IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IVONNE CABRERA,)		Electronically Filed Aug 02 2018 10:27 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court
Appellant,)))	Case No. 74341	
VS.)		
THE STATE OF NEVADA,)		
Respondent.)		
	/		

APPENDIX TO APPELLANT'S OPENING BRIEF VOLUME X

Appeal from Judgment of Conviction Eighth Judicial District Court

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Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** 1 2 3 4 5 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 The State of Nevada, 9 Plaintiff. Case No. C283700-1 10 Dept. No. XXV VS. 11 IVONNE CABRERA, #1617623, aka Ivonne 12 CABRERA, 13 Defendant. 14 Before the Honorable KATHLEEN E. DELANEY Thursday, July 20, 2017, 10:00 A.M. 15 Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings 16 PENALTY PHASE 17 18 APPEARANCES: 19 MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ. For the State: 20 HETTY WONG, ESQ. Deputies District Attorney 21 22 For the Defendant: BRET WHIPPLE, ESQ. PATRICIA ERICKSON, ESQ. 23 Attorneys at Law 24 Spanish Interpreter: Alex Andrade 25 REPORTED BY: RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. No. 122

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	1	Las Vegas, Clark County, Nevada
	2	Thursday, July 20, 2017, 10:00 A.M.
	3	PROCEEDINGS
	4	* * * *
	5	(The following proceedings were had in open
	6	Court outside the presence of the jury panel:)
	7	THE COURT: I understand there is something
	8	before we begin with the jurors and sort of I just want to wrap
	9	up our discussion with regard to the allocution, but,
10:28AM	10	Ms. Erickson.
	11	MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Judge.
	12	Mr. Whipple pointed out to me that I should have
	13	included two more mitigating circumstances in the list that I
	14	provided you last night.
10:28AM	15	THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead.
	16	MS. ERICKSON: One would be an additional one
	17	would be not the actual killer. And the next would be
	18	acceptance of responsibility and remorse.
	19	MR. DIGIACOMO: We'll see.
10:29AM	20	THE COURT: All right. I have those. Thank
	21	you.
	22	And, Mr. Digiacomo, did have something too
	23	before we
	24	MR. DIGIACOMO: Just briefly, judge.
10:29AM	25	In 173 and 174, pursuant to the Court's

	1	decision, I made those corrections. I sent them around to
	2	everybody. I have now corrected the two exhibits and I was
	3	going to ask that the two pages that we did do the redactions
	4	on unredacted versions become Court record so we know what was
10:29AM	5	taken out.
	6	THE COURT: That's fine, yes, please. I'll have
	7	you return the documents.
	8	And then at this time the State's proposed 173
	9	and 174 will be admitted.
10:29AM	10	(State's Exhibit Numbers 173 and 174, respectively,
	11	was admitted into evidence.)
	12	THE COURT: I apologize for not acknowledging
	13	your e-mail yesterday. I realize I didn't down that when my
	14	JEA asked of me, and they were fine, and I thought the white
10:30AM	15	redaction served those purposes. So those will be admitted.
	16	And the next in line for the Court's Exhibit for
	17	the unredacted pages that had been replaced
	18	THE CLERK: 20 and 21.
	19	THE COURT: Okay. Will be Court's 20 and 21.
10:30AM	20	And will it be clear that those from so let
	21	me just make it clear for the record.
	22	So Court's Exhibit 2, is that document which was
	23	redacted or that page of the document that was redacted,
	24	State's Exhibit 173? I can see it's a narrative.
10:30AM	25	MR. DIGIACOMO: No. It's

	1	THE COURT: It's in.
	2	MR. DIGIACOMO: She wants to do it the other
	3	way.
	4	THE COURT: It's the another way. That's 20.
10:30AM	5	In your left hand, that's 20. I thought that's the one you
	6	were marking, so that's what I said.
	7	And then Court's Exhibit 21 is that excerpt from
	8	the or that unredacted portion of the PSI from State's 174.
	9	MR. DIGIACOMO: Correct.
10:31AM	10	THE COURT: Okay. We also were advised that
	11	Ms. Cabrera was intending to take the stand and do an
	12	allocution. I have the admonishment or the allocution
	13	instruction I would like to give Ms. Cabrera at this time.
	14	Is there anything else we need to address before
10:31AM	15	we do
	16	MS. ERICKSON: There's one other issue I needed
	17	to make yesterday. I made an argument requesting that Jose
	18	Gonzales's records be admitted, that the Court, after
	19	consideration, denied; but I would like to make the record that
10:31AM	20	I would have introduced, either a Court exhibit or my next in
	21	line, so that the argument is preserved for the for appeal.
	22	THE COURT: How many documents do you have?
	23	MS. ERICKSON: I have his SCOPE, I have his
	24	Criminal Complaint, and also some other documents exactly the
10:32AM	25	same as what was admitted in the State's criminal records for

Ms. Cabrera's. It's case number 07F25174X, which then became 1 District Court case C239888. 2 3 I have the Information and Guilty Plea Agreement 4 and Judgment from this case number 256027. 5 And, finally, I have a Justice Court register of 10:32AM The case number was 09F16224X. Mr. Gonzales was actions. 6 7 charged with possession of a firearm by a prohibited person. 8 After diligent searching and by myself and my 9 investigator David Gruber, we could not find any of the 10 documents about the case, and it said -- the result was a 10:32AM 11 Grand Jury -- it they took it to the Grand Jury, and so the case was dismissed. I can't find the Grand Jury. I can't find 12 So that would be part of the -- so that would be 13 any of that. 14 four records, one, two, three, four records. 15 THE COURT: So you might have to go through and 10:33AM 16 identify them again here just in a second, but this is what I want to do. 17 18 So you had referenced yesterday that you had a 19 proposed exhibit, which was the Judgment of Conviction of 20 Mr. Gonzales in this case. 10:33AM 21 MS. ERICKSON: Yes. 22 THE COURT: And the Court did agree that that 23 would be admitted. 24 MS. ERICKSON: And I'm asking that that be 25 withdrawn. 10:33AM

	1	THE COURT: You want to withdraw that?
	2	MS. ERICKSON: Yes.
	3	THE COURT: Okay. So we will I don't know
	4	that we ever actually admitted it, but for the record
10:33AM	5	MS. ERICKSON: I think you said it would be
	6	admitted, but it's not been admitted yet.
	7	THE COURT: But just for the record what is it?
	8	Defendant's what, proposed what?
	9	MS. ERICKSON: Defendant's C.
10:33AM	10	THE COURT: Okay.
	11	MS. ERICKSON: So defendant's proposed C should
	12	go into the bundle with these other four records.
	13	THE COURT: It's not going to go into the others
	14	because Defense Proposed C would have been admitted.
10:33AM	15	MS. ERICKSON: Right.
	16	THE COURT: But the defense is
	17	MS. ERICKSON: Withdrawing.
	18	THE COURT: withdrawing its request to have
	19	it admitted?
10:34AM	20	MS. ERICKSON: Yes.
	21	THE COURT: So to the extent that it was
	22	admitted provisionally or previously admitted, that will not be
	23	admitted now.
	24	But what we will do is we'll mark the four
10:34AM	25	documents you have that you were offering that the Court took

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argument on yesterday and declined to allow you to admit, we'll
       1
          mark those next in line for the defendant.
       2
                          So what is next in line for the defendant?
       3
       4
                          They're still going to be in as proposed, but
       5
           they're not admitted.
10:34AM
                          THE CLERK: KKK, LLL, NNN.
       6
       7
                          THE COURT: We're into triple letters now?
       8
                          THE CLERK:
                                      Yes.
       9
                              (Sotto voce at this time.)
      10
                          MS. ERICKSON:
                                          Judge, I can staple them all
10:34AM
      11
           together if you just need one package.
      12
                          THE COURT:
                                      What?
      13
                          We -- since we did the State's 173 and 174 as
      14
          sort of packages of documents, and just for ease of reference,
          we'll go ahead and make the documents of the prior criminal
      15
10:34AM
          history of Jose Gonzales Defendant's Proposed -- it comes in as
      16
      17
           KKK; is that correct?
      18
                          THE CLERK: Yes.
      19
                          THE COURT: That's the next in line, and it
      20
          would be proposed, but not admitted.
10:35AM
      21
                          I believe again there is argument and objection
      22
          yesterday, not admitted, but we'll let you give that to the
      23
          Clerk.
      24
                          MS. ERICKSON: Yes. If I can approach?
      25
                          THE COURT: Yes, please.
10:35AM
```

	1	MS. ERICKSON: I haven't stapled them. They are
	2	in with a clippey.
	3	THE COURT: Thank you.
	4	And then does that resolve any of the outside
10:35AM	5	evidentiary matters that we have before we proceed?
	6	MS. ERICKSON: Yeah.
	7	I my first three witnesses my first three
	8	potential witnesses are Spanish speakers, two of whom I have to
	9	speak to really quickly. They just got here.
10:35AM	10	So I don't know what the Court and I also
	11	needed to know what the Court's schedule may be because I got a
	12	lawyer, I've got an investigator, I've got all sorts of
	13	THE COURT: Do we have an Interpreter?
	14	MS. ERICKSON: I believe so.
10:35AM	15	MR. DIGIACOMO: Yes.
	16	THE COURT: Oh, there she is. I didn't see you
	17	sitting there. So we could proceed.
	18	The Court's schedule was to get through as many
	19	witnesses as we could, take a lunch recess somewhere within,
10:36AM	20	you know, the lunch hour, which would make sense with wherever
	21	we broke the witnesses, and then resume, you know, after
	22	MS. ERICKSON: Lunch.
	23	THE COURT: the lunch break, but not an
	24	extended one, but a lunch break to then complete with your
10:36AM	25	witnesses.

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1
                          So how many witnesses do you have total?
       2
                          MS. ERICKSON: Potentially, ten or 11. None of
       3
          them are going to be extremely long.
       4
                          THE COURT:
                                      I'm sorry?
                          MS. ERICKSON: None of them are going to be
       5
10:36AM
       6
          extremely long.
       7
                          THE COURT: I'm just getting -- you know,
       8
          matching up with what we had estimated yesterday, and the time
       9
          frame, I think we get started and we go, and we have the
      10
          Interpreter here and we take those.
10:36AM
      11
                          Do we have the Interpreter here could we take
          those individuals?
      12
      13
                          MS. ERICKSON: Could I talk to them really
      14
          quickly?
      15
                          THE COURT: Take a moment to make sure you are
10:36AM
      16
          ready to call them, yes.
      17
                          MS. ERICKSON: Okay. I'm going to take them
      18
          outside very briefly.
      19
                               (Recess in proceedings.)
                   THE COURT: Ms. Erickson, have you had an opportunity to
      20
10:42AM
      21
          speak with the witnesses?
      22
                          MS. ERICKSON: I did, Judge, and we're ready to
      23
          go.
      24
                          THE COURT: Okay. I just wanted to address,
      25
          should we --
10:43AM
```

```
1
                          MS. ERICKSON:
                                         Oh, yes.
                          THE COURT: I don't know when we're going to
       2
       3
          be -- Ms. Cabrera is going to be taking the stand, so I didn't
          know if I should address it now or if we should address it
       4
       5
          before we return from lunch.
10:43AM
                          MS. ERICKSON: I think after lunch would be
       6
       7
          fine.
       8
                          THE COURT:
                                      I'm fine either way.
       9
                          MS. ERICKSON: That might be best.
                          THE COURT: So we'll have other witnesses
      10
10:43AM
      11
          between now and lunch, we'll just play it by hear. Okay.
      12
                          MS. ERICKSON: Thank you.
                                                      Judge.
      13
                          THE COURT: All right. Let's have the jury.
      14
                   (The following proceedings were had in open
      15
                    Court in the presence of the jury panel:)
10:43AM
      16
                          THE COURT:
                                      I'll invite everyone to please have
      17
          a seat.
      18
                          Ladies and gentlemen, please take your seats as
      19
          you reach them. Please make sure your cell phones are off or
      20
          silenced.
10:44AM
      21
                          We're continuing the trial of the State of
      22
          Nevada versus Ivonne Cabrera.
      23
                          Mr. Digiacomo?
      24
                          MR. DIGIACOMO: Oh, I -- I haven't rested yet.
          So I was just about to say a few words and sit down.
      25
10:44AM
```

	1	THE COURT: I apologize. Yes, I was I wasn't
	2	sure why you were standing, but of course that makes sense
	3	because I was going to call on you anyway.
	4	We are resuming the trial of the State of Nevada
10:44AM	5	versus Ivonne Cabrera.
	6	We did adjourn yesterday after witnesses, and we
	7	appreciate that we excused the jurors, while outside the
	8	Court's preference while we were addressing documentary issues.
	9	We have resolved. We have admitted State's
10:44AM	10	Proposed 173 and 174 into evidence.
	11	And, Mr. Digiacomo, do you have any further
	12	witnesses or evidence?
	13	MR. DIGIACOMO: We do not. The State would
	14	rest.
10:44AM	15	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
	16	At this time, Ms. Erickson, are you prepared to
	17	call your first witness
	18	MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Judge.
	19	THE COURT: on behalf of Ivonne Cabrera?
10:45AM	20	MS. ERICKSON: Raul Cabrera.
	21	THE COURT: Raul Cabrera.
	22	Do we need the assistance of anyone?
	23	MS. ERICKSON: Yes, we do, Judge.
	24	THE COURT: Is the chair here, Elvis?
10:45AM	25	THE MARSHAL: Yes.

	1	THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Cabrera, if could you
	2	please come to the witness stand, go around the podium there
	3	and come to the witness stand. There should be two chairs, one
	4	for you and one for the Interpreter.
10:45AM	5	If you can just remain standing when you reach
	6	the chair, and I'll ask the Court Clerk to give the oath first
	7	to the Interpreter.
	8	ALEX ANDRADE.
	9	called as an Interpreter on behalf of the Defendant,
	10	having been first duly sworn
	11	to translate from Spanish into English and from English into
	12	Spanish, translated as follows:
	13	THE INTERPRETER: I do.
	14	THE CLERK: And your name, please.
10:45AM	15	THE INTERPRETER: Alex Andrade.
	16	THE CLERK: Thank you very much.
	17	THE COURT: Thank you.
	18	And now the Clerk will swear you, Mr. Cabrera.
	19	RAUL CABRERA
10:45AM	20	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,
	21	having been first duly sworn,
	22	was examined and testified as follows:
	23	THE INTERPRETER: Yes.
	24	THE CLERK: Please take a seat.
10:46AM	25	Please state and spell your first and last name

```
for the record.
        1
        2
                           THE INTERPRETER:
                                              Rule Cabrera.
        3
                           Do you want me to spell it?
                           R-A-U-L, C-A-B-R-E-R-A.
        4
        5
                           THE CLERK:
                                        Thank you.
10:46AM
        6
                           THE COURT:
                                        Thank you.
        7
                           Ms. Erickson.
                                   DIRECT EXAMINATION
        8
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
        9
      10
                      Mr. Cabrera, are you Ivonne's dad?
                Q.
10:46AM
      11
                Α.
                      Yes.
       12
                Q.
                      And how many children do you have?
                      Six.
       13
                Α.
       14
                      And I guess I should go backwards. Where were you
                Q.
      15
           born?
10:46AM
      16
                Α.
                      I was born in Santopecas (phonetic), Mexico.
                      Okay. When did you come to the United States?
      17
                Q.
       18
                Α.
                      In -- in I -- well, I came in '69 and six -- '69.
       19
                Q.
                      And when you came to the United States did you make
           part of California your home area?
      20
10:47AM
      21
                Α.
                      Yes.
      22
                Q.
                      And which part of California was that?
      23
                Α.
                      Los Angeles.
                      And did there come a time when you got married?
      24
                Q.
      25
                      Yes.
10:47AM
                Α.
```

	1		Q.	Okay. And what is your wife's name?
	2		Α.	Maria Cabrera.
	3		Q.	And is she present in the courtroom today?
	4		Α.	Yes.
10:47AM	5		Q.	Is she standing up, sort of?
	6		Α.	Yes.
	7		Q.	Mr. Cabrera, how have you been employed?
	8		Α.	I don't work any more, but I was a cook.
	9		Q.	Okay. And where were you a cook?
10:48AM	10		Α.	At the kitchen.
	11		Q.	I'm sorry?
	12		Α.	In the kitchen.
	13		Q.	Oh, yes. The person or the company that employed
	14	you?		
10:48AM	15		Α.	Sam Boyd.
	16		Q.	Okay. So when did you come and live in Las Vegas?
	17		Α.	I don't remember the exact date, but it was 20 years
	18	ago.		
	19		Q.	Okay. And have you since you moved to Las Vegas,
10:48AM	20	have	you	always been employed by Sam's as a cook?
	21		Α.	I've only worked there, yes.
	22		Q.	Okay. And you said you have six children?
	23		Α.	Yes.
	24		Q.	And who is the oldest?
10:48AM	25		Α.	Miguel, and Ivonne, Cindy, Nancy, Suzy, and Raul.

```
Q.
                     Raul, junior?
       1
       2
                Α.
                     Yes.
       3
                Q.
                     And did you just name them in the order that they
           were born?
       4
                Α.
                     Yes.
       5
10:49AM
       6
                Q.
                     Okay.
       7
                          MS. ERICKSON: Can I approach the witness,
       8
           Judge?
       9
                           THE COURT:
                                       You may.
      10
                           Just I'm going to interrupt one minute with the
10:49AM
      11
           Court Reporter -- the Court Interpreter. I have no problem if
      12
           you stand, but do we have a chair provided?
      13
                           THE INTERPRETER: There is one.
      14
                                       I just wanted to make sure that you
                           THE COURT:
      15
           had. My Marshal indicated that there was, but I can't see it,
10:49AM
      16
           but --
      17
                          MS. ERICKSON:
                                          I would also make sure that the
      18
           jury can hear you because you are sort of looking at me.
      19
                          My voice is isn't very high, yours isn't either.
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
      20
10:49AM
      21
                Q.
                     Mr. Cabrera, I'm showing you some pictures that are
      22
           marked for identification as Defendant's PP through UU.
           you seen these pictures before?
      23
      24
                Α.
                     Yes.
      25
                     Look at them for a minute.
                Q.
10:50AM
```

```
Α.
       1
                     Yes, yes.
       2
                Q.
                     Okay.
       3
                Α.
                     That's my family.
       4
                           MS. ERICKSON: Judge, I'd move for the admission
       5
           of PP through UU.
10:50AM
       6
                           MR. DIGIACOMO:
                                           No objection.
       7
                           THE COURT: Defendant's Exhibits PP through UU
       8
           are admitted. You may publish them.
              (Defendant's Exhibit Numbers PP through UU, respectively,
      10
                             were admitted into evidence.)
10:50AM
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
      11
                     Now, I'm showing you Defendant's Exhibit PP. Can you
      12
                Q.
           tell me if you -- who is in this picture?
      13
      14
                     I'm on it, my brother-in-law, my brother, Ivonne is
                Α.
      15
           there, and my kids are there too, the girls.
10:51AM
      16
                     I can't hear.
                Q.
                     I don't have my glasses, so --
      17
                Α.
      18
                Q.
                     Oh, no.
      19
                Α.
                     -- I can't see very well.
                     All right. Well, why are all the family together in
      20
                Q.
10:51AM
      21
           this picture?
      22
                Α.
                     I think there was a party there.
      23
                Q.
                     Okay. And do you know where this party was?
      24
                Α.
                     This party was in California.
      25
                     Okay. So that was before you moved here?
                Q.
10:51AM
```

```
1
                Α.
                     I think so.
       2
                Q.
                     Okay. Do you know -- can you guess -- do you know
       3
           how old Ivonne was in this picture, or about how old?
       4
                Α.
                     What would it be, like, seven --
       5
                Q.
                     Okay. And --
10:52AM
       6
                     -- or eight.
                Α.
       7
                     And Ivonne is the girl that's wearing the striped
                Q.
       8
           shirt; correct?
       9
                Α.
                     Yes.
10:52AM
      10
                Q.
                     And I'm showing you what's been marked as QQ.
      11
           you can see this. Do you recognize who's in that photograph?
      12
                     My wife and I, Miguel, and Ivonne, and Nancy. The
                Α.
           one who -- who's in the back, I don't recognize very well, but
      13
      14
           it is a family member.
      15
                     Okay. And what about the person that head's cut off?
                Q.
10:52AM
      16
                     That's me.
                Α.
                     Okay. And where was this taken?
      17
                Q.
      18
                Α.
                     The photo was -- I think it was in Tijuana.
      19
                Q.
                     And do you have relatives in Tijuana?
      20
                Α.
                            I have family and we would go often to see
10:53AM
      21
           them.
      22
                Q.
                     How many brothers and sisters do you have?
                     I have five sisters and there are three brothers.
      23
                Α.
      24
                Q.
                     So there is nine in your family?
      25
                Α.
                     Yes.
10:53AM
```

	1	Q.	Showing you what's been admitted as Defendant's RR,
	2	can you s	ee that photograph?
	3	Α.	Yes.
	4	Q.	Where would that photograph have been taken?
10:53AM	5	Α.	This photo, it seems it was also in Los Angeles.
	6	Q.	Okay. And can you point out Ivonne in that picture.
	7	Α.	Yes.
	8	Q.	You can circle her with your finger on the screen?
	9	Α.	It's this one (indicating).
10:54AM	10	Q.	Um, did anything come up?
	11		THE COURT: There is a mark, but you
	12		(The witness complies.)
	13	BY MS. ER	ICKSON:
	14	Q.	Okay. Thank you.
10:54AM	15		And how old was Ivonne in this photo, do you think?
	16	Α.	I think she must have been about 13 or 14 there.
	17	Q.	Okay. And all the little kids, are those other
	18	cousins?	
	19	Α.	Siblings and cousins.
10:55AM	20	Q.	Okay. How would you describe Ivonne between the ages
	21	of five a	nd 13 or 14?
	22	Α.	Good, very good, yes.
	23	Q.	Okay. You were working at the time?
	24	Α.	Yes.
10:55AM	25	Q.	And was your wife working at the time also?

