## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

A CAB, LLC; AND A CAB SERIES,	) Supreme Court No. 77050
LLC,	) Electronically Filed
Appellants,	Aug 05 2020 04:56 p.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court
V.	)
	)
MICHAEL MURRAY; AND	)
MICHAEL RENO, INDIVIDUALLY	)
AND ON BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS	)
SIMILARLY SITUATED,	)
	)
Respondents.	)
	)

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## APPENDIX TO APPELLANTS OPENING BRIEF VOLUME XXIX of LII

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Appeal from the Eighth Judicial District Court Case No. A-12-669926-C

HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, PLLC

Michael K. Wall (2098) Peccole Professional Park 10080 Alta Drive, Suite 200 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorney for Appellants

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11	Plaintiffs' Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Strike First Amended Complaint and Counter-Motion for a Default Judgment or Sanctions Pursuant to EDCR 7.60(b), filed 04/11/2013	II	AA000202- AA000231
24	Plaintiffs' Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Second Claim for Relief, filed 08/28/2015	IV	AA000651- AA000668
23	Plaintiffs' Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Declaratory Order Regarding Statue of Limitations, filed 08/28/2015	IV	AA000600- AA000650
172	Plaintiffs' Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion for Dismissal of Claims on an Order Shortening Time, filed 10/17/2018	XLVI	AA009289- AA009297
8	Plaintiffs' Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion Seeking Reconsideration of the Court's February 8, 2013 Order Denying Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, filed 03/18/2013	I	AA000181- AA000187
154	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution on an OST and Counter-Motion for Appropriate Judgment Enforcement Relief, filed 09/24/2018	XLIV	AA008919- AA008994
109	Plaintiffs' Response to Defendants' Motion in Limine to Exclude Expert Testimony, filed 01/12/2018	XXX, XXXI	AA006002- AA006117
184	Plaintiffs' Response to Special Master's	XLVII	AA009665-

	Motion for an Order for Payment of Fees and Contempt, filed 11/26/2018		AA009667
115	Plaintiffs' Supplement in Connection with Appointment of Special Master, filed 01/31/2018		AA006239- AA006331
144	Plaintiffs' Supplement in Reply and In Support of Entry of Final Judgment Per Hearing Held June 5, 2018, filed 07/13/2018	XLI, XLII	AA008416- AA008505
146	Plaintiffs' Supplement in Reply to Defendants' Supplement Dated July 18, 2018, filed 08/03/2018	XLII	AA008576- AA008675
107	Plaintiffs' Supplement in Support of Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, filed 01/09/2018	XXX	AA005833- AA005966
75	Plaintiffs' Supplement to Plaintiffs' Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, filed 02/23/2017	XX	AA003847- AA003888
156	Plaintiffs' Supplemental Response to Defendants' Ex-Parte Motion to Quash Writ of Execution on an OSt, filed 09/27/2018	XLIV	AA009009- AA009029
46	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration, filed 03/24/2016	VII, VIII	AA001237- AA001416
170	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Reconsideration, Amendment, for New Trial, and for Dismissal of Claims, filed 10/16/2018	XLV	AA009272- AA009277
58	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings Pursuant to NRCP 12(c) with Respect to All Claims for Damages Outside the Two-Year Statue of Limitation and Opposition to Counter Motion for Toll of Statue of Limitations and for an Evidentiary Hearing, filed 12/28/2016	XI	AA002179- AA002189

111	Reply in Support of Defendants' Motion in Limine to Exclude the Testimony of Plaintiffs' Experts, filed 01/19/2018	XXXI	AA006180- AA001695
178	Resolution Economics' Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Motion for Contempt, filed 11/05/2018	XLVII	AA009553- AA009578
187	Resolution Economics' Reply to Defendants' Opposition and Plaintiffs' Response to its Application for an Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Motion for Contempt, filed 12/03/2018	XLVII	AA009690- AA009696
100	Response in Opposition to Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment, filed 12/14/2017	XXVII, XXVIII	AA005372- AA005450
31	Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' First Claim for Relief, filed 09/28/2015	V	AA000807- AA000862
3	Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, filed 12/06/2012	I	AA000016- AA000059
33	Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss and for Summary Judgment Against Plaintiff Michael Murray, filed 10/08/2015	V	AA000870- AA000880
34	Response in Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Dismiss and for Summary Judgment Against Plaintiff Michael Reno, filed 10/08/2015	V	AA000881- AA000911
212	Second Amended Notice of Appeal, filed 03/06/2019	L	AA010285- AA010288
22	Second Amended Supplemental Complaint, filed 08/19/2015	III	AA000582- AA000599
130	Second Supplemental Declaration of Class Counsel, Leon Greenberg, Esq., filed	XXXIV	AA007015- AA007064

	05/18/2018		
213	Special Master Resolution Economics' Opposition to Defendants Motion for Reconsideration of Judgment and Order Granting Resolution Economics Application for Order of Payment of Special Master's Fees and Order of Contempt, filed 03/28/2019	LI	AA010289- AA010378
78	Supplement to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, filed 05/24/2017	XXI	AA004024- AA004048
79	Supplement to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion to Bifurcate Issue of Liability of Defendant Creighton J. Nady From Liability of Corporate Defendants or Alternative Relief, filed 05/31/2017	XXI	AA004049- AA004142
72	Supplement to Order For Injunction Filed on February 16, 2017, filed 02/17/2017	XIX	AA003777- AA003780
129	Supplemental Declaration of Class Counsel, Leon Greenberg, Esq., filed 05/16/2018	XXXIV	AA006981- AA007014
38	Transcript of Proceedings, November 3, 2015	VI	AA001002- AA001170
66	Transcript of Proceedings, February 8, 2017	XVII	AA003549- AA003567
70	Transcript of Proceedings, February 14, 2017	XIX	AA003755- AA003774
77	Transcript of Proceedings, May 18, 2017	XX, XXI	AA003893- AA004023
83	Transcript of Proceedings, June 13, 2017	XXII	AA004223- AA004244
101	Transcript of Proceedings, December 14, 2017	XXVIII	AA005451- AA005509

105	Transcript of Proceedings, January 2, 2018	XXIV	AA005720- AA005782
114	Transcript of Proceedings, January 25, 2018	XXXI	AA006203- AA006238
117	Transcript of Proceedings, February 2, 2018	XXXII	AA006335- AA006355
122	Transcript of Proceedings, February 15, 2018	XXXII, XXXIII	AA006427- AA006457
137	Transcript of Proceedings, filed July 12, 2018	XXXVI, XXXVII	AA007385- AA007456
215	Transcript of Proceedings, September 26, 2018	LI	AA010385- AA010452
216	Transcript of Proceedings, September 28, 2018	LI, LII	AA010453- AA010519
175	Transcript of Proceedings, October 22, 2018	XLVI	AA009304- AA009400
189	Transcript of Proceedings, December 4, 2018	XLVIII	AA009701- AA009782
190	Transcript of Proceedings, December 11, 2018	XLVIII	AA009783- AA009800
192	Transcript of Proceedings, December 13, 2018	XLVIII	AA009813- AA009864

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that I am an employee of HUTCHISON & STEFFEN, LLC and that

#### on this date APPENDIX TO APPELLANTS OPENING BRIEF VOLUME

XXIX of LII was filed electronically with the Clerk of the Nevada Supreme

Court, and therefore electronic service was made in accordance with the master

service list as follows:

Leon Greenberg, Esq.
Dana Sniegocki, Esq.
Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
2965 S. Jones Blvd., Ste. E3
Las Vegas, NV 89146
Telephone: (702) 383-6085

Facsimile: (702) 385-1827

leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com

Dana@overtimelaw.com

Attorneys for Respondents

DATED this 5<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2020.

/s/ Kaylee Conradi

An employee of Hutchison & Steffen, PLLC

policy was enforced, how it was enforced, records if any that were kept of its enforcement or violations of that policy, when that policy was first implemented, why it was implemented and the person(s) making the decision to implement such policy. Such testimony will include whether that policy was ever relaxed or modified during work shifts where drivers had a strong enough demand for passenger rides that they would, if they fulfilled that demand, not have the time to take the full amount of mandatory breaks during the shift set forth in that policy.

- How defendant enforced any policies requiring taxi drivers to monitor 5. their radio or respond to radio or cell phone calls. Such testimony will include whether taxi drivers were required by defendant to monitor their two way radio while on lunch breaks or other breaks, how they were expected by defendant to monitor those two way radios, and whether taxi drivers were required to remain in or at their taxi cabs during break periods so they could hear and monitor their two way radios. Such testimony will include how defendant enforced the policy set forth at A Cab Bates 00651 about defendant considering periods of time that taxi drivers could not be reached by radio or cell phone as "personal time," what periods of time that policy was enforced, records of its enforcement, why that policy was implemented, who decided to implement, and if it was not implemented or used why no written communication was issued about defendant's decision to not implement or use that policy and why defendant's employee handbook was not updated to remove that policy.
- 6. The means by which defendant determined if a taxi driver employee was maintaining "an average or above productivity rate" as specified in Bates A Cab 00635 including what defendant did if a taxi driver did not meet

that standard and how defendant made the determination as to whether that standard was, or was not, met.

- 7. Defendant's break time policies in respect to what drivers were required to do or refrain from doing during their break times, including but not limited to whether they were required to or allowed to park and get out of their taxi cabs and required to interrupt, or prohibited from interrupting, their breaks by accepting customers, and whether they were required to be available for customer assignments by radio calls or cell phones during their break times.
- 8. All safety meetings taxi drivers required to attend as specified at defendant's document A Cab Bates 00625 including the frequency and length of such meetings and if compensation was ever paid by defendant to taxi drivers for attending such meetings and if so in what amounts and how that compensation was calculated and the records kept of the attendance at all safety meetings and the payment of any compensation for attending such meetings. Such testimony will include what actions defendant took or did not take in response to taxi drivers failing to attend safety meetings.
- 9. All systems used by defendant, including computer systems, to keep track of the hours worked by their taxi drivers and/or their compensation paid.
- 10. All records maintained by the defendant of the hours worked during each pay period by each of defendant's taxi driver employees and the compensation they were paid and/or earned or were reported as earning

for tax purposes. This will include testimony on how and why amounts of time were recorded in defendants' Quickbooks system as a "Quantity" denominated under the item "Minimum Wage Subsidy" including how those amounts were recorded in decimal form, why they took the decimal form recorded in those records, the identities of all persons who entered or had recorded that decimal form information in Quickbooks, where such information was gathered from, and the defendants' processes for gathering such information and recording the same.

- 11. All records maintained by the defendant of the hours worked during each workday by each of defendant's taxi driver employees. This includes all records of the break time that taxi drivers employed by defendant took during their work shifts.
- 12. All computer systems and software used by defendant that recorded the activities of their taxi cabs and taxi drivers, including whether such computer systems and software created records of the dates and times that taxi cabs and their drivers were engaged in any specific activities, and if so, what records of such activities were created and whether such records still exist and if they do so exist for what time frame. This includes all computer records that indicate or record that a taxi driver did work on a particular day, such as a record of a "shift" of taxi driving being performed by a particular driver on a particular day, even if such computer records sets forth no record of the amount of time such taxi driver was working on that day.
- 13. All written statements defendant has given to each of its taxi driver employees since June 1, 2007 advising the taxi driver employees of the

minimum hourly wage set forth in Nevada's Constitution. Such testimony will include when those written statements were given, their contents, how they were distributed including if they (it) were (was) posted in one or more locations for an intended viewing by such taxi driver employees collectively or if given to each taxi driver employee individually in writing.

14. All efforts defendant has made to ascertain what obligations it has under the law to maintain records of the hours worked by its employees, including but not limited to its taxi driver employees, and including the form of such records. This shall include all communications it had with legal counsel about such topic both prior to and after the commencement of this litigation and all changes, if any, it has made to its keeping of such records since the commencement of this lawsuit. This shall include defendant's understanding of what records it was legally obligated, under state and federal law, to keep of the total hours worked by its employees during each pay period and when it obtained such understanding (or if it has had different understandings of that obligation when it obtained each such understanding).

Defendant's knowledge of the minimum wage requirements of the Fair 15. Labor Standards Act prior to the commencement of this lawsuit and all efforts, if any, that it has made prior to and after the commencement of this lawsuit to comply with the same. Such testimony is to include all records, procedures or policies defendant has implemented, used, or relied upon any time in an attempt to monitor or ensure its compliance with those requirements.

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Defendant's communications with the United States Department of Labor. Such testimony shall include all information about meetings and communications with that office and all parties who were present at all such meetings and a party to such communications and what was said by each such person involved with or present at such meetings and communications. Such testimony shall include all information defendant possesses about what documents or other information or things were provided by defendants to, or made available for review by, the United States Department of Labor in connection with all of that office's investigations and audits of defendant. Such testimony shall include all information defendant possesses or has under its, or its agents including its attorneys, custody and control about all actions that were taken by defendant in response to communications by the United States Department of Labor or information provided by the United States Department of Labor. Such testimony will include all facts bearing on the defendants' preservation, loss of, previous possession of, preparation of, and efforts since this litigation was commenced to locate a copy of the Excel file prepared in response to that agency's investigation, such Excel file (the "final Excel file") being testified about by defendant Nady at his deposition held on August 18, 2015. Such testimony will include the identity of all persons who participated in the preparation of such final Excel file and/or designed and/or oversaw the collection and input of information that was gathered for that final Excel file, all details of how it was prepared, and whether that final Excel file was prepared from separate Excel files and the existence, location and preservation of those separate Excel files. Such testimony will include testimony on the existence of any prior, draft or less than fully complete prior versions of the final Excel file or other Excel files that

were used to construct that final Excel file that ever existed, whether that final Excel file or any prior drafts or separate Excel files that were assembled into that final Excel file were preserved, and the identity and location of all computer hard drives where any copies of either that final Excel file and/or other Excel files used to construct that final Excel file or any portion or prior versions of either were stored, including whether any such files were stored on a computer server. Such testimony will include testimony on defendant's data preservation policies and why such final Excel file and/or other Excel files used to construct that final Excel file or any portion or prior versions of such files cannot be located in any data archive or backup of any computer hard drives that were or are maintained by defendants and all of defendants' efforts to locate the same in such archives or backups. Such testimony will include the identity of all persons ever having possession of such final Excel file and/or other Excel files used to construct that final Excel file and when defendants (which includes all of their agents and employees) last saw or had possession of such Excel files, where that was and the persons who did so. Such testimony will include all circumstances surrounding the supposed "loss" of such file(s). Such testimony will include all that is known about the contents of such file(s) and any communications made by defendants to other persons (including counsel for the defendants) about such contents.

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17. The health insurance benefits, if any, defendant's taxi driver employees were eligible to participate in by virtue of their status as employees of the defendant. Such information shall include:

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(A) The amounts taxi drivers had to pay to secure coverage, including the differing amounts, if any, required for them to secure coverage just for themselves, for just themselves and their spouse, for themselves and their dependent children, and for themselves, their spouse, and their dependent children (the latter being "family coverage");

(B) All qualifications that the defendant's taxi drivers had to fulfill to be eligible to participate in the health insurance plan(s) made available by defendant. This would include any waiting period after the commencement of their first day of employment for them to be eligible to receive such insurance or any requirement that they continue to work a minimum number of shifts or hours in any month or other specified period. This would include the amounts defendant's taxi drivers had to pay to continue to receive such insurance, after they had started receiving such insurance, if they failed to meet a minimum number of shifts or hours of work requirement.

(C) The nature of the health insurance provided, including the coverage limitations (if any) expressed in dollars and whether such insurance provided coverage for hospital costs, physician costs, and surgical costs, and the amounts (percentages and dollar amounts) of all deductibles and copayments required by taxi driver employees participating in such health insurance.

- 18. Defendant's awareness of this Court's Order entered on February 11, 2013 and such Order's finding that defendant's taxi driver employees must be paid the minimum wage specified in Nevada's Constitution. Such testimony will include:
  - (a) When defendant first became aware of such Order;
  - (b) What modifications, if any, defendant made to how it paid its taxi driver employees after it became aware of that Order; the date it implemented all such modifications; why it made such modifications, and why it made such modifications on the date(s) it elected to do so and not on earlier date(s);
  - (c) Whether defendant was aware its method of compliance with the minimum wage requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act, under which it included amounts received by its taxi drivers as tips towards such minimum wage requirements (its use of a "tip credit"), was not permitted for purposes of its compliance with the minimum wage requirements of the Nevada Constitution. Such testimony will include when it first became aware of the same and why, after becoming aware of the same, it did not, for any time period after February 11, 2013, fully comply with the minimum wage requirements of the Nevada Constitution and pay its taxi drivers the minimum hourly wage required by Nevada's Constitution not reduced by any "tip credit." Such testimony will also include the identity of the person who made such decision for the defendant to not comply with the

Nevada Constitution and the reasons why they made that decision. Such testimony will include why defendant, if it is now aware it did not comply with the minimum wage requirements of Nevada's Constitution after February 11, 2013 for its taxi drivers, has not made payments to the affected taxi drivers for the amounts of unpaid minimum wages they are owed.

(d) All procedures defendant currently uses, and has used since February 11, 2013, to ensure it pays its taxi driver employees the minimum wage required by Nevada's Constitution. This includes how defendant has determined what minimum wage rate it is required to pay under the Nevada Constitution to its taxi driver employees including the minimum wage rate it is currently paying those taxi driver employees, and if it has determined that rate is not the same for all of its employees how it has made that determination. Such testimony will include how defendant has determined, and currently determines, whether a taxi driver can properly be paid the minimum wage rate applicable to employees for whom "health benefits" are provided (currently a \$7.25 an hour rate) instead of the minimum wage rate applicable to employees for whom no "health benefits" (currently an \$8.25 an hour rate) are provided. If defendant makes no such determination, and instead only assures all employees of a minimum wage equal to the "health benefits" rate (currently \$7.25 an hour) it shall so state.

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19. The identity, name and address, and job title and job responsibilities of every person who was employed by defendant A-Cab after July 1, 2007 and who (1) Is not currently employed by defendants and (2) As part of their job for A-Cab (such job not being as a taxi driver) were involved in supervising or managing taxi drivers and/or preparing payroll for taxi drivers and/or reviewing, recording or maintaining any records of the hours worked by taxi drivers.

20. All persons and entities, including defendants' counsel and agents, that have ever had possession of the Excel spreadsheet file created by defendant A-Cab and discussed at pages 228 to 239 of defendant Nady's deposition of August 18, 2015. Defendant A-Cab shall also advise of the location of all computer hard drives where that Excel spreadsheet file has ever been placed on and the location of such computer hard drives. Defendant A-Cab shall also testify as to all efforts it has made to locate that Excel file and produce it in this litigation.

All procedures defendant A-Cab uses to pay to taxi drivers tips that are charged by customers to credit cards including all records of such payments that are possessed by A-Cab.

In respect to the defendants' maintenance of copies of the trip sheets of class members, whether all or some of those trip sheets are already in the possession of the defendants

in the form of PDF files (scans of the original paper trip sheets). If any are so possessed in PDF form by the defendants testimony shall be given about to what extent they exist in that form, where and how they are maintained and organized in that form (including whether on a computer hard drive, a server, in an archived data form) and what defendants would have to do to provide a copy of all such PDF file(s) on a portable hard drive or other media. Defendants shall also testify about when it started maintaining those trip sheets in PDF form and for what period of time, if any, it currently only possesses in paper form either those original trip sheets or paper copies of such trip sheets.

23. In respect to the defendants' production of selected information from its Cab Manager software, including but not limited to its production of the computer file "DataExport 7-15-16.txt" it shall explain why for certain periods of time such information includes additional details, specifically why such produced information for certain taxi driver shifts includes a "Cab\_Start" time and a "Cab\_Finish" time but for other taxi driver shifts no such information has been provided. Such testimony will include all efforts made by defendants to produce Cab Manager information in this litigation, what they attempted to produce and how they attempted to produce it, and the contents of, and parties to, all communications about such production with any non-employees of

defendants who assisted defendants in providing such information. Such testimony will also include whether the defendants' Cab Manager stored information ever included a "Cab\_Start" time and a "Cab\_Finish" time for the taxi drivers' work shifts that defendants are now unable to produce such information for. Such testimony will also involve all uses of the Cab Manager stored information by the defendants including their use, if any, of such "Cab\_Start" time and a "Cab\_Finish" times.

In respect to defendant's attempts to comply with plaintiffs' seventh request for production of documents items 1 to 3, with plaintiffs' third set of interrogatories, items 3 to 5, and to provide information on the health insurance benefits (the term "health insurance benefits" means medical insurance benefit plans such as those offered to class members and described in Ex. "A" hereto, which is only an example applicable to the certain limited periods detailed therein) offered to class members ("the health insurance information"), defendant shall advise:

(1) Of the nature of all records maintained by the defendants that contain any of the information sought by class counsel in respect to the health insurance benefits offered by defendants to the class members. This would include, without limitation, the existence of originals or copies of all executed applications and contracts for health insurance and all documents (whether as part of

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those applications or contracts or otherwise) detailing the nature of the health insurance secured by defendants through such contracts and the cost that would be paid by each participant in such insurance depending on the level of insurance coverage they elected; records of enrollment of class members in such health insurance plans; records of payments made by defendants for such health insurance plans; records of when class members became eligible to participate in such health insurance plans including the notifications they were given about such eligibility; and all other records in the defendants' possession that contain information on the eligibility of the class members to participate in its health insurance benefits and/or such eligibility standards and/or the insurance premium that would have to be paid by the class members depending upon their participation in such insurance under single (employee coverage only), married (employee and spouse coverage) and dependent (employee and children or employee, spouse and children coverage) coverage status.

(2) In respect to the records identified in (1) immediately preceding, detail the nature of such records and how they are maintained, either in a computer file form or on paper, and their location and how they can be accessed; whether defendants maintain any record of class members' health insurance eligibility status in their computer system (in which event they must

specify how such information is recorded and can be accessed or retrieved) and how (including who is responsible for doing so) they keep track of that status and take steps to be sure they properly advise class members of that status.

(3) Defendants must identify the name and address of all agents or insurance brokers who have assisted them or been involved in providing them with, and/or in their application for, health insurance that class members were eligible to participate in. Defendants shall also testify about all communications they have had with such agents or brokers about providing the health insurance information to defendants, and all other efforts they made to gather such health insurance information, both prior to, and after, asserting in their answer to Interrogatory number 3 that it would be "unduly burdensome" to provide such information. Defendants shall also state what efforts they made to collect the information set forth in response to plaintiff's Interrogatories numbers 4 and 5, including who undertook those efforts and what they did to ascertain the information set forth in those interrogatory responses.

(4) In respect to the "Employee Health Plan" summaries discussed in the affidavit of Creighton J. Nady dated September 21, 2016, defendants shall explain how such documents have previously been kept by defendants;

where they have been kept in the past by defendants; and all efforts made to locate additional "Employee Health Plan Summaries" that such affidavit says cannot be located, including the identity of all persons undertaking those efforts and what those efforts consisted of, the dates such efforts were undertaken and the results of such efforts including all contacts and communications made with defendants' insurance broker(s) about obtaining copies of the same.

The witness(es) is to be produced on the 22th day of November, 2016 at the hour of 9:30 a.m. or another agreed date and time at the office of plaintiffs' counsel, address below, and will continue day to day until completed. Such witness(es) will be examined as to the foregoing and all facts and circumstances bearing upon any and all issues in this litigation. Such deposition shall be recorded by audio and/or video and/or stenographically.

Dated this 4th day of November, 2016.

Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation

By: /s/ Leon Greenberg

Nevada Bar No.: 8094
2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

(702) 383-6085

Attorney for Plaintiffs

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# EXHIBIT "K"

### DISTRICT COURT

### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO,	) Case No.: A-12-669926-C
Individually and on behalf of	) Dept. No.: I
Others similarly situated,	)
	)
Plaintiff,	)
vs	)
A CAB TAXI SERVICE LL, A CAB, LLC	)
And CREIGHTON J. NADY,	)
Defendants.	)
	_)

RECORDED DEPOSITION OF PMK A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC & A CAB,

CREIGHTON NADY

Taken on November 22, 2016

At 9:41 a.m.

Evolve Downtown

400 South 4th Street, Suite 300

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

1	APPEARAI	NCFS:		Page 2
			I FON COFFNOFDC FCO	
	FOI CHE	Plaintills.	LEON GREENBERG, ESQ.	
3			DANA SNIEGOCKI	
4			LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORA	ATION
5			2965 South Jones Blvd, Suite E3	
6			Las Vegas, Nevada 89146	
7				
8				
9				
10	For the	Defendants:	ESTHER RODRIGUEZ, ESQ.	
11			RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, PC	
12			10161 Park run Drive, Suite 150	
13			Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
14				
15			MICHAEL WALL, ESQ.	
16			HUTCHISON & STEFFEN	
17			10080 Alta Drive, Suite 200	
18			Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
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Page 44

- 1 Q: Well, I don't need you to guess,
- 2 sir. And I...
- 3 A: That would be a guess if I answered
- 4 that. So I shan't.
- 5 Q: I don't want to have you do that,
- 6 sir. I just want to be clear, Mr. Nady, because
- 7 we've been talking about this estimate to the amount
- 8 of time on average drivers drive each day that they
- 9 are working, and you gave me what you called an
- 10 estimate. I've also heard the term 'guess' used in
- 11 our discussion of that subject. Do you really have
- 12 an estimate you can give me, or do you think you
- 13 would just be guessing to give me an average amount
- 14 of time per shift that taxi drivers are working?
- 15 A: It would be a guess.
- 16 Q: Do you know if A Cab ever undertook
- 17 to conduct any study to determine what the average
- 18 amount of time was that drivers work per shift?
- 19 A: I think the DOL forced us to do
- 20 something like that.
- 21 Q: Do you remember what result was
- 22 obtained from that study?
- 23 A: It, too, would be a guess, but my
- 24 best recollection was about eight-and-a-quarter
- 25 hours.

Page 318 1 CERTIFICATE OF RECORDER STATE OF NEVADA COUNTY OF CLARK 4 NAME OF CASE: MICHAEL MURRAY VS A CAB TAXI SERVICE LL 5 I, Shaynelle McCalister, a duly commissioned Notary Public, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby 6 certify: That I recorded the taking of the deposition of the witness, Creighton Nady, commencing on 11/22/2016. 9 10 That prior to being examined the witness was duly sworn to testify to the truth. 11 12 I further certify that I am not a relative or 13 employee of an attorney or counsel of any of the 14 parties, nor a relative or employee of an attorney or 15 counsel involved in said action, nor a person financially interested in the action. 16 17 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my 18 hand in my office in the County of Clark, State of 19 Nevada, this 11/22/2016. Ealista 20 21 22 Shaynelle McCalister Notary 23 24 25

# EXHIBIT "L"

A Cab, LLC 1500 SEARLES AVE. LAS VEGAS, NV 89101 TEL. (702) 365-1900 FAX (702) 365-9994

EIN: 88-0470590

#### POINTS OF CONTACT

ESTHER C. RODRIGUEZ, Attorney at Law Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C. 10161 PARK RUN DR. #150 LAS VEGAS, NV 89145 TEL 702.320.8400 FAX 702.320.8401 Ex. 7 (c), Prodriguezlaw.com

LAURA L. ROBERTSON, Attorney at Law Squire Sanders (US) LLP 1 E. WASHINGTON ST., STE. 2700 PHOENIX, AZ 85004 TEL (602) 528-4137 / (602) 528-4000 FAX (602) 253-8129 laura.robertson@squiresanders.com

Ex. 4

### FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT NARRATIVE REPORT

#### **COVERAGE:**

Subject firm operates a taxi service company. Subject firm operates one (1) location in Las Vegas, Nevada. Firm does not own or operate any other businesses. Firm was incorporated in Nevada on 05/01/2001.

The owner and official in charge is Creighton J. Nady (100% owner & CEO) (Exb. C-1, 5). Firm's day to day business operations are run by Creighton J. Nady and Jon Gathright (general manager). They are actively engaged in influencing the decision-making for the firm. Mr. Nady and Mr. Gathright are 3(d) employers.

