, Case NO. PI16-1044

2. Dept. No. 1

3 Pursuand to TURS 239 B. 035,

4. This document does not contain the

5 Social Security number of any Person.

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FEB 08 2018

CLERK OF SUPREME OF THE STATE WAS DEPUTY CLERK

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

W TEDDIE C. CRAIG.

NOTICE OF APPEAL

Ploantiff,

B. VS.

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ir .

4. DR. WILLIAM DONNIELLY et al

15 Defendants

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NETICEIS GIVEN that Plaintiff Teddie C. Crais

15 MPTO SE METERS affects to the Newada Sufreme.

17 Court, The Judge's ORDER GRANTING DEFERIDARTS.

A MITION TO DISMISS & 1983 Civil Rights Complaint,

a and relevant documents on File with this court, Filed,

22 and dated January /23/3015.

23.

on Dated this 31 day of Im 2018

FEB 0 6 2018

ELIZABETH A. BROWN

CLEAT OF SUPREME COURT

DEPITY OF SUPREME COURT

Name TEddie Cerry + 62269

LCC-1200 Prison Ret Lovelock, no stal 9

Plantist In Pro Se 10-110228

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
2	I do certify that I mailed a true and correct copy of the
3	foregoing NOTICE OF APPEAL to the below address(es) on this
4	3/ day of, 20/8/, by placing same in the
5	U.S. Mail via prison law library staff:
	U.S. Mail Via prison law library scale.
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7	To ddic Carried # 62269 Lovelock Correctional Center
8	1200 Prison Road
19	Lovelock, Nevada 89419
20	Petitioner In Pro Se
21	AFFIRMATION PURSUANT TO NRS 239B.030
22	The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding
23	THE MIMETATANAM MADE TOTAL

The undersigned does hereby affirm that the preceding NOTICE OF APPEAL filed in District Court Case No. PT/6-1044 does not contain the social security number of any person.

Dated	this	3/	day (of .	Jm_	_,	20_/8
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1 Tradite Cours

Petitioner In Pro Se

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IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF

NEVADA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

TEDDIE C. CRAIG,
Appellant,
Vs.

CASE APPEAL STATEMENT
)

DR. DONNELLY, et al., Respondents

Case No. PI 16-1044

Dept No. I

- 1. Name of appellant filing this case appeal statement: Teddie C. Craig
- 2. Identify the judge issuing the decision, judgment or order appealed from:

Honorable Jim C. Shirley

3. Identify each appellant and the name and address of counsel for each appellant: (the use of et al. to denote parties is prohibited):

Pro Per appellant: Teddie C. Craig Inmate No. 62269 1200 Prison Rd./LCC Lovelock, NV 89419 Pro Per for Appellant

4. Identify each respondent and the name and address of counsel (the use of et al. to denote parties is prohibited):

Dr. Donnelly, Nurse Ballantyne, Nurse Nancy, Nurse Donnelly, Sgt. Chappy and Heather B. Zana-Deputy Attorney General, 100 North Carson St., Carson City, NV 89701

13. If this is a civil case, indicate whether this appeal involves the possibility of settlement: No, an Order Granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss was filed on 1/23/18.

Dated this 5th day of February, 2018

Court Clerk

Dawn Bequette PO Box H

Lovelock, NV 89419 (775) 273-2410 Kuii: 02/03/10 Case Summary 09:38:22

Case #: PI-16-1044

SHIRLEY, JIM C Judge:

Date Filed: 09/13/16 Department: 01

Case Type: CVRVIO CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATION

Title/Caption: Teddie C. Craig

Dr. Donnelly, et al

Defendant(s) DR. DONNELLY

Attorney(s) ATTORNEY GENERAL

Plaintiff(s) CRAIG, TEDDIE C. Attorney(s)

