### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF STATE OF NEVADA

TAE-SI KIM, an Individual, and JIN-SUNG HONG, an Individual.

Plaintiffs,

V.

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GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP, (now known as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP), a Nevada limited liability partnership; DICKINSON WRIGHT, PLLC, a Nevada Professional limited liability company; STEVE GIBSON, ESQ., an Individual; DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ. an Individual; JONATHAN M.A. SALLS, ESQ., an Individual; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN, ESQ., an Individual: **MICHAEL** and VARTANIAN, ESQ., an Individual; and DOES I through X, inclusive, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES XI through XX, inclusive,

Electronically Filed Feb 26 2018 08:16 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

Case No. 74803

### DOCKETING STATEMENT CIVIL APPEALS

Defendants.

# ON APPEAL

From the Eight Judicial District Court Clark County, Nevada District Court Case No. A-17-756785-C The Honorable Judge Jim Crockett

### **DOCKETING STATEMENT**

Brandon L. Phillips Nevada Bar No. 12264 BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC.

> 1455 East Tropicana Avenue, Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

Telephone: (702) 795-0097 Facsimile: (702) 795-0098 blp@abetterlegalpractice.com

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS Attorney at Law, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicana Ave. Suite 750 AS VEGAS, NEVADA 89169

0 1	
County Clark	Judge Jim Crockett
District Ct. Case No. A-17-756785-C	
2. Attorney filing this docketing sta	tement:
Attorney Brandon L. Phillips, Esq.	Telephone (702) 795-0097
Firm Brandon L. Phillips, Attorney at I	Law, PLLC
Address 1455 E. Tropicana Avenue Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119	
Client(s) Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sun Hong	
A CALCUMATION OF A CONTRACTOR OF THE CALCUMATION OF	
3. Attorney(s) representing respond Attorney Steve Morris, Esq and Ryan L Firm Morris Law Group Address 411 E. Bonneville Avenue	
3. Attorney(s) representing respond Attorney Steve Morris, Esq and Ryan L Firm Morris Law Group	
3. Attorney(s) representing respond Attorney Steve Morris, Esq and Ryan L Firm Morris Law Group Address 411 E. Bonneville Avenue Suite 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	Lower, Esq. Telephone (702) 474-9400
3. Attorney(s) representing respond Attorney Steve Morris, Esq and Ryan L Firm Morris Law Group Address 411 E. Bonneville Avenue Suite 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101	Lower, Esq. Telephone (702) 474-9400  Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Client(s) Dickinson Wright, PLLC; Jodi	Lower, Esq. Telephone (702) 474-9400  Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls
Attorney(s) representing respond Attorney Steve Morris, Esq and Ryan L Firm Morris Law Group Address 411 E. Bonneville Avenue Suite 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Client(s) Dickinson Wright, PLLC; Jodi	Lower, Esq. Telephone (702) 474-9400  Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls

(List additional counsel on separate sheet if necessary)

4. Nature of disposition below (check	k all that apply):
☐ Judgment after bench trial	⊠ Dismissal;
☐ Judgment after jury verdict	☐ Lack of jurisdiction
☐ Summary judgment	☐ Failure to state a claim
☐ Default judgment	☐ Failure to prosecute
☐ Grant/Denial of NRCP 60(b) relief	☑ Other (specify): Time Barred
☐ Grant/Denial of injunction	☐ Divorce Decree:
☐ Grant/Denial of declaratory relief	☐ Original ☐ Modification
☐ Review of agency determination	Other disposition (specify):
5. Does this appeal raise issues conc	erning any of the following?
☐ Child Custody	
☐ Venue	
☐ Termination of parental rights	
나이 그렇다. 그를 하고 하지 그렇게 되어 가게 하게 하는 것이 없어 하는 것이 되었다.	this court. List the case name and docket number sently or previously pending before this court which.

7. Pending and prior proceedings in other courts. List the case name, number and court of all pending and prior proceedings in other courts which are related to this appeal (e.g., bankruptcy, consolidated or bifurcated proceedings) and their dates of disposition: Kim et al v. Kearney et al. 2:09-cv-02008-RFB-GWF. Case Terminated September 4, 2015.

8. Nature of the action. Briefly describe the n	ature of the action and the result below:
Appellants commenced Eight Judicial District C	ourt Case No. A-17-756785-C when they
filed the Complaint asserting primarily Legal M	alpractice, Intentional and Negligent
Misrepresentation, and Breach of Fiduciary Dut	ies. Appellants claimed that the
Respondents had committed malpractice when tagainst former attorney Charles Damus after the	
dismissed.	

9. Issues on appeal. State concisely the principal issue(s) in this appeal (attach separate sheets as necessary):

The District Court found that Appellants failed to timely file an action against the Respondents, and/or was barred by relevant attorney discretion case law and/or statutes. Appellants hereby appeal the dismissal and the denial of the Motion to Reconsider.

10. Pending proceedings in this court raising the same or similar issues. If you are aware of any proceedings presently pending before this court which raises the same or similar issues raised in this appeal, list the case name and docket numbers and identify the same or similar issue raised:

Appellants are not aware of any pending proceedings in this Court raising the same or similar issues.

11. Constitutional issues. If this appeal challenges the constitutionality of a statute, and the state, any state agency, or any officer or employee thereof is not a party to this appeal, have you notified the clerk of this court and the attorney general in accordance with NRAP 44 and NRS 30.130?
⊠ N/A
□ Yes
□ No
If not, explain:
12. Other issues. Does this appeal involve any of the following issues?
Reversal of well-settled Nevada precedent (identify the case(s))
☐ An issue arising under the United States and/or Nevada Constitutions
☐ A substantial issue of first impression
☐ An issue of public policy
An issue where en banc consideration is necessary to maintain uniformity of this court's decisions
☐ A ballot question
If so, explain:

13. Assignment to the Court of Appeals or retention in the Supreme Court. Briefly set forth whether the matter is presumptively retained by the Supreme Court or assigned to the Court of Appeals under NRAP 17, and cite the subparagraph(s) of the Rule under which the matter falls. If appellant believes that the Supreme Court should retain the case despite its presumptive assignment to the Court of Appeals, identify the specific issue(s) or circumstance(s) that warrant retaining the case, and include an explanation of their importance or significance:

Appellant does not dispute that this matter should be heard by the Court of Appeals.

