Reviewed & Approved Disapproved:

Dated: 1/30/17

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ORDG 1 MORRIS LAW GROUP 2 Steve Morris, Bar No. 1543 **CLERK OF THE COURT** Email: sm@morrislawgroup.com 3 Ryan M. Lower, Bar No. 9108 Email: rml@morrislawgroup.com 4 900 Bank of America Plaza 5 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 STREET - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 Telephone: (702) 474-9400 7 Facsimile: (702) 474-9422 8 Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP 9 10 MORRIS LAW GROUP DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI, 13) Case No. A-16-735910-B Dept.: XV 14 Plaintiff, v. 15 ORDER GRANTING MOTION 16 PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT LLP, COÖPERATIEVE AGAINST SEYFARTH SHAW 17 RABOBANK U.A., UTRECHT-LLP FOR LACK OF AMERICA FINANCE CO., 18 **JURISDICTION** SEYFARTH SHAW, LLP and 19 GRAHAM R. TAYLOR, 20 Defendants. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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Defendant Seyfarth Shaw (Seyfarth) LLP's motion to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction came on for hearing on November 16, 2016. Steve Morris of Morris Law Group appeared and argued for Seyfarth; Mark A. Hutchison of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, in association with Scott F. Hessell and Thomas D. Brooks of Sperling & Slater, P.C., appeared for Plaintiff, Michael A. Tricarichi, to oppose the motion. Mr. Hutchison argued for Mr. Tricarichi.

The Court, having read and considered the motion papers submitted by the parties and heard and considered the arguments of their counsel, and good cause appearing, grants Seyfarth's motion based on the following reasons and summary of the allegations in the complaint and in the uncontested information tendered by the parties to the Court in the exhibits and affidavits submitted in support of and in opposition to the motion.

Seyfarth is an international law firm headquartered in Chicago, Illinois. It is organized under Illinois law as a limited liability partnership. The firm has offices in 10 locations in the United States, none of which is in (or was in) Nevada. Seyfarth does not employ staff, attorneys, or agents who are domiciled in Nevada, nor does the firm own or hold security in real property in Nevada. It is not registered with Nevada's Secretary of State to do business in Nevada.

Although Seyfarth attorneys have from time to time appeared in Nevada federal district court on behalf of clients unrelated to this case, or have acted as counsel in transactions involving Nevada real property not related to this case, and one of Seyfarth's lawyers (since 2015) is a nonresident member of the Nevada Bar, none of Seyfarth's 850 attorneys has been in Nevada in connection with any matter involving Plaintiff Tricarichi, who has never been a client of Seyfarth.

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Against this background, Plaintiff contends that Seyfarth "facilitated" a transaction to minimize federal income taxes that had its origins in Ohio in 2003, when Plaintiff sold a cellular telephone business he operated in Ohio and moved to Nevada. Seyfarth played no part in the transaction by which Plaintiff's business, West Side Cellular, Inc. (West Side) was sold to another entity. The "transaction" and the steps which followed it were later found by the Internal Revenue Service to be a fraudulent tax avoidance scheme, of which the Tax Court held Plaintiff had constructive knowledge sufficient to impose liability on Plaintiff for the taxes owed by West Side. The transaction began in Ohio and Seyfarth is alleged to have "facilitated" the transaction by a former Seyfarth California partner, Graham Taylor, rendering an opinion in 2003 to Millennium Recovery Fund in Ireland, which involved a specific transaction which took place outside of Nevada in 2001 and was unrelated both to this case and to Plaintiff Tricarichi. Although the opinion expressly states it could only be relied on by Millennium, Plaintiff alleges the opinion somehow "facilitated" the transaction with him that the IRS later found was an abusive tax shelter. None of the transactional activity Plaintiff alleges to have injured him took place in Nevada or was directed to the state by Seyfarth.

The Court finds that the Plaintiff has not alleged facts that would establish personal jurisdiction over Seyfarth in Nevada. First, Seyfarth, an Illinois limited liability partnership with no offices in Nevada, is not subject to general jurisdiction in Nevada because it is not "at home" here. Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 328 P.3d 1152, 1158 (2014); Daimler AG v. Bauman, 134 S. Ct. 746, 751 (2014).

Second, Seyfarth is not subject to specific jurisdiction in Nevada. Plaintiff has not shown that Seyfarth purposefully established contacts with Nevada that resulted in injury to him, as Walden v. Fiore, 135 S. Ct. 1115,

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1121-23 (2014), requires. Accord, Baker v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 116 Nev. 527, 533, 999 P.2d 1020, 1024 (2000) (same). The "minimum contacts' analysis looks to the defendant's contacts with the forum State itself, not the defendant's contacts with persons who reside there." *Id.* at 1122 (citing *Int'l* Shoe, 326 U.S. 310, 319, 66 S. Ct. 154, 159-60 (1945).) Plaintiff cannot be the only link between Seyfarth and Nevada. *Id.* Rather, due process requires that jurisdiction must be founded on the defendant's contacts with Nevada, "not based on the 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated' contacts he makes by interacting with other persons affiliated with the State." *Id.* citing *Burger* King, 471 U.S. 462, 475, 105 S. Ct. 2174, 2183 (1985). "Put simply, however significant the plaintiff's contacts with the forum may be, those contacts cannot be 'decisive in determining whether the defendant's due process rights are violated." Id. (quoting Rush v. Savchuk, 444 U.S. 320, 332, 100 S. Ct. 571, 579 (1980)). In this case, Plaintiff has not shown any conduct by Seyfarth in Nevada, or directed by Seyfarth to Nevada, that injured him here.

Third, the same analysis applies to the intentional torts alleged against Seyfarth (conspiracy, racketeering). Jurisdiction over Seyfarth as an intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct that is alleged or has been shown to have been directed to Nevada. *Id.* at 1123 (holding that "it is likewise insufficient to rely on a defendant's 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated contacts' or on the 'unilateral activity' of a plaintiff" with respect to intentional tort claims). Plaintiff has not shown that Seyfarth "purposefully enter[ed] the forum's market or establish[ed] contacts in the forum and affirmatively direct[ed] conduct there, and [that his] claims arise from that purposeful contact or conduct," as Viega requires to support specific jurisdiction over an alleged tortfeasor. 328 P.3d at 1157. Plaintiff has not made a prima facie showing that the opinion delivered to

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Millennium in Ireland by defendant Graham Taylor was intended to have an effect in Nevada or that Plaintiff was aware of the opinion when he entered into the tax avoidance transaction with others in 2003 that the IRS later found was fraudulent. Seyfarth's out-of-state activity "did not create sufficient contacts with Nevada simply because [Seyfarth may have] directed [its] conduct at [Plaintiff] whom [Seyfarth allegedly] knew had Nevada connections." Walden, 134 S. Ct. at 1125. "Such reasoning improperly attributes a plaintiff's forum connections to the defendant and makes those connections 'decisive' in the jurisdictional analysis . . . [and] obscures the reality that none of [Seyfarth]'s conduct had anything to do with Nevada itself." *Id.* (internal citation omitted).

Absent alleging a prima facie case that Seyfarth is "at home" in Nevada or "affirmatively directed contact" with the state to deal with Plaintiff Tricarichi, such as he fails to do by his conspiracy and racketeering claims, he is not entitled to jurisdictional discovery before the Court rules on Seyfarth's motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction. Viega, 328 P.3d at 1157, 1160-61; Daimler, 134 S. Ct. at 751, 760 (insufficient facts alleged to support either general or specific jurisdiction; absent such facts, no basis to allow jurisdictional discovery); see also, Western States Wholesale Nat. Gas Litig., 605 F. Supp. 2d 1118, 1140 (D. Nev. 2009) and *Menalco, FZE v. Buchan*, 602 F. Supp. 2d 1186, 1194 n. 1 (D. Nev. 2009) (personal jurisdiction cannot be based on the actions of co-conspirators).

In light of these recent cases from our Supreme Court, the U.S. Supreme Court, and the Nevada U.S. District Court, Plaintiff's reliance on Davis v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 97 Nev. 332, 629 P.2d 1209 (1981) is misplaced, as Walden clearly confirms. Davis held that defendants who conspired outof-state could be subject to jurisdiction for injuries alleged to have occurred in Nevada as a consequence of their acts elsewhere. *Walden*, however,

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appears to overrule Davis because, as the U.S. Supreme Court declared, "mere injury to a forum resident is not a sufficient connection to the forum. The proper question is not where the plaintiff experienced a particular injury or effect but whether the defendant's conduct connects him to the forum in a meaningful way." 134 S. Ct. at 1125. See also id. at 1122 (quoting Helicopteros Nacionales de Colombia, S.A. v. Hall, 466 U.S. 408, 417 (1984) ("[The] unilateral activity of another party or a third party is not an appropriate consideration when determining whether a defendant has sufficient contacts with a forum State to justify an assertion of jurisdiction.")).

Thus, the opinion rendered by defendant Graham Taylor to Millennium in Ireland that allegedly "facilitated" a transaction between Plaintiff and others in an out-of-state conspiracy that Plaintiff says injured him in Nevada does not appear to be consistent with Walden's holding that "jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." 134 S. Ct. at 1125. Moreover, even if Davis has survived Walden, which is highly questionable to the Court, the circumstances alleged by Plaintiff are distinguishable from the limited facts recited in the Davis opinion, and still do not make out a prima facie case for jurisdiction under Viega, Daimler, or Walden. The facts of this case are also distinguishable from the post-Walden authority Plaintiff cites. See Best Chairs Inc. v. Factory Direct Wholesale, LLC, 121 F. Supp. 3d 828 (S.D. Inc. 2015); First Cmty. Bank, N.A. v. First Tennessee Bank, N.A., 489 S.W.2d 369 (Tenn. 2015); Khan v. Gramercy Advisors, LLC, 2016 Ill. App. (4th) 150435, 2016 Ill. App. LEXIS 425 Ill. App. Ct. 2016).

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Now, for the foregoing reasons, the Court grants Seyfarth's motion to
dismiss and by this order dismisses the complaint against Seyfarth Shaw,
LLP, for lack of personal jurisdiction.
 IT IS SO ORDERED.
Dated: Pesember 16, 2016 JOE HARDY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
 Submitted by:

Submitted by:

MORRIS LAW GROUP

By: Sten I min

Steve Morris, No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, No. 9108 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP

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2	Dated:	Dated: 12/12/16
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5	By:	By: Levy Ly
6	Mark A. Hutchison	Patrick Byrne, Esq.
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9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
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13		winston.hsia@skadden.com SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE,
14	Attorneys for Plaintiff	MEAGHER & FLOM LLP
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17		Attorneys for Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
18	Dated:	
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22	By:	
23	Dan R. Waite 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway	
24	Suite 600	
25	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	
26	Attorneys for Defendant	
27	, Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.	
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1	Reviewed & Approved Disapproved:
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NEOI MORRIS LAW GROUP 1 Steve Morris, Bar No. 1543 2 Email: sm@morrislawgroup.com **CLERK OF THE COURT** Ryan M. Lower, Bar No. 9108 3 Email: rml@morrislawgroup.com 900 Bank of America Plaza 4 300 South Fourth Street 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: (702) 474-9400 6 Facsimile: (702) 474-9422 7 Attorneys for Defendant 8 Sevfarth Shaw LLP 9 10 DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 11 12 MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) Case No. A-16-735910-B 13 Dept.: XV Plaintiff, 14 v. **NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER** 15 PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, 16 LLP, COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A., UTRECHT-17 AMERICA FINANCE CO., SEYFARTH SHAW, LLP and 18 GRAHAM R. TAYLOR, 19 Defendants. 20 21 22 23 24 25

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MORRIS LAW GROUP

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PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Granting Motion to Dismiss the Complaint Against Seyfarth Shaw LLP for Lack of Jurisdiction was entered in this action on the 23rd day of December, 2016. A copy of the Order is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

MORRIS LAW GROUP

By: <u>/s/STEVE MORRIS</u>
Steve Morris, Bar No. 1543
Ryan M. Lower, Bar No. 9108
900 Bank of America Plaza
300 South Fourth Street
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP

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FRTIFICATE OF SERVICE

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b) and Section IV of District of		
Nevada Electronic Filing Procedures, I certify that I am an employee of		
MORRIS LAW GROUP, and that the	e following documents were served via	
electronic service: NOTICE OF EN	TRY OF ORDER	
TO:		
Mark A. Hutchison	Patrick Byrne, Esq.	
Todd L. Moody	Sherry Ly, Esq.	
Todd W. Prall	SNEĽL & WIĽMER L.L.P.	
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Suite 600	Attorneys for Defendant	
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	
Attorneys for Defendant		
Coöneratieve Rahohank U.A. and		

Utrecht-America Finance Co.

DATED this 28th day of December, 2016.

By: /s/ PATRICIA FERRUGIA

EXHIBIT A

ORDG 1 MORRIS LAW GROUP **CLERK OF THE COURT** 2 Steve Morris, Bar No. 1543 Email: sm@morrislawgroup.com 3 Ryan M. Lower, Bar No. 9108 Email: rml@morrislawgroup.com 4 900 Bank of America Plaza 5 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: (702) 474-9400 7 Facsimile: (702) 474-9422 8 Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP 9 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) Case No. A-16-735910-B 13 XV Dept.: 14 Plaintiff, 15 v. ORDER GRANTING MOTION 16 PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT LLP, COÖPERATIEVE AGAINST SEYFARTH SHAW 17 RABOBANK U.A., UTRECHT-LLP FOR LACK OF AMERICA FINANCE CO., **JURISDICTION** 18 SEYFARTH SHAW, LLP and 19 GRAHAM R. TAYLOR, 20 Defendants. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

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Defendant Seyfarth Shaw (Seyfarth) LLP's motion to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction came on for hearing on November 16, 2016. Steve Morris of Morris Law Group appeared and argued for Seyfarth; Mark A. Hutchison of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, in association with Scott F. Hessell and Thomas D. Brooks of Sperling & Slater, P.C., appeared for Plaintiff, Michael A. Tricarichi, to oppose the motion. Mr. Hutchison argued for Mr. Tricarichi.

The Court, having read and considered the motion papers submitted by the parties and heard and considered the arguments of their counsel, and good cause appearing, grants Seyfarth's motion based on the following reasons and summary of the allegations in the complaint and in the uncontested information tendered by the parties to the Court in the exhibits and affidavits submitted in support of and in opposition to the motion.

