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JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, ESO.

Electronically Filed 8/7/2018 6:41 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Electronically Filed Aug 14 2018 11:15 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No. A-13-689461-C Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

Dept. No. XI

AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC, by and through its counsel of record, hereby files it AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL from the following orders and judgments:

KIM GIL BERT EBRON 7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

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- 1. Decision and Order entered on October 3, 2017;
- 2. Judgment entered on August 6, 2018; and
- 3. All other orders made appealable thereby.

DATED this 7th day of August 2018.

KIM GILBERT EBRON

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq.
JACQUELINE A. GILBERT, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 10593
7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110
Las Vegas, Nevada 89139
Phone: (702) 485-3300
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Attorneys for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC

KIM GILBERT EBRON 7625 DEAN MARTIN DRIVE, SUITE 110 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89139 (702) 485-3300 FAX (702) 485-3301

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 7th day of August 2018, pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I served via the Eighth Judicial District Court electronic filing system, the **SFR'S AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL** to the following parties:

David Merrill - david@djmerrillpc.com

Kaleb Anderson - kanderson@lipsonneilson.com

Brenda Correa - bcorrea@lipsonneilson.com

Megan Hummel - mhummel@lipsonneilson.com

Susana Nutt - snutt@lipsonneilson.com

Renee Rittenhouse - rrittenhouse@lipsonneilson.com

/s/ Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. an employee of Kim Gilbert Ebron

DEPARTMENT 11

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-742327-C

Marchai BT Trust, Plaintiff(s)

A-13-689461-C (Consolidated)

vs.

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC, Defendant(s)

Location: Department 11
Judicial Officer: Gonzalez, Elizabeth
Filed on: 08/25/2016

Case Number History:

Cross-Reference Case A742327

Number:

CASE INFORMATION

§

Related Cases Case Type: Other Title to Property

Case Flags: Consolidated - Subordinate

Case

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

Case Number Court Date Assigned Judicial Officer A-16-742327-C Department 11 07/02/2018 Gonzalez, Elizabeth

PARTY INFORMATION

Lead Attorneys
Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Merrill, Davie

Merrill, David J Retained 702-566-1935(W)

Defendant Alessi & Koenig LLC

Affidavit of Service

Affidavit of Service

Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust

09/14/2016

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC Ebron, Diana S. Cline

Retained 702-485-3300(W)

Wyeth Ranch Community Association Anderson, Kaleb D.

Retained 702-382-1500(W)

DATE **EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT INDEX** 08/25/2016 Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Complaint 08/25/2016 Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure 09/14/2016 Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Affidavit of Service 09/14/2016 Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust

DEPARTMENT 11

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-16-742327-C

	CASE NO. A-10-/4252/-C
	Affidavit of Service
09/28/2016	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure
09/28/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion to Dismiss
10/03/2016	Certificate of Service Filed by: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Certificate of Service
10/05/2016	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
10/12/2016	Joinder To Motion Filed By: Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP(12b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b), and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
11/01/2016	Motion to Dismiss (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Kishner, Joanna S.) 11/01/2016, 11/22/2016, 12/06/2016 Events: 09/28/2016 Motion to Dismiss Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion to Dismiss
11/09/2016	Opposition to Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Opposition to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
11/10/2016	Opposition to Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Opposition to Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion to Dismiss
11/14/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Purusant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)
11/15/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Reply in Support of its Motion to Dismiss
11/22/2016	Motion to Dismiss (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Kishner, Joanna S.) 11/22/2016, 12/06/2016 Events: 10/05/2016 Motion to Dismiss SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)

DEPARTMENT 11

CASE SUMMARY CASE No. A-16-742327-C

	CASE NO. A-10-742327-C	
11/22/2016	Joinder (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Kishner, Joanna S.) 11/22/2016, 12/06/2016 Events: 10/12/2016 Joinder To Motion Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss with Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP(12b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(b), and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f)	
11/22/2016	All Pending Motions (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Kishner, Joanna S.)	
12/01/2016	Minute Order (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie)	
12/06/2016	All Pending Motions (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Kishner, Joanna S.)	
12/13/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Notice of Entry of Order	
12/20/2016	Notice of Department Reassignment Notice of Department Reassignment	
01/24/2017	Order of Dismissal (Judicial Officer: Bell, Linda Marie) Debtors: Wyeth Ranch Community Association (Defendant) Creditors: Marchai BT Trust (Plaintiff) Judgment: 01/24/2017, Docketed: 01/31/2017 Comment: Certain Claims - Doc filed in A689461	
07/02/2018	Case Reassigned to Department 11 Reassigned From Judge Bell - Dept 7	
08/07/2018	Amended Notice of Appeal Party: Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC Amended Notice of Appeal	
DATE	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
	Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 8/10/2018	223.00 223.00 0.00
	Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 8/10/2018	223.00 223.00 0.00
	Plaintiff Marchai BT Trust Total Charges Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 8/10/2018	270.00 270.00 0.00

DISTRICT COURT CIVIL COVER SHEET A- 16-742327- C

		County, 1	Nevada VVVI
	Case No. (Assigned by Clerk's		XXXI
I Pauty Information	, , ,	Office)	
I. Party Information (provide both ho Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):	me and mailing addresses if different)	Defonde	mt(n) /- ama/addusaa/mkama)
• •		Detenda	ant(s) (name/address/phone):
Marchai, B.T.		ļ	SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC
117 North i	Fuller		5030 Paradise Road, Suite B-214
Los Angeles, C	A 90036	ļ <u>-</u>	Las Vegas, NV 89119
Attorney (name/address/phone):	: B	Attorney	y (name/address/phone):
David J. Merr		<u> </u>	Kim Gilbert Ebron
10161 Park Run Dri			7625 Dean Martin Drive, Suite 110
Las Vegas, N		ļ	Las Vegas, NV 89139
(702) 566-	1935 	<u> </u>	(702) 485-3300
II. Nature of Controversy (please so	elect the one most applicable filing type	below)	
Civil Case Filing Types			<u></u> -
Real Property			Torts
Landlord/Tenant	Negligence		Other Torts
Unlawful Detainer	Auto		Product Liability
Other Landlord/Tenant	Premises Liability		Intentional Misconduct
Title to Property	Other Negligence		Employment Tort
Judicial Foreclosure	Malpractice		Insurance Tort
Other Title to Property	Medical/Dental		Other Tort
Other Real Property	Legai		
Condemnation/Eminent Domain	Accounting		
Other Real Property	Other Malpractice		
Probate	Construction Defect & Contr	ract	Judicial Review/Appeal
Probate (select case type and estate value)	Construction Defect		Judicial Review
Summary Administration	Chapter 40		Foreclosure Mediation Case
General Administration	Other Construction Defect		Petition to Seal Records
Special Administration	Contract Case		Mental Competency
Set Aside	Uniform Commercial Code		Nevada State Agency Appeal
Trust/Conservatorship	Building and Construction		Department of Motor Vehicle
Other Probate	Insurance Carrier		Worker's Compensation
Estate Value	Commercial Instrument		Other Nevada State Agency
Over \$200,000	Collection of Accounts		Appeal Other
Between \$100,000 and \$200,000	Employment Contract		Appeal from Lower Court
Under \$100,000 or Unknown	Other Contract		Other Judicial Review/Appeal
Under \$2,500	-		-
Civi	Writ		Other Civil Filing
Civil Writ			Other Civil Filing
Writ of Habeas Corpus	Writ of Prohibition		Compromise of Minor's Claim
Writ of Mandamus	Other Civil Writ		Foreign Judgment
Writ of Quo Warrant	_		Other Civil Matters
	ourt filings should be filed using the	e Busines	
August 25, 2016		>	
Date		Signa	ature of initiating party or representative

See other side for family-related case filings.

10/3/2017 5:03 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 DAO 2 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 MARCHAI B.T., Plaintiff. vs. 8 CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; Case No. A-13-689461-C U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10, VII Dep't No. 10 inclusive, Defendants. 11 12 And all related actions.

Electronically Filed

DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises from a homeowners' association's non-judicial foreclosure sale of residential real property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to satisfy the two recorded Notices of Defaults which included a superpriority lien over the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to SFR. Upon the homeowners' association's foreclosure sale of the property, Marchai B.T., the holder of the deed of trust and promissory note, filed suit alleging that the sale did not extinguish their deed of trust pursuant to NRS Chapter 116. SFR and the homeowners' association counter that Marchai's lien is extinguished. Now before the Court are Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1's and Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's ("the HOA") Motions for Summary Judgment and Plaintiff Marchai's opposition. These matters came before the Court on August 22, 2017. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment and after resolution of the legal matters presented, finds in favor of Plaintiff Marchai.

☐ Voluntary Dismissal ☐ Involuntary Dismissal ☐ Stipulated Dismissal ☐ Mation to Dismiss by Deft(s)	Summary Judgment Stipulated Judgment Default Judgment Judgment	1
☐ Motion to Dismiss by Deft(s)	Usudgment of Arbitration	

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QEPARTMENT VII

DISTRICT JUDGE

LINDA MARIE BELL

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 26 27 28

I. **Factual Background**

In 2004, Cristela Perez entered into two loan agreements with Countrywide Home Loans in order to purchase the property. The loans were secured by two deeds of trust on the Wolf Rivers property at 2119 Wolf Rivers Avenue. The property was subject to the terms of the Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs). After the initial purchase, Perez refinanced the two Countrywide loans through an agreement with CMG Mortgage. CMG Mortgage recorded a deed of trust against the property on November 9, 2005. Ultimately, there were three active Notices of Default. The October 8, 2008 notice was rescinded, leaving the unrescinded notices at issue in this matter.

First Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien A.

The HOA recorded its first Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien on October 8, 2008. At that time, the HOA charged \$140.00 per month in association dues, collected quarterly. At the beginning of 2009, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$152.50. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on January 7, 2009. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on January 14, 2010. In 2010, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$159.50.

On February 3, 2010, the HOA sent a demand letter to Perez. On February 12, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$900.00, which more than covered all outstanding HOA dues, but did not cover remaining fees and costs. On April 13, 2010, the HOA proposed a payment plan to Perez. On May 11, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$300.00. Perez failed, however to comply with the payment plan. The Trustee on behalf of the HOA applied payments as partial payments on the account for the duration of the resident transaction detail. See Exhibit 2-H of Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment.

