### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

MARLO THOMAS,

Appellant,

No. 77345

District Court Case No. v.

96C136862-1

WILLIAM GITTERE, et al.,

Respondents.

(Death Penalty Case)

**Electronically Filed** Jun 14 2019 02:54 p.m.

Elizabeth A. Brown

Clerk of Supreme Court

### APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

Volume 12 of 35

Appeal from Order Dismissing Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County The Honorable Stefany Miley, District Judge

> RENE L. VALLADARES Federal Public Defender

JOANNE L. DIAMOND Assistant Federal Public Defender Nevada Bar No. 14139C Joanne\_Diamond@fd.org

411 E. Bonneville, Suite 250 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 388-6577

Attorneys for Appellant

## **INDEX**

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<b>PAGE</b>
35	Clar	e Appeal Statement, <i>Thomas v. Gittere,</i> Distr k County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1	
	(Octo	ober 30, 2018)	8617-8619
35		sion and Order, <i>State v. Thomas,</i> District Conty, Nevada Case No. C136862	urt, Clark
	(Sep	tember 27, 2018)	8590-8599
34	Thor	bits in Support of Motion for Evidentiary Hemas v. Filson, District Court, Clark County, No. 20136862-1 (June 8, 2018)	Jevada Case
	EXH	IIBTS	
34	1.	Order for Evidentiary Hearing, <i>McConnell Nevada</i> , Second Judicial District Court Cas CR02P1938 (August 30, 2013)	e No.
34	2.	Order of Reversal and Remand, <i>Gutierrez v</i> Nevada, Nevada Supreme Court Case No. 5 (September 19, 2012)	3506,
34	3.	Order, <i>Vanisi v. McDaniel, et al.,</i> Second Ju District Court Case No. CR98P0516 (March 21, 2012)	
34	4.	Order Setting Evidentiary Hearing, <i>Rhyne McDaniel</i> , <i>et al.</i> , Fourth Judicial District Co. No. CV-HC-08-673 (August 27, 2009)	ourt Case
34-35	5.	Reporter's Transcript of Argument/Decision Nevada v. Greene, Eighth Judicial District No. C124806 (June 5, 2009)	Court Case

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
35	6.	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing re: Defended Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, <i>State of Floyd</i> , Eighth Judicial District Court Case C159897 (December 13, 2007)	of Nevada v. No.
35	7.	Order, Casillas-Gutierrez v. LeGrand, et a. Judicial District Court Case No. CR08-098 (August 26, 2014)	5
35	8.	Transcript of Hearing Defendant's Pro Se I Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), S Response and Countermotion to Dismiss D Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-C State of Nevada v. Reberger, Eighth Judici Court Case No. C098213	Petition for State's efendant's onviction), al District
35	9.	Minutes, State of Nevada v. Homick, Eight District Court Case No. 86-C-074385-C (Ju	ne 5, 2009)
32	to Co Clar	bits in Support of Motion and Notice of Motonduct Discovery (List), <i>Thomas v. Filson</i> , Dk County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 e 8, 2018)	istrict Court,
32	EXH A.	IBTS Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Cl District Attorney	•
32	В.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the La Metropolitan Police Department, Homicide	
32	С.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the La Metropolitan Police Department, Criminal Bureau	istics

VOLUME	<u>C</u>	DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
32	D.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Las Metropolitan Police Department, Patrol	
32-33	E.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Las Metropolitan Police Department, Technical Division	Services
33	F.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Las Metropolitan Police Department, Confident Informant	ial
33	G.	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, Services Division, Proposed Subpoena Duce	s Tecum to
33	Н.	the Fingerprint Bureau Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Cla Detention Center-Business Accounts	ırk County
33	I.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Cla Detention Center-Classification	_
33	J.	Deposition of Former Clark County District Gary Guymon, <i>Witter v. E.K. McDaniel,</i> Un District Court Case No. CV-S-01-1034 (February 11, 2005)	ited States
33	K.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Fed Bureau of Investigation, Record Information/Dissemination Section	
33	L.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the New Department of Corrections regarding Bobby (deceased)	L. Lewis
33	M.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the Las Metropolitan Police Department, Criminal	History

VOLUME	<u>!</u>	<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<b>PAGE</b>
33	N.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the C Coroner-Medical Examiner	
33	О.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to Jury Commissioner, Eighth Judicial District Co	
33	P.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the North of Continuing Legal Education	
33	Q.	Declaration of Katrina Davidson (June 7,	
33	R.	Proposed Subpoena Duces Tecum to the C Comptroller	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
33	S.	Order Regarding Remaining Discovery Iss <i>McDaniel</i> , U.S.D.C., Case No. CV-N-00-01 HDM(RAM) (September 24, 2002)	sues, <i>Doyle v.</i> .01-
33	Т.	Homick v. McDaniel, U.S. District Court (N-99-0299, Order regarding Remaining Dissues (September 1, 2004)	iscovery
33-34	U.	State v. Jimenez, Case No. C77955, Eight District Court, Recorder's Transcript re: E Hearing (excerpt) (April 19, 1993)	Evidentiary
34	V.	State v. Bailey, Case No. C129217, Eighth District Court, Reporter's Transcript of Pr (July 30, 1996)	$\mathbf{r}$
34	W.	State v. Rippo, Case No. C106784, Eighth District Court, Reporter's Transcript of Pr (February 8, 1996)	roceedings
34	X.	Order Regarding Discovery, <i>Paine v. McL</i> CV-S-00-1082-KJD(PAL) (September 27, 2002)	

VOLUME		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
34	Υ.	Order Regarding Discovery, <i>Riley v. McD</i> . N-01-0096-DWH(VPC) (September 30, 2002)	
		(September 50, 2002)	0301-0319
34	Z.	Order Regarding Discovery, <i>McNelton v. L.</i> No. CV-S-00-284-LRH(LRL)	McDaniel,
		(September 30, 2002)	8376-8398
34	AA.	Washoe County, excerpt of discovery prov Williams v. McDaniel, Case No. CV-S-98-	56PMP (LRL)
34		1. Declaration of Becky L. Hansen dated 2002)	_
34		2. Jury selection, discovery obtained from the Washoe County District Attorney i Federal Subpoena Duces Tecum on Ap in <i>Williams v. McDaniel</i> , Case No. CV- 56PMP(LRL), Bates No. 1619	n the Office of n response to ril 23, 1999 ·S-98-
34		3. Letter from Garry H. Hatlestad, Chief Deputy, Office of the Washoe County I Attorney to Assistant Federal Public I Rebecca Blaskey, dated May 13, 1999.	District Defender
4	Hab Cour	abits In Support of Petition for Writ of eas Corpus (list) <i>Thomas v. Filson</i> , District onty, Nevada Case No. C96C136862-1, ober 20, 2017)	
	EXH	IIBIT	
4	1.	Judgment of Conviction, <i>State v. Thoma</i> C136862, District Court, Clark County (August 27, 1997)	
4	2.	Amended Judgment of Conviction, State Case No. C136862, District Court, Clark (September 16, 1997)	County

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	PAGE
4	3.	Opening Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (February 4, 1998)	ı
4	4.	Appellant's Reply Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , 31019, In the Supreme Court of the State (October 7, 1998)	of Nevada
4-5	5.	Opinion, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. 31019 Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (November 25, 1998	
5	6.	Appellant Marlo Thomas' Petition for Reh Thomas v. State, Case No. 31019, In the S Court of the State of Nevada (December 11, 1998)	Supreme
5	7.	Order Denying Rehearing, <i>Thomas v. Sta</i> 31019, In the Supreme Court of the State (February 4, 1999)	of Nevada
5	8.	Petition for Writ of Certiorari, <i>Thomas v.</i> No. 98-9250, In the Supreme Court of the States (May 4, 1999)	United
5	9.	Opinion, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. 98-92 Supreme Court of the United States (October 4, 1999)	50, In the
5	10.	Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus, <i>Thom</i> Case No. C136862, District Court, Clark (January 6, 2000)	nas v. State, County
5	11.	Supplemental Petition for Writ of Habeas (Post Conviction) and Points and Authori Support Thereof, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case N District Court, Clark County	ties in

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	PAGE
		(July 16, 2001)	1065-1142
5	12.	Findings of Fact Conclusions of Law and County (September 6, 2002)	urt, Clark
5	13.	Opening Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (April 3, 2003)	
5-6	14.	Reply Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. 40 Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (September 10, 2003)	
6	15.	Opinion, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. 40248 Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (February 10, 2004)	
6	16.	Judgment of Conviction, State v. Thomas, C136862, District Court, Clark County (November 28, 2005)	
6	17.	Appellant's Opening Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> 46509, In the Supreme Court in the State (June 1, 2006)	of Nevada
6	18.	Appellant's Reply Brief, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , 46509, In the Supreme Court of the State (October 24, 2006)	of Nevada
6	19.	Opinion, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Case No. 46509 Supreme Court of the State of Nevada (December 28, 2006)	
6	20.	Petition for Rehearing and Motion to Recu Clerk Clark County District Attorney's Of Further Involvement in the Case, <i>Thomas</i>	fice from

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<b>PAGE</b>
		Case No. 46509, In the Supreme Cou Nevada (March 27, 2007)	
6	21.	Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (and Motion for Appointment of Court Warden, Case No. C136862, District County (March 6, 2008)	nsel, <i>Thomas v.</i> Court, Clark
6	22.	Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus ( <i>Thomas v. Warden</i> , Case No. C13686 Court, Clark County (July 12, 2010)	62, District
6	23.	Supplemental Petition for Writ of Ha (Post-Conviction), <i>Thomas v. Warder</i> C136862, District Court, Clark Court (March 31, 2014)	n, Case No.
6-7	24.	Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law State v. Thomas, Case No. C136862 Clark County (May 30, 2014)	District Court,
7	25.	Appellant's Opening Brief, <i>State v. 7</i> 65916, In the Supreme Court of the S (November 4, 2014)	State of Nevada
7	26.	Order of Affirmation, <i>Thomas v. Sta</i> 65916, In the Supreme Court of the S (July 22, 2016)	State of Nevada
7	27.	Petition for Rehearing, <i>Thomas v. St</i> 65916, In the Supreme Court of the S (August 9, 2016)	State of Nevada
7	28.	Order Denying Rehearing, <i>Thomas</i> (65916, In the Supreme Court of the Suprember 22, 2016)	State of Nevada

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
7	29.	Defendant's Motion to Strike State's Notice to Seek Death Penalty Because the Proceed Case is Unconstitutional, <i>State v. Chappe</i> C131341, District Court, Clark County (July 23, 1996)	lure in this ell, Case No.
7	30.	Verdict Forms, <i>State v. Powell</i> , Case No. On District Court, Clark County (November 15, 2000)	
7	31.	Minutes, <i>State v. Strohmeyer</i> , Case No. C District Court, Clark County (September 8, 1998)	
7	32.	Verdict Forms, State v. Rodriguez, Case N District Court, Clark County (May 7, 1996)	ŕ
7	33.	Verdict Forms, <i>State v. Daniels</i> , Case No. District Court, Clark County (November 1, 1995)	
7	34.	Declaration of Andrew Williams (May 25, 2017)	1606-1610
7	35.	Declaration of Antionette Thomas (June 2, 2017)	1611-1613
7	36.	Declaration of Charles Nash (June 19, 2017)	1614-1617
7	37.	Declaration of Darrell Thomas (July 19, 2017)	1618-1625
7	38.	Declaration of David Hudson (May 24, 2017)	1626-1630
7	39.	Declaration of James A. Treanor	

<b>VOLUME</b>		<b>DOCUMENT</b>	<u>PAGE</u>
		(May 22, 2017)	1631-1633
7	40.	Declaration of Kareem Hunt (June 19, 2017)	1634-1636
7	41.	Declaration of Linda McGilbra (May 24, 2017)	1637-1639
7	42.	Declaration of Paul Hardwick, Sr. (May 24, 2017)	1640-1643
7	43.	Declaration of Peter LaPorta (July 2011)	1644-1651
7	44.	Declaration of Shirley Nash (May 24, 2017)	1652-1656
7	45.	Declaration of Ty'yivri Glover (June 18, 2017)	1657-1659
7	46.	Declaration of Virgie Robinson (May 25, 2017)	1660-1663
7	47.	Certification Hearing Report, <i>In the Matter Thomas, Marlo Demitrius,</i> District Court, Division Case No. J29999 (February 8, 1990)	Juvenile
7-8	48.	Marlo Thomas Various Juvenile Records	1687-1938
8	49.	Marlo Thomas Various School Records	1939-1990
8	50.	Operation School Bell, Dressing Children 8) in Clark County Schools	
8	51.	Photograph of Georgia Thomas and Sister	s

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<b>PAGE</b>
			1999-2000
9	52.	Photograph of TJ and JT Thomas	2001-2002
9	53.	Draft Memo: Georgia Thomas Interview of James Green (January 21, 2010)	•
9	54.	Investigative Memorandum, Interview of Georgia Ann Thomas conducted by Tena S (October 5, 2011)	S. Francis
9	55.	Criminal File, <i>State v. Bobby Lewis</i> , Distr Clark County, Nevada Case No. C65500	
9-10	56.	Criminal File, <i>State v. Darrell Bernard Th</i> District Court, Clark County, Nevada Cas C147517	e No.
10	57.	Bobby Lewis Police Records	2391-2409
10	58.	Declaration of Annie Outland (June 27, 2017)	2410-2414
10	59.	Declaration of Bobby Gronauer (June 27, 2017)	2415-2417
10-12	60.	Larry Thomas Criminal File	2418-2859
12	61.	Georgia Ann Thomas School Records	2860-2862
12	62.	Declaration of Johnny Hudson (June 29, 2017)	2863-2868
12	63.	Declaration of Matthew Young (July 3, 2017)	2869-2876
12	64.	Photography of TJ Thomas (younger)	2877-2878

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
12	65.	Marlo Thomas Excerpted Prison Records	2879-2916
12-13	66.	American Bar Association Guidelines for to Appointment and Performance of Defense a Death Penalty Cases (1989)	Counsel in
13	67.	American Bar Association Guidelines for to Appointed and Performance of Defense Co Death Penalty Cases (Revised Edition Feb 2003)	ounsel in oruary
13	68.	Supplementary Guidelines for the Mitigat Function of Defense Teams in Death Pena (June 15, 2008)	alty Cases
13	69.	Department of Health and Human Service Certificate of Death, Georgia Ann Thomas (December 22, 2015)	3
13-14	70.	State of Nevada Department of Health, W Rehabilitation, Certificate of Live Birth, N Demetrius Thomas (November 6, 1972)	Marlo
14	71.	Instructions to the Jury (Guilt Phase), Standard V. Marlo Thomas, District Court, County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (June 18, 1997)	Clark
14	72.	Instructions to the Jury (Penalty Phase), <i>Nevada v. Marlo Thomas,</i> District Court, County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (November 2, 2005)	Clark
14	73.	Correspondence to Gary Taylor and Danie dated June 13, 2008, enclosing redacted co	_

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<b>PAGE</b>
14	74.	Confidential Execution Manual (Revise 2007)	3321-3340 ncluding
14	75.	The American Board and Anesthesiolog Anesthesiologists and Capital Punishm American Medical Association Policy E- Punishment	ent (4/2/10); 2.06 Capital
14-15	76.	Order, In the Matter of the Review of Is Concerning Representation of Indigent Criminal and Juvenile Delinquency Cas Supreme Court of the State of Nevada A (October 16, 2008)	Defendants in ses, In the ADKT No. 411
15	77.	"Justice by the people", Jury Improveme Commission, Report of the Supreme Co (October 2002)	urt of Nevada
15-16	78.	1977 Nevada Log., 59th Sess., Senate Ju Committee, Minutes of Meeting (October 2002)	-
16	79.	Darrell Thomas Clark County School D	
16	80.	Information, State of Nevada v. Angela District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C121962 (August 8, 1994)	Case No.
16	81.	Judgment of Conviction, State of Nevad Colleen Love, District Court, Clark Cou Case No. C121962X (March 25, 1998)	nty, Nevada
16	82.	U.S. Census Bureau, Profile of General Characteristics: 200	

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
16	83.	2010 Census Interactive Population Search Clark County	
16	84.	Editorial: Jury Pools are Shallow, The Las (November 1, 2005)	
16	85.	The Jury's Still Out, The Las Vegas Sun, & Pordum (October 30, 2005)	
16	86.	Editorial: Question of Fairness Lingers, Tl Vegas Sun (November 8, 2005)	
16	87.	Declaration of Adele Basye (June 29, 2017)	3768-3772
	Seate	ed Jurors:	
16	88.	Jury Questionnaire (Janet Cunningham), Marlo Thomas, District Court, Clark Court Case No. C136862	nty, Nevada
16	89.	Jury Questionnaire (Janet Jones), <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, New No. C136862	vada Case
16	90.	Jury Questionnaire (Don McIntosh), State Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Ne No. C136862	vada Case
16	91.	Jury Questionnaire (Connie Kaczmarek), A Marlo Thomas, District Court, Clark Court Case No. C136862	nty, Nevada
16	92.	Jury Questionnaire (Rosa Belch), <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, New No. C136862	vada Case

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
16	93.	Jury Questionnaire (Philip Adona), S Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	94.	Jury Questionnaire (Adele Basye), St Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	95.	Jury Questionnaire (Jill McGrath), S Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	96.	Jury Questionnaire (Ceasar Elpidio), <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	97.	Jury Questionnaire (Loretta Gillis), S. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	98.	Jury Questionnaire (Joseph Delia), S Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	99.	Jury Questionnaire (Christina Shave <i>Marlo Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Case No. C136862	County, Nevada
	Jury	Alternates:	
16	100.	Jury Questionnaire (Herbert Rice), S Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case
16	101.	Jury Questionnaire (Tamara Chiangi Thomas, District Court, Clark County No. C136862	y, Nevada Case

# <u>VOLUME</u> <u>DOCUMENT</u> <u>PAGE</u>

## Non-Seated Jurors:

16-20	102.	Jury Questionnaires of the remaining un-seated jurors, <i>State v. Marlo Thomas,</i> District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C1368623916-4781
20	103.	Investigative Memorandum, Interview of Witness Rebecca Thomas conducted by Tena S. Francis (October 25, 2011)
20	104.	Itemized Statement of Earnings, Social Security Administration Earnings Record Information, Marlo Thomas
20	105.	Home Going Celebration for Bobby Lewis (January 23, 2012)
20	106.	Division of Child & Family Services, Caliente Youth Center Program Information4798-4801
20	107.	Declaration of Jerome Dyer (July 14, 2011)4802-4804
20	108.	Investigation of Nevada Youth Training Center, Department of Justice, Signed by Ralph F. Boyd, Jr., Assistant Attorney General (Conducted February 11- 13, 2002)
20	109.	Photograph of Darrell and Georgia Thomas4812-4813
20	110.	Photograph of Georgia Thomas' Casket
20	111.	Photograph of Larry Thomas4816-4817
20	112.	Photograph of Marlo Thomas as an adolescent

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
20	113.	Photograph of Marlo Thomas as a child	4820-4821
20	114.	Matthew G. Young Criminal File	4826-4962
20	115.	Sentencing Agreement, State v. Evans, Di Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C1 (February 4, 2004)	16071
20	116.	Photograph of Georgia Thomas	4969-4970
20	117.	Photograph of TJ Thomas	4971-4972
20	118.	Photograph of Darrell Thomas	4973-4974
20	119.	The Greater Philadelphia Church of God is Annual Report, Darrell Thomas, Domestic Corporation, File No. E0389782012-8 (July 24, 2012)	Non-Profit
20	120.	Special Verdict, <i>State v. Ducksworth, Jr.,</i> Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C1 (October 28, 1993)	08501
20	121.	Correspondence from David Schieck to Da Albregts with Mitigating Factors Prelimin Checklist (June 2, 2005)	ary
20-21	122.	Getting it Right: Life History Investigation Foundation for a Reliable Mental Health A authored by Richard G. Dudley, Jr., Pame Leonard (June 15, 2008)	Assessment, la Blume
21	123.	Criminal Complaint, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , Just Las Vegas Township, Clark County, Nevac 96F07190A-B (April 22, 1996)	da Case No.

VOLUME		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	PAGE
21	124.	Appearances-Hearing, State v. Thoracourt, Las Vegas Township, Clark Case No. 96F07190A	County, Nevada
21	125.	Reporter's Transcript of Preliminar, v. Thomas, Justice Court, Las Vega County Nevada Case No. 96F07190 (June 27, 1996)	s Township, Clark A
21	126.	Information, State v. Thomas, Distr County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (July 2, 1996)	,
21	127.	Notice of Intent to Seek Death Pena Thomas, District Court, Clark Court No. C136862 (July 3, 1996)	nty, Nevada Case
21	128.	Reporter's Transcript of Proceeding <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Court, No. C136862 (July 10, 1996)	ity, Nevada Case
21-22	129.	Jury Trial-Day 1, Volume I, <i>State v</i> Court, Clark County, Nevada Case (June 16, 1997)	No. C136862
22	130.	Jury Trial-Day 1, Volume II, State of District Court, Clark County, Nevac C136862 (June 16, 1997)	da Case No.
22-23	131.	Jury Trial-Day 3, Volume IV, <i>State</i> District Court, Clark County, Nevac C136862 (June 18, 1997)	da Case No.
23-24	132.	Jury Trial-Penalty Phase Day 1, Sta District Court, Clark County, Neva C136862 (June 23, 1997)	da Case No.

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
24	133.	Jury Trial-Penalty Phase Day 2, <i>State v.</i> District Court, Clark County, Nevada Ca C136862 (June 25, 1997)	se No.
24	134.	Verdicts (Guilt), <i>State v. Thomas</i> , Distric Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (June 18, 1997)	2
24	135.	Verdicts (Penalty), <i>State v. Thomas</i> , Dist Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (June 25, 1997)	2
24	136.	Special Verdicts (Penalty), <i>State v. Thom</i> Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C (June 25, 1997)	136862
24	137.	Remittitur, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , In the Suprethe State of Nevada Case No. 31019 (November 4, 1999)	
24	138.	Remittitur, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , In the Suprethe State of Nevada Case No. 40248 (March 11, 2004)	
24-25	139.	Reporter's Transcript of Penalty Hearing <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, No. C136862 (November 1, 2005)	evada Case
25-26	140.	Reporter's Transcript of Penalty Hearing <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, No. C136862 (November 2, 2005)	evada Case
26	141.	Special Verdict, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (November 2, 2005)	}

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
26	142.	Order Denying Motion, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, Ca 46509 (June 29, 2007)	ise No.
26	143.	Correspondence Regarding Order Denying for Writ of Certiorari, <i>Thomas v. Nevada</i> , Court of the United States Case No. 06-10 (January 14, 2008)	Supreme 0347
26	144.	Remittitur, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , In the Supre State of Nevada, Case No. 65916 (October 27, 2016)	
26	145.	National Sex Offender Registry for Larry Thomas (June 6, 2017)	
26	146.	W-4 Employee's Withholding Allowance C Marlo Thomas (February 1996)	
26	147.	Nevada Department of Public Safety, Nev Offender Registry for Bobby Lewis	
26	148.	Correspondence from Thomas F. Kinsora, Peter La Porta (June 30, 1997)	
26	149.	Correspondence from Lee Elizabeth McMa Marlo Thomas (May 15, 1997)	
26	150.	Correspondence from Lee Elizabeth McMa Marlo Thomas (May 27, 1997)	
26	151.	Statements related to Precilian Beltran	6292-6308
26	152.	Declaration of Julia Ann Williams (July 28, 2017)	6309-6312
26	153.	Declaration of Tony Thomas, Jr.	

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<b>PAGE</b>
		(July 25, 2017)	6313-6320
26	154.	Declaration of Rebecca Thomas (July 21, 2017)	6321-6323
26	155.	Declaration of Paul Hardwick, Jr. (July 17, 2017)	6324-6327
26	156.	Photograph Paul Hardwick, Jr	6328-6329
26	157.	Declaration of Walter Mackie (July 13, 2017)	6330-6334
26	158.	Declaration of Katrina Davidson (July 18, 2017)	6335-6336
26	159.	State's Trial Exhibit 86, Certification Order Matter of Marlo Demetrius Thomas, Distributed Division, Clark County Nevada County 129999 (September 17, 1990)	ict Court, ase No.
26	160.	State's Trial Exhibit 85, Juvenile Petitions  Matter of Marlo Demetrius Thomas, Distri  Juvenile Division, Clark County, Nevada ( J29999	ict Court, Case No.
26	161.	State's Trial Exhibit 87, Pre-Sentence Rep Demetrius Thomas, Department of Parole Probation (November 20, 1990)	and
26	162.	State's Trial Exhibit 102, Pre-Sentence Re Demetrius Thomas, Department of Motor and Public Safety, Division of Parole and E (May 20, 1996)	Vehicles Probation
26	163.	State's Exhibit 108, Incident Report, North Police Department Event No. 84-5789 (July 6, 1984)	_

<b>VOLUME</b>		<u>DOCUMENT</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
26	164.	Declaration of Daniel J. Albregts (July 18, 2017)	6411-6414
26	165.	Declaration of Janet Diane Cunningham (July 18, 2017)	6415-6418
26	166.	Declaration of Philip Adona (July 18, 2017)	6419-6421
26	167.	Declaration of Maribel Yanez (July 19, 2017)	6422-6426
26	168.	Certificate of Death, Elizabeth McMahon (August 12, 2008)	6427-6428
26	169.	Certificate of Death, Peter R La Porta (July 5, 2014)	6429-6430
26	170.	"Temporary Judge Faces State Sanctions", Sun (March 15, 2004)	
26	171.	"State Defender's Office in Turmoil as LaP Ousted", by Bill Gang, Las Vegas Sun (October 2, 1996)	
26	172.	Criminal Court Minutes, State v. Thomas, 96-C-136862-C	
26	173.	Research re: Alcohol Effects on a Fetus	6475-6486
26	174.	Declaration of Cassondrus Ragsdale (July 21, 2017)	6487-6490
26-27	175.	Jury Composition Preliminary Sturdy, Eig Judicial District Court, Clark County, Nev Prepared by John S. DeWitt, Ph.D. (August 1992)	ada,

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
27	176.	Correspondence from Jordan Savage to Thomas (September 23, 1996)	
27	177.	Opposition to Renewed Motion for Leav Discovery, <i>Sherman v. Baker</i> , In the U District Court for the District of Nevad 2:02-cv-1349-LRH-LRL (January 26, 2)	nited States a, Case No.
27	178.	Recorder's Transcript of Proceedings re Call, <i>State v. Williams</i> , District Court, Nevada Case No. C124422 (May 8, 201	Clark County,
27	179.	Handwritten Notes, Gregory Leonard (October 12, 1995)	
27	180.	Neuropsychological Assessment of Mar Thomas F. Kinsora, Ph.D. (June 9, 199	
27	181.	Declaration of Amy B. Nguyen (July 23, 2017)	6596-6633
27	182.	Declaration of David Schieck, Gregory Case (July 16, 2007)	
27	183.	Declaration of Richard G. Dudley, Jr., 2017) (CV attached as Exhibit A)	
27	184.	Declaration of Nancy Lemcke, Patrick (July 8, 2011)	
27	185.	Declaration of Nancy Lemcke, Donald (October 26, 2005)	
27-28	186.	Deconstructing Antisocial Personality Psychopathy: A Guidelines-Based Appr Prejudicial Psychiatric Labels, by Kath and Sean D. O'Brien	roach to lleen Wayland

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<b>PAGE</b>
28	187.	Declaration of Don McIntosh (July 22, 2017)	6779-6785
28	188.	Interoffice Memorandum from Jerry to Petre: Emma Nash (June 2, 1997)	
28	189.	Interoffice Memorandum from Jerry to Perre: Charles Nash (June 5, 1997)	
28	190.	Interoffice Memorandum from Jerry to Perre: Mary Resendez (June 13, 1997)	
28	191.	Interoffice Memorandum from Jerry to Perre: Linda Overby (June 14, 1997)	
28	192.	Interoffice Memorandum from Jerry to Perre: Thomas Jackson (July 8, 1997)	
28	193.	Motion to Dismiss Counsel and/or Appoint Counsel (Pro-Se), <i>State v. Thomas</i> , Distric Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (September 4, 1996)	t Court,
28	194.	Correspondence from David M. Schieck to Thomas (April 12, 2004)	
28	195.	Declaration of Connie Kaxmarek (July 22, 2017)	6812-6817
28	196.	Declaration of Roy Shupe (June 21, 2017)	6818-6821
28	197.	"Judge out of order, ethics claims say", by Skolnik, Las Vegas Sun (April 27, 2007)	

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<b>PAGE</b>
28	198.	"Mabey takes heat for attending his paties of inauguration", by John L. Smith, Las V Review Journal (January 5, 2007)	egas
28	199.	Declaration of Everlyn Brown Grace (July 25, 2017)	6890-6835
28	200.	Declaration of Ceasar Elpidio (July 26, 2017)	6836-6838
28	201.	Criminal File, <i>State v. John Thomas, Jr.,</i> Eighth Judicial District Court of the State in and for the County of Clark, Case No. Co.	e of Nevada C61187
28	202.	Bobby Lewis Police Photo	6881-6882
28	203.	Photograph of Bobby Lewis	6883-6884
28	204.	Photograph of Georgia Thomas	6885-6886
28	205.	Declaration of Thomas F. Kinsora, Ph.D. (2014)(CV attached as Exhibit A)	•
28	206.	Neuropsychological Evaluation of Marlo T Joan W. Mayfield, PhD. (July 27, 2017)(C as Exhibit A)	V attached
28	207.	"Mayor shakes up housing board", Las Ve (June 17, 2003)	_
28	208.	Declaration of Roseann Pecora (June, 2017)	6947-6950
28	209.	Declaration of Annie Stringer (July 28, 2017)	6951-6956
28	210.	Declaration of David M. Schieck	

<b>VOLUME</b>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
		(July 28, 2017)	6957-6958
28	211.	Correspondence from David M. Schieck to Thomas Kinsora (April 5, 2004)	
28	212.	Order Approving Issuance of Public Remarkable Discipline of Peter LaPorta, In the Supremble State of Nevada, Case No. 29452 (August 29, 1997)	me Court of
28	213.	Notice of Evidence in Support of Aggravate Circumstances, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (September 23, 2005)	Court,
28	214.	Ancestry.com results	6969-6975
28	215.	Correspondence from Steven S. Owens to I Fiedler (November 3, 2016)	
28	216.	Correspondence from Heidi Parry Stern to Davidson (December 29, 2016)	
28	217.	Correspondence from Charlotte Bible to K Davidson (November 10, 2016)	
28	218.	Declaration of Katrina Davidson (July 31, 2017)	6992-6994
28	219.	Jury, <i>State v. Thomas,</i> District Court, Clar Nevada Case No. C136862 (October 31, 2005)	
28	220.	Declaration of Tammy R. Smith (October 20, 2016)	6997-7000
29	221.	Marlo Thomas Residential Chronology	7001-7003

<u>VOLUME</u>		<b>DOCUMENT</b>	<u>PAGE</u>
29	222.	Agreement to Testify, <i>State v. Hall, &amp;</i> Las Vegas Township, Clark County, 96F01790B (June 27, 1996)	Nevada Case No.
29	223.	"A Blighted Las Vegas Community is into a Model Neighborhood", U.S. De Housing and Urban Living (August 27, 2002)	epartment of
29	224.	Social History and Narrative (July 2, 2017)	7010-7062
29	225.	Fountain Praise Ministry Annual Re Thomas, Sr., Domestic Non-Profit Co No. C5-221-1994 (April 6, 1994)	orporation, File
29	226.	Declaration of Cynthia Thomas (August 1, 2017)	7065-7068
29	227.	Declaration of Denise Hall (August 28, 2017)	7069-7072
29	228.	Declaration of Jordan Savage (August 23, 2017)	7073-7077
29	229.	Declaration of Shirley Beatrice Thon (August 10, 2017)	
29	230.	Billing Records for Daniel Albregts, Thomas, District Court Case No. C1 (June 6, 2005)	36862
29	231.	Billing Records for David M. Schieck <i>Thomas,</i> District Court, Case No. C1 (July 8, 2004)	36862
29	232.	Itemized Statement of Earnings, Soc Administration, Georgia A. Thomas	eial Security

<u>VOLUME</u>		DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
		(September 8, 2017)	7105-7111
29	233.	Louisiana School Census, Family Field Re Bobby Lewis	
29	234.	Criminal Records for Bobby Lewis, Sixth of District Court, Parish of Madison, Case N	o. 11969
29	235.	Criminal Records for Bobby Lewis, Sixth of District Court, Parish of Madison, Case N	o. 11965
29	236.	Declaration of Christopher Milian (October 10, 2017)	7140-7145
29	237.	Declaration of Jonathan H. Mack, Psy.D. (October 12, 2017)	7146-7148
29	238.	Declaration of Joseph Hannigan (September 13, 2017)	7149-7153
29	239.	Declaration of Claytee White (October 13, 2017)	7154-7158
29	240.	"Woman in salon-related shooting to be pa Vegas Sun (February 25, 1997)	
29	241.	Order Regarding Sanctions, Denying Motor Dismiss, and Imposing Additional Sanction Whipple v. Second Judicial District Court Beth Luna (Real Parties in Interest), In the Court of the State of Nevada, Case No. 68 (June 23, 2016)	on, <i>Brett O.</i> e and K.  ne Supreme  668
29	242.	Order Approving Conditional Guilty Plea In the Matter of Discipline of Brett O. Wh	_

<b>VOLUME</b>	<b>DOCUMENT</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
	No. 6168, In the Supreme Court of the Sta Nevada, Case No. 70951 (December 21, 2016)	
29-30	243. Angela Thomas Southern Nevada Mental Services Records	
30	244. Declaration of Brett O. Whipple (October 16, 2017)	7436-7438
30	245. Declaration of Angela Colleen Thomas (October 17, 2017)	7439-7448
30	246. Declaration of Kenya Hall (October 19, 2017)	7449-7452
30	247. Declaration of Sharyn Brown (October 19, 2017)	7453-7455
31	Exhibits in Support of Reply to Response (List); County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 (June 4, 2018)	Court, Clark
	EXHIBITS	
31	248. Request for Funds for Investigative Assistant Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Neva No. C136862C (November 9, 2009)	ada Case
31	249. Recorder's Transcript Re: Filing of Brief, St. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevs. No. C136862 (November 9, 2009)	ada Case
31-32	250. Response to Request for Funds for Investiga Assistance, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (December 8, 2009)	, Clark

<b>VOLUME</b>	<u>!</u> <u>!</u>	<b>DOCUMENT</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
32	251.	Recorder's Transcript re: Status Check: De Request for Investigative Assistance-State's Brief/Opposition, <i>State v. Thomas,</i> District Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862 (January 19, 2010)	s Court,
32	252.	Reply to the Response to the Request for F Investigative Assistance, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C13 (December 28, 2009)	District 36862
32	253.	Jury Composition Preliminary Study, Eigh District Court, Clark County Nevada, Prep Nevada Appellate and Post-Conviction Pro S. DeWitt, Ph.D.	eared for ject by John
32	254.	Jury Improvement Commission Report of t Supreme Court of Nevada, (October 2002)	
32	255.	Register of Actions, Minutes, <i>State v. Thor.</i> Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C13 (January 7, 2009)	36862
1-2	Dist	Trial-Day 2, Volume III, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , rict Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. (e 17, 1997)	
34	Thor	on and Notice of Motion for Evidentiary Heamas v. Filson, District Court, Clark County, No. 96C136862-1(June 8, 2018)	Nevada
32	Thoi	on and Notice of Motion for Leave to Conduction of Variation, District Court, Clark County, No. 96C136862-1 (June 8, 2018)	Nevada

VOLUME	DOCUMENT	<u>PAGE</u>
2	Minutes, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Nevada Case No. C136862, (September 26, 2001)	• ,
3	Minutes, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Nevada Case No. C136862, (March 7, 2011)	• ,
3	Minutes, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Nevada Case No. C136862, (March 11, 2011)	•
35	Notice of Appeal, <i>Thomas v. Gittere</i> , District Cou County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 (October 30, 2018)	
35	Notice of Entry of Order, <i>Thomas v. State</i> , Distri Clark County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 (October 1, 2018)	
30	Notice Resetting Date and Time of Hearing, <i>State Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862-1 (December 1, 2017)	Case No. 96-
35	Notice Resetting Date and Time of Hearing, <i>State Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862-1 (July 24, 2018)	Case No. 96-
35	Opposition to Motions for Discovery and for Evid Hearing, <i>State v. Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 (July 9, 2018)	County,
3-4	Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction), <i>Thomas v. Filson</i> , District Courty, Nevada Case No. C96C136862-1 (October 20, 2017)	
30	Recorder's Transcript of Hearing: Defendant's Pr Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Convict	

### v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. Recorder's Transcript Re: Calendar Call, State v. Thomas, 1 District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862, 1 Recorder's Transcript Re: Defendant's Motion to Reset Trial Date, State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862, (January 29, 1997).....8-15 35 Recorder's Transcript of Hearing: Defendant's Pro Per Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Post-Conviction) Defendant's Motion for Leave to Conduct Discovery Defendant's Motion for Evidentiary Hearing, State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. 1 Recorder's Transcript Re: Status Check: Re: Re-Set Trial Date, State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C136862, (February 7, 1997)......16-18 35 Reply to Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 C196420 (July 9, 2018) ......8544-8562 Reply to Opposition to Motions for Discovery and For 35 Evidentiary Hearing, Thomas v. Gittere, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. 96C136862-1 31 Reply to Response; Opposition to Motion to Dismiss, *Thomas* v. Filson, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. 2 Reporter's Transcript of All Pending Motions, State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No.

DOCUMENT

**PAGE** 

VOLUME

VOLUME	DOCUMENT	PAGE
2	Reporter's Transcript of Appointment of Counsel, <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862, (March 29, 2004)	ase No.
2	Reporter's Transcript of Argument and Decision, <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862, (August 21, 2002)	ase No.
2	Reporter's Transcript of Evidentiary Hearing, St. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862, (January 22, 2002)	ase No.
2	Reporter's Transcript of Evidentiary Hearing, Vo State v. Thomas, District Court, Clark County, N No. C136862, (March 15, 2002)	evada Case
2	Reporter's Transcript of Penalty Hearing, <i>State</i> v. District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C (October 31, 2005)	136862,
2-3	Reporter's Transcript of Penalty Hearing, <i>State</i> v. District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C (November 3, 2005)	136862,
3	Reporter's Transcript of Penalty Hearing, <i>State</i> v. District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. C. (November 4, 2005)	136862,
1	Reporter's Transcript of Proceedings Taken Before Honorable Joseph T. Bonaventure District Judge <i>Thomas</i> , District Court, Clark County, Nevada C C136862, (October 2, 1996)	, <i>State v.</i> ase No.
30-31	State's Response to Third Amended Petition for V Habeas Corpus and Motion to Dismiss, <i>State v. T</i> District Court, Clark County, Nevada Case No. 9 (March 26, 2018)	<i>Thomas</i> , 6C136862-1

31	Stipulation and Order to Modify Briefing	Schedule, Thomas
	v. Filson, District Court, Clark County, N	evada Case No.
	96C136862-1 (May 23, 2018)	7529-7531

**PAGE** 

**DOCUMENT** 

**VOLUME** 

### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that this document was filed electronically with the Nevada Supreme Court on June 14, 2019. Electronic Service of the foregoing APPELLANT'S APPENDIX shall be made in accordance with the Master Service List as follows:

Steven S. Owens Chief Deputy District Attorney

/s/ Jeremy Kip

An Employee of the Federal Public Defender, District of Nevada

BADGE NUMBER: 037

JUROR NAME : BENGERT, TRINIDAD VIRGINIA

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: CLERK
YRS. EDUC.: 10 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 19

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1289527

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 038

JUROR NAME : LUCAS, NATALIE M

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP:: TEACHER YRS. EDUC:: 24 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1321364

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 039

JUROR NAME : ALOIA, ROXANNE TAKMY

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: RECEPTIONIST
YRS. EDUC.: 13 SP. OCCUP: IRON WORKER

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1494544 LANG. PROB.: NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89128

BADGE NUMBER: 040

JUROR NAME : JOHNSON, KATHERINE SMITH

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: PARALEGAL YRS. EDUC.: 15 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1210008

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 041

JUROR NAME : DONIAN, JUDY JONES

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: FINANCIAL OFF.SPEC.

YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : SUPERVISOR

YRS. RESID. : 07

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 933830

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 042

JUROR NAME : LABARO, ELENA N

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: CAGE SUPERVISOR

\_YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1197525

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 043

JUROR NAME : MASON, JACKSON PAUL

JUROR OCCUP:: WRITER/INVENTOR SP. OCCUP: SINGLE PRIOR JUROR : YES

YRS. EDUC. : 14

YRS. RESID.: 28

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 35852

LANG. PROB. : NO

CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV FELONY CONV.: NO 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 044

JUROR NAME : ROBINSON, VELDA MAE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: UNEMPLOYED

YRS. EDUC. : 11 SP. OCCUP. : CABLE TECHNICIAN

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1620336

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 045

JUROR NAME : KNAPIK, DAWN MILDRED

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: UNEMPLOYED YRS. EDUC:: 16 SP. OCCUP:: RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1524446

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89117

BADGE NUMBER: 046

JUROR NAME : TOBLER, JOHN ALBERT

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: MEAT CUTTER YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 46

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 84673

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 047

JUROR NAME : MARSCHALK, RAYMOND JOHN SR

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP:: RETIRED
YRS. EDUC:: 12 SP. OCCUP:: HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 29

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 264880

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89102

BADGE NUMBER: 048

JUROR NAME : GORDINE, LORI JAN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: CLERK TYPIST

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1569158

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 049

JUROR NAME : KOWAL, JOYCE E

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: RETAIL SALES
YRS. EDUC:: 12 SP. OCCUP:: CARPENTER

YRS. RESID. : 24

CITIMEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 188265

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 050

JUROR NAME : KNESH, JEFFREY MARTIN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: ANALYST YRS. EDUC.: 16 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 22

CITIZEN: YES 1.D. NUMBER: 1328529

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 051

JUROR NAME : SHAPLEY, TED RENE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: UNEMPLOYED SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. EDUC. : 10

YRS. RESID. : 26

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 401937

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : N LAS VEGAS NV 89030

BADGE NUMBER: 052

JUROR NAME : POLDA, SUSAN KEY

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: MANAGER

SP. OCCUP. : GENERAL FOREMAN \_YRS. EDUC. : 12

YRS. RESID.: 46

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 82297

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 CY

BADGE NUMBER: 053

JUROR NAME : TEDESCO, DENISE A

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: ACCOUNTANT YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 07

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1054915

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89117

BADGE NUMBER: 054

JUROR NAME : HARPER, DONALD ALLEN

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP.: ANALYSIS
YRS. EDUC.: 14 SP. OCCUP.: MANAGER

YRS. RESID. : 11

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 833809

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 055

JUROR NAME : DICKERSON, GLORIA JEAN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: FINANCIAL SALES
YRS. EDUC:: 16 SP. OCCUP:: SALES MANAGER

YRS. RESID. : 08

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1612521

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIF: LAS VEGAS NV 89122

BADGE NUMBER: 056

JUROR NAME : MORSE, JEANNE V

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: SECRETARY YRS. EDUC.: 12 SP. OCCUP:: MECHANIC

YRS. RESID. : 20

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 22755

LANG, PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 057

JUROR NAME : REYES, EMA

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: LAB ASSISTANT

YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID.: 03

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1421402

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 058

JUROR NAME : CRONISTER, VALERIA DYER

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: MANAGER
YRS. EDUC:: 11 SP. OCCUP:: RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 30

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 306481

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: BOULDER CITY NV 89005

BADGE NUMBER: 059

JUROR NAME : JUSTICE, JOHN PERRY

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: RETIRED YRS. EDUC.: 11 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1026931

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89109

BADGE NUMBER: 060

JUROR NAME : EVANS, DONNA MARIE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: TYPIST

YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : PAROLE OFFICER

YRS. RESID. : 11

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 829764

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 061

JUROR NAME : BISCHOFF, JANIS PEARSON

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: TEACHER YRS. EDUC:: 16 SP. OCCUP:: CPA

YRS. EDUC. : 16 YRS. RESID. : 26

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 109386

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 062

JUROR NAME : STRONG, WILLIAM ERIC

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: SPEECH PATHOLOGIST YRS. EDUC.: 18 SP. OCCUP:: SPECIAL EDUCATOR

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1282494

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 Cf

BADGE NUMBER: 063

JUROR NAME : KANTERMAN, DAVID MARTIN

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: US AIR FORCE YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1331665

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: N LAS VEGAS NV 89030

BADGE NUMBER: 064

JUROR NAME : GALLEGOS, JEROME PATRICK

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: AIRPLANE MECHANIC

YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : TICKET AGENT

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1572853

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 065

JUROR NAME : BERGMANS-ADAMS, RUTH R

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: OFFICE MANAGER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : WAITER

YRS. RESID. : 08

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1616335

LANG. PROB. : NO .

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89128

BADGE NUMBER: 066

JUROR NAME : AMUNDSON, ROSEANN

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: HOMEMAKER YRS. EDUC. : 11 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1439329

LANG. PROB. : NO

CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV FELONY CONV.: NO 89015

BADGE NUMBER: 067

JUROR NAME : VOLHARD, WALTER JR

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP.: OUTSIDE SALES

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1473466

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: N LAS VEGAS NV 89030

BADGE NUMBER: 068

JUROR NAME : FELTUS, DERRICK

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: SLOT MACHINE WORKER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 31

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : X586025

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 069

JUROR NAME : PETUYA, GERMAIN PIERRE

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP .: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1480086

LANG, PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO 89122 CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 070

JUROR NAME : NEET, DAVID LEONARD

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: CONSTRUCTION ANALYST

YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : GROCERY CLERK

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 1475172

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LOGANDALE NV 89021 JUROR INFORMATION 070896 0)

BADGE NUMBER: 071

JUROR NAME : STARK, MICHAEL JAMES

JUROR OCOMP .: UNEMPLOYED PRIOR JUROR : NO YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. QCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 20 CITIZEN : YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

1.D. NUMBER : FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS, NV 89108

983481

Known Margares (Without ) west, "I put mans"

BADGE NUMBER: 072

JUROR NAME : CARTER, ARLENE F

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: NURSE

\_YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : CORRECTIONS OFFICE

YRS. RESID. : 13

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 619807

BADGE NUMBER: 073

JUROR NAME : WOTELL, DAVID ROBERT

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: PILOT

YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SALES PERSON

YRS. RESID. : 11

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 739119

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 074

JUROR NAME : KAZMIERSKI, MARVIN T

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1534057

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 CA

BADGE NUMBER: 075

JUROR NAME : LOZANO, ABRAHAM

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: BUS PERSON YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES 1.D. NUMBER : 1431766 LANG. PROB. : NO

LANG. PROB. : NO
FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 076

JUROR NAME : BOSTON, GERALD NORMAN JR

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: PRODUCTION CONTROL

YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1424725

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89115

89101

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 Cq

BADGE NUMBER: 139

JUROR NAME : MEASER, RICHARD M

PRIOR JURGR : NO JURGR OCCUP.: ACTOR/MODEL YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1326368

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89117

BADGE NUMBER: 140

JUROR NAME : FOURNIER-SAYLES, NICOLE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: MARKETING MANAGER YRS. EDUC.: 16 SP. OCCUP:: OPERATIONS SUPRV.

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1437168

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 CÎ

BADGE NUMBER: 141

JUROR NAME : PHILP, DIANN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: PROGRAM ASSISTANT
YRS. EDUC:: 12 SP. OCCUP:: TEXTBOOK MANAGER

YRS. RESID. : 20

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 406327

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 142

JUROR NAME : ZOLOTT, LAWRENCE STEVEN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: REAL ESTATE AGENT

YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1070860

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 143

JUROR NAME : UNDERWOOD, MARLENE R

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED 14

YRS. RESID. : 01 CITIZEN YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

1.D. NUMBER : 1533091

CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89119

BADGE NUMBER: 144

JUROR NAME : CHESTNEY, REGINALD F

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP .: COMPUTER OPERATOR

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 873053

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 145

JUROR NAME : MARTINICO, MELINA L

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RECEPTIONIST YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SUPERVISOR

YRS. RESID.: 02

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1438184

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89124

BADGE NUMBER: 146 Blaus- chill

JUROR NAME : BLAUSCHILD, DEBRA J

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: TECHNICIAN AIDE

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 08

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 795267

LANG. PROB. : NO

JUROR OCCUPATE RETIRED

631877

BADGE NUMBER: 147

JUROR NAME : GOMES, GAIL LEAH

PRIOR JUROR : NO YRS. EDUC. : 16

RS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : REAL ESTATE BROKER

YRS. RESID. : 12 CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89120

I JO. NUMBER :

BADGE NUMBER: 148

JUROR NAME : MONTEFUSCO, EDMUND J

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: SLOT TECHNICIAN

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1518928

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89015

BADGE NUMBER: 149

JUROR NAME : DAVIS, MARY L

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: NURSE AIDE YRS. EDUC.: 12 SP. OCCUP:: RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 11

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1554816

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LASA VEGAS NV 89115

BADGE NUMBER: 150

JUROR NAME : ANDERSEN, DALE GORDON

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP:: DEAN YRS. EDUC:: 20 SP. OCCUP:: HOMEMAKE

YRS. RESID. : 12

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 710388

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 (\*/

BADGE NUMBER: 151

JUROR NAME : CHERRY, JENNIE JACKSON

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP.: BUDGET ANALYST YRS. EDUC.: 15 SP. OCCUP.: ELECTRICIAN

YRS. RESID.: 45

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 149485

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89102

BADGE NUMBER: 152 WOJ - TOE- WIZ

JUROR NAME : WOJTOWICZ, JENNIFER CHRISTINE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: COCKTAIL SERVER

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 08

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1345189

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 153

JUROR NAME : RUSSELL, JOHN ALVIA

PRIOR JUROR: YES JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : RELIGIOUS EDUC.

YRS. RESID. : 37

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 265237

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89119

BADGE NUMBER: 154

JUPOR NAME : CYRUS-GORDON, JUDY MARIE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: ASST. MANAGER

\_ YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1447835

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 155

JUROR NAME : FLOYD, VALERIE LAVINIA

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: SUPERVISOR YRS. EDUC.: 15 SP. OCCUP:: DISABLE

YRS. RESID. : 11

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 902074

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.; NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89108

BADGE NUMBER: 156

JUROR NAME : MCKENZIE, PATRICK KEVIN

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: FLOOR STOCKER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1396708

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 157

JUROR NAME : WALKER, KEITH ERIC

PRIOR JUROR : YES YRS. EDUC. : 18

YRS. RESID.: 42 CITIZEN : YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

JUROR OCCUP.: TEACHER

SP. OCCUP. : HOMEMAKER

I.D. NUMBER : 235362

CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV

89015

N. Long white

BADGE NUMBER: 158

JUROR NAME : BUSTER, NATALIE E

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: TEACHER SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. EDUC. : 16

YRS. RESID.: 05

: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1258828 CITIZEN

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 (4)

BADGE NUMBER: 159

JUROR NAME : BIBBY, NONA JEAN

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

YRS. RESID.: 08

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 846777

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89117

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BADGE NUMBER: 160 Pas-Sal-ACK-WA

JUROR NAME : PASSALACQUA, MARK R

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: FIREFIGHTER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : UNKNOWN

YRS. RESID. : 17

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1418135

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 161

JUROR NAME : SANDER, CYNTHIA LOUISE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: NURSE

YRS. EDUC. : 15 SP. OCCUP. : SLOT FLOORMAN

YRS. RESID. : 18

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 315113

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 162

JUROR NAME : BURCH, WANDA JO

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: NURSE ASSISTANT

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 10

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 809091

LANG, PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 163

JUROR NAME : WOODLOCK, EUGENE GORDON

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP .: INSTALLER YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 29

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER: 735170

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 164

JUROR NAME : PETERSON, MARK A

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: NURSE \_ YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : NURSE

YRS. RESID. : 07

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER: 1520771

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : KENDERSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 165

JUROR NAME : HOWARD, CYNTHIA

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: RETAIL MANAGER YRS. EBUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : UNEMPLOYED

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1595811

LANG. PROB.: NO
FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89110

BADGE NUMBER: 166

JUROR NAME : MARTIN, DAVID A

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: KITCHEN WORKER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 05

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1163866

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 167

JUROR NAME : FORDYCE, MELANIE F

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: HUMAN RESOOURCE MAN.

YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN: YES 1.D. NUMBER: 1572093

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89129

BADGE NUMBER: 168

JUROR NAME : ANDERSEN, LORI LEE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: DIR.BUS.DEVELOPMENT

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 35

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1372923

LANG. PROB. : NO

#### JUROR INFORMATION 070896 (\*)

BADGE NUMBER: 169

JUROR NAME : TICER, J D

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP:: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 22

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 38221

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89115

BADGE NUMBER: 170

JUROR NAME : REID, ERIC GREGORY

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: NETWORK MANAGER
YRS. EDUC:: 14 SP. OCCUP:: ATTENDANCE CLERK

YRS. RESID. : 35

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 100629

LANG. PROB. : NO

I.D. NAMBER: 1199844

BADGE NUMBER: 171

JUROR NAME : MEANS, MICHELLE

PRIOR JURGE : NO JUKOR OCCUP .: RETAIL SALES YRS. EDUC. : 17 SP. OCCUP. /: BELLMAN

YRS. RESID. : 13

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

CHTY/ST/ZIP : CAL NEV ARI NV

89039

BADGE NUMBER: 172

JUROR NAME : BOHN, JOHN I

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP .: BAR MANAGER YRS. EDUC. : 15 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1397654

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 173

JUROR NAME : PRESCOTT, JEFFREY O

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: SYSTEMS SPECIALIST

YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1418641

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89107

BADGE NUMBER: 174

JUROR NAME : IVERSON, CYLE BRYAN

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: MANAGER SP. OCCUP. : NURSE \_ YRS. EDUC. : 18

YRS. RESID. : 30

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO I.D. NUMBER: 412823

CITY/ST/ZIP: NORTH LAS VEGAS NV 89031

•	DATE: 1-22-7 TIME: 10:00	dge Numbers Type:	: 4 <u>0/4</u> 66 66-3 (63)	<b>. !</b>
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BADGE NUMBER:

JUROR NAME : LAING, LAINEGENE PATRICIA

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: SALES COUNSELOR

YRS. EDUC. : YRS. RESID. : 16 SP. OCCUP. RETIRED

02

CITIZEN YES I.D. NUMBER: 1623993 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CUTY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 402

JUROR NAME : MCCONNELL, DALE MARVIN

PRIOR JURGE : NO JUROR OCCUP .: CAGE CASHIER YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : CAGE CASHIER

YRS. RESID.: 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1613415

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 403

JUROR NAME : RESNICK, BILLIE SUE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: GREETER YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : DISABLED

YRS. RESID. : 08 CITIZEN : YES

I.D. NUMBER : 1571161 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 404

JUROR NAME : BLAKELY, BRADFORD LINDE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: ARTIST YRS. EDUC. : 17 SP. OCCUP. : ANALYST YRS. RESID. : 05

CITIZEN : YES

I.D. NUMBER : 1215399 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV

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89015

BADGE NUMBER: 405

JUROR NAME :

SHUSTEK, EMANUEL

PRIOR JUROR : NO

YRS. EDUC. :

YRS. RESID. : CITIZEN YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

JUROR OCCUP RETIRED SP. OCCUP. RETIRED

I.D.S NUMBER : 473019

LAS VEGAS NV

89121

BADGE NUMBER: 406

JUROR NAME : PETERSON, MARK FORD

PRIOR JUROR :

YRS. EDUC. : 18

YRS. RESID. : 15

CITIZEN : YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

SP. OCCUP. : TEACHER

I.D. NUMBER : 353061

JUROR OCCUP.: TEACHER

CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 407

JUROR NAME : MARPLE, HOMER RICHARD

Ly wife subjection 122 PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : COTTAGE PARENT

YRS. RESID. : 02

I.D. NUMBER : / 841602 ; YES CITIZEN

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP': BOULDER CITY NV 89006

BADGE NUMBER: 408

JUROR NAME : SNOCK, DAVID STEPHEN

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: COOK

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. ; COOK YRS. RESID. : 02

: YES I.D. NUMBER : 1421899 CITIZEN LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89117

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BADGE NUMBER: 409

JUROR NAME : THOMPSON, JOHNNY RAY

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: ENGINEER YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SECRETARY YRS. RESID. : 15

CITIZEN

: Yes I.D. NUMBER: 431612 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89108

BADGE NUMBER: 410

JUROR NAME : DYE, KIMBERLY D

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: CAGE CASHIER YRS. EDUC. : 15 SP. OCCUP. : VAULT ATTENDANT

YRS. RESID. : 05

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1521777

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON,NV 89015

BADGE NUMBER: 411 1 - SAC - SON

JUROR NAME : ISAACSON, JEROME ALAN

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: ACCOUNTANT YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. RESID. : 02

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1599643

LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 412

JUROR NAME : HODGES, SAMUEL LEON

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: FLOORPERSON

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 16

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1174099 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

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BADGE NUMBER: 413

JUROR NAME : DELAVEGA, CHRISTOPHER

PRIOR JUROR : YES CUSTOMER SERV. CLERK JUROR OCCUP.:

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 09 CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUKERR : 1619082

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

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BADGE NUMBER: 414

JUROR NAME : MESSINA, NINA J

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED

SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. EDUC. : 12

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN YES I.D. NUMBER : 1525660 LANG. PROB. : NO

89103 FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP :

BADGE NUMBER: 415

JUROR NAME : MIZELL, STEVE A

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: RESEARCH PROFESSOR

YRS. EDUC. : 22 SP. OCCUP. : HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 09

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 821809 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89108

BADGE NUMBER: 416

JUROR NAME : KENNEDY, DARRELL W

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR GCCUP : BRICK MASON

YRS. EDUC. : 15 SP. OCCUP. /: TELEPHONE OPERATOR

YRS. RESID. : 57

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 45442 LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 417

JUROR NAME : DEPEW, ROBERT F

PRIOR JUROR : YES

JUROR OCCUP.: CAGE CASHIER

YRS. EDUC. : 13

SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02 CITIZEN : YES

: YES I.D. NUMBER : 1525065

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

89103

BADGE NUMBER: 418

JUROR NAME : ANTONELLA, DEBORAH

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: NURSE

YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : SECURITY GUARD

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 15150

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP; HENDERSON NV 89015

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MICKULLICH BADGE NUMBER: 419

JUROR NAME : MIKULICH, THOMAS O

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: SLOT DIRECTOR MEMAKER SP. OCCUP.

YRS. EDUC. : 16 YRS. RESID. : 32

CITIZEN YES LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO

CITY/ST

I.D. NUMBER 415114

BADGE NUMBER: 420

JUROR NAME : LAUDENSLAGER, VIRGINIA K

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP .: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 33

CITIZEN YES

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

I.D. NUMBER :

16167

Gice-Lere JUROR INFORMATION 012297

BADGE NUMBER:

JUROR NAME : GEISSLER, DALE ROBERT

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCU . RIDE ATTENDANT

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. C Tr' . SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 15

CITIZEN : YES I. . ... ER: 1428458

LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO ¢ GT/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89104

BADGE NUMBER: 422

Rich-hout JUROR NAME : RICHART, VIVIAN LOREA

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 10

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 907632 LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 423

JUROR NAME : POOLE, GALE

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: TELEPHONE OPERATOR

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 32

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 498996

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 424

JUROR NAME : WHITSETT, JANINE PEARNS

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: CLERK SP. OCCUP. : CLERK YRS. EDUC. : 15

YRS. RESID. : 32

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 411199

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89106

BADGE NUMBER: 425

JUROR NAME : NALLEY, BEVERLY EASTON

PRIOR JUROR : YES SECRETARY JUROR OCCUP.: YRS. EDUC. : 12 SF. OCCUP. : CONTRACTOR

YRS. RESID. : 32

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER :

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZPF : LAS VEGAS NV 89108

148803

Te hay da BADGE NUMBER: 426

JUROR NAME : TEJEDA, ELIZABETH MARIE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: THERAPIST ASSISTANT

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : SALES DIRECTOR

Att 89014 MM YRS. RESID. : 11

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER : LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP :

P.D. Solamatary

BADGE NUMBER: 427

JUROR NAME : PARISH, DANIEL V

PRIOR JUROR: NO
YRS. EDUC.: 12
YRS. RESID.: 03
CITIZEN: YES
LANG. PROB.: NO
FELONY CONV.: NO

JUROR OCCUP.: LETTER CARRIER SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

I.D. NUMBER : 1538631

CITY/ST/ZXP : LAS VEGAS NV

15 My part

FADGE NUMBER: 428

JUROR NAME : WELLS, FRANCIS WILLIAM

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED
YRS. EDUC.: 10 SP. OCCUP.: HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1615284

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 431

JUROR NAME : KRUSE, DEBORAH A

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RECEPTIONIST

YRS. EDUC. : 12 YRS. RESID. : 01 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 1535820

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV

BADGE NUMBER: 432

JUROR NAME : DEMPSEY, KATHLEEN F

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: UNEMPLOYED YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1515669

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89107

turb hurde

BADGE NUMBER: 433

JUROR NAME : GABRIEL, ELISABETH

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: OD SERVICE MANAGER

SP. OCCUP. SINGLE

YRS. EDUC. : 14 YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER 1511284

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZTP : LAS VEGAS NV 89108

BADGE NUMBER: 434

JUROR NAME : YOUNG, GAYLA M

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: TECHNICIAN

SP. OCCUP. : EQUIPMENT OPERATOR YRS. EDUC. : 16

YRS. RESID. : 09

: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1366878 CITIZEN

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 435

JUROR NAME : MCDONALD, PETER J

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: MILITARY
YRS. EDUC.: 13 SP. OCCUP.: BANK TELLER

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1629636 LANG. PROB.: NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89103

BADGE NUMBER: 436

JUROR NAME : MALLOY, PAMELA S

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: BILL COLLECTOR

YRS. EDUC. : 20 SP. OCCUP. : THERAPIST

YRS. RESID. : 06

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1428522

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 437

JUROR NAME : CURRY, WILLIAM E

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 18 YRS. RESID. : 01 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1548178

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89117

BADGE NUMBER: 438

JUROR NAME : KERNER, LENORE LEAH

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 16

YRS. RESID. : 09

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 883445

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 439

JUROR NAME : STEWART, JEANETTE MARIE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: UNEMPLOYED YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. ; SINGLE YRS. RESID. : C1 CITIZEN

: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1567598 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89129

BADGE NUMBER: 440

JUROR NAME : SABATELLO, LISA C

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: CREDIT CLERK YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : MANAGER

YRS. RESID. : 09 CITIZEN : Yes

1.D. NUMBER : 868831 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV

BADGE NUMBER: 441

JUROR NAME : HOWARD, CHRISTINE

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP: SUPERVISOR YRS. EDUC.: 12 SP. OCCUP.: CONSTRUCTION

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1520880 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV 89015

BADGE NUMBER: 442

JUROR NAME : SORENSEN, SAMUEL THOMAS II

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP: OPERATOR YRS. EDUC.: 12 SP. OCCUP: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 02

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 1548313

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89009

BADGE NUMBER: 443

JUROR NAME : BLEVINS, HUBERT WAYNE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: DIRECTOR YRS. EDUC. : 20 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 01

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1556483

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89134

BADGE NUMBER: 444

JUROR NAME : PALOCHIK, LAWRENCE EDWARD

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: PHARMACIST YRS. EDUC. : 17
YRS. RESID. : 17
CITIZEN : YES
LANG. PROB. : NO SP. OCCUP. : UNEMPLOYED

I.D. NUMBER: 299242

BADGE NUMBER: 445

JUROR NAME : LEE, RANDOLPH EUGENE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: TEACHER YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. RESIB. : 18

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 107004

LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89130

DEE-ES-KO

BADGE NUMBER: 446

JUROR NAME : STEELE-DIESKO, VALERIE LORRAINE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: DANCE INSTRUCTOR YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : ANIMAL HANDLER

YRS. RESID. : 27

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 756505

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 447

JUROR NAME : MASON, CHRISTINE ELIZABETH

PRIOR JUROR : NO JURGR OCCUP .: JOURNALIST YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. RESID. : 04 : YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1331037

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89108

BADGE NUMBER: 448

JUROR NAME : MONTEZ, RAMON PANTUNILLA

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: TRANSPORTER YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SELF EMPLOYED

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER : 1318881

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERRSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 449

JUROR NAME : SAENZ, EDGAR HAROLD

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: Warehøuseman YRS. EDUC. : 09 SP. OCCUP. : HOMEMAKER

YRS. RESID. : 30 CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO I.D. NUMBER : £16247

CITY/ST/ZIP :/ LAS VEGAS NV 89122

BADGE NUMBER: 450

JUROR NAME : SPENCER, DEBORAH DARLENE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: POSTAL CLERK

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : MANAGER

YRS. RESID. : 15

: YES CITIZEN 1.D. NUMBER : 1494838

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 451

JUROR NAME : LEMOINE, MICHELE EILEEN

JUROR OCCUP.: CASHIER

SP. OCCUP. : RECEIVING MANAGER

PRIOR JUROR: NO YRS. EDUC.: 12 YRS. RESID.: 19 CITIZEN: YES LANG. PROB.: NO

I.D. NUMBER: 1584568

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : HENDERSON NV 89015

BADGE NUMBER: 452

JUROR NAME : BROOKS, CHAPIN COLE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 10

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1428340

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 453

JUROR NAME : DRISCOLL, JOHN EDWARD II

PRIOR JUROR : YES JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 16 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE YRS. RESID. : 34

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO I.D. NUMBER: 258264

CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89117

BADGE NUMBER: 454

JUROR NAME : ARANT, FRANK VINCENT

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: FINANCIAL ADVISOR

YRS. EDUC. : 13 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 25

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 992824

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 455

JUROR NAME : BUTTURINI, BARBARA C

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: HOMEMAKER YRS. EDUC. : 12
YRS. RESID. : 03
CITIZEN : YES
LANG. PROB. : NO SP. OCCUP. : BUYER

I.D. NUMBER: 1318691

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89130

BADGE NUMBER: 456

JUROR NAME : GERKEN, EILEEN HARVEY

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: MANAGER YRS. EDUC. : 18 SP. OCCUP. : REALTOR

YRS. RESID. : 04

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 1248257

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 457

JUROR NAME : RUSS, JAMES LAWAYNE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP,: MAIL PROCESSOR YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : RETAIL CLERK

YRS. RESID. : 03

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO I.D. NUMBER: 1607282

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: N LAS VEGAS NV 89031

BADGE NUMBER: 458

JUROR NAME : ARMSTRONG, LYNN JEAN

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: NURSE YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUP. : MECHANIC

YRS. RESID.: 18
CITIZEN: YES
LANG. PROB.: NO
FELONY CONV.: NO I.D. NUMBER: 258005

CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 459

JUROR NAME : MOSS, CYNTHIA ANNETTE

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP .: HOMEMAKER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 YRS. RESID. : 01 CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO SP. OCCUP. : ROUTE SUPERVISOR

I.D. NUMBER: 1546278

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89103

BADGE NUMBER: 460

JUROR NAME : KIRCHHOFF, DICK H

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: RETIRED YRS. EDUC. : 08 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 05

: YES CITIZEN I.D. NUMBER: 1358455

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 461

JUROR NAME : FLEISCHER, ANJELIQUE CSINSAK

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP: SALES ASSOCIATE
YRS. EDUC: 12 SP. OCCUP: SELF EMPLOYED

YRS. RESID. : 27

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 991310

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP : LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 462

JUROR NAME : SCHILLER, GERTRUDE YOST

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP.: OFFICE MANAGER

YRS. EDUC. : 12 SP. OCCUP. : RETIRED

YRS. RESID. : 33

CITIZEN: YES I.D. NUMBER: 202528

LANG. PROB. : NO

BADGE NUMBER: 463

JUROR NAME : PEPPLE, CHRISTOPHER SCOTT

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR CCCUP:: POT WASHER YRS. EDUC:: 12 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE YRS. RESID:: 03

CITIZEN : YES LANG. PROB. : NO FELONY CONV.: NO

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 1438199

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89102

BADGE NUMBER: 464

JUROR NAME : SYLER, JILL LEAH

PRIOR JUROR: NO JUROR OCCUP:: MANAGER
YRS. EDUC:: 15 SP. OCCUP:: SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 09

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 946880

LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: HENDERSON NV 89014

BADGE NUMBER: 465

JUROR NAME : LOCATELLI, MARCELLA MARIA

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP.: KENO SUPERVISOR

YRS. EDUC. : 06 SP. OCCUP. : SINGLE

YRS. RESID. : 21

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER : 227674 LANG. PROB. : NO

FELONY CONV.: NO CITY/ST/ZIP: LAS VEGAS NV 89121

BADGE NUMBER: 466

JUROR NAME : KENNEDY, DOROTHY P

PRIOR JUROR : NO JUROR OCCUP J: TELEPHONE OPERATOR

YRS. EDUC. : 14 SP. OCCUPV: BRICK MASON

YRS. RESID. : 30

CITIZEN : YES I.D. NUMBER: 15266 LANG. PROB. : NO

# was all size of the standing s

AA2823



AA2824

course Mills 25 min sees for Toping .

## • ...• AA2825

## PAGE 2 of 2 MINUTE ORDER FOR JUDGMENT OF IMPRISONMENT

WINO LE OUDER L'OH RODGINERA	OI IMPRISORMENT
STATE OF NEVADA	CASE NO. C C125353
vs.	
LARRY JAMES THOMAS #0846620	
On the 8th day of April , 1997, the F	Honorable DON P. CHAIREZ
District Judge of the Eighth Judicial Court of the St	tate of Nevada sentenced the above-

District Judge of the Eighth Judicial Court of the State of Nevada sentenced the above-named Defendant. The Defendant previously was (Found Guilty/Praction of 31stday of January , 19 97, and the sentence of imprisonment in the Nevada State Prison is as follows:

COUNT	OFFENSE	SENTENCE
(177 <u>1</u> )		- 10 YRS NDP
	Statutory Sirval Seduction	CONCURRENT with all other
		10 YRS NDP /cts
X	Statutory Slival Seduct	$\wp \sim (-)$ CONCURRENT with all other
		T 10 VDC NDD /-4-
.X \	Statutory Sirval Seduct	10~ (F) CONCURRENT with all other
	t .	- 10 NAC 11DD /-+-
.X11	Statuting Sexual Seduction	CONCURRENT with all other
		/cts
		_

with credit for time previously served in the amount of <u>see pg 1</u> days.

Pursuant to NRS 176.335 the Sheriff of Clark County is instructed to immediately notify the director of the department of prisons and the director shall, without delay, send some authorized person to receive the prisoner for commitment.

LORETTA BOWMAN, County Clerk and Clerk of the Eighth Judicial District Court, in and for the County of Clark, State of Nevada.

#### MINUTE ORDER FOR JUDGMENT OF IMPRISONMENT

= '	s.	<u>08</u> 46620	CASE NO. C C125353	
District Judge named Defend	of the Eighth Ju dant. The Defenda	dicial Court of the State on previously was (Found G	rable <u>DON P. CHAIREZ</u> of Nevada sentenced the above- duilty/Preat/XXXXXXX) on 31s day of in the Nevada State Prison is as	
COUNT		OFFENSE	SENTENCE	
VIII with credit for	Statutory Statutory Statutory Statutory Statutory time previously s	Sixual Siduct	TO YRS NDP  CONSECUTIVE to Ct.  10 YRS NDP  CONSECUTIVE to Ct.  10 YRS NDP  CONCURRENT with Ct  CONCURRENT with a1	IV sI,IV,VI
notify the dire	ctor of the depart		unty is instructed to immediately irector shall, without delay, send itment.	
		and Distric	TTA BOWMAN, County Clerk Clerk of the Eighth Judicial of Court, in and for the County of State of Nevada.	

Kel Deputy

OFFICE OF
CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT
CAPITOL COMPLEX
201 South Carson Street
Carson City, Nevada 89710

#### RECEIPT FOR DOCUMENTS

June 30, 1997

To: Morgan D. Harris, Public Defender (w/ docketing statement)
Hon. Frankie Sue Del Papa, Attorney General
Hon. Stewart L. Bell, District Attorney
Loretta Bowman, Clark County Clerk

Re: LARRY JAMES THOMAS vs. THE STATE OF NEVADA

Supreme Court Docket No. 30652

District Court Case No.: C125353

You are hereby notified that the Clerk of the Supreme Court has received and/or filed the following:

#### <u>Date</u>

6/30/97 Filing Fee Waived: Criminal

6/30/97 Filed Certified Copy of Notice of Appeal. Appeal docketed in the Supreme court this day. (Docketing Statement mailed to counsel for appellant.)

Janette M. Bloom Clerk of Court JMB:ts

## **MEMO**

CASE NUMBER C125353
PLAINTIFF
DEFENDANT Thomas
STILL ACTIVE
SEALED FILE
SEALED PSI
SEALED CHILD CUSTODY

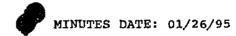
# Class County Justice Kurt

## NORTH LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP

· 	125353
THE STATE OF NEVADA, )	DISTRICT COURT CASE #:
Plaintiff, )	DEPARTMENT #: 13 XIII 6
vs	
LARRY JAMES THOMAS	JUSTICE COURT CASE #: 94FN1181X
)	
Defendant.	
PERSONAL OF MARKON COMPANY THE FOLLOWING ITEM	AC.
RECEIVED OF JUSTICE COURT THE FOLLOWING ITEM	vi2:
CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS	
CRIMINAL COMPLAINT	
AMENDED CRIMINAL COMPLAINT	
OR RECEIPT #119993 (on cts 5 & 7 only)	
Affidavit	
NLV PD Arrest Report	
COMMITMENT & ORDER	
States Exhibit 2 - Cert copy of NLVPD Booki	ng Sheet on deft
	***************************************
N. A. S.	7.7
Dated: JAN 0 9 1995	LORETTA BOWMAN, County Clerk
	By:LOUELLA MYERS
	Deputy

JCN-33A (Rev. 01/89)





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA		V	s Thomas, La	rry J	<u> </u>
	01/26/95	09:00 A	м 00	INITIAL A	ARRAIGNMENT		
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIRE	Z, Judge;	Dept. 13		
	OFFICERS:		ROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk BBBI THIBODEAU, Reporter/Recorder				
	PARTIES:	004232		OF NEVAD	<del>-</del>		Y Y
		001 D1 004784		s, Larry i			Y

Mr. Walton stated that at defendant's Preliminary Hearing he was bound over on eleven (11) counts, and the Information shows thirteen (13) counts. He requested a continuance to clear this matter up, and by the COURT, SO ORDERED.

#### CUSTODY

02-09-95 9:00 AM ARRAIGNMENT CONTINUED

PRINT DATE: 11/30/95 PAGE: 001 MINUTES DATE: 01/26/95

MINUTES DATE: 02/16/95

Y

Y

Y

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#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA			vs	Thomas	s,	Larry J			<u> </u>
·							CO	NTINUED	FROM	PAGE:	001
	02/16/95	09:00 A	м оо	ALL	PENDI	NG MOT	ION	S (2-16-	-95)		
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIRE	Z, Ju	dge;	Dept. :	13				
· .	OFFICERS:	THERESA SUZY FU					r				
•	PARTIES:	004748			EVADA Y						Y

Thomas, Larry J

004784 Walton, Stanley A.

ARRAIGNMENT CONTINUED...DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR BAIL REDUCTION, OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE AND/OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, HOUSE ARREST

001 D1

Court called the matter, deft. present in custody without Counsel, Mr. Walton having previously contacted the Court advising the Court due to other Court appearances he would arrive late. COURT ORDERED, due to congestion of Court's calendar, matter continued one day. Mr. Walton appeared later and advised of continuance date.

#### CUSTODY

2-17-95 9:00 A.M. ARRAIGNMENT CONTINUED...DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR BAIL REDUCTION, OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE AND/OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, HOUSE ARREST

02/17/95 09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS (2-17-95)
HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

ROBERTA THIBODEAU, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y 004748 Siegel, Jay Y

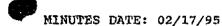
001 D1 Thomas, Larry J 004784 Walton, Stanley A.

ARRAIGNMENT CONTINUED...DEFT'S MOTION FOR BAIL REDUCTION, OWN RECOGNIZANCE RELEASE AND/OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE; HOUSE ARREST

Mr. Walton stated he is confirming as Counsel for Robert Archie, COURT SO ORDERED. Deft. THOMAS ARRAIGNED, PLED NOT GUILTY AND WAIVED THE 60 DAY RULE. COURT ORDERED, motion for O.R. Release and/or Reduction of Bail or House Arrest DENIED.

CUSTODY

PRINT DATE: 09/28/95 PAGE: 002 CONTINUED ON PAGE: 003
PRINT DATE: 09/28/95 PAGE: 002 MINUTES DATE: 02/17/95



#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### vs Thomas, Larry J 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

CONTINUED FROM PAGE:

Y.

Y

4-20-95 9:00 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

4-24-95 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL

STATE'S MOTION TO ENDORSE NAMES ON 04/18/95 09:00 AM 00

INFORMATION

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

TYRONE LARUE, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J 002574 Archie, Robert

Mr. Archie stated he has no opposition to the motion, however, would like to note that there are no addresses given on the witnesses named, the only reason to withhold addresses is due to harrassment or danger to the witnesses which does not exist, requested State make them available. Berrett stated these witnesses are girls that were in deft's dance group, State does not have addresses, his Investigator is looking for these witnesses. COURT ORDERED, motion GRANTED.

#### CUSTODY

04/20/95 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

SUZY FURRER, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

004232 Carroll, Thomas M.

Thomas, Larry J Walton, Stanley A. 001 D1 004784

Mr. Walton stated the case will not be going forward, discussed this matter with Mr. Carroll, his Team Chief and Luis Rojas, State does not oppose a continuance. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET. Mr. Walton stated the Court invoked the 60 day rule for the deft. Upon examination of deft. by Court, deft. WAIVED 60 DAY RULE. Mr. Walton requested permission to approach the Bench, COURT SO ORDERED. COURT ORDERED, matter CONTINUED 30

> CONTINUED ON PAGE: 004 MINUTES DATE: 04/20/95

PRINT DATE: 09/28/95

MINUTES DATE: 04/20/95

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 003

days for status check to determine if additional discovery is completed and trial setting.