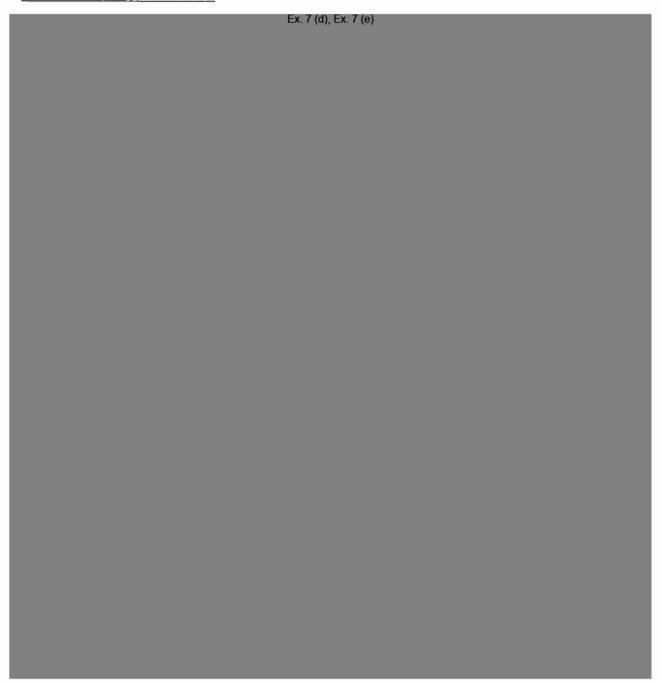
Enterprise coverage is applicable Gross annual dollar volume (ADV) is (CY 2009), (CY 2011). The owner retused to provide ADV for CY 2012 but (CY 2010), and confirmed the firm grossed over \$500,000 (Exb. D-36-a). Subject firm handles goods and materials that have been moved in commerce, This information was provided by the employer during the initial conference (Exb. C-1-a). As of 10/01/2012, subject firm employs a workforce of of whom are cab drivers. Individual coverage is applicable to all cab drivers as they are permitted to drop off customers in other states, such as St. George, UT and Los Angeles, CA. The employer operates under a geographically restricted license from the Nevada Taxi Authority. Drivers may pick up customers only within the boundaries of Clark County and west of Interstate 15 (Exb. C-1-d, D-71 pg. ii).

This investigation is limited to cab drivers.

Period for this investigation is from 10/02/2010 to 10/01/2012.

 $\underline{\text{MODO}}$  is Las Vegas, NV. The employer is incorporated and headquartered in Las Vegas, NV (Exb. C-5).

## **STATUS OF COMPLIANCE:**



\$ 2,040,530.05 in back wages due 508 current / former employees.

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

This investigation is limited to cab drivers.

### **EXEMPTIONS:**

The employer did not claim any exemptions.

Section 6: Minimum wage violations were found due 508 current / former employees totaling \$ 2,040,530.05.

Cab drivers are compensated on a commission basis. Drivers also receive non-discretionary bonuses called "incentives" and "bonus." During several workweeks, drivers' regular rates were below the applicable Federal minimum wage of \$7.25/hr. In addition, the employer made non-3(m) deductions which caused the regular rate to drop below or further drop below the Federal minimum wage. The deductions were for shortages of money submitted by the driver during the pay period (plus a penalty fee), administrative handling fees for paycheck advances and loans, interest fees for loans, and for supplies (map guides) required by the employer; see FOH 30c10(b) regarding voluntary assignment of wages, loans, and advances. All other deductions were made in compliance with 29 CFR 531.35-40.

Έ

This investigator determined the Tip Compliance Agreement between A Cab, LLC and IRS, which states that 5.5% of the gross book be reported as income for tax purposes, is NOT a valid FLSA tip credit agreement (Exb. D-73, 74. Exb. 71 pg. 70). Thus, tip credit could not be applied. Regional Solicitor Janet Herold confirmed this determination during a telephone advisory held on 12/12/2012.

#### Method of computations

Minimum wage back wages were computed by first determining the regular rate paid by the firm. The regular rate was determined by dividing total gross wages paid (including non-discretionary bonuses and excluding the non-3(m) deductions by total hours worked. If the regular rate paid by the firm was below the applicable Federal minimum wage rate, the difference was computed for each hour worked.

Due to the lack of accurate time records, hours worked per workweek were reconstructed from Ex. 4, Ex. 7 (d), Ex. 7 (e)

the average number of hours worked per week was 54 hours, or 108 hours per biweekly pay period (Exb. B-1 to 18, 20 to 26, 28 to 35, E-1).

In addition Ex. 4, Ex. 7 (e) cab drivers will work 12 hour shifts between 4 or 5 days a week, which also averages to 54 hours a week:

12 hours/workday \* (4.5 workdays/week) = 54 hrs/wk

The information above confirms the gathered and the reality of cab drivers not taking breaks.

Ex. 7 (d), Ex. 7 (e)

i.e., the 54 hour average

Explanation of WH-55 computation sheets (Exb. A-2 to 509):

Total Hours Worked: Average hours worked in biweekly pay period (108 hours) reconstructed

Ex. 7 (d), Ex. 7 (e)

Commission: Gross Book \* 42% - Shift Charge

Note: Shift Charge = \$1/trip (trip charge) + unpaid mile percentage<sup>1,2</sup>

Prius: driver pays 100% of fuel (pays all miles)

<sup>2</sup>Van: driver receives 20% discount on unpaid mile percentage (Exb. E-6-b)

Incentive #1: Biweekly non-discretionary bonus for drivers who take at least 20% more

trips per shift than the average, paid on Ex. 4 following the corresponding pay day (example shown on Exb. D-37-a,b)

Incentive #2: Biweekly non-discretionary bonus equal to \$1 per trip on the extra 6<sup>th</sup> or

7<sup>th</sup> day of work in the same week, paid on Ex. 4 following the

corresponding pay day (Exb. D-37-b)

Incentive #3: Biweekly non-discretionary bonus paid at \$0.25 per credit card swipe.

paid on the second payroll of the month (Exb. D-37-c)

Incentive #4: Annual non-discretionary bonus paid at the end of the year equal to \$1 for

each accident-free day of work during the calendar year (Exb. D-37-c)

Cash Drop Shorts: Deduction of amount equal to shortage(s) of gross book submitted during

the pay period + penalty fee

EE "Draw" Handling Fee: Deduction for administrative fee (separate from "draw" principle)

\*Note: What the employer calls a "draw" is an advance. "Draws" and their respective fees are always paid back in full on the following

paycheck. (Exb. D-18 to 20)

EE "Advance" Interest Fee: Deduction of amount equal to 20% interest of total "advance"

principle

\*Note: What the employer calls an "advance" is a loan. "Advances" and their respective fees are always paid back in installments. Unlike "draws," "advances" are charged a 20% interest in addition to a

handling fee. As the interest is calculated at the beginning of the loan and

gradually amortized along with the loan principle and handling fee, this investigator had to separate the total loan deduction into repayments of the principle, interest, and handling fee. Only the repayments of the interest and handling fee were considered deductions that could illegally bring the employee below the applicable Federal minimum wage. (Exb. A-509, D-13 to 17)

Ex: Principle = \$150 Interest = 20% \* \$150 = \$30 Handling Fee = \$20 Total Loan Amount (EE owes) = \$150 + \$30 + \$20 = \$200 Paycheck shows "Advance" deduction = \$50 "Advance" Principle repayment = \$50 / \$200 \* \$150 = \$37.50 "Advance" Interest Fee repayment = \$50 / \$200 \* \$30 = \$7.50 "Advance" Handling Fee repayment = \$50 / \$200 \* \$20 = \$5.00

EE "Advance" Handling Fee: Deduction for administrative fee (separate from "advance" principle and interest fees)

Supplies: Deduction for map guide

\*Note: Map guides are required by the employer for each driver. The driver is not specifically required to purchase from the employer, but the employer has copies available for sale. If the driver purchases from the employer, it is reflected as a deduction under this item on the payroll.

Gross Wages Paid: (Commission + Incentive #1 + Incentive #2 + Incentive #3 + Incentive #4

+ Bonus) - (Cash Drop Shorts + EE "Draw" Handling Fee + EE "Advance" Interest Fee + EE "Advance" Handling Fee + Supplies)

Regular Rate: Gross Cash Wages Paid / Total Hours Worked

*MW Diff per Hour*: \$ 7.25 – Regular Rate

BW Due: MW Diff per Hour \* Total Hours Worked

Section 7: Overtime is not applicable to taxi cab drivers as they are subject to FLSA section 13(b)(17).

Section 11: A recordkeeping violation was found.

While the employer made available trip sheets showing "time start" and "time end," both times were inaccurate. The "time start" is an electronically printed time that corresponds to what time the trip sheet was printed, which is normally done before the start of the shift and not necessarily

when the driver begins working. This information was provided by Mr. Nady on 11/28/2012 at the employer establishment to WHIs Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 Mr. Nady confirmed this again at the final conference.

The "time end" is a time stamp. The driver supervisor time stamps the trip sheet for the driver as soon as the driver returns after completing his shift. Afterwards, however, the driver must still fill out the trip sheet, wait in line, and turn in his gross bookings and trip sheet (Exb. B-8, 14, 20; D-71 pg. 68-69). This results in post-shift hours worked off the record.

In addition, trip sheets are falsified to show breaks when in reality the drivers do not take breaks. On 09/26/2012, owner Creighton J. Nady claimed all drivers take a two (2) hour break during each twelve (12) hour shift, either one (1) hour or two (2) thirty minute breaks in the first six (6) hours of the shift, and then another one (1) hour or two (2) thirty minute breaks in the latter six (6) hours of the shift.

#### Ex. 7 (d), Ex. 7 (e)

(Exb. B-1 to 18, 20 to 26, 28 to 35). For example, the employer will require drivers to fill out break times on their trip sheet during times when the employee was actually waiting at the cab stand. The employer directs the driver to record on the trip sheet that he/she took a break(s) even if the driver did not take breaks (Exb. B-2 to 9, 11, 12, 15 to 17, 22 to 26, 30, 31 to 34). If a driver did not take a break and did not want to falsify his/her trip sheet, the employer threatened the driver's employment with the company. If a driver did not generate a minimum amount of gross book per shift (\$220), the employer directed the driver to record additional breaks on the trip sheet (Exb. B-1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 13, 23, 31 to 33). Therefore, there are instances where a trip sheet will show 4-5 hours worth of breaks over a 12 hour shift (Exb. B-1, 10, 23, 31 to 33; D-109, 124, 131).

The Nevada Taxicab Authority requires all drivers to record each trip's start/stop location, trip fare, and start/stop time of the trip. There are trip sheets where the break times overlap with trip times (Exb. B, 16; D- 93 to 97, 99, 100, 102 to 104, 108, 111, 114, 129, 130).

Furthermore, the firm did not keep a record of hours worked while on the "extra board" or for attendance at meetings required by the employer (ex. meetings for which the driver is called in to see the driver supervisor for performance, etc.). The extra board is when newer drivers wait at the establishment for the possibility of an available cab. If there is no available cab after a certain period of time, the driver is sent home. The driver is waiting on the employer's premises and the employer is well aware they are waiting. The driver is suffered and permitted to work (29 CFR 785.11) and is being engaged to wait (29 CFR 785.15, 778.223).

#### Due to:

- 1. the inaccuracy of both the start and stop times,
- 2. the falsification of break times, and
- 3. unrecorded hours worked on the "extra board" (engaged to wait) or for attendance at required meetings with the driver supervisor outside the driver's shift,

the trip sheets were not an accurate record of hours worked. Therefore, this investigator Fx. 7 (e), Ex. 7 (d) to reconstruct an average number of hours worked per week (Exb. B-1 to 18, 20 to 26, 28 to 35, E-1). Based on this method, this investigator computed back wages based on an average of 54 hours worked per week, or 108 hours biweekly.

In addition, the firm's trips sheets for the entire two year period of investigation show near the top:

"After meeting with UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR: ALL driver who work a 12-hour shift must take two 30-minute breaks and a 1-hour meal break." (Exb. D-93 to 115)

While an employer may require rest periods and/or meal breaks, neither is required by the FLSA or the U.S. Department of Labor.

The employer is in compliance with the posting of the appropriate FLSA posters at the establishment.

Section 12: No violations were found for child labor.

FMLA Policy Review: Review of firm's FMLA policy disclosed compliance. The firm has the appropriate FMLA postings in the establishments and provides information on employee FMLA rights

[Ex. 4] (Exb. D-71).

#### Case Chronology:

Case file is assigned to WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6
on 10/05/2011.

WHI Ex. 6 makes several requests for records on 10/24/2011, 10/27/2011, 11/02/2011, 11/16/2011, 11/17/2011, and 12/30/2011. However, the firm only provides individual trip sheets, individual pay stubs, and individual employee payroll files containing details of various deductions. Despite requests from WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 (written and verbal) and WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 (written and verbal) and WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 (written and verbal) and while Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 (is left to match individual pay stubs with individual trip sheets. Oftentimes, additional wages in the form of non-discretionary bonuses are paid on separate checks on a separate day from payday. For an establishment employing approximately employees per pay period, this proved to be an extremely time consuming process.

When WHI Ex. 6 asked the attorney over the phone whether the WHIs could view a comprehensive form of payroll on the computer, attorney Ms. Rodriguez stated that they would not remove employees from their work stations so WHD could take their place in front of their computers. WHI Ex. 7 (c), suggested viewing the records during non-business hours so the employees are not disrupted from their work. The attorney stated they were "not going to make

this easy" for WHD and that the employer has already provided all the information requested to WHD.

On 02/21/2012, WHI Ex. 6 explains and presents a tolling agreement to attorney Ms. Rodriguez and requested the employer to sign it. On 02/24/2012, WHI Ex. 7 (c), calls Ms. Rodriguez and discusses the tolling agreement again. On 02/28/2012, WHI ex. 6 explains the tolling agreement to owner Creighton J. Nady at the establishment. Mr. Nady refuses to sign the tolling agreement (Exb. D-72).

ADD Gene Ramos mails the employer a 72-hour letter on 03/01/2012 requesting payroll detail journal and other pertinent records. On 03/05/2012, owner Creighton J. Nady delivers in person a CD disc to WHD, received by ADD Quezada, containing payroll records from 02/20/2010 through 02/17/2012.

On 07/31/2012, case file is reassigned to WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

On 09/27/2012, while at the employer's establishment, WH1 (c), Ex requests in person from general manager Jon Gathright additional payroll records through October 2012 and records pertaining to employee loans for the past 24 months.

On 10/05/2012, WHI  $^{\text{(c), Ex.}}_{6}$  calls and leaves a voicemail for Mr. Gathright requesting for the additional payroll records again.

On 10/09/2012, WHI (c), Ex. makes several calls to Mr. Gathright's cell phone with no answer. WHI (c), Ex. makes several calls to Mr. Gathright's cell phone with no answer. WHI (c), Ex. f (c), Ex. 6

Approximately 10 minutes later, attorney Ms. Rodriguez calls WHI asking why additional records are needed. She asks him to make the request for additional records in writing. WHI (c), Ex. makes several calls to Mr. Gathright's cell phone with no answer.

Approximately 10 minutes later, attorney Ms. Rodriguez calls WHI asking why additional records are needed. She asks him to make the request for additional records in writing. WHI (c), Ex. makes several calls to Mr. Gathright's cell phone with no answer.

On 10/11/2012, Ms. Rodriguez faxes a letter to the LVDO addressing her concerns regarding the request for additional records.

On 10/15/2012, ADD Ramos calls and leaves two (2) voicemail messages for Ms. Rodriguez.

On 10/16/2012, Ms. Rodriguez calls ADD Ramos. ADD Ramos explains the statute of limitations and the need for additional records due to a lack of a tolling agreement. Case file is reassigned to WHI

On 11/21/2012, WHI Fx 6 calls attorney Ms. Rodriguez and schedules a meeting for 11/28/2012. WHI requests additional records regarding loans and advances, missing names from employee list, and discusses a tolling agreement to freeze the new investigative period. On 11/26/2012, WHI Ex. 7 (c), ollows up with Ms. Rodriguez in an email detailing the topics of discussion for the upcoming meeting, including a reference to a tolling agreement (Exb. D-28).

On 11/28/2012, WHI

Nady, general manager Jon Gathright.

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

WHI

requests additional loans records, contact information for approximately 160 employees who were missing from the employee list, and social security numbers for all former and current employees for the past 24 months. The employer agrees to provide loans records and contact information but challenges the request for social security numbers. WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

WHI

requests additional loans records, contact information the employer agrees to provide loans records and contact information but challenges the request for social security numbers. WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

WHI

requests additional loans records, contact information but challenges the request for social security numbers at the final conference. After the meeting, WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

WHI

requests additional loans records, contact information but challenges the request for social security numbers at the final conference. After the meeting, WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

On 12/12/2012, ADD Quezada & WHI Ex. 6 hold a telephone advisory with Regional Solicitor Janet Herold. It is determined the Tip Compliance Agreement between A Cab, LLC and IRS, which states that 5.5% of all tipped employees total book be reported as time income for tax purposes (Exb. D-73, 74), is NOT a valid FLSA tip credit agreement. Thus, tip credit is not applied. It should be noted drivers retain all tips.

On 12/21/2012, WHI Ex. 6 schedules a final conference for 01/08/2013 with attorney Ms. Rodriguez.

### **DISPOSITION:**

On 01/08/2012, a final conference was held at the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division's Las Vegas District Office. Present for the firm were attorney Esther C. Rodriguez, firm owner Creighton J. Nady, general manager Jon Gathright,

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

Present for WHD were ADD Gene Ramos and WHI

WHI Ex. 7 (c), notified the employer of a recordkeeping violation.

While the firm made available trip sheets showing "time start" and "time end," both times were inaccurate.

Ex. 7 (e), Ex. 7 (d)

it was also determined drivers were not taking their required two (2) hour breaks

In addition, there are trip sheets where the break times clearly overlap with a trip. ADD Ramos stated drivers feel intimidated to fill in break times because otherwise, they fear there will be disciplinary consequences.

The owner did not believe this was true. He stated drivers could not be trusted to tell the truth, and that there is an incentive for them to lie to WHD because they think they will be receiving money. WHI Ex. 6 and ADD Ramos stated WHD never guarantees any back wages to employees at any point during an investigation.

WHI Ex. 6 explained the burden of accurate recordkeeping is on the employer and when accurate time records are unavailable, WHD will turn to the employees as the next best source of information. ADD Ramos also stated it was the duty of management to exercise control and see that its employees are not working if they do not want them to be working. The owner stated the

firm already does that by calling each driver every hour. He stated drivers know not to pick up the call if they are on a break. WHI Ex. 6 stated that simply because a driver fails to pick up the radio call does not confirm whether he is working or not. If the driver was indeed taking a break, it still does not confirm the length of the break.

Both the attorney and the owner strongly opposed WHD reconstruct hours worked because they maintain the trip sheets are accurate.

Furthermore, the firm did not keep a record of hours worked for the "extra board" or all meetings required by the employer (ex. meetings the driver is called in to see the driver supervisor for performance, etc.). The extra board is when newer drivers wait at the establishment for the possibility of an available cab. If there is no available cab after a certain period of time, the driver is sent home. The owner stated that the drivers are not required to be there. WHI the driver to be driver to wait, the employer has knowledge that the driver is waiting for work. WHI the driver is therefore suffered and permitted to work (29 CFR 785.11) and is engaged to wait (29 CFR 785.15, 778.223).

#### Due to:

- 1. the inaccuracy of both the start and stop times,
- 2. the falsification of break times, and
- 3. unrecorded hours worked on the "extra board" (engaged to wait) or for attendance at required meetings with the driver supervisor outside the driver's shift,

the trip sheets were not an accurate records of hours worked.

In addition, the firm's trips sheets for the entire two year period of investigation show near the top:

"After meeting with UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR: ALL drivers who work a 12-hour shift must take two 30-minute breaks and a 1-hour meal break."

WHI Ex. 6 informed the employer that this was not true. An employer may require rest and/or meal breaks, but neither is required by the FLSA. The general manager stated that they have already ordered new trip sheets that correct the above statement.

The employer was informed of a minimum wage violation. During several workweeks, cab drivers were paid below the applicable Federal minimum wage of \$7.25 per hour and were not compensated for the difference. WHI

| Ex. 7 (c) | explained in detail the method of computations and notified the employer that tip credit was not applied because the Tip Compliance Agreement between A Cab, LLC and IRS, which states that 5.5% of gross book be reported as tip income for tax purposes, is NOT a valid FLSA tip credit agreement. WHI

| Ex. 7 (c) | provided Fact Sheet | #15 and #15A to all participants in the final conference. WHI

difference between a non-discretionary and a discretionary bonus (29 CFR 778.211), and illegal deductions (29 CFR 531.35-40). She also listed the specific deductions that caused employees to fall under the applicable Federal minimum wage.

system showing a separate line item for minimum wage subsidy. The new payroll also itemizes the loan deduction to show whether the deduction is for the principle or for the fees/interest (Exb. D-187 to 189). The owner requested to apply this method to all payrolls for the past 24 months. WHI Ex. 6 and ADD Ramos stated the employer cannot retroactively designate what part of the deduction was for repayment of principle and/or interest/fees.

At this time, the owner and the attorney maintained the firm has always been in compliance and disputed the violations found by WHD. They requested the total back wage amount. After conferring with DD Gaspar Montanez, ADD Ramos and WHI Ex. 7 (c), back wages were due 508 former/current hourly employees totaling \$ 2,040,176.84. WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 explained how she arrived at an average of 54 hours per week and the method of back wage computations.

At this time, the owner and the attorney were very dissatisfied. They requested time to review the findings and conduct a self-audit to determine compliance or noncompliance. ADD Ramos granted the firm 30 days. WHI Ex. 7 (c), provided the firm with a copy of the WH-55 computation sheets.

Later on 01/08/2013, the attorney emailed WHI Ex. 6 requesting an electronic copy of the WH-55 computation sheets. On 01/09/2013, WHI emailed the computations to the attorney and also prepared a CD disc with the same information. At this time, WHI Ex. 7 (c), adjusted one employee's back wages to reflect accurate loan deductions (Exb. A-509-j-). Accordingly, the total back wage amount increased to \$ 2,040,530.05 and WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 notified the attorney in the same email.

On 01/15/2013, firm's attorney faxed a letter to the LVDO referencing the investigation and four (4) main areas of concern (Exb. D-57).

On 01/17/2013, firm's attorney forwarded a letter by firm owner Mr. Nady to ADD Ramos (Exb. D-58).

On 01/23/2012, a second conference was held at the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division's Las Vegas District Office. Present for the firm were attorney Esther C. Rodriguez, attorney Laura L. Robertson, and firm owner Creighton J. Nady. Present for WHD were ADD Richard A. Quezada, ADD Gene Ramos, and WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 WHD addressed each of the concerns listed in Ms. Rodriguez's letter dated 01/15/2013. WHD stressed that an agreement to comply was necessary before any discussions of back wages could take place. WHD confirmed its position on tip credit and illegal deductions. WHD further stated it would be willing to consider lowering the number of hours used to compute back wages, eliminating initial/terminal workweeks, and/or eliminating workweeks during which a driver made below a certain dollar amount in commissions, but only if there was first an agreement to comply. It should be noted at

this time that for the purposes of future compliance, WHD agreed to consult with SOL regarding whether a cash drop short could be considered a bona-fide advance as long as there is a written agreement signed beforehand between the employee and the employer.

At this time, the owner requested three (3) additional weeks to complete a self-audit of (3) separate pay periods, one in each of the months of March, August, and December. The employer stated March was the best month for business, August as also generally a good month, and December as one of the slowest months. WHD agreed these months were a fair representation of the fluctuations in the taxi cab industry. However, WHD stated no additional time would be granted unless there was a signed tolling agreement. Pending the firm's agreement to sign a tolling agreement by COB 01/25/2013, WHD and the firm agreed to meet again on 02/13/2013. WHD stated a meeting on 02/13/2013 would be the last between LVDO and the firm, and that if an agreement could not be reached at that time, WHD would close the file as a refusal to comply and a refusal to pay. It should be noted at this time the firm has not agreed to comply. WHI ex. 7 (c), emailed a tolling agreement to Ms. Rodriguez and Ms. Robertson on 01/23/2013.

On 01/25/2013, attorney Ms. Robertson emailed and mailed a letter to WHI

additional two (2) weeks to consider the signing of the tolling agreement (Exb. D-64). WHI

initially presented the employer with the tolling agreement on 02/21/2012. WHI

specifically discussed with attorney Ms. Rodriguez the lack of a tolling agreement on 10/09/2012

when explaining the need for additional records to bring the investigative period to the most current pay period. WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

gain spoke with attorney Ms. Rodriguez over the phone on 11/21/2012 about a tolling agreement to lock in the new investigative period. On 11/26/2012, WHI

Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

pllowed up with an email detailing the topics of discussion for the meeting, including a tolling agreement. On 11/28/2012, owner Mr. Nady again refused to sign the tolling agreement at the employer's establishment.

Based on the reasons above, WHI Ex. 6 called Ms. Robertson on 01/25/2013 and left a voicemail message stating WHD will not grant additional time for the consideration of signing the tolling agreement. Since WHD has not received an agreement to comply from the firm, WHI Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6 further stated she will be submitting the case file as a refusal to comply and a refusal to pay with a recommendation for further action.

As the employer has not agreed to comply, this case file is being submitted as a refusal to comply and a refusal to pay.

Recommend second level review and JRC for potential litigation	Ex. 5
(Exb. D-186).	
Ex. 7 (e), Ex. 7 (d)	

The following publications (2 of each) were made available to the employer during the final conference on 01/08/2013: FS-15, FS-15A, WH-1088 (ENG/SP), WH-1420 (ENG/SP), 1462 (ENG/SP), 29 CFR 516, 29 CFR 531, 29 CFR 541, 29 CFR 778, WH-1325 (OT Non-Tech), 29 CFR 785, and WH-1330 (CL).

On 01/30/2013, WHI mailed the FLSA HRG (ENG/SP) to both attorney Esther C. Rodriguez and A Cab, LLC. Ex. 7 (c), Ex. 6

Wage & Hour Investigator 01/30/2013

# EXHIBIT "M"

A-CAB Taxi Services, LLC 4444 S. Valley View Las Vegas, NV 89103 702-365-1900

EIN: 88-0470590

Attorney:

Esther Rodriguez,

## **NARRATIVE**

### **COVERAGE**

Subject firm is a 24-hour taxi cab service company. The firm is a Nevada limited liability corporation that began operations and incorporated in 2001. (See Exhibit C-1). There are no other branches located in Nevada. The corporate officer is Creighton J. Nady (100% owner). Creighton J. Nady and Jon Gathright are 3(d) employers as they are acting directly in the day-to-day decision making as it relates to employees. ADV YTD 2009 is (as of 04-07-09)-2008 and 2007-2008 and 2007-2009 Jon Gathright, General Manager provided ADV information.

The investigation period covers April 1, 2007 to April 09, 2009.

### **EXEMPTIONS**

13(a) (1) is applicable to:

Creighton J Nady	Owner	\$455.00+	541.101
Jon Gathright	General Manager	\$55,000.00	541.102
	TO BE KOR TO STATE		541.201

13(b) (17) All taxi cab drivers are overtime exempt.

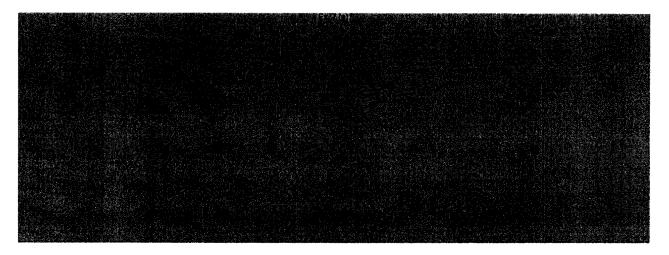
All other non-taxi driver employees are paid by the hour. No other exemptions are applicable.