On July 13, 2010, the HOA mailed a Pre-Notice of Trustee Sale and Notice of Default and Election to Sell to Perez. Perez paid the HOA \$645.00 between August 2 and November 30, 2010. The HOA recorded a Rescission of Notice of Sale on March 9, 2011. Perez paid the HOA \$160.00 on March 10, 2011.

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 26 27 28

On March 29, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Sale. On July 27, 2011, the HOA sent Perez a letter stating Perez was in breach of the payment plan. On August 4, 2011, Perez paid the HOA \$165.00.

В. **Second Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien**

On December 20, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Delinquent Assessment lien. The original Notice was not rescinded. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on February 28, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$760.00 between March 19 and July 26, 2012. CMG Mortgage assigned its deed of trust to CitiMortgage in May of 2012. CitiMortgage assigned the deed to U.S. Bank in July of 2012. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on October 31, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$300.00 on November 13, 2012.

In March of 2013, U.S. Bank assigned its deed of trust to Marchai. Neither U.S. Bank nor Marchai recorded the transfer of interest for approximately five months. During this gap, U.S. Bank did not inform Marchai of the HOA's foreclosure proceedings. The HOA mailed a Notice of Trustee's sale to CMG Mortgage, CitiMortgage, and U.S. Bank on July 29, 2013. Marchai finally recorded its interest in the Wolf Rivers property on August 12, 2013. Marchai's loan servicer received notice of the trustee's sale on August 27, 2013, the day before the sale was scheduled to take place. The servicer contacted the HOA's trustee conducting the sale, Alessi & Koenig, to ask that the sale be postponed. The HOA declined.

Alessi & Koenig conducted a foreclosure sale of the Wolf Rivers property on August 28, 2013. SFR purchased the property for \$21,000.00. SFR recorded a trustee's deed upon sale on September 9, 2013 identifying SFR as the grantee and the HOA as the foreclosing beneficiary. The trustee's deed states:

> Alessi & Koenig, LLC (herein called Trustee), as the duly appointed Trustee under that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien... does hereby grant, without warranty expressed or implied to: SFR... all its right, title and interest in the property...

LINDA MARIE BELL

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This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Trustee by NRS 116 et seq... All requirements of law regarding the mailing of copies of notices and the posting and publication of the copies of the Notice of Sale have been complied with.

At the time of sale, Perez owed the HOA \$14,677.80. As of January 14, 2016, Perez owed Marchai \$489,372.77 based the agreement secured by the deed of trust.

II. Procedural History

On September 30, 2013, Marchai filed a complaint against Perez, SFR, and U.S. Bank. Marchai sought to judicially foreclose on the Wolf Rivers property based on Perez's breach of the agreement secured by the deed of trust. The Court entered defaults against Perez and U.S. Bank in this case. On November 13, 2013, SFR filed an answer, counterclaim, and crossclaim. SFR brought counterclaims and crossclaims for declaratory relief/quiet title and injunctive relief. Specifically, SFR alleged Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property was extinguished by the non-judicial foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien established pursuant to NRS Chapter 116.

On July 9, 2014, the Court ordered that the case be stayed pending a ruling from the Nevada Supreme Court on an HOA foreclosure's effect on a first deed of trust. The Nevada Supreme Court issued its ruling in <u>SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank</u>, 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) on September 18, 2014. The Nevada Supreme Court denied a rehearing on October 16, 2014. The Court lifted the stay in the instant case on January 28, 2015.

Both Marchai and SFR filed motions for summary judgment on January 14, 2016. The parties dispute whether NRS Chapter 116 is constitutional and whether the HOA foreclosure procedure in the instant case complied with NRS Chapter 116. The parties filed oppositions to each other's motions on February 3 and 4, 2016. The parties filed replies on February 8 and 9, 2016. SFR's reply contained a countermotion to strike portions of Marchai's motion for summary judgment and opposition. SFR asserts Marchai's motion exceeded the appropriate page limit. SFR also argues Marchai's opposition contains evidence not properly disclosed in the discovery process.

On March 22, 2016, this Court issued its Decision and Order denying both SFR and

LINDA MARIE BELL
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Marchai their respective Motions for Summary Judgment as well as denying SFR's Motion to Strike. This Court found that the technical failings of Marchai's compliance with EDCR 2.20(a) did not rise to the level of sanctions and thus denied SFR's Motion to Strike. As discovery was ongoing, this Court also found in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there remained genuine issues of fact for both Motions for Summary Judgment to be denied. The Court resolved constitutionality issues of NRS chapter 116 raised in Marchai's Motion for Summary Judgment involving due process. These sub issues include notice provisions, whether there is state action involved, violations of the Taking Clause, and vagueness.

Discovery concluded on August 15, 2017. Upon completion of discovery, the HOA and SFR renewed their Motions for Summary Judgment. The resolution of the issues in the summary judgment motion necessarily results in a decision in favor of Marchai.

III. Discussion

A. Motions for Summary Judgment

Summary judgment is appropriate "when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue as to any material fact remains and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (Nev. 2005) (internal quotation marks and alterations omitted). "If the party moving for summary judgment will bear the burden of persuasion at trial, that party 'must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." Francis v. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 262 P.3d 705, 714 (Nev. 2011) (citing Cuzze v. Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nev., 172 P.3d 131, 134 (Nev. 2007)). "When requesting summary judgment, the moving party bears the initial burden of production to demonstrate the absence of a genuine issue of material fact. If the moving party meets its burden, then the nonmoving party bears the burden of production to demonstrate that there is a genuine issue of material fact. Las Vegas Metro. Police Dep't v. Coregis Ins. Co., 256 P.3d 958, 961 (Nev. 2011) (internal citations omitted).

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DISTRICT JUDGE
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The HOA and SFR seek summary judgment on each of their claims against Marchai. As previously argued, SFR holds the HOA foreclosure sale extinguished Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property. Marchai argues its interest survived the foreclosure sale and is superior to SFR's interest. In the current motions for summary judgment, parties reintroduce the same issues after the close of discovery along with a few new arguments. Upon the close of discovery, the Court finds no further evidence presented that lends itself to a genuine dispute over material facts. The only issues to be decided are legal issues.

These issues include whether the nonjudicial foreclosure sale constituted unfairness when Marchai requested the HOA to halt the sale the night before the sale and whether buyers are required to pay US currency the day of the sale. In addition, whether there is Perez's payments to the HOA satisfy the procedural tender requirements of NRS Chapter 116. To determine the answers to these questions, the Court must evaluate NRS Chapter 116 and the foreclosure process in this particular case.

1. Previously Addressed Issues

Issues including commercial reasonableness, SFR as a bona fide purchaser, constitutionality of Chapter 116, and whether the Trustee was the grantor in the HOA foreclosure sale were resolved this Court's Decision of Order of March 22, 2016. The Court found that Marchai failed to establish that the HOA sale was commercially unreasonable as a matter of law because absent fraud, unfairness, or oppression, an inadequate price is not dispositive of unreasonableness. Further, the Court found that SFR was not able to establish as a matter of law that it was a bona fide purchaser and that the HOA's years of foreclosure notice proceedings including delinquency notices, defaults, and sale documents would be a matter for a fact finder. Marchai raised constitutionality revolving around NRS Chapter 116 involving due process, takings, and void for vagueness. The Court found that Marchai could not show that requirements under Chapter 116 did not meet the notice requirements that would set off due process issues or the legislative enactment of Chapter 116 was a governmental taking or a meant to serve a public purpose. Nor could Marchai show that Chapter 116 meets the high standard for unconstitutionally vagueness. Lastly,

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LINDA MARIE BELL DEPARTMENT VII DISTRICT JUDGE 27 28 the Court found that an inartfully drafted foreclosure deed could not be resolved in favor of Marchai. This Court finds that there is no new law to decide in favor of granting summary judgment on these same arguments and the Court will not reconsider these issues already resolved.

A Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale is Not Unfair if the HOA Proceeds 2. with the Sale After the Lender Requests a Halt to the Sale.

Here, the HOA foreclosed upon the Wolf Rivers property, which they ultimately sold at a foreclosure sale after failure of the homeowner to pay dues. Marchai alleges that there are no material disputed issues of fact regarding the foreclosure as the parties agree to the circumstances. Parties agree that notice of the sale was given to U.S. Bank as the recorded holder of the deed of trust and that Marchai did not record their interest until after that notice of sale had been sent out to interested parties. Further, parties agree that there was no firm offer from Marchai to pay the superpriority amount of the loan prior to the sale when they made the request to halt the sale. Marchai now moves the Court to find that the HOA did not comply with NRS Chapter 116.

Procedural Requirements of NRS Chapter 116

Nevada Revised Statute Chapter 116 provides the procedural requirements for homeowners' associations seeking to secure a lien for unpaid assessments and fees. "NRS 116.3116(2)... splits an HOA lien into two pieces, a superpriority piece and a subpriority piece. The superpriority piece, consisting of the last nine months of unpaid HOA dues and maintenance and nuisance-abatement charges, is 'prior to' a first deed of trust." SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d 408, 411 (Nev. 2014), reh'g denied (Oct. 16, 2014). That super-priority portion of the lien was held by the Nevada Supreme Court to be a true super-priority lien, which will extinguish a first deed of trust if foreclosed upon pursuant to Chapter 116's requirements. Id. at 419. Specifically, "[t]he sale of a unit pursuant to NRS 116.31162, 116.31163 and 116.31164 vests in the purchaser the title of the unit's owner without equity or right of redemption." NRS 116.31166(3); see also SFR v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d at 412.

To initiate foreclosure under Chapter 116, a Nevada homeowner association must first notify the owner of the delinquent assessments. See NRS 116.31162(1)(a). If the owner does not pay within thirty days, the homeowner association must then provide the owner a notice of default and election to sell. See NRS 116.31162(1)(b). Then, if the lien has not been paid off within 90 days, the homeowner association may continue with the foreclosure process. See NRS 116.31162(1)(c). The homeowner association must next mail a notice of sale to all those who were entitled to receive the prior notice of default and election to sell, as well as the holder of a recorded security interest if the security interest holder "has notified the association, before the mailing of the notice of sale of the existence of the security interest." See NRS 116.311635(1)(a)(1), (b)(2). As this Court interprets the "notified-the-association" provision, this additional notice requirement simply means the homeowner association must mail the notice of sale to any holder of a security interest who has recorded its interest prior to the mailing of the notice of sale.