14. Trial.	If this action proceeded to trial, how many days did the trial last?	
Was it	a bench or jury trial?	

15. Judicial Disqualification. Do you intend to file a motion to disqualify or have a justice recuse him/herself from participation in this appeal? If so, which Justice? There is no intention, at this time, to ask any Justice to recuse him/herself. Appellant does reserve the right to request the recusal should Appellant become aware of any substantial conflict.

## TIMELINESS OF NOTICE OF APPEAL

16. Date of entry of	written judgment or order appealed from Dec 12, 2017
If no written judg seeking appellate	ment or order was filed in the district court, explain the basis for review:
17. Date written no	otice of entry of judgment or order was served Dec 12, 2017
Was service by:	
☐ Delivery	
⊠ Mail/electroni	c/fax
18. If the time for fi (NRCP 50(b), 52(b),	iling the notice of appeal was tolled by a post-judgment motion or 59)
(a) Specify the the date of i	type of motion, the date and method of service of the motion, and filing.
□ NRCP 50(b)	Date of filing
☐ NRCP 52(b)	Date of filing
□ NRCP 59	Date of filing
	pursuant to NRCP 60 or motions for rehearing or reconsideration may toll the a notice of appeal. See AA Primo Builders v. Washington, 126 Nev, 245
(b) Date of enti	ry of written order resolving tolling motion
(c) Date written	n notice of entry of order resolving tolling motion was served
Was service	by:
☐ Delivery	
☐ Mail	

19. Date notice of appear	
	ty has appealed from the judgment or order, list the date each filed and identify by name the party filing the notice of appeal:
20. Specify statute or ru	ale governing the time limit for filing the notice of appeal,
e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other	
e.g., NRAP 4(a) or other NRAP 4(a)	
	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY
NRAP 4(a)  21. Specify the statute of the judgment or order a	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review
NRAP 4(a)	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review
NRAP 4(a)  21. Specify the statute of the judgment or order a (a)	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review
NRAP 4(a)  21. Specify the statute of the judgment or order a (a)  NRAP 3A(b)(1)	SUBSTANTIVE APPEALABILITY or other authority granting this court jurisdiction to review appealed from:

(b) Explain how each authority provides a basis for appeal from the judgment or order: This Court has the authority to hear this matter under NRAP 3A(b)(1). This appeal timely follows the District Court's denial of Plaintiff/Appellant's Motion to Reconsider Defendant/Respondant's Motion to Dismiss.

22.	List all parties involved in the action or consolidated actions in the district cour (a) Parties:
	(A) Plaintiffs/Apellants- Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sun Hong (B) Defendants/Respondants- GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP, (now known as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP); DICKINSON WRIGHT, PLLC; STEVE A. GIBSON, ESQ.; JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ.; JONATHAN M.A. SALLS, ESQ.; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN, ESQ.; MICHAEL G. VARTANIAN, ESQ.
	(b) If all parties in the district court are not parties to this appeal, explain in detail why those parties are not involved in this appeal, e.g., formally dismissed, not served, or other:
	Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims,
cou	Give a brief description (3 to 5 words) of each party's separate claims, nterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal position of each claim.
cou	nterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal
cou dis	nterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal position of each claim.  Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sun Hong: Legal Malpractice, Intentional and Negligent Misrepresentation, Breach of Fidiciary Duty.  All claims in regards to all Defendants excluding Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP were formally dismissed by the Court's denial of of Plaintiffs/Appellant Motion to Reconsider entered on December 12, 2017. Defendant/Appellant Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP's Motion to Dismiss was not formally entered until january 26, 2018.  Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged by and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated ons below?
cou dis	nterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal position of each claim.  Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sun Hong: Legal Malpractice, Intentional and Negligent Misrepresentation, Breach of Fidiciary Duty.  All claims in regards to all Defendants excluding Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP were formally dismissed by the Court's denial of of Plaintiffs/Appellant Motion to Reconsider entered on December 12, 2017. Defendant/Appellant Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP's Motion to Dismiss was not formally entered until january 26, 2018.  Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged ow and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated ons below?  New Yes
24. belact	nterclaims, cross-claims, or third-party claims and the date of formal position of each claim.  Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sun Hong: Legal Malpractice, Intentional and Negligent Misrepresentation, Breach of Fidiciary Duty.  All claims in regards to all Defendants excluding Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP were formally dismissed by the Court's denial of of Plaintiffs/Appellant Motion to Reconsider entered on December 12, 2017. Defendant/Appellant Gibson Lowry Burris, LLP's Motion to Dismiss was not formally entered until january 26, 2018.  Did the judgment or order appealed from adjudicate ALL the claims alleged by and the rights and liabilities of ALL the parties to the action or consolidated ons below?

(b) Specify the parties remaining below:
(c) Did the district court certify the judgment or order appealed from as a final judgment pursuant to NRCP 54(b)?
☐ Yes
⊠ No
(d) Did the district court make an express determination, pursuant to NRCP 54(b), that there is no just reason for delay and an express direction for the entry of judgment?
☐ Yes
⊠ No
26. If you answered "No" to any part of question 25, explain the basis for seeking appellate review (e.g., order is independently appealable under NRAP 3A(b)):
Order is appealable under NRAP 3A(b).

### 27. Attach file-stamped copies of the following documents:

- The latest-filed complaint, counterclaims, cross-claims, and third-party claims
- Any tolling motion(s) and order(s) resolving tolling motion(s)
- Orders of NRCP 41(a) dismissals formally resolving each claim, counterclaims, crossclaims and/or third-party claims asserted in the action or consolidated action below, even if not at issue on appeal
  - · Any other order challenged on appeal
  - · Notices of entry for each attached order

### VERIFICATION

I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read this docketing statement, that the information provided in this docketing statement is true and complete to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, and that I have attached all required documents to this docketing statement.