Seyfarth is an international law firm headquartered in Chicago, Illinois. It is organized under Illinois law as a limited liability partnership. The firm has offices in 10 locations in the United States, none of which is in (or was in) Nevada. Seyfarth does not employ staff, attorneys, or agents who are domiciled in Nevada, nor does the firm own or hold security in real property in Nevada. It is not registered with Nevada's Secretary of State to do business in Nevada.

Although Seyfarth attorneys have from time to time appeared in Nevada federal district court on behalf of clients unrelated to this case, or have acted as counsel in transactions involving Nevada real property not related to this case, and one of Seyfarth's lawyers (since 2015) is a nonresident member of the Nevada Bar, none of Seyfarth's 850 attorneys has been in Nevada in connection with any matter involving Plaintiff Tricarichi, who has never been a client of Seyfarth.

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Against this background, Plaintiff contends that Seyfarth "facilitated" a transaction to minimize federal income taxes that had its origins in Ohio in 2003, when Plaintiff sold a cellular telephone business he operated in Ohio and moved to Nevada. Seyfarth played no part in the transaction by which Plaintiff's business, West Side Cellular, Inc. (West Side) was sold to another entity. The "transaction" and the steps which followed it were later found by the Internal Revenue Service to be a fraudulent tax avoidance scheme, of which the Tax Court held Plaintiff had constructive knowledge sufficient to impose liability on Plaintiff for the taxes owed by West Side. The transaction began in Ohio and Seyfarth is alleged to have "facilitated" the transaction by a former Seyfarth California partner, Graham Taylor, rendering an opinion in 2003 to Millennium Recovery Fund in Ireland, which involved a specific transaction which took place outside of Nevada in 2001 and was unrelated both to this case and to Plaintiff Tricarichi. Although the opinion expressly states it could only be relied on by Millennium, Plaintiff alleges the opinion somehow "facilitated" the transaction with him that the IRS later found was an abusive tax shelter. None of the transactional activity Plaintiff alleges to have injured him took place in Nevada or was directed to the state by Seyfarth.

The Court finds that the Plaintiff has not alleged facts that would establish personal jurisdiction over Seyfarth in Nevada. First, Seyfarth, an Illinois limited liability partnership with no offices in Nevada, is not subject to general jurisdiction in Nevada because it is not "at home" here. Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 328 P.3d 1152, 1158 (2014); Daimler AG v. Bauman, 134 S. Ct. 746, 751 (2014).

Second, Seyfarth is not subject to specific jurisdiction in Nevada. Plaintiff has not shown that Seyfarth purposefully established contacts with Nevada that resulted in injury to him, as Walden v. Fiore, 135 S. Ct. 1115,

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Third, the same analysis applies to the intentional torts alleged against Seyfarth (conspiracy, racketeering). Jurisdiction over Seyfarth as an intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct that is alleged or has been shown to have been directed to Nevada. Id. at 1123 (holding that "it is likewise insufficient to rely on a defendant's 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated contacts' or on the 'unilateral activity' of a plaintiff" with respect to intentional tort claims). Plaintiff has not shown that Seyfarth "purposefully enter[ed] the forum's market or establish[ed] contacts in the forum and affirmatively direct[ed] conduct there, and [that his] claims arise from that purposeful contact or conduct," as Viega requires to support specific jurisdiction over an alleged tortfeasor. 328 P.3d at 1157. Plaintiff has not made a prima facie showing that the opinion delivered to

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Absent alleging a prima facie case that Seyfarth is "at home" in Nevada or "affirmatively directed contact" with the state to deal with Plaintiff Tricarichi, such as he fails to do by his conspiracy and racketeering claims, he is not entitled to jurisdictional discovery before the Court rules on Seyfarth's motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction. Viega, 328 P.3d at 1157, 1160-61; Daimler, 134 S. Ct. at 751, 760 (insufficient facts alleged to support either general or specific jurisdiction; absent such facts, no basis to allow jurisdictional discovery); see also, Western States Wholesale Nat. Gas Litig., 605 F. Supp. 2d 1118, 1140 (D. Nev. 2009) and *Menalco*, *FZE v. Buchan*, 602 F. Supp. 2d 1186, 1194 n. 1 (D. Nev. 2009) (personal jurisdiction cannot be based on the actions of co-conspirators).

In light of these recent cases from our Supreme Court, the U.S. Supreme Court, and the Nevada U.S. District Court, Plaintiff's reliance on Davis v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 97 Nev. 332, 629 P.2d 1209 (1981) is misplaced, as Walden clearly confirms. Davis held that defendants who conspired outof-state could be subject to jurisdiction for injuries alleged to have occurred in Nevada as a consequence of their acts elsewhere. Walden, however,

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Thus, the opinion rendered by defendant Graham Taylor to Millennium in Ireland that allegedly "facilitated" a transaction between Plaintiff and others in an out-of-state conspiracy that Plaintiff says injured him in Nevada does not appear to be consistent with Walden's holding that "jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." 134 S. Ct. at 1125. Moreover, even if Davis has survived Walden, which is highly questionable to the Court, the circumstances alleged by Plaintiff are distinguishable from the limited facts recited in the Davis opinion, and still do not make out a prima facie case for jurisdiction under Viega, Daimler, or Walden. The facts of this case are also distinguishable from the post-Walden authority Plaintiff cites. See Best Chairs Inc. v. Factory Direct Wholesale, LLC, 121 F. Supp. 3d 828 (S.D. Inc. 2015); First Cmty. Bank, N.A. v. First Tennessee Bank, N.A., 489 S.W.2d 369 (Tenn. 2015); Khan v. Gramercy Advisors, LLC, 2016 Ill. App. (4th) 150435, 2016 Ill. App. LEXIS 425 Ill. App. Ct. 2016).

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	Now, for the foregoing reasons, the Court grants Seyfarth's motion to
-	dismiss and by this order dismisses the complaint against Seyfarth Shaw,
	LLP, for lack of personal jurisdiction.
	IT IS SO ORDERED.
**************************************	Dated: December 16, 2016 Alfardy JOE HARDY, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
	Submitted by:
	MORRIS LAW GROUP
	By: Steve Morris, No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, No. 9108 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
	Attorneys for Defendant
	Seyfarth Shaw LLP

$MORRIS\ LAW\ GROUP$ 900 bank of america plaza - 300 south fourth street - las vegas, nevada 89101 702/474-9400 - Fax 702/474-9422

1	Reviewed & Approved/Disapproved	:
2	Dated:	Dated: 12/12/16
3		- V
4	HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC	SNELL & WILMER L.L.P.
5	R	By:
6	By: Mark A. Hutchison	By: Patrick Byrne, Esq.
7	Todd L. Moody Todd W. Prall	Sherry Ly, Esq. 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway,
8	10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200	Suite 1100
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
10	Scott F. Hessell (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)	Peter B. Morrison, Esq.
11	Thomas D. Brooks (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) SPERLING & SLATER, P.C.	(<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) peter.morrison@skadden.com
12	55 West Monroe, Suite 3200	Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. (<i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
13	Chicago, IL 60603	winston.hsia@skadden.com
14	Attorneys for Plaintiff	SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP
15		300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3400
16		Los Angeles, CA 90071-3144
17		Attorneys for Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
18		2
19	Dated:	
20	LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER	
21	CHRISTIE LLP	
22	By:	
23	Dan R. Waite	
24	3993 Howard Hughes Parkway Suite 600	
25	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	
26	Attorneys for Defendant	
27	Attorneys for Defendant Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.	
28	Girelli Illianea I manee Co.	

***************************************	Reviewed & Approved Disapproved:
2	Dated: 12/13/16
3	
4	LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP
5	the state of the second
6	By: NV Bar#4078
7	Dan R. Waite 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway
8	Suite 600
9	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
10	Attorneys for Defendant
11	Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.
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1	ORDR	
	Mark A. Hutchison (4639)	CLERK OF THE COURT
2	Todd L. Moody (5430)	
3	Todd W. Prall (9154)	
	HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200	
4	Las Vegas, NV 89145	
5	Tel: (702) 385-2500	
	Fax: (702) 385-2086	
6	Email: mhutchison@hutchlegal.com	
7	tmoody@hutchlegal.com	
	tprall@hutchlegal.com	
8		
9	Scott F. Hessell Thomas D. Brooks	
,	(Pro Hac Vice)	
10	SPERLING & SLATER, P.C.	
11	55 West Monroe, Suite 3200	
11	Chicago, IL 60603	
12	Tel: (312) 641-3200	
12	Fax: (312) 641-6492	S. S
13	Email: shessell@sperling-law.com	
14	tdbrooks@sperling-law.com	
15	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
16	DISTRICT (COURT
17	OF A DIV COLD TO	Z NIDYZA D A
1 /	CLARK COUNTY	Y, NEVADA
18	MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) CASE NO. A-16-735910-B
19	Michael II. Heradelli,) DEPT NO. XV
19	Plaintiff,)
20)
21	v.	ORDER GRANTING
41	DDICEWATERHOUSE COOREDS II D) PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR) RULE 54(B) CERTIFICATION
22	PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS, LLP, COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A.,) ROLE 34(B) CERTIFICATION
23	UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO.,)
. 43	SEYFARTH SHAW LLP and GRAHAM R.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
24	TAYLOR,)
25)
43	Defendants.)
26		<i>)</i>
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28		

Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi's Motion for Rule 54(b) Certification came on for hearing before this Court on April 18, 2017. Michael K. Wall appeared on behalf of Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi, J.P. Hendricks appeared on behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP. Dan R. Waite appeared on behalf of Defendants Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. Bradley Austin appeared on behalf of Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP. The Court, having reviewed the Motion and Reply in support thereof, along with Seyfarth Shaw's Opposition, and having heard argument from counsel for Plaintiff and Defendant Seyfarth Shaw, and good cause appearing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi's Motion for Rule 54(b) Certification is GRANTED in its entirety for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply. The Court further finds that (1) Defendant Seyfarth Shaw has been dismissed and, upon the Court's inquiry, Seyfarth's Shaw's counsel stated that they wish for the dismissal to be final; (2) the only way to ensure final dismissal in this circumstance is through Rule 54(b) Certification; (3) the untimeliness issue raised by Seyfarth Shaw is not accurate under Nevada law; (4) alternatively, the instant Motion was timely given the circumstances.

The Court accordingly finds, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay of entry of final judgment as to Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. The Court finds that all claims for and against Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. have been resolved, and directs that final judgment be entered as to Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: April 28, 2017

DISTRICT COURT JUD

₽1

Submitted by: 1 2 3 Mark A. Hutchison (4639) 4 Todd L. Moody (5430) 5 Todd W. Prall (9154) HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Scott F. Hessell (Pro Hac Vice) Thomas D. Brooks (*Pro Hac Vice*) SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Suite 3200 10 Chicago, IL 60603 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 Approved as to form and content by: 14 LEWIS ROCA MORRIS LAW GROUP ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP 15 16 Steve Morris, No. 1543 17 Dan R. Waite (4078) Ryan M, Lower, No. 9108 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 900 Bank of America Plaza 18 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 19 Chris Paparella (*Pro Hac Vice*) HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP 20 One Battery Park Plaza 21 New York, New York 10004-1482 22 Attorneys for Defendants Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-23 America Finance Co. 24 25 26 27 28

1 Submitted by: 2 3 Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Todd L. Moody (5430) Todd W. Prall (9154) 5 HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC 6 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Scott F. Hessell (Pro Hac Vice) Thomas D. Brooks (*Pro Hac Vice*) SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Suite 3200 10 Chicago, IL 60603 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 Approved as to form and content by: 14 LEWIS ROCA MORRIS LAW GROUP ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP 15 16 Steve Morris, No. 1543 17 Dan R. Waite Ryan M. Lower, No. 9108 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 900 Bank of America Plaza 18 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 19 Chris Paparella (Pro Hac Vice) HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP 20 One Battery Park Plaza 21 New York, New York 10004-1482 22 Attorneys for Defendants Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-23 America Finance Co. 24 25 26 27 28

1 SNELL & WILMER, LLP 2 3 Patrick Byrne (7636) Bradley Austin (13064) 5 | 2883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: 702-784-5200 Peter B. Morrison (Pro Hac Vice) Winston P. Hsiao (Pro Hac Vice) SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MÉAGHER, & FLOM LLP 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3400 10 Los Angeles, California Telephone: 213-687-5000 11 Attorneys for Defendant 12 PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

Electronically Filed 05/02/2017 12:42:18 PM

NTSO 1 Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Todd L. Moody (5430) **CLERK OF THE COURT** Todd W. Prall (9154) HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 5 (702) 385-2500 Tel: (702) 385-2086 Fax: 6 Email: mhutchison@hutchlegal.com tmoody@hutchlegal.com 7 tprall@hutchlegal.com 8 Scott F. Hessell 9 Thomas D. Brooks (Pro Hac Vice) 10 SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Suite 3200 11 Chicago, IL 60603 Tel: (312) 641-3200 12 (312) 641-6492 Fax: 13 Email: shessell@sperling-law.com tdbrooks@sperling-law.com 14 Attorneys for Plaintiff 15 DISTRICT COURT 16 17 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 18 CASE NO. A-16-735910-B MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI, DEPT NO. XV 19 Plaintiff, 20 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER v. 21 **GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RULE 54(B)** PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS, LLP, 22 **CERTIFICATION** COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A., UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO., 23 SEYFARTH SHAW LLP and GRAHAM R. 24 TAYLOR, 25 Defendants. 26 27

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC and that on this 2nd day of May, 2017, I caused the document entitled **NOTICE OF ENTRY** OF ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RULE 54(B) CERTIFICATION to be served on the following by Electronic Service to: ALL PARTIES ON THE E-SERVICE LIST /s/ Madelyn B. Carnate-Peralta An employee of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC

•	Alun to Chum
1	UKDK
. 2	Wark A. Futternson (4039)
	Todd L. Moody (5430) Todd W. Prall (9154)
3	HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC
4	10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200
5	Las Vegas, NV 89145
J	Tel: (702) 385-2500 Fax: (702) 385-2086
6	Email: mhutchison@hutchlegal.com
7	tmoody@hutchlegal.com
	tprall@hutchlegal.com
8	Scott F. Hessell
9	Thomas D. Brooks
1.0	(Pro Hac Vice)
10	SPERLING & SLATER, P.C.
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12	Fax: (312) 641-6492
13	Email: shessell@sperling-law.com
14	tdbrooks@sperling-law.com
15	Attorneys for Plaintiff
16	DISTRICT COURT
17	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
18	MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) CASE NO. A-16-735910-B
19) DEPT NO. XV
20	Plaintiff,)
	v.) ORDER GRANTING
21) PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
22	PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS, LLP, OOÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A., PRULE 54(B) CERTIFICATION
23	UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO.,)
24	SEYFARTH SHAW LLP and GRAHAM R.) TAYLOR,)
- 11)
25	Defendants.
26	
27	
28	

Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi's Motion for Rule 54(b) Certification came on for hearing before this Court on April 18, 2017. Michael K. Wall appeared on behalf of Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi. J.P. Hendricks appeared on behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP. Dan R. Waite appeared on behalf of Defendants Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. Bradley Austin appeared on behalf of Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP. The Court, having reviewed the Motion and Reply in support thereof, along with Seyfarth Shaw's Opposition, and having heard argument from counsel for Plaintiff and Defendant Seyfarth Shaw, and good cause appearing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi's Motion for Rule 54(b) Certification is GRANTED in its entirety for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply. The Court further finds that (1) Defendant Seyfarth Shaw has been dismissed and, upon the Court's inquiry, Seyfarth's Shaw's counsel stated that they wish for the dismissal to be final; (2) the only way to ensure final dismissal in this circumstance is through Rule 54(b) Certification; (3) the untimeliness issue raised by Seyfarth Shaw is not accurate under Nevada law; (4) alternatively, the instant Motion was timely given the circumstances.

