



## District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams



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# District Court Judge Jennifer Elliott orders video of family court case to be removed.

Clark County, Nevada

October 9, 2016

Yesterday, Veterans In Politics International, Inc. (VIPI) was served with a copy of a Court Order sealing case materials in a family court case on which we have been reporting, Saiter v. Saiter, case no. D-15-521372D.

We had recently posted a videotape of a hearing that took place on September 29, 2016 in the Saiter case. The video exposed the

disrespectful and obstructionist behavior of the husband's lawyer, Jennifer Abrams (click onto-Nevada Attomey attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court).



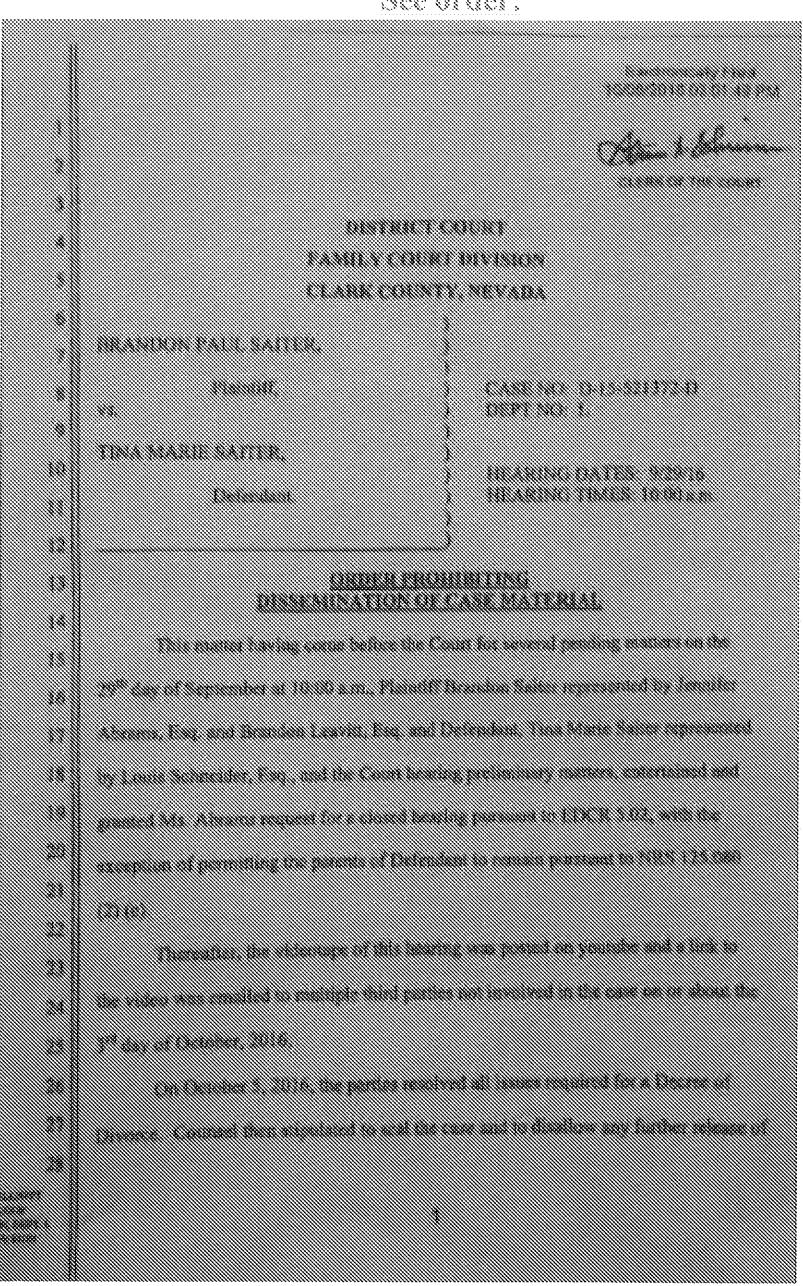
After our video posted, Abrams, seeking to stop us from showing the video, obtained a Court Order which stated that "the current post of the September 29, 2016 hearing video, and any and all other hearing video(s) from this case shall be immediately removed from the internet." The Order does not name VIPI but states that it pertains to "all persons or entities."

While we disagree that there is anything private in the video, we are abiding by it out of respect for the Court. The Order states that it is being issued "in the best interest of the four (4) children in the case," however, the focus of the video is the misbehavior of Abrams, not the children. Abrams is not a parent, child or a party in the case. Her embarrassing behavior before the judge has no bearing on the children.

This Order appears to just be an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public.

We will, however, continue to work on behalf of our community to keep our courts and those working within them, accountable for their actions.

### See order:



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### Read: Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

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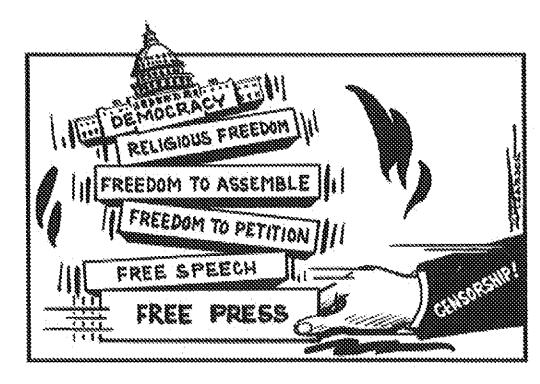
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### Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams "Seal-Happy" Practices

Clark County, Nevada November 6, 2016

Free access to civil court proceedings is protected by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.



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### Its importance cannot be overstated!

State and federal courts, including Nevada's Supreme Court, recognize that public access to court proceedings serves vital public policy interests, including, serving as a check on corruption, educating the public about the judicial process, promoting informed discussion of government affairs, and enhancing the performance of the judge, the lawyers and all involved.

As former Nevada Supreme Court Justice Nancy Saitta wrote earlier this year regarding the Supreme Court's rules on sealing civil records,

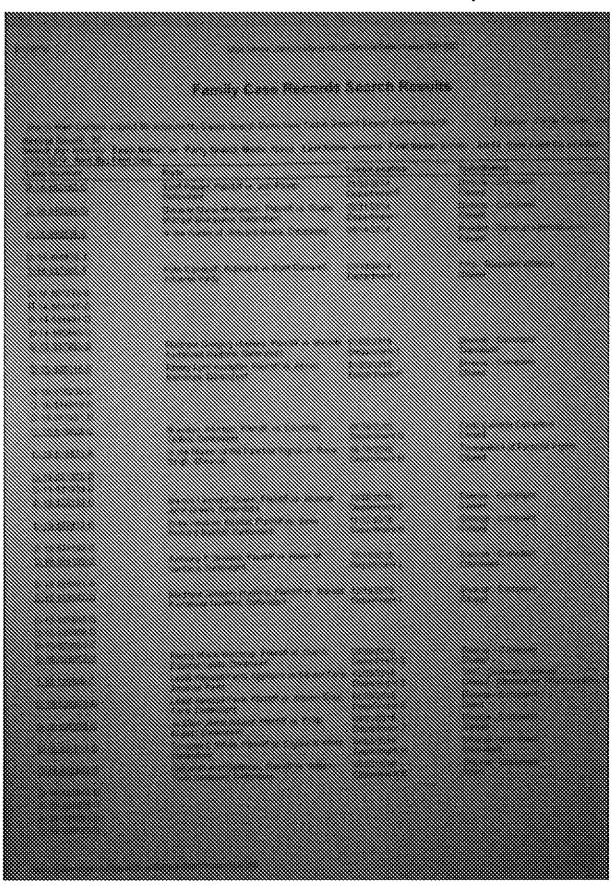
"the cornerstones of an effective, functioning judicial system are openness and transparency. Safeguarding these cornerstones requires public access not only to the judicial proceedings but also to judicial records and documents,"



At least one lawyer in Nevada, however, Jennifer Abrams, appears to be "seal happy" when it comes to trying to seal her cases. She appears to have sealed many of he r cases in the past few years, including filing a petition to seal in at least four cases just this past week, on 11/3/2016!

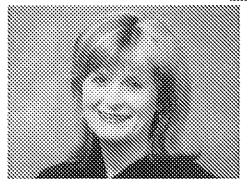


It also appears, however, that at least one of her cases, and perhaps more, may have been sealed to protect her own reputation, rather than to serve a compelling client privacy or safety interest.



Learn More

Veterans In Politics International (VIPI) recently released a video of Abrams bullying Judge Jennifer Elliot during a family court hearing in a case entitled Saiter v. Saiter, Case No. D-15-521372-D.



Click onto Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

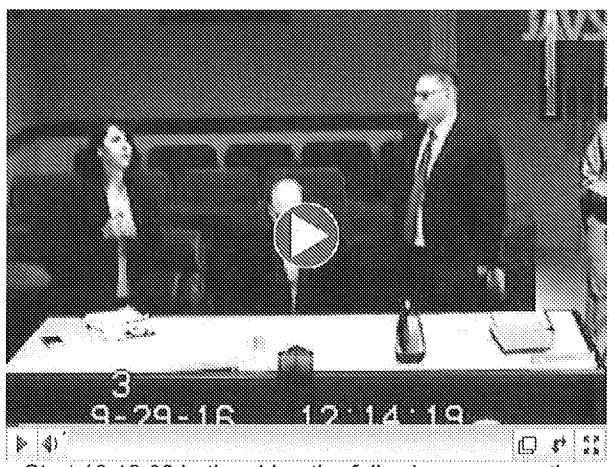
In response to our article, Abrams sought and obtained a court order from Judge Elliott which does not name VIPI, but which purports to apply to the entirety of the general population. VIPI, however, was

served with the Order. The document orders all videos of Abrams' September 29, 2016 judicial browbeating to be taken off the internet.

Click onto District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams

The Order further prohibits anyone from "publishing, displaying, showing or making public any portion of these case proceedings." The order goes on to state that "nothing from the case at bar shall be disseminated or published and that any such publication or posting by anyone or any entity shall be immediately removed."

While the order claims in a conclusory fashion to be "in the best interests of the children," nothing in the order explains why. Indeed, the September 29, 2016 video of the proceedings that is on the internet focuses on Abrams's disrespectful exchange with the judge, and does not materially involve the children in the case.



Start 12:13:00 in the video the following conversation took place in open court.

#### Learn More

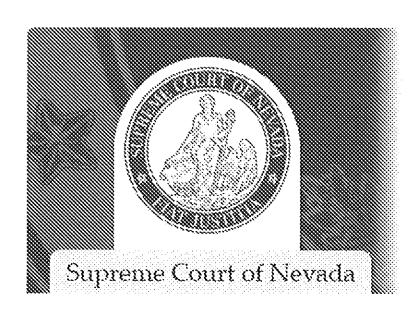
Moreover, while the Court Order is broadly stated and purports to prohibit the public viewing or dissemination of "any portion of these case proceedings," such blanket prohibition on public access to the entire case is specifically disallowed by law.

Entire cases cannot be scaled. Moreover, even if a judge wants to scal part of the case, the judge must specifically justify such scaling and must scal only the minimum portion necessary to protect a "compelling privacy or safety interest."

The issue of open proceedings is so important that in 2008 the Review Journal reported the Nevada Supreme Court convened a special task force to address the issue of over-sealing.

Click onto Standards for scaling civil cases tougher

The Supreme Court thereafter enacted rules requiring judges to specify in writing why sealing a record or redacting a portion of it is justified. (Supreme Court Rules, Part VII, Rule 3.) Judges must identify "compelling privacy or safety interests that outweigh the public interest in access to the court record."



This requirement applies even when a party in a family law case tries to seal a case under NRS 125.110, the statute on which Abrams seems to routinely rely. This statute provides that certain evidence in a divorce case, such as records, exhibits, and transcripts of particular testimony, may be deemed "private" and sealed upon request of one of the parties. However, the Court must justify why these records have to be sealed, and cannot seal the entire case - complaints, pleadings and other documents <u>must remain public</u>.

In the 2009 case of <u>Johansen v. District Court</u>, the Nevada Supreme Court specifically held that broad unsupported orders sealing

documents in divorce cases are subject to reversal given the important public policies involved.

### The Court stated:

"We conclude that the district court was obligated to maintain the divorce proceedings' public status under NRS 125.110 and manifestly abused any discretion it possessed when it sealed the entire case file. We further conclude that the district court abused its discretion when it issued an overly broad gag order sua sponte, without giving notice or a meaningful opportunity to be heard, without making any factual findings with respect to the need for such an order in light of any clear and present danger or threat of serious and imminent harm to a protected interest, and without examining the existence of any alternative means by which to accomplish this purpose. Gag orders must be narrowly drawn if no less restrictive means are available; they may be entered only when there exists a serious and imminent threat to the administration of justice. This was certainly not the case here."

### Click onto Johanson v. Dist. Ct., 182 P. 3d 94 - Nev: Supreme Court 2008

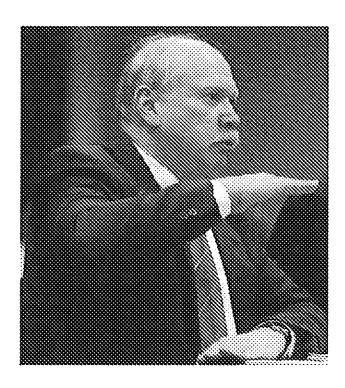
In the Saiter case, no notice was given to the general public for a hearing before the Order was issued, there was no opportunity for the public to be heard, no specific findings were made in the Order, and the Order was not drafted narrowly.

Indeed, it was drafted in the broadest possible terms to effectively seal the entire case! It is also questionable whether Judge Elliott had jurisdiction to issue the Order against the general public, who was not before her in court.

This all raises the question: What basis and justifications were given in the other cases which Abrams sought to seal?

Indeed, after issuing our initial story about Abrams' behavior in the Saiter case, we were contacted by judges, attorneys and litigants eager to share similar battle-worn experiences with Jennifer Abrams.

Sources indicate that when Abrams was asked in one case by Judge Gerald Hardcastle whether she understood his order, she replied that she only understood that the judge intended to bend over backwards for her opposing counsel.



In another case, Northern Nevada Judge Jack Ames reportedly stood up and walked off the bench after a disrespectful tirade from Jennifer Abrams.



So, who is to blame here?

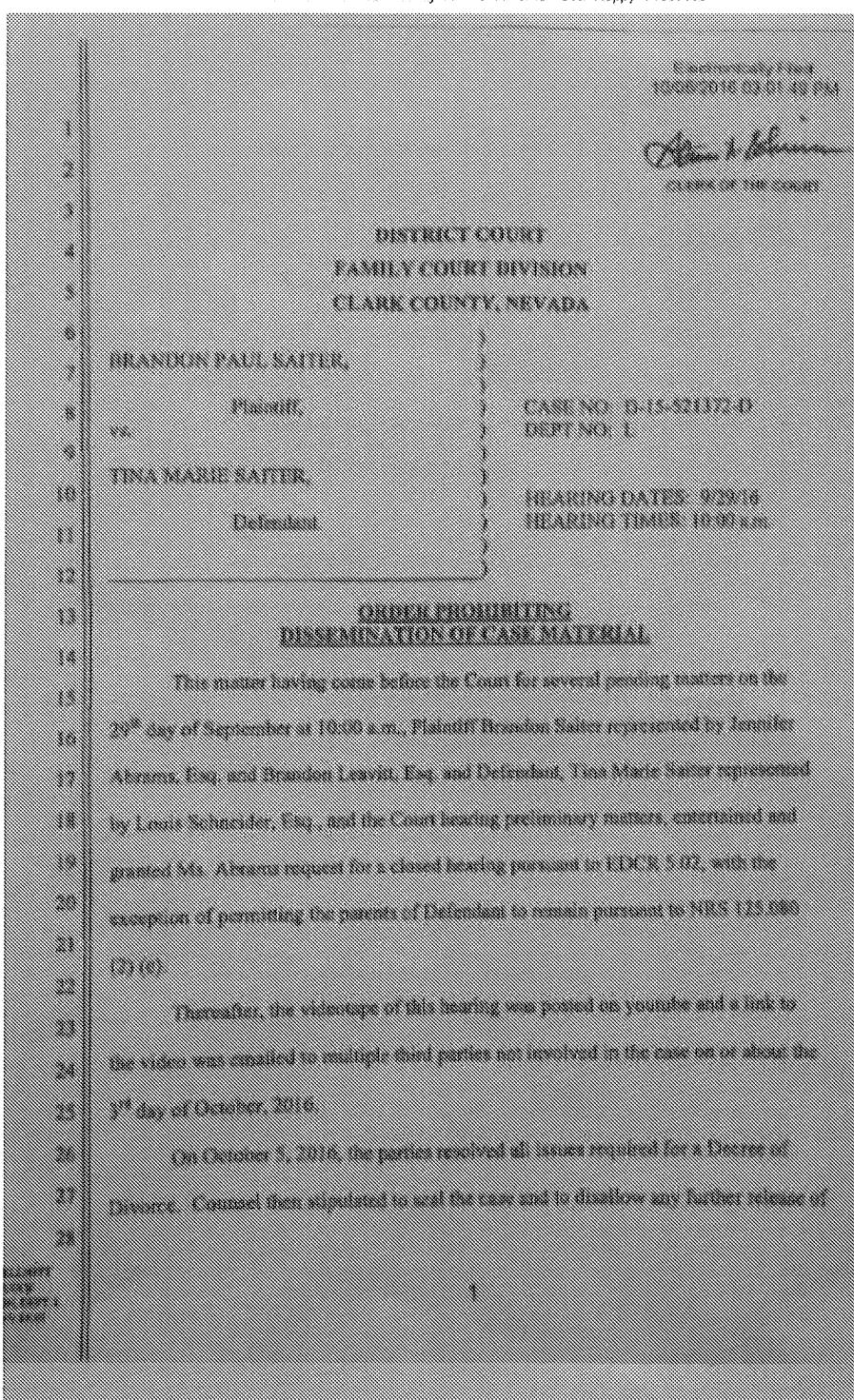
Of course Jennifer Abrams should be responsible and accountable for her own actions.

But, what judge allows a lawyer to bully her in court and then gets her to issue an overbroad, unsubstantiated order to seal and hide the lawyer's actions?

Shouldn't we expect more from our judges in controlling their courtrooms, controlling their cases, issuing orders in compliance with the law, and protecting the people against over-zealous, disrespectful lawyers who obstruct the judicial process and seek to stop the public from having access to otherwise public documents?

Surely, we should have this minimum expectation. Even in Nevada.

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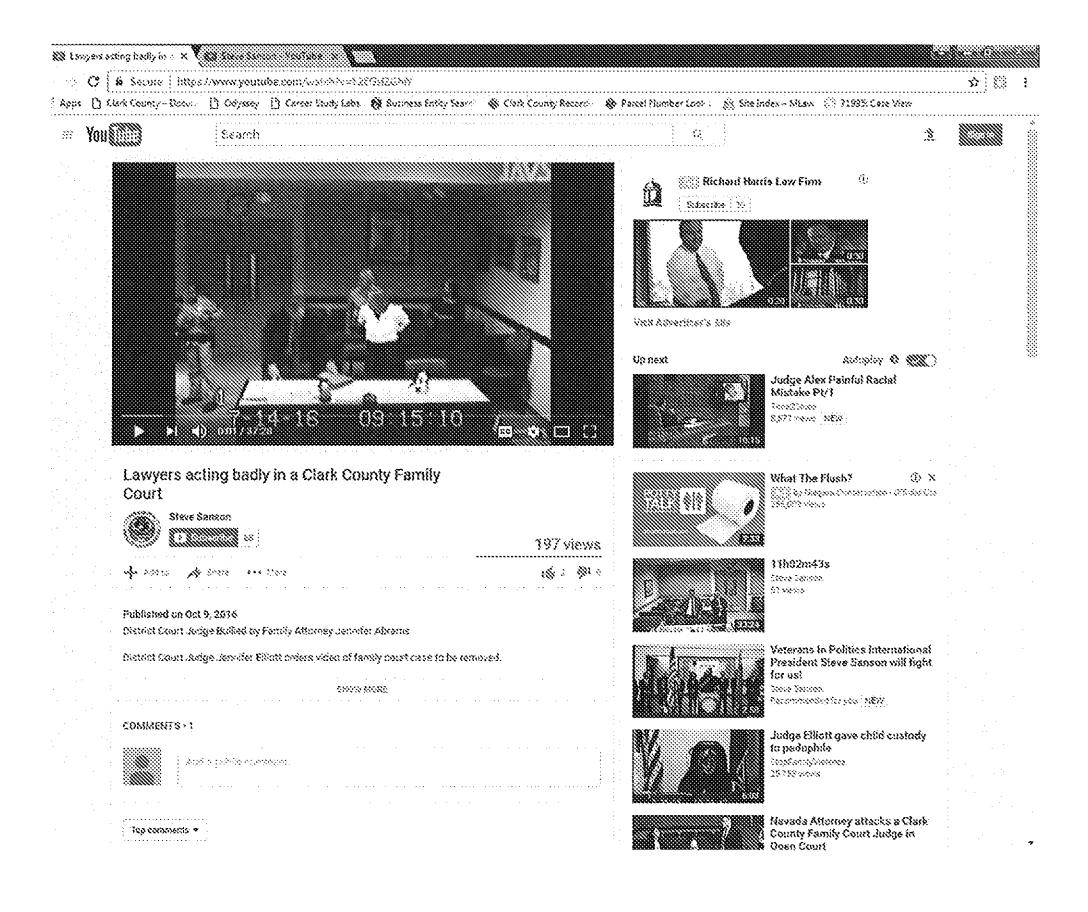
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Deplorable actions by Family Court Judge Rena Hughes against a minor chil...

Clark County Family Court Judge willfully deceives a young child from the bench and it is on the record

II

Case sealed five days "after" we exposed the unlawful behavior of Family Court Judge Rena Hughes

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Clark County Nevada; in a recent article "Deplorable actions by Family Court Judge Rena Hughes against a minor child".

http://mvemail.constantcontact.com/Deplorable-actions-by-Family-Court-Judge-Rena-Hughes-against-aminor-child.html?soid=1119987097423&aid=cmGg1uVIjOk

On October 6, 2016 the Veterans In Politics International (VIPI) highlighted the actions of Family Court Judge Hughes in three separate videos.

After doing more research we discovered that Judge Hughes actually lied to this young child in open court.

Judge Hughes made the following statement: "it's not fun in Child Haven, they put you in a holding cell, exactly like a jail"...

Click onto video:

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#### Part 3 threatened the minor child with Child Haven

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Gg- y2Xjvs

After speaking to the Manager of Child Haven, we were told that this statement made by the Judge is false.

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Child Haven Website:

(702) 283-8084

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See other related Videos:

### Part 1 on the Record

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wlfJWLABhxo

### Part 2 Heart wrenching video between the Judge Hughes and a minor defenseless child.

https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=bsDah-czluc

### How can a parent helplessly watch their child be chastised by anyone?

Andre Haynes, host of the EMG Radio Show and officer of Veterans In Politics said the following:

When I watched the video of the minor child having a discussion on the record with Family Court Judge Rena Hughes without a parent or child advocate being present, I was shocked and in disagreement. After I saw the manner that Judge Hughes handled the minor child and the child's fearful and distraught emotional reaction, I was angry. I was angry because I pictured my 7 year old son in the same seat as the minor girl, without me, without his mom, without a child advocate and without an attorney. Minor children are often terrified to speak to adults, especially without their parent or someone familiar present and especially if the adult is perceived to be an authority figure.

II

Does the law allow for Judge Hughes to interview and interrogate a minor child without their parent or an attorney or child advocate present? If the law does allow this are there exceptions to this rule? Is there another way that Judge Hughes could have handled this manner? Those are questions that replay in my mind. My heart goes out to the minor child and especially to her mother. The worst feeling that a parent can experience is being helpless to defend their vulnerable child. If it were my 7 year old son in that video, helpless, distraught and angry is exactly how I would feel. Does the law and a Judge's behavior take precedence or hold more value than the emotions and perceived fear of a child or a parent's ability to protect their child?

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We commend Channel 8 I-Team for taking a proactive approach to expose this judge: I-Team: Judge criticized for exchange with child

http://www.lasvegasnow.com/news/i-team-video-shows-family-court-judge-yelling-at-child-in-courtroom

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### **Questions and Recommendations**

Is this the type of behavior we should continue to expect from our judicial system?

Should judges continue to cover-up and down-play their colleague's bad behaviors?

Does this Family Court Judge have children of her own?

Should this Judge be reprimanded for this?

If you believe that this Judge should face sanctions or/and a public apology join us and file a complaint with the Nevada Judicial Discipline Commission by clicking onto the link below:

State of Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline:

http://judicial.nv.gov/Discipline/Complaint Process/

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Any Judge that willfully deceives a child and especially on the record should be tossed off the bench!

Please watch the videos in full and come to your own conclusion.

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BY STEVE SANSON IN NEWS, PRESS RELEASE TAGS ANDRE HAYNES, CASE SEALED, CLARK COUNTY FAMILY COURT JUDGE, DEPLORABLE ACTIONS, FAMILY COURT JUDGE RENA HUGHES, **UNLAWFUL BEHAVIOR** 

November 17, 2016

<u>....</u>

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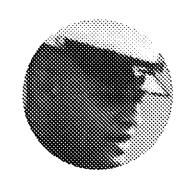
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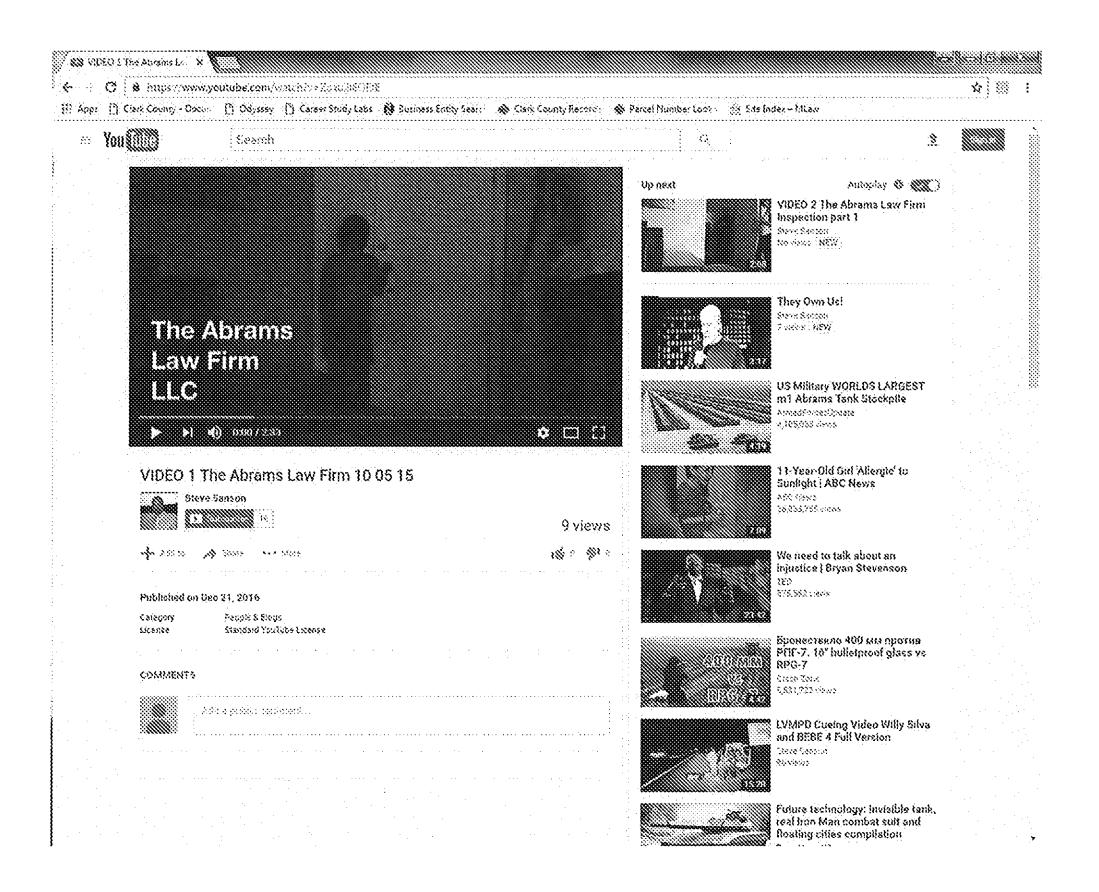
Video-Talk-Show to discuss a Judge unethical behavior

