(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

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Electronically Filed 11/3/2017 8:01 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Electronically Filed Nov 09 2017 11:32 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

- 1 -

1. Decision and Order entered on October 3, 2017; and

KIM GILBERT EBRON

7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

2. All other orders made appealable thereby.

DATED this 3rd day of November 2017.

KIM GILBERT EBRON

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 10593 7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89139

Phone: (702) 485-3300 Fax: (702) 485-3301

Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC

KIM GILBERT EBRON 7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 3rd day of November 2017, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I served
via the Eighth Judicial District Court electronic filing system, the SFR'S NOTICE OF APPEAL
to the following parties:

David Merrill - david@djmerrillpc.com

Kaleb Anderson - kanderson@lipsonneilson.com

Brenda Correa - bcorrea@lipsonneilson.com

Megan Hummel - mhummel@lipsonneilson.com

Susana Nutt - snutt@lipsonneilson.com

Renee Rittenhouse - rrittenhouse@lipsonneilson.com

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. an employee of Kim Gilbert Ebron

(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

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Electronically Filed 11/3/2017 8:04 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

Case No. A-13-689461-C	

Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

Dept. No. VII

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

- 1 -

7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 KIM GILBERT EBRON

(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

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Retained

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1. Name appellant 2 of filing this case appeal SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC. 3 Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order appealed from: 4 The Honorable Linda Marie Bell 5 6 Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant: 7 Appellant: SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC (SFR) 8 Counsel: Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. Diana Cline Ebron, Esq. 9 Karen L. Hanks, Esq. KIM GILBERT EBRON 10 7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110 Las Vegas, Nevada 89139 11 Possible Appellant: Wyeth Ranch Community Association 12 Trial Counsel: Kaleb D. Anderson, Esq. 13 Megan H. Hummel, Esq. Lipson, Neilson, Cole, Seltzer & Garin, P.C. 14 9900 Covington Cross Drive, Suite 120 Las Vegas, Nevada 89144 15 Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, 16 for each respondent (if the name of a respondent's appellate counsel is unknown, indicate as 17 much and provide the name and address of that respondent's trial counsel): 18 Respondent: Marchai, B.T. (Marchai) 19 Trial Counsel: David J. Merrill, Esq. DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 20 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada, 89145 21 22 5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed to practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney 23 permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission): 24 25 N/A 26 6. Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

statement:

(702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

7. Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:

Retained

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8. Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:

N/A

9. Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court (e.g., date complaint, indictment, information, or petition was filed):

September 1, 2013

10. Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court:

The case started as one for judicial foreclosure filed by Marchai on September 1, 2013 after the Association's foreclosure sale on August 28, 2013 at which SFR was the highest bidder and obtained title to the subject property. Three years later, Marchai filed a second suit related to the same property against some of the same defendants, but adding additional defendants. These actions were consolidated. SFR and the association answered and SFR cross-claimed for quiet title. Following full briefing on motions for summary judgment, the district court found that post notice partial payments by the homeowner in excess of the purported superpriority portion of the association's lien satisfied that portion of the lien and preserved the first deed of trust. The district court found that it was SFR's burden to prove otherwise as to the homeowner's intent as to the payments. Thus, the Court found in favor of Marchai.

11. Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal to or original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding:

N/A.

12. Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:

N/A.

KIM GILBERT EBRON 7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:

SFR is willing to address settlement but is unsure of Marchai's position.

KIM GILBERT EBRON

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq.
JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10593
7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110
Las Vegas, Nevada 89139
Phone: (702) 485-3300
Fax: (702) 485-3301

Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC

KIM GILBERT EBRON 7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 3rd day of November 2017, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I served via the Eighth Judicial District Court electronic filing system, the **SFR'S CASE APPEAL STATEMENT** to the following parties:

David Merrill - david@djmerrillpc.com

Kaleb Anderson - kanderson@lipsonneilson.com

Brenda Correa - bcorrea@lipsonneilson.com

Megan Hummel - mhummel@lipsonneilson.com

Susana Nutt - snutt@lipsonneilson.com

Renee Rittenhouse - rrittenhouse@lipsonneilson.com

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. an employee of Kim Gilbert Ebron

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-13-689461-C

Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

Stipulated Judgment

10/03/2017

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

Location: **Department 7** § § Judicial Officer: Bell. Linda Marie Filed on: 09/30/2013

Case Number History:

Cross-Reference Case A689461

Number:

CASE INFORMATION

§ §

Related Cases Case Type: Title to Property A-16-742327-C (Consolidated)

Subtype: Foreclosure

Statistical Closures Case Flags: Consolidated - Lead Case

Appealed to Supreme Court Automatically Exempt from

Arbitration

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

Case Number A-13-689461-C Department 7 Court Date Assigned 03/02/2015 Judicial Officer Bell, Linda Marie

PARTY INFORMATION

Lead Attorneys **Plaintiff** Marchai B T Bank Trust

Merrill, David J Retained 702-566-1935(W)

Defendant Perez, Cristela

> SFR Investments Pool I LLC Gilbert, Jacqueline

Retained

702-485-3300(W)

U S Bank National Association ND

Consolidated Case Wyeth Ranch Community Association Anderson, Kaleb D. **Party**

Retained

702-382-1500(W)

Counter Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Gilbert, Jacqueline

> Retained 702-485-3300(W)

Counter Marchai B T Bank Trust Merrill, David J

> Retained 702-566-1935(W)

Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Gilbert, Jacqueline

Retained 702-485-3300(W)

Cross Defendant Perez, Cristela

U S Bank National Association ND

DATE **EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT INDEX**

09/30/2013

Defendant

Complaint

Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust

	CASE NO. A-13-689461-C	
	Complaint for Judicial Foreclosure of Deed of Trust	
09/30/2013	Case Opened	
10/03/2013	Notice of Pendency of Action Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Pendency of Action	
10/25/2013	Return Party: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Return of Non-Service	
10/25/2013	Summons Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Summons - Civil	
11/01/2013	Return Party: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Return of Service	
11/07/2013	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Affidavit of Service	
11/12/2013	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Cross Defendant Perez, Cristela Party Served: Cross Defendant U S Bank National Association ND	
11/13/2013	Notice of Lis Pendens Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Lis Pendens	
11/13/2013	Answer and Counterclaim Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Answer, Counterclaim, and Cross Claim	
12/03/2013	Answer to Counterclaim Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Answer to Counterclaim	
12/13/2013	Default Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Default	
12/19/2013	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Affidavit of Service	
12/27/2013	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Affidavit of Service	
01/28/2014	Application Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust	

	CASE NO. A-13-009401-C
	Application for an Order to Extend Time to Serve Summons and Complaint
01/28/2014	Affidavit in Support Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Affidavit of Benjamin D. Petiprin in Support of Application for an Order to Extend Time to Serve Summons and Complaint
02/13/2014	Order Extending Time to Serve Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Order to Extend Time to Serve Summons and Complaint
02/13/2014	Joint Case Conference Report Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Joint Case Conference Report
02/13/2014	Default Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Default Against Cross-Defendant Cristela Perez
02/13/2014	Default Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Default Against Cross-Defendant U.S. Bank National Association, N.D.
02/14/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Order to Extend Time to Serve Summons and Complaint
02/19/2014	Scheduling Order Scheduling Order
03/11/2014	Return Party: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Return of Service
04/22/2014	Default Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Default
07/09/2014	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order
07/09/2014	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Stipulation and Order Staying Litigation
09/25/2014	CANCELED Calendar Call (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Sturman, Gloria) Vacated - per Order
10/20/2014	CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Sturman, Gloria) Vacated - per Order
11/04/2014	Status Check (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Sturman, Gloria) Status Check: Stay

12/05/2014	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorder's Transcript of Proceeding: Status Check November 4, 2014
01/28/2015	Notice of Entry Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Order Lifting Stay
01/28/2015	Order Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Order Lifting Stay
02/12/2015	Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadlines Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadline Dates (First Request)
02/17/2015	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Discovery Deadline Dates
02/25/2015	Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Second Order Setting Bench Trial
03/02/2015	Case Reassigned to Department 7 District Court Case Reassignment 2015
07/27/2015	Motion Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Motion for Pre-Trial Coordination on Shortening Time
08/11/2015	Motion to Coordinate (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bare, Rob) Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC's Motion for Pre-Trial Coordination on Order Shortening Time
08/25/2015	Document Filed Filed by: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Proposed Case Management Order (unsigned)
10/09/2015	Subpoena Duces Tecum Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Subpoena Duces Tecum
10/09/2015	Subpoena Duces Tecum Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Subpoena Duces Tecum
12/02/2015	Substitution of Attorney Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Substitution of Attorney
12/18/2015	Notice of Change of Address Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Notice of Change of Address and Notice of Change of Firm Name

	CASE NO. A-13-689461-C
01/04/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Stipulation and Order to Extend Dispositive Motion Deadlines
01/04/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Order
01/14/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion For Summary Judgment
01/14/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment
01/14/2016	Appendix Filed By: Cross Defendant U S Bank National Association ND Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment
01/14/2016	Appendix Filed By: Cross Defendant U S Bank National Association ND Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment
01/19/2016	Pre-Trial Disclosure Party: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Pre-Trial Disclosures
01/21/2016	CANCELED Calendar Call (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Sturman, Gloria) Vacated - On in Error
02/03/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Marchai, B.T.'s Opposition to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
02/04/2016	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC'S Opposition to Marchai B.T.'S Motion for Summary Judgment
02/08/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Marchai, B.T.'s Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment
02/09/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter-Motions to Strike Pursuant TO NRCP RULE 37(d) and Eighth Judicial District Court Rule 2.20(a)
02/15/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Marchai, B.T.'s Opposition to Counter-Motions to Strike Pursuant to NRCP 37(d) and Eighth Judicial District Court Rule 2.20(a)
02/16/2016	CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Sturman, Gloria) Vacated - On in Error