Fees

PRO PER

Disp/Judgment: MTDS Date: 06/22/17

Filings:			
Date	Ptv	Filing TALLEDYA DAUDEDIS	FILED
9/13/16	P	A DOL TOMBLONG TO DDOCKED IN FORMA PAUPERALD	FILED
9/13/16	P	CERTIFICATE OF INMATE'S INSTITUTIONAL ACCOUNT	FILED
10/14/16	Ĉ	THEODER DAILDERTS	FILED
10/11/16	P		ISSUED
10/26/16	P		ISSUED
1/09/17	P		FILED
1/25/17	P	SUMMONS 1/BALLANTYNE SUMMONS 5/DONNELLY-BALLANTYNE-NANCY-DONNELLY-CHAPPY	FILED
3/03/17	D	ANSWER TO COMPLAINT	FILED
3/15/17	P	REPLY TO DEFENDANT'S ANSWER	FILED
6/22/17	D		
6/30/17	P	MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT PURSUANT TO NEVADAT	FILED
0,00,00	P		${ t FILED}$
6/30/17		MOTION TO STRIKE NRS 41.031 PURSUANT TO NRCP 12F	N
7/06/17	_		
,, , , , ,	D		FILED
	D		Ī
7/13/17			ļ 1
,, 15, 1.	P	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION IN OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS TO STAY PROCEEDINGS, PENDING DECISION ON DEFENDANTS TO STAY PROCEEDINGS, PENDING DECISION ON DEFENDANTS	•
	P	MOTTON TO DISMISS PLAINITF 5 COM-	FILED
	P	SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION	
7/19/17	D	REPLY IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS! MOTION	,
	D	PROCEEDINGS PENDING DECISION OF DEFENDANCE OF SUBJECT TO DISMISS PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FOR LACK OF SUBJECT	CT
	D	TO DISMISS PLAINTIFF'S COMMITTEE TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL	FILED
	D	MATTER JURISDICTION OF MOTION	FILED
11/07/17	7 P	REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION OF MOTION MOTION TO EXPEDITE ACTION PURSUANT TO TITLE-28:1567 -	
1/12/18	3 P	MOTION TO EXPEDITE ACTION PURSUANT TO TITLE COMPLAINT & RELEVANT TO 42 U.S.C. 1983 CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLAINT &	×
·	P	RELEVANT TO 42 U.S.C. 1905 CLVL	FILED
	P	MOTION TO SHOW CAUSE	FILED
1/12/18		REQUEST FOR SUBMISSION OF MOTION ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS	FILED
1/23/1		ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS	FILED FILED
1/23/1		NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER	FILED
2/02/1		NOTICE OF APPEAL	r Tren
2/05/1	8 C	CASE APPEAL STATEMENT	

FILED

Case No. PI 16-1044 Dept. No. 1

2018 JAN 23 AM 9: 57

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030, this document does not contain the social security number of any person.

Office

IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

TEDDIE C. CRAIG, Plaintiff,)
VS.	ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS
DR. DONNELLY, et al., Defendants.	

THE ABOVE-ENTITELD MATTER came before the Court on January 18, 2018, for a determination on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss filed on June 22, 2017. Defendants' Motion asserts that the failure of the Plaintiff to name the State of Nevada deprives this Court of subject matter jurisdiction, thus mandating that the case be dismissed. After reviewing Defendants' Motion, Plaintiff's Response, and the other filings in this case, the Court grants the Motion for the following reasons:

I. Facts/Procedural History

Plaintiff, Teddy Craig, is an inmate in the custody of the Nevada Department of Corrections ("NDOC"). Plaintiff filed the underlying civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 on October 14, 2016, alleging violations of his first, eighth, and fourteenth amendment rights due retaliatory actions, destruction of personal property, and the prescription of inappropriate medication. Complaint at 3. Defendants filed an Answer to Complaint, denying the allegations, on March 3, 2017, and Plaintiff filed a Reply to Defendants' Answer on March 15, 2017. Subsequently, Defendants' filed their Motion to Dismiss, claiming that the State of Nevada

and the NDOC are shielded from this action by sovereign immunity. Motion to Dismiss at 1. Specifically, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff did not properly name the State of Nevada or the NDOC as required by state law, thus depriving this Court of subject matter jurisdiction. <u>Id.</u> at 1-

Strike NRS 41.031 Pursuant to NRCP 12(f) on June 30, 2017, attempting to correct the jurisdictional problems by withdrawing claims under that statute. At the same time, Plaintiff filed Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss & Motion by Plaintiff to Order Defendants to Respond to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment – Rule (56) ("Plaintiff's Opposition"). Again, in Plaintiff's Opposition, Plaintiff states that he is "hereby withdraw[ing] (NRS 41.031) from this action. Plaintiff's Opposition at 3.

