State admits in their opposition or their opposition to the severance that evidence could not be used against Mr. Jackson because it didn't show that he did anything other than being present. However, we suspect that Mr. Coleman will use that evidence to say there is one person who was common to both scenes where the same gun was used and that's Mr. Jackson.

So, it would be evidence that I don't think the State could present at trial. Unfortunately, I'm in a position to do a motion to preclude it yet because we just got that discovery. And so that motion will come later. But I think we need balance, probative versus prejudice; the fact that he wasn't a suspect and didn't do anything. It couldn't come in against him in the State's case in chief in the trial. However, the question is different and it's a different test when you're talking about Mr. Coleman's right to present a defense. I think you're right to present a defense. You can present anything including the fact that your co-Defendant was the person who was present at both scenes and I think that's what they're intending to do.

So, now we have these questions of not only conflicting defenses and a

 disparity in evidence considering all the other evidence against Coleman with his statements that is not admissible against Mr. Jackson. Now we have a question -- a problem with a co-Defendant being able to point the finger at my client who the State couldn't use that same evidence to do it. That's the basis of our renewed motion to sever.

THE COURT: It almost sounds like you're arguing for the co-Defendant rather than for your own client.

MS. PALM: Well I'm arguing it for my client because the co-Defendant I'm saying would have a right to do it where the State can't and my client will be prejudiced. So, it is prejudiced to my client the fact that Mr. Coleman will intend—intends to use that evidence.

THE COURT: I don't know what Mr. Coleman intends to do. Mr. Bindrup.

MR. BINDRUP: Your Honor, our defense is that Mr. Coleman was not present at the time of this particular offense. We have three different guns and three separate areas of shell casings.

The case before -- and I know Your Honor's already heard a motion to sever, but what the new ballistics which tied in clearly one of those guns and the gun that is tied in to the previous 2008 702 murder, okay, is a different gun then the State would be alleging that Mr. Jackson used for this offense.

We also have a family connection. So, yes, when we present our defense, it is our intention to fully go into an attempt to bring in as much as possible the 702 stuff that implicates Mr. Jackson. There's an ancient saying, all roads lead to Rome. In this particular case, with the new 2008 murder case, all roads lead to the co-Defendant in this case. And as his attorney, whether or not he wants to present it individually but as -- by himself, but as his attorney, I fully intend to show

 why my client was not involved in that. He was in federal custody at the time. He had nothing to do with it. And it's our position that we should be able to establish why -- those guns weren't his. He was not there and he didn't use them.

The only evidence against my client that is a witness that was shot in the leg. Only after the third statement that Marcus Albert gave to police did he implicate my client, and that's only after a probation officer was involved. Detective Prieto [phonetic] drug him out, arrested him; hauled him down to the station, searched his house, and then all the sudden we have implicating statements that, hey, this guy shot me. Then comes to find out this is not a shot. He didn't take a bullet wound in the leg. This was rather little bullet fragments that ended going into his leg. In discussing this case with the coroner, clearly that individual was not shot with the bullet. He was not shot directly by my client, and his testimony is so suspect and he's presently in custody, in federal custody, serving time in a California facility.

But in light of those factors, I just fully intend on bringing in the other charge to transfer the blame on other individuals that were there and that participated in it. And as far as the State's concerned, I believe prior to trial at some point, they will file a motion to introduce prior bad acts, meaning this 2008 702 murder case which ties in directly with Mr. Jackson. Not only was he there, gave a statement, but from reading the discovery that we just got on that case, it's clear that he's more tied in than he indicated to police officers at that time.

So, basically we have, you know, two prosecutors against one individual. I don't mind doing that, but I just don't want to be precluded against bringing incriminating evidence against Mr. Jackson during our trial. Thank you.

THE COURT: Does the State intend to file such a motion, Ms. Christensen?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Your Honor, in this case, I laid out in my opposition to the severance motion what my position would be regarding the admissibility of that evidence. I don't think that it is admissible as another bad act. I don't think we can admit it as another bad act and neither could Mr. Bindrup and that's because there's no clear and convincing evidence that he was a shooter in that case. There wasn't even an arrest made in that case. So, there wasn't even enough evidence to arrest their actual suspect in the case as a shooter

In this case, all that is proven by the evidence from the 702 Club is that Mr. Jackson was present at the time that that gun was used. And there were a lot of people interviewed. Not one person even suggested that Mr. Jackson was a shooter in that case. So, no, it would be completely unethical for the State to try to admit evidence that he was somehow a shooter in that case when everything shows that he wasn't. Similarly 48.045 also applies to defense, all parties it applies to. Mr. Bindrup can't admit it for what he's trying to admit it for. And, Your Honor, what this is my opinion is they tried to sever it in 2011. It didn't work. Now they have another thing that maybe they're going to throw up there and see if it sticks.