	CASE 110. A-13-00/401-C
02/16/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion For Summary Judgment
02/16/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment
02/16/2016	Status Check: Reset Trial Date (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
02/16/2016	Response and Countermotion (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter-Motions to Strike Pursuant TO NRCP RULE 37(d) and Eighth Judicial District Court Rule 2.20(a)
02/16/2016	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
02/22/2016	Certificate of Service Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Certificate of Service
03/22/2016	Decision and Order Decision and Order
03/22/2016	Minute Order (9:40 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
03/23/2016	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Notice of Entry of Decision and Order
03/24/2016	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Notice of Entry of Decision and Order
08/18/2016	Motion for Leave to File Party: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Motion, On Shortened Time, for Leave to File an Amended Complaint
08/19/2016	Certificate of Service Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Certificate of Service
08/24/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Notice of Intent to Oppose Motion for Leave to File an Amended Complaint on OST Via Oral Argument at Hearing
08/25/2016	Motion for Leave (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Hardcastle, Kathy) Marchai, B.T.'s Motion, On Shortened Time, for Leave to File an Amended Complaint
09/30/2016	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Order Denying Motion
10/03/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust

	CASE NO. A-13-009401-C
	Notice of Entry of Order
10/04/2016	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorder's Transcript of Plaintiff's Motion on Shortened Time for Leave to File an Amended Complaint - 8-25-2016
10/05/2016	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorder's Transcript of Plaintiff's Motion on Shortened Time for Leave to File an Amended Complaint- 8-25-2016
12/01/2016	Status Check (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Status Check: Status of Case / Stay
12/13/2016	Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Order Lifting Stay and Consolidating Cases
12/13/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Cross Defendant U S Bank National Association ND Notice of Entry of Order
01/03/2017	Status Check: Trial Setting (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
01/03/2017	Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion to Dismiss
01/03/2017	Motion to Dismiss (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
01/03/2017	Joinder (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP(12b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b), and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
01/03/2017	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
01/17/2017	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Order Denying Motion SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f) and Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder Thereto
01/18/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Order
01/24/2017	Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust (A689461) Order Denying, in Part, and Granting, in Part, Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion to Dismiss
01/25/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Order

01/31/2017	Answer to Complaint Filed by: Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Answer and Affirmative Defenses
01/31/2017	Notice of Bankruptcy Filed By: Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association Notice of Bankruptcy and Suggestion of Stay
02/06/2017	Answer to Complaint Filed by: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Answer to Complaint
02/14/2017	Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Third Order Setting Civil Bench Trial
05/16/2017	Supplemental Joint Case Conference Report Party: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Supplemental Joint Case Conference Report
06/22/2017	Status Conference (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
07/21/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
07/21/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment
07/21/2017	Motion in Limine to Exclude Expert Witness Filed by: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Motion in Limine to Exclude Testimony from Michael Brunson
08/14/2017	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Marchai, B.T. s Opposition to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC and Wyeth Ranch Community Association s Motions for Summary Judgment
08/21/2017	Opposition to Motion in Limine Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Opposition to Motion in Limine to Exclude Testimony from Michael Brunson
08/21/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment
08/21/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Reply in Support of SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
08/21/2017	Joinder to Opposition to Motion Filed by: Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association

	CASE NO. A-13-009401-C
	Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC s Opposition to Motion in Limine to Exclude Testimony from Michael Brunson
08/22/2017	Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) SFR Investments Pool I LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment
08/22/2017	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
08/23/2017	Reporters Transcript Court Reporters transcript of Proceedings - 2-16-2016
08/24/2017	Pre-Trial Disclosure Party: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Pre-Trial Disclosures
08/25/2017	Objection Objections to Pre-Trial Disclosures
08/29/2017	Calendar Call (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)
08/29/2017	CANCELED Motion for Summary Judgment (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated - Previously Decided Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment
08/29/2017	Reporters Transcript Court Reporters transcript of Proceedings (Civil) - 8-22-17
09/05/2017	CANCELED Bench Trial (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated
09/05/2017	Reporters Transcript Court Reporters transcript of Proceedings - 8-29-17
09/12/2017	CANCELED Motion in Limine (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Vacated Motion in Limine to Exclude Testimony from Michael Brunson
09/12/2017	Status Check (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Status Check: Decision
10/03/2017	Summary Judgment (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Debtors: SFR Investments Pool I LLC (Defendant) Creditors: Marchai B T Bank Trust (Plaintiff) Judgment: 10/03/2017, Docketed: 10/04/2017
10/03/2017	Decision and Order Decision and Order
10/04/2017	Notice of Entry of Decision and Order Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Notice of Entry of Decision and Order
10/10/2017	Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements Filed By: Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements

CASE SUMMARY CASE No. A-13-689461-C

10/19/2017	Motion to Retax Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC SFR s Motion To Retax And Settle Memorandum Of Costs And Disbursements		
11/03/2017	Notice of Appeal Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Notice of Appeal		
11/03/2017	Case Appeal Statement Filed By: Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Case Appeal Statement		
11/21/2017	Motion to Retax (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) SFR s Motion To Retax And Settle Memorandum Of Costs And Disbursements		
DATE	FINANCIAL INFORMATION		
	Consolidated Case Party Wyeth Ranch Community Association Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/7/2017	200.00 200.00 0.00	
	Cross Claimant SFR Investments Pool I LLC Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/7/2017	647.00 647.00 0.00	

Counter Defendant Marchai B T Bank Trust

Total Charges Total Payments and Credits

Balance Due as of 11/7/2017

470.00 470.00

0.00

CIVIL COVER SHEET

Clark County, Nevada

A-13-689461-C XXVI

Case No. (Assigned by Clerk's Office)

I. Party Information	, ŭ	•		
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):		Defendant(s) (name/address/phone):		
MARCHI B.T.		CRISTELA PEREZ, ET. AL.		
Attorney (name/address/phone): Benjamin D. Petiprin, Esq. (NV Bar 11681) Law Offices of Les Zieve 3753 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Tel: (702) 948-856 Fax: (702) 446-989		Attorney (name/address/		
II. Nature of Controversy (Please che applicable subcategory, if appropriate)	eck applicable bold o	category and	Arbitration Requested	
	Civi	il Cases		
Real Property		To	orts	
□ Landlord/Tenant □ Unlawful Detainer □ Title to Property □ Foreclosure □ Liens □ Quiet Title □ Specific Performance □ Condemnation/Eminent Domain □ Other Real Property □ Partition □ Planning/Zoning	Negligence Negligence – Auto Negligence – Medical/Dental Negligence – Premises Liability (Slip/Fall) Negligence – Other		☐ Product Liability ☐ Product Liability/Motor Vehicle ☐ Other Torts/Product Liability ☐ Intentional Misconduct ☐ Torts/Defamation (Libel/Slander) ☐ Interfere with Contract Rights ☐ Employment Torts (Wrongful termination) ☐ Other Torts ☐ Anti-trust ☐ Fraud/Misrepresentation ☐ Insurance ☐ Legal Tort ☐ Unfair Competition	
Probate	Other Civil Filing Types			
Estimated Estate Value:	☐ Construction De		Appeal from Lower Court (also check	
Summary Administration ☐ General Administration ☐ Special Administration ☐ Set Aside Estates ☐ Trust/Conservatorships ☐ Individual Trustee ☐ Corporate Trustee ☐ Other Probate	Chapter 40 General General Breach of Contr Building & Insurance Commercia Commercia Collection Employme Guarantee Sale Contr Uniform C Civil Petition for Foreclosure Other Admi	act c Construction Carrier al Instrument tracts/Acct/Judgment of Actions nt Contract act ommercial Code Judicial Review	applicable civil case box) Transfer from Justice Court Justice Court Civil Appeal Civil Writ Other Special Proceeding Other Civil Filing Compromise of Minor's Claim Conversion of Property Damage to Property Employment Security Enforcement of Judgment Foreign Judgment — Civil Other Personal Property Recovery of Property Stockholder Suit Other Civil Matters	
III. Business Court Requested (Plea	III. Business Court Requested (Please check applicable category; for Clark or Washoe Counties only.)			
☐ NRS Chapters 78-88 ☐ Commodities (NRS 90) ☐ Securities (NRS 90)	☐ Investments (NR☐ Deceptive Trade☐ Trademarks (NR☐ Trademark	Practices (NRS 598)	☐ Enhanced Case Mgmt/Business ☐ Other Business Court Matters	
September 30, 2013 /s/ Benjamin D. Petiprin				
Date	-	Signature of	initiating party or representative	

10/3/2017 5:03 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 DAO 2 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 MARCHAI B.T., Plaintiff, vs. 8 CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; Case No. A-13-689461-C U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10, VII Dep't No. 10 inclusive, Defendants. 11 12 And all related actions.

Electronically Filed

DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises from a homeowners' association's non-judicial foreclosure sale of residential real property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to satisfy the two recorded Notices of Defaults which included a superpriority lien over the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to SFR. Upon the homeowners' association's foreclosure sale of the property, Marchai B.T., the holder of the deed of trust and promissory note, filed suit alleging that the sale did not extinguish their deed of trust pursuant to NRS Chapter 116. SFR and the homeowners' association counter that Marchai's lien is extinguished. Now before the Court are Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1's and Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's ("the HOA") Motions for Summary Judgment and Plaintiff Marchai's opposition. These matters came before the Court on August 22, 2017. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment and after resolution of the legal matters presented, finds in favor of Plaintiff Marchai.