The Court accordingly finds, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay of entry of final judgment as to Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. The Court finds that all claims for and against Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co. have been resolved, and directs that final judgment be entered as to Defendants Seyfarth Shaw LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Co.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: April 28, 2017

Hon Joe Hardy

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Submitted by: 1 2 3 Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Todd L. Moody (5430) Todd W, Prall (9154) HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Scott F. Hessell (Pro Hac Vice) Thomas D. Brooks (Pro Hac Vice) SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Suite 3200 Chicago, IL 60603 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 Approved as to form and content by: 14 LEWIS ROCA MORRIS LAW GROUP ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP 15 16 Steve Morris, No. 1543 17 Dan R. Waite (4078) Ryan M. Lower, No. 9108 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 900 Bank of America Plaza 18 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 19 Chris Paparella (Pro Hac Vice) HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP 20 Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP One Battery Park Plaza 21 New York, New York 10004-1482 22 Attorneys for Defendants Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-23 America Finance Co. 24 25 26 27

1 Submitted by: 2 3 Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Todd L. Moody (5430) Todd W. Prall (9154) **HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC** 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89145 Scott F. Hessell (Pro Hac Vice) Thomas D. Brooks (Pro Hac Vice) SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Suite 3200 10 Chicago, IL 60603 11 Attorneys for Plaintiff 12 13 Approved as to form and content by: 14 LEWIS ROCA MORRIS LAW GROUP ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP 15 16 Steve Morris, No. 1543 17 Dan R. Waite Ryan M. Lower, No. 9108 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 900 Bank of America Plaza 18 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 19 Chris Paparella (Pro Hac Vice) HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP Attorneys for Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP 20 One Battery Park Plaza 21 New York, New York 10004-1482 22 Attorneys for Defendants Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-23 America Finance Co. 24 25 26 27 28

SNELL & WILMER, LLP Patrick Byrné (7836) Bradley Austin (13064) 2883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 1100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: 702-784-5200 Peter B. Morrison (Pro Hac Vice) Winston P. Hsiao (Pro Hac Vice) SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MÉAGHER, & FLOM LLP 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3400 Los Angeles, California Telephone: 213-687-5000 Attorneys for Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP

Other Business Court Matters		COURT MINUTES	July 18, 2016
A-16-735910-B	Michael Trica	arichi, Plaintiff(s)	
		ouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)	
July 18, 2016	3:00 AM	Motion to Associate Counsel	
HEARD BY: Hai	dy, Joe	COURTROOM: Chambers	

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff's Motion to Associate Counsel for Scott F. Hessell, Esq. is hereby GRANTED as unopposed, pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e), and is GRANTED on the merits, pursuant to Rule 42 of the Supreme Court Rules.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was e-mailed to: Mark A. Hutchison, Esq. [mhutchison@hutchlegal.com], Todd L. Moody, Esq. [tmoody@hutchlegal.com], Todd Prall, Esq. [tprall@hutchlegal.com], Scott Hessell, Esq. [shessell@sperling-law.com], Thomas D. Brooks, Esq. [tbrooks@sperling-law.com], and Steve L. Morris, Esq. [sm@morrislawgroup.com]. (KD 7/18/16)

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 1 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

Other Business Court Matters		COURT MINUTES	August 22, 2016
A-16-735910-B	vs.	richi, Plaintiff(s) useCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)	
August 22, 2016	3:00 AM	Motion to Associate Counsel	

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, Defendant Pricewaterhousecoopers, LLP s Motion to Associate Counsel Winston P. Hsiao is hereby GRANTED as unopposed, pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e), and is GRANTED on the merits, pursuant to Rule 42 of the Supreme Court Rules.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was e-mailed to: Patrick Byrne, Esq. [pbyrne@swlaw.com], Sherry Ly, Esq. [sly@swlaw.com], Peter B. Morrison, Esq. [peter.morrison@skadden.com], Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. [winston.hsiao@skadden.com], Mark A. Hutchison, Esq. [mhutchison@hutchlegal.com], Todd L. Moody, Esq. [tmoody@hutchlegal.com], Todd W. Prall, Esq. [tprall@hutchlegel.com], Scott F. Hessell, Esq. [shessell@sperling-law.com], Thomas D. Brooks, Esq. [tbrooks@sperling-law.com], Steve Morris, Esq. [sm@morrislawgroup.com], and Tyan M. Lower, Esq. [rml@morrislawgroup.com]. (KD 8/22/16)

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 2 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

Other Business Court Matters		COURT MINUTES	August 22, 2016
A-16-735910-B	vs.	urichi, Plaintiff(s) useCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)	
August 22, 2016	3:00 AM	Motion to Associate Counsel	

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, Defendant Pricewaterhousecoopers, LLP s Motion to Associate Counsel Peter B. Morrison is hereby GRANTED as unopposed, pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e), and is GRANTED on the merits, pursuant to Rule 42 of the Supreme Court Rules.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was e-mailed to: Patrick Byrne, Esq. [pbyrne@swlaw.com], Sherry Ly, Esq. [sly@swlaw.com], Peter B. Morrison, Esq. [peter.morrison@skadden.com], Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. [winston.hsiao@skadden.com], Mark A. Hutchison, Esq. [mhutchison@hutchlegal.com], Todd L. Moody, Esq. [tmoody@hutchlegal.com], Todd W. Prall, Esq. [tprall@hutchlegel.com], Scott F. Hessell, Esq. [shessell@sperling-law..com], Thomas D. Brooks, Esq. [tbrooks@sperling-law.com], Steve Morris, Esq. [sm@morrislawgroup.com], and Ryan M. Lower, Esq. [rml@morrislawgroup.com]. (KD 8/22/16)

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 3 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

November 16, 2016 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: Phoenix Building Courtroom -

11th Floor

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Brooks, Thomas D. Attorney

Gordon, Richard C. Attorney Hessell, Scott F. Attorney Hsiao, Winston P. Attorney Hutchison, Mark A Attorney Morris, Steve L. Attorney Morrison, Peter B. Attorney Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- MOTION TO DISMISS FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION ON BEHALF OF DEFENDANT SEYFARTH SHAW LLP

Mr. Morris argued in support of the Motion, stating that Defendant Seyfarth was not a resident of Nevada, and did not conduct systematic or continuous business in Nevada; therefore, this Court could not have general jurisdiction over Defendant Seyfarth. As to specific jurisdiction, Mr. Morris argued that Defendant Seyfarth had not purposefully availed itself of Nevada law, nor had its director acted or undertaken acts in this jurisdiction; therefore, specific jurisdiction could not be conferred on Defendant Seyfarth. Mr. Hutchison argued in opposition, stating that conspirators

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 4 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B

outside of Nevada that caused injury in Nevada, must answer for those injuries within the state. Additionally, Mr. Hutchison argued that Seyfarth had appeared in Nevada, and the totality of those contacts demonstrated general jurisdiction. COURT ORDERED Motion GRANTED, FINDING the following: (1) Plaintiff had not made a prima facie showing of personal jurisdiction as it related to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw; (2) the alleged contacts contained within Plaintiff's Affidavits and Declarations were insufficient, and did not confer specific jurisdiction, nor did they confer general jurisdiction on Defendant Seyfarth; (3) to the extent that the Davis case remained good law (which was questionable), the facts in the instant case were distinguishable from the limited facts in said case, and the facts in the Davis case would not apply to the circumstances alleged in the instant case, even under the prima facie standard; (4) the Walden v. Fiore case, the Daimler AG v. Bauman, and the Viega GmbH v. Eighth Judicial District Court case were controlling and instructive, as set forth in Defendant Seyfarth's briefs; (5) the Court agreed with Defendant Seyfarth's arguments on page 6 of the Motion, that Plaintiff had not set forth enough facts to establish personal jurisdiction over Seyfarth; (6) the Court agreed with Defendant Seyfarth's arguments contained in section B of the Motion, that Defendant Seyfarth was a non-resident of Nevada; therefore, Defendant Seyfarth was not subject to general jurisdiction, even under the prima facie standard; (7) the Court agreed with the arguments contained in subsection B of the Reply to the instant Motion; (8) the Court agreed with the arguments contained on page 9 of the Reply, wherein it was argued that Defendant Seyfarth's only connection to this litigation was an opinion letter he sent to Millennium Recovery Fund, which did not confer specific or general jurisdiction on Defendant Seyfarth; and (9) given the lack of satisfaction of the prima facie requirement, any alternative requests for relief were hereby DENIED for the reasons set forth in the Viega case.

Mr. Morris to prepare the Order and forward it to opposing counsel for approval as to form and content.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Mr. Morrison argued in support of the Motion, stating that the claims against PricewaterhouseCoopers had fatal flaws and were time barred. Additionally, Mr. Morrison argued that there was no question New York law applied, and that the contract had been entered into in bad faith. Mr. Hessell argued in opposition, stating that Plaintiff's allegations had been pled sufficiently in order to put Defendant on notice of the misrepresentations that occurred in 2003, and between 2005 and 2011. Alternatively, if the Court did not find Plaintiff's claims had been sufficiently pled, Mr. Hessell requested leave to file amended pleadings. COURT ORDERED Motion DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING the following: (1) under the Motion to Dismiss standard, it was not appropriate to dismiss the claims at this time; and (2) the claims had been sufficiently stated under Nevada law. Mr. Hessell to prepare the Order and forward it to opposing counsel for approval as to form and content.

SEYFARTH SHAW'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANTS COOPERATIVE RABOBANK U.A. AND

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 5 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B

UTRECHT	AMERICAN	FINANCE	COMPANY'S	MOTION TO	DISMISS

COURT ORDERED Joinder VACATED, as it was already set for hearing on January 18, 2017, at 9:00 AM.

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 6 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

November 21, 2016 3:00 AM Motion to Associate Counsel

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: Chambers

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, Defendants, Utrechit-America Finance Co. and Cooperative Rabobank, UA s Motion to Associate Counsel (Christopher Paparella, Esq.) is hereby GRANTED as unopposed, pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e), and is GRANTED on the merits, pursuant to Rule 42 of the Supreme Court Rules.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was e-mailed to: Dan R. Waite, Esq. [dwaite@lrrc.com], Chris Paparella, Esq. [chris.paparella@hugheshubbard.com], Mark A. Hutchison, Esq. [mhuthcison@hutchlegal.com], Todd L. Moody, Esq. [tmoody@hutchlegal.com], Todd W. Prall, Esq. [tprall@hutchlegal.com], Scott F. Hessell, Esq. [shessell@sperling-law.com], Thomas D. Brooks, Esq. [tbrooks@sperling-law.com], Patrick Byrne, Esq. [pbyrne@swlaw.com], Sherry Ly, Esq. [sly@swlaw.com], Peter B. Morrison, Esq. [peter.morrison@skadden.com], Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. [winston.hsiao@skadden.com], Steve Morris, Esq. [sm@morrislawgroup.com], and Ryan M. Lower, Esq. [rml@morrislawgroup.com]. (KD 11/22/16)

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 7 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

January 18, 2017 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Brooks, Thomas D. Attorney

Paparella, Christopher M. Attorney
Prall, Todd Attorney
Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS...SEYFARTH SHAW'S JOINDER IN DEFENDANTS COOPERATIVE RABOBANK U.A. AND UTRECHT AMERICAN FINANCE COMPANY'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Mr. Paparella argued in support of the Motions, stating that none of the contacts between Mr. Tricarichi, Rabobank, and Utrecht took place in Nevada; therefore, personal jurisdiction could not be established over those Defendants. Additionally, Mr. Paparella argued that Plaintiff should not be permitted to conduct jurisdictional discovery, as they had not made a prima facie case of jurisdiction over Utrecht and Rabobank. Mr. Brooks argued in opposition, stating that Defendants Utrecht and Rabobank purposefully availed themselves of Nevada law, and citing the three elements for determining specific personal jurisdiction, as set forth in the Fulbright Jaworski v. Eighth Judicial District Court case. COURT ORDERED Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and Seyfarth Shaw's Joinder were hereby GRANTED IN PART as to the lack of personal jurisdiction over the movants, for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply; Motion and Joinder DENIED IN PART WITHOUT PREJUDICE AS MOOT as to the remainder of the requested relief, given the lack of personal

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 8 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B

jurisdiction. The Court noted that it had considered all of the exhibits in making its determination, including granting a request for judicial notice, the COURT FOUND the following: (1) under the Fulbright & Jaworski v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct. case, as well as the Affinity Network case, Plaintiff had not made a prima facie showing of personal jurisdiction over the moving defendants in Nevada; (2) due to the lack of a prima facie showing of personal jurisdiction, Plaintiff's request for jurisdictional discovery; (3) the mere fact that Plaintiff was no basis to grant Plaintiff's request for jurisdictional discovery; (3) the mere fact that Plaintiff was a Nevada resident, and that the moving Defendants were aware that Plaintiff was a Nevada resident, was not enough to establish personal jurisdiction over the moving Defendants; (4) the moving Defendants had not purposefully availed themselves of Nevada law, and the causes of action did not arise out of the movants Nevada related activities; and (5) exercise of personal jurisdiction over the moving Defendants would not be reasonable in the instant case. Mr. Prall to prepare the Order and forward it to opposing counsel for approval as to form and content.