### STATUS OF COMPLIANCE

## A-CAB Taxi Services LLC Case ID: 1528555

Prior History: There was no prior enforcement action involving this firm.

MODO Instruction: The MODO is Phoenix, Arizona DO.



Section 6: There were no minimum wage violations found. The review of the payroll records resulted in a determination that the drivers are paid on a commission basis. While there is no record of actual hours worked, the drivers have scheduled hours and complete a trip sheets. The trip sheets have gaps in the hours worked. Using the scheduled hours worked from shift start time to shift end time, less an estimated period of time for a meal period, it was determined that in most workweeks, the drivers receive minimum wage based on the gross wage paid. Any short fall based on the scheduled hours worked could be offset by a less inclusive number of hours worked as indicated by the trip sheets.

The drivers also receive tips in addition to the gross wage paid by the

employer.

Section 7: No overtime violations found

Section 11: No record keeping violations found

Section 12: The were no Child Labor violations found during this investigation.

#### **DISPOSITION:**

On April 30, 2009, I conducted a final conference at the firm. The following firm representatives were present for the final conference: Esther Rodriguez, legal counsel, Creighton Nady, owner, Jon Gathright, General Manager and We discussed the findings of the investigation. The firm was advised

that they must keep a record of actual hours worked and that the drivers, while exempt from overtime, must be paid at least the applicable minimum wage for all hours worked.

# A-CAB Taxi Services LLC Case ID: 1528555

The firm was also advised that the State of Nevada minimum wage is currently \$6.85 per hour and that this investigation is being concluded with the firm's assurance of future compliance.

# = \*\* **6 ( i**)

Date: 6-10-09

# EXHIBIT "N"

LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 1 DANA SNIEGOCKI, ESQ., SBN 11715 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 Vegas, Nevada 89146 3 702) 385-1827(fax) 4 eongreenberg@overtimelaw.com 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 6 DISTRICT COURT 7 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 8 MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL Case No.: A-12-669926-C RENO, Individually and on behalf of 9 others similarly situated, Dept.: I 10 Plaintiffs, DECLARATION OF PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL, 11 VS. 12 A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY, 13 Defendants. 14 15 16 Dana Sniegocki, an attorney duly licensed to practice before this Court, hereby 17 affirms, under penalty of perjury, the following: 18 1. I am one of the attorneys representing the plaintiffs in the above-entitled 19 action and have been appointed class counsel. 20 21 2. On October 20, 2015, I dispatched a request under the Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA") to the United States Department of Labor ("DOL"). The request sought, in part, copies of narrative reports and associated exhibits of all wage 23 and hour investigations of A Cab Taxi Service LLC and A Cab LLC from July 1, 2007 24 through September 30, 2015. That request was later amended to seek only those 25 investigations of A Cab covering the year 2012. 26 3. On February 17, 2016, I received a response to my FOIA request along with 27 responsive documents. Attached as Ex. "1" is the response letter I received from the 28

AA005679

DOL.

- 4. Page 2 of Ex. "1" indicates that 454 pages were being contemporaneously produced to my office. Those documents were produced on a CD.
- 5. Those 454 pages were produced to the defendants in this litigation Bates numbers DOL 1-454 as part of Plaintiffs' Fourth Supplemental Disclosures Under Nev. R. Civ. P. 16.1 on February 22, 2017. In addition, three additional pages of documents, DOL 455-457, the 2009 DOL narrative report, earlier obtained by my office from the DOL, were provided with that prodution.
- 6. As part of that 454 page document production by the DOL, plaintiffs received the documents that have been bates labeled DOL-40 through DOL-52 and produced in Plaintiffs' Fourth Supplemental Disclosures Under Nev. R. Civ. P. 16.1 on February 22, 2017. That sequence of documents is discussed in the motion accompanying this declaration at Limine Item Number 23.

Affirmed this 21st day of December, 2017.

/s/ *Dana Sniegocki* Dana Sniegocki, Esq.

# EXHIBIT "1"

February 17, 2016

Dana Sniegocki Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E3 Las Vegas, NV 89146

RE: Freedom of Information Act Response Letter

FOIA Tracking Number 789429

Dear Ms. Sniegocki,

The Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division (WHD) is responding to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request dated 10/20/2015. Specifically, you asked for the following:

Copies of the narrative reports and associated exhibits to such narrative reports of all wage and hour investigations of the following Nevada entities for the time period July 1, 2007 through September 30, 2015:

- 1) Western Cab Company
- 2) A Cab Taxi Services LLC and A Cab, LLC
- 3) Lucky Cab Co Nevada.

On January 4<sup>th</sup> 2016, you agreed to amend your request and accept the case file to A Cab Services for the year 2012 and all the exhibits that we can provide.

Pursuant to Department's regulations 29 CFR § 70.21(d), we have included only those responsive documents existing as of the date the search began. The search began on 01/07/2016.

After performing an electronic search of the Wage and Hour Investigative Support and Reporting Database, this database revealed that the case file you requested is not part of an active investigation. Therefore, after completing our review of the responsive documents located, your request has been partially denied due to the following exemptions: Exemption 4, 5, 6, 7C, 7D, 7E.

Under Exemption 4, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 United States Code (U.S.C.) § 552(b)4 which protects trade secrets and commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.

Under Exemption 5, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)5, Exemption 5 as amended, protects information related to the deliberative process privilege.

Under Exemption 6, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)6, Exemption 6 protects certain information within the responsive records such as social security numbers and special identifiers.



Under Exemption 7C, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(C), Exemption 7C protects from disclosure records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Under Exemption 7D, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(D), Exemption 7D provides protection of records which could reasonably be expected to identify confidential sources.

Under Exemption 7E, we have determined that certain information within these records is exempt from disclosure pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(E), Exemption 7E information that would reveal techniques or procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecution.

The responsive documents are protected by the Privacy Act of 1974 at 5 U.S.C. § 552a. Nevertheless, the Wage and Hour Division has determined that these documents may be released to you, pursuant to a routine use. Responsive documents withheld consist of a total of 883 pages. Responsive documents released consist of a total of 454 pages and have been enclosed.

Finally, due to our delayed response, no processing fee has been assessed

If you consider this an adverse determination, you have the right to file an administrative appeal. Your appeal must be received by the Solicitor of Labor within 90 calendar days of the date of this initial denial letter. Address your appeal to the following office: Solicitor of Labor, Division of Management and Administrative Legal Services, Room N-2420, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C. 20210.

Your appeal may also be sent by e-mail to <u>FOIAAppeal@dol.gov</u>. Appeals submitted to any other address will not be accepted. Your appeal must state in writing the grounds for the appeal. It should also include a copy of the original request, the response to your request, and any supporting statement or arguments. The appeal letter, the envelope, and the e-mail subject line, should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal."

Sincerely,

Ar Ruben Rosalez

Regional Administrator - Western Region

# EXHIBIT "O"

-\$230,141.54	\$5,216,973.13	\$5,447,114.66	719582.50	82238	Projection (2 Years)
-\$4,425.80	\$100,326.41	\$104,752.21	13838.13	1582	Average
-\$17,703.20	\$401,305.63	\$419,008.82	55352.50	6326	Totals
-\$30,752.59	\$101,626.88	\$132,379.46	14017.50	1602	03-30-2013 to 04-12-2013
-\$7,738.02	\$104,354.69	\$112,092.71	14393.75	1645	06-23-2012 to 07-06-2012
\$6,784.56	\$96,044.38	\$89,259.81	13247.50	1514	11-24-2012 to 12-07-2012
\$14,002.85	\$99,279.69	\$85,276.84	13693.75	1565	12-10-2011 to 12-23-2011
MinWage less Gross Wage	MinWage	Gross Wages Excluding Tips	Total Number of Hours	Number of Shifts	Pay Period

# EXHIBIT "P"

## DISTRICT COURT

# CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL	) Case No.: A-12-669926-C
RENO, Individually and on	) Dept. No.: I
behalf of others similarly	)
situated,	)
Plaintiffs,	)
vs.	)
A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, and A	)
CAB, LLC,	)
Defendants.	)
	_)

RECORDED DEPOSITION OF ROBERT SCOTT LESLIE

Taken on October 10, 2017

At 1:16 p.m.

GABROY LAW OFFICES

170 South Green Valley Parkway Suite 280, Henderson, Nevada 89012

	**************************************		Page 2
1			
2	For the Plaintiffs:	LEON GREENBERG, ESQ.	
3		LEON GREENBERG PROFESSIONAL CORPORA	ATION
4		2965 South Jones Blvd, Suite E3	
5		Las Vegas, Nevada 89146	
6			
7		CHRISTIAN GABROY, ESQ.	
8		LIZA ARONSON, LAW CLERK	
9		GABROY LAW OFFICES	
10		170 South Green Valley Parkway	
11		Suite 280	
12		Henderson, Nevada 89012	
13			
14	For the Defendants:	ESTHER RODRIGUEZ, ESQ.	
15		RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.	
16		10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150	
17		Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	
18			
19	Owner of A Cab:	Creighton J. Nady	
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

S. LES	SLIE, ROBERT on 10/10/2017		Page 3
1		INDEX	Page 3
2	Witness	Direct	Cross
3	MR. LESLIE	PAGE 7	
4	(BY MR. GREENBERG)		
5			
6			
7			
8			
9		EXHIBITS	
10	Number	Description	
11	Exhibit 1	Report	
12	Exhibit 2	Report	
13	Exhibit 3	Spreadsheet	
14	Exhibit 4	Trip Sheets	
15	Exhibit 5	Excel File	
16	Exhibit 6	Estimate of Wage and Hour Settle	ement
17	Exhibit 7	Trip Sheets	
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

- 1 A: Generally, yes.
- 2 Q: I'd like you to turn to page 13 in the
- 3 report I gave you. I would draw your attention to
- 4 the last sentence of the last paragraph.
- 5 A: Okay.
- 6 Q: In that paragraph and sentence, I
- 7 believe you are discussing what you called the
- 8 calculation report which is the A Cab OLE Excel file
- 9 that Dr. Cloretti refers to in his report. Is that
- 10 true?
- 11 A: Yes.
- 12 Q: Okay. In that last sentence you state,
- 13 `Otherwise, as shown above, in determining minimum
- 14 wage rates, the analysis though impressive is
- 15 meaningless. `` Why do you describe the analysis of
- 16 Dr. Cloretti's report as impressive?
- 17 A: The spreadsheet. I do a lot of Excel
- 18 spreadsheet work. The spreadsheet with all its
- 19 sorting and different functions and stuff that is
- 20 used are impressive to me. Dr. Cloretti`s review of
- 21 the math I think is good. So I think it's
- 22 impressive... in that sense, it's an impressive
- 23 report.
- Q: So, correct me if I'm wrong but you're
- 25 saying it`s impressive because of it was performing

- 1 correct calculations. By correct, I mean
- 2 arithmetically correct, internally correct
- 3 calculations in that spreadsheet on a large amount of
- 4 information.
- 5 A: It seems like--
- 6 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection.
- 7 A: Okay.
- 8 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Misstates prior testimony.
- 9 O: Please answer the question.
- 10 A: I am saying that it seems to calculate,
- 11 as you say, within itself everything. The math seems
- 12 to be right.
- 13 Q: So, you would agree that the arithmetic
- 14 that's performed in that A Cab OLE Excel file in
- 15 respect to the performance of the calculations in the
- 16 file is free from error?
- 17 A: As far as I could tell, if I`m
- 18 understanding your question.
- 19 O: But you find, and correct me if I m
- 20 wrong, that even though the A Cab OLE file is
- 21 performing correct calculations, it is relying on
- 22 wrong assumptions. Is that correct?
- 23 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Lacks
- 24 foundation.
- 25 A: Okay. I think there are two things. I

- 1 spreadsheets, just summarized differently.
- 2 Q: Now, I asked you a little while ago if
- 3 the A Cab OLE Excel file properly calculates the
- 4 amount of minimum wages owed at 7.25 an hour at all
- 5 times using the assumptions in the sheet itself
- 6 regarding the hours worked and I believe your answer,
- 7 please correct me if I'm wrong, was that it does. Is
- 8 that true?
- 9 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Misstates prior
- 10 testimony.
- 11 A: Restate. Could you please restate the
- 12 question?
- 13 Q: My question was using the hours that it
- 14 assumes the drivers worked, I'm not saying whether
- 15 those hours are accurate. I'm just saying the A Cab
- 16 OLE Excel file has certain information in it or makes
- 17 certain assumptions which actually can be changed
- 18 about the hours employees worked each shift through
- 19 each pay period. Do you understand that?
- 20 A: Yes.
- 21 Q: Does the A Cab OLE Excel file accurately
- 22 calculate the minimum wages owed at 7.25 an hour of
- 23 every pay period using whatever assumed hours are put
- 24 into the spreadsheet or already in the spreadsheet?
- 25 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Asked and

- 1 answered. I believe that's the third time the
- 2 question was asked.
- 3 A: I would again say that using the
- 4 assumptions of the spreadsheet, it looks like it puts
- 5 out the number correctly meaning it can take the
- 6 hours times the rate and come to a number, but the
- 7 hours are always the standard numbers based on shift.
- 8 It's not what the actual hours worked are.
- 9 Q: Right. Okay. Now, would you give that
- 10 same answer for how it calculates minimum wages using
- 11 a constant 8.25 an hour rate using those assumptions?
- 12 A: Yes. You plug in any rate you want. I
- 13 mean if you're going to assume there's a number of
- 14 hours for each shift or each payroll period times
- 15 whatever the rate is, 8.25, 15.25, whatever you want
- 16 to use, you'll multiply it through.
- 17 Q: Okay. Well, but you understand the way
- 18 the A Cab OLE Excel spreadsheet is set up is that it
- 19 uses two rates, an 8.25 or 7.25 rate, and in addition
- 20 to performing a conditional analysis, which you
- 21 discussed before for example regarding the 10%
- 22 insurance rule, it also has one analysis where it
- 23 applies that 7.25 rating every pay period, to every
- 24 worker, and it has a separate analysis where it
- 25 applies the 8.25 rating to every worker for every pay

- 1 period. Do you understand that?
- 2 A: Yes, I think the 8.25 period is like the
- 3 second of the analysis columns.
- 4 Q: Right. Okay. My question is just does
- 5 that 8.25 column, using the assumptions in the A Cab
- 6 OLE file, perform proper math in terms of reaching
- 7 its results based on those assumptions?
- 8 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Asked and
- 9 answered, the fourth time.
- 10 A: It looks to me like the math works given
- 11 the assumptions in the model.
- 12 Q: Are you aware that the A Cab OLE file
- 13 has a portion of it which calculates minimum wages
- 14 based upon hours that are recorded independents
- 15 payroll records for the period 2013 to 2015?
- 16 A: Yes.
- 17 Q: Okay. Does A Cab properly calculate the
- 18 minimum wages that would be owed at the 7.25 and the
- 19 8.25 rates using those hours in the payroll records?
- 20 A: It calculates something that's probably
- 21 within tolerance, yes.
- 22 Q: Do you have any reason to believe that
- 23 those calculations are not correct?
- 24 A: When I did the calculations on this, I
- 25 tried to use what Nevada Revised Statute said for

- 1 breaks, which changes it a little bit. It's not
- 2 material but they will give you like up to 30 minutes
- 3 of break or 20 min- to 30 minutes of breaks that they
- 4 pay for and you're only required to give them, given
- 5 the employees worked 11 hours 20 minutes of breaks.
- 6 So, in that respect, that's why I said it's within
- 7 tolerance. It is actually more generous to
- 8 employees.
- 9 Q: What is more generous to employees?
- 10 A: If you take less than 30 minutes, they
- 11 pay you for the entire half hour instead of 10-minute
- 12 paid breaks, so.
- 13 Q: My question was you understand that the
- 14 payroll records from A Cab for the period of 2013
- 15 through 2015, for every pay period, have a stated
- 16 amount of hours worked for the pay period by the
- 17 employee?
- 18 A: Yes.
- 19 Q: So, my question was when the A Cab OLE
- 20 spreadsheet accepts those hours and uses those hours
- 21 recorded in the payroll records to calculate minimum
- 22 wages owed either at a constant 7.25 rate or the
- 23 constant 8.25 rate, using again those hours from the
- 24 payroll records, does it do so correctly?
- 25 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Leon, you're

- 1 Q: Okay. Now, if the hours were to be
- 2 different then the numbers, the calculations,
- 3 resulting calculations would be different, correct?
- 4 A: Yes.
- 5 Q: Okay. But I'm not asking about if the
- 6 hours were different. I'm just simply asking if we
- 7 use the hours that are in the payroll records and
- 8 they are calculated as the A Cab OLE spreadsheet
- 9 calculates them, does the A Cab OLE spreadsheet,
- 10 using those hours from the payroll records, properly
- 11 calculate the minimum wages at a constant 7.25 and
- 12 8.25 in those two columns we discussed?
- 13 A: For that—
- MS. RODRIGUEZ: Same objections. Asked and
- 15 answered.
- 16 A: Yes.
- 17 Q: Thank you.
- 18 MS. RODRIGUEZ: I assume you've numbered the
- 19 first one as Plaintiff`s 1, right?
- 20 Q: The witness has it. Yes.
- 21 A: Yeah.
- 22 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Well, you didn't say
- 23 it on the record.
- 24 Q: Oh, okay.
- 25 MS. RODRIGUEZ: So, I just wanted to make

Page 32 sure and we're going to name this one Plaintiff's 2. 1 2 Yes. 0: 3 MR. MAREZ: There you go sir. 4 Α: Thank you. 5 0: The plaintiff's Exhibit 2 is the report of Dr. Cloretti. This document I trust is familiar 7 to you, sir? 8 A: It is. 9 Okay. I'd ask you to take a look at pages 25 and on page 25, the second full sentence 10 which begins, ``As discussed supra...`` Do you see 11 12 that, sir? 13 **A**: Yes. 14 Please read that to yourself and let me 0: 15 know when you're done reading it. 16 MS. RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry, Mr. Greenberg. 17 Could you repeat what you're asking him to look at? 18 Second full sentence in the first 0: 19 paragraph. 20 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you. All right. 21 **A**: 22 Now, in that sentence, Dr. Cloretti is 0: 23 referring to the 2013-2015 payroll analysis file, not 24 the A Cab OLE file. 25 Α: Right.

- 1 Q: So, for the purposes of the question I m
- 2 going to ask you now, I want you to assume that the
- 3 information in that file was the same for that time
- 4 period--
- 5 A: Okay.
- 6 Q: --as in the A Cab OLE file. Now, if we
- 7 exclude the last clause of Dr. Cloretti's report,
- 8 which is where it says, ``and amounts between those
- 9 figures using the three conditional calculations that
- 10 I discussed. `` We're excluding that for purposes of
- 11 my question. My question to you is do you believe
- 12 that his statement that an amount of \$175,057
- 13 accounts to 7.25 an hour minimum wage rate and
- 14 \$651,567 that accounts to 8.25 an hour minimum wage
- 15 rate are correct in the context of that sentence?
- 16 Just to review with you, what the sentence was
- 17 referring to is using the payroll records in payroll
- 18 record time in the file to calculate the amounts of
- 19 minimum wages they worked.
- 20 MS. RODRIGUEZ: I`m going to object to the
- 21 form of the question.
- 22 Q: Okay.
- 23 A: All right.
- MS. RODRIGUEZ: It's compound.
- 25 A: As we have said, the math probably...

- 1 the math works. I don't know where you're ever going
- 2 to get 8.25 for the entire period for one thing and
- 3 as I've said, the 7.25 an hour, we can always
- 4 recalculate the amount of hours probably need to...
- 5 or the amount of hours probably need to be looked at
- 6 a bit, but yes. Otherwise, the math works because
- 7 it's just more the math works. I think he said so in
- 8 the next paragraph.
- 9 Q: Did you sample either the A Cab OLE file
- 10 or the 2013-2015 payroll analysis file to determine
- 11 if there were any errors in the calculations or the
- 12 payroll data that appears in those files?
- 13 A: I believe you could probably say that.
- 14 I sampled it. I did sample of like what is it, 30
- 15 different records out of the 2000 or the A Cab OLE
- 16 file and we looked at the payroll records and we
- 17 looked at through the trip sheets and we... what was
- 18 the second part of the question, did we look..?
- 19 Q: Well, the question involved two things.
- 20 It was sampling those files to determine if there
- 21 were errors in the calculations so let's answer that
- 22 first. Did you sample those files to see if there
- 23 were any calculation errors in the files themselves?
- A: In the A Cab OLE file, I don`t... We
- 25 just put them in the computer. I didn't sample them.

- 1 I just put them as they were so I did not sample. I
- 2 did not check the math. I assumed Dr. Cloretti and
- 3 all that was fine. I assumed it was okay.
- 4 Q: Did you sample the payroll data? By
- 5 payroll data, I'm referring to the hours that appear
- 6 from 2013 to 2015 from payroll records. The amount
- 7 paid that appears, the total wages paid is the term
- 8 used in the A Cab OLE file. Those two pieces of
- 9 information come from payroll records that A Cab
- 10 produced in this litigation. Did you sample the A
- 11 Cab OLE file to determine whether that information
- 12 was accurately placed in the A Cab OLE file from A
- 13 Cab's records?
- MS. RODRIGUEZ: I`m going to object to the
- 15 form of the question. It's compound and it's
- 16 assuming facts not in evidence and it lacks
- 17 foundation.
- 18 A: I used what was in the A Cab OLE file
- 19 for the wages reported by A Cab from the employer. I
- 20 just used what that was. I did not go back and check
- 21 to make sure that the numbers were correct. As I
- 22 said I believe that that part of the data that you
- 23 have in the file is fine. Now, the second part is we
- 24 looked at hours. We recalculated hours.
- 25 Q: I understand. Okay. There is also a

- 1 column that appears in the A Cab file that says
- 2 shifts worked from cab manager records. Did you
- 3 sample the A Cab OLE file and examine any source
- 4 materials from A Cab to determine if the information
- 5 that appears in that section of the A Cab OLE file is
- 6 in fact accurate, an accurate extract from A Cab's
- 7 original records?
- A: I didn't use the A Cab, the cab manager
- 9 information because it`s just when the cab`s checked
- 10 out and when the cab's checked in. It's there. We
- 11 just decided it wasn't a useful thing to look at. We
- 12 looked at the actual time the employees were working.
- 13 Q: I understand. So, just confirm for me.
- 14 Sitting here today, is there any basis that you have,
- 15 any information you've obtained or any belief you've
- 16 secured through your work on your report that any of
- 17 the information taken from A Cab's original records
- 18 and placed in the A Cab OLE file was not properly
- 19 identified and placed in the A Cab OLE file?
- 20 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Lacks
- 21 foundation.
- 22 A: I have no reason to believe there was
- 23 any inaccurate information. As far as I can tell, it
- 24 was transferred over but I did not do a lot of work
- 25 on that.

- 1 Q: So, you understand that in Dr.
- 2 Cloretti's report, he discusses a process that
- 3 Charles Bass went through to bring the information
- 4 from the source files provided by A Cab into the
- 5 Excel file that ultimately becomes the A Cab OLE
- 6 file. Did you review that portion of Dr. Cloretti`s
- 7 report?
- 8 A: Yes. Yes.
- 9 Q: Do you have any reason to dispute Dr.
- 10 Cloretti's conclusion that that process performed by
- 11 Charles Bass and that Dr. Cloretti described was
- 12 correct and accurate?
- 13 A: To say correct and accurate... it seems
- 14 like it was done properly, yes.
- 15 Q: I'd ask you to take a look at page 5 of
- 16 Exhibit 1 which is your report. Now I would draw
- 17 your attention to the last sentence of the paragraph
- 18 that appears just before Roman Numeral IV.
- 19 A: Okay.
- 20 Q: Please read that sentence and then I`ll
- 21 ask a question.
- 22 A: Okay.
- 23 O: Now, when you say at the beginning of
- 24 that sentence, ``testing on the model,`` you were
- 25 referring to the calculation report earlier in that

	Page 108	
1	CERTIFICATE OF RECORDER	
2	STATE OF NEVADA )	
3	COUNTY OF CLARK )	
4	NAME OF CASE: MICHAEL MURRAY vs A CAB TAXI SERVICE LL	
5	I, Jared Marez, a duly commissioned	
6	Notary Public, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby	
7	certify: That I recorded the taking of the	
8	deposition of the witness, Robert S. Leslie,	
9	commencing on 10/10/2017.	
10	That prior to being examined the witness was	
11	duly sworn to testify to the truth.	
12	I further certify that I am not a relative or	
13	employee of an attorney or counsel of any of the	
14	parties, nor a relative or employee of an attorney or	
15	counsel involved in said action, nor a person	
16	financially interested in the action.	
17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my	
18	hand in my office in the County of Clark, State of	
19	Nevada, this 10/10/2017.	
20	Il Mace	
21		
22	Jared Marez Notary	
23		
24		
25		

## EXHIBIT "Q"

EXHIBIT "Q"

1 2	LEON GREENBERG, ESQ., SBN 8094 DANA SNIEGOCKI, ESQ., SBN 11715 Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3				
3	2965 South Jones Blvd- Suite E3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146				
4	Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 383-6085 (702) 385-1827(fax) leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com				
5	leongreenberg@overtimelaw.com dana@overtimelaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs				
6	DISTRICT COURT				
7	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA				
8	MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL	) Case No.: A-12-669926-C			
9	MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,	) Dept.: I			
10	Plaintiffs,	DECLARATION OF			
11	vs.	) PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL, LEON GREENBERG			
12 13	A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, A CAB, LLC, and CREIGHTON J. NADY,	}			
14	Defendants.	{			
15		{			
16					
17					
18	Leon Greenberg, an attorney duly	licensed to practice before this Court, hereby			
19	affirms, under penalty of perjury, the following	lowing:			
20					
21	1. I am one of the attorneys repre	senting the plaintiffs in the above-entitled			
22	action and have been appointed class cou	insel.			
23					
24	2. On December 19, 2017, I had	two telephone discussions with Esther			
25	Rodriguez, defendant's counsel, about the	e in limine issues. Prior to those discussions I			
26	sent her the attached letter listing the various issues that I thought should be discussed				
27	and resolved in connection with the same. She assured me during our discussion that				
28	she had reviewed my list. We did discuss several of these issues and managed to reach				

1	an agreement as to two of these issues. In respect to the remaining issues, she advise	
2	me she would not agree and they would have to be resolved by the Court.	
3		
4		
5		
6		
7	Affirmed this 21st day of December, 2017.	
8	/s/ Leon Greenhera	
9	/s/ Leon Greenberg Leon Greenberg, Esq.	
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# LEON GREENBERG Professional Corporation Attorney at Law 2965 South Jones Boulevard #E-3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146 (702) 383-6085

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December 18, 2017

Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145

VIA EMAIL ONLY

Re: Murray v. A-Cab

Pretrial Order, Motion in Limine Issues

To facilitate our telephone conference on 12/19/17 at 3:00 p.m. as per EDCR 2.47 I provide, in advance, the following topics/issues for your consideration:

#### Subject Matter, Testimony, and Documents to be Excluded at Trial

- 1. Exclusion of testimony or information on wages or other sources of income of the plaintiffs and class members. This would include any mention of tax returns being filed that include disclosures of tip income.
- 2 Exclude testimony regarding amounts paid by A-Cab under U.S. DOL settlement.
- 3. Exclusion of testimony that would relate to any good faith or reasonable belief or reliance on government agency advice by defendants, as in the 22<sup>nd</sup> & 26<sup>th</sup> affirmative defenses

This would include (but not be limited to) testimony on NRS 608.250, the prior Taxi Cab minimum wage exemption or defendants' belief they were exempt or that they were exempt prior to the time at issue in this

lawsuit. This would exclude testimony from labor commissioner personnel or K. Sakelhide, all information from the Nevada Labor Commissioner. Any mention of the *Lucas* decision. Any mention of the *Thomas* decision, all claims made in interrogatory 27,

- 4. Exclude testimony from experts regarding settlement communications or bearing upon settlement. This would include any testimony from Nicole Omps as her only proposed "expert" (or other) testimony concerns an evaluation of a proper settlement amount.
- 5. Exclude all testimony on attorney's fees, either those paid by defendants or potentially to be paid to plaintiffs' counsel or how plaintiffs' counsel are being paid or amount of costs advanced by plaintiffs' counsel.
- 6. Exclude all testimony regarding any other non-wage benefits provided by A-Cab (except, potentially for Health Insurance, which is also an issue to be addressed by the Court's grant or denial of the bifurcation request). This would include any testimony regarding A-Cab providing food, meals, sporting event tickets, etc., to the taxi drivers.
- 7. Exclude testimony about other taxi companies being sued. This would include any discussion of Michael Sargeant being a participant in any of those other lawsuits.
- 8. Exclude any mention of class representatives potentially receiving any incentive or class service award payment for prosecuting this case.
- 9. Any questions about the plaintiffs' conduct or earnings at other cab companies.
- 10. Any mention of criminal convictions of non-party witness Gagliano or any plaintiffs or class members. This includes any introduction of the Murray court documents produced by defendants at Bates 1837-1839 or any mention of the nature of that conviction or the nature of the accusations against Murray leading to that conviction.
- 11. Any introduction of the "Driver Statistics" documents for Michael Sargeant, Bates 02302-02303 produced on 6/25/17.