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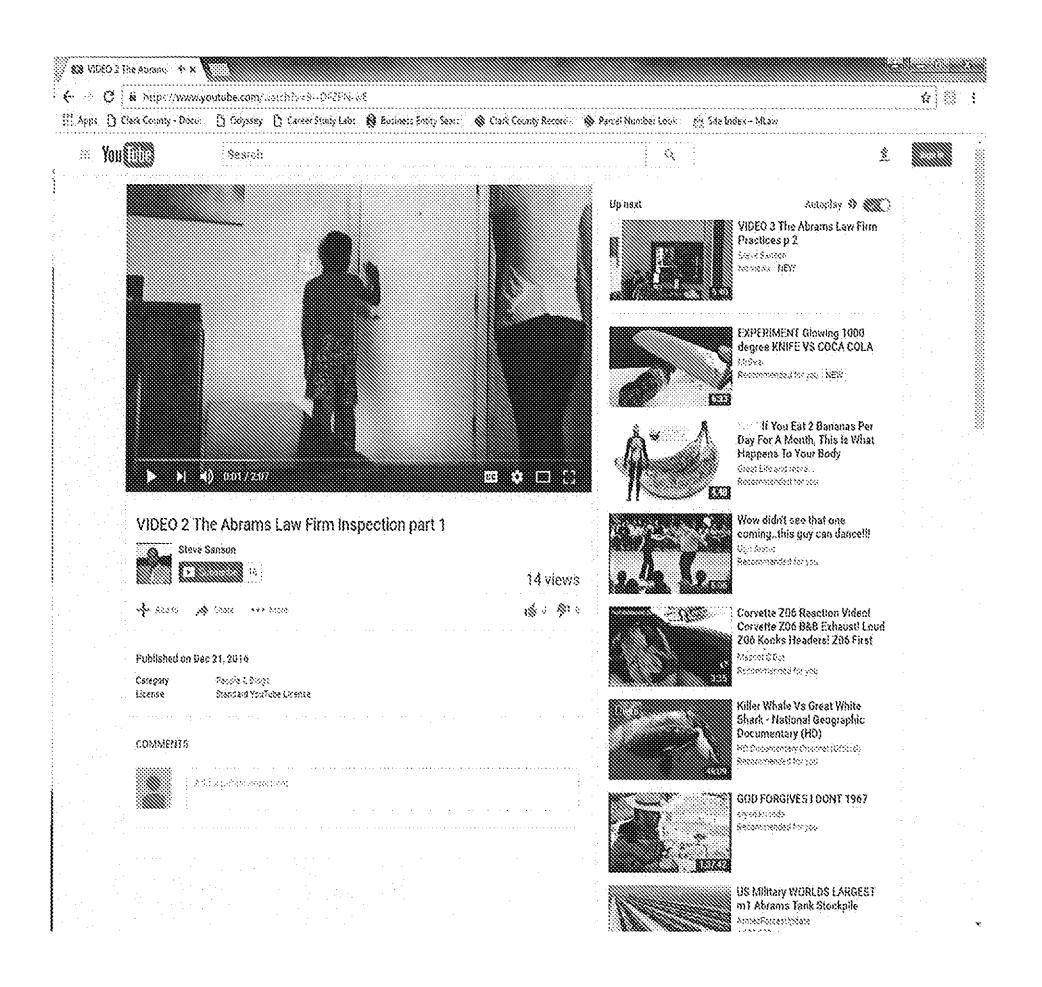
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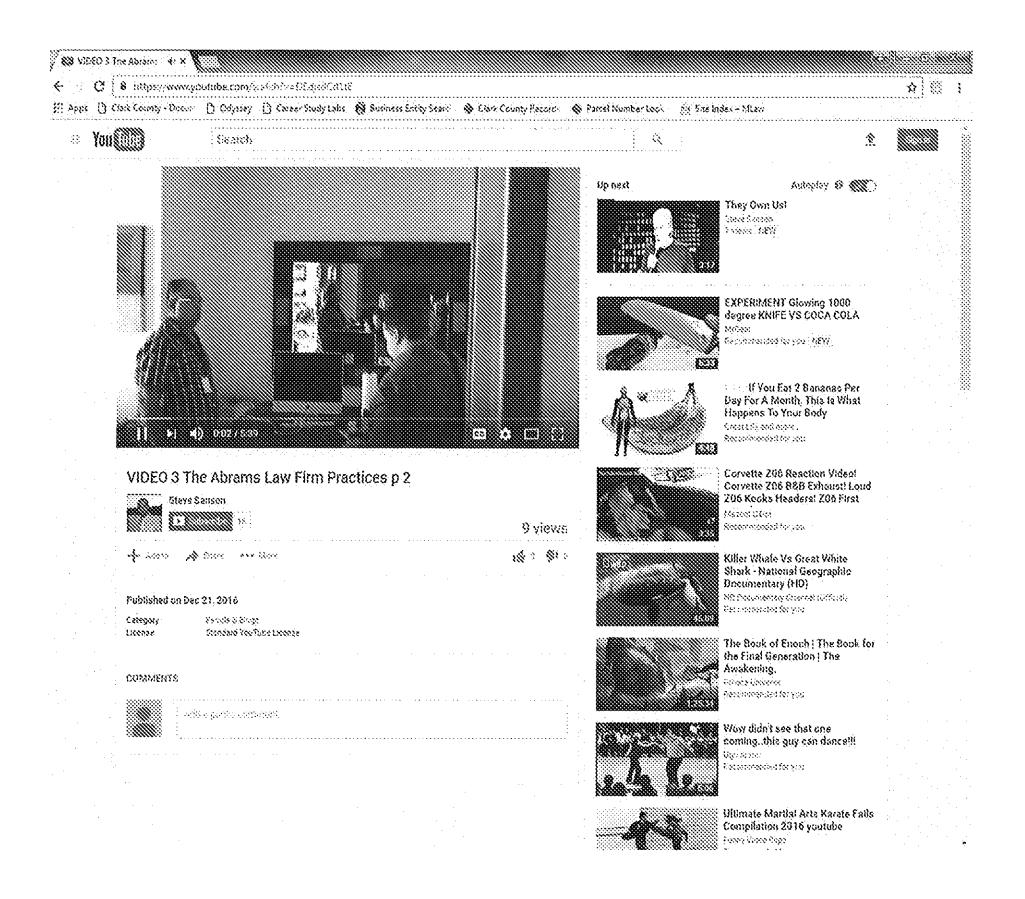
# EXHIBIT 6



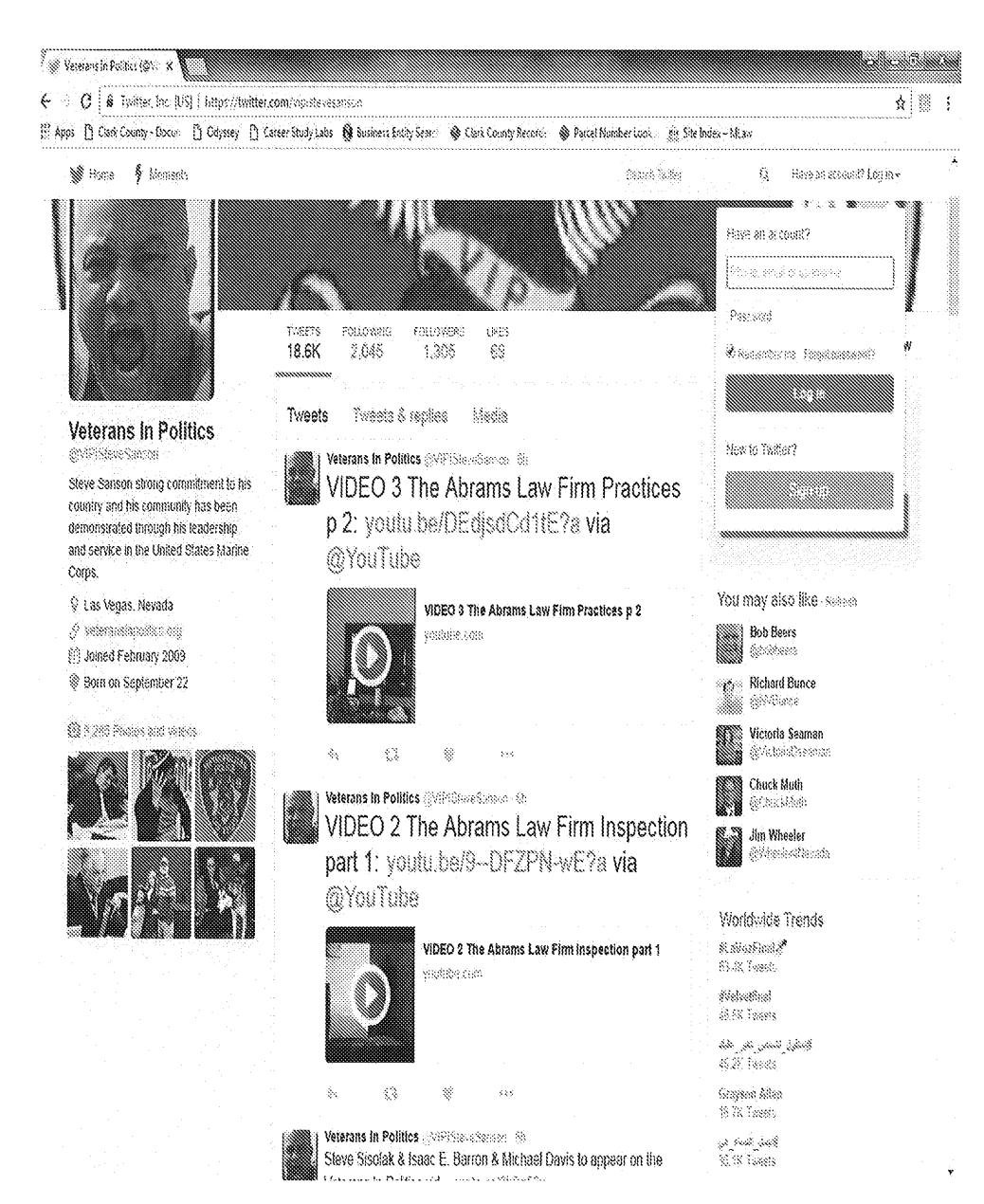
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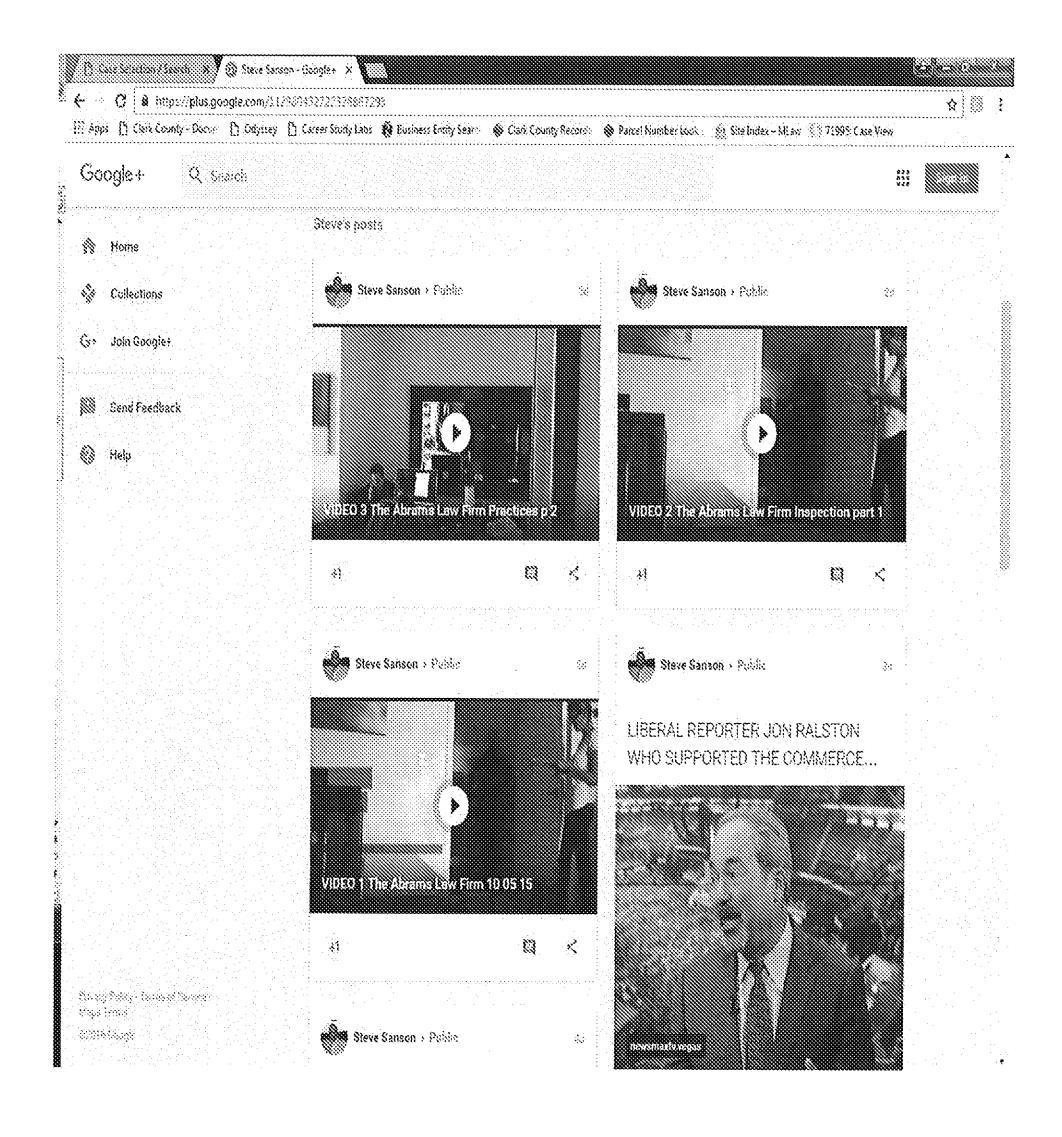


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEdjsdCd1tE



https://twitter.com/vipistevesanson





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Hun J. Lalun CAL J. POTTER, III, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 1988 **CLERK OF THE COURT** C.J. POTTER, IV, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 13225 POTTER LAW OFFICES 1125 Shadow Lane Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Ph: (702) 385-1954 Fax: (702) 385-9081 5 Attorneys for Schneider Defendants 6 **DISTRICT COURT** 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 8 Case No.: JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and, A-17-749318-C THE ABRAMS and MAYO 10 LAW FIRM, Dept. No.: 11 Plaintiff, **DEFENDANT LOUIS SCHNEIDER'S** AND LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS V. 12 **SCHNEIDER'S MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS'** LOUIS SCHNEIDER; LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS SCHNEIDER, LLC; STEVE **COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO** 13 NRCP 12(b)(5) W. SANSON; HEIDI J. HANUSA; CHRISTINA ORTIZ; JOHNNY 14 SPICER; DON WOOLBRIGHT; **VETERANS IN POLITICS** 15 INTERNATIONAL, INC.; SANSON CORPORATION; KAREN STEELMON; 16 AND DOES I THROUGH X; 17 **Defendants** 18 19 COMES NOW, the Defendant, LOUIS SCHNEIDER, the Law Offices of Louis C. 20 Schneider by and through their attorneys, CAL J. POTTER, III, ESQ. and C. J. POTTER, IV, 21 ESQ. of POTTER LAW OFFICES, and moves this Honorable Court pursuant to NCRP 22 12(b)(5) to dismiss the complaint for Damages. 23 25 26 27 28

1	This Motion is made and based upon the pleadings and papers on file herein, as well as
2	the Points and Authorities attached hereto, and the arguments of Counsel at the time of the
3	hearing of this motion.
4	DATED this 30th day of January, 2017
5	POTTER LAW OFFICES
6	By <u>/s/ Cal J. Potter, III, Esq.</u> CAL J. POTTER, III, ESQ.
7	Nevada Bar No. 1988 C. J. POTTER, IV, ESQ.
8	Nevada Bar No. 13225 1125 Shadow Lane
9	Las Vegas, NV 89102 Attorneys for Schneider Defendants
10	
11	NOTICE OF MOTION
12	TO: Jennifer V. Abrams; and The Abrams and Mayo Law Firm; and,
13	TO: Marshall Willick, Esq., their attorney;
14	YOU AND EACH OF YOU, will please take notice that the undersigned will bring the
15	foregoing Motion for hearing before the above-entitled Court on the 8th day of March,
16	2017, at the hour of $9:30am$ , or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, in Department
17	I of the Eighth Judicial District Court, 200 Lewis Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada 89101.
18	DATED this 30th day of January, 2017
19	POTTER LAW OFFICES
20	By <u>/s/ Cal J. Potter, III, Esq.</u> CAL J. POTTER, III, ESQ.
21	Nevada Bar No. 1988 C. J. POTTER, IV, ESQ.
22	Nevada Bar No. 13225 1125 Shadow Lane
23	Las Vegas, NV 89102 Attorneys for Schneider Defendants
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### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

### **INTRODUCTION**

Plaintiffs' Complaint for damages is filed in retaliation of Mr. Schneider's efforts to sanction Attorney Brandon Leavitt's *ex parte* communications with Mr. Schneider's client in a divorce proceeding where Mr. Schneider specifically declined to give Mr. Leavitt permission to talk with his client on the eve of a divorce trial. Nonetheless, Brandon Leavitt met with the represented party for approximately four hours concerning the subject of representation.

II.

### STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Jennifer Abrams, Esq, is a duly licensed attorney in the State, who claims to practice exclusively in the field of Domestic Relations, yet has e-filed a tort action in the State District Court of Clark County, Nevada. The complaint for damages asserts claims for reliefs as follows.: 1. Defamation; 2. IIED; 3. NIED; 4. False Light; 5. Business Disparagement; 6. Harassment; 7. Concert of Action; 8. Civil Conspiracy; 9. Rico Violations; 10. Injunctive Relief.

Dismissal of Plaintiffs' claims is appropriate because Plaintiffs' Complaint lacks factual specificity concerning the moving Defendants. Rather the Complaint merely contains legal conclusions and threadbare recitals of the elements of the causes of action.

Specifically, the entirety of the *factual* allegations against the moving Defendants consist of the following:

"Defendants Louis C. Schneider and Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC represent Tina Sailer hereinafter in the "D" Case." (Plaintiff's Complaint, ¶ 22).

"On September 15, 2016, Schneider sent the following email to Brandon Leavitt, Esq. at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, which states in relevant part:

I've had about all I can take.
Withdraw your Motion and I'll withdraw from the case.
Be advised Tina has asked me not to leave the case.
I was getting ready to withdraw my motion to withdraw.

If your firm does not withdraw that motion, I will oppose it and

take additional action beyond the opposition." (Plaintiff's Complaint, ¶ 24).

"The day after the September 29, 2016 hearing, on September 30, 2016 8:02 am, Schneider sent an email to Kim Gurule at Video Transcription Services stating, in relevant part:

Can you please upload the video from yesterday's hearing? Thank you.
:)" (Plaintiff's Complaint, ¶ 30).

"Upon information and belief, Schneider provided a copy of the September 29, 2016 "closed hearing" to Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans In Politics International, Inc. (Plaintiff's Complaint, ¶ 31).

"During a break at another court hearing in the "D" case on October 5, 2016 (immediately after the dissemination of the "Attack" article via email), Defendant Schneider said to Brandon K. Leavitt, Esq., of The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, that a withdrawal of the Motion for Sanctions and Attorney Fees would "make this all go away," or words to that effect." (Plaintiff's Complaint, ¶ 38).

Plaintiffs Complaint contains no other *facts* concerning the moving Schneider Defendants.

### III.

### **ARGUMENT**

### A. STANDARD OF REVIEW

Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5), all or part of a pleading may be dismissed for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Bemus v. Estate of Bemus, 114 Nev. 1021, 967 P.2d 437 1998). When deciding a motion to dismiss under NRCP 12(b)(5), a court must treat all factual allegations as true and draw all reasonable inferences in favor of the nonmoving party. Buzz Stew LLC v. City of North Las Vegas, 124 Nev. 224, 181 P.3d 670, 672 (Nev. 2008). Nevertheless, a claim should be dismissed "if it appears beyond a doubt that [plaintiff] could prove no set of facts, which if true, would entitle [plaintiff] to relief." Id. It is axiomatic that an allegation consisting of conclusory verbiage, i.e., merely naming a legal element of a claim, is insufficient to survive a motion to dismiss. Buzz Stew, 181 P.3d at 672; accord Bell

Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 561-562, 127 S.Ct. 1955, 1968-1969 (2007).

In 2007 and again in 2009 the United States Supreme Court issued two formative decisions that instructed and clarified pleading standards and requirements: <u>Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly</u>, 550 U.S. 544 (2007) and <u>Ashcroft v. Iqbal</u>, 556 U.S. 662 (2009). Twombly was notable for several holdings including the termination of the "no set of facts" language set forth in <u>Conley v. Gibson</u>, 355 U.S. 41 (1957) that proscribed a dismissal for failure to state a claim unless it appeared that "no set of facts" could be set forth to support the claim. <u>Conley</u>, 355 U.S. at 45–46.

Iqbal meanwhile proscribed such phrasing as "the-defendant-unlawfully-harmed-me accusation." <u>Iqbal</u>, 556 U.S. at 678. This comment is significant for purposes of this Motion because such conclusory accusations are precisely what the Plaintiffs in this action have alleged against the moving Defendant.

"To survive a motion to dismiss, a complaint must contain sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to 'state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.' A claim only has facial plausibility when the plaintiff pleads factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). The Court further explained in Twombly and Iqbal that conclusory statements that merely recite the elements of a claim are insufficient for the purpose of a rule 12 motion. Iqbal, 556 U.S. at 678 ("Threadbare recitals of the elements of a cause of action, supported by mere conclusory statements, do not suffice."); Twombly, 550 U.S. at 555 ("a plaintiff's obligation to provide the 'grounds' of his 'entitle[ment] to relief' requires more than labels and conclusions, and a formulaic recitation of the elements of a cause of action will not do . . .").

### B. PLAINTIFFS' CIVIL RICO CLAIMS MUST BE DISMISSED BECAUSE THEY LACK FACTUAL SPECIFICITY

The Nevada Supreme Court determined that civil racketeering claims must be pled with specificity. Hale v. Burkhardt, 104 Nev. 632, 637-38, 764 P.2d 866, 869-70 (1988). The specificity required is that called for in a criminal indictment or information. <u>Id</u>. at 638, 764 P.2d at 869. "A civil RICO pleading must, in that portion of the pleading which describes the

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criminal acts that the defendant is charged to have committed, contain a sufficiently 'plain, concise and definite' statement of the essential facts such that it would provide a person of ordinary understanding with notice of the charges." Id. at 638, 764 P.2d at 869-70. This means the complaint should provide information as to "when, where [and] how" the underlying criminal acts occurred. Id. at 637, 764 P.2d at 869.

The elements of a civil RICO claim are: 1. Defendant violated a predicate racketeering act; 2. Plaintiff suffered injury in his business or property by reason of defendant's violation of the predicate racketeering act; 3. Defendant's violation proximately caused plaintiff's injury; 4. Plaintiff did not participate in the racketeering violation; 5. Therefore, under NRS 207.470, plaintiff is entitled to damages from defendant for three times actual damages sustained. NRS 207.470, NRS 207.400; Allum v. Valley Bank of Nevada, 109 Nev. 280, 849 P.2d 297 (1993).

In this case, the entirety of Plaintiffs' allegations concerning the alleged civil RICO lack factual specificity and are merely comprised of legal conclusions and rote recitation of elements. (See, Plaintiffs' Complaint pp. 28-34). For example, Plaintiffs allege: "Defendants used threats, intimidation, and deception with the intent to cause or induce Plaintiff and Plaintiffs client to withhold testimony against Schneider in the "D" case." (Plaintiff's Complaint at ¶ 25). Such conclusory language exemplifies the remainder of Plaintiffs RICO claims, such as a seriatim list of alleged crimes, devoid of any facts, that Defendants allegedly committed. These allegations fair to set forth the "when, where and how" the underlying criminal acts occurred. Moreover, the allegations are exactly the type of "the-defendant-unlawfully-harmed-me" allegation proscribed by Twombly and Iqbal. Accordingly, the Plaintiffs' Complaint fails to set forth factual specificity that the Nevada Supreme Court requires for a Civil RICO claim. Therefore, Plaintiffs' civil Rico claims should 24 be dismissed.

C.

# REPUBLICATION OF, AND REPORTING CONCERNING, A JUDICIAL PROCEEDING CANNOT CONSTITUTE DEFAMATION AS A MATTER OF LAW (A CLOSED HEARING IS NOT A SEALED HEARING)

In Nevada, the elements of a cause of action for defamation are: 1. Defendant made a false and defamatory statement concerning plaintiff; 2. An unprivileged publication of this statement was made to a third person; 3. Defendant was at least negligent in making the statement; and 4. Plaintiff sustained actual or presumed damages as a result of the statement. Pegasus v. Reno Newspapers, Inc., 118 Nev. 706, 57 P.3d 82 (2002).

Communications uttered or published in the course of judicial proceedings are absolutely privileged. Fink v. Oshins, 118 Nev. 428, 49 P.3d 640 (2002). This privilege precludes liability even where the defamatory statements are published with knowledge of their falsity and personal ill will toward the plaintiff. Id. The defamatory communication need not be strictly relevant to any issue involved in the proposed or pending litigation, it only need be in some way pertinent to the subject of controversy. Id. Further, the privilege applies not only to communications made during actual judicial proceedings, but also to communications preliminary to a proposed judicial proceeding. Id. Courts should apply the absolute privilege liberally, resolving any doubt in favor of its relevancy or pertinency. Id.

Additionally, republication of a judicial proceeding constitutes an absolute privilege even when the statements are false or malicious and are republished with the intent to harm another. Sahara Gaming Corp. v. Culinary Workers Union Local 226, 115 Nev. 212, 984 P.2d 164(1999). Reporting of judicial proceedings is privileged and nonactionable. Lubin v. Kunin, 117 Nev. 107, 17 P.3d 422 (2001).

The policy underlying the absolute privilege accorded to communications uttered or published in the course of judicial proceedings is that, in certain situations, the public interest in having people speak freely outweighs the risk that individuals will occasionally abuse the privilege by making false and malicious statements. <u>Circus Circus Hotel, Inc. v. Witherspoon</u>, 99 Nev. 56, 657 P.2d 101 (1983).

For example, a trust attorney's allegedly defamatory statement to a family trustee that an

independent trustee was concealing trust assets was covered by absolute privilege applicable to judicial proceedings. <u>Fink</u>,118 Nev. 428 (2002).

Finally, defamation is a publication of a false statement of fact. Statements of opinion cannot be defamatory because there is no such thing as a false idea. However pernicious an opinion may seem, we depend for its correction not on the conscience of judges and juries but on the competition of other ideas. The Court has held that statements of opinion as opposed to statements of fact are not actionable. <u>Pegasus v. Reno Newspapers, Inc.</u>, 118 Nev. 706, 57 P.3d 82 (2002).

In this case, the only factual statements attributed to the moving Defendants are privileged communications related to judicial proceedings. Specifically, the September 15, 2016, email to Brandon Leavitt, Esq, the September 30, 2016, email to Kim Gurule at Video Transcription Services; and the October 5, 2016, statement made to Brandon Leavitt, each are privileged statements because each alleged statement is pertinent to the subject of controversy, and made during the course of a pending judicial action. Moreover, providing a video of a judicial proceeding cannot constitute Defamation because republication of a judicial proceeding likewise enjoys an absolute privilege. Consequently, this Court should apply the absolute privilege liberally, resolving any doubt in favor of its relevancy or pertinency and dismiss Plaintiffs' Defamation claims with prejudice.

### D. PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR HED

The elements of a cause of action for Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress ("IIED") are: 1. Defendant's conduct was extreme or outrageous with either the intention of, or reckless disregard for causing emotional distress to plaintiff; and 2. Plaintiff suffered severe or extreme emotional distress as the actual or proximate result of defendant's conduct. <u>Dillard Dep't Stores, Inc. v. Beckwith</u>, 115 Nev. 372, 989 P.2d 882 (1999).

Extreme and outrageous conduct is that which is outside all possible bounds of decency and is regarded as utterly intolerable in a civilized community; persons must necessarily be expected and required to be hardened to occasional acts that are definitely inconsiderate and unkind. Maduike v. Agency Rent-A-Car, 114 Nev. 1, 953 P.2d 24 (1998).

A Plaintiff's deposition testimony that he was depressed for some time was not enough to show severe or extreme emotional distress; plaintiff failed to seek any medical or psychiatric assistance for the depression and presented no objectively verifiable indicia of the severity of his emotional distress. Miller v. Jones, 114 Nev. 1291, 970 P.2d 571 (1998).

In this case, Plaintiffs Complaint fails to set forth any facts which tend to demonstrate the Plaintiffs suffered emotional distress. Rather the Complaint merely contains a rote recitation of the elements of the claim devoid of any facts. These threadbare recitals of elements do not enjoy a presumption of truth and are insufficient to demonstrate a plausible cause of action. Likewise, the Complaint does not set forth any fact demonstrating that the moving Defendants alleged acts of sending a few emails transcends all possible bounds of decency or is regarded as utterly intolerable in a civilized community. Consequently, Plaintiffs Complaint should be dismissed because it fails to set forth facts which tend to demonstrate plausible claims for relief.

### E. PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR NIED

The elements of a cause of action for Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress ("NIED") are: 1. Defendant owed a duty of care to Plaintiff; 2. Defendant breached that duty; 3. the breach was the legal cause of plaintiff's injuries; and, 4. Plaintiff suffered serious emotional distress. Olivero v. Lowe, 116 Nev. 395, 995 P.2d 1023 (2000).

Like Plaintiffs' IIED claim, the NIED claim fails to which tend to demonstrate the Plaintiffs suffered emotional distress. Furthermore, the claim does not even set forth any duty owed by the Defendant or any alleged breach. The entire cause of action merely contains three paragraphs, one of which incorporates the rest of the Complaints conclusory allegations by reference, one that alleged damages "in excess of \$15,000" and the third a vague statement devoid of any facts that alleges: "[t]o whatever extent the infliction of emotional distress asserted in the preceding cause of action was not deliberate, it was a result of the reckless and wanton actions of the Defendants, either individually, or in concert with others." On its face, the allegations contains no particularized facts whatsoever and fails to state a plausible claim

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for relief, let alone the elements of the cause of action. Accordingly, Plaintiffs' claim should be dismissed.

#### PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR FALSE LIGHT F.

The elements of a cause of action for False Light are: 1. Defendant gave publicity to a matter concerning plaintiff that placed plaintiff before the public in a false light; 2. The false light under which plaintiff was placed would be highly offensive to a reasonable person; and 3. Defendant had knowledge of or acted in reckless disregard as to the falsity of the publicized matter and the false light in which plaintiff was placed. PETA v. Bobby Berosini, Ltd., 111 Nev. 615, 895 P.2d 1269 (1995).

Once again Plaintiff's claim fails to set forth any fact that enjoys the assumption of truth hat the pleading stage. Plaintiffs' threadbare legal conclusion and not sufficient to state a claim for relief and Plaintiffs' claim should be dismissed.

#### G. PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR BUSINESS DISPARAGEMENT

To succeed in a claim for business disparagement, the plaintiff must prove: (1) a false and disparaging statement, (2) the unprivileged publication by the defendant, (3) malice, and (4) special damages. Id. Clark County Sch. Dist. v. Virtual Educ. Software, Inc., 125 Nev. 374, 386 (Nev. 2009). Nev.R.Civ.P 9(g) requires that special damages be plead with specificity.

Here, Plaintiffs fail to plead the alleged special damages with specificity. On the contrary, Plaintiffs merely state that they "demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special,

compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000." On its fact the statement lacks specificity. Likewise, there are no facts, whatsoever, demonstrating that the moving Defendants acted with malice. Consequently, Plaintiffs' claim should be dismissed.

#### PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR CONCERT OF ACTION H.

The elements of a cause of action for Concert of Actions are: 1. Defendant acted with another, or Defendants acted together, to commit a tort while acting in concert or pursuant to a common design. Dow Chemical Co. v. Mahlum, 114 Nev. 1468, 970 P.2d 98 (1998). An

agreement alone is not sufficient, however, because it s essential that the conduct of each tortfeasor be in itself tortious. <u>Id</u>.

In order to be jointly and severally liable under NRS 41.141(5)(d)'s concert of action exception, the defendants must have agreed to engage in conduct that is inherently dangerous or poses a substantial risk of harm to others. Thus, this requirement is met when the defendants agree to engage in an inherently dangerous activity, with a known risk of harm, that could lead to the commission of a tort. Mere joint negligence, or an agreement to act jointly, does not suffice; such a construction of NRS 41.141(5)(d) would render meaningless the general rule of several liability. GES, Inc. v. Corbitt, 117 Nev. 265, 21 P.3d 11 (2001).

As analyzed above, the moving Defendants' alleged statements enjoy an absolute privilege. Therefore, the moving Defendants alleged conduct is not tortious as a matter of law. Furthermore, there are no alleged facts which tend to demonstrate the Defendants engaged in any activity which is inherently dangerous or poses a substantial risk of harm to others. Consequently, this Court should dismiss Plaintiffs' conclusory claims.