☐ Voluntary Dismissal Summary Judgment ☐ Stipulated Judgment	
Involuntary Dismissal Stipulated Judgment	-
☐ Stipulated Dismissal ☐ Default Judgment	1
☐ Motion to Dismiss by Deft(s) ☐ Judgment of Arbitration	

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QEPARTMENT VII

DISTRICT JUDGE

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DISTRICT JUDGE
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I. Factual Background

In 2004, Cristela Perez entered into two loan agreements with Countrywide Home Loans in order to purchase the property. The loans were secured by two deeds of trust on the Wolf Rivers property at 2119 Wolf Rivers Avenue. The property was subject to the terms of the Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs). After the initial purchase, Perez refinanced the two Countrywide loans through an agreement with CMG Mortgage. CMG Mortgage recorded a deed of trust against the property on November 9, 2005. Ultimately, there were three active Notices of Default. The October 8, 2008 notice was rescinded, leaving the unrescinded notices at issue in this matter.

A. First Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien

The HOA recorded its first Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien on October 8, 2008. At that time, the HOA charged \$140.00 per month in association dues, collected quarterly. At the beginning of 2009, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$152.50. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on January 7, 2009. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on January 14, 2010. In 2010, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$159.50.

On February 3, 2010, the HOA sent a demand letter to Perez. On February 12, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$900.00, which more than covered all outstanding HOA dues, but did not cover remaining fees and costs. On April 13, 2010, the HOA proposed a payment plan to Perez. On May 11, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$300.00. Perez failed, however to comply with the payment plan. The Trustee on behalf of the HOA applied payments as partial payments on the account for the duration of the resident transaction detail. See Exhibit 2-H of Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment.

On July 13, 2010, the HOA mailed a Pre-Notice of Trustee Sale and Notice of Default and Election to Sell to Perez. Perez paid the HOA \$645.00 between August 2 and November 30, 2010. The HOA recorded a Rescission of Notice of Sale on March 9, 2011. Perez paid the HOA \$160.00 on March 10, 2011.

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On March 29, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Sale. On July 27, 2011, the HOA sent Perez a letter stating Perez was in breach of the payment plan. On August 4, 2011, Perez paid the HOA \$165.00.

В. **Second Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien**

On December 20, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Delinquent Assessment lien. The original Notice was not rescinded. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on February 28, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$760.00 between March 19 and July 26, 2012. CMG Mortgage assigned its deed of trust to CitiMortgage in May of 2012. CitiMortgage assigned the deed to U.S. Bank in July of 2012. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on October 31, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$300.00 on November 13, 2012.

In March of 2013, U.S. Bank assigned its deed of trust to Marchai. Neither U.S. Bank nor Marchai recorded the transfer of interest for approximately five months. During this gap, U.S. Bank did not inform Marchai of the HOA's foreclosure proceedings. The HOA mailed a Notice of Trustee's sale to CMG Mortgage, CitiMortgage, and U.S. Bank on July 29, 2013. Marchai finally recorded its interest in the Wolf Rivers property on August 12, 2013. Marchai's loan servicer received notice of the trustee's sale on August 27, 2013, the day before the sale was scheduled to take place. The servicer contacted the HOA's trustee conducting the sale, Alessi & Koenig, to ask that the sale be postponed. The HOA declined.

Alessi & Koenig conducted a foreclosure sale of the Wolf Rivers property on August 28, 2013. SFR purchased the property for \$21,000.00. SFR recorded a trustee's deed upon sale on September 9, 2013 identifying SFR as the grantee and the HOA as the foreclosing beneficiary. The trustee's deed states:

> Alessi & Koenig, LLC (herein called Trustee), as the duly appointed Trustee under that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien... does hereby grant, without warranty expressed or implied to: SFR... all its right, title and interest in the property...

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DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Trustee by NRS 116 et seq... All requirements of law regarding the mailing of copies of notices and the posting and publication of the copies of the Notice of Sale have been complied with.

At the time of sale, Perez owed the HOA \$14,677.80. As of January 14, 2016, Perez owed Marchai \$489,372.77 based the agreement secured by the deed of trust.

II. Procedural History

On September 30, 2013, Marchai filed a complaint against Perez, SFR, and U.S. Bank. Marchai sought to judicially foreclose on the Wolf Rivers property based on Perez's breach of the agreement secured by the deed of trust. The Court entered defaults against Perez and U.S. Bank in this case. On November 13, 2013, SFR filed an answer, counterclaim, and crossclaim. SFR brought counterclaims and crossclaims for declaratory relief/quiet title and injunctive relief. Specifically, SFR alleged Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property was extinguished by the non-judicial foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien established pursuant to NRS Chapter 116.

On July 9, 2014, the Court ordered that the case be stayed pending a ruling from the Nevada Supreme Court on an HOA foreclosure's effect on a first deed of trust. The Nevada Supreme Court issued its ruling in <u>SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank</u>, 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) on September 18, 2014. The Nevada Supreme Court denied a rehearing on October 16, 2014. The Court lifted the stay in the instant case on January 28, 2015.

Both Marchai and SFR filed motions for summary judgment on January 14, 2016. The parties dispute whether NRS Chapter 116 is constitutional and whether the HOA foreclosure procedure in the instant case complied with NRS Chapter 116. The parties filed oppositions to each other's motions on February 3 and 4, 2016. The parties filed replies on February 8 and 9, 2016. SFR's reply contained a countermotion to strike portions of Marchai's motion for summary judgment and opposition. SFR asserts Marchai's motion exceeded the appropriate page limit. SFR also argues Marchai's opposition contains evidence not properly disclosed in the discovery process.

On March 22, 2016, this Court issued its Decision and Order denying both SFR and

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Marchai their respective Motions for Summary Judgment as well as denying SFR's Motion to Strike. This Court found that the technical failings of Marchai's compliance with EDCR 2.20(a) did not rise to the level of sanctions and thus denied SFR's Motion to Strike. As discovery was ongoing, this Court also found in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there remained genuine issues of fact for both Motions for Summary Judgment to be denied. The Court resolved constitutionality issues of NRS chapter 116 raised in Marchai's Motion for Summary Judgment involving due process. These sub issues include notice provisions, whether there is state action involved, violations of the Taking Clause, and vagueness.

Discovery concluded on August 15, 2017. Upon completion of discovery, the HOA and SFR renewed their Motions for Summary Judgment. The resolution of the issues in the summary judgment motion necessarily results in a decision in favor of Marchai.

III. Discussion

A. Motions for Summary Judgment

Summary judgment is appropriate "when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue as to any material fact remains and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (Nev. 2005) (internal quotation marks and alterations omitted). "If the party moving for summary judgment will bear the burden of persuasion at trial, that party 'must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." Francis v. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 262 P.3d 705, 714 (Nev. 2011) (citing Cuzze v. Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nev., 172 P.3d 131, 134 (Nev. 2007)). "When requesting summary judgment, the moving party bears the initial burden of production to demonstrate the absence of a genuine issue of material fact. If the moving party meets its burden, then the nonmoving party bears the burden of production to demonstrate that there is a genuine issue of material fact. Las Vegas Metro. Police Dep't v. Coregis Ins. Co., 256 P.3d 958, 961 (Nev. 2011) (internal citations omitted).

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The HOA and SFR seek summary judgment on each of their claims against Marchai. As previously argued, SFR holds the HOA foreclosure sale extinguished Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property. Marchai argues its interest survived the foreclosure sale and is superior to SFR's interest. In the current motions for summary judgment, parties reintroduce the same issues after the close of discovery along with a few new arguments. Upon the close of discovery, the Court finds no further evidence presented that lends itself to a genuine dispute over material facts. The only issues to be decided are legal issues.

These issues include whether the nonjudicial foreclosure sale constituted unfairness when Marchai requested the HOA to halt the sale the night before the sale and whether buyers are required to pay US currency the day of the sale. In addition, whether there is Perez's payments to the HOA satisfy the procedural tender requirements of NRS Chapter 116. To determine the answers to these questions, the Court must evaluate NRS Chapter 116 and the foreclosure process in this particular case.

1. Previously Addressed Issues

Issues including commercial reasonableness, SFR as a bona fide purchaser, constitutionality of Chapter 116, and whether the Trustee was the grantor in the HOA foreclosure sale were resolved this Court's Decision of Order of March 22, 2016. The Court found that Marchai failed to establish that the HOA sale was commercially unreasonable as a matter of law because absent fraud, unfairness, or oppression, an inadequate price is not dispositive of unreasonableness. Further, the Court found that SFR was not able to establish as a matter of law that it was a bona fide purchaser and that the HOA's years of foreclosure notice proceedings including delinquency notices, defaults, and sale documents would be a matter for a fact finder. Marchai raised constitutionality revolving around NRS Chapter 116 involving due process, takings, and void for vagueness. The Court found that Marchai could not show that requirements under Chapter 116 did not meet the notice requirements that would set off due process issues or the legislative enactment of Chapter 116 was a governmental taking or a meant to serve a public purpose. Nor could Marchai show that Chapter 116 meets the high standard for unconstitutionally vagueness. Lastly,

the Court found that an inartfully drafted foreclosure deed could not be resolved in favor of Marchai. This Court finds that there is no new law to decide in favor of granting summary judgment on these same arguments and the Court will not reconsider these issues already resolved.