- 12. Any introduction of the "FOIA" document Bates 02324 produced on 6/25/17
- 13. All comments by Mr. Leslie regarding mediation materials (he refers to them as the "earlier spreadsheets" or "February 2017" spreadsheets) or any comparison between those materials and the spreadsheets (A-CAB ALL and Payroll Analysis 2013-2015) provided with Dr. Claurettie's report. No portion of Leslie's report discussing those materials will be allowed.
- 14. Any updated or different employee manual or written employee directives, rules, etc., not previously produced.
- 15. Any introduction of the USDOL "Certificate of Appreciation" Bates 1720 or testimony about that document being issued to A-Cab.
- 16. Any testimony from Steve Essakow designated on 6/25/17 as a witness.
- 17. Any testimony from Steven J. Oshins designated 6/6/17 as a witness.
- 18. Any testimony from any A-Cab employees on any subject matter contained in plaintiffs' NRCP Rule 30(b)(6) deposition notice and for which defendant Nady, who was the designated witness for all such topics, was examined about. This includes all such matters that he stated he lacked knowledge about in response to such examination.
- 19. Documents (which relate to the foregoing issues) identified by the following numbers in the defendants' 23<sup>rd</sup> supplemental 16.1 disclosure:
  - 4, 5, 21 through 29, 31, 37
- 20. Any evidence in support of defendants' claimed 3<sup>rd</sup> affirmative defense alleging "others" besides A-Cab are responsible for plaintiffs' damages, who are claimed to be government agency personnel advising A-Cab in the answer to interrogatory 19.
- 21. Any evidence of any "set off" of plaintiffs' damages including any claim that the plaintiffs took passenger fares without turning on the

cab meter.

- 22. Any testimony or claim that the plaintiffs had the "ability to control, minimize or escalate" their claimed damages (as in 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> interrogatory response) or that any failure to earn minimum wages by the plaintiffs was due to their lack of skill and diligence in locating and transporting paying passengers or their poor job performance. This includes the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> and 16th affirmative defenses identified in the 20<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> interrogatory responses as alleging a failure to mitigate damages by failing to earn enough commissions to make minimum wages, that they failed to advise management that they were not making minimum wages, that they failed to ask for payment of unpaid minimum wages, that they failed to accept offers of resolution for amount far in excess of minimum wages owed.
- 23. Any testimony or claim that the plaintiffs' counsel has "caused and escalated plaintiffs' claimed damages, seeking to profit from the continued litigation of others." (as in 19th interrogatory response)
- 24. Any testimony or claim as to how the plaintiffs' claims are barred by prior resolution with the US Dept. of Labor lawsuit, res judicata, collateral estoppel, as resolved by the Nevada Labor Commissioner as claimed in the 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> Affirmative defenses and interrogatory answers 22 and 23 and 26
- 25. Any testimony as to how the plaintiffs came to retain an attorney to prosecute this case or as to their communications or lack of communications with the Nevada Labor Commissioner.

#### **Documents to be Admitted**

1. The reports of the United States Department of Labor, which are covered by the hearsay exception as government agency records.

We look forward to discussing the foregoing with you tomorrow.

Very truly yours,

Leon Greenberg

Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.

Case Number: A-12-669926-C

AA005711

## 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Tel (702) 320-8400 Fax (702) 320-8401

#### **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

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#### 1. Plaintiffs' Arguments Contradict Themselves.

In opposition to dismissal, Plaintiffs argue that Defendants have "recast the Plaintiffs' claim" into one for fraudulent break times and unpaid hours worked. *Plaintiffs' Opposition*, 6:25-26. There is no re-casting; these are Plaintiffs' words. This is what is specifically pled by Plaintiffs in their Second Amended Complaint which will go to trial in February 2018. See Specifically, *Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint*, para. 17, filed August 19, 2015. These same allegations of fraud also serve as the basis of Plaintiffs' claim for punitive damages. See *Plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint*, para. 19. Plaintiffs commence their Opposition to dismissal by altogether denying they are claiming fraud; and state the Defendants are "recasting" their claims. By the end of the Opposition, however, Plaintiffs do an about-face then arguing fraud in order to preserve their claims for punitive damages as well as claims against Defendant Nady. In sum, Plaintiffs argument to the Court is: "no, we are not pleading fraud for purposes of class certification" (otherwise Plaintiffs would have to concede the Court should dismiss the claims); and "yes, we are pleading fraud for purposes of punitive damages and claims against Defendant Nady" (otherwise Plaintiffs would have to concede the Court should dismiss these claims).

Plaintiffs want to assert and to rely upon fraud in each of their claims, but then back-away when they are confronted by the fact that a fraud claim is improper for a class action claim. The Nevada Supreme Court has made clear that a class suit to recover damages for fraud allegedly practiced upon numerous persons is not warranted. Cases collect. Annot., 114 A.L.R. 1015.

Johnson v. Travelers Ins. Co., 89 Nev. 467, 515 P.2d 68 (Nev. 1973). Therefore, in opposition to dismissal, Plaintiffs take the position that it is not a fraud claim.

Yet, to support their claim for punitive damages, Plaintiffs then write, "There is sufficient evidence in the record from which a jury could conclude that defendants have engaged in bad faith intentional conduct warranting an award of punitive damages." *Plaintiffs Opposition*, 12:18-20. In support of this charge, Plaintiffs continue:

"A Cab acted willfully to violate the MWA by failing to keep accurate records of its

taxi drivers' hours of work is further supported by evidence that it directed taxi drivers to falsify their break time hours on their trip sheets. Ex "B" Murray Dec. The U.S. Department of Labor concluded that such falsification was occurring and confronted defendant Nady about it who denied it and insisted the driers were liars." *Plaintiffs' Opposition*, 13:8-14.

In simply arguing in contradiction to themselves, and not putting forth any admissible evidence, Plaintiffs cannot defeat a dismissal of this action.

#### 2. Plaintiffs Concede They Have No Representative Plaintiff for a 37 month period.

In conceding they have no class representative for the time period sought in this lawsuit, Plaintiffs simply argue they have no requirement to have a "temporal mirror," but cite to **no authority** in support of this theory. *Plaintiffs' Opposition*, 7:21-23. In fact, the opposite is true and can be confirmed by simply reviewing the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure 23 which indicates there must be a class representative, and obviously the representative must come from the class. Here, there is no one.

Plaintiffs have had 5 years to come up with a class representative and failed to do so. There is no representative driver for a period of 37 months or over 3 years for which damages are alleged. By Plaintiffs' own arguments, payroll procedures and calculations (the alleged foundation of this lawsuit) were different in 2011 (when Murray & Reno worked) versus 2015 (when no one worked).

Plaintiffs cite to no supporting authority allowing them to pursue a claim with no representative member of the class. Defendants have cited to the *Walmart v. Dukes* case in their request to the Court, which followed a series of federal decisions supporting this line: Rule 23(a) ensures that the named plaintiffs are appropriate representatives of the class whose claims they wish to litigate. The Rule's four requirements—numerosity, commonality, typicality, and adequate representation—"effectively 'limit the class claims to those fairly encompassed by the named plaintiff's claims.' " *General Telephone Co. of Southwest v. Falcon*, 457 U.S. 147, 156, 102 S.Ct. 2364, 72 L.Ed.2d 740 (1982) (quoting *General Telephone Co. of Northwest v. EEOC*, 446 U.S. 318, 330, 100 S.Ct. 1698, 64 L.Ed.2d 319 (1980)). "A class representative must be part of the class and 'possess the same interest and suffer the same injury' as the class members." *East Tex. Motor* 

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Freight System, Inc. v. Rodriguez, 431 U.S. 395, 403, 97 S.Ct. 1891, 52 L.Ed.2d 453 (1977) (quoting Schlesinger v. Reservists Comm. to Stop the War, 418 U.S. 208, 216, 94 S.Ct. 2925, 41 L.Ed.2d 706 (1974)). Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. v. Dukes, 131 S.Ct. 2541, 2550 (2011).

How can Plaintiffs even present a witness to support this claim at trial when one has never been named in 5 years of discovery and disclosures? The 37 month time period in which there is no class representative must be dismissed as a matter of law.

#### 3. Plaintiffs Have Not Met the Minimum Threshold In Support of Punitive Damages to **Defeat Summary Judgment.**

In opposition to Defendant's request for a dismissal of punitive damages, Plaintiffs offer no authority, be it regulations or caselaw, in opposition to *Sprouse*. They merely argue that case does not say what it clearly says. Plaintiffs refer to the Constitutional provision which specifies the relief which is available, but in fact makes no mention of punitive damages. Instead the Constitutional provision indicates "back pay, damages, reinstatement or injunctive relief." Plaintiffs' Motion, 11:5-6. There is no indication that punitive damages were contemplated with the provision. Plaintiffs' argument that "When a constitutional provision's language is clear on its face, we will not go beyond that language in determining the voters' intent" in reality lends support that there was no intent to include punitive damages.

More importantly, Plaintiffs have not made a minimum showing of any evidence to support a claim for punitive damages rising to the level of malicious and/or fraudulent and/or oppressive conduct by the defendants. Instead, the evidence shows the contrary. The undisputed evidence demonstrates that A Cab: (1) received a clean bill from the Department of Labor audit with no minimum wage violations; (2) A Cab subsidized its drivers' pay in an attempt to pay the minimum wage; and (3) A Cab entered into an agreement with the United States government to resolve any underpayment when there were assurances the money would go into the pockets of the drivers.

The only item supporting Plaintiffs' claim for punitive damages is their fraud claim that drivers were forced to falsify tripsheets and enter fraudulent hours on their tripsheets - a claim which Plaintiffs now back away from. Plaintiffs argue that punitive damages are necessary to "incentivizing" employers to voluntarily pay, and to penalize those who get "caught". *Plaintiffs*'

*Motion*, 12:6-8. This argument supports why punitive damages are not appropriate in this instance. The documents themselves demonstrate that A Cab was already subsidizing its drivers' pay to ensure that the minimum wage was being paid. Further, as Nady testified in his sworn depositions, and the Nevada Deputy Labor Commissioner will confirm at trial, Nady met with him to ensure A Cab was doing everything to remain in full compliance with all State and Federal regulations and laws. Plaintiffs have not put forth 1 piece of documented evidence to demonstrate the contrary, nor 1 witness who will contravene this.

Plaintiffs must come forward with evidence to defeat summary judgment. In their Opposition, Plaintiffs return to their fraud claim in citing and attaching a double hearsay document contained in the Department of Labor documents, wherein the investigator interviewed one of the claimant drivers who said he was forced to falsify break time hours. *Plaintiffs' Motion*, 13:8-14. This document is not admissible and does not defeat summary judgment on this issue. See Rule 56(e). Evidence introduced in support or to oppose summary judgment must be admissible evidence. *Collins v. Union Federal Savings & Loan Ass'n*, 99 Nev. 284 (1983); *Henry Products, Inc. v. Tarmu*, 114 Nev. 1017 (1998).

Because Plaintiffs have not made a minimal showing of any malicious and/or fraudulent and/or oppressive conduct by the defendants, Plaintiffs' claims must be disposed of pursuant to NRS 42.005. Further, a claim for punitive damages is not available to Plaintiffs. NRS 42.005. Plaintiffs' claim for relief does not sound in tort as required by NRS 42.005 and *Sprouse*. Plaintiffs' allegations evidence an employment relationship, which under Nevada law is a contractual relationship governed by contract law and hence their allegations are not "sound in tort," but arise from an alleged breach of an obligation arising from a contractual relationship. Therefore, NRS 42.005 prohibits Plaintiffs from receiving any award for punitive damages.

Summary judgment shall be granted when there are no genuine issues of material fact and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56(c).

#### 4. Plaintiffs' Claims Against Nady Must Be Dismissed.

In their Opposition, Plaintiffs state "substantial evidence" exists to keep these claims alive. However, in support, Plaintiffs only offer an unanswered deposition response where improper

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questioning delving into basic attorney-client communications was being sought. Further, the			
questioning was in contravention of that ordered by the Discovery Commissioner after a conference			
was necessitated due to Plaintiffs' insistence on asking for privileged communications. Plaintiffs			
now seek to use the invocation of the attorney-client privilege as evidence to defeat summary			
judgment, which is completely improper.			
What Plaintiffs attach in support as their Exhibit H states as follows:			
MR. GREENBERG: Mr. Nady, who is your business lawyer?			
A: For what type of advice?			

Q: For advices to how you should organize your businesses. I'm not talking about anyone who represents you in an actual court case, sir. I'm talking about people you would consult about something for your business, not litigation.

A: I suppose I have four or five other lawyers that I pay.

Q: Can you identify them?

A: Bill Crane, Gretchen Jacobs, Dan Migliore, Steve Oshins, probably a couple others that I can't recall at the time.

Q: And you do not have to answer this question if you do not wish to, I understand, but I'm not going to ask it anyway. You tell me that you're refusing based on privilege, that's fine. Did you seek advice from any of those lawyers about how A Cab's business should be changed in terms of its legal structure after this lawsuit was started?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I think I'm going to object based on the guidance provided by the discovery commissioner.

Q: The objection is fine. I just want it to come from the witness, counsel.

23 A: Are you asking me if I sought legal counsel after?

24 Q: From any of the business lawyers you identified, did you seek advice from them about 25 changing the legal structure --

26 A: About the changing the structure?

Q: Yes.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Hold on. Let him finish his question.

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Q: Of changing the structure. For instance, you mentioned A Cab at one time was a one-
person LLC.· It became a Series LLC.· Changing the legal structure of A Cab after this lawsuit was
started and in response to this lawsuit.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Same objection based on the guidance provided by the discovery commissioner in our conference.

A: Γll invoke the privilege there. Deposition of Creighton J. Nady, 113:6 - 114:24, attached as Exhibit H to Plaintiffs' Motion.

From this improper questioning (and against the Discovery Commissioner's ruling), Plaintiffs' counsel represents in their Motion that Nady admits he transferred A Cab's assets in response to this litigation to shield them from any judgment. *Plaintiffs' Motion*, 14:24-15:7. This is a complete misrepresentation of the evidence to the Court; and certainly does not meet the minimum required to defeat summary judgment.

As a Third and Fourth claim for relief, Plaintiffs allege "civil conspiracy, aiding and abetting, concert of action", alter ego, and unjust enrichment against Defendant Nady. Plaintiffs have yielded nothing from discovery on any of these issue, and have produced no documents or witness which can support these claims against Defendant Nady.

The fact that Nady is a decision maker in the company does not subject him to personal liability. In Nevada, the contrary is true. Nevada protects its businesses, and the corporate structure cannot be pierced simply based on Plaintiffs' assertions that Nady "orchestrated and directed" decisions. Again, no admissible evidence has been put forth, and the claims against Nady must be dismissed as a matter of law.

#### II. Conclusion

Plaintiffs have failed on several fronts to support actionable claims; and these claims must be dismissed by the Court as a matter of law.

Plaintiffs have failed to prove any actual damages for any individual Plaintiff, much less actual damages for a class of individuals. There are no documents or witnesses who support an actual underpayment of minimum wages, rather than just a theory. Both of Plaintiffs experts admit they have no opinions on actual damages.

wage.

2.	Plaintiffs have failed to prove the bare minimum of liability as pled in their Complaint.	
Plaintiffs' claims are based on the assertion of fraudulent break times written into the tripsheets.		
No witnesses or documents support this assertion other than the Second Amended Complaint.		
Further, Plaintiffs now even back away from this pleading.		
	Plaintiffs' experts did not review any tripsheets or any documents to support this claim, and	
offer no opinions in support. It is undisputed that the employer has been actively calculating and		
supple	menting drivers' pay with a minimum wage subsidy. Plaintiffs have provided nothing in	
contravention to indicate that A Cab has not been subsidizing its drivers to meet the minimum		

- 3. Plaintiffs are pursuing claims for a class, with no representative Plaintiff for a 37 month time period. This claim for damages should not be allowed to go to a jury.
- 4. Plaintiffs cannot meet their burden on general liability, much less against a specific Defendant.
- 5. The claims against Defendant Nady and for punitive damages must be dismissed as lacking any basis.
- 6. Decertification of the class is appropriate, as the basis of Plaintiffs' complaint is fraud, which is not appropriate for certification (*Cummings v. Charter Hospital*, 111 Nev. 639 (1995)).

Based upon the foregoing points and authorities, Defendants respectfully requests this

Honorable Court to enter an Order granting Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment dismissing
this matter in its entirety.

DATED this 27<sup>th</sup> day of December, 2017.

#### RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P. C.

/s/ Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Nevada State Bar No. 006473 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145 Attorneys for Defendants

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY on this <u>27<sup>th</sup></u> day of December, 2017, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk of Court using the E-file and Serve System which will send a notice of electronic service to the following:

Leon Greenberg, Esq.

Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation
2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Counsel for Plaintiff

Counsel for Plaintiff

Christian Gabroy, Esq.

Gabroy Law Offices
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Henderson, Nevada 89012

Counsel for Plaintiff Pending Order of Court

/s/ Susan Dillow
An Employee of Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.

Electronically Filed 2/8/2018 11:17 AM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1	TRAN			
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3	EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT			
4	CIVIL/CRIMINAL DIVISION CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
5	5			
6	MICHAEL MURRAY, et al,	CASE NO. A-12-669926		
7	7 Plaintiffs,	DEPT. NO. I		
8	s vs.			
9	A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, et al,			
10	Defendants.			
11	BEFORE THE HONORABLE KENNETH CORY, DISTRICT COURT JUDG			
12				
13	TRANSCRIP	T RE:		
14	DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR S	SUMMARY JUDGMENT		
15	5			
16	APPEARANCES:			
17	For the Plaintiffs:	EON GREENBERG, ESQ.		
18		ESTHER C. RODRIGUEZ, ESQ. MICHAEL K. WALL, ESQ.		
19				
20	ALSO PRESENT:	CREIGHTON J. NADY		
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24	RECORDED BY: Lisa Lizotte, Court Recorder			

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that the Court should dismiss the case in its entirety because they have no evidence

of actual damages for one individual, much less a class of individuals. But what

I primarily want to focus on, if the Court is not inclined to dismiss the matter in its entirety for that, is for the Court to consider a dismissal of the claims against Mr. Nady personally.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: There has been absolutely no evidence to support the plaintiffs' claims of civil conspiracy, aiding and abetting. There's some serious accusations that are in the complaint and which unless the Court dismisses will go before the jury.

THE COURT: On that point, would they really be going before this jury?

Did we not grant a bifurcation?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: We did grant a bifurcation and at that time I tried to point out to the Court as well, because I think Mr. Greenberg's arguments were that any liability towards Mr. Nady would stem from any -- if there was any liability found against A Cab. And the Court agreed and said, okay, we'll try part two, if necessary, against Mr. Nady. But the way that it is currently pled are separate causes of action, those two being the civil conspiracy claim and the unjust enrichment claim. And so this isn't just a claim of alter ego and whether Mr. Nady -- if A Cab's liability is proven, whether there would be any further liability on Mr. Nady. That's not what we're talking about. We're talking about civil conspiracy and elements that have to be proven on that. And I think in the Court's ruling to bifurcate it wasn't a carte blanche or an open invitation to then start all over again and try to prove -- for the plaintiffs to come up with the evidence to prove those particular claims that they have against Mr. Nady.

THE COURT: In other words, carte blanche to like reopen discovery --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct.

THE COURT: -- because, as you say, the discovery so far has been aimed at the liability of the company.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. Correct. And there's been -- they have -he argued in his response that they have conducted discovery on that issue
because that's what I argued in my motion, that there was no discovery on this.

Mr. Greenberg is arguing, yes, I did do discovery, but he hasn't come up with
anything in that discovery for these particular claims. And in his response all
he said is there's ample evidence, there's ample evidence of civil conspiracy and
of unjust enrichment. But he fails to put anything in his response, as would be
required to defeat summary judgment.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: So that's the first point is that I think the Court -- I would request that the Court consider a dismissal of those claims against Mr. Nady because the plaintiff is required to come forward with something to support a civil conspiracy or an unjust enrichment claim. Similarly, my other request to the Court is to consider a dismissal of the punitive damages claim. The same thing on this, we have not seen any evidence, any witnesses to support the level that is required for a punitive damages claim.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I argued and I produced or cited to the <u>Sprouse</u> case, that this case is not even an appropriate case for punitive damages because this is not a case that sounds in tort. It's a contractual employment wage claim, so punitive damages aren't appropriate in the first place by law. But number two is that there

simply is no evidence of punitives to support malice, fraud. The only thing the plaintiffs --

THE COURT: Remind me what your response was to his argument that it is not simply a contract case but it involves violation of a constitutional principal and that therefore punitive damages might well be appropriate as to that.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, what he did was cite to the actual amendment, the constitutional amendment, which did lay out the remedies for a claimant. And my response was, yes, the remedies are laid out and there is no indication that punitives were meant to be included in that, punitive damages or a new reading to include punitive damages if you're doing a straight reading of the amendment.

THE COURT: Okay. So if you were going to avoid your argument by claiming this is a constitutional, you're limited to the damages specified in the Constitution --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. Correct.

THE COURT: -- which does not include punitives.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. But I think the most important part, Your Honor, is that the only response that the plaintiffs put forward in their claim for punitive damages is this fraud claim, the accusation or the allegation that A Cab forced its drivers to write in fraudulent break times into the trip sheet. And at the same time they're arguing, well, this is not a fraud claim --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- because if they say it is a fraud claim then it's not appropriate by case law, the <u>Johnson v. Travelers</u> case, for class certification.

The case law is very clear that fraud claims are not appropriate for class actions.

And so plaintiff is saying, well, it's not a fraud claim, but it is a fraud claim if it supports our claim for punitive damages. So they can't have it both ways, and my request to the Court would be that the punitive damages be stricken at this point because there is no evidence for that and by law they cannot proceed with that.

The third point I would ask the Court to consider --

THE COURT: Punitive damages as to both the corporation and Mr. Nady?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. Yes, all the defendants. And the third item --

THE COURT: Well, wait a minute.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes.

THE COURT: Maybe I'm off there. That cause of action, would it include -- is the cause of action or actions which -- under which -- under Mr. Greenberg's theory might give rise to punitive damages, are any of those even aimed at Mr. Nady?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, I'm looking at his complaint.

THE COURT: Or is it only limited to one defendant?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: His complaint is attached as Exhibit 1 to my motion --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- and in his complaint on page 4 when he's talking about punitive damages he is referring to the defendants, plural. And let me get to the actual further pleading on this. The second claim doesn't have anything to do with it. Third is against Mr. Nady and the fourth I believe is also against Mr. Nady. So the first cause of action is where he is alleging the punitive damages and I read it, since he names it throughout the pleading as defendants, plural --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- that it is alleged against all three of the defendants.

And the three defendants are two corporate ones, A Cab Taxi Service, LLC, A Cab LLC and Creighton J. Nady.

THE COURT: And yet he claims that the evidence of this -- actions by Mr. Nady, whether you consider it his personal actions or those of the corporation, to get the drivers to put in phony sheets, that evidence is not pertinent to the case and I assume that means we wouldn't be seeing any such evidence at trial. If the Court does not grant the motion, by virtue of the argument that you've put forward it seems to me that there would be no evidence at trial, at least this first trial, of any of this business of Mr. Nady getting -- or anyone else on his behalf getting the drivers to put in phony sheets, so that's something you're going to need to answer.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, and that is the whole basis of the claim. That's why I've always argued that this isn't even a minimum wage claim, that it's a claim for unpaid hours. The way that the complaint currently stands and reads after being amended is the basis of the defendants not meeting the minimum wage because it's undisputed that the defendants always subsidized their drivers' pay to bring them up to minimum wage, but Mr. Greenberg's argument has always been, per the complaint, that A Cab or the defendants forced the drivers to write in fraudulent breaks. So instead of the calculation being 12 hours, it comes down to 9 or 10 hours that they're being paid. And my argument has always been, well, that's not a minimum wage, that's your drivers are saying I wasn't paid for three hours that I should have been paid for.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: So I understand the Court's concern, then, in directing that to Mr. Greenberg that he's not going to bring in that evidence, but that is the

basis of their claim --

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THE COURT: Yeah.

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MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- is the fraudulent breaks.

THE COURT: And so your point is that if they don't, they may have no basis

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to prevail at trial?

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THE COURT: Okay. Okay.

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MS. RODRIGUEZ: Correct. Correct.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: And just a third item I would bring to the Court's attention is this rather large period of time that they do not have a representative plaintiff. We're talking about three out of -- three years, over three years. Thirty-seven months is the calculation. The main plaintiffs, Mr. Murray and Mr. Reno, stopped working in 2011 and 2012. The last one stopped in September of 2012, and this is a damages claim all the way through the end of 2015.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: So the only one who kind of throws a fly in the ointment there is Mr. Sergeant, who worked a period of two months in-between there in 2014. But other than that, even including the time period that Mr. Sergeant worked, it's still 37 months, over three years that they are asking for damages. I don't even know how they can put a plaintiff on the stand to make the claim for damages when they don't have a representative plaintiff. And I've cited the case law that says you do have to have the commonality --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- and the plaintiffs have to have an appropriate representative and the representative must come from that class. So I would ask

the Court to reconsider the time period that is going to go forward before the Court.

I think we need to use the time period in which they do -- they have shown a class representative and that would be through 2012.

THE COURT: You obviously don't buy into his federal district court opinion that says essentially that commonality doesn't necessarily require -- what is it called, a mirror image --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- of time; you know, time as a qualifier. You don't buy that one?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: No. I argued against that. I didn't see where he actually cited to anything on that.

THE COURT: I thought there was -- didn't you have a federal district court opinion that held that at least?

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. I had cited to the Court federal district authority which was most on point. I also am prepared today to advise the Court of Ninth Circuit authority that was relied upon by that district court decision which further develops the issue. It's on page 7 of the opposition, the <u>Sarvas</u> case.

THE COURT: The adequacy requirement does not require temporal mirror -yeah, that was it -- between the class representatives. Okay. All right, we'll get to
yours in a minute here.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I'll submit with that, Your Honor, unless Your Honor has further questions on those issues.

THE COURT: What about the decertify class?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, that goes hand in hand with my argument that -- two of the arguments. If they are making the fraud claim, then it's not appropriate for Rule 23 class certification.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: So the Court can allow the trial to go forward on the individual claims that they do have, but then, you know, our argument has always been that the analysis that is required for these individual claims is very detailed, is very different for each one of these people. Whether we're talking about Mr. Reno or Mr. Murray, you need to get into, well, what were their actual hours, what were their health insurance issues, what's the issue with their break times, because they're all making different claims. And you can't do a broad sweep and just throw it in, especially now at the end of the day with what we're seeing that the plaintiffs' experts don't even have -- they've never looked at trip sheets, they've never looked at the documents. They've just come up with a tool to do an estimate of what they think in theory was an underpayment. But everything is in theory, there's no actual evidence.