Marchai asserts they became aware of the sale late but had made overtures to paying the superpriority lien. Marchai further asserts that after requesting that the HOA halt the sale, the HOA and the Trustee's refusal to halt the sale constituted unfairness to Marchai. The HOA and SFR argues Marchai had constructive notice through the notice served to US Bank and as a result is precluded from asking to halt the sale the night before for lack of notice.

Generally, absent a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression, a foreclosure sale will stand. The Nevada Supreme Court states, "demonstrating that an association sold a property at its foreclosure sale for an inadequate price is not enough to set aside that sale; there must also be a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. Shadow Wood HOA v. N.Y. Cmty. Bancorp., 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 at *6 (2016). In the next sentence, the Nevada Supreme Court appears to distinguish a merely inadequate price from a price that is "grossly inadequate as a matter of law" and indicates that gross inadequacy may be sufficient grounds to set aside a sale. Id. The Court finds that some other evidence of fraud, unfairness or oppression is still required to set aside an HOA foreclosure sale,

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 28 regardless of the price. Shadow Wood cites Golden v. Tomiyasu, 387 P.2d 989, 995 (Nev. 1963) which required some showing of fraud "in addition to gross inadequacy of price" for a court to set aside a transaction.

Marchai alleges that it did not have notice of the sale. Neither side disputes that Marchai was not served with a notice of the foreclosure sale, but rather its predecessor, U.S. Bank. It is also undisputed that after the transfer from US Bank to Marchai, both U.S. Bank and Marchai waited months before recording their interest. Marchai recorded its interest after the HOA's statutory requirement of thirty days for notice to interested parties under NRS 16.31164. The HOA properly noticed U.S. Bank, the recorded holder of the deed of trust at the time of the notice. Upon learning of the sale, Marchai contacted Alessi to halt the sale. SFR and the HOA argue that there is no ongoing affirmative duty by the movant of a sale to check for new interest parties once the statutory deadline has passed, but Marchai argues that there was a continuing duty.

The HOA had no continuing legal duty to notify Marchai under the statute. Nor is there any obligation of the HOA to halt a properly noticed sale when Marchai notified them that they were the current holder in interest. It was Marchai's responsibility to record its interest to protect itself. Failing to record rests solely on Marchai and the repercussions cannot be held against the foreclosing party. Further, there was no firm offer to pay off the superpriority lien.

Therefore, this Court finds that although Marchai was not directly notified, its predecessor, U.S. Bank, had actual notice of both existing Notices of Default. The HOA properly noticed the entity on record as the holder of the first deed of trust. Had Marchai promptly recorded its interest in the property, the notice would have been sent to Marchai. This leaves the issues of whether a purchaser at a foreclosure sale was required to present cash at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale, whether Perez's payments intended to and satisfied the HOA's superpriority lien and whether having more than one Notice of Default was consequential.

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3. A Purchaser is Not Required to Present Cash at a Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale.

Marchai presents that NRS 116.31164 requires that "on the day of the sale. . . . the person conducting the sale may sell the unit at public auction to the highest cash bidder." It is undisputed that SFR provided proof of funds on the day of the sale, then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi on August 29, 2013, one day after the sale. Marchai argues that this procedurally does not comply with the statute, interpreting the statute to require a payment in U.S. currency at the time of the sale. The Court is not swayed by this argument. The statute specifically requires a cash purchase rather than a credit purchase, but the statute is silent as to timing of payment. A cashier's check in this context constitutes a cash payment. It is simply infeasible in practice to expect bidders to carry large amounts of U.S. currency, often in the many tens of thousands of dollars to an auction. SFR submitted proof of funds to Alessi at the time of the sale and then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi for the full price of purchase of the property. Consequently, the sale complied with NRS 116.31164. Notwithstanding procedural issues raised under NRS 116.31164, the Court finds that a first notice of default is the operative notice when multiple notices are filed and prior notices are unwithdrawn.

4. A Second Notice of Default Results in a Supplement of the First Notice of Default when a First Notice of Default has not been Rescinded.

A superpriority lien consists of the nine months of unpaid homeowner assessments prior to a notice of default. Without satisfaction or withdrawal of the first notice of default a second notice of default serves only as a supplement to the first notice. A homeowner's association is entitled to one superpriority lien on a single property without the rescission of the prior notice of default. Pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in Property Plus Investments, LLC v. Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., et. al., 133 Nev. Adv. Opinion 62 (Sept. 14, 2017), this Court adopts the Nevada federal court's holding in JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC. JPMorgan held that a second noticed super priority lien must have separate set of unpaid months of homeowner

association assessments to be considered a separate superpriority lien. <u>PropertyPlus</u>, citing <u>JPMorgan</u>, also holds that "when a HOA rescinds a superpriority lien on a property, the HOA may subsequently assert a separate superpriority lien on the same property . . . accruing after the rescission of the previous superpriority lien." Without the satisfaction or withdrawal of the first superpriority lien, the second notice of superpriority lien then acts as a supplement or update of the first notice.

Here, there are two unrescinded Notices of Default filed against Perez, one on March 29, 2011 and one on February 28, 2012. The 2011 Notice of Default was never withdrawn. Based on the holding in <u>PropertyPlus</u>, the operative notice of default is the 2011 Notice. Therefore, the Court finds that the HOA's would only be entitled to one superpriority amount on both Notices of Defaults. This leaves only the question as to Perez's intent as to the application of payments to the HOA.

5. Perez's Intent Regarding Application of Payments to the HOA

Perez maintained sporadic payments over the period starting from the first Notice of Default to the foreclosure totaling \$2,390.24 Perez would receive a notice of a deficiency and make a payment toward her obligations to the HOA. Despite these payments, she was thousands of dollars behind in her HOA obligations.

The super-priority lien brands certain homeowner association liens as "prior to all other liens and encumbrances," excluding those recorded before the applicable CC&Rs. See NRS 116.3116(2)(a)-(b). Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116 is silent on who must satisfy the lien and if they must make their intent regarding those payments known before an HOA's superpriority lien is extinguished. The public policy principle behind NRS Chapter 116 is to ensure that homeowner association dues are paid first.

Here, the HOA had two recorded and unrescinded Notices of Default on the Wolf Rivers property and ultimately sold the property at a foreclosure sale. Perez made post Notice of Default payments prior to the sale totaling \$2,390.24. There are no material disputed issues of fact: the parties agree regarding the timing and amounts of payments by the homeowner and to the circumstances surrounding the Notices of Default. The question

remaining is the effect of the homeowner paying towards the lien as opposed to the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA and SFR argue that these payments by Perez had no intention of satisfying the superpriority lien, thus the first deed of trust was extinguished upon the foreclosure sale. Marchai asserts the homeowner's payments were intended to satisfy the HOA lien's superpriority amount prior to the HOA foreclosure sale. Marchai argues this tender causes Marchai's deed of trust to survive the HOA foreclosure sale.

a. Tender

The foreclosure process, from the first unrescinded notice of delinquent assessment in 2009 to the actual foreclosure sale spanned a few years. During this period, Perez, paid the HOA \$2,390.24. This is more than the value of nine months of assessment fees. For the nine months preceding the operative 2009 Notice of Default, Perez's assessments totaled \$1,280.00. This would have satisfied the superpriority and left a balance of \$1,110.24. Perez still owed the HOA \$14,677.80 and nothing precluded the HOA from seeking the full amount from the borrower. The question is whether the HOA superpriority lien was satisfied. If satisfied, it allows Marchai's lien to survive the nonjudicial foreclosure sale to SFR. If not, then Marchai's first deed is extinguished by the sale to SFR.

As suggested by <u>SFR</u>, the beneficiary of a deed of trust need only "determin[e] the precise superpriority amount in advance of the sale," and then "pay the [nine] months' assessments demanded by the association." <u>SFR</u>, 334 P.3d at 413, 418. Satisfying the superpriority amount of the lien, not the amounts incurred by any particular months, preserves the deed of trust. <u>See Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of America</u>, *N.A.*, 382 P.3d 911 (Nev. Aug. 11, 2016) (unpublished disposition) (finding tender of \$198 effective to discharge the lien when "\$198 was adequate to pay off the superpriority portion of" the HOA's lien.)

Different from <u>SFR</u>, here the Court must determine whether the homeowner's payments to an HOA in this case constitutes tender of the superpriority amount or whether the payments were meant to keep up with current assessment obligations. The Court finds

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that absent contrary evidence, it is a distinction without a difference. The public policy and stated legislative intent behind Chapter 116 is to ensure payment of homeowner liens, hence the superpriority. Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116(2) states the HOA lien is prior to first deeds of trust, but does not limit who can satisfy the superpriority portion of the lien. Nor does the statute or case law dictate that payments from a homeowner must first be applied to obligations other than the superpriority.

Marchai alleges that it was Perez's intention to apply her payments to the HOA lien's superpriority amounts that were recorded in its two Notices of Default. The HOA and SFR allege that Perez's payments only represent her intention to keep up with her monthly dues and not intended to satisfy the amounts noticed. This Court held in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there were genuine issues of material fact regarding what Perez's intention was in the application of her payments. Absent evidence showing that Perez only meant to maintain her monthly assessments, she tendered payment in an amount that would satisfy more than eighteen months' worth of payments.

Upon the close of discovery, SFR and the HOA have not presented any evidence that shows Perez did not pay off the superpriority liens. Regardless of whether Perez meant to pay off the superpriority lien or apply to the balance with the payment of oldest balances first, the superpriority lien is satisfied. So whether she had the intention to pay off obligations other than the superpriority first or whether the HOA applied them to obligations other than the superpriority, the amount making up the superpriority was paid off. Thus, regardless of which months a payor may request a payment be applied to, any payment which is at least equal to the amount incurred in the nine months preceding the notice of delinquent assessment lien is sufficient to satisfy the superpriority lien. As there are no undisputed facts at the close of discovery as to the intention of payment or the effect of multiple Notice of Defaults, this Court must deny the HOA and SFR's Motions for Summary Judgment. As a result, this Court finds in favor of Marchai.

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Conclusion IV.

The Court finds that no genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment. As the parties agree on all the material fact in this case, the resolution of the legal issues presented on the motions for summary judgment necessarily result in a finding in favor of Marchai.

> DATED this _ day of September, 2017.

> > LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

LINDA MARIE BELI

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the date of filing, a copy of this Order was electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system or, if no e-mail was provided, by facsimile, U.S. Mail and/or placed in the Clerk's Office attorney folder(s) for:

Name	Party
David J. Merrill, Esq. David J. Merrill, P.C.	Counsel for Marchai, B.T.
Diana Cline Ebron, Esq. Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. Karen L. Hanks, Esq. Kim Gilbert Ebron	Counsel for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC
Kaleb D. Anderson, Esq. Megan Hummel, Esq.	Counsel for Wyeth Ranch Community Association

JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, DEPARTMENT VII

AFFIRMATION

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding Decision and Order filed in District Court case number A689461 DOES NOT contain the social security number of any person.

/s/ Linda Marie Bell District Court Judge

Date

Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT NOED David J. Merrill Nevada Bar No. 6060 David J. Merrill, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Telephone: (702) 566-1935 Facsimile: (702) 993-8841 E-mail: david@djmerrillpc.com Attorney for Marchai, B.T. DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA MARCHAI, B.T., a Nevada business Case No.: A-13-689461-C Dept. No. trust, VII Plaintiff, Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C v. CRISTELA PEREZ, an individual; et al. Defendants. AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS AND **ACTIONS Notice of Entry of Decision and Order Take Notice** that on the 3rd day of October 2017, the Court entered a Decision and Order, a true and correct copy of which is attached. Dated this 4th day of October 2017. David J. Merrill, P.C. By: David J. Merrill Nevada Bar No. 6060 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 $(702)\ 566-1935$ Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

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DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145 (702) 566-1935

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 4th day of October 2017, a copy of the foregoing Notice of Entry of Decision and Order was served electronically to the following through the Court's electronic service system:

Kim Gilbert Ebron

Diana Cline Ebron	diana@kgelegal.com
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An employee of David J. Merrill, P.C.

10/3/2017 5:03 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT 1 DAO 2 EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 3 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 4 5 6 MARCHAI B.T., Plaintiff. vs. 8 CRISTELA PEREZ; SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; Case No. A-13-689461-C U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, N.D.; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS 1 through 10, VII Dep't No. 10 inclusive, Defendants. 11 12 And all related actions.

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DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises from a homeowners' association's non-judicial foreclosure sale of residential real property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue in Las Vegas, Nevada. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to satisfy the two recorded Notices of Defaults which included a superpriority lien over the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA sold the Wolf Rivers property to SFR. Upon the homeowners' association's foreclosure sale of the property, Marchai B.T., the holder of the deed of trust and promissory note, filed suit alleging that the sale did not extinguish their deed of trust pursuant to NRS Chapter 116. SFR and the homeowners' association counter that Marchai's lien is extinguished. Now before the Court are Defendant SFR Investments Pool 1's and Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's ("the HOA") Motions for Summary Judgment and Plaintiff Marchai's opposition. These matters came before the Court on August 22, 2017. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment and after resolution of the legal matters presented, finds in favor of Plaintiff Marchai.

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1	☐ Voluntary Dismissal	Summary Judgment	
-	☐ involuntary Dismissal	Stipulated Judgment	1
1	Stipulated Dismissal	Default Judgment	
	☐ Motion to Dismiss by Deft(s)	☐ Judgment of Arbitration	

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I. **Factual Background**

In 2004, Cristela Perez entered into two loan agreements with Countrywide Home Loans in order to purchase the property. The loans were secured by two deeds of trust on the Wolf Rivers property at 2119 Wolf Rivers Avenue. The property was subject to the terms of the Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs). After the initial purchase, Perez refinanced the two Countrywide loans through an agreement with CMG Mortgage. CMG Mortgage recorded a deed of trust against the property on November 9, 2005. Ultimately, there were three active Notices of Default. The October 8, 2008 notice was rescinded, leaving the unrescinded notices at issue in this matter.

First Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien A.

The HOA recorded its first Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien on October 8, 2008. At that time, the HOA charged \$140.00 per month in association dues, collected quarterly. At the beginning of 2009, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$152.50. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on January 7, 2009. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on January 14, 2010. In 2010, the HOA increased its monthly dues to \$159.50.

On February 3, 2010, the HOA sent a demand letter to Perez. On February 12, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$900.00, which more than covered all outstanding HOA dues, but did not cover remaining fees and costs. On April 13, 2010, the HOA proposed a payment plan to Perez. On May 11, 2010, Perez paid the HOA \$300.00. Perez failed, however to comply with the payment plan. The Trustee on behalf of the HOA applied payments as partial payments on the account for the duration of the resident transaction detail. See Exhibit 2-H of Appendix of Exhibits to Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment.

On July 13, 2010, the HOA mailed a Pre-Notice of Trustee Sale and Notice of Default and Election to Sell to Perez. Perez paid the HOA \$645.00 between August 2 and November 30, 2010. The HOA recorded a Rescission of Notice of Sale on March 9, 2011. Perez paid the HOA \$160.00 on March 10, 2011.

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On March 29, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Sale. On July 27, 2011, the HOA sent Perez a letter stating Perez was in breach of the payment plan. On August 4, 2011, Perez paid the HOA \$165.00.

В. **Second Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien**

On December 20, 2011, the HOA recorded a second Notice of Delinquent Assessment lien. The original Notice was not rescinded. The HOA recorded a Notice of Default and Election to Sell on February 28, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$760.00 between March 19 and July 26, 2012. CMG Mortgage assigned its deed of trust to CitiMortgage in May of 2012. CitiMortgage assigned the deed to U.S. Bank in July of 2012. The HOA recorded a Notice of Trustee's Sale on October 31, 2012. Perez paid the HOA \$300.00 on November 13, 2012.

In March of 2013, U.S. Bank assigned its deed of trust to Marchai. Neither U.S. Bank nor Marchai recorded the transfer of interest for approximately five months. During this gap, U.S. Bank did not inform Marchai of the HOA's foreclosure proceedings. The HOA mailed a Notice of Trustee's sale to CMG Mortgage, CitiMortgage, and U.S. Bank on July 29, 2013. Marchai finally recorded its interest in the Wolf Rivers property on August 12, 2013. Marchai's loan servicer received notice of the trustee's sale on August 27, 2013, the day before the sale was scheduled to take place. The servicer contacted the HOA's trustee conducting the sale, Alessi & Koenig, to ask that the sale be postponed. The HOA declined.

Alessi & Koenig conducted a foreclosure sale of the Wolf Rivers property on August 28, 2013. SFR purchased the property for \$21,000.00. SFR recorded a trustee's deed upon sale on September 9, 2013 identifying SFR as the grantee and the HOA as the foreclosing beneficiary. The trustee's deed states:

> Alessi & Koenig, LLC (herein called Trustee), as the duly appointed Trustee under that certain Notice of Delinquent Assessment Lien... does hereby grant, without warranty expressed or implied to: SFR... all its right, title and interest in the property...

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This conveyance is made pursuant to the powers conferred upon the Trustee by NRS 116 et seq... All requirements of law regarding the mailing of copies of notices and the posting and publication of the copies of the Notice of Sale have been complied with.

At the time of sale, Perez owed the HOA \$14,677.80. As of January 14, 2016, Perez owed Marchai \$489,372.77 based the agreement secured by the deed of trust.

II. Procedural History

On September 30, 2013, Marchai filed a complaint against Perez, SFR, and U.S. Bank. Marchai sought to judicially foreclose on the Wolf Rivers property based on Perez's breach of the agreement secured by the deed of trust. The Court entered defaults against Perez and U.S. Bank in this case. On November 13, 2013, SFR filed an answer, counterclaim, and crossclaim. SFR brought counterclaims and crossclaims for declaratory relief/quiet title and injunctive relief. Specifically, SFR alleged Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property was extinguished by the non-judicial foreclosure of the HOA's superpriority lien established pursuant to NRS Chapter 116.

On July 9, 2014, the Court ordered that the case be stayed pending a ruling from the Nevada Supreme Court on an HOA foreclosure's effect on a first deed of trust. The Nevada Supreme Court issued its ruling in <u>SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank</u>, 334 P.3d 408 (Nev. 2014) on September 18, 2014. The Nevada Supreme Court denied a rehearing on October 16, 2014. The Court lifted the stay in the instant case on January 28, 2015.

Both Marchai and SFR filed motions for summary judgment on January 14, 2016. The parties dispute whether NRS Chapter 116 is constitutional and whether the HOA foreclosure procedure in the instant case complied with NRS Chapter 116. The parties filed oppositions to each other's motions on February 3 and 4, 2016. The parties filed replies on February 8 and 9, 2016. SFR's reply contained a countermotion to strike portions of Marchai's motion for summary judgment and opposition. SFR asserts Marchai's motion exceeded the appropriate page limit. SFR also argues Marchai's opposition contains evidence not properly disclosed in the discovery process.

On March 22, 2016, this Court issued its Decision and Order denying both SFR and

Marchai their respective Motions for Summary Judgment as well as denying SFR's Motion to Strike. This Court found that the technical failings of Marchai's compliance with EDCR 2.20(a) did not rise to the level of sanctions and thus denied SFR's Motion to Strike. As discovery was ongoing, this Court also found in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there remained genuine issues of fact for both Motions for Summary Judgment to be denied. The Court resolved constitutionality issues of NRS chapter 116 raised in Marchai's Motion for Summary Judgment involving due process. These sub issues include notice provisions, whether there is state action involved, violations of the Taking Clause, and vagueness.

Discovery concluded on August 15, 2017. Upon completion of discovery, the HOA and SFR renewed their Motions for Summary Judgment. The resolution of the issues in the summary judgment motion necessarily results in a decision in favor of Marchai.

III. Discussion

A. Motions for Summary Judgment

Summary judgment is appropriate "when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue as to any material fact remains and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (Nev. 2005) (internal quotation marks and alterations omitted). "If the party moving for summary judgment will bear the burden of persuasion at trial, that party 'must present evidence that would entitle it to a judgment as a matter of law in the absence of contrary evidence." Francis v. Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, 262 P.3d 705, 714 (Nev. 2011) (citing Cuzze v. Univ. & Cmty. Coll. Sys. of Nev., 172 P.3d 131, 134 (Nev. 2007)). "When requesting summary judgment, the moving party bears the initial burden of production to demonstrate the absence of a genuine issue of material fact. If the moving party meets its burden, then the nonmoving party bears the burden of production to demonstrate that there is a genuine issue of material fact. Las Vegas Metro. Police Dep't v. Coregis Ins. Co., 256 P.3d 958, 961 (Nev. 2011) (internal citations omitted).