2. A Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale is Not Unfair if the HOA Proceeds with the Sale After the Lender Requests a Halt to the Sale.

Here, the HOA foreclosed upon the Wolf Rivers property, which they ultimately sold at a foreclosure sale after failure of the homeowner to pay dues. Marchai alleges that there are no material disputed issues of fact regarding the foreclosure as the parties agree to the circumstances. Parties agree that notice of the sale was given to U.S. Bank as the recorded holder of the deed of trust and that Marchai did not record their interest until after that notice of sale had been sent out to interested parties. Further, parties agree that there was no firm offer from Marchai to pay the superpriority amount of the loan prior to the sale when they made the request to halt the sale. Marchai now moves the Court to find that the HOA did not comply with NRS Chapter 116.

a. Procedural Requirements of NRS Chapter 116

Nevada Revised Statute Chapter 116 provides the procedural requirements for homeowners' associations seeking to secure a lien for unpaid assessments and fees. "NRS 116.3116(2)... splits an HOA lien into two pieces, a superpriority piece and a subpriority piece. The superpriority piece, consisting of the last nine months of unpaid HOA dues and maintenance and nuisance-abatement charges, is 'prior to' a first deed of trust." SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d 408, 411 (Nev. 2014), reh'g denied (Oct. 16, 2014). That super-priority portion of the lien was held by the Nevada Supreme Court to be a true super-priority lien, which will extinguish a first deed of trust if foreclosed upon pursuant to Chapter 116's requirements. Id. at 419. Specifically, "[t]he sale of a unit pursuant to NRS 116.31162, 116.31163 and 116.31164 vests in the purchaser the title of the unit's owner without equity or right of redemption." NRS 116.31166(3); see also SFR v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d at 412.

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To initiate foreclosure under Chapter 116, a Nevada homeowner association must first notify the owner of the delinquent assessments. See NRS 116.31162(1)(a). If the owner does not pay within thirty days, the homeowner association must then provide the owner a notice of default and election to sell. See NRS 116.31162(1)(b). Then, if the lien has not been paid off within 90 days, the homeowner association may continue with the foreclosure process. See NRS 116.31162(1)(c). The homeowner association must next mail a notice of sale to all those who were entitled to receive the prior notice of default and election to sell, as well as the holder of a recorded security interest if the security interest holder "has notified the association, before the mailing of the notice of sale of the existence of the security interest." See NRS 116.311635(1)(a)(1), (b)(2). As this Court interprets the "notified-the-association" provision, this additional notice requirement simply means the homeowner association must mail the notice of sale to any holder of a security interest who has recorded its interest prior to the mailing of the notice of sale.

Marchai asserts they became aware of the sale late but had made overtures to paying the superpriority lien. Marchai further asserts that after requesting that the HOA halt the sale, the HOA and the Trustee's refusal to halt the sale constituted unfairness to Marchai. The HOA and SFR argues Marchai had constructive notice through the notice served to US Bank and as a result is precluded from asking to halt the sale the night before for lack of notice.

Generally, absent a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression, a foreclosure sale will stand. The Nevada Supreme Court states, "demonstrating that an association sold a property at its foreclosure sale for an inadequate price is not enough to set aside that sale; there must also be a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. Shadow Wood HOA v. N.Y. Cmty. Bancorp., 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 at *6 (2016). In the next sentence, the Nevada Supreme Court appears to distinguish a merely inadequate price from a price that is "grossly inadequate as a matter of law" and indicates that gross inadequacy may be sufficient grounds to set aside a sale. Id. The Court finds that some other evidence of fraud, unfairness or oppression is still required to set aside an HOA foreclosure sale,

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regardless of the price. Shadow Wood cites Golden v. Tomiyasu, 387 P.2d 989, 995 (Nev. 1963) which required some showing of fraud "in addition to gross inadequacy of price" for a court to set aside a transaction.

Marchai alleges that it did not have notice of the sale. Neither side disputes that Marchai was not served with a notice of the foreclosure sale, but rather its predecessor, U.S. Bank. It is also undisputed that after the transfer from US Bank to Marchai, both U.S. Bank and Marchai waited months before recording their interest. Marchai recorded its interest after the HOA's statutory requirement of thirty days for notice to interested parties under NRS 16.31164. The HOA properly noticed U.S. Bank, the recorded holder of the deed of trust at the time of the notice. Upon learning of the sale, Marchai contacted Alessi to halt the sale. SFR and the HOA argue that there is no ongoing affirmative duty by the movant of a sale to check for new interest parties once the statutory deadline has passed, but Marchai argues that there was a continuing duty.

The HOA had no continuing legal duty to notify Marchai under the statute. Nor is there any obligation of the HOA to halt a properly noticed sale when Marchai notified them that they were the current holder in interest. It was Marchai's responsibility to record its interest to protect itself. Failing to record rests solely on Marchai and the repercussions cannot be held against the foreclosing party. Further, there was no firm offer to pay off the superpriority lien.

Therefore, this Court finds that although Marchai was not directly notified, its predecessor, U.S. Bank, had actual notice of both existing Notices of Default. The HOA properly noticed the entity on record as the holder of the first deed of trust. Had Marchai promptly recorded its interest in the property, the notice would have been sent to Marchai. This leaves the issues of whether a purchaser at a foreclosure sale was required to present cash at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale, whether Perez's payments intended to and satisfied the HOA's superpriority lien and whether having more than one Notice of Default was consequential.

3. A Purchaser is Not Required to Present Cash at a Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale.

Marchai presents that NRS 116.31164 requires that "on the day of the sale. . . . the person conducting the sale may sell the unit at public auction to the highest cash bidder." It is undisputed that SFR provided proof of funds on the day of the sale, then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi on August 29, 2013, one day after the sale. Marchai argues that this procedurally does not comply with the statute, interpreting the statute to require a payment in U.S. currency at the time of the sale. The Court is not swayed by this argument. The statute specifically requires a cash purchase rather than a credit purchase, but the statute is silent as to timing of payment. A cashier's check in this context constitutes a cash payment. It is simply infeasible in practice to expect bidders to carry large amounts of U.S. currency, often in the many tens of thousands of dollars to an auction. SFR submitted proof of funds to Alessi at the time of the sale and then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi for the full price of purchase of the property. Consequently, the sale complied with NRS 116.31164. Notwithstanding procedural issues raised under NRS 116.31164, the Court finds that a first notice of default is the operative notice when multiple notices are filed and prior notices are unwithdrawn.

4. A Second Notice of Default Results in a Supplement of the First Notice of Default when a First Notice of Default has not been Rescinded.

A superpriority lien consists of the nine months of unpaid homeowner assessments prior to a notice of default. Without satisfaction or withdrawal of the first notice of default a second notice of default serves only as a supplement to the first notice. A homeowner's association is entitled to one superpriority lien on a single property without the rescission of the prior notice of default. Pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in Property Plus Investments, LLC v. Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., et. al., 133 Nev. Adv. Opinion 62 (Sept. 14, 2017), this Court adopts the Nevada federal court's holding in JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC. JPMorgan held that a second noticed super priority lien must have separate set of unpaid months of homeowner

association assessments to be considered a separate superpriority lien. <u>PropertyPlus</u>, citing <u>JPMorgan</u>, also holds that "when a HOA rescinds a superpriority lien on a property, the HOA may subsequently assert a separate superpriority lien on the same property . . . accruing after the rescission of the previous superpriority lien." Without the satisfaction or withdrawal of the first superpriority lien, the second notice of superpriority lien then acts as a supplement or update of the first notice.

Here, there are two unrescinded Notices of Default filed against Perez, one on March 29, 2011 and one on February 28, 2012. The 2011 Notice of Default was never withdrawn. Based on the holding in <u>PropertyPlus</u>, the operative notice of default is the 2011 Notice. Therefore, the Court finds that the HOA's would only be entitled to one superpriority amount on both Notices of Defaults. This leaves only the question as to Perez's intent as to the application of payments to the HOA.

5. Perez's Intent Regarding Application of Payments to the HOA

Perez maintained sporadic payments over the period starting from the first Notice of Default to the foreclosure totaling \$2,390.24 Perez would receive a notice of a deficiency and make a payment toward her obligations to the HOA. Despite these payments, she was thousands of dollars behind in her HOA obligations.

The super-priority lien brands certain homeowner association liens as "prior to all other liens and encumbrances," excluding those recorded before the applicable CC&Rs. See NRS 116.3116(2)(a)-(b). Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116 is silent on who must satisfy the lien and if they must make their intent regarding those payments known before an HOA's superpriority lien is extinguished. The public policy principle behind NRS Chapter 116 is to ensure that homeowner association dues are paid first.

Here, the HOA had two recorded and unrescinded Notices of Default on the Wolf Rivers property and ultimately sold the property at a foreclosure sale. Perez made post Notice of Default payments prior to the sale totaling \$2,390.24. There are no material disputed issues of fact: the parties agree regarding the timing and amounts of payments by the homeowner and to the circumstances surrounding the Notices of Default. The question

remaining is the effect of the homeowner paying towards the lien as opposed to the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA and SFR argue that these payments by Perez had no intention of satisfying the superpriority lien, thus the first deed of trust was extinguished upon the foreclosure sale. Marchai asserts the homeowner's payments were intended to satisfy the HOA lien's superpriority amount prior to the HOA foreclosure sale. Marchai argues this tender causes Marchai's deed of trust to survive the HOA foreclosure sale.

a. Tender

The foreclosure process, from the first unrescinded notice of delinquent assessment in 2009 to the actual foreclosure sale spanned a few years. During this period, Perez, paid the HOA \$2,390.24. This is more than the value of nine months of assessment fees. For the nine months preceding the operative 2009 Notice of Default, Perez's assessments totaled \$1,280.00. This would have satisfied the superpriority and left a balance of \$1,110.24. Perez still owed the HOA \$14,677.80 and nothing precluded the HOA from seeking the full amount from the borrower. The question is whether the HOA superpriority lien was satisfied. If satisfied, it allows Marchai's lien to survive the nonjudicial foreclosure sale to SFR. If not, then Marchai's first deed is extinguished by the sale to SFR.

