Case No:	_		
Mary Bryan	VS.	Clark County	School District
Defendant is EXHIBITS		(•

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
517	Greenspun Junior High-Petention Notice	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
518	Grænspun Junior High-Detention Notice	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
519	Greenspun Lunior High School tardy policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
520	Greenspun Junior High School tardy policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
521	Greenspun Junior High School Hardy Policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
522	Letter from (CSD to parent of Ethan Bryon	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
523		11-15-16	Stif	11-15-16
524	11/4/11 Notice of required parent Conference	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
525	2/7/12 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
526	Greenspundunior High Incident repost		,	
297	2/8/12 email from Andre long	11-75-16	Stip	11-15-16
528	2/9/12 email from Maurien Fox	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
529	2/9/12 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
530	2/9/12 email from Andre Long	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
531	2/13/11 email from Warren MCRay		,	
532	Greenspun Junior High incident report			
533	Greenspun Junior Righ incident report			
534	Greenspun Junior High meident report			
535	CCSD officer's report			
536	CCSD grime report			
537	CCSD officer report			
538	CCSD officer report			
539	traffic misdeameanor citation			
540	Greenspun Junior High Incident report			
541	Greenspun Junior High Chronological of Behavior	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16

Case No: 470018		_
Mary Bryan		Vs. Clark County School District
Defendants	EXHIBITS	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
	Junior High		_	
542	Greenspun Chronological of behavior	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
543	Greenspundunior High incident report			
544	CCSD rine month school calendar 2011-	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
545	Greenspun Junior High incident report		,	
546		11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
547	2/1/12 letter from Nolan Hairs	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
548	Greenspun Junior High Chronological believ	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
549	Charge of Public Accomodation Discrimin	ation	,	
SSO	Behavior Guidelines for Secondary Studen	5 11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
55/	CCSO Bullying, Cyber bullying, Harrasment	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
552	2011-12 Greenspun Juniar High Agenda	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
553	2011-12 Back Asschool recorder			
554	Greenspun Junior High Chronological of Behavior			
555	Ethan Bryan Grades 11/21/12	11-15-16	stip	11-15-16
556	Ethan Bryan Period Attendance 11/21/12	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
557	Green spun Junior High tardy policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-12-16
558	CCSO SASI enrollment Information		'	
559	CCSD SASI enrollment Information	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
560	411/21/12 Grades Nolan Hairr	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
561	11/21/12 Nolan M. Hairr period Attendance	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
562	Nolan M Hairr Student information	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
563	Ethan Bryan Student information	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
564	Ethan Bryan Student information Greenspur Junior High Chronological of Behavior	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
565	Cotter from Doug Beasley			
566	9/23/11 email from Warren McKay			

Case No: A 7000 18	_
Mary Bryan	Vs. Clark County School District
Defendant's EXHIBITS	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
567	Greenspun Junior High progressive Dicipline	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
568	3/7/12 email from Kristin & Which			
569	Ethan Garrett Office Visit Summary			
570	Nolan Hairr Office Visit Summary			
571	CCSD Professional Development Participation	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
572	CCSD Professional Development Participation	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
573	Crso Professional Development Participation	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
574	CCSD Profession Development Participation	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
575	CCSD Professional Development Participation	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
576	Bullying Prevention lesson #2			
577		11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
578	2/8/2012 email from Kyle & Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
579	2/8/2012 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
580	1	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
581	2/9/2012 email from Deanna Wright	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
582	CCSD SASI Student Demographics			
583	NV Coarning Academy 2015-16			
1.	Nolan Hairr Student test Scores Detail			
	Nolan Hairr Academic History			
	Wolan Hair Student release \$ 4ronsfer			
	Nolan Hairr CCSP 6th grade data record			
	Nolan Hairr CCSD current data record			
	Nolan Hair CCSD current data record			
	Nolan Hair CCSD Current data record.			
591	Nolan Hair COSD gyrnent data record			

Case No:	A700018		
	Mary Br.	yan	vs. Clark County School District
Dateno	lants	EXHIBITS	

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
592	Nolan Hair CCSD current Data record			
593	Nolan Hair CCSP airvent Data ve cord			
594	Nolan Hairr CCSD current Data record			
595	2010-2011 Nevada Criterion-Referenced test			
596	Nolan Hairr COSD Health Card			
597	Nolan Hairr Nurses Service Record			
598	Nolan Hair Immunizations			
599	Birth Certificate Nolan Hair CCSD gifted & Halented education program			
600	CCSD gifted & talented education frogram			
601	Nolan Hair English language learner			
602	Nolan Hairr English language Garner			
603	Nolan Hair English language Learner			
604	Nolan Haire Buthorization for Floctronic			
605	2012-13 Nevada Criterion-Referenced			
606	Declaration			
607	Declaration			
608	Declaration			
609	1/12/2016 Lotter from Dan White			
610	Declaration of Custodian of Records			
611	Nolan Hairr Cake Mead Christian Academy			
612	Nelan Hairr medical records			
613	Declaration of custodian records			
	Declaration of aistodian records			
	Ethan Bryan-medical records			
616	Ethan Bryan-medical Records	1		

Case No:	A7000	8	_	
1	Mary	Bryan	VS.	Clark County School District
Defen	dants	/ EXHIBITS		

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
617	Ethan Bryan NERC material			
618	Nolan Hairr NERC material			
619	Bryan Email Communication w/CCSD	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
620	2/8/12 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
621	7/17/2013 forwarded embil from	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
622	7/17/2013 forwarded email from Mary Bryan		,	
623	7/17/2013 forward email from Mary Brys	,		
624	2-9-12 cmail 2/9/16			
625	3-21-12 forwardedemail from Bryan			
626	2-11-12 email from Mary Brian			
627	2-15-1' email from Mary Bryan			
628	Media Articles			
629	drawing by witness Hairs	11-15-16	N	11-15-16
630	drawing by witness Bryan	11-16-16	no	11-16-16
617A	page four of exhibit 617 NERCHATERIAL	11-16-16	NO	11-16-16
631	drawing by Witness Robert Beasky	11-18-16	no	11-18-16
-2	0			
£ .				

Case No.: <u>A700018</u>	Hearing / Trial Date:
Dept. No.: 27	Judge: Nancy Allf
	Court Clerk: NCOLO MC Devitt
Plaintiff: Mary Bryan	Recorder / Reporter: Traci Rawlinson
	Counsel for Plaintiff: Allen Litchenstein
vs.	John Scott (Protlace)
Defendant: Clark County	Counsel for Defendant: Dan R Waite
School District	Daniel F. Pokenburg

HEARING / TRIAL BEFORE THE COURT

EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
/			0.0,000.011	11.16-16
2	Stipulated exhibit list agreed to by coursel sealed transcript of Edmund Faro	11-22-16		11-22-16
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EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLERK'S OFFICE NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

ON APPEAL TO NEVADA SUPREME COURT

DANIEL F. POLSENBERG 3993 HOWARD HUGHES PKWY., SUITE 600 LAS VEGAS, NV 89169

DATE: November 27, 2017 CASE: A-14-700018-C

RE CASE: MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR vs. CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD); PAT SKORKOWSKY, in his official capacity as CCSD superintendent; CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; ERIN A. CRANOR; LINDA E. YOUNG; PATRICE TEW; STAVAN CORBETT; CAROLYN EDWARDS; CHRIS GARVEY; DEANNA WRIGHT, in their official capacities as CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; GREENSPUN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL (GJHS); PRINCIPAL WARREN P. MCKAY, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; LEONARD DEPIAZZA, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; CHERYL WINN, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; JOHN HALPIN, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; ROBERT BEASLEY, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS

NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: November 22, 2017

YOUR APPEAL HAS BEEN SENT TO THE SUPREME COURT.

PLEASE NOTE: DOCUMENTS **NOT** TRANSMITTED HAVE BEEN MARKED:

	\$250 – Supreme Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the Supreme Court)** - If the \$250 Supreme Court Filing Fee was not submitted along with the original Notice of Appeal, it must be mailed directly to the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court Filing Fee will not be forwarded by this office if submitted after the Notice of Appeal has been filed.
	\$24 – District Court Filing Fee (Make Check Payable to the District Court)**
	\$500 – Cost Bond on Appeal (Make Check Payable to the District Court)** - NRAP 7: Bond For Costs On Appeal in Civil Cases
	Case Appeal Statement - NRAP 3 (a)(1), Form 2
	Order
\square	Notice of Entry of Order (Decision and Order filed on June 29, 2017)

NEVADA RULES OF APPELLATE PROCEDURE 3 (a) (3) states:

"The district court clerk must file appellant's notice of appeal despite perceived deficiencies in the notice, including the failure to pay the district court or Supreme Court filing fee. The district court clerk shall apprise appellant of the deficiencies in writing, and shall transmit the notice of appeal to the Supreme Court in accordance with subdivision (e) of this Rule with a notation to the clerk of the Supreme Court setting forth the deficiencies. Despite any deficiencies in the notice of appeal, the clerk of the Supreme Court shall docket the appeal in accordance with Rule 12."

Please refer to Rule 3 for an explanation of any possible deficiencies.

**Per District Court Administrative Order 2012-01, in regards to civil litigants, "...all Orders to Appear in Forma Pauperis expire one year from the date of issuance." You must reapply for in Forma Pauperis status.

Certification of Copy

State of Nevada County of Clark

I, Steven D. Grierson, the Clerk of the Court of the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County, State of Nevada, does hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of the hereinafter stated original document(s):

AMENDED NOTICE OF APPEAL; AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT; DISTRICT COURT DOCKET ENTRIES; CIVIL COVER SHEET; DECISION AND ORDER; FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS; ORDER RE: PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; DISTRICT COURT MINUTES; EXHIBITS LIST; NOTICE OF DEFICIENCY

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

Plaintiff(s),

vs.

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD); PAT SKORKOWSKY, in his official capacity as CCSD superintendent; CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; ERIN A. CRANOR; LINDA E. YOUNG; PATRICE TEW; STAVAN CORBETT; CAROLYN EDWARDS; CHRIS GARVEY; DEANNA WRIGHT, in their official capacities as CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; GREENSPUN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL (GJHS); PRINCIPAL WARREN P. MCKAY, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; LEONARD DEPIAZZA, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; CHERYL WINN, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; JOHN HALPIN, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; ROBERT BEASLEY, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS,

Defendant(s),

Case No: A-14-700018-C

Dept No: XXVII

now on file and of record in this office.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, I have hereunto Set my hand and Affixed the seal of the Court at my office, Las Vegas, Nevada This 27 day of November 2017.

Steven D. Grierson, Clerk of the Court

Heather Ungermann, Deputy Clerk

A-14-700018-C

Electronically Filed 11/22/2017 3:39 PM

	3.	"Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment in Favor of
Plair	ntiffs,"	filed July 20, 2017, notice of entry of which was served
elect	ronica	lly on August 15, 2017 (Exhibit B);
	4.	"Order Re: Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorney's Fees," filed November

- 4. "Order Re: Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorney's Fees," filed November 16, 2017, notice of entry of which was served electronically on November 20, 2017 (Exhibit C); and
- 5. All rulings and interlocutory orders made appealable by any of the foregoing.

Dated this 22nd day of November, 2017.

LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP

By: /s/ Abraham G. Smith
DANIEL F. POLSENBERG (SBN 2376)
DAN R. WAITE (SBN 4078)
BRIAN D. BLAKLEY (SBN 13074)
ABRAHAM G. SMITH (SBN 13,250)
3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Defendants

ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP, and that on this day, I caused a true and correct copy of the "Amended Notice of Appeal" to be filed, via the Court's E-Filing System, and served on all interested parties via U.S. Mail, postage pre-paid and courtesy email.

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8 Allen Lichtenstein, Esq.

Staci Pratt, Esq.

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San Francisco, CA 94109

john@scottlawfirm.net

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

(Admitted Pro Hac Vice)

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Dated this 22nd day of November, 2017

/s/ Luz Horvath

An Employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP

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EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

ORDR

Electronically Filed 06/29/2017

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

* * * * * *

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

Plaintiffs,

٧. CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD); Pat Skorkowsky, in his official. capacity as CCSD superintendent; CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES: GREENSPUN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS;

Defendants.

CASE NO: A-14-700018

DEPARTMENT 27

DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises under Title IX and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, based on allegations that two students (C.L. and D.M.) verbally and physically mistreated Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr, sons of the Plaintiffs, based on sex, as defined by Title IX. On November 15, 2016, a five-day bench trial commenced in Department 27 before the Honorable Judge Nancy L. Allf. Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and John Houston Scott, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan ("Mrs. Bryan") and Aimee Hairr ("Mrs. Hairr"),

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(collectively "Plaintiffs"). Daniel Polsenberg, Esq., Dan Waite, Esq., and Brian D. Blakley, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Defendant Clark County School District (CCSD), ("Defendant").

At trial, Plaintiffs' case was narrowed to two separate claims for relief (1) a violation of Title IX of the Civil Rights Act, and (2) a violation of Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. To prevail, the claims require a showing that the Defendant was aware of the bullying and that CCSD officials, who were required to respond to reports of bullying pursuant to NRS Chapter 388, failed to act in manner that equates to deliberate indifference.

The Court having heard arguments of counsel, testimony, and being fully briefed on the matter finds as follows:

BACKGROUND

Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr entered the sixth grade at Greenspun Jr. High School in August of 2011. Both students were enrolled in Mr. Beasley's third period band class in the trombone section. Nolan, cleven years old, reported being small for his age and wore long blonde hair. From almost the outset of their enrollment, both boys began to be bullied by C.L. and D.M. On numerous occasions, C.L. and D.M. taunted Nolan with homophobic slurs and sexual expletives, touching, pulling, and running their fingers through Nolan's hair and blowing in his face. Nolan reported the behavior by filling out a complaint report at the Dean's office. However, at this time, Nolan did not mention the homophobic and sexual content of the slurs that he was enduring and a subsequent meeting with Dean Winn did not proffer resolution.

On or about September 13, 2011, C.L., who was sitting next to Nolan in band class, reached over and stabbed Nolan in the groin with the sharpened end of the pencil (the "September 13th Incident"). C.L. remarked that he did so to see if Nolan was a girl and also referred to Nolan as a tattletale. Nolan took the tattletale reference as a sign that the stabbing was, at least in part, retaliation for Nolan filing a complaint report.

On or about September 15, 2011, while Nolan was at Ethan's house, Mrs. Bryan overheard Ethan and Nolan talking about an issue that took place at school. After Nolan went home, Mrs. Bryan questioned Ethan about what the two boys had been discussing. In response, Ethan described to his mother the incident where C.L. stabbed Nolan in the groin and about the overall bullying occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class. This conversation sparked a series of complaints and reports that is the foundation for the claims asserted against CCSD.

The first parental complaint occurred via email on September 15, 2011 ("September 15th Email") from Mrs. Bryan, addressed to Nolan's band teacher, Mr. Beasley, Counselor Halpin, and Principal McKay—all of whom where mandatory reporters under N.R.S. § 388.1351. The September 15th Email identified C.L. and D.M. by name and described the physical assaults and verbal abuse. Both Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin acknowledged receiving the September 15, 2011 Email. However, Principal McKay's email address was incorrect, so he did not receive the original complaint contained within the September 15th Hanail. While Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin admitted that neither of them followed up on the September 15th Email, this Court does not find this failure alone deliberately indifferent. However, actual knowledge of the bullying was triggered upon the receipt of the September 15th Email.

In response to the September 15th Email, Mr. Beasley changed the arrangements in the trombone section of his band class so that Nolan sat in front of C.L. and not next to him. Mr. Beasley made this decision without consulting with anyone else, especially Principal McKay.

Like Nolan, Ethan was also subjected to bullying by C.L. and D.M. After the September 13th Incident, the bullying escalated where C.L. and D.M. taunted him about his weight and made homophobic slurs and vile and graphic innuendos concerning sexual relations between Ethan and Nolan.

The second parental complaint occurred on September 22, 2011 from Mrs. Hairr, via a telephone conversation with Vice Principal DePiazza. During this conversation, Mrs. Hairr told Vice Principal DePiazza about the stabbing of Nolan's genitals by another student in band class.

On or about October 19, 2011, Ethan told his mother that C.L. and D.M. had removed the rubber stopper out of a piece of his trombone and repeatedly hit Ethan in the legs with the remaining sharp piece of the instrument leaving scratch marks on his legs. Ethan also informed his mother that C.L. and D.M. continued to make lewd sexual comments including calling both Ethan and Nolan "gay," "faggots," and made references about the two boys engaging in gay sex together.

On or about October 19, 2011, Mrs. Bryan sent a second email ("October 19th Email") addressed to the same three individuals as the September 15th Email. Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin both acknowledged receipt of this email, but because it was addressed to the same email addresses, Principal McKay did not receive it. Later that day, on October 19, 2011, Mrs. Bryan and her husband went to the school where they

met with Dean Winn for approximately one hour to discuss the bullying, specifically the physical assaults and homophobic slurs.

On or about October 19, 2011, Counselor Halpin attended a weekly administrators meeting with Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza. Counselor Halpin testified that he reported the bullying that was occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class in considerable detail and disclosed the September 15th Email and the October 19th Email. Counselor Halpin specifically recalled Principal McKay directing Vice Principal DePiazza to take care of the matter. Principal McKay testified that he was not interested in the details of such matters and left it to his subordinates to address the issue. Principal McKay further testified that he did not follow up with Vice Principal DePiazza about how the investigation was going or what the investigation uncovered until February 2012. All of the school officials had conflicting testimony about who was tasked with the investigation into the bullying, but all testified that no investigation into the bullying was conducted until February 2012.

The bullying and harassment continued throughout the fall and into early 2012. Both boys avoided band class and school altogether. Ethan faked illness to avoid class and Nolan would try to avoid C.L. and D.M. by lingering in the halls and in the library. By the middle of January, both boys had almost completely stopped going to school altogether to avoid the continuous bullying.

Mrs. Bryan pulled Ethan out of Greenspun Jr. High in January 2012 after Ethan contemplated suicide. On or about January 21, 2012, Mrs. Hair pulled Nolan out of Greenspun Jr. High after Nolan had an emotional breakdown because of the bullying. Mrs. Hair filed a police report, reporting the bullying and harassment.

On or about February 7, 2012, Mrs. Bryan and Mrs. Hairr removed the boys from Greenspun Jr. High. Subsequently, Assistant Superintendent Jolene Wallace and Principal McKay's direct supervisor, ordered Principal McKay to conduct an investigation into the bullying of Ethan and Nolan. This is the only investigation that took place into the bullying of the Ethan and Nolan.

DISCUSSION

A. Legal Standard - Title IX of the Civil Rights Act

Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 provides, in part. "[n]o person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 20 U.S.C § 1681(a). A school district in receipt of federal funds is liable for monetary damages for violations of Title IX. *Davis Next Friend LaShonda D. v. Monroe Cty. Bd. of Educ.*, 526 U.S. 629, 642, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1671, 143 L. Ed. 2d 839 (1999) ("we concluded that *Pennhurst* does not bar a private damages action under Title IX where the funding recipient engages in intentional conduct that violates the clear terms of the statute.").

In Reese v. Jefferson School District No. 141, the Ninth Circuit adopted the framework set out in Davis and set forth four requirements for imposition of school district liability under Title IX for student-student sexual harassment: (1) the school district "must exercise substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the known harassment occurs," (2) the plaintiff must suffer "sexual harassment ... that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it can be said to deprive the victims of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school," (3) the school district must have "actual knowledge of the harassment," and (4) the school district's

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"deliberate indifference subjects its students to harassment." 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000) (quoting Davis, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1675 (1999)).

The Ninth Circuit defines deliberate indifference as "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of ones acts or omissions." Henkle v. Gregory, 150 F. Supp. 2d 1067, 1077–78 (D. Nev. 2001); See also 9th Cir. Civ. Jury Instr. 11.3.5 (1997) (citing Redman v. County of San Diego, 942 F.2d 1435, 1442 (9th Cir. 1991), cert, denied, 502 U.S. 1074, 112 S.Ct. 972, 117 L.Ed.2d 137 (1992)). A plaintiff bringing a claim under Title IX must prove her claim by a preponderance of the evidence.

B. Legal Standard - 42 U.S.C. § 1983

A student's right to a public education is a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause. Goss v. Lopez, 419 U.S. 565, 573, 95 S. Ct. 729, 735, 42 L. Ed. 2d 725 (1975) ("Here, on the basis of state law, appellees plainly had legitimate claims of entitlement to a public education . . . "). As a general matter, the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution does not "require[] the State to protect the life, liberty, and property of its citizens against invasion by private actors." DeShaney v. Winnebago County Dep't of Social Servs., 489 U.S. 189, 195, 109 S.Ct. 998, 103 L.Ed.2d 249 (1989). In fact, "the Fourteenth Amendment's Due Process Clause . . . does not confer any affirmative right to governmental aid and typically does not impose a duty on the state to protect individuals from third parties." Henry A. v. Willden, 678 F.3d 991, 998 (9th Cir.2012) (quotations and citation omitted).

This rule, however, is subject to two specific exceptions; (1) the special relationship exception, and (2) the state-created danger exception. Id. at 998. Under the special relationship exception, the government may be liable for its failure to protect if a "special relationship" exists between it and the plaintiff such that the government has

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assumed "some responsibility for the plaintiff's safety and well-being." Id. Under the state-created danger exception, the government may be liable for its failure to protect where "the state affirmatively places the plaintiff in danger by acting with 'deliberate indifference' to a 'known and obvious danger[.]' "Id. In determining whether the statecreated exception applies, the Court assesses: "(1) whether any affirmative actions of the official placed the individual in danger he otherwise would not have faced; (2) whether the danger was known or obvious; and (3) whether the officer acted with deliberate indifference to that danger." Id. at 1002. Under either exception, the government's failure to protect renders it liable under a § 1983 claim. Id.

C. Nevada law mandates public school officials to report bullying and harassment

Novada Revised Statute § 388.135 provide that:

"[a] member of the board of trustees of a school district, any employee of the board of trustees, including, without limitation, an administrator, principal, teacher or other staff member . . . or any pupil shall not engage in bullying or cyber-bullying on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or onany school bus."

(Emphasis added),

Furthermore, Nevada Revised Statute § 388.1351(1) provides that:

"[a] téacher . . . principal . . . or other staff member who witnesses a violation of NRS 388.135 or receives information that a violation of NRS 388.135 has occurred shall report the violation to the principal . . . as soon as

(Emphasis added).

practicable, but not later than a time during the same day on which [they] witnessed the violation or received information regarding the occurrence of a violation."

Nevada statutes make it clear that any public school employee who either witnesses bullying or is informed that bullying has occurred or is occurring, is obligated by statute to report the bullying to the principal of the public school. Upon information that bullying has occurred or is occurring, Nevada Revised Statute § 388.1351(2) mandate that "the principal or designee *shall* immediately take any necessary action to stop the bullying . . . and ensure the safety and well-being of the reported victim or victims . . . and shall begin an investigation into the report." N.R.S. § 388.1351(1)(2). (emphasis added).

D. CCSD Officials' conduct was deliberately indifferent.

Through the testimony presented at trial, Plaintiffs have satisfied the four requirements of the Davis framework for imposition of school district liability under Title IX for student-student sexual harassment. First, CCSD, as a public high school, exercised substantial control over both the harassers and the context in which the known harassments occurs. In this case, C.L. and D.M. engaged in excessive and continuous homophobic slurs and sexual expletives directed at Nolan and Ethan in the band class classroom. C.L. and D.M.'s daily references to Nolan and Ethan as "faggot, fucking fat faggot, fucking faggot, gay, gay boyfriend, and cunt" were so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it deprived the boys of access to school's educational opportunities and benefits available to students. Testimony revealed that the bullying was so severe that the boys had to avoid going to band class altogether just to avoid the

victimization. Moreover, Ethan contemplated suicide as a result of months of bullying and harassment, and Nolan had an emotional breakdown—both of these events triggered the parents to withdraw their children from Greenspun Jr. High. Nolan and Ethan were unable to take advantage of the educational opportunities provided by the school and being accessed by students not subjected to bullying and harassment.

The third requirement of the Davis framework requires the school to have actual knowledge of the harassment. There were three separate parental complaints, all of which should have prompted a mandatory investigation under N.R.S. § 388.1351(1)(2). The September 15th Email, October 19th Email, and the October 19th meeting with Dean Winn, each put the school officials responsible for reporting the information to the Principal McKay on notice that bullying had occurred and was continuing to occur on campus. Counselor Halpin, Mr. Beasley, and Dean Winn all failed to immediately report the complaints to Principal McKay. Notwithstanding, Counselor Halpin did inform Principal McKay of the complaints and the bullying at the October 19th administrative meeting and yet CCSD offered zero evidence to indicate that an investigation was ever conducted in 2011.

The fourth requirement of the Davis framework requires the school to have acted with "deliberate indifference" that subjects its students to the harassment. As federal funding recipients, CCSD officials had a duty under Title IX, and under Nevada law, to follow up and investigate any reports of bullying and harassment occurring on school property. CCSD's failure to conduct any type of investigation after three separate complaints of bullying and an administrative meeting discussing the bullying, constitutes at the very least, reckless disregard of the consequences of it acts or omissions. Accordingly, CCSD's failure to timely investigate and take any type of remedial action

constitutes deliberate indifference. This deliberate indifference was the causation that led to the escalation of the bullying and harassment endured by the Plaintiffs' children. Therefore, Plaintiffs have proven their Title IX claim by a preponderance of the evidence submitted at trial.

