### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEVADA

NEVADA YELLOW CAB	
CORPORATION, NEVADA	, )
CHECKER CAB CORPORATION, and	)
NEVADA STAR CAB	) Floatranically Filed
CORPORATION'	Sup. Ct. No. VALP62 2017 01:02 p.m.
Petitioners,	Sup. Ct. No. No. 22 2017 01:02 p.m. Case No.: A-Efizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court
VS.	)
	) Dept. No.: XXVIII
THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT	)
COURT of the State of Nevada, in and	)
For the County of Clark, and THE	)
HONORABLE RONALD J. ISRAEL	)
District Judge,	)
Respondents,	)
	)
and	)
	)
CHRISTOPHER THOMAS, and	)
CHRISTOPHER CRAIG,	)
Real Parties in Interest.	)
	)

# PETITIONERS' REPLY APPENDIX - Volume I

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COURT REPORTING

LEGAL VIDEOGRAPHY

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TRIAL PRESENTATION

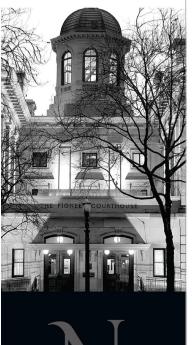
MOCK JURY SERVICES

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VS





**DEPOSITION AND TRIAL** 



(800) 528-3335 NAEGELIUSA.COM

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHRISTOPHER THOMAS, and CHRISTOPHER CRAIG, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,



Case No: A-12-661726-C

NEVADA YELLOW CAB
CORPORATION, NEVADA
CHECKER CAB
CORPORATION, and NEVADA
STAR CAB CORPORATION,

Defendants.

DEPOSITION OF

KEITH SAKELHIDE

TAKEN ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2017 9:03 A.M.

SPRINGHILL SUITES - BOARDROOM 223 FEDERAL STREET PITTSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA 15212

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1	DEPOSITION OF
2	KEITH SAKELHIDE
3	TAKEN ON
4	WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 2017
5	9:03 A.M.
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7	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are on the record.
8	The date is Wednesday, November 15, 2017. The time
9	is officially 9:03 a.m. Eastern Standard Time.
10	This is the beginning of the deposition of
11	Keith Sakelhide. This is in the matter of
12	Christopher Thomas and Christopher Craig versus
13	Nevada Yellow Cab Corporation, Nevada Checker Cab
14	Corporation and Nevada Star Cab Corporation.
15	Deposition location is SpringHill Suites
16	by Marriott, 223 Federal Street, Pittsburgh, PA
17	15212. This is recording on SD Media No. 1.
18	Will counsel please introduce yourselves
19	and state whom you represent.
20	MR. BOTROS: Tamer Botros on behalf of
21	Defendants, Nevada Yellow Cab Corporation, Nevada
22	Checker Cab Corporation and Nevada Star Cab
23	Corporation.
24	MR. MOAS: Royi Moas on behalf of
25	Plaintiffs and the Class.

1	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The court reporter	
2	will now swear in the witness.	
3	KEITH SAKELHIDE, a witness herein, having been first	
4	duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:	
5	EXAMINATION	
6	BY MR. BOTROS:	
7	Q. Good morning.	
8	A. Good morning.	
9	Q. Could you please state your full name for	
10	the record?	
11	A. Keith Sakelhide, S-A-K-E-L-H-I-D-E.	
12	Q. Do you have a middle name?	
13	A. Anthony.	
14	Q. Can you spell that?	
15	A. A-N-T-H-O-N-Y.	
16	Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, have you ever had	
17	your deposition taken before or testified in court?	
18	A. I have never had a deposition taken.	
19	Q. Okay. Since this is the first time that	
20	you've ever had your deposition taken, Commissioner,	
21	I would like to go through some ground rules for	
22	today kind of to help educate you on the process so	
23	we're all on the same page.	
24	Is that okay?	
25	A I have taken denositions before	

- A. But I have never been subject to a deposition.
- Q. Excellent. We'll get into that in terms of your career, but my question is not necessarily conducting them but actually being subjected to questions.
  - A. Of course.

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- Q. And answering those questions under oath in front of a court reporter with another attorney or other attorneys in the office.
  - A. Of course. Go right ahead.
- Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, the oath you have taken is the same one you would take in a court of law in front of a judge. It basically means you have to tell the truth under penalty of perjury.

Do you understand that?

- A. Of course.
- Q. The court reporter is taking down everything that any of us says, and at some point in the future you will have an opportunity to make any changes to your deposition.
- You need to be aware that if you make any substantive or material changes versus something grammatical or spelling error, that I will have an

1 opportunity to point that out at trial and it could reflect on your credibility as a witness in this 2 3 case. Do you understand that? 4 Yes, I do. 5 Α. 6 It's similarly important that you speak Q. 7 out loud in terms of your answers. A lot of times when we have discussions, we, especially myself, we tend to use non-verbal communications; hand 9 10 gestures, a nod of the head. It doesn't translate 11 well on the transcript. 12 So if from time to time I say, is that a yes, is that a no, I'm not trying to be rude or 13 14 annoying in any way, Commissioner, it's basically to establish a clean record so at trial we have your 15 16 testimony that is clear from that respect. 17 Do you understand that? 18 Α. Yes, I do. 19 Q. At any time if you don't understand a 20 particular question that I ask, please ask that, you 21 know, for me to rephrase it so you do understand. 22 Do you understand that? 23 Yes, sir. Α. 24 If I ask you a question and you answer Q.

that question, Commissioner, I will assume you

understood the question.

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Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. If at any time you need to take a break, I may also need to take a break or opposing counsel, just ask that you go ahead and take that break, you know, and we'll go ahead and go off the record and take it.

I ask, Commissioner, that if I've asked you a pending question, if there is a question pending, that you answer that question before we take a break.

Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. If any time opposing counsel objects to any question I ask, please allow him to -- stop, allow him to make objection on the record, and then you may answer the question.

Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Just because opposing counsel or even myself, if he is questioning you, make an objection, you still must answer each and every question in this deposition.

Do you understand that?

1 A. Yes, I do.
2 O. From time

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Q. From time to time I may ask you about your best estimate, your best recollection, again, about things that happened in the past. I am entitled -- I don't want you to guess at this deposition,

Commissioner. However, I am entitled to your best estimate.

Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. In terms of this deposition, I want to know are you on any type of medication or are you suffering from any condition that would make it difficult for you to testify here today truthfully in this proceeding?
- 15 A. No.
  - Q. I just want to get a little bit of background before we get into some of the questions substantively.

#### Where were you born?

- A. I was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
- Q. Hometown?
- 22 A. Yes. That's right.
- Q. Since we're here in Pittsburgh. Okay.
- 24 What is your date of birth?
- 25 A. 5/28/53.

What is your current address? 1 Q. 2 625 Stanwix Street, Pittsburgh, 3 Pennsylvania 15222. 4 Q. Within the next approximately six to seven 5 months, Commissioner, do you have any intention or plans on moving from that particular address in 7 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania? My wife and I will probably be buying a 9 house in the spring. 10 Q. When you say "in the spring," are you 11 talking about 2018? 12 Α. 2018, yes. And when you say "spring," approximately 13 Q. 14 what month are you talking about? 15 Probably April or May. Α. April or May. And hence your address will 16 Q. 17 change? Yes, it will. 18 Α. 19 Q. Which state? 20 It will still be in Pennsylvania. Α. 21 Pittsburgh? Q. 22 Yes. Α. 23 This trial is scheduled to take place as Q. 24 it stands right now in February, February 5, 2018. 25 Do you anticipate that around that timeframe that

#### you will be moving to a different address? 1 2 No. We will be at the same address. 3 Q. Okay. If for some reason there is any type of a continuance of trial or for whatever 5 reason it moves, I would like to maintain contact with you in case you do move and we need to get a 7 hold of you for trial subpoena. 8 You understand that? 9 Α. Yes, I do. 10 Okay. Excellent. Where did you graduate Q. 11 from high school? 12 Α. I graduated from Richland High School. 13 In Pittsburgh? Ο. 14 Yes. In Gibsonia, Pennsylvania, just Α. 15 north of Pittsburgh. 16 Q. What year? 17 1972. Α. 18 Q. After graduating from high school, where 19 did you go to college? 20 I started off at Duquesne University. Α. 21 Where is that located? Q. 22 That's in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Α. 23 What was your undergrad? Q. 24 I received my undergraduate degree from Α.

the City University of New York.

1	Q.	Okay. What was the degree?
2	Α.	Oh, my degree was in government and public
3	administra	ation.
4	Q.	So you got your B.A. from City University
5	in New Yo	rk?
6	А.	Yes.
7	Q.	Public?
8	Α.	Government and public administration.
9	Q.	After you obtained that, did you go for
10	any other	schooling, advanced degree education?
11	А.	I received my law degree from Hofstra
12	Universit	у•
13	Q.	Approximately when did you
14	Α.	1982.
15	Q.	Thank you, Commissioner.
16		Did you obtain a law license in the State
17	of Pennsy	lvania?
18	Α.	Yes. State of Pennsylvania and the
19	District	of Columbia.
20	Q.	Did you practice law in the State of
21	Pennsylva	nia?
22	А.	Yes, I did.
23	Q.	How many years?
24	А.	I practiced law in Pennsylvania for about
25	seven year	rs.

Q. In what field? 1 I was a legal service attorney. 2 3 Q. What do you mean by that? Well, I worked for Laurel Legal Services. 4 Α. 5 They provide legal services to low- income residents in four counties in Western Pennsylvania. 7 Q. So it's a public interest --Α. 8 Yes. 9 -- type of a legal field? 0. 10 Α. Exactly. 11 And you did that for, approximately, seven Ο. 12 years? 13 Α. Approximately seven years. 14 Here in Pennsylvania? Q. 15 Α. Yes. After those seven years, Commissioner, 16 Q. 17 what did you do in terms of your legal career? Well, before I practiced law in 18 Α. 19 Pennsylvania, I practiced law in the District of 20 Columbia. I worked for the justice department for 21 just over a year, and then I worked on Capitol Hill 22 for just under six years. 23 When you mean the justice department, Q. 24 you're talking about the United States Department of

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Justice; right?

1 Α. Yes, I do. What division were you in? 2 3 Α. I was in the Civil Division, Federal programs branch. 5 What was your primary duties in the Civil Division of the U.S. Justice Department? 7 Actually, it was a clerkship right out of Α. law school. So, basically, it was a, it was to be a 9 two-year period. I left before the two-year period 10 was up. I was offered a position on Capitol Hill. 11 In D.C.? 0. 12 Α. Yes, in D.C. 13 What was that position you were offered in Q. 14 Capitol Hill? 15 That was with the American Law Division of Α. 16 the Congressional Research Service. 17 Say that one more time. The American Law Division of the 18 Α. 19 Congressional Research Service. The CRS is a 20 division of the Congress. 21 What were your duties there on Capitol Q. 22 Hill? 23 I was a legislative analyst primarily 24 assigned to work with the judiciary committees.

So as a legislative analyst working with

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Q.

- A. Well, several things. Primarily, we would evaluate proposed legislation, and what we did was provide non-partisan analysis of proposed legislation. We would do compare and contrast with either competing or similar proposed legislation or prior legislation.
  - Q. So you would evaluate?
- A. We would do an assessment analysis of any proposed legislation within our subject area. My subject area were primarily legislation that would come before the judiciary committees.
- Q. Did that -- was that limited to the United States House or the Senate or both?
  - A. Both.

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- Q. Did that involve, and I might be incorrect in terms of terminology, and, Commissioner, please correct me, Constitutional interpretation?
- A. In a limited sense, it would, with regard to identifying any issues that may be inconsistent with a Constitutional provision.
  - Q. Okay.

1 Α. It would be rare that that would happen. What about statutory provisions where you 2 3 are, meaning proposed, looking at how it would be interpreted subject to current laws? 5 We would do analysis of how it may have been impacted by case law, if there was a staff --7 if there was a -- very often a piece of proposed legislation would be initiated because of an action 9 or decision by either the United States Supreme 10 Court or a Federal District Court. 11 So, again, that would be a part of, a 12 small part of the analysis that that was triggered 13 by the decision of --14 Your analysis, who would you give it to? 15 Well, our analyses were published in the 16 Congressional Record. 17 Okay. The Federal Registry? Q. 18 No, Congressional Record. 19 Q. Congressional Record, okay. And you would 20 also be working closely with the respective 21 judiciary committees, whether it's the House or the 22 Senate, pertaining to that analysis? 23 There would be times we would. Most of Α. 24 the analysis we did was in isolation. There would

be times that we would be maybe detailed to work

more closely with a legislative committee.

- Q. Have you ever been asked to brief congressional staff or Senate staffers on proposed statutes for amendments being made on competing legislation?
- A. Well, part of what we did for each Congress, we would participate in a program that was called emerging issues for the, whatever Congress, and it was the responsibility periodically to provide that sort of training for new congressmen or new staff.
  - Q. And who would you report to?
- A. It was internal -- we were part of Congressional Research Service, and, again, we were a division called the American Law Division, had a managing attorney within that division that I reported to.
- Q. Did your opinions and/or analysis in terms of a report, did that ever get published in the Congressional Record?
- A. They were all published in the Congressional Record.
  - Q. Under your name?
  - A. No, under the American Law Division.
- **Q. Okay.**

1	A. Nothing under our individual names.
2	Q. Okay. So when you say under American Law
3	Division, you were one of many or several
4	A. One of about, in my section, one of twelve
5	attorneys.
6	Q. Okay.
7	A. There were probably 36 attorneys at the
8	time for the in the ALD.
9	Q. So there is not one particular person's
10	name on a particular report; it's just, basically,
11	the American Law Division based on the 12 attorneys
12	who worked at the particular time?
13	A. Yeah. It was just all that was published
14	was our analysis.
15	Q. And when you say "our," you're talking
16	about you as part of the American Law Division?
17	A. Exactly. Each of us had different subject
18	areas. And, again, when a bill was introduced, that
19	bill was published in the Congressional Record.
20	Sometime later the analysis, our analysis was
21	published. So there would be a timeframe from the
22	time the bill was introduced, a lag time of perhaps,
23	depending on the size of the piece of legislation,
24	several days, weeks or months later.

Approximately how many years were you on

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Q.

# Capitol Hill within the American Law Division?

- A. A little bit over five years.
- Q. What did you do after that? Where did you go?
- A. I went to -- my wife and I moved to California and I worked the Public Defender's Office.
  - Q. Where in California?
  - A. Riverside County.
  - Q. Did you get your California law license?
- A. No, I didn't. I was able to practice on my D.C. and Pennsylvania license for the time I was there. And I was only there a short time, for just under two years, and then my wife and I moved back to Pittsburgh and I took the position with the Laurel Legal Services. I was only there a short time.
  - Q. Approximately how many years,
- 19 Commissioner?

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- A. Just under two.
  - Q. And then you moved back to Pittsburgh?
- A. Right. And that was the seven years I spent with the Laurel Legal Services.
- Q. Okay. That makes sense. I was trying to go chronologically.

1	A. Back and forth across the country.
2	Q. That's okay.
3	So you worked the Public Defender's
4	Office. Just briefly, what was your major duties?
5	A. Basically representing injured indigent.
6	Again, since I was only there a short time, mostly
7	during the initial stages of what are referred to as
8	the arraignments, TRCs, trial readiness conferences,
9	things like that. I did motion practice on pretrial
10	motions, argued pretrial motions.
11	Q. After you were done with the Public
12	Defender's Office in Riverside County, California,
13	you moved back to Pittsburgh, is that when you did
14	the legal services?
15	A. Yes, it is.
16	Q. For the seven years?
17	A. Yes, just under seven years.
18	Q. Did you do anything else during those
19	seven years besides working for the legal services?
20	A. No. That was a full-time job.
21	Q. Okay. For the public?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Representing low-income individuals?
24	A. Right. Most of what I did would fall in
25	the family law arena; child custody cases, divorce

cases, child support. 1 2 After --0. 3 Those types of things. Α. Thank you, Commissioner Sakelhide. Q. 5 Α. That's okay. 6 That makes sense because I wanted to just Q. 7 get a background in terms of your career. 8 After those seven years at the legal 9 services in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where did you 10 go after that? 11 My wife and I moved to Las Vegas. Okay. Approximately what year would that 12 Q. 13 have been? 14 That would have been 19, let's see, 96 --Α. 15 **'**97. 16 Okay. Why did you and your wife move in Q. 17 1997 to Las Vegas, Nevada? 18 Α. My wife, frankly, got tired of the snow. And we did a lot of moving around for me. 20 time that I moved around for her. So --21 Okay. So all the moving around you did Q. 22 prior to 1997 was for your career in terms of your 23 advancement and your --24 Α. My interests. 25 Legal -- of course. Okay. However, in Q.

1997, the move was, correct me if I'm wrong, was 1 motivated by her interests? 2 3 Α. Yes, it was. To get out of Pittsburgh? Q. 5 Α. Exactly. Because of the snow? 6 Q. 7 Α. Exactly. And the weather? 8 Q. 9 That's right. Α. 10 Okay. I just want to be clear. Q. 11 What is your wife's name? 12 Α. Jeanette. 13 How did you spell that? Q. 14 Α. J-E-A-N-E-T-T-E. 15 So when you first -- before you moved in Q. 16 1997 to Las Vegas, Nevada, did you secure a job at 17 any type of employment in Las Vegas, Nevada? 18 Α. No. I secured the job as I moved there. 19 Q. Okay. So you moved there and then you 20 secured -- what was the first job you obtained when 21 you moved in 1997 to Las Vegas? 22 A job with SIIS, State Industrial 23 Insurance Service. 24 Q. Say that again. 25 SIIS, State Industrial Insurance Service. Α.

Q. Oh, okay.
A. And I was there during the transition from
SIIS to ICON.
Q. So what were you doing for the State
Industrial Insurance Services in the State of
Nevada?
A. In their legal department, primarily
writing briefs.
Q. About what?
A. Well, these were on workers' comp actions.
Q. Anything else besides writing briefs on
workers' comp actions?
A. Pretty much well, that, then when SIIS
privatized, because ICON Insurance, Employees
Insurance Company of Nevada, I was there with what
was referred to as a transition team, and,
basically, what we did at the transition team,
again, this was a fairly significant part of the
time I was there, basically trying to, I guess,
create what the new ICON would be as far as what
types of departments were necessary and not
necessary, again, with my involvement primarily on
the legal side.

ICON had hearing officers, hearing

advocates. They had approximately a dozen -- more

- 1	
1	than a dozen attorneys. So, basically, what was
2	necessary with the transition from a state agency
3	into a private entity.
4	Q. Did any of your briefs at that time with
5	SIIS, you know, during that transition, ever get
6	published or
7	A. They were not published under my name.
8	Q. Again, under the legal department of SIIS?
9	A. Right.
10	Q. Very similar to American Law Division and
11	Capitol Hill?
12	A. Yeah.
13	Q. Approximately how many years were you at
14	the State Industrial Services?
15	A. About two and a half years.
16	Q. And where did you go after that?
17	A. I went to the TSA, Transportation Services
18	Authority, as their administrative attorney.
19	Q. What were you doing as at the TSA as
20	transportation services
21	A. Pretty much everything, Transportation
22	Services Authority. Again, it later became the
23	Nevada Transportation Authority. There were three
24	commissioners. I was at that time I was,

25 basically, the in-house attorney for the Commission.

Q. Okay. When you say you were hired,
Commissioner Sakelhide, I just want to be very

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## clear, were you appointed to that position?

- A. No. That position is a hired position. I was hired by the Labor Commissioner. That was Mike Tanchek at the time.
- Q. Okay. So this was -- I'm just establishing a foundation because you're educating me on certain things that I'm not aware of. So was there a job opening that was made public or otherwise where you actually complete an application and went through the interview process?
- A. Yes. Exactly. It was an opening. It was published on the state website. I applied for the position, went through the interview process with Commissioner Tanchek and the staff members and was offered the position and I accepted that.
- Q. And what year were you hired by, at the time, Commissioner Tanchek, Michael Tanchek, at the office of Nevada Labor Commission?
- A. Well, if I can look at -- what I'm looking at is the deposition, or actually not the deposition.
- Q. We'll get into that and that's fine. That segues me in terms of our first exhibit, but -- go ahead.
  - A. This is an Affidavit I prepared just to

get the date. It was 2007. As I recall, it was late April of 2007.

- Q. So late April of 2007 you would have been hired by Commissioner Tanchek as the Deputy Labor Commissioner in the State of Nevada?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. When you were hired, I want to know what were your duties as Deputy Labor Commissioner for the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner --
  - A. Okay. Well, when I was hired --
  - Q. In Nevada.
- A. In Nevada. When I was hired in 2007, what Commissioner Tanchek asked me to do was primarily be responsible for what is referred to as prevailing wage matters. These are matters that involve oversight over commissioners' oversight over prevailing wage projects in the State of Nevada.
- Q. Were you responsible for any other tasks besides just focusing on the prevailing wage as part of your duties and responsibilities as Deputy Labor Commissioner?
- A. Initially for the first two years, I was focused on just that arena.
  - Q. Okay.
  - A. There would be times that Commissioner

1 Tanchek would bounce some things off of me. would have discussions about things if he wanted my 2 3 input or my take on it. As far as any sort of like regular task responsibilities, they were focused 5 really on what we refer to as 338 matters, prevailing wage matters.

- And you referenced -- Commissioner, you Q. referenced your Affidavit, and I'm going to go ahead and -- this is the Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide --I'm going to go ahead and make sure that the court reporter marks it officially in the record at this deposition as Exhibit No. 1 and then we'll go over it.
- Α. Of course.
- (Deposition Exhibit No. 1 was marked for identification.)
- 17 BY MR. BOTROS:

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- Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, what's been marked 19 as Exhibit No. 1 in front of you, at the top it says Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide. Do you see that?
  - Yes, I do. Α.
  - Now, I just want to turn over to the second page just so we have a record. There's a signature. It has a signature line of Keith Sakelhide. Is that your signature?

1 Α. Yes, it is. Okay. Do you recognize this document? 2 Ο. 3 Α. Yes, I do. And we'll go over it so we can discuss it Q. 5 in more detail, your Affidavit. It says here, I, Keith Sakelhide, being duly sworn, states, I am the 7 former Deputy Labor Commissioner for the State of Nevada of the Labor Commissioner for the Las Vegas 9 office. 10 Do you see that? 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. I served as Deputy Labor Commissioner from 13 approximately 2007 to 2013. Do you see that? 14 Yes, I do. Α. 15 Okay. Approximately in 2013, when did you Q. 16 end your tenure as the Deputy Labor Commissioner in 17 Nevada? I believe it was in December of 2013. 18 19 Q. And where did you go work or what did --20 yeah, where did you go work after that? I was hired as the Administrative Law 21 Α. 22 Judge for the Department of Business and Industry. 23 Q. So you were an ALJ? 24 Α. Yes.

What it's referred to?

25

Q.

Exactly. 1 Α. For which now? 2 0. 3 Α. The Department of Business and Industry. Okay. Were you appointed? Q. 5 Α. No. I was hired by the director of B and 6 I. 7 Q. And who was that at the time? That was Bruce Breslow. 8 Α. 9 And what were your duties as an 0. Administrative Law Judge? 11 It would be conduct hearings for all the 12 different agencies within the department. 13 So you would need to be sworn in for that Q. 14 position; correct? 15 Α. Yes, I was. To uphold all laws, and in terms of Nevada 16 Q. 17 Constitution as well as United States Constitution and any and all laws; correct? 18 19 Α. Correct. 20 To the best of your ability? Q. 21 Α. Correct. 22 In terms of conducting hearings, what were Q. 23 you conducting hearings -- pertaining to what 24 matters? 25 Α. These were administrative hearings. It

would be with regard to any of the B and I departments; primarily financial institutions, so that would be mortgage lending, related agencies to that.

So -- a lot of the hearings I did were -I continued to do hearings from the Labor
Commission, Labor Commissioner hearings. I continued
to do those, and probably the vast majority of the
other hearings I did were with the mortgage lending
department.

