## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

WILLIS T. BROWN,

Petitioner,

VS.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE WILLIAM D. KEPHART, DISTRICT JUDGE

Respondents,

And

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Real Party in Interest.

Electronically Filed Aug 04 2017 12:46 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

CASE NO: 72950

## RESPONDENT'S APPENDIX

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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify and affirm that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on August 4, 2017. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

> ADAM PAUL LAXALT Nevada Attorney General

GARY A. MODAFFERI, ESQ. Counsel for Appellant

CHARLES THOMAN Deputy District Attorney

I further certify that service of the above and foregoing was made this 4<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2017, by depositing a copy in the U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid, addressed to:

JUDGE WILLIAM D. KEPHART Eighth Judicial District Court, Dept. XIX Regional Justice Center 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

BY /s/E. Davis
Employee, District Attorney's Office

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**RTRAN** 

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3 DISTRICT COURT 4 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 5 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, CASE NO. C-16-319125-1 7 Plaintiff, DEPT. NO. XIX VS. 8

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Defendant.

WILLIS TYRONE BROWN,

BEFORE THE HONORABLE WILLIAM D. KEPHART, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE MONDAY, JUNE 26, 2017 AT 8:57 A.M.

REQUEST OF COURT

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16 APPEARANCES:

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FOR THE STATE: JAMES SWEETIN Chief Deputy District Attorney

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GARY MODAFFERI, ESQ. FOR THE DEFENDANT:

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Recorded by: CHRISTINE ERICKSON, COURT RECORDER

RA 000001

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, MONDAY, JUNE 26, 2017 at 8:57 A.M.

THE COURT: State of Nevada versus Willis Tyrone Brown; this is C319125.

MR. MODAFFERI: Good morning, Judge.

THE COURT: Mr. Modafferi, I received a notice from the Supreme Court that is a -- it's a little confusing to me in light of the fact that I'm not sure if they're asking the State to respond to this or the Court to respond.

So what I've done, I actually prepared something for the record here. I'm going to read this into the record right now. Okay? This is what I went through.

In the writ the Defendant has claimed that the Court was arbitrary and capricious in its decision. I disagree with the Petitioner obviously in that matter for when I indicated that your client did not qualify as an indigent individual pursuant to *Widdis*.

Widdis requires two different requirements. One, he has to show indigency and two, he has to show a need for it. There's actually a third one that I kind of gleamed out of the descent and I'll tell you what I've looked here. Although the descendent agreed with the Court except for said that there had to be even some type of information to give the Court an understanding how much they were asking for -- what money wise.

So at the hearing it became very clear that the Petitioner's financial position had changed considerably between the time of his first request for Court appointed services and application declaring indigency before the Honorable Justice of the Peace Cynthia Cruz.

In his first application before Judge Cruz Petitioner represented to be unemployed with no source of income. And I draw attention to the actual application. It appeared that the Defendant was released on house arrest. Secured a bond for \$75,000 and secured services of retained counsel. How much that was I have no idea, but it was never indicated on his application that he owed anything towards any of that.

In the Petitioner's motion for expert services pursuant to *Widdis* filed in this Court on April 11, 2017, he attached a second application for the Court appointed counsel for *Widdis* fees. In review of the attached application to this Court, the Petitioner's financial situation improved substantially. Petitioner was now fully employed. He had no further debt for legal fees. He had secured his release from custody with posting the \$75,000 bond. And he was paying house arrest fees.

It was interesting to the Court as his previous application claimed that he was unemployed with no source of income; however, he was able to secure, and I believe it possibly based on the representation in the motion towards the Supreme Court was that the -- I mean before this Court is that he had exhausted his resources from his family to pay for his attorney. So he had resources. And his application also revealed that his debt ratio decreased by almost 50% between the time of his first application and his subsequent application that he used to support his motion for expert witness fees before the Court on April 11, 2017.

I believe that he failed to specify either in his motion for expert services pursuant to *Widdis*, or in his argument at the hearing held on the April 24, 2017, what his expectation of costs of the investigation will be or

 what it would entail.

Petitioner also had failed to show how an investigator needed for assisting his counsel would have been included within his -- wouldn't have been included within his legal fees, or if it was even discussed when securing counsel. Petitioner has represented a cursory at most need and therefore failed to present a sufficient showing of his need for the requested services at public's expense at this stage in the proceedings.

So my finding was is that he wasn't indigent. That he hadn't met a showing of need. And I also indicated that at this -- at least at this stage in the proceedings it was a cursory attempt to show need. So that was my decision. That's why -- so I'm putting that on the record so it's clearer. So if I needed to respond myself to the Supreme Court that's what I would have been -- that's what would've been presented to them. Okay? That's all I was doing.

MR. MODAFFERI: Judge, can I put on the record that just given that response, I utilized the standard *Widdis* application that's provided by the Court in order to request *Widdis* fees. There's no indication on that form about where or who paid your legal fees.

THE COURT: No.

MR. MODAFFERI: But I will make this representation to the Court just so the records clear. My legal fees were paid by his father-in-law. They weren't paid by the Defendant.

THE COURT: No, you had -- Mr. Modafferi, you actually presented that in your motion. I saw that. What I'm saying is that when they talk about -- talk about in the application, it actually says monthly debts. And

MR. MODAFFERI: Yes.

THE COURT: And there was nothing placed in there. So my perception of that is that he doesn't owe you any further legal fees. So he's secured that. He's paid the \$75,000 bond. He secured that. When he says in his previous application before Judge Justice Cruz, and he says that he has -- he's not employed, and he has no means or resources, that changed. Because now he's full-time employed and he previously had a source in income because the income is coming from his family.

