IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

BRANDON JEFFERSON,

Appellant,

Electronically Filed Feb 06 2017 11:48 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

v.

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Respondent.

Case No. 70732

RESPONDENT'S APPENDIX

MATTHEW LAY, ESQ. Nevada Bar #012249 Nguyen & Lay 732 South Sixth Street, Suite 102 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 383-3200 STEVEN B. WOLFSON Clark County District Attorney Nevada Bar #001565 Regional Justice Center 200 Lewis Avenue Post Office Box 552212 Las Vegas, Nevada 89155-2212 (702) 671-2500 State of Nevada

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Nevada Attorney General Nevada Bar # 012426 100 North Carson Street Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 (775) 684-1265

Counsel for Appellant

Counsel for Respondent

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify and affirm that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on 6th day of February, 2017. Electronic Service of the foregoing document shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

ADAM PAUL LAXALT Nevada Attorney General

MATTHEW LAY, ESQ. Counsel for Appellant

KRISTA D. BARRIE Chief Deputy District Attorney

/s/ J. Garcia

Employee, Clark County District Attorney's Office

KDB/John Niman/jg

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DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

FILED

OCT 1 9 2011

CLERK OF COURT

STATE OF NEVADA

Case No.:

C 268351

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-Dept. No.:

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vs.

Docket No.:

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BRANDON JEFFERSON

Defendant

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MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL AND APPOINT ALTERNATE COUNSEL

COMES NOW THE DEFENDANT, BRANDON JEFFERSON,
AND MOVES THIS HONORABLE COURT TO DISMISS COUNSEL
BRYAN COX AND APPOINT OTHER COUNSEL TO
REPRESENT THIS DEFENDANT.

THIS MOTION IS BASED UPON ALL PAPERS, PLEADINGS AND DOCUMENTS ON FILE. FACTUAL STATEMENTS SET FORTH IN THE POINTS AND AUTHORITIES CONTAINED THERE IN DATED THIS DAY 10TH OF OCTOBER 2011

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RECEIVED

MERK OF THE COURT

C - 10 - 268351 - 1 MDC Motion to Dismiss Counsel 1660639

POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

IT IS RESPECTIVELY REQUESTED OF THIS COURT TO DISMISS COUNSEL BRYAN COX FOR THE REASONS LISTED BELOW:

I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

SINCE BRYAN COX WAS APPOINTED COUNSEL SEP. 80 2010
BRANDON JEFFERSON HAS BEEN PREJUDICED AND
BUFFERED MANIFEST INJUSTICE BASED ON COUNSEL'S
REFUSAL OR FAILURE TO:

I. BE AVAILABLE

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- 2. DOES NOT TAKE ANY OF MY REQUESTS
- S. TALK TO THE DEFENDANT (AT ANY LENGTH) AS FAR TO MYSELF THE DEFENDANTS FEELINGS
- A. TELL DEFENDANT TRUTHS
- 5. THROUGHLY INVESTIGATE MEASURES IN THIS CASE AND SUBSEQUENTLY NOT USING ALL AVAILABLE RESOURCES TO ASSIST IN OBTAINING A "FAIR" SENTENCE FOR DEFENDANT, OR TO ATTEMPT AT FINDING FACTUAL BASIS AS BODEFENDANTS "FELONIES" CLAIM
 - 6. ANNOUNCE HIS DEALINGS IN MY CASE
- 7. No INVESTIGATING WORK
- B. DEVOTE TIME TO MY CASE (NO NEGOTIATING EFFORT.)
- 9. REPRESENT ME AT MY PRELIMINARY HEARING (TOLD ME TO WAIVE IT, PEOPLE SHOULDN'T HEAR MY ACCUSER TESTIFY, NOW I HAVE NOTHING TO STANDON, POST-TRIAL HEARING(S) ASKED TO REMAIN SEATED DURING ARGUMENTS, AND EVEN READ A BOOK.)