- Q. So explain for me that when you just testified, and correct me if I'm wrong, that you still conducted hearings for the Labor Commission, what do you mean by -- explain it for me.
- A. Well, Labor Commission is still part of Business and Industry.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. It's one of the agencies within that department. At the time, they did not, during this period of time that I was an ALJ, they did not have a deputy in the Las Vegas office.
  - Q. To replace you?
- A. To replace me. They did replace my position, but they kept that position during this period of time in Carson City. So there was a need

1	for someone to continue to conduct the hearings with
2	Labor Commissioner, so I continued to hear those
3	matters.
4	Q. Okay. So you would hear matters as an ALJ
5	with respect to the Labor Commission. What
6	explain for me, Commissioner, what would those
7	matters be?
8	A. Well, they would be either 608 claims,
9	these were claims that were filed under NRS Chapter
10	608, and also matters that were filed under 338, the
11	prevailing wage matters.
12	So I would conduct continue to conduct
13	those hearings.
14	Q. And we'll get into the 608 in a second
15	A. Sure.
16	Q. In terms of your time with respect to the
17	Affidavit that's Exhibit No. 1.
18	A. Right.
19	Q. But did you, at any time strike that.
20	How many years were you working as an
21	Administrative Law Judge?
22	A. Well, actually, for a short period. Only
23	about six months.
24	O. From what vear

That would be from December of -- December

of 2013 until, probably, April, end of April, 1 beginning of May of 2014, and that's when I was 2 3 appointed commissioner with the Nevada Transportation Authority. 4 5 Q. The NTA? 6 Α. Yes. 7 You were appointed by whom? Q. 8 By Governor Sandoval. Α. 9 As a commissioner? 0. 10 Α. Yes. 11 So this is, unlike your previous, and 12 correct me if I am wrong, Commissioner, unlike your 13 previous jobs prior to you being appointed as 14 Commissioner of the Nevada Transportation Authority, 15 you would apply, go through the application process, 16 go through the interview process and hence being 17 offered a position and accepting, whereas after 18 serving that period as Administrative Law Judge, 19 after May of 2014, you were now appointed by the 20 duly elected Governor of the State of Nevada; 21 correct? 22 Yes, I was. Α. 23 At that time it would have been Governor Q. 24 Brian Sandoval? 25

Α.

Yes.

1 Q. Did you put your name out there in terms 2 of you seeking this position? 3 No, not really. Α. How did that come about? I'm just 0. 5 curious. 6 Α. It's kind of a strange story. We were, in 7 probably late March, beginning of April of 2014, that's the point in time you begin working the -begin the budget process, basically working with --9 10 I was working with the B and I. 11 Administrative Law Judge, I was kind of a 12 standalone. I wasn't part of any B and I agency. Myself and my staff were separated. 13 14 So I had to actively participate in the 15 budget process, proposing a budget for our little 16 group of people, myself and my two staff members. 17 When I did this, I, frankly, didn't think that the 18 position was justified. Which position? 19 Q. 20 My position. Α. 21 As Administrative Law --Q. 22 As Administrative Law Judge. I didn't Α. have enough, frankly, enough work to keep me busy. 23 24 What do you mean by that, you didn't have Q.

enough work to keep you busy?

A. At that time -- well, to go back as to why the Administrative Law Judge position was created, it was created as a result of the foreclosure crisis in Nevada. So there were monies available that was targeted at reducing the backlog of cases that had to do with foreclosure, mortgage lending problems, all of those issues. So that's what created the Administrative Law Judge position.

So there was a backlog of cases that needed to be taken care of. The thought that there would be about a two-year process in getting rid of the backlog. Frankly, I was able to get rid of the backlog in about three or four months.

## Q. Wow.

A. Well, I don't know if there were -- just once the process began, it went very quickly. A lot of matters began settling once they knew that there was going to be an end to the process. So a lot of matters just began to settle.

So at that point, what I did was contacted people in the Attorney General's office to get an idea of how many cases I would be receiving a month after the backlog was extinguished, and, frankly, because those cases that were brought before me were brought through the Attorney General's office, they

would be the one that would present the case for the various agencies and B and I.

It looked like there would be no more than three or four cases a month that would come before me. I didn't think that justified a full-time position.

So when we went to the budget meeting, I, frankly, found a place for my two assistants that were working with me to land in the next budget cycle and suggested that they do away with the position.

Once, again, some people found out that I had done that, people were kind of surprised, they were wondering if I was just bored with the job or wanted something else, and I said, well, in all honesty, I'm just being candid; unless you change the law and give new responsibilities for the Administrative Law Judge, again, through the legislative process, I gave some suggestions on what they could do with regard to reopening the consumer affairs division, things like that, then it could be a viable position, but until that's done, I didn't think it was viable.

They did, ultimately, reintroduce some legislation that in some way recreated the consumer

affairs division, but at that point I was asked what I was interested in doing because they wanted to keep me around.

And at that point, that's when the

Governor offered me the -- asked if I was interested
in the commissioner position with the NTA, and I was
-- I said I didn't know there was an opening and
they said, well, it was basically something that we
would like you to take if you're interested. So --

- Q. And you said yes --
- A. I said that would be fine.
- Q. Okay. Just a few things, and I appreciate you explaining that significant history with respect to your appointment as a commissioner, Commissioner Sakelhide. When you are referring to B and I, I just want to, for the record, you're referring to the Department of Business and Industry; correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Could you please tell me what departments fall under the umbrella of the Department of Business and Industry?
- A. Well, there are about a dozen agencies
  that fall under --
  - Q. Would the Labor Commissioner?
  - A. The Labor Commissioner was one of the --

1	Q.	Okay.
2	А.	That was probably the largest of the
3	divisions	5.
4	Q.	When you say "the largest," how are you
5	quantifyi	ing that?
6	Α.	Well, staffing.
7	Q.	Okay. The NTA, would that fall under the
8	Business	and Industry Administration?
9	А.	Yes, it would.
10	Q.	Business and Industry Division? I just
11	want to h	oe very accurate for the record, and you
12	correct m	ne if I'm wrong, Nevada Department of
13	Business	and Industry?
14	Α.	Yes.
14 15	A. Q.	
15	Q.	Is that the correct
15 16	Q. A.	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying</pre>
15 16 17	Q. A. Q.	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying B and I.</pre>
15 16 17 18	Q. A. Q. A.	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying B and I.</pre>
15 16 17 18	Q. A. Q. A.	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying B and I. B and I?</pre>
15 16 17 18 19	Q. A. Q. A. Q.	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying B and I. B and I? Exactly.</pre>
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Q. A. Q. A. Q. A. Commission	<pre>Is that the correct Yes terminology when you're saying B and I. B and I? Exactly. Okay. So you were appointed as the</pre>

I would say until I retired in December of

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Α.

1	2016.
2	Q. Okay.
3	A. So approximately April of 2013.
4	Q. So approximately two years?
5	A. Yeah, a little bit over two and a half
6	years.
7	Q. Getting back to Exhibit No. 1, because I'm
8	going through this document, who drafted this
9	Affidavit; do you remember?
10	A. I drafted it with the assistance of the
11	attorney at the time for the Labor Commissioner.
12	Q. Do you remember who that would have been?
13	A. Let's see. I'm trying to remember. His
14	name escapes me for the moment. I'm sure it will
15	come back.
16	Q. That's fine. If it comes back, then just
17	let me know and I'll just make a question on the
18	record.
19	A. Of course.
20	Q. How did this I want to just get a
21	timeline, if you will, and background. I have here
22	it says it was notarized, meaning your signature, by
23	a Notary Public on October 1, 2015.
24	Do you see that?

Α.

Yes.

case?

I believe it was. 1 Α. 2 Q. Okay. 3 I really didn't get into too much detail Α. at the time as far as what I -- he just simply 5 wanted my -- what my involvement was. 6 Did you meet with this attorney? 7 Yes, very briefly. During, you know, the 8 time that he made the request. 9 It was a he or a she? Ο. 10 Α. It was a he. 11 And was the meeting at your office? 0. 12 Α. Yes, it was. 13 Las Vegas? 0. 14 Α. Yes. 15 And approximately how many meetings did Q. you have with this particular attorney that is 16 17 representing one of the cab companies? 18 With regard to this matter, that was the extent of it. 19 20 Just one meeting? Q. 21 Just one meeting. Α. 22 Q. How many --23 Well, actually, probably two; one meeting Α. 24 when he asked me and then one meeting when I

presented him with the document.

1 Q. And you presented him with this? 2 Α. Yes. 3 Q. Okay. I just wanted to get a background. Sure. 4 Α. 5 So we look in your Affidavit Commissioner, it says, No. 3, the position of Deputy Labor Commissioner is subordinate to the Labor 7 8 Commissioner? 9 Α. Yes. 10 Meaning you report -- you would report to Q. the Labor Commissioner? 11 12 Α. Of course. And he would have been appointed by the 13 14 director of Nevada Department of Business and 15 Industry; correct? 16 That's correct. Α. 17 Bruce Breslow? 18 Α. No. At the time, Bruce Breslow was not 19 the director of B and I. 20 Who was it? 0. 21 I'm trying to remember who it was at that Α. 22 time. This was during Governor Gibbons --23 Q. Okay. 24 Α. So there were --25 Different administration? Q.

1	A. Actually, in like a short period of time
2	there were several B and I directors.
3	Q. But the B and I director, whoever he or
4	she is, is appointed by the governor?
5	A. Yes. And that was a position that was in
6	flux at the time. I think in a very short period of
7	time there were three different commissioners. So I
8	really don't recall which of them at the time,
9	whether it was well, again, I'm not sure.
10	Q. That's why I'm asking. Not a problem,
11	Commissioner.
12	So when you under your tenure, how many
13	commissioners did you serve under?
14	A. Two.
15	Q. Okay. So one of them is mentioned in this
16	Affidavit, Commissioner Labor Commissioner
17	Michael Tanchek. Who was the second one?
18	A. Thoran Towler.
19	Q. Could you spell that?
20	A. T-H-O-R-A-N, T-H-O-L-E-R (sic), I believe.
21	Q. Approximately how many years did you serve
22	under Commissioner Michael Tanchek?
23	A. The vast majority of the time. Just of
24	the six years I was there, five, about five years
25	under Commissioner Tanchek.

1	Q. And how many years under Commissioner
2	Towler?
3	A. Just over a year, probably a year and four
4	months.
5	Q. Okay. And was he still the Labor
6	Commissioner when you left that position?
7	A. Commissioner Towler, yes.
8	Q. The No. 4, this is on Exhibit No. 1, where
9	it says, during my time as Deputy Labor
10	Commissioner, I received a directive from Labor
11	Commissioner Mike Tanchek regarding minimum wage
12	claims concerning taxi and limousine drivers.
13	Do you see that?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Okay. And in the Affidavit when you
16	mentioned you received a directive, please explain
17	to me, first of all, what is a directive that would
18	come from the Labor Commissioner? What does it mean
19	when you, as Deputy Labor Commissioner, received a
20	directive from the Labor Commissioner?
21	A. It was simply when, basically, we were
22	myself or any staff member was tasked to do
23	something.
24	Q. So that's a directive?
25	A. That's a directive.

Q. Okay.

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- 2 A. It wasn't a formal written statement.
- 3 It's any -- basically, any time we are tasked to do 4 something or not to do something.
  - Q. From him?
  - A. From him.
  - Q. So I just want to know, and we'll get into the Affidavit in much more detail --
    - A. Of course.
  - Q. But I want to know, would it be usual and within your normal customary duties as Deputy Labor Commissioner to receive directives from the Labor Commissioner on what he wants to do or what he would like?
  - A. It was. Well, I guess there are two issues. One is with regard to 338 matters. There were, frankly, very few directives from Commissioner Tanchek. He kind of let me handle that area myself, so there would be very little other than, do a good job.
    - Q. In terms of 338?
- 22 A. 338.
- 23 Q. The prevailing wage?
- A. Exactly.
- Q. What about with respect to NRS 608.250,

1 Subsection 2, the exemptions; did he provide you, Commissioner Tanchek, with any directives regarding 2 3 NRS 608.250, Subsection 2? Okay. Again, probably the easiest thing 5 is for me to go through how we --6 Q. Please. Absolutely, Commissioner. 7 Α. That would be a lot quicker. 8 Q. Yes. 9 As I said, really, my first two years with 10 the office was really focused on doing 338 matters. 11 In addition to that, Commissioner Tanchek would 12 bounce things off of me. 13 At some point, approximately two years in, 14 again, I don't recall the exact month or date, but 15 he became aware of a -- the Bell Trans matter. 16 Q. Who is he? 17 Commissioner Tanchek became aware of that, 18 asked me if I knew anything about it. I said I 19 didn't, but I would -- you know, he asked me to get 20 whatever information I could gather on it. So I 21 did. 22 So I gathered, contacted an attorney I 23 knew with Bell Trans and he forwarded all the 24 documents that he had on that lawsuit.

Not to interrupt you, Commissioner, just

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Q.

- 1 that so we have a clear record, and I know you're going through an explanation, and a very long 3 extensive one, when you talk about the Bell Trans case, are you referring to what you have in your 5 Affidavit, the Lucas v. Bell Trans, United States Federal District Court of Nevada case in 2009? 7 Α. Exactly. 8 Q. Okay. Go ahead. 9 Α. Right. So I received that and I simply
- 9 A. Right. So I received that and I simply
  10 forwarded all of those, anything I had to
  11 Commissioner Tanchek and to our AG at the time.
- 12 That was Dianna Hegeduis.
- 13 Q. I'm sorry?
- 14 A. Dianna Hegeduis.
- 15 O. How do --
- 16 A. It's very difficult.
- 17 Q. As best you can.
- 18 A. H-E-G-I-D-I-U-S (sic).
- Q. Would that be something that if I
  researched on a database or maybe Googled her name,
  she would pop up as the Attorney General who would
  have been in Nevada at the time?
- A. She was at the time.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- A. And she was assigned to the office of

Labor Commissioner --1 2 So she was a Deputy Labor Commissioner --3 I'm sorry, Deputy Attorney General? Deputy Attorney General. 4 5 So you had conversations with her regarding this issue? I forwarded the documents to her. We 7 Α. really didn't have conversations about it. I simply 9 wanted to keep her in the loop. 10 Q. Okay. 11 As to things I was providing to Commissioner Tanchek. 12 So he reviewed the documents, asked me if 13 14 I could --15 Ο. Who is he? Commissioner Tanchek asked me if I could 16 Α. 17 keep him up-to-date as far as any new developments in that case. 18 19 At one point there was a decision, an 20 interim order that was issued by, I believe, Judge 21 Jones on that case. I provided him, Commissioner 22 Tanchek and Dianna with a copy of that, and then 23 during Commissioner Tanchek's next visit down to Las

Vegas he and I had a discussion about the impact of

that interim order on what we should do.

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1	Q. Approximately when did that discussion
2	take place with you and Commissioner Tanchek?
3	A. My guess would have been sometime in 2009.
4	Q. I don't want you to guess. Your best
5	estimate?
6	A. That's the closest I could get.
7	Q. What year?
8	A. I believe 2009, perhaps
9	Q. Shortly after the order?
10	A. Yeah. It was very yeah. Within
11	probably a week or two of the order.
12	Q. When I'm talking about the order, you
13	understand it's regarding the Lucas v. Bell Trans
14	order?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. From Judge Jones?
17	A. Exactly.
18	Q. Okay. So what did that discussion entail
19	between you and the Labor Commissioner, Commissioner
20	Tanchek, regarding the, at the time would have been
21	the recent ruling from Judge Jones, United States
22	Court Federal judge, pertaining to the Lucas v. Bell
23	Trans case?
24	A. Right. It really was a discussion about
25	that and what appeared to be an ACO enimies that I

believe was issued in 2015. 1 2 You mean 2005? 3 Α. Exactly. I'm sorry. 2005. I just want to be clear. 0. 5 Α. Thank you. 2005. 6 Q. Look in your Affidavit because it's 7 referenced there. Yeah, 2005. And basically how those two 9 things appeared to be in conflict. 10 Q. Okay. So was this a face-to-face meeting? Yes, it was. It was during one of his 11 12 visits down to Las Vegas. It was a face-to-face 13 meeting. 14 And was it specifically regarding this 15 issue pertaining to, as you refer, the conflict? 16 Α. It was what we should do as an agency to 17 deal with any wage claims that may come from a 18 taxicab driver. And, again, take a step back. 19 Before he came down for that visit, he did ask me to 20 identify any pending wage claims we would have from 21 any taxicab drivers in Clark County or in southern 22 Nevada that were somewhere in the pipeline. 23 And did you advise him of that? Q. 24 Α. I did. I did. And I don't believe at

that time there were any, frankly.

Okay. So he asked you for -- so I want to 1 Q. be very clear. He asked you for any -- this would 3 have been around, approximately, 2009? Α. Uh-huh. (Witness nodded head 4 5 affirmatively.) 6 Q. He asked you for any pending claims in the 7 pipeline against taxicab companies pertaining to this issue of minimum wage? 9 Α. Exactly. 10 In Nevada. And you advised him at the Q. 11 time? 12 Α. Yep. 13 There weren't any? Ο. 14 I don't believe there were any. If there 15 was, it may have been one or two. 16 Q. Okay. 17 And then when he came down, I shared that 18 information with him, and then we talked about what 19 we should do as an agency to, in essence, protect 20 the rights of the taxicab drivers. 21 Okay. And what did he tell you what you, Q. 22 as an agency in terms of Labor Commissioner, Office 23 of Nevada Labor Commissioner, should do as an agency 24 to protect taxicab drivers?

Well, at the time he was down there we

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Α.

were just discussing our options and various
options, one of which was simply to encourage
taxicab drivers to file wage claims with us, we
would provide them with an opportunity -- we would
provide the company with an opportunity to resolve
those matters if they chose not to. Then we would,
basically, hold those cases until there was more of
a final directive from a court of competent
jurisdiction.

- Q. Let's back up a little bit.
- 11 A. Go right ahead.

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- Q. Thank you, Commissioner. So --
- A. And that's the option, again, that's the option that later, a few days later he called down and said, I think we're going to go with that option.
  - Q. Meaning the option that you proposed?
    - A. The option that we discussed, yes.
- Q. So was anything that you discussed with Commissioner Tanchek in his visits to the Las Vegas office of Nevada Labor Commissioner pertaining to this minimum wage issue shortly after the Lucas v. Bell decision in 2009 ever memorialized in writing?
- A. I don't believe so.
  - Q. In an E-mail of some sort?

- Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 I don't believe so. 1 Α. 2 So this was a verbal directive from him as 3 the Labor Commissioner? Right. 4 Α. 5 To you on what should be done? Q. 6 Α. Right. 7 As an agency, now that you had received an Q. order from the United States Federal District Court judge in Nevada pertaining to Lucas v. Bell Trans 10 case? 11 That's correct. And what he asked me to Α. 12 do in addition to that was to, basically, identify 13 one of our investigators to be the point person to 14 receive all of those claims. 15 So, basically, all wage claims that were 16 filed by any taxicab -- against any taxicab company 17 would go to one investigator rather than distribute 18 it among the, all --Who was that designated investigator? 19 Q. 20 I believe that was Lupe Martinez. Α. 21 Can you spell that? Q. 22 Okay. L-U-P-E. Α.
- L-U-P-E. 23 Q.

- And Martinez, M-A-R-T --Α.
- 25 Oh, Lupe? Q.

1 Α. Lupe. Lupe, okay. Martinez? 2 0. 3 Α. Martinez, yes. Do you know if she's still --4 Q. 5 Α. I believe she's still there. -- at the Labor Commissioner's office? 6 Q. 7 Yes, I believe she's still there. Α. 8 Okay. And what was her position? Q. 9 She was an investigator. Α. 10 Okay. For investigating allegations of Q. 11 violations of labor laws? 12 Α. Any wage claim that was filed would go to 13 an investigator who would investigate the wage 14 claim, receive all -- it may be helpful to go 15 through the process a little bit. 16 Q. Please, Commissioner. 17 It might be helpful to everybody. 18 Q. It would be. And my apologies for at 19 times interjecting, if you will, because I just want 20 to make sure that we have established a clear record 21 because you provide an extensive history, but I do 22 apologize, I hope I'm not in any way interrupting 23 your flow. 24

it may be helpful to both counsels to have an idea

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Oh, no, not at all. Again, I just think

as to what the process was.

## Q. Please explain that.

A. And, again, our -- the Labor Commissioner would respond to wage claims that were filed by any employee. So wage claim would be filed with our office, it would be initially reviewed by administrative assistant, and their review would be to make sure all the components were there, all the boxes were checked, that that -- they would review and perhaps check the math, to make sure that the math added up with regard to the amount of the claim that they believed they were due and wages based upon, you know, what was on the wage claim form.

So wage claim would be filed, initial review would be done by the administrative assistant. Then that claim was assigned to one of the investigators.

And, again, we had investigators in northern Nevada, southern Nevada. So the -- so the claims would be filed. Again, each investigator had a number of Zip Codes that would fall -- basically, these were the claims that if the employer was in this Zip Code, they would be responsible for those wage claims.

So the wage claim would then be assigned

to an investigator, they would do a very quick review, see if there was anything in the wage claim that would question jurisdiction from the Labor Commissioner's office.

If not, they send out what we refer to as a demand letter to the employer. So that demand letter would identify, basically, a wage claim has been filed by, you know, John Doe alleging that they are owed X number of dollars in back wages. Please respond to this wage claim within 30 days or whatever period of time that would be or submit a check in the amount of X number of dollars to resolve the claim, and that would be what the Claimant claimed they were due plus what we referred to as ongoing wage penalties that we would include in the initial demand letter.

Now, so what happened then is the investigator would wait the period of time. If they received any objection, question, documents concerning that wage claim from the employer, then they would begin their investigation.

Okay. As a result of their investigation, they would issue what was referred to as a determination letter assuming that they believed that the claim had merit. So the determination

letter would be sent. They would -- the investigator would say in the determination letter that, based upon the evidence provided, we believe that the claim has merit. As a result, you are owed X number of dollars. And so that determination would be issued.

The employer would have an opportunity to object to that determination at that point. Then it went into the hearing queue, for lack of a better term.

Now, if, as a result of the investigation, the investigator believed that either the claim had no merit or the office lacked jurisdiction, then they would simply send a letter out saying that your claim has been closed.

So that's kind of how things flowed or things got a certain way.

The investigator may find that the employee was paid the proper amount of wages after their investigation or they may find that we lacked jurisdiction. An example of lack of jurisdiction would be that, as a result of the investigation, the investigator believed that there was not an employee/employer relationship, but it was an independent contractor.

1	Independent contractor relationships mean
2	that the Office of Labor Commissioner lacks
3	jurisdiction to hear those matters.
4	Q. Okay.
5	A. So that was kind of the flow of
6	Q. That was the process?
7	A. Exactly.
8	Q. Based on the during your tenure were
9	you familiar with the name Yellow Checker Star
10	Transportation?
11	A. Yeah, I was familiar with them and
12	familiar with them from my earlier days with the
13	TSA.
14	Q. Of course.
15	A. At that time they were a licensed
16	limousine operator who was subject to our
17	jurisdiction. I think they sold that operation.
18	Q. Correct.
19	A. And at that point I don't think they had
20	any operations that were subject to the NTA during
21	the time I was Commissioner.
22	Q. You mean the TSA?
23	A. Well, we became the NTA.
24	Q. Correct. Okay.
25	A. It was a name change.

Q. Correct. I think it was 1999.

- A. Right. It was during the time I left and went over to the Labor Commissioner's office.
- Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, and I appreciate you going through the process, I wrote down some notes, so you were familiar with my client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
- A. Yes, based upon my earlier dealings with them when they were a limousine operator.
- Q. During your tenure as Deputy Labor

  Commissioner of the great State of Nevada, did you or your office, from the time you were Deputy Labor

  Commissioner, send out a demand letter to my client,

  Yellow Checker Star Transportation, pertaining to minimum wages?
- A. I, in all honesty, I wouldn't know. I wasn't in the loop at the time.
  - Q. Who would know?
- A. Well, that would be the investigator who had that area.
  - Q. Lupe Martinez?
- A. It would be Lupe Martinez would know. One of the issues that, again, I transitioned to when I started doing 608 hearings, I cannot have interaction with the investigators concerning any of

the pending matters.

So, again, there was that wall there because I would hear the cases. So I really wanted to be aware -- if you remember, I said there was, at some point, a case may go into the hearing queue.