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 9 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

March 06, 2017 10:30 AM Mandatory Rule 16

Conference

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Brooks, Thomas D. Attorney

Byrne, Patrick G. Attorney
Hsiao, Winston P. Attorney
Morrison, Peter B. Attorney
Prall, Todd Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Brooks advised that the parties had done their initial disclosures, including identifying witnesses, and describing the documents to be produced. Regarding discovery deadlines, Mr. Brooks represented that the parties had discussed allowing twelve (12) months for factual discovery, and an additional four (4) months for experts. Mr. Morrison affirmed Mr. Brooks' representations, noting that the parties disagreed on when the initial twelve (12) months should begin to run; it was Defendant's position that the twelve months should not begin to run until such time as a decision was made on PricewaterhouseCoopers' Motion for Summary Judgment. Mr. Brooks represented that it was Plaintiff's position that discovery should begin immediately. COURT ORDERED that the time period for discovery would begin immediately, despite the pending Motion for Summary Judgment, and SET the following DISCOVERY DEADLINES: (1) the close of factual discovery would be March 6, 2018; (2) the close of expert discovery would be July 6, 2018; and (3) the Joint Case Conference Report (JCCR) would be DUE by March 20, 2018, including details on the four months of expert discovery. Mr. Brooks to prepare the first draft of the JCCR, and forward it to all

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 10 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B

counsel for review. The Court noted that it would resolve any disputes regarding the JCCR. COURT FURTHER ORDERED a trial date was hereby SET. A Trial Order would issue. Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Brooks stated that Plaintiff had filed a Jury Demand. In the event that a Jury Demand had not been properly filed, and if any party wished to do so, COURT ORDERED that the deadline for filing said demand would be March 13, 2017. Regarding a settlement conference, both parties felt it was too early in the case to participate in settlement discussions. Counsel indicated that they did not require ESI protocols, nor did they require the appointment of a Special Master.

Mr. Morrison stated that there were issues with jurisdiction that needed to be resolved, and Defendant was unaware of Plaintiff's intentions. Mr. Brooks advised that Plaintiff would likely be seeking 54(b) Certification as to the two dismissals, which should not affect the remainder of the case. The COURT DIRECTED the parties to move forward with the case, noting that it would deal with the 54(b) Certification issue when it arose.

Mr. Morrison stated that the instant case arose from a decision made by the Tax Court, which found that Plaintiff was liable; that decision was now on appeal with the 9th Circuit, and if the decision was overturned, the instant case would be moot. Based upon the decisions made in similar cases, Mr. Brooks argued that the instant case should not be stayed pending a decision by the 9th Circuit. Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Brooks stated that he did not believe the instant case would be entirely moot, in the event that the Tax Court's decision was reversed. The COURT ADVISED counsel to submit the appropriate written briefing, if it wished for the Court to consider a stay.

9/17/18 8:30 AM PRE TRIAL CONFERENCE

10/3/18 8:30 AM CALENDAR CALL

10/8/18 10:30 AM JURY TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 11 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

April 18, 2017 9:00 AM Motion

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Austin, Bradley Attorney

Wall, Michael K. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Also present: J.P. Hendricks, Esq. on behalf of dismissed Defendant Seyfarth Shaw; Daniel Waite, Esq. on behalf of dismissed Defendants Cooperatieve Rabobank and Utrecht-America Finance Co.

Mr. Wall argued in support of the Motion, stating that the Opposition was frivolous, and there was no time limit on bringing a Motion for 54(b) Certification. Additionally, Mr. Wall argued that the matter was certifiable, and the Court had discretion as to whether or not certification was appropriate. Mr. Hendricks argued in opposition, stating that a Motion to certify an appeal must be filed within thirty days, and Plaintiff failed to meet that deadline. Upon Court's inquiry, Mr. Hendricks stated that his client was dismissed, and he wished for the dismissal to be final. COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby GRANTED in its entirety for all of the reasons set forth in the Motion and Reply, FINDING the following: (1) Defendant Seyfarth Shaw had been dismissed, and they wished for the dismissal to be final; (2) the only way to ensure final dismissal was through Rule 54(b) Certification; (3) the untimeliness issue raised by Seyfarth Shaw was not accurate under Nevada law; (4) alternatively, even if Seyfarth Shaw's timeliness argument were accurate, the instant Motion was timely given the circumstances. Mr. Wall to prepare the Order and forward it to opposing counsel for approval as to form and content.

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 12 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

May 10, 2017

9:00 AM Motion for Summary

HEARD BY: Hardy, Joe COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

Judgment

COURT CLERK: Kristin Duncan

RECORDER: Matt Yarbrough

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Byrne, Patrick G. Attorney

Hessell, Scott F. Attorney
Hsiao, Winston P. Attorney
Moody, Todd L Attorney
Morrison, Peter B. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Upon Court's inquiry regarding what had changed since its denial of the Motion to Dismiss in November of 2016, Mr. Morrison advised that the parties exchanged initial disclosures, and Plaintiff had done full discovery in connection with the taxes issue. Regarding the instant Motion, Mr. Morrison argued that the advice was given in August of 2003; therefore, the claims were time barred by August of 2006 under New York law. Additionally, Mr. Morrison argued that there was no dispute that New York law applied in the instant case, as all three of the factors set forth in the Mardian v. Greenberg Family Trust case had been satisfied. Mr. Hessell argued in opposition, stating

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 13 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016

A-16-735910-B

that, although some discovery had been conducted, there had not been any direct discovery with the Defendants. Furthermore, Mr. Hessell argued there was nothing to show that the parties had negotiated for a New York choice of law, and the provision in the agreement did not contain the New York statute of limitations. Based upon the request for NRCP 56(f) relief, COURT ORDERED the instant Motion was hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE, FINDING the following: (1) the record currently before the Court did not allow it to determine whether genuine issues of material fact existed, or not.

The COURT FURTHER ORDERED that the request for NRCP 56(f) relief was hereby GRANTED, FINDING that such relief was appropriate as set forth in paragraph 10 of Michael Tricharichi's Affidavit, filed on April 10, 2017. In the even of any discovery disputes, the parties would first be REQUIRED to meet and confer in good faith, prior to raising the issue before the Court.

Mr. Hessell to prepare the Order and forward to opposing counsel for approval as to form and content.

PRINT DATE: 06/01/2017 Page 14 of 14 Minutes Date: July 18, 2016



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

MARK A. HUTCHISON 10080 W. ALTA DR., STE 200 LAS VEGAS, NV 89145

> DATE: June 1, 2017 CASE: A-16-735910-B

RE CASE: MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI vs. PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS, LLP; COOPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A.; UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO., SEYFARTH SHAW LLP; GRAHAM R. TAYLOR

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: May 25, 2017

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

\$250 – Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)** - If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed.
\$24 – District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
\$500 – Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)** - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
Case Appeal Statement - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
Order
Notice of Entry of Order

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (e) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

^{**}Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

NOTICE OF APPEAL; CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; NOTICE OF FILING COST BOND; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT AGAINST COOPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A. AND UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO. FOR LACK OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION AND DENYING REMAINDER OF MOTION AS MOOT; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT AGAINST COOPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A. AND UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO. FOR LACK OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION AND DENYING REMAINDER OF MOTION AS MOOT; ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS THE COMPLAINT AGAINST SEYFARTH SHAW LLP FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RULE 54(B) CERTIFICATION; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS, LLP; COOPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A.; UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO., SEYFARTH SHAW LLP; GRAHAM R. TAYLOR,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-16-735910-B

Dept No: XV

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 1 day of June 2017.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk

A-16-735910-B

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Docket 73175 Document 2017-18481

Electronically Filed

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Notice is given that Michael A. Tricarichi, Plaintiff in the above-captioned matter, appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada from the following orders:

- February 8, 2017, order of the district court granting defendants 1. Rabobank and Utrecht's motion to dismiss the complaint for lack of personal jurisdiction;
- December 23, 2016, order of the district court granting defendant 2. Seyfarth 's motion to dismiss the complaint for lack of personal jurisdiction.

On May 1, 2017, the district court entered an order certifying the above-orders as final pursuant to NRCP 54(b).1

DATED this 25day of May, 2017.

Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Michael K. Wall (2098)

Todd W. Prall (9154)

10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 385-2500 Tel: Fax: (702) 385-2086

Attorney for Plaintiff

¹Notice of entry of the order of certification was served electronically on May 2, 2017.

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC and that on this ______ day of May, 2017, I caused the document entitled **NOTICE OF**APPEAL to be served on the following by Electronic Service to:

ALL PARTIES ON THE E-SERVICE LIST

An employee of RUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC

Electronically Filed 5/25/2017 12:01 PM

1. Party filing this Case Appeal Statement.

This appeal and case appeal statement is filed on behalf of plaintiff Michael A.

Tricarichi.

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		1	2.	Judge issuing the decision, judgment or order appealed f	rom.
2		The Honorable District Judge Joe Hardy, Eighth Judicial Dis	strict Court, Clark County,		
		3		Department XV, District Court Case No. A-16-735910-B.	
		4	3.	Parties to the proceedings in the district court.	
		5		Michael A. Tricarichi	Plaintiff
		6 7		Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP, Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., Utrecht-America Finance Co., Seyfarth Shaw LLP and Graham R. Taylor	Defendants
		8	4.	Parties involved in this appeal.	
		10		Michael A. Tricarichi	Appellant
		11		Cooperatieve Rabobank, U.A., Utrecht-America Finance Co., and Seyfarth Shaw LLP	Respondents
	υ ¥ α	12		•	•
	PROFESSIONAL LLC OLE PROFESSIONAL PARK VEST ALTA DRIVE, SUITE 200 AS VEGAS, NV 89145	13	5.	The name, law firms, addresses and telephone numbers of	of all counsel on appeal,
	SSION FESSIO A DRIVE S, NV 8	14		and the party or parties they represent.	
	PROFE	15		Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Michael K. Wall (2098)	
	A PROFESSIONAL L PECCOLE PROFESSIONAL P 10080 WEST ALTA DRIVE, SUIT LAS VEGAS, NV 89145	16		Todd W. Prall (9154) Hutchison & Steffen, LLC	
İ	2	17		Peccole Professional Park 10080 W. Alta Dr., Suite 200	
		18		Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
		19		Telephone (702) 385-2500 Facsimile (702) 385-2086 mhutchison@hutchlegal.com	
		20		mwall@hutchlegal.com tprall@hutchlegal.com	
		21	and	Scott F. Hessell	
		22		Thomas D. Brooks (Pro Hac Vice)	
		23		SPERLING & SLATER, P.C. 55 West Monroe, Ste. 3200	
		24		Chicago, IL 60603 Telephone: (312) 641-3200	
		25		Facsimile: (312) 641-6492 shessell@sperling-law.com	
		26		tdbrooks@sperling-law.com	
		27		Attorneys for Appellant	

1 2 3			Dan R. Waite (4078) LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERER CHRISTIE LLP
	2		3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169
		Telephone: (702) 949-8200	
	1		Facsimile: (702) 949-8398 dwaite@LRRC.com
	4	and	dwalle@ERRC.com
	5		Chris Paparella
	6		(Pro Hac Vice) HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP
	U		One Battery Park Plaza
	7		New York, NY 10004-1482
	8		Telephone: (212) 837-6644 Facsimile: (212) 299-6644
			chris.paparella@hugheshubbard.com
	9		Attorneys for Respondents Cooperatieve
	10	.	Rabobank, U.S. and Utrecht-America
	1 1		Finance Co.
	11		Steve Morris (1543)
Q	12		Ryan M. Lower (9108)
LLC PARK JITE 2C	1.2		MORRIS LAW GROUP
AL LAL PAL P	13		900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street
SSION RIVE,	14		Las Vegas, NV 89101
A PROFESSIONAL LLC PECCOLE PROFESSIONAL PARK 10080 WEST ALTA DRIVE, SUITE 200 LAS VEGAS, NV 89145	15		Telephone: (702) 474-9400
PROF LE PI EST A S VEC	15		Facsimile: (702) 474-9422 sm@morrislawgroup.com
A 77.00 8.00 8.41	16		rml@morrislawgroup.com
<u>, Ö</u>	17		Attorneys for Respondent Seyfarth Shaw LLP
	18		
	10	6.	Whether any attorney identified above is not licensed to practice law in Nevada
	19		and if so whether the District Court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42. (Attached copy of District Court's order).
	20		
	21		Scott F. Hessell and Thomas D. Brooks (Pro Hac Vice entered July 21, 2016)
	21		Chris Paparella (Pro Hac Vice entered December 5, 2016)
	22		
	23	7.	Whether respondents were represented by appointed or retained counsel in the
	23	′•	district court.
	24		Description of a second district and
	25		Respondents were represented by retained counsel in the district court.
		8.	Whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the
	26		district court.
	27		Appellant was represented by retained counsel in the district court.
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9. Whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis in the district court.

Appellant was not granted leave to proceed in district court in forma pauperis.

10. The date the proceedings commenced in district court.

This action commenced with the filing of Plaintiff's Complaint on April 29, 2016.

11. Brief description of the nature of the action and result in district court.

Plaintiff/Appellant's complaint alleges causes of action for gross negligence, negligent misrepresentation, aiding and abetting fraud, civil conspiracy, racketeering (three counts) and unjust enrichment. All of the claims are based on allegations that Respondents participated in a scheme to defraud Appellant into selling his long-held business via what was later determined by the IRS to be a "Midco" transaction, which is a type of illegal tax shelter. Respondents—a bank, a related finance company, and a law firm-participated in and promoted the scheme in order to reap exorbitant fees and other benefits, while leaving Appellant to pay the tax deficiencies, penalties, interest and other costs that would result when the scheme was later discovered. Although Appellant was originally told that the transaction would, among other things, provide legitimate tax benefits, he has actually incurred losses exceeding \$50 million.

Some of the Respondents moved to dismiss Plaintiff's claims against them, arguing a lack of personal jurisdiction in Nevada. These Respondents argued that their contacts with Nevada are insufficient to support a finding of personal jurisdiction. The District Court granted these motions and then certified the orders as final pursuant to NRCP 54(b).

Whether the case has been the subject of a previous appeal. **12.**

The case has not been the subject of a previous appeal.

13. Whether the appeal involves child custody or visitation.

There are no child custody or visitation issues in this case.

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN

A PROFESSIONAL LLC PECCOLE PROFESSIONAL PARK 10080 WEST ALTA DRIVE, SUITE 200 LAS VEGAS, NV 89145

Whether the appeal involves the possibility of settlement. 14.