1 Α. Um, yes, her too. When you guys were working who -- who took -- who 2 Q. 3 made sure everything went okay in the house? Yeah, she -- she would, and the oldest, Miguel. 4 Α. Q. So when you say "she", do you mean Ivonne? 5 0kay. 10:55AM 6 Α. Yes. 7 So Miguel is her older brother? Si? Q. 0kav. 8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. So what kind of things would Miguel and Ivonne do to 10 take care of the children while you and Maria were working? 10:56AM 11 Α. I think she would entertain them and put movies on 12 for them. There was never a complaint. 13 Q. Okay. Did there come a time that Ivonne graduated 14 from high school? 15 Α. Yes. 10:56AM Is that a photograph of her after her graduation? 16 Q. 17 Yes. Α. 18 Q. And can you tell me who's in that photograph? 0kav. 19 Α. Ivonne, it's me, my wife is there, and what -- Ivonne 20 and Raul, and Nancy, and Cindy. 10:56AM 21 Q. So pretty much everybody but your oldest son? 22 Yes. Α. Would -- what was he doing in this time frame? 23 Q. 24 Α. Seems to me he was in the Marines. 25 10:57AM Q. 0kay. Showing you what's been admitted as

1 Defendant's TT, do you know where this photograph was taken? 2 Α. Yes. Where? 3 Q. This photo we took in California. 4 Α. 5 Q. It looks like you are at a baseball field. 10:57AM I think -- I think it was California. 6 Α. 7 Do you remember why everyone was dressed so Q. 0kav. nicely at a baseball field? I don't remember if there was a party in the park on 10 that occasion or I don't know. We just -- or we just stood for 10:58AM 11 the photo. I -- I don't remember. 12 Q. Okay. And so who's in that photograph? 13 Α. It's Ivonne, it's me, and my brother. 14 And what's your brother's name? Q. Alberto Cabrera. 15 Α. 10:58AM 16 Q. How old -- how old was Ivonne when you moved to 17 California -- I mean to Las Vegas? 18 Α. I think she was -- how old would she have been? Must 19 have been about 18 -- no, no because she graduated here. 20 She must have been about 16, around there, between 15 10:59AM 21 and 16. 22 Q. So she graduated from high school here in Las Vegas? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Q. And after she graduated high school did she work? 25 She took some time off to rest and then she was going Α. 10:59AM

to continue on with her studies, but during that time is when 1 2 she got together with her husband. She got married. 3 Okay. And what -- what was her husband's name? Q. 4 Α. Name is Celso Aguirre. 5 Q. I'm sorry? 10:59AM 6 Celso Aguirre. Α. 7 Okay. And has Ivonne ever been divorced from him or Q. 8 are they just separated? 9 Α. She divorced him. 10 Q. What kind of man was Celso Aguirre? 11:00AM 11 Well, in the beginning he was fine. Then afterwards Α. 12 they had problems among them. When you say "problems," what do you know happened 13 Q. between them? 14 15 The biggest problem they had was one day she called 11:00AM 16 us, she was crying, because Celso had been chasing her around with a knife. 17 18 Was that -- go ahead. Q. 19 Α. So we went over to where she lived, my oldest son and 20 I went, and it was reported to the police, and he got arrested, 11:00AM 21 and then they got separated, but the -- they did have a lot of 22 problems. We just didn't know about them --23 Q. Okay. 24 -- until this accident because by this accident then 25 it was serious. 11:01AM

	1	Q. Okay. Did Ivonne and Celso have children?
	2	A. Yes.
	3	Q. Can you tell me the are they boys, girls or
	4	A. They're boys.
11:01AM	5	Q. Okay. How many?
	6	A. Two.
	7	Q. And what are their names?
	8	A. Andres Aguirre and Erick Aguirre.
	9	Q. And, obviously, Ivonne was arrested more than five
11:01AM	10	years ago?
	11	A. Yes.
	12	Q. And have where have the boys been living?
	13	A. With my wife and I, my children, all of us.
	14	Q. Okay. Did you make does Ivonne get to see them or
11:02AM	15	talk to them on the phone or
	16	A. Yes. She calls them on the phone, and I bring them
	17	to see her every eight days or every two weeks.
	18	One week I bring and one week my wife does.
	19	Q. How would you describe Ivonne as a mom?
11:02AM	20	A. A good mom.
	21	Q. And why do you say that?
	22	A. She's a good mom in the sense that when she was
	23	before this happened she was with them she she was just
	24	fine with them. She was a good mother to them.
11:03AM	25	MS. ERICKSON: I think that's all I have. Thank

	1	you so much.
	2	THE COURT: You are all done. Mr. Cabrera, just
	3	one second. I'm not sure that there would be any questions,
	4	but I need to make sure that there are no additional questions
11:03AM	5	for you.
	6	Mr. Digiacomo?
	7	MR. DIGIACOMO: There are none.
	8	THE COURT: Mr. Cabrera, I apologize for the
	9	confusion. You may be excused.
11:03AM	10	Whereupon, at this time the Witness was excused.)
	11	THE COURT: Ms. Erickson, your next witness.
	12	We will also need the Interpreter?
	13	MS. ERICKSON: Yes. The Interpreter will be
	14	needed for Ana Martinez.
11:03AM	15	THE COURT: Ana Martinez.
	16	Ms. Martinez, just like the last witness, if you
	17	could come to the witness stand to the chair and remain
	18	standing behind it.
	19	The Interpreter has already been sworn, but my
11:04AM	20	Clerk does need to swear you in to give testimony.
	21	This is the Clerk here.
	22	<u>ANA MARTINEZ</u>
	23	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,
	24	having been first duly sworn,
11:04AM	25	was examined and testified as follows:

	4	THE INTERPRETED V
	1	THE INTERPRETER: Yes.
	2	THE CLERK: Please take your seat.
	3	Can you please state and spell your first and
	4	last name for the record.
11:04AM	5	THE INTERPRETER: My name is Ana B. Martinez.
	6	THE COURT: Can you spell it for us.
	7	THE INTERPRETER: A-N-A, M A R T I N E Z.
	8	DIRECT EXAMINATION
	9	BY MS. ERICKSON:
11:04AM	10	Q. Ms. Martinez, how are you related to Ivonne?
	11	A. She's my niece and I'm her Godmother.
	12	Q. And as a Godmother what are your responsibilities for
	13	her?
	14	A. My responsibilities towards her is to guide her on a
11:05AM	15	good path and care for her.
	16	Q. And how did you become a Godmother? Is there a
	17	ceremony?
	18	A. Yes, there's a ceremony.
	19	Q. And where was that taken where did where did
11:05AM	20	that take place?
	21	A. We baptized her in Los Angeles, at in the in
	22	the Las Vegas plaza (sic).
	23	Q. I'm sorry?
	24	A. In Los Angeles, in the Plazita Olvera.
11:05AM	25	Q. Okay. And are you so you are her aunt and

```
Godmother. Who are you related to as her -- who is your sister
       1
           or brother?
        2
        3
                Α.
                     Her -- her mother is my sister.
                             How many people in your family?
        4
                Ο.
                     0kav.
        5
                     My family, as in siblings?
                Α.
11:06AM
       6
                Q.
                     Yes.
        7
                Α.
                     There's 15 of us.
       8
                Q.
                     Okay. And are there many nieces, nephews,
       9
           grandchildren?
      10
                     Yes, many grandchildren and nieces, nephews.
11:06AM
       11
                Q.
                     Does the family -- did the family get together for
       12
           special occasions in Los Angeles?
       13
                     Oh, yes, in Los Angeles, and here as well.
                Α.
       14
                     What kind of get-togethers would you have in
                Q.
           Los Angeles?
      15
11:06AM
       16
                Α.
                     Well, we would go visit -- we would visit each other
       17
           every week.
       18
                Q.
                     So when did you move to Las Vegas?
       19
                Α.
                     1986.
      20
                Q.
                     And did your sister and her family also move here
11:07AM
      21
           obviously?
       22
                     Yes, but not on that date, later.
                Α.
                     Okay. Could you tell the ladies and gentlemen of the
       23
                Q.
       24
           jury what kind of girl was Ivonne as she was growing up until
      25
           her teenage years?
11:07AM
```

	1	A. She was she is a very good person. She would help
	2	her mother and her father when they would go to work. Her and
	3	her older brother would care for the for the rest of the
	4	children. She would cook, clean, everything. She would help
11:08AM	5	her parents.
	6	Q. And then after her
	7	MS. ERICKSON: May I approach, Judge?
	8	THE COURT: You may.
	9	BY MS. ERICKSON:
11:08AM	10	Q. I'm showing you what's been marked for exhibit as
	11	Defendant's FFF and III. Ms. Martinez, do you recognize those
	12	photographs?
	13	A. Yes. That's when she turned 15. And here it's me
	14	and my sister and her, and my niece, and my the other
11:08AM	15	sister, her mother.
	16	MS. ERICKSON: Move for admission of Defense
	17	Exhibit FFF and III.
	18	THE COURT: Triple F and triple I, Defense
	19	Exhibits will be admitted. You may publish.
11:09AM 20 (Defense Exhibit Numbers FFF and III, re		(Defense Exhibit Numbers FFF and III, respectively,
	21	were admitted into evidence.)
	22	MS. ERICKSON: Thank you, Judge.
	23	BY MS. ERICKSON:
	24	Q. I'm showing you what's now been admitted as
11:09AM	25	Defendant's FFF. I think you said that this was the

```
1
           Quinceanera when Ivonne was 15?
        2
                Α.
                     Yes.
                     And --
        3
                Q.
                Α.
                     Uh-huh.
        4
        5
                Q.
                     And what -- what was the event?
11:09AM
       6
                Α.
                     When she turned 15.
        7
                Q.
                     She's dressed up in a party dress. Is it a party or
       8
           a Quinceanera or --
       9
                Α.
                     Yes, Quinceanera.
                     Sorry. What is a Quinceanera?
      10
                Q.
11:09AM
       11
                     She is presented to the church because she turned 15.
                Α.
       12
                Q.
                     And this picture -- Ivonne is in the white dress?
                     Yes.
       13
                Α.
       14
                     And is your sister and her mother in the -- the
                Q.
           taller woman in the dress?
      15
11:10AM
       16
                     Yes, uh-huh.
                Α.
      17
                Q.
                     Who is the younger girl?
       18
                Α.
                     I don't know who the -- the little one is.
                                                                    I think
       19
           it's one of her sisters. You can't see very well.
      20
                Q.
                     Okay. It's an old picture.
11:10AM
      21
                     All right. And so you said that you saw Ivonne and
      22
           you went over to your sister's house once a week when you were
           in Los Angeles, and did that continue in Las Vegas?
       23
       24
                Α.
                     Yes.
      25
11:10AM
                Q.
                     Okay. So --
```

1 Α. When I would have time off. 2 Q. 0kav. Because you worked? 3 Α. Yes. And what did you do -- what kind of work? 4 Ο. 5 In Los Angeles, I worked in electronics. Α. 11:10AM work in the casino, as a dealer. 6 7 Q. I asked you to describe Ivonne to the ladies 0kay. 8 and gentlemen until she was about 13. How would you describe her between the years of 13 and 18? 10 She did very well. She was a good -- she was a good 11:11AM girl, yes. 11 12 Did she continue taking care of the younger children? Q. And her children. She's a good mother. She's a good 13 Α. 14 daughter. 15 Q. I'll get to that next. 11:11AM 16 Because -- do you know how old she was when she had her children? 17 18 Α. She was, like, nine- -- like 20. 19 Q. Did you ever meet her husband? 20 Yes, yes. 11:11AM Α. 21 Q. What kind of person was he? He was a good person, but then later they started 22 Α. 23 having problems between them, between the two of them. 24 Q. Okay. How would you describe Ivonne as a mom? 25 She's a good mom. Α. 11:12AM

1 Q. Why do you say that? 2 Α. She's a good daughter. Because I would see that she behaved well. 3 4 Q. And when you say "behaved well," what did you 5 observe? 11:12AM She was dedicated to her children and she would 6 Α. 7 listen to her mother and her father. 8 Q. What would you say, even today, is the most important thing in Ivonne's life? 10 The most important thing, well, her children and her 11:12AM Α. 11 parents. 12 Why do you say that? Q. 13 Because she also thinks a lot of her children and her Α. 14 parents and the rest of the family because we all love her very 15 much. 11:13AM 16 I am slowing you what's been marked as Defense --Q. admitted as Defendant's III, where is this picture taken? 17 18 Α. This picture -- I think it was in Los Angeles -- no. 19 This photo was here in Las Vegas. 20 Q. 0kav. Would this be a typical photo of -- of 11:13AM 21 gathering of the family? 22 Α. Yes. We were going to make tamales. 23 Q. Did you ever see a change in Ivonne? 24 After she separated from the husband, like that 25 affected her a lot. 11:14AM

```
1
                Q.
                      When you say that, what do you mean?
                      Like, if she -- she wanted her husband to be together
        2
                Α.
        3
           with her children, I guess.
        4
                Q.
                      Do you know where Celso is today?
        5
                Α.
                      He's in Mexico.
11:14AM
                      Do you know when he went there?
        6
                Q.
        7
                Α.
                      After they separated he went there.
        8
                Q.
                      In this picture, which person, in the picture, is
        9
           Ivonne?
      10
                      This one, then there's Cindy and her mom, then my
                Α.
11:15AM
       11
           older sister and I (indicating).
       12
                Q.
                      So this one is you (indicating)?
       13
                Α.
                      Yes.
       14
                Q.
                      And this is your sister Maria (indicating)?
      15
                           The next one is Martha.
                Α.
                      No.
11:15AM
       16
                      I'm sorry?
                Q.
       17
                      Martha.
                Α.
       18
                Q.
                      Okay. Yes.
       19
                      And then who is this (indicating)?
      20
                Α.
                      That's Cindy.
11:15AM
       21
                Q.
                      And (indicating)?
       22
                Α.
                      Ivonne.
       23
                      Okay. And (indicating)?
                Q.
       24
                Α.
                      Martha.
      25
                Q.
                      Martha, okay.
11:15AM
```

	1	MS. ERICKSON: I think that's all I have. Thank		
	2	you.		
	3	THE COURT: Any questions from the State?		
	4	MR. DIGIACOMO: No, Your Honor.		
11:16AM	5	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Martinez. You are		
	6	excused. Just watch your step as you go through.		
	7	(Whereupon, at this time the Witness was excused.)		
	8	THE COURT: I think we may have one additional		
	9	witness that will need the Interpreter.		
11:16AM	10	Is that correct, Ms. Erickson, one additional		
11 witness that needs the Interpreter this morning?		witness that needs the Interpreter this morning?		
	12	MS. ERICKSON: I will have the need of her late		
	13	on today, but right now we don't need an interpreter.		
	14	THE COURT: Later this morning or after our		
11:16AM	15	lunch?		
	16 MS. ERICKSON: After lunch.			
17 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Andra		THE COURT: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Andrade.		
	18	If you are ready then, Ms. Erickson, call your		
19 next witness.		next witness.		
11:16AM	MS. ERICKSON: Just a moment, Judge.			
	21	THE COURT: Take your time.		
	22	MS. ERICKSON: I would call Cindy Cayno (sic).		
	23	THE COURT: Cindy Cayno.		
	24	Ms. Cayno, will you come right around that		
11:17AM	25	podium to the right and right up to the witness stand.		

	1	When you reach the chair, if you could remain			
	standing just briefly to have my Clerk swear you in, please.				
	3	Here she is.			
	4	THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand.			
11:17AM	5	<u>WITNESS NAME</u>			
	6	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,			
	7	having been first duly sworn,			
	8	was examined and testified as follows:			
	9	THE WITNESS: Yes.			
11:17AM	10	THE CLERK: Please take a seat.			
	11	Will you please state and spell your first and			
	12	last name for the record.			
	13	THE WITNESS: Cindy Lopez Cabrera. C-I-N-D-Y,			
14 L-O-P-E-Z, C-A-B-R-E-R-A. 11:17AM 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION		L-0-P-E-Z, C-A-B-R-E-R-A.			
		DIRECT EXAMINATION			
	16	BY MS. ERICKSON:			
	17	Q. I'm sorry, I called you by the wrong name.			
	18	THE COURT: Ms. Cabrera. You may proceed,			
	19	Ms. Erickson.			
11:17AM	20	BY MS. ERICKSON:			
	21	Q. Are you related to Ivonne?			
	22	A. Yes.			
23		Q. How are you related?			
	24	A. She's my older sister.			
11:17AM	25	Q. How much older is she?			

```
1
                Α.
                      Five years.
                      Are you employed?
        2
                Q.
        3
                Α.
                      Yes.
        4
                Q.
                      How are you employed?
        5
                Α.
                      I work at a law firm.
11:18AM
        6
                Q.
                      And what do you do at the law firm?
        7
                Α.
                      You could say a legal assistant.
        8
                Q.
                      I'm sorry?
        9
                Α.
                      Legal assistant.
       10
                      And which law firm?
                Q.
11:18AM
                      Ladah law firm.
       11
                Α.
       12
                Q.
                      And how do you spell that?
       13
                      L-A-D-A-H Law Firm.
                Α.
       14
                      Who is -- what -- are there more than one attorney in
                Q.
      15
           the law firm or --
11:18AM
       16
                Α.
                      There's multiple attorneys, but there's the main
       17
           attorney, Ramzy Ladah.
       18
                Q.
                      Do you know Ted -- Ted Williams?
       19
                Α.
                      Yes, I do.
      20
                Q.
                      Okay. How do you know him?
11:18AM
       21
                      He rents a space inside the building where I work at.
                Α.
       22
                Q.
                      Is he a lawyer?
       23
                Α.
                      Yes.
       24
                Q.
                             Obviously, you're Ivonne's sister and you grew
                      Okay.
      25
           up together?
11:18AM
```

1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. That's right. 3 Can you tell the ladies and gentlemen about -- a special memory that you have of Ivonne. 4 5 Special memory, well, for Christmas, my parents used Α. 11:19AM to work at night so they would leave and we will stay home with 6 7 the presents wrapped, and we knew that we were getting roller 8 blades, so we found a way to open the present without ripping the wrapping paper, took out the skating, and we would skate 10 around the house with them and put them back in, so my parents 11:19AM wouldn't notice. 11 12 Q. And who -- who figured that out? It was, I think, my older brother and her. 13 Α. 14 Okay. And what kind of sister is Ivonne? Q. 15 She's a very caring sister. I mean, if you need 11:19AM 16 anything, if you are in having any problems or anything, she will be there for you. 17 18 And you say she'll be there for you, what do you Q. 19 mean? 20 Um, just being there for you, like, with hearing you 11:20AM Α. 21 out, your problems, or just speaking to you. That's the way 22 she is. Has she always been like that? 23 Q. 24 Α. Yes. 25 Was she that way with friends in school and after Q. 11:20AM

```
1
           school?
       2
                Α.
                     I don't really think I saw her much in school, or we
       3
          were in school together, but she -- she's a very friendly
       4
           person, so I would imagine being the same way with friends.
                Q.
                     Do you know -- did Ivonne engage in any particular --
       5
11:20AM
           a particular interest when she was in high school?
       6
       7
                     Yes.
                            Sports was her thing.
                Α.
       8
                Q.
                     Okay. And why do you say that?
       9
                Α.
                     She always played basketball during high school and
      10
           even before high school.
11:20AM
      11
                Q.
                     Was she involved in -- was it a tournaments or --
      12
                Α.
                     Yeah, it was tournaments.
      13
                Q.
                     Okay. And did you all go to those tournaments, the
           games?
      14
      15
                Α.
                     Yes, we did, we went to her games.
11:21AM
      16
                           MS. ERICKSON:
                                          Just a moment, Judge.
      17
                               (Sotto voce at this time.)
      18
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
      19
                Q.
                     You have an older brother, Miguel?
      20
                Α.
                     Yes.
11:21AM
      21
                Q.
                            Where is he right now?
      22
                Α.
                     He is on vacation in Mexico.
      23
                Q.
                     Okay.
                            Has he been gone for a little bit or a long
      24
           time or --
      25
                     A little bit. I think, like, over a week.
                Α.
11:21AM
```

	1	Q. That's all.			
	You have to see if the State has any questions.				
	3	THE COURT: Anything from the State?			
	4	MR. DIGIACOMO: No, no.			
11:22AM	5	THE COURT: Ms. Lopez Cabrera, you are excused.			
	6	Thank you. Please just watch your step as you leave the jury			
	7	(sic) box.			
	8	THE WITNESS: Thank you.			
	9	(Whereupon, at this time the Witness was excused.)			
11:22AM	10	THE COURT: Pardon me, Ms. Erickson.			
	11	MS. ERICKSON: I have a witness over here at			
	12	11:30. So I would call			
	13	(Sotto voce at this time.)			
14 MS. ERICKSON		MS. ERICKSON: I would call Nancy Cabrera.			
11:22AM	15	THE COURT: Nancy Cabrera, please. Thank you.			
	16	Ms. Cabrera, the same thing as the other			
	17	witnesses. If you will just come and stand behind the chair			
18 and my Clerk here to the right w		and my Clerk here to the right will swear you in.			
	19	NANCY CABRERA			
11:22AM	20	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,			
	21	having been first duly sworn,			
	22	was examined and testified as follows:			
	23	THE WITNESS: Yes.			
	24	THE CLERK: Please take a seat.			
11:23AM	25	Can you please state and spell your first and			

```
1
           last name for the record.
        2
                           THE WITNESS: Nancy Cabrera, N A N C Y.
        3
           C-A-B-R-E-R-A.
        4
                           THE CLERK:
                                        Thank you.
        5
                                    DIRECT EXAMINATION
11:23AM
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
        6
        7
                Q.
                      How are you related to Ivonne?
        8
                Α.
                      I'm her sister.
        9
                Q.
                      Her younger, older?
      10
                Α.
                      Younger sister.
11:23AM
       11
                Q.
                      I'm sorry?
       12
                Α.
                      Younger.
       13
                Q.
                      Okay. Are you second to Ivonne, or third?
       14
                      Third.
                Α.
      15
                Q.
                      Okay. Are you employed?
11:23AM
       16
                Α.
                      Yes.
       17
                Q.
                      Where are you employed?
       18
                Α.
                      Ladah Law Firm.
       19
                Q.
                      How long have you been there?
      20
                Α.
                      Six years.
11:23AM
       21
                Q.
                      And what do you do there?
       22
                Α.
                      I'm a legal assistant.
       23
                      0kay.
                             Do you and your sister Cindy both work there?
                Q.
       24
                Α.
                      Yes.
      25
                      Do you do the same job she does, or different?
11:23AM
                Q.
```