So it may not just be, you know, a job or something like that. But when somebody's supporting it -- supporting his fees and his debts like he did here, then he does have -- that's -- I'm considering that. I may be wrong, but that's how I look at because he was able to secure it. I mean, if you go to your job -- Mr. Modafferi, if you go to your job and your job says yeah, here's a check for \$50 for your work.

MR. MODAFFERI: Right.

THE COURT: That's a source of income.

MR. MODAFFERI: Sure.

THE COURT: If you go to your family and say, you know what, I have no money, and they go here's \$50 to help you out, that's a source of income. And so --

MR. MODAFFERI: I understand that. But this is our point of view. He was working as an executive director for the Boys and Girls Club of America. Because of these allegations he lost his job. Now he's driving a cab.

THE COURT: No. I know.

can garner.

THE COURT: Right. Right.

MR. MODAFFERI: So that is a major drop off of income.

THE COURT: I mean, it is --

MR. MODAFFERI: And he's got a --

THE COURT: But it's not a question of indigency then. Just because he's paying less. And the thing is too is I made the statement in the previous argument is that he may need to adjust his expenses.

MR. MODAFFERI: He's making minimum wage plus whatever tips he

At the time that I received an application his debts were way lower than the initial debt. And -- but he hadn't changed his so to speak lifestyle. He was still living in a pretty expensive place where he could change that. You know, it doesn't -- because he's living at, you know, X amount a month doesn't mean he needs to continue living that way because obviously his incomes went down. I see that. I understand that.

MR. MODAFFERI: And a three year old to support. And a wife to support on a minimum wage.

THE COURT: He had that before though. He had it before and -- but when he said he had no source of income he that before. So I understand. I understand. I just -- I'm just making my record.

MR. MODAFFERI: So, for purposes of -- I know the Supreme Court gave someone 20 days to respond to the writ, right?

THE COURT: Right. See I -- the way it reads it seems like it's directed to me, but then it says the real parties in interest on behalf of respondents -- MR. SWEETIN: Yeah.

MR. SWEETIN: And the way that we've interpreted that is the District Attorney's office.

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THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. SWEETIN: And we are preparing a response.

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THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. SWEETIN: And I would just ask that we receive a transcript and that the Court order an expedited copy of the transcript to be produced so

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that we can obtain that and include that in our response.

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THE COURT: Okay. You need an order.

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MR. SWEETIN: I'll present to you this afternoon.

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THE COURT: Okay. I just --

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MR. MODAFFERI: And I appreciate the Court's putting this on the

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record, Judge. The other --

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my brethren and they said there was different answers but all of them said

THE COURT: Well I've never seen one of these. And so I contacted

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put it back on the record and make your record. If -- because we were kind

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of, when I say we, it was just a few of us that we talked. We weren't really

have Mr. Modafferi and the State here and I'll represent what I'm saying and

19 20 sure how to address it either.

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so -- 'cause I was fully expecting -- I was fully intending to just go ahead and respond to it, but then when I'm reading it -- it says the real party in interest on behalf of respondent. So I'm doing it to give the State an opportunity to

So I said I'm going to put it on the record and put it on and just

address what their order is.

MR. MODAFFERI: And I just wanted to just supplement what you've said, Judge, by the fact that down below in Justice Court we did file a *Widdis* motion that was granted by Justice Cruz. And because of the work that was put in by the investigator, we were able to get the attendance logs which were an important part of our presentation at prelim and the photographs.

Now the attendance logs have been supplemented to our writ on the probable cause argument, but the photographs were not. They were transmitted from the preliminary Justice Court. And now I understand the part of your file here at District Court. If I would submit an order to get a copy of the photographs up to the Supreme Court on the probable cause issue, would that be permissible?

THE COURT: Yeah. If you need for -- I can get --

MR. MODAFFERI: Thank you. I'll get that to you. Because I've already got the attendance logs.

THE COURT: It's -- yeah, you've already filed it up there though. You've already filed your writ.

MR. MODAFFERI: I did file the writ but I'd like to supplement it with the photographs that were included at the preliminary hearing. And I know that --

THE COURT: Yeah. They'll have the record. Right? They get the record?

THE COURT CLERK: Right. They don't -- I don't believe that they'll get a copy of the photographs unless the Supreme Court requests a copy of them.

THE COURT: Right.

THE COURT CLERK: And I believe that if he wants a copy of the photographs he can speak to the evidence vault techs and request it from them.

THE COURT: Well because of the nature of the photographs is what the issue is. Also, Mr. Modafferi, what's interesting when you read the *Widdis* case completely --

MR. MODAFFERI: Yes, Judge.

THE COURT: The facts are pretty much on point. In *Widdis*, the individual pleads guilty -- he has the private counsel, pleads guilty, but never hired any experts or whatever through that stage, pleads guilty, then prior to sentencing he gets out of custody, gets a full-time job, which he didn't have before, and then they want to do a psychological evaluation, and they ask for fees for that. And there was a claim of indigency and the court rejected it. And then the Supreme Court issued the opinion.

So we have to show there's indigency and you have to show a need for it. And there was never anything -- any follow-up, so I don't ever know whatever happened to Mr. Lewis, who *Widdis* was the attorney.

MR. MODAFFERI: Was the attorney. Yes.

THE COURT: Mr. Lewis was the actual -- I don't know whatever happened to it. But that's the standard.

So, but under those kind of facts, the Supreme Court seemed to agree with the way I made my determination here. So -- but I don't know. I mean they may say that there still is an indigency, but we know that financial situations can change. And that's what I was looking at.