And so that's why I said this is appropriate for decertification and let's get to the actual heart of the matter. Let's try Mr. Murray's case, let's try Mr. Reno's case, Mr. Sergeant's, and anybody else that Mr. Greenberg represents. But you can't look at it as a class action when there are so many individual factors that need to be considered by the trier of fact to get to actual damages that A Cab would or may be liable for.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. GREENBERG: The supreme court said no, we're not going to use that

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standard to certify --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- what's really a (b)(3) damages class in that case.

A very different set of circumstances and concerns were presented in <u>Wal-Mart</u> than in here where we're dealing with a (b)(3) case for damages, Your Honor.

The Sarvas case, which, again, I did cite on page 7 --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- is relying on established Ninth Circuit authority and I have the authority here. I looked at this last night. I mean, the Ninth Circuit revisited this issue just last year in the <u>Just Film</u> case. I can give you the cite. And just to quote briefly, it says typicality -- because when we talk about representatives, the idea that the representatives' claim has to have some common nexus, it must be typical of the class, is tied to this question of adequacy of representation. They must be in a position --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- to also advocate on behalf of the class effectively. And typicality, and I'm quoting, "focuses on the class representatives' claims but not the specific facts from which the claim arose and insures that the interest of the class representative, quotes, aligns with the interest of the class." They cite earlier Ninth Circuit authority, the <a href="Hanon">Hanon</a> case. "The requirement is permissive, such that representative claims are typical if they are reasonably coextensive with those of absent class members; they need not be substantially identical." Citing <a href="Parsons">Parsons</a> and <a href="Hanlon">Hanlon</a>, which are also earlier Ninth Circuit decisions. "Measures of typicality include whether other members have the same or similar injury, whether the action

is based on conduct which is not unique to the named plaintiffs, and whether other class members have been injured by the same course of conduct."

THE COURT: Do those -- do any of those Ninth Circuit cases get into this temporal mirror stuff? Or, in other words, do they directly address the question of how much of a claim -- a claim's time period does the representative plaintiff need to be able to cover in terms of having been employed? Any of those address that directly?

MR. GREENBERG: I understand your question, Your Honor, and I want to be perfectly honest with the Court, as I always should be.

THE COURT: That would be a good idea.

MR. GREENBERG: They do not, simply because it's not an issue that's raised or discussed in these decisions because this question of temporal or time frame identity that defendants are raising here --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- has no basis in actual facts. If the defendants came before this Court -- let's say, for example, this was a discrimination case that involved a certain hiring application that was used by the employer for a two year period and then was stopped and was not used for another two year period and we were seeking relief for people who were denied jobs based upon use of this discriminatory application process. Then clearly in that situation you have a bright line chronologically in terms of the claim. So, somebody who came in in this later two year period, they wouldn't be in a position to claim that the application process in the earlier two year period was discriminatory because they weren't part of that situation, those set of facts, okay, Your Honor.

But we have nothing in this case or this record except defendants' assertions that somehow, well, the policies were different, so forth and so on, during various periods of time. There were different record keeping that was maintained by the employer, this is true. Starting in 2013 we had an asserted payroll record was keeping track of the hours per pay period, which did not exist before 2013 and we had an asserted policy by the defendants starting in 2013 to pay minimum wages. But the plaintiffs still assert that they were not in fact being paid for all of their hours of work under the minimum wage standard, that even in 2013 the records were not accurate. Prior to 2013 there are no records per payroll period, so their compensation every payroll period wasn't sufficient to meet the minimum wage.

So, Your Honor, the claims are the same, okay. There is no evidence here that there is any impairment to the typicality or the adequacy of representation requirements of the class action.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: I would also point out that Mr. Sergeant, who they don't mention, was a -- has been appointed by this Court as a class representative. He worked in 2014, so he actually worked during the period of time when this different payroll record-keeping system was in place, Your Honor, that is at issue in this litigation. So even there, not that that should be a legitimate dividing line anyway for the certification question, but we have representatives who were present during both sets of record-keeping policies, Your Honor.

I mean, if Your Honor wants me to address this further, I would also point out the East Texas Motor Freight Systems case, which is cited by defendants. This is one of the leading United States Supreme Court cases dealing with this

question of adequacy and typicality of class representatives. Just to briefly quote from the decision and the supreme court in upholding the -- in finding that the class certification was granted in error -- the Court of Appeals in that case actually granted the class certification post --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- post district court proceedings. The supreme court reversed it and they reversed it because in that case that was a discrimination case where there were claims of discrimination in promotion that were being brought supposedly on behalf of a class of bus drivers. I believe it was transit workers. And the supreme court said that these representatives, Rodriguez, Perez and Herrera were not members of the class of the discriminatees they purported to represent. The district court found that these plaintiffs lacked the qualifications to be hired as line drivers. They simply on the merits could not have qualified for these jobs that they said were being discriminatorily withheld from people of a certain ethnicity. So thus they could not have suffered -- they suffered no injury as a result of the alleged discriminatory practices. So --

THE COURT: You're talking about the <u>East Texas Motor Freight</u> case?

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, I am. I mean, where you have a situation where a representative has not sustained the injury that is alleged by the class, okay, where clearly on the record this representative has not been injured in the same fashion as the class injury, they can't be a representative. We understand that. That's what the Supreme Court is telling us in this case and in similar cases.

It's not the case here. I mean, in the motion for partial summary judgment, Your Honor, which I would just briefly remind we're still waiting for a

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decision on, Your Honor. Your Honor took that under advisement and with trial approaching it would be helpful for us to hear --

THE COURT: You'd like an answer to that?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, I don't want to jump to that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: We're addressing this.

THE COURT: Uh-huh. Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: But in connection with that motion we had documented and it was undisputed that Mr. Sergeant was shown by defendants' own records to be owed certain unpaid minimum wages, from defendants' own records. We have the assertions, and this is discussed at page 6 of the opposition, we have Mr. Murray's declaration that he was working on average 11 hours per shift. If Mr. Murray was working 11 hours per shift, then he's owed over \$2,000 in unpaid minimum wages based upon simple arithmetic in terms of the analysis, the table that was constructed by plaintiff's expert that, you know, we'll have testimony presented at trial of. So assuming the plaintiffs are able to make out their allegations, their allegations are accepted as factually correct, they have the injuries that are alleged to the class. This isn't the East Texas case where the facts were determined to show that the representatives had no injury that was common to the class. So I think I've adequately addressed this question.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: Unless you have other questions --

THE COURT: No.

MR. GREENBERG: -- regarding the representative fitness, Your Honor.

THE COURT: No. Let's go to the claim that any punitive damages should be dismissed because --

MR. GREENBERG: Yes.

THE COURT: -- partly because it's not -- it's based on fraud claims which are not amenable to class treatment.

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor, on page 13 and page 14 there's --

THE COURT: Of yours?

MR. GREENBERG: -- of my opposition there's a discussion as to some of the reasons, and some of this overlaps with the question of Mr. Nady's liability individually --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: -- as to why punitive -- why there's enough in the record here that a punitive damages finding could be warranted on the evidence that's before the Court, which is that as discussed at page 13 and this Court is aware, in February of 2013 Your Honor made a finding that these class members are subject to the minimum wage provided by Nevada's Constitution.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: Defendants for another 15 months, and Mr. Nady testified about this at his deposition, did not comply with the requirements of Nevada law. Despite being aware of Your Honor's determination that coverage existed, they continued to take a tip credit, which was permissible under the federal law but not under state law, and as a result underpaid the drivers approximately \$170,000 during that period of time because they were giving themselves a tip credit and offsetting their minimum wage requirements under their own records with those tips.

I mean, that goes back again to the partial summary judgment motion, Your Honor.

So that -- I would submit that standing alone is sufficient to open a question of willfulness, intent and so forth that would allow a finding of punitive damages.

I mean, we also have -- and again, this is discussed at page 13, we have this history in 2009 of the defendants being told to keep proper records of the hours that people are working. The fact of the matter and the statute requires -- 608.115 requires the keeping of these hours worked per pay period records. They were not kept by the defendants until 2013. They were advised in 2009 to keep them. They promised the U.S. Department of Labor they would. They did not. The U.S. Department of Labor made a finding in 2013 that the defendants were manipulating the trip sheets and were forcing drivers to put in break time in their trip sheets that were false in an attempt to conceal the hours they were working. Now, I know defendants say this is multiple hearsay. Your Honor, the conclusions of the Department of Labor are not in fact hearsay. I mean, the fact that they were told this by other drivers may be hearsay, but it was a government agency, they reached that conclusion. So --

THE COURT: From that I conclude that you would be intending to introduce evidence during this stage of the proceedings, this trial, of those kinds of activities, notwithstanding your argument that it's not really necessary -- that that's not really the gravamen of the case anymore.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, it's never been the gravamen of the case.

We don't rely on the defendants' records to show the hours that were worked, okay.

We agree the compensation records are accurate. The only thing that's agreed upon between the parties here is we know what these people were paid and nobody

disputes what they were paid. The question is how many hours did they work for that pay every week, every two week pay period?

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: That is the factual issue in dispute between the parties, Your Honor. The accuracy of the trip sheets or the accuracy of the payroll period records they started keeping in 2013 is an issue of fact for trial. The plaintiffs dispute the accuracy of those records, but their claim doesn't arise as a result of those records not being accurate. The plaintiffs are going to have to come in here and they're going to have to present their assertions regarding their hours of work. They are not going to rely upon the defendants' records, at least not solely. They assert that they worked more hours than whatever the defendant has recorded for them.

So the fact that they assert the records are inaccurate is not their cause of action. That's just an evidentiary issue. Defendants are free to come in and say, look, these are the records. Here we have this trip sheet from this plaintiff, he filled this out. The jury could agree that it's accurate or it could agree that the plaintiff -- the plaintiff testifies, well, I was forced to write this break time in because they told me I had to do it because they didn't want me to show I was working too many hours because they'd have to pay me more wages. That's just a factual issue.

THE COURT: So, failing that, if the defendants don't do that, what you just described, producing trip sheets and making an argument from that, is it true that you would not be bringing in evidence during this phase, this trial phase of the claims that Mr. Nady and/or his agents were importuning them to or forcing them

to fill out phony trip sheets? I'm trying to figure out --

MR. GREENBERG: I understand Your Honor's question. It's an interesting question, Your Honor, and I want to be very frank, as always, with the Court. In terms of their case-in-chief, if defendants do not intend to rely on the trip sheets, okay, the fact that the trip sheets are inaccurate is not something that the plaintiffs will bring up in their case-in-chief. If the trip sheets were not to be mentioned at all --

THE COURT: So it would only be --

MR. GREENBERG: -- then the plaintiffs have no reason to question their validity because it's not an issue, it's not a piece of evidence introduced in the case. In respect to --

THE COURT: So --

MR. GREENBERG: Yes?

THE COURT: -- it would only be essentially to impeach any defense witness who attempts to prove the contrary?

MR. GREENBERG: That is -- that is correct, Your Honor. It would be an attempt to either show the defendants' reliance on the trip sheets is not correct, and in addition, Your Honor, we have testimony already in the record here that those 2013 to 2015 payroll records which did purport to record the hours worked per pay period, that testimony is that those hours came from the trip sheets. So to the extent that defendants have maintained that those records are accurate, the question of the trip sheets' accuracy then comes in because they've testified that those computerized records were derivative of the trip sheets, Your Honor.

So that's the extent to which plaintiffs would be looking towards that issue, okay, but that's not where our cause of action lies. Our cause of action is

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23 24 very simply, look, we worked these number of hours and what you paid us wasn't enough to meet the minimum wage for every pay period every week that we worked these hours. Some weeks they were. I mean, some weeks they were in compliance. There's no question that certain class members got paid minimum wages for some majority. In fact, there are probably some people who are class members in this case under Your Honor's order, which broadly certified the class as to all taxi drivers employed, who probably aren't owed any minimum wages.

This is one of the issues I raised in the bifurcation motion which Your Honor recently resolved and in resolving that -- not that I necessarily agree with Your Honor's approach or am completely clear on exactly how Your Honor envisions us moving forward with this case, but one of the things Your Honor did recognize is that the jury is going to have to be free to make an assessment, an inference based upon the evidence here as to the average hours that were worked because we don't have records per pay period. This discussion that defense counsel was engaging in with Your Honor about the need to make these individualized findings as to each single person in terms of how many hours they worked, Your Honor has clearly recognized in that order that that is not an appropriate way for us to proceed because essentially it would absolve an employer in this situation from any sort of reckoning on a classwide basis --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- for a large scale violation of the law by not keeping accurate records. I mean, this was the Mt. Clemens v. Anderson case and so forth, so the law on this is well established. Your Honor has recognized that. So we're going to have to go and have a jury empowered to make a broad finding of some sort

based upon the evidence presented about the hours worked. And then based upon that make an attendant finding about what may be owed to the class because, again, we know what they were paid. It's just a question of were they paid enough for the hours that they worked, and if they weren't, how much less, okay. And we have experts who will be prepared to testify as to that, Your Honor. But --

THE COURT: Okay. Uh --

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor, question?

THE COURT: Your argument about the punitive damage that you're claiming here, part of it is, at least it's a fairly almost all encompassing argument about the punitive damage claim, but part of it is that this is not a breach of contract case, this is a violation of a constitutional right. Is there anything further that you want to say about that?

MR. GREENBERG: I would just respond to something that defendant was saying, that the constitutional amendment's language itself, it doesn't say anything about punitive damages. It authorizes a relief of damages. But -- and this is at page 11 of my opposition and this is the actual language in terms of talking about what can be secured by the employer. The employer, and then quote -- employee, quote, "shall be entitled to all remedies available under the law or in equity appropriate to remedy any violation of this section, including -- including but not limited to back pay damages, reinstatement or injunctive relief."

When it says damages, Your Honor, it doesn't say compensatory damages. It doesn't say punitive damages, either, I agree. It just says damages generally. But when you read this broad language, I don't see how you can read into this an interpretation that this precludes punitive damages. So I would submit

Your Honor needs to look beyond this language to the broader circumstances of this case, the broader policy implications, which I discuss in my brief, Your Honor, so I don't want to repeat what's in the brief, okay.

THE COURT: Okay. What about their argument that the only claims you have against Mr. Nady are -- sound in civil conspiracy, that there's been no discovery conducted of that and that should be dismissed at this point? And with your response to that, please also indicate would you be intending, once this trial phase is over, reopening discovery about Mr. Nady?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor, Your Honor bifurcated the claims against Mr. Nady simply because if A Cab gets a finding of no liability or if there is a finding of liability against A Cab and A Cab satisfies that liability, there's no claim against Mr. Nady.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: So I would submit that in compliance with that we really shouldn't be spending your effort and time reviewing this issue at this point. In terms of the answer to your question, whether we would pursue additional discovery against Mr. Nady, we are prepared to proceed against Mr. Nady individually after stage one of this case if A Cab doesn't satisfy the judgment. I mean, we're not --we're not necessarily opposed to having further discovery, but we had no request for that. It was not contemplated. Mr. Nady did specifically give a deposition in his individual capacity. He gave that in June of last year, which was actually prior to your order in July which granted the bifurcation, okay.

In terms of why Mr. Nady would be in a position to be held personally liable if A Cab doesn't satisfy the judgment or liability here, this is discussed at

page 14 of the opposition. The issue is that Mr. Nady is the sole controller of the company. He is the sole beneficiary of the company. He's the sole decision maker. He's not an absentee owner. He profited substantially from the company's business. If the company had paid the minimum wage, if A Cab had paid the minimum wages during this period of time, we're talking hundreds of thousands of dollars, perhaps a million dollars or more, that would have decreased the profits of the business that Mr. Nady personally received by a like amount, okay.

This is -- it's not disputed that he received substantial income from the company. We have the financial records. They're, you know, under seal. I have not submitted them in camera. I don't think it's necessary because defendants are not disputing that the business was in fact profitable and Mr. Nady in fact did receive substantial profits from the business. If the business was never profitable, then I don't know that Mr. Nady could necessarily be held liable, you understand, because the nature of the liability, as in the fourth claim for relief, Your Honor, is also really in the nature of unjust enrichment.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: And I would submit, Your Honor, actually that the claim against Mr. Nady, if it was to proceed, would really be a claim in equity, okay, under a theory of unjust enrichment or alter ego --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- not a jury type damages claim, Your Honor. And we would stipulate to limit that claim at this point. I mean, I realize this has been a little vague so far in the proceedings, but we would agree that that would be the nature of the claim that would proceed against him at that point if necessary. And again,

Mr. Nady does not dispute --

THE COURT: So, when you say it would be on the basis of unjust enrichment, is that excluding, then, any claim or evidence of a civil conspiracy?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor, the civil conspiracy or aiding and abetting claim is made here simply because Nevada law recognizes these concepts.

But quite candidly, they're not well defined --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- in the jurisprudence by our supreme court. And a question could be argued, well, is this really any different, an aiding and abetting or civil conspiracy claim, in these circumstances is it really any different than an alter ego or an unjust enrichment claim --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- because Mr. Nady essentially is using the entity as his agent. You know, it's a conspiracy of himself with his agent. You understand what I'm saying. So, the claim is pleaded, Your Honor, because, again, the law is a bit unclear, but I don't know that there's any real distinction. You understand what I'm saying --

THE COURT: Okay. Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- between the two.

THE COURT: Okay. How about decertifying the class?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Because it's essentially a fraud claim, not a -- anything to say more about that?

MR. GREENBERG: I really don't know how further to address that than I have,

Your Honor, except to say again that defendants are trying to make this claim into 1 2 something that it isn't. The ultimate question is what hours did these people work? 3 I mean, we know what they were paid. Was it sufficient to meet the minimum wage 4 requirements? The reason that it wasn't sufficient is not germane to the minimum 5 wage amendment. The minimum wage amendment doesn't care if it was a mistake, 6 if there was an intentional record-keeping violation. Whatever the cause is irrelevant. 7 The claim doesn't -- when we talk about fraud, we know -- you know, we study in 8 law school common law, you know, fraud, misrepresentation, reliance, etcetera. 9 There's no -- that doesn't enter into this question of liability here. It's not a question 10 of misrepresentation. It's not a question of reliance. It's not a question of whether

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THE COURT: Uh-huh.

they told the truth or didn't tell the truth.

MR. GREENBERG: It's a question of, well, how much did you pay these people and how many hours did they work? And I think Your Honor understands that, so I'm repeating myself. You've been very generous with your time this morning, Your Honor, so I don't want to take up more than necessary, unless there's something else I can assist the Court with.

THE COURT: No.

MR. GREENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Your Honor, I just want to reply to a few of the things that Mr. Greenberg stated. I'll start with the most recent, which has to do with the claims against Mr. Nady. I think I heard an admission -- at one point it was a stipulation as pertains to this conspiracy theory issue. I pointed out to the Court

that Mr. Greenberg keeps indicating that the defendants are trying to paint this picture of how -- of what the plaintiffs' case are intending to prove at trial. That's why I attached the complaint that we're using. The wording that I'm moving for summary judgment is right out of their complaint.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Mr. Greenberg is dancing around the issue saying, well, no, now we're just talking about an unjust enrichment, we're not really talking about these other things. As it is, they still stand. The civil conspiracy -- and I know that he's arguing, well, it's kind of ambiguous, we really don't know what civil conspiracy is. We do know what civil conspiracy is. I briefed it. I laid out the elements on page 10 of what you must show for a civil conspiracy. They must show that each member of the conspiracy acted in concert, came to a mutual understanding, had an unlawful plan. One of them committed an overt act to further it. There are specific elements. And that was why I indicated there's been absolutely no evidence to support this claim. Again, Your Honor, their complaint is attached as my Exhibit No. 1. It's their third claim for relief, which is civil conspiracy, aiding and abetting, concert of action.

THE COURT: Do you happen to have a spare copy of that? I don't have -
I have your motion but I don't have the --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: The exhibits?

THE COURT: -- the exhibits with it.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I'm sorry, I don't, Your Honor. The only one I have is attached, but I can pull it out here, you know.

THE COURT: Yeah, let's just --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Let me pull it out of my pleading.

THE COURT: We might as well take a minute and look at that because my question is going to be, Mr. Greenberg, does that mean that at this point you would agree to dismiss one or more claims? If you're going to proceed on unjust enrichment, what I don't know is if your claims against Mr. Nady are separated that way. Do you have a separate unjust enrichment and a civil conspiracy?

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. Unjust enrichment is pleaded as the fourth cause of action here, okay, which I would submit is really synonymous with this concept of the use of the corporate entity as an alter ego --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- or as an agent for that purpose, okay. The aiding, abetting, conspiracy claim is in the third cause of action, okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, I would -- if Your Honor is of the belief that there cannot be a civil conspiracy or an aiding and abetting claim, given the configuration here of this case, okay, because again, this is not a question of there being two independent-thinking separate defendants.

THE COURT: It's not a question of whether I have come to some conclusion that means that I would essentially prohibit you from proceeding on that cause of action anyway. That's not my question. My question is are you ready to the point -- as you've already said, you're going to be relying on unjust enrichment. Does that mean we can drop a claim here --

MR. GREENBERG: Well --

THE COURT: -- and clean up what we're going to trial on?

MR. GREENBERG: I would with one caveat, Your Honor, that the third cause of action raises this allegation that the corporation is an alter ego of Mr. Nady. Is that even a separate civil claim, alter ego status? I don't know, Your Honor, okay. I believe it would be tied to this question of unjust enrichment, which is that it all comes back to Mr. Nady personally. It's not a question of him conspiring or aiding and abetting someone else's conduct or conspiring with someone else.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: It's a question of his unjust enrichment and inequitable conduct of his control over the corporate entity. And I would be --

THE COURT: Do you have that there?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Can I take a look at it?

MR. GREENBERG: I would be willing to limit the claims in that fashion, Your Honor, because ultimately it is a question of his unjust enrichment, in my view, based upon his misuse of the corporate form. And I apologize that the pleading may not be clear on this issue, but I would stipulate to the dismissal of the third cause of action and just proceed on the unjust enrichment on the fourth cause of action with the understanding, the caveat that to the extent that this alter ego status, this lack of independent status of the corporate entity -- if that is a separate legal issue and I'm not sure that it is, Your Honor -- would be encompassed within the fourth claim for unjust enrichment. I don't see that a conspiracy, a civil conspiracy claim in the conventional sense necessarily lies here, and I --

THE COURT: Well, what I'm hearing you say is that insofar as the third cause of action alleges a civil conspiracy, that you would be willing to withdraw any

such claim. But to the extent that the third cause of action asserts an alter ego claim --

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- you would keep it in there.

MR. GREENBERG: That is correct. I would withdraw any claims in the third cause of action except the alter ego claim --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- because I believe that is really the essence of the claim against Mr. Nady is this question of misuse of the corporate form as an agent in what is an equitable sort of remedy of the alter ego status.

THE COURT: Well, that at least would sort of clean up what we're headed to trial on, except that we're not really talking about something that would be litigated in this first trial anyway, are we?

MR. GREENBERG: That is correct, Your Honor. I don't know that we need to deal with this, but I'm certainly pleased to help the Court by proceeding in that fashion as we've just discussed.

THE COURT: Well, I think we need to deal with it -- well, for one thing it causes me to ask the question which of these claims are we going to present to a jury now and which claims are we not going to present to the jury?

MR. GREENBERG: It is my position, Your Honor, and consistent with the July order on the bifurcation that the question of Mr. Nady's personal responsibility for anything that the company owes the drivers should not be determined at this stage. I mean, because that's contingent.

THE COURT: Okay, but that doesn't really address are we able to excise

any of the causes of action themselves from the consideration of the jury in this first phase trial?

MR. GREENBERG: I don't think the jury needs to consider whether the corporation was an alter ego of Mr. Nady or whether Mr. Nady was unjustly enriched by the violations that are alleged, assuming the jury finds violations.

THE COURT: So the third claim, then, would not be presented to this jury?

MR. GREENBERG: That is correct, Your Honor. Neither the third nor the fourth claim. And we would limit --

THE COURT: Neither the third or the fourth claims?

MR. GREENBERG: Right. And we would limit the third claim simply to be this question of an alter ego status.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I can appreciate that, Your Honor. And it sounds, again, although it's not confirmed, that the civil conspiracy cause of action is being dropped in its entirety and the only thing that we're possibly --

THE COURT: Except for alter ego out of that.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, okay, but alter ego is actually part of the fourth one where he's alleging unjust enrichment. And unjust enrichment, I'm still moving for summary judgment on that because of a couple of reasons.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Again, just because we're bifurcating and we're in part two, discovery is closed, we're done. We've had our experts. We've had everything that's going to be produced and there is no evidence to support unjust enrichment alter ego. First of all, unjust enrichment is a quasi-contract. We're talking about

THE COURT: All right. So based on that, we're not looking at saying --

we're not limiting -- the fact that the defendant is not alleging an actual breach of

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the contract, of the written contract or of a contract does not preclude the plaintiff from proceeding on alter ego -- no, I'm sorry, on unjust enrichment. I don't know if I clarified anything with that. Let's go back to --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Okay.

THE COURT: Let's go back to that the -- well, to address your argument --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: -- that if -- based on what's just been said that there could be no unjust enrichment claim against Mr. Nady personally --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right. The only argument I heard from plaintiff, again, with no evidence to support it, but his only argument in support of that is that Mr. Nady was an involved owner, the sole decision maker in the company. That is not enough to do what plaintiffs are wanting to do with that, which is basically to pierce the corporate veil. And they are looking beyond satisfaction of a judgment. They're throwing out all kinds of things in their response, saying, oh, the company may not be able to satisfy the judgment, they might declare bankruptcy, we need to have Mr. Nady as a back-up. What they've presented thus far is not sufficient to pierce the corporate veil or to argue this alter ego or this unjust enrichment at this point, and we're at the point where we're within 30 days of trial. Granted that the Court is not going to hear those first set of issues --

THE COURT: Correct.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- but I would expect or envision that when we finish part one we're going to go into part two because the Court did not authorize, again,

a whole reopening, now let's start proving these causes of action of alter ego and unjust enrichment.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: So I think at this stage the Court, with the plaintiff failing to come forward with anything to support that, should dismiss Mr. Nady entirely from this action. There is nothing to allow them to pierce the corporate veil or to argue unjust enrichment or alter ego at this stage.

THE COURT: I would resist the invitation to dismiss those claims at this point. I would not do so, you know, with prejudice. I think that in order to really rule on that motion it is -- it would be very instructive or useful or helpful to the Court to arrive at the proper decision to have the first phase of the trial done and away and then be able to look and see if with what remains is there a claim that they could go forward on. So I would deny that part without prejudice.

Okay, anything more on the rest of the argument?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, Your Honor. On the punitive damages claim the complaint in this matter, as the Court is aware, was filed back in October of 2010, claiming -- making a claim for punitive damages. The only thing I heard from the plaintiffs in support of that claim for punitive damages was their argument that A Cab ignored a Court ruling three years later in 2013 when the issue was on appeal. Mr. Greenberg argued to the Court, saying that in itself should allow punitive damages to go forward. That's not the basis of this complaint and that's a stretch to say because A Cab was waiting on guidance in the Thomas decision from the supreme court for that to support punitive damages, and that's the only thing they've come forward with other than the fraud claims.

So I would ask the Court to consider the punitives as a dismissal.

There's -- everything that we've shown has been that A Cab -- I think it's undisputed A Cab was making efforts to subsidize the minimum wage. There was no intent to maliciously deprive the drivers. The records that have all been produced show that there is a minimum wage subsidy. There was efforts to do an appropriate calculation, so there's not a malicious intent to defraud the drivers.