It is counsel's belief there is a possibility of settlement.

DATED this <u>2</u>Sday of May, 2017.

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC

Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Michael K. Wall (2098) Todd W. Prall (9154) 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 385-2500 Tel: Fax: (702) 385-2086

Attorneys for Plaintiff

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC and that on this day of May, 2017, I caused the document entitled CASE APPEAL STATEMENT to be served on the following by Electronic Service to:

ALL PARTIES ON THE E-SERVICE LIST

An employee OF HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC

Electronically Filed 5/30/2017 9:06 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Case No.: A-16-735910-B Dept. No.: XV

NOTICE OF FILING COST BOND

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN

Attached hereto is a copy of the Appeal Bond posted in the amount of \$500.00 by defendants.

day of May, 2017. DATED this

Mark A. Hutchison (4639) Michael K. Wall (2098) Todd W. Prall (9154) 10080 West Alta Drive, Suite 200

Las Vegas, NV 89145 (702) 385-2500 Tel: Fax: (702) 385-2086

Attorney for Plaintiff

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN

A PROFESSIONAL LLC
PECCOLE PROFESSIONAL PARK
10080 WEST ALTA DRIVE, SUITE 200

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC and that on this ______day of May, 2017, I caused the document entitled **NOTICE OF**FILING COST BOND to be served on the following by Electronic Service to:

ALL PARTIES ON THE E-SERVICE LIST

An employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC

OFFICIAL RECEIPT

District Court Clerk of the Court 200 Lewis Ave, 3rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89101

Payor Hutchison & Steffen LLC Receipt No. **2017-46357-CCCLK**

Transaction Date 05/26/2017

Description				Amount Paid
On Behalf Of Tricarichi, Michael A A-16-735910-B Michael Tricarichi, Pla Appeal Bond		erhouseCoopers LLP, De	fendant(s)	
Appear Boria	Appeal Bond			500.00
	SUBTOTAL			500.00
			PAYMENT TOTAL	500.00
			Check (Ref #17610) Tendered	500.00
			Total Tendered	500.00
			Change	0.00
	05/26/2017	Cashier	Audit	
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OFFICIAL RECEIPT

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-735910-B

Michael Tricarichi, Plaintiff(s)

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Defendant(s)

Location: Department 15 Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe 8888 Filed on: 04/29/2016

Case Number History:

Cross-Reference Case A735910

Number:

CASE INFORMATION

Case Type: Other Business Court Matters

Case Flags: **Appealed to Supreme Court**

Jury Demand Filed **Other Tort Case**

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

Case Number Court Date Assigned Judicial Officer

A-16-735910-B Department 15 04/29/2016 Hardy, Joe

PARTY INFORMATION

Tricarichi, Michael A. **Plaintiff** Hutchison, Mark A

Retained 702-385-2500(W)

Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA

Removed: 02/08/2017

Dismissed

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Byrne, Patrick G.

Retained 702-784-5200(W)

Seyfarth Shaw LLP

Removed: 12/23/2016 Dismissed

Taylor, Graham R

Utrechit-America Finance Co

Removed: 02/08/2017

Dismissed

DATE	EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT	INDEX
04/29/2016	Complaint (Business Court) Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Complaint	
04/29/2016	Other Tort Case	
05/17/2016	Demand for Jury Trial Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Demand for Jury Trial	
05/17/2016	Notice	

	CASE NO. A-16-735910-B
	Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Acceptance of Service of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP
06/08/2016	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Summons
06/16/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Motion To Associate Counsel
06/16/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Motion To Associate Counsel
07/05/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction on Behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP
07/05/2016	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
07/05/2016	Certificate of Mailing Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Certificate of Mailing
07/06/2016	Notice of Hearing Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Notice of Hearing on Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction on Behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP
07/11/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss
07/11/2016	Request for Judicial Notice Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Request for Judicial Notice in Support of Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss
07/12/2016	Certificate of Service Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Supplemental Certificate of Service
07/18/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Associate Counsel
07/18/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion to Associate Counsel
07/21/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Motion to Associate Counsel Winston P. Hsiao

	CASE 110. A-10-733710-D
07/21/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Motion to Associate Counsel Peter B. Morrison
07/21/2016	Order Admitting to Practice Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Order Admitting to Practice
07/21/2016	Order Admitting to Practice Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Order Admitting to Practice
07/22/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Order Admitting to Practice
07/22/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Order Admitting to Practice
07/28/2016	Acceptance of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Acceptance of Service of Complaint & Summons
07/29/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff Responses to Motions to Dismiss Filed by PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP and Seyfarth Shaw LLP, and to Continue Hearing on Both Motions to Dismiss
07/29/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff Responses to Motions to Dismiss Filed by PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP and Seyfarth Shaw LLP, and to Continue Hearing on Both Motions to Dismiss
08/10/2016	Notice of Non Opposition Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Non-Opposition to Motions to Associate Counsel
08/22/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Defendant, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP's Motion to Associate Counsel Winston P. Hsiao
08/22/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Defendant, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP's Motion to Associate Counsel Peter B. Morrison
08/24/2016	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Order Granting Motion to Associate Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. as Counsel
08/24/2016	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Order Granting Motion to Associate Peter B. Morrison, Esq. as Counsel

08/25/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Associate Peter B. Morrison, Esq. as Counsel
08/25/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Associate Winston P. Hsiao, Esq. as Counsel
08/26/2016	Appendix Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction
08/26/2016	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Thomas D. Brooks in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction
08/26/2016	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Michael A. Tricarichi in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction
08/26/2016	Acceptance of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Acceptance of Service
08/26/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP's Motion to Dismiss
08/26/2016	Opposition Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP's Request for Judicial Notice
08/26/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction
08/30/2016	Errata Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Errata to Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Seyfarth Shaw's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction
09/28/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction on Behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP
09/28/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PWC's Reply in Support of Request for Judicial Notice in Support of Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss

	1
09/28/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Reply in Support of the Motion to Dismiss
09/29/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Motions to Dismiss
09/30/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Motions to Dismiss
10/19/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Motion to Dismiss
10/19/2016	Affidavit Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Affidavit of Geert Christiaan Kortlandt in Support of Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.'s Motion to Dismiss
10/19/2016	Affidavit Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Affidavit of Dan R. Waite in Support of Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.'s Motion to Dismiss
10/19/2016	Appendix Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Dan R. Waite's Affidavit to Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance co., Seyfarth Shaw LLP's Motion to Dismiss
10/19/2016	Request for Judicial Notice Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Cooperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.'s Request for Judicial Notice in Support of Motion to Dismiss
10/20/2016	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure (NRS Chapter 19)
10/20/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Motion to Associate Counsel (Christopher Paparella, Esq.)
10/26/2016	Joinder To Motion Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Seyfarth Shaw's Joinder in Defendants Coperative Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht American Finance Company's Motion to Dismiss
10/26/2016	☐ Joinder To Motion Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Seyfarth Shaw's Joinder in Defendant Pricewaterhousecoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss
11/14/2016	

	CASE 110. A-10-733710-D
	Opposition Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Supplemental Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP's Motion to Dismiss
11/16/2016	Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Jurisdiction on Behalf of Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP
11/16/2016	Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss
11/16/2016	CANCELED Joinder (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Vacated - Duplicate Entry Seyfarth Shaw's Joinder in Defendants Coperative Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht American Finance Company's Motion to Dismiss
11/16/2016	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)
11/17/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff to Respond to Motion to Dismiss Filed by Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co., and to Continue the Hearing Set on the Motion to Dismiss
11/18/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff to Respond to Motion to Dismiss Filed by Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co., and to Continue the Hearing Set on the Motion to Dismiss
11/21/2016	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Defendants, Utrechit-America Finance Co and Cooperatieve Rabobank, UA's Motion to Associate Counsel (Christopher Paparella, Esq.)
11/28/2016	Transcript of Proceedings Transcript of Proceedings All Peding Motions November 16, 2016
11/30/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff to Respond to Motion to Dismiss Filed by Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co. (Second Request)
12/05/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff to Respond to Motion to Dismiss Filed by Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co. (Second Request)
12/05/2016	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Order Granting Coperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Company's Motion to Associate Counsel (Christopher M. Paparella, Esq.)
12/06/2016	Notice of Entry Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Notice of Entry of Order Granting Coperatieve Rabobank, U.A., and Utrecht-America Finance Company's Motion to Associate Counsel (Christopher M. Paparella, Esq.)

CASE SUMMARY CASE No. A-16-735910-B

12/07/2016	Opposition to Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery
12/07/2016	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Thomas D. Brooks in Support of Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery
12/07/2016	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Michael A. Tricarichi in Support of Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery
12/07/2016	Appendix Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery
12/12/2016	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Order Regarding Defendant Pricewaterhousecoopers LLP's Motion to Dismiss Based on Statute Limitations and Collateral Estoppel
12/13/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Order Regarding Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP's Motion to Dismiss Based on Statute Limitations and Collateral Estoppel
12/23/2016	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Order Granting Motion to Dismiss the Complaint Against Seyfarth Shaw LLP for Lack of Jurisdiction
12/23/2016	Order of Dismissal (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Debtors: Michael A. Tricarichi (Plaintiff) Creditors: Seyfarth Shaw LLP (Defendant) Judgment: 12/23/2016, Docketed: 12/30/2016
12/28/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Notice of Entry of Order
01/13/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss
01/17/2017	Answer to Complaint Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Answer to Complaint

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-735910-B

CASE NO. A-16-735910-B		
01/18/2017	Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Events: 10/19/2016 Motion to Dismiss Defendants' Motion to Dismiss	
01/18/2017	Joinder (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Seyfarth Shaw's Joinder in Defendants Coperative Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht American Finance Company's Motion to Dismiss	
01/18/2017	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)	
01/26/2017	Transcript of Proceedings Transcript of Proceedings Defendant's Motion to Dismiss; Seyearth Shaw's Joinder in Defendants' Motion to Dismiss January 18, 2017	
01/27/2017	Business Court Order Business Court Order	
02/07/2017	Arbitration File Arbitration File	
02/08/2017	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Order Granting Motion To Dismiss the Complaint Against Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co. for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction and Denying Remainder of Motion as Moot	
02/08/2017	Order of Dismissal Without Prejudice (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Debtors: Michael A. Tricarichi (Plaintiff) Creditors: Cooperatieve Rabobank UA (Defendant), Utrechit-America Finance Co (Defendant) Judgment: 02/08/2017, Docketed: 02/15/2017	
02/09/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Dismiss The Complaint Against Coperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Company for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction and Denying Remainder of Motion as Moot	
02/14/2017	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Mandatory Rule 16 Conference	
02/14/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Stipulation and Order to Continue Mandatory Rule 16 Conference	
02/27/2017	Notice of Service Party: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Notice of Serving NRCP 16.1(a)1 Initial Disclosures	
02/27/2017	Notice Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Notice of Serving NRCP 16.1(A)(1) Initial Disclosures	
03/06/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-735910-B

	CASE NO. A-16-735910-B
	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment
03/06/2017	Mandatory Rule 16 Conference (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) 02/27/2017 Continued to 03/06/2017 - At the Request of Counsel - Tricarichi, Michael A.; PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
03/14/2017	Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
03/15/2017	Notice of Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Motion re: Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
03/16/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff's Response to Motion for Summary Judgment Filed by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP and to Continue Hearing on Motion
03/17/2017	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Plaintiff's Response to Motion for Summary Judgment Filed by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP and to Continue Hearing on Motion
03/20/2017	Joint Case Conference Report Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Joint Case Conference Report
03/21/2017	Business Court Order Business Court Scheduling Order and Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial Conference and Calendar Call
03/22/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Stipulation and Order Governing the Production and Exchange of Confidential Information
03/23/2017	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Governing the Production and Exchange of Confidential Information
03/29/2017	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP Opposition to Motion for 54(b) Certification [Seyfarth Shaw LLP]
04/10/2017	Affidavit Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Michael A. Tricarichi in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment
04/10/2017	Affidavit Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Affidavit of Thomas D. Brooks in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-735910-B

	CASE 110. A-10-733710-D
04/10/2017	Opposition Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment
04/10/2017	Appendix Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendant Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment
04/11/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Reply in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
04/14/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Stipulation and Order
04/17/2017	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order
04/18/2017	Motion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
04/26/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment
05/01/2017	Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
05/02/2017	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Motion for Rule 54(B) Certification
05/10/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe) PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP's Motion for Summary Judgment 04/06/2017 Continued to 05/03/2017 - Stipulation and Order - Tricarichi, Michael A.; PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP; Taylor, Graham R 05/03/2017 Continued to 05/10/2017 - Stipulation and Order - Tricarichi, Michael A.; PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
05/25/2017	Notice of Appeal Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Notice of Appeal
05/25/2017	Case Appeal Statement Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A. Case Appeal Statement
05/30/2017	Notice of Filing Cost Bond

CASE SUMMARY

	CASE NO. A-16-735910-B	
	Filed By: Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A.	
	Notice of Filing Cost Bond	
08/13/2018	Status Check (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)	
09/17/2018	Pre Trial Conference (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)	
10/03/2018	Calendar Call (8:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)	
10/08/2018	Jury Trial (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardy, Joe)	
DATE	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
	Defendant Cooperatieve Rabobank UA	
	Total Charges	1,525.00
	Total Payments and Credits	1,525.00
	Balance Due as of 6/1/2017	0.00
	Defendant Seyfarth Shaw LLP	
	Total Charges	1,483.00
	Total Payments and Credits	1,483.00
	Balance Due as of 6/1/2017	0.00
	Defendant Utrechit-America Finance Co	
	Total Charges	1,483.00
	Total Payments and Credits	30.00
	Balance Due as of 6/1/2017	1,453.00
	Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	
	Total Charges	1,683.00
	Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 6/1/2017	1,683.00 0.00
	Datance Due as of 0/1/2017	0.00
	Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A.	
	Total Charges	1,574.50
	Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 6/1/2017	1,574.50 0.00
	Datance Due as 01 0/1/2017	0.00
	Plaintiff Tricarichi, Michael A.	
	Appeal Bond Balance as of 6/1/2017	500.00