E. CCSD created the dangerous environment

CCSD's deliberate indifference to the numerous complaints of bullying forced Nolan and Ethan to remain in a known and obviously dangerous environment, which further subjected them to severe and pervasive bullying and barassment that was objectively offensive. For CCSD to be liable under the state-created exception, this Court asked: (1) whether any affirmative actions of the official placed the individual in danger he otherwise would not have faced; (2) whether the danger was known or obvious; and (3) whether the officer acted with deliberate indifference to that danger." Henry A, at 1002. This Court finds in the affirmative to all three inquires.

Here, the first inquiry does not require CCSD to do more than "expose the plaintiff to a danger that already existed." *Id.* To the contrary, a test such as this would render the state-created doctrine futile. In *Henry A.*, the Ninth Circuit explained that "by its very nature, the doctrine only applies in situations where the plaintiff was directly harmed by a third party—a danger that, in every case, could be said to have 'already existed.' " *Id.* (internal citations omitted). It follows that to be liable under the state-created exception, CCSD was not required to take an affirmative action that made the bullying and harassment worse. Instead it was CCSD's failure to take affirmative action that subjected Nolan and Ethan to further bullying and harassment. Thus, this Court finds the first inquiry is satisfied.

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The second and third inquiries are more easily ascertainable in this case. CCSD knew of the danger because of the three separate parental complaints from the Plaintiffs. Complaints CCSD officials admitted to receiving and testified that they did not inform Principal McKay. Each of the complaints gave CCSD officials sufficient details necessary to put them on notice of the dangers Nolan and Ethan were exposed to. Finally, as stated above, CCSD's failure to conduct any type of investigation after three separate complaints of bullying and an administrative meeting discussing the bullying, constitutes deliberate indifference.

Accordingly, the Plaintiffs have proven their 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claim by a preponderance of the evidence submitted at trial. Notan and Ethan had a constitutional right to a public education, and CCSD is liable under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for its failure to protect Notan and Ethan by acting with deliberate indifference to the known dangers that existed in Mr. Beasley's band class. CCSD's deliberate indifference deprived Notan and Ethan of these educational rights secured by Fourteenth Amendment Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution.

CONCLUSION

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, Defendant CCSD violated Title IX of the Civil Rights Act.

COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, violated Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review Judgment shall be entered in favor of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan, on behalf of Ethan Bryan,

and Aimee Hairr, on behalf of Nolan Hairr. Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all
damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial.
COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review that
Plaintiffs shall prepare Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and a Judgment consistent
with this Decision, and submit it the Court for review. They may include all factual
findings contained in Plaintiffs' post trial briefs. At the time of submission to the Court,
copies shall be transmitted to Defendant's counsel.
Dated: June 27, 2017 NANCY ALLF
NANCY ALLF DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
I hereby certify that on or about the date signed I caused the foregoing document to be electronically served pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or by email to:
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EXHIBIT B

EXHIBIT B

8/15/2017 9:54 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Allen Lichtenstein (NV State Bar No. 3992) 1 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 4 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice **SCOTT LAW FIRM** 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561-9601 john@scottlawfirm.net 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; Case No. A-14-700018-C AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR, 14 Dept. No. XXVII Plaintiffs, 15 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND VS. JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF 16 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT **PLAINTIFFS** 17 (CCSD Defendant. 18 19 TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE ATTORNEYS OF 20 21 **RECORD** 22 Please take notice that Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment in Favor of 23 Plaintiffs were entered in this case, a copy of which is attached... 24 Dated this 15th day of August 2017, 25 Respectfully submitted by: 26 27 28 /s/Allen Lichtenstein

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9	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr		
10			
11			
12	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
13 14	I hereby certify that I served the following Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law		
15	and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs via Court's electronic filing and service system and/or United		
16	States Mail and/or e-mail on the 15 th day of August 2017, to:		
17	Dan Waite		
18	Lewis Rocha Rothgerber Christie 3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996		
19	DWaite@lrrc.com		
20	/s/ Allen Lichtenstein		
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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiffs.

Defendant.

Case No. A-14-700018-C

Dept. No. XXVII

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS

I. Introduction

VS.

(CCSD

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN;

AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order in favor of Plaintiffs Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr and against Defendant Clark County School District (CCSD) on the claims that Defendant violated Plaintiffs' rights under Title IX, 20 USC § 1681(A) and Plaintiffs' rights to Substantive Due Process under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1983. The Court also ruled that, "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

II. Procedural History

Plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint on October 10, 2014 against Defendants: Clark County School District (CCSD), Pat Skorkowsky, in his official capacity as CCSD

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Superintendent; CCSD Board of School Trustees; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD Board of School Trustees, Greenspun Jr. High School (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS. The Amended Complaint listed five claims for relief: 1) Negligence; 2) Negligence Per Se; 3) Violation of Title IX; 4) Violation of the Right to Equal Protection; 5) Violation of Substantive Due Process.

In its February 5, 2015 Order, the Court Dismissed Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief No. 1, Negligence, and No. 2, Negligence Per Se. Plaintiffs abandoned their Fourth Claim for Relief, Equal Protection, leaving the Third Claim for Relief, Title IX, and Fifth Claim for Relief, Substantive Due Process, for trial. Defendants filed their Answer on February 25, 2015.

On March 1, 2016, Defendants filed a Motion for Summary Judgment, which was granted in part and denied in part by the Court in its July 22, 2016 Order. The Court denied Defendants' Motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' Title IX claim against Defendant CCSD. It dismissed the 42 USC 1983 Equal Protection claims, which had been abandoned by Plaintiffs. The Court granted Defendants' Motion to dismiss all Defendants except CCSD from the 42 USC 1983 Substantive Due Process claim. Overall, the Court ruled the two remaining claims against CCSD, 1) Title IX; and 2) Substantive Due Process would proceed to trial.

On or about March 20, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations, allowing such calculations to be determined by

the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court on April 6, 2016.

On August 5, 2016, Defendant CCSD filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limiting. On October 26, 2016 the Court denied Defendant's Motion.

On November 15, 2016, a five-day bench trial was held in Department 27 before the Honorable Judge Nancy L. Allf. Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and John Houston Scott, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan ("Mrs. Bryan") and Aimee Hairr ("Mrs. Hairr"), (collectively Plaintiffs"). Daniel Polsenberg, Esq., Dan Waite, Esq., and Brian D. Blakley, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Defendant CCSD, ("Defendant") on the Title IX and 42 USC 1983 Substitute Due Process claims. Testimony was given by: Nolan Hairr, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr, Mary Bryan, Principal Warren McKay, Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza, Dean Cheryl Winn, Counselor John Halpin and band teacher Robert Beasely. Although neither one of the alleged bullies testified, CL's deposition was introduced into evidence. (For privacy purposes, only the initials of CL and DM are used.)

Closing arguments were done via written briefs. Briefing was completed on May 26, 2017. On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order, concluding that Defendant CCSD violated both Title IX of the Civil Rights Act and also violated Plaintiffs' Substantive Due Process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 USC 1983. The Court further ordered that after review, "Judgment shall be entered in favor of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan, on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and that Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

III. Findings of Fact

A. Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr started being bullied almost from the time they began attending Greenspun Jr. High School.

In late August 2011, two friends, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr began sixth grade at Greenspun Jr. High School. Both Ethan and Nolan enrolled in Mr. Beasley's third period band class in the trombone section.

Almost from the beginning of the school year, Ethan and Nolan began to be bullied by two other trombone students, CL and DM. In sixth grade, at age 11, Nolan was small for his age with long blonde hair. CL and DM taunted him with names like gay and faggot, and called him a girl. CL also touched, pulled, ran his fingers through Nolan's hair and blew in Nolan's face.

Nolan, following what he believed was proper procedure, went to the Dean's office and filled out a complaint report. He was, however, too embarrassed to mention the homophobic and sexual content of the slurs that he was enduring. Nolan was subsequently called into the Dean's office and met with Dean Winn. He did not feel that she was either sympathetic or even interested, and therefore was reluctant to discuss the homophobic sexually-oriented nature of the bullying.

Within a day or two of Nolan's meeting with the Dean, on or about September 13, 2011, CL, who was sitting next to Nolan in band class, reached over and stabbed Nolan in the groin with the sharpened end of the pencil. CL said he wanted to see if Nolan was a girl, and also referred to Nolan as a tattletale. Nolan took the tattletale reference as a sign that the stabbing was, at least in part, retaliation for Nolan complaining about the bullying. Because of this fear of retaliation, Nolan decided not to tell any adults about any further bullying directed at him, and instead, to endure the torment in silence.

A day or two after the stabbing incident, while Nolan was at Ethan's house, Ethan's mother, Mary Bryan overheard Ethan and Nolan talking about some problem taking place at school. After Nolan had gone home, Mary Bryan confronted her son and questioned him

concerning what Ethan and Nolan had been discussing. Ethan described to his mother the incident where CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil, and about the overall bullying occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

B. Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email

In response, Mary Bryan decided to contact the school officials to report the bullying in general and the stabbing in particular.

On September 15, 2011, she attempted to telephone Greenspun Principal Warren P. McKay. However, she could not reach him by telephone and was only able to talk to a junior high student volunteer. Mary did not want to leave such a sensitive message with a junior high student and was not transferred to Principal McKay's voicemail. Mary then decided she would email the Principal and got an email address for him from the student volunteer.

On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to three people: 1) Principal Warren McKay; 2) band teacher Robert Beasley; and 3) school counselor John Halpin, complaining about the bullying and specifically about the stabbing. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin acknowledged receiving the September 15, 2011 email from Mary Bryan. Principal McKay said he did not receive it because the email address for him (which Mary Bryan obtained from his own office) was incorrect.

Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were, in 2011, mandatory reporters who were required to report any information concerning bullying, to either the Principal or one of his designees, pursuant to NRS 3.88.1351 (1). In 2011, Principal McKay's designees at Greenspun were Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza and Dean Cheryl Winn.

Neither Mr. Beasley nor Mr. Halpin fulfilled their statutory duty to report Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email concerning bullying, explaining that because they saw Principal

McKay's name in the address line, they assumed, without verifying, that Dr. McKay, and through him Vice Principal DePiazza and Dean Winn were aware of the situation.

These assumptions by Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were incorrect. Moreover, by relying on their assumptions, rather than adhering to the statutory requirement to report any information concerning bullying they received, they both violated the explicit requirements of NRS 388.1351(1).

In response to the September 15, 2011 email, Mr. Beasley changed the seating arrangements in the trombone section of his class. While before, Nolan had been sitting next to Connor, after the change, Nolan set directly in front of CL.

While Mr. Beasley attempted to keep an eye on both bullies and the bullied students, he admitted that he was unable to constantly watch them and still teach his class. Mr. Beasley said that he made the decisions concerning the seating arrangements on his own without consultation with anyone else. This testimony conflicted with that of Dean Winn, who stated that she was involved in the decision.

The bullying continued. For Ethan Bryan, at the beginning of the school year, most of the taunts at him by CL and DM had to do with his size. He was large for his age and overweight.

After the incident where CL stabbed Ethan's friend Nolan with a pencil, the bullying of Ethan began to change. It not only escalated but also shifted from being mostly about his size and weight to also involve homophobic slurs and vile and graphic innuendos concerning sexual relations between Ethan and Nolan.

Like his friend Nolan, Ethan also chose not to report the bullying that he was enduring for fear of retaliation, and lack of any real interest on the part of Greenspun school officials. Mary Bryan, believing that the school would contact Nolan's parents after Mary sent them the

September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of Nolan, did not directly inform Nolan's parents herself.

C. Aimee Hairr's September 22, 2011 phone conversation with Vice Principal DePiazza and September 23, 2011 phone call with Counselor Halpin

On or about September 21, 2011, while Mary Bryan and Nolan's mother Aimee Hairr were at a birthday party for another of Mary's children, Mary casually asked Aimee about the school's response to the September 15, 2011 email. Aimee responded that she had received no communication from the school, and that she had no knowledge or information about the bullying of her son occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

After talking to Mary, Nolan's parents then confronted him about the bullying. Nolan verified the veracity of the substance of the contents of the September 15, 2011 email. He also admitted to the stabbing incident.

On September 22, 2011, Nolan's mother made several phone calls to various school officials in an attempt to contact the school regarding the September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of their son. She left several messages for different school officials. Finally, Aimee Hairr was able to reach Vice Principal DePiazza, and had a phone conversation with him in which she described the September 15, 2011 email, and the stabbing, including the comment by CL that he did it to see if Nolan was a girl.

Mr. DePiazza told Aimee Hairr that there were a few options for Nolan, all involving Nolan either transferring out of band class into another class at Greenspun, or transferring out of Greenspun to a different school entirely.

Aimee found these so-called solutions to be both inadequate and inappropriate because if anyone were to be moved, it should be the perpetrator of the bullying who assaulted her son not the victim, Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza denied that he ever had a phone conversation with Aimee Hairr. According to his version of events, some time in either September or October 2011 (he could not remember when) there was a meeting in his office attended by Aimee Hairr, Dean Cheryl Winn and possibly Nolan Hairr. Mr. DePiazza claimed that while there was some generalized discussion about the "situation" in the band room, nothing specific about the stabbing or the September 15, 2011 email was ever mentioned. Neither Aimee Hairr, Nolan Hairr nor Cheryl Winn corroborated Mr. DePiazza's version of events about this supposed meeting, or even that it took place.

On or about September 23, 2011, Mrs. Hairr received a return phone call from counselor John Halpin. Aimee knew Mr. Halpin because she was his dental hygienist. Mr. Halpin told her he had received this September 15, 2011 email and was aware of its contents. He said he had previously spoken to Nolan and would do so again to make sure that Nolan made a formal complaint about the stabbing to the Dean. He said he believed that Dean Winn knew about it, but wanted to make sure.

Later that day, Nolan met with Mr. Halpin. Both agreed that the counselor wanted Nolan to go to the Dean's office to fill out an incident report. Mr. Halpin said that he accompanied Nolan to Ms. Winn's office, while Nolan said he was sent there and went by himself. Mr. Halpin also said that since the Dean was not in the office, he left a message for Dean Winn with Harriet Clark, her secretary, recounting the stabbing incident and the bullying. He gave that message to the Dean's secretary with instructions to relay that message to Dean Winn. The Dean did not report receiving Mr. Halpin's message from her secretary.

Nolan, still trying to "tough it out" and not make more trouble for himself by complaining and thereby risking further retaliation, wrote a bland and rather innocuous version of what he was enduring in band class. He did not mention the stabbing nor the homophobic, sexually-oriented slurs.

Dean Winn said she could not remember whether she met with Nolan on or after September 22, 2011. Nolan said that no such meeting took place on or after September 22, 2011. Aimee Hairr said she never had a meeting with Dean Winn.

Dean Winn said testified did not learn of the stabbing incident until the following year, February 2012.

D. Mary Bryan's October 19, 2011 email to school officials and October 19, 2011 meeting with Dean Winn

On or about October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan noticed that Ethan had come home from school with scratches on his leg. When she confronted him about the scratches, he told her that at the end of band class, while Mr. Beasley was out of the room, one of the bullies who was behind Ethan, removed a rubber stopper out of a piece of his trombone and started hitting Ethan in the legs with the remaining sharp piece of the instrument.

Upon questioning by his parents, Ethan also disclosed that CL and DM continued to make lewd sexual comments including calling both Ethan and Nolan gay, faggots and other similar names, and also talked about Ethan and Nolan jerking each other off and otherwise engaging in homosexual acts with each other.

Ethan's parents, enraged that this was going on -- particularly after the September 15, 2011 email -- decided to confront school officials. On October 19, 2011 Mary Bryant sent a second email addressed to Principal McKay, Mr. Beasley, and Mr. Halpin, describing the continuing bullying and also the hitting scratching of Ethan's leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan met with Dean Winn at the Dean's office on October 19, 2011. They described the bullying endured by both Ethan and Nolan, specifically mentioning the physical assaults as well as the vile homophobic slurs that both boys were subjected to by CL and DM. The Bryans made it clear that they would not tolerate a continuation of this bullying.

Dean Winn denied the occurrence of this meeting. She also denied that she knew anything about the, emails, the physical assaults and the homophobic slurs in October 2011. She said she only learned of the October 19, 2011 email the following year, in February 2012.

E. The October 19, 2011 Administrator's meeting where John Halpin informed Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza of Mary Bryan's emails

Mr. Halpin, who was a recipient of the October 19, 2011 email, said he forwarded that email to Dean Winn to make sure she was aware of the situation. Dean Winn denied having received the October 19, 2011 email from Mr. Halpin.

Also on October 19, 2011, Mr. Halpin attended a weekly administrators meeting. Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza were at that meeting. Dean Winn, who was a regular participant in those weekly meetings, did not attend that day.

Mr. Halpin said that he reported on the bullying that was occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class in considerable detail to both Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza. He also stated that everyone at that meeting knew about the two emails that had been sent by Mary Bryan. He also made it clear that the two assaults were perpetrated by the same two bullies against the same two bullied students. Mr. Halpin specifically recalled Principal McKay telling Vice Principal DePiazza to take care of the matter.

Dr. McKay stated his recollections from the October 19, 2011, administrators meeting differently. McKay recalled Mr. Halpin bringing up the subject of bullying in Mr. Beasley's class, but without mentioning many specifics. For reasons he did not disclose, McKay stated that he really was not interested in the details of such matters and left it to his subordinates to address the issue.

Dr. McKay stated that he told Mr. DePiazza and Mr. Halpin to handle the situation. Dr. McKay also stated that he subsequently did not ask the Vice Principal about how the investigation was going or what DePiazza had found out until February 2012.

Principal McKay only took action in February 2012 because it was then that he was ordered by his supervisor at the district level and the Assistant Superintendent to investigate the bullying of Ethan and Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza stated a vague memory of the October 19, 2011 administrative meeting. He recalled that there may have been some discussion about bullying but didn't really remember much. His position was that he definitely did not remember being told by Dr. McKay to conduct an investigation into the bullying reports on October 19, 2011.

Principal McKay stated that in 2011 while he never asked his Vice Principal about the bullying investigation, he did, at some point, have a casual discussion with Dean Winn about the matter. He asked her how the investigation was going. Dean Winn replied that she was having trouble getting corroborating statements from other students.

Dean Winn's testimony contradicted the Principal's statements by claiming that she did not undertake any investigation of the bullying because she was specifically told by Dr. McKay that it was all being handled by Vice Principal DePiazza. Dr. McKay testified that Dean Winn told him she was investigating by trying to get statements from other students.

F. Although by October 19, 2011, all members of the Greenspun Junior High School administration were aware of physical, and discriminatory bullying that Ethan and Nolan were experiencing, no investigation was conducted until February 2012, after both boys had left the school.

Although the school officials all pointed fingers at each other, the one thing that they all agreed upon is that contrary to Nevada statutes, no investigation of the reports of bullying, described in the September 15, 2011, and October 19, 2011 emails from Mary Bryan and the September 22, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Vice Principal DePiazza, the September 23, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Mr. Halpin, and the October 19, 2011 meeting between Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and Dean Winn, ever occurred in 2011.

Throughout the rest of 2011, the bullying of Ethan and Nolan by CL and DM continued out of the sight of Mr. Beasley.

Ethan and Nolan continued to employ the strategy of trying to ignore the problem, feeling that any further complaints would just lead to greater retaliation.

When Ethan and Nolan came back to Greenspun for in January 2012, their resolve began to waver. Each boy tried to avoid band class or even school altogether. Ethan feigned illness, and even tried to make himself sick by eating cardboard. Nolan would hang out in the library or in the halls. By the middle of January, both boys had essentially stopped going to school in order to avoid further bullying.

In January 2012, Ethan Bryan was prevented from attempting to commit suicide by drinking household chemicals, because of a fortuitous intervention from his mother. Ethan's parents refused to send him back to Greenspun after that.

On or around January 21, 2012 Nolan had, what his mother described as something close to a breakdown because of the bullying that he and others were enduring at Greenspun. Mrs. Hairr decided to pull Nolan out of the school at that time. She also made a report to the police.

By early February 2012, both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun Jr. High School.

Subsequent to the removal of Ethan and Nolan from Greenspun, and also subsequent to the filing of the police report, Principal McKay, on or about February 7, 2012, was contacted by officials from the school district, specifically his direct supervisor Andre Long and the Assistant Superintendent Jolene Wallace. He was ordered by Ms. Wallace to conduct an investigation into the bullying of Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr.

Because he was ordered by his superiors to investigate, Principal McKay directed Vice Principal DePiazza to conduct a "second" investigation.

This was, in fact, the only investigation done at Greenspun into the bullying of Ethan and Nolan. At trial, no one from the school or the school district testified to seeing any results of any earlier investigation. Nor was any evidence obtained from any earlier investigation introduced. Contrary to the responsibilities under Nevada law, no investigation ever took place while Ethan and Nolan were attending Greenspun Junior High School.

IV. Conclusions of Law

A. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Title IX Violation.

1. Title IX Standards

Section 901(a) of Title IX provides, "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 20 USC § 1681(a). Based on the receipt of federal funds, CCSD is subject to Title IX requirements. 20 USC § 1681(a). Under Title IX, student on student harassment and bullying based upon perceived sexual orientation is actionable.

For liability under Title IX for student on student sexual harassment: (1) the school district "must exercise substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the known harassment occurs", (2) the plaintiff must suffer "sexual harassment ... that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it can be said to deprive the victims of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school", (3) the school district must have "actual knowledge of the harassment", and (4) the school district's "deliberate indifference subjects its students to harassment". *Reese v. Jefferson School District No, 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000) (*quoting Davis*, 526 U.S. 629, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1675 (1999)). *See also, Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F.Supp.2d 1067, 1077-1078 (D. Nev. 2001). The Ninth Circuit defines deliberate indifference as "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions," *Henkle v*,

Gregory, 150 F.Supp. 2d 1067,1077-78 (D. Nev. 2001); See also 9th Cir. Civ. Jury Instr. 11.3.5 (1997)(citing Redman v. County of San Diego, 942 F.2d 1435, 1442 (9th Cir. 1991), cert. denied, 502 U.S. 1074 (1992). A Plaintiff bringing a claim under Title IX must prove his or her claim by a preponderance of the evidence. Whether conduct rises to the level of actionable "harassment" thus "depends on a constellation of surrounding circumstances, expectations, and relationships," Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc., 523 U.S. 75, 82 (1998).

In the instant case, the testimony at trial showed that: 1) Greenspun Junior High School exercised substantial control over both the students involved in the bullying and the context in which the harassment occurred; 2) both Ethan and Nolan were bullied at school; 3) the harassment they endured was sexual in nature; 4) the harassment was so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it deprived Ethan and Nolan of access to the educational opportunities and benefits provided by the school; 5) the appropriate school officials had actual knowledge of the bullying and sexual discrimination suffered by Ethan and Nolan; and, 6) the appropriate school officials demonstrated deliberate indifference to the bullying endured by Ethan and Nolan.

2. Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class.

Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class by two other students. They were not only called names, but both were physically assaulted by the bullies. On September 13, 2011, CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil during Mr. Beasley's band class. On October 18, 2011 Ethan was physically assaulted by one of the bullies at the end of band class by having his legs hit and scratched with a trombone from which the rubber stopper had been removed.

3. The bullying was sexual in nature.

From the very beginning of the school year Nolan was called names such as "faggot, fucking fat faggot, fucking faggot, gay, gay boyfriend, cunt." This began when he was 11 years old at the beginning of sixth grade. Nolan was a small child who had blonde hair down to his shoulders.

While Ethan had been bullied by CL and DM from the beginning of the school year, their comments had started off being directed at his size and weight, after the stabbing incident, the bullies also began directing their homophobic slurs against Ethan as well. The bullies continuously taunted Ethan and Nolan with homophobic slurs and innuendo, and specifically made statements concerning homosexual relations and explicit sexual acts between Ethan and Nolan in vile and graphic terms.

4. The bullying of Ethan and Nolan was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable, and deprived them of significant educational opportunities.

The nature of the bullying was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable. It involved verbal abuse of a sexual and homophobic nature beginning from the start of the school year and only ceased when Ethan and Nolan were forced to stop attending Greenspun. Both boys suffered so severely from the bullying that they did whatever they could to not attend school in order to avoid the bullying. In January 2012, Ethan feigned illness in order to stay home from school. He would eat paper in order to make himself sick. For Ethan, the bullying was so severe and pervasive that he saw suicide as his only way out. Fortunately, he was prevented from doing so by his mother's intervention. At that point, she was forced to take him out of Greenspun.

In January 2012, Nolan stopped going to band class in order to avoid the bullying by CL. Nolan then had a breakdown due to the constant bullying that forced his parents also to remove him from Greenspun. The creation of a sufficiently hostile environment forced Ethan and Nolan's parents to remove them from Greenspun Jr. High School and thus deprived them of educational opportunities.

The severity of the hostile environment forced both Nolan and Ethan to quit Greenspun to escape both verbal and sometimes physical harassment from CL and DM that school officials were aware of, and allowed to continue. This was clearly a loss of educational opportunity.

5. Appropriate school officials had actual notice of the existence and the discriminatory nature of the bullying.

Appropriate school officials had notice of the existence and nature of the bullying suffered by Ethan and Nolan. See, Gebser v. Lago Vista Indep. Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998).

[I]n cases like this one that do not involve official policy of the recipient entity, we hold that a damages remedy will not lie under Title IX unless an official who at a minimum has authority to address the alleged discrimination and to institute corrective measures on the recipient's behalf has actual knowledge of discrimination in the recipient's programs and fails adequately to respond.

