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Attorneys for Bank of America, N.A.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Plaintiff,

Case No.: A-13-693205-C

Dept. No.: VII

LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION INC., a Delaware corporation; SYSTEMS. HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

DEFENDANT BANK OF AMERICA. N.A.'S AMENDED **ANSWER** TO PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINT

Defendants.

Defendant Bank of America, N.A. amends its answer to Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII's Amended Complaint as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 1. 1, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 2. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation in Paragraph 2, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

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- 3. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph3, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 4. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph4, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 5. Defendant states that Plaintiff's assertion that Bank of America, N.A. was doing business in Nevada "at all relevant times" is too vague to permit a response. To the extent a further response is required, Defendant admits that it has conducted business in Nevada.
- 6. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 6, which appears to be incomplete, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 7. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 7 regarding Ms. Cook, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 8. The allegations in Paragraph 8 relate to alleged fictitious parties, and Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny allegations related to unknown fictitious parties, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 9. Defendant admits that this action relates to the ownership and title of real property located in Clark County, Nevada and further states that Plaintiff's assertions regarding venue and jurisdiction are Plaintiff's own legal conclusions, of which Defendant demands strict proof.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

10. Defendant admits that a Trustee's Deed Upon Sale recorded on June 13, 2012, states that CSC Investment Group, LLC purchased real property located at 588 Bugle Bluff Dr., Henderson, Nevada 89015, APN 179-21-116-042, and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the remaining allegations in Paragraph 10 and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

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- 11. Defendant admits that a Trustee's Deed Upon Sale was recorded on June 13, 2012 as Instrument Number 201206130002720 and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
- 12. Defendant admits that a Quitclaim Deed was recorded on August 17, 2012 as Instrument Number 201208170001801 purporting to transfer the property from CSC Investment Group, LLC to Thomas Jessup, LLC and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
- 13. Defendant admits that a Quitclaim Deed was recorded on May 31, 2013 as Instrument Number 201305310004710 purporting to transfer the property from Thomas Jessup, LLC to Plaintiff and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
- 14. Defendant admits that it maintains an interest in the property via an assignment of a Deed of Trust recorded on October 6, 2006 as Instrument Number 20061006-0002073. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 14 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
 - 15. Defendant denies the allegations in Paragraph 15 and demands strict proof thereof.
 - 16. Defendant denies the allegation in Paragraph 16 and demands strict proof thereof.

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FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Quiet Title)

- 17. Defendant adopts and incorporates by reference all the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
 - 18. Defendant denies the allegation in Paragraph 18 and demands strict proof thereof.
 - 19. Defendant denies the allegations in Paragraph 19 and demands strict proof thereof.
- 20. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the determination it seeks in Paragraph 20 and specifically states that Defendant maintains its interest in the property. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 20 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief)

- Defendant adopts and incorporates by reference all the preceding paragraphs as 21. though fully set forth herein.
- 22. Defendant admits that Plaintiff seeks a declaration in Paragraph 22 but denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the requested declaration and specifically states that Defendant maintains its interest in the property. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 22 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 1. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 1 of the Prayer of the Complaint.
- 2. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 2 of the Prayer of the Complaint.
- 3. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 3 of the Prayer of the Complaint.

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4. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 4 of the Prayer of the Complaint.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim)

Plaintiff has failed to state facts sufficient to constitute any cause of action against Defendant.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Void for Vagueness)

To the extent that Plaintiff's interpretation of NRS 116.3116 is accurate, the statute, and Chapter 116, are void for vagueness as applied to this matter.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Due Process Violations)

A deed of trust beneficiary cannot be deprived of its property interest in violation of the Procedural Due Process Clause of the 14 Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article 1, Sec. 8, of the Nevada Constitution.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Assumption of Risk)

Plaintiff, at all material times, calculated, knew and understood the risks inherent in the situations, actions, omissions and transactions upon which it now bases its various claims for relief, and with such knowledge, Plaintiff undertook and thereby assumed such risks and is consequently barred from all recovery by such assumption of risk.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Tender, Estoppel, Laches, or Waiver)

The super-priority lien was satisfied prior to the homeowner's association foreclosure under the doctrines of tender, estoppel, laches, or waiver.

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SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Commercial Reasonableness and Violation of Good Faith – NRS 116.1113)

The homeowner's association foreclosure sale was not commercially reasonable, and the circumstances of sale of the property violated the homeowner's association's obligation of good faith under NRS 116.1113 and duty to act in a commercially reasonable manner.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Failure to Mitigate Damages)

Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part because of its failure to take reasonable steps to mitigate its damages, if any.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Third Party Fault)

The damages complained of, if there were any, were proximately contributed to or caused by the carelessness, negligence, fault or defects resulting from acts/omissions of other persons unknown to Defendant at this time, and were not caused in any way by Defendant or by persons for whom Defendant is legally responsible.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Reduction of Damages Based on Third Party Fault)

Defendant is entitled to have any award against it reduced or eliminated to the extent that the negligence, carelessness, or defect resulted from the acts/omissions or comparative fault of other persons that contributed to Plaintiff's damages, if any.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (No Standing)

The Plaintiff lacks standing to bring some or all of their claims and causes of action.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Unclean Hands)

Defendant avers the affirmative defense of unclean hands.

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TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Provide Notice)

Defendant was not provided proper notice of the "super-priority" assessment amounts and the homeowner's association foreclosure sale, and any such notice provided to Defendant failed to comply with the statutory and common law requirements of Nevada and with state and federal constitutional law.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Plaintiff is Not Entitled to Relief)

Defendant denies that the Plaintiff is entitled to any relief for which it prays.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Failure to Do Equity)

Defendant avers the affirmative defense of failure to do equity.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Plaintiff is not a Bona Fide Purchaser for Value)

Plaintiff purchased the property with record notice of the interest of the deeds of trust recorded against the property.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Void Foreclosure Sale)

The HOA foreclosure sale is void for failure to comply with the provisions of NRS Chapter 116, and other provisions of law.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Violations of Constitutional and Federal Law)

The homeowners' association sale is void or otherwise fails to extinguish the applicable deed of trust because it violates provisions of the United States Constitution and federal law.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Additional Affirmative Defenses)

Pursuant to NRCP 11, Defendant reserves the right to assert additional affirmative defenses in the event discovery and/or investigation disclose the existence of other affirmative defenses.

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NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Due Process — Facially Unconstitutional Provisions)

Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes is facially unconstitutional because its "opt-in" notice provisions do not mandate that reasonable and affirmative steps be taken to give actual notice to a record lien holder before depriving that lien holder of its property rights, in violation of the Due Process Clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States and Nevada Constitutions.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (SFR Investments Cannot be Applied Retroactively)

The Deed of Trust cannot be extinguished by the HOA foreclosure sale because the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) cannot be applied retroactively.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for the following:

- 1. That Plaintiff's complaint be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice and that Plaintiff take nothing by way of its complaint;
 - 2. For attorneys' fees and costs of defending this action; and
 - 3. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

DATED: January 29, 2016.

AKERMAN LLP

/s/ William S. Habdas, Esq.

DARREN T. BRENNER, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 8386 WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13138 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Defendant Bank of America, N.A.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Akerman LLP, and that on this 29th day of January, 2016 and pursuant to NRCP 5, I caused to be served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DEFENDANT BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.'S AMENDED ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT**, in the following manner:

(ELECTRONIC SERVICE) Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, the above-referenced document was electronically filed on the date hereof & served through the Notice Of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List.

Michael V. Infuso, Esq. Zachary P. Takos, Esq. Greene Infuso, LLP 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89146

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Michael R. Brooks, Esq. Christopher A.J. Swift, Esq. BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP 1645 Village Center Circle, Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89134

Attorneys for Defendants Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and BNY Mellon, N.A.

Charles L. Geisendorf, Esq. CHARLES L. GEISENDORF, LTD. 2520 St. Rose Parkway, Suite 311 Henderson, NV 89074

Attorney for Cross-Defendants Foxfield Community Association and Absolute Collection Services, LLC

/s/ Allen G. Stephens
An employee of AKERMAN LLP

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MSJD DARREN T. BRENNER, ESQ. **CLERK OF THE COURT**

Nevada Bar No. 8386 2 WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ.

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Attorneys for Defendants Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, and Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc.

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Plaintiff.

v.

LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation; HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

Case No.: A-13-693205-C

VII Dept. No.:

DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AGAINT PLAINTIFF THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII

Defendants The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, incorrectly named as BNY Mellon (BONY), Bank of America N.A., successor by merger to BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP fka Countrywide Home Loans Servicing, LP (Bank of America), and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. (collectively, **Defendants**) hereby file this Motion for Summary Judgment against Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII (Plaintiff). This Motion is

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made and based upon the Memorandum of Points and Authorities attached hereto, all exhibits attached hereto, and such oral argument as may be entertained by the Court at the time and place of the hearing of this matter.

NOTICE OF MOTION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Defendants will bring the foregoing DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AGAINT PLAINTIFF THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII for hearing before the Eighth Judicial District Court, located at the Regional Justice Center, 200 Lewis Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89155, on the ____14 day of _____, 2017, at the o'clock A .m.

DATED February 6, 2017.

AKERMAN LLP

/s/ William S. Habdas DARREN T. BRENNER, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 8386 WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13138 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Defendants Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17. Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

INTRODUCTION

First, Defendants are entitled to summary judgment because Bank of America satisfied the tender doctrine by offering to pay the super-priority portion of Foxfield Community Association's (HOA) lien prior to the HOA's foreclosure sale to the HOA through its trustee, Absolute Collection Services, LLC (ACS or HOA Trustee). See Exhibit A. Accordingly, under SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) and Horizon at Seven Hills Homeowners

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Association v. Ikon Holdings, LLC, 132 Nev. Adv. Opinion 35 (Nev. April 28, 2016), Defendants' interests in the property were not extinguished by the sale.

Second, Defendants are entitled to summary judgment because the sale was commercially unreasonable as a matter of law. The property was worth \$127,000.00 but sold at the HOA's foreclosure sale for \$5,401.00, a mere 4% of the subject property's fair market value. As recently confirmed by the Nevada Supreme Court in Shadow Wood Homeowners Ass'n, Inc. v. New York Cmty. Bancorp, Inc., 132 Nev. Ad. Op. 5, at 11 (Jan. 28, 2016), a sale for less than 20% of a property's fair market value is per se commercially unreasonable, and an additional showing of fraud, oppression, or unfairness is not required.

Third, the senior deed of trust cannot be extinguished by the homeowners' association's foreclosure sale because the SFR Investments decision cannot be applied retroactively.

For these reasons, summary judgment should be entered in favor of Defendants.¹

II.

REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

Defendants request that the Court take judicial notice of the following exhibits pursuant to NRS §47.130: Exhibits B-F, I-K, and N-O. These are publicly recorded documents concerning the property's title history. Mack v. S. Bay Beer Distrib., 798 F.2d 1279, 1282 (9th Cir. 1986).

III.

STATEMENT OF UNDISPUTED FACTS

1. On or about October 31, 2005, Lena Cook entered into the senior deed of trust with SFG Mortgage (the First Deed of Trust) for the property located at 588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015 (the **Property**). **Exhibit B.** The original value of the First Deed of Trust was \$235,000.00, and the First Deed of Trust was recorded on November 7, 2005. Id.

¹ For the reasons stated in the Ninth Circuit's decision in Bourne Valley v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 832 F.3d 1154 (9th Cir. Aug. 12, 2016), Defendants also contend that the HOA Lien Statute violates the Due Process Clause. Defendants recognize that the Nevada Supreme Court rejected this argument in Saticoy Bay LLC Series 350 Durango 104 v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 (Nev. Jan. 26, 2017), but preserves the issue in case the United States Supreme Court decides differently.

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- 2. On or about August 16, 2006, Lena Cook entered into a second deed of trust in favor of Bank of America (the Second Deed of Trust) for the Property. Exhibit C. The Second Deed of Trust was recorded on October 6, 2006, and the Second Deed of Trust provided a \$40,000.00 credit limit to Lena Cook. Id.
- 3. The First Deed of Trust was assigned to The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, via an Assignment of Deed of Trust, recorded on July 21, 2011. Exhibit D.
- 4. On April 12, 2011, ACS, as agent for the HOA, recorded a Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien against the Property. Exhibit E. The HOA stated in the Lien that the total amount due was \$793.63. Id. The Lien did not identify the super-priority amount of the HOA's lien. Id.
- 5. On July 18, 2011, ACS, as agent for the HOA, recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell Under Homeowners Association Lien against the Property. Exhibit F. The HOA now represented the amount due had increased to \$1,642.66. Id. The Notice of Default did not distinguish between the assessment amount and any collection costs, late fees, service charges, interest or other amounts. Id.
- 6. In response to the Notice of Default, on or about August 18, 2011, Bank of America, through counsel at Miles, Bauer, Bergstrom, & Winters, LLP (Miles Bauer), contacted ACS and offered to pay the super-priority amount claimed by the HOA. Exhibit A-1. ACS received Miles Bauer's August 18, 2011 letter. See Exhibit G, Dep. of HOA Trustee, at 26:16-19.
- On September 13, 2011, ACS refused Miles Bauer's offer of payment, claiming that Bank of America was not entitled to a payoff statement until it foreclosed on the Property. Exhibit **H**. In its letter, ACS recognized that the First Deed of Trust was in the senior lien position. *Id*. ACS believed that the super-priority portion of the HOA's lien included late fees and collection costs. **Exhibit G** at 28:22-29:1.
- 8. After refusing to provide Miles Bauer with a payoff statement, ACS, as agent for the HOA, recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale against the Property on October 26, 2011. Exhibit I. The notice stated the total amount due was now \$3,097.60 and set a sale for December 6, 2011. Id.

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- 9. On April 25, 2012, ACS recorded a second Notice of Trustee's Sale against the Property, stating that a sale would be held on June 12, 2012. **Exhibit J**.
- Deed Upon Sale on June 13, 2012, which stated ACS sold the HOA's interest in the Property to CSC Investment Group, LLC (CSC) for only \$5,401.00. Exhibit K. Shari Wong-Culotta is the principal of CSC and purchased the Property at the foreclosure sale. *See* Exhibit G, Dep. of HOA Trustee at 23:24-24:12; *see also* Exhibit L, Dep. of Plaintiff at 14:21-24. CSC purchased the Property with money provided by Plaintiff and with the intent to subsequently convey the Property to Plaintiff. Exhibit L at 14:25-15:7, 16:13-17. Wong-Culotta is the niece of Plaintiff's sole manager. *See id.* at 13:17-25.
- 11. Defendants' initial expert report states that the fair market value of the Property at the time of the HOA's foreclosure sale was \$127,000. **Exhibit M.** The purchase price at the HOA sale is approximately 4% of the Property's fair market value at the time of the sale.
- 12. On August 17, 2012, a Quitclaim Deed was recorded, whereby CSC conveyed its interest in the Property to Thomas Jessup, LLC. **Exhibit N**.
- 13. On May 31, 2013, a Quitclaim Deed was recorded, whereby Thomas Jessup, LLC conveyed its interest in the Property to Plaintiff. **Exhibit O**.

IV.

LEGAL STANDARD

A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 should be granted only "when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no 'genuine issue as to any material fact [remains] and that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." *Wood v. Safeway*, (2005) 121 Nev. 724, 729; 121 P.3d 1026, 1029; NRCP 56(c). Materiality is dependent on the underlying substantive law and includes only those factual disputes that could change the ultimate outcome of a case. *Id.* All evidence and inferences must be viewed in a light most favorable to the non-moving party on a summary judgment motion.

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V.

LEGAL DISCUSSION

A. Bank of America extinguished the super-priority portion of the HOA's lien prior to the foreclosure sale, which redeemed the first priority of the First Deed of Trust.

The HOA foreclosure sale did not extinguish the senior Deed of Trust because Bank of America's super-priority tender satisfied that portion of the HOA's lien before the HOA's A valid tender extinguishes the super-priority lien, even if the tender is foreclosure sale. unjustifiably rejected, and any subsequent foreclosure by the HOA would be subject to the prior-See Hohn v. Morrison, 870 P.2d 513, 516–17 (Colo. App. 1993) recorded deed of trust. ("[J]urisdictions which have adopted the lien theory of real estate mortgages have also adopted the rule that an unconditional tender of the amount due by the debtor releases the lien of the mortgage unless the creditor establishes a justifiable and good faith reason for rejection of the tender."). Tender is effective when the tenderer is "at all times ready, willing, and able to pay" the amounts owed, even if payment is unjustifiably refused. See Ebert v. W. States Refining Co., 337 P.2d 1075, 1077 (Nev. 1959) (enforcing option contract where corporation offered to pay full amount to exercise option). Consequently, to the extent Plaintiff received any interest in the Property through the foreclosure sale, that interest is subject to the First Deed of Trust.

In the context of an HOA's super-priority lien under NRS Chapter 116, SFR Investments confirms the right of a lender to preserve its lien by tendering the super-priority amount to the HOA. Quoting from the comments to the Uniform Common Interest Ownership Act adopted by Nevada, the SFR Investments court noted that:

"As a practical matter, secured lenders will most likely pay the [nine] months" assessments demanded by the Association rather than having the association foreclose on the unit."

SFR Investments, 334 P.3d at 413 (quoting UCIOA § 3-116 cmt. 2, emphasis original). The Nevada Real Estate Division has likewise concluded that satisfaction of the super-priority portion of the HOA's lien results in a discharge of the lien. See December 12, 2012 NRED Advisory Opinion No. 13-01, at 11 (stating that payment of super-priority abatement charges "relieves their super priority

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lien status."). The Nevada Supreme Court has confirmed that prior to October 1, 2015 amendments to NRS Chapter 116, the "super-priority" lien was limited to nine months of common assessments and did not include collection costs and charges. See Horizon at Seven Hills Homeowners Ass'n v. Ikon Holdings, LLC, 373 P.3d 66, 72 (Nev. 2016). In Ikon Holdings, the court specifically held that the "super-priority" lien granted by NRS 116.31162(2) "is limited to an amount equal to the common expense assessments due during the nine months before foreclosure." Id.

On August 11, 2016 in Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of Am. Nat'l Ass'n, the Nevada Supreme Court acknowledged that an offer to pay the super-priority amount prior to an HOA foreclosure sale preserves the lender's deed of trust, even if the HOA refuses to accept payment. 382 P.3d 911 (Table), 2016 WL 4543202 (Nev. 2016). Following reconsideration en banc, the August 11, 2016 order has been vacated on separate grounds, but the Supreme Court has not retreated from the principle that a valid tender of funds by a lender, though rejected, extinguishes the super-priority lien.

In Stone Hollow, the plaintiff purchased the property at issue in an HOA sale and then filed suit against the mortgagee to quiet title. The trial court entered summary judgment in favor of the mortgagee, and the plaintiff appealed. Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of Am., Nat. Ass'n, No. 64955, 2016 WL 1109167, at *1 (Nev. Mar. 18, 2016). On appeal, the Supreme Court initially reversed the trial court, finding that the trial court failed to consider the plaintiff's bona fide purchaser status. Id. The lender moved for rehearing on the grounds that its tender of the superpriority amount discharged the super-priority lien, rendering equitable doctrines inapplicable. The three-judge panel agreed—reversing its prior ruling and affirming the trial court's grant of summary judgment. Stone Hollow, 382 P.3d 911 (Table), 2016 WL 4543202 at *1. In its August 11, 2016 decision, the court found that the HOA's rejection of the proffer of the full super-priority lien amount was "unjustified" and "[w]hen rejection of a tender is unjustified, the tender is effective to discharge the lien." Id.

Following the August 11, 2016 order, the plaintiff filed a petition for reconsideration en banc. The Supreme Court vacated its order and again decided to reverse the trial court, this time on the grounds that there was a sufficient factual dispute over the legal adequacy of the mortgagee's {40683203:1}

AKERMAN LLP

tender to preclude summary judgment. *See* Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 64955, Slip Op. at 1-2 (Dec. 21, 2016). Notably, however, the court did not abandon the three-judge panel's conclusion that a legally adequate tender discharges the lien without regard to bona fide purchaser status.²

Bank of America did what Nevada law requires to protect the priority of the First Deed of Trust, as it is undisputed that Bank of America offered to pay nine months of assessments to the HOA's agent prior to the foreclosure sale. Bank of America, through counsel at Miles Bauer, sent a letter to the HOA Trustee on August 18, 2011, requesting a payoff ledger showing the super-priority amount of the HOA's lien, and offering to pay this amount upon adequate proof. *See* Exhibit A-1. ACS, the HOA Trustee, received Miles Bauer's letter. *See* Exhibit G, at 26:16-19. ACS, however, refused to provide Miles Bauer with the requested information because its position was that a nine month payoff statement was not valid until Bank of America foreclosed on the Property. *See* Exhibit H. Even if Bank of America could have deduced the statutory super-priority amount and sent a check for that amount to the HOA Trustee, the HOA Trustee would have erroneously deemed that amount insufficient to discharge the super-priority lien, as the HOA Trustee believed the super-priority amount included late fees and collection costs. *See* Exhibit G at 28:22-29:1. The actual super-priority amount is far less—it is "is limited to an amount equal to the common expense assessments due during the nine months before foreclosure." *Ikon Holdings, LLC*, 373 P.3d at 72.

Bank of America's offer to pay, was, in itself, a valid and sufficient tender of the amounts secured by the super-priority lien. *See Ebert*, 337 P.2d at 1077 (finding that offer to pay amount specified in option contract was sufficient to exercise option where the offeror was at all times ready, willing, and able to provide payment). Tender is complete when "the money is offered to a creditor who is entitled to receive it." *Cladianos v. Friedhoff*, 69 Nev. 41, 45, 240 P.2d 208, 210 (Nev. 1952) (emphasis added). After the money owed is offered to the creditor, "nothing further remains to be done, and the transaction is completed and ended." *Id.* Other jurisdictions agree that tender is defined as "an offer of payment that is coupled either with no conditions or only with conditions

² As Justice Pickering pointed out in her dissent, the Court's holding that being a bona fide purchaser is not a defense to an adequate tender was not disturbed by the *en banc* decision. *See id.* at 2-3 (Pickering, J., dissenting) (citing1 Grant S. Nelson, Dale A. Whitman, Ann M. Burkhart & R. Wilson Freyermuth, *Real Estate Finance Law* § 7:21 (6th ed. 2014)).