Tae-Si Kin	n and Jin-Sun Hor	ng	Brandon L. Phillips, Esq.
Name of a	ppellant		Name of counsel of record
Feb 23, 20	18		/s/ Brandon L. Phillips, Esq.
Date			Signature of counsel of record
Clark Cour	nty, Nevada		
	county where sign	ed	
		CERTIFICATE O	F SERVICE
I certify th	at on the 23rd	day of February	,2018 , I served a copy of thi
completed	docketing stateme	nt upon all counsel of	record:
☐ By	personally serving	; it upon him/her; or	
add	lress(cs); (NOTE:		ient postage prepaid to the following esses cannot fit below, please list names addresses.)
Ste Rya	ORRIS LAW GROUP ve Morris, Esq. an M. Lower, Esq. E. Bonneville Ave., Vegas, Nevada 8910		
Stev Jod 749	SSON LOWRY LLP ven A. Gibson, Esq. i Donetta Lowry, Esq 5 West Azure Drive, Vegas, Nevada 8913	Suite 233	
Dated this	23rd	day of February	, 2018
		S	Surah Allus
		S	ignature

6/12/2017 5:01 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT COMP 1 BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESO Nevada Bar No. 12264 2 BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC 3 1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 4 (702) 795-0097, (702) 795-0098 fax blp@abetterlegalpractice.com 5 Attorney for Plaintiff, Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sung Hong 6 EIGHT JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 7 COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA 8 TAE-SI KIM, an Individual, and JIN-SUNG CASE NO. A-17-756785-C HONG, an Individual. 9 DEPT. NO. Plaintiffs. 10 Department 24 V. 11 COMPLAINT GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP, (now 12 known as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP), a Nevada limited liability partnership; 13 DICKINSON WRIGHT, PLLC, a Nevada Professional limited liability company; 14 STEVE A. GIBSON, ESO., an Individual: 15 JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ. an Individual: JONATHAN M.A. SALLS. 16 ESQ., an Individual; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN, ESQ., an Individual; and MICHAEL G. 17 VARTANIAN, ESQ., an Individual; and DOES I through X, inclusive, and ROE 18 BUSINESS ENTITIES XI through XX. 19 inclusive, 20 Defendants. 21 COMES NOW, Plaintiffs, TAE-SI KIM and JIN-SUNG HONG, by and through their 22 attorney, BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESQ., of the law firm of BRANDON L. PHILLIPS. 23 ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC and hereby claims malpractice and negligent representation, along 24 other causes of action as set forth herein against GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP, (now known 25 as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP), a Nevada limited liability partnership; DICKINSON WRIGHT, 26 27 PLLC, a Nevada Professional limited liability company; STEVE A. GIBSON, ESQ., an Individual;

**Electronically Filed** 

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS Altomey at Lew, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicana Ave Suite 750 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89119

JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ. an Individual; JONATHAN M.A. SALLS, ESQ., an Individual; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN, ESQ., an Individual; and MICHAEL G. VARTANIAN, ESQ., an Individual, DOES I through X, and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X (collectively referred to here as "Defendants"), as follows:

### PARTIES I.

- 1. This lawsuit involves representation originally brought by the firm GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS LLP and then combined with the law firm DICKINSON WRIGHT, PLLC to bring claims on behalf of the Plaintiff in an action filed in the United States District Court, District of Nevada, Case No. 2:09-CV-02008-PMP-PAL.
- 2. Plaintiffs, TAE-SI KIM and JIN-SUNG HONG, (hereinafter individually as "KIM" or "HONG" or collectively as "Plaintiffs") is, and at all times pertinent hereto were and are residents of Clark County, Nevada.
- Upon information and belief the firm GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS LLP, now known as GIBSON LOWRY LLP, (hereinafter in as "GLB" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada limited liability partnership, engaged in the practice of law in the State of Nevada.
- Upon information and belief the firm DICKINSON WRIGHT PLLC, (hereinafter as "DWP" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada professional limited liability company, engaged in the practice of law in the State of Nevada.
- Upon information and belief Defendant Steve A. Gibson, Esq., (hereinafter "GIBSON" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada attorney retained to represent the Plaintiffs.
  - Upon information and belief Defendant Jodi Donetta Lowry, Esq., (hereinafter 6.

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"LOWRY" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada attorney retained to represent the Plaintiffs.

- 7. Upon information and belief Defendant Jonathan M. A. Salls, Esq., (hereinafter "SALLS" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada attorney retained to represent the Plaintiffs.
- 8. Upon information and belief Defendant Eric Dobberstein, Esq., (hereinafter "DOBBERSTEIN" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada attorney retained to represent the Plaintiffs.
- Upon information and belief Defendant Michael G. Vartanian, Esq., (hereinafter "VARTANIAN" or collectively with the other named parties as "DEFENDANTS") is and was a Nevada attorney retained to represent the Plaintiffs.

### II. VENUE

10. Pursuant to the Legal Services Agreement dated August 20, 2009 and the Amended Restated Legal Services Agreement dated May 31, 2012, Section 16 and 17, respectively, any and all disputes that arise out the representation must be decided by binding fee dispute arbitration in accordance with the rules of the State Bar of Nevada.

### III. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 11. On August 20, 2009, Plaintiffs retained the legal services of Defendant, GLB. memorialized through a written agreement.
- In accordance with the terms of the Legal Services Agreement, Plaintiffs were and 12. did tender \$30,000.00 with payments to be paid in six (6) equal monthly payments.
  - In accordance with the Agreement the Defendants were to represent the clients in

litigation against the defendants named in the action.