524 U.S. at 290.

The Court in *Warren v. Reading Sch. Dist.*, 278 F.3d 163 (3rd Cir. 2002) stated that the school principal was the appropriate person for Title IX purposes, while in *Murrell v. Sch. Dist. No. 1*, 186 F.3d 1238, 1247 (10th Cir. 1999) the Court considered an individual who exercises substantial control, for Title IX purposes, to be anyone with the authority to take remedial action. Several Greenspun personnel had authority to take remedial disciplinary actions when appropriate, including, band teacher Beasley, Principal McKay, Vice Principal DePiazza, and Dean Winn. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin admitted to receiving Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 and October 19, 2011 emails.

Five separate contacts by Ethan or Nolan's parents to Greenspun personnel put the school on actual notice of the verbal, physical and sexual nature of the bullying. On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley concerning the stabbing of Nolan. On September 22, Aimee Hairr spoke to Mr. DePiazza about the general bullying and the assault on her son. She spoke to Mr. Halpin by phone the next day.

On October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan sent another email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley, this time regarding the assault on Ethan. The same day, she and her husband met with Dean Winn to discuss the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, and particularly about its sexual,

homophobic nature. All of these parental contacts gave the school actual notice to appropriate persons of the existence and nature of the bullying of both Ethan and Nolan.

6. Greenspun school officials acted with deliberate indifference for Title IX violation purposes.

Deliberate indifference is "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions." *Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F. Supp. 2d at 1078. Deliberate indifference occurs where the recipient's response to the harassment or lack thereof is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. *Reese v. Jefferson Sch. Dist. No. 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000). It must, at a minimum, "cause students to undergo harassment or make them liable or vulnerable to it." *Id.*, *citing Davis*, 526 U.S. at 645. "[I]f an institution either fails to act, or acts in a way which could not have reasonably been expected to remedy the violation, then the institution is liable for what amounts to an official decision not to end discrimination." *Gebser v. Lago Vista Ind. School Dist.*, 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998); *See, Jane Doe A v. Green*, 298 F. Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D. Nev. 2004). Greenspun officials' failure to take further action once they received actual notice of the bullying and its nature showed deliberate indifference. *See, Flores v. Morgan Hill Unified School Dist.*, 324 F.3d 1130, 1136 (9th Cir. 2003), *Vance v. Spencer County Public School Dist.*, 231 F.3d 253 (6th Cir. 2000).

Even though NRS 3.88.1351 (1) requires that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee begin an immediate investigation, no investigation, much less one conforming to statute, was ever undertaken in 2011. The only time an investigation occurred was in February 2012, when it was ordered by the District. This, however, occurred well after both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun, and a police report had been filed. This constituted deliberate indifference on the part of school officials who had actual notice of the physical and homophobic bullying to which Ethan and Nolan were subjected.

B. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Substantive Due Process Violation.

Under DeShaney v. Winnebago County Department of Social Services, 489 U.S. 189 (1989), the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution does not require state actors to

protect private citizens from harm inflicted by other private citizens. *DeShaney*, however, is inapplicable because of the state created danger exception.

1. Plaintiffs had a constitutionally protected interest in their safety and in their education.

State law can create a liberty or property interest. *Vitek v Jones*, 445 U.S. 480 (1980); *Carlo v. City of Chino*, 105 F.3d 493 (9th Cir. 1997). The Supreme Court stated in *Goss v. Lopez*, 419 U.S. 565, 576 (1975), that a student's right to a public education is a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause. See also, *Henry A. v. Willden*, 678 F.3d 991 (9th Cir. 2012).

2. Defendant acted with deliberate indifference for substantive due process violation purposes.

The "state-created danger exception" — when "the state affirmatively places the Plaintiff in danger by acting with 'deliberate indifference' to a 'known and obvious danger," is manifested here. The standard for deliberate indifference does not vary between Title IX and 42 USC 1983 cases. *Doe A. v. Green*, 298 F.Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D.Nev., 2004) see also *Willden, supra*. Deliberate indifference consists of deliberate action or deliberate inaction. *Wereb v. Maui County*, 727 F.Supp.2d 898, 921 (D. Haw., 2010) citing, *Long v. County of Los Angeles*, 442 F.3d 1178, 1185 (9th Cir., 2006); *City of Canton v. Harris*, 489 U.S. 378, 388 (1989).

In other cases, Defendants have been "charged with knowledge" of unconstitutional conditions when they persistently violated a statutory duty to inquire about such conditions and to be responsible for them. *Wright v. McMann*, 460 F.2d 126 (2nd Cir. 1972); *United States ex rel. Larkins v. Oswald*, 510 F.2d 583 (2nd Cir. 1975); *Doe v. N.Y.C. Dep't of Soc. Servs.*, 649 F.2d 134 (2nd Cir. 1981). The failure to investigate the reported physical, sexual, and other verbal bullying, in the face of clear statutory mandates to do so is significant evidence of an overall posture of deliberate indifference toward Ethan's and Nolan's welfare.

3. CCSD is subject to *Monell* liability.

In *Menotti v. City of Seattle*, 409 F.3d 1113, 1147 (9th Cir. 2005), the Ninth Circuit stated that there are three distinct alternative theories of municipal liability, by showing: (1) a

longstanding practice or custom which constitutes the 'standard operating procedure' of the local government entity; (2) that the decision-making official was, as a matter of state law, a final policymaking authority whose edicts or acts may fairly be said to represent official policy in the area of decision; or (3) that an official with final policymaking authority either delegated that authority to, or ratified the decision of, a subordinate. *See also, Trevino v. Gates*, 99 F.3d 911, 918 (9th Cir. 1996).

Liability can be established by the existence of a government policy or custom that leads to a constitutional deprivation. *Monell v. Department of Social Services of New York*, 436 U.S. 658, 694 (1978); *Ulrich v. City and County of San Francisco*, 308 F.3d 968, 983 (9th Cir. 2002); *Weiner v. San Diego County*, 210 F.3d 1025, 1028 (9th Cir. 2000). The other two theories of municipal liability attach when a final policymaker for the government acts in a manner that can fairly be said to represent official action. *See City of St. Louis v. Praprotnik*, 485 U.S. 112, (1988); *Pembaur v. City of Cincinnati*, 475 U.S. 469, 479-80 (1986).

Liability may attach either when the final policymaker is a final policymaking authority who made the allegedly unconstitutional action, or when that action is ratified, or delegated to a subordinate. *Menotti*, 409 F.3d at 1147; *Ulrich*, 308 F.3d at 984-85. A policy includes "a course of action tailored to a particular situation and not intended to control decisions in later situations." *Pembaur*, 475 U.S. at 481. When determining whether an individual has final policymaking authority, the pertinent query is whether he or she has authority "in a particular area, or on a particular issue." *McMillian v. Monroe County*, 520 U.S. 781 (1997). The individual must be in a position of authority to the extent that a final decision by that person may appropriately be attributed to the District. *Lytle v. Carl*, 382 F.3d 978, 983 (9th Cir. 2004); *see also, Christie v. Iopa*, 176 F.3d 1231, 1235 (9th Cir. 1999). A government entity can be liable for an isolated constitutional violation. *Id*.

Principals can act as final policymakers for the purposes of *Monell* liability with respect to student discipline issues. *Williams v. Fulton Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 181 F. Supp. 3d 1089, 1126-27 (N.D. Ga. 2016), *citing*, *Holloman v. Harland*, 370 F.3d 1252, 1293 (11th Cir. 2004); *see also*, *Bowen v. Watkins*, 669 F.2d 979 (5th Cir. 1982); *Rabideau v. Beekmantown Cent. Sch. Dist.*, 89 F. Supp. 2d 263, 268 (N.D.N.Y. 2000), *citing Luce v. Board of Educ.*, 2 A.D.2d 502, 505, 157 N.Y.S.2d 123, 127 (3d Dep't 1956), *aff'd*, 3 N.Y.2d 792, 143 N.E.2d 797, 164 N.Y.S.2d 43 (1957).

4. NRS 388.1351(2) specifically tasks the school Principal with responsibility for investigating reports of bullying.

The question of whether a particular individual has policymaking authority is a question of state law. *Pembaur, supra,* 475 U.S. at 483; *St. Louis v. Praprotnik,* 485 U.S. 112, 124 (1988); *Lytle,* 382 F.3d at 982-83. NRS 388.1351(2) required that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee shall initiate an investigation not later than one day after receiving notice of the violation, and that the investigation must be completed within 10 days after the date on which the investigation is initiated.

The legislature explicitly gave a statutory mandate to investigate reports of bullying in school to the school "Principal or his or her designee." There is absolutely no legislative authority for the CCSD to designate somebody else at the District level to override the delegation of responsibility and authority. Thus, under the NRS 388.1351(2), because the final policymaker relating to the failure of Principal McKay or any of his designees to conduct the requisite investigation on the reports of the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, was the Principal himself, Defendant CCSD is liable for the substantive due process violation under *Monell*.

V. Damages

In its June 29, 2017 Decision and Order, the Court ruled that "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial." On April 6, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel

Damages Categories and Calculations, thus allowing these calculations to be determined by the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court. Plaintiffs Mary Bryan and Aimee Hairr testified that their out of pocket expenses for schooling for Ethan and Nolan outside of CCSD is approximately ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per year starting in eighth grade, or approximately fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) total for each child to date.

Beyond these out of pocket expenses both Ethan and Nolan suffered from physical attacks and relentless homophobic slurs. A seminal Nevada case can serve as a guideline for damages in similar school bullying cases. In *Henkel*, (150 F. Supp. 2d at 1069), "during school hours and on school property, he endured constant harassment, assaults, intimidation, and discrimination by other students because he is gay and male and school officials, after being notified of the continuous harassment, failed to take any action." The Washoe County School District agreed to pay Mr. Henkel four hundred, fifty-one thousand (\$451,000) dollars as damages. Using *Henkel* as a guidepost, the \$451,000 award in 2001 would be equivalent to approximately \$625,000 in today's dollars. Therefore, awards of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), apiece to each Plaintiff, Mary Bryan on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, is appropriate.

VI. Judgment

Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and against Defendant Clark County School District on the Title IX and Substantive Due Process claims. It is further ordered that Defendant shall pay to each Plaintiff, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr, the sum of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) for physical and emotional distress damages and costs for alternative schooling. These awards are exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees accrued.

1 Dated this 20 day of July 2007 2 District Court Judge 3 Respectfully submitted by: 4 Allen Lichtenstein Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 6 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 9 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice 10 | SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 john@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on or about the date signed I caused the foregoing document to be electronically served pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or by email to: Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. aljic@aol.com Dan R. Waite, Esq. DWaite@lrrc.com Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. DPolsenberg@LRRC.com Karen Lawrence Judicial Executive Assistant

EXHIBIT C

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Electronically Filed 11/20/2017 4:49 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Allen Lichtenstein (NV State Bar No. 3992) 1 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 4 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice **SCOTT LAW FIRM** 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561-9601 john@scottlawfirm.net 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; Case No. A-14-700018-C AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR, 14 Dept. No. XXVII Plaintiffs, NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 15 VS. 16 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD 17 18 Defendant. 19 TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE ATTORNEYS OF 20 21 **RECORD** 22 Please take notice that an Order Re: Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorney's Fees was entered in 23 this case, a copy of which is attached... 24 Dated this 20th day of November 2017, 25 Respectfully submitted by: 26 27 28

Allen Lichtenstein Newada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV. 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA. 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 John@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Amnee Hairr and Nolan Hairr CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE Thereby certify that I served the following Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs via Court's electronic filting and service system and/or United States Mail and/or e-mail on the November 20, 2017, to: Dan Waite Lewis Rocha Rothgerber Christie 3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV. 89169-5996 DWaite@lrrc.com /s/ Allen Lichtenstein	1	/s/Allen Lichtenstein
ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 iohn@scottawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Filhan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that I served the following Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs via Court's electronic filing and service system and/or United States Mail and/or e-mail on the November 20, 2017, to: Dan Waite Lewis Rocha Rothgerber Christie 3903 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996 DWaite@Irrc.com /s/ Allen Lichtenstein		Allen Lichtenstein
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10 11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan E Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr	Bryan,		
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12	CLARK CO	OUNTY, NEV	'ADA	
13	MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN	V· Case	No. A-14-7000)18-C
14	AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR	,	•	710-C
15	Plaintiffs		No. XXVII	
16	VS.		ER RE: PLAI ATTORNEY	INTIFFS' MOTION 'S FEES
17	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD			
18			of Hearing: 10)-4-17
19	Defendant		of Hearing: 9	:00am
20				
21	A hearing was held on October 4, 201	17 presided by	the Hon. Judge	e Nancy Allf, in Dept.
22	27, on Plaintiffs' Motion For Attorney's Fees	s. Dan Polsen	berg, Esq, and	Dan Waite, Esq.
23	represented the Defendant, and Allen Lichter	nstein represen	ted the Plaintif	fs. The Court granted
24	fees to Plaintiffs, pursuant to 42 U.S.C 1988,	in the following	ng amounts.	
25		rate per hr.	hrs expended	total
26		-	-	
27	Fees for John H. Scott:	\$450	350.00	\$157,500.00
		\$450	650.00	\$292,500.00
28	(as a private attorney)			

1	GL IR H			
2	Staci Pratt (as a private attorney)	\$450	20.80	\$ 9,360.00
3	Fees for the ACLUN	var	47.75	\$11,058.75 \$14,298.75%E
4			47.73 N A	14,278.75 (NE)
5	Lichtenstein – –	\$450	7.2 IVVV	\$3,240.00
6	Pratt	\$450	8.6	\$3,870.00
7	Morgan	\$225	31.95	\$7,188.75
8			1	tuzous ac
9	Total fees		NLA	\$470,418.75 \$473,658.75 @
10	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs havi	ng preva <u>il</u> ed in	this case, Plaintiffs a	re hereby awarded
11	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs having #470,4 attorney's fees in the amount of \$473,6	113.75 (B) /	VLF	Ž
12			loove.	
13	Dated this 4 day of Noven	nber 2017.		
14				
15				
16			Janey 1/	£116
17		Nancy Al District C	lf, Court Judge, Departm	
18			Me	
19				
20	Respectfully submitted by:			
21				
22	/s/Allen Lichtenstein			
23	Allen Lichtenstein			
24	Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN LTD) .		
25	3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120			
26	Tel: 702-433-2666 Fax: 702-433-9591			
27	allaw@lvcoxmail.com			
28				

John Houston Scott CA Bar No. 72578 Admitted Pro Hac Vice SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 john@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr

-3-

Electronically Filed 11/22/2017 3:39 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT**

3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996

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AMENDED CASE APPEAL STATEMENT

1. Name of appellants filing this case appeal statement:

Defendant Clark County School District

2. Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment, or order appealed from:

The Honorable Nancy L. Allf

3. Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant:

Attorneys for Appellant Clark County School District

Daniel F. Polsenberg Dan R. Waite Brian D. Blakley Abraham G. Smith LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER CHRISTIE LLP 3993 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 600 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 949-8200

4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of appellate counsel, if known, for each respondent (if the name of a respondent's appellate counsel is unknown, indicate as much and provide the name and address of that respondent's trial counsel):

Attorneys for Respondents Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr

> Allen Lichtenstein ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, Nevada 89120 (702) 433-2666

John Houston Scott SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, California 94109 (415) 561-9601

5. Indicate whether any attorney identified above in response to question 3 or 4 is not licensed practice law in Nevada and, if so, whether the district court granted that attorney permission to appear under SCR 42 (attach a copy of any district court order granting such permission):

John Houston Scott is not licensed to practice in Nevada. A copy of the minute order granting him permission to appear is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

1	6.	Indicate whether appellant was represented by appointed or retained counsel in the district court:
2		Retained counsel
3 4	7.	Indicate whether appellant is represented by appointed or retained counsel on appeal:
5		Retained counsel
6	8.	Indicate whether appellant was granted leave to proceed in forma
7		pauperis, and the date of entry of the district court order granting such leave:
8		N/A
9	9.	Indicate the date the proceedings commenced in the district court, <i>e.g.</i> , date complaint, indictment, information, or petition was filed:
10		
11	10	"Complaint," filed April 29, 2014
12	10.	Provide a brief description of the nature of the action and result in the district court, including the type of judgment or order being appealed and the relief granted by the district court:
13		This action arises under Title IX and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, based
14		on allegations that two junior high school students bullied plaintiffs on the basis of sex. After a bench trial, the district court
15		entered a decision in favor of plaintiffs, ruling that CCSD violated Title IX and that plaintiffs' substantive due process rights
1617		guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment were violated. Defendant appealed from the decision and judgment on August 23, 2017. Defendant now appeals the attorneys' fees award.
18		
19	11.	Indicate whether the case has previously been the subject of an appeal or an original writ proceeding in the Supreme Court and, if so, the
20		caption and Supreme Court docket number of the prior proceeding.
21		N/A
22	12.	Indicate whether this appeal involves child custody or visitation:
23		This case does not involve child custody or visitation.
24		
25	13.	If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement:
26		The parties attended a settlement conference on November
27		17, 2017.
28		

3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Nev.R.Civ. Rule 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of
Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP, and that on this day, I caused a true and
correct copy of the "Amended Case Appeal Statement" to be filed, via the
Court's E-Filing System, and served on all interested parties via U.S. Mail,
postage pre-paid and courtesy email.

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Allen Lichtenstein, Esq.

Staci Pratt, Esq.

ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN ATTORNEY AT LAW, LTD.

10 3315 Russell Road, No. 222

Las Vegas, Nevada 89120

allaw@lvcoxmail.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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John Houston Scott, Esq.

SCOTT LAW FIRM

1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715

San Francisco, CA 94109

john@scottlawfirm.net

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

(Admitted Pro Hac Vice)

Dated this 22nd day of November, 2017

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/s/ Luz Horvath An Employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie LLP

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

July 07, 2015

3:00 AM Motion to Associate
Counsel

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy **COURTROOM:**

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT FINDS after review that Plaintiffs Mary Bryan and Aimee Hairr filed a Motion to Associate Counsel, John H. Scott, Esq. on June 4, 2015, with a hearing set for Chambers Calendar on July 7, 2015. COURT FURTHER FINDS after review the Motion is in compliance with SCR 42 and no opposition has been filed.

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and pursuant to EDCR 2.20 (e), failure to file an opposition may be construed as an admission that the motion is meritorious and a consent to granting the same, Plaintiffs Motion to Associate Counsel GRANTED; Hearing on CHAMBERS CALENDAR on July 7, 2015 is VACATED; Movant to prepare the appropriate Order.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was faxed to: Allen Lichtenstein (702-433-9591) and Dan R. Waite, Esq. (702-949-8398)

PRINT DATE: 07/07/2015 Page 1 of 1 Minutes Date: July 07, 2015

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-14-700018-C

Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)

vs.

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

Location: Department 27
Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy
Filed on: 04/29/2014

Case Number History:

Cross-Reference Case A700018

Number:

Supreme Court No.: 73856

CASE INFORMATION

\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

Case Type: Other Civil Filing
Subtype: Other Civil Matters

Case Flags: Appealed to Supreme Court

Jury Demand Filed

Arbitration Exemption Granted

DATE CASE ASSIGNMENT

Current Case Assignment

Case Number A-14-700018-C
Court Department 27
Date Assigned 01/12/2017
Judicial Officer Allf, Nancy

PARTY INFORMATION

Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan Lichtenstein

Lichtenstein, Allen Retained 7024332666(W)

Bryan, Mary Lichtenstein, Allen

Retained

7024332666(W)

Lichtenstein, Allen Retained 7024332666(W)

Hairr, Nolan Lichtenstein, Allen

Retained

7024332666(W)

Defendant Beasley, Robert Waite, Dan R

Retained 702-949-8200(W)

Clark County School District, et al Polsenberg, Daniel F.

Retained

702-949-8200(W)

Corbett, Stavan

Hairr, Aimee

Cranor, Erin A

DePiazza, Leonard Waite, Dan R

Retained 702-949-8200(W)

Edwards, Carolyn

Garvey, Chris

CASE SUMMARY CASE NO. A-14-700018-C

Halpin, John

Waite, Dan R Retained 702-949-8200(W)

McKay, Warren P

Waite, Dan R
Retained
702-949-8200(W)

Skorkowsky, Pat

Tew, Patrice

Winn, Cheryl

Waite, Dan R
Retained
702-949-8200(W)

INDEX

Wright, Deanna

Young, Linda E

DATE	EVENTS & ORDERS OF THE COURT	
04/29/2014	Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Complaint	
04/29/2014	Case Opened	
04/30/2014	Initial Appearance Fee Disclosure Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Initial Appearance Courtesy Copy	
06/06/2014	Affidavit of Service Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Affidavit of Service	
06/30/2014	Motion Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin And Robert Beasley's Motion To Dismiss	
07/01/2014	Notice of Hearing Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Hearing	
07/22/2014	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss	
07/24/2014	Notice of Withdrawal of Attorney Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Notice of Withdrawal of Appearance	
07/31/2014	Motion for Substitution Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Substitution of Attorneys	
07/31/2014	Substitution of Attorney Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary	

	CASE NO. A-14-700016-C
	Substitution of Attorneys (Hairr)
08/01/2014	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Continue the July 31, 2014 Hearing on "Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss"
08/01/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice Of Entry Of Order To Continue The July 31, 2014 Hearing On "Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard Depiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin And Robert Beasley's Motion To Dismiss
08/07/2014	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin And Robert Beasley's Reply In Support Of Their Motion To Dismiss
08/21/2014	Motion to Dismiss (10:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin And Robert Beasley's Motion To Dismiss
08/22/2014	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorder's Partial Transcript of Proceedings: Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss - Hearing August 21, 2014
09/10/2014	Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Order Granting In Part and Denying In Part Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss
09/10/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry Of Order Granting In Part and Denying In Part Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Win, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss
09/10/2014	Order of Dismissal (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Debtors: Mary Bryan (Plaintiff), Aimee Hairr (Plaintiff), Ethan Bryan (Plaintiff), Nolan Hairr (Plaintiff) Creditors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant) Judgment: 09/10/2014, Docketed: 09/19/2014 Comment: Certain Causes
10/10/2014	Amended Complaint Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary First Amended Complaint for Declaratory Relief, Injunctive Relief, and Damages
10/15/2014	Exhibits Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Exhibit to First Amended Complaint for Declaratory Relief, Injunctive Relief, and Damages
11/17/2014	Errata Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary

	CASE NO. A-14-700018-C
	Errata to First Amended Complaint
11/18/2014	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
11/20/2014	Notice of Hearing Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Hearing
12/09/2014	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Continue the Hearing on Defendants Clark County School District, William P McKay, Leonard Depiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
12/10/2014	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Order to Continue the Hearing on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
12/31/2014	Opposition Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiff's Response to Opposition to Defendants Motion to Dismiss and Countermotion to Strike
01/15/2015	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Reply in Support of Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
01/27/2015	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Continue the Hearing on Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
01/27/2015	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue the Hearing on Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
01/29/2015	Motion to Dismiss (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Events: 11/18/2014 Motion to Dismiss Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Motion to Dismiss First Amended Complaint
01/29/2015	Countermotion (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Plaintiff's Response to Defendants Motion to Dismiss and Plaintiff's Countermotion to Strike Portion of Defendant's Motion
01/29/2015	All Pending Motions (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy)
02/10/2015	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy)

	CASE NO. A-14-/00018-C
	Vacated Status Check: Written Decision
02/10/2015	Decision and Order Decision and Order Granting In Part and Denying In Part Defendants' Motion to Dismiss and Denying Plaintiffs' Countermotion to Strike.
02/10/2015	Order of Dismissal (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Debtors: Mary Bryan (Plaintiff), Aimee Hairr (Plaintiff), Ethan Bryan (Plaintiff), Nolan Hairr (Plaintiff) Creditors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant) Judgment: 02/10/2015, Docketed: 02/18/2015 Comment: Certain Causes
02/25/2015	Answer Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants CCSD, Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley's Answer to Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint for Declaratory Relief, Injunctive Relief, and Damages (With Errata)
05/21/2015	Commissioners Decision on Request for Exemption - Granted Commissioner's Decision on Request for Exemption
05/29/2015	Arbitration File Arbitration File
06/04/2015	Motion to Associate Counsel Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Motion to Associate Counsel
07/07/2015	Motion to Associate Counsel (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Plaintiffs' Motion to Associate Counsel
07/27/2015	Joint Case Conference Report Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Joint Case Conference Report
08/31/2015	Scheduling Order Scheduling Order
09/25/2015	Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Order Setting Civil Bench Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call
10/08/2015	Motion to Dismiss Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Rule 12 Motion to Dismiss Unserved Parties
11/18/2015	Minute Order (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy)
11/19/2015	CANCELED Motion to Dismiss (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - Previously Decided Defendants' Rule 12 Motion to Dismiss Unserved Parties
12/02/2015	Notice of Entry Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al

	CASE NO. A-14-700016-C
	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Rule 12 Motion to Dismiss Unserved Parties
12/02/2015	Order Granting Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Order Granting Defendants' Rule 12 Motion to Dismiss Unserved Parties
12/14/2015	Stipulated Protective Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulated Protective Order
01/05/2016	Motion to Compel Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations
01/05/2016	Notice of Firm Name Change Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Change of Firm Name and Email Address
01/05/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Defendants to Make Initial Expert Disclosures
01/11/2016	Motion to Compel Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Aimee Hairr
01/13/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Time for Defendants to Make Initial Expert Disclosures
01/19/2016	Response Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion to Compel a Rule 35 Examination
01/21/2016	Order Shortening Time Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Order Shortening Time for "Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations"
01/22/2016	Minute Order (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Minute Order: Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examination Rescheduled by Stipulation to be Heard by Dept. 27
01/27/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Reply in Support of "Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations"
01/31/2016	Opposition to Motion to Compel Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Compel (Discovery)
02/09/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Reply in Support of Their Motion to Compel Damages Categories and