As suggested by <u>SFR</u>, the beneficiary of a deed of trust need only "determin[e] the precise superpriority amount in advance of the sale," and then "pay the [nine] months' assessments demanded by the association." <u>SFR</u>, 334 P.3d at 413, 418. Satisfying the superpriority amount of the lien, not the amounts incurred by any particular months, preserves the deed of trust. <u>See Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of America</u>, *N.A.*, 382 P.3d 911 (Nev. Aug. 11, 2016) (unpublished disposition) (finding tender of \$198 effective to discharge the lien when "\$198 was adequate to pay off the superpriority portion of" the HOA's lien.)

Different from <u>SFR</u>, here the Court must determine whether the homeowner's payments to an HOA in this case constitutes tender of the superpriority amount or whether the payments were meant to keep up with current assessment obligations. The Court finds

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JINDA MARIE BELI DEPARTMENT VII 27 28 that absent contrary evidence, it is a distinction without a difference. The public policy and stated legislative intent behind Chapter 116 is to ensure payment of homeowner liens, hence the superpriority. Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116(2) states the HOA lien is prior to first deeds of trust, but does not limit who can satisfy the superpriority portion of the lien. Nor does the statute or case law dictate that payments from a homeowner must first be applied to obligations other than the superpriority.

Marchai alleges that it was Perez's intention to apply her payments to the HOA lien's superpriority amounts that were recorded in its two Notices of Default. The HOA and SFR allege that Perez's payments only represent her intention to keep up with her monthly dues and not intended to satisfy the amounts noticed. This Court held in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there were genuine issues of material fact regarding what Perez's intention was in the application of her payments. Absent evidence showing that Perez only meant to maintain her monthly assessments, she tendered payment in an amount that would satisfy more than eighteen months' worth of payments.

Upon the close of discovery, SFR and the HOA have not presented any evidence that shows Perez did not pay off the superpriority liens. Regardless of whether Perez meant to pay off the superpriority lien or apply to the balance with the payment of oldest balances first, the superpriority lien is satisfied. So whether she had the intention to pay off obligations other than the superpriority first or whether the HOA applied them to obligations other than the superpriority, the amount making up the superpriority was paid off. Thus, regardless of which months a payor may request a payment be applied to, any payment which is at least equal to the amount incurred in the nine months preceding the notice of delinquent assessment lien is sufficient to satisfy the superpriority lien. As there are no undisputed facts at the close of discovery as to the intention of payment or the effect of multiple Notice of Defaults, this Court must deny the HOA and SFR's Motions for Summary Judgment. As a result, this Court finds in favor of Marchai.

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

Conclusion IV.

The Court finds that no genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment. As the parties agree on all the material fact in this case, the resolution of the legal issues presented on the motions for summary judgment necessarily result in a finding in favor of Marchai.

> DATED this _ day of September, 2017.

> > LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the date of filing, a copy of this Order was electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system or, if no e-mail was provided, by facsimile, U.S. Mail and/or placed in the Clerk's Office attorney folder(s) for:

Name	Party
David J. Merrill, Esq. David J. Merrill, P.C.	Counsel for Marchai, B.T.
Diana Cline Ebron, Esq. Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. Karen L. Hanks, Esq. Kim Gilbert Ebron	Counsel for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC
Kaleb D. Anderson, Esq. Megan Hummel, Esq.	Counsel for Wyeth Ranch Community Association

JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, DEPARTMENT VII

AFFIRMATION

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding Decision and Order filed in District Court case number A689461 DOES NOT contain the social security number of any person.

/s/ Linda Marie Bell District Court Judge

Date

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NOED

David J. Merrill Nevada Bar No. 6060 David J. Merrill, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone: (702) 566-1935 Facsimile: (702) 993-8841 E-mail: david@djmerrillpc.com Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MARCHAI, B.T., a Nevada business trust. Plaintiff,

v.

CRISTELA PEREZ, an individual; et al.

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS AND ACTIONS

Case No.: A-13-689461-C Dept. No. VII

Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

Notice of Entry of Decision and Order

Take Notice that on the 3rd day of October 2017, the Court entered a Decision and Order, a true and correct copy of which is attached.

Dated this 4th day of October 2017.

David J. Merrill, P.C.

By: David J. Merfill Nevada Bar No. 6060 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 566-1935

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145 (702) 566-1935

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 4th day of October 2017, a copy of the foregoing Notice of Entry of Decision and Order was served electronically to the following through the Court's electronic service system:

Kim Gilbert Ebron

Diana Cline Ebron	diana@kgelegal.com
E-Service for Kim Gilbert Ebron	eservice@hkimlaw.com
Michael L. Sturm	mike@kgelegal.com
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An employee of David J. Merrill, P.C.

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE 28

OCT 0 3 2017

EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COUR	T
CLARK COUNTY NEVADA	

MARCHAI B.T.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10, inclusive,

Defendants.

And all related actions.

Case No.

A-13-689461-C

Dep't No.

VII

DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises from a homeowners' association's non-judicial foreclosure sale of residential real property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to satisfy the two recorded Notices of Defaults which included a superpriority lien over the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to SFR. Upon the homeowners' association's foreclosure sale of the property, Marchai B.T., the holder of the deed of trust and promissory note, filed suit alleging that the sale did not extinguish their deed of trust pursuant to NRS Chapter 116. SFR and the homeowners' association counter that Marchai's lien is extinguished. Now before the Court are Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1's and Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's ("the HOA") Motions for Summary Judgment and Plaintiff Marchai's opposition. These matters came before the Court on August 22, 2017. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment and after resolution of the legal matters presented, finds in favor of Plaintiff Marchai.

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☐ Voluntary Dismissal	Summary Judgment	
☐ Involuntary Dismissal	Stipulated Judgment	1
Stipulated Dismissal	Default Judgment	+
☐ Motion to Dismiss by Deft(s)	☐ Judgment of Arbitration	

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DISTRICT JUDGE
DEPARTMENT VII
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I. Factual Background

In 2004, Cristela Perez entered into two loan agreements with Countrywide Home Loans in order to purchase the property. The loans were secured by two deeds of trust on the Wolf Rivers property at 2119 Wolf Rivers Avenue. The property was subject to the terms of the Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs). After the initial purchase, Perez refinanced the two Countrywide loans through an agreement with CMG Mortgage. CMG Mortgage recorded a deed of trust against the property on November 9, 2005. Ultimately, there were three active Notices of Default. The October 8, 2008 notice was rescinded, leaving the unrescinded notices at issue in this matter.

A. First Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien

The HOA recorded its first Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien on October 8, 2008. At that time, the HOA charged \$140.00 per month in association dues, collected quarterly. At the beginning of 2009, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$152.50. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on January 7, 2009. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on January 14, 2010. In 2010, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$159.50.

On February 3, 2010, the HOA sent a demand letter to Perez. On February 12, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$900.00, which more than covered all outstanding HOA dues, but did not cover remaining fees and costs. On April 13, 2010, the HOA proposed a payment plan to Perez. On May 11, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$300.00. Perez failed, however to comply with the payment plan. The Trustee on behalf of the HOA applied payments as partial payments on the account for the duration of the resident transaction detail. See Exhibit 2-H of Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment.

On July 13, 2010, the HOA mailed a Pre-Notice of Trustee Sale and Notice of Default and Election to Sell to Perez. Perez paid the HOA \$645.00 between August 2 and November 30, 2010. The HOA recorded a Rescission of Notice of Sale on March 9, 2011. Perez paid the HOA \$160.00 on March 10, 2011.

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LINDA MARIE BELL 25 DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 26 27

On March 29, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Sale. On July 27, 2011, the HOA sent Perez a letter stating Perez was in breach of the payment plan. On August 4, 2011, Perez paid the HOA \$165.00.

В. **Second Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien**

On December 20, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Delinquent Assessment lien. The original Notice was not rescinded. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on February 28, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$760.00 between March 19 and July 26, 2012. CMG Mortgage assigned its deed of trust to CitiMortgage in May of 2012. CitiMortgage assigned the deed to U.S. Bank in July of 2012. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on October 31, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$300.00 on November 13, 2012.

In March of 2013, U.S. Bank assigned its deed of trust to Marchai. Neither U.S. Bank nor Marchai recorded the transfer of interest for approximately five months. During this gap, U.S. Bank did not inform Marchai of the HOA's foreclosure proceedings. The HOA mailed a Notice of Trustee's sale to CMG Mortgage, CitiMortgage, and U.S. Bank on July 29, 2013. Marchai finally recorded its interest in the Wolf Rivers property on August 12, 2013. Marchai's loan servicer received notice of the trustee's sale on August 27, 2013, the day before the sale was scheduled to take place. The servicer contacted the HOA's trustee conducting the sale, Alessi & Koenig, to ask that the sale be postponed. The HOA declined.