- Q. Correct.
- A. That would be the first time that I would have any knowledge of the cases.
- Q. I understand. I appreciate that. I'm not talking about the time when you're an ALJ.
- A. I'm talking about during the time I was the Deputy Labor Commissioner. I also, one of my responsibilities, again, as I said, the first two years I focused on 338 matters. After that, then I began doing 608 hearings. Last four years there I did quite a number of 608 hearings.
- Q. At any of those 608 hearings did it involve my client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
- A. No, it didn't, but the reason for that is, again, if you recall, I said that the claims filed against taxicab companies were placed into -- were basically held in abeyance --
  - Q. Sure.
  - A. -- until there was a final decision made.

There hadn't been a final decision made until after 1 I left the Labor Commissioner's office. 2 3 Q. Understood. In fact, I was with the -- I was a 5

Commissioner with the Nevada Transportation Authority at the time that came down.

- Q. I understand. Thank you for your clarification.
- Α. So nothing would have come to my attention.
- Sure. But I'm talking about before that directive. Before you received that directive from Commissioner Michael Tanchek, did you oversee any Nevada Statute 608, and you know what I'm referring to 608, again, I'm talking about 608.250, Subsection 2, the exemptions, and whether they apply or not and the conflicts involved with the Minimum Wage Amendment, did you, prior to that directive, oversee any NRS 608 hearings against my client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
- 21 The answer is no, but I need to fill it Α. 22 in.
- 23 Q. Sure.

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24 One of the reasons why it may be no is I 25 was only doing 338 matters up until the time that

directive came down.

- Q. Who would have been the one that was doing the NRS 608 hearings?
- A. Those hearings would have been conducted by Commissioner Tanchek.
  - Q. Himself?
  - A. Himself.
    - Q. Okay. Excellent.
- A. Right. I conducted all the 338 hearings, and Commissioner Tanchek at the time, the first, at least after I was there past year two and a half, then there was a little bit of a change in responsibility.
- Q. Based on your knowledge and your conversations with Commissioner Tanchek prior to his directive to you shortly after the Lucas v. Bell decision in 2009 that you were going to hold these claims in abeyance until a court of competent jurisdiction, meaning the Nevada Supreme Court, I presume, to decide this matter, did you have any knowledge, information that Commissioner Tanchek had any hearings pertaining to my clients, Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
  - A. No, not that I'm aware of.
  - Q. Okay. You talked about penalties in terms

1	of the process of the flow, I was just taking notes,
2	the penalties
3	A. Right.
4	Q. The
5	A. We referred to them as ongoing wage
6	penalties.
7	Q. Ongoing wage penalties.
8	Did your office levy or institute any type
9	of penalties at any time when you were Deputy Labor
10	Commissioner against my clients, Yellow Checker
11	Star?
12	A. I don't believe so, no.
13	Q. In terms of an investigation, you also
14	mentioned that your office at the time had the power
15	under law, Nevada law, to perform investigations
16	pertaining to employers regarding the allegations of
17	violations of minimum wage laws in Nevada.
18	Did, at any time when you were the Deputy
19	Labor Commissioner, you become aware that any
20	investigations were being conducted pertaining to my
21	client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
22	A. By the office of Labor Commissioner?
23	Q. Correct.
24	A. No.
25	Q. While you were the Deputy Labor

1	Commissioner, were you aware of any determination
2	letters, what you refer to as merit letters, being
3	sent to my client, Yellow Checker Star
4	Transportation?
5	A. Not that I was aware, but I wouldn't have
6	been in that loop.
7	Q. Who would have been?
8	A. That would have been whatever investigator
9	was assigned to that case.
10	Q. Lupe Martinez?
11	A. Well, at a certain point it was Lupe
12	Martinez. Prior to that is whoever would have had
13	that ZIP Code, frankly, or been assigned that area.
14	Q. The reason I mentioned her name is because
15	you testified about her name.
16	A. Exactly. At that point forward she would
17	have been the point person for any claim filed
18	against taxicab companies in Clark County.
19	Q. So, and I'm going to be jumping around
20	back and forth, if you don't mind.
21	A. No.
22	(Deposition Exhibit No. 2 was marked for
23	identification.)
24	BY MR. BOTROS:
25	Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, what has been

marked as Exhibit No. 2 in front of you is Statute 1 NRS 607.160. And I'll just give you just a brief 2 3 moment just to read it to yourself and I'll ask you questions about it. It pertains to, obviously, the 5 Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner. 6 Α. Okay. 7 I just want -- for the record, Commissioner Sakelhide, did you get a chance just to 9 review what's been marked as Exhibit No. 2 in front 10 of you, NRS 607.160? 11 Yes. I quickly read through it. 12 Q. Okay. Does it refresh your recollection of what the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner is 13 14 tasked to do? 15 It confirmed what my understanding was. Of course. 16 I just want to make sure we're Q. 17 on the same page. 18 Α. Of course. So it confirmed your understanding of what 19 Q. 20 the office was set up to do? 21 Α. Exactly. 22 And what its responsibilities and duties Q. 23 and obligations under the law is?

So having established a foundation in

Exactly.

Α.

Q.

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that, when it says the Labor Commissioner,

Subsection (a), 1(a), shall enforce all labor laws

of the State of Nevada, to you at the time as Deputy

Labor Commissioner, what did that mean?

- A. Oh. Basically, any law that fell within the jurisdiction of the Labor Commissioner, we would enforce.
  - Q. Would that mean minimum wage issues?
- A. Yes. That was the primary responsibility of the office of Labor Commissioner or the vast majority of the matters that came before us dealt with minimum wage laws.
- Q. Subsection 2 of NRS 607.160 says if the Labor Commissioner has reason to believe that a person is violating or has violated a labor law or regulation, the Labor Commissioner may take any appropriate action against the person to enforce the labor law or regulation, whether or not a claim or complaint has been made to the Labor Commissioner concerning the violation.
  - Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Based on your reading of Subsection 2 of NRS 607.160, what does that mean?
  - A. Well, basically, two things. One is --

well, simply in addition to responding to a wage claim if you believe there was a violation by either an employer or group of employers, we had authority to, basically, investigate those matters even absent a wage claim.

- Q. Meaning there doesn't necessarily need to be a wage claim made; you on your own initiative, through your own investigatory enforcement powers, had the power under Nevada law at the time as Deputy Labor Commissioner to lawfully institute investigations of any entity or person you suspect of violating any labor laws in Nevada; correct?
  - A. That's true.

- Q. In particular, that would mean that you would have the power to investigate any person or entity that you believe is violating minimum wage laws in the State of Nevada?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. At any time from approximately 2007 to 2013 when you were Deputy Labor Commissioner, did you have any reason to believe that my client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation, was either violating or had violated a labor law or regulation pertaining to minimum wage in Nevada?
  - A. There was nothing -- nothing that would

have led us to believe that.

- Q. Did you or anybody at your office, without receiving any type of claim or Complaint on your own initiative under NRS 607.160, Subsection 2, take any action against my client, Yellow Checker Star Transportation, to enforce any labor law or regulation pertaining to minimum wage in Nevada during your tenure as Deputy Labor Commissioner?
  - A. No.
- Q. If you look in Subsection 7, it's an interesting Subsection of NRS 607.160. Did you, as Deputy Labor Commissioner from 2007 to 2013, or anybody from your office, for that matter, present any facts to the Attorney General or anybody in the Office of Attorney General regarding my client violating any labor laws pertaining to minimum wage in the State of Nevada?
  - A. No, we didn't.
- Q. Getting back to Exhibit 1, this would be the Affidavit that you had completed, and where you left off, we were talking about the directive in 2009 and him, meaning the Commissioner Tanchek, telling you what will be the course of action that would be taken when there's any claims or complaints about, you know, this particular issue, the

1 conflict, and we'll get in now to the conflict 2 issue. 3 When you read -- foundation questions, Commissioner Sakelhide -- did you read the decision, 5 the Lucas v. Bell decision, meaning Judge Jones' order on that issue? 7 Yes, I did. Α. 8 Okay. Did you consult the Deputy Attorney Q. 9 General at the time? I believe you said it was 10 Dianna Hegeduis? 11 Α. Hegeduis. Hegeduis, I'm sorry. About that decision? 12 Q. 13 Did I consult with her, no. I provided her with a copy of that, again, and also 14 15 Commissioner Tanchek. 16 Q. Did she provide any type of an opinion, 17 either in writing or verbally, about what you had 18 provided her, which was the order in Lucas v. Bell 19 Trans? 20 I can't say what discussions Not to me. 21 occurred between Dianna and Commissioner Tanchek. 22 Q. Okay. Do you know if discussions took 23 place separate and apart from you between just 24 herself and Commissioner Tanchek?

It would be speculation.

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Α.

And I don't want you to speculate. 1 Q. Okay. 2 Α. Right. 3 But correct me if I'm wrong, Commissioner, Q. it appears to me, and maybe I'm off base and please 5 set me straight. Go ahead. 6 Α. 7 Q. That since you were tasked by the Commissioner Tanchek to look into this issue and to 9 have some type of a proposed understanding and 10 working order of what to do moving forward after 11 that decision in 2009, Lucas v. Bell, it appears to 12 me that any type of decisions or discussions 13 pertaining to that issue, whether it's with the 14 Attorney General or the Commissioner or anybody 15 else, you would reasonably have to be included if 16 you are the one that carries out the directive from 17 the Commissioner; would you agree with me? 18 Α. Well, again --19 MR. MOAS: I'm sorry to interrupt. 20 going to object to form. You can go ahead and 21 answer. 22 MR. BOTROS: Sure. 23 THE WITNESS: Again, I'm going to go back 24 a couple of steps.

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BY MR. BOTROS:

Q. Sure

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A. Again, if you recall, what I was asked to do was to gather the information and provide that to Commissioner Tanchek, which I did. And, frankly, I did, especially initially, without any commentary.

Q. Okay.

A. So I simply would receive an E-mail or forward him a copy and, again, as a courtesy would also provide that to Dianna as our -- as the agency's Attorney General.

Q. Okay.

A. As things moved along, Commissioner

Tanchek and I would be engaged in more discussions.

Again, it was more of a give and take, and we would then have discussions about things.

The decision with regard to what we did as far as holding claims in abeyance was something we came to together.

### O. You and him?

A. Yes, Commissioner Tanchek and I. It wasn't my -- I don't recall, frankly, which one of us came up with the idea. It would have been simply sitting there brain-storming as we need to do something to protect the taxicab drivers.

And the reason for that is there's a two-

year period with regard to wage claims filed with our -- with the Labor Commissioner's office, and, again, what can be read as a preclusion to go back more than two years from the time a claim was filed, so we really wanted to do everything we can to preserve the rights of the taxicab driver should they file a claim with us.

You know, the fact that the question as to whether or not this was the exception survived the Constitutional amendment or not is not something that the taxicab driver should be punished for. So we wanted to find a way to preserve their rights in case a decision came down in their favor, then we can say, okay, your rights were locked in. We can look at the time you filed the wage claim, your employer was placed on notice, we can go back the two-year period and still recapture wages that may have been due to you back two years from the time we filed the claim.

Otherwise, there would be an argument that could be made that those wages, again, there would be a notice issue for the employer and we couldn't capture those wages for the taxicab driver.

So we wanted to do everything we could to protect the rights of the taxicab drivers, and

together we came up with this way that we thought
preserved the rights of the taxicab drivers,

provided the employer with adequate notice that a
wage claim was filed, gave them an opportunity to
resolve the wage claim if they wanted to, which
happened quite often where a employer, basically,
just to get rid of something would resolve the wage
claim with us for these drivers and then, basically,
they move forward.

- Q. Could you please explain to me, you mentioned a two-year preclusion. What are you referring to?
- A. There's a provision. Again, it's been a long time since I was --
  - Q. Are you talking --
- 16 A. -- I did this.

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- Q. -- about the Statute of Limitations?
- 18 Α. Again, well, it's not referred to as Yes. 19 Statute of Limitations. It's a provision that says 20 that, basically, there was a 24-month period in 21 which we could capture wage claims from the time 22 they were filed back. And, again, that's been interpreted as precluding us, the office from going 23 24 back more than 24 months.
  - Q. So you as an office, as a state agency

that enforces minimum wage labor laws in the State 1 of Nevada, you, by law, are precluded from going 2 3 more than 24 months back in wages? That's how that provision has been Α. 5 interpreted, yes. 6 Q. By whom? 7 By all -- by Commissioner Tanchek and all 8 of the previous Labor Commissioners. 9 Q. You mentioned something about notice and 10 adequate notice. And I just want to ask you, 11 Commissioner Sakelhide, at any time as Deputy Labor 12 Commissioner for the Office of Nevada Labor 13 Commissioner, did you advise employers that they 14 cannot, can no longer follow NRS 608.250, Subsection 15 2E, the exemption to protect cab drivers, and they 16 are no longer to follow that, and they need to 17 follow what the Constitutional amendment had 18 prescribed, meaning the 2006 Nevada Constitutional 19 Minimum Wage Amendment? 20 No, I didn't. And for a simple -- well, Α. 21 several reasons. 22

One is that provision was still on the As an administrative agency, we lacked books. authority to interpret a Constitutional amendment in a way that would remove that existing provision from

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the statute.

Again, what we would do is, and, again, this is what I tasked, I did and tasked the investigators to do whenever they had any contact with the employers is to let them know that that was an issue that was being litigated. And, again, we weren't going to give them -- you know, we were precluded from providing anyone with legal advice one way or the other.

Our crystal ball, frankly, was a little foggy as to what the Court would ultimately do.

## Q. Meaning the Nevada Supreme Court?

A. Nevada Supreme Court. So we would -- so, again, made anyone aware that there was a conflict, that that conflict would be resolved by a court of appropriate jurisdiction.

In the interim, this is what we wanted to do to ensure that the rights of the drivers were protected and that the companies were placed on notice.

- Q. I want to introduce a couple of exhibits so we can read them side by side and it will make sense as opposed to just separate.
  - A. Sure.
  - Q. So this will be the NRS.608.250, the

1 exemptions, as well as the -- and, actually, we can attach them as the same exhibit. We'll see if, 3 Madame court reporter, it's easy to do that as opposed to separate, and also the Minimum Wage 5 Amendment. That way when I'm asking you questions, it makes sense. 7 MR. MOAS: Counsel, let me, while you're doing that, let me lodge a blanket objection so I 9 don't have to interrupt to your, what I anticipate 10 are questions to call for a legal opinion. That way 11 you can go on with the questions and I don't have to 12 13 MR. BOTROS: You have a standing objection, counsel, absolutely. 14 15 MR. MOAS: Thanks. 16 MR. BOTROS: I recognize it as an officer 17 of the Court. That's not a problem. 18 (Deposition Exhibit Nos. 3 and 4 were marked for identification.) 19 20 BY MR. BOTROS: 21 Commissioner Sakelhide, what's been marked Q. 22 as Exhibit 3 is NRS 608.250, the exemptions, and 23 what's been marked as Exhibit 4 is the 24 Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment back in 2006,

which is Section 16, Article 15.

1 Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. I would like to give you just a brief moment to kind of peruse and kind of review to make sure that we're on the same page and it is the same law that we're talking about and the same Constitutional amendment we're talking about so there is no confusion. Okay?
  - A. Okay. Go right ahead.
- Q. Did you get an opportunity, Commissioner Sakelhide, to review -- to peruse Exhibit No. 3 and Exhibit No. 4?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And does it refresh your recollection in terms of NRS 608.250, the list of exemptions?
  - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. And does it refresh your recollection in terms of Exhibit 4, the Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, talking about the 2006 Nevada Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. With respect to Exhibit 3, Exhibit No. 3, NRS 608.250, it had a list of provisions where minimum wage, meaning Nevada minimum wage law, would not apply to those particular categories; correct?

Q. Is that what you understood it to be as the Deputy Labor Commissioner enforcing Nevada labor laws pertaining to minimum wage during your tenure?

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A. Yes. This is part of the exceptions.

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There was another provision, too.

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Q. What was that?

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A. Well, again, it's been a long time. I believe it may have been 450 that identified some additional things that may fall under an exception.

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Q. But with respect to this case in terms of taxicab drivers, because that's what this case is about, we have NRS 608.250, which Exhibit No. 3 outlines, except as otherwise provided in this section, the Labor Commissioner shall, in accordance with Federal law, established by regulation, the minimum wage, which may be paid to employees in

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private employment within the State.

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increases in the minimum wage in accordance with

The Labor Commissioner shall prescribe

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those prescribed by Federal law unless the Labor

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Commissioner determines that those increases are

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Do you see that?

contrary to the public interest.

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A. Yes.

1	Q. The provisions of Subsection 1, meaning
2	the stuff that I just read, do not apply to.
3	Do you see that?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Would you agree with me that what I'm
6	about to read, I'm going to read the list for the
7	record, those individuals who would be working in
8	those particular jobs would be, under Nevada law,
9	exempt from minimum wage?
10	A. That's correct.
11	Q. And is that what you understood and you
12	were interpreting Nevada law as Deputy Labor
13	Commissioner during your tenure in Nevada?
14	A. That is how we applied this provision.
15	Q. So, and when you say "applied," that means
16	enforced; correct?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. First starts out with casual babysitters;
19	do you see that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. That would mean that under Nevada law,
22	casual babysitters would be exempt from minimum wage
23	laws and enforcement by your agency; correct?
24	A. That's correct.

Subsection B where it has domestic service

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Q.

1	employees who reside in the household where they
2	work; do you see that?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. That means those individuals would be
5	exempt from minimum wage laws that your agency would
6	be enforcing; correct?
7	A. That's correct.
8	Q. Subsection C, outside salespersons whose
9	earnings are based on commissions; do you see that?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. That would mean that those individuals
12	would be exempt from minimum wage laws being
13	enforced by your agency; correct?
14	A. That's correct.
15	Q. Subsection D, employees engaged in
16	agricultural pursuit for an employer who did not use
17	more than 500 days of agricultural labor any
18	calendar quarter of the preceding calendar year.
19	Do you see that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. That would mean that those individuals
22	under Nevada law would be exempt from minimum wage
23	laws enforced by your agency; correct?
24	A. That's correct.
25	Q. Subsection E, taxicab and limousine

drivers; do you see that? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 Q. That would mean that those individuals such as taxicab drivers and limousine drivers would 5 be exempt from minimum wage --6 Α. That's correct. 7 -- being enforced by your agency? 8 Α. Yes. 9 0. Subsection F, Subsection F, persons with 10 severe disabilities, whose disabilities have 11 diminished their productive capacity in a specific job and who are specified in certificates issued by 12 the rehabilitation division of Department of 13 14 Employment Training and Rehabilitation; do you see 15 that? 16 Α. Yes. 17 That would mean that those persons would 18 be exempt from minimum wage under Nevada law being 19 enforced by your agency; is that correct? 20 Α. That is correct. 21 Commissioner Sakelhide, I know I mentioned Q. 22 exempt, but when I say "exempt," what does that mean 23 to you? 24

wage claim that was filed by somebody that fell into

Α.

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Well, that would mean that if there was a

- Q. Would that also mean that employers who employ these individuals such as casual babysitters, domestic service employees, outside salespersons, agricultural workers, taxicab and limousine drivers, and entities who employ persons with severe disabilities, they would be compliant with Nevada law if they do not pay minimum wage under Nevada law?
- A. Yeah, with regard to Nevada law, that would be true.
  - Q. That's exactly what I'm asking.
- A. Yes.

Q. At any time while you were Deputy Labor
Commissioner, did you ever receive any phone calls
from any workers that are listed in these lists of
exemptions, and what I mean by that, I'm talking
about people who called up your office such as, you
know, casual babysitters or domestic service
employees, outside salespeople, agricultural
workers, taxicab and limousine drivers, persons with
severe disabilities, and said, listen, I work as,
for example, as a taxicab driver, I want to know if

I am entitled or do I have a right under Nevada law

to get minimum wage from my employer; did you ever

receive anything in writing or a phone call or any

type of correspondence or communication by anybody

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in that list?

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Α. Yeah, there would be times that I would receive phone calls from pretty much all of these areas.

- Ο. When you said "pretty much all of these areas," please explain as best as you can remember and recollect, from these areas, meaning the list of exemptions, who would you receive phone calls from?
  - Well, both employers and employees. Α.
- Okay. Q. So when you say "employers," would, in that sphere, would it also mean that, during your time, and this is all prior to the 2014 Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab, I just want to be clear for the record, did you ever receive phone calls from employers of taxicab companies calling your office up and specifically asking to speak with you about what the Nevada minimum wage law is and how it applies to their industry?
  - Α. Yes, I did.
- And just give me a background of how, what Q. happened when you received that phone call, if you

# 1 remember the company, the date, who it was? 2 A. I probably received several phone

- A. I probably received several phone calls and one or two office visits. I know Jay Nady came by. I believe I received a call from Brent Bell.

  I'm not sure if -- there may have been others. I do specifically recall those two.
  - Q. So Jay Nady?
  - A. Yes.

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- O. And Brent Bell?
- A. Yes. These contacts were probably shortly after Judge Jones issued the interim order.
  - Q. Meaning the Lucas v. Bell Trans?
- 13 A. Exactly.
- Q. United States Federal District Court in
- 16 A. Right.

Nevada?

- Q. Okay. The phone calls from Jay Nady and Brent Bell, what was the reason for them calling you directly?
- A. They asked how that impacted how we would handle wage claims that may be filed against their companies.
  - Q. And what did you tell them?
- A. I told them exactly what our process was, that we understood Judge Jones had issued an order,

we didn't believe that that was a final order from a court of competent jurisdiction that we could reject wage claims filed, that we would continue the process of accepting wage claims, holding those wage claims in abeyance until there was a final issue order -- order issued, and that they continue the process of allowing them if they chose to to resolve wage claims as they were filed.

- Q. In terms of the office visits, who came to your office and visited you from the taxicab industry, any companies?
  - A. As I mentioned, Jay Nady and his counsel.
- 13 Q. Okay.

- A. Those are the only direct visits I recall.
- Q. But the phone calls were Jay Nady and Brent Bell?
- A. Well, Jay Nady and then he followed that up with an in-person visit and then Brent Bell.

  And, again, I simply conveyed that, what I just said; that we would continue the process of holding those cases, those claims in abeyance until there was a final decision.
- Q. At that time was your office, either somebody tasked by you or Commissioner Tanchek tasking you, were you at all following the

1	progression through the court system of Thomas
2	versus Nevada Yellow Cab?
3	A. I, frankly, wasn't aware of it at the
4	time.
5	Q. Okay. Meaning at the time you were giving
6	those directives, information, advising taxicab
7	companies?
8	A. Exactly.
9	Q. Representatives?
10	A. During this period of time we were talking
11	about.
12	Q. So you hadn't even heard of Thomas v.
13	Nevada Yellow Cab?
14	A. No. I'm, frankly, not sure when that was
15	even filed.
16	Q. Okay. So would it be fair and accurate to
17	say, correct me if I'm wrong, that the first time
18	you would have been made aware of Thomas versus
19	Nevada Yellow Cab, Nevada Supreme Court decision was
20	when the decision was rendered in 2014?
21	A. Yes. It was after that decision was
22	rendered there were a couple of people that sent me
23	a copy of that decision.
24	Q. But prior to that decision?
25	A. No.

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Because at that time I was no longer with the Office of Labor Commissioner. I had other

So we talked about when you were receiving phone calls from employers with respect to taxicab companies. Did you ever receive phone calls or visits from families who would employ casual babysitters?

I probably did on occasion. The process in the office was that there would be an investigator who was tasked with, basically, being the call person of the day. So they would take the vast majority of calls.

If they were out on a break or over at lunch, I was, frankly, in the office all that time. If that person wasn't available, then the folks at the front would forward the calls to me.

So I probably received just -- you know, I mean, what I did was basically receive an overflow of calls. The contacts I received from Brent Bell, Jay Nady was most likely because they knew me from my past experience with the TSA.

- Q. Understood. During that process, whether it's overflow or because you know certain individuals or families or because of your prominence and, you know, just you being in that position, did you ever receive direct phone calls from families who had employed or were employing casual babysitters?
  - A. I probably did.

- Q. What would you advise -- at the time, what were you advising the families who would call you regarding the Nevada minimum wage law?
- A. Oh, the same thing. Basically, it was an area that was in flux. We were awaiting final, you know, a final guidance from an appropriate Court, that we really would not give advice as to whether they should pay the full minimum wage or less than the minimum wage. Basically, simply here is what the process. If you don't, here is what can happen.

And that's it.

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Q. Did you -- understood.

But you did not in any way advise those families who would call you who had been employing casual babysitters and inform them, oh, and by the way, you are now violating Nevada minimum wage labor law by not paying these casual babysitters minimum wage?