	CASE NO. A-14-700018-C
	Calculations from Plaintiff Aimee Hairr
02/10/2016	Motion to Compel (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Deft's Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations
02/11/2016	Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial, and Calendar Call Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, Pre-Trial/Calendar Call
02/12/2016	Motion to Compel Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Mary Bryan on Order Shortening Time
02/12/2016	Receipt of Copy Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Receipt of Copy
02/17/2016	Motion to Compel (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bulla, Bonnie) Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Aimee Hairr
02/17/2016	Motion to Compel (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bulla, Bonnie) Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Mary Bryan on OST
02/17/2016	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Bulla, Bonnie) Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Aimee Hairr Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Mary Bryan on OST
02/23/2016	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings: Defendants' Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations - February 10, 2016
03/01/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment
03/01/2016	Certificate of Service Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Certificate of Service
03/01/2016	Appendix Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Appendix of Exhibits in Support of Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment
03/01/2016	Motion for Leave to File Party: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages
03/18/2016	CANCELED Status Check: Compliance (11:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Gonzalez, Elizabeth) Vacated - per Commissioner
03/21/2016	Order Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Order Regarding Defendants' Motion to Compel a Rule 35 Examination
03/23/2016	Stipulation and Order

	CASE NO. A-14-700018-C
	Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Continue Trial; and to Continue the Hearing on Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment and Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages
03/24/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Trial and to Continue the Hearing on Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment and Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages
03/24/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Order Re: Defendants' Motion to Compel a Rule 35 Examination
03/25/2016	Order Setting Civil Bench Trial Order Setting Firm Civil Bench Trial, Ore-Trial/Calendar Call
03/28/2016	Motion to Disqualify Attorney Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify Counsel for Defendants Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley
04/01/2016	Opposition to Motion For Summary Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Summary Judgment Motion
04/06/2016	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on "Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify Counsel for Defendants Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley"
04/07/2016	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Continue Hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify Counsel for Defendants Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley
04/07/2016	CANCELED Pretrial/Calendar Call (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated
04/11/2016	CANCELED Jury Trial (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order
04/14/2016	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify Counsel for Defendants Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley
04/18/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Reply in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment
04/20/2016	Discovery Commissioners Report and Recommendations Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendation

	CASE NO. A-14-700018-C	
04/21/2016	Motion for Leave (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages	
04/21/2016	Motion for Summary Judgment (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment	
04/21/2016	All Pending Motions (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy)	
04/26/2016	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment; Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages - April 21, 2016	
05/13/2016	Notice Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Proposed Order Regarding Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment (Granting in Part and Denying in Part)	
05/16/2016	Notice Notice of Vacating Hearing	
05/17/2016	Objection Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Objection to Defendants' Proposed Order re: Summary Judgment	
05/17/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Reply In Support of Proposed Order Regarding Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment	
05/19/2016	CANCELED Motion to Disqualify Attorney (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - per Attorney or Pro Per Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify Counsel for Defendants Warren P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin and Robert Beasley	
07/25/2016	Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Order Regarding (1) Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment and (2) Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages	
07/26/2016	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Order Regarding (1) Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment, and (2) Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages	
08/05/2016	Motion Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limine	
08/11/2016	Order Shortening Time Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Ex Parte Application for Oral Argument on an Order Shortening Time	
08/22/2016	Response Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion	

	l I
08/30/2016	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Reply in Support of Their Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limine
08/31/2016	Motion For Reconsideration (9:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Defendants' Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limine
10/26/2016	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Order denying Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration
11/03/2016	Pretrial/Calendar Call (10:30 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Pre Trial / Calendar Call
11/07/2016	Pre-trial Memorandum Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Individual Pretrial Memorandum
11/08/2016	Pre-trial Memorandum Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plantiffs' Pre-Trial Memorandaum
11/10/2016	Brief Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Trial Brief
11/14/2016	Notice Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendants' Notice of Designation of Deposition Testimony for Trial
11/15/2016	Bench Trial - FIRM (10:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) 11/15/2016-11/18/2016, 11/22/2016
11/15/2016	Media Request and Order Party: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Media Request And Order Allowing Camera Access To Court Proceedings.
11/17/2016	Media Request and Order Party: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Media Request And Order Allowing Camera Access To Court Proceedings.
11/22/2016	Media Request and Order Media Request And Order Allowing Camera Access to Court Proceedings
01/02/2017	Case Reassigned to Department 29 Case reassigned from Judge Nancy Allf Dept 27
01/23/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Stipulation and Order

	CASE NO. A-14-/00018-C
01/23/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Notice of Entry of Order
02/16/2017	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Bench Trial Day 1 - November 15, 2016
02/16/2017	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Bench Trial Day 2 - November 16, 2016
02/16/2017	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Bench Trial Day 3 - November 17, 2016
02/16/2017	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Bench Trial Day 4 - November 18, 2016
02/16/2017	Recorders Transcript of Hearing Transcript of Proceedings: Bench Trial Day 5 - November 22, 2016
02/28/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated STATUS CHECK
03/20/2017	Memorandum Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary Plaintiffs' Closing Argument Memorandum
03/21/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - Moot Status Check: IN HOUSE - Plaintiff to file closing brief by 3/20/17
03/28/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - per Stipulation and Order Status Check: Briefing and Review
04/20/2017	Stipulation and Order Filed by: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Stipulation and Order to Extend Deadline for CCSD to File Its Post-Trial Closing Argument Brief
04/21/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Extend Deadline for CCSD to File its Post-Trial Closing Argument Brief
04/26/2017	Brief Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Defendant CCSD's Closing Arguments
05/02/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated IN HOUSE -Defendant to file closing brief by 4/19/17
05/26/2017	Memorandum Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff

	Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Closing Argument Rebuttal Brief
05/30/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated Status Check: IN HOUSE - transcripts received 2/16/17 - Plaintiff to file closing brief by 3/20/17; Defendant to file closing brief by 4/19/17; Plaintiff to file reply brief by May 19, 2017
06/02/2017	Motion to Strike Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief
06/13/2017	CANCELED Status Check (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - per Order Status Check: Decision
06/15/2017	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Strike Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief
06/29/2017	Decision and Order
07/05/2017	Order (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Debtors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant) Creditors: Mary Bryan (Plaintiff), Aimee Hairr (Plaintiff), Ethan Bryan (Plaintiff), Nolan Hairr (Plaintiff) Judgment: 07/05/2017, Docketed: 07/06/2017
07/06/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Reply In Support of Its Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief
07/19/2017	Motion to Strike (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) CCSD's Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief
07/20/2017	Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs
07/20/2017	Judgment (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Debtors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant) Creditors: Mary Bryan (Plaintiff), Ethan Bryan (Plaintiff) Judgment: 07/20/2017, Docketed: 07/27/2017 Total Judgment: 200,000.00 Debtors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant) Creditors: Aimee Hairr (Plaintiff), Nolan Hairr (Plaintiff) Judgment: 07/20/2017, Docketed: 07/27/2017 Total Judgment: 200,000.00
07/21/2017	Minute Order (3:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Minute Order: CCSD's Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief set 7/19/2017
07/27/2017	Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Verified Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements

07/31/2017	Motion to Retax Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Motion to Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
08/03/2017	CANCELED Motion to Strike (10:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated - per Attorney or Pro Per CCSD's Motion to Strike Plaintiff's Closing Rebuttal Brief
08/07/2017	Order Denying Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Order Denying Defendant' Motion to Strike Parts of Plaintiffs' Rebuttal
08/09/2017	Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorneys Fees and Costs
08/10/2017	Errata Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan laintiffs' Errata to Plaintiffs' August 9, 2017 Motion for Fees and Costs (Notice of Motion Added)
08/10/2017	Notice of Hearing Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Notice of Hearing (Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorneys Fees and Costs)
08/14/2017	Response Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion to Retax Costs
08/15/2017	Errata Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Errata to Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion to Retax Costs
08/15/2017	Notice of Entry of Judgment Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment
08/16/2017	Motion to Stay Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Motion to Stay Execution and Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
08/23/2017	Notice of Appeal Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Appeal
08/23/2017	Case Appeal Statement Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Case Appeal Statement

08/28/2017	Opposition to Motion Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorneys' Fees and Costs
08/29/2017	Motion to Stay Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSD's Amended Motion to Stay Execution and Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
08/29/2017	Reply in Support Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al CCSDS' Reply In Support Of Motion To Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
09/06/2017	Motion to Retax (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Events: 07/31/2017 Motion to Retax CCSD's Motion to Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
09/13/2017	Response Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiff' Response to Defendant's Amended Motion to Stay Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
09/15/2017	Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Order on CCD's Motion to Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements
09/19/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Notice of Entry of Order on CCSD's Motion to Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbusements
09/20/2017	CANCELED Motion to Stay (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Vacated CCSD's Motion to Stay Execution and Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
09/27/2017	Reply in Support CCSD's Reply in Support of Amended Motion to Stay Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
09/27/2017	Reply to Opposition Filed by: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Fees and Costs
10/04/2017	Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Events: 08/09/2017 Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Notice of Motion
10/04/2017	Motion to Stay (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) CCSD's Amended Motion to Stay Execution and Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal
10/04/2017	All Pending Motions (9:00 AM) (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy)
11/07/2017	Order Order Granting Stay of Execution Pending Appeal

11/08/2017	Notice of Entry	
	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Stay of Execution Pending Appeal	
44460045		
11/16/2017	Order (Judicial Officer: Allf, Nancy) Debtors: Clark County School District, et al (Defendant), Pat Skorkowsky (Defendant), Erin A Cranor (Defendant), Linda E Young (Defendant), Patrice Tew (Defendant), Stavan Corbett (Defendant), Carolyn Edwards (Defendant), Chris Garvey (Defendant), Deanna Wright (Defendant), Warren P McKay (Defendant), Leonard DePiazza (Defendant), Cheryl Winn (Defendant), John Halpin (Defendant), Robert Beasley (Defendant) Creditors: Mary Bryan (Plaintiff), Aimee Hairr (Plaintiff), Ethan Bryan (Plaintiff), Nolan Hairr (Plaintiff) Judgment: 11/16/2017, Docketed: 11/16/2017 Total Judgment: 470,418.75	
11/16/2017	Order Granting Motion Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Order Granting Plaintiffs" Motion for Fees	
11/20/2017	Notice of Entry of Order Filed By: Plaintiff Bryan, Mary; Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee; Plaintiff Bryan, Ethan; Plaintiff Hairr, Nolan Notice of Entry of Order Re: Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorney's Fees	
11/22/2017	Amended Notice of Appeal Party: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Amended Notice of Appeal	
11/22/2017	Amended Case Appeal Statement Party: Defendant Clark County School District, et al Amended Case Appeal Satement	
DATE	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
	Defendant Clark County School District, et al	
	Total Charges Total Payments and Credits	255.00 255.00
	Balance Due as of 11/27/2017	0.00
	Plaintiff Bryan, Mary	
	Total Charges	280.50
	Total Payments and Credits Balance Due as of 11/27/2017	280.50 0.00
		0.00
	Plaintiff Hairr, Aimee Total Charges	30.00
	Total Payments and Credits	30.00
	Balance Due as of 11/27/2017	0.00
	Defendant Clark County School District, et al Appeal Bond Balance as of 11/27/2017	500.00

CIVIL COVER SHEET

Clark County, Nevada Case No.

(Assigned	by Clerk's Office)
I. Party Information	
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone): Mary Bryan, mother of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr, mother of Nolan Hairr	Defendant(s) (name/address/phone): CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT (CCSD); Pat Skorkowsky, in his official

Attorney (name/address/phone): ACLU of Nevada 601 South Rancho Dr. Suite B-11, Las Vegas, NV 89106

SCHOOL capacity as CCSD superintendent; CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; GREENSPUN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS; NEVADA EQUAL RIGHTS COMMISSION (NERC); Kara Jenkins in her individual and official capacity as Commission Administrator of NERC; Dennis Perea, in his official capacity as Deputy Director of the NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT, TRAINING, AND REHABILITATION (DETR).

Attorney (name/address/phone):Unknown

II. Nature of Controversy (Please clapplicable subcategory, if appropriate)	neck applicable bold category and	Arbitration Requested
	Civil Cases	
Real Property		Torts
☐ Landlord/Tenant ☐ Unlawful Detainer ☐ Title to Property ☐ Foreclosure ☐ Liens ☐ Quiet Title ☐ Specific Performance ☐ Condemnation/Eminent Domain ☐ Other Real Property ☐ Partition ☐ Planning/Zoning	Negligence Negligence Auto Negligence Medical/Dental Negligence Premises Liability (Slip/Fall) Negligence Other	☐ Product Liability ☐ Product Liability/Motor Vehicle ☐ Other Torts/Product Liability ☐ Intentional Misconduct ☐ Torts/Defamation (Libel/Slander) ☐ Interfere with Contract Rights ☐ Employment Torts (Wrongful termination) ☐ Other Torts ☐ Anti-trust ☐ Fraud/Misrepresentation ☐ Insurance ☐ Legal Tort ☐ Unfair Competition

Probate	Other Civil Filing Types		
Estimated Estate Value: Summary Administration General Administration Special Administration Set Aside Estates Trust/Conservatorships Individual Trustee Corporate Trustee Other Probate	Construction Defect Chapter 40 General Breach of Contract Building & Construction Insurance Carrier Commercial Instrument Other Contracts/Acct/Judgment Collection of Actions Employment Contract Guarantee Sale Contract Uniform Commercial Code Civil Petition for Judicial Review Foreclosure Mediation Other Administrative Law Department of Motor Vehicles Worker's Compensation Appeal	Appeal from Lower Court (also check applicable civil case box) Transfer from Justice Court Justice Court Civil Appeal Civil Writ Other Special Proceeding Other Civil Filing Compromise of Minor's Claim Conversion of Property Damage to Property Employment Security Enforcement of Judgment Foreign Judgment — Civil Other Personal Property Recovery of Property Stockholder Suit Other Civil Matters	
III. Business Court Requested (Please check applicable category; for Clark or Washoe Counties only.)			
☐ NRS Chapters 78-88 ☐ Commodities (NRS 90) ☐ Securities (NRS 90)	☐ Investments (NRS 104 Art. 8) ☐ Deceptive Trade Practices (NRS 598) ☐ Trademarks (NRS 600A)	☐ Enhanced Case Mgmt/Business ☐ Other Business Court Matters	
4/29/14 Date	Allen L Signature of	initiating party or representative	

See other side for family-related case filings.

Electronically Filed 06/29/2017

CLERK OF THE COURT

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

* * * * * *

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

Plaintiffs,

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD); Pat Skorkowsky, in his official capacity as CCSD superintendent; CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES; GREENSPUN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS;

CASE NO: A-14-700018 DEPARTMENT 27

Defendants.

DECISION AND ORDER

This case arises under Title IX and 42 U.S.C. § 1983, based on allegations that two students (C.L. and D.M.) verbally and physically mistreated Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr, sons of the Plaintiffs, based on sex, as defined by Title IX. On November 15, 2016, a five-day bench trial commenced in Department 27 before the Honorable Judge Nancy L. Allf. Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and John Houston Scott, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan ("Mrs. Bryan") and Aimee Hairr ("Mrs. Hairr"),

(collectively "Plaintiffs"). Daniel Polsenberg, Esq., Dan Waite, Esq., and Brian D. Blakley, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Defendant Clark County School District (CCSD), ("Defendant").

At trial, Plaintiffs' case was narrowed to two separate claims for relief—(1) a violation of Title IX of the Civil Rights Act, and (2) a violation of Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. To prevail, the claims require a showing that the Defendant was aware of the bullying and that CCSD officials, who were required to respond to reports of bullying pursuant to NRS Chapter 388, failed to act in manner that equates to deliberate indifference.

The Court having heard arguments of counsel, testimony, and being fully briefed on the matter finds as follows:

BACKGROUND

Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr entered the sixth grade at Greenspun Jr. High School in August of 2011. Both students were enrolled in Mr. Beasley's third period band class in the trombone section. Nolan, eleven years old, reported being small for his age and wore long blonde hair. From almost the outset of their enrollment, both boys began to be bullied by C.L. and D.M. On numerous occasions, C.L. and D.M. taunted Nolan with homophobic slurs and sexual expletives, touching, pulling, and running their fingers through Nolan's hair and blowing in his face. Nolan reported the behavior by filling out a complaint report at the Dean's office. However, at this time, Nolan did not mention the homophobic and sexual content of the slurs that he was enduring and a subsequent meeting with Dean Winn did not proffer resolution.

On or about September 13, 2011, C.L., who was sitting next to Nolan in band class, reached over and stabbed Nolan in the groin with the sharpened end of the pencil (the "September 13th Incident"). C.L. remarked that he did so to see if Nolan was a girl and also referred to Nolan as a tattletale. Nolan took the tattletale reference as a sign that the stabbing was, at least in part, retaliation for Nolan filing a complaint report.

On or about September 15, 2011, while Nolan was at Ethan's house, Mrs. Bryan overheard Ethan and Nolan talking about an issue that took place at school. After Nolan went home, Mrs. Bryan questioned Ethan about what the two boys had been discussing. In response, Ethan described to his mother the incident where C.L. stabbed Nolan in the groin and about the overall bullying occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class. This conversation sparked a series of complaints and reports that is the foundation for the claims asserted against CCSD.

The first parental complaint occurred via email on September 15, 2011 ("September 15th Email") from Mrs. Bryan, addressed to Nolan's band teacher, Mr. Beasley, Counselor Halpin, and Principal McKay—all of whom where mandatory reporters under N.R.S. § 388.1351. The September 15th Email identified C.L. and D.M. by name and described the physical assaults and verbal abuse. Both Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin acknowledged receiving the September 15, 2011 Email. However, Principal McKay's email address was incorrect, so he did not receive the original complaint contained within the September 15th Email. While Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin admitted that neither of them followed up on the September 15th Email, this Court does not find this failure alone deliberately indifferent. However, actual knowledge of the bullying was triggered upon the receipt of the September 15th Email.

In response to the September 15th Email, Mr. Beasley changed the arrangements in the trombone section of his band class so that Nolan sat in front of C.L. and not next to him. Mr. Beasley made this decision without consulting with anyone else, especially Principal McKay.

Like Nolan, Ethan was also subjected to bullying by C.L. and D.M. After the September 13th Incident, the bullying escalated where C.L. and D.M. taunted him about his weight and made homophobic slurs and vile and graphic innuendos concerning sexual relations between Ethan and Nolan.

The second parental complaint occurred on September 22, 2011 from Mrs. Hairr, via a telephone conversation with Vice Principal DePiazza. During this conversation, Mrs. Hairr told Vice Principal DePiazza about the stabbing of Nolan's genitals by another student in band class.

On or about October 19, 2011, Ethan told his mother that C.L. and D.M. had removed the rubber stopper out of a piece of his trombone and repeatedly hit Ethan in the legs with the remaining sharp piece of the instrument leaving scratch marks on his legs. Ethan also informed his mother that C.L. and D.M. continued to make lewd sexual comments including calling both Ethan and Nolan "gay," "faggots," and made references about the two boys engaging in gay sex together.

On or about October 19, 2011, Mrs. Bryan sent a second email ("October 19th Email") addressed to the same three individuals as the September 15th Email. Mr. Beasley and Counselor Halpin both acknowledged receipt of this email, but because it was addressed to the same email addresses, Principal McKay did not receive it. Later that day, on October 19, 2011, Mrs. Bryan and her husband went to the school where they

met with Dean Winn for approximately one hour to discuss the bullying, specifically the physical assaults and homophobic slurs.

On or about October 19, 2011, Counselor Halpin attended a weekly administrators meeting with Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza. Counselor Halpin testified that he reported the bullying that was occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class in considerable detail and disclosed the September 15th Email and the October 19th Email. Counselor Halpin specifically recalled Principal McKay directing Vice Principal DePiazza to take care of the matter. Principal McKay testified that he was not interested in the details of such matters and left it to his subordinates to address the issue. Principal McKay further testified that he did not follow up with Vice Principal DePiazza about how the investigation was going or what the investigation uncovered until February 2012. All of the school officials had conflicting testimony about who was tasked with the investigation into the bullying, but all testified that no investigation into the bullying was conducted until February 2012.

The bullying and harassment continued throughout the fall and into early 2012. Both boys avoided band class and school altogether. Ethan faked illness to avoid class and Nolan would try to avoid C.L. and D.M. by lingering in the halls and in the library. By the middle of January, both boys had almost completely stopped going to school altogether to avoid the continuous bullying.

Mrs. Bryan pulled Ethan out of Greenspun Jr. High in January 2012 after Ethan contemplated suicide. On or about January 21, 2012, Mrs. Hair pulled Nolan out of Greenspun Jr. High after Nolan had an emotional breakdown because of the bullying. Mrs. Hair filed a police report, reporting the bullying and harassment.

On or about February 7, 2012, Mrs. Bryan and Mrs. Hairr removed the boys from Greenspun Jr. High. Subsequently, Assistant Superintendent Jolene Wallace and Principal McKay's direct supervisor, ordered Principal McKay to conduct an investigation into the bullying of Ethan and Nolan. This is the only investigation that took place into the bullying of the Ethan and Nolan.

DISCUSSION

A. Legal Standard - Title IX of the Civil Rights Act

Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 provides, in part, "[n]o person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 20 U.S.C § 1681(a). A school district in receipt of federal funds is liable for monetary damages for violations of Title IX. *Davis Next Friend LaShonda D. v. Monroe Cty. Bd. of Educ.*, 526 U.S. 629, 642, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1671, 143 L. Ed. 2d 839 (1999) ("we concluded that *Pennhurst* does not bar a private damages action under Title IX where the funding recipient engages in intentional conduct that violates the clear terms of the statute.").

In Reese v. Jefferson School District No. 14J, the Ninth Circuit adopted the framework set out in Davis and set forth four requirements for imposition of school district liability under Title IX for student-student sexual harassment: (1) the school district "must exercise substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the known harassment occurs," (2) the plaintiff must suffer "sexual harassment ... that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it can be said to deprive the victims of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school," (3) the school district must have "actual knowledge of the harassment," and (4) the school district's

"deliberate indifference subjects its students to harassment." 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000) (quoting *Davis*, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1675 (1999)).

The Ninth Circuit defines deliberate indifference as "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of ones acts or omissions." *Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F. Supp. 2d 1067, 1077–78 (D. Nev. 2001); *See also* 9th Cir. Civ. Jury Instr. 11.3.5 (1997) (citing *Redman v. County of San Diego*, 942 F.2d 1435, 1442 (9th Cir.1991), cert. denied, 502 U.S. 1074, 112 S.Ct. 972, 117 L.Ed.2d 137 (1992)). A plaintiff bringing a claim under Title IX must prove her claim by a preponderance of the evidence.

B. Legal Standard - 42 U.S.C. § 1983

A student's right to a public education is a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause. *Goss v. Lopez*, 419 U.S. 565, 573, 95 S. Ct. 729, 735, 42 L. Ed. 2d 725 (1975) ("Here, on the basis of state law, appellees plainly had legitimate claims of entitlement to a public education . . ."). As a general matter, the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution does not "require[] the State to protect the life, liberty, and property of its citizens against invasion by private actors." *DeShaney v. Winnebago County Dep't of Social Servs.*, 489 U.S. 189, 195, 109 S.Ct. 998, 103 L.Ed.2d 249 (1989). In fact, "the Fourteenth Amendment's Due Process Clause . . . does not confer any affirmative right to governmental aid and typically does not impose a duty on the state to protect individuals from third parties." *Henry A. v. Willden*, 678 F.3d 991, 998 (9th Cir.2012) (quotations and citation omitted).

This rule, however, is subject to two specific exceptions; (1) the special relationship exception, and (2) the state-created danger exception. *Id.* at 998. Under the special relationship exception, the government may be liable for its failure to protect if a "special relationship" exists between it and the plaintiff such that the government has

assumed "some responsibility for the plaintiff's safety and well-being." *Id.* Under the state-created danger exception, the government may be liable for its failure to protect where "the state affirmatively places the plaintiff in danger by acting with 'deliberate indifference' to a 'known and obvious danger[.]' " *Id.* In determining whether the state-created exception applies, the Court assesses: "(1) whether any affirmative actions of the official placed the individual in danger he otherwise would not have faced; (2) whether the danger was known or obvious; and (3) whether the officer acted with deliberate indifference to that danger." *Id.* at 1002. Under either exception, the government's failure to protect renders it liable under a § 1983 claim. *Id.*

C. Nevada law mandates public school officials to report bullying and harassment

Nevada Revised Statute § 388.135 provide that:

"[a] member of the board of trustees of a school district, any employee of the board of trustees, including, without limitation, an administrator, *principal, teacher or other staff member* . . . or any pupil shall not engage in bullying or cyber-bullying on the premises of any public school, at an activity sponsored by a public school or on any school bus."

(Emphasis added).

Furthermore, Nevada Revised Statute § 388.1351(1) provides that:

"[a] teacher . . . principal . . . or other staff member who witnesses a violation of NRS 388.135 or receives information that a violation of NRS 388.135 has occurred shall report the violation to the principal . . . as soon as

practicable, but not later than a time during the same day on which [they] witnessed the violation or received information regarding the occurrence of a violation."

(Emphasis added).

Nevada statutes make it clear that any public school employee who either witnesses bullying or is informed that bullying has occurred or is occurring, is obligated by statute to report the bullying to the principal of the public school. Upon information that bullying has occurred or is occurring, Nevada Revised Statute § 388.1351(2) mandate that "the principal or designee *shall* immediately take any necessary action to stop the bullying . . and ensure the safety and well-being of the reported victim or victims . . . and shall begin an investigation into the report." N.R.S. § 388.1351(1)(2) (emphasis added).