CUSTODY

5-25-95 9:00 A.M. STATUS CHECK RE DISCOVERY...TRIAL SETTING

05/25/95 09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS 05-25-95

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

TYRONE LARUE, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

004232 Carroll, Thomas M.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J Y 004784 Walton, Stanley A. Y

STATUS CHECK RE: DISCOVERY...TRAIL SETTING

Mr. Weisman advised Court the discovery issue is not completed, and requested a continuance, and by the COURT, SO ORDERED.

06-27-95 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK RE: DISCOVERY...TRIAL SETTING

06/06/95 09:00 AM 00 DEFT'S PRO PER MOTION FOR RELEASE ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR ALTERNATIVE

PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR ALIERMATIVE

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge: Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

JANIE OLSEN, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y
004577 Coumou, Frank Y

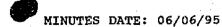
001 Dl Thomas, Larry J Y 902574 Archie, Robert Y

Mr. Archie advised that he received this motion a week ago; it was filed in Proper Person. He continued that it would be an advantage to the defense if bail lowered. Mr. Coumou stated the State did not receive a copy of the motion. COURT ORDERED, Deft's Pro Per Motion, DENIED.

custody

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 005

PAGE: 004 MINUTES DATE: 06/06/95



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#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF NEVADA	vs Thomas, Larry J	
<del>79.0.2000.2</del>		CONTINUED FROM PAGE:	000

06-27-95 9:00 A.M. STATUS CHECK RE: DISCOVERY...TRIAL SETTING

09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS (6-27-95) 06/27/95

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

FELICIA ZABIN, Reporter/Recorder

STATE OF NEVADA PARTIES:

004748 Siegel, Jay

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J Archie, Robert 002574

TRIAL SETTING...STATUS CHECK RE: DISCOVERY

Mr. Archie stated he has not received all of the discovery, i.e. addresses of the victims, requests have been made to the State, necessity to interview these six females and will not release the information to anyone. Mr. Siegel stated he is attempting to get present addresses of these people, and make them available for interviews with Mr. Archie and in the presence of Officers. COURT ORDERED, State to set up the interviews by 7-14-95. Mr. Siegel concurred. COURT ORDERED, trial date set.

#### CUSTODY

8-10-95 9:00 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

8-14-95 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL

STATE'S MOTION TO ENDORSE NAMES ON 00 08/01/95 09:00 AM INFORMATION

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

MARIA WOOLEY, Reporter/Recorder

STATE OF NEVADA PARTIES:

> 000047 Miller, James J.

Thomas, Larry J 001 D1 Archie, Robert 002574

Mr. Archie stated he has no objection to State's motion; however, the State endorsed twelve names a couple of months ago; they were to make witnesses available. He further stated this is an additional six names; he has to

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 006 PAGE: 005 MINUTES DATE: 08/01/95 PRINT DATE: 09/28/95



#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J
CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 005

interview fifteen witnesses prior to trial which is thirteen days away. Mr. Miller stated this is Mr. Rojas case; Mr. Archie should contact him. COURT ORDERED, State's Motion to Endorse Names on Information CONDITIONALLY GRANTED; if witnesses cannot be made available by Thursday, they will not be accepted; matter continued for status check. Upon Mr. Archie's inquiry, Court stated this applies to the State's April 11th, motion, as well.

#### CUSTODY

08-04-95 9:00 AM STATUS CHECK: STATE'S WITNESSES

08-10-95 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

08-14-95 10:00 AM JURY TRIAL

08/03/95 09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS 08-03-95

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

FELICIA ZABIN, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES:

STATE OF NEVADA

Y Y

005107 Rojas, Luis

Y

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J 002574 Archie, Robert Y Y

STATE'S REQUEST TO CLARIFY MOTION TO ENDORSE...DEFT'S REQUEST TO CLARIFY WITNESS LIST

AFFIDAVIT OF MR. ROJAS FILED IN OPEN COURT. Mr. Rojas asserted that the State spent hours compiling witness list and fax'd it to Mr. Archie. Mr. Archie responded he wants to be able to meet with the witnesses prior to trial and had requested addresses when Calendar Call was first set. Court, addressing Mr. Archie, stated the State set up a meeting that he did not attend. Mr. Rojas stated some of the witnesses did not show up at that meeting. Mr. Archie responded that he requested names in April; he only got names, no addresses. Court replied that the witnesses can get together again, and if not ready, another date can be set. Mr. Rojas stated there has been no bad faith on the part of the State; witnesses were provided at a meeting and Mr. Archie was not there. Mr. Archie moved for a continuance, stating he received Motion to Endorse at the last minute. Mr. Rojas stated Mr. Archie has been provided all the names the State has. Mr. Rojas stated Mr. Archie is being provided with two voluntary statements by Barbara Sanders and Alea Sanders. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET.

CUSTODY

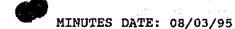
PRINT DATE: 09/28/95

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 007

PAGE: 006

MINUTES DATE: 08/03/95





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 006

Y

09-21-95 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

09-25-95 10:00 AM JURY TRIAL

08/04/95 09:00 AM 00 STATUS CHECK: STATE'S WITNESSES VK 8/3

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DENISE TRUJILLO, Court Clerk

CHERYL GARDNER, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

004577 Coumou, Frank

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J 002574 Archie, Robert

Mr. Archie advised this matter was resolved yesterday (as to State's witnesses). COURT ORDERED, matter OFF CALENDAR.

#### CUSTODY

09-21-95 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

09-25-95 10:00 AM JURY TRIAL

09/21/95 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

MARY MALONE, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

004748 Siegel, Jay Y
001 D1 Thomas. Larry J Y

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J 004784 Walton, Stanley A.

Conference at Bench. Mr. Walton stated that the State is ready to go; however, he requested a continuance due to the ill health of defense counsel. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET.

#### CUSTODY

12-07-95 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 008
PRINT DATE: 09/28/95 PAGE: 007 MINUTES DATE: 09/21/95





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 007

12-11-95 10:00 AM JURY TRIAL

12/07/95 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

LEANN MURO, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J

002574 Archie, Robert

Mr. Archie stated the matter has been worked out, requested time to prepare deft. for his plea, COURT SO ORDERED, matter CONTINUED one day.

CUSTODY

CONTINUED TO: 12/08/95 09:00 AM 01

12/08/95 09:00 AM 01 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

LEANN MURO, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J

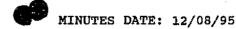
004784 Walton, Stanley A.

Mr. Walton stated this is the continued calendar call, State has provided defense with a Guilty Plea Memorandum yesterday afternoon, Mr. Archie went to the Doctor yesterday and is still under a Doctor's care, and requested Court vacate the trial date. Mr. Berrett objected and advised Court there are 40 witnesses, State is ready for trial, an offer was made weeks ago, offers have been made since this offense occurred, if defense is not ready for a plea at this time the State is ready for trial, the offer will not be good on Monday. Further argument by Mr. Walton in support of his request to continue, Mr. Archie needs to go over the plea with deft. COURT ORDERED, trial date stands, status check 12-1 -95 to determine if Mr. Archie is ready. Mr. Berrett stated this offer is not good on Monday. COURT ORDERED, TRIAL DATE SET 12-13-95 #1, Status Check 12-12-95 at 9 AM.

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 009
MINUTES DATE: 12/08/95

PRINT DATE: 12/11/95





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 008

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CUSTODY

12-12-95 9:00 A.M. STATUS CHECK RE NEGOTIATIONS

12-13-95 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL (#1 STACK)

12/12/95 09:00 AM 00 STATUS CHECK: RE NEGOTIATIONS

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

KAREN MELL, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J 004784 Walton, Stanley A.

Mr. Walton advised Court that Mr. Archie relayed State's offer to the deft. He stated Mr. Archie is requesting to withdraw as counsel because of his health, because deft rejected State's offer, which is a fair one, and because he has not been fully retained. Mr. Berrett stated the State's offer is that deft is to plead guilty to Two Counts of Sexual Assault; Minor allegation would be dropped, and the State to have the right to argue. COURT ORDERED, Mr. Archie's Oral Motion to Withdraw as Counsel, GRANTED; matter continued for Confirmation of Counsel by Public Defender; December 13th, Trial date, VACATED.

#### CUSTODY

STATUS CHECK RE: NEGOTIATIONS...CONFIRMATION OF COUNSEL (HARRIS).

CONTINUED TO: 12/14/95 09:00 AM 01

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 010

MINUTES DATE: 12/12/95

PRINT DATE: 12/15/95



MINUTES DATE: 12/14/95

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF		
•		CONTINUED FROM PAGE: (	009
	12/14/95	09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS 12~14-95	
	HEARD BY:	DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13	
. •	OFFICERS:	DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk LISA FOGELBOCH, Reporter/Recorder	
	PARTIES:	STATE OF NEVADA 004748 Siegel, Jay	X X
		001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004546 Brown, Curtis	Y Y Y
STATUS CHECK:	RE NEGOTIA	ATIONSCONFIRMATION OF COUNSEL (HARRIS)	
Mr. Brown adv the deft. He deft, and by	requested	the Public Defender's Office will be representing a continuance so Mr. DeJulio can confer with the SO ORDERED.	
CUSTODY			
12-21-95 9:00	AM STATUS	CHECK RE: NEGOTIATIONS	
	12/21/95	09:00 AM 02 STATUS CHECK: RE NEGOTIATIONS	
	HEARD BY:	DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13	
	OFFICERS:	THERESA LEE, Court Clerk TYRONE LARUE, Reporter/Recorder	
	PARTIES:	STATE OF NEVADA 004748 Siegel, Jay	Y Y
		001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004735 Roundtree, Stacey	Y Y Y
Ms. Roundtree	stated she	e was just assigned the case and received discovery	

Ms. Roundtree stated she was just assigned the case and received discovery yesterday, requested trial date set, on 4-20-95 deft. waived 60 day rule. COURT ORDERED, trial date reset in the ordinary course.

#### CUSTODY

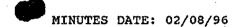
2-8-96 9:00 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

2-12-96 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 011
MINUTES DATE: 12/21/95

PRINT DATE: 02/08/96





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA		V	s Thoma	s, Larry J			
						CONTINUED	FROM	PAGE:	010
	02/08/96	09:00 A	M 00	CALENDAR	CALL				
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIRE:	Z, Judge;	Dept.	13			
	OFFICERS:			, Court C , Reporte		der			
	PARTIES:	004232		OF NEVADA					Y
			Publi	s, Larry d Defende tree, Stad	r				Y Y Y

Mr. Roundtree requested a continuance, stating she is not prepared for trial. She further stated she received a favorable offer from the District Attorney; the deft may be interested. COURT ORDERED, Trial Date VACATED; matter continued.

#### CUSTODY

02-09-96 9:00 AM POSSIBLE NEGOTIATIONS

02/09/96 09:00 AM 00 POSSIBLE NEGOTIATIONS

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

LISA FOGLEBOCH, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

004630 Hendricks, Craig L.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender

004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Ms. Roundtree stated matter not resolved, deft. previously waived right to speedy trial. COURT ORDERED, matter set for trial.

#### CUSTODY

5-9-96 9:00 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

5-13-96 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL

PRINT DATE: 02/12/96 PAGE: 011 MINUTES DATE: 02/09/96

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MINUTES DATE: 04/25/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA	vs Thomas, Larry J		
			CONTINUED FI	ROM PAGE: 011	ī
	04/25/96	09:00 2	AM 00 STATE'S MOTION TO ENDORSE NA INFORMATION	MES ON	
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13	1 + 44 2 - 1 / 44 3 - 1 / 44	
	OFFICERS:	SUE DE	/ KELLY, Court Clerk ATON/SD, Relief Clerk WOOLEY, Reporter/Recorder		
	PARTIES:	001951	STATE OF NEVADA Leen, Peggy		Y
		PUBDEF	Thomas, Larry J Public Defender Martin, Delbert E.	· <b>y</b>	Y Y Y
			Roundtree's case and requested a control matter CONTINUED.	ontinuance	
CONTINUED TO:	04/30/96	09:00 2	AM 01	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	04/30/96	09:00 7	AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS (4-30-96	5)	_
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13		
	OFFICERS:	SUE DEA	A LEE, Court Clerk ATON/SD, Relief Clerk LARUE, Reporter/Recorder		
		TIRONE			
	PARTIES:	004577	STATE OF NEVADA Coumou, Frank	·	Y Y
	·	PUBDEF	Thomas, Larry J Public Defender Roundtree, Stacey	3	Y Y

Ms. Roundtree argued against State's Motion to Endorse Names on Information because one name listed (Lnu) had no address; Motion just had name and "unknown." Mr. Coumou amended by interlineation Order for Court's Signature and omitted the name of Lnu. Court said State could file another Motion if and when they had adequate information available. COURT ORDERED State's Motion to Endorse Names on Information (without witness named Lnu) GRANTED. Ms. Roundtree argued for Deft's Request for Discovery. There is a diary of one of the victims and she has been provided with copies of various pages of diary. She requested Court allow her Investigator to get the full diary out of Evidence to review. COURT SO ORDERED. COURT FURTHER ORDERED Deft's Request for Discovery GRANTED. Ms. Roundtree to prepare the Order.

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 013 MINUTES DATE: 04/30/96

PRINT DATE: 05/07/96



MINUTES DATE: 04/30/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA VS Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 012

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CUSTODY

5-9-96, 9:00 A.M., CALENDAR CALL

5-13-96, 10:00 A.M., JURY TRIAL

05/09/96 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

DANELLE REDDY, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000047 Miller, James J.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 005114 Rusley, Eric W.

Mr. Rusley advised Court he is appearing on behalf of Ms. Roundtree. She spoke to Mr. Berrett and it was agreed to continue this matter: COURT, SO ORDERED.

CALENDAR CALL

PRINT DATE: 05/10/96

05-13-96 10:00 AM JURY TRIAL

CONTINUED TO: 05/10/96 09:00 AM 01

05/10/96 09:00 AM 01 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

SUZY FURRER, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

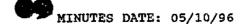
000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J Y
PUBDEF Public Defender Y
004735 Roundtree, Stacey Y

Ms. Roundtree advised Court this is not negotiated. Mr. Berrett stated he has to do 'Prelims' on Monday; trial may have to commence on Tuesday, May 14th. Court stated it may have a Penalty Hearing on Monday; Jury is out now

PAGE: 013 CONTINUED ON PAGE: 014
PAGE: 013 MINUTES DATE: 05/10/96





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 013

deliberating a murder case; therefore, ORDERED, matter TRANSFERRED to Overflow, Dept. X. Ms. Roundtree advised Court trial should take four to five days; Luis Rojas will be her co-counsel.

CUSTODY

05-13-96 10:00 AM TRIAL BY JURY-OVERFLOW-DEPT X

05/13/96 10:00 AM 00 OVERFLOW TRIAL FROM DEPT XIII
BERRETT/ROUNDTREE & ROJAS 4-5 DAYS

HEARD BY: JACK LEHMAN, Judge; Dept. 10

OFFICERS: CINDY LORY, Court Clerk

SHARLEEN NICHOLSON, Reporter/Recorder

Roundtree, Stacey

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y 000738 Berrett, Bill A. Y

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J N
PUBDEF Public Defender Y

Court advised counsel there are no courtrooms available for trial at this

time. Counsel to check back with Department secretary at 11:00 a.m. this morning for status on availability. Matter continued.

004735

CUSTODY

05-14-96 9:00 AM TRIAL SETTING

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 015

MINUTES DATE: 05/13/96

PRINT DATE: 05/15/96





MINUTES DATE: 05/14/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

	CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES								
95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA		V	s Thomas	s, Larry J			
						CONTINUED	FROM	PAGE:	014
	05/14/96	09:00 A	00 M	TRIAL SET	TTING				
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIRE	Z, Judge;	Dept. 1	L3			
	OFFICERS:	SUE DEA	ron/sd	Court Cle , Relief ( , Reporter	Clerk	ler			
	PARTIES:	004748		OF NEVADA I, Jay	A				Y Y
			Public	s, Larry 5 Defender e, Scott I	r				N Y - Y

Court was advised no Judges were available when Trial was sent to Overflow. Court noted that Deft was not present in courtroom because In Custody Deft's were taken out for a bathroom break. COURT ORDERED matter set for speedy TRIAL.

#### CUSTODY

7-2-96, 9:00 A.M., CALENDAR CALL

7-8-96, 10:00 A.M., JURY TRIAL

07/02/96 09:00 AM 00 ALL PENDING MOTIONS 07-02-96

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

KAREN MELL, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y
004748 Siegel, Jay Y

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J Y
PUBDEF Public Defender Y
004735 Roundtree, Stacey Y

CALENDAR CALL...STATE'S MOTION TO ADMIT EVIDENCE OF OTHER BAD ACTS

Ms. Roundtree advised Court she was ready for trial, but because of State's Motion, she needs time to respond. Mr. Siegel advised that Mr. Berrett stated Ms. Roundtree could respond before trial. Ms. Roundtree stated she does not know if the witnesses names are endorsed; she wants to talk to the them. Court noted the State's motion forces Ms. Roundtree to have a continuance. State advised this case is three years old. Ms. Roundtree argued against State's motion. After conference at the Bench, COURT

PRINT DATE: 07/02/96 PAGE: 015 MINUTES DATE: 07/02/96



MINUTES DATE: 07/02/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 015

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ORDERED, State's Motion to Admit Evidence of Other Bad Acts, DENIED; Trial Date Stands. Counsel advised Bill Berrett and Luis Rojas will try the case, which should take one week; 15-20 witnesses.

CUSTODY

07-08-96 10:00 AM TRIAL BY JURY

07/08/96 10:00 AM 00 TRIAL BY JURY

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

MARIA WOOLEY, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

005107 Rojas, Luis 000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Mr. Berrett and Ms. Roundtree announced they were ready for trial. Court recessed for ten minutes to check if the Civil hearing scheduled for today was going forward. LATER: Court advised the Civil matter is going to proceed; Evidentiary Hearing may take three to four hours; therefore, COURT ORDERED, Jury Trial continued.

CUSTODY

TRIAL BY JURY

CONTINUED TO: 07/09/96 10:15 AM 01

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 017

MINUTES DATE: 07/08/96

PRINT DATE: 07/19/96



MINUTES DATE: 07/09/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 016

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07/09/96 10:15 AM 01 TRIAL BY JURY

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

KRIS FLUKER, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES:

STATE OF NEVADA 000738 Berrett, Bill A. 005107 Rojas, Luis

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Court convened Outside the Presence of the Jury Panel at 11:00 A.M. Upon Court's inquiry, deft stated he rejected the State's offer. Mr. Berrett stated the deft is facing numerous life sentences. Ms. Roundtree advised Court she, as well as other Public Defenders, explained this to the deft. Court informed deft he will be facing eighty-five (85) years in prison without the possibility of parole if convicted of all charges. Jury Panel brought into the Courtroom. Mr. Rojas read list of witnesses to panel. Clerk administered Voir Dire Oath to Panel. Court read instructions from Nevada Supreme Court to Panel. Conference at Bench. Voir Dire of Panel by Court and counsel commenced. Court advised panel of the differences between statutory sexual seduction, sexual assault and sexual assault with a minor. Court admonished and excused panel and recessed for lunch. Court reconvened Outside the Presence of the Jury Panel at 1:40 P.M. Ms. Roundtree advised Court that she does not have knowledge of fifteen (15) witnesses the State read from their list; she has not spoken to them. Mr. Rojas responded that the Court granted the Motion to Endorse; all names were on that motion; that information was provided to the defense seven-and-one-half months ago. Court responded that Ms. Roundtree was not representing the deft at that time; Bob Archie was deft's counsel. Ms. Roundtree requested a continuance, stating she has to speak to the witnesses. Mr. Berrett stated Ms. Roundtree looked at the State's file one month ago; nothing was hidden; she did not follow up with Mr. Archie. He further stated this case is two years old. Court reiterated to the deft the sentence he is facing if convicted, and that if he took the State's offer he would be looking at three more years before being eligible for parole. Deft responded he cannot plead guilty to something he did not do; he is willing to risk being in prison eighty-five (85) years. Ms. Roundtree read the names of the fifteen witnesses she did not have. Mr. Rojas stated the State may only call two or three of those witnesses. COURT ORDERED, Ms. Roundtree's Oral Motion to Continue Trial. GRANTED; Trial Date Reset.

CUSTODY

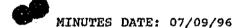
PRINT DATE: 07/19/96

10-03-96 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 018

PAGE: 017 MINUTES DATE: 07/09/96





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#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF NEVADA	vs Thomas, Larry J	
	·	CONTINUED FROM	PAGE: 017

10-07-96 10:00 AM TRIAL BY JURY

09/17/96 09:00 AM 00 STATE'S MOTION TO ENDORSE NAMES ON INFORMATION

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY. Court Clerk

KEN ISERI, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

001951 Leen, Peqqy

001 DI Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender

001135 Lieberman, Gary H.

COURT ORDERED, State's Motion to Endorse Names on Information, GRANTED, provided any new or additional discovery is provided to defense.

CUSTODY

10-03-96 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

10-07-96 10:00 AM TRIAL BY JURY

10/03/96 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

THERESA LANZA, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J Y
PUBDEF Public Defender Y

004735 Roundtree, Stacey

000047 Miller, James J.

State announced it is ready for trial, which should take one week; Mr. Berrett will try the case. Ms. Roundtree advised the defense is ready; deft has been in custody two (2) years. After conference at the Bench, COURT ORDERED, Calendar Call CONTINUED until tomorrow.

CUSTODY

CALENDAR CALL

CONTINUED TO: 10/04/96 09:00 AM 01

PRINT DATE: 10/04/96 PAGE: 018 CONTINUED ON PAGE: 019
PRINT DATE: 10/04/96 PAGE: 018 MINUTES DATE: 10/03/96





MINUTES DATE: 10/04/96

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF NEVADA	vs Thomas, Larry J							
		CONTINUED FROM PAGE:	018						
	10/04/96 09:00	AM 01 CALENDAR CALL							
	HEARD BY: DON P.	. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13							
		HY KELLY, Court Clerk FURRER, Reporter/Recorder	•• .						
	PARTIES: 001951	STATE OF NEVADA L Leen, Peggy	Y Y						
	001 D1 PUBDEE 004735		Y Y Y						
Sexual Seduct	tion (F); deft doe	r. Berrett offered three counts of Statutory es not want to accept that offer. Ms. nce since she has another trial, which may tak	·e						

#### CUSTODY

11-26-96 9:00 AM CALENDAR CALL

12-02-96 10:00 AM TRIAL BY JURY

11/26/96 09:00 AM 00 CALENDAR CALL

six days. COURT ORDERED, trial date VACATED and RESET.

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

LAURIE WEBB, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y

004630 Hendricks, Craig L.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J Y
PUBDEF Public Defender Y

004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Both sides advised they are ready for trial, which should take one week. COURT ORDERED, matter TRANSFERRED to Overflow, as Dept. XIII has two trials set on December 2nd.

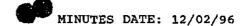
#### CUSTODY

12-02-96 10:00 A.M. TRIAL BY JURY - OVERFLOW DEPT.

PRINT DATE: 12/02/96 PAGE: 019 CONTINUED ON PAGE: 020 MINUTES DATE: 11/26/96

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#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA	vs Thoma	as, Larry J	-	
F., .	•			CONTINUED FROM	M PAGE	: 019
	12/02/96	10:00 AM 0	O OVERFLOW TRIAL BERRETT & HENDI	FROM DEPT XIII RICKS/ROUNDTREE	ONE	WEEK
	HEARD BY:	JACK LEHMAN	, Judge; Dept. 10			
	OFFICERS:		, Court Clerk CHOLSON, Reporter,	/Recorder		
	PARTIES:		TE OF NEVADA as, Luis			Y Y
			mas, Larry J lic Defender			Y

There being no courtrooms available, COURT ORDERED matter sent back to Dept. XIII for Trial Setting. Trial date VACATED.

003516 Jorgenson, Craig F.

#### CUSTODY

#### 12-05-96 9:00 AM TRIAL SETTING

12/05/96 09:00 AM 00 TRIAL SETTING

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk

KAREN MELL, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA 9004232 Carroll, Thomas M.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J Y
PUBDEF Public Defender Y
003516 Jorgenson, Craig F. Y

Mr. Jorgenson stated this is Stacey Roundtree's case, requested 1-21-97 trial date, COURT SO ORDERED.

#### CUSTODY

1-16-97 9:00 A.M. CALENDAR CALL

1-21-97 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 021

PAGE: 020 MINUTES DATE: 12/05/96

PRINT DATE: 01/17/97



004735

PAGE: 021



CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA vs Thomas, Larry J CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 020 09:00 AM 01/16/97 00 CALENDAR CALL HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13 OFFICERS: THERESA LEE, Court Clerk TERESA LYNN DEROSSETT, Reporter/Recorder PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA 000738 Berrett, Bill A. Y Y 001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender Y

Ms. Roundtree advised Court Larry Thomas has been in custody for two years, and answered ready for trial. Mr. Roundtree further advised Court deft will be represented by Charles Cano and herself. Mr. Berrett stated he will be trying this case for the State. Ms. Roundtree stated trial will take approximately seven days.

Roundtree, Stacey

CUSTODY

1-22-97 10:00 A.M. JURY TRIAL (7 DAYS)

01/22/97 10:00 AM 00 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

MONICA COYLE, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y 000738 Berrett, Bill A. Y

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J Y
004735 Roundtree, Stacey Y
005901 Cano, Charles A. Y

Court convened at 10:46 A.M. Clerk administered Voir Dire Oath to Jury Panel. Roll call of panel by Clerk. Bill Berrett introduced himself, advised of deft's charges and provided names of witnesses. Ms. Roundtree introduced Mr. Cano and herself. Voir Dire of Panel commenced. Court reconvened after the lunch recess Outside the Presence of the Jury Panel with exception of eight members of the Panel. Court excused seven of the eight members; the majority of which stated they could not be fair and impartial because of sexual abuse. Inside Presence of Jury Panel: Roll call by Clerk...all present. Voir Dire of Panel continued. After a recess, Court reconvened Outside the Presence of the Jury Panel. State MOVED to endorse the name of Graham Lees, Physician's Assistant. No objection by

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 022

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PRINT DATE: 01/22/97 PAGE: 021 MINUTES DATE: 01/22/97

AA2851



MINUTES DATE: 01/22/97

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 021

Defense. COURT ORDERED, State's Motion to Endorse Name on Amended Information, GRANTED, provided any new and additional discovery is provided to defense. Inside Presence of Jury Panel: Voir Dire continued. Twelve Jurors and Two Alternates sworn. Court admonished and excused jurors. Court recessed at 5:10 P.M. until 10:15 A.M. tomorrow morning.

TRIAL BY JURY

PRINT DATE: 01/24/97

CONTINUED TO: 01/23/97 10:00 AM 01

01/23/97 10:00 AM 01 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

SHERRI MALOOF/THERESA LANZA, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J 004735 Roundtree, Stacey

005901 Cano, Charles A.

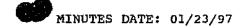
Court convened Outside the Presence of the Jury at 11:06 A.M. Mr. Berrett and Ms. Roundtree stipulated that the Clerk did not have to read the entire Amended Information...just the charges. Court noted deft's sixth Peremptory Challenge was an African American; defense counsel chose to exercise the Challenge. Court further stated the State's third Peremptory Challenge was an African American. State explained the prospective juror was per-empted because he indicated he knew Dr. Brown and may have had a problem with Graham Lees, a witness. He further stated the mother of the prospective juror was a victim of sexual assault, and the prospective juror said he did not feel good about this case. Mr. Berrett also stated that when the prospective juror was asked about being accused of a crime, he said he was arrested for disorderly conduct; however, when Court questioned prospective juror, he avoided Court's question. Ms. Roundtree stipulated that Mr. Berrett had no race reason to perempt the African American prospective iuror. Ms. Roundtree stated she perempted an African American prospective juror because she had a relative who was murdered; the trial was conducted in this Department XIII, and she seemed upset the deft in that case did not have to serve the full sentence. Mr. Berrett stipulated to Ms. Roundtree's representations. Inside the Presence of the Jury: Court advised the Jury that another Prosecutor present in Court for the morning calendar said he mentioned something about this case in the hallway outside the Courtroom. Court questioned the jurors if any of them had heard anything. Juror Number Three advised he heard something. Court, deft, counsel and Juror No. Three adjourned to Chambers. LATER: Court read Instructions to Jury. Amended Information read by the Clerk. Ms. Roundtree invoked the Exclusionary Rule.

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 023

PAGE: 022 MINUTES DATE: 01/23/97

AA2852





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

#### 95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

Vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 022

Opening Statements by Mr. Berrett and Mr. Cano. Testimony, as per worksheet. After Lunch Recess, Theresa Lanza, came in as Court Reporter. Testimony continued, as per worksheet. Court certified Dr. Olson as an expert in Forensic Pediatrics Sexual Abuse. Outside the Presence of the Jury: Court advised it has been informed that someone had intimidated the last witness. Deft's supporters were summoned into the Courtroom and admonished by the Court. Court ORDERED one of the supporters out the the Courtroom and Building. Mr. Cano requested that Court instruct jurors that the previous incident does not reflect on the deft. Inside the Presence of the Jury: Court admonished jurors not to draw any negative inferences on either side with respect to the prior incident. Testimony resumed. Court admonished and excused jurors and recessed at 4:30 P.M. Jurors instructed to return at 10:00 A.M. tomorrow morning.

CUSTODY

TRIAL BY JURY

CONTINUED TO: 01/24/97 10:00 AM

01/24/97 10:00 AM 02 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

KAREN MELL, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender

004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Court convened Outside the Presence of the Jury: Court advised that deft's co-counsel's (Thomas Cano's) brother was killed in an automobile accident today; he will not be present today. Court stated testimony of out-of-State witness will be taken and then Court will recess. Inside Presence of Jury: Court advised Jury of the death in Mr. Cano's family. Testimony continued. Ms. Knight certified as expert in field of Child Sexual Assault. Colloquy as to whether to proceed with trial, with Ms. Roundtree stating she will have to prepare for witnesses. It was agreed to take the testimony of one of the alleged victims after the lunch recess. Inside Presence of the Jury: Testimony, as per worksheet. Outside Presence of Jury: Colloquy as to how to bring in evidence without the witness having to read her diary. State and Ms. Roundtree went over pages of the diary to which they will refer. Inside Presence of Jury: Testimony resumed. Court advised Jurors trial will not go forward on Monday, due to the death of Mr. Cano's brother. Court admonished and excused jurors and instructed them to return on Tuesday.

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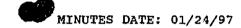
PAGE: 023 MINUTES DATE: 01/24/97

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#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 023

Court recessed at 4:31 P.M.

CUSTODY.

TRIAL BY JURY

CONTINUED TO: 01/28/97 10:30 AM 03

01/28/97 10:30 AM 03 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

TERESA DEROSSETT, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004735 Roundtree, Stacey У У У

Court convened Outside the Presence of the Jury at 11:02 AM: Ms. Roundtree Moved to admit Roshanda Turner's diary (State's Exhibit #1). Admitted. Ms. Roundtree stated Court previously Denied State's Motion to Admit Prior Bad Acts and MOVED for Motion in Limine to exclude two witnesses referred to in that motion. State requested that Court reconsider its previous ruling, as deft has created an atmosphere of seduction. COURT ORDERED, State's Motion to Reconsider, DENIED; Defendant's Motion in Limine, GRANTED. Court stated it is not depriving the theory as to atmosphere. Inside the Presence of the Jury: All present. Testimony continued, Exhibits marked and admitted, as per worksheet. Court admonished and excused jurors for the day at 4:12 P.M. Outside Presence of the Jury: Mr. Berrett stated defense counsel intentionally made a remark about a polygraph, which was crossed out on report, and is trying to gain favor with the jury by doing this. He further stated that is unprofessional; and he suggested sanctions. Ms. Roundtree responded the full context of the interview should be admitted. stated it will not sanction Ms. Roundtree; but statement was inappropriate. Court feels statement was not deliberate. Colloquy by State and defense counsel regarding prior bad acts, with Ms. Roundtree stating Petrocelli Hearing is necessary. Court responded that it is standing by its previous ruling regarding prior bad acts. Court further stated Mr. Berrett has to be given leeway as to why others did not come forward about the deft. Further colloguy by State and defense counsel, with Ms. Roundtree stating the alleged victims' credibility is at issue. Mr. Berrett stated that either he gets into prior bad acts or the detective's testimony has to be retracted. Court stated testimony has to be limited; giving leeway on closing argument. COURT ORDERED, trial in recess until tomorrow morning.

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 025

MINUTES DATE: 01/28/97

PRINT DATE: 01/29/97



MINUTES DATE: 01/28/97

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

STATE OF NEVADA 95-C-125353-C

vs Thomas, Larry J

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CUSTODY

TRIAL BY JURY

CONTINUED TO:

01/29/97 10:00 AM

04 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK) 01/29/97 10:00 AM

**HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13** 

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk
SHERRI MALOOF, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

Berrett, Bill A. 000738

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender

004735 Roundtree, Stacey

Court convened Inside the Presence of the Jury at 10:45 A.M. Both sides stipulated to the presence of the Jury and two alternates. State Rested. Testimony presented, as per worksheet. After lunch recess, Court convened Inside the Presence of the Jury. Testimony presented. Outside the Presence of the Jury: Court advised deft of his right to remain silent. Colloquy as to polygraph with Ms. Roundtree stating deft did not have the opportunity to take a polygraph. She further stated she advised deft, if he testifies, not to mention about a polygraph. Court responded that if polygraph is mentioned by deft, it will result in a mistrial. Inside Presence of Jury: Court admonished and excused jurors at 2:57 PM and recessed for the day.

CUSTODY

TRIAL BY JURY

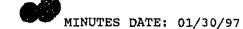
CONTINUED TO: 01/30/97 10:00 AM 05

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 026

MINUTES DATE: 01/29/97

PRINT DATE: 01/31/97





#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 025

01/30/97 10:00 AM 05 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

MONICA COYLE, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA

000738 Berrett, Bill A.

001 Dl Thomas, Larry J PUBDEF Public Defender 004735 Roundtree, Stacey

У У У

Court convened Inside the Presence of the Jury at 11:00 A.M. Both sides stipulated to the presence of the jury and two alternates. Testimony presented, as per worksheet. Outside the Presence of the Jury: Colloquy as to bringing in testimony that deft bought gifts for several people other than just one person and the State bringing in a witness who can testify to seeing the deft with another person in a compromising situation. instructed Ms. Roundtree to speak to the two witnesses she is planning to bring in this afternoon and recessed for lunch. Court reconvened Outside the Presence of the Jury. Court and counsel went over some of the jury instructions. No objection to verdict forms by Ms. Roundtree. Colloguy as to extrinsic impeachment. Court read from California Trial Objections regarding cross examination and scope. Inside the Presence of the Jury: Testimony resumed. Outside the Presence of the Jury: Ms. Roundtree advised Court the deft will not testify. She stated she will have to rethink her closing argument in light of what happened in Court today. Court stated Ms. Roundtree did not know she could not bring in the lack of prior bad acts; she disagrees with the application of the Rape Shield Law. Inside the Presence of the Jury: Defense rested. State advised it has no rebuttal witnesses. Court read Jury Instructions to the Jury. Closing statement by Mr. Berrett. Court admonished and excused jurors at 4:02 P.M. Outside of the Presence of the Jury: Court noted that during presentation of evidence there was a difference of interpretation of the Rape Shield Law between Ms. Roundtree and the Court. NRS 50.090 cited. Statement by Ms. Roundtree as to impeaching the credibility of the alleged victims. Mr. Berrett stated he requested offer of proof from counsel, and received nothing. He further stated that as to legal requirements, he provided Court with the provisions of Statute of Opinion evidence; NRS 50.085 controls. Court cited the Cox case and NRS 48.069, which states written offer of proof required. stated it stands by the Rape Shield Law. Ms. Roundtree stated that impeaching credibility is the threshhold of her defense; she cannot present a defense if she cannot do that. After further argument by counsel, Court stated this case deals with a twelve-year old and two fourteen-year old girls, and believes that bringing in other young men's testimony to attack their credibility is not proper. Statement by Defendant. Court recessed at 4:30 P.M.

PAGE: 026

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 027

MINUTES DATE: 01/30/97

MINUTES DATE: 01/30/97

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J

CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 026

CUSTODY

TRIAL BY JURY

CONTINUED TO:

01/31/97 09:00 AM 06

01/31/97 09:00 AM 06 TRIAL BY JURY (#1 STACK)

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: DOROTHY KELLY, Court Clerk

THERESA LEE, Relief Clerk

MARIA WOOLEY, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES:

STATE OF NEVADA 000738 Berrett, Bill A.

Y

Y

001 D1 Thomas, Larry J 004735 Roundtree, Stacey 005901 Cano, Charles A. Y

Court convened Outside the Presence of the Jury at 9:02 AM: Argument by Mr. Cano, who cited Cox vs State (102NV253) and Summit vs State (101NV159). He stated that bringing in evidence goes to voracity of victim's statements. Argument by State, who cited NRS 50.085, and stated defense attempted to attack the credibility of the three victims; defense was attempting to impeach victim with prior incidents. Further argument by State and defense counsel. Court stated that as to prior incidents, it does not accept defense counsel's theory. Mr. Cano stated the defense feels the deft's constitutional rights have been infringed. Inside Presence of Jury: Both sides stipulated to presence of the Jury and two Alternates. Closing argument by Ms. Roundtree. (Court Clerk, Teri Lee, replaced Clerk, Dorothy Kelly.) Rebuttal Argument by Mr. Berrett. Court retired to deliberate at 11:50 A.M. and returned at 5:28 P.M. with verdicts as follows: Guilty of Statutory Sexual Seduction...Counts I,IV,VI through XII. Deft Found Not Guilty of Ct. II-Sexual Assault. Jury polled. COURT ORDERED, Bail STANDS at \$55,000. Court thanked and excused jury and ORDERED, matter set for sentencing. Court adjourned at 5:50 P.M.

#### CUSTODY

03-18-97 9:00 A.M. SENTENCING

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 028

MINUTES DATE: 01/31/97





MINUTES DATE: 03/18/97

#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C	STATE OF	NEVADA		vs		, Larry J			
						CONTINUED	FROM	PAGE:	027
	03/18/97	09:00 A	M 00	SENTENCIN	G				
	HEARD BY:	DON P.	CHAIRE	Z, Judge;	Dept. 13	3			
	OFFICERS:			, Court Claporter/Rec					
	PARTIES:	004232		OF NEVADA 11, Thomas					Y Y
			Publi	s, Larry J c Defender tree, Stac					У У У

Peggy Colemen of the Division of Parole & Probation present. Ms. Roundtree advised Court she just received the Pre-Sentence Report yesterday. She requested a continuance to go over the Report with the deft, and by the COURT, SO ORDERED.