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The HOA and SFR seek summary judgment on each of their claims against Marchai. As previously argued, SFR holds the HOA foreclosure sale extinguished Marchai's interest in the Wolf Rivers property. Marchai argues its interest survived the foreclosure sale and is superior to SFR's interest. In the current motions for summary judgment, parties reintroduce the same issues after the close of discovery along with a few new arguments. Upon the close of discovery, the Court finds no further evidence presented that lends itself to a genuine dispute over material facts. The only issues to be decided are legal issues.

These issues include whether the nonjudicial foreclosure sale constituted unfairness when Marchai requested the HOA to halt the sale the night before the sale and whether buyers are required to pay US currency the day of the sale. In addition, whether there is Perez's payments to the HOA satisfy the procedural tender requirements of NRS Chapter 116. To determine the answers to these questions, the Court must evaluate NRS Chapter 116 and the foreclosure process in this particular case.

1. Previously Addressed Issues

Issues including commercial reasonableness, SFR as a bona fide purchaser, constitutionality of Chapter 116, and whether the Trustee was the grantor in the HOA foreclosure sale were resolved this Court's Decision of Order of March 22, 2016. The Court found that Marchai failed to establish that the HOA sale was commercially unreasonable as a matter of law because absent fraud, unfairness, or oppression, an inadequate price is not dispositive of unreasonableness. Further, the Court found that SFR was not able to establish as a matter of law that it was a bona fide purchaser and that the HOA's years of foreclosure notice proceedings including delinquency notices, defaults, and sale documents would be a matter for a fact finder. Marchai raised constitutionality revolving around NRS Chapter 116 involving due process, takings, and void for vagueness. The Court found that Marchai could not show that requirements under Chapter 116 did not meet the notice requirements that would set off due process issues or the legislative enactment of Chapter 116 was a governmental taking or a meant to serve a public purpose. Nor could Marchai show that Chapter 116 meets the high standard for unconstitutionally vagueness. Lastly,

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LINDA MARIE BELL DEPARTMENT VII DISTRICT JUDGE 27 28 the Court found that an inartfully drafted foreclosure deed could not be resolved in favor of Marchai. This Court finds that there is no new law to decide in favor of granting summary judgment on these same arguments and the Court will not reconsider these issues already resolved.

A Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale is Not Unfair if the HOA Proceeds 2. with the Sale After the Lender Requests a Halt to the Sale.

Here, the HOA foreclosed upon the Wolf Rivers property, which they ultimately sold at a foreclosure sale after failure of the homeowner to pay dues. Marchai alleges that there are no material disputed issues of fact regarding the foreclosure as the parties agree to the circumstances. Parties agree that notice of the sale was given to U.S. Bank as the recorded holder of the deed of trust and that Marchai did not record their interest until after that notice of sale had been sent out to interested parties. Further, parties agree that there was no firm offer from Marchai to pay the superpriority amount of the loan prior to the sale when they made the request to halt the sale. Marchai now moves the Court to find that the HOA did not comply with NRS Chapter 116.

Procedural Requirements of NRS Chapter 116

Nevada Revised Statute Chapter 116 provides the procedural requirements for homeowners' associations seeking to secure a lien for unpaid assessments and fees. "NRS 116.3116(2)... splits an HOA lien into two pieces, a superpriority piece and a subpriority piece. The superpriority piece, consisting of the last nine months of unpaid HOA dues and maintenance and nuisance-abatement charges, is 'prior to' a first deed of trust." SFR Investments Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d 408, 411 (Nev. 2014), reh'g denied (Oct. 16, 2014). That super-priority portion of the lien was held by the Nevada Supreme Court to be a true super-priority lien, which will extinguish a first deed of trust if foreclosed upon pursuant to Chapter 116's requirements. Id. at 419. Specifically, "[t]he sale of a unit pursuant to NRS 116.31162, 116.31163 and 116.31164 vests in the purchaser the title of the unit's owner without equity or right of redemption." NRS 116.31166(3); see also SFR v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d at 412.

To initiate foreclosure under Chapter 116, a Nevada homeowner association must first notify the owner of the delinquent assessments. See NRS 116.31162(1)(a). If the owner does not pay within thirty days, the homeowner association must then provide the owner a notice of default and election to sell. See NRS 116.31162(1)(b). Then, if the lien has not been paid off within 90 days, the homeowner association may continue with the foreclosure process. See NRS 116.31162(1)(c). The homeowner association must next mail a notice of sale to all those who were entitled to receive the prior notice of default and election to sell, as well as the holder of a recorded security interest if the security interest holder "has notified the association, before the mailing of the notice of sale of the existence of the security interest." See NRS 116.311635(1)(a)(1), (b)(2). As this Court interprets the "notified-the-association" provision, this additional notice requirement simply means the homeowner association must mail the notice of sale to any holder of a security interest who has recorded its interest prior to the mailing of the notice of sale.

Marchai asserts they became aware of the sale late but had made overtures to paying the superpriority lien. Marchai further asserts that after requesting that the HOA halt the sale, the HOA and the Trustee's refusal to halt the sale constituted unfairness to Marchai. The HOA and SFR argues Marchai had constructive notice through the notice served to US Bank and as a result is precluded from asking to halt the sale the night before for lack of notice.

Generally, absent a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression, a foreclosure sale will stand. The Nevada Supreme Court states, "demonstrating that an association sold a property at its foreclosure sale for an inadequate price is not enough to set aside that sale; there must also be a showing of fraud, unfairness, or oppression. Shadow Wood HOA v. N.Y. Cmty. Bancorp., 132 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 at *6 (2016). In the next sentence, the Nevada Supreme Court appears to distinguish a merely inadequate price from a price that is "grossly inadequate as a matter of law" and indicates that gross inadequacy may be sufficient grounds to set aside a sale. Id. The Court finds that some other evidence of fraud, unfairness or oppression is still required to set aside an HOA foreclosure sale,

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LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 28 regardless of the price. Shadow Wood cites Golden v. Tomiyasu, 387 P.2d 989, 995 (Nev. 1963) which required some showing of fraud "in addition to gross inadequacy of price" for a court to set aside a transaction.

Marchai alleges that it did not have notice of the sale. Neither side disputes that Marchai was not served with a notice of the foreclosure sale, but rather its predecessor, U.S. Bank. It is also undisputed that after the transfer from US Bank to Marchai, both U.S. Bank and Marchai waited months before recording their interest. Marchai recorded its interest after the HOA's statutory requirement of thirty days for notice to interested parties under NRS 16.31164. The HOA properly noticed U.S. Bank, the recorded holder of the deed of trust at the time of the notice. Upon learning of the sale, Marchai contacted Alessi to halt the sale. SFR and the HOA argue that there is no ongoing affirmative duty by the movant of a sale to check for new interest parties once the statutory deadline has passed, but Marchai argues that there was a continuing duty.

The HOA had no continuing legal duty to notify Marchai under the statute. Nor is there any obligation of the HOA to halt a properly noticed sale when Marchai notified them that they were the current holder in interest. It was Marchai's responsibility to record its interest to protect itself. Failing to record rests solely on Marchai and the repercussions cannot be held against the foreclosing party. Further, there was no firm offer to pay off the superpriority lien.

Therefore, this Court finds that although Marchai was not directly notified, its predecessor, U.S. Bank, had actual notice of both existing Notices of Default. The HOA properly noticed the entity on record as the holder of the first deed of trust. Had Marchai promptly recorded its interest in the property, the notice would have been sent to Marchai. This leaves the issues of whether a purchaser at a foreclosure sale was required to present cash at a nonjudicial foreclosure sale, whether Perez's payments intended to and satisfied the HOA's superpriority lien and whether having more than one Notice of Default was consequential.

LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII 8 2 9 5 2 2 8 8 2 9 6 2 2 8

3. A Purchaser is Not Required to Present Cash at a Nonjudicial Foreclosure Sale.

Marchai presents that NRS 116.31164 requires that "on the day of the sale. . . . the person conducting the sale may sell the unit at public auction to the highest cash bidder." It is undisputed that SFR provided proof of funds on the day of the sale, then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi on August 29, 2013, one day after the sale. Marchai argues that this procedurally does not comply with the statute, interpreting the statute to require a payment in U.S. currency at the time of the sale. The Court is not swayed by this argument. The statute specifically requires a cash purchase rather than a credit purchase, but the statute is silent as to timing of payment. A cashier's check in this context constitutes a cash payment. It is simply infeasible in practice to expect bidders to carry large amounts of U.S. currency, often in the many tens of thousands of dollars to an auction. SFR submitted proof of funds to Alessi at the time of the sale and then tendered a cashier's check to Alessi for the full price of purchase of the property. Consequently, the sale complied with NRS 116.31164. Notwithstanding procedural issues raised under NRS 116.31164, the Court finds that a first notice of default is the operative notice when multiple notices are filed and prior notices are unwithdrawn.

4. A Second Notice of Default Results in a Supplement of the First Notice of Default when a First Notice of Default has not been Rescinded.

A superpriority lien consists of the nine months of unpaid homeowner assessments prior to a notice of default. Without satisfaction or withdrawal of the first notice of default a second notice of default serves only as a supplement to the first notice. A homeowner's association is entitled to one superpriority lien on a single property without the rescission of the prior notice of default. Pursuant to the Nevada Supreme Court's holding in Property Plus Investments, LLC v. Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc., et. al., 133 Nev. Adv. Opinion 62 (Sept. 14, 2017), this Court adopts the Nevada federal court's holding in JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC. JPMorgan held that a second noticed super priority lien must have separate set of unpaid months of homeowner

association assessments to be considered a separate superpriority lien. <u>PropertyPlus</u>, citing <u>JPMorgan</u>, also holds that "when a HOA rescinds a superpriority lien on a property, the HOA may subsequently assert a separate superpriority lien on the same property . . . accruing after the rescission of the previous superpriority lien." Without the satisfaction or withdrawal of the first superpriority lien, the second notice of superpriority lien then acts as a supplement or update of the first notice.