BUSINESS COURT CIVIL COVER SHEET A-16-735910-B

	Clark	County, N	evada	XV
	Case No.		***********	ΛV
	(Assigned by Clerk'			
I. Party Information (provide both hor	ne and mailing addresses if different)			
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):			nt(s) (name/address/phone):	ang tin . I
MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI		PRIC.	EWATERHOUSE COOPE	ERS, LLP, et al.
			-10-4	
Attorney (name/address/phone):		Attorney	(name/address/phone):	
Mark A. Hutchison, Esq., Todd L. Mo	ody, Todd W. Prall			
Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, 10080 W.	Alta Drive, Suite 200,			
Las Vegas, NV 89145, Tel: 702-385-	2500			
II. Nature of Controversy (Please ch	neck the applicable boxes for both the			
Arbitration Requested				
	D.L T		Business Court	t Kiling Tymes
Real Property	Filing Types Torts		CLARK COUNTY B	
Landlord/Tenant			NRS Chapters 78-89	OBITUDOS COURT
Unlawful Detainer	Negligence Auto		Commodities (NRS 91)	
Other Landlord/Tenant	Premises Liability		Securities (NRS 90)	
Title to Property	Other Negligence		Mergers (NRS 92A)	
Judicial Foreclosure	Malpractice		Uniform Commercial Cod	de (NRS 104)
Other Title to Property	Medical/Dental		Purchase/Sale of Stock, A	· ·
Other Real Property	Legal		Trademark or Trade Nam	The state of the s
Condemnation/Eminent Domain	Accounting		Enhanced Case Managem	· ·
Other Real Property	Other Malpractice		Other Business Court Ma	
Construction Defect & Contract	Other Torts			
Construction Defect	Product Liability			
Chapter 40	Intentional Misconduct		WASHOE COUNTY	BUSINESS COURT
Other Construction Defect	Employment Tort		NRS Chapters 78-88	
Contract Case	Insurance Tort		Commodities (NRS 91)	
Uniform Commercial Code	Other Tort		Securities (NRS 90)	
Building and Construction	Civil Writs		Investments (NRS 104 A	rt.8)
Insurance Carrier	Writ of Habeas Corpus		Deceptive Trade Practice	s (NRS 598)
Commercial Instrument	Writ of Mandamus		Trademark/Trade Name (NRS 600)
Collection of Accounts	Writ of Quo Warrant		Trade Secrets (NRS 600A	<i>r</i>)
Employment Contract	Writ of Prohibition		Enhanced Case Managem	ient
Other Contract	Other Civil Writ		Other Business Court Ma	tters
Judicial Review/App	eal/Other Civil Filing			
Judicial Review	Other Civil Filing	İ		
Foreclosure Mediation Case	Foreign Judgment			•
Appeal Other	Other Civil Matters			
Appeal from Lower Court				
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297 Apr 2016			VELLY / Deal	and the same of th
%Date		Signat	ture of initiating party or repres	entative

Alun D. Chum
CLERK OF THE COURT

- 11	
1	ORDR Dan R. Waite CLERK OF THE COURT
2	State Bar No. 4078 E-mail: dwaite@lrrc.com
3	LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP
4	3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169
5	Tel: 702.949.8200 Fax: 702.949.8398
6	Chris Paparella (Pro Hac Vice)
7	E-mail: chris.paparella@hugheshubbard.com HUGHES HUBBARD & REED LLP
8	One Battery Park Plaza New York, NY 10004-1482
9	Tel: 212.837.6644 Fax: 212.299.6644
10	Attorneys for Defendants Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Co.
11	Cooperatieve Rabovank O.A. and Otrechi-America Pinance Co.
12	DISTRICT COURT
13	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
14	
15	MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) Case No. A-16-735910-B
16	Plaintiff,) Dept.: XV
17	v.) ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO
18	PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, LLP, OÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A., COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A.
19	UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO.,) AND UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE
20	SEYFARTH SHAW, LLP and GRAHAM R.) CO. FOR LACK OF PERSONAL TAYLOR,) JURISDICTION AND DENYING
21	Defendants.) REMAINDER OF MOTION AS MOOT
22	Date of Hearing: January 18, 2017
23) Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.
24	
25	Defendants Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. ("Rabobank") and Utrecht-America Finance
26	Company ("Utrecht")'s motion to dismiss for, among other things, lack of personal jurisdiction
27	(the "Motion") came on for hearing on January 18, 2017. Chris Paparella of Hughes Hubbard &
28	Reed LLP, in association with Dan Waite of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP, appeared and

argued in support of the Motion for Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht. Thomas D. Brooks of Sperling & Slater, P.C., in association with Todd Prall of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, appeared and argued in opposition to the Motion for Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi.

The Court, having read and considered the Motion papers submitted by the parties and heard and considered the arguments of their counsel, and good cause appearing, grants the Motion for lack of personal jurisdiction based on the following reasons, summary of the allegations in the complaint, and information tendered by the parties to the Court in the exhibits and affidavits submitted in support of and in opposition to the Motion, and denies as moot and without prejudice the remainder of the arguments raised by the Motion.

BACKGROUND

The Tax Shelter

In Spring 2003, Mr. Tricarichi, who was then an Ohio resident, owned an Ohio corporation called West Side Cellular, Inc. ("West Side") that was about to receive a \$65 million settlement payment from a lawsuit. Mr. Tricarichi and Ohio lawyers at the Hahn Loeser firm began searching for ways to avoid paying all the tax due on the \$65 million payment. Mr. Tricarichi decided to engage in a "midco" transaction with a San Francisco-based promoter called Fortrend. The transaction involved the sale by Mr. Tricarichi of West Side to an offshore Fortrend subsidiary called Nob Hill. Mr. Tricarichi would receive most of West Side's cash and Fortrend would receive a \$5 million promotion fee. Nob Hill would offset West Side's tax liabilities with tax deductions from distressed debt. Mr. Tricarichi sold West Side to Nob Hill on September 9, 2003, and received \$34.6 million in cash.

West Side failed to pay 2003 federal income taxes on the \$65 million settlement payment. The IRS sought payment of those taxes, plus penalties and interest, from Mr. Tricarichi. Mr. Tricarichi commenced a proceeding in Tax Court to challenge the IRS's decision. The Tax Court upheld the IRS's determination that Mr. Tricarichi was liable for over \$21 million in unpaid taxes, penalties, fees, and pre-judgment interest. In doing so, the Tax Court found after extensive

¹ Although the Tax Court found that Mr. Tricarichi did not move to Nevada until after his midco transaction was consummated, Mr. Tricarichi made a prima facie showing on this Motion that he relocated to Nevada before the transaction was consummated.

discovery and a trial that Mr. Tricarichi had constructive knowledge that Fortrend intended to implement an illegitimate tax shelter.

Rabobank and Utrecht

Rabobank is a cooperative organized under Dutch law. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands, and it has a branch in New York, New York. Utrecht is a subsidiary of Rabobank that is incorporated in Delaware and has its principal place of business in New York, New York. Rabobank and Utrecht (i) are not licensed to conduct business in Nevada, (ii) do not maintain any offices or branches in Nevada, (iii) do not have any employees in Nevada, (iv) are not required to and do not pay taxes in Nevada, and (v) do not have registered agents in Nevada. All of Rabobank and Utrecht's witnesses and documents relevant to this action are in New York.

Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht provided certain financial services in New York in connection with the subject transaction. Mr. Tricarichi, West Side and Nob Hill set up accounts at Rabobank's New York branch before the closing. Mr. Tricarichi signed a Non-Confidentiality Certificate in which he agreed Rabobank and Utrecht had not made any statement to Mr. Tricarichi about the potential tax consequences of the subject transaction. On September 9, 2003, Utrecht lent Nob Hill \$29.9 million in New York, which Nob Hill transferred to Mr. Tricarichi's New York Rabobank escrow account, along with the balance of the \$34.6 million purchase price. Mr. Tricarichi transferred the \$34.6 million to another bank account he controlled in New York. That same day, Nob Hill repaid Utrecht the \$29.9 million loan, along with a \$150,000 transaction fee, in New York. Fortrend received \$5 million of West Side's cash as a promotion fee.

Mr. Tricarichi and West Side's account agreements with Rabobank and Nob Hill's loan documents with Utrecht use Rabobank and Utrecht's New York addresses. The agreements and loan documents provide they are governed by New York law, and several of them provide for a New York forum for disputes (the others are silent on forum). None of the agreements and loan documents provide for Nevada law or a Nevada forum.

Mr. Tricarichi's Complaint asserts claims against Rabobank and Utrecht for aiding and abetting fraud, civil conspiracy, violations of Nevada Revised Statutes Section 207.400, and unjust enrichment. (Compl. Counts III-VIII.) All of Mr. Tricarichi's claims are based on his contention

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was legitimate. Rabobank and Utrecht filed a motion to dismiss the claims against them based on the following grounds: lack of personal jurisdiction, *forum non conveniens*, statute of limitations, collateral estoppel and failure to state a claim.

THERE IS NO PERSONAL JURISDICTION OVER RABOBANK AND UTRECHT

Nevada's long-arm statute allows courts to exercise personal jurisdiction in civil matters

that Rabobank, Utrecht and the other defendants defrauded him into believing that the tax shelter

"on any basis not inconsistent with the Constitution of [Nevada] or the Constitution of the United States." NEV. REV. STAT. § 14.065 (2015). "When a nonresident defendant challenges personal jurisdiction, the plaintiff bears the burden of showing that jurisdiction exists." Fulbright & Jaworski v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 5, 7, 342 P.3d 997, 1001 (2015) (internal citation omitted). "In so doing, the plaintiff must satisfy the requirements of Nevada's long-arm statute and show that jurisdiction does not offend principles of due process." Id.; see also Walden v. Fiore, 134 S. Ct. 1115, 1121, 188 L. Ed. 2d 12, 19 (2014) ("[T]he Fourteenth Amendment "constrains a State's authority to bind a nonresident defendant to a judgment of its courts.") (citing World-Wide Volkswagen Corp. v. Woodson, 444 U.S. 286, 291, 100 S. Ct. 559, 564 (1980)). To be subject to jurisdiction in a particular State, a nonresident defendant must have "certain minimum contacts . . . such that the maintenance of the suit does not offend 'traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice." Int'l Shoe Co. v. Washington, 326 U.S. 310, 316, 66 S. Ct. 154, 158 (1945) (quoting Milliken v. Meyer, 311 U.S. 457, 463, 61 S. Ct. 339, 342-43 (1940)). Mr. Tricarichi concedes that there is no general jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht. Thus, the inquiry here is focused on whether the Court may exercise specific personal jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht.

The exercise of "specific jurisdiction is proper only where the cause of action arises from the defendant's contacts with the forum." *Fulbright & Jaworski*, 131 Nev. Adv. Op. at 10, 342 P.3d at 1002 (internal citations omitted). In determining whether specific personal jurisdiction over a nonresident is proper, Nevada courts consider (1) whether the defendant purposefully availed itself of the privilege of acting in Nevada or causing important consequences in Nevada,

(2) whether the cause of action arises out of the defendant's Nevada-related activities, and (3) whether the exercise of jurisdiction over the defendant is reasonable. *Id*.

This inquiry "focuses on the relationship among the defendant, the forum, and the litigation." *Walden v. Fiore*, 134 S. Ct. at 1121, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 19-20 (internal quotations omitted). For specific jurisdiction to comport with due process, "the defendant's suit-related conduct must create a substantial connection with the forum State." *Id.* Two aspects of this necessary relationship are relevant here.

"First, the relationship must arise out of contacts that the 'defendant himself' creates with the forum State." *Id.* at 1122, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 20 (quoting Burger King Corp. v. Rudzewicz, 471 U.S. 462, 475, 105 S. Ct. 2174, 2284 (1985)) (emphasis in original). "Due process limits on the State's adjudicative authority principally protect the liberty of the nonresident defendant—not the convenience of plaintiffs or third parties." *Id.* (citing World-Wide Volkswagen Corp., 444 U.S. at 291-292, 100 S. Ct. at 564-65). "[C]ontacts between the plaintiff (or third parties) and the forum State" do not suffice. *Id.* (citing Helicopteros Nacionales de Colombia, S.A. v. Hall, 466 U.S. 408, 417, 104 S. Ct. 1863, 1873 (1984)). "Put simply, however significant the plaintiff's contacts with the forum may be, those contacts cannot be 'decisive in determining whether the defendant's due process rights are violated." *Id.* (quoting Rush v. Savchuk, 444 U.S. 320, 332, 100 S. Ct. 571, 579 (1980)).

Second, the "minimum contacts' analysis looks to the defendant's contacts with the forum State itself, not the defendant's contacts with persons who reside there." *Id.* (citing *Int'l Shoe*, 326 U.S. at 319, 66 S. Ct. at 159-60.) Thus, "the plaintiff cannot be the only link between the defendant and the forum." *Id.* at 1122, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21. "Rather, it is the defendant's conduct that must form the necessary connection with the forum State that is the basis for its jurisdiction over him." *Id.* at 1122-23, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21. (citing *Burger King*, 471 U.S. at 478, 105 S. Ct. at 2178). Instead, "[d]ue process requires that a defendant be haled into court in a forum State based on his own affiliation with the State, not based on the 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated' contacts he makes by interacting with other persons affiliated with the State." *Id.* at 1123, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21 (citing *Burger King*, 471 U.S. at 475, 105 S. Ct. at 2183).

The same principles apply to intentional torts, as to which "it is likewise insufficient to rely on a defendant's 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated contacts' or on the 'unilateral activity' of a plaintiff." *Id.* at 1123, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21 (internal citation omitted). Therefore, "[a] forum State's exercise of jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." *Id.*

These principles support dismissal here. First, Mr. Tricarichi has not identified any jurisdictionally significant contacts Rabobank or Utrecht directed at Nevada. Second, while Mr. Tricarichi alleges Rabobank and Utrecht had contact with him while knowing he was a Nevada resident at the time of the transaction, his claims do not arise out of those contacts. Third, the Court finds that it would not be reasonable to exercise personal jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht for the reasons below.

Mr. Tricarichi does not identify a single Nevada activity by Rabobank or Utrecht in connection with the matters on which his claims are based. Mr. Tricarichi's transaction was consummated in New York, Ohio and California. Rabobank and Utrecht had no ongoing obligations or continuing contacts with Mr. Tricarichi in Nevada (or elsewhere). Rabobank and Utrecht's services occurred in New York, where they were located, and those services ended on September 9, 2003. While Mr. Tricarichi alleges that Nob Hill communicated with him while he was physically located in Nevada, he does not identify any communication made by Rabobank or Utrecht to him while he was physically located in Nevada. In fact, Mr. Tricarichi identifies only three direct communications with Rabobank or Utrecht, none of which came from Rabobank or Utrecht and none of which touched Nevada. The three communications Mr. Tricarichi identifies were faxes sent from San Francisco to Rabobank and Utrecht in New York. (See Exhibit M² (escrow account documents), Exhibit N (resignation document), and Exhibit O (wire transfer instructions).)³

² Exhibits refer to the Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery, dated Dec. 7, 2016 ("Pl. App. Ex.").

