Case No. 72931

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; and STAR HILL HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION,

Appellants

VS.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF THE CWABS, INC., ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6,

Respondent.

Electronically Filed Jul 14 2017 08:27 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Certified Question From the United States District Court, District of Nevada The Honorable Richard F. Boulware, II, United States District Judge Case No. 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL.

JOINT APPENDIX VOLUME 1

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1	5	04/21/2017	Order Granting or Motion to Certify a Question of Law to Nevada's Supreme Court	JA_0062

TAB 1

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Attorneys for Plaintiff The Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS CWABS. INC. ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6,

Plaintiff,

VS.

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STAR HILL HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION; SBW INVESTMENT, LLC; **NEVADA** ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.; and SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC,

Defendants.

Case No.: 2:16 cv 02561

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6 (BNY Mellon) complains as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

1. This court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332. BNY Mellon is a citizen of New York and on information and belief none of the defendants is a citizen of New York. The amount in controvery exceeds \$75,000.

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JA 0002

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- 2. BNY Mellon is New York Corporation. Its principal office is in New York. BNY Mellon is a citizen of the state of New York for purposes of diversity of citizenship. The diversity of citizenship requirement is met. See Carolina Casualty Ins. Co. v. Team Equipment, Inc., 741 F.3d 1082 (9th Cir. 2014). Defendants Star Hill Homeowners Association (Star Hill), SBW Investment, LLC (SBW), Nevada Association Services, Inc. (NAS), and SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC (SFR) are, on information and belief, not citizens of New York. The amount in controversy requirement is met. BNY Mellon seeks a declaration its deed of trust, which secures a loan with a principal balance of \$347,534.11, was not extinguished by a homeowners' association non-judicial foreclosure sale that is the basis for SFR's claim to title to the real property sub judice.
- 3. Defendant Star Hill is, on information and belief, a Nevada non-profit corporation with its principal place of business in Nevada. BNY Mellon is informed and believes and therefore alleges Star Hill is the purported beneficiary under an alleged homeowners' association lien recorded February 5, 2010. BNY Mellon is informed and believes and therefore alleges Star Hill foreclosed on the lien on September 14, 2012.
- 4. Defendant SBW is a dissolved Nevada limited liability company. On information and belief, Serge B. Woodruff, managing member of SBW, is a citizen of Utah. After a reasonable search, BNY Mellon cannot determine the citizenship of the other members, if any, of SBW. BNY Mellon is informed and believes and therefore alleges SBW purchased the property at the HOA foreclosure sale, acquiring title via a foreclosure deed recorded September 20, 2012.
- 5. Defendant NAS is a Nevada corporation with its principal place of business in Nevada. BNY Mellon is informed and believes and therefore alleges NAS conducted the foreclosure at issue in this case on behalf of Star Hill.
- 6. Defendant SFR is, on information and belief, a Nevada limited liability company. SFR's sole member is SFR Investments, LLC, also a Nevada limited liability company. Investment's LLC's sole member is SFR Funding, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. SFR Funding, LLC's sole member is Xiemen Limited Partnership, a Canadian limited partnership. Xiemen Limited Partnership is comprised of two partners: Xiemen Investments, Ltd. and John

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Gibson. Xiemen Investments, Ltd. is a Canadian corporation. John Gibson is domiciled in South Africa. BNY Mellon is informed and believes and therefore alleges SBW deeded the property to SFR via a grant, bargain, sale deed recorded April 5, 2013.

- 7. This court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332 for reasons stated above.
- 8. Venue is proper in this court under 28 U.S.C. §1391. The property that is the subject of this action is located at 5020 Piney Summit Ave, Las Vegas, Nevada 89141 (the property). Venue is proper in this court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(1) and (2) because this action seeks to determine an interest in property located within Clark County, Nevada and because this lawsuit arises out of a foreclosure of real property located within Nevada.
- 9. The pre-litigation dispute resolution process set forth in NRS 38.300 et seq. is not applicable to this action and cannot restrict the jurisdiction of this court. To the extent any requirement of the statute is applicable to any portion of the claims asserted herein, that requirement has been constructively exhausted and further resort to administrative remedies would be futile because a demand for mediation to Nevada Real Estate Division (NRED) was submitted on or about March 31, 2016, but NRED has failed to schedule the mediation in the time period required by NRS 38.330(1).

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 10. Under Nevada state law, homeowners' associations have the right to charge property owners residing within the community assessments to cover the homeowners' associations' expenses for maintaining or improving the community, among other things.
- 11. When these assessments go unpaid, the homeowners' association may impose a lien and then foreclose on a lien if the assessments remain unpaid.
- 12. NRS Chapter 116 generally provides a non-judicial foreclosure scheme for a homeowners' association to conduct a non-judicial foreclosure where the unit owner fails to pay his or her monthly assessments.

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13. NRS 116.3116 makes a homeowners' association lien for assessments junior to a first deed of trust beneficiary's secured interest in the property, with one limited exception: a homeowners' association lien is senior to a first deed of trust beneficiary's secured interest "to the extent of any charges incurred by the association on a unit pursuant to NRS 116.310312 and to the extent of the assessments for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien[.]" NRS 116.3116(2)(c).

The Deed of Trust and Assignment

- 14. On or about January 30, 2006, Richard A. Perez, Sr. and Rosemarie Perez (the **Perezes**) purchased the property. The Perezes financed ownership of the property by way of a loan in the amount of \$315,412.00 from Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. evidenced by a note and secured by a deed of trust (the **senior deed of trust**) recorded January 31, 2006. A true and correct copy of the senior deed of trust is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as Instrument No. 20060131-0003398.
- 15. The senior deed of trust was assigned to The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6 via a corporation assignment of deed of trust. A true and correct copy of the assignment is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 201108260002837**.
- 16. The senior deed of trust was assigned to Green Tree Servicing LLC via an assignment of deed of trust. A true and correct copy of the assignment is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 20151002-0004092**.
- 17. The senior deed of trust was assigned to The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6 via a corporation assignment of deed of trust. A true and correct copy of the assignment is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as Instrument No. 20160706-0001626.

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The HOA Lien and Foreclosure

- 18. On February 5, 2010, Star Hill, through its agent NAS, recorded a notice of delinquent assessment lien. Per the notice, the amount due Star Hill was \$888.96, which includes late fees, collection fees and interest in the amount of \$643.90. A true and correct copy of the notice of lien is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 201002050001882**.
- 19. On May 5, 2010, Star Hill, through its agent NAS, recorded a notice of default and election to sell to satisfy the delinquent assessment lien. The notice states the amount due Star Hill was \$2,142.11, but does not specify whether it includes dues, interest, fees and collection costs in addition to assessments. A true and correct copy of the notice of default is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 201005050001519**. The notice of default does not specify the super-priority amount claimed by Star Hill and fails to describe the "deficiency in payment" required by NRS 116.31162(1)(b)(1).
- 20. On January 19, 2011, Star Hill, through its agent NAS, recorded a notice of foreclosure sale. The trustee's sale was scheduled for February 11, 2011. The notice states the amount due Star Hill was \$3,299.68, including "reasonable estimated costs, expenses and advances." A true and correct copy of the notice of sale is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 201101190003426.** The notice of sale does not identify the super-priority amount claimed by Star Hill and fails to describe the amount necessary to satisfy the lien required by NRS 116.311635(3)(a).
- 21. On May 15, 2012, Star Hill, through its agent NAS, recorded another notice of foreclosure sale. The trustee's sale was scheduled for June 8, 2012. The notice states the amount due Star Hill was \$5,784.29, including "reasonable estimated costs, expenses and advances." A true and correct copy of the notice of sale is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No.** 201205150002381. The notice of sale does not identify the super-priority amount claimed by Star Hill and fails to describe the amount necessary to satisfy the lien required by NRS 116.311635(3)(a).

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In none of the recorded documents nor in any notice did Star Hill or its agent NAS 22. provide notice of the purported super-priority lien amount, where to pay the amount, how to pay the amount, or the consequences for failure to do so.

- 23. In none of the recorded documents nor in any notice did Star Hill or its agent NAS specify whether it was foreclosing on the super-priority portion of its lien, if any, or on the subpriority portion of its lien.
- 24. In none of the recorded documents nor in any notice did Star Hill or its agent NAS specify the senior deed of trust would be extinguished by Star Hill's foreclosure.
- 25. In none of the recorded documents nor in any notice did Star Hill or its agent NAS identify any way by which the beneficiary under the senior deed of trust could satisfy the superpriority portion of Star Hill's claimed lien.
- 26. The deficiencies in the notices notwithstanding, on or about August 26, 2010, after Star Hill recorded its notice of default, BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP (BAC), as then-servicer of the loan, remitted payment to Star Hill, through its agent NAS, to satisfy the super-priority amount owed to Star Hill.
- 27. On June 30, 2010, BAC requested a ledger from Star Hill, through its agent NAS, identifying the super-priority amount allegedly owed to Star Hill. Star Hill refused to identify the super-priority amount and instead provided a ledger dated July 30, 2010 identifying the total amount allegedly due.
- 28. BAC and its counsel were forced to calculate the super-priority amount claimed by Star Hill by reference to the July 30, 2010 ledger. Based on the monthly assessment amount identified in the July 30, 2010 ledger, BAC accurately calculated the super-priority amount as \$295.65, the sum of nine-months of common assessments as identified in Star Hill's ledger, and tendered that amount to Star Hill through its agent NAS on August 26, 2010. A true and correct copy of the statement of account and BAC's tender letter and check are attached as Exhibit 1. Star Hill refused BAC's tender.

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29. Despite the tender, Star Hill foreclosed on the property on or about September 14, 2012. A trustee's deed upon sale in favor of SBW was recorded September 20, 2012. A true and correct copy of the trustee's deed is recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No.** 201209200001817.

- 30. According to the foreclosure deed, the sale price at the September 14, 2012 foreclosure sale was \$6,750.00. Star Hill's sale of the property to SBW for less than 2% of the value of the unpaid principal balance on the senior deed of trust, and, on information and belief, for a similarly diminutive percentage of the property's fair market value, is commercially unreasonable and not in good faith as required by NRS 116.1113.
- 31. On April 5, 2013, SBW deeded the property to SFR pursuant to a grant, bargain, sale deed recorded with the Clark County Recorder as **Instrument No. 201304050001725**. information and belief, SFR purports to own the property free and clear of the senior deed of trust.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Quiet Title/Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants)

- 32. BNY Mellon repeats and re-allege the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein and incorporates the same by reference.
- 33. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201 and NRS 30.040 et seq., this court is empowered to declare the rights of parties and other legal relations of parties regarding the property.
- 34. An actual controversy has arisen between BNY Mellon and defendants regarding the property. The senior deed of trust is a first secured interest on the property. As a result of the September 14, 2012 HOA foreclosure sale, SBW purchased the property and subsequently transferred its interest in the property to SFR, who, on information and belief, asserts it owns the property free and clear of the senior deed of trust.
- 35. BNY Mellon's interest in the senior deed of trust encumbering the property constitutes an interest in real property.
- 36. BNY Mellon is entitled to a declaration Star Hill's foreclosure did not extinguish the Senior Deed of Trust, or alternatively, Star Hill's foreclosure is void.

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NRS Chapter 116 Violates BNY Mellon's Right to Procedural Due Process

- 37. BNY Mellon asserts Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes' scheme of HOA super priority non-judicial foreclosure violates BNY Mellon's procedural due process rights under the state and federal constitutions.
- 38. The Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article 1, Sec. 8 of the Nevada Constitution protect BNY Mellon from being deprived of its interest in the senior deed of trust in violation of procedural due process guarantees of notice and an opportunity to be heard.
- 39. BNY Mellon asserts there is no way to apply Nevada's scheme of non-judicial HOA super priority foreclosure that complies with Nevada and the United States' respective guarantees of procedural due process.
- 40. Constitution Nevada does not expressly set forth state action requirement. Even if it did, and consistent with the state action requirements of the Federal Constitution, the State of Nevada has become sufficiently intertwined with HOA foreclosure such that state and federal procedural due process protections for the Senior Deed of Trust apply, to wit:
 - The super priority lien did not exist at common law, but rather is imposed by a) statute.
 - b) In order to conserve governmental resources and fund the quasi-governmental HOA, Nevada's legislature made super priority mandatory, expanded the super-priority duration from six to nine months, and declared it could not contractually subordinate its lien by provisions within a HOA's covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
 - c) The super priority lien has no nexus whatsoever to a private agreement between Star Hill and BNY Mellon, but, again, is imposed by legislative enactment.
 - d) Nevada and Clark County mandated the creation of Star Hill as a quasigovernmental entity to perform governmental functions including maintaining the common open spaces and private streets within the Star Hill community.