What I heard Mr. Greenberg say, and this kind of goes into the last point, what he indicated he was going to put on the stand, if I'm understanding him correctly, is the plaintiff saying this is what I got paid, but I wasn't paid for all of my hours. I'm alleging I worked 12 hours and defendants are alleging that I worked less than that. And, yes, we're going to put the trip sheets into evidence to say, well, didn't you basically sign off that you only worked 8 hours and your documented proof shows 8 hours? So the trip sheets are going to come into evidence. That's the plan. But if the Court would read into that, what we just heard from Mr. Greenberg is this is an admission that this is not a minimum wage claim. This is an hours worked claim.

And the last point I would point out to the Court is the <u>East Texas</u> case, as well as the <u>Wal-Mart</u> case --

THE COURT: Before we move on to that, how does a claim that -- you just called it an hours worked claim, is that what --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Unpaid hours.

THE COURT: Unpaid hours. How is that different from a minimum wage claim in the circumstance where their theory is that they don't dispute or contest what the amount was they were paid, they dispute or contest the number of hours

worked, which means if they prove the hours worked then you do have unpaid wages, do you not?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I think they're two separate things, Your Honor. A minimum wage claim, as we are seeing with some of the other ones that are ongoing in the state and federal courts, are a circumstance where the driver is simply getting paid \$5.00 an hour instead of 7.25 or 8.25 and the employer is deliberately not paying the minimum wage. That's not the case here. All of the records show that A Cab was subsidizing to bring the driver up to 7.25 or 8.25 where appropriate.

The plaintiffs' theory in this is that it wasn't enough because there's some fraud in there where whatever A Cab was relying upon to calculate the hours to come up with the subsidy, there was a mistake in the hours somewhere, whether it's the drivers writing in breaks that they didn't take or the company forcing the drivers to write in breaks, telling them you have to write in breaks. Even though you worked 12 hours, you need to say and sign that you only worked 10 hours. So what the drivers are alleging is I worked an additional 2 hours at 7.25 or 8.25 that I'm not being paid for and I want those hours. And they should have gone to the Labor Commissioner.

And one other thing that I would mention about that because Mr.

Greenberg is saying, well, this is an impossibility, you're putting this burden upon the plaintiffs to, you know, look at the documents and figure out what each driver was owed. Every driver, every one of his clients is entitled to their documents by law. If you want your personnel record, you go to A Cab, you go to any employer and they have to turn over all your payroll records, your personnel file, your trip sheets.

A Cab has always made those available and we turned those over immediately

actually. They just didn't look at them. There's over 300,000 of documents available if any one of those individual people wanted to look at what was I actually paid, what do I think I'm owed.

pertaining to their representative plaintiffs. We turned them over for everybody,

And going back to the beginning of this case, Your Honor, when I took the depositions of their plaintiffs, nobody said anything about minimum wage. They were complaining I wasn't paid for a radio call, I was shorted because of my drop shorts. You know, I think I should have made more money at A Cab because I was making more money at Frias. There was a whole variety of samples that Mr. Murray and Mr. Reno were claiming. But nobody ever said anything about minimum wage. And what Mr. Greenberg has just said, it sounds like they're still not even going to say anything about minimum wage. They're going to say, you know, this bad employer forced me to write in breaks that I didn't take. And that's what this case is going to be about. That's what's going to be tried before the jury, is do they believe the driver or do they believe A Cab, that A Cab is forcing them to write in breaks that they didn't take.

So, that's my last point is that the <u>Wal-Mart</u> case and the <u>East Texas</u> case that Mr. Greenberg was talking about, I cited to those because they do support that you must have typicality from a class representative because Mr. Greenberg was talking about typicality and why it's important to have a representative from that time period. I'm trying to find, with Your Honor's indulgence to give me -- I've got my papers all in a mess here. But there was one other area I wanted to mention. I think it's page 11 of my motion, I hope.

THE COURT: Baldridge? That's on page 11. Deposition of the plaintiff.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Give me one second, Your Honor. There's a couple of cases here that the courts were very clear about --

THE COURT: Teflon.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- that a theory -- a theory of -- such as what Mr. Greenberg is asserting is not enough to support class action when there is individualized analysis that is required. And I think it's become more and more clear that that's what we have here is an individualized analysis of the hours, the shifts, the health insurance, the number of dependents. All of that needs to be taken into consideration when determining whether a claimant has been underpaid at minimum age or not. (I think I was looking at the wrong motion).

THE COURT: At the wrong motion, did you say?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yeah, my wrong motion. Here it is. It's page 11 of my motion, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: "The presence of a common legal theory" --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- does not establish typicality for class certification purposes when proof of a violation requires individualized inquiry." This is that <a href="In re Teflon Products">In re Teflon Products</a> liability litigation. And also Your Honor was correct, the <a href="Baldridge">Baldridge</a> case. And that's what we have here is individualized inquiry as to each claimant's claim for damages that in reality will have to be analyzed in order to determine what their claim damages, if any, exist.

I don't have anything further, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, thank you.

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MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.

THE COURT: Some of these are -- it's not so much they're close calls, they just require an analysis of a difficult topic when we apply these causes of action to facts such as this. The best I can do is this. As to the failure to provide -- to prove any liability or damages, I would deny the motion as to that. As to no representative plaintiff, I would deny it as to that. I believe that there is sufficient authority, albeit predominantly federal authority, that would seem to indicate that they don't have to have all the same time period, as long as there is still typicality and commonality. As to the dismissal of punitive damages, I would deny that on the basis that this is a deprivation of a constitutional right claim and that the wording of that provision does not preclude punitive damages.

Anyway, so as to the dismissal of claims against Mr. Nady personally, I've already sort of adverted to that. I think it's appropriate to wait and see what happens with this trial before trying to address dismissal of the claims against Mr. Nady personally. Nor would I decertify the class on the basis that it's fraud, and you can't do a class action for a fraud claim because I am satisfied that Mr. Greenberg has demonstrated that the essential evidence at trial is not going to be about fraud but about the claims that their constitutional rights were deprived, that they were not paid the minimum wage when you do the calculation of how much they were paid and how many hours they worked. It's not an easy decision for me, but I think that's the best I can do.

Mr. Greenberg, you will prepare the order and pass it by counsel.

MR. GREENBERG: I will get to that. I hope if not this week, on Monday, Your Honor --

MR. GREENBERG: -- because we don't have a lot of time. I appreciate that.

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MS. RODRIGUEZ: Your Honor, do we have a -- I thought we had a

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stipulation at least on the civil conspiracy issue. Is Your Honor still holding that one

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in abeyance?

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cause of action alleges anything beyond alter ego, that part of the motion to dismiss

THE COURT: Well, yeah, that's a good point. To the extent that the third

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against Mr. Nady would be granted. The Court will not dismiss, however, the third

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claim insofar as it alleges only an alter ego cause of action.

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MR. GREENBERG: That is fine, Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. GREENBERG: That's consistent with my representation to the Court.

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THE COURT: Now, I need -- before you leave, I need to know something.

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(The Court confers with the clerk)

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THE COURT: Mr. Greenberg, you indicated that the Court has not ruled on the partial summary judgment motion?

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MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. We had some extensive argument

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with you about this last month and a conclusion you had from the bench indicated

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a finding of liability being established, but it wasn't clear what that meant because

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liability in the context of a partial summary judgment motion meant a finding that

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those payroll records established a certain number of hours worked and therefore

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a certain amount of wages owed based on those hours worked. And you needed

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to consider this further because in essence in a case like this, Your Honor, liability

and damages are intertwined. If you haven't paid for the hours, then you're liable

1	and you're also liable
	and you're also liable
2	THE COURT: Hold on just one second.
3	MR. GREENBERG: Yes.
4	THE COURT: We're printing it now to see if this because I thought I had
5	already tried not to drag this consideration out; try and get it done. My crack staff
6	is producing it for us right now.
7	MR. GREENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: It's a minute order of December 14th. Are you familiar with
9	that?
10	MR. GREENBERG: I don't know.
11	THE COURT: Let me get you to take a look at it and see if that still leaves
12	open the issue you're talking about or if that represents the ruling on it.
13	Are you familiar with that, December 14th?
14	MS. RODRIGUEZ: I don't think so, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay. Can you pump out another one? A couple more.
16	THE CLERK: Uh-huh.
17	MR. GREENBERG: This yeah. Your Honor, is it possible I could just
18	briefly address this? I have not seen this before, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Okay. It does resolve the issue, does it not?
20	MR. GREENBERG: Well, it leaves it where
21	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Can I have a chance to see it before he addresses it?
22	THE COURT: Yeah.
23	MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor
24	THE COURT: Hang on one second.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes, let me wait.

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THE COURT: All right. Mr. Goldberg -- sorry -- Mr. Greenberg.

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MR. GREENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. It's really the last two lines here

dealing with -- and this is where we left this when we saw you on December 14th,

Your Honor.

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THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: You said you believed that we had established, plaintiffs, that there was no material issue of fact and that liability was established. My question to you at that point, well, was liability for what? And you said you were going to consider this further because as I was explaining to you a few minutes ago, Your Honor, the claim was that approximately 172 or 177 thousand dollars was owed --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- at 7.25 an hour, based on defendants' records, which defendants assert are fully accurate records. And we submitted, you know, a pay period by pay period analysis. It ran about 600 pages for something like 12,000 pay periods for 500 class members or whatever it was. I actually have a copy of the papers here, Your Honor, and it established that this amount was owed. So if liability is established based upon the records, then the amount is also established, is what I'm trying to communicate to Your Honor. I mean, I don't know what we would be trying as to that issue if we've shown that there's no disputed issue of fact that, well, these are the records for this period. The parties agree this was what these people were paid or there's no material issue that these people were paid this much and there's --

THE COURT: You don't want to dress it up with some expert that did the calculations and says that if liability is established this is what the number is?

MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor -- Your Honor declined to invalidate the regulation which would have applied an 8.25 an hour rate. You declined to place the burden as to the health insurance on the defendants. That was very clear. We left on the 14th of December knowing that, okay. The issue, though, was that, again, you had found that -- you were saying that we had established that there was liability.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: And there's at least \$174,839 that are owed that is at least \$10 to each of the class members specified in the motion for partial summary judgment. That's at the 7.25 an hour rate. That was what there's no material issue of fact that was established based upon the records, Your Honor. So if we've established the liability based on those records, based upon defendants' admission that those hours of work are accurate and the parties' agreement that the records reflect what people were actually paid and Your Honor's finding that there's no material issue of fact, then we should have a finding. I mean, we had discussed having immediate judgment entered for that amount on December 14th, but if Your Honor would defer entry of judgment, then that's fine, okay. But my question is, is this question resolved?

THE COURT: What is the -- I don't know if you called it an admission, but the agreement with the defendants or by the defendants that there is no -- what was that part you said? You don't contest the calculation itself.

MR. GREENBERG: The defendants' expert did not contest the calculation

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at his deposition. They did not in their opposition to the partial summary judgment point to a single payroll period that was analyzed that was in error. They contested the application of the 8.25 an hour rate and Your Honor denied any application of the 8.25 an hour rate in connection with the motion. So the only portion of the motion that we established under Your Honor's finding was the amount owed at 7.25. And as I've explained before, Your Honor, this is really owed because they were applying this tip credit for this 15-month period when they shouldn't have been doing it.

So I would ask the Court to allow entry of a determination. Again, it doesn't have to -- if Your Honor doesn't wish to enter an immediate judgment, that's Your Honor's discretion. I don't want to argue the merits of that with the Court. You've been very patient with us today. I mean, I think that would be appropriate, but if Your Honor is going to defer entering any judgment until final judgment in the case in its entirety, that's your decision to make, Your Honor. I would just ask the Court to make the finding that the \$175,839 is owed to the identified class members. There are 319 class members. They're owed at least \$10, okay. If they're owed less than \$10 it would be de minimis and we don't need to be bothered with it. I would ask that be incorporated into Your Honor's order because that is what Your Honor found.

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: I don't understand how we could have a finding of liability without that attendant finding as to what the liability was for, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let me ask Ms. Rodriguez, do you -- is any of your evidence going to contest the calculation itself?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Absolutely, Your Honor. We argued this extensively. We were here a couple hours. I think Your Honor gave us an hour and a half. So I'm not really sure -- one, I'm objecting because this isn't on calendar this morning. Two, he's arguing for reconsideration of what we've already argued, This is the third time that we're here. We have our experts contesting the calculations.

THE COURT: Okay. So they contest the actual -- I'm not talking about --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- liability --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- but they contest the actual calculation --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Absolutely.

THE COURT: -- of the damages?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Absolutely. And I asked --

THE COURT: What do they contest? What do they --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: They -- my expert is the only one who did testing comparing the calculations, the tool that they produced with actual review of the trip sheets and the paystubs and, you know, looking at the actual data and showed this is where it's wrong, this is where it's wrong. We had Mr. Greenberg come in this morning and say the majority of the drivers are not even owed anything. Now he's saying, well, they're owed at least \$10. So -- and Your Honor considered this the last time and said no, this is what needs to go before the jury; I can't just pick some random number.

THE COURT: That's what I had in mind, Mr. Greenberg, that just because the Court says there is liability, you still do have a necessary step to calculate the

damages. And if the defendants are going to say you can't -- the calculation is wrong.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, they haven't said that. That's the problem is in their opposition in the record in response to the partial summary judgment motion they say their expert says you should look at the trip sheets, okay. We're looking at the payroll records. The partial summary judgment motion is based on the payroll records. Defendants testified at their 30(b)(6) deposition the payroll records for 2013 to 2015 --

THE COURT: So, Ms. Rodriguez, are you saying that the impact or import of the testimony you would produce or evidence you would produce is that you have to use the trip sheets in order to arrive at -- in other words, you can't rely --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- on --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: The tool.

THE COURT: -- the evidence which was turned over from the defendants to the plaintiffs as a way to calculate the damages?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, that's one part of it, Your Honor. One, we are arguing you need to look at the source documents rather than this abstract tool for the appropriate calculation.

THE COURT: How can I let you still make that argument if I have essentially said that they are entitled to rely upon the evidence produced by the defendant in the form of -- you're going to have to help me out.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well --

MR. GREENBERG: The QuickBooks records, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
2	MR. GREENBERG: The QuickBooks records.
3	THE COURT: The QuickBooks records.
4	MS. RODRIGUEZ: That was always our argument was that what we were
5	ordered, what A Cab was ordered to produce by the Discovery Commissioner was
6	nothing that was kept in the normal course, and it was pieces of data that Mr.
7	Greenberg specifically wanted. He wanted certain parts of the data and then
8	THE COURT: Okay. But didn't wasn't that argument overruled?
9	MS. RODRIGUEZ: No, Your Honor, it wasn't. Your Honor agreed with it. If
10	you're talking about the Court, or are you talking about the Discovery Commissioner?
11	THE COURT: The Discovery Commissioner.
12	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes. She said you have to give him what he wants.
13	You have to go back and you have to produce all this, the different sets, Excel
14	spreadsheets and things like that. We gave that to him. He's used certain portions.
15	By his own expert's admissions they've only used certain portions. They've ignored
16	other portions to come up with their own figures.
17	THE COURT: Certain portions of the QuickBooks?
18	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes. So
19	THE COURT: What have they and let's make it to
20	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Hours. The big question is hours.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	MS. RODRIGUEZ: That's where the big dispute is.
23	THE COURT: And they what else in the QuickBooks have they ignored?
24	MS. RODRIGUEZ: I can't tell you off the top of my head, Your Honor. Again,

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THE COURT: Okay. So we know that it's going to go forward.

THE COURT: Well, it's certainly not an ideal way, but I don't really want to

change the timing of those. If we have -- if you come to calendar call and we set

I wasn't prepare to re-argue this. I can go back and look at my notes from -- because I know I have a very large stack from the last time we were here.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: But one thing that I would mention, Your Honor, and I was going to ask the Court when our motions in limine are actually set because I do have motions on these particular issues, on both Dr. Clauretie's opinions and Mr. Bass' opinions as to whether they're even proper for consideration because whether they're proper -- and this is what we argued the last time, whether the Court will deem them admissible or not, admissible evidence. He has to have admissible evidence for you to rule in his favor on summary judgment that he's asking you to jump over and rule again this morning. So, I --

THE CLERK: The motions in limine?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Yes, ma'am.

THE CLERK: The 23rd.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: The 23rd of January. And we have our pretrial and calendar call on the 18th? Because I was going to ask Your Honor what all you expect us to bring at that -- what the expectation is for our calendar call on the 18th.

THE COURT: What's our trial date, then?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: February 5th.

the -- you know, we -- is it a fixed date? Is it a set date?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: The trial date.

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: For the stack, Your Honor. Yes.

THE CLERK: It's just on the stack.

THE COURT: All right. So the only thing that's subject to is whatever happens as a result of your motions in limine and what the impact of that is, which will have to be sorted out completely before we start this trial. Nothing in this case seems to go according to the norm.

MR. GREENBERG: I understand, Your Honor. If I could --

THE COURT: Yeah, go ahead.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, in respect to the issue of the calculations that were presented, the \$174,000 or so I was mentioning to Your Honor in the partial summary judgment motion, again, defendants' expert reviewed the data that was compiled --

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. GREENBERG: -- and summarized from the QuickBooks. His testimony was: "Dr. Clauretie's review of the math I think is good." Okay. He examined the spreadsheet, he examined the A Cab all file, the payroll analysis that was done. It's in the record before the Court.

THE COURT: I think we're talking about apples and oranges. When I say to Ms. Rodriguez, do you contest the calculation, she goes back to, yes, we think you have to use the trip sheets. But what I really meant by that -- you're talking just calculation of the math and you're saying, look, there's no contrary evidence, and I think as to that you're probably correct.

 MR. GREENBERG: Well, Your Honor --

THE COURT: So what I think is missing in all this is the impact of my ruling because I think that essentially what I'm saying is that the defendant -- I mean, the plaintiff is entitled to rely upon for the calculation of damages the QuickBooks that were produced by the defendant. I understand that the defendant believes that the trip sheets must be consulted, but in this kind of a case I think that it is appropriate where you have a Discovery Commissioner that has ordered you to produce what the records -- you know, a compilation of what the records indicate is the calculation, is the math, is the numbers.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: But the only thing in the QuickBooks, Your Honor, is the pay. That's why we come back to when you actually test the source documents, test the trip sheets like our expert did, then you show there was an adequate -- this subsidy was enough to meet the driver -- to meet the driver's pay.

THE COURT: But isn't the QuickBooks -- the pay is dependent upon the hours that are also used in the calculation, is it not?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: From the trip sheets.

MR. GREENBERG: For 2013 through 2015, the QuickBooks records hours worked for each driver for every two week pay period. This is documented in the presentation to the Court. It is in the spreadsheet that was relied upon and it was reviewed by defendants' expert, Your Honor. So the hours for this period are in the QuickBooks records, along with the compensation that was paid every pay period, Your Honor. So the calculation flows as a matter of course, therefore, Your Honor.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: And his reference to our expert saying, yes, the math is right, this was after asking the question ten times and it was a very limited admission.

He basically asked the expert, well, if you use A and you use B, isn't it true that that will come up with C? And what Mr. Leslie ended up saying was, well, yeah, if you use those factors one plus one is going to equal two. The math was right using the source that Mr. Greenberg was using. But what Mr. Leslie said was, but no, if you actually look at reality rather than theory, the numbers don't add up. The numbers are not right. And I will give you specific examples, which his experts did not. His experts never looked at a source document to come up with their numbers. Everything is a theory. It's an estimate, by their own admissions. Our expert looked at actual documents, did a calculation, came up with different numbers entirely, and Your Honor considered this.

THE COURT: Then why weren't those different numbers used for the calculation, for the math calculation that was in the QuickBooks?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: The QuickBooks don't -- you have to go to the trip sheets to actually look at the breaks, to actually look at the actual hours, and those documents are there. Those documents --

THE COURT: Well, here's what I'm asking you.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: They were used for the QuickBooks. They were used for the QuickBooks, Your Honor. I know what you're asking me. I'm trying to answer it --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- because I can see what you're picturing. But that's why I'm saying the QuickBooks are only --

THE COURT: I'm picturing that if you produce something that is in response to a discovery request that says --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: -- based on the documents we have here's the calculation of the hours and here's the calculation of the hourly wage.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: No. What we gave per order and in compliance with what the Discovery Commissioner ordered, she ordered an external hard drive to contain all of those trip sheets and turn that over to -- we had them all copied, thousands and thousands of PDFs onto an external hard drive, the actual source documents as well as the paystubs, give those to Mr. Greenberg. We gave those to Mr. Greenberg. Then he wanted other things, and actually the timing was the other way around. First he wanted the QuickBooks' pay rather than the paystubs. We gave to him in electronic format. Then we came back and gave him the paper documents.

THE COURT: Okay. None of that changes the fact that this was a QuickBooks document analysis --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: -- that came from the defendants to the plaintiffs --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- that included hours worked and the pay.

MR. NADY: No.

THE COURT: No?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: No. That's what I'm telling you, Your Honor. That does not have --

MR. NADY: It says when they came and when they left.

THE COURT: Well, Mr. Greenberg, does it include the hours worked or not?

THE COURT: What is the effect of them giving you a document that purports

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to be something that includes the hours worked and the pay -- you know, what the resulting pay is?

MR. GREENBERG: The effect is they're bound by it because they never disputed that it was accurate, Your Honor. Under oath they asserted that it was accurate.

THE COURT: What authority do you rely on to say they're bound by it?

In other words, here's what I'm getting at. Is there still room in this trial for them to dispute that, the accuracy?

MR. GREENBERG: No, there isn't, Your Honor. They produced a 30(b)(6) witness who was specifically instructed to testify as to the accuracy of these records. He testified that they were accurate. He testified they were more accurate than the trip sheets in terms of what they recorded as to the hours worked. In opposition --

THE COURT: Then why would we allow -- why would we allow countervailing testimony? Why would we allow countervailing testimony?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: He's taking that completely out of context, Your Honor, and I can pull multiple transcripts before the Discovery Commissioner where we went before the Discovery Commissioner with Mr. Nady even present, indicating the source documents show the hours, show the start times, show what he just mentioned about the drivers showing up ahead of time, they get an extra six minutes, the break times. All of that has to be reviewed right out of the source documents. And we told the Discovery Commissioner this way back when and she still ordered the production over to Mr. Greenberg of the electronic data that does not capture all of that information. And she cautioned him as well to be careful on how he was going to use that because this is where we're at. He's picked and

chosen certain parts to advocate that this is the proper number. But that's why we got an expert --

THE COURT: You're saying that --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- to say no, this is not the proper number.

THE COURT: You're saying that he has taken the material, and this was in what, on a hard drive? The QuickBooks spreadsheet was what?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh, it's been in a number of fashions because it's so big.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: We've had to do like drop files.

THE COURT: So he took -- you're saying he took that and although it said -- when you gave it to him --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: -- it had certain -- for a given individual a certain number of hours worked.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: That he changed those hours?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Oh, I don't know if he changed those hours, Your Honor, because what his experts, who created the document said, was that they just plugged in hours as instructed by Mr. Greenberg, okay. And that's why I -- and I cited to their deposition. That's why I'm referencing my hearing on the motions in limine because the actual tool itself, the spreadsheet, what they're calling a tool is unreliable. It should never even come into this case, into this trial. And that's what they're relying upon for summary judgment. That's why we hired an expert to show --

1	THE COURT: Who has the legal obligation to keep those records?
2	MR. GREENBERG: The defendant, Your Honor.
3	MS. RODRIGUEZ: The defendant has those records, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Well
5	MS. RODRIGUEZ: And again, I need to come back to this because he made
6	a representation to the Court that the employer was admonished by, you know,
7	federal agencies for not keeping records. That's absolutely not true. We go back
8	to the
9	THE COURT: Okay. Well, I don't right now I don't care about that. That's
10	not the issue.
11	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Okay. Well, it's not true. The records are there.
12	THE COURT: The question in my mind right now is whether or not you
13	would be precluded from bringing at trial evidence to dispute the accuracy of the
14	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Abso
15	THE COURT: Just a minute. The accuracy of the hours worked if it is true
16	that that is in a document that you gave to the defense I mean, to the plaintiff
17	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.
18	THE COURT: in response to a request for that.
19	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.
20	THE COURT: And if you have testimony from Mr. Nady if you do, that
21	I mean, you know
22	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.
23	THE COURT: this is assuming this testimony that that is more accurate

than the trip sheets.

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MS. RODRIGUEZ: Your Honor --

THE COURT: If that's the case, then the question in my mind is do you even get to put on countervailing testimony?

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, Your Honor, from day one I, as their representative, as well as Mr. Nady, have come into this court and come repeatedly before the Discovery Commissioner, repeatedly over and over and over saying the trip sheets are the most reliable document that capture hours. We've never said anything to the contrary. It's Mr. Greenberg who is always wanting to rely on this electronic manipulation, for lack of a better term. The Discovery Commissioner said I don't like you using the word manipulation because I kept telling her that, that he was manipulating numbers to come up with a final number and it wasn't necessarily what was captured in the normal business course.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, this was all documented in the record on the partial summary judgment. Your Honor arrived at a finding that there were no material issues in dispute sufficient for plaintiff to establish --

THE COURT: Yeah. And the reason -- part of the reason for that is the belief that if this is a document, a product, a piece of evidence produced from the defense to the plaintiff purporting to be the hours worked and the calculation therefrom --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Right.

THE COURT: -- then I didn't see how there could be, then, a factual dispute.

MR. GREENBERG: There isn't.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Your Honor, and that's what -- you know, Mr. Wall was redirecting -- I guess I'm missing the focus of your question, so let me clarify and

maybe he may want to speak to this because I missed the actual question.

No, the defendants did not purport that. We were ordered to produce a certain amount of information. And I've said the opposite. We've never said that those are the accurate representation of the pay -- or, excuse me, of the hours.

THE COURT: Well, he's claiming that Nady said that in his deposition.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Well, no, Nady didn't say that.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor --

THE COURT: You got that handy?

MR. GREENBERG: Yes. Yes, I do, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, here's what I want.

MR. GREENBERG: Yes.

THE COURT: I want you to submit to me that deposition. I don't want to go hunt it up.

MR. GREENBERG: Of course.

THE COURT: The portion where he says that it's more accurate than the trip sheets.

MR. GREENBERG: Okay.

THE COURT: I want any authorities from either of you about how we're to handle that issue at trial. Is it something where the -- that plaintiff is correct that you can't dispute at trial the mathematical accuracy because you don't have witnesses who will, if your expert says the math is correct and if Mr. Nady says that that's accurate, that that's more accurate than the trip sheets.

Secondarily, if you have that do you get to present countervailing evidence or is that -- or should the order on this motion be that since you do not

have any evidence that the math is wrong, that the motion itself is granted, partial summary judgment for the lesser amount and that issue is removed from trial?

That's what I need from both of you, authorities on how we're to handle that at trial. Is that a done deal or can the defendant come in and contest the accuracy of the product that they submitted? I need the Discovery Commissioner's order in order to know whether that order is -- leads to the conclusion that this was accurate or whether it was clouded, as the defendant indicates, that they never agreed that it would be an accurate accounting.

MR. GREENBERG: Okay. Your Honor, this was all addressed in the briefs that were submitted. If your law clerk were to review them --

THE COURT: All right.

MR. GREENBERG: -- I'm sure they could --

THE COURT: Okay. If you're content to rest on that, that's fine, we'll do that. I will take a look at it.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: I would like to submit, Your Honor, because I would like to pull the Discovery Commissioner's orders and transcripts and our representations repeatedly about this information. I think it's important based on the Court's inclination to not allow the defendant to dispute this because I thought we went through all of this the last time and the Court was persuaded this was an issue for the jury, and so I'm not really sure why we're back to square one.

THE COURT: It may be -- it may still be, but it may be that there's a jury instruction that says that this -- the jury may take this as an admission by the defendant, and yet still allow you to put on some evidence as to the calculation, that it's an inaccurate calculation. I have to do something to figure out what do you

do with a document that purports to be --

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh.