Additionally, within Plaintiff's Opposition, he claims that the NDOC is an arm of the State and is not a person for the purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 1983, "therefore Plaintiff deny [sic] any claims as the State of Nevada or (N.D.O.C.) Plaintiff only claim [sic] the named defendants in their individual capacity under the color of State law." Plaintiff's Opposition at 3.

Subsequently, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Summary Judgment Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure Rule (56); Defendants filed a Motion to Stay Proceedings Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; Plaintiff filed a Motion in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Stay Proceedings Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; Defendants filed Reply in Support Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; and Plaintiff filed a Motion to Expedite Action Pursuant to Title – 28:1567 – Relevant to 42 U.S.C. 1983 Civil Rights Complaint & Motion to Show Cause.

²⁶ Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss & Motion

1 Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Respond to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary
by Plaintiff to Order Defendants to Respond to Plaintiff's Motion to Strike

Judgment - Rule (56) was stapled to the back of Plaintiff's Motion to Strike

NRS 41.031 Pursuant to NRCP 12(f) and was therefore never filed as a separate

NRS 41.031 Fursuant to NRCF 12(1) and was cheffed and if it were filed document. Nevertheless, the Court considered the document as if it were filed properly.

II. Legal Standard

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The authority of a court to adjudicate any case is based on a court having subject matter jurisdiction over the case. Any party may contest a court's subject matter jurisdiction and "[w]henever it appears by suggestion of the parties or otherwise that the court lacks jurisdiction of the subject matter, the court shall dismiss the action." NRCP 12(h)(3). "Lack of subject matter jurisdiction can be raised at any time during the proceedings and is not waivable." Mainor v. Nault, 120 Nev. 750, 761 n.9, 101 P.3d 308, 315 n.9 (2004) (citing Swan v. Swan, 106 Nev. 464, 469, 796 P.2d 221, 224 (1990)). A waiver of sovereign immunity is a prerequisite to the Court's exercise of subject matter jurisdiction. See Presidential Gardens Assocs. v. United States ex rel. Sec'y of Hous. & Urban Dev., 175 F.3d 132, 139 (2d Cir.1999); Feist v. Dirr, 609 S.E.111, 114 (2004) (trial courts lack subject matter jurisdiction in the absence of a waiver of sovereign immunity); Federal Deposit Ins. Corp. v. Peabody, N.E., Inc., 239 Conn. 93, 99, 680 A.2d 1321 (1996) ("[T]he doctrine of sovereign immunity implicates subject matter jurisdiction and is therefore a basis for granting a motion to dismiss." (Internal quotation marks omitted.)); Texas Department of Transportation v. Jones, 8 S.W.3d 636, 638 (Tex.1999) (governmental immunity from suit defeats a trial court's subject matter jurisdiction); Lamar University v. Doe, 971 S.W.2d 191, 195 (Tex.App.-Beaumont, 1998) (when a lawsuit is barred by sovereign immunity, dismissal with prejudice for want of jurisdiction is proper); Williams v. Davenport, 306 Ill.App.3d 465, 467-68, 239 Ill.Dec. 374, 713 N.E.2d 1224 (1999) (must have specific waiver of sovereign immunity); Johnson v. Clarke, 258 Neb. 316, 603 N.W.2d 373 (1999) (If an action is barred by sovereign immunity, the district court lacks subject matter jurisdiction over the proceeding); and Riley v. State, 244 Neb. 250, 254-55, 506 N.W.2d 45, 48 (1993).

III. Analysis

Defendants argue that Plaintiff's Complaint should be dismissed because Plaintiff failed to take the necessary steps to invoke the sovereign immunity waiver under the statute. Under the doctrine of sovereign immunity, generally, the state and its political subdivisions enjoy blanket immunity from tort liability, which immunity has been waived only on a limited basis. Clark County School Dist. v. Richardson Const., Inc., 168 P.3d 87, 123 Nev. 382 (2007). Under the

current waiver of immunity framework, Nevada can be held liable for injuries resulting from tortious acts that occur during course and scope of a state worker's employment if the State of Nevada is properly sued. State, Dept. of Human Resources, Div. of Mental Hygiene and Mental Retardation v. Jimenez, 935 P.2d 274, 113 Nev. 356 (1997) opinion withdrawn, rehearing dismissed 941 P.2d 969, 113 Nev. 735. Specifically, a waiver of sovereign immunity is properly invoked when the State of Nevada is named as a defendant in a suit involving a claim for damages based upon tortious activity. NRS 41.031(2). However, the failure of a claimant to invoke a waiver of sovereign immunity deprives the court of subject matter jurisdiction. See Jiminez v. State, 98 Nev. 204, 205, 644 P.2d 1023, 1024 (1982). See Supra.