1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

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upon which the tendering party has a right to insist." Fresk v. Kramer, 99 P.3d 282, 286-87 (Or. 2004) (emphasis added); see also 74 Am. Jur. 2d Tender § 22 (2014).

Though Nevada has not clearly defined the parameters of a proper tender, other jurisdictions have found that a tender is not rendered ineffective by the tendering party's demand for matters to which it is entitled. "[The definition of tender] is more precisely is stated as an offer of payment that is coupled either with no conditions or only with conditions upon which the tendering party has a right to insist." Fresk, 99 P.3d at 287 (emphasis added). Thus, "[a] tender of payment may be conditional as long as the attached condition is one on which the tenderer has the right to insist." Millhollin v. Conveyor Co., 287 Mont. 377, 383, 954 P.2d 1163, 1166 (1998); Dull v. Dull, 138 Ariz. 357, 359, 674 P.2d 911, 913 (Ct. App. 1983) ("A tender is not conditional, however, if the condition is one which the person making the tender has a legal right to insist upon."). For example, conditioning tender on release from further liability on the recipient's claim does not prevent an effective tender. See Fresk, 337 Or. at 523, 99 P.3d at 287 (finding that under a statute precluding an attorney's fee award to a party to whom full damages were tendered prior to litigation, tender was not invalidated by conditioning payment upon a release of liability).

In its correspondence to the HOA Trustee on August 18, 2011, Miles Bauer made clear that Bank of America sought to pay the amount needed to discharge the super-priority lien:

Based on [NRS 116.3116(2)(b)], a portion of your HOA lien is arguably senior to BANA's first deed of trust, specifically the nine months of assessments for common expenses incurred before the date of your notice of delinquent assessment That amount, whatever it is, is the amount BANA should be required to rightfully pay to fully discharge its obligations to the HOA per NRS 116.3102 and my client hereby offers to pay that sum upon presentation of adequate proof of the same by the HOA.

Exhibit A-1.

The language contained in the Miles Bauer tender letter does not affect the validity of tender because it does not impose "an unwarranted condition." It does not impose any condition. See Unconditional, Black's Law Dictionary (10th ed. 2014) ("Not limited by a condition; not depending on an uncertain event or contingency; absolute."). It simply states that Bank of America will interpret endorsement of the check to represent the HOA's acceptance that it has fulfilled its

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obligations. It does not require the HOA to take any action or waive any rights, and it does not depend on an uncertain event or contingency.

Even if this language can be construed as a condition, it was a condition upon which Bank of America had a right to insist. Under SFR Investments and Ikon Holdings, Bank of America was clearly entitled to assert that its obligations to the HOA were paid in full upon tender of more than 9 months of assessments, and the HOA had no legitimate grounds to refuse payment. Thus, any conditions stated in the August 18, 2011 letter were those "upon which [Bank of America] ha[d] a right to insist" and do not defeat or diminish Bank of America's full super-priority tender.

Accordingly, Plaintiff's interest in the Property is subject to the First Deed of Trust because Bank of America's tender was sufficient to discharge the HOA's super-priority lien.

B. The HOA's foreclosure sale should be set aside because the sales price was grossly inadequate and thus commercially unreasonable as a matter of law.

The Court should grant Defendants' motion for summary judgment because the sale of the Property for approximately 4% of its fair market value was grossly inadequate as a matter of law. The Shadow Wood court cited the analysis of Restatement (Third) of Property: Mortgages §8.3 (1997). Shadow Wood Homeowners Assoc., 132 Nev. Adv. Opn. at 15. Section 8.3 provides:

> (a) A foreclosure sale price obtained pursuant to a foreclosure proceeding that is otherwise regularly conducted in compliance with applicable law does not render the foreclosure defective unless the price is grossly inadequate.

(Emphasis added). Finally, the Restatement authors expressly embraced Defendants' formula and method of proving gross inadequacy:

> This section articulates the traditional and widely held view that a foreclosure proceeding that otherwise complies with state law may not be invalidated because of the sale price unless that price is grossly inadequate. The standard by which "gross inadequacy" is measured is the fair market value of the real estate. For this purpose the latter means, not the fair "forced sale" value of the real estate, but the price which would result from negotiation and mutual agreement, after ample time to find a purchaser, between a vendor who is willing, but not compelled to sell, and a purchaser who is willing to buy, but not compelled to take a particular piece of real estate.

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Id. (Emphasis added). The point of the Restatement approach analyzed by the Shadow Wood court is to compare the fair market value of the property versus what it actually sold for at the foreclosure sale. Id. at cmt. b, Illustration 2. If the foreclosure sale price is less than 20% of the fair market value, then the court should set aside the foreclosure sale as "grossly inadequate." Id.; see also Shadow Wood Homeowners Assoc., 132 Nev. Adv. Opn. at 15.

Here, the HOA sold the Property for approximately 4% of its fair market value at the time of the foreclosure sale, well below the 20% of fair market value threshold the Shadow Wood Court explained would be "grossly inadequate as a matter of law." Id.; Exhibit K; Exhibit M. Defendants have produced expert testimony showing the value of the Property at the time of the foreclosure sale was \$127,000.00. Exhibit M. The HOA sale price was \$5,401.00. Exhibit K. Dividing the sales price by the fair market value of the Property at the time of the sale shows the Property was sold for approximately 4% of its fair market value. Defendants have produced clear evidence proving that the sale was grossly inadequate as a matter of law under Shadow Wood, and is thus invalid.

If the Shadow Wood decision still requires evidence of unfairness beyond the grossly inadequate price, the HOA's sale of the Property after Bank of America's offer to pay the full superpriority portion of the HOA's lien is sufficient evidence of unfairness. Prior to the foreclosure sale, Bank of America, through Miles Bauer, offered to pay the HOA an amount equal to the last nine months of delinquent assessments—the full amount the HOA could claim had super-priority over the First Deed of Trust. See Exhibit A. ACS, however, refused to provide a payoff statement and allow Bank of America to pay the super-priority amount. See Exhibit H. Pursuant to the tender doctrine, the super-priority portion of the lien was extinguished prior to the HOA's sale, thus redeeming the first-priority position of the First Deed of Trust. Additionally, the HOA Trustee plainly told Miles Bauer that First Deed of Trust was in the senior lien position. See Exhibit H. Bank of America was entitled to rely on ACS's position that the First Deed of Trust was in the senior lien position. A super-priority foreclosure sale that purportedly extinguished the First Deed of Trust would be patently unfair because ACS explicitly stated that the First Deed of Trust was in the senior lien position. Accordingly, to the extent the sale was a super-priority foreclosure sale, it was {40683203;1}

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commercially unreasonable. Defendants are entitled to summary judgment against Plaintiff on this basis.

C. SFR Investments Should Not be Applied Retroactively to Extinguish the First Deed of Trust.

When SFR Investments was decided on September 18, 2014, it displaced more than 20 years of practice regarding the priority between first deeds of trust and HOA assessment liens. The decision should not be applied retroactively to permit extinguishment of the Deed of Trust. Recently, Judge Jones held that retroactive application of SFR Investments was improper. Christina Trust v. S&P Homes, et al., Case No. 2:15-cv-01534, Judge Jones explained:

It is not disputed that both the state and federal trial courts were in sharp disagreement as to whether an HOA Sale under NRS 116.3116 extinguished a priorrecorded first mortgage, and that the practice in the real estate industry prior to the announcement of the Nevada Supreme Court's controversial decision was to treat such sale as not extinguishing first mortgages . . . At best, the [SFR Investments decision] decided an issue of first impression whose resolution was not clearly foreshadowed.

Exhibit P. Judge Jones also held that retroactive application of SFR Investments did not further the purpose of the HOA super-priority rule and that the extinguishment of a first deed of trust through an HOA Sale "where the extinguishment rule was not only unclear but presumed within the relevant industry at the time of the foreclosure sale to be to the contrary, would be an extremely, not just a substantially, inequitable result." *Id.* at 10.3 This Court should do the same.

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The court also noted that the Chevron Oil Co. court "cited ten of its own cases dating as far back as the Civil 27 War for the rule limiting the retroactivity of 'judicial decisions' not only in criminal cases but also 'in cases of nonconstitutional, noncriminal state law." Id., 8:21-23. 28

VI.

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, the Court should grant Defendants' motion for summary judgment against Plaintiff and enter a declaration that Plaintiff's interest in the Property, if any, is subject to the First Deed of Trust.

DATED February 6, 2017.

AKERMAN LLP

/s/ William S. Habdas
DARREN T. BRENNER, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 8386
WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 13138
1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330
Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Defendants Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, and Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc.

1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

AKERMAN LLP

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 6th day of February, 2017, and pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I served via this Court's electronic filing system (Wiznet) a true and correct copy of the foregoing DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AGAINT PLAINTIFF THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII to:

Absolute Collect	tion Services, LLC			
	Contact	Email		
	Shane D. Cox, Esq.	Shane@absolute-collection.com		
Brooks Hubley L	LP			
	Contact	Email		
	Efile desk at Brooks Hubley	efile@brookshubley.com		
Brooks Hubley,	LLP			
	Contact	Email		
	Jessica Perlick	jperlick@brookshubley.com		
	Michael R. Brooks, Esq.	mbrooks@brookshublev.com		
GERRARD COX	& LARSEN			
	Contact	Email		
	Douglas D. Gerrard, Esq.	dgerrard@gerrard-cox.com		
	John Langeveld	JLangeveld@Gerrard-cox.com		
	Kanani Gonzales	KGonzales@Gerrard-cox.com		
Richard L. Toble	er, Ltd.			
	Contact	Email		
	Richard Tobler	<u>rititdck@hotmail.com</u>		

/s/ Jill Sallade

An employee of AKERMAN LLP

EXHIBIT A

MILES BAUER AFFIDAVIT

State of California

Orange County

Affiant being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

}ss.

1. I am a paralegal with the law firm of Miles, Bauer, Bergstrom & Winters, LLP

(Miles Bauer) in Costa Mesa, California. I am authorized to submit this affidavit on behalf of

Miles Bauer.

2. I am over 18 years of age, of sound mind, and capable of making this affidavit.

3. The information in this affidavit is taken from Miles Bauer's business records. I have

personal knowledge of Miles Bauer's procedures for creating these records. They are: (a) made at or

near the time of the occurrence of the matters recorded by persons with personal knowledge of the

information in the business record, or from information transmitted by persons with personal

knowledge; (b) kept in the course of Miles Bauer's regularly conducted business activities; and (c) it

is the regular practice of Miles Bauer's to make such records. I have personal knowledge of Miles

Bauer's procedures for creating and maintaining these business records. I personally confirmed that

the information in this affidavit is accurate by reading the affidavit and attachments, and checking

that the information in this affidavit matches Miles Bauer's records available to me.

4. Bank of America, N.A. (BANA) retained Miles Bauer to tender payments to

homeowners associations (HOA) to satisfy super-priority liens in connection with the following

loan:

Loan Number:

REDACTED

Borrower(s):

Estate of Lena Cook

{30024234;1}

Page 1 of 2

Property Address:

588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015

Miles Bauer maintains records for the loan in connection with tender payments to 5. HOA. As part of my job responsibilities for Miles Bauer, I am familiar with the type of records maintained by Miles Bauer in connection with the loan.

Based on Miles Bauer's business records, attached as Exhibit 1 is a correct copy 6. of the Microsoft Word version of an August 18, 2011 letter from Rock K. Jung, Esq., an attorney with Miles Bauer, mailed to Foxfield Community Association, care of Absolute Collections Services LLC. Although the attached letter is incorrectly dated December 2, 2014 due to the "Automatic Date Change" function in Microsoft Word, based on my review of the communications with the client, the letter was sent on or about August 18, 2011.

Based on Miles Bauer's business records, I've located no response to the above correspondence.

De W

FURTHER DECLARANT SAYETH NOT.

(Signature of Notary Public)

12/10/14

Date.	
	Declarant Adam Kendis
State of California	
County of Drange	- 12h A 1
Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before	me on this 10th day of December, 2014,
by Adam Kendis , prov (Name of Signer)	red to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be
the person who appeared before me. Signature Man Mah	(Seal) AMANDA MARIA MENDOZA Commission # 2078315 Notary Public - California

{30024234;1} Page 2 of 2

EXHIBIT 1

DOUGLAS E. MILES *
Also Admitted in California and
Illinois
RICHARD J. BAUER, JR.*
JEREMY T. BERGSTROM
Also Admitted in Arizona
FRED TIMOTHY WINTERS*
KEENAN E. McCLENAHAN*
MARK T. DOMEYER*
Also Admitted in District of
Columbia & Virginia

TAMI S. CROSBY* L. BRYANT JAQUEZ * DANIEL L. CARTER * GINA M. CORENA WAYNE A. RASH ROCK K. JUNG VY T. PHAM * KRISTA J. NIELSON HADI R. SEYED-ALI * JORY C. GARABEDIAN THOMAS M. MORLAN Admitted in California BRIAN H. TRAN * ANNA A. GHAJAR * CORI B. JONES * STEVEN E. STERN

Admitted in Arizona & Illinois ANDREW H. PASTWICK Also Admitted in Arizona and California CATHERINE K. MASON * CHRISTINE A. CHUNG * HANH T. NGUYEN * THOMAS B. SONG *



* CALIFORNIA OFFICE 1231 E. DYER ROAD SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CA 92705 PHONE (714) 481-9100 FACSIMILE (714) 481-9141

MILES, BAUER, BERGSTROM & WINTERS, LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW SINCE 1985

2200 Paseo Verde Parkway, Suite 250 Henderson, NV 89052 Phone: (702) 369-5960 Fax: (702) 369-4955

December 2, 2014

Foxfield Community Association Absolute Collections Services, LLC PO Box 12117 Las Vegas, NV 89112 SENT VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL

Re:

Property Address: 588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, NV 89015 MBBW File No. 11-H1277

Dear Sirs:

This letter is in response to your Notice of Default with regard to the HOA assessments purportedly owed on the above described real property. This firm represents the interests of MERS as nominee for Bank of America, N.A., as successor by merger to BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP (hereinafter "BANA") with regard to these issues. BANA is the beneficiary/servicer of the first deed of trust loan secured by the property.

As you know, NRS 116.3116 governs liens against units for assessments. Pursuant to NRS 116.3116:

The association has a lien on a unit for:

any penalties, fees, charges, late charges, fines and interest charged pursuant to paragraphs (j) to (n), inclusive, of subsection 1 of NRS 116.3102 are enforceable as assessments under this section

While the HOA may claim a lien under NRS 116.3102 Subsection (1), Paragraphs (j) through (n) of this Statute clearly provide that such a lien is JUNIOR to first deeds of trust to the extent the lien is for fees and charges imposed for collection and/or attorney fees, collection costs, late fees, service charges and interest. See Subsection 2(b) of NRS 116.3116, which states in pertinent part:

2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except:

(b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent...

The lien is also prior to all security interests described in paragraph (b) to the extent of the assessments for common expenses...which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.

Subsection 2b of NRS 116.3116 clearly provides that an HOA lien "is prior to all other liens and encumbrances on a unit except: a first security interest on the unit..." But such a lien is prior to a first security interest to the extent of the assessments for common expenses which would have become due during the 9 months before institution of an action to enforce the lien.

Based on Section 2(b), a portion of your HOA lien is arguably senior to BANA's first deed of trust, specifically the nine months of assessments for common expenses incurred before the date of your notice of delinquent assessment dated July 15, 2011. For purposes of calculating the nine-month period, the trigger date is the date the HOA sought to enforce its lien. It is unclear, based upon the information known to date, what amount the nine months' of common assessments pre-dating the NOD actually are. That amount, whatever it is, is the amount BANA should be required to rightfully pay to fully discharge its obligations to the HOA per NRS 116.3102 and my client hereby offers to pay that sum upon presentation of adequate proof of the same by the HOA.

Please let me know what the status of any HOA lien foreclosure sale is, if any. My client does not want these issues to become further exacerbated by a wrongful HOA sale and it is my client's goal and intent to have these issues resolved as soon as possible. Please refrain from taking further action to enforce this HOA lien until my client and the HOA have had an opportunity to speak to attempt to fully resolve all issues.

Thank you for your time and assistance with this matter. I may be reached by phone directly at (702) 942-0412. Please fax the breakdown of the HOA arrears to my attention at (702) 942-0411. I will be in touch as soon as I've reviewed the same with BANA.

Sincerely,

MILES, BAUER, BERGSTROM & WINTERS, LLP

Rock K. Jung, Esq.

EXHIBIT B

Fee: \$35.00 N/C Fee: \$0.00

11/07/2005

14:20:34

T20050203139 Requestor:

LAND TITLE OF NEVADA

Frances Deane

RMS

Clark County Recorder

Pgs: 22

MaiNTal Statements tox
LENA COOK
588 BUGLE BLUFF DRIVE
HENDERSON, NEVADA 89015-6941

SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 85254

Assessor's Parcel Number: 179-21-116-042

When recorded mail to: May Hay Stml.

7047 E. GREENWAY PKWY, SUITE #400

Prepared By:

SFG MORTGAGE

Recording Requested By:

13051784-11

(0)

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

DEED OF TRUST

MIN REDACTED

MERS TELEPHONE: (888) 679-6377

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated October 31, 2005, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is LENA COOK, A MARRIED WOMAN, AS HER SOLE AND SEPARATE PROPERTY. Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.
- (C) "Lender" is SFG MORTGAGE. Lender is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of ARIZONA. Lender's address is 7047 E. GREENWAY PKWY, SUITE #400, SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA 85254.
- (D) "Trustee" is LAND TITLE OF NEVADA, INC..
- (E) "MERS" is Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS is a separate corporation that is acting solely as a nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns. MERS is the beneficiary under this Security Instrument. MERS is organized and existing under the laws of Delaware, and has an address and telephone number of P.O. Box 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) 679-MERS.
- (F) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated October 31, 2005. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender Two Hundred Thirty Five Thousand And 00/100 Dollars (U.S. \$

NEVADA-Single Family-Fannie Mac/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT WITH MERS

Form 3029 1/01

Page 1 of 18

Initials:

nvcmertd

- 235,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than November 1, 2035.
- (G) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."
- (H) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.
- (I) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

[]	Adjustable Rate Rider	[]	Condominium Rider	[]	Second Home Rider
[]	Balloon Rider	[X]	Planned Unit Development Rider	[]	1-4 Family Rider
[]	VA Rider	[]	Biweekly Payment Rider	[]	Other(s) [specify]

- (J) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.
- (K) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.
- (L) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.
- (M) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.
- (N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.
- (O) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on the Loan.
- (P) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.
- (Q) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

NEVADA-Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT WITH MERS

Form 3029 1/01

Page 2 of 18

(R) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County [Type of Recording Jurisdiction] of CLARK [Name of Recording Jurisdiction]:

LOT NINE (9) IN BLOCK TWO (2), OF FOXFIELD ESTATES - PHASE THREE (3) AS SHOWN BY MAP THEREOF ON FILE IN BOOK 78 OF PLATS, PGE 19 IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA.

Parcel ID Number: 179-21-116-042

EX

which currently has the address of

588 BUGLE BLUFF ROAD

89015

[Street]

HENDERSON [City], Nevada \$9075/6941 [Zip Code] ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

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THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and nonuniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lende r covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Es crow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

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Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellane ous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estim ate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

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If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to

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purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and rene wals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender require s, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

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- 6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.
- 7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may dis burse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
- 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation

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to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borro wer shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for

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Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

- (a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.
- (b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has if any with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.
- 11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in

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1	XCAN	Ston b. Com	
	SHANE D. COX, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13852	CLERK OF THE COUR	
2	Absolute Collection Services, LLC		
3	8440 W. Lake Mead Blvd., Ste. 210		
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89128		
5	(702) 531-3394 (702) 531-3396 - Facsimile		
Ĭ	shane@absolute-collection.com		
6	Attorney for ABSOLUTE COLLECTION		
7	SERVICES, LLC and FOXFIELD HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION		
8	EIGHTH JUDIO	CIAL DISTRICT COURT	
9	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
.0	OZ/Mar C	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
.1			
.2	THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,	CASE NO.: A-13-693205-C	
	Plaintiff,	DEPT. NO.: XIV	
.3	v.		
.4)	
.5	LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a	CROSS-DEFENDANT, ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC'S	
.6	revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF	ANSWER TO CROSSCLAIM	
	AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION		
.7	SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation;		
.8	Heirs of the Estate of LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown claiming)	
.9	any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the		
,	Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto,)	
20	(Does 1 through 10, inclusive),		
21	Defendants.		
22)	
23	MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC		
	REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC.; BNY		
24	MELON, N.A.,)	
25	Counterclaimant,		
26	v.))	
27	THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII;		
	FOXFIELD COMMUNITY		
8.2	ASSOCIATION; ABSOLUTE)	

BNY'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

answer and admit these allegations.

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3. Answering paragraph 6 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.

4. Answering paragraphs 7-8 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants are without sufficient information and knowledge to answer these claims, and therefore deny them.

PLAINTIFF'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- Answering paragraphs 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, and 30 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint,
 Cross-Defendants answer and admit these allegations.
- 6. Answering paragraph 13 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and admit that it recorded a Notice of Default. Cross-Defendants deny that the Notice did not comply with NRS 116.31162. Cross-Defendants deny all other allegations of this paragraph.
- 7. Answering paragraphs 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27, 28, and 29 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny these allegations.
- 8. Answering paragraph 16 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants admit that they recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale. Cross-Defendants deny the remainder of the allegations contained in this paragraph.
- 9. Answering paragraphs 23 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants admit that CSC Investment Group, LLC purchased the property for \$5,401.00 on or around June 12, 2012. Cross-Defendants admit that they recorded a Trustee's Deed Upon Sale on or around June 13, 2012. Cross-Defendants deny all other allegations contained in this paragraph.
- 10. Answering paragraphs 24-25 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants are without sufficient information and knowledge to answer these allegations, and therefore deny them.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF – DECLARATORY RELIEF – SALE LIMITED TO SUBORDINATE LIEN RIGHTS

Answering paragraph 31 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants
 specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.