D. CCSD Officials' conduct was deliberately indifferent.

Through the testimony presented at trial, Plaintiffs have satisfied the four requirements of the Davis framework for imposition of school district liability under Title IX for student-student sexual harassment. First, CCSD, as a public high school, exercised substantial control over both the harassers and the context in which the known harassments occurs. In this case, C.L. and D.M. engaged in excessive and continuous homophobic slurs and sexual expletives directed at Nolan and Ethan in the band class classroom. C.L. and D.M.'s daily references to Nolan and Ethan as "faggot, fucking fat faggot, fucking faggot, gay, gay boyfriend, and cunt" were so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it deprived the boys of access to school's educational opportunities and benefits available to students. Testimony revealed that the bullying was so severe that the boys had to avoid going to band class altogether just to avoid the

victimization. Moreover, Ethan contemplated suicide as a result of months of bullying and harassment, and Nolan had an emotional breakdown—both of these events triggered the parents to withdraw their children from Greenspun Jr. High. Nolan and Ethan were unable to take advantage of the educational opportunities provided by the school and being accessed by students not subjected to bullying and harassment.

The third requirement of the Davis framework requires the school to have actual knowledge of the harassment. There were three separate parental complaints, all of which should have prompted a mandatory investigation under N.R.S. § 388.1351(1)(2). The September 15th Email, October 19th Email, and the October 19th meeting with Dean Winn, each put the school officials responsible for reporting the information to the Principal McKay on notice that bullying had occurred and was continuing to occur on campus. Counselor Halpin, Mr. Beasley, and Dean Winn all failed to immediately report the complaints to Principal McKay. Notwithstanding, Counselor Halpin did inform Principal McKay of the complaints and the bullying at the October 19th administrative meeting and yet CCSD offered zero evidence to indicate that an investigation was ever conducted in 2011.

The fourth requirement of the Davis framework requires the school to have acted with "deliberate indifference" that subjects its students to the harassment. As federal funding recipients, CCSD officials had a duty under Title IX, and under Nevada law, to follow up and investigate any reports of bullying and harassment occurring on school property. CCSD's failure to conduct any type of investigation after three separate complaints of bullying and an administrative meeting discussing the bullying, constitutes at the very least, reckless disregard of the consequences of it acts or omissions. Accordingly, CCSD's failure to timely investigate and take any type of remedial action

constitutes deliberate indifference. This deliberate indifference was the causation that led to the escalation of the bullying and harassment endured by the Plaintiffs' children. Therefore, Plaintiffs have proven their Title IX claim by a preponderance of the evidence submitted at trial.

E. CCSD created the dangerous environment

CCSD's deliberate indifference to the numerous complaints of bullying forced Nolan and Ethan to remain in a known and obviously dangerous environment, which further subjected them to severe and pervasive bullying and harassment that was objectively offensive. For CCSD to be liable under the state-created exception, this Court asked: (1) whether any affirmative actions of the official placed the individual in danger he otherwise would not have faced; (2) whether the danger was known or obvious; and (3) whether the officer acted with deliberate indifference to that danger." *Henry A.* at 1002. This Court finds in the affirmative to all three inquires.

Here, the first inquiry does not require CCSD to do more than "expose the plaintiff to a danger that already existed." *Id.* To the contrary, a test such as this would render the state-created doctrine futile. In *Henry A.*, the Ninth Circuit explained that "by its very nature, the doctrine only applies in situations where the plaintiff was directly harmed *by a third party*—a danger that, in every case, could be said to have 'already existed.' " *Id.* (internal citations omitted). It follows that to be liable under the state-created exception, CCSD was not required to take an affirmative action that made the bullying and harassment worse. Instead it was CCSD's failure to take affirmative action that subjected Nolan and Ethan to further bullying and harassment. Thus, this Court finds the first inquiry is satisfied.

The second and third inquiries are more easily ascertainable in this case. CCSD knew of the danger because of the three separate parental complaints from the Plaintiffs. Complaints CCSD officials admitted to receiving and testified that they did not inform Principal McKay. Each of the complaints gave CCSD officials sufficient details necessary to put them on notice of the dangers Nolan and Ethan were exposed to. Finally, as stated above, CCSD's failure to conduct any type of investigation after three separate complaints of bullying and an administrative meeting discussing the bullying, constitutes deliberate indifference.

Accordingly, the Plaintiffs have proven their 42 U.S.C. § 1983 claim by a preponderance of the evidence submitted at trial. Nolan and Ethan had a constitutional right to a public education, and CCSD is liable under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for its failure to protect Nolan and Ethan by acting with deliberate indifference to the known dangers that existed in Mr. Beasley's band class. CCSD's deliberate indifference deprived Nolan and Ethan of these educational rights secured by Fourteenth Amendment Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution.

CONCLUSION

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, Defendant CCSD violated Title IX of the Civil Rights Act.

COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, violated Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review Judgment shall be entered in favor of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan, on behalf of Ethan Bryan,

1	and Aimee Hairr, on behalf of Nolan Hairr. Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all
2	damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial.
3	COURT FURTHER ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review that
4	Plaintiffs shall prepare Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and a Judgment consistent
5	with this Decision, and submit it the Court for review. They may include all factual
6	findings contained in Plaintiffs' post trial briefs. At the time of submission to the Court,
7	copies shall be transmitted to Defendant's counsel.
8	· ·
10	Detail Inno 27 2017
11	Dated: June 27, 2017 NANCY ALLF
12	DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
13	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
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15	I hereby certify that on or about the date signed I caused the foregoing document to be electronically served pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), through the Eighth Judicial
16	District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or by email to:
ا 17	Allen Lichtenstein, Esq.
18	aljjc@aol.com
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21 22	Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. DPolsenberg@LRRC.com
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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiffs.

Defendant.

Case No. A-14-700018-C

Dept. No. XXVII

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS

I. Introduction

VS.

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN;

AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order in favor of Plaintiffs Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr and against Defendant Clark County School District (CCSD) on the claims that Defendant violated Plaintiffs' rights under Title IX, 20 USC § 1681(A) and Plaintiffs' rights to Substantive Due Process under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1983. The Court also ruled that, "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

II. Procedural History

Plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint on October 10, 2014 against Defendants: Clark County School District (CCSD), Pat Skorkowsky, in his official capacity as CCSD

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Case Number: A-14-700018-C

Superintendent; CCSD Board of School Trustees; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD Board of School Trustees, Greenspun Jr. High School (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS. The Amended Complaint listed five claims for relief: 1) Negligence; 2) Negligence Per Se; 3) Violation of Title IX; 4) Violation of the Right to Equal Protection; 5) Violation of Substantive Due Process.

In its February 5, 2015 Order, the Court Dismissed Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief No. 1, Negligence, and No. 2, Negligence Per Se. Plaintiffs abandoned their Fourth Claim for Relief, Equal Protection, leaving the Third Claim for Relief, Title IX, and Fifth Claim for Relief, Substantive Due Process, for trial. Defendants filed their Answer on February 25, 2015.

On March 1, 2016, Defendants filed a Motion for Summary Judgment, which was granted in part and denied in part by the Court in its July 22, 2016 Order. The Court denied Defendants' Motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' Title IX claim against Defendant CCSD. It dismissed the 42 USC 1983 Equal Protection claims, which had been abandoned by Plaintiffs. The Court granted Defendants' Motion to dismiss all Defendants except CCSD from the 42 USC 1983 Substantive Due Process claim. Overall, the Court ruled the two remaining claims against CCSD, 1) Title IX; and 2) Substantive Due Process would proceed to trial.

On or about March 20, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations, allowing such calculations to be determined by

the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court on April 6, 2016.

On August 5, 2016, Defendant CCSD filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limiting. On October 26, 2016 the Court denied Defendant's Motion.

On November 15, 2016, a five-day bench trial was held in Department 27 before the Honorable Judge Nancy L. Allf. Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and John Houston Scott, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan ("Mrs. Bryan") and Aimee Hairr ("Mrs. Hairr"), (collectively Plaintiffs"). Daniel Polsenberg, Esq., Dan Waite, Esq., and Brian D. Blakley, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Defendant CCSD, ("Defendant") on the Title IX and 42 USC 1983 Substitute Due Process claims. Testimony was given by: Nolan Hairr, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr, Mary Bryan, Principal Warren McKay, Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza, Dean Cheryl Winn, Counselor John Halpin and band teacher Robert Beasely. Although neither one of the alleged bullies testified, CL's deposition was introduced into evidence. (For privacy purposes, only the initials of CL and DM are used.)

Closing arguments were done via written briefs. Briefing was completed on May 26, 2017. On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order, concluding that Defendant CCSD violated both Title IX of the Civil Rights Act and also violated Plaintiffs' Substantive Due Process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 USC 1983. The Court further ordered that after review, "Judgment shall be entered in favor of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan, on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and that Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

III. Findings of Fact

A. Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr started being bullied almost from the time they began attending Greenspun Jr. High School.

In late August 2011, two friends, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr began sixth grade at Greenspun Jr. High School. Both Ethan and Nolan enrolled in Mr. Beasley's third period band class in the trombone section.

Almost from the beginning of the school year, Ethan and Nolan began to be bullied by two other trombone students, CL and DM. In sixth grade, at age 11, Nolan was small for his age with long blonde hair. CL and DM taunted him with names like gay and faggot, and called him a girl. CL also touched, pulled, ran his fingers through Nolan's hair and blew in Nolan's face.

Nolan, following what he believed was proper procedure, went to the Dean's office and filled out a complaint report. He was, however, too embarrassed to mention the homophobic and sexual content of the slurs that he was enduring. Nolan was subsequently called into the Dean's office and met with Dean Winn. He did not feel that she was either sympathetic or even interested, and therefore was reluctant to discuss the homophobic sexually-oriented nature of the bullying.

Within a day or two of Nolan's meeting with the Dean, on or about September 13, 2011, CL, who was sitting next to Nolan in band class, reached over and stabbed Nolan in the groin with the sharpened end of the pencil. CL said he wanted to see if Nolan was a girl, and also referred to Nolan as a tattletale. Nolan took the tattletale reference as a sign that the stabbing was, at least in part, retaliation for Nolan complaining about the bullying. Because of this fear of retaliation, Nolan decided not to tell any adults about any further bullying directed at him, and instead, to endure the torment in silence.

A day or two after the stabbing incident, while Nolan was at Ethan's house, Ethan's mother, Mary Bryan overheard Ethan and Nolan talking about some problem taking place at school. After Nolan had gone home, Mary Bryan confronted her son and questioned him

concerning what Ethan and Nolan had been discussing. Ethan described to his mother the incident where CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil, and about the overall bullying occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

B. Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email

In response, Mary Bryan decided to contact the school officials to report the bullying in general and the stabbing in particular.

On September 15, 2011, she attempted to telephone Greenspun Principal Warren P. McKay. However, she could not reach him by telephone and was only able to talk to a junior high student volunteer. Mary did not want to leave such a sensitive message with a junior high student and was not transferred to Principal McKay's voicemail. Mary then decided she would email the Principal and got an email address for him from the student volunteer.

On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to three people: 1) Principal Warren McKay; 2) band teacher Robert Beasley; and 3) school counselor John Halpin, complaining about the bullying and specifically about the stabbing. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin acknowledged receiving the September 15, 2011 email from Mary Bryan. Principal McKay said he did not receive it because the email address for him (which Mary Bryan obtained from his own office) was incorrect.

Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were, in 2011, mandatory reporters who were required to report any information concerning bullying, to either the Principal or one of his designees, pursuant to NRS 3.88.1351 (1). In 2011, Principal McKay's designees at Greenspun were Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza and Dean Cheryl Winn.

Neither Mr. Beasley nor Mr. Halpin fulfilled their statutory duty to report Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email concerning bullying, explaining that because they saw Principal

McKay's name in the address line, they assumed, without verifying, that Dr. McKay, and through him Vice Principal DePiazza and Dean Winn were aware of the situation.

These assumptions by Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were incorrect. Moreover, by relying on their assumptions, rather than adhering to the statutory requirement to report any information concerning bullying they received, they both violated the explicit requirements of NRS 388.1351(1).

In response to the September 15, 2011 email, Mr. Beasley changed the seating arrangements in the trombone section of his class. While before, Nolan had been sitting next to Connor, after the change, Nolan set directly in front of CL.

While Mr. Beasley attempted to keep an eye on both bullies and the bullied students, he admitted that he was unable to constantly watch them and still teach his class. Mr. Beasley said that he made the decisions concerning the seating arrangements on his own without consultation with anyone else. This testimony conflicted with that of Dean Winn, who stated that she was involved in the decision.

The bullying continued. For Ethan Bryan, at the beginning of the school year, most of the taunts at him by CL and DM had to do with his size. He was large for his age and overweight.

After the incident where CL stabbed Ethan's friend Nolan with a pencil, the bullying of Ethan began to change. It not only escalated but also shifted from being mostly about his size and weight to also involve homophobic slurs and vile and graphic innuendos concerning sexual relations between Ethan and Nolan.

Like his friend Nolan, Ethan also chose not to report the bullying that he was enduring for fear of retaliation, and lack of any real interest on the part of Greenspun school officials. Mary Bryan, believing that the school would contact Nolan's parents after Mary sent them the

September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of Nolan, did not directly inform Nolan's parents herself.

C. Aimee Hairr's September 22, 2011 phone conversation with Vice Principal DePiazza and September 23, 2011 phone call with Counselor Halpin

On or about September 21, 2011, while Mary Bryan and Nolan's mother Aimee Hairr were at a birthday party for another of Mary's children, Mary casually asked Aimee about the school's response to the September 15, 2011 email. Aimee responded that she had received no communication from the school, and that she had no knowledge or information about the bullying of her son occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

After talking to Mary, Nolan's parents then confronted him about the bullying. Nolan verified the veracity of the substance of the contents of the September 15, 2011 email. He also admitted to the stabbing incident.

On September 22, 2011, Nolan's mother made several phone calls to various school officials in an attempt to contact the school regarding the September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of their son. She left several messages for different school officials. Finally, Aimee Hairr was able to reach Vice Principal DePiazza, and had a phone conversation with him in which she described the September 15, 2011 email, and the stabbing, including the comment by CL that he did it to see if Nolan was a girl.

Mr. DePiazza told Aimee Hairr that there were a few options for Nolan, all involving Nolan either transferring out of band class into another class at Greenspun, or transferring out of Greenspun to a different school entirely.

Aimee found these so-called solutions to be both inadequate and inappropriate because if anyone were to be moved, it should be the perpetrator of the bullying who assaulted her son not the victim, Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza denied that he ever had a phone conversation with Aimee Hairr. According to his version of events, some time in either September or October 2011 (he could not remember when) there was a meeting in his office attended by Aimee Hairr, Dean Cheryl Winn and possibly Nolan Hairr. Mr. DePiazza claimed that while there was some generalized discussion about the "situation" in the band room, nothing specific about the stabbing or the September 15, 2011 email was ever mentioned. Neither Aimee Hairr, Nolan Hairr nor Cheryl Winn corroborated Mr. DePiazza's version of events about this supposed meeting, or even that it took place.

On or about September 23, 2011, Mrs. Hairr received a return phone call from counselor John Halpin. Aimee knew Mr. Halpin because she was his dental hygienist. Mr. Halpin told her he had received this September 15, 2011 email and was aware of its contents. He said he had previously spoken to Nolan and would do so again to make sure that Nolan made a formal complaint about the stabbing to the Dean. He said he believed that Dean Winn knew about it, but wanted to make sure.

Later that day, Nolan met with Mr. Halpin. Both agreed that the counselor wanted Nolan to go to the Dean's office to fill out an incident report. Mr. Halpin said that he accompanied Nolan to Ms. Winn's office, while Nolan said he was sent there and went by himself. Mr. Halpin also said that since the Dean was not in the office, he left a message for Dean Winn with Harriet Clark, her secretary, recounting the stabbing incident and the bullying. He gave that message to the Dean's secretary with instructions to relay that message to Dean Winn. The Dean did not report receiving Mr. Halpin's message from her secretary.

Nolan, still trying to "tough it out" and not make more trouble for himself by complaining and thereby risking further retaliation, wrote a bland and rather innocuous version of what he was enduring in band class. He did not mention the stabbing nor the homophobic, sexually-oriented slurs.

Dean Winn said she could not remember whether she met with Nolan on or after September 22, 2011. Nolan said that no such meeting took place on or after September 22, 2011. Aimee Hairr said she never had a meeting with Dean Winn.

Dean Winn said testified did not learn of the stabbing incident until the following year, February 2012.

D. Mary Bryan's October 19, 2011 email to school officials and October 19, 2011 meeting with Dean Winn

On or about October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan noticed that Ethan had come home from school with scratches on his leg. When she confronted him about the scratches, he told her that at the end of band class, while Mr. Beasley was out of the room, one of the bullies who was behind Ethan, removed a rubber stopper out of a piece of his trombone and started hitting Ethan in the legs with the remaining sharp piece of the instrument.

Upon questioning by his parents, Ethan also disclosed that CL and DM continued to make lewd sexual comments including calling both Ethan and Nolan gay, faggots and other similar names, and also talked about Ethan and Nolan jerking each other off and otherwise engaging in homosexual acts with each other.

Ethan's parents, enraged that this was going on -- particularly after the September 15, 2011 email -- decided to confront school officials. On October 19, 2011 Mary Bryant sent a second email addressed to Principal McKay, Mr. Beasley, and Mr. Halpin, describing the continuing bullying and also the hitting scratching of Ethan's leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan met with Dean Winn at the Dean's office on October 19, 2011. They described the bullying endured by both Ethan and Nolan, specifically mentioning the physical assaults as well as the vile homophobic slurs that both boys were subjected to by CL and DM. The Bryans made it clear that they would not tolerate a continuation of this bullying.

Dean Winn denied the occurrence of this meeting. She also denied that she knew anything about the, emails, the physical assaults and the homophobic slurs in October 2011. She said she only learned of the October 19, 2011 email the following year, in February 2012.

E. The October 19, 2011 Administrator's meeting where John Halpin informed Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza of Mary Bryan's emails

Mr. Halpin, who was a recipient of the October 19, 2011 email, said he forwarded that email to Dean Winn to make sure she was aware of the situation. Dean Winn denied having received the October 19, 2011 email from Mr. Halpin.

Also on October 19, 2011, Mr. Halpin attended a weekly administrators meeting. Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza were at that meeting. Dean Winn, who was a regular participant in those weekly meetings, did not attend that day.

Mr. Halpin said that he reported on the bullying that was occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class in considerable detail to both Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza. He also stated that everyone at that meeting knew about the two emails that had been sent by Mary Bryan. He also made it clear that the two assaults were perpetrated by the same two bullies against the same two bullied students. Mr. Halpin specifically recalled Principal McKay telling Vice Principal DePiazza to take care of the matter.

Dr. McKay stated his recollections from the October 19, 2011, administrators meeting differently. McKay recalled Mr. Halpin bringing up the subject of bullying in Mr. Beasley's class, but without mentioning many specifics. For reasons he did not disclose, McKay stated that he really was not interested in the details of such matters and left it to his subordinates to address the issue.

Dr. McKay stated that he told Mr. DePiazza and Mr. Halpin to handle the situation. Dr. McKay also stated that he subsequently did not ask the Vice Principal about how the investigation was going or what DePiazza had found out until February 2012.

Principal McKay only took action in February 2012 because it was then that he was ordered by his supervisor at the district level and the Assistant Superintendent to investigate the bullying of Ethan and Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza stated a vague memory of the October 19, 2011 administrative meeting. He recalled that there may have been some discussion about bullying but didn't really remember much. His position was that he definitely did not remember being told by Dr. McKay to conduct an investigation into the bullying reports on October 19, 2011.

Principal McKay stated that in 2011 while he never asked his Vice Principal about the bullying investigation, he did, at some point, have a casual discussion with Dean Winn about the matter. He asked her how the investigation was going. Dean Winn replied that she was having trouble getting corroborating statements from other students.

Dean Winn's testimony contradicted the Principal's statements by claiming that she did not undertake any investigation of the bullying because she was specifically told by Dr. McKay that it was all being handled by Vice Principal DePiazza. Dr. McKay testified that Dean Winn told him she was investigating by trying to get statements from other students.

F. Although by October 19, 2011, all members of the Greenspun Junior High School administration were aware of physical, and discriminatory bullying that Ethan and Nolan were experiencing, no investigation was conducted until February 2012, after both boys had left the school.

Although the school officials all pointed fingers at each other, the one thing that they all agreed upon is that contrary to Nevada statutes, no investigation of the reports of bullying, described in the September 15, 2011, and October 19, 2011 emails from Mary Bryan and the September 22, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Vice Principal DePiazza, the September 23, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Mr. Halpin, and the October 19, 2011 meeting between Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and Dean Winn, ever occurred in 2011.

Throughout the rest of 2011, the bullying of Ethan and Nolan by CL and DM continued out of the sight of Mr. Beasley.

Ethan and Nolan continued to employ the strategy of trying to ignore the problem, feeling that any further complaints would just lead to greater retaliation.

When Ethan and Nolan came back to Greenspun for in January 2012, their resolve began to waver. Each boy tried to avoid band class or even school altogether. Ethan feigned illness, and even tried to make himself sick by eating cardboard. Nolan would hang out in the library or in the halls. By the middle of January, both boys had essentially stopped going to school in order to avoid further bullying.

In January 2012, Ethan Bryan was prevented from attempting to commit suicide by drinking household chemicals, because of a fortuitous intervention from his mother. Ethan's parents refused to send him back to Greenspun after that.

On or around January 21, 2012 Nolan had, what his mother described as something close to a breakdown because of the bullying that he and others were enduring at Greenspun. Mrs. Hairr decided to pull Nolan out of the school at that time. She also made a report to the police.

By early February 2012, both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun Jr. High School.

Subsequent to the removal of Ethan and Nolan from Greenspun, and also subsequent to the filing of the police report, Principal McKay, on or about February 7, 2012, was contacted by officials from the school district, specifically his direct supervisor Andre Long and the Assistant Superintendent Jolene Wallace. He was ordered by Ms. Wallace to conduct an investigation into the bullying of Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr.

Because he was ordered by his superiors to investigate, Principal McKay directed Vice Principal DePiazza to conduct a "second" investigation.

This was, in fact, the only investigation done at Greenspun into the bullying of Ethan and Nolan. At trial, no one from the school or the school district testified to seeing any results of any earlier investigation. Nor was any evidence obtained from any earlier investigation introduced. Contrary to the responsibilities under Nevada law, no investigation ever took place while Ethan and Nolan were attending Greenspun Junior High School.

IV. Conclusions of Law

A. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Title IX Violation.

1. Title IX Standards

Section 901(a) of Title IX provides, "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 20 USC § 1681(a). Based on the receipt of federal funds, CCSD is subject to Title IX requirements. 20 USC § 1681(a). Under Title IX, student on student harassment and bullying based upon perceived sexual orientation is actionable.

For liability under Title IX for student on student sexual harassment: (1) the school district "must exercise substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the known harassment occurs", (2) the plaintiff must suffer "sexual harassment ... that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it can be said to deprive the victims of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school", (3) the school district must have "actual knowledge of the harassment", and (4) the school district's "deliberate indifference subjects its students to harassment". *Reese v. Jefferson School District No, 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000) (*quoting Davis*, 526 U.S. 629, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1675 (1999)). *See also, Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F.Supp.2d 1067, 1077-1078 (D. Nev. 2001). The Ninth Circuit defines deliberate indifference as "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions," *Henkle v*,

Gregory, 150 F.Supp. 2d 1067,1077-78 (D. Nev. 2001); See also 9th Cir. Civ. Jury Instr. 11.3.5 (1997)(citing Redman v. County of San Diego, 942 F.2d 1435, 1442 (9th Cir. 1991), cert. denied, 502 U.S. 1074 (1992). A Plaintiff bringing a claim under Title IX must prove his or her claim by a preponderance of the evidence. Whether conduct rises to the level of actionable "harassment" thus "depends on a constellation of surrounding circumstances, expectations, and relationships," Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc., 523 U.S. 75, 82 (1998).

In the instant case, the testimony at trial showed that: 1) Greenspun Junior High School exercised substantial control over both the students involved in the bullying and the context in which the harassment occurred; 2) both Ethan and Nolan were bullied at school; 3) the harassment they endured was sexual in nature; 4) the harassment was so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it deprived Ethan and Nolan of access to the educational opportunities and benefits provided by the school; 5) the appropriate school officials had actual knowledge of the bullying and sexual discrimination suffered by Ethan and Nolan; and, 6) the appropriate school officials demonstrated deliberate indifference to the bullying endured by Ethan and Nolan.

2. Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class.

Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class by two other students. They were not only called names, but both were physically assaulted by the bullies. On September 13, 2011, CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil during Mr. Beasley's band class. On October 18, 2011 Ethan was physically assaulted by one of the bullies at the end of band class by having his legs hit and scratched with a trombone from which the rubber stopper had been removed.

3. The bullying was sexual in nature.

From the very beginning of the school year Nolan was called names such as "faggot, fucking fat faggot, fucking faggot, gay, gay boyfriend, cunt." This began when he was 11 years old at the beginning of sixth grade. Nolan was a small child who had blonde hair down to his shoulders.

While Ethan had been bullied by CL and DM from the beginning of the school year, their comments had started off being directed at his size and weight, after the stabbing incident, the bullies also began directing their homophobic slurs against Ethan as well. The bullies continuously taunted Ethan and Nolan with homophobic slurs and innuendo, and specifically made statements concerning homosexual relations and explicit sexual acts between Ethan and Nolan in vile and graphic terms.