Here, there are two unrescinded Notices of Default filed against Perez, one on March 29, 2011 and one on February 28, 2012. The 2011 Notice of Default was never withdrawn. Based on the holding in <u>PropertyPlus</u>, the operative notice of default is the 2011 Notice. Therefore, the Court finds that the HOA's would only be entitled to one superpriority amount on both Notices of Defaults. This leaves only the question as to Perez's intent as to the application of payments to the HOA.

5. Perez's Intent Regarding Application of Payments to the HOA

Perez maintained sporadic payments over the period starting from the first Notice of Default to the foreclosure totaling \$2,390.24 Perez would receive a notice of a deficiency and make a payment toward her obligations to the HOA. Despite these payments, she was thousands of dollars behind in her HOA obligations.

The super-priority lien brands certain homeowner association liens as "prior to all other liens and encumbrances," excluding those recorded before the applicable CC&Rs. See NRS 116.3116(2)(a)-(b). Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116 is silent on who must satisfy the lien and if they must make their intent regarding those payments known before an HOA's superpriority lien is extinguished. The public policy principle behind NRS Chapter 116 is to ensure that homeowner association dues are paid first.

Here, the HOA had two recorded and unrescinded Notices of Default on the Wolf Rivers property and ultimately sold the property at a foreclosure sale. Perez made post Notice of Default payments prior to the sale totaling \$2,390.24. There are no material disputed issues of fact: the parties agree regarding the timing and amounts of payments by the homeowner and to the circumstances surrounding the Notices of Default. The question

remaining is the effect of the homeowner paying towards the lien as opposed to the holder of the deed of trust. The HOA and SFR argue that these payments by Perez had no intention of satisfying the superpriority lien, thus the first deed of trust was extinguished upon the foreclosure sale. Marchai asserts the homeowner's payments were intended to satisfy the HOA lien's superpriority amount prior to the HOA foreclosure sale. Marchai argues this tender causes Marchai's deed of trust to survive the HOA foreclosure sale.

a. Tender

The foreclosure process, from the first unrescinded notice of delinquent assessment in 2009 to the actual foreclosure sale spanned a few years. During this period, Perez, paid the HOA \$2,390.24. This is more than the value of nine months of assessment fees. For the nine months preceding the operative 2009 Notice of Default, Perez's assessments totaled \$1,280.00. This would have satisfied the superpriority and left a balance of \$1,110.24. Perez still owed the HOA \$14,677.80 and nothing precluded the HOA from seeking the full amount from the borrower. The question is whether the HOA superpriority lien was satisfied. If satisfied, it allows Marchai's lien to survive the nonjudicial foreclosure sale to SFR. If not, then Marchai's first deed is extinguished by the sale to SFR.

As suggested by <u>SFR</u>, the beneficiary of a deed of trust need only "determin[e] the precise superpriority amount in advance of the sale," and then "pay the [nine] months' assessments demanded by the association." <u>SFR</u>, 334 P.3d at 413, 418. Satisfying the superpriority amount of the lien, not the amounts incurred by any particular months, preserves the deed of trust. <u>See Stone Hollow Ave. Trust v. Bank of America</u>, *N.A.*, 382 P.3d 911 (Nev. Aug. 11, 2016) (unpublished disposition) (finding tender of \$198 effective to discharge the lien when "\$198 was adequate to pay off the superpriority portion of" the HOA's lien.)

Different from <u>SFR</u>, here the Court must determine whether the homeowner's payments to an HOA in this case constitutes tender of the superpriority amount or whether the payments were meant to keep up with current assessment obligations. The Court finds

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JINDA MARIE BELI DEPARTMENT VII 27 28

that absent contrary evidence, it is a distinction without a difference. The public policy and stated legislative intent behind Chapter 116 is to ensure payment of homeowner liens, hence the superpriority. Nevada Revised Statutes 116.3116(2) states the HOA lien is prior to first deeds of trust, but does not limit who can satisfy the superpriority portion of the lien. Nor does the statute or case law dictate that payments from a homeowner must first be applied to obligations other than the superpriority.

Marchai alleges that it was Perez's intention to apply her payments to the HOA lien's superpriority amounts that were recorded in its two Notices of Default. The HOA and SFR allege that Perez's payments only represent her intention to keep up with her monthly dues and not intended to satisfy the amounts noticed. This Court held in its March 22, 2016 Decision and Order that there were genuine issues of material fact regarding what Perez's intention was in the application of her payments. Absent evidence showing that Perez only meant to maintain her monthly assessments, she tendered payment in an amount that would satisfy more than eighteen months' worth of payments.

Upon the close of discovery, SFR and the HOA have not presented any evidence that shows Perez did not pay off the superpriority liens. Regardless of whether Perez meant to pay off the superpriority lien or apply to the balance with the payment of oldest balances first, the superpriority lien is satisfied. So whether she had the intention to pay off obligations other than the superpriority first or whether the HOA applied them to obligations other than the superpriority, the amount making up the superpriority was paid off. Thus, regardless of which months a payor may request a payment be applied to, any payment which is at least equal to the amount incurred in the nine months preceding the notice of delinquent assessment lien is sufficient to satisfy the superpriority lien. As there are no undisputed facts at the close of discovery as to the intention of payment or the effect of multiple Notice of Defaults, this Court must deny the HOA and SFR's Motions for Summary Judgment. As a result, this Court finds in favor of Marchai.

///

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

LINDA MARIE BELL

Conclusion IV.

The Court finds that no genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. The Court denies SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment. As the parties agree on all the material fact in this case, the resolution of the legal issues presented on the motions for summary judgment necessarily result in a finding in favor of Marchai.

> DATED this _ day of September, 2017.

> > LINDA MARIE BELL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

DISTRICT JUDGE DEPARTMENT VII

LINDA MARIE BELI

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on the date of filing, a copy of this Order was electronically served through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system or, if no e-mail was provided, by facsimile, U.S. Mail and/or placed in the Clerk's Office attorney folder(s) for:

Name	Party	
David J. Merrill, Esq. David J. Merrill, P.C.	Counsel for Marchai, B.T.	
Diana Cline Ebron, Esq. Jacqueline A. Gilbert, Esq. Karen L. Hanks, Esq. Kim Gilbert Ebron	Counsel for SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC	
Kaleb D. Anderson, Esq. Megan Hummel, Esq.	Counsel for Wyeth Ranch Community Association	

JUDICIAL EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, DEPARTMENT VII

AFFIRMATION

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding Decision and Order filed in District Court case number A689461 DOES NOT contain the social security number of any person.

/s/ Linda Marie Bell District Court Judge

Date

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JUDG
David J. Merrill
Nevada Bar No. 6060
David J. Merrill, P.C.
10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150
Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
Telephone: (702) 566-1935
Facsimile: (702) 993-8841
E-mail: david@djmerrillpc.com

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MARCHAI, B.T., a Nevada business trust,

Plaintiff.

v.

CRISTELA PEREZ, an individual; et al.

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS AND ACTIONS

Case No.: A-13-689461-C Dept. No. VII

Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

JUDGMENT

On December 13, 2013, the Clerk of the Court entered a default against U.S. Bank, N.A. for its failure to file a response to the Complaint for Judicial Foreclosure of Deed of Trust. On April 22, 2014, the Clerk entered a default against Perez for her failure to serve a response to the complaint. On October 3, 2017, this Court entered a Decision and Order that entered summary judgment in favor of Marchai, B.T. and against SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC and Wyeth Ranch Community Association. Based upon the defaults, the Decision and Order, and good cause appearing therefor:

DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145 (702) 566-1935

It is hereby ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take judgment in its favor and against SFR, Perez, and U.S. Bank on its claim for judicial foreclosure;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR and U.S. Bank's interests in the property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89131 (APN 125-15-811-013), shall be and hereby are subordinate, subsequent, and subject to the Deed of Trust recorded on November 9, 2005 as Document No. 20051109-0001385, which is now owned by Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Perez owes Marchai a total of \$535,178.50, which includes \$430,013.48 in principal, \$96,566.45 in interest through August 6, 2018, and \$8,498.5% in late charges;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the Deed of Trust shall be foreclosed to satisfy the amounts owed by Perez to Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the Sheriff of Clark County, or a levying officer appointed by the Court, shall have the authority to sell the property and apply the proceeds of the sale due to Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR, Wyeth Ranch, U.S. Bank, Perez, and all persons claiming under them subsequent to the recording of the Deed of Trust, either as lien claimants, judgment creditors, claimants under a junior deed of trust, purchasers, encumbrances, and otherwise, be barred and foreclosed from all rights, claims, interest or equity of redemption of the property and every part of the property when the time for redemption has lapsed;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai, or any other party to this action, may bid at the foreclosure sale;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that when the time for redemption has lapsed, the levying officer or Sheriff shall execute a deed to the purchaser of the property at the sale and the purchaser at the sale shall be given possession of the property upon production of the levying officer's or Sheriff's deed;

DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145

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2 ment shall prevent Marchai from electing to exercise its non-judicial foreclosure 3 rights under the Deed of Trust; 4 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take 5 judgment in its favor and against SFR and Wyeth Ranch on a claim for declaratory 6 relief; 7 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai holds a valid 8 interest in the property; 9 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Wyeth Ranch's lien on 10 the property was subject to Marchai's deed of trust; 11 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Wyeth Ranch's fore-12 closure of its lien did not extinguish Marchai's deed of trust; 13 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR's counterclaims 14 and cross claims for quiet title/declaratory relief and preliminary and permanent 15 injunction shall be and hereby are dismissed with prejudice; 16 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take 17 judgment, jointly and severally, in its favor and against SFR and Wyeth Ranch for 18 its reasonable costs in the amount of \$2,752.85; and 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that nothing in this Judg-

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that this Judgment is intended as the final judgment by the Court and any remaining claims against any remaining parties shall be and hereby are dismissed without prejudice.

Dated this ____ day of August 2018.

Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez District Court Judge

Submitted by:

David J. Merrill, P.C.

By: David J. Merrill

Nevada Bar No. 6060 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 (702) 566-1935

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

Electronically Filed 8/7/2018 5:49 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

Nevada Bar No. 6060 David J. Merrill. P.C.

10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150

Telephone: (702) 566-1935

E-mail: david@djmerrillpc.com Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MARCHAI, B.T., a Nevada business

Plaintiff,

CRISTELA PEREZ, an individual; et al.