Nevertheless, in Plaintiff's Motion to Strike NRS 41.031, he attempts to correct the jurisdictional problem created by not properly naming the state. However, Plaintiff's attempts fall short. Similarly, in his Opposition Motion, Plaintiff tries to fix the defect by stating that his claims only relate to the "named defendants in their individual capacity under the color of State law." Therefore, Plaintiff's claims clearly relate to alleged tortious conduct by State employees in the course and scope of their employment. Plaintiff failed to name the State of Nevada as a defendant. Instead, Plaintiff only named Diane Ballantyne, Samuel Chapman, William Donnelly, Russelle Donnelly, and Nancy Marvel,² each a Nevada Department of Corrections Employee, as the Defendants. Nevada law provides that "[n]o tort action may be brought against a person who is named as a defendant in the action solely because of an alleged act or omission relating to the public duties . . . unless the State or appropriate political subdivision is named a party defendant . . "NRS 41.0337 (2). Plaintiff cannot simply get around state law by "striking" jurisdiction under statutes supplying the correct procedures to invoke a waiver of sovereign immunity.

Additionally, Plaintiff does not provide any argument that would exempt this matter from the sovereign immunity doctrine and a lack of subject matter jurisdiction. The facts are clear and the law is also clear. Defendants were acting within the scope of their employment and any

names of the named individuals. Nevertheless, for the sake of clarity, the Court refers to the individuals by their correct names as provided in Defendants' briefings.

lawsuit necessarily involves a suit against the State of Nevada. Therefore, NRS 41.0337 (2) would require that Plaintiff to name the State of Nevada, as well as the Defendants, for any tort claims.

Thus, Plaintiff's failure to bring suit against the State of Nevada as a party defendant resulted in a failure to properly invoke sovereign immunity. Therefore, NRCP 12(b)(1) requires this Court to dismiss this action for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.

THE COURT FINDS that it lacks subject matter jurisdiction over this appeal because Plaintiff failed to name the State of Nevada as a defendant, thereby invoking a waiver of sovereign immunity as provided for in statute.

THE COURT THEREFORE ORDERS that Defendants' Motion to Dismiss is granted.

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that Plaintiff's Motion to Strike NRS 41.031

Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 12(f) is denied. While the Plaintiff contends he is not suing the State of Nevada, as explained *supra*, NRS 41.0337 (2) requires the State to be named in suits against employees working if their official capacity and Plaintiff cannot correct jurisdictional faults by

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that the case is dismissed without prejudice.

striking statutes that conflict with his position.

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THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment
Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure Rule (56); Defendants' Motion to Stay Proceedings
Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject
Matter Jurisdiction; Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Stay Proceedings
Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject
Matter Jurisdiction; Defendants' Reply in Support Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's
Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; and Plaintiff's Motion to Show Cause are
hereby denied because they are no longer relevant based upon the Court's rulings as set forth
above.³

day of January, 2018.

Honorable Jim C. Shirley

Eleventh Judicial District Court Judge

³ By granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, the Court has expedited this action, thereby granting Plaintiff's Motion to Expedite Action Pursuant to Title - 28:1567 - Relevant to 42 U.S.C. 1983 Civil Rights Complaint.

FILED

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CASE NO. PI 16-1044 DEPT. NO. I

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IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE

STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

TEDDIE C. CRAIG,

Plaintiff,

VS.

NOTICE OF ENTRY
OF ORDER

DR. DONNELLY, et al.,

Defendants.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on January 23, 2018, the Court entered an order in this matter, a true and correct copy of which is attached to this notice.

You may appeal to the Supreme Court from the Order of this Court. If you wish to appeal, you must file a Notice of Appeal with the Clerk of this Court within 33 days after the date this notice is mailed to you. This notice was mailed on January 23, 2018.

DATED: January 23, 2018

(Seal)

Franklin Wilkerson

Deputy Clerk of Court

Deputy

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the Pershing County District Clerk's Office, and that on the 23rd day of January, 2018, I caused to be served through the United States Postal Service, a true and correct copy of the ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS and NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER, first class postage prepaid to the following: Office of the Attorney General ATTN: Heather B. Zana 100 North Carson St. Carson City, NV 89701-4717 Teddie C. Craig #62269 1200 Prison Rd./LCC Lovelock, NV 89419 DATED this 23rd day of January, 2018.