- A. That's correct, because we didn't know what the status of the law was. We still had these provisions that were still on the books and we couldn't tell any -- it was our position that we couldn't tell anyone to ignore existing provisions.
- Q. When you say you couldn't tell anyone, and
  -- they were on the books and you couldn't tell
  anyone to ignore existing provisions, explain to me,
  are you referring to Exhibit No. 3?
- A. Yes. Well, among others, but yes, including the 608.250 provision.
- Q. So as far as you were concerned, as far as your agency was concerned as Deputy Labor

  Commissioner with respect to Exhibit No. 3, NRS

  608.250, that was an existing and valid law in

  Nevada at the time you received the Lucas versus

  Bell decision; correct?

A. Well, it was an existing law that hadn't been removed from the books. We were aware of the position or argument that could be made that the Constitutional provision took precedence over these sections and that that decision -- that that determination had yet to be made, even prior to the Lucas versus Bell Trans decision.

So we were aware of it. Again, I wasn't as actively involved in 608 provisions at the time until, frankly, shortly before the decision was issued by Judge Jones, but I still believe that it was the position of our office that there was a question as to whether the 250 provision survived the Constitutional change.

- Q. But as Deputy Labor Commissioner, when you just testified, Commissioner Sakelhide, and correct me if I'm wrong, that to you, as your office, that was an existing provision on the book?
  - A. Right.

- Q. Would it be fair and accurate to say that an existing provision on the book is a valid Nevada law to be followed by employees and employers?
- A. Well, it was a valid law in the book until such time that there was a decision that would be rendered that -- by, again, a court of competent

jurisdiction that the provision was no longer valid because it conflicted with the Section 16 of the Constitution.

- O. After the 2014 decision?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. So prior to that decision, you were not in any way advising or directing, either by written opinion or a notice or verbally telling employers as well as employees and families, hey, with respect to NRS 608.250, go ahead and just cross it out because it doesn't exist anymore?
- A. No. We made both employers and employees aware of the conflict.
  - Q. Okay. Now --
- A. That's as far as we would go. We were very clear not to say one way or the other whether the provision either would survive or wouldn't survive or how it would impact the current wage claim, which is why we held those wage claims in abeyance until we received further guidance.
- Q. Explain to me, and thank you, Commissioner Sakelhide, for mentioning it, when you say you were advising employees, employers and families that there was a conflict, explain to me in your own words what you were describing and explaining and

- A. Well, the conflict was there was a viable reading of Section 16 of the Constitution that may eliminate the existing exemptions and exceptions to the minimum wage provision and that that was an argument that was being made and was before the Court.
  - Q. Being made by whom?
- A. Again, at that time, we were looking at the conflict between the AGO opinion and the Judge Jones order in Lucas v. Bell.
- Q. And you testified that it may, it's a viable claim that may be made in terms of Section 16, Article 15?
- A. Right.

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- Q. But at the time, you, as Deputy Labor

  Commissioner, apart from the Lucas v. Bell decision,
  you did not have any directive or any opinions prior
  to 2014 from the Nevada Supreme Court decision;
  correct?
- A. Not that I'm aware of. But, again, I left that office prior to 2014.
- Q. But in reading -- let me ask you this.

  When you received that decision in 2014 of Thomas v.

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- A. It appeared to be the first decision. I, frankly, didn't know what happened after I left the office with regard to the Lucas v. Bell case. I don't know if that was settled or there was a final order issued on that, so --
- Q. And we're going to attach it as an exhibit, the Lucas v. Bell decision, the order that you have been referencing in your testimony here today. Did you read -- during your tenure, obviously, I'm talking about your tenure as Deputy Labor Commissioner, Commissioner Sakelhide, did you read the 2005 Attorney General at the time, Brian Sandoval, opinion while you were Deputy Labor Commissioner?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And when you read it, did you read it side by side to the order by Judge Jones or did you read it separately?
- A. Actually, both. I mean, prior to the decision being issued I read it independently.
  - Q. Okay.

have been doing for all the other exhibits, just

1 peruse to make sure that it refreshes your recollection. And as you see, I was trying to be more friendly in terms of the environment a little 3 bit and they were kind of double-sided, but I just 5 want you to read or peruse through it to make sure it refreshes your recollection of what you read at the time as Deputy Labor Commissioner. 7 8 Does that make sense? 9 Α. Yes, it does. 10 MR. MOAS: Counsel, while you're doing that, let me clarify, is this Exhibit 5? 11 12 MR. BOTROS: That is correct, counsel. 13 MR. MOAS: Okay. Thanks. 14 MR. BOTROS: Absolutely. 15 THE WITNESS: Okay. BY MR. BOTROS: 16 17 Commissioner Sakelhide, did you have an Q. 18 opportunity to review what's been marked as Exhibit 19 No. 5, which is the order from United States Federal 20 District Court of Nevada, Judge Jones' order in 21 Lucas versus Bell Trans? 22 Yes, I did. I went through it quickly. Α. 23 Okay. Excellent. And we'll go, Q. 24 obviously, in further detail, but would that refresh

your recollection in terms of Exhibit No. 5, what

1 you would have reviewed, read and sent to, at the time, Commissioner Michael Tanchek and the Attorney 3 General Dianna, I'm going to mess up her last name? Hegeduis. 4 Α. 5 Hegeduis, thank you. Q. 6 Α. Yes, it is. 7 Page 5 of 18 of that order, do you see Q. 8 that? 9 Yes. I'm on Page 5. 10 This is where it points out Q. Excellent. 11 lines, particularly Lines 15 through 20, it starts 12 like the third sentence with, make sure we're on the same page and line, if there is a violation; do you 13 see that? 14 15 Α. Yes. 16 If there is a violation of any of the Q. provisions falling within NRS 608.005 to 608.195, 17 18 then Labor Commission can direct the District 19 Attorney, Deputy Labor Commissioner, the Attorney 20 General, Special Counsel to prosecute the action for 21 enforcing according to law. 22 Do you see that? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Is that what you understood as the Deputy Q.

Labor Commissioner in terms of you enforcing Nevada

20 Α. Yes.

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- 21 What was your understanding when you 22 reviewed that?
  - Again, this is a reference to the Α. Baldonado decision.
    - Q. Correct, correct. But when it mentions

Meaning what did you understood

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Q.

Sure.

13 Q. Okay.

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- A. Does that answer -- yeah.
- Q. I'm heading into some --
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. It's -- I'll go slower.
  - A. Yeah, I'm not sure that that was the question you were asking.
  - Q. My question, I guess, Commissioner, did you advise any of the taxicab drivers or babysitters that called you, or domestic service employees, outside salespersons, agricultural workers, persons with severe disabilities, did you advise them, oh, by the way, you have a private right of action under

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- A. I don't believe I did. I don't know why I would.
  - Q. Okay.
- A. When we would receive calls, it was in reference to what our agency was doing and what our agency's jurisdiction was and what our processes were.
- Q. Did any of them tell you, volunteer, oh, and by the way, I am filing such and such with such and such court regarding Nevada minimum wage laws?
- A. No. I don't recall ever having that discussion.
- Q. If you look to Page 10 of 18 of Exhibit
  No. 5, this is on Line 23, this is where Judge Jones
  had reviewed and read the Nevada Attorney General's
  opinion, 2005, by then Attorney General of Nevada,
  Brian Sandoval, and was looking at whether that
  forms a basis for the Plaintiffs' arguments
  pertaining to minimum wage and whether the
  Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment basically
  repeals NRS 608.250, Subsection 2E.
  - A. I understand what you're saying.
- Q. Okay. And it says in Line 23, the Nevada

  25 Attorney General's opinion does not necessarily

carry weight with this Court.

Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. By that time, approximately how many years would you have been practicing law?
  - A. More than 20 years.
- Q. And when there is not a Nevada or a State Supreme Court decision on a particular issue, and the Federal District Court is presented with an issue of first impression in the state because of jurisdictional issues and because it hadn't yet made its way through the State Courts all the way to the State Supreme Court, when you have a -- you're familiar with an Article 3 judge?
- A. Uh-huh, yes.
- Q. Is that yes? Okay. I just wanted to be clear. They are appointed for life?
  - A. Right.
- Q. When you have a lawful order from a United States Federal District Court judge that rules on an issue that hasn't been decided at the time by the Nevada Supreme Court, where he in his order states, the Nevada Attorney General's opinion does not necessarily carry weight with this Court, what did that mean to you when you read that?

Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 1 Α. Well, quite simply, an AGO was an advisory 2 opinion. 3 Q. What does that mean by AGO is an advisory opinion? 5 An Attorney General's opinion is an advisory opinion. It's not one that binds a Court 7 to follow. When you read that at the time, Q. 9 Commissioner Sakelhide, did you follow that opinion? 10 Α. The -- which opinion, the AGO opinion or 11 the opinion of --12 Q. The opinion of Judge Jones, basically that he said -- you mentioned you read side by side the 13 Nevada Attorney General opinion of 2005 by then 14 15 Attorney General Brian Sandoval and then you read the order from Judge Jones, United States Federal 16 17 District Court judge of Nevada in Lucas v. Bell 18

- - Trans of 2009, after you read them, the first AG
- opinion in 2005 and then the 2009 order, whichever 19
- 20 order --
  - Α. Of course.
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- It is irrelevant to me for this line of Q. questioning, but when you read them side by side, after you had read them, and as somebody at the time who would have been practicing for over 20 years in

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your position, in your capacity in terms of all the extensive legal interpretations you've done starting from first in your career on Capitol Hill, did you, when you read that, did you follow that opinion of Judge Jones, that he is ruling that the Nevada Attorney General's opinion does not necessarily carry weight with this Court? Did you follow that?

I understand your question. What I did was have a discussion with Commissioner Tanchek and strongly encouraged him to run both of these by our AG to get directive as to what we should do, whether we should continue the practice or make a decision one way or the other as to whether this was a final directive that we should -- that we would then take a position that 250 clearly survive the Constitutional amendment and, after having that discussion with him, it was later, we were later or I was later directed to continue the practice.

#### Q. The practice of?

Of taking the wage claims, holding those in abeyance until they're -- until one of two things happened, either any period of appeal of this decision was exhausted or there was a final decision that was rendered by the Nevada Supreme Court on the matter.

I didn't know what the next step was going to be, whether it would be appealed, whether the Federal District Court would ask for the input of the Nevada Supreme Court, which could happen. So I wasn't really -- we weren't really sure what the next step would be.

Q. Okay.

- A. So, again, we simply continued the process.
- Q. Understood, Commissioner. But you did not, in any way, advise employers to follow, after reading the Lucas v. Bell decision, after reading where it says the Nevada Attorney General's opinion does not necessarily carry weight with this Court, on Page 10 of 18, Line 23, you didn't advise employers to follow the 2005 Nevada Attorney General's opinion?
- A. No. We continued in the same vein. We didn't advise them to ignore the provisions or we didn't tell them that Judge Jones' decision resulted in 250 clearly surviving the Constitutional amendment. We simply told people we were continuing the same process and that there was still -- there was still question as to what was going to happen with regard to whether 250 survived Constitutional

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- Q. Understood. And thank you, Commissioner Sakelhide, for that.
- A. We were very cautious as to what we could do.
  - Q. It appears so.
- A. We were impacting a lot of lives with regard to taxi drivers, limousine drivers. Again, our office took our responsibility very seriously in ensuring that those rights would be protected, and so that's why we continued the process of allowing or -- and encouraging drivers to file claims with us and, again, explaining what that process was.
- Q. What about notice to employers; did you provide any formal notices to employers about the conflict that your agency was determining existed with the Nevada minimum wage law?
- 18 A. Did I, no.
  - Q. No, no, no. Did anybody in your office?
- A. To be honest, I don't know. I don't recall any. There may have been.
  - Q. Who would have been --
- A. That, obviously, would have been Commissioner Tanchek.
  - Q. Okay. So he would have been the person

that if I wanted to get an answer whether or not him
or his office, either at your direction or somebody
else, that he tasked, for example, saying, hey, I am
the Commissioner, Michael Tanchek, just using an
example, I am hereby directing you to advise all
employers, here is the notice to give to them, that
they are now to no longer follow NRS 608.250?

- A. There's a formal process that, advisory opinion of the Labor Commissioner to be issued. I don't believe there was any formal advisory opinion issued by Commissioner Tanchek on this matter.
  - Q. One way or the other?
  - A. One way or the other.

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- Q. Okay. So I understand one way or the other. Was there any type, as far as you know, and if you don't, that's understandable and you just let me know who in your view would know, whether a notice went out to employers from the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner indicating to them, advising them, informing them, oh, by the way, there is a conflict --
  - A. No. The only person --
- Q. -- of the law of Nevada minimum wage, this issue is in flux, we are waiting for a court of competent jurisdiction to decide this matter?

A. I don't believe it was. The only person that would be able to do that, given what Commissioner Tanchek, Commissioner Towler's management style was would be the Labor Commissioner.

#### Q. Okay.

A. There would be nobody else that would have that authority unless they were specifically delegated by one of them to do. Very often I would be delegated by one or the other to issue an advisory opinion.

#### Q. Okay.

- A. But, again, I would never take it upon myself to issue anything under my signature that wasn't specifically requested by one of -- by, you know, one of the two Labor Commissioners I work for.
- Q. Understood, Commissioner Sakelhide. Would you agree with me that, since you were tasked with this directive, that any notice that would be sent out to employers, one way or the other, about whether to continue following NRS 608.250 or not or, oh, by the way, the current State of Nevada minimum wage law is in conflict and in flux, and if you have any questions, you know, please call so and so, that if such notice were to be sent out, you would have

been involved, not necessarily in just sending it

out, but in at least some type of a discussion

because of your position at the time as Deputy Labor

Commissioner?

A. Well, again, from a certain point forward

that I was involved in 608 matters, I would say the answer would be yes. There was a period of time before that I was limited to really 338 matters. I might not be. Or there was also a period of time that was post the issue, post the Constitutional amendment and my tenure that things may have gone out.

Q. Sure.

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- A. So, again --
- Q. No, no. I'm talking about, specifically, here's the time -- and I appreciate that.
- A. I just want to be specific as to the timeframe.
- Q. And you are, and I'm going to be even more specific.
  - A. Go ahead.
- Q. Thank you, Commissioner. I'm talking about in 2009 after you had presented Commissioner Michael Tanchek as well as the Deputy Attorney General Dianna Hegeduis, I mess up her name all the

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time, her, after -- would you agree with me that that period of time, now that you have been tasked with collecting information and disseminating it to the Labor Commissioner Michael Tanchek as well as the Deputy Attorney General, Dianna Hegeduis?

- Α. Hegeduis.
- Hegeduis. I'm going to get it right one Q. That you would have been, at the very least, time. if such notices were to be sent out to employers about the conflict of the Nevada minimum wage law, the influx and how the Office of Labor Commissioners are waiting on a court of competent jurisdiction to fully and finally resolve this issue, that you would have been the one who would have been involved and, at the very least, discussions on what would be contained in such a notice?
  - I would expect that I would have been. Α.
  - Q. Okay. Fair enough.

On Page 11 of 18 of Exhibit No. 5, this is Line 9 where, again, this is Judge Jones' order in Lucas v. Bell, he goes on to rule, mentions in his opinion, in his order, as to the Attorney General's opinion on the amendment, the Attorney General's reasoning seems to be inconsistent.

Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. So apart from any other person, you would be, and, again, correct me if I'm wrong, it seems to be that this issue landed on the lap of the most qualified Deputy Labor Commissioner Nevada would ever have had at the time; would you agree with me on that?
  - A. I don't know. I'm sorry. There are many competent --
  - Q. Sure. Specifically, would you agree with me that this was a complex issue of law?
    - A. It was, or it became.
- 13 Q. At the time?
- 14 A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Meaning prior to the 2014 Thomas versus

  Nevada Yellow Cab?
- 17 A. Right.
- Q. Would you agree with me on that?
- 19 A. Yes, it was.
  - Q. And would you agree with me that the reason being is because you had two laws on the books?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. At the same time; is that correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

Dealing with the same issue, minimum wage 1 Q. 2 law? 3 Α. Correct. One saying, NRS 608.250, Subsection 2E, Q. 5 saying taxi cab drivers and limousine drivers, but in my reference to that they were Yellow Checker 7 Star Transportation taxicab drivers, these individuals are exempt from minimum wage under the 9 quidelines. 10 (Witness nodded head affirmatively.) Α. 11 The other provision still in the book at the time, prior to 2014, was Section 16, Article 15, 12 13 of the Nevada 2006 Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment which says, minimum wage hereby now 14 15 applies to all individuals subject to a few certain 16 exceptions, which taxicab drivers are not included 17 in that; would you agree with me? 18 Α. That is a reading that you have. 19 Q. Okay. 20 I don't think that's the only reading you 21 could have, but go ahead. 22 Was that the reading that the Office of Q. 23 Nevada Labor Commissioner had when they were

comparing and reviewing and reading NRS 608.250 side

by side to the Section 16, Article 15, of the Nevada

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## Constitution Minimum Wage Amendment?

- A. Again, you would have to ask Commissioner Tanchek that.
- Q. Okay. And why do you say that? Is it because you believe that he would know the answer to that more than you or he would be in a more appropriate position to answer that considering that he is the one being appointed to make those determinations?
- A. Well, two factors. One is I would imagine that there were discussions that he had with the Attorney General that I, our Attorney General Hegeduis, I wasn't privy to. There may have been discussions that they had that would -- that, you know, could have swayed me one way or the other.

The second thing is Commissioner Tanchek had been -- was -- the Commissioner prior to being Commissioner, he was a Deputy Commissioner, he had much more involvement with the minimum wage language than I had.

# Q. Really?

A. Yes. I think he was -- may have been the Deputy Labor Commissioner at the time that the -- and, again, I could be wrong with my timing, but he was much more familiar with the drafting of Section

16, he was much more familiar with who drafted -who, specifically, penned the language in Section 16
than I was.

So he would have been much more aware of what the intent was in drafting that language than I would have been.

And, again, given that unique perspective that he had and I didn't, obviously, I would defer to his knowledge.

Q. When you say you would defer to his knowledge, I just want to be very clear, it's pertaining to whether -- strike that.

When you go to Exhibit No. 1, this is of your Affidavit, Commissioner Sakelhide, No. 6, it says, upon information and belief, the Labor Commission's director. You're talking about Commissioner Michael Tanchek?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Correct?
- A. Yes.

Q. Was based upon the divergent views concerning the validity of exceptions to minimum wage laws expressed in the Nevada Attorney General opinion 2005-05, March 7, 2005, and Lucas v. Bell Trans, 2009, WL 2424557, and in parentheses,

1 D.NEV.2009, in the Federal District Court of Nevada 2 2009? 3 Α. Yes. What did you mean when you put in your 4 Q. 5 sworn Affidavit that, upon information and belief, the Labor Commissioner's directive, meaning 7 Commissioner Michael Tanchek, Tanchek's directive was based upon the divergent views concerning the 9 validity of exceptions to minimum wage laws 10 expressed in Nevada Attorney General's opinion? Well, quite simply, if you read the AGO 11 12 and you read Judge Jones' decisions, they obviously 13 have different results than a conflict. 14 Q. But would you agree -- go ahead. I'm 15 sorry. It's really that simple. 16 Α. No. 17 So the conflict, I just want to be very Q. 18 clear on the question. The conflict that you were 19 seeing was that you were getting an Attorney General 20 opinion at the State saying one thing? 21 Α. Yes. 22 And at the time, not the Nevada Supreme Q. 23 Court, but the Federal District Court judge, in this case Judge Jones, saying completely the opposite? 24

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Α.

Exactly.

- 1 Q. Would that be fair and accurate?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Description of the current state of the law at the time in 2009?
- A. Right. The question was simply whether 250 survived, and obviously there were two different opinions as to whether they survived.
- Now, based on your education and your experience and your work at Capitol Hill as well as legal services, Constitutional interpretation, looking at certain proposed bills and amendments to bills and legal drafting of proposed legislations, when you have an Attorney General opinion on a particular subject matter and at the same time -saying one thing, and you have a Federal District Court judge looking at the same facts, same issues, same law, everything the same, nothing different at all, and you have two competing -- they come to different conclusions based on different things, as someone who has significant legal background, when you have an Attorney General opinion and a Federal District Court opinion on the same issue, and the Federal District Court says, judge, says that Nevada Attorney General does not carry weight, as somebody like yourself, who in your view carries precedence?

MR. MOAS: Object to the form. 1 2 BY MR. BOTROS: 3 Q. Go ahead. Well, two things. It is -- the answer is 5 a pretty simple one; you would be a fool to ignore a Federal District judge's order. 7 Q. Why? Well, because it is the most compelling take on the matter that's there. 9 10 Q. Why is it most compelling? 11 Well, because it is a Federal District 12 Court judge who is issuing an opinion on the matter 13 that's before you. 14 But on the other hand, you have an AGO 15 opinion, and when you're in a position that neither Commissioner Tanchek and I are in or I was in when I 16 17 was Commissioner of the NTA, the body that 18 represents you if you're sued is the Attorney 19 General's office. 20 So that's the position you're in. And as a 21 result, what you do, again, the action we took was -22 - I know I'm repeating myself -- was we continued 23 the process because we didn't know what the next

step in the Federal District Court was going to be,

whether or not that decision would be appealed, what

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the result of that would be if it was appealed to the next level, what a final order would look like if issued.

So, again, we were still in a position that we don't believe there was yet a final decision, and we simply continued the same process we would until we were comfortable that there was a final order, okay, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

And, again, at that point what I would do, and I'm sure what Commissioner Tanchek would do and probably did, was to rely on our counsel, which is the Attorney General.

- Q. Did you at any time seek or discuss with Commissioner Tanchek because of the political implications, meaning that you're between a rock and a hard place, so to speak, that you needed to have an appointment of a special counsel independent and separate from the Office of Labor Commissioner because you had a competing opinion from the attorney that represents the Office of Nevada Labor Commission?
- A. Never had that discussion, and the reason for it is I'm not sure it was ripe for that discussion.

A. Again, we wanted to see what was going to happen --

4 Q. Okay.

A. -- with Judge Jones' decision, whether it was going to be the final order, whether it was going to be appealed, whatever the next step would be, and we didn't want to jump the gun. We would continue the same process we had been.

It continued to protect the rights of the -- our process continued to protect the rights of the taxicab drivers, continued to provide employers with proper and adequate notice of any claims that would be filed.

There was no downside at that point in deviating from what we were doing. It protected everybody's rights and it did allow for the continued litigation that we assumed was going to go on.

We didn't think that this would -frankly, I didn't think that this would be the final
decision in the matter.

#### Q. Meaning Lucas v. Bell?

A. Exactly. And to do anything other than that --

1 MR. MOAS: Sorry to interrupt, counsel. You have been going about two and a half hours. Do 2 3 you mind if we take just a two-minute break? 4 MR. BOTROS: No, no, it's going to be a 5 ten-minute break. We'll go off the record for ten minutes. 7 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 11:32 a.m., Eastern Standard Time. We are off the record. 9 (A brief recess was taken.) 10 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are on the record. 11 The time is now 11:50 a.m., Eastern Standard Time. 12 THE WITNESS: If I may, there was a 13 question you asked earlier with regard to --14 BY MR. BOTROS: 15 Ο. Sure. 16 -- who the Deputy Attorney General that I 17 was involved with when I drafted the Affidavit. That was Scott Davis. 18 You mean Exhibit No. 1? 19 Q. 20 Exhibit No. 1. Again, just for 21 clarification. The name escaped me. You mentioned 22 it. 23 Well, I just wanted to make sure, does Q. 24 that refresh your recollection of who it would have 25 been at the time?

- A. Yeah, actually, it does, and it came back to me during the break anyway. That was Scott Davis. He was our Deputy Attorney General at the time I left the Office of the Labor Commissioner.
- Q. And apart from him drafting this

  Affidavit, Exhibit No. 1 of your deposition,

  Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide, did he draft any other

  Affidavits or documents or anything pertaining to

  this case?
- A. No. And his drafting was, basically, just simply reviewing what I drafted.
  - Q. Oh, so you drafted this?
- A. I drafted the Affidavit.
- 14 Q. Oh, okay.