	1	Α.	Different.		
	2	Q.	Okay. What do you do?		
	3	Α.	I handle the medical record department for reviews.		
	4	Q.	What kind of law does the Ladah Law Firm do?		
11:24AM	5	Α.	Medical malpractice and personal injury.		
	6	Q.	I'm sorry?		
	7	Α.	Medical malpractice and personal injury.		
	8	Q.	Okay. So that covers you need to have medical		
	9	records a	nd those kind of things?		
11:24AM	10	Α.	Yeah.		
	11	Q.	And that's what you do?		
	12	Α.	Uh-huh, yes.		
	13	Q.	Did Ivonne work there?		
	14	Α.	Yes, she did.		
Q. Okay. When did she work there?		Okay. When did she work there?			
16 A.			In 2011 well, she worked there before I did, with		
	17 Ted Williams.				
	18	Q.	Do you know how long she had worked there before you?		
	19	Α.	Approximately three or four years before me.		
11:24AM	20	Q.	Okay. So probably, like, 2009?		
	21	Α.	2009/2010, yeah, uh-huh.		
	22	Q.	Okay. And what did Ivonne do there?		
	23	Α.	She was a receptionist. She would arrive with smile		
	24	with the	to PYCs, to intake, she will translate, she will		
11:24AM 25 request records as well, prepare demand letters, request		ecords as well, prepare demand letters, request police			

```
1
           reports; multiple tasks.
        2
                Q.
                      Okay.
        3
                      Uh-huh.
                Α.
        4
                      We've heard about Ivonne -- Ivonne's marriage and her
                Ο.
       5
           children.
11:25AM
                Α.
                     Yes.
       6
        7
                Q.
                      Her two boys?
       8
                Α.
                      Yes.
       9
                Q.
                      How old are they now?
      10
                      15 and 13.
                Α.
11:25AM
       11
                Q.
                      Is -- are they present in Court?
       12
                Α.
                      Yes, they are.
       13
                      How would you describe Ivonne as a mother?
                Q.
       14
                      She's a very caring person. She always made sure
                Α.
           that their homework was done or make sure that they would make
      15
11:25AM
           it to school, was always making sure they had clean clothes,
       16
           food on the table, make sure they were always okay and happy.
      17
       18
                Q.
                      And how old was she when she had -- which one is
       19
           older?
      20
                Α.
                      Andres.
11:25AM
      21
                Q.
                      And do you remember how old she was when she had
           Andres?
      22
      23
                      Probably 20 or 21.
                Α.
       24
                      And how old was she when she had Erick?
                Q.
      25
                      Right after, maybe 23.
11:26AM
                Α.
```

Q. How are the boys doing now? 1 Okay. 2 Α. Um, they're okay; problems here and there. 3 When you say problems, who's having problems? Q. Andres, he misses his mom a lot. 4 Α. 5 Q. He's what? 11:26AM 6 He's missing his mom a lot. Α. 7 What kind of trouble -- what kind of problems Q. 0kay. 8 is he having? He doesn't want to go to school. He's always trying 10 to get attention. He's missing mom's attention. 11:26AM 11 Q. Do you know if Ivonne has tried to do anything about these issues? 12 13 Α. Oh, yeah. When she speaks with him on the phone she always tell them they have to be good boys and everything is 14 15 going to be okay. 11:26AM 16 Q. Does she try to learn what the issue -- problems are, or the issues? 17 18 Of course. She's always -- she's always, always Α. 19 aware of everything that's going on. She's always asking, and 20 we keep her updated. 11:26AM 21 Q. So even though she's been in jail for five years 22 she's been in the boys' lives as best she could? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Do you have any idea how many times a week she may Q. 25 call or --11:27AM

1 I would say daily; but if it's not daily, it's every Α. other day. 2 3 Q. And what do you think is the best characteristic of Ivonne? 4 5 Α. Um, she's very caring, very loving. 11:27AM 6 Q. And when you say that, why do you say that? 7 Because she always makes sure that we were all okay. Α. If we needed something, she would always help us out. always the one to cheer us up if anything was going wrong. always made sure if our -- if our kids needed something she 10 11:27AM 11 would get it for us as well. 12 Q. Did there come a time that Ivonne started having some problems herself? 13 14 Yes. Α. What kind of problems? 15 Q. 11:27AM 16 Α. I noticed that she started not wanting to go over to the family. She was depressed, didn't want to do much. 17 She 18 would keep to herself. 19 Q. About when did that start happening? 20 After she got separated. 11:28AM Α. 21 Q. So how do you think her marriage with Celso impacted 22 on her? 23 Α. It impacted her a lot. Her whole attitude, 24 everything, that she was a very -- a person that was always 25 motivated, all that went down. 11:28AM

1 Q. So before her marriage, how would you describe her? 2 Α. Very happy. She used to like going dancing. 3 would be very outgoing. I was thinking about joining school and getting things done, but then she met her husband and she 4 5 married. 11:28AM 6 Q. So after the marriage and after the separation, you 7 noticed a difference in her --8 Α. Yes. -- in her? 9 Q. 10 Α. Yes. 11:28AM 11 Q. Did she still remain devoted to the boys? 12 Α. Yeah. After she got separated she was still with the boys. She will take care of them. She will worry them -- she 13 14 was working two jobs, double shifts, to be able to support them, and she was always there. 15 11:28AM 16 Q. Showing --17 MS. ERICKSON: May I approach, Judge? 18 THE COURT: You may. 19 BY MS. ERICKSON: 20 Q. Showing you what's been marked as Defendant's 11:29AM 21 Proposed 00 (sic) and Defendant's admitted III. 22 recognize the people in 000? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Q. And who are they to you? 25 This is my sister and my --Α. 11:29AM

```
1
                Q.
                     Hold on. Are they your family?
       2
                Α.
                     Yes.
       3
                Q.
                     0kay.
                     All the of them.
       4
                Α.
       5
                           MS. ERICKSON: Okay. I move for admission of
11:29AM
           000?
       6
       7
                           THE COURT:
                                       State's -- sorry. Defense Triple 0
       8
          will be admitted, and you may publish.
       9
               (Defence Exhibit Number 000 was admitted into evidence.)
      10
           BY MS. ERICKSON:
11:29AM
      11
                Q.
                     Can you tell us who, from this side over to this side
      12
           (indicating), who those relatives are?
      13
                Α.
                     That's my sister Yanayelli (phonetic), my brother
      14
           Raul, my cousin Becto (phonetic) --
      15
                Q.
                     Not too fast.
11:30AM
      16
                Α.
                     I'm sorry.
      17
                     Alfonso; my father; Cindy, my sister; my mother;
      18
           myself; my Aunt Ana, my Uncle Victor, my Uncle -- my Aunt
      19
           Martha; my cousin Jasmine, my Mi- -- Michael, Jasmine's
      20
           husband; and my cousin Antholee (phonetic).
11:30AM
      21
                Q.
                     It looks like you have a pretty large family.
      22
                Α.
                     Yes.
                     And this isn't nearly all of it, is it?
      23
                Q.
      24
                Α.
                          That's hardly no one.
                     No.
      25
                     Okay. Would that be all the people -- or how many --
                Q.
11:30AM
```

1 how much of your family lives here in Las Vegas now? 2 All the ones that I mentioned and our kids and a 3 couple other -- other aunts and uncles. 4 Q. And I'm showing you what's been admitted as III. Do you recognize the people in this photograph? 5 11:31AM 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. And starting from this side going to this way 8 (indicating), who are they? My Aunt Ana, Aunt Martha, Ivonne, my sister Cindy, 9 Α. 10 and my mother. 11:31AM 11 Q. Do you remember this picture or what would -- what 12 does it look like was going on? 13 It must have been right before Christmas or after Α. 14 Christmas, we were making tamales for -- that's usually how we 15 celebrated Christmas. 11:31AM 16 Q. Tamales are a family tradition? 17 A tradition of Thanksgiving -- not Thanksgiving, of Α. 18 Christmas and New Year's. 19 Q. What's the tradition of Christmas? 20 And we all eat together and open presents. 11:31AM Α. 21 Q. Cindy talked about breaking into presents when you 22 were younger, still breaking into presents now? 23 Α. No, not now, not more. 24 MS. ERICKSON: I have nothing further. 25 THE COURT: Thank you. 11:32AM

	1	The State, do you have any questions?
	2	MR. DIGIACOMO: No.
	3	THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Cabrera. You are
	4	excused. Mind your step as you exit the box.
11:32AM	5	(Whereupon, at this time the Witness was excused.)
	6	MS. ERICKSON: Hold on, Judge.
	7	THE COURT: Sure. And I did see someone come
	8	in, so I don't know if that was your witness or not.
	9	MS. ERICKSON: Oh, he's here.
11:32AM	10	Can I walk out?
	11	THE COURT: You may, certainly.
	12	MS. ERICKSON: I would call Theodore Williams.
	13	THE WITNESS: Mr. Williams, if you could just
	14	come right through and go to the witness stand.
11:33AM	15	THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
	16	THE COURT: My Clerk to the right will swear you
17 in.		in.
	18	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
	19	THE COURT: She's here.
11:33AM	20	THE CLERK: Please raise your right hand.
	21	THEODORE WILLIAMS, ESQ.
	22	called as a witness on behalf of the Defendant,
	23	having been first duly sworn,
	24	was examined and testified as follows:
11:33AM	25	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.

	1	THE CLERK: Please take a seat.			
	2	THE WITNESS: Thank you.			
	3	THE CLERK: Can you please state and spell your			
	4	first and last name for the record.			
11:33AM	5	THE WITNESS: Sure. My name is Theodore Paul			
	Williams. T-H-E-O-D-O-R-E; Paul, P-A-U-L; Williams,				
	W-I-L-L-I-A-M-S.				
	8	THE COURT: Whenever you are ready.			
	9	DIRECT EXAMINATION			
11:33AM	10	BY MS. ERICKSON:			
11 Q. Mr. Williams, how you are you employed?					
	12 A. I'm an attorney. I own my own law practice. I've				
	13	had my own law practice for 25 years. I'm a sole practitioner.			
	14	Q. Where did you go to college?			
11:33AM	15	A. I got a bachelor's degree from UNLV. I graduated in			
	16	1987. And I attended the University of Arizona Law School, and			
	17	I graduated in 1991.			
18 Q. Are you from this area?					
	19	A. Yeah, born and raised in Las Vegas. I graduated from			
11:34AM	:34AM 20 Rancho High School in 1982.				
Q. Okay. And when did you take the Bar?		Q. Okay. And when did you take the Bar?			
	22	A. I took the Bar in '91, didn't have luck that first			
	23	time, but I passed it my second try in 1992.			
	24	Q. Okay. So what kind of law do you practice?			
11:34AM	25	A. I practice primarily divorce, personal injury, and			

criminal defense. Probably personal jury and divorce make up a 1 2 majority of my practice and criminal practice might make up 25, 3 30 percent of my practice. 4 Q. In your criminal practice did that start from when you opened your office and was an equal -- sorry. 5 11:34AM Once you opened your office, how much of your 6 7 business has been criminal defense? 8 Α. 0kay. Probably in the beginning I did more criminal defense, and then I've been moving more towards personal 10 injury. 11:34AM 11 So I would say maybe in the beginning maybe like 60, 50 percent of my practice was criminal defense and now it's 12 down to, like, maybe 25, 30 percent at this time. 13 14 So how many people have you represented in criminal Q. 15 cases, any estimate? 11:35AM 16 Α. I would have to say thousands. I'm not sure how many thousands, but it would be well over a thousand I -- I would 17 18 think. 19 Q. Do you know eye Ivonne Cabrera? 20 Yes, I do. I feel like I know her quite well. 11:35AM Α. 21 Q. And why do you say that? 22 Ivonne worked at my law office as a receptionist for Α. 23 about a year, year and a half. Then she worked for the 24 attorney that bought the law office for about a year. So I was 25 around Ivonne quite a bit, five days a week actually, for 11:35AM

1 approximately two to two and a half years. At the time -- so what -- what time frame would it be 2 3 that Ivonne started working for you? 4 Α. I'm thinking it would have been sometime in 2010. I believe maybe early 2010 she would have worked for me for at 5 11:35AM least that whole year of 2010, and maybe part of 2011. 6 7 might have worked for me for part of 2009 as well. 8 Q. Okay. When you hired her did you know that she had criminal convictions? 10 Yes. I did. Α. 11:36AM 11 Q. What were the convictions? 12 Α. I understood that she had, I believe it was, 13 possession of stolen vehicle or a -- a grand theft/auto. Ιt 14 was a property crime involving a vehicle. I knew that -- I knew that she did prison time too. 15 11:36AM 16 Q. Okay. So knowing that, why did you hire her? She was recommended to me by a mutual friend of ours 17 Α. 18 named Margie Martinez. She said great things about Ivonne. 19 She said that she's -- she's a good person. She believed in 20 her. 11:36AM 21 I met with Ivonne. I talked with her. I was 22 impressed with her. She seemed like she really wanted to do 23 the right thing. She wanted to change. I was really impressed 24 with that. And I decided to hire her after speaking with her.

And what did she do at your firm?

25

11:36AM

Q.

1 Ivonne was a receptionist. She was the person that Α. 2 clients would meet when they came to our office. She would 3 take phone calls. She would let us know when a phone call was She copied some documents, ran some errands, general 4 stuff around the office. 5 11:37AM 6 So basically she was the first person that anyone had 7 contact with in your office? 8 Α. That's correct. When they called or when they walked into our office, Ivonne would be the first person they would 10 speak to, that is true. 11:37AM 11 Q. And was she good at that? 12 Α. I thought she was really good at that. 13 Ivonne, she came to work and she just put her head 14 She did her job. She was five minutes early to work every day. She never left early, never pulled any games. 15 11:37AM usually ate her lunch at work also. She was really -- I could 16 17 tell that she -- I got the impression she really wanted to 18 change and do right by her family. 19 Q. And did you know any of her family? 20 Α. Yes. I know -- well, actually I think I know her 11:37AM 21 entire family. I've never met her brother. 22 Q. Okay. 23 But I know her three sisters and her parents and some 24 of her nieces and nephews too.

Ivonne was probably, 2010, she had children at that

25

Q.

11:37AM

point? 1 2 Α. My I understanding two boys, I believe. 3 Ο. Okay. You were with her a lot. Did she speak about the boys? 4 5 Α. She did. She mentioned something to the effect, it 11:38AM was -- and my secretary sat next to her, close to her, about 6 7 five feet away, and the talk was that she wants to -- she just wants to come home and be with her kids. Q. So her day was at work, at home, children? 10 I don't even think she went out to lunch. She would 11:38AM 11 pack her lunch to work and eat at work, and 5:05 she's home, 12 she's going back home to her kids, correct. Q. Did there come a time that she was in a car accident? 13 14 I believe it was in late September 2011 she was Α. Yes. 15 in a car accident, that's correct. 11:38AM 16 Q. What -- did you represent her in that --The 17 Α. No. I didn't represent her in the case. 18 attorney that I shared office space with, name's Ramzy Ladah, 19 he represented her in the case. I believe Ivonne was driving 20 the car. Her kids might have been in the car also. But I know 11:38AM 21 that she was in an accident and that she went to a 22 chiropractor, a pain management doctor, who prescribes drugs, 23 Lortabs --24 Q. Okay.

25

11:39AM

Α.

-- opiates.

Q. 1 Okay. 2 Α. And a couple other physicians. 3 Q. Okay. You mentioned Ramzy. Now could you tell the 4 ladies and gentlemen the structure of the -- you're working 5 environment? 11:39AM 6 Α. Sure. Okay. 7 So Ivonne -- I owned the law office, it's right 8 across the street at 517 South Third Street, as a partial owner, and Ivonne worked for me about a year, year and a half 10 while I owned the building. Ramzy Ladah bought the office 11:39AM 11 building, and I believe in early 2011, maybe late 2010, I believe, and then he hired Ivonne to be his receptionist. 12 13 So we're -- Ramzy is right across the office from me. We share personal injury cases, work on cases together. I 14 consider him a friend. 15 11:39AM 16 Q. Okay. And did there come a time, after Ivonne's accident in 2011, that you noticed a change in her? 17 18 Α. Yes. 19 Q. What did you notice? 20 Α. I would think it would have been about approximately 11:39AM 21 a month or two after her accident, there was talk in the 22 office, kind of whispers with my secretary, who is always by 23 Ivonne and amongst me, that she was definitely acting 24 differently. She was not the same Ivonne that we always knew, 25 absolutely. 11:40AM

Q. And what -- what did you observe?

A. Well, okay. I -- I can't say I know this firsthand I witnessed this, but the word was that she was prescribed oxycodone, or an opiate, possibly Lortab, from her pain management doctor from a personal injury case, and that she was having a problem with these, and this might sound like an exaggeration also, but it's the absolute truth, it's was like night and day, kind of like Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. It was kind of like -- she was a different person.

And you could see it in her eyes also, kind of like a mean look in her eyes. She was not the same Ivonne that we had known, that we had known for the past two years. That's what we noticed.

- Q. And at that point in time are we very aware of opiate addiction, what it does to people?
- A. I knew that it was bad stuff, but I didn't know -- I didn't know myself, and I'm an attorney, and I do personal injury, the full extent of how bad it was, until fairly recently, maybe, like, three years or so; although I've had clients in the past that had problems with these opiates, also so I was aware of some problems that were -- that were out there.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. But not to the extent that's in the news media all the time now.

11:40AM

11:40AM 10

11:41AM 15

11:41AM 20

1 Q. Now, in your criminal practice, how would you describe a person with Ivonne's kind of criminal history with 2 3 two convictions for possession of a stolen vehicle? MR. DIGIACOMO: 4 Objection. THE COURT: Ms. Erickson? 5 11:41AM It's opinion, it's irrelevant, MR. DIGIACOMO: 6 7 number one; two, it calls for speculation; three, not relevant. 8 MS. ERICKSON: It is relevant. 9 THE COURT: Not on the relevancy basis. But on 10 the speculation basis, I will sustain the objection. 11:41AM 11 MS. ERICKSON: Okay. BY MS. ERICKSON: 12 Is there anything else that you would like the jury 13 Q. to know about Ivonne based upon the fact that you know they're 14 15 going to be sentencing her? 11:42AM 16 I feel like I knew Ivonne pretty well for that Α. two-year period, and I know her family well now, and I feel 17 18 they're good people. They really are good people. They're 19 hardworking people. And Ivonne was a good, hardworking person 20 when she came out of prison. I really got the impression that 11:42AM 21 she wanted to change also. I was sure she did. 22 I feel, and maybe this is wrong, maybe this is speculative, but I really feel -- I mean, I've been an attorney 23 24 for 25 years. I do divorces. I pretty much seen a lot of 25 things. I was a psychology major. 11:42AM

```
1
                     I feel that if Ivonne did not get that prescription
          for those opiates, that wouldn't have sent her down this road.
       2
       3
                     I think she has some type of inherent pre-disposition
          that when she takes a drug like this, it just sends her down a
       4
       5
          bad path.
11:43AM
                     A lot of us, we take an opiate, and it makes us feel
       6
       7
          weird or something, we say this is no good, we should stay away
       8
          from it.
                    But some people, they get into this, and it could
          send them down a really bad road, and I think that's what
      10
          happened with Ivonne.
11:43AM
      11
                          MS. ERICKSON: Thank you very much.
      12
                          THE COURT: Excuse me. Mr. Digiacomo, any
          questions for Mr. Williams?
      13
      14
                          MR. DIGIACOMO:
                                          No.
      15
                          THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
11:43AM
      16
                          Thank you, Mr. Williams. Make sure you take
      17
          your file with you.
      18
                          THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
      19
                          THE COURT: Watch your step.
      20
                 (Whereupon, at this time the Witness was excused.)
11:43AM
      21
                          MS. ERICKSON:
                                         Judge, can we approach?
      22
                          THE COURT: Please.
                   (Sidebar conference at bench, not reported.)
      23
      24
                          THE COURT: All right. I think, in speaking
      25
          with Counsel and getting you ready to have the remainder
11:44AM
```

```
witnesses called, this is the time we're going to take our
       1
       2
          lunch recess.
                          We'll return at 1:00 o'clock. It's a quarter to
       3
                       So that means about an hour and 15 minutes to find
       4
          12:00 now.
       5
          your lunch and return here.
11:44AM
       6
                          We do expect to start promptly at 1:00 o'clock.
       7
          I appreciate that has not always been the case for our starts,
       8
          and this morning we had some matters to resolve, but at this
          point we should be able to start promptly at 1:00.
      10
                          So please be back and prepared to do so.
11:44AM
      11
                          During this recess --
      12
                          (The jury was admonished by the Court.)
      13
                          THE COURT: We'll see you back in about an hour
      14
          and 15 minutes.
                            Have a good lunch.
      15
                          THE MARSHAL:
                                        All rise.
11:45AM
                   (The following proceedings were had in open
      16
      17
                    Court outside the presence of the jury panel:)
      18
                          THE COURT: Just so that we can start promptly
      19
          at 1:00, can we come back about ten till?
      20
                          I'm staying in, but I'll come back about ten
11:46AM
      21
          till, and then that way we can make sure we know what the rest
      22
          of the afternoon looks like, maybe five till, but just make
      23
          sure we got everything lined up to go, and that will give you
      24
          an opportunity to speak with Ms. Cabrera as well.
      25
                          MR. DIGIACOMO:
                                          Perfect.
                                                     Thank you, Judge.
11:46AM
```

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THE COURT: All right. We'll see you then.
 1
                        (Recess in proceedings.)
 2
 3
 4
 5
    ATTEST:
            Full, true and accurate transcript of proceedings.
 6
 7
                               /S/Renee Silvaggio
 8
                               RENEE SILVAGGIO, C.C.R. 122
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	Steven D. Grierson
1	TRAN CASE NO. C-12-283700-1
2	DEPT. NO. 25
3	
4	
5	DISTRICT COURT
6	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
7	* * * *
8	
9	THE STATE OF NEVADA,)
10	Plaintiff,) REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT) OF
11) JURY TRIAL
12	VS.)
13	IVONNE CABRERA,)
14	Defendant.))
15	
16	
17	
18	BEFORE THE HONORABLE KATHLEEN DELANEY DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
19	
20	DATED THURSDAY, JULY 20, 2017
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	REPORTED BY: Sharon Howard, C.C.R. #745

1	APPEARANCES:	
2	For the State:	MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ.
3		HETTY WONG, ESQ.
4		
5		
6		
7	For the Defendant:	PATRICIA ERICKSON, ESQ.
8		BRET WHIPPLE, ESQ.
9		
10		
11	* * * *	
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LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; THURSDAY, JULY 20, 2017 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 3 4 5 THE COURT: Did everybody get their copy of the jury instructions. 6 7 MR. WHIPPLE: Your Honor, I got the modified 8 version. 9 There is one thing, Judge. MS. ERICKSON: 10 THE COURT: Okay. 11 MS. ERICKSON: Your court clerk asked me to 12 clarify the record. Apparently during the testimony of 13 Ivonne's father I admitted OO and I may have said OOO. 14 the record should reflect the document I was requesting 15 was 00. 16 THE COURT: The only thing I want to further 17 correct is I didn't recall that coming in with the father, 18 but I'll defer to my clerk for that. I thought that was a 19 subsequent exhibit. 2.0 In any event, looks like there was an exhibit referred to as 00. We actually haven't marked anything, 21 22 yet, 00. When the court admitted it it was triple 0. It 23 should have been double O. 24 I do want to note in the jury instructions I did make a revision following our discussion yesterday to how the 25

verdict as unanimous would be worded. I'm stumbling trying to find it.