Alessi & Koenig conducted a foreclosure sale of the Wolf Rivers property on August 28, 2013. SFR purchased the property for \$21,000.00. SFR recorded a trustee's deed upon sale on September 9, 2013 identifying SFR as the grantee and the HOA as the foreclosing beneficiary. The trustee's deed states:

> Alessi & Koenig, LLC (herein called Trustee), as the duly appointed Trustee under that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien... does hereby grant, without warranty expressed or implied to: SFR... all its right, title and interest in the property...

LINDA MARIE BELL

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Trustee by NRS 116 et seq... All requirements of law regarding the mailing of copies of notices and the posting and publication of the copies of the Notice of Sale have been complied with.

At the time of sale, Perez owed the HOA \$14,677.80. As of January 14, 2016, Perez owed Marchai \$489,372.77 based the agreement secured by the deed of trust.

II. Procedural History

On September 30, 2013, Marchai filed a complaint against Perez, SFR, and U.S. Bank. Marchai sought to judicially foreclose on the Wolf Rivers property based on Perez's breach of the agreement secured by the deed of trust. The Court entered defaults against Perez and U.S. Bank in this case. On November 13, 2013, SFR filed an answer, counterclaim, and crossclaim. SFR brought counterclaims and crossclaims for declaratory relief/quiet title and injunctive relief. Specifically, SFR alleged Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property was extinguished by the non-judicial foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien established pursuant to NRS Chapter 116.

On July 9, 2014, the Court ordered that the case be stayed pending a ruling from the Nevada Supreme Court on an HOA foreclosure's effect on a first deed of trust. The Nevada Supreme Court issued its ruling in <u>SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank</u>, 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) on September 18, 2014. The Nevada Supreme Court denied a rehearing on October 16, 2014. The Court lifted the stay in the instant case on January 28, 2015.

Both Marchai and SFR filed motions for summary judgment on January 14, 2016. The parties dispute whether NRS Chapter 116 is constitutional and whether the HOA foreclosure procedure in the instant case complied with NRS Chapter 116. The parties filed oppositions to each other's motions on February 3 and 4, 2016. The parties filed replies on February 8 and 9, 2016. SFR's reply contained a countermotion to strike portions of Marchai's motion for summary judgment and opposition. SFR asserts Marchai's motion exceeded the appropriate page limit. SFR also argues Marchai's opposition contains evidence not properly disclosed in the discovery process.

On March 22, 2016, this Court issued its Decision and Order denying both SFR and

LINDA MARIE BELL

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

Marchai their respective Motions for Summary Judgment as well as denying SFR's Motion to Strike. This Court found that the technical failings of Marchai's compliance with EDCR 2.20(a) did not rise to the level of sanctions and thus denied SFR's Motion to Strike. As discovery was ongoing, this Court also found in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there remained genuine issues of fact for both Motions for Summary Judgment to be denied. The Court resolved constitutionality issues of NRS chapter 116 raised in Marchai's Motion for Summary Judgment involving due process. These sub issues include notice provisions, whether there is state action involved, violations of the Taking Clause, and vagueness.

Discovery concluded on August 15, 2017. Upon completion of discovery, the HOA and SFR renewed their Motions for Summary Judgment. The resolution of the issues in the summary judgment motion necessarily results in a decision in favor of Marchai.

III. Discussion

A. Motions for Summary Judgment

Summary judgment is appropriate "when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue as to any material fact remains and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (Nev. 2005) (internal quotation marks and alterations omitted). "If the party moving for summary judgment will bear the burden of persuasion at trial, that party 'must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." Francis v. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 262 P.3d 705, 714 (Nev. 2011) (citing Cuzze v. Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nev., 172 P.3d 131, 134 (Nev. 2007)). "When requesting summary judgment, the moving party bears the initial burden of production to demonstrate the absence of a genuine issue of material fact. If the moving party meets its burden, then the nonmoving party bears the burden of production to demonstrate that there is a genuine issue of material fact. Las Vegas Metro. Police Dep't v. Coregis Ins. Co., 256 P.3d 958, 961 (Nev. 2011) (internal citations omitted).

LINDA MARIE BELL
DISTRICT JUDGE
DEPARTMENT VII
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The HOA and SFR seek summary judgment on each of their claims against Marchai. As previously argued, SFR holds the HOA foreclosure sale extinguished Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property. Marchai argues its interest survived the foreclosure sale and is superior to SFR's interest. In the current motions for summary judgment, parties reintroduce the same issues after the close of discovery along with a few new arguments. Upon the close of discovery, the Court finds no further evidence presented that lends itself to a genuine dispute over material facts. The only issues to be decided are legal issues.

These issues include whether the nonjudicial foreclosure sale constituted unfairness when Marchai requested the HOA to halt the sale the night before the sale and whether buyers are required to pay US currency the day of the sale. In addition, whether there is Perez's payments to the HOA satisfy the procedural tender requirements of NRS Chapter 116. To determine the answers to these questions, the Court must evaluate NRS Chapter 116 and the foreclosure process in this particular case.

1. Previously Addressed Issues

Issues including commercial reasonableness, SFR as a bona fide purchaser, constitutionality of Chapter 116, and whether the Trustee was the grantor in the HOA foreclosure sale were resolved this Court's Decision of Order of March 22, 2016. The Court found that Marchai failed to establish that the HOA sale was commercially unreasonable as a matter of law because absent fraud, unfairness, or oppression, an inadequate price is not dispositive of unreasonableness. Further, the Court found that SFR was not able to establish as a matter of law that it was a bona fide purchaser and that the HOA's years of foreclosure notice proceedings including delinquency notices, defaults, and sale documents would be a matter for a fact finder. Marchai raised constitutionality revolving around NRS Chapter 116 involving due process, takings, and void for vagueness. The Court found that Marchai could not show that requirements under Chapter 116 did not meet the notice requirements that would set off due process issues or the legislative enactment of Chapter 116 was a governmental taking or a meant to serve a public purpose. Nor could Marchai show that Chapter 116 meets the high standard for unconstitutionally vagueness. Lastly,

LINDA MARIE BELL

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII the Court found that an inartfully drafted foreclosure deed could not be resolved in favor of Marchai. This Court finds that there is no new law to decide in favor of granting summary judgment on these same arguments and the Court will not reconsider these issues already resolved.

2. A Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale is Not Unfair if the HOA Proceeds with the Sale After the Lender Requests a Halt to the Sale.

Here, the HOA foreclosed upon the Wolf Rivers property, which they ultimately sold at a foreclosure sale after failure of the homeowner to pay dues. Marchai alleges that there are no material disputed issues of fact regarding the foreclosure as the parties agree to the circumstances. Parties agree that notice of the sale was given to U.S. Bank as the recorded holder of the deed of trust and that Marchai did not record their interest until after that notice of sale had been sent out to interested parties. Further, parties agree that there was no firm offer from Marchai to pay the superpriority amount of the loan prior to the sale when they made the request to halt the sale. Marchai now moves the Court to find that the HOA did not comply with NRS Chapter 116.

a. Procedural Requirements of NRS Chapter 116

Nevada Revised Statute Chapter 116 provides the procedural requirements for homeowners' associations seeking to secure a lien for unpaid assessments and fees. "NRS 116.3116(2)... splits an HOA lien into two pieces, a superpriority piece and a subpriority piece. The superpriority piece, consisting of the last nine months of unpaid HOA dues and maintenance and nuisance-abatement charges, is 'prior to' a first deed of trust." SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d 408, 411 (Nev. 2014), reh'g denied (Oct. 16, 2014). That super-priority portion of the lien was held by the Nevada Supreme Court to be a true super-priority lien, which will extinguish a first deed of trust if foreclosed upon pursuant to Chapter 116's requirements. Id. at 419. Specifically, "[t]he sale of a unit pursuant to NRS 116.31162, 116.31163 and 116.31164 vests in the purchaser the title of the unit's owner without equity or right of redemption." NRS 116.31166(3); see also SFR v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d at 412.

To initiate foreclosure under Chapter 116, a Nevada homeowner association must first notify the owner of the delinquent assessments. See NRS 116.31162(1)(a). If the owner does not pay within thirty days, the homeowner association must then provide the owner a notice of default and election to sell. See NRS 116.31162(1)(b). Then, if the lien has not been paid off within 90 days, the homeowner association may continue with the foreclosure process. See NRS 116.31162(1)(c). The homeowner association must next mail a notice of sale to all those who were entitled to receive the prior notice of default and election to sell, as well as the holder of a recorded security interest if the security interest holder "has notified the association, before the mailing of the notice of sale of the existence of the security interest." See NRS 116.311635(1)(a)(1), (b)(2). As this Court interprets the "notified-the-association" provision, this additional notice requirement simply means the homeowner association must mail the notice of sale to any holder of a security interest who has recorded its interest prior to the mailing of the notice of sale.

Marchai asserts they became aware of the sale late but had made overtures to paying the superpriority lien. Marchai further asserts that after requesting that the HOA halt the sale, the HOA and the Trustee's refusal to halt the sale constituted unfairness to Marchai. The HOA and SFR argues Marchai had constructive notice through the notice served to US Bank and as a result is precluded from asking to halt the sale the night before for lack of notice.