- A. He reviewed it.
- Q. Okay. So these are truly, Exhibit No. 1,
  Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide, these are truly your
  own words?
- A. This is what I drafted and was reviewed by the Attorney General. I just wanted to make sure that there was nothing that would get our office into trouble or his office in trouble. I always rely on counsel if I can.
- Q. Understood, Commissioner Sakelhide.
  Understood.

Referencing, getting back to Exhibit --1 now that you mention that, Exhibit No. 1 with the 2 3 Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide, if you look to No. 7; do you see that? 5 Α. Yes. 6 It says, the aforementioned directive Q. 7 coincided with the litigation before the U.S. District Court in Lucas v. Bell Trans. 8 9 Do you see that? 10 Α. Yes, I do. 11 Now, I just want to be very clear. When 12 you say "the aforementioned directive," are you talking about the directive that, at the time, Labor 13 14 Commissioner Michael Tanchek would have given to you 15 that, basically, you're holding everything in 16 abeyance in terms of any type of claims or 17 complaints until such time that a court of competent 18 jurisdiction issued a final ruling on Nevada minimum 19 wage law? 20 Α. That's accurate, yes. 21 And I know it's kind of a legal term, but Q. 22 could you please explain what does abeyance mean? 23 What is that? 24 We simply set it aside. Α. 25 Until such time?

Q.

- A. Until such time that a proper ruling could be made.
- Q. Okay. And No. 8, it says, I directed staff in the Labor Commissioner's office -- Labor Commissioner's Las Vegas office to follow the aforementioned directive; do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. How did you do that?
- A. I had a -- I met with the entire investigative staff and administrative staff, directed them that this is how we would deal with any complaint filed or phone call received from a taxi or limousine driver with regard to claims filed or any claim filed that may fall under the 250 exemption.
  - Q. So would that include Lupe Martinez?
- A. Yes, it was, and then I specifically identified her to the entire staff as the point person to be assigned all those claims.
- Q. So she was identified to the entire staff by you as the point person on all such complaints or claims regarding Nevada minimum wage law in terms of the intake process including any phone calls on questions?
  - A. Yes.

Q.

So --

- Q. Okay. But, specifically, after you received the directive from Commissioner, at the time, Commissioner Michael Tanchek, did you advise Lupe Martinez or any other person under your direction, under your supervision, to keep track of claims that are being made, specifically with respect to NRS 608.250 pertaining to the list of exemptions?
- A. Yes. She was asked to segregate those claims and hold those claims in abeyance.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. And process her other claims in the normal process.
- Q. So would you agree with me, because you have instructed her to hold those claims pertaining to NRS 608.250, Subsection 2, those exemption claims, relative to the Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, 2006 Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment because there was a conflict that there would be, there should be records that would be contained by the Nevada Office of Labor Commissioner regarding those files that specifically you told

her, meaning Lupe Martinez, to hold in abeyance until such time that a court of competent jurisdiction issued a final ruling on the Nevada minimum wage law?

- A. Yeah, that was the status up until the time I left. I left the office in -- again, I have no idea what happened. Whether that responsibility remained with her or was transferred to somebody else, I have no idea.
- Q. Right. But some type of a record, would you agree with me, would exist that certain claims or certain complaints were filed with your office at that time under your guidance and under your leadership as Deputy Labor Commissioner pertaining to NRS 608.250?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And those would be housed and in the custody, possession and/or control of the custodian of records of the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner?
  - A. Of course they would be.
- Q. Okay. I just want to make sure it's not some other entity that had it.
  - A. No.
    - Q. When Lupe Martinez was the point contact

1 person in terms of these NRS 608.250 exemption claims that are being filed with your office, were 3 you given any type of reports, either daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly or yearly on the volume? 5 No, I wasn't. I asked that she keep Commissioner Tanchek advised as to the status and 7 the number of claims. 8 Q. Directly? 9 Α. Directly. 10 Would she copy you on any communications? Q. 11 No. I asked her not to. Α. 12 Q. Why? 13 Well, because if there was -- since I would be hearing claims filed by the -- in our 14 15 office, I wanted to keep that wall as clear as I 16 could. So there would be nothing -- so I wouldn't 17 have any involvement in any aspect of the 18 investigators' claim assessment or investigation. 19 So I did my -- you know, I was very 20 careful in not involving myself in any, as much as I could in any direct involvement in their claim 21 22 evaluation. 23 Because at the time during your role, you Q. 24 had kind of a dual role in terms of the Deputy Labor

Commissioner, but at the same time you are the

# Administrative Law Judge that would hear evidence, facts, testimony on these same exact issues?

A. Yeah. At the time, the vast majority of the claims that were filed in southern Nevada, either 338 or 608 claims, I would hear.

So I would be --

### Q. In your role as Administrative Law Judge?

A. Well, that was in my role both as Deputy
Labor Commissioner also. What happens, the hearings
held on wage claims are presided over by either the
Labor Commissioner or the Deputy Labor Commissioner.
The operation was when I became Administrative Law
Judge for B and I, in the absence of anyone in
southern Nevada to hear those, I heard them.

But all claims, all the hearings are conducted by either the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner.

So I would hear the vast majority of the cases in southern Nevada on 608. I would hear most of the claims across the state on 338. There were certain matters that Commissioner Tanchek would retain for himself if they were ones that he believed that he was the more appropriate person to hear the case.

For example, again, we referenced -- you

referenced earlier or was referenced earlier in

Judge Jones' decision was the Baldonado case, so it

was one that Judge -- Commissioner Tanchek elected

to hear himself rather than --

#### Q. And decide?

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- A. Yes, exactly. And he heard both Baldonado 1 and Baldonado 2.
- Q. In your time, in your tenure between approximately 2007 and 2013, approximately, to the best of your recollection, how many hearings did you hear pertaining to NRS 608.250?
- A. Actually, there would be quite -- there would be quite a few. Probably 15 or 20 that had some aspect of 250 involvement.
- Q. What do you mean 15 or 20 that had some aspect? What are you talking about?
- A. There were a lot of claims that involved commission claims, and those were kind of unique claims and often turned on kind of minutia details with regard to whether they were paid commissions or wages or a combination of the two and how we would view those.
  - Q. Okay.
- A. So, again, the vast majority of the ones that I said, some have some aspect to 250 would be

the Commission claims. They were kind of unique.

# Q. When you say "they were kind of unique," what do you mean by that?

A. Well, very often, employees -- those were employees that have earnings based on commissions or very often a combination of wages plus commission, okay. So there would be a base salary plus commission or there would be commission but maintaining a certain base salary.

Those were kind of unique cases that, you know, again, they touched the 250, but very often had aspects of it that took them out of the exception.

- Q. Okay. That because of whatever industry they're in, the entity, they would not be specifically under any of those categories?
  - A. Exactly.
  - Q. Okay.

A. So there would be some unique aspect that would take them out of what we considered the 250 exception, even if that exemption was retained we continued to hear those cases because, frankly, the vast majority of those cases could be resolved even without the question as to whether, you know, 250, 2C, survived or didn't survive the Constitutional

challenge.

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- 2C, you mean outside salesperson? 0.
- Α. Exactly.
- So would that have occurred, presumably Q. based on your testimony, correct me if I'm wrong, these 608.250 hearings would have presumably, based on your testimony, correct me if I'm wrong, would have occurred prior to the Judge Jones' decision?
  - They occurred both before and after. Α. No.
  - Okay. Q.
- Because there were provisions of it that would take them out of 250 even if 250 survived.
  - Such as? 0.
- Such as there would be a combination of -that the employee was paid a combination of wages and commissions or their contracts said they would be paid commissions but with a base salary.
  - Q. Okay.
- So the base salary often would exceed the minimum wage; therefore, rather than wait, because it would -- the decision would be the same whether or not 250 survived or didn't survive, they would 23 still be subject to our jurisdiction, the employment 24 contract basically said here is what the wages would 25 be, but there was a minimum wage that was agreed

upon to be paid that was in excess, equal to or in excess of the existing Nevada minimum wage, but in 3 spite of that contract, that person was still not paid what they should have been.

- I see. Okay. Did any --Q.
- Does that make sense?
- Q. It does, it does. And thank you for the explanation.
- Α. And, again, the reason for that was we wanted to process as many claims as we could that, and only retain those that we felt like we couldn't hear.
- I understand. 0.

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- Α. Way too much detail.
- No, no, no. I just want to make sure I Q. get the full answer, Commissioner Sakelhide, I know, and that's fine. That's why I asked the question.
  - Α. Okay.
- Q. Before 2009, and specifically before the Lucas v. Bell decision, before you received it, before you reviewed it, before you sent it off to Commissioner Michael Tanchek and the Deputy Attorney General Dianna Hegeduis --
  - Hegeduis. Α.
  - Hegeduis. I'm sorry. Yeah, that's the Q.

1	one. Did you oversee as an Administrative Law Judge
2	hearings pertaining to taxicab drivers and,
3	specifically, hearings pertaining to taxicab drivers
4	regarding NRS 608.250 with respect to my client,
5	Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
6	A. Yeah, prior to 2009 I wasn't conducting
7	any 608 hearings. I only conducted 338 hearings.
8	Q. Right. Okay. So the prevailing minimum
9	wage?
10	A. Exactly.
11	Q. Okay. So after so before, you've
12	established before 2009 Lucas v. Bell Trans, you
13	weren't even doing
14	A. I wasn't even doing 608 hearings. It
15	wasn't until after that that I started doing 608.
16	Q. So you were focused specifically on 338,
17	prevailing minimum wage?
18	A. Exactly.
19	Q. After the Lucas v. Bell decision in 2009,
20	did you ever preside over any hearings pertaining to
21	taxicab drivers regarding NRS 608.250 specifically
22	dealing with Yellow Checker Star Transportation?
23	A. No. We were holding all of those claims,
24	again, in abeyance. So there were no we

25 conducted no hearings for either your client or any

other taxicab company in Clark County after 2009 1 because we were holding those claims in abeyance and 2 3 they didn't go to a hearing. Okay. And they didn't go to a hearing? 4 Q. 5 They did not go to a hearing. 6 Q. After the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision in 2014, did you still maintain contact 7 with the office or staff of Nevada Labor Commissioner? 9 10 Other than socially, no. Socially, I did, Α. 11 but not --12 Q. Not professionally? 13 Not professionally. 14 But socially did you in any way obtain any 15 insight or information on what they were doing with 16 these claims that were, at the time prior to 2014 17 Thomas v. Nevada Yellow Cab decision, Nevada Supreme 18 Court decision were in abeyance? 19 Α. No, never had. 20 So once you left, that was it? 21 Once I left, yeah, there were very few Α. 22 matters that pertained to my old job that I 23 continued to have discussion. There were one or 24 two.

What were those?

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Q.

1	A. There was an action that was filed, it was
2	an action filed in Federal District Court against
3	several employees of the Labor Commissioner. That
4	was the Hays decision. That was dismissed by the
5	Federal Court about two months ago.
6	Q. But
7	A. So that's the only, again
8	Q. Just to be clear, this was an issue
9	separate from
10	A. It had nothing to do with
11	Q. What we're talking about?
12	A. It had nothing to do with 250 or a taxicab
13	company or anything else.
14	Q. That's why I wanted I don't want to
15	belabor the point. I'm just focused on what you
16	knew about after you left in terms of 250.
17	A. Nothing.
18	Q. Okay.
19	A. No discussion concerning 250 with
20	Q. No communications?
21	A. No, not with anyone not with either
22	Commissioner Towler or any staff, no.
23	Q. But at the time you drafted this
24	Affidavit, you would have left the Office of Nevada

25 Labor Commissioner; correct?

Yes, I had left there. I was a 1 Α. Commissioner with Nevada Transportation Authority at 3 the time I drafted that. Before drafting that, did you consult with 4 Q. 5 any existing or former Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner staff or officials? Other than the one case I mentioned, no. 7 Α. 8 Q. No, no. I'm just talking about 9 specifically --10 Α. About 250? 11 0. Yes. 12 Α. No discussion at all with regard to 250. 13 I had no idea whether they continued the practice 14 after I left or abandoned that practice or came up 15 with something else. Did you review anything, documents, 16 Q. 17 articles, any type of case law, anything prior to 18 you drafting the Affidavit of Keith Sakelhide in 19 this case? 20 Α. No. 21 So this is entirely based on your best Q. 22 recollection and your memory and -- because you were 23 there at the time; correct? 24 Exactly, what occurred more than three

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years ago.

1	Q. Did you have any communications with
2	Commissioner Michael Tanchek regarding your
3	Affidavit?
4	A. No. None at all.
5	Q. Did you have any communications with Labor
6	Commissioner Thoran Towler regarding your Affidavit?
7	A. Not at all.
8	Q. Did you have any communications with Labor
9	Commissioner Shannon Chambers regarding your
10	Affidavit?
11	A. Not at all.
12	Q. Do you know who I'm talking about?
13	A. Yes, I do.
14	Q. Shannon Chambers?
15	A. I know who she is.
16	Q. Who is she?
17	A. I believe she's now the current Labor
18	Commissioner. I knew her when she was working with
19	Business and Industry.
20	Q. As what?
21	A. She had several positions there, actually.
22	I know she was heavily involved in the budget thing.
23	When I referred to the budget discussion I had
24	before, that was Shannon that was leading that
25	discussion.

1	Q. Are you familiar with a publication that's
2	put out by the State of Nevada, Nevada Department of
3	Business and Industry called The Business Advocate?
4	A. I believe that started when I was with
5	Business and Industry.
6	Q. Okay. Even prior to you being with the
7	Labor Commissioner?
8	A. No, not
9	Q. No, no, no. I'm saying did you know about
10	that there is such a thing as a publication that's
11	issued by the state called The Business Advocate?
12	A. No, I'm not.
13	Q. Oh, okay.
14	A. No. It's not something I have seen. I've
15	just heard about it, but I haven't seen it.
16	Q. Sure. But you've heard about it?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. What did you hear about the publication
19	called The Business Advocate?
20	A. Just that it was something that the
21	department was doing, the beginning and end of what
22	I know about it.
23	Q. Meaning the Nevada Department of Business
24	and Industry?
25	A. Exactly.

1	Q. But you were not in any way involved in
2	providing any information to that publication?
3	A. No.
4	Q. At the time you were Deputy Labor
5	Commissioner?
6	A. No, not providing any information to the
7	publication. One of the things we would we did
8	on either a monthly or bi-monthly basis, depending
9	on who the B and I director was, was provide them
10	with kind of what we did during a one or two-month
11	period.
12	Again, I don't know if any of those were
13	then incorporated into a magazine. It's possible
14	that we would do a monthly or bi-monthly report.
15	Q. Okay.
16	(Deposition Exhibit No. 6 was marked for
17	identification.)
18	BY MR. BOTROS:
19	Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, what's been marked
20	as Exhibit No. 6 in front of you, at the top it says
21	The Business Advocate Winter 2014.
22	Do you see that?
23	A. Yes, I do.
24	Q. And I understand that you testified
25	earlier and it's in your Affidavit that you would

have left that office in 2013 before this publication?

- A. Yes. About a year before.
- Q. And you see where it says The Business

  Advocate, a publication of the Nevada Department of

  Business and Industry?
  - A. Yes.

law --

- Q. Does that refresh your recollection on what you heard about this magazine that got published by the State of Nevada?
- A. Well, really, not one way or the other. I just knew that it was -- that they were going to be publishing, basically, a -- something each month or quarterly that talked about, basically, some guidance for businesses.
- Q. Okay. So let me ask you this. In general, and we'll talk specifically about Exhibit No. 6 in a second, but in general, when there is a business article or some type of guidance being issued by a state magazine -- what I mean by a state magazine is something that is published on behalf of the state agency in terms of a report or things for employers as a guideline on how they should be comporting themselves according to existing Nevada

In your position at the time as Deputy

Α. Okay.

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I would think that that would be a Α.

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Labor Commissioner, what would that indicate to you that there is something out there, by the state, that collects your report as well as the others, other departments under the Nevada Department of Business and Industry, and they publish those certain things to the public generally but mainly focused to the employers in terms of quidance, what

MR. MOAS: Object to the form.

BY MR. BOTROS:

does that mean to you --

- -- when you have a publication that does Ο. that, that is issued by the State of Nevada?
  - Okay. I'm not sure what you mean. Α.
- Would that be something, for example, Q. would that be something that would be reasonably and legitimately relied upon by employers if there is a state magazine published by the Nevada Department of Business and Industry, that they can be safe to reasonably and legitimately rely upon in terms of guidance, depending upon which topics they're talking about, which month, which year, which season and what happened?

1 reasonable statement. I would assume that that's why this publication was put out, so employers could 2 3 rely upon it. Is that your understanding? Q. 5 Yes. That would be my hope. 6 Well, would you agree with me that such a Q. 7 document that has the seal of the state on it, where it mentions a publication of Nevada Department of Business and Industry, reasonably would lend 9 10 confidence at least to the employers that this is 11 something that is issued by the State of Nevada? 12 MR. MOAS: Same objection. Go ahead. 13 I would hope it would. THE WITNESS: 14 BY MR. BOTROS: 15 Q. Okay. But you have no reason to believe that it would not? 16 17 Α. Of course. 18 Okay. Meaning you don't have any Q. 19 documents, evidence or testimony that indicates, oh, 20 this Business Advocate magazine, publication of the 21 Nevada Department of Business and Industry, is 22 flawed? 23 No, no reason to believe that. Α. 24 Is inconsistent with anything that we Q.

would do on a normal and regular basis in terms of

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1	our agency?
2	A. No reason
3	MR. MOAS: Same objection.
4	THE WITNESS: I have no reason to believe
5	that it would be flawed in any way.
6	BY MR. BOTROS:
7	Q. Okay.
8	A. I would hope that this was, again, the
9	aspects of this magazine that dealt with minimum
10	wage law would have been drafted by somebody, you
11	know, within the office of the Commission.
12	Q. Exactly. And that's why I wanted to ask
13	you, because it mentions a minimum wage guide for
14	Nevada employers on the first page of Exhibit No. 6.
15	Do you see that?
16	A. Yes, I do.
17	Q. Okay. Would you agree with me that, based
18	on the byline, if you will, or the title of this
19	article and the magazine that it's dealing with an
20	issue that would be in the realm of the Nevada
21	Office of Labor Commissioner?
22	A. No. That's what I would believe.
23	Q. Okay.
24	A. And, again, just to give you a little more

detail, with regard to the aspects of the minimum

- wage, whether it's increased or decreased each year,
  the Office of the Commissioner is required to put
  out that public notice each year. In fact, it's the
  definitive date and time that has to be made
  public.
  - So, again, my guess is that this is one of the ways that that notice requirement was met.
  - In addition, we did publish the results of the Labor Commissioner's analysis each year. It was placed on our website and we would identify whether there was any -- whether there were any changes to Nevada's minimum wage law, either tier.
  - Q. Okay. I'm glad you mentioned that,

    Commissioner Sakelhide, because I was about to ask

    you something pertaining to what you just mentioned,

    and that is you reviewed the Attorney General

    opinion in 2005; correct?
    - A. I read it, yes. Not in 2005.
- 19 Q. No, no, no.
- 20 A. Many years later.
- 21 Q. Meaning in 2009?
- 22 A. Yeah.

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- Q. About four years after?
- 24 A. Right.
- Q. You read the Lucas v. Bell decision filed

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where they mentioned that there was an implied repeal of NRS 608.250, Subsection 2E, did anything in that decision that you read either explicitly or impliedly indicate to you that the Office of Labor Commissioner has now been dissolved?

- A. No.
- Q. Did anything in that Thomas versus Nevada
  Yellow Cab decision indicate to you that the Labor
  Commissioner no longer adjusts or makes adjustments
  yearly with respect to the minimum wage in Nevada?
  - A. No, nothing I can recall. Again --
  - Q. Sure.
- A. I haven't read that decision in great detail for years. I --
  - Q. Let me ask you this, Commissioner.
  - A. It's not something I would recall.
- Q. And if something like that were to occur, meaning if you would have read the Thomas decision and it would have popped out at you either impliedly or explicitly or implicitly that, oh, my goodness, the Office of Labor Commissioner no longer exists now that this decision has been rendered, that would be something you would have remembered?
- A. Yeah, it's something I would have remembered and something that would have been an

November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 Keith Sakelhide interesting discussion for me to have with a lot of 1 people, I'm sure. 2 3 Q. Why? Well, I was -- I worked in that office for 5 many years. It's something that the office or the responsibilities of that office were done away with, 7 I'm sure there would be quite a few people that would have picked up the phone and called me and 9 said, gee, what happened to your agency? 10 Q. Okay. Now, you also read, I know it was 11 in 2009, you also read the Nevada Attorney General 12 opinion in 2005? 13 Α. Yes. You read side by side, I understand, with 14 15 Lucas versus Bell Trans decision in 2009? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Did anything in the Attorney General 18 opinion indicate to you that employers were required 19 to post the entirety of the Nevada Attorney General 20 opinion of 2005 to all of its drivers? 21 I don't recall that being part of 22 that AGO.

That part of AGO, did any of it indicate Q. to you that it was a requirement for all employers in Nevada to now print out the Attorney General

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A little bit past half of the way down. 1 Α. Yeah, I just want it for the record, 2 3 About three sentences, they are longer though. sentences, but would you agree with me it's 5 approximately three sentences from the top? 6 Α. Three sentences from the top? 7 Q. Yes. 8 Α. You mean three lines from the top? 9 No, no, three sentences, meaning periods. 0. 10 Okay. Beginning with what word? Α. 11 When you start out with each "employer," 12 if you count down to where it has "no CPI," 13 approximately how many sentences is that? 14 Oh, I don't know about sentences. Α. 15 Let me make it easier for you. Ο. 16 I see where it is. It would probably be Α. 17 easier to count the lines down. 18 Q. Well, yeah, actually, that makes better 19 Thank you, Commissioner. That is much 20 easier. One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, 21 eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, 22 fourteen, fifteen. Did I count right? 23 Yes, I believe so. Α. 24 Fifteen lines from the top of where it has Q.

"each employer" and down to where it starts "no

CPI"; do you see that?

2 A. Yes.

- Q. It has, no CPI adjustment for any one-year period made greater than three percent; do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. The Governor or the state agency designated by the Governor shall publish a bulletin by April 1 of each year announcing the adjusted rates which shall take effect the following July 1st.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. When it's referencing in the

  Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment Section 16,

  Article 15, Exhibit No. 4 in front of you, that the

  Governor or the state agency designated by the

  Governor shall publish a bulletin by April 1 of each

  year announcing the adjusted rates shall take effect

  the following July 1st, would it be fair and

  accurate to say that in the Minimum Wage Amendment,

  Section 16, Article 15, it's referencing in that

  particular provision the Nevada Office of Labor

  Commissioner?
  - A. Well, that's the agency that has

- historically been designated by the Governor to do that. I believe that process continued.
- Q. Sure. But I'm talking about, specifically, this is 2006 amendment.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. It was passed and it was signed into law on July 1, 2007?
  - A. Uh-huh.
  - 0. Correct?
- 10 A. Yes.

- Q. My question to you is, that provision I just read, would it be fair and accurate to state that that provision where the Governor or the state agency designated by the Governor shall publish a bulletin by April 1 of each year announcing the adjusted rates which shall take effect the following year July 1, it's referencing there the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner?
- A. I don't mean to be picky, but no, it

  doesn't. The Governor can designate any agency he

  likes to do it. I said historically it has been the

  Office of Labor Commissioner, and after this

  amendment that continued to be, but it doesn't

  preclude the Governor --
  - Q. Sure.

provided to any employee who requested --

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- A. What the minimum wage would be effective July 1st.
  - Q. Of each year?
- A. Of each year. That bulletin had to be issued by April 1st each year.
- Q. At the time as you are Deputy Labor

  Commissioner, that bulletin advising, giving a

  notice to employers as well as employees of the, you

  know, by July 1st of each year, of the minimum wage

  adjusted rate for that particular year, who would be

  the -- which agency would be in charge and

  responsible for drafting such a bulletin?
  - A. The Office of Labor Commissioner.
- Q. Which agency would be in charge to disseminate and distribute and provide and circulate either in hard copy or online or otherwise those bulletins?
  - A. Office of Labor Commissioner.
- Q. Which agency would be tasked with enforcing, making sure that employees as well as employers receive such a bulletin?
- A. Well, that would be the Office of Labor
  Commissioner. That goes to those who requested it
  and also made available to any employer or employee

who requested a copy.