- 12. Answering paragraphs 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.
- 13. Answering paragraphs 33 and 45 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants state that this is a legal conclusion that does not require an answer. Notwithstanding, Cross-Defendants deny any allegations that appear in this paragraph.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF – DECLARATORY RELIEF – INSUFFICIENT NOTICES UNDER NRS 116.31162-116.31168

- 14. Answering paragraph 46 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 15. Answering paragraphs 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, and 64 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.
- 16. Answering paragraphs 48 and 49 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and state that Cross-Claimant makes allegations against "Counter-Defendants," and these answering parties have no knowledge to whom Cross-Claimant refers, and therefore are without sufficient information and knowledge to answer this claim, and therefore denies same.
- 17. Answering paragraph 50 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants state that this is a legal conclusion that does not require an answer. Notwithstanding, Cross-Defendants deny any allegations that appear in this paragraph.

FOURTH [SIC] CLAIM FOR RELIEF – DECLARATORY RELIEF – CONSTITUTIONALITY OF NRS 116.31162-116.31168

18. Answering paragraph 65 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.

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- 19. Answering paragraphs 66, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, and 74 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny these allegations.
- 20. Answering paragraphs 67, 68 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants state that this is a legal conclusion which does not require an answer. Notwithstanding, Cross-Defendants deny any allegations in this paragraph.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – QUIET TITLE

- 21. Answering paragraph 75 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 22. Answering paragraphs 76, 77, 78, and 79 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny these allegations.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - UNJUST ENRICHMENT AGAINST HOA

- 23. Answering paragraph 80 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 24. Answering paragraphs 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, and 88 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – UNJUST ENRICHMENT AGAINST ABSOLUTE, THE

HOA TRUSTEE

- 25. Answering paragraph 89 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 26. Answering paragraphs 90, 91, 92, and 93of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.

EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – TORTIOUS INTERFERENCE WITH CONTRACTUAL

RELATIONS AGAINST THE HOA AND ABSOLUTE

- 27. Answering paragraph 95 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 28. Answering paragraph 96 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and admit this allegation.
- 29. Answering paragraph 97 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and admit that Miles Bauer reached out to Absolute. Cross-Defendants deny all other allegations contained in this paragraph.
- 30. Answering paragraph 98 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and admit that they sold the Property for \$5,401.00. Cross-Defendants deny all other allegations contained in this paragraph.
- 31. Answering paragraph 99, 100, 101, 102, and 103 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.

NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF – BREACH OF THE DUTY OF GOOD FAITH AGAINST THE HOA AND ABSOLUTE

- 32. Answering paragraph 104 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 33. Answering paragraph 105 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and admit this allegation.
- 34. Answering paragraph 106, 107, 108, 109, and 110 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.

TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF - WRONGFUL FORECLOSURE AGAINST THE HOA AND

ACS

- 35. Answering paragraph 111 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants specifically admit, deny, or answer all previous paragraphs as if set forth herein.
- 36. Answering paragraphs 112, 113, 114, 115, 116 of Cross-Claimant's Complaint, Cross-Defendants answer and deny this allegation.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

- 1. Cross-claimant fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted.
- 2. The foreclosure sale at issue can eliminate a first deed of mortgage, pursuant to *SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank*, 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014).
 - 3. The foreclosure sale was commercially reasonable.
 - 4. ACS acted in good faith at all times.
- Due to Cross-claimant's actions, Cross-claimant is estopped from asserting the claims in the cross-claim.
- 6. Cross-claimant's claims may be barred by applicable limitations, including a statute of limitations.
 - 7. Cross-claimant's claims are barred by the doctrine of laches.
 - 8. Cross-claimant's claims are barred by the doctrine of waiver.
- 9. The damages allegedly occurred by Cross-claimant, if any, were caused in whole or in part by Cross-claimant's own acts and omissions.
- The liability, if any, of Cross-claimant must be reduced by the percentage of fault of Cross-claimant and others.

- 11. Cross-claimant's claims and causes of action are barred, in whole or in part, due to Cross-claimant's failure to mitigate, minimize, or otherwise avoid its alleged damages.
- 12. Cross-claimant's damages, if any, were not caused by ACS, but rather by another third party, over which, ACS had no control.
 - 13. ACS and HOA owed no duty to Cross-claimant.
- 14. ACS and HOA are not a party of the Deed of Trust between Cross-claimant and its mortgagee.
- 15. ACS and HOA had a higher priority lien against the property at 588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015 than Cross-claimant, and extinguished Cross-Claimant's Deed of Trust by performing a foreclosure sale.
 - 16. ACS and HOA did not owe a duty to Cross-claimant related to the property at issue
- 17. Cross-claimant did not exercise ordinary care, caution, or prudence for the protection of itself and any damages complained of by Cross-claimant in it Cross-claim were directly or proximately caused or contributed to by the fault, failure to act, carelessness, and negligence of Bank of America.
- 18. Cross-claimant assumed the risk of the transaction upon entering into, and therefore its claims are unenforceable.
- Cross-claimant's damages were the result of unrelated, pre-existing, and/or subsequent conditions unrelated to ACS and HOA 's conduct.
- 20. Any and all damages Cross-claimant may have suffered or will suffer were proximately caused by its failure to mitigate damages.
- 21. ACS is informed and believes, and therefore alleges, that Cross-claimant's claims are barred in that Cross-claimant is "in pari delicto" with ACS and HOA.

- 22. The claims of cross-claimant should be reduced, modified, and/or barred due to the failure of consideration.
- 23. There is no privity of contract between Cross-claimant and ACS and HOA and the allegations in the Cross-claim are based on an expressed or implied contract with ACS and HOA, are barred because of a lack of privity of contract.
- 24. Cross-claimant's claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of unilateral and/or mutual mistake.
 - 25. No special, confidential, or fiduciary relationship existed between the parties.
- 26. Cross-claimant did not rely upon any statement, representation, advice, or conduct of ACS, and did not act upon any statement, advise, or conduct to its damage.
- 27. No actual justiciable controversy exists between ACS and HOA and Cross-claimant and therefore, the Cross-Claim must be dismissed as to ACS and HOA.
- 28. There is no basis for recovery of costs or attorney's fees by Cross-claimant from ACS and HOA.
- 29. Cross-claimant is barred from recovering special damages herein for failure to specifically allege the types of special damages claimed, pursuant to NRCP Rule 9(g).
- 30. Cross-claimant failed to file and pursue a claim with the responsible governmental agency before filing this lawsuit.
- 31. ACS and HOA complied with all notice and other requirements for non-judicial foreclosure as required by Nevada law.
- 32. ACS performed no acts or omissions that would warrant the imposition of any damages, including exemplary or punitive damages.

- 33. Any damages claimed by Cross-claimant are speculative, and are not supported by proof and are not compensable as a matter of law.
- 34. ACS and HOA acted properly and in good faith, and in accordance with all duties imposed by law, without malice, either expressed or implied and without oppression.
- 35. ACS and HOA denies each and every allegation of the Cross-claim not specifically admitted or otherwise plead herein.
- 36. Cross-claimant was on notice that the property at 588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015 operated under an HOA, specifically that of Foxfield Community Association, and that the HOA possesses a higher priority lien than the First Deed of Trust.
- 37. Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revises Statutes is not unconstitutional, as homeowners and mortgage lenders are on notice that HOAs have an interest in the property that is greater than that of the lenders, and therefore the assume the risk when creating the mortgage.
- 38. ACS hereby incorporated by reference those affirmative defensed enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, ACS reserves the right to seek leave of court to amend this Answer to specifically assert any such defenses. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defenses.
- 39. Pursuant to NRCP 11, ACS states that all necessary affirmative defenses and possible claims have not been asserted at the present time in this Answer to Cross-claim, and, therefore, ACS reserves the right to amend its Answer as discover proceeds in this matter.

WHEREFORE, ACS and HOA prays for the following:

- 1. That Cross-claimant take nothing by way of its cross-claim;
- 2. For attorney's fees and costs of defending this action; and

3. For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. DATED this 25th day of May, 2016. SHANE D. COX _/s/ Shane D. Cox_ SHANE D. COX, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13852 8440 W. Lake Mead Blvd., Suite 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on the 25th day of May, 2016, I served a correct copy of the foregoing CROSS-DEFENDANT, ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC'S ANSWER TO CROSSCLAIM via electronic means in the Eighth Judicial District Court pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2.

/s/ Shane D. Cox
Authorized by SHANE D. COX, ESQ.

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Community Association; Absolute Collection Services, LLC; (ROES 1 through 10, inclusive),

Counterdefendants.

ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC

AND FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S ANSWER TO COUNTER-CLAIM

Counterdefendants Absolute Collection, Services, LLC., ("Counterdefendants" or "Absolute") and Foxfield Community Association ("Counterdefendants" or "Association") by and through their attorney of record, Charles L. Geisendorf, Esq., hereby answers

Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim on file herein and admit, deny, and allege as follows:

PARTIES

- Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 1, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and therefore deny same.
- Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 2, are without sufficient knowledge or nformation to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and herefore deny same.
- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 3 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 4 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 5, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and

therefore deny same.

BNY'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- Counterdefendants specifically admit, deny, and respond to the allegations as plead above of Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim as set forth in the aforementioned paragraphs.
- 7. Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 7, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and therefore deny same.
- Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 8, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and therefore deny same.

PLAINTIFF'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 9 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 10 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 11 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants admit the allegations contained in paragraph 12 of Counter-Claim.
- 13. Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 13 admit that on July 18, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a notice of Default and Election to Sell Under Homeowner's Association Lien as Document number 201107180000815. Counterdefendants deny the

therefore deny same.

- 24. Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 24, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and therefore deny same.
- Counterdefendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 25 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 26 of Counter-Claim.
- Counterdefendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 27 of Counter-Claim.
- 28. Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 28, are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth or falsity of the allegations contained therein, and therefore deny same.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief Against the Plaintiff, the HOA, and Absolute)

- 29. Counterdefendants specifically admit, deny, and respond to the allegations as plead above of Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim as set forth in the aforementioned paragraphs.
- Counterdefendants deny the allegations contained in paragraph 30 of Counter-Claim.
- 31. Counterdefendants in answer to paragraph 31 of the Counter-Claim, state that the allegations contained therein speak to a legal conclusion and therefore no answer is required. To the extent that an answer is required, Counterdefendants deny each and every allegation contained therein in its entirety.

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Counterdefendants upon which relief can be granted.

- Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred by the Doctrine of Unclean Hands.
- Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred by the Doctrine of Laches.
- Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred by the Doctrine of Estoppel.
- Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred by the Doctrine of Waiver.
- Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred by the statute of limitations.
- The damages allegedly suffered by Counterclaimant, if any, were caused in whole or in part by Counterclaimant's own acts and omissions.
- 8. The damages allegedly suffered by Counterclaimant, if any, were caused in whole or in part by the acts and omissions of parties over whom Counterdefendants have, and had, no control.
- The damages allegedly suffered by Counterclaimant, if any, were caused in whole or in part by the intervening and superseding conduct of others.
- 10. Counterclaimant did not exercise ordinary care, caution, or prudence to avoid the loss it complains about in its Counter-Claim and therefore it directly and proximately caused said losses.
 - 11. Counterdefendants are informed and believe and thereon allege that if there

presently exists or ever existed, any or all of the alleged rights, claims or obligations which Counterclaimant by way of its Counter-Claim alleges, said claims or obligations are unenforceable because Counterclaimant assumed the risk involved in the transaction.

- Counterclaimant's damages were the result of unrelated, pre-existing, or subsequent conditions unrelated to Counterdefendant's conduct.
- 13. Counterclaimant did not exercise ordinary care, caution, or prudence to avoid the loss he complains about in his Counter-Claim and therefore he directly and proximately caused said losses.
- Counterclaimant's claims and allegations are barred by the Doctrine of Assumption of Risk.
- 15. Counterclaimant was at fault in how it conducted its affairs relative to the incident described in Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim. Such fault caused or contributed to the damages complained of in this case.
- Counterdefendants owed no duty to Counterclaimant related to the property at issue which is the subject of its Counter-Claim.
- 17. Any and all damages Counterclaimant may have suffered or will suffer were proximately caused by Counterclaimant's failure to mitigate damages.
- 18. Counterclaimant is bound to exercise reasonable care and diligence to avoid loss and to minimize their damages, if there were any, and that Counterclaimant may not recover for losses which could have been prevented by reasonable efforts on their part or by expenditures that they might reasonably have made.
 - 19. Counterclaimant, with full knowledge of all the facts connected with or relating to

the causes of action alleged in its Counter-Claim, ratified, authorized and confirmed in all respects the acts of these answering Counterdefendants.

- 20. These answering Counterdefendants allege that Counterclaimant failed to perform its conditions precedent.
- 21. That Counterdefendants are informed and believe, and therefore allege, that Counterclaimant's claims are barred in that Counterclaimant is "in pari delicto" with these answering Counterdefendants.
 - 22. Counterclaimant's claims are barred by the statute of frauds.
- 23. In the event there is any recovery by Counterclaimant, the recovery must be offset or reduced, abated or apportioned to the extent that any other party's actions caused or contributed to damages awarded to Counterclaimant.
- 24. Counterdefendants are informed and believe and thereon allege that the claims of Counterclaimant are reduced, modified and/or barred due to the failure of consideration.
- 25. There existed no privity of contract between Counterclaimant and these Counterdefendants and the allegations in the Counter-Claim which are based on an expressed or implied contract or a contract with Counterclaimant as a third-party beneficiary are, therefore, barred because of said lack of privity of contract.
- 26. Counterclaimant's claims against these answering Counterdefendants are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of unilateral and/or mutual mistake.
- 27. Counterdefendants are excused from any and all liability under the facts alleged in Counterclaimant's claims for relief because at all material times, Counterdefendants acted in good faith and conducted all material transactions in good faith.

- 28. That no special, confidential, or fiduciary relation existed between the parties.
- 29. No actual justiciable controversy exists between Counterdefendants and Counterclaimant and thus, Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim must be dismissed as to these Counterdefendants.
- 30. There is no basis for recovery of costs or attorney's fees by Counterclaimant from Counterdefendants.
- 31. Counterclaimant is barred from recovering any special damages herein for failure to specifically allege the types of special damages claimed, pursuant to NRCP Rule 9(g).
- Counterclaimant failed to file and pursue a claim with the responsible governmental agency before filing this lawsuit.
- 33. Counterdefendants performed no acts or omissions that would warrant the imposition of any damages, including exemplary or punitive damages.
- 34. Any damages claimed by Counterclaimant are speculative, are not support by proof and are not compensable as a matter of law.
- 35. Counterdefendants acted properly and in good faith, and in accordance with all duties imposed by law, without malice, either expressed or implied and without oppression.
- 36. Counterdefendants deny each and every allegation of Counterclaimant's Counter-Claim not specifically admitted or otherwise plead herein.
- 37. Counterdefendants hereby incorporate by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as if fully set forth herein. In the event further investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of any such defenses, these Counterdefendants reserve the right to seek leave of court to amend this Answer to specifically

assert any such defenses. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference for the specific purpose of not waiving any such defenses.

38. Pursuant to NRCP 11, these answering Counterdefendants state that all necessary affirmative defenses and possible claims have not been asserted at the present time in this Answer to Counter-Claim, and, therefore, these answering Counterdefendants reserve the right to amend their Answer as discovery proceeds in this matter.

WHEREFORE, Counterdefendants pray for judgment as follows:

- 1. That Counterclaimant take nothing by way of its Counter-Claim on file herein;
- That Counterdefendants recover attorney's fees and costs of suit reasonably incurred herein, and;
 - 3. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: April 8, 2015

CHARLES L. GEISENDORF, LTD.

/s/Charles Geisendorf Charles L. Geisendorf, Esq. (6985)

CLERK OF THE COURT

AACC

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Michael R. Brooks, Esq.

2 Nevada Bar No. 7287

Jessica Perlick, Esq.

3 Nevada Bar No. 13218 BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP

1645 Village Center Circle, Suite 200

Las Vegas, Nevada 89134

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(702) 851-1191

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Email: jperlick@brookshubley.com

Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17,

incorrectly named as BNY Mellon, N.A.

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Plaintiff,

v.

LENA COOK, an individual; BNY
MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a
revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF
AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE
ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION
SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware
corporation; HEIRS OF THE ESTATE

16 corporation; HEIRS OF THE ESTATE
OF LENA COOK; and any and all other
persons unknown claiming any right, title,
estate, lien or interest in the Property
adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or

adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto

(DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

Defendants.

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC; BNY MELLON, N.A.

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210-0122/171908

Case No. A-13-693205-C

Dept. No. VII

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS. AND THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK AS TRUSTEE FOR CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF THE CWABS, INC., ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2005-17'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER, COUNTER-CLAIMS, AND CROSS-CLAIMS AGAINST ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC AND FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Countercl	aimants,
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3 THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII; FOXFIELD COMMUNITY 4 ASSOCIATION; ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC, (ROES 1 through 10, inclusive);

Counterdefendants.

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF THE CWABS, INC., ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2005-17'S FIRST AMENDED ANSWER

COMES NOW, Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. ("MERS") and The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, incorrectly named as BNY Mellon, N.A. ("BNY") (collectively "Defendants") and hereby files its Amended Answer to Plaintiff THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII's ("Plaintiff") Verified Amended Complaint for Quiet Title and Declaratory Relief ("Complaint"), and hereby admits, denies, and alleges as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 1. Answering Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and therefore deny the same.
 - 2. Defendants admit the allegations in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.

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- 3. Answering Paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and therefore deny the same.
- 4. Defendants are unable to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 6 of the Complaint as the allegations to not form a complete sentence.
- 5. Answering Paragraphs 7 and 8 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and therefore deny the same.
 - 6. Defendants admit the allegations in Paragraph 9 of the Complaint.
- 7. Answering Paragraphs 10, 11, 12, and 13, of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and therefore deny the same.
- Answering Paragraph 14, Defendants admit that BNY has a valid interest in 8. the Property and MERS had a valid interest in the Property.
 - 9. Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraphs 15 and 16 of the Complaint.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Quiet Title)

- 10. Answering Paragraph 17 of the Complaint, which incorporates other paragraphs by reference, Defendants incorporate their responses to those paragraphs by this reference as though set forth herein at length.
 - Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraphs 18, 19, and 20 of the Complaint. 11.

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BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP 1645 VILLAGE CENTER CIRCLE, SUITE 200, LAS VEGAS, NV 89134 TELEPHONE: (702) 851-1191 FAX: (702) 851-1198

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SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief)

- 12. Answering Paragraph 17 of the Complaint, which incorporates other paragraphs by reference, Defendants incorporate their responses to those paragraphs by this reference as though set forth herein at length.
 - 13. Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 22 of the Complaint.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

First Affirmative Defense

The complaint, including each claim for relief, fails to state facts sufficient to state a valid claim against Defendants.

Second Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is barred from any recovery against Defendants because it has not been damaged by the conduct alleged in the Complaint.

Third Affirmative Defense

At all times, Defendants acted in accordance with reasonable standards, in good faith, and with ordinary care, and its conduct did not contribute to the alleged damages.

Fourth Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is precluded from recovery against Defendants because it failed to mitigate properly any damages they may have suffered as a result of the conduct alleged in the Complaint.

Fifth Affirmative Defense

Plaintiff's damages, if any, should be offset, in whole or in part, against any damages caused by Plaintiff to Defendants as a result of Plaintiff's conduct.

Page 4 of 25

1210-0122/171908

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Sixth Affirmative Defense

Any damages Plaintiff may have sustained were proximately caused by the acts of persons other than Defendants and, therefore, Plaintiff is not entitled to any relief from Defendants.

Seventh Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff's damages, if any, resulted from the acts or omissions of third parties over whom Defendants had no control. The acts of such third parties constitute intervening or superseding causes of the harm, if any, suffered by the Plaintiff.

Eighth Affirmative Defense

By reason of his own acts, Plaintiff has released and discharged Defendants from the claims alleged.

Ninth Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is barred from any recovery against Defendants by the principles of equity including waiver, laches, and estoppel, so as to preclude in whole or in part, the relief sought in the complaint.

Tenth Affirmative Defense

Plaintiff is barred from claiming its title extinguishes Defendants' interest because the HOA sale was not intended to be an exercise of super-priority lien rights and the HOA sale only conveyed a subordinate interest.

Eleventh Affirmative Defense

The homeowners' association sale by which Plaintiff claims title is void because it was not commercially reasonable and the facts and circumstances regarding the sale of the property to Plaintiff violated the homeowners association's obligation of good faith and Page 5 of 25 1210-0122/171908

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duty to act in a commercially reasonable manner. Thus, Plaintiff's claim of free and clear title to the property is barred.

Twelfth Affirmative Defense

The homeowners' association sale is void because the homeowners' association failed to comply with the requirements of NRS 116 et seq. and other applicable laws. Thus, Plaintiff's claim of free and clear title to the property is barred.

Thirteenth Affirmative Defense

The homeowners' association sale is void because the provisions of NRS 116.31162-116.31168 fail to provide notice of satisfaction of the conditions precedent required for the existence of super-priority lien rights and, as such, violate the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution and the Nevada Constitution.

Fourteenth Affirmative Defense

The homeowners' association sale is void because the "opt-in" notice provisions of NRS 116.3116 et seq. do not require that reasonable and affirmative steps be taken to give actual notice to lenders and other holders of recorded security interests prior to deprivation of their property rights and, as such, violate the Due Process Clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the Due Process Clause of the Nevada Constitution.

Fifteenth Affirmative Defense

Defendants have been required to retain the services of an attorney to defend this claim and have been damaged as a result of this action, in the amount of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred and to be incurred. Defendants are entitled to recover those fees and costs from the Plaintiff.

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Sixteenth Affirmative Defense

Defendant hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. In the event subsequent investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of such defenses, Defendants hereby, reserve their right to seek leave of this Court to amend its answer to specifically assert the same. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference with the specific purpose of not waiving the same.