Generally, absent a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression, a foreclosure sale will stand. The Nevada Supreme Court states, "demonstrating that an association sold a property at its foreclosure sale for an inadequate price is not enough to set aside that sale; there must also be a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. Shadow Wood HOA v. N.Y. Cmty. Bancorp., 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 at *6 (2016). In the next sentence, the Nevada Supreme Court appears to distinguish a merely inadequate price from a price that is "grossly inadequate as a matter of law" and indicates that gross inadequacy may be sufficient grounds to set aside a sale. Id. The Court finds that some other evidence of fraud, unfairness or oppression is still required to set aside an HOA foreclosure sale,

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LINDA MARIE BELL DEPARTMENT VII DISTRICT JUDGE 26 27 28

regardless of the price. Shadow Wood cites Golden v. Tomiyasu, 387 P.2d 989, 995 (Nev. 1963) which required some showing of fraud "in addition to gross inadequacy of price" for a court to set aside a transaction.

Marchai alleges that it did not have notice of the sale. Neither side disputes that Marchai was not served with a notice of the foreclosure sale, but rather its predecessor, U.S. Bank. It is also undisputed that after the transfer from US Bank to Marchai, both U.S. Bank and Marchai waited months before recording their interest. Marchai recorded its interest after the HOA's statutory requirement of thirty days for notice to interested parties under NRS 16.31164. The HOA properly noticed U.S. Bank, the recorded holder of the deed of trust at the time of the notice. Upon learning of the sale, Marchai contacted Alessi to halt the sale. SFR and the HOA argue that there is no ongoing affirmative duty by the movant of a sale to check for new interest parties once the statutory deadline has passed, but Marchai argues that there was a continuing duty.

The HOA had no continuing legal duty to notify Marchai under the statute. Nor is there any obligation of the HOA to halt a properly noticed sale when Marchai notified them that they were the current holder in interest. It was Marchai's responsibility to record its interest to protect itself. Failing to record rests solely on Marchai and the repercussions cannot be held against the foreclosing party. Further, there was no firm offer to pay off the superpriority lien.

Therefore, this Court finds that although Marchai was not directly notified, its predecessor, U.S. Bank, had actual notice of both existing Notices of Default. The HOA properly noticed the entity on record as the holder of the first deed of trust. Had Marchai promptly recorded its interest in the property, the notice would have been sent to Marchai. This leaves the issues of whether a purchaser at a foreclosure sale was required to present cash at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale, whether Perez's payments intended to and satisfied the HOA's superpriority lien and whether having more than one Notice of Default was consequential.

3. A Purchaser is Not Required to Present Cash at a Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale.

Marchai presents that NRS 116.31164 requires that "on the day of the sale. . . . the person conducting the sale may sell the unit at public auction to the highest cash bidder." It is undisputed that SFR provided proof of funds on the day of the sale, then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi on August 29, 2013, one day after the sale. Marchai argues that this procedurally does not comply with the statute, interpreting the statute to require a payment in U.S. currency at the time of the sale. The Court is not swayed by this argument. The statute specifically requires a cash purchase rather than a credit purchase, but the statute is silent as to timing of payment. A cashier's check in this context constitutes a cash payment. It is simply infeasible in practice to expect bidders to carry large amounts of U.S. currency, often in the many tens of thousands of dollars to an auction. SFR submitted proof of funds to Alessi at the time of the sale and then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi for the full price of purchase of the property. Consequently, the sale complied with NRS 116.31164. Notwithstanding procedural issues raised under NRS 116.31164, the Court finds that a first notice of default is the operative notice when multiple notices are filed and prior notices are unwithdrawn.

4. A Second Notice of Default Results in a Supplement of the First Notice of Default when a First Notice of Default has not been Rescinded.

A superpriority lien consists of the nine months of unpaid homeowner assessments prior to a notice of default. Without satisfaction or withdrawal of the first notice of default a second notice of default serves only as a supplement to the first notice. A homeowner's association is entitled to one superpriority lien on a single property without the rescission of the prior notice of default. Pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in Property Plus Investments, LLC v. Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., et. al., 133 Nev. Adv. Opinion 62 (Sept. 14, 2017), this Court adopts the Nevada federal court's holding in JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC. JPMorgan held that a second noticed super priority lien must have separate set of unpaid months of homeowner

association assessments to be considered a separate superpriority lien. <u>PropertyPlus</u>, citing <u>JPMorgan</u>, also holds that "when a HOA rescinds a superpriority lien on a property, the HOA may subsequently assert a separate superpriority lien on the same property . . . accruing after the rescission of the previous superpriority lien." Without the satisfaction or withdrawal of the first superpriority lien, the second notice of superpriority lien then acts as a supplement or update of the first notice.

Here, there are two unrescinded Notices of Default filed against Perez, one on March 29, 2011 and one on February 28, 2012. The 2011 Notice of Default was never withdrawn. Based on the holding in <u>PropertyPlus</u>, the operative notice of default is the 2011 Notice. Therefore, the Court finds that the HOA's would only be entitled to one superpriority amount on both Notices of Defaults. This leaves only the question as to Perez's intent as to the application of payments to the HOA.

5. Perez's Intent Regarding Application of Payments to the HOA

Perez maintained sporadic payments over the period starting from the first Notice of Default to the foreclosure totaling \$2,390.24 Perez would receive a notice of a deficiency and make a payment toward her obligations to the HOA. Despite these payments, she was thousands of dollars behind in her HOA obligations.

The super-priority lien brands certain homeowner association liens as "prior to all other liens and encumbrances," excluding those recorded before the applicable CC&Rs. See NRS 116.3116(2)(a)-(b). Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116 is silent on who must satisfy the lien and if they must make their intent regarding those payments known before an HOA's superpriority lien is extinguished. The public policy principle behind NRS Chapter 116 is to ensure that homeowner association dues are paid first.

Here, the HOA had two recorded and unrescinded Notices of Default on the Wolf Rivers property and ultimately sold the property at a foreclosure sale. Perez made post Notice of Default payments prior to the sale totaling \$2,390.24. There are no material disputed issues of fact: the parties agree regarding the timing and amounts of payments by the homeowner and to the circumstances surrounding the Notices of Default. The question

remaining is the effect of the homeowner paying towards the lien as opposed to the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA and SFR argue that these payments by Perez had no intention of satisfying the superpriority lien, thus the first deed of trust was extinguished upon the foreclosure sale. Marchai asserts the homeowner's payments were intended to satisfy the HOA lien's superpriority amount prior to the HOA foreclosure sale. Marchai argues this tender causes Marchai's deed of trust to survive the HOA foreclosure sale.

a. Tender

The foreclosure process, from the first unrescinded notice of delinquent assessment in 2009 to the actual foreclosure sale spanned a few years. During this period, Perez, paid the HOA \$2,390.24. This is more than the value of nine months of assessment fees. For the nine months preceding the operative 2009 Notice of Default, Perez's assessments totaled \$1,280.00. This would have satisfied the superpriority and left a balance of \$1,110.24. Perez still owed the HOA \$14,677.80 and nothing precluded the HOA from seeking the full amount from the borrower. The question is whether the HOA superpriority lien was satisfied. If satisfied, it allows Marchai's lien to survive the nonjudicial foreclosure sale to SFR. If not, then Marchai's first deed is extinguished by the sale to SFR.

As suggested by <u>SFR</u>, the beneficiary of a deed of trust need only "determin[e] the precise superpriority amount in advance of the sale," and then "pay the [nine] months' assessments demanded by the association." <u>SFR</u>, 334 P.3d at 413, 418. Satisfying the superpriority amount of the lien, not the amounts incurred by any particular months, preserves the deed of trust. <u>See Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of America</u>, *N.A.*, 382 P.3d 911 (Nev. Aug. 11, 2016) (unpublished disposition) (finding tender of \$198 effective to discharge the lien when "\$198 was adequate to pay off the superpriority portion of" the HOA's lien.)

Different from <u>SFR</u>, here the Court must determine whether the homeowner's payments to an HOA in this case constitutes tender of the superpriority amount or whether the payments were meant to keep up with current assessment obligations. The Court finds

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JINDA MARIE BELI DEPARTMENT VII 27 28 that absent contrary evidence, it is a distinction without a difference. The public policy and stated legislative intent behind Chapter 116 is to ensure payment of homeowner liens, hence the superpriority. Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116(2) states the HOA lien is prior to first deeds of trust, but does not limit who can satisfy the superpriority portion of the lien. Nor does the statute or case law dictate that payments from a homeowner must first be applied to obligations other than the superpriority.

Marchai alleges that it was Perez's intention to apply her payments to the HOA lien's superpriority amounts that were recorded in its two Notices of Default. The HOA and SFR allege that Perez's payments only represent her intention to keep up with her monthly dues and not intended to satisfy the amounts noticed. This Court held in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there were genuine issues of material fact regarding what Perez's intention was in the application of her payments. Absent evidence showing that Perez only meant to maintain her monthly assessments, she tendered payment in an amount that would satisfy more than eighteen months' worth of payments.

Upon the close of discovery, SFR and the HOA have not presented any evidence that shows Perez did not pay off the superpriority liens. Regardless of whether Perez meant to pay off the superpriority lien or apply to the balance with the payment of oldest balances first, the superpriority lien is satisfied. So whether she had the intention to pay off obligations other than the superpriority first or whether the HOA applied them to obligations other than the superpriority, the amount making up the superpriority was paid off. Thus, regardless of which months a payor may request a payment be applied to, any payment which is at least equal to the amount incurred in the nine months preceding the notice of delinquent assessment lien is sufficient to satisfy the superpriority lien. As there are no undisputed facts at the close of discovery as to the intention of payment or the effect of multiple Notice of Defaults, this Court must deny the HOA and SFR's Motions for Summary Judgment. As a result, this Court finds in favor of Marchai.

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

Conclusion IV.