10. TO BE PREMIED TO REPRESENT ME (SAYS MY CASE IS UNIQUE, "TOO MUCH WORK" GRAND LARCENY IS EASIER.)

ARGUEMENT

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DEFENDANT BRANDON JEFFERSON ASSERTS HE IS
BEING DENIED HIS RIGHT TO EFFECTIVE REPRESENTATION
DUE TO OVERALL INADEQUATE ACTIONS OF HIS PUBLIC
DEFENDER. FURTHER, COUNSEL'S INADEQUATE ACTIONS
COMPORT TO NOTHING MORE THAN A VIOLATION OF
DEFENDANT'S DUE PROCESS RIGHTS.

COUNSEL CONSTANTLY IQUORES MY VIEWS AND WENT AS FAR TO INFORM ME, THAT THE ONLY OPTION I HAVE IS TO TESTIFY OR NOT. IF I DON'T HAVE CLOTHES FOR TRIAL HE'D GET SOME, AND TOOK MY SIZES!

DEFENDANT HAS AN UNQUALIFIED RIGHT TO LEGAL ASSISTANCE OF COUNSEL. "CUYLER V. SULLIVAN 100 S.CT 1708 (1980) AND FRAZIER V. U.S 18 f.3d 778 (9th cir. 1994) THUS THE ADVERSARIAL PROCESS PROTECTED BY THE SIXTH AMENDMENT REQUIRES THAT THE ACCUSED HAVE "COURSEL ACTING IN THE ROLE OF AN ADVOCATE." ANDERS V. CALIFORNIA 87 S.CT. 1396 AND 1480 (1967) NOT INTIMIDATING ME WITH THE OPTION IF I DON'T TESTIFY WHAT DO I THINK WOULD HAPPEN.

A PARTY WHOSE COUNSEL IS UNABLE OR UNWILLING TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE OR ADEQUATE ASSISTANCE IS NO BETTER THAN ONE WHO HAS NO COUNSEL AT ALL; AND ANY APPEALS WOULD BE FUTILE IN GESTURE.

EVITTS V. LUCEY 105 S.CT. 830 (1985.)

DOUGLAS V. CALIFORNIA 83 S.CT. 814 (1963) APPOINTED COUNSEL FOR THIS DEFENDANT HAS DONE LITTLE

COUNSEL FOR THIS DEFENDANT HAS DONE LITTLE TO FAIRLY PROPERLY REPRESENT HIM. COUNSEL JUST GOES THROUGH THE MOTIONS, HE DOES NOT FOLLOW THROUGH, NOR BACK MY REQUESTS, MAKING EVERYTHING HE STARTS FRIVOLOUS, THIS ALONE IS A VIABLE CLAIM TO INEFFECTIVE COUNSEL CRANDELY. BYNELL NO. 92. 8530 DC NO CV-QO-6419 WURBL; FILED MAY 25. 1994 (944 CIF.)

THEREFORE DEFENDANT CONTENDS THAT ALTHOUGH
COUNSEL HAS BEEN APPOINTED IN THIS CASE, THE
ACTIONS OF COUNSEL OR LACK THEREOF, HAVE CREATED
UNFAIR PREJUDICE AND OBSTACLES WHICH DO NOT COMPORT
THE FAIR PROCEDURES OWED TO THE DEFENDANT.

MOST CERTAINLY THE PLURALITY OPINION IN EVITTS

AND DOUGLAS IOS S.CT. AT 842; 83 S.CT. AT 81647 MAKE

THIS VERY CLEAR, NOT WITHSTAND THE VERY STRONG

POLICY FAVORING AUTONOMY. ETHICAL, PROFESSIONAL AND

CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPALS ESTABLISH COUNSEL'S

STANDARDS OWED TO HIS CLIENT.