Instruction 18, on page 19, if anybody wants to take a look at that. That is the only revision I made, other then the mitigating circumstances. I know there are still some to be proven. I don't know if the State has any objection. Otherwise, there wasn't any further dialogue on that point. But there may still be final revisions there on Instruction No. --

MS. ERICKSON: 12.

2.0

THE COURT: Is it 12.

MS. ERICKSON: Yes.

THE COURT: At this time, does the State -- have any -- well, shall we wait to see what the evidence is.

MR. DIGIACOMO: The sentence and the report is the only one that, depending on how she allocutes, there may not be --

THE COURT: May I have counsel at the bench. I have a question I prefer to do it at the bench.

(Discussion held at the bench.)

THE COURT: We'll have a break before we have the final testimony.

MS. ERICKSON: Your Honor, if we are going to go straight into closing, I will have an objection to the State using any slides that say justice. Justice was

reached by the guilty verdict. Justice is -- this is not a justice phase, this is the sentencing phase.

It's inappropriate to be calling this justice for Erik Quezada and James Headrick. It is punishment for crimes she has been convicted of. The convictions are justice.

I would object to them doing that then.

THE COURT: You just mentioned again, I don't know if it's in the record, as you are saying and as I would recognize in the opening statements the State utilized that term. There was not an objection raised at that time. I understand you are objecting to it being utilized in the closings.

Mr. DiGiacomo, you want to respond.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Yes.

The last line of the jury instruction, for the steadfast purpose of doing equal and exact justice between the Defendant and the State of Nevada. It's wholly appropriate to make the argument that this is about justice, and ultimately what the decision should be. It's her judgment day. Thus, there is no basis to object and say this is about anything else.

THE COURT: I understand the objection, Ms.

Erickson. I will note it. Although I will not so limit the State in their closings. I think the arguments that

were made in openings and as the evidence comes in and what comes in in closings to help folks understand what that evidence and how they should weigh it does implicate justice, so I will allow that term.

What we'll do is complete the witnesses. We'll take a break, because I'm assuming there is about an hour or so left of your witnesses then we'll take a break. Finalize the instructions, if there is any adjustments, we do that. And then bring you back for closings.

MR. WHIPPLE: The allocution.

THE COURT: I'll do that at this time, before we go into that testimony.

Are we ready to proceed with that, or is there anything else for the record.

MR. WHIPPLE: No.

2.0

THE COURT: Ms. Cabrera, I do need to speak with you briefly about -- I have been advised by counsel you may intend to take the stand and give statements. So as a Defendant facing a penalty determination by a jury, I must instruct you that you have the right to give an unsworn statement in allocution. The right to allocution is limited in scope to express your remorse, apology, chagrin, plead for leniency, and plans or hopes or goals for the future.

You may not address facts and circumstances relating

to guilt or exculpation. And your statements are subject to the court's supervision.

You should -- should you have statements that go beyond that boundaries of what you are permitted to do or not do, you may be subject to corrective action by the court, which could included comments by the court or the prosecutor, and the possibility of opening up the case for cross-examination.

Do you understand these rights and obligations, if you will.

THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.

2.0

THE COURT: Have you discussed that with your client. Again, I'm not trying to go into what you had in your discussions, but did you advise her of her rights.

MR. WHIPPLE: We actually had the Homick case law, which is instruction on allocution. We both reviewed it. She has put together her thoughts. It's a page-and-a-half. She anticipates reading them.

THE COURT: I just wanted to see if there was that discussion.

You are familiar with the case. You are familiar with the boundaries and scope of your testimony. I think we're good to proceed.

Anything further before we bring the jurors back in.

MR. WHIPPLE: Can we approach real quick on one

I would rather have it addressed before --1 issue. 2 THE COURT: Come on up. (Discussion held at the bench.) 3 4 THE COURT: All right. Let's bring in the jurors. Reassuming in the trial 5 of State of Nevada vs. Ivonne Cabrera. Does Ms. Cabrera 6 7 have additional witnesses to call at this time. MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Andres Aguirre. 8 9 THE COURT: If you could, sir, come right 10 through the courtroom. All the way up to the witness 11 Turn to face the clerk. She'll swear you in. THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony 12 13 you are about to give in this action, shall be the truth, 14 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you 15 God. 16 THE WITNESS: I do. 17 THE CLERK: Be seated. State and spell your 18 name for the record. 19 THE WITNESS: Andres Aguirre, A-N-D-R-E-S --2.0 A-G-U-I-R-R-E. THE COURT: Ms. Erickson, whenever you are 21 22 ready. 23 DIRECT EXAMINATION 24 BY MS. ERICKSON: 25 Andres, is Ivonne your mom? Q.

	I		
1		A.	Yes.
2		Q.	How old are you?
3		A.	15.
4		Q.	How old were you when your mom got arrested?
5		A.	10.
6		Q.	You'll need to speak up.
7		A.	10 years old.
8		Q.	What kind of mom was she before she got
9	arres	sted?	
10		A.	Loving, caring. She looked after us, took
11	care	of us.	Helped us with homework.
12		Q.	People can't hear you. Speak up.
13		A.	She took care of us. She was always there for
14	us.	She alv	ways told us to do the right thing, not the
15	bad,	and she	e always gave us advice to be good. All
16	that	•	
17		Q.	While she's been in jail, have you had contact
18	with	her?	
19		A.	Yeah.
20		Q.	How?
21		A.	Go visit her, or she'll call on the phone.
22		Q.	When you talk about visiting her, how does
23	that	work?	
24		A.	We go and there is a computer screen and we
25	talk	on the	phone.

1	Q.	So it is not in the same room?
2	А.	No.
3	Q.	It's basically a video monitor and a phone?
4	А.	Yes.
5	Q.	Okay.
6	Have	you been having some trouble lately?
7	Α.	Yes.
8	Q.	What is going on?
9	Α.	I've been getting in trouble.
10	Q.	What kind of trouble?
11	Α.	Doing bad things.
12	Q.	Are you on house arrest?
13	Α.	Yeah.
14	Q.	Why is this going on with you?
15	Α.	Um
16	Q.	Is it hard for you to talk about?
17	Α.	Yeah.
18	Q.	Did anyone make you come and testify?
19	Α.	No.
20	Q.	Did I tell you you didn't have to?
21	Α.	Yes.
22	Q.	Did you choose to do this?
23	Α.	Yes.
24	Q.	Why?
25	Α.	Because I love my mom. Because I love my mom

and I want her -- I want her -- I want to be with her and 1 2 have a great future with my mom and my little brother and my family. 3 4 Ο. That will be important to you? Yeah. 5 Α. Is it important to everyone in your extended 6 Q. 7 family? 8 Α. Yes. 9 Is there anything else you want the jury to Q. 10 know? 11 Α. No. 12 MS. ERICKSON: Thank you. 13 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Aguirre. You can 14 take your seat. 15 Your next witness, Ms. Erickson. 16 MS. ERICKSON: Erick Aquirre. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Aguirre, when you reach the 18 witness stand, my clerk will swear you in. 19 THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony you are about to give in this action, shall be the truth, 20 21 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you 22 God. 23 THE WITNESS: I do. 24 THE CLERK: Be seated. State and spell your 25 name for the record.

1 THE WITNESS: Erick Aguirre, E-R-I-C-K, 2 A-G-U-I-R-R-E. 3 THE COURT: When you are ready. 4 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. ERICKSON: 5 6 Q. How old are you, Erick? 7 14. Α. 8 Ο. What grade are you in school? 9 8th grade. Α. 10 How old were you when your mom got arrested? Q. 11 Α. I was 7. 7? 12 Q. 13 Yeah. Α. You have good memories of your mom? 14 Ο. 15 Α. Yes. Tell the jury something about that. 16 Ο. 17 One memory I had was when I first went to Α. 18 Disneyland with my mom. I was scared of going on any 19 rides. I was going on the roller coaster, and I was really scared. My mom told me to be strong. When we took 2.0 the ride on the roller coaster, I'm not scared anymore. 21 22 like to ride now. Just because of my mom. 23 Ο. Since she has been arrested have you been able 24 to talk to her? 25 Α. Yes.

1		Q.	Your brother just testified it was through
2	vide	o visit	s?
3		A.	Yes.
4		Q.	Have you been able to hug your mom in the last
5	5-an	d-a-hal	f years?
6		Α.	I talk to her a lot on the phone video
7	chat	•	
8		Q.	But no personal contact?
9		A.	No.
10		Q.	Does she call often?
11		A.	Yes.
12		Q.	How often?
13		A.	Once a day, or once in two days.
14		Q.	You get to talk to her?
15		Α.	Yes.
16		Q.	What do you talk about?
17		Α.	I'm telling her I'm doing way better in school
18	now.	I'm t	rying to change my ways and not be bad no
19	more	•	
20		Q.	You are not a bad boy. Does your mom tell
21	you,	you're	not a bad boy?
22		A.	Yes.
23		Q.	Does it help you feel better about yourself?
24		A.	Yes.
25		Q.	Do you need to talk to her as a parent?

1 Α. Yes. 2 And why? Ο. I'm in a rough place right now. Every time my 3 Α. mom talks to me I feel way better. And I like that she 4 5 doesn't give up. She always talks to me. She tells me to stay strong and everything will be good for you. 6 And that 7 helps me a lot. 8 Ο. I'm going to ask you the same question I asked 9 your brother. Did anyone make you come up here? 10 Α. No. 11 Did I tell you you didn't have to and there Ο. would be nothing wrong with that? 12 13 Α. Yes. 14 Why are you here? 15 I haven't given up on my mom. I love her, and Α. 16 I want her to be with me. When I do everything, I want her to be proud and see what I'm doing to change. Because 17 18 every time I do something good, my mom always gets happy. 19 I like seeing her happy. I never like it when she's 2.0 crying about us, not doing what we have to do. 21 MS. ERICKSON: Thank you, Erick. 22 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Aguirre. You may 23 take your seat. 24 Your next witness. 25 Susy Cabrera. MS. ERICKSON:

THE COURT: Come up to the stand and face my 1 2 clerk, and she will swear you in. 3 THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony 4 you are about to give in this action, shall be the truth, 5 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you 6 God. 7 I do. THE WITNESS: 8 THE CLERK: Be seated. State and spell your 9 name for the record. 10 THE WITNESS: Susy Cabrera, S-u-s-y. 11 THE COURT: When you are ready. 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MS. ERICKSON: 14 Ο. Susy, are you related to Ivonne? 15 Α. Yes, I am. 16 Ο. How are you related? She's my sister. 17 Α. 18 Is she the oldest? Q. 19 Second oldest. Α. 2.0 Ο. Miguel is the oldest? 21 Α. Yes. How much older is she than you? 22 Q. 23 Maybe like 8 years, I think. Α. 24 So when you were growing up and were 7, 8, 9, Q. was Ivonne living in the home with you and your family? 25

1	A. I think at that age she was still living at
2	home with us. She was.
3	Q. Did there come a time when she moved out?
4	A. Yes. She moved out when she got married.
5	Q. Who did she get married to?
6	A. She got married to Celso.
7	Q. What is Celso's last name?
8	A. Aguirre.
9	Q. Did you spend time with Ivonne and Celso?
L O	A. Yes, I did.
L1	Q. Why?
L2	A. On summer vacation during my middle school
L3	years I used to stay with her in her where they used to
L 4	live. I'd stay 2 or 3 months with her.
L5	Q. Who would be living in the house or was it
L6	a trailer?
L7	A. It was a trailer park. At the time Ivonne was
L8	there. It was Ivonne and Celso, and they only had Andres.
L9	Q. Erick wasn't born yet?
20	A. He wasn't born yet.
21	Q. Why did you spend the summers with Ivonne and
22	Celso?
23	A. I loved being with my sister. I'd always ask
24	my mom can I go stay with her. So she let me stay with
25	her during the summer. I would go and stay with her in

her house at the trailer park.

- Q. Why did you love being with her?
- A. Because I feel like she always -- I don't know. She always motivated me. She always told me to do this, do that.
- Q. Because she was always -- was she making you do things?
- A. No. I always wanted to spend time with her. I looked up to her. She would always guide me in school and with homework, and during sports. Cause when she was in high school she was in sports. She used to play basketball. So she used to always set me up in different sports to try to do the same thing with her. It was nice to have that experience with her.

I feel like she was -- she was like a second mom to me.

- Q. What was Ivonne and Celso's relationship like?
- A. I felt like -- now that I'm older and I see it, I feel like before it was good and bad.
 - Q. Why was it good?
- A. We had good times together. Sometimes we used to play. We used to all get along and play together. We used to always play board games.

25 So we used to play board games and we used to spend

time together and just hang out all day with my sister and her husband.

- Q. You said there were bad times. What were those?
- A. The bad times was when my sister, like she used to make food for him and something was wrong in the food. He would grab the food and throw it in the wall.

 Just like he would literally -- he would be so angry that the food didn't come out the way he wanted it to come out, he would literally throw the food on the floor, grab her by her arm and take her to the room.
 - O. Which room?

2.0

A. To the bedroom.

I'll stay in the living room and just hear everything. And just get her son and just wait outside, because I didn't want to hear nothing. I'd go outside and not hear anything.

Then she would come out and she would just tell me everything is okay. Don't worry. So that's what I mean, sometimes we had good times, sometimes we had bad times. Depending on the attitude or reaction that her husband was going to get that day.

- Q. In one summertime, how many times did Celso lose his temper?
 - A. I think it was like 3 times a month.

1 Q. 3 times a month. You'd be in the living room, not in the bedroom? 2 Α. Yeah. 3 4 Ο. What did you hear? 5 I would hear, like, my sister they just --Α. 6 both of them yelling. I would hear banging on the wall. 7 She would come out and her hair would be all messed up, 8 and would be, like, everything will be okay. Don't tell 9 Everything will be okay. 10 Was everything okay? Q. 11 Α. I don't think it was okay. 12 Q. Why don't you think so? 13 Because I feel like that's not normal. That's Α. 14 not what women like to go through. I know something 15 wasn't right. I didn't know how to deal with it at that 16 time, because I was younger. 17 Ivonne would say don't tell mom and dad? Q. 18 Yeah. Α. 19 Ο. Why? Just for them not to worry. 2.0 Α. 21 Q. It was important for mom and dad not to worry about her? 22 23 Α. She didn't want to worry no one. 24 Q. Did that happen every summer you stayed 25 there?

1 Α. I stayed there two summers. It happened those 2 two summers. As an adult and you look back on it, how would 3 0. 4 you describe Celso's behavior? 5 Α. I think he had anger issues. He really did. For the simplest thing he would get mad. 6 7 Especially like when he didn't have money. That was his 8 big thing. He'd get very physical in a matter of, like, 9 pulling her to the room and just -- I don't know what 10 would go on there. I would stay in the living room. Ιt 11 was basically because of money, and -- I don't know what else, honestly. 12 MS. ERICKSON: 13 Thank you. 14 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Cabrera. You may 15 step down. You may return to your seat. Please mind your 16 step. 17 Sheila Russell. MS. ERICKSON: 18 THE COURT: Come up to the witness stand. Face 19 my clerk, and she will swear you in. THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony 2.0 21 you are about to give in this action, shall be the truth, 22 the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you 23 God. 24 I do. THE WITNESS: 25 THE CLERK: Be seated. State and spell your

1	name for the record.
2	THE WITNESS: Sheila Russell, S-h-e-i-l-a
3	R-u-s-s-e-l-l.
4	THE COURT: When you are ready, Ms. Erickson.
5	DIRECT EXAMINATION
6	BY MS. ERICKSON:
7	Q. Do you know Ivonne Cabrera?
8	A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. How long have you known her?
L O	A. Almost 15 years.
L1	Q. Where did you meet her?
L2	A. Through a mutual friend. We become really
L3	close friends right along.
L 4	Q. You met through a mutual friend. How did that
L 5	occur?
L6	A. They'd come over to my house. They used to
L7	come over to my house all the time and sit and talk.
L8	Q. You mentioned your house. Where is that?
L9	A. It's in North Las Vegas 1927 Bassler.
20	Q. That's your house. And do you own that
21	house?
22	A. Yes, I do.
23	Q. Does your mom own it too?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. Is your mom here in court?

She is. Her name is Loleta. 1 Α. 2 So you say you met Ivonne and you became Ο. 3 friends. 4 Α. Yes. 5 Can you tell the ladies and gentlemen what Ο. 6 kind of friend was she? 7 She is a good friend. If I needed advice or if I had problems with my boyfriend, she would always be 8 9 somebody I could go and talk to and ask how come this is 10 happening, or why is this happening. Ivonne would always 11 give me good advice every time I ever asked her with my 12 relationships. 13 Q. So when you say every time you asked her, what 14 other then -- were there specific things that you would --15 Α. Just boyfriend/girlfriend things. Like 16 fighting or other girls being around. Just typical --17 Relationships. Q. 18 Yes. Α. 19 During the time that you knew Ivonne, did she Ο. have a meth habit? 2.0 21 Α. Yes. Did you have one? 22 Q. 23 Α. Yes. 24 When did you start using meth? Q. 25 Probably 16. Α.

1	Q.	So when you met Ivonne, you had a pretty good
2	habit?	
3	Α.	It was a habit, not
4	Q.	Not a bad one. It did guess worse?
5	А.	Excuse me.
6	Q.	Did it get worse?
7	А.	No.
8	Q.	Were you living in the Bassler house in April
9	of 2012?	
10	Α.	April 2012 I was just going into rehab.
11	Q.	Where did you go into rehab?
12	А.	Salvation Army. It was court ordered.
13	Q.	When is the first time you went to rehab?
14	When did yo	u go?
15	А.	The year was before that.
16	Q.	So that would be 2011?
17	А.	Yes.
18	Q.	Did it work?
19	А.	The first time, no. The first time I was
20	ordered by	the court. The second time, I went for me. The
21	second time	I got it.
22	Q.	You are clean and sober today?
23	Α.	Yes, I am.
24	Q.	Can you describe Ivonne's personality?
25	Α.	Very bubbly, outgoing, very witty, very happy,

always talking about her kids every chance she got, always says something about her boys.

- Q. What would you say was the most important thing in her life?
 - A. Her boys.
 - Q. You say she was bubbly. She was working?
- A. Yes.

She was working in cabinetry, putting in cabinets, you know, construction-wise. Then we lost contact for a while and she got back in contact with me when she was working for the law firm.

- Q. So if you met her 10 to 15 -- 10 to 15 or --
- A. Almost 14 years ago.
- Q. Did there come a time that she was living at Bassler with you?
 - A. Yes. Just before I went into rehab the second time.
 - Q. Was there any time in your friendship that you saw Ivonne do kind deeds without getting anything back for it?
 - A. Yeah, there's been many times. Somebody would ask can you take me over here, or will you help me put this up, or can you help me -- you know, something that needed construction-wise, Ivonne would always be there for somebody if they needed help. She would automatically go

help them, not expecting anything for it. We use to call 1 2 it pay forward, to help people out. When you say pay forward, what does that 3 Ο. 4 mean? 5 That means you do something without getting Α. anything back for it. 6 7 How often did you see Ivonne doing these kinds of things? 8 9 All the time. She would always have somebody Α. 10 with her that she was going to help. 11 Ο. Was there a time when she helped a little 12 girl? 13 There was a 3 year old wondering around Α. Yes. the streets and she went and asked the little girl where's 14 15 your family. The little girl didn't say anything, so 16 Ivonne picked her up and went to help find her familiar for her. 17 18 So she walked the neighborhood? 0. 19 We walked the neighborhood. We knocked Α. 20 door-to-door. Just trying to find the family. Were you able to find it? 21 Q. 22 Α. Yes. 23 Bet they were happy? Ο. 24 Yes. Α. 25 How old did you think the little girl was?

Q.

1	A. 3.
2	Q. How far away from home was she?
3	A. Not far.
4	Q. Was anyone out looking for her?
5	A. No.
6	Q. How would you describe Ivonne. As a leader or
7	a follower?
8	A. She's a follower. She's never a leader.
9	Q. Why would you say that?
10	A. Because she would always go and help people
11	that needed help. She wouldn't conjure up anything, or
12	say, hey, come help me do this. She'd say, let me help
13	you do this. She's just a follower, not a leader.
14	Q. Did you ever see her telling somebody what to
15	do and how to do it and what they should be doing?
16	A. No.
17	Q. Ever?
18	A. Never.
19	Q. Would you say that you have a good
20	understanding of Ivonne?
21	A. Yes.
22	Q. Why do you say that?
23	A. She's a very good friend. We're very close.
24	When we did have contact with each other, she was very
25	close with me. My house would be the place to come to get

her head straight or if she needed some place to go think. She could come to my house. I'd give her the keys and she could go lay down, get some sleep.

- Q. Any time she'd help people, by asking you to let them stay at the house or get groceries. Any of those things?
- A. There's been a couple times she asked me if I could let somebody stay there a week or so. And I did.
 - Q. Why would she ask you that?
- A. Because my house is -- we call it a safe house.
- O. What does that mean.

- A. It means people having problems with girlfriends or boyfriend or something like that, they'd always come to me. And they couldn't get past me to get to people that they were trying to get in touch with.
- Q. Okay. Anything you think the jury should know about Ivonne that you haven't told them?
- A. This is not the Ivonne I have ever known. She is always somebody close to my heart. She has always been there for me when I needed a shoulder to cry on, if I needed somebody to talk to, she'd be there and help me through. There have been many times I couldn't go to my family, but she'd help me with my problems.