Seventeenth Affirmative Defense

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon filing of this answer and, therefore, Defendants reserve their right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants their assertion.

Eighteenth Affirmative Defense

The Deed of Trust cannot be extinguished by the HOA foreclosure sale because the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) cannot be applied retroactively.

WHEREFORE, Defendants respectfully requests that this Court:

- 1. Deny each contemplated relief against Defendants;
- 2. Dismiss the claims against Defendants with prejudice;
- 3. Award Defendants the reasonable costs of this litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees; and,
 - Grant Defendants such other and further relief as this Court deems just and Page 7 of 25

BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP
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DATED: May 4, 2016

BROOKS HUBIEY, LLP

By: Michael R. Brooks, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 7287

Jessica Perlick, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 13218

Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, incorrectly named as BNY Mellon, N.A.

Page 8 of 25

BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP 1645 VILLAGE CENTER CIRCLE, SUITE 200, LAS VEGAS, NV 89134 TELEPHONE: (702) 851-1191 FAX: (702) 851-1198

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COUNTERCLAIMS AND CROSS-CLAIMS

Pursuant to NRCP 13(a) and (h), BNY, by and through its attorneys of record, Brooks Hubley, LLP, hereby files these counterclaims against Plaintiff THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII ("Plaintiff"), FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION (the "HOA"), and ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC ("Absolute") and cross-claims against the HOA and Absolute as follows:

PARTIES

- BNY is the beneficiary of a First Deed of Trust on real property located at 588
 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015, APN No. 179-21-116-042 ("Property") by
 way of an Assignment of Deed of Trust which was recorded as document number
 201107210002264 in the Clark County Recorder's Office.
- Upon information and belief, Plaintiff is, and at all relevant times to this Counterclaim, was a domestic limited liability company doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- Upon information and belief, the HOA is a domestic non-profit cooperative corporation doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Absolute is a domestic limited-liability company doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 5. ROE Defendants 1-10 corporations are fictitious names of individuals, partnerships, and anyone claiming any interest to the Property are fictitious names of individuals, partnerships, and other business entities. Such persons' names and capacities are not presently known to BNY. Upon information and belief, such third-party defendants may claim an interest in the Property that is adverse to BNY. When their true names and capacities Page 9 of 25

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are ascertained, BNY will seek leave to amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities and will further ask leave to join such defendants in this action.

BNY'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- 6. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 5, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 7. On October 31, 2005, LENA COOK ("Cook") borrowed \$235,000.00 from SFG Mortgage to purchase the Property. As part of the same transaction, Cook signed a Note secured by a Deed of Trust recorded against the property on November 7, 2005, as document number 20051107-0004168 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.
- 8. The Deed of Trust and Note was assigned to BNY on July 21, 2011, through an Assignment of Deed of Trust recorded as document number 201107210002264 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.

PLAINTIFF'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- 9. The HOA is a homeowner's association that oversees a common-interest community ("Community") that includes the Property.
- 10. The Community is subject to HOA's covenants, conditions, and restrictions, which requires the payment of periodic assessments.
- 11. Absolute is a collection agency authorized by HOA to pursue collections of assessments and foreclosures involving properties in the Community on HOA's behalf.
- 12. On April 12, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a purported lien against the Property by way of a Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien as document number 201104120001730 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.
- On July 18, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a Notice of Default Page 10 of 25 210-0122/171908

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and Election to Sell Under Homeowner's Association Lien as document number 201107180000815. The Notice of Default and Election to Sell Under Homeowner's Association Lien did not comply with NRS 116.31162.

- On or about August 18, 2011, in response to the Notice of Default, the servicer of the Deed of Trust, through counsel at Miles, Bauer, Bergstrom & Winters, LLP, contacted Absolute in an attempt to obtain a payoff ledger detailing the superpriority amount of the HOA's lien.
 - 15. Absolute, however, did not respond to Miles Bauer's payoff request.
- After failing to provide Miles Bauer with payoff information, on October 26, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale against the Property as document number 201110260002684.
- None of the aforementioned notices identified above state that the HOA lien was for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.
- 18. None of the aforementioned notices identified above identified what proportion of the claimed lien were for alleged late fees, interest, fines/violations, or collection fees/costs.
- None of the aforementioned notices identified above specified what proportion of the lien, if any, that the HOA claimed constituted a super-priority lien.
- 20. None of the aforementioned notices identified above specified whether the HOA was foreclosing on a super-priority portion of its lien, if any, or on the sub-priority portion of the lien.

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- 21. None of the aforementioned notices identified above provided any notice of a right to cure.
- 22. None of the aforementioned notices identified above provided notice that BNY's first secured interest on the Property would be foreclosed or extinguished.
- 23. CSC Investment Group, LLC purportedly purchased the Property for \$5,401.00, at a sale held by the HOA and Absolute on June 12, 2012, eight months after the Notice of Sale was recorded. A Trustee's Deed Upon Sale was recorded on June 13, 2012, as document number 201206130002720.
- ON August 17, 2012, CSC Investment Group, LLC subsequently transferred the Property to Thomas Jessup, LLC through a Quitclaim Deed recorded as document number 201208170001801 for \$0.00.
- 25. On May 31, 2013, Thomas Jessup, LLC transferred the Property to Plaintiff through a Quit Claim Deed recorded as document number 201305310004710.
- 26. Upon information and belief, the Property was worth at least \$165,000.00 at the time of the HOA sale.
- 27. The sale price of \$5,401.00 at the HOA Sale was not commercially reasonable when compared to the fair market value of the Property.
- 28. Upon information and belief, prior to the completion of the HOA Sale, HOA or Absolute received payment for the HOA Lien and/or entered into an agreement for such payment.
- 29. BNY is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the HOA was without legal authority to proceed with a foreclosure of the Property.
 - Plaintiff filed the instant lawsuit to quiet title to the Property.

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FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief - Sale Limited to Subordinate Lien Rights)

- 31. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 30, inclusive above, as though the same were set forth at length herein.
- 32. An actual controversy has arisen between BNY and Counter-defendants with respect to the propriety of the HOA Sale.
- 33. NRS 116.3102 authorizes the HOA to exercise discretion in enforcing certain rights under Nev. Rev. Stat. Ch. 116.
- 34. Upon information and belief, the HOA and its agents did not comply with the requirements of establishing a budget pursuant to the provisions of NRS 116.3115 on an annual basis as required by law.
- 35. As a result of the HOA's failure to comply with the budgetary requirements of NRS 116.3115, there was no super-priority lien upon which to foreclose.
- 36. Upon information and belief, Counterdefendants did not confirm whether the valid conditions for super-priority had been met prior to foreclosure.
- 37. Upon information and belief, the HOA Sale was not intended to be an exercise of super-priority lien rights and as such, the sale only conveyed the subordinate lien interest.
- 38. The Notice of Default failed to describe the deficiency in payment as required by NRS 116.31162, including without limitation, the failure to recite compliance with the provisions of NRS 116.3115.
- 39. The Notice of Sale failed to state that the HOA's lien was for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115, which

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would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.

- The Notice of Sale failed to identify "the amount necessary to satisfy the lien as 40. of the date of the proposed sale" as required by NRS 116.311635 and NRS 116.3116.
- 41. Upon information and belief, Absolute, as purported agent for the HOA, could not confirm or verify the presence of a super-priority lien, and did not confirm or verify the HOA's intent to exercise such rights.
- 42. BNY contends that the HOA did not intend to enforce super-priority lien rights. As such, BNY contends that the HOA only foreclosed on a subordinate lien and the Deed of Trust remains valid and enforceable.
- A judicial determination of the above contentions is necessary to resolve the 43. validity of the HOA Sale and the status of the ownership of the Property.
 - 44. BNY does not have a plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.
- 45. A declaration of rights and duties of the parties is necessary and appropriate at this time, so the parties may ascertain their rights and avoid the multiplicity of actions that would otherwise ensue.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief – Insufficient Notices Under NRS 116.31162-116.31168)

- 46. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 45, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 47. An actual controversy has arisen between BNY and Counter-defendants with respect to the propriety of the HOA Sale.

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- 48. Counter-defendants contend that the HOA Lien was a super-priority lien under Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 49. Counter-defendants contend that the HOA Sale eliminated the Deed of Trust and therefore resulted in the transfer of clear title to the Property to CSC Investment Group, LLC.
- BNY alleges that the HOA has the exclusive right to enforce the super-priority 50. lien and only upon the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent to the creation of the super-priority lien including the annual adoption a budget as required by section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 51. The HOA and its agents did not comply with the requirements of establishing a budget pursuant to the provisions of NRS 116.3115 on an annual basis as required by law.
- 52. As a result of the HOA's failure to comply with the budgetary requirements of NRS 116.3115, there was no super-priority lien upon which to foreclose.
- 53. Second, prior to the completion of the HOA Sale, HOA or Absolute received payment for the HOA Lien and/or entered into an agreement for such payment.
- 54. Upon information and belief, BNY contends that the purported HOA Sale was conducted by someone other than the HOA and/or its agents without legal authority to do SO.
- 55. Upon information and belief, BNY alleges that the Notice of Default failed to describe the deficiency in payment as required by section 116.31162 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, including without limitation, the failure to recite compliance with the provisions of section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

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- 56 BNY contends that the Notice of Sale failed to state that the HOA Lien was for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.
- 57. BNY further contends that the Notice of Sale failed to identify "the amount necessary to satisfy the lien as of the date of the proposed sale" as required by sections 116.311635 and 116.3116 of the Nevada Revised Statues.
- 58. BNY contends that HOA lacked authority to conduct the HOA Sale on the super-priority lien due to HOA's failure to comply with the provisions of section 116.3115 during the relevant period of delinquency.
- 59. BNY contends that, as a direct result of HOA and Absolute's failure to comply with the requirements of Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, CSC Investment Group, LLC was allegedly the highest bidder and purchased the Property well below fair market value at the HOA Sale in a commercially unreasonable manner.
- 60. In light of the aforementioned allegations, BNY contends that the HOA Sale had no effect on the Deed of Trust by operation of law.
- 61. BNY is entitled to an order declaring (a) the HOA Sale void as a matter of law and therefore having no affect on BNY's interest in the Property or (2) Plaintiff's purchase of the Property subject to the Deed of Trust.
- 62. A judicial determination of the above contentions is necessary to resolve the validity of the HOA Sale and the status of the ownership of the Property.
 - BNY does not have a plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

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A declaration of the rights and duties of the parties is necessary and appropriate at this time, so the parties may ascertain their rights and avoid the multiplicity of actions that would otherwise ensue.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief – Constitutionality of NRS 116.31162-116.31168)

- BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 64, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- An actual controversy has arisen between BNY and Counter-defendants with respect to the propriety of the HOA Sale.
- 67. BNY contends that the provisions of NRS 116.31162-116.31168 are unconstitutional for the purposes of providing notice of the conditions precedent to the existence of super-priority lien rights and are unconstitutionally vague.
- 68. BNY contends that the "opt-in" notice provisions of NRS 1163116 et seq. do not mandate that reasonable and affirmative steps be taken to give actual notice to lenders and other holders of recorded security interests prior to a deprivation of their property rights and, as such, violate the Due Process Clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the Due Process Clause of the Nevada Constitution.
- 69. In light of the aforementioned allegations, the HOA Sale had no effect on the Deed of Trust by operation of law.
- 70. BNY is entitled to an order declaring (a) the HOA Sale void as a matter of law and therefore having no effect on the Deed of Trust or (b) Plaintiff's purchase of the Property is subject to the Deed of Trust.

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- 71. BNY therefore contends that Plaintiff's interest in the Property is either (a) void or (b) subject to the Deed of Trust.
- A judicial determination of the above contentions is necessary to resolve the validity of the HOA Sale and the status of the ownership of the Property.
 - 73. BNY does not have a plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.
- 74. A declaration of the rights and duties of the parties is necessary and appropriate at this time, so the parties may ascertain their rights and avoid the multiplicity of actions that would otherwise ensue.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Quiet Title)

- 75. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 74, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 76. Plaintiff contends that it owns the Property, free and clear of BNY's Deed of Trust by virtue of the HOA sale.
 - 77. Plaintiff has asserted a claim to the Property adverse to the interest of BNY.
- 78. As the current beneficiary of record under the Deed of Trust, BNY retained its interest in the Property after the HOA sale.
- 79. BNY seeks judgment-quieting title, such that BNY remains fully vested of all rights, title, and interest in the Property by way of its Deed of Trust.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Unjust Enrichment Against the HOA)

80. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 79, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.

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- 81. Under NRS 116.3116(2), a homeowner's association's lien is split into two pieces: one which has super-priority, and another which is subordinate to the first deed of trust.
- 82. The portion of the lien with super-priority consists of only the last nine months of assessments for common expenses incurred prior to the institution of an action to enforce the lien. The remainder of a homeowner's association's lien is subordinate to a first deed of trust.
- 83. Prior to the foreclosure sale, Miles Bauer attempted to obtain the super-priority amount from Absolute in an effort to tender payment of this amount to protect its interest in the Property.
- Absolute, as agent for the HOA, failed to provide Miles Bauer with the super-84. priority amount or to otherwise respond to Miles Bauer's payoff request.
- 85. Instead, Absolute foreclosed on the Property. This allowed the HOA to sell the property at the foreclosure sale for \$5,401.00, less than 3% of the original amount of the Deed of Trust.
- 86. By foreclosing on the Property rather than providing Miles Bauer with the super-priority amount, the HOA was unjustly enriched in an amount at least equal to the difference between the true super-priority portion of its lien and the amount the HOA actually recovered from the foreclosure proceeds.
- 87. BNY is entitled to a reasonable amount of the benefits obtained by the HOA based on a theory of unjust enrichment.
- BNY was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and is 88. therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

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SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Unjust Enrichment Against Absolute, the HOA Trustee)

- 89. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 88, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 90. By refusing to provide Miles Bauer with the super-priority amount necessary to prevent foreclosure, Absolute provided itself with the opportunity to perform many additional services relating to the foreclosure on behalf of the HOA.
- 91. Consequently, Absolute has been unjustly enriched by refusing in bad faith to provide Miles Bauer with the super-priority amount. Absolute has been unjustly enriched in an amount at least equal to Absolute's charges for services rendered after the attempted tender; services that would have been unnecessary if Absolute had provided Miles Bauer with the super-priority amount and accepted the tender.
- 92. BNY is entitled to a reasonable amount of the benefits obtained by Absolute based on a theory of unjust enrichment.
- 93. BNY was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and is therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Tortious Interference with Contractual Relations Against the HOA and Absolute)

- 94. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 93, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 95. On or about October 31, 2005, the borrower executed a Deed of Trust of trust in favor of SFG Mortgage. This Deed of Trust was subsequently assigned to BNY via an Assignment of Deed of Trust, recorded on July 21, 2011.

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- 96. On July 18, 2011, Absolute, as agent for the HOA, recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell.
- On or about August 18, 2011, in an effort to protect the first Deed of Trust, Miles Bauer reached out to Absolute to obtain a payoff ledger, seeking to determine the portion of the HOA's lien which had super-priority over the first Deed of Trust.
- 98. Rather than provide the pay-off ledger, the HOA, through Absolute, foreclosed on the Property. The HOA sold the Property for \$5,401.00, less than 3% of the original amount of BNY's first Deed of Trust.
- The HOA and Absolute's decision to foreclose on the Property rather than provide Miles Bauer with the super-priority amount—which would have prevented foreclosure—was designed to disrupt the contractual relationship between BNY and the Borrower by extinguishing BNY's first Deed of Trust.
- 100. The HOA and Absolute's purported super-priority foreclosure allowed the HOA to recover the full value of its delinquent assessment lien rather than just the amount of the lien with super-priority over BNY's first Deed of Trust.
- 101. While Absolute's failure to provide the super-priority amount and subsequent foreclosure sale allowed the HOA to recover the full value of its lien, it has put the first priority position of BNY's Deed of Trust with an original amount of \$235,000.00 in dispute.
- 102. BNY is entitled to an order establishing that its Deed of Trust is the senior lien encumbering the Property or, in the alternative, monetary damages equal to the value secured by its first Deed of Trust that was purportedly extinguished as a direct result of the HOA and Absolute's intentional acts.

103. BNY was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and is therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Breach of the Duty of Good Faith Against the HOA and Absolute)

- 104. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 103, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 105. NRS 116.1113 provides that every duty governed by NRS 116, the Common-Interest Ownership Uniform Act, must be performed in good faith.
- 106. Prior to the foreclosure of the Property, and in an attempt to prevent foreclosure, Miles Bauer, counsel for the servicer of the first Deed of Trust, attempted to obtain the full super-priority amount from Absolute on or about August 18, 2011. Absolute, acting on behalf of the HOA, refused to provide this information.
- 107. Rather than provide the super-priority amount and accept a payment that would satisfy its super-priority lien, the HOA and Absolute determined in bad faith to foreclose on the Property pursuant to NRS 116.
- 108. This bad-faith foreclosure allowed the HOA to recover the full value of its lien for delinquent assessments, rather than the portion of the lien with priority over BNY's first Deed of Trust. As a result, the first priority position of BNY's Deed of Trust with an original amount of \$235,000.00 in dispute.
- 109. BNY is entitled to an order establishing that its Deed of Trust is the senior lien encumbering the Property or, in the alternative, monetary damages equal to the value secured by its first Deed of Trust that was purportedly extinguished as a direct result of the HOA and Absolute's bad-faith foreclosure.

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110. BNY was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and is therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Wrongful Foreclosure Against the HOA and ACS)

- 111. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 110, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 112. Prior to the HOA's foreclosure sale, Miles Bauer attempted to obtain the superpriority amount of the HOA's lien from Absolute so that it could tender the super-priority amount. Absolute, acting on behalf of the HOA, refused to provide this information.
- 113. Miles Bauer's tender attempt extinguished the super-priority portion of the HOA's lien. Consequently, Absolute's foreclosure of the super-priority portion of its lien was wrongful, as the Borrower would not have been in default for that portion of the lien if Absolute would have given Miles Bauer the opportunity to tender the super-priority amount prior to the foreclosure sale.
- 114. The HOA and Absolute's wrongful foreclosure has put the first priority position of BNY's first Deed of Trust with an original amount of \$235,000.00 in dispute.
- 115. BNY is entitled to an order establishing that its Deed of Trust is the senior lien encumbering the Property or, in the alternative, monetary damages equal to the value secured by its first Deed of Trust that was purportedly extinguished as a direct result of the HOA and Absolute's wrongful foreclosure.
- 116. BNY was required to retain an attorney to prosecute this action, and is therefore entitled to collect its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

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PRAYER

WHEREFORE, BNY respectfully prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. That Plaintiff takes nothing by way of the Complaint on file herein;
- 2. A declaration of the invalidity of the HOA Sale;
- A declaration that BNY is the beneficiary of record of a first position
 Deed of Trust on the Property as against all other claimants;
- 4. For an adjudication quieting title, declaring that all rights, claims, ownership, liens, titles and demands of Plaintiff are subject to the Deed of Trust;
- 5. For a preliminary and permanent injunction that the HOA and its purported agents are prohibited from initiating or continuing foreclosure proceedings on the Property;
- 6. A declaration that the provisions of Nev. Rev. Stat. 116.31162-116.31168 are unconstitutional for the purposes of providing notice of the conditions precedent to the existence of super-priority lien rights and are unconstitutionally vague;
- 7. A declaration that the "opt-in" notice provisions of NRS 1163116 et seq. violate the Due Process Clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution and the Due Process Clause of the Nevada Constitution;
- 8. For actual damages for any losses suffered by BNY as a result of the conduct of Counter-defendants;
- 9. Judgment in BNY's favor against the HOA for the damages it caused BNY in excess of \$10,000;
 - 10. Judgment in BNY's favor against Absolute for the damages it caused Page 24 of 25

BNY in excess of \$10,000;

- 11. That BNY be awarded a reasonable sum as and for its attorneys' fees and costs incurred in defending this claim; and
 - 12. Any other relief that this Court may deem just and proper.

DATED. May 4, 2016

By:

Michael R. Brooks, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7287 Jessica Perlick, Esq.

BROOKS HUBLEY).

Nevada Bar No. 13218

Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, incorrectly named as BNY Mellon, N.A.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am employed in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, am over the age of 18 years and not a party to this action. My business address is Brooks Hubley LLP, 1645 Village Center Circle, Suite 200, Las Vegas, Nevada 89134.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this day, pursuant to Eighth Judicial District Court Administrative Order 14-2 and EDCR 8.05(i), I electronically served, via the Eighth Judicial District Court electronic filing system and in place of service by mail, MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK AS TRUSTEE FOR THE CERTIFICATEHOLDERS OF THE CWABS, INC., ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2005-17'S, FIRST AMENDED ANSWER, COUNTER-CLAIMS, AND **CROSS-CLAIMS AGAINST** ABSOLUTE FOXFIELD COMMUNITY COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC AND **ASSOCIATION** on the following parties and those parties listed on the Court's Master List in said action: (NOTE: All parties not registered pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2 have been served by mail.):

Akerman LLP

Contact

Contact	Eman
Akerman Las Vegas Office	akermanlas@akerman.com
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1 Charles L. Geisendorf, Ltd. Contact **Email** Catharine Bastunas catharine@clgltd.com 2 Charles L. Geisendorf, Esq. charles@clgltd.com 3 Richard L. Tobler, Ltd. Contact **Email** 4 Richard Tobler rltltdck@hotmail.com 5 I also certify that the attached document was served via U.S. Mail, First Class, on the 6 following parties who is not a registered user of the Electronic Filing System: 8 State of Nevada Attorney General's Office Grant Sawyer Building 555 East Washington Avenue 9 Suite #3900 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 10 11 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the 12 foregoing is true and correct. 13 Executed this _____ day of May, 2016 at Las Vegas, Nevada. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

CLERK OF THE COURT

ANAC

Michael R. Brooks, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 7287

Christopher A.J. Swift, Esq.

Nevada Bar No. 11291

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Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.

and BNY Mellon, N.A.

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Plaintiff,

v.