- Q. Now, it mentions here such bulletin will be made available to all employers. Was that the practice under your leadership to provide that bulletin each year, by July 1st of each year to all employees and employers?
- A. Yeah, it was always a practice of the Office of Labor Commissioner.
  - O. How would that be disseminated?
- A. Well, it was generally a two to four-page document, and we would have it available for the public. We would post that on our web page and a link to it on our web page. And then, again, those who were on the list to receive it each year would be, administrative staff would be responsible for seeing that those businesses or individuals received copies.
- Q. Okay. So that Minimum Wage Amendment as you are reading it, and I'm sure you read it before, it's prescribing what the Labor Commissioner's responsibilities and duties are with respect to these adjusted rates, publishing the bulletins every July 1st of the year; correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. It goes on to say, such notice -- so,

1	yeah. Any	y other person who has filed with the
2	Governor	or designated agency requests to receive
3	such notion	ce.
4		Do you know who would file with the
5	Governor	or your office a request to receive such a
6	notice?	
7	Α.	There would be a list of employers that
8	were main	tained by administrative staff.
9	Q.	Who would maintain that list?
10	Α.	Administrative staff, whichever of our AAs
11	would be	designated with responsibility of doing the
12	mailings :	for that time. That could change each
13	year.	
14	Q.	Okay.
15	Α.	Or there could be more than one involved.
16	Q.	But lack of notice shall not excuse non-
17	compliance	e with this section; do you see that?
18	Α.	Yes.
19	Q.	What does that mean to you?
20	А.	It means that minimum wage is in effect
21	regardles	s of if you receive or didn't receive that
22	notice.	
23	Q.	Meaning the published notice
24	А.	Whatever the minimum wage would be
25	depending	on the two-tiered system that is employers

1	responsib	le for paying those amounts to all
2	employees	•
3	Q.	But it doesn't reference any language in
4	that prov	ision about NRS 608.250?
5	Α.	No.
6	Q.	This is specifically on minimum wage
7	amount?	
8	Α.	Exactly.
9	Q.	It doesn't discuss anything about whether
10	somebody,	in that specific provision, somebody is
11	either exe	empt or not exempt from minimum wage?
12	Α.	No.
13	Q.	In that specific area, I'm talking about.
14	Α.	No.
15	Q.	Then it goes on, an employer shall provide
16	written no	otification of the rate adjustments to each
17	of its emp	ployees to make the necessary payroll
18	adjustmen	ts by July 1st by July 1 following the
19	publication	on of the bulletin.
20		Do you see that?
21	Α.	Yes.
22	Q.	What does that mean to you?
23	А.	Basically, they had to make adjustments to
24	their pay:	roll system so that beginning on July 1st
25	of each ye	ear they would pay that employee the

- Q. When you say where it says, employer shall provide written notification, I just want to be very clear, Commissioner Sakelhide, does that mean -- does that mean they have to print out the entire amendment and hand-deliver it to each of their employees at their place of residence?
  - A. No. It just says the rate of adjustment.
  - Q. Okay.

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- A. So, no, it would not be -- there is no requirement that they provide the employee with a copy of the bulletin.
  - Q. Right.
- A. Just what the appropriate wage rate would be. Generally that was included with their notice in their pay stub or whatever.
- Q. Let's say, for example -- well, strike that.
- Are you familiar with employers who hire, or not hire -- strike that.
- Are you familiar with employers who employ

  more than 25, more than 50 employees within their

company?

- A. Of course.
- Q. They have -- they are subject to certain guidelines and provisions and rules that sole proprietors who have no employees, they have to abide by these certain guidelines because of their size; correct?
- A. Okay. Yes. There's some requirements, yes.
- Q. One of those requirements, and correct me if I'm wrong, is to post certain state, federal guidelines, laws pertaining to federal laws on wages as well as safety with respect to OSHA, and other provisions that an employer decides 50 or more is required under not only state but federal law to post?
  - A. Of course.
- Q. Would any of your guidelines, your provisions, meaning the bulletin, would that be something -- I understand you testified earlier that there was a list and you would send it out to that list of employers that requested this or you post it on a website or people can come and pick it up at your office, what I'm saying is would that bulletin that you would publish, would that be maintained on

one of those big size posters, if you will, and you 1 correct me if I'm wrong, that employers are required 2 3 to post at certain places within their establishment and at a certain font size prescribed by federal and 5 state law? 6 Not that I'm aware of. 7 MR. MOAS: Object to the form. BY MR. BOTROS: 8

- Q. So when it's saying, for example, would you -- you would not in any way be surprised if there was a bulletin, state laws pertaining to the United States law, that has the Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment on it?
  - A. It wouldn't surprise me.
- Q. You wouldn't be also surprised if there was the Office of Labor Commissioner's directives bulletin within that poster?
  - A. There could be.

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Q. Okay. What I'm asking you, based on that provision where it says any -- I'm sorry -- an employer shall provide written notification of the rate adjustments to each of its employees and make the necessary payroll adjustments by July 1, I'm taking it, and correct me if I'm wrong, from your testimony they just need to make sure that those

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adjustments have been made by July 1st of that year and inform that particular driver or employee of that adjustment?

- Yes.
- It does not indicate that they have to provide the actual entirety of the 2006 Nevada Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, Section 16, Article 15, to each individual employee, meaning print it out?
- No, it doesn't say they are required to provide them with the bulletin. It just says -- it just provides them with notice.
  - Well, it says written notification?
- Written notification of, yeah. doesn't necessarily mean a copy of the bulletin.
  - Okay. So to you it just means what?
- It means, basically, each employee shall be notified as to what the appropriate minimum wage rate would be for the coming year prior to July 1st.
  - In writing?
- Yeah, in written form. Again, how that is Α. done, whether they are provided with a copy of the bulletin or simply a letter saying two-tiered minimum wage system are as follows.
  - Q. Right. So does it indicate either after

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this provision or anywhere in the entirety of this Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment any penalties, punishment by any employer that does not provide written notification of the rate adjustments to each of its employees?

- I don't believe so.
- Q. Does it mention anything that if an employer does not provide a written notification of the rate adjustments to each of its employees that they waive any and all certain Constitutional protections as an employer?
- No, nothing is in there that would lead me Α. to believe that.
- Does it mention anything that if an employer does not provide written notification of the rate adjustment to each of its employees and make the necessary adjustments by July 1 following publication of the bulletin, that an employer cannot rely on a Nevada Supreme Court opinion that indicates that the Statute of Limitations for these claims are two years?
  - Α. No, nothing.
- Are you familiar with the Perry versus Q. Terrible Herbst case that was issued last year by the Nevada Supreme Court?

Q. Tell me how.

Α.

honest.

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A. The language is offered, not provided.

I would have worded it differently, to be

The next paragraph, it has, each year at

NACs?

Yes.

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Q.

Α.

Q.

1	the direction of the Governor, Nevada's Labor
2	Commissioner conducts an annual review of the
3	minimum wage to determine if an increase is
4	required.
5	Do you see that?
6	A. Yes, I do.
7	Q. Is that correct?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. The wage is adjusted by the amount of
10	increases now I'm going to the third column?
11	A. Yes. I see.
12	Q is adjusted by the amount of increases
13	in the federal minimum wage or, if greater, by the
14	cumulative increase in the cost of living.
15	Do you see that?
16	A. Yes, I do.
17	Q. Is that correct?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. A bulletin is published each year on April
20	1 outlining any changes to the minimum wage to be in
21	effect the following July.
22	Is that correct?
23	A. That's correct.
24	Q. This is talking about 2014 which, you
25	know, it obviously remains in effect today. It says,

1 the current minimum wage in Nevada which was put into effect July 2010 is \$7.25 per hour if an 2 3 employer offers qualified health benefits, \$8.25 an hour if they do not; is that correct? 5 Α. I see that, yes. 6 Minimum wage exclusions; do you see that Q. 7 in bold? 8 Α. Yes, I do. 9 0. In addition to a two-tiered system, the 10 Constitutional amendment provided that individuals under the age of 18, those employed by a non-profit 11 12 for after school or summer employment, and those 13 employed as trainees for a period of not more than 14 ninety days were not entitled to receive minimum 15 wage; do you see that? 16 Α. Yes, I do. 17 Is that correct within your reading of 18 Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment? 19 Α. Section 16, yes. That is pulled from 20 Section 16 of the Constitution. 21 Now we get into the bottom paragraph at Q. 22 the bottom of that first page of Exhibit 6. 23 Α. Yes. 24 Prior to the amendment, Nevada law Q.

provided for other exemptions to the payment of

1 minimum wage. Specifically, NRS 608.250 exempted, and it says continued, Page 7, so you if turn to 2 3 Page 7. So where I left off where it says, prior 4 5 to the amendment, Nevada law provided for other exemptions to the payment of minimum wage. 7 Specifically, NRS 608.250 exempted six categories of 8 individuals; do you see that? 9 Α. Yes, I do. 10 No. 1, casual babysitters; No. 2, domestic Q. 11 service employees who reside in the households; No. 12 3, outside salespersons whose earnings are based on commissions; No. 4, certain agricultural employees; 13 5, taxicab and limousine drivers; and 6, certain 14 15 persons with severe disabilities. 16 Do you see that? 17 Α. Yes, I do. 18 Q. Is that correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Next paragraph, while the Constitutional 21 amendment did not directly conflict with the 22 exemptions outlined in NRS 608.250, its passage 23 created some uncertainty. 24 Do you see that?

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Α.

Yes, I do.

- A. That's what I believe and that's what we believed at the time. There was uncertainty created.
- Q. Okay. So but here it's kind of worded, and I will read it to you, and I will go step by step, Commissioner Sakelhide.
  - A. Go ahead.
- Q. I appreciate that, sir, and I appreciate your time. It references, while the Constitutional amendment, I'm taking that to mean the 2006 Nevada Minimum Wage Constitutional Amendment.
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you agree with me on that?
- 15 A. That's how I read it.
- Q. And it goes on, did not directly conflict with the exemptions outlined in NRS 608.250; do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. Is that correct?
- A. That would probably be subject to interpretation.
- 23 Q. Okay. Now --
- A. I mean, that was my take on it that I didn't see a direct conflict. Whether or not the

- provisions retained would be a different question.
  In my eyes, they are two different questions.
  - Q. Let's split them up, and I appreciate that, your honesty and candor. Your take at the time was that the Constitutional amendment, meaning the 2006 Nevada Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, did not directly conflict with the exemptions outlined in NRS 608.250?
  - A. Yes. While the language contained in the Constitutional amendment didn't; that's how I would probably more accurately phrase it.
    - Q. Say that one more time.
  - A. While the language contained in the Constitutional amendment was not in direct conflict with the provisions of 250.
  - Q. Did you at any time advise employers, employees about your take, about your interpretation of the Constitutional amendment?
- 19 A. Of course not.

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- Q. And how it interacted with NRS 608.250?
- 21 A. Of course not.
  - Q. Would it be fair and accurate to say that today is the first time in a proceeding, in an official proceeding that you have made your take, your interpretation, your view known about how the

Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment interacted at the time, meaning prior to the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision in 2014 with NRS 608.250, Subsection 2E?

MR. MOAS: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: No, I -- again, I had

discussions with Commissioner Tanchek and we discussed our take on it and how, basically, there was, in our view or I'm talking about my view that there was a question as to whether they were retained or not.

And, again, the devil's in the detail and a whole lot -- and, again, if I was to have been the Hearing Officer and this case came before us, there was a whole lot more information I would have needed in addition to the language in the Section 16 for me to make that decision as to whether or not it's retained.

#### BY MR. BOTROS:

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- Q. But as you sit here today, I just want to be very clear, when you say, my take on this is that the Constitutional amendment did not directly conflict with the exemption --
  - A. The language contained in --
  - Q. You're talking about the language

## specifically?

- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Okay.
- A. I'm saying there is definitely an argument that you could make or I could make very easily on either side that the -- whether or not the 250 was retained or not retained.

## Q. On either side?

- A. Of course, which is why there was -- why we took the action we did because I believed there was a viable argument to be made on either side of the case. And, again, frankly, I would have enjoyed hearing arguments by attorneys on both sides and me asking questions that may have led me to one decision or another.
- Q. But ultimately, I know, and I respect your opinion and your testimony, Commissioner Sakelhide, that there were --
  - A. Arguments on both sides.
- Q. Arguments on both sides, but ultimately, your take with respect to Commissioner Michael

  Tanchek was that at the end of the day what you were presenting to him and he was kind of presenting to you as, you know, both of your takes, not just one?
  - A. Yes.

direct conflict with or did not appear to be in

direct conflict with. 1 2 Did not appear to be in direct -- this is 3 semantics? Α. It is. 4 5 Would you agree with me? Q. Well, that's part of being an attorney for 6 Α. 7 8 Q. Absolutely. 9 -- for over 30 years. 10 We have to be very careful. Okay. So Q. instead of putting, while the Constitutional 11 12 amendment did not directly conflict with the exemptions outlined in NRS 608.250, you would have 13 14 changed that if you were there and --15 If they had asked me -- if they had asked 16 me to review it --17 You would have said, while the 18 Constitutional amendment did not appear to be in direct conflict? 19 20 Α. Right. 21 With the exemptions outlined in NRS Q. 22 608.250, its passage created some uncertainty? 23 Exactly. Α. 24 Q. Okay. 25 Α. And, again, I'm getting to that the same

way. I had problems with the other language that talked about providing qualified coverage rather than offer qualified coverage. It's a distinction, but it has a real difference.

## Q. It does?

A. The difference is that's, frankly, not accurate.

# Q. And you would see why litigation would potentially ensue?

A. Well, of course. We knew -- I mean, you would have to be a fool not to predict that this litigation would occur. I mean, it was happening at the time. We were so cautious with what we would do that we wanted to wait until that litigation -- that litigation ran its full course.

You know, there was a legitimate question.

Again, I think most competent attorneys could make
an argument on either side of this depending upon
who was paying them at the time. The issue that

Commissioner Tanchek and I had, frankly, is we're
not being paid by either side. We're being paid to
do the best job we can to protect both employers and
employees.

That's why we saw that the argument could be made. Each of us could make a strong argument on

either side of this. We wanted the Courts to decide or there be appropriate litigation before us so we could hear the arguments on both sides from people that did have a real interest in it, the interest being representing their client. And then we would, at that point, if we were able to hear the case, then we would make the decision.

The problem we had and, again, with any type of claims filed by us, and to move this through the process, it would have been unfair to the employees, to taxicab drivers to put them in a position of defending and making a Constitutional argument because they may not be represented by adequate counsel.

If there was counsel that would have been available to them, it's a case that maybe

Commissioner Tanchek may have made a decision to hear that case rather than wait for a decision and render a decision on that that maybe, first of all, argued that, you know, by adequate counsel on both sides, and then have that matter be appealable to, you know, through the appeals process to Nevada District Court.

If that was available, if that option was available to us, we may have taken that option, but

it didn't present itself.

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Q. You never exercised the option under NRS 607.160, Subsection 7, where if after due inquiry the Labor Commissioner believes that a person who is financially unable to employ counsel has a valid and enforceable claim for wages, commissions or other demand, the Labor Commissioner may present the facts to the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall prosecute the claim if the Attorney General determines that the claim is valid and enforceable.

Do you see that?

- A. We did not elect that option.
- Q. But you had that option?
- A. We had that option. We were aware of the option. We really wanted the matter to be appropriately litigated by parties with their represented counsels of interest.
- Q. Did you at any time bring that provision, NRS 607.160, Subsection 7, either to the Labor Commissioner himself, Mr. Michael Tanchek, or the Attorney General at the time or the Attorney General's office regarding 608.250 claims?
  - A. I don't understand the question.
- 24 Q. Sure.
  - A. Could you rephrase it?

Did you at any time advise the

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Q.

Sure.

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Labor Commissioner at the time, Michael Tanchek, or the Deputy Attorney General or Attorney General, anybody at the Attorney General's office, of exercising this option where, if your office believes that a person who was financially unable to employ counsel has a valid and enforceable claim for wages, commissions or other demands, that your office may present the facts to the Attorney General, the Attorney General should prosecute the claim if the Attorney General determines that the claim is valid and enforceable?

Α. Again, I -- if it happened, I wasn't an active participant in that. It's something that would have been -- something that would have been initiated by the Labor Commissioner. But I wasn't involved in any discussions where we specifically talked about whether to exercise that option or not.

#### Q. But you were aware of that option?

I was aware of that option and I'm sure that Commissioner Tanchek was. He probably wrote that provision.

#### It's not a provision; it's law. Q.

I mean, very possible that he I know. wrote that. He's been involved -- he was involved

with the Office of Labor Commissioner for many, many years, wrote most of -- much of 608, wrote pretty 3 much all of that NAC 608, you know, during his tenure as Deputy Labor Commissioner.

- In Exhibit No. 6 where it says, where it talks about the some uncertainty, I'll read it, you know, just for clarification, while the Constitutional amendment did not directly conflict with the exemptions outlined in NRS 608.250, its passage created some uncertainty.
- 11 Α. Yes.

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- Please explain to me, Commissioner Q. Sakelhide, what uncertainty was created by having the Constitutional amendment and NRS 608.250 exemptions basically until 2014, Thomas' decision, stand side by side?
- Okay. Well, the issue and the uncertainty is also created by the AGO opinion.
  - Q. Why do you say that?
- 20 Okay. Because it seemed to take a 21 different opinion as to whether or not 250 provision 22 survived the Constitutional amendment.
  - Different from whom? Q.
  - Different from Judge Jones' opinion. Α.
  - The Lucas v. Bell decision? Q.

- A. Yes. And, frankly, again, I think it made
  -- well, it just was obvious that there were two
  clear meanings, either one of which was viable.
- Q. A couple of sentences down -- well, I'll just read it for the record -- it was this uncertainty that the Nevada Supreme Court addressed this past summer in Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab, and it gives the citations of the case; do you see that?
- 10 A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. In its opinion, the Nevada Supreme Court found that exemptions outlined in the Nevada Constitution supercede the exemptions previously provided for in NRS 608.250.
  - Do you see that?
- 16 A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. Is that what you read Thomas versus Nevada
    Yellow Cab would stand for?
- 19 A. Yeah, that's where I came out.
- 20 Q. I just wanted to make sure.
- 21 A. Yes.
  - Q. The only individuals who are exempt from the payment of minimum wage according to Nevada Supreme Court are those specifically outlined in the Constitutional amendment.

I think that's a good general

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Α.

statement. I have no problem with that.

- Q. So after it, how would you do it?
- A. Okay. Well, the -- I guess one of the issues I have with how it's written was that there seems to be an inference that that decision was moving forward rather than retroactive. So --
  - Q. And what's --

- A. Because what it means by, basically means is a term of art that you forewarn and not necessarily whether or not there was a retroactive component to that decision.
- Q. What I want to know from you is, after you read the decision, when you were E-mailed that decision, did you believe, based on studying this issue, and I know you weren't Deputy Commissioner no longer, but at least you were at the time these things were going down, meaning the 2009 decision of the Lucas v. Bell?
  - A. Right.
- Q. Did you believe in studying this issue and reading the decision that the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision was a prospective decision?
  - A. No. That wasn't my take on it.
- Q. You believed it was a retroactive decision?

- Q. Exactly. So my question to you,

  Commissioner Sakelhide, anything in the decision,

  either implicitly or explicitly, meaning the Thomas

  versus Nevada Yellow Cab 2014 Supreme Court

  decision, indicates that employees who were

  previously exempted under NRS 608.250, meaning, as

  well, taxicab drivers?
  - A. Right.

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- Q. As well as casual babysitters, domestic service employees, outside salespersons, employees engaged in agricultural work, persons with severe disabilities, that they can now go back, all the way to July 1, 2007, and make claims from July 1, 2007, going forward?
- A. Based upon the Nevada -- the statutes in effect, I don't think that would be my reading.
  - Q. You don't think that would be your

## reading?

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- A. No.
  - Q. What would be your reading?
- A. They could go back two years from the date filed, the date the wage claim was filed.
  - Q. Meaning filed where?
- With the Office of Labor Commissioner. 7 Α. You're talking about our jurisdiction, our authority over at the -- there are limitations as to how far 9 10 back we could go with regard to any actions that were filed, let's say, in 2009 by a taxicab driver 11 12 that we, basically, held in abeyance, we would go --13 if I was still there with the office, it would have meant that we would have gone back to 2007 to 14 15 capture wages due of 2007 through current.
  - Q. Okay. Let's say --
  - A. If somebody filed a wage claim in 2012, we would go back to 2010 and capture wage claims from 2010 forward. If they filed a wage claim immediately after the decision sometime in 2014, we'd go back to 2012.
  - I think that would be what the Office of Labor Commissioner would be limited to.
  - Q. Okay. In terms of your understanding of the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision, if

taxicab drivers filed a lawsuit in 2012 and it's a class action lawsuit, based on the Thomas decision, does it indicate anywhere in the decision, either implicitly or explicitly, that those drivers can go all the way back from 2012 to July 1, 2007, all the way to October 27, 2015, and make claims of alleged underpayment of minimum wages for approximately more than eight years?

A. Okay. Again, I wouldn't know -- I would have to see what that demand was based on and what provision that was based on. If it was under a 608 claim, then we would -- then that wouldn't be an accurate way of addressing it. We would only go back the two years.

So a 2012 notice would go -- would mean we would go back to 2010.

Q. What if they made their claim,

Commissioner Sakelhide, based upon, and they claimed that it's based on the Constitutional Minimum Wage

Amendment which basically has no Statute of

Limitations?

A. Well, I would like to -- I would probably, if I was the judge or ALJ, I would like to hear the arguments of both sides. I don't see that reading.

Q. In where?

In the Constitution itself. I mean, the 1 Α. fact, just because there is no Statute of 2 3 Limitations on that doesn't mean that that eliminates the 608 limitations that existed --5 Which is two years? Q. 6 -- at the time and still and, again, I haven't been involved in this -- in this for close 7 to four years. Whether that provision still exists or not, I don't know. But if it does, then I would 9 10 still have to apply that provision on any claim filed with our office. 11 12 Q. You mean the provision that says any claims in Nevada law pertaining to minimum wage that 13 are filed are subject to a two-year Statute of 14 15 Limitations? 16 (Witness nodded head affirmatively.) Α. 17 Is that correct? Ο. 18 Α. Yeah. 19 Q. As part of your duties as Deputy Labor 20 Commissioner, you would enforce the -- let me ask 21 you, would you enforce laws pertaining to what 22 employers, you know, how many years of records they 23 have to maintain within their possession, custody

and control involving wages?

Yes, we do, obviously.

Α.

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(Deposition Exhibit No. 7 was marked for 1 2 identification.) 3 BY MR. BOTROS: Commissioner Sakelhide, what's marked as 4 Q. 5 Exhibit 7 is NRS 608.115, which has records of wages; do you see that? 7 Α. Yes, sir. 8 And before I get to the questioning, just 9 like I have been doing with everything, I would like 10 to give you an opportunity just to kind of peruse 11 it, review it just to make sure it refreshes your 12 recollection, and I will have some questions on it. 13 Α. Go right ahead. 14 Okay. Excellent. Did you have an 15 opportunity to review Exhibit No. 7, which is NRS 16 608.115? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. Where it has records of wages? 19 Α. Yes. 20 What is your understanding of this? 21 This is a record retention requirement. Α. 22 The employer is required to maintain those records 23 for a period of two years. 24 They are required? Q. 25 Α. They are required.

## 1 Q. Under Nevada law?

- A. Under Nevada law. There are different requirements under federal law. Under Nevada law, it's two years. This is one of the things that triggered the two-year limitation that I referenced before. It would be unfair for an employer to be forced to go back beyond the time they are required to retain or maintain records.
- Q. Why do you say it is unfair for an employer to go beyond two years of maintaining records?
- A. Well, especially dealing with wage and hour issues, the issue goes to, specifically, how many hours that employee worked during a week, what they were paid during a week.

My experience with Labor Commissioners,
many of -- or a vast majority of those who file
claims with that office, with our office, their
amount of pay, number of hours worked, their rate of
pay changed frequently and was different from week
to week.

There was no way of identifying how many hours that employee worked beyond the record retention period of two years. If those records weren't maintained, how would we know whether they,

- Q. Would you punish an employer for not keeping records -- records of wages, that is -- beyond two years?
- A. Oh, if it came up during the course of our investigation that they failed to maintain records, that is something that they could be fined for.
  - Q. Sure. I'm talking about, it has here --
- A. Oh.