### I. PLAINTIFFS FAIL TO ALLEGE A PLAUSIBLE CLAIM FOR CIVIL CONSPIRACY

The elements of a cause of action for Civil Conspiracy are: 1. Defendants, by acting in concert, intended to accomplish an unlawful objective for the purpose of harming plaintiff; and 2. Plaintiff sustained damage resulting from defendants' act or acts. <u>Consol. Generator-Nevada</u>, <u>Inc. v. Cummins Engine Co.</u>, 114 Nev. 1304, 971 P.2d 1251 (1999).

A claim for civil conspiracy should identify a combination between two or more persons and should name the alleged parties to the conspiracy. In addition, the claim should identify the required "unlawful objective." Morris v. Bank of Am. Nevada, 110 Nev, 1274, 886 P.2d 454 (1994).

As analyzed above, Plaintiffs' Complaint fails to set forth the "when, where and how" of any alleged conspiracy. Likewise, the Complaint fails to set forth facts illustrating any unlawful objective. Rather the Plaintiffs complain of vague "the-defendant-unlawfully-harmed-me" allegations that fail to state a plausible claim for relief. Accordingly, this Court should dismiss Plaintiffs' claim.

J.	HARASSMENT AND INJUCTIVE RELIEF ARE NOT CAUSES OF ACTION AND SHOULD BE
i	DISMISSED

Harassment is not a cause of action. Similarly, an injunction is an equitable remedy, not a cause of action. <u>Lippis v. Peters</u>, 112 Nev. 1008, 1009 (Nev. 1996). Accordingly, the Court should dismiss these two claims that do not constitute causes of action.

IV.

### **CONCLUSION**

The Schneider Defendants respectfully request that this Court dismiss Plaintiffs claims which are merely supported by a series of conclusory and implausible allegations that do not put the moving Defendants on notice of specific instances of misconduct.

In addition, the Schneider Defendants reserve the right to file a pleading pursuant to an anti-SLAPP suit pursuant to NRS 41.660.

DATED this 30th day of January, 2017

### POTTER LAW OFFICES

By /s/ Cal J. Potter, III, Esq.
CAL J. POTTER, III, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 1988
C. J. POTTER, IV, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 13225
1125 Shadow Lane
Las Vegas, NV 89102
Attorneys for Schneider Defendants

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I HEREBY CERTIFY that pursuant to EDCR 8.05, Administrative Order 14-2, and 2 NEFCR 9 on the 30th day of January, 2017, I did serve at Las Vegas, Nevada a true and correct 3 copy of THE SCHNEIDER DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS on all parties to this 4 action by: 5 Facsimile 6 U.S. Mail 7 Hand Delivery 8 9 **Electronic Filing** X 10 Addressed to: 11 Jennifer Abrams, Esq. THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM 6252 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 100 12 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 JVAGroup@theabramslawfirm.com 13 Marshal Willick, Esq. WILLICK LAW GROUP 14 15 3591 E. Bonanza rd. #200 Las Vegas, NV 89110 16 marshal@willicklawgroup.com 17 Maggie McLetchie MCLETCHIE SHELL 701 E. Bridger #520 18 Las Vegas, NV 89101 19 maggie@nvlitigation 20 /s/ Tanya Bain An employee of POTTER LAW OFFICES 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Electronically Filed **DECLARATION OF SERVICE 02/08/2017 04:11:28 PM** 

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Case No.: A-17-749318-C

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

88.1

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 02/06/2017 with instructions to serve LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER c/o Cal J. Potter, III at Potter Law Offices, 1125 Shadow Lane, Las Vegas, NV89102.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 02/06/2017 at 11:54 AM, I served the within AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES on LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER c/o Cal J. Potter, III at Potter Law Offices, 1125 Shadow Lane, Las Vegas, NV89102 in the manner indicated below:

SUITABLE AGE: By delivering thereat a true copy of each to Kristy Hulse, Authorized Employee at Potter Law Office authorized to accept service on behalf of LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER c/o Cal J. Potter, III, a person of suitable age and discretion. Said premises is LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER c/o Cal J. Potter, III's usual place of business within the state.

A description of the Recipient, or other person served on behalf of the Recipient is as follows:

0000000	Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight
at a contract of the	Female	Caucasian	Brown	40's	5'5''	135
Other Features:						

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregong is true and correct.

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

raig Barton Licenše#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102

(702) 669-7378

Atty File#:

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

### Electronically Filed **DECLARATION OF SERVICE 02/08/2017 03:51:08 PM**

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM.

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

SS.:

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 02/06/2017 with instructions to serve STEVE W. SANSON c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq. at McLetchie Shell, LLC, 701 E. Bridger Ave., Ste. 520, Las Vegas, NV89101.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 02/06/2017 at 12:18 PM, I served the within AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES on STEVE W. SANSON c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq. at McLetchie Shell, LLC, 701 E. Bridger Ave., Stc. 520, Las Vegas, **NV89101** in the manner indicated below:

SUITABLE AGE: By delivering thereat a true copy of each to Pharan Burchfield, Authorized Employee at McLetchie Shell Law Office authorized to accept service on behalf of STEVE W. SANSON c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq., a person of suitable age and discretion. Said premises is STEVE W. SANSON c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq.'s usual place of business within the state.

A description of the Recipient, or other person served on behalf of the Recipient is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight
Female	Cancasian	Brown	35	5'7"	130
Other Features:					

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

Graig Burton License#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102 (702)669-7378

Atty File#:

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

**Electronically Filed DECLARATION OF SERVICE 02/08/2017 03:52:20 PM** 

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner.

VS. LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

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AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 02/06/2017 with instructions to serve VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq. at McLetchie Shell. LLC, 701 E. Bridger Ave., Ste. 520, Las Vegas, NV89101.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 02/06/2017 at 12:18 PM, I served the within AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES on VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq. at McLetchie Shell, LLC, 701 E. Bridger Ave., Ste. 520, Las Vegas, NV89101 in the manner indicated below:

SUITABLE AGE: By delivering thereat a true copy of each to Pharan Burchfield, Authorized Employee at McLetchie Shell Law Office authorized to accept service on behalf of VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq., a person of suitable age and discretion. Said premises is VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Margaret McLetchie, Esq.'s usual place of business within the state.

A description of the Recipient, or other person served on behalf of the Recipient is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight	
Female	Caucasian	Brown	35	5'7''	130	
Other Features:						

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregong is true and correct.

Executed this

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

Crafg Búrtón License#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

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Las Vegas, NV89102 (702) 669-7378

Atty File#:

### DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

Electronically Filed **DECLARATION OF SERVICE 02/08/2017 03:55:08 PM** 

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

SS.;

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 02/06/2017 with instructions to serve LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Cal J. Potter, III at Potter Law Offices, 1125 Shadow Lane, Las Vegas, NV89102.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 02/06/2017 at 11:54 AM, I served the within AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES on LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Cal J. Potter, III at Potter Law Offices, 1125 Shadow Lane, Las Vegas, **NV89102** in the manner indicated below:

SUITABLE AGE: By delivering thereat a true copy of each to Kristy Hulse, Authorized Employee at Potter Law Office authorized to accept service on behalf of LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Cal J. Potter, III, a person of suitable age and discretion. Said premises is LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER. LLC c/o Cal J. Potter, III's usual place of business within the state.

A description of the Recipient, or other person served on behalf of the Recipient is as follows:

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Female	Caucasian	Brown	40's	5'5''	135	
Other Features:						

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregong is true and correct.

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

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email@willicklawgroup.com
Attorney for Plaintiffs

Alm H. Comm

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS AND THE ABRAMS AND MAYO LAW FIRM, Plaintiff,

VS.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER; LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC; STEVE W. SANSON; HEIDI J. HANUSA; CHRISTINA ORTIZ; JOHNNY SPICER; DON WOOLBRIGHT; VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC; SANSON CORPORATION; KAREN STEELMON; and DOES I THROUGH X,

Defendant.

CASE NO: A-17-749318-C DEPT. NO: I

DATE OF HEARING: 3/8/17 TIME OF HEARING: 9:30 a.m.

# OPPOSITION TO "DEFENDANT LOUIS SCHNEIDER'S AND LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS SCHNEIDER'S MOTION TO DISMISS COMPLAINT PURSUANT TO NRCP 12(B)(5)" AND

### **COUNTERMOTION FOR ATTORNEY'S FEES**

### I. INTRODUCTION

Defendants Louis Schneider and the Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC ("Schneider Defendants") attempt to color the opinion of this Court with false assertions from their very first sentence:

WILLICK LAW GROUP 3591 East Bonanza Road Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2101 (702) 438-4100

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Plaintiff's Complaint for damages is filed in retaliation of Mr. Schneider's efforts to sanction Attorney Brandon Leavitt's ex parte communications with Mr. Schneider's client in a divorce proceeding where Mr. Schneider specifically declined to give Mr. Leavitt permission to talk with his client on the eve of a divorce trial.<sup>1</sup>

Every part of that assertion is false; a brief recantation of the background behind this false assertion is necessary.

Plaintiffs represent Brandon Saiter ("Husband") in a divorce case against Tina Saiter ("Wife").<sup>2</sup> Plaintiffs discovered that Mr. Schneider was actively attempting to prevent settlement of the case – despite the mutual intentions of the parties – while pressuring Wife to engage in an unprofessional and personal relationship with him. Mr. Schneider also fabricated allegations against Husband in order to procure fee awards because Mr. Schneider essentially took the divorce case on contingency in violation of NRPC 1.5(d)(1).

Wife was so displeased with Mr. Schneider's conduct and representation—and told him so—that Mr. Schneider eventually filed a Motion to Withdraw on July 20, 2016. Mr. Schneider's affidavit explains that he and his client had "a complete breakdown of the attorney/client relationship" and that "as a result, it has become impossible to continue to represent her in this matter."

Approximately one month later, while the Motion to Withdraw was still pending, Wife was still eager to engage in settlement discussions but felt limited because Mr. Schneider was still her formal attorney of record. Wife asked Mr. Schneider to authorize her to speak with Brandon Leavitt, Esq. directly.<sup>3</sup> Mr. Schneider *did* so in an email to Wife dated September 15, 2016, at 3:21 p.m., which

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Motion at 4, lines 4-8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Case No. D-15-521372-D.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Mr. Leavitt is an associate attorney at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.

Wife then forwarded to Husband.<sup>4</sup> The same day, Wife wrote to Mr. Schneider: "I have finally decided to stop all this..I no longer need your representation."<sup>5</sup>

That brings us back to the false opening sentence of the pending motion. The entirety of Mr. Schneider's "efforts to sanction Attorney Brandon Leavitt's *ex parte* communications with Mr. Schneider's client" occurred during a single hearing before Judge Jennifer Elliott in which the judge stated on the record:

But it sounds like, the last thing that I saw was on Exhibit 8, was a September 16th 10:30 a.m. transmission to him saying 'Hi Louis I have finally decided to stop all of this, I no longer need your representation. Thank you. Tina Saiter' and Mr. Schneider responded at 11:03 a.m. 'I understand Tina, be careful and good luck. Louis.' So I felt that that was pretty clear, that you were saying I'm ready to do this on my own.

Judge Elliott did *not* find any misconduct as a result of a meeting between Wife and Mr. Leavitt. Furthermore, Judge Elliott *did not even consider* issuing any sanctions against Mr. Leavitt or The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.<sup>6</sup> The premised basis of the motion before this Court is false.

If there is *anything* to be taken from that false assertion, it is that the Schneider Defendants lack credibility and will say anything to avoid responsibility for *their* actions:

- 1. "Mr. Schneider's efforts to sanction Attorney Leavitt" were of no significance in the proceedings and had nothing to do with the filing of this lawsuit *four months* later.
- 2. Mr. Leavitt did not have "ex parte communications with Mr. Schneider's client." As indicated by Judge Elliott, Mr.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Exhibit 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See email from Tina Saiter to Louis Schneider dated September 16, 2016, at 10:39 am, attached as Exhibit 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> A Motion for Sanctions filed by Plaintiffs on behalf of Husband against Mr. Schneider was pending during this period for his numerous violations of both procedural and ethical rules throughout the case. Those issues have been briefed and it is expected that Judge Elliott will issue a decision on Husband's request for an award of attorney fees and sanctions.

Schneider's Motion to Withdraw was pending and Wife made it clear to Mr. Schneider in her September 16, 2016, email that she no longer wanted Mr. Schneider to represent her.

3. Mr. Schneider did not "specifically decline" to give permission for Wife and Mr. Leavitt to communicate directly – the email permitting such communication is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

### II. OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS

The Schneider Defendants' *Motion to Dismiss* is further premised on the false assertion that the *Amended Complaint for Damages* only contains paragraphs 22, 24, 30, 31, and 38. They ignore and fail to acknowledge the remaining *one-hundred and forty-five paragraphs* of the *Amended Complaint for Damages* which, when read in conjunction with paragraphs 22, 24, 30, 31, and 38, greatly *surpass* the requirements for a complaint in this "notice pleading" State.

In brief, the Schneider Defendants threatened and intimidated witnesses in an attempt to subvert ongoing judicial proceedings by use of out-of-court actions against counsel and others. The Schneider Defendants then conspired with the other Defendants in this action and acted in concert with them to perpetrate the defamation, intentional infliction of emotional distress, negligent infliction of emotional distress, false light, business disparagement, harassment, concert of action, civil conspiracy, RICO violations, and copyright infringement complained of in the *Amended Complaint for Damages*.

The specifics, including dates, specific acts, quotes from emails, defamatory statements, locations where the defamatory statements were posted and disseminated, etc., are all spelled out in the *Amended Complaint for Damages*.

The case law cited in the *Motion to Dismiss* does not support the relief requested. In *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, the United States Supreme Court explained its decision in *Twombly* concerning the sufficiency of a complaint:

Our decision in *Twombly* illustrates the two-pronged approach. There, we considered the sufficiency of a complaint alleging that incumbent telecommunications providers had entered an agreement not to compete and to forestall competitive entry, in violation of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. §1. Recognizing that §1 enjoins only anticompetitive conduct "effected by a contract, combination, or conspiracy," *Copperweld Corp. v. Independence Tube Corp.*, 467 U.S. 752, 775, 104 S. Ct. 2731, 81 L. Ed. 2d 628 (1984), the plaintiffs in *Twombly* flatly pleaded that the defendants "ha[d] entered into a contract, combination or conspiracy to prevent competitive entry . . . and ha[d] agreed not to compete with one another." 550 U.S., at 551, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929 (internal quotation marks omitted). The complaint also alleged that the defendants "parallel course of conduct . . . to prevent competition" and inflate prices was indicative of the unlawful agreement alleged. *Ibid.* (internal quotation marks omitted).

The Court held the plaintiffs' complaint deficient under Rule 8. In doing so it first noted that the plaintiffs' assertion of an unlawful agreement was a "'legal conclusion'" and, as such, was not entitled to the assumption of truth. *Id.*, at 555, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929. Had the Court simply credited the allegation of a conspiracy, the plaintiffs would have stated a claim for relief and been entitled to proceed perforce. The Court next addressed the "nub" of the plaintiffs' complaint-the well-pleaded, nonconclusory factual allegation of parallel behavior--to determine whether it gave rise to a "plausible suggestion of conspiracy." *Id.*, at 565-566, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929. Acknowledging that parallel conduct was consistent with an unlawful agreement, the Court nevertheless concluded that it did not plausibly suggest an illicit accord because it was not only compatible with, but indeed was more likely explained by, lawful, unchoreographed free-market behavior. Id., at 567, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929. Because the well-pleaded fact of parallel conduct, accepted as true, did not plausibly suggest an unlawful agreement, the Court held the plaintiffs' complaint must be dismissed. Id., at 570, 127 S. Ct. 1955, 167 L. Ed. 2d 929.

### [Emphasis added.]

Here, Plaintiffs did allege a conspiracy between the Schnieder Defendants and the other named Defendants in this action. Further, the factual allegations set forth in the *Amended Complaint for Damages* spell out the wrongful conduct in detail:

1. Mr. Schneider's written threat that: "If your firm does not withdraw that motion, I will oppose it *and take additional action beyond the opposition.*" [Emphasis added]. Complaint ¶24.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 679, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1950 (2009).

- 2. Mr. Schneider was the only person who requested a copy of the hearing video. Complaint ¶30.
- 3. Mr. Schneider conspired with the other Defendants to affect the outcome of the pending "D" Case by defaming, inflicting emotional distress upon, placing in a false light, disparaging the business of, and harassing Plaintiffs etc. Complaint ¶32.
- 4. Steve Sanson admittedly received a copy of the hearing video from Louis Schneider. Complaint ¶74.
- 5. No less than six "smear campaigns" were launched by Defendants, individually and in concert, against Plaintiff's. Complaint ¶'s 33-69.
- 6. Mr. Schneider said to Brandon Leavitt, Esq., that a withdrawal of the Motion for Sanctions would "make this all go away" or words to that effect. Complaint ¶38.
- 7. Defendants published an advertisement two days after the first "smear campaign" was disseminated stating "Law Offices of Louis Schneider" and "Friends of Veterans In Politics." Complaint ¶43.

Unlike the facts involved in *Twombly*, the facts alleged here are simply not *compatible* with lawful behavior. If proven – and the proof of each alleged act should be straightforward – the complaint sets out causes of action that are compensable under law and as to which injunctive relief is appropriate.

In *Iqbal*, a Pakistani Muslim detainee designated as a person "of high interest" to the September 11 investigation sued numerous federal officials including the former Attorney General of the United States and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The High Court found that although Iqbal's complaint alleged discrete wrongs – for instance, beatings – by lower level Government actors which could be the basis for some inference of wrongful intent on petitioners' part, the respondent's pleadings did not suffice to state a claim. The Court reasoned that unlike in *Twombly*, where

the doctrine of *respondeat superior* could bind the corporate defendant, the petitioners in *Iqbal* could not be held liable unless they themselves acted on account of a constitutionally protected characteristic and Iqbal's complaint did not contain any factual allegation sufficient to plausibly suggest petitioners' discriminatory state of mind.

Here, the Schneider Defendants' actions and inactions are explained in significant detail over 39 pages, 150 numbered paragraphs, and 6 Exhibits. The factual allegations exceed the "notice pleading" requirements, and they state claims that are far more than "plausible." If established, and we believe the proof is more than adequate to do so, liability is clear, leaving only the question of the amount of damages.

### A. Plaintiffs' RICO Claims Have Merit

In *Hale v. Burkhardt*, Plaintiff alleged RICO claims against defendants which failed for failure to allege the necessary predicate acts:

- 1. Scheme A In a claim of false pretenses, Plaintiff failed to allege any specific false representations upon which he may have relied and that might have caused him to be defrauded.
- 2. Scheme B In an unspecified claim with no citation to any law, Plaintiffs failed to connect Defendant's alleged breach of contract

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Nevada is a notice-pleading jurisdiction; the courts are directed to construe liberally pleadings to place into issue matters that are fairly noticed to an adverse party. *Nevada State Bank* v. *Jamison Family Partnership*, 106 Nev. 792, 801, 801 P.2d 1377, 1383 (1990).

To plead a claim for relief in Nevada, a party must include (1) a statement of the claim, and (2) a demand (or prayer) for relief. NRCP 8(a). With respect to the first requirement, the complaint must "set forth sufficient facts to demonstrate the necessary elements of a claim for relief so that the defending party has adequate notice of the nature of the claim and relief sought." Western States Constr. v. Michoff, 108 Nev. 931, 936, 840 P.2d 1220, 1223 (1992).

Nevada Civil Practice Manual, Section 5.02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Hale v. Burkhardt, 104 Nev. 632, 640, 764 P.2d 866, 871 (1988)

to any false representations or wrongdoing, failed to reveal the identity of the parties to whom false representations were made or who was actually defrauded, much less how much ill-gotten gain resulted from the supposed deception.<sup>10</sup>

3. Scheme C - The alleged criminal transactions were presented to the Court simply by saying "Burkhardt is a defendant in an action in St. Louis, Missouri regarding fraud in the sale of securities, mail fraud, and wire fraud" and that a copy of the RICO section of the complaint is attached "for the Court's review to establish that Defendant JOE E. BURKHARDT has engaged in a pattern of racketeering activity to obtain possession of money or property valued at \$100.00 or more by means of false pretenses on numerous occasions." A 75-page criminal complaint was attached with no indication whatsoever as to which factual allegations were applicable.<sup>11</sup>

The Court held that "while several of the schemes appear to suggest some of the elements of cognizable racketeering-related crimes, none is sufficiently coherent or complete as to enable this court to determine the specific crimes Burkhardt is charged with having committed."

In contrast, in *this* case, Plaintiffs detail the wrongful actions and inactions of the Schneider Defendants, the specific dates of those actions and inactions, the actions of the Schneider Defendants' cohorts, and the specific elements of the enumerated crimes committed by them, throughout the 39-page *Amended Complaint for Damages*.

<sup>10</sup> *Id.* at 641.

<sup>11</sup> *Id*.

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Ironically, the Schneider Defendants do *exactly* what they complain about in their filing – they merely make a "blanket" allegation that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint for Damages "lacks specificity." Conveniently missing from their Motion are what facts are supposedly "missing," that prevents them from notice of the "when," where," or how" of the complaint against them.

#### The Defamatory Statements Were Not Privileged **B.**

In the very recent Nevada Supreme Court decision of Shapiro v. Welt, the Court explained:

In order for the privilege to apply to defamatory statements made in the context of a judicial proceeding, "(1) a judicial proceeding must be contemplated in good faith and under serious consideration, and (2) the communication must be related to the litigation." *Id.* (internal quotation marks omitted). However, a "[party's] statements to someone who is not directly involved with the actual or anticipated judicial proceeding will be covered by the absolute privilege only if the recipient of the be covered by the absolute privilege only if the recipient of the communication is significantly interested in the proceeding." Fink v. Oshins, 118 Nev. 428, 436, 49 P.3d 640, 645-46 (2002) (internal quotation marks omitted).

For a statement to fall within the scope of the absolute litigation privilege it must be made to a recipient who has a significant interest in the outcome of the litigation or who has a role in the litigation. *Id.* at 436, 49 P.3d at 645-46; see also *Jacobs*, 130 Nev., Adv. Op. 44, 325 P.3d at 1287. In order to determine whether a person who is not directly involved in the judicial proceeding may still be "significantly interested in the proceeding," the district court must review "the recipient's legal relationship to the litigation, not their interest as an observer."

In Jacobs v. Adelson, the Nevada Supreme Court held that the statements made to the media regarding ongoing or contemplated litigation are not subject to absolute privilege. 13

The Schneider Defendants' assertion that "[s]tatements of opinion cannot be defamatory because there is no such thing as a false idea" is equally incorrect. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Shapiro v. Welt, 133 Nev. \_\_\_, \_\_\_ P.3d \_\_\_\_ (Adv. Op. 6, Feb. 2, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> "Extension of the absolute privilege to cover statements to the media, when the media are not a party to the lawsuit or inextricably intertwined with the lawsuit, would not further the policy underlying the absolute privilege." Jacobs v. Adelson, 325 P.3d 1282, 1287 (Nev. 2014).

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Piping Rock Partners decision, adopted by the Nevada Supreme Court in Shapiro, held that:

Although statements of opinion are not per se actionable, an opinion loses its constitutional protection and becomes actionable when it is "based on implied, undisclosed facts" and "the speaker has no factual basis for the opinion." Ruiz v. Harbor View Community Association, 134 Cal. App. 4th 1456, 1471, 37 Cal. Rptr. 3d 133 (2005). That is, expressions of opinion do not enjoy blanket constitutional protection. 14

Lastly, the Schneider Defendants' assertion that "a closed hearing is not a sealed hearing" is irrelevant to the issue of "public interest." A "closed hearing" is a hearing that is "not open to the public" (former EDCR 5.02) and therefore cannot be a "matter of public concern."

### C. The Remaining Causes of Actions Have Merit and Survive the Defendants' Meritless Challenge<sup>15</sup>

The Schneider Defendants' assertions relating to each of these causes of action is predicated upon the false assertion that the *Amended Complaint for Damages* only consists of paragraphs 22, 24, 30, 31, and 38. As stated above, when read in conjunction with the other one-hundred and forty-five numbered paragraphs, sufficient facts have been alleged as to each and every cause of action.

As for the allegation that specific damages have not been set forth for Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress and Business Disparagement, notice of the fact of the damages has been pled. The extent of damages will be in issue after liability is established.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Piping Rock Partners, Inc. v. David Lerner Assocs., 946 F. Supp. 2d 957, 972 (N.D. Cal. 2013).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Namely, Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress, False Light, Business Disparagement, Concert of Action, Civil Conspiracy, Harassment, and Injunctive Relief.

Lastly, to the extent that Injunctive Relief is not a separate cause of action, it is requested relief in the existing causes of action, and must be pled and proved to be granted.

### III. ATTORNEY'S FEES

There is justification for an award of attorney's fees under EDCR 7.60, which sanctions obviously frivolous, unnecessary, or vexatious litigation:

- (b) The court may, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose upon an attorney or a party any and all sanctions which may, under the facts of the case, be reasonable, including the imposition of fines, costs or attorney's fees when an attorney or a party without just cause:
- (1) Presents to the court a motion or opposition to a motion which is obviously frivolous, unnecessary or unwarranted.
- (3) So multiplies the proceedings in a case as to increase the costs unreasonably and vexatiously.

Additionally, NRS 18.010, dealing with awards of attorney's fees, states that fees may be awarded:

(b) Without regard to the recovery sought, when the court finds that the claim, counterclaim, cross-claim or third-party complaint or defense of the opposing party was brought or maintained without reasonable ground or to harass the prevailing party. The court shall liberally construe the provisions of this paragraph in favor of awarding attorney's fees in all appropriate situations. It is the intent of the Legislature that the court award attorney's fees pursuant to this paragraph and impose sanctions pursuant to Rule 11 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure in all appropriate situations to punish for and deter frivolous and vexatious claims and defense because such claims and defenses overburden limited judicial resources, hinder the timely resolution of meritorious claims and increase the costs of engaging in business and providing professional services to the public.

### [Emphasis added.]

The Schneider Defendants' Motion to Dismiss relies on multiple false assertions of facts, based in part on a "pick your poison" reading of Plaintiffs'

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Amended Complaint for Damages, and misinterpretation of controlling case law. The Schneider Defendants in this matter should be jointly and severally liable for 100% of Plaintiffs' fees and costs in defending their Opposition before the Court.

The Supreme Court has re-adopted "well-known basic elements," which in addition to hourly time schedules kept by an attorney, are to be considered in determining the reasonable value of an attorney's services, and qualities, commonly referred to as the Brunzell factors:16

The Qualities of the Advocate: his ability, his training, education, experience, professional standing and skill. 1.

The Character of the Work to Be Done: its difficulty, its 2. intricacy, its importance, time and skill required, the responsibility imposed and the prominence and character of the parties where they affect the importance of the litigation.
The Work Actually Performed by the Lawyer: the skill, time and

3. attention given to the work.

whether the attorney was successful and what 4. benefits were derived.

Each of these factors should be given consideration, and no one element should predominate or be given undue weight.<sup>17</sup> Additional guidance is provided by reviewing the "attorney's fees" cases most often cited in Family Law. 18

The Brunzell factors require counsel to rather immodestly make a representation as to the "qualities of the advocate," the character and difficulty of the work performed, and the work actually performed by the attorney.

First, respectfully, we suggest that the undersigned is A/V rated, a peerreviewed and certified (and re-certified) Fellow of the American Academy of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Brunzell v. Golden Gate National Bank, 85 Nev. 345, 349, 455 P.2d 31, 33 (1969).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Miller v. Wilfong, 121 Nev. 119, P.3d 727 (2005).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Discretionary Awards: Awards of fees are neither automatic nor compulsory, but within the sound discretion of the Court, and evidence must support the request. Fletcher v. Fletcher, 89 Nev. 540, 516 P.2d 103 (1973), Levy v. Levy, 96 Nev. 902, 620 P.2d 860 (1980), Hybarger v. Hybarger, 103 Nev. 255, 737 P.2d 889 (1987).

Matrimonial Lawyers, and a Certified Specialist in Family Law<sup>19</sup> who has been in practice nearly 40 years. Mr. Willick, the attorney primarily responsible for drafting this *Opposition*, is the principal of the WILLICK LAW GROUP.

As to the "character and quality of the work performed," we ask the Court to find our work in this matter to have been adequate, both factually and legally; we have diligently reviewed the applicable law, explored the relevant facts, and believe that we have properly applied one to the other.

The fees charged by paralegal staff are reasonable, and compensable, as well. The tasks performed by staff in this case were precisely those that were "some of the work that the attorney would have to do anyway [performed] at substantially less cost per hour." As the Nevada Supreme Court reasoned, "the use of paralegals and other nonattorney staff reduces litigation costs, so long as they are billed at a lower rate," so 'reasonable attorney's fees'... includes charges for persons such as paralegals and law clerks."

The work actually performed will be detailed in a *Memorandum of Fees and Costs*, at the Court's request (redacted as to confidential information), consistent with the requirements under *Love*.<sup>21</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Per direct enactment of the Board of Governors of the Nevada State Bar, and independently by the National Board of Trial Advocacy. Mr. Willick was privileged (and tasked) by the Bar to write the examination that other would-be Nevada Family Law Specialists must pass to attain that status.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> LVMPD v. Yeghiazarian, 129 Nev. \_\_\_, \_\_\_ P.3d \_\_\_ (Adv. Opn. No. 81, Nov. 7, 2013) citing to Missouri v. Jenkins, 491 U.S. 274 (1989).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Love v. Love, 114 Nev. 572, 959 P.2d 523 (1998).

#### **CONCLUSION** IV.

Based on the above, Plaintiffs respectfully requests the Court issue the following orders:

- Deny Schneider Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in its entirety. 1.
- Grant Plaintiffs attorney's fees in the minimum amount of \$5,000. 2.

**DATED** this 14/4 day of February, 2017.

Respectfully Submitted By: WILLICK LAW GROUP

Nevada Bar No. 2515 3591 E. Bonanza, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89110-2101 (702) 438-4100 Fax (702) 438-5311 Attorney for *Plaintiffs* 

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### DECLARATION OF JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ.

- I, Jennifer V. Abrams, Esq., declare that I am competent to testify to the 1. facts contained in the preceding filing.
- I have read the preceding filing, and I have personal knowledge of the 2. facts contained therein, unless stated otherwise. Further, the factual averments contained therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, except those matters based on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.
- 3. The factual averments contained in the preceding filing are incorporated herein as if set forth in full.

I declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of Nevada and the United States (NRS 53.045 and 28 U.S.C. § 1746), that the foregoing is true and correct.