4. The bullying of Ethan and Nolan was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable, and deprived them of significant educational opportunities.

The nature of the bullying was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable. It involved verbal abuse of a sexual and homophobic nature beginning from the start of the school year and only ceased when Ethan and Nolan were forced to stop attending Greenspun. Both boys suffered so severely from the bullying that they did whatever they could to not attend school in order to avoid the bullying. In January 2012, Ethan feigned illness in order to stay home from school. He would eat paper in order to make himself sick. For Ethan, the bullying was so severe and pervasive that he saw suicide as his only way out. Fortunately, he was prevented from doing so by his mother's intervention. At that point, she was forced to take him out of Greenspun.

In January 2012, Nolan stopped going to band class in order to avoid the bullying by CL. Nolan then had a breakdown due to the constant bullying that forced his parents also to remove him from Greenspun. The creation of a sufficiently hostile environment forced Ethan and Nolan's parents to remove them from Greenspun Jr. High School and thus deprived them of educational opportunities.

The severity of the hostile environment forced both Nolan and Ethan to quit Greenspun to escape both verbal and sometimes physical harassment from CL and DM that school officials were aware of, and allowed to continue. This was clearly a loss of educational opportunity.

5. Appropriate school officials had actual notice of the existence and the discriminatory nature of the bullying.

Appropriate school officials had notice of the existence and nature of the bullying suffered by Ethan and Nolan. See, Gebser v. Lago Vista Indep. Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998).

[I]n cases like this one that do not involve official policy of the recipient entity, we hold that a damages remedy will not lie under Title IX unless an official who at a minimum has authority to address the alleged discrimination and to institute corrective measures on the recipient's behalf has actual knowledge of discrimination in the recipient's programs and fails adequately to respond.

524 U.S. at 290.

The Court in *Warren v. Reading Sch. Dist.*, 278 F.3d 163 (3rd Cir. 2002) stated that the school principal was the appropriate person for Title IX purposes, while in *Murrell v. Sch. Dist. No. 1*, 186 F.3d 1238, 1247 (10th Cir. 1999) the Court considered an individual who exercises substantial control, for Title IX purposes, to be anyone with the authority to take remedial action. Several Greenspun personnel had authority to take remedial disciplinary actions when appropriate, including, band teacher Beasley, Principal McKay, Vice Principal DePiazza, and Dean Winn. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin admitted to receiving Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 and October 19, 2011 emails.

Five separate contacts by Ethan or Nolan's parents to Greenspun personnel put the school on actual notice of the verbal, physical and sexual nature of the bullying. On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley concerning the stabbing of Nolan. On September 22, Aimee Hairr spoke to Mr. DePiazza about the general bullying and the assault on her son. She spoke to Mr. Halpin by phone the next day.

On October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan sent another email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley, this time regarding the assault on Ethan. The same day, she and her husband met with Dean Winn to discuss the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, and particularly about its sexual,

homophobic nature. All of these parental contacts gave the school actual notice to appropriate persons of the existence and nature of the bullying of both Ethan and Nolan.

6. Greenspun school officials acted with deliberate indifference for Title IX violation purposes.

Deliberate indifference is "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions." *Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F. Supp. 2d at 1078. Deliberate indifference occurs where the recipient's response to the harassment or lack thereof is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. *Reese v. Jefferson Sch. Dist. No. 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000). It must, at a minimum, "cause students to undergo harassment or make them liable or vulnerable to it." *Id.*, *citing Davis*, 526 U.S. at 645. "[I]f an institution either fails to act, or acts in a way which could not have reasonably been expected to remedy the violation, then the institution is liable for what amounts to an official decision not to end discrimination." *Gebser v. Lago Vista Ind. School Dist.*, 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998); *See, Jane Doe A v. Green*, 298 F. Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D. Nev. 2004). Greenspun officials' failure to take further action once they received actual notice of the bullying and its nature showed deliberate indifference. *See, Flores v. Morgan Hill Unified School Dist.*, 324 F.3d 1130, 1136 (9th Cir. 2003), *Vance v. Spencer County Public School Dist.*, 231 F.3d 253 (6th Cir. 2000).

Even though NRS 3.88.1351 (1) requires that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee begin an immediate investigation, no investigation, much less one conforming to statute, was ever undertaken in 2011. The only time an investigation occurred was in February 2012, when it was ordered by the District. This, however, occurred well after both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun, and a police report had been filed. This constituted deliberate indifference on the part of school officials who had actual notice of the physical and homophobic bullying to which Ethan and Nolan were subjected.

B. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Substantive Due Process Violation.

Under DeShaney v. Winnebago County Department of Social Services, 489 U.S. 189 (1989), the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution does not require state actors to

protect private citizens from harm inflicted by other private citizens. *DeShaney*, however, is inapplicable because of the state created danger exception.

1. Plaintiffs had a constitutionally protected interest in their safety and in their education.

State law can create a liberty or property interest. *Vitek v Jones*, 445 U.S. 480 (1980); *Carlo v. City of Chino*, 105 F.3d 493 (9th Cir. 1997). The Supreme Court stated in *Goss v. Lopez*, 419 U.S. 565, 576 (1975), that a student's right to a public education is a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause. See also, *Henry A. v. Willden*, 678 F.3d 991 (9th Cir. 2012).

2. Defendant acted with deliberate indifference for substantive due process violation purposes.

The "state-created danger exception" — when "the state affirmatively places the Plaintiff in danger by acting with 'deliberate indifference' to a 'known and obvious danger," is manifested here. The standard for deliberate indifference does not vary between Title IX and 42 USC 1983 cases. *Doe A. v. Green*, 298 F.Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D.Nev., 2004) see also *Willden, supra*. Deliberate indifference consists of deliberate action or deliberate inaction. *Wereb v. Maui County*, 727 F.Supp.2d 898, 921 (D. Haw., 2010) citing, *Long v. County of Los Angeles*, 442 F.3d 1178, 1185 (9th Cir., 2006); *City of Canton v. Harris*, 489 U.S. 378, 388 (1989).

In other cases, Defendants have been "charged with knowledge" of unconstitutional conditions when they persistently violated a statutory duty to inquire about such conditions and to be responsible for them. *Wright v. McMann*, 460 F.2d 126 (2nd Cir. 1972); *United States ex rel. Larkins v. Oswald*, 510 F.2d 583 (2nd Cir. 1975); *Doe v. N.Y.C. Dep't of Soc. Servs.*, 649 F.2d 134 (2nd Cir. 1981). The failure to investigate the reported physical, sexual, and other verbal bullying, in the face of clear statutory mandates to do so is significant evidence of an overall posture of deliberate indifference toward Ethan's and Nolan's welfare.

3. CCSD is subject to *Monell* liability.

In *Menotti v. City of Seattle*, 409 F.3d 1113, 1147 (9th Cir. 2005), the Ninth Circuit stated that there are three distinct alternative theories of municipal liability, by showing: (1) a

longstanding practice or custom which constitutes the 'standard operating procedure' of the local government entity; (2) that the decision-making official was, as a matter of state law, a final policymaking authority whose edicts or acts may fairly be said to represent official policy in the area of decision; or (3) that an official with final policymaking authority either delegated that authority to, or ratified the decision of, a subordinate. *See also, Trevino v. Gates*, 99 F.3d 911, 918 (9th Cir. 1996).

Liability can be established by the existence of a government policy or custom that leads to a constitutional deprivation. *Monell v. Department of Social Services of New York*, 436 U.S. 658, 694 (1978); *Ulrich v. City and County of San Francisco*, 308 F.3d 968, 983 (9th Cir. 2002); *Weiner v. San Diego County*, 210 F.3d 1025, 1028 (9th Cir. 2000). The other two theories of municipal liability attach when a final policymaker for the government acts in a manner that can fairly be said to represent official action. *See City of St. Louis v. Praprotnik*, 485 U.S. 112, (1988); *Pembaur v. City of Cincinnati*, 475 U.S. 469, 479-80 (1986).

Liability may attach either when the final policymaker is a final policymaking authority who made the allegedly unconstitutional action, or when that action is ratified, or delegated to a subordinate. *Menotti*, 409 F.3d at 1147; *Ulrich*, 308 F.3d at 984-85. A policy includes "a course of action tailored to a particular situation and not intended to control decisions in later situations." *Pembaur*, 475 U.S. at 481. When determining whether an individual has final policymaking authority, the pertinent query is whether he or she has authority "in a particular area, or on a particular issue." *McMillian v. Monroe County*, 520 U.S. 781 (1997). The individual must be in a position of authority to the extent that a final decision by that person may appropriately be attributed to the District. *Lytle v. Carl*, 382 F.3d 978, 983 (9th Cir. 2004); *see also, Christie v. Iopa*, 176 F.3d 1231, 1235 (9th Cir. 1999). A government entity can be liable for an isolated constitutional violation. *Id*.

Principals can act as final policymakers for the purposes of *Monell* liability with respect to student discipline issues. *Williams v. Fulton Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 181 F. Supp. 3d 1089, 1126-27 (N.D. Ga. 2016), *citing*, *Holloman v. Harland*, 370 F.3d 1252, 1293 (11th Cir. 2004); *see also*, *Bowen v. Watkins*, 669 F.2d 979 (5th Cir. 1982); *Rabideau v. Beekmantown Cent. Sch. Dist.*, 89 F. Supp. 2d 263, 268 (N.D.N.Y. 2000), *citing Luce v. Board of Educ.*, 2 A.D.2d 502, 505, 157 N.Y.S.2d 123, 127 (3d Dep't 1956), *aff'd*, 3 N.Y.2d 792, 143 N.E.2d 797, 164 N.Y.S.2d 43 (1957).

4. NRS 388.1351(2) specifically tasks the school Principal with responsibility for investigating reports of bullying.

The question of whether a particular individual has policymaking authority is a question of state law. *Pembaur, supra,* 475 U.S. at 483; *St. Louis v. Praprotnik,* 485 U.S. 112, 124 (1988); *Lytle,* 382 F.3d at 982-83. NRS 388.1351(2) required that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee shall initiate an investigation not later than one day after receiving notice of the violation, and that the investigation must be completed within 10 days after the date on which the investigation is initiated.

The legislature explicitly gave a statutory mandate to investigate reports of bullying in school to the school "Principal or his or her designee." There is absolutely no legislative authority for the CCSD to designate somebody else at the District level to override the delegation of responsibility and authority. Thus, under the NRS 388.1351(2), because the final policymaker relating to the failure of Principal McKay or any of his designees to conduct the requisite investigation on the reports of the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, was the Principal himself, Defendant CCSD is liable for the substantive due process violation under *Monell*.

V. Damages

In its June 29, 2017 Decision and Order, the Court ruled that "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial." On April 6, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel

Damages Categories and Calculations, thus allowing these calculations to be determined by the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court. Plaintiffs Mary Bryan and Aimee Hairr testified that their out of pocket expenses for schooling for Ethan and Nolan outside of CCSD is approximately ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per year starting in eighth grade, or approximately fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) total for each child to date.

Beyond these out of pocket expenses both Ethan and Nolan suffered from physical attacks and relentless homophobic slurs. A seminal Nevada case can serve as a guideline for damages in similar school bullying cases. In *Henkel*, (150 F. Supp. 2d at 1069), "during school hours and on school property, he endured constant harassment, assaults, intimidation, and discrimination by other students because he is gay and male and school officials, after being notified of the continuous harassment, failed to take any action." The Washoe County School District agreed to pay Mr. Henkel four hundred, fifty-one thousand (\$451,000) dollars as damages. Using *Henkel* as a guidepost, the \$451,000 award in 2001 would be equivalent to approximately \$625,000 in today's dollars. Therefore, awards of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), apiece to each Plaintiff, Mary Bryan on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, is appropriate.

VI. Judgment

Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and against Defendant Clark County School District on the Title IX and Substantive Due Process claims. It is further ordered that Defendant shall pay to each Plaintiff, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr, the sum of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) for physical and emotional distress damages and costs for alternative schooling. These awards are exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees accrued.

1 Dated this 20 day of July 2007 2 District Court Judge 3 Respectfully submitted by: 4 Allen Lichtenstein Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 6 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 9 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice 10 | SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 john@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on or about the date signed I caused the foregoing document to be electronically served pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or by email to: Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. aljic@aol.com Dan R. Waite, Esq. DWaite@lrrc.com Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. DPolsenberg@LRRC.com Karen Lawrence Judicial Executive Assistant

8/15/2017 9:54 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Allen Lichtenstein (NV State Bar No. 3992) 1 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 4 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice **SCOTT LAW FIRM** 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561-9601 john@scottlawfirm.net 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; Case No. A-14-700018-C AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR, 14 Dept. No. XXVII Plaintiffs, 15 NOTICE OF ENTRY OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND VS. JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF 16 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT **PLAINTIFFS** 17 (CCSD Defendant. 18 19 TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE ATTORNEYS OF 20 21 **RECORD** 22 Please take notice that Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment in Favor of 23 Plaintiffs were entered in this case, a copy of which is attached... 24 Dated this 15th day of August 2017, 25 Respectfully submitted by: 26 27 28 /s/Allen Lichtenstein

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9	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr				
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12	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
13 14	I hereby certify that I served the following Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law				
15	and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs via Court's electronic filing and service system and/or United				
16	States Mail and/or e-mail on the 15 th day of August 2017, to:				
17	Dan Waite Lewis Rocha Rothgerber Christie 3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996				
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19	DWaite@lrrc.com				
20	/s/ Allen Lichtenstein				
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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiffs.

Defendant.

Case No. A-14-700018-C

Dept. No. XXVII

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF PLAINTIFFS

I. Introduction

VS.

MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN;

AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,

CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order in favor of Plaintiffs Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr and against Defendant Clark County School District (CCSD) on the claims that Defendant violated Plaintiffs' rights under Title IX, 20 USC § 1681(A) and Plaintiffs' rights to Substantive Due Process under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution and pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1983. The Court also ruled that, "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

II. Procedural History

Plaintiffs filed their Amended Complaint on October 10, 2014 against Defendants: Clark County School District (CCSD), Pat Skorkowsky, in his official capacity as CCSD

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Case Number: A-14-700018-C

Superintendent; CCSD Board of School Trustees; Erin A. Cranor, Linda E. Young, Patrice Tew, Stavan Corbett, Carolyn Edwards, Chris Garvey, Deanna Wright, in their official capacities as CCSD Board of School Trustees, Greenspun Jr. High School (GJHS); Principal Warren P. McKay, in his individual and official capacity as principal of GJHS; Leonard DePiazza, in his individual and official capacity as assistant principal at GJHS; Cheryl Winn, in her individual and official capacity as Dean at GJHS; John Halpin, in his individual and official capacity as counselor at GJHS; Robert Beasley, in his individual and official capacity as instructor at GJHS. The Amended Complaint listed five claims for relief: 1) Negligence; 2) Negligence Per Se; 3) Violation of Title IX; 4) Violation of the Right to Equal Protection; 5) Violation of Substantive Due Process.

In its February 5, 2015 Order, the Court Dismissed Plaintiffs' Claims for Relief No. 1, Negligence, and No. 2, Negligence Per Se. Plaintiffs abandoned their Fourth Claim for Relief, Equal Protection, leaving the Third Claim for Relief, Title IX, and Fifth Claim for Relief, Substantive Due Process, for trial. Defendants filed their Answer on February 25, 2015.

On March 1, 2016, Defendants filed a Motion for Summary Judgment, which was granted in part and denied in part by the Court in its July 22, 2016 Order. The Court denied Defendants' Motion to dismiss Plaintiffs' Title IX claim against Defendant CCSD. It dismissed the 42 USC 1983 Equal Protection claims, which had been abandoned by Plaintiffs. The Court granted Defendants' Motion to dismiss all Defendants except CCSD from the 42 USC 1983 Substantive Due Process claim. Overall, the Court ruled the two remaining claims against CCSD, 1) Title IX; and 2) Substantive Due Process would proceed to trial.

On or about March 20, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations, allowing such calculations to be determined by

the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court on April 6, 2016.

On August 5, 2016, Defendant CCSD filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration, or in the Alternative, Motion for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59(E), 60(A) and 60(B), or Motion in Limiting. On October 26, 2016 the Court denied Defendant's Motion.

On November 15, 2016, a five-day bench trial was held in Department 27 before the Honorable Judge Nancy L. Allf. Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and John Houston Scott, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan ("Mrs. Bryan") and Aimee Hairr ("Mrs. Hairr"), (collectively Plaintiffs"). Daniel Polsenberg, Esq., Dan Waite, Esq., and Brian D. Blakley, Esq. appeared for and on behalf of Defendant CCSD, ("Defendant") on the Title IX and 42 USC 1983 Substitute Due Process claims. Testimony was given by: Nolan Hairr, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr, Mary Bryan, Principal Warren McKay, Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza, Dean Cheryl Winn, Counselor John Halpin and band teacher Robert Beasely. Although neither one of the alleged bullies testified, CL's deposition was introduced into evidence. (For privacy purposes, only the initials of CL and DM are used.)

Closing arguments were done via written briefs. Briefing was completed on May 26, 2017. On June 29, 2017, the Court issued its Decision and Order, concluding that Defendant CCSD violated both Title IX of the Civil Rights Act and also violated Plaintiffs' Substantive Due Process rights as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution pursuant to 42 USC 1983. The Court further ordered that after review, "Judgment shall be entered in favor of Plaintiffs Mary Bryan, on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and that Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial."

III. Findings of Fact

A. Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr started being bullied almost from the time they began attending Greenspun Jr. High School.

In late August 2011, two friends, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr began sixth grade at Greenspun Jr. High School. Both Ethan and Nolan enrolled in Mr. Beasley's third period band class in the trombone section.

Almost from the beginning of the school year, Ethan and Nolan began to be bullied by two other trombone students, CL and DM. In sixth grade, at age 11, Nolan was small for his age with long blonde hair. CL and DM taunted him with names like gay and faggot, and called him a girl. CL also touched, pulled, ran his fingers through Nolan's hair and blew in Nolan's face.

Nolan, following what he believed was proper procedure, went to the Dean's office and filled out a complaint report. He was, however, too embarrassed to mention the homophobic and sexual content of the slurs that he was enduring. Nolan was subsequently called into the Dean's office and met with Dean Winn. He did not feel that she was either sympathetic or even interested, and therefore was reluctant to discuss the homophobic sexually-oriented nature of the bullying.

Within a day or two of Nolan's meeting with the Dean, on or about September 13, 2011, CL, who was sitting next to Nolan in band class, reached over and stabbed Nolan in the groin with the sharpened end of the pencil. CL said he wanted to see if Nolan was a girl, and also referred to Nolan as a tattletale. Nolan took the tattletale reference as a sign that the stabbing was, at least in part, retaliation for Nolan complaining about the bullying. Because of this fear of retaliation, Nolan decided not to tell any adults about any further bullying directed at him, and instead, to endure the torment in silence.

A day or two after the stabbing incident, while Nolan was at Ethan's house, Ethan's mother, Mary Bryan overheard Ethan and Nolan talking about some problem taking place at school. After Nolan had gone home, Mary Bryan confronted her son and questioned him

concerning what Ethan and Nolan had been discussing. Ethan described to his mother the incident where CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil, and about the overall bullying occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

B. Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email

In response, Mary Bryan decided to contact the school officials to report the bullying in general and the stabbing in particular.

On September 15, 2011, she attempted to telephone Greenspun Principal Warren P. McKay. However, she could not reach him by telephone and was only able to talk to a junior high student volunteer. Mary did not want to leave such a sensitive message with a junior high student and was not transferred to Principal McKay's voicemail. Mary then decided she would email the Principal and got an email address for him from the student volunteer.

On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to three people: 1) Principal Warren McKay; 2) band teacher Robert Beasley; and 3) school counselor John Halpin, complaining about the bullying and specifically about the stabbing. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin acknowledged receiving the September 15, 2011 email from Mary Bryan. Principal McKay said he did not receive it because the email address for him (which Mary Bryan obtained from his own office) was incorrect.

Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were, in 2011, mandatory reporters who were required to report any information concerning bullying, to either the Principal or one of his designees, pursuant to NRS 3.88.1351 (1). In 2011, Principal McKay's designees at Greenspun were Vice Principal Leonard DePiazza and Dean Cheryl Winn.

Neither Mr. Beasley nor Mr. Halpin fulfilled their statutory duty to report Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 email concerning bullying, explaining that because they saw Principal

McKay's name in the address line, they assumed, without verifying, that Dr. McKay, and through him Vice Principal DePiazza and Dean Winn were aware of the situation.

These assumptions by Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin were incorrect. Moreover, by relying on their assumptions, rather than adhering to the statutory requirement to report any information concerning bullying they received, they both violated the explicit requirements of NRS 388.1351(1).

In response to the September 15, 2011 email, Mr. Beasley changed the seating arrangements in the trombone section of his class. While before, Nolan had been sitting next to Connor, after the change, Nolan set directly in front of CL.

While Mr. Beasley attempted to keep an eye on both bullies and the bullied students, he admitted that he was unable to constantly watch them and still teach his class. Mr. Beasley said that he made the decisions concerning the seating arrangements on his own without consultation with anyone else. This testimony conflicted with that of Dean Winn, who stated that she was involved in the decision.

The bullying continued. For Ethan Bryan, at the beginning of the school year, most of the taunts at him by CL and DM had to do with his size. He was large for his age and overweight.

After the incident where CL stabbed Ethan's friend Nolan with a pencil, the bullying of Ethan began to change. It not only escalated but also shifted from being mostly about his size and weight to also involve homophobic slurs and vile and graphic innuendos concerning sexual relations between Ethan and Nolan.

Like his friend Nolan, Ethan also chose not to report the bullying that he was enduring for fear of retaliation, and lack of any real interest on the part of Greenspun school officials. Mary Bryan, believing that the school would contact Nolan's parents after Mary sent them the

September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of Nolan, did not directly inform Nolan's parents herself.

C. Aimee Hairr's September 22, 2011 phone conversation with Vice Principal DePiazza and September 23, 2011 phone call with Counselor Halpin

On or about September 21, 2011, while Mary Bryan and Nolan's mother Aimee Hairr were at a birthday party for another of Mary's children, Mary casually asked Aimee about the school's response to the September 15, 2011 email. Aimee responded that she had received no communication from the school, and that she had no knowledge or information about the bullying of her son occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class.

After talking to Mary, Nolan's parents then confronted him about the bullying. Nolan verified the veracity of the substance of the contents of the September 15, 2011 email. He also admitted to the stabbing incident.

On September 22, 2011, Nolan's mother made several phone calls to various school officials in an attempt to contact the school regarding the September 15, 2011 email about the stabbing of their son. She left several messages for different school officials. Finally, Aimee Hairr was able to reach Vice Principal DePiazza, and had a phone conversation with him in which she described the September 15, 2011 email, and the stabbing, including the comment by CL that he did it to see if Nolan was a girl.

Mr. DePiazza told Aimee Hairr that there were a few options for Nolan, all involving Nolan either transferring out of band class into another class at Greenspun, or transferring out of Greenspun to a different school entirely.

Aimee found these so-called solutions to be both inadequate and inappropriate because if anyone were to be moved, it should be the perpetrator of the bullying who assaulted her son not the victim, Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza denied that he ever had a phone conversation with Aimee Hairr. According to his version of events, some time in either September or October 2011 (he could not remember when) there was a meeting in his office attended by Aimee Hairr, Dean Cheryl Winn and possibly Nolan Hairr. Mr. DePiazza claimed that while there was some generalized discussion about the "situation" in the band room, nothing specific about the stabbing or the September 15, 2011 email was ever mentioned. Neither Aimee Hairr, Nolan Hairr nor Cheryl Winn corroborated Mr. DePiazza's version of events about this supposed meeting, or even that it took place.

On or about September 23, 2011, Mrs. Hairr received a return phone call from counselor John Halpin. Aimee knew Mr. Halpin because she was his dental hygienist. Mr. Halpin told her he had received this September 15, 2011 email and was aware of its contents. He said he had previously spoken to Nolan and would do so again to make sure that Nolan made a formal complaint about the stabbing to the Dean. He said he believed that Dean Winn knew about it, but wanted to make sure.

Later that day, Nolan met with Mr. Halpin. Both agreed that the counselor wanted Nolan to go to the Dean's office to fill out an incident report. Mr. Halpin said that he accompanied Nolan to Ms. Winn's office, while Nolan said he was sent there and went by himself. Mr. Halpin also said that since the Dean was not in the office, he left a message for Dean Winn with Harriet Clark, her secretary, recounting the stabbing incident and the bullying. He gave that message to the Dean's secretary with instructions to relay that message to Dean Winn. The Dean did not report receiving Mr. Halpin's message from her secretary.

Nolan, still trying to "tough it out" and not make more trouble for himself by complaining and thereby risking further retaliation, wrote a bland and rather innocuous version of what he was enduring in band class. He did not mention the stabbing nor the homophobic, sexually-oriented slurs.

Dean Winn said she could not remember whether she met with Nolan on or after September 22, 2011. Nolan said that no such meeting took place on or after September 22, 2011. Aimee Hairr said she never had a meeting with Dean Winn.

Dean Winn said testified did not learn of the stabbing incident until the following year, February 2012.

D. Mary Bryan's October 19, 2011 email to school officials and October 19, 2011 meeting with Dean Winn

On or about October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan noticed that Ethan had come home from school with scratches on his leg. When she confronted him about the scratches, he told her that at the end of band class, while Mr. Beasley was out of the room, one of the bullies who was behind Ethan, removed a rubber stopper out of a piece of his trombone and started hitting Ethan in the legs with the remaining sharp piece of the instrument.