1 SO, CLEARLY A CONFLICT OF INTEREST NOW EXISTS BETWEEN MR. COX (COUNSEL) AND BRANDON JEFFERSON 3. (CLIENT.).

AS ALL FAITH AND TRUST HAS BEEN DIMINSHED AS A RESULT OF COUNSELS ACTIONS OR LACK THEREOF AND "SHOWING" OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST REQUIRES NO "ACT" OF PREJUDICE. CUYLER V. SULLIVAN 100 SET. AT 1717 THE LAW ADRESSES ITSELF TO ACTUALITES 9 ABJUDICATION IS NOT A MERE MECHANICAL PROCESS. NOR DOES IT COMPEL ANY EITHER COR DETERMINATION.) GRIFFIN V. I LUNOIS 76 S.CT. 505 592-594 (1956.) THERE FORE FUNDAMENTAL FAIRNESS REQUIRES THE ABOLITION OF PREJUDICE WHICH BRANDON JEFFERSON (DEFENDANT.) IS PRESENTLY SUFFERING. THIS IS ACTUALITY THAT THE LAW ADRESSES, AWTHING SHOFT OF ABDICATION WOULD FURTHER MANIFEST OF INJUSTICE. "THE EFFECTIVENESS (IN ASSISTANCE) OF COUNSEL" IS AN INDIVIDUALS

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MOST FUNDAMENTAL RIGHT. FOR WITHOUT IT, EVERY OTHER RIGHT DEFENDANT HAS TO ASSERT BECOMES AFFECTED.

RA 000005

DATED THIS 10TH day of OCTOBER, 20 11.

I, BRANDON M. JEFFERSON , d

solemnly swear, under the penalty of perjury, that

the above REQUEST / STATEMENT is accurate,

correct, and true to the best of my knowledge.

NRS 171.102 and NRS 208.165.

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Respectfully submitted,

Brancon al Jee Ferson

Defendant

RA 000006

LAS VEGAS, NEWADA 89101 330. S. CASINO CENTER BLUD BRANDON JEFFERSON # 2508991 C.C.D.C.



Alun & Chum

1 **RTRAN** CLERK OF THE COURT 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 THE STATE OF NEVADA, 7 8 CASE NO. C268351-1 Plaintiff, DEPT. NO. 2 9 VS. 10 BRANDON MONTANE JEFFERSON,) 11 Defendant. 12 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE VALORIE J. VEGA, DISTRICT JUDGE 14 TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2011 AT 9:00 A.M. 15 **RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT RE:** 16 DEFT'S PRO SE MOTION TO DISMISS COUNSEL AND APPOINT ALTERNATE COUNSEL 17 **EVIDENTIARY HEARING: DEFT JEFFERSON'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO** PRECLUDE INADMISSIBLE 51.385 EVIDENCE 18 19 APPEARANCES: 20 FOR THE STATE: WILLIAM "JAKE" MERBACK Chief Deputy District Attorney 21 FOR THE DEFENDANT: BRYAN A. COX 22 Deputy Public Defender 23 24 Recorded by: LISA A. LIZOTTE, COURT RECORDER 25

1	(TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2011 AT 9:00 A.M.)
2	THE COURT: Top of Page 4, State versus Brandon Jefferson,
3	C268351-1. Record shall reflect Mr. Merback for the State, Mr. Cox for the
4	Defense, Mr. Jefferson is in custody and is being brought into the courtroom.
5	MR. COX: Good morning, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Good morning. And Mr. Jefferson is now present.
7	This matter's on calendar for a couple of different reasons. We have a
8	Defendant's pro se motion to dismiss counsel and appoint alternate counsel. It
9	came as a surprise to me because we're just a couple days in advance of the
10	calendar call. Were you aware of that, Mr. Cox?
11	MR. COX: Judge, I can't say I'm surprised. I can tell you that
12	there's been some concerns Mr. Jefferson has expressed to myself, and so I
13	think – what was the date on that? It's been a little while. I think there was some
14	delay on it getting on calendar. I didn't file it myself.
15	THE COURT: No. It's his pro per motion, and I'm –
16	MR. COX: Notwithstanding any allegations against me, you know, I
17	want what's best for my client. So, you know, it's his motion. It's his to argue,
18	but –
19	THE COURT: Mr. Jefferson, did you wish to proceed on your
20	motion?
21	THE DEFENDANT: Yes.
22	THE COURT: You may be heard.
23	THE DEFENDANT: I just – I've asked Mr. Cox to do some things
24	for me and he hasn't – he hasn't – he hasn't come through, and I mean I don't

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have my full discovery yet. I just - just things he said to me, I just - I don't feel comfortable with him.