³ The fax headers on all three faxes show they were faxed from the 415 area code. And the escrow account documents in Exhibit M state Mr. Tricarichi signed them in San Francisco.

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Mr. Tricarichi's allegations that Rabobank and Utrecht knew he had a Nevada address are insufficient to obtain jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht under Walden. It is not enough to allege that Rabobank and Utrecht dealt with someone they knew had a physical address in Nevada. The Court held in Walden that only the defendant's connections to the forum, not the plaintiff's, are relevant. See 134 S. Ct. at 1121-25, 118 L. Ed. at 19-24. The Court reversed a finding of specific personal jurisdiction because the court below, instead of evaluating the defendant's own contacts with Nevada, mistakenly premised jurisdiction on the defendant's knowledge that the plaintiffs had connections with the forum. 134 S. Ct. at 1124, 118 L. Ed. at 23. The Supreme Court held that the lower court had improperly "shift[ed] the analytical focus from [the defendant's] contacts with the forum to his contacts with [the plaintiffs]." Id. (internal citations omitted) (holding that "[s]uch reasoning improperly attributes a plaintiff's forum connections to the defendant and makes those connections 'decisive' in the jurisdictional analysis . . . [and] obscures the reality that none of petitioner's challenged conduct had anything to do with Nevada itself"). The Supreme Court found that the plaintiffs' reliance on Calder v. Jones, 465 U.S. 783, 104 S. Ct. 1482 (1984) — a decision on which Mr. Tricarichi also relies here — for the argument that "they suffered the 'injury' caused by petitioner's allegedly tortious conduct . . . while they were residing in the forum" was "misplaced" because "Calder made clear that mere injury to a forum resident is not a sufficient connection to the forum" and "[r]egardless of where a plaintiff lives or works, an injury is jurisdictionally relevant only insofar as it shows that the defendant has formed a contact with the forum State" through conduct that "connects him to the forum in a meaningful way." Walden, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. at 23.

Here, Rabobank and Utrecht's New York activity "did not create sufficient contacts with Nevada simply because [they may have] directed [their] conduct at [Mr. Tricarichi] whom [they allegedly] knew had Nevada connections." *Walden*, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 23. "Such reasoning improperly attributes a plaintiff's forum connections to the defendant and makes those connections 'decisive' in the jurisdictional analysis . . . [and] obscures the reality that none of [Rabobank or Utrecht]'s conduct had anything to do with Nevada itself." *Id.* (internal citation

omitted). Nevada jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht must instead be based on acts by them that were purposefully directed at Nevada. No such acts are identified by Mr. Tricarichi.

Accordingly, Mr. Tricarichi's "claimed injury does not evince a connection between [him] and Nevada" because "it is not the sort of effect that is tethered to Nevada in any meaningful way." *Walden v. Fiore*, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 23. The fact that Mr. Tricarichi now has to repay the IRS from Nevada the amounts he wrongfully sought to evade paying is not due to anything that independently occurred in Nevada—in fact, as stated above, the Tax Court found that the relevant actions happened in Ohio—rather Mr. Tricarichi must pay the IRS from Nevada "because Nevada is where [he] chose to be at a time when [the IRS sought to recover the funds at issue]." *Id.* (noting that "Respondents would have experienced this same lack of access in California, Mississippi, or wherever else they might have traveled and found themselves wanting more money than they had."); *see also Picot v. Weston*, 780 F.3d 1206, 1212 (9th Cir. 2015); *Olivine Int'l Mktg. v. Texas Packaging Co.*, No. 2:09-CV-02118-KJD, 2010 WL 4024232, at *4 (D. Nev. Sept. 27, 2010). Mr. Tricarichi would be liable to the IRS for his tax obligations wherever he moved in the United States. The fact that he chose Nevada is, by itself, insufficient to establish specific jurisdiction. *Picot*, 780 F.3d at 1126.

Moreover, the few communications Mr. Tricarichi identifies between himself and Rabobank and Utrecht were ministerial in nature. These communications concerned the accounts Mr. Tricarichi opened for himself and West Side at Rabobank, his and his wife's resignations as officers of West Side, and the transfer of funds. Mr. Tricarichi's claims do not arise out of these communications.

In view of the foregoing facts, the Court also finds that it would not be reasonable to exercise personal jurisdiction over Rabobank or Utrecht.

Mr. Tricarichi Cannot Base Personal Jurisdiction on His Conspiracy Claims

In light of these recent cases from our Supreme Court, the U.S. Supreme Court, and the Nevada U.S. District Court, *Walden* confirms that Mr. Tricarichi misplaces his reliance on *Davis* v. *Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 97 Nev. 332, 629 P.2d 1209 (1981). *Davis* held that defendants who conspired out-of-state could be subject to jurisdiction for injuries alleged to have occurred in

Nevada as a consequence of their acts elsewhere. Walden, however, appears to overrule Davis

Thus, Rabobank and Utrecht's alleged "facilitation" of a transaction between Mr.

Tricarichi and others in an out-of-state conspiracy that Mr. Tricarichi says injured him in Nevada does not appear to be consistent with *Walden's* holding that "jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." 134 S. Ct. at 1125. Moreover, even if *Davis* has survived *Walden*, which is highly questionable to the Court, the circumstances alleged by Mr. Tricarichi are distinguishable from the limited facts recited in the *Davis* opinion, which still do not make out a prima facie case for jurisdiction under *Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 40, 16-18, 328 P.3d 1152, 1157, 1160-61 (2014), *Daimler AG v. Bauman*, 134 S. Ct. 746, 187 L. Ed. 2d 624 (2014), or *Walden*. The facts of this case are also distinguishable from the post-*Walden* authority Mr. Tricarichi cites. *See Best Chairs Inc. v. Factory Direct Wholesale, LLC*, 121 F. Supp. 3d 828 (S.D. Inc. 2015); *First Cmty. Bank, N.A. v. First Tennessee Bank, N.A.*, 489 S.W.2d 369 (Tenn. 2015); *Khan v. Gramercy Advisors, LLC*, 2016 Ill. App. (4th) 150435, 2016 Ill. App. LEXIS 425 Ill. App. Ct. 2016).

THERE IS NO BASIS FOR JURISDICTIONAL DISCOVERY

There is no basis for jurisdictional discovery here because Mr. Tricarichi has failed to establish a prima facie basis for specific personal jurisdiction. *See Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 40, 16-18, 328 P.3d 1152, 1157, 1160-61 (2014); *Daimler*, 134 S. Ct. at 751, 760 (insufficient facts alleged to support either general or specific jurisdiction; absent such facts, no basis to allow jurisdictional discovery); *see also Western States Wholesale Nat. Gas*

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Litig., 605 F. Supp. 2d 1118, 1140 (D. Nev. 2009) and *Menalco, FZE v. Buchan*, 602 F. Supp. 2d 1186, 1194 n. 1 (D. Nev. 2009) (personal jurisdiction cannot be based on the actions of coconspirators). Moreover, the fact that Mr. Tricarichi has already had the benefit of extensive discovery from Rabobank and Utrecht in the Tax Court proceeding prior to filing his Complaint, as evidenced by his filing of numerous documents in this action produced by Rabobank in the Tax Court action, further supports denial of jurisdictional discovery here.

OTHER ARGUMENTS

Given the dismissal of all claims against Rabobank and Utrecht on personal jurisdiction grounds, the rest of the arguments raised by the Motion are denied, without prejudice, as moot.

CONCLUSION

Now, for the foregoing reasons, the Court grants the Motion and by this Order dismisses the Complaint against Rabobank and Utrecht for lack of personal jurisdiction, and denies the remainder of the arguments raised by the Motion, without prejudice, as moot.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: Telorumy 7,2017

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

Submitted by:

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By: MINERIED 1/30/1

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CLERK OF THE COURT

Case No. A-16-735910-B

NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO DISMISS THE **COMPLAINT AGAINST** COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A. AND UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO. FOR LACK OF PERSONAL JURISDICTION AND DENYING REMAINDER OF

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Order Granting Motion to Dismiss the Complaint

Against Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. and Utrecht-America Finance Company for Lack of

Personal Jurisdiction and Denying Remainder of Motion as Moot, was entered on February 8,

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A copy of the Order is attached hereto.

Dated this 9th day of February, 2017.

LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP

By: /s/ Dan R. Waite
Dan R. Waite

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Rule 5(b), I hereby certify that on this date, I electronically filed the foregoing document with the Clerk of the Court and caused a true and accurate copy of the same to be served via the Court's E-Filing System DAP/Wiznet, upon the following counsel of record. The date and time of the electronic service is in place of the date and place of deposit in the mail.

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Dated this 9th day of February, 2017.

/s/ Luz Horvath

An employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP

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Alun D. Chum
CLERK OF THE COURT

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12	DISTRICT COURT
13	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
14	
15	MICHAEL A. TRICARICHI,) Case No. A-16-735910-B
16	Plaintiff,) Dept.: XV
17	v.) ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO
18	PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, LLP, OÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A., COÖPERATIEVE RABOBANK U.A.
19	UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE CO.,) AND UTRECHT-AMERICA FINANCE
20	SEYFARTH SHAW, LLP and GRAHAM R.) CO. FOR LACK OF PERSONAL TAYLOR,) JURISDICTION AND DENYING
21	Defendants.) REMAINDER OF MOTION AS MOOT
22	Date of Hearing: January 18, 2017
23) Time of Hearing: 9:00 a.m.
24	
25	Defendants Coöperatieve Rabobank U.A. ("Rabobank") and Utrecht-America Finance
26	Company ("Utrecht")'s motion to dismiss for, among other things, lack of personal jurisdiction
27	(the "Motion") came on for hearing on January 18, 2017. Chris Paparella of Hughes Hubbard &
28	Reed LLP, in association with Dan Waite of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP, appeared and

argued in support of the Motion for Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht. Thomas D. Brooks of Sperling & Slater, P.C., in association with Todd Prall of Hutchison & Steffen, LLC, appeared and argued in opposition to the Motion for Plaintiff Michael A. Tricarichi.

The Court, having read and considered the Motion papers submitted by the parties and heard and considered the arguments of their counsel, and good cause appearing, grants the Motion for lack of personal jurisdiction based on the following reasons, summary of the allegations in the complaint, and information tendered by the parties to the Court in the exhibits and affidavits submitted in support of and in opposition to the Motion, and denies as moot and without prejudice the remainder of the arguments raised by the Motion.

BACKGROUND

The Tax Shelter

In Spring 2003, Mr. Tricarichi, who was then an Ohio resident, owned an Ohio corporation called West Side Cellular, Inc. ("West Side") that was about to receive a \$65 million settlement payment from a lawsuit. Mr. Tricarichi and Ohio lawyers at the Hahn Loeser firm began searching for ways to avoid paying all the tax due on the \$65 million payment. Mr. Tricarichi decided to engage in a "midco" transaction with a San Francisco-based promoter called Fortrend. The transaction involved the sale by Mr. Tricarichi of West Side to an offshore Fortrend subsidiary called Nob Hill. Mr. Tricarichi would receive most of West Side's cash and Fortrend would receive a \$5 million promotion fee. Nob Hill would offset West Side's tax liabilities with tax deductions from distressed debt. Mr. Tricarichi sold West Side to Nob Hill on September 9, 2003, and received \$34.6 million in cash.

West Side failed to pay 2003 federal income taxes on the \$65 million settlement payment. The IRS sought payment of those taxes, plus penalties and interest, from Mr. Tricarichi. Mr. Tricarichi commenced a proceeding in Tax Court to challenge the IRS's decision. The Tax Court upheld the IRS's determination that Mr. Tricarichi was liable for over \$21 million in unpaid taxes, penalties, fees, and pre-judgment interest. In doing so, the Tax Court found after extensive

¹ Although the Tax Court found that Mr. Tricarichi did not move to Nevada until after his midco transaction was consummated, Mr. Tricarichi made a prima facie showing on this Motion that he relocated to Nevada before the transaction was consummated.

discovery and a trial that Mr. Tricarichi had constructive knowledge that Fortrend intended to implement an illegitimate tax shelter.

Rabobank and Utrecht

Rabobank is a cooperative organized under Dutch law. Its principal place of business is in the Netherlands, and it has a branch in New York, New York. Utrecht is a subsidiary of Rabobank that is incorporated in Delaware and has its principal place of business in New York, New York. Rabobank and Utrecht (i) are not licensed to conduct business in Nevada, (ii) do not maintain any offices or branches in Nevada, (iii) do not have any employees in Nevada, (iv) are not required to and do not pay taxes in Nevada, and (v) do not have registered agents in Nevada. All of Rabobank and Utrecht's witnesses and documents relevant to this action are in New York.

Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht provided certain financial services in New York in connection with the subject transaction. Mr. Tricarichi, West Side and Nob Hill set up accounts at Rabobank's New York branch before the closing. Mr. Tricarichi signed a Non-Confidentiality Certificate in which he agreed Rabobank and Utrecht had not made any statement to Mr. Tricarichi about the potential tax consequences of the subject transaction. On September 9, 2003, Utrecht lent Nob Hill \$29.9 million in New York, which Nob Hill transferred to Mr. Tricarichi's New York Rabobank escrow account, along with the balance of the \$34.6 million purchase price. Mr. Tricarichi transferred the \$34.6 million to another bank account he controlled in New York. That same day, Nob Hill repaid Utrecht the \$29.9 million loan, along with a \$150,000 transaction fee, in New York. Fortrend received \$5 million of West Side's cash as a promotion fee.

Mr. Tricarichi and West Side's account agreements with Rabobank and Nob Hill's loan documents with Utrecht use Rabobank and Utrecht's New York addresses. The agreements and loan documents provide they are governed by New York law, and several of them provide for a New York forum for disputes (the others are silent on forum). None of the agreements and loan documents provide for Nevada law or a Nevada forum.

Mr. Tricarichi's Complaint asserts claims against Rabobank and Utrecht for aiding and abetting fraud, civil conspiracy, violations of Nevada Revised Statutes Section 207.400, and unjust enrichment. (Compl. Counts III-VIII.) All of Mr. Tricarichi's claims are based on his contention

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was legitimate. Rabobank and Utrecht filed a motion to dismiss the claims against them based on the following grounds: lack of personal jurisdiction, *forum non conveniens*, statute of limitations, collateral estoppel and failure to state a claim.