MS. ERICKSON: Thank you, very much, Sheila.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Russell. 1 There are no further questions. Please mind your 2 3 step. 4 Your next witness, Ms. Erickson. MS. ERICKSON: Maria Cabrera -- we need an 5 interpreter. 6 7 THE COURT: We did arrange to have someone here. 8 MS. ERICKSON: I apologize. This will be my 9 last witness. 10 THE COURT: We anticipated we would need one 11 this afternoon. She was aware of it. She may have gotten 12 tied up. 13 MS. ERICKSON: Judge, if we can approach the bench while we wait. 14 15 THE COURT: Sure. (Discussion held at the bench.) 16 THE COURT: We do understand the interpreter is 17 18 in route. Ms. Erickson, you had a document you wanted to 19 discuss. 2.0 MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Judge. I would be moving for admission of JJ, which are the 21 22 criminal complaints, State of Nevada vs. Celso Aguirre, 23 charged with assault with a deadly weapon. Battery 24 constituting domestic violence. The victim was Ivonne 25 Cabrera. It contains the arrest report, the criminal --

the criminal complaint, the arrest report, the justice court minutes, the guilty plea agreement, and the warrant. They still exist in the case.

THE, COURT: Without objection from the State, the court will admit JJ.

Is that it.

2.0

MR. DIGIACOMO: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: There was a prior exhibit admitted as triple O, but we had not yet marked a triple O. It was a double O.

Until we can get an interpreter -- I'm sure we can have a brief break, and she'll probably come then. We might as well do it and see if that works.

JURY ADMONITION

During the recess, ladies and gentlemen, you are admonished not to converse among yourselves or with anyone else, including, without limitation, the lawyers, parties and witnesses, on any subject connected with this trial, or any other case referred to during it, or read, watch, or listen to any report of or commentary on the trial, or any person connected with this trial, or any such other case by any medium of information including, without limitation, newspapers, television, internet or radio.

You are further admonished not to form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this trial until the

case is finally submitted to you. 1 Sorry for the quick turnaround for the break, but see 2 you back in 5 to 10 minutes, while we get the interpreter. 3 4 (Brief recess taken.) 5 THE COURT: We do have our interpreter now 6 present. Ms. Erickson, the witness you intended to call, 7 gain, please. 8 MS. ERICKSON: Maria Cabrera. THE COURT: Maria Cabrera. 9 10 Ms. Cabrera, please come to the witness stand. When 11 you reach the stand, stand behind the chair. 12 We'll need to swear the interpreter first. 13 THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear you will 14 interpret from Spanish into English and from English into 15 Spanish the questions and answers propounded by counsel to 16 the witness to the best of your ability so help you God. 17 THE WITNESS: I do. 18 THE CLERK: State your name and spell it for the 19 record. 2.0 THE WITNESS: Noell Tatton -- N-O-E-L-L, T-A-T-T-O-N. 21 THE CLERK: Thank you. 22 23 THE COURT: We need to swear the witness now. 24 THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony you are about to give in this action, shall be the truth, 25

the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you 1 2 God. 3 THE WITNESS: I do. 4 THE CLERK: Be seated. State and spell your name for the record. 5 6 THE WITNESS: Maria Cabrera -- M-a-r-i-a. 7 THE COURT: Whenever you are ready, Ms. Erickson. 8 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION 10 BY MS. ERICKSON: 11 Ο. Ms. Cabrera, may I call you Maria? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Where were you born? Q. 14 In Durango, Mexico. I was raised in Α. 15 Sinaloa. 16 Ο. Is there a nickname for people who come from Sinaloa? 17 18 Α. Chinola. 19 For boys and girls, men and women? Ο. Claris -- young people. 20 Α. Ivonne your old daughter? 21 Q. I have my son Miguel. He is first. 22 Α. She is 23 second. 24 MS. ERICKSON: May I approach, Judge. 25 THE COURT: You may.

BY MS. ERICKSON: 1 2 I'm showing you some pictures that have been marked as Defendant's Exhibits XX through ZZ. And then 3 4 AAA through EEE -- GGG, HHH -- VV and NN. 5 Look through the photographs and when you are finished tell me if you recognize the people in them. 6 7 Without telling me who they are. 8 Do you recognize them? 9 I recognize every one. Α. 10 MS. ERICKSON: Move for the admission of -- do 11 you want me to read them again. 12 THE COURT: They were not in consecutive order. 13 I did have that we had XX through ZZ. Those are 14 admitted. 15 Then we had triple A through triple H. That will be admitted. 16 I thought you indicated some others out of order. 17 18 MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Judge -- double B and double 19 Ν. 20 THE COURT: Is that B or V. MS. ERICKSON: Double V as in Victor. Double N 21 22 as in Nancy. 23 THE COURT: I'll admit it. 24 BY MS. ERICKSON: 25 I'm not going to go through all the pictures, Q.

but would it be fair to say that Ivonne is in everyone of 1 those pictures? 2 3 Α. Yes. I think there is one of them that she 4 not in. When did you move to the United States? 5 Ο. 6 Are you talking about from the United States Α. 7 to here or from California. From Sinaloa to California? 8 Ο. 9 I was 18 when I arrived here. Α. 10 How long before you met your husband Raul? Q. A year and a few months. 11 Α. When was your first child born? 12 Q. 13 In Sinaloa. Α. 14 Ο. What year? 15 Α. '78. 16 Ο. That would be Miguel? 17 Yes. Α. 18 I'm showing you what's been admitted as JJ? Q. 19 Α. It's Miguel and Ivonne. It was my daughter's 2.0 birthday. 21 Which birthday was it? Q. Her first one. 22 Α. 23 Ο. She has a cake in front of her. Didn't she get 24 that all over her? 25 Α. No.

I'm showing you what's mark -- been admitted 1 Q. 2 as XX. Who is in that picture? 3 4 Α. That's me and Ivonne. How old was she? 5 Ο. She was about 6 months in that picture. 6 Α. 7 Who is in this photo? Ο. Miquel and Ivonne. 8 Α. 9 How old was Ivonne at that time? Q. She was about 4. 10 Α. 11 Ο. And who is in this photo? 12 Α. Ivonne. 13 How did that picture get taken? Q. In her school. 14 Α. 15 What grade? Ο. 16 Α. 7th -- no, no. I was mistaken. I think she 17 was in second grade. 18 Now, are there people here that are your Q. 19 relatives out in the courtroom -- and I'm not going to be 20 calling to testify? 21 So that they will give testimony? Α. 22 Q. They are just going to watch? 23 Yes, everyone. All those people. Α. 24 So everybody that is in the second row and Q. 25 third row are family members?

1	Α.	Yes.
2	Q.	Is there someone in this picture that is here
3	today?	
4	Α.	Yes, one person.
5	Q.	Who?
6	Α.	Javier Cana, he's right by Ivonne.
7	Q.	Where is he in court?
8	Α.	He is right there.
9	Q.	Thank you.
10	What	is his relationship to you and Ivonne?
11	Α.	He is my brother. He is Ivonne's uncle.
12	Q.	What kind of child was Ivonne?
13	Α.	She was the same as the other girls.
14	Q.	Helpful?
15	Α.	Of course.
16	Q.	When you say of course, why do you say of
17	course?	
18	Α.	Because she would help me.
19	Q.	Did you trust her?
20	Α.	Yes. She is my daughter.
21	Q.	Did she stay at home with Miguel and take care
22	of the other	r kids while you and your husband were at
23	work?	
24	Α.	Yes. Miguel and her were the oldest ones.
25	Q.	So they were responsible for the younger

1 ones? Yes, but only when we had to go to work. 2 Did that continue -- did Ivonne change from 3 0. 4 when she was young to when she graduated from high school? 5 No, she was the same. 6 Α. 7 When you say the same, can you tell the ladies and gentlemen of the jury what kind of daughter was she? 8 9 She was very good, very caring. She always Α. 10 loved to play with the kids, do little jokes with them. 11 She would dance with them. Did there come a time that you learned 12 13 something from Ivonne that happened when she was 7 or 8? 14 Α. She was younger. She was younger. 15 more or less 6 to 7. What did you learn? 16 Ο. 17 She was molested by her uncle. Α. 18 Which uncle? Q. 19 One in Mexico. Α. Your brother? 2.0 Ο. 21 Α. Yes. 22 What did she say happened? Q. 23 Α. That he would touch her, and he would pull out 24 his penis and make her touch it. 25 Did you believe her when she told you that? Q.

Only about 4 months ago. 1 Α. Did you believe her? 2 Ο. Α. 3 Yes. 4 Ο. Why? 5 THE INTERPRETER: May the interpreter request a representation, your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Yes. THE WITNESS: Well, I believed her because I had 8 9 heard through the family that another girl in the family 10 had been molested by him, but that was many years ago. 11 BY MS. ERICKSON: How long did your brother molest Ivonne? 12 Q. 13 I couldn't really tell you how much time. Α. 14 It wasn't just 1 time or 2 or 3? Ο. 15 Well, she only told me that she had been Α. No. 16 molested. She didn't tell me how many times it 17 happened. 18 How is Ivonne's relationship with her boys Q. 19 now? 2.0 Α. Good. Even though they know where she is, 21 they call her every day or she calls them. And they are 22 able to talk. And when we come to visit, we try and bring 23 the kids so she can see the boys, all 5 years she's been 24 in jail. 25 After she is sentenced in this case, will you Q.

still take the boys to see her in prison? 1 2 Always. Do you think it's important for the boys to 3 Ο. 4 have contact with their mom? 5 Yes. She's their mother. She is their Α. mother. And they love her very much. 6 7 Is there anything else you would like to tell 8 the jury about Ivonne today? 9 Well, I could tell you hundreds of stories, Α. 10 but for me, she's always been my little girl. 11 MS. ERICKSON: Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Cabrera. 12 13 testimony is complete. You may step down. 14 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 15 THE COURT: Mind your step. 16 I don't believe there are any others that will need 17 your services. 18 THE INTERPRETER: Thank you. 19 THE COURT: Any further witnesses. 2.0 MS. ERICKSON: Ms. Cabrera is going make a 21 statement. 22 THE COURT: All right. 23 MR. WHIPPLE: Court's indulgence, your Honor. THE COURT: Yes. 24 25 MR. WHIPPLE: With the court's permission, I

will accompany Ms. Cabrera to the stand.

2.0

THE COURT: Please.

When you are ready, Ms. Cabrera.

THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon to everyone. I want to thank you guys for taking the time. Yesterday I saw the pain in the eyes of the families of James Headrick and Erik Quezada. I want you all to know that I feel the pain. I am sorry that this ever happened, and I have never wanted to bring pain or harm to anyone's life.

This process has been very difficult, but I accept your verdict you gave on Tuesday. As you made judgment upon me, I would like you to know a little about me.

I am a proud mother of two boys. I love my boys with all my heart. And my biggest loss is knowing that I am never -- I'll never be able -- I can never be a part of their lives like I would hope for. I love my family, and I thank them for always being there for me, even in tough times.

I am a hopeful person. I try to always improve myself. Even in prison, I will always try to improve who I am.

That's it. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Cabrera. When you are ready you may take your seat. May I have counsel at the bench just briefly.

(Discussion held at the bench.)

2.0

THE COURT: Ms. Erickson, with the clarification on the one exhibit, you had decided not to introduce, have you completed you witnesses and your exhibits.

MS. ERICKSON: Yes, Judge. And the defense would rest.

THE COURT: We have now received the evidence intended to be put on by the State, as well as the Defendant in this case. It is now time for the court to instruct the jurors as to the instructions that apply to this phase of the trial.

Some of these instructions you are going to hear are going to sound familiar to the ones you heard previously as you hear them.

You will, as before, have a copy set of these instructions when you go to deliberate. So you do not need to, other then what you need and feel comfortable and want to take notes, you will have your copy set of instructions. You will then hear from counsel, and you will then begin your deliberation on this phase of the trial.

Ladies and Gentlemen of the jury, it is my duty as judge to instruct you in the law that applies in the case. It is your duty as jurors to follow these instructions and to apply the rules of law to the facts as you find them

from the evidence.

2.0

You must not be concerned with the wisdom of any rule of law stated in these instructions. Regardless of any opinion you may have as to what the law ought to be, it would be a violation of your oath to base a verdict upon on other view of the law then that given in the instruction of the court.

If in these instructions any rule, direction, or idea is repeated or stated in different ways no emphasis thereon is intended by me and none may be inferred by you. For that reason you not to single out any certain sentence or any individual point or instruction and ignore the others. But you are to consider all the instructions as a whole and regard each in the light of all the others.

The trial jury shall fix the punishment for every person who is convicted of murder in the first degree. The jury shall fix the punishment at (1), a definite term of 50 years, with eligibility of parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served, or (2), life imprisonment, with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years is served, or (3), life imprisonment, without the possibility of parole, which means exactly what is says, that the Defendant shall not be eligible for parole, or (4), death.

A prison term of 50 years, eligibility of parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served does not mean the Defendant would be paroled after 20 years, but only that she would be eligible for parole after that period of time.

Life imprisonment, with the possibility of parole is a sentence to life imprisonment which provides that the Defendant would be eligible for parole after a period of 20 years. This does not mean that she would be paroled after 20 years, but only that she would be eligible for parole after that period of time.

Life imprisonment, without the possibility of parole means exactly what it says. That the Defendant shall not be eligible for parole. If you sentence the Defendant to death, you must assume the sentence will be carried out.

In the penalty hearing evidence may be presented concerning aggravating and mitigating circumstances relative to the defense and any other evidence that bears on the Defendant's character. Hearsay is admissible in a penalty hearing.

The jury must find an existence of each aggravating circumstance, if any, unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt. The jurors need not find mitigating circumstances unanimously. In determining the appropriate sentence, each juror must consider any mitigating circumstance,

circumstances which that juror finds.

The jury may impose a sentence of death only if (1), the jurors find unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt that at least one aggravating circumstance exist. Each and every juror determines that the mitigating circumstance, circumstances, if any, which he or she found do not outweigh the aggravating circumstance, circumstance, circumstances. And (3), if jurors determine that in their discretion a sentence of death is appropriate.

In deciding on an appropriate sentence for the Defendant you will consider 3 types of evidence; evidence relevant to the existence of aggravating circumstances, evidence relevant to the existence of mitigating circumstances, and other evidence presented against the Defendant.

You must consider each type of evidence for its appropriate purpose. In determining unanimously whether any aggravating circumstance had been proven beyond a reasonable doubt, you are consider only evidence relevant to that aggravating circumstance. You are not to consider other evidence against the Defendant.

In determining individually if any mitigating circumstance exists, you are to consider only evidence relevant to that mitigating circumstance. You are not to consider other evidence presented against the Defendant.

In determining individually whether any mitigating circumstance outweigh any aggravating circumstances, you are to consider only evidence relevant to any mitigating and aggravating circumstances. You are not to consider other evidence presented against the Defendant.

2.0

If you find unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt that at least one aggravating circumstance exists and each of you determine that any mitigating circumstances do not outweigh the aggravating, the Defendant is eligible for a death sentence. At that point you are to consider all 3 types of evidence, and you still have the discretion to impose a sentence less then death. You must decide on a sentence unanimously.

If you do not decide unanimously that at least one aggravating circumstance has been proven beyond a reasonable doubt, or if at least one of you determines that the mitigating circumstance outweighs the aggravating, the Defendant is not eligible for a death sentence.

Upon determining that the Defendant is not eligible for death, you are to consider all 3 types of evidence in determining a sentence other then death. And you must decide on such a sentence unanimously.

The law does not require the jury to impose the death penalty under any circumstances, even when the aggravating

circumstances outweigh is mitigating circumstances. Nor is the Defendant required to establish any mitigating circumstances in order to be sentenced to less than death.

2.0

You are instructed that the following factors are circumstances by which murder of the first degree may be aggravated.

- (1), the Defendant has in the immediate proceeding been convicted of more than one offence of murder in the first or second degree.
- (2), the murder was committed by a person who at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for murder is or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence upon the person of another. A person shall be deemed to have been convicted at the time the jury verdict of guilty is rendered.
- (3), the murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a risk, great risk of death, to more than one person by means of a weapon, device, or course of action which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person.
- (4) the murder was committed while the person was engaged alone or with others in the commission of a burglary, and the person charged killed or attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know

that life would be taken or lethal force used.

2.0

Mitigating circumstances are those factors which, while they do not constitute a legal justification or excuse for the commission of the offence in question, may be considered in the estimation of the jury in fairness and mercy as extenuating or reducing the degree of the Defendant's moral culpability.

You must consider any aspect of the Defendant's character or record and any other circumstances of the offense the Defendant proffers as a basis for a sentence less then death. In balancing aggravating and mitigating circumstances it is not the mere number of aggravating circumstances or mitigating circumstances that controls.

In determining whether mitigating circumstances exist jurors have an obligation to make an independent and objective analysis of all the relevant evidence.

Arguments of counsel or a party do not relieve jurors of this responsibility. Jurors must consider the totality of the circumstances of the crime and the Defendant as established by the evidence presented in the guilt and penalty phase of the trial. Neither the prosecution nor the Defendant's insistence on the existence or non-existence of mitigating circumstances is binding upon the jurors.

Murder of the first degree may be mitigated by any of

the follow circumstances, even though the mitigating 1 circumstance is not sufficient to constitute a defense or 2 reduce the degree of murder. 3 4 1, devoted mother to her two sons, Andres and Erick. 5 2, caring and responsible daughter, sister, and 6 7 relative to extended family. 3, trusted and dedicated employee prior to the 2011 8 car accident. 9 10 4, engaged in acts of kindness prior to and after 11 arrest. 5, endured threats and acts of domestic violence at 12 13 the hands of her husband, Celso Aguirre. 14 6, molested by an uncle while a young girl. 15 7, limited criminal history. 8, addiction to opioid prescription medication as a 16 result of the 2011 car accident. 17 9, history of addiction to methamphetamine. 18 19 10, no indicia of future of dangerousness. 2.0 11, desire of her family to maintain a close relationship in the future. 21 12, not the killer -- not the actual killer. 22 23 13, acceptance of responsibility and remorse. 24 14, any other mitigating circumstance.

A reasonable doubt is one based on reason. It is not

25

mere possible doubt, but such a doubt as would govern or control a person in the more weighty affairs of life. If the minds of the jurors, after the entire comparison and consideration of all the evidence, are in such a condition that they feel an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, there is not a reasonable doubt. Doubt to be reasonable must be actual, not mere possibility or speculation.

2.0

The jury is instructed that in determining the appropriate penalty to be imposed in this case that it may consider all evidence introduced and instructions given at both the penalty phase hearing of these proceedings and the trial of this matter.

In your deliberation you may not discuss or consider the subject of whether the Defendant is guilty or not guilty, as that issue has already been decided. Your duty is confined to a determination of the punishment to be imposed.

The credibility or believability of a witness should be determined by his or her manner upon the stand, his or her relationship to the parties, his or her fears, motives, interests or feelings, his or her opportunity to have observed the matters in which he or she testified, the reasonableness of his or her statement, and the strength or weakness of his or her recollections.

If you believe that a witness has lied about any material fact in the case, you may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his or her testimony which is not proved by other evidence.

2.0

Although you are to consider only the evidence in the case in reaching a verdict, you must bring to the consideration of the evidence your everyday common sense and judgment as reasonable men and women. Thus you are not limited solely to what you see and hear as the witnesses testify. You may draw reasonable inferences from the evidence which you feel are justified in the light of common experience, keeping in mind that such inferences should not be based on speculation or guess. A verdict may never be influenced by sympathy, prejudice, or public opinion. Your decision should be the product of sincere judgment and sound discretion in accordance with these rules of law.

During your deliberation you will have all the exhibits which were admitted into evidence, these instructions and forms of verdict which have been prepared for your convenience. The ultimate sentence you decide to impose must be unanimous. When you have agreed upon the ultimate sentence to be imposed and completed your verdict, they should is be signed and dated by your foreperson.

The court has submitted a verdict form which is designed to reflect your findings with respect to the presence or absence and weight to be given in any aggravating circumstance and any mitigating circumstance, as well as your ultimate decision regarding penalty.

Now you will listen to the arguments of counsel who will endeavor to aid you in reaching a proper verdict, by refreshing in your minds the evidence and by showing the application of the law. Whatever counsel may say, you will bear in mind it is your duty to be governed in your deliberations by the evidence as you understand and remember it to be, and by the law as given to you in these instructions. With the sole fixed and steadfast purpose of doing equal and exact justice between the Defendant and the State of Nevada.

I will sign and date these instructions today and you will have your copy set in your deliberation room.

At this time I will invite the State to make closing argument.

MS. WONG: Thank you.

CLOSING STATEMENT

BY MS. WONG:

2.0

Ladies and gentlemen, it was the action of

Ivonne Cabrera on April 26th of 2012 that brought us here
today. Two days ago you found the Defendant guilty for

the murder of James Headrick and Erik Morales, and the attempted murder of Ashley Wantland and Melissa Marin.

Now you must decide what punishment the Defendant deserves for her crimes.

I know it is not an easy decision and is probably one of the hardest decisions you'll have to make. All that we ask of you is to do justice in this case. In fact, it is your duty to do equal and exact justice between the Defendant and the State of Nevada.

In a death penalty case there are two questions you have to answer before you can reach a verdict. The first one is can you consider the death penalty. Is that even an option. And the second question is what is the appropriate sentence. Basically there are a few things that need to occur before you consider death as an option.

First, the jurors must find unanimously, beyond a reasonable doubt, that one aggravating circumstance exists.

Two, each and every juror determines the mitigating circumstances, if any, which he or she has found do not outweigh the aggravating circumstance or circumstances.

And finally the jury just unanimously decide that death is actually the appropriate sentence.

I'm actually going to walk you through the analysis.

I'm also going to reference the special verdict form that

you're going to fill out. You haven't seen it yet, but it can be a little intimidating, and it's going to be a little lengthy. There's a lot of boxes for you to check and depending on what box you check you go to a different section of the verdict form. I want to be able to guide you so that you know what appropriate boxes to check, depending on what your findings are in the case.

Let's talk about the first step, which is you have to unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt find that at least one aggravating circumstance exists. So here you go to the special verdict -- basically this is the first part of it. Here you see Count (3), murder with use of a deadly weapon. In parentheses, James Headrick. We're only going to go through the verdict form pertaining to James, but you are going to actually repeat this process and do your same analysis for Erick because there are two murders in this case.