THE COURT: What is it that he has not done?

THE DEFENDANT: Well, I've asked him to subpoen afor some my work records from my job and he hasn't done that. I've asked him to make some phone calls to my family and he hasn't done that. And I've asked for my full discovery. I've been here for almost 14 months and I still don't have my full discovery.

THE COURT: Making calls to family members would be a courtesy. It's not part of his job duties. There is some discovery that's recently arrived that I was going to address with counsel today, but Mr. Cox, as to the discovery that you have been provided by the State, has that been shared with Mr. Jefferson?

MR. COX: Judge, there's been lots of visits. As far as any specific item I'd have to look at it, and sometimes my memory fails but I do have my discovery generally with me when I visit my client for him to view at any time. I can tell you I am hesitant to simply give copies of things to just leave in the jail simply because all my clients are generally in the same module, and unfortunately just recently I've had two cases I had to get off of because people see each other's discovery and then, you know, there's allegations made.

So I'd like to make the discovery available. I'm very hesitant to drop things off because I feel sometimes it creates a conflict, but I'll obey the Court's order on this.

THE COURT: So it's your standard operating procedure to meet with your client -

MR. COX: Yes.

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MR. COX: So for that reason, Judge, I'm reluctant. If he says, you know what, I don't care, bring me a copy of everything, I'll do it. That's fine. It just takes me a half hour at the copy machine and I can run everything off. As far as discovery goes, I didn't see that as an overwhelming issue. I have been to see him about witnesses and whatnot. You know, I thought that I had an understanding of who was there and who wasn't available, you know, for the Defense.

But, you know, unfortunately there's aspects here that I'm not willing to share because it goes to our relationship in matters that I don't think I should share with the State at this point.

THE COURT: Which makes sense to me. Have you asked your investigator to track down his work records?

MR. COX: Judge, quite frankly, I didn't see the work records as being key to the case here. I'm sorry. I just didn't see it. I – you know, I have my reasons. I don't want to go into too much discussion about the case but I didn't see that as being an issue, but -- I just didn't see it as being an issue in the case.

THE COURT: So he had requested that but you didn't see – MR. COX: Quite frankly, I made a note in my last visit, you know, Brandon, do you have any other witnesses or things you want me to investigate, and I have a specific note here that says, no, I don't, Mr. Cox, and I made a note of that because it's important for me to know whether or not I'm missing anything. Quite frankly, I wasn't – I didn't remember -- I think we've talked about work records but I think I told him why I didn't think it was really important because we don't have an alibi, so – and generally these cases just don't. We generally don't

have alibis in our general lives unless it's a very specific matter. There is a specific timeframe which we don't have here. I didn't realize his work records was a hanging point, and for that that's why – another reason why I just didn't get them.

THE COURT: Okay. So it doesn't appear that they have any relevance?

MR. COX: Judge, you know, I don't think I'm showing my hand here, but, you know, I didn't see it as being relevant, a thing that's really going to substantively, you know, defend the case in any way. You know, I don't think it's in dispute he had a job. The State and the State's witnesses have not made a specific date or time when these things have said to have taken place.

MR. MERBACK: He actually indicated in his statement to the police that he had lost his job. That was part of the reason that he was home when these events occur is because he had been employed and then he became unemployed. So I mean that's from his statement, and obviously that's just my recollection, but I recall that very specifically from his statement he indicated that he had lost his job and that was making it difficult for him.