Upon questioning by his parents, Ethan also disclosed that CL and DM continued to make lewd sexual comments including calling both Ethan and Nolan gay, faggots and other similar names, and also talked about Ethan and Nolan jerking each other off and otherwise engaging in homosexual acts with each other.

Ethan's parents, enraged that this was going on -- particularly after the September 15, 2011 email -- decided to confront school officials. On October 19, 2011 Mary Bryant sent a second email addressed to Principal McKay, Mr. Beasley, and Mr. Halpin, describing the continuing bullying and also the hitting scratching of Ethan's leg.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan met with Dean Winn at the Dean's office on October 19, 2011. They described the bullying endured by both Ethan and Nolan, specifically mentioning the physical assaults as well as the vile homophobic slurs that both boys were subjected to by CL and DM. The Bryans made it clear that they would not tolerate a continuation of this bullying.

Dean Winn denied the occurrence of this meeting. She also denied that she knew anything about the, emails, the physical assaults and the homophobic slurs in October 2011. She said she only learned of the October 19, 2011 email the following year, in February 2012.

E. The October 19, 2011 Administrator's meeting where John Halpin informed Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza of Mary Bryan's emails

Mr. Halpin, who was a recipient of the October 19, 2011 email, said he forwarded that email to Dean Winn to make sure she was aware of the situation. Dean Winn denied having received the October 19, 2011 email from Mr. Halpin.

Also on October 19, 2011, Mr. Halpin attended a weekly administrators meeting. Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza were at that meeting. Dean Winn, who was a regular participant in those weekly meetings, did not attend that day.

Mr. Halpin said that he reported on the bullying that was occurring in Mr. Beasley's band class in considerable detail to both Principal McKay and Vice Principal DePiazza. He also stated that everyone at that meeting knew about the two emails that had been sent by Mary Bryan. He also made it clear that the two assaults were perpetrated by the same two bullies against the same two bullied students. Mr. Halpin specifically recalled Principal McKay telling Vice Principal DePiazza to take care of the matter.

Dr. McKay stated his recollections from the October 19, 2011, administrators meeting differently. McKay recalled Mr. Halpin bringing up the subject of bullying in Mr. Beasley's class, but without mentioning many specifics. For reasons he did not disclose, McKay stated that he really was not interested in the details of such matters and left it to his subordinates to address the issue.

Dr. McKay stated that he told Mr. DePiazza and Mr. Halpin to handle the situation. Dr. McKay also stated that he subsequently did not ask the Vice Principal about how the investigation was going or what DePiazza had found out until February 2012.

Principal McKay only took action in February 2012 because it was then that he was ordered by his supervisor at the district level and the Assistant Superintendent to investigate the bullying of Ethan and Nolan.

Vice Principal DePiazza stated a vague memory of the October 19, 2011 administrative meeting. He recalled that there may have been some discussion about bullying but didn't really remember much. His position was that he definitely did not remember being told by Dr. McKay to conduct an investigation into the bullying reports on October 19, 2011.

Principal McKay stated that in 2011 while he never asked his Vice Principal about the bullying investigation, he did, at some point, have a casual discussion with Dean Winn about the matter. He asked her how the investigation was going. Dean Winn replied that she was having trouble getting corroborating statements from other students.

Dean Winn's testimony contradicted the Principal's statements by claiming that she did not undertake any investigation of the bullying because she was specifically told by Dr. McKay that it was all being handled by Vice Principal DePiazza. Dr. McKay testified that Dean Winn told him she was investigating by trying to get statements from other students.

F. Although by October 19, 2011, all members of the Greenspun Junior High School administration were aware of physical, and discriminatory bullying that Ethan and Nolan were experiencing, no investigation was conducted until February 2012, after both boys had left the school.

Although the school officials all pointed fingers at each other, the one thing that they all agreed upon is that contrary to Nevada statutes, no investigation of the reports of bullying, described in the September 15, 2011, and October 19, 2011 emails from Mary Bryan and the September 22, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Vice Principal DePiazza, the September 23, 2011 phone conversation between Aimee Hairr and Mr. Halpin, and the October 19, 2011 meeting between Mr. and Mrs. Bryan and Dean Winn, ever occurred in 2011.

Throughout the rest of 2011, the bullying of Ethan and Nolan by CL and DM continued out of the sight of Mr. Beasley.

Ethan and Nolan continued to employ the strategy of trying to ignore the problem, feeling that any further complaints would just lead to greater retaliation.

When Ethan and Nolan came back to Greenspun for in January 2012, their resolve began to waver. Each boy tried to avoid band class or even school altogether. Ethan feigned illness, and even tried to make himself sick by eating cardboard. Nolan would hang out in the library or in the halls. By the middle of January, both boys had essentially stopped going to school in order to avoid further bullying.

In January 2012, Ethan Bryan was prevented from attempting to commit suicide by drinking household chemicals, because of a fortuitous intervention from his mother. Ethan's parents refused to send him back to Greenspun after that.

On or around January 21, 2012 Nolan had, what his mother described as something close to a breakdown because of the bullying that he and others were enduring at Greenspun. Mrs. Hairr decided to pull Nolan out of the school at that time. She also made a report to the police.

By early February 2012, both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun Jr. High School.

Subsequent to the removal of Ethan and Nolan from Greenspun, and also subsequent to the filing of the police report, Principal McKay, on or about February 7, 2012, was contacted by officials from the school district, specifically his direct supervisor Andre Long and the Assistant Superintendent Jolene Wallace. He was ordered by Ms. Wallace to conduct an investigation into the bullying of Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr.

Because he was ordered by his superiors to investigate, Principal McKay directed Vice Principal DePiazza to conduct a "second" investigation.

This was, in fact, the only investigation done at Greenspun into the bullying of Ethan and Nolan. At trial, no one from the school or the school district testified to seeing any results of any earlier investigation. Nor was any evidence obtained from any earlier investigation introduced. Contrary to the responsibilities under Nevada law, no investigation ever took place while Ethan and Nolan were attending Greenspun Junior High School.

IV. Conclusions of Law

A. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Title IX Violation.

1. Title IX Standards

Section 901(a) of Title IX provides, "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." 20 USC § 1681(a). Based on the receipt of federal funds, CCSD is subject to Title IX requirements. 20 USC § 1681(a). Under Title IX, student on student harassment and bullying based upon perceived sexual orientation is actionable.

For liability under Title IX for student on student sexual harassment: (1) the school district "must exercise substantial control over both the harasser and the context in which the known harassment occurs", (2) the plaintiff must suffer "sexual harassment ... that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it can be said to deprive the victims of access to the educational opportunities or benefits provided by the school", (3) the school district must have "actual knowledge of the harassment", and (4) the school district's "deliberate indifference subjects its students to harassment". *Reese v. Jefferson School District No, 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000) (*quoting Davis*, 526 U.S. 629, 119 S. Ct. 1661, 1675 (1999)). *See also, Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F.Supp.2d 1067, 1077-1078 (D. Nev. 2001). The Ninth Circuit defines deliberate indifference as "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions," *Henkle v*,

Gregory, 150 F.Supp. 2d 1067,1077-78 (D. Nev. 2001); See also 9th Cir. Civ. Jury Instr. 11.3.5 (1997)(citing Redman v. County of San Diego, 942 F.2d 1435, 1442 (9th Cir. 1991), cert. denied, 502 U.S. 1074 (1992). A Plaintiff bringing a claim under Title IX must prove his or her claim by a preponderance of the evidence. Whether conduct rises to the level of actionable "harassment" thus "depends on a constellation of surrounding circumstances, expectations, and relationships," Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services, Inc., 523 U.S. 75, 82 (1998).

In the instant case, the testimony at trial showed that: 1) Greenspun Junior High School exercised substantial control over both the students involved in the bullying and the context in which the harassment occurred; 2) both Ethan and Nolan were bullied at school; 3) the harassment they endured was sexual in nature; 4) the harassment was so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it deprived Ethan and Nolan of access to the educational opportunities and benefits provided by the school; 5) the appropriate school officials had actual knowledge of the bullying and sexual discrimination suffered by Ethan and Nolan; and, 6) the appropriate school officials demonstrated deliberate indifference to the bullying endured by Ethan and Nolan.

2. Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class.

Ethan and Nolan were bullied in Mr. Beasley's band class by two other students. They were not only called names, but both were physically assaulted by the bullies. On September 13, 2011, CL stabbed Nolan in the groin with a pencil during Mr. Beasley's band class. On October 18, 2011 Ethan was physically assaulted by one of the bullies at the end of band class by having his legs hit and scratched with a trombone from which the rubber stopper had been removed.

3. The bullying was sexual in nature.

From the very beginning of the school year Nolan was called names such as "faggot, fucking fat faggot, fucking faggot, gay, gay boyfriend, cunt." This began when he was 11 years old at the beginning of sixth grade. Nolan was a small child who had blonde hair down to his shoulders.

While Ethan had been bullied by CL and DM from the beginning of the school year, their comments had started off being directed at his size and weight, after the stabbing incident, the bullies also began directing their homophobic slurs against Ethan as well. The bullies continuously taunted Ethan and Nolan with homophobic slurs and innuendo, and specifically made statements concerning homosexual relations and explicit sexual acts between Ethan and Nolan in vile and graphic terms.

4. The bullying of Ethan and Nolan was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable, and deprived them of significant educational opportunities.

The nature of the bullying was severe, pervasive, and objectively unreasonable. It involved verbal abuse of a sexual and homophobic nature beginning from the start of the school year and only ceased when Ethan and Nolan were forced to stop attending Greenspun. Both boys suffered so severely from the bullying that they did whatever they could to not attend school in order to avoid the bullying. In January 2012, Ethan feigned illness in order to stay home from school. He would eat paper in order to make himself sick. For Ethan, the bullying was so severe and pervasive that he saw suicide as his only way out. Fortunately, he was prevented from doing so by his mother's intervention. At that point, she was forced to take him out of Greenspun.

In January 2012, Nolan stopped going to band class in order to avoid the bullying by CL. Nolan then had a breakdown due to the constant bullying that forced his parents also to remove him from Greenspun. The creation of a sufficiently hostile environment forced Ethan and Nolan's parents to remove them from Greenspun Jr. High School and thus deprived them of educational opportunities.

The severity of the hostile environment forced both Nolan and Ethan to quit Greenspun to escape both verbal and sometimes physical harassment from CL and DM that school officials were aware of, and allowed to continue. This was clearly a loss of educational opportunity.

5. Appropriate school officials had actual notice of the existence and the discriminatory nature of the bullying.

Appropriate school officials had notice of the existence and nature of the bullying suffered by Ethan and Nolan. See, Gebser v. Lago Vista Indep. Sch. Dist., 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998).

[I]n cases like this one that do not involve official policy of the recipient entity, we hold that a damages remedy will not lie under Title IX unless an official who at a minimum has authority to address the alleged discrimination and to institute corrective measures on the recipient's behalf has actual knowledge of discrimination in the recipient's programs and fails adequately to respond.

524 U.S. at 290.

The Court in *Warren v. Reading Sch. Dist.*, 278 F.3d 163 (3rd Cir. 2002) stated that the school principal was the appropriate person for Title IX purposes, while in *Murrell v. Sch. Dist. No. 1*, 186 F.3d 1238, 1247 (10th Cir. 1999) the Court considered an individual who exercises substantial control, for Title IX purposes, to be anyone with the authority to take remedial action. Several Greenspun personnel had authority to take remedial disciplinary actions when appropriate, including, band teacher Beasley, Principal McKay, Vice Principal DePiazza, and Dean Winn. Both Mr. Beasley and Mr. Halpin admitted to receiving Mary Bryan's September 15, 2011 and October 19, 2011 emails.

Five separate contacts by Ethan or Nolan's parents to Greenspun personnel put the school on actual notice of the verbal, physical and sexual nature of the bullying. On September 15, 2011, Mary Bryan sent an email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley concerning the stabbing of Nolan. On September 22, Aimee Hairr spoke to Mr. DePiazza about the general bullying and the assault on her son. She spoke to Mr. Halpin by phone the next day.

On October 19, 2011, Mary Bryan sent another email to Dr. McKay, Mr. Halpin and Mr. Beasley, this time regarding the assault on Ethan. The same day, she and her husband met with Dean Winn to discuss the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, and particularly about its sexual,

homophobic nature. All of these parental contacts gave the school actual notice to appropriate persons of the existence and nature of the bullying of both Ethan and Nolan.

6. Greenspun school officials acted with deliberate indifference for Title IX violation purposes.

Deliberate indifference is "the conscious or reckless disregard of the consequences of one's acts or omissions." *Henkle v. Gregory*, 150 F. Supp. 2d at 1078. Deliberate indifference occurs where the recipient's response to the harassment or lack thereof is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances. *Reese v. Jefferson Sch. Dist. No. 14J*, 208 F.3d 736, 739 (9th Cir. 2000). It must, at a minimum, "cause students to undergo harassment or make them liable or vulnerable to it." *Id.*, *citing Davis*, 526 U.S. at 645. "[I]f an institution either fails to act, or acts in a way which could not have reasonably been expected to remedy the violation, then the institution is liable for what amounts to an official decision not to end discrimination." *Gebser v. Lago Vista Ind. School Dist.*, 524 U.S. 274, 290 (1998); *See, Jane Doe A v. Green*, 298 F. Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D. Nev. 2004). Greenspun officials' failure to take further action once they received actual notice of the bullying and its nature showed deliberate indifference. *See, Flores v. Morgan Hill Unified School Dist.*, 324 F.3d 1130, 1136 (9th Cir. 2003), *Vance v. Spencer County Public School Dist.*, 231 F.3d 253 (6th Cir. 2000).

Even though NRS 3.88.1351 (1) requires that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee begin an immediate investigation, no investigation, much less one conforming to statute, was ever undertaken in 2011. The only time an investigation occurred was in February 2012, when it was ordered by the District. This, however, occurred well after both Ethan and Nolan had been removed from Greenspun, and a police report had been filed. This constituted deliberate indifference on the part of school officials who had actual notice of the physical and homophobic bullying to which Ethan and Nolan were subjected.

B. The Evidence and Testimony at Trial shows a Substantive Due Process Violation.

Under DeShaney v. Winnebago County Department of Social Services, 489 U.S. 189 (1989), the Due Process Clause of the United States Constitution does not require state actors to

protect private citizens from harm inflicted by other private citizens. *DeShaney*, however, is inapplicable because of the state created danger exception.

1. Plaintiffs had a constitutionally protected interest in their safety and in their education.

State law can create a liberty or property interest. *Vitek v Jones*, 445 U.S. 480 (1980); *Carlo v. City of Chino*, 105 F.3d 493 (9th Cir. 1997). The Supreme Court stated in *Goss v. Lopez*, 419 U.S. 565, 576 (1975), that a student's right to a public education is a property interest protected by the Due Process Clause. See also, *Henry A. v. Willden*, 678 F.3d 991 (9th Cir. 2012).

2. Defendant acted with deliberate indifference for substantive due process violation purposes.

The "state-created danger exception" — when "the state affirmatively places the Plaintiff in danger by acting with 'deliberate indifference' to a 'known and obvious danger," is manifested here. The standard for deliberate indifference does not vary between Title IX and 42 USC 1983 cases. *Doe A. v. Green*, 298 F.Supp.2d 1025, 1035 (D.Nev., 2004) see also *Willden, supra*. Deliberate indifference consists of deliberate action or deliberate inaction. *Wereb v. Maui County*, 727 F.Supp.2d 898, 921 (D. Haw., 2010) citing, *Long v. County of Los Angeles*, 442 F.3d 1178, 1185 (9th Cir., 2006); *City of Canton v. Harris*, 489 U.S. 378, 388 (1989).

In other cases, Defendants have been "charged with knowledge" of unconstitutional conditions when they persistently violated a statutory duty to inquire about such conditions and to be responsible for them. *Wright v. McMann*, 460 F.2d 126 (2nd Cir. 1972); *United States ex rel. Larkins v. Oswald*, 510 F.2d 583 (2nd Cir. 1975); *Doe v. N.Y.C. Dep't of Soc. Servs.*, 649 F.2d 134 (2nd Cir. 1981). The failure to investigate the reported physical, sexual, and other verbal bullying, in the face of clear statutory mandates to do so is significant evidence of an overall posture of deliberate indifference toward Ethan's and Nolan's welfare.

3. CCSD is subject to *Monell* liability.

In *Menotti v. City of Seattle*, 409 F.3d 1113, 1147 (9th Cir. 2005), the Ninth Circuit stated that there are three distinct alternative theories of municipal liability, by showing: (1) a

longstanding practice or custom which constitutes the 'standard operating procedure' of the local government entity; (2) that the decision-making official was, as a matter of state law, a final policymaking authority whose edicts or acts may fairly be said to represent official policy in the area of decision; or (3) that an official with final policymaking authority either delegated that authority to, or ratified the decision of, a subordinate. *See also, Trevino v. Gates*, 99 F.3d 911, 918 (9th Cir. 1996).

Liability can be established by the existence of a government policy or custom that leads to a constitutional deprivation. *Monell v. Department of Social Services of New York*, 436 U.S. 658, 694 (1978); *Ulrich v. City and County of San Francisco*, 308 F.3d 968, 983 (9th Cir. 2002); *Weiner v. San Diego County*, 210 F.3d 1025, 1028 (9th Cir. 2000). The other two theories of municipal liability attach when a final policymaker for the government acts in a manner that can fairly be said to represent official action. *See City of St. Louis v. Praprotnik*, 485 U.S. 112, (1988); *Pembaur v. City of Cincinnati*, 475 U.S. 469, 479-80 (1986).

Liability may attach either when the final policymaker is a final policymaking authority who made the allegedly unconstitutional action, or when that action is ratified, or delegated to a subordinate. *Menotti*, 409 F.3d at 1147; *Ulrich*, 308 F.3d at 984-85. A policy includes "a course of action tailored to a particular situation and not intended to control decisions in later situations." *Pembaur*, 475 U.S. at 481. When determining whether an individual has final policymaking authority, the pertinent query is whether he or she has authority "in a particular area, or on a particular issue." *McMillian v. Monroe County*, 520 U.S. 781 (1997). The individual must be in a position of authority to the extent that a final decision by that person may appropriately be attributed to the District. *Lytle v. Carl*, 382 F.3d 978, 983 (9th Cir. 2004); *see also, Christie v. Iopa*, 176 F.3d 1231, 1235 (9th Cir. 1999). A government entity can be liable for an isolated constitutional violation. *Id*.

Principals can act as final policymakers for the purposes of *Monell* liability with respect to student discipline issues. *Williams v. Fulton Cnty. Sch. Dist.*, 181 F. Supp. 3d 1089, 1126-27 (N.D. Ga. 2016), *citing*, *Holloman v. Harland*, 370 F.3d 1252, 1293 (11th Cir. 2004); *see also*, *Bowen v. Watkins*, 669 F.2d 979 (5th Cir. 1982); *Rabideau v. Beekmantown Cent. Sch. Dist.*, 89 F. Supp. 2d 263, 268 (N.D.N.Y. 2000), *citing Luce v. Board of Educ.*, 2 A.D.2d 502, 505, 157 N.Y.S.2d 123, 127 (3d Dep't 1956), *aff'd*, 3 N.Y.2d 792, 143 N.E.2d 797, 164 N.Y.S.2d 43 (1957).

4. NRS 388.1351(2) specifically tasks the school Principal with responsibility for investigating reports of bullying.

The question of whether a particular individual has policymaking authority is a question of state law. *Pembaur, supra,* 475 U.S. at 483; *St. Louis v. Praprotnik,* 485 U.S. 112, 124 (1988); *Lytle,* 382 F.3d at 982-83. NRS 388.1351(2) required that once a report of bullying is received, the Principal or his or her designee shall initiate an investigation not later than one day after receiving notice of the violation, and that the investigation must be completed within 10 days after the date on which the investigation is initiated.

The legislature explicitly gave a statutory mandate to investigate reports of bullying in school to the school "Principal or his or her designee." There is absolutely no legislative authority for the CCSD to designate somebody else at the District level to override the delegation of responsibility and authority. Thus, under the NRS 388.1351(2), because the final policymaker relating to the failure of Principal McKay or any of his designees to conduct the requisite investigation on the reports of the bullying of Ethan and Nolan, was the Principal himself, Defendant CCSD is liable for the substantive due process violation under *Monell*.

V. Damages

In its June 29, 2017 Decision and Order, the Court ruled that "Plaintiffs are entitled to a judgment for all damages sought under these two claims asserted in the Complaint, and proven at trial." On April 6, 2016, Discovery Commissioner Bulla denied Defendants' Motion to Compel

Damages Categories and Calculations, thus allowing these calculations to be determined by the Court at trial. The Discovery Commissioner's Report and Recommendations were affirmed and adopted by the Court. Plaintiffs Mary Bryan and Aimee Hairr testified that their out of pocket expenses for schooling for Ethan and Nolan outside of CCSD is approximately ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per year starting in eighth grade, or approximately fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) total for each child to date.

Beyond these out of pocket expenses both Ethan and Nolan suffered from physical attacks and relentless homophobic slurs. A seminal Nevada case can serve as a guideline for damages in similar school bullying cases. In *Henkel*, (150 F. Supp. 2d at 1069), "during school hours and on school property, he endured constant harassment, assaults, intimidation, and discrimination by other students because he is gay and male and school officials, after being notified of the continuous harassment, failed to take any action." The Washoe County School District agreed to pay Mr. Henkel four hundred, fifty-one thousand (\$451,000) dollars as damages. Using *Henkel* as a guidepost, the \$451,000 award in 2001 would be equivalent to approximately \$625,000 in today's dollars. Therefore, awards of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000), apiece to each Plaintiff, Mary Bryan on behalf of Ethan Bryan and Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, is appropriate.

VI. Judgment

Aimee Hairr on behalf of Nolan Hairr, and against Defendant Clark County School District on the Title IX and Substantive Due Process claims. It is further ordered that Defendant shall pay to each Plaintiff, Ethan Bryan and Nolan Hairr, the sum of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000) for physical and emotional distress damages and costs for alternative schooling. These awards are exclusive of any costs or attorneys fees accrued.

1 Dated this 20 day of July 2007 2 District Court Judge 3 Respectfully submitted by: 4 Allen Lichtenstein Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 6 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 9 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice 10 | SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 john@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I hereby certify that on or about the date signed I caused the foregoing document to be electronically served pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a) and 8.05(f), through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system, with the date and time of the electronic service substituted for the date and place of deposit in the mail and/or by email to: Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. aljic@aol.com Dan R. Waite, Esq. DWaite@lrrc.com Daniel F. Polsenberg, Esq. DPolsenberg@LRRC.com Karen Lawrence Judicial Executive Assistant

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10	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr					
11	DISTRICT COLURT					
12	DISTRICT COURT					
13	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA					
14	MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR,	N; Cas	e No. A-14-7000	018-C		
		Dep	Dept. No. XXVII ORDER RE: PLAINTIFFS' MOTION			
15	Plaintiffs					
16	vs.		R ATTORNEY			
17	CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD					
18	Defendant		Date of Hearing: 10-4-17			
19	Bereikan		Time of Hearing: 9:00am			
20						
21	A hearing was held on October 4, 2017 presided by the Hon. Judge Nancy Allf, in Dept.					
Į	27, on Plaintiffs' Motion For Attorney's Fees. Dan Polsenberg, Esq, and Dan Waite, Esq.					
22						
23	represented the Defendant, and Allen Lichtenstein represented the Plaintiffs. The Court granted					
24	fees to Plaintiffs, pursuant to 42 U.S.C 1988, in the following amounts.					
25		rate per hr.	hrs expended	total		
26	Fees for John H. Scott:	\$450	350.00	\$157,500.00		
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		\$450	650.00	\$292,500.00		
28	(as a private attorney)					

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2	Staci Pratt (as a private attorney)	\$450	20.80	۸ ^{\$ 9,360.00}
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8			A ()	1 Kuzokue ac
9	Total fees		M	{ \$470418.75 \$ 473,658.75 @
10	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs h	aving prevailed in thi	s case, Plaintiffs	s are hereby awarded
11	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs h #47 attorney's fees in the amount of \$4	70,413.75 (18) ///	- f	·
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17		,	urt Judge, Depar	
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22	/s/Allen Lichtenstein			
23	Allen Lichtenstein			
24	Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN I	LTD.		
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11/20/2017 4:49 PM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT** Allen Lichtenstein (NV State Bar No. 3992) 1 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN, LTD. 3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel: 702.433-2666 Fax: 702.433-9591 allaw@lvcoxmail.com 4 John Houston Scott (CA Bar No. 72578) Admitted Pro Hac Vice **SCOTT LAW FIRM** 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561-9601 john@scottlawfirm.net 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr 10 DISTRICT COURT 11 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 12 13 MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN; Case No. A-14-700018-C AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR, 14 Dept. No. XXVII Plaintiffs, NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER 15 VS. 16 CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (CCSD 17 Defendant. 18 19 TO: ALL INTERESTED PARTIES AND THEIR RESPECTIVE ATTORNEYS OF 20 21 **RECORD** 22 Please take notice that an Order Re: Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorney's Fees was entered in 23 this case, a copy of which is attached.. 24 Dated this 20th day of November 2017, 25 Respectfully submitted by: 26 27 28

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1	/s/Allen Lichtenstein Allen Lichtenstein
2	Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN LTD.
3	3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120
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9	j <u>ohn@scottlawfirm.net</u> Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan,
10	Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr
11	
12	CEDENEICA DE CEDANCE
13	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
14	I hereby certify that I served the following Notice of Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law
15	and Judgment in Favor of Plaintiffs via Court's electronic filing and service system and/or United
16	States Mail and/or e-mail on the November 20, 2017, to:
17	Dan Waite
18 19	Lewis Rocha Rothgerber Christie 3993 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Suite 600 Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996
20	DWaite@lrrc.com
	/s/ Allen Lichtenstein
21	/s/ Affett Lichtenstein
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10	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan I Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr	Bryan,		
11	DIST	RICT COUR	T	
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14	MARY BRYAN, mother of ETHAN BRYAN AIMEE HAIRR, mother of NOLAN HAIRR	N; Cas	e No. A-14-7000	018-C
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25		rate per hr.	hrs expended	total
26	Fees for John H. Scott:	\$450	350.00	\$157,500.00
27		Ψ100	550.00	<i>4.27,000.00</i>
		\$450	650.00	\$292,500.00
28	(as a private attorney)			

1	G. In			
2	Staci Pratt (as a private attorney)	\$450	20.80	۸ ^{\$ 9,360.00}
3	Fees for the ACLUN	var	47.75	F\$11,058.75 \$14,298.75 %
4			47.75 N N	114,298.73 (NE)
5	Lichtenstein-	\$450	7.2 IVV	\$3,240.00
6	Pratt	\$450	8.6	\$3,870.00
7	Morgan	\$225	31.95	\$7,188.75
8			A ()	1 Kuzokue ac
9	Total fees		M	{ \$470418.75 \$ 473,658.75 @
10	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs h	aving prevailed in thi	s case, Plaintiffs	s are hereby awarded
11	WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs h #47 attorney's fees in the amount of \$4	70,413.75 (18) ///	- f	·
12			, v C.	
13	Dated this 4 day of No	vember 2017.		
14				
15				
16		$ \wedge$	eney b	4116
17		,	urt Judge, Depar	
18			AE	
19				
20	Respectfully submitted by:			
21				
22	/s/Allen Lichtenstein			
23	Allen Lichtenstein			
24	Nevada Bar No. 3992 ALLEN LICHTENSTEIN I	LTD.		
25	3315 Russell Road, No. 222 Las Vegas, NV 89120			
26	Tel: 702-433-2666 Fax: 702-433-9591			
27	allaw@lvcoxmail.com			
28				
	1			

John Houston Scott CA Bar No. 72578 Admitted Pro Hac Vice SCOTT LAW FIRM 1388 Sutter Street, Suite 715 San Francisco, CA 94109 Tel: 415.561.9601 john@scottlawfirm.net Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Mary Bryan, Ethan Bryan, Aimee Hairr and Nolan Hairr

-3-

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing	COURT MINUTES		August 21, 2014
A-14-700018-C	Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s) vs. Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)		
August 21, 2014	10:00 AM	Motion to Dismiss	Defendants Clark County School District, William P. McKay, Leonard DePiazza, Cheryl Winn, John Halpin And Robert Beasley's Motion To Dismiss

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Andrea Natali

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

Mendoza-Mitchell, Donna M. Attorney Park, Matthew W. Attorney Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- APPEARANCES CONTINUED: Staci Pratt, Esq. on behalf of Plaintiffs.