- 14. In accordance with the Agreement "Litigation" was defined as an action in a court in Nevada against the Relevant Persons that the Client and the Firm has a good faith belief have perpetrated civil wrongs against the Client(s) in connection with the Investment and/or breached contractual obligation(s) with respect to Client in connection with the Investment.
- 15. In accordance with the Agreement "Relevant Persons" was defined as any Person who solicited (or participated in the solicitation of) the Investment and/or any Person who engaged in effecting the Investment (whether directly or indirectly) during the time period that the Client engaged in activities aimed at securing ownership of the Investment.
- In accordance with the Agreement "Defendants" was defined as the Relevant 16. Persons that were named as "defendants" in the Litigation.
- 17. On October 15, 2009, GLB filed a Complaint in the United States District Court, District of Nevada under case No. 2:09-cv-02008-RFB-GWF.
- 18. On March 2, 2010, GLB filed an Amended Complaint in which additional Defendants were named and additional claims were brought. Specifically, claims against Charles M. Damus, Esq. for legal malpractice and negligent undertaking to perform services.
- On December 17, 2008, Plaintiffs had originally retained the services of Charles 19. M. Damus, Esq., to litigate and dispute certain real estate and other related claims regarding real property.
- On September of 2009, Plaintiffs terminated Damus due to the fact that no 20. complaint had been filed.
  - In the Amended Complaint it was alleged that Damus committed legal malpractice 21.

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30. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of the

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complaint as though fully set forth herein and incorporate the same herein by reference.

- 31. At all times relevant hereto, Defendants owed a duty of care to Plaintiffs to represent them in legal advice, communications, billing, and guidance in accordance with relevant legal standards of care within the practice of law.
- 32. Defendants breached the relevant duty of care by failing to adequately represent Plaintiffs in providing competent legal advice, full and accurate communications, accurate billing, and legal advice in accordance with relevant legal standards within the practice of law, as detailed more fully below.
- Specifically, Defendants were retained to file the appropriate complaints against certain Defendants as set forth in the Complaint and Amended Complaint.
- 34. Defendants were retained to file claims against defendant Damus, specifically for malpractice and negligent undertaking to perform services.
- 35. Defendants sucd Damus in the United States District Court of Nevada, despite the Court failing to have subject matter jurisdiction over the claim.
- 36. Defendants failed to bring any claim against Damus in the Eighth Judicial District Court of Nevada, or any other State Court with jurisdiction.
- A claim against defendant Damus had to brought, pursuant to statute, on or before
   September of 2011.
- 38. By failing to bring a claim against a named defendant, Damus, Defendants committed malpractice.
- 39. Defendants represented to Plaintiffs that a claim against Damus could be brought at the end of the United States District Court case.

- 40. Such a statement was statutorily false.
- 41. Defendants failed to advise Plaintiffs that the representation did not include filing a state claim against Damus.
- Defendants failed to inform Plaintiffs of any statutory period by which a claim must have been brought against Damus.
- 43. By the time Defendants informed Plaintiffs of their obligation to file a claim against Damus the statutory period had expired.
- 44. Due to Defendants actions, Plaintiffs have no recourse against Damus' malpractice and/or negligence.
- 45. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful act, Plaintiffs have been damaged in a sum in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).
- 46. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' malpractice, Plaintiffs have been required to retain the services of attorney Brandon L. Phillips, Esq., to prosecute this action, and they have incurred legal fees and costs, which this Arbitrator should require Defendants to pay.

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### (Intentional and Negligent Misrepresentation - Against all Defendants)

- 47. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of the complaint as though fully set forth herein and incorporate the same herein by reference.
- 48. The actions and representations described above were made intentionally, recklessly, and negligently.
  - 49. The actions and representations described above were material.

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The representations described above were reasonably relied on by Plaintiffs in that 50. they believed the named defendants in the litigation were being prosecuted properly and adequately.

- 51. Said reliance by Plaintiffs actually and proximately caused Plaintiffs damages in an amount to be proven at trial, but no less than the amount of money spent on Damus, Defendants, and amounts unable to recover against the other named defendants in the litigation.
- Damus was the only defendant that carried insurance coverage that allowed 52. Plaintiffs certain assurances of recovery.
- 53. In performing the acts and omissions described herein, Defendants acted with oppression, fraud, or malice.
- 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful act, Plaintiffs have been damaged in a sum in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00).
- As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiffs have been 55. required to retain the services of attorney Brandon L. Phillips, Esq., to prosecute this action, and they have incurred legal fees and costs, which this Arbitrator should require Defendants to pay.

### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### (Breach of Fiduciary Duties - Against all Defendants)

- Plaintiffs repeat and reallege the allegations of the preceding paragraphs of the 56. complaint as though fully set forth herein and incorporate the same herein by reference.
- Defendants, as attorneys for Plaintiffs, owed Plaintiffs a fiduciary duty to preserve 57. and protect Plaintiffs' interests, rights, and opportunities.
  - Defendants by virtue of the actions and failures to act as described herein, breached 58.

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Tae-Si Kim, have reviewed the Complaint and verify under penalty of perjury that the facts alleged in the foregoing Complaint are true and correct to the best of my information, knowledge, and/or belief.

Dated: May 1, 2017.

Mrs. Tae-Si Kim

**Electronically Filed** 10/17/2017 1:57 PM

# MORRIS LAW GROUP E. BONNEVILLE AVE., STE. 360 · LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 702/474-9400 · FAX 702/474-9422

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Granting Dickinson Wright's Motion to Dismiss ("Order") was entered in this action on the 17th day of October, 2017. A copy of the Order is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

### MORRIS LAW GROUP

By: Steve Morris, NV Bar No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, NV Bar No. 9108 411 E. Bonneville Ave., Ste. 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants Dickinson Wright, PLLC, Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and Michael G. Vartanian

# MORRIS LAW GROUP 411 E. BONNEVILLE AVE., STE. 360 - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 702/474-9400 - FAX 702/474-9422

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(D) and E.D.C.R. 8.05, I
certify that I am an employee of MORRIS LAW GROUP and that on the
date below, I caused the following document to be served via the Court's
Odyssey E-Filing system: NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER. The date ar
time of the electronic proof of service is in place of the date and place of
deposit in the mail.
TO:
Brandon L. Phillips, NV Bar No. 12264 BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 blb@abetterlegalpractice.com
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DATED this 17th day of October, 2017.