CUSTODY

SENTENCING

PRINT DATE: 04/30/97

CONTINUED TO: 04/08/97 09:00 AM 01

04/08/97 09:00 AM 01 SENTENCING

HEARD BY: DON P. CHAIREZ, Judge; Dept. 13

OFFICERS: THERESA LEE /GEORGETTE SHAW/GS, Relief Clerk

KAREN MELL, Reporter/Recorder

PARTIES: STATE OF NEVADA Y 000738 Berrett, Bill A. Y

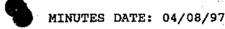
001 D1 Thomas, Larry J Y
005901 Cano, Charles A. Y
004735 Roundtree, Stacey Y

Mr. Robert Lawson of the Division of Parole & Probation present. Colloquy between Court and State. Arguments of Counsel. DEFT THOMAS ADJUDGED GUILTY OF CTS I, IV, AND VI through XII of STATUTORY SEXUAL SEDUCTION By virtue of JURY VERDICT. COURT ORDERED, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee, DEFT THOMAS SENTENCED to NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS as follows; CT I TEN (10) YEARS Nevada Dept of Prisons, RESTITUTION \$210; CT IV TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONSECUTIVE WITH CT I; CT VI TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with CTS I, IV & VI; CT VIII TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with all other counts; CT IX TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with all other

CONTINUED ON PAGE: 029

PAGE: 028 MINUTES DATE: 04/08/97

PAGE: 029



#### CRIMINAL COURT MINUTES

95-C-125353-C STATE OF NEVADA

vs Thomas, Larry J
CONTINUED FROM PAGE: 028

X TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with all other counts; CT XI TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with all other counts; CT XII TEN (10) YEARS NDP to run CONCURRENT with all other counts; deft to receive 853 DAYS Credit for Time Served.

NDP

PRINT DATE: 04/30/97 PAGE: 029 MINUTES DATE: 04/08/97

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# EXHIBIT 61

# EXHIBIT 61

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# EXHIBIT 62

# EXHIBIT 62

### Declaration of Johnny Hudson

I, Johnny Hudson, hereby declare as follows:

- I am fifty-five years old. I currently reside in Clark County, Nevada. I am Marlo
  Thomas's cousin. His maternal aunt, Emma Nash, is my mother. I am about
  ten years older than Marlo.
- 2. Growing up, I visited my aunt Georgia's home every day. I spent the night sometimes. Georgia and my aunt Shirley lived together up the street from me and my parents. Marlo also spent a lot of time at my house, and at our uncle John's house.
- 3. Shirley had six children, my mom had six, and Georgia had four. It was a struggle for everybody. Many times there was nothing to eat and we all went to bed hungry, including Marlo and his brothers. The following day somebody would always find food from somewhere. We went from house to house sharing food. We sometimes ate sugar bread, which is bread with mayonnaise sprinkled with sugar for energy.
- 4. Larry, Darrell, and Marlo were whipped with switches, extension cords, water hoses, hot wheel tracks, plastic bats, and broomsticks. All the cousins got beatings from our mothers and aunts. When I did something bad, Shirley would let days pass where I thought she forgot about it, then she would appear at night and wake me up to whelp me. She did the same thing to Marlo. You could tell when someone got a whipping. Sometimes Marlo had bruises and

marks on his body. Larry and Darrell had bruises too. We all got our share of whippings. I remember an incident where Marlo's entire eye was bloody red and the white couldn't be seen. He was around seven or eight.

- 5. Bobby Lewis was in and out of Georgia's home. Bobby was illiterate and didn't know how to express himself. I was able to talk to Uncle Bobby because he liked doing tricks on me. He'd take a shot glass of his favorite drink—Jim Beam, Seagram's, or Canadian Mist—and tell me to taste it to put hair on my chest.
- 6. Bobby was abusive; emotionally, psychologically, and physically. I saw Bobby pick Marlo up and throw him into a wall. Marlo was about eight at the time. His imprint was left in the wall where the sheetrock busted. Marlo got up real slow. I also saw Bobby knock the hell out of Marlo with his fist, sending him over Georgia's couch.
- 7. Bobby beat the crap out of Georgia. They were always fighting. I saw Bobby hit Georgia, Georgia hit back, him hit her again, then Georgia go get a skillet and knock the mess out of him. When I was ten years old, I walked into Georgia's house and she was beating the crap out of Bobby with a metal broomstick. She beat him silly. Later that day Georgia had a black eye. Georgia yelled, screamed, and threw bottles, ashtrays, and perfume bottles at Bobby. Sometimes they fought in front of the kids, including Marlo; they saw and heard it.

- 8. The whole family saw Bobby get arrested for his last charge. Bobby came to my house to see my stepfather, Robert Nash. Larry, Darrell, Marlo, and I were there playing with some of my other cousins. Georgia, Shirley and other aunts were there. I saw police all around the block. Shortly afterwards, police stormed the house. They had guns drawn at the front and back door waiting on Bobby to surrender. Marlo cried as they put Bobby in the Car. When Bobby went to prison, it had a deep impact on Marlo.
- 9. When Marlo was sent to Southern Desert Correctional Center, Bobby and I were there. Marlo saw his dad every day and they spent time together. Bobby sent for me to write his letters for him. Bobby dictated and I wrote them.
- 10. Marlo experienced other traumas in his life. When he was around fifteen, his best friend died in front of him. They were walking up Lake Mead back when it was a two lane street. There were no streetlights on that stretch, other than light from an apartment complex. The streets were dark and the friend was hit by a truck. The boy was dragged down the street until the truck eventually stopped. Marlo watched as it happened then held his friend in his arms while he died. Marlo told me the skin on the boy's chest, back, and legs were gone. He could see his friend's heart beating because his skin and chest were ripped open.
- 11. Marlo was shot at by the Donna Street Crips. The DSC boys went to Gerson Park, drove up the main drag, and did a drive by shooting. Several people were

- injured and killed. Marlo was in his late teens at the time and had a good partner killed.
- 12. When I was a young man, my aunts Georgia and Rebecca gave me a brief family history. They told me about the incest in my family. Georgia said she had been sexually abused by her dad and was lucky she didn't get pregnant.
- 13. My big sister, Barbara, and I also talked about things that happened in my family. We shared with each other that we had both been sexually abused by our brother, Matthew's, father, Ike, and also by our cousin Michael Thomas. Michael was the son of our uncle, JT. Barbara was also sexually abused by our stepfather, Robert Nash. All the molestation happened here in Las Vegas.
- I was between the ages of five and seven when I was molested. Ike molested me in abandoned buildings or any other place we could stop on our way to my his and mom's house. He tried to penetrate me but it was impossible because it hurt too badly. Ike made me perform oral sex on him, and so did Michael. Michael abused me at home, in the bathroom. I'm not sure where Barbara was abused.
- 15. Ike was a creep. I know Georgia didn't like him. I once heard him rape my mother. I was around seven years old and outside playing with my brother David. I heard my mom tell Ike, "No, no, please stop."
- 16. I was once at my aunt Shirley's house and I watched her beat my cousin John from one end of the house to the other because she walked in on him messing around with his sister, Sabrina.

17. Cassie Ragsdale is the first person from Marlo's defense team to ever contact me. If I had been asked to testify at Marlo's original trial in 1997, or his resentencing in 2005, I would have agreed and told the jurors the things in this declaration.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and that this declaration was executed in Clark County, Nevada, on June  $\underline{\mathcal{Af}}$ , 2017.

Johnny Abelson Johnny Hudson

# EXHIBIT 63

# EXHIBIT 63

### Declaration of Matthew Young

- I, Matthew Young, hereby declare as follows:
- I am fifty years old. I currently reside in Clark County, Nevada. I am Marlo
  Thomas's cousin. His maternal aunt, Emma Nash, is my mother. My mother
  was the second oldest of her siblings. She died in 1999.
- 2. My biological father was Ike Gordon Young. I never knew him; he died in a car crash when I was less than seven years old. I heard that Ike molested some of my siblings. My stepfather, Robert Nash, became a father figure to me by the time I was five.
- 3. Marlo's mother, Georgia, was like a second mother to me. We were very close. When I was older, she cosigned on a car loan for me. I never stayed overnight at Georgia's but I spent a lot of time at her house. Georgia was a hard worker and tried to make a living. She worked evenings in the school district. Georgia was going to work as the kids came home from school. When she got home from work, the kids were in bed.
- 4. Marlo's family went through tough times growing up. Georgia was on food stamps and towards the end of the month there was no food in the house. When I was over at the house, we ate whatever was available: cheese sandwiches, sugar sandwiches, syrup sandwiches, and cereal. We added water to the milk for cereal to make it go further. When the first person finished their bowl of cereal, the second person used the same bowl so as not to waste the left over

milk, and so no one had to eat dry cereal. The bowl was passed from person to person. The cereal wasn't sugar coated so it was hard to eat without having sugar to put on it.

- 5. When I was around eleven years old, I remember Georgia got a red eviction notice taped to her door so she and her three sons came to live with my family for almost two years. Larry is six months older than me and Darrell is a year younger than me. Marlo was younger so I didn't spend as much time with him. I was closest to Larry.
- 6. Georgia was strict. The boys got whippings and had to pick their own switches.

  The whippings left marks on their bodies. Georgia grabbed them by the collar and got in their faces to get their attention. Out of all Georgia's boys, Marlo was beaten the most. Georgia grabbed him and punched him, her fist landing on his chest, face, anywhere.
- 7. Georgia was always aggressive with my brother Johnny. She went to town beating Johnny; she threw knuckles at him. Johnny was the black sheep of our family. One time, she grabbed Johnny and called him a son of a bitch. Johnny didn't understand it was an expression and thought she was calling our mother a bitch. Georgia and Johnny got into it. I remember her grabbing him by the neck.
- 8. When we were grown, Marlo and I talked about how he didn't get the attention he should have gotten from Georgia. Marlo acted out because he felt she

treated his older brothers better than him: he wanted attention and tried to get it. Georgia looked at me as her son more than she did Marlo. She always did things for me but told Marlo no.

- 9. Even when my mom said no, Georgia went behind her back and made things happen for me. One time, Georgia gave me twenty dollars for a show and tell project at school because I didn't have anything to take. I went to school and purchased an ice cream as my show and tell. A black teacher, Ms. Taylor, accused me of stealing the ice cream. I called my home several times until Georgia answered the phone so I could tell her what happened. The following day during recess, I saw Georgia walking in the field with both her fists balled up. She confronted Ms. Taylor and told her never to accuse me of stealing again. Her fists were balled up to Ms. Taylor's face but she never hit her. Each time Georgia got mad, you saw her bite the inside of her jaws and raise her fist, and you knew to leave her alone. Afterwards, Ms. Taylor apologized to me. She knew how poor my family was and that I couldn't afford the ice cream so she thought I stole it.
- 10. Every year, the Thomas family had a big fish fry. It rotated from house to house, but was mainly at my aunt Jonnie's. Jonnie, her husband Eddie, and my uncle John went overnight fishing. When they returned, the women cleaned and fried the fish. Most of the family attended the cookout. Children played all kinds of games in the yard while the adults cooked, played cards and

dominos, and drank. Eddie drank Coors light while Georgia and her sisters drank wine coolers.

- 11. I didn't spend much time around Marlo's dad, Bobby Lewis, but I heard my aunts talk about how he physically abused Georgia and talked down to her. The police were called a couple of times on Bobby for beating Georgia. Bobby called Georgia a fat bitch and told her she would never amount to anything. Marlo told me he was angry with Bobby for saying those things to his mom.
- 12. When Bobby got out of prison, Darrell was happy to have him back because he didn't have any other father figures. Larry never knew his father. PJ's dad, Paul Sr., was a decent man but Georgia was just mean. When Georgia got to the point of anger, she became aggressive. There was no settling her down once she was mad. Of all my aunts and uncles, you didn't mess with Georgia.
- 13. Incest was a big thing in my mother's family. It ran through several generations. Many of my aunts were molested by their dad. People also talked about my cousin John molesting his neighbor's daughter. John was arrested and went to a juvenile facility for a while. When I was around ten, I was molested by my sister Barbara's girlfriends.
- 14. Even though my mom was in the home, Barbara was more of a mother figure to me. My mom and Robert mainly stayed in their bedroom. Barbara worked at a seed program and bought things like clothes and underwear for me and my brother Ronnie. After Barbara took us to church, she made me and Ronnie

take naps on the pallets in her bedroom where we slept. Barbara allowed her girlfriends to come over and abuse us. Things always happened to me in Barbara's room and they took Ronnie to another part of the house. Two or three of Barbara's friends performed oral sex on me and made me perform oral sex on them. They also made me penetrate them. The girls were from the neighborhood and church. One of them was called Tammy. Barbara knew what was happening to us. She sometimes asked me what Tammy had done and told me what Tammy had said she was going to do to me. The abuse lasted two or three years, until I was around thirteen. At that time, we moved to another house and Barbara moved in with her boyfriend. It was really tough for me for a while, it made me feel crazy. Ronnie never talked about what happened to him.

- 15. I believe the sexual abuse I experienced caused me to act out towards other kids. When I was around thirteen, I was in a church van with another girl my age. I rubbed up against her and made sexual advances. We were caught messing around in the van. My mom and Barbara were told about the incident and the girl and I were kept apart.
- 16. When I was twenty, I had my own apartment. I lived beside a family with a daughter, Janie Allen, who was fifteen. I began a sexual relationship with Janie and she became pregnant. Janie's mother was heavy into church and made us get married. We went on to have four children together.

- 17. While married to Janie, I worked at Cheyenne High School as a custodian. A young girl, Sylvia, who was around fourteen, worked in the custodian department summer program, along with her brother, George. I met their mother, Clara, when she picked up the children. I started doing work around their home like cutting grass. The following year when Sylvia worked in the summer program, I started messing with her. We had sex everywhere: around the high school, in my car, at Clara's home, and in my home when my wife wasn't there. Sylvia became pregnant and the news spread throughout the school that I was the father. I was arrested and lost my job. I was charged with sexual seduction and sentenced to five years. I served two years and eight months.
- 18. Janie and I divorced while I was in prison. Sylvia had her baby and reached out to me. We kept in touch and six months after my release we were married and she was pregnant again. I received counseling and worked programs to help me with the sexual abuse case. If I had received the proper counseling after I was molested, my life would have been different. Things wouldn't have turned out the way they did with the young girls.
- 19. I believe what happened with Barbara's friends was her way of acting out from the sexual abuse she experienced as a child. I know our older brother Johnny acted out from his sexual abuse as a child by sexually abusing young girls in the neighborhood. The girls were usually about seven years younger than Johnny. My brother David wasn't subjected to any abuse because he was

looked at as the golden child in our family. My sister Victoria stayed to herself and probably escaped any abuse.

20. Cassie Ragsdale is the first person from Marlo's defense team to ever contact me. If I had been asked to testify at Marlo's original trial in 1997, or his resentencing in 2005, I would have agreed and told the jurors the things in this declaration.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and that this declaration was executed in Clark County, Nevada, on July 30, 2017.

Matthew Young

# EXHIBIT 64

# EXHIBIT 64



AA2878

# EXHIBIT 65

# EXHIBIT 65

## LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT **Detention Services Division**

### Information Report

Thomas, Marlow Demetrius

(01060797)

Notification To:

**ClassificationGroup** 

CC To:

; Fifth Floor, Sergeant

Inmate(s): 320

Thomas, Marlow Dematrius -

Incident Date:

07/17/97

Incident Time:

1440

Reporting Officer's P#: 4679

Reporting Officer's Name:

Coker, H. B.

**Housing Unit:** 

5D07

Report Date/Time:

07/17/97 04:59 PM

Post ID:

Post0050 Security/CCDC

Short Description: Disrespect.

**Full Description:** 

On the above date and approx. time, I/M Thomas yelled at me you Opie taylor looking ass hole suck my dick and called me a punk ass mother fucker. I told I/M Thomas that he had lost his next free time.

Action Taken:

Loss of free time on 07/26/97

## LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT **Detention Services Division**

### Information Report

Thomas, Marlow Demetrius

(01060797)

Notification To: CC To:

**ClassificationGroup** ; Fifth Floor, Sergeant

Inmate(s): 🕮

Thomas, Marlow Demetrius -

Incident Date:

07/17/97

Incident Time:

1400

Reporting Officer's P#: 4679

Reporting Officer's Name:

Coker, H. B.

Housing Unit:

5D07

Report Date/Time:

07/17/97 04:50 PM

Post ID:

Post0050 Security/CCDC

Short Description: Disrespect.

**Full Description:** 

On the above date and approx, time, I was giveing another I/M his property when I/M Thomas yelled at me to suck his dick and called me a punk ass mother fucker. I told I/M Thomas that he had lost his next free time. When I did this Thomas said I'm going to fuck you in your ass.

**Action Taken:** 

Loss of free time on 07/23/97

## LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT **Detention Services Division**

### Information Report

Thomas, Marlow Demetrius

(01060797)

Notification To:

ClassificationGroup

CC To:

; Fifth Floor, Sergeant

Inmate(s): (모)

Thomas, Marlow Demetrius -

Incident Date:

07/17/97

Incident Time:

1345

Reporting Officer's P#: 4679

5D07

Reporting Officer's Name:

Coker, H. B.

Housing Unit: Post ID:

Post0050 Security/CCDC

Report Date/Time: 07/17/97 04:48 PM

Short Description: Disrespect.

**Full Description:** 

On the above date and approx. time, I/M Thomas yelled at me to suck his dick and called me a punk ass mother fucker. I told I/M Thomas that he had lost his next free time. He told me I could go fuck my self.

**Action Taken:** 

Loss of free time on 07/21/97

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IN-CAMERA REVIEW OF DOCUMENTS; FOUND RELIABLE
B. STATEMENT BY PRISON OFFICIAL: SAFETY FREVENTS DISCLOSURE OF CI YES NO
7. FINDINGS
COUNT/CHARGE REDUCE TO: QUILTY QUILTY DISMISS COUNT/CHARGE REDUCE TO: QUILTY QUILTY DISMISS  I MI30
OTHER; SPECIFY:
G CAMOTYCHE
8. SANCTIONS
SANCTION # OF DAYS BEGIN DATE END DATE
8-11-01 12-10-0
c
0
E
STAT FORFEITURE REFERRAL: YES NO RECOMMENDED CATEGORY: A S C ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENT ANOUNT: \$
OTHER; SPECIFY:
9. ANCILLARY INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS  - REPER TO PAROLE BOARD AS VIOLATION OF PAROLE:  - POST DISCIPLINARY CLASSIFICATION: YES THO DATE:  Balanad Aured  Balanad Aured
- DISC/BEG SANCTION REQUIRES REVIEW BY DIRECTOR: YEB HO
10. SIGNATURE OF COMMITTEE  CHAIRMAIN: HOAM ENORG, COUST ON SIGNATURE  PRINTED NAME  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE
10. SIGNATURE OF CONNITTEE  CHAIRBARI: ADAM ENDEL, COUSTO ORGAN GLOCO  PRINTED NAME  PRINTED NAME  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE
10. SIGNATURE OF COMMITTEE  CHAIRMAN: HOAN ENDEL, CWSTO ON ON ENDEL  PRINTED NAME  MENBER:
10. SIGNATURE OF COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN: HOAN ENDEL COUST ORONG BURGO  PRINTED NAME MEMBER: PRINTED NAME SIGNATURE MEMBER:

FRANKIE SUE DEL PAPA Attorney General



Chief/SDAG, CJD

Traci Dory, Legal Secretary. CJD

#### STATE OF NEVADA

## OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 N. Carson Street
Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717
Telephone (702) 687-4170
Fax (702) 687-5798

Website: http://www.state.nv.us/ag/

E-mail: aginfo@govmail.state.nv.us PRISON CRIMINAL REFERRAL MEMORANDUM BROOKE A. NIELSEN Assistant Attorney General

TO:		Endel, CCWS III tate Prison	SUBMISSION DATE: December 1, 1999 COMPLETED REVIEW DATE: 1-28-00	
FROM:			rtila 182 Mindules	
	(1st	Reviewing Deputy)	(2nd Reviewing Deputy)	
CRIMI	NAL JUS	STICE DIVISION AG REFERRAL NO.	BSP-99-26-AG	
for the	dated he cri	November 5, 1999, with regard to	ion referral, your control number 99- o suspect(s) Marlo Thomas, NDOP #50682, osure, allegedly committed at Ely State 1, 1999.	
follo	We ha	we considered the material you	sent to us. Our disposition is as	
1.		A criminal prosecution will be	initiated by the attorney general.	
2.	$\angle$	A criminal prosecution will not	be initiated by the attorney general.	
			ing criminal prosecution:	
		B. No reason for de documented here.	clining criminal prosecution will be	
3.		No decision can be made because attached explanatory memo).	se other information is needed. (See	
4.		Comments		
cc:	<u>x</u>	Bill Donat AW Traci Dory, Legal Secretary, Cr	P, KSP ("I" File)	
8 5.0	x x x	Rod Countryman, Inspector Gener Shannon Moyle, Acting Warrant C Other	al, NDOP	

walkers and the second to a first the "Protecting Citizens, Solving Problems, Making Government Work"

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Chief/SDAG, CJD

Traci Dory, Legal Secretary, CJD

### STATE OF NEVADA

### OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 N. Carson Street

Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 Telephone (775) 684-1100

Fax (775) 684-1108

FRANKIE SUE DEL PAPA Attorney General Website: http://www.state.nv.us/ag/
PRISONE-maikasinip@maraniasiahamowa.noum

THOMAS M. PATTON Assistant Attorney General

TO:		Endel, CCWS III tate Prison	SUBMISSION DATE: January 10, 2000 COMPLETED REVIEW DATE: 1-28-00
PROM:			1199147112111111111111111111111111111111
	(lst )	Reviewing Deputy)	(2nd Reviewing Deputy)
CRIMII	NAL JUS	ETICE DIVISION AG REFERRAL NO.	ESP-00-02-AG
#50683	dated , for	December 17, 1999, with regard	ction referral, your control number 99- ard to suspect(s) Marlo Thomas, NDOP scene Exposure, allegedly committed at october 21, 1999.
follo	We ha	we considered the material you	sent to us. Our disposition is as
1.	<del>_</del>	A criminal prosecution will be	initiated by the attorney general.
2.	X	A criminal prosecution will not	be initiated by the attorney general.
		A Reasons for declin	ing criminal prosecution:
		B. No reason for de documented here.	clining criminal prosecution will be
3.	_	No decision can be made becau attached explanatory memo).	se other information is needed. (See
4.		Comments	
cc:	<u>x</u>	Bill Donat AN	P, ESP ("I" File)
	$\frac{x}{x}$	Traci Dory, Legal Secretary, Cr Rod Countryman, Inspector Gener	riminal Justice Division ral. NDOP
	$\frac{x}{x}$	Shannon Moyle, Acting Warrant C Other	Coordinator, NDOP

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(Q) 3352C



Chief/SDAG, CJD

Traci Dory, Legal Secretary, CJD

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### STATE OF NEVADA

### OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 N. Carson Street

Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 Telephone (775) 684-1100 Fax (775) 684-1108

FRANKIE SUE DEL PAPA Attorney General Website: http://www.state.nv.us/ag/
PRISONF-CREWARD PRESENTIAL THERWORK NOUN

THOMAS M. PATTON Assistant Attorney General

TO: FROM: CRIMIN	Adam Endel, CCWS III  Ely State Prison  (1st Reviewing Deputy)  IAL JUSTICE DIVISION AG REFERRAL NO.	SUBMISSION DATE: February 4, 2000 COMPLETED, REVIEW DATE: 3-6-90  (2nd Reviewing Deputy)  ESP-00-04-AG
	******************************	B. C. M. M. M. M. C. M. C. M. C. M.
for th	dated January 4, 2000, with regard	ecution referral, your control number 99- d to suspect(s) Marlo Thomas, NDOP #50682, Exposure, allegedly committed at Ely State c 26, 1999.
follow	We have considered the material s:	you sent to us. Our disposition is as
1.	A criminal prosecution will	be initiated by the attorney general.
2.	A criminal prosecution will	not be initiated by the attorney general.
	A Reasons for dec	lining criminal prosecution:
	B. No reason for documented here	declining criminal prosecution will be
3.	No decision can be made be attached explanatory memo).	cause other information is needed. (See
4.	Comments	
	æ	
cc:	X Bill Donat AN X Traci Dory, Legal Secretary, X Rod Countryman, Inspector Ge X Shannon Moyle, Acting Warrar Other	eneral, NDOP

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Chief/SDAG, CJD

Eva Crouch, Legal Secretary, CJD

### STATE OF NEVADA

### OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

100 N. Carson Street

Carson City, Nevada 89701-4717 Telephone (775) 684-1100

Fax (775) 684-1108

FRANKIE SUE DEL PAPA
Attorney Generat
E

Website: http://www.state.nv.us/ag/ E-mail: aginfo@govmail.state.nv.us

THOMAS M. PATTON
Assistant Attorney General

#### PRISON CRIMINAL REFERRAL MEMORANDUM

		FRISON CRIMINAL REFERRAL MEMORANDUM
TO:	Ely 8	Endel, CCWS III SUBMISSION DATE: 07/07/00 Completed Review Pare: 8/17/11
	(1st	Reviewing Deputy) (2nd Reviewing Deputy)
CRIMI	NAL JU	STICE DIVISION AG REFERRAL NO. ESP-00-30-AG
ror c	aaced he cri	ave received a criminal prosecution referral, your control number 00- June 20, 2000, with regard to suspect(s) Marlo Thomas, NDOP #50682, me(s) of Indecent or Obsceme Exposure, allegedly committed at Ely State, Nevada, on or about April 30, 2000.
follo	We h	ave considered the material you sent to us. Our disposition is as
1.		A criminal prosecution will be initiated by the attorney general.
2.	$\chi$	A criminal prosecution will not be initiated by the attorney general.
		A Reasons for declining criminal prosecution:
		B No reason for declining criminal prosecution will be documented here.
3.		No decision can be made because other information is needed. (See attached explanatory memo).
4.		Comments
cc:	<u>x</u>	Bill Donat AWP, ESP("I" File) Eva Crouch, Legal Secretary, Criminal Justice Division
	X	Rod Countryman, Inspector General, NDOP
	<u>x</u> <u>x</u>	Shannon Moyle, Acting Warrant Coordinator, NDOP Other

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(O) 3352C





## CLASSIFICATION RESULTS NOTICE

TO:	mas. Marlow 38824 DATE: 2-18-93
FROM: C	CLASSIFICATION COMMITTEE INSTITUTION:
Your req	uest to be classified from Administrative Segregation to the General Population considered with the following results:
1.	Your request has been approved.
	a. Re-integration can take place now.
	b. Re-integration is subject to 60 day plan. (see reverse side:.
2.	Your request has been disapproved based upon the following consideration(s) (see reverse side for protracted goals).
	<ul> <li>a. History of repetitive institutional violence, assaults, fights.</li> </ul>
	b. Repetitive involvement in controlled substance abuse.
	c. Sexually assaultive behavior.
	d. Escape or recent attempted escape.
	e. Prison gang affiliation.
	f. Other.
	Explanation of above (required): Ord. Invest -
	Victim of assault. Placed on
	- VOICHIOIV
3	Your request has been deferred fordays, for the following reason(s):
next)	respew before the Classification Committee is: 3-13-93
170	VARDEN OPERATIONS  ASSOCIATE WARDEN PROGRAMS

cc: I-file; C-file

000 0000 (0/00) /2---1

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mun habon

ADMINISTRATIVE SEGRECATION	
NOTICE OF CLASSIFICATION HEARING	
INNATE'S HAME: THOMAS, MARLOW MINBER: 33534 DATE: OLIVIO 193  You have been boved to a lock-up area of ESP	-
You will appear before an Administrative Segregation Classification Committee on:	-
-01/19/9310 Art	
REASON: SAFETY & SECURITY (location)	
SECURITY - SECURITY	-
	-
* SEE ATTACHED	•
PROVISIONS	•
1. You may have the assistance of inmate substitute counsel or a staff member in preparing for the meeting. The substitute counsel or staff member may attend the meeting with you. You shall be expected to be responsible for your own presentation except in those situations where assistance is necessary to an adequate presentation of your case due to your illiteracy, complexity of the issues involved, or other reason dessed sufficient by the Committee.	
INMATE SUBSTITUTE COUNSEL/STAFF ASSISTANCE REQUESTED: ( )YES ( )NO	
HAME:	
. You may present vitnesses and written statements to the Committee and you or your substitute counsel/staff member assisting may ask questions of persons participating in the meeting unless doing so would be redundant, irrelevant, or unduly hazardous to the institution's saturity or correctional goals. Winnesses may be excluded if their testimony is irrelevant, redundant or otherwise unnecessary or would juopardize sacurity.	
WITKESSES REQUESTED: ( )YES ( )NO	
KATES:	
In the event that the Committee is concerned with your alleged involvement in an incident for which you could face criminal charges, you have the right to remain silent at the meeting and to know that enything you say at the meeting may be used against you in a criminal prosecution.	
In addition to the specific reasons for which the meeting is being conducted, the Committee may consider your past and present institutional attitude, adjustment and record and criminal record.	
This Notice is only required at the initial Administrative Segregation Classification Committee Hearing. Subsequent hearings, if required, are set forth by Departmental regulations.	
If the Warden/designee has reasonable cause to believe that you are an immediate danger to yourself or to others or to the security of the institution, he may place you in Administrative Segregation prior to an Administrative Segregation meeting. In such an event, the meeting shall be held within three (3) working days after you are placed in Segregation. This period may be extended by special approval of the Warden. You shall be notified, in writing, of any such extensions and the reasons therefor.	
TO MASSILLA MASSO THOMAS	
i-file -file	

DOP-2003 (9/91)

PRISON PRESENTATION  CATON MASS WHAPPERDY WHATTOMS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS  OUT OF DIS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS CONS CON
EVIDENCE RELIED UPON: SOLOTOS (UTTEN 1900)  OUT OF THE COLUMN OF THE COL
A. CI RELIABLE: YES AND N/A CHECK AT LEAST ONE BOX SELOW INVESTIGATING OFFICER TESTIFIES PERSONALLY AS TO THE TRUTHFULNESS OF THE CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IN MIS REPORT CORROBORATING TESTIMONY
DISCIPLINARY CHAIR HAS FIRST HAND KNOWLEDGE OF SOURCE AND SOURCE HAS BEEN RELIABLE IN PAST IN-CAMERA REVIEW OF DOCUMENTS; FOUND RELIABLE
8. STATEMENT BY PRISON OFFICIAL: SAFETY PREVENTS DISCLOSURE OF CI YES NO
7. FINDINGS  COUNT/CHARGE REDUCE TO: QUILTY QUILTY DISMISS COUNT/CHARGE REDUCE TO: QUILTY QUILTY DISMISS  I
8. SANCTIONS
SANCTION  A. DESCRIPTION DEPOSITOR OF DAYS  BEGIN DATE  SUSCONDOCT  B. C.
tarnson reterral, less of floctrical Appliances
9. ANCILLARY INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS  - REFER TO PAROLE BOARD AS VIOLATION OF PAROLE: YES NO DATE: Chodulod  - POST DISCIPLINARY CLASSIFICATION: YES NO DATE: Chodulod  - DISC/SEG SANCTION REQUIRES REVIEW BY DIRECTOR: YES NOW;  - NCIS RECORD COMPLETED; DATE: 1 - 20 - 1 BY MHON;
10. SIGNATURE OF COMMITTEE  CHAIRMAN: DICH AND BOTH AND BOTH ATTURE  MEMBER: BCC MARINTED NAME / SIGNATURE  PRINTED NAME / SIGNATURE  PRINTED NAME / SIGNATURE
11. DISTRIBUTION INSTRUCTIONS SWITCH COPY - CHARGING EMPLOYEE
COPY - INMATE COPY - CHARGING EMPLOYEE

DOP #3019 (04/93)

ZUP		
4	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS	التالياليان المراس المر
I'bo	CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE DISCIPLINARY FORM I	APP .
MThomas	"NOTICE OF CHARGES"	APR 2 1 1994
	(NT)	
1. INMATE INFORMATION (PRI LAST NAME: NOMAS 100: 32824	FIRST NAME: MACI	OW
G 108: 33824	CURRENT LOCATION: 3889	1
2. VIOLATION INFORMATION (		
CHARGING EMPLOYEE NAME:		ar Correctional Office
Clark	1994 DATE CHARGES WRITTEN: CLO	or Unicetial SCOPPING
EVIDENCE COLLECTED: YES	NO EVIDENCE HELD BY:	
CHARGES: (List by Number Only; Def	initions are listed on reverse side of this form	.)
<del> </del>	-30 III IV	
AI AII	VIII	
3. REPORT OF VIOLATION: 474		
ON april 19, 1954 T	additional space is required, use and attach eur SeniorCorrectionAlneficer	DCAhol While -
WALKING A. SIGNED	OST OF Unit Three Senior:	ON TWO
Onhop to Button	LAMATE M. Thomas BAC	KNYMBEC 32824
NOT RASPOUD. AT, A	pprovienately 12:59 P.m.	Lomote I homes
Control Paris	again as I Looked to Fro	m BWing
an lalet Stork or R	ep Pulled bis Penis ON	NTOF HIS SALCH
Call Who about	TURATING IN 44 (SI)	Throughthe
Inmate Thomas &	gant to holler drawing AT	GND OF AND,
ASSIN WAS PACTIC	Sparing IN his own sexu	Ally Stimulating
The state of the s	U. Phroman-THIELL WINION	6)
4. SIGNATURE OF CHARGING EM		$\sim$ 111
SIGNATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYEE:	ming & Mahlo	<del>24</del> <i>u</i>
SIGNATURE OF SHIFT SUPERVISOR: (Denotes Review/Approval of Complete	ad Hydron; Confirm Phitiation of Record in HCIS)	
5. SERVICE OF NOTICE (TO BE C	Corplated by Manufac continue	
DATE OF SERVICE: 4 94	-94 TIME OF SERVICE:	lnam
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING OFFICER:	of Zoetta Waggen	er
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:	at 2 Wagaener.	117
INHATE SIGNATURE: INTENTAL	ropused to sean	
(Signature indicates receipt of not	ice only it is not a plea; refusal to fign should	i be noted.)
6. DISTRIBUTION INSTRUCTIONS	3	
ORIGINAL - CHAIRMAN OF DISCIPLINARY COPY - INMATE	COMMITTEE	
COPY - CHARGING EMPLOYEE		
	<del></del>	

DOD #2017 (04/02)

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Telegraph (Check the Only only only one) and the Company of the Co	
DEFENTION OF HENTIAL HEALTH SCANNIFICATION STRONG  BEFORE TIME (See June 1) A Language and See June 1) A Language and See June 1) A Language and See June 1) A Language and June 1) A L	Suppup
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TRIBUTION OF TREATH HEALTH CLASSIFICATION STATEMENT STAT	be
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I. Moderate extension to the continue of the classification for medical payonate of the angle of the continue	6
To Pursuant to AR 814 such rimate will have a classification for medical, dental find sental health and sental case of pursuant to AR 814 such rimate will have a classification for medical, dental find sental health and sental case of the control of the classification for medical, dental find sental health and sental	
Contiguing sental health treatment.  Assign to Extended Care Unit (ECU).  Severs Appairemnt: needs appecial bousing) and squees needs assign to Markel Health Unit (AU).  Ongoing treatment.  N=9 local loss in our set sed moderate prigrams in a consult with psychiatrist or psycholic H-5 local loss in our or port sets. Mor more than 640 bisingle cell recommended.  HEVAIR:  On psychotropic medication; requesting loss in the formation of prigrams in the first prigrams of the formation of psychotropic medication; requesting the first price of the first psychiatrist.  Instructions  Instructions  Instructions  On psychotropic medication; requesting the first price of the first point of the first point point psychotropic medication; requestions and continued to a continued price of the first point price of the first price of the first process, within formation of the classification for documenting the results of the classification, and confirming that the evaluation was completed.  The PULHEBU physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive at an incompanion of the psychology of the classification and confirming that the evaluation was completed.  The PULHEBU physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive at an incomplete of the classification.	health
V. Severs, appairment; needs, associal bousing) and squares muod temperatures to Mental Health Unit (MHI);  N-2 lots; associate to our ear and moderate prigrants incompanies to any Classification change if the 1 lots; our least incompanies and incompanies to any Classification change if the 1 North Classification in the Classification; required to the companies of the Classification; required to the companies of the companies o	
H-5 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-1 Hillies loss in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-2 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-2 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-2 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-2 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-3 local care in one or both ears. Not some than 640 psingle cell recommended.  H-4 sense that or her functional capacity for work and bounds graceful on local camp only.  INSTRUCTIONS	1-13
H-5 local initiation of the classification, and confining that the evaluation was completed.  The PULHEBD physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive st an iron b-bealth-classification.	
7. On psychotropic medication; requirements and associated process and associated associ	eq
For general Lasticipion: season in the process of the control of t	quires
INSTRUCTIONS  What exhaust  Purposent to AR 814 such finance will indexe a classification for medical, dental find sental health's  describes his or her functional capacity for work and housing assignments of the Classification for  describes his or her functional capacity for work and housing assignments of the Classification for  describes his or her functional capacity for work and housing assignments of the Classification for  describing the results of the classification, and confirming that the evaluation was completed.  The PULHEBO physical profile system (box 8 and 8) will be used as the means to arrive at an incap  b-health-classification.	
n Pursuant to AR 814 such rimate will have a classification for medical, I dental fund mental health's need describes his or her functional capacity for work and housing assignments outhe Classification for indiscipline will be established during the Intake process, such a form serves the dual purpose needs that the evaluation was completed.  The PULIED physical profile system (box 8 and 6) will be used as the means to arrive at an imma b-health-classification.	
discipline will be established during the Intake process falling for serves the dual purpose n-documenting the results of the classification, and confirming that the evaluation was completed.  The PULHEBD physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive at an incame behalth-classification.	
O-documenting the results of the classification, and confirming that the evaluation was completed.  The PULMESD physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive at an insub-health-classification.	the same of the same
The PULHESD physical profile system (box 5 and 5) will be used as the means to arrive at an iron	
b-Initial Wental Health Classification is to be documented on this form and found to the Intake Co b-data entry operator and the medical file within 14 calendar days of an insates arrival.	entar
VADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS	

EVIDENCE OFFICER Notice of Charges presented to above inmate by:

HEARING OFFICER Dated 956, 1992, Time: 765 DM. I hereby acknowledge record a copy of the charge(s) specified above or attached hereto and a copy of the Dated 9-56 I hereby acknowledge receipt

foregoing notice of charge(s). (Signature indicates receipt only and does not indicate a plea).