13 LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE **ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION** SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation; 16 HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK: and any and all other persons unknown

claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

19 Defendants.

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21 MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC; BNY 22 MELLON, N.A.

Counterclaimants,

Case No. A-13-693205-C

Dept. No. XIV

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND BNY MELLON, N.A.'S ANSWER TO VERIFIIED AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR QUIET TITLE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Page 1 of 13

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1 vs. 2 THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII; FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION: ||ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC, (ROES 1 through 10, inclusive); Counterdefendants. 5

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND BNY MELLON, N.A.'S ANSWER TO VERIFIIED AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR QUIET TITLE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF

COMES NOW, Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS. 10 INC. ("MERS") and BNY MELLON, N.A. ("BNY") (collectively "Defendants") and hereby files its Answer to Plaintiff THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII's ("Plaintiff") Verified Amended 12 Complaint for Quiet Title and Declaratory Relief ("Complaint"), and hereby admits, denies, and 13 alleges as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 1. Answering Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient 16 knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and 17 therefore deny the same.
 - 2. Defendants admit the allegations in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint.
- 3. Answering Paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient 20 knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and 21 therefore deny the same.
- Defendants are unable to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 6 of the 23 Complaint as the allegations to not form a complete sentence.

BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP	645 VILLAGE CENTER CIRCLE, SUITE 200, LAS VEGAS, NV 89134	TELEPHONE: (702) 851-1191 FAX: (702) 851-1198
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- 5. Answering Paragraphs 7 and 8 of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient 2 knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained therein and 3 therefore deny the same.
 - 6. Defendants admit the allegations in Paragraph 9 of the Complaint.
- 7. Answering Paragraphs 10, 11, 12, and 13, of the Complaint, Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained 7 therein and therefore deny the same.
- Answering Paragraph 14, Defendants admit that BNY has a valid interest in the 8. 9 Property and MERS had a valid interest in the Property.
 - 9. Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraphs 15 and 16 of the Complaint.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Quiet Title)

- 10. Answering Paragraph 17 of the Complaint, which incorporates other paragraphs by 14 reference, Defendants incorporate their responses to those paragraphs by this reference as though set 15 forth herein at length.
 - 11. Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraphs 18, 19, and 20 of the Complaint.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief)

- 12. Answering Paragraph 17 of the Complaint, which incorporates other paragraphs by 20 reference, Defendants incorporate their responses to those paragraphs by this reference as though set 21 forth herein at length.
 - 13. Defendants deny the allegations in Paragraph 22 of the Complaint.

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AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

First Affirmative Defense

The complaint, including each claim for relief, fails to state facts sufficient to state a valid claim against Defendants.

Second Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is barred from any recovery against Defendants because it has not been harmed by the conduct alleged in the Complaint.

Third Affirmative Defense

At all times, Defendants acted in accordance with reasonable standards, in good faith, and with ordinary care, and its conduct did not contribute to the alleged harm.

Fourth Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is precluded from recovery against Defendants because it failed to mitigate properly any harm they may have suffered as a result of the conduct alleged in the Complaint.

Fifth Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff's harm, if any, resulted from the acts or omissions of third parties over whom Defendants had no control. The acts of such third parties constitute intervening or superseding causes of the harm, if any, suffered by the Plaintiff.

Sixth Affirmative Defense

The Plaintiff is barred from any recovery against Defendants by the principles of equity including waiver, laches, and estoppel, so as to preclude in whole or in part, the relief sought in the complaint.

Seventh Affirmative Defense

The sale where Plaintiff acquired the Property is commercially unreasonable.

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Eighth Affirmative Defense

Defendant has been required to retain the services of an attorney to defend this claim and has been damaged as a result of this action, in the amount of its attorneys' fees and costs incurred and to be incurred. Defendant is entitled to recover those fees and costs from the Plaintiff.

Ninth Affirmative Defense

Defendant hereby incorporates by reference those affirmative defenses enumerated in Rule 8 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. In the event subsequent investigation or discovery reveals the applicability of such defenses, Defendants hereby, reserve their right to seek leave of this Court to amend its answer to specifically assert the same. Such defenses are herein incorporated by reference with the specific purpose of not waiving the same.

Tenth Affirmative Defense

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon filing of this answer and, therefore, Defendants reserve their right to amend their answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants their assertion.

WHEREFORE, Defendants respectfully requests that this Court:

- 1. Deny each contemplated relief against Defendants;
- 2. Dismiss the claims against Defendants with prejudice;
- Award Defendants the reasonable costs of this litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees; and,

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Grant Defendants such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.
 DATED: February 19, 2015

BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP

By:

Michael R. Brooks, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 7287
Christopher A.J. Swift, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 11291
Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage
Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.
and BNY Mellon, N.A.

COUNTERCLAIM

Pursuant to NRCP 13(a) and (h), BNY MELLON, N.A. ("BNY"), by and through its attorneys of record, Brooks Hubley, LLP, hereby demands declaratory relief against Plaintiff THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII ("Plaintiff"), FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION (the "HOA"), and ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC ("Absolute"), and quiet title against Plaintiff, as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. BNY is the beneficiary of a First Deed of Trust on real property located at 588 Bugle Bluff Road, Henderson, Nevada 89015, APN No. 179-21-116-042 ("Property") by way of an Assignment of Deed of Trust which was recorded as document number 201107210002264 in the Clark County Recorder's Office.
- Upon information and belief, Plaintiff is, and at all relevant times to this Counterclaim, was a domestic limited liability company doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- Upon information and belief, the HOA is a domestic non-profit cooperative corporation doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
 - 4. Upon information and belief, Absolute is a domestic limited-liability company doing

business in Clark County, Nevada.

5. ROE Defendants 1-10 corporations are fictitious names of individuals, partnerships, and anyone claiming any interest to the Property are fictitious names of individuals, partnerships, and other business entities. Such persons' names and capacities are not presently known to BNY. Upon information and belief, such third-party defendants may claim an interest in the Property that is adverse to BNY. When their true names and capacities are ascertained, BNY will seek leave to amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities and will further ask leave to join such defendants in this action.

BNY'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 5, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 7. On October 31, 2005, LENA COOK ("Cook") borrowed \$235,000.00 from SFG Mortgage to purchase the Property. As part of the same transaction, Cook signed a Note secured by a Deed of Trust recorded against the property on November 7, 2005, as document number 20051107-0004168 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.
- 8. The Deed of Trust and Note was assigned to BNY on July 21, 2011, through an Assignment of Deed of Trust recorded as document number 201107210002264 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.

PLAINTIFF'S INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY

- 9. The HOA is a homeowner's association that oversees a common-interest community ("Community") that includes the Property.
- 10. The Community is subject to HOA's covenants, conditions, and restrictions, which requires the payment of periodic assessments.

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- 11. Absolute is a collection agency authorized by HOA to pursue collections of assessments and foreclosures involving properties in the Community on HOA's behalf.
- On April 12, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a purported lien against 12. the Property by way of a Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien as document number 201104120001730 in the Official Records of Clark County, Nevada.
- 13. On July 18, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell Under Homeowner's Association Lien as document number 201107180000815. The Notice of Default and Election to Sell Under Homeowner's Association Lien did not comply with NRS 116,31162.
- 14. On October 26, 2011, the HOA, through Absolute, recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale against the Property as document number 201110260002684.
- 15. None of the aforementioned notices identified above state that the HOA lien was for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.
- 16. None of the aforementioned notices identified above identified what proportion of the claimed lien were for alleged late fees, interest, fines/violations, or collection fees/costs.
- 17. None of the aforementioned notices identified above specified what proportion of the lien, if any, that the HOA claimed constituted a super-priority lien.
- 18. None of the aforementioned notices identified above specified whether the HOA was foreclosing on a super-priority portion of its lien, if any, or on the sub-priority portion of the lien.
 - 19. None of the aforementioned notices identified above provided any notice of a right

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to cure.

- 20. None of the aforementioned notices identified above provided notice that BNY's first secured interest on the Property would be foreclosed or extinguished.
- 21. CSC Investment Group, LLC purportedly purchased the Property for \$5,401.00, at a sale held by the HOA and Absolute on June 12, 2012, eight months after the Notice of Sale was recorded. A Trustee's Deed Upon Sale was recorded on June 13, 2012, as document number 201206130002720.
- 22. ON August 17, 2012, CSC Investment Group, LLC subsequently transferred the Property to Thomas Jessup, LLC through a Quitclaim Deed recorded as document number 201208170001801 for \$0.00.
- 23. On May 31, 2013, Thomas Jessup, LLC transferred the Property to Plaintiff through a Quit Claim Deed recorded as document number 201305310004710.
- 24. Upon information and belief, the Property was worth at least \$165,000.00 at the time of the HOA sale.
- 25. The sale price of \$5,401.00 at the HOA Sale was not commercially reasonable when compared to the fair market value of the Property.
- 26. Upon information and belief, prior to the completion of the HOA Sale, HOA or Absolute received payment for the HOA Lien and/or entered into an agreement for such payment.
- 27. BNY is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the HOA was without legal authority to proceed with a foreclosure of the Property.
 - 28. Plaintiff filed the instant lawsuit to quiet title to the Property.

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FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Declaratory Relief Against the Plaintiff, the HOA, and Absolute)

- 29. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 28, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 30. An actual controversy has arisen between BNY and Counter-defendants with respect to the propriety of the HOA Sale.
- Counter-defendants contend that the HOA Lien was a super-priority lien under
 Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 32. Counter-defendants contend that the HOA Sale eliminated the Deed of Trust and therefore resulted in the transfer of clear title to the Property to CSC Investment Group, LLC.
- 33. BNY alleges that the HOA has the exclusive right to enforce the super-priority lien and only upon the satisfaction of certain conditions precedent to the creation of the super-priority lien including the annual adoption a budget as required by section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.
- 34. The HOA and its agents did not comply with the requirements of establishing a budget pursuant to the provisions of NRS 116.3115 on an annual basis as required by law.
- 35. As a result of the HOA's failure to comply with the budgetary requirements of NRS 116.3115, there was no super-priority lien upon which to foreclose.
- 36. Second, prior to the completion of the HOA Sale, HOA or Absolute received payment for the HOA Lien and/or entered into an agreement for such payment.
- 37. Upon information and belief, BNY contends that the purported HOA Sale was conducted by someone other than the HOA and/or its agents without legal authority to do so.

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Upon information and belief, BNY alleges that the Notice of Default failed to 38. describe the deficiency in payment as required by section 116.31162 of Nevada Revised Statutes, including without limitation, the failure to recite compliance with the provisions of section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes.

- BNY contends that the Notice of Sale failed to state that the HOA Lien was for common expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association pursuant to section 116.3115 of the Nevada Revised Statutes which would have become due in the absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien.
- BNY further contends that the Notice of Sale failed to identify "the amount necessary 40. to satisfy the lien as of the date of the proposed sale" as required by sections 116.311635 and 116.3116 of the Nevada Revised Statues.
- BNY contends that HOA lacked authority to conduct the HOA Sale on the super-41. priority lien due to HOA's failure to comply with the provisions of section 116.3115 during the relevant period of delinquency.
- BNY contends that, as a direct result of HOA and Absolute's failure to comply with 42. the requirements of Chapter 116 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, CSC Investment Group, LLC was allegedly the highest bidder and purchased the Property well below fair market value at the HOA Sale in a commercially unreasonable manner.
- In light of the aforementioned allegations, BNY contends that the HOA Sale had no 43. effect on the Deed of Trust by operation of law.
- BNY is entitled to an order declaring (a) the HOA Sale void as a matter of law and 44. therefore having no affect on BNY's interest in the Property or (2) Plaintiff's purchase of the Property subject to the Deed of Trust.

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- 45. A judicial determination of the above contentions is necessary to resolve the validity of the HOA Sale and the status of the ownership of the Property.
 - 46. BNY does not have a plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.
- 47. A declaration of the rights and duties of the parties is necessary and appropriate at this time, so the parties may ascertain their rights and avoid the multiplicity of actions that would otherwise ensure.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(Quiet Title Against Plaintiff)

- 48. BNY incorporates paragraphs 1 through 47, inclusive above, as if the same were set forth at length herein.
 - 49. Plaintiff claims ownership of the Property, free and clear of BNY's Deed of Trust.
- 50. BNY seeks judgment-quieting title, such that BNY remains fully vested of all rights, title, and interest in the Property by way of its Deed of Trust.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, BNY respectfully prays for judgment as follows:

- 1. That Plaintiff takes nothing by way of the Complaint on file herein;
- 2. A declaration of the invalidity of the HOA Sale;
- A declaration of the rights and duties of the parties as to their competing claims to the Property;
- 4. Reasonable attorneys' fees;
- Costs of suit; and,

Any other relief that this Court may de	em just and proper.
---	---------------------

DATED: February 19, 2015

BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP

By:

Michael R. Brooks, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 7287 Christopher A.J. Swift, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 11291

Attorneys for the Defendants, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and BNY Mellon, N.A.

Page 13 of 13

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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Richard L. Tobler, Esq. RICHARD L. TOBLER, LTD.

Nevada Bar No. 4070

3654 N. Rancho Drive, Suite 102

Las Vegas, Nevada 89130-3179 Telephone: (702) 256-6000

Attorney for Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant,

Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII, a Nevada limited liability company,

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Plaintiff,

VS.

LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation; HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive),

Defendants.

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC; BNY MELLON, N.A.,

Counter-Claimants,

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THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII; FOXFIELD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION; ABSOLUTE COLLECTION SERVICES, LLC (ROES 1 through 10 inclusive),

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Counter-Defendants.

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Plaintiff/Counter-Defendant, THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII, ("Jessup"), hereby

Case No.: A-13-693205 -C

Dept. No.: VII

PLAINTIFF/COUNTER-DEFENDANT'S REPLY TO MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND BNY MELLON, N.A.'S COUNTERCLAIM

pleads and replies to Defendant/Counter-claimant MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., and BNY MELLON BANK, N.A.'s (collectively "MERS") Counter-claim as follows:

- 1. This answering Defendant is without sufficient information or knowledge upon which to base a belief as to the truth or falsity of paragraphs 1, 3 through 5, 7 through 14, 16 through 19, 21 through 26, 31, 33, 34, 36 through 40 and 42 of MERS Counterclaim, and therefore denies said allegations in their entirety.
- 2. Jessup denies the allegations set forth in paragraphs 15, 20, 27, 30, 35, 41, 43 through 47 and 50 of MERS' Counterclaim.
- Jessup admits the allegations within paragraphs 2, 28, 32 and 49 of MERS'
 Counterclaim.
- 4. In answering paragraph 6 of MERS' Counterclaim, Jessup incorporates its responses to paragraphs 1 through 6 of MERS' Counterclaim as though fully set forth herein.
- 5. In answering paragraph 29 of MERS' Counterclaim, Jessup incorporates its responses to paragraphs 1 through 28 of MERS' Counterclaim as though fully set forth herein.
- In answering paragraph 48 of MERS' Counterclaim, Jessup incorporates its responses to paragraphs 1 through 47 of MERS' Counterclaim as though fully set forth herein.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS' Counterclaims fail to state claims upon which relief may be granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS' Counterclaims are barred by the doctrine of laches.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS has waived, by conduct or otherwise any claims against Jessup.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS' claims are barred by reason of its unclean hands.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS' damages, if any, were caused in whole or in part, or were contributed to, by reason of the acts, omissions, negligence and/or intentional misconduct of MERS and its agents.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

At all times, Jessup and other Counter-defendants (Third Party Defendants) acted in accordance with applicable law and in good faith at all times material herein, based upon all relevant facts and circumstances known by it at the time it so acted and, accordingly, MERS is barred from any recovery in this action.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS has failed to timely set aside the foreclosure sale conducted by HOA's trustee.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS failed to mitigate its damages by not (a) inquiring with the foreclosing trustee of the amount required to cure the super-priority lien, and (b) paying said amount.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The HOA sold the subject property in accordance with applicable law, and any claim of MERS arising because of discrepancies between the bid price and fair value have no application to the Counterclaims.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

At all times relevant to the Counterclaim, Counter-defendants acted in a reasonable manner, dealing fairly and in good faith, and acted without intent to inflict harm or damage.

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ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS's claims are barred as a result of MERS's own actions and inactions, or the actions or inactions of third party agents of MERS.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any and all damages sustained by MERS, if any, are the result of negligence, breach of contract and breach of warranty, express or implied of third-parties over whom Jessup and other Counter-defendants have no control.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The loss, damages, costs and attorneys fees suffered by MERS was the result of its own acts, negligence, omissions or wrongdoing in failing to act after receipt of foreclosure notices.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS' failure to respond to the legal notices provided to it resulted in the Property being sold under a super-priority lien which extinguished any mortgage interest previously held by MERS.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

There are no requirements of the applicable statutes to set forth the detail in foreclosure notices averred to by MERS in its Counterclaims.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Because of equity and good conscience, MERS is estopped from asserting its claims legal rights under the purchase agreement.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

MERS has suffered no legal, cognizable harm or damages as a result of any wrongful conduct of the Counter-defendants.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

All affirmative defenses set forth in NRCP 8(c) are incorporated herein by reference.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

At all times relevant to the Counterclaim, Counter-defendants acted pursuant to all of its obligations, and was justified or privileged in its actions.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any conduct on the part of Counter-defendants was not the cause of Plaintiff's alleged losses or damages, the existence of which is denied, relieving Counter-defendants from any liability.

TWENTY FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Recovery against Jessup would unjustly enrich MERS in that the losses, if any at all, and each and every wrong of which MERS complains, occurred by virtue of its or third parties' conduct.

TWENTY SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The conduct of the Counter-defendants conformed to the law.

TWENTY THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

By virtue of the acts, deeds, conduct and/or the failure or omission to act under the circumstances, MERS waived its rights, if any existed, to assert the claims against the replying replying Counter-defendants.

TWENTY FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Pursuant to NRCP 11, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein, insofar as sufficient facts were not available after reasonable inquiry upon filing of this

Reply to Counterclaim, therefore, Jessup reserves the right to amend its Reply to add affirmative defenses should the necessity arise.

WHEREFORE, Counter-Defendant prays as follows:

- a. That MERS take nothing by reason of its Counterclaim on file herein;
- b. That the Court order MERS to pay Jessup's attorneys fees and costs of suit;
- For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.

DATED this 23rd day of March, 2015.

RICHARD L. TOPLER, LTD.

Ву:

Richard L. Tobler, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 4070
3654 N. Rancho Drive, Suite 102
Las Vegas, Nevada 89130-3179
Telephone: (702) 256-6000
Attorney for Counter-defendant,
Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that, on the 23rd day of March, 2015 and pursuant to N.R.C.P.
3	5(b), I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing PLAINTIFF/COUNTER-DEFENDANT'S
4	REPLY TO MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC. AND BNY
5	
6	MELLON, N.A.'S COUNTERCLAIM, upon the parties listed below in the following manner:
7	[] Hand Delivery
8	[] Facsimile Transmission
9	[] U.S. Mail, Postage Pre-Paid
10	[X] Via the Wiznet E-Service-generated "Service Notification of Filing" upon all parties/counsel set up to receive notice via electronic service in this matter.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Darren T. Brenner, Esq. William S. Habdas, Esq. AKERMAN, LLC 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 Telephone: (702) 634-5000 Facsimile: (702) 380-8572 Email: darren.brenner@akerman.com Email: william.habdas@akerman.com Attorneys for Defendant Bank of America, N.A.
20 21 22 23 24	Michael R. Brooks, Esq. BROOKS HUBLEY, LLP 1645 Village Center Circle, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Defendants, BNY Mellon, N.A. and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.
25 26	Chei Krund

Cheri L. Kremenek, an employee of RICHARD L. TOBLER, LTD.

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IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATIONS SYSTEMS, INC.; and THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON; Electronically Filed Jan 16 2018 12:45 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Appellants,

Case No. 73785

VS.

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Respondent.

APPEAL

from the Eighth Judicial District Court, Department VII The Honorable Linda Marie Bell, District Judge District Court Case No. A-13-693205-C

APPELLANT'S INDEX TO APPENDIX - VOLUME I

DARREN T. BRENNER, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 8386
WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ.
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Akerman LLP, and that on

the 3rd day of January, 2018, I caused to be served a true and correct copy of the

foregoing APPELLANT'S INDEX TO APPENDIX, in the following manner:

(ELECTRONIC SERVICE) The above referenced document was

electronically filed on the date hereof with the Clerk of the Court for the Supreme

Court of the State of Nevada by using the Court's CM/ECF system and served

through the Court's Notice of electronic filing system automatically generated to

those parties registered on the Court's Master E-Service List.