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- Q. Subsection 3, records of wages must be maintained for a two-year period following the entry of information into the record.
- A. Right.
- Q. Let's say an employer has done it for a two-year period but hasn't done it for seven years or ten years or twelve years, do you under Nevada law as the chief law enforcement officer in terms of enforcing labor laws in the great State of Nevada would subject that employer to penalties?
- A. No. There would be no provision under which you could assess penalties beyond what's required under the law. If it's a two-year

requirement, it's a two-year requirement. And it's

- Q. Does anything in the Constitutional, and I'm referring to the 2006 Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, and you have it in front of you, I believe it's Exhibit --
  - A. 4.

- Q. -- 4, does anything in there, Commissioner Sakelhide, state anything that if -- that provides anything inconsistent with record of wages must be maintained for a two-year period following the entry of information into the record?
- A. I don't see anything in there that addresses that issue one way or the other.
- Q. Okay. Because of the Constitutional
  Minimum Wage Amendment, does that mean in your view
  based on everything you reviewed as well as the
  Thomas decision, Attorney General opinion, Judge
  Jones' Lucas v. Bell, that because of the
  Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment and because of
  the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab 2014 decision,
  that NRS 608.115 shall no longer be followed?
- A. No. I see nothing. I think that the

  Office of Labor Commissioner would be required to

  enforce that provision as it stands. There's

- nothing that would change that one way or another.

  It still stands and it would still be a two-year period. There's nothing in the Constitutional amendment that changes that two-year period to anything other than that.
  - Q. With respect to NRS 608.115, is there a private right of action for a private litigant not connected with the state or agency or anything of the such or enforcement mechanism, who files or pursues something in court and says, you failed to maintain it within the two years so, hence, I'm going to file a private right of action in court?
- A. No, I don't see that falling under any provision that establishes a prior right of action.
  - Q. With respect to NRS --
  - A. With respect to 115.
- Q. Specifically, Exhibit No. 7?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. But your office at the time would enforce this provision?
  - A. Oh, yes. We did it often.
- 22 Q. Really?
- A. Oh, it was -- yeah. I mean, it was -- I mean, a very large percentage of claims filed were violations of 115.

You have to follow whatever the federal

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comment.

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- Q. But you would never mention under state -Nevada state law, Nevada state requirements, you
  have to keep for the Constitutional Minimum Wage
  Amendment, or anything else, that you have to keep
  them longer than two years?
- A. I don't see anything under Section 16 in the Constitution that I would have referenced to make that point.
- Q. I understand that you testified earlier that you would get phone calls from workers asking about 608.250.
- A. Yes. As I said, I would receive kind of the overflow of calls.
- Q. But you had staff that would be in the office in case a particular employee wants to speak to a live person in person?
- A. Yeah. There would be the investigator of the day. They would generally receive the phone calls to meet with.
- (Deposition Exhibit No. 8 was marked for identification.)

## BY MR. BOTROS:

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- Q. Commission Sakelhide, what's been marked as Exhibit 8 is some pages that I want to discuss with you of the video deposition -- actually, it was in person, but also just like this deposition it was videotaped of one of the Plaintiffs in the case.
- A. Okay.
- Q. His name is Christopher Thomas. You see the cover page, it says, Videotaped Deposition of Christopher Thomas, he is one of the Plaintiffs; do you see that?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Las Vegas, Nevada, Monday, October 9,
- 14 2017. Do you see that?
- 15 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. If you flip over the page, it has Page 47 at the top right-hand corner.
- Do you see that?
- 19 A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. So I'm sure through your vast career, sir, you have read deposition transcripts?
- 22 A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Where it has question/answer,
  question/answer. In this particular deposition it
  has my questions in black bold.

1	Do you see that?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. And the answers are just regular text. Do
4	you see that?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. So if you look to Page 47, and I'm looking
7	specifically at Line 15; do you see that?
8	A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. That would have been me questioning the
10	Plaintiff in this case, Mr. Christopher Thomas, and
11	him answering and with various objections from his
12	counsel.
13	Do you see that?
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. I just want to familiarize you with what
16	I'm
17	A. Of course.
18	Q. So Line 15 of Page 47 I ask him, okay, and
19	what did you understand their position to be at the
20	Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner?
21	His counsel makes an objection.
22	I say, You can go ahead and answer.
23	Answer: They told me that cab drivers are
24	exempt from minimum wage.
25	Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. Do you agree with that?
    - A. No, not at all.
- Q. You would never tell -- you never told them that they were exempt from minimum wage?
- A. No.

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- Q. When a driver of a taxicab, prior to 2012, this is prior to the -- I'm sorry, prior to 2014

  Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision?
- 10 A. Uh-huh.
  - Q. When they would come in person and they would ask, hey, I want to know what is the current State of Nevada law pertaining to minimum wage, I'm a taxicab driver, did you instruct any of your staff to advise them and tell them cab drivers are exempt from minimum wage?
- 17 A. No.
- 18 Q. Okay.
- A. No, because this is in 2012.
- 20 Q. Correct.
- A. 2012 we had the process of accepting wage claim, in fact, encouraging drivers to file wage claim with our office, advising them that there was a conflict as to whether or not the provision, the exceptions applied or didn't apply, and explain to

them that once we received the wage claim, we would do the -- submit to the employer the demand letter, give them an opportunity to resolve it, but if they didn't resolve it and chose to rely on the 250 exceptions, that we would then hold those claims in abeyance until there was a final decision reached by the Court.

- Q. So you disagree with his testimony that, where he testified under oath, they told me, meaning the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner, that cab drivers are exempt from minimum wage?
  - A. This is not what staff was directed to do.
- Q. Okay. So if you look to Page 49 of his deposition transcript, and this starts out with Line No. 5.
  - A. Okay.

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- Q. Do you see that?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And this is my question. Sure, what did you understand it to mean when the Nevada Labor Commissioner's office, the two female representatives, informed you, Mr. Thomas, back in 2012 that taxicab drivers are exempt from minimum wage?
  - Answer: They were exempt from minimum wage.

They were not eligible for minimum wage. 1 2 Question: And that's what you understood it to 3 be? Answer: I'm not going to argue with a state 4 5 employee, yeah. 6 Question: No, no, no. I understand. 7 He answers, yeah. Question: But that's, what you understood what 8 9 they were telling you in plain English that you, at 10 the time in 2012 as a taxicab driver for YCS, were 11 ineligible for minimum wage in the State of Nevada; 12 correct? 13 His answer, correct. 14 Would you agree with Mr. Thomas' 15 description about him arriving at your office around 2012 and speaking to two female representatives and 16 17 him being informed that he is not eligible for 18 minimum wage? 19 Α. Okay. Your question is --20 Would that have been something that the 21 two female representatives would have informed him? 22 Α. I would hope not. 23 Because that was not the practice? Q. 24 That was not the practice. That is not Α.

what the staff was clearly instructed to do.

Lupe Martinez? Q.

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So that would have -- it would -- I Α. Yes.

Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 would be very disappointed if that occurred. 1 2 If what Mr. Christopher Thomas testified 3 to actually occurred? Yes. I would be -- if that did occur, I 4 5 would be very disappointed with my staff. 6 Q. Why? 7 Because they weren't following very clear

- A. Because they weren't following very clear instructions.
  - Q. From you?
- A. From me and from Commissioner Tanchek both. I mean, it was -- there was no ambiguity as far as what needed to be done.
- Q. Meaning the directive that you and Commissioner Tanchek would give to staff?
- 15 A. Exactly.

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- 16 (Deposition Exhibit No. 9 was marked for 17 identification.)
- 18 BY MR. BOTROS:
- Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, what's been marked as Exhibit No. 9 in front of you is a deposition transcript from -- videotaped. Again, I wasn't there -- I was there in person, and it was also videotaped of the other Plaintiff in the case, Christopher Anthony Craig.
  - Do you see that?

1 Α. Yes, I do. It says Las Vegas, Nevada, Friday, October 2 3 20, 2017. Do you see that? 4 5 Α. Yes, I do. 6 Q. If you'll look to Page 132 of his 7 deposition transcript, I want to go over just 8 briefly a couple of things. 9 This is at the top of Page 132, Line No. 10 1. 11 Question: Okay. What was the response you 12 received from the Office of Nevada Labor 13 Commissioner when you asked them that question? 14 And just for background foundation, it was 15 the same question that Mr. Thomas had asked about the minimum wage issue. 16 17 That, you know, we're not entitled to 18 minimum wage at that time. 19 Answer (sic): Okay. So you received an answer 20 from the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner; 21 correct? 22 Answer: I believe so. Yeah. 23 And the answer you received from Okay. 24 the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner was, no, you as a taxicab driver, this was in 2012; correct? 25

1 Yes.

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Question: You as a taxicab driver under Nevada law are not entitled to minimum wage in Nevada; correct?

There was an objection lodged by counsel as to form.

I -- the question was; correct?

Answer: That's what they told me.

Again, I want to be very clear,

10 Commissioner Sakelhide. Would your answer be the

11 same that that was not the practice that you had

12 instructed your staff along with Commissioner

13 Michael Tanchek to do in terms of answering

14 questions to taxicab drivers?

- A. That would be the same. I would be very disappointed if that conversation occurred.
- Q. And if that conversation -- I know you mentioned you would be disappointed, but hypothetically, let's just, you know, play it out in a sense.
  - A. Go ahead.
- Q. If, in fact, it was determined through testimony, evidence, documents, that, in fact, administrative staff, in violation of your directive as well as Commissioner Michael Tanchek, were giving

these type of guidance, information, what have you, 1 to these taxicab drivers, what would be the 2 3 consequence of that? Oh, I would talk to their supervisor. 4 5 would have their supervisor counsel them and write 6 them up. 7 Q. Why? Because they -- first of all, we had a 8 9 very clear practice. There was no ambiguity. They 10 were directed to do a very specific thing. 11 Second of all, something that acts on 12 people's lives, lack of clarity like that puts 13 somebody in a position where they are not receiving 14 compensation and they should be receiving, totally 15 inappropriate and just not what the office is about. I have serious problems with that 16 17 employee. 18 Q. Does it, the fact that you -- instead of 19 just one person, the fact that you have two 20 Plaintiffs in this case saying similar things to 21 what they testified under oath, what they 22 experienced in terms of going to the, or contacting 23 the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner, does it 24 raise concern for you that, of the likelihood that,

perhaps, administrative staff for whatever reason

would have violated your directive as well as 1 2 Commissioner Michael Tanchek? 3 MR. MOAS: Object to the form. BY MR. BOTROS: 5 Q. Go ahead. 6 Okay. Again, one is I would be disappointed. Also it would be an element of 7 surprise if that information was conveyed. see interaction between our administrative staff and 9 10 individuals that would file wage claims, including 11 taxicab drivers, that would come in, and I always, 12 always saw them conveying the appropriate 13 information. 14 I always saw that they did give, you know, 15 conveyed to them, here is what the process is, here 16 is what we're doing. 17 Very often what they -- and, again, I did 18 observe this firsthand, very often the response from 19 the potential Claimant would be, well, if I did 20 this, you're saying there would be a demand letter 21 sent and the employer would receive it, and then 22 they would say, yes, of course, that's our process, and they would have to receive a copy of the demand 23 24 letter notifying them that you filed a wage claim.

And then they would say, well, I don't

want to be fired, I don't feel comfortable doing that now.

So, again, I don't -- that I did see and, again, we're not going to be in a position where we put a potential Claimant in a position where they could lose their job, and if they chose not to, that was their decision.

It was too important a decision for us to, basically, argue with them or try to convince them to do something that they weren't comfortable doing. That I did witness.

I didn't -- I never witnessed, I don't recall, saying I never witnessed a discussion like that occurring, because if I did, I definitely would have taken action against that employee.

- Q. Okay. I know you didn't witness it, but have you heard of it happening prior to today?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Based on testimony from the Plaintiffs?
  - A. No.

Q. Is this the first time you have been made aware that, potentially, again, I have to do some discovery a little further, but potentially, there may have been a situation or situations where, for whatever reason, administrative staff at your

1	office, at the time you were Deputy Labor
2	Commissioner, were giving inconsistent advice or
3	guidance to taxicab drivers that was inconsistent to
4	your directive as well as Commissioner Michael
5	Tanchek?
6	A. No, this is the first time I have become
7	aware of it. Again, it's something that both
8	Commissioner Tanchek and I would have been disturbed
9	to hear.
10	MR. MOAS: Counsel, I'm getting a lot of
11	feedback. I'm not sure if something has changed
12	there in the microphone.
	<u>*</u>
	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record
13 14	
13 14	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record
13 14 15	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of
13 14 15	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not
13 14 15 16	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can
13 14 15 16	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can represent to you that.
13	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can represent to you that.  But all of a sudden as we are engaged in
13 14 15 16 17	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can represent to you that.  But all of a sudden as we are engaged in the deposition, and correct me if I'm wrong,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can represent to you that.  But all of a sudden as we are engaged in the deposition, and correct me if I'm wrong, Commissioner Sakelhide, it kicked, meaning it turned
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. BOTROS: I will say this on the record that the air conditioning, it has been kind of stuffy and it's obviously automatic, it's not because of me, I didn't play around with it, I can represent to you that.  But all of a sudden as we are engaged in the deposition, and correct me if I'm wrong, Commissioner Sakelhide, it kicked, meaning it turned on, and it's blowing some much needed air.

about two hours, so I wanted to see, are you going

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to take a lunch break? I know it's later there.
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             MR. BOTROS: No, no lunch break.
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             THE WITNESS: So are we getting close to
   wrapping up?
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             MR. BOTROS: Yes, we are, from my end.
 6
   Could you hear me, counsel?
             MR. MOAS: I'm fine, and I don't think I
 7
   will have more than 15 minutes.
 9
             MR. BOTROS: Okay. I would like, just for
10
   the purposes and to be fair to you because it is
11
   actually kicking up and I don't want any issues with
12
   interference, if you don't mind, I would like to go
   ahead and take a five to ten-minute break to have it
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   continue whatever it's doing with the blowing of the
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   air, which is much needed, quite frankly, and just
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   to have a quick break and then we can resume.
17
             I don't foresee me taking longer than
18
   approximately, at max, 30 minutes and then you will
19
   have the floor, counsel, to question him, cross-
20
   examine him.
21
             And you indicated it will take,
22
   approximately, from your end 15 minutes?
23
             MR. MOAS: Yeah. That's right.
                                               I'm here.
24
   Call me back.
25
             MR. BOTROS: We're off the record.
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1	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 1:33
2	p.m., Eastern Standard Time. We are off the record.
3	(A brief recess was taken.)
4	(Deposition Exhibit No. 10 was marked for
5	identification.)
6	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 1:46 p.m.,
7	Eastern Standard Time. We are on the record.
8	BY MR. BOTROS:
9	Q. Good afternoon, Commissioner Sakelhide.
10	A. Good afternoon.
11	Q. Are you ready to continue with your
12	deposition?
13	A. Go right ahead.
14	Q. Excellent. What has been marked as
15	Exhibit No. 10 in front of you is a deposition
16	transcript of Christopher Thomas. It's other pages
17	that I will be questioning you on, and I just want
18	to make sure, do you have that in front of you?
19	A. Yes, I do.
20	Q. It was the same deposition, just different
21	pages, and it is Las Vegas, Nevada, on the first
22	page, Monday, October 9, 2017. Okay?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. If you look to Page 254, 2-5-4?
25	A. I have it.

1 Q. And it starts with Line 14 where it says, 2 question. 3 Do you see that? Yes, I do. Α. 5 So that is Page 24 -- I'm sorry, 254 of Mr. Thomas' deposition transcript which was on 7 October 9, 2017, where I'm asking him, you know, questions, and on Line 14, I asked him, if my clients in good faith relied on the Nevada Office of 10 Labor Commissioner's directive that taxicab drivers 11 were exempt from minimum wage at the time you 12 visited them -- visited that office the first time, do you believe my clients should be punished for 13 14 relying on the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner's 15 directive that taxicab drivers were exempt at the 16 time? 17 There is an objection lodged by his 18 attorney at the time to form. 19 Question: Do you know what punished means? 20 Answer: Yes. 21 Okay. His answer, yes, I do believe that. 22 Do you see that on the next page? 23 Yes. Α. 24 Do you agree with his testimony, 25 Commissioner Sakelhide?

1	A. No, I don't.
2	Q. Why not?
3	A. For several reasons. One is
4	Q. Please, explain.
5	A. Well, one is, I still have trouble
6	understanding that that was our directive to either
7	employers or employees that there would be a blanket
8	statement that they are exempt from drivers are
9	exempt from minimum wage.
10	Second of all
11	Q. You mean third of all?
12	A. Yeah, and the last one is that, if a
13	mistake was made, I don't by our office, I don't
14	know why the employer should be punished.
15	Q. So the next I understand your answer,
16	Commissioner Sakelhide.
17	On Page 255, Line 3, it has this is my
18	question to Mr. Christopher Thomas.
19	Okay. Why do you believe that my clients
20	should be punished for following the Nevada Office
21	of Labor Commissioner's directive to you and
22	presumably to them that the taxicab drivers were
23	exempt from minimum wage under Nevada law?
24	His answer, because they should have did

25 more research.

1 Do you agree with that, Commissioner Sakelhide, that employers should have done more 2 3 research on Nevada minimum wage law than originally 4 5 MR. MOAS: Objection. 6 THE WITNESS: Well, again, I don't know 7 what research was done or not done. I don't know how research would have led the companies to believe one 9 way or the other. 10 Again, this was in 2012; correct? 11 BY MR. BOTROS: 12 Q. Correct. My question was specifically for him when he went or when he questioned the office, 13 14 the representatives at the Office for Nevada Labor 15 Commissioner. 16 Okay. That we should have done, the Α. 17 office should have done --18 Q. No, that my clients should have done more 19 research based on his testimony. 20 Again, I don't know what research was done Α. 21 or not done. 22 Do you believe --Q. 23 Right now, I mean, what was available out 24 there at that time and even, you know, up to two

years later, was at best there is an ambiguity. At

2012, I believe that was after Judge Jones' order.

Q. Correct.

A. Again, if that's the only -- that and the AGO opinion are the only two things out there, research would lead one to believe that that was still a question yet to be finalized. That's the best reading, again, on behalf of the taxicab drivers that I could come up with that it was still in flux.

I guess there could be an argument made that Judge Jones' opinion was even more compelling than the AGO opinion, in which case the taxicab companies would have been comfortable in continuing the practice of believing that 250 attempted -- was exempt.

(Deposition Exhibit No. 11 was marked for identification.)

BY MR. BOTROS:

Q. If you look to Exhibit No. 11 in front of you, Commissioner Sakelhide, that is the transcript of the other Plaintiff, Christopher Anthony Craig, Exhibit No. 11, this is the same deposition, you know, in terms of questioning Mr. Craig, and it was on a different date, obviously, and he's the other Plaintiff in the case. This is conducted in Las

Vegas, Nevada, Friday, October 20, 2017. 1 Do you see that on the first page? I just 2 3 want to --4 Yes, I do. Top of the page, yes. 5 Exactly. If you look to Page 154 of Mr. Christopher Anthony Craig's deposition transcript of 7 October 20, 2017, do you see Page 154? 8 Α. Yes, I do. 9 0. This is on Line No. 4 when I asked him, 10 Question: Let me ask you this, Mr. Craig. Do 11 you believe that my clients' alleged violation of 12 Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution involved malicious and/or dishonest and/or 13 14 oppressive conduct by the -- sufficient to award an 15 award to punish my clients? 16 His attorney lodged an objection. The 17 witness testified, yes. 18 Do you agree, Commissioner Sakelhide, that an alleged violation of Article 15, Section 16 of 19 20 the Nevada Constitution by my clients involved 21 malicious and/or dishonest and/or oppressive conduct 22 to warrant an award to punish my clients in this 23 case? 24 I would have to see evidence that --Α. 25 MR. MOAS: Object to the form, lacks

foundation. 1 Sorry. Go ahead. 2 THE WITNESS: I would have to see 3 evidence that would lead me to that conclusion. BY MR. BOTROS: 5 What evidence would you need, Commissioner Sakelhide, to prove by clear and convincing evidence 7 that my clients' alleged violation of Article 15, Section 16 of the Nevada Constitution prior to the 9 2014 decision of the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab 10 case involved malicious, dishonest or oppressive 11 conduct sufficient to award an award to punish my 12 clients? 13 Α. Well, in a case like this --14 MR. MOAS: Sorry, objection. I will just 15 lodge an objection to form and reiterate the 16 standing objection. 17 Duly noted, counsel, and you MR. BOTROS: 18 have the standing objection on those lines of 19 questions. 20 MR. MOAS: All right. Go ahead. 21 Well, again, in a case like THE WITNESS: 22 this there would have to be evidence that the 23 employer had knowledge that the provisions of the

Constitutional amendment clearly did away with the

250 exceptions and simply disregarded those known

24

facts.

## BY MR. BOTROS:

- Q. How would that possibly have been known to my clients, Commissioner Sakelhide, when your office in 2009, shortly after the Lucas versus Bell Trans, had issued a directive along with Commissioner

  Tanchek pursuant to Exhibit No. 1 of your Affidavit that you were holding these cases in abeyance until such time that a court of competent jurisdiction issued a final ruling?
- A. No. As I said, I don't see any evidence of malicious conduct. I don't know of any -- I don't know of any evidence that would lead me to believe that that information was out there or that they would have known what the 2014 decision was going to be. Their personal knowledge would be much better than mine.
- Q. Do we under law, based on your understanding of the law, hold employers to a standard where they are supposed to predict with absolute certainty what a court of --

(Discussion held off the record.)

MR. BOTROS: Counsel, it's here, so I just want to let you know for the record.

MR. MOAS: Got it. Thanks.

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- Q. -- competent jurisdiction would rule on an issue where there are divergent views and uncertainty as to the law?
  - A. No. Of course not.
  - Q. Why not?
- A. Because until the -- until it's settled law, how would an employer know what to follow?

  There, again, are two possibilities here. It wasn't until there was a final decision rendered by the Nevada Supreme Court that that conflict was put to rest.
- Q. If you will look to Page No. 159 of Mr.

  Christopher Craig's deposition of October 20, 2017.

  Do you see Page 159?
- 16 A. Yes. Yes, I do.
- Q. This starts with Line No. 7, my question of Mr. Craig.
- Do you see that?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. This is where I question, I start, I don't know why I always do this, but I always start with, okay. Maybe it's a bad habit.
- I say, okay. So in this case, if my

  25 clients reasonably and legitimately relied on the

Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 1 same information that you were given by the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner that taxicab drivers 3 are exempt from minimum wage, your allegation in this case is my clients not only should be held 5 liable, but they should be punished for relying on the directive of the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner that taxicab drivers are exempt from 7 8 the minimum wage back in 2012; correct? 9 An objection was lodged by his counsel. Objection, calls for legal conclusion. Objection to 10 11 form, calls for evidence -- excuse me -- speculation that the Defendants relied upon anything the Nevada 12 Labor Commissioner said. 13

14 BY MR. BOTROS: Okay.

I'm sorry, Question: You can go ahead and answer.

Yes.

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My question to you, and I understand from counsel there is a standing objection on all my line of this questioning, and it's a duly noted objection, my question to you, Commissioner Sakelhide, do you agree that my clients — that if my clients reasonably and legitimately relied on the same information that Mr. Craig was given by the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner that taxicab

- drivers are exempt from minimum wage, his allegation 1 that my clients' not only should be held liable but 2 3 also they should be punished for relying on the directive of the Office of Nevada Labor 5 Commissioner, does that warrant my clients should be held liable and punished in this case? 7 Again, I'm going to make the same two Α. points. One, I do question whether or not that 9 directive was given. If it was, it was contrary to 10 what Commissioner Tanchek and I directed staff to 11 say when they're working with Claimants that fall under 250. 12 Second of all, the same reason I said 13 14 before, no, I don't believe that that would result 15 in any greater punishment for employers. 16 Q. If you look to Page 160 of Mr. Craig's 17 deposition --18 Α. Okay. -- of October 20, 2017; do you see that? 19 Q. 20 Α. Yes. 21 This is Line 7, Q. 22 Question: Sure, I understand what you're 23
  - Question: Sure, I understand what you're saying, but what if, like in this case, my clients were relying upon the state agency in this case, the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner, do you

understand what relying means? 1 2 Yes. 3 What do you believe reliance, when I say the word reliance, what do you believe that word to 5 mean? 6 Objection was lodged. Objection, calls 7 for a legal conclusion. 8 I say, question to him, go ahead. 9 That they depend upon them to be right. 10 Do you see that? 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. If my clients, Commissioner Sakelhide, were relying on your directive, and what I mean by 13 14 your directive is the one that you actually gave to 15 your administrative assistants, which was, as you 16 testified here today, that we are holding these 17 cases in abeyance until such time that a court of 18 competent jurisdiction issues a final ruling, if 19 they would have followed that directive, that 20 guidance from you, Commissioner Tanchek, as well as 21 your administrative staff, was that unreasonable for 22 them to rely on that guidance? 23 No, I don't believe that would be 24 unreasonable for them to rely on the directive that

we gave, which was that the -- whether or not the

250 survived the Constitutional amendment or not was still up for debate.