SIGNATURE OF INMATE

Original Disciplinary Committee

cc: Inmate at time of Notice of Charge(s)

cc: Reporting Employee

		1902-2 14 INICIDICIANICIS
		NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS
ĽΜ		NOTICE OF CHARGES A 1992
MThomas	NA.	ME: homas M NUMBER: 3282 YDATE: 17777
Ä	1	
	1.	You are hereby notified that a written complaint of finstitutional rule violations has been filed against you by:
SPD05577	2	IPKINI I (Darging Lenglouco) e Name
Ď	2.	INC CODE of Penal Discipline provides that a notice of these changes will be at a
G		to you within 7 days of discovery of the violation, or completion of the investigation.  This period can only be extended for Exceptional Circumstances. (See the Code of
77		
7	3.	The Hearing Officer may conduct Summary proceedings at higher land.
		VIVIALIUMO UN UPBETAL VIRIATIONE PODUCAN TA MINAM DIALIANIA A12
	4.	oc referred to the DISCIBILITATY LIMMITTED
	7.	Cases referred to the Disciplinary Committee will be scheduled no less than 24 hours from the service of the Notice of Charges, unless waived by the inmate. The
		THIS PERIOD COLUMN OF PETERADA BY EVENTABLE CIRCLES AS A ACCUSAL L. AL.
	5.	Code of Penal Discipline. If extended, a written notice is required.  If you are found guilty of a Major or Work Release violation, the Disciplinary
		- Committee may combiner referring the violation to the nimestan for persist.
		provided by NRS 209 433 209 433 209 436 2015
	6.	
		If your charges involve a major or work release violation, you may obtain the assistance of an inmate council substitute or a staff advisor.
	7.	IT the major or work release violation constitutes nossible emiminal missendura
		you have the right to remain silent. Silence shall be construed as a plea of not guilty. Anything you do say may be used against you in a criminal prosecution.
		TVY MUS CONSULT WILL ALL ALLACTED DETOYS VOLVE ALCOHOLISSEN Assertage Lavience
	8.	attorneys cannot represent you at Disciplinary Hearings. Charges:
	٥.	larges:
		toward andle congerage of actions
	0.2	
	9.	Reporting Employee Statement: On the about lots of amount
		3 am This provider was walking the unity
		This doctor walked
		in 1011 483a. Inmote Thomas # 32824 Selves
		- Hay Bitch why don't you let me Fuck
		Tat approximately 130 and this of Girling
		- was king the line tour Bula Tier Timore
		Thomas Said Hay Bitah I twent to the you
		- Delice of told innate thomas # 2000 that it his
		alousive language continued he would be
		(IF MORE SPACE IS REQUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENTAL MISCONDUCT REPORT(s)
	10.	
	19.	JOB Babh Sah B. U_
		(PRINT) REPORTING EMPLOYEE'S NAME REPORTING-EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE
	11.	Set W Near C.
		SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE (denotes that report was reviewed
	12.	Physical Evidence Collected: / /YES / NO DESCRIBE:
		Evidence held for safekeeping by:
	12	EVIDENCE DEFICED
	13.	Notice of Charges presented to above inmate by:
	14.	Dated 28 Man, 1992 Time: 1975 I hereby acknowledge receipt
	*	of a copy of the charge(s) specified above or attached hereto and a copy of the
		foregoing notice of charge(s). (Signature indicates receipt only and does not indicate a plea).
		M -12-14 - 2
		SIGNATURE OF INMATE
		SIGNATURE OF INMATE DOP NUMBER
	Original Co.	inal Disciplinary Committee
	CC:	Inmate at time of Notice of Charge(s)
		100_1017 (6/85)

	$\circ$	144-1	.42	THE RELEASE OF THE	
	-0.34				
耳.	. 30	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF		N JAN 2 1 1992	
I.		NOTICE OF CHAR		ويرياداهجالل	
MThomas	: IHOMAS, M.	NUMBER: 3	28-24 DATE	Hannay 14,1912	
ະສັ <b>1.</b> ຜ	3B.39  :: IHOMAS, M.  You are hereby notified has been filed against	d that a written complain you by: (PRINT) Chargin	it of instituti	onal rule violations	
שי		PRINT) Charging (PRINT) charging ipline provides that a no	ig Employee's t	lame charges will be given	
055	to you within 7 days of	f discovery of the violat	ion, or comple	tion of the investigation	١.
689	This period can only be	e extended for Exceptiona efinition of Exceptional	ll Circumstance Circumstances	is. (See the Lode of ). If this period is	
-	extended a written no	tice will be given to you	ı. explaining (	:he delav.	
	violations or general	y conduct Summary proceed violations reduced to min	nor violations.	All other cases <u>must</u>	
	he referred to the Disc	ciplinary Committee. Disciplinary Committee wi			
4.	house from the service	of the Notice of Charges	. unless waive	ed by the inmate. The	
	Disciplinary Hearing W	ill be conducted within 3 e extended by Exceptional	0 days of the	service of charges. as defined by the	
	Code of Donal Disciplin	ne. If extended, a writt	en notice is a	reauired.	
5.	Committee may consider	y of a Major or Work Rele referring the violation	to the Direct	or for possible	
	forfaiture of all or n	art of your earned Statut 33, 209.443, and 209.251.	corv Time. Th	is sanction 15	
	forfaiture of statutor	v time shall be conducted	d at the time (	of the disciplinary near-	
-	ing and the procedures	provided in the Code of e a major or work release	Penal Discipl	ne shall apply.	
	aggictance of an inmat.	e council substitute or a	ı staff adviso	<b>'.</b>	
7.	you have the right to	elease violation constitu remain silent. Silence s	chall be consti	·ued as a plea or	
	not quilty Anything	you do say may be used as n Attorney before your di	mainst you in a	criminal prosecution.	
	-Atamore cannot woner	cont you at Disciplinary	Hearings.		
8.	Charges: 69, Abush	LANGUAGE TOWARD	A STAFF	MENISEL.	
	Charles Land				
			0/2	W 1.06	
9.	Reporting Employee St	atement: AT AMINSUMUE *TORIY VULLEN AT W	FTELY 9:37 EFRUIR HLS	P.W. ON 1-19-52. CELL #3839 MAT	
9.	Reporting Employee St.  **Example Improves =  **Example Improves =  **Example Improves =  **Example Improves =  **Example Improve Impr	atement: AT Affide with 19834, VILLED AT M	PTELY 9:37 6 FRUM 1865 1467 10 THE	PM. ON 1-19-92, CELL #3839, THAT ASS, THAT FURS	
9.	HE WAS GNOSTO	DRZY, VELLED FT M FINE MY KAFE "FICK FACKT MOTHER FUNELL	TELY 9:37 FRINK HIS FRINK THE FATAS	PM., ON 1-19-De, CELL #3839, THAT ASS THAT THE MITHER FRANCE, SUCK	
9.	Reporting Employee St Tourses Thomas F Mr. plas Golds TO A BALL HISALO I My DLLK" pals A	DRZY, VELLED FT M FINE MY KAFE "FICK FACKT MOTHER FUNELL	TELY 9:37 FROM HIS FROM ASS	PM, ON 1-19-12, EUL #3139, MAT ASS', MAT F ANS MITTEL FACTO, SILK	
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9.	LAWATE TRANSS TO IT A BALL HEADED I	TORSY, WILLED, FT M. FRICK MY WIFE " "FACE FRICK TOWNING FACELLE. WY PAN IN.	FRUM HIS	EST THIT T AND MINING THE MENTILLE FRANCE, SUCK	
2	THE ANS GAICH TO A BALD HEADED IN THE MORE SPACE IS REC	DRZY, VELLED FT M FINE MY KAFE "FICK FACKT MOTHER FUNELL	FRUM HIS	EST THIT T AND MINING THE MENTILLE FRANCE, SUCK	
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2	(IF MORE SPACE IS RECOMPTING EN CONTROL OF THE CONT	DUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENT.  PLOYEE'S NAME  1-19-52	AL MISCONDUCT  NEPORTING  9:45	REPORT(S)  EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	
10.	(IF MORE SPACE IS RECEIVED TO THE MORE SPACE IS RECEIVED TO THE MORE SPACE IS RECEIVED TO THE MORE SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S AND THE MORE SHIPPERVISOR'S AND THE MORE SHIPPERVISO	DUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENT.  PLOYEE'S NAME  GRATURE (denotes that re	AL MISCONDUCT  REPORTING  9:45 Report was review	REPORT(S)  EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE  WED  WED  REPORT  REP	
10.	(IF MORE SPACE IS RECONSTRUCTION OF SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S Physical Evidence of the second	QUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENT.  PLOYEE'S NAME  APLOYEE'S NAME	AL MISCONDUCT  REPORTING  9:45 Report was review	REPORT(S)  EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	
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10. 11. 12.	(IF MORE SPACE IS RECONSTRUCTION OF THE PRINT) REPORTING EN SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S AND Evidence held for said Notice of Charges property of the part of th	QUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENT.  APLOYEE'S NAME  ACCORDANCE (denotes that related: / /YES /  fekeeping by:  Esented to above inmate by  1992 Time: /	AL MISCONDUCT  REPORTING  9:45  VIDENCE OFFICE  VIDENCE OFFICE	REPORT(S)  CREPORT(S)  CREPORT	:
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NEVAD	A DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS
TINM.	ATE INTERVIEW REQUEST"
MThomas ——	"LONG FORM"
na s	
8 10:21/s Water ano	DATE 19/92
Same Survey of the survey of t	TITE: SONO W
on SUBJECT: The Islantan m	Showal & -i
© 44	TAILED EXPLANATION
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Olomas 37.8.	7 cl
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CP3 3 13	
INMATE NAME	DOP # LOCATION: 6435  RESPONSE Z S.
Bill bloud -	
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DATE	
DATE:SIGN	ED BY:

in the state of th	MEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRI' IS
	"INMATE INTERVIEW REQUEST"
H. M	"LONG FORM"
MThomas To.	VBATE: FEB = 25-2
TO: C.W. WOLF	TIJLE:
SUBJECT:	Seeing My fother
	DETAILED EXPLANATION
I I For wit	iting this form to ask to See
M	Je not Seen him on 2 years he's
	for 12 years in down South for that
Time IAM LOCK	Ked UP But I have Been trima te.
No good for I C	an See him So TAM letting les No
What's un his ham	15 Rabb./1011/3
	TH-anks for vour
	Time!
2200 2700	
INMATE NAME: Signalo	THOMAS DOP # 38824 LOCATION: 2 R S F
	1-29-92 Your kite has been referred to me for response. Transfers
	south are not being considered at the present time due to
6/10	the limited beds throughout the system. You need to contact your caseworker/classification at a later date, but I
10 / C	have no idea when it will actually be realistic to discuss a transfer south (if that is what you are asking).
	Bill Donat, A/AWP Ely State Prison
DATE:	SIGNED BY:
	. DOP-2049(10/89)

**NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS** NOTICE OF CHARGES NAME: Thomas NUMBER: 32824 DATE: Jane You are hereby notified that a written complaint of institutional rule violations has been filed against you by:

(PRINT) Charging Employee's Name 2. The Code of Penal Discipline provides that a notice of these charges will be given to you within 7 days of discovery of the violation, or completion of the investigation. This period can only be extended for Exceptional Circumstances. (See the Code of Penal Discipline for definition of Exceptional Circumstances). If this period is extended, a written notice will be given to you, explaining the delay.

3. The Hearing Officer may conduct Summary proceedings at his/her level on minor violations or general violations reduced to minor violations. All other cases must be referred to the Disciplinary Committee.

4. Cases referred to the Disciplinary Committee will be scheduled no less than 24 hours from the service of the Notice of Charges, unless waived by the inmate. The Disciplinary Hearing will be conducted within 30 days of the service of charges. This period can only be extended by Exceptional Circumstances as defined by the Code of Penal Discipline. If extended, a written notice is required.

5. If you are found guilty of a Major or Work Release violation, the Disciplinary Committee may consider referring the violation to the Director for possible forfeiture of all or part of your earned Statutory Time. This sanction is provided by NRS 209. 433, 209.443, and 209.251. The hearing regarding the possible forfeiture of statutory time shall be conducted at the time of the disciplinary hearing and the procedures provided in the Code of Penal Discipline shall apply. be referred to the Disciplinary Committee. ing and the procedures provided in the Code of Penal Discipline shall apply. If your charges involve a major or work release violation, you may obtain the
assistance of an inmate council substitute or a staff advisor. If the major or work release violation constitutes possible criminal misconduct, you have the right to remain silent. Silence shall be construed as a plea of not guilty. Anything you do say may be used against you in a criminal prosecution. You may consult with an Attorney before your disciplinary hearings, however, attorneys cannot represent you at Disciplinary Hearings. 8. Charges: G1- Disobedience of an order from any staff member 69-Abusive language oractions toward another person.
619-Delaying Lindering or interfering with a correctional
employee in the performance of his ther duties. G18-Reporting Employee Statement: On January 19 1992, 9t approximately
820 Am, Innate, Thomas, back number 32824, CEII 3839, csked
for a roll of tailet paper I, Cla Lequitt took him the roll of tailet
paper, When I opened the food slot Innate Thomas Exposed his
PEALS I gave him a direct order to cover himself. Innate Thomas didn't comply to the direct order, At approximately 1020 AND OPERED Innate Thomas's food slot Supplies, a sponge and a scrub brush food slot, in an attempt GARER THE SCRU food slot, in an attempt forme to qual it. They him to remove his peals to close the food slot and COPPOSIMATELY 1130 AM TO MAKE THOMAS CULLED ME ON TECOM AND IN SUITED AS TO WHETHER I LIKELY TORRESPACE IS REQUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENTAL HISCONOUCT REPORT(S) 10. CloLEavitt (PRINT) REPORTING EMPLOYEE'S NAME REPORTING EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE 11.

SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE (denotes that report was reviewed Physical Evidence Collected: / /YES / NO DESCRIBE: M/A

Evidence held for safekeeping by: None

EVIDENCE OFFICER

13. Notice of Charges presented to above inmate by:

14. Dated / 25 , 1972—Time: Thereby acknowledge receipt of a copy of the charge(s) specified above or attached hereto and a copy of the foregoing notice of charge(s). (Signature indicates receipt only and does not indicate a plea).

SIGNATURE OF INMATE

DOP NUMBER

Original Disciplinary Committee
CC: Inmate at time of Notice of Charge(s)

SPD05608

		39 ×20 008-1-9 [][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][[][
ĽH		JAN 2 2 1992
MThomas	NAI	NOTICE OF CHARGES
mas	1.	100 DER. 3 28-14 DATE: - 104. CLORY 20. 1448
	1.	You are hereby notified that a written complaint of institutional rule violations has been filed against you by: Clo Fauit (PRINT) Charging Employee's Name
SPD05592	2.	to you within 7 days of discovery of the violation, or completion of the investigation
92		This period can only be extended for Exceptional Circumstances. (See the Code of Penal Discipline for definition of Exceptional Circumstances). If this period is extended, a written notice will be given to you, explaining the delay.
	3.	The Hearing Officer <u>may</u> conduct Summary proceedings at his/her level on minor violations or general violations reduced to minor violations. All other cases must
	4.	Cases referred to the Disciplinary Committee.  Cases referred to the Disciplinary Committee will be scheduled no less than 24 hours from the service of the Notice of Charges unless waived by the inner The
5	5.	This period can only be extended by Exceptional Circumstances as defined by the Code of Penal Discipline. If extended, a written notice is required.  If you are found quilty of a Major or Work Release violation, the Disciplinary.
		Committee may consider referring the violation to the Director for possible forfeiture of all or part of your earned Statutory Time. This sanction is provided by NRS 209. 433, 209.443, and 209.251. The hearing regarding the possible forfeiture of statutory time shall be conducted at the time of the disciplinary hearing and the procedures provided in the Code of Penal Discipline shall apply.
	6.	If your charges involve a major or work release violation, you may obtain the assistance of an inmate council substitute or a staff advisor.
	7.	IT the major or work release violation constitutes nossible criminal misconduct
		you have the right to remain silent. Silence shall be construed as a plea of not guilty. Anything you do say may be used against you in a criminal prosecution.
	8.	You may consult with an Attorney before your disciplinary hearings, however, attorneys cannot represent you at Disciplinary Hearings.
	٥.	Charges: 69- Abusive language, or actions toward another PERSON 612- Interfering with the count 618- Delaying hinder Rig or later fering with a correstional employee in the performance, of his ther duties.
	9.	Reporting Femileuse State-sate S
		3 Fm, Quering the 315 par Institutional count I
		Thomas backnumber 32854 CELL 3 R39 had accorded
	ŧ	DO you like what you see? Suck my dick whore."
		On the tier Topate Thomas continually collection
		dick!" dalled me. a slut, and told me to suchist
	10	(IF MORE SPACE IS REQUIRED, ATTACH SUPPLEMENTAL MISCONDUCT REPORT(s)
	10.	clo Leavith clo Reavet
		(PRINT) REPORTING EMPLOYEE'S NAME REPORTING EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE
	11.	SHIFT SUPERVISOR'S SIGNATURE (denotes that report was reviewed
	12.	Physical Evidence Collected: / /YES />/NO DESCRIBE: N/A
		Evidence held for safekeeping by: /UONE  EVIDENCE OFFICER 7
	13.	Notice of Charges presented to above inmate by:
	14.	Dated
		x MHO Thomas SZ824
		SIGNATURE OF INMATE DOP NUMBER

Original Disciplinary Committee cc: Inmate at time of Hotice of Charge(s)

5				
300	8		9	
	DISC	RTMENT OF CORRE OF PENAL DISCIPLIN TPLINARY FORM I TICE OF CHARGES"	CTIONS	
I. INMATE INFO	RMATION (PRINT)			
LASTNAME: TH	IOMAS		MARIA	
Ю»:SC	7/202	FIRST NAME:	MAIN	-
		CURRENT LOCATION:	4.A18	<u> </u>
2. VIOLATION IN	FORMATION (PRINT)			
CHARGING EMPLOYEE	NAME: B ATLOODS	2	MILE COSSECTIONS	Direcci
DATE OF INCIDENT:	AWARY 24,2004	DATE CHARGES WRITTEN	JANUARY 24.	ecou
EVIDENCE COLLECTED	YES NO EVIDENCE HE	LDRV		
CHARGES: (Listed by No	umber Only, Definitions are listed on revers			
1 Ma 30	п	lv [		
VI	VII VIII			
3. REPORT OF VIO				
ON	DLATION: (If additional space is re	quired, use and attach su	plemental pages, DOC 3010	
D. ATLXXXX	WAS ASSIGN	VED AND L	DOZKING DW	TULER
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LOUID 3	EE HIM AND	AS SOON	AS 540 HI	NK
THE IDINI	DAW OULCE F	anas Go	TODON OU	TOF
	- William W	VI OF RE	FURI	
4. SIGNATURE OF C	HARGING EMPLOYEE AND SU	PERVISOR		
		Jene 4	WOOD	
SIGNATURE OF SHIFT SUP	ERVISOR:	8	- 66-18	100
	Completed Notice; Confirms Initiation of Le			
5. SERVICE OF NOTI	CE ( To be completed by Hearing (	Officer)		
DATE OF SERVICE:	mout 93 '900 H	TIME OF SERVICE: 1	05 Am.	
	GOFFICER: CONTO PCC			The second second
	FFICER: Set Col.		The state of the s	
INMATE SIGNATURE: Re	reused			
( Signature indicates receipt of a	otice only, it is not a plen; refusal to sign she	mild be ented \		
6. DISTRIBUTION INS		Mild be soled.)		

1.	(Part)		2		
	CODE C DISC	ARTMENT OF CORRECT OF PENAL DISCIPLINE CIPLINARY FORM 1 CICE OF CHARGES"	TIONS		
1. INMATE INFORMATE THOMATE THOMATE THOMATE THOMATE THOMATE THOMATE THE TOTAL	MATION (PRINT) V7.A-S	FERST NAME: N	MARID SP UNIT	3.B.17 A	
2. VIOLATION INFI CHARGING EMPLOYEEN DATE OF INCIDENT: 16 EVIDENCE COLLECTED:	NE 28, 2004	DATE CHARGES WRITTEN:	THE SCHIOR	OFFICE	
CHARGES: (Listed by Nun  1 M530  VI	YES NO EVIDENCE HE sher Only, Definitions are listed on revor  II III VIII	se side of this form.)	v		
REPORT OF VIOLO ON JUNE: My OFFICE BUING TO MARIO THE CANDIS MED APPEARS TO IN AN LIFT THIS INTERPLED OFFICER H OFFI	ATION. (If additional space is no 18 2004 at A ACTIVITY OF FERRILL SPACE OF THE ALTA DE ALTA D	equired, use and attach sup Protection Att (y) PROTECH SINCELL SINCELL SINCELL POTION, ATTE VERDACLELL TEMADE A STAIL THIS AUIOLATION O AUIOLATION O AUIOLATION O	0:40 A.m.l STAFF OFF RAHOS, SAN BITA STA D. WITH I JAICK IS IMPLIFY POMILIF ACTIVITY FCHAIGES,	Uhile  Setho  Jamate  Violng  Vis, what  Moving  Eyaculate  Vice  Hoffis  As I  As Sound	
I CINI TIPO OF G					
SIGNATURE OF CHARGING SIGNATURE OF SHIFT SUPE		= 2			
S. SERVICE OF NOTICE.	E(To be completed by Hearing	Officer) TIME OF SERVICE: 1 g	16 4-		
RINTED NAME OF HEARING OF	THER John Bar				
NMATE SIGNATURE: 🔽 Signature indicates receipt of ac	MR. Mander  otice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign				
DISTRIBUTION INS		by bilitary come cur			

201	(45)		1.0	-218
-	NEVADA	DEPARTMENT OF PRI	SONS	301
		OF PENAL DISCIPLI	NE	
		ISCIPLINARY FORM I NOTICE OF CHARGES"		
1. INMATE INFO				
LAST NAME: 1/1/		FIRST HAME		U
10s: <u>5068</u>	8	CURRENT LOCATION:	_ 2A17	
2. VIOLATION I	NFORMATION (PRINT)		361	WIDE PECHONIAL
CHARGING EMPLOYEE N	AME: CRANDAII J	DIANE	TITLE: OFF	KERMONIAL TIBED
DATE OF INCIDENT: _	FEBRUARY OH, 20	DOO DATE CHARGES W	RITTEN: FRAPIL	WRY OU. ZAMA
EVIDENCE COLLECTED:		VIDENCE HELD BY:		377000
CHARGES: (List by N	umber Only; Definitions ar		de of this form.)	
1 (-9)		III MJ28	IV	l v
VI		1111		
3. REPORT OF V	IOLATION: (If additions)	space is required, us	e and attach suppl	emental pages, DOP 30181
ON TEBRUA	ey 04, 2000, I	SFICER CRAN	DAVI, DIANE	WAS AS
JIONED IN	C) THE PACE	NTROL BUBBLE	APPRIXI	DATELY 5: 48Pm
SPSAK WIT	H MY OFFICER	S. During TA	UN ON AU	DING TO
THOMAS MA	RION 450682	BERAN WITH	FIFE	FILTHV
VERBAL 3	EXUAL ABUSE	TOWARDS TH	S OFFICE	P. HE WAS
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	<55	ATTACHED		
		711111111111111111111111111111111111111		
. SIGNATURE OF	CHARGING EMPLOYEE AN	D SUPERVISOR ,/		
GHATURE OF CHARGIN	EMPLOYEE: 5/00 G	trandiel Su	rnel	
CHATURE OF SHIFT BE	PERVISOR:	T.MI	10	
enotes Review/Appro	oval of Completed Notice;	Confirms Initiation of	Record in HCIS)	0:
SERVICE OF N	OTICE (To Se Completed by	y Hearing Officer)		
TE OF SERVICE:	_	TIME OF BER	VICE: 8 7	
INTED HAME OF HEAR		12175 01 965		
GNATURE OF HEARING	0.1	Frea		
MATE BIGNATURE:	Cr. Fores			
ignature indicates	receipt of notice only, i	t is not a plea; refuse	il to sign should t	pe noted, )
DISTRIBUTION				
' DISIMINGS STATE	INSTRUCTIONS			

	(2)	0	2818
	CODE OF DISCIP	ARTMENT OF PRISONS PENAL DISCIPLINE PLINARY FORM I	3
1. INHATE INFO		CE OF CHARGES"	
	ORMATION (PRINT)	M	
IDH: _5068.	2	CURRENT LOCATION: F.S.P. LA	
2. VIOLATION I	INFORMATION (PRINT)		
CHARGING EMPLOYEE N		meier mes	Vingual Thacher Aid
DATE OF INCIDENT:	05/8/2000	DATE CHARGES WEITTEN:	ation & ESA
CHARGES: (List by H	YES HO EVIDEN	CE HELD BY: DONC	
I /+9	Sumber Only; Definitions are list II MJZ8 III	ted on reverse side of this f	
VI	AII AIII		V
3. REPORT OF VI			
A MAI ON TO	IOLATION: (If additional space	is required, use and attach	supplemental pages, DOP 3016
Unit 24	Mary 8, 2000 at	8:15 A.M. ]	Went out to
AS I	stepped out o	the proficiency	+ No Thomas
Said. Me of	Backmete vou	Nh I Tools	PH CHOMAS
Know	you do all the	police   Old fo	+ Pussial
to the 5	the shower and	Suck mel u	Thore I Come
00 - 1		5 me 0441	
abuse or	harrozement is to Sr Reed	making it hard	for me to do my i
OPPicars	s Allen Seely		LA GIRLENT
the cor	mments Seely	and Barkley	also heard
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. SIGNATURE OF	CHARGING EMPLOYEE AND CUD	EDITEOR	
. SIGNATURE OF	CHARGING EMPLOYEE AND SUP	211	Slon
IGHATURE OF CHARGING	EMPLOYEE: The Bucks	119191 3/6	(/00
IGHATURE OF CHARGING (GHATURE OF SHIFT SU Denotes Review/Approx	PERVISOR:	as Initiation of Recordin NC	28)
IGHATURE OF CHARGING IGHATURE OF SHIFT SUP- Denotes Review/Approx SERVICE OF NO	PERVISOR:  PERVISOR:  PORT OF Completed Notice: Confirm  OTICE (To Be Completed by Heart)	as Initiation of Recordin HC	
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	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF I CODE OF PENAL DISCIP DISCIPLINARY FORM "NOTICE OF CHARGE	PLINE	3810
1. INMATE INFORMATION (	PRINT)		190.5
LAST NAME: Thomas	FIRST NA	ME: Marlo	
104: _506R2	CURRENT LOCATI	1. 11 1	17 FSP
2. VIOLATION INFORMATIO	N (PRINT)	7/01-32 10	
CHARGING EMPLOYEE NAME: MS.	M. I. Rachmeier 20 0 10:26 LADDATE CHARGE	TITLE: Billinguel	Teacher Aid.
EVIDENCE COLLECTED: YES	NO EVIDENCE HELD BY:	Dont.	- 45 TAKE 1
I (-9 II N	Definitions are listed on reverse	side of this form.)	
AI AII	VIII		V
3. REPORT OF VIOLATION:	(If additional space is required,		
This is the	2nd write up or	this Inmot	
lipan returning	a to Unit ? I	at 10:26 AND roficiency t	to check
Havin a repeasion as	t at earlier t	his morning I walk the	Mr Thomas
Ms Kachmeier	come puer here	and suck m	J Bick!
Just so he knows	I didn't care for	nd on	ts I said
Toponeeded with	T Consider this the my Student and situation is effect	Sexual Hava	ed him from
eaung as well a	ith cose worker we as or Reed. Ms who were to her about homas is booking to	daner mentil	Fonna malla
Please! don't	give him his why		needs help.
	C	3	Description of the last
			Table 1
SIGNATURE OF CHARGING	Photoury and com-		
GNATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYEE:	M & Racher (co.	2/8/160	
CNATURE OF SHIET SURGOUSERS.	leted Notice; Copyrines Initiation of	1-1	83 46
	e Completed by Hearing Officer)	r Record in NCIS)	
E OF SERVICE:	TIME OF SI	RVICE:	
NTED NAME OF HEARING OFFICER:		-31 188932	7.00
MATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:			
MATE SIGNATURE:	ortice only, it is not a standard	mal to sign should be no	ted.)
gnature indicates receipt of n			
gnature indicates receipt of n			Vice disconnect
GINAL - CHAIRMAN OF DISCIPLINATY - INMATE	ONS		

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	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE
	DISCIPLINARY FORM I
	"NOTICE OF CHARGES"
1. INMATE INFORMATION (PRI	AT )
	FIRST NAME:
LAST NAME: Thomas	CURRENT LOCATION: 4A-17A
IDH: _5068.2.	GUNNENT LOCATION: 478 178
2. VIOLATION INFORMATION (	PRINT)
CHARGING EMPLOYEE NAME: Wirginie	A DISTY TITLE: Correctional Officer
DATE OF INCIDENT: Quarter 1,1	DATE CHARGES HRITTEN: Qualist 1,1998
EVIDENCE COLLECTED: 🔲 YES 🚾	HO EVIDENCE HELD BY
CHARGES: (List by Number Only; Det	finitions are listed on reverse side of this form.)
I mJ30 II 6	III GIS IV MILS V
VI	VIII
	F additional space is required, use and attach supplemental pages, DDP 301
	at approximately 530pm and 900pm, I correctional
Officer unginia Delly o	master boting in the window. At approximately 53
	ate Thomas, At approximately 900pm, I told amost
Thomas Ke is getting	pritter up. At approximately 904 pm Stratant Buchling
chieked cell 4 Aci74 Ir	to report a fine alorm in fell 4 4.17 A. officer M. Bu
alarm code 4 at approxi	
on purpose to get the	hubble officers attention At approximately 915pm,
Sergian + D. Buthler calls	erm in his cell as officers would have to go in on h
	5 sea seat D. Bushler, officers m nusted, Karla
A Zimara and Carlysl	5 shook down cell 4A17A, inmate Thomas cell As
. – .	twice more and withely warned.
Specusy westerpotice	twict more and unitelly ingented.
	and of Ripert
	- Reserved
4. SIGNATURE OF CHARGING	EMPLOYEE AND SUPERVISOR
SIGNATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYEE:	cla Urginia, Otti
SIGNATURE OF SHIFT SUPERVISOR:	Set Aury Bambridge Tetta Notice: Confirms Initiation of Record in NCIS)
(Denotes Review/Approval of Comp	leted Notice; Confirms Initiation of Record in Notice
	Be Completed by Hearing Officer)
DATE OF SERVICE: 8-4-9	TIME OF BERVICE: 1-35 PM
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING OFFICER:	Set Ton Done
	Set Ton On
	1 - 1 - 1 -
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:	e- travers in Kustogats
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:	notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:  INMATE SIGNATURE:  (Signature indicates receipt of in	notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:	notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)  IONS

36'	79
	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF PRISONS CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE DISCIPLINARY FORM I
	CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE
	DISCIPLINARY FORM I "NOTICE OF CHARGES"
1. INMATE INFORM	
LAST HAME: Thoma	25 FIRST HAME: Marlo
1001 506B2	CURRENT LOCATION: 28/8
	FORMATION (PRINT)
CHARGING EMPLOYEE HAM	HE: LANEZ Becci TITLE COrrectional officer
DATE OF INCIDENT:	eptember 11.1999 DATE CHARGES WESTTEN: September 11 1999
EVIDENCE COLLECTED: {	YES NO EVIDENCE HELD BY:
	mber Only; Definitions are listed on reverse side of this form.)
11111320	11 69 111 11/125 IV V
VI	VII VIII
3. REPORT OF VIO	OLATION - CT
C REPORT OF VIC	OLATION: (If additional space is required, use and attach supplemental pages, DOP 301
on sept	ember 11.1999 While teeding unit 2 A wing
Ca Cuproxin	nately 440pm inmote Thomas Marlo = 9/367
PAL KITEL	une he too act use to make the should be
Dering	See rounds will mere Saile lands
Thomas wo	5 THINKING his nonis with his right
had at the	his time I told him to not his denis
away it w	195 a male nurse and he was not
interesto d	, so turn his light on At this time
he complie	d saying fuck coper
170100	
	/
/	
/	
4. SIGNATURE OF	CHARGING EMPLOYEE AND SUPERVISOR
SIGNATURE OF CHARGING	EMPLOYEE: A BULL TOPE
SIGNATURE OF SHIFT BU	HERRYTONE WE Y WATER STATE
(Denotes Review/Appro	oval of Completed Mic.; confirmy Initiation of Record in NCIS)
5. SERVICE OF NO	OTICE (To Be Completed by Man ing Officer)
2. DEMATCE OF NO	
_	7-12-99 TIME OF SERVICE: 12:40 pm
DATE OF SERVICE:9	ING OFFICER: Taral BAimbride
DATE OF SERVICE: 9	and orpices: 1472C Bar Morrison
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING	OFFICER: Set Aug Bainly
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING	OFFICER: Set Aug Bainly
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING SIGNATURE OF HEARING INMATE SIGNATURE:	officer: Sca for Barrion 45  receipt of notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING SIGNATURE OF HEARING INMATE SIGNATURE:	officer: Sca for Barrion 45  receipt of notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING SIGNATURE OF HEARING THATE SIGNATURE; ME (Signature indicates of the signature	officer: Sca for Barrion 45  receipt of notice only, it is not a plea; refusal to sign should be noted.)

246	2		Control of the Contro	
	CODE OF P	RTMENT OF PRIS ENAL DISCIPLIN INARY FORM I OF CHARGES"		
1. INHATE INFORMATION			Λο Ι	1, 11, 17, 17
IDD: 50082		FIRST NAME:	ESP LINITT	WO Cell 17 · Air
2. VIOLATION INFORMATION	ON (PRINT)			
CHAROING EMPLOYEE NAME: Z	21,1969	_ DATE CHARGES WE	ETTEN: October	21,1999
CHARGES: (List by Number Only  I MATERIAL II	; Definitions are list		e of this form.)	V
VI VII	VIII			
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70,			200000000000000000000000000000000000000	
				216122
			100	
		/		
				general
		-		
4. SIGNATURE OF CHARGI BIGNATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYE BIGNATURE OF SHIFT SUPERVISOR (Denotes Review/Approval of C	E. 540 1000 1	CALLY	phora of hotas	
5. SERVICE OF NOTICE (			/	
DATE OF SERVICE: 10-2		· ·	RVICE: 9-15/1-	7
PRINTED NAME OF HEARING OFFIC		Jon J.	nes	
SIGNATURE OF HEARING OFFICER:		and the		
INHATE SIGNATURE: (Signature indicates receipt	of notice only, it is	not a plea; refus	al to sign should be	noted.)
6. DISTRIBUTION INSTRU	CTIONS			
DRIGINAL - CHAIRMAN OF DISCIF COPY - INNATE	LINARY COMMITTEE			
COPY - CHARGING EMPLOYEE				8JDCEV2

	(mit)	The	MAS F	50682
6. PRISON PRESE	NTATION 18:10 pm.	// No	WILLO	
Inmate ohse	The NAVED TOAN	Nie al Tabl	-	1 - 1
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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMA	TION (CI) CHECKLIST (BOTH A & B	2 0120/PTCTypo-	O) Accepted	
A. LI KELIASI R. L. V	200	MUST BE BY "YES TO RELY ON	(CI)	
CHECK AT LEAST ONE	BOX BELOW			
INVESTIGATING REPORT	G OFFICER TESTIFIES PERSONALLY AS	TO THE TRUTHPULNESS OF TH	E CONFIDENTIAL INPO	RMATION IN 1419
CORROBORATIO			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	CHAIR HAS FIRST HAND KNOWLEDGE	OF COLINOR		
IN-CAMERA REV	VIEW OF DOCUMENTS: POUND RELIAN	OF SOURCE AND SOURCE HAS I	BEEN RELIABLE IN PAS	T
B. STATEMENT BY CORRE	ECTIONAL OFFICIAL SAFETY PREVEN	ILE		
7. FINDINGS	THE STATE OF THE SERVICE	115 DISCLOSURE OF CI Y	ES NO	in /
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MU50 -	GUELTY NOT GUILTY DISMISS	COUNT/CHARGE REDUCE TO	DI GUILTY NOT GUI	CTY DISMISS
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·— —		VII.		
		VIII		님
OTHER: SPECIFY:	YOU WILL BE ASSESSED I	RESTITUTION MIR ANY		
yr yr	NCIDENT UNTIL THE APPLIED	OF RESTITUTION IS	DETERMINED	ATHIS .
S. SANCTIONS				
ANCTION	# OF DAYS	BEGIN DATE	1	
	-14	BEGIN DATE	END DATE	
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DMINISTRATIVE ASSESSME	ENT AMOUNT: \$	COMMENDED CATEGORY: L	10 15 1	1. Frai
THER SPECIFY			NO REAL	41
ANCILLARY INFORM	MATION/INSTRUCTIONS			Mayor I a least 1
	AS VIOLATION OF PAROLE: YES			Date:
		DATE:		
	RES REVIEW BY DIRECTOR: Y		,	
	DATE 04-20-2014 BY	WHOM:		Assessed 1
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CIS RECORD COMPLETED:	MAITTEE  PAINTED NAME  PRINTED NAME			
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homas	InFORMAT 11/2
s 8JDCEV042	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS CODE OF PENAL DISCIPLINE DISCIPLINARY FORM I "NOTICE OF CHARGES"  CP DEVAL
VEV	I INMATE INFORMATION (PRINT)
042	LASTNAME / h cmass
	IDS SOURS
ſ	
	2 VIOLATION INFORMATION (PRINT)  CHARGING EMPLOYEE NAME: D. D. CALOS  THE SOLI OF OF THE
	DATE OF INCIDENT: JUNE 28, 2004 DATE CHARGES WRITTEN: JUNE 28, 2004
	OUR PROPERTY.
	CHARGES: (Listed by Number Only, Definitions are listed on reverse side of this form.)
	1 08 ELM
	VI VII VIII
	3. REPORT OF VIOLATION: (If additional space is required, use and attach supplemental pages, DOC 3016)
	dutie IN 1-111- 110pm While performing my
-	Dranos while cycling door and watching the
)	Jumper soles in Call 38ee Jumate Mario Thomas back
1	Able AT THE REAR OF CELL With HIS hours of white
	AN OTURNED OF THE BUILD STATE ALTOSTIFF HEGOTOWN
	while the Unitions operating with warman school for
	homes hardies for cedssovers to Aming. Again Inmost Marie
1	TI BEDAND + W. RENTABLE, NAKED AGAINMA THEBATHA N
1	the Control Oran Letting my Clock officers in to
-	Thomas Nakes, Lighton, his hands are assisted
1	DANTINGATING OR FOUND LING him self- OFFICET WOOL Robert
150	ENTERLE MAYOThamas STANDON COUNTRIL CONTROL ROOM WITHERSON
1	IT. LHD PENIS LIGHT ON hands on his genitals Rubbing
4.	SIGNATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYRE AND SUPERVISOR
SH	THATURE OF CHARGING EMPLOYEE: 10 000 TR MATOS 5425
SIG	INATURE OF SHIFT SUPERVISOR:
	STUMMOR On the Completed Notice: Confirms Initiation of Record in NCIS
DA	SERVICE OF NOTICE (To be completed by Hearing Officer)  THE OF SERVICE: TURE 21, 2004 TIME OF SERVICE: 16 25 44
PRI	NTED NAME OF HEARING OFFICER:
SIG	NATURE OF HEARING OFFICER: Set Sey Baubal
D/W	ATE SIGNATURE:
( Sig	DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION OF A plea; refusal to sign abould be noted.)
ORK	DISTRIBUTION INSTRUCTIONS  DIVAL - CHAIRMAN OF DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE. COPY - INMATE - COPY CHARDES TO THE COPY - INMATE - COP
	8JDCEV042

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H C	
De Institution 55 P	PARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PAGE OF
	NCIDENT REPORT
INSTITUTION: ESP	
& roseltont	
× '	INCIDENT DATE: JUNE 202004
E VIA:	INMATE: Thomas which #50682
FROM: To Rol- + IN- 15 andre	
ω	RULE VIOLATION(S):
0.1	
At approximately 1	2:48 P.M. T Ch PI L.K. 1
assigned to mit 2 was	2:48 P.M. J. Sh Relat Gardines intering unit 3 control Royan omas marks #50682 standing on his cell 31817 have noted the
and all have been a	attering unit 3 Control Roun
and wirness inmate Th	omas, Marks #50682 standing on
the table in the back of	his cell 31817 have naked rubbing
his penis	THE ZINTER TUBLING
	The state of the s
6/1/1	
1) Re/1/1/11.	
100000	
	ĎOC.1559 (3/02)

	Ch.	A A
		Fromas 50682
6. PRISON PRESE	ENTATION /1:452M	HIGHES SUGO
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hilletta	10 6 10	coserved stansing outope
and fight	the Judity The	COOL WILLOW WITH 100/10
ou give he	405 apound	genitale with Bask star
TOATH D	Misiral Amoina	A SI
1	11/1/11/11/11	14 arran word took
16 Jungles	of Tight	4
		ah li
EVIDENCE RELIED UPON	written report 100	Valenting 20 hours - houses !
u Turned in	1 10COMES PITARE	or date in turing as it provings
incident. 1	mate Statuest	y report also states 6 2001 as date
CONFIDENTIAL INFORM	THON (CI) CHECKLIST (BOTH A	B MUST BE BY "YES TO BEILY ON CO.
A. CI RELIABLE:	VPC	B MUST BE BY "YES TO RELY ON CO AS AVEN TO
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REPORT	IG OFFICER TESTIFIES PERSONALLY A	S TO THE TRUTHFULNESS OF THE CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IN HIS
CORROBORAT	ING TESTIMONY	
DISCIPLINARY	CHAIR HAS FIRST HAND KNOWLEDGE	E OF SOURCE AND SOURCE HAS BEEN RELIABLE IN PAST
ar country M	THEW OF DOCUMENTS: POUND RELIA	ABLE
B. STATEMENT BY CORR	RECTIONAL OFFICIAL: SAFETY PREVE	ENTS DISCLOSURE OF CI YES NO
7. FINDINGS	716	maxim to the
UNTCHARGE REDUCET	O: GUILTY NOT GUILTY DISMISS	COUNTYCHARGE REDUCETO: GUILTY NOT GUILTY DISMISS
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ANCILLARY INFOR	# OF DAYS  # OF DAYS  AL: YES NO RI  ENT AMOUNT: \$	SECOMMENDED CATEGORY: A B C  COMMENDED CATEGORY:
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	6	IMORMATIVE
	CODE OF DISCIP	TMENT OF CORRECTIONS BACK DEPOY LINARY FORM I
1. INMATE INFORM	ATION (IRRINIT)	
LISTNAME: Thom?		FIRST NAME; MAR/O
1D#: 50/082		PREST NAME: VITING TO  PREST LOCATION: ESP 3817A
		30///
2. VIOLATION INFO		
DATE OF INCIDENTS JU	20 2001	THE SONIOR OFFICER THE CHARGES WRITTEN: JUNE 28 204
EVIDENCE COLLECTED:		
	YES NO EVIDENCE HELD er Oaly, Definitions are listed on reverse air	
	II III	
VI V	ıı vın	IV V
3. REPORT OF VIOLA		
I went u Ch	BWING to ASKI	ired, use and attach supplemental pages, DOC 3016)  ONTI ATCLY 11:45 A.M When
Procho: An	ing feering,	AS I, SCHIOR OFFICE JONI
FOR EX 3	NO COCONO TIME	E INTERNATI MARIO THOMAS SO
Hewas S	ANDING ON his	BACKTARLE: BACKAGINIST THE
No cothesc	AS TOWARD +	M DOOR WITH ABSOLUTELY
with Physica	L Motion BACK	KAND FOR th. A JON LAND FLOOR
OFF CLHAP	deched the win	and With the Pickles He impro
SIGNATURE OF CHA	RGING EMPLOYEE AND SUPE	
GNATURE OF CHARGING EN	APLOYEE: /n	DRAHOS #5429
GNATURE OF SHIFT SUPERV enotes Review/Approval of Com	/ISOR:	rd in MCIS
	( To be completed by Hearing Off	
TE OF SERVICE: 50.L		TIME OF SERVICE: / C ] A Roy
INTED NAME OF HEARING O	OFFICER: Torny Bain	
	CER: 5 st gy Bank	
MATE SIGNATURE:	MARLO Thor	795
DISTRIBUTION INSTI	e only, it is not a plen; refusal to sign should	d he notal.)
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	ALTE THOMAS	

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	NEVADA DEPART	MENT OF CORRECTED AND ADDRESS OF CORRECTED ADDRESS OF CORRECTED AND ADDRESS OF CORRECTED AND ADDRESS OF CORRECTED AND ADDRESS OF CORRECTED ADDR	CTIONS	
	DISCIPI	LINARY FORM I E OF CHARGES"		
1. INMATE INFORMATIO	ON (PRINT)			
LASTNAME: ThomA		FIRST NAME:	PARLO	
ID#: <u>50682</u>		RRENT LOCATION:		
2. VIOLATION INFORMA	TION (PRINT)			
	Reberra Mont	outa -	Commetion	al Mina
DATE OF INCIDENT: ONE	nber 2. 2004 DA	TE CHARGES WRITTEN:	Dovember	2.2004
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# EXHIBIT 66

# EXHIBIT 66

American Bar Association Guidelines for the Appointment and Performance of Counsel In Death Penalty Cases 1989

(Note: This version has been superceded by a February, 2003 revision)

#### **INTRODUCTION**

At its 1989 Midyear Meeting, the American Bar Association House of Delegates adopted Guidelines for the Appointment and Performance of Counsel in Death Penalty Cases. These Guidelines amplify previously adopted Association positions on effective assistance of counsel in capital cases and the need for adequate compensation and support and provide a concrete procedure for the appointment of attorneys with appropriate experience and training to represent defendants in capital cases. In addition, they enumerate the minimal resources and practices necessary to provide effective assistance of counsel.