THE COURT: It appears that the relief sought is not warranted and the Court, therefore, denies the motion. The Court will ask that the State prepare the order. We have –

MR. COX: Judge, I do have an issue with our trial date and I want to bring it up now rather than calendar call. My issue is it is a short week and I have retained Mr. Mark Chambers. I had sent the State a notice of that. We do have – the State does intend to argue in its case in chief that my client made

 incriminating statements. I did feel that it's essential to have Mr. Chambers as a witness to talk about the dynamics of interrogation. Mr. Merback's aware of that.

From talking to Mr. Chambers, unfortunately this short week – I don't know if you can really get it done in four days anyway, but in this short week that's the one week he's not available, however, he is available thereafter. And so – and I'm not trying to, you know, delay the case. I just need a different day. I can pretty much go – you know, unfortunately the next week is really the only full week we have and then you have the Thanksgiving Holiday. You know, I guess I was thinking more like maybe like December 5th maybe we could go or something like that if the State's available, but I just can't go the day we have. I'm sorry, Judge. I'm not trying to delay the case, but I need this expert and that's just the one week he's not available.

THE COURT: We have the week of November 14th a full week, the week of November 28th a full week and the week of December 5th a full week. I know that we've already got some other trials set in there, but I'm not –

MR. COX: I would prefer December 5th just because, you know, when you're that close to a holiday weekend things just don't seem to work out so well, but I'll submit it. I don't know what the State would think, but –

MR. MERBACK: That's fine.

MR. COX: -- I think December 5th gives us a full week with – you know, it's not really in close proximity to either holiday and I think we'll both be in a position to –

THE COURT: But if it goes longer than a week, it's going to be a problem.

MR. COX: Yeah, that's fine.

THE COURT: The 28th or the 5th?

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MR. COX:	Either day.	I can go either	day.	The State's	saying t	he
5 th and that's fine with r	ne.					

THE COURT: Well, he's already got one set the 5th, so I have one less on the 28th so I'd rather put it the 28th. So it's a Defense motion to continue, no opposition by the State and Defendant's previously waived speedy trial rights, correct? Correct, Mr. Cox?

MR. COX: That's correct, Judge.

MR. MERBACK: Wait, is that - may we approach, Judge?

THE COURT: Yes.

(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion was had.)

THE COURT: On further reflection the parties would jointly prefer the week of December 5th, so the Clerk will so reset. Defense's motion is granted. The November trial date and calendar call dates vacate.

MR. MERBACK: Judge, I also know that today was supposed to be a hearing on the 51.385 statement.

THE COURT: Let her reset first and then we'll go to the next item.

THE CLERK: Calendar call December 1st at 9:30, jury trial December 5th, 10:30.

THE COURT: The discovery I was referencing earlier is that the Defendant's children's CPS records arrived. He is the biological father. I reviewed them and made copies of them, and counsel may approach.

We can stay on. There's a couple of things that I would like to show you if you would come back to sidebar, please. Since he is the biological father of the children involved I believe, then, he has access to their records.

The records came in a sealed envelope which I opened and reviewed. They

were double-sided and I photocopied them single-sided. I did not find anything in them that I believed the Defendant was not entitled to, so there was nothing to redact.

However, the copy that I have of some of the records is not perfect. There are Pages 1 to 4 of some report summaries and then Pages 1 to 4 of another report summary, and then there is a record that has a number across the top which correlates to the next page. That number is showing as like a file number on this report. Then there's the Defendant's SCOPE with a note on it that my copy is not very good, the note is kind of faint, but it appears to be a female who is referenced in the other record. So I think she was somebody in the Family Division who had ordered the SCOPE and put her name on there.

And then there's some records from the hospital and a handwritten note –

MR. COX: And yours isn't any better than mine.

THE COURT: -- which is the – it appears is a required person's report.

MR. COX: Your copy is equally undecipherable as mine. Can you read yours at all?

THE COURT: I can read part of it.

MR. COX: Mine is really bad.

THE COURT: I think I'll take us off the record for that, though.

(Whereupon, an off-the-record discussion was had.)