- Q. Based on what you just testified to,
  Commissioner Sakelhide, do you believe my clients
  should be held liable for, in terms of money
  damages, for relying on your directive that you
  would hold this issue in abeyance until such time
  that a court of competent jurisdiction issued a
  final ruling because there were divergent views
  concerning the validity of exceptions and the
  uncertainty as to the law?
- A. Okay. Well, your client would still be responsible for any legitimate back wages owed, anything less than minimum wage that was due during those periods of time.

Any penalties above and beyond that, I don't believe any would likely have been imposed if the decision was left up to either Commissioner

Tanchek or myself. But that doesn't eliminate your obligation to pay the back wages that would be due.

Q. And when you say "back wages that would be due," I just want to be very clear in your testimony; you're talking about consistent with Nevada law of the two years preclusion and which I refer to as the Statute of Limitations under 608?

- A. Right. I don't believe it's referred specifically in any of the statutory Statute of Limitations but, yeah, that two-year period during which your employer is required to retain records and put on notice.
- Q. So meaning that, notwithstanding what Mr. Thomas and Mr. Craig have testified to and what they truly believe and they are alleging, you, as the former Deputy Labor Commissioner from 2007 to 2013 in the great State of Nevada, you believe that post-Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab, meaning 2014, that if drivers filed lawsuits in State Court in 2012, that based on Nevada law, based on your understanding and your position as former Deputy Labor Commissioner, that the maximum amount of years that those particular drivers, whether it's themselves or based on a class, are entitled to go back to would be two years from the date of filing that lawsuit; correct?
- A. Or the date that they filed a claim with our office, which may have been before 2012.
- Some of the Claimants may have filed a claim with our office in 2009, in which case we would go back to 2007 for those Claimants that did file actions with us prior to the 2012.

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What if they didn't file any actions at Q. all with your office and just instituted a state action, meaning a private right of action seeking, you know, alleged underpayment of minimum wage and they filed that in 2012; would your answer be the same that the maximum amount that they can go back to would still be two years from the date of filing a State Court lawsuit?

- Α. Under the provisions of 608, that's as far back as we could go.
- Any type of provisions in the Nevada Minimum Wage Amendment that indicates that my clients or in the Thomas versus Nevada Yellow Cab decision in 2014, that my clients are strictly liable?
- I, frankly, didn't see that from the decision rendered, the Thomas decision I read. I am not aware of any provision under 608 that would lead me to that conclusion.
- Any provision under the Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment of 2006 that says that there is strict liability pertaining to any claims made under, specifically, Nevada Constitutional Minimum Wage Amendment, Article 15, Section 16?
  - Α. No, nothing under Section 16 that would

lead me to that conclusion.

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- Q. And anything under the Thomas versus

  Nevada Yellow Cab 2014 decision indicates that my

  clients are precluded and prevented from, at trial,

  putting on a defense of any type of reliance,

  directives or anything of the such in this case?
- A. No. I didn't see anything in that decision that would lead me to that belief.
- Q. Anything in the Nevada Constitutional
  Minimum Wage Amendment, Article 15, Section 16,
  pertaining to the minimum wage amendment which
  indicates that, at trial, my clients are not
  permitted or allowed to put on a defense of any type
  of detrimental reliance or reliance or legitimate
  reason of reliance on any directives to defend these
  allegations?
  - A. Nothing would lead me to that conclusion.
  - Q. Page No. 160?
- A. Are we still under Exhibit 11?
- 20 Q. Correct. Correct.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. This is where, at Line 20, Page 160 of the deposition of Mr. Christopher Craig --
  - A. Go right ahead.
  - Q. So this is Line 20.

Question: Exactly. So depending on them to be 1 right. When you have an employer like my client 2 3 depending on a state agency to be right and they follow that state agency, the directive from that 5 state agency, your allegation is they should have 6 ignored that directive; correct? 7 Turn to the next page, the attorney makes 8 an objection; assumes facts not in evidence. 9 My question is, go ahead. 10 His answer, yes. My question to you, Commissioner 11 12 Sakelhide, do you agree that my clients should have 13 ignored the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner's 14 directive in this case? 15 Okay. If you're referring to directive we 16 actually gave, which was just simply informing you 17 that the -- it continues to be unclear whether the provisions of 250 survive the Constitutional 18 19 amendment, I would say the answer to that is no. 20 If you will look to Page 161. Q. 21 Α. Okay. 22 Mr. Thomas -- Christopher Craig's Q. 23 deposition; do you see that? 24 Α. Yes, 161? 25 Q. This is Question No. 21 on Page 161. Yes.

1	Question: Based on that token, do you also
2	believe if we take your the reasoning that you
3	just based with respect to my clients, do you also
4	believe that the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner
5	is liable, not only liable, but should be punished
6	for giving directives, information and guidance to
7	drivers and companies in the State of Nevada that
8	taxi drivers are exempt from minimum wage under
9	Nevada law back in 2012?
10	His attorney lodges an objection;
11	objection, calls for a legal conclusion and assumes
12	facts not in evidence.
13	Line No. 7 by Mr. Botros, go ahead and
14	answer.
15	I believe, yes.
16	My question to you, Commissioner
17	Sakelhide, do you agree with Mr. Craig's testimony?
18	A. Well, once again, I know I'm repeating
19	myself, I question the premise that anyone was told
20	that the drivers are exempt. Again, that wasn't
21	directive that was given to staff.
22	As I mentioned before, this is the first
23	time I have become aware that there is a possibility
24	that they may have been given improper advice.
25	As I said, based on my experience, I saw

administrative staff providing the proper directives that we gave and, again, encouraging drivers to file wage claims with us to protect their rights.

Again, as I mentioned before, from time to time, drivers would elect not to because they felt as though it could put their employment at risk.

- Q. If it is established through evidence, testimony or documents, just hypothetical --
  - A. Go right ahead.

- Q. Commissioner Sakelhide, thank you -- that administrative staff were not following your directive or Labor Commissioner at the time Michael Tanchek and were, in fact, given directives and advice that taxicab drivers are exempt from minimum wage under Nevada law back in 2012, would your opinion be that the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner would potentially be liable in this case?
- A. Again, that calls for assumptions I simply can't make.
  - Q. Sure. It's not --
- A. Again, I know I'm repeating myself over and over again, but I would be surprised if staff did give the improper advice.
  - Q. You would be surprised but --

told, would you agree with me that now, I know you

are surprised and concerned, but now, would you

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agree with me that your surprise and concern would be at a high level if that were to come out?

A. It would.

MR. MOAS: Object to the form.

THE WITNESS: But, again, it would surprise me that it happened. Again, I saw my staff provide the appropriate advice time after time and very consistently.

So, again, I would be surprised as to whether there would be convincing evidence that would show that there was that kind of pattern of not following the directives.

## BY MR. BOTROS:

Q. What about in this case where it's by the preponderance of the evidence because it's a civil case and it's determined based on the evidence that, in fact, what they are testifying to in terms of that specific, that they were given directives and guidance by your administrative staff that, hey, taxicab drivers are exempt from minimum wage back in 2012, would you agree with me that that puts in play, or at least, potentially, the liability on the Office of Nevada Labor Commissioner because they, at least not Deputy Labor Commissioner and, certainly, not the Labor Commissioner, but certainly the staff

1	was giving inconsistent guidance to the drivers?
2	MR. MOAS: Objection to form. Calls for
3	speculation. Assumes facts not in evidence and a
4	standing objection.
5	THE WITNESS: Yeah. Again, it's too
6	difficult a question, frankly, for me to ask.
7	BY MR. BOTROS:
8	Q. Why?
9	A. First of all, I don't know what the basis
10	of any action would be. I don't know what would be
11	relied upon for bringing an action against us. I
12	don't know what
13	So, again, it calls for too many elements
14	of speculation that I'd feel comfortable answering
15	that question.
16	Q. If you look to Page 162 of Mr. Craig's
17	deposition, Line No. 10; do you see that?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. The question is, that was posed to Mr.
20	Craig at his deposition, so you believe they should
21	be held, the Nevada Office of Nevada Labor
22	Commissioner, should be held liable and punished for
23	their for the directive they gave you and my
24	clients; correct?

His attorney lodges an objection; same

1 objection.

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The witness, yes.

Do you agree with the testimony by Mr. Craig where, in his view, based on his testimony, he believes that the office that you once were in should be held liable and punished for their directives, meaning by the administrative staff they gave to him and my clients?

- Okay. If you're referring to incorrect Α. directives that may have been given --
  - 0. Correct.
- 12 Α. I understand -- I do understand the point 13 he's making.
  - What do you mean that you understand the point he's making?
  - I understand that he believes that there Α. should be some element of responsibility and liability, but, again, beyond that --
- Do you agree with that? 19 Q.
  - I understand what he's saying, yes.
- I know you're understanding what he's Q. 22 saying, but do you agree -- I mean, there is a 23 difference between understanding, I understand, you 24 know, where you're coming from, I understand where you're going in terms of the argument and developing 25

1 that, but would you agree with him that it certainly puts the question of any type of contribution to this litigation and the confusion that's surrounding 3 this litigation would lead, if, in fact, it is 5 proven beyond a preponderance of the evidence, and there is evidence, testimony, documents that there was a pattern that administrative assistants in 7 direct contravention and inconsistent with your directive as Deputy Labor Commissioner at the time, 9 10 Commissioner Sakelhide, were giving incorrect, 11 inconsistent guidance to taxicab drivers? 12 Α. Okay. Yeah, I do understand --13 MR. MOAS: You understand the question. Let me just lodge an objection here that it assumes 14 15 facts not in evidence, calls for a legal opinion, 16 and also calls for an opinion on behalf of a state 17 agency that is not a member of this case. 18 THE WITNESS: Exactly. 19 MR. MOAS: Or not a party to this case. 20 And on those objections, you can go ahead and answer 21 if you want to. 22 Again, based upon, THE WITNESS: 23 especially the last thing is the Office of Labor 24 Commissioner of the State of Nevada is not a party

to the case. You're asking questions that could

subject the Office of Labor Commissioner in the 1 State of Nevada to liability, I'm not comfortable 2 3 answering that -- any type of question along those lines without proper counsel. And I would be a fool 5 if I did. BY MR. BOTROS: 7 Understandable, Commissioner Sakelhide. Q. 8 am not in any way disagreeing or being upset. 9 Α. Sure. 10 I hope you know for the record. Q. 11 No, I understand the questions asked. 12 trust that you understand --13 I do. 0. -- that that's a question that I would be 14 15 simply a fool to answer. 16 And I am not in any way -- even hint of Q. 17 calling you that word at all. 18 Α. Yeah. If I was represented by counsel 19 from the State of Nevada here and they allowed that 20 question, then I would be happy to give my opinion. 21 But without that happening --22 So let me ask you this: The parameter, Q. 23 and this is important, and this may be an issue 24 where I have to come back where counsel is here or

on the phone or maybe we all are on the phone and

you're here, but what I'm saying is, I want to know, specifically, what question that you feel uncomfortable to answer here today without proper legal counsel from the Nevada Attorney General's office?

A. Any question that would subject the State of Nevada to liability for any misinformation that may have been provided. Again, I question whether that's true or not.

But, again, any line of questioning that would touch upon that, I believe the State of Nevada deserves representation at the table.

Q. Agreed. Agreed.

If, in fact, it becomes an issue where I have to re-notice your deposition for the limited purpose, very limited purpose, Commissioner

Sakelhide, about these aspects of questions where you are provided counsel through the Nevada Attorney General's office, would you make yourself available to testify specifically and narrowly on these issues?

- A. I would be available to testimony if it's requested by any party.
- Q. Sure. With the proviso that you would have legal counsel from the State of Nevada?

Q. And I wouldn't expect you to do otherwise,
Commissioner Sakelhide, and I respect that.

Do you understand that, based on testimony of Mr. Craig, he has put in question at least the potential, and now more likely the likelihood that, depending on what the testimony is of administrative assistants and documents and evidence, that the State of Nevada could potentially be a party to this case?

A. Again --

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MR. MOAS: Object to the form. I'm sorry.

Let me go ahead and just lodge a few objections here because I think this is -- I think it's getting on the point where this is just ambush. I am going to lodge an objection on the basis that it goes outside the scope of the anticipated deposition testimony as to the experience and outside the scope of the witness' knowledge, calls for speculation and calls for a legal opinion specifically as to topics outside of this litigation.

With that caveat, you are free to answer

1 the question, sir. 2 And I'm also free not to THE WITNESS: 3 answer for the same reasons I gave before. BY MR. BOTROS: 5 The potential legal liability for the State of Nevada? 7 Of course, and without being represented Α. 8 by --9 0. Meaning they do not have a seat at the table at the moment? 11 I am not represented by counsel. The State 12 of Nevada is not subject to this litigation. I 13 don't want -- and, again, obviously not going to do anything to put the State of Nevada in a position 14 15 that any testimony I could give would subject them 16 to liability. 17 MR. BOTROS: Understood, Commissioner Sakelhide. 18 19 I have no further questions for you at 20 this time. However, opposing counsel, Mr. Moas, has 21 some questions. And we have, counsel, we do have 22 the rules to be observed by employers and it's here. 23 And just for the record, I have, it's Bates Stamped, 24 there's two Bates Stamp numbers. There's Thomas

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000090 and Thomas 000091.

1 MR. MOAS: Thank you. Can everyone hear 2 me all right? 3 THE WITNESS: Yes, I can. 4 MR. BOTROS: I can as well. 5 MR. MOAS: Madam Court Reporter, let's go ahead and mark those two pages. I believe we're on 7 Exhibit 13 is; is that correct? 8 MR. BOTROS: 12. So it will be 12 and 13, 9 depending on which one you want first. 10 MR. MOAS: Let's just mark them as one 11 exhibit, the next exhibit in line. I thought that 12 one of the deposition transcripts was 12. 13 (Discussion held off the record.) 14 **EXAMINATION** 15 BY MR. MOAS: 16 We can put that one aside for a second, Q. 17 and let me just make a caveat. Obviously we have a 18 standing objection regarding the relevancy of your 19 testimony because it calls for a legal opinion and 20 it -- arguments that we would make is that it's not 21 relevant to whether or not the Defendants in this 22 case are liable for damages nor whether or not --23 whether the Plaintiffs are, nonetheless, and to the 24 extent that the Judge disagrees with me, that I need

to make a clear record and ask these questions, and

Of course.

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And so I will do that for that limited Q. purpose, with the underlying caveat that part of the theme here has been to the extent that this might go to punitive damages, you know, there might be some relevancy. I guess that's a decision for the attorneys to argue in front of Judge Israel.

In any event, I'm not -- in no way am I trying for these questions to be a waiver of those objections.

Do you understand that, Mr. Sakelhide?

- Α. Yes, I do.
- Okay. I want to just touch on some of the issues that were raised. The first one was there is a term that's being thrown around, directive, directive from the Labor Commissioner's office.

And I want to make a hundred percent clear that the -- to make sure we have a clear record, when you are referring to the directive that was given to staff, was that directive that taxicab drivers are exempt from the Nevada Minimum Wage Amendment?

- Α. No.
- In fact, it was the opposite in that there Q.

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was -- there was a lack of clarity and it's possible that they would be or wouldn't be; is that correct?

- That's true, that would not be the Α. opposite. The opposite would be that they would be subject to minimum wage. What we made clear was that there was -- that that was still a question as to whether or not 250 survived the Constitutional amendment.
- 0. Prior to the decision in Lucas, all you had to rely upon was the 2005 Attorney General opinion that provided that taxicab drivers were not exempt from the Minimum Wage Amendment, and -- is that your understanding as well?
- Well, I wasn't in the office from -- in 2005 through 2007, and my first involvement, as I mentioned, with regard to 608 matters came with the Bell Trans order in Lucas v. Bell Trans.
  - Q. I understand.
- So, again, I -- between 2005 and 2009, I don't know what the position of the Labor Commissioner was with regard to addressing 250 issues. That's something you probably want to ask Commissioner Tanchek.
- Okay. Let me skip over some of this. Q. there any type of instruction given to employers

Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 1 regarding the Nevada Minimum Wage Amendment after the Lucas decision that would imply to them one way 2 3 or the other whether or not Subsection 250 was overturned as a result of the Nevada Minimum Wage 5 Amendment? 6 Α. Any discussions or directives were very clear as to what I said before, here is -- that 7 the -- one, that the issue as to whether or not 250 9 survived the Constitutional changes under Section 16 10 was still a matter that was in dispute and that 11 until such time as the court of competent 12 13

jurisdiction issued a final decision, our process would be to accept wage claims filed, give employers an opportunity to resolve those wage claims if they chose to.

If not, if they based their objection on the 250 exceptions, we would hold those in abeyance until there was a final order issued by the Court.

Q. Got it. With regards to, I believe it's Exhibit No. 1, your Affidavit that was marked at today's deposition, did I get that exhibit number correctly?

> MR. BOTROS: That is correct, counsel.

24 BY MR. MOAS:

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Q. With regard to Exhibit No. 1, who did you

## draft that for?

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- A. I don't recall. It was an attorney that was involved or said he may be involved in some litigation and asked what the -- what I recall from the -- how the Labor Commissioners were handling these matters at the time.
- I wish I could recall. If I did, I would definitely let you know.
- Q. Does the name of the notary on the second page in any way spark your recollection as to --
- A. Oh, no.
  - Q. -- who that attorney was?
- A. No. She was an employee with my office, the Nevada Transportation Authority.
  - Q. And do you recall if it was an employee -if it was an employer's attorney or employee's
    attorney?
  - A. I believe it was an employer attorney, employer from one of the transportation companies in Nevada.
  - Q. Got it. And do you -- understanding you don't recall the specific attorney, do you recall anything else, do you recall the name of the employer or the firm that the attorney was with?
  - A. No, I don't. Again, it was a fairly

Keith Sakelhide November 15, 2017 NDT Assgn # 25100-1 casual conversation that occurred after one of our 1 monthly agenda meetings and the attorney came back 2 3 and asked if I was aware of any pending litigation involving the 250 claims. I said that I wasn't. 5 He said, well, would you mind doing an Affidavit saying what the -- what the process the 7 Labor Commissioner's office had in handling those 8 types of claims. And I said I would. 9 After the 2009 Lucas opinion, I believe 0. 10 you testified that you had discussions with 11 Commissioner Tanchek regarding -- your words -- what 12 we should do. 13 Do you recall that testimony? 14 Α. Yes, I do. 15 Q. And do you recall what it was that you 16 discussed? 17 Well, what we -- after that decision, we

saw that there was conflicting -- you know, conflicting opinions as to how we should address those matters and we wanted to make sure that whatever action we took protected the employees' rights.

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So we tried to come up with a mechanism that would, you know, secure their rights, particularly with regard to the -- to your

restrictions that we had on -- that was imposed on the Labor Commissioner for processing claims.

Q. I understand. I'll make a representation to you that, in the past, I have worked with the Labor Commissioner's office on a matter for an employer that I represented, and one of the things that I believe it was the investigator suggested was for the parties to work it out, and under the guise of erring on the side of caution, that -- those terms stuck out to me in preparing for this deposition.

And I am curious whether or not it was the policy of your office when you were with the Labor Commissioner to tell employers to err on the side of caution with paying minimum wages?

- A. I don't recall. It's not a phrase I remember -- well, first of all, I don't recall ever saying that. I don't recall hearing any of our investigators conveying that to employers.
  - Q. Uh-huh.

- A. That's not saying it didn't happen. Again, as I mentioned earlier, with regard to 608 claims I may have heard, I made a practice of not involving myself in the investigative process.
  - Q. I believe you testified regarding the

## discussions you had with Jay --

- A. Jay Nady, I believe.
- Q. Nady and Brent Bell?
- A. Yes.

- Q. And that was after the Lucas decision; did I get that correctly?
  - A. I believe it was, yes.
- Q. Okay. And I believe your testimony was that you advised them that you still believed that there could be a conflict and a viable reading of Section 16 in the Constitution that would eliminate Subsection 250 of the statute; did I get that correctly?
- A. Not quite. What I said was that the office was continuing the practice of taking wage claims, giving employers an opportunity to resolve them and holding those claims in abeyance until there was a final decision reached by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- And, again, I know it sounds ridiculous, but I was very clear and I tried to make sure that all of my staff was very clear in the language they used to convey our practice so there would be nothing inferred in that that we were providing legal advice or, you know, making suggestions that

were not -- that were improper.

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- Q. And did your office ever provide legal advice to employers or employees?
- A. Other than, basically, identifying the sections of the law that would apply and encourage them to follow it.
- Q. In terms of opinions regarding the law, there was a method for which employers would be able to obtain opinions from your office; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. Anyone could request an advisory opinion be issued by the Labor Commissioner.
- Q. And was it at the Labor Commissioner's discretion, based on your understanding, whether or not to accept the request and provide an advisory opinion?
- A. That was the understanding of Commissioner Tanchek, yes.
- Q. And do you know if the Defendants in this case ever requested an advisory opinion, to your knowledge?
- A. Not to my knowledge. Again, if they would have, that request would have gone directly to the Labor Commissioner.

1	Q. Sorry. I'm just getting through some of
2	my notes here.
3	You mentioned the name Lupe Martinez; did
4	I pronounce that correctly?
5	A. Yes, you did.
6	Q. Do you know if she had an official title
7	at the Labor Commissioner's office?
8	A. She was an investigator.
9	Q. Okay. Do you know if
10	A. I believe the complete term was compliance
11	investigator.
12	Q. Thank you. Do you know, looking at The
13	Business Advocate magazine that was marked as
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14	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal
14 15	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory
14 15 16	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory
14 15 16 17	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory opinions are published on our website. So, again, I
14 15 16 17	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory opinions are published on our website. So, again, I this was in 2014. This was after I left, so it
14 15 16 17 18	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory opinions are published on our website. So, again, I this was in 2014. This was after I left, so it doesn't appear to be in the format of advisory
14 15 16 17 18 19	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory opinions are published on our website. So, again, I this was in 2014. This was after I left, so it doesn't appear to be in the format of advisory opinions that either Commissioner Tanchek,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Exhibit No. 6, do you know if this is a formal advisory opinion, to your knowledge?  A. I don't believe it is. Formal advisory opinions are published on our website. So, again, I this was in 2014. This was after I left, so it doesn't appear to be in the format of advisory opinions that either Commissioner Tanchek,  Commissioner Towler or I drafted. It was a very

25 newspaper article.

If you look at Page No. 7 of that

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not offer a health insurance plan or the health insurance plan is not available or not provided within six months, then employee must be paid at

the plan becomes available.

Do you see that?

Yes, I do.

My -- keeping that in the frame of reference, there is a term we have been using in this case, I will represent to you, as upper tier -excuse me, lower tier minimum wage and higher tier minimum wage, numbers at 8.25 and 7.25.

Have you heard those terms used before?

Yes, I have. Α.

And is it correct to read this to Okay. Q. say that if health insurance was not offered within the six months, that the employee, depending on the

The -- if someone

And I will set it up.

was underpaid for a whole year --

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Q.

Q.

Right.

- O. I understand.
- A. So for any additional violation.
- Q. I appreciate that. Let's carve those out, penalties that went to, let's say, as a fine to the Labor Commissioner's office or to the state?
  - A. Right.

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- Q. And turn back to the employee. Would there be other penalties that the employee could claim?
- A. I don't believe so. The only things were the wages and ongoing wage penalties.
- Q. How about if an employee was terminated prior to bringing the claim; would that change your analysis just looking directly at this, obviously, quick hypothetical?
- A. Well, again, those are things that are outside of the 608 provisions.
  - Q. I understand.