Some national standards have been written for appointment of counsel for eligible defendants generally; general standards for defense counsel have been established; and specific Performance Guidelines for Criminal Defense Representation exist in draft form. While some local standards may exist for capital representation, national guidelines on the assignment and performance of counsel in capital cases did not exist prior to these Guidelines.

Experience has demonstrated that capital trials and appeals are extremely specialized and demanding and that the appointment of unqualified, inexperienced counsel can be very costly in terms of delay and expense. These Guidelines will greatly assist jurisdictions planning for the handling of capital cases in a manner that does not clog their courts, while assuring effective assistance of counsel.

#### Background

With initial support from the ABA Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants (SCLAID), the National Legal Aid and Defender Association (NLADA) developed, over the course of several years, Standards for the Appointment and Performance of Counsel in Death Penalty Cases.

In February 1988, NLADA referred the Standards to SCLAID, which reviewed them and circulated them to appropriate ABA sections and committees. SCLAID incorporated the only substantive concerns expressed (by the Criminal Justice Section) and changed the nomenclature to "Guidelines" as more appropriate than "standards."

The Sections of Criminal Justice and of Litigation joined SCLAID in sponsoring the Guidelines for ABA adoption. The Guidelines were approved by the ABA's House of Delegates without change; however, the accompanying resolution recommending adoption by entities providing

counsel in death penalty cases was amended to allow for such exceptions to the Guidelines as may be appropriate in the military.

# Guidelines

The Guidelines address eligibility, training, support services, trial preparation, the sentencing phase and appeals. Each black letter guideline is explained by a commentary, with reference to supporting authorities. "Should" is used throughout as a mandatory term and refers to activities which are minimum requirements.

#### **GUIDELINE 1.1 OBJECTIVE**

The objective in providing counsel in cases in which the death penalty is sought should be to ensure that quality legal representation is afforded to defendants eligible for the appointment of counsel during all stages of the case.

# **GUIDELINE 2.1 NUMBER OF ATTORNEYS PER CASE**

In cases where the death penalty is sought, two qualified trial attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant. In cases where the death penalty has been imposed, two qualified appellate attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant. In cases where appellate proceedings have been completed or are not available and the death penalty has been imposed, two qualified postconviction attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant.

#### GUIDELINE 3.1 THE LEGAL REPRESENTATION PLAN

The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should include: measures to formalize the process by which attorneys are assigned to represent capital defendants. To accomplish this goal, the plan should designate a body (appointing authority) within the jurisdiction which will be responsible for performing all duties in connection with the appointment of counsel as set forth by these Guidelines. This Guideline envisions two equally acceptable approaches for formalizing the process of appointment:

- a. The authority to recruit and select competent attorneys to provide representation in capital cases may be centralized in the defender office or assigned counsel program of the jurisdiction. The defender office or assigned counsel program should adopt standards and procedures for the appointment of counsel in capital cases consistent with these Guidelines, and perform all duties in connection with the appointment process as set forth in these Guidelines.
- b. In jurisdictions where it is not feasible to centralize the tasks of recruiting and selecting competent counsel for capital cases in a defender office or assigned counsel program, the legal representation plan should provide for a special appointments committee to consist of no fewer than five attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction;

- ii. have practiced law in the field of criminal defense for not less than five years;
- iii. have demonstrated knowledge of the specialized nature of practice involved in capital cases;
- iv. are knowledgeable about criminal defense practitioners in the jurisdiction; and
- v. are dedicated to quality legal representation in capital cases.

The committee should adopt standards and procedures for the appointment of counsel in capital cases, consistent with these Guidelines, and perform all duties in connection with the appointment process.

# GUIDELINE 4.1 SELECTION OF COUNSEL

- A. The legal representation plan should provide for a systematic and publicized method for distributing assignments in capital cases as widely as possible among qualified members of the bar.
- B. The appointing authority should develop procedures to be used in establishing two rosters of attorneys who are competent and available to represent indigent capital defendants. The first roster should contain the names of attorneys eligible for appointment as lead defense counsel for trial, appeal or postconviction pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in Guideline 5.1; the second roster should contain the names of attorneys eligible for appointment as assistant defense counsel for trial, appeal or postconviction pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in the same Guideline.
- C. The appointing authority should review applications from attorneys concerning their placement on the roster of eligible attorneys from which assignments are made, as discussed in subsection (b). The review of an application should include a thorough investigation of the attorney's background, experience, and training, and an assessment of whether the attorney is competent to provide quality legal representation to the client pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in Guideline 5.1

- and the performance standards established pursuant to Guidelines 11.1 and 11.2. An attorney's name should be placed on either roster upon a majority vote of the committee.
- D. Assignments should then be made in the sequence that the names appear on the roster of eligible attorneys. Departures from the practice of strict rotation of assignments may be made when such departure will protect the best interests of the client. A lawyer should never be assigned for reasons personal to the committee members making assignments.

In jurisdictions where a defender office or other entity by law receives a specific portion of or all assignments, the procedures in (b) through (d) above should be followed for cases which the defender office or other entity cannot accept due to conflicts of interest or other reasons.

### **GUIDELINE 5.1 ATTORNEY ELIGIBILITY**

The appointing authority should distribute assignments to attorneys who qualify under either of the alternative procedures detailed below in paragraphs I. TRIAL; II. APPEAL; and III. POSTCONVICTION.

#### 1. TRIAL

- A. Lead trial counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice <u>pro hac vice</u>; and
  - ii. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least five years litigation experience in the field of criminal defense; and
  - iii. have prior experience as lead counsel in no fewer than nine jury trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, as well as prior experience as lead counsel or co-counsel in at least one case in which the death penalty was sought. In addition, of the nine jury trials which were tried to completion, the attorney should have been lead counsel in at least three cases in which the charge was murder or aggravated murder; or alternatively, of the nine jury trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and an additional five were felony jury trials; and

- iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the criminal courts of the jurisdiction; and
  - v. are familiar with and experienced in the utilization of expert witnesses and evidence, including, but not limited to, psychiatric and forensic evidence; and
  - vi. have attended and successfully completed, within one year of their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and
  - vii. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.
- B. Trial co-counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice; and
  - ii. who qualify as lead counsel under paragraph (A) of this Guideline or meet the following requirements:
    - a. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least three years litigation experience in the field of criminal defense; and
    - b. have prior experience as lead counsel or co-counsel in no fewer than three jury trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, at least two of which were trials in which the charge was murder or aggravated murder; or alternatively, of the three jury trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and one was a felony jury trial; and
    - c. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the criminal courts of the jurisdiction; and
    - d. have completed within one year of their appointment at least one training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and
    - e. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.

- C. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial experience or extensive civil litigation experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in the trial of death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraphs A or B above;
  - ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;
  - iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

# II. APPEAL

- A. Lead appellate counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice: and
  - ii. are experienced and active trial or appellate practitioners with at least three years experience in the field of criminal defense; and
  - iii. have prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel or co-counsel in the appeal of at least one case where a sentence of death was imposed, as well as prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel in the appeal of no fewer than three felony convictions in federal or state court, at least one of which was an appeal of murder or aggravated murder conviction; or alternatively, have prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel in the appeal of no fewer than six felony convictions in federal or state court, at least two of which were appeals of a murder or aggravated murder conviction; and

- iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appellate courts of the jurisdiction; and
  - v. have attended and successfully completed, within one year prior to their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the appeal of cases in which a sentence of death was imposed; and
  - vi. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.
- B Appellate co-counsel assignments may be distributed to attorneys who have less experience than attorneys who qualify as lead appellate counsel. At a minimum, however, appellate co-counsel candidates must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the appointing authority that they:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice; and
  - ii. have demonstrated adequate proficiency in appellate advocacy in the field of felony defense; and
  - iii. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appellate courts of the jurisdiction; and
  - iv. have attended and successfully completed within two years of their appointment training or educational program on criminal appellate advocacy.
- C. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial and/or appellate experience or extensive civil litigation and/or appellate experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in the trial and/or appeal of death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraphs A or B above;
  - ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;

iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

# III. POSTCONVICTION

Assignments to represent indigents in postconviction proceedings in capital cases should be distributed to attorneys who:

- i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice; and
- ii. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least three years litigation experience in the field of criminal defense; and
- iii. have prior experience as counsel in no fewer than five jury or bench trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, as well as prior experience as postconviction counsel in at least three cases in state or federal court. In addition, of the five jury or bench trials which were tried to completion, the attorney should have been counsel in at least three cases in which the charge was murder or aggravated murder; or alternatively, of the five trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and an additional three were felony jury trials; and
- iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appropriate courts of the jurisdiction; and
- v. have attended and successfully completed, within one year prior to their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the postconviction phase of a criminal case, or alternatively, a program which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and
- vi. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.

In addition to the experience level detailed above, it is desirable that at least one of the two postconviction attorneys <u>also</u> possesses appellate experience at the level described in 11.B. above (relating to appellate co-counsel).

- B. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial, appellate and/or postconviction experience or extensive civil litigation and/or appellate experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in trial, appeal and/or postconviction representation in death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraph A above;
  - ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;
  - iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

# **GUIDELINE 6.1 WORKLOAD**

Attorneys accepting appointments pursuant to these Guidelines should provide each client with quality representation in accordance with constitutional and professional standards. Capital counsel should not accept workloads which, by reason of their excessive size, interfere with the rendering of quality representation or lead to the breach of professional obligations.

### GUIDELINE 7.1 MONITORING; REMOVAL

A. The appointing authority should monitor the performance of assigned counsel to ensure that the client is receiving quality representation. Where there is compelling evidence that an attorney has inexcusably ignored basic responsibilities of an effective lawyer, resulting in prejudice to the client's case, the attorney should not

receive additional appointments. Where there is compelling evidence that an unalterable systemic defect in a defender office has caused a default in the basic responsibilities of an effective lawyer, resulting in prejudice to a client's case, the office should not receive additional appointments. The appointing authority shall establish a procedure which gives written notice to counsel or a defender office whose removal is being sought, and an opportunity for counsel or the defender office to respond in writing.

- B. In fulfilling its monitoring function, however, the appointing authority should not attempt to interfere with the conduct of particular cases. Representation of an accused establishes an inviolable attorney-client relationship. In the context of a particular case, removal of counsel from representation should not occur over the objection of the client.
- C. No attorney or defender office should be readmitted to the appointment roster after removal under (a) above unless such removal is shown to have been erroneous or it is established by clear and convincing evidence that the cause of the failure to meet basic responsibilities has been identified and corrected.

#### **GUIDELINE 8.1 SUPPORTING SERVICES**

The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should provide counsel appointed pursuant to these Guidelines with investigative, expert, and other services necessary to prepare and present an adequate defense. These should include not only those services and facilities needed for an effective defense at trial, but also those that are required for effective defense representation at every stage of the proceedings, including the sentencing phase.

#### **GUIDELINE 9.1 TRAINING**

Attorneys seeking eligibility to receive appointments pursuant to these Guidelines should have completed the training requirements specified in Guideline 5.1. Attorneys seeking to remain on the roster of attorneys from which assignments are made should continue, on a periodic basis, to attend and successfully complete training or educational programs which focus on advocacy in death penalty cases. The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should include sufficient funding to enable adequate and frequent training programs to be conducted for counsel in capital cases and counsel who wish to be placed on the roster.

# GUIDELINE 10.1 COMPENSATION

- A. Capital counsel should be compensated for actual time and service performed. The objective should be to provide a reasonable rate of hourly compensation which is commensurate with the provision of effective assistance of counsel and which reflects the extraordinary responsibilities inherent in death penalty litigation.
- B. Capital counsel should also be fully reimbursed for reasonable incidental expenses.
- C. Periodic billing and payment during the course of counsel's representation should be provided for in the representation plan.

# **GUIDELINE 11.1 ESTABLISHMENT OF PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

- A. The appointing authority should establish standards of performance for counsel appointed in death penalty cases.
- B. The standards of performance should include, but should not be limited to, the specific standards set out in Guidelines 11.3 through 11.9.
- C. The appointing authority should refer to the standards of performance when assessing the qualification of attorneys seeking to be placed on the roster from which appointments in death penalty cases are to be made (Guideline 4.1) and in monitoring the performance of attorneys to determine their continuing eligibility to remain on the roster (Guideline 7.1).

# **GUIDELINE 11.2 MINIMUM STANDARDS NOT SUFFICIENT**

- A. Minimum standards that have been promulgated concerning representation of defendants in criminal cases generally, and the level of adherence to such standards required for non-capital cases, should not be adopted as sufficient for death penalty cases.
- B. Counsel in death penalty cases should be required to perform at the level of an attorney reasonably skilled in the specialized practice of capital representation, zealously committed to the capital case, who has had adequate time and resources for preparation.

#### GUIDELINE 11.3 DETERMINING THAT DEATH PENALTY IS BEING SOUGHT

Counsel appointed in any case in which the death penalty is a possible punishment should, even if the prosecutor has not indicated that the death penalty will be sought, begin preparation for the case as one in which the death penalty will be sought while employing strategies to have the case designated by the prosecution as a non-capital one.

#### **GUIDELINE 11.4.1 INVESTIGATION**

- A. Counsel should conduct independent investigations relating to the guilt/innocence phase and to the penalty phase of a capital trial. Both investigations should begin immediately upon counsel's entry into the case and should be pursued expeditiously.
- B. The investigation for preparation of the guilt/innocence phase of the trial should be conducted regardless of any admission or statement by the client concerning facts constituting guilt.
- C. The investigation for preparation of the sentencing phase should be conducted regardless of any initial assertion by the client that mitigation is not to be offered. This investigation should comprise efforts to discover all reasonably available mitigating evidence and evidence to rebut any aggravating evidence that may be introduced by the prosecutor.
- D. Sources of investigative information may include the following:

# 1. <u>Charging Documents</u>:

Copies of all charging documents in the case should be obtained and examined in the context of the applicable statues and precedents, to identify (inter alia):

- A. the elements of the charged offense(s), including the element(s) alleged to make the death penalty applicable;
- B. the defenses, ordinary and affirmative, that may be available to the substantive charge and to the applicability of the death penalty;

C. any issues, constitutional or otherwise, (such as statutes of limitations or double Jeopardy) which can be raised to attack the charging documents.

## 2. The Accused:

An interview of the client should be conducted within 24 hours of counsel's entry into the case, unless there is a good reason for counsel to postpone this interview. In that event, the interview should be conducted as soon as possible after counsel's appointment. As soon as is appropriate, counsel should cover A-E below (if this is not possible during the initial interview, these steps should be accomplished as soon as possible thereafter):

- A. seek information concerning the incident or events giving rise to the charge(s), and any improper police investigative practice or prosecutorial conduct which affects the client's rights;
- B. explore the existence of other potential sources of information relating to the offense, the client's mental state, and the presence or absence of any aggravating factors under the applicable death penalty statute and any mitigating factors;
- C. Collect information relevant to the sentencing phase of trial including, but not limited to: medical history, (mental and physical illness or injury of alcohol and drug use, birth trauma and developmental delays); educational history (achievement, performance and behavior) special educational needs including cognitive limitations and learning disabilities); military history (type and length of service, conduct, special training); employment and training history (including skills and performance, and barriers to employability); family and social history (including physical, sexual or emotional abuse); prior adult and Juvenile record; prior correctional experience (including conduct or supervision and in the institution/education or training/clinical services); and religious and cultural influences.
- D. seek necessary releases for securing confidential records relating to any of the relevant histories.
- E. Obtain names of collateral persons or sources to verify, corroborate, explain and expand upon information obtained in (c) above.

## 3. <u>Potential Witnesses</u>:

Counsel should consider interviewing potential witnesses, including:

- A. eyewitnesses or other witnesses having purported knowledge of events surrounding the offense itself;
- B. witnesses familiar with aspects of the client's life history that might affect the likelihood that the client committed the charged offense(s), possible mitigating reasons for the offense(s), and/or other mitigating evidence to show why the client should not be sentenced to death;
- C. members of the victim's family opposed to having the client killed. Counsel should attempt to conduct interviews of potential witnesses in the presence of a third person who will be available, if necessary, to testify as a defense witness at trial. Alternatively, counsel should have an investigator or mitigation specialist conduct the interviews.

#### 4. The Police and Prosecution:

Counsel should make efforts to secure information in the possession of the prosecution or law enforcement authorities, including police reports. Where necessary, counsel should pursue such efforts through formal and informal discovery unless a sound tactical reason exists for not doing so.

## 5. Physical Evidence:

Where appropriate, counsel should make a prompt request to the police or investigative agency for any physical evidence or expert reports relevant to the offense or sentencing.

## 6. The Scene:

Where appropriate, counsel should attempt to view the scene of the alleged offense. This should be done under circumstances as similar as possible to those existing at the time of the alleged incident (e.g. weather, time of day, and lighting conditions).

## 7. Expert Assistance:

Counsel should secure the assistance of experts where it is necessary or appropriate for:

- A. preparation of the defense;
- B. adequate understanding of the prosecution's case;
- C. rebuttal of any portion of the prosecution's case at the guilt/innocence phase or the sentencing phase of the trial;
- D. presentation of mitigation. Experts assisting in investigation and other preparation of the defense should be independent and their work product should be confidential to the extent allowed by law. Counsel and support staff should use all available avenues including signed releases, subpoenas, and Freedom of Information Acts, to obtain all necessary information.

#### **GUIDELINE 11.4.2 CLIENT CONTACT**

Trial counsel should maintain close contact with the client throughout preparation of the case, discussing (inter alia) the investigation, potential legal issues that exist or develop, and the development of a defense theory.

## GUIDELINE 11.5.1 THE DECISION TO FILE PRETRIAL MOTIONS

- A. Counsel should consider filing a pretrial: notion whenever there exists reason to believe that applicable law may entitle the client to relief or that legal and/or policy arguments can be made that the law should provide the requested relief.
- B. Counsel should consider all pretrial motions potentially available, and should evaluate them in light of the unique circumstances of a capital case, including the potential impact of any pretrial motion or ruling on the strategy for the sentencing phase, and the likelihood that all available avenues of appellate and postconviction relief will be sought in the event of conviction and imposition of a death sentence. Among the issues that counsel should consider addressing in a pretrial motion are:

- 1. the pretrial custody of the accused;
- 2. the constitutionality of the implicated statute or statutes;
- 3. the potential defects in the charging process;
- 4. the sufficiency of the charging document;
- 5. the propriety and prejudice of any joinder of charges or defendants in the charging document:
- 6. the discovery obligations of the prosecution including disclosure of aggravating factors to be used in seeking the death penalty, and any reciprocal discovery obligations of the defense;
- 7. the suppression of evidence gathered as the result of violations of the Fourth, Fifth or Sixth Amendments to the United States Constitution, including:
  - a. the fruits of illegal searches or seizures;
  - b. involuntary statements or confessions; statements or confessions obtained in violation of the accused's right to counsel, or privilege against self-incrimination;
  - c. unreliable identification testimony which would give rise to a substantial likelihood of irreparable misidentification;
- 8. suppression of evidence gathered in violation of any right, duty or privilege arising out of state or local law;
- 9. access to resources which may be denied to the client because of indigency and which may be necessary in the case, including independent and confidential investigative resources, jury selection assistance, and expert witnesses concerning not only the charged offense(s) and the client's mental condition, but also the criminal justice system itself;
- 10. the defendant's right to a speedy trial;
- 11. the defendant's right to a continuance in order to adequately prepare his or her case;

- 12. matters of evidence or procedure at either the guilt/innocence or penalty phase of trial which may be appropriately litigated by means of a pretrial motion in limine, including requests for sequestered, individual voir dire as to the death qualification of jurors and any challenges to overly restrictive rules or procedures;
- 13. matters of trial or courtroom procedure;
- 14. change of venue;
- 15. abuse of prosecutorial discretion in seeking the death penalty;
- 16. challenges to the process of establishing the jury venire.

## **GUIDELINE 11.6.1 THE PLEA NEGOTIATION PROCESS**

- A. Counsel should explore with the client the possibility and desirability of reaching a negotiated disposition of the charges rather than proceeding to a trial. In so doing, counsel should fully explain the rights that would be waived by a decision to enter a plea instead of proceeding to trial, and should explain the legal and/or factual considerations that bear on the potential results of going to trial.
- B. Counsel should ordinarily obtain the consent of the client before entering into any plea negotiations.
- C. Counsel should keep the client fully informed of any continued plea discussion or negotiations, convey to the client any offers made by the prosecution for a negotiated settlement and discuss with the client possible strategies for obtaining an offer from the prosecution.
- D. Counsel should not accept any plea agreement without the client's express authorization.
- E. The existence of ongoing plea negotiations with the prosecution does not relieve counsel of the obligation to take steps necessary to prepare a defense. If a negotiated disposition would be in the best interest of the client, initial refusals by the prosecutor to negotiate should not prevent counsel from making further efforts to negotiate.

## GUIDELINE 11.6.2 THE CONTENTS OF PLEA NEGOTIATIONS

- A. In order co develop an overall negotiation plan, counsel should be fully aware of and make sure the client is fully aware of:
  - 1. the maximum penalty that may be imposed for the charged offense(s) and any possible lesser included offenses;
  - 2. where applicable, any collateral consequences of potential penalties less than death, such as forfeiture of assets, deportation and civil liabilities, as well as direct consequences of potential penalties less than death, such as the possibility and likelihood of parole, place of confinement and good-time credits;
  - 3. the general range of sentences for similar offenses committed by defendants with similar backgrounds, and the impact of any applicable sentencing guidelines or mandatory sentencing requirements.
- B. In developing a negotiation strategy, counsel should be completely familiar with, inter alia:
  - 1. concessions that the client might offer, such as:
    - a. an agreement not to proceed to trial on the merits of the charges;
    - b. an agreement not to assert or further litigate particular legal issues;
    - c. an agreement to provide the prosecution with assistance in investigating or prosecuting the present case or other alleged criminal activity;
    - d. an agreement to engage in or refrain from any other conduct, appropriate to the case.
  - 2. benefits the client might obtain from a negotiated settlement, including inter alia:
    - a. a guarantee that the death penalty will not be imposed;
    - b. an agreement that the defendant will receive, with the assent of the court, a specified sentence;

- c. an agreement that, the prosecutor will not advocate a certain sentence, will not present certain information to the court, or will engage in or refrain from engaging in other actions with regard to sentencing;
  - d. an agreement that one or more of multiple charges will be reduced or dismissed;
  - e. an agreement that the client will not be subject to further investigation or prosecution for uncharged alleged or suspected criminal conduct;
  - f. an agreement that the client may enter a conditional plea to preserve the right to further contest certain issues affecting the validity of the conviction.
- C. In conducting plea negotiations, counsel should be familiar with:
  - 1. the types of pleas that may be agreed to, such as a plea of guilty, a conditional plea of guilty, or a plea of nolo contendre or other plea which does not require the client to personally acknowledge guilt;
  - 2. the advantages and disadvantages of each available plea according to the circumstances of the case:
  - 3. whether a plea agreement can be made binding on the court and on penal/parole authorities.
- D. In conducting plea negotiations, counsel should attempt to become familiar with the practice and policies of the particular jurisdiction, the judge and prosecuting authority, the family of the alleged victim and any other persons or entities which may affect the content and likely results of plea negotiations.

## GUIDELINE 11.6.3 THE DECISION TO ENTER A PLEA OF GUILTY

A. Counsel should inform the client of any tentative negotiated agreement reached with the prosecution, and explain to the client the full content of the agreement along with the advantages, disadvantages and potential consequences of the agreement.

B. The decision to enter or to not enter a plea of guilty should be based solely on the client's best interest.

## GUIDELINE 11.6.4 ENTRY OF THE PLEA BEFORE THE COURT

- A. Prior to the entry of the plea, counsel should:
  - 1. make certain that the client understands the rights he or she will waive by entering the plea and that the client's decision to waive those rights is knowing, voluntary and intelligent;
  - 2. make certain that the client fully and completely understands the conditions and limits of the plea agreement and the maximum punishment, sanctions and other consequences the accused will be exposed to by entering a plea;
  - 3. explain to the client the nature of the plea hearing and prepare the client for the role he or she will play in the hearing, including answering questions from the judge and providing a statement concerning the offense.
- B. During entry of the plea, counsel should make sure that the full content and conditions of the plea agreement are placed on the record before the court.

#### **GUIDELINE 11.7.1 GENERAL TRIAL PREPARATION**

- A. As the investigations mandated by Guideline 11.4.1 produce information, counsel should formulate a defense theory. In doing so, counsel should consider both the guilt/innocence phase and the penalty phase, and seek a theory that will be effective through both phases.
- B. If inconsistencies between guilt/innocence and penalty phase defenses arise, counsel should seek to minimize them by procedural or substantive tactics.

## GUIDELINE 11.7.2 VOIR DIRE AND JURY SELECTION

A. Counsel should consider, along with potential legal challenges to the procedures for selecting the jury that would be available in any criminal case, whether any procedures have been instituted for selection of juries in capital cases that present potential legal bases for challenge.

B. Counsel should be familiar with the precedents relating to questioning and challenging of potential jurors, including the procedures surrounding "death qualification" concerning any potential juror's beliefs about the death penalty. Counsel should be familiar with techniques for rehabilitating potential jurors whose initial indications of opposition to the death penalty make them possibly excludable.

## <u>GUIDELINE 11.7.3 OBJECTION TO ERROR AND PRESERVATION OF ISSUES FOR POST JUDGMENT REVIEW</u>

Counsel should consider, when deciding whether to object to legal error and whether to assert on the record a position regarding any procedure or ruling, that post judgment review in the event of conviction and sentence is likely, and counsel should take steps where appropriate to preserve, on all applicable state and Federal grounds, any given question for review.

## <u>GUIDELINE 11.8.1</u> <u>OBLIGATION OF COUNSEL AT THE SENTENCING PHASE OF</u> DEATH PENALTY CASES

Counsel should be aware that the sentencing phase of a death penalty trial is constitutionally different from sentencing proceedings in other criminal cases.

# GUIDELINE 11.8.2 DUTIES OF COUNSEL REGARDING SENTENCING OPTIONS. CONSEQUENCES AND PROCEDURES

- A. Counsel should be familiar with the procedures for capital sentencing in the given jurisdiction, with the prosecutor's practice in preparing for and presenting the prosecution's case at the sentencing phase, and with the case law and rules regarding what information may be presented to the sentencing entity or entities, and how that information may be presented. Counsel should insist that the prosecutor adhere to the applicable evidentiary rules unless a valid strategic reason exists for counsel not to insist.
- B. If the client has chosen not to proceed to trial and a plea of guilty or its equivalent has been negotiated and entered by counsel in accordance with Guidelines 11.6.1 through 11.6.4, counsel should seek to ensure compliance with all portions of the plea agreement beneficial to the client.

- C. Counsel should seek to ensure that the client is not harmed by improper, inaccurate or misleading information being considered by the sentencing entity or entities in determining the sentence to be imposed.
- D. Counsel should ensure that all reasonably available mitigating and favorable information consistent with the defense sentencing theory is presented to the sentencing entity or entities in the most effective possible way.

## GUIDELINE 11.8.3 PREPARATION FOR THE SENTENCING PHASE

- A. As set out in Guideline 11.4.1, preparation for the sentencing phase, in the form of investigation, should begin immediately upon counsel's entry into the case. Counsel should seek information to present to the sentencing entity or entities in mitigation or explanation of the offense and to rebut the prosecution's sentencing case.
- B. Counsel should discuss with the client early in the case the sentencing alternatives available, and the relationship between strategy for the sentencing phase and for the guilt/innocence phase.
- C. Prior to the sentencing phase, counsel should discuss with the client the specific sentencing phase procedures of the jurisdiction and advise the client of steps being taken in preparation for sentencing. Counsel should discuss with the client the accuracy of any information known to counsel that will he presented to the sentencing entity or entities, and the strategy for meeting the prosecution's case.
- D. If the client will be interviewed by anyone other than people working with defense counsel, counsel should prepare the client for such interview(s). Counsel should discuss with the client the possible impact on the sentence and later potential proceedings (such as appeal, subsequent retrial or resentencing) of statements the client may give in the interviews.
- E. Counsel should consider, and discuss with the client, the possible consequences of having the client testify or make a statement to the sentencing entity or entities.
- F. In deciding which witnesses and evidence to prepare for presentation at the sentencing phase, counsel should consider the following:

- 1. Witnesses familiar with and evidence relating to the client's life and development, from birth to the time of sentencing, who would be favorable to the client, explicative of the offense(s) for which the client is being sentenced, or would contravene evidence presented by the prosecutor;
  - 2. Expert witnesses to provide medical, psychological, sociological or other explanations for the offense(s) for which the client is being sentenced, to give a favorable opinion as to the client's capacity for rehabilitation, etc. and/or to rebut expert testimony presented by the prosecutor;
  - 3. Witnesses with knowledge and opinions about the lack of effectiveness of the death penalty itself;
  - 4. Witnesses drawn from the victim's family or intimates who are willing to speak against killing the client.

#### GUIDELINE 11.8.4 THE OFFICIAL PRESENTENCE REPORT

- A. If an official presentence report or similar document may or will be presented to the court at any time, counsel should consider:
  - 1. The strategic implications of requesting that an optional report be prepared;
  - 2. The value of providing to the report preparer information favorable to the client.
- B. Counsel should review any completed report and take appropriate steps to ensure that improper, incorrect or misleading information that may harm the client is deleted from the report.
- C. Counsel should take steps to preserve and protect the client's interest regarding material that has been challenged by the defense as improper, inaccurate or misleading.
- D. Counsel should consider whether the client should speak with the person preparing the report and, if so, whether counsel should be present.

#### GUIDELINE 11.8.5 THE PROSECUTOR'S CASE AT THE SENTENCING PHASE.

- A. Counsel should attempt to determine at the earliest possible time what aggravating factors the prosecution will rely on in seeking the death penalty and what evidence will be offered in support thereof (Guideline 11.3). If the Jurisdiction has rules regarding notification of these factors, counsel should object to any non-compliance, and if such rules are inadequate, should consider challenging the adequacy of the rules.
- B. If counsel determines that the prosecutor plans to rely on or offer arguably improper, inaccurate or misleading evidence in support of the request for the death penalty, counsel should consider appropriate pretrial or trial strategies in response.

#### GUIDELINE 11.8.6 THE DEFENSE CASE AT THE SENTENCING PHASE

- A. Counsel should present to the sentencing entity or entities all reasonably available evidence in mitigation unless there are strong strategic reasons to forego some portion of such evidence.
- B. Among the topics counsel should consider presenting is:
  - 1. Medical history (including mental and physical illness or injury, alcohol and drug use, birth trauma and developmental delays);
  - 2. Educational history (including achievement, performance and behavior, special educational needs including cognitive limitations and learning disabilities) and opportunity or lack thereof;
  - 3. Military service, (including length and type of service, conduct, and special training);
  - 4. Employment and training history (including skills and performance, and barriers to employability);
  - 5. Family, and social history (including physical, sexual or emotional abuse, neighborhood surroundings and peer influence); and other cultural or religion influence, professional intervention (by medical personnel, social workers, law enforcement personnel, clergy or others) or lack thereof; prior correctional experience (including conduct on supervision and in institutions, education or training, and clinical services);

- 6. Rehabilitative potential of the client.
- 7. Record of prior offenses (adult and juvenile), especially where there is no record, a short record, or a record of non-violent offenses.
- 8. Expert testimony concerning any of the above and the resulting impact on the client, relating to the offense and to the client's potential at the time of sentencing.
- C. Counsel should consider all potential methods for offering mitigating evidence to the sentencing entity or entities, including witnesses, affidavits, reports (including, if appropriate, a defense presentence report which could include challenges to inaccurate, misleading or incomplete information contained in the official presentence report and/or offered by the prosecution, as well as information favorable to the client), letters and public records.
- D. Counsel may consider having the client testify or speak during the closing argument of the sentencing phase.

## GUIDELINE 11.9.1 DUTIES OF TRIAL COUNSEL IN POST JUDGMENT PROCEEDINGS

- A. Counsel should he familiar with all state and federal post judgment options available to the client. Counsel should consider and discuss with the client the post judgment procedures that will or may follow imposition of the death sentence.
- B. Counsel should take whatever action, such as filing a claim or notice of appeal, is necessary to preserve the client's right to post judgment review of the conviction and sentence. Counsel should consider what other post judgment action, if any, counsel could take to maximize the client's opportunity to seek appellate and postconviction relief.
- C. Trial counsel should not cease acting on the client's behalf until subsequent counsel has entered the case or trial counsel s representation has been formally terminated.
- D. Trial counsel should cooperate with subsequent counsel concerning information regarding trial-level proceedings and strategies.

## GUIDELINE 11.9.2 DUTIES OF APPELLATE COUNSEL

- A. Appellate counsel should be familiar with all state and federal appellate and postconviction options available to the client, and should consider how any tactical decision might affect later options.
- B. Appellate counsel should interview the client, and trial counsel if possible, about the case, including any relevant matters that do not appear in the record. Counsel should consider whether any potential off-record matters should have an impact on how the appeal is pursued, and whether an investigation of any matter is warranted.
- C. Appellate counsel should communicate with the client concerning both the substance and procedural status of the appeal.
- D. Appellate counsel should seek, when perfecting the appeal, to present all arguably meritorious issues, including challenges to any overly restrictive appellate rules.
- E. Appellate counsel should cooperate with any subsequent counsel concerning information about the appellate proceedings and strategies, and about information obtained by appellate counsel concerning earlier stages of the case.

#### GUIDELINE 11.9.3 DUTIES OF POSTCONVICTION COUNSEL

- A. Postconviction counsel should be familiar with all state and federal postconviction remedies available to the client.
- B. Postconviction counsel should interview the client, and previous counsel if possible, about the case. Counsel should consider conducting a full investigation of the case, relating to both the guilt/innocence and sentencing phases. Postconviction counsel should obtain and review a complete record of all court proceedings relevant to the case. With the consent of the client, postconviction counsel should obtain and review all prior counsel's file(s).
- C. Postconviction counsel should seek to present to the appropriate court or courts all arguably meritorious issues, including challenges to overly restrictive rules governing postconviction proceedings.

#### GUIDELINE 11.9.4 DUTIES OF CLEMENCY COUNSEL

- A. Clemency counsel should be familiar with the procedures for and permissible substantive content of a request for clemency.
- B. Clemency counsel should interview the client, and any prior attorneys if possible, and conduct an investigation to discover information relevant to the clemency procedure applicable in the jurisdiction.
- C. Clemency counsel should take appropriate steps to ensure that clemency is sought in as timely and persuasive a manner as possible.