THE COURT: The record shall reflect that I did not do any redactions on the records from CPS, that they are confidential and pertain to the victim and another sibling of the victim, that they are confidential records and

they relate to confidential medical records as well. The Court sua sponte is going to order them sealed and they'll be marked as Court's Exhibit 1, and the Court finds that there is a compelling issue for confidentiality which outweighs the public access to these records concerning the juveniles.

So that's turned over to the Clerk, and the Court ask that the State prepare a written order that complies with the new Supreme Court Rule on sealing from the ADKT 410 filed December 27th, 2010 and what is now Part 11 of the Supreme Court Rules. And the record should reflect that the sealed envelope came from Mr. Merback's office, I believe, in response to a subpoena duces tecum that he had sent to CPS.

MR. MERBACK: It was actually, Judge, if I remember correctly, an order we prepared that the Court signed that we took down to CPS.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

It's a number of pages that are paper clipped together. And then the last thing is what Mr. Merback had started to address with regard to the evidentiary hearing.

MR. MERBACK: Judge, if the Court recalls, when this hearing was set the idea was we would have it close to the trial date and bring those witnesses in at basically the same time. Because of that and because of the pending motion –

THE COURT: I thought we just had one. I just thought it was going to be Caitlin.

MR. MERBACK: No. It's a 51.385 hearing, which we'll hear from the two people who Caitlin made statements to, the Detective and the mother. That's who she made statement to, so then the Court can make a ruling in

regards to whether those – the statements made to those two individuals qualify for 51.385, and because of the pending –

THE COURT: No. I thought from a prior hearing that you wanted me to determine if Caitlin was going to be competent to testify, and if she was going to testify then the hearsay issue would not ripen.

MR. MERBACK: No. My understanding was was that – I could be wrong, but my understanding was that we filed a 51.385 notice and then the Defense filed a motion –

THE COURT: To preclude inadmissible evidence.

MR. MERBACK: -- that evidence and the Court wanted to hear the 51.385 evidence to determine whether or not it was – I mean we have to have a 51.385 hearing anyways. Whether or not the Defense had filed a motion or not we have to have that hearing. The Court has to hear from the people who took statements from the victim. They have to testify in regards to the nature of the disclosure, all the factors that are listed in 51.385. The Court was going to hear from those witnesses and then determine whether or not those statements made by the victim to those witnesses were going to be admissible. That was my understanding, and I apologize if I misunderstood.

THE COURT: Because my note says to hold the hearing outside the presence of the jury before she testifies and if she testifies the *Crawford* issues go away, and all indications are that she will testify, so if you're intending not just to present it through her but to also present her statement to other people through the other people, then there would be a hearsay analysis that would need to be done.

MR. MERBACK: Well, and that's actually what 51.385 allows. It allows the statements made by an individual who's under 10 -- statements made in regards to sexual abuse or physical abuse by a child under 10 to an individual, it allows that individual to come and testify to the jury about what that child said, but prior to them being able to do that there has to be a hearing outside the presence of the jury where the Court listens to that individual's testimony about what the victim said and makes a determination as to whether or not it meets the requirements under 51.385.

MR. COX: And, Judge -

MR. MERBACK: And then if the victim – there's also some specifics there as to whether or not it's allowable depending if the victim testifies or doesn't testify. In this case we fully expect the victim to testify, fully expect her to be determined to be competent. I don't know that the Defense has ever brought that issue up, that she's not going to be competent. I mean she testified – she gave a statement to the police. I don't know if they ever brought that issue up.

MR. COX: We're not waiving any issues, and at a hearing, Judge, we would be prepared – we would be prepared to argue that such statements should not be admissible from another party other than the child.

THE COURT: I have her age noted as 10. Most 10-year-old's are able to be qualified as competent, a 2-year-old, not so much, but it appears we're not having the hearing today.

MR. MERBACK: The Defense had – the Defendant had filed that particular motion, then Mr. Cox informed he was going to continue the case, so I didn't bring the witnesses in.

ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/visual proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.

LISA A. LIZOTTE Court Recorder

Lusi a Ligatto