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41. Since the state of Nevada is responsible for the creation of the super priority lien and has made it mandatory, then the state of Nevada's HOA super priority foreclosure scheme is the result of state action subject to procedural due process safeguards.

- 42. On its face, Nevada's scheme of non-judicial HOA super-priority foreclosure lacks any pre-deprivation notice requirements or post-deprivation redemption options that are necessary components of due process:
 - a) NRS 116.31162 and NRS 116.311635 do not require an HOA provide BAC or BNY Mellon with written notice of the sum that constitutes the super-priority portion of the assessment lien.
 - b) Chapter 116 of NRS seeks to insulate its scheme of super priority non-judicial foreclosure by failing to provide any post-sale right of equity or redemption.
 - c) Chapter 116 of NRS fails to provide BNY Mellon with a statutorily enforceable mechanism to compel an HOA to inform BAC or BNY Mellon of the sum of the HOA super priority amount.
- 43. As applied, Star Hill's non-judicial foreclosure violated state and federal procedural due process protections since BAC was not provided with any notice its physical delivery of a check for 9 months of assessments did not redeem the senior deed of trust's priority prior to the HOA foreclosure.
- 44. BNY Mellon requests this court void the HOA foreclosure sale or declare SFR's title was acquired subject to the senior deed of trust because NRS 116's scheme of HOA super-priority foreclosure violates the procedural process clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article 1, Sec. 8 of the Nevada Constitution.

Additional Reasons the HOA Foreclosure Sale Did Not Extinguish the Senior Deed of Trust

- 45. The HOA sale is void or did not extinguish the senior deed of trust for additional reasons stated below.
- 46. The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because the recorded notices, even if they were in fact provided, failed to describe the lien in sufficient detail as required

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by Nevada law, including, without limitation: whether the deficiency included a "super-priority" component, the amount of the super-priority component, how the super-priority component was calculated, when payment on the super-priority component was required, where payment was to be made or the consequences for failure to pay the super-priority component. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.

- 47. The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because BAC tendered and satisfied the super-priority amount and Star Hill, through its agent NAS, wrongfully rejected the tender. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.
- 48. The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because the sale was commercially unreasonable or otherwise failed to comply with the good faith requirement of NRS 116.1113 in several respects, including, without limitation, the lack of sufficient notice, Star Hill's wrongful rejection of BAC's tender, the sale of the property for a fraction of the loan balance or actual market value of the property, a foreclosure that was not calculated to promote an equitable sales prices for the property or to attract proper perspective purchasers, and a foreclosure sale that was designed and/or intended to result in maximum profit for Star Hill, NAS, and SBW at the sale without regard to the rights and interest of those who have an interest in the loan and made the purchase of the property possible in the first place. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.
- 49. The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because otherwise the sale would violate BNY Mellon's rights to due process, as a result of Star Hill's failure to provide sufficient notice of the super-priority component of Star Hill's lien, the manner and method to satisfy it, and the consequences for failing to do so. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.
- 50. The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because otherwise the sale would violate BNY Mellon's rights to due process, as a result of Star Hill's improper calculation of the super-priority component, its inclusion of charges that are not part of the super-priority lien under Nevada law, and its rejection of BAC's tender of the super-priority component of the lien. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.

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- The foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust because SBW does not 51. qualify as a bona fide purchaser for value, because it was aware of, or should have been aware of, the existence of the senior deed of trust, BAC's satisfaction of the super-priority component of Star Hill's lien, and the commercial unreasonableness of the HOA sale. Alternatively, the foreclosure sale is void.
- 52. BNY Mellon is entitled to a declaration, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, NRS 30.040, and NRS 40.010, that the HOA sale did not extinguish the senior deed of trust.
- 53. BNY Mellon was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and are therefore entitled to collect their reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of NRS 116.1113 Against Star Hill and NAS)

- 54. BNY Mellon repeats and re-alleges the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein and incorporates the same by reference.
- 55. NRS § 116.1113 and common law provide that every contract or duty governed by this chapter imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance or enforcement.
- 56. Star Hill's recorded CC&Rs contain a priority of assessment lien clause which represents Star Hill's entire lien will be subordinate to the senior deed of trust. Star Hill's recorded CC&Rs also contain a mortgagee protection clause which represents "no lien created under this [article], nor the enforcement of any provision of this Declaration shall defeat or render invalid the rights of the Beneficiary under any Recorded First Deed of Trust." These provisions make BNY Mellon a direct beneficiary of the protections afforded under the CC&Rs, with all accompanying duties implied and existing under Chapter 116 and common law.
- 57. NRS Chapter 116 requires Star Hill and its agent NAS to comply with the obligations of the CC&Rs, including the mortgagee protection and priority of assessment lien clauses.
- 58. After making the representations in the CC&Rs that any HOA lien would be subordinate to the senior deed of trust and no enforcement of any provision of the declaration would defeat the senior deed of trust, Star Hill and its agent NAS are charged with a duty to inform lenders

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and loan servicers like BNY Mellon and BAC that Star Hill's representations regarding the unequivocal protection of security interests in the CC&Rs was false, to notify BNY Mellon or BAC that the senior deed of trust was at risk, and to give BNY Mellon or BAC a reasonable opportunity to protect their interests in the property.

- 59. After making the representations in the CC&Rs that any HOA lien would be subordinate to the senior deed of trust and no enforcement of any provision of the declaration would defeat the senior deed of trust, Star Hill and its agent NAS are charged with the duty to either not foreclose or to specifically foreclose on only the sub-priority portion of the HOA's lien.
- 60. As a senior lienholder, Star Hill and its agent NAS also owe all junior lienholders a duty of good faith to treat it fairly with regard to decisions regarding the disposal of the collateral securing the respective liens.
- 61. Star Hill and its agent NAS breached their duties of good faith by not identifying the super-priority amount of Star Hill's lien for BNY Mellon or BAC, by not notifying BNY Mellon or BAC that Star Hill's representation regarding the protection of security interests was false, by not notifying BNY Mellon or BAC BNY Mellon's security interest was at risk, by not providing any reasonable opportunity for BNY Mellon or BAC to protect BNY Mellon's interest, by purporting to foreclose on the super-priority portion of Star Hill's lien, and by unfairly disposing of the collateral in a commercially unreasonable fashion.
- 62. If it is determined Star Hill's sale extinguished the senior deed of trust notwithstanding the deficiencies, violations, and improper actions described herein, Star Hill and NAS's breach of their obligations of good faith will cause BNY Mellon to suffer general and special damages in the amount equal to the fair market value of the property or the unpaid principal balance of the loan at issue, plus interest, at the time of the HOA sale, whichever is greater.
- 63. BNY Mellon was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and are therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

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1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Wrongful Foreclosure Against Star Hill and NAS)

- 64. BNY Mellon repeats and re-alleges the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein and incorporates the same by reference.
- To the extent defendants contend or the court concludes Star Hill's foreclosure sale 65. extinguished the senior deed of trust, the foreclosure was wrongful.
- 66. Because Star Hill and NAS failed to give adequate notice and an opportunity to cure the deficiency, the foreclosure was wrongful to the extent any defendant contends it extinguished the senior deed of trust.
- 67. Because BAC satisfied the super-priority portion of Star Hill's lien prior to the foreclosure sale there was no default in the super-priority component of Star Hill's lien at the time of the foreclosure sale and the foreclosure was wrongful to the extent any defendant contends it extinguished the senior deed of trust.
- 68. Because Star Hill and NAS sold the property for a grossly inadequate amount, compared to the value of the property and amount of outstanding liens defendants contend were extinguished by the foreclosure sale, the foreclosure was wrongful to the extent any defendant contends it extinguished the senior deed of trust.
- 69. Because Star Hill and its agent NAS violated the representations in the CC&Rs that that any HOA lien would be subordinate to the senior deed of trust and no enforcement of any provision of the declaration would defeat the senior deed of trust, the foreclosure was wrongful to the extent any defendant contends it extinguished the senior deed of trust.
- 70. Because Star Hill's unequivocal representations in its CC&Rs that the rights of the beneficiary under the senior deed of trust would not be jeopardized caused the sales price to be grossly inadequate, the foreclosure was commercially unreasonable and wrongful to the extent Star Hill contends it extinguished the senior deed of trust.

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	71.	Because	Star	Hill	and	its	agent	NAS	violated	the	good	faith	requirements	of
NRS	116.1113	s, the fore	eclosu	re wa	ıs wr	ong	ful to 1	the ext	ent any o	lefen	dant c	ontend	ds it extinguis	shed
the se	nior deed	l of trust												

- 72. If it is determined Star Hill's foreclosure sale extinguished the senior deed of trust notwithstanding the deficiencies, violations, and improper actions described herein, Star Hill's and its agent NAS's actions will cause BNY Mellon to suffer general and special damages in the amount equal to the fair market value of the property or the unpaid principal balance of the loan at issue, plus interest, at the time of the sale, whichever is greater.
- 73. BNY Mellon was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and are therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Injunctive Relief Against SFR)

- 74. BNY Mellon repeats and re-alleges the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein and incorporates the same by reference.
- 75. BNY Mellon disputes SFR's claim it owns the property free and clear of the senior deed of trust.
- 76. Any sale or transfer of the property by SFR, prior to a judicial determination concerning the respective rights and interests of the parties to this case, may be rendered invalid if the senior deed of trust still encumbers the property in first position and was not extinguished by the HOA sale.
- 77. BNY Mellon has a substantial likelihood of success on the merits of the complaint, and damages would not adequately compensate for the irreparable harm of the loss of title to a bona fide purchaser or loss of the first position priority status secured by the property.
- 78. BNY Mellon has no adequate remedy at law due to the uniqueness of the property involved in this case and the risk of the loss of the senior security interest.

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79. BNY Mellon is entitled to a preliminary injunction prohibiting SFR, or its successors, assigns, or agents, from conducting any sale, transfer, or encumbrance of the property that is claimed to be superior to the senior deed of trust or not subject to the senior deed of trust.

80. BNY Mellon is entitled to a preliminary injunction requiring SFR to pay all taxes, insurance and homeowners' association dues during the pendency of this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

BNY Mellon requests the court grant the following relief:

- 1. An order declaring SFR purchased the property subject to BNY Mellon's senior deed of trust;
- 2. In the alternative, an order that the HOA foreclosure sale, and any resulting foreclosure deed, was void ab initio;
- In the alternative, an order requiring Star Hill and NAS to pay BNY Mellon all 3. amounts by which it was damaged as a result of Star Hill's and NAS' wrongful foreclosure and/or violation of the good faith provisions of NRS 116.1113;
- 4. A preliminary injunction prohibiting SFR, its successors, assigns, or agents from conducting any sale, transfer, or encumbrance of the property that is claimed to be superior to the senior deed of trust or not subject to the senior deed of trust;
- 5. A preliminary injunction requiring SFR to pay all taxes, insurance, and homeowners' association dues during the pendency of this action;
 - 6. Reasonable attorneys' fees as special damages and the costs of suit; and
 - 7. For such other and further relief the court deems proper.

DATED November 4, 2016.

AKERMAN LLP

/s/ Rex D. Garner

Ariel E. Stern, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 8276 Rex D. Garner, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9401 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Plaintiff Attorneys for Plaintiff The Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6

{39845084;4}

Exhibit 1

1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

INDEX OF EXHIBITS TO COMPLAINT

CASE NO.