Under Section 1, aggravating circumstances -- and the State has listed 5 of them. Ladies and gentlemen, by virtue of your guilty verdict alone you have essentially found that these aggravating circumstances exist.

For example, first one is the Defendant has in the immediate proceedings been convicted of more than one offense of murder in the first or second degree. We have already convicted the Defendant for first degree murder of

James and Erick. So that aggravating circumstance has been proven.

The second one and the third one, they're actually the same kind of aggravating circumstances, they just pertain to different victims.

Number two, the murder was convicted by a person who at any time before a penalty hearing is convicted for the murder is or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another, to wit, in this case attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon as alleged in Count (4), against Ashley Wantland.

And number three, it's the same thing, but that is
Melissa Marin. Finding the Defendant guilty of attempted
murder of Ashley Wantland and Melissa Marin, you've
already found these aggravating circumstances exist.

Number four, now this -- let me read it to you first. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device, or course of action that normally would be hazardous to the life of more than one person.

This is actually the only aggravating circumstance whereby if somebody who knew nothing about this case, looked at your verdict form, would not be able to tell right off the bat by looking at the four corners of that verdict form, whether or not this was actually met. But

look at the facts and circumstances of this case, ladies and gentlemen.

2.0

When the Defendant and Smoky broke into the victims' apartment, those victims were probably in their most vulnerable state. They were asleep in their bed. Ashley and Melissa were actually shot in their bed. James and Erick were shot without shirts on. They only had shorts. These people were shot in their bed, in an enclosed space. They had no where to run. They had no time to defend themselves. They were sitting ducks.

So here the Defendant absolutely, by bringing Smoky into that apartment and open fire in that bedroom, that absolutely created great risk of death to everybody inside that apartment that day.

Then number five, the murder was comitted while the person was engaged alone or with others in the commission of a burglary, and the person charged killed or attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know that life would be taken or lethal force used. Burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon as alleged in Count (2) of the amended information.

Ladies and gentlemen, you already found the Defendant guilty of felony murder. You found her guilty of burglary. You found her guilty of first degree, willful, premeditated murder. You found all those, so in essence

you've already found that this aggravating circumstance as well.

So once you find unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt that at least one aggravator exists -- in this case, we have 5 -- you then go to a second step of your analysis, which is now each and everyone of you must determine that the mitigating circumstances in this case do not outweigh the aggravating circumstances. This is not a numbers game. It's not which side has one more number wins.

For example, one aggravator can outweigh a hundred mitigators. And vice versa. One mitigator can outweigh a hundred aggravators. You decide how much weight to each mitigator and each aggravator, and then you conduct that balancing test to see whether the aggravators outweigh the mitigators or which mitigators outweigh the aggravators.

Now, mitigating circumstances are those factors while they do not constitute a legal justification or excuse for the commission of the offence in question, it may be considered in estimation of the jury in fairness and mercy and extenuating or reducing the degree of the Defendant's moral culpability. Basically, mitigators can be anything you want it to be, if you believe that that thing reduces the Defendant's moral culpability. So if you believe that Defendant having brown hair is a mitigating factor,

because it reduces her moral culpability, you can list that as a mitigator. And unlike finding of aggravators, you don't have to be unanimous in finding mitigating circumstances. If one of you believes that that is a mitigator, you can consider that as a mitigating circumstance.

The defense has listed, I think, 13 mitigating circumstances in this case. The fact she's a devoted mother, caring and responsible daughter, trusted and dedicated employee, engaged in acts of kindness, endured threats and acts of domestic violence, molested by an uncle, limited criminal history, addiction to prescription medication, history of meth addiction, no indicia of dangerousness, desire for family to maintain a close relationship, not the killer, and accepting responsibility and remorse.

So, once we get here to Section 2 now, under the heading of mitigating circumstances, now you must determine if any of the mitigating circumstances that defense has listed exist. And I just said this, but if so much as one of you find that that particular mitigating circumstance exists, one out of 12 of you decides, she is a devoted mother. I consider that a mitigating circumstance. You can check the box as yes, even though only one of you actually believes that. Now, if none of

you believe she is a devoted mother, you check the box, no. And you do that same analysis for all 13 mitigators.

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The thing about mitigating evidence is that you're not bound by what is on that piece of paper. You're not bound by what the defense has offered. If you believe there is something out there, some quality about the Defendant that should be considered as a mitigator that's not listed here, you can actually write that in yourself and consider that as a mitigating circumstance.

Then now, once you do that and find out how many mitigators that you have and what they are, and the number of aggravators you get, you conduct your balancing test.

Now you have to check the box that either says the aggravating circumstances outweigh the mitigating circumstances, or you check the box that says the mitigating circumstances outweigh the aggravating circumstances outweigh the aggravating circumstances.

Just for argument sake, let's say you find that the mitigating circumstances outweigh the aggravating circumstances. Well, in this instance you then go to Section 5 of your verdict form. What you are going to notice is that on Section 5, it will provide you with 3 options for the sentence you can impose, and you are going to notice that death is no longer on the table. If you

find that the mitigators outweigh the aggravators, death is no longer an option.

What you then are left with is life without the possibility of parole, or you are going to have life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility of parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served. So 20 to life.

I believe Ms. Erickson mentioned yesterday that if you were to give life with the possibility of parole, the minimum term the Defendant would serve is 40 years. I think she misspoke. That's not correct. The minimum that she would serve is 20.

Then, of course, there's a definite term of 50 years imprisonment, with eligibility of parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served. So that's 20 to 50 term sentence.

Ladies and gentlemen, I'm fairly confident that you will never actually get to Section 5.

MS. ERICKSON: I'm objecting, personalization.

I'm asking --

THE COURT: I got the basis for the objection. Sustained.

MS. WONG: Ladies and gentlemen let's say, now you -- I don't -- before you get to Section 5, I want to talk about the mitigating circumstances that the defense

mentioned in this case.

2.0

The first one I want to talk about is the fact that she is a devoted mother. Where were her children on April 26, 2012 (sic). If she had been with her children, instead of running around with Smoky breaking into an apartment, none of us would be here today. Her two boys would not have to get up on the stand and shed tears and cry because they miss their mother. If she was truly a devoted mother, she would not be high around her children.

Now, she did say she won't smoke meth in front of her kids, but it's okay to take care of them while you are under the influence. How truly devoted of a mother is she when she's running around on the street, instead of staying home with her kids. She is the one who is to blame for her kids' sadness, for her kids missing their mom, for her kids not behaving in school. That's her fault.

That leads us to the second mitigating circumstance. History of meth addiction. Well, she did that on her own free will. Nobody forced her to do drugs. She claimed she got into a car accident back in 2011, where she then became readdicted to drugs again. Well, who was to blame because she was addicted to drugs in 2008 and started committing crimes and went to prison. Now, she wants the benefit because she's a drug addict, because she does

drugs.

The third one I want to talk about is the fact she's a trusted, dedicated employee. So she got paid for doing her job. This is not charity work. She wants credit for what every single, hard-working man or woman would do every single day.

Finally, the one I want -- the last one I want to talk about. That she endured threats and acts of domestic violence. I see irony written all over this. Here we have a Defendant who self-proclaims she is a victim of domestic violence. Somebody who understands the degradation and the pain that come from having violence inflicted upon you. What does she do She tries to execute 4 people, seconds before she entered their apartment were they are asleep in their bed, and have her victimization somehow reduce her moral culpability. If anything, I think it increases it, because she knows better.

Ladies and gentlemen, at this point I will submit to you that the aggravating circumstance in this case absolutely outweigh the mitigating circumstances.

So now, if you find that, then you get to Section 4, where you now get to decide the sentence. And you have 4 options to choose from -- and death is not an option. Now you have life without the possibility of parole -- 20

years to life -- and now 20 up to 50 years.

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I want to talk about these top two options here -life without the possibility of parole -- sorry -- life with the possibility of parole after 20 years, and definite term of 50 years, and eligibility for parole after 20 years. There is no difference between those two options. Because in both instances the Defendant will serve a minimum of 20 years before she's eligible for parole. The only difference is the length of time that she will be on parole. But in both cases, she will be -could be back out on the streets in 20 years.

MS. ERICKSON: Objection. That's an inappropriate statement about what the law is.

THE COURT: Sustain.

I'll direct the jurors to disregard that last comment.

In either case, she will be eligible MS. WONG: for parole with a minimum of 20 years.

That essentially is the same sentence. It's the most lenient sentence that our system has to offer under these When we think about who is deserving of circumstances. the most lenient sentence, we think of the person who has never been in trouble with the law. The person who up to this points has been a perfectly law abiding citizen. That's not the Defendant.

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Back in 2008, she was on probation for a gross misdemeanor offense, conspiracy to commit larceny. And while she's on probation she then gets convicted of a felony of possession of stolen vehicle, and then goes to prison. She had her second chance at life and then she did this.

By this, I mean she tried to execute 4 people in their homes and successfully killed 2. This Defendant is not deserving of the most lenient sentence our system has to offer. But it is your decision to make, Ladies and Gentlemen. You must decide what justice is in this case. Whatever you decide, the State of Nevada will respect and accept. But when you go back there to deliberate, I just want you to ask yourself, what is justice for James. What is justice for Erick.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Wong.

MR. WHIPPLE: Thanks, your Honor.

CLOSING STATEMENT

20 BY MR. WHIPPLE:

Folks, a couple of things. First of all mitigation is any reason for any one of you to choose a sentence of less then death. It could be unique to each and every one of you. It does not have to be the same. It's what each one of you personally believes. Any reason

for a decision less then death.

Second of all, anyone of you could make a determination that if a mitigation outweighs the aggravation, this doesn't even go to the contemplation of death. Any one of the 12 of you could make a determination that if mitigation outweighs aggravation, then death is off the table. It just takes one person. Okay.

Third, there's no lenient sentence in this case. She is not going to be eligible for parole in 20 years.

You've got weapon enhancements. You've got 2 murders that are 20 years a piece, plus the weapon enhancement. Plus all her other charges you didn't convict her of. There is not a lenient sentence in the book. Justice, justice has been served. You did that on Monday, earlier this week. That's what you did. There is no lenient sentence. You couldn't give a lenient sentence if you wanted to at this point.

So why are we here. We're here because the first thing I started talking to you almost 4 weeks ago. It comes down to Ivonne Cabrera. I hope in this penalty phase you've had an opportunity to see a little bit more of who Ivonne Cabrera is, other then February 26, 2012.

Those are what mitigation is about. She is a caring mother. She does have a family. She does have children.

Those are all important things for you to be aware of.

Each one of those things could be unique to each one of you. I'm not going to talk long. You've been here so long to begin with. I know you all have a conscience. I know you all have been thinking about what the appropriate thing is. I want to clarify a couple of things. Okay.

If you decide to choose the death penalty, there will come a day that Ivonne Cabrera will be led from a cell. She'll be strapped down. There will by a needle put in her arm, against her will. And she will die. That is a fact. That is the power you have in your hands. If you choose that she can never evaluate the possibility of parole, she will die in prison. That's a fact.

If you give her the possibility of parole, there may be a day that she may have hope of being reunited with her family and freedom. She turned 38 years of age on Monday. It's 20 years per murder charge, on top of that, all the enhancements. Plus, the different charges you've already convicted her of. It's a very confusing, complex sentence that the court will make a determination, eventually, potentially, on how all those enhancements apply and the other charges -- whether they will be concurrent or consecutive. Safe to say, it will be decades and decades in the future. There is no lenient sentence in this case.

The decision you make, that credible power that each of one have will be imposed on that woman there with the family behind her. Make no second guesses, your decision will come first. I want to make sure we are clear on that.

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I want to talk about drugs for a second. What is the one common thing we have in this case. It was the drugs. I'm not trying to minimize this case because of the drugs, but that issue is so much larger then any of us, so much larger then Ivonne Cabrera, so much larger then James and Erik. It's a societal problem.

I remember -- I'm going to date myself -- 1981, I was graduating high school. I remember they let us out of class early. All of us were going to run down and see the new president being sworn in. It was Mr. Ronald Reagan. He had this thing about the war on drugs, and how he was going to pour billions and billions of dollars into the war on drugs. It's something they've been fighting forever. And it's larger then any individual. I'm not going to stand up here and say we lost the war on drugs, but you all know that it permeates our society and it's nothing but bad.

I think it is very important to hear or listen and recall the attorney who testified. He talked to you about the Ivonne Cabrera he knew. He told you about what

happened when she got on this Lortab. Is it a reason for avoiding justice or accountability. Absolutely not.

We're not saying that. What I'm saying is it's something you can take into consideration. And because this is so much larger then just Ivonne Cabrera, I think it's something you should be aware of.

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I don't want you to lame Ivonne for the drugs in our community. I know you are not doing that. But in some ways, I think there is that suggestion.

These folks were all on drugs. Both of the gentlemen, during autopsy both of them were under the influence. Without drugs we'd never be here. Without drugs James wouldn't be stealing from Wal-Mart. People make bad decisions. What I'm asking you is to put it in context of who Ivonne Cabrera is. And that's not who she is. That may have been a disease she was effected by, but that's not who she is. And that's not what she wants to be. That's what I wanted to present to you, to say she's more then what the allegations have been.

I'm going to finish up on the issue of the death penalty, because it is such a significant and serious issue. There is the suggestion that my client, her mitigators, don't count. That they are not true mitigators. I'm not going to argue that. That should just be something for each one of you to decide.

Folks, you had the opportunity to see her twice. She did not pull the trigger that caused such harm to those 4 individuals. She's not the actual killer. The remorse you see throughout this trial and the family she lives behind, I'll suggest to you that those 3 things alone, those 3 mitigation factors, outweigh any aggravator. And that death should not even be an issue for you to evaluate.

You have been an amazing group of people. We appreciate your time. I'm asking that you look into your heart and soul and come up with what you think is fair.

Again, I'll I'm going to ask is that you use all of the information you've had during the course of trial.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Whipple.

Ms. Erickson.

CLOSING STATEMENT

18 BY MS. ERICKSON:

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I'm not standing up here and telling you that she is blaming anybody else for her life.

THE COURT: I can't hear you.

MS. ERICKSON: I'm sorry.

I think you can tell that she blames herself for her children's sadness, her parents' devastation, her sisters and brothers, aunts and uncles. She didn't tell you that

she blames anybody, by suggesting what the State wants you to think, that mitigation means nothing. That's just not true.

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Each one of you is a sentencer in this case. Each one of you can look at the witnesses that came today and see the person that is who Ivonne Cabrera was and is. But not on April 26th. She's not telling you that she wasn't the wrong person, the culpable person.

The law allows mitigation. It's a strange concept.

It is not an excuse. I'm not standing here saying this was an accident. I'm not saying that there is a reason why it shouldn't be looked at seriously.

There is a thing called abhorrent behavior.

Abhorrent behavior is something that does not follow the correct or expected course or something that is not typical or normal. The evidence that was presented to you shows you that April 26, 2012, was an abhorrent day,

There is no evidence in this case of Ivonne Cabrera committing any other violent act, ever. Yes, she stole a car. She got probation. She stole another car. No one was hurt. They are crimes. What kind of crimes are they. Crimes that go with being a drug addict.

Some people may not accept that. Some people may think that's not acceptable. In this day and age we know that drug addiction is an illness. And sometimes it takes

you to the wrong place. It doesn't make you not responsible. Of course, not. But it's something you should think about when you decide what an appropriate sentence is in this case.

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One of the things that I think might be important to you is that on about November 3, 2004, the State of Nevada, through the district attorney's office, filed a criminal complaint in this court building. Charging her ex-husband, Celso Aguirre, with coercion, which is precluding her from doing an act that she had the right to do, which was not let her leave the residence.

Assault with a deadly weapon, because he took a knife and was pointing it at her and threatening to kill her.

Battery constituting domestic violence.

An investigation found the charges were based on a police investigation. On November 1, 2004, a police officer by the name of J. Cane arrived at domestic disturbance call. His main contact was with the victim, Ivonne Cabrera, who was crying. She stated that on today's date her husband of 3 years, who resides with her, called her at work stating he was moving out. She went home and after arriving she see's Celso's bags were packed. At that point he becomes agitated and aggressive. He locked the front door of the apartment while standing in the living room and grabbed a large kitchen knife off

the counter and was holding it, point toward her in his right hand. And stated that if she wasn't going to be with him, he was going to make it worthwhile.

Celso was yelling at her, threatening to kill her.

Celso began walking toward her with the knife in his hand.

She believed he was going to kill her and try to escape by opening the front door -- the front room window to climb out. She wasn't able to get away. Celso wasn't there anymore when police arrived, but did he stay away. No.

He came back.

Ivonne's father told you they came over and called the police again. Police arrived. Celso wouldn't admit that he had a knife that day, but he admitted to doing it last week.

Susy told you about these acts that occurred every summer when she was there. Three times a week. What kind of man is that. A controlling, angry, dominant person. What kind of person allows it. Someone who wants to see the best in someone. Someone who would say, we're okay. Don't tell mom and dad.

One of the hardest things of sitting here today for everyone is the fact that there are two people who are dead. Everybody in this room feels that loss. Everybody. Families on both sides. You saw the people come here today as you saw the family of Erik and James. They are

all in the same boat. And Ivonne is not saying she didn't do this. She is not blaming others.

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But the law says you are sentencers, and you are required to look as much as you can into who that person is. She's being sentenced. Not her family. Not her children. But it's important that her children and her family want to see because they love her.

Does that make you think something about a sentence that is up to you. But that is what you guys have to do. We're not here for revenge. We are not here to do an eye for an eye. We are not here to only impose the death penalty because two people are dead.

You knew that when this was a murder case. We asked everyone of you, will you consider evidence of reasons why a person should not be given the death penalty, and every one of you promised that you would do that.

It's not an easy job, but you promised. We don't believe that sentencers should just seek revenge. A just society does not seek revenge. A just society looks at the person. Sees if that is who she is. You heard form her friend. Sheila Russell came in and told you about the 3 year old that I mentioned in the opening statement. Someone that has no redeemable qualities would not take a 3 year old off the street and walk down the street looking for the parents. That is tell you something about who

Ivonne Cabrera is. Does that tell you something about who she'll be. Sometimes it's easier to just say, there's two people dead, death penalty is justice. Right. Maybe in certain cases it is. But a person who has two stolen car felonies, who didn't do well on probation and went to prison. But when she got back out, she was working, doing a great job and took care of her kids. Took care of her friends.

She is a person people look to, or is that an act.

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She is a person people look to, or is that an act.

Something that is unexpected. The State may get up and say this crime itself means that she is dangerous to society. She should be left in prison.

There is no evidence in front of you that she has done anything in jail over the past 5 years, no threats to staff.

MR. DIGIACOMO: I object. It isn't in evidence.

They could have called somebody to put that evidence in.

There is no evidence of what has gone on in jail.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MS. ERICKSON: You would have heard about it.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Objection.

THE COURT: Sustained.

The jurors are instructed to disregard this portion of the statement.

You may proceed, Ms. Erickson.

MS. ERICKSON: Your job is hard. Unfortunately this is something you each have to do.

Prison is prison. Yes, Ivonne would be able to visit with her family and James' and Erik's family can't. Best of all, she'll is be able to talk to her family and James and Erik can't. But when you look at that, that's more like an eye for an eye then it is a way of thinking about what is the appropriate sentence.

Each one of you saw this evidence today. Is there any doubt that Ivonne is a devoted mother. Is there any doubt she's a devoted daughter that helped her family. Is there any doubt she was a good employee, trusted, in a law firm. Is there any doubt she was addicted to drugs. And what does that do. Well, it doesn't make you yourself. A disease is a disease.

Is there any doubt she did kind deeds for no reason. Is there any doubt that April 26, was not a day that will ever be repeated. Not only because she'll go to prison, but for all the reasons that that's not who she is. In your minds, it's your choice. You have to look and say a person has no violent crimes at all, will they be violent in the future. Does a person who has absolutely no violent crimes -- not convictions, but crimes -- someone who should be given the most horrid sentence. That is up to you all.

The discussion about aggravating circumstances mitigating circumstance. Then one here, you have found all the aggravators, so basically you need to look at what's been presented and decide what is the punishment for a person that is not a hardened criminal and has redeemable qualities, who will do good in her life, because in prison she can do good. She can show you that she is not that person. You saw her testify. You saw her statement. It's up to you to believe or think or decide who is she and what should the sentence be.

Because in the end, as this instruction says, this is where I began. That's where it end. The law never ever, ever requires a sentence of death. You can check every box in there. You can check none of the mitigation. The law never ever, ever requires a death penalty. The reason for that is because it's your responsibility to determine who the person is that you are sentencing.

I submit that a sentence of life in prison with the possibility of parole means a very, very long sentence for a prisoner. And it's a possibility you die in prison, just as much as if she had any other sentence. So I would ask you to find that life with the possibility of, is an appropriate sentence. I will submit it with that.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Erickson.

Mr. DiGiacomo, for the State's final remarks. 1 2 MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you. CLOSING STATEMENT 3 4 BY MR. DIGIACOMO: 5 For the most part everything has been said. told you when I stood up here earlier yesterday that we 6 7 are going to accept whatever verdict you give. I do have some thoughts though about what's happened in this 8 9 courtroom. It's almost like we left Webster and Bassler 10 last week and walked into, you know, June Cleaver's house 11 Ivonne Cabrera is this wonder girl who -- and I 12 will not dispute this. Her parents seem to be great 13 people. Her family seems to be good people. But tell me 14 something happened in your youth that caused you to be 15 this person that kills or attempts to kill 4 people, and 16 does wind up killing 2 people. 17 Then you heard it. She was sexually assaulted as a kid. Oh, she told her mother 4 months ago. 18 19 MS. ERICKSON: Objection. I realized --2.0 personalization. THE COURT: Overruled. 21 22 MR. DIGIACOMO: You go and you think, wait a 23 second. She's had a PSI before. Somebody looking for a 24 little bit less of a sentence, so what happens, a PSI

writing interviews Ms. Cabrera. You realize we're right

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back at Webster and Bassler. Right back to last week because she tells them there's been no history of sexual abuse. Now suddenly there is abuse. She tells them there is no drug problem. Now suddenly when she was on the stand there was drug problems.