RICHARD TOBLER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 4070

3654 N. Rancho Drive, Suite 102 Las Vegas, NV 89130

Attorney for Respondent Michael Jessup, LLC Series VII

/s/ Carla Llarena

An employee of AKERMAN LLP

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REGISTER OF ACTIONS

CASE No. A-13-693205-C

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§

Thomas Jessup LLC Series VII, Plaintiff(s) vs. Lena Cook, Defendant(s)

Case Type: Title to Property Subtype: **Quiet Title** Date Filed: 12/16/2013 Location: Department 7 Cross-Reference Case Number: A693205 Supreme Court No.: 73785

	PARTY INFORMATION	
Counter Claimant	BNY Mellon	Lead Attorneys William S. Habdas Retained 702-671-4354(W)
Counter Claimant	Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc	William S. Habdas Retained 702-671-4354(W)
Counter Defendant	Absolute Collection Services LLC	Shane Cox Retained 702-531-3394(W)
Counter Defendant	Foxfield Community Association	Shane Cox Retained 702-531-3394(W)
Counter Defendant	Thomas Jessup LLC Series VII	Richard L Tobler Retained 702-256-6000(W)
Defendant	Bank of America	Darren Brenner Retained 702-634-5000(W)
Defendant	BNY Mellon	William S. Habdas Retained 702-671-4354(W)
Defendant	Cook, Lena	
Defendant	Heirs of the Estate of Lena Cook	
Defendant	Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc	William S. Habdas Retained 702-671-4354(W)
Defendant	SFG Mortgage Corp	
Plaintiff	Thomas Jessup LLC Series VII	Richard L Tobler Retained 702-256-6000(W)

EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT

OTHER EVENTS AND HEARINGS

12/16/2013 Case Opened

Complaint 12/16/2013

Complaint for Quiet Title and Declaratory Relief

12/16/2013 Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure

12/17/2013 Notice of Lis Pendens

Notice of Lis Pendens 12/23/2013 Affidavit in Support

Affidavit of Michael V. Infuso, Esq. in Support of Request for Temporary Restraining Order Without Notice

12/23/2013	Temporary Restraining Order
12/23/2013	Temporary Restraining Order Application Palintiff's Application for Temporary Restraining Order and Application for Preliminary Injunction; Ex Parte Motion for Order Shortening Time
12/26/2013	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - Bank of New York Mellon N A
12/26/2013	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - Bank of America N A
12/26/2013	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - SFG Mortgage
12/26/2013	Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Temporary Restraining Order
12/30/2013	Affidavit of Attempted Service Affidavit of Attempts - Lena Cook
12/31/2013	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc
01/02/2014	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Process Server - Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc
01/06/2014	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - Bank of New York Mellon N A
01/07/2014	Motion for Temporary Restraining Order (10:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Escobar, Adriana) Plaintiff's Application for Temporary Restraining Order and Application for Preliminary Injunction; Ex Parte Motion for OST
	Parties Present Minutes
01/08/2014	Result: Granted Affidavit of Service
	Affidavit of Process Server - Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc Affidavit of Service
	Affidavit of Service - Bank of New York Mellon N A Affidavit of Service
01/08/2014	Affidavit of Service - Bank of America N A Affidavit of Service
01/10/2014	Affidavit of Service - SFG Mortgage Order Granting
01/13/2014	Order Granting Plaintiff's Application for Preliminary Injunction Notice of Entry of Order
01/13/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Plaintiff's Application for Preliminary Injunction Application
01/16/2014	Application for Order Authorizing Plaintiff to Serve Summons and Complaint on All Unknown Claimants by Publication Notice of Posting Bond Notice of Posting Complaint of Complaints of
01/22/2014	Notice of Posting Cash Bond in Compliance with the Order Granting Plaintiff's Application for Preliminary Injunction Affidavit of Attempted Service Affidavit of Attempted Service - Lena Cook
01/23/2014	·
01/28/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Order Authorizing Plaintiff to Serve the Summons and Complaint on all Unknown Claimants by Publication
02/28/2014	Stipulation and Order Stipulation and Order to Partially Stay Case
02/28/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Order to Partially Stay Case
03/03/2014	Affidavit of Publication of Summons Affidavit of Publication of Summons
03/28/2014	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
03/28/2014	Notice of Association of Counsel Notice of Association of Counsel
04/09/2014	Amended Complaint Verified Amended Complaint for Quiet Title and Declaratory Relief
04/10/2014	Affidavit of Due Diligence Affidavit of Due Diligence - Lena Cook
04/10/2014	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - SFG Mortgage
04/10/2014	Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service - SFG Mortgage
04/11/2014	Ex Parte Application to Extend Time for Service Ex Parte Application for an Order Extending Time to Serve Summons and Complaint and Allowing Service by Publication
04/29/2014	Certificate of Service Certificate of Service
04/29/2014	Order Extending Time to Serve Order Extending Time to Serve Summons and Complaint and Authorizing Plaintiff to Serve Summons and Complaint by Publication
04/30/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Order Extending Time to Serve Summons and Complaint and Authorizing Plaintiff to Serve the Summons and Complaint by Publication
06/05/2014	Affidavit of Publication of Summons Affidavit of Publication of Summons
06/05/2014	Affidavit of Publication of Summons Affidavit of Publication of Summons
08/05/2014	Substitution of Attorney Substitution of Counsel
	Substitution of Attorney Substitution of Counsel Status Check: Status of Case (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Escobar, Adriana)
11/13/7014	Dargua Suesas, Sagua da Sage da do associado docer ESCODE ACORDA.

Per Stipulation and Order to Partially Stay Case signed 2/25/14 Parties Present Minutes 08/28/2014 Reset by Court to 11/13/2014 Result: Matter Heard **Answer to Amended Complaint** 12/12/2014 Defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s Answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint 12/17/2014 Order Lifting Stay of Case and Setting Deadline For Defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s Response To Plaintiff's Complaint 12/18/2014 Notice of Entry of Order Notice of Entry of Order 01/06/2015 Three Day Notice of Intent to Default Three Day Notice of Intent to Take Default Joint Case Conference Report 02/17/2015 Joint Case Conference Report 02/20/2015 Answer to Amended Complaint Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc. and BNY Mellon, N.A.'s Answer to Verified Amended Complaint for Quiet Title and Declaratory Relief and Counter-Claim 02/20/2015 Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Initial Appearance fee Disclosure 02/20/2015 Certificate of Service Certificate of Service Scheduling Order 02/25/2015 Scheduling Order 03/02/2015 Case Reassigned to Department 7 District Court Case Reassignment 2015 03/06/2015 Substitution of Attorney Substitution of Attorney Affidavit of Service 03/23/2015 Affidavit of Service 03/23/2015 Summons Summons (FoxField Community Association) 03/23/2015 Reply to Counterclaim Plaintiff/Counterdefendants Reply to Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc and BNY Mellon NAs Counterclaim 04/01/2015 Affidavit of Service Affidavit of Service 04/01/2015 Summons Summons (Absolute Collections Services, LLC) 04/08/2015 Answer Absolute Collection Services, LLC and Foxfield Community Association's Answer to Counter-Claim 04/08/2015 Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure 05/28/2015 Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Order Setting Civil Bench Trial 09/10/2015 Demand Absolute Collection Services, LLC and Foxfield Community Association's Demand for Prior Discovery Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadlines 09/28/2015 Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadline Dates and Trial (First Request) 10/08/2015 Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Second Order Setting Civil Bench Trial 10/20/2015 CANCELED Status Conference (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated - per Commissioner Affidavit of Service 10/22/2015 Affidavit of Service 12/11/2015 Motion for Leave to File Defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s Motion For Leave To Amend Answer To Add Affirmative Defenses 12/11/2015 Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. And The Bank Of New York Mellon fka The Bank Of New York As Trustee For The Certificateholders Of The Cwabs, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Incorrectly Named As BNY Mellon, N.A.'S Motion For Leave To Amend Pleadings (First Request) CANCELED Calendar Call (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 12/29/2015 Vacated - per Commissioner CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 01/04/2016 Vacated - per Commissioner 01/12/2016 Motion for Leave (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s Motion For Leave To Amend Answer To Add Affirmative Defenses Motion for Leave (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 01/12/2016 Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. And The Bank Of New York Mellon fka The Bank Of New York As Trustee For The Certificateholders Of The Cwabs, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Incorrectly Named As BNY Mellon, N.A.'S Motion For Leave To Amend Pleadings (First Request) Result: Granted 01/12/2016 All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Minutes Result: Matter Heard 01/15/2016 **Order Granting Motion** Order Granting Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and the Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the Cwabs, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Incorrectly Named as BNY Mellon, N.A.'S Motion for Leave to Amend Pleadings (First Request) 01/15/2016 Notice of Entry of Order

Notice of Entry of Order Granting Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and the Bank Of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Incorrectly Named as BNY Mellon, N.A.'S Motion for Leave to Amend Pleadings (First Request) 01/25/2016 Substitution of Attorney Substitution of Counsel **Amended Answer** 01/29/2016 Defendant Bank Of America, N.A.'s Amended Answer To Plaintiff's Amended Complaint Substitution of Attorney 02/09/2016 Foxfield Community Association and Absolute Collection Services, LLC's Substitution of Attorney 02/29/2016 Order Granting Order Granting Defendant Bank of America, N.A.'s Motion For Leave To Amend Answer To Add Affirmative Defenses 03/01/2016 Stipulation and Order Stipulation and Order To Extend Discovery Deadlines (Second Request) 03/05/2016 Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order 03/15/2016 CANCELED Status Conference (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order Order Setting Civil Bench Trial 03/16/2016 Third Order Setting Civil Bench Trial 05/04/2016 Notice of Association of Counsel Notice of Association of Counsel 05/04/2016 Answer and Counterclaim Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and the Bank of New York Mellon fka the Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17's First Amended Answer, Counter-Claims, and Cross-Claims Against Absolute Collection Services, LLC and Foxfield Community Association 05/04/2016 Notice Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. and the Bank of New York Mellon fka the Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Incorrectly Named As BNY Mellon, N.A.'s Notice to Attorney General of Constitutional Challenge to State Statute NRS 116.31162-116.31168 05/17/2016 CANCELED Calendar Call (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 05/23/2016 Vacated - per Stipulation and Order Answer to Crossclaim 05/25/2016 Absolute Collection Services, LLC's Answer to First Amended Crossclaim Association of Counsel 06/02/2016 Notice of Association of Counsel with Brooks Hubley. LLP 12/13/2016 Status Conference (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Parties Present Result: Matter Heard 01/13/2017 Motion to Withdraw As Counsel Motion to Withdraw as Counsel on Order Shortening Time 01/26/2017 Motion to Withdraw as Counsel (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Gerrard, Cox & Larsen's Motion to Withdraw as Counsel on Order Shortening Time **Parties Present Minutes** Result: Granted 02/06/2017 **Motion for Summary Judgment** Defendants' Motion For Summary Judgment Against Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII Stipulation and Order 02/15/2017 Stipulation and Order to Continue Calendar Call and Trial 02/16/2017 **Affidavit of Service** Affidavit Of Service-Attorney General Notice of Entry 02/16/2017 Notice Of Entry Of Stipulation And Order To Continue Calendar Call And Trial 02/21/2017 **Opposition and Countermotion** Plaintiff Thomas Jessup LLC Series VIIs Opposition to Bank of New York Mellons Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion for Summary Judgment 02/22/2017 **Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure** Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure 02/24/2017 Reply in Support Defendants' Reply in Support of Its Motion for Summary Judgment Against Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII and Opposition to Plaintiff's Countermotion for Summary Judgment 02/24/2017 Stipulation and Order Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Defendants Motion for Summary Judgment Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order 02/27/2017 Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Defendants Motion for Summary Judgment 03/07/2017 Calendar Call (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Result: Matter Heard 03/07/2017 Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) Defendants' Motion For Summary Judgment Against Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII 02/28/2017 Reset by Court to 03/07/2017 03/14/2017 Reset by Court to 02/28/2017 Result: Denied Opposition and Countermotion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 03/07/2017 Plaintiff Thomas Jessup LLC Series VIIs Opposition to Bank of New York Mellons Motion for Summary Judgment and Countermotion for Summary Judgment 02/28/2017 Reset by Court to 03/07/2017 Result: Denied 03/07/2017 All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie)

Parties Present

Minutes

Result: Matter Heard 03/08/2017

Order Granting Motion

Order granting Motion to Withdraw as Counsel

CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie) 03/13/2017

Vacated

Notice of Entry of Order 03/13/2017

Notice of Entry of Order Granting Motion to Withdraw as Counsel

03/17/2017 **Pre-Trial Disclosure**

Defendants Bank of America, N.A., The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustees for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, and Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc.'s Second Supplemental Pretrial Disclosures

03/20/2017 Joint Pre-Trial Memorandum

Joint Pretrial Memorandum

03/28/2017 **Order Denying Motion**

Order Denying Defendants the Bank of New York Mellon fka the Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWAB, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Bank of America, N.A., and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.'s and Plaintiff Thomas Jessup,

LLC Series VII's Motions for Summary Judgment

03/29/2017 Notice of Entry

Notice of Entry of Order Denying Defendants the Bank of New York Mellon FKA the Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificate Holders of the CWABS, Inc, Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Bank of America NA, and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc'S and Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII's Motions for Summary Judgment

04/01/2017 **Trial Memorandum**

Foxfield Community Association and Absolute Collection Services, LLC's Civil Trial Memorandum

04/03/2017 Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie)

Parties Present

Minutes

Result: Set Status Check

04/03/2017 **Proof of Service**

Proof of Service

05/02/2017 Status Check (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer Hardy, Joe)

05/02/2017, 05/30/2017, 06/27/2017, 07/11/2017

Status Check: Decision

Parties Present

Minutes

Result: Continued

07/14/2017 **Decision and Order** Decision and Order

07/20/2017 Notice of Entry of Order

Notice of Entry of Decision and Order

07/20/2017 Reporters Transcript

Recorder's Transcript of Bench Trial April 3, 2017

08/15/2017

Defendants The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Bank of America, N.A. and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.'s Notice of Appeal

08/15/2017 Case Appeal Statement

Defendants The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Bank of America, N.A. and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.'s Case Appeal Statement

Notice of Posting Bond 08/21/2017

Notice of Posting and Acceptance of Appeal Bond
Notice of Association of Counsel

08/23/2017

Notice of Association of Counsel Notice of Withdrawal of Attorney

08/24/2017 Notice of Withdrawal of Co-Counsel

09/29/2017 **Case Appeal Statement**

Defendants The Bank of New York Mellon fka The Bank of New York, as Trustee for the Certificateholders of the CWABS, Inc., Asset-Backed Certificates, Series 2005-17, Bank of America, N.A., and Mortgage Electronic Systems, Inc.'s Amended Case Appeal Statement

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Counter Claimant BNY M Total Financial Assessme Total Payments and Cred Balance Due as of 12/14	259.00 259.00 0.00		
02/20/2015	Transaction Assessment			30.00
02/20/2015	Efile Payment	Receipt # 2015-18179-CCCLK	BNY Mellon	(30.00)
02/06/2017	Transaction Assessment			200.00
02/06/2017	Efile Payment	Receipt # 2017-11854-CCCLK	BNY Mellon	(200.00)
08/15/2017	Transaction Assessment			24.00
08/15/2017	Efile Payment	Receipt # 2017-64595-CCCLK	BNY Mellon	(24.00)
08/23/2017	Transaction Assessment			5.00
08/23/2017	Payment (Window)	Receipt # 2017-66685-CCCLK	Nationwide Legal	(5.00)

Counter Claimant Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems Inc Total Financial Assessment

223.00 Total Payments and Credits 223.00

	Balance Due as of 12/14	/2017		0.00
02/20/2015 02/20/2015	Transaction Assessment Efile Payment	Receipt # 2015-18178-CCCLK	Mortgage Electronic Registrati	223.00 (223.00)
	Counter Defendant Absortal Financial Assessme Total Payments and Credi Balance Due as of 12/14	its		223.00 223.00 0.00
04/09/2015 04/09/2015	Transaction Assessment Efile Payment	Receipt # 2015-36668-CCCLK	Absolute Collection Services L	223.00 (223.00)
	Total Financial Assessme Total Payments and Credi Balance Due as of 12/14	its		30.00 30.00 0.00
04/09/2015 04/09/2015	Transaction Assessment Efile Payment	Receipt # 2015-36669-CCCLK	Foxfield Community Association	30.00 (30.00)
	Counter Defendant Thon Total Financial Assessme Total Payments and Cred Balance Due as of 12/14	its		475.00 475.00 0.00
12/16/2013	Transaction Assessment	Receipt # 2013-151019-CCCLK Receipt # 2013-152747-CCCLK Receipt # 2017-17475-CCCLK	Thomas Jessup LLC Series VII Greene Infuso Thomas Jessup LLC Series VII	270.00 (270.00) 5.00 (5.00) 200.00 (200.00)
	Defendant Bank of Ameri Total Financial Assessme Total Payments and Cred Balance Due as of 12/14	nt its		223.00 223.00 0.00
03/28/2014 03/28/2014	Transaction Assessment Efile Payment	Receipt # 2014-37441-CCCLK	Bank of America	223.00 (223.00)

CLARK County, Nevada

CIVIL COVER SHEET AT 13-693205-C

Case No. (Assigned by Clerk's Office)

	(Assigned	by Clerk's Office)	The second secon	
I. Party Information				
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone): SERIES V		Defendant(s) (name/ad	LENA COOK, et al.	
Attorney (name/address/phone): Greene In: 3030 S. Jo	ones Blvd., #101 s, Nevada 89146	Attorney (name/address	s/phone): UNKNOWN	
II. Nature of Controversy (Please chapplicable subcategory, if appropriate)	neck applicable bold	category and	Arbitration Requested	
	Civ	il Cases		
Real Property		1	orts	
☐ Landlord/Tenant ☐ Unlawful Detainer ☑ Title to Property ☐ Foreclosure ☐ Liens ☑ Quiet Title ☐ Specific Performance ☐ Condemnation/Eminent Domain ☐ Other Real Property ☐ Partition	Negligence Negligence – Auto Negligence – Medical/Dental Negligence – Premises Liability (Slip/Fall) Negligence – Other		☐ Product Liability ☐ Product Liability/Motor Vehicle ☐ Other Torts/Product Liability ☐ Intentional Misconduct ☐ Torts/Defamation (Libel/Slander) ☐ Interfere with Contract Rights ☐ Employment Torts (Wrongful termination) ☐ Other Torts ☐ Anti-trust ☐ Fraud/Misrepresentation ☐ Insurance	
☐ Planning/Zoning			Legal Tort Unfair Competition	
Probate		Other Civi	l Filing Types	
Estimated Estate Value: Summary Administration General Administration Special Administration Set Aside Estates Trust/Conservatorships Individual Trustee Corporate Trustee Other Probate	Insurance Commerci Other Con Collection Employme Guarantee Sale Contr Uniform C Civil Petition fo Foreclosure Other Adm	ract c Construction Carrier al Instrument tracts/Acct/Judgment of Actions ent Contract act commercial Code r Judicial Review	Appeal from Lower Court (also check applicable civil case box) ☐ Transfer from Justice Court ☐ Justice Court Civil Appeal ☐ Civil Writ ☐ Other Special Proceeding ☐ Other Civil Filing ☐ Compromise of Minor's Claim ☐ Conversion of Property ☐ Damage to Property ☐ Employment Security ☐ Enforcement of Judgment ☐ Foreign Judgment — Civil ☐ Other Personal Property ☐ Recovery of Property ☐ Stockholder Suit ☐ Other Civil Matters	
III. Business Court Requested (Ple			has Counties only)	
		- Committee Comm		
☐ NRS Chapters 78-88 ☐ Commodities (NRS 90) ☐ Securities (NRS 90)	☐ Investments (NR☐ Deceptive Trade☐ Trademarks (NR☐	Practices (NRS 598)	☐ Enhanced Case Mgmt/Business ☐ Other Business Court Matters	
12/16/13			11	
Date	-	Signature o	f initiating party or representative	

See other side for family-related case filings.

Alun to Lann

CLERK OF THE COURT

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FOR

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Dept. No.

Plaintiff,

Dept. No.

V.

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COOK, an individual; BNY LENA MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE **ELECTRONIC** REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation; and any and all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

TITLE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF

VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR QUIET

Case No. A-13-693205-C

Exempt from Arbitration: Concerns Title to Property

Defendants.

Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII, by and through its counsel of record, the law firm of Greene Infuso, LLP, hereby complains against the above-named Defendants as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII ("Plaintiff") is a Nevada limited liability company formed under the laws of the state of Nevada and, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Defendant Lena Cook ("Cook") is an individual residing, at all relevant times, in Clark County, Nevada.

- 3. Upon information and belief, Defendant BNY Mellon, N.A. ("Mellon") is a National Association, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant SFG Mortgage ("SFG") is a revoked Arizona corporation, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bank of America, N.A. ("BOA") is a National Association, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- Upon information and belief, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc.
 ("MERS"
- 7. The true names and capacities of Does 1 through 10 ("Doe Defendants") are all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto. Plaintiff therefore sues such Doe Defendants by fictitious names Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of each of the Doe Defendants as and when such information is ascertained. (The above-identified defendants, including the Doe Defendants, are referred to collectively herein as "Defendants.")
- This action relates to the ownership and title of certain real property located in Clark County, Nevada. Accordingly, jurisdiction and venue are appropriate in Clark County, Nevada.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 9. On or about June 12, 2012, CSC Investment Group, LLC purchased certain real property commonly known as 588 Bugle Bluff Drive, Henderson, Nevada 89015; APN 179-21-116-042 (the "Property") at a properly noticed foreclosure sale in accordance with NRS 116.3116 through 116.31168, inclusive.
- 10. On or about June 13, 2012, the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale conveying the Property was recorded with the Clark County Recorder's Office as instrument no. 201206130002720. See Deed at Exhibit 1.

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	11.	On or abo	ut Augus	t 17, 20	012, a Q	uitclaim	Deed	transfe	rring	the	Propert	y from
CSC	Investme	ent Group,	LLC to	Thoma	s Jessup	, LLC v	vas re	corded	with	the	Clark	County
Reco	der's Of	fice as instr	ument no	20120	8170001	801 See	Deed	at Exh	ihit 2			

- 12. On or about May 31, 2013, a Quitclaim Deed transferring the Property from Thomas Jessup, LLC to Plaintiff was recorded with the Clark County Recorder's Office as instrument no. 201305310004710. *See* Deed at **Exhibit 3.**
- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendants may have had an interest in the Property at one time.
- 14. Upon information and belief, none of the Defendants had a valid interest in the Property subsequent to at the time of the foreclosure sale.
- 15. Through the foreclosure sale, Plaintiff acquired title to the Property free and clear of all liens and encumbrances.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Quiet Title)

- 16. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 hrough 15 of this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 17. Plaintiff is the rightful owner of the Property by virtue of the foreclosure sale and forthcoming Foreclosure Deed.
- 18. Upon information and belief, none of the Defendants had a valid interest in the Property subsequent to the foreclosure sale.
- 19. Plaintiff is entitled to a determination from this Court, pursuant to NRS 40.010, that Plaintiff is the rightful owner of the Property and that Defendants, and each of them, have no right, title, or interest in the Property.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief)

- 20. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 19 of this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 21. Plaintiff seeks a declaration from this Court, pursuant to NRS 40.010, that title in the Property is vested in Plaintiff free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, that Defendants

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herein have no estate, right, title or interest in the Property, and that Defendants are forever enjoined from asserting any estate, title, right, or interest in the Property adverse to Plaintiff. WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief: For a determination and declaration that Plaintiff is the rightful holder of title to 1. the Property, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances; 2. For a determination and declaration that Defendants have no estate, right, title or interest in the Property; 3. For a judgment forever enjoining Defendants from asserting any estate, right, title or interest in the Property; and For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper. DATED this // day of December, 2013. GREENE INFUSO, LLP

> Michael V. Infuso, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 7388 Zachary P. Takos, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 11293 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Attorneys for Plaintiff

VERIFICATION

I, Thomas Jessup, am managing member for Plaintiff in the above-entitled action. I have read the foregoing document and am competent to testify that the contents thereof are true to the best of my knowledge, except for those matters stated therein on information and belief and, as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 16 day of December, 2013.