THERE IS NO PERSONAL JURISDICTION OVER RABOBANK AND UTRECHT

Nevada's long-arm statute allows courts to exercise personal jurisdiction in civil matters

that Rabobank, Utrecht and the other defendants defrauded him into believing that the tax shelter

"on any basis not inconsistent with the Constitution of [Nevada] or the Constitution of the United States." NEV. REV. STAT. § 14.065 (2015). "When a nonresident defendant challenges personal jurisdiction, the plaintiff bears the burden of showing that jurisdiction exists." Fulbright & Jaworski v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct., 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 5, 7, 342 P.3d 997, 1001 (2015) (internal citation omitted). "In so doing, the plaintiff must satisfy the requirements of Nevada's long-arm statute and show that jurisdiction does not offend principles of due process." Id.; see also Walden v. Fiore, 134 S. Ct. 1115, 1121, 188 L. Ed. 2d 12, 19 (2014) ("[T]he Fourteenth Amendment "constrains a State's authority to bind a nonresident defendant to a judgment of its courts.") (citing World-Wide Volkswagen Corp. v. Woodson, 444 U.S. 286, 291, 100 S. Ct. 559, 564 (1980)). To be subject to jurisdiction in a particular State, a nonresident defendant must have "certain minimum contacts . . . such that the maintenance of the suit does not offend 'traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice." Int'l Shoe Co. v. Washington, 326 U.S. 310, 316, 66 S. Ct. 154, 158 (1945) (quoting Milliken v. Meyer, 311 U.S. 457, 463, 61 S. Ct. 339, 342-43 (1940)). Mr. Tricarichi concedes that there is no general jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht. Thus, the inquiry here is focused on whether the Court may exercise specific personal jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht.

The exercise of "specific jurisdiction is proper only where the cause of action arises from the defendant's contacts with the forum." *Fulbright & Jaworski*, 131 Nev. Adv. Op. at 10, 342 P.3d at 1002 (internal citations omitted). In determining whether specific personal jurisdiction over a nonresident is proper, Nevada courts consider (1) whether the defendant purposefully availed itself of the privilege of acting in Nevada or causing important consequences in Nevada,

(2) whether the cause of action arises out of the defendant's Nevada-related activities, and (3) whether the exercise of jurisdiction over the defendant is reasonable. *Id*.

This inquiry "focuses on the relationship among the defendant, the forum, and the litigation." *Walden v. Fiore*, 134 S. Ct. at 1121, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 19-20 (internal quotations omitted). For specific jurisdiction to comport with due process, "the defendant's suit-related conduct must create a substantial connection with the forum State." *Id.* Two aspects of this necessary relationship are relevant here.

"First, the relationship must arise out of contacts that the 'defendant himself' creates with the forum State." *Id.* at 1122, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 20 (quoting Burger King Corp. v. Rudzewicz, 471 U.S. 462, 475, 105 S. Ct. 2174, 2284 (1985)) (emphasis in original). "Due process limits on the State's adjudicative authority principally protect the liberty of the nonresident defendant—not the convenience of plaintiffs or third parties." *Id.* (citing World-Wide Volkswagen Corp., 444 U.S. at 291-292, 100 S. Ct. at 564-65). "[C]ontacts between the plaintiff (or third parties) and the forum State" do not suffice. *Id.* (citing Helicopteros Nacionales de Colombia, S.A. v. Hall, 466 U.S. 408, 417, 104 S. Ct. 1863, 1873 (1984)). "Put simply, however significant the plaintiff's contacts with the forum may be, those contacts cannot be 'decisive in determining whether the defendant's due process rights are violated." *Id.* (quoting Rush v. Savchuk, 444 U.S. 320, 332, 100 S. Ct. 571, 579 (1980)).

Second, the "minimum contacts' analysis looks to the defendant's contacts with the forum State itself, not the defendant's contacts with persons who reside there." *Id.* (citing *Int'l Shoe*, 326 U.S. at 319, 66 S. Ct. at 159-60.) Thus, "the plaintiff cannot be the only link between the defendant and the forum." *Id.* at 1122, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21. "Rather, it is the defendant's conduct that must form the necessary connection with the forum State that is the basis for its jurisdiction over him." *Id.* at 1122-23, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21. (citing *Burger King*, 471 U.S. at 478, 105 S. Ct. at 2178). Instead, "[d]ue process requires that a defendant be haled into court in a forum State based on his own affiliation with the State, not based on the 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated' contacts he makes by interacting with other persons affiliated with the State." *Id.* at 1123, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21 (citing *Burger King*, 471 U.S. at 475, 105 S. Ct. at 2183).

The same principles apply to intentional torts, as to which "it is likewise insufficient to rely on a defendant's 'random, fortuitous, or attenuated contacts' or on the 'unilateral activity' of a plaintiff." *Id.* at 1123, 188 L. Ed. 2d at 21 (internal citation omitted). Therefore, "[a] forum State's exercise of jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." *Id.*

These principles support dismissal here. First, Mr. Tricarichi has not identified any jurisdictionally significant contacts Rabobank or Utrecht directed at Nevada. Second, while Mr. Tricarichi alleges Rabobank and Utrecht had contact with him while knowing he was a Nevada resident at the time of the transaction, his claims do not arise out of those contacts. Third, the Court finds that it would not be reasonable to exercise personal jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht for the reasons below.

Mr. Tricarichi does not identify a single Nevada activity by Rabobank or Utrecht in connection with the matters on which his claims are based. Mr. Tricarichi's transaction was consummated in New York, Ohio and California. Rabobank and Utrecht had no ongoing obligations or continuing contacts with Mr. Tricarichi in Nevada (or elsewhere). Rabobank and Utrecht's services occurred in New York, where they were located, and those services ended on September 9, 2003. While Mr. Tricarichi alleges that Nob Hill communicated with him while he was physically located in Nevada, he does not identify any communication made by Rabobank or Utrecht to him while he was physically located in Nevada. In fact, Mr. Tricarichi identifies only three direct communications with Rabobank or Utrecht, none of which came from Rabobank or Utrecht and none of which touched Nevada. The three communications Mr. Tricarichi identifies were faxes sent from San Francisco to Rabobank and Utrecht in New York. (See Exhibit M² (escrow account documents), Exhibit N (resignation document), and Exhibit O (wire transfer instructions).)³

² Exhibits refer to the Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Plaintiff's (1) Opposition to Defendants Rabobank and Utrecht's Motion to Dismiss, and (2) Counter-Motion for Leave to Take Jurisdictional Discovery, dated Dec. 7, 2016 ("Pl. App. Ex.").

³ The fax headers on all three faxes show they were faxed from the 415 area code. And the escrow account documents in Exhibit M state Mr. Tricarichi signed them in San Francisco.

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Mr. Tricarichi's allegations that Rabobank and Utrecht knew he had a Nevada address are insufficient to obtain jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht under Walden. It is not enough to allege that Rabobank and Utrecht dealt with someone they knew had a physical address in Nevada. The Court held in Walden that only the defendant's connections to the forum, not the plaintiff's, are relevant. See 134 S. Ct. at 1121-25, 118 L. Ed. at 19-24. The Court reversed a finding of specific personal jurisdiction because the court below, instead of evaluating the defendant's own contacts with Nevada, mistakenly premised jurisdiction on the defendant's knowledge that the plaintiffs had connections with the forum. 134 S. Ct. at 1124, 118 L. Ed. at 23. The Supreme Court held that the lower court had improperly "shift[ed] the analytical focus from [the defendant's] contacts with the forum to his contacts with [the plaintiffs]." Id. (internal citations omitted) (holding that "[s]uch reasoning improperly attributes a plaintiff's forum connections to the defendant and makes those connections 'decisive' in the jurisdictional analysis . . . [and] obscures the reality that none of petitioner's challenged conduct had anything to do with Nevada itself"). The Supreme Court found that the plaintiffs' reliance on Calder v. Jones, 465 U.S. 783, 104 S. Ct. 1482 (1984) — a decision on which Mr. Tricarichi also relies here — for the argument that "they suffered the 'injury' caused by petitioner's allegedly tortious conduct . . . while they were residing in the forum" was "misplaced" because "Calder made clear that mere injury to a forum resident is not a sufficient connection to the forum" and "[r]egardless of where a plaintiff lives or works, an injury is jurisdictionally relevant only insofar as it shows that the defendant has formed a contact with the forum State" through conduct that "connects him to the forum in a meaningful way." Walden, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. at 23.

Here, Rabobank and Utrecht's New York activity "did not create sufficient contacts with Nevada simply because [they may have] directed [their] conduct at [Mr. Tricarichi] whom [they allegedly] knew had Nevada connections." *Walden*, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 23. "Such reasoning improperly attributes a plaintiff's forum connections to the defendant and makes those connections 'decisive' in the jurisdictional analysis . . . [and] obscures the reality that none of [Rabobank or Utrecht]'s conduct had anything to do with Nevada itself." *Id.* (internal citation

omitted). Nevada jurisdiction over Rabobank and Utrecht must instead be based on acts by them that were purposefully directed at Nevada. No such acts are identified by Mr. Tricarichi.

Accordingly, Mr. Tricarichi's "claimed injury does not evince a connection between [him] and Nevada" because "it is not the sort of effect that is tethered to Nevada in any meaningful way." *Walden v. Fiore*, 134 S. Ct. at 1125, 118 L. Ed. 2d at 23. The fact that Mr. Tricarichi now has to repay the IRS from Nevada the amounts he wrongfully sought to evade paying is not due to anything that independently occurred in Nevada—in fact, as stated above, the Tax Court found that the relevant actions happened in Ohio—rather Mr. Tricarichi must pay the IRS from Nevada "because Nevada is where [he] chose to be at a time when [the IRS sought to recover the funds at issue]." *Id.* (noting that "Respondents would have experienced this same lack of access in California, Mississippi, or wherever else they might have traveled and found themselves wanting more money than they had."); *see also Picot v. Weston*, 780 F.3d 1206, 1212 (9th Cir. 2015); *Olivine Int'l Mktg. v. Texas Packaging Co.*, No. 2:09-CV-02118-KJD, 2010 WL 4024232, at *4 (D. Nev. Sept. 27, 2010). Mr. Tricarichi would be liable to the IRS for his tax obligations wherever he moved in the United States. The fact that he chose Nevada is, by itself, insufficient to establish specific jurisdiction. *Picot*, 780 F.3d at 1126.

Moreover, the few communications Mr. Tricarichi identifies between himself and Rabobank and Utrecht were ministerial in nature. These communications concerned the accounts Mr. Tricarichi opened for himself and West Side at Rabobank, his and his wife's resignations as officers of West Side, and the transfer of funds. Mr. Tricarichi's claims do not arise out of these communications.

In view of the foregoing facts, the Court also finds that it would not be reasonable to exercise personal jurisdiction over Rabobank or Utrecht.

Mr. Tricarichi Cannot Base Personal Jurisdiction on His Conspiracy Claims

In light of these recent cases from our Supreme Court, the U.S. Supreme Court, and the Nevada U.S. District Court, *Walden* confirms that Mr. Tricarichi misplaces his reliance on *Davis* v. *Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 97 Nev. 332, 629 P.2d 1209 (1981). *Davis* held that defendants who conspired out-of-state could be subject to jurisdiction for injuries alleged to have occurred in

Nevada as a consequence of their acts elsewhere. Walden, however, appears to overrule Davis

Thus, Rabobank and Utrecht's alleged "facilitation" of a transaction between Mr.

Tricarichi and others in an out-of-state conspiracy that Mr. Tricarichi says injured him in Nevada does not appear to be consistent with *Walden's* holding that "jurisdiction over an out-of-state intentional tortfeasor must be based on intentional conduct by the defendant that creates the necessary contacts with the forum." 134 S. Ct. at 1125. Moreover, even if *Davis* has survived *Walden*, which is highly questionable to the Court, the circumstances alleged by Mr. Tricarichi are distinguishable from the limited facts recited in the *Davis* opinion, which still do not make out a prima facie case for jurisdiction under *Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 40, 16-18, 328 P.3d 1152, 1157, 1160-61 (2014), *Daimler AG v. Bauman*, 134 S. Ct. 746, 187 L. Ed. 2d 624 (2014), or *Walden*. The facts of this case are also distinguishable from the post-*Walden* authority Mr. Tricarichi cites. *See Best Chairs Inc. v. Factory Direct Wholesale, LLC*, 121 F. Supp. 3d 828 (S.D. Inc. 2015); *First Cmty. Bank, N.A. v. First Tennessee Bank, N.A.*, 489 S.W.2d 369 (Tenn. 2015); *Khan v. Gramercy Advisors, LLC*, 2016 Ill. App. (4th) 150435, 2016 Ill. App. LEXIS 425 Ill. App. Ct. 2016).

THERE IS NO BASIS FOR JURISDICTIONAL DISCOVERY

There is no basis for jurisdictional discovery here because Mr. Tricarichi has failed to establish a prima facie basis for specific personal jurisdiction. *See Viega Gmbh. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 40, 16-18, 328 P.3d 1152, 1157, 1160-61 (2014); *Daimler*, 134 S. Ct. at 751, 760 (insufficient facts alleged to support either general or specific jurisdiction; absent such facts, no basis to allow jurisdictional discovery); *see also Western States Wholesale Nat. Gas*

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Litig., 605 F. Supp. 2d 1118, 1140 (D. Nev. 2009) and *Menalco, FZE v. Buchan*, 602 F. Supp. 2d 1186, 1194 n. 1 (D. Nev. 2009) (personal jurisdiction cannot be based on the actions of coconspirators). Moreover, the fact that Mr. Tricarichi has already had the benefit of extensive discovery from Rabobank and Utrecht in the Tax Court proceeding prior to filing his Complaint, as evidenced by his filing of numerous documents in this action produced by Rabobank in the Tax Court action, further supports denial of jurisdictional discovery here.

OTHER ARGUMENTS

Given the dismissal of all claims against Rabobank and Utrecht on personal jurisdiction grounds, the rest of the arguments raised by the Motion are denied, without prejudice, as moot.

CONCLUSION

Now, for the foregoing reasons, the Court grants the Motion and by this Order dismisses the Complaint against Rabobank and Utrecht for lack of personal jurisdiction, and denies the remainder of the arguments raised by the Motion, without prejudice, as moot.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: Telorumy 7,2017

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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