## GUIDELINE 11.9 .5 DUTIES COMMON TO ALL POST JUDGMENT COUNSEL

- A. Counsel representing a capital client at any point after imposition of the death sentence should he familiar with the procedures by which execution dates are set and how notification of that date is made. Counsel should also be familiar with the procedures for seeking a stay of execution from all courts in which the case may be lodged when an execution date is set.
- B. Counsel should take immediate steps to seek a stay of execution, and to appeal from any denial of a stay, in any and all available courts when an execution date is set.
- C. Counsel should continually monitor the client's mental, physical and emotional condition to determine whether any deterioration in the client's condition warrants legal action.

**GUIDELINES WITH COMMENTARY** 

## **GUIDELINE 1.1 OBJECTIVE**

The objective in providing counsel in cases in which the death penalty is sought should be to ensure that quality legal representation is afforded to defendants eligible for the appointment of counsel during all stages of the case.

## Commentary:

In 1932, Mr. Justice Sutherland, writing for the United States Supreme Court in <u>Powell v.</u> <u>Alabama</u>, a death penalty case, said:

The right to be heard would be, in many cases, of little avail if it did not comprehend the right to be heard by counsel. Even the intelligent and educated layman has small and sometimes no skill in the science of law. If charged with crime, he is incapable, generally, of determining for himself whether the indictment is good or bad. He is unfamiliar with the rules of evidence. Left without the aid of counsel he may be put on trial without a proper charge, and convicted upon incompetent evidence, or evidence irrelevant to the issue or otherwise inadmissible. He lacks both the skill and knowledge adequately to prepare his defense, even though he has a perfect one. He requires the guiding hand of counsel at every step in the proceedings against him. Without it, though he may be not guilty, he faces the danger of conviction because he does not know how to establish his innocence. 1

Fifty-five years later, death penalty cases have become so specialized that defense counsel has duties and functions definably different from those of counsel in ordinary criminal cases. 2 The quality of counsel's "guiding hand" in modern capital cases is crucial. At every stage of a capital case, counsel must be aware of specialized and frequently changing legal principles and rules, and be able to develop strategies applying them in the pressure-filled environment of high-stakes, complex litigation.

Trial attorneys in death penalty cases must he able to apply sophisticated jury selection techniques, including attempted rehabilitation of venire members who initially state opposition to the death penalty. This is set out <u>infra</u> in Guideline 11.7.2 and accompanying commentary. Counsel must be experienced in the utilization of expert

witnesses and evidence, such as psychiatric and forensic evidence, Guidelines 11.4.1(d)(7), 11.8.6(b)(8), and must be able to zealously challenge the prosecution's evidence and experts through effective cross-examination. Utilization of experts has become the rule, rather than the exception, in proper preparation of capital cases. 3

A capital trial is, in substance, two separate trials -- the guilt/not guilty trial and the penalty trial. 4 Investigation of and planning for both phases must begin immediately upon counsel's entry into the case, Guideline 11.4.1. Counsel must at that time attempt to obtain the investigative resources necessary to prepare for both phases, Guidelines 11.4.1; 11.5.1(b)(9). Substantial pretrial investigation is a necessary base for intelligent assessment of possibly conflicting options as to the defense. Trial counsel must coordinate and integrate the evidence presented during the guilt phase with the projected evidence supporting an affirmative case for life at the penalty phase. See Guideline 11.7.1 and Guideline 11.8.1

In many capital cases, no credible argument for innocence exists, so that the life or death issue of punishment is the real focus of the entire case. 5 The Constitution requires individualization of the capital sentencing process. A capital defendant has the right to present his or her sentencer with any mitigating evidence that might save his or her life. 6 Counsel should he aware of methods to effectively advocate for the life of the client, and should strive for an effective defense presentation in every case, Guideline 11.8.1 et seq.

Currently, many indigent capital defendants are not receiving the assistance of a lawyer sufficiently skilled in practice to render quality assistance. 7 The facts set out in many published opinions provide graphic examples of inadequate performance by defense lawyers and the need for greater quality control.

In a Mississippi case, counsel's failure to present evidence during the sentencing phase left the jury unaware that the defendant was mentally retarded. **8** In a Florida case, assigned counsel never discussed the defendant's background with him, did not investigate for helpful sentencing phase evidence, and made a closing argument in which he indicated to the jury that he was representing the defendant reluctantly. **9** In a Georgia case, the defendant was procedurally barred from raising a meritorious jury claim based on the discriminatory

selection method because his volunteer lawyer failed to raise the issue at trial, on appeal, or in initial postconviction proceedings. **10** In a California case, counsel's failure to introduce evidence of the defendant's life history, character, and mental condition was compounded by his closing argument characterization of the defendant -- his client -- as a "monster." **11** 

Justice Marshall noted when dissenting from denial of a petition for certiorari in one case that the attorney had failed to investigate mitigating circumstances for his client, remaining ignorant of the potential testimony of many favorable witnesses including a city councilman, a former prosecutor, a professional football player, a bank vice-president and several teachers, coaches, friends and family members. Counsel's sole strategy to avoid the death penalty was to seek a bar to its imposition because the state had given only oral notice of the aggravating circumstances upon which it would rely. The notice statute in question did not specify written notice, and no state court had ever required written notice, yet counsel "was content to rest his entire defense, and the fate of his client, on an untried legal theory" 12 which was rejected. The client was sentenced to death.

In a Wyoming case in which defense counsel had competently conducted the guilt phase of a complex and lengthy capital case, Chief Justice Rose noted in a separate opinion in the state Supreme Court that the record revealed a serious problem at the penalty phase. When asked by the trial judge how much time he would need for the sentencing hearing, counsel had replied: "Two minutes. I'm serious. I have been in this position probably more than anybody in this room, multiplied by 5, okay, and there ain't nothing you can say. They (the jury) will do what they want and there is no point. **13** 

These and many other examples of poor performance by trial counsel 14 cannot be ignored on the theory that appellate or postconviction review will cure trial level error; in several instances deficient performance has not led to reversal. Due to the significant burdens placed upon defendants who challenge the adequacy of trial counsel, 15 the reluctance of appellate courts to grant relief based on unfairness in jury selection, 16 and the limits placed on federal courts to review habeas corpus claims of constitutional error, 17 the trial of capital defendants has become "virtually the whole ball game." 18 While some clients in capital cases do obtain relief on direct appeal and in postconviction proceedings, 19 the

best way to ensure that effective assistance of counsel is being provided is to attain greater quality control at the trial level. Guideline 1.1 therefore mandates quality representation at the trial level of a capital case.

The importance of quality legal representation at the trial phase of a capital case does not, on the other hand, diminish the need for quality representation at the post judgment level. The Federal Constitution guarantees the right to effective assistance of counsel on an appeal by right, **20** and other post judgment procedures are equally important in capital cases. The guiding hand of counsel must lead the condemned client through all available avenues of review. Decisions of an exceedingly technical nature must he made (e.g. whether to raise all discernible issues or only the strong ones on appeal, see Guideline 11.9.2 and accompanying commentary, or whether to raise an issue of ineffective assistance of trial counsel on the direct appeal or wait until collateral proceedings). **21** Appellate counsel must be familiar with the procedures for post appellate challenges in order to avoid any inadvertent waiver on appeal of issues that should he raised later, Guideline 11.9.2 and commentary.

While the Federal Constitutional right to counsel has not been extended to collateral postconviction proceedings, 22 the need for quality postconviction representation is nonetheless vital. Death row inmates who have found counsel to represent them in postconviction proceedings in the federal courts have secured rulings that their constitutional rights have bean violated in a much higher percentage of cases than is typical of criminal appeals generally. 23

Collateral proceedings present yet another set of obstacles unique to capital cases. In addition to the general, often difficult procedural requirements common to all habeas corpus actions, death penalty cases may be subject to rules that provide less time for preparation than is available in non-capital cases. **24** Substantive pleadings may have to be prepared simultaneously with, or even be delayed for, pleadings to stay the client's execution, Guideline 11.9.5. Only quality legal representation can see a defendant fairly through the maze of post judgment proceedings.

At least one state already provides for the appointment of counsel for collateral proceedings. **25** Capital defendants should not be subject to a "luck of the draw" with respect to counsel following an unsuccessful

appeal. **26** Guideline 1.1 mandates quality representation for indigents in a capital case through postconviction proceedings.

A general statement of high purpose alone will not suffice to ensure high quality representation. Attorney error is often the result of systemic problems, not individual deficiency. The provision of counsel for indigent capital defendants (where counsel is provided at all) often incorporates the worst features of the universally condemned ad hoc system for assigning counsel, which is at odds with the notion of quality representation. 27 Defender offices generally have the experience and dedication to provide quality representation in capital cases, but some individual defenders and many assigned counsel lack sufficient experience and dedication. Those attorneys who have adequate experience are often overworked and inadequately funded. 28 Inexperienced attorneys operating without support or supervision may find themselves "in over their heads", unable to make up with devotion their insufficient training and lack of resources. The Guidelines that follow address not just the goal of quality representation, but also the systematic provision of guidelines and resources to ensure that the goal is reached. They are intended to apply to defender offices as well as to individual assigned counsel, i.e. to all provision of counsel to indigent capital defendants.

Counsel whose advocacy does not reflect the highest standards of competency at each level of a capital case increases the "risk that the death penalty will be imposed in spite of factors which may call for a lass severe penalty. **29** On the basis of the above practice norms and constitutional requirements, this Guideline urges each jurisdiction to ensure that quality legal representation is provided to indigent capital defendants at all stages of their cases.

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. Powell v. Alabama, 287 U.S. 45, 68-69; 53 S. Ct. 55; 77 L. Ed. 158 (1932).
- 2. <u>See e.g.</u>, Marshall, <u>Remarks on the Death Penalty Made At the Judicial Conference of the Second Circuit</u>, 86 Columbia L. Rev. 1 (1986); Hengstler, <u>Attorneys for the Damned</u>, ABA J. 56, 57-59 (January 1, 1987).

- 3. For example, counsel should obtain an evaluation of the client by a psychiatrist and/or psychologist "for an expert account of who the defendant is and why he or she does what he (or she) does," Dept. of Public Advocacy, <u>KENTUCKY PUBLIC ADVOCATE</u>

  <u>DEATH PENALTY MANUAL</u> (3d ed.) p. 287. Counsel must be able to properly prepare the defendant and the expert for the examination and to correctly evaluate the strategic impact of the resulting expert opinion, whether or not the expert actually testifies.
- 4. <u>See Bullington v. Missouri</u>, 451 U.S. 430, 438-446, 101 S. Ct. 1852, 68 L. Ed. 2d 270 (1981).
- 5. Balske, <u>The Penalty Phase Trial: a Practical Guide</u>, The Champion, (March, 1984) p. 40, reprinted in California Attorneys for Criminal Justice and California Public Defenders Association, <u>CALIFORNIA DEATH PENALTY DEFENSE MANUAL</u>, Vol. II, p. H-6 (1986).
- 6. <u>Lockett v. Ohio</u>, 438 U.S. 586, 604, 98 S. Ct. 2954, 57 L. Ed. 2d 973 (1978); <u>Woodson v. North Carolina</u>, 428 U.S. 280, 305, 96 S. Ct. 2978, 49 L. Ed. 2d 944 (1976).
- 7. <u>See generally</u>. Marshall, <u>supra</u> note 2.
- 8. <u>Jones v., Thigpen</u>, 555 F. Supp. 870, 878-79 (S.D. Miss. 1983), <u>modified</u>, 741 F.2d 805 (5th Cir. 1984).
- 9. <u>King v. Strickland</u>, 748 F.2d 1462, 1464 (11th Cir. 1984), <u>cert. denied</u>, 105 S. Ct. 2020 (1985). The 11th Circuit held this behavior ineffective assistance of counsel under the test of <u>Strickland v. Washington</u>, 466 U.S. 668, 104 S. Ct. 2052, 80 L. Ed. 2d 674 (1984).
- 10. Smith v. Kemp, 715 F.2d 1459 (11th Cir. 1983), cert denied, 464 U.S. 1003, 104 S. Ct. 510 (1983), discussed in Tabak, The Death of Fairness: The Arbitrary and Capricious Imposition of the Death Penalty in the 1980's. XIV N.Y.U. Rev. L. & Soc. Change 797, 840 (1986). The defendant's wife was convicted for the same offense. The same jury issue was raised on her behalf at initial postconviction proceedings and was ultimately successful, id.
- People v. Jackson, 28 Cal. 3d 264, 618 P.2d 149, 168 Cal. Rptr. 603 (1980), cert. denied,
   450 U.S. 1035 (1981). See also, Note, Effective Assistance of Counsel in Capital Cases, 58
   N.Y.U. L. Rev. 299, 303

- (1983), wherein the author compares <u>Jackson</u> with a factually similar California case in which the jury spared the defendant's life, and concludes that the difference in results depended upon the performance of counsel, particularly at the penalty phase of the trial.
- 12. <u>Mitchell v. Kemp</u>, \_U.S.\_, 107 S. Ct. 3248, 97 L. Ed. 2d 774 (1987); (Marshall, J., dissenting from denial of certiorari).
- 13. <u>Hopkinson v. State</u>, 632 P.2d 79, 197 n. 13 (Wyo. 1981), (Rose, C.J., dissenting in part and concurring in part).
- 14. For a more complete listing of cases in which counsel apparently failed to put on a meaningful penalty trial, see Note, Effective Assistance of Counsel in Capital Cases, 58 N.Y.U. L. Rev. 299, n.151 (1983).
- See Strickland v. Washington, supra note 9; Cronic v. United States, 466 U.S. 648, 104 S. Ct. 2039, 80 L. Ed. 2d 657 (1984).
- 16. See Tabak, The Death of Fairness, supra note 10, at 811.
- 17. <u>See Engle v. Issac</u>, 456 U.S. 107; 102 S. Ct. 1558; 71 L. Ed. 2d 83 (1982); <u>Wainwright v. Sykes</u>. 433 U.S. 72; 97 S. Ct. 2497, 53 L. Ed. 2d 594 (1977); <u>see also</u>, Catz, <u>Federal Habeas Corpus and the Death Penalty: Need for a Preclusion Doctrine Exception</u>, 18 U.C. Davis L. Rev. 1177, 1180 (1985).
- 18. Geimer, <u>Death at Any Cost: A Critique of the Supreme Court's Recent Retreat From Its Death Penalty Standards</u>, 12 Fla. St. U. L. Rev. 737, 779 (1985).
- 19. See Tabak, The Death of Fairness, supra note 10, at 829-830.
- 20. Evitts v. Lucey, 469 U.S. 387; 105 S. Ct 830; 83 L. Ed. 2d 821 (1985).
- 21. <u>See e.g.</u> Indiana Public Defender Council, <u>INDIANA DEATH PENALTY DEFENSE MANUAL</u>, Vol. 111, p. 8-4 through 8-5 (1985).

- 22. Pennsylvania v. Finley, 481 U.S.\_\_: 107 S. Ct. 1990; 95 L. Ed. 2d 539 (1987). In Giarratano v. Murray, \_ F. 2d\_ (#87-7518, 6/3/88), the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit en bane, affirmed the finding of the district court that death row inmates in Virginia are entitled to counsel in state postconviction proceedings. However, both the district court and Fourth Circuit opinions are based on the Fourteenth Amendment right of inmates to meaningful access to the courts as enunciated in Bounds v. Smith, 430 U.S. 817 (1977). The district court and the Fourth Circuit chose to ignore the Sixth Amendment claims raised by Giarratano.
- 23. Tabak, <u>The Death of Fairness</u>. <u>supra</u> note 10, at 830-831; <u>See also</u> American Bar Association Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Caseload and Cost Projections for Federal Habeas Corpus Death Penalty Cases in FY 1988 and FY 1989 (1987), Introduction, quoting Judge Godbold of the Eleventh Circuit:</u>
  - "Is this review for constitutional error meaningful? It is. Of the death penalty cases receiving federal court review in this circuit, error of constitutional dimension is found in over half the cases."
- 24. Tabak, The Death of Fairness, supra note 10, at 835. See also Elvin, Where Are the Lawyers?, Journal of the National Prison Prospect, p. 3, Summer 1987, quoting testimony of capital attorney Jack Boger in the district court proceedings in Giarratano, supra: "A complete knowledge of federal constitutional criminal procedure law and state substantive criminal law is rudimentary for postconviction counsel (including)... federal habeas corpus procedural law, which is complicated by doctrines of law unique to those proceedings ... (#85-0655-R, E.D. Va. Dec. 1986).
- See also, American Bar Association Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Time & Expense Analysis in Postconviction Death Penalty Cases</u> (February, 1987) p. 22, quoted in part in Criminal Justice Newsletter, Vol. 18, #10, p. 4 (May 15, 1987). One attorney responding to the questionnaire used in that study said:

"I have been involved, both as plaintiff's counsel and defense counsel, in major, protracted litigation of several different types, particularly civil rights litigation. No case I have ever handled compares in complexity with my Florida death penalty case. The death penalty jurisprudence is unintelligible; it is inconsistent and, at times, irrational. In addition, it is evolving. It constantly changes. In short, there is nothing more difficult, more time consuming, more expensive, and more emotionally exhausting than handling a death penalty case after conviction."

- 25. Fla. Stat. Ann. 27.701 <u>et seq.</u>, establishing the Office of the Capital Collateral Representative.
- 26. Tabak, The Death of Fairness, supra note 10, at 830.
- 27. The call for quality representation in capital cases is consistent with national guidelines which reject the ad hoc or informal assignment of criminal cases because that method frequently results in inexperienced counsel and overall lack of quality control. See American Bar Association, Standards For Criminal Justice (hereinafter ABA Standards), Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.1; NLADA National Study Commission on Defense Services, Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems, 2.3; NLADA, Standards for Defender Services, 1.2(b); National Advisory Commission, Courts 13.5.
- 28. Goodpaster, <u>The Trial for Life: Effective Assistance of Counsel in Death Penalty Cases</u>, 58 N.Y.U. L. Rev. 299, 356 (1983).
- 29. Lockett, supra note 6, 438 U.S. at 605.

#### GUIDELINE 2.1 NUMBER OF ATTORNEYS PER CASE

In cases where the death penalty is sought, two qualified trial attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant. In cases where the death penalty has been imposed, two qualified appellate attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant. In cases where appellate proceedings have bean completed or are not available and the death penalty has been imposed, two qualified postconviction attorneys should be assigned to represent the defendant.

#### Commentary:

The appointment of two attorneys as trial counsel is designed to improve representation of indigent capital defendants and is consistent with the position adopted by the American Bar Association 1 as well as several states. 2

As discussed in Guideline 1.1 and accompanying commentary, the defendant is constitutionally entitled to legal assistance of sufficient quality so as to prepare an adequate defense at trial and an adequate appeal. In the context of capital litigation, this mandate is difficult to fulfill where the heavy responsibilities of representation are placed in the hands of a single attorney.

As described in the commentary to Guideline 1.1 and in the performance Guidelines of section 11, counsel must be an advocate for life as veil as a defensive tactician. Trial counsel must: obtain the investigative resources necessary to prepare thoroughly for both the guilt and penalty phases of trial, Guidelines 8.1; 11.4.1; and 11.5.1 (b) (9); conduct extensive research in search of precedent helpful to the client; conduct thorough crime and life-history investigations in preparation for both phases of trial, Guideline 11.4.1; integrate the defense theory and strategy used during the guilt phase with the projected affirmative case for life at the penalty phase, Guideline 11.7.1; prepare witnesses for both phases of trial; and present all reasonably available mitigating evidence helpful to the defendant for the purpose of convincing the judge or jury not to impose a sentence of death, Guideline 11.8. Preparation for the penalty phase, as well as the adjudication phase, must begin immediately after counsel has been appointed to represent the defendant.

Because many of the duties of defense counsel in capital cases are definably different from those performed by counsel in criminal cases generally, because there are many rapid developments in the complex body of law affecting death penalty cases, and especially because of the harsh and irrevocable nature of the potential penalty, the responsibilities of trial counsel are sufficiently onerous to require the appointment of two attorneys as trial counsel in order to ensure that the capital defendant receives the best possible representation. The appointment of co-counsel at trial is not only meant to provide lead counsel with assistance in the preparation of both trial and penalty phases of the case, but also to provide lead counsel with different perspectives on the issues inherent in each stage of the proceedings. The collegial atmosphere of a given defender office should not he viewed as a substitute for formal designation of at least two attorneys (within the office) as counsel in a capital case.

Similarly, the need to provide effective assistance of counsel on appeal requires the appointment of two competent appellate attorneys. The quality of appellate representation provided capital defendants is often in jeopardy where essential duties are borne by a single lawyer. Appellate work in a capital case is time-consuming and difficult:

... a typical death penalty appeal has a record of 5,000 pales and requires an expenditure of approximately 800-900 hours of attorney time over a two to three year period. A companion habeas corpus petition can add another 50 to 200 hours. The opening brief in a capital appeal can run to 200 pages, or more, and raise a wide variety of guilt and penalty issues. In contrast, the tropical non-capital appeal or writ in which the Supreme Court grants hearing involves a much shorter record and focuses on fewer issues.

Attorneys with less appellate experience, or with less time available to devote to a case, may therefore wish to seek appointment in a non-capital appeal or writ instead of a capital appeal. 3

Substantive work must often be done simultaneously with motions to stay the execution, etc., <u>see</u> Guideline 11.9.4, 11.9.5. Two attorneys, whether within an appellate defender office or appointed by the court, are required.

While provision of postconviction counsel to death-sentenced indigent defendants is not yet viewed as a Federal Constitutional requirement, 4 it is essential. The judiciary and the bar are recognizing this practical reality in jurisdictions across the country. See commentary to Guideline 1.1.

Representing a death-sentenced client in postconviction proceedings is as demanding as -- or, if that is possible, even more demanding than -- the tasks faced by other capital counsel. Especially when a death warrant has been signed, counsel is subjected to demands virtually impossible to meet physically, economically, temporally and emotionally. Seeking to ward off imminent execution while continuing to challenge the validity of the client's conviction and sentence nay require filing pleadings almost simultaneously in several courts (often some distance apart). Investigation of factual issues may be necessary, and consultation with the client will require counsel's time and presence at yet another location. 5 Two attorneys should be provided at this stage. 6

Pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in Guideline 5.1, one of the two attorneys at each stage should be designated and act as the lead counsel, and the other should be designated co-counsel.

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. <u>ABA Criminal Justice Section Wins Approval for Two Resolutions</u>. 36 Crim. L. Rep. (BNA) 2427 (March 6,1985).
- 2. <u>E.g.</u>, 111. Rev. Stat. Ch. 110A Sec. 607 (1978); N.C. Supreme Court Rules Article IV 4.9(a)(1986); Rule 65, <u>Qualifications for Eligibility to be Court-Appointed Counsel for Indigent Capital Defendants in the Courts of Ohio</u>. adopted by the Ohio Supreme Court on October 14, 1987.
- 3. This statement is made by Michael G. Millman, Executive Director of the California Appellate Prospect (CAP), in a standard letter sent to attorneys who are inquiring about appointments from the California Supreme Court in indigent criminal appeals. CAP is a non-profit corporation which assists the court in making appointments of counsel, and works with counsel -- particularly on death penalty appeals -- to assist in providing the requisite high quality of representation.

- 4. Pennsylvania v. Finley, 481 U.S. : 107 S. Ct. 1990; 95 L. Ed. 2d 539 (1987).
- 5. <u>See e.g.</u>, American Bar Association, Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Time & Expense Analysis in Postconviction Death Penalty Cases</u> (February, 1987) p. 21-26.
- 6. ABA Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Caseload and Cost Projections for Federal Habeas Corpus Death Penalty Cases in FY 1988 and FY 1989</u> (1987) p. 74.

#### GUIDELINE 3. 1 THE LEGAL REPRESENTATION PLAN

The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should include: measures to formalize the process by which attorneys are assigned to represent capital defendants. To accomplish this goal, the plan should designate a body (appointing authority) within the Jurisdiction which will be responsible for performing all duties in connection with the appointment of counsel as set forth by these Guidelines. This Guideline envisions two equally acceptable approaches for formalizing the process of appointment:

- a. The authority to recruit and select competent attorneys to provide representation in capital cases may be centralized in the defender office or assigned counsel program of the jurisdiction. The defender office or assigned counsel program should adopt standards and procedures for the appointment of counsel in capital cases consistent with these Guidelines, and perform all duties in connection with the appointment process as set forth in these Guidelines.
- b. In Jurisdictions where it is not feasible to centralize the tasks of recruiting and selecting competent counsel for capital cases in a defender office or assigned counsel program, the legal representation plan should provide for a special appointments committee to consist of no fewer than five attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdictions;
  - ii. have practiced law in the field of criminal defense for not less than five years;
  - iii. have demonstrated knowledge of the specialized nature of practice involved in capital cases;
  - iv. are knowledgeable about criminal defense practitioners in the jurisdiction; and
  - v. are dedicated to quality legal representation in capital cases.

The committee should adopt standards and procedures for the appointment of counsel in capital cases, consistent with these Guidelines, and perform all duties in connection with the appointment process.

## **Commentary**:

Each jurisdiction should take effective measures to formalize the process by which attorneys are assigned to represent capital defendants. This Guideline provides two approaches for accomplishing this goal. The appropriateness of either approach depends in large part upon the nature of the legal representation plan for each jurisdiction.

For example, this Guideline acknowledges that effective procedures for the recruitment, appointment, and monitoring of qualified attorneys in capital cases are already in place in some defender offices and assigned counsel programs or could be developed and implemented within these programs. Assuming these pre-existing or newly developed procedures are sufficient to ensure the appointment of qualified attorneys in capital cases, this Guideline -- in jurisdictions where the appointment function is centralized in a defender office or assigned counsel program -- does not call for the establishment of a special committee as described in subsection (b). This Guideline emphasizes, however, that defender offices and assigned counsel programs entrusted with the task of assigning qualified counsel in capital cases should perform their duties in a manner consistent with these Guidelines, particularly as regards the application of attorney eligibility criteria. See Guideline 5.1.

This Guideline also acknowledges those jurisdictions where it is not feasible or possible to centralize in a defender office or assigned counsel program the tasks of recruiting and selecting qualified attorneys in capital cases. The legal representation plan for these jurisdictions should include measures to centralize the authority to make such assignments in a committee composed of knowledgeable attorneys, who should devise standards and procedures for the provision of counsel as well as perform duties relating to the administration of the assignment system. These administrative tasks include: the establishment of performance standards, Guidelines 11.1 and 11.2; the collection of names of qualified members of the bar and the assignment of qualified attorneys to individual cases, Guidelines 4.1 and 5.1; the monitoring of attorney performance and workload, Guidelines 6.1 and 7.1; the acquisition of adequate resources for support services and the provision of training programs, Guidelines 8.1 and 9.1; and the approval of compensation vouchers submitted by appointed lawyers, Guideline 10.1.

An important function of the committee is to exercise general supervision over the administration of a program composed of lawyers performing professional work. 1 Accordingly, the members of the committee should also be members of the bar, since this tends "to assure a response to the needs and problems of the program grounded in an understanding of the lawyer's professional function and responsibility." 2 Similarly, because of the unique specialization of criminal defense practice involved in capital litigation, it is desirable for all of the attorney committee members to have not only a general background in criminal defense, but also a working knowledge of the issues involved in litigating a death penalty case. Possession of such knowledge has the additional advantage of enabling committee members, if requested by appointed counsel, to provide advice on the handling of specific cases, as well as provide information concerning recent criminal law and procedure developments, written materials on criminal defense, and appropriate training programs. 3

An effective means of securing professional independence for assigned counsel is to place responsibility for the decisions concerning the assignment of counsel in a committee whose members are themselves free from conflicts-of- interest or partisanship and are able to act in an objective fashion as dictated by their best professional judgment. **4** Consequently, the membership of the committee on appointments should not include prosecutors or judges. This restriction is necessary in order to:

remove any implication that defense attorneys under the system are subject to the control of those who appear as their adversaries or before whom they must appear in the representation of defendants, except as judges are charged with the disciplinary supervision of all members of the bar. 5

In order to preserve the integrity of the committee and the appointments process, a lawyer should never be assigned for reasons personal to the committee members making assignments, **6** Guideline 4.1. However, because most assignments in capital cases are to local counsel, it is desirable for committee members to be familiar with criminal lawyers practicing in the jurisdiction, **7** in order to make more informed decisions regarding an attorney's ability to provide quality representation.

Courtroom observation of a particular attorney, for example, may assist committee members in assessing the attorney's eligibility to represent capital clients pursuant to Guideline 5.1.

Where assignment by the court is made to a defender office, the office must ensure that the individual attorneys designated to handle capital cases are qualified under Guideline 5.1 and that the other Guidelines are adhered to.

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. <u>See ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.3 commentary.
- 2. Id.
- 3. <u>See ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.1 commentary.
- 4. <u>See ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.3 commentary.
- 5. <u>Id. See also</u>, California Standing Committee on Delivery of Legal Services to Criminal Defendants, <u>Report on the Independence of the Criminal Defense Bar and Standards Relating to Professional competence of Appointed Counsel</u>, 3-4 (1980).
- 6. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.1.
- 7. <u>See North Carolina Supreme Court Rules, article IV 4.2(c) (1980).</u>

#### GUIDELINE 4.1 SELECTION OF COUNSEL

- A. The legal representation plan should provide for a systematic and publicized method for distributing assignments in capital cases as widely as possible among qualified members of the bar.
- B. The appointing authority should develop procedures to be used in establishing two rosters of attorneys who are competent and available to represent indigent capital defendants. The first roster should contain the names of attorneys eligible for appointment as lead defense counsel for trial, appeal or postconviction pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in Guideline 5.1; the second roster should contain the names of attorneys eligible for appointment co-counsel for trial, appeal or postconviction pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in the same Guideline.
- C. The appointing authority should review applications from attorneys concerning their placement on the roster of eligible attorneys from which assignments are made, as discussed in subsection (b). The review of an application should include a thorough investigation of the attorney's background, experience, and training, and an assessment of whether the attorney is competent to provide quality legal representation to the client pursuant to the qualification requirements specified in Guideline 5.1 and the performance standards established pursuant to Guidelines 11.1 and 11.2. An attorney's name should he placed on either roster upon a majority vote of the committee.
- D. Assignments should then be made in the sequence that the names appear on the roster of eligible attorneys. Departures from the practice of strict rotation of assignments may be made when such departure will protect the best interests of the client. A lawyer should never be assigned for reasons personal to the committee members making assignments.
  - In jurisdictions where a defender office or other entity by law receives a specific portion of or all assignments, the procedures in (b) through (d) above should be followed for cases which the defender office or other entity cannot accept due to conflicts of interest or other reasons.

#### Commentary:

The importance of systematically assigning counsel in capital cases has been previously noted in the commentaries to Guidelines 1.1 and 3.1. Once the legal representation plan has been developed, the procedures for distributing assignments should be placed in writing and be publicized. Publicity is necessary to:

dispel doubts concerning the method by which defense of the accused is being achieved and fosters scrutiny of the plan by the bar and public. 1

Publication of the terms of the plan:

ensures that the bar is aware of the process by which counsel is being provided and promotes public confidence in the defender and assigned counsel programs, which is essential if they are to be financed adequately and operate effectively. 2

Moreover, since the overall goal of the legal representation plan should be to ensure the presence of sufficient numbers of attorneys capable of providing competent legal services to capital clients, the terms of the plan should be publicized in a manner which attracts participation from the largest possible number of qualified criminal practitioners in the jurisdiction. 3

The appointing authority is charged with the task of assessing the qualifications of attorneys who wish to represent capital defendants. Consistent with Guideline 2.1, two qualified attorneys should be assigned to each case, one designated as the lead defense counsel and the other co-counsel.

It should be the responsibility of the appointing authority to devise separate lists of attorneys who are able and willing to provide such services. A meaningful review of each request for inclusion on the lists should include a careful matching of the attorney's qualifications with the eligibility criteria listed in Guideline 5.1. In order to make informed decisions on eligibility, the appointing authority should have sufficient flexibility to gather as much relevant information as possible to secure a fair picture of the applicant's ability and experience. The committee should utilize whatever sources of information it deems appropriate, including contact with the applicant, with

judges before whom the applicant has appeared, with others who are familiar with the applicant's professional abilities, in-court observations, writing samples and the like.

Reference should be made to the performance standards established pursuant to Guidelines 11.1 and 11.2 when evaluating information received as to the prior performance in a capital case of attorneys seeking to establish eligibility for placement on the roster. The review process should be conducted pursuant to Guideline 5.1 on attorney eligibility in order to ensure that appointments will be made on the basis of ability and not upon unrelated factors.

Simplicity and fairness in the allocation of cases to eligible attorneys are ensured by automatically rotating the names on each roster with limited exceptions for cause. This Guideline's rotation scheme parallels those recommended in other national standards relating to defense services. The ABA's Standards for Providing Defense Services state that "(o)rdinarily, assignments should be made in the sequence that the names appear on the roster of eligible lawyers" in order "to avoid patronage and its appearance, and to ensure fair distribution of assignments among all whose names appear on the roster of eligible lawyers." 4 A similar view is expressed by the National Study Commission on Defense Services: "Although methods of assigning cases may vary with local procedures and conditions, the administrator, in designing the systems and making assignments, should (distribute cases) in an equitable way among the panel members to ensure balanced workloads through a rotating system with allowances for variance when necessary." 5

Consistent with these recommendations, Guideline 4.1 states that exceptions to strict rotation should be limited to instances where departure would serve the best interests of the client.

Three of these exceptions bear special mention. Where the rotational appointment of a designated lawyer is impossible due to a conflict of interest, the assignment should be distributed to the next eligible lawyer on the list. 6 A second exception should allow consideration of a defendant's preference for a particular attorney. While it is true that the indigent defendant does not enjoy the right to select the private lawyer of his choice, **7** "there is much to be said for allowing the (indigent)

defendant, when administratively feasible, the same freedom of action available to the defendant of means.: **8** Where the desired attorney is otherwise willing and eligible to accept the assignment, there is no reason not to accommodate the defendant's choice when possible. 9 A third exception should permit deviation from the established sequence where the nature of the charges or other circumstances requires the appointment of a lawyer possessing special qualifications to serve in the case. **10** 

If applicable law provides that a defender office or other entity is to be assigned to a given portion of all indigent capital defendants, the rotation system should be followed to the extent possible. For example, if a defender office receives half of all assignments, the office name could alternate on the list with other eligible counsel. The rotation system should be used for all cases which the defender office or other entity cannot accept, subject to the caveats set out above.

### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.1 commentary.
- 2. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.2 commentary.
- 3. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.2 commentary; <u>see also</u>, <u>ABA Standards</u>, The Defense Function, Standard 4-1.5 commentary.
- 4. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.3; <u>see also</u>, <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.1.
- 5. NLADA, National Study Commission on Defense Services, <u>Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems</u>. 2.16 (1976).
- 6. See ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.3 commentary.
- 7. Trial judges have absolute discretion in deciding whether to grant the request of an indigent defendant for a particular lawyer. <u>E.g.</u>, <u>Drumgo v. Superior Court.</u> 8 Cal. 3d 930, 506 P.2d 1007, 106 Cal. Rptr. (1973).

- 8. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.3 commentary.
- 9. <u>See NLADA</u>, National Study Commission on Defense Services, <u>Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems</u>, 5.12. (1976).
- 10. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.3.

# **GUIDELINE 5.1 ATTORNEY ELIGIBILITY**

The appointing authority should distribute assignments in capital cases to attorneys who qualify under either of the alternative procedures detailed below in paragraphs I. TRIAL, II. APPEAL, and III. POSTCONVICTION.

### 1. TRIAL

- A. Lead trial counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to pro hac vice; and
  - ii. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least five years litigation experience in the field of criminal defenses; and
  - iii. have prior experience as lead counsel in no fewer than nine jury trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, as well as prior experience as lead counsel or co-counsel in at least one case in which the death penalty was sought. In addition, of the nine jury trials which were tried to completion, the attorney should have been lead counsel in at least three cases in which the charge was murder or aggravated murder; or alternatively, of the nine jury trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and an additional five were felony jury trials; and
  - iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the criminal courts of the jurisdiction; and
  - v. are familiar with and experienced in the utilization of expert witnesses and evidence, including, but not limited to, psychiatric and forensic evidence; and
  - vi. have attended and successfully completed, within one year of their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and

- vii. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.
- B. Trial co-counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice; and
  - ii. who qualify as lead counsel under paragraph(s) of this Guideline or meet the following requirements:
    - a. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least three years litigation experience in the field of criminal defenses; and
    - b. have prior experience as lead counsel or co-counsel in no fewer than three jury trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, at least two of which are trials in which the charge was murder or aggravated murder or alternatively, of the three jury trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and one was a felony jury trial; and
    - c. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the criminal courts of the jurisdiction; and
    - d. have completed within one year of their appointment at least one training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and
    - e. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.

- C. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial experience or extensive civil litigation experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in the trial of death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraphs A or B above;
  - ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;
  - iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

# II. APPEAL

- A. Lead appellate counsel assignments should be distributed to attorneys who:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice pro hac vice: and
  - ii. are experienced and active trial or appellate practitioners with at least three years experience in the field of criminal defense; and
  - have prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel or co-counsel in the appeal of at least one case where a sentence of death was imposed, as well as prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel in the appeal of no fewer than three felony convictions in federal or state court, at least one of which was an appeal of murder or aggravated

murder conviction; or alternatively, have prior experience within the last three years as lead counsel in the appeal of no fewer than six felony convictions in federal or state court, at least two of which were appeals of a murder or aggravated murder convictions; and

- iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appellate courts of the jurisdiction; and
- v. have attended and successfully completed, within one year prior to their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the appeal of cases in which a sentence of death was imposed; and
- vi. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.
- B. Appellate co-counsel assignments may be distributed to attorneys who have less experience than attorneys who qualify as lead appellate counsel. At a minimum, however, appellate co-counsel candidates must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the appointing authority that they:
  - i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice <u>pro hac vice</u>; and
  - ii. have demonstrated adequate proficiency in appellate advocacy in the field of felony defense; and
  - iii. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appellate courts of the jurisdiction; and
  - iv. have attended and successfully completed within two years of their appointment a training or educational program on criminal appellate advocacy.

- C. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial and/or appellate experience or extensive civil litigation and/or appellate experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in the trial and/or appeal of death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraphs A or B above;
  - ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;
  - iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

#### III. POSTCONVICTION

Assignments to represent indigents in postconviction proceedings in capital cases should be distributed to attorneys who:

- i. are members of the bar admitted to practice in the jurisdiction or admitted to practice <u>pro hac vice</u>; and
- ii. are experienced and active trial practitioners with at least three years litigation experience in the field of criminal defenses; and
- iii. have prior experience as counsel in no fewer than five jury or bench trials of serious and complex cases which were tried to completion, as well as prior experience as postconviction counsel in at least three cases in state or federal court. In

addition, of the five jury or bench trials which were tried to completion, the attorney should have been counsel in at least three cases in which the charge was murder or aggravated murders or alternatively, of the five trials, at least one was a murder or aggravated murder trial and an additional three were felony jury trials; and

- iv. are familiar with the practice and procedure of the appropriate courts of the jurisdiction; and
- v. have attended and successfully completed, within one year prior to their appointment, a training or educational program on criminal advocacy which focused on the postconviction phase of a criminal case, or alternatively, a program which focused on the trial of cases in which the death penalty is sought; and
- vi. have demonstrated the necessary proficiency and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases.