Star Hill Homeowners Association's Ledger and BAC's Tender Letter and Check

{39845084;4}

EXHIBIT 1

Star Hill Homeowners Association's Ledger and Tender Letter and Check

Perez Sr., Richard A. & Rosemarie

Star Hill

5020 Piney Summit Ave.

Account No.:

52101

TS# N 55500

Attorneys Fees & Collecti	on Costs	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Dates of Delinquency: 09/0		Present rate	Reserve	Prior rate	Prior rate	Prior rate
Full Amount						
Balance forward		-2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. of Months Subject to	o Interest	0	0	0	0	0
Interest due on Balance For	ward	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Monthly Assessment Ame	ount	32.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. of Months Delinque	uent	12	0	0	0	0
No. of Months Subject	to Interest	0	0	0	0	0
Total Monthly Assessments	due	394.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Late fee amount		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. of Months Late F	ees Incurred	0	0	0	0	0
Total Late Fees due		218.49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Interest Rate		0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12	0.12
Interest due		6.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Special Assessment Due		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Special Assessment Late Fe	e	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Special Assessment Months	Late	0	0	0	0	0
Special Assessment Interest	Due	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Misc.		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mgmt. Co. Intent to Lien		50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Return check charge		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Management Co. Fee		50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Demand Letter		135.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lien Fees		325.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Prepare Lien Release		30.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Certified Mailing		72.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Recording Costs		57.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pre NOD Ltr		75.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Payment Plan Fee		300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Breach letters		50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Personal check returns		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Escrow demand fee		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Collection Costs on Violat	ions	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Subtotals	\$1,761.41	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Credit	<u>Date</u>					
Payment to HOA/NAS	6/22/2010	(154.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
		(0.00)				
NAS Fee Payments		(300.00)				
HOA TOTAL	4	\$2,107.41				

[&]quot;Nevada Association Services Inc. is a debt collector. Nevada Association Services, Inc. is attempting to collect a debt. Any information obtained Printed: 7/30/2010 will be used for that purpose."

Trustee Fees & Costs	Amount	Attorneys Cre	<u>Date</u>	
				(0.00)
Trustee's Fees	400.00			(0.00)
Trustee's Sale Guarantee	400.00	Collection Cre	<u>Date</u>	
Posting/Publication	0.00			(0.00)
Courier	0.00			(0.00)
Postponement of Sale	0.00			(0.00)
Conduct Sale	0.00			(0.00)
Prepare/Record Deed	0.00			(0.00)
(other)	0.00			(0.00)
(other)	0.00			(0.00)
(other)	0.00			(0.00)
				(0.00)
TRUSTEE'S SUBTOTAL	\$800.00			(0.00)
				(0.00)
				(0.00)
		<u>\$2,107.41</u>		
TRUSTEE'S TOTAL		Collection Credits	SubTotal	\$0.00

DOUGLAS E. MILES * Also Admitted in Nevada and Illinois RICHARD J. BAUER, JR.* JEREMY T. BERGSTROM Also Admitted in Arizona FRED TIMOTHY WINTERS* KEENAN E. McCLENAHAN* MARK T. DOMEYER* Also Admitted in District of Columbia & Virginia TAMIS. CROSBY* L. BRYANT JAQUEZ * DANIEL L. CARTER * GINA M. CORENA WAYNE A. RASH * ROCK K. JUNG VY T. PHAM * KRISTA J. NIELSON MARK S. BRAUN Also Admitted in Iowa & Missouri HADI R. SEYED-ALI * **ROSEMARY NGUYEN *** JORY C. GARABEDIAN THOMAS M. MORLAN Admitted in California KRISTIN S. WEBB * BRIAN H. TRAN ANNA A. GHAJAR *



* CALIFORNIA OFFICE 1231 E. DYER ROAD SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CA 92705 PHONE (714) 481-9101 FACSIMILE (714) 481-9141

MILES, BAUER, BERGSTROM & WINTERS, LLP

2200 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 250 Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 369-5960 Fax: (702) 369-4955

August 26, 2010

Nevada Association Services, Inc. 6224 W. Desert Inn Road, Suite A Las Vegas, NV 89146

Re:

Property Address: 5020 Piney Summit Ave.

Account No: 52101 LOAN #: 2768 MBBW File No. 10-H1172

Dear Sir/Madame:

As you may recall, this firm represents the interests of BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP fka Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. (hereinafter "BAC") with regard to the issues set forth herein. We have received correspondence from your firm regarding our inquiry into the "Super Priority Demand Payoff" for the above referenced property. The Statement of Account provided by in regards to the above-referenced address shows a full payoff amount of \$2,107.41. BAC is the beneficiary/servicer of the first deed of trust loan secured by the property and wishes to satisfy its obligations to the HOA. Please bear in mind that:

NRS 116.3116 governs liens against units for assessments. Pursuant to NRS 116.3116:

The association has a lien on a unit for:

any penalties, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charged pursuant to paragraphs (j) to (n), inclusive, of subsection 1 of NRS 116.3102 are enforceable as assessments under this section

While the HOA may claim a lien under NRS 116.3102 Subsection (1), Paragraphs (j) through (n) of this Statute clearly provide that such a lien is JUNIOR to first deeds of trust to the extent the lien is for fees and charges imposed for collection and/or attorney fees, collection costs, late fees, service charges and interest. See Subsection 2(b) of NRS 116.3116, which states in pertinent part:

2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except:

Case 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL Document 1-1 Filed 11/04/16 Page 5 of 6

(b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent...

The lien is also prior to all security interests described in paragraph (b) to the extent of the assessments for common expenses...which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.

Based on Section 2(b), a portion of your HOA lien is arguably prior to BAC's first deed of trust, specifically the nine months of assessments for common expenses incurred before the date of your notice of delinquent assessment. As stated above, the payoff amount stated by you includes many fees that are junior to our client's first deed of trust pursuant to the aforementioned NRS 116.3102 Subsection (1), Paragraphs (j) through (n).

Our client has authorized us to make payment to you in the amount of \$295.65 to satisfy its obligations to the HOA as a holder of the first deed of trust against the property. Thus, enclosed you will find a cashier's check made out to NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES in the sum of \$295.65, which represents the maximum 9 months worth of delinquent assessments recoverable by an HOA. This is a non-negotiable amount and any endorsement of said cashier's check on your part, whether express or implied, will be strictly construed as an unconditional acceptance on your part of the facts stated herein and express agreement that BAC's financial obligations towards the HOA in regards to the real property located at 5020 Piney Summit Ave. have now been "paid in full".

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter. If you have any questions or concerns, I may be reached by phone directly at (702) 942-0412.

Sincerely,

MILES, BAUER, BERGSTROM & WINTERS, LLP

Rock K. Jung, Esq.

Miles, Bauer, Bergstrom & Winters, LLP Trust Acct

10-H1172

Initials: TLC

Payee: NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES,

Check #: 4821

Date: 8/26/2010 Amount: 295.65

Inv. Date	Reference #	Description	Inv. Amount	Case #	Matter Description	Cost Amount
8/26/2010	8/23/2042	To Cure HOA Deficiency	295.65			
			1 1			

Miles, Bauer, Bergstrom & Winters, LLP **Bank of America** 4821 1100 N. Green Valley Parkway **Trust Account** 1231 E. Dyer Road, #100 Henderson, NV 89074 Date: 8/26/2010 Santa Ana, CA 92705 16-66/1220 Phone: (714) 481-9100 1020 Amount \$**** 295.65 10-H1172 Loan # 2768 Pay \$*****Two Hundred Ninety-Five & 65/100 Dollars Check Void After 90 Days to the order of **NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.** 11482111

Case 2:16-cv-02561-RFB PAL COVER SHEET Filed 11/04/16 Page 1 of 1

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil w	ocket slicet. (SEE INSTRUC	HONS ON NEXT FAGE O	T IIIIS F	JKW.)					
I. (a) PLAINTIFFS The Bank of New York fk Certificateholders CWAB 2006-6.				DEFENDANTS Star Hill Homeown Association Service	ers Association				
(b) County of Residence of	f First Listed Plaintiff		County of Residence of First Listed Defendant						
(EZ	XCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CA	ASES)			(IN U.S. PLAINTI	IFF CASES ON	*		
				ONDEMNATION CA OF LAND INVOLV		IE LOCATION O	·F		
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Ariel E. Stern, Esq., Rex 1160 Town Center Drive, (702) 634-5000	D. Garner, Esq., Akeri	man LLP		Attorneys (If Known)					
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in O	One Box Only)	III. C	ITIZENSHIP OF P	RINCIPAL PA	ARTIES (1		-	
☐ 1 U.S. Government	☐ 3 Federal Question			(For Diversity Cases Only)	F DEF		and One Box for	r Defenda PTF	ant) DEF
Plaintiff	(U.S. Government l	Not a Party)	Citiz	ren of This State	1 🕱 1 Incor	porated <i>or</i> Prin Business In Th		□ 4	X 4
2 U.S. Government Defendant	■ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizensh.)	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citiz	ren of Another State		porated and Pr Business In Ar		对 5	5
				ten or Subject of a preign Country	3 3 Forei	gn Nation		□ 6	1 6
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			l re	ODEELTHDE/DENAT/TW	DANIZDIJI	TCV T	OTHER	TT A TTIT	TEC
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120 Marine	☐ 310 Airplane	☐ 365 Personal Injury -		of Property 21 USC 881	☐ 423 Withdrawal	SC 136	☐ 400 State Re		
☐ 130 Miller Act☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument☐	☐ 315 Airplane Product	Product Liability 367 Health Care/	□ 69	90 Other	28 USC 157		☐ 410 Antitrust☐ 430 Banks at		
☐ 140 Regulable instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	Liability 320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical			PROPERTY R		☐ 450 Commer		ng
& Enforcement of Judgment		Personal Injury			☐ 820 Copyrights		☐ 460 Deportat		
☐ 151 Medicare Act☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted☐	☐ 330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability 368 Asbestos Personal	1		☐ 830 Patent ☐ 840 Trademark		☐ 470 Racketee	er Influen Organizat	
Student Loans	☐ 340 Marine	Injury Product					☐ 480 Consum	er Credit	
(Excludes Veterans) ☐ 153 Recovery of Overpayment	☐ 345 Marine Product Liability	Liability PERSONAL PROPEI	RTY 🗖 7	LABOR 10 Fair Labor Standards	SOCIAL SECU ☐ 861 HIA (1395ff		☐ 490 Cable/Sa☐ 850 Securitie		odities/
of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 350 Motor Vehicle	370 Other Fraud		Act	□ 862 Black Lung	(923)	Exchang	ge	
☐ 160 Stockholders' Suits ☐ 190 Other Contract	☐ 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability	☐ 371 Truth in Lending☐ 380 Other Personal	□ 7:	20 Labor/Management Relations	☐ 863 DIWC/DIW☐ 864 SSID Title ∑		☐ 890 Other St ☐ 891 Agricult		
☐ 195 Contract Product Liability	☐ 360 Other Personal	Property Damage	□ 7·	40 Railway Labor Act	☐ 865 RSI (405(g))		☐ 893 Environ		
☐ 196 Franchise	Injury	☐ 385 Property Damage	□ 7:	51 Family and Medical			□ 895 Freedom	ı of Inforr	mation
	☐ 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice	Product Liability	□ 7 <u>9</u>	Leave Act 90 Other Labor Litigation			Act ☐ 896 Arbitrati	ion	
REAL PROPERTY	CIVIL RIGHTS	PRISONER PETITIO	NS □ 7	91 Employee Retirement	FEDERAL TAX		□ 899 Adminis		
☐ 210 Land Condemnation☐ 220 Foreclosure	☐ 440 Other Civil Rights☐ 441 Voting	Habeas Corpus: ☐ 463 Alien Detainee		Income Security Act	☐ 870 Taxes (U.S. or Defendar		Act/Revi	iew or Ap	
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	☐ 442 Employment	☐ 510 Motions to Vacate	e		☐ 871 IRS—Third	*	☐ 950 Constitu		
240 Torts to Land245 Tort Product Liability	☐ 443 Housing/ Accommodations	Sentence ☐ 530 General			26 USC 760	19	State Sta	tutes	
290 All Other Real Property	☐ 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	☐ 535 Death Penalty		IMMIGRATION	1				
	Employment	Other:		62 Naturalization Application					
	☐ 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other	☐ 540 Mandamus & Oth ☐ 550 Civil Rights	ier 📙 4	65 Other Immigration Actions					
	☐ 448 Education	☐ 555 Prison Condition							
		☐ 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of							
		Confinement							
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" is	n One Box Only)								
▼ 1 Original □ 2 Re	moved from \Box 3	Remanded from Appellate Court		nstated or pened 5 Transfe Anothe (specify)	r District	Multidistric Litigation	ct		
	Cite the U.S. Civil Sta	ntute under which you a	re filing (Do not cite jurisdictional stat		:		,	
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	Brief description of ca								
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:		IS A CLASS ACTION	N D	DEMAND \$		X YES only it	f demanded in	complair	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET VIT	MRED			
		SIGNATURE OF AT	TODNEY	OE DECOPD	DOCKET NU	VIDER			
DATE 11/04/2016		/s/ Rex D. Garr		OF RECORD					
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE		мад. л	№ 0025		
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of	LIN	ıeν	au	d
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District of Nevada						
The Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6,))))					
Plaintiff(s))					
V.	Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561					
Star Hill Homeowners Association; SBW Investment, LLC; Nevada Association Services, Inc.; and SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC,))))					
Defendant(s))					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: (Defendant's name and address) Star Hill Homeowners Association c/o LAS VEGAS VALLEY COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT LLC, Registered Agent 7571 TULE SPRINGS RD LAS VEGAS, NV 89131						
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Ariel E. Stern, Esq., Rex D. Garner, Esq., AKERMAN LLP 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119						
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.						
	CLERK OF COURT					
Dotor						
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk					