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It reminds me of the difference between her trial testimony and the statement you heard she told the police. Smoky did have the car. Smoky didn't have the car. knows who Ivonne Cabrera is. I have no idea who that is. And you have no idea who that is. Because of the amount and the contradictions from the evidence. I'm going to suggest to you that Ivonne Cabrera that testified to you in hopes of getting a not guilty, is the true Ivonne Cabrera. That Ivonne Cabrera is the person that grabbed Smoky with the silenced gun and brought him into that house to kill 4 people. And I'm going to suggest to you that a convicted felon who's only been out of prison for a short period of time, who commits what should have been a quadruple homicide, doesn't get the minimum sentence.

The minimum sentence, the argument by Mr. Whipple about, oh, well, the judge is the going to run those consecutive. And she's going to have all this other time. That's not the indicia of the jury's responsibility.

Your job here is to give justice. So if you think she should get out or have the opportunity to get out 15

years from now, then you give a 20 to life sentence. Is that justice. Don't put it on the judge to fix a mistake by the jurors.

MS. ERICKSON: Objection, Judge.

MR. WHIPPLE: Inappropriate argument.

THE COURT: Sustained.

MR. DIGIACOMO: You don't get to decide if it's more than 15 more years before she's eligible for parole. That's the only decision you can make. Is it 20 to life, or is it something more.

I'm going to suggest to you that in this situation you don't get the minimum sentence. In this situation you have to at least receive the mid-range. Then I want you to think about it this way. I'm not going to whether or not you check off every one of those aggravators. It's probably going to outweigh two bodies and two people that almost died. How would any of that ever -- you can check the box and decide they mitigate. You can check the box and decide the don't mitigate. Decide if they're true or not true. The end of the you are going to have 4 choices to pick from. I'm going to suggest to you that you should think about this case this way.

I want you to think about what if Erik Quezada was not home when this happened. What if it was just James and Ashley and Melissa. And what if the Defendant was

being sentenced just for that offense. What sentence would you be applying in that case.

MS. ERICKSON: Objection. Pure speculation. That's not what the case is. And that's not appropriate.

MR. DIGIACOMO: This is an argument. It's completely appropriate.

THE COURT: Overruled.

You may proceed.

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MR. DIGIACOMO: What would you be doing.

You'd look at it. There's a person, I got to give 20 to life, I can give life without, or I can give death.

And I have two other people that are shot. I have a felony. Who had numerous opportunity to address the f cut fact she cut off her house arrest bracelet and got that case dismissed as well.

And you'd have to ask yourself, Smoky had no motive. So who's worse. The person that pulled the trigger. Or the person who knew these people that were going to be killed. And you think to yourself that at the end of the day, I suggest to you that you certainly aren't going to give her 20 to life. Maybe give her life without. Maybe you would consider the death penalty. But it's going to be one of those two.

If that's the sentence for James, when you really

think about this, what's the sentence for Erik. What justice does he get. If for James it's life in prison for the rest of her life. You have to do justice to both James and Erik.

When you go back to that room, yes, I know Ms. Erickson said it's a double homicide. It's not any double homicide. It is four people sleeping in their home who had a man brought there to kill them by this woman.

When you stand up in a courtroom and you announce your verdict, be comfortable that it's justice.

MS. ERICKSON: Objection.

MR. DIGIACOMO: Apply justice.

THE COURT: Overruled.

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MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. DiGiacomo.

As soon as the officers are ready to take the jurors, this will be the time to deliberate on this phase of the trial. As when you deliberated before, you'll go out here. The two officers that will take you with them, will be the 12 who will be deliberating, go with our marshall Elvis. The 3 alternates will go with Ms. Springberg.

Let's get the officers sworn.

THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear you will keep this jury together in some private and convenient place, that you will not let any to person speak to them, nor

speak to them yourself, unless it be by order of the 1 2 court, except to ask whether they have agreed upon a verdict and that you will return them into court when they 3 4 have so agreed, so help you God. COURT OFFICERS: I will. 5 THE COURT: Thank you. 6 7 At this time the jurors will adjourn to deliberate. 8 See you when you have reached a verdict. 9 THE COURT: Make sure the clerk has your 10 numbers, so we can reach you. I'm going to make changes 11 to the jury yes no boxes rather then listing final forms 12 of the instructions were provide to them already. 13 get the rest in. 14 Thank you all. 15 (Jury dismissed to deliberate) THE COURT: Let the record reflect we're 16 reassuming in State of Nevada vs. Ivonne Cabrera, in the 17 18 presence of counsel for Ms. Cabrera and counsel for State 19 of Nevada. 2.0 Will counsel stipulate to the presence of the 21 jurors. 22 MR. DIGIACOMO: Yes, your Honor. 23 MS. ERICKSON: Yes, your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Juror No. 2, has the jury reached a verdict for this second phase of trial. 25

IMPANELED JURORe: Yes, we have.

THE COURT: May I ask you to hand the verdict to my marshall to bring it forward to the court.

I'll hand the special verdict form to my clerk to read as completed by the jurors.

THE CLERK: District Court, Clark County, Nevada, the State of Nevada, plaintiff, vs. Ivonne Cabrera, Defendant, case C-283700-1, Department 25, special verdict:

Count (3), murder with use of a deadly weapon, James Headrick, we the jury in the above-entitled case found the Defendant, Ivonne Cabrera guilty of Count (3), murder of the first degree with use of a deadly weapon, James Headrick, find as follows;

Section 1, aggravated circumstances.

- 1) when the Defendant has in the immediate proceeding been convicted of more than one offence of murder in the first or second degree. Yes.
- 2, the murder was committed by a person who at any time before a penalty hearing conducted for the murder or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to a person of another, to wit, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, Ashley Wantland, as alleged in Count (4) of the instant amended information. Yes.
 - 3, the murder was committed by a person who at any

time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder is or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to a person of another, to wit, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, Melissa Marin, as alleged in Count (6) of the instant amended information.

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- 4, the murder was committed by the person who knowingly created great risk of death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device, or course of action, which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person. Yes.
- 5, the murder was committed while the person was engaged, alone or with others, in the commission of any burglary or the person charged killed or attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know that life would be taken or lethal force used, to wit, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon as alleged in Count (2) of the instant amended information. Yes.

Section 2, mitigating circumstances:

- 1, devoted mother to her two sons, Andres and Erick.
- 2, caring or responsible daughter, sister, and relative to extended family. Yes.
- 3, trusted and dedicated employee prior to her 2011 car accident. Yes.
 - 4, engaged in acts of kindness prior to and after

1 arrest. Yes. 5, endured threats and acts of domestic violence at 2 the hand of her husband, Celso Aguirre. 3 4 6, molested by an uncle while a young girl. 7, limited criminal history. No. 5 8, addicted to opioid prescription medication as 6 7 result of the 2011 car accident. 9, history of addiction to methamphetamine. 8 10, no indicia for future dangerousness. Yes. 9 10 11, desire for family to maintain a close 11 relationship in the future. No. 12, not be the actual killer. Yes. 12 13 13, acceptance of responsibility and remorse. 14 Section 3, Balancing: 15 We the jury find in the above-entitled case having 16 considered any aggravated circumstance or circumstances, 17 unanimously proven beyond a reasonable doubt by the State 18 and any mitigating circumstance or circumstances by the 19 following; 2.0 The aggravating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any mitigating circumstance or circumstances. 21 Section 5, final sentencing decision. 22 23 Aggravating circumstances outweigh mitigating 24 circumstances. We the jury in the above-entitled case

having found the Defendant, Ivonne Cabrera, guilty of

Count (3), murder of the first degree with use of a deadly weapon, and having found that the aggravating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any mitigating circumstance or circumstances, impose a sentence of life without the possibility of parole.

Section 5, final sentencing decision.

Mitigating circumstances outweigh aggravating circumstances. We the jury in the above-entitled case, having found the Defendant, Ivonne Cabrera, guilty of Count (3), murder of the first degree with use of a deadly weapon, and having found that mitigating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any aggravating circumstance or circumstances, impose a sentence of Count (5), murder with use of a deadly weapon, Erik Quezada, we the jury in the above-entitled case, having found the Defendant, Ivonne Cabrera, guilty of Count (5), murder of the first degree with use of a deadly weapon, Erik Quezada-Morales, as follows;

Section 1, aggravated circumstances.

- 1, the Defendant has in the immediate proceeding been convicted of more than one offence of murder in the first or second degree. Yes.
- 2, the murder was committed by a person who at any time before a penalty hearing was conducted for the murder or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or

threat of violence to the person of another, to wit, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, Ashley Wantland, as alleged in Count (4) of the instant amended information. Yes.

2.0

- 3, the murder was committed by a person who at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another, to wit, attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, Melissa Marin, as alleged in Count (6) of the instant amended information. Yes.
- 4, the murder was committed by the person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device, or course of action, which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person. Yes.
- 5, the murder was committed while the person was engaged, alone or with others, in the commission of any burglary, or the person charged killed or attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know that life would be taken or lethal force used, to wit, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon as alleged in Count (2), of the instant amended information. Yes.
 - Section 2, mitigating circumstances.
 - 1, devoted mother to her two sons, Andres and Erick.

No.

- 2, caring or responsible daughter, sister, and relative to extended family. Yes.
- 3, trusted and dedicated employee prior to her 2011 car accident. Yes.
- 4, engaged in acts of kindness prior to and after arrest. Yes.
- 5, endured threats and acts of domestic violence at the hand of her husband, Celso Aguirre. Yes.
 - 6, molested by an uncle while a young girl. No.
 - 7, limited criminal history. No.
- 8, addicted to opioid prescription medication as a result of the 2011 car accident. No.
 - 9, history of addiction to methamphetamine. No.
 - 10, no indicia for future dangerousness. Yes.
- 11, desire for family to maintain a close relationship in the future. No.
- 12, not be the actual killer. Yes.
- 19 13, acceptance of responsibility and remorse. Yes.
- 20 Section 3, Balancing:

We the jury find in the above-entitled case having considered any aggravated circumstance or circumstances, unanimously proven beyond a reasonable doubt by the State and any mitigating circumstance or circumstances by the following;

The aggravating circumstance or circumstances 1 outweigh any mitigating circumstance or circumstances. 2 Section 5, final sentencing decision. 3 4 Aggravating circumstances outweigh any mitigating 5 circumstance. We the jury in the above-entitled case having found the Defendant, Ivonne Cabrera, guilty of 6 7 Count (5), murder of the first degree with use of a deadly 8 weapon, and having found that the aggravating circumstance 9 or circumstances outweigh any mitigating circumstance or 10 circumstances, impose a sentence of life without the 11 possibility of parole. Dated: Nelson Araujo, this 20th day of July 2017, 12 13 foreperson. 14 Ladies and gentlemen of the Jury, is this your 15 verdicts as read so say you one so say you all. 16 IMPANELED JURORS: (Choir of yeses.) 17 THE COURT: Would either like to have the jurors polled. 18 19 MS. ERICKSON: No. 2.0 MR. DIGIACOMO: No. The verdict will be recorded in the 21 THE COURT: record of the court. At this time, Ladies and Gentlemen, 22 23 that does complete your service in this trial. On behalf 24 of the court and the State of Nevada, counsel for

Ms. Cabrera, everyone involved in this trial, we

appreciate your time and effort to this trial. You are officially discharged.

What that means is that while I have had to admonish you as our Supreme Court requires we do on every break and over night recess that you cannot discuss this case, you are now free to discuss this case with anyone you see fit in any way you see fit.

Sometimes counsel would like to speak to jurors to learn more about the case from them. There is nothing wrong with that. You are not required to speak with anyone. If anyone wants to speak with you and you wish not to be, by all means declare about that.

While I'm not anticipating having problems with that, you let us know.

We have a marshall that's going to help you get over to the garage. Since we're after 6:00, we have tickets for you to get out, but that door doesn't always open like it should. So the marshall will be there make sure you get out of the parking garage.

You are discharged.

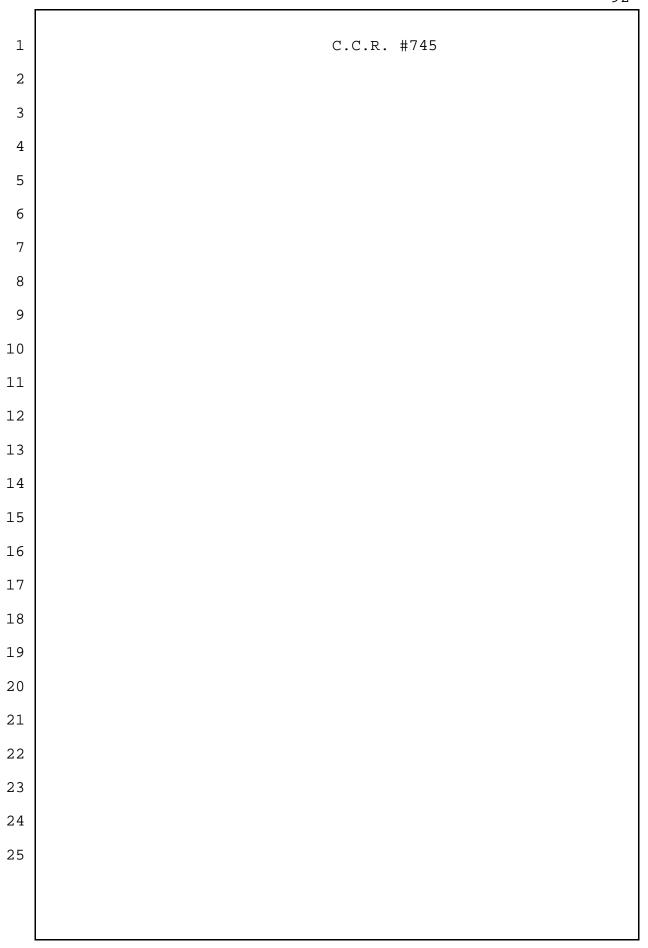
2.0

(Jury discharged from service)

THE COURT: We need to remand the Defendant in custody officially on this case and set this matter over for sentencing. The date will be approximately 50 days from today.

1	Here is your date.
2	THE CLERK: September 11, at 9:00.
3	THE COURT: Anything else we need to address
4	before we adjourn.
5	MR. DIGIACOMO: No, your Honor.
6	MS. ERICKSON: No, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: Thank you counsel for your hard work
8	in this case. It's been a privilege to serve in the case.
9	See you on the next court calendar. Have a good day.
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12	* * * *
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CERTIFICATE OF CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER I, the undersigned certified court reporter in and for the State of Nevada, do hereby certify: That the foregoing proceedings were taken before me at the time and place therein set forth; that the testimony and all objections made at the time of the proceedings were recorded stenographically by me and were thereafter transcribed under my direction; that the foregoing is a true record of the testimony and of all objections made at the time of the proceedings. 2.0 Sharon Howard



FILED IN OPEN COURT STEVEN D. GRIERSON @ CLERK OF THE COURT	6:29 pn
1111 2 B 2042	

DISTRICT COURT 1 2 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 3 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 4 Plaintiff, 5 CASE NO: C-12-283700-1 -vs-6 DEPT NO: XXV 7 IVONNE CABRERA. Defendant. 8 **SPECIAL VERDICT** 9 10 **COUNT 3:** MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (James Headrick) 11 We, the Jury in the above-entitled case, having found the Defendant, IVONNE 12 CABRERA, guilty of Count 3 – Murder of the First Degree with Use of a Deadly Weapon 13 (James Headrick), find as follows: 14 Section I: Aggravating Circumstances 15 Answer by checking "Yes" or "No" as to whether the Jury Instructions: 16 unanimously finds that the State has proven any aggravating circumstances beyond a 17 reasonable doubt. 18 1. The Defendant has, in the immediate proceeding, been convicted of more than 19 one offense of murder in the first or second degree. 20 区 Yes. 21 No.

2. The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder, is or has been convicted of a felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another, to-wit: Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon (Ashley Wantland), as alleged in Count 4 of the instant Amended Information. M Yes.

No.

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1	
1	3. The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalt
2	hearing is conducted for the murder, is or has been convicted of a felon
3	involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another, to-wi
4	Attempt Murder With Use of a Deadly Weapon (Melissa Marin), as alleged i
5	Count 6 of the instant Amended Information.
6	Yes.
7	□ No.
8	4. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of
9	death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device or course of
10	action which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than on
11	person.
12	💆 Yes.
13	□ No.
14	5. The murder was committed while the person was engaged, alone or wit
15	others, in the commission of any burglary, and the person charged killed of
16	attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know that lif
17	would be taken or lethal force used, to-wit: Burglary While In Possession of
18	Deadly Weapon, as alleged in Count 2 of the instant Amended Information.
19	Yes. Yes.
20	□ No.
21	
22	Instructions: If you answered "No" to all of the above aggravating circumstances
23	that ends your consideration of the death penalty for Count 3. Go directly to Section V t
24	record your final sentencing decision as to Count 3.
25	If you answered "Yes" to any of the above aggravating circumstances, please go t
26	Section II.
27	111
28	111

Section II: Mitigating Circumstances

Instructions:	Answer by checking	"Yes" if any	Juror finds	that the	defense has
established the existe	ence of the following	mitigating circ	cumstances.	Answer	by checking
"No" if no Juror find	ds that the defense has	established th	e existence o	f any of i	he following
mitigating circumstar	nces.				

5	mitigating c	ircumstances.
6	1.	Devoted mother to her two sons Andres and Erick
7		□ Yes.
8		№ No.
9	2.	Caring and responsible daughter, sister and relative to extended family
10		Yes.
11	1.	□ No.
12	3.	Trusted and dedicated employee prior to her 2011 car accident
13		Yes.
14		□ No.
15	4.	Engaged in acts of kindness prior to and after arrest
16		Yes.
17		□ No.
18	5.	Endured threats and acts of domestic violence at the hands of her husband Celso Aguirre
19		Yes.
20		□ No.
21	6.	Molested by an uncle while a young girl
22		□ Yes.
23	ē	No.
24	7.	Limited criminal history
25		□ Yes.
26		Ŋo.
27	111	:: •
28	111	

1	8.	Addiction to opioid prescription medication as a result of the 2011 car accident
2		□ Yes.
3	-	No.
4	9.	History of addiction to methamphetamine
5		☐ Yes.
6		№ No.
7	10.	No indicia of future dangerousness
8		Yes.
9		□ No.
10	11.	Desire of her family to maintain a close relationship in the future
11		☐ Yes.
12		₩ No.
13	12.	Not the actual killer
14		X Yes.
15		□ No.
16	13.	Acceptance of responsibility and remorse
17		Yes.
18		□ No.
19	14.	List on the lines below any additional mitigating circumstances at least one
20		Juror has found to exist. If you need additional space, ask the Marshall for
21		more paper.
22		A
23		
24		B
25		
26		C.
27		
28		

1		D
2		
3		E
4		
5		
6	Section	on III: Balancing
7	<u>Instru</u>	actions: Check only one of the following.
8	We,	the Jury in the above-entitled case, having considered any aggravating
9	circumstance	e or circumstances unanimously proven beyond a reasonable doubt by the State,
10	and any mitig	gating circumstance or circumstances, find the following:
11		The aggravating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any mitigating
12		circumstance or circumstances.
13		Instructions: If you checked the above box, proceed to Section IV to record
14		your final sentencing decision as to Count 3.
15		The mitigating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any aggravating
16		circumstance or circumstances.
17		Instructions: If you checked the above box, proceed to Section V to record
18		your final sentencing decision as to Count 3.
19		
20	111	
21	111	
22	111	
23	111	
24	///	
25	///	
26	///	
27	111	
28	111	

1	4.	The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of
2		death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device or course of
3		action which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one
4		person.
5		Yes.
6		□ No.
7	5.	The murder was committed while the person was engaged, alone or with
8		others, in the commission of any burglary, and the person charged killed or
9		attempted to kill the person murdered or knew or had reason to know that life
10		would be taken or lethal force used, to-wit: Burglary While In Possession of a
11		Deadly Weapon, as alleged in Count 2 of the instant Amended Information.
12		X Yes.
13		□ No.
14		
15	<u>Instruc</u>	ctions: If you answered "No" to all of the above aggravating circumstances,
16	that ends your	r consideration of the death penalty for Count 5. Go direction to Section V to
17	record your fi	nal sentencing decision as to Count 5.
18	If you	answered "Yes" to any of the above aggravating circumstances, please go to
19	Section II.	
20	111	
21	111	
22	111	
23	111	
24	111	
25	111	
26	111	
27	111	
28	///	

Section II: Mitigating Circumstances

<u>Instructions</u>: Answer by checking "Yes" if any Juror finds that the defense has established the existence of the following mitigating circumstances. Answer by checking "No" if no Juror finds that the defense has established the existence of any of the following mitigating circumstances.