By: Paty Came



OGM

**Electronically Filed** 10/17/2017 9:52 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COUR ORDER GRANTING DICKINSON WRIGHT'S MOTION TO DISMISS

Case Number: A-17-756785-C

This matter came before the Court on September 26, 2017 for hearing on Defendants Dickinson Wright, PLLC, Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and Michael G. Vartanian's (collectively "Dickinson Wright") Motion to Dismiss. Brandon Phillips appeared for Plaintiffs. Ryan Lower appeared for Dickinson Wright. The Court, having considered the motion papers filed in support of and in opposition to Dickinson Wright's motion to dismiss, and having heard the argument of counsel, HEREBY FINDS:

- (1) The plaintiffs allege the defendants committed malpractice because they did not file a legal malpractice action in state court against attorney Charles Damus on or before Septembér 2011, after that claim against Damus in a multi-party case in federal court had been dismissed on December 6, 2010 in a non-final and non-appealable order;
- (2) Under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(d), the statute of limitations against Damus was tolled until September 4, 2015 when the federal action was finally dismissed. Plaintiffs' claims against Damus could have been brought in state court at that time and thereafter, as Dickinson Wright clearly advised plaintiffs when the firm terminated its representation of them on July 30, 2015;
- (3) Based on Nevada's litigation tolling rule, plaintiffs' legal malpractice claim against Damus did not accrue until the conclusion of the federal action when their damages became certain;
- (4) Under the attorney judgment rule, Dickinson Wright's exercise of professional judgment as to when plaintiffs could re-file their claims against Damus in state court is not, as a matter of law, actionable in this case;
- (5) The plaintiffs' claims against Dickinson Wright are time-barred under NRS 11.270;

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(6) Plaintiffs included new allegations in their opposition (Opp. 2:27–3:11, 5:17–22, 8:11–9:2, 10:14–11:7) that were not alleged in the complaint and an improper request for leave to amend (Opp. 12:4–9) that did not comply with EDCR 2.30(a); nevertheless, the new allegations did not plead any facts or legal theories that would overcome the deficiencies in the complaint or require the Court to deny this motion.

Based on these FINDINGS, and good cause appearing IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- (1) Dickinson Wright's Motion to Dismiss is GRANTED;
- (2) The action is DISMISSED, without prejudice; and
- (3) Plaintiffs' request for leave to amend is DENIED.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

DATED: October 12, 2017

Approved by: BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC

By: NOT SIGNED

Brandon L. Phillips, NV Bar No. 12264 1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Submitted by:

MORRIS LAW GROUP

Steve Morris, NV Bar No. 1543

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Attorneys for Defendants Dickinson Wright, PLLC,

Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A.

Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and Michael G. Vartanian

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MOT

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESQ

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Attorney for Plaintiffs, Tae-Si Kim and Jin-Sung Hong

### EIGHT JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT COUNTY OF CLARK, STATE OF NEVADA

TAE-SI KIM, an Individual, and JIN-SUNG HONG, an Individual.

Plaintiffs,

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GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP, (now known as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP), a Nevada limited liability partnership; DICKINSON WRIGHT, PLLC, a Nevada Professional limited liability company; STEVE A. GIBSON, ESQ., an Individual; JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ. an Individual; JONATHAN M.A. SALLS, ESQ., an Individual; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN, ESQ., an Individual; and MICHAEL VARTANIAN, ESQ., an Individual; and DOES I through X, inclusive, and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES XI through XX, inclusive,

CASE NO. A-17-756785-C

DEPT. NO. XXIV

Defendants.

# PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO RECONSIDER DISMISSAL OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIMS AGAINST DICKINSON WRIGHT

COMES NOW, Plaintiffs TAE-SI KIM and JIN-SUNG HONG, by and through their counsel of record, Brandon L. Phillips, Esq., of Brandon L. Phillips, PLLC, and hereby submit their Motion for Reconsideration of this Court's Order Granting Dismissal of Plaintiff's Claims Against Dickinson Wright.

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BRANCON L PHILLIPS Altomby at Law, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicano Ave Buile 750 12 VEGAS, NEVADA BRIGR

1	This Motion is made and based upon the pleadings and papers on file herein, the
2	accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the attached exhibits, including an and
3	any and all oral argument, this Court may entertain at the time of the hearing on this matter.
4	
5	DATED this 6th day of November, 2017.
6	BRANDON L. PHILLIPS,
7	ATTORNEY AT LAW PLLC
8	BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESQ.
9	Nevada Bar No. 12264
	1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750
10	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Phone: (702) 795-0097, Fax: (702) 795-0098
11	Attorney for Plaintffs
12	
13	NOTICE OF MOTION
14	TO: ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:
15	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the undersigned will bring the foregoing PLAINTIFFS'
16	MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION, on for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the
17	7 day of DEC. , 2017, at the hour of 9:00 a.m/p.m., in Department No. XXIV,
18	
19	or as soon thereafter as counsel for Plaintiff can be heard.
20	DATED this 6th day of November, 2017.
21	BRANDON L. PHILLIPS,
22	ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC
23	ES Thick
24	BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESQ.
25	Nevada Bar No. 12264
- 1	1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750
26	Las Vegas, Nevada 89119
27	(702) 795-0097, (702) 795-0098 fax Attorney for Plaintiffs
28	

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### Introduction

Plaintiffs bring the instant Motion for Reconsideration pursuant to EDCR 2.24 and NRCP 15, and request that the Court reconsider its decision granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, It is Plaintiffs' position that Defendants' Motion should have been denied based on the legal authority cited by Defendants. In particular, Defendants' Motion should have been denied as there were multiple factual issues that should have prevented this Court from granting the Motion, which includes:

- Whether an underlying action existed. Plaintiffs' argue herein that there was no underlying action, in which, the malpractice had been committed because the malpractice alleged against Damus arose out of the fact that he failed to timely file any action prior expiration of the statutory period to prevent the sale of Plaintiffs' property. Thus, the conclusion of the Federal case was irrelevant and did not toll the action against Damus.
- 2. Whether Plaintiffs' damages against Damus were realized at the time Defendants' filed the action against Damus. Plaintiffs' argue their damages were realized since they had lost their real property due to foreclosure. The loss of real property causes irreparable harm. Since, Plaintiffs had their real property there was no need to look any further than filing a claim against Damus. Failure to properly proceed with a claim against Damus was malpractice.
- 3. Whether the attorney judgment rule was applicable to the instant circumstances. There is no dispute that Plaintiffs' hired the Defendants to pursue an action against Damus. Defendants in fact did pursue a claim against Damus, confirming their obligation to sue Damus. Defendants were paid by Plaintiffs to sue. The fact that Defendants' sued Damus in federal court, which had no jurisdiction, does not relieve Defendants responsibility to sue Damus in a proper venue.
- Whether Plaintiffs' Claims Were Barred by NRS 11.207.