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS AND

Case No.: A-13-689461-C

Dept. No. XI

Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

Notice of Entry of Judgment

Take notice that on the 6th day of August 2018, the Court entered its Judgment, a copy of which is attached.

Dated this 7th day of August 2018.

David J. Merrill, P.C.

By:

David J. Merrill Nevada Bar No. 6060

10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 $(702)\ 566-1935$

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

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Certificate of Service 1 2 I hereby certify that on the 7th day of August 2018, a copy of the Notice of 3 Entry of Judgment was served electronically to the following through the Court's 4 electronic service system: 5 Kim Gilbert Ebron Diana Cline Ebron diana@kgelegal.com 6 KGE E-Service List eservice@kgelegal.com Michael L. Sturm mike@kgelegal.com 7 KGE Legal Staff staff@kgelegal.com 8 Lipson, Neilson, Cole, Seltzer & Garin, P.C. 9 bcorrea@lipsonneilson.com Brenda Correa Kaleb Anderson kanderson@lipsonneilson.com 10 Megan Hummel mhummel@lipsonneilson.com rrittenhouse@lipsonneilson.com Renee Rittenhouse 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUTTE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145 (702) 566-1935 11 Susana Nutt snutt@lipsonneilson.com 12 DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2425 26 27 28

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Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
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Facsimile: (702) 993-8841
E-mail: david@djmerrillpc.com

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MARCHAI, B.T., a Nevada business trust,

Plaintiff.

v.

CRISTELA PEREZ, an individual; et al.

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED CLAIMS AND ACTIONS

Case No.: A-13-689461-C Dept. No. VII

Consolidated with: A-16-742327-C

JUDGMENT

On December 13, 2013, the Clerk of the Court entered a default against U.S. Bank, N.A. for its failure to file a response to the Complaint for Judicial Foreclosure of Deed of Trust. On April 22, 2014, the Clerk entered a default against Perez for her failure to serve a response to the complaint. On October 3, 2017, this Court entered a Decision and Order that entered summary judgment in favor of Marchai, B.T. and against SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC and Wyeth Ranch Community Association. Based upon the defaults, the Decision and Order, and good cause appearing therefor:

DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145 (702) 566-1935

It is hereby ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take judgment in its favor and against SFR, Perez, and U.S. Bank on its claim for judicial foreclosure;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR and U.S. Bank's interests in the property located at 7119 Wolf Rivers Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89131 (APN 125-15-811-013), shall be and hereby are subordinate, subsequent, and subject to the Deed of Trust recorded on November 9, 2005 as Document No. 20051109-0001385, which is now owned by Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Perez owes Marchai a total of \$535,178.50, which includes \$430,013.48 in principal, \$96,566.45 in interest through August 6, 2018, and \$8,498.5% in late charges;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the Deed of Trust shall be foreclosed to satisfy the amounts owed by Perez to Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the Sheriff of Clark County, or a levying officer appointed by the Court, shall have the authority to sell the property and apply the proceeds of the sale due to Marchai;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR, Wyeth Ranch, U.S. Bank, Perez, and all persons claiming under them subsequent to the recording of the Deed of Trust, either as lien claimants, judgment creditors, claimants under a junior deed of trust, purchasers, encumbrances, and otherwise, be barred and foreclosed from all rights, claims, interest or equity of redemption of the property and every part of the property when the time for redemption has lapsed;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai, or any other party to this action, may bid at the foreclosure sale;

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that when the time for redemption has lapsed, the levying officer or Sheriff shall execute a deed to the purchaser of the property at the sale and the purchaser at the sale shall be given possession of the property upon production of the levying officer's or Sheriff's deed;

DAVID J. MERRILL, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DRIVE, SUITE 150 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89145

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2 ment shall prevent Marchai from electing to exercise its non-judicial foreclosure 3 rights under the Deed of Trust; 4 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take 5 judgment in its favor and against SFR and Wyeth Ranch on a claim for declaratory 6 relief; 7 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai holds a valid 8 interest in the property; 9 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Wyeth Ranch's lien on 10 the property was subject to Marchai's deed of trust; 11 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Wyeth Ranch's fore-12 closure of its lien did not extinguish Marchai's deed of trust; 13 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that SFR's counterclaims 14 and cross claims for quiet title/declaratory relief and preliminary and permanent 15 injunction shall be and hereby are dismissed with prejudice; 16 It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that Marchai shall take 17 judgment, jointly and severally, in its favor and against SFR and Wyeth Ranch for 18 its reasonable costs in the amount of \$2,752.85; and 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that nothing in this Judg-

It is further ordered, adjudged, and decreed that this Judgment is intended as the final judgment by the Court and any remaining claims against any remaining parties shall be and hereby are dismissed without prejudice.

Dated this ____ day of August 2018.

Gonzalez District Court Judge

Submitted by:

David J. Merrill, P.C.

By:

David J. Merrill Nevada Bar No. 6060 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150

Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

 $(702)\ 566-1935$

Attorney for Marchai, B.T.

Other Title to Property

COURT MINUTES

November 01, 2016

A-16-742327-C

Marchai BT Trust, Plaintiff(s)

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC, Defendant(s)

November 01, 2016

9:30 AM

Motion to Dismiss

HEARD BY: Kishner, Joanna S.

COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 12B

COURT CLERK: Sandra Harrell

RECORDER: Sandra Pruchnic

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Ebron, Diana Cline Attorney

Hummel, Megan

Attorney

Merrill, David J

Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Ms. Hummel advised of a service issue and Mr. Merrill did not receive a copy of her motion, Mr. Merrill needs opportunity to oppose the motion. All parties agree to continue this motion and other motions currently set on 11/15/16 to 11/22/16 at 9:30 am. COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 11/22/16 9:30 AM

Other Title to Property

COURT MINUTES

November 22, 2016

A-16-742327-C

Marchai BT Trust, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC, Defendant(s)

November 22, 2016 9:30 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Kishner, Joanna S. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 12B

COURT CLERK: Sandra Harrell

RECORDER: Rachelle Hamilton

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gutierrez, Siria L. Attorney

Hanks, Karen Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S MOTION TO DISMISS...SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS WITH PREJUDICE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(1) AND EDCR 7.10(B) AND MOTION TO STRIKE PLEADING PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(F)...WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S JOINDER TO SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS WITH PREJUDICE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(1) AND EDCR 7.10(B), AND MOTION TO STRIKE PLEADING PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(F)

Court notes case in Department 7 is stayed. Discussion. COURT ORDERED, motions CONTINUED until after stay is lifted in Department 7 and ruling of Judge Bell.

CONTINUED TO: 12/6/16 9:30 AM

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 2 of 4 Minutes Date: November 01, 2016

COURT MINUTES

December 01, 2016

A-16-742327-C

Marchai BT Trust, Plaintiff(s)

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC, Defendant(s)

December 01, 2016

Other Title to Property

9:00 AM

Minute Order

HEARD BY: Kishner, Joanna S. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 12B

Bell, Linda Marie

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Status Check: Status of Case / Stay

Court advised it is not inclined to wait for the decision by the Nevada Supreme Court and ORDERED, stay LIFTED and trial date SET.

Mr. Merrill advised a motion to amend was filed then the case was stayed, to preserve the claims, a new action was filed in DC XXXI. COURT ORDERED, this case CONSOLIDATED with A-16-742327-C. Ms. Gilbert advised no opposition to consolidation. Colloquy regarding trial setting. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, a status check date SET.

1/3/17 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING

CLERK'S NOTE: FOR ALL FUTURE MINUTES SEE LEAD CASE A689461 - sdp

PRINT DATE: Page 3 of 4 November 01, 2016 08/10/2018 Minutes Date:

Other Title to Property

COURT MINUTES

December 06, 2016

A-16-742327-C

Marchai BT Trust, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

SFR Investments Pool 1 LLC, Defendant(s)

December 06, 2016 9:30 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Kishner, Joanna S. **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 12B

COURT CLERK: Sandra Harrell

RECORDER: Rachelle Hamilton

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS WITH PREJUDICE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(1) AND EDCR 7.10(B) AND MOTION TO STRIKE PLEADING PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(F)...WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S JOINDER TO SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC'S MOTION TO DISMISS WITH PREJUDICE PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(1) AND EDCR 7.10(B) AND MOTION TO STRIKE PLEADING PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(F)...DEFENDANT WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Mr. Merrill advised that Judge Bell granted consolidation. All counsel request that today's motions be heard before Judge Bell, who has the lower case number; COURT SO ORDERED.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

November 04, 2014 9:00 AM Status Check

HEARD BY: Sturman, Gloria COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03H

COURT CLERK: Linda Denman

RECORDER: Kerry Esparza

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Cline, Diana S. Attorney

Petiprin, Benjamin D., ESQ Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- At STATUS CHECK: STAY, counsel requested Court lift stay and allow them to proceed in ordinary course. COURT SO ORDERED.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 11, 2015 10:30 AM Motion to Coordinate

HEARD BY: Bare, Rob **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03C

COURT CLERK: Billie Jo Craig

RECORDER: Carrie Hansen

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANT SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1 LLC'S MOTION FOR PRE-TRIAL COORDINATION ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Attorneys Edgar Smith, Richard Vilkin, Diana Cline, Karen Hanks present.

Sign-up sheets Left Side Filed in A662394: Robert Anderlik, Taylor Anello, Thomas N. Beckom, Jonathan D. Blum, Darren Brenner, Michael Brooks, Diana Cline, Britannica Collins, Chelsea Crowton, Peter Dunkley, Jessica Friedman, Charles Geisendorf, David Gluth, Karen Hanks, Joshua O. Igeleke, Michael Li, Steven Loizzi Jr., Elizabeth Lowell, Erica D. Loyd, Matthew McAlonis, David J. Merrill, Patrick Orme, Robin Perkins, Benjamin Petiprin (appeared telephonically), Edgar C. Smith, Kevin S. Soderstrom, Ashlie Surer, Abe Vigil, Richard Vilkin, Shawn Walkenshaw, David Winterton.