AO 440 (Rev. 06/12) Summons in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (n ceived by me on (date)	ame of individual and title, if an	y)	
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the indi	vidual at (place)	
			on (date)	; or
	☐ I left the summon		nce or usual place of abode with (name) a person of suitable age and discretion who re	esides there
	on (date)		copy to the individual's last known address; o	
		nons on (name of individual) accept service of process	on behalf of (name of organization)	, who is
	•	o was prosent to or prosess	on (Arts)	; or
	☐ I returned the sun	nmons unexecuted because		; or
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):			
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
	I declare under pena	lty of perjury that this info	rmation is true.	
Date:		- <u> </u>		
			Server's signature	
		_	Printed name and title	
			Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of	LIN	ıeν	au	d
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District of Nevada						
The Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6, Plaintiff(s) v. Star Hill Homeowners Association; SBW Investment, LLC; Nevada Association Services, Inc.; and SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC,)))) Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561)					
)					
Defendant(s))					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION						
To: (Defendant's name and address) SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC c/o PARACORP INCORPORATED, Registered Agent 318 N CARSON ST #208 CARSON CITY, NV 89701						
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ.						
P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Ariel E. Stern, Esq., Rex D. Garner, Esq. AKERMAN LLP 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119						
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.						
	CLERK OF COURT					
Date:						
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk					

Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (name	ne of individual and title, if any)			
was red	ceived by me on (date)		•		
	☐ I personally served the summons on the individual at (place)				
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I left the summons a		or usual place of abode with (name)		
	, a person of suitable age and discretion who resides the				
	on (date)	, and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or			
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)				
			on (date)	; or -	
	☐ I returned the summ	nons unexecuted because		; or	
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penalty	of perjury that this informa	ation is true.		
Date:					
			Server's signature		
			Printed name and title		
			Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of	LIN	ıeν	au	d
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District of Nevada				
The Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6, Plaintiff(s) v. Star Hill Homeowners Association; SBW Investment, LLC; Nevada Association Services, Inc.; and SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC,)))) Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561)			
Defendant(s)				
Defendant(s)	,			
SUMMONS IN	A CIVIL ACTION			
To: (Defendant's name and address) SBW Investment, LLC c/o CSC SERVICES OF NEVADA, INC., Registered Agent 2215-B RENAISSANCE DR Las Vegas, Nevada 89146				
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Ariel E. Stern, Esq., Rex D. Garner, Esq., AKERMAN LLP 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119				
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court. **CLERK OF COURT**				
Date:	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk			
	Signaline of Clerk of Deputy Clerk			

Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

was rec	This summons for (n ceived by me on (date)	name of individual and title, if any	·)			
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the indi	vidual at (place)			
			on (date)	; or		
	☐ I left the summon	☐ I left the summons at the individual's residence or usual place of abode with (name) , a person of suitable age and discretion who resides there, on (date) , and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	on (date)					
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual) designated by law to accept service of process on behalf of (name of organization)					
			on (data)	; or		
	☐ I returned the sun	nmons unexecuted because		; or		
	☐ Other (<i>specify</i>):					
	My fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00		
	I declare under pena	lty of perjury that this infor	rmation is true.			
Date:		- <u>-</u>				
			Server's signature			
			Printed name and title			
			Server's address			

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Nevada					
he Bank of New York fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders CWABS, Inc. Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2006-6, Plaintiff(s) V. On All Wilder	Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561				
Star Hill Homeowners Association; SBW Investment, LLC; Nevada Association Services, Inc.; and SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC,)					
Defendant(s)					
SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION					
To: (Defendant's name and address) Nevada Association Services, Inc. c/o Chris Yergensen, Esq., Registered Agent 6224 West Desert Inn Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89146					
A lawsuit has been filed against you. Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, whose name and address are: Ariel E. Stern, Esq., Rex D. Garner, Esq. AKERMAN LLP 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119					
If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.					
	CLERK OF COURT				
Date:					
	Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk				

Civil Action No. 2:16 cv 02561

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 4 (l))

	This summons for (n	ame of individual and title, if ar	ny)		
was red	ceived by me on (date)		·		
	☐ I personally serve	ed the summons on the ind	lividual at (place)		
			on (date)	; or	
			ence or usual place of abode with (name)		
		, a person of suitable age and discretion who res	resides there,		
	on (date), and mailed a copy to the individual's last known address; or				
	☐ I served the summons on (name of individual)				
	designated by law to	accept service of process	s on behalf of (name of organization)		
			on (date)	; or	
	☐ I returned the sum	nmons unexecuted because	e	; or	
	☐ Other (specify):				
	My fees are \$	for travel and S	\$ for services, for a total of \$	0.00	
	I declare under penal	Ity of perjury that this info	ormation is true.		
Date:		. <u>-</u>			
			Server's signature		
		_	Printed name and title		
		_	Server's address		

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc:

TAB 2

1	Diana Cline Ebron, Esq.	
2	Nevada Bar No. 10580 E-mail: diana@kgelegal.com	
3	JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10593	
4	E-mail: jackie@kgelegal.com KAREN L. HANKS, ESQ.	
5	Nevada Bar No. 9578 E-mail: karen@kgelegal.com	
6	KIM GILBERT EBRON fka Howard Kim & Associates	
7	7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89139	
8	Telephone: (702) 485-3300 Facsimile: (702) 485-3301 Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC	
9		DISTRICT COURT
10		OF NEVADA
11		
12	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS	Case No. 2:16-cv-02
13	TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES	SFR INVESTMENT ANSWER TO COM COUNTERCLAIM
14	2006-6,	
15	Plaintiff, vs.	
16	STAR HILL HOMEOWNERS	
17	ASSOCIATION; SBW INVESTMENT, LLC; NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.;	
18	and SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC,	
19	Defendant. SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC,	
20	Counter/Cross-claimant,	
21	VS.	
22	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	
23	F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE	
24	CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES	
25	2006-6, RICHARD A. PEREZ, SR., an individual, and ROSEMARIE PEREZ, an	
26	individual;	
27	Counter/Cross-Defendants.	

ase No. 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL

R INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC'S ISWER TO COMPLAINT, DUNTERCLAIM AND CROSS-CLAIM

SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC ("SFR") answers THE BANK OF NEW YORK

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MELLON, F/K/A THE **BANK** NEW YORK, AS THE OF TRUSTEE FOR CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6 ("BNY Mellon" or "Bank") Complaint as follows:

PARTIES AND JURISDICTION

- The allegations in paragraph 1 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. SFR admits that it is not a citizen of New York.
- The allegations in paragraph 2 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, upon information and belief, SFR admits BNY Mellon is not a citizen of Nevada, but rather is a Delaware corporation with its corporate headquarters in New York. SFR admits it is not a citizen of Delaware or New York, and on information and belief, admits that Star Hill Homeowners Association, SBW Investment, and Nevada Association Services, Inc., are not citizens of Delaware or New York. SFR specifically denies the deed of trust at issue was not extinguished as a matter of law by the HOA foreclosure sale. Additionally, SFR specifically denies that the Bank has an interest which still encumbers the real property at issue.
- The allegations in paragraph 3 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. SFR admits upon information and belief that, Star Hill Homeowners Association, ("Association"), is a Nevada registered non-profit corporation. Upon information and belief, SFR further admits a non-judicial publicly-held Association foreclosure auction sale occurred on September 14, 2012, at which time SBW Investment was the highest bidder and purchased the property for \$6,750.00.
- The allegations in paragraph 4 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR is without sufficient knowledge or information regarding SBW Investment, LLC ("SBW") to form a belief as to the truth of the factual allegations contained in paragraph 4, and therefore denies said allegations. SFR further admits a non-judicial publicly-held Association foreclosure auction sale occurred on September 14, 2012, at which time SBW Investment was the highest bidder and purchased the property for \$6,750.00. SFR further admits it now owns the property free and clear of the Bank's purported deed of trust

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which was extinguished as a matter of law on September 14, 2012 as a result of the Association foreclosure sale.

- The allegations in paragraph 5 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR admits upon information and belief that, Nevada Association Services, Inc., ("NAS"), is a Nevada corporation. SFR further admits that NAS conducted the non-judicial publicly-held Association foreclosure sale on September 14, 2012, at which time SBW was the highest bidder and purchased the property for \$6,750.00.
- The recorded grant, bargain sale deed referenced in paragraph 6 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. SFR admits it is wholly owned by SFR Investments, LLC, a Nevada LLC, which is wholly owned by SFR Funding, LLC, a Delaware LLC, which is wholly owned by a Canadian Entity, Xiemen LP. Xiemen LP's partners consist of Xiemen Investments Ltd., a Canadian corporation and an individual, John Gibson. Xiemen Investments Ltd. is formed under and has its principal place of business in Canada. The individual partner, John Gibson is a citizen of South Africa who is domiciled in South Africa. SFR further admits the property was deeded to SFR from SBW via a grant bargain sale deed recorded April 5, 2013.
- 7. Answering paragraph 7, SFR is without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the factual allegations contained in paragraph 7, and therefore denies said allegations.
- 8. The statutes referenced in paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Complaint speak for themselves. The allegations in paragraphs 8 and 9 of the Complaint concerning jurisdiction and venue call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, upon information and belief, SFR admits that the property located at 5020 Piney Summit Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89141; Parcel No. 176-36-814-041 (the "Property"), located within Clark County, Nevada, is the subject property of this litigation.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

9. The allegations in paragraphs 10, 11, 12, and 13 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, the statutes referenced in paragraphs 12 and 13 speak for themselves and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent therewith.

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7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139

(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-330

The Deed of Trust and Assignment

10. The recorded Deed of Trust referenced in paragraph 14 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. To the extent paragraph 14 alleges that Richard A. Perez, Sr. and Rosemarie Perez ("Perezes") were the title owners of record of the Property at times prior to the Association foreclosure sale, SFR, upon information and belief, admits the allegations in paragraph 14. SFR denies the allegation in paragraph 14 that the deed of trust can be characterized as "senior."

11. The recorded Assignments of the Deed of Trust referenced in paragraphs 15, 16, and 17 of the Complaint speaks for themselves, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said documents. SFR denies any additional factual allegations contained in paragraphs 15, 16, and 17 of the Complaint.

The HOA Lien and Foreclosure

- 12. The recorded Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien referenced in paragraph 18 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. Upon information and belief, SFR admits Perezes failed to pay the Association all amounts due.
- 13. The recorded Notice of Default and Election to Sell referenced in paragraph 19 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. Further, the allegations in paragraph 19 call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR denies any remaining allegations contained in paragraph 19 of the Complaint.
- 14. The recorded Notices of Foreclosure Sale referenced in paragraphs 20 and 21 of the Complaint speaks for themselves, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said documents. Further, the allegations in paragraphs 20 and 21 call for legal conclusions to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR denies any remaining allegations contained in paragraphs 20 and 21 of the Complaint.
- 15. The documents referenced in paragraphs 22, 23, 24, and 25 of the Complaint speak for themselves and SFR denies any allegation inconsistent there with. Further, the allegations in

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paragraphs 22, 23, 24, and 25 call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required.	To the
extent a response is required, SFR denies any remaining allegations contained in paragrap	hs 22
23, 24, and 25 of the Complaint.	

- 16. Answering paragraphs 26, 27, and 28, SFR is without sufficient knowledge or information regarding interactions between the Association, NAS, and Bank to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 26, 27, and 28, and therefore denies said allegations. SFR denies the remaining allegations in paragraphs 26, 27, and 28.
- 17. The recorded Foreclosure Deed referenced in paragraphs 29 and 30 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. The statute referenced in paragraph 30 of the Complaint speak for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said statute. The allegations in paragraph 30 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion to which no response is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR specifically denies the sale price of \$6,750.00 is [was] "commercially unreasonable and not in good faith." SFR denies the remaining factual allegations in paragraphs 29 and 30 of the Complaint.
- 18. The recorded Grant, Bargain, Sale Deed to SFR referenced in paragraph 31 of the Complaint speaks for itself, and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said document. SFR admits that it owns the property free and clear of the Bank's deed of trust.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Quiet Title/Declaratory Judgment Against All Defendants)

- 19. SFR repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 31 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 20. The statutes referenced in paragraph 33 of the Complaint speak for themselves and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said statutes.
- 21. Answering paragraph 34 of the Complaint, SFR admits that it claims an interest in the Property that is adverse to the Bank's interest. SFR admits a non-judicial publicly-held Association foreclosure sale occurred on September 14, 2012, at which time SBW was the highest bidder and purchased the Property for \$6,750.00. Further, SFR admits it owns the Property free and clear of the Bank's purported deed of trust because the Bank's interest was extinguished as a

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matter of law on September 14, 2012 as a result of the Association foreclosure sale.	SFR
specifically denies the deed of trust at issue was not extinguished as a matter of law on Septe	mber
14, 2012, and remains a "first secured interest on the Property."	

22. The allegations contained in paragraphs 35 and 36 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion, therefore, no answer is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR specifically denies the allegations of paragraphs 35 and 36.

NRS Chapter 116 Violates BNY Mellon's Right to Procedural Due Process

23. The allegations contained in paragraphs 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion, therefore, no answer is required. The statutes referenced in paragraphs 37, 38, 42, and 44 of the Complaint speak for themselves and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said statutes. SFR denies any remaining factual allegations in paragraphs 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44 of the Complaint.

Additional Reasons the HOA Foreclosure Sale Did Not Extinguish the Senior Deed of Trust

24. The allegations contained in paragraphs 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, and 52 of the Complaint call for a legal conclusion, therefore, no answer is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR specifically denies that the deed of trust at issue was not extinguished as a matter of law on September 14, 2012, as a result of the Association non-judicial foreclosure sale. SFR specifically denies that the Bank has an interest which still encumbers the Property. The statutes referenced in paragraphs 48 and 52 of the Complaint speak for themselves and SFR denies any allegations inconsistent with said statutes.

25. SFR denies the allegations contained in paragraph 53 of the Complaint.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of NRS 116.1113 against the HOA and NAS)

26. SFR repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 53 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

27. As the allegations in paragraphs 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62 of the Complaint, relating to the Second Cause of Action, are not directed to SFR, but rather are directed to the Association and NAS only, no answer is required by SFR. To the extent a response is required,

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the allegations in paragraphs 55, 56, 57, 58, 5	9, 60, 61, and 62 of the Complaint call for a legal
conclusion to which no response is required.	SFR denies any factual allegations in paragraphs
56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62 of the Complain	t.

28. SFR denies the allegations contained in paragraph 63 of the Complaint.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Wrongful Foreclosure against the HOA and NAS)

- 29. SFR repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1 through 63 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. As the allegations in paragraphs 65, 66, 66, 67, 68, 69, 69, 70, 71, and 72 of the Complaint, relating to the Third Cause of Action, are not directed to SFR, but rather are directed to the Association and NAS only, no answer is required by SFR. To the extent a response is required from SFR, upon information and belief, SFR denies the allegations in paragraphs 65, 66, 66, 67, 68, 69, 69, 70, 71, and 72 of the Complaint.
 - 31. SFR denies the allegations contained in paragraph 73 of the Complaint.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Injunctive Relief against SFR)

- 32. SFR repeats and realleges its answers to paragraphs 1-73 of the Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 33. In answering paragraph 74, SFR admits that it is the current title owner of the Property, and SFR admits it owns the Property free and clear of the Bank's purported deed of trust which was extinguished as a matter of law on September 14, 2012 as a result of the HOA foreclosure sale. SFR specifically denies any allegation that said deed of trust is currently a senior interest in the property, or a valid instrument which currently encumbers the Property.
- 34. The allegations in paragraphs 76, 77, 78, 79, and 80 call for a legal conclusion, therefore no answer is required. To the extent a response is required, SFR specifically denies deed of trust still encumbers the Property. SFR specifically denies deed of trust was not extinguished as a matter of law on September 14, 2012 as a result of the HOA foreclosure sale. SFR also specifically denies that the Bank "has no adequate remedy at law."

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35. SFR denies that the Bank is entitled to any of the relief sought against SFR in paragraphs 1, 2, 4, 5 or 6 of the Prayer for Relief.

<u>AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES</u>

- 1. The Bank fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.
- 2. The Bank is not entitled to relief from or against SFR, as the Bank has not sustained any loss, injury, or damage that resulted from any act, omission, or breach by SFR.
- 3. The occurrence referred to in the Counterclaim, and all injuries and damages, if any, resulting therefrom, were caused by the acts or omissions of the Bank.
- 4. The occurrence referred to in the Counterclaim, and all injuries and damages, if any, resulting therefrom, were caused by the acts or omissions of a third party or parties over whom SFR had no control.
 - 5. SFR did not breach any statutory or common law duties allegedly owed to the Bank.
 - The Bank failed to mitigate its damages, if any.
- 7. The Bank's claims are barred because SFR complied with applicable statutes and with the requirements and regulations of the State of Nevada.
- 8. The Bank's claims are barred because the Association and its agents complied with applicable statutes and regulations.
- 9. The Bank's claims are barred because the Association and its agents at all relevant times acted in good faith.
- 10. The Bank's causes of action are barred in whole or in part by the applicable statutes of limitations or repose, or by the equitable doctrines of laches, waiver, estoppel, ratification and unclean hands.
 - 11. The Bank is not entitled to equitable relief because it has an adequate remedy at law.
- 12. The Bank has no standing to enforce the first deed of trust and/or the underlying promissory note.
 - 13. The Bank has no standing to enforce the statutes and regulations identified in the

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- 14. The first deed of trust and other subordinate interests in the Property were extinguished by the Association foreclosure sale held in accordance with NRS Chapter 116.
 - 15. The Bank has no standing to challenge the constitutionality of NRS 116.
- 16. The Bank's claims are barred because the Association and its agents complied with the foreclosure noticing requirements outlined in the CC&Rs.
- 17. The Bank has no remedy against SFR because, pursuant to NRS 116.31166, SFR is entitled to rely on the recitals contained in the Association foreclosure deed that the sale was properly noticed and conducted.
 - 18. The Bank has no remedy against SFR because SFR is a bona fide purchaser for value.
- 19. The Bank has no remedy against SFR because the amounts owed under the first deed of trust have been satisfied.
- 20. Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 11, as amended, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry at the time of filing this Answer. Therefore, SFR reserves the right to amend this Answer to assert any affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants.

COUNTERCLAIM AND CROSS-CLAIM FOR OUIET TITLE AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC ("SFR"), hereby demands quiet title and requests injunctive relief against Counter-Defendants THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, F/K/A THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6; and Cross-Defendants RICHARD A. PEREZ, SR. and ROSEMARIE PEREZ, as individuals; as follows:

I. **PARTIES**

- 1. SFR is a Nevada limited liability company with its principal place of business in Clark County, Nevada, and the current title owner of the property located at 5020 Piney Summit Avenue, Las Vegas, NV 89141; Parcel No. 176-36-814-041 (the "Property").
 - 2. Upon information and belief, Counter-defendant, THE BANK OF NEW YORK

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MELLON,	F/K/A	THE	BANK	OF	NEW	YORK,	AS	TRUSTEE	FOR	THE
CERTIFICA	TEHOLI	DERS (OF CWA	BS, I	NC., AS	SET BAC	KED	CERTIFICAT	ΓES, SE	ERIES
2006-6, ("BN	NY Mello	on" or "t	he Bank"), is a l	Delawar	e corporati	on wit	h its corporate	headqu	ıarters
in New York	, that clai	ms an ii	nterest in t	he Pro	operty vi	a a Deed of	Trus	t originated by	Countr	ywide
Home Loans	s, Inc., in	2006.								

3. Upon information and belief, Cross-Defendants RICHARD A. PEREZ, SR. and ROSEMARIE PEREZ ("Perezes"), are Nevada residents who may claim an interest in the Property as a former title owners. SFR does not seek any money damages against the Perezes

II. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

Property after the Foreclosure of an Association Lien containing Super Priority Amounts

- 4. SFR acquired title to the Property on March 28, 2013 through a grant bargain sale deed from SBW Investment, LLC ("SBW") who had purchased the Property at a non-judicial foreclosure of a homeowners association lien containing super priority amounts.
- 5. The publicly-held foreclosure auction was on September 14, 2012, in accordance with NRS 116.3116, et. seq. ("Association foreclosure sale").
- 6. On or about September 20, 2012, a Foreclosure Deed was recorded in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument Number 201209200001817 ("Foreclosure Deed"), showing the buyer at the foreclosure sale was SBW.
- 7. SBW recorded a grant bargain sale deed transferring title to SFR on April 5, 2013 in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument Number 201304050001725.
- 8. SBW re-recorded said grant bargain sale deed to SFR on June 26, 2013 in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder for to correct the "capacity" of signer as Instrument Number 201306260004741.
- 9. In addition to valuable consideration for the property, SFR was required to spend money and resources litigating the interpretation of NRS 116.3116.
- 10. The Association had a lien pursuant to NRS 116.3116(1) and the CC&R's ("Association Lien") that was perfected at the time the Association recorded its declaration of CC&Rs in the

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Official	Records	of	the	Clark	County	Recorder	on	October	14,	2004	as	Instrument	Number
2004101	4000067	8.											

- 11. The foreclosure sale was conducted by Nevada Association Services, Inc., ("NAS"), agent for the Association pursuant to the powers conferred by the Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116, 116.31162-116.31168, the Association's governing documents (CC&R's) and a Notice of Delinquent Assessments, recorded on February 5, 2010 in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument Number 201002050001882.
- 12. As recited in the Association Foreclosure Deed, the Association foreclosure sale complied with "all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent and Notice of Default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale."
- 13. Upon information and belief, the Association foreclosure proceedings complied with the noticing requirements outlined in the CC&Rs and NRS 116.
- 14. Pursuant to NRS 116.3116(2), the entire Association Lien is prior to all other liens and encumbrances of unit except:
 - (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of the declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances which the association creates, assumes or takes subject to:
 - (b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent or, in a cooperative, the first security interest encumbering only the unit's owner's interest and perfected before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and
 - (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
- 15. NRS 116.3116(2) further provides that a portion of the Association Lien has priority over even a first security interest in the Property:

[the Association Lien] is also prior to all security interests described in paragraph (b) to the extent of any charges incurred by the association on a unit pursuant to NRS 116.310312 and to the extent of the assessments for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien[.]

16. Pursuant to NRS 116.1104, the provisions of NRS 116.3116(2) granting priority cannot be waived by agreement or contract, including any subordination clause in the CC&Rs.

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17. According to NRS 116.1108, real Property law principles supplement the provisions of
NRS 116.
18. Upon information and belief, the Association took the necessary action to trigger the super-
priority portion of the Association Lien.

- 19. Upon information and belief, no party still claiming an interest in the Property recorded a lien or encumbrance prior to the declaration creating the Association.
- 20. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants had actual and/or constructive notice of the requirement to pay assessments to the Association and of the Association Lien.
- 21. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants had actual and constructive notice of the requirement to pay assessments to the Association and of the Association Lien.
- 22. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants received the notice of default and notice of sale from the Association before the Association foreclosure sale.
- 23. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants had actual and/or constructive notice of the Association's Foreclosure Proceedings before the Association foreclosure sale.
- 24. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants received the notice of default and notice of sale from the Association before the Association foreclosure sale.
- 25. Upon information and belief, prior to the Association foreclosure sale, no individual or entity paid the full amount of delinquent assessments described in the Notice of Default.
- 26. Upon information and belief, the Bank and Cross-Defendants had actual and/or constructive notice of the super-priority portion of the Association Lien.
- 27. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, the Bank had internal policies and procedures relating to super-priority liens.
- 28. Upon information and belief, the Bank knew or should have known that its interest in the Property could be extinguished through foreclosure if it failed to cure the super-priority portion of the Association Lien.
 - 29. Upon information and belief, prior to the Association foreclosure sale, no individual or

entity paid the super-priority portion of the Association Lien.

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30. Pursuant to NRS 116.31166, the foreclosure sale vested title in SBW "without equity or
right of redemption," and the Association Foreclosure Deed is conclusive against the Property's
"former owner, his or her heirs and assigns, and all other persons."

- 31. When SFR purchased the Property, no release of the super priority portion of the Association lien was recorded against the Property.
- 32. In addition, no lis pendens was recorded against the Property indicating a challenge to the Association lien and/or foreclosure.
- 33. Before SFR purchased the Property, SFR was not on notice of any purported irregularities with the Association foreclosure sale process.
- 34. SFR is entitled to rely on the recitals contained in the Association foreclosure deed as conclusive proof of the matters asserted.

Interests, Liens and Encumbrances Extinguished by the Association Foreclosure Sale

- 35. Upon information and belief, Perezes obtained title to the Property in January of 2006 through a Grant, Bargain, Sale Deed from the developer, Star Hill, LLC, which was recorded in Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument No. 200601310003397.
- 36. On or about January 31, 2006, Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. recorded a deed of trust against the Property in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument No. 200601310003398 ("First Deed of Trust") naming Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems ("MERS") as the beneficiary under the First Deed of Trust and Recontrust Company as the Trustee.
- 37. The First Deed of Trust contains a Planned Unit Development Rider recognizing the applicability of Association's declaration of CC&Rs that were recorded.
- 38. Upon information and belief, the Bank had actual and/or constructive notice of the Association Lien, NRS 116.3116 and the amount of periodic assessments owed to the Association before it originated the First Deed of Trust.
- 39. Upon information and belief, on or about August 26, 2011, Bank of America, N.A. recorded a Corporation Assignment of Deed of Trust from Alicia Turner as Assistant Secretary for MERS to The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the

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- 40. Upon Information and belief, on or about August 26, 2011, Recontrust Company caused to be recorded a Substitution of Trustee identifying the new trustee as The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6, Bank of America, N.A., Successor by Merger to BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP, FKA Countrywide Home Loans Servicing, LP as Attorney in Fact as Instrument No. 201108260002838.
- 41. Also on August 26, 2011, and despite the recorded Substitution of Trustee, Recontrust Company caused to be recorded a Notice of Default and Election to sell under the Deed of Trust as Instrument No. 201108260002839.
- 42. Upon information and belief, on or about December 30, 2011, Recontrust Company recorded a Certificate State of Nevada Foreclosure Mediation Program, which provided that the Beneficiary may proceed with the foreclosure process, in Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument No. 201112300003077.
- 43. On December 30, 2011, Recontrust caused to be recorded a Notice of Trustee Sale as Instrument No. 201112300003078.
- 44. Upon information and belief, despite notice of the HOA Foreclosure Sale, the Foreclosure Deed to SBW, on or about March 23, 2013, Recontrust Company caused to be a recorded a Substitution of Trustee executed by Sue Foley as "AVP" executed a Substitution of Trustee identifying the new trustee as The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6, By its Attorney in Fact, Bank of America, N.A. as Instrument No. 201303250000098.
- 45. On February 26, 2014, despite notice of the HOA Foreclosure Sale to SBW, the Foreclosure Deed to SBW, and the subsequent Grant, Bargain, Sale Deed to SFR, National Default Servicing Corporation caused to be recorded a Substitution of Trustee executed by Michelle Reese, Assistant vice President, on behalf of The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6,

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Bank of America, N.A., as Attorney in Fact as Instrument No. 201402260000879.

- 46. On September 18, 2014, the Nevada Supreme Court issued its opinion in SFR Investments Pool I, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 334 P.3d 408, 419 (2014), reh'g denied (Oct. 16, 2014), ruling that a non-judicial foreclosure of an associations' lien containing super-priority amounts extinguishes a first deed of trust.
- 47. Upon information and belief, despite knowledge of the Foreclosure Sale, the Foreclosure Deed, and the SFR ruling, on or about October 2, 2015, Greentree Servicing LLC caused to be recorded an Assignment of the Deed of Trust executed by Edward Born, Assistant vice President, on behalf of The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6, by its purported Attorney in Fact Green Tree Servicing, LLC as Instrument No. 201510020004092. The assignment purported to transfer the First Deed of Trust to Green Tree Servicing LLC.
- 48. Upon information and belief, despite knowledge of the Foreclosure Sale, the Foreclosure Deed, and the SFR ruling, on or about July 6, 2016, Ditech Financial, LLC caused to be recorded an Assignment of the Deed of Trust executed by Edward Born, Assistant vice President, purporting to transfer the First Deed of Trust to The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6 as Instrument No. 201607060001626.
- 49. Upon information and belief, despite knowledge of the Foreclosure Sale, the Foreclosure Deed, and the SFR ruling, on or about August 16, 2016, Ditech Financial. LLC caused to be a recorded a Substitution of Trustee executed by Robert Coleman as Assistant Vice President of Ditech Financial, LLC as attorney in fact for The Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York, As Trustee for the Certificateholders of CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed certificates, Series 2006-6, as Instrument No. 201608160002197.
- 50. On or about November 4, 2016, the Bank filed a Complaint for quiet title, declaratory relief, and injunctive relief against SFR.
- 51. Perezes ownership interest in the Property, if any, was extinguished by the foreclosure of the Association Lien.

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52. The Bank's security	interest in the Proper	rty, if any, was extir	nguished as a matte	er of law
by the foreclosure of the As	sociation Lien, which	contained super-price	ority amounts.	

III.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief/Quiet Title Pursuant to NRS 30.010, et. seq., NRS 40.010 & NRS 116.3116)

- 53. SFR repeats and realleges the allegations of paragraphs 1-52 as though fully set forth herein and incorporates the same by reference.
- 54. Pursuant to NRS 30.010, et. seq. and NRS 40.010, this Court has the power and authority to declare the SFR's rights and interests in the Property and to resolve the Bank's adverse claims in the Property.
- 55. Upon information and belief, the Bank claims and cross-defendants may claim an interest in the Property, even after the Association foreclosure sale.
- 56. A foreclosure sale conducted pursuant to NRS 116.31162-116.31168 and the Association's CC&Rs, like all foreclosure sales, extinguishes the title owner's interest in the Property and all junior liens and encumbrances, including deeds of trust.
- 57. Pursuant to NRS 116.3116(2), the super-priority portion of the Association Lien has priority over the First Deed of Trust.
- 58. Bank and cross-defendants were duly notified of the Association foreclosure sale and failed to act to protect their interests in the Property, if any legitimately existed.
- 59. SFR is entitled to a declaratory judgment from this Court finding that: (1) SFR is the title owner of the Property; (2) the Association Foreclosure Deed is valid and enforceable; and (3) SFR's rights and interest in the Property are superior to any adverse interest claimed by the Bank and cross-defendant.
 - 60. SFR seeks an order from the Court quieting title to the Property in favor of SFR.

IV.

SECOND CLAIM FOR REL

(Preliminary and Permanent Injunction)

61. SFR repeats and realleges the allegations of paragraphs 1-60 as though fully set forth herein and incorporate the same by reference.

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	62. As set forth above, the Bank now claims and cross-defendants may claim a	n interest in the
Pro	operty.	

- 63. A foreclosure sale based on the First Deed of Trust would be invalid as the Bank lost its interests in the Property, if any, at the Association foreclosure sale.
- 64. Any attempt to take or maintain possession of the Property by the Bank or crossdefendants, would be invalid because their interests in the Property, if any, were extinguished by the Association foreclosure sale.
- 65. Any attempt to sell, transfer, encumber or otherwise convey the Property would be invalid because the Bank and cross-defendants' interests in the Property, if any, were extinguished by the Association foreclosure sale.
- 66. On the basis of the facts described herein, SFR has a reasonable probability of success on the merits of its claims and has no other adequate remedies at law.
- 67. SFR is entitled to a preliminary injunction and permanent injunction prohibiting the Bank and/or cross-defendants from any sale or transfer that would affect the title to the Property.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

SFR requests judgment against the Bank and Cross-Defendants as follows:

- 1. For a declaration and determination that the Association foreclosure sale and the resulting foreclosure deed are valid; that SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC is the rightful owner of title to the Property; and that the Bank and Cross-defendants have no right, title or interest in the Property.
- 2. For a preliminary and permanent injunction that the Bank, cross-defendants and their successors, assigns and agents are prohibited from initiating or continuing foreclosure proceedings, and from selling or transferring the Property.
 - 3. For an award of attorney's fees and costs of suit, and

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Case 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL Document 20 Filed 01/03/17 Page 18 of 18

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TAB 3

Case 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL Document 21 Filed 01/04/17 Page 1 of 6

	1	DIANA CLINE EBRON, ESQ.			
	2	Nevada Bar No. 10580 E-mail: diana@KGELegal.com			
	3	JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10593			
	4	E-mail: jackie@KGELegal.com KAREN L. HANKS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9578			
	5				
	6	KIM GILBERT EBRON			
	7	7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89139 Telephone: (702) 485-3300 Engimila: (702) 485-3301			
5-3301	8	Facsimile: (702) 485-3301 Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC			
	9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
	10	DISTRICT OF NEVADA			
	11	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	Case No. 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL		
	12	F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE			
	13	CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6,			
702) 48	14	Plaintiff,			
S, NE V	15	vs.	MOTION TO CERTIFY A QUESTION OF		
LAS VEGAS, INEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301	16	STAR HILL HOMEOWNERS	LAW TO NEVADA'S SUPREME COURT		
(702) 48	17	ASSOCIATION; SBW INVESTMENT, LLC; NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.; and SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC,			
	18	Defendants.			
	19	SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC,			
	20				
	21	Counter/Cross Claimant,			
	22	vs.			
	23	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON			
	24	F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE			
	25	CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES			
	26	2006-6, RICHARD A. PEREZ, SR., an			
	27	Counter/Cross Defendants.			
	28	Counter/Cross Deteridants.			

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Pursuant to NRAP 5, SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC ("SFR") files this Motion to Certify a Question of Law to Nevada's Supreme Court. It is based upon the attached memorandum of points and authorities and the filed pleadings and papers.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS & AUTHORITIES

I. **Introduction**

This Court should certify the following question to Nevada's Supreme Court: Whether NRS § 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of NRS § 107.090 requires homeowners' associations to provide notices of default to banks even when a bank does not request notice?

Certification is appropriate because: (i) the certified question's answer "may be determinative of part of this case, (ii) Bourne Valley's interpretation of 116.31168(1) acted as though "there is no controlling" Nevada precedent, and (iii) the answer "will help settle important questions of law." Volvo Cars of N. Am., Inc. v. Ricci, 137 P.3d 1161, 1164 (Nev. 2006) (internal citation omitted).

This motion does not ask this court to certify the constitutionality of the statute. Instead, SFR requests that this Court take the opportunity not afforded the *Bourne Valley* court—where the issue of facial unconstitutionality was raised for the first time on appeal—to clarify the Nevada Supreme Court's interpretation of NRS 116.31168.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. **Legal Standard**

Under NRAP 5(b), SFR can file a motion for an order that certifies a question to Nevada's Supreme Court. If this Court issues such an order, then Nevada's Supreme Court will have discretion over whether to answer the certified question. 5(a); Fed. Ins. Co. v. Am. Hardware Mut. Ins., 184 P.3d 390, 392 (Nev. 2008). Nevada's Supreme Court will answer a certified question when: (i) the question's answer may be determinative of part of the federal suit, (ii) no controlling Nevada precedent exists, and (iii) the question's answer will help settle important questions of law. Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164. As is explained below, these factors are satisfied, warranting certification.

В. The Certified Question's Answer will be Determinative of Part of this Case

The first factor is whether SFR's question is a "question[] of law of this state which may

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be determinative of" part of this case. 5(a); Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164. Here, SFR's question focuses on the interpretation of 116.31168(1), which is a "law of this state." 5(a). As such, SFR's question is a "question[] of law of this state " Additionally, the answer to SFR's question "may be determinative of part of" this case because it will definitively resolve 116.31168(1)'s meaning. Fed. Ins. Co., 184 P.3d at 392. On the one hand, Bourne Valley construed 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of 107.090 as not requiring associations "to provide notice of default to mortgage lenders even absent a request "Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 832 F.3d 1154, 1159 (9th Cir. 2016). On the other hand, *Bourne Valley*'s interpretation of 116.31168(1) is "only binding in the absence of any subsequent indication from the [Nevada] courts that our interpretation was incorrect." Owen v. United States, 713 F.2d 1461, 1464 (9th Cir.1983).

Importantly, Nevada's Supreme Court has the final say over 116.31168(1)'s meaning. Cal. Teachers Ass'n v. State Bd. of Educ., 271 F.3d 1141, 1146 (9th Cir. 2001) ("It is solely within the province of the state courts to authoritatively construe state legislation."). If Nevada's Supreme Court rejects Bourne Valley's construction of 116.31168(1), then the Ninth Circuit must follow Nevada's highest court; Bourne Valley would not be binding. United States v. Swisher, 771 F.3d 514, 524 (9th Cir. 2014); CRST Van Expedited, Inc. v. Werner Enterprises, Inc., 479 F.3d 1099, 1106 n.6 (9th Cir. 2007); Rotec Indus., Inc. v. Mitsubishi Corp., 348 F.3d 1116, 1122 n.3 (9th Cir. 2003); Pershing Park Villas Homeowners Ass'n v. United Pac. Ins. Co., 219 F.3d 895, 903 (9th Cir. 2000); Owen, 713 F.2d at 1464. To put it even more bluntly, "a state supreme court can overrule us on a question of state law," Henderson v. Pfizer, Inc., 285 F. App'x 370, 373 (9th Cir. 2008) (emphasis added), and "we are required to follow intervening decisions of the [Nevada] Supreme Court that interpret state law in a way that contradicts our earlier interpretation of that law." Bonilla v. Adams, 423 F. App'x 738, 740 (9th Cir. 2011). Essentially, 116.31168(1)'s meaning is an issue of state law that Nevada's Supreme Court "can overrule" *Bourne Valley* on. Id. As a result, this Court should certify SFR's question because it is a "question[] of law of this state which may be determinative of" part of this case. 5(a); Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164.

C. Bourne Valley Acted as Though there is No Controlling Nevada Precedent

The second factor is whether "controlling Nevada precedent exists[.]" Fed. Ins. Co., 184

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408, 411, 417, 418, 422 (Nev. 2014).

As Judge Dorsey noted, *Bourne Valley* "makes no mention of the Nevada Supreme Court's own interpretation of Chapter 116's notice provisions in the SFR opinion" U.S. Bank, N.A. v. Ascente Homeowners Ass'n, No. 2:15-cv-00302-JAD-VCF, 2016 WL 4402807, at *1 (D. Nev. Aug. 17, 2016). Similarly, Judge Gordon observed that "the *Bourne Valley* majority opinion does not address the fact that the Supreme Court of Nevada has already construed this Nevada state statute to require notice to the mortgage lenders. Even the dissenting justices in SFR agreed this was the proper interpretation of Nevada's statutory scheme." Deutsche Bank Nat'l Trust Co. v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC, No. 2:14-cv-001131-APG-VCF, 2016 WL 4419285, at *1 (D. Nev. Aug. 18, 2016) (internal citation omitted).

This Court should certify SFR's question because *Bourne Valley* acted as though there is no controlling Nevada precedent on 116.31168(1)'s meaning.

D. The Certified Question's Answer will Settle Important Questions of Law

The third factor is whether an answer to SFR's question "will help settle important questions of law." Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164. Here, the meaning of 116.31168(1) is an important question of Nevada law, which "is solely within the province of [Nevada's Supreme Court] to authoritatively construe " Cal. Teachers Ass'n, 271 F.3d at 1146.2 Again, SFR's question is: Whether NRS § 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of NRS § 107.090 requires homeowners'

¹ Compare Bourne Valley, 832 F.3d at 1159 (116.31168(1)'s incorporation of 107.090 did not require associations to provide banks with notice absent a request for notice), with SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 334 P.3d 408, 411, 417, 418, 422 (Nev. 2014) (116.31168(1)'s incorporation of 107.090 required associations to provide notice to banks that recorded their security interest).

² See also O'Brien v. Skinner, 414 U.S. 524, 531 (1974) ("It is not our function to construe a state statute contrary to the construction given it by the highest court of a State."); High v. Ignacio, 408 F.3d 585, 590 (9th Cir. 2005) ("This court accepts a state court ruling on questions of state law.").

Case 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL Document 21 Filed 01/04/17 Page 5 of 6

KIM GILBERT EBRON

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associations to provide notices of default to banks even when a bank does not request notice? If Nevada's Supreme Court answers this question with a "Yes,"—as it did in SFR—then Bourne Valley's contrary construction is not binding. Swisher, 771 F.3d at 524; Bonilla, 423 F. App'x at 740; Henderson, 285 F. App'x at 373; CRST, 479 F.3d at 1106 n.6; Rotec Indus., Inc., 348 F.3d at 1122 n.3; Cal. Teachers Ass'n, 271 F.3d at 1146; Pershing Park, 219 F.3d at 903; Owen, 713 F.2d at 1464. Bourne Valley turned on the meaning of 116.31168(1), an issue of Nevada law that Nevada's Supreme Court should resolve. After all, core principles of Federalism dictate that state law is the province of state courts. O'Brien v. Skinner, 414 U.S. 524, 531 (1974); High v. Ignacio, 408 F.3d 585, 590 (9th Cir. 2005). It is these principles of Federalism that NRAP 5 is designed to promote. Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164 (NRAP 5's purposes are federalism, comity, and judicial efficiency). Ultimately, the certified question's answer will settle important questions of law.

III. **CONCLUSION**

For the foregoing reasons, this Court should grant SFR's Motion to Certify a Question of Law to Nevada's Supreme Court. Certification is appropriate because: (i) the certified question's answer "may 'be determinative of' part" of this case, (ii) Bourne Valley's interpretation of 116.31168(1) acted as though "there is no controlling" Nevada precedent, and (iii) the answer "will help settle important questions of law." Volvo, 137 P.3d at 1164.

DATED this 4th day of January, 2017.

KIM GILBERT EBRON

/s/Diana Cline Ebron DIANA CLINE EBRON, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10580 JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10593 KAREN L. HANKS, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 9578 7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89139 Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

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I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 4th day of January, 2017, pursuant to FRCP 5, I served 3 via the CM-ECF electronic filing system the foregoing MOTION TO CERTIFY A QUESTION 4 **OF LAW TO NEVADA'S SUPREME COURT** to the following parties: 5 Ariel E. Stern 6 Ariel E. Stern Rex Garner 7 Akerman LLP 8 1160 Town Center Drive Suite 330 9 Las Vegas, NV 89144 702-634-5000 10 Fax: 702-380-8572 Email: ariel.stern@akerman.com 11 Email: rex.garner@akerman.com 12 Counsel for THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON F/K/A/ THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS 13 TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF CWABS, INC., ASSET BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6 14 15 16 /s/ Andrew M. David_ 17 An Employee of Kim Gilbert Ebron 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

TAB 4

This is an automatic e-mail message generated by the CM/ECF system. Please DO NOT RESPOND to this e-mail because the mail box is unattended.

NOTE TO PUBLIC ACCESS USERS Judicial Conference of the United States policy permits attorneys of record and parties in a case (including pro se litigants) to receive one free electronic copy of all documents filed electronically, if receipt is required by law or directed by the filer. PACER access fees apply to all other users. To avoid later charges, download a copy of each document during this first viewing. However, if the referenced document is a transcript, the free copy and 30 page limit do not apply.

United States District Court

District of Nevada

Notice of Electronic Filing

The following transaction was entered on 3/16/2017 at 9:53 AM PDT and filed on 3/10/2017

Case Name: The Bank of New York Mellon v. Star Hill Homeowners Association et al

Case Number: 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL

Filer:

Document Number: 36(No document attached)

Docket Text:

MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS - Motion Hearing held on 3/10/2017 before the Honorable Richard F. Boulware, II. Crtrm Administrator: *Blanca Lenzi*; Pla Counsel: *Rex Garner, Esq., Darren Brenner, Esq.*; Def Counsel: *Diana Cline Ebron, Esq., Jacqueline Gilbert, Esq.*; Court Reporter/Recorder: *Patty Ganci*; Time of Hearing: 2:31 PM - 3:33 PM; Courtroom: 7D.

The Court makes preliminary statements and hears representation of counsel regarding the [21] Motion to Certify a Question of Law to Nevada Supreme Court. For the reasons stated on the record at the hearing,

IT IS ORDERED that Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's [21] Motion to Certify a Question of Law to Nevadas Supreme Court is GRANTED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defense counsel submit a draft of the proposed to plaintiff's counsel by March 16, 2017 by 9:00 AM. FURTHER, Defense counsel shall file a statement of facts to the Question to be Certified due by the close of business on March 17, 2017. Plaintiff's response/opposition is due by March 19, 2017.

IT IS FURUTHER ORDERED that the transcript of the hearing shall serve as the written Opinion and Order of the Court.

(Copies have been distributed pursuant to the NEF - BEL)

TAB 5

1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 6 * * * 7 THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA Case No. 2:16-cv-02561-RFB-PAL 8 THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE **ORDER** FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS 9 CWABS, INC. ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2006-6 10 Plaintiff, 11 v. 12 STAR HILL HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION; SBW INVESTMENT, LLC; 13 NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.; and SFR INVESTMENT POOL 1, LLC, 14 15 Defendants. SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC, 16 Counter/Cross Claimant, 17 18 v. 19 THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF 20 CWABS, INC., 2006-6, RICHARD A. PEREZ, 21 SR. an individual, and ROSEMARIE PEREZ, an individual, 22 Counter/Cross Defendants. 23 24 I. INTRODUCTION 25 Before the Court is Counter / Cross Claimant SFR Investment Pool 1, LLC's Motion to 26 Certify a Question of Law to Nevada's Supreme Court. ECF No. 21. For the reasons stated below, 27 the Motion is granted. SFR seeks certification of the following question: 28

"Whether NRS § 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of NRS § 107.090 requires homeowner's association to provide notices of default to banks even when a bank does not request notice?"