5	mitigating ci	rcumst	ances.
6	1.	Devo	ted mother to her two sons Andres and Erick
7			Yes.
8		区	No.
9	2.	Carin	g and responsible daughter, sister and relative to extended family
10		X	Yes.
11			No.
12	3.	Trust	ed and dedicated employee prior to her 2011 car accident
13		X	Yes.
14			No.
15	4.	Enga	ged in acts of kindness prior to and after arrest
16		区	Yes.
17			No.
18	5.		red threats and acts of domestic violence at the hands of her husband Aguirre
19		Ø	Yes.
20			No.
21	6.	Mole	sted by an uncle while a young girl
22			Yes.
23		区	No.
24	7.	,	ted criminal history
25			Yes.
26		Ø	No.
27	111	·	

1	8.	Addiction to opioid prescription medication as a result of the 2011 car accident
2		☐ Yes.
3	į.	№ No.
4	9.	History of addiction to methamphetamine
5		□ Yes.
6		№ No.
7	10.	No indicia of future dangerousness
8		Yes.
9		□ No.
10	11.	Desire of her family to maintain a close relationship in the future
11		☐ Yes.
12		No.
13	12.	Not the actual killer
14		∑ Yes.
15		□ No.
16	13.	Acceptance of responsibility and remorse
17		Yes.
18		□ No.
19	14.	List on the lines below any additional mitigating circumstances at least one
20		Juror has found to exist. If you need additional space, ask the Marshall for
21		more paper.
22		A
23		
24		B
25		
26 27] [C
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6	Section	on III: Balancing
7	Instr	uctions: Check only one of the following.
8	We,	the Jury in the above-entitled case, having considered any aggravating
9	circumstance	e or circumstances unanimously proven beyond a reasonable doubt by the State
10	and any miti	gating circumstance or circumstances, find the following:
11	 	The aggravating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any mitigating
12		circumstance or circumstances.
13		<u>Instructions:</u> If you checked the above box, proceed to Section IV to record
14		your final sentencing decision as to Count 5.
15		The mitigating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any aggravating
16		circumstance or circumstances.
17		<u>Instructions:</u> If you checked the above box, proceed to Section V to record
18		your final sentencing decision as to Count 5.
19	///	
20	///	
21	///	
22	111	
23	///	
24	///	
25	111	
26	111	
27	111	
28	111	

Section IV: Final Sentencing Decision (Aggravating Circumstance(s) Outweigh 1 Mitigating Circumstance(s)) 2 We, the Jury in the above entitled case, having found the Defendant, IVONNE 3 CABRERA, Guilty of Count 5 – Murder of the First Degree with use of a Deadly Weapon, 4 and having found that the aggravating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any 5 mitigating circumstance or circumstances, impose a sentence of: 6 A definite term of 50 years imprisonment, with eligibility for parole beginning 7 when a minimum of 20 years has served 8 Life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for parole beginning when a 9 minimum of 20 years has been served 10 Life without the possibility of parole 11 Death 12 Section V: Final Sentencing Decision (Mitigating Circumstance(s) Outweigh 13 Aggravating Circumstance(s)) 14 Instructions: If you have determined a sentence under Section IV, do not fill out this 15 section. If you have not determined a sentence under Section IV, fill out this section. 16 We, the Jury in the above entitled case, having found the Defendant, IVONNE 17 CABRERA, Guilty of Count 5 – Murder of the First Degree with use of a Deadly Weapon, 18 and having found that the mitigating circumstance or circumstances outweigh any 19 aggravating circumstance or circumstances, impose a sentence of: 20 A definite term of 50 years imprisonment, with eligibility for parole beginning 21 when a minimum of 20 years has served 22 Life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for parole beginning when a 23 minimum of 20 years has been served 24 Life without the possibility of parole 25 DATED at Las Vegas, Nevada, this 20 day of July, 2017. 26 Walt C. To-FOREPERSON 27 28

Electronically Filed 9/8/2017 2:09 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Patricia M. Erickson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 3506 601 South Tenth Street, Suite 108 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 388-1055 pme@pmericksonlaw.com 4 **IVONNE CABRERA** 5 **DISTRICT COURT COUNTY OF CLARK, NEVADA** 6 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA. C-12-283700-1 Case No.: XXV Dept. No.: 8 Plaintiff, 9 VS. IVONNE CABRERA, 10 11 Defendant. 12 SENTENCING MEMORANDUM 13 Hearing Date: September 11, 2017 Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. 14 15 On April 26, 2012, Jose Gonzales shot and killed James Headrick and Eric 16 Quezado-Morales. Jose Gonzales also shot and attempted to kill Ashley Wantland and 17 Melissa Marin. After Gonzales pled guilty to two counts of first degree murder with use 18 of a deadly weapon and two counts of attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon, a 19 sentencing hearing was conducted before this Honorable Court. 20 At this hearing, the state, through Marc DiGiacomo, submitted an insipid argument 21 requesting this court impose life without the possibility of parole sentences for the 22 commission of two counts of first degree murder with use of a deadly weapon.¹ At the conclusion of this hearing, this court imposed a sentence of life WITH the possibility of 23 parole for the commission of each count of first degree murder.² 24 25

See three page argument by state during May 22, 2017 sentencing of co-defendant Jose Gonzales submitted as Exhibit "A" and incorporated by reference.

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See Judgment of Conviction in State v. Gonzales submitted as Exhibit "B" and incorporated by reference.

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At the conclusion of this sentencing hearing, Gonzales - the actual killer - received an aggregated sentence of 56 years to life with the possibility of parole.³

On June 21, 2017, while Ivonne was being held in the court detention area, counsel discussed a potential sentence that could be submitted to the state to resolve the case without trial which was scheduled to being five days later.⁴ After this discussion, Ivonne was brought into the court room and broke down in uncontrolled almost hysterical crying based upon the thought of agreeing to any sentence.

On June 22, 2017, Ivonne called undersigned counsel and authorized contact with the state regarding the proposed resolution discussed on June 21, 2017. On this date co-counsel Whipple sent a text to Marc DiGiacomo enunciating the defense's proposed negotiation of the case. Mr. DiGiacomo responded "that isn't the ballpark. I might be willing to go 25-life but there r 4 victims..."

Ivonne's trial began June 26, 2017. During the state's case in chief, Melissa Marin testified that she had ended her relationship with Erik Quesado-Morales. However, one week before April 26, 2012, Ivonne brought Erik to the trailer where Marin was staying, brought Marin outside the trailer, got Marin into a car which was also occupied by Erik and then drove to 7-11. Marin also testified that Ivonne told her she needed to speak with Erik. Somehow, this action - by Ivonne - made Marin reconcile with Erik.⁶ Somehow, this action - by Ivonne - made Marin be in a bedroom at the Webster Street apartment one week later - on April 26th - when Gonzales shot Eric and Marin.

Exhibit "B".

The sentence discussed with Ms. Cabrera had not been offered by the state.

⁵ See Declaration of Patricia M. Erickson attached as Exhibit "C" and incorporated by reference.

See 07.07.2017 jury trial transcript - morning session - pp.11-12.

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On July 13, 2017, during the state's cross examination of Ivonne, prosecutor DiGiacomo asked Ivonne if her nickname, "Chinola", meant boss. Ivonne denied this fact twice. As there were absolutely no facts in evidence to support the assertion that "Chinola" meant boss, this line of questioning should have ended.

However, the prosecutor went on asserting facts not in evidence that "Chinola" meant boss by asking another question "in the drug culture Chinola doesn't have ..." which Ivonne interrupted and said "yes it does. But not because of that reason. I was not called that because of that reason." This line of questioning continued with Ivonne testifying to why she had the nick name of "Chinola" which did not mean, in her case, boss or someone in the drug culture "who has the ability to issue commands to people."

During the state's rebuttal closing argument, prosecutor DiGiacomo asserted that Marin's testimony, that Ivonne made her talk to Eric, combined with the his misrepresentation regarding the "Chinola" boss testimony, meant that Ivonne Cabrera was the "leader" of this group of individuals. Immediately after asserting that Ivonne was the "leader" of the group, including Jose Gonzales, the prosecutor questioned "and what is Smokey doing in that residence? He has absolutely no reason to be there."

In direct contrast to this statement during rebuttal closing argument, prosecutor DiGiacomo argued during Gonzales' sentencing that,

See 07.13.2017 jury trial transcript, by Sharon Howard, at p.33.

⁸ During the rebuttal closing argument, prosecutor DiGiacomo completely mischaracterized the facts of this testimony when he argued:

And when the defense put up here and said she didn't admit that Chinola, on the street, is a boss, notice what Ms. Erickson didn't highlight, because I said to [Cabrera] Well, isn't it true that on the street, Chinola should all be called a boss? She's, like: Yes, it is. ... She got caught, at first, saying: Oh that's true, she's the boss.

See 07.17.2017 jury trial transcript p.103.

^{9 &}lt;u>Id</u>

[t]here's no dispute there is no provocation for the event. [Gonzales] broke into this house with the intent to execute 4 separate individuals and he pulled the trigger ... [Gonzales' actions on April 26th] were "over the employment card because there was money on it. The only thing that makes sense to me is he was going in to execute them to get something of value in order to supply his drug habit."

Given the inconsistencies between the arguments presented before this Court and the Cabrera jury, it is submitted that this Court should impose sentences on the conspiracy, attempt murder and burglary crimes which sentences are then ordered to run concurrently to the life without possibility of parole imposed by the jury regarding Count Three.

Before trial, the state might have agreed that a sentence of 25 years to life was an appropriate sentence in Ivonne's case. When trial began, the state manufactured the theory that Ivonne was the leader and boss of the actual killer Gonzales. Given these facts, it is submitted that this Court should impose sentences on the conspiracy, attempt murder and burglary crimes which are ordered to run concurrently to the life without possibility of parole imposed by the jury regarding Count Three.

Gonzales - the actual killer - had, prior to April 26, 2012, committed violent criminal offenses. Nonetheless, he was sentenced to life WITH the possibility of parole on each first degree murder conviction. Prior to July 18, 2017, Ms. Cabrera had <u>never</u> been convicted of a violent crime.

¹⁰ See Exhibit "B" p.31 and 32.

1	Given these facts, it is submitted that this Court should order the jury's sentencing verdict
2	of life without the possibility of parole on Count 5 be run concurrently to the sentences
3	imposed on Count 3.
4	DATED this <u>8th</u> day September, 2017.
5	Poonooffully Submitted
6	Respectfully Submitted,
7	/o/ Datricia M. Friakaan
8	/s/ Patricia M. Erickson
9	Patricia M. Erickson, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 3506
10	601 South Tenth St., Suite 108 Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 388-1055
11	pme@pmericksonlaw.com Counsel for Defendant:
12	IVONNE CABRERA
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EXHIBIT 'A'

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CLERK OF THE COURT
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     CASE NO. C-12-283700-2
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     DEPT. NO. 25
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 5
                          DISTRICT COURT
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                       CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
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     THE STATE OF NEVADA,
10
                 Plaintiff,
                                       REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT
11
                                                 OF
                                             SENTENCING
         vs.
12
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     JOSE GONZALES,
14
                 Defendant.
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               BEFORE THE HONORABLE KATHLEEN DELANEY
                        DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
19
20
                     DATED: MONDAY, MAY 22, 2017
21
22
23
24
     REPORTED BY:
                        SHARON HOWARD, C.C.R. NO. 745
25
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1	APPEARANCES:	
2	For the State:	MARC DIGIACOMO, ESQ.
3		HETTY WONG, ESQ.
4		
5	For the Defendant:	ALZORA JACKSON, ESQ.
6		CLARK PATRICK, ESQ.
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1 MR. PATRICK: Thank you. That's all I have, your 2 Honor. THE COURT: Thank you. Dr. Jones-Forrester, we 3 4 appreciate your time today. 5 We'll excuse you at this time. THE WITNESS: Thank you, very much. 6 7 THE COURT: Thank you. 8 Ladies and gentlemen, as I mentioned we are going 9 to briefly recess the sentencing in State of Nevada Jose 10 Gonzales so that we can bring in the counsel and the 11 individuals here and jurors to take a verdict in a case 12 that's been pending resolution. As soon as we can recall 13 you, we'll do so. Thank you. 14 (Brief recess taken.) 15 THE COURT: Resuming in the matter of State of 16 Nevada vs. Jose Gonzales for sentencing. 17 I appreciate the opportunity to take that recess so we could conclude that matter. I'm ready to resume. 18 19 Anything before we begin with you argument. MR. DIGIACOMO: 2.0 No. THE COURT: Let me hear the State's argument. 21 22 MR. DIGIACOMO: Thank you, Judge. 23 MR. DIGIACOMO: I'm not going to belabor much. 24 I'm only going to touch on Dr. Forrester. In Clark County when we discuss apportionality it 25

is rare we have a case we have a quadruple homicide. The only reason it's not a quadruple homicide is a medical miracle for lack of a better term.

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There's no dispute who the individual with the gun is.

There's no dispute there is no provocation for the event.

He broke into this house with the intent to execute 4

separate individuals and he pulled the trigger. You have to ask yourself what sentence does that individual deserve.

Let's be honest about it. In front of 12 people he had a high likelihood of receiving the death penalty, and he received the benefit of the bargain where he was able to avoid that sentence. The question for the court is should you give him anything less the life without the possibility of parole. What you have to ask yourself is first from a question of punishment sake.

You know, if it were a single homicide and you heard the evidence you heard today, maybe you'd consider life with the possibility of parole for a guy who broke into somebody's house while they were asleep and shot them to death. This isn't that case.

This is a two-time convicted felon that spent the majority of his life in prison. He was out for a brief period of time before committing a violent offense. A guy who admits his job was to rob dope dealers to get drugs.

The idea we should accept everything else he says about his

history but denying that he wasn't on drugs doesn't make any sense to me. I can't make any sense of this crime. Over the car, some dispute over the car. Is it over the employment card because there was money on it. The only thing that makes sense to me is he was going in to execute them to get something of value in order to supply his drug habit. Which suggests to me he is not on drugs.

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Another thing I would note is here's a guy who's low average intellectual on the IQ scale, but he only went through the eighth grade. You'd expect somebody who was a low IQ and only went to the eighth grade to be farther down that range. He's a fairly intelligent that we come in contact with in the criminal justice system. Most importantly, he's somebody who has empathy.

What Dr. Forrester said about that, he has empathy, tells you one thing. He knew what he was doing. He knew the pain he wa inflicting on 4 separate individuals when he fired rounds into their torsos killing two and horribly wounding 2 others that by some miracle survived their wounds.

What possible punishment do you give that person.

There is one possible punishment in this case. If it was one body, a maxed out life with a 28 years to life. But then you get to the second body, what's the punishment there. Give him a consecutive 28 to life, now he's got 56

to life. Then you'll add 8 to 20 for the attempt murders, with each consecutive. Doesn't each victim deserve their own punishment.

What point do we get to a number that makes sense.

What statement are you giving the community if you don't give life without for this Defendant. If you don't give life without to this Defendant there isn't a Defendant that has earned life without who's entered a plea of guilty in Clark County.

I submit to the court.

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THE COURT: Ms. Jackson or Mr. Patrick, who wishes to speak first.

MR. PATRICK: I would, your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Patrick.

MR. PATRICK: I think the biggest thing that Dr. Jones-Forrester had to tell us that throughout her evaluation of Jose, and I can say throughout my knowing Jose for the last 5 years, is that, yes, he absolutely minimizes the trauma he's suffered through in his life.

The court is well-aware that he does that. The court as well-aware he is a stand up man. That was shown when he entered his plea. And that the plea as written had co-conspirator language in it that he insisted be taken out because he was willing to stand up and say what he did wrong and was not willing to rat on anybody else. That is what

EXHIBIT 'B'

Electronically Filed 5/31/2017 11:15 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

JOCP

DISTRICT COURT

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-VS-

JOSE ALEJANDRO GONZALES #2636822

Defendant.

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CASE NO. C-12-283700-2

DEPT. NO. XXV

JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (PLEA OF GUILTY)

The Defendant previously appeared before the Court with counsel and entered a plea of guilty to the crimes of COUNTS 1 and 2 – FIRST DEGREE MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.165; COUNTS 3 and 4 – ATTEMPT MURDER (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 193.330; thereafter, on the 22nd day of May, 2017, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with counsel ALZORA JACKSON and CLARK PATRICK, Deputy Special Public Defenders, and good cause appearing,

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addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee and \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee including testing to determine genetic markers (waived if previously collected) plus \$3.00 DNA Collection Fee (waived if previously collected), the Defendant is sentenced to the Nevada Department of Corrections as follows: COUNT 1 - LIFE with the eligibility for parole after serving a MINIMUM of TWENTY (20) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of TWO HUNDRED FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; **COUNT 2** - LIFE with the eligibility for parole after serving a MINIMUM of TWENTY (20) YEARS plus a CONSECUTIVE term of TWO HUNDRED FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of NINETY-SIX (96) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 1; COUNT 3 - a MAXIMUM of TWO HUNDRED FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 2; and COUNT 4 - a MAXIMUM of TWO HUNDRED FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 3; with ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED SEVEN (1,807) DAYS credit for time served. Defendant to serve a MINIMUM of FIFTY-SIX (56) YEARS to LIFE before the possibility of parole.

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in

DATED this _____ day of May, 2017

KATALEEN DELANEY DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

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EXHIBIT 'C'

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DECLARATION OF PATRICIA M. ERICKSON IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCING MEMORANDUM

PATRICIA M. ERICKSON, knowing the penalties for perjury, does state the following under penalty of perjury:

- 1. I am attorney of law licensed to practice in the state of Nevada, the District Court of Nevada and the Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit and was appointed to act in that capacity in State of Nevada v. Ivonne Cabrera, case no. C-12-283700-1.
- 2. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained within the present Declaration and within the Sentencing Memorandum and believe those facts to be true and correct. Further, I believe any fact enunciated in this Declaration and in the Sentencing Memoranducm that is based upon information and belief is also true and correct.
- 3. On June 21, 2017, while Ivonne Cabrera was being held in the court detention area, Bret Whipple and I discussed a potential sentence that could be submitted the state to resolve the case without trial which was scheduled to begin six days later. After this discussion, Ivonne was brought into the court room and broke down in uncontrolled almost hysterical crying based upon the thought of agreeing to any sentence.
- 4. On June 22, 2017, Ivonne Cabrera called me and authorized contact with the state regarding the proposed resolution discussed on June 21, 2017.
- 5. On this June 22, 2017, co-counsel Bret Whipple sent a text to Marc DiGiacomo enunciating the defense's proposed negotiation of the case. Mr. DiGiacomo responded "that isn't the ballpark. I might be willing to go 25-life but there r 4 victims...

1	6. I know these facts are true because I sent a text to Mr. Whipple enunciating
2	the proposed resolution and received a copy of DiGiacomo's text from Mr. Whipple.
3	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
4	Executed on this 8 th day of September, 2017, at Las Vegas, Nevada.
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7	/s/ Patricia M. Erickson Patricia M. Erickson
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on the 8TH day of September, 2017, I emailed a true and correct copy of the forgoing SENTENCING MEMORANDUM to the prosecutors at the following email addresses: Marc.DiGiacomo@clarkcountyda.com Hetty.Wong@clarkcountyda.com Further, I hereby certify that on the <u>8</u>th of September, 2017, I requested that a file stamped true and correct copy of the forgoing SENTENCING MEMORANDUM be served through the court's efiling service to counsel for the parties at the below email addresses: Counsel for the State: Marc.DiGiacomo@clarkcountyda.com Hetty.Wong@clarkcountyda.com /s/ Patricia M. Erickson Patricia M. Erickson

JOC

Electronically Filed 9/22/2017 8:18 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA.

Plaintiff.

-vs-

IVONNE CABRERA aka YVONNE CABRERA #1617623

Defendant.

CASE NO. C-12-283700-1

DEPT. NO. XXV

JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (JURY TRIAL)

The Defendant previously entered a plea of not guilty to the crimes of COUNT 1 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 199.480, 200.010, 200.030, COUNT 2 – BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 205.060, COUNT 3 – MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030; COUNT 4 – ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165; COUNT 5 - MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030; and COUNT 6 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030,

193.330, 193.165; and the matter having been tried before a jury and the Defendant having been found guilty of the crimes of COUNT 1 – CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT MURDER (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 199.480, 200.010, 200.030, COUNT 2 – BURGLARY WHILE IN POSSESSION OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 205.060, COUNT 3 – FIRST DEGREE MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030; COUNT 4 – ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165; COUNT 5 – FIRST DEGREE MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category A Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030; and COUNT 6 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030; and COUNT 6 - ATTEMPT MURDER WITH USE OF A DEADLY WEAPON (Category B Felony) in violation of NRS 200.010, 200.030, 193.330, 193.165;; thereafter, on the 11th day of September, 2017, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with her counsel Patricia Ericson, Esq., and good cause appearing,

THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee, \$50,118.25 Restitution, to be paid JOINTLY AND SEVERALLY with Co-Defendant, (\$1700.00 for Victim Erik Morales, payable to Eduardo Gutierrez and \$48,418.25 payable to Victims of Crime - \$12,714.25 Victim #1, \$34,000.00 Victim #2 and \$1,704.00 Victim #3), the Defendant is SENTENCED to the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) as follows: COUNT 1 - a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS; COUNT 2 - to a MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS, with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS, CONCURRENT with COUNT 1; COUNT 3 - LIFE

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WITHOUT the possibility of parole, CONCURRENT with Count 2, plus a CONSECUTIVE term of ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT WITH COUNT 2; COUNT 4 - a MAXIMUM of TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS, plus a CONSECUTIVE term of TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with Count 3, COUNT 5 – LIFE WITHOUT the possibility of parole, CONCURRENT with Count 4, plus a CONSECUTIVE term of ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of FORTY-EIGHT (48) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon; COUNT 6 - a MAXIMUM of TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM Parole Eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS, plus a CONSECUTIVE term of TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY (240) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of EIGHTY-FOUR (84) MONTHS for the Use of a Deadly Weapon, CONCURRENT with Count 5, with ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FOUR (1964) DAYS credit for time served. As the \$150.00 DNA Analysis Fee and Genetic Testing have been previously imposed, the Fee and Testing in the current case are WAIVED. The AGGREGATE TOTAL sentence is LIFE WITHOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF PAROLE.

DATED this ______ day of September 2017.

KATHLEEN DELANEY
DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

S:\Forms\JOC-Jury 1 Ct/9/20/2017

Electronically Filed 10/23/2017 8:42 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** Patricia M. Erickson, Esq. 1 Nevada Bar No. 3506 601 South Tenth Street, Suite 108 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 388-1055 pme@pmericksonlaw.com Counsel for Defendant: 4 IVONNE CABRERA 5 DISTRICT COURT 6 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 7 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 8 Case No.: C-12-283700-1 Plaintiff, Dept No.: 9 VS. 10 IVONNE CABRERA, 11 Defendant. 12 **NOTICE OF APPEAL** 13 Notice is hereby given that IVONNE CABRERA, defendant above named, hereby 14 15 appeals to the Supreme Court of Nevada from her convictions of: conspiracy to commit murder, burglary while in possession of a deadly weapon, first degree murder with use 16 17 of a deadly and attempt murder with use of a deadly weapon. Ms. Cabrera also appeals the sentences imposed as set forth in the Judgment of Conviction filed on September 22, 18 19 2017. The District Court imposed the controlling sentences of life without possibility of parole for the two convictions of first degree murder on September 11, 2017. 20 21 DATED this 23rd day of October, 2015. 22 Respectfully Submitted, 23 24 Patricia M. Erickson Patricia M. Erickson, Esq. 25 Nevada Bar No. 3506 601 South Tenth Street, Suite 108 26 Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 388-1055 27

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Counsel for Defendant IVONNE CABRERA

pme@pmericksonlaw.com

Case Number: C-12-283700-1

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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING I hereby certify that on this 23rd day of October, 2017 a true and correct copy of the forgoing NOTICE OF APPEAL was deposited in the United States Mail, with postage prepaid, addressed to the following: Steven B. Wolfson District Attorney 200 Lewis Street. 3rd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89155 Ivonne Cabrera #1026217 c/o Florence McClure Women's CC 4370 Smiley Rd Las Vegas, NV 89115 Patricia M. Erickson Patricia M. Erickson

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