Thomas Jessup Michael

EXHIBIT 1

Inst #: 201206130002720

Fees: \$19.00 N/C Fee: \$25.00

RPTT: \$28.05 Ex: # 06/13/2012 02:03:55 PM Receipt #: 1196891

Requestor: CAMCO

Recorded By: STN Pgs: 4 DEBBIE CONWAY

CLARK COUNTY RECORDER

APN: 179-21-116-042

WHEN RECORDED MAIL DEED AND TAX STATEMENTS TO:

CSC Investment Group LLC 2330 Paseo Del Prado #C-112 Las Vegas NV 89102

A2216 Title No. Account NO. 90137 TS No. 11980018

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

TRUSTEE'S DEED UPON SALE

The undersigned declares:

- 1) The grantee herein WAS NOT the foreclosing beneficiary
- The amount of the unpaid debt together with costs was 2)
- The amount paid by the grantee at the trustee sale was 3)
- The documentary transfer tax is 4)
- City Judicial District of LAS VEGAS 5)

5,401.00

\$ 5.401.00

\$ 28.05

And Absolute Collection Services, LLC., as the duly appointed Trustee under the Notice of Delinquent Assessment hereinafter described, does hereby GRANT and CONVEY, but without warranty, express or implied, to: CSC Investment Group LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado #C-112, Las Vegas NV 89102

(herein called Grantee), all of its right, title and interest in and to that certain property situated in the County of CLARK, State of NEVADA, described as follows:

588 Bugle Bluff Dr., Henderson NV 89015

Legal Description-shown on the Subdivision map recorded in Book No. 78 Page(s) 19, Lot 9, Block 2 Inclusive, of Maps of the Country of Clark, State of Nevada; See Exhibit A Attached

AGENT STATES THAT:

This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers granted to Foxfield CA and conferred upon appointed trustee by the provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes, the Foxfield CA governing documents (CC&R's) recorded as instrument number 01673 Book 960405 on APRIL 5, 1996 and that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien

recorded on APRIL 12, 2011 instrument number 0001730 Book 20110412 Official Records of CLARK County; and pursuant to NRS 117.070 et Seq. or NRS 116.3115 et Seq and NRS 1163116 through 116.31168 et Seq. The name of the owner(s) of the property (trustor) was: LENA COOK

Default occurred as set forth in a Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on JULY 18, 2011 as instrument 0000815 Book 20110718 which was recorded in the office of the recorder of said county. Absolute Collection Services, LLC. Has complied with all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent Assessment and Notice of Default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale. Said property was sold by said agent, on behalf of FOXFIELD CA at public auction on JUNE 12, 2012 at the place indicated on the Notice of Sale. Grantee being the highest bidder at such sale, became the purchaser of said property and paid therefore to said agent the amount bid \$5,401.00 in lawful money of the United States, or by satisfaction, pro tanto, of the obligations then secured by the Delinquent Assessment Lien.

\Box	2	to	10	ŀ

June 13, 2012

By Richard Kaye on behalf of Absolute Collection Services

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

On 6/13/12 before me, Kelly Mitchell, personally appeared Richard Kaye personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that he/she executed the same in his/her authorized capacity, and that by signing his/her signature on the instrument, the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and seal.

Kelly Mitchell Notary Public

EXHIBIT A

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

LOT NINE (9) IN BLOCK TWO (2), OF FOXFIELD ESTATES-PHASE THREE (3) AS SHOWN BY MAP THEREOF ON FILE IN BOOK 78 OF PLATS, PAGE 19 IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA.

APN: 179-21-116-042

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

Assessor Parcel Number(s)	
a. 179-21-116-042	er in the second se
b	
c	
d.	
2. Type of Property:	
a. Vacant Land b. Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY
c. Condo/Twnhse d. 2-4 Plex	BookPage:
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home	Notes:
Other	**************************************
	\$ 5,401.00
b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of proper	
c. Transfer Tax Value:	\$5,401.00
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due	\$ 28.05
4. If Exemption Claimed:	
a. Transfer Tax Exemption per NRS 375,090, Sec	ction
*	
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under per and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is contained and can be supported by documentation if called upon Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of any additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of the to NRS 375.030, the Puyer and Seller shall be jointly signature	orrect to the best of their information and belief, in to substantiate the information provided herein. y claimed exemption, or other determination of the tax due plus interest at 1% per month. Pursuant
Signature	Capacity:
SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION (REQUIRED) Print Name: Absolute Collection Services Address: 6440 Sky Point Dr 140-184 City: Las Vegas State: LV Zip: 89/3	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION (REQUIRED) Print Name: (SC Drivestment Group L Address: 2330 Pases Well prado C-11 City: Las Veys WV o State: (V) Zip: 89/47
1.131	
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORDS	NG (Required if not seller or buyer)
Print Name:	Escrow#
Address:	
C:h.:	Ctata: 7in:

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

EXHIBIT 2

RECORDING COVER PAGE (Must be typed or printed clearly in BLACK ink only and avoid printing in the 1" margins of document)	08/17/2012 12:23:42 PM Receipt #: 1275764 Requestor: CSC INVESTMENT GROUP LLC
APN#179-21-116-042	Recorded By: SAO Pgs: 5 DEBBIE CONWAY CLARK COUNTY RECORDER
(11 digit Assessor's Parcel Number may be obtained at: http://redrock.co.clark.nv.us/assrrealprop/ownr.aspx)	ф.
TITLE OF DOCUMENT (DO NOT Abbreviate)	
QUITCLAIM DEED	
*	and the programme of the control of
Document Title on cover page must appear EXACTLY as the document to be recorded.	ne first page of the
RECORDING REQUESTED BY:	
CSC INVESTMENT GROUP, LLC	
RETURN TO: Name CSC INVESTMENT GROUP, LLC	
Address 2330 PASEO DEL PRADO, C-1	12
City/State/Zip_LAS VEGAS, NV 89102	
MAIL TAX STATEMENT TO: (Applicable to documents transferring Name THOMAS JESSUP, LLC	ing real property)
Address 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396	
HENDERSON NV 89014	the state of the s

Inst #: 201208170001801 Fees: \$20.00 N/C Fee: \$0.00

RPTT: \$0.00 Ex: #003

This page provides additional information required by NRS 111.312 Sections 1-2.

An additional recording fee of \$1.00 will apply.

To print this document properly—do not use page scaling.

APN: 179-21-116-042

WHEN RECORDED MAIL DEED AND TAX STATEMENTS TO:

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396 HENDERSON, NV 89014

QUITCLAIM DEED

THIS QUITCLAIM DEED made on July 31, 2012 between CSC Investment Group, LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado, Ste C-112, Las Vegas, NV 89102 and Thomas Jessup, LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado, Ste C-112, Las Vegas, NV 89102.

That for and in consideration of the sum of ZERO DOLLARS AND 00/100 CENTS (\$0.00) the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, **CSC Investment Group, LLC** does hereby release, remise and forever quitclaim unto **Thomas Jessup, LLC Thomas Jessup, LLC** all of his interest, if any, in that certain real property commonly known as:

588 BUGLE BLUFF, HENDERSON, NV 89015

Legally described as follows:

Lot 9, as per map recorded in Book 78, Page 19 as shown in the Office of the County Recorder of Clark County Nevada.

Together with all the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and the reversions, remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof. To have and to hold, all and singular the premises, with the appurtenances, unto **Thomas**Jessup, LLC and his/her heirs and assigns forever.

In witness whereof, CSC Investment Group, LLC has hereunto this 31ST day of July, 2012 as set forth above.

State of:

NEVADA

County of:

CLARK

I Shari Wong Culotta, being duly sworn, depose and say:

That I am the authorized representative of CSC Investment Group, LLC, in the aboveentitled action and that I have read the foregoing and know the contents thereof, and that the same is true of my knowledge, except as to those matters therein stated on information and belief, and to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Shari Wong Culotta,

Agent of CSC Investment Group, LLC

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of July, 2012.

Bo Jones, Notary Public

BO JONES
NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF NEVADA
APPT. No. 08-108023-1
MY APPT. EXPIRES DECEMBER 08, 2014

Stamp

EXHIBIT A

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

LOT NINE (9) IN BLOCK TWO (2), OF FOXFIELD ESTATES-PHASE THREE (3) AS SHOWN BY MAP THEREOF ON FILE IN BOOK 78 OF PLATS, PAGE 19 IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA.

APN: 179-21-116-042

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

1. Assessor Parcel Number(s)	
a. <u>179-21-116-042</u>	
b	
c.	
d.	
2. Type of Property:	
a. Vacant Land b. Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY
c. Condo/Twnhse d. 2-4 Plex	Book Page:
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:
	Notes:
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home Other	Notes.
3.a. Total Value/Sales Price of Property	\$ 0.00
b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of prop	erty()
c. Transfer Tax Value:	\$
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due	\$
4. If Exemption Claimed:	
a. Transfer Tax Exemption per NRS 375.090, S	Section 3
b. Explain Reason for Exemption: Transfer pur	
NAC 375.170 Sub Sec 5	
5. Partial Interest: Percentage being transferred: 10	00 %
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under	
and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is	
and can be supported by documentation if called up	
Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of a	
additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of	
마음하지 않는데 마음이 나는 아이들은 살이 되었다면 하는데 살아 나는 사람들이 되었다. 그 사람들이 되었다면 하는데	y and severally liable for any additional amount owed.
to 1110 575.050, the Puyer and Schot shair of Johns,	y and severally made for any additional amount ovice.
Signature	Capacity: Managing Member
Signature	Capacity. Managing Womes
Signature	Capacity:
Signature	Capacity
SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION
(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)
Print Name: CSC INVESTMENT GROUP	Print Name: THOMAS JESSUP, LLC
Address: 2330 PASEO DEL PRADO C-112	Address: 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396
City: LAS VEGAS	City: HENDERSON
State: NV Zip: 89102	State: NV Zip: 89014
State: NV Zip. 69 102	State.147 Zip.03014
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORD	INC (Required if not seller or huver)
Print Name:	Escrow #
Address:	Гэсгом ц
City:	State: Zip:
City.	otate. Lip.

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

EXHIBIT 3



QUIT CLAIM DEED

Concerning Parcel Number: 179-21-116-042

WHEN RECORDED RETURN TO;

WAIL TAX STATEMENT TO:
Thomas Jessup, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company,
Having an address at 631 Stephanie Street, #396, Henderson, NV 89014
("Grantor(s)")

QUIT CLAIMS TO

Thomas Jessup, LLC, Series VII a Nevada Series Limited Liability Company, having an address at 631 Stephanie Street, #396, Henderson, NV 89014, ("Grantee(s)")

The following described real estate located in Clark County, State of Nevada:

Inst #: 201305310004710 Fees: \$17.00 N/C Fee: \$0.00

RPTT: \$0.00 Ex: #001 05/31/2013 04:42:42 PM Receipt #: 1638676

Requestor:

THOMAS JESSUP LLC
Recorded By: MGM Pgs: 2
DEBBIE CONWAY

CLARK COUNTY RECORDER

THE GRANTOR(S), Thomas Jessup, LLC, for good and valuable consideration the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged does hereby convey and quit claims to the GRANTEE(S), Thomas Jessup, LLC Series II, the following described real estate, situated in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, together with all after acquired title of the Grantor(s) therein (legal description):

Full Legal Description:

Parcel No: 179-21-116-042

Address:

588 BUGLE BLUFF DR

HENDERSON, NV 89015

FOXFIELD EST-UNIT 3 PLAT BOOK 78 PAGE 19 LOT 9 BLOCK 2

SEC 21 TWP 22 RNG 63

This transfer is exempt from the taxes imposed by NRS 375.020, 375.023 and 375.206 pursuant to Exemption No.19 of NRS 375.090 as a transfer of real property to a business organization owned 100% by the persons making the transfer herein.

This Property is not a homestead property

Signature, Michael Jessup as Manager of Thomas Jessup, LLC, Grantor

Date: 5 /3/ 1/3

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3 day of May, 2013

BY MICHAEL JESSUP

Notary Bublic

NOTARY PUBLIC
STATE OF NEVADA
County of Clark
JENNIFER POWERS
My Appointment Expires Feb. 25, 2015

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

Assessor Parcel Number(s)	
a 179-21-116-042	
b	
c	
d.	
2. Type of Property:	
a. Vacant Land b. Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY
c. Condo/Twnhse d. 2-4 Plex	BookPage:
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home	Notes:
Other	
	\$ 126 000
3.a. Total Value/Sales Price of Propertyb. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of prop	erty()
c. Transfer Tax Value:	\$
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due	s &
d. Roal Hoporty Halbier Fall 2 as	
4. If Exemption Claimed:	
a Transfer Tay Evenntion per NRS 375 090 S	Section & My MANSFER BETWEEN AFFILIATED
b. Explain Reason for Exemption Busines Ex	with s with Frentied Common auxership
M FAMISERE TO A KUCLUSS OF Which	WHITE'S with FRENTIEAL Common aurenship
5. Partial Interest: Percentage being transferred: /c	00 %
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under	
and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is	correct to the best of their information and belief,
and can be supported by documentation if called up	on to substantiate the information provided herein.
Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of a	ny claimed exemption, or other determination of
additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of	the tax due plus interest at 1% per month. Pursuant
to NRS 375.030, the Buyer and Seller shall be jointl	y and severally liable for any additional amount owed.
Signature Wielad Chour	1 4
Signature Wielan Clear	Capacity: Showler
Signature	Capacity:
SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION
(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)
Print Name: THOMAS JESSUP, LLC	Print Name Hours Jessup LLC Series III
Address: 631 N. STEPHAMIE ST#396	Address: 631 M. STEPHANIE ST. #396
City: HENDERSON	City: HENDENSON
State: NV Zip: 89014	State: NV Zip: 89014
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORD	
Print Name:	Escrow #
Address:	G:
City:	State: Zip:

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

- 1									
1	ACOM Michael V. Infino. For Noveda Par No. 7289								
2	Michael V. Infuso, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 7388 Zachary P. Takos, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 11293								
3	GREENE INFUSO, LLP 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101								
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 Telephone: (702) 570-6000								
5	Facsimile: (702) 463-8401 E-mail: minfuso@greeneinfusolaw.com								
6	ztakos@greeneinfusolaw.com								
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff								
8	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT FOR								
9									
10	THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,	Case No. A-13-693205-C							
11	Plaintiff,	Dept. No. XIV							
12	v.								
13	LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a	VERIFIED AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR QUIET TITLE AND							
14	revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE	DECLARATORY RELIEF							
15	ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation;	Exempt from Arbitration: Concerns Title							
16	HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown	to Property							
17	claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's								
18	ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title								
19	thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);								
20	Defendants.								
21	Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII	, by and through its counsel of record, the law							
22	firm of Greene Infuso, LLP, hereby amends its Co	omplaint against the above-named Defendants as							
23	follows:								
24	PARTIES, JURISDIC	CTION AND VENUE							
25	1. Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII ("Plaintiff") is a Nevada limited liability								
26	company formed under the laws of the state of Nevada and, at all relevant times, lawfully doing								
27	business in Clark County, Nevada.								
28									

2.	Upon	information	and	belief,	Defendant	Lena	Cook	("Cook")	is	an	individua
residing, at all relevant times, in Clark County, Nevada.											

- 3. Upon information and belief, Defendant BNY Mellon, N.A. ("Mellon") is a National Association, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant SFG Mortgage ("SFG") is a revoked Arizona corporation, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bank of America, N.A. ("BOA") is a National Association, at all relevant times, lawfully doing business in Clark County, Nevada.
- Upon information and belief, Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. ("MERS").
- 7. Upon information and belief, Lena Cook may be deceased and as such Plaintiff is naming any Heirs to the Estate of Lena Cook as necessary parties to the action.
- 8. The true names and capacities of Does 1 through 10 ("Doe Defendants") are all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto. Plaintiff therefore sues such Doe Defendants by fictitious names Plaintiff will seek leave of court to amend this Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of each of the Doe Defendants as and when such information is ascertained. (The above-identified defendants, including the Doe Defendants, are referred to collectively herein as "Defendants.")
- This action relates to the ownership and title of certain real property located in Clark County, Nevada. Accordingly, jurisdiction and venue are appropriate in Clark County, Nevada.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

10. On or about June 12, 2012, CSC Investment Group, LLC purchased certain real property commonly known as 588 Bugle Bluff Drive, Henderson, Nevada 89015; APN 179-21-116-042 (the "Property") at a properly noticed foreclosure sale in accordance with NRS 116.3116 through 116.31168, inclusive.

1	11.	On or about June 13, 2012, the Trustee's Deed Upon Sale conveying the Property				
2	was recorded with the Clark County Recorder's Office as instrument no. 201206130002720. See					
3	Deed at Exhibit 1.					
4	12.	On or about August 17, 2012, a Quitclaim Deed transferring the Property from				
5	CSC Investm	ent Group, LLC to Thomas Jessup, LLC was recorded with the Clark County				
6	Recorder's Of	ffice as instrument no. 201208170001801. See Deed at Exhibit 2.				
7	13.	On or about May 31, 2013, a Quitclaim Deed transferring the Property from				
8	Thomas Jessi	up, LLC to Plaintiff was recorded with the Clark County Recorder's Office as				
9	instrument no	. 201305310004710. See Deed at Exhibit 3.				
10	14.	Upon information and belief, Defendants may have had an interest in the Property				
11	at one time.					
12	15.	Upon information and belief, none of the Defendants had a valid interest in the				
13	Property subs	equent to at the time of the foreclosure sale.				
14	16.	Through the foreclosure sale, Plaintiff acquired title to the Property free and clear				
15	of all liens and	d encumbrances.				
16		FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Quiet Title)				
17	17.	Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1				
18	through 16 of	this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.				
19	18.	Plaintiff is the rightful owner of the Property by virtue of the foreclosure sale and				
20	forthcoming I	Foreclosure Deed.				
21	19.	Upon information and belief, none of the Defendants had a valid interest in the				
22	Property subs	equent to the foreclosure sale.				
23	20.	Plaintiff is entitled to a determination from this Court, pursuant to NRS 40.010,				
24	that Plaintiff	is the rightful owner of the Property and that Defendants, and each of them, have no				
25	right, title, or	interest in the Property.				
26						
27						

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief)

- 21. Plaintiff repeats and re-alleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 20 of this Complaint, as though fully set forth herein.
- 22. Plaintiff seeks a declaration from this Court, pursuant to NRS 40.010, that title in the Property is vested in Plaintiff free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, that Defendants herein have no estate, right, title or interest in the Property, and that Defendants are forever enjoined from asserting any estate, title, right, or interest in the Property adverse to Plaintiff.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief:

- 1. For a determination and declaration that Plaintiff is the rightful holder of title to the Property, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances;
- 2. For a determination and declaration that Defendants have no estate, right, title or interest in the Property;
- 3. For a judgment forever enjoining Defendants from asserting any estate, right, title or interest in the Property; and
 - 4. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

DATED this ____ day of April, 2014.

GREENE INFUSO, LLP

Michael V. Infuso, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 7388 Zachary P. Takos, Esq., Nevada Bar No. 11293 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Attorneys for Plaintiff

GREENE INFUSO, LLP 030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 570-6000

VERIFICATION

I, Michael Jessup, am managing member for Plaintiff in the above-entitled action. I have read the foregoing document and am competent to testify that the contents thereof are true to the best of my knowledge, except for those matters stated therein on information and belief and, as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this <u>9</u> day of April, 2014.

Michael Jessup

GREENE INFUSO, LLP 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 570-6000

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Greene Infuso, LLP, and that on this	7
day of April 2014, I caused to be served via United States Mail, postage prepaid, a true a	ınd
correct copy of the above and foregoing AMENDED COMPLAINT properly addressed	as
follows:	

	Bank of New York Mellon, N.A.
	One Wall Street, 11th Floor
ļ	New York New York 10286

SFG Mortgage
C/O Registered Agent
CSC Services of Nevada Inc.
2215-B Renaissance Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Darren Brenner, Esq.
Akerman, LLP
1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330
Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

An Employee of GREENE INFUSO, LLP

EXHIBIT 1

Inst #. 201206130002720 Fees: \$19.00 N/C Fee: \$25.00

RPTT: \$28.05 Ex: # 05/13/2012 02:03:55 PM Receipt #: 1196891 Requestor: CAMCO

Recorded By: 9TN Pga: 4
DEBBIE CONWAY

CLARK COUNTY RECORDER

APN: 179-21-116-042

WHEN RECORDED MAIL DEED AND TAX STATEMENTS TO:

CSC Investment Group LLC 2330 Paseo Del Prado #C-112 Las Vegas NV 89102

Title No. A2216 Account NO. 90137 TS No. 11980018

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

TRUSTEE'S DEED UPON SALE

The undersigned declares:

- 1) The grantee herein WAS NOT the foreclosing beneficiary
- 2) The amount of the unpaid debt together with costs was
- \$ 5,401.00 \$ 5,401.00
- 3) The amount paid by the grantee at the trustee sale was
- \$ 5,401.00 e 20.05

4) The documentary transfer tax is

\$ 28.05

5) City Judicial District of LAS VEGAS

And Absolute Collection Services, LLC., as the duly appointed Trustee under the Notice of Delinquent Assessment hereinafter described, does hereby GRANT and CONVEY, but without warranty, express or implied, to: CSC Investment Group LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado #C-112, Las Vegas NV 89102

(herein called Grantee), all of its right, title and interest in and to that certain property situated in the County of CLARK, State of NEVADA, described as follows:

588 Bugle Bluff Dr., Henderson NV 89015

Legal Description-shown on the Subdivision map recorded in Book No. 78 Page(s) 19, Lot 9, Block 2 Inclusive, of Maps of the Country of Clark, State of Nevada; See Exhibit A Attached

AGENT STATES THAT:

This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers granted to **Foxfield CA** and conferred upon appointed trustee by the provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes, the **Foxfield CA** governing documents (CC&R's) recorded as instrument number **01673** Book **960405** on **APRIL 5**, **1996** and that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien

recorded on APRIL 12, 2011 instrument number 0001730 Book 20110412 Official Records of CLARK County; and pursuant to NRS 117.070 et Seq. or NRS 116.3115 et Seq and NRS 1163116 through 116.31168 et Seq. The name of the owner(s) of the property (trustor) was: LENA COOK

Default occurred as set forth in a Notice of Default and Election to Sell, recorded on JULY 18, 2011 as instrument 0000815 Book 20110718 which was recorded in the office of the recorder of said county. Absolute Collection Services, LLC. Has complied with all requirements of law including, but not limited to, the elapsing of 90 days, mailing of copies of Notice of Delinquent Assessment and Notice of Default and the posting and publication of the Notice of Sale. Said property was sold by said agent, on behalf of FOXFIELD CA at public auction on JUNE 12, 2012 at the place indicated on the Notice of Sale. Grantee being the highest bidder at such sale, became the purchaser of said property and paid therefore to said agent the amount bid \$5,401.00 in lawful money of the United States, or by satisfaction, pro tanto, of the obligations then secured by the Delinquent Assessment Lien.