Case No. PI 16-1044 Dept. No. 1

2018 JAN 23 AM 9: 57

Pursuant to NRS 239B.030, this document does not contain the social security number of any person.

D. BEQUETTE

IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING

TEDDIE C. CRAIG,
Plaintiff,
)
vs.
)
DR. DONNELLY, et al.,
Defendants.
)

ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANTS'
MOTION TO DISMISS

THE ABOVE-ENTITELD MATTER came before the Court on January 18, 2018, for a determination on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss filed on June 22, 2017. Defendants' Motion asserts that the failure of the Plaintiff to name the State of Nevada deprives this Court of subject matter jurisdiction, thus mandating that the case be dismissed. After reviewing Defendants' Motion, Plaintiff's Response, and the other filings in this case, the Court grants the Motion for the following reasons:

I. Facts/Procedural History

Plaintiff, Teddy Craig, is an inmate in the custody of the Nevada Department of Corrections ("NDOC"). Plaintiff filed the underlying civil rights complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 on October 14, 2016, alleging violations of his first, eighth, and fourteenth amendment rights due retaliatory actions, destruction of personal property, and the prescription of inappropriate medication. Complaint at 3. Defendants filed an Answer to Complaint, denying the allegations, on March 3, 2017, and Plaintiff filed a Reply to Defendants' Answer on March 15, 2017. Subsequently, Defendants' filed their Motion to Dismiss, claiming that the State of Nevada

ORDER - 1

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and the NDOC are shielded from this action by sovereign immunity. Motion to Dismiss at 1. Specifically, Defendant alleges that Plaintiff did not properly name the State of Nevada or the NDOC as required by state law, thus depriving this Court of subject matter jurisdiction. <u>Id.</u> at 1-

Strike NRS 41.031 Pursuant to NRCP 12(f) on June 30, 2017, attempting to correct the jurisdictional problems by withdrawing claims under that statute. At the same time, Plaintiff filed Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss & Motion by Plaintiff to Order Defendants to Respond to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment – Rule (56) ("Plaintiff's Opposition"). Again, in Plaintiff's Opposition, Plaintiff states that he is "hereby withdraw[ing] (NRS 41.031) from this action. Plaintiff's Opposition at 3.

Additionally, within Plaintiff's Opposition, he claims that the NDOC is an arm of the State and is not a person for the purposes of 42 U.S.C. § 1983, "therefore Plaintiff deny [sic] any claims as the State of Nevada or (N.D.O.C.) Plaintiff only claim [sic] the named defendants in their individual capacity under the color of State law." Plaintiff's Opposition at 3.

Subsequently, Plaintiff filed a Motion for Summary Judgment Pursuant to Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure Rule (56); Defendants filed a Motion to Stay Proceedings Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; Plaintiff filed a Motion in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Stay Proceedings Pending Decision on Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; Defendants filed Reply in Support Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction; and Plaintiff filed a Motion to Expedite Action Pursuant to Title – 28:1567 – Relevant to 42 U.S.C. 1983 Civil Rights Complaint & Motion to Show Cause.

Plaintiff's Motion in Opposition to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss & Motion by Plaintiff to Order Defendants to Respond to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment - Rule (56) was stapled to the back of Plaintiff's Motion to Strike NRS 41.031 Pursuant to NRCP 12(f) and was therefore never filed as a separate document. Nevertheless, the Court considered the document as if it were filed properly.

II. Legal Standard

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III. Analysis

Defendants argue that Plaintiff's Complaint should be dismissed because Plaintiff failed to take the necessary steps to invoke the sovereign immunity waiver under the statute. Under the doctrine of sovereign immunity, generally, the state and its political subdivisions enjoy blanket immunity from tort liability, which immunity has been waived only on a limited basis. Clark County School Dist. v. Richardson Const., Inc., 168 P.3d 87, 123 Nev. 382 (2007). Under the

current waiver of immunity framework, Nevada can be held liable for injuries resulting from tortious acts that occur during course and scope of a state worker's employment if the State of Nevada is properly sued. State, Dept. of Human Resources, Div. of Mental Hygiene and Mental Retardation v. Jimenez, 935 P.2d 274, 113 Nev. 356 (1997) opinion withdrawn, rehearing dismissed 941 P.2d 969, 113 Nev. 735. Specifically, a waiver of sovereign immunity is properly invoked when the State of Nevada is named as a defendant in a suit involving a claim for damages based upon tortious activity. NRS 41.031(2). However, the failure of a claimant to invoke a waiver of sovereign immunity deprives the court of subject matter jurisdiction. See Jiminez v. State, 98 Nev. 204, 205, 644 P.2d 1023, 1024 (1982). See Supra.