EXECUTED this May of February, 2017.

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ABRAMS, ESQ.

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 

Pursuant to NRCP 5(b), I certify that I am an employee of the WILLICK LAW GROUP and that on this 14th day of February, 2017, I caused the above and foregoing document, to be served as follows:

- [X] Pursuant to EDCR 8.05(a), EDCR 8.05(f), NRCP 5(b)(2)(D) and Administrative Order 14-2 captioned "In the Administrative Matter of Mandatory Electronic Service in the Eighth Judicial District Court," by mandatory electronic service through the Eighth Judicial District Court's electronic filing system.
- [ ] by placing same to be deposited for mailing in the United States Mail, in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was prepaid in Las Vegas, Nevada; and by email.
- pursuant to EDCR 7.26, to be sent via facsimile, by duly executed consent for service by electronic means.
- [ ] by hand delivery with signed Receipt of Copy.

To the attorney and/or litigant listed below at the address, email address, and/or facsimile number indicated below:

Maggie McLetchie, Esq.
McLetchie Shell LLC
701 E Bridger Avenue, #520,
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
Attorney for Steve W. Sanson and
Veterans in Politics International, Inc.

Alex Ghibaudo, Esq.
GLAW
320 E Charleston Blvd., Suite 105
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Attorney for Louis C. Schneider,
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Christina Ortiz

Heidi J. Hanusa 2620 Regatta Drive, Suite 102 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

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Johnny Spicer 3589 East Gowan Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89115

Don Woolbright 4230 Saint Linus Ln. Saint Ann, Missouri 63074

Sanson Corporation Reg. Agent:c/o Clark McCourt 7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Ste. 120 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

> Karen Steelmon 2174 East Russell Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

> > An Employee of the WILLICK LAW GROUP

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WILLICK LAW GROUP 3591 East Bonanza Road Suite 200 Las Vegas, NV 89110-2101 (702) 438-4100

### EXHIBIT 1

### EXHIBIT 1

### EXHIBIT 1

#### Julie Schoen

Subject:

FW: Re:

From: Tina Saiter [mailto:cleaningmama30@aol.com]

Sent: Friday, September 16, 2016 10:03 AM

To: Brandon Saiter < bsaiter@harmonicinnerprizes.com >; Brandon Saiter < pbsaiter@cox.net >

Subject: Fwd: Re:

Tina Saiter

Begin forwarded message:

From: Louis Schneider < lcslawlle@yahoo.com > Date: September 15, 2016 at 3:21:18 PM PDT To: Tina Saiter < cleaningmama30@aol.com >

Subject: Re:

Reply-To: Louis Schneider < lcslawllc@yahoo.com>

It is your choice if you want to speak with Brandon without my presence. I don't advise it, but you can if you want to.

#### Law Office of Louis C. Schneider

Nevada Bar No. 9683 430 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-435-2121

Fax: 702-431-3807

CONFIDENTIALITY WARNING: This e-mail and any attachments are for the exclusive and confidential use of the intended recipient. If you are not the intended recipient, please do not read, distribute or take action in reliance upon this missive. If you have received this in error, please notify the sender immediately by reply e-mail and delete this message and its attachments from your computer system. We do not waive any attorney-client, work product or other privilege by sending this email or attachment.

From: Louis Schneider < <a href="mailto:localeucom/com/schicoleucom/saiter">localeucom/com/schicoleucom/schic

Subject: Re:

I just received an invoice from Anthem Forensics requesting an additional \$2,000.00. I strongly believe that Brandon is concerned about the outcome of the forensic accounting.

Again, I strongly suggest that you wait to settle this case until after we review the forensic accounting.

#### Law Office of Louis C. Schneider

Nevada Bar No. 9683 430 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-435-2121

Fax: 702-431-3807

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From: Louis Schneider < <a href="mailto:lcslawllc@yahoo.com">lcslawllc@yahoo.com</a>>
To: Tina Saiter < <a href="mailto:cleaningmama30@aol.com">cleaningmama30@aol.com</a>>
Sent: Thursday, September 15, 2016 1:21 PM

Subject: Fw:

Please respond to this e-mail and confirm that you received it.

Thank you.

#### Law Office of Louis C. Schneider

Nevada Bar No. 9683 430 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-435-2121

Fax: 702-431-3807

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---- Forwarded Message -----

From: Louis Schneider < <a href="mailto:lcslawllc@yahoo.com">lcslawllc@yahoo.com</a> To: Tina Saiter < <a href="mailto:cleaningmama30@aol.com">cleaningmama30@aol.com</a> Sent: Thursday, September 15, 2016 10:58 AM

Subject:

I don't think it's a good idea, but if that's what you want to do, I'm not going to stop you. I think that negotiating without seeing the forensic accounting and without an attorney present, is a mistake.

I'm suspicious as to why this is being rushed, especially on the eve of the forensic accounting being complete.

You have made it clear that this is what you want to do, and there is nothing I can do to stop you.

I think this is a really bad idea to do this without an attorney.

I think you should wait until the forensic accounting is complete.

I am highly suspect as to why you are being pressured right now.

#### Law Office of Louis C. Schneider

Nevada Bar No. 9683 430 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702-435-2121

Fax: 702-431-3807

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Spam
Phish/Fraud
Not spam
Forget previous vote

### EXHIBIT 2

### EXHIBIT 2

EXHIBIT 2

To: Tina Saiter

Re:

Today at 11:03 AM

I understand Tina be careful and good luck Louis

From: Tina Saiter <<u>cleaningmama30@aol.com</u>>

To: Louis Schneider < <a href="mailto:lcslawllc@yahoo.com">!cslawllc@yahoo.com">;</a>;

lcslaw@yahoo.com

Sent: Friday, September 16, 2016 10:39 AM

Subject:

Hi Louis

I have finally decided to stop all this... I no longer need your representation.

Thank you,

**Tina Saiter** 

#### Read: Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

#### UPCOMING EVENTS

WEBSITE NEWS GOALS AND VALUES OFFICERS CONTACT US









Veterans in Politics International inc. 702-283-8088 devildog1285@cs.com www.veteransinpolitics.org

SHARE THIS EMAIL

SIGN UP FOR EMAILS

# EXHIBIT 3

# EXHIBIT 3

## EXHIBIT 3

Share Share: Uke 26

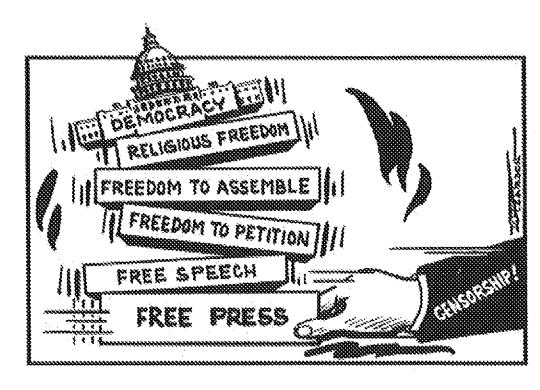
18897



### Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams "Seal-Happy" Practices

Clark County, Nevada November 6, 2016

Free access to civil court proceedings is protected by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.



FIND OUT MORE

### Its importance cannot be overstated!

State and federal courts, including Nevada's Supreme Court, recognize that public access to court proceedings serves vital public policy interests, including, serving as a check on corruption, educating the public about the judicial process, promoting informed discussion of government affairs, and enhancing the performance of the judge, the lawyers and all involved.

As former Nevada Supreme Court Justice Nancy Saitta wrote earlier this year regarding the Supreme Court's rules on sealing civil records,

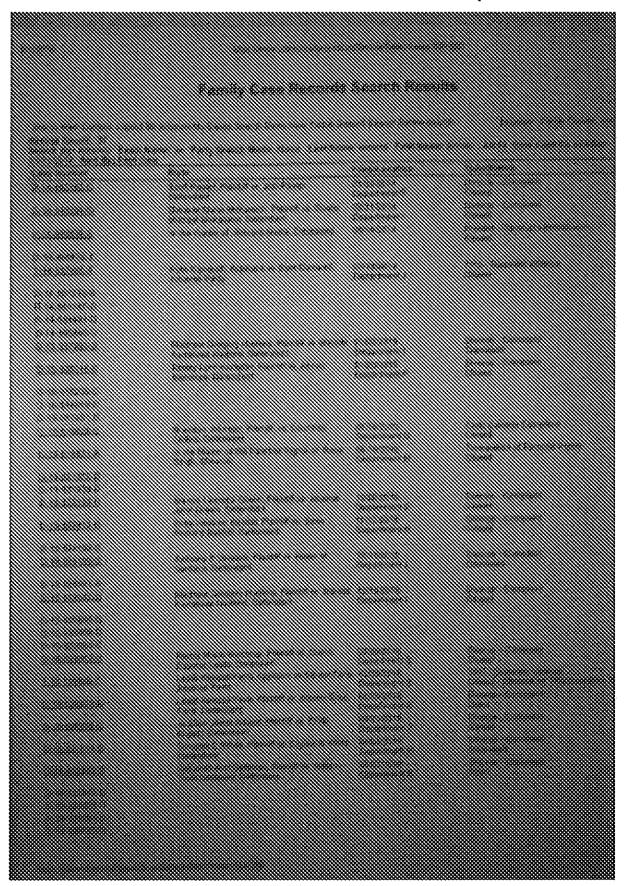
"the cornerstones of an effective, functioning judicial system are openness and transparency. Safeguarding these cornerstones requires public access not only to the judicial proceedings but also to judicial records and documents,"



At least one lawyer in Nevada, however, Jennifer Abrams, appears to be "seal happy" when it comes to trying to seal her cases. She appears to have sealed many of he r cases in the past few years, including filing a petition to seal in at least four cases just this past week, on 11/3/2016!

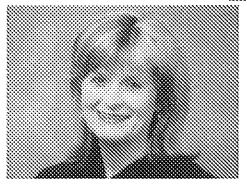


It also appears, however, that at least one of her cases, and perhaps more, may have been sealed to protect her own reputation, rather than to serve a compelling client privacy or safety interest.



Learn More

Veterans In Politics International (VIPI) recently released a video of Abrams bullying Judge Jennifer Elliot during a family court hearing in a case entitled Saiter v. Saiter, Case No. D-15-521372-D.



Click onto Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

In response to our article, Abrams sought and obtained a court order from Judge Elliott which does not name VIPI, but which purports to apply to the entirety of the general population. VIPI, however, was

served with the Order. The document orders all videos of Abrams' September 29, 2016 judicial browbeating to be taken off the internet.

Click onto District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams

The Order further prohibits anyone from "publishing, displaying, showing or making public any portion of these case proceedings." The order goes on to state that "nothing from the case at bar shall be disseminated or published and that any such publication or posting by anyone or any entity shall be immediately removed."

While the order claims in a conclusory fashion to be "in the best interests of the children," nothing in the order explains why. Indeed, the September 29, 2016 video of the proceedings that is on the internet focuses on Abrams's disrespectful exchange with the judge, and does not materially involve the children in the case.



Start 12:13:00 in the video the following conversation took place in open court.

#### Learn More

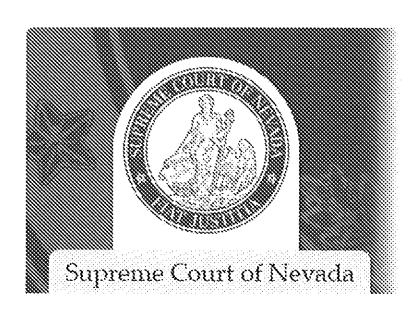
Moreover, while the Court Order is broadly stated and purports to prohibit the public viewing or dissemination of "any portion of these case proceedings," such blanket prohibition on public access to the entire case is specifically disallowed by law.

Entire cases cannot be scaled. Moreover, even if a judge wants to scal part of the case, the judge must specifically justify such scaling and must scal only the minimum portion necessary to protect a "compelling privacy or safety interest."

The issue of open proceedings is so important that in 2008 the Review Journal reported the Nevada Supreme Court convened a special task force to address the issue of over-sealing.

Click onto Standards for scaling civil cases tougher

The Supreme Court thereafter enacted rules requiring judges to specify in writing why sealing a record or redacting a portion of it is justified. (Supreme Court Rules, Part VII, Rule 3.) Judges must identify "compelling privacy or safety interests that outweigh the public interest in access to the court record."



This requirement applies even when a party in a family law case tries to seal a case under NRS 125.110, the statute on which Abrams seems to routinely rely. This statute provides that certain evidence in a divorce case, such as records, exhibits, and transcripts of particular testimony, may be deemed "private" and sealed upon request of one of the parties. However, the Court must justify why these records have to be sealed, and cannot seal the entire case - complaints, pleadings and other documents <u>must remain public</u>.

In the 2009 case of <u>Johansen v. District Court</u>, the Nevada Supreme Court specifically held that broad unsupported orders sealing

documents in divorce cases are subject to reversal given the important public policies involved.

### The Court stated:

"We conclude that the district court was obligated to maintain the divorce proceedings' public status under NRS 125.110 and manifestly abused any discretion it possessed when it sealed the entire case file. We further conclude that the district court abused its discretion when it issued an overly broad gag order sua sponte, without giving notice or a meaningful opportunity to be heard, without making any factual findings with respect to the need for such an order in light of any clear and present danger or threat of serious and imminent harm to a protected interest, and without examining the existence of any alternative means by which to accomplish this purpose. Gag orders must be narrowly drawn if no less restrictive means are available; they may be entered only when there exists a serious and imminent threat to the administration of justice. This was certainly not the case here."

#### Click onto Johanson v. Dist. Ct., 182 P. 3d 94 - Nev: Supreme Court 2008

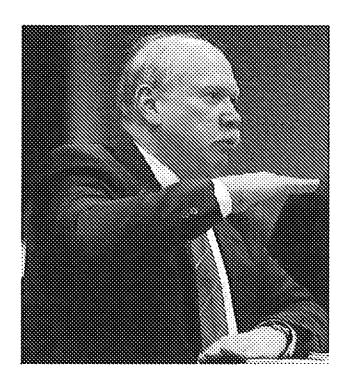
In the *Saiter* case, no notice was given to the general public for a hearing before the Order was issued, there was no opportunity for the public to be heard, no specific findings were made in the Order, and the Order was not drafted narrowly.

Indeed, it was drafted in the broadest possible terms to effectively seal the entire case! It is also questionable whether Judge Elliott had jurisdiction to issue the Order against the general public, who was not before her in court.

This all raises the question: What basis and justifications were given in the other cases which Abrams sought to seal?

Indeed, after issuing our initial story about Abrams' behavior in the Saiter case, we were contacted by judges, attorneys and litigants eager to share similar battle-worn experiences with Jennifer Abrams.

Sources indicate that when Abrams was asked in one case by Judge Gerald Hardcastle whether she understood his order, she replied that she only understood that the judge intended to bend over backwards for her opposing counsel.



In another case, Northern Nevada Judge Jack Ames reportedly stood up and walked off the bench after a disrespectful tirade from Jennifer Abrams.



So, who is to blame here?

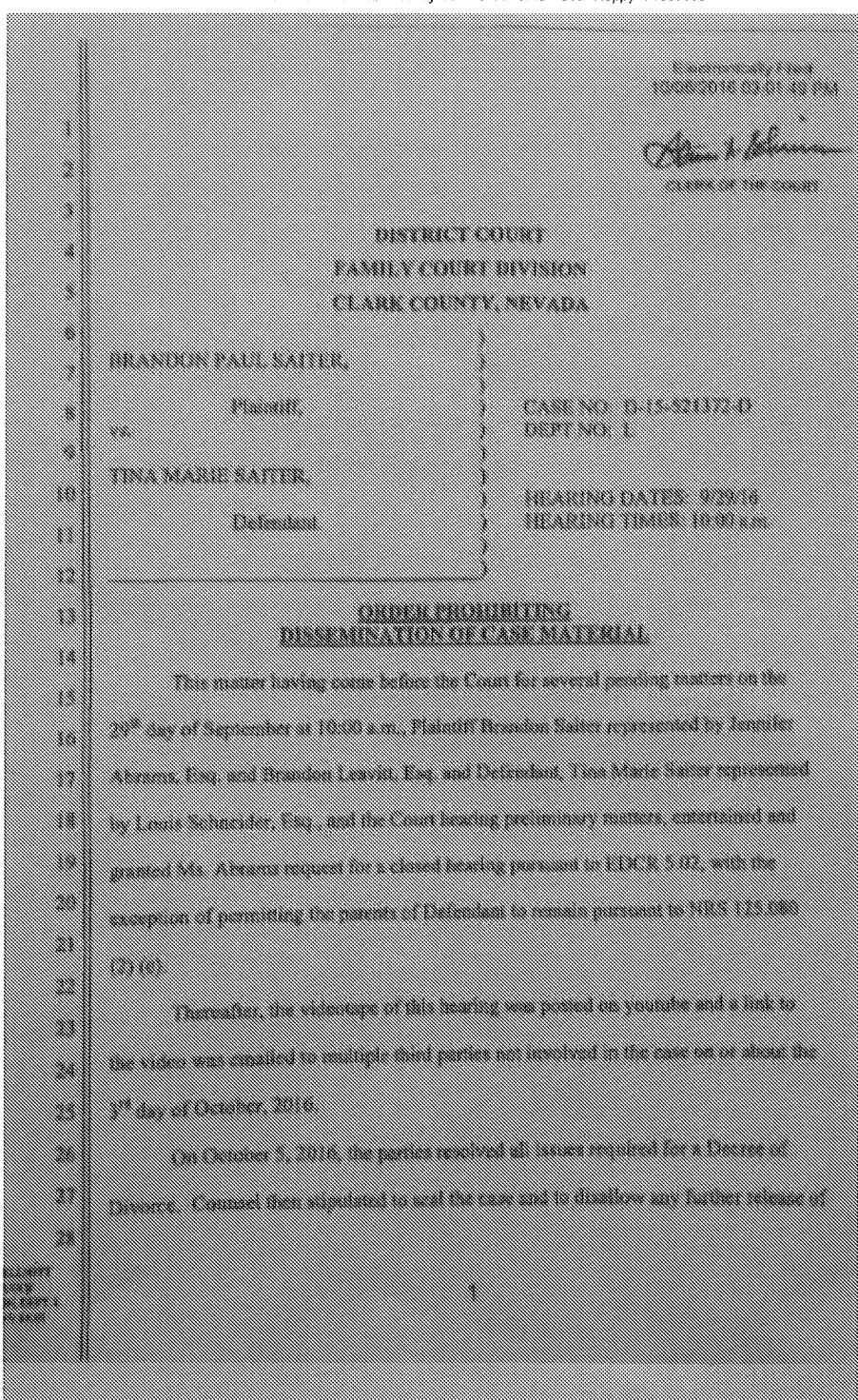
Of course Jennifer Abrams should be responsible and accountable for her own actions.

But, what judge allows a lawyer to bully her in court and then gets her to issue an overbroad, unsubstantiated order to seal and hide the lawyer's actions?

Shouldn't we expect more from our judges in controlling their courtrooms, controlling their cases, issuing orders in compliance with the law, and protecting the people against over-zealous, disrespectful lawyers who obstruct the judicial process and seek to stop the public from having access to otherwise public documents?

Surely, we should have this minimum expectation. Even in Nevada.

Learn More



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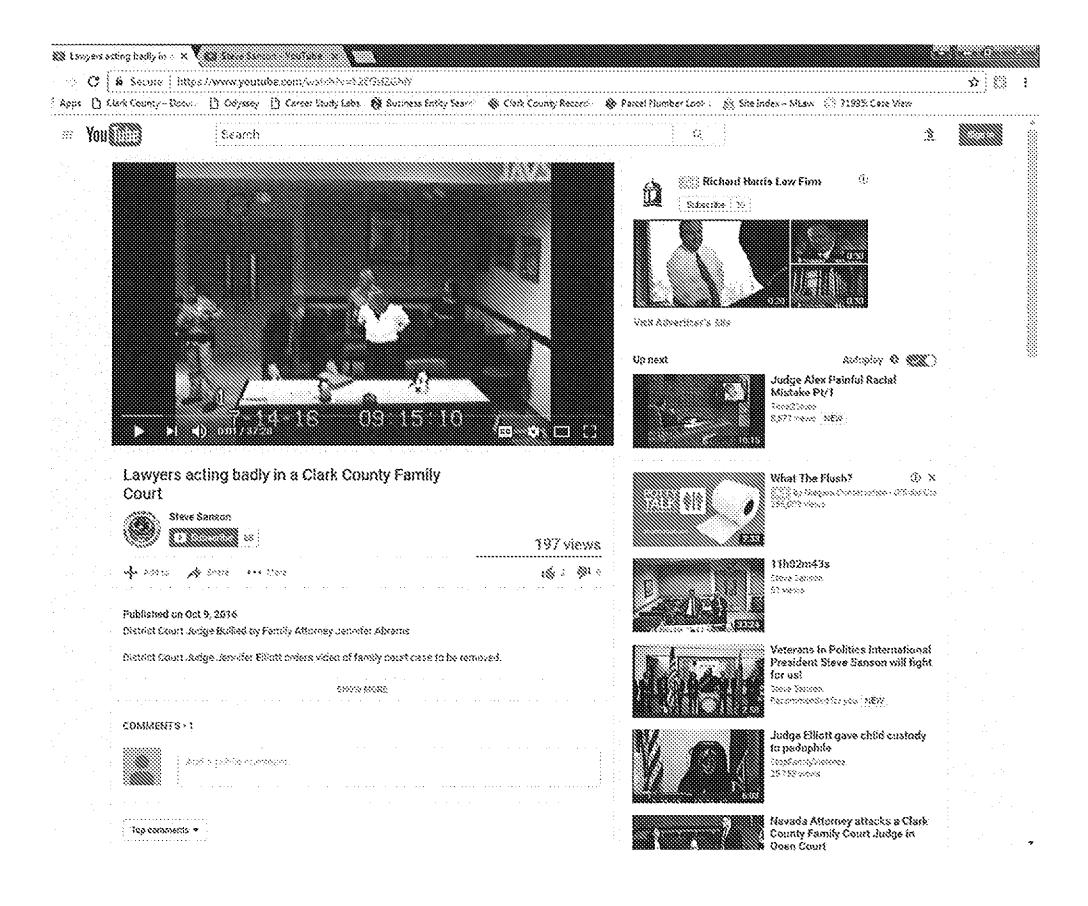
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# EXHBIT 4

## EXHIBIT 4

## EXHIBIT 4



# EXHIBIT 5

## EXHIBIT 5

# EXHIBIT 5



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Deplorable actions by Family Court Judge Rena Hughes against a minor chil...

Clark County Family Court Judge willfully deceives a young child from the bench and it is on the record

I

Case sealed five days "after" we exposed the unlawful behavior of Family Court Judge Rena Hughes

 $\Sigma$ 

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Goals & Values Home News

Clark County Nevada; in a recent article "Deplorable actions by Family Court Judge Rena Hughes against a minor child".

http://mvemail.constantcontact.com/Deplorable-actions-by-Family-Court-Judge-Rena-Hughes-against-aminor-child.html?soid=1119987097423&aid=cmGg1uVIjOk

On October 6, 2016 the Veterans In Politics International (VIPI) highlighted the actions of Family Court Judge Hughes in three separate videos.

After doing more research we discovered that Judge Hughes actually lied to this young child in open court.

Judge Hughes made the following statement: "it's not fun in Child Haven, they put you in a holding cell, exactly like a jail"...

Click onto video:

M

#### Part 3 threatened the minor child with Child Haven

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Gg- y2Xjvs

After speaking to the Manager of Child Haven, we were told that this statement made by the Judge is false.

 $\mathbb{C}$ 

Child Haven Website:

PO Box 28211 Las Veyas NV, NV 89126.

(702) 283-8084

infokavolemnelinelite akuse



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See other related Videos:

#### Part 1 on the Record

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wlfJWLABhxo

#### Part 2 Heart wrenching video between the Judge Hughes and a minor defenseless child.

https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=bsDah-czluc

#### How can a parent helplessly watch their child be chastised by anyone?

Andre Haynes, host of the EMG Radio Show and officer of Veterans In Politics said the following:

When I watched the video of the minor child having a discussion on the record with Family Court Judge Rena Hughes without a parent or child advocate being present, I was shocked and in disagreement. After I saw the manner that Judge Hughes handled the minor child and the child's fearful and distraught emotional reaction, I was angry. I was angry because I pictured my 7 year old son in the same seat as the minor girl, without me, without his mom, without a child advocate and without an attorney. Minor children are often terrified to speak to adults, especially without their parent or someone familiar present and especially if the adult is perceived to be an authority figure.

II

Does the law allow for Judge Hughes to interview and interrogate a minor child without their parent or an attorney or child advocate present? If the law does allow this are there exceptions to this rule? Is there another way that Judge Hughes could have handled this manner? Those are questions that replay in my mind. My heart goes out to the minor child and especially to her mother. The worst feeling that a parent can experience is being helpless to defend their vulnerable child. If it were my 7 year old son in that video, helpless, distraught and angry is exactly how I would feel. Does the law and a Judge's behavior take precedence or hold more value than the emotions and perceived fear of a child or a parent's ability to protect their child?

 $\Sigma$ 

We commend Channel 8 I-Team for taking a proactive approach to expose this judge: I-Team: Judge criticized for exchange with child

http://www.lasvegasnow.com/news/i-team-video-shows-family-court-judge-yelling-at-child-in-courtroom

20 Box 28211, Env Vegas NV, NV 89126.

4702) 383-8688

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Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams' "Seal-Happy" Practices

http://myemail.constantcontact.com/Law-Frowns-on-Nevada-Attorney-Jennifer-Abrams—Seal-Happy-Practices.html?soid=1119987097423&aid=72nUXCzZGGM

#### **Questions and Recommendations**

Is this the type of behavior we should continue to expect from our judicial system?

Should judges continue to cover-up and down-play their colleague's bad behaviors?

Does this Family Court Judge have children of her own?

Should this Judge be reprimanded for this?

If you believe that this Judge should face sanctions or/and a public apology join us and file a complaint with the Nevada Judicial Discipline Commission by clicking onto the link below:

State of Nevada Commission on Judicial Discipline:

http://judicial.nv.gov/Discipline/Complaint Process/

I

Any Judge that willfully deceives a child and especially on the record should be tossed off the bench!

Please watch the videos in full and come to your own conclusion.