June 13, 2012

By Richard Kaye on behalf of Absolute Collection Services

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

On 6/13/12 before me, Kelly Mitchell, personally appeared Richard Kaye personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that he/she executed the same in his/her authorized capacity, and that by signing his/her signature on the instrument, the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and seal.

Kelly Mitchell Wotary Public

KELLY MITCHELL
Notary Public, State of Nevada
Appointment No. 08-7504-1
My Appt. Expires July 10, 2012

EXHIBIT A

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

LOT NINE (9) IN BLOCK TWO (2), OF FOXFIELD ESTATES-PHASE THREE (3) AS SHOWN BY MAP THEREOF ON FILE IN BOOK 78 OF PLATS, PAGE 19 IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA.

APN: 179-21-116-042

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

1. Assessor Parcel Number(s)		
a. 179-21-116-642		
b.		
С,		
d.		
2. Type of Property:		
a. Vacant Land b. Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY	
	1	
	9	
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:	
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home Other	Notes:	
3.a. Total Value/Sales Price of Property \$	5,401.00	4
b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of propert	v()	
	5,401.00	
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due		
directificity intuition in the	'a.a.o.	
4. If Exemption Claimed:		
a. Transfer Tax Exemption per NRS 375.090, Sec	tion	and the second
b. Explain Reason for Exemption:		
b. Explain Reason for Exemption.		
5. Partial Interest: Percentage being transferred:	%	•
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under per	_^*	
and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is cor		×
and can be supported by documentation if called upon		
Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of any		
additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of th		
to NRS 375.030, the Pluyer and Seller shall be jointly a	nd severally liable for any additional amount owed	l.
$A \cap$	5 angoli	
Signature //	Capacity: De estudios Att	
Signature	_ Capacity:	
SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION	
(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)	
Print Name: Absolute Collection Services	Print Name: CSC DN VEOTMENT	- Errone U
Address: 6440 SKy Point Dr 140-154		22020111
City: Las Vegas	City: Las Very WV 0	1 C-11 9
State: UV Zip: 89/3	State: 1 (Zip: 89/4)	-
5. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Jan. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORDS	NG (Required if not seller or buver)	
Print Name:	Escrow #	
Address:	The second secon	_
City:	State: Zip:	

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

EXHIBIT 2

RECORDING COVER PAGE (Must be typed or printed clearly in BLACK ink only and avoid printing in the 1" margins of document)	Fees: \$20.00 N/C Fee: \$0.00 RPTT: \$0.00 Ex: #003 08/17/2012 12:23:42 PM Receipt #: 1275764 Requestor:
APN# 179-21-116-042	CSC INVESTMENT GROUP LI Recorded By: SAO Pgs: 5 DEBBIE CONWAY CLARK COUNTY RECORDER
(11 digit Assessor's Parcel Number may be obtained at: http://redrock.co.clark.nv.us/assrrealprop/ownr.aspx)	
TITLE OF DOCUMENT (DO NOT Abbreviate)	
QUITCLAIM DEED	
Document Title on cover page must appear EXACTLY as the first document to be recorded.	page of the
RECORDING REQUESTED BY:	
CSC INVESTMENT GROUP, LLC	
RETURN TO: Name CSC INVESTMENT GROUP, LLC	
Address 2330 PASEO DEL PRADO, C-112	
city/State/Zip_LAS VEGAS, NV 89102	
MAIL TAX STATEMENT TO: (Applicable to documents transferring real	property)
Name_THOMAS JESSUP, LLC	·····
Address 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396	

Inst #: 201208170001801

LLC

This page provides additional information required by NRS 111.312 Sections 1-2. An additional recording fee of \$1.00 will apply.

To print this document properly—do not use page scaling.

City/State/Zip HENDERSON, NV 89014

APN: 179-21-116-042

WHEN RECORDED MAIL DEED AND TAX STATEMENTS TO:

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396 HENDERSON, NV 89014

QUITCLAIM DEED

THIS QUITCLAIM DEED made on July 31, 2012 between CSC Investment Group, LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado, Ste C-112, Las Vegas, NV 89102 and Thomas Jessup, LLC, 2330 Paseo Del Prado, Ste C-112, Las Vegas, NV 89102.

That for and in consideration of the sum of ZERO DOLLARS AND 00/100 CENTS (\$0.00) the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, CSC Investment Group, LLC does hereby release, remise and forever quitclaim unto Thomas Jessup, LLC Thomas Jessup, LLC all of his interest, if any, in that certain real property commonly known as:

588 BUGLE BLUFF, HENDERSON, NV 89015

Legally described as follows:

Lot 9, as per map recorded in Book 78, Page 19 as shown in the Office of the County Recorder of Clark County Nevada.

Together with all the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and the reversions, remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof. To have and to hold, all and singular the premises, with the appurtenances, unto **Thomas Jessup, LLC** and his/her heirs and assigns forever.

In witness whereof, CSC Investment Group, LLC has hereunto this 31ST day of July, 2012 as set forth above.

State of:

NEVADA

County of:

CLARK

I Shari Wong Culotta, being duly sworn, depose and say:

That I am the authorized representative of CSC Investment Group, LLC, in the aboveentitled action and that I have read the foregoing and know the contents thereof, and that the same is true of my knowledge, except as to those matters therein stated on information and belief, and to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Shari Wong Culotta,

Agent of CSC Investment Group, LLC

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of July, 2012.

Bo Jones, Notary Public

BO JONES NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA APPT, NO. 08-108823-1 MY APPT, EXPIRES DECEMBER 08, 2014

Stamp

EXHIBIT A

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

LOT NINE (9) IN BLOCK TWO (2), OF FOXFIELD ESTATES-PHASE THREE (3) AS SHOWN BY MAP THEREOF ON FILE IN BOOK 78 OF PLATS, PAGE 19 IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA.

APN: 179-21-116-042

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

1. Assessor Parcel Number(s)	
a 179-21-116-042	
b	
c.	
d.	
2. Type of Property:	
a. Vacant Land b. 7 Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY
c. Condo/Twnhse d. 2-4 Plex	Book Page:
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:
H	Notes:
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home Other	races.
3.a. Total Value/Sales Price of Property	\$ 0.00
b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of prop	
c. Transfer Tax Value:	\$
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due	S
4. If Exemption Claimed:	
a. Transfer Tax Exemption per NRS 375.090, S	Section 3
b. Explain Reason for Exemption: Transfer pur	
NAC 375.170 Sub Sec 5	
5. Partial Interest: Percentage being transferred: 10	00 %
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under	
and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is	
and can be supported by documentation if called up	
Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of a	
additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of	
	y and severally liable for any additional amount owed.
to (the 575.050, the payer and other shall be joined	y and sortinity intoio for any additional amount of the
Signature	Capacity: Managing Member
Signature	Capacity. Managing Montos
Signature	Capacity:
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SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION
(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)
Print Name: CSC INVESTMENT GROUP	Print Name: THOMAS JESSUP, LLC
	Address: 631 N. STEPHANIE ST. #396
Address: 2330 PASEO DEL PRADO C-112 City: LAS VEGAS	City: HENDERSON
	State: NV Zip: 89014
State: NV Zip: 89102	State.147 Zip. 09014
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORD	NNG (Required if not seller or buyer)
Print Name:	Escrow #
Address:	AUGUOT IT
City:	State: Zip:
City.	Lip.

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

EXHIBIT 3

QUIT CLAIM DEED

Concerning Parcel Number: 179-21-116-042

WHEN EZECTOED RETURN TO:
WAIL THE STATEMENT TO:
Thomas Jessup, LLC, a Nevada Limited Liability Company,
Having an address at 631 Stephanie Street, #396, Henderson, NV 89014
("Grantor(s)")

QUIT CLAIMS TO

Thomas Jessup, LLC, Series VII a Nevada Series Limited Liability Company, having an address at 631 Stephanie Street, #396, Henderson, NV 89014, ("Grantee(s)")

The following described real estate located in Clark County, State of Nevada:

Inst #: 201305310004710 _Fees: \$17.00 N/C Fee: \$0.00 RPTT: \$0.00 Ex: #001

05/31/2013 04:42:42 PM Receipt #: 1638676

Requestor:

THOMAS JESSUP LLC Recorded By: MGM Pgs: 2 DEBBIE CONWAY

CLARK COUNTY RECORDER

THE GRANTOR(S), Thomas Jessup, LLC, for good and valuable consideration the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged does hereby convey and quit claims to the GRANTEE(S), Thomas Jessup, LLC Series/II, the following described real estate, situated in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, together with all after acquired title of the Grantor(s) therein (legal description):

Full Legal Description:

Parcel No: 179-21-116-042

Address:

588 BUGLE BLUFF DR

HENDERSON, NV 89015

FOXFIELD EST-UNIT 3 PLAT BOOK 78 PAGE 19 LOT 9 BLOCK 2

SEC 21 TWP 22 RNG 63

This transfer is exempt from the taxes imposed by NRS 375.020, 375.023 and 375.206 pursuant to Exemption No.18 of NRS 375.090 as a transfer of real property to a business organization owned 100% by the persons making the transfer herein.

This Property is not a homestead property

Signature, Michael Jessup as Manager of Thomas Jessup, LLC, Grantor

Date: 5/31//3

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3 day of May, 2013

BY MICHAEL JESSUP

Norary Public

STATE OF NEVADA DECLARATION OF VALUE

1. Assessor Parcel Number(s)	
a 179-21-116-042	
b.	
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d.	
2. Type of Property:	
a. Vacant Land b. F Single Fam. Res.	FOR RECORDERS OPTIONAL USE ONLY
	Book Page:
e. Apt. Bldg f. Comm'l/Ind'l	Date of Recording:
g. Agricultural h. Mobile Home	Notes:
Other	
3.a. Total Value/Sales Price of Property b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of proper	\$ 126,000
b. Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure Only (value of proper	rty()
c. Transfer Tax Value:	\$
d. Real Property Transfer Tax Due	s 8
4. If Exemption Claimed:	
a Transfer Tay Evernation per NRS 375 000 Se	ction & I THEATER BETWEEN AFFILIATED
b. Explain Reason for Exemption Rusius San	thes with Flentied Common annership
M FRANCESE TO A BUSINESS OF Which 6	RANTOK IS 1008 WITHOUT
5. Partial Interest: Percentage being transferred: /00) %
The undersigned declares and acknowledges, under pe	~=
and NRS 375.110, that the information provided is co	
and can be supported by documentation if called upon	
Furthermore, the parties agree that disallowance of any	_
additional tax due, may result in a penalty of 10% of the	
to NRS 375.030, the Buyer and Seller shall be jointly	
to NKS 375.030, the Buyer and Seller shall be jointly	and severally habie for any additional amount owed.
a: 11-1 // /	a state
Signature Wichard Chemin	Capacity: Montes
Signature	Capacity:
SELLER (GRANTOR) INFORMATION	BUYER (GRANTEE) INFORMATION
(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)
Print Name: Thomas Jessup LLC	Print Name Hours Jessup LLC Series II
Address: 631 N. STEPHAMIE ST# 396	Address: 631 M. STEPHIAMIE ST #396
City: HENDERSON	City: HENDERSON
State: UV Zip: 89014	Address: 631 M. STEPHIMIE ST #396 City: HENDERSON State: NU Zip: 89014
COMPANY/PERSON REQUESTING RECORDS	NG (Required if not seller or buyer)
Print Name:	Escrow #
Address:	
City:	State: Zip:

AS A PUBLIC RECORD THIS FORM MAY BE RECORDED/MICROFILMED

Electronically Filed 12/12/2014 04:05:15 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

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v.

DARREN T. BRENNER, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 8386

WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 13138

3 Akerman LLP

1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330

Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Telephone:

(702) 634-5000

Facsimile:

(702) 380-8572 Email: darren.brenner@akerman.com

Email: william.habdas@akerman.com

Attorneys for Bank of America, N.A.

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THOMAS JESSUP, LLC SERIES VII,

Plaintiff.

A-13-693205-C

Dept. No.:

Case No.:

XIV

LENA COOK, an individual; BNY MELLON, N.A.; SFG MORTGAGE, a revoked Arizona corporation; BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.; MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., a Delaware corporation; HEIRS OF THE ESTATE OF LENA COOK; and any and all other persons unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to the Plaintiff's ownership, or any cloud upon Plaintiff's title thereto (DOES 1 through 10, inclusive);

DEFENDANT BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINT

Defendants.

Defendant Bank of America, N.A. answers Plaintiff Thomas Jessup, LLC Series VII's Amended Complaint as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 1. 1, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 2. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegation in Paragraph 2, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

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AKERMAN LLP

1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144. IEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

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AKERMAN LLP

- 3. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph3, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 4. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph4, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 5. Defendant states that Plaintiff's assertion that Bank of America, N.A. was doing business in Nevada "at all relevant times" is too vague to permit a response. To the extent further response is required, Defendant admits that it has conducted business in Nevada.
- 6. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 6, which appears to be incomplete, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 7. Defendant lacks sufficient information to admit or deny the allegations in Paragraph 7 regarding Ms. Cook, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 8. The allegations in Paragraph 8 relate to alleged fictitious parties, and Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny allegations related to unknown fictitious parties, and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.
- 9. Defendant admits that this action relates to the ownership and title of real property located in Clark County, Nevada and further states that Plaintiff's assertions regarding venue and jurisdiction are Plaintiff's own legal conclusions, of which Defendant demands strict proof.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

10. Defendant admits that a Trustee's Deed Upon Sale recorded on June 13, 2012, states that CSC Investment Group, LLC purchased real property located at 588 Bugle Bluff Dr., Henderson, Nevada 89015, APN 179-21-116-042, and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. Defendant is without sufficient information to admit or deny the remaining allegations in Paragraph 10 and therefore denies the same and demands strict proof thereof.

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11. Defendant admits that a Trustee's Deed Upon Sale was recorded on June 13, 2012 as Instrument Number 201206130002720 and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.

- 12. Defendant admits that a Quitclaim Deed was recorded on August 17, 2012 as Instrument Number 201208170001801 purporting to transfer the property from CSC Investment Group, LLC to Thomas Jessup, LLC and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
- 13. Defendant admits that a Quitclaim Deed was recorded on May 31, 2013 as Instrument Number 201305310004710 purporting to transfer the property from Thomas Jessup, LLC to Plaintiff and states that the referenced document speaks for itself. To the extent that further response is required, Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
- 14. Defendant admits that it maintains an interest in the property via an assignment of a Deed of Trust recorded on October 6, 2006 as Instrument Number 20061006-0002073. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 14 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.
 - 15. Defendant denies the allegations in Paragraph 15 and demands strict proof thereof.
 - 16. Defendant denies the allegation in Paragraph 16 and demands strict proof thereof.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Quiet Title)

17. Defendant adopts and incorporates by reference all the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

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- Defendant denies the allegation in Paragraph 18 and demands strict proof thereof. 18.
- 19. Defendant denies the allegations in Paragraph 19 and demands strict proof thereof.
- 20. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the determination it seeks in Paragraph 20 and specifically states that Defendant maintains its interest in the property. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 20 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief)

- 21. Defendant adopts and incorporates by reference all the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 22. Defendant admits that Plaintiff seeks a declaration in Paragraph 22 but denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the requested declaration and specifically states that Defendant maintains its interest in the property. Defendant is without sufficient knowledge to admit or deny the remaining allegations of Paragraph 22 and therefore denies those allegations and demands strict proof thereof.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 1 of the 1. Prayer of the Complaint.
- 2. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 2 of the Prayer of the Complaint.
- 3. Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 3 of the Prayer of the Complaint.
- Defendant denies that Plaintiff is entitled to the relief sought in Paragraph 4 of the 4. Prayer of the Complaint.

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AKERMAN LLP 1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 1 AS VEGAS NEVADA 89144

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AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Claim)

Plaintiff has failed to state facts sufficient to constitute any cause of action against Defendant.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Void for Vagueness)

To the extent that Plaintiff's interpretation of NRS 116.3116 is accurate, the statute, and Chapter 116, are void for vagueness as applied to this matter.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Due Process Violations)

A deed of trust beneficiary cannot be deprived of its property interest in violation of the Procedural Due Process Clause of the 14 Amendment of the United States Constitution and Article 1, Sec. 8, of the Nevada Constitution.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Assumption of Risk)

Plaintiff, at all material times, calculated, knew and understood the risks inherent in the situations, actions, omissions and transactions upon which it now bases its various claims for relief, and with such knowledge, Plaintiff undertook and thereby assumed such risks and is consequently barred from all recovery by such assumption of risk.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Violation of Procedural Due Process)

The super-priority lien was satisfied prior to the homeowner's association foreclosure under the doctrines of tender, estoppel, laches, or waiver.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Commercial Reasonableness and Violation of Good Faith - NRS 116.1113)

The homeowner's association foreclosure sale was not commercially reasonable, and the circumstances of sale of the property violated the homeowner's association's obligation of good faith under NRS 116.1113 and duty to act in a commercially reasonable manner.

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22) 380-8223 12 12

) 634-5000 – FAX: (702

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SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Mitigate Damages)

Plaintiff's claims are barred in whole or in part because of its failure to take reasonable steps to mitigate its damages, if any.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Third Party Fault)

The damages complained of, if there were any, were proximately contributed to or caused by the carelessness, negligence, fault or defects resulting from acts/omissions of other persons unknown to Defendant at this time, and were not caused in any way by Defendant or by persons for whom Defendant is legally responsible.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Reduction of Damages Based on Third Party Fault)

Defendant is entitled to have any award against it reduced or eliminated to the extent that the negligence, carelessness, or defect resulted from the acts/omissions or comparative fault of other persons that contributed to Plaintiff's damages, if any.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (No Standing)

The Plaintiff lacks standing to bring some or all of their claims and causes of action.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Unclean Hands)

Defendant avers the affirmative defense of unclean hands.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Failure to Provide Notice)

Defendant was not provided proper notice of the "super-priority" assessment amounts and the homeowner's association foreclosure sale, and any such notice provided to Defendant failed to comply with the statutory and common law requirements of Nevada and with state and federal constitutional law.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Plaintiff is Not Entitled to Relief)

Defendant denies that the Plaintiff is entitled to any relief for which it prays.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Failure to Do Equity)

Defendant avers the affirmative defense of failure to do equity.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Plaintiff is not a Bona Fide Purchaser for Value)

Plaintiff purchased the property with record notice of the interest of the deeds of trust recorded against the property.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Void Foreclosure Sale)

The HOA foreclosure sale is void for failure to comply with the provisions of NRS Chapter 116, and other provisions of law.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Violations of Constitutional and Federal Law)

The homeowners' association sale is void or otherwise fails to extinguish the applicable deed of trust because it violates provisions of the United States Constitution and federal law.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE (Additional Affirmative Defenses)

Pursuant to NRCP 11, Defendant reserves the right to assert additional affirmative defenses in the event discovery and/or investigation disclose the existence of other affirmative defenses.

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1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89144 TEL.: (702) 634-5000 – FAX: (702) 380-8572

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Defendant prays for the following:

- That Plaintiff's complaint be dismissed in its entirety with prejudice and that Plaintiff 1. take nothing by way of its complaint;
 - For attorney's fees and costs of defending this action; and 2.
 - For such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper. 3.

DATED this 12th day of December, 2014.

AKERMAN LLP

DARREN T. BRENNER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 8386 WILLIAM S. HABDAS, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13138 1160 Town Center Drive, Suite 330 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144

Attorneys for Defendant Bank of America, N.A.

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	SUITE	9144	(2)380-	1	2
LLE	RIVE,	S, NEVADA 89144	-FAX: (702) 380-8572	1	3
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AKE	NCEN	VEGA	634-50	1	5
`	1160 TOWN CENTER DRIVE, SUITE 330	LAS	TEL.: (702) 634-5000 -	1	6
	116		TEL	1	7
				1	8
				1	9

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of Akerman LLP, and that on this 12th day of December, 2014 I caused to be served a true and correct copy of foregoing **DEFENDANT BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINT**, in the following manner:

(ELECTRONIC SERVICE) Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, the above-referenced document was electronically filed on the date hereof and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List.

For those Parties not registered pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, service was made in the following manner:

(UNITED STATES MAIL) By depositing a copy of the above-referenced document for mailing in the United States Mail, first-class postage prepaid, at Las Vegas, Nevada, to the parties listed below at their last-known mailing addresses, on the date above written.

Michael V. Infuso, Esq. Zachary P. Takos, Esq. Greene Infuso, LLP 3030 South Jones Boulevard, Suite 101 Las Vegas, NV 89146 Attorneys for Plaintiff

An employee of AKERMAN LLP