The Court finds that no genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment. As the parties agree on all the material fact in this case, the resolution of the legal issues presented on the motions for summary judgment necessarily result in a finding in favor of Marchai.

> DATED this _ day of September, 2017.

> > LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the date of filing, a copy of this Order was electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system or, if no e-mail was provided, by facsimile, U.S. Mail and/or placed in the Clerk's Office attorney folder(s) for:

Name	Party	
David J. Merrill, Esq. David J. Merrill, P.C.	Counsel for Marchai, B.T.	
Diana Cline Ebron, Esq. Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. Karen L. Hanks, Esq. Kim Gilbert Ebron	Counsel for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC	
Kaleb D. Anderson, Esq. Megan Hummel, Esq.	Counsel for Wyeth Ranch Community Association	

JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, DEPARTMENT VII

AFFIRMATION

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding Decision and Order filed in District Court case number A689461 DOES NOT contain the social security number of any person.

/s/ Linda Marie Bell District Court Judge

Date

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

November 04, 2014 9:00 AM Status Check

HEARD BY: Sturman, Gloria COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Linda Denman

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Cline, Diana S. Attorney

Petiprin, Benjamin D., ESQ Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- At STATUS CHECK: STAY, counsel requested Court lift stay and allow them to proceed in ordinary course. COURT SO ORDERED.

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 1 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 11, 2015 10:30 AM Motion to Coordinate

HEARD BY: Bare, Rob **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03C

COURT CLERK: Billie Jo Craig

RECORDER: Carrie Hansen

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1 LLC'S MOTION FOR PRE-TRIAL COORDINATION ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Attorneys Edgar Smith, Richard Vilkin, Diana Cline, Karen Hanks present.

Sign-up sheets Left Side Filed in A662394: Robert Anderlik, Taylor Anello, Thomas N. Beckom,
Jonathan D. Blum, Darren Brenner, Michael Brooks, Diana Cline, Britannica Collins, Chelsea
Crowton, Peter Dunkley, Jessica Friedman, Charles Geisendorf, David Gluth, Karen Hanks, Joshua O.
Igeleke, Michael Li, Steven Loizzi Jr., Elizabeth Lowell, Erica D. Loyd, Matthew McAlonis, David J.
Merrill, Patrick Orme, Robin Perkins, Benjamin Petiprin (appeared telephonically), Edgar C. Smith,
Kevin S. Soderstrom, Ashlie Surer, Abe Vigil, Richard Vilkin, Shawn Walkenshaw, David Winterton.

Upon inquiry of the Court, Ms. Hanks advised the Motion was filed and heard in this Court as this Court had the lowest case number. Colloquy regarding coordinating the HOA cases as to Discovery, Trials, and witness availability. Counsel suggested a more specific Case Management Plan for a Special Discovery Master to deal with these cases as the various District Court Judges thoughts vary. Court noted he talked briefly with Chief Judge David Barker and Chief Civil Judge Betsy Gonzalez. The Court noted Court Administration would be interested in addressing this issue. Court inquired if Ms. Hanks would be the point of contact, and she advised she would. She provided her E-mail

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 2 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C

address:

Karen@hkimlaw.com

Statement by Mr. Vilkin regarding having a meeting first to determine what counsel will agree on as to the Case Management Plan.

Statements from Attorney Surur regarding coordination for Discovery procedures and noted her two cases where one was Dismissed and the other was pending a Motion to Dismiss where the Court had no jurisdiction.

Statements from Attorney Brooks, who had multiple cases, regarding setting deadlines for counsel to submit a plan to in-house counsel, which may take 2 to 3 weeks.

Attorney Brenner advised a Case Management Plan would first be needed as there are 10 different banks and in-house counsel. He would then be in a position to respond.

COURT ORDERED, Ms. Hanks to submit a Proposed Case Management Plan to counsel by 8/25/15. Counsel to respond by 9/29/15. Matter SET for Status Check: Proposed Case Management Plan to determine when a Continued Hearing on this Motion to Coordinate to be heard.

9/1/15 10:30 AM STATUS CHECK: PROPOSED CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN (IN A662394 ONLY)

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 3 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

February 16, 2016 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Colloquy regarding transfer of the case. Court advised when this case was transferred from department 26, the trial date remained on that calendar; as trial should be scheduled in department 7. Mr. Merrill advised the Court's view on the summary judgment and any issues of fact will decide when trial should be set. No opposition by Ms. Hanks.

Following extensive arguments by Counsel as to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment and Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment, COURT ORDERED, MATTERS TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter - Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter - Motions to Strike Pursuant to NRCP Rule 37(d) and EDCR 2.20 (a); OFF CALENDAR

Court further advised following a decision on the motions for summary judgment, trial date will be discussed. Parties so noted.

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 4 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

March 22, 2016 9:40 AM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Decision

The Court finds that genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. the Court DENIES SFR and Marchai's Motions for Summary Judgment and SFR's Motion to Strike.

COURT MINUTES Title to Property August 25, 2016 Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s) A-13-689461-C

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

9:00 AM **Motion for Leave** August 25, 2016

HEARD BY: Hardcastle, Kathy **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

Renee Vincent RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney Merrill, David I Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Marchai, BT's Motion on Order Shortening Time, for Leave to File and Amended Complaint

Ms. Hanks advised she misread the order and is orally opposing the motion at this time. Mr. Merrill advised the statute comes into play in three years which runs on Sunday. COURT ORDERED, case STAYED three (3) months and a status check will be SET. Colloquy regarding bring in additional parties. Mr. Merrill advised he will file a complaint and move to consolidate. Court so noted.

12/1/16 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF CASE / STAY

12/1/16 9:00 AM

11/07/2017 PRINT DATE: Page 6 of 13 November 04, 2014 Minutes Date:

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

December 01, 2016 9:00 AM Status Check

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Status Check: Status of Case / Stay

Court advised it is not inclined to wait for the decision by the Nevada Supreme Court and ORDERED, stay LIFTED and trial date SET.

Mr. Merrill advised a motion to amend was filed then the case was stayed, to preserve the claims, a new action was filed in DC XXXI. COURT ORDERED, this case CONSOLIDATED with A-16-742327-C. Ms. Gilbert advised no opposition to consolidation. Colloquy regarding trial setting. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, a status check date SET.

1/3/17 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 7 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s) vs.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

January 03, 2017 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Ms. J. Funai Esq. present on behalf of Wyeth ranch Community Association

Following extensive arguments by Counsel, COURT ORDERED as follows:

Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Associations Motion to Dismiss; DENIED as to Failure to Medicate under 38.310(1)(a) and GRANTED as to Quiet Title.

SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f); MOOT

Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f); MOOT.

8/29/17 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

9/5/17 9:00 AM BENCH TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 8 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

June 22, 2017 9:00 AM Status Conference

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Status Conference

Mr. Merrill advised discovery is completed and responses and answers will be filed next week. Upon the Court's inquiry, dispositive motions are due by July 21 which Mr. Merrill does no anticipate. As to the supplemental joint case conference report requesting a settlement conference, parties advised they have not had discussions as such. Court advised although a settlement conference is encouraged, the trial will not be continued thereto; further stating parties can contact departments individually to schedule the conference. Court reviewed the DC VII trial handout.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 22, 2017 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- SFR Investments Pool I LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment... Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment...

Colloquy regarding scheduling as there was a discrepancy as to setting the motions on calendar. Both Ms. Gilbert and Ms. Hummel advised the reply was filed yesterday, but are ready to proceed. Court reviewed the reply.

Following extensive arguments by Counsel, COURT ORDERED, the following:

SFR Investments Pool I LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment; MATTER TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment; MATTER TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

As to the Motion in Limine set on 8/29/17, COURT ORDERED, matter to be heard 9/12/17.

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 10 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C

9/12/17 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: DECISION

9/12/17 9:00 AM MOTION IN LIMINE TO EXCLUDE TESTIMONY FROM MICHAEL BRUNSON

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 11 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 29, 2017 9:00 AM Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

Elizabeth Vargas

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Kim, Howard C. Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, pending Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED; trial date and Motion in Limine VACATED.

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 12 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

September 12, 2017 9:00 AM Status Check Status Check:

Decision

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court advised a decision is pending. Colloquy regarding the order of the summary judgment. Court advised it will be written that the summary judgment is denied but the resolution and legal issues necessarily wraps up the case. Ms. Gilbert so noted and advised she will inform Mr. Merrill.

PRINT DATE: 11/07/2017 Page 13 of 13 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014



EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

DIANA S. EBRON, ESQ. 7625 DEAN MARTIN DR., STE 110 LAS VEGAS, NV 89139

> DATE: November 7, 2017 CASE: A-13-689461-C C/W A-16-742327-C

RE CASE: MARCHAI B.T. BANK TRUST vs. CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL

1, LLC; U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: November 3, 2017

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

Ψ2.	50 Supreme Court I ming I ee (Wake Cheek I dydole to the Supreme Court)
-	If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be
	mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if
	submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed.

\$250 - Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)**

- \$24 District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
- \$500 Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
 - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
- ☐ Case Appeal Statement
 - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
- □ Order

 ∇

☐ Notice of Entry of Order

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (e) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

^{**}Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark
SS

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

NOTICE OF APPEAL; CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; DECISION AND ORDER; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECISION AND ORDER; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

MARCHAI B.T. BANK TRUST,

Plaintiff(s),

VS.

CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-13-689461-C

Consolidated with A-16-742327-C

Dept No: VII

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 7 day of November 2017.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Amanda Hampton, Deputy Clerk