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### II. Statement of Facts

On August 20, 2009, Plaintiffs retained the legal services of Defendant, GLB, memorialized through a written agreement. In accordance with the terms of the Legal Services Agreement, Plaintiffs were required to and did tender \$30,000.00 with payments to be paid in six (6) equal monthly payments. In accordance with the Agreement the Defendants were to represent the clients in litigation against the defendants named in the action.

In accordance with the Agreement "Litigation" was defined as an action in a court in Nevada against the Relevant Persons that the Client and the Firm has a good faith belief have perpetrated civil wrongs against the Client(s) in connection with the Investment and/or breached contractual obligation(s) with respect to Client in connection with the Investment.

In accordance with the Agreement "Relevant Persons" was defined as any Person who solicited (or participated in the solicitation of) the Investment and/or any Person who engaged in effecting the Investment (whether directly or indirectly) during the time period that the Client engaged in activities aimed at securing ownership of the Investment.

In accordance with the Agreement "Defendants" was defined as the Relevant Persons that were named as "defendants" in the Litigation.

On October 15, 2009, GLB filed a Complaint in the United States District Court, District of Nevada under case No. 2:09-cv-02008-RFB-GWF. On March 2, 2010, GLB filed an Amended Complaint in which additional Defendants were named and additional claims were brought. Specifically, claims against Charles M. Damus, Esq. for legal malpractice and negligent undertaking to perform services.

On December 17, 2008, Plaintiffs had originally retained the services of Charles M.

Damus, Esq., to litigate and dispute certain real estate and other related claims regarding real property. Importantly, Damus was retained to prevent the foreclosure of the Property of which Plaintiffs had tendered all payments. On September of 2009, Plaintiffs terminated Damus due to the fact that no complaint had been filed and the foreclosure had occurred.

In the Amended Complaint it was alleged that Damus committed legal malpractice and negligent undertaking to perform services. In Damus' Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction it was admitted that he attempted to negotiate with Adam Kearney and was aware of the pending foreclosure. After the foreclosure sale, without the filing of case to prevent the foreclosure, Damus was terminated. Since Plaintiffs lost title to the Property and Damus had taken no reasonable steps to prevent the foreclosure sale, malpractice was clear and obvious.

On October 5, 2010, Damus filed a Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction. On October 22, 2010, the firm Dickinson Wright, PLLC filed Plaintiffs' Response to Defendant Charles M. Damus, Esq.'s Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction.

On November 1, 2010, Damus filed a Reply to the Opposition. On December 6, 2010, the Court entered an Order Granting Damus' Motion to Dismiss.

The Defendants admitted they never initiated a claim in the District Court against Damus.

Any claim against Damus for malpractice should have been brought on or before the termination date two years later.

On May 31, 2012, Plaintiffs entered into an Amended and Restated Legal services Agreement with Dickinson Wright PLLC, which combined practices with GLB. Defendants continued to pursue claims against the remaining defendants in the case. On July 30, 2015,

Plaintiffs received an email from Defendant Vartanian acknowledging that no suit had been filed against Damus and that as of the date of that email representation of the Plaintiffs had ended.

### III.

### Legal Argument

A. EDCR 2.24 Provides This Court Authority to Reconsider Its Order Granting

Defendant's Motions to Dismiss.

EDCR 2.24, entitled "Rehearing of motions," governs the instant Motion for Reconsideration, and provides this Court with the authority to reconsider its decision granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. Specifically, EDCR 2.24 states, in pertinent part, as follows:

- (a) No motions once heard and disposed of may be renewed in the same cause, nor may the same matters therein embraced be reheard, unless by leave of the court granted upon motion therefor, after notice of such motion to the adverse parties.
- (c) If a motion for rehearing is granted, the court may make a final disposition of the cause without reargument or may reset it for reargument or resubmission or may make such other orders as are deemed appropriate under the circumstances of the particular case.

EDCR 2.24(a) (emphasis added). Thus, the Nevada Supreme Court has long held, "A district court may reconsider a previously decided issue if substantially different evidence is subsequently introduced or the decision is clearly erroneous." *Masonry and Tile Contractor's Association of Southern Nevada v. Jolley, Urga & Wirth, Ltd.*, 113 Nev. 737, 741, 941 P.2d 486, 489 (1997). Therefore, this Court has the authority, pursuant to EDCR 2.24 to reconsider the previously decided issues raised in Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and to make such other

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orders as are deemed appropriate under the circumstances of this case, specifically to confirm that issues of fact exist and a motion to dismiss at this stage in the litigation is improper.

### B. The Was No Underlying Action.

Defendants' Motion to Dismiss and Reply argue that the claims against Damus were tolled until the underlying lawsuit in which the malpractice allegedly occurred had been resolved. Brady. Vorwerck, Ryder & Caspino v. New Albertson's Inc., 130 Nev. Adv. Op. 68, 333 P.3d 229, 235 (2014). In Defendant's Reply they state, "The underlying federal litigation in which Damus was alleged to have committed malpractice did not finally conclude until September 4, 2015, when it was dismissed with prejudice." (Reply Pg. 6, Ln. 7-9). The argument misconstrues the facts of the present action. In the Brady case, the malpractice occurred during the litigation process, thus the plaintiff therein was not required to bring an action for malpractice until the case had concluded, the claim for malpractice was tolled. Those issues are substantially factually different than the present set of facts. Specifically, Damus had allegedly committed malpractice prior to the institution of the Federal case against him, he did not commit malpractice during the Federal litigation, his alleged malpractice had already been committed. Therefore, there was no action to toll against Damus because Damus could not cure the malpractice. As Plaintiffs' referenced in their Opposition, it is important that their damages were realized because it is an essential element of the malpractice claim. The only tolling that would have occurred, would by Plaintiffs' claims against the present Defendants. Not Plaintiffs' alleged claims against Damus.