THE COURT: -- produced by the defense in response to this order and purports to be, if Mr. Greenberg is correct, by Mr. Nady that this is more accurate.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: Would Your Honor be inclined to hear this at the same time as our motions in limine issue because they go hand in hand --

THE COURT: No.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: -- with the problem with his expert's calculations. It's the very same question.

THE COURT: No. If you want to get something to me, you need to do it in very short order and I need to get this resolved. We're not getting issues that must be resolved in order for both sides to prepare for trial and the Court to prepare for trial.

MS. RODRIGUEZ: But, Your Honor, his whole tool was created by these two experts and there's some major problems with these two experts. And that's what the Court is going to hear on the 23rd, I believe. That's why I'm arguing that they're the same.

THE COURT: Well, there's nothing that says that whatever I decide, based on the authorities that you're going to give me and that I already have from Mr.

Greenberg, could still be subject to whatever the Court decides on the 23rd if the --No, I take it back. You're right. It would be better to simply resolve it on the 23rd.

MR. GREENBERG: We then should be prepared to address it at that time.

And I think Your Honor is correct, there are two fundamental issues here. Is the information provided accurate for making a resolution before the Court and are the

calculations based on that information in fact undisputed. So -- and I think Your Honor needs to examine those --

THE COURT: Well, and I think probably an important issue is whether it was purported to be accurate.

MR. GREENBERG: Well, right. Is it in fact something that should bind the parties here --

THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. GREENBERG: -- and are the calculations made on that information accurate? I think Your Honor understands --

THE COURT: Well, either to bind or at least to be admissible with some sort of instruction that indicates that when you have an order out of the Court to do this and you produce that, it's an admission.

MR. GREENBERG: Your Honor, the issues you were raising are addressed at pages 3 to 5 and 10 to 11 of the reply on the partial summary judgment --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: -- if that would assist your clerk. Those are the pages where you will find the discussion as to the corroboration of the records' authenticity and the correctness of the calculations that were presented that we were discussing.

THE COURT: Okay. I would still like to get anything you're going to submit in short order.

MR. GREENBERG: Okay. We will be prepared to address this, you said on the 22nd, is that it?

THE COURT: 23rd.

MR. GREENBERG: The 23rd. Okay. When would Your Honor like --

1	THE COURT: But I don't yeah, I don't want to wait 'til then
2	MR. GREENBERG: Yes.
3	THE COURT: to get the authorities.
4	MR. GREENBERG: When would Your Honor like to have anything submitted
5	in connection with this?
6	THE COURT: I think probably a week should do it.
7	MR. GREENBERG: So that would be by the 20th, we'll say. Okay.
8	THE COURT: No. No, no. A week.
9	MR. GREENBERG: Not by the 20th. I apologize. The 17th.
10	THE COURT: No. A week from now.
11	THE CLERK: One week is the 9th.
12	MR. GREENBERG: A week from now. Oh, okay, I understand. The 9th.
13	That's fine, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: All right. A week from now any additional authorities you're
15	going to submit.
16	MR. GREENBERG: We will
17	THE COURT: And I'm not asking for a complete rehash. Based on what I've
18	said, I think you know where I'm going and the question I need to know is for some
19	reason is there not a record something in the record to warrant such (inaudible).
20	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Uh-huh. I will, Your Honor.
21	MR. GREENBERG: I will have something submitted on the 9th. I will try to
22	keep it brief, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: All right. Okay.

MR. GREENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: Thank you.
2	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you, Judge.
3	THE COURT: You're going to do the order from today.
4	MR. GREENBERG: I will, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Okay.
6	MR. GREENBERG: And I should have it circulated to defense counsel no
7	later than Monday.
8	THE COURT: Very good.
9	MR. GREENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
10	MS. RODRIGUEZ: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	(PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 12:04 P.M.)
13	* * * * *
14	
15	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the
16	audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
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18	Liz Garcia, Transcriber LGM Transcription Service
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### DISTRICT COURT

### **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly situated,

Plaintiffs,

VS.

A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-12-669926-C

Dept. No.

Hearing Date: December 14, 2017

Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m.

### DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENT AS ORDERED BY THE COURT ON JANUARY 2, 2018

Defendants, by and through their attorneys of record, hereby submit this Supplemental information as ordered by the Court on January 2, 2018. At the scheduled hearing on Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment, Plaintiffs' counsel addressed the issue of Plaintiffs' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment that had been previously heard on December 14, 2017. As a result of that prior hearing, the Court had already ordered Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment and Motion to Place Evidentiary Burden on Defendants to Establish Lower Tier Minimum Wage and Declare NAC 608.102(2)(B) Invalid DENIED as to Motion to Place Evidentiary Burden on Defendants to Establish Lower Tier Minimum Wage and Declare NAC 608.102(2)(B) Invalid and

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GRANTED only to the extent Plaintiff has established the liability claim; the only thing left are the damages. (Court Minutes, 12/14/17.)

At the January 2, 2018 hearing on Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment, and the unilateral reopening of arguments on Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment by Plaintiffs' counsel, Leon Greenberg, the Court ordered that Defendants should provide additional authority as to why they should be allowed to contest the accuracy of the data and numbers prepared by Plaintiffs at the upcoming trial.

### **POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

#### I. **OVERVIEW IN RESPONSE:**

Since the commencement of this action, over 5 years now, Defendants have consistently maintained that the source documents are the most accurate documents for any calculation of hours and wages for each employee. Defendants have never swayed from this position. The source documents, by law, have always been available to any employee who requests a copy of his/her own information. A Cab keeps all source documents in compliance with all State and Federal laws. See NRS 706.8844.1 Contrary to Plaintiffs' statements to the Court, A Cab has not been found to be in

- 2. At the beginning of each period of duty the driver shall record on the driver's trip sheet:
- (a) The driver's name and the number of the taxicab;
- (b) The time at which the driver began the period of duty by means of a time clock provided by the certificate holder;

- 4. At the end of each period of duty the driver shall record on the driver's trip sheet:
- (a) The time at which the driver ended the period of duty by means of a time clock provided by the certificate holder; (NRS 706.8844) emphasis added

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NRS 706.8844 Trip sheets.

<sup>1.</sup> A certificate holder shall require the certificate holder's drivers to keep a daily trip sheet in a form to be prescribed by the Taxicab Authority, including, without limitation, in electronic form.

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violation of record keeping laws by state and federal agencies.

Plaintiffs, to the contrary, have argued that they needed every variety of data, documents, and information - most of which was not kept in the normal business course - but had to be created to appease Plaintiffs. At great expense to the company, both in terms of manpower hours to complete the tasks and the sheer number of copies, thousands of documents have been copied in paper form and electronically and provided to Plaintiffs' counsel in this matter. As confirmed by the Plaintiff representatives and the Plaintiffs' experts all efforts and expenditures by A Cab were for naught, as nothing was ever even reviewed by the requesting party. (The Court has the excerpts and citations in prior briefing, to the depositions of Plaintiffs' experts wherein they concede their lack of review.)

Of note is the inconsistency before the Court wherein Plaintiffs have repeatedly argued against their current position, that A Cab did not keep accurate records. See Plaintiffs' Complaint: "Defendants intentionally acted to not institute any system that would keep an express, confirmed and accurate record of the hours worked by such taxi driver employees..." Second Amended and Supplemental Complaint, ¶ 17. Plaintiffs now make a 180 degree turn, asking the Court to accept as definitive the number of hours their experts offer of the "hours worked" based upon select portions of Defendants' records.

Following Plaintiffs' most recent oral request for reconsideration, the Court is now indicating its inclination to tie the Defendants' hands at trial from demonstrating actual hours worked, as opposed to Plaintiffs' estimates. Already Defendants are in the position of having to disprove a negative of estimates, when the burden of proof should be borne by the Plaintiffs. In support of their failure to acquire actual hours, Plaintiffs argue the records are too voluminous for review. Had Plaintiffs commenced looking at even 1 record 5 years ago, the task at hand would be manageable. Further, each Plaintiff is in a position to review his/her own record, and determine if he or she has actually been underpaid. No one has bothered to do that. As confirmed in their depositions, the representative Plaintiff merely signed up for a class action with the attitude of "if I get something, I get something."

Now on the eve of trial, Plaintiffs present a very limited set of data which they request the Court to accept as "undisputed," but which has been shown to be unreliable by the only expert who actually tested the data, Scott Leslie.

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The Court indicated that if Defendants had provided sworn discovery responses indicating that the data provided to Plaintiffs represented hours worked by each driver, then they should be precluded from disputing this fact at trial. In response, a thorough search was conducted for any discovery response indicating such a statement; and there is none. To the contrary, the following examples support that A Cab has disputed the accuracy of presenting the limited information provided by Plaintiffs for the proposition which they say it represents.

### **II.** Discovery Responses:

The issue of time records was addressed in August 2013 before certification, and the response referenced the tripsheets as the source document for ascertaining hours. In the Response to Plaintiffs' First Request for Production of Documents, Defendant indicated that the information of time a driver worked was contained in the daily tripsheets:

Request No. 4. TIME RECORDS - Produce copies of all documents that set forth the amount of time the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs were working for defendants each day or each week while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This request includes production of all records such as "punch clock" entries and taxicab meter records, indicating times of day that such person performed, started, or ended, particular activities during any workday they were employed by defendants, whether or not defendants considered such times to be part of the time such persons were "working," including, but not limited to, the times such persons arrived at or left defendants' business location or the times they started or ended rest or meal breaks. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format. In the event that such materials are not available in computer file form, the information sought in paper form would include, but not be limited to, copies of ledgers, time clock punch cards, or reconciliations or other writings reflecting the amounts of time each such employee was working, or that records other activities including activities that the defendants may have not deemed to be work, during each such person's workday(s) while they were employed by the defendants.

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**RESPONSE NO. 4**: Objection, this request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260; requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation; and is vague and ambiguous. This request also calls for proprietary information as the information is contained on A Cab's trip sheets. This Request also seeks information the discovery of which is overly burdensome to Defendant as there are approximately 46,080 trip sheets per year which are not kept by name of employee. Without waiving these objections, Defendant will make a diligent search for responsive documents, and will copy and produce those within 30 days. (Exhibit 1, Response to Plaintiffs' First Request for Production of Documents dated August 26, 2013, emphasis added.)

In Plaintiffs' request above, it is clearly stated that "In the event that such materials are not available in computer file form, the information sought in paper form would include, but not be limited to, copies of ledgers, time clock punch cards, or reconciliations or other writings reflecting the amounts of time each such employee was working, or that records other activities including activities that the defendants may have not deemed to be work, during each such person's workday(s) while they were employed by the defendants."

Defendants have always maintained that this information is only available on the tripsheets, and is not in a computer file form. Defendants have provided Plaintiffs with hard copies of all the tripsheets for both named Plaintiffs. Defendants have also provided Plaintiffs with scanned copies (PDF files) of all tripsheets for the class period. To address the Court's inquiry, Defendants have never sworn in a discovery response that the time records are kept in the Quickbooks electronic data which Plaintiffs now seek to rely upon. This is no secret kept from Plaintiffs; they have known this from every discovery response, discovery hearing, and depositions that they should commence review of source documents; and yet insisted on choosing this route.

### III. **Deposition Transcripts:**

Each of A Cab's management employees who were deposed referred Plaintiffs to the accuracy of the trip sheets for determining hours worked; not to any information contained in Plaintiffs' electronic data.

### 1 1. Deposition of Jon Gathright, General Manager: 2 BY MR. GREENBERG: 3 To your knowledge, has A Cab ever kept records of the hours its taxi drivers work **besides** O. 4 the information that is recorded in their trip sheets? 5 No. (Exhibit 2, Deposition of Jon Gathright, p. 55:3-7, emphasis added.) A. 6 Q. What would the trip sheets tell A Cab that would help them reach the conclusion that they 7 were seeking about whether the drivers were or were not paid minimum wage? 8 They had a time in and a time out. A. 9 O. So it is correct that A Cab engaged in this review of the trip sheets for the purpose of 10 determining the hours that the cab drivers had worked in particular --11 A. That's correct. 12 Q. -- time periods? 13 Yes. (Exhibit 2, Deposition of Jon Gathright, p. 56:21 - 57:6.) A. 14 **Deposition of Edwin Borowski, Shift Supervisor:** 2. 15 BY DANA SNIEGOCKI: 16 Q. You don't know how you know drivers work eleven hour shifts? 17 A. By looking at their time that they come in I put them up, but I don't know if they work, how 18 many hours they work. 19 Q. You mentioned looking at the time when they come in. What is their time when they come 20 in? What does that mean? 21 A. It's the time is when they clock out. 22 Q. How do they clock out? 23 With a time clock. A. 24 How do they operate that time clock? Q. 25 They do it. I don't know. A. 26 Well, you said you would look at their time that they clock out? Q. 27 Yeah. It's on the back of trip sheet. A. 28 Q. So there's a time on the back of the trip sheet?

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1	A.	Yes.
2	Q.	How does that time get there?
3	A.	The driver puts it on there.
4	Q.	And he does that by using a time clock?
5	A.	Uh-huh. (Exhibit 3, Deposition of Edwin Borowski, p. 68:13 - 69:10, emphasis added.)
6	3.	Deposition of Sam Wood, Supervisor:
7	BY L	EON GREENBERG:
8	Q.	Did you review those trip sheets when you were a manager, I mean after they were
9		completed by the drivers and turned back into A Cab?
10	A.	I would check them for legibility.
11	Q.	Would you check them for anything else?
12	A.	Validity.
13	Q.	What would you check to see was valid?
14	A.	Rides. There was no certain way to prove it or anything but if something looked out of
15		order and their rides or their break time, if it overlapped, say, a trip, you know, we would
16		have to there would be something wrong. (Exhibit 4, Deposition of Sam Wood, p. 32:5-
17		16.)
18	Q.	What would you find on a trip sheet that was incorrect or not making sense when you
19		reviewed it as a manager that you would then do something about?
20	A.	The times.
21	Q.	What do you mean by times?
22	A.	If a break or a ride they have the end time and the out time, in time and out time, if they
23		interfered with each other it would be it would need to be corrected.
24	Q.	So if the trip sheet indicated a driver was simultaneously on a break while also transporting a
25		passenger that would be an inconsistency that you would take note of; correct?
26	A.	Yes.
27	Q.	What would you do in that situation?
28	A.	I would have the driver correct it. Ask him to correct it so that we can more clearly read the

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sheet. (Exhibit 4, Deposition of Sam Wood, p. 33:1-19, emphasis added.)

### 4. Deposition of Creighton J. Nady, Owner

Mr. Nady's deposition was taken on three occasions by Plaintiffs in this matter, over the objections of defense counsel. The Discovery Commissioner allowed his additional depositions to be taken with the instruction that there would be different lines of questioning, not to re-ask the same questions yet again. In his first deposition taken on August 18, 2015, Mr. Nady was asked pertaining to hours on tripsheets and in Quickbooks:

- [D]oes she [payroll person] actually enter into the QuickBooks system a number of hours per Q. shift?
- A. No. I think she puts it on the trip sheet. (Exhibit 5, Deposition of Creighton J. Nady, 8/18/15 p. 119:22-24.)
- Q. Since the institution of this lawsuit, has it [A Cab] been keeping that information, the total number of hours of each driver during each pay period?
- I think -- I think you'll find if you look at the trip sheets, you'll find how many hours was on A. that paycheck. I think if you look at the trip sheets as they're stapled together, there will be a note on each one of those weeks for every person how many hours there was. It's either on a big thing on each page, or it's on a tape from an adding machine with the number of hours added up there. And you could see then the tape where we added 8, 12, 10, 11, 5, 4, 6, 7, whatever we had. We would put that on the tape, put them together, and that would be what we would use as -- when we were calculating payroll. That's the way it was.
- Q. Okay. So what you're telling me is that if a driver worked ten shifts in a payroll period, the person responsible for payroll would take those ten trip sheets from those shifts, go through each one of them, manually add them up with a calculator for pay period total of hours based upon those ten trip sheets and then staple that piece of paper from the adding machine to those ten trip sheets; is that correct?
- That's how we used to do it, yes. *Id.*, 122:18-123:16. A.

Later in this first deposition, Mr. Nady was asked repeatedly about the number which is reflected in one of the Quickbooks columns, which has now been taken out of context. Mr. Nady

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indicated more than 5 times that he did not know what that number reflected, and would not confirm that it reflected what Plaintiff's counsel desperately wanted him to confirm. As this Court is aware, basic deposition practice dictates that the question should not be asked more than once after it has been answered by the witness. Further, Plaintiffs' counsel was instructed by the Discovery Commissioner on this issue to ask the question once, and to move on. Here, the line of questioning reflects a badgering of the witness after he indicated he did not have knowledge as to what Plaintiff was seeking:

- What does that number 57.08 refer to? Q.
- Well, minimum wage subsidy is based on the fact that our total number of his total wages A. were not enough; that if we did his calculation based on the number of hours that he had, it was -- that his rate of pay would have been 4.27 an hour. Wait a second. Let me make sure of what I speak here. So we had to -- he had 57.8 hours of hours, and we subsidized it from 4.27. So I think if you add those two together, and you multiply one times the other, you get that. His commission was -- wait a minute here. I'm going to guess, so I don't want to do that right now. It's been so long.
- Q. I don't want you to guess, Mr. Nady.
- All right. Then I don't know. A.
- My question though was limited to the number that appears at that intersection of minimum Q. wage subsidy in QTY where it says 57.08. Does that number refer to the number of hours this person worked during a pay period?
- A. I just said a minute ago. This will be twice now. I don't know. This is not a current paycheck, so I don't know. But I will grant you this: I think it has something to do with the number of hours, but it might be something else. Id., 151:5-152:4.

Despite these answers from the witness indicating he did not know what the number represented, Plaintiffs' counsel continued questioning the witness with calculations which the witness confirmed he did not know what they represented, until he eventually became confused:

Q. So the number that appears at that intersection of QTY and minimum wage subsidy on these pay stubs is the hours worked that A Cab has maintained for this person in their records for

Plaintiffs chose to rely upon electronic data rather than source documents. Defendants should not be precluded from presenting evidence to demonstrate the issues and errors in Plaintiffs' methodology. Further, as this Court is aware, Plaintiffs' expert report is a hearsay document that cannot serve as a basis for summary judgment. It would be an error for this Court to grant summary judgment on this issue, when Plaintiffs have not even demonstrated a representative Plaintiff for this time period, much less any liability or actual damages for any such person.

DATED this 9th day of January, 2018.

### RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P. C.

/s/ Esther C, Rodriguez, Esq.
Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq.
Nevada State Bar No. 006473
10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150
Las Vegas, Nevada 89145
Attorneys for Defendants

### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY on this 9th day of January, 2018, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Eighth Judicial District Court Clerk of Court using the E-file and Serve System which will send a notice of electronic service to the following:

Leon Greenberg, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation 2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146	Christian Gabroy, Esq. Gabroy Law Offices 170 South Green Valley Parkway # 280 Henderson, Nevada 89012
Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs	Co-Counsel for Plaintiffs

/s/ Susan Dillow
An Employee of Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.

# EXHIBIT 1

# EXHIBIT 1

aw Offices, P.C.	& Run Drive Suite 150
Rodriguez L	10161 Park

1	RESP		
2	Esther C. Rodriguez, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 6473		
3	RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C. 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150 Las Vegas, Nevada 89145		
4	702-320-8400		
5	info@rodriguezlaw.com Attorneys for Defendant A Cab, LLC		
6			
7	DISTRICT COURT		
8	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
9	MICHAEL MURRAY and MICHAEL RENO, Individually and on behalf of others similarly	Case No.:	A-12-669926-C
10	situated,	Dept. No.	I
11	Plaintiffs,		
12	vs.		
13	A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC and A CAB, LLC,		
14	Defendants.		
15			
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# RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

Defendant A CAB, LLC, by and through its attorney, ESTHER C. RODRIGUEZ, ESQ., of RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C., and pursuant to NRCP 34, hereby responds to Plaintiffs' First Request for Production of Documents as follows:

1. AMOUNTS PAID AND EARNINGS DOCUMENTS - Produce copies of all documents that set forth amounts paid to and/or earned by the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format. In the event that such materials are not available in computer file form, the information sought would include, but not be limited to, copies of pay checks vouchers (pay stubs), ledgers or pay check statements containing any

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itemization or information detailing the amounts paid, deductions from and the calculation of the same, and to whom they were paid. Only in the event such information (the amounts paid by each check) is not otherwise available in another form, copies of cancelled checks showing such payments should be produced.

**RESPONSE NO. 1**: Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous. Without waiving said objections, see First Supplement to Defendant A Cab, LLC's ECC Statement, A Cab 0001 to A Cab 0081.

2. W-2 FORMS - Produce copies of all W-2 forms issued to the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs, or filed with the Internal Revenue Service about such persons, while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This may be produced in the form of a computer file, if maintained in that fashion and originally filed with the Internal Revenue Service in that fashion, rather than by furnishing actual physical copies of paper W-2 forms.

### **RESPONSE NO. 2**:

Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous. Without waiving said objections, see First Supplement to Defendant A Cab, LLC's ECC Statement, A Cab 0082 to A Cab 0086.

3. COMPENSATION CALCULATION DOCUMENTS - Produce copies of all

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documents that set forth how it was determined by defendants to pay the amounts actually paid to the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This would include all documents setting forth how the earnings of such employees of the defendant were calculated, whether or not such earnings were actually paid to such employees. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format. In the event that such materials are not available in computer file form, the information sought would include, but not be limited to, copies of ledgers or reconciliations or other writings reflecting how the amounts paid to such employees and/or their earnings were calculated. This request includes production of all records that set forth the total amount of passenger fares collected by each such person each day they were employed by defendant and how such fares were divided between the defendant and each such person. Such records need **not** be produced as copies of original daily reconciliations or scratch sheets or other paper documents if one or more computer files exist that contain all of such information that is set forth in such paper records, in which event such computer files should be produced.

## RESPONSE NO. 3: See Response No. 1.

4. TIME RECORDS - Produce copies of all documents that set forth the amount of time the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs were working for defendants each day or each week while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This request includes production of all records such as "punch clock" entries and taxicab meter records, indicating times of day that such person performed, started, or ended, particular activities during any workday they were employed by defendants, whether or not defendants considered such times to be part of the time such persons were "working," including, but not limited to, the times such persons arrived at or left defendants' business location or the times they started or ended rest or meal breaks. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format. In the event that such

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materials are not available in computer file form, the information sought in paper form would include, but not be limited to, copies of ledgers, time clock punch cards, or reconciliations or other writings reflecting the amounts of time each such employee was working, or that records other activities including activities that the defendants may have not deemed to be work, during each such person's workday(s) while they were employed by the defendants.

**RESPONSE NO. 4**: Objection, this request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260; requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation; and is vague and ambiguous. This request also calls for proprietary information as the information is contained on A Cab's trip sheets. This Request also seeks information the discovery of which is overly burdensome to Defendant as there are approximately 46,080 trip sheets per year which are not kept by name of employee. Without waiving these objections, Defendant will make a diligent search for responsive documents, and will copy and produce those within 30 days.

5. COMPENSATION AGREEMENT OR RULES DOCUMENTS - Produce copies of all documents that set forth or explain how the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs were to be compensated for the work they performed while they were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This would include all written contracts or agreements explaining the nature of the compensation arrangement that the parties agreed upon for the purpose of compensating such persons for their services as employees of defendants. This would also include all other writings setting forth any changes to any such contracts or agreements or that otherwise contain any statements, rules or formulas showing or discussing how such person's compensation was being calculated or would be calculated in the future. This would include all writings setting forth how taxi passenger fares collected by such persons were to be divided between the defendants and such persons including but not limited to the percentage of such fares that such persons were to be paid as compensation by defendants and how that percentage was to be calculated. This would include the amount of any "trip charge" or fuel or other deductions that were made by the defendants from such persons' total daily collected passenger fares or any calculated percentage share of such fares for the purposes of calculating the compensation to be paid to such persons by defendants.

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**RESPONSE NO. 5**: Objection, this is a compound request, and is vague and ambiguous. Further, this request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260; requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation; and calls for proprietary information. Without waiving said objections, A Cab drivers are at-will employees not contracted employees. Defendant will make a diligent search for responsive documents, and will copy and produce those within 30 days.

- 6. EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT AND HANDBOOK DOCUMENTS - Produce copies of all documents that set forth or explain the employment relationship between the named plaintiffs and all persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs and the defendants, from October 8, 2008 through the present. This would include all personnel manuals or employee handbooks or other written statements about the terms and conditions of such persons' employment with the defendants, as such terms and conditions were in effect from October 8, 2008 through the present. **RESPONSE NO. 6**: See Response 5.
- 7. RELEASE OF CLAIMS FOR UNPAID WAGES - Produce copies of all releases. waivers of claims, or settlement agreements that purport to release or settle any actual or potential claim of any taxicab driver of the defendants for unpaid wages earned but not paid from October 8, 2008 through the present.

**RESPONSE NO. 7**: Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous.

8. TRIP SHEETS - Produce copies of the trip sheets and other records of the trips (taxi passenger transports) performed by each of the named plaintiffs and those persons similarly situated to the named plaintiffs from April 25, 2006 through the present. For the purpose of this request, the term "trip" refers to the driving of passengers by a taxicab driver for which a fare was collected.

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This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format.

**RESPONSE NO. 8**: See Response No. 4.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE DOCUMENTS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS TO BE 9. RELIED UPON - For each affirmative defense asserted by the defendants, separately identify and produce all documents relevant to the defense. Identify and produce all documents which heretofore have not been produced, but which relate to or support the defendants' affirmative defenses or contradict the claims made in plaintiffs' complaint or that the defendants reserve the right to rely upon at the time of trial.

RESPONSE NO. 9: See First Supplement to Defendant A Cab, LLC's ECC Statement and all supplements thereto. Further, Defendant reserves the right to rely upon the documents produced by the other parties in this matter.

NAMES AND ADDRESS OF WITNESSES AND PUTATIVE CLASS MEMBERS 10. - Produce documents which set forth the names and addresses of all persons similarly situated to the plaintiffs who were employed by the defendants from October 8, 2008 through the present. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s) in an appropriate format. If such information is not available in that form, or as a list or other unified document already in defendants' possession, defendants are to produce the portions of the other documents in their possession, which could be W-2 forms, employment applications, or other documents, that will contain the names and addresses of each such person.

RESPONSE NO. 10: Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this

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litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous. Finally, this Complaint has not made a minimum showing of any compensation owed for the two named Plaintiffs, much less any that would be owed on a class wide basis.

11. NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF WITNESSES WHO ARE FORMER SUPERVISORS, MANAGERS OR DISPATCHERS OF DEFENDANTS - Produce documents which set forth the names and addresses of all persons employed by the defendants from April 25, 2006 through the date of this request but who are no longer employed by the defendants and who were managers, supervisors or dispatchers employed by defendants. This information, if created, kept or maintained and fully available in computer file form, is sought in that form and you should contact plaintiff's counsel to arrange for production of such computer file(s). If such information is not available in that form, or as a list or other unified document already in defendants' possession, defendants are to produce the portions of the other documents in their possession, which could be W-2 forms, employment applications, or other documents, that will contain the names and addresses of each such person.

**RESPONSE NO. 11**: Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous.

- 12. INSURANCE POLICIES AND BOND DOCUMENTS - Produce copies of all insurance policies and/or bonds that may be available to pay damages sought by the plaintiffs in their complaint.
- **RESPONSE NO. 12**: American Country Insurance, Commercial General Liability Policy, a copy of which will be produced.
- 13. PRIOR LAWSUITS OR INVESTIGATIONS CONCERNING CLAIMS FOR UNPAID WAGES - Besides documents originating in this lawsuit, produce copies of all documents

Rodriguez Law Offices, I	10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145	Tel (702) 320-8400	Eav (702) 320-8401

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relating to or mentioning any investigation, inquiry, or lawsuit involving the defendants and that claims defendants have breached their contracts with their employees who are taxi drivers to pay such persons certain wages and/or violated the requirements of either the Fair Labor Standards Act or Nevada's statutes or constitution in respect to the payment of wages to such persons. This request includes the production of all documents generated as a result of, or used in connection with, any audit conducted by or of the defendants by the United States Department of Labor or the Nevada Labor Commissioner in connection with any claims for, or determination of, whether unpaid minimum wages or any other wages were owed by defendants' to its employees performing taxicab driving services. This request is not limited to any time frame.