II. BACKGROUND

This case arises out of the foreclosure sale by Star Hills Homeowners Association ("Association") of its lien for delinquent assessments against the real property commonly known as 5020 Piney Summit Ave, Las Vegas, Nevada 89141 (the "Property"). See Complaint ("Compl.") ECF 1 at p.3, ¶ 8; see also SFR's Answer, Counterclaim, Cross-claim ("SFRACC"), ECF 20 at p.9, ¶1. The complaint alleges Star Hill Homeowners Association's sale did not extinguish the deed of trust because BACK Home Loans Servicing, LP's ("BAC") tender satisfied the super-priority lien and NRS chapter 116 violates the Fourteenth Amendment's Due Process clause. Id. ¶¶ 37–44, 48. The complaint asserts both a facial and an as-applied constitutional due process challenge to the super-priority lien foreclosure statutes. SFR filed a counterclaim for quiet title and injunctive relief. ECF No. 20 at 9-17.

The Parties' pleadings, including BNY Melon's Complaint, ECF No. 1, and SFR's Answer, Counterclaim and Cross-Claim, ECF No. 20, set forth the following facts:

In 1991, Nevada adopted Uniform Common Interest Ownership Act as NRS 116, including NRS 116.3116(2). In 1993, Nevada amended NRS 116, repealing a portion of NRS 116.31168, and enacting NRS 116.31163 and 116.31165. In October of 2004, the Association recorded its declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (CC&Rs) in the Official Records of the Clark County Recorder as Instrument Number 20041014000678.

On January 31, 2006, a Grant, Bargain, and Sale Deed was recorded transferring the Property to Richard A. Perez, Sr. and Rosemarie Perez. On the same day, a Deed of Trust naming Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. as lender, and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. ("MERS") as beneficiary, and Recontrust Company ("Recontrust") as trustee, was recorded. On February 5, 2010, the Perezes became delinquent on their Association dues and the Association, through its agent Nevada Association Services, Inc. ("NAS"), recorded a Notice of Delinquent

Assessments. On May 5, 2010, the Association, through NAS, recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell. On January 19, 2011, the Association, through NAS, recorded a Notice of Sale.

On August 26, 2011, an assignment was recorded by Bank of America N.A. ("BANA"), stating that MERS transferred its interest in the Deed of Trust to BNY Mellon. On August 26, 2011, Recontrust recorded a Substitution of Trustee, identifying BNY Mellon as the new trustee. Recontrust also recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell under the Deed of Trust. On December 30, 2011, Recontrust recorded a Certificate State of Nevada Foreclosure Mediation Program allowing the Beneficiary of the Deed of Trust to proceed with foreclosure. Recontrust also recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale.

On May 15, 2012, the Association, through NAS, recorded a second Notice of Sale. On September 15, 2012, the Association's foreclosure sale was held, and SBW Investment, Inc. ("SBW") purchased the property. On September 20, 2012, the Association, through NAS, recorded a Foreclosure Deed vesting title in SBW. The Foreclosure Deed stated that the Association foreclosure sale complied with "all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent Assessments and Notice of default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale." On April 5, 2013, SBW recorded a Grant, Bargain, Sale Deed transferring title to SFR.

On October 1, 2015, Nevada amended NRS 116 to explicitly require homeowners' associations to provide parties with recorded interests with notice of default and notice of sale even when notice has not been requested.

On November 4, 2016, BNY Mellon filed its Complaint, naming the Association, SBW, NAS, and SFR as defendants. BNY Mellon requests, *inter alia*, a declaration from the Court that the Association Foreclosure Sale did not extinguish the Deed of Trust (and its associated priority interest) and that the Deed of Trust maintains its priority interest encumbering the Property. Alternatively, BNY Mellon seeks a declaration that the Association Foreclosure Sale is void. BNY Mellon alleged that the foreclosure procedures were unconstitutional in that they denied due process.

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On January 3, 2017, SFR filed its answer and brought counter-claims against BNY Mellon and the Perezes asking, *inter alia*, for declaratory relief and quiet title. SFR alleges that BNY Mellon had actual notice and received the Association's Notice of Default and Notice of Sale. Therefore, SFR requests a declaration that the Deed of Trust was extinguished by the sale pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court decision in <u>SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank</u>, N.A., 334 P.3d 408, 419 (Nev. 2014), and SFR has title free and clear of the deed of trust.

On August 12, the Ninth Circuit held NRS chapter 116's "opt-in" notice scheme violates the Fourteenth Amendment's due process clause because it allows a lender to be stripped of its deed of trust without requiring actual notice of the intent to foreclose. Bourne Valley Court Tr. v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 832 F.3d 1154, 1157–58 (9th Cir. 2016), r'hng denied (9th Cir. Nov. 4, 2016). The Court in Bourne Valley, in interpreting the then-applicable notice provision in NRS 116.31163, held that Nevada law did not mandate actual notice to mortgage lenders whose rights are subordinate to a homeowner's association super priority lien. See id. at 1159. Importantly, the Court did not and could not rely upon any controlling state law as to the requirements of notice under state law as to NRS 116.31163. Relying upon its own analysis of Nevada's statutory foreclosure statutes, the Court found that although NRS 116.31168(1) incorporated NRS 107.090, which mandated actual notice to subordinate lien holders, the notice provision in NRS 116.31163(2), requiring notice only to those who "notified the association, 30 days before recordation of the notice of default, of the security interest," controlled, and because full incorporation of the NRS 107.090 would "render superfluous" the notice provision of NRS 116.31163(2), the statute could not be read to require the notice relevant to the constitutional challenge.

The Nevada Supreme Court, on January 26, 2017, issued its opinion in <u>Saticoy Bay LLC</u>

<u>Series 350 Durango 104 v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, a Div. of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 388</u>

P.3d 970 (Nev. 2017). In the opinion, the Nevada Supreme Court disagreed with the *Bourne Valley* Court on the issue of whether due process was implicated, holding that due process was not implicated in an association non-judicial foreclosure sale for lack of state action. Id. at 974,

III. LEGAL STANDARD

forth in NRS 107.090." Id.

Pursuant to Rule 5 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure ("Rule 5"), a United States District Court may certify a question of law to the Nevada Supreme Court "upon the court's own motion or upon the motion of any party to the cause." Nev. R. App. P. 5(a)—(b). Under Rule 5, the Nevada Supreme Court has the power to answer such a question that "may be determinative of the cause then pending in the certifying court and . . . [where] it appears to the certifying court there is no controlling precedent in the decisions of the Supreme Court of this state." Nev. R. App. P. 5(a). Rule 5 also provides that a certification order must specifically address each of six requirements:

n.5. Because the Nevada Supreme Court concluded due process was not implicated, it stated that

it "need not determine whether NRS 116.3116 et seq. incorporates the notice requirements set

- (1) The questions of law to be answered;
- (2) A statement of all facts relevant to the questions certified;
- (3) The nature of the controversy in which the questions arose;
- (4) A designation of the party or parties who will be the appellant(s) and the party or parties who will be the respondent(s) in the Supreme Court;
- (5) The names and addresses of counsel for the appellant and respondent; and
- (6) Any other matters that the certifying court deems relevant to a determination of the questions certified.

Nev. R. App. P. 5(c).

IV. DISCUSSION

The Court finds that certification to the Nevada Supreme Court is warranted in this case because the pending claims and counterclaims may be resolved, in part, by a determination of whether NRS 116.31163-116.31168 and, by incorporation, NRS 107.090 required associations to provide notice to the recorded beneficiary of a deed of trust, which is subordinate to the super-

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priority portion of an association lien for assessments under NRS 116.3116(2), and what notice must be provided. See SFR, 334 P.3d at 419. While the Ninth Circuit has construed the statute and determined that it is unconstitutional as "opt-in" only, this Court is cognizant that it did so in the absence of controlling precedent or construction from the Nevada Supreme Court. And, where there is no controlling precedent from the state, and the interpretation of state law is controlling, then the federal court's determination is controlling. See Huddleston v. Dwyer, 322 U.S. 232, 236 (1944). However, if the state court disapproves of the interpretation given by the federal court, then the federal courts must follow the interpretation by the state court. See id.; see also Owen v. United States, 713 F.2d 1461, 1464 (9th Cir.1983) (a federal court's construction of state law is "only binding in the absence of any subsequent indication from the [state appellate] courts that our interpretation was incorrect."). As recognized by the Ninth Circuit, "[i]t is solely within the province of the state courts to authoritatively construe state legislation." Cal. Teachers Ass'n v. State Bd. Of Educ., 271 F.3d 1141, 1146 (9th Cir. 2001). This is why questions of state law should be resolved in the first instance by the state's highest court. Huddleston, 322 U.S. at 237. Because the Nevada Supreme Court declined to reach the issue of notice in Saticoy Bay, there is no controlling precedent from that Court. A decision by the Nevada Supreme Court on the instant issue would provide this Court with guidance as to how to address the issue of notice, including actual notice, and how to apply Bourne Valley in this case. Additionally, disputes over the scope of discovery may be impacted by the answer to the question.

Because the relevant facts are set forth above, the Court addresses whether the issue "may be determinative of the cause" as well as the remaining five requirements.

(1) May Be Determinative of the Cause

Among other claims, the Complaint seeks quiet title on the ground that NRS 116's "scheme of HOA superpriority non-judicial foreclosure violates BNY Mellon's procedural due process rights." If the statute was facially unconstitutional, the sale pursuant to the statute was invalid, and the central dispute in this matter—the validity of the foreclosure sale and title to the property—would probably be resolved in favor of the Plaintiff.

(1) The Question of Law to be Answered

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The Court certifies the following question: "Whether NRS § 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of NRS § 107.090 required a homeowner's association to provide notices of default and/or sale to persons or entities holding a subordinate interest even when such persons or entities did not request notice, prior to the amendments that took effect on Oct 1, 2015?"

(3) The Nature of the Controversy in which the Question Arose

As stated above, this case is a dispute as to the validity of a homeowners' association foreclosure sale made pursuant to the foreclosure statute found facially unconstitutional in <u>Bourne Valley Court Tr. v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.,</u> 832 F.3d 1154, 1157–58 (9th Cir. 2016), <u>r'hng denied</u> (9th Cir. Nov. 4, 2016). That ruling relied on the federal circuit panel's own interpretation of the notice requirement under Nevada law. The complaint, filed after the <u>Boerne Valley</u> decision, alleges that the statute is facially unconstitutional, and unconstitutional as applied.

(4) A Designation of the Party or Parties who will be the Appellant(s) and the Party or Parties who will be the Respondent(s) in the Supreme Court;

The moving defendants / cross-claimants SFR Investment Pool 1, LLC, and Star Hill Homeowners Association are designated as Appellants, and plaintiff The Bank of New York Mellon is designated as Respondent.

(5) The names and addresses of counsel for the appellant and respondent; and

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.3	As Trustee for the Certificate holders of CWABS, Inc., Asset backed Certificates.
.4	Series 2006-6
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24	Rex Garner
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27	
28	¹ The Court notes that Star Hill Homeowners Association did not appear in the case until February 10, 2017, after full briefing on SFR's motion to certify. See Answer to Complaint [ECF 32.] No one appeared at the hearing on behalf of the association

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5	Facsimile: 702-380-8572
6	
7	(6) Any other matter that the certifying court deems relevant
8	The Court has fully laid out the relevant facts and legal questions.
9	
10	V. CONCLUSION
11	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the following question is CERTIFIED to the
12	Nevada Supreme Court pursuant to Rule 5 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure:
13	The Court will certify the following question, "Whether NRS § 116.31168(1)'s
14	incorporation of NRS § 107.090 required a homeowner's association to provide notices of
15	default and/or sale to persons or entities holding a subordinate interest even when such
16	persons or entities did not request notice, prior to the amendments that took effect on Oct
17	1, 2015?"
18	IT IS FURTHER ODERED that the Clerk of the Court shall forward a copy of this Order
19	to the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme Court under the official seal of the United States District Court
20	for the District of Nevada. <u>See</u> Nev. R. App. P. 5(d).
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22	DATED this <u>21st</u> day of April, 2017.
23	R
24	PICHARD E ROLL WARE II
25	RICHARD F. BOULWARE, II UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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