Following the Court's disclosure about a donation she had made to the ACLU, Mr. Lichtenstein stated there was no opposition to the court presiding over this matter. Matter TRAILED for Mr. Polsenberg to confer with his client regarding the Court's disclosure.

Matter RECALLED. Mr. Polsenberg agreed to move forward with today's matter. There being no

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 1 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

opposition, COURT ORDERED, Greenspun Junior High is DISMISSED as not being a proper party. Court summarized her understanding of the motion and opposition. Argument by Mr. Polsenberg in support of the motion regarding whether the specified causes of action should be dismissed or allowed to be re-plead. COURT NOTED she consistently allows pleadings to be amended at this stage. Further, argument by Mr. Polsenberg regarding: whether the pleadings were wrong under the facts plead, strict liability, immunity, discretionary function, negligence, statute of limitation, and sexual discrimination. Opposition by Mr. Lichtenstein regarding: whether the motion to dismiss was appropriate, whether duty existed, negligence, discretionary function, public accommodations, sexual discrimination, and whether there was a time bar. Further, argument by Mr. Polsenberg. COURT stated FINDINGS and, ORDERED, motion GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART in that any part of the complaint that was dismissed is with leave to amend and no limitation on the leave to amend. FURTHER ORDERED, the first cause of action is DISMISSED with leave to amend and plaintiff must find a way to plead duty; as to second cause of action the motion is GRANTED with leave to amend and the specific statute has to be contained; as to the third cause of action, it can exist but must be re-plead; therefore, is GRANTED leave to amend; as to the fourth cause of action is GRANTED with leave to amend; as to the fifth cause of action is DENIED. FURTHER, Plaintiff has 30 days to amend. Mr. Polsenberg to prepare the order and provide to opposing counsel for approval of form and contact.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing COURT MINUTES January 29, 2015

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

January 29, 2015 10:30 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- DEFENDANTS CLARK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, WILLIAM P. MCKAY, LEONARD DEPIAZZA, CHERYL WINN, JOHN HALPIN AND ROBERT BEASLEY'S MOTION TO DISMISS FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT...PLAINTIFF'S RESPONS TO DEFENDANTS MOTION TO DISMISS AND PLAINTIFF'S COUNTERMOTION TO STRIKE PORTION OF DEFENDANT'S MOTION

Arguments by Mr. Polsenberg and Mr. Lichtenstein regarding the merits of the motions and opposition. COURT ORDERED, motions TAKEN UNDER SUBMISSION and CONTINUED to chambers calendar for a written decision.

2/10/2015 (CHAMBERS) STATUS CHECK: WRITTEN DECISION

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 3 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing		COURT MINUTES	July 07, 2015
A-14-700018-C	Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s) vs. Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)		
July 07, 2015	3:00 AM	Motion to Associate Counsel	
HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERK:	Nicole McDevitt		
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:			

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT FINDS after review that Plaintiffs Mary Bryan and Aimee Hairr filed a Motion to Associate Counsel, John H. Scott, Esq. on June 4, 2015, with a hearing set for Chambers Calendar on July 7, 2015. COURT FURTHER FINDS after review the Motion is in compliance with SCR 42 and no opposition has been filed.

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and pursuant to EDCR 2.20 (e), failure to file an opposition may be construed as an admission that the motion is meritorious and a consent to granting the same, Plaintiffs Motion to Associate Counsel GRANTED; Hearing on CHAMBERS CALENDAR on July 7, 2015 is VACATED; Movant to prepare the appropriate Order.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was faxed to: Allen Lichtenstein (702-433-9591) and Dan R. Waite, Esq. (702-949-8398)

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 18, 2015 3:00 AM Minute Order

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy **COURTROOM:**

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER:

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT FINDS after review that Defendants filed a Rule 12 Motion to Dismiss Unserved Parties (Motion) on October 8, 2015 and the matter was set for Hearing on Motions Calendar on November 19, 2015 at 10:30 a.m.

COURT FURTHER FINDS after review the Motion was served on Plaintiffs counsel Allen Lichtenstein, Esq. and Staci Pratt, Esq. of Allen Lichtenstein Attorney at Law, LTD via Eighth Judicial District Court Electronic Service and the Certificate of Service was executed by an employee of Lewis Roca Rothgerber LLP on October 8, 2015. COURT FURTHER FINDS after review the Motion and Certificate of Service was filed with the Court on October 8, 2015. The Motion has not been opposed.

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, pursuant to EDCR 2.20(e), failure to file an opposition may be construed as an admission that the motion is meritorious and a consent to granting the same. COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review, Defendants Motion is GRANTED. The Court has reviewed the motion, which provides cause for the granting of this motion; hearing set for MOTIONS CALENDAR on November 19, 2015, VACATED; Movant to prepare the appropriate Order.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was faxed to: Allen Lichtenstein (702-433-9591) and

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Dan R. Waite, Esq. (702-949-8398)

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 6 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing	COURT MINUTES		January 22, 2016
A-14-700018-C	Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s) vs. Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)		
January 22, 2016	3:00 AM	Minute Order	Minute Order: Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examination Rescheduled by Stipulation to be Heard by Dept. 27
HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy		COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt			
RECORDER:			
REPORTER:			
PARTIES PRESENT:			

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT FINDS after review on January 5, 2016 Defendants filed a Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations (Motion) and the Hearing was set for February 10, 2016 at 9:00 a.m. before Department 27. COURT FURTHER FINDS after review on January 21, 2016 Defendants obtained an Order Shortening Time on Defendants Motion with the Discovery Commissioner, and the Hearing was set for February 3, 2016 at 9:30 a.m. in front of the Discovery Commissioner.

COURT FURTHER FINDS after review on January 22, 2016 it received correspondence from Defendants wherein Defendants represented that the parties had agreed to have the Motion heard by Department 27 and requested that the Hearing be set back to the original date which was February 10, 2016 at 9:00 a.m.

COURT ORDERS for good cause appearing and after review the Hearing on Defendants Motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations is set for MOTIONS CALENDAR on February 10, 2016 at 9:00 a.m.

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before Department 27.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was faxed to: Dan Waite, Esq., (702-949-8398) and Allen Lichtenstein, Esq., (702-433-2666) and e-mailed to John Houston Scott, Esq., (john@scottlawfirm.net).

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

February 10, 2016 9:00 AM Motion to Compel

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- John Houston Scott, Pro Hac Vice, also present.

Arguments by Mr. Park and Mr. Lichtenstein regarding the merits of and opposition to the motion. Upon inquiry by the Court, Mr. Lichtenstein stated both young men have been deposed, Defendant had a chance to explore the anxiety and depression, and he plans on asking for damages according to proof and the determination of the trier of fact of what that would be worth. Court stated its findings and ORDERED, Defendant's motion to Compel Rule 35 Examinations DENIED, Court will limit the proof at the time of trial to those statements made in August 2011 through February 2012 with regard to anxiety and depression related only to those things alleged in the complaint. Mr. Lichtenstein to prepare the order and provide it to opposing counsel for approval. Upon inquiry by the Court regarding the motions next week set before Commissioner Bulla and if it necessary to go forward on, Mr. Park stated they still have a question as to their general damages. Colloquy regarding trial stack. Court stated if counsel and parties can agree on trial dates they can contact Court's Judicial Executive Assistant for dates certain.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s) vs. February 17, 2016

February 17, 2016 9:00 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Bulla, Bonnie **COURTROOM:** RJC Level 5 Hearing Room

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

COURT CLERK: Jennifer Lott

RECORDER: Francesca Haak

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney Park, Matthew W. Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Aimee Hairr Motion to Compel Damages Categories and Calculations from Plaintiff Mary Bryan on OST

Counsel Stipulated to a resolution. Pltf stated special damages, however, Mr. Lichtenstein will not state a particular number for general damages, and Judge Allf limited scope of general damages to the timeframe of actions in question. Colloquy re: special damages and expert disclosure may be needed to calculate damages. Mr. Lichtenstein is not planning to ask for a number from the Judge or Jury. Arguments by counsel.

COMMISSIONER RECOMMENDED, Motions to Compel Damages are DENIED on general damages, however, Commissioner will not prohibit counsel from asking for a specific number at Trial.

Mr. Lichienstein to prepare the Report and Recommendations, and Mr. Park to approve as to form

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and content. A proper report must be timely submitted within 10 days of the hearing. Otherwise, counsel will pay a contribution. Mr. Lichienstein to appear at status check hearing to report on the Report and Recommendations.

3/18/16 11:00 a.m. Status Check: Compliance

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing COURT MINUTES April 21, 2016

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

April 21, 2016 10:30 AM All Pending Motions

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- There being no opposition, COURT ORDERED, Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Excess Pages GRANTED. Arguments by counsel regarding the merits of and opposition to the motion for summary judgment. Court stated its findings and ORDERED, Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment GRANTED IN PART, DENIED IN PART; with regard to title nine claims, the individuals will be dismissed; as to the due process allegations, the motion for summary judgment is DENIED; with regard to the punitive damage claims, the title nine claims will be dismissed, except for the 1983 claims; and the Plaintiffs' equal protection claims will be dismissed without opposition, Mr. Polsenberg to prepare the order and submit to opposing counsel for approval. Court directed counsel to agree in the pretrial memorandum as to all issues left in the case, what the standard of proof is, and what the elements are for each cause of action. Colloquy regarding the qualified immunity and if it applies to the section 1983 claims. Court stated it was its intention to dismiss the individuals from all causes of action as the entity, if liable is liable based upon the acts of those individuals. Court directed counsel to make sure they specify very clearly the remaining issues, the standard, and the elements in their pretrial memorandum.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

August 31, 2016 9:30 AM Motion For

Reconsideration

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Debbie Winn

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Arguments by counsel regarding the merits of and opposition to the motion. Court stated its findings and ORDERED, Defendants' Motion for Partial Reconsidertation, on in the Alternative, Motino for Relief Pursuant to NRCP 59 (E), 60(A) and 60(B) or Motion in Limine DENIED. Mr. Lichtenstein to prepare the order and provide to opposing counsel for approval.

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 13 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing COURT MINUTES November 03, 2016

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)

vs.

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 03, 2016 10:30 AM Pretrial/Calendar Call

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Counsel stated they are ready for trial. Colloquy regarding schedule and trial dates. Matter concluded.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 15, 2016 10:00 AM Bench Trial - FIRM

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Beasley, Robert Defendant

Bryan, Ethan Plaintiff
Bryan, Mary Plaintiff
Hairr, Aimee Plaintiff
Hairr, Nolan Plaintiff
Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney
Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney
Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

Colloquy regarding if Plaintiff filed a trial brief. Mr. Scott stated he understood it was discretionary and not obligatory, however the opposition he file to the summary judgment would be Plaintiff's trial brief. Exclusionary rule invoked by Mr. Scott. Opening statements by Mr. Scott and Mr. Polsenberg. Testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheets.) Deposition of Nolan Michael Hairr was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Deposition of Ethan Bryan was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT ORDERED, trial CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 11/16/2016 1:00 PM

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 15 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

⁻ John Scott, Pro Hac Vice, present on behalf of Plaintiffs.

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 16, 2016 1:00 PM Bench Trial - FIRM

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Beasley, Robert Defendant

Bryan, Ethan Plaintiff
Bryan, Mary Plaintiff
DePiazza, Leonard Defendant
Hairr, Aimee Plaintiff

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- John Scott, Pro Hac Vice, present on behalf of Plaintiffs.

Testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheets). Deposition of Leonard Depiazza was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Colloquy regarding scheduling. COURT ORDERED, trial CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 11/17/2016 12:30 PM

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 17, 2016 12:30 AM Bench Trial - FIRM

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Beasley, Robert Defendant

Bryan, Mary Plaintiff
Hairr, Aimee Plaintiff
Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney
Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney
Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- John Scott, Pro Hac Vice, present on behalf of Plaintiffs.

Testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheets.) Deposition of Mary Bryan was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Deposition of John Edwin Halpin was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Mr. Polsenberg requested to file a notice of unavailability Dr. Farrow, the treating doctor, and use the deposition. Mr. Scott stated they withdrew the medical expenses claim and the treating doctor is not a relevant witness. Arguments by counsel. Colloquy regarding trial schedule. Court stated it was inclined to disallow the request and directed counsel to confer regarding the issue which will be addressed in the morning. COURT ORDERED, trial CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 11/18/2016 9:30 AM

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 18, 2016 9:30 AM Bench Trial - FIRM

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- John Scott, Pro Hac Vice, present on behalf of Plaintiffs.

Mr. Polsenberg moved for Court declare Dr. Morrow as unavailable and to use the deposition Mr. Polsenberg further moved to use the Deposition of Connor Luehers as they believe his is out of stated and they have been unable to serve him. Mr. Scott stated if there is due diligence and he is unavailable then Court could consider at least portions of the deposition. Court stated it would need to review the brief and the matter could be taken up on the lunch break. Testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheets). Deposition of Robert Beasley was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Colloquy regarding scheduling, ordering transcripts and closing arguments or closing briefs. COURT ORDERED, trial CONTINUED.

CONTINUED TO: 11/22/2016 9:30 AM

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

November 22, 2016 9:30 AM Bench Trial - FIRM

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Traci Rawlinson

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Bryan, Mary Plaintiff

Hairr, Aimee Plaintiff
Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney
Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney
Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- John Scott, Pro Hac Vice, present on behalf of Plaintiffs.

Testimony and exhibits presented (see worksheets). Deposition of Aimee Olivia Hairr was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT. Mr. Scott requested to read into the record a portion of Cheryl Winn's deposition. Mr. Polsenberg stated Cheryl Winn is not a party. Court directed counsel he could include that as part of his closing. Plaintiff rests. Mr. Polsenberg moved to for a 50(a) or 41(b) motion in particular on the title nine claims. Court stated it was not its inclination to determine the case at this time. Mr. Polsenberg stated he would take it up when he briefed the issues. Colloquy regarding publishing and designated portion of depositions. COURT ORDERED, Deposition of Connor Luehrs was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT and designated portions are noted for the record. Court FINDS the deposition of the doctor is not relevant to claims by Plaintiff and will be marked as a Court's exhibits. Court noted that Court Clerk has advised the deposition of Cheryl Winn was not published. Mr. Scott moved to publish the deposition. Opposition by Mr. Polsenberg. COURT ORDERED, Deposition of Cheryl Winn was PUBLISHED and FILED IN OPEN COURT and

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 19 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

Court will consider only those portions brought up in the cross examination. Objections made at the bench placed on the record. Colloquy regarding briefing schedule for closing briefs. Plaintiff's closing brief due January 23, 2017, Defendant's closing brief due February 23, 2017, Plaintiff's reply due March 23, 2017. COURT ORDERED matter SET for status check to beginning reviewing briefs, if briefs are filed earlier then counsel can notify the Court to advance review. Court thanked counsel and matter concluded.

3/28/2017 (CHAMBERS) STATUS CHECK: BRIEFING AND REVIEW

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 20 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing COURT MINUTES July 19, 2017

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)

VS.

Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

July 19, 2017 9:00 AM Motion to Strike

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Brynn Griffiths

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Court noted Defense counsel not present. Upon inquiry by the Court if Mr. Lichtenstein would like to continue the hearing or argue it, Mr. Lichtenstein stated he submitted findings of fact and conclusions of law and he would like to go forward today. Arguments by Mr. Lichtenstein. Court stated its findings and ORDERED, CCSD's Motion to Strike Portions of Plaitniffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief DENIED. Mr. Lichtenstein to prepare the order.

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing		COURT MINUTES	July 21, 2017
A-14-700018-C	Mary Bryan, Pl vs. Clark County S	aintiff(s) school District, et al, Defendant	(s)
July 21, 2017	3:00 AM	Minute Order	Minute Order: CCSD's Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs' Closing Rebuttal Brief set 7/19/2017
HEARD BY: Allf, N	Nancy	COURTROOM:	
COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt			

REPORTER:

RECORDER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- COURT FINDS after review that Defendant Clark County School District (Motion) filed a Motion to Strike Portions of Plaintiffs Closing Rebuttal Brief on June 2, 2017 and a hearing was set on Motions Calendar on July 19, 2017 at 9:00 a.m.

COURT FURTHER FINDS after review that the hearing appeared to be vacated in the system so the Court placed the Motion back on for a hearing on July 19, 2017 at 9:00 a.m.

COURT FURTHER FINDS after review that the hearing was vacated in error and that the Defendants were not noticed that the hearing was reset. If the Defendants wish to argue the Motion, they may contact the Court and the matter will be placed on calendar for a hearing.

CLERK'S NOTE: A copy of this minute order was faxed to: Lewis Roca Rothgerger Christie LLP (702-949-8398) and Allen K. Lichenstein, Esq. (702-433-9591)

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

A-14-700018-C Mary Bryan, Plaintiff(s)
vs.
Clark County School District, et al, Defendant(s)

September 06, 2017 9:00 AM Motion to Retax

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Nicole McDevitt

RECORDER: Brynn Griffiths

REPORTER:

PARTIES PRESENT:

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- Arguments by counsel regarding the merits of and opposition to the motion. Court stated its findings, noting the individual costs that are disallowed, and ORDERED, CCSD's Motion to Retax Memorandum of Costs and Disbursements GRANTED IN PART, partial reduction GRANTED, amount reduced to \$19,236.19. Mr. Blakley to prepare the order and submit to Mr. Lichtenstein for approval as to form Ba Colloquy regarding upcoming dates. COURT ORDERED, MOtion for Attorney Fees and Costs set September 13, 2017 CONTINUED, Motion to Stay on set on September 20, 2017 VACATED, if parties stipuate with regard to other dates they have the right to do so..

10/4/2017 9:00 AM MOTION FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Other Civil Filing	C	OURT MINUTES	October 04, 2017
A-14-700018-C	Mary Bryan, vs. Clark County	Plaintiff(s) y School District, et al, Defend	ant(s)
October 04, 2017	9:00 AM	All Pending Motions	Plaintiff's Motion for Fees and CostsCCSD's Amended Motion to Stay Execution and Enforcement of Judgment Pending Appeal

HEARD BY: Allf, Nancy COURTROOM: RJC Courtroom 03A

COURT CLERK: Denise Husted

RECORDER: Brynn Griffiths

REPORTER:

PARTIES

PRESENT: Lichtenstein, Allen Attorney Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney

Polsenberg, Daniel F. Attorney Waite, Dan R Attorney

JOURNAL ENTRIES

- PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS...CCSD'S AMENDED MOTION TO STAY EXECUTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENT PENDING APPEAL

Mr. Lichtenstein stated the issue of fees is important; arguments in support of his pleadings. Mr. Waite advised fees should be awarded, however they should be reduced and set at a reasonable fee. COURT STATED ITS FINDINGS, and ORDERED, Mr. Scott's hours are reduced to 350 hours and hourly rate reduced to \$450.00 per hour; Mr. Lichtenstein's hours are reduced to 650 hours and hourly rate reduced to \$450.00 with his associates hours reduced by 70 hours. COURT ORDERED, attorney fees GRANTED IN PART and REDUCED IN PART so that local rates are reflected; Pratt and

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 25 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

Morgan are allowed their rates as well.

Arguments by Mr. Polsenberg in support of CCSD's Amended Motion. Opposition by Mr. Lichtenstein. COURT ORDERED, motion is GRANTED. COURT FINDS, CCDC falls under the 62(e) exemption as a State actor. The motion is GRANTED under the Nelson vs. Heer case in the event of a change of circumstances, the Plaintiff has the ability to come back and ask for a different result. Mr. Polsenberg to prepare the order regarding the stay and Mr. Lichtenstein to prepare the order regarding attorney's fees.

PRINT DATE: 11/27/2017 Page 26 of 26 Minutes Date: August 21, 2014

EXHIBIT(S) LIST

Case No.:	A700018	Hearing / Trial Date:
Dept. No.:	27	Judge: Nancy Allf
		Court Clerk: Nicole McDevitt
Plaintiff:	Mary Bryan	Recorder / Reporter: Traci Rawlinson
	0 /	Counsel for Plaintiff: Allen Lichenstein
	vs.	John Scott (Pro Hacs
Defendant:	Clark County School	Counsel for Defendant: Dan R. Waite
	District	Daniel F. Polsenberg

HEARING / TRIAL BEFORE THE COURT

Plaintiff's EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
1	Photos	11/13/16	obj	11/15/16
2	2011 NV Revised Statutes Bullying Defind	,		/ /
3	Clark County School District Policy P-5137	11/16/16	no obj	11-16-16
4	9-15-11 email from Mary Bryan to Mr. Beasley	11/15/16	Stip	11/15/16
5	Greenspur Junior High-Chronological of Behavior	11/15/16	stip	11/15/16
6	Greenspun Junior High-Chronological of Bahavior	11/15/16	stip	11/15/16
- 7	Greenspun Junier High-Chronological of Behavior	11/15/16	stip	11/15/16
8	9-15-11 email from Mary Bryan to Mr. Beasley	11/15/14	Stip	11/15/16
9	Greenspun Junior High Incident Report	11/15/16	SHIP	11/15/16
10	Greenspun Junior High Incident Report	11/15/16	stip	11/15/16
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EXHIBIT(S) LIST

Case No.: A700018	Hearing / Trial Date: 11-15-16
Dept. No.: 27	Judge: Nancy Allf
	Court Clerk: Nicolo McDevitt
Plaintiff: Mary Bryan	Recorder / Reporter: Traci Rawlinson
	Counsel for Plaintiff: Allen Lichenstein
vs.	John Scott Vice)
Defendant: Clark County School	Counsel for Defendant: Dan R. Waite
District	Daniel F. Polsenberg.

HEARING / TRIAL BEFORE THE COURT

Defendants EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Date Offered	Objection	Date Admitted
500	2011 NRS Chapter 388 Statute	11-15-1b	Stip	11-15-6
501	Attachment C			
502	Attachment D			
503	medical Records			
504	9/11/15 email from Mary Bryant Mr. Basley	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
505	Greenspun Junior High incident report	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
506	Greenspun Junior High Incident report	11-15-16	Shp	11-15-16
507	10/19/11 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
.508	3/2/12 email from Mary Bryan	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
509	Greenspun Junior High Dean's Dotention	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
510	Greenspun Junior High Doan's Detention notice	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
SII	Greenspun Jurior High Lardy Policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
512	Green Spun Junior High tardy Policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
513	GreenspunJunior Hightaidy Police	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
514	9/15/11 letter from Aimee Hain	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
<u>Si5</u> _	Greenspun Junior High tardy policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16
516	Greenspun Junios Hightardy policy	11-15-16	Stip	11-15-16