**RESPONSE NO. 13**: Objection. This request seeks production of confidential information that is not available to the public and that is not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. See Schlatter v. Eighth Judicial District Court, 93 Nev. 189, 561 P2d 1342 (1977). Such a request is not made to lead to relevant admissible evidence but such request is made to embarrass, harass and annoy. This request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS 608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous.

14. DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE NAMED PLAINTIFFS - Identify and produce all documents that mention or contain any reference to the plaintiffs. This would included (sic) all personnel files and records on the named plaintiffs.

**RESPONSE NO. 14**: Objection, this request is vague and ambiguous and overbroad. Without waiving said objections, the personnel files will be copied and produced within the next 30 days.

15. STATEMENTS - Produce copies of all statements gathered since the commencement of this litigation, such statements bearing on any facts and circumstances contained in the complaint filed in this action, and such statements gathered in connection with the defense of this plaintiffs' claims in this action.

**RESPONSE NO. 15**: Objection, this request is overbroad, vague and ambiguous, and calls for attorney client privileged information, and attorney work product. Without waiving said objections, there are no documents responsive to this request.

1	20. (sic) ATTENDANCE RECORDS - Produce copies of all attendance records for the		
2	plaintiffs and those persons similarly situated to the plaintiffs for the four years preceding the filing		
3	of the complaint in this matter through the present, such records demonstrating whether any of such		
4	persons were present or absent at the defendants' facilities on a particular work day.		
5	<b>RESPONSE NO. 20 (sic)</b> : Objection, this request is overbroad in terms of time pursuant to NRS		
6	608.260, and requests information that would invade the privacy of individuals not a party to this		
7	litigation. Further, the request is vague and ambiguous. Without waiving said objections, see		
8	Response No. 4.		
9	DATED this <u>26</u> day of August 2013.		
10	RODRIGUEZ LAW OFFICES, P.C.		
11			
12	Esther C. Rodriguez, Rog.		
13	Nevada Bar No. 6473 10161 Park Run Drive, Suite 150		
14	Las Vegas, Nevada 89145  Attorneys for Defendant A Cab, LLC		
15	Allorneys for Defendant A Cao, LLC		
16	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
17	I HEREBY CERTIFY a true and correct copy of the foregoing Response to Plaintiffs'		
18	First Request for the Production of Documents was served by placing same, postage prepaid, in		
19	the U.S. Mail this <b>26</b> day of August, 2013 to:		
20	Leon Greenberg, Esq. Leon Greenberg Professional Corporation		
21	2965 South Jones Boulevard, Suite E4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89146		
22	Counsel for Plaintiff		
23	An Employee of Rodriguez Law Offices, P.C.		
24	An Employee of Rounguez Law Offices, F.C.		
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# EXHIBIT 2

# EXHIBIT 2

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1
                            DISTRICT COURT
 2
                         CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
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 4
     MICHAEL MURRAY, and
     MICHAEL RENO, individually and)
     on behalf of others similarly )
 5
     situated,
 6
                     Plaintiffs,
 7
                   vs.
                                        Case No. A-12-669926-C
 8
                                        Dept No. I
     A CAB TAXI SERVICE, LLC, and
 9
     A CAB, LLC,
10
                     Defendants.
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                     DEPOSITION OF JON GATHRIGHT
16
                       Taken at the Offices of
17
                          DEPO INTERNATIONAL
                       703 South Eighth Street
18
                          Las Vegas, Nevada
19
                   On Tuesday, September 29, 2015
                            At 10:56 a.m.
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     Reported by: Rachel Anstee Mann, CCR No. 816
```

1 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Same objections. 2 THE DEPONENT: No. 3 BY MR. GREENBERG: To your knowledge, has A Cab ever kept records 4 of the hours its taxi drivers work besides the information 5 that is recorded in their trip sheets? 6 7 Α. No. 8 Q. Are you aware that in 2012, the Department of Labor commenced an additional investigation of A Cab? 9 10 Α. Yes. 11 0. And how did you become aware of that? 12 A. Again, they sent people to the office to look at trip sheets. 13 14 Ο. Did you have any meetings with any 15 representative from the Department of Labor? 16 Α. No. 17 0. Do you know anyone at A Cab who did? 18 Α. Jay Nady. 19 Do you know anyone else who met with the Ο. 20 Department of Labor representatives? 21 Α. No. 22 Are you aware of anyone who was involved in Q. providing information to the Department of Labor 23 24 representatives? 25 No one else. Α. No.

- 1 Q. By "no one else," you mean except Jay Nady, to
- your knowledge?
- 3 A. Except Jay Nady, yes.
- Q. Did you have any discussions with Mr. Nady about
- 5 that Department of Labor investigation once you became
- 6 aware of it?
- A. We discussed, at one point, the bringing in of
- 8 extra people to cover -- to inspect all the trip sheets
- 9 that were done during whatever period of time that that
- 10 investigation was for.
- 11 Q. You're referring to A Cab doing its own review
- 12 of those trip sheets?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. And what was the purpose of that review of the
- 15 trip sheets?
- 16 A. The purpose of it, I guess, was to find out if,
- in fact, we were not paying minimum wage.
- Q. Well, would the trip sheets say how much the
- 19 drivers were paid?
- 20 A. No.
- Q. What would the trip sheets tell A Cab that would
- 22 help them reach the conclusion that they were seeking
- 23 about whether the drivers were or were not paid minimum
- 24 wage?
- A. They had a time in and a time out.

1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF NEVADA )
3	) ss COUNTY OF CLARK )
4	I, Rachel Anstee Mann, CCR No. 816, do hereby
5	certify:
6	That I reported the taking of the deposition of
7	Jon Gathright, commencing on Tuesday, September 29, 2015,
8	at the hour of 10:56 a.m.
9	That prior to being examined, the deponent was
10	by me duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole truth,
11	and nothing but the truth. That I thereafter transcribed
12	my said shorthand notes into typewriting and that the
13	typewritten transcript is a complete, true, and accurate
14	transcription of my said shorthand notes.
15	I further certify that I am not a relative or
16	employee of counsel of any of the parties, nor a relative
17	or employee of the parties involved in the action.
18	Transcript review pursuant to NRCP 30(e) and
19	FRCP 30(e) was requested.
20	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in my
21	office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this
22	, day of,,,
23	
24	
25	RACHEL ANSTEE MANN, CCR No. 816

# EXHIBIT 3

# EXHIBIT 3

## Edwin Borowski - 9/30/2015 Michael Murray, et al. vs. A Cab Taxi Service LLC, et al.

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DISTRICT COURT
1
                   CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
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3
    MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL
4
    RENO, Individually and on
    behalf of others similarly
5
    situated,
6
                Plaintiffs,
7
                                   ) CASE NO.
8
         vs.
                                   ) A-12-669926-C
    A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, and
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    A CAB, LLC,
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                Defendants.
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                 DEPOSITION OF EDWIN BOROWSKI
16
17
                  Taken at Depo International
                     703 South Eighth Street
18
                    Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
19
                Wednesday, September 30, 2015
20
                           12:59 P.M.
21
22
23
24
     Reported by: Angela Campagna, CCR #495
25
```

#### Edwin Borowski - 9/30/2015 Michael Murray, et al. vs. A Cab Taxi Service LLC, et al.

1	A. Yes.	
2	Q. How would you know if a dr	iver is
3	working a ten hour shift?	
4	A. I wouldn't know unless it	was written.
5	Q. And you also testified tha	t drivers
6	work eleven hour shifts. How would you	know that?
7	A. I really don't know.	
8	Q. But you do know that they	do work
9	9 eleven hour shifts?	
10	O A. Yes.	
11	Q. And you have no idea why y	ou know that?
12	2 A. I don't know.	
13	Q. You don't know how you kno	w drivers
14	4 work eleven hour shifts?	
15	5 A. By looking at their time t	hat they come
16	in I put them up, but I don't know if they work, how	
17	7 many hours they work.	
18	Q. You mentioned looking at t	he time when
19	9 they come in. What is their time when	they come in?
20	0 What does that mean?	
21	A. It's the time is when they	clock out.
22	Q. How do they clock out?	
23	A. With a time clock.	
24	Q. How do they operate that t	ime clock?
25	A. They do it. I don't know.	,

### Edwin Borowski - 9/30/2015 Michael Murray, et al. vs. A Cab Taxi Service LLC, et al.

Well, you said you would look at their Q. 1 time that they clock out? 2 Yeah. It's on the back of trip sheet. 3 So there's a time on the back of the 0. 4 trip sheet? 5 Yes. Α. How does that time get there? 7 Q. The driver puts it on there. Α. 8 And he does that by using a time clock? Ο. 9 Uh-huh. Α. 10 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Is that a yes? 11 THE WITNESS: Yes. 12 Thank you. MS. RODRIGUEZ: 13 THE WITNESS: Yes. 14 BY MS. SNIEGOCKI: 15 Is every driver required to put that 16 time clock time on the back of their trip sheet? 17 Α. Yes. 18 So the only way that you would know or Ο. 19 one of the ways you would know if a driver worked an 20 eleven hour shift would be by reviewing their trip 21 sheet; is that right? 22 By glancing. 23 Α. Right. Because you don't review the 24 Q. trip sheets, you only glance at them? 25

#### Edwin Borowski - 9/30/2015 Michael Murray, et al. vs. A Cab Taxi Service LLC, et al.

1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF NEVADA )
4	) ss. COUNTY OF CLARK )
5	I, Angela Campagna, a certified court
6	reporter in Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby certify:
7	That I reported the taking of the deposition of the witness, EDWIN BOROWSKI, on
8	Wednesday, September 30, 2015, commencing at the hour of 12:59 p.m.
9	That prior to being examined, the witness was by me first duly sworn to testify to the
10	truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.  That I thereafter transcribed my said
11	shorthand notes into typewriting and that the typewritten transcript of said deposition is a
12	complete, true, and accurate transcription of shorthand notes taken down at said time.
13	I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of an attorney or counsel of
14	any of the parties, nor a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel involved in said action, nor
15	a person financially interested in said action.  IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
16	hereunto set my hand in my office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 7th day of October
17	2015.
18	
19	ANGELA CAMPAGNA, CCR #495
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

# **EXHIBIT 4**

### **EXHIBIT 4**

	Amenael Marray, et al. 18.71 Cab Taxi Sel vice Elle, et al.		
1	DISTRICT COURT		
2	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
3			
4	MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL )		
5	RENO, Individually and on ) behalf of others similarly )		
6	situated, ) )		
7	Plaintiffs, )		
8	vs. ) CASE NO. ) A-12-669926-C		
9	)		
10	A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, and ) A CAB, LLC,		
11	Defendants. )		
12	Defendancs. )		
13			
14			
15			
16	DEPOSITION OF SAM WOOD		
17			
18	Taken at Depo International 703 South Eighth Street		
19	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101		
20	Wednesday, September 30, 2015 2:26 P.M.		
21			
22			
23			
24			
25	Reported by: Angela Campagna, CCR #495		

Q. Does anyone at A Cab check those trip sheets after they are completed and turned in by the drivers?  A. I don't know.  Q. Did you review those trip sheets when	
drivers?  A. I don't know.  Q. Did you review those trip sheets when	
5 Q. Did you review those trip sheets when	
Q. Did you isview enobe city bheets when	
6 T	
6 you were a manager, I mean after they were completed	
by the drivers and turned back into A Cab?	
8 A. I would check them for legibility.	
9 Q. Would you check them for anything else?	
10 A. Validity.	
Q. What would you check to see was valid?	
12 A. Rides. There was no certain way to	
prove it or anything but if something looked out of	
order and their rides or their break time, if it	
overlapped, say, a trip, you know, we would have to	
16 there would be something wrong.	
Q. And who told you to do that?	
A. My supervisor.	
Q. Who is your supervisor?	
A. Mr. Nady.	
Q. Did you have any other supervisor?	
22 <b>A. No.</b>	
Q. Do you have any other supervisors	
24 currently besides Mr. Nady?	
A. No. I've always with him.	

1	Q.	What would you find on a trip sheet	
2	that was inc	orrect or not making sense when you	
3	reviewed it	as a manager that you would then do	
4	something about?		
5	A.	The times.	
6	Q.	What do you mean by times?	
7	Α.	If a break or a ride they have the end	
8	time and the	out time, in time and out time, if they	
9	interfered w	ith each other it would be it would	
10	need to be c	orrected.	
11	Q.	So if the trip sheet indicated a driver	
12	was simultaneously on a break while also		
13	transporting a passenger that would be an		
14	inconsistency that you would take note of; correct?		
15	Α.	Yes.	
16	Q.	What would you do in that situation?	
17	Α.	I would have the driver correct it.	
18	Ask him to c	orrect it so that we can more clearly	
19	read the she	et.	
20	Q.	And how would the driver correct it?	
21	А.	That's on them.	
22	Q.	What if the driver said he can't	
23	correct it?		
24	Α.	Then nothing you can do.	
25	Q.	Did that ever happen?	

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1
                    REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
 2
 3
    STATE OF NEVADA
                          SS.
 4
    COUNTY OF CLARK
 5
                I, Angela Campagna, a certified court
 6
    reporter in Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby
    certify:
 7
                       That I reported the taking of the
    deposition of the witness, SAM WOOD, on Wednesday,
    September 30, 2015, commencing at the hour of 2:26
 8
    p.m.
 9
                       That prior to being examined, the
    witness was by me first duly sworn to testify to the
10
    truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.
           That I thereafter transcribed my said
11
    shorthand notes into typewriting and that the
    typewritten transcript of said deposition is a
12
    complete, true, and accurate transcription of
    shorthand notes taken down at said time.
                       I further certify that I am not a
13
    relative or employee of an attorney or counsel of
14
    any of the parties, nor a relative or employee of
    any attorney or counsel involved in said action, nor
15
    a person financially interested in said action.
                       IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
16
    hereunto set my hand in my office in the County of
    Clark, State of Nevada, this 7th day of October
17
    2015.
18
19
                             ANGELA CAMPAGNA, CCR #495
20
21
22
23
24
25
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# **EXHIBIT 5**

# **EXHIBIT 5**

```
1
                           DISTRICT COURT
 2
                        CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 3
     MICHAEL MURRAY, and MICHAEL
     RENO, individually and on
 4
     behalf of others similarly
 5
     situated,
                                       CASE NO: A-12-669929-C
 6
                  Plaintiffs,
                                    ) DEPT NO: I
 7
        vs.
     A CAB TAXI SERVICE LLC, and
 8
     A CAB, LLC,
 9
                 Defendants.
10
11
12
13
                   DEPOSITION OF CREIGHTON NADY
14
                          LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
15
                      TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 2015
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
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24
     REPORTED BY: BRITTANY J. CASTREJON, CCR NO. 926
25
     JOB NO.: 261171
```

Page 118

- 1 A. I don't know. Remember I said I don't know.
- Q. Well, I just want to be clear what you mean by
- 3 migrate that that would be a possibility?
- 4 A. It's a possibility, but I don't know.
- 5 Q. And who would know that?
- 6 A. Donna would probably know.
- Q. Now, in preparing the QuickBooks payroll, was any
- 8 information entered about the hours that taxi drivers
- 9 work in a pay period?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. Where does that information come from?
- 12 A. From the trip sheets.
- Q. And when you say from the trip sheets, is there a
- 14 specific statement on the trip sheets as to the total
- 15 amount of time the driver worked during each shift?
- 16 A. No. It's -- we calculate it by looking at the
- 17 trip sheet.
- 18 Q. And who calculates that?
- 19 A. Donna. Whoever is doing the payroll.
- Q. And how does she do that?
- 21 A. With a pencil.
- Q. And what formula does she use to do that?
- A. There's no formula. You just count the number of
- 24 hours.
- Q. So she simply refers to the information on the

Page 119

- 1 trip sheet, and that tells her the total amount of time
- 2 for each shift that a driver should be credited with;
- 3 correct?
- 4 A. Exactly.
- 5 Q. She doesn't modify that information on the trip
- 6 sheet in any fashion?
- 7 A. No, nope. It's not her job.
- 8 Q. So if I'm looking at a trip sheet and it shows a
- 9 driver started at 10:00 and he stopped at 8:00 and he's
- 10 listed for one hour break, I would write down if I was
- 11 Donna that he worked nine hours for that shift; correct?
- 12 A. Yes, I assume. That's what I would do when I was
- 13 doing payroll.
- 14 Q. So, again, there's no other formula or
- 15 modification she uses. It is literally a translation
- 16 from what's on the trip sheet into the QuickBooks;
- 17 correct?
- 18 A. I think she puts that on -- yes.
- 19 Q. Now, you say she uses a pencil and paper.
- 20 A. I didn't say paper.
- Q. I'm sorry. She uses a pencil. Well, what
- 22 does -- does she actually enter into the QuickBooks
- 23 system a number of hours per shift?
- A. No. I think she puts it on the trip sheet.
- 25 That's what I did anyway. I'm not sure how she does it,

- 1 but I think she puts it on the trip sheet.
- Q. Well, the number of hours per payroll period is
- 3 used by A Cab in preparing the payroll; correct?
- 4 A. Of course.
- Q. Has A Cab always examined the number of hours
- 6 worked per pay period in preparing its payroll for the
- 7 cab drivers?
- 8 A. Not always. I think we started after our first
- 9 audit. I can't remember the name of the auditor, but he
- 10 recommended we keep track of every hour.
- 11 Q. And --
- 12 A. And we kept track of hours then also, but we
- 13 didn't keep records of all of them. So I mean, we had
- 14 to go back. He didn't like having to go back and look
- 15 at each trip sheet any more than you will about trying
- 16 to figure out how many hours they actually worked or any
- 17 more than the DOL when they did audit us for three and a
- 18 half years. They kept those things, and they went over
- 19 every one of them.
- Q. Well, it's your testimony then that since the
- 21 time of that audit, A Cab has always examined the number
- 22 of hours a taxi driver worked during a payroll period in
- 23 calculating their pay for the period?
- A. I believe we have, yes.
- Q. But A Cab has not always kept a record of that

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. So it had to create a total hours worked for the
- 3 cab driver for that pay period; correct?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. But it has not actually preserved that total
- 6 number of hours worked that it calculated; correct?
- 7 MS. RODRIGUEZ: Objection. Misstates prior
- 8 testimony.
- 9 THE WITNESS: No. I don't think -- even
- 10 though it's misstated, I don't think we kept those.
- 11 BY MR. GREENBERG:
- 12 Q. Has A Cab kept that total that it calculated
- 13 starting at any particular point in time going forward?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. When did it start keeping --
- A. Don't know. And if you ask me to narrow it down,
- 17 I'm going to say I don't know.
- 18 Q. Since the institution of this lawsuit, has it
- 19 been keeping that information, the total number of hours
- 20 of each driver during each pay period?
- 21 A. I think -- I think you'll find if you look at the
- 22 trip sheets, you'll find how many hours was on that
- 23 paycheck. I think if you look at the trip sheets as
- 24 they're stapled together, there will be a note on each
- one of those weeks for every person how many hours there

- 1 was. It's either on a big thing on each page, or it's
- 2 on a tape from an adding machine with the number of
- 3 hours added up there. And you could see then the tape
- 4 where we added 8, 12, 10, 11, 5, 4, 6, 7, whatever we
- 5 had. We would put that on the tape, put them together,
- 6 and that would be what we would use as -- when we were
- 7 calculating payroll. That's the way it was.
- Q. Okay. So what you're telling me is that if a
- 9 driver worked ten shifts in a payroll period, the person
- 10 responsible for payroll would take those ten trip sheets
- 11 from those shifts, go through each one of them, manually
- 12 add them up with a calculator for pay period total of
- 13 hours based upon those ten trip sheets and then staple
- 14 that piece of paper from the adding machine to those ten
- 15 trip sheets; is that correct?
- 16 A. That's how we used to do it, yes.
- Q. And were those stapled trip sheets with those
- 18 pieces of paper from the calculator preserved?
- 19 A. We gave them all to the DOL.
- 20 Q. Including those stapled --
- 21 A. We gave all of them to the DOL for the time
- 22 period that we're discussing here. We gave them all to
- 23 them.
- Q. And have they been returned?
- A. Maybe half and maybe they're not put together and

- 1 that intersects that column with the line minimum wage
- 2 subsidy. And the number 57.08 appears at that
- 3 intersection.
- 4 A. Right.
- 5 Q. What does that number 57.08 refer to?
- A. Well, minimum wage subsidy is based on the fact
- 7 that our total number of his total wages were not
- 8 enough; that if we did his calculation based on the
- 9 number of hours that he had, it was -- that his rate of
- 10 pay would have been 4.27 an hour. Wait a second. Let
- 11 me make sure of what I speak here. So we had to -- he
- had 57.8 hours of hours, and we subsidized it from 4.27.
- 13 So I think if you add those two together, and you
- 14 multiply one times the other, you get that. His
- 15 commission was -- wait a minute here. I'm going to
- 16 guess, so I don't want to do that right now. It's been
- 17 so long.
- 18 Q. I don't want you to guess, Mr. Nady.
- 19 A. All right. Then I don't know.
- Q. My question though was limited to the number that
- 21 appears at that intersection of minimum wage subsidy in
- 22 QTY where it says 57.08.
- 23 Does that number refer to the number of hours
- 24 this person worked during a pay period?
- 25 A. I just said a minute ago. This will be twice

- 1 now. I don't know. This is not a current paycheck, so
- 2 I don't know. But I will grant you this: I think it
- 3 has something to do with the number of hours, but it
- 4 might be something else.
- Q. Well, just to be clear, Mr. Nady, you obviously
- 6 wouldn't know personally whether this individual worked
- 7 57.08 hours during the pay period discussed by that pay
- 8 stub.
- 9 My question, to you to be more precise, is
- 10 whether that 57.08 is the number that A Cab uses in
- 11 terms of its calculations for how many hours this person
- 12 worked during that pay period?
- 13 A. Here's one way to figure it out. If you take a
- 14 look at the current, the 4 -- or the 243.73 and divide
- 15 it by 4.27, you might get 57.08.
- Q. And if those numbers do add up as you are
- 17 saying --
- A. Would you like me to try it?
- 19 Q. I will represent to you that they do, Mr. Nady.
- 20 A. What?
- Q. I have done that calculation.
- 22 A. Oh.
- 23 Q. They do reach --
- 24 A. There you go.
- 25 Q. They do reach that result that you've just

- 1 hypothesized.
- 2 A. Well, thank you.
- 3 Q. Are you telling me that because it -- well, you
- 4 tell me. Go ahead what you're trying to get through
- 5 from this observation.
- 6 A. I'm telling you that those two equal that we
- 7 supplemented his wage by \$243.73 to the commissions that
- 8 he earned that week in order for him to make minimum
- 9 wage.
- 10 Q. So --
- 11 A. And -- go ahead. I'll stop.
- 12 Q. So A Cab in making that calculation, has figured
- 13 that this person worked 57.08 hours for that pay period?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, on this pay stub as well you will see that
- 16 there is an amount that says tips supplemental, and
- 17 further on down that same column, it says tips out.
- 18 Both of those numbers are the same except one is
- 19 negative and one is positive.
- Do you understand why those numbers appear that
- 21 way? Could you explain to me why they do?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And why do they appear that way?
- 24 A. We assume -- and we have a contract with the
- 25 drivers or we did, whether we do now or not, I don't

- 1 remember, but that they agreed to for us via an
- 2 agreement with the IRS that would absolve them from
- 3 audit if they -- if we inputted 5.5 percent of their
- 4 book as additional earned income.
- 5 So we add that in so that at the end of the day,
- 6 we have -- we have a total amount of 460.45 as for
- 7 calculating how much withholding tax we should withhold
- 8 from that.
- 9 So we base the withholding tax based on that, and
- 10 as you can see, the taxes below the federal withholding,
- 11 the Social Security, and the Medicare, those are taken
- 12 out.
- So it would appear that within -- we took that
- 14 much taxes out and put them into his Medicare account on
- 15 his behalf, and from that we -- then we deducted the
- 16 amount that we added in as a calculation only because he
- 17 already got that from his tips, and he also paid a loan
- 18 of \$10.
- 19 So we reduced his pay by that amount, \$346.52.
- 20 In other words, I lent the guy ten bucks, which was nice
- 21 to get back.
- Q. The pay stub version that you're looking at there
- 23 in Exhibit 3, that's the version that is currently used
- 24 by A Cab?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 Q. Could you explain to me how the version currently
- 2 used by A Cab differs from that version?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Well, what makes you think that Exhibit 3 from
- 5 2014 is different than the version used now?
- 6 A. Because it's changing all the time.
- Q. Well, what additional --
- 8 A. I don't know.
- 9 Q. -- itemized information --
- 10 A. I don't know what the additional is without
- 11 having one. And since I don't have one in front of me,
- 12 I can't answer that.
- Q. But you believe that there is a difference in
- 14 terms of the itemized information that appears on the
- 15 current pay stubs?
- 16 A. I am certain there's a difference.
- 17 Q. Now, the version of the pay stub you're looking
- 18 at in Exhibit 3 does not include any number that is
- 19 expressly identified as hours worked during the payroll
- 20 period.
- 21 Do you see that?
- A. Well, it is if you know where to look.
- Q. Well, when you say it is, what do you mean, sir?
- A. Well, I mean, it obviously -- you did the
- 25 calculations. It says 57.08.

- 1 Q. So the number that appears at that intersection
- 2 of QTY and minimum wage subsidy on these pay stubs is
- 3 the hours worked that A Cab has maintained for this
- 4 person in their records for this pay period; correct?
- 5 A. Right.
- Q. On the pay stubs that A Cab currently produces,
- 7 do they identify a specific number on those pay stubs
- 8 that they give the employee as the amount of hours that
- 9 A Cab has determined they worked during the pay period?
- 10 A. I think it's the -- I don't know, remember?
- 11 Q. Okay. Has A Cab ever given employees pay stubs
- 12 that indicate the amount of hours by identifying it as
- 13 hours or time worked for the pay period?
- 14 A. I don't know. I would estimate -- I would guess
- 15 that they know what it is. If it's applicable.
- See, only about half of our drivers actually have
- 17 to have a subsidy. Half. Only about 16 drivers last
- 18 week out of a bunch, out of 200 -- only 16 needed a
- 19 subsidy. And the week before that -- or the two weeks
- 20 before that, it was less than 16. I mean, the number of
- 21 people we have to subsidize is a minuscule number as of
- 22 the total.
- Q. Going back to Exhibit 2. That's not Exhibit 2.
- 24 The other one.
- 25 A. Oh.

```
Page 271
 1
     STATE OF NEVADA )
                         SS:
     COUNTY OF CLARK )
 2
                     CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
 3
            I, Brittany J. Castrejon, a Certified Court
 4
 5
     Reporter licensed by the State of Nevada, do hereby
 6
     certify: That I reported the DEPOSITION OF CREIGHTON
     NADY, on Tuesday, August 18, 2015, at 11:13 a.m.;
 7
            That prior to being deposed, the witness was duly
 9
     sworn by me to testify to the truth. That I thereafter
10
     transcribed my said stenographic notes into written
     form, and that the typewritten transcript is a complete,
11
12
     true and accurate transcription of my said stenographic
             That the reading and signing of the transcript
13
     notes.
14
     was requested.
15
            I further certify that I am not a relative,
16
     employee or independent contractor of counsel or of any
17
     of the parties involved in the proceeding; nor a person
18
     financially interested in the proceeding; nor do I have
19
     any other relationship that may reasonably cause my
20
     impartiality to be question.
21
            IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have, set my hand/in my
     office in the County of Clark, $tate of Nevada,
22
     31st day of August, 2015.
23
24
                       Brittany J. Castrejon, CCR NO. 926
25
```