There is no basis to sever in this case. Ms. Palm says that there's a disparity in evidence and there's conflicting defenses. That's not a basis to sever even if it's true. You know, we would say there is strong evidence against both of these Defendants. And so that isn't even a basis for which Ms Palm had asked for severance in this case.

Now certainly we do think that the evidence from the 702 Club might be admissible by the State because it's relevant and not more prejudicial than probative and that's something that applies to both parties as well. So, if Your Honor says no it's not then nobody is able to admit even if we had separate trials.

So, this whole thing that they're bringing up is not cured by separate trials. It's something that's going to be admissible against each of them if it's admissible at all. And so severed trials in a month long trial is not the way to go with this new evidence that we're bringing up. We can bring a motion at the time. A motion in limine is what the State would entitle it because it's not a motion to admit other bad acts. And we can ferret out that issue and we started to kind of argue about it already, but it's certainly not a reason to sever. And maybe if they want to renew a motion to sever after — if your decision on that motion is something that has changed the outcome possibly at this point, there's nothing even close to the law that requires severance in this case.

THE COURT: I heard Mr. Bindrup say that the gun that was used in the 702 case is not the same gun that was used in this case; is that true?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: That's not what he said. I don't think it was used.

Mr. Bindrup is trying to assume which gun we're going to argue each one of these individuals used during the shooting in our case. The shooting from the 702 Club it shot eight rounds at the 702 Club; also shot eight or nine rounds at our scene.

THE COURT: That's what I understood from the written pleadings --

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Right.

THE COURT: -- so I'm surprised to hear him say that or maybe I misunderstood.

MR. BINDRUP: I misspoke, Your Honor.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: What he's trying to say is that we were going to -- one way who we were going to say it was in the hands of. Quite frankly, Your Honor, that doesn't matter because they're both charged via co-conspirator and aiding and

 abetting liability. So, we can argue, you know what, it could have been in Mr. Jackson's hands, it could have been in Mr. Coleman's hands, it could have been in the third shooter's hands. It doesn't matter for culpability under the law. And so that argument that Mr. Bindrup made has no bearing on this motion at all.

THE COURT: Any concluding argument, Ms. Palm?

MS. PALM: Well, Your Honor, I think it's a natural inclination for anybody to think that the same weapons used at both scenes there's a common Defendant at both scenes even that the Defendant is common at both scenes, even if he wasn't an official suspect in the other case. And given the State's, you know, concession that he was not a suspect, there's nothing that they could ethically do to show that he was, of course it's overly prejudicial for anybody to admit in the case in chief evidence regarding Mr. Jackson and the 702 Club. That would not be admissible if the State were to do that. And I do believe that the defense, you know, you have a right to defend and that's evidence that would be relevant to Mr. Coleman's defense.

So, I completely disagree with the argument that anybody could admit this evidence because it is overly prejudicial and the jury is naturally going to assume that Mr. Jackson was present and participating in both scenes given that we have the same gun in both scenes also.

THE COURT: Mr. Bindrup.

MR. BINDRUP: And, again, just the shell -- just let me make clear. The shell casings of one of the guns has been tied conclusively to the shell casings and the gun used in the prior 2008 murder.

THE COURT: Well I don't think there's basis for the Court to grant the motion to sever at this time. And the only other thing the Court would state is that, you know, mutually antagonistic defense isn't necessarily mutually exclusive defense.

So, I'll ask the State to prepare an order for the Court's signature. We need a new court date -- we need a new trial date; right?

THE COURT CLERK: Yes.

MR. BINDRUP: And if you're granting the motion to continue, I am still urging the Court to -- yes, I can understand their requesting additional time and why. We have a lot of work left as well, but still this is something that we can handle before the end of the year. I would urge the Court, even if we need to kick much younger cases, I believe this is old enough that it should go before the end of this year or at least no more than the first part into next year. But he's already been -- he's already very unhappy with the amount of time he's been sitting in custody and would ask for a more expedited trial setting, please.

MR. WEINSTOCK: And, Your Honor, on behalf of Mr. --

THE COURT: The Court already granted the motion to continue. We're not going to reargue. We've got plenty to do this morning.

MR. WEINSTOCK: On behalf of Mr. Winder, we are tied up through at least February of next year. So, we're looking -- I think everybody is -- kind of been talking about June of next year as an available date for everybody.

MS. PALM: And I am tied up through April of next year is my last murder trial.

So, after, you know -- and my mitigation person who needs to be here to help us coordinate cannot be available until June.

THE COURT: What's the State's availability for trial? Ms Christensen.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: We're available, Your Honor. We'll just work with their schedule.

THE COURT: All right. You want to get together and confer and we'll bring you back on a status check for purposes of setting the trial date or do you want the