 $\Sigma$ 

BY <u>STEVE SANSON</u> IN <u>NEWS</u>, <u>PRESS RELEASE</u> TAGS <u>ANDRE</u>
HAYNES, CASE SEALED, CLARK COUNTY FAMILY COURT JUDGE,
DEPLORABLE ACTIONS, FAMILY COURT JUDGE RENA HUGHES,
UNLAWFUL BEHAVIOR

November 17, 2016

1

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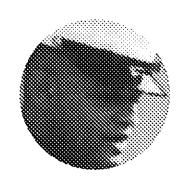
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#### About author



Steve Sanson (Steve Sanson)

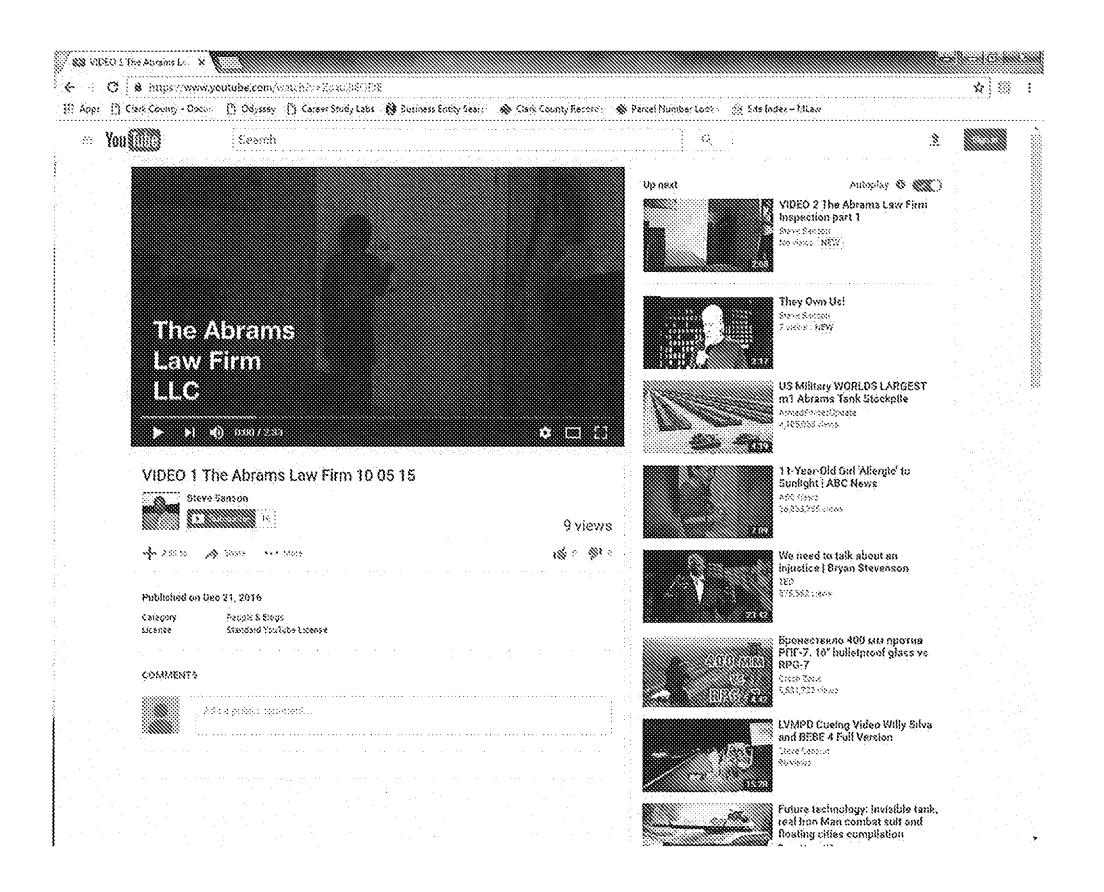
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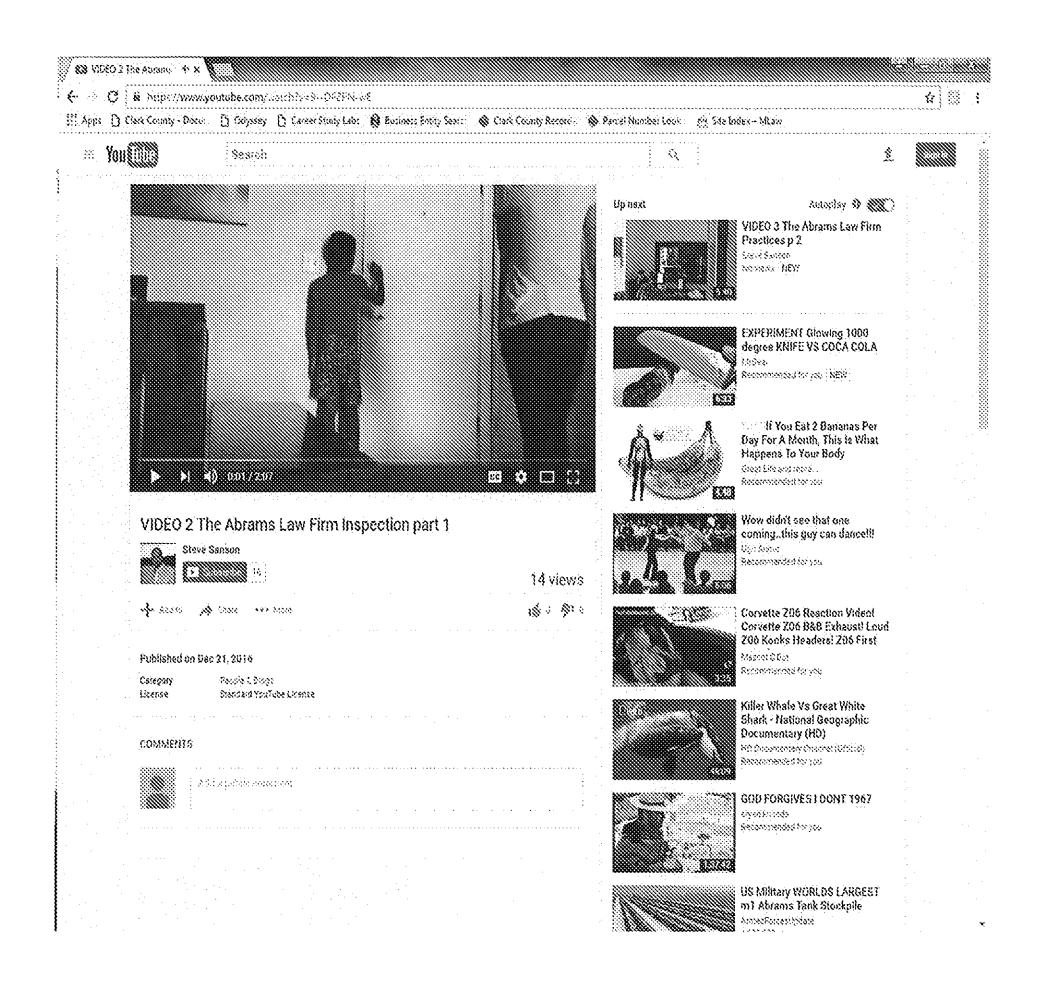
# EXHIBIT 6

## EXHIBIT 6

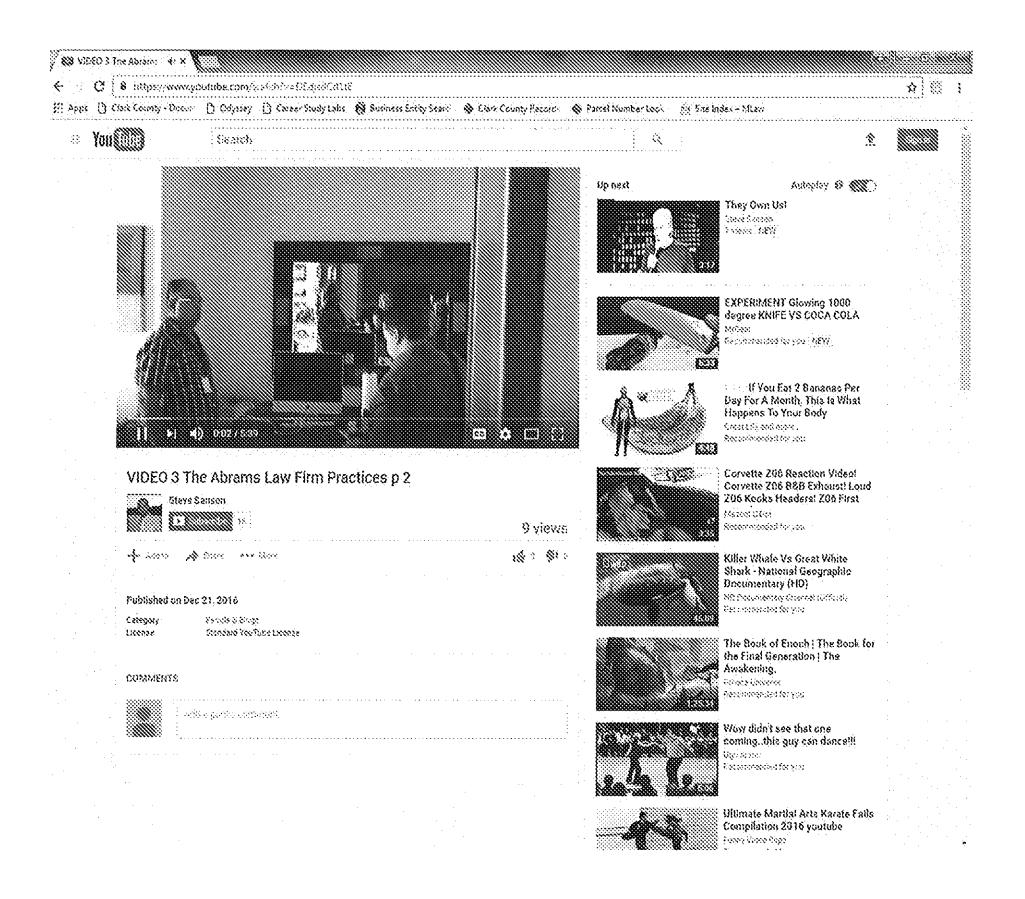
# EXHIBIT 6



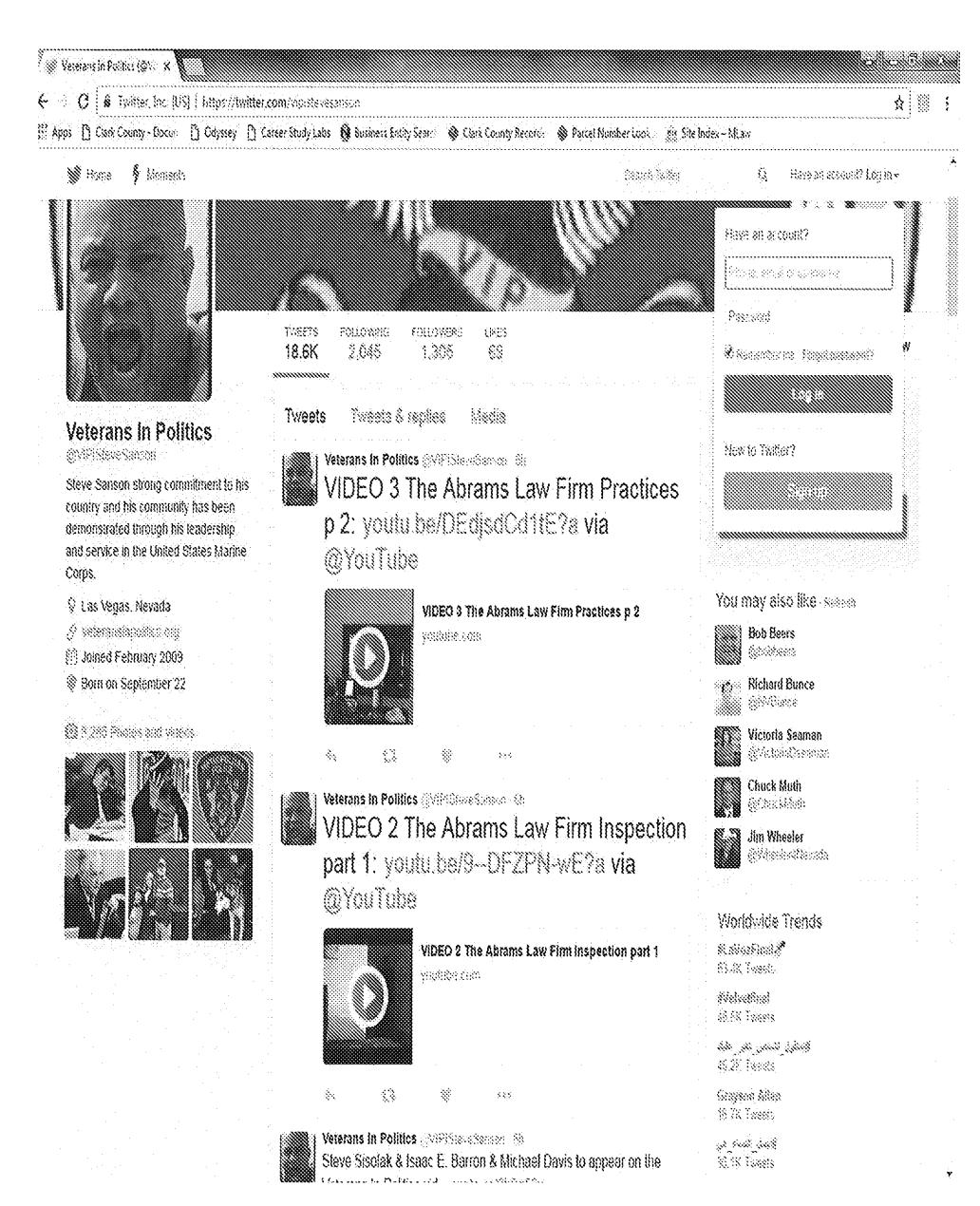
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Zoxu2l6OEfE



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9--DFZPN-wE

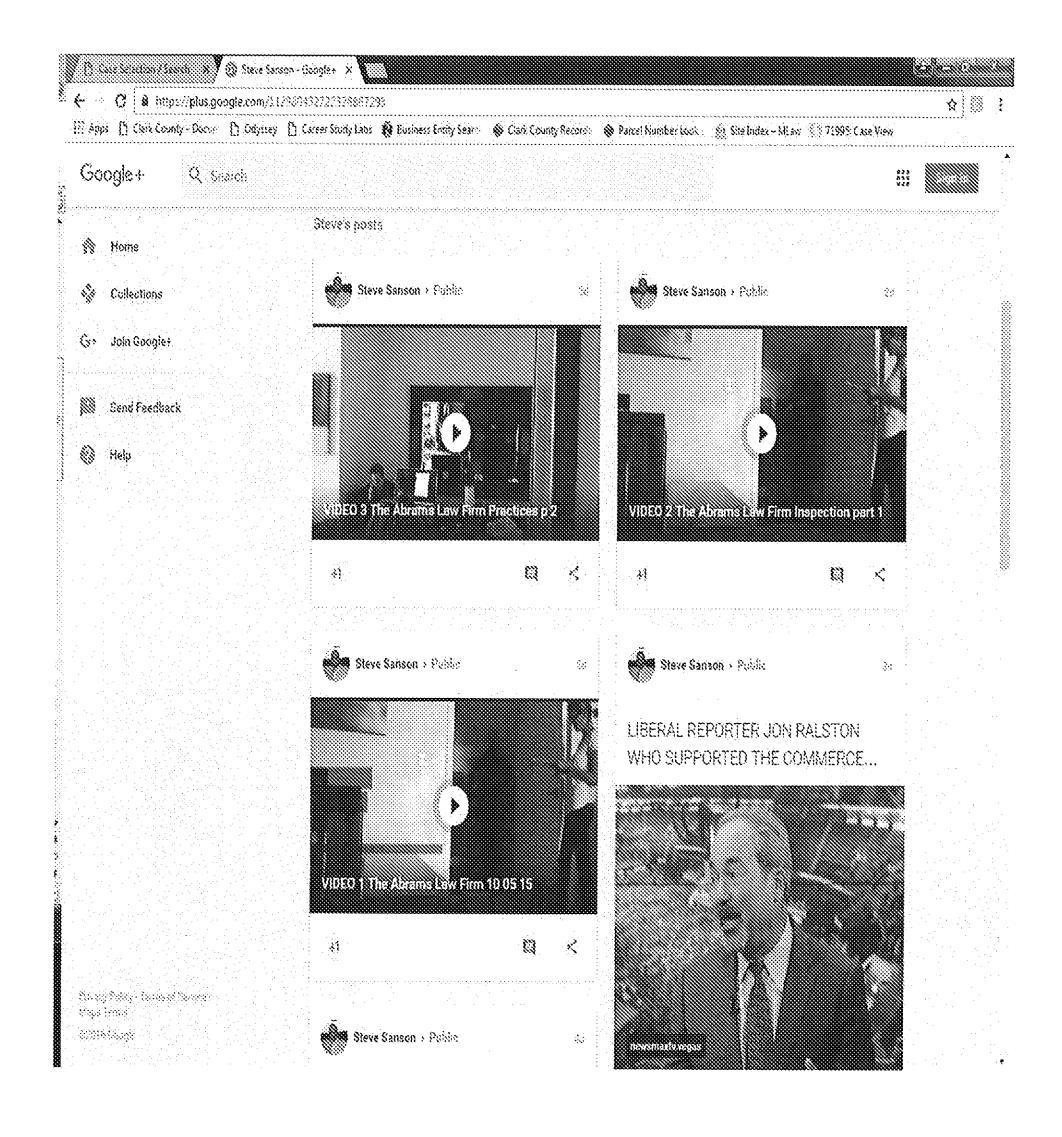


https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DEdjsdCd1tE



https://twitter.com/vipistevesanson





### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

**DECLARATION OF SERVICE** 

Electronically Filed 01/13/2017 02:51:48 PM

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

Hun b. Care 100 12-17-749318

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

ss.:

SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 01/10/2017 with instructions to serve LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER at 430 S. 7th Street, Las Vegas, NV89101.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 01/11/2017 at 11:34 AM, I served the within SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM on LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER at 430 S. 7th Street, Las Vegas, NV89101 in the manner indicated below:

INDIVIDUAL: By delivering to the within named person a true copy of this process and informing the person of the contents.

A description of the Recipient is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight
STATKERE !	Caucasian	Salt and Pepper	60	6'I''	230
Other Features:					

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this

& day of

) $\langle \langle \rangle$ , 20  $\rangle$ 

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

&1 F0F6&

Craig Burton

License#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102 (702) 669-7378

JVA000081

### DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

### Electronically Filed **DECLARATION OF SERVICE** 01/13/2017 03:18:37 PM

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM.

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS. LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

88...

SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 01/10/2017 with instructions to serve LAW OFFICE OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Manager: Louis C. Schneider at 430 S. 7th Street, Las Vegas, NV89101.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 01/11/2017 at 11:34 AM, I served the within SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM on LAW OFFICE OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Manager: Louis C. Schneider at 430 S. 7th Street, Las Vegas, NV89101 in the manner indicated below:

SUITABLE AGE: By delivering thereat a true copy of each to Louis C. Schneider, Manager authorized to accept service on behalf of LAW OFFICE OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Manager: Louis C. Schneider, a person of suitable age and discretion. Said premises is LAW OFFICE OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC c/o Manager: Louis C. Schneider's usual place of business within the state.

A description of the Recipient, or other person served on behalf of the Recipient is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight	
Male	Caucasian	Salt and Pepper	60	6'1"	230	
Other Features:						

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregong is true and correct.

Executed this  $\sqrt{2}$  of  $\sqrt{344}$ ,  $20\sqrt{2}$ 

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

Crăig Burtôn License#: 1361 NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102 (702) 669-7378

Atty File#:

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

### DECLARATION OF SERVICE

Electronically Filed 01/13/2017 02:58:22 PM

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

Case No : A-17-749318

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA, COUNTY OF CLARK

**SS.**:

SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 01/10/2017 with instructions to serve VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Registered Agent: Clark McCourt at 7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Ste. 120, Las Vegas, NV89128.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 01/11/2017 at 9:04 AM, deponent served the within SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM on VETERANS IN PÔLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC. c/o Registered Ágent: Clark McCourt at 7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Ste. 120, Las Vegas, NV89128 in the manner indicated below:

By personally delivering and leaving a true copy of this process with Rebecca Thole, pursuant to NRS 14.020 as a person of suitable age and discretion at the above address, which is the address of the Resident Agent as shown on the current certificate of designation filed with the Secretary of State.

A description of the **Defendant(s)**, or other person served on behalf of the **Defendant(s)** is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age(Approx)	Height(Approx)	Weight(Approx)
Female	Caucasian	Brown	50	5'3''	165
Other Fea	atures:				

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 2 day of 2017.

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

Craig Burton/ License#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102 (702) 669-7378

Client File No:

### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

### **DECLARATION OF SERVICE**

Electronically Filed 01/25/2017 11:03:59 AM

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

An 1. Lem Case No : A-17-749318

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

Plaintiff/Petitioner,

vs. LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; et al.,

Defendant/Respondent,

STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK

SS.:

SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM Received by NOW! Services, Inc. on 01/10/2017 with instructions to serve STEVE W. SANSON at 2402 Tenaya Way, Las Vegas, NV.

I, Craig Burton, being duly sworn says: That at all times herein affiant was and is a citizen of the United States, over 18 years of age, not a party to or interested in the proceeding in which this affidavit is made.

I am authorized to serve this process in the circuit/county it was served in.

On 01/14/2017 at 1:46 PM, I served the within SUMMONS; COMPLAINT; INITIAL FEE DISCLOSURE FORM on STEVE W. SANSON at 2402 Tenaya Way, Las Vegas, NV in the manner indicated below:

INDIVIDUAL: By delivering to the within named person a true copy of this process and informing the person of the contents.

A description of the Recipient is as follows:

Sex	Color of skin/race	Color of hair	Age	Height	Weight		
Male	African American	Rlack	45-50	6'2"	210		
Other Features:							

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Evanuted this

101

No Notary is required per NRS 53.045.

**\*15859**\*

Craig Burton License#: 1361

NOW! Services, Inc.

3210 W. Charleston Blvd., Ste. 3

Las Vegas, NV89102

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1	ACOM	A	un t. Column
$_{2}$	JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ. Nevada State Bar Number: 7575	CLE	RK OF THE COURT
_	THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM		
3	6252 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 100   Las Vegas, Nevada 89118		
4	Phone: (702) 222-4021 Email: JVAGroup@theabramslawfirm.com		
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs		
6	DISTRICT C	OURT	
7	CLARK COUNTY		
8	JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS ) & MAYO LAW FIRM,	Case No.:	A-17-749318-C
9	Plaintiff,	Department:	XXI
10	)		
11	vs.		
12	LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; LAW OFFICES OF ) LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC; STEVE W. )	Hearing Date: Hearing Time:	N/A N/A
13	SANSON; HEIDI J. HANUSA; CHRISTINA ) ORTIZ; JOHNNY SPICER; DON )	) 	
14	WOOLBRIGHT; VETERANS IN POLITICS )	ACTIO:	N IN TORT
14	INTERNATIONAL, INC.; SANSON   CORPORATION; KAREN STEELMON; and )		ON EXEMPTION
15	DOES I THROUGH X,	$\operatorname{CL}_{1}$	AIMED
16	Defendant.		
17			
18	AMENDED COMPLAIN	T FOR DAMAGE	S
19	I. INTRODUC	<u>ction</u>	
20	1. Plaintiffs, Jennifer V. Abrams	and The Abrams	& Mayo Law Firm
21	("Plaintiffs") bring this action for damages ba	ased upon, and to	redress, Defendants'
22	Intentional Defamation of the character of t	he Plaintiffs throu	gh libelous writings
23	and slander, for Intentional Infliction of Emo	otional Distress, No	egligent Infliction of
24	Emotional Distress, False Light, Business Di	isparagement, Hara	assment, Concert of

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Action, Civil Conspiracy, and violations of RICO, all of which were perpetrated individually and in concert with others by defendants Louis C. Schneider, Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I Through X (collectively "Defendants").

## II. VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 2. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 3. Jurisdiction is proper in Nevada State court as all alleged claims were transmitted to or performed in Nevada by the Defendants individually or in concert with others.

## III. PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 5. Plaintiff Jennifer V. Abrams, is a natural person and an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. She practices exclusively in the field of Domestic Relations and is a peer-reviewed and certified Fellow of the American Academy of Matrimonial Lawyers, and a Certified Specialist in Family Law.
- 6. The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm is a dba of The Abrams Law Firm, LLC, a duly formed Limited Liability Company in the State of Nevada.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Louis C. Schneider is a natural person who is admitted to practice law in the State of Nevada and is the managing member of Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC.

- 8. Upon information and belief, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC is a duly formed Limited Liability Company located in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Steve W. Sanson is a natural person, the President of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., and the Treasurer and Director of Sanson Corporation.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Heidi J. Hanusa is a natural person, the Treasurer of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., and the President and Secretary of Sanson Corporation.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Christina Ortiz is a natural person and the Director of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Johnny Spicer is a natural person and Secretary of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Don Woolbright is a natural person and Secretary of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Veterans In Politics International, Inc. is a duly formed Domestic Non-Profit Corporation whose purported purpose is "[t]o educate, organize, and awaken our veterans and their families to select, support and intelligently vote for those candidates whom would help create a better world, to protect ourselves from our own government(s) in a culture of corruption, and to be the political voice for those in other groups who do not have one."
- 15. Upon information and belief, Sanson Corporation is a duly formed Domestic Corporation in the State of Nevada.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Karen Steelmon is a natural person and is the Registrant of the Domain veteransinpolitics.org.

17. Upon information and belief, additional persons and entities have been working with the above named Defendants either individually or in concert and have been added as Doe Defendants in this action until they are personally identified.

18. Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm are informed and believe, and therefore allege, that each of the Defendants designated herein as Louis C. Schneider, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, are in some way legally responsible and liable for the events referred to herein, and directly or proximately caused the damages alleged herein.

19. At all times material hereto, and in doing the acts and omissions alleged herein, the Defendants, and each of them, including Louis C. Schneider, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, acted individually and/or through their officers, agents, employees and co-conspirators, each of whom was acting within the purpose and scope of that agency, employment, and conspiracy, and these acts and omissions were known to, and authorized and ratified by, each of the other Defendants.

## IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

between September 25, 2016 and the September 29, 2016 hearing.

	27.	At the beginning of the hearing on September 29, 2016, Plaintiffs, or
behal	f of Hu	sband, requested a "closed hearing" pursuant to EDCR 5.02. The reques
was g	ranted	by Judge Elliott and the hearing was closed.

- 28. At the beginning of the hearing on September 29, 2016, Judge Elliott accused Plaintiffs and Husband of misrepresenting financial information on Husband's Financial Disclosure Form and referred to Plaintiffs as "unethical." By the end of the one-hour and twelve minute hearing, Judge Elliott learned that she was mistaken on a number of factual matters and retracted her incorrect accusations against Plaintiffs.
- 29. A decision on Plaintiffs' request for sanctions and fees against Schneider in the "D" Case was deferred and is still pending submission and review of additional briefing.
- 30. The day after the September 29, 2016 hearing, on September 30, 2016 at 8:02 am, Schneider sent an email to Kim Gurule at Video Transcription Services stating, in relevant part:

Can you please upload the video from yesterday's hearing? Thank you.

:)

- 31. Upon information and belief, Schneider provided a copy of the September 29, 2016 "closed hearing" to Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 32. Upon information and belief, Defendants conspired to affect the outcome of the pending "D" Case by defaming, inflicting emotional distress upon, placing in a false light, disparaging the business of, and harassing Plaintiffs and

inflicting emotional distress upon Judge Elliott, and threatening to continue doing so.

- 33. On October 5, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on YouTube and on veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, the video from the "closed hearing" on September 29, 2016 in the "D" Case, with an article entitled "Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court" (hereinafter "the 'Attack' article").1
- 34. The "Attack" article was published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, and via numerous social media sites including Pinterest, Google+, Twitter, and the following Facebook pages:
  - a. steve.sanson.1
  - b. steve.sanson.3
  - c. veteransinpolitics
  - d. veteransinpoliticsinternational
  - e. eye.on.nevada.politics
  - f. steve.w.sanson
  - g. Veterans-In-Politics-International-Endorsement-for-the-State-of-Nevada

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A copy of the published "Attack" article is attached as Exhibit 1.

h.	Veterans in	<b>Politics:</b>	groups	/Ope	rationN	VeverFo	orget
			•	<i>(</i>			

- i. Nevada-Veterans-In-Politics
- 35. Within the "Attack" article, Defendants defame Jennifer V. Abrams and her law firm, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, with a number of false and misleading statements.
- 36. In the "Attack" article, the Defendants published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamatory statements directed against Plaintiffs, including that:
  - a. Plaintiff, Jennifer Abrams "attacked" a Clark County Family Court Judge in open court;
  - b. Abrams has "no boundaries in our courtrooms";
  - c. Abrams is unethical;
  - d. There is a "problem" requiring Abrams to be reported to the Nevada State Bar; and
  - e. That Abrams "crossed the line with a Clark County District Court Judge."
- 37. Despite knowledge that Judge Elliott retracted her accusations at the end of the one hour and twelve minute "closed" hearing, the Defendants published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, misleading statements about Plaintiffs, directing viewers only to the portion of the video wherein the incorrect and later retracted accusations were made ("Start 12:13:00"), and quoting only those misleading select portions. Although the entire one hour and twelve minute video was posted, Defendants knew or should

- 38. During a break at another court hearing in the "D" case on October 5, 2016 (immediately after the dissemination of the "Attack" article via email), Defendant Schneider said to Brandon K. Leavitt, Esq., of The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, that a withdrawal of the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney Fees* would "make this all go away," or words to that effect.
- 39. Defendants were given the opportunity to voluntarily withdraw the defamatory material. On October 5, 2016 at 6:02 pm, the Honorable Jennifer Elliott sent an email to Defendants beginning with "I was made aware of this video today and would kindly request that VIP please take it down."
- 40. Defendants refused to voluntarily withdraw the defamatory material. On October 5, 2016 at 11:16 pm, Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans In Politics International, Inc. responded to Judge Elliott stating in relevant part: ". . . once we start a course of action we do not raise our hands in defeat," and "[i]n combat we never give up and we will not start given (sic) up." Schneider was copied on these exchanges and, by his silence, acquiesced.
- 41. Defendants were made aware that the information they disseminated was incorrect and again were given an opportunity to withdraw the defamatory material. On October 6, 2016 at 4:00 am, Judge Elliott sent an email to Defendants stating, in relevant part: "I need you to know that I was wrong regarding the finances as they had been disclosed at the outset of the case, from the first filing, albeit late. At the further hearing we had in this matter I put on the record that I believe that he did not hide anything on his financial disclosure form; it was a misunderstanding that

was explained and the record was corrected. . . . I understand that VIP does try to educate and provide information to voters so they will be more informed about who they are putting into office. In this case, the dynamic and the record was changed for the better after that hearing. I think that information would be important to the voters as well. It is my hope that you will reconsider your position."

- 42. Defendants did not take down the article or the video and, instead, continued to publish, republish, and disseminate the article and video they knew to be false and defamatory.
- 43. On October 7, 2016, Defendants published, republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, an advertisement for Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, stating "Law Offices of Louis Schneider" and "Friends of Veterans in Politics."
- 44. Upon information and belief, a payment of money was made by Schneider to Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive.
- 45. On October 8, 2016, Defendants were served with an Order Prohibiting Dissemination of Case Material entered by Judge Elliott.
- 46. On October 9, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "BULLY District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams"

A copy of the published "Bully" article is attached as Exhibit 2.

49. The Defendants have published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamatory statements directed against Abrams, including:

- a. That Abrams bullied Judge Elliott into issuing the Order Prohibiting Dissemination of Case Material;
- b. That Abrams' behavior is "disrespectful and obstructionist";
- c. That Abrams "misbehaved" in court;
- d. That Abrams' behavior before the judge is "embarrassing"; and
- e. That Judge Elliott's order appears to be "an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public."

On October 10, 2016 at 4:08 pm, Defendants responded in an email to Judge Elliott stating, in relevant part: "When we expose folks we do it under the umbrella of a journalist and we use the Freedom of information Act (sic)." and "We might have sent out the second article prematurely..(sic) We have also received numerous attorneys pointing us in the direction of other cases Abram's (sic) have had her outburst and bullied other Judges and Attorneys."

50. On October 10, 2016, Plaintiffs sent an email to Defendants at 7:03 p.m., stating, in relevant part:

The Freedom of Information Act is inapplicable – it applies to the Federal Government, not State divorce cases. And most importantly, I am not a public figure or an elected official. I am a private citizen with a private law practice. The umbrella of "a journalist" does not apply as I am not running for public office and there are no "voters" that have any right to know anything about my private practice or my private clients.

I am a zealous advocate and will continue to pursue my client's interests without any hesitation whatsoever.

Page 12 of 40

51. Upon information and belief, on or around October 11, 2016, Defendants ran a background search on Plaintiff, Jennifer V. Abrams, and did not find anything negative about her.

- 52. Defendants responded on October 10, 2016 at 10:03 p.m. via email, again refusing to voluntarily withdraw the false and defamatory material. The email states, in relevant part: "But what I find intriguing is that you think because you are not elected that you are somehow untouchable to the media, then tell that to Lisa Willardson, David Amesbury, Nancy Quon, David Schubert, Barry Levinson, Noel Gage and Richard Crane all Nevada Attorneys not elected and never ran for public office, just to name a few," and "[d]on't forget you practice law in a taxpayer's courtroom." Unlike Plaintiffs, all of the attorneys mentioned were in some manner involved or related to criminal investigations.
- 53. On or about November 6, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams' 'Seal-Happy' Practices" (hereinafter "the 'Seal-Happy' article") along with a printout of "Family Case Records Search Results" revealing the case numbers, parties' names, filing date, and type of action of many of Abrams' cases.<sup>3</sup>
- 54. The "Seal-Happy" article, containing a link to the "Attack" article, containing a link to the "BULLY" article, and containing a link to the September 29,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A copy of the published "Seal-Happy" article is attached as Exhibit 3.

1	2016 "closed hearing" video still posted on YouTube, has been re-published
2	numerous times via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politic
3	International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abram
4	& Mayo Law Firm, posting it on Twitter, Pinterest, Google+ and on the following
5	Facebook pages:
6	a. steve.sanson.1
7	b. steve.sanson.3
8	c. veteransinpolitics
9	d. veteransinpoliticsinternational
10	e. eye.on.nevada.politics
11	f. steve.w.sanson
12	g. Veterans-In-Politics-International-Endorsement-for-the-State-of-
13	Nevada
14	h. Veterans in Politics: groups/OperationNeverForget
15	i. Nevada-Veterans-In-Politics
16	as well as on Family Court Facebook groups including but not limited to "Family
17	Court Support Group (Clark County, NV)."
18	55. Within the "Seal-Happy" article, Defendants defame Jennifer V
19	Abrams and her law firm, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, with a number of fals
20	statements.
21	56. The Defendants have published, or republished, or attributed to on
22	another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamator
23	statements directed against Abrams, including that:

- a. Abrams "appears to be 'seal happy' when it comes to trying to seal her cases";
- b. That Abrams seals cases in contravention of "openness and transparency";
- c. That Abrams' sealing of cases is intended "to protect her own reputation, rather than to serve a compelling client privacy or safety interest";
- d. That Abrams engaged in "judicial browbeating";
- e. That Abrams obtained an order that "is specifically disallowed by law";
- f. That Abrams obtained the order against the "general public" with "no opportunity for the public to be heard";
- g. That "after issuing our initial story about Abrams' behavior in the *Saiter* case, we were contacted by judges, attorneys and litigants eager to share similar battle-worn experiences with Jennifer Abrams";
- h. That Abrams obtained an "overbroad, unsubstantiated order to seal and hide the lawyer's actions"; and
- i. That Abrams is an "over-zealous, disrespectful lawyer[] who obstruct[s] the judicial process and seek[s] to stop the public from having access to otherwise public documents."
- 57. On or about November 14, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article

entitled "Lawyers acting badly in a Clark County Family Court" (hereinafter "the 'Acting badly' article") along with another hearing video from the "D" Case.4

- 58. The "Acting badly" article, containing a link to the "Attack" article, which contains a link to the "BULLY" article, has been re-published numerous times via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, posting it on Twitter, Pinterest, Google+ and on the following Facebook pages:
  - a. steve.sanson.1
  - b. steve.sanson.3
  - c. veteransinpolitics
  - d. veteransinpoliticsinternational
  - e. eye.on.nevada.politics
  - f. steve.w.sanson
  - g. Veterans-In-Politics-International-Endorsement-for-the-State-of-Nevada
  - h. Veterans in Politics: groups/OperationNeverForget
  - i. Nevada-Veterans-In-Politics
- 59. Within the "Acting badly" article, Defendants defame Jennifer V. Abrams and her law firm, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, with a number of false statements.
- 60. The Defendants have published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamatory statements directed against Abrams, including that:

<sup>4</sup> A copy of the published "Acting badly" article is attached as Exhibit 4.

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- a. Plaintiffs were "acting badly" in Clark County Family Court;
- b. Abrams' behavior is "disrespectful and obstructionist";
- c. Judge Elliott's order appears to be "an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public"; and
- d. Abrams engaged in conduct for which she should be held "accountable."
- 61. On or about November 16, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "Clark County Family Court Judge willfully deceives a young child from the bench and it is on the record" (hereinafter "Deceives" article").5
- 62. The "Deceives" article primarily attacks the Honorable Rena Hughes and also states the following: "In an unrelated story we exposed how Judges and Lawyers seal cases to cover their own bad behaviors. This is definitely an example of that." Following this text is a link "click onto article Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams' 'Seal-Happy' Practices." The "Deceives" article has been republished numerous times via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, posting it on Twitter, Pinterest, Google+ and on the following Facebook pages:
  - a. steve.sanson.1

A copy of the published "Deceives" article is attached as Exhibit 5.

- "VIDEO 1 The Abrams Law Firm 10 05 15,"
- b. "VIDEO 2 The Abrams Law Firm Inspection part 1,"
- "VIDEO 3 The Abrams Law Firm Practices p 2."
- (hereinafter "the 'Inspection' videos").6
- The "Inspection" videos stemmed from another divorce action wherein 66. Plaintiffs represented Husband, this one a 2014 "D" case, number D-14-507578-D.
- Upon information and belief, Defendants obtained copies of the 67. "Inspection" videos from Wife in the 2014 "D" case, Yuliya Fohel F.K.A. Delaney.
- Upon information and belief, Defendants knew, at the time they 68. published, republished, and disseminated the "Inspection" videos, that Yuliya Fohel F.K.A. Delaney had been ordered to remove these same videos from the internet and was prohibited from re-posting said videos either personally or through a third party.
- The "Inspection" videos depict David J. Schoen, IV, a Certified 69. Paralegal employed at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm and include personal and private information.
- Mr. Schoen spoke with Defendant Steve W. Sanson on or about 70. December 22, 2016 and requested that Sanson remove the "Inspection" videos, or at least blur his face and redact his personal information.
- During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Mr. Schoen and Plaintiffs "bullied" and "forced" Yuliya in "unlawfully" entering her home, or words to that effect.

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A printout of the published "Inspection" videos is attached as Exhibit 6.

72. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams is "unethical and a criminal," or words to that effect.

73. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams "doesn't follow the law," or words to that effect.

74. During the December 22, 2016 conversation, Mr. Schoen said that it was obvious that Schneider provided a copy of the September 29, 2016 "closed hearing" video to Defendant Steve W. Sanson. Defendant Steve W. Sanson did not deny that he received the video from Schneider and responded: "yeah, okay," or words to that effect.

75. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams was "breaking the law by sealing her cases," or words to that effect.

76. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson incorrectly alleged that he had a right under "the Freedom of Information Act" to disseminate the "closed hearing," despite having been informed that the Freedom of Information Act is inapplicable and despite being served with a court order prohibiting its dissemination.

77. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that Jennifer Abrams is on his "priority list" because she "insulted [his] intelligence" by having him served with an order, allegedly "when the court had no jurisdiction over [him]," or words to that effect.

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78.	During the	December	22,	2016	conve	rsation	with	Mr.	Schoen
Defendant S	Steve W. Sanso	on said that	Jeni	nifer A	brams	"started	l this	war"	and, had
she just drop	pped the issue	after the ini	tial a	rticle a	and vide	eo (i.e.,	the "A	ttack'	'article)
he never woı	uld have "kept	digging," or	wor	ds to th	at effe	ct.			

- During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, 79. Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that he is in possession of "dozens of hours" of hearing videos from multiple cases where Jennifer Abrams is counsel of record, or words to that effect.
- 80. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that "Jennifer is in bed with Marshal Willick, that explains a lot about the kind of person she is," or words to that effect.<sup>7</sup>
- The defamatory statements by Defendants were intended to harm 81. Plaintiffs' reputation and livelihood, to harass and embarrass Plaintiffs, and to impact the outcome of a pending action in the "D" case.
- The defamatory statements by Defendants have caused numerous 82. negative comments to be directed against Plaintiffs.8

### V. (DEFAMATION)

- Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully 83. stated herein.
- Defendants, and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or 84. employees, either individually, or in concert with others, published one or more oral

The relationship between Jennifer V. Abrams and Marshal S. Willick is not being denied.

For example, one person's comment to the "Acting badly" article and video begins with "Hopefully, the jerk has a heart attack from all that anger and stress," referring to Plaintiff's partner, Vincent Mayo, Esq.

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## VI. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS)

- 92. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 93. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or/employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally and deliberately inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiffs by defaming them to many people, including but not limited to the following: several of Plaintiff's friends, coworkers, colleagues, clients, and an unknown number of persons that were subjected to the defamatory comments on the internet.
- 94. As a result of Defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct, Plaintiff was, is, and, with a high degree of likelihood, will continue to be emotionally distressed due to the defamation.
- 95. As a result of Defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer mental pain and anguish, and unjustifiable emotional trauma.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed by this Court to be just and fair and appropriate, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

## VII. THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS)

96. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

97. To whatever extent the infliction of emotional distress asserted in the preceding cause of action was not deliberate, it was a result of the reckless and wanton actions of the Defendants, either individually, or in concert with others.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed by this Court to be just and fair and appropriate, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# VIII. FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (FALSE LIGHT)

- 98. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 99. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally made and published false and misleading statements about Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.
- 16 100. The statements made by the Defendants against Jennifer Abrams were made with the specific intent to cause harm to Plaintiffs and their pecuniary interests, or, in the alternative, the Defendants published the false and misleading statements knowing its falsity and inaccuracy or with reckless disregard for the truth.
  - 101. The statements made by the Defendants place Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm in a false light and are highly offensive and inflammatory, and thus actionable.

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# IX. <u>FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF</u> (BUSINESS DISPARAGEMENT)

102. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

103. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally made false and disparaging statements about Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm and disparaged Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's business.

104. The referenced statements and actions were specifically directed towards the quality of Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's services, and were so extreme and outrageous as to affect the ability of Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm to conduct business.

105. The Defendants intended, in publishing the false and defamatory statements to cause harm to Plaintiffs and its pecuniary interests, or, in the alternative, the Defendants published the disparaging statements knowing their falsity or with reckless disregard for the truth.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# X. SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (HARASSMENT)

106. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

107. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees in concert with one another, have engaged in a defamatory campaign against Plaintiff and has threatened the dissemination of additional defamatory campaigns against Plaintiff.

108. Defendants' making of false and defamatory statements and defamatory campaigns against Plaintiffs were specifically intended to interfere with Plaintiffs' business, and to cause the apprehension or actuality of economic harm to Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' employees.

109. Defendants' actions were intended to result in substantial harm to the Plaintiffs with respect to their mental health or safety, and to cause economic damage to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XI. SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (CONCERT OF ACTION)

110. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

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	111.	Defendants	and/or	Defendants'	agents,	representatives,	and/or
empl	oyees ii	n concert with	one and	other, based u	pon an e	xplicit or tacit agr	eement
nten	tionally	committed a	tort agair	nst Plaintiffs.			

112. Defendants' concert of action resulted in damages to Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

### XII. <u>EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF</u> (CIVIL CONSPIRACY)

- 113. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 114. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, based upon an explicit or tacit agreement, intended to accomplish an unlawful objective and intended to harm Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's pecuniary interests and financial well-being.
- 115. Defendants' civil conspiracy resulted in damages to Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

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# XIII. NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (RICO VIOLATIONS)

- 116. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 117. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, engaged in at least two crimes related to racketeering pursuant to NRS 207.360 that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents.
- 118. Here, Defendants<sup>9</sup> have all either committed, conspired to commit, or have attempted to commit the following crime(s):
  - a. Bribing or intimidating witness to influence testimony (NRS 199.240(b) cause or induce witness to withhold true testimony).
  - b. Bribing or intimidating witness to influence testimony (NRS 199.240(c) cause or induce witness to withhold a record, document or other object from the proceeding).
  - c. Intimidating public officer, public employee, juror, referee, arbitrator, appraiser, assessor or similar person (NRS 199.300(d) to do any act not authorized by law and is intended to harm any person other than the person addressing the threat or intimidation with respect to the person's health, safety, business, financial condition or personal relationships).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The named Defendants—and others—constitute a criminal syndicate as defined in NRS 207.370.

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- d. Criminal contempt (NRS 199.340(4) willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court).
- e. Criminal contempt (NRS 199.340(7) publication of a false or grossly inaccurate report of court proceedings).
- f. Challenges to fight (NRS 200.450).
- g. Furnishing libelous information (NRS 200.550).
- h. Threatening to publish libel (NRS 200.560).
- i. Harrassment (NRS 200.571).
- j. Multiple transactions involving fraud or deceit in the course of an enterprise (NRS 205.377).
- k. Taking property from another under circumstances not amounting to robbery (NRS 207.360(9)).
- l. Extortion (NRS 207.360(10)).
- persons, so structured that the organization will continue its operation even if individual members enter or leave the organization, which engages in or has the purpose of engaging in racketeering activity. Here, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Nevada Veterans In Politics, and Veterans in Politics are organizations—headed by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johhny Spicer, Don Woolbright, and Karen Steelmon—that have members that do come and go and the organization continues on. These organizations and their principals have conspired to engage in and have engaged in racketeering activity. These organizations conspire with others, such as Louis C. Schneider and Law Offices of

Louis C. Schneider, LLC, who come and go, to engage in and have engaged in racketeering activity.

120. This group also meets the statutory definition – NRS 207.380 – as an enterprise:

Any natural person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust or other legal entity; and, any union, association or other group of persons associated in fact although not a legal entity.

Here Veterans In Politics International, Inc. is a registered not-for-profit business and Nevada Veterans In Politics and Veterans in Politics are sub-units of Veterans In Politics International, Inc. Each can and should be considered individual legal entities.<sup>10</sup>

- 121. Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC is a for-profit law firm in Nevada and is definitionally a separate legal entity.
- 122. Sanson Corporation is also a separate legal entity and is a registered Nevada corporation.
- 123. Even if not all Defendants are members of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Nevada Veterans In Politics, Veterans in Politics, and Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, they meet the "association or other group of persons associated in fact" requirements under the statue as an enterprise. The statute explicitly includes both licit and illicit enterprises.
- 124. Racketeering is the engaging in at least two crimes related to racketeering that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents, if at least one of the incidents occurred

Nevada Veterans In Politics and Veteransin Politics operate numerous social media sites where the defamation continues.

after July 1, 1983, and the last of the incidents occurred within 5 years after a prior commission of a crime related to racketeering.

- 125. Defendants used threats, intimidation, and deception with the intent to cause or induce Plaintiff and Plaintiff's client to withhold testimony against Schneider in the "D" case. (NRS 199.240)(b)).
- 126. Defendants used threats, intimidation, and deception with the intent to cause or induce Plaintiff and Plaintiff's client to withhold a record, document or other object from the legal proceedings in the "D" case. (NRS 199.240(c)).
- 127. Defendants, directly or indirectly, addressed threats and intimidation to Judge Elliott with the intent to induce Judge Elliott contrary to her duty to make, omit or delay any act, decision or determination, as the threat or intimidation communicated the intent, either immediately or in the future, to do an act not authorized by law and intended to harm Plaintiffs' emotional health, business, and financial condition. (NRS 199.300(d)).
- 128. Defendants willfully disobeyed the lawful process or mandate of a court. (NRS 199.340(4)).
- 129. Defendants published a false or grossly inaccurate report of family court proceedings on numerous occasions, including, but not limited to, the "D" case. (NRS 199.340(7)).
- 130. Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, gave or sent a challenge in writing to fight Richard Carreon and others. (NRS 200.450).

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131. Defendants willfully stated, delivered or transmitted to a manager, editor, publisher, reporter or other employee of a publisher of any newspaper, magazine, publication, periodical or serial statements concerning Plaintiffs which, if published therein, would be a libel. (NRS 200.550).

132. Defendants threatened Plaintiffs with the publication of a libel concerning Plaintiffs with the intent to extort the withdrawal of the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney Fees* and related legal proceedings in the "D" case. (NRS 200.560).

133. Defendants, without lawful authority, knowingly threatened to substantially harm the health or safety of Plaintiff and, by words and conduct placed Plaintiffs in reasonable fear that the threat would be carried out. (NRS 200.571).

134. Defendants, in the course of their enterprise, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, engaged in an act, practice or course of business or employed a device, scheme or artifice which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon a person by means of a false representation or omission of a material fact that Defendants know to be false or omitted, Defendants intend for others to rely on, and results in a loss to those who relied on the false representation or omission in at least two transactions that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents within 4 years and in which the aggregate loss or intended loss is more than \$650. (NRS 205.377).

135. Defendants posted false and defamatory material no less than 130 times in six separate defamatory campaigns against Plaintiffs. The total value of time expended by Jennifer Abrams, and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm staff in

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responding to inquiries from clients, protecting client privacy, and attempting to have the defamatory material removed from the internet was over \$15,000 and this does not include the costs of missed opportunities or time that should have been spent working on cases for paying clients. (NRS 205.377 and NRS 207.360(9)).

It was the intent of the Defendants to cause harm to Plaintiffs and Plaintiff's client and the aggregate costs far exceed the \$650 threshold. Each act which violates subsection one constitutes a separate offense and a person who violates subsection one is guilty of a category B felony.

Additionally, NRS 205.0832 defines the actions which constitute theft 137. as including that which:

Obtains real, personal or intangible property or the services of another person, by a material misrepresentation with intent to deprive that person of the property or services. As used in this paragraph, "material misrepresentation" means the use of any pretense, or the making of any promise, representation or statement of present, past or future fact which is fraudulent and which, when used or made, is instrumental in causing the wrongful control or transfer of property or services. The pretense may be verbal or it may be a physical act.

Additionally the statute goes on to define the theft as a person or entity that "Takes, destroys, conceals or disposes of property in which another person has a security interest, with intent to defraud that person." Time is a lawyer's stock in trade. Defendants—with malice—stole valuable time from Plaintiffs. Also, the theft of 20 || Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's "good will" by the making of false and defamatory comments and placing both Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams

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& Mayo Law Firm in a false light has diminished the value of the business. These are intangible thefts, but thefts nonetheless.<sup>11</sup>

- 138. Defendants attempted to extort Plaintiffs to withdraw the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney's Fees* through a series of veiled threats. When Plaintiffs refused to withdraw the motion, Defendants disseminated additional defamatory material with the intent to do damage to Plaintiffs and threatened to continue doing so unless the motion was withdrawn. (NRS 207.360(10)).
- 139. The Defendants have attempted to or did use extortion to influence the outcome of at least one other pending family law case.
  - 140. Defendants' illegal conduct resulted in damages to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, pursuant to NRS 207.470, are entitled to treble damages as a result of Defendants' criminal conduct in the form of actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XIV. TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (COPYRIGHT INFRINGMENT)

- 141. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 142. Defendants have infringed upon Plaintiffs' photographic works owned by Plaintiff, for which copyright registration is being sought, by posting the work on social media websites, including but not limited to, Facebook, Pinterest, Google+,

Goodwill – "A business's reputation, patronage, and other intangible assets that are considered when appraising the business, especially for purchase." *Black's Law Dictionary* 279 (Bryan A. Garner ed., Pocket ed., West 1996).

Twitter, and LinkedIn, without consent, approval or license of Plaintiffs and by continuing to distribute and copy the commercial without compensation or credit to the Plaintiffs.

- 143. As a direct and proximate result of said infringement by Defendants, Plaintiff is entitled to damages in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 144. Defendants' infringement of Plaintiffs' photographic works has yielded Defendants profits in an amount not yet determined.
- 145. Defendants' infringement has been willful and deliberate and was done for the purpose of defaming Plaintiffs and making commercial use of and profit on Plaintiffs' material throughout the country and within this Judicial District. Plaintiffs are entitled to recover increased damages as a result of such willful copying.
- 146. Plaintiffs are entitled to attorneys' fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505 and otherwise according to law.
- 147. As a direct and proximate result of the foregoing acts and conduct, Plaintiffs have sustained and will continue to sustain substantial, immediate, and irreparable injury, for which there is no adequate remedy at law. Upon information and belief, Plaintiffs believe that unless enjoined and restrained by this Court, Defendants will continue to infringe Plaintiffs' rights in the infringed works. Plaintiffs are entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to restrain and enjoin Defendants' continuing infringing conduct.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand that:

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- a. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502(a), Defendants, their agents servants and employees and all parties in privity with them be enjoined permanently from infringing Plaintiff's copyrights in any manner.
- b. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C § 504(b), Defendants be required to pay to the plaintiff, such actual damages as the Plaintiffs may have sustained in consequence of Defendants' infringement and all profits of Defendants that are attributable to the infringement of Plaintiffs' copyrights. Plaintiffs request Defendants account for all gains, profits, and advantages derived by Defendants from their infringement.
- c. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(1), Defendants be required to pay an award of statutory damages in a sum not less than \$30,000.
- d. The Court finds the Defendants' conduct was committed willfully.
- e. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(2), Defendants be required to pay an award of increased statutory damages in a sum of not less than \$150,000 for willful infringement.
- f. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505, Defendants be required to pay the Plaintiffs' full costs in this action and reasonable attorney's fees.

Defendants' conduct was willful or wanton and done in reckless disregard of Plaintiffs' rights thereby entitling Plaintiffs to recover punitive damages in an amount to be determined at trial.

# XV. ELEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (INJUNCTION)

148. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

149. Defendants and/or Defendant's agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others are attempting to extort a result in the "D" case litigation by unlawful out-of-court means. The "D" case litigation is ongoing and an injunction is necessary to stop the extortion and continuation of harm and damage to Plaintiffs.

Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, engaged in acts that were so outrageous that injunctive relief is necessary to effectuate justice.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request the following injunctive relief:

- a. That all defamatory writings, video, postings, or any other documents or public display of the same, concerning Jennifer Abrams, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, and the employees of the same, be removed from public view within 10 days of the issuance of the injunction.
- b. That all innuendo of illegal, immoral, or unethical conduct that has already been attributed by defendants to Plaintiffs, must never be repeated by any named Defendant or any member of any of the named organizations. Generalities toward lawyers in general will constitute a violation of the injunction.
- c. That a full retraction and apology be authored by Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Louis C. Schneider and disseminated everywhere the defamation occurred, including, but not limited to, the entirety of the mailing list(s), each and every social media site (Facebook, Twitter, Google+, Pinterest, etc.) and anywhere else the defamatory material was disseminated.

### XVI. CONCLUSION

150. Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

WHEREFORE, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm respectfully pray that judgment be entered against Defendants, and each of them individually, as follows:

- 1. General damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 2. Compensatory damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 3. Punitive damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 4. Treble damages for Defendants' RICO violations pursuant to NRS 207.470 in the form of general, compensatory, and/or punitive damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000;
- 5. All attorney's fees and costs that have and/or may be incurred by Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm in pursuing this action; and

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6. For such other and further relief this Court may deem just and proper. **DATED** this 27<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2017.

Respectfully submitted:

THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ. Nevada State Bar Number: 7575 6252 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118 Phone: (702) 222-4021 Email: JVAGroup@theabramslawfirm.com Attorney for Plaintiffs

#### VERIFICATION

STATE OF NEVADA	)	
	) ss:	
COUNTY OF CLARK	)	

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ., principal of THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM first being duly sworn, deposes and says:

That her business is the Plaintiff in the above-entitled action; that she has read the above and foregoing *Amended Complaint for Damages* and knows the contents thereof and that the same is true of her own knowledge, except as to those matters therein stated on information and belief, and as to those matters, she believes them to be true.

FURTHER, AFFLANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ.

SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me

Appt. No. 93-1732-1 My Appt. Expires Oct. 23, 2018

this 27th day of January, 2017, by Jennifer V. Abrams, Esq.

**NOTARY PUBLIC** 

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 1 I hereby certify that the foregoing *Amended Complaint for Damages* was filed 2 electronically with the Eighth Judicial District Court in the above-entitled matter on 3 Friday, January 27, 2017. Electronic service of the foregoing document shall be made 4 in accordance with the Master Service List, pursuant to NEFCR 9, as follows: 5 Maggie McLethcie, Esq. 6 Attorney for Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc. 7 8 Alex Ghibaudo, Esq. Attorney for Defendants Louis C. Schneider, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC, and 9 Christina Ortiz 10 I further certify that on Monday, January 30, 2017, the foregoing Amended 11 Complaint for Damages was served on the following interested parties, via 1st Class 12 U.S. Mail, postage fully prepaid: 13 Heidi J. Hanusa 14 2620 Regatta Drive, Suite 102 8908 Big Bear Pines Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89143 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 15 Johnny Spicer 16 3589 East Gowan Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89115 17 Don Woolbright 18 20 Fernwood Drive Saint Peters, Missouri 63376 19 **Sanson Corporation** 20 c/o Clark McCourt, Registered Agent 7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Suite 120 21 Las Vegas, Nevada 89128 22 Karen Steelmon 2174 East Russell Road 23 Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

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An Employee of The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm

# EXHBIT 1

## EXHIBIT 1

## EXHBIT 1

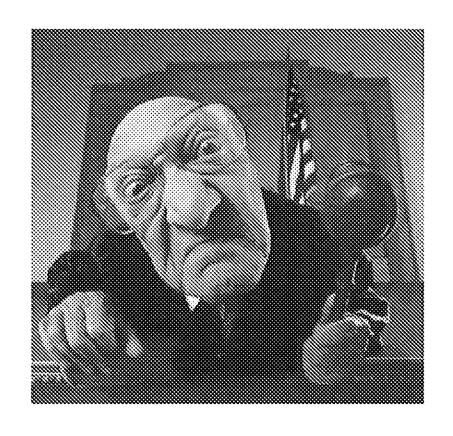
[Share]Share: TWEEK



# Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

A behind the scenes look inside our courtroom

find out Mors



### No boundaries in our courtrooms!

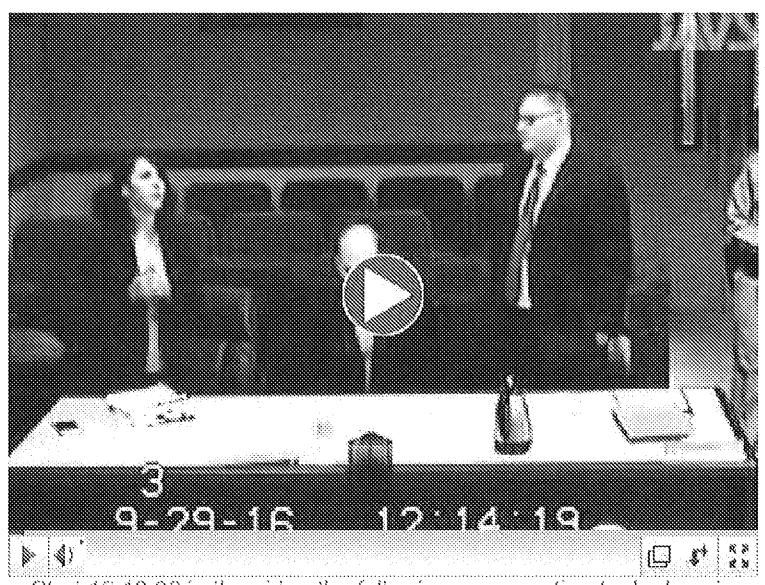
In Clark County Nevada, we have noticed Justice of the Peace handcuffing Public Defenders unjustly as well as Municipal Court Judges incarcerating citizens that are not even before their court.

The above are examples of the court room over stepping boundaries. But what happens when a Divorce Attorney

crosses the line with a Clark County District Court Judge Family Division?

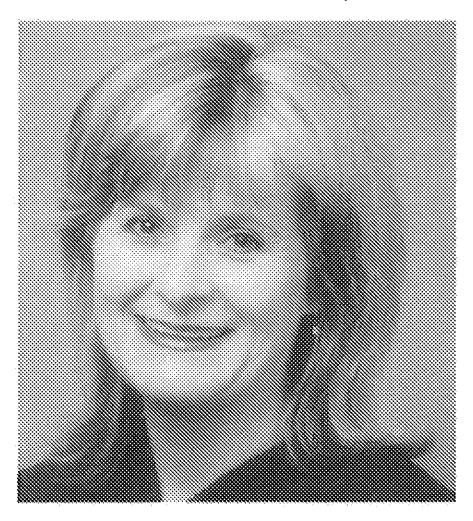
In a September 29, 2016 hearing in Clark County Family Court Department L Jennifer Abrams representing the plaintiff with co-council Brandon Leavitt and Louis Schneider representing the defendant. This case is about a 15 year marriage, plaintiff earns over 160,000 annually and defendant receives no alimony and no part of the business.

There was a war of words between Jennifer Abrams and Judge Jennifer Elliot.



Start 12:13:00 in the video the following conversation took place in open court.

### Judge Jennifer Elliot:



I find that there is undue influence in the case.

There are enough ethical problems don't add to the problem.

If that's not an ethical problem I don't know what is.

Court is charged to making sure that justice is done.

Your client lied about his finances.

I am the judge and in a moment I am going to ask you to leave.

Your firm does this a lot and attack other lawyers.

I find it to be a pattern with your firm.

You are going to be taking out of here if you don't sit down.

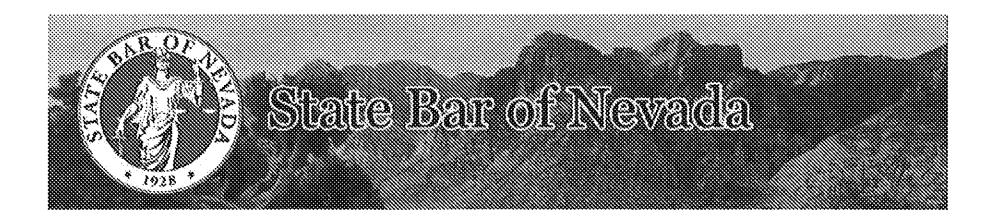
I am the Judge not you.

### Jennifer Abrams:



Excuse me I was in the middle of a sentence.

Is there any relationship between you and Louis Schneider?



At what point should a judge sanction an attorney?

Is a judge too comfortable or intimidated by an attorney that they give them leeway to basically run their own courtroom?

If there is an ethical problem or the law has been broken by an attorney the Judge is mandated by law to report it to the

Nevada State Bar or a governing agency that could deal with the problem appropriately.

Learn More about Nevada State Bar Ethics & Discipline

#### UPCOMING EVENTS

WEBSITE NEWS GOALS AND VALUES OFFICERS CONTACT US









Veterans in Politics International Inc.

702-283-8088 devildog1285@cs.com www.veteransinpolitics.org

SIGN UP FOR EMAILS

Confirm that you like this.

Click the "Like" button.

## EXHBIT 2

# EXHBIT 2

## EXHIBIT 2

49.	Reply to Oppositions to Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/23/2018	JVA001471 - JVA001539
41.	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to an Award of Attorney's fees, Costs, and Statutory Sanctions	1/24/2018	JVA001260 - JVA001265
46.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	2/5/2018	JVA001398 - JVA001451
66.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/18/2018	JVA001718 - JVA001731
55.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to "Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify" and Countermotion and Attorney's Fees	4/10/2018	JVA001633 - JVA001663
25.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Strike and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/30/2017	JVA000809 - JVA000817
35.	Schneider Defendants' Motion for Statutory Damages ad Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; and Motion for Sanction	9/12/2017	JVA001005 - JVA001013
18.	Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Slapp Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	3/28/2017	JVA000337 - JVA000367
19.	Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	3/28/2017	JVA000368 - JVA000405
81.	Stipulation and Order to Dismiss with Prejudice All Claims Against Hanusa Parties	10/13/2017	JVA001754 - JVA001756

30.	Transcript Re: All Pending Motions	7/5/2017	JVA000884 - JVA000950
26.	VIPI Defendants' Omnibus Reply to: (1) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Special motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and (2) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and Countermotion for Attorneys' Fees	5/30/2017	JVA000818 - JVA000859
29.	VIPI Defendants' Supplement to VIPI Defendants' Omnibus Reply to: (1) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Special motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and (2) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and Countermotion for Attorneys' Fees	6/9/2017	JVA000867 - JVA000883

P:\wp16\ABRAMS,JENNI\APPENDIX\00230118.WPD/jj

### DISTRICT COURT CIVIL COVER SHEET

CLARK County, Nevada

Case No. A-17-749318-C Dept I

(Assigned by Clerk's Office)

I. Party Information (provide both ho	me and mailing addresses if different)	
Plaintiff(s) (name/address/phone):		Defendant(s) (name/address/phone):
JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE A	BRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM	(See attached)
6252 S. Rainbow Bh	vd., Suite 100	
Las Vegas, Neva	ada 89118	
(702) 222-4	4021	
Attorney (name/address/phone):	***************************************	Attorney (name/address/phone):
Jennifer V. Abrams, Esq	. (NV Bar # 7575)	Unknown
6252 S. Rainbow Bi	vd., Suite 100	
Las Vegas, Neva	ada 89118	
(702) 222-4	1021	
II. Nature of Controversy (please so	elect the one most applicable filing type	2 helow)
Civil Case Filing Types	erect the true area mappineline filing typi	*
Real Property		Torts
Landlord/Tenaut	Negligence	Other Torts
Unlawful Detainer	Auto	Product Liability
Other Landford/Tenant	Premises Liability	Intentional Misconduct
Title to Property	Other Negligence	Employment Tort
Judicial Foreclosure	Malpractice	Insurance Tort
Other Title to Property	Medical/Dental	Other Tort
Other Real Property	Legal	Canad
Condemnation/Eminent Domain	Accounting	
Other Real Property	Other Malpractice	
Probate	Construction Defect & Cont	ract Judicial Review/Appeal
Probate (select case type and estate value)	Construction Defect	Judicial Review
Summary Administration	Chapter 40	Foreclosure Mediation Case
General Administration	Other Construction Defect	Petition to Seal Records
Special Administration	Contract Case	Mental Competency
Set Aside	Uniform Commercial Code	Nevada State Agency Appeal
Trust/Conservatorship	Building and Construction	Department of Motor Vehicle
Other Probate	Insurance Carrier	Worker's Compensation
Estate Value	Commercial Instrument	Other Nevada State Agency
Over \$200,000	Collection of Accounts	Appeal Other
Between \$100,000 and \$200,000	Employment Contract	Appeal from Lower Court
Under \$100,000 or Unknown	Other Contract	Other Judicial Review/Appeal
Under \$2,500		
Cîvi	l Writ	Other Civil Filing
Civil Writ		Other Civil Filing
Writ of Habeas Corpus	Writ of Prohibition	Compromise of Minor's Claim
Writ of Mandamus	Other Civil Writ	Foreign Judgment
Writ of Quo Warrant	Strategical	Other Civil Matters
Business C	ourt filings should be filed using th	e Business Court civil coversheet.
01/09/2017	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Date Signature of initiating party or representative		
	See other side for family-re	dated case filings.

#### <u>Defendants</u>

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER

Pers.:

808 San Gabriel Ave

Henderson, Nevada 89002

Bus.:

430 S. 7th Street

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC

Reg. Agent: c/o Philomena Moloney, Moloney & Associates CPA Firm

8905 W. Post Road, Ste. 210 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Business:

430 S. 7th Street

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Tel: (702) 435-2121

STEVE W. SANSON

Phys.:

8908 Big Bear Pines Ave

Las Vegas, Nevada 89143

Mailing:

P.O. Box 28211

Las Vegas, Nevada 89126

HEIDI J. HANUSA

Pers.:

8908 Big Bear Pines Ave

Las Vegas, Nevada 89143

Bus.:

2620 Regatta Drive, Suite 102

Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

CHRISTINA ORTIZ

Pers.:

10632 Valley Edge Court

Las Vegas, Nevada 89141

JOHNNY SPICER

Pers.:

3589 East Gowan Road

Las Vegas, Nevada 89115

#### DON WOOLBRIGHT

Pers.:

4230 Saint Linus Ln.

Saint Ann, Missouri 63074

#### VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC.

Reg. Agent: c/o Clark McCourt

7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Ste. 120

Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

#### SANSON CORPORATION

Reg. Agent: c/o Clark McCourt

7371 Prairie Falcon Road, Ste. 120

Las Vegas, Nevada 89128

#### KAREN STEELMON

2174 East Russell Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89119

DOES I THROUGH X (Unknown)

Electronically Filed 01/09/2017 01:06:18 PM

		Alun D. Chum
1	COMP JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ.	
2	Nevada State Bar Number: 7575 THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM	CLERK OF THE COURT
3	6252 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118	
4	Phone: (702) 222-4021 Email: JVAGroup@theabramslawfirm.com	
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs	
6	DISTRICT C	OHDT
7	CLARK COUNTY	
8	JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS ) & MAYO LAW FIRM,	Case No.: A-17-749318-C
9		Department: I
10	Plaintiff,	
	vs.	
11	)	TY The law and the law
12	LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; LAW OFFICES OF ) LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC; STEVE W. )	Hearing Date: N/A Hearing Time: N/A
13	SANSON; HEIDI J. HANUSA; CHRISTINA ) ORTIZ; JOHNNY SPICER; DON )	A COTTONT INTOTOT
14	WOOLBRIGHT; VETERANS IN POLITICS   )   INTERNATIONAL, INC.; SANSON	ACTION IN TORT
	CORPORATION; KAREN STEELMON; and )	l de la companya de
15	DOES I THROUGH X,	CLAIMED
16	Defendant.	
17		
18	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES	
TO		
19	INTRODUCTION	
20	1. Plaintiffs, Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm	
21	1 ("Plaintiffs") bring this action for damages based upon, and to redress, Defendants'	
22	Intentional Defamation of the character of the Plaintiffs through libelous writings	
23	and slander, for Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress, Negligent Infliction of	
24	Emotional Distress, False Light, Business Disparagement, Harassment, Concert of	

Action, Civil Conspiracy, and violations of RICO, all of which were perpetrated individually and in concert with others by defendants Louis C. Schneider, Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I Through X (collectively "Defendants").

### II. VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 2. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 3. Jurisdiction is proper in Nevada State court as all alleged claims were transmitted to or performed in Nevada by the Defendants individually or in concert with others.

### III. PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 5. Plaintiff Jennifer V. Abrams, is a natural person and an attorney licensed to practice law in the State of Nevada. She practices exclusively in the field of Domestic Relations and is a peer-reviewed and certified Fellow of the American Academy of Matrimonial Lawyers, and a Certified Specialist in Family Law.
- 6. The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm is a dba of The Abrams Law Firm, LLC, a duly formed Limited Liability Company in the State of Nevada.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Louis C. Schneider is a natural person who is admitted to practice law in the State of Nevada and is the managing member of Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC.

- 8. Upon information and belief, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC is a duly formed Limited Liability Company located in Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Steve W. Sanson is a natural person, the President of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., and the Treasurer and Director of Sanson Corporation.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Heidi J. Hanusa is a natural person, the Treasurer of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., and the President and Secretary of Sanson Corporation.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Christina Ortiz is a natural person and the Director of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Johnny Spicer is a natural person and Secretary of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 13. Upon information and belief, Don Woolbright is a natural person and Secretary of Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Veterans In Politics International, Inc. is a duly formed Domestic Non-Profit Corporation whose purported purpose is "[t]o educate, organize, and awaken our veterans and their families to select, support and intelligently vote for those candidates whom would help create a better world, to protect ourselves from our own government(s) in a culture of corruption, and to be the political voice for those in other groups who do not have one."
- 15. Upon information and belief, Sanson Corporation is a duly formed Domestic Corporation in the State of Nevada.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Karen Steelmon is a natural person and is the Registrant of the Domain veteransinpolitics.org.

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17. Upon information and belief, additional persons and entities have been working with the above named Defendants either individually or in concert and have been added as Doe Defendants in this action until they are personally identified.

- 18. Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm are informed and believe, and therefore allege, that each of the Defendants designated herein as Louis C. Schneider, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, are in some way legally responsible and liable for the events referred to herein, and directly or proximately caused the damages alleged herein.
- 19. At all times material hereto, and in doing the acts and omissions alleged herein, the Defendants, and each of them, including Louis C. Schneider, Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC, Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, acted individually and/or through their officers, agents, employees and co-conspirators, each of whom was acting within the purpose and scope of that agency, employment, and conspiracy, and these acts and omissions were known to, and authorized and ratified by, each of the other Defendants.

### IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

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parte communications with Judge Elliott, either directly or through her staff,

between September 25, 2016 and the September 29, 2016 hearing.

- 27. At the beginning of the hearing on September 29, 2016, Plaintiffs, on behalf of Husband, requested a "closed hearing" pursuant to EDCR 5.02. The request was granted by Judge Elliott and the hearing was closed.
- 28. At the beginning of the hearing on September 29, 2016, Judge Elliott accused Plaintiffs and Husband of misrepresenting financial information on Husband's Financial Disclosure Form and referred to Plaintiffs as "unethical." By the end of the one-hour and twelve minute hearing, Judge Elliott learned that she was mistaken on a number of factual matters and retracted her incorrect accusations against Plaintiffs.
- 29. A decision on Plaintiffs' request for sanctions and fees against Schneider in the "D" Case was deferred and is still pending submission and review of additional briefing.
- 30. The day after the September 29, 2016 hearing, on September 30, 2016 at 8:02 am, Schneider sent an email to Kim Gurule at Video Transcription Services stating, in relevant part:

Can you please upload the video from yesterday's hearing? Thank you.

:)

- 31. Upon information and belief, Schneider provided a copy of the September 29, 2016 "closed hearing" to Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans In Politics International, Inc.
- 32. Upon information and belief, Defendants conspired to affect the outcome of the pending "D" Case by defaming, inflicting emotional distress upon, placing in a false light, disparaging the business of, and harassing Plaintiffs and

inflicting emotional distress upon Judge Elliott, and threatening to continue doing so.

- on YouTube and on veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, the video from the "closed hearing" on September 29, 2016 in the "D" Case, with an article entitled "Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court" (hereinafter "the 'Attack' article").1
- 34. The "Attack" article was published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, and via numerous social media sites including Pinterest, Google+, Twitter, and the following Facebook pages:
  - a. steve.sanson.1
  - b. steve.sanson.3
  - c. veteransinpolitics
  - d. veteransinpoliticsinternational
  - e. eye.on.nevada.politics
  - f. steve.w.sanson
  - g. Veterans-In-Politics-International-Endorsement-for-the-State-of-Nevada

A copy of the published "Attack" article is attached as Exhibit 1.

- h. Veterans in Politics: groups/OperationNeverForget
- i. Nevada-Veterans-In-Politics
- 35. Within the "Attack" article, Defendants defame Jennifer V. Abrams and her law firm, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, with a number of false and misleading statements.
- 36. In the "Attack" article, the Defendants published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamatory statements directed against Plaintiffs, including that:
  - a. Plaintiff, Jennifer Abrams "attacked" a Clark County Family Court Judge in open court;
  - b. Abrams has "no boundaries in our courtrooms";
  - c. Abrams is unethical;
  - d. There is a "problem" requiring Abrams to be reported to the Nevada State Bar; and
  - e. That Abrams "crossed the line with a Clark County District Court Judge."
- and of the one hour and twelve minute "closed" hearing, the Defendants published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, misleading statements about Plaintiffs, directing viewers only to the portion of the video wherein the incorrect and later retracted accusations were made ("Start 12:13:00"), and quoting only those misleading select portions. Although the entire one hour and twelve minute video was posted, Defendants knew or should

- 3 | 20 5 | D 6 | Fi
- 38. During a break at another court hearing in the "D" case on October 5, 2016 (immediately after the dissemination of the "Attack" article via email), Defendant Schneider said to Brandon K. Leavitt, Esq., of The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, that a withdrawal of the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney Fees* would "make this all go away," or words to that effect.
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- 39. Defendants were given the opportunity to voluntarily withdraw the defamatory material. On October 5, 2016 at 6:02 pm, the Honorable Jennifer Elliot sent an email to Defendants beginning with "I was made aware of this video today and would kindly request that VIP please take it down."
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- 40. Defendants refused to voluntarily withdraw the defamatory material. On October 5, 2016 at 11:16 pm, Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans In Politics International, Inc. responded to Judge Elliott stating in relevant part; ". . . once we start a course of action we do not raise our hands in defeat," and "[i]n combat we never give up and we will not start given (sic) up." Schneider was copied on these exchanges and, by his silence, acquiesced.
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41. Defendants were made aware that the information they disseminated was incorrect and again were given an opportunity to withdraw the defamatory material. On October 6, 2016 at 4:00 am, Judge Elliott sent an email to Defendants stating, in relevant part: "I need you to know that I was wrong regarding the finances as they had been disclosed at the outset of the case, from the first filing, albeit late. At the further hearing we had in this matter I put on the record that I believe that he did not hide anything on his financial disclosure form; it was a misunderstanding that

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was explained and the record was corrected. . . . I understand that VIP does try to educate and provide information to voters so they will be more informed about who they are putting into office. In this case, the dynamic and the record was changed for the better after that hearing. I think that information would be important to the voters as well. It is my hope that you will reconsider your position."

- 42. Defendants did not take down the article or the video and, instead, continued to publish, republish, and disseminate the article and video they knew to be false and defamatory.
- 43. On October 7, 2016, Defendants published, republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, an advertisement for Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, stating "Law Offices of Louis Schneider" and "Friends of Veterans in Politics."
- 44. Upon information and belief, a payment of money was made by Schneider to Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive.
- 45. On October 8, 2016, Defendants were served with an Order Prohibiting Dissemination of Case Material entered by Judge Elliott.
- on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "BULLY District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams"

A copy of the published "Bully" article is attached as Exhibit 2.

Page 11 of 38

- 49. The Defendants have published, or republished, or attributed to one another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamatory statements directed against Abrams, including:
  - a. That Abrams bullied Judge Elliott into issuing the Order Prohibiting Dissemination of Case Material;
  - b. That Abrams' behavior is "disrespectful and obstructionist";
  - c. That Abrams "misbehaved" in court;
  - d. That Abrams' behavior before the judge is "embarrassing"; and
  - e. That Judge Elliott's order appears to be "an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public."

On October 10, 2016 at 4:08 pm, Defendants responded in an email to Judge Elliott stating, in relevant part: "When we expose folks we do it under the umbrella of a journalist and we use the Freedom of information Act (sic)." and "We might have sent out the second article prematurely..(sic) We have also received numerous attorneys pointing us in the direction of other cases Abram's (sic) have had her outburst and bullied other Judges and Attorneys."

50. On October 10, 2016, Plaintiffs sent an email to Defendants at 7:03 p.m., stating, in relevant part:

The Freedom of Information Act is inapplicable – it applies to the Federal Government, not State divorce cases. And most importantly, I am not a public figure or an elected official. I am a private citizen with a private law practice. The umbrella of "a journalist" does not apply as I am not running for public office and there are no "voters" that have any right to know anything about my private practice or my private clients.

I am a zealous advocate and will continue to pursue my client's interests without any hesitation whatsoever.

51. Upon information and belief, on or around October 11, 2016. Defendants ran a background search on Plaintiff, Jennifer V. Abrams, and did not find anything negative about her.

- 52. Defendants responded on October 10, 2016 at 10:03 p.m. via email, again refusing to voluntarily withdraw the false and defamatory material. The email states, in relevant part: "But what I find intriguing is that you think because you are not elected that you are somehow untouchable to the media, then tell that to Lisa Willardson, David Amesbury, Nancy Quon, David Schubert, Barry Levinson, Noel Gage and Richard Crane all Nevada Attorneys not elected and never ran for public office, just to name a few," and "[d]on't forget you practice law in a taxpayer's courtroom." Unlike Plaintiffs, all of the attorneys mentioned were in some manner involved or related to criminal investigations.
- 53. On or about November 6, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams' 'Seal-Happy' Practices" (hereinafter "the 'Seal-Happy' article") along with a printout of "Family Case Records Search Results" revealing the case numbers, parties' names, filing date, and type of action of many of Abrams' cases.3
- 54. The "Seal-Happy" article, containing a link to the "Attack" article, containing a link to the "BULLY" article, and containing a link to the September 29,

<sup>3</sup> A copy of the published "Seal-Happy" article is attached as Exhibit 3.

1	2016 "closed hearing" video still posted on YouTube, has been re-published							
2	numerous times via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics							
3	International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams							
4	& Mayo Law Firm, posting it on Twitter, Pinterest, Google+ and on the following							
5	Facebook pages:							
6	a. steve.sanson.1							
7	b. steve.sanson.3							
8	c. veteransinpolitics							
9	d. veteransinpoliticsinternational							
10	e. eye.on.nevada.politics							
11	f. steve.w.sanson							
12	g. Veterans-In-Politics-International-Endorsement-for-the-State-of-							
13	Nevada							
14	h. Veterans in Politics: groups/OperationNeverForget							
15	i. Nevada-Veterans-In-Politics							
16	as well as on Family Court Facebook groups including but not limited to "Family							
17	Court Support Group (Clark County, NV)."							
18	55. Within the "Seal-Happy" article, Defendants defame Jennifer V							
19	Abrams and her law firm, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, with a number of false							
20	statements.							
21	56. The Defendants have published, or republished, or attributed to one							
22	another, or disseminated to third parties across state lines, false and defamator							
23	statements directed against Abrams, including that:							

- a. Abrams "appears to be 'seal happy' when it comes to trying to seal her cases";
- b. That Abrams seals cases in contravention of "openness and transparency";
- c. That Abrams' sealing of cases is intended "to protect her own reputation, rather than to serve a compelling client privacy or safety interest";
- d. That Abrams engaged in "judicial browbeating";
- e. That Abrams obtained an order that "is specifically disallowed by law";
- f. That Abrams obtained the order against the "general public" with "no opportunity for the public to be heard";
- g. That "after issuing our initial story about Abrams' behavior in the Saiter case, we were contacted by judges, attorneys and litigants eager to share similar battle-worn experiences with Jennifer Abrams";
- h. That Abrams obtained an "overbroad, unsubstantiated order to seal and hide the lawyer's actions"; and
- i. That Abrams is an "over-zealous, disrespectful lawyer[] who obstruct[s] the judicial process and seek[s] to stop the public from having access to otherwise public documents."
- 57. On or about November 14, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article

A copy of the published "Acting badly" article is attached as Exhibit 4.

Page 16 of 38

- a. Plaintiffs were "acting badly" in Clark County Family Court;
- b. Abrams' behavior is "disrespectful and obstructionist";
- c. Judge Elliott's order appears to be "an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public"; and
- d. Abrams engaged in conduct for which she should be held "accountable."
- 61. On or about November 16, 2016, Defendants published or caused to be published on a website known as veteransinpolitics.org, a website purportedly owned and controlled by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, an article entitled "Clark County Family Court Judge willfully deceives a young child from the bench and it is on the record" (hereinafter "Deceives" article").5
- 62. The "Deceives" article primarily attacks the Honorable Rena Hughes and also states the following: "In an unrelated story we exposed how Judges and Lawyers seal cases to cover their own bad behaviors. This is definitely an example of that." Following this text is a link "click onto article Law Frowns on Nevada Attorney Jennifer Abrams' 'Seal-Happy' Practices." The "Deceives" article has been republished numerous times via email across multiple states, including Veterans In Politics International, Inc. sending it directly to the attorneys and paralegals at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, posting it on Twitter, Pinterest, Google+ and on the following Facebook pages:
  - a. steve.sanson.1

<sup>5</sup> A copy of the published "Deceives" article is attached as Exhibit 5.

- a. "VIDEO 1 The Abrams Law Firm 10 05 15,"
- b. "VIDEO 2 The Abrams Law Firm Inspection part 1,"
- c. "VIDEO 3 The Abrams Law Firm Practices p 2."

(hereinafter "the 'Inspection' videos").6

- 66. The "Inspection" videos stemmed from another divorce action wherein Plaintiffs represented Husband, this one a 2014 "D" case, number D-14-507578-D.
- 67. Upon information and belief, Defendants obtained copies of the "Inspection" videos from Wife in the 2014 "D" case, Yuliya Fohel F.K.A. Delaney.
- 68. Upon information and belief, Defendants knew, at the time they published, republished, and disseminated the "Inspection" videos, that Yuliya Fohel F.K.A. Delaney had been ordered to remove these same videos from the internet and was prohibited from re-posting said videos either personally or through a third party.
- 69. The "Inspection" videos depict David J. Schoen, IV, a Certified Paralegal employed at The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm and include personal and private information.
- 70. Mr. Schoen spoke with Defendant Steve W. Sanson on or about December 22, 2016 and requested that Sanson remove the "Inspection" videos, or at least blur his face and redact his personal information.
- 71. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Mr. Schoen and Plaintiffs "bullied" and "forced" Yuliya in "unlawfully" entering her home, or words to that effect.

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<sup>6</sup> A printout of the published "Inspection" videos is attached as Exhibit 6.

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72. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams is "unethical and a criminal," or words to that effect.

73. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams "doesn't follow the law," or words to that effect.

74. During the December 22, 2016 conversation, Mr. Schoen said that it was obvious that Schneider provided a copy of the September 29, 2016 "closed hearing" video to Defendant Steve W. Sanson. Defendant Steve W. Sanson did not deny that he received the video from Schneider and responded: "yeah, okay," or words to that effect.

75. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson falsely alleged that Jennifer Abrams was "breaking the law by sealing her cases," or words to that effect.

76. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson incorrectly alleged that he had a right under "the Freedom of Information Act" to disseminate the "closed hearing," despite having been informed that the Freedom of Information Act is inapplicable and despite being served with a court order prohibiting its dissemination.

77. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that Jennifer Abrams is on his "priority list" because she "insulted [his] intelligence" by having him served with an order, allegedly "when the court had no jurisdiction over [him]," or words to that effect.

	78.	During	the	December	22,	2016	conve	rsation	with	Mr.	Schoen,
Defen	dant S	Steve W.	Sanso	on said that	Jem	nifer A	brams	"started	this	war"	and, had
she ju	st dro	pped the i	issue	after the ini	tial a	rticle a	nd vid	eo (i.e., <sup>.</sup>	the "A	ttack	" article)
he nev	ver wo	uld have '	'kept	digging," or	wor	ds to th	at effe	et,			

- 79. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that he is in possession of "dozens of hours" of hearing videos from multiple cases where Jennifer Abrams is counsel of record, or words to that effect.
- 80. During the December 22, 2016 conversation with Mr. Schoen, Defendant Steve W. Sanson said that "Jennifer is in bed with Marshal Willick, that explains a lot about the kind of person she is," or words to that effect.7
- 81. The defamatory statements by Defendants were intended to harm Plaintiffs' reputation and livelihood, to harass and embarrass Plaintiffs, and to impact the outcome of a pending action in the "D" case.
- 82. The defamatory statements by Defendants have caused numerous negative comments to be directed against Plaintiffs.8

# V. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (DEFAMATION)

- 83. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 84. Defendants, and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, published one or more oral

<sup>7</sup> The relationship between Jennifer V. Abrams and Marshal S. Willick is not being denied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> For example, one person's comment to the "Acting badly" article and video begins with "Hopefully, the jerk has a heart attack from all that anger and stress," referring to Plaintiff's partner, Vincent Mayo, Esq.

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# VI. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS)

92. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

- 93. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or/employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally and deliberately inflicted emotional distress on Plaintiffs by defaming them to many people, including but not limited to the following: several of Plaintiff's friends, coworkers, colleagues, clients, and an unknown number of persons that were subjected to the defamatory comments on the internet.
- 94. As a result of Defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct, Plaintiff was, is, and, with a high degree of likelihood, will continue to be emotionally distressed due to the defamation.
- 95. As a result of Defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered and will continue to suffer mental pain and anguish, and unjustifiable emotional trauma.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed by this Court to be just and fair and appropriate, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# VII. THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF (NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS)

96. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

97. To whatever extent the infliction of emotional distress asserted in the preceding cause of action was not deliberate, it was a result of the reckless and wanton actions of the Defendants, either individually, or in concert with others.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed by this Court to be just and fair and appropriate, in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# VIII. FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

(FALSE LIGHT)

- 98. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 99. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally made and published false and misleading statements about Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.
- made with the specific intent to cause harm to Plaintiffs and their pecuniary interests, or, in the alternative, the Defendants published the false and misleading statements knowing its falsity and inaccuracy or with reckless disregard for the truth.
- 101. The statements made by the Defendants place Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm in a false light and are highly offensive and inflammatory, and thus actionable.

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WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# IX. FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (BUSINESS DISPARAGEMENT)

102. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

103. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, intentionally made false and disparaging statements about Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm and disparaged Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's business.

104. The referenced statements and actions were specifically directed towards the quality of Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's services, and were so extreme and outrageous as to affect the ability of Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm to conduct business.

of. The Defendants intended, in publishing the false and defamatory statements to cause harm to Plaintiffs and its pecuniary interests, or, in the alternative, the Defendants published the disparaging statements knowing their falsity or with reckless disregard for the truth.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

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# X. SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (HARASSMENT)

106. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

107. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees in concert with one another, have engaged in a defamatory campaign against Plaintiff and has threatened the dissemination of additional defamatory campaigns against Plaintiff.

108. Defendants' making of false and defamatory statements and defamatory campaigns against Plaintiffs were specifically intended to interfere with Plaintiffs' business, and to cause the apprehension or actuality of economic harm to Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' employees.

109. Defendants' actions were intended to result in substantial harm to the Plaintiffs with respect to their mental health or safety, and to cause economic damage to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XI. SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (CONCERT OF ACTION)

110. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

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	111.	Defendants	and/or	Defendants'	agents,	representatives,	and/or
empl	oyees ii	n concert with	one and	other, based u	pon an e	xplicit or tacit agr	eement,
inten	tionally	committed a	tort agaiı	nst Plaintiffs.			

112. Defendants' concert of action resulted in damages to Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XII. EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (CIVIL CONSPIRACY)

113. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

114. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, based upon an explicit or tacit agreement, intended to accomplish an unlawful objective and intended to harm Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's pecuniary interests and financial well-being.

115. Defendants' civil conspiracy resulted in damages to Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, demand judgment against named Defendants for actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in an amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XIII. NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (RICO VIOLATIONS)

116. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

117. Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, engaged in at least two crimes related to racketeering pursuant to NRS 207.360 that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents.

- 118. Here, Defendants<sup>9</sup> have all either committed, conspired to commit, or have attempted to commit the following crime(s):
  - a. Bribing or intimidating witness to influence testimony (NRS 199.240(b) cause or induce witness to withhold true testimony).
  - b. Bribing or intimidating witness to influence testimony (NRS 199.240(c) cause or induce witness to withhold a record, document or other object from the proceeding).
  - c. Intimidating public officer, public employee, juror, referee, arbitrator, appraiser, assessor or similar person (NRS 199.300(d) to do any act not authorized by law and is intended to harm any person other than the person addressing the threat or intimidation with respect to the person's health, safety, business, financial condition or personal relationships).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The named Defendants—and others—constitute a criminal syndicate as defined in NRS 207.370.

- d. Criminal contempt (NRS 199.340(4) willful disobedience to the lawful process or mandate of a court).
- e. Criminal contempt (NRS 199.340(7) publication of a false or grossly inaccurate report of court proceedings).
- f. Challenges to fight (NRS 200.450).
- g. Furnishing libelous information (NRS 200.550).
- h. Threatening to publish libel (NRS 200.560).
- i. Harrassment (NRS 200.571).
- j. Multiple transactions involving fraud or deceit in the course of an enterprise (NRS 205.377).
- k. Taking property from another under circumstances not amounting to robbery (NRS 207.360(9)).
- I. Extortion (NRS 207.360(10)).
- persons, so structured that the organization will continue its operation even if individual members enter or leave the organization, which engages in or has the purpose of engaging in racketeering activity. Here, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Nevada Veterans In Politics, and Veterans in Politics are organizations—headed by Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johhny Spicer, Don Woolbright, and Karen Steelmon—that have members that do come and go and the organization continues on. These organizations and their principals have conspired to engage in and have engaged in racketeering activity. These organizations conspire with others, such as Louis C. Schneider and Law Offices of

Louis C. Schneider, LLC, who come and go, to engage in and have engaged in racketeering activity.

120. This group also meets the statutory definition – NRS 207.380 – as an enterprise:

Any natural person, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust or other legal entity; and, any union, association or other group of persons associated in fact although not a legal entity.

Here Veterans In Politics International, Inc. is a registered not-for-profit business and Nevada Veterans In Politics and Veterans in Politics are sub-units of Veterans In Politics International, Inc. Each can and should be considered individual legal entities.<sup>10</sup>

- 121. Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, LLC is a for-profit law firm in Nevada and is definitionally a separate legal entity.
- 122. Sanson Corporation is also a separate legal entity and is a registered Nevada corporation.
- 123. Even if not all Defendants are members of Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Nevada Veterans In Politics, Veterans in Politics, and Law Offices of Louis C. Schneider, they meet the "association or other group of persons associated in fact" requirements under the statue as an enterprise. The statute explicitly includes both licit and illicit enterprises.
- 124. Racketeering is the engaging in at least two crimes related to racketeering that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents, if at least one of the incidents occurred

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Nevada Veterans In Politics and Veteransin Politics operate numerous social media sites where the defamation continues.

after July 1, 1983, and the last of the incidents occurred within 5 years after a prior commission of a crime related to racketeering.

- 125. Defendants used threats, intimidation, and deception with the intent to cause or induce Plaintiff and Plaintiff's client to withhold testimony against Schneider in the "D" case. (NRS 199.240)(b)).
- 126. Defendants used threats, intimidation, and deception with the intent to cause or induce Plaintiff and Plaintiff's client to withhold a record, document or other object from the legal proceedings in the "D" case. (NRS 199.240(c)).
- 127. Defendants, directly or indirectly, addressed threats and intimidation to Judge Elliott with the intent to induce Judge Elliott contrary to her duty to make, omit or delay any act, decision or determination, as the threat or intimidation communicated the intent, either immediately or in the future, to do an act not authorized by law and intended to harm Plaintiffs' emotional health, business, and financial condition. (NRS 199.300(d)).
- 128. Defendants willfully disobeyed the lawful process or mandate of a court. (NRS 199.340(4)).
- 129. Defendants published a false or grossly inaccurate report of family court proceedings on numerous occasions, including, but not limited to, the "D" case. (NRS 199.340(7)).
- 130. Defendants Steve W. Sanson, Heidi J. Hanusa, Christina Ortiz, Johnny Spicer, Don Woolbright, Veterans In Politics International, Inc., Sanson Corporation, Karen Steelmon, and Does I through X inclusive, gave or sent a challenge in writing to fight Richard Carreon and others. (NRS 200.450).

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 131. Defendants willfully stated, delivered or transmitted to a manager, editor, publisher, reporter or other employee of a publisher of any newspaper, magazine, publication, periodical or serial statements concerning Plaintiffs which, if published therein, would be a libel. (NRS 200.550).

132. Defendants threatened Plaintiffs with the publication of a libel concerning Plaintiffs with the intent to extort the withdrawal of the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney Fees* and related legal proceedings in the "D" case. (NRS 200.560).

133. Defendants, without lawful authority, knowingly threatened to substantially harm the health or safety of Plaintiff and, by words and conduct placed Plaintiffs in reasonable fear that the threat would be carried out. (NRS 200.571).

134. Defendants, in the course of their enterprise, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, engaged in an act, practice or course of business or employed a device, scheme or artifice which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon a person by means of a false representation or omission of a material fact that Defendants know to be false or omitted, Defendants intend for others to rely on, and results in a loss to those who relied on the false representation or omission in at least two transactions that have the same or similar pattern, intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission, or are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are not isolated incidents within 4 years and in which the aggregate loss or intended loss is more than \$650. (NRS 205.377).

135. Defendants posted false and defamatory material no less than 130 times in six separate defamatory campaigns against Plaintiffs. The total value of time expended by Jennifer Abrams, and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm staff in

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responding to inquiries from clients, protecting client privacy, and attempting to have the defamatory material removed from the internet was over \$15,000 and this does not include the costs of missed opportunities or time that should have been spent working on cases for paying clients. (NRS 205.377 and NRS 207.360(9)).

136. It was the intent of the Defendants to cause harm to Plaintiffs and Plaintiff's client and the aggregate costs far exceed the \$650 threshold. Each act which violates subsection one constitutes a separate offense and a person who violates subsection one is guilty of a category B felony.

137. Additionally, NRS 205.0832 defines the actions which constitute theft as including that which:

Obtains real, personal or *intangible property or the services of* another person, by a material misrepresentation with intent to deprive that person of the property or services. As used in this paragraph, "material misrepresentation" means the use of any pretense, or the making of any promise, representation or statement of present, past or future fact which is fraudulent and which, when used or made, is instrumental in causing the wrongful control or transfer of property or services. The pretense may be verbal or it may be a physical act.

Additionally the statute goes on to define the theft as a person or entity that "Takes, destroys, conceals or disposes of property in which another person has a security interest, with intent to defraud that person." Time is a lawyer's stock in trade. Defendants—with malice—stole valuable time from Plaintiffs. Also, the theft of Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm's "good will" by the making of false and defamatory comments and placing both Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams

& Mayo Law Firm in a false light has diminished the value of the business. These are intangible thefts, but thefts nonetheless.<sup>11</sup>

- 138. Defendants attempted to extort Plaintiffs to withdraw the *Motion for Sanctions and Attorney's Fees* through a series of veiled threats. When Plaintiffs refused to withdraw the motion, Defendants disseminated additional defamatory material with the intent to do damage to Plaintiffs and threatened to continue doing so unless the motion was withdrawn. (NRS 207.360(10)).
- 139. The Defendants have attempted to or did use extortion to influence the outcome of at least one other pending family law case.
  - 140. Defendants' illegal conduct resulted in damages to Plaintiffs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, pursuant to NRS 207.470, are entitled to treble damages as a result of Defendants' criminal conduct in the form of actual, special, compensatory, and punitive damages in amount deemed at the time of trial to be just, fair, and appropriate in an amount in excess of \$15,000.

# XIV. TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (INJUNCTION)

- 141. Plaintiffs incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.
- 142. Defendants and/or Defendant's agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others are attempting to extort a result in the "D" case litigation by unlawful out-of-court means. The "D" case

Goodwill - "A business's reputation, patronage, and other intangible assets that are considered when appraising the business, especially for purchase." *Black's Law Dictionary* 279 (Bryan A. Garner ed., Pocket ed., West 1996).

litigation is ongoing and an injunction is necessary to stop the extortion and continuation of harm and damage to Plaintiffs.

Defendants and/or Defendants' agents, representatives, and/or employees, either individually, or in concert with others, engaged in acts that were so outrageous that injunctive relief is necessary to effectuate justice.

#### WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request the following injunctive relief:

- a. That all defamatory writings, video, postings, or any other documents or public display of the same, concerning Jennifer Abrams, The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm, and the employees of the same, be removed from public view within 10 days of the issuance of the injunction.
- b. That all innuendo of illegal, immoral, or unethical conduct that has already been attributed by defendants to Plaintiffs, must never be repeated by any named Defendant or any member of any of the named organizations. Generalities toward lawyers in general will constitute a violation of the injunction.
- c. That a full retraction and apology be authored by Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Louis C. Schneider and disseminated everywhere the defamation occurred, including, but not limited to, the entirety of the mailing list(s), each and every social media site (Facebook, Twitter, Google+, Pinterest, etc.) and anywhere else the defamatory material was disseminated.

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## XV.

1. Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm incorporate and re-allege all preceding paragraphs as if fully stated herein.

WHEREFORE, Jennifer Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm respectfully pray that judgment be entered against Defendants, and each of them individually, as follows:

- 1. General damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 2. Compensatory damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 3. Punitive damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000 for each and every claim for relief;
- 4. Treble damages for Defendants' RICO violations pursuant to NRS 207.470 in the form of general, compensatory, and/or punitive damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000;
- 5. All attorney's fees and costs that have and/or may be incurred by Jennifer V. Abrams and The Abrams & Mayo Law Firm in pursuing this action; and

1	6. For such other and further relief this Court may deem just and proper.
2	DATED this 9 <sup>th</sup> day of January, 2017.
3	Respectfully submitted:
4	THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM
5	
6	JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ. Nevada State Bar Number: 7575
7	6252 South Rainbow Boulevard, Suite 100 Las Vegas, Nevada 89118
8	Phone: (702) 222-4021 Email: JVAGroup@theabramslawfirm.com
9	Attorney for Plaintiffs
10	
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1	VERIFICATION
2	STATE OF NEVADA )
3	COUNTY OF CLARK ) ss:
4	JENNIFER V. ABRAMS, ESQ., principal of THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAV
5	FIRM first being duly sworn, deposes and says:
6	That her business is the Plaintiff in the above-entitled action; that she ha
7	read the above and foregoing COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES and knows th
8	contents thereof and that the same is true of her own knowledge, except as to thos
9	matters therein stated on information and belief, and as to those matters, sh
10	believes them to be true.
1.1	FURTHER, AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.
12	
13	JENNIFÉR Y. ABRAMS, ESQ.
14	
15	SUBSCRIBED and SWORN to before me this 9 <sup>th</sup> day of January, 2017, by Jennifer V. Abrams, Esq.
16	
17	NOTARY PUBLIC
18	STEPHANIE STOLZ
19	NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF NEVADA APPT. No. 04-91396-1 MY APPT. EXPIRES JULY 30, 2020
20	80000000
21	

23

# EXHBIT 1

# EXHIBIT 1

## EXHBIT 1

Like 47 (Share)Share:

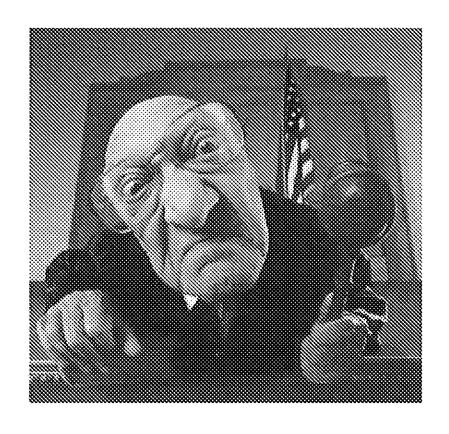
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# Nevada Attorney attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court

A behind the scenes look inside our courtroom

FIND OUT MORE



## No boundaries in our courtrooms!

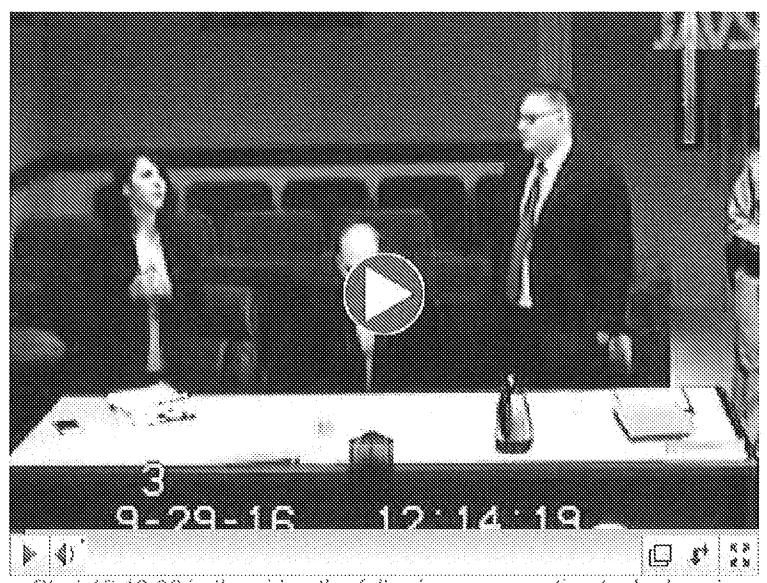
In Clark County Nevada, we have noticed Justice of the Peace handcuffing Public Defenders unjustly as well as Municipal Court Judges incarcerating citizens that are not even before their court.

The above are examples of the court room over stepping boundaries. But what happens when a Divorce Attorney

crosses the line with a Clark County District Court Judge Family Division?

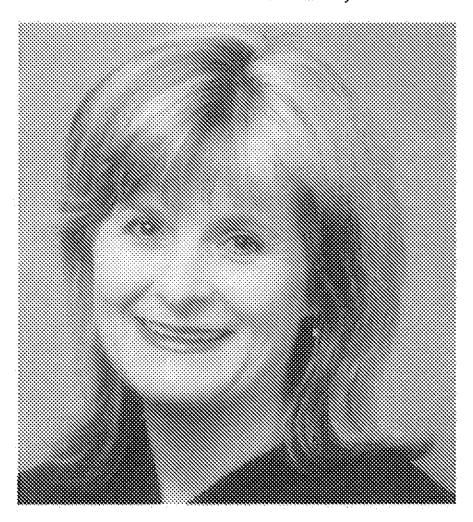
In a September 29, 2016 hearing in Clark County Family Court Department L Jennifer Abrams representing the plaintiff with co-council Brandon Leavitt and Louis Schneider representing the defendant. This case is about a 15 year marriage, plaintiff earns over 160,000 annually and defendant receives no alimony and no part of the business.

There was a war of words between Jennifer Abrams and Judge Jennifer Elliot.



Start 12:13:00 in the video the following conversation took place in open court.

## Judge Jennifer Elliot:



I find that there is undue influence in the case.

There are enough ethical problems don't add to the problem.

If that's not an ethical problem I don't know what is.

Court is charged to making sure that justice is done.

Your client lied about his finances.

I am the judge and in a moment I am going to ask you to leave.

Your firm does this a lot and attack other lawyers.

I find it to be a pattern with your firm.

You are going to be taking out of here if you don't sit down.

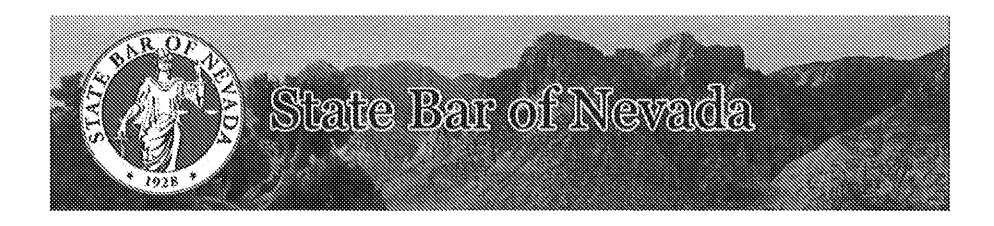
I am the Judge not you.

#### Jennifer Abrams:



Excuse me I was in the middle of a sentence.

Is there any relationship between you and Louis Schneider?



At what point should a judge sanction an attorney?

Is a judge too comfortable or intimidated by an attorney that they give them leeway to basically run their own courtroom?

If there is an ethical problem or the law has been broken by an attorney the Judge is mandated by law to report it to the

Nevada State Bar or a governing agency that could deal with the problem appropriately.

Learn More about Nevada State Bar Ethics & Discipline

#### UPCOMING EVENTS

WEBSITE NEWS GOALS AND VALUES OFFICERS CONTACT US









Veterans in Politics International Inc.

702-283-8888 devildog1285@cs.com www.veteransinpolitics.org

SIGN UP FOR EMAILS

Confirm that you like this.

Click the "Like" button.

# EXHBIT 2

# EXHBIT 2

## EXHIBIT 2





## District Court Judge Bullied by Family Attorney Jennifer Abrams



FNO OUT MORE

# District Court Judge Jennifer Elliott orders video of family court case to be removed.

Clark County, Nevada

October 9, 2016

Yesterday, Veterans In Politics International, Inc. (VIPI) was served with a copy of a Court Order sealing case materials in a family court case on which we have been reporting, Saiter v. Saiter, case no. D-15-521372D.

We had recently posted a videotape of a hearing that took place on September 29, 2016 in the Saiter case. The video exposed the

disrespectful and obstructionist behavior of the husband's lawyer, Jennifer Abrams (click onto-Nevada Attomey attacks a Clark County Family Court Judge in Open Court).



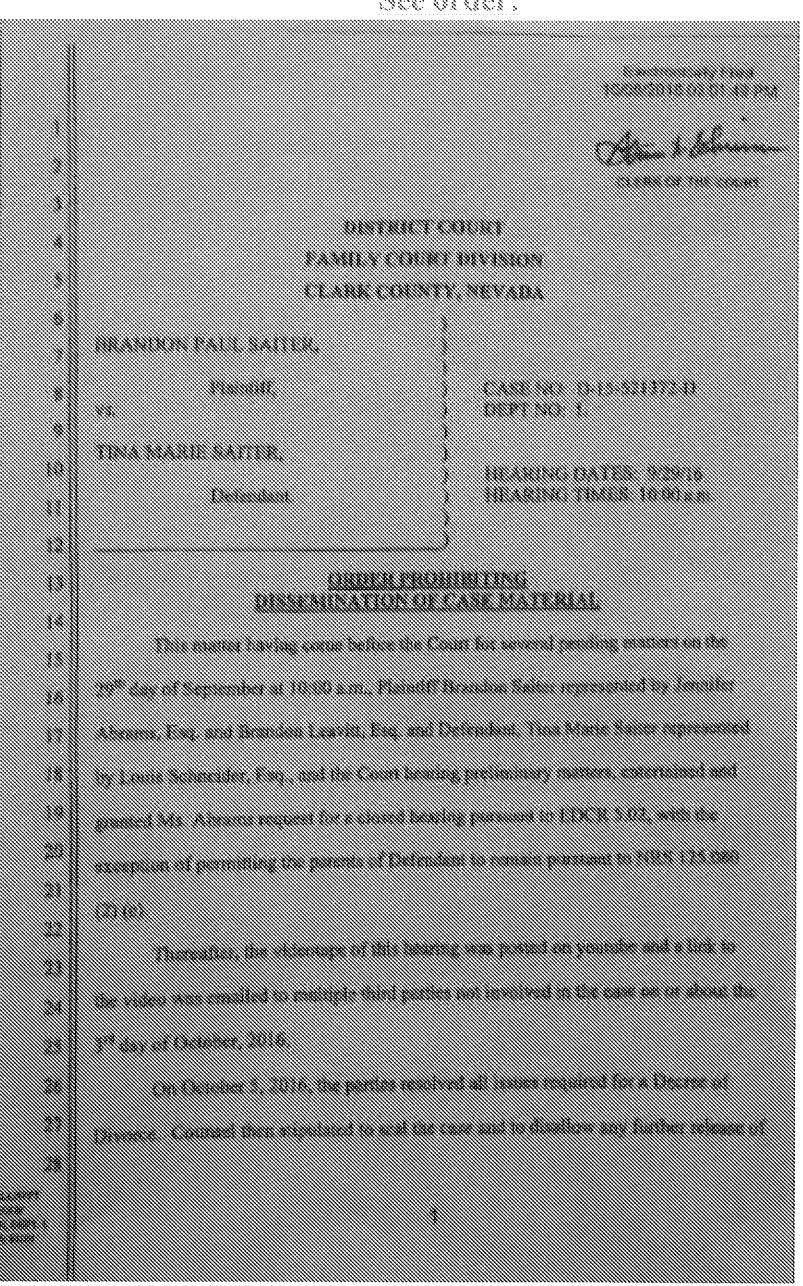
After our video posted, Abrams, seeking to stop us from showing the video, obtained a Court Order which stated that "the current post of the September 29, 2016 hearing video, and any and all other hearing video(s) from this case shall be immediately removed from the internet." The Order does not name VIPI but states that it pertains to "all persons or entities."

While we disagree that there is anything private in the video, we are abiding by it out of respect for the Court. The Order states that it is being issued "in the best interest of the four (4) children in the case," however, the focus of the video is the misbehavior of Abrams, not the children. Abrams is not a parent, child or a party in the case. Her embarrassing behavior before the judge has no bearing on the children.

This Order appears to just be an attempt by Abrams to hide her behavior from the rest of the legal community and the public.

We will, however, continue to work on behalf of our community to keep our courts and those working within them, accountable for their actions.

# See order:



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## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS and THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

Appellant,

VS.

LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC; STEVE W. SANSON; VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC;

Respondent.

SC NO: DC NO:

Electronically Filed Oct 15 2018 09:43 a.m.

Clerk of Supreme Court

APPELLANT'S INDEX TO APPENDIX -DATE ORDER

**VOLUME I** 

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## APPENDIX INDEX

#	DOCUMENT	FILE STAMP DATE	PAGES
	Volume I		
1.	Complaint for Damages	1/9/2017	JVA00001 - JVA000080
2.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00081
3.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00082
4.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00083
5.	Declaration of Service	1/25/2017	JVA00084
6.	Amended Complaint for Damages	1/27/2017	JVA000085- JVA000164
7.	Defendant Louis Schneider's and Law Offices of Louis Schneider's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5)	1/30/2017	JVA000165 - JVA000177
8.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000178
9.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000179
10.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000180
11.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000181
12.	Opposition to "Defendant Louis Schneider's and Law Offices of Louis Schneider's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5)" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	2/14/2017	JVA000182 - JVA000204
	Volume II		
13.	Notice of Motion to Dismiss; Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support Thereof	2/16/2017	JVA000205 - JVA000265
14.	Motion to Strike	2/16/2017	JVA000266 - JVA000273

15.	Opposition to "Defendants Steve Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc's Motion to Dismiss" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000274 - JVA000315
16.	Opposition to "Motion to Strike" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000317 - JVA000330
17.	Errata to Opposition to "Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc's Motion to Dismiss" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000331 - JVA000336
18.	Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Slapp Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	3/28/2017	JVA000337 - JVA000367
19.	Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	3/28/2017	JVA000368 - JVA000405
	Volume III		
20.	Declaration of Steve Sanson in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss	3/28/2017	JVA000406 - JVA000469
21.	Declaration of Margaret A. McLetchie in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss	3/28/2017	JVA000470 - JVA000538
	Volume IV		
22.	Exhibit 13 to Declaration of Margaret A. McLetchie in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss - Sealed	3/28/2017	JVA000539 - JVA000655

	Volume V		
23.	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Opposition To: 1. Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Slapp Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; 2. Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and 3. Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Under Nevada's Anti Slapp Statute, NRS 41.660	4/28/2017	JVA000656 - JVA000804
24.	Defendants' Steve W. Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc.'s Request to Unseal Exhibit 13 to Their Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	5/26/2017	JVA000805 - JVA000808
25.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Strike and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/30/2017	JVA000809 - JVA000817
26.	VIPI Defendants' Omnibus Reply to: (1) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Special motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and (2) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and Countermotion for Attorneys' Fees	5/30/2017	JVA000818 - JVA000859
27.	Louis Schneiders Defendants' Joinder to Defendant Steve W. Sanson and VIPI Defendant's Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Strike and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	6/1/2017	JVA000860 - JVA000862

28.	Plaintiffs' Supplement to Their Omnibus Opposition to: 1. Schneider Defedants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; 2. Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and 3. Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Under Nevada's Anti Slapp Statute, NRS 41.660	6/6/2017	JVA000863 - JVA000866
29.	VIPI Defendants' Supplement to VIPI Defendants' Omnibus Reply to: (1) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Special motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and (2) Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Dismiss and Countermotion for Attorneys' Fees	6/9/2017	JVA000867 - JVA000883
	Volume VI		
30.	Transcript Re: All Pending Motions	7/5/2017	JVA000884 - JVA000950
31.	[Proposed] Order Granting VIPI Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	7/24/2017	JVA000951 - JVA000970
32.	Notice of Entry of Order	7/24/2017	JVA000971 - JVA000994
33.	Notice of Appeal	8/21/2017	JVA000995 - JVA000998
34.	Case Appeal Statement	8/21/2017	JVA000999 - JVA001004
35.	Schneider Defendants' Motion for Statutory Damages ad Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; and Motion for Sanction	9/12/2017	JVA001005 - JVA001013
36.	Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to NEV. Rev. Stat. 41.670	9/13/2017	JVA001014 - JVA001076

37.	Notice of Change of Hearing	9/13/2017	JVA001077
38.	Louis Schneider Defendants' Joinder to Defendant Steve W. Sanson and VIPI Defendants' Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	9/15/2017	JVA001078 - JVA001080
39.	Corrected Motion for Attorney Fees ad Costs and Additional Awards Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	10/5/2017	JVA001081 - JVA001143
	Volume VII		
40.	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Sanctions	10/27/2017	JVA001144 - JVA001259
41.	Reply to Plaintiff's Opposition to an Award of Attorney's fees, Costs, and Statutory Sanctions	1/24/2018	JVA001260 - JVA001265
42.	Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	1/24/2018	JVA001266 - JVA001370
43.	Affidavit of Counsel Cal J. Potter, IV. Esq.	1/26/2018	JVA001371 - JVA001383
44.	Opposition to Motion to Disqualify	1/31/2018	JVA001384 - JVA001393
	Volume VIII		
45.	Affidavit of Judge Michelle Leavitt in Response to Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program Or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/2/2018	JVA001394 - JVA001397
46.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	2/5/2018	JVA001398 - JVA001451

47.	Court Minutes	2/7/2018	JVA001452
48.	Joinder to Louis Schneider's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/7/2018	JVA001453 - JVA001469
49.	Reply to Oppositions to Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/23/2018	JVA001471 - JVA001539
50.	Court Minutes	3/2/2018	JVA001540
51.	Notice of Department Reassignment	3/5/2018	JVA001541
52.	Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify	3/12/2018	JVA001542 - JVA001617
53.	Joinder in Motion for Reconsideration	3/13/2018	JVA001618 - JVA001620
54.	Opposition to "Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify" and Countermotion and Attorney's Fees	3/26/2018	JVA001621 - JVA001632
	Volume IX		
55.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to "Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify" and Countermotion and Attorney's Fees	4/10/2018	JVA001633 - JVA001663
56.	Notice of Hearing	4/18/2018	JVA001664 - JVA001665
57.	Court Minutes	4/20/2018	JVA001666 - JVA001667

	,		
58.	Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order	4/20/2018	JVA001668 - JVA001673
59.	Court Minutes	4/23/2018	JVA001674
60.	Order Granting Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	4/24/2018	JVA001675 - JVA001683
61.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	4/24/2018	JVA001684 - JVA001695
62.	Notice of Appeal	5/7/2018	JVA001696 - JVA001698
63.	Opposition to "Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/7/2018	JVA001699 - JVA001707
64.	Errata to Opposition to "Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/8/2018	JVA001708 - JVA001712
65.	Case Appeal Statement	5/9/2018	JVA001713 - JVA001717
66.	Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order and Opposition to Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/18/2018	JVA001718 - JVA001731
67.	Court Minutes	5/25/2018	JVA001732
68.	Order	7/2/2018	JVA001733 - JVA001735

69.	Notice of Entry of Order	8/1/2018	JVA001736 - JVA001741
70.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001742
71.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001743
72.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001744
73.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001745
74.	Declaration of Due Diligence	1/25/2017	JVA001746 - JVA001747
75.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001748
76.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001749
77.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001750
78.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001751
79.	Declaration of Service	2/10/2017	JVA001752
80.	Declaration of Service	3/29/2017	JVA001753
81.	Stipulation and Order to Dismiss with Prejudice All Claims Against Hanusa Parties	10/13/2017	JVA001754 - JVA001756
82.	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss with Prejudice All Claims Against Hanusa Parties	10/16/2017	JVA001757 - JVA001762

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#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

JENNIFER V. ABRAMS AND THE ABRAMS & MAYO LAW FIRM,

Appellant,

VS.

STEVE W. SANSON; VETERANS IN POLITICS INTERNATIONAL, INC; LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER; AND LAW OFFICES OF LOUIS C. SCHNEIDER, LLC;

Respondent.

SC NO: 73838/75834 DC NO: A-17-749318-C

APPELLANTS'
INDEX TO
APPENDIX ALPHABETICAL
ORDER

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# APPENDIX INDEX

EXHIBIT	DOCUMENT	FILE STAMP DATE	PAGES
43.	Affidavit of Counsel Cal J. Potter, IV. Esq.	1/26/2018	JVA001371 - JVA001383
45.	Affidavit of Judge Michelle Leavitt in Response to Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program Or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/2/2018	JVA001394 - JVA001397
6.	Amended Complaint for Damages	1/27/2017	JVA000086- JVA000164
34.	Case Appeal Statement	8/21/2017	JVA000999 - JVA001004
65.	Case Appeal Statement	5/9/2018	JVA001713 - JVA001717
1.	Complaint for Damages	1/9/2017	JVA000001 - JVA000080
39.	Corrected Motion for Attorney Fees ad Costs and Additional Awards Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	10/5/2017	JVA001081 - JVA001143
47.	Court Minutes	2/7/2018	JVA001452
50.	Court Minutes	3/2/2018	JVA001540
57.	Court Minutes	4/20/2018	JVA001666 - JVA001667
59.	Court Minutes	4/23/2018	JVA001674
67.	Court Minutes	5/25/2018	JVA001732

74.	Declaration of Due Diligence	1/25/2017	JVA001746 - JVA001747
21.	Declaration of Margaret A. McLetchie in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss	3/28/2017	JVA000470 - JVA000538
2.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00082
3.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00083
4.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA00084
70.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001742
71.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001743
72.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001744
73.	Declaration of Service	1/13/2017	JVA001745
5.	Declaration of Service	1/25/2017	JVA00085
8.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000178
9.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000179
10.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000180
11.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA000181
75.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001748
76.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001749
77.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001750
78.	Declaration of Service	2/8/2017	JVA001751
79.	Declaration of Service	2/10/2017	JVA001752
80.	Declaration of Service	3/29/2017	JVA001753
20.	Declaration of Steve Sanson in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss	3/28/2017	JVA000406 - JVA000469

7.	Defendant Louis Schneider's and Law Offices of Louis Schneider's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5)	1/30/2017	JVA000165 - JVA000177
24.	Defendants' Steve W. Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc.'s Request to Unseal Exhibit 13 to Their Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	5/26/2017	JVA000805 - JVA000808
17.	Errata to Opposition to "Defendants Steve W. Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc's Motion to Dismiss" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000331 - JVA000336
64.	Errata to Opposition to "Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/8/2018	JVA001708 - JVA001712
22.	Exhibit 13 to Declaration of Margaret A. McLetchie in Support of Special Anti-Slapp Motion to Dismiss - Sealed	3/28/2017	JVA000539 - JVA000655
48.	Joinder to Louis Schneider's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	2/7/2018	JVA001453 - JVA001469
53.	Joinder in Motion for Reconsideration	3/13/2018	JVA001618 - JVA001620
38.	Louis Schneider Defendants' Joinder to Defendant Steve W. Sanson and VIPI Defendants' Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.670	9/15/2017	JVA001078 - JVA001080

27.	Louis Schneider Defendants' Joinder to Defendant Steve W. Sanson and VIPI Defendants'Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Motion to Strike and Opposition to Plaintiffs' Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	6/1/2017	JVA000860 - JVA000862
36.	Motion for Attorney Fees and Costs Pursuant to NEV. Rev. Stat. 41.670	9/13/2017	JVA001014 - JVA001076
42.	Motion to Disqualify Eighth Judicial District Court Elected Judiciary, and for Permanent Assignment to the Senior Judge Program or, Alternatively, to a District Court Judge Outside of Clark County	1/24/2018	JVA001266 - JVA001370
58.	Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order	4/20/2018	JVA001668 - JVA001673
52.	Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order Granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify	3/12/2018	JVA001542 - JVA001617
14.	Motion to Strike	2/16/2017	JVA000266 - JVA000273
33.	Notice of Appeal	8/21/2017	JVA000995 - JVA000998
62.	Notice of Appeal	5/7/2018	JVA001696 - JVA001698
37.	Notice of Change of Hearing	9/13/2017	JVA001077
51.	Notice of Department Reassignment	3/5/2018	JVA001541
32.	Notice of Entry of Order	7/24/2017	JVA000971 - JVA000994
69.	Notice of Entry of Order	8/1/2018	JVA001736 - JVA001741

61.	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	4/24/2018	JVA001684 - JVA001695
82.	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order to Dismiss with Prejudice All Claims Against Hanusa Parties	10/16/2017	JVA001757 - JVA001762
56.	Notice of Hearing	4/18/2018	JVA001664 - JVA001665
16.	Notice of Motion to Dismiss; Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support Thereof	2/16/2017	JVA000205 - JVA000265
68.	Order	7/2/2018	JVA001733 - JVA001735
60.	Order Granting Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670	4/24/2018	JVA001675 - JVA001683
12.	Opposition to "Defendant Louis Schneider's and Law Offices of Louis Schneider's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint Pursuant to NRCP 12(b)(5)" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	2/14/2017	JVA000182 - JVA000204
15.	Opposition to "Defendants Steve Sanson and Veterans in Politics International, Inc's Motion to Dismiss" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000274 - JVA000315
44.	Opposition to Motion to Disqualify	1/31/2018	JVA001384 - JVA001393
54.	Opposition to "Motion to Reassign Case to Judge Michelle Leavitt and Request for Written Decision and Order" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	5/7/2018	JVA001699 - JVA001707

43.	Opposition to "Motion to Reconsider March 2, 2018 Minute Order granting Plaintiffs' Motion to Disqualify" and Countermotion and Attorney's Fees	3/26/2018	JVA001621 - JVA001632
16.	Opposition to "Motion to Strike" and Countermotion for Attorney's Fees	3/6/2017	JVA000317 - JVA000330
23.	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Opposition To: 1. Schneider Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Slapp Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and Request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; 2. Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and 3. Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Under Nevada's Anti Slapp Statute, NRS 41.660	4/28/2017	JVA000656 - JVA000804
40.	Plaintiffs' Omnibus Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Sanctions	10/27/2017	JVA001144 - JVA001259
28.	Plaintiffs' Supplement to Their Omnibus Opposition to: 1. Schneider Defedants' Special Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' SLAPP Suit Pursuant to NRS 41.660 and request for Attorney's Fees, Costs, and Damages Pursuant to NRS 41.670; 2. Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. § 41.660 (Anti-Slapp); and 3. Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Under Nevada's Anti Slapp Statute, NRS 41.660	6/6/2017	JVA000863 - JVA000866
31.	[Proposed] Order Granting VIPI Defendants' Special Motion to Dismiss Pursuant to Nev. Rev. Stat. 41.660 (Anti-Slapp)	7/24/2017	JVA000951 - JVA000970