In addition to the experience level detailed above, it is desirable that at least one of the two postconviction attorneys <u>also</u> possesses appellate experience at the level described in 11.B. above (relating to appellate co-counsel).

- B. Alternate Procedures: Appointments for lead and co-counsel assignments may also be distributed to persons with extensive criminal trial, appellate and/or postconviction experience or extensive civil litigation and/or appellate experience, if it is clearly demonstrated to the appointing authority that competent representation will be provided to the capitally charged indigent defendant. Lawyers appointed under this paragraph shall meet one or more of the following qualifications:
  - i. Experience in trial, appeal and/or postconviction representation in death penalty cases which does not meet the levels detailed in paragraph A above;

- ii. Specialized post-graduate training in the defense of persons accused of capital crimes;
  - iii. The availability of ongoing consultation support from experienced death penalty counsel.

Attorneys appointed under this paragraph should be prescreened by a panel of experienced death penalty attorneys (see Guideline 3.1) to ensure that they will provide competent representation.

## Commentary:

Eligibility requirements for capital counsel are aimed at providing highly qualified and dedicated attorneys to defendants who face the most serious of consequences -death. Consequently, the appointing authority should adopt eligibility standards which reflect at least seven essential quality control criteria necessary for the selection of able counsel at all levels in capital cases:

- i. license or permission to practice in the jurisdiction;
- ii. general background in criminal defense work;
- iii. demonstrated experience in felony practice at the appropriate level (trial, appeals, postconviction);
- iv. demonstrated experience in death penalty litigations;
- v. familiarity with the requisite court system(s);
- vi. significant and continuous training in death penalty litigation; and
- vii. demonstrated proficiency and commitment to quality representation. Additionally, eligibility standards should require trial counsel to have demonstrated experience with expert witnesses and evidence. Drafters of local eligibility standards are encouraged to consider additional criteria which will enhance the quality of representation provided. See Guideline 11.1 et seq. and accompanying commentary. Once the standards have been developed, the objective of effective representation requires consistent and continuous application of the quality control criteria in order to ensure that defendants facing the prospect of death are not receiving inadequate representation.

The importance of distributing assignments to experienced attorneys possessing a substantial background in criminal defense practice has been previously noted. <u>See</u> commentaries to Guidelines 1.1, 2.1, and to the performance Guidelines in section 11. As in all criminal cases, it is elemental that assigned counsel be familiar with the practice and procedure of the courts where the client's case will be heard. **1** 

As discussed in Guidelines 1.1, 11.4.1, 11.7.2 and 11.8, verdicts and sentencing decisions in capital cases often turn upon the submission by both the prosecution and defense of evidence from expert witnesses. Eligible trial attorneys should therefore be adept at using expert evidence to the advantage of the client, and at cross-examining prosecution witnesses.

All assigned counsel should be required to receive relevant training on a periodic basis in order to enhance their advocacy skills; the changing nature of capital jurisprudence 2 requires capital counsel to keep abreast of constantly changing legal developments relating to death penalty matters. At all levels of capital representation, counsel should have the necessary skill and knowledge to provide quality representation.

This Guideline recognizes that fulfillment of the experiential criteria or its equivalent is a necessary, but not a sufficient, prerequisite for attorney eligibility. There may be instances where an attorney's background objectively satisfies the experiential criteria, but his or her past performance did not represent the level of proficiency or commitment necessary for the adequate representation of a client in a capital case. Such an attorney should be excluded from the roster list. Consequently, before placing an attorney's name on a roster list, the appointing authority should make an initial determination regarding the attorney's ability to satisfy the experiential criteria. The appointing authority should then make a second determination that the attorney's past performance exemplifies the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases, utilizing the Guidelines established by the authority pursuant to Guideline 11.1. The application of this two-pronged eligibility test will help prevent the mechanical assignment of cases to experientially qualified attorneys who have not demonstrated the requisite skill, dedication, or commitment necessary for capital cases.

This Guideline acknowledges that there are many attorneys who do not possess the experiential criteria detailed in the Guideline, but who should receive appointments because they will provide competent representation at trial, appeal and/or postconviction. Such attorneys may have criminal law experience which does not meet the experiential criteria, may have attended training in death penalty defense representation or may have substantial experience in civil practice. These attorneys should receive appointments if the appointing authority is satisfied the defendant or inmate will be provided with the same quality of representation as clients represented by attorneys who met the experiential criteria. Attorneys who are appointed under the "Alternate Procedures" clauses of this Guideline obviously have an obligation to consult with other attorneys who are expert in death penalty defense, to attend specialized training and to do whatever else is necessary to allow them to provide competent representation to their clients.

Where the appointment of counsel is to a defender office, the appointing authority may permit both lead and co-counsel to be designated by the office, but should determine that these Guidelines are being used in making that designation.

The resources and experience of an office as a whole may be considered as one factor in determining the qualification of the individual attorneys within that office, but cannot substitute for the personal qualifications of the individual attorneys actually handling death penalty cases. For example, the resources and experience of the office might justify allowing an otherwise qualified attorney within that office to act as lead counsel after somewhat less than five years of personal litigation experience (Guideline 5.1.1.A (ii)) but could not justify allowing an attorney within that office to act as death penalty counsel after only minimal personal criminal litigation experience.

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.2 commentary.
- 2. <u>See e.g.</u>, the quote of a capital postconviction attorney describing death penalty jurisprudence as "unintelligible," "inconsistent and at times, irrational" as well as "evolving... constantly

chang(ing)." American Bar Association, Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Time & Expense Analysis in Postconviction Death Penalty Cases</u> (February, 1987) p. 22, quoted in part in Criminal Justice Newsletter, Vol. 18, #10, p. 4 (May 15, 1987).

# GUIDELINE 6.1 WORKLOAD

Attorneys accepting appointments pursuant to these Guidelines should provide each client with quality representation in accordance with constitutional and professional standards. Capital counsel should not accept workloads which, by reason of their excessive size, interfere with the rendering of quality representation or lead to the breach of professional obligations.

### **Commentary:**

The goal in providing defense services in capital cases should be to ensure high quality legal representation to persons unable to afford counsel. <u>See</u> Guideline 1.1. The caseload of an attorney receiving assignments pursuant to these Guidelines should, therefore, permit him or her to provide each client with the time and effort necessary to ensure effective representation. As the American Bar Association has noted:

One of the single most important impediments to the furnishing of quality defense services for the poor is the presence of excessive caseloads. All too often in defender organizations, attorneys are asked to provide representation in too many cases. Unfortunately, not even the most able and industrious lawyers can provide quality representation when their workloads are unmanageable. Excessive workloads, moreover, lead to attorney frustration, disillusionment by clients, and weakening of the adversary system. 1

Assignments should be distributed in light of each attorney's duties under the Code of Professional Responsibility not to accept "employment...when he is unable to render competent service..." 2 or to handle cases "without preparation adequate in the circumstances." 3 Similarly, counsel -- including defender offices -- should be admonished not to accept more assignments than they can reasonably discharge 4 or to accept a client where the representation will be materially limited by the attorney's responsibilities to another client or to a third person.5

In accordance with these principles, the appointing authority is urged to assess the non-capital workload (including private practice, if any) as well as death penalty workloads of eligible attorneys to determine whether the workloads are excessive. To assist in

assessing workloads, some defender offices have established caseload guidelines which are useful in determining whether the workload of a particular attorney is excessive. **6** These guidelines may be consulted as one measure of appropriate workloads. Assignments per attorney should be limited to an appropriate level consistent with the lawyer's ability to provide each client with quality representation in accordance with constitutional and professional standards. This limitation is applicable to defender offices as well as to members of the private bar.

As stated in Guideline 4.1, exceptions to the practice of strict rotation of assignments should be permitted in instances where departure would serve the best interests of the client. This may require that some attorneys receive more assignments than other attorneys. The instant Guideline, therefore, should not be read as requiring identical caseloads among the attorneys who are qualified to receive appointments. Where a particular attorney is receiving additional assignments, the appointing authority should be especially diligent in ensuring that the caseload is consistent with the lawyer's ability to provide quality representation to each client.

### FOOTNOTES:

- 1. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-4.3 commentary.
- 2. ABA Model Code of Professional Responsibility EC 2-30; <u>accord</u>, ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 1.3 comment. "A lawyer's workload should be controlled so that each matter can be handled adequately."
- 3. ABA Model Code of Professional Responsibility, DR 6-101(A)(2).
- 4. <u>ABA Standards</u>, The Defense Function, Standard 4-1.2(d).
- 5. ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 1.7(b). The comment to that Rule says that "a lawyer's need for income should not lead the lawyer to undertake matters that cannot be handled competently." See also NLADA, Performance Guidelines for Criminal Defense Representation (Draft Guideline 1.3 (a)).

6. In determining maximum effective workloads for its staff attorneys, the District of Columbia Public Defender Service considers the following factors: quality of representation, speed of turnover of cases, percentage of cases tried, extent of support services available to staff attorneys, court procedures, and other activities or complex litigation. An Exemplary Prospect, 1 Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. 13-14 (1974).

<u>See NLADA</u>, National Study Commission on Defense Services, <u>Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems</u>, 5.1-5.3; NLADA <u>Standards for Defender Services</u>. IV.1; National Advisory Commission, <u>Court 13.12</u>. These standards all acknowledge the need to determine acceptable workloads, and all acknowledge within the standards themselves or in commentary the myriad factors that must be considered in weighing workload. Only the National Advisory Commission sets forth suggested numerical maximums for caseloads; those numbers are provided with the caveat "that particular local conditions -- such as travel time -- may mean that lower limits are essential." The NAC standard does not address death penalty workloads.

### GUIDELINE 7.1 MONITORING; REMOVAL

- A. The appointing authority should monitor the performance of assigned counsel to ensure that the client is receiving quality representation. Where there is compelling evidence that an attorney has inexcusably ignored basic responsibilities of an effective lawyer, resulting in prejudice to the client's case, the attorney should not receive additional appointments. Where there is compelling evidence that an unalterable systemic defect in a defender office has caused a default in the basic responsibilities of an effective lawyer, resulting in prejudice to a client's case, the office should not receive additional appointments. The appointing authority shall establish a procedure which gives written notice to counsel or a defender office whose removal is being sought, and an opportunity for counsel or the defender office to respond in writing.
- B. In fulfilling its monitoring function, however, the appointing authority should not attempt to interfere with the conduct of particular cases. Representation of an accused establishes an inviolable attorney-client relationship. In the context of a particular case, removal of counsel from representation should not occur over the objection of the client.
- C. No attorney or defeater office should he readmitted to the appointment roster after removal under (a) above unless such removal is shown to have been erroneous or it is established by clear and convincing evidence that the cause of the failure to meet basic responsibilities has been identified and corrected.

#### Commentary:

Consistent with its duty to ensure that quality legal assistance is afforded to indigent capital defendants, the appointing authority should make an effort to monitor the performance of assigned counsel, including defender offices. "Admittedly, this is not an easy task and there obviously are difficulties present in having third parties scrutinize the judgments of private counsel. On the other hand, the difficulty of the task should not be an excuse to do nothing". 1

While the appointing authority, at a minimum, should investigate and keep track of any complaints made against assigned counsel by judges, clients and other attorneys, 2 an effective attorney-monitoring program in the

context of life and death matters should go considerably beyond these activities. The professional performance of each assigned lawyer should be subject to systematic review based upon publicized standards (see section 11) and procedures. Removal of an attorney's name from the list of attorneys eligible to receive appointments should not occur simply because members of the committee on appointments might have represented the client differently had they been assigned to the case. Rather, this Guideline adopts the position that counsel should be removed from the roster of eligible attorneys where, in the context of a particular case, counsel's inexcusable dereliction of duty has resulted in prejudice to the client's case. This test for removal is consistent with Guideline 5.1 which precludes assignments to experientially qualified attorneys who fail to demonstrate the sufficient skill, dedication, and commitment which exemplify the quality of representation appropriate to capital cases. 3

In fulfilling its monitoring function, the appointing authority should not assume the task of overseeing the content of assigned counsel's work. 4 In order to preserve the nature of the attorney-client relationship, counsel for the accused must have total freedom to represent their clients as they deem professionally appropriate. Clients, moreover, should have the right to continue satisfactory relationships with their appointed lawyers in whom they have reposed their confidence and trust. Removal of counsel from representation therefore should not occur unless the client agrees to a substitute counsel. 5 Where the assigned lawyer is unable to provide affective representation due to a mental or physical impairment, 6 the Court may be forced to intervene, on its own motion or at the request of the client (in propria persona or through the appointing authority). In such cases, the Court's sole objective must be to protect the interests of the client.

Where cases are assigned to a defender office rather than an individual attorney, the appointing authority is not excused from the monitoring function. Procedures should be established for preventing a recurrence of any noted dereliction of duty. If the defender office administration is acting as the appointing authority or is permitted by the appointing authority to designate individual attorneys within the office as counsel for the death penalty cases assigned to the office, the individual attorneys within the office should be subject to removal from eligibility just as private attorneys are.

Where a dereliction of duty is noted following the appointment of a defender office, the appointing authority may act in ways short of removing the office as a whole from the appointment roster, if other steps are taken to ensure that there is no recurrence of the problem. If an office policy, the office workload, or other systemic problem has led to a dereliction of duty and is not corrected, the appointing authority should remove the office from the appointment roster.

Because of the unique and irrevocable nature of the death penalty, counsel who has been removed from the appointment roster should be readmitted only upon exceptional assurances that no further dereliction of duty will occur. Readmission to the roster should not be granted until the appointing authority determines that removal from the roster was improper, or determines by clear and convincing evidence that the cause of the dereliction of duty which led to the removal has bean identified and corrected. Readmission may be conditioned on specific actions (e.g., proof of reduction in workload, proof of additional training and/or experience, substance abuse counseling, or correction of systemic defects in an office).

## FOOTNOTES:

- 1. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.2 commentary
- 2. See Id.
- 3. The standard for denying additional appointments to death penalty lawyers should be more stringent than the standard for denying additional appointments in non-capital cases. The standard in non-capital criminal cases is that "where there is compelling evidence that an attorney <u>consistently</u> has ignored basic responsibilities . . . additional appointments to the panel member ought not be made by the assigned-counsel program." <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.2 commentary (emphasis added).

As has been made plain throughout these Guidelines, the incompetent representation of capital defendants may have irrevocable life-or-death consequences. Accordingly, the appointing authority should not wait for an attorney to "consistently ignore basic responsibilities" or otherwise display a pattern of incompetence before denying additional appointments to that attorney.

- 4. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, 5-1.3 commentary; <u>see also ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, 5-5.3 and commentary.
- 5. Id. 5-5.3.
- 6. It cannot always be safely assumed that counsel who has been determined to be qualified based on past performance will represent current or future clients satisfactorily. Circumstances can change. For example, the attorney may begin suffering from illness, chemical dependency or other handicap unknown to the appointing authority, the court or the client. A Georgia man was executed despite the postconviction discovery that his trial counsel, who had failed to offer important mitigating evidence at the penalty phase, had been on drugs during the trial. Tabak, The Death of Fairness: The Arbitrary and Capricious Imposition of the Death Penalty, XIV N.Y.U. Rev. L & Soc. Change 797, 841 (1986), discussing Young v. Kemp 758 F.2d 514 (11th Cir. 1985).

# **GUIDELINE 8.1 SUPPORTING SERVICES**

The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should provide counsel appointed pursuant to these Guidelines with investigative, expert, and other services necessary to prepare and present an adequate defense. These should include not only those services and facilities needed for an effective defense at trial, but also those that are required for effective defense representation at every stage of the proceedings, including the sentencing phase.

### Commentary:

In a capital case reaffirming that fundamental fairness entitles indigent defendants to the "basic tools of an adequate defense," the United States Supreme Court stated that:

We recognized long ago that mere access to the courthouse doors does not by itself assure a proper functioning of the adversary process, and that a criminal trial is fundamentally unfair if the State proceeds against an indigent defendant without making certain that he has access to the raw materials integral to the building of an effective defense. **1** 

The Court reiterates the proposition adopted by other national standards on defense services 2 that quality representation cannot be rendered by assigned counsel unless the lawyers have available for their use adequate supporting services. These services include:

...expert witnesses capable of testifying at trial and at other proceedings, personnel skilled in social work and related disciplines to provide assistance at pretrial release hearings and at sentencings, and trained investigators to interview witnesses and to assemble demonstrative evidence. 3

As set out in the following Guidelines and/or commentary -- 1.1, 11.4.1, 11.5.1, 11.7.2 and 11.8, experts and other supporting services are frequently vital in capital cases.

Counsel assigned to represent defendants in capital cases must engage in ongoing research in order to keep abreast of the rapidly changing legal developments in the complex body of law surrounding death penalty issues. In order to make use of sophisticated jury selection techniques (discussed in commentaries to Guidelines 1.1 and 11.7.2),

for example, the defense requires access to social scientists and other experts who can assist in voir dire questioning and the profiling of prospective jurors. Since pretrial investigation and preparation are fundamental to attorney competence at trial. 4 (Guideline 11.4.1 and accompanying commentary), assigned counsel requires the services of trial assistants such as investigators to gather evidence and witnesses favorable to the client and to enable counsel to intelligently assess conflicting options. An adequate defense also requires the services of expert witnesses to testify on behalf of the client and to prepare defense counsel to effectively cross-examine the state's experts. 5 Additionally, counsel in a capital case is obligated to conduct a thorough investigation of the defendant's life history and background and, if it is in the best interest of the client, to present mitigating evidence uncovered during the course of that investigation at the penalty phase of the trial (Guideline 11.8.6). Counsel, whether practicing privately or within a defender office, cannot adequately perform these and other crucial penalty phase tasks without the assistance of investigators and other assistants.

It is critical, therefore, for each jurisdiction to authorize sufficient funds to enable counsel in capital cases to conduct a thorough investigation for trial, sentencing, appeal and postconviction and to procure the necessary expert witnesses and documentary evidence. 6 Assigned attorneys involved in capital cases are typically provided with few, if any, resources to fund this aspect of case preparation. 7 According to one source, the funds which states and counties provide for defense counsel are far below the amounts that would be needed even if capital trials had only one phase. 8 Furthermore, funds available to appointed defense counsel are <u>substantially</u> below those available to the prosecution. 9 This inequity is unconscionable.

### FOOTNOTES;

- 1. <u>Ake v. Oklahoma</u>, 470 U.S. 68; 105 S. Ct. 1087, 84 L. Ed. 2d 53 (1985).
- 2. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, 5-1.4; National Advisory Commission, Courts, 13.14; NLADA, National Study Commission on Defense Services, Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems, 3.1, 3.4; NLADA, Standards for Defender Services 4.3. See also ABA Standards The Defense Function, Standard 4-4.1, 4-8.1.

- 3. <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.4 commentary.
- 4. Goodpaster, <u>Effective Assistance of Counsel in Capital Cases</u>, 58 N.Y.U. L. Rev. 299, 344-5 (1983).
- 5. <u>See Dept. of Public Advocacy, KENTUCKY PUBLIC ADVOCATE DEATH PENALTY MANUAL</u>. Chapter XI, "Using Psychological Evidence in a Capital Case" (1983); Indiana Public Defender Council, <u>INDIANA DEATH PENALTY DEFENSE MANUAL</u>, Vol. 111, p. 10.5-2 through 10.5-3 (1985).
- 6. <u>See ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.4 commentary.
- 7. Goodpaster, <u>Effective Assistance of Counsel</u>, <u>supra</u> note 4, at 356; <u>see also Tabak</u>, <u>The Death of Fairness: The Arbitrary and Capricious Imposition of the Death Penalty in the 1980's</u>, XIV N.Y.U. Rev. L. & Soc. Change 797, 801 (1986) (defense counsel are not generally provided sufficient funds or staff to conduct investigations).
- 8. Tabak, <u>The Death of Fairness</u>, supra, note 7, at 804.
- 9. <u>See e.g.</u> Comment, <u>The Cost of Taking a Life: Dollars and Sense of the Death Penalty</u>, 18 U.C. Davis L. Rev. 1221, 1254 fn. 158 (1985).

#### **GUIDELINE 9.1 TRAINING**

Attorneys seeking eligibility to receive appointments pursuant to these Guidelines should have completed the training requirements specified in Guideline 5.1. Attorneys seeking to remain on the roster of attorneys from which assignments are made should continue, on a periodic basis, to attend and successfully complete training or educational programs which focus on advocacy in death penalty cases. The legal representation plan for each jurisdiction should include sufficient funding to enable adequate and frequent training programs to be conducted for counsel in capital cases and counsel who wish to be placed on the roster.

# **Commentary**:

Criminal law in general is a complex and difficult legal area. The skills involved in death penalty litigation are even more highly specialized and must be carefully developed. Moreover, the consequences of mistakes by defense counsel in capital cases may be irrevocable, including wrongful conviction and the loss of life. 1 It is critical that each jurisdiction ensure that comprehensive training programs which focus on advocacy in capital cases be regularly offered to attorneys (including private counsel and defender office staff) who are eligible to receive appointments pursuant to these Guidelines or who are seeking to become eligible. 2 Many jurisdictions are not now providing the necessary training for local counsel. 3

In addition to training within the jurisdiction, counsel's attendance at regional and national training programs should also be encouraged, if not required. 4 In recent years, intensive training for lawyers involved in capital cases has been provided by several different groups. 5

This Guideline assumes that counsel seeking to maintain eligibility for appointment in death penalty cases will also work to hone general criminal defense skills by attending seminars on other aspects of criminal law and procedure.

# FOOTNOTES:

1. McNally, Death is Different: Your Approach to a Capital Case Must be Different Too, The Champion (March 1984) p. 10, reprinted in California Attorneys for Criminal Justice & California Public Defenders Association, CALIFORNIA DEATH PENALTY DEFENSE MANUAL. Vol. 1, p. A-29, A-30 (1986).

- 2. See <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-1.4 and commentary.
- 3. Supreme Court Justice Thurgood Marshall recently urged bar associations to establish additional training programs for death penalty lawyers. See Marshall, Remarks on the Death Penalty Made at the Judicial Conference of the Second Circuit 86 Columbia L. Rev. 1 (1986).
- 4. Without specifying the location of training, the standards approved by the Indiana State Bar Association's Board of Managers and House of Delegates require attendance prior to trial at a "death penalty seminar." Res Gestae magazine (January 1985) p. 373.
- 5. <u>E.g.</u>, NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc.; the California Public Defenders Association and California Attorneys For Criminal Justice; the Kentucky Department of Public Advocacy; and the Southern Poverty Law Center.

### GUIDELINE 10.1 COMPENSATION

- A. Capital counsel should be compensated for actual time and service performed. The objective should be to provide a reasonable rate of hourly compensation which is commensurate with the provision of effective assistance of counsel and which reflects the extraordinary responsibilities inherent in death penalty litigation.
- B. Capital counsel should also be fully reimbursed for reasonable incidental expenses.
- C. Periodic billing and payment during the course of counsel's representation should be provided for in the representation plan.

#### Commentary:

This Guideline is rooted in the constitutional obligation of government to provide effective representation for poor people charged with crimes. I In order to fulfill that obligation, government is required to adequately compensate court-appointed counsel for the representation they provide. As the Florida Supreme Court has noted, the defendant's right to effective representation is "inextricably interlinked" with the attorney's right to fair compensation. 2

Low fees make it economically unattractive for competent attorneys to seek assignments and to expend the time and effort a case may require. As of 1985, Virginia was paying defense lawyers in capital cases an average of \$687.00 per case -- an amount representing an hourly wage of \$1.00 in some cases. 3 Such token compensation is plainly insufficient to cover even overhead expenses of an attorney assigned to a capital case, much less to adequately reimburse the attorney for his or her time and skill. Florida's compensation scheme (permitting a maximum payment of \$3,500.00 per case as of 1985), while somewhat higher than Virginia's, must still be described as inadequate since there have been instances where the effective rate counsel received was close to the Federal minimum wage. 4 These are but two examples of drastic underfunding of capital representation.

In such situations, the temptation is too great for a lawyer to shortchange the client because he or she is not adequately being compensated for his or her time. For example, a study conducted by the National Legal Aid & Defender Association documents that in 1985, 36% of the

assigned counsel in Massachusetts who responded to a survey on the issue admitted they omitted some appropriate defense activity because of inadequate compensation. 5 Specific types of activities omitted included: interviewing the client; a full investigation of the facts; interviewing witnesses or the police; filing pretrial motions; and adequate research of the law. 6 Omissions of such critical activities, shocking in any case, would be unconscionable in cases involving defendants who face the prospect of death. For this reason alone, counsel in capital cases ought to receive adequate reimbursement for their services.

Unreasonably low fees not only deny the defendant the right to effective representation, however. They also place an unfair burden on skilled criminal defense lawyers, especially those skilled in the highly specialized capital area. These attorneys are forced to work for next to nothing after assuming the responsibility of representing someone who faces a possible sentence of death. Failure to provide appropriate compensation discourages experienced criminal defense practitioners from accepting assignments in capital cases (which require counsel to expend substantial amounts of time and effort). 7

This Guideline provides for "reasonable" compensation, which should be distinguished from "token" compensation. In the words of one court: "The statute (imposing a fee cap upon attorney compensation in capital cases) as applied to many of today's cases, provides for only token compensation. The availability of effective counsel is therefore called into question in those cases when it is needed most." 8 The court concluded that attorney fees which are set at "confiscatory rates" in capital cases impermissibly interfere with the Sixth Amendment right to counsel. 9

Some courts have argued that criminal defense lawyers have a <u>pro bono</u> obligation to provide free (or almost free, where fees are low) services to poor defendants. **10** This argument ignores the government's responsibility to provide effective, adequately funded representation in these cases. **11** Furthermore, prosecutors and judges are not required or asked to work for nothing or next to nothing. It is unconscionable to impose such a burden on defense lawyers: **12** 

No citizen can be expected to perform civilian services for the government when to do so is clearly confiscatory of his time, energy and skills, his

public service is inadequately compensated and his industry is unrewarded...I do not believe that good public conscience approves such shoddy, tawdry treatment of an attorney called upon by the courts to represent an indigent defendant in a capital case. 13 (Emphasis added).

It should be the responsibility of each jurisdiction to develop flexible standards for compensation which take into consideration the number of hours expended plus the effort, efficiency, and skill of capital counsel. **14** Among the criteria might be the role and experience of the attorney; less experienced co-counsel might be compensated at a lower rate than lead defense attorneys. **15** See Guidelines 4.1 and 5.1. Flat payment rates or arbitrary ceilings should be discouraged since they impact adversely upon vigorous defense. **16** Rather, assigned counsel should be provided a rate of hourly compensation which reflects the extraordinary responsibilities and commitment required of counsel in death penalty cases. It is also important that the compensation plan provide for extra payments to counsel when representation is provided in unusually protracted or extraordinary cases. **17** 

Periodic billing and payment -- for example, monthly -- should be available to avoid hardship to sole practitioners, small firms and any other appointed counsel. **18** As the commentary to Guideline 1.1 and the Guidelines in section 11 make clear, extensive preparation and long hours characterize capital representation. Office overhead, the need for reimbursement for expenses incurred, and for compensation for time already worked do not stop during a capital case. Financial hardship imposed by a long delay before payment for time worked and expenses incurred may impact adversely upon counsel's ability to provide quality representation.

This Guideline acknowledges the strong tension which exists between the public treasury and the obligation to fund the often high cost of providing defense in capital cases, but asserts that the obligation to provide adequate and effective representation cannot be ignored or diminished. In order to safeguard the defendant's right to effective representation, "it is our duty to firmly and unhesitatingly resolve any conflicts between the treasury and the fundamental constitutional rights in favor of the latter." **19** 

# **FOOTNOTES**:

- 1. <u>See Gideon v. Wainwright</u>, 372 U.S. 335; 83 S. Ct. 792; 9 L. Ed. 2d 799 (1963); <u>Powell v.</u> Alabama, 287 U.S. 45; 53 S. Ct. 55; 77 L. Ed. 158 (1932).
- 2. <u>Makemson v. Martin County</u>, 491 So. 2d 1109, 1112 (Fla. 1986), <u>cert. denied</u> \_\_U.S.\_\_; 107 S. Ct. 908: 93 L. Ed. 2d 857 (1987).
- 3. Tabak, <u>The Death of Fairness: The Arbitrary and Capricious Imposition of the Death Penalty in the 1980's</u>, XIV N.Y.U. Rev. L. & Soc. Change, 797, 801 (1986).
- 4. Id. at 802.
- 5. NLADA, Statewide Evaluation of the Massachusetts Bar Advocate Program (1986), at 33
- 6. Id. at 34.
- 7. The substantial amount of time required for postconviction representation alone is documented in American Bar Association Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Time & Expense Analysis in Postconviction Death Penalty Cases (February 1987) p. 9.</u>
- 8. <u>Makemson v. Martin County</u>, supra, note 2.
- 9. Id. at p. 1115.
- 10. <u>See e.g., State ex rel. Wolff v. Ruddy</u>, 617 S.W.2d 64 (Mo. 1981); <u>People v. Harflinger</u>, 359 N.E.2d 861 (111. 1977).
- 11. <u>See</u> cases cited <u>supra</u> note 1. The ABA has rejected the view that lawyers are required to provide <u>pro bono</u> legal services in criminal cases. <u>See ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.4 commentary.
- 12. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.4 commentary.
- 13. <u>MacKensie v. Hillsborough County</u>, 288 So. 2d 200, 202 (Fla. 1973)(dissenting opinion), quoted in Makemson v. Martin County, supra note 2, at p. 1114. <u>See also. DeLisio v. Alaska Superior Court</u>, 740 P.2d 437 (Alaska 1987).

- 14. ABA Standards, Providing Defense Services, Standard 5-2.4 commentary.
- 15. <u>Id</u>.
- 16. <u>Id</u>.
- 17. <u>See Makemson v. Martin County, supra</u> note 2.
- 18. <u>See</u> American Bar Association Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, Bar Information Program (Prepared by The Spangenberg Group), <u>Caseload and Cost. 1:</u> projections for Federal Habeas Corpus Death Penalty Cases in FY 1988 and FY 1989 (Sept. 1987) p. 74
- 19. See Makemson v. Martin County, supra, note 2.

# **GUIDELINE 11.1 ESTABLISHMENT OF PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

- A. The appointing authority should establish standards of performance for counsel appointed in death penalty cases.
- B. The standards of performance should include, but should not be limited to, the specific standards set out in Guidelines 11. 3 through 11. 9.
- C. The appointing authority should refer to the standards of performance when assessing the qualification of attorneys seeking to be placed on the roster from which appointments in death penalty cases are to be made (Guideline 4.1) and in monitoring the performance of attorneys to determine their continuing eligibility to remain on the roster (Guideline 7.1).

# **Commentary**:

As set out in Guideline 5.1 and accompanying commentary, the appointing authority must determine whether attorneys seeking eligibility for appointment in death penalty cases have demonstrated the quality of representation appropriate to those cases. Written standards of attorney performance are intended to assist the appointing authority in making that determination, and to assist counsel in achieving and maintaining eligibility. The specific performance standards of this section address in addition to areas common to all criminal defense representation, those areas of representation in which death penalty cases differ from other types of criminal cases, as discussed in the Commentary to Guideline 1.1. These standards, which are enacted as minimal levels of performance in death penalty cases, are, where relevant, equally applicable to all areas of criminal practice.

Standards relating to attorney functions common to both capital and non-capital cases should also be included in the standards established by the appointing authority, with the understanding that in capital cases the level of adherence to such standards must be higher (see Guideline 11.2).

# GUIDELINE 11.2 MINIMUM STANDARDS NOT SUFFICIENT

- A. Minimum standards that have been promulgated concerning representation of defendants in criminal cases generally, and the level of adherence to such standards required for non-capital cases, should not be adopted as sufficient for death penalty cases.
- B. Counsel in death penalty cases should be required to perform at the level of an attorney reasonably skilled in the specialized practice of capital representation, zealously committed to the capital case, who has had adequate time and resources for preparation.

### Commentary:

"Death is different", 1 and all rules established for the protection of the capital defendant should be strictly enforced. The defense of death penalty cases is an evolving practice and counsel should refer to state and federal death penalty training and practice manuals for preparation and trial of death penalty cases. When the courts are not likely to provide the proper enforcement of the rules sua sponte, attorneys must seek to enforce the rules, or their clients will die. The minimal level of attorney competence that may be accepted as sufficient in some jurisdictions in non-capital cases can be fatally inadequate in death penalty cases. For example, attorney ignorance or oversight will not constitute cause for failure to meet the exhaustion requirements of federal habeas corpus, unless the attorney's failures have been so egregious as to meet the current standard of constitutionally ineffective assistance of counsel. 2 Under this rule, otherwise reversible error will be ignored by the court; the capital client, rather than serving an improperly imposed but unreviewable prison term because of counsel's error, will die. To ensure that indigent defendants will not die for, and their attorneys will not have to live with, such error, the standards of performance established by the appointing authority under Guideline 11.1 should include requirements that all aspects of representation be intensified in a capital case. 3

Some national standards have been established concerning certain aspects of general representation of criminal defendants. **4** A set of complete standards is in the draft stage. **5** The appointing authority may wish to refer to existing standards when establishing the standards of performance for representation in death

penalty cases, but should not limit itself thereto. The standards to be established by the appointing authority should be <u>defense</u> standards, not minimum standards which the prosecution or even the courts might be willing to accept. **6** 

Establishment of standards is intended to assist the appointing authority and counsel seeking to establish and maintain eligibility. Compliance with such standards is not intended to be used as the sole criteria for assessing questions of effective assistance of counsel in a particular case. 7

The education, training and experience necessary for counsel to represent a capital client are inherent in the eligibility requirements of Guideline 5.1 and are not repeated in this section. For general standards regarding education, training and experience of criminal defense counsel, see NLADA, <u>Performance Guidelines for Criminal Defense Representation</u>, Draft Guideline 1.2. Other general standards contained in those Guidelines which may be relevant for consideration include:

Role of Defense Counsel (Draft Guideline 1.1) General Duties of Defense Counsel (Draft Guideline 1.3) Preliminary Proceedings (Draft Guidelines 3.1 through 3.3) Discovery (Draft Guideline 4.2) Opening Statement (Draft Guideline 7.3) Confronting the Prosecutor's Case (Draft Guideline 7.4) Closing Argument (Draft Guideline 7.6) Jury Instructions (Draft Guideline 7.7).

#### FOOTNOTES:

- 1 <u>See e.g. Gardner v. Florida</u>, 430 U.S. 349, 357-358; 97 S. Ct. 1197, 1204; 51 L. Ed. 2d 393, 402 (1977) (plurality opinion).
- 2. Current minimum standards, according to capital attorney David Bruck, have been met if a mirror held under counsel's nose clouds up, For U.S. Death-Row Inmates, a Lawyer Often Isn't Enough. . ., Los Angeles Daily Journal, 9/30/86. (Discussing the test for effective assistance of counsel set out in Strickland v. Washington, 466 U.S. 668; 104 S. Ct. 2052; 80 L.Ed. 2d 674 (1984)). See also, Tabak, The Death of Fairness: The Arbitrary and Capricious Imposition of the Death Penalty in the 1980s, XIV N.Y.U. Rev. L. a Soc. Change 797, 805-807 (1986).

Murray v. Carrier, 477 U.S.\_\_; 106 S. Ct. 2639; 91 L.Ed. 2d 397 (1986) holds that ignorance or oversight of attorney does not equal "cause" unless external factors such as interference by government officials intervened in the defense, or unless counsel's representation amounted to constitutionally ineffective assistance.

- 3. The appointing authority should not limit itself to the view of those courts which state that while death is different, the same legal principles govern ineffective assistance of counsel claims in capital and non-capital cases, see e.g., Stanley v. Zant, 697 F.2d 955, 962-963 (11th Cir. 1983). The standards established by the appointing authority should clearly state that more is expected of capital counsel. Review by the appointing authority should likewise be intensified, compared to the scrutiny that might be given under a system to appoint counsel in non-capital cases. The instant Guidelines follow the logic of at least one court which recognized that courts "must strictly scrutinize counsel's conduct" in death penalty cases, Voyles v. Watkins, 489 F. Supp. 901, 910 (N.D. Miss. 1980), cited in Blake v. Zant, 513 F. Supp. 772 (S.D. Ga. 1981); contra. Washington v. Watkins, 655 F.2d 1346, 1356-1357 (5th Cir. 1981).
- 4. <u>ABA Standards</u>, The Defense Function; <u>ABA Standards</u>, Providing Defense Services; NLADA, <u>Guidelines for Defender Services</u>; National Study Commission on Defense Services, <u>Guidelines for Legal Defense Systems in the United States</u>.
- 5. NLADA Grant Award from the Bar Information Program of the ABA Standing Committee on Legal Aid and Indigent Defendants, August 22, 1985.
- 6. As noted above, some courts have held that the standard for ineffective assistance of counsel is not different in capital than in non-capital cases, <u>Washington v. Watkins</u>. 655 F.2d 1346, 1356-1357 (5th Cir. 1981).
- 7. For an example of standards for defense counsel that are intended for use in determining eligibility but not as the sole basis for examining claims of ineffective assistance of counsel, see Rule 65, <u>Qualifications for Eligibility to be Court-Appointed Counsel for Indigent Capital Defendant in the Courts of Ohio</u>, adopted by the Supreme Court of Ohio October 14, 1987, Subcommittee Comments to section 1.

## GUIDELINE 11.3 DETERMINING THAT DEATH PENALTY IS BEING SOUGHT

Counsel appointed in any case in which the death penalty is a possible punishment should, even if the prosecutor has not indicated that the death penalty will be sought, begin preparation for the case as one in which the death penalty will he sought while applying strategies to have the case designated by the prosecution as a non-capital one.

### **Commentary:**

Jurisdictions may vary in how and when the prosecutor makes the determination of whether to request the death penalty. Jurisdictions vary significantly as to when the defense must be notified of the specific aggravating factors upon which the prosecution will rely in seeking the death penalty. 1 If there is any possibility that the death penalty will be sought, counsel should proceed as if it will be sought. As is set out in Guideline 11.4, early investigation is a necessity, and should not be put off on some possibility that the death penalty will not be requested, or that the request will be dropped at a later point. 2

If required notice has not been given, counsel is "under no duty to invite a death penalty prosecution." **3** While preparing for a capital case when notice has not been given, counsel should also prepare to challenge at the sentencing phase any prosecution efforts that should be barred for failure to give notice. **4** 

# FOOTNOTES:

A list of cases from jurisdictions requiring specific aggravating factors to be disclosed prior to the guilt/innocence trial and from Jurisdictions with no such requirement is found in Williams v. State, 445 So. 2d 798, 804-85 (Miss. 1984) cert. den. Sub nom Williams v. Mississippi, 469 U.S. 1117; 105 S. Ct. 803; 83 L. Ed. 2d 795 (1985). One of the cases cited is Sireci v. State, 399 So. 24 964 (Fla. 1981). In rejecting the defendant's claim that aggravating circumstances had to be listed in the indictment, the court said that "when one is charged with murder in the first degree, he is well aware of the fact that it is a capital felony punishable by a maximum sentence of death...," 399 So. 2d at 970. Sireci has been cited in a later decision precluding the trial court from