Further, Plaintiffs' argument is supported by Semenza v. Nev. Med. Liab. Ins. Co., 104 Nev. 666, 668, 765 P.2d 184, 186 (1998). The Court in Semenza, again details that a claim of malpractice is speculative when the underlying case is still pending. In applying that same reasoning to the instant matter, this Court must determine whether Plaintiffs claims against Damus

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were speculative, even though there was no underlying action, essentially, could Damus cure his malpractice by resolution of the case. The answer to the question is a resounding, negative. The claims against Damus were realized in that Plaintiffs' had lost their property to foreclosure by failure of Damus to timely file suit. (This is the underlying action. Damus failed to file that action, thus sealing his fate, a valid malpractice claim, as Plaintiffs' were statutorily barred from bringing their claims to prevent the foreclosure or set aside the foreclosure).

Since, Plaintiffs' claims against Damus were realized, his dismissal from the Federal Court action allowed the statute to continue to run. There could be no tolling of Plaintiffs' malpractice claims against Damus as the damages had already been realized. Therefore, Defendants' argument that Plaintiff's claims must be dismissed as they still could bring suit against Damus do not hold water. The resolution of the underlying case, using the term loosely as there was no actual underlying case, had been completed or worded alternatively the malpractice had been completed, the damages were realized, and Damus had no ability to cure/offset the damages. Thus, a claim had to brought against Damus no later than December 6, 2012.

## C. Plaintiffs' Damages Were Realized.

As alluded to above, Plaintiffs' damages were realized thereby setting in motion the malpractice claims against Damus. This is a critical factor in Plaintiffs' claims against the present Defendants. In *Brady* and *Semenza*, the Court's focused on the fact that the plaintiffs therein had speculative damages because the underlying case was not procedurally completed and there were still reasonable alternatives for resolution of the matters. Those factual matters are in contrast to the Plaintiffs' claims against Damus. The claims against Damus were valid as the malpractice had been committed and the statutory time to cure that malpractice had run. Since, Plaintiffs could no longer reacquire their real property, their damages were realized. Therefore, Plaintiffs' claims for

malpractice against Damus were valid and not speculative. Defendants confuse this matter by claiming the underlying action was the Federal suit. Damus did not commit malpractice during the Federal suit as he did not represent the Plaintiffs during that action. The only malpractice claims that could be tolled during the Federal action would be claims against the present Defendants.

# D. Attorney Judgment Rule is Not Applicable.

Defendants allege that they informed Plaintiffs that they could sue Damus at the conclusion of the Federal Action. (Defendants' Reply, Pg. 7, Ln. 5-6). Defendants' allege that they reviewed the alleged relevant statutes and concluded that Plaintiffs could bring their claims against Damus at the conclusion of the Federal Action. This alone does not relieve the Defendants of a possible malpractice claim. Based the cases, as referenced above, it is clear that since there was no underlying action, the claims against Damus should have been brought prior to the conclusion of the Federal action. Further, as Plaintiffs' alleged in the Complaint, malpractice was committed when Defendants brought suit against Damus in Federal Court. The Federal Court had no jurisdiction over Damus based on the state law claims of malpractice and unjust enrichment and the lack of diversity between the parties. Since the Defendants had been retained to bring an action against Damus there remains a factual dispute as to whether the filing of the Federal Action against Damus constituted malpractice. Additionally, a factual issue remains regarding whether the Defendants had a duty, within their scope of their representation of the Plaintiffs, to bring a state action against Damus.

# E. Plaintiff's Malpractice Claim Was Timely Filed.

Dickinson Wright alleged that they terminated their representation as of July 30, 2015.

Plaintiffs brought their cause of action against the Defendants on June 12, 2017. As detailed

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above, any claim against the Defendants for malpractice were tolled so long as the action was pending. The Federal Action was not dismissed until September of 2017. NRS 11.207, requires that a claim of malpractice be brought ". . . 4 years after the plaintiff sustains damage or within 2 years after the plaintiff discovers or through the use of reasonable diligence should have discovered the material facts which constitute the cause of action, whichever occurs earlier." Defendants cannot have it both ways. Defendants allege this prevents Plaintiffs from bringing their cause of action of malpractice because they knew their damages in 2011. Assuming that is true, which was also confirmed by Defendants filing the complaint against Damus, it remained Defendants responsibility to sue Damus in Federal Court. Unless, as Plaintiffs' argue their claims of malpractice were tolled as confirmed by Bradley and Semenza. Thus, Plaintiffs' action was timely.

### IV.

### CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully requests this Court reconsider its decision granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss and find that factual and legal issues exists as to whether Defendants committed malpractice.

DATED this 6th day of November, 2017.