Upon inquiry of the Court, Ms. Hanks advised the Motion was filed and heard in this Court as this Court had the lowest case number. Colloquy regarding coordinating the HOA cases as to Discovery, Trials, and witness availability. Counsel suggested a more specific Case Management Plan for a Special Discovery Master to deal with these cases as the various District Court Judges thoughts vary. Court noted he talked briefly with Chief Judge David Barker and Chief Civil Judge Betsy Gonzalez. The Court noted Court Administration would be interested in addressing this issue. Court inquired if Ms. Hanks would be the point of contact, and she advised she would. She provided her E-mail

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 2 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Consolidated with A-16-742327-C

address:

Karen@hkimlaw.com

Statement by Mr. Vilkin regarding having a meeting first to determine what counsel will agree on as to the Case Management Plan.

Statements from Attorney Surur regarding coordination for Discovery procedures and noted her two cases where one was Dismissed and the other was pending a Motion to Dismiss where the Court had no jurisdiction.

Statements from Attorney Brooks, who had multiple cases, regarding setting deadlines for counsel to submit a plan to in-house counsel, which may take 2 to 3 weeks.

Attorney Brenner advised a Case Management Plan would first be needed as there are 10 different banks and in-house counsel. He would then be in a position to respond.

COURT ORDERED, Ms. Hanks to submit a Proposed Case Management Plan to counsel by 8/25/15. Counsel to respond by 9/29/15. Matter SET for Status Check: Proposed Case Management Plan to determine when a Continued Hearing on this Motion to Coordinate to be heard.

9/1/15 10:30 AM STATUS CHECK: PROPOSED CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN (IN A662394 ONLY)

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

February 16, 2016 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Colloquy regarding transfer of the case. Court advised when this case was transferred from department 26, the trial date remained on that calendar; as trial should be scheduled in department 7. Mr. Merrill advised the Court's view on the summary judgment and any issues of fact will decide when trial should be set. No opposition by Ms. Hanks.

Following extensive arguments by Counsel as to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment and Marchai, B.T.'s Motion for Summary Judgment, COURT ORDERED, MATTERS TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter - Motion for Summary Judgment and Counter - Motions to Strike Pursuant to NRCP Rule 37(d) and EDCR 2.20 (a); OFF CALENDAR

Court further advised following a decision on the motions for summary judgment, trial date will be discussed. Parties so noted.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 4 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

March 22, 2016 9:40 AM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Decision

The Court finds that genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. the Court DENIES SFR and Marchai's Motions for Summary Judgment and SFR's Motion to Strike.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

August 25, 2016

VS.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 25, 2016 9:00 AM Motion for Leave

HEARD BY: Hardcastle, Kathy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Marchai, BT's Motion on Order Shortening Time, for Leave to File and Amended Complaint

Ms. Hanks advised she misread the order and is orally opposing the motion at this time. Mr. Merrill advised the statute comes into play in three years which runs on Sunday. COURT ORDERED, case STAYED three (3) months and a status check will be SET. Colloquy regarding bring in additional parties. Mr. Merrill advised he will file a complaint and move to consolidate. Court so noted.

12/1/16 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF CASE / STAY

12/1/16 9:00 AM

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

December 01, 2016 9:00 AM Status Check

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Status Check: Status of Case / Stay

Court advised it is not inclined to wait for the decision by the Nevada Supreme Court and ORDERED, stay LIFTED and trial date SET.

Mr. Merrill advised a motion to amend was filed then the case was stayed, to preserve the claims, a new action was filed in DC XXXI. COURT ORDERED, this case CONSOLIDATED with A-16-742327-C. Ms. Gilbert advised no opposition to consolidation. Colloquy regarding trial setting. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, a status check date SET.

1/3/17 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: TRIAL SETTING

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

GOURT MINUTES

January 03, 2017

A-13-689461-C

VS.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

January 03, 2017 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Ms. J. Funai Esq. present on behalf of Wyeth ranch Community Association

Following extensive arguments by Counsel, COURT ORDERED as follows:

Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Associations Motion to Dismiss; DENIED as to Failure to Medicate under 38.310(1)(a) and GRANTED as to Quiet Title.

SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f); MOOT

Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Joinder to SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC's Motion to Dismiss With Prejudice Plaintiff's Complaint Pursuant to NRP 12(b)(1) and EDCR 7.10(B) and Motion to Strike Pleading Pursuant to NRCP 12(f); MOOT.

8/29/17 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

9/5/17 9:00 AM BENCH TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 8 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

June 22, 2017 9:00 AM Status Conference

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Status Conference

Mr. Merrill advised discovery is completed and responses and answers will be filed next week. Upon the Court's inquiry, dispositive motions are due by July 21 which Mr. Merrill does no anticipate. As to the supplemental joint case conference report requesting a settlement conference, parties advised they have not had discussions as such. Court advised although a settlement conference is encouraged, the trial will not be continued thereto; further stating parties can contact departments individually to schedule the conference. Court reviewed the DC VII trial handout.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 22, 2017 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- SFR Investments Pool I LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment... Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment...

Colloquy regarding scheduling as there was a discrepancy as to setting the motions on calendar. Both Ms. Gilbert and Ms. Hummel advised the reply was filed yesterday, but are ready to proceed. Court reviewed the reply.

Following extensive arguments by Counsel, COURT ORDERED, the following:

SFR Investments Pool I LLC's Motion for Summary Judgment; MATTER TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

Defendant Wyeth Ranch Community Association's Motion for Summary Judgment; MATTER TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

As to the Motion in Limine set on 8/29/17, COURT ORDERED, matter to be heard 9/12/17.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 10 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

9/12/17 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: DECISION

9/12/17 9:00 AM MOTION IN LIMINE TO EXCLUDE TESTIMONY FROM MICHAEL BRUNSON

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 11 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 29, 2017 9:00 AM Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

Elizabeth Vargas

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Kim, Howard C. Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT ORDERED, pending Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED; trial date and Motion in Limine VACATED.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 12 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

September 12, 2017 9:00 AM Status Check Status Check:

Decision

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court advised a decision is pending. Colloquy regarding the order of the summary judgment. Court advised it will be written that the summary judgment is denied but the resolution and legal issues necessarily wraps up the case. Ms. Gilbert so noted and advised she will inform Mr. Merrill.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 13 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

Title to Property		COURT MINUTES	October 03, 2017
A-13-689461-C	Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s) vs. Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)		
October 03, 2017	5:00 PM	Minute Order	Decision and Order Re: SFR and Wyeth Ranch MSJ

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Sylvia Perry

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- The Court finds that no genuine issues of material fact remain in this case. the Court DENIES SFR and the HOA's Motions for Summary Judgment. As the parties agree on all the material fact in this case, the resolution of the legal issues presented on the motions for summary judgment necessarily result in a finding in favor of Marchai.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 14 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

November 21, 2017 9:00 AM Motion to Retax

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Phyllis Irby

RECORDER: Gail Reiger

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Matter called, no parties present. COURT ORDERED, MOTION DENIED. Mr. Merrill to prepare the Order; counsel was notified no one needed to appear.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

April 26, 2018 9:00 AM Motion for Default

Judgment

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK:

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Defendant's witness, Christopher John Hardin, SWORN and TESTIFIED. Defendant's Exhibits ADMITTED (See Worksheets). Ms. Gilbert moved for Judgment. COURT ORDERED, Application for Judgment, GRANTED; Judgment ENTERED as requested. Mr. Merrill stated he will be submitting a similar Motion for Summary Judgment. COURT FURTHER ORDERED, Status Check, SET.

05/24/18 9:00 A.M. STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF CASE

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

May 24, 2018 9:00 AM Status Check: Status of

Case

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03B

COURT CLERK: Nancy Maldonado

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Hanks, Karen Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court noted the matter had been vacated.

Matter Recalled. Lisa Zastrow, Esq. now present. Ms. Zastrow requested matter be placed on calendar for a status check in 30 days. COURT SO ORDERED.

06/21/18 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: STATUS OF CASE

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)

vs.

Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

June 21, 2018 9:00 AM Status Check: Status of

Case

HEARD BY: Bell, Linda Marie **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 15A

COURT CLERK: Lauren Kidd

RECORDER: Renee Vincent

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Also present, David Markman, Esq. CONFERENCE AT BENCH. Court advised part of the case is now with the Supreme Court and default judgments will be filed for remaining parties. COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED for 30 days.

CONTINUED TO: 7/19/18 9:00 AM

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 18 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

July 19, 2018 9:00 AM Status Check: Status of

Case

HEARD BY: Gonzalez, Elizabeth **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03E

COURT CLERK: Dulce Romea

RECORDER: Jill Hawkins

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney

Hummel, Megan Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Order shortening time signed in open court and returned to Mr. Merrill for filing. COURT ORDERED, matter SET for Prove Up on August 6, 2018 at 9:15 AM.

A-13-689461-C Marchai B T Bank Trust, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Cristela Perez, Defendant(s)

August 06, 2018 9:15 AM Prove Up

HEARD BY: Gonzalez, Elizabeth **COURTROOM:** RJC Courtroom 03E

COURT CLERK: Dulce Romea

RECORDER: Jill Hawkins

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Gilbert, Jacqueline Attorney Merrill, David J Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- APPEARANCES CONTINUED: Attorney Megan Hummell for the Wyeth Ranch Community Association.

Scott Sawyer, SWORN and TESTIFIED via video conferencing. There being no objection, COURT ORDERED, Plaintiff's Proposed Exhibits 1 through 6 ADMITTED into evidence. (See worksheet.) Counsel for Defendants stated they did not have any cross examination. COURT ORDERED, it appears that counsel has established the amounts due and owing after the deed of trust that was properly transferred to the Plaintiff are as follows: principal in the amount of \$430,113.48, interest in the amount of \$96,566.45, and late charges in the amount of \$8,498.56. The Court ENTERS JUDGMENT in favor of the Plaintiff in those amounts. In addition, previously awarded costs in the amount of \$2,752.85 are REDUCED to JUDGMENT at this time. All remaining issues in the case that have previously not been decided are DISMISSED. Proposed judgment executed in open court and returned to counsel for filing.

PRINT DATE: 08/10/2018 Page 20 of 20 Minutes Date: November 04, 2014

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada
County of Clark

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; DECISION AND ORDER; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF DECISION AND ORDER; JUDGMENT; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF JUDGMENT; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES

MARCHAI B.T.,

Plaintiff(s),

VS.

SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC; WYETH RANCH COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION; ALESSI & KOENIG, LLC,

Defendant(s),

now on file and of record in this office.

Case No: A-16-742327-C

Consolidated with A-13-689461-C

Dept No: XI

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 10 day of August 2018.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk