

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

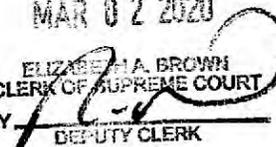
YOAV EGOSI,
Appellant,
vs.
PATRICIA EGOSI, N/K/A PATRICIA
LEE WOODS,
Respondent.

No. 76144

FILED

MAR 02 2020

ELIZABETH A. BROWN
CLERK OF SUPREME COURT

BY  DEPUTY CLERK

ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL IN PART

This is an appeal from a district court order denying a motion to relocate and from an order validating a prenuptial agreement in part. Eighth Judicial District Court, Family Court Division, Clark County; Bryce C. Duckworth, Judge.

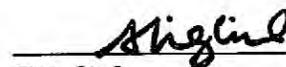
This court previously ordered appellant to show cause why this appeal should not be dismissed in part for lack of jurisdiction. It appeared that the district court had not yet entered a final judgment in the divorce proceedings. *Lee v. GNLV Corp.*, 116 Nev. 424, 996 P.2d 416, 417 (2000) (defining a final judgment); *Valley Bank of Nev. v. Ginsburg*, 110 Nev. 440, 445, 874 P.2d 729, 733 (1994) (explaining that “a final, appealable judgment is one that disposes of the issues presented in the case . . . and leaves nothing for the future consideration of the court” (internal quotation marks omitted)).

In response, appellant contends that the district court’s September 4, 2018, order validating a prenuptial agreement in part served as the district court’s final decision on that issue and that the district court intended the order to be final. Respondent argues that this court lacks jurisdiction over the September 4 order because it is not a final judgment. We agree.

Regardless of whether the district court had finally resolved the issue of the validity of the prenuptial agreement, many issues remain pending in the divorce proceeding. As such, the September 4 order could not be a final judgment. Further, appellant acknowledged that his request to have the September 4 order certified as final under NRCP 54(b) was denied. It does not appear that any other statute or court rule authorizes the appeal from the September 4 order. *See Brown v. MHC Stagecoach, LLC*, 129 Nev. 343, 345, 301 P.3d 850, 851 (2013) (this court “may only consider appeal authorized by statute or court rule”). Thus, because the September 4 order is not a final judgment, this court lacks jurisdiction over the appeal from that order. Accordingly, we

ORDER this appeal DISMISSED in part.¹


_____, J.
Gibbons


_____, J.
Stiglich


_____, J.
Silver

cc: Hon. Bryce C. Duckworth, District Judge, Family Court Division
Carolyn Worrell, Settlement Judge
Alex B. Ghibaudo, PC.
McFarling Law Group
Eighth District Court Clerk

¹This appeal may proceed as to the appeal from the September 7, 2018, order denying the motion to relocate with the minor child.