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY-AT, LAW, PLLO

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ESO

Nevada Bar No. 12264

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Attorney for Plaintiffs

BRANDON L. PHILLIPS Attorney at Law, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicana Ave. Suite 750 as VEGAS, NEVADA 89169

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# MORRIS LAW GROUP 411 E. BONNEVILLE AVE., STE. 360 - LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 702/474-9400 - FAX 702/474-9422

	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an Order Denying Plaintiffs'
Motion to	Reconsider Dismissal of Plaintiffs' Claims Against Dickinson
Wright w	as entered in this action on the 12th day of December, 2017. A
copy of th	e Order is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

# MORRIS LAW GROUP

By: Steve Morris, NV Bar No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, NV Bar No. 9108 411 E. Bonneville Ave., Ste. 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Defendants Dickinson Wright, PLLC, Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and Michael G. Vartanian

# MORRIS LAW GROUP 411 E. BONNEVILLE AVE., STE. 360 • LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89101 702/474-9400 • FAX 702/474-9422

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(D) and E.D.C.R. 8.05, I
certify that I am an employee of MORRIS LAW GROUP and that on the
date below, I caused the following document to be served via the Court's
Odyssey E-Filing system: NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER. The date and
time of the electronic proof of service is in place of the date and place of
deposit in the mail.
TO:
Brandon L. Phillips, NV Bar No. 12264 BRANDON L. PHILLIPS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, PLLC 1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 blb@abetterlegalpractice.com
DID Babetteriegaipractice.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DATED this 12th day of December, 2017.

An employee of Morris Law Group

# Exhibit A

			Electronically Filed 12/12/2017 10:35 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT		
1	ODM		Stevent. Fre		
2	Steve Morris, NV Bar No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, NV Bar No. 9108				
3	MORRIS LAW GROUP				
4	411 E. Bonneville Ave., Stc. 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101				
5	Telephone: (702) 474-9400 Email: sm@morrislawgroup.com				
6	Email: rml@morrislawgroup.com				
7	Attorneys for Defendants				
8	Dickinson Wright, PLLC, Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A.				
9	Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and				
10	Michael G. Vartanian				
11	DISTRICT COURT				
12	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
13	TAE-SI KIM, an Individual, and	) Case No. A-17-	756785-C		
14	JIN-SUNG HONG, an Individual,	) ) Dept. No. XXIV	į –		
15	Plaintiffs,	)			
16	v.	)			
17	GIBSON LOWRY BURRIS, LLP,		ING PLAINTIFFS' RECONSIDER		
18	(now known as GIBSON LOWRY, LLP), a Nevada limited liability	DISMISSAL C	F PLAINTIFFS'		
19	partnership; DICKINSON	) CLAIMS AGA ) WRIGHT	INST DICKINSON		
20	WRIGHT, PLLC, a Nevada Professional limited liability	WRIGHT			
21	company; STEVE A. GIBSON, ESQ., an Individual; JODI DONETTA	}			
22	LOWRY, ESQ., an Individual;	3			
23	JONATHAN M.A. SALLS, ESQ., an Individual; ERIC DOBBERSTEIN,	}			
24	ESQ., an Individual; and MICHAEL	į			
	G. VARTANIAN, ESQ., an Individual; and DOES I through X,	}			
25	inclusive, and ROE BUSINESS	į			
26	ENTITIES XI through XX, inclusive,	)			
27	Defendants.	j			
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This matter came before the Court on December 5, 2017 for hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Dismissal of Plaintiffs' Claims against Dickinson Wright. Brandon Phillips appeared for Plaintiffs. Ryan Lower appeared for Dickinson Wright, PLLC, Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and Michael G. Vartanian (collectively "Dickinson Wright"). Jodi Donetta Lowry appeared for Gibson Lowry Burris LLP, a non-existent entity. The Court, having considered the motion papers filed in support of and in opposition to the motion, and having heard the argument of counsel, HEREBY FINDS:

- (1) Plaintiffs' motion fails to address 28 U.S.C. § 1367(d)—a dispositive part of the court's October 17, 2017 order—which renders reconsideration a moot point;
- (2) Plaintiffs' motion does not meet the standard for reconsideration;
- (3) Plaintiffs' motion does not present any newly discovery or substantially different evidence;
- (4) Plaintiffs' motion re-argues their prior opposition to the motion to dismiss and makes arguments they could have raised before; and
- (5) Plaintiffs fail to show that the dismissal order was clearly erroneous.

Based on these FINDINGS, and good cause appearing IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- Plaintiffs' Motion to Reconsider Dismissal of Plaintiffs'
   Claims against Dickinson Wright is DENIED;
  - (2) Dickinson Wright's request for sanctions is DENIED.

1	DATEI
2	Approved by: BRANDON L. PHILLIPS,
3	ATTORNEY AT LAW PLLC
4	By: Stall
5	Brandon L. Phillips, NV Bar No. 12264
6	1455 E. Tropicana Ave., Suite 750 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
7	Submitted by:
8	MORRIS LAW GROUP
9	Ву:
10	Ryan M. Lower, NV Bar No. 1543 Ryan M. Lower, NV Bar No. 9108
11	411 E. Bonneville Ave., Ste. 360 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
12	
13	Attorneys for Defendants Dickinson Wright, PLLC,
14	Jodi Donetta Lowry, Jonathan M.A. Salls, Eric Dobberstein, and
15	Michael G. Vartanian
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# EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Case No.: A-17-756785-C

Dept. No.: XXIV

TROPOSED ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT GIBSON LOWRY **BURRIS LLP'S MOTION TO DISMISS** 

This matter having come before this Court for hearing on December 5, 2017, with J.D.

Lowry, Esq. appearing on behalf of the Defendant nonexistent entity Gibson Lowry Burris LLP

All punctuation and capitalization sic.

# GIBSON LOWRY LLP 7495 West Azure Drive, Suire 233 Las Vegas, Nevada 89130 Main (702) 541-7888 \* Fax (702) 541-7899

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# Order Granting Defendant Gibson Lowry Burris LLP'S Motion to Dismiss Eighth Judicial District Court Case # A-17-756785-C Kim et al. v Gibson Lowry Burris LLP

("Defendant"), and Brandon L. Phillips, Esq. appearing on behalf of Plaintiffs, and the Court having reviewed Defendant's Motion to Dismiss (the "Motion"), with Plaintiffs not having opposed same and good cause appearing therefor, the Court ORDERS, ADJUDGES, AND DECREES that the Motion is GRANTED. Defendant is DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this 20 day of Decembe, 2017.

DISTRICT JUDGE

Submitted by:

STEVEN A. GIBSON, ESQ.

Nevada Bar No. 6656

JODI DONETTA LOWRY, ESQ.

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Attorneys for Plaintiff/Counterdefendant