Nevertheless, in Plaintiff's Motion to Strike NRS 41.031, he attempts to correct the jurisdictional problem created by not properly naming the state. However, Plaintiff's attempts fall short. Similarly, in his Opposition Motion, Plaintiff tries to fix the defect by stating that his claims only relate to the "named defendants in their individual capacity under the color of State law." Therefore, Plaintiff's claims clearly relate to alleged tortious conduct by State employees in the course and scope of their employment. Plaintiff failed to name the State of Nevada as a defendant. Instead, Plaintiff only named Diane Ballantyne, Samuel Chapman, William Donnelly, Russelle Donnelly, and Nancy Marvel, 2 each a Nevada Department of Corrections Employee, as the Defendants. Nevada law provides that "[n]o tort action may be brought against a person who is named as a defendant in the action solely because of an alleged act or omission relating to the public duties . . . unless the State or appropriate political subdivision is named a party defendant . . ." NRS 41.0337 (2). Plaintiff cannot simply get around state law by "striking" jurisdiction under statutes supplying the correct procedures to invoke a waiver of sovereign immunity.

Additionally, Plaintiff does not provide any argument that would exempt this matter from the sovereign immunity doctrine and a lack of subject matter jurisdiction. The facts are clear and the law is also clear. Defendants were acting within the scope of their employment and any

² Plaintiff's Complaint did not contain the full or in some cases the correct names of the named individuals. Nevertheless, for the sake of clarity, the Court refers to the individuals by their correct names as provided in Defendants' briefings.

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lawsuit necessarily involves a suit against the State of Nevada. Therefore, NRS 41.0337 (2) would require that Plaintiff to name the State of Nevada, as well as the Defendants, for any tort claims.

Thus, Plaintiff's failure to bring suit against the State of Nevada as a party defendant resulted in a failure to properly invoke sovereign immunity. Therefore, NRCP 12(b)(1) requires this Court to dismiss this action for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.

THE COURT FINDS that it lacks subject matter jurisdiction over this appeal because Plaintiff failed to name the State of Nevada as a defendant, thereby invoking a waiver of sovereign immunity as provided for in statute.

THE COURT THEREFORE ORDERS that Defendants' Motion to Dismiss is granted.

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that Plaintiff's Motion to Strike NRS 41.031

Pursuant to N.R.C.P. 12(f) is denied. While the Plaintiff contends he is not suing the State of Nevada, as explained *supra*, NRS 41.0337 (2) requires the State to be named in suits against employees working if their official capacity and Plaintiff cannot correct jurisdictional faults by striking statutes that conflict with his position.

THE COURT FURTHER ORDERS that the case is dismissed without prejudice.

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³ By granting Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, the Court has expedited this action, thereby granting Plaintiff's Motion to Expedite Action Pursuant to Title - 28:1567 - Relevant to 42 U.S.C. 1983 Civil Rights Complaint.

1	Case No. PI 16-1044							
2	Dept No. 1							
3								
4	IN THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA							
5	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PERSHING							
6								
7	TEDDIE C. CRAIG,							
8	Appellant,) vs.)							
9	DR. DONNELLY, et al.,							
10	Respondents.							
11								
12	<u>CERTIFICATE</u>							
13	State of Nevada)							
14	County of Pershing : ss.							
15								
16	I, Franklin Wilkerson, Court Administrator, do hereby certify that the following							
17	are true and correct copies of the original documents in the above-entitled case, which							
18	was appealed to the Supreme Court. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunte set my hard and							
19	IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, at Lovelock, Nevada, this 5 th day of February, 2018.							
20	, and a day of restaury, 2010.							
21	Franklin Wilkerson							
22	Court Administrator							
23	By () Both							
24	Deputy Clerk							
25 26								
26	FEB 0 8 2818							

ELEADETH A. BROWN EAK OF SUPPLEME COURT DEPUTY CLEBY